Handbook of Paper and Pulp Chemicals

Compiled by Michael and Irene Ash

Synapse Information Resources

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Preface

Paper and pulp processing and additive chemicals represent a \$10 billion a year global industry. These chemicals are an integral part of the total papermaking process from pulp slurry, through sheet formation, to effluent disposal. Environmental concerns, increased use of recycled waste paper as a replacement for virgin pulp, changes in bleaching and pulping processes, increased efficiency requirements for the papermaking process have greatly impacted the paper and pulp chemical additive market.

The *Handbook of Paper and Pulp Chemicals* is designed to function as a selection tool for papermaking additives at all points of the process. It centralizes information on currently available chemicals from the major manufacturers of these products by profiling both trade name and generic chemicals, detailing their properties, uses, use levels, regulatory status, toxicology, sources for purchase, etc.

This Handbook includes information on process additives that improve the operation of the paper machine (retention and drainage aids, biocides, dispersants, and defoamers); functional additives that improve the properties of the paper product (fillers, sizing agents, colorants and dyes, optical brighteners, and wet-strength and dry-strength additives), and effluent mitigating chemicals (sludge conditioners and wastewater antifoamers/defoamers).

This reference is organized so that the reader can access the information on paper chemicals based on the trade name, chemical composition, function and application area, manufacturer, CAS number, and EINECS/ ELINCS number. It is divided into four parts and includes four important Appendixes:

Part I

Trade Name Reference provides an alphabetical listing of almost 6000 trade name chemicals and materials that are used as part of the paper-making process. Each entry includes the manufacturer's name; chemical/material description; its detailed functions and applications in all aspects of industry; physical properties, such as form, molecular weight, density, solubility, boiling point, cloud point, flash point, pH, freezing point, activity; toxicology, storage, precautions, etc.

Part II

Chemical Component Cross-Reference covers more than 2000 chemicals and materials that are contained in the trade name products profiled in Part I or generic chemicals that are not linked to trade names but are used in papermaking. Each entry contains information including the following: CAS (Chemical Abstract Service), EINECS/ELINCS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/Euro-

pean List of Notified Chemical Substances), and UN/DOT reference numbers, classification, definition, chemical synonyms, empirical and molecular formulas, properties, toxicology, precautions, storage, uses, use level, regulatory details, manufacturers and distributors. All chemical/material synonyms are cross-referenced back to the main entry. These entries are followed by a listing of the trade name products that are either equivalent to the monograph entry or contain it as one or more of its ingredients.

Part III

Functional/Application Index is a powerful tool for locating the trade names and chemicals based on their function and/or industrial application area. By searching for key functional words such as dye, optical brightener, sizing agent, deposit control agent, water repellant, combined with a specific application area, such as coatings, furnishes, paper mill effluents, etc., the user is directed to the trade names and/or chemicals that have that specific functional/application attribute. The generic component names are distinguished from the trade names by italic type.

Part IV

Manufacturers Directory contains detailed contact information for the more than 2400 worldwide manufacturers and their branches of trade name products and chemical components that are referenced in this handbook. Wherever possible, telephone, fax, toll-free numbers, e-mail and Internet addresses, and complete mailing addresses are included for each manufacturer.

Appendixes

CAS Number Index contains CAS number entries followed by a listing of their trade name product and chemical equivalents in alphabetical order. The chemical name is in boldfaced type.

EINECS/ELINCS Number Index contains EINECS/ELINCS number entries followed by a listing of its trade name product and generic chemical equivalents in alphabetical order. The chemical name is in boldfaced type.

FDA Regulatory Number Index contains specific CFR section numbers followed by the list of trade names and chemicals/materials that have been approved as indirect food additives for paper and paperboard components.

Glossary contains definitions of terminology associated with paper and pulp additives and processing.

We are confident that those involved in any aspect of the paper and pulp industries will find this compendium an important addition to their reference library We are also pleased to provide this reference as an electronic product.

This reference is the culmination of many years of research, investigation of product sources acquired through personal contacts and correspondences with major chemical manufacturers worldwide, as well as toxicological databases, chemical reference books, trade magazines and journals. We would especially like to express our gratitude to Roberta Dakan for her contribution to standardizing the entry format and managing the trade name and chemical database that represents the basis of this and future chemical references. Her untiring efforts have been instrumental in the production of this source book.

M. & I. Ash

NOTE:

The information contained in this reference is accurate to the best of our knowledge; however, no liability will be assumed by the publisher or the authors for the correctness or comprehensiveness of such information. The determination of the suitability of these products for prospective use is the responsibility of the user. It is herewith recommended that those who plan to use any of the products referenced seek the manufacturers instructions for the handling of that chemical.

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Abbreviations

ABS	acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene	brnsh.	brownish
abs.	absolute	BS	British Standards
absorp.	absorption	B/S	butadiene/styrene
ACGİH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial	BSI	British Standards Institute
	Hvaienists	BSS	British Standard Sieve
ACN	acrylonitrile	BSW	brown stock washer
act.	active	Btu	British thermal unit
ADI	acceptable daily intake (FAO/WHO)	B.U.	Brabender units (viscosity)
ADR	adverse drug reactions	byprod.	byproduct(s)
adsorp	adsorption	C	degrees Centigrade
agric	arricultural	ČAA	Clean Air Act
agrichem	agrichemical(s)	CAB	
agrochem	agrochemical	calcd	calculated
a i	active ingredient	can	canillary
	alkyl kotono dimor		Chemical Abstracts Service
alc	alcohol		closed cun
Am Amor	American	00 CC	cubic continuator(c)
AIII., AIIIEI.	Amendan		cubic certaineer (5)
dillis.	announis		calibuli leli aci ilui lue
annyu.	dilliyuluus American National Standarda Instituta		completely denatured clockel
ANSI			completely denatured alconol
AUX	adsorbable organic nalogen	UEL OF DI	
AP	aikyi phenoi	CEPI	Confederation of European Paper Industries
APE	alkyl phenol ethoxylate	CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response,
APHA	American Public Health Association		Compensation, & Liability Act (U.S.)
applic(s).	application(s)	CFC	chlorofluorocarbon
aq.	aqueous	cfm	cubic feet per minute
ASA	acrylic-styrene-acrylonitrile; alkenyl succinic	CFR	Code of Federal Regulations (U.S.)
	anhydride	CGW	chemi ground wood
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials	ch.	Chapter
ATH	alumina trihydrate	char.	characteristic, characterized
atm	atmosphere	chel.	chelation
at.wt.	atomic weight	chem(s).	chemical(s)
autoignit.	autoignition	CI	Color Index
aux.	auxiliary	CIIR	chlorobutyl rubber
avail.	available	CIR	Cosmetic Ingredient Review
avg.	average	cks	centistoke(s)
a.w.	atomic weight	cl	clear
BATF	Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms (U.S.)	CL	ceiling concentration
BDG	butyl dialycol	cm	centimeter(s)
BGA	Federal Republic of Germany Health Dept.	cm ³	cubic centimeter(s)
	certification	CMC	carboxymethylcellulose
BHA	hutvlated hydroxyanisole	CMC	critical Micelle concentration
BHT	hutvlated hydroxytoluene	cmp	capillary melting point
biochem	hiochemical	CNS	central nervous system
hindea	hiodegradable	0.0	carbon monoxide
BKP	bleached kraft nuln	000	Cleveland Open Cup
blda	huilding	COD	chemical oxygen demand
hlk	black	coeff	coefficient
BMC	hulk molding compound	COF	coefficient of friction
	biochemical oxygen demand	comnat	compatible
RD	British Dharmaconoia	compd(s)	compound(s)
hn	boiling point	computs).	composition
BD	hutadiono rubbers, polybutadionos	conc(s)	concentrated concentration
R.D	Rall & Dina	conduct	Conductive conductivity
ban hr hrn	brown	const	constant
μι., μΠ.	DIOWII	CONSI.	CONSIGNE

contg.	containing	elec.	electrical
cosolv.	cosolvent	ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
СР	Canadian Pharmacopeia	elong.	elongation
СРЕ	centipolse(s)	EMI	electromagnetic interference
CPPA	Canadian Puln & Paper Association	ENB	5-ethylidene-2-norhornene
CDS	centipoise(s)	EO	ethylene oxide
CPVC	chlorinated polyvinyl chloride	EP	European Pharmacopoeia
CR	chloroprene rubber, polychloroprene	EP	extreme pressure
cryst.	crystalline, crystallization	EPA	Environmental Protection Agency (U.S.)
CS cSt	centistoke(s)	EPDM	etnylene-propylene-diene rubber, etnylene-propylene
CTFΔ	Cosmetic Toiletry and Fragrance Association	FPR	ethylene-propylene rubber
ctks	centistoke(s)	EPS	expandable polystyrene
CWA	Clean Water Act	equip.	equipment
cwt	hundred weight	equiv.	equivalent
DAB	Deutsche. Arzneibuch	ESCR	environmental stress crack resistance
DAC	Deutscher Arneimittel Codex (German	ESD	electrostatic discharge
DAF	dissolved air flotation	ESU	electrostatic protection
dc	direct current	esp.	especially
D&C	Drugs & Cosmetics	EÜ	European Union
DCM	dissolved and colloidal materials	Eur.Ph.	European Pharmacopeia
DE	dextrose equivalent	EVA	ethylene vinyl acetate
DEA	diethanolamide, diethanolamine	exc.	excellent
dec.	decomposition	F FΔ	fatty acid
DFG	diethylene alvcol	FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization (United Nations)
delig.	deliguescent	FCC	Food Chemicals Codex
dens.	density	FDA	Food and Drug Administration (U.S.)
deriv(s).	derivative(s)	FD&C	Foods, Drugs, and Cosmetics
descrip.	description	FEMA	Flavor and Extract Manufacturers' Association (U.S.)
ag Di	decigram(s)	FEP	fluorinated etnylene propylene
diam	diameter	FG	food grade
dielec.	dielectric	FIFRA	Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
dil.	dilute		(U.S. EPA)
DIN	Deutsches Institut fuer Normung (German Standards	FKM	fluoroelastomer
סוס	Organization)	1 flomm	Ilula flammable flammability
disn	disnersible disnersion	flex	flexural
dissin.	dissipation	f.p.	freezina point
dist.	distilled	FR	flame retardant
distort.	distortion	FR-ABS	flame retardant ABS
distrib.	distributor	FRP	fiberglass-reinforced plastics
OK. DME	dark dimethyl formamida	F-I ∉	FISCNET-Tropscn
DMF	Drug Master Files	n. fw	formula weight
D.O.	dissolved oxygen	G	aida
DOC	dissolved organic carbon	g	gram(s)
DOM	dissolved organic matter	gal	gallon(s)
DOP	dioctyl phthalate	g/d	gram/dyne
	diphopul guapiding, dipropulana divisal		glass fiber-reinforced plastic
DPG DSR	dry solids basis	G-n	astro-intestinal
DSI	Canadian Provisional Domestic Substance list	alac.	glacial
DTUL	deflection temperature under load	GLY	glycine
DVB	divinylbenzene	GMP	good manufacturing practice
DW	distilled water, deionized water	gpd	gallons per day
	drainage, waste and vent	gpm	gallons per minute
ED, ED	European Community	ypi ar	galions per ton gravity
EC50	environmental concentration, 50%	gran.	granules, granular
ECF	elemental chlorine-free	ĞRAS	generally regarded as safe
EDTA	ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid	grn.	green
EE	epoxy equivalent	GRP	glass-reinforced plastics, glass-reinforced polyester
	European Economic Community	GVS CWP	Garaner varnish scale (color)
FFW	environmental enuocrime distrupter	owr h	ground wood paip hour(s)
e.a.	for example	HAF	high abrasion furnace carbon black
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial	HALS	hindered amine light stabilizer
	Chemical Substances	HAP's	hazardous air pollutants

HB	horizontal burning	lt.	light
HC	hydrocarbon	Ltd.	Limited
HCFC	hydrochlorofluorocarbon	LVP	low vapor pressure
HCI	hydrochloride, hydrochloric acid	LWC	light weight coated
HDPF	high-density polyethylene	Μ	mega
HDT	heat distortion (deflection) temp	M	mole
HEC	hydrofluorocarbon	m	milli
На	morcury	m	motor(s)
пу	high important web web web	 m	mete
HIPS	nign-impact polystyrene	III- (meta
HLB	hydrophilic lipophilic balance	manuf.	manufacturer
HMIS	Hazardous Material Identification System	max.	maximum
hr	hour(s)	mbar	millibar
HVAC	Heathing Ventilation and Air Conditioning	MCF	methyl chloroform
HVP	hydrolyzed vegetable protein	MCT	medium chain triglycerides
hvd.	hvdroxvl	MD	machine direction, mold direction
hydrog	hydrogenated	MFA	monoethanolamine monoethanolamide
H7	hertz	mech	mechanial
	International Agency for Posearch on Cancor (United	mod	modium
IANC	National	MEV	methyl ethyl ketone
: h n	initial bailing point	IVI E N	mentyl entyl kelone
i.p.p.		mig.	manulacture
IDLH	immediately dangerous to life and health	mg	milligram(s)
1&1	industrial and institutional	MIBK	methyl isobutyl ketone
lir	isobutylene-isoprene rubber	microcryst.	microcrystalline
IM	intramuscular	microgran.	microgranules, microgranular
immisc.	immiscible	MID	Meat Inspection Division (USDA)
in.	inch(es)	MI	Military Specifications
Inc	Incorporated	mil	¹ /th inch
inc.	increases increased	min	minute(s)
	International Nemonelature Cosmotic Ingradient	min	minoral
INCI incl	international Nomenciature Cosmetic ingredient	[[]][]. main	
	including		
incompat.	incompatible	MIPA	monoisopropanoiamine, monoisopropanoiamide
incorp.	Incorporated, incorporation	misc.	miscible, miscellaneous
indent.	indentation	MITI	Japanese Inventory of Chemical Substances (list)
ing.	ingestion	mixt(s).	mixture(s)
ingred(s).	ingredient(s)	ml	milliliter(s)
inh.	inhalation	MLD	minimum lethal dose
ini.	injection	mm	millimeter(s)
inora	inorganic	MMW-HDPF	medium molecular weight high density polyethylene
incol	insolublo	mN	millinewton(s)
Int/l	International	mo mos	month(s)
	international	IIIU, IIIUS	moderately
		mou.	moderatery
IPA	isopropyi alconol	moa.	modulus
IPM	isopropyl myristate	monoci.	monoclinic
IPP	isopropyl palmitate	MOW	mixed office waste
IR	isoprene rubber (synthetic), polyisoprene	m.p.	melting point
irreg.	irregular	mPa⋅s	millipascal-second(s)
IU	International Unit	mppcf	million particles per cubic foot
IV	intravenous	MRL	maximum residual limits
l l	ioule	MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
ĨĊID	Jananese Cosmetic Ingredients Dictionary	MT	medium thermal
ID	Jananoso Pharmaconopia	mus	mouse
	Japanese Standard of Cosmotic Ingradiants	mus	moleculorusiant
		00 14/	
JSFA	Japan Standards for Food Additives	m.w.	molecular weight
	Japan Standards for Food Additives	m.w. MWC	medium weight coated
K	Japan Standards for Food Additives	m.w. MWC N	molecular weight medium weight coated normal
k KB	Japan Standards for Food Additives kilo Kauri-Butanol	m.w. MWC N nat.	molecular weight medium weight coated normal natural
k KB kg	Japan Standards for Food Additives kilo Kauri-Butanol kilogram(s)	m.w. MWC N nat. N B	molecular weight medium weight coated normal natural nonbreaking
k KB kg KTPP	kilo Kauri-Butanol kilogram(s) potassium tripolyphosphate	m.w. MWC N nat. NB N/B	molecular weight medium weight coated normal natural nonbreaking nitrile-butadiene
K KB kg KTPP KU	Japan Standards for Food Additives kilo Kauri-Butanol kilogram(s) potassium tripolyphosphate Krebs units	m.w. MWC N nat. NB N/B NBR	molecular weight medium weight coated normal natural nonbreaking nitrile-butadiene nitrile rubber, nitrile-butadiene rubber
K KB kg KTPP KU I	Japan Standards for Food Additives kilo Kauri-Butanol kilogram(s) potassium tripolyphosphate Krebs units liter(s)	m.w. MWC N nat. NB N/B NBR NC	molecular weight medium weight coated normal natural nonbreaking nitrile-butadiene nitrile rubber, nitrile-butadiene rubber nitricellulose
к КВ КТРР КU I Ib	Japan Standards for Food Additives kilo Kauri-Butanol kilogram(s) potassium tripolyphosphate Krebs units liter(s) pound(s)	m.w. MWC N nat. NB N/B NBR NC	molecular weight medium weight coated normal natural nonbreaking nitrile-butadiene nitrile-butadiene nitrile rubber, nitrile-butadiene rubber nitrocellulose National Cancer Institute.
K KB KTPP KU I Ib LC50	Japan Standards for Food Additives kilo Kauri-Butanol kilogram(s) potassium tripolyphosphate Krebs units liter(s) pound(s) lethal concentration 50%	m.w. MWC N nat. NB N/B NBR NC NCI need.	molecular weight medium weight coated normal natural nonbreaking nitrile-butadiene nitrile rubber, nitrile-butadiene rubber nitrocellulose National Cancer Institute needles
K KB kg KTPP KU I LC50 LC50 LC10	Japan Standards for Food Additives kilo Kauri-Butanol kilogram(s) potassium tripolyphosphate Krebs units liter(s) pound(s) lethal concentration 50% lethal concentration low	m.w. MWC N nat. NB N/B NBR NC NCI need. need.	molecular weight medium weight coated normal natural nonbreaking nitrile-butadiene nitrile rubber, nitrile-butadiene rubber nitrocellulose National Cancer Institute needles needles
K KB kg KTPP KU I LC50 LC50 LCL0 LD0	Japan Standards for Food Additives kilo Kauri-Butanol kilogram(s) potassium tripolyphosphate Krebs units liter(s) pound(s) lethal concentration 50% lethal concentration low lethal dose 0%	m.w. MWC N nat. NB N/B NBR NC NCI need. neg. peut	molecular weight medium weight coated normal natural nonbreaking nitrile-butadiene nitrile-butadiene nitrile-butadiene rubber nitrocellulose National Cancer Institute needles negative neutral neutralized
K KB kg KTPP KU I LC50 LC50 LCL0 LD0 LD50	Japan Standards for Food Additives kilo Kauri-Butanol kilogram(s) potassium tripolyphosphate Krebs units liter(s) pound(s) lethal concentration 50% lethal dose 0%	m.w. MWC N nat. NB N/B NBR NC NC NCI need. neg. neut.	molecular weight medium weight coated normal natural nonbreaking nitrile-butadiene nitrile rubber, nitrile-butadiene rubber nitrocellulose National Cancer Institute needles negative neutral, neutralized National Formulary
K KB kg KTPP KU I b LC50 LC50 LCL0 LD0 LD50	Japan Standards for Food Additives kilo Kauri-Butanol kilogram(s) potassium tripolyphosphate Krebs units liter(s) pound(s) lethal concentration 50% lethal dose 0% lethal dose 50%	m.w. MWC N NB N/B NBR NC NCI need. neg. neut. NF	molecular weight medium weight coated normal natural nonbreaking nitrile-butadiene nitrile-butadiene rubber nitrocellulose National Cancer Institute needles negative neutral, neutralized National Formulary National Formulary
K KB kg KTPP KU I LC50 LCL0 LD0 LD0 LD50 LD10	Japan Standards for Food Additives Kilo Kauri-Butanol kilogram(s) potassium tripolyphosphate Krebs units liter(s) pound(s) lethal concentration 50% lethal concentration low lethal dose 0% lethal dose 50% lowest published lethal dose	m.w. MWC N nat. NB N/B NBR NC NCI need. neg. neut. NF NFPA	molecular weight medium weight coated normal natural nonbreaking nitrile-butadiene nitrile rubber, nitrile-butadiene rubber nitrocellulose National Cancer Institute needles negative neutral, neutralized National Formulary National Fire Protection Association
K KB kg KTPP KU LC50 LCL0 LD0 LD0 LD50 LDL0 LDPE	Japan Standards for Food Additives kilo Kauri-Butanol kilogram(s) potassium tripolyphosphate Krebs units liter(s) pound(s) lethal concentration 50% lethal concentration low lethal dose 0% lethal dose 50% lowest published lethal dose low-density polyethylene	m.w. MWC N nat. NB N/B NBR NC NCI need. neg. neut. NF NFPA ng	molecular weight medium weight coated normal natural nonbreaking nitrile-butadiene nitrile rubber, nitrile-butadiene rubber nitrocellulose National Cancer Institute needles negative neutral, neutralized National Formulary National Fire Protection Association nanogram
K KB kg KTPP KU LC50 LCL0 LD0 LD50 LD0 LD0 LD0 LD0 LD0 LD0 LD0 LD0 LD0 LD	Japan Standards for Food Additives Kilo Kauri-Butanol kilogram(s) potassium tripolyphosphate Krebs units liter(s) pound(s) lethal concentration 50% lethal concentration low lethal dose 0% lethal dose 50% lowest published lethal dose low-density polyethylene light-emitting diode	m.w. MWC N nat. NB N/B NBR NC NCI need. neg. neut. NF NFPA ng NIOSH	molecular weight medium weight coated normal natural nonbreaking nitrile-butadiene nitrile-butadiene rubber nitrocellulose National Cancer Institute needles negative neutral, neutralized National Formulary National Fire Protection Association nanogram National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
K KB kg KTPP KU LC50 LCL0 LD0 LD0 LD50 LD0 LD0 LDPE LED Iel	Japan Standards for Food Additives kilo Kauri-Butanol kilogram(s) potassium tripolyphosphate Krebs units liter(s) pound(s) lethal concentration 50% lethal dose 0% lethal dose 50% lowest published lethal dose low-density polyethylene light-emitting diode lower explosive level	m.w. MWC N nat. NB N/B NBR NC NCI need. neg. neut. NF NFPA ng NIOSH	molecular weight medium weight coated normal natural nonbreaking nitrile-butadiene nitrile rubber, nitrile-butadiene rubber nitrocellulose National Cancer Institute needles negative neutral, neutralized National Formulary National Fire Protection Association nanogram National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (U.S.)
K KB kg KTPP KU LC50 LCC0 LD0 LD0 LD0 LD50 LD0 LD0 LDD0 LDD0 LDD	Japan Standards for Food Additives kilo Kauri-Butanol kilogram(s) potassium tripolyphosphate Krebs units liter(s) pound(s) lethal concentration 50% lethal concentration low lethal dose 0% lethal dose 50% low-density polyethylene light-emitting diode lower explosive level large	m.w. MWC N nat. NB N/B NBR NC NCI need. neg. neut. NF NFPA ng NIOSH	molecular weight medium weight coated normal natural nonbreaking nitrile-butadiene nitrile rubber, nitrile-butadiene rubber nitrocellulose National Cancer Institute needles negative neutral, neutralized National Formulary National Formulary National Fire Protection Association nanogram National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (U.S.) nanometer
к КВ kg КТРР КU I LC50 LCC0 LD0 LD0 LD0 LD0 LD0 LDD0 LDD0 LDPE LED lel lg.	Japan Standards for Food Additives kilo Kauri-Butanol kilogram(s) potassium tripolyphosphate Krebs units liter(s) pound(s) lethal concentration 50% lethal concentration low lethal dose 0% lethal dose 50% lowest published lethal dose low-density polyethylene light-emitting diode lower explosive level large liquid	m.w. MWC N nat. NB N/B NBR NC NCI need. neg. neut. NF PA ng NIOSH	molecular weight medium weight coated normal natural nonbreaking nitrile-butadiene nitrile rubber, nitrile-butadiene rubber nitrocellulose National Cancer Institute needles negative neutral, neutralized National Formulary National Formulary National Fire Protection Association nanogram National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (U.S.) nanometer number
K KB kg KTPP KU LC50 LC50 LCL0 LD0 LD0 LD0 LD0 LDD0 LDPE LED lel lg. liq. LLDPE	Japan Standards for Food Additives kilo Kauri-Butanol kilogram(s) potassium tripolyphosphate Krebs units liter(s) pound(s) lethal concentration 50% lethal concentration low lethal dose 0% lethal dose 50% lowest published lethal dose low-density polyethylene light-emitting diode lower explosive level large liquid linear low-density polyethylene	m.w. MWC N nat. NB N/B NBR NC NCI need. neg. neut. NF NFPA ng NIOSH nm no. N₂O	molecular weight medium weight coated normal natural nonbreaking nitrile-butadiene nitrile rubber, nitrile-butadiene rubber nitrocellulose National Cancer Institute needles negative neutral, neutralized National Formulary National Fire Protection Association nanogram National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (U.S.) nanometer number nitrous oxide
K KB kg KTPP KU I LC50 LCL0 LD0 LD0 LD50 LDD0 LDD0 LDDE LED lel lg. liq. LLDPE LLDPE LCDEL	Japan Standards for Food Additives kilo Kauri-Butanol kilogram(s) potassium tripolyphosphate Krebs units liter(s) pound(s) lethal concentration 50% lethal concentration low lethal dose 0% lethal dose 50% lowest published lethal dose low-density polyethylene light-emitting diode lower explosive level large liquid linear low-density polyethylene lowest observed effect level	m.w. MWC N nat. NB N/B N/B NBR NC NCI need. neg. neut. NF NFPA ng NIOSH nm no. N₂O NOEL	molecular weight medium weight coated normal natural nonbreaking nitrile-butadiene nitrile rubber, nitrile-butadiene rubber nitrocellulose National Cancer Institute needles negative neutral, neutralized National Formulary National Fire Protection Association nanogram National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (U.S.) nanometer number nitrous oxide no observed effect level

NOI	not otherwise indexed (U.S. DOT)	POM	polyoxymethylene
nonalc.	nonalcoholic	POP	polyoxypropylene, polyoxypropylated
nonaq.	nonaqueous	POP's	persistant organic pollutants
nonbiodeg.	nonbiodegradable	powd.	powder
nonflamm.	nonflammable	PP	polypropylene
nonyel.	nonyellowing	ppb	parts per billion
N.O.S.	not otherwise specified (transport regulations)	PPE	polyphenylene ether
	nitrogen oxides	PPG	polypropylene glycol
	National Sanitation Equindation, National Standards	ppm	parts per nunureu (percent)
N ST	Foundation	ΡΡΜΔΔ	Pulp & Paper Manufactureing Association of Australia
NTP	National Toxicology Program (U.S.)	PPO	polyphenylene oxide
NV	nonvolatiles	PPS	polyphenylene sulfide
0-	ortho	ppt	parts per trillion
OBPA	oxybisphenoxarsine	pract.	practically
00	open cup	prep(s).	preparation(s)
000	old corrugated container	prod.	product(s), production
ODC	ozone-depleting compound	props.	properties
ODP	ozone-depletion potential	PS	polystyrene
OEM	occupational exposure limit	ps psi	polise
	old magazino	psia	pounds per square inch absolute
OMS	odorless mineral spirits	nsia	pounds per square inch assource
ONP	old newsprint	psig pt.	point
ora.	organic	Pt-Co	platinum-cobalt
OŠHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (U.S.)	PTFE	polytetrafluoroethylene
OTC	over-the-counter	PTMEG	polytetramethylene ether glycol
o/w	oil-in-water	PU	polyurethane
OZ	ounce	PUF	polyurethane foam
р-	para	PUR	polyurethane
Pa	Pascal	PVA	polyvinyl alcohol
PAPRICAN	Pulp & Paper Research Institute of Canada	PVAC	polyvinyl acetate
PAPRO	Pulp & Paper Research Organization	PVAL	polyvinyl alconol
	Puip & Paper Technical Association of Canada	PVC	polyvinyi bulyrai
PDI	polybulyiene lerephinalale		polyvinyi chioride
PC	polycarbonate	PVC-II	unnlasticized polyvinyl chloride
PCB	polychlorinated binhenyl	PVDC PVdC	polyvinylidene chloride
pcf	pounds per cubic foot	PVDF	polyvinylidene fluoride
PCP	Pest Control Product Act, 1972 (Canada)	PVM	polyvinyl methyl ether
PCTFE	polychlorotrifluoroethylene	PVM/MA	polyvinyl methyl ether/maleic anhydride
PE	polyethylene	PVP	polyvinylpyrrolidone
PEEK	polyetheretherketone	qt	quart
PEG	polyethylene glycol	quat.	quaternary
PEK	polyetherketone	R&B	Ring & Ball
PEL	permissible exposure level		rappli
percut	percritonoeinyiene		Persource Conservation and Persource Act (11 S
DECUL	polyether sulfone	KUKA	FDA ANCER \$261)
PFT	polyethel suitone polyethylene terephthalate	R&D	research and development
petrol	netroleum	rdsh.	reddish
PG	propylene glycol	rec.	recommended
рH	hydrogen-ion concentration	redsh.	reddish
Ph.	Pharmacopoeia	ref.	refractive
pharm.	pharmaceutical	reg.	registry
Ph.Eur.	European Pharmacopoeia	regs.	regulations
phr	parts per hundred of rubber or resin	REL	recommended exposure limit
PIB	polyisobutylene	rep.	represents
	Paper Industry Management Association	resist.	resistance, resistant, resistivity
	Product Identification multiplet	DEI	radio fraguancy interforance
Dk	neak concentration	rh	rolativo humidity
nka	nackaging	rhomb	rhombic
pli	pounds per linear inch	RIM	reaction injection molded/molding
PM, P-M	Pensky-Martens	RO	reverse osmosis
PMCC	Pensky-Martens closed cup	rpm	revolutions per minute
PMMA	polymethyl methacrylate	ŔQ	reportable quantity
PMOC	Pensky-Martens open cup	R.T.	room temperature
PO	propylene oxide	RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
POC	particulate organic carbon	DTM	(U.S.)
FUE	polyoxyetnylene, polyoxyetnylated	K I WI	resin transfer molding
polyunsat.	poryunsaturateu		room temperature vulcanizing

c.	socond(s)		Throshold Limit Value/time weighted average
5	secondary	TLV-TVVA	thick molding compound
SVDT	solf accolorating docomposition tomp	TOC	Tag open cup total organic carbon
SADI	styrene-acrylonitrile	TPF	thermonlastic elastomer
SAP	super absorbent polymer	TPU	thermoplastic polyurethane
sapon	saponification	TRI	Toxic Release Inventory
SARA	Superfund Amendments & Reauthorization Act (U.S.)	TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act
sat.	saturated	tsp	teaspoon
S/B	stvrene/butadiene	TSS	total suspended solids
SBK	semi bleached kraft	TWA	time weighted average
SBR	styrene/butadiene rubber	TWC	time weighted concentration
SBS	styrene-butadiene-styrene	typ.	typical
SCMP	semi chemical mechanical pulping	ŬBSK	unbleached softwood kraft
SD	specially denatured	uel	upper explosive limits
SDA	specially denatured alcohol	UF	urea formaldehyde
SE	self-emulsifying	UHF	ultra high frequency
SEBS	styrene-ethylene/butylene-styrene	UHMW	ultra high molecular weight
sec.	secondary	UHMWPE	ultra high molecular weight polyethylene
semicryst.	semicrystalline	UHI	ultra nign temperature
semiliq.	semiliquid		Underwriter's Laboratory
semisyn.	semisynthetic	UN NO.	
SI.	siigiit, siigiitiy	uncot	uncaturated
SIII. CMA	sturono maloic anhydrido	unsal. LIDVC	unplasticized polywinyl chloride
SMC	sheet molding compound		US Department of Agriculture
SNAP	Significant New Alternative Policy (ILS EPA)		United States Pharmaconeia
soften	softening		ultraviolet
sol	soluble solubility	V	volt
solid	solidification	VA	vinvl acetate
sol'n.	solution	VAE	vinyl acetate ethylene
solv(s).	solvent(s)	VC	vinvl chloride
SD.	specific	VdC, VDC	vinylidene chloride
spec.	specification, specialty	veg.	vegetable
SPF	sun protection factor	visc.	viscous, viscosity
spp.	non-specified species	VM&P	Varnish Makers and Painters
SŚ	stainless steel	VOC	volatile organic compounds
SSU	Saybolt Universal Seconds	vol.	volume
std.	standard	v/v	volume by volume
STEL	short term exposure limit	wh.	white
Stod.	Stoddard solvent	WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
SIP	standard temperature and pressure		(Canada)
Str.	strength	WHO	world Health Organization (United Nations)
SUDCUI.	subcutaneous	WKS	Weeks
SUDI.	sublimes	W/O	Waler-In-oli
SULL	Sullace	WL.	weight
202	Sayboli Ulliversal Secollus	W/V	weight by volume
susp.	suspension		crosslinkad polyathylana
5 yii. t	tortian	XLFL Y_DF	crosslinked polyethylene
ΤΔΡΡΙ	Technical Association of the Pulp & Paper Industry		vellow
TBHO	tert-butyl hydroquinone	vlsh	vellowish
TCC	Tag closed cup	vr	vear
TCF	totally chlorine-free	#	number
TCLo	toxic concentration low	%	percent
TDI	toluene diisocyanate	±	plus or minus
TDLo	toxic dose low	<	less than
TDS	total dissolved solids	>	greater than
TEA	triethanolamine, triethanolamide	\leq	less than or equal to
tech.	technical	≥	greater than or equal to
temp.	temperature	@	at
tens.	tensile, tension	α	alpha
tert	tertiary	μ μ	beta
IHF	tetranyaroturan	\mathfrak{d},Δ	CIERTA
Iniu	Inrougn	8	epsilon
	triisopropanoiamine	γ	yamma
	tetrapotassium pyrophosphate	ω	uneya micron micromotor
	Threshold Limit Value/coiling limit	μ	microgram
TIV-STEI	Threshold Limit Value/short therm exposure limit	¥λ ≪	annroximately equal to
ILV JILL			

Part I Trade Name Reference

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Abalyn[®] [Hercules/Resins] Chem. Descrip.: Methyl rosinate CAS 68186-14-1; EINÉCS/ELINCS 269-035-9 Uses: Softener, tackifier for NR, SBR, reclaimed rubber, chlorinated rubber, IIR, EVA, CR, polyisobutylene, PS; improves processing and pigment disp.; tackifier for cements; surf.-wetting properties; used in lacquers, inks, paper coatings, varnishes, adhesives, sealing compds., plastics, rubber, wood preservatives, and perfumes Properties: Amber visc. liq.; sol. in esters, ketones, alcohols, ethers, petrol. hydrocarbons, and veg. and min. oils; water-insol.; sp.gr. 1.03; dens. 1.03 kg/l; visc. (G-H) Z1; b.p. 352-356 C; acid no. 6; sapon. no. 160; ref. index 1.5300; flash pt. (COC) 180 C Abex® 12S [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alkyl ether sulfate Uses: Emulsifier for vinyl acetate, acrylates, methacrylates, styrene, butadiene polymerization for paper coatings, textile coatings, paints, adhesives, industrial coatings Properties: Liq.; 30% act.; anionic Abex® 18S [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary/sodium Uses: Detergent, emulsifier for polymerization of vinyl acetate, acrylates, styrene, butadiene; mineral oil emulsifier; rewetting agent; surfactant for paper coatings, textile coatings, paints, adhesives, industrial coatings, floor polishes; in food pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty/dry foods; low foaming Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180 Properties: Gardner 2 clear liq.; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. 1000 cps; cloud pt. 10 C (lower), > 100 C (upper); pH 7.5-8.5 (10%); surf. tens. 48 dynes/cm (1%); Draves wetting 45-50 s (0.1%); 35% act.; anionic Abex[®] 22S [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary/sodium Uses: Detergent, emulsifier for use in polymerization of vinyl acetate and acrylates; mineral oil emulsifier; rewetting agent; surfactant for paper coatings, textile coatings, paints, adhesives, industrial coatings, floor polish, pigment binders; in food pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; low foaming Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180 Properties: Pale yel. liq.; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 1000 cps; cloud pt. 23 C (lower), > 100 C (upper); pH 8 (10%); surf. tens. 55 dynes/cm (@ CMC); 25% solids; anionic Abex[®] 23S [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium laureth sulfate CAS 9004-82-4; EINECS/ELINCS 221-416-0 Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization of vinyl acetate, acrylates, methacrylates, styrene, butadiene for paper coatings, textile coatings, paints, adhesives, industrial coatings Properties: Liq.; surf. tens. 40 dynes/cm (@ CMC); 60% conc.; anionic Abex® 26S [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alkylaryl ethoxy sulfate Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization of vinyl acetate, acrylates, methacrylates, styrene, butadiene for paper coatings, textile coatings, paints, adhesives, industrial coatings; food pkg. adhesives; component in paper/

paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180; BGA XIV compliance Properties: Pale yel. liq.; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 100 cps; cloud pt. 10 C (lower), > 100 C (upper); pH 8 (10%); surf. tens. 55 dynes/cm (@ CMC); 33% solids; anionic

Abex[®] 33S [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alkylaryl ethoxy sulfate

- Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization of vinyl acetate, acrylates, methacrylates, styrene, butadiene for paper coatings, textile coatings, paints, adhesives, industrial coatings; base for scrub soaps, rug shampoos, general detergent applics.; lime soap dispersant
- Properties: Gardner 5 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 1500 cps max.; cloud pt. 20 C max.; pH 7.5-9.0 (10%); surf. tens. 37 dynes/cm (@ CMC); 26-28% act.; anionic

Abex® 2005 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary

Uses: Surfactant; emulsifier for latexes; steric and electrostatic stabilizer for emulsion polymerization; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; APE-free; rec. for environmentally sensitive applics. *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200; BGA XIV compliance

Properties: Liq; surf. tens. 34.5 dynes/cm; 30% solids in water; anionic

Abex® 2020 [Rhodia HPCII]

Uses: Emulsifier in vinyl acrylic, acrylic, and styrene acrylic latexes; food pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; low VOC; surfactant alternative for environmentally sensitive requirements *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180; BGA XIV compliance *Properties:* Liq.; surf. tens. 41.0 dynes/cm; 30% act.; anionic

Environmental: Biodeg. Abex® 2515 [Rhodia HPCII]

Uses: Emulsifier in vinyl acrylic, ethylene vinyl acetate, acrylic, and styrene acrylic copolymers; food pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; low VOC; surfactant alternative for environmentally sensitive requirements

Use Level: 3-5% (sole emulsifier); 3% total emulsifier

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180; BGA XIV compliance *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 16.3; surf. tens. 38.0 dynes/cm; 50% act.; nonionic *Environmental:* Biodeg.

Abex® 2525 [Rhodia HPCII]

Uses: Emulsifier in vinyl acrylic, ethylene vinyl acetate, acrylic, and styrene acrylic copolymers; food pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; low VOC; surfactant alternative for environmentally sensitive requirements

Use Level: 3-5% (sole emulsifier); 3% total emulsifier

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180; BGA XIV compliance *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 17.4; surf. tens. 43.5 dynes/cm; 50% act.; nonionic *Environmental:* Biodeg.

Abex® 2535 [Rhodia HPCII]

Uses: Emulsifier in vinyl acrylic, ethylene vinyl acetate, acrylic, and styrene acrylic copolymers; food pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; low VOC; surfactant alternative for environmentally sensitive requirements

Use Level: 3-5% (sole emulsifier); 3% total emulsifier

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180; BGA XIV compliance *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 18; surf. tens. 45.1 dynes/cm; 50% act.; nonionic *Environmental:* Biodeg.

Abex® 2545 [Rhodia HPCII]

Uses: Emulsifier in vinyl acrylic, ethylene vinyl acetate, acrylic, and styrene Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-33, sodium laureth sulfate Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier for high solids vinyl acetate emulsions; food pkg. acrylic copolymers; food pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods with aq./fatty/dry foods; low VOC; surfactant alternative for environmentally sensitive requirements Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180 Use Level: 3-5% (sole emulsifier); 3% total emulsifier Properties: Pale yel. liq.; visc. 400 cps; f.p. 3 ± 2 C; cloud pt. none; pH 8 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180; BGA XIV compliance (10%); surf. tens. 44 dynes/cm (@ CMC); 46% solids; anionic Storage: Protect from settling or freezing Properties: Liq.; HLB 18.3; surf. tens. 45.5 dynes/cm; 50% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg. Abitol®-E [Hercules] Chem. Descrip.: Hydroabietyl alcohol Abex® 3594 [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip.: Aq. surfactant blend CAS 1333-89-7; EINECS/ELINCS 247-574-0 Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier for latex or paper coatings, carpet backings, Uses: Plasticizer, tackifier for nat. and syn. rubber, nitrocellulose, plastics, textiles, pressure-sensitive adhesives, esp. S/B, styrene/acrylic, and acrylic lacquers, inks, and pressure-sensitive, emulsion, solv., and hot-melt adheemulsion polymer systems; low color, mech. stability, low coagulum in sives; fixative for essential oils and aromatics in perfumes; chem. intermelatex systems; water resist. diate in prod. of oil-modified and oil-free alkyd resins, lubricating oil additives, Properties: Gardner 10 max. clear liq.; water-sol.; dens. 1.06 g/ml; visc. 30nonionic surfactants; food-contact adhesives, paper/paperboard, rubber ar-100 cps; f.p. -1 C; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 7.8-8.8 (10%); surf. tens. 32 ticles; defoamer in mfg. of food-contact paper/paperboard; good tack and dynes/cm (@ CMC); 397.5-39.5% NV solids; anionic adhesion; high m.w.; compat. with resins, film-formers, and oils; resist. to Abex® AAE-301 [Rhodia HPCII] oxidation; reactive hydroxyl group; low volatility Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2600 Chem. Descrip.: Sodium octylphenol ethoxy sulfate Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization of vinyl acetate, acrylates, Properties: Colorless, tacky resin; mild pleaseant odor; sol. in common org. methacrylates, styrene, butadiene for paper coatings, textile coatings, paints, solvs. incl. alcohols, esters, ketones, chlorinated solvs., aliphatic, aromatic adhesives, industrial coatings or terpene hydrocarbons; insol. in water; sp.gr. 1.008; visc. 6500 mPa•s (50 C); acid no. 0.1; sapon. no. 26; ref. index 1.5236 (20 C); 83% act. Properties: Lig.; 20% conc.; anionic Abex® EP-100 [Rhodia HPCII] Storage: Maintain strict inventory control Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate Abluhide LB660 [Taiwan Surf.] CAS 9051-57-4 Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic compd. Uses: Surfactant used for mold prevention at various stages of leather and Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization of vinyl acetate, acrylates, methacrylates, styrene, butadiene, latex for adhesives, paints, paper coatpaper industry Ablunol NP9 [Taiwan Surf.] ings, textile, and industrial and architectural coatings; surfactant for mild lightduty liqs.; no VOC or alcohol Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-9 Properties: Gardner 3 max. clear to sl. cloudy liq.; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.04; CAS 9016-45-9 f.p. -2 C; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 6.5-7.5; surf. tens. 33 dynes/cm (@ CMC); Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier for textile scouring, warp sizing, 26-28% act.; anionic carbonizing and bleaching, household/industrial cleaners, paper, and leather Abex® EP-110 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France] industries; wetting agent in metal processing Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium nonoxynol-9 sulfate Properties: Liq.; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.05; HLB 12.9; cloud pt. 50-56 C; 100% CAS 9051-57-4 act.; nonionic Ablunol NP30 [Taiwan Surf.] Uses: Primary emulsifier and stabilizer for vinyl acetate, vinyl acetate/ acrylic, all acrylic, styrene/acrylic, and S/B emulsion copolymers; wetting Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-30 agent, dispersant for agric. formulations; surfactant for adhesives, paints, CAS 9016-45-9 paper, textiles, and industrial coatings; food pkg. adhesives; component of Uses: Emulsifier for vinyl acetate and acrylate emulsion polymerizations, paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods latex paints, floor finishes, paper coatings, textiles; stabilizer Properties: Solid; sp.gr. 1.08 (50 C); HLB 17.1; cloud pt. 74 C (1% in 10% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180; EPA compliance; BGA XIV compliance NaCl); 100% act.; nonionic Properties: Pale yel. liq.; sp.gr. 1.04; visc. 91.0 cks; pour pt. 0 C; surf. tens. Ablunol NP30 70% [Taiwan Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-30 38.3 dynes/cm (1%); 30% act.; anionic Abex[®] EP-120 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France] CAS 9016-45-9 Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium nonoxynol-30 sulfate Uses: Emulsifier for vinyl acetate and acrylate emulsion polymerizations, CAS 9051-57-4 latex paints, floor finishes, paper coatings, textiles; stabilizer Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization of vinyl acetate, acrylates, Properties: Liq.; HLB 17.1; cloud pt. 74 C (1% in 10% NaCl); 70% act.; methacrylates, styrene, butadiene for paints, adhesives, paper, textile, and nonionic Ablunol NP40 [Taiwan Surf.] industrial coatings; stabilizer; wetting agent, dispersant for agric. formulations; food pkg. adhesives, paper; provides mech. and freeze/thaw stability Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-40 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180; BGA XIV compliance CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: Emulsifier for vinyl acetate and acrylate emulsion polymerizations, Properties: Pale yel. liq.; sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 111 cks; pour pt. 8 C; surf. tens. 40 dynes/cm (1%); 30% solids; anionic latex paints, floor finishes, paper coatings, textiles; stabilizer Abex® EP-277 [Rhodia HPCII] Properties: Solid; sp.gr. 1.08 (50 C); HLB 17.8; cloud pt. 76 C (1% in 10% Chem. Descrip .: Sodium octylphenol ethoxy sulfate NaCl); 100% act.; nonionic CAS 69011-84-3 Ablunol NP40 70% [Taiwan Surf.] Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization of vinyl acetate, acrylates, Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-40 methacrylates, styrene, butadiene for adhesives, paints, paper, textile, and CAS 9016-45-9 industrial coatings Uses: Emulsifier for vinyl acetate and acrylate emulsion polymerizations, Properties: Liq.; 30% conc.; anionic latex paints, floor finishes, paper coatings, textiles; stabilizer Abex® JKB [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France] Properties: Liq.; HLB 17.8; cloud pt. 76 C (1% in 10% NaCl); 70% act.; Chem. Descrip .: Proprietary ammonium surfactant nonionic Uses: Emulsifier for high-acid polymerization systems, highly carboxylated Ablunol NP50 [Taiwan Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-50 acrylic monomers, latexes for thickening, alkali-sol. resins, metalized floor CAS 9016-45-9 finishes, textile sizing agents and hand modifiers; food pkg. adhesives, Uses: Emulsifier for vinyl acetate and acrylate emulsion polymerizations, paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170; BGA XIV compliance latex paints, floor finishes, paper coatings, textiles; stabilizer Properties: Clear liq.; pH 6.5; surf. tens. 40 dynes/cm (@ CMC); 30% Properties: Solid; sp.gr. 1.08 (60 C); HLB 18.2; cloud pt. 76 C (1% in 10% solids; anionic NaCl); 100% act.; nonionic Ablunol NP50 70% [Taiwan Surf.] Abex® VA 50 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-50 CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: Emulsifier for vinyl acetate and acrylate emulsion polymerizations, latex paints, floor finishes, paper coatings, textiles; stabilizer Properties: Liq.; HLB 18.2; cloud pt. 76 C (1% in 10% NaCl); 70% act.; nonionic Ablupol AF [Taiwan Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: Mixt. Uses: Antifoamer for coating color formulation of paper Ablupol D1101 [Taiwan Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: Synergistic blend of surfactants Uses: Surfactant; deinking agent for waste paper reproduction (flotation method) Ablupol FD101 [Taiwan Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: Synergistic blend of surfactants Uses: Surfactant; felt detergent for paper machines Ablupol PD100 [Taiwan Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: Cationic and nonionic surfactant Uses: Surfactant, debonder, and softener for tissue paper Ablusol PD100 [Taiwan Surf.] Uses: Surfactant; debonder and softener for tissue paper Properties: Cationic/nonionic Ablusol SEP40 [Taiwan Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate CAS 9003-04-7 Uses: Surfactant; dispersant for paper coating Properties: Anionic Abscents® 1000 [UOP] Chem. Descrip.: Organophilic molecular sieve (sodium aluminosilicate) CAS 1318-02-1; EINECS/ELINCS 215-283-8 Uses: Odor adsorbent for odor control for feminine protection prods., baby diapers, body or foot powds., deodorants, nonwoven wipes, ostomy prods., adult incontinence prods.; removes ammonia or amine odors in presence of variety of other odor compds. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §174.5 (d)(1); DOT nonregulated SARA; §313 nonreportable Properties: Wh. dry powd.; odorless; 3.5-5.5 µ avg. particle size; insol. in water or org. solvs.; bulk dens. 25 lb/ft³ (poured); surf. area > 500 m²/g; pH 4-5 (10%) Toxicology: TSCA listed Environmental: Nonbiodeg. HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 Storage: Store tightly closed Abscents® 2000 [UOP] Chem. Descrip.: Organophilic molecular sieve (sodium aluminosilicate) CAS 1318-02-1; EINECS/ELINCS 215-283-8 Uses: Hypo-allergenic deodorizing powd. for odor control in unscented personal care prods. (feminine protection, diapers, body/foot powds., deodorants, nonwoven wipes, ostomy prods.); attracts odors and traps them tightly within its porous structure Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §174.5 (d)(1); DOT nonregulated; SARA §313 nonreportable Properties: Wh. dry powd.; odorless; sl. sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.0; pH 4-10 (aq. slurry) Toxicology: TSCA listed Environmental: Nonbiodeg. HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 Storage: Store tightly closed Abscents® 3000 [UOP] Chem. Descrip.: Organophilic molecular sieve (sodium aluminosilicate) CAS 1318-02-1; EINECS/ELINCS 215-283-8 Uses: Polymer additive for adsorbing low m.w. organics such as aliphatics, alcohols, aldehydes, ketones, chlorinated hydrocarbons, org. acids, and aromatics for use in adhesives, coatings, and polymers; component of food pkg. materials; food-grade; rec. for use with reactive compds. like aldehydes and ketones Regulatory: FDA GRAS; DOT nonregulated; SARA §313 nonreportable Properties: Wh. dry powd.; odorless; 3 µ avg. particle size; insol. in water or org. solvs.; surf. area > 400 m^2/q ; pH 9-10 (10%) Toxicology: TSCA listed Environmental: Nonbiodeg. HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 Storage: Store tightly closed

A-C[®] 6 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene homopolymer

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Additive wax for use in adhesives, ink, floor finishes, paper coatings, personal care, plastics, rubber, textiles, wax blends, solv.-based polishes, inks, paints, and lacquers; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper; gellant for oils in personal care prods.; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; nonirritating abrasive; emollient; heat stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
- Properties: Wh. waxy prills, powd., char. waxy odor; negligible sol. in water; dens. 0.92 g/cc; visc. 375 cps (140 C); drop pt. 106 C; acid no. nil; flash pt. (COC) 307 C; hardness 4.0 dmm
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; mild skin irritant; dust may cause mech. eye and respiratory tract irritation; OSHA TWA 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust), 15 mg/m³ (total dust) recommended
- *Precaution:* Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Oxides of carbon, various oxidized and nonoxidized hydrocarbons
- A-C® 6A [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene homopolymer
 - CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
 - Uses: Additive wax for use in adhesives, inks, floor finishes, paper coatings, personal care, plastics, rubber, textiles, and wax blends; matting, anticaking flow additive providing surf. props. for powd. coatings; defoamer; gellant for oils in personal care prods.; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; nonirritating abrasive; emollient; heat stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist.
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
 - Properties: Wh. waxy prills, powd., char. waxy odor; negligible sol. in water; dens. 0.92 g/cc; visc. 375 cps (140 C); drop pt. 106 C; acid no. nil; flash pt. > 231 C; hardness 4.0 dmm
 - Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; mild skin irritant; dust may cause mech. eye and respiratory tract irritation; OSHA TWA 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust), 15 mg/m³ (total dust) recommended
 - *Precaution:* Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Öxides of carbon, various oxidized and nonoxidized hydrocarbons
- A-C® 7 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene homopolymer wax
 - CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
 - Uses: Processing lubricant; melt index modifier; pigment dispersant; mold release aid; external lubricant for PVC, color concs., polyolefin flow modifiers; thickener for cosmetic and pharmaceutical gels; solv.-based polishes, inks, paints, and lacquers; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
 - Properties: Prills, powd.; sol. in hot min. oil and fatty esters; dens. 0.92 g/cc; visc. 450 cps (140 C); drop pt. 109 C; acid no. nil; flash pt. (COC) 304 C; hardness 2.5 dmm
- A-C® 7A [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Polyethylene homopolymer wax CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

 - Uses: Processing lubricant; melt index modifier; pigment dispersant; mold release aid; external lubricant for PVC, color concs., polyolefin flow modifiers; thickener for cosmetic and pharmaceutical gels; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
 - Properties: Prills, powd.; sol. in hot min. oil and fatty esters; dens. 0.92 g/cc; visc. 450 cps (140 C); drop pt. 109 C; acid no. nil; hardness 2.5 dmm
- A-C® 8 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene homopolymer

- CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Uses: Gellant for oils in personal care prods.; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; nonirritating abrasive; processing lubricant; melt index modifier; pigment dispersant; mold release aid; emollient; heat stabilizer; external lubricant for PVC, color concs., polyolefin flow modifiers; in polishes, inks, paints, lacquers; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
- Properties: Prills, powd.; dens. 0.93 g/cc; visc. 400 cps (140 C); drop. pt. 116 C; acid no. nil; flash pt. (COC) 307 C; hardness 1.0 dmm
- A-C® 8A [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene homopolymer

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Matting, anticaking flow additive which enhances powd. coating performance; gellant for oils in personal care prods.; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; nonirritating abrasive; processing lubricant; melt index modifier; pigment dispersant; mold release aid; external lubricant for PVC, color concs., polyolefin flow modifiers; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/ paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
- Properties: Powd., dens. 0.93 g/cc; visc. 450 cps (140 C); drop pt. 113 C (Mettler); acid no. nil; hardness 1.0 dmm

A-C[®] 9, 9A, 9F [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene homopolymer CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Gellant for oils in personal care prods.; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; nonirritating abrasive; emollient; heat stabilizer; processing lubricant; melt index modifier; pigment dispersant; mold release aid; external lubricant for PVC, color concs., polyolefin flow modifiers; additive in paints; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
- Properties: Prills, powd., fine powd.; avg. particle size 220 μ (9A), 110 μ (9F); dens. 0.94 g/cc; visc. 450 cps (140 C); drop. pt. 117 C; acid no. nil; flash pt. (COC) 318 C (A-C 9); hardness 0.5 dmm

A-C[®] 15 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip .: Polyethylene homopolymer

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Additive wax for use in inks, personal care prods., adhesives, coatings, plastics, paper, rubber, textiles; gellant for oils in personal care prods.; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; nonirritating abrasive; emollient; heat stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
- Properties: Prills; dens. 0.93 g/cc; visc. 125 cps (140 C); drop pt. 109 C; acid no. nil; hardness 2.5 dmm

A-C® 16 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene homopolymer CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Gellant for oils in personal care prods.; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; nonirritating abrasive; emollient; heat stabilizer; additive for plastics, rubber, adhesives, coatings, inks, paper, polishes, textiles; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45

Properties: Prills; dens. 0.91 g/cc; visc. 525 cps (140 C); drop. pt. 102 C; acid no. nil; hardness 5.5 dmm

A-C[®] 316 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip .: Oxidized HDPE homopolymer

- CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Uses: Additive wax for ink, floor finishes, personal care, plastics, rubber, textiles, wax blends; gellant for oils in personal care prods.; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; nonirritating abrasive; emollient; heat stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.260, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1620, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850

Properties: Gran., powd.; dens. 0.98 g/cc; visc. 8500 cps (150 C); drop pt. 140 C; acid no. 16; hardness < 0.5 dmm

A-C® 316A [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip .: Oxidized HDPE homopolymer

- CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Uses: Additive wax for ink, floor finishes, personal care, plastics, rubber, textiles, wax blends; gellant for oils in personal care prods.; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; nonirritating abrasive; emollient; heat stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.260, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1620, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850
- Properties: Gran., powd.; dens. 0.98 g/cc; visc. 8500 cps (150 C); drop pt. 140 C; acid no. 16; hardness < 0.5 dmm
- A-C® 325 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Oxidized HDPE

CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Additive wax for polishes, finishes, emulsions, adhesives, coatings, inks, plastics, rubber, textiles; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard, textiles; defoamer in food-contact coatings/paper; heel-mark resistance and compatibility
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800
- Properties: Gran.; sp.gr. 0.99; visc. 4400 cps (150 C); drop pt. 136 C; acid no. 25; hardness < 0.5 dmm
- A-C® 330 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Oxidized HDPE
 - CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
 - Uses: Additive wax for polishes, finishes, emulsions, adhesives, coatings, plastics, rubber, textiles; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard, textiles; defoamer in food-contact coatings/paper; heel-mark resistance and compatibility
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800
 - Properties: Gran.; sp.gr. 0.99; visc. 3600 cps (150 C); drop pt. 137 C; acid no. 30; hardness < 0.5 dmm

A-C® 392 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

- Chem. Descrip .: Oxidized HDPE
- CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Uses: Additive wax for polishes, finishes, emulsions, adhesives, coatings, plastics, rubber, textiles; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard, textiles; defoamer in food-contact coatings/paper; heel-mark resistance and compatibility
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800

Properties: Gran.; sp.gr. 0.99; visc. 4500 cps (150 C); drop pt. 138 C; acid no. 30; flash pt. (COC) 293 C; hardness < 0.5 dmm

A-C® 395, 395A [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Oxidized HDPE homopolymer

CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Uses: Additive wax for use in inks, personal care prods., adhesives, coatings, plastics, rubber, textiles; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard, textiles; defoamer in food-contact coatings/paper

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800

Properties: Gran.; dens. 1.00 g/cc; visc. 2500 cps (150 C); drop pt. 137 C; acid no. 41; hardness < 0.5 dmm

A-C® 400 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene/VA copolymer

CAS 24937-78-8

Uses: Additive wax for use in adhesives, inks, coatings, personal care, wax blends, plastics, rubber, textiles; gellant for oils in personal care prods.; filmformer; oil or fragrance encapsulator; nonirritating abrasive; emollient; heat stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer in food-contact coatings/paper; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist.

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
- Properties: Prills, powd.; dens. 0.92 g/cc; visc. 575 cps (140 C); drop pt. 92 C; flash pt. (COC) 296 C; hardness 9.5 dmm; 13% VA

A-C® 400A [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Low m.w. EVA copolymer

CAS 24937-78-8

- Uses: Wax additive for use in adhesives, inks, personal care prods., wax blends; pigment dispersant; PS color concs.; gellant for oils in personal care prods.; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; nonirritating abrasive; emollient; heat stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer in food-contact coatings/paper; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist.
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
- Properties: Prills, powd.; dens. 0.92 g/cc; visc. 575 cps (140 C); drop pt. 92 C; hardness 9.5 dmm; 13% VA
- A-C® 405(M) [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* EVA copolymer

CAS 24937-78-8

- Uses: Controlled rheology wax additive for adhesives, inks, coatings, personal care, wax blends, plastics, rubber, textiles; esp. suitable for applics. where it must be dispersed in org. solvs. (automotive topcoats, cosmetics, etc.); food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer in food-contact coatings/paper
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
- *Properties:* Prills; dens. 0.92 g/cc; visc. 600 cps (140 C); drop pt. 101 C; cloud pt. 50-54.4 C (10% in xylene); hardness 5.0 dmm; 8% VA

A-C® 405(S) [Honeywell Spec. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: EVA copolymer

CAS 24937-78-8

Uses: Controlled rheology wax additive for adhesives, inks, coatings, personal care, wax blends, plastics, rubber, textiles; esp. suitable for applics. where it must be dispersed in org. solvs. (automotive topcoats, cosmetics, etc.); food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer in food-contact coatings/paper; low disp. visc.; lower sol. than 405M or 405T

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45

Properties: Prills; dens. 0.92 g/cc; visc. 600 cps (140 C); drop pt. 95 C; cloud pt. 45-49.9 C (10% in xylene); hardness 7.0 dmm; 11% VA

A-C® 405(T) [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: EVA copolymer

CAS 24937-78-8

- Uses: Controlled rheology wax additive for adhesives, inks, coatings, personal care, wax blends, plastics, rubber, textiles; esp. suitable for applics. where it must be dispersed in org. solvs. (automotive topcoats, cosmetics, etc.); defoamer; gellant for oils in personal care prods.; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; nonirritating abrasive; emollient; heat stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist.; higher sol. than 405M, 405S
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45

Properties: Prills; dens. 0.92 g/cc; visc. 600 cps (140 C); drop pt. 103 C; cloud pt. 54.5-59 C (10% in xylene); hardness 4.0 dmm; 6% VA

A-C® 430 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: EVA copolymer

CAS 24937-78-8

Uses: Wax additive for adhesives, coatings, personal care, wax blends, plastics, rubber, textiles; gellant for oils in personal care prods.; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; nonirritating abrasive; emollient; heat stabilizer; suspending agent for active ingreds. in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, lubricants; defoamer in food-contact coatings/paper; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist.

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
- Properties: Grease-like; dens. 0.93 g/cc; visc. 600 cps (140 C); drop pt. 80 C; flash pt. (COC) 274 C;
- A-C® 540 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene-acrylic acid copolymer CAS 9010-77-9

- Uses: Plastics lubricant and processing aid; pigment dispersant; internal lubricant for PVC, nylon 6, nylon color concs.; for adhesives, floor finishes, personal care, plastics, wax blends; gellant for oils in personal care prods.; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; nonirritating abrasive; emollient; heat stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, lubricants, textiles; food-contact defoamer; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist.
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1310, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850
- Properties: Prills; dens. 0.93 g/cc; visc. 575 cps (140 C); drop pt. 105 C; acid no. 40; flash pt. (COC) 296 C; hardness 2.0 dmm

A-C® 540A [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene-acrylic acid copolymer CAS 9010-77-9
- Uses: Plastics lubricant and processing aid; pigment dispersant; internal lubricant for PVC, nylon 6, nylon color concs.; for adhesives, floor finishes, personal care, plastics, wax blends; modifier for carboxyl functional powd. coatings; gellant for oils in personal care prods.; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; nonirritating abrasive; emollient; heat stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, lubricants, textiles; defoamer; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1310, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850
- Properties: Powd.; dens. 0.93 g/cc; visc. 575 cps (140 C); drop pt. 105 C; acid no. 40; hardness 2.0 dmm
- A-C® 580 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene/acrylic acid copolymer

- CAS 9010-77-9
- Uses: Additive for recyclable hot-melt and aq. adhesives and coatings; plastics and rubber processing; modifier of carboxyl-functional powd. coatings; defoamer in food-contact coatings/paper; gellant for oils in personal care prods.; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; nonirritating abrasive; emollient; heat stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, lubricants, textiles; alkali-dispersible; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist.
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1310, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850
- Properties: Prills; dens. 0.94 g/cc; visc. 650 cps (140 C); drop pt. 102 C; acid no. 75; flash pt. (COC) 313 C; hardness 4.0 dmm
- A-C® 617 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene homopolymer

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Additive wax for use in inks, plastics, rubber, and personal care prods.; thickener for cosmetic and pharmaceutical gels; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; nonirritating abrasive; emollient; heat stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, lubricants; defoamer in food-contact coatings/paper; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist.
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3850
- *Properties:* Wh. waxy prills, powd., char. waxy odor; sol. in hot min. oil and fatty esters; negligible sol. in water; dens. 0.91 g/cc; visc. 200 cps (140 C); drop pt. 101 C; acid no. nil; flash pt. (COC) 317 C; hardness 7.0 dmm
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; mild skin irritant; dust may cause mech. eye and respiratory tract irritation; OSHA TWA 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust), 15 mg/m³ (total dust) recommended

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Oxides of carbon, various oxidized and nonoxidized hydrocarbons

A-C® 617A [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene homopolymer

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Additive wax for use in inks, plastics, rubber, and personal care prods.; nonirritating, mild abrasive for personal care prods.; thickener for cosmetic and pharmaceutical gels; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; emollient; heat stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, lubricants; defoamer in food-contact coatings/paper; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3850
- Properties: Wh. waxy prills, powd., char. waxy odor; sol. in hot min. oil and fatty esters; negligible sol. in water; dens. 0.91 g/cc; visc. 200 cps (140 C); drop pt. 101 C; acid no. nil; flash pt. (COC) 317 C; hardness 7.0 dmm
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; mild skin irritant; dust may cause mech. eye and respiratory tract irritation; OSHA TWA 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust), 15 mg/m³ (total dust) recommended
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Öxides of carbon, various oxidized and nonoxidized hydrocarbons
- A-C® 629 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Oxidized polyethylene homopolymer

CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Additive wax for adhesives, ink, floor finishes, paper coatings, trade sales and industrial coatings, personal care, plastics, textiles, wax blends; processing lubricant; mold release aid; PVC lubricant; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; gellant for oils in personal care prods.; nonirritating abrasive; emollient; heat stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/ paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer in food-contact coatings/paper; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist.
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.260, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1620, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850
- Properties: Wh. waxy prills, powd., char. waxy odor; negligible sol. in water; dens. 0.93 g/cc; visc. 200 cps (140 C); drop pt. 101 C; acid no. 15; flash pt. (COC) 274 C; hardness 5.5 dmm
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2500 mg/kg; nonirritating to skin and eyes; dust may cause mech. irritation; OSHA TWA 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust), 15 mg/m³ (total dust) recommended
- Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents and amines; very slippery on floors
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Oxides of carbon, various oxidized and nonoxidized hydrocarbons

Storage: Store away from heat sources

A-C[®] 629A [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Oxidized polyethylene homopolymer

CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Additive wax for adhesives, ink, floor finishes, paper coatings, personal care, plastics, textiles, wax blends; processing lubricant; mold release aid; PVC lubricant; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; gellant for oils in personal care prods.; nonirritating abrasive; emollient; heat stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer in food-contact coatings/paper; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist.
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21ČFR §172.260, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1620, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850
- Properties: Prills, powd.; dens. 0.93 g/cc; visc. 200 cps (140 C); drop pt. 101 C; acid no. 15; hardness 5.5 dmm

A-C® 655 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Oxidized polyethylene homopolymer

CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Additive wax for use in adhesives, inks, floor finishes, paper coatings, personal care, plastics, rubber, textiles, and wax blends; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer in food-contact coatings/paper
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.260, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1620, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850

- *Properties:* Prills; dens. 0.93 g/cc; visc. 210 cps (140 C); drop pt. 107 C; acid no. 16; flash pt. (COC) 274 C; hardness 2.5 dmm A-C® 656 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Oxidized polyethylene homopolymer CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Additive wax for use in adhesives, inks, floor finishes, paper coatings, personal care, plastics, and rubber; food pkg. adhesives, textiles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800 Properties: Prills; dens. 0.92 g/cc; visc. 185 cps (140 C); drop pt. 98 C; acid no. 15; flash pt. (COC) 260 C; hardness 9.0 dmm A-C® 680 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Oxidized polyethylene CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Wax for polishes, finishes, and emulsions; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; slip resistance; emulsifiable Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.260, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1620, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850 Properties: Prills; dens. 0.93 g/cc; visc. 250 cps (140 C); drop pt. 108 C; acid no. 16; flash pt. (COC) 277 C; hardness 1.5 dmm A-C® 712 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Polyethylene homopolymer CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Additive for plastics, rubber, adhesives, coatings, inks, paper, polishes, textiles; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45 Properties: Diced form; sp.gr. 0.92; visc. 1600 cps (140 C); drop pt. 108 C; acid no. nil; flash pt. (COČ) 296 C; hardness 3.5 dmm A-C® 715 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Polyethylene homopolymer CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Gellant for plastics, rubber, adhesives, coatings, inks, paper, polishes, textiles; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
 - Properties: Diced form; sp.gr. 0.92; visc. 4000 cps (140 C); drop pt. 109 C; acid no. nil; flash pt. (COC) 302 C; hardness 2.5 dmm
- A-C® 725 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene homopolymer
 - CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
 - Uses: Additive for plastics, rubber, adhesives, coatings, inks, paper, polishes, textiles; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
 - Properties: Diced form; sp.gr. 0.92; visc. 1400 cps (140 C); drop pt. 108 C; acid no. nil; hardness 3.5 dmm

A-C® 735 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene homopolymer

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- *Uses:* Additive for plastics, rubber, adhesives, coatings, inks, paper, polishes, textiles; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
- Properties: Diced form; sp.gr. 0.92; visc. 6000 cps (140 C); drop pt. 110 C; acid no. nil; hardness 2.5 dmm

A-C® 1702 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene homopolymer

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Uses: Gellant for oils, emollient, moisture retention aid, heat stabilizer in personal care prods.; film-former; oil or fragrance encapsulator; nonirritating abrasive; additive for plastics, rubber, adhesives, coatings, inks, paper,

polishes, textiles; processing aid; increases permanency reduces compression set and hysteresis Properties: Grease-like; negligible sol. in water; dens. 0.88 g/cc; visc. 40 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 177.1680 Properties: Pt-Co 20 color (50 C); water wh. to sl. haze; m.w. 4000; sp.gr. cps (140 C); drop. pt. 92 C; acid no. nil; flash pt. (COC) 232 C; hardness 90.0 dmm (D1321) 1.003 (20 C); dens. 8.37 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 1100 mP•s (20 C); acid no. 0.025; hyd. no. 28; pour pt. -33 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 415 F; 0.03% water Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; mild skin irritant Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents Acclaim® 6300 [Lyondell] Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Öxides of carbon, various oxidized and Chem. Descrip .: Glycerol-propylene oxide polyether triol nonoxidized hydrocarbons CAS 25791-96-2 A-C® 5120 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.] Uses: Polyol for use in coatings, adhesives, sealants, elastomers, epoxy Chem. Descrip .: Low m.w. ethylene-acrylic acid copolymer flexibilizers, and defoamers; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; im-CAS 9010-77-9 proves tens. str., elong. at break, tear str., resilience, dynamic props.; Uses: Additive for recyclable hot-melt and aq. adhesives and coatings; reduces compression set and hysteresis modifier of carboxyl-functional powd. coatings; plastics and rubber process-Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 177.1680 ing; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; gellant for per-Properties: Pt-Co 20 color (50 C); water wh. to sl. haze; m.w. 6000; sp.gr. sonal care and household prods. (cosmetics, protective moisturizers, medi-1.007 (20 C); dens. 8.40 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 1900 mP•s (20 C); acid no. cations, dental adhesives, deodorizers); food pkg. adhesives, coatings, 0.025; hyd. no. 28; pour pt. -30 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 425 F; 0.03% water Acclaim® 8200 [Lyondell] paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, Chem. Descrip.: Polypropylene glycol 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1310, 177.2600, CAS 25322-69-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-338-0 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850 Uses: Polyol for use in coatings, adhesives, sealants, elastomers, epoxy flexibilizers, and defoamers; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; im-Properties: Prills; alkali-dispersible; dens. 0.94 g/cc; visc. 650 cps (140 C); drop pt. 92 C; acid no. 120; flash pt. (COC) 307 C; hardness 11.5 dmm proves tens. str., elong. at break, tear str., resilience, dynamic props.; A-C® 5180 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.] reduces compression set and hysteresis Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 177.1680 Chem. Descrip.: Low m.w. ethylene-acrylic acid copolymer CAS 9010-77-9 Properties: Pt-Co 20 color (50 C); water wh. to sl. haze; m.w. 8000; sp.gr. Uses: Additive for recyclable hot-melt and aq. adhesives and coatings; 1.003 (20 C); dens. 8.37 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 4300 mP+s (20 C); acid no. 0.025; hyd. no. 14; pour pt. -27 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 375 F; 0.03% water plastics and rubber processing; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; defoamer in food-Accosize® 60R Cationic Starch [Cytec Ind.] contact coatings, paper/paperboard Chem. Descrip .: Potato starch Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1310, 177.2600, Uses: Sizing agent for papermaking; improved filler retention and sheet str. 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850 props Properties: Grease-like; alkali-dispersible; dens. 0.96 g/cc; visc. 650 cps *Regulatory:* DOT nonregulated (140 C); drop pt. 76 C; acid no. 180; hardness 50 dmm Properties: Wh. powd.; odorless; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 0.1 g/cc; A-C® 6702 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.] 17-21% volatile; cationic Chem. Descrip .: Oxidized polyethylene Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) > 20 mg/l; may cause minimal eye and skin irritation on Uses: Additive for plastics, rubber, adhesives, coatings, inks, paper, poldirect contact; TSCA listed ishes, textiles; gellant for oils in personal care prods.; film-former; oil or Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; dust may be explosive fragrance encapsulator; nonirritating abrasive; emollient; heat stabilizer; food if mixed with air in critical proportions in presence of ignition source pkg. adhesives; increases permanency, moisture retention, water resist. Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, hydrogen chloride, NO_x Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105 NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Properties: Grease-like; dens. 0.85 g/cc; visc. 35 cps (140 C); drop pt. 85 C; Accosize® 100 Synthetic Size [Cytec Ind.] acid no. 15; hardness 90.0 dmm (D1321) Chem. Descrip.: Hexadecenylsuccinic anhydride (55-65%), octadecenyl-Acclaim® 2200 [Lyondell] succinic anhydride (35-45%), eicosenylsuccinic anhydride (0-10%), Chem. Descrip.: Polypropylene glycol docosenylsuccinic anhydride (0-2%) CAS 25322-69-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-338-0 Uses: Sizing agent for fine paper and board Uses: Polyol for use in coatings, adhesives, sealants, elastomers, epoxy Regulatory: DOT nonregulated flexibilizers, and defoamers; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; im-Properties: Lt. orange-brn. clear liq.; sl. oily odor; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.94; vapor pressure < 1 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. 4 C; b.p. 250 C; flash pt. (PMCC) proves tens. str., elong. at break, tear str., resilience, dynamic props.; reduces compression set and hysteresis 204 C; VOC 0.15 lb/gal *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 177.1680 Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 10,000 mg/kg; Properties: Pt-Co 20 color (50 C); water wh. to sl. haze; m.w. 2000; sp.gr. causes mod. skin irritation; may cause mild eye irritation, allergic skin 1.004 (20 C); dens. 8.38 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 475 mP·s (20 C); acid no. reaction; inh. may cause irritation of respiratory tract and eyes; TSCA listed 0.025; hyd. no. 56; pour pt. -36 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 420 F; 0.03% water Environmental: Readily biodeg.; LC50 (mysid shrimp, 96 h) 169 mg/l, (trout, Acclaim[®] 3201 [Lyondell] 96 h) 510 mg/l; BOD (28 day) 2.4 mg O₂/mg prod. Chem. Descrip .: Polyoxyethylene-polyoxypropylene polymer Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents CAS 53637-25-5 Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, SO_x Uses: Polyol for use in coatings, adhesives, sealants, elastomers, epoxy NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: Store in cool, dry area below 29 C; keep container tightly closed flexibilizers, and defoamers; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; imwhen not in use; protect from water contact or high moisture conditions proves tens. str., elong. at break, tear str., resilience, dynamic props.; reduces compression set and hysteresis Accostrength® 1000 Dry Strength Resin [Cytec Ind.] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 177.1680 Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide/acrylic acid copolymer Uses: Dry str. agent for papermaking; inc. sheet str. or maintains specs with Properties: Pt-Co 20 color (50 C); water wh. to sl. haze; m.w. 3000; sp.gr. 1.014 (20 C); dens. 8.46 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 780 mP+s (20 C); acid no. weaker or recycled fibers Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; no OSHA regulated components 0.025; hyd. no. 37.4; pour pt. -36 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 420 F; 0.03% water Acclaim® 4200 [Lyondell] Properties: Clear to pale yel. visc. liq.; odorless; completely sol. in water; Chem. Descrip.: Polypropylene glycol CAS 25322-69-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-338-0 sp.gr. 1.072 (23 C); pH 4.2-5.5; VOC 0.72 lb/gal; 79-82% volatiles Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 16 ml/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 8 ml/kg; may cause minimal eye and skin irritation; not expected to be harmful by ing.; TSCA Uses: Polyol for use in coatings, adhesives, sealants, elastomers, epoxy flexibilizers, and defoamers; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; imlisted

proves tens. str., elong. at break, tear str., resilience, dynamic props.;

Environmental: BOD (5 day) 630 mg/l oxygen; COD 250,000 ppm

Precaution: Spills are very slippery; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents, caustics, alkanolamines, aldehydes, ammonia Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, ammonia, NO_x NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: Avoid iron, copper, or aluminum containers/equip. for handling/ storage Accurac® 105 Retention Aid [Cytec Ind.] Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylamide w/o emulsion with petroleum distillate hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8, \approx 22%) and IPA (0-1%) Uses: Retention aid, production aid for papermaking; improves sheet qualities and runnability Acriflow 041-S [Witton] Regulatory: DOT nonregulated Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate aq. sol'n. *Properties:* Wh. opaque visc. liq.; sl. hydrocarbon odor; sp.gr. \approx 1.0; m.p. CAS 9003-04-7 -18 C; flash pt. (CC) > 93 C; pH 4-6 (aq. dil.); ≈ 60% volatiles; cationic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) > 20 mg/l; causes mod. skin irritation; may cause mild eye irritation Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents food-contact paper/paperboard Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Ammonia, CO, CO₂, hydrogen chloride NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Water Inspectorate approved Storage: Avoid iron, copper, or aluminum containers/equip. in handling/ solids storage Accurac® T-100 Retention/Drainage Aid [Cvtec Ind.] Toxicology: Nonhazardous Acriflow 050-S [Witton] Chem. Descrip.: Liq. polymer mixt. with petrol. distillate hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8, 30-35%) Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid, production aid for papermaking; improves CAS 9003-01-4 sheet qualities and runnability Regulatory: DOT nonregulated Properties: Clear to cloudy visc. liq.; hydrocarbon odor; sp.gr. ≈ 1.0; vapor pressure 45 mm Hg (40 C); m.p. -20 C; flash pt. (PMCC) > 100 C; pH 7-9 (emulsion); VOC 3.25 lb/gal; 45-75% voltailes Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) > 20 mg/l; causes mod. skin irritation; may cause mild eye irritation; TSCA listed Water Inspectorate approved Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO, ammonia, NO_x solids NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Toxicology: Nonhazardous Storage: Avoid iron, copper, or aluminum containers/equip. for handling/ Acriflow 141 S [Witton] Chem. Descrip .: Sodium polyacrylate storage Acematt[™] TS100 [Degussa-Hüls] CAS 9003-04-7 Chem. Descrip.: Fumed silica CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Flatting agent for vinyl coatings, air-dried polyurethane or leather coating applics., lacquers for film and polyurethane textile coatings, paper coating applics., long-oil alkyd systems, water-based coatings; exc. in food-contact paper/paperboard baked finishes and films which require high transparency Properties: Wh. powd., odorless; 4 µm avg. particle size of agglomerates; Water Inspectorate approved insol. in water; dens. 2.2 g/cc; tapped dens. 50 g/l; oil absorp. 360 g/100 g; m.p. 1700 C; ref. index 1.45; pH 7 (4% aq.); > 99.8% SiO₂ solids *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; nonirritating to skin and mucous Toxicology: Nonhazardous Acriflow 241-M [Witton] membranes Acilan[™] W Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Colorant for paper CAS 9003-04-7 Acintol[®] R Type S [Arizona] *Chem. Descrip.:* Tall oil rosin CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7 Uses: Printing ink binder as resin or salt; paper sizing agent; emulsifier for SBR polymerization as soap; tackifier resin in adhesives; imidazoline modifood-contact paper/paperboard fier in corrosion inhibitors; elastomer modifier in emulsion polymerization; dust control additive; film former/plasticizer in lacguers and varnishes; tackifier Water Inspectorate approved and softener for IIR, SBR, CR, acetyl polypropylene; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, wood preserva-42% solids Toxicology: Nonhazardous tives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, Acriflow 241-SA [Witton] 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3120, 178.3800, 178.3850, 178.3870 CAS 9003-04-7 Properties: Gardner 7 color; sp.gr. 1.01; soften. pt. (R&B) 76 C; acid no. 175-178; flash pt. (OC) 226 C; anionic Acrawax® C [Lonza] Chem. Descrip .: N,N'-Ethylene bisstearamide CAS 110-30-5; EINECS/ELINCS 203-755-6 and sodium ions are not Uses: Internal and surf. lubricant in PVC, PP, PE, ABS, nylon, acetal,

thermoplastic polyester, PS, phenolic, PU; plasticizer, compatibilizer, slip/ antiblock, flow improver, pigment dispersant in hot-melt adhesives and coatings; lubricant, processing aid, detackifier, mold release agent, antiblocking agent in SR; food-contact applics.; powd. and atomized grades as lubricant and binder for cold compaction of powd. metal parts; papermaking Regulatory: FDA clearance for food-contact applics. Properties: Avail. as beads, prills, powd., atomized or aq. disp. (33% solids); 10% max. on 10 mesh (beads); 2% max. on 40 mesh (prilled); 1%

max. on 100 mesh (powd.); 0.1% max. on 325 mesh (atomized); insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.97; m.p. 140-145 C; acid no. 8 max.; flash pt. 285 C

- Uses: Dispersant and scale inhibitor in process industries, e.g. mining and min. handling (china clay, metal ores), inorg. pigment disp., papermaking, textile processing, sugar processing, paint mfg., boiler water treatment; treatment of swimming pool water, prod. of potable water from sea water;
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180; BGA Ch. 36; UK Drinking
- Properties: Aq. sol'n.; sp.gr. 1.1-1.3; visc. 150-350 cps; pH 7.0-8.5; 40-42%
- Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylic acid ag. sol'n.
- Uses: Dispersant and scale inhibitor in process industries, e.g. mining and min. handling (china clay, metal ores), inorg. pigment disp., papermaking, textile processing, sugar processing, paint mfg., boiler water treatment; treatment of swimming pool water, prod. of potable water from sea water; food-contact paper/paperboard; may be neutralized with sodium, ammonium, or potassium alkalis for applic. in neutral pH range
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180; BGA Ch. 36; UK Drinking
- Properties: Clear pale yel. liq.; visc. 400-600 cps; pH 2.8-4.2; 50-52%

- Uses: Dispersant and scale inhibitor in process industries, e.g. mining and min. handling (china clay, metal ores), inorg. pigment disp., papermaking, textile processing, sugar processing, paint mfg., boiler water treatment; treatment of swimming pool water, prod. of potable water from sea water;
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180; BGA Ch. 36; UK Drinking
- Properties: Aq. sol'n.; sp.gr. 1.1-1.3; visc. 350-700 cps; pH 7.5-9.0; 40-42%
- Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate aq. sol'n.
- Uses: Dispersant and scale inhibitor in process industries, e.g. mining and min. handling (china clay, metal ores), inorg. pigment disp., papermaking, textile processing, sugar processing, paint mfg., boiler water treatment; treatment of swimming pool water, prod. of potable water from sea water;
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180; BGA Ch. 36; UK Drinking
- Properties: Aq. sol'n.; sp.gr. 1.1-1.3; visc. 850-1300 cps; pH 7.5-9.0; 40-

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate aq. sol'n.

Uses: Dispersant and scale inhibitor in process industries, e.g. mining and min. handling (china clay, metal ores), inorg. pigment disp., papermaking, textile processing, sugar processing, paint mfg., boiler water treatment; treatment of swimming pool water, prod. of potable water from sea water; food-contact paper/paperboard; rec. where ammonium ions are acceptable

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180; BGA Ch. 36; UK Drinking Water Inspectorate approved Properties: Aq. sol'n.; sp.gr. 1.1-1.3; visc. 500-1000 cps; pH 6.5-8.0; 40-42% solids Toxicology: Nonhazardous in isopropanol Acritamer® 501E [R.I.T.A.] Chem. Descrip.: Carbomer CAS 9003-01-4 Uses: Thickener, dispersant, suspending agent for emulsion stabilization of various cosmetics applics., industrial use (paper mfg. and treatment, fiberglass prod., low visc. lubricants, nat. and syn. fiber processing), mod. ionic systems, textured paints Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. in water, alcohol; visc. 2500-6400 cps (0.2wt%); bulk dens. 0.2 g/ml Toxicology: Acute eye, oral, skin irritation Storage: Hygroscopic; ensure bags are sealed completely during storage; use as soon as possible after opening Acritamer® 504E [R.I.T.A.] Chem. Descrip .: Carbomer CAS 9003-01-4 Uses: Thickener, dispersant, suspending agent for stabilization of water or solvent-based lubricants, emulsions, and graphite, polyethylene, fiber, and paper suspensions Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. in water, alcohol; visc. 2000-5450 cps (0.2wt%); bulk dens. 0.2 g/ml Toxicology: Acute eye, oral, skin irritation Storage: Hygroscopic; ensure bags are sealed completely during storage; use as soon as possible after opening Acronal[®] [BASF AG] Chem. Descrip .: Acrylate homo- and copolymers CAS 25133-97-5 Uses: Binder for paper and board coating; binder and coating agent for prod. of materials based on leather fibers Acronal® NX 4786 [BASF] Chem. Descrip.: Butyl acrylate/styrene aq. copolymer dispersion Uses: Binder for label paper coatings and as clear coats on paper where abrasion resist. is required; exc. alkali, abrasion, and water resist. Acronal® S 504 [BASF] Chem. Descrip.: n-Butyl acrylate/acrylonitrile/styrene copolymer aq. disp. Uses: Binder for paper/paperboard coatings, incl. those used for food pkg. contains no plasticizers or solvs.; exc. lightfastness; outstanding print mottle resist.; yields coatings with exc. print gloss and smoothness Acronal® S 728 [BASF] Chem. Descrip.: n-Butyl acrylate/styrene copolymer aq. disp. Uses: Binder for paper/paperboard coatings; provides paper coatings with exc. sheet and print gloss; exc. runnability; contains no plasticizers or solvs. Acrosol[®] [BASF AG] Properties: Liq. Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic acid ester copolymers CAS 25133-97-5 Uses: Cobinder for paper coatings zolin-3-one Acrosol™ B 37 D [BASF] Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic acid/acrylic ester/acrylonitrile copolymer ag. disp. Uses: Binder for coating colors in papermaking; contains no plasticizers or solvs. Properties: Anionic Acrosol™ C 50 L [BASF] Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic acid/acrylic ester/acrylonitrile copolymer zolin-3-one Uses: Cobinder for coating paper on board; modifies visc., water retention, and rheology of coating colors; activates fluorescent brighteners in coatings; enhances runnability of metered size presses; contains no plasticizers or solvs Acrosol[™] PR 8720 X [BASF] Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic ester/acrylonitrile copolymer aq. sol'n. zolin-3-one Uses: Cobinder for coating of paperboard; improves gluability of coated paperboards by incorporating porosity and structure to the coating; protein substitute in paperboard coating without the requirement of cooking; provides better water retention than protein prods. and improves final sheet brightness; and fungi contains no plasticizers or solvs. Acrylidone[®] Resins [ISP] Uses: Hydrosulfite stabilizer for mech. pulp mfg.

Chem. Descrip.: Linear, random copolymer of vinylpyrrolidone and acrylic acid

Uses: For water-resist. coatings for ink jet recording media; dispersant in preparation of carbonless paper microcapsules and ceramic glazes Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; disp. in water; sol. in strong ag. bases or acids; m.w. 80,000-250,000; 50% hexadecene; also avail. as 55% solids AcryPrint[™] 2115 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Acrylate latex Uses: Latex for paperboard; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; exc. gloss, print mottle; inc. ink holdout and str.; contributes to folding chars. and offset water/ink absorp. balance Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: Sm. particle size; visc. 300 cps; pH 7; 47% total solids AcryPrint[™] 2129 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Acrylate latex Uses: Latex for paperboard; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; exc. gloss, print ink uniformity; inc. ink holdout and str.; contributes to glueability, print mottle, folding chars. and offset water/ink absorp. balance Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: Med. particle size; visc. 140 cps; pH 6.5; 48% total solids AcryPrint[™] 2163 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Terpolymer latex Uses: Stiffener for paperboard; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; aids printability, str., and mylar adhesion; inc. ink holdout; contributes to glueability, print mottle, folding chars. and offset water/ink absorp. balance Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: Sm. particle size; visc. 300 cps; pH 7; 47% total solids ACter® 1450 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Ethylene/acrylic acid/vinyl acetate copolymer CAS 26713-18-8 Uses: Used for floor polishes, emulsion formulas; food pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180 Properties: Acid no. 33-36; ester no. 21-25; hardness 4-6 dmm Acticide® DW [Thor UK] Chem. Descrip.: 2-N-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one Uses: Biocide, algicide, fungicide for protection of ag. and solv.-based coatings, films, and other prods.; preservative, biocide, bactericide, fungicide, slimicide for paper/pulp Properties: Liq.; 15% act. Acticide® HF [Thor UK] Chem. Descrip.: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one, 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one, with formaldehyde donor Uses: Biocide for complete wet-state preservation of wide range of ag. prods.; preservative, biocide, bactericide, fungicide, slimicide for paper/pulp; broad spectrum activity Acticide® SPX [Thor UK] Chem. Descrip.: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one, 2-methyl-4-isothia-Uses: Biocide for wet-state preservation of wide range of aq., formaldehydesensitive prods.; preservative, biocide, bactericide, fungicide, slimicide for paper/pulp; solv.-free; formaldehyde-free Properties: Liq.; 1.4-1.6% act. Acticide® WT [Thor UK] Chem. Descrip.: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one, 2-methyl-4-isothia-Uses: Biocide, bactericide, fungicide for water treatment and paper mill applics.; formaldehyde-free Properties: Liq.; 1.5% act. Acticide® WTC [Thor UK] Chem. Descrip.: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one, 2-methyl-4-isothia-Uses: Microbicide for wet-state protection of aq. formulations, for industrial water treatment, and prod. of preservatives; biocide, bactericide, fungicide, slimicide in paper/pulp; formaldehyde-free; protects against bacteria, yeasts, Properties: Liq.; 13.5-14.5% act. Actiron[®] DTF 021 [Synthron SA]

Actiron® DTP 298 [Synthron SA]

Uses: Peroxide stabilizer for pulp deinking; very effective; enables sodium Chem. Descrip.: Sulfated oleic acid, ammonium neutralized silicate to be reduced or omitted Uses: Mold release agent; lubricant, emulsifier for pigment flushing, cleaners, textiles, paper processing Actiron[®] NS [Synthron SA] Properties: Liq.; water-disp.; 75% conc.; anionic Uses: Peroxide stabilizer improving level of whiteness in mech. pulp mfg. and deinking; total or partial replacement of sodium silicate Actiron® PME [Synthron SA] Environmental: Biodeg. Actrasol SRK 75 [Georgia-Pacific/Actrachem] Uses: Peroxide stabilizer in mech. pulp mfg. Chem. Descrip.: Sulfated oleic acid, potassium neutralized Actitex[®] [Pica USA] Uses: Mold release agent; lubricant, emulsifier for pigment flushing, cleaners, Chem. Descrip.: Activated carbon fabric textiles, paper processing CAS 7440-44-0; EINECS/ELINCS 231-153-3 Properties: Liq.; water-disp.; 75% conc.; anionic Uses: Fabric for adsorption of volatile compds. (paint solvs., polymers, paper Environmental: Biodeg. Acumer® 1000 [Rohm & Haas] industry, surf. cleaning and treatments), gas separation, adsorption of odors (air conditioning, air filtration), retention of toxic gases, gas storage, catalyst Chem. Descrip.: Partial sodium salt of polyacrylic acid, 20% neutralized CAS 9003-04-7 support; aids recycling or protection of the environment Actrafoam C [Georgia-Pacific/Actrachem] Uses: Scale inhibitor for industrial water treatment and oil prod. applics.; Chem. Descrip.: Blend of glycols, fatty acids, and nonionic surfactants in a reduces precipitation of low sol. inorg. salts; crystal modifier; dispersant preventing precipitated crystals from agglomerating and depositing on surhydrocarbon base faces; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; inhibits deposition of calcium Uses: Defoamer for water sewage applics., pulp/paper mfg. Properties: Lt. yel. oily liq., bland odor; dens. 7.30 lb/gal; acid no. 7.5; flash carbonate, calcium sulfate, barium sulfate, etc.; effective over wide range of pH, water hardness, and temps.; exc. freeze-thaw stability pt. (COC) 305 F Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.170, 176.180 Storage: May become solid at lower temps.; store at 70 F for at least 24 h if prod. should freeze Properties: Colorless to straw-colored clear to sl. hazy homogeneous sol'n.; Actrasol 6092 [Georgia-Pacific/Actrachem] sol. in brine sol'ns.; m.w. 2000 (avg.); dens. 10.3 lb/gal; visc. 100-400 cps; Chem. Descrip.: Šulfated rapeseed oil pH 3.2-4.0; 47-49% total solids CAS 617788-68-9 Toxicology: SI. eye and skin irritant Uses: Lubricant, emulsifier in pigment flushing, cleaners, textiles, paper Storage: Can develop sl. hazy appearance after long-term cold storage, and cause separation; does not impair performance, but recommend that prod. processing Actrasol C-50 [Georgia-Pacific/Actrachem] not freeze in order to avoid remixing Chem. Descrip.: Sulfated castor oil, sodium neutralized Acumer® 1020 [Rohm & Haas] Uses: Pigment wetting agent/dispersant for pigment flushing, cleaners, tex-Chem. Descrip .: Polyacrylic acid tiles, and paper processing; lubricant and emulsifier for metalworking fluids CAS 9003-01-4 Properties: Liq.; 50% act. in water; anionic Uses: Scale inhibitor for industrial water treatment and oil prod. applics.; Actrasol C-75 [Georgia-Pacific/Actrachem] reduces precipitation of low sol. inorg. salts; crystal modifier; dispersant preventing precipitated crystals from agglomerating and depositing on sur-Chem. Descrip.: Sulfated castor oil, sodium neutralized Uses: Pigment wetting agent/dispersant for pigment flushing, cleaners, texfaces; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; inhibits deposition of calcium carbonate, calcium sulfate, barium sulfate, etc.; effective over wide range of tiles, and paper processing; lubricant and emulsifier for metalworking fluids Properties: Liq.; water-sol.; 70% act. in water; anionic pH, water hardness, and temps.; exc. freeze-thaw stability Actrasol C-85 [Georgia-Pacific/Actrachem] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180; as sodium salt: 173.310, 176.170 Chem. Descrip.: Sulfated castor oil, sodium neutralized Properties: Colorless to straw colored, clear to sl. hazy homogeneous sol'n.; Uses: Pigment wetting agent/dispersant for pigment flushing, cleaners, texsol. in brine sol'ns.; m.w. 2000 (avg.); dens. 10.1 lb/gal; visc. < 1000 cps; tiles, and paper processing; lubricant and emulsifier for metalworking fluids pH 2.1-2.5; 39% act. Properties: Liq.; 75% act. in water; anionic Toxicology: Mod. eye irritant Actrasol OY-75 [Georgia-Pacific/Actrachem] Storage: Can develop sl. hazy appearance after long-term cold storage, and Chem. Descrip.: Sulfated soybean oil, sodium neutralized cause separation; does not impair performance, but recommend that prod. Uses: Lubricant, emulsifier in pigment flushing, cleaners, textiles, paper not freeze in order to avoid remixing processing Acumer® 1100 [Rohm & Haas] Properties: Liq.; water-disp.; 75% conc. Chem. Descrip.: Partial sodium salt of polyacrylic acid, 20% neutralized Environmental: Biodeg. CAS 9003-04-7 Actrasol PSR [Georgia-Pacific/Actrachem] Uses: Scale inhibitor for industrial water treatment and oil prod. applics.; Chem. Descrip.: Šulfated ricinoleic acid, potassium neutralized reduces precipitation of low sol. inorg. salts; crystal modifier; dispersant preventing precipitated crystals from agglomerating and depositing on sur-Uses: Pigment wetting agent/dispersant; aluminum lubricant; lubricant, emulsifier for pigment flushing, cleaners, textiles, paper processing faces; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; inhibits deposition of calcium Properties: Dk. amber lig.; 75% conc.; anionic carbonate, calcium sulfate, barium sulfate, etc.; effective over wide range of Actrasol SBO [Georgia-Pacific/Actrachem] pH, water hardness, and temps.; exc. freeze-thaw stability Chem. Descrip.: Sulfated butyl oleate, sodium neutralized Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.170, 176.180 Uses: Lubricant, emulsifier in pigment flushing, cleaners, textiles, paper Properties: Colorless to straw colored, clear to sl. hazy homogeneous sol'n.; sol. in brine sol'ns.; m.w. 4500 (avg.); dens. 10.2 lb/gal; visc. 500-1200 processing Properties: Anionic cps; pH 3.2-4.0; 44% act. Actrasol SP [Georgia-Pacific/Actrachem] *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 5 g/kg; sl. eye and skin *Chem. Descrip.:* Sulfonated tall oil fatty acid, sodium neutralized EINECS/ELINCS 268-372-9 irritant Environmental: LC50 (daphnia, 48 h) > 1000 ppm, (trout, 96 h) 700 ppm Uses: Wet process phosphoric acid defoamer; lubricant, emulsifier for pig-Storage: Can develop sl. hazy appearance after long-term cold storage, and ment flushing, cleaners, textiles, paper processing cause separation; does not impair performance, but recommend that prod. Properties: Liq.; water-sol.; 50% conc.; anionic not freeze in order to avoid remixing Actrasol SP 175K [Georgia-Pacific/Actrachem] Acumer® 1110 [Rohm & Haas] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate Chem. Descrip.: Sulfated tall oil, potassium neutralized EINECS/ELINCS 272-349-9 CAS 9003-04-7 Uses: Lubricant, emulsifier for pigment flushing, cleaners, textiles, paper Uses: Water treatment polymer for scale inhibition in stressed cooling water, processing boiler water sludge control; food-contact paper/paperboard; does not contain phosphorus; exc. freeze/thaw stability Properties: Liq.; water-disp.; 75% conc.; anionic Environmental: Biodeg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 176.170, 176.180 Properties: Colorless to straw colored, clear to sl. hazy homogeneous sol'n.; Actrasol SR 75 [Georgia-Pacific/Actrachem]

m.w. 4500 (avg.); dens. 11.1 lb/gal; visc. 500-1200 cps; pH 6.7; 33.5% act. Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 5 g/kg; sl. eye irritant, nonirritating to skin Environmental: LC50 (daphnia, 48 h) > 1000 ppm, (trout, 96 h) 700 ppm Storage: Can develop sl. hazy appearance after long-term cold storage, and cause separation; does not impair performance, but recommend that prod. not freeze in order to avoid remixing Acumer® 1510 [Rohm & Haas] Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylic acid homopolymer colloidal sol'n. CAS 9003-01-4 Uses: Dispersant for water treatment; modifier for aq. formulations, cleaners, binders, adhesives, emulsion paints; in reproduction processes; ceramic applics.; its salts as thickeners and dispersants for latex systems; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.170 Properties: Colorless clear visc. liq.; infinite dilutability with water; m.w. ≈ 60,000; visc. 160 cps; pH ≈ 2 (5% aq.); 25% solids Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 3 g/kg; causes eye damage and sl. skin irritation; vapors may be irritating to eyes and respiratory tract, and cause headache and nausea in poorly ventilated areas Acumer® 1850 [Rohm & Haas] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium salt of polycarboxylate CAS 37199-81-8 Uses: Acrylic water treatment polymer for applics. such as scale inhibition in stressed cooling water and boiler water sludge control; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170 Properties: M.w. 30,000; pH 9-10.8; 23% act. Acumer® 2100 [Rohm & Haas] Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylate/sulfonate copolymer Uses: Boiler water additive, cooling water additive, pulp/paper processing additive; dispersant for calcium carbonate, preventing scale buildup; foodcontact paper/paperboard; thermally stable; offers exc. iron tolerance Use Level: 15-20% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 176.170, 176.180 Properties: Clear liq.; m.w. 11,000; visc. 80-180 cps; pH 4.3-5.3; 37% solids Acumer® 4161 [Rohm & Haas] Chem. Descrip.: Phosphinopolycarboxylic acid aq. sol'n., partially neutralized Uses: Scale inhibitor and dispersant used in the water treatment industry, in boiler and cooling water, pulp/papermaking systems; food-contact paper/ paperboard; resist. to chlorine and compat. with most microbiological control agents Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 176.170, 176.180 Properties: Clear to sl. hazy liq.; m.w. 3300-3900; sp.gr. 1.20-1.25; dens. 10.0-10.4 lb/gal; visc. 500-2000 cps; pH 3.0-3.5; 50-52% total solids *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 5 g/kg; may cause eye irritation and sl. skin irritation Storage: Can develop sl. hazy appearance after long-term cold storage; does not impair performance; recommended that prod. not be frozen in order to avoid remix Acumer® 9000 [Rohm & Haas] Chem. Descrip .: Acrylic copolymer, sodium salt CAS 9003-04-7 Uses: Dispersant and stabilizer for high solids min. slurries; adjuvant in coatings; food-contact paper/paperboard; works well with all kaolin clays and calcium carbonate Use Level: < 2% (coatings) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: M.w. 2500; pH 7.5; 44% solids; anionic Acumer[®] 9141 [Rohm & Haas] Chem. Descrip .: Polyacrylic acid, sodium salt CAS 9003-04-7 Uses: Dispersant and stabilizer for high solids min. slurries; adjuvant in coatings; food-contact paper/paperboard; works well with all kaolin clays and calcium carbonate Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 approved Properties: M.w. 2000; pH 7.0; 48% solids; anionic Acumer® 9300 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate

CAS 9003-04-7

Uses: Scale inhibitor for industrial water treatment and oil prod. applics.; reduces precipitation of low sol. inorg. salts; crystal modifier; dispersant preventing precipitated crystals from agglomerating and depositing on surfaces; food-contact paper/paperboard; inhibits deposition of calcium carbonate, calcium sulfate, barium sulfate, etc.; effective over wide range of pH, water hardness, and temps.; exc. freeze-thaw stability

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 176.170, 176.180

- Properties: Colorless to straw-colored clear to sl. hazy homogeneous sol'n.; sol. in brine sol'ns.; m.w. 4500; dens. 11.1 lb/gal; visc. 500-1200 cps; pH 6.5-8.0; 44-46% total solids
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 5 g/kg; sl. eye irritant; nonirritating to skin
- Environmental: LC50 (daphnia, 48 h) > 1000 ppm, (trout, 96 h) 700 ppm, (sunfish, 96 h) > 1000 ppm
- Acumer[®] 9400 [Rohm & Haas]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Polyacrylic acid, sodium salt CAS 9003-04-7

Uses: Dispersant and stabilizer for high solids min. slurries; thickener for nat. rubber latex coatings; pigment dispersant in coatings; food-contact paper/ paperboard; works well with all kaolin clays and calcium carbonate Use Level: < 2% (rubber latex coatings); < 0.25% (pigment dispersant) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: M.w. 3600; pH 7.0; 42.5% solids; anionic

Acumer® 9460 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip .: Polyacrylic acid, partly neutralized sodium salt CAS 9003-04-7

Uses: Dispersant and stabilizer for high solids min. slurries; thickener for nat. rubber latex coatings; pigment dispersant in coatings; food-contact paper/ paperboard; works well with all kaolin clays and calcium carbonate Use Level: < 2% (rubber latex coatings); < 0.25% (pigment dispersant) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: M.w. 3600; pH 5.5; 43% solids; anionic

ACumist® A-12 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Micronized oxidized polyethylene homopolymer CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Uses: Wax additive for adhesives, inks, personal care, rubber applics.; provides matting and surf. props. to powd. coatings; suspension aid, flatting and texturizing agent, and binder for personal care prods.; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard, textiles; exc. mar and abrasion resist., COF reduction, recoatability; esp. for high temp. resist. systems

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800

Properties: Micronized powd.; 12 µ avg. particle size; dens. 0.99 g/cc; drop pt. 136 C; acid no. 26-40; hardness < 0.5 dmm

ACumist® A-18 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Micronized oxidized polyethylene homopolymer CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Uses: Wax additive for adhesives, inks, coatings, personal care, and rubber applics.; suspension aid, flatting and texturizing agent, and binder for personal care prods.; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard, textiles; exc. mar and abrasion resist., COF reduction, recoatability; esp. for high temp. resist. systems

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800

Properties: Micronized powd.; 18 µ avg. particle size; dens. 0.99 g/cc; drop pt. 136 C; acid no. 26-40; hardness < 0.5 dmm

ACumist[®] B-6 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Micronized HDPE homopolymer

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Wax additive for adhesives, inks, personal care, rubber applics.; provides matting, surf. props. to powd. coatings; good performance in solv.based coatings; suspension aid, flatting and texturizing agent, and binder for personal care prods.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; exc. mar and abrasion resist.; exc. recoatability
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
- Properties: Micronized powd.; 6 µ avg. particle size; dens. 0.96 g/cc; drop pt. 126 C; acid no. nil; hardness < 0.5 dmm
- ACumist[®] B-9 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Micronized HDPE homopolymer CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

<i>Uses:</i> Wax additive for adhesives, inks, personal care, and rubber applics.; good performance in solvbased coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; exc. mar and abrasion resist.; exc. recoatability <i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45 <i>Properties:</i> Micronized powd.; 9 µ avg. particle size; dens. 0.96 g/cc; drop pt 126 C; acid po. pii: bardness < 0.5 dmm	ł
ACumist® B-12 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Micronized HDPE homopolymer CAS 9002-88-4: EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3	
Uses: Wax additive for adhesives, inks, personal care, and rubber applics.; provides matting, surf. props. to powd. coatings; good performance in solv based coatings; suspension aid, flatting and texturizing agent, and binder for personal care prods.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; exc. mar and abrasion re- sist., exc. recoatability	ŀ
<i>Regulatory</i> : FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45	
Properties: Micronized powd.; 12 µ avg. particle size; dens. 0.96 g/cc; drop pt. 126 C; acid no. nil; hardness < 0.5 dmm ACumist® B-18 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]	
Chem. Descrip.: Micronized HDPE homopolymer CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3	
good performance in solvbased coatings; suspension aid, flatting and texturizing agent, and binder for personal care prods.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants; exc. mar and abrasion resist., exc. recoatability	,
Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45 Properties: Micronized powd.; 18 µ avg. particle size; dens. 0.96 g/cc; drop	
pt. 126 C; acid no. nil; hardness < 0.5 dmm	
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Micronized polyethylene homopolymer	ŀ
CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3	
abrasion resist. aid and slip resist. aid for coatings; suspension aid, flatting agent, texturizing agent, and binder for personal care prods.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, tex-	
tiles, luoricarits <i>Regulatory</i> : FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45	
Properties: Micronized powd.; 5 µ avg. particle size; dens. 0.95 g/cc; drop pt. 121 C; acid no. nil; hardness 1.0 dmm ACumist® C-9 [Honeywell Spec. Chems]	
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Micronized polyethylene homopolymer CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3	ŀ
Uses: Wax additive for adhesives, inks, personal care, and rubber applics.; abrasion resist. aid and slip resist. aid for coatings; suspension aid, flatting agent, texturizing agent, and binder for personal care prods.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, tex- tiles, lubricating	
<i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800,	
1/8.3570, 178.3850, 179.45 <i>Properties:</i> Micronized powd.; 9 μ avg. particle size; dens. 0.95 g/cc; drop pt. 121 C; acid no. nil: hardness 1.0 dmm	ŀ
ACumist® C-12 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.] <i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Micronized polyethylene homopolymer	
CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Wax additive for adhesives, inks, personal care, and rubber applics.:	
abrasion resist. aid and slip resist. aid for coatings; suspension aid, flatting agent, texturizing agent, and binder for personal care prods.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, tex- tiles, lubricants	ŀ
<i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800,	

178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45

Properties: Micronized powd.; 12μ avg. particle size; dens. 0.95 g/cc; drop pt. 121 C; acid no. nil; hardness 1.0 dmm

ACumist® C-18 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip .: Micronized polyethylene homopolymer

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Uses: Wax additive for adhesives, inks, personal care, and rubber applics.; abrasion resist. aid and slip resist. aid for coatings; suspension aid, flatting agent, texturizing agent, and binder for personal care prods.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45

Properties: Micronized powd.; 18 μ avg. particle size; dens. 0.95 g/cc; drop pt. 121 C; acid no. nil; hardness 1.0 dmm

ACumist® C-30 [Honeywell Spec. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Micronized polyethylene homopolymer

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Uses: Wax additive for inks, coatings, rubber applics.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, lubricants

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45

Properties: Micronized powd.; 30 µ avg. particle size; dens. 0.95 g/cc; drop pt. 121 C; acid no. nil; hardness 1.0 dmm

Acusol® 810 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic crosslinked copolymer

CAS 25133-97-5

Uses: Detergent polymer, processing aid, stabilizer, thickener for detergents and cleaners, oven cleaners, dishwash liqs., highly loaded surfactant formulations, food industry cleaners, water treatment, min. processing, other industrial markets; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; best for extremely high pH

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180

Properties: Alkali-sol.; sp.gr. 1.046; visc. 1700-2700 cps (1% neutralized); pH 2.4-3.4; 18% solids; anionic

Acusol® 820 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic copolymer emulsion

CAS 25133-97-5

Uses: Detergent polymer, processing aid, thickener, and stabilizer for cosmetics, detergents and cleaners, abrasive creams, floor cleaners, rinse aids, dishwash liqs., alkaline toilet cleaners, water treatment, min. processing, other industrial markets; foam stabilizer; food-contact paper/paperboard; very thixotropic

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: Off-wh. milky liq.; alkali-sol.; m.w. 500,000; sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.75 lb/gal; visc. 20 cps; pH 2.7; 30% solids; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rats) > 5 g/kg; mod. irritating to eyes, sl. irritating to skin

Storage: Protect from freezing

Acusol® 823 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydrophobically modified acrylic polymer emulsion

Uses: Detergent polymer, thickener, and stabilizer for household and institutional detergents (liq. abrasive cleaners, oven cleaners, all purpose cleaners, dishwashing liq.); food-contact paper/paperboard; high electrolyte tolerance; high alkaline tolerance; low shear thinning

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: Clear sol'n.; alkali-sol.; sp.gr. 1.04; visc. 30 cps; pH 3.2; 30% polymer; anionic

Acusol® 830 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic crosslinked copolymer

CAS 25133-97-5

Uses: Detergent polymer, thickener, stabilizer for detergents, floor polishes, window cleaners, solv.-based cleaners, paint strippers, lubricant emulsions, car polishes, antifreeze, water treatment, min. processing, other industrial markets; food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: Alkali-sol.; sp.gr. 1.054; visc. 10 cps; pH 3; 28% solids; anionic Acusol® 842 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic copolymer

CAS 25133-97-5

Uses: Detergent polymer, thickener for detergents and cleaners (abrasive cleaners, scourers, machine dishwashing ligs., floor cleaners); foam stabilizer; good particulate suspension; film forming; food-contact paper/paperboard; good surfactant tolerance; good divalent ion tolerance; rheology close to cellulosics Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: Alkali-sol.; sp.gr. 1.050; visc. 200 cps; pH 2.5-3.5; 17.5-18.5% solids; anionic Adeka PEG-200 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-4 CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9 Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, lubricant for textiles, paper, syn. resins, cosmetics, and pharmaceutical industries; good sol. and compat. Properties: Transparent liq.; m.w. 200; nonionic Toxicology: Low toxicity; mild irritation Adeka PEG-300 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-6 CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 220-045-1 Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, lubricant for textiles, paper, syn. resins, cosmetics, and pharmaceutical industries; good sol. and compat. Properties: Transparent liq.; m.w. 300; nonionic Toxicology: Low toxicity; mild irritation Adeka PEG-400 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-8 CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 225-856-4 Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, lubricant for textiles, paper, syn. resins, cosmetics, and pharmaceutical industries; good sol. and compat. Properties: Transparent liq.; m.w. 400; nonionic Toxicology: Low toxicity; mild irritation Adeka PEG-600 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-12 CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 229-859-1 Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, lubricant for textiles, paper, syn. resins, cosmetics, and pharmaceutical industries; good sol. and compat. Properties: Transparent liq.; m.w. 600; nonionic Toxicology: Low toxicity; mild irritation Adeka PEG-1000 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-20 CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9 Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, lubricant for textiles, paper, syn. resins, cosmetics, and pharmaceutical industries; good sol. and compat. Properties: Wh. paste; m.w. 1000; nonionic Toxicology: Low toxicity; mild irritation Adeka PEG-1500 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene glycol Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, lubricant for textiles, paper, syn. resins, cosmetics, and pharmaceutical industries; good sol. and compat. Properties: Wh. paste; m.w. 1500 Toxicology: Low toxicity; mild irritation Adeka PEG-4000 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene glycol Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, lubricant for textiles, paper, syn. resins, cosmetics, and pharmaceutical industries; good sol. and compat. Properties: Wh. flake; m.w. 4000 Toxicology: Low toxicity; mild irritation Adeka PEG-6000 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene glycol Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, lubricant for textiles, paper, syn. resins, cosmetics, and pharmaceutical industries; good sol. and compat. Properties: Wh. flake; m.w. 6000 Toxicology: Low toxicity; mild irritation Adeka PEG-20,000 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] *Chem. Descrip.:* Polyethylene glycol Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, lubricant for textiles, paper, syn. resins, cosmetics, and pharmaceutical industries; good sol. and compat. Properties: Wh. flake; m.w. 20,000 *Toxicology:* Low toxicity; mild irritation Adeka Catioace DM-30A [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Tetraamonium salt type polymer Uses: Surfactant, pigment dispersant for water-based systems; paper/pulp conductive agents Properties: Cationic

Adekahope DES-3025 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: High alcohol ether sulfate Uses: Emulsifier, detergent for cosmetics, textiles, paper/pulp, petrol., paints, inks, dyes, pharmaceuticals, agric., metal cleaning, rubber, and plastics industries; polymerization emulsifier *Properties:* Liq.; 25% solids; anionic Adekahope DS-25 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Higher alcohol sulfate Uses: Emulsifier, detergent for cosmetics, textiles, paper/pulp, petrol., paints, inks, dyes, pharmaceuticals, agric., metal cleaning, rubber, and plastics industries; polymerization emulsifier Properties: Liq.; 25% solids; anionic Adekahope HAN-40 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Emulsifier, detergent for cosmetics, textiles, paper/pulp, petrol., paints, inks, dyes, pharmaceuticals, agric., metal cleaning, rubber, and plastics industries Properties: Powd.; 40% solids; anionic Adekahope LS-35 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Nat. alcohol sulfate Uses: Emulsifier, detergent for cosmetics, textiles, paper/pulp, petrol., paints, inks, dyes, pharmaceuticals, agric., metal cleaning, rubber, and plastics industries; polymerization emulsifier Properties: Liq.; 35% solids; anionic Adekahope LS-90 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Nat. alcohol sulfate Uses: Emulsifier, detergent for cosmetics, textiles, paper/pulp, petrol., paints, inks, dyes, pharmaceuticals, agric., metal cleaning, rubber, and plastics industries; polymerization emulsifier Properties: Liq.; 90% solids; anionic Adekahope LST [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Nat. alcohol sulfate Uses: Emulsifier, detergent for cosmetics, textiles, paper/pulp, petrol., paints, inks, dyes, pharmaceuticals, agric., metal cleaning, rubber, and plastics industries; polymerization emulsifier *Properties:* Liq.; 35% solids; anionic Adekahope MS-30C [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Nat. alcohol sulfate Uses: Emulsifier, detergent for cosmetics, textiles, paper/pulp, petrol., paints, inks, dyes, pharmaceuticals, agric., metal cleaning, rubber, and plastics industries Properties: Paste; 30% solids; anionic Adekahope MS-90P [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Nat. alcohol sulfate Uses: Emulsifier, detergent for cosmetics, textiles, paper/pulp, petrol., paints, inks, dyes, pharmaceuticals, agric., metal cleaning, rubber, and plastics industries Properties: Powd.; 90% solids; anionic Adekahope NES-60N [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic ether sulfate Uses: Emulsifier, detergent for cosmetics, textiles, paper/pulp, petrol., paints, inks, dyes, pharmaceuticals, agric., metal cleaning, rubber, and plastics industries; polymerization emulsifier Properties: Yel. liq.; pH 7.0 (3% aq.); 60% solids; anionic Adekahope SAN-40PD [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Emulsifier, detergent for cosmetics, textiles, paper/pulp, petrol., paints, inks, dyes, pharmaceuticals, agric., metal cleaning, rubber, and plastics industries Properties: Powd.; 40% solids; anionic Adekahope TR-45 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Sulfated oil Uses: Emulsifier, detergent for cosmetics, textiles, paper/pulp, petrol., paints, inks, dyes, pharmaceuticals, agric., metal cleaning, rubber, and plastics industries Properties: Liq.; 45% solids; anionic Adekahope YES-25 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip .: Nat. alcohol ether sulfate Uses: Emulsifier, detergent for cosmetics, textiles, paper/pulp, petrol., paints, inks, dyes, pharmaceuticals, agric., metal cleaning, rubber, and plastics industries; polymerization emulsifier Properties: Liq.; 25% solids; anionic Adeka Hypote [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip .: Sodium hypochlorite

Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; sp.gr. 0.91; pH 7.5 (3% aq.); 100% act. Adekanate B-190 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] CAS 7681-52-9; EINECS/ELINCS 231-668-3 Uses: Bleaching agent for fiber, pulp/paper, chemicals, food, water treatment Adekamine 4DAC-80 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone blend Chem. Descrip.: Dialkyl type tetraammonium salt Uses: Defoamer for syn. resin emulsion, emulsion-type adhesives, emul-Uses: Surfactant, antistat, softener, emulsifier, dispersant in textiles, paper sion-type paints, latex prod., paper/pulp industry, wastewater, paints, inks, depitching, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, rubber, plastics applics.; emulsion dyes, rubber, and plastics; good foam breaking; long lasting defoaming effect Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; sp.gr. 1.02; pH 7.0 (3% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic breaker in petrol.; wetting agent and dispersant for pigments and paints Adekanate B-192 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Properties: SI. brn. lig.; 80% solid; cationic Toxicology: Mild irritation Chem. Descrip.: Silicone blend Adekamine 4DAC-85 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Defoamer for syn. resin emulsions, emulsion-type adhesives, emul-Chem. Descrip.: Dialkyl type tetraammonium salt sion-type paints, latex prod., paper/pulp industry, wastewater, paints, inks, Uses: Surfactant, antistat, softener, emulsifier, dispersant in textiles, paper dyes, rubber, and plastics; good foam breaking; long lasting defoaming effect depitching, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, rubber, plastics applics.; emulsion Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; sp.gr. 1.02; pH 7.0 (3% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic breaker in petrol.; wetting agent, dispersant for pigments and paints Adekanate B-505 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Properties: SI. brn. liq.; 85% solid; cationic Chem. Descrip.: Blended mineral oils Toxicology: Mild irritation Uses: Defoamer for syn. resin emulsions, emulsion-type adhesives, emul-Adekamine 4MAC-30 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] sion-type paints, latex prod., paper/pulp industry, wastewater, paints, inks, Chem. Descrip.: Monoalkyl type tetraammonium salt dyes, rubber, and plastics; good foam breaking; long lasting defoaming effect Uses: Surfactant, antistat, softener, emulsifier, dispersant in textiles, paper *Properties:* Lt. yel. liq.; sp.gr. 0.90; pH 9.0 (3% aq.); 100% solids Adekanate B-556 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] depitching, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, rubber, plastics applics.; emulsion breaker in petrol.; wetting agent, dispersant for pigments and paints Chem. Descrip.: Blended mineral oils Properties: Transparent liq.; 30% solid; cationic Uses: Surfactant, defoamer for syn. resin emulsions, emulsion-type adhe-Toxicology: Mild irritation sives, emulsion-type paints, latex prod., textiles, wastewater, paints, inks, dyes, rubber, plastics, paper industry, recovery of pulping liquor; good foam Adekamine ADG-30 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip .: Alkyl glycine type breaking; long lasting defoaming Uses: Surfactant, antistat, softener, emulsifier, dispersant in textiles, paper Use Level: 1-100 ppm (paper industry); 0.05-0.5% (textile dyeing) Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; sp.gr. 0.90; pH 9.0 (3% aq.); 100% solids depitching, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, rubber, plastics applics.; emulsion breaker in petrol.; wetting agent, dispersant for pigments and paints Adekanate B-590 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Properties: Liq.; 30% solid; cationic Chem. Descrip.: Special nonionics Toxicology: Mild irritation Uses: Antifoam for paper/pulp, wastewater, paints, inks, dyes, rubber, and Adekamine E Series [Asahi Denka Kogyo] plastics Chem. Descrip .: Mono- or di-alkyl tetraamonium salts Properties: Amber liq.; sp.gr. 0.95; pH 4.0 (3% aq.); 100% act. Uses: Surfactant, softener, antistat, emulsifier in textiles, paper depitching, Adekanate B-748A [Asahi Denka Kogyo] cosmetic, pharmaceutical, rubber, plastics applics.; emulsion breaker in Chem. Descrip.: Blended mineral oils petrol.; wetting agent, dispersant for pigments and paints Uses: Defoamer for syn. resin emulsions, emulsion-type adhesives, emulsion-type paints, latex prod., paper pulp industry, wastewater, paints, inks, Properties: Cationic dyes, rubber, and plastics; good foam breaking; long lasting defoaming effect Toxicology: Mildly irritating Adekamine LDM [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Use Level: 50-100 ppm (resin emulsion) Properties: Wh. milky liq.; sp.gr. 0.90; pH 9.5 (3% aq.); 100% solids Chem. Descrip.: Alkylamine oxide Adekanate B-925 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, antistat, softener, emulsifier, dispersant in textiles, paper depitching, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, rubber, plastics applics.; emulsion Chem. Descrip.: Blended mineral oils breaker in petrol.; wetting agent, dispersant for pigments and paints Uses: Defoamer for syn. resin emulsions, emulsion-type adhesives, emul-Properties: Transparent liq.; 35% solid; cationic sion-type paints, latex prod., paper pulp industry, wastewater, paints, inks, Toxicology: Mild irritation dyes, rubber, and plastics; good foam breaking; long lasting defoaming effect Adekamine MD-30 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Use Level: 0.05-2% (adhesives); 0.01-0.1% owf (textile finishing) Chem. Descrip.: Alkylamine oxide Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; sp.gr. 1.02; pH 7.0 (3% aq.); 100% solids; nonionic Adekanate B-940 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, antistat, softener, emulsifier, dispersant in textiles, paper depitching, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, rubber, plastics applics.; emulsion Chem. Descrip.: Blended mineral oils breaker in petrol.; wetting agent, dispersant for pigments and paints Uses: Defoamer for syn. resin emulsions, emulsion-type adhesives, emul-Properties: Liq.; 30% solid; cationic sion-type paints, latex prod., paper pulp industry, wastewater, paints, inks, dyes, rubber, and plastics; good foam breaking; long lasting defoaming effect Adekamine MT-50 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Monoalkyl type tetraammonium salt Use Level: 50-100 ppm (resin emulsion); 0.05-0.5% (textile dyeing) Uses: Surfactant, antistat, softener, emulsifier, dispersant in textiles, paper Properties: Lt. vel. liq.; sp.gr. 0.90; pH 5.0 (3% aq.); 100% solids Adekanate B-970 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] depitching, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, rubber, plastics applics.; emulsion breaker in petrol.; wetting agent, dispersant for pigments and paints Chem. Descrip.: Blended mineral oils Properties: SI. brn. liq.; 50% solid; cationic Uses: Defoamer for syn. resin emulsions, emulsion-type adhesives, emul-Adekamine PMS-100 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] sion-type paints, latex prod., paper pulp industry, wastewater, paints, inks, Chem. Descrip.: Polyamine derivative dyes, rubber, and plastics; good foam breaking; long lasting defoaming effect Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; sp.gr. 1.02; pH 8.0; 100% solids; nonionic Uses: Surfactant, antistat, softener, emulsifier, dispersant in textiles, paper depitching, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, rubber, plastics applics.; emulsion Adekanate B-988 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] breaker in petrol.; wetting agent, dispersant for pigments and paints Chem. Descrip.: Blended mineral oils Properties: SI. yellowish flake; 100% solid; cationic Uses: Defoamer for syn. resin emulsions, emulsion-type adhesives, emul-Adekanate B-107F [Asahi Denka Kogyo] sion-type paints, latex prod., paper pulp industry, wastewater, paints, inks, dyes, rubber, and plastics; good foam breaking; long lasting defoaming effect Uses: Defoamer for polymer cement, papermaking, wastewater, paints, inks, *Properties:* Lt. yel. liq.; sp.gr. 1.01; pH 7.0 (3% aq.); 100% solids Adekanate B-1011 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] dyes, rubber, plastics applics. Properties: Wh. powd.; pH 7.0 (3% aq.); 100% solids Adekanate B-187 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Blended mineral oils Chem. Descrip.: Blended mineral oils Uses: Defoamer for syn. resin emulsions, emulsion-type adhesives, emul-Uses: Defoamer for syn. resin emulsions, emulsion-type adhesives, emulsion-type paints, latex prod., paper pulp industry, wastewater, paints, inks, dyes, rubber, and plastics; good foam breaking; long lasting defoaming effect sion-type paints, latex prod., paper/pulp industry, wastewater, paints, inks, dyes, rubber, and plastics; good foam breaking; long lasting defoaming effect Properties: Lt. yel. liq. Adekanate B-1012 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Use Level: 50-100 ppm (resin emulsion)

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Chem. Descrip.: Silicone blend	Properties: Transparent or semi-transparent lig.: cloud pt. 16 C; nonionic
Uses: Defoamer for syn. resin emulsions, emulsion-type adhesives, emul-	Toxicology: Mild irritation; low toxicity
sion-type paints, latex prod., paper pulp industry, wastewater, paints, inks,	Adekanol B-733 [Asahi Denka Kogyo]
dyes, rubber, and plastics; good foam breaking; long lasting defoaming effect	Uses: Surfactant, detergent for metal, paper/pulp, paints, agric., and textiles;
Adekanate B-1015 [Asahi Denka Kogyo]	Properties: Transparent or semi-transparent lig.: sp.gr. 1.00: cloud pt. 31 C:
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Silicone blend	pH 7.0 (3% aq.); 100% solids; nonionic
Uses: Defoamer for syn. resin emulsions, emulsion-type adhesives, emul-	Toxicology: Mild irritation; low toxicity
sion-type paints, latex prod., paper pulp industry, wastewater, paints, inks,	Adekanol B-750 [Asahi Denka Kogyo]
Use Level: 50-100 nnm (resin emulsion): 0.05-0.5% (textile dveing)	biob detergency low foaming
<i>Properties:</i> Lt. yel. transparent liq.; sp.gr. 1.01; pH 7.0 (3% aq.); 100%	Properties: Transparent or semi-transparent liq.; cloud pt. 4 C; nonionic
solids; nonionic	Toxicology: Mild irritation; low toxicity
Adekanate B-1016 [Asahi Denka Kogyo]	Adekanol B-762 [Asahi Denka Kogyo]
Chem. Descrip.: Silicone biena Uses: Defoamer for syn resin emulsions, emulsion-type adhesiyes, emul-	Diament wetting agent: high detergency low foaming
sion-type paints, latex prod., paper pulp industry, wastewater, paints, inks,	<i>Properties:</i> Transparent or semi-transparent liq.; sp.qr. 1.00; cloud pt. 40 C;
dyes, rubber, and plastics; good foam breaking; long lasting defoaming effect	pH 7.0 (3% aq.); 100% solids; nonionic
Use Level: 50-100 ppm (resin emulsion); 0.05-2% (adhesives); 0.05-0.5%	Toxicology: Mild irritation; low toxicity
(lexule dyeing) Properties: Whi suspension: spigr 1.02: pH 6.0 (3% ag): 100% solids:	Adekanol B-780 [Asani Denka Kogyo]
nonionic	high detergency, low foaming
Adekanate B-1019 [Asahi Denka Kogyo]	Properties: Transparent or semi-transparent liq.; cloud pt. 0 C; nonionic
Chem. Descrip.: Silicone-based emulsion	<i>Toxicology:</i> Mild irritation; low toxicity
Uses: Antifoam for paper/pulp, wastewater, paints, inks, dyes, rubber, and	Adekanol B-795 [Asahi Denka Kogyo]
Properties: Milky wh. lig.: sp.gr. 1.02; pH 7.0 (3% ag.); 45% act.	pigment wetting agent: high detergency, low foaming
Adekanate B-3056A [Asahi Denka Kogyo]	Properties: Transparent or semi-transparent liq.; sp.gr. 1.00; cloud pt. 37 C;
Chem. Descrip.: Mineral oil-based	pH 7.0 (3% aq.); 100% solids; nonionic
Uses: Detoamer for glossy paints, resin emulsions, syn. rubber and latexes,	Ioxicology: Mild Irritation; Iow toxicity
Use Level: 100-500 ppm	<i>Lises:</i> Surfactant, detergent for metal, paper/pulp, paints, agric., and textiles:
<i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §176.200, 176.210, 176.250	pigment wetting agent; high detergency, low foaming
Properties: Amber suspension; sp.gr. 0.90; pH 5.0 (3% aq.); 100% solids	Properties: Transparent or semi-transparent liq.; sp.gr. 1.00; cloud pt. 32 C;
Adekanol 25R-1 [Asahi Denka Kogyo]	pH 7.0 (3% aq.); 100% solids; nonionic
CAS 9003-11-6	Adekanol B-2020 [Asabi Denka Kogyo]
Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubricant for	Uses: Surfactant, detergent for metal, paper/pulp, paints, agric., and textiles;
textiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint	high detergency, low foaming
pigments, oil, leather, photography, and agric. forest industries; detergent in	Properties: Transparent or semi-transparent liq.; cloud pt. 24 C; nonionic
alkali, perovide metallic ion	Adekanol B-2030 [Asabi Denka Kogyo]
Properties: Transparent lig.; nonionic	Uses: Surfactant, detergent for metal, paper/pulp, paints, agric., and textiles;
<i>Toxicology:</i> Low toxicity	high detergency, low foaming
Adekanol 25R-2 [Asahi Denka Kogyo]	Properties: Transparent or semi-transparent liq.; cloud pt. 17 C; nonionic
CAS 9003-11-6	Adekanol B-4001 [Asabi Denka Kogyo]
Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubricant for	Uses: Surfactant, detergent for metal, paper/pulp, paints, agric., and textiles;
textiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint	high detergency, low foaming
pigments, oil, leather, photography, and agric. forest industries; detergent in	Properties: Transparent or semi-transparent liq.; cloud pt. 66 C; nonionic
alkali, peroxide metallic ion	Adekanol B-4009 [Asabi Denka Kogyo]
Properties: Transparent lig.; nonionic	Uses: Surfactant, detergent for metal, paper/pulp, paints, agric., and textiles;
<i>Toxicology:</i> Low toxicity	high detergency, low foaming
Adekanol B-608 [Asahi Denka Kogyo]	Properties: Transparent or semi-transparent liq.; cloud pt. 66 C; nonionic
Uses: Surraciant, detergent for metal, paper/pulp, paints, agric., and textiles;	IOXICOIOGY: IVIIIO IFFICATION; IOW TOXICITY Adekanol F.68 [Asabi Denka Kogyo]
Properties: Transparent or semi-transparent lig.: nonionic	<i>Chem. Descrip.</i> : POE-POP block copolymer
Toxicology: Mild irritation; low toxicity	CAS 9003-11-6
Adekanol B-713 [Asahi Denka Kogyo]	Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubricant for
Uses: Surfactant, detergent for metal, paper/pulp, paints, agric., and textiles;	textiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint
Properties: Transparent or semi-transparent lig.: cloud pt. 36 C: nonionic	tion emulsifier: low foaming: highly stable to acid, alkali, peroxide metallic
<i>Toxicology:</i> Mild irritation; low toxicity	ion
Adekanol B-714 [Asahi Denka Kogyo]	Properties: Wh. flake; nonionic
Uses: Surfactant, detergent for metal, paper/pulp, paints, agric., and textiles;	Ioxicology: Low toxicity
Properties: Transparent or semi-transparent line cloud pt 43 Cenopionic	Chem. Descrin.: POF-POP block copolymer
<i>Toxicology:</i> Mild irritation; low toxicity	CAS 9003-11-6
Adekanol B-722 [Asahi Denka Kogyo]	Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubricant for
Uses: Surfactant, detergent for metal, paper/pulp, paints, agric., and textiles;	textiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint
nigh detergency, low toaming	pigments, oil, leatner, photography, and agric. forest industries; polymeriza-

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tion emulsifier; low foaming; highly stable to acid, alkali, peroxide metallic Toxicology: Low toxicity Adekanol L-62 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] ion Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP block copolymer Properties: Wh. flake; nonionic Toxicology: Low toxicity CAS 9003-11-6 Adekanol F-108 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubricant for Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP block copolymer textiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint CAS 9003-11-6 pigments, oil, leather, photography, and agric. forest industries; polymeriza-Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubricant for tion emulsifier; low foaming; highly stable to acid, alkali, peroxide metallic textiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint ion pigments, oil, leather, photography, and agric. forest industries; polymeriza-Properties: Transparent or translucent liq.; nonionic tion emulsifier; low foaming; highly stable to acid, alkali, peroxide metallic Toxicology: Low toxicity Adekanol L-64 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] ion Properties: Wh. flake; nonionic Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP block copolymer Toxicology: Low toxicity CAS 9003-11-6 Adekanol F-127 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubricant for Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP block copolymer textiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint pigments, oil, leather, photography, and agric. forest industries; polymeriza-CAS 9003-11-6 tion emulsifier; low foaming; highly stable to acid, alkali, peroxide metallic Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubricant for textiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint ion pigments, oil, leather, photography, and agric. forest industries; polymeriza-Properties: Transparent or translucent lig.; nonionic tion emulsifier; low foaming; highly stable to acid, alkali, peroxide metallic Toxicology: Low toxicity Adekanol L-71 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] ion Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP block copolymer Properties: Wh. flake; nonionic Toxicology: Low toxicity CAS 9003-11-6 Adekanol G-135, G-145 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubricant for Uses: Foam breaking and foam preventive additive for papermaking textiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint Adekanol G-683 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] pigments, oil, leather, photography, and agric. forest industries; low foaming; Chem. Descrip.: Silicone defoamer highly stable to acid, alkali, peroxide metallic ion Use Level: 0.05-0.5% (paint) Uses: Defoamer for papermaking Properties: Transparent or translucent liq.; nonionic Adekanol KS-220 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone Toxicology: Low toxicity Adekanol L-72 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Antifoam for papermaking, wastewater treatment; does not affect performance of sizing agents; long-lasting effects Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP block copolymer CAS 9003-11-6 Properties: Emulsion Adekanol L-31 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubricant for Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP block copolymer textiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint pigments, oil, leather, photography, and agric. forest industries; low foaming; CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubricant for highly stable to acid, alkali, peroxide metallic ion textiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint Use Level: 0.05-0.5% (paint) pigments, oil, leather, photography, and agric. forest industries; low foaming; Properties: Transparent or translucent liq.; nonionic highly stable to acid, alkali, peroxide metallic ion Toxicology: Low toxicity Properties: Transparent or translucent liq.; nonionic Adekanol L-101 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Toxicology: Low toxicity Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP block copolymer Adekanol L-34 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] CAS 9003-11-6 Chem. Descrip .: POE-POP block copolymer Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubricant for CAS 9003-11-6 textiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubricant for pigments, oil, leather, photography, and agric. forest industries; low foaming; textiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint highly stable to acid, alkali, peroxide metallic ion pigments, oil, leather, photography, and agric. forest industries; low foaming; Properties: Transparent or translucent lig.; nonionic highly stable to acid, alkali, peroxide metallic ion Toxicology: Low toxicity Adekanol L-121 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Properties: Transparent or translucent liq.; nonionic Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP block copolymer Toxicology: Low toxicity Adekanol L-44 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubricant for Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP block copolymer CAS 9003-11-6 textiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubricant for pigments, oil, leather, photography, and agric. forest industries; low foaming; textiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint highly stable to acid, alkali, peroxide metallic ion pigments, oil, leather, photography, and agric. forest industries; low foaming; Properties: Transparent or translucent liq.; nonionic highly stable to acid, alkali, peroxide metallic ion Toxicology: Low toxicity Properties: Transparent or translucent lig.; nonionic Adekanol L-122 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP block copolymer Toxicology: Low toxicity Adekanol L-61 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] CAS 9003-11-6 Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP block copolymer Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubricant for CAS 9003-11-6 textiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint Uses: Surfactant, defoamer, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubripigments, oil, leather, photography, and agric. forest industries; low foaming; highly stable to acid, alkali, peroxide metallic ion cant for textiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, fermentation, syn. resin emulsions, adhesives, paint pigments, oil, leather, photogra-Properties: Transparent or translucent liq.; nonionic phy, agric. forest industries; polymerization emulsifier; detergent in auto Toxicology: Low toxicity Adekanol LG-109 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] dishwash, bottle washing, etc.; highly stable to acid, alkali, peroxide metallic ion Chem. Descrip .: Polyether type surfactants Use Level: 0.005-0.1% (fermentation); 0.05-2% (adhesives) Uses: Antifoam for fermentation, paper/pulp, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint pigments, textiles, and wastewater treatment; detergent Properties: Transparent or translucent liq.; nonionic

in auto dishwash, bottle washing, etc.; good foam breaking/prevention Chem. Descrip.: Polyether type surfactants Uses: Antifoam for fermentation, paper/pulp, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmet-Use Level: 0.005-0.1% Properties: Transparent liq. ics, syn. resin paint pigments, textiles, and wastewater treatment; good Adekanol LG-121 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] foam breaking/prevention Chem. Descrip.: Polyether type surfactants Use Level: 0.005-0.1% Uses: Antifoam for fermentation, paper/pulp, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmet-Properties: Transparent liq.; highly disp. in water Adekanol LG-295S [Asahi Denka Kogyo] ics, syn. resin paint pigments, textiles, and wastewater treatment; detergent in auto dishwash, bottle washing, etc.; good foam breaking/prevention Chem. Descrip.: Polyether type surfactants Properties: Transparent liq. Uses: Antifoam for fermentation, paper/pulp, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmet-Adekanol LG-126 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] ics, syn. resin paint pigments, textiles, and wastewater treatment; good Chem. Descrip .: Polyether type surfactants foam breaking/prevention Use Level: 0.005-0.1% Uses: Antifoam for fermentation, paper/pulp, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint pigments, textiles, and wastewater treatment; detergent Properties: Transparent lig. Adekanol LG-297 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] in auto dishwash, bottle washing, etc.; suitable for org. acids, amino acids, Chem. Descrip .: Polyether type surfactants and antibiotics; good foam breaking/prevention Use Level: 0.005-0.1% (fermentation); 0.001-0.1% (wastewater treatment) Uses: Antifoam for fermentation, paper/pulp, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmet-Properties: Transparent liq. ics, syn. resin paint pigments, textiles, and wastewater treatment; good Adekanol LG-131N [Asahi Denka Kogyo] foam breaking/prevention Chem. Descrip.: Polyether type surfactants Use Level: 0.005-0.1% Uses: Antifoam for fermentation, paper/pulp, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmet-Properties: Transparent lig. Adekanol LG-674 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] ics, syn. resin paint pigments, textiles, slate prod., and wastewater treatment; good foam breaking/prevention Uses: Antifoam for fermentation, paper/pulp, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmet-Properties: Transparent lig. ics, syn. resin paint pigments, textiles, and wastewater treatment; good foam breaking/prevention Adekanol LG-135 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip .: Ester Properties: Wh. emulsion; nonionic Uses: Antifoam for fermentation, paper/pulp, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmet-Adekanol LG-805 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] ics, syn. resin paint pigments, textiles, slate prod., and wastewater treat-Chem. Descrip.: Polyether type surfactants ment; good foam breaking/prevention Uses: Antifoam for fermentation, paper/pulp, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmet-Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; nonionic ics, syn. resin paint pigments, textiles, and wastewater treatment; good Adekanol LG-139 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] foam breaking/prevention Use Level: 0.005-0.1% Uses: Antifoam for fermentation, paper/pulp, metal, pharmaceuticals, elec., cosmetics, syn. resin paint pigments, textiles, electronics, and wastewater Properties: Transparent liq. treatment; good foam breaking/prevention Adekanol P-84 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP block copolymer Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; nonionic Adekanol LG-141 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubricant for Uses: Antifoam for fermentation, paper/pulp, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint pigments, textiles, slate prod., and wastewater treattextiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint ment; good foam breaking/prevention pigments, oil, leather, photography, and agric. forest industries; polymeriza-Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; nonionic tion emulsifier; low foaming; highly stable to acid, alkali, peroxide metallic Adekanol LG-142 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] ion Chem. Descrip.: Polyether type surfactant Properties: Wh. paste; nonionic Uses: Antifoam for fermentation, recycled beet liquor, paper/pulp, metal, Toxicology: Low toxicity Adekanol P-85 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint pigments, textiles, and waste-Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP block copolymer water treatment; good foam breaking/prevention Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; nonionic Adekanol LG-145 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubricant for Chem. Descrip.: Ester textiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint Uses: Antifoam for fermentation, paper/pulp, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetpigments, oil, leather, photography, and agric. forest industries; polymerizaics, syn. resin paint pigments, textiles, and wastewater treatment; good tion emulsifier; low foaming; highly stable to acid, alkali, peroxide metallic foam breaking/prevention ion Use Level: 10-100 ppm (textile dyeing) Properties: Wh. paste; nonionic Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; nonionic Toxicology: Low toxicity Adekanol LG-150 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Adekanol P-103 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip .: Mineral oil type Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP block copolymer Uses: Antifoam for fermentation, paper/pulp, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmet-CAS 9003-11-6 ics, syn. resin paint pigments, textiles, and wastewater treatment; good Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, lubricant for foam breaking/prevention textiles, pulp/paper, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint Properties: Lt. yel. liq. pigments, oil, leather, photography, and agric. forest industries; polymeriza-Adekanol LG-163 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] tion emulsifier; low foaming; highly stable to acid, alkali, peroxide metallic Chem. Descrip.: Mineral oil type ion Properties: Wh. paste; nonionic Uses: Antifoam for fermentation, paper/pulp, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, syn. resin paint pigments, textiles, and wastewater treatment; good Toxicology: Low toxicity Adekanol RP-605D [Asahi Denka Kogyo] foam breaking/prevention Properties: Lt. yel. liq. Uses: Surfactant, deinking agent for waste paper; detergent; flotation system; Adekanol LG-200B [Asahi Denka Kogyo] offers good wetting, penetration, readhesion prevention of carbon; carbon Uses: Antifoam for fermentation, paper/pulp, metal, pharmaceuticals, cosmetcohesive type ics, syn. resin paint pigments, textiles, and wastewater treatment; antifoam Properties: Lt. yel. transparent liq.; nonionic in monomer stripping in production of rubber latexes with soap-based emul-Adekanol RP-807 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] sifiers, esp. in SBR type latexes; good foam breaking/prevention Uses: Surfactant; deinking agent for waste paper; detergent; flotation system; offers good wetting, penetration, readhesion prevention of carbon; carbon Use Level: 100-500 ppm (rubbers/latexes) Properties: Wh. emulsion; nonionic cohesive type Adekanol LG-294 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Properties: Transparent liq.; nonionic

Adekanol RP-870 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant; deinking agent for waste paper; detergent; flotation system; offers good wetting, penetration, readhesion prevention of carbon; carbon cohesive type Properties: Transparent liq.; nonionic Adekanol RP-882 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant; deinking agent for waste paper; detergent; flotation system; offers good wetting, penetration, readhesion prevention of carbon; carbon cohesive type Properties: Transparent liq.; nonionic Adekanol TR-701 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP block copolymer (ethylene diamine based) CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Surfactant, defoamer for textiles, paper/pulp, petrol., paints, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, agric., syn. resin emulsions, rubber, plastics, adhesives, and metal industries Use Level: 0.05-2% (adhesives) Properties: SI. yellowish transparent liq.; nonionic Toxicology: Low toxicity; mild irritation Adekanol TR-702 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP block copolymer (ethylene diamine based) CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Surfactant for textiles, paper/pulp, petrol., paints, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, agric., rubber, plastics, and metal industries; low foaming Properties: SI. yellowish transparent liq.; nonionic Toxicology: Low toxicity; mild irritation Adekanol TR-704 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP block copolymer (ethylene diamine based) CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Surfactant for textiles, paper/pulp, petrol., paints, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, agric., rubber, plastics, and metal industries; low foaming Properties: SI. yellowish transparent liq.; nonionic Toxicology: Low toxicity; mild irritation Adekanol TR-913 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP block copolymer (ethylene diamine based) CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Surfactant for textiles, paper/pulp, petrol., paints, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, agric., rubber, plastics, and metal industries; low foaming Properties: SI. yellowish transparent liq.; nonionic *Toxicology:* Low toxicity; mild irritation Adekanol TS-401 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, scouring detergent, and bleaching penetrant for textiles; surfactant for paper/pulp, metal cleaning Properties: Transparent liq.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg. Adekanol TS-403A [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, scouring detergent, and bleaching penetrant for textiles; surfactant for paper/pulp, metal cleaning Properties: Lt. yel. transparent liq.; nonionic/anionic Environmental: Biodeg. Adekanol TS-406 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, scouring detergent, and bleaching penetrant for textiles; surfactant for paper/pulp, metal cleaning Properties: Lt. yel. transparent liq.; nonionic/anionic Environmental: Biodeg. Adekanol TS-415A [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, scouring detergent, and bleaching penetrant for textiles; surfactant for paper/pulp, metal cleaning Properties: Lt. yel. transparent liq.; nonionic/anionic Environmental: Biodeg. Adekanol TS-661 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, scouring detergent for textiles; surfactant for paper/pulp, metal cleaning; low foaming; high acid resist. Properties: Transparent liq.; nonionic Adekanol TS-751 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, scouring detergent for textiles; surfactant for paper/pulp, metal cleaning; good dispersion Properties: Transparent liq.; nonionic Adekanol TS-780 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, scouring detergent for textiles; surfactant for paper/pulp, metal cleaning; good dispersion Chem. Descrip.: Secondary alcohol ethoxylate Uses: Surfactant, detergent for textiles, paper/pulp, metals, syn. resin paint Properties: Transparent liq.; nonionic

Adekanol TS-800 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, soaping agent for textiles; surfactant for paper/pulp, metal cleaning; low foaming Properties: Lt. yel. transparent liq.; anionic Adekanol TS-800C [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, soaping agent for textiles; surfactant for paper/pulp, metal cleaning; low foaming Properties: Lt. yel. transparent liq.; anionic Adekanol TS-801C [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, soaping agent for textiles; surfactant for paper/pulp, metal cleaning; low foaming Properties: Lt. yel. transparent liq.; anionic Adekanol TS-830 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, soaping agent for textiles; surfactant for paper/pulp, metal cleaning; low foaming Properties: Lt. yel. transparent liq.; anionic Adekanol TS-840 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, soaping agent for textiles; surfactant for paper/pulp, metal cleaning; low foaming Properties: Lt. yel. transparent liq.; anionic Adekanol TS-843 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, soaping agent for textiles; surfactant for paper/pulp, metal cleaning; low foaming Properties: Lt. yel. transparent liq.; anionic Adekanol TS-845 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Uses: Surfactant, soaping agent for textiles; surfactant for paper/pulp, metal cleaning; low foaming Properties: Lt. yel. transparent liq.; anionic Adeka Optomer KR Series [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: One-component epoxy resin, UV curing CAS 25928-94-3 Uses: Primers for materials such as metal/plastic/paper, finishing varnishes, protective varnishes, inks, adhesives, insulating coatings, conductive coatings Adekatol LO-3 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Primary alcohol ethoxylate Uses: Surfactant for textiles, paper/pulp, metal, syn. resin paint pigments, and agric. forest industries Properties: Transparent liq.; cloud pt. < 10 C; HLB 8.5; nonionic Adekatol LO-7 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Primary alcohol ethoxylate Uses: Surfactant for textiles, paper/pulp, metal, syn. resin paint pigments, and agric. forest industries Properties: Transparent liq.; cloud pt. 45 C; HLB 11.9; nonionic Adekatol LO-9 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Primary alcohol ethoxylate Uses: Surfactant for textiles, paper/pulp, metal, syn. resin paint pigments, and agric. forest industries Properties: Transparent liq.; cloud pt. 65 C; HLB 13.0; nonionic Adekatol SO-105 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Secondary alcohol ethoxylate Uses: Surfactant, detergent for textiles, paper/pulp, metals, syn. resin paint pigments, and agric. forest industries Properties: Transparent liq.; HLB 10.5; nonionic Adekatol SO-120 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Secondary alcohol ethoxylate Uses: Surfactant, detergent for textiles, paper/pulp, metals, syn. resin paint pigments, and agric. forest industries Properties: Transparent liq.; cloud pt. 33 C; HLB 12.0; nonionic Adekatol SO-135 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Secondary alcohol ethoxylate Uses: Surfactant, detergent for textiles, paper/pulp, metals, syn. resin paint pigments, and agric. forest industries Properties: Transparent liq.; cloud pt. 57 C; HLB 13.5; nonionic Adekatol SO-145 [Asahi Denka Kogyo] Chem. Descrip.: Secondary alcohol ethoxylate Uses: Surfactant, detergent for textiles, paper/pulp, metals, syn. resin paint pigments, and agric. forest industries Properties: Wh. powd.; cloud pt. 82 C; HLB 14.5; nonionic Adekatol SO-160 [Asahi Denka Kogyo]

pigments, and agric. forest industries

Properties: Wh. solid; cloud pt. 95 C; HLB 16.0; nonionic

Adelite [Asahi Denka Kogyo]

Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica

EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

Uses: Antislip agent for paper; fiber binder for metal casting and refractory materials; catalyst carrier; reinforcing agent for adhesives and paints

Adi-pure® [DuPont Nylon]

Chem. Descrip.: High purity adipic acid CAS 124-04-9; EINECS/ELINCS 204-673-3

Uses: Chem. intermediate; used in adhesives, coatings (alkyd, PU, gel coat, polyester), nylon 66, PU foams/elastomers/fibers, unsat. polyester resins, plasticizers, lubricants, textile treatments, cosmetic emollients; pH buffer; wet str. paper resins; food acidulant

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1009

Properties: Wh. free-flowing cryst. powd.; sol. 2.5% in water; m.w. 146.14; dens. 1.34 (18 C); bulk dens. 40-45 lb/ft³ (loose); melt visc. 4.54 cP (160 C); vapor pressure 0.106 mm Hg; m.p. 152-153 C; b.p. 337 C with decomp.; flash pt. (TCC) 196 C; pH 3.2 (1 g/l in water); > 99.9% assay *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, mice) 1900 mg/kg; sl. acute toxicity; eye and upper respiratory tract irritant; mild skin irritant

Environmental: Aquatic toxicity LC50 (fathead minnows, 96 h) 88 mg/l

Precaution: Combustible; under severe dusting conditions may form explosive mixts. in air; incompat. with strong oxidants; slowly decomp. above b.p.

Storage: Store in well ventilated area in tightly closed container; keep away from heat, sparks, flames; avoid dust generation

Admex® 515 [Velsicol]

Chem. Descrip.: Med.-low m.w. polymeric adipate polyester

Uses: Plasticizer for plastisols, oil filter plastisols, paper coatings; exc. rheological chars., low visc.; nonmigratory in paper coatings

Properties: Lt. colored clear bright fluid to visc. liq., mild ester odor; m.w. 2300; sp.gr. 1.060; visc. 600 cps; pour pt. 35 F; acid no. 2; hyd. no. 17; flash pt. 475 F; ref. index 1.463

Admex® 6996 [Velsicol]

Chem. Descrip.: Low m.w. polymeric adipate polyester

- Uses: Plasticizer for pressure-sensitive adhesives, elec. tape, coated fabrics, high temp. elec. applics., paper coatings; imparts low temp. flexibility; nonvolatile; flexible; nonmigratory; permanent; low visc.
- Properties: Lt. colored clear bright fluid to visc. liq., mild ester odor; m.w. 1800; sp.gr. 1.070; visc. 550 cps; pour pt. -15 F; acid no. 1; hyd. no. 7; flash pt. 480 F; ref. index 1.463
- Admiral® Water Soluble Polymer [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip.: Polymer

Uses: Rheology modifier, thickener, retention aid for paper coatings

Adogen® 412 [Goldschmidt]

Chem. Descrip.: Lauryl trimethyl ammonium chloride

CAS 112-00-5; EINEČS/ELINČS 203-927-0

Uses: Softener for textiles, laundry, paper, etc.

Adox 3125 [Int'l. Dioxcide]

Chem. Descrip .: Sodium chlorite

CAS 7758-19-2; EINECS/ELINCS 231-836-6

UN No. 1908

Uses: Antimicrobial for water and waste treatment, starch and cherry bleaching; slimicide in papermaking; in mech. generation of chlorine dioxide for biological control in paper mills, food processing, flumes, water treatment equip., cooling towers; CIO₂ used as disinfectant and oxidant in bleaching flour, potable water purification, sanitizing of food processing equip., poultry chiller water and meat processing plants; taste and odor control in potable water

Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 9150-7; GRAS; ANSI/NSF 60 certified

- Properties: Pale yel. clear liq.; faint bleach-like odor; misc. in water; m.w. 90.45; sp.gr. 1.23 (20 C); dens. 10.2 lb/gal; f.p. -4.5 C; b.p. 103.6 C; pH 12.5-13; 25% conc. in water
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 165 mg/kg; skin irritant; severe eye irritant; possible permanent eye damage; inh. irritates nose and throat; ing. irritates GI tract; may cause vomiting, nausea, diarrhea, pain, liver/kidney/blood cell damage

Precaution: Corrosive; does not burn but combustibles wetted with prod. and subsequently dried are easily ignited and burn vigorously; incompat. with reducing agents, sulfur-contg. materials, powd. metals, ammonium compds., acids

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Reacts on mixing with acids to give toxic chlorine dioxide and chlorine gas; residues will give off oxygen on being heated strongly

HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 1

Storage: Store in cool, dry, fireproof building; keep away from combustibles and acids

Adox 8125 [Int'l. Dioxcide]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium chlorite

CAS 7758-19-2; EINECS/ELINCS 231-836-6

UN No. 1908

- Uses: Antimicrobial for bleaching (pulp/paper, textile dyestuffs, fats, oils, leather, cherry), industrial (recycled flume water, slimicide, cooling tower algicide, oil well bacterial control, food processing microbicide, beverage plant sanitization); wastewater/oxidant (sulfide, phenol, cyanide, manganese, and iron destruction), potable water disinfection (trihalomethane control, taste, odor, and bacterial control)
- Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 9150-7; GRAS; ANSI/NSF 60 certified
- Properties: Pale grn. clear liq.; faint bleach-like odor; misc. in water; m.w. 90.45; sp.gr. 1.24 (20 C); f.p. -9 C; b.p. 106 C; pH 12.5-13; 25% conc. in water
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 165 mg/kg; skin irritant; severe eye irritant; possible permanent eye damage; inh. irritates nose and throat; ing. irritates GI tract; may cause vomiting, nausea, diarrhea, pain, liver/kidney/blood cell damage
- Precaution: Corrosive; does not burn but combustibles wetted with prod. and subsequently dried are easily ignited and burn vigorously; incompat. with reducing agents, sulfur-contg. materials, powd. metals, ammonium compds., acids
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Reacts on mixing with acids to give toxic chlorine dioxide and chlorine gas; residues will give off oxygen on being heated strongly
- HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 1

Storage: Store in cool, dry, fireproof building; keep away from combustibles and acids

Advantage[®] 5 Defoamer [Hercules]

Uses: Defoamer for acid and alkaline papermaking systems, deinking systems

Regulatory: FDA compliance

Properties: Brick, soapy odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.96; m.p. 54 C; 100% conc.

Advantage® 6 Defoamer [Hercules]

- Uses: Defoamer for acid and alkaline papermaking systems, deinking systems
- *Regulatory:* FDA compliance
- Properties: Brick, soapy odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.96; m.p. 54 C; 100% conc.

Advantage® 7EH Defoamer [Hercules]

Uses: Defoamer for acid and alkaline papermaking systems, deinking systems, kraft pulp mill screening operations

Regulatory: FDA compliance

Properties: Brick, soapy odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.96; m.p. 54 C; 100% conc.

Advantage® 10 Defoamer [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid/fatty alcohol-based Uses: Defoamer for acid and alkaline papermaking systems, wastepaper deinking systems, coatings, food-contact coatings/paper; improves drain-

age and prod. rates of washing operations; stable to freezing

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 176.210
- *Properties:* Solid brick, soapy odor; emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 0.96; m.p. 54 C; 100% conc.

Advantage® 52-B [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip .: Oil-based

Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for pulp mill brownstock washing operations or other high-temp. surfactant-stabilized foam systems

Regulatory: FDA compliance Properties: Tannish-gray liq.; dens. 7.5 lb/gal; visc. 3500 ± 1000 cps

Advantage® 52EH Defoamer [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip.: Oil-based

Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for pulp mill brownstock washing operations or other high-temp. surfactant-stabilized foam systems Advantage® 52-JS [Hercules] Storage: 1 yr shelf life; efficiency is not affected by aging; prod. may settle during prolonged storage; redisperse before using Chem. Descrip .: Oil-based Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for pulp mill brownstock washing operations or Advantage[®] 491Å Defoamer [Hercules] other high-temp. surfactant-stabilized foam systems Chem. Descrip.: Water-based defoamer formulated with high alcohol/fatty Regulatory: FDA compliance acid partial esters Properties: Tannish-gray liq.; dens. 7.5 lb/gal; visc. 3500 ± 1000 cps Uses: Defoamer for acid and alkaline papermaking systems, calender and Advantage® 91WW [Hercules] size press sol'ns., process water and plant effluent systems, coatings, other ag. foaming systems, food-contact coatings/paper Chem. Descrip.: Silica/silicone-based Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for kraft pulp mill brownstock washing opera-Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 176.210 tions, cold-stock systems, pulp mill bleaching and screening; grind and Properties: Wh. liq., hydrocarbon odor; dens. 7.85 lb/gal; visc. 300 cps; pH letdown defoamer for gloss and deep tint paints; removes entrained air and 7.4 surface foam Storage: Protect from freezing Regulatory: FDA compliance Advantage® 494 [Hercules] Properties: Off-wh. liq.; sp.gr. 1.00; dens. 8.32 lb/gal; visc. 1500-4000 cps Chem. Descrip.: Water-based defoamer Storage: Infinite shelf life; efficiency is not affected by aging; prod. may settle Uses: Defoamer for use in acid and alkaline papermaking operations, calduring prolonged storage; redisperse before using ender and size press sol'ns., various process water and plant effluent Advantage® 136Z Defoamer [Hercules] systems, other aq. foaming systems, food-contact coatings/paper; high-Chem. Descrip.: Silica/amide/silicone/hydrocarbon oil-based efficiency water-based; formulated with high alcohol/fatty-acid partial esters Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for kraft pulp mill brownstock washing opera-Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 176.210 Properties: Wh. liq.; dens. 0.94 kg/l; visc. 300 cps; pH 7.5±1.0 tions, coatings; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Storage: 180 day shelf life; protect from freezing Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 176.210 Properties: Lt. tan liq.; dens. 7.3 lb/gal; visc. 1500-2500 cps (22 C) Advantage® 831 Defoamer [Hercules] Storage: Infinite shelf life; efficiency is not affected by aging; prod. may settle Chem. Descrip.: Hydrophobic silica/hydrocarbon oil-based defoamer during prolonged storage; redisperse before using Uses: Defoamer for latex mfg., paper coatings, adhesives, detergents, starch Advantage 187Z Defoamer [Hercules] cooking, textiles, metalworking fluids; rapid bubble-break time and persis-Chem. Descrip.: Hydrocarbon oil-based tence Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for kraft pulp mill brownstock washing opera-Regulatory: FDA compliance tions; defoamer in metalworking fluids, latex paints, and printing inks, in Properties: Lt. gray liq.; water-disp.; sp.gr. 0.91; dens. 7.62 lb/gal; visc. 500paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods 1500 cps Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Advantage[®] 833 Defoamer [Hercules] Properties: Lt. brn. liq.; dens. 7.7 lb/gal; visc. 1500-3000 cps (22 C) Chem. Descrip.: Hydrocarbon oil-based Storage: Infinite shelf life; efficiency is not affected by aging; prod. may settle Uses: Defoamer for size press applics., latex paints, detergents, printing inks, during prolonged storage; redisperse before using adhesives, and paper coatings Advantage® 340F [Hercules] *Regulatory:* FDA compliance Properties: Tan oily liq.; dens. 7.2 lb/gal; visc. 2000 cps Chem. Descrip.: Hydrocarbon oil-based defoamer Advantage® 951 Defoamer [Hercules] Uses: Defoamer for use in controlling foam that occurs during the stripping operation in the mfg. of polymer latexes; provides good foam control during Chem. Descrip.: Hydrocarbon oil-based mfg. and applic. of latex-based coatings and ag. adhesives; food pkg. Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for kraft pulp mill brownstock washing operaadhesives, paper/paperboard, animal glue; good knockdown ability and tions persistence Regulatory: FDA compliance Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 178.3120 Properties: Lt. tan liq.; dens. 7.3 lb/gal; visc. 1500-2500 cps Advantage® 1280PD [Hercules] Properties: Lt. brn. liq.; dens. 0.91 kg/l; visc. 3000 cps Storage: Infinite shelf life; during prolonged storage product may settle, redisperse Uses: Production aid for elimination of entrained air and surface foam for pulp/ before using paper industry, wet-end processes, size press sol'ns., calender stack, waste treatment and effluent systems, paints, food-contact paper/paper-Advantage® 344 Defoamer [Hercules] Uses: All-purpose defoamer for wet-end use in acid or alkaline papermaking board; water-based high-efficiency Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 systems or pulp mill effluents, wastewater and effluent treatment; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Properties: Wh. opaque emulsion; sp.gr. 0.98; dens. 8.21 lb/gal; visc. 500-Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 2500 cps Properties: Straw liq.; dens. 7.3 lb/gal Storage: 5 mos shelf life; protect from freezing Advantage® 357 Defoamer [Hercules] Advantage® 1512 Defoamer [Hercules] Chem. Descrip.: Silica/hydrocarbon oil-based defoamer Chem. Descrip .: Hydrocarbon oil-based Uses: Antifoam for wet-end acid and alkaline papermaking operations, water-Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for kraft pulp mill brownstock washing operabased paint systems incl. S/B, PVAc, and acrylic latexes, semigloss and tions gloss paints, aq. adhesives, cutting oils, water-based printing inks, liq. floor Regulatory: FDA compliance polishes, drilling muds; textile dyeing, finishing and scouring operations; Properties: Gray liq.; dens. 7.7 lb/gal; visc. 600 cps improves drainage rate in dewatering and filtering operations; food pkg. Advantage® DF 110 [Hercules] adhesives, paper/paperboard, cellophane, animal glue; controls entrained Chem. Descrip .: Glycol- and hydrocarbon oil-based Uses: Defoamer for papermaking systems, food-contact paper/paperboard; air and surface foam; Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 178.3120 stable to freezing Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 Properties: Greenish-brn. oily liq.; sp.gr. 0.91; dens. 7.62 lb/gal Storage: Infinite shelf life; prod. may settle during prolonged storage; redisperse Properties: Straw liq., hydrocarbon odor; disp. in water; dens. 7.42 lb/gal; before using visc. 30 cps Advantage® 388 Defoamer [Hercules] Advantage® DF 285 [Hercules] Chem. Descrip.: Amide/glycol/hydrocarbon oil-based Chem. Descrip.: Polypropylene glycol-based Uses: Defoamer for papermaking systems, semigloss and gloss paints, food-Uses: All-purpose defoamer for aq. foaming systems, flat and semigloss paints, mill effluent and waste treatment systems, kraft pulp mill screening contact paper/paperboard; stable to freezing and bleaching operations, acid and alkaline papermaking systems; de-Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 foamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; quick-dispersing ; effective at high Properties: Clear liq., hydrocarbon odor; nondisp. in water; sp.gr. 1.01; dens. temps. and in many different surfactant-stabilized foam systems 8.40 lb/gal; visc. 400 cps Advantage® Eff-101 Defoamer [Hercules] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 Chem. Descrip.: Silica/hydrocarbon oil-based Properties: Tan oily liq.; sp.gr. 0.86; dens. 7.2 lb/gal; 100% conc.

Aerosol® 22

Uses: Multipurpose defoamer for paper machines, pulp mills, other industrial 0.025%) CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 operations, esp. in effluent and wastewater treatment Uses: Thickener, reinforcing agent, anticaking agent, free-flow agent for adhe-Regulatory: FDA compliance Properties: Grayish-brn. oily liq.; disp. in water; dens. 7.62 lb/gal; visc. 500sive, food, cosmetics, paint, paper, film, pesticides, pharmaceuticals, plas-1000 cps tics, silicone rubber, inks, sealants industries; thixotrope for greases and Advantage® M104Z Defoamer [Hercules] min. oils; thixotrope/suspending agent for acrylic enamels, epoxy coatings, Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for kraft pulp mill brownstock washing operaanticorrosion primers, air-drying coatings, baking enamels, water-reducible coatings; high absorp. capacity tions Regulatory: FDA compliance Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.146(b), 160.105(a)(d), 172.230(a), 172.480, Properties: Lt. tan liq.; dens. 7.3 lb/gal; visc. 1500-4000 cps 173.340(a), 175, 176, 177, 573.940; $\leq 3\%$ for cosmetics, internal pharma-Advantage® M201 Defoamer [Hercules] ceuticals Chem. Descrip .: Water-extended defoamer Properties: Wh. fluffy powd.; 12 nm avg. particle size; sp.gr. 2.2; dens. ≈ 120 g/l (densed); surf. area 200 ± 25 m²/g; pH 3.6-4.3 (4% aq. susp.) Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for kraft paper machine systems, effluent treatment Toxicology: TLV 10 mg/m³ total dust; LD50 > 20,000 mg/kg; may cause eye, *Regulatory:* FDA compliance *Properties:* Wh. liq.; dens. 7.7 lb/gal; visc. 2000-4000 cps skin, or respiratory tract irritation on overexposure Precaution: Incompat. with strong bases and hydrofluoric acid Advantage® M1251 Production Aid [Hercules] Aerosil® K315 [Degussa-Hüls; Degussa-Hüls AG] Chem. Descrip.: Fumed silica aq. disp. based on Aerosil® MOX 170 Uses: Defoamer, production aid for papermaking applics. and waste/effluent treatment; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; removes entrained CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 air and surface foam Uses: Reinforcing agent, adhesion promoter, antislip agent, stabilizer, and Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 surf. tackiness reducer in nat. and syn. latex, paints/coatings, adhesives, Properties: Colorless liq.; water-disp.; dens. 8.2 lb/gal; visc. < 1000 cps; pH paper and cardboard, aq. emulsions, etc. Properties: Wh. milky liq.; sp.gr. ≈ 1.08; visc. < 100 mPa•s; pH 5-6 6-9 Storage: 12 mos shelf life Aerosil® K328 [Degussa-Hüls; Degussa-Hüls AG] Advawax® 240 [Morton Int'l./Spec. Chem.] Chem. Descrip.: Fumed silica aq. disp. based on Aerosil® MOX 80 Chem. Descrip .: N,N - Ethylene bisoleamide CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 CAS 110-31-6; EINECS/ELINCS 203-756-1 Uses: Reinforcing agent, adhesion promoter, antislip agent, stabilizer, and Uses: Processing lubricant and release agent for plastics; antistat, m.p. surf. tackiness reducer in nat. and syn. latex, paints/coatings, adhesives, modifier for waxes, industrial asphalts and tar; pigment dispersant for resin paper and cardboard, aq. emulsions, etc. systems; polyamide-paraffin coupling agent; in adhesive tapes, coatings; Properties: Wh. milky liq.; sp.gr. ≈ 1.15; visc. < 150 mPa•s; pH 5-6 Aerosil® K330 [Degussa-Hüls; Degussa-Hüls AG] food pkg. paper, cellophane; release agent for food contact Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 178.3860 Chem. Descrip.: Fumed silica aq. disp. based on Aerosil® OX 50 Properties: Gardner 13 max. sm. bead; 20 mesh; insol. in water and most CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Reinforcing agent, adhesion promoter, antislip agent, stabilizer, and org. solvs. @ R.T.; sol. hot in CCl₄, DMF, ethanol, heptane, kerosene, MĚK, MIBK, naphtha, toluene, xylene; dens. 5 lb/gal; bulk dens. 38 lb/ft3; surf. tackiness reducer in nat. and syn. latex, paints/coatings, adhesives, m.p. 115-118 C; acid no. 12 max.; flash pt. (COC) 270 C; fire pt. (COC) paper and cardboard, aq. emulsions, etc. 310 C Properties: Wh. milky liq.; sp.gr. ≈ 1.15; visc. < 100 mPa•s; pH 9-10 Precaution: May form combustible or explosive mixts. of dust and air during Aerosil[®] K342 [Degussa-Hüls; Degussa-Hüls AG] handling Chem. Descrip.: Fumed silica aq. disp. based on Aerosil® OX 50 Advawax® 280 [Morton Int'l./Spec. Chem.] CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Chem. Descrip.: N,N⁻-Ethylene bisstearamide Uses: Reinforcing agent, adhesion promoter, antislip agent, stabilizer, and CAS 110-30-5; EINECS/ELINCS 203-755-6 surf. tackiness reducer in nat. and syn. latex, paints/coatings, adhesives, Uses: Processing lubricant and release agent for plastics; antistat, m.p. paper and cardboard, aq. emulsions, etc. modifier for waxes, industrial asphalts and tar; pigment dispersant for resin Properties: Wh. milky liq.; sp.gr. ≈ 1.18; visc. < 200 mPa•s; pH 9-10 systems; polyamide-paraffin coupling agent; in adhesive tapes, coatings; Aerosol® 18 [Cytec Ind.; Cytec Ind. BV] Chem. Descrip.: Disodium stearyl sulfosuccinamate food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane Use Level: 2.0 phr max. (NSF for PVC potable water formulations) CAS 14481-60-8; EINECS/ELINCS 238-479-5 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200; Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, foaming agent, detergent, solubilizer for soaps and surfactants, alkaline cleaner formulations, brick and tile cleaners, emul-NSF approved Properties: Gardner 5 max. sm. bead; 40 mesh; insol. in water and most org. sion polymerization of vinyl chloride and SBRs; emulsifier for oils and solvs. @ R.T.; sol. hot in DMF, heptane, kerosene, MIBK, naphtha, toluwaxes, household detergents, cleaning paper mill felts; foaming agent for ene, xylene; dens. 4.7 lb/gal; bulk dens. 36.8 lb/ft3; m.p. 144-146 C; acid foamed latexes and plastics; food-contact paper/paperboard no. 10 max.: flash pt. (COC) 280 C; fire pt. (COC) 315 C Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Precaution: May form combustible or explosive mixts. of dust and air during Properties: Gardner 10 max. creamy paste; m.w. 493; water-disp.; sp.gr. handling 1.07; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; acid no. 4.0 max.; flash pt. (Seta CC) > 200 F; surf. Advawax® 290 [Morton Int'l./Spec. Chem.] tens. 39 dynes/cm; 35 ± 1.5% solids; anionic Chem. Descrip .: N,N - Ethylene bisstearamide Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2.68 mg/kg; mild skin, mild to moderate eye CAS 110-30-5; EINECS/ELINCS 203-755-6 irritation Uses: Processing lubricant and release agent for plastics; m.p. modifier for Environmental: Biodeg. Storage: Store in tightly closed containers Aerosol® 22 [Cytec Ind.; Cytec Ind. BV] waxes and resin blends and industrial asphalt and tar; pigment dispersant for resin systems; defoamer in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; in adhesive tapes, coatings, PP; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane Chem. Descrip.: Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl stearyl sulfosuccinamate Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200 CAS 38916-42-6; EINECS/ELINCS 222-273-7 Properties: Gardner 9 max. sm. beads; insol. in water and most org. solvs. Uses: Emulsifier; dispersant; solubilizer; surfactant; emulsion polymerization @ R.T.; sol. hot in Cellosolve, MIBK, benzene, xylene, kerosene, hepof vinyl monomers; polishing waxes; surf. tension depressant for writing tane, naphtha; dens. 4.75 lb/gal; bulk dens. 35.6 lb/ft3; m.p. 143-146 C; acid and drawing inks; demulsifier for w/o emulsions; cleaning of paper mill felts; no. 10 max.; flash pt. (COC) 290 C; fire pt. (COC) 310 C industrial, household, and metal cleaners; food pkg. adhesives, paper/pa-Precaution: May form combustible or explosive mixts. of dust and air during perboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles handling Regulatory: FDA21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 178.3400; EPA ex-Aerosil[®] 200 [Degussa-Hüls; Degussa-Hüls AG] empt 40CFR §180.1001(d) Chem. Descrip.: Fumed silica USP/NF Properties: Lt. tan clear to cloudy liq.; water-sol.; m.w. 653; sp.gr. 1.12; dens. *Chem. Analysis:* SiO₂ (> 99.8%), Al₂O₃ (< 0.05%), TiO₂ (< 0.03%), HCl (< 9.4 lb/gal; visc. 53 cps; m.p. > 200 C; flash pt. (Seta CC) 143 F; acid no.

2.0; pH 7-8; surf. tens. 41 dynes/cm; 35% act. in water/alcohol; anionic Toxicology: LD50 (acute oral, rat) 18.7 ml/kg (sol'n.); mild skin and eye irritant Environmental: Biodeg.

Aerosol® C-61 [Cytec Ind.; Cytec Ind. BV] Chem. Descrip.: Ethoxylated alkyl guanidine-amine complex

Uses: Antistat; pigment dispersant; flushing agent; wetting agent; settling agent; alkaline, cement, brick, and tile cleaner formulations for crystal growth control, emulsion breaking; alkaline metal and paint brush cleaners; paint removers; textile softener; demulsifying agent; foaming agent; for plastics, paper, textiles, adhesive industries

Properties: Lt. tan creamy paste; strong ammoniacal odor; sol. in org. solvs. in presence of alcohol; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.00; dens. 8 lb/gal; flash pt. (Seta CC) 94 F; surf. tens. 34 dynes/cm; 70.4% act.; cationic Environmental: Partially biodeg.

Aerosol® MA-80 [Cytec Ind.; Cytec Ind. BV]

Chem. Descrip.: Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate

CAS 3006-15-3; EINECS/ELINCS 221-109-1

- Uses: Dispersant; textile wetting agent; emulsifier; solubilizer; penetrant; used for emulsion polymerization, battery separators, electroplating, ore leaching; germicidal act.; solubilizer for shampoos; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard, polymers; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; not as rapidly biodeg. as Aerosol 18 and 22
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 178.3400 Properties: APHA 50 max. clear slightly visc. liq.; sol. in water, alcohol, and org. solvs.; sp.gr. 1.13; dens. 9.4 lb/gal; f.p. -28 C; m.p. 199-292 C; flash pt. (Seta CC) 115 F; surf. tens. 28 dynes/cm; 80% act. in IPA; anionic

Aerosol® NPES 930 [Cytec Ind.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium salt of sulfated nonylphenoxy POE ethanol CAS 9051-57-4
- Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization of vinyl acetate, acrylic copolymers, styrene acrylic copolymers; imparts superior water resistance in films; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180; EPA exempt 40CFR §180.1001(d)
- Properties: Yel. clear liq.; water-sol.; insol. in org. solvs.; m.w. 713; sp.gr. 1.04; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 90 cps; gel pt. < 55 F; flash pt. (Seta CC) > 200 F; pH 7.0-7.5 (10%); surf. tens. 33 dynes/cm; 30% act. in water; anionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 10 g/kg; severe skin and eye irritation

Aerosol® NPES 3030 [Cytec Ind.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium salt of sulfated nonylphenoxy POE ethanol CAS 9051-57-4
- Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization of acrylic, vinyl acetate and styrene-acrylic systems; forms films with superior water resist.; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180; EPA exempt 40CFR §180.1001(d)

Properties: Yel. clear liq.; water-sol.; insol. in org. solvs.; m.w. 1637; sp.gr. 1.05-1.07; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 110 cps; gel pt. < 55 F; flash pt. (Seta CC) > 200 F; pH 7.0-7.5 (10%); surf. tens. 43 dynes/cm; 30% act. in water; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 10 g/kg; minimal skin and eye irritation Aerosol® OT-70 PG [Cytec Ind.; Cytec Ind. BV]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate, propylene glycol/water Uses: Wetting agent; surf. tens. depressant; emulsifier; surfactant; face and hand creams; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, textiles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; for use where high flash required

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 178.3400

Properties: Clear to slightly yel. liq.; limited water sol.; sol. in org. solv.; sp.gr. 1.09; visc. 200-400 cps; flash pt. (Seta CC) > 200 F; surf. tens. 26 dynes/cm; 70% act.; anionic

Environmental: Biodeq.

Aerosol® OT-75% [Cytec Ind.; Cytec Ind. BV]

Chem. Descrip .: Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate

CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4

Uses: Wetting agent/surf. tens. depressant in textiles, rubber, petrol., paper, metal, paints, plastics, agric.; antistat for cosmetics, dry cleaning detergents, emulsions, plastics, pipelines, suspension polymerization; soldering flux; wallpaper removal; emulsifier wax for polishes, firefighting, germicides, metal cleaners, mold release agents; dispersant in paints, inks, paper, photography; process aid; rust preventative; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, textiles

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 178.3400
- Properties: APHA 100 max. clear visc. liq.; m.w. 444; sol. org. solv.; limited water sol.; sp.gr. 1.09; visc. 200 cps; flash pt. 85 C (OC); acid no. 2.5 max.; surf. tens. 28.7 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); 75 ± 2% solids in water/ alcohol: anionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

- Aerosol® OT-75-PG [Cytec Ind.]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate in propylene glycol and water Uses: Wetting agent and surf. tens. depressant used in textiles, rubber, petrol., paper, metals, paints, plastics, and agric. industries; antistat for cosmetics, dry cleaning detergents, emulsions, plastics, pipelines, and suspension polymerization; emulsifier wax for polishes, firefighting, germicides, metal cleaners, mold release agents; dispersant in paints and inks, paper, photography; process aid; rust preventative; soldering flux; wallpaper removal; food-contact emulsifier; very high flash pt.
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3400
 - Properties: Liq.; sol. in org. solvs.; sol. 2 g/100 ml in water; flash pt. (Seta CC) > 200 F; surf. tens. 26 dynes/cm min.; 75% act.; anionic Environmental: Completely biodeg
- Aerosol® OT-100% [Cytec Ind.; Cytec Ind. BV]
- Chem. Descrip.: Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate
 - CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4
 - Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, lubricant, wetting agent, mold release agent for emulsion and suspension polymerization, dry cleaning, industrial cleaners, paints; surfactant for water-free systems; emulsifier for waxes; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, textiles
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 178.3400
- Properties: APHA 100 max. waxy solid; m.w. 444; sol. in polar and nonpolar solv.; sol. in oil, fat, and wax @ 75 C; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.1; m.p. 153-157 C; acid no. 2.5 max.; surf. tens. 28.7 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); 100% conc.: anionic
- Environmental: Biodeg. Aerosol® OT-B [Cytec Ind.; Cytec Ind. BV]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate, sodium benzoate
 - Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant, solubilizer, adjuvant for agric. chem. wettable powds.; pigment dispersant in plastics; in face powds. and powd. shampoos; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, textiles
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 178.3400
 - Properties: Wh. powd.; bulk particle size 15-150 µ; m.w. 444; water-disp.; sp.gr. 1.1; m.p. < 300 C; acid no. 2.5 max.; surf. tens. 28.7 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); 85% act., 15% sodium benzoate; anionic
- Aerosol® OT-S [Cytec Ind.; Cytec Ind. BV]

Chem. Descrip.: Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate

- CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4
- Uses: Wetting agent, surf. tens. depressant, emulsifier for plastics, organosols, lacquers, varnishes, all org. media, dry cleaning, corrosion-resistant lubricants, agric. emulsions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 178.3400
- Properties: Lt. amber, transparent liq.; limited water sol., good org. solv.; sp.gr. 1.0; visc. 200-300 cps; flash pt. (Seta CC) 134 F; surf. tens. 26 dynes/cm; 70% act. in It. petrol. distillate; anionic
- Environmental: Biodeg.
- Aerosol® TR-70 [Cytec Ind.; Cytec Ind. BV]

Chem. Descrip.: Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate

CAS 2673-22-5; EINECS/ELINCS 220-219-7

- Uses: Emulsifier, surfactant in emulsion polymerization of vinyl chloride and vinyl acetate, suspension polymerization of vinyl chloride; dispersant for resins, pigments, polymers, and dyes in org. systems; pigment dispersant in printing inks; rust preventative; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400
- Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in org. media; limited water sol.; sp.gr. 0.995; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 110 cps; f.p. -40 C; surf. tens. 26 dynes/cm; 70% act. in water/alcohol; anionic
- Environmental: Biodeg.

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Aerotech® [Vinings Ind.] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800 Uses: Defoamer for pulp/paper Properties: Creamy yel. liq.; oil-sol.; sp.gr. 0.91; dens. 7.5 lb/gal; flash pt. AF 10 IND [Harcros] (PMCC) > 200 F; 100% act.; nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Polydimethylsiloxane CAS 9016-00-6 Uses: Emulsifier, antifoam for aq. systems, agric., cutting oils, drilling muds, effluents, chemicals, detergents, textiles, abrasive slurries, adhesive and ink mfg., latex and starch processing, pulp slurries board Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §180.1001c,d Properties: Wh. liq.; water-disp.; sp.gr. 1.00; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; flash pt. > 212 F (PMCC); pH 4-5 (1% aq.); 10% act.; nonionic AF 60 [GE Silicones] Chem. Descrip.: Dimethyl polysiloxane aq. emulsion CAS 9016-00-6 Uses: Defoamer in adhesives, inks, latexes, soaps, starches, paints, and other ag. industrial systems; antifoam for NR and SR latexes, adhesives, paper, textiles, leather Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/311/312/313 nonreportable Properties: Milky wh. liq.; sorbic acid odor; sol. in water, alcohol; sp.gr. 1.01; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; visc. 500 cps; f.p. 0 C; b.p. 100 C; pH 5-7; 30% silicone, 44.5% solids, 60% volatile; nonionic Toxicology: May irritate eyes Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: (thermal): CO, CO₂, SiO₂, formaldehyde HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 Storage: 12 mos storage life when stored in original unopened containers @ 4-27 C AF 112 [Harcros] Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone Uses: Antifoam used in solvs., adhesives, latex paints, inks; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200 Properties: Creamy yel. liq.; water-insol.; sp.gr. 0.92; dens. 7.7 lb/gal; pour pt. 40 F; flash pt. > 200 F (PMCC); 100% act. AF 585M [Harcros] Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone Uses: Antifoam for adhesives, latex paints, inks, polyvinyl alcohol emulsions, food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210 Properties: Wh. milky liq.; water-insol.; sp.gr. 0.80; dens. 6.7 lb/gal; pour pt. 5 F; flash pt. (PMCC) 150 F; 100% act. AF 645:35 [Harcros] Chem. Descrip .: Nonsilicone Uses: Defoamer for food-contact coatings, paper coatings, and resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.200 Properties: Translucent liq.; water-insol.; sp.gr. 0.83; dens. 7.1 lb/gal; pour pt. < 35 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 300 F; 100% act. AF GN-11-P [Harcros] Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone antifoam Uses: Antifoam for fermentation, drilling muds, effluent, adhesives, gas treating, food pkg. adhesives/cellophane; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200 Properties: Clear liq.; water-disp; sp.gr. 1.01; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; pour pt. -50 F; flash pt. > 200 F (PMCC); pH 5-7 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic AF GN-23 [Harcros] Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone antifoam Uses: Antifoam for pulp/paper, effluent, wastewater treatment Properties: Sp.gr. 0.94. AF HL-27 [Harcros] Chem. Descrip .: Nonsilicone antifoam Uses: Antifoam for urea and phenolic resins, latex paints, inks, food pkg. adhesives/cellophane; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200 Properties: Creamy yel. liq.; water-insol.; sp.gr. 0.95; dens. 7.9 lb/gal; pour pt. 32 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 300 F; 100% act. AF HL-40 [Harcros] Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone antifoam Uses: Antifoam for latex paints, food pkg. adhesives/cellophane, inks, solvs., chemical processing, textiles, paper, paper coatings, electroplating; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard

AF HL-52 [Harcros] Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone antifoam Uses: Antifoam for solvs., latex paints, inks, chemical processing, food pkg. adhesives, paper coatings; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paper-Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210 Properties: Creamy yel. liq.; oil-sol.; sp.gr. 0.87; dens. 7.25 lb/gal; flash pt. (PMCC) > 200 F; 100% act.; nonionic Afranil® F [BASF] Uses: Defoamer, liq. stock deaerator for wet-end applic. for all fibrous materials, paper and board, and esp. for slow stocks; defoamer for prod. of groundwood and sulfite pulp Afranil[®] MG [BASF] Uses: Defoamer, deaerator for paper stock; prevents hydrophobic substances from collecting on surf. of stock due to flotation Use Level: 0.02-0.1% Afranil® SLO [BASF] Uses: Defoamer, deaerator for paper stock and chemical pulp; high-temp. defoamer; most effective at 50-70 C Use Level: 0.02-0.1% (deaerator) Properties: Milky emulsion; readily dilutable with water Ageflex EGDMA [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate with 200 ppm MEHQ inhibitor Uses: Crosslinker and modifier of ABS, acrylic and PVC, ion exchange resins, encapsulation of smokeless powd., glaze coatings, dental polymers, paper processing aids, rubber modifier, adhesives, optical polymers, leather finishing, moisture barrier films; fiberglass-reinforced polyesters, emulsion polymerization Properties: APHA 50 color; m.w. 198.22; sp.gr. 1.055 (20/20 C); f.p. -40 C; flash pt. 68 C; 98% act. Ageflex FA-1 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate CAS 2439-35-2; EINECS/ELINCS 219-460-0 Uses: Adhesion promoter in UV and EB cured coatings for metal, plastic, paper, and wood surfs.; catalyst for epoxy molding and extrusion resins; intermediate for water treatment chems., quat. monomers, silane coupling agents, conductive paper coatings; crosslinking agent for polyester-diisocyanate prepolymers in leather finishing; flotation agent for ester purification Properties: APHA 100 clear liq.; m.w. 143.19; sp.gr. 0.940 (20/20 C); f.p. < -60 C; b.p. 94 C (50 mm); flash pt. 66 C; 99% act. Toxicology: Cause severe irritation and possible damage on contact with eyes and skin; vapor irritating to eyes, skin, nasal membranes; harmful if swallowed or inhaled Precaution: Corrosive Ageflex FA-1080DMS [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate dimethyl sulfate quat. with 500 ppm MEHQ inhibitor CAS 13106-44-0 Uses: Antistatic finish for polyester fibers; flocculant and coagulant for industrial process water treatment; flocculant for min. recovery, ion exchange resins, adhesives, acid dye receptivity, electrostatic coatings on wood; retention aid for paper; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Properties: APHA 100 color; water-sol.; m.w. 269.32; sp.gr. 1.180 (20/20 C); 80% act.; cationic Ageflex FA-1Q80MC [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate methyl chloride quat. with 600 ppm MEHQ inhibitor CAS 44992-01-0 Uses: Antistatic finish for polyester fibers; flocculant and coagulant for industrial process water treatment; flocculant for min. recovery, ion exchange resins, adhesives, acid dye receptivity, electrostatic coatings on wood; retention aid for paper; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Properties: APHA 200 color; water-sol.; m.w. 193.68; sp.gr. 1.160 (20/20 C); 80% act.; cationic Ageflex FA-2 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip .: Diethylaminoethyl acrylate

CAS 2426-54-2 Uses: Industrial and automotive coatings; electronic photo resists; dye additives; lube oil additives; intermediate for water treatment chems., silane coupling agents, conductive paper coatings; retention aid for paper mfg.; flocculant; coagulant; crosslinking agent for polyester-diisocyanate prepolymers in leather finishing; catalyst for epoxy molding, extrusion resins; in mfg. of copolymers for lipsticks; detergent for jet fuels Properties: Clear liq.; m.w. 171.24; sp.gr. 0.939 (20/20 C); f.p. < -60 C; b.p. 81 C (10 mm); flash pt. 90 C Toxicology: Cause severe irritation and possible damage on contact with eyes and skin; vapor irritating to eyes, skin, nasal membranes; harmful if swallowed or inhaled Precaution: Corrosive Ageflex FA-2Q50DMS [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Diethylaminoethyl acrylate dimethyl sulfate quat. with 35 ppm MEHQ inhibitor CAS 21810-39-9 Uses: Antistatic finish for polyester fibers; flocculant and coagulant for industrial process water treatment; flocculant for min. recovery, ion exchange resins, adhesives, acid dye receptivity, electrostatic coatings on wood; retention aid for paper; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Properties: APHA 100 color; water-sol.; m.w. 297.37; sp.gr. 1.101 (20/20 C); 50% act.; cationic Ageflex FM-1 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate CAS 2867-47-2; EINECS/ELINCS 220-688-8 Uses: Detergent and sludge dispersant in lubricants; visc. index improver; flocculant for wastewater treatment; retention aid for paper mfg.; acid scavenger in PU foams; corrosion inhibitor; resin and rubber modifier; used in acrylic polishes and paints, hair prep. copolymers, sugar clarification, adhesives, water clarification, acrylic plastics for food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1010 Properties: APHA 50 clear liq.; very sol. in water; sol. in org. solvs.; m.w. 157.21; visc. 1.38 cst; vapor pressure 12 mm Hg (70 C); b.p. 68.5 C (10 mm); f.p. < -60 C; 99% assay Toxicology: Poison; harmful if swallowed; severe eye burns and skin irritation; irritating vapor Storage: Store in cool area, preferably 75 F or lower away from direct sunlight; exclude moisture Ageflex FM-1Q75MC [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip .: Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate methyl chloride quat. with 600 ppm MEHQ inhibitor CAS 5039-78-1 Uses: Antistatic finish for polyester fibers; flocculant and coagulant for industrial process water treatment; flocculant for min. recovery, ion exchange resins, adhesives, acid dye receptivity, electrostatic coatings on wood; retention aid for paper; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Properties: APHA 100 color; water-sol.; m.w. 207.70; sp.gr. 1.105 (20/20 C); f.p. -6.7 C; 75% act.; cationic Ageflex FM-1Q80DMS [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate dimethyl sulfate quat. with 900 ppm MEHQ inhibitor CAS 6891-44-7 Uses: Antistatic finish for polyester fibers; flocculant and coagulant for industrial process water treatment; flocculant for min. recovery, ion exchange resins, adhesives, acid dye receptivity, electrostatic coatings on wood; retention aid for paper; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Properties: APHA 100 color; water-sol.; m.w. 283.35; sp.gr. 1.183 (20/20 C); 80% act.; cationic Ageflex FM-2 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Diethylaminoethyl methacrylate CAS 105-16-8 Uses: Monomer for industrial and automotive clear coatings, dye additives; intermediate for water treatment and oil field chems.; stabilizer for fuel oils; sweetening agent for various hydrocarbon oils; acrylic resin modifier for automotive industry; rubber modifier and stabilizer; retention aid for paper

mfg.; water clarifier for o/w emulsions *Properties:* Clear liq.; m.w. 185.27; sp.gr. 0.922 (20/20 C); f.p. < -60 C; b.p. 114 C (30 mm); flash pt. 77 C

Toxicology: Severe irritant and possibly damaging to eyes and skin; vapor irritating to eyes, skin, and nasal membranes; harmful if swallowed Precaution: Combustible Storage: Store in cool, preferably below 75 F away from direct sunlight; exclude moisture Ageflex FM-10 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Isodecyl methacrylate with 150 ppm MEHQ inhibitor CAS 29964-84-9; EINECS/ELINCS 249-978-2 Uses: Pressure-sensitive adhesives; coatings for leather, textiles, paper, nonwovens; polymer modifier/stabilizer; visc. index improver; dispersion for plastics and rubber, floor waxes, potting compds., sealants, adhesives Properties: APHA 100 clear liq.; m.w. 226.36; sp.gr. 0.878 (20/20 C); b.p. 126 C (10 mm); flash pt. 121 C; 97.5% act. Ageflex FM-68 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Stearyl methacrylate (natural, C16-18 methacrylates) with 100 ppm HQ inhibitor CAS 32360-05-7 Uses: Monomer for lube oil additives, pour pt. depressants, paper coatings, textile finishes, paints, varnishes, pressure-sensitive adhesives Properties: APHA 200 color; m.w. 338.58; sp.gr. 0.864 (20/20 C); f.p. 18 C; flash pt. 93 C; 57% C18, 25% C16 Agefloc A50HV-P [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Poly (2, hydroxypropyl-N,N-dimethyl ammonium chloride) CAS 42751-79-1 Uses: Flocculant, coagulant, dewatering aid in centrifugation, filtration, and flotation of industrial and municipal waste sludges, potable water treatment; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180; ANSI/NSF Std. 60 approved Properties: M.w. high; sp.gr. 1.14; visc. 5000 cps; pH 4.5; 50% solids; cationic Agefloc A50LV-P [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] *Chem. Descrip.:* Poly (2, hydroxypropyl-N,N-dimethyl ammonium chloride) CAS 42751-79-1 Uses: Flocculant, coagulant, dewatering aid in centrifugation, filtration, and flotation of industrial and municipal waste sludges, potable water treatment; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180; ANSI/NSF Std. 60 approved Properties: M.w. low; sp.gr. 1.14; visc. 300 cps; pH 5.0; 50% solids; cationic Agefloc A50-P [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Poly (2, hydroxypropyl-N,N-dimethyl ammonium chloride) CAS 42751-79-1 Uses: Flocculant, coagulant, dewatering aid in centrifugation, filtration, and flotation of industrial and municipal waste sludges, potable water treatment; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180; ANSI/NSF Std. 60 approved Properties: M.w. med.; sp.gr. 1.14; visc. 700 cps; pH 5.0; 50% solids; cationic Agefloc A4506 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip .: Dimethylamine/epichlorohydrin copolymer CAS 25988-97-0 Uses: Drainage aid, retention aid, raw and in-process water decolorizer, low turbidity water clarifier, emulsion breaker, lig./solids separator and sludge dewatering agent for water treatment in paper industry; wire and felt cleaning compds.; for dye retention on cellulosic fibers; decolorizer for dye house effluent in textile industry; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR§ 173.60, 176.170, 176.180 Properties: Sp.gr. 1.14; med. m.w.; visc. 700 cps; pH 5.0; 50% solids Agefloc A4510 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Dimethylamine/epichlorohydrin copolymer CAS 25988-97-0 Uses: Drainage aid, retention aid, raw and in-process water decolorizer, low turbidity water clarifier, emulsion breaker, lig./solids separator and sludge dewatering agent for water treatment in paper industry; wire and felt cleaning compds.; for dye retention on cellulosic fibers; decolorizer for dye house effluent in textile industry; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR§ 173.60, 176.170, 176.180 Properties: Sp.gr. 1.14; high m.w.; visc. 5000 cps; pH 4.5; 50% solids Agefloc B50LV [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Dimethylamine/epichlorohydrin copolymer

CAS 25988-97-0

Uses: Decolorizer, low turbidity water clarifier for sugar cane/sugar beet
processing, latex coagulation, latex waste clarification, lig./solid separation, sludge dewatering, wire and felt cleaning compds. for paper mfg.; stabilizer; retention aid Properties: M.w. very low; sp.gr. 1.14; visc. 25 cps; pH 8.0; 50% solids Agefloc B50-P [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Poly (2, hydroxypropyl-N,N-dimethyl ammonium chloride) CAS 42751-79-1 Uses: Flocculant, coagulant, dewatering aid in centrifugation, filtration, and flotation of industrial and municipal waste sludges, potable water treatment; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180; ANSI/NSF Std. 60 approved Properties: M.w. very low; sp.gr. 1.14; visc. 120 cps; pH 7.5; 50% solids; cationic Agefloc B4508P [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Dimethylamine/epichlorohydrin copolymer CAS 25988-97-0 Uses: Coagulant, flocculant, drainage aid, retention aid, raw and in-process water decolorizer, low turbidity water clarifier, emulsion breaker, liq./solids separator and sludge dewatering agent for water treatment in paper industry; wire and felt cleaning compds.; for dye retention on cellulosic fibers; decolorizer for dye house effluent in textile industry Regulatory: NSF approved for potable water *Properties:* Sp.gr. 1.14; very low m.w.; visc. 60 cps; pH 7.5; 50% solids **Agefloc PC20HV** [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Poly(dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride) CAS 26062-79-3 Uses: Retention aid, pigment dispersant, drainage aid, fiber dewatering agent, size stabilizer for paper industry; electroconductive polymers; recycling operations; raw and wastewater clarification; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: APHA 200 color; m.w. low; sp.gr. 1.04; visc. 350 cps; 20% solids Agefloc PC20VHV [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Poly(dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride) CAS 26062-79-3 Uses: Pigment dispersant, pitch and wh. trash dispersant, fines retention aid, drainage aid, fiber dewatering agent, deinking agent in paper industry; wire and felt cleaners; stabilizer and retention aid for neutral and alkaline sizes, electroconductive polymer, recycling operations, raw and wastewater clarification; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: APHA 250; high m.w.; sp.gr. 1.04; visc. 700 cps; 20% solids Agefloc PC40 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Poly(dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride) CAS 26062-79-3 Uses: Pigment dispersant, pitch and wh. trash dispersant, fines retention aid, drainage aid, fiber dewatering agent, deinking agent in paper industry; wire and felt cleaners; stabilizer and retention aid for neutral and alkaline sizes, electroconductive polymer, recycling operations, raw and wastewater clarification; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: APHA 200; low m.w.; sp.gr. 1.08; visc. 2000 cps; 40% solids Agefloc PC40HV [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Poly(dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride) CAS 26062-79-3 Uses: Pigment dispersant, pitch and wh. trash dispersant, fines retention aid, drainage aid, fiber dewatering agent, deinking agent in paper industry; wire and felt cleaners; stabilizer and retention aid for neutral and alkaline sizes, electroconductive polymer, recycling operations, raw and wastewater clarification; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: APHA 200; med. m.w.; sp.gr. 1.08; visc. 10,000 cps; 40% solids Agefloc PC2206 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Poly (dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride) CAS 26062-79-3 Uses: Pigment dispersant, pitch and wh. trash dispersant, fines retention aid, drainage aid, fiber dewatering agent, deinking agent in paper industry; wire and felt cleaners; stabilizer and retention aid for neutral and alkaline sizes, electroconductive polymer, recycling operations, raw and wastewater clarification; food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Agitan[®] 218 Properties: APHA 250; high m.w.; sp.gr. 1.04; visc. 1800 cps; 20% solids Agequat C505 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Polyguaternium-7 CAS 26590-05-6 Uses: Drainage aid, retention aid, sludge dewatering agent in papermaking; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Agequat C1405 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] *Chem. Descrip.:* Poly dimethyldiallylammonium chloride CAS 26062-79-3 Uses: Drainage aid, pitch and wh. trash dispersant, and fines retention aid for water treatment in paper industry, for specialized waste treatment, e.g. laundry, paint booth, emulsion breaking, sludge dewatering; decolorizer for process effluent Properties: APHA 100 color; sp.gr. 1.08; low m.w.; visc. 2000 cps; 40% solids Agequat C3204 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Poly dimethyldiallylammonium chloride CAS 26062-79-3 Uses: Drainage aid, pitch and wh. trash dispersant, and fines retention aid for water treatment in paper industry, for specialized waste treatment, e.g. laundry, paint booth, emulsion breaking, sludge dewatering; decolorizer for process effluent Properties: APHA 50 color; sp.gr. 1.04; med. m.w.; visc. 3000 cps; 19% solids Agestat 41T [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment] Chem. Descrip.: Poly dimethyldiallyl ammonium chloride CAS 26062-79-3 Uses: Drainage aid, pitch and wh. trash dispersant, and fines retention aid for water treatment in paper industry; food-contact paper/paperboard; high conductivity electroconductive polymers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: APHA 100 color; low m.w.; sp.gr. 1.08;visc. 700 cps; 40% solids Agitan® 92-N [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Fatty derivs. disp. Uses: Defoamer/deaerator for pulp, paper, and board prod., wastewater treatment, effluent treating plants; effective in wide pH range Use Level: 0.05-0.2% Regulatory: BGA, FDA compliance Properties: Wh. free-flowing disp.; dens. 0.96 g/cc (20 C); visc. med.; pH 8; 31% act.; nonionic Storage: 6 mos min. shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed pkgs.; sensitive to freezing; stir well before use Agitan[®] 94-N [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip .: Fatty derivs. disp.

Uses: Defoamer/deaerator for pulp, paper, and board prod., and wastewater/ effluent treatment

Use Level: 0.05-0.2%

Regulatory: BGA, FDA compliance

Properties: Wh. ylsh. disp.; dens. 0.96 g/cc (20 C); visc. med.; pH 7 (20 C); 30% act.: nonionic

Storage: 6 mos min. shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed pkgs.; sensitive to freezing; stir well before use

Agitan[®] 217 [Münzing Chemie GmbH]

Chem. Descrip.: Blend of liq. hydrocarbons, nonionic emulsifiers, and silicone (< 5%)

Uses: Defoamer for emulsion paints, emulsion polymers, adhesives, coating colors in paper prod.

Use Level: 0.1-0.3%

Regulatory: FDA compliance

Properties: Lt. yel. dull oil; emulsifiable in water; dens. 0.91 g/ml (20 C); visc.

med.; flash pt. > 140 C; pH 6 (2% in DW); 100% act.; nonionic

Storage: 12 mos min. shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed pkg.; not sensitive to freezing; stir before use Agitan[®] 218 [Münzing Chemie GmbH]

Chem. Descrip.: Oil defoamer contg. silicone (< 5%)

Uses: Defoamer for emulsion paints, aq. coatings, syn. renderings, adhesives, coating colors for paper prod., leather finishing

Use Level: 0.1-0.3%

Regulatory: FDA compliance

Properties: Pale yel. cloudy oil; emulsifiable in water @ 20-30 C; visc. med.;

pH 6.5 (2% DW); 100% act.; nonionic Agitan[®] 295 [Münzing Chemie GmbH; King Ind.] Chem. Descrip.: Blend of liq. hydrocarbons, hydrophobic silica, fatty and Storage: Store @ R.T.; stir before use; becomes more visc. under cold alkoxylated compds., and nonionic emulsifiers conditions, but does not affect performance-warm to 40 C and stir to Uses: Defoamer for emulsion paints, gloss emulsion paints, printing inks, reverse Agitan[®] 232 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] emulsion polymers, food pkg. adhesives, aq. systems, polymerization Chem. Descrip.: Blend of liq. hydrocarbons and nonionic emulsifiers processes, wood preservative stains; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; silicone-free Uses: Defoamer for emulsion paints, syn. renderings, coating colors for paper prod., wastewater treatment; silicone-free Use Level: 0.05-0.50% on finished prod. Use Level: 0.1-0.3% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210 Properties: Ylsh. dull oil; emulsifiable in water, ethylene glycol, IPA, xylol; Properties: Lt. brn. turbid sl. visc. liq.; emulsifiable in water; dens. 0.95 g/ml dens. 0.90 g/cc (20 C); visc. med.; flash pt. > 120 C; pH 8 (2% in DW, 20 (20 C); flash pt. > 140 C; pH \approx 6.0 (2% in DI water); 100% act. Storage: 12 mos shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed containers; stir before C); 100% act.; nonionic Storage: 12 mos min. shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed pkg.; not sensitive use Agitan® 301 [Münzing Chemie GmbH; King Ind.] to freezing Agitan® 260 [Münzing Chemie GmbH; King Ind.] Chem. Descrip.: Blend of vegetable oils, modified solids, nonionic emulsifi-Chem. Descrip.: Medical wh. oils, modified nonionic solids, and hydrophobic ers, and silicone Uses: Defoamer for emulsion paints, emulsion polymers, syn. renderings, silica food pkg. adhesives/coatings/paper, coating colors (graphic papers), waste-Uses: Defoamer for emulsion paints, gloss emulsion paints, syn. renderings, adhesives, silicate paints, aq. epoxy resin systems, highly visc. coating water treatment; prevents and combats surf. foam colors for paper prod., wastewater treatment; silicone-free Use Level: 0.02-0.1% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210; BGA com-Use Level: 0.05-0.3% Regulatory: BGA compliance pliance Properties: Wh. opaque visc. liq.; dens. 0.84 g/ml (20 C); flash pt. > 150 C; Properties: Ylsh. dull oil; emulsifiable in water; dens. 0.93 g/cc (20 C); visc. $pH \approx 6.5$ (2% in DI water); 100% act.; nonionic med.; flash pt. > 200 C; pH 6.5 (2% in DW, 20 C); 100% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg. Storage: 12 mos min. shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed pkg.; not sensitive to freezing; stir before use Storage: 12 mos shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed pkg.; not sensitive to Agitan[®] 280 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] freezing; stir before use Chem. Descrip.: Blend of liq. hydrocarbons, hydrophobic silica acid, syn. Agitan® 305 [Münzing Chemie GmbH; King Ind.] Chem. Descrip .: Blend of modified nonionic fatty compds. and environmencopolymers, and nonionic emulsifiers Uses: Defoamer for emulsion paints, emulsion polymers, syn. renderings, tally safe hydrocarbons adhesives, coating colors in paper prod.; silicone-free Uses: Defoamer for latex and emulsion architectural paints, general industrial, Use Level: 0.1-0.5% can coatings, emulsion polymers, syn. renderings, food pkg. adhesives/ Properties: Brnsh. dull oil; emulsifiable in water; dens. 0.93 g/cc (20 C); visc. paper, dispersions, coating colors in paper prod. (self-copying paper, folding med.; flash pt. > 120 C; pH 6 (2% in DW); 100% act.; nonionic boxboard); silicone-free Use Level: 0.05-0.50% on finished prod. Storage: 12 mos min. shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed pkg.; not sensitive Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210; BGA compliance to freezing; stir well before use Properties: Wh. opaque sl. visc. liq.; emulsifiable in water; dens. 0.87 g/ml Agitan[®] 281 [Münzing Chemie GmbH; King Ind.] Chem. Descrip.: Blend of liq. hydrocarbons, hydrophobic silica, syn. copoly-(20 C); flash pt. > 140 C; pH \approx 8.0 (2% in DI water); 100% act.; nonionic mers, and nonionic emulsifiers Storage: 12 mos min. shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed containers; not Uses: Defoamer for emulsion paints, emulsion polymers, food pkg. adhesensitive to freezing; stir well before use sives, aq. systems, silicate paints, coating colors; starch defoamer in food-Agitan® 315 [Münzing Chemie GmbH; King Ind.] contact paper prod.; silicone-free Chem. Descrip.: Blend of modified nonionic fatty compds., hydrophobic Use Level: 0.05-0.50% silica, and aromatic-free medical wh. oils Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210 Uses: Silicone-free defoamer for odorless inner emulsion paints, maintenance Properties: Lt. brn. turbid sl. visc. liq.; emulsifiable in water; dens. 0.96 g/ml coatings, primers, high-gloss emulsion paints, inks, syn. renderings, adhe-(20 C); flash pt. > 140 C; pH \approx 5.0 (2% in dist. water); 100% act.; nonionic sives, aq. systems, coating colors in paper prod.; very low odor Storage: 12 mos min. shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed containers; not Use Level: 0.05-0.50% sensitive to freezing; stir before use Regulatory: BGA compliance Agitan[®] 285 [Münzing Chemie GmbH; King Ind.] Properties: Lt. yel. sl. opaque visc. liq., low odor; dens. 0.86 g/ml (20 C); flash pt. > 100 C; pH ~ 8.0 (2% in DI water); 100% act.; nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Ester Uses: Water-soluble defoamer for prod. of phosphoric acid and for special Storage: 12 mos shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed pkg.; stir before use; foam problems, i.e., defoaming of quaternary ammonium compds.; wetting/ not sensitive to freezing dispersing agent for emulsion paints; defoamer for coating colors for acid Agitan® 380 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] systems (paper prod.); defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; food Chem. Descrip.: Medical wh. oils with hydrophobic silica, syn. copolymers, pkg. adhesives, coatings; free of mineral oil and nonionic emulsifiers Use Level: 0.1-0.5% (on coating pigment) Uses: Defoamer for emulsion paints, esp. in low visc. and unpigmented *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210 systems; defoamer for coating colors in paper prod., wastewater treatment; Properties: Water-wh. sl. dull liq.; emulsifiable in water; dens. 1.06 g/cc (20 silicone-free; high efficiency, good emulsifiability; combats and prevents C); visc. med.; 50% act.; anionic foam Storage: 12 mos min. shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed pkg.; not sensitive Use Level: 0.02-0.1% (water treatment) to freezing Regulatory: BGA, FDA compliance Agitan® 290 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Properties: Ylsh. dull oil; emulsifiable in water, ethylene glycol, propylene Chem. Descrip.: Alkoxylated blend glycol; dens. 0.95 g/cc; visc. med.; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 5.5 (2% in DW, Uses: Defoamer for sol'ns. of polyvinyl alcohol, deliming and cleaning agents, 20 C); 100% act.; nonionic acid media, printing inks, coating colors and sizing preps. in paper prod.; Storage: 12 mos shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed pkg.; not sensitive to silicone-free; ashless freezing; stir before use Agitan[®] 620 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Use Level: 0.1-1.0% Properties: Water-wh. clear liq.; sol. in acetone, ethanol, IPA, xylol; emulsi-Chem. Descrip.: Blend of mainly aliphatic hydrocarbons with components fiable in water, ethylene glycol, propylene glycol; dens. 1.02 g/cc (20 C); having nonionic chars. visc. med.; flash pt. > 180 C; pH 6 (2% in DW); 100% act.; nonionic Uses: Defoamer for coating colors in paper prod. (folding boxboard), and nat. Storage: 12 mos min. shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed pkg.; not sensitive and syn. binders; silicone-free Use Level: 0.02-0.08% (on coating pigment) to freezing

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Properties: Ylsh. oil; emulsifiable in water; dens. 0.92 g/cc (20 C); visc. C); visc. med.; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 6 (2% in DW); 100% act.; nonionic med.; flash pt. > 110 C; pH 6 (2% in DW); 100% act.; nonionic Storage: 12 mos min. shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed pkg.; not sensitive to freezing; stir well before use Storage: 12 mos min. shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed pkg.; not sensitive to freezing; stir well before use Agitan[®] 960-R [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Agitan[®] 633 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Fatty derivs. and modified fatty acid esters disp. Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid derivs. and hydrocarbons Uses: Defoamer/deaerator for paper and board prod. incl. food-contact paper, Uses: Defoamer, leveling agent for water paints, water-dilutable resin syswastewater treatment, and for very strongly alkaline systems (up to pH 14); tems, impregnations, adhesives, printing inks, pulp, paper and board prod., food pkg. adhesives effluent treating plants; silicone-free; easily emulsifiable Use Level: 0.05-0.2% Use Level: 0.1-2.0% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210; BGA compliance Properties: Ylsh.-brn. clear oil; emulsifiable in water; dens. 0.92 g/ml (20 C); Properties: Wh. dull free-flowing disp.; dens. 0.97 g/cc (20 C); visc. med.; visc. low; flash pt. > 120 C; pH 6.5 (2% in DW); 100% act.; nonionic pH 7 (20 C); 39% act.; nonionic Storage: 12 mos min. shelf life stored @ R.T. in closed containers; not Storage: 12 mos min. shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed pkgs.; sensitive to freezing; stir well before use sensitive to freezing Agitan® 634 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Agitan[®] B 13 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid derivs. and hydrocarbons Chem. Descrip .: Fatty derivs. in water Uses: Defoamer for pulp/paper prod., food-contact paper/paperboard; in res-Uses: Defoamer/deaerator for pulp, paper, and board prod., and for effluent inous/polymeric food-contact coatings treating plants Use Level: 0.02-0.04% Use Level: 0.1-0.3% Properties: Ylsh.-brn. clear oil; emulsifiable in water; dens. 0.92 g/cc (20 C); Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180; BGA compliance Properties: SI. creamy paste; pH 9 (2% in DW); 48% act. visc. low; flash pt. > 120 C; pH 5 (2% in DW); 100% act.; nonionic Storage: 12 mos min. shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed pkg.; not sensitive Storage: 12 mos shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed pkg.; sensitive to to freezing freezing Agitan® VP 4/180 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Agitan[®] 650 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Blend of hydrocarbons, waxes, and nonionic emulsifiers Chem. Descrip.: Oils, special waxes, and emulsifiers Uses: Defoamer for emulsion polymers, water-dilutable systems, pigmented Uses: Defoamer/deaerator for pulp prod. Properties: Nonionic and unpigmented systems, coating colors for paper prod.; in resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings; food-contact paper/paperboard; silicone-Airflex[®] 100 HS [Air Prods./Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate-ethylene copolymer latex free CAS 24937-78-8 Use Level: 0.1-0.5% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180; BGA compliance Uses: Coating binder and saturant for paper and paperboard applics., size Properties: YIsh. dull oil; emulsifiable in water, ethylene glycol, IPA, propypress, and wallpaper; very high dry pick str.; produces higher sheet and ink lene glycol, xylol; dens. 0.86 g/cc (20 C); visc. med.; flash pt. > 140 C; pH gloss than conventional VA-based latexes; develops high degree of smooth-6.5 (Ž% in DW); 100% act.; nonionic ness and compressibility; high scrub resist. in wallpaper grouts Storage: 12 mos min. shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed pkg.; not sensitive Properties: 0.17 nm particle size; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 550 cps; pH 5.5; to freezing; stir well before use 55% solids; sl. anionic Agitan® 655 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Airflex[®] 105 [Air Prods./Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Blend of hydrocarbons, waxes, and nonionic emulsifiers Chem. Descrip.: Self-crosslinking vinyl acetate-ethylene polymer Uses: Defoamer for emulsion polymers, water-dilutable systems, pigmented CAS 24937-78-8 and unpigmented systems, coating colors (self-copying paper); silicone-Uses: Nonwoven binder for wipes, towels, lightweight cover stock free; easily emulsifiable Properties: Visc. 400-1000 cps; pH 5-6; 52% solids; anionic/nonionic Use Level: 0.3-0.5% Airflex[®] 108 [Air Prods./Polymers] Regulatory: BGA, FDA compliance Chem. Descrip.: Crosslinkable vinyl acetate ethylene copolymer CAS 24937-78-8 Properties: YIsh. dull oil; emulsifiable in water, ethylene glycol, IPA, propylene glycol, xylol; dens. 0.84 g/ml (20 C); flash pt. > 140 C; pH 6.5 (2% in Uses: Saturant for paper applics.; high performance, ultra-low formaldehyde; DW); 100% act.; nonionic meets demanding applic. needs where high str., durability, and absorbency Storage: 12 mos min. shelf life stored @ R.T. in closed containers; not are required sensitive to freezing; stir before use after long storage Properties: 0.25 µm particle size; visc. 200 cps; pH 5.5; 55% solids; anionic Agitan® 731 [Münzing Chemie GmbH; King Ind.] Airflex[®] 110 [Air Prods./Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Blend of modified organo polysiloxanes with nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate-ethylene copolymer latex alkoxylated compds. CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Defoamer for water-reducible emulsion and latex systems, high gloss Uses: Saturant for paper and paperboard applics., reprographic applics.; architectural paints, wood preservative stains, ag. flexographic inks, primcompat. with conductive polymers, most cationic additives; optimum solvent runnability ers, acid catalyzed systems, automotive basecoats, coating colors (folding boxboard), wastewater treatment Properties: 0.30 nm particle size; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. 575 cps; pH 5.2; Use Level: 0.05-0.20% 55% solids; nonionic Properties: Lt. yel. sl. visc. translucent liq.; sol. in butanol, glycol ethers, Airflex® 124 [Air Prods./Polymers] ethoxypropanol, hexanol, isobutanol, IPA, methoxypropanol, MEK, min. Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate ethylene copolymer spirits, xylene; partly sol. in acetone, ethanol; dens. 1.01 g/ml (20 C); flash CAS 24937-78-8 pt. > 200 C; pH ≈ 7.0 (2% in DI water); 100% act.; nonionic Uses: Saturant for wallpaper and specialty paper applics.; soft polymer with Storage: 12 mos min. shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed containers; not high wet str., soft hand, low formaldehyde sensitive to freezing; stir before use Properties: 0.25 µm particle size; visc. 175 cps; pH 5.5; 52% solids; anionic Agitan[®] 760 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Airflex[®] 144 [Air Prods./Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Blend of modified organo polysiloxanes and alkoxylated Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate-ethylene copolymer latex CAS 24937-78-8 compds. Uses: Saturant in paper and specialty paper applics.; heat-sealable; adhesion Uses: Defoamer for coating colors in paper prod. (folding boxboard), gloss to wide variety of surfaces; compat. with silicone emulsions; polyvinyl emulsion paints, wood preservative stains, aq. flexographic inks; highly effective; very good long-term effect alcohol protected; < 0.1% total volatile organics Use Level: 0.05-0.2% Properties: 0.80 µm particle size; visc. 2250 cps; pH 4.5; 55% solids; nonionic *Regulatory:* BGA compliance Properties: Lt. ylsh. sl. dull oil; sol. in acetone, ethanol, IPA, xylol; emulsifi-Airflex® 300 [Air Prods./Polymers] Chem. Descrip .: Vinyl acetate-ethylene emulsion able in propylene glycol; hardly emulsifiable in water; dens. 1.01 g/cc (20

Airflex® 320 CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Adhesive base offering rapid set speed, good adhesion to coated paper surfs., clarity, and flexibility, high thickening response, good wet tack and water resist.; suited for paper, cellulose acetate film substrates; PVAL protection Properties: Visc. 1800-2700 cps; pH 4-5; 55% solids Airflex® 320 [Air Prods./Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate-ethylene emulsion CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Base for compounding water resist. pkg. adhesives with exc. adhesion to difficult-to-adhere coated paper surfs.; suited for paper and cellulose acetate film substrates; offers flexibility, good wet tack, rapid set speed; good water resist.; PVAL protection Properties: Visc. 1800-2700 cps; pH 4-5; 55% solids Airflex[®] 323 [Air Prods./Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate-ethylene emulsion polymer CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Base for high-speed paper pkg. adhesives; nonwoven binder for wipes, towels, cover stock; self-crosslinking; formaldehyde-free Regulatory: SARA §313 reportable Properties: Wh. mobile liq.; sweet odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.07; visc. 50-500 cps; vapor pressure 18.52 mm Hg (21 C); b.p. > 100 C; pH 5.5: 40-60% solids: anionic Toxicology: Mild respiratory tract irritant; repeated/prolonged exposure to low concs. of vapor may cause transient sore throat; nonirritating to eyes and skin of rabbit; TSCA listed Precaution: When dried polymer burns, water, CO₂, CO, and smoke are produced; keep away from oxidizers Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Level of acetaldehyde may inc. as a result of hydrolysis of residual vinyl acetate monomer; CO, CO₂ in fire; acetic acid; aldehydes Storage: Avoid freezing temps.; minimize contact with atmospheric air to prevent inoculation with microorganisms; do not store in reactive metal containers Airflex® 400 [Air Prods./Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate-ethylene emulsion CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Adhesive for many substrates incl. PVC film, coated paper, cloth; high wet tack, good water resist.; PVAL protection Properties: Visc. 1800-2700 cps; pH 4-5; 55% solids Airflex[®] 426 [Air Prods./Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate-ethylene emulsion, carboxylated CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Base for adhesives; rec. for foil laminating, PVC laminating, film laminating, bottle labeling, bookbinding, metal-to-paper, metal-to-wood, envelope window adhesives, high-speed pkg.; food pkg. adhesives, paper/ paperboard; PVAL/cellulosic protection; exc. adhesion to metal, polyester, other plastic films; sprayable, exc. water resist., high wet tack, heat sealable Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180 Properties: Emulsion; visc. 100-1800 cps; pH 4.5-5.5; 60-64% solids Airflex[®] 430 [Air Prods./Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Vinvl acetate/ethylene/vinvl chloride terpolymer Uses: Fire retardant adhesive base for kraft and coated paper substrates; forms clear, tough films with outstanding water and alkali resist.; strong adhesion to metals, plastic films and foams; surfactant protection Properties: Visc. 100-500 cps; pH 5.0-6.5; 52% min. solids Airflex[®] 440 [Air Prods./Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate-ethylene emulsion CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Adhesive base suitable on kraft/coated paper, cotton and polyester fabrics, mylar, cellulose acetate, and PVC film substrates; low VOC version of Airflex 400; high wet tack, good water resist.

Regulatory: SARA §312/313 nonreportable

Properties: Wh. mobile liq.; sweet odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.07; visc. 1800-2700 cps; vapor pressure 18.62 mm Hg (21 C); b.p. > 100 C; pH 4.5; 40-60% solids; < 0.1% total volatiles

Toxicology: No known health hazards; TSCA listed

- *Precaution:* When dried polymer burns, water, CO₂, CO, and smoke are produced; keep away from oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Level of acetaldehyde may inc. as a result of hydrolysis of residual vinyl acetate monomer; CO, CO₂ in fire; acetic acid;

aldehydes

Storage: Avoid freezing temps.; minimize contact with atmospheric air to prevent inoculation with microorganisms; do not store in reactive metal containers

Airflex® 440H [Air Prods./Polymers]

Chem. Descrip .: Vinyl acetate-ethylene emulsion

CAS 24937-78-8

Uses: Adhesive base suitable on kraft/coated paper, cotton and polyester fabrics, mylar, cellulose acetate, and PVC film substrates; low VOC version of Airflex 400H; high wet tack, good water resist.

Properties: Visc. 3100-4400 cps; pH 4-5; 55% min. solids; < 0.1% total volatiles

Airflex® 456 [Air Prods./Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate-ethylene-vinyl chloride terpolymer latex *Uses:* Nonwoven binder for flame retardant fabrics where clay fillers are incorporated; coating binder and saturant for paper and paperboard applics.; good water resist., abrasion resist., and flame retardancy

Properties: 0.17 nm particle size; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 100-500 cps; pH 5-6.5; 52% solids; sl. anionic

- Airflex® 465 [Air Prods./Polymers]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate-ethylene emulsion

CAS 24937-78-8

- Uses: Adhesive base for high-speed pkg., bookbinding, and film overlay laminating, suitable for wood, paper, mylar, cellulose acetate, and PVC film substrates; exc. water resist.; PVAL protection
- *Properties:* Visc. 800-1300 cps; pH 4.5-5.5; 66% solids

Airflex® 4500 [Air Prods./Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene-vinyl chloride copolymer latex

- Uses: Coating binder for size press and saturant for paper and wallpaper applics.; useful in heat seal adhesive applics. or where a moisture barrier is required; nonwoven binder for fiberfill and high loft stock requiring flame retardancy; imparts flexibility and water resist. to caulks, mastics, barrier coats in building applics., high build flexible coatings, low MVTR coatings; crosslinkable; flexible; exc. water, alcohol, and grease resist.; inherently flame retardant
- *Properties:* Emulsion; 0.12 nm particle size; dens. 9.17 lb/gal; visc. 25-150 cps; pH 8.0; 50% solids; anionic

Airflex[®] 4514 [Air Prods./Polymers]

- Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene-vinyl chloride copolymer latex
- Uses: Coating binder and saturant for paper and paperboard applics.; binder for flame retardant fabrics, heat sealable nonwovens; useful in heat seal adhesive applics. or where a moisture barrier is required; imparts flexibility and water resist. to caulks, mastics, barrier coats in building applics., low MTVR coatings; inherently flame retardant
- Properties: Emulsion; 0.12 nm particle size; dens. 9.22 lb/gal; visc. 25-150 cps; pH 8.0; 50% solids; anionic
- Airflex® 4530 [Air Prods./Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene-vinyl chloride copolymer latex

- Uses: Coating binder and saturant for paper and paperboard applics.; useful in heat seal adhesive applics. or where a moisture barrier is required; binder for filters, stiff flame retardant nonwovens; imparts flexibility and water resist. to caulks, mastics, barrier coats in building applics., baked industrial coatings, high PVC ceiling tile coatings; exc. water, alcohol, and grease resist.; highest stiffness, tens. str., and flame retardancy in series; crosslinkable with UF and MF
- Properties: Emulsion; 0.11 nm particle size; dens. 9.37 lb/gal; visc. 25-150 cps; pH 8.0; 50% solids; anionic
- Airflex® 7200 [Air Prods./Polymers]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Vinyl acetate-ethylene emulsion

CAS 24937-78-8

Uses: Adhesive base suitable on kraft and coated paper, cotton, polyester, mylar, cellulose acetate, and PVC film substrates; ideal for solv.-based adhesive replacement; ultra high-solids; PVAL protection; superior wet tack and very rapid speed of set

Properties: Visc. 1500-3000 cps; pH 4-5.5; 72% min. solids

Airflex® CE35 [Air Prods. Polymers Europe]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate/ethylene terpolymer disp. *Uses:* Binder for fabrics, glass fiber; textile auxiliary and coating; paper coatings
- Properties: Disp.; 0.15 μm particle size; visc. 50 \pm 30 mPa*s; pH 6; 50 \pm 1% solids
- Airflex® CF50 [Air Prods. Polymers Europe]

Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer disp. Properties: Fine particle grade; fineness 99+% thru 80 mesh; visc. 5.2-6.2 cps; pH 4.5-6.5; 87-90% hydrolysis CAS 9003-22-9 Airvol[®] 305 [Celanese GmbH] Uses: Binder for fabrics, glass fiber; textile auxiliary and coating; paper Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol, fully hydrolyzed coatings CAS 9002-89-5; EINÉCS/ELINCS 209-183-3 Properties: Disp.; 0.15 µm particle size; visc. 80 ± 60 mPa•s; pH 5; 50 ± 1% solids Uses: Imparts high water resist.; good adhesion to hydrophilic surfs. such as Airvol® 103 [Celanese GmbH] paper, cotton cloth; offers high tens. str. and ease of film formation, exc. Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol, fully hydrolyzed adhesive chars; sol'ns. are nongelling providing long shelf life at low temps. CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 Properties: Visc. 4.5-5.5 cps; pH 5.0-7.0; 98.0-98.8% hydrolysis Uses: Imparts high water resist.; good adhesion to hydrophilic surfs. such as Airvol[®] 321 [Celanese GmbH] paper, cotton cloth; offers high tens. str. and ease of film formation, exc. Chem. Descrip .: Polyvinyl alcohol, fully hydrolyzed CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 adhesive chars; sol'ns. are nongelling providing long shelf life at low temps. Properties: Visc. 3.2-4.2 cps; pH 5.0-7.0; 98.0-98.8% hydrolysis Uses: Imparts high water resist.; good adhesion to hydrophilic surfs. such as Airvol[®] 107 [Celanese GmbH] paper, cotton cloth; offers high tens. str. and ease of film formation, exc. *Chem. Descrip.:* Polyvinyl alcohol, fully hydrolyzed CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 adhesive chars; sol'ns. are nongelling providing long shelf life at low temps. Properties: Visc. 16.5-20.5 cps; pH 5.0-7.0; 98.0-98.8% hydrolysis Uses: Imparts high water resist.; good adhesion to hydrophilic surfs. such as Airvol[®] 325 [Celanese GmbH] paper, cotton cloth; offers high tens. str. and ease of film formation, exc. Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol, fully hydrolyzed CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 adhesive chars; sol'ns. are nongelling providing long shelf life at low temps. Properties: Visc. 5.5-6.6 cps; pH 5.0-7.0; 98.0-98.8% hydrolysis Uses: Imparts high water resist.; good adhesion to hydrophilic surfs. such as Airvol® 125 [Celanese GmbH] paper, cotton cloth; offers high tens. str. and ease of film formation, exc. Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol, super hydrolyzed adhesive chars; sol'ns. are nongelling providing long shelf life at low temps. CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 Properties: Visc. 28.5-32.5 cps; pH 5.0-7.0; 98.0-98.8% hydrolysis Uses: For adhesives, paper, molded prods.; imparts highest degree of water Airvol[®] 350 [Celanese GmbH] resist.; good adhesion to hydrophilic surfs. such as paper, cotton cloth; forms Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol, fully hydrolyzed thermally reversible gels @ high concs.; suitable for tube winding, bag CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 seams, solid fiber laminations Uses: Imparts high water resist.; good adhesion to hydrophilic surfs. such as Properties: Visc. 28-32 cps; pH 5.5-7.5; 99.3+% hydrolysis paper, cotton cloth; offers high tens. str. and ease of film formation, exc. adhesive chars; sol'ns. are nongelling providing long shelf life at low temps. Airvol® 165 [Celanese GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol, super hydrolyzed Properties: Visc. 62-72 cps; pH 5.0-7.0; 98.0-98.8% hydrolysis CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 Airvol[®] 425 [Celanese GmbH] Uses: Imparts highest degree of water resist.; good adhesion to hydrophilic Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol, intermediate hydrolyzed surfs. such as paper, cotton cloth; forms thermally reversible gels @ high CAS 25213-24-5 concs.; rec. for tube winding, bag seams, and solid fiber lamination Uses: Polymer for adhesive prods., esp. for envelope, tube winding, book-Properties: Visc. 62-72 cps; pH 5.5-7.5; 99.3+% hydrolysis binding, padding, bag seam, cup, cigarette filter, case/carton sealing applics.; Airvol[®] 165SF [Celanese GmbH] paper applics.; exc. machining props Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol, partially hydrolyzed Properties: Visc. 27-31 cps; pH 4.5-6.5; 95.5-96.5% hydrolysis CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 Airvol[®] 502 [Celanese GmbH] Uses: Noncook additive in paper coating color formulations; super fine particle Chem. Descrip.: Partially hydrolyzed polyvinyl alcohol CAS 25213-24-5 size *Properties:* > 99% thru 100 mesh Uses: For remoistenable adhesives and wood adhesive formulations; paper Airvol[®] 203 [Celanese GmbH] applics.; imparts high degree of water sensitivity Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol, partially hydrolyzed Properties: Visc. 3.0-3.7 cps (4% aq., 20 C); pH 4.5-6.5; 5% max. volatiles CAS 25213-24-5 Airvol[®] 523 [Celanese GmbH] Uses: Useful for remoistenable adhesives and adhesives requiring easy Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol, partially hydrolyzed cleanup, rec. for wood adhesives, envelope, label, bookbinding, padding, CAS 25213-24-5 carton sealing applics.; paper applics.; imparts highest water sensitivity Uses: Binder, carrier, compounding agent, dispersant, stabilizer, protective colloid in polymerizations for textiles, paper, cement/plaster additive, films, Properties: Visc. 3.5-4.5 cps; pH 4.5-6.5; 87-89% hydrolysis Airvol[®] 203S [Celanese GmbH] ceramics, molded prods., mold release; useful for remoistenable adhesives, Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol wood adhesives, envelope, label, bookbinding, padding, carton sealing CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 applics. Uses: Protein replacement and optical brightener carrier in paper industry, joint Properties: Visc. 23-27 cps (4% aq., 20 C); pH 4-6 (4% aq.); 87-89% cements, plaster additives, stucco finishes; finer particle size hydrolysis Airvol® 540 [Celanese GmbH] *Properties:* > 99% thru 80 mesh Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol, partially hydrolyzed Airvol[®] 205 [Celanese GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol, partially hydrolyzed CAS 25213-24-5 CAS 25213-24-5 Uses: Binder, carrier, compounding agent, dispersant, stabilizer, protective Uses: Binder, carrier, compounding agent, dispersant, stabilizer, protective colloid in polymerizations for textiles, paper, cement/plaster additive, films, colloid in polymerizations for textiles, paper, cement/plaster, peelable caulks, molded prods., nonwovens; useful for remoistenable adhesives, wood adceramics, strippable coatings, mold release, nonwovens; useful for hesives, envelope, label, bookbinding, padding, carton sealing applics. Properties: Visc. 45-55 cps (4% aq., 20 C); pH 4-6 (4% aq.); 87-89% remoistenable adhesives, wood adhesives, envelope, label, bookbinding, padding, carton sealing applics. hydrolysis Properties: Wh. to cream gran. powd.; sp.gr. 1.27-1.31; bulk dens. 40 lb/ft³; Airvol[®] 805 [Celanese GmbH] visc. 5.2-6.2 cps (4% aq., 20 C); pH 4.5-6.5 (4% aq.); ref. index 1.55 (20 Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 C); 87-89% hydrolysis Airvol® 205S [Celanese GmbH] Uses: Emulsion polymerization applics.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol, partially hydrolyzed paper/paperboard; improved grade providing processing advantages, supe-CAS 25213-24-5 rior water sol., lower foaming, and reduced gel content Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180; BGA com-Uses: Imparts high water resist.; good adhesion to hydrophilic surfs. such as paper, cotton cloth; offers high tens. str. and ease of film formation, exc. pliances adhesive chars; sol'ns. are nongelling providing long shelf life at low temps.; Properties: Wh. to cream gran. powd.; sp.gr. 1.27-1.31; bulk dens. 40 lb/ft3; visc. 5.2-6.2 cps (4% aq., 20 C); pH 4.5-6.5 (4% aq.); ref. index 1.55 (20 finer particle size

C); 87-89% hydrolysis Airvol[®] 823 [Celanese GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 Uses: Emulsion polymerization applics.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard; improved grade providing processing advantages, superior water sol., lower foaming, and reduced gel content Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180; BGA compliances Properties: Wh. to cream gran. powd.; sp.gr. 1.27-1.31; bulk dens. 40 lb/ft3; visc. 23-27 cps (4% aq., 20 C); pH 4-6 (4% aq.); ref. index 1.55 (20 C); 87-89% hydrolysis Airvol[®] 840 [Celanese GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 Uses: Emulsion polymerization applics.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard; improved grade providing processing advantages, superior water sol., lower foaming, and reduced gel content Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180; BGA compliances Properties: Wh. to cream gran. powd.; sp.gr. 1.27-1.31; bulk dens. 40 lb/ft³; visc. 45-55 cps (4% aq., 20 C); pH 4-6 (4% aq.); ref. index 1.55 (20 C); 87-89% hydrolysis Airvol® MH-82 [Celanese GmbH] Chem. Descrip .: Polyvinyl alcohol, tackified CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 Uses: Tackified grades yield visc. aq. sol'ns. which possess tack when applied onto surfaces such as paper, reducing penetration; derived from fully hydrolyzed grades Properties: Visc. 4200-5900 cps; pH 4.4-4.9 Airvol[®] MM-14 [Celanese GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol, tackified CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 Uses: Tackified grades yield visc. aq. sol'ns. which possess tack when applied onto surfaces such as paper, reducing penetration; derived from fully hydrolyzed grades Properties: Visc. 245-485 cps; pH 4.4-4.9 Airvol[®] MM-51 [Celanese GmbH] *Chem. Descrip.:* Polyvinyl alcohol, tackified CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 Uses: Tackified grades yield visc. aq. sol'ns. which possess tack when applied onto surfaces such as paper, reducing penetration; derived from fully hydrolyzed grades Properties: Visc. 1100-1500 cps; pH 4.4-4.9 Airvol[®] MM-81 [Celanese GmbH] Chem. Descrip .: Polyvinyl alcohol, tackified CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 Uses: Tackified grades yield visc. aq. sol'ns. which possess tack when applied onto surfaces such as paper, reducing penetration; derived from fully hydrolyzed grades Properties: Visc. 1300-1700 cps; pH 4.4-4.9 Ajidew A-100 [Ajinomoto] Chem. Descrip.: PCA CAS 98-79-3; EINECS/ELINCS 202-700-3 Uses: Nat. humectant used in cosmetics, soaps, dentifrices, medicinal supplies, tobacco, cellulose film, paper prods., fiber prods., paints; dyeing agent; softener; finishing agent; intermediate for synthesis; antistat for hair care prods. Properties: Wh. cryst. powd., odorless, sl. acidic taste, nonhygroscopic; m.w. 129.11; m.p. 181 C; pH 1.8-2.2 Ajidew N-50 [Ajinomoto] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium PCA aq. sol'n. CAS 28874-51-3; EINECS/ELINCS 249-277-1 Uses: Nat. humectant used in cosmetics, soaps, dentifrices, medicinal supplies, tobacco, cellulose film, paper prods., fiber prods., paints; dyeing agent; softener; finishing agent; antistat; intermediate for synthesis; thickener for shampoos Properties: Liq.; pH 6.8-7.4; 50% act. Ajidew SP-100 [Ajinomoto] Chem. Descrip .: Sodium PCA and PCA Uses: Nat. humectant used in cosmetics, soaps, dentifrices, medicinal sup-

agent; softener; finishing agent; antistat; intermediate for synthesis Properties: Wh. cryst. AL 1701 [Mace Adhesives & Coatings] Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic polyether PU laminating adhesive Uses: Laminating adhesive for paper, foam, cotton, polyester, stainless steel, mylar, nylon, aluminum, and PE film; waterborne; good grn. str. and adhesion to most substrates Properties: Visc. 2000 ± 1000 cps; low m.p.; pH 7.5-8.5; VOC 137 g/l; 60 ± 1% solids AL 4190 [Mace Adhesives & Coatings] Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic polyether PU laminating adhesive Uses: Laminating adhesive for wet or dry laminations of paper, film, vinyl, foil, or fabric constructions; high performance; waterborne; low VOC; rapid bond str.; designed to exhibit high degree of specific adhesion to various substrates, incl. low energy surfaces Use Level: 0.3-1.5 oz/yd² (dry coat wt.) Properties: Milky liq.; mild alcoholic odor; dens. 8.1 lb/gal; visc. 1500 ± 500 cps (70 F); pH 7.5-8.5; VOC 250 g/l; 36 ± 1% solids; anionic Storage: Store @ 40-100 F; keep away from all sources of ignition AL 4781 [Mace Adhesives & Coatings] Chem. Descrip.: Hybrid PU laminating adhesive Uses: Laminating adhesive for paper, foam, cotton, mylar, PVC film, nylon, polyester, stainless steel, and aluminum; waterborne; exc. for bonding foam/ vinyl constructions @ R.T. Properties: Visc. 1000 ± 500 cps; pH 7.5-8.5; VOC 343 g/l; 52 ± 1% solids AL 6919 [Mace Adhesives & Coatings] Chem. Descrip.: Hybrid PU laminating adhesive Uses: Laminating adhesive for wet or dry laminations of paper, film, vinyl, foil, or fabric constructions, foam/vinyl laminations at R.T.; hybrid; low VOC; rapid bond str.; designed to exhibit high degree of specific adhesion to various substrates, incl. low energy surfaces Use Level: 0.3-1.5 oz/yd² (dry coat wt.) Properties: Milky liq.; mild alcoholic odor; dens. 8.37 lb/gal; visc. 1000 ± 500 cps (70 F); pH 7.5-8.5; VOC 225 g/l; 52 ± 1% solids; anionic Storage: Store @ 40-100 F; keep away from all sources of ignition Alathon[®] L 5845 [Equistar] Chem. Descrip.: HDPE blown film resin CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Blown film resin for paper replacement, coextrusions, laminations, food pkg Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1520 Properties: Sp.gr. 0.958; melt index 0.45 g/10 min; tens. str. 3800 psi (yield); elong. 750% (break, MD); tear str. (Elmendorf) 15-30 g (MD) Alathon® L 5845-1 [Equistar] Chem. Descrip.: HDPE CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Blown film resin for paper replacement, coextrusions, laminations, food pka. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1520 compliant Properties: Sp.gr. 0.958; melt index 0.45 g/10 min; tens. str. 3800 psi (yield, MD); elong. 750% (break, MD); Elmendorf tear str. 15-30 g (MD) Albacar® 5970 [Specialty Mins.] Chem. Descrip.: Precipitated calcium carbonate *Chem. Analysis:* CaCO₃ (98%), MgCO₃ (1%), moisture (0.2%) CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9 Uses: Functional pigment, reinforcing filler for NR, SR, resins, plastics, plastisols, paints, adhesives, sealants, caulks, paper, footwear, hose, belting, extruded and molded goods, sundries; nonabrasive; unique rosette particle shape makes it useful in applics. where high oil absorp. and high visc. are desired; improves tens., tear, abrasion resist. Properties: Powd.; 1.9 µ median particle size; 0.03% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 2.7; dens. 31 lb/ft³ (tapped); bulk dens. 14 lb/ft³; oil absorp. 50 g/100 g; brightness 98 Toxicology: Nontoxic Albacar® PCC [Specialty Mins.] Chem. Descrip.: Precipitated calcium carbonate CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9 Uses: Filler, opacifier, brightener for uncoated fine papers and coating base stocks

Albafil® PCC [Specialty Mins.]

Chem. Descrip.: Precipitated calcium carbonate

CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9

plies, tobacco, cellulose film, paper prods., fiber prods., paints; dyeing

Uses: Filler for alkaline papers; high brightness and whiteness; low surf. area; minimal interference with fiber-to-fiber bonding

Properties: Prismatic shaped

Albaglos[®] PCC [Specialty Mins.]

Chem. Descrip.: Precipitated calcium carbonate CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9

Uses: Pigment, opacifier, brightener for paper coatings; controlled particle size distribution; exc. shear rheology; good ink holdout; maintains sheet gloss

Albone[®] 35 [Atofina SA]

- Chem. Descrip.: Hydrogen peroxide, stabilized
- CAS 7722-84-1; EINECS/ELINCS 231-765-0
- Uses: Oxidizing agent, bleaching agent for org. synthesis, paper/pulp, textiles, chem. mfg., minerals industry, etc.
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sl. pungent irritating odor; m.w. 34.02; dens. 1.133 g/ml; visc. 1.11 cP; vapor pressure 23 mm Hg (30 C); b.p. 108 C; m.p. -33 C; pH 2.5; 35% conc., 16.5% act. oxygen *Toxicology:* ACGIH TLV 1 ppm, 1.4 mg/m³, 8 h TWA; LD50 (oral, rat) 1232
- mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; may cause severe irritation or burns of skin, eyes, mucous membranes; ing. may cause upper GI irritation; TSCA listed
- Environmental: Aquatic LC50 (catfish, 96 h) 37.4 mg/l
- Precaution: Corrosive, strong oxidizer; mixture with org. materials may be explosive; incompat, with flammables, cvanides, nitric acid, other oxidizing/reducing agents; liberation of oxygen gas may result in dangerous pressures
- Storage: Store in orig. vented container in dry location, away from sunlight and heat sources; vent holes in bung cap must be kept open and free of obstruction; do not store on wooden pallets

Albone[®] 50 [Atofina SA]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydrogen peroxide, stabilized CAS 7722-84-1; EINECS/ELINCS 231-765-0

- Uses: Oxidizing agent, bleaching agent for org. synthesis, paper/pulp, textiles, chem. mfg., minerals industry, etc.
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sl. pungent irritating odor; m.w. 34.02; dens. 1.196 g/ml; visc. 1.17 cP; vapor pressure 18 mm Hg (30 C); b.p. 114 C; f.p. -52 C; pH 1.8; 50% conc., 23.5% act. oxygen *Toxicology:* ACGIH TLV 1 ppm, 1.4 mg/m³, 8 h TWA; LD50 (oral, rat) 1232
- mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; may cause severe irritation or burns of skin, eyes, mucous membranes; ing. may cause upper GI irritation; TSCA listed

Environmental: Aquatic LC50 (catfish, 96 h) 37.4 mg/l

- Precaution: Corrosive, strong oxidizer; mixture with org. materials may be explosive; incompat. with flammables, cyanides, nitric acid, other oxidizing/reducing agents; liberation of oxygen gas may result in dangerous pressures
- Storage: Store in orig. vented container in dry location, away from sunlight and heat sources; vent holes in bung cap must be kept open and free of obstruction; do not store on wooden pallets

Albone® 70 [Atofina SA]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydrogen peroxide, lightly stabilized

CAS 7722-84-1; EINEČS/ELINCS 231-765-0

Uses: Oxidizing agent, bleaching agent for org. synthesis, paper/pulp, textiles, chem. mfg., minerals industry, metal surf, treatment, etc.

- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sl. pungent irritating odor; m.w. 34.02; dens. 1.288 g/ml; visc. 1.93 cP; vapor pressure 11 mm Hg (30 C); b.p. 126 C; f.p. -40 C; pH 0.5; 70% conc., 32.9% act. oxygen
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV 1 ppm, 1.4 mg/m³, 8 h TWA; LD50 (oral, rat) 1232 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; may cause severe irritation or burns of skin, eyes, mucous membranes; ing. may cause upper GI irritation; TSCA listed

Environmental: Aquatic LC50 (catfish, 96 h) 37.4 mg/l

- Precaution: Corrosive, strong oxidizer; mixture with org. materials may be explosive; incompat. with flammables, cyanides, nitric acid, other oxidizing/reducing agents; liberation of oxygen gas may result in dangerous pressures
- Storage: Store in orig. vented container in dry location, away from sunlight and heat sources; vent holes in bung cap must be kept open and free of obstruction; do not store on wooden pallets

Albone® 70 DG [Atofina SA]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydrogen peroxide, highly stabilized

CAS 7722-84-1; EINECS/ELINCS 231-765-0

Uses: Oxidizing agent, bleaching agent for org. synthesis, paper/pulp, tex-

tiles, chem. mfg., minerals industry, etc.; diluted to 35-50% for storage in user's tank

- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sl. pungent irritating odor; m.w. 34.02; dens. 1.288 g/ml; visc. 1.93 cP; vapor pressure 11 mm Hg (30 C); b.p. 126 C; f.p. -40 C; pH 0.5; 70% conc., 32.9% act. oxygen
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV 1 ppm, 1.4 mg/m³, 8 h TWA; LD50 (oral, rat) 1232 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; may cause severe irritation or burns of skin, eyes, mucous membranes; ing. may cause upper GI irritation; TSCA listed

Environmental: Aquatic LC50 (catfish, 96 h) 37.4 mg/l

- Precaution: Corrosive, strong oxidizer; mixture with org. materials may be explosive; incompat. with flammables, cyanides, nitric acid, other oxidizing/reducing agents; liberation of oxygen gas may result in dangerous pressures
- Storage: Store in orig. vented container in dry location, away from sunlight and heat sources; vent holes in bung cap must be kept open and free of obstruction; do not store on wooden pallets

Albrite® N-Butyl Acid Phosphate [Albright & Wilson Am.]

Chem. Descrip.: Butyl acid phosphate

CAS 12788-93-1

- Uses: Catalyst used in coatings and inks, for appliance, automotive, floor, furniture, paper, and other finishes; also for corrosion inhibitors, solder fluxes, lubricants, and tanning chems.; raw material for mfg. of textile auxs., wetting agents, dispersants, antistats, foams; provides high reactivity while offering improved storage stability; compat. with alkyds, cellulosics, epoxies, melamine, urethane, B/S
- Properties: Pale yel. liq.; sol. in ethanol, acetone, benzene; partly sol. in water; insol. in toluene, hexane; sp.gr. 1.13; visc. 75 cs (40 C); decomp. pt. gradual above 180 C; flash pt. (CC) 90 C; fire pt. (OC) 202 C; ref. index 1.428; VOC 0.2 lb/gal

Toxicology: Corrosive; avoid prolonged/repeated skin and eye contact

Albrite® Isooctyl Acid Phosphate [Albright & Wilson Am.]

Chem. Descrip.: Isooctyl acid phosphate

CAS 12645-53-3

- Uses: Catalyst used in solder fluxes (eliminates noxious fumes, spattering, corrosive residues); in coatings and inks (high reactivity, improves storage stability); for appliance, automotive, floor, furniture, paper, and other coatings; for antistatic agents, corrosion inhibitors, lubricants, tanning chems.; compat. with alkyds, cellulosics, epoxies, melamines, urethane, B/S
- Properties: Pale yel. liq.; sol. in ethanol, acetone, benzene, toluene, hexane; insol. in water; sp.gr. 1.02; visc. 75 cs (40 C); decomp. pt. gradual above 180 C; flash pt. (CC) 115 C; fire pt. (OC) 207 C; ref. index 1.446; VOC 0.3 lb/gal

Toxicology: Corrosive; avoid prolonged/repeated skin and eye contact Albrite® PA-75 [Albright & Wilson Am.]

Chem. Descrip.: 75% Phenyl acid phosphate in butyl alcohol

- Uses: Acid catalyst in resin curing; chemical intermediate in formulation of rust preventatives, antistats, textile lubricants, oil additives, heavy metal extractants; in coatings and inks provides high reactivity and improved storage (appliance, automotive, floor, furniture, paper, and other coatings); compat. with alkyds, cellulosics, epoxies, melamine, urethane, B/S
- Properties: Pale yel. liq.; sol. in ethanol, acetone, benzene, toluene, hexane; partly sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.14 (20/4 C); visc. 49 cps; decomp. pt. gradual above 200 C; acid no. 270 min.; flash pt. (OC) 40 C; fire pt. (OC) 52 C; ref. index 1.483; VOC 3.1 lb/gal

Toxicology: Corrosive; avoid prolonged/repeated eye or skin contact Precaution: Flamm. liq.

Alcaid 10 [Texaco]

Chem. Descrip .: Naphthenic mineral oil

Uses: Lubricant, process or extender oil in rubber and plastics for use in mfg. of ink oils, carbon paper, floor oils, and component or carrier of upper cylinder lubricants, motor tune-up oils, and crankcase additives; general purpose; rec. in applics. requiring straight min. naphthenic oils

Properties: Very It. pale liq.; visc. 9.56 cSt (40 C), 2.44 cSt (100 C); pour pt. -30 F; aniline pt. 175 F; flash pt. (COC) 320 F; 0.03% carbon residue

Alcaid 13 [Texaco]

Chem. Descrip .: Naphthenic mineral oil

Uses: Lubricant, process or extender oil in rubber and plastics for use in mfg. of ink oils, carbon paper, floor oils, and component or carrier of upper cylinder lubricants, motor tune-up oils, and crankcase additives; general purpose; rec. in applics. requiring straight min. naphthenic oils

Properties: Lt. pale liq.; visc. 12.5 cSt (40 C), 2.8 cSt (100 C); pour pt. -30

F; aniline pt. 170 F; flash pt. (COC) 305 F molding/extrusion/sheet, thermosetting molding compds., polyester and Alcaid 19 [Texaco] Chem. Descrip.: Naphthenic mineral oil Uses: Lubricant, process or extender oil in rubber and plastics for use in mfg. and waxes of ink oils, carbon paper, floor oils, and component or carrier of upper cylinder lubricants, motor tune-up oils, and crankcase additives; general purpose; rec. in applics. requiring straight min. naphthenic oils Properties: Lt. pale lig.; visc. 19.7 cSt (40 C), 3.5 cSt (100 C); pour pt. -20 ness (Mohs) 2.5-3.5 F; aniline pt. 165 F; flash pt. (COC) 315 F; 0.03% carbon residue Alcaid 32 [Texaco] Alcan Superfine SF 4 [Alcan] Chem. Descrip .: Naphthenic mineral oil Uses: Lubricant, process or extender oil in rubber and plastics for use in mfg. of ink oils, carbon paper, floor oils, and component or carrier of upper cylinder lubricants, motor tune-up oils, and crankcase additives; general purpose; rec. in applics. requiring straight min. naphthenic oils Properties: Lt. pale liq.; visc. 29.5 cSt (40 C), 4.4 cSt (100 C); pour pt. -15 F; aniline pt. 176 F; flash pt. (COC) 325 F; 0.03% carbon residue Alcaid 46 [Texaco] Chem. Descrip.: Naphthenic mineral oil Uses: Lubricant, process or extender oil in rubber and plastics for use in mfg. of ink oils, carbon paper, floor oils, and component or carrier of upper cylinder lubricants, motor tune-up oils, and crankcase additives; general purpose; rec. in applics. requiring straight min. naphthenic oils hardness (Mohs) 2.5-3.5 Properties: Lt. pale liq.; visc. 44.0 cSt (40 C), 5.3 cSt (100 C); pour pt. -10 Alcan Superfine SF 7 [Alcan] F; aniline pt. 185 F; flash pt. (COC) 350 F; 0.03% carbon residue Alcaid 60 [Texaco] Chem. Descrip .: Naphthenic mineral oil Uses: Lubricant, process or extender oil in rubber and plastics for use in mfg. of ink oils, carbon paper, floor oils, and component or carrier of upper cylinder lubricants, motor tune-up oils, and crankcase additives; general purpose; rec. in applics. requiring straight min. naphthenic oils Properties: Lt. pale liq.; visc. 59.8 cSt (40 C), 6.5 cSt (100 C); pour pt. 5 F; aniline pt. 192 F; flash pt. (COC) 370 F; 0.04% carbon residue Alcaid 100 [Texaco] Chem. Descrip.: Naphthenic mineral oil Uses: Lubricant, process or extender oil in rubber and plastics for use in mfg. hardness (Mohs) 2.5-3.5 of ink oils, carbon paper, floor oils, and component or carrier of upper cylinder lubricants, motor tune-up oils, and crankcase additives; general purpose; Alcan Superfine SF 9 [Alcan] rec. in applics. requiring straight min. naphthenic oils Properties: Lt. pale liq.; visc. 105 cSt (40 C), 8.8 cSt (100 C); pour pt. 0 F; aniline pt. 202 F; flash pt. (COC) 400 F; 0.05% carbon residue (0.015%)Alcan Aluminum Sulphate Sol'n. [Alcan] Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum sulfate Chem. Analysis: Al₂O₃ (8%) CAS 10043-01-3; EINECS/ELINCS 233-135-0 Uses: Coagulant, flocculant in pulp/paper mills, water treatment; paper sizing (with rosin) Properties: Colorless liq.; odorless; dens. 1320 kg/m³; b.p. > 100 C; pH 1.9and waxes 2.5 Toxicology: Low acute toxicity; eye and skin irritant Environmental: Will dissolve rapidly in water Alcan Aluminum Sulphate Solid [Alcan] hardness (Mohs) 2.5-3.5 Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum sulfate CAS 10043-01-3; EINECS/ELINCS 233-135-0 Alcan Superfine SF 11 [Alcan] Uses: Paper sizing (with rosin); coagulant/flocculant in pulp/paper mills, water treatment; leather; textiles; wallboard gypsum treatment; component in fire retardants Properties: Wh. cryst., flakes, gran., powd.; odorless; completely sol. in water; dens. 1760 kg/m³; m.p. 110-115 C; b.p. dec. before boiling; pH 1.5 (10% aq.); 100% act. Toxicology: Risk of serious eye damage; dust will cause conjunctival irritation, possible corneal damage; dust may cause skin irritation and drying; may cause nose/throat/respiratory tract irritation; low acute toxicity Environmental: Will dissolve rapidly in water Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion will generate SO_x Alcan Superfine SF 2 [Alcan] Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydroxide hardness (Mohs) 2.5-3.5 *Chem. Analysis:* Al₂O₃ (64.9%), water (34.9%), Na₂O (0.2%), SiO₂ Alcan Ultrafine UF15 [Alcan] Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate (0.015%)CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

Uses: Fire retardant/smoke suppressant filler for plastics, PVC, rubber tech. goods, cable compds., conveyor belting, flooring compds., thermoplastic size; sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. 0.3 g/cc (untamped); surf. area 2 m²/g; oil absorp. 30; brightness 96; ref. index 1.57; pH 9.5 (5% w/v slurry); hard-

Toxicology: ACGIH airborne particulate 10 mg/m³ (total), 4 mg/m³ (respirable)

Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate

Chem. Analysis: Al₂O₃ (64.9%), water (34.9%), SiO₂ (0.015%)

CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

- Uses: Fire retardant/smoke suppressant filler for plastics, PVC, rubber tech. goods, cable compds., conveyor belting, flooring compds., thermoplastic molding/extrusion/sheet, thermosetting molding compds., polyester and acrylic pultrusion, fabric coatings, paper filling and coating, printing inks, paints, adhesives, adhesive tapes and in toothpaste, cosmetics, polishes and waxes; whitener and brightener in paper coatings
- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; 0.1% max. on 325 mesh; 1.4 µm median particle size; sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. 0.25 g/cc (untamped); surf. area 4 m²/ g; oil absorp. 36; brightness 97; ref. index 1.57; pH 10 (5% w/v slurry);

Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate

Chem. Analysis: Al₂O₃ (64.9%), water (34.9%), SiO₂ (0.015%)

- CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7
- Uses: Fire retardant/smoke suppressant filler for plastics, PVC, rubber tech. goods, cable compds., conveyor belting, flooring compds., thermoplastic molding/extrusion/sheet, thermosetting molding compds., polyester and acrylic pultrusion, fabric coatings, paper filling and coating, printing inks, paints, adhesives, adhesive tapes and in toothpaste, cosmetics, polishes and waxes; whitener and brightener in paper coatings
- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; 0.1% max. on 325 mesh, 1.0 µm median particle size; sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. 0.2 g/cc (untamped); surf. area 7 m²/g; oil absorp. 42; brightness 98; ref. index 1.57; pH 10 (5% w/v slurry);

Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydroxide

- Chem. Analysis: Al₂O₃ (64.9%), water (34.9%), Na₂O (0.45%), SiO₂
- CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7
- Uses: Fire retardant/smoke suppressant filler for plastics, PVC, rubber tech. goods, cable compds., conveyor belting, flooring compds., thermoplastic molding/extrusion/sheet, thermosetting molding compds., polyester and acrylic pultrusion, fabric coatings, paper filling and coating, printing inks, paints, adhesives, adhesive tapes and in toothpaste, cosmetics, polishes
- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; 0.1% max. on 45 µm; 0.6 µm median particle size; sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. 0.2 g/cc (untamped); surf. area 8-10 m²/g; oil absorp. 45; brightness 98; ref. index 1.57; pH 10.5 (5% w/v slurry);

Toxicology: ACGIH airborne particulate 10 mg/m³ (total), 4 mg/m³ (respirable)

Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate

Chem. Analysis: Al₂O₃ (64.9%), water (34.9%), SiO₂ (0.015%) CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

- Uses: Fire retardant/smoke suppressant filler for plastics, PVC, rubber tech. goods, cable compds., conveyor belting, flooring compds., thermoplastic molding/extrusion/sheet, thermosetting molding compds., polyester and acrylic pultrusion, fabric coatings, paper filling and coating, printing inks, paints, adhesives, adhesive tapes and in toothpaste, cosmetics, polishes and waxes; whitener and brightener in paper coatings
- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; 0.1% max. on 325 mesh, 0.7 µm median particle size; sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. 0.2 g/cc (untamped); surf. area 11 m²/ g; oil absorp. 44; brightness 98; ref. index 1.57; pH 10.5 (5% w/v slurry);

Chem. Analysis: Al₂O₃ (65.1%), water (34.5%), Na₂O (0.12-0.21%)

CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

Uses: Flame retardant/smoke suppressant filler for plastics (PVC, PP, PE)

	1
and rubbers cable conveyor belting thermoplastic moldings paper coat-	Alcodet
ings toothpaste paint (titania extender) adhesives cosmetics flooring	Che
compids coated fabrics furniture foams	CAS
Properties: Whoultrafine crystopowd · 0.8 µm median particle size: sport	LISP
2.42: hulk dens 0.50a/cc (untamped): surf area 15 m ² /g; oil absorp 37 g/	nro
100 a. ref index 1 57: pH 10 (5% slurry)	ba
Alcan Ultrafine UF25 [Alcan]	Proc
Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihvdrate	da
<i>Chem. Analysis:</i> Al ₂ O ₂ (65.1%), water (34.5%), Na ₂ O (0.12-0.21%)	Alcodet
CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7	Che
Uses: Flame retardant/smoke suppressant filler for plastics (PVC, PP, PE)	CAS
and rubbers, cable, conveyor belting, thermoplastic moldings, paper coat-	Use
ings, toothpaste, paint (titania extender), adhesives, cosmetics, flooring	tex
compds., coated fabrics, furniture foams	ind
Properties: Wh. ultrafine cryst. powd.; 0.7 µm median particle size; sp.gr.	an
2.42; bulk dens. 0.55 g/cc (untamped); surf. area 25 m²/g; oil absorp. 43 g/	Prop
100 g; ref. index 1.57; pH 10.5 (5% slurry)	i HİL
Alcan Ultrafine UF35 [Alcan]	10
Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate	Alcofix
<i>Chem. Analysis:</i> Al ₂ O ₃ (65.1%), water (34.5%), Na ₂ O (0.12-0.21%)	Uses
CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7	Prop
Uses: Flame retardant/smoke suppressant filler for plastics (PVC, PP, PE)	Alcogui
and rubbers, cable, conveyor belting, thermoplastic moldings, paper coat-	Che
ings, toothpaste, paint (titania extender), adhesives, cosmetics, flooring	CAS
compds., coated fabrics, furniture foams	Use
<i>Properties:</i> Wh. ultrafine cryst. powd.; 0.5 µm median particle size; sp.gr.	lat
2.42; bulk dens. 0.60 g/cc (untamped); surf. area 35 m²/g; oil absorp. 50 g/	Reg
100 g; ref. index 1.57; pH 11 (5% slurry)	Prop
Alcoa® Grade C-231 [Alcoa]	an
Chem. Descrip.: Hydrated alumina	Alcopro
Chem. Analysis: Al_2U_3 (65%)	USes
LAS 21645-51-2; EINELS/ELINUS 244-492-7	Alcosea
dises, chome, catalysts vitroous onamole, coramic whitewares; pigmont;	Alcosp
filler in nolymer systems (elec. wire insulation, cultured marble, counterton	Che
surfs): filler for toothnastes adhesives coatings naner cosmetics waxes	CAS
and polishes	LISP
Properties: Wh. ground powd.: 14 µ median particle size: 75-85% thru 325	US
mesh; sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. 0.8 g/cc (loose); surf. area 2.5 m ² /g; ref. index	tex
1.57; hardness (Mohs) 2.5-3.5	lat
Alcoa® Grade C-333 [Alcoa]	hig
Chem. Descrip.: Hydrated alumina	Reg
Chem. Analysis: Al ₂ O ₃ (65%)	Prop
CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7	Toxi
Uses: Reinforcing agent, smoke suppressant, flame retardant used in mfg. of	Alcospe
glass, chems., catalysts, vitreous enamels, ceramic whitewares; pigment;	Che
filler in polymer systems (elec. wire insulation, cultured marble, countertop	CAS
surfs.); filler for toothpastes, adhesives, coatings, paper, cosmetics, waxes,	Uses
and polishes	ge
<i>Properties:</i> wh. ground powd.; 7 µ median particle size; 98% thru 325 mesh;	mi Dror
sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. 0.6 g/cc (loose); surf. area 3.6 m ⁻ /g; ref. index 1.57;	PIOL
Natoness (Mons) 2.5-3.5	Alcospe
Chem Descrip : Hydrated alumina	CAS
Chem Analysis, Al(OH) (00.49(); ALO (45.19(); No O (0.209()); CoO	LICO
Cheff. Analysis. An $(O \Pi)_3$ (99.0%), $A_{12}O_3$ (00.1%), $Na_2O_3O_2O_3O_3O_3O_3O_3O_3O_3O_3O_3O_3O_3O_3O_3O$	USES
(0.01370) , Fe_2O_3 (0.00070) , sol. $Ma_2O_3(0.000770)$	hio
Uses: Flame retardant filler for nolymers, zeolite prod. (for detergents	wa
adsorbents catalysts): water treatment: naner sizing: titanium dioxide nro-	Pror
duction	Alcosta
Properties: Dry free-flowing powd, or wet (5% moisture): 86% on 325 mesh	Che
(45 µ); 65 µm median particle size; good sol, in acid and caustic: bulk den.	Uses
1150 kg/m ³ (loose), 1430 kg/m ³ (packed): brightness 90%	ma
Alcodet [®] 218 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France; Costec]	Alcotec
Chem. Descrip.: PEG-10 isolauryl thioether	Uses
CAS 9004-83-5	Aldo® M
Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent for metal cleaning specialties, steel	Che
processing, textile scouring, insecticide emulsions, cosmetics, wood pulp/	CAS
paper industries; carbon soil and grease cleaners	Uses
Properties: Gardner 6 max. liq.; sol. in water and alkaline detergent builders;	ed

sp.gr. 1.05; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; HLB 13.9; cloud pt. 52 C (1% ag.); surf. tens. 28 dynes/cm (0.05%); 95% act.; nonionic

® 260 [Rhodia HPCII; Costec] m. Descrip.: PEG-6 isolauryl thioether 9004-83-5 s: Emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent for metal cleaning specialties, steel ocessing, textile scouring, insecticide emulsions, cosmetics, wood pulp/ per industries; carbon soil and grease cleaners *berties:* Gardner 6 max. liq.; sol. in org. solvs.; sp.gr. 1.01; dens. 8.4 lb/ al; HLB 11.0; surf. tens. 29 dynes/cm (0.05%); 100% conc.; nonionic Image: Image: Research and Research and Image: Research and Image: Research and Image: Research and Research m. Descrip.: PEG-8 isolauryl thioether 9004-83-5 s: Emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent for metal cleaning specialties, tile scouring, insecticide emulsions, paints, hair prods., wood and paper lustries; emulsifier for petrol oils, chlorinated solvs., silicones; carbon soil d grease cleaners perties: Gardner 6 max. liq.; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.03; dens. 8.5 lb/gal;

.B 12.7; cloud pt. 28 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 31 dynes/cm (0.05%); 0% conc.; nonionic

[Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper]

s: Pitch fixative, antiredeposition aid for pulp, paper, and paperboard perties: Cationic

m[®] L-15 [Alco]

m. Descrip.: Polyacrylic acid

9003-01-4

s: Thickener for adhesives, paints, paper coatings, natural and syn. exes, textiles; alkali-swellable

ulatory: FDA approved

perties: Milky wh. liq.; sp.gr. 1.05; visc. 15 cps; pH 3.0; 30% solids; ionic

oof® [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper] s: Sizing agent for paper and paperboard

al® [Ciba Špec. Chems./Paper]

s: Tail seal adhesive for tissue industry

erse® 149 [Alco]

m. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate

9003-04-7

s: General purpose min. dispersant, sequestrant, antiredeposition agent ed in pigments, paints, coatings, mining, pigment slurries, adhesives, ktiles, and water softeners; pigment dispersant, stabilizer in NR and SR exes; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard; low foaming; h efficiency

ulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180

perties: Dry and liq. forms; m.w. 2500; pH 8; 40% solids; anionic

cology: Very low toxicity

erse® 404 [Alco]

m. Descrip.: Polyacrylic acid aq. sol'n.

9003-01-4

s: Dispersant, suspending agent, stabilizer, thickener for hard. surf. deternts, textile scours and rinse aids, pigment slurries, paper coatings, paints, ning, and ceramic applics.; dispersant for NR and SR latexes

perties: Liq.; water-sol.; m.w. 250,000; visc. 270 cps; 25% act.; anionic erse® 602-N [Alco]

m. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate

9003-04-7

s: Dispersant, sequestrant, antiredeposition agent, process aid for powd. liq. laundry, hard surf., auto dish liqs. and powd. detergents, pigments, phisolids slurries, paper coatings, paints, textile scours, rinses, dye baths, iter softeners, mining, ceramics

perties: Dry, liq., and acid; water-sol.; anionic

t[®] [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper]

m. Descrip.: Conductive resins and antistats

s: Antistat for computer tapes, electroreprographic printing, and offset litho asters

:h® RCS [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper]

s: Closed-loop retention control system for paper and paperboard IS LG FG [Lonza]

m. Descrip.: Glyceryl stearate, low glycerin 31566-31-1

s: Food emulsifier and emulsion stabilizer for baked goods, dairy prods., ible oils/shortenings, confectionery, pet foods; slip and antitack agent in hot-melt adhesives, solv. or solventless coatings; emulsifier for paper defoamers; emulsifier for cosmetic creams, lotions, pastes, and gels

Use Level: 4-6% on shortening (cake), 0.1-0.2% (frozen desserts), 0.5% (margarine), 0.05-1% (dry potatoes) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1505, GRAS Properties: Wh. beads, bland odor and taste; m.p. 58-62 C; HLB 3; acid no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 162; 40-45% alpha monoglycerides; nonionic Storage: Store in cool, dry area Alfol® 20+ [Condea Vista] Chem. Descrip.: Blend of C20 and higher even-carbon-number primary linear alcohols Uses: Lubricant for plastics, textiles, and metals; defoamer for paper, aq. slurries; water evaporation control agent; intermediate for emulsifiers, biodeq. surfactants, plastic lubricants, syn. waxes and binders Regulatory: FDA approved Properties: Off-wh. solid; sol. in alcohol, acetone, ether; water-insol.; m.w. 431; sp.gr. 0.817 (140/140 F); dens. 6.80; m.p. 113-129 F; b.p. > 650 F; iodine no. 8.7; sapon. no. 5.7; hyd. no. 157; flash pt. (PM) 390 F; 88.5% act. Alfol® 22+ [Condea Vista] Chem. Descrip.: C22 and higher linear alcohols Uses: Detergent intermediate; lubricant; defoamer; emollient; in fuel oil; waxes and polishes; in paper pulp defoamers Properties: Wh. solid; sol. in alcohol, acetone, ether; water-insol.; 100% conc. Environmental: Biodeg. Alfonic® 1012-5.5 [Condea Vista] Chem. Descrip.: C10-12 pareth-5.6 CAS 66455-15-0 Uses: Emulsifier, foaming agent, detergent for household cleaners, heavy duty cleaners, laundry detergents, textile/leather processing, pulp/paper processing, metal cleaners, carwash, agric. sprays, circuit board cleaners Properties: APHA 5 clear liq.; sol. in polar solvs. é.g., water, ethanol, IPA, glycol ethers; m.w. 410; sp.gr. 0.972; visc. 21 cSt (100 F); m.p. 37-40 F; HLB 12; hyd. no. 145; pour pt. 39 F; cloud pt. 99 F (1% aq.); flash pt. (PM) 290 F; pH 7.0 (1% aq.); nonionic Environmental: Biodeg. Storage: Nitrogen blanketing during storage and transfer is rec. Alfonic® 1412-9 [Condea Vista] Chem. Descrip.: C14-12 pareth-9 CAS 68439-50-9 Uses: Emulsifier, foaming agent, cleaner for household cleaning prods., heavy-duty liq. and powd. laundry detergents, all-purpose cleaners, industrial applics. for textile and leather processing, pulp/paper processing, metal cleaners, car wash, agric. sprays, circuit board cleaners; dispersant; wetting agent; soil carrying and homogenizing ability Properties: APHA 30 max. solid; sol. in polar solvs., e.g., water, ethanol, IPA, glycol ethers; m.w. 601; sp.gr. 0.995 (122/122 F); visc. 43.1 cSt (100 F); m.p. 68-77 F; HLB 13.2; hyd. no. 94; pour pt. 72 F; cloud pt. 175 F (1% aq.); flash pt. (PM) > 450 F; pH 7; 100% act.; nonionic Alkafoam[™] 20 [BASF] Uses: General purpose cleaning chem. for paper processing Alkamide® STEDA [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene bisstearamide CAS 110-30-5; EINÉCS/ELINCS 203-755-6 Uses: Additive in pulp/paper defoamer formulations; lubricant, mold release agent, antiblocking agent in calendering, extrusion, and inj. molding of PVC and other plastics; plasticizer, antistat, pigment dispersant for resins and plastics Properties: Flakes; 95% amide; nonionic Alkamuls® EL-620 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-30 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent, pigment dispersant, antistat, lubricant, solubilizer for industrial/household cleaners, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, metalworking fluids, leather, pesticides, herbicides, paper industries, magnetic coupling fluids; stabilizer for PVAc emulsion paints; emulsifier for oleoresinous binders; coemulsifier for fabric softeners and dye carriers; foodcontact surfactant; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard, animal glue Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3120; exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c) Properties: Lt. brn. clear visc. liq., mild oily odor; sol. in water, acetone, CCl₄, alcohols, veg. oil, ethers, toluene, xylene; sp.gr. 1.04-1.05; dens. 8.705 lb/gal; visc. 600-1000 cps; HLB 12.0; cloud pt. 42 C (1% aq.); flash

pt. 291-295 C; surf. tens. 41 dynes/cm; 100% act.; nonionic *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 40 g/kg; low oral toxicity; not primary skin or eye irritants

Alkamuls® EL-719 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France; Costec] *Chem. Descrip.:* PEG-40 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6

Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent for industrial/household cleaners, pesticides, paper, leather, plastics, paints, textiles, and cosmetics; dispersant for pigments; emulsifier for vitamins and drugs; indirect food additive; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3120; exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e)

Properties: Yel. clear liq., oily odor; sol. in water, acetone, CCl₄, alcohols, veg. oil, ether, toluene, xylene; sp.gr. 1.06-1.07; dens. 8.9-9.0 lb/gal; visc. 500-800 cps; HLB 13.6; cloud pt. 80 C (1% aq.); flash pt. 275-279 C; surf. tens. 38 dynes/cm (0.1%); 96% min. act.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 70 g/kg; low oral toxicity; not primary skin or eye irritants

Alkamuls® PSMS-20 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Polysorbate 60

CAS 9005-67-8

Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier for cosmetics, food, textiles, paper coatings; fiber-to-metal lubricant for fibers and yarns

Properties: Yel. visc. liq., gel on standing; typ. odor; water disp.; dens. 1.1 g/ml; HLB 14.9; sapon. no. 45-55; 97% act.; nonionic

Alkamuls® S-8 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-8 stearate

CAS 9004-99-3

Uses: Emulsifier, self-emulsifying lubricant and softener for syn. fibers, textiles, leather; thickener, stabilizer for starch-based paper coatings; internal antistat for PS

Regulatory: FDA approved

Properties: Off-wh. solid, bland char. odor; disp. in water, aromatic and aliphatic solvs.; insol. in min. oil; m.p. 28 C; HLB 11.2; acid no. 1 max.; sapon. no. 87-97; hyd. no. 87-102; pH 7-9 (5% in DI water); 100% conc.; nonionic

Alkanol® 189-S [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

- Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alkyl sulfonate Uses: Wetting agent, detergent, penetrant, foaming agent for textiles, elastomers, plastics, film, metal cleaning and pickling, hard surf. cleaning, and chemical mfg.; wetting agent for paper industry; dyeing assistant; leveling agent for acid dyes on nylon; dispersant, wetting agent, penetrant for agric. chems.; effective in acid and alkali media
- Properties: Reddish-br. liq., alcoholic odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.06 g/mL; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 30 cps; cloud pt. < 0 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 21 C; pH 7.5-9.0 (1%); surf. tens. 38 dynes/cm (0.1%); 31.5% act.; contains IPA; anionic

Precaution: Flamm.

Alkanol® 1009C [DuPont]

Uses: Detergent for hard surf. cleaners; metal cleaning and pickling; wetting agent, rewetting agent for textiles, paper; dyeing assistant; leveling agent for acid dyes on nylon; dispersant, wetting agent, penetrant for agric. chems.; adhesives; aerospace and aircraft; chem. processing; coatings; sealants; military; mining; petrol. refining/distribution

Alkanol® 6112 [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

Chem. Descrip .: Fatty alcohol ethoxylate

Uses: Wetting agent for textile processing, paper industry; dyeing assistant; leveling agent for acid dyes on nylon; detergent for hard surf. cleaners; metal cleaning and pickling; dispersant, wetting agent, penetrant for agric. chems.; nonrewetting; stable to acids, bases

Properties: Milky wh. emulsion, mild soapy odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 0.91 g/mL; dens. 7.6 lb/gal; flash pt. (PMCC) 113 C; pH 6.6; surf. tens. 26 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic

Alkanol® A-CN [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: Amine ethoxylate

- Uses: Surfactant, antiprecipitant, dyeing assistant, dye solubilizer, leveling agent, contrast agent for textile dyeing; wetting agent for paper industry; detergent for hard surf. cleaners; metal cleaning and pickling; dispersant, wetting agent, penetrant for agric. chems.
- Properties: Lt. amber liq., alcoholic odor; 50% sol. in water; sol. in polar solvs.; sp.gr. 0.98 g/mL; dens. 8.2 lb/gal; HLB 14.4; cloud pt. > 100 C (upper, 1%); flash pt. (PMCC) 45 C; pH 7-9; surf. tens. 39 dynes/cm

(0.1%); 60% act.; nonionic Alkasurf[®] CA-620 [Rhodia Canada] Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-7 (7-8 EO) Precaution: Combustible Alkanol® ND [DuPont; DuPont Canada] CAS 9002-93-1 Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alkyl diaryl sulfonate Uses: Emulsifier for solvs. such as xylene, emulsion polymerization, deter-Uses: Foaming agent, wetting agent, dyeing assistant, surfactant for textiles, gents, paints, aq. textile and pulp/paper processing, industrial metal cleanchemical mfg.; leveling agent for acid dyes on nylon; detergent for hard surf. ers, floor cleaners, sanitizers; controlled foam cleaners; metal cleaning and pickling; wetting agent for paper industry; Properties: HLB 12.0; cloud pt. < 20 C (1% aq.); nonionic dispersant, wetting agent, penetrant for agric. chems. Alkasurf® CO-630 [Rhodia Canada] Properties: Clear yel. liq.; terpene odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.15 g/mL; Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol 9 dens. 9.6 lb/gal; visc. 118 cP; cloud pt. < 0 C; flash pt. extinguishes flame; CAS 9016-45-9 surf. tens. 34 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); 45% act.; anionic Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier for detergent compounding, tex-Alkanol® SB [DuPont] tiles, leather, pulp/paper processing, acid cleaners, corrosion inhibitors, Uses: Detergent for hard surf. cleaners; metal cleaning and pickling; wetting emulsion and soak tank cleaners, agric. inerts Properties: HLB 13; cloud pt. 52-56 C (1% aq.); nonionic agent, rewetting agent for textiles, paper; dyeing assistant; leveling agent for Alkasurf® CO-710 [Rhodia Canada] acid dyes on nylon; dispersant, wetting agent, penetrant for agric. chems.; adhesives; aerospace and aircraft; chem. processing; coatings; sealants; Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol 10.5-11 CAS 9016-45-9 military; mining; petrol. refining/distribution Alkanol® XC [DuPont; DuPont Canada] Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier for detergent compounding, tex-Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alkylnaphthalene sulfonate tiles, leather, pulp/paper processing, acid cleaners, corrosion inhibitors, emulsion and soak tank cleaners, agric. inerts Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant, penetrant for bleaching and dyeing of textiles, leather, paper, agric., chemical mfg., photography; reduces shrinkage Properties: HLB 13.6; cloud pt. 70-74 C (1% aq.); nonionic in ceramics mfg.; dry colors mfg.; detergent in hard surf. cleaners; metal Alkasurf® CO-720 [Rhodia Canada] cleaning and pickling; low foaming Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-12 Properties: Lt. buff powd., naphthenic odor; sol. in ethyl alcohol, acetone, CAS 9016-45-9 benzene; 8-10% in water; sp.gr. 0.41 g/mL; dens. 3.4 lb/gal; pH 9.5-10.0 Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier for detergent compounding, tex-(1% aq.); surf. tens. 41 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); 90% act.; anionic tiles, leather, pulp/paper processing, acid cleaners, corrosion inhibitors, Alkanox® P-24 [Great Lakes] emulsion and soak tank cleaners, agric. inerts Chem. Descrip.: Bis (2,4-di-t-butylphenyl) pentaerythritol diphosphite Properties: HLB 14.2; cloud pt. 50-54 C (1% in 10% NaCl); nonionic Alkaterge®-E [ANGUS] CAS 26741-53-7; EINECS/ELINCS 247-952-5 Uses: Antioxidant for stabilization of polyolefins, ABS, PVC, PC; color Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl hydroxymethyl oleyl oxazoline CAS 68140-98-7; EINECS/ELINCS 268-820-3 stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard, polymers; synergistic with UV stabilizers Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent, antifoam, antioxidant for salts, Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1520(c), 177.1580, soaps, paper, textiles, and metal cleaners; emulsion stabilizer; acid accep-177.1950, 177.1960, 177.1970, 177.1980, 178.2010; BGA approval tor; cosmetic and personal care raw material; pigment grinding aid and dispersant for coatings, nonaq. systems Properties: Wh. powd., odorless; sol. (g/100 ml): 41 g toluene, 35.7 g THF, Properties: Gardner 15 max. clear liq.; sol. in most org. liq., slight sol. in 34.2 g dichloromethane, 10.7 g acetone, 7.3 g hexane; insol. in water; m.w. 604; dens. 0.43 g/ml (20 C); m.p. 160-175 C; acid no. 2.5 max.; 10.0water; sp.gr. 0.9; dens. 7.74 lb/gal; visc. 155 cp; f.p. -31 C; HLB 4.0-5.0; 10.9% P flash pt. > 200 F; surf. tens. 40 dynes/cm; 70% conc.; amphoteric Alkenyl Succinic Anhydride C1618 (ASA) [Albemarle] Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2 g/kg; moderate eye Chem. Descrip.: Alkenyl succinic anhydride C1618 irritant Storage: Sensitive to humidity; store in dry place CAS 70983-55-0 Alkapen[™] 50 [BASF] Uses: Sizing agent in paper production; surfactant intermediate; lubricant Uses: Alkaline boilout cleaning chem. for paper processing additive; plasticizer; corrosion inhibitor Alkaquat® DMB-451-50, DMB-451-80 [Rhodia Canada; Rhodia HPCII France] Alpha-Cel [Int'l. Fiber] Chem. Descrip.: Benzalkonium chloride Uses: Thickener and binder in latex paints, inks, dyes, drilling muds, workover CAS 8001-54-5 fluids; visc. builder improving prod. finish for syn. leather goods (shoes, Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, biocide, disinfectant for use in beverage belts, purses); filter aid medium for wine/beer/juice filtration; lightweight filler, industry, dairy industry, food processing, water treatment, paper industry, absorbent, bulking agent for spray coatings for steel/pipe, adhesives, sealpest control, preservatives, antidandruff rinses, general disinfection and saniing compds., textured paints; deflocculant preventing streaking and ink blottization for hospitals, laundries ting in carbonless copy paper; artificial snow; welding electronics; Properties: Pale-yel. liq.; sol. in water, ethanol, acetone, aliphatic solv.; sp.gr. nonsiliceous; nonabrasive 0.96; surf. tens. 33 dynes/cm (1%); 50 and 80% act.; cationic Environmental: Environmentally safe Alkasan[™] Dyestrip X [BASF] Storage: Indefinite shelf life Alphatex HP [IMERYS] Chem. Descrip.: Surfactant, chelating agents, and caustic *Chem. Descrip.:* Calcined kaolin clay CAS 1332-58-7; EINECS/ELINCS 296-473-8 Uses: Alkaline cleaning agent for printing inks and dyes, boiling out dye systems and size presses, or as boilout on machines making colored grades of paper; felt cleaner on machines where dye carryover on fabric is Uses: Pigment, opacifier in paper coatings and filling applics.; titanium dioxide concern; effective on all dyes, incl. cationic dyes extender; imparts high brightness and opacity with minimal abrasion Alkasan[™] GNF [BASF] Properties: Pulverized, slurry; 0.01% 325-mesh residue; 85% finer than 2 µ particle size; sp.gr. 2.72; visc. 500 cps (50% solids); brightness (GE) 92.5-Uses: General purpose cleaning chem. for paper processing Alkasolv™ BP [BASF] 93.5; ref. index 1.56; pH 4-7 (20% aq.); hardness (Mohs) 2; 0.5-1.0% moisture (pulverized), 47-51% moisture (slurry) Uses: Alkaline boilout cleaning chem. for paper processing Alkasolv™ BQ [BASF] Altriform[®] [BK Giulini Chemie] Uses: Coating kitchen boilout cleaning chem. for paper processing Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum triformate Alkasurf[®] CA-520 [Rhodia Canada] CAS 7360-53-4; EINECS/ELINCS 230-898-1 Uses: Precipitant, fixing agent for mfg. of acid-free papers Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-5 CAS 9002-93-1 Aluminasol 100 [Nissan Chem. Ind.] Uses: Emulsifier for nonpolar solvs. in solv. emulsion cleaners, pesticides, Chem. Descrip .: Alumina colloidal aq. sol'n. Chem. Analysis: Al₂O₃ (10%); EINECS/ELINCS 215-691-6 dry cleaning detergents, floor polishes, paints; anti-icing additive for gasoline; solubilizer/dispersant for hair colorants; aq. textile processing; aq. pulp/ Uses: Binder, caking agent in glass fiber, asbestos, ceramic fiber in inorg. paper processing; metal cleaners, floor cleaners, sanitizers textiles; caking agent, film-former with heat resist. and adhesion for mfg. of Properties: HLB 10.0; cloud pt. < 20 C (1% aq.); nonionic porcelain, refractories; antistat, hand improver in textiles; catalyst carrier;

polymer film-former; fiber finishing agent; fixing agent for resin treatments;	steel equip.
abrasion resist. aid in fishing nets/ropes; filler improving smoothness, white-	Amergel® 100 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]
ness, and moisture resist. in paper; binder in paper surf. treatments; coagu-	Chem. Descrip.: Organics, surfactants, water blend
sion; corrosion resist.; weatherproof	effluent systems; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; rec. where
Properties: Opal colored amorphous cryst.; sp.gr. 1.11 (20 C); pH 3.6 (20 C)	oils, solvs., waxes, silicas are undesirable
Storage: Store @ normal temps, in original sealed containers	Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 Proportion: While the amount of the water spin of 0.97: vise, 600, 1800 cps;
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Alumina colloidal ag. sol'n.	thixotropic
Chem. Analysis: Al ₂ O ₃ (10%); EINECS/ELINCS 215-691-6	Storage: Store indoors in winter; subject to freezing below 0 C; if prod.
Uses: Binder, caking agent in glass fiber, asbestos, ceramic fiber in inorg.	freezes, gradually thaw @ R.T. with mild agitation to restore
porcelain, refractories; antistat, hand improver in textiles; catalyst carrier;	<i>Chem. Descrip.</i> : Organics. surfactants. water blend
polymer film-former; fiber finishing agent; fixing agent for resin treatments;	Uses: Antifoam for aq. process systems, e.g., pulp/paper, nonwovens,
abrasion resist. aid in fishing nets/ropes; filler improving smoothness, white-	effluent systems, aeration lagoons; defoamer in food-contact paper/paper-
lant: emulsifier: dispersant: strong thixotropy: heat resist.; bond str.; adhe-	Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210
sion; corrosion resist.; weatherproof	Properties: Wh. free-flowing creamy liq.; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.97; visc. 400
Properties: Opal colored amorphous cryst.; sp.gr. 1.10 (20 C); pH 4.8 (20 C)	cps; f.p. < -3 C; flash pt. (PMCC) > 93 C Storage: Stora indexes in winter: subject to freezing below 0 C; if prod
AMA® [Vinings Ind.]	freezes, gradually thaw @ R.T. with mild agitation to restore
Uses: Biocide for pulp/paper, mineral, and starch slurries	Amergel® 500 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]
Ambond® 1505 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]	Chem. Descrip.: Organics, surfactants, water blend
CAS 9003-05-8	effluent systems, aeration lagoons; defoamer in food-contact paper/paper-
Uses: Dry str. resin for thin or thick paper stock systems; boosts cationic	board; patented; rec. where oils, solvs., waxes, silicas are undesirable
starch efficiency and wet str. efficiency in the sheet; can be applied to balance wet end system charge	Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 Properties: Whitree-flowing creamy lig : displin water: splar 0.97: visc. 400
<i>Properties:</i> Clear to pale yel. liq.; visc. 5000 cps; pH 5.0; 22% NV; anionic	cps; f.p. $<$ 32 F; flash pt. (PMCC) $>$ 200 F
Ambond® 1590 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]	Storage: Store indoors in winter; subject to freezing below 0 C; if prod.
Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylamide resin CAS 9003-05-8	Ameripol Synpol 1013 [Ameripol Synpol]
Uses: Dry str. resin for thin or thick paper stock systems; charge promoter	<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Hot polymerized non-crosslinked SBR
resin; manages cationic demand in stock systems whenever interfering	CAS 9003-55-8
Properties: Clear to straw amber lig.; visc. 300 cps; pH 5.0; 50% NV;	sensitive adhesive; useful in blends with other elastomer to increase cohe-
cationic	sive str., green str.
Amerfloc® 275 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]	Properties: Bale, crumb Amerstat® 233 [Ashland/Drew Ind Div]
Uses: Flocculant and coagulant for potable water clarification, water plant	<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> 3,5-Dimethyl tetra-hydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2-thione
sludge dewatering applics., paper/paperboard applics.; flocculant for beet/	CAS 533-74-4; EINECS/ELINCS 208-576-7
paperboard	paint, food pkg, adhesives/paper/animal glue, latex, mineral slurries, inks.
Use Level: 0.1-1.0 ppm (flocculant, coagulant aid), 0.5-10 lb/ton dry solids	and metalworking; effective pH 6-8; 60 C max. temp.
(sludge conditioning), 1 ppm (potable water) Pogulatory: EDA 21CEP 8173 5, 176,110, 176,170, 176,180, 573,120; EDA	Use Level: 0.1-0.5% Pogulatory: EDA 210 ED \$175 105 176 220 176 220 178 2120: EDA rogic
approved for potable water @ 1 ppm max.	tered
Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; pH 7.0 (0.5%); anionic	Properties: Clear pale yel. to amber liq.; water-misc.; sp.gr. 1.16-1.20; dens.
Amerfloc® 285 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]	Amerstat® 251 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]
Uses: Flocculant; dewatering agent for industrial slurries and water and	Chem. Descrip.: 1.15% 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 0.35%
wastewater clarification applics.; food-contact paper/paperboard	2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one
conditioning)	eral slurries, inks, metal working; effective pH 6-9.5; 50 C max. temp.
Regulatory: FDA21CFR§ 173.5, 176.110, 176.170, 176.180, 573.120	Use Level: 0.01-0.1%
<i>Properties:</i> wn. free-flowing powd.; nign m.w.; pH 7.5 (0.5%); anionic Storage: Store in cool, dry place in plastic, glass, epoxy lined, or stainless	<i>Regulatory:</i> FDA21CFR §1/5.105, 1/6.170, 176.180; EPA reg. no. 1757-79 <i>Properties:</i> Pale green to yel. lig.: water-sol.: sp.gr. 1.02: dens. 8.6 lb/gal: pH
steel equip.	2.0-5.0 (neat)
Amerfloc® 485 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]	Storage: Storage stability of at least 6 months at 50 C and one year at ambient
Uses: Coagulant for water and wastewater clarification, oily wastewater	Amerstat [®] 272 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]
demulsification, save-all clarification; as paper retention or drainage aid;	Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dimethyl dithiocarbamate and disodium ethylene
solid/lig. separation agent for paints and coalings; food-contact paper/paper- board: can be used in place of conventional inorg. coagulants to produce low	Uses: Microbicide slimicide for paper and sugar mills industrial recirculating
turbidity waters in influent water and effluent wastewater applics.	water cooling towers and evaporative condensers, air washers
Use Level: 1-10 ppm (raw water clarification), 5-1000 ppm (industrial waste-	Regulatory: FDA21CFR §173.320; EPA reg. no. 9386-11-1757
<i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §173.60. 176.170. 176.180; EPA approved for	flash pt. > 93 C; pH 11.5
potable water treatment up to 20 ppm	Amerstat® 282 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]
Properties: Lt. amber liq.; sp.gr. 1.16; visc. 750 cps; f.p7 C; flash pt. none;	Chem. Descrip.: Methylene bis (thiocyanate) and dispersants
Storage: 1 yr. shelf life in glass, plastic, epoxy or rubber lined or stainless	Uses: Antimicrobial in industrial water systems; preservative in water-con-
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taining systems, paint, adhesives, latex, mineral slurries, inks, metalwork-Storage: Store at ambient temps.; visc. decreases sharply with temp.; maintain strict inventory control ing, drilling muds, and paper coatings Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 1757-40 Amizyme DTX-11 [PMP Fermentation Prods.] Properties: Clear yel.-amber liq.; water-disp.; sp.gr. 1.00-1.02; dens. 9.01 lb/ Chem. Descrip.: Alpha-amylase (bacterial) gal; flash pt. (PMCC) 39 C CAS 9000-92-4; EINECS/ELINCS 232-567-7 Amerstat® 300 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.] Uses: Starch liquefying enzyme for prep. of paper coatings and sizes; heat Chem. Descrip.: 2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilo propionamide stability props. CAS 10222-01-2 Properties: Tablets; dissolves in water Uses: Paper mill slimicide; antimicrobial for enhanced oil recovery systems; Amizyme TX-8 [PMP Fermentation Prods.] preservative for metalworking fluids containing water; antimicrobial in paints, Chem. Descrip .: Alpha-amylase (bacterial) latex, adhesives, mineral slurries, inks CAS 9000-92-4; EINECS/ELINCS 232-567-7 Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 1757-72 Uses: Starch liquefying enzyme for prep. of paper coatings and sizes; heat Properties: Clear to amber liq.; little/no odor; water-misc.; sp.gr. 1.25; dens. stability props. 10.4 lb/gal; pH 1.2-2.4 (neat) Properties: Liq.; dissolves in water Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 177 mg/kg; ingestion of small amts. may cause Amoco® H-15 [BP Amoco] serious illness; serious eye hazard Chem. Descrip.: Polybutene (isobutylene butene copolymer) Precaution: Biologically active; aq., alkaline sol'n. (pH 9) cause it to lose CAS 9003-29-6 Uses: Tackifier, strengthener, and extender in adhesives; plasticizer for rubbiological act., also elevated temp. and/or UV light Storage: Acidic sol'ns. (pH 3-4) kept at room temp. out of UV light stable for ber; vehicle and fugitive binder for coatings; cling additive for LLDPE stretch at least 7 days wrap films; reactive intermediate for specialty chemicals; leather impregnant; Amgard® TBEP [Albright & Wilson Am.] vehicle or modifier for caulks, sealants, and glazing compds.; in lubricants, Chem. Descrip.: Tributoxyethyl phosphate paper treatments, elec. compds.; food-contact polymers; in lubricants for CAS 78-51-3; EINECS/ELINCS 201-122-9 incidental food contact Uses: Flame retardant, plasticizer for plastics; leveling agent, gloss aid, and Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1430, 178.3570, 178.3910 Properties: Visc. liq.; sp.gr. 0.860-0.871 (15.5 C); visc. 2441 SUS (38 C); coalescing agent for emulsion polymers, acrylic and styrenic floor polishes, acrylic gloss paints; wetting agent and rheology control agent for pigments; pour pt. -35 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 138 C; acid no. 0.29; ref. index 1.4847 Amoco® L-14 [BP Amoco] defoamer for paints, textiles, and paper Properties: Clear mobile liq., mild char. odor; misc. with most org. solvs.; Chem. Descrip.: Polybutene CAS 9003-29-6 sol. 0.11% in water; sp.gr. 1.1020 ± 0.005; visc. 10.7 cps; vapor pressure < 1 mm Hg (100 C); b.p. 210-220 (4 mm); decomp. pt. gradual above 200 Uses: Tackifier, strengthener, and extender in adhesives; plasticizer for rub-C; pour pt. -70 C; flash pt. (COC) > 180 C; ref. index 1.435; 7.8% P; 0.1% ber; vehicle and fugitive binder for coatings; cling additive for LLDPE stretch wrap films; reactive intermediate for specialty chemicals; as leather max, water Amical® 48 [ANGUS] impregnant, as vehicle or modifier for caulks, sealants, and glazing compds., and in lubricants, paper treatments, elec. compds.; food-contact polymers; Chem. Descrip.: Diiodomethyl p-tolyl sulfone CAS 20018-09-1; EINECS/ELINCS 243-468-3 in lubricants for incidental food contact Uses: Mildewcide, fungicide for latex paints, paper coatings, tanned leather, Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1430, 178.3570, 178.3910 Properties: Visc. liq.; sp.gr. 0.830-0.845 (15.5 C); visc. 139 SUS (38 C); metalworking fluids, emulsions, caulks, adhesives and sealants, and in lumber, construction, home improvement, textile, and automotive industries; pour pt. -51 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 121 C; acid no. 0.18; ref. index 1.4680 fungicide in cosmetic preservation; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, can Amoco® L-50 [BP Amoco] sealants, rubber articles Chem. Descrip.: Polybutene (isobutylene butene copolymer) Regulatory: FDA21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 177.2600; EPAreg. no. 48301-CAS 9003-29-6 Uses: Tackifier, strengthener, and extender in adhesives; plasticizer for rub-19 Properties: Tan finely divided powd.; sol. in dimethyl formamide, acetone, nber; vehicle and fugitive binder for coatings; cling additive for LLDPE stretch propyl acetate, tributyl phosphate; insol. in water; sp.gr. 2.20 g/cc; dens. wrap films; reactive intermediate for specialty chemicals; leather impregnant; 18.3 lb/gal; m.p. 157 C; pH 5.0-7.0 (1% aq. disp.); 90% min. act. vehicle or modifier for caulks, sealants, and glazing compds.; in lubricants, Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 9400 mg/kg; nonirritating to skin; may cause paper treatments, elec. compds.; food-contact polymers; in lubricants for temporary eye irritation, toxic to fish incidental food contact Amine 2HBG [Akzo Nobel Surf. Chem. AB] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1430, 178.3570, 178.3910 Chem. Descrip .: Di (hydrogenated tallow) amine Properties: Sp.gr. 0.845-0.860 (15.5 C); visc. 504 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -40 CAS 61789-79-5; EINECŠ/ELINCS 263-089-7 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 135 C; acid no. 0.23; ref. index 1.4758 AMPS® 2401 Monomer [Lubrizol] Uses: Surfactant intermediate for pour pt. depressant formulations for diesel Chem. Descrip.: 90-100% 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid fuel, paper chem. aux., personal care prods. Properties: Off-wh. solid; sol. in alcohols, chloroform, other hydrocarbons; CAS 15214-89-8; EINECS/ELINCS 239-268-0 m.w. 509; dens. 810 kg/m³; visc. 11 cP (70 C); set pt. 60-67 C; iodine no. Uses: Protective colloid and/or copolymerizable surfactant in acrylic/modified acrylic latexes for use in paints, adhesives, and sealants; acrylic/modified 3 max.; flash pt. 220 Č; 88% conc.; cationic Toxicology: Skin and severe eye irritant acrylic water-reducible resins for use in paints and inks; acrylic/modified acrylic printing ink binders; improves latex stability and film scrub resist.; Amine 2 VT [Akzo Nobel Surf. Chem. AB] Chem. Descrip .: Dihydrogenated tallowamine food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 CAS 61789-79-5; EINECS/ELINCS 263-089-7 Properties: APHA 100 max.; gray/wh., free-flowing, crystalline powd.; mild odor; sol. in water; m.w. 207; bulk dens. 4.0 lb/gal; m.p. 185 C (dec.); acid Uses: Intermediate for pour pt. depressant formulations for diesel fuel, paper chem. auxs. Properties: Cationic no. 272-282; 99% min. NV Amine D[®] [Hercules] *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 500-2000 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; Chem. Descrip.: 92% Dehydro-abietylamine derived from rosin mod. toxic; causes severe eye irritation; risk of irreversible eye damage; CAS 1446-61-3; EINECS/ELINCS 215-899-7 may cause heritable genetic damage; components may cause cancer; Uses: Chem. intermediate; used in asphalt additives; in corrosion inhibitors, **TSCA** listed Environmental: LC50 (acute) > 100 ppm (freshwater fish); limited biodegradaflotation reagents, preservatives for latex paints and wood treating compds. in cordage, felt, fabric, and paper; prod. of algicides; reactive; heat-stable to tion < 100 C Precaution: Forms explosive dust-air mixt.; incompat. with oxidizing agents; Properties: Gardner 7.5 color; sol. in common org. solvs. incl. alcohols, material may polymerize when heated ethers, hydrocarbons, chlorinated solvs.; essentially insol. in water; dens. Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: smoke, CO, alde-

8.3 lb/gal; visc. 87 poises; flash pt. (COC) 192 C; ref. index 1.545 (20 C)

hydes; combustion may produce NO_x, SO_x

Storage: 1 yr storage life in original unopened containers; store in dry areas, Chem. Descrip .: Urea-formaldehyde resin at 0-100 F CAS 9011-05-6 AMPS® 2404 Monomer [Lubrizol] Uses: Wet str. resin for papermaking incl. kraft paper, linerboard, carrierboard; Chem. Descrip.: 90-100% 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid general purpose; high efficiency CAS 15214-89-8; EINECS/ELINCS 239-268-0 Properties: Amber clear liq.; visc. 45 cps; pH 6.8; 27% NV; cationic Uses: Protective colloid and/or copolymerizable surfactant in acrylic/modified Amres® HP-25 [Georgia-Pacific Resins] Chem. Descrip .: Polyamide acrylic latexes for use in paints, adhesives, and sealants; acrylic/modified acrylic water-reducible resins for use in paints and inks; acrylic/modified CAS 25038-54-4 acrylic printing ink binders; improves latex stability, film scrub resist.; food-Uses: Wet str. resin for papermaking incl. towel, napkins, linerboard, medium, contact paper/paperboard carrierboard, bag, liq. pkg., and specialties; advanced technology; high Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 performance; exc. with highly filled furnishes Properties: APHA 100 max.; gray/wh., free-flowing, crystalline powd.; mild Properties: Pale amber liq.; visc. 100 cps; pH 3.5; 25% NV; cationic odor; sol. in water; m.w. 207; bulk dens. 4.0 lb/gal; m.p. 185 C (dec.); acid Amres[®] HS-30 [Georgia-Pacific Resins] Chem. Descrip .: Polyamide no. 280 max.; 99% min. NV Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 500-2000 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; CAS 25038-54-4 mod. toxic; causes severe eye irritation; risk of irreversible eye damage; Uses: Wet str. resin for papermaking incl. towel, napkins, linerboard, medium, carrierboard, bag, liq. pkg., and specialties; high solids; reduces freight components may cause cancer; TSCA listed Environmental: LC50 (acute) > 100 ppm (freshwater fish); limited biodegradacosts and inc. storage capacity Properties: Pale amber liq.; visc. 225 cps; pH 3.4; 30% NV; cationic tion Precaution: Forms explosive dust-air mixt.; incompat. with oxidizing agents; Amres[®] LA-12-2 [Georgia-Pacific Resins] Chem. Descrip.: Polyamide may polymerize when heated Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: smoke, CO, alde-CAS 25038-54-4 hydes; combustion may produce NO_x, SO_x Uses: Wet str. resin for papermaking incl. towel, napkins, linerboard, medium, Storage: 1 yr storage life in original unopened containers; store in dry areas, carrierboard, bag, liq. pkg., and specialties; low-AOX Properties: Pale amber liq.; visc. 100 cps; pH 3.8; 12.75% NV; cationic at 0-100 F Amres[®] 2747 [Georgia-Pacific Resins] Amres[®] LOPR [Georgia-Pacific Resins] Chem. Descrip .: Urea-formaldehyde resin Uses: Wet str. resin for papermaking incl. towel, napkins, linerboard, medium, carrierboard, bag, liq. pkg., and specialties; repulpable; rec. where en-CAS 9011-05-6 hanced fiber recovery is desired Uses: Wet str. resin for papermaking incl. kraft paper, linerboard, carrierboard; Properties: Burgundy liq.; visc. 75 cps; pH 5.5; 12.5% NV; cationic rec. where very low free formaldehyde residuals are required Amres[®] 8855 [Georgia-Pacific Resins] *Properties:* Amber clear liq.; visc. 50 cps; pH 7.0; 28% NV; cationic Chem. Descrip.: Polyamide Amres® MOC-3066 [Georgia-Pacific Resins] CAS 25038-54-4 Chem. Descrip .: Polyamide CAS 25038-54-4 Uses: Wet str. resin for papermaking incl. towel, napkins, linerboard, medium, carrierboard, bag, liq. pkg., and specialties; general purpose; high efficiency Uses: Wet str. resin for papermaking incl. towel, napkins, linerboard, medium, Properties: Pale amber liq.; visc. 70 cps; pH 3.7; 12.5% NV; cationic carrierboard, bag, liq. pkg., and specialties; low-AOX Amres® 8870 [Georgia-Pacific Resins] Properties: Pale amber liq.; visc. 60 cps; pH 3.7; 12.5% NV; cationic Chem. Descrip.: Polyamide Amres[®] PR-247 HV [Georgia-Pacific Resins] Chem. Descrip .: Urea-formaldehyde resin CAS 25038-54-4 Uses: Wet str. resin for papermaking incl. towel, napkins, linerboard, medium, CAS 9011-05-6 carrierboard, bag, lig. pkg., and specialties; reduces freight costs; inc. stor-Uses: Wet str. resin for papermaking incl. kraft paper, linerboard, carrierboard; rec. where low free formaldehyde residuals are required age capacity Properties: Pale amber liq.; infinite water sol.; sp.gr. 1.074-1.082; dens. 8.95-Properties: Amber clear liq.; visc. 48 cps; pH 6.7; 25% NV; cationic Amres® PR-335 CU [Georgia-Pacific Resins] 9.02 lb/gal; visc. 135 cps; f.p. -3.3 C; b.p. 100 C; flash pt. none to boiling; pH 3.8; 25% solids in water; cationic Chem. Descrip .: Urea-formaldehyde resin Amres[®] C12 [Georgia-Pacific Resins] CAS 9011-05-6 Chem. Descrip.: Polyamide Uses: Wet str. resin for papermaking incl. kraft paper, linerboard, carrierboard; CAS 25038-54-4 high solids; reduces freight costs and inc. storage capacity; low free formal-Uses: Wet str. resin for papermaking incl. towel, napkins, linerboard, medium, dehvde carrierboard, bag, liq. pkg., and specialties; general purpose; high efficiency Properties: Amber clear liq.; visc. 35 cps; pH 6.8; 35% NV; cationic Amres® X-184 [Georgia-Pacific Resins] Properties: Pale amber liq.; visc. 45 cps; pH 3.9; 12.5% NV; cationic Amres® C20 [Georgia-Pacific Resins] Chem. Descrip .: Polyamide Chem. Descrip.: Polyamide CAS 25038-54-4 Uses: Wet str. resin for papermaking incl. towel, napkins, linerboard, medium, CAS 25038-54-4 carrierboard, bag, liq. pkg., and specialties; low AOX; exc. with highly filled Uses: Wet str. resin for papermaking incl. towel, napkins, linerboard, medium, carrierboard, bag, liq. pkg., and specialties; general purpose; high efficiency furnishes Properties: Pale amber liq.; visc. 90 cps; pH 4.0; 20% NV; cationic Properties: Pale amber liq.; visc. 45 cps; pH 3.7; 12.75% NV; cationic Amres[®] C25 [Georgia-Pacific Resins] AMV 100 [BFGoodrich] Chem. Descrip.: Polyamide Chem. Descrip.: Alkoxy fatty diamide chloride-based compd. CAS 25038-54-4 Uses: Debonder, softener for pulp for facial tissue, toweling, disposable Uses: Wet str. resin for papermaking incl. towel, napkins, linerboard, medium, diapers, personal care prods.; reduces tens. or burst str. of pulp; reduces carrierboard, bag, liq. pkg., and specialties; general purpose; high solids; energy needed to defiber pulp; good release props.; reduces picking/linting on Yankee dryers high efficiency Properties: Pale amber liq.; visc. 100 cps; pH 3.6; 25% NV; cationic Use Level: 0.1-0.3% by wt. of pulp Amres[®] C28 [Georgia-Pacific Resins] Properties: Cationic Ancamide® 220 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Polyamide CAS 25038-54-4 Chem. Descrip .: Polyamide Uses: Wet str. resin for papermaking incl. towel, napkins, linerboard, medium, CAS 25038-54-4 Uses: R.T. epoxy curing agent for solv.-based maintenance coatings, primcarrierboard, bag, liq. pkg., and specialties; general purpose; high solids; high efficiency ers, sealers, coatings for concrete floorings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, Properties: Pale amber liq.; visc. 90 cps; pH 3.6; 28% NV; cationic paper/paperboard; provides high flexibility, long pot life; cure can be accel-Amres® C382 [Georgia-Pacific Resins] erated with up to 5 phr Ancamine K54

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170 Properties: Gardner 7 liq.; sp.gr. 0.970; visc. 330,000 cps; amine no. 245; equiv. wt. 185 Ancamide® 220-IPA-73 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: 73% Polyamide sol'n. in isopropanol Uses: R.T. epoxy curing agent for solv.-based maintenance coatings, primers, sealers, coatings for concrete floorings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard; provides high flexibility, long pot life Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170 Properties: Gardner 7 liq.; sp.gr. 0.940; visc. 2100 cps; amine no. 180; equiv. wt. 253 Ancamide® 220-X-70 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: 70% Polyamide sol'n. in xylene Uses: R.T. epoxy curing agent for solv.-based maintenance coatings, primers, sealers, coatings for concrete floorings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard; provides high flexibility, long pot life Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170 Properties: Gardner 7 liq.; sp.gr. 0.940; visc. 1100 cps; amine no. 170; equiv. wt. 264 Ancamide® 260A [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Amide/imidazoline Uses: R.T. epoxy curing agent for coatings, concrete repairs, sealants, cablejointing compds., consumer adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard; 1:1 vol. ratios with std. liq. epoxy resin possible; improved reactivity, chem. resist., or visc. reduction in blends Use Level: 65 phr Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170 Properties: Gardner 7 liq.; sp.gr. 0.960; visc. 40,000 cps; amine no. 350; equiv. wt. 120 Ancamide® 260TN [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Amide/imidazoline Uses: R.T. epoxy curing agent for coatings, concrete repairs, sealants, cablejointing compds., consumer adhesives, coal tar-extended coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard; higher imidazoline version of Ancamide 260A for improved compatibility Use Level: 65 phr Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170 Properties: Gardner 7 liq.; sp.gr. 0.960; visc. 35,000 cps; amine no. 350; equiv. wt. 120 Ancamide® 350A [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Imidazoline/amide Uses: R.T. epoxy curing agent for high-solids coatings, adhesives, sealants, putties, flexible cable-jointing compds.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard; improved chem. solv. resist. Use Level: 55 phr Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170 Properties: Gardner 7 liq.; sp.gr. 0.970; visc. 11,000 cps; amine no. 380; equiv. wt. 100 Ancamide® 375A [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Imidazoline/amide Uses: R.T. epoxy curing agent for low VOC coatings, adhesives, sealants, putties, flexible cable-jointing compds.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard Use Level: 50 phr Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170 Properties: Gardner 7 liq.; sp.gr. 0.960; visc. 150 cps; amine no. 379; equiv. wt. 100 Ancamide® 500 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Amide/imidazoline Uses: R.T. epoxy curing agent for concrete coatings, tile grouts, crack injection, floorings, riverstone mortars, elec. encapsulation, tooling, generalpurpose adhesives; food pkg. coatings, paper/paperboard; provides low visc., moderate pot life, good adhesion to concrete; used alone or with other curing agents; noncritical mixing ratio Use Level: 50 phr Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170 Properties: Gardner 7 liq.; sp.gr. 0.950; visc. 250 cps; amine no. 445; equiv. wt. 90; heat distort. temp. 113 F (264 psi) Ancamide® 501 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Modified amide/imidazoline; accelerated version of Ancamide 500

Uses: R.T. epoxy curing agent for matte floorings, concrete coatings, patching

compds., old-to-new concrete adhesives; food pkg. coatings, paper/paperboard; provides cures under humid conditions, very good adhesion, exc. adhesion to concrete, good chem. resist. Use Level: 35 phr Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170 Properties: Gardner 7 liq.; sp.gr. 0.980; visc. 600 cps; amine no. 550; equiv. wt. 68; heat distort. temp. 116 F (264 psi) Ancamide[®] 502 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Amide/imidazoline; short pot life version of Ancamide 500 Uses: R.T. epoxy curing agent for matte floorings, concrete coatings, patching compds., old-to-new concrete adhesives; food pkg. coatings, paper/paperboard; provides short pot life Use Level: 50 phr Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170 Properties: Gardner 7 liq.; sp.gr. 0.950; visc. 300 cps; amine no. 450; equiv. wt. 90; heat distort. temp. 113 F (264 psi) Ancamide® 503 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Amide Uses: R.T. epoxy curing agent for concrete coatings, floorings, old-to-new concrete adhesives, tile grouts; food pkg. coatings, paper/paperboard; provides faster pot life and thin film cure time than Ancamide 500 or 502 Use Level: 50 phr Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170 Properties: Gardner 6 liq.; sp.gr. 0.950; visc. 350 cps; amine no. 500; equiv. wt. 90; heat distort. temp. 119 F (264 psi) Ancamide® 506 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Imidazoline/amide Uses: R.T. epoxy curing agent for civil engineering, building and construction, wet lay-up laminates, elec. encapsulation, high-solids coatings (often with Ancamine 1618 or 1693); pot life extender for cycloaliphatic amine; food pkg. coatings, paper/paperboard; provides highest imidazoline content of amidoamine range giving lowest reactivity/visc., good thru-cure with very little exotherm Use Level: 55 phr Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170 Properties: Gardner 7 liq.; sp.gr. 0.940; visc. 300 cps; amine no. 420; equiv. wt. 105; heat distort. temp. 113 F (264 psi) Ancamide[®] 507 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Amidoamine adduct Uses: R.T. epoxy curing agent for high-solids, anticorrosive marine coatings, concrete patching and flooring mortars, adhesives and patch kits; food pkg. coatings, paper/paperboard; provides fast cure, improved water resist.; for use alone or with polyamide adducts Use Level: 35 phr Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170 Properties: Gardner 6 liq.; sp.gr. 0.990; visc. 950 cps; amine no. 600; equiv. wt. 65; heat distort. temp. 127 F (264 psi) Ancamide® 700-B-75 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Polyamide adduct, 75% solids in butanol Uses: R.T. epoxy curing agent for high-solids anticorrosive coatings for marine/industrial use; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard; provides exc. adhesion and cure under adverse conditions; no induction period required Use Level: 90 phr Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170; meets US Navy MIL-P-24441 Properties: Gardner 7 liq.; sp.gr. 0.960; visc. 5000 cps; amine no. 240; equiv. wt. 170 Ancamine® 1916 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Modified aliphatic amine; phenol-free version of Ancamine 1483 Uses: R.T. epoxy curing agent for heat-resist., solv.-free and sol'n. coatings, food pkg. coatings, paper/paperboard Use Level: 25 phr Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170 Properties: Gardner 4 liq.; sp.gr. 1.09; visc. 6000 cps; amine no. 840; equiv. wt. 43; heat distort. temp. 136 F (264 psi) Ancamine® DETA [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Diethylenetriamine CAS 111-40-0; EINECS/ELINCS 203-865-4 Uses: Ambient temp. epoxy curing agent for flooring, sol'n. coatings, and

encapsulation; for intermediates for amidoamines, imidazolines, epoxy ad-

ducts, and other addition compds.; food pkg. coatings, paper/paperboard; provides low equiv. wt., high nitrogen content Use Level: 11 phr Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170 compliant Properties: Gardner 1 liq.; sp.gr. 0.948; visc. < 10 cps; amine no. 1640; equiv. wt. 21; heat distort. temp. 127 F (264 psi); gel time 25 min. (150 g mix) Ancamine® TEPA [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Tetraethylenepentamine CAS 112-57-2; EINECS/ELINCS 203-986-2 Uses: R.T. epoxy curing agent for flooring, sol'n. coatings, and encapsulation; intermediates for amidoamines, imidazolines, epoxy adducts, and other addition compds.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard Use Level: 18 phr Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170 compliant Properties: Gardner 2 liq.; sp.gr. 0.996; visc. 80 cps; amine no. 1340; equiv. wt. 34; heat distort. temp. 127 F (264 psi); gel time 35 min. (150 g mix) Ancamine® TETA [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Triethylenetetraamine CAS 112-24-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-950-6 Uses: R.T. epoxy curing agent for flooring, sol'n. coatings, and encapsulation; intermediates for amidoamines, imidazolines, epoxy adducts, and other addition compds.; food pkg. coatings, paper/paperboard Use Level: 14 phr Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170 compliant ate Properties: Gardner 1 liq.; sp.gr. 0.984; visc. 20 cps; amine no. 1435; equiv. wt. 27; heat distort. temp. 126 F (264 psi); gel time 30 min. (150 g mix) Ancowet A-70 [Venchem] Chem. Descrip .: Ammonium salt of dinonyl sulfosuccinate in 10% industrial alcohol (95/5 ethanol, methanol) and water Uses: Emulsifier, pigment wetting agent/dispersant for agric. pesticides, paper pulp mfg., water treatment, oil recovery and pollution control, textile auxiliaries, cleaning materials, antimist compds., emulsion polymerization Properties: Amber liq.; sl. char. odor; water-sol.: gels form @ > 1%, fully sol. @ < 1%; sp.gr. 1.08; flash pt. < 55 C; pH 7 (1% sol'n.); 70% act. solids; anionic Toxicology: Skin and eye irritant Precaution: Flamm. Storage: 6 mos. shelf life @ 8-25 C Ancowet S-60 [Venchem] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium salt of dioctyl sulfosuccinate in 15% industrial alcohol (95/5 ethanol/methanol) and water Uses: Emulsifier, pigment wetting agent/dispersant for agric. pesticides, paper pulp mfg., water treatment, oil recovery and pollution control, textile auxiliaries, cleaning materials and antimist compds., emulsion polymerization *Properties:* SI. amber liq.; sl. char. odor; water-sol.: gels form @ > 2%, fully sol. @ < 2%; sp.gr. 1.05; flash pt. < 55 C; pH 7 (1%); 60% act. solids; anionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; not harmful by ingestion; mildly toxic by inhalation; eye irritant; sl. irritating to skin; can be harmful if swallowed; danger of choking on foam Environmental: 90% biodeg.; prevent entry into drains, sewers, and water courses Precaution: Flamm.; keep away from ignition sources; burning may evolve toxic fumes of SO_x and Na₂O Storage: 1 yr. shelf life @ 8-25 C; store away from heat and ignition sources; avoid low temps. below 4 C which will lead to inc. in visc. and may cause salt deposition Ancowet S-70PG [Venchem] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium salt of dioctyl sulfosuccinate in 15% monopropylene glycol and water Uses: Emulsifier, pigment wetting agent/dispersant for agric. pesticides, paper pulp mfg., water treatment, oil recovery and pollution control, textile auxiliaries, cleaning materials and antimist compds., emulsion polymerization Properties: Very sl. amber liq.; very sl. char. odor; water-sol.: gels form @ > 2%, fully sol. @ < 2%; sp.gr. 1.09; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 7 (1% sol'n.); 70% solids; anionic *Toxicology:* Skin and eye irritant Storage: 1 yr. shelf life @ 8-25 C Anox® PP18 [Great Lakes] Chem. Descrip.: Octadecyl-3-(3´,5´-di-t-butyl-4´-hydroxyphenyl) propionate CAS 2082-79-3; EINECS/ELINCS 218-216-0 Uses: Antioxidant/stabilizer for polyolefins, impact styrenics, blocked copoly-

mers, PVC, PU, elastomers, adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, paper/ paperboard, polymers; retards oxidative degradation during polymerization, processing and in end-use applics.

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1350, 177.1420, 177.1480, 177.1520, 177.1580, 177.1640, 177.1810, 178.3790; BGA, France, Italy approvals
- Properties: Wh. powd., gran. or flakes, odorless; sol. (g/100 ml): 140 g in chloroform, 104 g in xylene, 95 g in ethyl acetate, 52 g in hexane, 50 g in acetone; insol. in water; m.w. 531; sp.gr. 1.07 g/cc (20 C); m.p. 49-53 C; flash pt. 273 C; 98% min. purity

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 10 g/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2 g/kg; sl. skin irritation; nonirritating to eyes

Ansilex® [Engelhard]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcined kaolin

Uses: Pigment for papermaking; high brightness, opacity, and print-through resist.

Antarox[®] 17-R-2 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Meroxapol 172

CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Defoamer, dispersant, wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, binder, stabilizer, gellant, leveling agent, detergent for industrial/household cleaners, fermentation, paper processing, rinse aids, automatic dishwashing, metal cleaning, cosmetics, textiles, paints, pharmaceuticals; chemical intermediate

Properties: Liq.; sol. in aliphatic solvs.; HLB 8.0; pour pt. -25 C; cloud pt. 39 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic

Antarox[®] 25-R-2 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Meroxapol 252

- CAS 9003-11-6
- Uses: Defoamer, dispersant, wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, binder, stabilizer, gellant, leveling agent, detergent for industrial/household cleaners rinse aids, automatic dishwashing, paper processing, metal cleaning, fermentation, cosmetics, paper, textiles, paints, pharmaceuticals; chemical intermediate
- Properties: Liq.; HLB 6.0; pour pt. -5 C; cloud pt. 33 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic
- Antarox® 31-R-1 [Rhodia HPCII]
- Chem. Descrip.: Meroxapol 311

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Defoamer, dispersant, wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, binder, stabilizer, gellant, leveling agent, detergent for industrial/household cleaners rinse aids, automatic dishwashing, paper processing, metal cleaning, fermentation, cosmetics, paper, textiles, paints, pharmaceuticals; chemical intermediate
- Properties: Liq.; HLB 4.0; pour pt. 25 C; cloud pt. 25 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic

Antarox® EGE 25-2 [Rhodia Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: Meroxapol 252

CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Surfactant, defoamer/foam control agent for pulp/paper industry; dye leveling agent and wetting agent for textile processing

Properties: Liq.; 100% conc.; nonionic

Antarox[®] L-64 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 184

- CAS 9003-11-6
- Uses: Defoamer, dispersant, wetting agent, emulsifier, oil demulsifier, leveling agent, detergent for industrial/household cleaners, hard surf. cleaning, metal-working fluids, laundry, skin care, emulsion polymerization; plasticizer for resin compositions; defoamer in paper coatings
- Properties: Liq.; HLB 15.0; pour pt. 16 C; cloud pt. 59 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic

Antarox® PGP 18-2LF [Rhodia Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethoxylated propoxylated glycol

Uses: Surfactant, detergent, emulsifier for sulfate pulp washing, rinse aids, dishwash, hard surf. cleaners, laundry compds., cosmetics, shampoos, emulsion polymers

Properties: Liq.; HLB 7.0; cloud pt. 26-30 C; 100% conc.; nonionic

Antarox® PGP 23-7 [Rhodia Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 237

CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Coemulsifier for cosmetics, toiletries, pulp/paper defoamers; dispersant; visc. control agent

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Properties: Wh. flake; sol. in water, aromatic and chlorinated solvs.; insol. in Uses: Antifoam for aq. systems for fermentation, chem. processing, food, pharmaceuticals, paints, adhesives, paper coatings, metalworking, lubrimin. oil and aliphatic solvs.; m.w. 6700-8373; dens. 1.04 g/ml; HLB 24.0; cants, textile processing, petroleum, pulp/paper, cleaning compds. cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); pH 5.0-7.5 (2.5% aq.); foam height 44 mm (0.1%); 99% min. act.; nonionic Regulatory: FDA approved, 30 ppm max. in final prod. Anthosin® [BASF; BASF AG] Properties: Wh. creamy emulsion; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.970; dens. 8.1 lb/ Uses: Acid dyes for calender or size press dyeing in papermaking gal; 30% act. Antiblaze® 100 [Albright & Wilson Am.] Antispumin® [Stockhausen] Chem. Descrip.: Chlorinated diphosphate ester Uses: Defoamer, deaerating agent for pulp, paper coatings, wastewater clari-CAS 38051-10-4 fication Uses: Flame retardant for virgin and bonded flexible urethane foam, in textiles, Apollo® 4200 Cationic Starches [Penford Prods.] paper, adhesives, and epoxy and phenolic-based laminates; low volatility; Chem. Descrip .: Hydroxyethylated corn starch cost-effective means to comply with Cal. 117 and other flamm. tests CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Properties: Liq.; 10.6% P, 36% CI Uses: Strengthener, retention aid for paper and paperboard, incl. alkaline Antiblaze® CL. [Albright & Wilson Am.] papermaking; filming props.; effective over entire pH range; reduces BOD Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium polyphosphate aq. sol'n. Properties: Cationic CAS 14728-39-3 Apollo® Cationic Starches [Penford Prods.] Chem. Descrip .: Corn starch Uses: Flame retardant for cellulose fabrics, paper, particleboard, and timber; CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 nondurable Properties: 13.1% P Uses: Wet str. agent, retention aid for paper and paperboard; for use with Antiblaze® TR [Albright & Wilson Am.] alkaline sizing agents; designed for batch cooking systems Chem. Descrip.: Water-based ammonium polyphosphate Properties: Cationic CAS 14728-39-3 Aquacid-105 EX [Aquapharm] Chem. Descrip.: Hydroxy ethylidene diphosphonic acid aq. sol'n. Uses: Flame retardant for cellulose textiles, paper, and particleboard; nondu-CAS 2809-21-4; EINECS/ELINCS 220-552-8 rable Properties: 10.3% P Uses: Sequestrant, deflocculant, threshold inhibitor for scale prevention/corrision Antiblaze® V6 [Albright & Wilson UK] inhibition in water treatment, oil field treatment, pulp/paper chems., leather treatment chems., textile additives; hydrolytic stability Chem. Descrip.: Chlorinated diphosphate ester Uses: Flame retardant for virgin and bonded flexible urethane foam, and in Properties: Colorless to pale yel. liq.; sol. in water, phosphoric acid, ethylene acids and bases; m.w. 206; sp.gr. 1.44 \pm 0.02; cryst. pt. < 0 C; 60 \pm 1% textiles, paper, adhesives, and epoxy and phenolic-based laminates; low volatility; cost-effective means to comply with Cal. 117 and other flamm. act Toxicology: SI. toxic by ing.; pract. nontoxic by skin contact; mod. irritating to tests Properties: Liq.; 10.6% P, 36% CI skin; corrosive to eyes Antifoam 20WB [Stockhausen] Aquacid-106 EX [Aquapharm] Chem. Descrip .: Water-based Chem. Descrip.: Diethylene triamine penta (methylene phosphonic acid) aq. Uses: Antifoam for screen room, paper machine, bleaching applics., wastewater sol'n. CAS 15827-60-8 treatment, chem. processing industry, latex, coatings, metal treating and electroplating Uses: Sequestrant, deflocculant, threshold inhibitor for water treatment, oil field Regulatory: FDA compliance treatment, pulp/paper chems., leather treatment chems., textile additives; Properties: Creamy wh. emulsion, mild petrol. odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. dispersant for solid particles; hydrolytic stability 0.93; dens. 7.8 lb/gal; visc. 800 ± 200 cps; f.p. 0 C; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. Properties: Amber liq.; sol. in water; m.w. 573; sp.gr. 1.34 ± 0.04; pH < 2 (PMCC) 330 F (1%); 45% min. act. Toxicology: Very low toxicity; mild skin or eye irritant on prolonged contact Toxicology: SI. toxic by ing.; pract. nontoxic by skin contact; mod. irritating to Antifoam 7800 New [Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber] skin; corrosive to eyes Chem. Descrip.: Higher hydrocarbons and their sulfonic acid derivs. Aquacid-108 EX [Aquapharm] Uses: Antifoam for aq. systems in sugar, fertilizer, phosphoric acid, dyestuffs, Chem. Descrip.: Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid ag. sol'n. paper, leather, plastics, and chemical industries; resistant to acid and weak CAS 6419-19-8; EINECS/ELINCS 229-146-5 alkalis Uses: Sequestrant, deflocculant, threshold inhibitor for water treatment, oil field Properties: Faint yel. liq., sl. turbid @ R.T.; sp.gr. 0.87; b.p. 80 C; flash pt. > treatment, pulp/paper chems., leather treatment chems., textile additives; hydrolytic stability 100 C Antifoam F-1 [Lambent Tech.] Properties: Lt. to pale yel. liq.; sol. in water, phosphoric acid, ethylene glycol, Chem. Descrip.: Simethicone most aq. acids and bases; m.w. 299; sp.gr. 1.33 ± 0.02; cryst. pt. < 0 C; CAS 8050-81-5 pH < 2 (1%); 49 ± 1% act. Uses: Antifoam for ag. and nonag. systems for fermentation, chem. process-Aquacid-109 EX [Aquapharm] ing, food, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, paints, adhesives, paper coatings, Chem. Descrip.: Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid) metalworking, lubricants, textile processing, petroleum, pulp/paper, cleaning CAS 1429-50-1 compds. Uses: Sequestrant, deflocculant, threshold inhibitor for water treatment, oil field Regulatory: FDA approved, to 10 ppm max. in final prod. treatment, pulp/paper chems., leather treatment chems., textile additives; Properties: Translucent syrup-like compd.; sol. in amyl acetate, aromatic hydrolytic stability Properties: Wh. solid; m.w. 436 (anhyd.); pH < 2 (1%); 91% min. act. solvs., 2-ethylhexanol, kerosene; insol. in water, paraffin oil, glycols, ethanol, methanol, glycerin; sp.gr. 0.990; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; 100% act.; nonionic *Toxicology:* Pract. nontoxic by ing. and skin contact; sl. irritating to skin; mod. Antifoam FD-62 [Lambent Tech.] irritating to eyes Chem. Descrip.: Polydimethylsiloxane emulsion Aquacoll 30 CC [EPC Papierchemie GmbH] CAS 63148-62-9 Chem. Descrip.: Rosin disp. with fixing agents and stabilizers Uses: Antifoam for aq. systems for fermentation, chemical processing, food, Uses: Sizing agent, fixing agent for paper and cardboard, esp. paper containing calcium carbonate or mfg. with recycled paper base, food pkg. (Gerpharmaceuticals, paints, adhesives, paper coatings, metalworking, lubrimany); rec. for high pH range cants, textiles, petroleum, pulp/paper applics. Regulatory: FDA approved, 100 ppm max. in final prod. Use Level: 0.5-5% Properties: Wh. creamy emulsion; disp. in water; 1.000; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; Regulatory: BgVV XXXVI compliant Properties: Milky wh.; sp.gr. 1.12 g/cc; visc. < 500 mPa•s; pH 2.5-3.5; 29 10% act. ± 1% act.: cationic Antifoam FD-82 [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Polydimethylsiloxane emulsion Environmental: Harmful to fish; do not allow prod. to reach public sewers; CAS 63148-62-9 may be precipitated and removed in wastewater treatment plants

Storage: 12 wks storage stability; store at 5-35 C in upright sealed SS tanks	۸a
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Rosin disp. with polyaluminum chloride and stabilizers	ЛЧ
Uses: Sizing agent, fixing agent for paper and cardboard, esp. paper contain- ing calcium carbonate or mfg. with recycled paper base, food pkg. (Ger-	
many); rec. for high pH range	
Use Level: 0.5-5% Regulatory: BoVV XXXVI compliant	
<i>Properties:</i> Milky wh.; sp.gr. 1.12 g/cc; visc. < 500 mPa•s; pH 2.5-3.5; 29	
± 1% act.; cationic	
may be precipitated and removed in wastewater treatment plants	
Storage: 12 wks storage stability; store at 5-35 C in upright sealed SS tanks	
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Highly fortified disp. of modified rosins	
Uses: Sizing agent for paper and cardboard, food pkg. (Germany); rec. to pH	۸
016.7 Regulatory: BgVV XXXVI compliant	Aq
Properties: Milky wh.; sp.gr. 1.0 g/cc; visc. < 100 mPa•s; 30 ± 1% act.;	
anionic <i>Environmental:</i> Harmful to fish: do not allow prod, to reach public sewers	
<i>Storage:</i> Very stable during storage; store at 10-35 C in upright sealed SS	
tanks Aguacoll 400 [EPC Panjerchemia GmbH]	
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Highly fortified disp. of aq. modified rosins	
Uses: Sizing agent for paper and cardboard, food pkg. (Germany); rec. for	
Regulatory: BgVV XXXVI compliant	
Properties: Milky wh.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.03 g/cc; visc. < 100	
<i>Environmental:</i> Harmful to fish; do not allow prod. to reach public sewers	
Storage: Good storage stability; store at 10-35 C in upright sealed SS tanks	Aq
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Highly fortified disp. of modified rosins	
Uses: Sizing agent for paper and cardboard, esp. coating base papers,	
recycled paper, food pkg. (Germany); rec. where calcium carbonate is present in the pulp system: effective in higher pH range	
Regulatory: BgVV XXXVI compliant	
Properties: Milky wh.; sp.gr. 1.02 g/cc; visc. < 100 mPa•s; 30 ± 1% act. Environmental: Harmful to fish: do not allow prod. to reach public sewers:	
may be precipitated and removed in wastewater treatment plants	
Storage: 2-3 mos storage stability when stored at 10-35 C in upright sealed	
Aquacoll P 231 [EPC Papierchemie GmbH]	
Chem. Descrip.: Highly fortified disp. of modified rosins with protective colloid	
recycled paper, food pkg. (Germany); rec. where calcium carbonate is	
present in the pulp system; effective in higher pH range	
<i>Properties:</i> Milky wh.; sp.gr. 1.02 g/cc; visc. < 100 mPa•s; 30 ± 1% act.	Aq
Environmental: Harmful to fish; do not allow prod. to reach public sewers;	
Storage: 2-3 mos storage stability when stored at 10-35 C in upright sealed	Aq
SS tanks	
Chem. Descrip.: Fluorocarbon	Aa
Uses: Waterproofing agent, greaseproofing agent for specialty papers and	
nonwovens Aguagel Gold Seal™ 200 [Cimbar Perf. Mins.]	Aa
Chem. Descrip.: Premium untreated bentonite	1
Chem. Analysis: SiO ₂ (63.4%); Al ₂ O ₃ (21.4%); Fe ₂ O ₃ (3.8%); Na ₂ O (2.5%); MgO (2.3%): CaO (0.6%) K ₂ O (0.3%)	Aa
CAS 1302-78-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-108-5	
Uses: Rheological control agent for inks, coatings, pesticides, fungicides, addesives, caults, and soalants; filtrate and soalant in water/wastewater	Aq
treatment; retention aid and deinking agent for paper industry; for foundry,	Aq
refractory, and ceramic uses; consumer and industrial care prods.	
Properties: 80% thru 200 mesh (dry), 98% thru 200 mesh (wet); sp.gr. 2.5;	
bulk dens. 50 lb/ft³ (level), 72 lb/ft³ (packed); pH 9.0 (6%); free water (8%);	
Toxicology: Nontoxic	

uagel Gold Seal[™] 325 [Cimbar Perf. Mins.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Premium untreated bentonite
- Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (63.4%); Al₂O₃ (21.4%); Fe₂O₃ (3.8%); Na₂O (2.5%); MgO (2.3%); CaO (0.6%) K₂O (0.3%)

CAS 1302-78-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-108-5

Uses: Rheological control agent for inks, coatings, pesticides, fungicides, adhesives, caulks, and sealants; filtrate and sealant in water/wastewater treatment; retention aid and deinking agent for paper industry; for foundry, refractory, and ceramic uses; consumer and industrial care prods.

Regulatory: EPA compliant

Properties: 98% thru 325 mesh (dry), 99% thru 325 mesh (wet); sp.gr. 2.5; bulk dens. 50 lb/ft³ (level), 72 lb/ft³ (packed); pH 9.0 (6%); free water (8%); bound water (5.7%)

Toxicology: Nontoxic

Environmental: Nonpolluting

ualon® CMC-T [Hercules/Aqualon]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium CMC, tech. grades

- CAS 9004-32-4; EINECS/ELINCS 265-995-8
- Uses: Binder, thickener, stabilizer, suspending agent, film-former, rheology control agent, water retention aid for adhesives, aerial-drop fluids, ceramics, coatings, detergents, lithography, paper, textiles, tobacco, food pkg.; surf. treatment to reduce porosity, improve grease/oil holdout, control curl in paper at size press or calender; thickener, suspending agent, adhesive props. for paper converting operations; talc depressant in frothing/flotation (mining) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 182.70
- Properties: Water sol.; sp.gr. 1.0068 (2%); bulk dens. 0.75 g/ml; visc. 15-30 cps (CMC-7L3T, 2%), 25-50 (CMC-7LT, 2%, CMC-7L1T, 4%), 80-200 cps (CMC-7L2T, 4%), 300-600 cps (CMC-7MT, 2%), 1600-3100 cps (CMC-7M31T, 2%); surf. tens. 71 dynes/cm (1%); ref. index 1.3355 (2%); pH 6.5-8.5 (1%)

Aquapac[™] [Altivia]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyaluminum chloride

CAS 1327-41-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-477-2

- Uses: For use in pulp/paper industry as sizing and retention aid; also for wastewater treatment as primary coagulant aid; low alkalinity and low turbidity
- Regulatory: SARA reportable
- Properties: Amber clear liq.; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.2-1.4; m.p. -10 C to -20 C; b.p. 100-110 C; pH 0.5-4.5
- *Toxicology:* Can cause nose and throat irritation on inh., corrosive damage to GI tract, nausea, and/or diarrhea on ing., skin irritation or burns, eye burns; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Corrosive; avoid high temps., fire conditions; prod. will slowly corrode iron, brass, copper, and aluminum metals
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. may release toxic aluminum and hydrogen chloride compds.

Storage: Store in stainless steel or fiberglass tanks away from heat and direct sunlight

Aquapel[®] Reactive Size [Hercules]

Uses: Sizing agent for papermaking, industrial processes; reactive; for use against a wide variety of penetrants

Aquaprox[®] MFC 1490 [Synthron SA]

Uses: Trash fixing agent for pitch and stickies control in wet-end paper mfg. *Properties:* Cationic

quaprox[®] MFC 3320 [Synthron SA]

Uses: Trash fixing agent for pitch and stickies control in wet-end paper mfg. *Properties:* Cationic

quaprox® TD 1100 [Synthron SA]

Uses: Scale inhibitor, dispersant for chem. pulp mfg.; works according to threshold effect

Aquaprox® TD 2000 [Synthron SA]

Uses: Scale inhibitor for chem. pulp mfg.; works according to threshold effect Aquaprox® TM [Synthron SA]

Uses: Biocide, slimicide for wet-end paper mfg.

quaquest 2130 [Geo Spec. Chems./Paper]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate

- CAS 9003-04-7
- Uses: Dispersant for pigmented paper coatings, esp. with structured pigments; food pkg. adhesives; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; reduces problems associated with pigment agglomeration; exc. thermal stability; resist. to acid hydrolysis; stable at pH range in

typ. coating applics.; compat. with all commonly used paper coating ingreds. ized blend Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 31910-2; SARA reportable Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180 Properties: Yel.-grn. lig.; char. sulfur odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. Properties: Pale yel. liq.; sp.gr. 1.2-1.3; dens. 10.7 lb/gal; visc. 600-800 cps; pH 8.4; 45% solids 1.176; dens. 9.6 lb/gal; f.p. 0 C; b.p. > 100 C; flash pt. none; pH 10.5-12.4; Storage: 6 mos shelf life at ambient temps.; keep containers tightly closed nonflamm.; 30-33.2% act. when not in use to avoid loss due to evaporation; freezing does not damage Toxicology: LD50 (oral, male rat) 1400 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2 g/kg; eye prod., but if frozen, warm to R.T. and mix well before use and skin irritant; harmful if swallowed; may cause nausea and vomiting Aqua Superslip 6550 [Micro Powders] Environmental: Biodeq.; aquatic LC50 (bluegill sunfish, 96 h) 0.18 ppm, Chem. Descrip .: Modified polyethylene wax (rainbow trout, 96 h) 0.10 ppm; toxic to fish and aquatic organisms; BOD (5 CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELÍNCS 200-815-3 day) 20,000 ppm; COD 330,000 ppm; susceptible to biological oxidation Uses: Coating additive, lubricant, blocking resist. agent, scuff/mar resist. Precaution: Incompat. with quat. compds., strong oxidizing agents, min. acids (sulfuric, nitric, hydrochloric) agent, slip agent in aq. paints/coatings, waterborne furniture coatings; foodcontact coatings, paper/paperboard Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. may release gases (amines, Use Level: 0.5-3.0% CS₂); combustion of dry film may release CO_x, NO_x, SO_x; degradation Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180 prods. from acidification are flamm. Properties: 22 µ max. particle size; 6-7.5 µ mean particle size; fineness NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 (Hegman) 6.0-6.5; sp.gr. 0.94; m.p. 126-130 C Storage: Avoid temp. extremes Toxicology: TSCA listed Aquatreat® DNM-360 [Alco] Aquatac® 6025 [Arizona; Arizona Chem. AB] Chem. Descrip.: 18% Disodium ethylenebisdithiocarbamate, 18% sodium Chem. Descrip.: Aq. resin dispersion dimethyldithiocarbamate Uses: Tackifier for adhesives incl. food pkg. adhesives, carboxylated SBR, Uses: Microbicide for use in cooling towers, air washers, pulp/paper mills, 2-ethylhexyl acrylate, butyl acrylic, SBR, NR, neoprene, VAE, urethane cane and beet sugar mills, drilling fluids, petroleum recovery Properties: Straw color; sp.gr. 1.18; dens. 9.8 lb/gal; pH 11.5; 36% act. systems; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; waterborne for environmentally friendly adhesives; provides improved aging props., enhanced Aquatreat® KM [Alco] adhesive props. Chem. Descrip.: Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210 CAS 128-03-0 Properties: Visc. 5350 cps; soften. pt. (R&B) 25 C; pH 7.0; 60% solids UN No. 1760 Aquatac® 6085 [Arizona; Arizona Chem. AB] Chem. Descrip.: Glyceryl rosinate aq. disp. CAS 8050-31-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-482-5 Uses: Waterborne tackifier for pressure-sensitive adhesives incl. food pkg. adhesives, waterborne labels, decals, shelf liners, construction adhesives, Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 31910-5; SARA reportable tapes; for carboxylated SBR, 2-ethylhexyl acrylate, butyl acrylic, SBR, NR, neoprene, VAE, urethanes; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; waterborne for environmentally friendly adhesives; produces formulations 50% act. in water with aggressive tack and peel, exc. shear props. after aging Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210 Properties: Milky beige disp.; 2.5 µ particle size; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 7500 ratory tract cps; soften. pt. (R&B) 82 C (of base resin); pH 7.0; 60% solids Environmental: Toxic to fish Storage: Prevent freezing, mold and bacteria contamination Aquatac[®] 6085B-1 [Arizona; Arizona Chem. AB] min. acids (sulfuric, nitric, hydrochloric) Chem. Descrip.: Aq. resin dispersion Uses: Tackifier for adhesives incl. food pkg. adhesives, carboxylated SBR, 2-ethylhexyl acrylate, butyl acrylic, SBR, NR, neoprene, VAE, urethane NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 systems; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; waterborne for envi-Storage: Exc. storage stability ronmentally friendly adhesives; provides improved aging props., enhanced Aquatreat[®] SDM [Alco] adhesive props. Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210 CAS 128-04-1; EINECS/ELINCS 204-876-7 Properties: Visc. 1000 cps; soften. pt. (R&B) 85 C; pH 7.0; 59% solids UN No. 1760 Aquatac® 6085B-7 [Arizona; Arizona Chem. AB] Chem. Descrip.: Aq. resin dispersion Uses: Tackifier for adhesives incl. food pkg. adhesives, carboxylated SBR, 2-ethylhexyl acrylate, butyl acrylic, SBR, NR, neoprene, VAE, urethane and tert. oil recovery Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 31910-6; SARA reportable systems; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; waterborne for environmentally friendly adhesives; provides improved aging props., enhanced adhesive props *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210 act. in water Properties: Visc. 7000 cps; soften. pt. (R&B) 85 C; pH 7.0; 60% solids Aquatreat® DNM-9 [Alco] Chem. Descrip.: 4.5% Nabam, 4.5% dibam with 45% freeze pt. depressant and 30% water Environmental: Toxic to fish Uses: Short-stop in emulsion polymerization of rubber; biocide, fungicide, and algicide used in water treatment, paper, sugar, and petrol. applics.; winterized blend Properties: Straw-colored; sp.gr. 1.14; dens. 9.5 lb/gal; pH 11.5; 9% act. in water NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 Aquatreat® DNM-30 [Alco]

- Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate (15-16.6%), nabam (15-16.6%) with freeze pt. depressant
- Uses: Short-stop in emulsion polymerization of rubber; fungicide and bactericide for use in pulp/paper mills, sugar mills, drilling fluids, petrol. recovery; algicide for use in industrial recirculating water cooling towers, etc.; winter-

- Uses: Short-stop in emulsion polymerization of rubber, butadiene, styrene, and neoprene; biocide, fungicide, and algicide used in water treatment, industrial recirculating water cooling towers, evaporative condensers, paper mills, sugar mills, sec. and tert. oil recovery, drilling fluids
- Properties: Pale amber liq.; char. amine odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.21; dens. 10.4 lb/gal; f.p. 0 C; b.p. > 100 C; pH 11.3-14.0; nonflamm.;
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, female rat) 1.86 g/kg; sl. skin and eye irritant; may cause nausea and vomiting; vapors may be irritating to nose, throat, respi-
- Precaution: Corrosive; acidification releases flamm. gases; incompat. with
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. may release gases such as amines, CS₂; combustion of dry film may release CO_x, NO_x, SO_x

- Uses: Short-stop in emulsion polymerization of rubber; biocide, fungicide, and algicide used in water treatment, industrial recirculating water cooling towers, evaporative condensers, paper mills, sugar mills, drilling fluids, sec.
- Properties: Yel.-grn. liq.; char. amine odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.18; dens. 9.8 lb/gal; f.p. 0 C; b.p. > 100 C; pH 12-13.3; nonflamm.; 40%
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, female rat) 2.5 g/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 1.15 g/kg; LC50 (inh. rat) > 3.93 mg/l; sl. skin and eye irritant; inh. of vapors may be irritating to nose, throat, respiratory tract; may cause nausea and vomiting
- Precaution: Corrosive liq.; acidification releases flamm. gases; incompat. with min. acids (sulfuric, nitric, hydrochloric), nitrosating agents
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal dec. may release gases (amines, CS₂); combustion of dry film may release CO_x, NO_x, SO_x
- Aquis® [Heucotech Ltd]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Surfactant/pigment aq. disp.
- Uses: Colorant for aq. paints and coatings, textiles, latexes, inks, paper Araldite® 93-100 [Vantico AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Araldite GY 281, bisphenol F resin base
 - Uses: Hardener used in adhesives, fiber-sizing, textiles, paper treatment, and

abrasives; water-based; exc. stability, good adhesion, chem. adhesion Araldite® XU 3900 [Vantico AG] *Properties:* Liq.; < 2 µ particle size; visc. pourable; epoxide wt. 160-180; 70% solids Araldite[®] 94-105 [Vantico AG] Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy cresol novolac (Araldite® ECN 1280 base) CAS 29690-82-2 Uses: Hardener used in adhesives, fiber-sizing, textiles, paper treatment, and abrasives; water-based; exc. stability, good temp. and chem. adhesion; very high functionality Properties: 2 µ particle size; visc. 10,000-30,000 cps; epoxide wt. 230-251; 55% solids; nonionic Araldite® 95-101 [Vantico AG] Uses: Hardener used in adhesives, paper treatment, and abrasives; waterbased; exc. stability, low temp., fast curing for use with resins Properties: 3 µ particle size; visc. 135,000-145,000 cps; 40% solids Araldite[®] ECN 1400 [Vantico AG] Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy cresol novolac (Araldite® ECN 1299 base) CAS 29690-82-2 Uses: For use in adhesives, fiber-sizing, textiles, abrasives, paper treatment; better adhesion, improved temp. and chem. resist. than bis A-based epoxies; very high functionality Properties: 4 µ particle size; visc. 900-1500 cps; epoxide wt. 220-250; 40% solids Araldite® HZ 340 [Vantico AG] Chem. Descrip .: Polyamide CAS 25038-54-4 Uses: Hardener used in adhesives, fiber-sizing, textiles, paper treatment, abrasives, and coatings (plaster, concrete, masonry, asbestos, cement, nuclear facilities); water-based; solv.-free; good adhesion Properties: Visc. 18,000-23,000 cps; epoxide wt. 113; 50% solids Araldite® PY 302-2 [Vantico AG] Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy resin, bisphenol A/F-based CAS 25928-94-3 Uses: Noncrystallizing, low visc. epoxy resin for high solids and solventless high performance coatings, food-contact coatings; rec. for coatings for storage tanks, chem. mfg. plants, food/beverage processing plants, water reservoirs, pipes, sewage treatment plants, ships, elec., pollution control equip., pulp/paper mills, petrol. refineries, offshore drilling rigs, adhesives; superior chem. resist. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300 Properties: Gardner 3 max. clear liq.; visc. 6500-8000 cP; epoxide wt. 170-177 Toxicology: Causes irritation; may cause allergic skin reaction Storage: 5 yrs min. shelf life when stored away from excessive heat and humidity in sealed original container Araldite[®] PY 323 [Vantico AG] Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy cresol novolac (Araldite® PY 307-1 base) CAS 29690-82-2 Uses: For use in adhesives, fiber-sizing, textiles, abrasives, paper treatment; good abrasion resist., toughness, and chem. resist. *Properties:* Liq.; < 1 µ particle size; visc. pourable; epoxide wt. 178-191; 75% solids Araldite® PZ 3901 [Vantico AG] Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy cresol novolac (Araldite® GT 7097 base) in water (78%) and 2-proposyethanol (22%) *Uses:* For 2-component ambient temp. curing epoxy systems for concrete coatings, floor coatings, high performance architectural coatings, and It. duty industrial maintenance coatings; adhesives, fiber-sizing, textiles, abrasives, paper treatment, and can/coil; highly dilutable, exc. adhesion and chem. resist Properties: Milky disp.; low odor; 1 µ particle size; dens. 9.1 ± 0.2 lb/gal; visc. 8000-25,000 cps; flash pt. > 200 F; pH 6-9; epoxide wt. 505-565; 55 ± 1.5% solids: nonionic Toxicology: Can cause irritation and possible allergic reaction; harmful if absorbed thru skin; may have effects on blood Storage: 1 yr shelf life stored @ R.T. in sealed orig. container Araldite® PZ 3917 [Vantico AG] Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy cresol novolac (Araldite® GT 7097 base) CAS 29690-82-2 Uses: For use in adhesives, fiber-sizing, textiles, abrasives, and paper treatment; exc. stability, adhesion and chem. resist.

Properties: < 2 µ particle size; visc. 10,000-20,000 cps; epoxide wt. 2100-

2600: 55% solids

Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy cresol novolac (Araldite® PY 307-1 base) CAS 29690-82-2

Uses: For use in adhesives, fiber-sizing, textiles, abrasives, and paper treatment; exc. adhesion and chem. resist.; highly dilutable

Properties: < 0.4 µ particle size; visc. 10,000-20,000 cps; epoxide wt. 306-322; 30% solids

Araldite® XU 3903 [Vantico AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy cresol novolac (Araldite® GT 7013 base) CAS 29690-82-2

Uses: For use in adhesives, fiber-sizing, textiles, abrasives, and paper treatment; exc. stability, adhesion and chem. resist.

Properties: < 2 µ particle size; visc. 10,000-20,000 cps; epoxide wt. 720-800: 60% solids

Arcol® 11-34 [Lyondell]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyalkylene polyol

CAS 9082-00-2

Uses: Used in sealants, caulks, deck coatings, elastomers, tire fill and RIM, food pkg. adhesives/cellophane; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/ paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1400

Properties: Pt-Co 50 max. color; m.w. ≈ 4800; sp.gr. 1.026 (20/20 C); dens. 8.56; acid no. 0.015 max. mg KOH/g; flash pt. (PMCC) 376 F; 0.07% max. water

Arcol® PPG-425 [Lyondell]

Chem. Descrip .: Polypropylene glycol

CAS 25322-69-4

- Uses: Used in solvent and water-based coatings, high modulus adhesives, cast elastomers, thermal break, electrical potting, RIM, inks, lubrication, metalworking, antistatic agents, crude oil de-emulsification and plasticizers; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, cellophane, animal glues; defoamer in foodcontact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1400, 177.1680, 178.3120
- Properties: Pt-Co 75 max. color; m.w. 425; sp.gr. 1.008 (20/20 C); 8.42 lb/ gal (60 F); visc. 110 cp (20 C); acid no. 0.05 max.; flash pt. (PMCC) 351 F; pH 5.0-6.0 (in 10/6 IPA/water); 0.05% max. water

Storage: Store in carbon steel tanks, recommend a heated tank if stored outside, temp. of stored material should not exceed 120 F

Arcol® PPG-725 [Lyondell]

Chem. Descrip.: Polypropylene glycol

CAS 25322-69-4

Uses: Used in coatings, solv.-based adhesives, castable elastomers, defoamers, humectants, potting compds., tire fill, inks, lubrication, metalworking, antistatic agents, crude oil de-emulsification and plasticizers; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, cellophane, animal glues; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1400, 177.1680, 178.3120

Properties: Pt-Co 50 max. color; m.w. 760; sp.gr. 1.007 (20/20 C); dens. 8.41 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 160 cp (20 C); acid no. 0.05 max.; flash pt. (PMCC) 346 F; pH 5.0-6.0 (in 10/6 IPA/water); 0.05% max. water

Storage: Store in carbon steel tanks, recommend a heated tank if stored outside, temp. of stored material should not exceed 120 F

Arcol® PPG-1025 [Lyondell]

Chem. Descrip.: Polypropylene glycol

CAS 25322-69-4

- Uses: Used in coatings, adhesives, caulks, sealants elastomers, potting compds., tire fill, humectants, defoamers, inks, lubrication, metalworking, antistatic agents, crude oil de-emulsification and plasticizers; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, cellophane, animal glues; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1400, 177.1680, 178.3120
- Properties: Pt-Co 75 max. color; m.w. 1000; sp.gr. 1.005 (20/20 C); dens. 8.39 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 220 cp (20 C); acid no. 0/05 max.; flash pt. (PMCC) 356 F; pH 5.0-6.0 (in 10/6 IPA/water); 0.05% max. water

Arcol® PPG-2025 [Lyondell]

Storage: Store in carbon steel tanks, recommend a heated tank if stored outside, temp. of stored material should not exceed 120 F

Arkon P-100 Chem. Descrip.: Polypropylene glycol Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2600, 178.3120, 178.3800, 1787.3850, 178.3870 CAS 25322-69-4 Properties: Tan paste; bland odor; water disp.; sp.gr. 1.1; dens. 8.92 lb/gal Uses: Used in deck coatings, adhesives, plywood patch, flooring, elas-(80 C); visc. 2500 cps (65 C); acid no. 11.5; flash pt. (OC) > 204 C; 71% tomers, clay pipe sealants, tire fill, humectants, defoamers, inks, lubrication, metalworking, antistatic agents, crude oil de-emulsification and plasticizers; solids; anionic food pkg. adhesives, coatings, cellophane, animal glues; defoamer in food-Arizona DRS-44 [Arizona] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium soap of disproportionated tall oil rosin contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, CAS 14351-66-7 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1400, 177.1680, 178.3120, Uses: Emulsifier for prod. of ABS, SBR and other syn. elastomers; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, wood preserva-178.3740 Properties: Pt-Co 30 color (50 C); m.w. 2000; sp.gr. 1.005 (20/20 C); dens. tives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 8.39 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 520 cps (20 C); acid no. 0.05 max.; hyd. no. 56; flash pt. (PMCC) 341 F; pH 5.0-6.0 (in 10/6 IPA/water); 0.05% max. 177.1200, 177.2600, 178.3120, 178.3800, 1787.3850, 178.3870 *Properties:* Paste; 70% conc.; anionic Storage: Store in carbon steel tanks, recommend a heated tank if stored Arkon M-90 [Arakawa USA] outside, temp. of stored material should not exceed 120 F *Chem. Descrip.:* Hydrogenated aromatic C₉ hydrocarbon resin Arcol® PPG-3025 [Lyondell] Uses: Tackifying resin for elastomers; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paper-Chem. Descrip.: Polypropylene glycol board, rubber articles; heat and water resist. CAS 25322-69-4 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 175.105, 176.180, 177.2600 Uses: Used in caulks, sealants, deck and sports coatings, deck and sports Properties: Water-wh. color; odorless; sol. in min. spirits, toluol; insol. in ethyl flooring, inks, lubrication, metalworking, antistatic agents, crude oil de-emulacetate, acetone, ethyl alcohol; m.w. 630; sp.gr. 0.993; acid no. 0; soften. pt. sification; in adhesives for food pkg.; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paper-(R & B) 90 ± 5 C; flash pt. (OC) 356 F board, cellophane; defoamer in food-contact coatings Toxicology: TSCA listed Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, Precaution: Resin may remass during hot weather and/or prolonged storage 177.1200, 177.1400, 177.1680, 178.3740 Arkon M-100 [Arakawa USA] Properties: Pt-Co 50 max. color; m.w. approx. 3000; sp.gr. 1.004 (20/20 C); Chem. Descrip.: Hydrogenated aromatic C₉ hydrocarbon resin dens. 8.38 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 1720 cp (20 C); acid no. 0.05 max.; flash pt. Uses: Tackifying resin for elastomers; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paper-(PMCC) 346 F; pH 5.0-6.0 (in 10/6 IPA/water); 0.05% max. water board, rubber articles; heat and water resist. Storage: Store in carbon steel tanks, recommend a heated tank if stored Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 175.105, 176.180, 177.2600 outside, temp. of stored material should not exceed 120 F Properties: Water-wh. color; odorless; sol. in min. spirits, toluol; insol. in ethyl Arizona DR-22 [Arizona] acetate, acetone, ethyl alcohol; m.w. 700; sp.gr. 0.995; acid no. 0; soften. pt. Chem. Descrip.: Disproportionated rosin (R & B) 100 ± 5 C; flash pt. (OC) 383 F CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7 Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, detergent, wetting agent; used to prepare emulsifiers for Arkon M-115 [Arakawa USA] SBR polymerization; as short-stop for solv. polymerizations of rubber; as Chem. Descrip.: Hydrogenated aromatic C₉ hydrocarbon resin plasticizer/softener/tackifier for IIR, SBR, CR; food pkg. adhesives, coat-Uses: Tackifying resin for elastomers; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles; defoamer in food-conboard, rubber articles; heat and water resist. tact paper/paperboard; used to make Arizona disproportionated tall oil rosin Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 175.105, 176.180, 177.2600 soaps (DRS-40, 42, 43, 44) Properties: Water-wh. color; odorless; sol. in min. spirits, toluol; insol. in ethyl Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, acetate, acetone, ethyl alcohol; m.w. 800; sp.gr. 0.998; acid no. 0; soften. pt. 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3120, 178.3800, 178.3850, (R & B) 115 ± 5 C; flash pt. (OC) 410 F 178.3870 Toxicology: TSCA listed Properties: Gardner 6+ color; sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.2 lb/gal (150 C); soften. pt. Arkon M-135 [Arakawa USA] (R&B) 59 C; acid no. 161; sapon. no. 165; flash pt. (OC) > 204 C; 100% Chem. Descrip.: Hydrogenated aromatic C₉ hydrocarbon resin Uses: Tackifying resin for elastomers; food pkg. adhesives, paper/papersolids; anionic Arizona DRS-40 [Arizona] board, rubber articles; heat and water resist Chem. Descrip.: Potassium soap of disproportionated tall oil rosin Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 175.105, 176.180, 177.2600 CAS 61790-51-0; EINECS/ELINCS 263-144-5 Properties: Water-wh. color; odorless; sol. in min. spirits, toluol; insol. in ethyl Uses: Emulsifier, detergent, wetting agent for ABS, SBR, other syn. elasacetate, acetone, ethyl alcohol; m.w. 850; sp.gr. 0.999; acid no. 0; soften. pt. (R & B) 135 ± 5 C; flash pt. (OC) 430 F tomers; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, wood preservatives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Toxicology: TSCA listed Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, Arkon P-70 [Arakawa USA] 177.1200, 177.2600, 178.3120, 178.3800, 1787.3850, 178.3870 Chem. Descrip.: Hydrogenated aromatic C₉ hydrocarbon resin Properties: Tan paste; bland odor; water disp.; sp.gr. 1.1; dens. 9.08 lb/gal Uses: Tackifying resin for elastomers; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paper-(80 C); visc. 1800 cps (65 C); acid no. 16; flash pt. (OC) > 204 C; 79.5% board, rubber articles; heat and water resist. solids; anionic Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 175.105, 176.180, 177.2600 Arizona DRS-42 [Arizona] Properties: Water-wh. color; odorless; sol. in min. spirits, toluol; insol. in ethyl Chem. Descrip .: Potassium soap of disproportionated tall oil rosin acetate, acetone, ethyl alcohol; m.w. 600; sp.gr. 0.983; acid no. 0; soften. pt. CAS 61790-51-0; EINECS/ELINCS 263-144-5 (R & B) 70 ± 5 C; flash pt. (OC) 324 F Uses: Emulsifier, detergent, wetting agent for ABS, SBR, other syn. elas-Toxicology: TSCA listed Precaution: Resin may remass during hot weather and/or prolonged storage tomers; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, wood preservatives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Arkon P-90 [Arakawa USA] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, Chem. Descrip.: Hydrogenated aromatic C₉ hydrocarbon resin Uses: Tackifying resin for elastomers; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paper-177.1200, 177.2600, 178.3120, 178.3800, 1787.3850, 178.3870 Properties: Tan paste, bland odor; water disp.; dens. 9.08 lb/gal (80 C); visc. board, rubber articles; heat and water resist. 1500 cps (65 C); acid no. 12.5; flash pt. (OC > 204 C; 80% solids; anionic Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 175.105, 176.180, 177.2600 Properties: Water-wh. color; odorless; sol. in min. spirits, toluol; insol. in ethyl Arizona DRS-43 [Arizona] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium salt of disproportionated tall oil rosin acetate, acetone, ethyl alcohol; m.w. 630; sp.gr. 0.991; acid no. 0; soften. pt. (R & B) 90 ± 5 C; flash pt. (OC) 347 F CAS 14351-66-7 Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier for ABS, SBR, syn. elastomers; Toxicology: TSCA listed food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, wood Precaution: Resin may remass during hot weather and/or prolonged storage Arkon P-100 [Arakawa USA]

water

preservatives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Chem. Descrip.: Hydrogenated aromatic C₉ hydrocarbon resin Uses: Tackifying resin for elastomers; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard, rubber articles; heat and water resist. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 175.105, 176.180, 177.2600 Properties: Water-wh. color; odorless; sol. in min. spirits, toluol; insol. in ethyl acetate, acetone, ethyl alcohol; m.w. 700; sp.gr. 0.995; acid no. 0; soften. pt. (R & B) 100 ± 5 C; flash pt. (OC) 383 F Toxicology: TSCA listed Arkon P-115 [Arakawa USA] Chem. Descrip.: Hydrogenated aromatic C₉ hydrocarbon resin Uses: Tackifying resin for elastomers; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard, rubber articles; heat and water resist. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 175.105, 176.180, 177.2600 Properties: Water-wh. color; odorless; sol. in min. spirits, toluol; insol. in ethyl acetate, acetone, ethyl alcohol; m.w. 770; sp.gr. 0.998; acid no. 0; soften. pt. (R & B) 115 ± 5 C; flash pt. (OC) 410 F Toxicology: TSCA listed Arkon P-125 [Arakawa USA] Chem. Descrip.: Hydrogenated aromatic C, hydrocarbon resin Uses: Tackifying resin for elastomers; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard, rubber articles; heat and water resist Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 175.105, 176.180, 177.2600 Properties: Water-wh. color: odorless: sol. in min. spirits, toluol: insol. in ethyl acetate, acetone, ethyl alcohol; m.w. 820; sp.gr. 0.999; acid no. 0; soften. pt. (R & B) 125 ± 5 C; flash pt. (OC) 437 F Toxicology: TSCA listed Arkon P-140 [Arakawa USA] Chem. Descrip.: Hydrogenated aromatic C, hydrocarbon resin Uses: Tackifying resin for elastomers; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard, rubber articles; heat and water resist. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 175.105, 176.180, 177.2600 Properties: Water-wh. color; odorless; sol. in min. spirits, toluol; insol. in ethyl acetate, acetone, ethyl alcohol; m.w. 860; sp.gr. 0.999; acid no. 0; soften. pt. (R & B) 140 ± 5 C; flash pt. (OC) 440 F Toxicology: TSCA listed Armeen® 2C [Akzo Nobel] Chem. Descrip.: Dicocamine (sec. amine) CAS 61789-76-2; EINECS/ELINCS 263-086-0 Uses: Emulsifier; flotation agent; corrosion inhibitor; cosmetics; chem. intermediate; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact rubber articles, animal glue Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600, 178.3120 Properties: Gardner 2 max. solid; sol. in chloroform, slightly sol. in IPA, toluene, CCl₄, kerosene; sp.gr. 0.793 (60/40 C); dens. 790 kg/m³ (20 C); visc. 49.1 SSU (60 C); vapor pressure < 1 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. 46 C; i.b.p. 180 C; pour pt. 46 C; HLB 4.2; iodine no. 3; amine no. 144; flash pt. (PMCC) > 149 C; 90% act.; 93% min. sec. amine; cationic Armid[®] 18 [Akzo Nobel] Chem. Descrip.: Stearamide, antiblock agent CAS 124-26-5; EINECS/ELINCS 204-693-2 Uses: Internal lubricant and slip agent for processed plastics, coatings, and films; builder, visc. stabilizer, and foam booster/stabilizer in syn. detergents, cosmetics; water repellent for textiles; improves dye solubility in printing inks, dyes, carbon paper coatings, and fusible coatings for glassware and ceramics; intermediate for syn. waxes; pigment dispersant; thickener for paint Properties: Gardner 7 flake; water-insol.; sp.gr. 0.52 (100 C); m.p. 99-109 C; iodine no. 3; flash pt. 225 C; 90% act. Armid[®] O [Akzo Nobel] Chem. Descrip.: Oleamide CAS 301-02-0; EINECS/ELINCS 206-103-9 Uses: Internal lubricant and slip agent for processed plastics, coatings, and films; builder, visc. stabilizer, and foam booster/stabilizer in syn. detergents; water repellent for textiles; release agent in cosmetics; penetrant in paper manufacture Properties: Gardner 7 flake, solid; bland odor; m.w. 279; sol (g/100 ml solv. with heating) 59 g in 95% IPA; 30 g in 95% ethanol; 15 g in acetone and trichloroethylene; 11 g in ethyl acetate and MIBK; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.830 (100 C); visc. 25 cps; m.p. 68 C; iodine no. 92; flash pt. 207 C; 90% act

Armul[™] 910 [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: Alkylphenol PEG ether

- Uses: Wetting agent for wettable powds., clays; dust control modifier; lime soap dispersant; detergents; visc. builders; for pulp/paper and textile industries
- Properties: Liq.; HLB 12.9; 100% conc.; nonionic
- Aromox[®] C/12 [Akzo Nobel]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Dihydroxyethyl cocamine oxide, IPA
 - Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, stabilizer, antistat, foaming agent for detergents, shampoos, cosmetics, textiles, metal plating, petrol. additives, paper, plastics, rubber; hair conditioner
 - Properties: Gardner 2 clear liq.; sol. in water; sp.gr. 0.949; visc. 52 cp; cloud pt. 18 F; flash pt. (PMCC) 22 C; pour pt. 0 F; surf. tens. 33 dynes/cm (0.1%); 50% act. in aq. IPA; cationic

Toxicology: Prolonged contact may cause severe burns to eyes and severe skin irritation

Environmental: Biodeg.

- Precaution: Flamm.
- Aromox® C/12-W [Akzo Nobel; Akzo Nobel bv]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Dihydroxyethyl cocamine oxide
 - CAS 61791-47-7; EINECS/ELINCS 263-180-1
 - Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, emulsifier, stabilizer, antistat, foaming agent for detergents, shampoos, cosmetics, textiles, metal plating, petrol. additives, paper, plastics, rubber; gel sensitizer for latex foam; hair conditioner
 - *Properties:* Gardner 4 max. clear liq.; sol. in water; sp.gr. 0.997; visc. 2097 cp; HLB 18.4; pour pt. 35 F; flash pt. nonflamm.; surf. tens. 30.8 dynes/cm (0.1%); 40% act. in water; cationic
 - *Toxicology:* Prolonged contact may cause severe burns to eyes and severe skin irritation

Environmental: Biodeg.

- Arquad® 2C-70 Nitrite [Åkzo Nobel]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Dicoco nitrite, methanol/isopropanol
 - Uses: Surfactant, dispersant for protective coatings, pigments, inks, textiles, agric., acid pickling baths, marine applics, metalworking, electroplating, fuel treatment, emulsion/plastic mfg., wastewater treatment, min. processing, paper
 - Properties: Gardner 14 max. liq.; sol. in alcohols, benzene, chloroform, CCl₄; disp. in water; pH 6-8.5; flash pt. (PMCC) 20 C; 68-72% quat. in methanol/IPA
 - Environmental: Biodeg.
 - Precaution: Flamm.
- Arquad® 2C-75 [Akzo Nobel; Akzo Nobel bv]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Dicocodimonium chloride, aq. IPA
 - Uses: Emulsifier, foaming agent, wetting agent, dispersant, corrosion inhibitor, softener, dyeing aid, antistat for textiles, paper, cosmetics, industrial, agric., plastics, petrol., acid pickling baths; bactericide; algicide; hair conditioner
 - Properties: Gardner 7 semiliq.; sol. in alcohols, propylene glycol, benzene, chloroform, CCl₄; disp. in min. oil, IPM; insol. in water; m.w. 447; sp.gr.0.89; HLB 11.4; pour pt. 10 F; flash pt. (PMCC) 26 C; pH 6-9; surf. tens. 30 dynes/cm (0.1%); 75% act. in aq. IPA; cationic
 - Environmental: Biodeg.
 - Precaution: Flamm.
- Arquad® 2HT-75 [Akzo Nobel; Akzo Nobel bv]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Quaternium-18, aq. IPA
 - Uses: Emulsifier, foaming agent, wetting agent, dispersant, corrosion inhibitor, antistat, bacteriostat for paper softening, household laundry, hair conditioning
 - Properties: Soft wh. paste; sol. in IPA, propylene glycol, benzene, chloroform, CCl₄; disp. in water; insol. in min. oil, IPM; m.w. 573; sp.gr. 0.87; dens. 7.22 lb/gal; visc. 47.5 cps (120 F); f.p. 95 F; HLB 9.7; pour pt. 90-100 F; flash pt. (Seta) 44 C; pH 6-9; surf. tens. 37 dynes/cm (0.1%); 75% act. in ag. IPA; cationic
 - *Toxicology:* LD50 (acute oral) 7000 mg/kg; nontoxic by ingestion *Environmental:* Biodeg.
- Precaution: Flamm.

Arquad® 2HT-75PG [Akzo Nobel]

- Chem. Descrip.: Quaternium-18 (70-80%), propylene glycol (15-20%) Uses: Emulsifier, foaming agent, wetting agent, dispersant, corrosion inhibitor, antistat, bacteriostat for paper softening, household laundry, hair conditioning Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA reportable
- Properties: Wh. solid; bland odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.874 (50 C); vapor pressure 0.2 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. 32 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 102 C; pH 6-9; cationic
- *Toxicology:* May cause skin, eye, and respiratory tract irritation *Environmental:* Biodeg.

Precaution: Incompat with strong oxidizers; not flamm, or combustible;	m.w. (act.) 278: sn
under fire conditions may support combustion and dec to emit toxic mate-	5-8 (10% ag) su
rials	cationic
Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO., NO., hydrogen	Environmental: Biod
chloride	Precaution: Flamm.
HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0	Arguad [®] HTL8(W) MS
Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from oxidizing materi-	Chem. Descrip.: 2-E
als and foodstuffs; tightly reseal containers after opening	Uses: Surfactant, dis
Arquad® 12-50 [Akzo Nobel]	agric., acid pickling
Chem. Descrip.: Laurtrimonium chloride, IPA	treatment, emulsio
Uses: Emulsifier, foaming agent, wetting agent, dispersant, corrosion inhibitor,	paper
softener, dyeing aid, antistat for textiles, paper, cosmetics, industrial, agric.,	Regulatory: EPA list
plastics, petrol., acid pickling baths; bactericide, algicide; gel sensitizer for	Properties: Gardner
latex foam; hair conditioner improving wet combing	disp. in water; flas
Properties: Gardner 1 max. liq.; sol. in water, IPA, propylene glycol, chloro-	cationic
torm, CCl ₄ ; insol. in min. oil, IPM; m.w. (act.) 263; sp.gr. 0.89; f.p. 13 F;	Environmental: Biod
HLB 17.1; flash pt. (PMCC) 19 C; pH 5-8 (10% aq.); suff. tens. 33 dynes/	Arquad® I-2/W [AKZ0
Cffi (U. 1%); 50% act. In aq. IPA; cationic	Chem. Descrip.: Tall
Elivii uliilielilai. Diuley. Drocaution: Elamm	Licocy Emulsifier for
riccauloli, Fialilli. Arauad® 16.50 [Akza Nobel: Akza Nobel by]	softonor dvoing air
Chem Descrin · Cetrimonium chloride IPA	nlastics netrol ac
Uses: Emulsifier forming agent wetting agent dispersant corrosion inhibitor	antistat: imparts mo
softener dveing aid antistat for textiles paper cosmetics industrial agric	Pronerties Gardner
plastics, petrol., acid pickling baths; bactericide, algicide; rubber to textile	m.w. 343; HLB 14.
bonding agent; hair conditioner	in water: cationic
Properties: Gardner 3 max. liq.; sol. in water, IPA, propylene glycol, chloro-	Environmental: Biod
form, CCl₄; insol. in min. oil, IPM; m.w. (act.) 319; sp.gr. 0.88; f.p. 61 F;	ASA 100 [Dixie]
HLB 15.8; flash pt. (PMCC) 17 C; pH 5-8 (10% aq.); surf. tens. 34 dynes/	Chem. Descrip.: Alk
cm (0.1%); 49-52% quat. in aq. IPA; cationic	CAS 70983-55-0
Environmental: Biodeg.	Uses: Sizing agent f
Precaution: Flamm.	fluids; ease of hand
Arquad® 18-50 [Akzo Nobel; Akzo Nobel bv]	sion systems
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Steartrimonium chioride, IPA	Properties: Amber cl
Uses: Emulsifier, roaming agent, wetting agent, dispersant, corrosion innibitor,	1.5% Max. residua
solienei, uyeiny alu, antisial ioi textiles, paper, cosmetics, industrial, ayric.,	Storage: Store out o
visc stabilizer: in lubricant compding bairs, bair conditioner	dride to acid
Properties: Gardner 3 max lin : sol in IPA propylene divcol chloroform	
C.C.L. disp in water insol in min oil IPM m w (act) 347 sp gr 0.88	Chem Descrin · Sou
HI B 15 7: flash pt (Seta) 18 C: pH 5-8 (10% ag): surf tens 34 dynes/cm	CAS 65997-17-3
(0.1%); 50% act, in aq. IPA; cationic	Uses: Grinding med
Environmental: Biodeg.	mfq.; grinding aid, d
Precaution: Flamm.	and ink pigments, o
Arquad® 210-50 [Akzo Nobel; Akzo Nobel bv]	dyestuffs, mech. pl
Chem. Descrip.: Didecyl dimonium chloride, aq. ethanol	transfer, filtration;
Uses: Surfactant, dispersant for protective coatings, pigments, inks, textiles,	absorp.; high crush
agric., acid pickling baths, marine applics, metalworking, electroplating, fuel	Properties: Glass be
treatment, emulsion/plastic mfg., wastewater treatment, min. processing,	ref. index 1.51-1.52
paper	ASP® 072 [Engelhard]
Properties: APHA 180 max. liq.; soi. in alcohols, benzene, chloroform, CCl ₄ ;	Chem. Descrip.: Hy
uisp. III water; pH 7-9; Ilasti pl. (PNICC) 57 C; 50% quat. In aq. ethanol;	CAS 1222 FO 7 FIN
Callonic Environmental: Piedea	LAS 1332-58-7; Ell
	USES, EXTERIDER DIOR

- NVIronmenial: biouey Precaution: Flamm.
- Arquad® 218-75 [Akzo Nobel] Chem. Descrip.: Dioctadecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride, aq. IPA Uses: Surfactant, dispersant for protective coatings, pigments, inks, textiles,
 - agric., acid pickling baths, marine applics, metalworking, electroplating, fuel treatment, emulsion/plastic mfg., wastewater treatment, min. processing, paper; hair conditioner
 - Properties: Gardner 3 max. paste; sol. in alcohols, benzene, chloroform, CCl₄; disp. in water; pH 6-9; flash pt. (Seta) 44 C; 74-77% quat. in aq. IPA Environmental: Biodeq.
 - Precaution: Flamm.

Arquad® C-50 [Akzo Nobel; Akzo Nobel bv]

- Chem. Descrip.: Cocotrimonium chloride, IPA Uses: Emulsifier, foaming agent, wetting agent, dispersant, corrosion inhibitor, softener, dyeing aid, antistat for textiles, paper, cosmetics, industrial, agric., plastics, petrol., acid pickling baths; bactericide, algicide; gel sensitizer for latex foam; hair conditioner improving wet combing
- Properties: Gardner 4 max. liq.; sol. in water, alcohols, chloroform, CCl₄;

.gr. 0.89; f.p. 5 F; HLB 16.5; flash pt. (PMCC) 20 C; pH Irf. tens. 31 dynes/cm (0.1%); 50% act. in aq. IPA;

leg.

- -85 [Akzo Nobel]
 - thylhexyl hydrogenated tallowalkyl methosulfate persant for protective coatings, pigments, inks, textiles, baths, marine applics, metalworking, electroplating, fuel n/plastic mfg., wastewater treatment, min. processing,
 - ed
 - 5 max. liq.; sol. in alcohols, benzene, chloroform, CCl₄; h pt. nonflamm.; pH 4.5-6; 81.5-84.5% quat. in water;
- ea
- Nobel]
- low trimonium chloride
- IECS/ELINCS 232-447-4
- ming agent, wetting agent, dispersant, corrosion inhibitor, I, antistat for textiles, paper, cosmetics, industrial, agric., id pickling baths; bactericide; algicide; hair conditioner/ od. improvement in combing props.
- r 3 max. liq.; sol. in water, alcohols, chloroform, CCl₄; 2; flash pt. nonflamm.; pH 5-8 (10% aq.); 26-29% act.
- leg.
- enylsuccinic anhydride
- or alkaline paper; corrosion inhibitor for metalworking Iling; suitable in both cationic starch and polymer emul-
- lear liq.; visc. 270 cps max.; neutralization no. 330-355; l olefin
- nary skin irritant; avoid contact with skin, eyes, clothing f contact with moisture to avoid hydrolysis of the anhy-
- [Potters Ind.]
 - da-lime silica glass beads
 - dia, particle size reducer for $CaCO_3$ and TiO_2 in paper ispersant, deagglomerant for magnetic tape oxides, paint cosmetics, fine chems., pharmaceuticals, agric. prods., ating, polishing, chromatography, fluidized beds, heat virtually chemically inert; low abrasive wear; low lig. resist.; large size range selection
 - eads (various sizes); sp.gr. 250 g/cm³; dens. 3.70 lg/l; 2; hardness (Mohs) 5-6
- drous aluminum silicate
- D₂ (45.2%), Al₂O₃ (38.8%), free moisture (1.0%)

NECS/ELINCS 296-473-8

- Uses: Extender pigment in paints (improves suspension of other pigments); in adhesives for corrugated board, laminated fiber board, paper bag seams, paper tubes, cores; filler, opacifier in plastics; extender in printing inks; reinforcing extender for EPDM, SBR, nitrile, most other polymers; useful in mastics, putties, caulking chemicals, textile and chemical conditioning; pretreated to form a deflocculated suspension of high fluidity in water vehicles
- Properties: Wh. free-flowing spray-dried beads, particle size 0.3μ ; 0.01%max. residue +325 mesh; sp.gr. 2.58; dens. 42-46 lb/ft³; oil absorp. 37-41; brightness (GE) 90-92; ref. index 1.56; pH 6-8 *Toxicology:* Nontoxic
- ASP® 100 [Engelhard]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Hydrous aluminum silicate
 - *Chem. Analysis:* SiO₂ (45.2%), Al₂O₃ (38.8%), free moisture (1.0%)
 - CAS 1332-58-7; EINECS/ELINCS 296-473-8
 - Uses: Extender pigment in paints (improves suspension of other pigments), in adhesives for corrugated board, laminated fiber board, paper bag seams, paper tubes, cores; filler, opacifier in plastics; extender in printing inks; in rubber industry, in mastics, putties, caulking chemicals, textile and chemical conditioning; unmodified

Uses: Dispersant and emulsifier for acrylates, styrene acrylic, vinyl chloride, vinylidene chloride and vinyl acetate copolymers; foaming agent for mech. latex foaming, carpet and upholstery cleaners; air entraining agent for mortars; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 178.3400; SARA §311/312 reportable

- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; mild odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.05; dens. 8.75 lb/gal; visc. 200 cP; flash pt. (PMCC) > 93 C; pH 8 (10%); 30-32% solids; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1288 mg/kg; severe eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritant; TSCA listed

Environmental: BOD5 593,340 ppm; COD 957,000 ppm; 62% biodeg.

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO, SO_x

NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Protect from freezing; do not store @ < 10 C

Avirol[®] SL 2020 G [Cognis/Chems. Group]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate

CAS 68585-47-7; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1

- Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; additive for mech. latex foaming; foaming agent for acrylate disps., carpet and upholstery cleaners; air entraining agent for mortars; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; foodcontact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 178.3400; DOT nonregulated; SARA §311/312 reportable
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.050; b.p. 100 C; 30-32% solids; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) < 5 ml/kg; causes skin and eye irritation; TSCA listed

Precaution: Avoid contact with strong acids, bases, and oxidizing agents *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* CO₂, CO, SO_x

HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Avitex® 6311 [DuPont]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium salt of sulfated oleyl acetate

Uses: Softener and antistat for textiles; lubricant for fibers and fabrics; penetrant, leveling agent for textile dyeing; dyeing assistant for acid and direct dyes on paper; prep. of hair grooming aids; stabilizer for aq. applic. baths *Properties:* Cationic

Avitex® DN-100 [DuPont]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium salt of sulfated oleyl acetate

Uses: Softener and antistat for textiles; lubricant for fibers and fabrics; penetrant, leveling agent for textile dyeing; dyeing assistant for acid and direct dyes on paper; prep. of hair grooming aids; stabilizer for aq. applic. baths *Properties:* Cationic

Avitex[®] E [DuPont]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium salt of sulfated oleyl acetate

Uses: Softener and antistat for textiles; lubricant for fibers and fabrics; penetrant, leveling agent for textile dyeing; dyeing assistant for acid and direct dyes on paper; prep. of hair grooming aids; stabilizer for aq. applic. baths *Properties:* Cationic

Avitex[®] R [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium salt of sulfated oleyl acetate

Uses: Softener and antistat for textiles; modifier with hand builders and resins; lubricant for fibers and fabrics; penetrant, leveling agent for textile dyeing; dyeing assistant for acid and direct dyes on paper; prep. of hair grooming aids; stabilizer for aq. applic. baths

Properties: Lt. tan soft, homogenous paste; mild odor; water-disp. @ 160-180 F; sp.gr. 0.98; dens. 8.18 lb/gal; pH 6.5-7.5 (1% aq.); cationic

Avitone® A [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alkyl sulfonate Uses: Finishing agent, softener, lubricant for improving texture and hand of textiles, leather, and paper, and for elastomers; highly stable to chemicals

and oxidation Properties: Lt. tan paste, bland odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.02 g/mL; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; cloud pt. none; flash pt. none; pH 7.5-9.0 (10% aq.); 75% act.; anionic

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B

B20F [Grain Processing]

Chem. Descrip.: Unmodified corn starch

CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6

Uses: Specially treated to improve functionality in applics. such as AP conversions for paper and board surf. sizing and coating; food-contact paper/ paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: Wh. fine powd., flash-dried form; bulk dens. 31 lb/ft³ (loose), 39 lb/ ft^3 (packed); pH 6; 11% moisture

B200 [Grain Processing]

Chem. Descrip.: Unmodified corn starch

- CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6
- Uses: Specially treated to improve functionality in applics. such as AP conversions for paper and board surf. sizing and coating; food-contact paper/ paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: Wh. gran. powd.; bulk dens. 39 lb/ft³ (loose), 48 lb/ft³ (packed); pH 6; 11% moisture

Bacote[™] 20 [Magnesium Elektron; Nikkei-MEL]

Chem. Descrip.: Stabilized ammonium zirconium carbonate aq. sol'n. CAS 68309-95-5

Uses: Binder insolubilizer for paper and board coatings, nonwoven fabrics; deposit control agent in wet-end paper processes; str. additive for alkalinesized paper; component of waterborne inks, overprint varnishes, adhesives; textile, leather, and paper water-repellent formulations; antimicrobial treatment for textiles and timber; coagulant in mfg. of syn. leather cloth; metal pretreatment coatings; precursor to zirconia in catalyst systems

Properties: Clear sol'n.; sp.gr. 1.37; pH 9.1; 20% ZrO₂

Storage: Store in cool areas; protect sol'ns. from extremely high temps. and freezing; containers must remain sealed until use due to volatile nature fixer @ Duce_IPASEL

Bafixan® Dyes [BASF]

Uses: Disperse dyes for transfer paper printing on textile printing machines Bag White 9 [Michelman]

Uses: Wh. coating for multiwall paper bags; rod-applicable; gluable; repulpable Barquat® 1552 [Lonza]

Chem. Descrip.: 42% Alkyl (60% C14, 30% C16, 5% C12, 5% C18) dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride and 8% dialkyl methyl benzyl ammonium chloride

Uses: Algicide for swimming pools and recirculating cooling towers; slimicide in pulp/paper waters

Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 6836-59; FDA approved slime control in pulp/paper waters

Properties: Gardner < 2 clear liq.; m.w. 399; sp.gr. 0.955; dens. 7.96 lb/gal; flash pt. (Seta) 100 F; pH 6.5-8.3 (10%); 50% act.

Toxicology: Corrosive; causes severe eye and skin damage; harmful or fatal if swallowed

Environmental: Toxic to fish

Barquat® MB-50 [Lonza]

Chem. Descrip.: Alkyl (50% C14, 40% C12, 10% C16) dimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride

CAS 68424-85-1

Uses: Germicide, disinfectant, sanitizer, deodorant, fungicide, algicide for household, institutional and industrial applics.; slimicide in pulp/paper waters; fungicide for wood protection; effective against bacteria in hard water; rec. where a min. of water is desirable in formulations

- *Use Level:* 800 ppm (hospital disinfection), 400 ppm (general disinfection), 200 ppm (general sanitization)
- Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 6836-2; FDA approved slime control in pulp/paper waters
- Properties: Pale yel. clear liq.; mild odor; freely sol. in water, lower alcohols, ketones, glycols; sp.gr. 0.962; dens. 8.03 lb/gal; pH 6.5-8.3 (10%); 50% act.; cationic

Toxicology: Corrosive; causes severe eye and skin damage; harmful or fatal if swallowed

Environmental: Toxic to fish

Storage: Congealing may occur during prolonged storage at low temps.; warm to R.T. and mix to restore homogeneity

Barquat® OJ-50 [Lonza]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Alkyl (60% C14, 25% C12, 15% C16) dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride
- CAS 139-08-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-352-0
- Uses: Algicide in swimming pools and cooling tower water treatment, sec. oil recovery; slimicide in pulp/paper waters
- Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 6836-11; FDA approved slime control in pulp/paper waters

Properties: APHA 125 max. liq.; sp.gr. 0.960; dens.8.01 lb/gal; flash pt. (Seta) 107 F; pH 6.5-9.0 (10%); 50% act.

Toxicology: Corrosive; causes severe eye and skin damage; harmful or fatal if swallowed

Barquat® OJ-80 [Lonza]

Chem. Descrip.: Alkyl (60% C14, 25% C12, 15% C16) dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride

CAS 139-08-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-352-0

Uses: Algicide for swimming pools, water treatment, sec. oil recovery; sanitizer; slimicide in pulp/paper waters

Regulatory: EPAreg. no. 6836-82; FDA approved slime control in pulp/paper waters

Properties: APHA 20 max. liq.; sp.gr. 0.940; dens. 7.84 lb/gal; flash pt. (Seta) 113 F; pH 6.5-9.0 (10%); 80% act.

Toxicology: Corrosive; causes severe eye and skin damage; harmful or fatal if swallowed

Basazol® [BASF; BASF AG]

Uses: Basic dyes for coloring paper, for unbleached and wood-containing or used paper-containing papers

Basazol® C [BASF AG]

Uses: Basic dyes for unbleached and wood-containing or used paper-containing papers; high color intensity, high resist. to bleeding

Basocoll® OV [BASF; BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic epoxy resin

Uses: Curing agent for coating mixts. in paper finishing; improves water resist.

Basonyl® Dyes [BASF AG]

Uses: Cationic dyes for prod. of inks, carbon paper coatings, for dyeing natural fibers such as jute, sisal, wool; paint and varnish industry for prod. of daylight fluorescent pigments and gloss paints; coloring seeds and crop protection agents

Properties: Sol. in alcohols, glycol ethers, and water

Basophob® [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Aq. paraffin or polyethylene wax dispersions, sol'ns. of fatty acid derivs.

Uses: Hydrophobing agent for internal or surface treatment of paints, mortar, Chem. Descrip .: Inorg. pigment concrete and paper Basoplast[®] 250 D [BASF] Chem. Descrip .: Acrylic copolymer CAS 25133-97-5 Uses: Wet-end and surf. sizing agent for improved ink holdout, linting, and dusting in gravure and offset printing on paper; fully cured during drying Use Level: 2-4% (wet end sizing), 10-15 g/l (surf. sizing, hard-sized paper) Properties: Anionic/weak cationic Basoplast® 265 D [BASF] Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic copolymer CAS 25133-97-5 Uses: Wet-end and surf. sizing agent for paper; versatile; for sizing paper in neutral or acid media; fully cured during drying; produces paper with resist. to acids and alkalis Properties: Cationic Basoplast® 335 D [BASF] Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic copolymer CAS 25133-97-5 Uses: Wet-end and surf. sizing agent for paper, esp. filled with calcium carbonate; plasticizer for starch films; improves resist. of paper surf. to mech. action; extremely low foaming; fully cured during drying Properties: Amphoteric Basoplast® 400 DS [BASF] Chem. Descrip.: Styrene acrylic copolymer CAS 9010-92-8 Uses: Surf. sizing agent for improved toner adhesion and ink jet printing for paper; extremely low foaming; fully cured during drying Use Level: 10-20 g/l (hard-sized paper) Properties: Anionic Batch Defoamer 111 [Process Chems. LLC] Uses: Brownstock defoamer for kraft, sulfite, and semi-chem. pulp washing, for brownstock washing, screenroom, and bleach plant applics.; oil-based; does not contribute to deposit formation; suitable whether batch or continuous generated pulp is employed Properties: Opaque tan liq.; dens. 7-8 lb/gal; visc. 600-1000 cps *Toxicology:* TSCA listed Storage: Store in dry area Bayer SBR Latex 310 C [Bayer AG] Chem. Descrip .: S/B latex CAS 9003-55-8 Uses: Binder for paper and needle felt reinforcement; nonstaining; hard *Properties:* Dens. 1.03 g/cc; pH 8.5 ± 0.5; 50 ± 0.5% solids; 65% styrene content Bayferrox® 56-AC [Bayer] Chem. Descrip .: Inorg. pigment Uses: Pigment for dyeing laminate-based papers and specialty papers Bayferrox® 3950 [Bayer] Chem. Descrip .: Inorg. pigment Uses: Pigment for dyeing laminate-based papers and specialty papers CAS 9010-98-4 Bayferrox® Black 318 [Bayer] Chem. Descrip .: Inorg. pigment Uses: Pigment for dyeing laminate-based papers and specialty papers Bayferrox® Black 318M [Bayer] Chem. Descrip .: Inorg. pigment Uses: Pigment for dyeing laminate-based papers and specialty papers Bavferrox® Black 330 [Bayer] Chem. Descrip .: Inorg. pigment CAS 9010-98-4 Uses: Pigment for dyeing laminate-based papers and specialty papers Bayferrox® Brown 686 [Bayer] Chem. Descrip.: Inorg. pigment Uses: Pigment for dyeing laminate-based papers and specialty papers Bayferrox® Red 110M [Bayer] Chem. Descrip .: Inorg. pigment Uses: Pigment for dyeing laminate-based papers and specialty papers CAS 9010-98-4 Bayferrox® Red 115M [Bayer] Chem. Descrip .: Inorg. pigment Uses: Pigment for dyeing laminate-based papers and specialty papers Bayferrox® Red 120M [Bayer] Chem. Descrip .: Inorg. pigment Uses: Pigment for dyeing laminate-based papers and specialty papers CAS 9010-98-4 Bayferrox® Red 130M [Bayer]

Uses: Pigment for dyeing laminate-based papers and specialty papers Bayferrox® Red 180M [Bayer] Chem. Descrip.: Inorg. pigment Uses: Pigment for dyeing laminate-based papers and specialty papers Bayferrox® Red 320 [Bayer] Chem. Descrip .: Inorg. pigment Uses: Pigment for dyeing laminate-based papers and specialty papers Bayferrox® Red 330 [Bayer] Chem. Descrip .: Inorg. pigment Uses: Pigment for dyeing laminate-based papers and specialty papers Bayferrox® Red 610 [Bayer] Chem. Descrip .: Inorg. pigment Uses: Pigment for dyeing laminate-based papers and specialty papers Bayferrox® Yellow 1410 [Bayer] Chem. Descrip .: Inorg. pigment Uses: Pigment for dyeing laminate-based papers and specialty papers Bayferrox[®] Yellow 1420M [Bayer] Chem. Descrip.: Inorg. pigment Uses: Pigment for dyeing laminate-based papers and specialty papers Bayferrox® Yellow 3420 [Bayer] Chem. Descrip .: Inorg. pigment Uses: Pigment for dyeing laminate-based papers and specialty papers Bayferrox® Yellow 3910 [Bayer] Chem. Descrip .: Inorg. pigment Uses: Pigment for dyeing laminate-based papers and specialty papers Baymicron[®] 2107 [Bayer] Uses: Prod. of microcapsules for carbonless copying paper Baymicron® 2109 [Bayer] Uses: Prod. of microcapsules for carbonless copying paper Baymicron[®] Black C 200 [Bayer] Uses: Prod. of microcapsules for carbonless copying paper Baymicron[®] Black R 200 [Bayer] Uses: Prod. of microcapsules for carbonless copying paper Baymicron[®] Blue R 200 [Bayer] Uses: Prod. of microcapsules for carbonless copying paper Baymicron® Defoamer 50 [Bayer] Uses: Prod. of microcapsules for carbonless copying paper Baymicron[®] OXA WM 22 [Bayer] Uses: Prod. of microcapsules for carbonless copying paper Baymicron[®] OXA WM 33 [Bayer] Uses: Prod. of microcapsules for carbonless copying paper Baypren Latex 4 R [Bayer AG; Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber] Chem. Descrip.: CR latex, 4% methacrylic acid Uses: Used in dipped goods, proofings, coatings, lamination of fabrics and paper; binder for fibers; road construction; waterproofing; corrosion inhibitor; adhesives; sealing compositions; mine safety applics. Properties: Dens. 1.11 g/cc; pH 6.5; 50 ± 0.5% solids Baypren Latex B [Bayer AG; Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber] Chem. Descrip.: CR latex Uses: Used in dipped goods, proofings, coatings, lamination of fabrics and paper; binder for fibers; road construction; waterproofing; corrosion inhibitor; adhesives; sealing compositions; mine safety applics. Properties: Dens. 1.13 g/cc; pH 12.5-13.0; 58 ± 0.5% solids Baypren Latex GK [Bayer AG; Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber] Chem. Descrip.: CR latex Uses: Used in dipped goods, proofings, coatings, lamination of fabrics and paper; binder for fibers; road construction; waterproofing; corrosion inhibitor; adhesives; sealing compositions; mine safety applics. Properties: Dens. 1.08 g/cc; pH 12.5-13.0; 32 ± 1.0% solids Baypren Latex L 200A [Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber] Chem. Descrip.: Polychloroprene ag. colloidal disp. Uses: Used in dipped goods, paper and fabric saturants, and coatings Properties: Off-wh. color; char. smell; dens. 1.11 g/cc; visc. 21 mPa·s; pH 12.5; surf. tens. 35-45 dynes/cm; 50% solids; anionic Baypren Latex L 300 [Bayer AG; Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber]

cohesive str.; cured films have high modulus and med. tens. str.; vulcanized with ZnO, conventional polychloroprene accelerators, and sulfur, if desired Beetle® 1032-10 [Cytec Ind.] Properties: Sp.gr. 1.13; visc. 55 cps; surf. tens. 40 dynes/cm; pH 12.5; 60% solids Baypren Latex L 345 [Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber] Chem. Descrip.: Polychloroprene aq. colloidal disp. CAS 9010-98-4 Uses: Used in paper saturation, fabric coating, and dipped goods Properties: Off-wh.; 180 nm particle size; char. smell; dens. 1.13 g/cc; visc. 73 mPa•s; pH 12.0; surf. tens. 40-50 dynes/cm; 58.5% solids; anionic Baypren Latex MKB [Bayer AG] Chem. Descrip.: CR latex CAS 9010-98-4 Uses: Used in dipped goods, proofings, coatings, lamination of fabrics and paper; binder for fibers; road construction; waterproofing; corrosion inhibitor; adhesives; sealing compositions; mine safety applics. Properties: Dens. 1.13 g/cc; pH 12.5-13.0; 58 ± 0.5% solids Baypren Latex SK [Bayer AG] Chem. Descrip.: CR latex CAS 9010-98-4 Uses: Used in dipped goods, proofings, coatings, lamination of fabrics and paper; binder for fibers; road construction; waterproofing; corrosion inhibitor; adhesives; sealing compositions; mine safety applics.; for toe caps and counters for footwear Properties: Dens. 1.12 g/cc; pH 12.5-13.0; 55 ± 0.5% solids Baypren Latex T [Bayer AG] Chem. Descrip.: CR latex CAS 9010-98-4 Uses: Used in dipped goods, proofings, coatings, lamination of fabrics and paper; binder for fibers; road construction; waterproofing; corrosion inhibitor; adhesives; sealing compositions; mine safety applics. Properties: Dens. 1.13 g/cc; pH 12.5-13.0; 58 ± 0.5% solids Bayprint[™] Binder E-1030 [Bayer] Uses: Binder for paper prod. Bayprint[™] Blue Tint Base E-1031 [Bayer] Uses: Prod. of water-based flexographic inks for printing tissues, napkins, paper towels Bayprint[™] Red Tint Base E-1032 [Bayer] Uses: Prod. of water-based flexographic inks for printing tissues, napkins, paper towels Bayprint[™] Yellow Tint Base E-1033 [Bayer] Uses: Prod. of water-based flexographic inks for printing tissues, napkins, paper towels Baysynthol® AGP [Bayer] Uses: Processing chem. for paper Baysynthol® BMP [Bayer] Uses: Processing chem. for paper Beetle® 216-8 [Cytec Ind.] Chem. Descrip.: Highly alkylated urea-formaldehyde resin; n-butanol (87.5%), xylene (12.5%) Uses: Crosslinking agent; leveling agent in cold curing, amine catalyzed, epoxy resin coatings, metal primers, cellulosic lacquers, electrostatic sprays, and dipping enamels; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170 Properties: Sp.gr. 1.02; dens. 10.2 lb/gal (solids); visc. 5-9 poises; acid no. 2 max.; flash pt. (Seta) 34 C; 59 ± 2% NV by wt.; free formaldehyde (2.5% max.) Toxicology: May irritate eyes, nose, throat, respiratory tract; inh. may cause dizziness and/or drowsiness Storage: Store up to 1 yr @ < 49 C; excessive heat may partially selfcondense resin so that gel particles may form Beetle® 227-8 [Cytec Ind.] Chem. Descrip.: Urea-formaldehyde resin; n-butanol (50%), xylene (50%) *Uses:* Crosslinking agent for use in epoxy/urea metal primers; as pigment grinding vehicle; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; fast curing speed; exc. enamel stability in pigmented systems Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170 Properties: Sp.gr. 1.0; dens. 9.9 lb/gal (solids); visc. 13-27 poises; acid no. 4 max.; flash pt. (Seta) 22 C; 52 ± 2% NV by wt.; free formaldehyde (2.0% max.) Toxicology: May irritate eyes, nose, throat, respiratory tract; inh. may cause dizziness and/or drowsiness

paper/paperboard; offers high gloss and film hardness on marginal curing schedules; compat. with short and med. oil alkyd resins; fast cure Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170 Properties: Sp.gr. 1.01; dens. 10.2 lb/gal (solids); visc. 23-38 poises; acid no. 6 max.; flash pt. (Seta) 38 C; 60 ± 2% NV by wt.; free formaldehyde (2.5% max.) Toxicology: May irritate eyes, nose, throat, respiratory tract; inh. may cause dizziness and/or drowsiness Storage: Store up to 1 yr @ < 49 C; excessive heat may partially selfcondense resin so that gel particles may form Beetle® 1047 [Cytec Ind.] Chem. Descrip.: Isobutylated urea-formaldehyde resin; isobutanol (70%), xylene (30%) Uses: Crosslinking agent for low temp. curing conversion varnishes; for paper coatings and electrostatic sprays; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; compat. with short and med. oil alkyd resins, low and med. m.w. epoxy resins, epoxy ester resins, and with cellulosics Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170 Properties: Sp.gr. 1.01; dens. 10.2 lb/gal (solids); visc. 6-13 poises; acid no. 2 max.; flash pt. (Seta) 22 C; 58 \pm 2% NV by wt.; free formaldehyde (2.0% max.) Toxicology: May irritate eyes, nose, throat, respiratory tract; inh. may cause dizziness and/or drowsiness Storage: Store up to 1 yr @ < 49 C; excessive heat may partially selfcondense resin so that gel particles may form Beetle® 1050 [Cytec Ind.] Chem. Descrip.: Butylated urea-formaldehyde resin; n-butanol (50%), xylene (50%) Uses: Crosslinking agent; general purpose resin used in conversion varnishes for furniture and prefinished paneling; food-contact coatings, paper/ paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170 Properties: Sp.gr. 1.0; dens. 9.9 lb/gal (solids); visc. 13-27 poises; acid no. 4 max.; flash pt. (Seta) 20 C; 52 ± 2% NV by wt.; free formaldehyde (2.0% max.) Toxicology: May irritate eyes, nose, throat, respiratory tract; inh. may cause dizziness and/or drowsiness Storage: Store up to 1 yr @ < 49 C; excessive heat may partially selfcondense resin so that gel particles may form Bekaflex 2000 V [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Aldehydic carbohydrates Uses: Peroxide stabilizer in deinking and bleaching process Properties: Ylsh. clear liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.07; pH 4.5 (20 C) Storage: 4 yr. shelf life @ 2-40 C; protect from frost Bekaperg 67 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip .: Phosphates and hydroxide Uses: Defibering agent for wet-strengthened paper Use Level: 0.5-1.5% Regulatory: BgVV compliant Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. 70 g/l in water; sp.gr. 1.0; pH 12.5 (1%; 20 C) Storage: 1 yr. shelf life; keep dry Bekaperg 203 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Phosphoric acid and polyglycol ether Uses: Defibering agent for wet-strengthened waste paper Use Level: 0.5-1.5% Regulatory: BgVV compliant Properties: YIsh. or colorless liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.6 (20 C); pH 1.3-2.1 (1%; 20 C) Storage: 1 yr. shelf life @ 20 C Bekaperg 825 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Alkaline phosphates and surfactants Uses: Defibering agent for wet-strengthened waste paper Use Level: 0.5-1.5% Regulatory: BgVV compliant Properties: YIsh. or colorless opaque liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.5 (20 C); pH 12 (1%; 20 C) Storage: 1 yr. shelf life @ 20 C; protect from frost

Storage: Store up to 1 yr @ < 49 C; excessive heat may partially self-

Chem. Descrip.: Isobutylated urea-formaldehyde resin; isobutanol (100%)

Uses: Crosslinking agent for pigmented enamels; food-contact coatings,

condense resin so that gel particles may form

Bekaperg 830 [BK Giulini Chemie] Uses: Plasticizer for elastomers, PVAc emulsion adhesives, plastisols, Chem. Descrip.: Alkaline phosphates and surfactants caulks, vinyl floor coverings, latex and lacquer coating applics.; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; high solvating; enhances film formation and Uses: Defibering agent for wet-strengthened waste paper Use Level: 0.1-1.5% surf. wetting in PVAc homopolymer emulsion adhesives Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. 80 g/l in water (20 C), 350 g/l in water (60 C); Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180 sp.gr. 0.8 (20 C); pH 12 (1%; 20 C) Storage: 1 yr. shelf life @ 20 C; keep dry Properties: APHA 100 max. clear oily liq., mild ester odor; sol. in aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons; sol. < 0.01% in water; m.w. 342.3; sp.gr. 1.120; dens. 9.346 lb/gal; vapor pressure 2.29 x 10^{7} mm Hg; f.p. -40 Č; Bekaperg 834 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Phosphonic acid and phosphate b.p. 232 C; pour pt. -19 C; flash pt. (COC) 199 C; ref. index 1.5282; dielec. Uses: Liq. pitch control agent for pulp/paper prod. const. 7.5 (1000 Hz); 98% min. assay Use Level: 0.2-0.5% (paper machine); 0.1-0.3% (pulp production) Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 4673 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; not an eye or primary skin irritant; repeated exposure may cause defatting of skin Properties: Yel. brn. liq.; misc. with water (20 C); sp.gr. 1.35 (20 C); pH 8.8 and mild irritation to eyes and nose (20 C) Storage: 1 yr. shelf life @ 20 C; protect from frost Benzoflex® 50 [Velsicol] Belclene® 283 [BioLab Water Addit.] Chem. Descrip.: Diethylene glycol dibenzoate, dipropylene glycol diben-Chem. Descrip.: Polymaleic acid terpolymer zoate (1:1) Uses: Plasticizer used in PVAc adhesives, acrylic latex caulk formulations, UN No. 3265 Uses: Antiscalant and corrosion inhibitor in industrial water, cooling water, for latex coatings, plastisols, and dry-blended vinyl formulations; food pkg. calcium carbonate control in kraft pulp paper mills; component of paper/ adhesives, paper/paperboard; monomeric Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180 paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; used in combination with Properties: APHA 100 max. liq., mild ester odor; sol. in aliphatic and aromatic phosphates; keeps surfaces cleaner than polyacrylate/phosphonate blends; hydrocarbons; sol. < 0.01% in water; m.w. 328.3; sp.gr. 1.154; dens. 9.6 can be used in wide range of formulations; superior performance at pH 14; zinc stabilization: stable to 200 C Ib/gal; vapor pressure 2.29 x 10^{-7} mm Hg; f.p. < 0 C; b.p. 240 C (5 mm); hyd. no. 15; pour pt. -21 C; flash pt. (COC) 199 C min.; ref. index 1.535; Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: Amber clear to sl. turbid liq.; sl. odor; misc. with water, ethylene 98.0% min. assay glycol, methanol; readily neutralized with 50% caustic soda with evolution Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2500 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2500 mg/l, (inh., of heat; sp.gr. 1.165-1.195; visc. 12-30 cps; f.p. -6 to -4 C; b.p. 100-102 C; rabbit, 4 h) > 200 mg/l; not an eye or primary skin irritant; repeated exposure pH 2 max.; 45-50% act. may cause defatting of skin, mild irritation to eyes and nose Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3874 mg/kg; irritating to eyes; nonirritating to skin Precaution: Avoid high temps., open flame; incompat. with strong oxidizing *Environmental:* LC50 (zebra fish, 96 h) > 1000 mg/l, (brown shrimp, 96 h) agents; on combustion, may decomp. to produce CO 2160 mg/l; biodeg. 29% in 35 days Storage: Store in cool, ventilated area away from sources of ignition Precaution: Corrosive Berbond® 8032 [Bercen] Belsperse® 164 [BioLab Water Addit.] Uses: Water repellent for paperboard; compat. with fluorochemicals and other *Chem. Descrip.:* Phosphinocarboxylic polymer size press and calender stack chems.; gives high water and oil resist. Berbond[®] 8200 [Bercen] Uses: Sludge dispersant in boilers incl. food prod. boilers; dispersant in Chem. Descrip.: Strippable latex deinking (pulp/paper applics.); barium sulfate inhibitor for paper machines; calcium oxalate control; thermally and hydrolytically stable; exc. perfor-Uses: Saturant, str. agent for papermaking; features wet and dry tens. str., mance under pulp/paper conditions; outperforms polyacrylates in pulp/paper edge tear, burst str., internal delamination resist., and strippability; easily applics. applied on any conventional size press; mech. stability; antisticking props. Berbond® 8980 [Bercen] Regulatory: FDA cleared Properties: Clear to sl. turbid liq.; sp.gr. 1.20-1.24; visc. 75-200 mm²/sec; pH Chem. Descrip .: Thermoplastic 3.5-4.5; 37.5-42.5% solids Uses: Binder, gloss aid for pigmented paper coatings; provides exc. sheet Benaqua® 1000 [Rheox] gloss and print gloss with minimal machine finishing; outstanding wet rub Chem. Descrip.: Polysaccharide deriv. resist.; does not require use of a coating insolubilizer Uses: Rheological additive for emulsion paints, waterborne adhesives and Berocell® 25 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Surfactant sealants, household cleaners and polishes, crop protection agents, paper Uses: Surfactant for pitch control in paper processing coatings, construction prods., and waterborne inks; improves sag and slump resist.; flow/leveling agent; good water retention props., does not interfere Properties: Nonionic with color development Berocel® 283 [Eka Chems.] Use Level: 0.3-3.0% Uses: Dispersant for deinking processes; used by itself or blended with fatty Properties: Pale yel. free-flowing powd.; 90% thru 120 mesh particle size; acids water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.51; visc. 20,000 cps (2% water gel) Berocell® 286 [Eka Chems.] Storage: Store in dry place; absorbs moisture when stored under high Uses: Dispersant for deinking processes; environmentally friendly compohumidity conditions nents Benzoflex® 2-45 [Velsicol] Properties: Nonionic Berocell 451 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Diethylene glycol dibenzoate CAS 120-55-8; EINECS/ELINCS 204-407-6 Uses: Deresinator for papermaking; phosphate-free Uses: Plasticizer producing adhesives with quick grab and set times; solvator Berocell® 509 [Eka Chems.] and compatible with PVC; also in latex coatings; food pkg. adhesives, Chem. Descrip.: Quaternary ammonium compd. formulated surfactant paper/paperboard; compatible with PVAc homopolymer and copolymer Uses: Surfactant, debonder in fluff pulp mfg. emulsions Properties: Cationic Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180 Berocell® 509HA [Eka Chems.] Properties: APHA 100 max., mild ester odor; sol. in aliphatic and aromatic Chem. Descrip.: Quaternary ammonium compd. surfactant hydrocarbons; sol. < 0.01% in water; m.w. 314.3; sp.gr. 1.178; dens. 9.8 Uses: Surfactant, debonder in fluff pulp mfg. lb/gal; f.p. 16 and 28 C (two cryst. forms); b.p. 240 C; flash pt. (COC) 199 Properties: Cationic Berocell® 535 [Eka Chems.] C; ref. index 1.5424; dielec. const. 7.16 (10,000 Hz); 98.0% min. assay Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2562 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 200 mg/l; not an Chem. Descrip .: Surfactant eye or primary skin irritant; repeated exposure may cause defatting of skin Uses: Surfactant for pitch control in paper processing; helps maintain throughand mild irritation to eyes and nose put during ultrafiltration processes Properties: Nonionic Berocell® 537 [Eka Chems.] Benzoflex® 9-88 [Velsicol] Chem. Descrip.: Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate CAS 27138-31-4; EINECS/ELINCS 202-340-7 Chem. Descrip .: Surfactant

Uses: Surfactant for pitch control in paper processing; helps maintain throughput during ultrafiltration processes Properties: Nonionic Berocell® 564 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Surfactant Uses: Paper tissue softener; surfactant used to inc. wettability and counteract self-sizing during aging of cellulose prods. such as soft paper and cellulose flı ıff Properties: Cationic Berocell® 569 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Surfactant formulation Uses: Used for quick interruption of debonding effect of cationic debonders in production of fluff pulp Berocell® 582 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Surfactant formulation Uses: Debonder in fluff pulp mfg. Properties: Cationic Berocell® 584 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Quaternary ammonium surfactant Uses: Surfactant, debonder in fluff pulp mfg. Properties: Cationic Berocell® 587K [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Quaternary ammonium surfactant Uses: Surfactant, debonder in fluff pulp mfg. Properties: Cationic Berocell® 596 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Quaternary ammonium compd.-based Uses: Softener enhancing bulk softness and surf. softness of tissue paper without affecting sheet str. Berocell® 614 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Polyamine Uses: Debonder in fluff pulp mfg. Properties: Lig. Berocell® 1025 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Surfactant Uses: Surfactant for pitch control in paper processing Properties: Nonionic Berocell® 1431 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Polymer Uses: Improves adhesion of tissue paper to Yankee dryer Properties: Cationic Berocell® 8000 Series [Eka Chems.] Uses: Pulper additives for flotation of wood-containing and wood-free fibers giving high yield and improved cleanliness and deinked stock; effective in both high and low hardness systems; more tolerant to higher levels of flexographic newsprint than conventional fatty acids and collector soaps Berocell Displector 204 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Nonionic surfactant mixt. Uses: Additive used in flotation deinking of wood-free waste paper; particularly effective for combination deinking (wash/flotation); works well when hardness is low Properties: Nonionic Berocell Displector 210, 213, 5025 [Eka Chems.] Uses: Deinking agent esp. effective for de-specking office waste Berocell Displector 5024 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Nonionic surfactant mixt. Uses: Additive used in flotation deinking of wood-free waste paper; particularly effective for combination deinking (wash/flotation); works well when hardness is low; produces less foam than Berocell 204 Properties: Nonionic Bersize® 6103 [Bercen] Uses: Sizing agent for paper and paperboard; provides good size values so that starch does not stick or pick Bersize® 6155 [Bercen] Uses: Sizing agent, water repellent for paper and paperboard, nonwoven fabrics, and various surgical grades; develops high spray ratings and good hydrostatic head Properties: Anionic Bersize® 6200 [Bercen] Uses: Sizing agent, lubricant for paper and paperboard; provides good sizing values; results in lower coeff. of friction Bersize® 6205 [Bercen]

Chem. Descrip.: Monomeric Uses: Sizing agent for paper and paperboard; compat. with most papermaking additives Properties: Nonionic Bersize® 6385 [Bercen] Uses: Surf. sizing agent for paper and paperboard incl. fine paper; for use alone or in combination with other surf. treatments to give good printing surf. to fine papers; higher alkalinity; improved compat. Properties: Nonionic Bersize® 6400 [Bercen] Uses: Sizing agent, water repellent, release agent for paper and paperboard; effective where temp. stability and performance are required Bersize® 6409 [Bercen] Chem. Descrip.: Complex, fiber-reactive, alkali-substituted syn. nitrogen deriv. Uses: Internal sizing agent for paper and paperboard; used with fluorochemicals to obtain grease/oil/water-resist. papers; effective over wide pH range; replacement for rosin alum or rosin alum wax combinations Bersize® 6482 [Bercen] Uses: Internal sizing agent for paper and paperboard; provides high level of water and lactic acid resist.; improves sheet printing props. Bersize® 6500 [Bercen] Chem. Descrip.: Polymeric Uses: Surf. sizing agent for paper and paperboard; develops high contact angles; when used in reduced amts., provides good printing props. Bersize® 6900 [Bercen] Chem. Descrip.: Alkenyl succinic anhydride CAS 70983-55-0 Uses: Sizing agent for paper and paperboard, alkaline or neutral papermaking; effective over wide pH range Bersize® 6918 [Bercen] Chem. Descrip.: Alkenyl succinic anhydride CAS 70983-55-0 Uses: Sizing agent for paper and paperboard, alkaline or neutral papermaking; provides exc. sizing value to fibers Bersoft® 4600 [Bercen] Uses: Plasticizer for papermaking; compat. with most papermaking additives; plasticizing effect on paper is immediately noticeable off the machine and is enhanced with supercalendering Bevaloid 581B [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary Uses: Defoamer for suspension PVC; food pkg. adhesives, paper; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard, paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210 Properties: Liq.; 100% solids Bevaloid 2512 [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip .: Proprietary Uses: Defoamer for latex, emulsion PVC; food pkg. adhesives, paper; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard, paper coatings; exc. dispersibility Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210; **BGA XIV** compliance Properties: Liq.; 100% solids Bevaloid 2514 [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip .: Proprietary Uses: Defoamer for latex, emulsion and suspension PVC; food pkg. adhesives, paper; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard, paper coatings; low fogging Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210; BGA XIV compliance Properties: Liq.; 100% solids Bevaloid 6624 [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip .: Proprietary Uses: Defoamer for latex, emulsion and suspension PVC; food pkg. adhesives, paper; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard, paper coatings; effective in strong stripping conditions; no fish eyes; silicone free Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210; **BGA XIV** compliance Properties: Liq.; water-disp.; 100% solids Bevaloid 6683 [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary Uses: Defoamer for suspension PVC; food pkg. adhesives, paper; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard, paper coatings

Properties: Lig.; 25% solids in water BHMT Amine [DuPont Nylon] Chem. Descrip.: 25-75% Bis-hexamethylene triamine with 5-70% oligomeric amines CAS 68411-90-5 Uses: Asphalt antistripping agent; cationic emulsifier; ore flotation collector; chelating agent; corrosion/scale inhibitor; curing agent for epoxy resins and urethanes; flocculant; wet str. paper resins Properties: Liq.; sp.gr. 0.93-0.97; f.p. 33 C; b.p. 249 C (100 mm); amine no. 525-700; flash pt. (OC) 121 C Precaution: Corrosive lig. Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Partial decomp. @ 200 C evolves ammonia BHMT-HP [DuPont Nylon] Chem. Descrip.: Bis-hexamethylene triamine, high purity CAS 143-23-7 UN No. 2922 Uses: Chain modifier/branching agent in polyamides (adhesives, films, inks, plastics); flexibilizer in adhesives, wet str. paper applics.; in cationic emulsifiers; in cationic collectors for ore flocculation; chelating agents; scale and corrosion inhibitor; epoxy curing agent; flocculating agent; PU extender or catalyst Properties: Solid; sol. 33% in water; m.w. 215; sp.gr. 0.88; m.p. 32-34 C; b.p. 164 C (4 mm); flash pt. (OC) 121 C; pH 12.6 (5% aq.); 98% act. Bindzil[®] 50/80 [Eka Chems.] *Toxicology:* Toxic; TSCA listed Precaution: Corrosive liq. Bilt-Plates® 145 [R.T. Vanderbilt] Chem. Descrip.: Kaolin CAS 1332-58-7; EINECS/ELINCS 296-473-8 Uses: Pitch control agent and filler for unbleached kraft liner board; pitch control agent for unbleached pulps in papermaking; lower brightness Properties: Cream to buff powd.; fineness 0.1% max. on 325 mesh; bright-Bindzil® 305 [Eka Chems.] ness 66-70 Bilt-Plates® 156 [R.T. Vanderbilt] *Chem. Descrip.:* Kaolin clay Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (44.4%), Al₂O₃ (38.9%), TiO₂ (1.9%) CAS 1332-58-7; EINECS/ELINCS 296-473-8 Uses: Reinforcing filler and extender for elastomers and latexes; pigment for coatings, primers, alkyd flats, latex paints, crack fillers, and caulking compds.; TiO₂ extender in coatings; pitch control agent for bleached chem. pulps or groundwood pulps in papermaking; grit-free; provides max. reinforcement; rec. where high brightness is not required; no ozone-depleting substances Properties: Wh. to cream fine powd.; 0.2 µm median particle size; 99.95% thru 325 mesh; fineness (Hegman) 4.0; dens. 2.62 mg/m³; bulk dens. 43 lb/ ft³ (compacted); oil absorp. 41; GE brightness 76 Toxicology: TSCA listed 40% SiO Bindzil® 15/500 [Eka Chems.] Bindzil® F45 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica disp. EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Surf. sizing agent, antiskid agent used to frictionize linerboard, esp. linerboard made from recycled fibers Properties: 6 nm particle size; dens. 1.1 g/cm³; visc. < 5 mPa•s; surf. area 500 m²/g; pH 10; 15% SiO₂ Bindzil® 30/80 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica disp. EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 CAS 10222-01-2 Uses: Surf. sizing agent, antiskid agent used to frictionize linerboard, esp. linerboard made from recycled fibers Properties: 40 nm particle size; dens. 1.2 g/cm³; visc. < 6 mPa•s; surf. area systems 80 m²/g; pH 9.6; 30% SiO₂ Bindzil® 30/220 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica disp. EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Surf. sizing agent, antiskid agent used to frictionize linerboard, esp. CAS 10222-01-2 linerboard made from recycled fibers Properties: 15 nm particle size; dens. 1.2 g/cm³; visc. < 7 mPa•s; surf. area 220 m²/g; pH 9.7; 30% SiO₂ systems Bindzil® 30/360 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica disp. EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Biochek® 410 [Nalco] Uses: Surf. sizing agent, antiskid agent used to frictionize linerboard, esp.

linerboard made from recycled fibers *Properties:* 9 nm particle size; dens. 1.2 g/cm³; visc. < 8 mPa•s; surf. area

360 m²/g; pH 10; 30% SiO₂ Bindzil® 30NH₃/220 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica disp. EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Surf. sizing agent, antiskid agent used to frictionize linerboard, esp. linerboard made from recycled fibers Properties: 15 nm particle size; dens. 1.2 g/cm³; visc. < 10 mPa•s; surf. area 220 m²/g; pH 9; 30% SiO₂ Bindzil® 40/130 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica disp. EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Surf. sizing agent, antiskid agent used to frictionize linerboard, esp. linerboard made from recycled fibers Properties: 25 nm particle size; dens. 1.3 g/cm³; visc. < 10 mPa•s; surf. area 130 m²/g; pH 9; 40% SiO₂ Bindzil® 40/220 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica disp. EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Surf. sizing agent, antiskid agent used to frictionize linerboard, esp. linerboard made from recycled fibers Properties: 15 nm particle size; dens. 1.3 g/cm³; visc. < 25 mPa•s; surf. area 220 m²/g; pH 9.7; 40% SiO₂ Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica disp. EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Surf. sizing agent, antiskid agent used to frictionize linerboard, esp. linerboard made from recycled fibers; frictionizer for textile or plastic films; high-temp. binder for inorg. fibers, refractories, ceramics, or catalysts; abrasive for polishing silicon wafers Properties: Wh. milky liq.; odorless; tasteless; 40 nm particle size; dens. 1.4 g/cm³; visc. < 15 mPa·s; surf. area 80 m²/g; pH 9.3; 50% SiO₂ Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica disp. EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Surf. sizing agent, antiskid agent used to frictionize linerboard, esp. linerboard made from recycled fibers Properties: 15 nm particle size; dens. 1.2 g/cm³; visc. < 10 mPa•s; surf. area 220 m²/g; pH 9.5; 30% SiO₂ Bindzil[®] CAT80 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica disp. EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Surf. sizing agent, antiskid agent used to frictionize linerboard, esp. linerboard made from recycled fibers Properties: 40 nm particle size; dens. 1.32 g/cm³; visc. < 15 mPa•s; pH 4; Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica disp. EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 *Uses:* Surf. sizing agent, antiskid agent used to frictionize linerboard, esp. linerboard made from recycled fibers Properties: 40 nm particle size; dens. 1.36 g/cm³; visc. < 15 mPa•s; surf. area 80 m²/g; pH 9.5; 45% SiO₂ Biobrom C-103L [Dead Sea Bromine] Chem. Descrip.: 2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilopropionamide Uses: Biocide for industrial water systems, incl. cooling towers, pulp/paper mill effluents, oil-recovery systems, metal-cutting coolants, air conditioning Properties: Clear to amber liq., mild antiseptic odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.18-1.22 (20/4 C); f.p. -20 to -25 C; flash pt. 159-163 C; 20% min. act. Biobrom C-103 Tech. [Dead Sea Bromine] Chem. Descrip.: 2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilopropionamide *Uses:* Biocide for industrial water systems, incl. cooling towers, pulp/paper mill effluents, oil-recovery systems, metal-cutting coolants, air conditioning Properties: Wh. to off-wh. powd. or gran., mild antiseptic odor; m.w. 241.84; sol. (g/100 g): 120 g DMF, 35 g acetone, 25 g ethanol, 1.5 g water; sp.gr. 2.375; m.p. 124-126 C; 98% min. act., 66% Br Chem. Descrip.: 19% 1,2-Dibromo-2,4-dicyanobutane, 6% 1,2-benzisothia-

zolin-3-one

- Uses: Industrial in-can preservative which inhibits growth of bacteria, fungi, and yeasts in aq. systems incl. paints, adhesives, latex emulsions, metalworking fluids, pigment slurries, joint cements, and household prods.; food pkg. adhesives; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard; protects prods. during storage
- Use Level: 0.05-0.2% (pigment slurries), 0.05-0.4% (metalworking fluids, household prods.), aq. paints, 0.05-0.8% (adhesives, latex emulsions), 0.20-0.8% (joint cements)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300; EPA reg. no. 10445-90

Properties: Tan to lt. brn. aq. disp.; sp.gr. 1.1 (20 C); visc. 1800-2400 cps; f.p. 0 C

Toxicology: Hazardous to humans and domestic animals; corrosive to eyes; causes eye damage and skin irritation; harmful if swallowed

Storage: Store @ 0-42 C; keep from freezing; store away from heat; keep container closed when not in use

Biochek® 430 [Nalco]

- Chem. Descrip.: Disp. of 1,2-dibromo-2,4-dicyanobutane, 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one, and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one
- Uses: Preservative which inhibits growth of microorganisms in latex emulsions, metalworking fluids, adhesives, waxes, polishes, inks, cooling water, paper mfg., paints, coatings, and pigment slurries; food pkg. adhesives; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard

Use Level: 0.04-0.9% (pigment slurries), 0.05-0.4% (metalworking fluids, waxes, polishes, inks), 0.05-0.8% (adhesives, latex emulsions, cooling water, pulp/paper mills), 0.08-0.3% (aq. paints and coatings)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300; EPA reg. no. 10445-89

- Properties: Wh. to off-wh. liq.; sp.gr. 1.1 (30 C); visc. 1800-2400 cps; f.p. 0 C; 23.8% min. act.
- Toxicology: Corrosive; causes eye damage and skin irritation; harmful if swallowed

Storage: Store @ 0-42 C; keep from freezing; store away from heat; keep container closed when not in use

bioMeT TBTO [Atofina; Atofina SA]

Chem. Descrip .: Bis (tributyltin) oxide

CAS 56-35-9; EINECS/ELINCS 200-268-0

- Uses: Antimicrobial for paper mill slime control, industrial cooling water, sec. oil recovery, hospital use, textiles, plastics, urethane foam, paper preservation; antifoulant for shipbottom paints; wood preservative
- Properties: Straw-colored clear liq.; sol. in org. solvs.; relatively insol. in water; m.w. 596; sp.gr. 1.17; dens. 9.7 lb/gal; f.p. < -45 C; b.p. 180 C (2 mm); flash pt. (TCC) > 100 C; 96% assay, 38.8% tin

Toxicology: Extremely irritating to eyes and skin; can cause eye damage; prolonged/repeated skin contact can cause chemical burns

BIO-SOFT® S-120 [Stepan]

Chem. Descrip .: Dodecyl benzene sulfonic acid

CAS 27176-87-0; EINECS/ELINCS 248-289-4

Uses: Surfactant intermediate; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 178.3400; USDA authorized

Properties: Dk. visc. liq.; sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.81 lb/gal; visc. 960 cps; f.p. -18 C; pour pt. -15 C; flash pt. (PMCC) >94 C; pH < 1; 96.5% act.; anionic *Toxicology:* Handle with extreme care; avoid contact with eyes and skin Environmental: Biodeg.

Storage: Store in closed containers in cool, dry place

Bisomer EGDMA [Laporte Perf. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethyleneglycol dimethacrylate with MEHQ (300-500 ppm) CAS 97-90-5; EINECS/ELINCS 202-617-2

Uses: Crosslinking monomer for surf. coatings, adhesives, sealants, leather treatment, paper processing, and in optical lenses

Properties: Pt-Co 100 max. clear color; sol. 0.18% in water; m.w. 198; visc. 4 mPa·s; flash pt. (PMCC) 98 C; 0.1% max. water

Toxicology: Irritant; TSCA listed

Bisomer PEG 200DMA [Laporte Perf. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG 200 dimethacrylate with MEHQ (300-500 ppm) CAS 25852-47-5

Uses: Crosslinking agent for anaerobic adhesives, castings, plastisols, coatings, and fibers; in dental industry for preparation of dental composites containing ceramic filler; modifier for radiation-curable coatings for imaging processes, textile treatments, paper processing, anaerobic adhesives; resin modifier

Properties: Pt-Co 100 max. color; m.w. 330; flash pt. (PMCC) > 160 C; 0.2% max. water

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Storage: Store in cool place @ < 20 C protected from direct sunlight

Black Pearls® 430 [Cabot/Special Blacks]

Chem. Descrip .: Carbon black CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9

Uses: Colorant for coatings, gravure inks, carbon paper inks, etc.; blue toned black with good dispersion

Properties: Pellets; 27 nm particle size; dens. 29 lb/ft³; surf. area 80 m²/g; pH 6-8; 1.0% volatile

Black Pearls® 450 [Cabot/Special Blacks]

Chem. Descrip .: Carbon black

CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9

Uses: Colorant for inks, coatings, plastics, paper; provides sl. less jetness and str. but easier dispersion than Regal 330

Properties: Pellets; 27 nm particle size; dens. 29 lb/ft³; surf. area 80 m²/g; pH 6-8; 1.0% volatile

Black Pearls® L [Cabot/Special Blacks]

Chem. Descrip .: Carbon black

CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9

Uses: Colorant, UV stabilizer for elec. resistivity in plastics, optimum flow in offset inks, carbon paper, and ribbons, in dry toners, coatings; very good disp. and stability

Properties: Pellets; 24 nm particle size; dens. 32 lb/ft3; surf. area 138 m2/g; pH 6-8; 5.0% volatile

Blankit® [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dithionite

CAS 7775-14-6; EINECS/ELINCS 231-890-0

Uses: Bleaching agent for textile, leather, fur, pulp/paper industries; stabilized Blankophor[®] ASP [Bayer]

- Uses: Fluorescent whitening agent for paper, stock addition, surf. applic., and pigment coating
- Blankophor[®] AWP [Bayer]

Uses: Fluorescent whitening agent for paper, stock addition, surf. applic., and pigment coating

Blankophor® P01 [Bayer]

Uses: Fluorescent whitening agent for paper, stock addition, surf. applic., pigment coating, food pkg. papers Regulatory: FDA approved

Blankophor® P150 Liq. [Bayer]

Uses: Fluorescent whitening agent for paper, food-contact paper; gives bluishwh. shade; for use internally and at size press; high acid stability; compat. with starch; 50% stronger than Blankophor P Liq. Regulatory: FDA approved

Properties: Anionic

Blankophor® P167 [Bayer]

Uses: Fluorescent whitening agent for paper, stock addition, surf. applic., pigment coating, food pkg. papers

Regulatory: FDA approved Blankophor[®] P Liq. [Bayer]

Uses: Fluorescent whitening agent for paper, food-contact paper; gives bluishwh. shade; for use internally and at size press; high acid stability; compat. with starch

Regulatory: FDA approved *Properties:* Anionic

Blankophor® PSK [Bayer]

Uses: Fluorescent whitening agent for paper, stock addition, surf. applic., and pigment coating

Blankophor® SOL [Bayer]

Uses: Fluorescent whitening agent for paper, stock addition, surf. applic., and pigment coating

Blankophor[®] TX [Bayer]

Uses: Fluorescent whitening agent for paper, stock addition, surf. applic., and pigment coating

Blankophor® UW [Bayer]

Uses: Fluorescent whitening agent for paper, stock addition, surf. applic., and pigment coating

Blemmer BMA [NOF]

Chem. Descrip .: Butyl methacrylate

CAS 97-88-1; EINECS/ELINCS 202-615-1

Uses: Materials for paint; syn. resin and latex; ink; adhesive; dispersant;

additive for lubricating oil; modifier for fibers; coating agent for paper insulation, syn. diester fluids, oils, fats, waxes; food-pkg. adhesives, coat-Blemmer CMA [NOF] ings, paper, polymers, rubber, wood preservatives; nonstaining, nondiscol-Chem. Descrip .: Cetyl methacrylate oring; good extract resist. CAS 2495-27-4 Uses: Additive for lubricating oils, paints, adhesives; modifier for fibers; coating agent for paper Blemmer E [NOF] Chem. Descrip.: 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate CAS 868-77-9; EINECS/ELINCS 212-782-2 Uses: Heat curing paint; modifier for polymer, fiber paper, adhesive; photosensitive resin Blemmer EHMA [NOF] Chem. Descrip.: 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate CAS 688-84-6; EINECS/ELINCS 211-708-6 Uses: For paints, inks, adhesives; dispersant; additive for lubricating oil; modifier for fibers; coating agent for paper Blemmer GLM [NOF] Chem. Descrip.: Glycerol mono methacrylate CAS 5919-74-4 Uses: Acrylic resin for paint, adhesive, and soft contact lens; heat cure paint, adhesive; photosensitive resin; medical polymer; modifier for fiber and paper Properties: Water sol. Blemmer IBMA [NOF] Chem. Descrip.: Isobutyl methacrylate CAS 97-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 202-613-0 Uses: For paints, inks, adhesives; dispersant; additive for lubricating oil; modifier for fibers; coating agent for paper Blemmer IDMA [NOF] Chem. Descrip.: Isodecyl methacrylate CAS 29964-84-9; EINECS/ELINCS 249-978-2 Uses: Additive for lubricating oil, paint, adhesive; modifier for fibers; coating agent for paper; internal plasticizer; modifier for deodorant Blemmer P [NOF] Chem. Descrip.: 2-Hydroxypropyl methacrylate CAS 923-26-2; EINECS/ELINCS 213-090-3 Uses: Modifier for paint, polymer, fiber paper, and adhesive; syn. resin and latex; heat curing paint Blemmer PMA [NOF] Chem. Descrip.: Pentadecyl methacrylate CAS 6140-74-5 qas Uses: Additive for lubricating oil, paint, adhesive; modifier for fibers; coating agent for paper Blemmer QA [NOF] Chem. Descrip.: 2-Hydroxy 3-methacryl oxypropyl trimethyl ammonium chloride Uses: Antistat; electroconductive paper coatings; polyelectrolyte dispersant; flocculant acid dye receptive fibers; electrodeposition acrylic coatings; water-sol. polymers grade Properties: Cationic Blemmer SLMA [NOF] Chem. Descrip.: Lauryl methacrylate (syn.) CAS 142-90-5; EINECS/ELINCS 205-570-6 Uses: Additive for lubricating oil, paint, adhesive; modifier for fibers; coating agent for paper; internal plasticizer; modifier for deodorant Blemmer SMA [NOF] Chem. Descrip .: Stearyl methacrylate CAS 32360-05-7 Uses: Additive for paint; adhesive, lubricating oil; syn. resin and latex; modifier for fibers; coating agent for paper Blemmer VMA [NOF] Chem. Descrip.: Behenyl methacrylate Uses: For paints, inks, adhesives; dispersant; additive for lubricating oil; modifier for fibers; coating agent for paper BNX® 1010 [Mayzo] Chem. Descrip.: Tetrakis [methylene-3(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate] methane CAS 6683-19-8; EINECS/ELINCS 229-722-6 Uses: Antioxidant for PE, PS, PP, polyacetal, AS resin, methacrylic resin, PC, polyester, polymethylpentene, butadiene resin, polybutene-1, EPM, EPD, PVC; stabilizer for org. and polymeric materials; antioxidant/stabilizer for petrol. prods., syn. rubbers, latex, varnish, adhesives, wire and cable

Use Level: 0.02-0.5% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.1310, 177.1330, 177.1350, 177.1420, 177.1520, 177.1570, 177.1630, 177.1640, 177.2470, 177.2480, 177.2600, 178.2010, 178.3800, 178.3850, 179.45 Properties: Wh. cryst. powd., odorless, tasteless; sol. 71% in chloroform, 56% in benzene, 47% acetone, 46% ethyl acetate, 1% methanol, 0.01% water; m.w. 1177.7; sp.gr. 1.15; vapor pressure 10⁻¹² mm Hg (20 C); m.p. 110-125 C; dec. pt. > 220 C; flash pt. (Marcusson) 567 F Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 3160 mg/kg; low oral and dermal toxicity; nonsensitizing; TSCA listed Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; thermal decomp. may produce CO, CO₂ Storage: 1 yr storage in sealed containers kept in cool, dry areas Borax [Ŭ.S. Borax] Chem. Descrip .: Sodium tetraborate decahydrate CAS 1303-96-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-540-4 Uses: Dispersant, wetting agent for NR, SR latexes; mold lubricant for dry rubber molding; pH buffer, gentle abrasive, oil emulsifier in soaps/detergents; enzyme stabilizer; flame retardant for cellulosics; food pkg. adhesives/paper; crosslinking agent to emulsify waxes; base for cosmetic/ pharmaceutical preps.; metallurgical flux; corrosion inhibitor; peptizing agent in adhesive mfg.; stabilizer and bonding agent in refractories; buffer/catalyst for org. dyes; herbicide carrier Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 181.30; SARA nonreportable, DOT nonregulated Properties: Wh. cryst. powd., odorless; sol. in water, glycerin; m.w. 381.37; sp.gr. 1.71; vapor pressure negligible; m.p. 62 C; pH 6.1 (0.1%); nonflamm.; > 99% act. Toxicology: OSHA PEL 10 mg/m³ total dust; LD50 (oral, rat) 4500-5000 mg/ kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 10,000 mg/kg; low acute oral and dermal toxicity; inh. at levels > 10 mg/m³ may cause mild irritation to nose and throat; ing. of lg. amts. may cause GI symptoms; TSCA listed Environmental: EC50 (daphnia magna, 24 h) 242 mg; lg. amts. can be harmful to plants and other species Precaution: Reacts as weak acid which may cause corrosion of base metals; incompat. with strong reducing agents which generates hydrogen NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 Storage: Store indoors in dry area; avoid wide fluctuations in temp. and humidity Borino® [Finnish Chems. Oy] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium borohydride sol'n. CAS 16940-66-2; EINECS/ELINCS 241-004-4 Uses: Generates sodium dithionite for bleaching of mech. pulp; papermaker's Bovion [Nippon Gohsei; British Traders & Shippers] Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol film CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 Uses: Film for paper and pkg.; biaxally oriented BPO [Sartomer] *Chem. Descrip.:* Benzophenone CAS 119-61-9; EINECS/ELINCS 204-337-6 Uses: Free radical initiator for UV curing used in adhesives, chem. intermediates, coatings (metal, paper, wood), electronics (conformal, encapsulants, photoresists, solder masks), inks (flexo and gravure, litho, offset, screen); intermediate for mfg. of antihistamines, hypnotics, insecticides; good sol. Properties: Wh. to off-wh. crystals or flakes; sol. in chllroform, ethyl alcohol, ether; insol. in water; m.w. 182.21; m.p. 48-49 C; 99% min. purity Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F BPS-24 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Chem. Descrip.: 2,4⁻-Dihydroxy diphenyl sulfone Uses: Developer for heat sensitive papers; exc. sensitivity; good preserv-

- ability, strong resist. to plasticizers and solvs.
- Properties: Wh. powd.; m.p. > 180 C
- BPS-P [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd]

Chem. Descrip.: 4,4 Dihydroxy diphenyl sulfone Uses: Developer for heat sensitive papers; good preservability, strong resist. to plasticizers

Properties: Wh. powd.; m.p. > 245 C

BRD 2340 [Buckman Labs]

Chem. Descrip.: Surfactant-based

Uses: Deinking agent for repulping process, esp. for removing laser and xerographic inks during flotation; enhances removal of printing inks associated with wood-free sec. fiber grades; may improve final brightness

Briguest® 543-33S [Albright & Wilson Am.]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium diethylenetriamine-penta (methylene phosphonate) aq. sol'n.

CAS 22042-96-2

Uses: Sequestrant for cooling water treatment, textile bleach stabilization, oil fields, pulp bleaching; desalination antiscalant

- Properties: M.w. 727; sp.gr. 1.39 (20/4 C); visc. 150 cP (20 C); pH 7.0 (1%); 33% act.
- Briquest® 543-45AS [Albright & Wilson Am.; Albright & Wilson UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonic acid aq. sol'n.

CAS 15827-60-8

Uses: Sequestrant, scale inhibitor, corrosion inhibitor, detergent for water treatment, detergents, pulp/paper processing, textile processing, bleach stabilization, sec. oil recovery and desalination; crystal growth modifier; hydrolvtic stability

Properties: Amber clear liq.; faint amine odor; m.w. 573; sp.gr. 1.42 (20/4 C); visc. 500 cps (2 C); pH 2.4 (1%); 45% act.

Environmental: Biodeg.

Storage: Store in tightly closed containers in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from oxidizers and strong alkalis

Briquest® ADPA-60AW [Albright & Wilson Am.; Albright & Wilson UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Acetodiphosphonic acid aq. sol'n. CAS 2809-21-4; EINECS/ELINCS 220-552-8

Uses: Sequestrant used in the water treatment industry for scale and corrosion inhibition, detergent action, and metal ion control; crystal growth modifier; stain removal and control in swimming pools; cooling and boiler waters; oil fields; peroxide stabilization; photographic chems., desalination antiscalant, I&I compding.; cosmetics (metal ion control in bar soaps); pulp/paper; metal plating and finishing; textiles; radioactive pharmaceuticals

Regulatory: Avail. kosher certified

- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sl. odor; m.w. 206; sp.gr. 1.46 (20 C); visc. 100 cps (20 C); pH < 1.8 (1%); 60% act.
- Environmental: Biodeg.

Precaution: Corrosive

Storage: Store in tightly closed containers in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from oxidizers and strong alkalis

Britol[®] 6NF [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: White mineral oil NF

CAS 8020-83-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-384-2

- Uses: Binder, carrier, conditioner, defoamer, dispersant, extender, heat transfer agent, lubricant, moisture barrier, plasticizer, protective agent, release agent, and/or softener in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, food, plastics, agric., and paper making applics
- Properties: Sp.gr. 0.830-0.858; visc. 8.5-10.8 cst (40 C); pour pt. -24 C max.; flash pt. 166 C min.

Britol® 7NF [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: White mineral oil NF CAS 8020-83-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-384-2

- Uses: Binder, carrier, conditioner, defoamer, dispersant, extender, heat transfer agent, lubricant, moisture barrier, plasticizer, protective agent, release agent, and/or softener in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, food, plastics, agric., and paper making applics.
- Properties: Sp.gr. 0.840-0.858; visc. 10.8-13.6 cst (40 C); pour pt. -18 C max.; flash pt. 171 C min.

Britol[®] 9NF [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip .: White mineral oil NF

CAS 8020-83-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-384-2

Uses: Binder, carrier, conditioner, defoamer, dispersant, extender, heat transfer agent, lubricant, moisture barrier, plasticizer, protective agent, release agent, and/or softener in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, food, plastics, agric., and paper making applics.

Properties: Sp.gr. 0.845-0.860; visc. 14.4-16.9 cst (40 C); pour pt. -18 C max.; flash pt. 171 C min.

Britol® 20USP [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: White mineral oil USP

- CAS 8020-83-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-384-2 Uses: Binder, carrier, conditioner, defoamer, dispersant, extender, heat transfer agent, lubricant, moisture barrier, plasticizer, protective agent, release agent, and/or softener in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, food, plastics, agric.,
- and paper making applics. Properties: Sp.gr. 0.858-0.870; visc. 37.9-40.1 cst (40 C); pour pt. -18 C max.; flash pt. 193 C min.

Britol® 35USP [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip .: White mineral oil USP

- CAS 8020-83-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-384-2
- Uses: Binder, carrier, conditioner, defoamer, dispersant, extender, heat transfer agent, lubricant, moisture barrier, plasticizer, protective agent, release agent, and/or softener in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, food, plastics, agric., and paper making applics.
- Properties: Sp.gr. 0.862-0.880; visc. 65.8-71.0 cst (40 C); pour pt. -15 C max.; flash pt. 216 C min.
- Britol® 50USP [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: White mineral oil USP

CAS 8020-83-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-384-2

Uses: Binder, carrier, conditioner, defoamer, dispersant, extender, heat transfer agent, lubricant, moisture barrier, plasticizer, protective agent, release agent, and/or softener in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, food, plastics, agric., and paper making applics.

Properties: Sp.gr. 0.870-0.890; visc. 91-102.4 cst (40 C); pour pt. -12 C max.; flash pt. 249 C min.

Bubble Breaker® 259, 260, 613-M, 622, 730, 737, 746, 748, 900, 913, 917 [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: Blend of org., nonsilicone compds.

- Uses: Defoamer for water-based paper coatings, textile processing formulations, agric. chemical prods., paints, adhesives, inks, and personal care formulations
- Bubreak® 401D [Buckman Labs]

Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary polymer

- Uses: Flocculant or coagulant in effluent treatment and in waste minimization programs for water-based paints, adhesives, or other aq. systems; foodcontact paper/paperboard
- Use Level: 0.01-2%
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170; SARA 312 listed (immediate acute)
- Properties: Pale yel. clear liq., odorless; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.01 g/ml; flash pt. > 212 F; pH 6-7 (100 ppm in water); cationic
- Toxicology: Mild eye irritant; nonirritating to skin; inh. may cause irritation of mucous membranes and lungs; monitor exposed individuals for respiratory distress, bronchitis, pneumonia; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with anionic polymers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: None known
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 1
- Bubreak® 403 [Buckman Labs]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Proprietary polymer Uses: Flocculant or coagulant in effluent treatment and in waste minimization programs for water-based paints, adhesives, or other aq. systems; EPA allowed as flocculant in potable water; food-contact paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.01-2%
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170; SARA listed (immediate acute); EPA allowed for potable water
 - Properties: Pale amber clear liq., sl. odor; completely misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.09 g/ml; b.p. > 100 C; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 4-6 (100 ppm in water); cationic
 - Toxicology: LD50 (oral) > 5000 mg/kg, (dermal) > 2000 mg/kg; mildly irritating to eyes; nonirritating to skin; inh. may cause irritation of mucous membranes and lungs; monitor exposed individuals for respiratory distress, bronchitis, pneumonia; TSCA listed
 - Environmental: LC50 (bluegill sunfish, 96 h) 1.75 mg/l, (rainbow trout, 96 h) 0.33 mg/l
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Exposure to fire or flame can generate oxides of carbon and nitrogen

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 1

Bubreak® 448 [Buckman Labs]

Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal suspension Uses: Antifoam and defoamer for water-thinned paints, coatings, adhesives, glues; air release agent in polyester spray and gel coating operations; deaerator in gluing operations with nat. and syn. adhesives; food pkg.

adhesives, coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; effective with NO_x, CO_x, hydrogen chloride gas, hydrogen cyanide, phosgene HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 1 acrylic, PVAc, S/B resins Use Level: 0.2% based on total wt. of paint; 0.3-1% (gluing operations, Storage: If prod. should freeze, thaw and mix thoroughly before use Burco® Imidazoline O [Burlington Chem.] polyester gel coating operations) Regulatory: FDA 21ČFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200 Chem. Descrip.: Oleyl imidazoline Properties: Liq.; sp.gr. 0.81 g/ml; dens. 6.7 lb/gal; flash pt. (TCC) 87 C CAS 95-38-5 Storage: May stratify on prolonged storage; store drums upside down to Uses: Surfactant; detergent additive; thickening promoter; antistat; substanensure some mixing prior to use tive to most surfs. incl. fabrics, glass, paper, and metals; flotation agent for removal of impurities from clay and ores; adhesion promoter in asphalt; Bubreak® 453 [Buckman Labs] Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal suspension emulsifier in solvent cleaners; in acid cleaners; visc. builder for attapulgite Uses: Foam control agent for water-thinned paints, coatings; air release agent clay in paints/coatings; corrosion inhibitor in primers, paints; lubricant, corrofor polyester-resin spray and gel-coating operations; deaerator in gluing sion inhibitor in metals operations; food pkg. adhesives, coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper Properties: Gardner 10 max. clear liq.; oil-sol.; sp.gr. 0.90 g/l; amine value coatings; effective with acrylic, PVAc, S/B resins 160; 90% min. imidazoline; cationic Use Level: 0.1% (paints), 0.3-1% (resins, adhesives) Burco® Imidazoline T [Burlington Chem.] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200 Chem. Descrip.: Tall oil imidazoline Properties: Liq.; sp.gr. 0.86 g/ml; dens. 7.2 lb/gal; flash pt. (TCC) > 104 C CAS 61791-39-7; EINECS/ELINCS 263-171-2 Bubreak® 454C [Buckman Labs] Uses: Surfactant; detergent additive; thickening promoter; antistat; substan-Uses: Antifoam/defoamer for use in water-based coatings, adhesives, wide tive to most surfs. incl. fabrics, glass, paper, and metals; flotation agent for range of resins incl. acrylics, vinyl acrylics, PVAc, water-reducible alkyds; removal of impurities from clay and ores; adhesion promoter in asphalt; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard emulsifier in solvent cleaners; in acid cleaners; visc. builder for attapulgite Use Level: 0.2% clay in paints/coatings; corrosion inhibitor in primers, paints; lubricant, corro-Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 176.210 sion inhibitor in metals Properties: Brn. visc. liq., sl. fatty odor; sp.gr. 0.96 g/ml; dens. 8.0 lb/gal Properties: Gardner 12 max. clear liq.; oil-sol.; sp.gr. 0.90 g/l; amine value Bubreak® 4400 [Buckman Labs] 155; 90% min. imidazoline; cationic Uses: Antifoam/defoamer for use in water-based coatings, adhesives, emul-Burcomul DFE-45 [Burlington Chem.] Chem. Descrip .: Polyol ester sion-based systems, wide range of resins incl. acrylics, vinyl acrylics, PVAc, water-reducible alkyds; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Uses: Defoamer, emulsifier for paper, textiles, water treatment, coatings, and Use Level: 0.2% metalworking, and other low-foaming emulsions; provides formulations with Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 improved emulsion stability; compat. with all common org. defoamer com-Properties: Milky wh. disp., sl. odor; sp.gr. 0.92 g/ml; dens. 7.7 lb/gal; pH ponents 6-7 (100 ppm in water) Properties: Clear to sl. hazy liq.; sol. in oils and solvs.; water-disp.; sp.gr. Bubreak® 4419 [Buckman Labs] 0.94; dens. 7.84 lb/gal; pH 5 (5% disp.); 100% act. Burcosoft LEQ [Burlington Chem.] Uses: Antifoam/defoamer for use in water-based coatings, adhesives, emulsion-based systems, wide range of resins incl. acrylics, vinyl acrylics, Chem. Descrip.: Ester quat. softener conc. (90%) in propylene glycol (10%) PVAc, water-reducible alkyds; defoamer in food-contact coatings and pa-Uses: Softener for textiles, commercial laundry softeners, tissue paper, I&I per/paperboard; effective over wide pH range applics.; enhances water absorbency of fabrics; easy to dilute; disperses Use Level: 0.2% readily; pumpable and pourable @ 45 F; no flamm. solvs.; nonyellowing Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 176.210 Properties: Gardner 7 max. clear to sl. hazy liq.; sp.gr. 1.007; visc. 300-500 Properties: Clear liq., mild odor; sp.gr. 0.98 g/ml; dens. 8.2 lb/gal; pH 6.5-7.5 cps (100 F); pour pt. < 45 F; flash pt. (CC) > 200 F; 90% act.; < 1% (100 ppm in water) moisture Bufloc® 5551 [Buckman Labs] Environmental: Environmentally friendly; derived from sustainable resources; Chem. Descrip.: Quaternary polyamine known to biodegrade more readily than other cationics Uses: Coagulant for process and wastewater treatment; sludge dewatering Busan® 11-M2 [Buckman Labs] agent; raw water clarifier; effective for solids and color removal in influent Chem. Descrip.: Modified barium metaborate monohydrate and effluent waters; food-contact paper/paperboard; coagulant for charge CAS 13701-59-2 neutralization or in combination with other cationic or anionic flocculants Uses: Pigment, corrosion inhibitor, tannin stain blocker, flame retardant, and Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180; SARA nonreportable UV light stabilizer for use in water- and solv.-based coatings; stabilizer for Properties: Amber liq.; sl. amine odor; completely sol. in water; dens. 1.14 g/ metals and metal salts, esp. zinc, for formulation in zinc-rich coatings; foodml; visc. 80-125 cps; bulk dens. 9.5 lb/gal; flash pt. > 93 C; pH 5-7; cationic contact paper/paperboard; multifunctional Use Level: 2-30% (corrosion inhibition), 3-10% (tannin stain blocking), 2-9% Toxicology: TSCA listed Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents (flame retardant), 2% (uv stabilization) Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: COx, ammonia, hydrogen chloride vapor, NOx Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180 HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Properties: Wh. amorphous cryst. solid, odorless; sol. 0.3-0.4% in water; Storage: If prod. should freeze, thaw and mix thoroughly before use mod. sol. in dil. aq. acids; insol. in org. solvs.; sp.gr. 3.35 g/cc; dens. 27.9 Bufloc[®] 5554 [Buckman Labs] lb/gal; pH 9.85 (100 ppm in water); 90+% act. Busan® 90 [Buckman Labs] Chem. Descrip .: Quaternary polyamine Uses: Coagulant for process and wastewater treatment; sludge dewatering Chem. Descrip.: 2-Bromo-4'-hydroxyacetophenone CAS 2491-38-5 agent; raw water clarifier; effective for solids and color removal in influent and effluent waters; approved for potable water; food-contact paper/paper-Uses: Bactericide for use in water-based paints, adhesives, waxes, and board; coagulant for charge neutralization or in combination with other catpolishes; defoamer in food-contact coatings; slimicide in food-contact paper; ionic or anionic flocculants; provides protection against bacterial degradation in the container Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180; EPA approved for potable Use Level: 0.1-0.5% water; SARA nonreportable Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 176.300 Properties: Dk. brn. liq., mildly acrid odor; sp.gr. 1.18 g/ml; pH 5-6 (100 ppm in water); 30% act. Properties: Pale yel. liq.; ammoniacal odor; completely sol. in water; dens. 1.14 g/ml; visc. 750 cps; bulk dens. 9.5 lb/gal; vapor pressure 58 mm Hg (100 F); b.p. > 100 C; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 5-7; cationic Busan® 1058 [Buckman Labs] Chem. Descrip.: Tetrahydro-3,5-dimethyl-2H-1,3,5-thiadiazine-2-thione Toxicology: Expected to be irritating to eyes; TSCA listed CAS 533-74-4; EINECS/ELINCS 208-576-7 Environmental: Aquatic LC50 (daphnia magna, 48 h) 0.29 mg/l, (fathead

minnow, 96 h) 0.3 mg/l

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. or combustion may produce

Uses: Preservative for pigment slurries incl. those based on aluminum silicate, calcium carbonate, and titanium dioxide; for use in coated/uncoated paper/paperboard for food contact applics.; food-contact slimicide

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.230, 176.300 Properties: Yel. clear liq., pungent odor; sp.gr. 1.15 g/ml; dens. 9.5 lb/gal; pH > 12; 24% act. Busan® 1059 [Buckman Labs] Chem. Descrip.: Tetrahydro-3,5-dimethyl-2H-1,3,5-thiadiazine-2-thione CAS 533-74-4; EINECS/ELINCS 208-576-7 Uses: Broad-spectrum bactericide for use in coatings, adhesives, emulsions, and clay slurries; food-contact paper/paperboard; food-contact slimicide; protects against bacterial attack during shipping and storage Use Level: 0.01-0.03% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.230, 176.300 Properties: Wh. cryst. powd., sl. odor; sl. sol. in water; sp.gr. 0.53 g/ml; pH 6-7 (100 ppm in water); 98% act. Busan® 1059-WS [Buckman Labs] Chem. Descrip.: Tetrahydro-3,5-dimethyl-2H-1,3,5-thiadiazine-2-thione CAS 533-74-4; EINECS/ELINCS 208-576-7 Uses: Broad-spectrum bactericide for use in coatings, adhesives, emulsions, and clay slurries; food-contact paper/paperboard; food-contact slimicide; protects against bacterial attack during shipping and storage; Use Level: 0.01-0.03% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.230, 176.300 Properties: Wh. cryst. powd., sl. odor; sl. sol. in water; sp.gr. 0.53 g/ml; pH 6-7 (100 ppm in water): 98% act. Busan® 1105 [Buckman Labs] Chem. Descrip.: 10% 2-(Thiocyanomethylthio) benzothiazole, 10% methylenebis (thiocyanate) in inert ingreds. Uses: Broad-spectrum fungicide for use in solv.-based stains, clear finishes, and wood preservatives; slimicide in food-contact paper; improved solvency in solv.-based systems; may react with certain driers to produce an off-color in wet paint Use Level: 0.5-9% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300 Properties: Amber clear liq., sl. odor; insol. in aliphatic solvs. (e.g., min. spirits) without a cosolv.; sp.gr. 1.08 g/ml; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; pH 5-7 (100 ppm in water); 20% act. Busan® 1118 [Buckman Labs] Chem. Descrip.: 2-(Thiocyanomethylthio) benzothiazole in inert ingreds. CAS 21564-17-0 Uses: Broad-spectrum fungicide for use in water- and solv.-based coatings, caulks, sealants, and wallcovering adhesives; slimicide in food-contact paper; formulated for improved emulsification in water Use Level: 0.5-5% (coatings), 0.1-0.5% (caulks, sealants, wallcovering adhesives) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300 Properties: Amber clear liq., very sl. odor; sp.gr. 1.07 g/ml; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; flash pt. (TCC) 131 F; pH 6-7 (100 ppm in water); 30% act. Busan® 1130 [Buckman Labs] Chem. Descrip.: 2-Bromo-4'-hydroxyacetophenone in inert ingreds. Uses: Bactericide for water-based paints, adhesives, waxes, and polishes; food-contact paper/paperboard; food-contact slimicide Use Level: 0.3-1.5% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.300 Properties: Reddish-brn. opaque liq., mild vanilla odor; sp.gr. 1.03 g/ml; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; pH 5-6 (100 ppm in water); 10% act. Busan® 1210 [Buckman Labs] Uses: Microbicide, bactericide, slimicide, fungicide for papermaking; slimicide for food-contact paper; broke and stock preservative; additive preservative; broad spectrum; fast-acting; effective at alkaline pH; hydrolyzes to nontoxic and biodeg. components; environmentally safe Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300; EPA reg. no. 1448-353; SARA §313 nonreportable Busan® 1223 [Buckman Labs] *Chem. Descrip.:* Combination of two biocides Uses: Microbicide, bactericide, slimicide for pulp/paper mfg. on wet end of paper machines and for additive preservation; fungicide for water- and solv.based coatings, stains, and clear finishes; inc. prod. and paper quality; effective in controlling sulfate-reducing bacteria and filamentous bacteria Use Level: 0.5-5% (coatings), 0.5-9% (stains, clear finishes) Regulatory: FDA approved; EPA registered; SARA §313 nonreportable Properties: Amber clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.10 g/ml; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; flash pt. 80 C; pH 6-7 (100 ppm in water) Busperse® 39 [Buckman Labs]

Chem. Descrip .: Polyelectrolyte Uses: Dispersant for use in water-based paints and pigment slurries, corrosion-resist. latex paints, exterior paints, and in gloss latex paints; foodcontact paper/paperboard; provides exc. visc. stability with reactive pigments; good color acceptance; low foaming; effective at low concs.; noncorrosive to ferrous metals; glycol compat. Use Level: 0.3-0.7% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 176.170 Properties: Water-sol.; 39% solids; anionic Busperse[®] 203 [Buckman Labs] Chem. Descrip .: Polyelectrolytes Uses: Pigment dispersant for water-thinned emulsion paints and pigment slurries; effective in paints containing TiO₂ or reactive pigments and in semigloss emulsion paints; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard; provides long-term visc. stability Use Level: 0.4-0.6% (paints with nonreactive pigments), 0.5-1.3% (paints with reactive pigments), 0.2-1.5% (pigment slurries) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170 Properties: Liq.; sp.gr. 1.16 g/ml; dens. 9.7 lb/gal; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 9-10 (100 ppm in dist. water); anionic Busperse[®] 229 [Buckman Labs] Chem. Descrip.: Organic Uses: Pigment dispersant and wetting agent for water-reducible paints such as alkyds; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; designed to minimize problems of blistering and adhesion loss Use Level: 0.3-0.75% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 Properties: Liq.; sp.gr. 1.12 g/ml; dens. 9.3 lb/gal; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 4-5 (100 ppm in water) Busperse[®] 275 [Buckman Labs] Uses: Dispersant for water-based systems such as emulsion and waterreducible coatings, pigment slurries, and adhesives; food-contact paper/ paperboard Use Level: 0.3-1% (coatings), 0.3-1.5% (pigment slurries), 0.2-0.5% (adhesives) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 176.170 Properties: Colorless clear to sl. hazy liq., sl. odor; sp.gr. 1.18 g/ml; dens. 9.8 lb/gal; pH 3; anionic Busperse[®] 282 [Buckman Labs] Uses: Dispersant for water-based systems such as emulsion and waterreducible coatings, pigment slurries, and adhesives; food-contact paper/ paperboard Use Level: 0.3-1% (coatings), 0.3-1.4% (pigment slurries), 0.2-0.6% (adhesives)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 176.170 Properties: Yel.-orange liq., sl. odor; sp.gr. 1.35 g/ml; dens. 11.2 lb/gal; pH > 12; anionic
- Busperse[®] 288 [Buckman Labs]

Uses: Dispersant for repulping and deinking of troublesome sec. fiber in papermaking, e.g., heavily coated magazine stock, laser printed office waste; defoamer in mfg. of food-contact paper/paperboard; stable in presence of alkalis and bleaches used during repulping Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Busperse® 379 [Buckman Labs]

Uses: Chelating agent for metal ions such as iron, manganese, copper, aluminum, zinc, barium, magnesium, and calcium that interfere with pulp/ paper mill bleaching; brightener, visc. builder for pulps; performs well at lower temps.; improves recycled fiber bleaching efficiencies Toxicology: Nontoxic

Butofan® [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Butadiene polymer dispersions

Uses: Paper impregnation and coating; binder for paper, adhesives, and textile coatings; binder for prod. of materials based on leather fibers

BYK®-045 [BYK-Chemie USA]

- Chem. Descrip.: Emulsion of hydrophobic solids, emulsifying agents and foam destroying polysiloxanes
- Uses: Defoamer for emulsion paints, paper coatings, foil coatings, stains, plasters and bonding agents
- Properties: Colorless to yellowish liq.; mild hydrocarbon odor; sp.gr. 1.00; dens. 8.32 lb/gal; vapor pressure 18 mm Hg; flash pt. (Seta) >100 C; 8.5% NV in water

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Bynel® CXA [DuPont; DuPont Canada] *Chem. Descrip.:* Coextrudable adhesive polymers *Uses:* Tie layer in multilayer flexible pkg.; in flexible and rigid pkg. for foods, agric., pharmaceutical pkg.; in nonpkg. applics. to bond metal, wood, vinyl,

and plastic substrates; in industrial prods. and building materials such as nylon, PE, PP, PS, EVOH, aluminum, paper; 35 grades divided into 11 $\,$ chemically different series designed to adhere to a wide variety of substrates
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C2[®] Sodium Chlorite [Arch Chems./Water Chems.]

Chem. Descrip .: Sodium chlorite

CAS 7758-19-2; EINECS/ELINCS 231-836-6

Uses: Bacterial slimicide for wh. water systems in paper mills

Properties: Wh. flake; dens. 53 lb/ft³ (loose); 69 lb/ft³ (packed); 79% min. sodium chlorite

C110 [Grain Processing]

Chem. Descrip .: Acid-modified corn starch

CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6

Uses: Component of uncoated or coated food-contact surf. of paper and paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: Wh. gran. powd.; bulk dens. 38 lb/ft3 (loose), 50 lb/ft3 (packed); pH 6: 11% moisture

CA [Creanova]

Chem. Descrip.: Ketone-aldehyde resin

Uses: Gloss, hardness, and adhesion enhancement in wood lacquers, paper varnishes, printing ink, adhesives, and industrial paints

Properties: Wh. powd.; sp.gr. 1.13-1.14 g/cm³; m.p. 92-108 C; acid no. ≤ 0.3; 100% solids

CA-394-60S [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Cellulose acetate

CAS 9004-35-7

Uses: In food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; used where high strength and good resistance to heat, UV light, oils, and greases are required

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 177.1210 Properties: Wh. fine powd.; low odor; m.w. 60,000; dens. 1.32 kg/l; visc.

228 poise; m.p. 240-260 C; Tukon hardness 27; 39.5% acetyl content CA-398-3 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Cellulose acetate

CAS 9004-35-7

Uses: Used to formulate coatings for paper, glass, plastic, wire screen, and elec. wiring, and in adhesives, wood sealers, paint removers; as barrier and release coatings for pressure-sensitive tapes; in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; used where high strength and good resistance to heat, UV light, oils, and greases are required

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 177.1210 Properties: Wh. fine powd.; low odor; m.w. 30,000; sp.gr. 1.31; dens. 10.9 lb/gal; visc. 11.4 poise; m.p. 230-250 C; ref. index 1.475; Tukon hardness 26; 39.8% acetyl content

CA-398-6 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip .: Cellulose acetate

CAS 9004-35-7

Uses: Used to formulate coatings for paper, glass, plastic, wire screen, and elec. wiring, and in adhesives, wood sealers, paint removers; as barrier and release coatings for pressure-sensitive tapes; in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; used where high strength and good resistance to heat, UV light, oils, and greases are required

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 177.1210

Properties: Wh. fine powd.; low odor; m.w. 35,000; sp.gr. 1.31; dens. 10.9 lb/gal; visc. 22.80 poise; m.p. 230-250 C; ref. index 1.475; Tukon hardness 26; 39.8% acetyl content

CA-398-10 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip .: Cellulose acetate

CAS 9004-35-7

- Uses: Used to formulate coatings for paper, glass, plastic, wire screen, and elec. wiring, and in adhesives, wood sealers, paint removers; as barrier and release coatings for pressure-sensitive tapes; in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; used where high strength and good resistance to heat, UV light, oils, and greases are required
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 177.1210; DOT nonregulated; SARA nonreportable
- Properties: Wh. fine powd.; odorless; negligible sol. in water; m.w. 40,000; sp.gr. 1.31; dens. 10.9 lb/gal; visc. 38.00 poise; vapor pressure negligible; m.p. 230-250 C; ref. index 1.475; Tukon hardness 26; 100% act.; 39.8% acetyl content

Toxicology: Expected to be low ing. hazard; TSCA listed

- Environmental: Expected to be nonbiodeg., have low biochem. oxygen demand, and low potential to affect aquatic organisms, sec. waste treatment organisms, germination/early growth of plants
- Precaution: Combustible solid; powd. material may form explosive dust-air mixts.; incompat. with oxidizing materials; can dec. above 304 C; mixing in a nonpolar hydrocarbon may cause static buildup which can cause a flash fire
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion prods.: CO₂, CO

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Keep container closed

- CA-398-30 [Eastman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Čellulose acetate sol'n.

CAS 9004-35-7

Uses: Used in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; used where high strength and good resistance to heat, UV light, oils, and greases are required

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 177.1210 Properties: Wh. fine powd.; low odor; m.w. 50,000; dens. 1.31 kg/l; visc. 114

poise; m.p. 230-250 C; Tukon hardness 26

CA 1124B [Process Chems. LLC]

Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for kraft pulp/paper applics. in brownstock washing, screenroom, bleach plant, paper machine, and effluent; waterbased; does not contain EBS, min. oil, or dioxin precursors; does not contribute to deposit formation; suitable where batch or continuous pulp is employed

Properties: Opaque liq.; sp.gr. 1.05; visc. 1200 ± 300 cps

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Storage: Store in dry area CA 1124XD [Process Chems. LLC]

- Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for kraft pulp/paper applics., for use in brownstock washing, screen room, and bleach plant operations, on the paper machine, and in the effluent; water-based; does not contain EBS, min. oil, or dioxin precursors; does not contribute to deposit formation; suitable whether batch or continuous pulp is employed
- Properties: Opaque wh. liq.; sp.gr. 1.005-1.030; dens. 8.38-8.58 lb/gal; visc. 750-1250 cps; pH 5.5-6.5

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Storage: Store in dry area CAB-171-15 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Cellulose acetate butyrate

CAS 9004-36-8

- Uses: Useful in coatings for wire, leather, plastic, and cloth, esp. wire coatings, airplane lacquers; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film; produces films with superior toughness and hardness and exc. resist. to chems., oils, and greases
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.230, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400
- *Properties:* Flakes; m.w. 65,000; sp.gr. 1.26; dens. 10.5 lb/gal; visc. 57 poise; m.p. 230-240 C; ref. index 1.475; Tukon hardness 27; dielec. str. 2.0-2.5 kV/mil; 29.5% acetyl, 17% butyryl
- CAB-321-0.1 [Eastman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Cellulose acetate butyrate
 - CAS 9004-36-8
 - Uses: Designed for use in automotive basecoats; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film; resist. to attack and redissolve by solvs. in typ. clearcoats
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.230, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400
 - Properties: Wh. fine, dry, powd.; m.w. 12,000; dens. 1.2 kg/l; visc. 0.38 poise; m.p. 165-175 C; Tukon hardness 21; 17.5% acetyl, 32.5% butyryl
- CAB-381-0.1 [Eastman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Cellulose acetate butyrate

CAS 9004-36-8

- Uses: Improves pigment control and intercoat adhesion, reduces cratering in lacquers, nail polishes, coatings for wood, metal, plastics, paper, leather, and cloth, printing inks; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.230, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400
- Properties: Wh. fine powd.; sol. in diethylene glycol diacrylate; sol. with haze in styrene/methyl methacrylate (80/20), butyl acrylate; m.w. 20,000; sp.gr. 1.20; dens. 10 lb/gal; visc. 0.38 poises; m.p. 155-165 C; ref. index 1.48; Tukon hardness 18; dielec. str. 2.0-2.5 kV/mil; 13.5% acetyl, 38% butyryl 2321.0 E. [Eactman]
- CAB-381-0.5 [Eastman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Cellulose acetate butyrate

CAS 9004-36-8

- Uses: Improves pigment control and intercoat adhesion, reduces cratering in lacquers, nail polishes, coatings for wood, metal, plastics, paper, leather, and cloth, printing inks; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.230, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400
- Properties: Wh. fine powd.; sol. in 1,3 butyolene diacrylate; m.w. 30,000; sp.gr. 1.2; dens. 10 lb/gal; visc. 1.90 poise; m.p. 155-165; ref. index 1.48; Tukon hardness 18; dielec. str. 2.0-2.5 kV/mil; 13.5% acetyl, 38% butyryl CAB-381-2 [Eastman]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Cellulose acetate butyrate

CAS 9004-36-8

- Uses: Used in automotive lacquers, lacquers for plastics and paper, wood finishes, nail polishes, coatings for fabrics and leather, peelable plastic coatings, heat-seal adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paper-board, cellophane, film
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.230, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400
- Properties: Wh. fine powd.; sol. in glycidyl methacrylate; m.w. 40,000; sp.gr. 1.2; dens. 10 lb/gal; visc. 7.60 poise; m.p. 171-184 C; ref. index 1.475; Tukon hardness 18; dielec. str. 2.0-2.5 kV/mil; 13.5% acetyl, 38% butyryl
- CAB-381-2BP [Eastman] Chem. Descrip.: Cellulose acetate butyrate

CAS 9004-36-8

- Uses: Used in lacquers, automotive finishes; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.230, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400
- *Properties:* Wh. fine powd.; m.w.40,000; dens. 1.2 kg/l; visc. 8.4 poise; m.p. 175-185 C; Tukon hardness 18; 14.5% acetyl, 35.5% butryl

CAB-381-20 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Cellulose acetate butyrate

CAS 9004-36-8

Uses: Used in automotive lacquers, lacquers for plastics and paper, wood finishes, nail polishes, coatings for fabrics and leather, peelable plastic coat-

ings, heat-seal adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paper-board, cellophane, film

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.230, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400
- *Properties:* Wh. fine powd.; m.w. 70,000; sp.gr. 1.2; dens. 10 lb/gal; visc. 76.0 poise; m.p. 195-205 C; ref. index 1.475; Tukon hardness 18; dielec. str. 2.0-2.5 kV/mil; 13.5% acetyl, 37% butyryl

Chem. Descrip.: Cellulose acetate butyrate

CAS 9004-36-8

- Uses: Film-former and additive in hot melts, strippable coatings, inks, nail polishes, and lacquers for paper, plastic, and leather; flow control agents in PU and polyester coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paper-board, cellophane, film
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.230, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400
- Properties: Wh. fine powd.; m.w. 40,000; sp.gr. 1.18; dens. 9.83 lb/gal; visc. 3.8 poises; m.p. 165-175 C; ref. index 1.475; dielec. str. 2.0-2.5 kV/mil; 50% butyryl, 5.0% acetyl

CAB-500-5 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Cellulose acetate butyrate

CAS 9004-36-8

- Uses: Film-former and additive in hot melts, strippable coatings, inks, nail polishes, and lacquers for paper, plastic, and leather; flow control agents in PU and polyester coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paper-board, cellophane, film
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.230, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400
- *Properties:* Wh. fine powd.; m.w. 57,000; sp.gr. 1.18; dens. 9.83 lb/gal; visc. 19.0 poise; m.p. 165-175 C; ref. index 1.475; Tukon hardness 14; dielec. str. 2.0-2.5 kV/mil; 5.0% acetyl, 49% butyryl

CAB-531-1 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Cellulose acetate butyrate

CAS 9004-36-8

- Uses: Useful with CAB-551-0.2 for coating wood, plastic, or metal; in powd. coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film; compatible with many modifying resins; can produce high clarity films with good UV stability
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.230, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400
- Properties: Wh. fine powd.; sol. in glycidyl methacrylate, diethylene glcyol diacrylate, 1,3-butylene glycol diacrylate; sol. hazy in styrene/methyl methacrylate (80/20), butyl acrylate; m.w. 40,000; sp.gr. 1.17; dens. 9.75 lb/gal; visc. 7.2 poise; m.p. 135-150 C; ref. index 1.475; Tukon hardness 15; dielec. str. 2.0-2.5 kV/mil; 2.8% acetyl, 50% butyryl

CAB-551-0.01 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Cellulose acetate butyrate

CAS 9004-36-8

- Uses: Compatible with modifying resins for coating wood, plastic, or metal; low visc. for high-solids coatings, thermosetting powd. coatings; minimizes sagging, cratering in baking enamels; modifier for UV-cure coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR \$175.105, 175.230, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400
- Properties: Wh. fine powd.; sol. in styrene/methyl methacrylate (80/20), glycidyl methacrylate, butyl acrylate, diethylene glycol diacrylate, 1,3-butylene glycol diacrylate; sol. hazy in styrene; m.w. 16,000; dens. 1.16 kg/l; visc. 0.038 poise; m.p. 127-142 C; Tukon hardness 15; 2.0% acetyl, 53% butyryl

CAB-551-0.2 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Cellulose acetate butyrate

CAS 9004-36-8

- Uses: Compatible with modifying resins for coating wood, plastic, or metal; low visc. for high-solids coatings, thermosetting powd. coatings; modifier for UV-cure coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.230, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400
- Properties: Wh. fine powd.; sol. in styrene/unsat. polyester (45/55), glycidyl methacrylate, diethylene glycol diacrylate, 1,3-butylene glycol diacrylate; sol. hazy in styrene/methyl methacrylate (80/20), butyl acrylate; m.w. 30,000; sp.gr. 1.16; dens. 9.67 lb/gal; visc. 0.76 poise; m.p. 130-140 C; ref.

CAB 500-1 [Eastman]

index 1.475; Tukon hardness 15; 2.0% acetyl, 52% butyryl

CAB-553-0.4 [Eastman] Chem. Descrip.: Cellulose acetate butyrate

CAS 9004-36-8

- Uses: Used in flexo printing inks, nail polishes, coatings for wood, paper, and plastics, coatings requiring low odor, fast-drying solv. systems, barrier coatings for PS; reactive component in conversion finishes
- Properties: Wh. fine powd.; sol. in 95% and anhyd. ethanol and other common org. solvs.; m.w. 20,000; sp.gr. 1.20; dens. 10 lb/gal; visc. 1.14 poise; m.p. 150-160 C; Tukon hardness 18; 2.0% acetyl, 46% butyryl b 0 Sill Cabet (cabet) C Sill

Cab-O-Sil® EH-5 [Cabot/Cab-O-Sil]

Chem. Descrip.: Untreated fumed silica, undensed

CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Rheology control agent, reinforcing agent, and flow control agent for adhesives, coatings, powd. coatings, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, defoamers, inks, insecticides, lubricants, plastisols, liq. resins, and sealants; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.350, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.1460, 177.2420, 177.2600, 182.90
- Properties: Wh. powd., odorless; 0.02% 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.2; bulk dens. 2.5 lb/ft³; surf. area 380 \pm 30 m²/g; ref. index 1.46; pH 3.7-4.3 (4% aq. slurry); > 99.8% assay
- *Toxicology*: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; inert to mildly irritating to skin; inert to very mildly irritating to eyes
- Storage: Store in dry environment away from chemical vapors

Cab-O-Sil® H-5 [Cabot GmbH]

Chem. Descrip.: Untreated fumed silica, undensed

CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Reinforcing agent for adhesives, coatings, defoamers, elastomers, lubricants, plastisols, liq. resins, sealants, silicones, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.350, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.1460, 177.2420, 177.2600, 182.90
- Properties: Wh. powd., odorless; 0.02% 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.2; bulk dens. 2.5 lb/ft³; surf. area 300 \pm 25 m²/g; ref. index 1.46; pH 3.7-4.3 (4% aq. slurry); > 99.8% assay
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; inert to mildly irritating to skin; inert to very mildly irritating to eyes
- *Storage:* Store in dry environment away from chemical vapors

Cab-O-Sil® HS-5 [Cabot/Cab-O-Sil]

Chem. Descrip.: Untreated fumed silica, undensed

CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Rheology control agent and reinforcing agent for adhesives, coatings, cosmetics, defoamers, elastomers, foods, inks, insecticides, lubricants, pharmaceuticals, plastisols, liq. resins, sealants, silicones, thermal insulation; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.350, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.1460, 177.2420, 177.2600, 182.90
- $\label{eq:properties: 0.02\% 325 mesh residue; bulk dens. 2.5 lb/ft^3; surf. area 325 \pm 25 m^2/g; pH 3.7-4.3 (4% aq. slurry); > 99.8% assay$
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; inert to mildly irritating to skin; inert to very mildly irritating to eyes

Storage: Store in dry environment away from chemical vapors

Cab-O-Sil® L-90 [Cabot/Cab-O-Sil]

Chem. Descrip.: Untreated fumed silica, undensed

CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Dispersant, anticaking agent, rheology control agent, reinforcing agent for adhesives, elastomers, sealants, silicones, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.350, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.1460, 177.2420, 177.2600, 182.90
- Properties: Wh. powd., odorless; 0.02% 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.2; bulk dens. 3 lb/ft³; surf. area $100 \pm 15 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$; ref. index 1.46; pH 3.7-4.3 (4% aq.

slurry); > 99.8% assay

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; inert to mildly irritating to skin; inert to very mildly irritating to eyes

Storage: Store in dry environment away from chemical vapors

Cab-O-Sil® LM-130 [Cabot/Cab-O-Sil]

Chem. Descrip.: Untreated fumed silica, undensed

CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Dispersant, anticaking agent, rheology control agent, reinforcing agent for adhesives, elastomers, sealants, silicones, coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- foamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.350, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.1460, 177.2420, 177.2600, 182.90
- Properties: 0.02% 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.2; bulk dens. 3 lb/ft³; surf. area 130 ± 15 m²/g; ref. index 1.46; pH 3.7-4.3 (4% aq. slurry); > 99.8% assay *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; inert to mildly irritating to skin; inert to very mildly irritating to eyes

Storage: Store in dry environment away from chemical vapors

Cab-O-Sil® LM-150 [Cabot/Cab-O-Sil]

Chem. Descrip.: Untreated fumed silica, undensed

CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Dispersant, anticaking agent, rheology control agent, reinforcing agent for adhesives, elastomers, sealants, silicones, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.350, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.1460, 177.2420, 177.2600, 182.90
- Properties: Wh. powd., odorless; 0.02% 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.2; bulk dens. 2.5 lb/ft³; surf. area $160 \pm 15 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$; ref. index 1.46; pH 3.7-4.3 (4% aq. slurry); > 99.8% assay
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; inert to mildly irritating to skin; inert to very mildly irritating to eyes

Storage: Store in dry environment away from chemical vapors

Cab-O-Sil® LM-150D [Cabot/Cab-O-Sil]

- Chem. Descrip.: Untreated fumed silica, densed
- CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4
- Uses: Rheology control agent and reinforcing agent for adhesives, elastomers, sealants, silicones; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.350, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.1460, 177.2420, 177.2600, 182.90
- Properties: 0.02% 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.2; bulk dens. 5 lb/ft³, surf. area 160 \pm 15 m²/g; ref. index 1.46; pH 3.7-4.3 (4% aq. slurry); > 99.8% assay Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; inert to mildly irritating to skin; inert to very mildly irritating to eyes

Storage: Store in dry environment away from chemical vapors

- Cab-O-Sil® M-5 [Cabot/Cab-O-Sil]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Untreated fumed silica, undensed
 - CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4
 - Uses: Rheology control agent, reinforcing agent, flow control agent for adhesives, coatings, powd. coatings, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, defoamers, elastomers, foods, inks, insecticides, lubricants, plastisols, liq. resins, sealants, thermal insulation; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/ paperboard
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.350, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.1460, 177.2420, 177.2600, 182.90
 - *Properties:* Wh. fine powd., odorless; $0.2-0.3 \mu$ avg. particle size; 0.02% 325 mesh residue; insol. in water; sp.gr. 2.2; dens. 18.3 lb/gal; bulk dens. 2.5 lb/ft³; surf. area 200 ± 25 m²/g; ref. index 1.46; pH 3.7-4.3 (40% aq. slurry); > 99.8% assay
 - Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; nontoxic by ingestion; inert to mildly irritating to skin; inert to very mildly irritating to eyes

Storage: Store in dry environment away from chemical vapors

Cab-O-Sil® M-5P [Cabot/Cab-O-Sil]

Chem. Descrip .: Untreated fumed silica

CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Rheology control agent, flow control agent for cosmetics, pharmaceu-	<i>Storage:</i> 1 yr. shelf life @ 20 C Calimulse EM-22 [Pilot]
ticals, and foods; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cello-	Chem. Descrip.: Sodium branched dodecylbenzene sulfonate
board	Uses: Surfactant for emulsion polymerization of wide range of polymers incl.
<i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §1/5.105, 1/5.300, 1/5.350, 1/5.390, 1/6.1/0, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400,	SBR, vinyl acetate, vinyl chloride, styrene and acrylic latexes; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
177.1460, 177.2420, 177.2600, 182.90	Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600
2.5 lb/ft^3 ; surf. area $200 \pm 15 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$; pH 3.8-4.2 (4% aq. slurry)	anionic
Toxicology: LD50 (oral) > 5000 mg/kg	Custom prod.
temps.	<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Sodium branched dodecylbenzene sulfonate (hard)
Cab-O-Sil® M-7D [Cabot/Cab-O-Sil] Chem Descrip : Untreated fumed silica densed	CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4 //ses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization: food pkg. adhesives, rubber
CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4	articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; rec. for prods. which do
Uses: Reinforcing agent for adhesives, elastomers, sealants, silicones, coat- ings; food pkg, adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film,	not enter sewage streams Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105.176.210.177.2600
rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard	Properties: Liq.; 30% conc.; anionic
<i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §1/5.105, 1/5.300, 1/5.350, 1/5.390, 1/6.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400,	Chem. Descrip.: Sodium branched dodecylbenzene sulfonate
177.1460, 177.2420, 177.2600, 182.90	Chem. Analysis: sodium sulfate (0.5%); sodium chloride (0.1%)
$200 \pm 25 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}; ref. index 1.46; pH 3.7-4.3 (4% aq. slurry); > 99.8% assay$	Uses: Surfactant for emulsion polymerization incl. styrene and acrylic sys-
Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; inert to mildly irritating to skin; inert to	tems, styrene butadiene rubber, polyvinyl acetate, and polyvinyl chloride;
Storage: Store in dry environment away from chemical vapors	<i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600
Cab-O-Sil [®] MS-75D [Cabot/Cab-O-Sil] Chem Descrin : Untreated fumed silica densed	Properties: Flake; pH 7.0-9.5 (10% sol'n.); 96% act.; 1.5% max. water; anionic
CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4	Custom prod.
sives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film, rubber articles; de-	Chem. Descrip.: Branched dodecylbenzene sulfonic acid
foamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard	CAS 27176-87-0; EINECS/ELINCS 248-289-4
176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400,	food-contact paper/paperboard; for prods. which do not enter sewage streams
177.1460, 177.2420, 177.2600, 182.90 <i>Properties:</i> 0.02% 325 mesh residue: sp. gr. 2.2 bulk dens. 5 lb/ft ^{3,} surf. area	Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 Properties: Thick lig · 97% conc · anionic
$255 \pm 25 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$; ref. index 1.46; pH 3.7-4.3 (4% aq. slurry); > 99.8% assay	Calimulse L-22 [Pilot]
Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; inert to mildly irritating to skin; inert to very mildly irritating to eves	Chem. Descrip.: Sodium linear alkylbenzene sultonate (22% sol'n.) Uses: Surfactant for emulsion polymerization of range of polymers incl. SBR.
<i>Storage</i> : Store in chevironment away from chemical vapors	vinyl acetate, vinyl chloride, styrene and acrylic latexes; defoamer in food-
Cab-O-SII® PTG [Cabot/Cab-O-SII] Chem. Descrip.: Untreated fumed silica, undensed	contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles <i>Regulatory</i> : FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.365, 175.380,
CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4	176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1630,
inks, lubricants, pharmaceuticals, plastisols, liq. resins, sealants; food pkg.	<i>Properties:</i> Clear liq.; visc. 1500 (LVT #2 @ 30 rpm); pH 7-8.5; 22-24% act.
adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film, rubber articles;	Calimulse L-30 [Pilot] Chem. Descrip : Sodium linear alkylhenzene sulfonate (30% sol'n.)
<i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.350, 175.390, 176.170,	Uses: Surfactant for emulsion polymerization of range of polymers incl. SBR,
1/6.180, 1/6.200, 1/6.210, 1//.1200, 1//.1210, 1//.1350, 1//.1400, 177.1460, 177.2420, 177.2600, 182.90	vinyl acetate, vinyl chloride, styrene and acrylic latexes; defoamer in food- contact paper/paperboard: in food-contact textiles
Properties: 0.02% 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.2; bulk dens. 2.5 lb/ft ³ ; surf.	Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.365, 175.380,
area 200 ± 25 m²/g; ref. index 1.46; pH 3.7-4.3 (4% aq. siurry); > 99.8% assay	176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1630, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3120, 178.3400
<i>Toxicology:</i> LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; inert to mildly irritating to skin; inert to yory mildly irritating to over	Properties: Liq.; visc. 350 cps; pH 7-8.5; 30-33% solids
Storage: Store in dry environment away from chemical vapors	<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Sodium linear alkylbenzene sulfonate
Calcitem S [Microfill K. Zafranas]	Chem. Analysis: sodium sulfate (1.5%); unsulfonated matter (1.5%)
CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9	vinyl acetate, vinyl chloride, styrene and acrylic latexes; defoamer in food-
Uses: Filler for high quality emulsion paints, paper coatings, PVC dry blend or compounding, and rubber works	contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105. 175.300, 175.320, 175.365, 175.380.
Properties: Amorphous crystals; 65% < 2 µ; sp.gr. 2.7; bulk dens. 0.9 g/ml	176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1630,
(packed); of absorp. 29/100 g; dry brightness 94%; pH 9, ref. index 1.59; hardness (Mohs) 3 ; < 0.2% moisture	<i>Properties:</i> Slurry; pH 7-8 (5% sol'n.); 50-53% act.
Calgon PTH [BK Giulini Chemie]	Calimulse PR [Pilot]
Uses: Inorg. pigment dispersant used in paper finishing	CAS 26264-05-1; EINECS/ELINCS 247-556-2
Use Level: 0.2-0.4% (avg.); 0.5-0.7% (improves adhesive str. of coating colors): 1-2% (casein based colors)	Uses: Surtactant for emulsion polymerization; emulsifier for latexes; pigment dispersant and spreading agent in latex paints; defoamer in food-contact
Regulatory: BgVV compliant	paper/paperboard
Properties: wri. powu.; nigniy sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.0; pH 8.5 (10 g/l; 20 C)	Keyuidiury: FDAZIGEKSI/0.210

Properties: Pale amber clear visc. liq.; visc. 10,000 cps; pH 4-5 (50% IPA/ visc. 1100 cps; 97.5% act.; anionic Environmental: Biodeg water); 92-95% act.; anionic Calwhite[®] [Georgia Marble] Custom prod. Calimulse PRS [Pilot] Chem. Descrip.: Ground calcium carbonate Chem. Descrip.: Isopropylamine dodecylbenzene sulfonate CAS 26264-05-1; EINECS/ELINCS 247-556-2 Chem. Analysis: CaCO3 (95% min.) CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9 Uses: Surfactant for emulsion polymerization; emulsifier; solubilizer; dry Uses: Reinforcing filler for exterior/interior paints and coatings where flat and cleaning; degreasers; latex emulsifier; pigment dispersant; agric. sprays, oil med. gloss surfs. are required, paper coatings, adhesives, caulks and slick emulsifier; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard sealants based on acrylic, polyolefin, silicone, and PU, plastics (polyolefin, Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 PU, compr. and inj. molded, plastisols), rubber (NR, SR, latex), thermosets Properties: Clear amber liq.; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; pH 4.8; 90% conc.; anionic (BMC/SMC, pultrusion); extender for wh. and colored pigments; not for use Environmental: Biodeg. in o-rings and oil seals Calimulse SLS [Pilot] Properties: Powd.; 6.0 µ median particle size; 0.008% on 325 mesh; Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate, emulsion polymerization grade (30% fineness (Hegman) 5; oil absorp. 10; brightness 94; pH 9.0-9.5 sol'n.) Camel-CAL[®] [IMERYS] Chem. Analysis: sodium bicarbonate (0.15-0.25%); sodium sulfate (0.10-Chem. Descrip .: Calcium carbonate 0.50%); sodium chloride (0.10%) CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9 CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 Uses: Filler for water-based coatings and inks, paper, paper coatings, thermo-Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier for emulsion polymerization, styrene acrylics, sets (glass-reinforced polyester), thermoplastics (PP, ABS), PVC pipe, acrylics, vinyl chloride and styrene butadiene emulsions; defoamer in foodsiding, profiles, extrusion, film, sheeting, color concs., paint (gloss, semicontact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles; no formaldehyde present gloss, flat latex); improves impact str. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1210, Properties: Wh. powd.; 0.7 µ avg. particle diam.; 100% finer than 7 µ; 65% 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3400 finer than 1 µ; 0.14% sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.70-2.71; dens. 22.57 lb/gal Properties: Liq.; visc. 150 cps; pH 7.5-8.5 (10% sol'n.); 29.5-30.5% act.; solid; bulk dens. 35 lb/ft³ (loose); oil absorp. 28 cc/100 g; brightness (Hunter) anionic 96; ref. index 1.6; pH 9.5 (sat. sol'n.) Calnox® 214 [Aquaness] Toxicology: Nontoxic Camel-CAL® ST [IMERYS] Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic acid polymer, 70% sodium neutralized aq. sol'n. CAS 9003-04-7 Uses: Threshold effect scale inhibitor; dispersant; sequestrant; low m.w.; neutralized to sodium salt form to enhance sol. and freeze pt. Properties: Dens. 9.88 lb/gal (60 F); visc. (Hoeppler) 16-24 cps; f.p. 25-30 F; pH 4.7-5.3; 32 ± 1% act. Calnox[®] 214 DN [Aquaness] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate aq. sol'n. CAS 9003-04-7 Uses: Threshold effect scale inhibitor; dispersant; sequestrant; specially treated to minimize odor; low m.w. treatment Properties: Dens. 10.0 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 20-30 (Hoeppler); f.p. 18-20 F; pH 6.8-7.5; 33 ± 1% act. Calsan[™] 50 [BASF] Chem. Descrip .: Calcium stearate disp. CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8 Uses: Lubricant for paper coatings; low residue; low visc.; low entrained air; high whiteness; low sedimentation; rapid disp. in coating formulation Use Level: 0.5-2.0% solids on dry pigment solids latex) Properties: Liq.; 50% solids Calsan[™] 55 [BASF] Chem. Descrip .: Calcium stearate disp. CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8 Uses: Lubricant for paper coatings improving flow and leveling; permits inc. steam usage during supercalendering operations to achieve desired gloss levels while holding dusting to a min.; compat. with starch, protein or latextype binder systems (such as S/B, acrylics, or polyvinyl acetates) Use Level: 0.5-2.0% solids on dry pigment solids Properties: Liq.; 55% solids Calsan[™] 65 [BASF] stability Chem. Descrip.: Calcium stearate disp. CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8 Uses: Lubricant for paper coatings improving flow and leveling; permits inc. steam usage during supercalendering operations to achieve desired gloss levels while holding dusting to a min.; compat. with starch, protein or latextype binder systems (such as S/B, acrylics, or polyvinyl acetates) Toxicology: Nontoxic Use Level: 0.5-2.0% solids on dry pigment solids Properties: Liq.; 65% solids Calsoft® LAS-99 [Pilot] Chem. Descrip .: Dodecylbenzene sulfonic acid, linear CAS 27176-87-0; EINECS/ELINCS 248-289-4 Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, intermediate for liq. and dry detergents, hard surf. cleaners, stripping, wetting, foaming; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 178.3400 Properties: Klett 50 syrupy liq.; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.83 lb/gal;

Chem. Descrip.: Stearate-coated calcium carbonate

- Uses: Filler for water-based coatings and inks, paper, paper coatings, thermosets (glass-reinforced polyester), thermoplastics (PP, ABS), PVC pipe, siding, profiles, extrusion, film, sheeting, color concs., paint (gloss, semigloss, flat latex); improves impact str.; easy disp.; hydrophobic
- Properties: Wh. powd.; 0.7 µ avg. particle diam.; 100% finer than 7 µ; 65% finer than 1 µ; 0.14% sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.70-2.71; dens. 22.57 lb/gal solid; bulk dens. 25 lb/ft³ (loose); oil absorp. 28 cc/100 g; brightness (Hunter) 96; ref. index 1.6; pH 9.5 (sat. sol'n.); hardness (Moh) 3.0; 1% surface

Toxicology: Nontoxic

- Camel-CAL[®] Slurry [IMERYS] Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate slurry
 - CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9
 - Uses: Filler for aq. coatings and inks, paper, paper coatings, thermosets (glass-reinforced polyester), thermoplastics (PP, ABS), PVC pipe, siding, profiles, extrusion, film, sheeting, color concs., paints (gloss, semigloss, flat

Properties: Slurry; 0.7 µ avg. particle diam.; 100% finer than 7 µ; 90% finer than 2 µ; 0.14% sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.70-2.71; dens. 15.87 lb/gal; visc. 90-150 cps; brightness (Hunter) 96; ref. index 1.6; pH 9.5 (sat. sol'n.); hardness (Moh) 3.0; 75 ± 0.5% solids

Camel-FINE [IMERYS]

Chem. Descrip .: Calcium carbonate

CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9

- Uses: Filler for plastics, PVC, polyolefins, polyesters, BMC/SMC, paint, caulks, sealants, adhesives, paper, foam urethane, modified acrylics, filled thermosets/thermoplastics, and rubber; improves impact str., dimensional
- Regulatory: NSF approved for potable water materials
- Properties: Wh. powd.; 2 µ avg. particle diam.; 99.9% finer than 8 µ; 0.15% sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.70-2.71; dens. 22.57 lb/gal; bulk dens. 38 lb/ft³ (loose); oil absorp. 23 ± 1 cc/100 g; brightness (Hunter) 95; ref. index 1.6; pH 9.5 (sat.); hardness (Moh) 3.0

Camel-WITE[®] [IMERYS]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate

CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9

Uses: Filler for paints, paper, paper coating, PVC, rubber (automotive goods, footwear, medical supplies), thermoplastics (PP, nylon, urethanes, HDPE, LDPE, ABS, PS), thermosets (SMC, BMC, TMC glass reinforced polyesters, epoxy, alkaline phenolics), caulks, glazing compds., ceramics, adhesives, food processing

Properties: Very wh. dry powd.; 3.0 µ avg. particle diam.; 99.9% finer than 12 µ; 50% finer than 3 µ; 0.08% sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.70-2.71; dens. 22.57

lb/gal solid; bulk dens. 40 lb/ft³ (loose); oil absorp. 15 cc/100 g; brightness (Hunter) 95; ref. index 1.6; pH 9.5 (sat. sol'n.); hardness (Moh) 3.0 *Toxicology:* Nontoxic

Camel-WITE® Slurry [IMERYS]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate aq. slurry

CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9

- Uses: Filler for paints, paper, paper coating, PVC, rubber (automotive goods, footwear, medical supplies), thermoplastics (PP, nylon, urethanes, HDPE, LDPE, ABS, PS), thermosets (SMC, BMC, TMC glass reinforced polyesters, epoxy, alkaline phenolics), caulks, glazing compds., ceramics, adhesives, food processing
- Properties: Very wh. slurry; 3.0μ avg. particle diam.; 99.9% finer than 12μ ; 50% finer than 3μ ; 0.08% sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.70-2.71; dens. 15.3 lb/gal; bulk dens. 40 lb/ft^3 (loose); visc. 100-200; brightness (Hunter) 95; ref. index 1.6; pH 9.5 (sat. sol'n.; hardness (Moh) 3.0; $72.0 \pm 0.5\%$ solids

Camel-WITE® ST [IMERYS]

Chem. Descrip.: Surface-treated calcium carbonate

- Uses: Filler for paints, paper, paper coating, PVC, rubber (automotive goods, footwear, medical supplies), thermoplastics (PP, nylon, urethanes, HDPE, LDPE, ABS, PS), thermosets (SMC, BMC, TMC glass reinforced polyesters, epoxy, alkaline phenolics), caulks, glazing compds., ceramics, adhesives, food processing
- Properties: Very wh. dry powd.; 3.0 μ avg. particle diam.; 99% finer than 12 μ ; 50% finer than 3 μ ; 0.08% sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.70-2.71; dens. 22.57 lb/gal solid; bulk dens. 35 lb/ft³ (loose); oil absorp. 15 cc/100 g; brightness (Hunter) 95; ref. index 1.6; pH 9.5 (sat. sol'n.); hardness (Moh) 3.0; 1% surface treatment

Toxicology: Nontoxic

- Candelilla Wax SP 24A [Strahl & Pitsch]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Candelilla wax substitute

CAS 136097-95-5

- Uses: Wax used in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, precision casting, polishes, lubricants, adhesives, paper coatings and sizing, chewing gum base, elec. insulators, candle compositions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.320, 176.180; CTFA listed *Properties:* Amber crude lumps, refined lumps, flakes, or powd.; m.p. (R & B) 165-175 F; acid no. 2-10; sapon. no. 50-65; 45% max. paraffinic hydrocarbons

Candelilla Wax SP 50 [Strahl & Pitsch]

Chem. Descrip.: Candelilla wax

- CAS 8006-44-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-347-0
- Uses: Wax used in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, precision casting, polishes, lubricants, adhesives, paper coatings and sizing, chewing gum base, elec. insulators, candle compositions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.320, 176.180; CTFA listed *Properties:* Yel. crude lumps, refined lumps, flakes, or powd.; m.p. 68.5-72.5 C; acid no. 12-22; sapon. no. 43-65; flash pt. 241 C min.; 45% max.

paraffinic hydrocarbons

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Candelilla Wax SP 75 [Strahl & Pitsch]

- Chem. Descrip.: Candelilla wax
- CAS 8006-44-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-347-0
- Uses: Wax used in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, precision casting, polishes, lubricants, adhesives, paper coatings and sizing, chewing gum base, elec. insulators, candle compositions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.320, 176.180; CTFA listed Properties: Yel. crude lumps, refined lumps, flakes, or powd.; m.p. 68.5-72.5
- C; acid no. 12-22; sapon. no. 43-65; flash pt. 241 C min.; 45% max. paraffinic hydrocarbons

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Candelilla Wax SP 76 [Strahl & Pitsch]

Chem. Descrip.: Candelilla wax

- CAS 8006-44-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-347-0
- Uses: Wax used in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, precision casting, polishes, lubricants, adhesives, paper coatings and sizing, chewing gum base, elec. insulators, candle compositions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.320, 176.180; CTFA listed *Properties:* Yel. crude lumps, refined lumps, flakes, or powd.; m.p. 68.5-72.5

C; acid no. 12-22; sapon. no. 43-65; flash pt. 241 C min.; 45% max. paraffinic hydrocarbons

- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Candelilla Wax SP 78 Prime Quality Crude [Strahl & Pitsch] Chem. Descrip.: Candelilla wax

CAS 8006-44-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-347-0

Uses: Wax used in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, precision casting, polishes, lubricants, adhesives, paper coatings and sizing, chewing gum base, elec. insulators, candle compositions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.320, 176.180; CTFA listed *Properties:* Tan crude lumps, refined lumps, flakes, or powd.; m.p. 68.5-72.5 C; acid no. 12-22; sapon. no. 43-65; flash pt. 241 C min.; 45% max. paraffinic hydrocarbons

Toxicology: TSCA listed Candelilla Wax SP 99 [Strahl & Pitsch]

Chem. Descrip.: Candelilla wax

CAS 8006-44-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-347-0

Uses: Wax used in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, precision casting, polishes, lubricants, adhesives, paper coatings and sizing, chewing gum base, elec. insulators, candle compositions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.320, 176.180; CTFA listed *Properties:* Yel. crude lumps, refined lumps, flakes, or powd.; m.p. 68.5-72.5 C; acid no. 12-22; sapon. no. 43-65; flash pt. 241 C min.; 45% max. paraffinic hydrocarbons

Toxicology: TSCA listed Candelilla Wax SP 350 [Strahl & Pitsch]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Candelilla wax
 - CAS 8006-44-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-347-0
 - Uses: Wax used in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, precision casting, polishes, lubricants, adhesives, paper coatings and sizing, chewing gum base, elec. insulators, candle compositions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.320, 176.180; CTFA listed *Properties:* Yel. crude lumps, refined lumps, flakes, or powd.; m.p. 68.5-72.5 C; acid no. 12-22; sapon. no. 43-65; flash pt. 241 C min.; 45% max. paraffinic hydrocarbons

Toxicology: TSCA listed Candelilla Wax SP 803 [Strahl & Pitsch]

Chem. Descrip.: Candelilla wax substitute

CAS 136097-95-5

Uses: Wax used in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, precision casting, polishes, lubricants, adhesives, paper coatings and sizing, chewing gum base, elec. insulators, candle compositions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.320, 176.180; CTFA listed *Properties:* Tan crude lumps, refined lumps, flakes, or powd.; m.p. 174-180 F; acid no. 8-15; sapon. no. 30-40; 45% max. paraffinic hydrocarbons

Candelilla Wax Fine [Strahl & Pitsch]

- Chem. Descrip.: Candelilla wax
- CAS 8006-44-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-347-0
- Uses: Wax used in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, precision casting, polishes, lubricants, adhesives, paper coatings and sizing, chewing gum base, elec. insulators, candle compositions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.320, 176.180; CTFA listed *Properties:* Powd.; 98% min. thru 60 mesh, 70% min. thru 120 mesh, 30% min. thru 200 mesh, 10% min. thru 325 mesh; 45% max. paraffinic hydrocarbons

Toxicology: TSCA listed

CAP-482-0.5 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Cellulose acetate propionate ester

CAS 9004-39-1

- Uses: Film-former used in printing inks, paper coatings, cloth coatings; carrier for metallic and fluorescent pigments and dyes; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, films; wide solubility, high m.p., exc. grease barrier properties; forms films with fast solv. release, exc. antiblocking props.
- *Regulatory:* FDA §175.105, 175.230, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400; DOT nonregulated; SARA nonreportable

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<i>Properties:</i> Wh. fine powd.; low odor; sol. in 1,6-hexanediol diacrylate,	
trimethylolpropane triacrylate, tetraethylene glycol diacrylate; negligible sol.	
in water; m.w. 25,000; sp.gr. 1.23; visc. 1.52 poise; vapor pressure negli-	
gible; m.p. 188-210 C; ref. index 1.475; Tukon hardness 23; 100% solids;	
2.5% acetyl, 45% propionyl	
<i>loxicology:</i> LD50 (oral, rat) > 6400 mg/kg, (dermal, guinea pig) > 5000 mg/	
kg; sl. skin irritant or sensitizer; expected to be low ing. hazard; TSCA listed	
Precaution: Combustible solid; powd. material may form explosive dust-air	
mixts.; incompat. with strong oxidizers; mixing in a nonpolar hydrocarbon	
can cause static buildup which can cause flash fire	
Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion prods.: CO ₂ , CO	
HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0	
Storage: Keep container closed	
CAP-482-20 [Eastman]	
Chem. Descrip.: Cellulose acetate propionate	
CAS 9004-39-1	
Uses: Film-former used in printing inks, paper coatings, cloth coatings, nail	
polishes; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane,	
films; exc. grease barrier properties	
Regulatory: FDA §175.105, 175.230, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170,	
176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400; DOT nonregulated; SARA nonre-	
portable	
<i>Properties:</i> Wh. fine powd.; low odor; negligible sol. in water; m.w. 75,000;	
sp.gr. 1.23; dens. 10.2 lb/gal; visc. 76 poise; vapor pressure negligible;	
m.p. 188-210 C; ref. index 1.475; Tukon hardness 23; 100% act.; 2.5%	
max. acetyl, 45-49% propionyl	
<i>Toxicology:</i> LD50 (oral, rat) > 6400 mg/kg, (dermal, guinea pig) > 5000 mg/	
kg; sl. skin irritant or sensitizer; expected to be a low ing. hazard; TSCA	
listed	
Precaution: Combustible solid; powd. material may form explosive dust-air	
mixts.; can react with strong oxidizing materials; minimize dust generation	
and accumulation; mixing in a nonpolar hydrocarbon can cause static buildup	
which can cause flash fire	
Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion prods.: CO ₂ , CO	
HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0	
Storage: Keep container closed	
CAP-504-0.2 [Eastman]	
Chem. Descrip.: Cellulose acetate propionate ester	
CAS 9004-39-1	
Uses: Used in printing inks, nail polishes; forms stable one-pkg. thermoset	
systems; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane,	
films; exc. grease barrier properties	
Regulatory: FDA §175.105, 175.230, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170,	
176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400	
<i>Properties:</i> Wh. fine powd.; low odor; sol. in alcohol/water blends; m.w.	
15,000; dens. 1.26 kg/l; visc. 0.76 poise; m.p. 188-210 C; Tukon hardness	
20; 0.6% acetyl, 42.5% propionyl	
Carbital® 35 [IMERYS]	
Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate (limestone)	
CAS 1317-65-3	
Uses: Filler, pigment, reinforcing agent for paper, paints, polymers, food,	
caulks, matte or dull coatings; medfine; wet-ground	
<i>Properties:</i> Wh. powd. or 72% solids slurry; odorless; 0.005% max. 325	
mesh; fineness 35% 2 µ; negligible sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.71; dens 15.32 lb/	
gal (72% solids); visc. 500 cps (72%); surf. area 3.5 m²/g; pH 9-10;	
nonflamm.; TLV/TWA 10 mg/m ³	
Precaution: Considered nuisance dust; incompat. with acids	
Carbital® 75 [IMERYS]	
Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate (limestone)	
LAS 1317-05-3	
Uses: Filler, pigment, reinforcing agent for paper, paint, polymers, food,	
cauiks, etc.; ultratine; exc. optical properties; low visc., low adhesive	
demand in coatings, good retention as tiller	
Properties: wn. powd. or /5% solids slurry; odorless; 0.005% max. 325	
mesn; tineness /5% 2 μ ; negligible sol. in water; sp.gr. 2. /1; dens 15.87 lb/	
gai (/2% solids); visc. 250 cps (/2%); surf. area 8 m ² /g; pH 9-10;	
nonriamm.; ILV/IVAIUmg/m ³	
Precaution: Considered nuisance dust; incompat. with acids	
	10

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate (limestone)

CAS 1317-65-3

Uses: Pigment, filler, reinforcing agent for paper, paint, polymers, food, caulks,

etc.; high brightness pigment for coating high quality papers; ultrafine; offers low visc., low abrasion

Properties: Wh. powd. or 75% solids slurry; odorless; 0.005% max. 325 mesh; fineness 90% 2 µ; negligible sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.71; dens 15.87 lb/ gal (72% solids); visc. 250 cps (72%); surf. area 12 m²/g; pH 9-10; nonflamm.; TLV/TWA 10 mg/m

Precaution: Considered nuisance dust; incompat. with acids

Carbodash 103 [NOF]

Chem. Descrip.: Mixt. of special nonions Uses: Deinking agent for paper industry; low foaming

- Properties: Lt. yellowish liq. Carbopol® 907 [BFGoodrich]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylic acid

CAS 9003-01-4

- Uses: Emulsifier, thickener, stabilizer, suspending agent, lubricant used for drilling muds, photosensitive emulsions, water treatment, cosmetic and personal care applics., topical pharmaceuticals; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, 177.2260; 40CFR §180.1001; JSPI compliance
- Properties: Wh. fluffy powd.; sol. in water, polar solvs., many nonpolar solvs. blends; sp.gr. 1.41; bulk dens. 208 kg/m³; visc. 0-3000 cps (4%); pH 2.5-3.0 (1% aq. disp.); 100% conc.; anionic

Environmental: Low aquatic toxicity; BOD=0, nonbiodeg.; removed with the biomass in typ. wastewater treatment

Storage: 2 yr min. shelf life stored in sealed containers, protected from moisture and extreme temps.; hygroscopic

Carbopol® 910 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Carbomer 910

- CAS 9003-01-4
- Uses: Emulsifier; thickener; stabilizer; suspending agent; used for flocking, dip coating, textile back coating; cosmetic and personal care applics.; topical pharmaceuticals; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, 177.2260; 40CFR §180.1001; NF, BP, JSPI compliance
- Properties: Wh. fluffy powd.; sol. in water, polar solvs., many nonpolar solvs. blends; sp.gr. 1.41; bulk dens. 208 kg/m³; visc. 3000-7000 cps (1%); pH 2.5-3.0 (1% aq. disp.); 100% conc.; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 10.25 g/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 3 g/kg, (inh., rat) 1.71 mg/l; eye irritant; sl. skin irritant
- Storage: 2 yr min. shelf life stored in sealed containers, protected from moisture and extreme temps.; hygroscopic

Carbopol® 934 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Carbomer 934

- Uses: Rheology agent, emulsifier, thickener, stabilizer, suspending agent for lubricating, quenching and silicone emulsions, graphite, polyethylene, fiber and paper suspensions, stable pharmaceutical emulsions and suspensions, aq. and solv.-based gels; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, 177.2260; 40CFR §180.1001; NF, BP, JSPI compliance; EPA hazardous waste; SARA §312 chronic health hazard, §313 reportable (benzene)
- Properties: Wh. fluffy powd.; sl. acetic odor; sol. in water, polar solvs., many nonpolar solvs. blends; sp.gr. 1.41; bulk dens. 208 kg/m³; visc. 30,500-39,400 cps (0.5%); pH 2.5-3.0 (1% aq. disp.); 100% conc.; < 2% moisture: anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2500 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 3000 mg/kg; dust may cause eye irritation, pain; dust inh. may cause coughing, mucous prod., shortness of breath; prolonged/repeated exposure may cause contact dermatitis; TSCA listed
- Environmental: LC50 (daphnia magna, 96 h) 168-280 mg/l; low aquatic toxicity; BOD=0, nonbiodeg.; removed with the biomass in typ. wastewater treatment
- Precaution: Take precautions against dust explosion; heat may be generated in contact with strong basic materials such as ammonia, sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, or strongly basic amines

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, hydrocarbons, irritating vapors

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

CAS 9003-01-4

Storage: 2 yr min. shelf life stored in sealed containers, protected from moisture and extreme temps.; hygroscopic

Carbopol® 934P [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Carbomer 934P

CAS 9003-01-4

- Uses: For pharmaceutical industry; thickener; suspending agent; emulsifier for topical lotions and sustained release tablets, oral pharmaceuticals; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers; defoamer in foodcontact coatings; high purity grade
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21ČFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, 177.2260; 40CFR §180.1001; NF, BP, IP, JSPI compliance
- Properties: Wh. fluffy powd., sl. acetic odor; m.w. ≈ 3,000,000; sol. in water, polar solvs., many nonpolar solvs. blends; sp.gr. 1.41; bulk dens. 208 kg/m³; visc. 2050-5450 cps (0.2%), 29,400-39,400 cps (0.5%); pH 2.5-3.0 (1% aq. disp.); anionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2.5-40 g/kg, low acute toxicity; mild eye irritant; minimal skin irritant
- *Storage:* 2 yr min. shelf life stored in sealed containers, protected from moisture and extreme temps.; hygroscopic

Carbopol® 940 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Carbomer 940

CAS 9003-01-4

- Uses: Emulsifier, thickener, stabilizer, suspending agent used in cosmetics, topical pharmaceuticals, for die-casting and forging lubricants, thixotropic paints; solvent thickening with or without neutralizing; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, 177.2260; 40CFR §180.1001; NF, BP, JSPI compliance; EPA hazardous waste; SARA §312 chronic health hazard, §313 reportable (benzene)
- Properties: Wh. fluffy powd.; sl. acetic odor; sol. in water, polar solvs., many nonpolar solvs. blends; sp.gr. 1.41; bulk dens. 208 kg/m³; visc. 40,000-60,000 cps (0.5%); pH 2.5-3.0 (1% aq. disp.); 100% conc., < 2% moisture; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2500 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 3000 mg/kg; dust may cause eye irritation, pain; dust inh. may cause coughing, mucous prod., shortness of breath; prolonged/repeated exposure may cause contact dermatitis; TSCA listed
- *Environmental:* LC50 (daphnia magna, 96 h) 168-280 mg/l; low aquatic toxicity; BOD=0; nonbiodeg.; removed with the biomass in typ. wastewater treatment
- *Precaution:* Take precautions against dust explosion; heat may be generated in contact with strong basic materials such as ammonia, sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, or strongly basic amines
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, hydrocarbons, irritating vapors NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: 2 yr min. shelf life stored in sealed containers, protected from moisture and extreme temps.; hygroscopic

Carbopol® 941 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip .: Carbomer 941

CAS 9003-01-4

- Uses: Emulsifier, thickener for cosmetics and topical pharmaceuticals; emulsion stabilizer for shampoos, lotions, and thin gels with good clarity; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers; defoamer in foodcontact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, 177.2260; 40CFR §180.1001; NF, JSPI compliance; EPA hazardous waste; SARA §312 chronic health hazard, §313 reportable (benzene)
- Properties: Wh. fluffy powd.; sl. acetic odor; sol. in water, polar solvs., many nonpolar solvs. blends; sp.gr. 1.41; bulk dens. 208 kg/m³; visc. 4000-11,000 cps (0.5%); pH 2.5-3.0 (1% aq. disp.); 100% conc.; < 2% moisture; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2500 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 3000 mg/kg; dust may cause eye irritation, pain; dust inh. may cause coughing, mucous prod., shortness of breath; prolonged/repeated exposure may cause contact dermatitis; TSCA listed
- *Environmental:* LC50 (daphnia magna, 96 h) 168-280 mg/l; nonbiodeg.; removed with the biomass in typ. wastewater treatment
- Precaution: Take precautions against dust explosion; heat may be generated in contact with strong basic materials such as ammonia, sodium hydroxide,

potassium hydroxide, or strongly basic amines

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO_2 , CO_2 , hydrocarbons, irritating vapors NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Storage: 2 yr min. shelf life stored in sealed containers, protected from moisture and extreme temps.; hygroscopic
- Carbopol® 971P [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Carbomer 941 (polymerized in ethyl acetate) CAS 9003-01-4

- Uses: Emulsifier, thickener, stabilizer, suspending agent for pharmaceuticals, esp. oral and mucoadhesive applics., controlled-release tablets, oral suspensions, transdermals, low-visc. clear topical lotions and gels; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- *Regulaĭory*: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, 177.2260; 40CFR §180.1001; USP/NF, BP, JSPI compliance
- Properties: Wh. fluffy powd., sl. acetic odor; 2-6 μ particle size; sp.gr. 1.41; bulk dens. 208 kg/m³; visc. 4000-11,000 cps (0.5%); acid no. 700-750; pH 2.5-3.0 (1% aq. disp.); anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (dermal, rabbit) > 2.0 g/kg; nonirritating to eyes; nonsensitizing to human skin
- Storage: 2 yr min. shelf life stored in sealed containers, protected from moisture and extreme temps.; hygroscopic
- Carbopol® 974P [BFGoodrich]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Carbomer 934P (polymerized in ethyl acetate) CAS 9003-01-4
 - Uses: Emulsifier, thickener, stabilizer, suspending agent for pharmaceuticals, esp. oral and mucoadhesive applics., controlled-release tablets, oral suspensions, transdermals, topicals; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/ paperboard, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, 177.2260; 40CFR §180.1001; NF, BP, JSPI compliance
 - *Properties:* Wh. fluffy powd.; sp.gr. 1.41; bulk dens. 208 kg/m³; visc. 29,400-39,400 cps (0.5%); pH 2.5-3.0 (1% aq. disp.); anionic
 - Toxicology: LD50 (dermal, rabbit) > 2.0 g/kg; nonirritating to eyes; nonsensitizing to human skin
 - Storage: 2 yr min. shelf life stored in sealed containers, protected from moisture and extreme temps.; hygroscopic
- Carbopol® 980 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Carbomer 940

CAS 9003-01-4

- Uses: Solvent thickener for cosmetics, topical pharmaceuticals, sparkling clear water or hydroalcoholic topical gels, aq. or solv. systems; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings; for use with or without neutralizing
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, 177.2260; 40CFR §180.1001; NF, DAB, JSPI compliance; SARA §312 chronic health hazard
- *Properties:* Wh. fluffy powd.; sl. acetic odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.41; bulk dens. 208 kg/m³; visc. 13,000-30,000 cps (0.2%), 40,000-60,000 cps (0.5%); pH 2.5-3.0 (1% aq. disp.); < 2% moisture
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 2500 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 3000 mg/kg; sl. irritating to skin; minimal eye irritant; dust inh. may cause coughing, mucous prod., shortness of breath; prolonged/repeated exposure may cause contact dermatitis; TSCA listed
- *Environmental:* LC50 (daphnia magna, 96 h) 168-280 mg/l; nonbiodeg.; removed with the biomass in typ. wastewater treatment
- Precaution: Take precautions against dust explosion; heat may be generated in contact with strong basic materials such as ammonia, sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, or strongly basic amines

Hazardous Décomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, hydrocarbons, irritating vapors NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: 2 yr min. shelf life stored in sealed containers, protected from moisture and extreme temps.; hygroscopic

Carbopol® 981 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Carbomer 941

CAS 9003-01-4

Uses: Emulsifier, thickener for low visc. sparkling clear pharmaceutical topical gels, emulsion stabilization of topical lotions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings; effective in mod. ionic systems

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, 177.2260; 40CFR §180.1001; NF, JSPI compliance; SARA §312 chronic health hazard
- *Properties:* Wh. fluffy powd.; sl. acetic odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.41; bulk dens. 208 kg/m³; visc. 4000-10,000 cps (0.5%); pH 2.5-3.0 (1% aq. disp.); < 2% moisture; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2500 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 3000 mg/kg; sl. irritating to skin; minimal eye irritant; dust inh. may cause coughing, mucous prod., shortness of breath; prolonged/repeated exposure may cause contact dermatitis; TSCA listed
- *Environmental:* LC50 (daphnia magna, 96 h) 168-280 mg/l; nonbiodeg.; removed with the biomass in typ. wastewater treatment
- Precaution: Take precautions against dust explosion; heat may be generated in contact with strong basic materials such as ammonia, sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, or strongly basic amines
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, hydrocarbons, irritating vapors
- NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- *Storage:* 2 yr min. shelf life stored in sealed containers, protected from moisture and extreme temps.; hygroscopic

Carbopol® 1342 [BFGoodrich]

- Chem. Descrip.: Acrylates/C10-30 alkyl acrylate crosspolymer
- Uses: Rheology agent, emulsifier, stabilizer, moisturizer, thickener, gellant for cosmetic emulsions, skin care prods., topical pharmaceuticals; emulsion stabilizer; light gellant for water or hydroalcoholic systems; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings; for pourable prods. contg. suspended incompat. ingreds.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, 177.2260; 40CFR §180.1001; NF, JSCI compliance; EPA hazardous waste; SARA §312 chronic health hazard, §313 reportable (benzene)
- Properties: Wh. fluffy powd., sl. acetic odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.41; bulk dens. 208 kg/m³; visc. 9500-26,500 cps (1%); pH 2.5-3.0 (1% aq. disp.); < 2% moisture; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2500 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 3000 mg/kg; nonirritating to skin; mod. eye irritant in conc. form, nonirritating @ 1%; dust inh. may cause coughing, mucous prod., shortness of breath; may cause contact dermatitis; TSCA listed
- *Environmental:* LC50 (daphnia magna, 96 h) 168-280 mg/l; nonbiodeg.; removed with the biomass in typ. wastewater treatment
- Precaution: Take precautions against dust explosion; heat may be generated in contact with strong basic materials such as ammonia, sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, or strongly basic amines
- Hazardous Décomp. Prods.: CO, CO2, hydrocarbons, irritating vapors
- NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: 2 yr min. shelf life stored in sealed containers, protected from moisture and extreme temps.; hygroscopic

Carbopol® 1382 [BFGoodrich]

- Chem. Descrip.: Acrylates/C10-30 alkyl acrylate crosspolymer
- Uses: Rheology agent, thickener, emulsion stabilizer for cosmetics, topical pharmaceuticals; light gellant for water or hydroalcoholic systems; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings; formulation of pourable prods. contg. suspended incompat. ingreds.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, 177.2260; 40CFR §180.1001; JSCI compliance
- *Properties:* Wh. fluffy powd.; sp.gr. 1.41; bulk dens. 208 kg/m³; visc. 25,000-45,000 (1%); pH 2.5-3.0 (1% aq. disp.); anionic

Toxicology: SI. skin irritant; borderline eye irritant

Storage: 2 yr min. shelf life stored in sealed containers, protected from moisture and extreme temps.; hygroscopic

Carbopol® 2984 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip .: Carbomer

CAS 9003-01-4

- Uses: Rheology agent, emulsifier, thickener, stabilizer, suspending agent used in cosmetics, topical pharmaceutical stable emulsions and suspensions, aq. and solv.-based gels; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/ paperboard, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, 177.2260; 40CFR §180.1001; BP, JSPI compliance; SARA §312 chronic health hazard
- Properties: Wh. fluffy powd.; sl. acetic odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.41; bulk dens. 208 kg/m³; visc. 45,000-80,000 cps (0.5%); pH 2.5-3.0 (1% aq. disp.); < 2% moisture; anionic

- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 2500 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 3000 mg/kg; dust may cause pain, eye irritation; dust inh. may cause coughing, mucous prod., shortness of breath; prolonged/repeated exposure may cause contact dermatitis; TSCA listed
- *Environmental:* LC50 (daphnia magna, 96 h) 168-280 mg/l; nonbiodeg.; removed with the biomass in typ. wastewater treatment
- Precaution: Take precautions against dust explosion; heat may be generated in contact with strong basic materials such as ammonia, sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, or strongly basic amines

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO2, hydrocarbons, irritating vapors

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: 2 yr min. shelf life stored in sealed containers, protected from moisture and extreme temps.; hygroscopic

Carbopol® 5984 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Carbomer

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CAS 9003-01-4
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- Uses: Rheology agent, emulsifier, thickener, stabilizer, suspending agent used in cosmetics, topical pharmaceutical stable emulsions and suspensions, aq. and solv. based gels; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/ paperboard, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, 177.2260; 40CFR §180.1001; BP, JSPI compliance; SARA §312 chronic health hazard
- *Properties:* Wh. fluffy powd.; sl. acetic odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.41; bulk dens. 208 kg/m³; visc. 25,000-45,000 cps (0.5%); pH 2.5-3.0 (1% aq. disp.); < 2% moisture; anionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 2500 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 3000 mg/kg; dust may cause pain, eye irritation; dust inh. may cause coughing, mucous prod., shortness of breath; prolonged/repeated exposure may cause contact dermatitis; TSCA listed
- *Environmental:* LC50 (daphnia magna, 96 h) 168-280 mg/l; nonbiodeg.; removed with the biomass in typ. wastewater treatment
- Precaution: Take precautions against dust explosion; heat may be generated in contact with strong basic materials such as ammonia, sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, or strongly basic amines
- *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* CO, CO₂, hydrocarbons, irritating vapors NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: 2 yr min. shelf life stored in sealed containers, protected from moisture and extreme temps.; hygroscopic

Carbopol® ETD 2001 [BFGoodrich]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Crosslinked acrylic acid polymer with processing aid *Uses:* Rheology agent, thickener, stabilizer, suspending agent for topical pharmaceutical aq. or solv. systems, sparkling clear water or hydroalcoholic topical gels; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings; easier to disperse and mix
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, 177.2260; 40CFR §180.1001; SARA §312 chronic health hazard
- *Properties:* Wh. fluffy powd.; sl. acetic odor; sp.gr. 1.41; bulk dens. 208 kg/ m³; visc. 45,000-65,000 cps (0.5%); pH 2.5-3.0 (1% aq. disp.); < 2% moisture
- *Toxicology:* SI. skin irritant in conc. form, non to very sl. irritant @ 1%; sl. to mod. eye irritant (undiluted); dust inh. may cause coughing, mucous prod., shortness of breath; TSCA listed
- *Environmental:* LC50 (daphnia magna, 96 h) 168-280 mg/l; nonbiodeg.; removed with the biomass in typ. wastewater treatment
- Precaution: Take precautions against dust explosion; heat may be generated in contact with strong basic materials such as ammonia, sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, or strongly basic amines

potassium hydroxide, or strongly basic amines Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, hydrocarbons, irritating vapors NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: 2 yr min. shelf life stored in sealed containers, protected from moisture and extreme temps.; hygroscopic

Carbopol® ETD 2020 [BFGoodrich]

- Chem. Descrip.: Crosslinked acrylic acid polymer with processing aid
- Uses: Thickener, emulsion stabilizer for cosmetics, topical pharmaceuticals; light gellant for water or hydroalcoholic systems; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings; formulation of pourable prods. contg. suspended incompat. ingreds.; easier to disperse and mix
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, 177.2260; 40CFR §180.1001; SARA §312 chronic

health hazard

- *Properties*: Wh. fluffy powd.; sl. acetic odor; sp.gr. 1.41; bulk dens. 208 kg/ m³; visc. 32,000-77,000 cps (1%); pH 2.5-3.0 (1% aq. disp.); < 2% moisture
- Toxicology: SI. skin irritant in conc. form, non to very sl. irritant @ 1%; sl. to mod. eye irritant (undiluted); dust inh. may cause coughing, mucous prod., shortness of breath; TSCA listed
- Environmental: LC50 (daphnia magna, 96 h) 168-280 mg/l; nonbiodeg.; removed with the biomass in typ. wastewater treatment
- Precaution: Take precautions against dust explosion; heat may be generated in contact with strong basic materials such as ammonia, sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, or strongly basic amines

Hazardous Décomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, hydrocarbons, irritating vapors

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: 2 yr min. shelf life stored in sealed containers, protected from moisture and extreme temps.; hygroscopic

Carbopol® ETD 2050 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Crosslinked acrylic acid polymer with processing aid

- Uses: Emulsifier, thickener for low visc. sparkling clear pharmaceutical topical gels, emulsion stabilization of topical lotions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings; effective in mod. ionic systems; easier to disperse and mix
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, 177.2260; 40CFR §180.1001; SARA §312 chronic health hazard
- Properties: Wh. fluffy powd.; sl. acetic odor; sp.gr. 1.41; bulk dens. 208 kg/ m³; visc. 8000-16,500 cps (0.5%); pH 2.5-3.0 (1% aq. disp.); < 2% moisture

Toxicology: SI. skin irritant in conc. form, non to very sl. irritant @ 1%; sl. to mod. eye irritant (undiluted); dust inh. may cause coughing, mucous prod., shortness of breath; TSCA listed

- Environmental: Nonbiodeg.; removed with the biomass in typ. wastewater treatment
- *Precaution:* Take precautions against dust explosion; heat may be generated in contact with strong basic materials such as ammonia, sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, or strongly basic amines

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, hydrocarbons, irritating vapors

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: 2 yr min. shelf life stored in sealed containers, protected from moisture and extreme temps.; hygroscopic

Carboset® 514A [BFGoodrich]

- Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic sol'n. polymer in IPA
- Uses: Thermoplastic film-forming resin used in protective metal coatings, paints, ceramics, adhesives, textiles, paper, leather, cosmetics, floor polishes, chemical specialties; exc. dispersant, leveling, and binding char.; rec. for solv. and solv./water formulations
- Properties: Colorless to sl. ylsh. clear sol'n.; m.w. 30,000; water-sol.; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 25,000 MPa•s; acid no. 65; tens. str. 11.0 MPa; tens. elong. 50%; hardness (Sward) 24; 70% NV

Carboset® 514H [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic colloidal disp. in ammonia water

- Uses: Thermoplastic film-forming resin used in protective metal coatings, latex paints, inks, ceramics, adhesives, textiles, paper, leather, cosmetics, floor polishes, chemical specialties; exc. dispersant, leveling, and binding chars.; provides exc. pigment wetting and gloss to coating systems; rec. for clear lacquers, fastener coatings, temporary alkali strippable coating systems
- Properties: Milky wh. disp.; m.w. 30,000; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 3500 MPa•s; acid no. 65; pH 7; film props.: clear, glossy; tens. str. 11.0 MPa; tens. elong. 50%; hardness (Sward) 24; 40% act. in ammonia water Carboset® 515 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylates copolymer

CAS 25133-97-5

- Uses: Thermoplastic film-forming resin used in protective metal coatings, latex paints, ceramics, adhesives, textiles, cosmetics, paper, leather, floor polishes, chemical specialties; exc. dispersant, leveling, and binding chars.: plasticizer for solv. or waterborne systems; provides exc. pigment wetting Protecting Colored as a construction of the systems; provides exc. pigment wetting
- Properties: Colorless clear visc. liq.; m.w. 7000; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; visc. 2 x 10⁶ MPa•s; acid no. 60-65; 100% NV

Carboset® 525 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic resin

Uses: Thermoplastic film-forming resin used in protective metal coatings,

paints, ceramics, printing inks, adhesives, textiles, paper, leather, cosmetics, floor polishes, chemical specialties; binder for photoresists; primer for films; exc. dispersant, leveling, and binding chars.; rec. for solv. lacquers and to modify solv. systems; produces hard, high gloss, tough films

Properties: Wh. gran. solid; sol. in alkaline water or solvs.; m.w. 210,000; sp.gr. 1.2; dens. 10 lb/gal; visc. 9000 cps (15% in ammonia water); acid no. 76-85; tens. str. 26.2 MPa; tens. elong. 165%; hardness (Sward) 24; 99% NV

Carboset® 531 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic colloidal disp. in ammonia water

- Uses: Thermoset film-forming resin used in protective metal coatings, paints, printing inks, ceramics, adhesives, textile print pastes, paper, leather, cosmetics, floor polishes, chemical specialties; exc. dispersant, leveling, and binding chars.; binder for nonwoven fabrics; rec. for bake finishes; produces extremely hard, tough, stain resist. finishes with exc. water, humidity, and corrosion resist.
- *Properties:* Wh. translucent sol'n.; m.w. 106 (cured); sp.gr. 1.046; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 20,000 cps; acid no. 32; pH 8.0; hardness (Sward) 24; 25% act.

Carboset® GA1086 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic copolymer emulsion

CAS 25133-97-5

- Uses: High gloss vehicle for overprint varnishes on paper, paperboard, and foil, for use in industrial and plastic coatings; exc. clarity and adhesion to treated polyolefins
- Properties: Dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 200 cps; pH 7.8; hardness (Konig) 35; 48% NV by wt.

Carboset® GA1604 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic copolymer emulsion

CAS 25133-97-5

- Uses: Vehicle for clear coatings on paper, paperboard, and other board coating applics.; inks and overprint varnishes; heat resist.; good block resist. and heat resist. to 450 F
- Properties: Dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. 600 cps; pH 8.7; hardness (Konig) 38; 42% NV by wt.

Carbowax[®] PEG 300 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-6

- CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 220-045-1
- Uses: Coupling agent, solvent, vehicle, humectant, lubricant, binder, base used in adhesives, agric., ceramics, cosmetics/toiletries, electroplating/ electropolishing, food processing, household prods., lubricants, metal fabrication, paints, paper, pharmaceuticals, printing, rubber and elastomers, textiles, wood processing; chem. intermediate; food pkg. adhesives and foodcontact articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 178.3750, 178.3910; EPA regulated

Properties: Water-wh. visc. liq.; sol. in water, alcohols, glycerin, glycols; m.w. 285-315; sp.gr. 1.1250; dens. 9.38 lb/gal; visc. 5.8 cSt (99 C); f.p. -15 to -8 C; hyd. no. 356-394; flash pt. (PMCC) > 180 C; ref. index 1.463; pH 4.5-7.5 (5% aq.); surf. tens. 44.5 dynes/cm; nonionic

Carbowax® PEG 540 Blend [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-6 and PEG-32 (41:59)

- Uses: Base for ointments and suppositories; also for adhesives, agric., ceramics, chem. intermediates, electroplating, household prods., lubricants, metal fabrication, paints, paper, printing, rubber, textiles, wood processing; food pkg. adhesives and food-contact articles
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 178.3750, 178.3910; EPA regulated *Properties:* Soft solid; sol. in methylene chloride, 73% in water, 50% in trichloroethylene, 48% in methanol; m.w. 500-600; sp.gr. 1.0930 (60 C); dens. 9.17 lb/gal (55 C); visc. 15.1 cSt (210 F); f.p. 38-41; flash pt. (CCC) > 350 F; pH 4.5-7.5 (5% ag.)

> 350 F; pH 4.5-7.5 (5% aq.) Cardipol® LP 0-25 [Baker Petrolite]

Chem. Descrip.: Oxidized polyethylene

CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Uses: For formulating hot-melt adhesives; food pkg. adhesives and textiles; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, food-contact paper/paperboard *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800

Properties: Color 1.5 (D1500) wax; m.p. 104.4 C; acid no. 32; sapon. no. 72 Carnauba Wax SP 8 [Strahl & Pitsch]

Chem. Descrip.: Carnauba (Copernicia cerifera) wax

CAS 8015-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-399-4

Uses: Wax for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, ointments, tablet coatings, candles, confections, investment casting, auto/floor/shoe polishes, carbon paper, inks,

paper coatings, fruit coatings	
Regulatory: FDA21CFR §182.1978; CTFAIIsted	
Toxicology: TSCA listed Carnauba Max SD 50.2 [Strahl & Ditech]	
Chem Descrin · Carnauha wax substitute	
CAS 8015-86-9: FINECS/FLINCS 232-399-4	
Uses: Wax for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, ointments, tablet coatings, candles,	
confections, investment casting, auto/floor/shoe polishes, carbon paper, inks,	
paper coatings, fruit coatings	
Regulatory: FDA21CFR §182.1978; CTFA listed	Ca
Properties: Lt. brn. flakes, lumps, or powd.; m.p. 175-187 F; acid no. 8-15;	
sapon. no. 80-95	
Carnauba Wax SP 63 [Strahl & Pitsch]	
CAS 2015 24 OF EINECS/ELINCS 222 200 A	
Uses: Way for cosmotics inharmaceuticals initments tablet coatings candles	
confections investment casting auto/floor/shoe polishes carbon paper inks	
paper coatings, fruit coatings	
Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §182.1978; CTFA listed	
Properties: Yel. flakes, lumps, or powd.; m.p. 83 C min.; acid no. 2-6; sapon.	Ca
no. 78-88; flash pt. 310 C min.; 2% max. paraffinic hydrocarbons	
Toxicology: TSCA listed	
Carnauba Wax SP 63 NF [Strahl & Pitsch]	
Chem. Descrip.: Carnauba wax	
CAS 8015-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-399-4	
confactions invoctment casting auto/floor/choopalishos carbon paper inks	
confiections, investment casting, auto/noon/snoe polisnes, carbon paper, inks, naner coatings fruit coatings	
Regulatory EDA 21CER \$182 1978: CTEA listed	
Properties: Yel, flakes, lumps, or powd.; m.p. 80-86 C min.; acid no. 2-7:	Ca
sapon. no. 78-95; 0.004% max. heavy metals	
Toxicology: TSCA listed	
Carnauba Wax SP 64 (Extra Light) [Strahl & Pitsch]	
Chem. Descrip.: Carnauba wax substitute	
CAS 8015-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-399-4	
Uses: Wax for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, ointments, tablet coatings, candles,	
confections, investment casting, auto/floor/snoe polisnes, carbon paper, inks,	
paper coalings, null coalings Dogulatory: EDA 21CED \$192 1079: CTEA listod	
Properties: Yel flakes lumps or nowd · m n 75-80 C· acid no 8-12· sanon	Ca
no. 46-54	oui
Toxicology: TSCA listed	
Carnauba Wax SP 135 [Strahl & Pitsch]	
Chem. Descrip.: Carnauba wax substitute	
CAS 8015-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-399-4	
Uses: Wax for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, ointments, tablet coatings, candles,	
confections, investment casting, auto/floor/shoe polishes, carbon paper, inks,	
paper coalings, ifull coalings	
Properties: Tan flakes lumps or nowd · m n 160-175 F· acid no 5 may ·	Ca
sapon no 15-21	Oui
Carnauba Wax SP 142 [Strahl & Pitsch]	
Chem. Descrip.: Carnauba wax	
CAS 8015-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-399-4	
Uses: Wax for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, ointments, tablet coatings, candles,	
confections, investment casting, auto/floor/shoe polishes, carbon paper, inks,	
paper coatings, fruit coatings	•
Regulatory: FDA2TCFR§182.1978; CTFAllsted	Ca
Properties: Bitt. liakes, luttips, of power; Itt.p. 82.5 C Ittill.; actuation 4-10; sanon no 79 99; flash nt 200 C min : 2% may paraffinis hydrocarbons	
Toxicology TSCA listed	
Carnauba Wax SP 200 [Strahl & Pitsch]	
Chem. Descrip.: Carnauba wax	
CAS 8015-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-399-4	
Uses: Wax for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, ointments, tablet coatings, candles,	
confections, investment casting, auto/floor/shoe polishes, carbon paper, inks,	
paper coatings, fruit coatings	Ca
Regulatory: FDA21CFR§182.1978; C1FAlisted	
rioperiles: Tail liakes, lumps, or power; m.p. 82.5 C min.; acia no. 4-10; sapon no. 78 88; flash nt. 200 C min.; 20/ may paraffinic hydrocerhone	
sapon. no. 70-00, nash pr. 299 C min., 270 max. parannin nyurocarbons Toxicology: TSCA listed	
Carnauba Wax Coarse [Strahl & Pitsch]	
canada nan oodioo loudin a noonj	

Chem. Descrip .: Carnauba wax CAS 8015-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-399-4 Uses: Wax for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, ointments, tablet coatings, candles, confections, investment casting, auto/floor/shoe polishes, carbon paper, inks, paper coatings, fruit coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §182.1978; CTFA listed Properties: Powd.; 80% min. thru 60 mesh, 60% min. thru 120 mesh, 20% min. thru 200 mesh, 10% min. thru 325 mesh *Toxicology:* TSCA listed mauba Wax Fine [Strahl & Pitsch] Chem. Descrip .: Carnauba wax CAS 8015-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-399-4 Uses: Wax for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, ointments, tablet coatings, candles, confections, investment casting, auto/floor/shoe polishes, carbon paper, inks, paper coatings, fruit coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §182.1978; CTFA listed Properties: Powd.; 98% min. thru 60 mesh, 75% min. thru 120 mesh, 50% min. thru 200 mesh, 20% min. thru 325 mesh Toxicology: TSCA listed mauba Wax Hard [Strahl & Pitsch] Chem. Descrip.: Carnauba wax CAS 8015-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-399-4 Uses: Wax for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, ointments, tablet coatings, candles, confections, investment casting, auto/floor/shoe polishes, carbon paper, inks, paper coatings, fruit coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §182.1978; CTFA listed Properties: Yel. confectioner's powd.; 75% min. thru 120 mesh; m.p. 81 C min.; acid no. 4-10; sapon. no. 78-98 Toxicology: TSCA listed nauba Wax Soft [Strahl & Pitsch] Chem. Descrip .: Carnauba wax CAS 8015-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-399-4 Uses: Wax for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, ointments, tablet coatings, candles, confections, investment casting, auto/floor/shoe polishes, carbon paper, inks, paper coatings, fruit coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §182.1978; CTFA listed Properties: Yel. confectioner's powd.; 75% min. thru 120 mesh; m.p. 81 C min.; acid no. 6-12; sapon. no. 80-100 Toxicology: TSCA listed mauba Wax Superfine [Strahl & Pitsch] Chem. Descrip.: Carnauba wax CAS 8015-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-399-4 Uses: Wax for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, ointments, tablet coatings, candles, confections, investment casting, auto/floor/shoe polishes, carbon paper, inks, paper coatings, fruit coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §182.1978; CTFA listed Properties: Powd.; 99% min. thru 60 mesh, 98% min. thru 120 mesh, 65% min. thru 200 mesh, 40% min. thru 325 mesh *Toxicology:* TSCA listed rsonon® TD-10 [Lonza] Chem. Descrip .: Trideceth-10 CAS 24938-91-8 Uses: Emulsifier, detergent, wetting agent, foaming agent, solubilizer used for household/industrial cleaners, textile processing, paper industry Properties: Gardner 1 liq.; water sol.; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; HLB 13.7; cloud pt. 162-166 F (1% aq.); flash pt. > 300 F (COC); pour pt. 67 F; pH 5.0-7.0 (3% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic soquat® SDQ-25 [Lonza] Chem. Descrip.: Stearalkonium chloride (21%), stearyl alcohol (4%), IPA (5%), water (70%) Uses: Surfactant, conditioner, softener for cosmetics (cream hair rinses, skin creams and lotions, aerosol hair sprays, hair color rinses), textiles, paper; antistat for natural and syn. fibers; dispersant for pigments and dyestuffs *Properties:* Wh. thick creamy paste; mild, sweet odor; sol. in lower alcohols and glycols; readily disp. in water; dens. 7.9 lb/gal; pour pt. 110-120 F; clear pt. 140 F; pH 3.0-4.0 (1% disp.); 21% act.; cationic tabond® TSI Liq. [Clariant UK] Chem. Descrip.: Reactive polyhydroxylated aq. resin

Uses: Surf. str. improver for printed paper and board, esp. offset printing papers, carbonless papers, pkg. paper/board, food pkg., coated board, silicon release papers (self adhesives, labels); crosslinking agent for nat. and syn. binders (starch, PVAL, casein, CMC, acrylic, S/B) for paper

mfg.; insolubilizer of binders in coatings, size press, and film press for upgrading surf. props. of paper and board; good freeze-thaw stability; compat. with anionics, cationics, nonionics; formaldehyde-free *pagulatory:* EDA 21CEP 8176 180

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in water in all proportions; dens. 1.24 kg/l; visc. 70 mPa•s (20 C); flash pt. nonflamm.; pH 4.0; 42% solids

Storage: 1 yr storage stability if stored in closed containers at 5-35 C

Cartacol® ASN Liq. [Clariant UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene maleic anhydride copolymer

CAS 9011-13-6

Uses: Surf. treatment for paper for use at size press or film press to improve sizing and printability of paper and board, esp. office stationery, coating base, offset printing paper, food-contact paper (dry food); improves holdout of aq. coatings and inks; low foaming; compat. with anionics, nonionics

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180; BgVV compliant

Properties: Turbid sol'n.; sl. aromatic odor; misc. with water in all proportions; visc. 350 mPa-s; pH 8.5; 28% act.; anionic

Storage: 1 yr storage stability; freezes below 0 C, but is fully effective after thawing

Cartacol[®] ŇP Liq. [Clariant UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene maleic anhydride copolymer CAS 9011-13-6

Uses: Surf. treatment for paper for use at size press or film press to improve sizing and printability of paper and board, esp. office stationery, coating base, offset printing paper, specialty papers, food-contact paper (dry food); improves holdout of aq. coatings and inks; compat. with anionics, nonionics *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.180; BgVV compliant

Properties: Colorless, sl. turbid sol'n.; sl. ammonia odor; misc. with water in all proportions; visc. 100 mPa•s; pH 9.0; 14% act.; anionic

Storage: 6 mos storage stability; freezes below 0 C, but is fully effective after thawing

Cartacol[®] ŠI Liq. [Clariant UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/acrylic ester copolymer

CAS 9010-92-8

Uses: Surf. treatment for neutral or alkaline sized paper for use at size press or film press to improve sizing and printability of paper and board, esp. office stationery, coating base, ink jet printing paper, specialty food wrap (dry food contact); sizing agent for recycled fiber; improves holdout of aq. coatings and inks; compat. with anionics, nonionics

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180; BgVV compliant

Properties: Off-wh. disp.; sl. aromatic odor; misc. with water in all proportions; visc. < 100 mPa•s (20 C); pH 7 (10%); 25% act.; anionic

Storage: 6 mos storage stability at 5-25 C; not freeze-thaw stable

Cartacol® XP Liq. [Clariant UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/acrylic ester copolymer

CAS 9010-92-8

Uses: Surf. treatment for use at size press or film press to improve sizing and printability of paper and board, esp. office stationery, coating base, ink jet printing paper, specialty papers not sized at wet-end; sizing agent for recycled fiber; improves holdout of aq. coatings and inks; compat. with anionics, nonionics; good mech. stability; low foaming tendency

Properties: Off-wh. disp.; sl. aromatic odor; misc. with water in all proportions; visc. 100 mPa•s; pH 9 (10%); 23% act.; anionic

Storage: 6 mos storage stability at 25 C; do not freeze

Cartafen ZFN Liq. [Clariant UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic resin

Uses: Retention aid for paper and board mfg. where pulps are highly contaminated with sol. and colloidal impurities, incl. newsprint, paper/board from recycled waste; for use with Cartaretin E powd. as part of Cartafen Technology, a dual component system; substantive to mech. pulp; interacts strongly with Cartaretin E powd.

Use Level: 0.03-0.08%

Properties: Brn. sl. visc. liq.; dens. 1.1 kg/l; visc. 56 mPa•s (20 C); pH 9.0; weakly anionic

Storage: 12 mos storage stability at 25 C; solidifies below 0 C but regains full effectiveness after thawing

Cartafix[®] CB Liq. [Clariant ŬK]

Chem. Descrip.: Crosslinked polyalkylamine

Uses: Pitch and anionic trash control agent for paper, coated paper/board, food-contact paper; reduced COD/BOD in backwater and waste streams; improved runnability; improved dyestuff yield and fixation; reduced usage/ increased efficiency of other additives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, GbVV XXXVI

Properties: Pale yel. visc. liq.; dens. 1.147 kg/l; visc. 435 mPa•s (20 C), 910 mPa•s (0 C); pH 3.8; 44% dry solids; cationic

Storage: 12 mos min. storage stability @ 20 C; solidifies below -12 C but regains full effectiveness after thawing

Cartafix® DPR Liq. [Clariant UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyamine

Uses: Anionic trash control agent for paper; lower backwater COD levels; increased efficiency of other additives; reduced sticking problems; formaldehyde-free; effective @ pH 4-8; stable to salts, acids, water hardness; nonfoaming

Properties: Colorless to pale yel. clear liq.; dilutable in water in all proportions; dens. 1.06 kg/l; visc. 100 mPa•s (20 C); pH 4.5; cationic

Storage: 12 mos min. storage stability @ 20 C; solidifies below -12 C but regains full effectiveness after thawing

Cartafix[®] F Liq. [Clariant UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Quat. polyhydroxylalkylene polyamine

Uses: Fixing agent for anionic direct dyes and aux. for dyeing with cationic direct dyes (paper industry); economical; formaldehyde-free; maintains its high charge under both acid and alkaline conditions; good stability to salts, acids, hard water; precipitates in alkali at high concs.

Use Level: 0.4-3% (fixative for anionic direct dyes, to improve bleedfastness), 0.2-2% (to control/prevent colored two-sidedness), 0.05-0.5% (dyeing with cationic direct dyes)

Properties: Colorless clear low-visc. liq.; dilutable with water in all proportions; dens. 1.06 kg/l; pH 7-8; strongly cationic

Storage: Good storage stability Cartaflex® K Liq. [Clariant UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid condensation prod.

Uses: Detackifier, adhesion control aux. on the cylinder in prod. of creped tissue and paper grades and very lightweight paper grades such as oneway carbon paper, flower wrapping tissue, etc.; softener for tissue and handtowel crepe; reduces dusting, electrostatic charging; stable to acids, alkali (to pH 9), hard water; insensitive to salts; compat. with cationics, nonionics; low foaming

Properties: Wh. pumpable liq.; dilutable with water in all proportions; visc. \approx 2000 mPa•s (20 C); pH \approx 4; 25% act.; cationic

Storage: Good storage stability; solidifies below 0 C but still effective

Cartaflex[®] RW Liq. [Clariant UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid condensation prod.

Uses: Softener, creping additive for tissue and handtowel crepe; detackifier on the cylinder in paper mfg.; substantive; stable to acids, alkali, salt, hard water; compat. with cationics, nonionics; low foaming

Use Level: 0.1-2.0% (dry stock basis), 0.1-0.4% (antisticking on drying cylinder)

Properties: Ylsh. clear liq.; disp. with cold water in all proportions; dens. 1 kg/ l; pH 5.5; 25% act.; cationic

Storage: Good storage stability at -10 to 40 C; solidifies below 0 C but still effective

Cartaretin[®] 5CP Powd. [Clariant UK]

Chem. Descrip .: Polyacrylamide

CAS 9003-05-8

Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg. and fiber recovery operations

Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; dens. 0.68 kg/l; visc. 100 mPa•s (0.5% sol'n., 20 C); f.p. -15 C; pH 3.8 (0.5%); cationic

Storage: 8 mos storage stability @ 25 C

Cartaretin® 10AE Liq. [Clariant UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylamide

CAS 9003-05-8

Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg. and fiber recovery operations

Properties: Off-wh. opaque w/o emulsion; dens. 1.02 kg/l; visc. 440 mPa-s (20 C); f.p. -18 C; pH 4.9 (0.5%); anionic

Storage: 6 mos storage stability @ 20 C; prevent water from getting into opened containers

Cartaretin® 10AP Powd. [Clariant UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylamide

CAS 9003-05-8

Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg. and fiber recovery operations

Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; dens. 0.74 kg/l; visc. 830 mPa•s (0.5%

sol'n., 20 C); pH 6.7 (0.5%); anionic Storage: 10 mos storage stability @ 25 C Cartaretin® 10CE Lig. [Clariant UK] Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylamide CAS 9003-05-8 Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg. and fiber recovery operations Properties: Off-wh. opague w/o emulsion; dens. 1.04 kg/l; visc. 1120 mPa·s (20 C); f.p. -15 C; pH 4.2 (0.5%); cationic Storage: 6 mos storage stability @ 25 C; prevent water from getting into opened containers Cartaretin® 10CP Powd. [Clariant UK] Chem. Descrip .: Polyacrylamide CAS 9003-05-8 Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg. and fiber recovery operations Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; dens. 0.68 kg/l; visc. 410 mPa•s (0.5% sol'n., 20 C); f.p. -15 C; pH 3.7 (0.5%); cationic Storage: 8 mos storage stability @ 25 C Cartaretin® 20AE Liq. [Clariant UK] Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylamide CAS 9003-05-8 Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg. and fiber recovery operations Properties: Off-wh. opaque w/o emulsion; dens. 1.05 kg/l; visc. 640 mPa•s (20 C); f.p. -18 C; pH 5.2 (0.5%); anionic Storage: 6 mos storage stability @ 20 C; prevent water from getting into opened containers Cartaretin® 20AP Powd. [Clariant UK] Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylamide CAS 9003-05-8 Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg. and fiber recovery operations Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; dens. 0.74 kg/l; visc. 1260 mPa·s (0.5% sol'n., 20 C); pH 7.0 (0.5%); anionic Storage: 10 mos storage stability @ 25 C Cartaretin® 20CE Liq. [Clariant UK] Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylamide CAS 9003-05-8 Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg. and fiber recovery operations Properties: Off-wh. opaque w/o emulsion; dens. 1.02 kg/l; visc. 790 mPa·s (20 C); f.p. -15 C; pH 3.9 (0.5%); cationic Storage: 6 mos storage stability @ 25 C; prevent water from getting into opened containers Cartaretin® 30AE Lig. [Clariant UK] Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylamide CAS 9003-05-8 Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg. and fiber recovery operations Properties: Off-wh. opaque w/o emulsion; dens. 1.08 kg/l; visc. 700 mPa·s (20 C); f.p. -18 C; pH 6.3 (0.5%); anionic Storage: 6 mos storage stability @ 20 C; prevent water from getting into opened containers Cartaretin® 30AP Powd. [Clariant UK] Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylamide CAS 9003-05-8 Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg. and fiber recovery operations Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; dens. 0.74 kg/l; visc. 1390 mPa•s (0.5% sol'n., 20 C); pH 7.5 (0.5%); anionic Storage: 10 mos storage stability @ 25 C Cartaretin® 30CP Powd. [Clariant UK] Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylamide CAS 9003-05-8 Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg. and fiber recovery operations Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; dens. 0.68 kg/l; visc. 420 mPa•s (0.5% sol'n., 20 C); f.p. -15 C; pH 3.7 (0.5%); cationic Storage: 8 mos storage stability @ 25 C Cartaretin® 40CE Liq. [Clariant UK] Chem. Descrip .: Polyacrylamide

CAS 9003-05-8 Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg. and fiber recovery operations Properties: Off-wh. opaque w/o emulsion; dens. 1.02 kg/l; visc. 780 mPa-s (20 C); f.p. -15 C; pH 3.7 (0.5%); cationic Storage: 6 mos storage stability @ 25 C; prevent water from getting into opened containers Cartaretin® DS Liq. [Clariant UK] Chem. Descrip.: Polyamine Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg.; for use in combination with a high m.w. polyacrylamide; good stability to acids, salts, water hardness; nonfoaming Properties: Colorless or straw-colored, clear to sl. hazy lig.; dilutable with water in all proportions; dens. 1.05-1.07 kg/l; visc. < 100 mPa•s (20 C); pH 4-5: cationic Storage: 12 mos storage stability @ 25 C; solidifies below 0 C but regains full effectiveness after thawing Cartaretin[®] Dual System [Clariant UK] Chem. Descrip.: Two-component system consisting of a low m.w. cationic polymer and a high m.w. cationic polyacrylamide Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg. Properties: Cationic Cartaretin® E Powd. [Clariant UK] Chem. Descrip .: High m.w. polyethylene oxide CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-473-3 Uses: Retention aid for paper and board mfg. where pulps are highly contaminated with sol. and colloidal impurities, incl. newsprint, paper/board from recycled waste; for use with Cartafen ZFN Liq. as part of Cartafen Technology, a dual component system Use Level: 0.03-0.08% Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; bulk dens. 0.5 g/l; visc. 350 mPa·s (0.5% sol'n., 20 C); pH 7.2 (0.5%); nonionic Storage: 12 mos storage stability at 25 C Cartaretin® F Liq. [Clariant UK] Chem. Descrip.: Polyamidamine aq. sol'n. Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg., fiber recovery, backwater clarification, and food-contact papers (Germany); used alone or in combination with a high m.w. polyacrylamide Regulatory: BgVV approved for food-contact papers Properties: YIsh. clear liq.; dilutable with water in all proportions; dens. 1.06 kg/l; visc. 450-1000 mPa•s (20 C); pH 6.5-7.5; cationic Storage: 12 mos storage stability @ 25 C; solidifies below -2 C but regains full effectiveness after thawing Cartaretin® K Liq. [Clariant UK] Chem. Descrip.: Polyether amine aq. sol'n. Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg., fiber recovery, backwater clarification, and food-contact papers (Germany); used alone or in combination with a high m.w. polyacrylamide Regulatory: BgVV approved for food-contact papers Properties: Yel.-brn. clear liq.; dilutable with water in all proportions; dens. ≈ 1.1 kg/l; visc. 100-450 mPa•s (20 C); pH 6.5-7.5; cationic Storage: 12 mos storage stability @ 25 C; solidifies below -8 C but regains full effectiveness after thawing Cartaretin[®] U Liq. [Clariant UK] Chem. Descrip.: Polyfunctional amine Uses: Drainage aid for paper and board mfg. Properties: Colorless clear liq.; dilutable with water in all proportions; dens. 1.1 kg/l; visc. 1700 mPa•s (20 C); pH 3; cationic Storage: 10 mos storage stability @ 25 C Cartarex[®] 2L Liq. [Clariant UK] Chem. Descrip.: Condensation prod. of a polyamine with a dicarboxylic acid Uses: Fluorescence quenching agent for optical brighteners in the water circulation and stock prep. equipment for paper mfg.; fluorescence quenching agent for waste paper, recycled fiber, and deinked pulps; good stability to hard water, acids; compat. with nonionics, cationics Properties: Yel.-brn. clear liq.; dilutable with water in any proportion; dens. 1.15 kg/l; visc. 50-100 mPa•s (20 C), 100-200 mPa•s (0 C); solid. pt. -11 C; pH 4-6; 27% solids; cationic Storage: 6 mos min. storage stability

Cartarex[®] NT Liq. [Clariant UK] Chem. Descrip.: Polyimidazoline salt

Uses: Fluorescence quenching agent for optical brighteners in the water

circulation and stock prep. equipment for paper mfg.; fluorescence quenching agent for waste paper, recycled fiber, and deinked pulps; good stability to hard water, acids; compat. with nonionics, cationics *Properties:* Orange-brn. clear liq.; dilutable with water in any proportion; dens. 1.1 kg/l; visc. 56 mPa•s (20 C), 92 mPa•s (0 C); solid. pt. -6 C; pH 5.5; 26% solids; cationic

Storage: 6 mos min. storage stability

Cartasol[®] Blue 3RF Liq. [Clariant UK]

Uses: Dye for wood-free paper and board, esp. for tinting high wh. grades; substantive; urea-free; high lightfastness; largely colorless backwater; good bleedfastness props.; true sol'n. with low visc.; applicable at pH 4-9 *Properties:* Reddish-blue; anionic

Cartasol® Blue 3RFN Liq. [Clariant UK]

Uses: Dye for paper and board with little or no wood content, and for tinting high wh. grades; substantive; dianisidine-free; low copper and urea content; largely colorless backwater; good bleedfastness props.; mod. lightfastness rating; true sol'n. with low visc.; applicable at pH 4-9 Properties; Reddish-blue; anionic

Cartasol[®] Blue K-5R Liq. [Clariant UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Direct dye

Uses: Dye for paper and board made with predominantly wood-free pulp; highly substantive; dianisidine-free; copper-free; urea-free; colorless backwater; good bleedfastness props.; good bleachability; true sol'n. with low visc.; applicable at pH 4-10

Properties: Reddish-blue shade; cationic

Cartasol® Brilliant Blue 3GF Liq. [Clariant UK]

Uses: Dye for paper and board with little or no wood content; substantive; dianisidine-free; very good waterfastness; largely colorless backwater; good bleedfastness props.; lightfastness rating 2-3; true sol'n. with low visc.; applicable at pH 4-8

Properties: Bright sl. greenish-blue; anionic

Cartasol® Brilliant Orange 2RFN Liq. [Clariant UK]

Uses: Dye for paper and board with little or no wood content, esp. fine paper and tissue; substantive; urea-free; good bleedfastness props.; true sol'n. with low visc.; applicable at pH 4-9

Properties: Bright reddish-orange; anionic

Cartasol® Brilliant Violet 5BFN Liq. [Clariant UK]

Uses: Dye for paper and board with little or no wood content, esp. high wh. papers and for prod. of deep navy, plum, and violet shades; highly substantive; contains no urea, dianisidine, copper, or glycols; largely colorless backwater; good bleedfastness; very good fixability; good oxidative/reductive bleachability; true sol'n. with low visc.; applic. at pH 4-9

Properties: Bright bluish-violet; anionic

Cartasol K [Clariant; Clariant AG/PPP]

- Uses: Dyes for coloration of cationic aq. coating systems, paper and board with little or no wood content in the stock and at the size press; highly substantive
- Cartasol® Red 2GFN Liq. [Clariant UK]
 - Uses: Dye for paper and board with little or no wood content, esp. fine paper and tissue; highly substantive; urea-free; good bleedfastness props.; true sol'n. with low visc.; applicable at pH 4-9 *Properties:* Bright red; anionic

Cartasol[®] Red 3BFN Liq. [Clariant UK]

Uses: Dye for paper and board with little or no wood content; highly substantive; urea-free; largely colorless backwaters; good lightfastness; true sol'n. with low visc.; applicable at pH 3-10

Properties: Bluish-red shade; $pH \approx 7.6$; anionic

Cartasol® Turquoise K-ZL Liq. [Clariant UK]

- Uses: Dye for predominantly wood-free paper and board, nonwovens, and inks for tissue printing; highly substantive; colorless backwater; exc. bleed-fastness props.; good lightfastness; true sol'n. with low visc.; applicable at pH 3-10
- *Properties:* Bright, sl. reddish turquoise; $pH \approx 3.4$; cationic

Cartasol® Turquoise RF Liq. [Clariant UK]

Uses: Dye for paper and board with little or no wood content; substantive; largely colorless backwater; good bleedfastness props.; good lightfastness (rating 3); true sol'n. with low visc.; applicable at pH 4-8

Properties: Bright sl. reddish-turquoise; pH \approx 11.5; anionic

Cartasol® Yellow 3GF Liq. [Clariant UK]

Uses: Dye for paper and board with little or no wood content; substantive; negatively charged chromophore; generally good bleedfastness props.; good lightfastness rating; true sol'n. with low visc.; applicable at pH 4-9

Properties: Bright greenish-yel. shade; anionic

- Cartasol® Yellow 3GSFN Liq. [Clariant UK]
- Chem. Descrip .: Direct dye
 - Uses: Direct dye for dyeing wood-free paper and board; highly substantive; good shade stability; little or no fixative required; better bleedfastness ratings *Properties:* Greenish-yel.
- Cartax[®] DP Liq. [Clariant UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Disp. of water-insol. oxazinone

- Uses: Fluorescent pigment/marking agent for stamp and security papers for applic. in the stock, size press, or coating slips; luminesces grnsh.-yel. in UV light; exhibits no phosphorescence; good frost stability
- Properties: Wh. disp.; readily dilutable with cold water; act. substance is insol. in water and alcohols, only sl. sol. in aromatic hydrocarbons, esters, ketones; dens. 1.02 kg/l; visc. 22.7 mPa•s (20 C); 10.3 mPa•s (0 C); pH 7; ≈ 12% pigment; anionic
- Storage: Stable > 1 yr below 40 C; solidifies below -5 C but is fully effective on thawing; do not store < -5 C for prolonged period

Caster Wax A [NOF]

- Chem. Descrip.: Hydrogenated castor oil
- CAS 8001-78-3; EINECS/ELINCS 232-292-2
- Uses: Grease; surfactant; cosmetics; coating agent for paper and textiles; polishing agent for leather, etc.
- *Properties*: Bead; m.p. 84 C min.; acid no. 2 max.; iodine no. 5 max.; sapon. no. 176-187; hyd. no. 150-160
- Cat-Floc® 8151 [Nalco]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyelectrolyte
 - Uses: Coagulant for clarification of drinking water; applics. incl. industrial and municipal raw water/wastewater clarifiers, wet scrubber thickeners, min. processing thickeners, lime/soda softeners; food-contact paper/paperboard; highly effective for coagulating fine colloidal turbidity and color; chlorine resist., effective over broad pH range
 - Use Level: 1% dilution
 - Regulatory: EPA approved for drinking water; FDA approved for paper mfg. for indirect food contact
 - Properties: Water-wh. to pale yel. sl. visc. clear liq.; completely sol. in water; dens. 10.4 lb/gal; visc. 100-200 cps; f.p. 0 F; flash pt. noncombustible; pH < 1.0; cationic

Toxicology: May cause skin and eye irritation

- Precaution: Corrosive to iron and copper, incl. their alloys; incompat. with other inorganics
- Storage: Store in heated buildings or tanks to prevent freezing; store @ > 40 F to prevent crystallization
- Cat-Floc® 8959 [Nalco]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyelectrolyte

- Uses: Primary coagulant for water clarification; applics. incl. industrial and municipal raw water and wastewater clarifiers, wet scrubber thickeners, min. processing thickeners, lime/soda softeners; food-contact paper/paperboard; chlorine resist.; produces fast-forming floc
- Use Level: 1% dilution
- *Regulatory:* EPA approved for drinking water; FDA approved for paper mfg. for indirect food contact
- Properties: Water-wh. to pale yel. sl. visc. clear liq.; completely sol. in water; dens. 10.5 lb/gal; visc. 100-200 cps; f.p. 0 F; flash pt. noncombustible; pH < 1.0; cationic
- Toxicology: May cause skin and eye irritation
- Precaution: Corrosive to iron and copper, incl. their alloys; incompat. with other inorganics
- Storage: Store in heated buildings or tanks to prevent freezing; store @ > 40 F to prevent crystallization

Cat-Floc® DL [Nalco]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyelectrolyte

Uses: Primary coagulant in water clarification, mfg. of food-contact paper/ paperboard; replacement for, or in conjunction with, inorg. coagulants such as ferric salts or alum; chlorine resist. and effective over broad pH range Use Level: Dilution to 1%

- Regulatory: FDA §176.170; EPA approved
- Properties: Clear to pale yel. liq.; completely sol. in water; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; pH 6-8; cationic
- Precaution: Mod. corrosive to iron and copper, incl. their alloys
- Storage: Store @ temps. above freezing, as prod. appearance may be affected; stratification may occur upon freezing, but will homogenize again with gentle warming and agitation

Cat-Floc® L [Nalco] Chem. Descrip.: Polyelectrolyte Uses: Primary coagulant in raw water and wastewater clarification, mfg. of food-contact paper/paperboard; can replace or be used with inorg. coagu-

lants such as ferric salts or alum

Use Level: Dilution to 1%

Regulatory: FDA §176.170; EPA approved

Properties: Clear to pale yel. liq.; completely sol. in water; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; f.p. 27 F; flash pt. noncombustible; pH 7.0 ± 1.0; cationic

Precaution: Corrosive to iron and copper, incl. their alloys

Storage: Protect from freezing; stratification may occur, but will homogenize again with gentle warming and agitation

Cat-Floc® LS [Nalco]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyelectrolyte

Uses: Primary coagulant in raw water and wastewater clarification, mfg. of food-contact paper/paperboard; can replace or be used with inorg. coagulants such as ferric salts or alum

Use Level: Dilution to 1%

Regulatory: FDA §176.170; EPA approved

Properties: Visc. yel. liq.; completely sol. in water; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. 2000-4000 cps; f.p. 30 F; flash pt. noncombustible; pH 6.0-8.0; cationic *Precaution:* Moderately corrosive to iron and copper, incl. their alloys

Storage: Protect from freezing: stratification may occur, but will homogenize again with gentle warming and agitation

Cat-Floc® TL [Nalco]

- Chem. Descrip.: Polyelectrolyte
- Uses: Primary coagulant in raw water and wastewater clarification, mfg. of food-contact paper/paperboard; can replace or be used with inorg. coagulants such as ferric salts or alum

Use Level: Dilution to 1%

Regulatory: FDA §176.170; EPA approved

- Properties: Clear to pale yel. liq.; completely sol. in water; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; f.p. 27 F; flash pt. noncombustible; pH 3.5 ± 0.2; cationic
- Precaution: Moderately corrosive to iron and copper, incl. their alloys
- Storage: Protect from freezing otherwise stratification may occur; will become homogeneous upon agitation

Catiofast® GM [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Substituted polyethylenimine aq. sol'n.

CAS 9002-98-6

Uses: Neutralizer and fixing agent for pitch and stickies in papermaking; binds fines, fillers, slimy colloids and other org. substances that are dissolved or dispersed in the stock; fixing agent for anionic additives; reclaims fibers from excess white water; inc. drainage rates; shortens drying times *Properties:* Cationic

Catiofast® NB-DF [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylenimine deriv. ag. sol'n.

CAS 9002-98-6

Uses: Dye fixative for wet-end papermaking; improves bleedfastness of substantive dyes; effective in acid and alkaline systems

Use Level: 25-50% of dyestuff

Properties: Cationic

Catiofast® NB-PD [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylenimine aq. sol'n.

CAS 9002-98-6

Uses: Fixing agent for fillers, fines, pitch, anionic and nonionic colloids, pigment dyes, and direct dyes in papermaking; promotes performance of alkaline sizes; accelerates sizing development; synergist for anionic polyacrylamides; rec. for highly contaminated systems; enhances runnability and efficiency of savealls and waste treatment; enhances performance of cationic agents such as starch and wet str. resins; high charge dens. *Properties:* Water-sol.

Catiofast® PL [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylenimine ag. sol'n.

CAS 9002-98-6

Uses: Fixing agent, promoter in highly contaminated, high hardness environments for papermaking; binds fines, fillers, slimy colloids and other org. substances that are dissolved or dispersed in the stock; fixing agent for anionic substances; pitch control agent; reclaims fibers from excess white water; inc. drainage rates; shortens drying time; for wet str. papers; may impair the fluorescent activity of optical brighteners in very white grades of paper

Properties: Cationic

CC™-103 [IMERYS]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate

- CAS 1317-65-3
- Uses: Pigment, filler, reinforcing agent for paper, paint, polymers, food, esp. polyolefins, carpet backing, caulks, sealants, putties; mild abrasives in cleaners; coarse ground
- Properties: Wh. powd., odorless; 80% thru 325 mesh; negligible sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.71; dens. 22.57 lb/gal; bulk dens. 72 lb/ft³ (loose); bulking value 0.044; ref. index 1.59; pH 9.5; nonflamm.

Toxicology: TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³, considered nuisance dust

- Precaution: Incompat. with acids CD-401 [Sartomer]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Cyclohexane dimethanol dimethacrylate
 - Uses: Produces hard, durable coatings with good clarity and adhesion to diverse substrates for window films, polycarbonate coatings, solder masks, wood, plastic and paper coatings, dry film photo imaging, metalized surf. coating; monomer that offers fast cures; resist. to yellowing; chem. resistant; steel wool scratch resist.
 - *Properties:* Solid; sol. in butyl cellosolve acetate, 2-phenoxyethyl methacrylate, tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate, ethoxylated₂ bisphenol A diacrylate, propoxylated allyl methacrylate, tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate; epoxy acryate oligomer blended with 1,6 hexanediol diacrylate; m.p. 78 C; ref. index 1.475; 0.01% acid

CD-406 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Cyclohexane dimethanol diacrylate

- Uses: Produces hard, durable coatings with good clarity and adhesion to diverse substrates for window films, polycarbonate coatings, solder masks, wood, plastic and paper coatings, dry film photo imaging, metalized surf. coating; monomer that offers fast cures; resist. to yellowing; chem. resistant; steel wool scratch resist.
- *Properties:* Solid; sol. in butyl cellosolve acetate, 2-phenoxyethyl methacrylate, tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate, ethoxylated₂ bisphenol A diacrylate, propoxylated allyl methacrylate, tetrahydrofurfuryl methacrylate; 1-methoxy 2-propanol; 2(2-ethoxyethoxy)ethyl acetate, dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether, epoxy acryate oligomer blended with 1,6 hexanediol diacrylate; m.p. 78 C; 0.04% acid

CD 501 [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip.: PPG-6 trimethylolpropane triacrylate with 95 ppm MEHQ inhibitor
- Uses: Used in acrylics, adhesives (pressure sensitive, structural), coatings (glass, metal, optical, paper, PVC floor, release, textile, wood), electronics, inks, paints, and photopolymers; low shrinkage and fast cure
- Properties: APHA 85 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.168; visc. 140 cps; 99% reactive esters
- Toxicology: Low skin irritation

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

Cecamid® Resins [Ceca SA]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Polyamidoamine epichlorohydrin, urea-formaldehyde, or melamine-formaldehyde resins
- Uses: Wet str. resin for papermaking (food paper, decoration, label, tissue, and specialties); renders papers mechanically resist. to humidity, enabling them to be printed and recycled

Regulatory: BgVV XXXVI and XXXVI.I compliance

Cecavon® CÁ 31 [Ceca SA]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium stearate

CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8

- Uses: Anticaking agent for powds. and fertilizers; water repellent for concrete, coatings; release agent, lubricant for foundry, ceramics, molding powds., composites; gellant
- Use Level: 2-4% (foundry release, composites lubricant), 1-2% (ceramics lubricant, anticaking agent), 0.5-2% (water repellent)
- Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. hot in aromatic solvs. (benzene, toluene, xylene), min. and veg. oils, waxes; insol. in water, alcohols, ketones, esters; dens. ≈ 200 kg/m³; m.p. 160-170 C; flash pt. none
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 10,000 mg/kg; nonhazardous in normal condition of use; avoid formation of dust
- *Environmental:* Biodeg.; no specific risk for environment in normal state; do not release into natural water courses or the environment
- *Precaution:* Dusts can form explosive mixts. with air; avoid static discharges; strong acids may dec. prod. into nondangerous prods.
- Storage: 1 yr shelf life stored in closed original pkg. @ ambient temps.; keep

away from ignition sources; protect from moisture Cecavon® CA 350 P [Ceca SA]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium stearate aq. susp.

CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8

- Uses: Waterproofing agent, dispersant in paper coating or size press; plasticizer, flexibilizer, gloss aid for paper coatings; eliminates orange peel esp. in high speed coating; reduces picking; improves printability; compat. with all binders
- Use Level: 0.8-1.5% on dry wt. of coating

Properties: Wh. milky visc. liq.; disp. in water; dens. 1 g/cc; visc. 100-400 mPa•s; flash pt. none; $pH \ge 8.5$ (23 C); 49-51% dry extract

Toxicology: Highly alkaline; sl. irritating to eyes and skin; do not ingest Environmental: Do not release into natural water courses or the environment

Precaution: Strong acids dec. prod. into nondangerous prods.

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Possible formation of CO_x and hazardous org. compds. in a fire, though not readily combustible under normal conditions
- Storage: 2 mos shelf life @ 5-23 C; store away from cold, heat, sun, and extreme weather conditions; protect from freezing; keep containers tightly sealed

Cecavon® NA 61 [Ceca SA]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium stearate

CAS 822-16-2; EINECS/ELINCS 212-490-5

Uses: Waterproofing agent, lubricant, gellant, opacifier for paper and cosmetics

Properties: Powd.; dens. 0.30 max.; m.p. > 200 C; 8.8-9.8% Na. Cecavon® ZN 70 [Ceca SA]

Chem. Descrip.: Zinc stearate

- CAS 557-05-1; EINECS/ELINCS 209-151-9
- *Uses:* Waterproofing agent, lubricant, gellant, opacifier for rubber, concrete, composites, paints, varnish, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, molding, and paper applics.
- *Properties:* Powd.; dens. 0.20 max.; m.p. 125-130 C; 10.2-11% Zn. Cecavon® ZN 735 [Ceca SA]

Chem. Descrip.: Zinc stearate

- CAS 557-05-1; EINECS/ELINCS 209-151-9
- Uses: Waterproofing agent, lubricant, gellant, opacifier for rubber, concrete, composites, paints, varnish, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, molding, and paper applics.

Properties: Liq.; sp.gr. 1 ± 0.10 ; visc. 50-200 mPa*s; $35 \pm 2\%$ dry content Celite® 263 [Celite]

Chem. Descrip.: Diatomaceous silica, flux calcined

Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (89.6%), Al₂O₃ (4%), Na₂O + K₂O (3.3%), Fe₂O₃ (1.3%), water (0.5%)

CAS 7631-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Functional filler used in prod. of various specialty papers and wet laid prods.; It. wt. bulking agent, drainage aid for slow draining stock; opacity builder, friction material in clutch papers; aids in uniform disp. and suspension of fibers; high porosity, low loose wt. dens., high brightness, lg. surf. area, and inertness
- Properties: Wh. powd.; 1-4 µ particle size; 0.3% 325-mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.30; dens. 8.7 lb/ft³ (loose); surf. area 1-3.5 m²/g; oil absorp. 120%; ref. index 1.48; pH 10.0

Celite® 321 [Celite]

- Chem. Descrip.: Diatomaceous silica
- *Chem. Analysis:* SiO₂ (85.8%), Al₂O₃ (3.8%), Fe₂O₃ (1.2%), Na₂O + K₂O (1.1%), water (4%)

CÀS 7631-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Functional filler used in prod. of various specialty papers and wet laid prods.; It. wt. bulking agent, drainage aid for slow draining stock; opacity builder, friction material in clutch papers; aids in uniform disp. and suspension of fibers; high porosity, low loose wt. dens., high brightness, lg. surf. area, and inertness
- Properties: Lt. gray particulate; 1-8 µ particle size, 8.0% 325-mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.10; dens. 8.0 lb/ft³ (loose); bulking value 17.5 lb/gal; surf. area 10-20 m²/g; oil absorp. 210; ref. index 1.40-1.46

Celite® 388 [Celite]

Chem. Descrip.: Diatomaceous silica, flux calcined

Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (89.6%), Al₂O₃ (4%), Na₂O + K₂O (3.3%), Fe₂O₃ (1.3%), water (0.5%)

CÀS 7631-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

Uses: Functional filler used in prod. of various specialty papers and wet laid prods.; It. wt. bulking agent, drainage aid for slow draining stock; opacity builder, friction material in clutch papers; aids in uniform disp. and suspension of fibers; high porosity, low loose wt. dens., high brightness, lg. surf. area, and inertness

Properties: Wh. particulate; particle size 2-10 μ , 1.5% 325-mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.30; dens. 8.5 lb/ft³ (loose); surf. area 1-3.5 m²/g; oil absorp. 140%; ref. index 1.50; pH 10.0

Celkate® T-21 [Celite]

Chem. Descrip.: Synthetic hydrous magnesium silicate

Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (65%), MgO (14.9%), Al₂O₃ (4%), moisture (4%), Fe₂O₃ (1.1%), Na₂O + K₂O (1%)

CAS 14807-96-6; EINECS/ELINCS 238-877-9

Uses: Functional filler for chem., food, paper, agric., paint, and other industries; carrier, diluent, conditioner, grinding aid in pesticides

Properties: Lt. gray powd.; 6.6 μ median particle size; 3% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 2.4; bulk dens. 12.8 lb/ft³; surf. area (BET) 190 m²/g; water absorp. 220%; oil absorp. 170%; brightness (Photovolt) 54; ref. index 1.54; pH 7.6 (10% aq. slurry)

Celnax[®] CX-Z210 IP [Nissan Chem. Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Antimony double oxide sol'n. in isopropanol

Uses: Antistat for various films, plastics, fibers, glass, paper, paint, ink, sensors; blocks infrared rays and UV rays; good elec. conductivity; good light and heat resist.; highly dispersive; good compatibility with resins; forms transparent antistatic coating when mixed with transparent liq. resins or inorg. binder

Properties: Bluish green clear disp.; 20 nm particle size; sp.gr. 0.96; visc. 14 cps; pH 4.6 (mixed 1:1 with water); vol. resist. 300 ohm-cm; 20% oxide

Storage: Keep container closed when not in use to prevent formation of gel by drying; keep away from open flame

Celnax® CX-Z300H [Nissan Chem. Ind.]

Chem. Descrip .: Antimony double oxide hydrosol

Uses: Antistat for various films, plastics, fibers, glass, paper, paint, ink, sensors; blocks infrared rays and UV rays; good elec. conductivity; good light and heat resist.; highly dispersive; good compatibility with resins; forms transparent antistatic coating when mixed with transparent liq. resins or inorg. binder

Properties: Bluish green clear aq. disp.; 20 nm particle size; sp.gr. 1.35; visc. 3.4 cps; pH 6.9; vol. resist. 280 ohm-cm; 30% oxide

Storage: Keep container closed when not in use to prevent formation of gel by drying; protect from freezing

Celnax® ČX-Z401M [Nissan Chem. Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Antimony double oxide sol'n. in methanol

Uses: Antistat for various films, plastics, fibers, glass, paper, paint, ink, sensors; blocks infrared rays and UV rays; good elec. conductivity; good light and heat resist.; highly dispersive; good compatibility with resins; forms transparent antistatic coating when mixed with transparent liq. resins or inorg. binder

Properties: Bluish green clear disp.; 20 nm particle size; sp.gr. 1.23; visc. 1.6 cps; pH 8.2 (mixed 1:1 with water); vol. resist. 250 ohm-cm; 40% oxide Storage: Keep container closed when not in use to prevent formation of gel by drying; keep away from open flame

Cerol® M Liq. [Clariant UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid chromium (III) complex in water/IPA/acetone sol'n.

Uses: Water repellent, release agent, sizing agent for surf. finishing of a wide variety of paper and board incl. food-contact paper (dry food); stable to acids, chlorides, hard water, aluminum; not stable to alkali; compat. with cationics, nonionics; may precipitate with anionics

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180; BgVV XXXVI compliant

- Properties: Dk. grn. clear liq.; misc. with water and aliphatic alcohol in any proportion; dens. 1.0 kg/l; visc. 75 mPa•s (20 C); flash pt. (PMCC) 1 C; pH 3 (2%); 41% chromium complex; cationic
- Precaution: Flamm.

Storage: Good storage stability; a sl. sediment may form on standing in the cold, but does not affect prod. performance; heating over extended period causes gelation; gelled sol'ns. are unfit for use

Cerol® MN Liq. [Clariant UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid chromium (III) complex

Uses: Water repellent, release agent, sizing agent for surf. finishing of a wide variety of paper and board; stable to acids, chlorides, hard water, aluminum; not stable to alkali; compat. with cationics, nonionics; may precipitate with anionics

Properties: Dk. grn. clear liq.; misc. with water and aliphatic alcohol in any

proportion; dens. 1.15 kg/l; visc. 1300 mPa•s; flash pt. nonflamm.; pH 3 (2%); 39% chromium complex; cationic Storage: Good storage stability; a sl. sediment may form on standing in the cold, but does not affect prod. performance; heating over extended period causes gelation; gelled sol'ns. are unfit for use Chargemaster® R415 [Grain Processing] Chem. Descrip.: Cationic corn starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Dry str. agent in paper; retention aid, drainage aid improving runnability in papermaking; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: Wh. gran. powd.; bulk dens. 39 lb/ft3 (loose), 48 lb/ft3 (packed); pH 6.5; 11% moisture; cationic Chargemaster® R462 [Grain Processing] Chem. Descrip.: Cationic corn starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Size-press starch; food-contact paper/paperboard; provides good film formation even at lower solids; its chem. attraction to the fiber means less size-press starch will reach the wastewater treatment plant Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: Wh. gran. powd.; bulk dens. 39 lb/ft3 (loose), 48 lb/ft3 (packed); pH 6.5; 11% moisture; cationic Chargemaster® R515 [Grain Processing] Chem. Descrip.: Cationic/amphoteric corn starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Dry str. agent in paper; retention aid, drainage aid improving runnability in papermaking; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: Wh. gran. powd.; bulk dens. 39 lb/ft3 (loose), 48 lb/ft3 (packed); pH 6.5; 11% moisture; cationic/amphoteric Chargemaster® R615 [Grain Processing] Chem. Descrip.: Cationic/amphoteric corn starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Dry str. agent in paper; retention aid, drainage aid, water release aid improving runnability in papermaking; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: Wh. gran. powd.; bulk dens. 39 lb/ft3 (loose), 48 lb/ft3 (packed); pH 6.5; 11% moisture: cationic/amphoteric Chargepac[®] 8 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.] *Chem. Descrip.:* Org. and inorg. polymers Uses: Primary coagulant for water and wastewater clarification, in oily wastewater demulsification, and greasy tower treatment; food-contact paper/paperboard; can be used in place of conventional inorg. coagulants to produce low turbidity waters in influent water and effluent wastewater clarification applics. Use Level: 2-20 ppm (raw water clarification); 5-100 ppm (industrial wastewater treatment) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR § 176.170, 176.180; EPA approval for potable water @ 200 ppm max. dosage Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.22; visc. 130 cps; f.p. -7 C; flash pt. none; pH 2.5; cationic Storage: 9 mos. shelf life in glass, plastic, and epoxy or rubber lined stainless steel equip. @ 40-95 F Charlab™ CHT Rapidoprint MS 30 [Catawba-Charlab] Chem. Descrip.: Polymer sol'n. Uses: Special auxiliary for printing of transfer paper with aq. pastes; improves abrasion resist., storability, stability Use Level: 40-80 g (rotary screen printing); 30-60 g (roller printing) Properties: Clear visc. liq.; sol. can be mixed with water in all ratios; pH neutral; nonionic Check Dye AS Liq. [BASF] Uses: Dye for security papers Chemal BP 235 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip.: Alkoxylated block polymer Uses: Defoamer in metalworking, cosmetics, paper, and textiles; defoamer in mechanical dishwashing detergents and rinse aids; lubricant base in formulating syn. metalworking lubricants Properties: Liq.; m.w. 1900; HLB 18.5; cloud pt. 77 C (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic Chemal BP 261 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 181 CAS 9003-11-6

rinse aids; lubricant base; chemical intermediate Properties: Liq.; m.w. 2000; HLB 3.0; cloud pt. 24 C (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic Chemal BP 261PO [Chemax] Chem. Descrip.: Alkoxylated block polymer Uses: Defoamer in metalworking, cosmetics, paper, and textiles; defoamer in mechanical dishwashing detergents and rinse aids; lubricant base in formulating syn. metalworking lubricants Properties: Liq.; m.w. 2000; HLB 3.0; cloud pt. 24 C (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic Chemal BP-262 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 182 CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Defoamer, emulsifier, demulsifier, dispersant, binder, stabilizer, wetting agent for metalworking, cosmetics, paper, textiles, dishwashing detergents, rinse aids; lubricant base; chemical intermediate Properties: Liq.; m.w. 2500; HLB 7.0; cloud pt. 30 C (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic Chemal BP 268 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip.: Alkoxylated block polymer Uses: Defoamer in metalworking, cosmetics, paper, and textiles; defoamer in mechanical dishwashing detergents and rinse aids; lubricant base in formulating syn. metalworking lubricants Properties: Solid; m.w. 8350; HLB 29.0; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); 100% act.: nonionic Chemal BP-2101 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 331 CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Defoamer, emulsifier, demulsifier, dispersant, binder, stabilizer, wetting agent for metalworking, cosmetics, paper, textiles, dishwashing detergents, rinse aids; lubricant base; chemical intermediate Properties: Liq.; m.w. 3800; HLB 1.0; cloud pt. 16 C (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic Chemal BP 3172P [Chemax] Chem. Descrip.: Polyalkylene glycol Uses: Defoamer in metalworking, cosmetics, paper, and textiles; defoamer in mechanical dishwashing detergents and rinse aids; lubricant base in formulating syn. metalworking lubricants *Properties:* Liq.; m.w. 2100; HLB 8.0; cloud pt. 39 C (1% aq.); 100% act. Chemal BP 3174 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip.: Reversed block polymers Uses: Defoamer in metalworking, cosmetics, paper, and textiles; defoamer in mechanical dishwashing detergents and rinse aids; lubricant base in formulating syn. metalworking lubricants Properties: Liq.; m.w. 2700; HLB 16.0; cloud pt. 47 C (1% aq.); 100% act. Chemal BP 3252 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip.: Reversed block polymers Uses: Defoamer in metalworking, cosmetics, paper, and textiles; defoamer in mechanical dishwashing detergents and rinse aids; lubricant base in formulating syn. metalworking lubricants Properties: Liq.; m.w. 3120; HLB 6.3; cloud pt. 33 C (1% aq.); 100% act. Chemax CO-5 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-5 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant for textiles, cosmetics; pigment dispersant in latex paints, paper; essential oils solubilizer Properties: Liq.; oil-sol.; HLB 3.8; sapon. no. 145; 100% conc.; nonionic Chemax CO-16 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-16 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Emulsifier for fiber lubricants, cutting oils, hydraulic fluids; clay and pigment dispersant, rewetting agent, softener, dyeing assistant for paint, paper, textile, and leather industries; cosmetics Properties: Liq.; water-sol.; HLB 8.6; sapon. no. 100; 100% conc.; nonionic Chemax CO-30 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-30 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6

Uses: Defoamer, emulsifier, demulsifier, dispersant, binder, stabilizer, wetting

agent for metalworking, cosmetics, paper, textiles, dishwashing detergents,

Uses: Emulsifier for lubricants for plastics, metals, and textiles; clay and pigment dispersant, rewetting agent, softener, dyeing assistant in textiles, paint, paper, leather

Properties: Liq.; HLB 11.7; sapon. no. 73; 100% conc.; nonionic Chemax DNP-18 [Chemax] Chemax CO-40 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip.: Nonyl nonoxynol-18 CAS 9014-93-1 Chem. Descrip .: PEG-40 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Emulsifier, detergent, solubilizer, wetting agent, dispersant, coupling Uses: Emulsifier for lubricants for plastics, metals, and textiles; clay and agent for textiles, metalworking, household, industrial, agric., paper, paint, pigment dispersant, rewetting agent, softener, dyeing assistant in textiles, and other industries Properties: Paste; HLB 13.9; cloud pt. 75 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic paint, paper, leather Properties: Lig.; HLB 12.9; sapon. no. 61; 100% conc.; nonionic Chemax DNP-150 [Chemax] Chemax DF-10 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip.: Nonyl nonoxynol-150 Chem. Descrip.: Silicone defoamer emulsion CAS 9014-93-1 Uses: Defoamer/antifoam for detergents, inks, floor polishes, pulp/paper, Uses: Emulsifier for nonpolar solv. and oils; detergent for cellulosic and syn. textiles, paints, effluent treatment, commercial cleaning processes, adhefibers; dispersant for hard surface cleaners and laundry compds.; solubilizer sives, metalworking; functions well in hot and cold applics. for paints, paper, agric., textiles, etc. Use Level: 10-150 ppm Properties: Flake; HLB 19.0; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); nonionic Properties: Off-wh. emulsion; sp.gr. 1.01; pH 7-9 (5% aq.); 10% act. Chemax DNP-150/50 [Chemax] Storage: Protect from freezing; use within 6 mos for max. efficiency Chem. Descrip.: Nonyl nonoxynol-150 CAS 9014-93-1 Chemax DF-10A [Chemax] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone defoamer emulsion Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, detergent, wetting agent, solubilizer, coupling Uses: Defoamer/antifoam for pulp/paper, textiles, paints, effluent treatment, agent for textiles, metalworking, household, industrial, agric., paper, paint, commercial cleaning processes, adhesives, metalworking; can be used to and other industries *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 19.0; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); 50% conc.; nonionic prepare dilutions contg. as little as 2% silicone solids Properties: Wh. emulsion; sp.gr. 1.0; visc. 2100-4100 cps; pH 8.5 (5% aq.); Chemax HCO-5 [Chemax] 10-15% solids Chem. Descrip .: PEG-5 hydrogenated castor oil CAS 61788-85-0 Storage: 6 mos shelf life Chemax DF-30 [Chemax] Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, softener, dispersant for cosmetics, plastics, met-Chem. Descrip.: Silicone defoamer emulsion with preservatives als, textiles, leather, paint, and paper industries; coemulsifier for syn. esters Properties: Liq.; oil-sol.; HLB 3.8; sapon. no. 142; 100% conc.; nonionic Uses: Defoamer/antifoam for pulp/paper, textiles, paints, effluent treatment, commercial cleaning processes, adhesives, metalworking Chemax HCO-16 [Chemax] Use Level: 10 ppm silicone solids rec. Chem. Descrip.: PEG-16 hydrogenated castor oil Properties: Creamy wh. emulsion; sp.gr. 1.0; 30% silicone solids CAS 61788-85-0 Storage: Protect from freezing; susceptible to degradation by bacterial growth; Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, dispersant, softener for cosmetics, textiles, plastics, metalworking, paint, paper, leather 6 mos shelf life Chemax DF-100 [Chemax] Properties: Lig.; HLB 8.6; sapon. no. 100; 100% conc.; nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Silicone defoamer compd. Chemax HCO-25 [Chemax] Uses: Defoamer/antifoam for pulp/paper, textiles, paints, effluent treatment, Chem. Descrip .: PEG-25 hydrogenated castor oil commercial cleaning processes, adhesives, metalworking; used to formu-CAS 61788-85-0 late defoamer emulsions; suitable where water emulsifiability is not required Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, and softener for cosmetics, plastics, metals, Use Level: 10 ppm textiles, leather, paint, and paper industries Properties: Opaque liq.; sp.gr. 1.01; 100% act. Properties: Liq.; HLB 10.8; sapon. no. 80; 100% conc.; nonionic Storage: 3 mos stability, then disp. may show some settling; stir before use Chemax HCO-200/50 [Chemax] Chemax DFO-155 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-200 hydrogenated castor oil Chem. Descrip .: POE/POP dioleate CAS 61788-85-0 Chem. Analysis: water (0.4%) Uses: Emulsifier and lubricant for cosmetics, plastics, metals, textiles, paint, CAS 67167-17-3 paper, leather industries Uses: Defoamer; emulsifier for min. oils and other defoamer components; Properties: Liq.; water-sol.; HLB 18.1; sapon. no. 17; 50% act.; nonionic extender for silicone defoamers; defoamer for paper/paperboard mfg., tex-Chemax NP-1.5 [Chemax] tiles, paints, effluent treatment, commercial cleaning processes, adhesives, Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-1.5 metalworking; SE; high m.w.; org. CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-291-5 Regulatory: FDA approvals Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, detergent, wetting agent, solubilizer, coupling Properties: Gardner 4 max. clear pourable liq.; sol. in naphthenic and parafagent for cosmetics, textiles, metalworking, household, industrial, agric., finic oils; sp.gr. 0.98; sapon. no. 40-50 paper, paint, and other industries Chemax DFO-199M [Chemax] Properties: Liq.; HLB 4.6; pour pt. -3 F; cloud pt. < 25 C (1% aq.); nonionic Chem. Descrip .: SE high m.w. ester Chemax NP-4 [Chemax] Uses: Defoamer; emulsifier for min. oils and other defoamer components; Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-4 extender for silicone defoamers; defoamer for paper/paperboard mfg.; org. CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 230-770-5 Regulatory: FDA approvals Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, detergent, wetting agent, solubilizer, coupling Properties: Low color; pourable liq.; sol. in naphthenic and paraffinic oils agent for cosmetics, textiles, metalworking, household, industrial, agric., Chemax DNP-8 [Chemax] paper, paint, and other industries Chem. Descrip .: Nonyl nonoxynol-8 Properties: Liq.; water/oil-sol.; HLB 8.9; pour pt. -15 F; cloud pt. < 25 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic CAS 9014-93-1 Chemax NP-6 [Chemax] Uses: Emulsifier for nonpolar solv. and oils; detergent for cellulosic and syn. fibers; dispersant for hard surface cleaners and laundry compds.; solubilizer Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-6 for paints, paper, agric., textiles, etc. CAS 9016-45-9 Properties: Liq.; HLB 10.4; pour pt. 32 F; cloud pt. < 25 C (1% aq.); 100% Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, detergent, wetting agent, solubilizer, coupling conc.; nonionic agent for cosmetics, textiles, metalworking, household, industrial, agric., Chemax DNP-15 [Chemax] paper, paint, and other industries Chem. Descrip.: Nonyl nonoxynol-15 Properties: Liq.; HLB 10.9; pour pt. -26 F; cloud pt. < 25 C (1% aq.); 100% CAS 9014-93-1 conc.; nonionic Chemax NP-9 [Chemax] Uses: Emulsifier for nonpolar solv. and oils; detergent for cellulosic and syn. Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-9 fibers; dispersant for hard surface cleaners and laundry compds.; solubilizer for paints, paper, agric., textiles, etc. CAS 9016-45-9 Properties: Liq.; pour pt. 64 F; nonionic Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, detergent, wetting agent, solubilizer, coupling

agent for cosmetics, textiles, metalworking, household, industrial, agric., paper, paint, and other industries Properties: Liq.; HLB 13.0; pour pt. 31 F; cloud pt. 54 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic Chemquat 12/50 [Chemax] Chemax NP-10 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-10 CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-294-1 Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, detergent, wetting agent, solubilizer, coupling agent for cosmetics, textiles, metalworking, household, industrial, agric., paper, paint, and other industries *Properties:* Liq.; 50% act.; cationic **Chemquat 16/50** [Chemax] Properties: Liq.; HLB 13.5; pour pt. 49 F; cloud pt. 72 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic Chemax NP-15 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-15 CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting agent, rewetting agent, emulsifier in cosmetics, textiles, leather, paper, paints, and metal processing Properties: Paste; HLB 15.0; pour pt. 71 F; cloud pt. 96 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic Chemax NP-20 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-20 CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting agent, rewetting agent, emulsifier in cosmetics, textiles, leather, paper, paints, and metal processing Properties: Solid; HLB 16.0; pour pt. 91 F; cloud pt. > 100 Č (1% aq.); nonionic Chemax NP-30 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-30 CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting agent, rewetting agent, emulsifier in cosmetics, textiles, leather, paper, paints, and metal processing Properties: Solid; HLB 17.1; pour pt. 109 F; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic Chemax NP-30/70 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-30 CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting agent, rewetting agent, emulsifier in cosmetics, textiles, leather, paper, paints, and metal processing Properties: Liq.; HLB 17.1; pour pt. 34 F; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); 70% act.: nonionic Chemax OP-10 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip.: POE (10) octyl phenol CAS 9002-93-1 Uses: Emulsifier, detergent, wetting agent, dispersant, solubilizer, and coupling agent in textiles, metalworking, household, industrial, agric., paper, paint, and other industries; primary emulsifier for vinyl acetate and acrylate polymerization Properties: Liq.; sol. in oil and water; HLB 13.6; cloud pt. 62-68 C (1%); 100% conc.; nonionic Chemax OP-30/70 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip .: Octoxynol-30 CAS 9002-93-1 Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, detergent, wetting agent, solubilizer, coupling agent for cosmetics, textiles, metalworking, household, industrial, agric., paper, paint, and other industries *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 17.3; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); 70% conc.; nonionic Chemistat 6300 H [Sanyo Chem. Ind.] Chem. Descrip.: Quat. ammonium polymer Uses: Antistat, electroconductive agent for dielec. paper of facsimile and electrofax paper Properties: Yel. liq.; pH 6.5; visc. 150 cps; 33% act.; cationic Chempol 13-1905 [Cook Composites & Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Vinyltoluene-modified alkyd copolymer Uses: Produces high gloss coatings with high pigment loads, used in coatings for PS, toy enamels, paper coatings, finishes for trailer interiors, aerosol coatings Properties: Liq.; sol. 16-18% in min. spirits, 22-24% in butanol, < 5% in xylol; dens. 7.25-7.45 lb/gal; visc. W-Z; acid no. 2-6; flash pt.(TCC) 35 F; 50 ± 1% solids in VM&P naphtha. Chemquat 12/33 [Chemax] Chem. Descrip.: Laurtrimonium chloride CAS 112-00-5; EINECS/ELINCS 203-927-0

Chem. Descrip .: Cetrimonium chloride CAS 112-02-7; EINECS/ELINCS 203-928-6 Uses: Surfactant, corrosion inhibitor, antistat for plastics; textile dyeing aid; gel sensitizer in latex foam prod.; visc. depressant in paper and textile softener formulations Properties: Lig.; 50% act.; cationic Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 100 [Chevron Prods.] Chem. Descrip.: Severely refined petrol. distillate with rust/oxidation/foam inhibitors Uses: Lubricant, circulating oil for pulp/paper machines incl. wet-end systems, dryer bearings, and calender stacks; high temp. and oxidation stability; long lubricant life; exc. wear protection, water separability, foam inhibition Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §311 nonreportable Properties: Lt. amber clear liq.; sol. in hydrocarbon solvs.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.88-0.90 (15.6/15.6 C); visc. 95 cSt (40 C); pour pt. -15 C; flash pt. (COC) 276 C; VOC 1.2% Toxicology: ACGIH TLV 5 mg/m³; may cause respiratory irritation or pulmonary effects on prolonged/repeated inh. above REL; not expected to cause prolonged/significant eye or skin irritation; not expected to be harmful by ing., skin absorp.; TSCA listed Environmental: Inherently biodeg.; ashless formulation facilitates reclaiming/ recycling; nontoxic to aquatic species Precaution: Will burn, but not easily ignited; may react with strong oxidizing agents (e.g., chlorates, nitrates, peroxides) Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion prods.: CO2, water vapor; incomplete combustion prods.: CO NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: Do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers or expose to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or ignition sources; containers may explode Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 150 [Chevron Prods.] Chem. Descrip.: Severely refined petrol. distillate with rust/oxidation/foam inhibitors Uses: Lubricant, circulating oil for pulp/paper machines incl. wet-end systems, dryer bearings, and calender stacks; high temp. and oxidation stability; long lubricant life; exc. wear protection, water separability, foam inhibition Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §311 nonreportable Properties: Lt. amber clear liq.; sol. in hydrocarbon solvs.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.88-0.90 (15.6/15.6 C); visc. 143 cSt (40 C); pour pt. -15 C; flash pt. (COC) 246 C; VOC 1.2% Toxicology: ACGIH TLV 5 mg/m³; may cause respiratory irritation or pulmonary effects on prolonged/repeated inh. above REL; not expected to cause prolonged/significant eye or skin irritation; not expected to be harmful by ing., skin absorp.; TSCA listed Environmental: Inherently biodeq.; ashless formulation facilitates reclaiming/ recycling; nontoxic to aquatic species Precaution: Will burn, but not easily ignited; may react with strong oxidizing agents (e.g., chlorates, nitrates, peroxides) Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion prods.: CO2, water vapor; incomplete combustion prods.: CO NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: Do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers or expose to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or ignition sources; containers may explode Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 220 [Chevron Prods.] Chem. Descrip.: Severely refined petrol. distillate with rust/oxidation/foam inhibitors Uses: Lubricant, circulating oil for pulp/paper machines incl. wet-end systems, dryer bearings, and calender stacks; high temp. and oxidation stability; long lubricant life; exc. wear protection, water separability, foam inhibi-

Uses: Surfactant, corrosion inhibitor, antistat for plastics; textile dyeing aid; gel sensitizer in latex foam prod.; visc. depressant in paper and textile softener

Uses: Surfactant, corrosion inhibitor, antistat for plastics; textile dyeing aid; gel

sensitizer in latex foam prod.; visc. depressant in paper and textile softener

formulations

formulations

Properties: 33% act.; cationic

Chem. Descrip .: Laurtrimonium chloride

CAS 112-00-5; EINECS/ELINCS 203-927-0

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §311 nonreportable

Properties: Lt. amber clear liq.; sol. in hydrocarbon solvs.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.88-0.90 (15.6/15.6 C); visc. 209 cSt (40 C); pour pt. -15 C; flash pt. (COC) 249 C; VOC 1.2%

Toxicology: ACGIH TLV 5 mg/m³; may cause respiratory irritation or pulmonary effects on prolonged/repeated inh. above REL; not expected to cause prolonged/significant eye or skin irritation; not expected to be harmful by ing., skin absorp.; TSCA listed

Environmental: Inherently biodeg.; ashless formulation facilitates reclaiming/ recycling; nontoxic to aquatic species

Precaution: Will burn, but not easily ignited; may react with strong oxidizing agents (e.g., chlorates, nitrates, peroxides)

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion prods.: CO₂, water vapor; incomplete combustion prods.: CO

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers or expose to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or ignition sources; containers may explode

Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 320 [Chevron Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Severely refined petrol. distillate with rust/oxidation/foam inhibitors

Uses: Lubricant, circulating oil for pulp/paper machines incl. wet-end systems, dryer bearings, and calender stacks; high temp. and oxidation stability; long lubricant life; exc. wear protection, water separability, foam inhibition

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §311 nonreportable

Properties: Lt. amber clear liq.; sol. in hydrocarbon solvs.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.88-0.90 (15.6/15.6 C); visc. 304 cSt (40 C); pour pt. -15 C; flash pt. (COC) 248 C; VOC 1.2%

Toxicology: ACGIH TLV 5 mg/m³; may cause respiratory irritation or pulmonary effects on prolonged/repeated inh. above REL; not expected to cause prolonged/significant eye or skin irritation; not expected to be harmful by ing., skin absorp.; TSCA listed

Environmental: Inherently biodeg.; ashless formulation facilitates reclaiming/ recycling; nontoxic to aquatic species

Precaution: Will burn, but not easily ignited; may react with strong oxidizing agents (e.g., chlorates, nitrates, peroxides)

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion prods.: CO₂, water vapor; incomplete combustion prods.: CO

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers or expose to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or ignition sources; containers may explode

Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 460 [Chevron Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Severely refined petrol. distillate with rust/oxidation/foam inhibitors

Uses: Lubricant, circulating oil for pulp/paper machines incl. wet-end systems, dryer bearings, and calender stacks; high temp. and oxidation stability; long lubricant life; exc. wear protection, water separability, foam inhibition

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §311 nonreportable

Properties: Lt. amber clear liq.; sol. in hydrocarbon solvs.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.88-0.90 (15.6/15.6 C); visc. 437 cSt (40 C); pour pt. -18 C; flash pt. (COC) 278 C; VOC 1.2%

Toxicology: ACGIH TLV 5 mg/m³; may cause respiratory irritation or pulmonary effects on prolonged/repeated inh. above REL; not expected to cause prolonged/significant eye or skin irritation; not expected to be harmful by ing., skin absorp.; TSCA listed

Environmental: Inherently biodeg.; ashless formulation facilitates reclaiming/ recycling; nontoxic to aquatic species

Precaution: Will burn, but not easily ignited; may react with strong oxidizing agents (e.g., chlorates, nitrates, peroxides)

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion prods.: CO₂, water vapor; incomplete combustion prods.: CO

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers or expose to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or ignition sources; containers may explode

Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 100 [Chevron Prods.] Chem. Descrip.: 1-Decene, homopolymer, hydrogenated (< 60%), C8, C12 olefin polymer, hydrogenated (> 38%), additives (< 2%)

Uses: Lubricant for pulp/paper machines, extreme temp. bearing and circulating oil systems, gear boxes, dryer section accessories, calender rolls, high temp. air compressors, high pressure hydraulic pumps; better EP props.; high temp. and oxidation stability; long lubricant life; superior wear protection; exc. water separability, foam inhibition

Regulatory: DOT nonhazardous; SARA §313 nonreportable

Properties: Lt. amber clear liq.; sol. in hydrocarbon solvs.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.84 (15.6/15.6 C); visc. 95 cSt (40 C); pour pt. -48 C; flash pt. (COC) 264 C

Toxicology: May cause respiratory irritation or pulmonary effects on prolonged/repeated inh. above REL; not expected to cause significant eye/skin irritation or be harmful by ing., skin absorp.; accidental inj. under skin may cause serious injury; TSCA listed

Environmental: Not expected to be readily biodeg.; ashless formulation facilitates reclaiming/recycling; pass LC-50 aquatic toxicity test

Precaution: May react with strong oxidizing agents (e.g., chlorates, nitrates, peroxides)

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion prods.: CO₂, water vapor; incomplete combustion prods.: CO

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Keep container closed; do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers or expose to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or ignition sources; containers may explode

Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 150 [Chevron Prods.] Chem. Descrip.: 1-Decene, homopolymer, hydrogenated (< 60%), C8, C12 olefin polymer, hydrogenated (> 38%), additives (< 2%)

Uses: Lubricant for pulp/paper machines, extreme temp. bearing and circulating oil systems, gear boxes, dryer section accessories, calender rolls, high temp. air compressors, high pressure hydraulic pumps; better EP props.; high temp. and oxidation stability; long lubricant life; superior wear protection; exc. water separability, foam inhibition

Regulatory: DOT nonhazardous; SARA §313 nonreportable

Properties: Lt. amber clear liq.; sol. in hydrocarbon solvs.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.84 (15.6/15.6 C); visc. 143 cSt (40 C); pour pt. -48 C; flash pt. (COC) 258 C

Toxicology: May cause respiratory irritation or pulmonary effects on prolonged/repeated inh. above REL; not expected to cause significant eye/skin irritation or be harmful by ing., skin absorp.; accidental inj. under skin may cause serious injury; TSCA listed

Environmental: Not expected to be readily biodeg.; ashless formulation facilitates reclaiming/recycling; pass LC-50 aquatic toxicity test

Precaution: May react with strong oxidizing agents (e.g., chlorates, nitrates, peroxides)

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion prods.: CO₂, water vapor; incomplete combustion prods.: CO

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Keep container closed; do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers or expose to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or ignition sources; containers may explode

Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 220 [Chevron Prods.] Chem. Descrip.: 1-Decene, homopolymer, hydrogenated (< 60%), C8, C12 olefin polymer, hydrogenated (> 38%), additives (< 2%)

Uses: Lubricant for pulp/paper machines, extreme temp. bearing and circulating oil systems, gear boxes, dryer section accessories, calender rolls, high temp. air compressors, high pressure hydraulic pumps; better EP props.; high temp. and oxidation stability; long lubricant life; superior wear protection; exc. water separability, foam inhibition

Regulatory: DOT nonhazardous; SARA §313 nonreportable

Properties: Lt. amber clear liq.; sol. in hydrocarbon solvs.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.84 (15.6/15.6 C); visc. 209 cSt (40 C); pour pt. -45 C; flash pt. (COC) 236 C

Toxicology: May cause respiratory irritation or pulmonary effects on prolonged/repeated inh. above REL; not expected to cause significant eye/skin irritation or be harmful by ing., skin absorp.; accidental inj. under skin may cause serious injury; TSCA listed

Environmental: Not expected to be readily biodeg.; ashless formulation facilitates reclaiming/recycling; pass LC-50 aquatic toxicity test

Precaution: May react with strong oxidizing agents (e.g., chlorates, nitrates, peroxides)

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion prods.: CO₂, water vapor; incomplete combustion prods.: CO

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Keep container closed; do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers or expose to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or ignition sources; containers may explode

- Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 320 [Chevron Prods.] Chem. Descrip.: 1-Decene, homopolymer, hydrogenated (< 60%), C8, C12 olefin polymer, hydrogenated (> 38%), additives (< 2%)
 - Uses: Lubricant for pulp/paper machines, extreme temp. bearing and circulating oil systems, gear boxes, dryer section accessories, calender rolls, high temp. air compressors, high pressure hydraulic pumps; better EP props.; high temp. and oxidation stability; long lubricant life; superior wear protection; exc. water separability, foam inhibition
 - Regulatory: DOT nonhazardous; SARA §313 nonreportable
 - Properties: Lt. amber clear liq.; sol. in hydrocarbon solvs.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.84 (15.6/15.6 C); visc. 304 cSt (40 C); pour pt. -42 C; flash pt. (COC) 258 C
 - Toxicology: May cause respiratory irritation or pulmonary effects on prolonged/repeated inh. above REL; not expected to cause significant eye/skin irritation or be harmful by ing., skin absorp.; accidental inj. under skin may cause serious injury; TSCA listed
 - Environmental: Not expected to be readily biodeq.; ashless formulation facilitates reclaiming/recycling; pass LC-50 aquatic toxicity test
 - Precaution: May react with strong oxidizing agents (e.g., chlorates, nitrates, peroxides)
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion prods.: CO₂, water vapor; incomplete combustion prods.: CO
 - NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
 - Storage: Keep container closed; do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers or expose to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or ignition sources; containers may explode
- Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 460 [Chevron Prods.] Chem. Descrip.: 1-Decene, homopolymer, hydrogenated (< 60%), C8, C12 olefin polymer, hydrogenated (> 38%), additives (< 2%)
 - Uses: Lubricant for pulp/paper machines, extreme temp. bearing and circulating oil systems, gear boxes, dryer section accessories, calender rolls, high temp. air compressors, high pressure hydraulic pumps; better EP props.; high temp. and oxidation stability; long lubricant life; superior wear protection; exc. water separability, foam inhibition
 - Regulatory: DOT nonhazardous; SARA §313 nonreportable
 - Properties: Lt. amber clear liq.; sol. in hydrocarbon solvs.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.84 (15.6/15.6 C); visc. 437 cŠt (40 C); pour pt. -36 C; flash pt. (COC) 270 C
 - Toxicology: May cause respiratory irritation or pulmonary effects on prolonged/repeated inh. above REL; not expected to cause significant eye/skin irritation or be harmful by ing., skin absorp.; accidental inj. under skin may cause serious injury; TSCA listed
 - Environmental: Not expected to be readily biodeq.; ashless formulation facilitates reclaiming/recycling; pass LC-50 aquatic toxicity test
 - Precaution: May react with strong oxidizing agents (e.g., chlorates, nitrates, peroxides)
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion prods.: CO2, water vapor; incomplete combustion prods.: CO
 - NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
 - Storage: Keep container closed; do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers or expose to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or ignition sources; containers may explode
- Chevron HiD 9660 [Chevron]
 - Chem. Descrip.: HDPE homopolymer resin
 - CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
 - Uses: Film resin for coextrusions, cereal box liners, bakery films, barrier pkg., tissue paper replacement; grease barrier properties
 - Properties: Melt flow 0.7 g/10 min; dens. 0.962 g/cc; tens. str. 4400 psi (break); tens. elong. 350%; Elmendorf tear str. 13 g/mil (MD); Dart impact 30 a/mil.
- Chevron PE 4517 [Chevron]
 - Chem. Descrip.: LDPE homopolymer resin
 - CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
 - Uses: Coating and laminating resin for carton stock coating and photographic paper
 - Properties: Melt flow 5 g/10 min; dens. 0.923 g/cc.

Chimin P40 [Cesalpinia]

- Chem. Descrip .: Sodium alkylpolyglycol ether phosphate
- CAS 68071-35-2
- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent for low foaming prods. in textiles, paper, cleaners, machine washing; alkali-stable
- Properties: Liq.; 75% conc.; anionic

- Chimin P45 [Cesalpinia]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alkylpolyglycol ether phosphate CAS 68071-35-2
 - Uses: Detergent, antistat, wetting agent for textiles, paper, cleaners, machine washing, and personal care prods. Properties: Liq.; 30% conc.; anionic
- Chlorez® 700 [Dover]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Resinous chlorinated paraffin
 - CAS 63449-39-8
 - Uses: Flame retardant for LDPE, NR, SR, neoprene, SBR, acrylonitrile, ABS, in coatings (traffic paints), inks, plastics, foams, adhesives, paper, and fabric coatings; tackifier in rubber; tens. str. improver in neoprene
 - Properties: Wh. powd., odorless, tasteless; 90% thru 50 mesh; sp.gr. 1.6; bulk dens. 13.5 lb/gal; soften. pt. (B&R) 95-110 C; 70% Cl

Chlorez® 700-DF [Dover]

Chem. Descrip.: Resinous chlorinated paraffin

CAS 63449-39-8

- Uses: Flame retardant for paints, printing inks, plastics, foams, adhesives, paper and fabric coatings
- Properties: Wh. flakes; sp.gr. 1.6; soften. pt. (B&R) 95-110 C; ref. index 1.54-1.55 (105 C); 70% CI
- Chlorez® 700-S [Dover]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Resinous chlorinated paraffin
 - CAS 63449-39-8
 - Uses: Flame retardant in coatings, inks, plastics, foams, adhesives, paper, and fabrics
 - Properties: Wh. powd.; 90% thru 50 mesh; sp.gr. 1.6; bulk dens. 13.5 lb/gal; soften. pt. (B&R) 95-110 C; 70% CI
- Chlorez® 700-SS [Dover]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Resinous chlorinated paraffin
 - CAS 63449-39-8
 - Uses: Flame retardant with improved thermal stability for use in HIPS, PE, PP, PS and for coatings, inks, foams, adhesives, paper, fabrics
 - Properties: Wh. powd.; 90% thru 50 mesh; sp.gr. 1.6; bulk dens. 14. lb/gal; soften. pt. (B&R) 105-120 C; 71% CI
- Chlorez® 700-SSNP [Dover]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Resinous chlorinated paraffin
 - CAS 63449-39-8
 - Uses: Flame retardant for coatings, inks, plastics, foams, paper, and fabrics Properties: Wh. powd.; odorless; 95% thru 50 mesh; sol. in aromatic and chlorinated solvs.; limited/no sol. in lower alcohols, glycols, glycerins, and
- water; sp.gr. 1.6; dens. 13.5 lb/gal; soften. pt. (R&B) 120 C; 71.5% chlorine Chlorez® 725-S [Dover]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Resinous chlorinated paraffin
 - CAS 63449-39-8
 - Uses: Flame retardant for coatings, inks, plastics, foams, adhesives, paper, and fabrics; improved stability and higher soften. pt.
 - Properties: Wh. powd.; 90% thru 50 mesh; sp.gr. 1.6; bulk dens. 14 lb/gal; soften. pt. (B&R) 120-140 C; 71% CI
- Chlorez® 760 [Dover]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Resinous chlorinated paraffin
 - CAS 63449-39-8
 - Uses: Flame retardant for LDPE, PP, olefins, styrenes, adhesives, wire and cable, coatings, inks, foams, paper, fabrics
 - Properties: Wh. powd.; 90% thru 50 mesh; sp.gr. 1.7; bulk dens. 14 lb/gal; soften. pt. (B&R) 160 C; 74% CI

Chlorostain BR [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Guanidine deriv. coated extruded granules
- Uses: Security reacting agent for use in security papers; develops a reddishbrn. stain when an ink eradicator is applied
- Properties: Wh. to grayish min. foam; sol. in acidic conditions; sp.gr. 1.19; pH 1.5-2.0
- Storage: 2 yr min. stability
- Chlorostain™ BR Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]
 - Uses: Reacting agent for security papers; becomes brn. or orange when treated with commercial ink eradicators contg. a hypochlorite sol'n. Properties: Liq.
- Chlorostain[™] Blue RR Powd. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Uses: Reacting agent for security papers; becomes brn. or orange when treated with commercial ink eradicators contg. a hypochlorite sol'n.

Chlorostain OR Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Sulfonic acid deriv.

Uses: Security reacting agent for use in security papers; develops an orange-PVAc, polyvinyl butyral, PVC, PVP, PVdC, chlorinated rubber; lightfastbrn. stain when an ink eradicator is applied Properties: Dk. liq.; misc. in water in all proportions; dens. 9.5 lb/gal (20 C); visc. < 50 cps (20 C); pH 8; weakly anionic Storage: 1 yr min. stability CHT Prisulon SNP-113S [Catawba-Charlab] Uses: Thickener for transfer paper printing; syn. CHT Rapidoprint M-4 [Catawba-Charlab] Uses: Leveling agent for transfer paper printing Cithrol A [Croda Chem. Ltd; Croda Oleochems.] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-8 oleate CAS 9004-96-0 Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textiles, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants Properties: Amber liq.; slight agreeable odor; sol. in wh. spirit and liq. paraffin; completely sol. in xylol, ethyl acetate, methylated spirits, oleic acid; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.013; HLB 11.4; flash pt. 215 C; sapon. no. 85-93; pH 6.5-7.5 (10%); 97% conc.; nonionic Cithrol DGML N/E [Croda Chem. Ltd; Croda Oleochems.] Chem. Descrip .: Diethylene glycol laurate CAS 9004-81-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-468-1 Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textiles, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants Properties: Paste; HLB 6.1; 100% conc.; nonionic Cithrol DGMS N/E [Croda Chem. Ltd; Croda Oleochems.] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-2 stearate CAS 9004-99-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-363-5 Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for skin care prods., textiles, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants Properties: Solid; HLB 4.4; 100% conc.; nonionic Cithrol EGDS N/E [Croda Chem. Ltd; Croda Oleochems.] Chem. Descrip.: Glycol distearate CAS 627-83-8; EINECS/ELINCS 211-014-3 Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textiles, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants; pearlescent Properties: Wh. to cream pastilles; HLB 1.5; 100% conc.; nonionic Cithrol EGMS N/E [Croda Chem. Ltd; Croda Oleochems.] Chem. Descrip .: Glycol stearate CAS 111-60-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-886-9 Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textiles, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants; pearlescent Properties: Wh. to cream pastilles; HLB 2.0; 100% conc.; nonionic Cithrol EGMS S/E [Croda Chem. Ltd; Croda Oleochems.] Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene glycol stearate SE CAS 86418-55-5 Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textiles, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants Properties: Solid; HLB 2.9; 100% conc.; anionic Citroflex® 2 [Morflex] Chem. Descrip.: Triethyl citrate CAS 77-93-0; EINECS/ELINCS 201-070-7 Uses: Plasticizer for cellulose acetate, cellulose acetate butyrate, cellulose nitrate, chlorinated rubber, ethyl cellulose, PVAc, PVB, PVC, PVP, PVdC, PET, poly(acrylate/methacrylate), dammar, ester gums; lacquer formulations; fragrance carrier in perfumes, deodorants, shampoos, detergents; solvent in household, I&I cleaners; film-former, plasticizer, solvent for inks, adhesives, coatings; food-contact paper/paperboard; environmentally friendly; enhances grease resist.; lightfast Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 177.1210, 181.27, 182.1911, 184.1911; kosher Properties: Clear liq., essentially odorless; sol. in toluene, 6.5 g/100 ml in water; insol. in heptane; m.w. 276.3; sp.gr. 1.135-1.139; visc. 35 cps; pour pt. -45 C; flash pt. (COC) 155 C; ref. index 1.440-1.442; 99% assay Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 7 cc/kg, (IP, mice) 1750 mg/kg Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizing materials Citroflex® A-2 [Morflex] Chem. Descrip .: Acetyltriethyl citrate CAS 77-89-4; EINECS/ELINCS 201-066-5 Uses: Plasticizer for more polar resins such as cellulosics, polyacrylates,

ness for lacquer formulations; solvent in household, I&I cleaners; solvent, film-former, plasticizer for inks, adhesives, coatings, food pkg. adhesives/ coatings/paper/paperboard/polymers; environmentally friendly Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.380, 176.170, 177.1210, 178.3910; kosher Properties: Clear liq., essentially odorless; sol. in toluene, 0.72 g/100 ml water; m.w. 318.3; sp.gr. 1.135-1.139; visc. 54 cps; pour pt. -43 C; flash pt. (COC) 188 C; ref. index 1.432-1.441; 99% assay Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 7 cc/kg, (IP, mice) 1150 mg/kg; sl. but transient eye irritant; nonirritating to skin Citroflex® A-4 [Morflex] Chem. Descrip.: Acetyl tri-n-butyl citrate CAS 77-90-7; EINECS/ELINCS 201-067-0 Uses: Plasticizer for PVC, PVdC, esp. food films, medical articles, cellulose nitrate, chlorinated rubber, ethyl cellulose, PVAc, PVB, PVP, PU, poly(acrylate/methacrylate); sol'n. coatings on paperboard and foil; vinyl toys; solvent in household, I&I cleaners; solvent, film-former, and plasticizer for inks, adhesives, coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, polymers; environmentally friendly Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 177.1210, 178.3910, 181.27; kosher Properties: Clear liq., essentially odorless; sol. in toluene, heptane, < 0.1 g/ 100 ml water; m.w. 402.5; sp.gr. 1.045-1.055; visc. 33 cps; pour pt. -59 C; flash pt. (COC) 104 C; ref. index 1.441-1.4425; 99% min. assay Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 30 cc/kg, (IP, mice) 4000 mg/kg; sl. but transient eye irritant; nonirritating to skin Citroflex® A-4 Special [Morflex] Chem. Descrip .: Acetyl tri-n-butyl citrate CAS 77-90-7; EINECS/ELINCS 201-067-0 Uses: Plasticizer for vinyls, adhesives, coatings; rec. for medical articles and other sensitive applics.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, polymers; improved long-term stability Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 177.1210, 178.3910, 181.27 Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 30 cc/kg, (IP, mice) 4000 mg/kg Clarcel® [Ceca SA] Chem. Descrip.: Diatomites Uses: Filler for papers Clar+lon[™] 603 [General Chem.] Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum sulfate (< 50%) and cationic polyelectrolyte UN No. 1760 (DOT) Uses: Coagulant and flocculant for use in municipal and industrial wastewater treatment, industrial applics. (paper mfg., oil recovery, emulsion breaking, lagoon treatment, coal cleaning); designed to replace inorg. coagulants such as aluminum sulfate, aluminum chloride, ferric sulfate, ferric chloride, and other inorg. salts, and org. coagulants and dual treatment programs; superior P removal, inc. suspended solids removal Properties: Lt. green or amber clear liq.; negligible odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.26; dens. 10.5 lb/gal; f.p. 25 F; m.p. 0 to -5 C; b.p. 101 C; pH 2.2; cationic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 980 mg(Al)/kg; may cause skin, eye, respiratory, and intestinal irritation; may burn eyes; ACGIH TLV 2 mg(AI)/m³; recorded human fatal dose 30 g Environmental: Aquatic toxicity: fatal (fundulus, 36 hr.) 14 ppm; (mosquito fish, 48 hr.) 240 ppm Precaution: Corrosive; incompat. with alkalis and water reactive materials which cause exothermic reactions; do not store in alloys containing aluminum, magnesium, zinc, and copper Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: SO_x, CO, CO₂, NO_x Storage: Store in cool area: protect from freezing Clar+lon[™] 605 [General Chem.] Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum sulfate (< 50%) and cationic polyelectrolyte UN No. 1760 (DOT)

- Uses: Coagulant and flocculant for use in municipal and industrial wastewater treatment, industrial applics. (paper mfg., oil recovery, emulsion breaking, lagoon treatment, coal cleaning); designed to replace inorg. coagulants such as aluminum sulfate, aluminum chloride, ferric sulfate, ferric chloride, and other inorg. salts, and org. coagulants and dual treatment programs; superior P removal, inc. suspended solids removal
- Properties: Lt. green or amber clear liq.; negligible odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.24; dens. 10.3 lb/gal; f.p. 25 F; m.p. 0 to -5 C; b.p. 101 C;

pH 2.6; cationic

- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, mouse) 980 mg(AI)/kg; may cause skin, eye, respiratory, and intestinal irritation; may burn eyes; ACGIH TLV 2 mg(AI)/m³; recorded human fatal dose 30 g
- *Environmental:* Aquatic toxicity: fatal (fundulus, 36 hr.) 14 ppm; (mosquito fish, 48 hr.) 240 ppm
- Precaution: Corrosive; incompat. with alkalis and water reactive materials which cause exothermic reactions; do not store in alloys containing aluminum, magnesium, zinc, and copper

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: SO_x, CO, CO₂, NO_x

Storage: Store in cool area; protect from freezing

Clar+lon[™] 610 [General Chem.]

Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum sulfate (< 50%) and cationic polyelectrolyte UN No. 1760 (DOT)

- Uses: Coagulant and flocculant for use in municipal and industrial wastewater treatment, industrial applics. (paper mfg., oil recovery, emulsion breaking, lagoon treatment, coal cleaning); designed to replace inorg. coagulants such as aluminum sulfate, aluminum chloride, ferric sulfate, ferric chloride, and other inorg. salts, and org. coagulants and dual treatment programs; superior P removal, inc. suspended solids removal
- Properties: Lt. green or amber clear liq.; negligible odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.1; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; f.p. 25 F; m.p. 0 to -5 C; b.p. 101 C; pH 2.7; cationic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 980 mg(Al)/kg; may cause skin, eye, respiratory, and intestinal irritation; may burn eyes; ACGIH TLV 2 mg(Al)/m³; recorded human fatal dose 30 g
- Environmental: Aquatic toxicity: fatal (fundulus, 36 hr.) 14 ppm; (mosquito fish, 48 hr.) 240 ppm

Precaution: Corrosive; incompat. with alkalis and water reactive materials which cause exothermic reactions; do not store in alloys containing aluminum, magnesium, zinc, and copper

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: SOx, CO, CO2, NOx

Storage: Store in cool area; protect from freezing

Clar+lon[™] 610M [General Chem.]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Aluminum sulfate (< 50%) and cationic polyelectrolyte UN No. 1760 (DOT)
- Uses: Coagulant and flocculant for use in municipal and industrial wastewater treatment, industrial applics. (paper mfg., oil recovery, emulsion breaking, lagoon treatment, coal cleaning); designed to replace inorg. coagulants such as aluminum sulfate, aluminum chloride, ferric sulfate, ferric chloride, and other inorg. salts, and org. coagulants and dual treatment programs; superior P removal, inc. suspended solids removal

Properties: Lt. green or amber clear liq.; negligible odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.1; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; f.p. 32 F; m.p. 0 to -5 C; b.p. 101 C; pH 2.9; cationic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 980 mg(Al)/kg; may cause skin, eye, respiratory, and intestinal irritation; may burn eyes; ACGIH TLV 2 mg(Al)/m³; recorded human fatal dose 30 g

- *Environmental:* Aquatic toxicity: fatal (fundulus, 36 hr.) 14 ppm; (mosquito fish, 48 hr.) 240 ppm
- Precaution: Corrosive; incompat. with alkalis and water reactive materials which cause exothermic reactions; do not store in alloys containing aluminum, magnesium, zinc, and copper

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: SOx, CO, CO2, NOx

Storage: Store in cool area; protect from freezing

Clar+lon[™] A405P [General Chem.]

Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum sulfate (< 50%) and polyquat. amine (< 50%) UN No. 1760 (DOT)

Uses: Coagulant and flocculant for use in potable water treatment, municipal wastewater treatment, industrial water and wastewater treatment, industrial applics. (paper mfg., emulsion breaking, lagoon treatment, coal cleaning); designed to replace inorg. coagulants such as aluminum sulfate, aluminum chloride, ferric sulfate, ferric chloride, and other inorg. salts, and org. coagulants and dual treatment programs; superior P removal, inc. suspended solids removal

Regulatory: EPA approved

Properties: Lt. green or amber clear liq.; negligible odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.31; dens. 10.9 lb/gal; f.p. 10 F; m.p. -14 C; b.p. 101 C; pH 1.7; cationic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 980 mg(Al)/kg; may irritate respiratory and GI tracts; conc. sol'ns. may cause burns to digestive tract; may cause skin irritation; may strongly irritate or burn eyes; ACGIH TLV 2 mg(Al)/m³;

recorded human fatal dose 30 g

- *Environmental:* Aquatic toxicity: fatal (fundulus, 36 hr.) 14 ppm; (mosquito fish, 48 hr.) 240 ppm
- *Precaution:* Corrosive; incompat. with alkalis and water reactive materials which cause exothermic reactions; do not store in alloys containing aluminum, magnesium, zinc, copper

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: SO_x, CO, CO₂ Storage: Store in cool area; protect from freezing

Clar+lon[™] A410P [General Chem.]

Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum sulfate and flocculating agent CAS 10043-01-3; EINECS/ELINCS 233-135-0

UN No. 1760 (DOT)

Uses: Coagulant and flocculant for use in potable water treatment, municipal wastewater treatment, industrial water and wastewater treatment, industrial applics. (paper mfg., emulsion breaking, lagoon treatment, coal cleaning); emulsion breaker; rec. where rapid settling is desired; superior P removal, inc. suspended solids removal

Regulatory: EPA approved

Properties: Lt. green or amber clear liq.; negligible odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.30; dens. 10.8 lb/gal; f.p. 14 F; m.p. -14 C; b.p. 101 C; pH 1.7

- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, mouse) 980 mg(AI)/kg; may irritate respiratory and GI tracts; conc. sol'ns. may cause burns to digestive tract; may cause skin irritation; may strongly irritate or burn eyes; ACGIH TLV 2 mg(AI)/m³; recorded human fatal dose 30 g
- *Environmental:* Aquatic toxicity: fatal (fundulus, 36 hr.) 14 ppm; (mosquito fish, 48 hr.) 240 ppm
- *Precaution:* Corrosive; incompat. with alkalis and water reactive materials which cause exothermic reactions; do not store in alloys containing aluminum, magnesium, zinc, copper
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: SO_x, CO, CO₂

Storage: Store in cool area; protect from freezing

- Clar+Ion[™] A415P [General Chem.]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Aluminum sulfate (< 50%) and polyquat. amine (< 50%) UN No. 1760 (DOT)
 - Uses: Coagulant and flocculant for use in potable water treatment, municipal wastewater treatment, industrial water and wastewater treatment, industrial applics. (paper mfg., emulsion breaking, lagoon treatment, coal cleaning); designed to replace inorg. coagulants such as aluminum sulfate, aluminum chloride, ferric sulfate, ferric chloride, and other inorg. salts, and org. coagulants and dual treatment programs; superior P removal, inc. suspended solids removal

Regulatory: EPA approved

- Properties: Lt. green or amber clear liq.; negligible odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.29; dens. 10.8 lb/gal; f.p. 18 F; m.p. -14 C; b.p. 101 C; pH 1.8; cationic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, mouse) 980 mg(AI)/kg; may irritate respiratory and GI tracts; conc. sol'ns. may cause burns to digestive tract; may cause skin irritation; may strongly irritate or burn eyes; ACGIH TLV 2 mg(AI)/m³; recorded human fatal dose 30 g
- *Environmental:* Aquatic toxicity: fatal (fundulus, 36 hr.) 14 ppm; (mosquito fish, 48 hr.) 240 ppm
- Precaution: Corrosive; incompat. with alkalis and water reactive materials which cause exothermic reactions; do not store in alloys containing aluminum, magnesium, zinc, copper

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: SO_x, CO, CO₂

Storage: Store in cool area; protect from freezing

Clar+lon[™] A420P [General Chem.]

Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum sulfate (< 50%) and polyquat. amine (< 50%) UN No. 1760 (DOT)

Uses: Coagulant and flocculant for use in potable water treatment, municipal wastewater treatment, industrial water and wastewater treatment, industrial applics. (paper mfg., emulsion breaking, lagoon treatment, coal cleaning); designed to replace inorg. coagulants such as aluminum sulfate, aluminum chloride, ferric sulfate, ferric chloride, and other inorg. salts, and org. coagulants and dual treatment programs; superior P removal, inc. suspended solids removal

Regulatory: EPA approved

Properties: Lt. green or amber clear liq.; negligible odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.27; dens. 10.6 lb/gal; f.p. 25 F; m.p. -14 C; b.p. 101 C; pH 1.8; cationic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 980 mg(Al)/kg; may irritate respiratory and

GI tracts; conc. sol'ns. may cause burns to digestive tract; may cause skin irritation; may strongly irritate or burn eyes; ACGIH TLV 2 mg(AI)/m³; recorded human fatal dose 30 g

- *Environmental:* Aquatic toxicity: fatal (fundulus, 36 hr.) 14 ppm; (mosquito fish, 48 hr.) 240 ppm
- *Precaution:* Corrosive; incompat. with alkalis and water reactive materials which cause exothermic reactions; do not store in alloys containing aluminum, magnesium, zinc, copper

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: SO_x, CO, CO₂

Storage: Store in cool area; protect from freezing

- Claytone® 2000 [Southern Clay Prods.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Organophilic smectite
 - CAS 53320-86-8; EINECS/ELINCS 258-476-2 Uses: Clay for use in paints and coatings, adhesives, caulks, sealants, agriculture, inks, paper, cosmetics, personal care, refractory, foundry, rub-
 - ber, waste treatment, greases, gelcoats, oil field, household care, laminates, unsat. polyesters; designed for use in a variety of solvs. incl. aliphatic, aromatic, and med. polarity systems

Properties: Off-wh. powd.

Claytone® LMW [Southern Clay Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Organophilic smectite

CAS 53320-86-8; EINECS/ELINCS 258-476-2

Uses: Clay for use in toluene-free or low-toluene nail lacquers, paints and coatings, adhesives, caulks, sealants, agriculture, inks, paper, cosmetics, personal care, refractory, foundry, rubber, waste treatment, greases, gelcoats, oil field, household care, laminates, unsat. polyesters; thickener for low m.w. esters

Claytone[®] SO [Southern Clay Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Organophilic smectite

CAS 53320-86-8; EINECS/ELINCS 258-476-2

- Uses: Visc. builder, suspension control agent for use in paints and coatings, adhesives, caulks, sealants, agriculture, inks, paper, cosmetics, personal care, refractory, foundry, rubber, waste treatment, greases, gelcoats, oil field, household care, laminates, unsat. polyesters; designed for use in silicone oil systems
- Properties: Off-wh. powd.

Cleer-Cote® 625 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.]

Chem. Descrip.: Visc. modified waxy corn starch

CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6

- Uses: Film-former providing water holding for papermaking size press, pigmented size press, and paper coatings; provides machine cleanliness and runnability
- CN 104 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy acrylate

- Uses: For adhesives, paper coatings, wood coatings, metal coatings, electronics, sealants and inks; high reactivity, chem. resist., film hardness, low color
- Properties: Gardner 1 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.150; visc. 19,300 cps (49 C); 100% oligomer
- Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

CN 104 A80 [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy acrylate oligomer/SR 306 (tripropylene glycol diacrylate) blend
- Uses: Used for adhesives, paper coatings, wood coatings, inks, electronics, sealants; exc. flow and gloss;
- Properties: Gardner 1 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.160; visc. 35,600 cps; 80% oligomer, 20% TPGDA

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

CN 104 B80 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy acrylate oligomer/SR 238 (hexanediol diacrylate) blend

Uses: Offers flexibility for paper coatings, wood coatings, metal coatings, inks, adhesives, electronics, and sealants; high reactivity, chem. resist.

Properties: Gardner 1 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.150; visc. 12,600 cps; 80% oligomer, 20% HDDA

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F CN 111 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Epoxidized soybean oil acrylate, with 3740 ppm MEHQ Uses: Offers flexibility, pigment wetting, high adhesion for paper coatings, wood coatings, metal coatings, concrete polymers, inks

- *Properties:* Gardner 4 It. yel. liq.; sp.gr. 1.040; visc. 23,000 cps; 99% reactive esters
- Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

CN 112 C60 [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy novolak acrylate/SR 351 (trimethylol propane triacrylate) blend
- Uses: Used for inks, solder resists and coatings (metal, paper, wood); offers high heat resist.
- Properties: Gardner < 2 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.190; visc. 23,000 cps; 60% oligomer, 40% TMPTA

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

CN 117 [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip .: Modified epoxy acrylate
- Uses: For use in screen and lithographic inks, paper/plastic/wood coatings, laminating adhesives; fast cure oligomer; tough, high gloss; good flexibility; chem. and abrasion resist.
- Properties: APHA 200 color; dens. 9.9 lb/gal; visc. 2500 cps (65 C); tens. str. 5400 psi; modulus 127,000 psi; elong. 6%
- Toxicology: Possible skin and eye irritant

Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 50-90 F, away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents, and materials that may generate free radicals

CN 118 [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip.: Acid modified epoxy acrylate
- Uses: For use in screen and lithographic links, paper/plastic/wood coatings, overprint varnishes; oligomer; exc. pigment wetting; high gloss; water and chem. resist.

Properties: Amber color; visc. 4400 cps (60 C); acid no. 2

Toxicology: Possible skin and eye irritant

- Storage: 6 mos. shelf life @ 50-90 F, away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents, and materials that may generate free radicals
- CN 120 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy acrylate, with 3800 ppm MEHQ

- Uses: Used for adhesives (anaerobic, binder, pressure sensitive, structural), coatings (glass, metal, optical, paper, plastic, wood, PVC floor), electronics, inks (flexo and gravure, litho, offset, screen), and sealants; high reactivity, chem. resist.
- Properties: Gardner < 2 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.150; visc. 26,200 cps (65 C); 100% oligomer
- Storage: Štore away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F
- CN 120 A75 [Sartomer]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy acrylate blended with SR 306 (tripropylene glycol diacrylate), 3800 ppm MEHQ
 - Uses: Used for adhesives (anaerobic, binder, pressure sensitive, structural), coatings (glass, metal, optical, paper, plastic, wood, PVC floor), electronics, inks (flexo and gravure, litho, offset, screen), and sealants; high reactivity, chem. resist.
 - Properties: Gardner < 2 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.128; visc. 8700 cps (49 C); 75% oligomer, 25% TPGDA

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

CN 120 B60 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy acrylate/SR 238 (1,6 hexanediol diacrylate) blend, 1200 ppm MEHQ

Uses: Used for hard coatings (glass, metal, optical, plastic, PVC floor, paper, wood), electronics, and inks (flexo, gravure, litho, offset, screen), sealants, adhesives (anaerobic, binder, pressure sensitive, structural); offers adhesion; chem., abrasion, and water resist.; high reactivity *Properties:* Gardner 1 clear liq.; visc. 520 cps

CN 120 B80 [Sartomer]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Epoxy acrylate blended with SR 238 (hexanediol diacrylate), 3800 ppm MEHQ
- Uses: Used for adhesives (anaerobic, binder, pressure sensitive, structural), coatings (glass, metal, optical, paper, plastic, wood, PVC floor), electronics, inks (flexo and gravure, litho, offset, screen), and sealants; high reactivity, chem. resist.
- Properties: Gardner < 2 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.124; visc. 7200 cps (49 C); 80% oligomer, 20% HDDA

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials

which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F CN 120 C60 [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy acrylate blended with 40% SR 351 (trimethylolpropane triacrylate), 3800 ppm MEHQ
- Uses: Used for adhesives (anaerobic, binder, pressure sensitive, structural), coatings (glass, metal, optical, paper, plastic, wood, PVC floor), electronics, inks (flexo and gravure, litho, offset, screen), and sealants; fast cure response, film hardness, water and abrasion resist.
- Properties: Gardner < 2 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.146; visc. 8200 cps (49 C); 60% oligomer, 40% TMPTA
- Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

CN 120 C80 [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy acrylate blended with SR 351 (trimethylolpropane triacrylate), 3800 ppm MEHQ
- Uses: Used for adhesives (anaerobic, binder, pressure sensitive, structural), coatings (glass, metal, optical, paper, plastic, wood, PVC floor), electronics, inks (flexo and gravure, litho, offset, screen), and sealants; high reactivity, chem. resist.
- Properties: Gardner < 2 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.142; visc. 27,500 cps (49 C); 80% oligomer, 20% TMPTA
- Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps, should not be > 90 F

CN 120 D80 [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy acrylate blended with SR 9020 (glycerylpropoxy triacrylate), 3800 ppm MEHQ
- Uses: Used for adhesives (anaerobic, binder, pressure sensitive, structural), coatings (glass, metal, optical, paper, plastic, wood, PVC floor), electronics, inks (flexo and gravure, litho, offset, screen), and sealants; high reactivity, chem. resist.
- Properties: Gardner < 2 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.138; visc. 39,300 cps (49 C); 80% oligomer, 20% GPTA

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F CN 120 E50 [Sartomer]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Epoxy acrylate blended with SR 454 (ethoxylated TMPTA), 3800 ppm MEHQ
- Uses: Used for adhesives (anaerobic, binder, pressure sensitive, structural), coatings (glass, metal, optical, paper, plastic, wood, PVC floor), electronics, inks (flexo and gravure, litho, offset, screen), and sealants; high reactivity, chem. resist.
- Properties: Gardner < 2 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.101; visc. 2600 cps (49 C); 50% oligomer, 50% EOTMPTA
- Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

CN 120 M50 [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy acrylate/SR 339 (2-phenoxyethyl acrylate) blend with 3800 ppm MEHQ
- Uses: Used for hard coatings (glass, metal, optical, plastic, PVC floor, paper, wood), electronics, and inks (flexo, gravure, litho, offset, screen), sealants, adhesives (anaerobic, binder, pressure sensitive, structural), polymer concrete; offers adhesion; chem., abrasion, and water resist.; high reactivity *Properties:* Clear lig.; visc. 450 cps

CN 124 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy acrylate with inhibitor

- Uses: Used for hard coatings (glass, metal, optical, plastic, PVC floor, paper, wood), electronics, and inks (flexo, gravure, litho, offset, screen), sealants, adhesives (anaerobic, binder, pressure sensitive, structural); offers adhesion; chem., abrasion, and water resist.; high reactivity
- Properties: Gardner 1 clear liq.; visc. 870,000,000 cps

CN 292 [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip.: Polyester acrylate with 140 MEHQ
- Uses: Used for coatings (paper, wood, plastics), and flexo inks; low visc. oligomer; offers chem., abrasion, and water resist.; impact str.; flexibility; weatherability
- Properties: APHA 65 clear; sp.gr. 1.102 visc. 515 cps; ref. index 1.4653 CN 381 [Sartomer]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Reactive amine coinitiator
 - Uses: Photoinitiator synergists for coatings (metal, paper, plastics) and inks (litho, offset, silk screen); fast cure
 - Properties: Gardner 6 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.01 (20 C); visc. 95 cps; flash pt. > 100 C

CN 383 [Sartomer]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Monofunctional reactive amine with 875 ppm MEHQ *Uses:* Coinitiator; synergist used with a photosensitizer such as benzophenone to promote rapid cure under UV light for dry offset lithographic inks and coatings, silk screen inks and varnishes, and overprint varnishes for paper, board, plastics, and metals
- *Properties:* APHA 225 sl. hazy liq.; sp.gr. 0.9903; visc. 18 cps; amine no. 135; 99% reactive esters
- Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

CN 384 [Sartomer]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Difunctional amine with 920 ppm MEHQ
- Uses: Coinitiator; synergist used with a photosensitizer to promote rapid cure under UV light for dry offset lithographic inks and coatings, silk screen inks and varnishes, and overprint varnishes for paper, board, plastics, and metals
- Properties: APHA 100 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.0534; visc. 115 cps; amine no. 103; 99% reactive esters

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

- CN 953 B70 [Sartomer]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Urethane acrylate/SR 238 (1,6-hexanediol diacrylate) blend Uses: Oligomer for radiation and peroxide curing; uses incl. anaerobic adhesives, optical/paper/plastic/PVC floor/wood coatings, and inks; chem, water, and heat resist.; nonyellowing
 - Properties: APHA 25 clear liq.; dens. 9.262 lb/gal; visc. 590 cps
- CN 963 A80 [Sartomer]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic urethane acrylate resin/SR 306 (tripropylene glycol diacrylate) blend, < 400 ppm MEHQ inhibitor
 - Uses: Used for adhesives, coatings (metal, paper, PVC floor, wood), electronics, inks, photoresists; high performance difunctional oligomer; hard, nonyellowing
 - Properties: APHA 100 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.093; visc. 2100 cps; tens. str. 6000 psi; tens. elong. 16%; 99% reactive esters; 80% oligomer, 20% TPGDA Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

CN 963 B80 [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip.: Urethane acrylate blended with SR 238 (hexanediol diacrylate) and < 400 ppm MEHQ inhibitor
- Uses: Used for adhesives, coatings (metal, paper, PVC floor, wood), electronics, inks, photoresists; high performance difunctional oligomer; hard, nonyellowing
- Properties: APHA 100 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.098; visc. 1600 cps; 99% reactive esters; 80% oligomer, 20% HDDA
- Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps, should not be > 90 F

CN 963 E75 [Sartomer]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Aliphatic urethane acrylate resin/SR 454 (ethoxylated trimethylolpropane triacrylate) blend, < 400 ppm MEHQ inhibitor
- Uses: Used for adhesives, coatings (metal, paper, PVC floor, wood), electronics, inks, photopolymers; high performance difunctional oligomer; hard, nonyellowing
- Properties: APHA 100 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.104; visc. 2300 cps; tens. str. 9000 psi; tens. elong. 31%; 99% reactive esters; 75% oligomer, 25% EOTMPTA Strange. Store away from direct cyclicity available available available.
- Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

CN 963 E80 [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip.: Urethane acrylate/SR 454 (PEG-3 trimethylolpropane triacrylate) blend, < 400 ppm MEHQ inhibitor
- Uses: Used for radiation and peroxide cured adhesives, coatings (metal, paper, PVC floor, wood), electronics (photoresists), inks, photopolymers; hard; non-yellowing; offers weatherability; chem., abrasion, and water resist.; low shrinkage; hardness, impact str.
- Properties: APHA 35 clear liq.; dens. 9.205 lb/gal; visc. 3300 cps

CN 963 J85 [Sartomer]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Urethane acrylate/SR 506 (isobornyl acrylate) blend, < 400 ppm MEHQ inhibitor
- Uses: Used for radiation and peroxide cured adhesives, coatings (metal, paper, PVC floor, wood), electronics (photoresists), inks, photopolymers; hard; non-yellowing; offers weatherability; chem., abrasion, and water resist.; low shrinkage; hardness, impact str.
- Properties: APHA 30 clear liq.; dens. 9.069 lb/gal; visc. 4675 cps

gravure)

- Chem. Descrip.: Urethane acrylate/SR 306 (tripropylene glycol diacrylate) CN 973 J75 [Sartomer] blend, < 400 ppm MEHQ Uses: Used for radiation and peroxide cured structural adhesives, coatings (paper, PVC floor, wood), elastomers, electronics, screen inks; resilient; non-yellowing; offers weatherability; chem., abrasion, and water resist.; low shrinkage; hardness, impact str. Properties: APHA 45 clear liq.; dens. 9.074 lb/gal; visc. 3470 cps CN 970 A60 [Sartomer] Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic urethane acrylate resin/SR 306 (tripropylene glycol diacrylate) blend, < 400 ppm MEHQ inhibitor Uses: Produces hard, fast curing, solv. resist. UV/EB cured prods., e.g., CN 978 [Sartomer] coatings (metal, paper, wood) and inks (flexo and gravure) Properties: APHA 100 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.118; visc. 845 cps; tens. str. 10,000 psi; tens. elong. 8%; 60% oligomer, 40% TPGDA Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials ible; hydrophobic which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F CN 970 E60 [Sartomer] CN 980 [Sartomer] Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic urethane acrylate resin/SR 454 (PEG-3 trimethylolpropane triacrylate) blend, < 400 ppm MEHQ inhibitor Uses: Used for coatings (metal, paper, wood) and inks Properties: APHA 100 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.142; visc. 2200 cps; tens. str. 9000 psi; tens. elong. 13%; 60% oligomer, 40% EOTMPTA reactive esters Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F CN 970 H75 [Sartomer] CN 980 M50 [Sartomer] Chem. Descrip .: Aromatic urethane acrylate resin/SR 256 (2-(2-ethoxyethoxy)-ethyl acrylate) blend, < 400 ppm MEHQ inhibitor Uses: Used for adhesives, coatings (metal, paper, wood), and inks (flexo and cally stable Properties: APHA 100 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.145; visc. 1600 cps; tens. str. 7600 psi; tens. elong. 12%; 75% oligomer, 25% EOEOEA Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F CN 971 A80 [Sartomer] CN 981 [Sartomer] Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic urethane acrylate resin/SR 306 (tripropylene glycol diacrylate) blend, < 400 ppm MEHQ inhibitor Uses: Produces resilient, fast curing, solv. resist. UV/EB cured prods. for use in paper, wood, and metal coatings, inks, adhesives, solder masks, and encapsulants esters Properties: APHA 100 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.088; visc. 2400 cps; tens. str. 3000 psi; tens. elong. 40%; 80% oligomer, 20% TPGDA Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials CN 981 A75 [Sartomer] which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F CN 972 [Sartomer] Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic urethane acrylate, < 400 ppm MEHQ inhibitor Uses: Produces flexible, fast curing, solv. resist., UV/EB cured prods. for adhesives, coatings (metal, paper, wood), elastomers, electronics (encapsulants, photoresists), inks, photopolymers Properties: APHA 100 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.054; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 3700 CN 981 B88 [Sartomer] cps; 99% reactive esters Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F CN 973 A80 [Sartomer] Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic urethane acrylate blended with SR 306 (tripropylene glycol diacrylate), < 400 ppm MEHQ inhibitor Uses: Produces highly flexible, fast curing, UV/EB curable films used for adhesives, coatings (metal, paper, wood), elastomers, electronics, inks, photoresists; highly flexible, hydrophobic CN 982 A75 [Sartomer] *Properties:* APHA 100 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.013; visc. 10,100 cps; 99% reactive esters; 80% oligomer, 20% TPGDA Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F CN 973 H85 [Sartomer]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Aromatic urethane acrylate blended with SR 256 (2-(2ethoxyethoxy)-ethyl acrylate), < 400 ppm MEHQ inhibitor
 - Uses: Produces highly flexible, fast curing, UV/EB films used for adhesives, coatings (metal, paper, wood), elastomers, electronics, inks, photoresists, photopolymers; hydrophobic
 - Properties: APHA 100 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.089; visc. 6300 cps; 99% reactive esters; 85% oligomer, 15% EOEOEA

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials

which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

- Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic urethane acrylate blended with SR 506 (isobornyl acrylate), < 400 ppm MEHQ inhibitor
- Uses: Produces highly flexible, fast curing, UV/EB films for adhesives, coatings (metal, paper, wood), elastomers, electronics, inks, photoresists, photopolymers; hydrophobic
- Properties: APHA 100 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.080; visc. 5500 cps; 99% reactive esters; 75% oligomer, 25% IBOA

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

Chem. Descrip.: Urethane acrylate, aromatic

Uses: Oligomer for adhesives, coatings (metal, paper, wood), elastomers, elec. (photoresists), inks, photopolymers; water resist., low shrinkage, flex-

Properties: APHA 45 clear liq.; dens. 9.007 lb/gal; visc. 3210 cps

Chem. Descrip.: Urethane acrylate with < 400 ppm MEHQ inhibitor Uses: Produces fast curing, nonyel., hydrolytically stable UV/EB curable prods. used for coatings (metal, paper, PVC floor), inks

Properties: APHA 100 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.078; visc. 19,600 cps; 99%

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

- Chem. Descrip.: Urethane acrylate blended with 50% SR 339 (2-phenoxyethyl acrylate), < 400 ppm MEHQ inhibitor
- Uses: Used for coatings (metal, paper, PVC floor), inks; fast cure, hydrolyti-
- Properties: APHA 100 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.051; visc.183 cps; 99% reactive esters; 50% oligomer, 50% PEA

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic urethane acrylate with < 400 ppm MEHQ inhibitor Uses: Used for UV/EB curable coatings (metal, paper, PVC floor), inks; highly flexible, exc. pigment wetting characteristics

- Properties: APHA 100 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.119; visc. 6300 cps; 99% reactive
- Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F
- Chem. Descrip.: Urethane acrylate/SR 306 (tripropylene glycol diacrylate) blend, < 400 ppm MEHQ
- Uses: Used for coatings (metal, paper, PVC floor) and inks; highly flexible; non-yellowing; exc. pigment wetting; offers weatherability; chem., abrasion, and water resist.; hardness

Properties: APHA 65 clear liq.; dens. 9.154 lb/gal; visc. 710 cps

- Chem. Descrip.: Urethane acrylate blended with 12% SR 238 (1,6-hexanediol diacrylate), < 400 ppm MEHQ inhibitor
- Uses: Used for UV/EB curable coatings (metal, paper, PVC floor), inks; highly flexible, exc. pigment wetting characteristics
- Properties: APHA 100 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.103; visc. 1500 cps; 99% reactive esters; 88% oligomer, 12% HDDA
- Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F
- Chem. Descrip.: Urethane acrylate/SR 306 (tripropylene glycol diacrylate) blend, < 400 ppm MEHQ
- Uses: Used for coatings (metal, paper, PVC floor), and inks; highly flexible; non-yellowing; exc. pigment wetting; offers weatherability; chem., abrasion, and water resist.; hardness; low shrinkage; impact str.

Properties: APHA 30 clear liq.; dens. 9.360 lb/gal; visc. 1115 cps CN 982 B88 [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip.: Urethane acrylate/SR 238 (1,6 hexanediol diacrylate), < 400 ppm MEHQ
- Uses: Used for coatings (metal, paper, PVC floor), and inks; highly flexible; non-yellowing; exc. pigment wetting; offers weatherability; chem., abrasion, and water resist.; hardness
- Properties: APHA 60 clear liq.; dens. 9.189 lb/gal; visc. 2175 cps

CN 982 E75 [Sartomer] and screening, paper machines, for heavy weight grades, liner board, Chem. Descrip .: Urethane acrylate/SR 454 (PEG-3 trimethylolpropane triacroofing or flooring stock, corrugated or min.-filled grades; promotes drainage rylate) blend, < 400 ppm MÉHQ CNC Defoamer 30 Series [CNC Int'l.] Uses: Used for coatings (metal, paper, PVC floor), and inks; highly flexible; Uses: Water-based pulp mill screen defoamer for sulfate or sulfite pulps non-yellowing; exc. pigment wetting; offers weatherability; chem., abra-Properties: Paste or ligs. sion, and water resist.; hardness; low shrinkage; impact str. CNC Defoamer 34 [CNC Int'l.] Uses: Liq. defoamer for difficult, foamy high solids or high resin content coating Properties: APHA 30 clear liq.; dens. 9.612 lb/gal; visc. 2175 cps CN 982 P90 [Sartomer] systems, paper applics. CNC Defoamer 44 Series [CNC Int'l.] Chem. Descrip.: Urethane acrylate/SR 268 (tetraethylene glycol diacrylate) blend, < 400 ppm MEHQ Uses: Defoamer for coated or heavily surface sized sheet such as wallpaper Uses: Used for coatings (metal, paper, PVC floor), and inks; highly flexible; Properties: Lig. non-yellowing; exc. pigment wetting; offers weatherability; chem., abrasion, and water resist.; hardness; low shrinkage; impact str. Properties: APHA 30 clear liq.; dens. 9.241 lb/gal; visc. 3650 cps CN 983 [Sartomer] Chem. Descrip.: Urethane acrylate, < 400 ppm MEHQ Uses: Used for coatings (plastic, wood, paper, floor), inks, and flexible packaging; hard; scratch-resist.; non-yellowing; offers weatherability; optical resist.; water resist. Properties: APHA 50 clear liq.; dens. 9.420 lb/gal; visc. 5150 cps CN 983 B88 [Sartomer] Chem. Descrip.: Urethane acrylate/SR 238 (1,6 hexanediol diacrylate), < 400 ppm MEHQ Uses: Used for coatings (plastic, wood, paper, floor), inks, and flexible packaging; hard; scratch-resist.; non-yellowing; offers weatherability; optical resist.; water resist. Properties: APHA 50 clear liq.; dens. 9.282 lb/gal; visc. 750 cps CN 985 B88 [Sartomer] Chem. Descrip.: Urethane acrylate/SR 238 (1,6 hexanediol diacrylate), < 400 ppm MEHQ Uses: Used for coatings (flooring, paper, plastics, wood), inks, and flexible packaging; scratch-resist.; non-yellowing; offers weatherability; optical resist.; water resist. Properties: APHA 20 clear liq.; dens. 9.625 lb/gal; visc. 205 cps CNC Antifoam 10-FG [CNC Int'l.] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone aq. emulsion Uses: Antifoam/defoamer for food processing applics., industrial applics. such as paper, textiles, water-phase paints, etc.; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in resin-bonded filters for food contact Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2260 Properties: Wh. visc. emulsion; pH 4-5; 10% act.; nonionic Storage: 4 mos storage stability CNC Antifoam 30-FG [ČNC Int'l.] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone aq. emulsion Uses: Antifoam/defoam for paper, textiles, water-phase paints and other industrial uses; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resin-bonded filters for food contact Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2260 Properties: Wh. visc. emulsion; easily disp. with water; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; pH 4-5; 27-28% act. silicone; nonionic Storage: 4 mos storage stability CNC Antifoam 495, 495-M [CNC Int'l.] Chem. Descrip .: Silicone emulsions Uses: Foam control agent for aq. systems, textile dyeing, paper, water-phase paints, industrial municipal effluents Properties: Wh. emulsion; visc. 1200 cps; pH 7.0; nonionic/anionic Custom prod. CNC Defoamer 9-W [CNC Int'l.] Uses: Defoamer for control of foam in pulp/paper mill effluent Properties: Clear straw-colored liq.; sp.gr. 0.89; dens. 7.4 lb/gal; flash pt. (COC) 120 F; pH 5.5; cloud pt. 35-40 F; 100% act. CNC Defoamer 10B [CNC Int'l.] Chem. Descrip .: Oil-based Uses: Defoamer for kraft screen room and bleach plant applic. Properties: Liq. CNC Defoamer 12 [CNC Int'l.] Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone oil-based Uses: Defoamer for difficult, foamy high solids or high resin content coating systems, resin or latex mfg./monomer stripping, paper applics. Properties: Liq. CNC Defoamer 28 [CNC Int'l.] Uses: Liq. defoamer for sulfate or sulfite pulp systems, brown stock washing

CNC Defoamer 59 [CNC Int'l.] Uses: Water-based defoamer for municipal and industrial waste treatment systems, municipal water processing, boiler water, paper and textile mill waste treatment systems *Properties:* Wh. opaque liq.; sp.gr. \approx 0.90; dens. \approx 7.5lb/gal; pH 7.8 (5%) Storage: ~ 3 mos storage stability; store near R.T.; prolonged storage below freezing will cause some settling or solidification; warm to 90 F with mixing to restore CNC Defoamer 67 [CNC Int'l.] Uses: Water-based liq. defoamer for paper and paperboard. CNC Defoamer 69 [CNC Int'l.] Uses: Water-based lig. defoamer for paper and paperboard, min. or pigmentfilled paper coatings, food pkg. adhesives, coatings and liners for food containers CNC Defoamer 97 [CNC Int'l.] Chem. Descrip.: Water-based nonsilicone Uses: Defoamer for clay or pigment-filled paper coatings with protein or latex binders, print pastes for wallpaper; rec. for systems which cannot tolerate silicone or oils CNC Defoamer 127 [CNC Int'l.] Uses: Liq. defoamer for paper machine and specialty coating applics.; low cloud pt. CNC Defoamer 141 [CNC Int'l.] Uses: Water-based liq. defoamer for pulp/paper mill effluents CNC Defoamer 177 [CNC Int'l.] Uses: Liq. defoamer for groundwood pulping CNC Defoamer 226 [CNC Int'l.] Uses: Liq. defoamer for sulfate or sulfite pulp systems, brown stock washing and screening CNC Defoamer 297 [CNC Int'l.] Uses: Liq. water-extended defoamer for paper machines, for furnishes with high percentages of ground wood or recycled fibers CNC Defoamer 309 [CNC Int'l.] Uses: Liq. oil-base defoamer for kraft screen room and bleach plant applic. CNC Defoamer 403 [CNC Int'l.] Uses: Conc. defoamer for paper machines, effective for filled, starch-sized, or resin-sized grades; intended for premixing with water CNC Defoamer 403A [CNC Int'l.] Chem. Descrip.: Conc. nonsilicone Uses: Antifoam/defoamer for pulp/paper mill systems, water-based coatings and adhesives; defoamer for water treatment, industrial effluents, boiler and cooling water, and boil-out treatments; for applics. where waxes, fats, or petrol. oils are undesirable; penetrating and dispersing components aid corrosion resist. and in reducing org. deposits Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 Properties: Amber clear liq.; sp.gr. 0.87; dens. 7.5 lb/gal; cloud pt. ≈ 35 F; flash pt. (TCC) > 200 F Storage: 6 mos storage stability; store near R.T.; avoid temp. extremes; if frozen, warm to 90 F to restore to original clarity and effectiveness CNC Defoamer 407 [CNC Int'l.] Uses: Defoamer for paper applics. for difficult, foamy high solids, or high resin content systems Properties: Liq. CNC Defoamer 477 [CNC Int'l.] Uses: Conc. defoamer for paper machines, effective for filled, starch-sized, or resin-sized grades; intended for premixing with water CNC Defoamer 505 [CNC Int'l.] Uses: Liq. defoamer for paper machine and specialty coating applics.; low cloud pt. CNC Defoamer 546 [CNC Int'l.] Uses: Liq. defoamer for paper machine and specialty coating applics.; low

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cloud pt. Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alginate CAS 9005-38-3 CNC Defoamer 1030 [CNC Int'l.] Uses: Conc. liq. defoamer for heavy weight paper grades, linear board Uses: Gellant, film-former, emulsifier, suspending agent for foods (dairy prods., requiring good drainage extruded foods, beverages, salad dressings, dessert gels, sauces, frozen CNC Defoamer 1037 [CNC Int'l.] desserts, bakery prods.), cosmetics/pharmaceuticals (lotions, vitamin sus-Uses: Liq. brownstock washer drainage defoamer for paper industry pension), industrial (paper coatings, adhesives, textile printing, dyeing, ex-CNC Defoamer 1066 [CNC Int'l.] plosives); reactive with milk Uses: Lig. brownstock washer drainage defoamer for paper industry Use Level: 0.3-0.5% (pie fillings) CNC Defoamer 1090 [CNC Int'l.] Properties: Sol. in cold water Colloid[™] 581B [Rhodia] Uses: Liq. brownstock washer drainage defoamer for paper industry CNC Defoamer 1191 [CNC Int'l.] Chem. Descrip .: Silicone-free Uses: Liq. oil-based defoamer for aq. systems, paper machines, for heavy Uses: Defoamer providing quick foam knock-down in high-surfactant polyweight grades, liner board, roofing or flooring stock, corrugated or min.-filled merizations for pressure-sensitive adhesives, gravure inks; defoamer in grades, for glues, adhesive, or binder formulations; promotes drainage food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives; low carryover Coatmaster® K50F [Grain Processing] into compounding; exc. compat. Chem. Descrip.: Ethylated corn starch Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210 Properties: 100% act. Uses: Used for size press and/or coating for paper or board; food-contact paper/paperboard; typically requires thinning in-house Colloid 602 [TIC Gums] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Chem. Descrip.: Propylene glycol alginate Properties: Wh. fine powd., flash-dried form; bulk dens. 31 lb/ft3 (loose), 39 lb/ CAS 9005-37-2 ft³ (packed); pH 6; 11% moisture Uses: Gellant, film-former, emulsifier, suspending agent for foods (dairy prods., Coatmaster® K61F [Grain Processing] extruded foods, beverages, salad dressings, dessert gels, sauces, frozen Chem. Descrip.: Ethylated corn starch desserts, bakery prods.), cosmetics/pharmaceuticals (lotions, vitamin sus-CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 pension), industrial (paper coatings, adhesives, textile printing, dyeing, ex-Uses: Premium prod. for use at the size press; food-contact paper/paperplosives); reactive with milk Properties: Sol. in cold water board; resist. to congealing on cooling; provides better holdout, reducing Colloid[™] 643 [Rhodia] penetration and consumption of coatings, inks, varnishes, etc. which may be applied later Uses: Defoamer for paints and coatings; defoamer in food-contact coatings, Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 paper/paperboard; quick bubble break Properties: Wh. fine powd.; bulk dens. 31 lb/ft3 (loose), 39 lb/ft3 (packed); pH Use Level: 2-6 lb/100 gal (paint) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 176.200, 176.210; EPA compliance 7.0; 10% moisture Coatmaster® K500 [Grain Processing] Properties: Lt. tan opaque liq.; sp.gr. 0.85; visc. 800 cps; VOC 25 g/l; 100% Chem. Descrip.: Ethylated corn starch act Uses: Used for size press and/or coating for paper or paperboard; food-Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: Store @ 50-100 F; mix before use contact paper/paperboard; typically requires thinning in-house Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Colloid[™] 646 [Rhodia] Properties: Wh. gran. powd.; bulk dens. 39 lb/ft3 (loose), 48 lb/ft3 (packed); Uses: Defoamer for syn. latexes, general paints, board coatings, gravure pH 6: 11% moisture inks, pressure-sensitive adhesives, clear coats, PVAc, vinyl acrylic, acrylic Cogum[®] [Showa Highpolymer] emulsion compds., food-contact coatings/paper; food pkg. adhesives; emul-Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic resin aq. sol'n. sifiable Uses: For dry paper reinforcement; adhesive for textile printing; textile finish-Use Level: 2.5-5.0 lb/100 gal (adhesives, paints) ing; remoistening adhesive Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210; EPA compliance Colloid[™] 60 [Rhodia] Properties: Lt. gray opaque liq.; sp.gr. 0.91; visc. 250 cps; pH 7.7 (5% Uses: Antifoam, defoamer for water-based systems employing resin latex disp.); 100% act. binders, e.g., for pressure-sensitive adhesives, gravure inks, elastomeric Toxicology: TSCA listed coatings, clear finishes, saturants; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; Storage: May be stored over wide temp. range; storage above 4 C rec.; if prod. solidifies due to cold, warm to R.T. and mix well before use emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Colloid[™] 675 [Rhodia] Use Level: 0.3-0.8% (high foam systems), 0.1% (general) Uses: Defoamer for stripping, foam knock-down, and latex handling for Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, pressure-sensitive adhesives, gravure inks, paints; defoamer for food-con-178.3400; EPA compliance tact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives; easily dispersible; multi-component; very effective with ethylene copolymers and compds. Properties: Pale yel. cloudy liq.; readily disp.; sp.gr. 0.89; visc. 130 cps; pH 6 (5%); VOC 150 q/l; 100% act. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210 Properties: Liq.; 100% act. Toxicology: TSCA listed Colloid[™] 202 [Rhodia HPCII] Colloid[™] 677 [Rhodia] Chem. Descrip.: Med. m.w. sodium polyacrylate sol'n. Uses: General purpose defoamer for industrial use, esp. resin emulsions, coatings, and adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paper-CAS 9003-04-7 Uses: Builder additive for detergents; antiredeposition aid for laundry applics.; board; food pkg. adhesives; exc. foam knockdown and prevention Use Level: 0.05-0.5% dispersion aid for dishwash formulations; process and anticaking aid for dry prods., spray applics. to improve bead str. and reduce fines; sequestrant for Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210; liq. or dry formula; suitable for dry laundry detergents, light-duty detergents, **EPA** compliance hand washing, dishwasher liqs.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/ Properties: Pale yel. opaque liq.; sp.gr. 0.89; visc. 100 cps; pH 6 (5% disp.); VOC 165 q/l paperboard Use Level: 1-5% (phosphate replacement); 2% (antiredeposition aid, anticak-Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: Store above 50 F; mix before use Colloid™ 679 [Rhodia HPCII] ing aid, process aid) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180; EPA compliance Uses: Silicone-free antifoam for industrial applics., esp. latex, traffic paints, Properties: Lt. straw-colored liq.; water-sol.; m.w. 60,000; sp.gr. 1.25; visc. decorative paints for asphalt, adhesives, inks, wallcoverings; defoamer in 2000 cps; pH 8.0; 35% solids; anionic food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, coatings; Storage: Not affected by freeze-thaw cycling; can be stored over wide temp. highly compat. in finished prod., no film defects range; if prod. freezes, warm to 100 F and mix well before using Use Level: 0.1-0.5% Colloid 488T [TIC Gums] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180,

176.200, 176.210; EPA compliance Properties: Off-wh. opaque liq.; sp.gr. 0.88; visc. 550 cps; pH 6.5 (5% disp.) Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: Can be stored over wide temp. range; not affected by freeze-thaw cycling; if prod. freezes, warm to 120 F and mix well before using Colloid[™] 680 [Rhodia HPCII] Uses: Antifoam for water-based adhesive systems employing resin or latex binders and animal glues, and for paints, cementitious finishes, gravure inks; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, coatings; good leveling Use Level: 0.05-0.5% on total wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210; EPA compliance Properties: Pale yel. opaque liq.; sp.gr. 0.90; visc. 200 cps; pH 6.4 (5% disp.) Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: Can be stored over wide temp. range; storage above 40 F rec.; if prod. freezes, warm slowly to R.T. and mix well before using Colloid™ 681F [Rhodia HPCII] Uses: Easily dispersible antifoam for vinyl-acrylic polymerization; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, paper/ paperboard; remains homogeneous Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210; kosher Properties: 96% act. Colloid™ 685 [Rhodia] Uses: Readily dispersible defoamer for stripping and processing carboxylated SBR and PVC emulsions; for adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, food pkg. adhesives/paper; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/ paperboard; more efficient than high-silica defoamers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210 Properties: Liq.; 100% act. Colloid[™] 796 [Rhodia] Uses: Defoamer for aq. systems, adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, paints, high-gloss paints, inks, paper coatings, effluent treatment; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives Use Level: 0.05-0.5% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210; **EPA** compliance Properties: Tan opaque liq.; readily disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.85; visc. 800 cps; pH 7.2 (5%); 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: Store at R.T.; prolonged exposure below 20 F may cause settling of solids; warm slowly to 80 F with agitation; do not exceed 100 F when thawing Colloid[™] 797 [Rhodia] Uses: Defoamer for casein and protein-based coatings and adhesives, screen process inks, nonwoven saturating latex, and effluent applics.; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives Use Level: 0.05-0.5% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210; **EPA** compliance Properties: Wh. opaque liq.; readily disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.88; visc. 275 cps; pH 6.5 (5%); 100% act. Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: Store at R.T.; prolonged exposure below 20 F may cause settling of solids; warm slowly to 80 F with agitation; do not exceed 100 F when thawing Colloid[™] 9Ž9 [Rhodia] Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone Uses: Defoamer for gravure inks, aq. urethane coatings, casein and proteinaceous-based adhesives and coatings; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives; good foam knock-down; very compat.; low visc.; easily dispersible Use Level: 0.05-0.35% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3120; EPA compliance Properties: Amber opaque liq.; sp.gr. 0.92; visc. 200 cps; pH 7.0 (5%); VOC 15 g/l; 100% act. Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: Store above 50 F for ease of handling; if prod. solidifies due to cold,

warm to R.T. and mix well before using

Colloid™ 962 [Rhodia]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone

Uses: Defoamer for adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, gravure inks, aq. urethane coatings, paper coatings, paints, latex applics.; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives; generalpurpose

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Use Level: 0.05%
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Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210; EPA compliance

Properties: Lt. amber opaque liq.; readily disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.92; visc. 300 cps; VOC 115 g/l; 100% act.

Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: May be stored over wide temp. range; storage above 40 F rec.; if

prod. solidifies, warm slowly to R.T. and mix well before use

Colloid[™] 985 [Rhodia]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone-free

Uses: Defoamer for vinyl-acrylic latexes, gravure inks, sealants, adhesives, coatings; defoamer effective with starches, gums, and cellulosics; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; food pkg. adhesives; food-contact paper/ paperboard; easily dispersible; nonsettling in drum

Use Level: 0.05-0.5%

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200; EPA compliance

Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; sp.gr. 0.89; visc. 20 cps; pH 6 (5%); 100% act. Toxicology: TSCA listed

Storage: Store above 50 F for ease of handling; temp. variations may cause hazing; if prod. solidifies, warm to R.T. and mix well before use

Colloid[™] 991 [Rhodia]

Uses: Defoamer used in coatings and in polymer synthesis and stripping; defoamer in food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard; High-activity

Use Level: 0.05-0.10%

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210; EPA compliance

Properties: Lt. tan opaque liq.; sp.gr. 0.91; visc. 100 cps; pH 10 (5% aq.); VOC 200 g/l

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Storage: Store above 50 F for ease of handling; if prod. solidifies, warm to R.T. and mix well before use

Colloid[™] 999 [Rhodia]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone-free, mineral oil-free

Uses: Defoamer for compounded systems contg. PVA, gelatin, protein, starch, and cellulosics; defoamer for flexo inks, aq. systems, latex, elastomeric and clear coatings, gas scrubbers; defoamer in food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard; easily dispersible

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR \$175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210 with use level limitations

Properties: Liq.; 100% act. Colloid™ 1010 [Rhodia]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone-based

Uses: Highly efficient and stable foam control agent for aq. systems incl. foodcontact adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard mfg.; imparts rapid foam knockdown

Use Level: 10-150 ppm

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)

- Properties: Wh. opaque liq.; sp.gr. 1.0; visc. 235 cps; pH 9 (5%); VOC 8 g/ I; 15% solids
- Toxicology: TSCA listed

Storage: Store above 50 F for optimum handling; protect from freezing; repeated freezing may damage container and thicken the emulsion; thaw slowly to R.T. with strong agitation if frozen

ColorCoat White 2A™ [Michelman]

Uses: Wh. coating for paper; general-purpose; gluable; repulpable *Regulatory:* FDA compliance

Compozil™ BMA 0 [Eka Chems.]

Ċhem. Descrip.: Šilica sol

Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid, and dry str. agent for most fine paper and board applics.; microparticle system based on anionic silica sol in combination with cationic starch; suitable for alkaline and neutral systems *Properties*; Anionic

Compozil[™] BMA 9 [Eka Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Surface-modified silica sol

Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid, and dry str. agent for most fine paper and Properties: Blk. amorphous pellets, odorless; insol. in water; sp.gr. 1.7-1.9 (16 C); bulk dens. 21.5 lb/ft³; vapor pressure negligible; nitrogen surf. area board applics.; microparticle system based on anionic silica sol in combina-72 m²/g; iodine no. 68; fire pt. 500-700 F tion with cationic starch; suitable for all pH ranges Properties: Anionic Toxicology: OSHA and ACGIH PEL 3.5 mg/m³; nuisance dust; inh. of dust Compozil™ P BMA 780 [Eka Chems.] may cause temporary discomfort to nose and respiratory tract Chem. Descrip.: Surface-modified structured silica sol with cationic Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO2 from burning polyacrylamides Contraspum 211/2 [BK Giulini Chemie] Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid, and dry str. agent for wood-containing, board, and alkaline fine paper, and for systems with high conductivity and Chem. Descrip.: Carbonic acid ester cationic demand; microparticle system; provides microparticle effects with-Uses: Defoamer for pulp-deaeration and foam-prevention in production of out necessity of starch; designed for true nanoparticle interactions with catsized and unsized paper and boards, food-contact paper and boards ionic polymers; for all pH ranges Use Level: 0.05% Compozil[™] Ṕ BMB [Eka Chems.] Regulatory: BgVV approved Chem. Descrip.: Surface-modified structured silica sol with cationic Properties: Lt. brn. liq.; emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 1.0; visc. 80 mPa+s (20 polyacrylamides C); pH 9.5 (20 C); 100% act.; nonionic Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid, dry str. agent for wood-containing, board, Environmental: > 90% biodeq. Storage: Store indefinitely in closed containers; not susceptible to frost, but and alkaline fine paper, and for systems with high conductivity and cationic store @ < - 5 C for handling purposes demand; microparticle system; provides microparticle effects without necessity of starch Contraspum 1105 [BK Giulini Chemie] Properties: Cationic Chem. Descrip.: Alkyl polyalkylene glycol ether Compozil[™] S BMA 670 [Eka Chems.] Uses: Defoamer for pulp-deaeration and foam-prevention in production of Chem. Descrip .: Surface-modified structured silica sol sized and unsized paper and boards; min. oil-free Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid, and dry str. agent for fine paper and board Properties: Ylsh. clear liq.; emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 1.0; visc. 300 mPa•s applics. and for systems with high conductivity and cationic demand; based (20 C); pH 4.0 (10%); 100% act.; nonionic on newly developed sols in combination with cationic starch; for all pH Toxicology: Nontoxic ranges Environmental: > 90% biodeg. Properties: Anionic Storage: Unlimited storage in closed containers; not susceptible to frost, but Compozil[™] S BMA 890 [Eka Chems.] store @ < 2 C for handling purposes Chem. Descrip .: Surface-modified structured silica sol Contraspum 1217 [BK Giulini Chemie] Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid, and dry str. agent for fine paper and board Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene and propylene oxide condensation prod. applics.; based on newly developed sols in combination with cationic starch; Uses: Defoamer for paper coating pigments; silicone-free for all pH ranges Use Level: 0.1-0.6% Properties: Anionic Properties: Colorless clear liq.; emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 0.9 (20 C); visc. Conductive Polymer 261® RV [Nalco] 30 mPa•s (20 C); flash pt. 15 C; pH 5 (10%); 100% act.; nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Quat. ammonium polymer Storage: Unlimited storage @ < 30 C in sealed containers Uses: Conductive coating additive for sensitized papers used in nonimpact Contraspum E 509 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Higher aliphatic alcohols reproduction devices such as electrostatic copy machines, computer readout printers, data retrieval systems, electrostatic communications systems, Uses: Emulsion defoamer for stuff-deaeration and foam-prevention, food pkg. etc.; antistatic additive; papers treated with this polymer are free of odor and paper and boards; min. oil-free Use Level: 0.3% taste Use Level: 0.5-1.5 lbs./3000 ft² ream of paper Regulatory: BqVV approved Properties: Colorless to pale yel. visc. liq.; sol. in water, methanol, glacial Properties: Wh. disp.; sp.gr. 0.98 (20 C); visc. 300 mPa•s (20 C); pH 8 (20 acetic acid, and methyl cellusolve; sp.gr. 1.085; dens. 9.05 lb/gal; visc. C); 30% act.; nonionic 8000-12,000 cps; f.p. -10 C; flash pt. nonflamm.; pH 6.5 ± 0.5; 40 ± 1% Toxicology: Nontoxic Environmental: > 90% biodeg. solids Storage: 3 mos. shelf life @ 2-30 C; away from frost and direct sunlight Storage: Unlimited shelf life in unopened drums; freezing and thawing will not Contraspum E 640 [BK Giulini Chemie] affect performance Consoplast NY [Consos] Chem. Descrip.: Higher aliphatic alcohols Chem. Descrip.: Self-emulsifiable sol'n. of plasticized nat. syn. resins Uses: Size-protective emulsion defoamer for deaerating matter and destroy-Uses: Gloss finish with adhesive props. for fabric, paper, leather, thread, or ing foam in paper industry; environmentally friendly; min. oil-free twine; will not yel. at high temps. when used alone or with other materials Use Level: 0.05-0.2% Properties: Wh. disp.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 0.98 (20 C); visc. < 300 Continex® LH-10 [Continental Carbon] Chem. Descrip.: Carbon black mPa•s (20 C); pH 10 (20 C); nonionic Toxicology: Nontoxic Chem. Analysis: C (99%) CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9 Environmental: Biodeg. Uses: Rubber reinforcement for truck and high performance tread black, Storage: 3 mos. shelf life @ 2-20 C; sensitive to frost Contraspum LPE [BK Giulini Chemie] plastics, paper, and printing ink industries; provides improved abrasion resist. props. with lower hysteresis Chem. Descrip .: Mixt. of fatty acid derivs. and hydrocarbons Uses: Emulsion defoamer for deaeration and foam-prevention in size press Properties: Blk. amorphous pellets, odorless; insol. in water; sp.gr. 1.7-1.9 (16 C); bulk dens. 20 lb/ft³; vapor pressure negligible; nitrogen surf. area 127 Properties: Ylsh., sl. turbid liq.; emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 0.9 (20 C); visc. m²/g; fire pt. 500-700 F 500 mPa•s (20 C); pH 6 (10%, 20 C); 100% act.; nonionic Storage: Unlimited storage in closed containers Toxicology: OSHA and ACGIH PEL 3.5 mg/m³; nuisance dust; inh. of dust may cause temporary discomfort to nose and respiratory tract Contraspum T 50 [BK Giulini Chemie] Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers *Chem. Descrip.:* Ethylene and propylene oxide condensation prod. with Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO2 from burning ethylenediamine Uses: Antifoam for deaeration and foam-prevention in size press, food-contact Continex® N351 [Continental Carbon] Chem. Descrip.: N351 Carbon black paper/paperboard Chem. Analysis: C (99%) Use Level: 5-20 g/m³ size liquor CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.120 compliant Uses: Rubber reinforcement for passenger tread, retread rubber, cable jack-Properties: Ylsh. clear liq.; emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 1.0 (20 C); visc. 120 ets, plastics, paper, and printing ink industries; provides high structure with mPa•s (20 C); pH 5; 50% act.; nonionic Storage: Unlimited storage in closed containers low hysteresis; very good tens. str. and abrasion resist.; fast mixing compds.



Chem. Descrip.: Bentonite

CAS 1302-78-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-108-5

Uses: Color developer for production of carbonless copy papers, thermoreactive papers, and chem. test papers; fast color development, high color intensity, and good fading resist.

CorTrol[™] [Hercules]

Uses: Oxygen scavenger for pulp/paper mill utility boiler feedwater systems Cosmic Black 8-S [Ebonex]

Chem. Descrip .: Bone black

CAS 8021-99-6

Uses: Pigment for paints, coatings, plastics, inks, mortar and cement colors, artists colors, artificial leather and vinyl, coated paper and board, linoleum Regulatory: FDA GRAS

- Properties: Blk. powd.; fineness 3-15 µ; readily disp. in aq. and oil-based vehicles; insol. in water; sp.gr. 2.61; oil absorp. 0.42-0.47; 10.3% C
- Toxicology: Prolonged inh. of high concs. may lead to a deposition of tricalcium phosphate crystals in the lung tissue; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Will not support combustion; smolders like charcoal; phosphate content is dissolved in acids

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂

Cosmic Black AP [Ebonex]

Chem. Descrip.: Bone black

CAS 8021-99-6

Uses: Pigment for paints, coatings, plastics, inks, mortar and cement colors, artificial leather and vinyl, coated paper and board

Regulatory: FDA GRAS

Properties: Blk. powd.; fineness 3-15 μ; readily disp. in aq. and oil-based vehicles; insol. in water; sp.gr. 2.52; oil absorp. 0.40-0.43; 10.2% C

Toxicology: Prolonged inh. of high concs. may lead to a deposition of tricalcium phosphate crystals in the lung tissue; TSCA listed

- Precaution: Will not support combustion; smolders like charcoal; phosphate content is dissolved in acids
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂

Cosmic Black D-2 [Ebonex]

Chem. Descrip.: Bone black

CAS 8021-99-6

Uses: Pigment for paints, plastics, hot stamping foils, artists colors, artificial leather and vinyl, coated paper and board, poster colors, pulp colors, inks, wallpaper printing, casein paint, water colors

Regulatory: FDA GRAS

- Properties: Blk. finely ground solid; fineness 3-15 μ ; readily disp. in aq. and oil-based vehicles; insol. in water; sp.gr. 2.52; oil absorp. 0.46-0.49; 9.6% C
- Toxicology: Prolonged inh. of high concs. may lead to a deposition of tricalcium phosphate crystals in the lung tissue; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Will not support combustion; smolders like charcoal; phosphate content is dissolved in acids

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂

Cosmopon BN [Cesalpinia]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium oleyl sulfosuccinamate

Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; foaming agent for latex emulsions; antigelling and cleaning agents for paper mill felts

Properties: Paste; 35% conc.; anionic

Covergloss™ [Huber Engineered Materials]

- Uses: High glossing clay for paper/paperboard; promotes exc. coverage and print gloss with premium brightness
- Properties: Spray-dried slurry; 96-99% finer than 2 µ; 0.005% max. 325 mesh residue; visc. 400 cps; brightness (TAPPI) 90-91; pH 6-8 (28% solids); 69.5-71% slurry solids; 1% max. moisture

Crepetrol® [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip.: Polymer

Uses: Creping aid and adhesion aid for tissue/towel *Properties:* Cationic

Crill 1 [Croda Food Services Ltd; Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Sorbitan laurate

CAS 1338-39-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-663-3

Uses: Emulsifier; pigment dispersant; cosolvent; wetting agent; antifoam; visc. reducer; mold release; antiblock agent; corrosion inhibitor; lubricant; antistat; used for cosmetics, food and food pkg., insecticides and herbicides, leather treatment; metalworking fluids, oil slick dispersing, paints and inks, pharmaceuticals, plastics, polishes, textiles, paper, adhesives; antifoam for syrups, calf starters; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

- *Use Level:* 0.1-0.2% (calf starters), 0.01-0.05% (syrups)
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.210, 178.3120, 178.3400; 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e) exempt; EEC, UK clearance
- Properties: Pale yel. clear visc. liq.; sol. in ethanol, oleyl alcohol, min. oil; HLB 8.6; acid no. 4-7; sapon. no. 160-175; hyd. no. 330-358; 98% conc.; nonionic

Storage: Store under cool, dry conditions

- Crill 2 [Croda Oleochems.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Sorbitan palmitate
 - CAS 26266-57-9; EINECS/ELINCS 247-568-8
 - Uses: Emulsifier; pigment dispersant; cosolvent; wetting agent; antifoam; visc. reducer; mold release; antiblock agent; corrosion inhibitor; lubricant; antistat; used for cosmetics, food and food pkg., polishes and cleaners, adhesives; antifoam for syrups, calf starters; food pkg. adhesives, coatings; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.210, 178.3120, 178.3400; 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e) exempt; EEC compliance
 - Properties: Pale tan hard waxy solid; partially sol. in propylene glycol, ethyl and oleyl alcohols, olive oil, oleic acid; m.p. 46 C; HLB 6.7; sapon. no. 140-150; 98% conc.; nonionic

Crill 3 [Croda Inc; Croda Food Services Ltd; Croda Oleochems.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Sorbitan stearate
- CAS 1338-41-6; EINECS/ELINCS 215-664-9
- Uses: Emulsifier; lubricant; antistat; o/w emulsions; cosmetic and pharmaceutical creams/lotions; polishes; cleaners; insecticides; herbicides; metal cleaners; buffing compds.; textile lubricants; food/food pkg.; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; emulsifier for shortenings; controls crystallization and prevents fat bloom in chocolate and coatings; emulsion stabilizer in coffee whiteners, whipped desserts; food pkg. adhesives, coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper
- Use Level: 0.5% (chocolate), 0.1-0.2% (coffee whiteners), 0.2-0.4% (shortenings, whipped desserts); 0.5-5%

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 172.836, 172.842, 173.340, 175.105, 175.320, 176.210, 178.3400; 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e) exempt; EEC, UK clearance

Properties: Cream/yel. hard waxy solid; low odor; partially sol. in oleyl alcohol, olive oil, oleic acid; insol. in water; m.p. 54 C; HLB 4.7; acid no. 5-10; sapon. no. 146-157; hyd. no. 235-260; 98% conc.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 31 g/kg; nonirritating to eyes

- Storage: Store under cool, dry conditions Crill 4 [Croda Inc; Croda Food Services Ltd; Croda Oleochems.] Chem. Descrip.: Sorbitan oleate
 - CAS 1338-43-8; EINECS/ELINCS 215-665-4
 - Uses: W/o emulsifier; wetting agent; pigment dispersant; coupler; antifoam; cosmetic and pharmaceutical applic.; aerosol polishes; insecticidal sprays; inks and surf. coatings; metalworking lubricants; cutting oils; textile lubricants; dry cleaning; oil slick dispersant; food process antifoam; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; emulsion stabilizer for calf starters, syn. creams, whipped desserts; aids wetting/ defeathering in poultry
 - Use Level: 0.5-5%; 0.2-0.4% (calf starter, whipped dessert); 0.1-0.2% (cream), 175 ppm of scald water (poultry)
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.210, 178.3400; 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e) exempt; EEC compliance
 - Properties: Amber visc. liq.; sol. in ethyl, isopropyl, and oleyl alcohols, min. oil, IPM, olive oil, oleic acid; HLB 4.3; acid no. 5.5-7.5; sapon. no. 147-160; hyd. no. 193-209; 98% conc.; nonionic
 - Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 40 g/kg; nonirritating to eyes
- Crill 41 [Croda Chem. Ltd; Croda Oleochems.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Sorbitan tristearate
 - CAS 26658-19-5; EINECS/ELINCS 247-891-4
 - Uses: Food emulsifier; controls crystallization and prevents fat bloom in chocolate and confectioners coatings; in cosmetics, food/food pkg., pesticides, metalworking fluids, pharmaceuticals, polishes and cleaners, textiles; food pkg. adhesives/coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

Use Level: 1%

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.210, 178.3120, 178.3400;

40CFR §180.1001(c)(e) exempt; EEC compliance

Properties: Cream/yel. solid; m.p. 53 C; HLB 2.1; acid no. 7 max.; sapon. no. 172-185; hyd. no. 60-80; nonionic

Crill 43 [Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Sorbitan sesquioleate

CAS 8007-43-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-360-1

- Uses: W/o emulsifier, wetting agent, pigment dispersant for cosmetic, pharmaceutical, food, paints, inks, pesticides, metalworking fluids, polishes and cleaners, adhesives, and industrial applics.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.210, 178.3120; 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e) exempt
- Properties: Amber visc. liq.; sol. in oleyl alcohol, min. and olive oil, oleic acid; HLB 3.7; sapon. no. 149-160; 98% conc.; nonionic
- Crill 45 [Croda Inc; Croda Oleochems.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Sorbitan trioleate

CAS 26266-58-0; EINECS/ELINCS 247-569-3

- Uses: W/o emulsifier, wetting agent, pigment dispersant for cosmetic, pharmaceutical, food/food pkg., paints, inks, metalworking fluids, adhesives, and industrial applics.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.210, 178.3120, 178.3400; 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e) exempt
- Properties: Amber visc. liq.; sol. in oleyl alcohol, min. and olive oil, IPM, oleic acid; HLB 1.8; sapon. no. 172-186; 98% conc.; nonionic

Crillet 1 HP [Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip .: Polysorbate 20 NF

CAS 9005-64-5

Uses: Solubilizer; emulsifier; dispersant; wetting agent; used in cosmetics, food and food pkg., pharmaceuticals, adhesives; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; often combined with a member of the Crill range in emulsification systems

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.515, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400; 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e) exempt; EEC compliance
- Properties: Yel. clear liq.; low odor; sol. in water, ethyl and oleyl alcohol, oleic acid; HLB 16.7; acid no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 40-51; hyd. no. 96-108; surf. tens. 38.5 dynes/cm (0.1%); 97% conc.; nonionic

Crillet 1 NF [Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip .: Polysorbate 20 NF

CAS 9005-64-5

- Uses: Solubilizer; emulsifier; dispersant; wetting agent; used in cosmetics, food and food pkg., pharmaceuticals, adhesives; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; often combined with a member of the Crill range in emulsification systems
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.515, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400; 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e) exempt; EEC compliance
- Properties: Yel. clear liq.; low odor; sol. in water, ethyl and oleyl alcohol, oleic acid; HLB 16.7; acid no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 40-51; hyd. no. 96-108; surf. tens. 38.5 dynes/cm (0.1%); 97% conc.; nonionic
- Crillet 2 [Croda Óleochems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polysorbate 40

CAS 9005-66-7

- Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent for cosmetic, pharmaceutical, food/food pkg., pesticides, polishes and cleaners, textiles, adhesives, and industrial applics.; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 178.3400; 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e) exempt; EEC compliance
- Properties: Yel. pasty liq.; sol. in water, ethanol, oleyl alcohol, oleic acid; partly sol. in IPM, xylene, trichlorethylene; HLB 15.6; acid no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 43-49; hyd. no. 89-105; 97% conc.; nonionic

Crillet 3 [Croda Inc; Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polysorbate 60

CAS 9005-67-8

Uses: O/w emulsifier for cosmetics/pharmaceuticals; dispersant for insecticides, herbicides, cattle dyes; penetrant; leveling agent; lubricant; antistat; food pkg.; plastics; polishes; cleaners; textiles; adhesives; food emulsifier for icings; starch/protein complexing and aeration agent in cakes; emulsion stabilizer in calf starters, coffee whiteners, margarine; controls crystallization; reduces palate cling in chocolate and coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

- Use Level: 0.2-0.4% (cake), 0.1-0.2% (calf starter), 0.5% (chocolate), 0.05-0.1% (coffee whitener); 0.5-5%
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.515, 172.836, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400; 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e) exempt; EEC, UK clearance
- *Properties:* Yel. liq. gels to soft solid on cooling; sol. in ethyl, isopropyl, and oleyl alcohol, oleic acid; partly sol. in water; HLB 14.9; acid no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 45-55; hyd. no. 81-96; pH 5-7 (5%); surf. tens. 42.5 dynes/cm (0.1%); 97% conc.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 38 g/kg; nonirritating to eyes

Storage: Store under cool, dry conditions Crillet 4 [Croda Inc; Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polysorbate 80 NF

CAS 9005-65-6

Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, solubilizer, lubricant, detergent, antistat, wetting agent for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, polishes and cleaners, insecticides, leather degreasing, veterinary prods., food pkg., paints, inks, metalworking fluids; adhesives, plastics, textiles, household prods., paper, oil slick dispersants; food emulsifier; controls fat agglomeration in ice cream; solubilizer producing stable vitamin and essential oil emulsions

Use Level: 0.02-0.05% (ice cream), 5-15% of oil or vitamin; 0.5-5%

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.515, 172.623, 172.840, 172.846, 173.340, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400; 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e) exempt; EEC, UK clearance
- Properties: Yel. amber clear liq.; faint char. odor; sol. in water, ethyl, isopropyl, and oleyl alcohols, oleic acid; HLB 15.0; acid no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 45-55; hyd. no. 65-80; pH 6-7 (5%); surf. tens. 42.5 dynes/cm (0.1%); 97% conc.; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 38 g/kg; nonirritating to eyes

Storage: Store under cool, dry conditions

- Crillet 11 [Croda Oleochems.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polysorbate 21

CAS 9005-64-5

Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent for cosmetic, pharmaceutical, food/food pkg.; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 Properties: Yel. liq.; sol. in ethanol, oleyl alcohol, oleic acid, kerosene partly sol. in water, IPM, olive oil, xylene, trichloroethylene; HLB 13.3; acid no.

- 2 max.; sapon. no. 100-115; hyd. no. 225-265; 97% conc.; nonionic
- Crillet 31 [Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polysorbate 61

CAS 9005-67-8

- Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent for cosmetic, pharmaceutical, food, pesticides, polishes, cleaners, textiles, and industrial applics.; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210
- *Properties*: Yel./amber solid; sol. in oleyl alcohol, oleic acid; partly sol. in ethanol, IPM, olive oil, kerosene, xyelne, trichlorethylene; partly sol. (gels) in water, min. oil; HLB 9.6; acid no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 98-113; hyd. no. 170-200; 97% conc.; nonionic

Crillet 35 [Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polysorbate 65

CAS 9005-71-4

- Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent for cosmetic, pharmaceutical, food/food pkg., pesticides, polishes, cleaners, textiles, and industrial applics.; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.838, 176.210, 178.3400; 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e) exempt; EEC compliance
- *Properties:* Cream/buff waxy solid; sol. in ethyl and oleyl alcohols, oleic acid, trichlorethylene, partly sol. in water; HLB 10.5; acid no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 88-98; hyd. no. 44-60; surf. tens. 42.5 dynes/cm (0.1%); 97% conc.; nonionic
- Crillet 41 [Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polysorbate 81

CAS 9005-65-6

Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent for cosmetic, pharmaceutical, food, paints, inks, pesticides, leather treatment, metalworking fluids, polishes and cleaners, textiles, household and industrial prods.; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; 40CFR §180.1001(c) exempt

Properties: Amber liq.; sol. in ethanol, oleyl alcohol, IPM, oleic acid, kero-

sene, butyl stearate; partly sol. in water, olive oil, xylene, trichlorethylene; HLB 10.0; acid no. 2 max.; sapon no. 96-104; hyd. no. 134-150; 97% conc.; nonionic

Crillet 45 [Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polysorbate 85

CAS 9005-70-3

Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent for cosmetic, pharmaceutical, food/food pkg., paints, inks, pesticides, leather treatment, metalworking fluids, polishes and cleaners, textiles, household and industrial prods.; esp. useful in bath and massage oils and hot oil hair treatments; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 178.3400; 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e) exempt

Properties: Amber clear visc. liq.; sol. in ethyl and oleyl alcohols, IPM, oleic acid, kerosene, trichlorethylene, butyl stearate; HLB 11.0; acid no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 82-95; hyd. no. 39-52; surf. tens. 41 dynes/cm (0.1%); 97% conc.; nonionic

Crisanol FA-260 [Christianson SA de CV]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear polymer of equal parts oxyethylene and oxypropylene CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Component of adhesives used in articles intended for food manipulation; component of defoaming agents used in mfg. of paper and paperboard; lubricant for textile machinery; for heat treating or processing of plastics, elastomers, thread, etc.; base fluid for elec. industry applics.; reactive intermediate in preparation of resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactants

Properties: APHA 100 max. liq.; sol. in water @ < 65 C; sp.gr. 1.035; dens. 8.62 lb/gal; visc. ≈ 260 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -40 C; cloud pt. ≈ 65 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) > 190 C; pH 6.5-8.0 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 34-40 dynes/cm (20 C); 0.2% max. water; nonionic

Toxicology: Does not irritate skin or mucous membranes

Storage: Heated storage tanks preferred if stored outside

Crisanol FA-660 [Christianson SA de CV]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear polymer of equal parts oxyethylene and oxypropylene CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Component of adhesives used in articles intended for food manipulation; component of defoaming agents used in mfg. of paper and paperboard; lubricant for textile machinery; for heat treating or processing of plastics, elastomers, thread, etc.; base fluid for elec. industry applics.; reactive intermediate in preparation of resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactants

Properties: APHA 100 max. liq.; sol. in water @ < 50 C; sp.gr. 1.051; dens. 8.75 lb/gal; visc. ≈ 660 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -34 C; cloud pt. ≈ 56 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) > 200 C; pH 6.5-8.0 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 35-40 dynes/cm (20 C); 0.2% max. water; nonionic

Toxicology: Does not irritate skin or mucous membranes

Storage: Heated storage tanks preferred if stored outside

Crisanol FB-625 [Christianson SA de CV]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear polymer of all oxypropylene groups

- Uses: Component of adhesives used in articles intended for food manipulation; component of defoaming agents used in mfg. of cellophane and coatings for paper and paperboard; component of surf. lubricants in mfg. of metallic articles in contact with food; rubber lubricant; coating for hydraulic brake parts and similar equip.; reactive intermediate in preparation of resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactants; antifoam agent
- Properties: APHA 100 max. liq.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 1.000; dens. 8.32 lb/ gal; visc. ≈ 625 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -32 C; cloud pt. ≈ 10 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) > 160 C; pH 6.5-8.0 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 33-38 dynes/ cm (20 C); 0.2% max. water

Toxicology: Does not irritate skin or mucous membranes

Storage: Heated storage tanks preferred if stored outside

Crisanol FB-1715 [Christianson SA de CV]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear polymer of all oxypropylene groups

- Uses: Component of adhesives used in articles intended for food manipulation; component of defoaming agents used in mfg. of cellophane and coatings for paper and paperboard; component of surf. lubricants in mfg. of metallic articles in contact with food; rubber lubricant; coating for hydraulic brake parts and similar equip.; reactive intermediate in preparation of resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactants; antifoam agent
- Properties: APHA 100 max. liq.; insol. in water @ R.T.; sp.gr. 1.002; dens. 8.34 lb/gal; visc. ≈ 1715 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -23 C; cloud pt. ≈ 7 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) > 180 C; pH 6.5-8.0 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 33-38 dynes/cm (20 C); 0.2% max. water

Toxicology: Does not irritate skin or mucous membranes

Storage: Heated storage tanks preferred if stored outside Crisanol FH-1400 [Christianson SA de CV]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Diol-started linear polymer, oxyethylene (75%), oxypropylene (25%)
- Uses: Adhesive additive for pkg., transporting, or holding food; defoamer for mfg. of paper/paperboard; lubricant for use on machinery used for food manipulation; for heat treating/processing of plastics, elastomers, thread, etc.; base fluid for elec. industry; textile machinery lubricant; heat transfer fluid; solv.; softener; plasticizer; antiemulsifier; for textile and paper coatings, gravure type lacquer inks for foil coating, nitrocellulose coatings; nonvolatile

Properties: APHA 100 max. liq.; char. polyol odor; sol. in water @ < 75 C; sp.gr. 1.099; dens. 9.12 lb/gal; visc. ≈ 1400 SUS (38 C); pour pt. 4 C; flash pt. (PMCC) > 210 C; pH 6.5-8.0 (1% aq.); 0.2% max. water Toxicology: Nontoxic

Storage: Heated storage tanks rec. if stored outside

- Crisotan NN [Christianson SA de CV]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Sulfonated naphthalene condensate, sodium salt (75-80%) and sodium sulfates (20-25%)
 - Uses: Used in paper industry to minimize coagulation of pitch in mills using sulfite, semi-chem., or ground-wood pulps; used in pitch dispersion, slime control, size stabilizing, coating fluidizing, and dyeing; tanning aid for leather industry; dye leveler or mordant; dispersant and suspension agent for pigments in emulsion paints; visc. reducer for pigment slurries; may be used in floor cement compositions
 - Properties: Brn. powd.; sol. 10% in water; sp.gr. 0.6; pH 8.0-8.5 (10% aq.); 8% max. moisture
 - Toxicology: Transient skin and eye irritant; dust may irritate respiratory tract; sl. toxic by ing.
 - Precaution: Avoid strong oxidants
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulfur oxides
- Storage: Hygroscopic; store in closed containers in dry place

Crisotan NR [Christianson SA de CV]

- Chem. Descrip.: Sulfonated naphthalene condensate, sodium salt (94-99%) and sodium sulfates (1-6%)
- Uses: Used in paper industry to minimize coagulation of pitch in mills using sulfite, semi-chem., or ground-wood pulps; used in pitch dispersion, slime control, size stabilizing, coating fluidizing, and dyeing; tanning aid for leather industry; dye leveler or mordant; dispersant and suspension agent for pigments in emulsion paints; visc. reducer for pigment slurries; may be used in floor cement compositions
- *Properties:* Brn. powd.; sol. 10% in water; sp.gr. 0.6; pH 8.0-8.5 (10% aq.); 8% max. moisture
- Toxicology: Transient skin and eye irritant; dust may irritate respiratory tract; sl. toxic by ing.
- Precaution: Avoid strong oxidants
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulfur oxides

Storage: Hygroscopic; store in closed containers in dry place

Crisotan R-5 [Christianson SA de CV]

- Chem. Descrip.: Sulfonated naphthalene condensate, sodium salt (95%) and sodium sulfates (5%)
- Uses: Dispersant for carbon blk. pigments in latex systems; plasticizer in concrete; mfg. of ceramic bathroom articles; in styrene-butadiene rubber reducing emulsion visc. and coagulation; also used for indirect food additive applics. such as adhesive, resinous and polymeric coatings, component of paper and paperboard in contact with aq., fatty, and dry food, cellophane, sealing gaskets for food containers, perfluorocarbon resins
- Properties: Lt. tan powd.; sol. 10% in water; sp.gr. 0.68; pH 8.5-9.5 (10% aq.); 5% max. moisture
- *Toxicology:* Transient skin and eye irritant; dust may irritate respiratory tract; sl. toxic by ing.

Precaution: Avoid strong oxidants

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulfur oxides

Storage: Hygroscopic; store in closed containers in dry place

- Crisotan R-5M [Christianson; Christianson SA de CV]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Condensed naphthalene sulfonate sodium salt (95%) CAS 9084-06-4
 - Uses: Dispersant for carbon blk. pigments in latex systems; plasticizer in concrete; mfg. of ceramic bathroom articles; in styrene-butadiene rubber reducing emulsion visc. and coagulation; also used for indirect food additive

applics. such as adhesive, resinous and polymeric coatings, component of paper and paperboard in contact with aq., fatty, and dry food, cellophane, sealing gaskets for food containers, perfluorocarbon resins

Properties: Lt. tan powd.; sol. 10% in water; sp.gr. 0.68; pH 8.5-9.5 (10% aq.); 5% max. moisture; anionic

Crystal^M 78 [Crosfield]

- Chem. Descrip.: Sodium silicate sol'n.
- CAS 1344-09-8; EINECS/ELINCS 215-687-4
- Uses: Pulp/paper; detergents; adhesives; water treatment; soil consolidation; concrete treatments; ceramics; minerals; peroxide bleaching
- Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA immediate (acute) health hazard
- Properties: Colorless, translucent, sl. visc. liq.; odorless; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.38-1.40 (20 C); visc. 125-300 cps (20 C); vapor pressure negligible; b.p. 214-216 F; pH 11.2; 37-38.5% solids
- *Toxicology*: LD50 (oral, male rat) 2000-3000 mg/kg: alkaline; severely irritating to skin; tissue destruction to eyes if not treated; irritating to respiratory and digestive tract; ing. may cause GI irritation, nausea, vomiting, cramps, diarrhea; TSCA listed
- *Precaution:* May react to form deadly CO on contact with certain prods. or their residues; contact with acid can cause gelling and evolution of heat *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* None
- HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1
- Storage: Do not store over 50 C for extended periods; keep from freezing; keep container closed; do not store in aluminum containers

Crystal[™] 82 [Crosfield]

- Chem. Descrip.: Sodium silicate sol'n.
- CAS 1344-09-8; EINECS/ELINCS 215-687-4
- Uses: Pulp/paper; detergents; adhesives; water treatment; soil consolidation; concrete treatments; ceramics; minerals; peroxide bleaching

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA immediate (acute) health hazard

- Properties: Colorless, translucent, visc. liq.; odorless; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.40-1.42 (20 C); visc. 300-700 cps (20 C); vapor pressure negligible; b.p. 214-216 F; pH 11.2; 37.45-40.20% solids
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, male rat) 2000-3000 mg/kg; alkaline; severely irritating to skin; tissue destruction to eyes if not treated; irritating to respiratory and digestive tract; ing. may cause GI irritation, nausea, vomiting, cramps, diarrhea
- Precaution: May react to form deadly CO on contact with certain prods. or their residues; contact with acid can cause gelling and evolution of heat Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: None

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1

Storage: Do not store over 50 C for extended periods; keep from freezing; keep container closed; do not store in aluminum containers

CS-10 [Ducey Chem.]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone aq. emulsion

Uses: Antifoam for chems., surfactants, EO, resins, distillation, scrubbers, gas-oil separation, solvs. and It. oil processing, coatings and paints, inks, cosmetics, toiletries, household uses, indirect food uses (lubricant, pkg. additives, hog scalding); metalworking, paper and printing, textile and fibers, transportation (auto or engine radiators), wastewater treatment, effluent treatment, cooling tower reformulations; long term dilution stability

Regulatory: DOT nonhazardous; SARA §313 nonreportable

- *Properties:* Wh. thick liq.; very little odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.99; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. (PMCC) none; pH 7-8 (1%); 87% volatiles
- *Toxicology:* Prolonged/repeated contact may cause mod. skin irritation; can cause eye irritation; no evidence of adverse effects by inh., ing.
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂, SiO_x

Storage: 9 mos shelf life; protect from freezing **CS-10A** [Ducey Chem.]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone aq. emulsion

Uses: Antifoam for chems., surfactants, EO, resins, distillation, scrubbers, gas-oil separation, solvs. and It. oil processing, coatings and paints, inks, cosmetics, toiletries, household uses, indirect food uses (lubricant, pkg. additives, hog scalding), metalworking, paper and printing, textile and fibers, transportation (auto or engine radiators), wastewater treatment, effluent treatment, cooling tower reformulations; long term dilution stability

Regulatory: DOT nonhazardous; SARA §313 nonreportable

- *Properties:* Wh. thick liq.; very little odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.99; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. (PMCC) none; pH 7-8 (1%); 86% volatiles
- Toxicology: Prolonged/repeated contact may cause sl. skin irritation; can cause eye irritation; no evidence of adverse effects by inh., ing.
- Hazardou's Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂, SiO_x

Storage: 9 mos shelf life; protect from freezing

- CS-20 [Ducey Chem.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Silicone aq. emulsion
 - Uses: Antifoam for chems., surfactants, EO, resins, distillation, scrubbers, gas-oil separation, solvs. and It. oil processing, coatings and paints, inks, cosmetics, toiletries, household uses, indirect food uses (lubricant, pkg. additives, hog scalding), metalworking, paper and printing, textile and fibers, transportation (auto or engine radiators), wastewater treatment, effluent treatment, cooling tower reformulations; long term dilution stability
 - Regulatory: DOT nonhazardous; SARA §313 nonreportable
 - Properties: Wh. thick liq.; very little odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.99 ± 0.01; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. (PMCC) none; pH 7-8 (1%); 76 ± 1% volatiles *Toxicology:* Prolonged/repeated contact may cause mod. skin irritation; can cause eye irritation; no evidence of adverse effects by inh., ing.
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂, SiO_x
 - Storage: 9 mos shelf life; protect from freezing

CS-30 [Ducey Chem.]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone aq. emulsion *Uses:* Antifoam for chems., surfactants, EO, resins, distillation, scrubbers, gas-oil separation, solvs. and It. oil processing, coatings and paints, inks, cosmetics, toiletries, household uses, indirect food uses (lubricant, pkg. additives, hog scalding), metalworking, paper and printing, textile and fibers, transportation (auto or engine radiators), wastewater treatment, effluent treatment, cooling tower reformulations; long term dilution stability *Regulatory:* DOT nonhazardous; SARA §313 nonreportable

- *Properties:* Wh. thick liq.; very little odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.99; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. (PMCC) none; pH 7-8 (1%); 65% volatiles
- *Toxicology*: Prolonged/repeated contact may cause mod. skin irritation; can cause eye irritation; no evidence of adverse effects by inh., ing. *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂, SiO₈
- Storage: 9 mos shelf life; protect from freezing

CS-100 [Ducey Chem.]

Chem. Descrip.: Filled dimethyl polysiloxane compd.

CAS 9006-65-9

Uses: Antifoam for chems., surfactants, EO, resins, distillation, scrubbers, gas-oil separation, solvs. and It. oil processing, coatings and paints, inks, cosmetics, toiletries, household uses, indirect food uses (lubricant, pkg. additives, hog scalding), metalworking, paper and printing, textile and fibers, transportation (auto or engine radiators), wastewater treatment, effluent treatment, cooling tower reformulations

Regulatory: DOT nonhazardous; SARA §313 nonreportable

- Properties: Thick, opaque liq.; very little odor; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.97; vapor pressure < 1 mm Hg (68 F); b.p. > 200 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 400 F; < 1% volatiles
- Toxicology: Can cause eye and minor skin irritation; no evidence of adverse effects by skin absorp. inh., ing.

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂, SiO_x Storage: 9 mos shelf life

CS 116 [Process Chems. LLC]

Uses: Brownstock defoamer for kraft, sulfite, and semi-chem. pulp washing, for brownstock washing, screenroom, and bleach plant applics.; water-extended; suitable whether batch or continuous generated pulp is employed *Properties:* Opaque tan liq.; dens. 7.3 ± 0.3 lb/gal; visc. 500-1800 cps *Toxicology:* TSCA listed

Storage: Store in dry area

CS-420 [Ducey Chem.]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsion

- Uses: Antifoam for solvs. and It. oil processing, metalworking, paper and printing, textile and fibers; high or low pH applics.; compds. and reseller applics.
- Regulatory: DOT nonhazardous; SARA §313 nonreportable
- Properties: Opaque liq.; very little odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.00 ± 0.02 ; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. (PMCC) none; pH 7.5-9.5; 94 ± 0.5% volatiles
- *Toxicology:* Prolonged/repeated contact may cause skin irritation; may cause eye irritation; avoid inh. of fumes in fire

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂, SiO_x Storage: 9 mos shelf life; protect from freezing

Cuirol® RZ 80 [Münzing Chemie GmbH]

Chem. Descrip.: Sulfated castor oil

CAS 8002-33-3; EINECS/ELINCS 232-306-7

Uses: Emulsifier, stabilizer for aq. systems, esp. emulsion paints; coating agent in paper prod.; exc. wetting agent for alkaline range

Regulatory: BGA, FDA compliance

Properties: Yel. clear liq.; sol. in water in all proportions; dens. 1.03 g/cc (20 C); visc. med.; pH 7 (10% in DW); 67% act.; anionic Storage: 12 mos min. shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed pkg.; sensitive to

freezing; solidifies @ 0 C—warm to R.T. and stir well before use

Cumar® LX®-509 [Neville]

Chem. Descrip.: Coumarone-indene resin CAS 35343-70-5

- Uses: Used in adhesives, coatings (emulsion, citrus fruit, epoxy, industrial, marine, paper, traffic, wire and cable), rubber (cements, mech. goods, molded goods, tires), and caulking compds.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, polymers, rubber articles; exc. resist. to alkalis, dil. acids, and moisture
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.215, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600
- Properties: Gardner 8 (50% in toluene) solid, flakes; sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene HC; m.w. 1090; sp.gr. 1.14; R&B soften. pt. 155 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 35; flash pt. (COC) 560 F

Cumar® R-3 [Neville]

Chem. Descrip.: Coumarone-indene resin

CAS 35343-70-5

- Uses: Used in adhesives, aluminum paints, varnishes, rotogravure inks, rubber compds.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber articles; exc. resist. to alkalis, dilute acids and moisture
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.215, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600
- Properties: Gardner 9 (50% in toluene) flakes; sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene HC; m.w. 735; sp.gr. 1.13; R&B soften. pt. 126 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 45; flash pt. (COC) 500 F

Cumar® R-11 [Neville]

Chem. Descrip.: Coumarone-indene resin

CAS 35343-70-5

- Uses: Used in adhesives, aluminum paints, varnishes, rotogravure inks, rubber compds.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber articles; exc. resist. to alkalis, dilute acids and moisture
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600
- Properties: Gardner 12 (50% in toluene) solid, flakes; sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene HC; m.w. 700; sp.gr. 1.09; R&B soften. pt. 112 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 100; flash pt. (COC) 460 F

Cumar® R-12 (V-2, V-2½) [Neville]

Chem. Descrip.: Coumarone-indene resin

CAS 35343-70-5

- Uses: Plasticizer, softener, reinforcer, tackifier for NR, SR (except IIR); processing aid; inc. tack in solv. cements; for use in adhesives, aluminum paints, varnishes, rotogravure inks, rubber compds.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber articles; exc. resist. to alkalis, dilute acids and moisture
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600
- Properties: Gardner 12 (50% in toluene) solid, flakes; sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene HC; m.w. 580; sp.gr. 1.09; R&B soften. pt. 112 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 100; flash pt. (COC) 515 F

Cumar® R-13 [Neville]

Chem. Descrip.: Coumarone-indene resin

CAS 35343-70-5

- Uses: Plasticizer, softener for NR, SR (except IIR); reinforcer for phys. props. esp. in nonblack rubber stocks; tackifier in solv. cements; process aid; used in adhesives, aluminum paints, varnishes, rotogravure inks, rubber compds.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber articles; exc. resist. to alkalis, dilute acids and moisture
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600
- Properties: Gardner 8 (50% in toluene) solid, flakes; sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene HC; m.w. 734; sp.gr. 1.12; R&B soften. pt. 100 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 39; flash pt. (COC) 495 F

Cumar® R-17 [Neville]

Chem. Descrip.: Coumarone-indene resin

CAS 35343-70-5

Uses: Plasticizer, softener, reinforcer, tackifier for NR, SR (except IIR); processing aid; tackifier in solv. cements; in adhesives, aluminum paints, varnishes, rotogravure inks, rubber compds.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber articles; exc. resist. to alkalis, dilute acids and moisture *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210,

177.2600 Propagical Cardner 12 (50% in taluene) calid, cal in actors, others, ketenes

Properties: Gardner 13 (50% in toluene) solid; sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene HC; m.w. 500; sp.gr. 1.10; R&B soften. pt. 76 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 65; flash pt. (COC) 390 F

Cunilate® 2419-75 [Morton Int'l./Plastics Addit.]

Uses: Antimicrobial for textile applics., pulp slurries, paperboard, concrete safes

Curesan™ 199 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Blocked glyoxal-based

Uses: Insolubilizer for high solids, pigmented paper coatings and size press applics.; crosslinking agent for hydroxyl-contng. polymers and for compds. contng. anhydroglucose units; improves printability, esp. in grades contng. high syn. binder content; non-formaldehyde

- Use Level: 2-4%
- Curesan[™] 200 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Blocked glyoxal-based

Uses: Insolubilizer for high solids, pigmented paper/paperboard coatings and size press applics.; crosslinking agent for hydroxyl-contng. polymers and for compds. contng. anhydroglucose units; improves printability; inc. wet and dry pick str. with rapid off-machine cure; non-formaldehyde Use Level: 1-2%

Cyasorb® UV-3529 [Cytec Ind./Polymer Addit.]

Chem. Descrip.: 1,6-Hexanediamine, N,N'-bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)-, polymers with morpholine-2,4,6-trichloro-1,3,5-triazine

CAS 193098-40-7

Uses: Lt. stabilizer for polymers, food contact applics.; food-contact paper/ paperboard; low volatility; selective reactivity; min. color contribution; exc. compat. with other HALS and UVAs

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 approved

Properties: Wh. to off-wh. pastille; m.w. 1700 ± 10%

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 500-2000 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) 2.8 mg/l; mod. eye irritation; nonirritating to skin

- Cyastat[®] SN [Cytec Ind.]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Stearamidopropyl dimethyl-2-hydroxyethyl ammonium nitrate, IPA/water (1:1)
 - Uses: Antistat for polymers; used for plastics, surface coatings, paper, glass, and other materials; dispersant in coatings
 - Properties: Lt. yel. to amber liq., sl. IPA odor; sol. in water, acetone, alcohol, and other polar solvents of low m.w.; m.w. 476; sp.gr. 0.95; dens. 7.9 lb/gal; b.p. 83 C; flash pt. (CC) 12.2 C; pH 4-6; 50% solids
 - Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3300 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 5 ml/kg; direct contact may cause mod. eye and skin irritation; overexposure to vapor may cause respiratory tract irritation and CNS depression; TSCA listed
 - Precaution: Flamm. liq. and vapor; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents and min. acids

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, ammonia, NO_x

Storage: Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame; keep container closed **Cycat® 4040** [Cytec Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: p-Toluene sulfonic acid

CAS 104-15-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-180-0

- Uses: Catalyst for accelerating cure of fully alkylated melamine-formaldehyde, benzoguanamine, glycoluril, and urea-formaldehyde resins, for air atomized spray applics., dipping enamels, water reducible systems, wood finishes, paper coatings
- Properties: Gardner 1 max. color; sol. in alcohols, water; partially sol. in ketones, glycol ethers, and esters; insol. in aromatic and aliphatic hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 0.96; dens. 8.0 lb/gal; acid no. 130-140; flash pt. (Seta) 69 F; 40% NV

Cydrain® 145 Drainage Aid [Cytec Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylamide

CAS 9003-05-8

- Uses: Drainage aid for paperboard and heavier papers; reduces energy costs; inc. prod.
- Regulatory: DOT nonregulated

- Properties: Wh. opaque visc. liq.; very sl. hydrocarbon odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. \approx 1.1; flash pt. (Seta CC) > 100 C; pH 9.3-9.7; 93% volatiles; cationic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2 g/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) > 2500 ppm; direct contact may cause minimal eye and skin irritation; not expected to be harmful by inh.

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; spills are very slippery *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* CO, CO₂, ammonia, NO_{*}

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Avoid iron, copper, or aluminum containers/equip. for handling/ storage

Cymel® 245-8 [Cytec Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Butylated melamine-formaldehyde resin in 60% n-butanol and 40% xylene

Uses: Crosslinking agent for general metal finishes; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; provides good exterior durability and chem. resist. props. *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170

- Properties: Sp.gr. 1.0; dens. 10.2 lb/gal (solids); visc. 3-3.7 poises; acid no. 1 max.; flash pt. (Seta) 28 C; 52 ± 2% NV by wt.; free formaldehyde (3.0% max.)
- Toxicology: May irritate eyes, nose, throat, respiratory tract; inh. may cause dizziness and/or drowsiness
- Storage: Store up to 1 yr @ < 49 C; excessive heat may partially selfcondense resin so that gel particles may form
- Cymel® 247-10 [Cytec Ind.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Highly butylated melamine-formaldehyde resin in 100% nbutanol
 - Uses: Crosslinking agent; flow control additive for oil-free polyester resin systems; also rec. for TS acrylic and alkyd automotive topcoat finishes; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170
 - Properties: Sp.gr. 1.01; dens. 9.7 lb/gal (solids); visc. 5.5-10.7 poises; acid no. 1 max.; flash pt. (Seta) 43 C; 64 ± 2% NV by wt.; free formaldehyde (3.0% max.)
 - Toxicology: May irritate eyes, nose, throat, respiratory tract; inh. may cause dizziness and/or drowsiness
 - Storage: Store up to 1 yr @ < 49 C; excessive heat may partially selfcondense resin so that gel particles may form

Cymel® 248-8 [Cytec Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Butylated melamine-formaldehyde resin in 60% n-butanol and 40% xylene

Uses: Crosslinking agent for general metal finishes (e.g. appliance finishes); food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; provides good exterior durability Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170

- Properties: Sp.gr. 1.01; dens. 10.2 lb/gal (solids); visc. 3.4-4.3 poises; acid no. 1 max.; flash pt. (Seta) 34 C; $55 \pm 2\%$ NV by wt.; free formaldehyde (3.0% max.)
- *Toxicology:* May irritate eyes, nose, throat, respiratory tract; inh. may cause dizziness and/or drowsiness

Storage: Store up to 1 yr @ < 49 C; excessive heat may partially selfcondense resin so that gel particles may form

Cymel® 255-10 [Cytec Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Isobutylated melamine-formaldehyde resin in 100% isobutanol

Uses: Crosslinking agent for fast curing finishes with good exterior durability; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; offers high gloss and chem. resist. *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170

- Properties: Sp.gr. 1.0; dens. 10.9 lb/gal (solids); visc. 5-10.7 poises; acid no. 14 max.; flash pt. (Seta) 36 C; 50 ± 2% NV by wt.; free formaldehyde (4.0% max.)
- *Toxicology:* May irritate eyes, nose, throat, respiratory tract; inh. may cause dizziness and/or drowsiness

Storage: Store up to 1 yr @ < 49 C; excessive heat may partially selfcondense resin so that gel particles may form

Cymel® 300 [Cytec Ind.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Highly methylated melamine-formaldehyde resin CAS 68002-20-0
- Uses: Crosslinking agent for use in paper coatings and catalyzed wood finishes; good stability in waterborne systems that are pH buffered on alkaline side

Properties: Waxy solid; sp.gr. 1.20; dens. 10 lb/gal; m.p. 30-35 C; 98% min. NV; free formaldehyde (0.3% max.)

Cymel® 1158 [Cytec Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Highly butylated melamine-formaldehyde resin in n-butanol Uses: Crosslinking agent rec. for higher solids general metal finishes, providing good exterior durability and resist. props.; also in alkyd or acrylic automotive finishes providing higher build with a single coat; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; low blistering tendency, low formaldehyde release, fast low temp. cure response, improved hydrocarbon tolerance and compat. with other resins, inc. hydrophobicity, improved wetting; responds to weak acid catalysts

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170

Properties: Sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 9.5 lb/gal (solids); visc. 24-49 poises; acid no. 1 max.; flash pt. (Seta) 47 C; 80 ± 2% NV by wt.; free formaldehyde (1.2% max.)

Toxicology: May irritate eyes, nose, throat, respiratory tract; inh. may cause dizziness and/or drowsiness

Storage: Store up to 1 yr @ < 49 C; excessive heat may partially selfcondense resin so that gel particles may form

Cynol® 760 Softener [Cytec Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Emulsifiable mineral oil (petrol. distillate light)

CAS 64742-56-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-298-5

Uses: Softener for tissue and absorbent paper grades; aids Yankee dryer release props.

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated

Properties: Pale straw oily liq.; bland hydrocarbon odor; negligible sol. in water; sp.gr. 0.86; vapor pressure < 0.01 mm Hg (20 C); b.p. 354-438 C; flash pt. (OC) 185 C; 90% act.

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 4.5 ml/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) > 15,000 ppm; may cause skin irritation; acute overexposure may cause eye and throat irritation; prolonged/repeated exposure may cause CNS damage

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO2
- NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Avoid iron, copper, or aluminum containers/equip. for handling/ storage

Cypres[®] 310 Surface Size [Cytec Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene-acrylic

CAS 9010-92-8

Uses: Surf. sizing agent for papermaking; provides better printability

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated

- *Properties:* Lt. straw to clear liq.; sl. ammonia odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.05; b.p. 98-100 C; flash pt. (PMCC) > 93 C; pH > 9.5
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) > 20 mg/l; direct contact may cause minimal eye and skin irritation
- Environmental: BOD (5 day) 4520 mg/l oxygen; COD 260,000 ppm

Precaution: Spills are very slippery; avoid adding cationic additives to conc. material

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Cypro® 514 Promoter [Cytec Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyamine

Uses: Promoter improving performance of other aids, resins, and additives in papermaking

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated

Properties: Amber liq.; sl. amine odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.14-1.20; m.p. -18 C; b.p. 100 C; flash pt. (CC) > 93 C; pH 5-7; cationic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 4.67 g/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 10 g/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) > 15,000 ppm; may cause skin irritation; not expected to be harmful by ing.; TSCA listed

Environmental: BOD (5 day) < 600 mg/l oxygen; COD 480,000 ppm; LC50 (bluegill, 96 h) 0.39 mg/l, (daphnia, 48 h) 0.6 mg/l

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, ammonia, dimethyl amine, NO_x, hydrogen chloride
- NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Avoid iron, copper, or aluminum containers/equip. for handling/ storage
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D12F [Grain Processing] Chem. Descrip .: Oxidized corn starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Component of uncoated or coated food-contact surf. of paper and paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: Wh. fine powd., flash-dried form; bulk dens. 31 lb/ft³ (loose), 39 lb/ ft³ (packed); pH 7.5; 11% moisture D120 [Grain Processing] Chem. Descrip .: Oxidized corn starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Component of uncoated or coated food-contact surf. of paper and paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: Wh. gran. powd.; bulk dens. 39 lb/ft3 (loose), 48 lb/ft3 (packed); pH 7.5; 11% moisture DA-4 [Songkang Ind. Co.] Chem. Descrip.: Modified polyamine Uses: Drainage aid for board, liner; retention aid for fibers and fillers; coagulant for control of anionic trash; exc. performance at neutral pH Use Level: 0.1-0.6% of dry stock Properties: Visc. 300-1000 cps; pH 8 ± 1; 25 ± 1% solids Dantobrom® PG Briquette [Lonza] Chem. Descrip .: Halogenated hydantoin Uses: Slimicide for pulp/paper Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 6836-282; FDA approved Properties: Briquette; 62% avail. halogen (as Cl₂) Dantobrom® PG Granular [Lonza] Chem. Descrip .: Halogenated hydantoin Uses: Slimicide for pulp/paper Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 6836-281; FDA approved Properties: Granular; 62% avail. halogen (as Cl₂) Dantobrom® RW Briquette [Lonza] Chem. Descrip.: 1-Bromo-3-chloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin, 1,3-dichloro-5,5dimethylhydantoin, and 1,3-dichloro-5-ethyl-5-methylhydantoin Uses: Biocide, algicide, fungicide, bactericide, and slimicide for recirculating water systems, pulp/paper mfg., enhanced oil recovery, evaporative condensers, cooling tower systems, influent systems, industrial wet scrubber systems, brewery pasteurizers; approved for once-thru use Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 6836-115 Properties: Off-wh. briquette; sl. odor; sol. 0.54 g/100 g in water; dens. 1.6 g/ cc; bulk dens. 65 lb/ft³; m.p. 120-148 C (powd.); decomp. pt. 180 C; pH 3.6 (1% slurry); 62% avail. halogen (as Cl), 43% avail. Cl, 43% avail. Br Toxicology: LD50 (oral, male rat) 500 mg/kg; corrosive to eyes; severe irritant to skin Environmental: Degrades in municipal waste treatment plants Precaution: Dec. if mixed with reactive oxidizers; avoid mixing with lubricating oils, strong acids, strong alkalis, reducing agents, hydrated salts Storage: Store in cool, dry area Dantochlor® PG Briquette [Lonza] Chem. Descrip .: Halogenated hydantoin Uses: Slimicide for pulp/paper Regulatory: EPA reg. no. pending; FDA approved Properties: Briquette; 68% avail. halogen (as Cl₂)

Dantochlor® PG Granular [Lonza] Chem. Descrip .: Halogenated hydantoin Uses: Slimicide for pulp/paper Regulatory: EPA reg. no. pending; FDA approved Properties: Granular; 68% avail. halogen (as Cl₂) Dapro® DF 1161 [Elementis Spec. Colorants/Addit.] Chem. Descrip .: Silicone-modified disp. of olefinic solids Uses: Foam suppresser for aq. gravure, flexographic, and metallic inks, high gloss coatings, wood lacquers and stains, clear overprint varnishes; defoamer in food-contact coatings; food-contact paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.1-0.25 w/w Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 176.200 Properties: Sp.gr. 1.04; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; flash pt. 204 C Dapro® DF 2162 [Elementis Spec. Colorants/Addit.] Chem. Descrip.: Hydrophobic silica/hydrocarbon Uses: Foam suppresser for waterborne industrial coatings, architectural with associative thickeners, clear overprint varnishes, wood lacquers, adhesives, flexographic and gravure inks; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.2-0.7 w/w Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210 Properties: Sp.gr. 0.85; dens. 7.1 lb/gal; flash pt. 196 C Dapro® DF 3163 [Elementis Spec. Colorants/Addit.] Chem. Descrip .: Modified polyol Uses: Foam suppresser for waterborne adhesives and coatings, all types; high gloss coatings, overprint varnishes, and flexographic and gravure inks; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard; defoamer in food-contact coatings Use Level: 0.1-0.5 w/w Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200 Properties: Sp.gr. 0.95; dens. 7.9 lb/gal; flash pt. 182 C Dapro® DF 4164 [Elementis Spec. Colorants/Addit.] Chem. Descrip .: Metallic salt of fatty acid disp. Uses: Foam suppresser for waterborne industrial coatings, architectural with associative thickeners, clear overprint varnishes, wood lacquers, adhesives, flexographic and gravure inks; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.1-0.5 w/w Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210 Properties: Sp.gr. 0.87; dens. 7.3 lb/gal; flash pt. 174 C Dapro® DF 5165 [Elementis Spec. Colorants/Addit.] Chem. Descrip.: Hydrophobic silica/hydrocarbon Uses: Foam suppresser for waterborne industrial and architectural with associative thickeners, latex and laminating adhesives, cement modifiers; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.2-0.7 w/w Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210 Properties: Sp.gr. 0.85; dens. 7.1 lb/gal; flash pt. 196 C Daratak® 56L [W.R. Grace] Chem. Descrip.: PVAc emulsion CAS 9003-20-7 Uses: Adhesive emulsion for primer sealers, textile finishes, and paper saturation; very high m.w., low visc, fast drying; water wh., slightly hazy,

low gloss odorless films with water resistance

Properties: Wh. emulsion, sl. char. odor; 1.0 μ particle size; dens. 9.93 lb/ gal; visc. 300-600 cps; pH 5.5-7.0; 54-56% solids	Uses: Dispersant for NR, SR latexes, paints and coatings; post-emulsion stabilizer; surf. act. agent for preparing high solids disps.; dispersant for clay
Daratak® 61L [W.R. Grace]	or TiO ₂ slurries in papermaking; nondiscoloring; min. foaming; stable over wide nH range: no ozone-depleting substances
CAS 9003-20-7	Properties: Water-wh. clear to sl. opalescent liq.; very sol. in aq. systems;
Uses: Adhesive emulsion used in heat sealing, paper and foil adhesives, and fire-retardant mastics: high visc., borax-tolerant; water wh., clear, med.	dens. 1.13-1.17 mg/m³; visc. 75 cps max.; pH 10.0-11.5; 25.0 ± 1% total solids
gloss films with exc. water resistance	Toxicology: TSCA listed
visc. 2000-4000 cps; pH 4.5-5.5; 54-56% solids	<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Sodium polyacrylate
Daratak® 65L [W.R. Grace]	CAS 9003-04-7
CAS 9003-20-7	papermaking; deflocculant for clay water systems
Uses: Adhesive emulsion (strong wet tack) for paper packaging applics.; med. m.w. and visc.; water wh., slightly hazy, med. gloss films with good	Properties: Lt. amber liq.; dens. 1.315 mg/m ³ ; visc. 100-300 cps; pH 7-8; 42.8-43.3% solids
water resistance; compatible with fully hydrolyzed PVAL	Daxad® 11G [Hampshire]
<i>Properties:</i> Emulsion; particle size 1.5 µ; wn.; slight, char. odor; dens. 9.93 lb/gal; visc. 1400-2000 cps; pH 4.5-5.5; 54-56% solids	sodium salt
Daratak® 89L [W.R. Grace]	CAS 9084-06-4
envelopes, labels, stamps, tapes, and for textile warp sizing and adhesives	mastics, caulks, sealants, pigment slurries and disps., inks, syn. polymers,
for arts and crafts; food pkg. adhesives and paper/paperboard Regulatory: EDA 21CER \$175,105,176,170	paper coating disps., paper mill slime control, pitch control, pulp digestion, and tall oil senaration
Daratak® RP2000 [W.R. Grace]	Properties: Buff fine gran.; dens. 42 lb/ft ³ ; pH 8.0-10.5 (1%); surf. tens. 70-
Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated polyvinyl acetate emulsion CAS 9003-20-7	/1 dynes/cm (1%); 87% min. act.; anionic Daxad® 13 [Hampshire]
Uses: Adhesive base for paper/paper, paper/foil laminations, bottle labels,	Chem. Descrip.: Polymerized alkyl naphthalene sulfonic acid sodium salt
Regulatory: FDA approved	Uses: Dispersant for use in papermaking operations, pigment slurries and
Daratak® SP1012 [W.R. Grace] Chem Descrin : Vinyl acetate homonolymer emulsion	disp., paper coating disp., paper mill slime control, pitch control, pulp diges- tion_tall oil separation
CAS 9003-20-7	Properties: Amber powd.; dens. 47 lb/ft ³ ; pH 9.5 (1%)
setting speeds; suitable for food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paper-	<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Low m.w. naphthalene sulfonate formaldehyde condensate,
board; nonborax compat.	sodium salt
<i>Properties:</i> Emulsion; 1.2 µ avg. particle size; dens. 9.1 lb/gal; visc. 800-	Uses: Dispersant for emulsion polymerization, agric., pigments, clay disps.,
1400 cps; pH 5-7; Film props.: dens. 1.19; 54-56% total solids Darex® 110L [W.R. Grace]	dyestuffs, tanning, herbicides, pesticides, pitch, deinking, carbon blk., iron oxides, battery extenders: grinding aid: water reducer for metal oxides:
Chem. Descrip.: Nitrile latex	industrial grade, general purpose
Uses: For paper and felt saturation, in tape and sandpaper bases; copolymer	(1%); suff. tens. 70-72 dynes/cm (1%); 88% act.; anionic
latex; high delamination resist. and edge tear; heat curable Properties: Particle size 0.2; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; visc. 30 cps; surf. tens. 40	Daxad® 16 [Hampshire] Chem Descrip : Low m w nanhthalene sulfonate formaldehyde condensate
dynes/cm; pH 7.0; 47% solids	sodium salt
Darex® 550L [W.R. Grace] Chem. Descrip.: Vinylidene chloride emulsion	CAS 9084-06-4 Uses: Dispersant for low color applics., wet grinding of pigments and dyes,
Uses: For use in flame retardant adhesives; designed for adhesion to nonpo-	emulsion polymerization, agric., concrete, tanning, herbicides, pesticides, pitch clay dicas, doinking, cool water clurries, carbon blk, ican avides,
Darex® 620L [W.R. Grace]	battery extenders; water reducer for metal oxides
Chem. Descrip.: SBR 2000 type latex CAS 9003-55-8	Properties: Dk. brn. transparent liq.; misc. in water; dens. 10.5 lb/gal; visc.
Uses: Used for beater addition, paper saturation, adhesives, fabric backings,	46.5-48.5% total solids; anionic
and binders (toam scrap, leather, and curled hair) Properties: Particle size 0.15 μ; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 40 cps; surf. tens. 50	<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Low m.w. naphthalene sulfonate formaldehyde condensate,
dýnes/cm; pH 10.5; 42% total solids; 47% styrene, 53% butadiene	sodium salt
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate	Uses: Dispersant for low-dusting applics., emulsion polymerization, pigments
CAS 9084-06-4 Uses: Dispersant for NR and SR latexes, paints, coatings: latex stabilizer @	and dyestuffs, clays, deinking, tanning, herbicides, pesticides, pitch, coal water slurries, carbon blk, iron oxides, battery extenders; grinding aid;
10% aq. sol'n.; wetting agent for carbon black; pigment dispersant and pitch	water reducer for metal oxides; industrial grade
percentage of pigment to be mixed in a given amt. of vehicle; < 1% VOC;	37-43 lb/ft ³ (tapped); pH 9-10.5 (1%); surf. tens. 70-72 dynes/cm (1%);
no ozone-depleting substances	88% act.; anionic
applics.)	Daxad® 34N10 [Hampshire]
Properties: Amber gran.; water-sol.; dens. 1.54 mg/m ³ ; pH 8.0-10.5 (1%); 87% min. act.: 5% max. moisture	Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polymethacrylate sol'n. Uses: Dispersant for latex polymerization. industrial cleaners, and for clav in
Toxicology: TSCA listed	paper coating colors
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Sodium polymethacrylate	<i>Properties:</i> Pale amper clear liq.; sol. In water systems; sp.gr. 1.21; dens. 10.0 lb/gal; visc. 400 cps max.; pH 10.0; surf. tens. 70 dynes/cm (1%);
CAS 25086-62-8	30% total solids

Daxad® 37LN7

Daxad® 37LN7 [Hampshire]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate sol'n.

CAS 9003-04-7

- Uses: Dispersant, esp. for clays; deflocculant and dispersant for clay slurries used in paper coatings, in flat latex paints; fluidifier in the formulation of oil well drilling muds; antiredeposition agent in cleaning formulas
- Properties: Pale amber clear, slightly hazy liq.; infinite sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.30; dens. 10.9 lb/gal; visc. 500 cps; pH 7.0; surf. tens. 75 dynes/cm (1%); 45% total solids
- Daxad® 37LN10-35 [Hampshire]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Sodium polyacrylate sol'n.

CAS 9003-04-7

- Uses: Dispersant for rapid dispersion of solid materials (esp. clays) in aq. systems; dispersant, deflocculant for pigment mfg., paper coatings, latex paints, trade sales flat paints, oil well drilling muds; antiredeposition agent in cleaning formulas; stable over wide pH range
- Properties: Pale amber sl. hazy liq.; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.25; dens. 10.4 lb/ gal; visc. 50 cps; pH 10; surf. tens. 65 dynes/cm (1%); 35% sol/n.

DBE [DuPont Nylon]

- Chem. Descrip.: Dibasic ester mixt. (60% dimethyl glutarate, 15% dimethyl adipate, 24% dimethyl succinate)
- Uses: Solvent for coatings, cleaners, inks, textile lubricants, urethane prod.; plasticizer for flexible thermoset polyester; polymer intermediate for polyester polyols for urethanes, wet-str. paper resins, polyester resins; specialty chemical intermediate

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA nonreportable

- Properties: Clear colorless liq., mild sweet odor; sol. in alcohols, ketones, ethers, most hydrocarbons; sl. sol. in water and higher paraffinic hydrocarbons; m.w. 159; sp.gr. 1.092 (20 C); dens. 9.09 lb/gal; visc. 2.4 cSt; vapor pressure 0.2 mm Hg (20 C); f.p. -20 C; b.p. 196-225 C; acid no. 0.3 max.; flash pt. (TCC) 100 C; surf. tens. 35.6 dynes/cm; 99% min. esters
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 8191 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2250 mg/kg; mild to severe skin irritant, moderate eye irritant; may cause nose and throat irritation and blurry vision; TSCA listed
- Environmental: Aquatic toxicity: LC50 (fathead minnows, 96 h) 18-24 mg/l (mod. toxic), (daphnia magna, 48 h) 112-150 mg/l

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidants, acids, or alkalis; dec. with heat HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in well ventilated place in tightly closed container

DBE-2, -ŽSPG [DuPont Nylon]

- Chem. Descrip.: Dibasic ester mixt. (76% dimethyl glutarate, 24% dimethyl adipate, 0.3% dimethyl succinate)
- Uses: Solvent for coatings, cleaners, inks, textile lubricants, urethane prod.; plasticizer for flexible thermoset polyester; polymer intermediate for polyester polyols for urethanes, wet-str. paper resins, polyester resins; specialty chemical intermediate
- Properties: Clear colorless liq., mild odor; m.w. 163; sol. in alcohols, ketones, ethers, most hydrocarbons; sl. sol. in water and higher paraffinic hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 1.081; dens. 9.00 lb/gal; visc. 2.5 cSt; f.p. -13 C; b.p. 210-225 C; acid no. 1 max.; flash pt. (TCC) 104 C; 99% min. esters Toxicology: Low health risk; may cause eye irritation
- Environmental: Low environmental risk

DBE-3 [DuPont Nylon]

- Chem. Descrip.: Dibasic ester mixt. (89% dimethyl adipate, 10% dimethyl glutarate, 0.2% dimethyl succinate)
- Uses: Solvent for coatings, cleaners, inks, textile lubricants, urethane prod.; plasticizer for flexible thermoset polyester; polymer intermediate for polyester polyols for urethanes, wet-str. paper resins, polyester resins; specialty chemical intermediate
- Properties: Clear colorless liq., mild odor; m.w. 173; sol. in alcohols, ketones, ethers, most hydrocarbons; sl. sol. in water and higher paraffinic hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 1.068; dens. 8.89 lb/gal; visc. 2.5 cSt; f.p. 8 C; b.p. 215-225 C; acid no. 1 max.; flash pt. (TCC) 102 C; 99% min. esters

Toxicology: Low health risk; may cause eye irritation

Environmental: Low environmental risk

DBE-4 [DuPont Nylon]

Chem. Descrip .: Dimethyl succinate

CAS 106-65-0; EINECS/ELINCS 203-419-9

Uses: Solvent for coatings, cleaners, inks, textile lubricants, urethane prod.; plasticizer for flexible thermoset polyester; polymer intermediate for polyester polyols for urethanes, wet-str. paper resins, polyester resins; specialty chemical intermediate

Properties: Clear colorless liq., mild odor; m.w. 146; sol. in alcohols, ketones, ethers, most hydrocarbons; sl. sol. in water and higher paraffinic hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 1.121; dens. 9.33 lb/gal; visc. 2.5 cSt; f.p. 19 C; b.p. 196 C; flash pt. (TCC) 94 C; 98.5% min. esters

Toxicology: Low health risk; may cause eye irritation

Environmental: Low environmental risk

- DBE-5 [DuPont Nylon]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Dimethyl glutarate
 - CAS 1119-40-0; EINECS/ELINCS 214-277-2
 - Uses: Solvent for coatings, cleaners, inks, textile lubricants, urethane prod.; plasticizer for flexible thermoset polyester; polymer intermediate for polyester polyols for urethanes, wet-str. paper resins, polyester resins; specialty chemical intermediate
 - Properties: Clear colorless liq., mild odor; m.w. 160; sol. in alcohols, ketones, ethers, most hydrocarbons; sl. sol. in water and higher paraffinic hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 1.091; dens. 9.08 lb/gal; visc. 2.5 cSt; f.p. -37 C; b.p. 210-215 C; acid no. 1 max.; flash pt. (TCC) 107 C; 99% min. esters Toxicology: Low health risk; may cause eye irritation
 - Environmental: Low environmental risk

DBE-6 [DuPont Nylon]

Chem. Descrip .: Dimethyl adipate

CAS 627-93-0; EINECS/ELINCS 211-020-6

- Uses: Solvent for coatings, cleaners, inks, textile lubricants, urethane prod.; plasticizer for flexible thermoset polyester; polymer intermediate for polyester polyols for urethanes, wet-str. paper resins, polyester resins; specialty chemical intermediate
- Properties: Clear colorless liq., mild odor; m.w. 174; sol. in alcohols, ketones, ethers, most hydrocarbons; sl. sol. in water and higher paraffinic hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 1.064; dens. 8.86 lb/gal; visc. 2.5 cSt; f.p. 10 C; b.p. 227-230 C; acid no. 1 max.; flash pt. (TCČ) 113 C; 99% min. esters Toxicology: Low health risk; may cause eye irritation
- Environmental: Low environmental risk

DBE-9 [DuPont Nylon]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Dibasic ester mixt. (66% dimethyl glutarate, 33% dimethyl succinate, 0.2% dimethyl adipate)
- Uses: Solvent for coatings, cleaners, inks, textile lubricants, urethane prod.; plasticizer; polymer intermediate for polyester polyols for urethanes, wet-str. paper resins, polyester resins; specialty chemical intermediate
- Properties: Clear colorless liq., mild odor; m.w. 156; sol. in alcohols, ketones, ethers, most hydrocarbons; sl. sol. in water and higher paraffinic hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 1.099; dens. 9.15 lb/gal; visc. 2.4 cSt; f.p. -10 C; b.p. 196-215 C; flash pt. (TCC) 94 C; 99% min. esters
- Toxicology: Low health risk; may cause eye irritation
- Environmental: Low environmental risk

DB-GLAZE™ [IMERYS]

- Chem. Descrip.: Kaolin clay
- CAS 1332-58-7; EINECS/ELINCS 296-473-8

Uses: Clay for paper coatings for high gloss development and outstanding ink holdout

Properties: Spray-dried, slurry; 0.002% 325-mesh residue, 97% finer than 2 µ particle size; sp.gr. 2.72; visc. 250 cps (70% solids); brightness (GE) 86-87; ref. index 1.56; pH 6.2-7.5 (20% aq.); hardness (Mohs) 2; 0.3-1.0% moisture (spray-dried), 29-31% moisture (slurry)

DB-Kote-2 [IMERYS]

Chem. Descrip.: Kaolin clay CAS 1332-58-7; EINECS/ELINCS 296-473-8

Uses: Filler clay for paper coatings, high solids formulations for publication grade papers and medium finish enamels, low cost basecoats, and pigmented size press applics.

Properties: Spray-dried, slurry; 0.015% 325-mesh residue, 65% finer than 2 µ particle size; sp.gr. 2.72; visc. 300 cps (70% solids); brightness (GE) 85-86; ref. index 1.56; pH 6.2-7.5 (20% aq.); hardness (Mohš) 2; 0.3-1.0% moisture (spray-dried), 29-31% moisture (slurry)

DB-SHEEN™ [İMÉRYS]

- Chem. Descrip.: Delaminated kaolin clay
- CAS 1332-58-7; EINECS/ELINCS 296-473-8
- Uses: Easy glossing filler, pigment for paper coatings, esp. merchant grade papers, label and glossy cover stock
- Properties: Spray-dried, slurry; 0.002% 325-mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.72; visc. 500 cps (70% solids); brightness (GE) 87-89; ref. index 1.56; pH 6.2-7.5 (20% aq.); hardness (Mohs) 2; 0.3-1.0% moisture (spray-dried), 29-30% moisture (slurry)

De-Airex[®] [Hercules] evolve Uses: Defoamer for pulp/paper machine applics. (brownstock washers, starch systems, wastewater treatment, coating systems) Degal S [3V/Paper] Deatron WB [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Chem. Descrip .: Special activator Uses: Foaming agent for pulp making process; provides foaming effect when applied with fatty acid type deinking agent Use Level: 0.05-0.1% to pulp Properties: SI. yellowish limpid liq.; anionic conc. Defoamer™ 230 [Huntsman] Uses: Pulp/paper processing aid, defoamer; defoamer for mill effluent applics.; intermediate foam kill with exc. hold Properties: Liq.; nonionic Defoamer™ 1418 [Huntsman] Uses: Pulp/paper processing aid, defoamer; offers exc. performance with low air entrainment; add to save all wh. water pans Properties: Lig.; 100% act.; nonionic Defoamer[™] C5B [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone mineral oil-based Uses: Defoamer for effluents in pulp/paper industry; effective over wide pH range Properties: Lt. brn. liq.; 100% act. Defoamer CK-35 [Crompton & Knowles] Chem. Descrip.: Ethoxylated fatty acids in petrol. hydrocarbon Uses: Defoamer eliminating entrained gas and improving drainage on paper machines Properties: Disp. Defoamer CK-55 [Crompton & Knowles] Chem. Descrip.: Fatty amide derivs., hydrophobic silica, and nonionic surfactants in petrol. oil Uses: Defoamer for standard paper machines and hydropulpers Properties: Disp. Defoamer CK-75 [Crompton & Knowles] Chem. Descrip .: Ethoxylated fatty acids and petrol. oil KGaA/Coatings] Uses: Defoamer for paper machines and hydropulpers Properties: Disp (90%) Defoamer™ KCE/S [Huntsman] UN No. 2369 Chem. Descrip .: Proprietary blend, water-based Uses: Pulp/paper processing aid; defoamer for screen room, bleaching, and effluent applics. in pulp/paper industry Properties: Liq.; 5% act.; nonionic Defoamer™ PM [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: Proprietary blend Uses: Paper machine defoamer for tissues and towels Properties: Lig. Defoamer™ WL500 [Huntsman] Uses: Pulp/paper processing aid; defoamer for boiler feed water and condensate Properties: Liq.; nonionic Defoamer/Drainage Aid CK-25 [Crompton & Knowles] Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acids, fatty acid derivs., and surfactants in petrol. listed blending oil Uses: Defoamer and drainage aid for paper industry Properties: Disp. Degal BP [3V/Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium hydroxide and trisodium phosphate UN No. 1823 Uses: Wet str. breaker for repulping of wet str. papers treated with polyamide resins or glyoxal, which can be hydrolyzed under alkaline conditions; high conc. Use Level: 0.2-1% Regulatory: DOT corrosive; SARA §304/313 nonreportable Properties: Wh. coarse powd.; no odor; sol. 7% in water (1%); bulk dens. 1.3 g/ml; m.p. > 300 C; pH 11-12 (1%); 80% act. Toxicology: Strongly corrosive to eyes, skin. and mucous membranes; ing. can seriously damage tissues and cause stomach perforation; inh. may cause irritation, lung edema, and pneumonia; TSCA listed Environmental: Do not discharge into storm drains or waterways Precaution: Incompat. with water, oxidizers, acids, halogenated substances; exothermic reaction with acids, halogenated substances, and water; reacts nonionic with ammonium salts evolving ammonia vapors; attacks light metals Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., toxic fumes of Na₂O may

NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 1 Storage: Keep tightly closed in cool place; protect from humid environment Chem. Descrip.: Phosphoric acid (97%) CAS 7664-38-2; EINECS/ELINCS 231-633-2 Uses: Wet str. breaker for repulping of wet str. papers treated with urea or melamine resins, which can be hydrolyzed under acid conditions; highly Use Level: 0.5-2% Regulatory: DOT regulated; SARA §313 reportable Properties: Pale yel. clear liq.; char. odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.51-1.57; visc. 50 cps (20 C); vapor pressure 3 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. > 10 C; b.p. > 100 C; pH 2 Toxicology: TLV 1 mg/m³; strongly corrosive to eyes, skin. and mucous membranes; TSCA listed Environmental: Do not discharge into storm drains or waterways Precaution: Incompat. with water, oxidizers, strong bases; attacks some metals (titanium, nickel, aluminum); mixts. with nitromethane are explosive; other potentially explosive or violent reactions possible Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., toxic fumes of carbon oxide may evolve NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: Keep tightly closed; assure adequate ventilation Degalan® LP 70/01 [Degussa-Hüls AG] Chem. Descrip.: i-Butylmethacrylate CAS 97-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 202-613-0 Uses: Binder for roughcast solidifiers, plastic renderings, and final coatings for paper; med. hard; solv.-based Properties: Sol. in alcohols, esters, ketones, aromatics, chlorinated hydrocarbons, and aliphatic hydrocarbons; very low m.w.; visc. ≈ 60 mPa·s (in 30% MEK); acid no. < 1 Dehydran® 1293 [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis/Coatings & Inks; Cognis Chem. Descrip.: Modified polydimethylsiloxane (10%) in 2-butoxyethanol Uses: Defoamer/air release agent for water-based industrial coatings, highsolids coatings, acrylic urethanes, alkyds, epoxies, printing inks, wood lacquers, adhesives, latex; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives Use Level: 0.5-3.0% on total wt. (coatings) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210; BGA approved; DOT regulated; SARA §311/312/313 reportable Properties: Water-wh. clear Ilq.; faint odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.90; dens. 7.6 lb/gal; visc. 15 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) 65 C; VOC 90.7% (EPA Method 24); 10% act., 3.6% solids; nonionic Toxicology: Causes skin, eye, and respiratory irritation; possible central nervous system depression, blood disorder, kidney and liver damage, breathing difficulties; 2-butoxyethanol: LD50 (oral, rat) 1480 mg/kg; TSCA Precaution: Combustible; avoid sources of ignition; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO2, CO NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0 Storage: Store away from heat and open flame in cool, dry place; mix well before using **DeIONIC 100-VLF** [DeForest Enterprises] Chem. Descrip.: Modified alkoxylated primary alcohol Uses: Wetting agent, detergent, pigment and dye dispersant for pigment

grinding, fountain sol'ns., paints and coatings, inks, high pressure spray cleaners, low foam detergents, pulp/paper production, adhesives, emulsion polymerization, electroplating, agric. sprays; nonfoaming *Regulatory:* DOT nonregulated; SARA §313 compliant

- Properties: Gardner 1 max. clear to sl. hazy liq; sol. 10% in alcohols and glycols; disp. in water, solvs., and oils; sp.gr. 0.96; b.p. > 200 F; cloud pt. 58-70 C (1% in 15% butyl Carbitol); flash pt. (COC) > 200 F; pH 5.0-8.0 (10% in DW); surf. tens. 24.5 dynes/cm (1%); Draves wetting instant (1%); foam height 9 ml (0.1%, initial), 10 ml (1%, initial); 99% act.; nonionic
- Toxicology: Can cause skin and eye irritation; may contain sm. amts. of ethylene oxide, a cancer and reproductive hazard; TSCA listed

Environmental: Biodeg.

Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. produces CO_x HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeIONIC LF-EP-20 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: Alkoxylated linear alcohol

CAS 37251-67-5

- Uses: Used in low-foaming, alkaline, acid, and high pressure spray cleaners, mech. dishwashing, metal cleaning, bottle washing, textile wetting and scouring, agric. sprays, and laundry detergents; rewetting agent in paper prods.; rinse aid for mech. dishwashing; detergent and wetting agent when applied at temps. near its cloud pt.
- Regulatory: DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Nearly colorless clear to hazy liq.; sol. in water < 17-23 C, alcohol, solvents, and glycols; disp. in water above 23 C; insol. in min. oil; sp.gr. 0.98 g/ml; b.p. > 200 F; HLB 6.4; cloud pt. 17-23 C (1% in DW); flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 5.0-8.0 (5% in DW); surf. tens. 30 dynes/cm; Ross-Miles foam 20 mm (0.25% initial); 100% conc.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (rat) 3800 mg/kg; nontoxic; may cause eye and skin irritation; ethylene oxide (carcinogenic and reproductive hazard) can accumulate in storage and transport vessels
- Environmental: Biodeg.; aquatic toxicity (rainbow trout, 96 h) 8.7 mg/l at < 4.1 mg/l, no effect
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: COx

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeIONIC LF-EP-30 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: Alkoxylated linear alcohol

CAS 37251-67-5

Uses: Used in low-foaming, alkaline, acid, and high pressure spray cleaners, mech. dish detergents, metal cleaning, bottle washing, textile wetting and scouring, agric. sprays, and laundry detergents; rinse aid for mech. dishwashing; rewetting agent for paper towels; detergent and wetting agent when applied at temps. near its cloud pt.

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated

Properties: Nearly colorless clear to hazy liq.; sol. in water at RT, alcohol, solvents, and glycols; insol. in min. oil; sp.gr. 1.00 g/ml; b.p. > 200 F; HLB 8.0; cloud pt. 28-32 C (1% in DW); flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 5.0-8.0 (5% in DW); surf. tens. 30 dynes/cm; Ross-Miles foam 25 mm (0.25% initial); 100% conc.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (rat) 3800 mg/kg; nontoxic; may cause eye and skin irritation; ethylene oxide (carcinogenic and reproductive hazard) can accumulate in storage and transport vessels

Environmental: Biodeg.; aquatic toxicity (rainbow trout, 96 h) 8.7 mg/l at < 4.1 mg/l, no effect

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: COx

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeIONIC OPE-5 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-5

CAS 9002-93-1

Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, and emulsifier used in emulsion cleaners, dry cleaning detergents, floor finishing and agric. emulsions; emulsifier for o/w creams and lotions; emulsion stabilizer; gasoline anti-icing additive; solubilizer for hair dyes; food pkg. adhesives, paper, polymers; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3120, 178.3400; DOT nonregulated

- *Properties:* Nearly colorless liq.; char. odor; sol. in most solvs.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 1.05 g/ml; b.p. > 300 F; HLB 10.4; cloud pt. 64.0-68.0 C (10% in 25% BC); flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 4.5-7.5 (5% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
- Toxicology: Severe eye irritant, may cause corneal damage; mildly irritating to skin; ethylene oxide (carcinogenic and reproductive hazard) can accumulate in storage and transport vessels

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO2

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeIONIC OPE-7.5 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-7 (7-8 EO) CAS 9002-93-1

Uses: Used in alkaline, low foam powdered laundry, and all purpose deter-

gents; metal cleaners and brighteners; detergent sanitizers; hard surface, floor, waterless hand, and acid tile cleaners; xylene emulsifier; emulsion polymerization; pesticide emulsifier; food pkg. adhesives, paper, polymers; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3120, 178.3400; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Nearly colorless liq.; char. odor; sol. in water and most solvs.; insol. in oils and aliphatic solvs.; sp.gr. 1.05 g/ml; b.p. > 300 F; HLB 12.4; cloud pt. 22-28 C (1% in DW); flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 4.5-7.5 (5% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic

Toxicology: Severe eye irritant, may cause corneal damage; mildly irritating to skin; ethylene oxide (carcinogenic and reproductive hazard) can accumulate in storage and transport vessels

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO2

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeIONIC OPE-10 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-10 (9-10 EO)

CAS 9002-93-1

- Uses: Used in alkaline, low foam powdered laundry, and all purpose detergents; metal cleaners and brighteners; detergent sanitizers; hard surface, floor, waterless hand, and acid tile cleaners; xylene emulsifier; emulsion polymerization; pesticide emulsifier; dedusting agent; food pkg. adhesives, paper, polymers; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3120, 178.3400; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Nearly colorless liq.; char. odor; sol. in water and most solvs.; insol. in oils and aliphatic solvs.; sp.gr. 1.07 g/ml; b.p. > 300 F; HLB 13.5; cloud pt. 63-69 C (1% in DW); flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 4.5-7.5 (5% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* Severe eye irritant, may cause corneal damage; mildly irritating to skin; ethylene oxide (carcinogenic and reproductive hazard) can accumulate in storage and transport vessels

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO2

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-13 (12-13 EO)

CAS 9002-93-1

- Uses: In alkaline powd. laundry/all purpose detergents; metal cleaners/ brighteners; detergent sanitizers; hard surface, floor, waterless hand, and acid tile cleaners; xylene emulsifier; food pkg. adhesives, paper, polymers; emulsion polymerization; pesticide emulsifier; dedusting agent; solubilizer for other surfactants; coupling agent and hydrotrope for high caustic and mineral acid systems; lye peeling; foam stabilizer; food-contact defoamer, emulsifier
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3120, 178.3400; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Nearly colorless liq.; char. odor; sol. in water and most solvs.; insol. in oils and aliphatic solvs.; sp.gr. 1.07 g/ml; b.p. > 300 F; HLB 14.6; cloud pt. 85-92 C (1% in DW); flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 4.5-7.5 (5% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* Severe eye irritant, may cause corneal damage; mildly irritating to skin; ethylene oxide (carcinogenic and reproductive hazard) can accumulate in storage and transport vessels

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO2

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeIONIC OPE-30 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip .: Octoxynol-30

CAS 9002-93-1

- Uses: Used in general purpose, dairy, bottle, and steam cleaners; emulsifier for VA and acrylate polymerization; emulsifier for fats and waxes; emulsion stabilizer for syn. latexes; used in high temp. and high foam detergents; wetting agent and stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, paper, polymers; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3120, 178.3400; DOT nonregulated

Properties: Nearly colorless liq.; very sol. in water; insol. in oils and solvs.;

DeIONIC OPE-12 [DeForest Enterprises]

sp.gr. 1.09 g/ml; b.p. 212 F; HLB 17.5; cloud pt. 75 C (1% in 10% NaCl); flash pt. (COC) > 200 F; pH 4.5-7.5 (5% in DW); 69-71% conc.; nonionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1800 mg/kg; severe eye irritant, may cause corneal damage; mildly irritating to skin; ethylene oxide (carcinogenic and reproductive hazard) can accumulate in storage and transport vessels Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO2

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeIONIC OPE-40 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip .: Octoxynol-40

CAS 9002-93-1

- Uses: Used in general purpose, dairy, bottle, and steam cleaners; emulsifier for VA and acrylate polymerization; emulsifier for fats and waxes; emulsion stabilizer for syn. latexes; used in high temp. and high foam detergents; wetting agent and stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, paper, polymers; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3120, 178.3400; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Nearly colorless liq.; very sol. in water; insol. in oils and solvs.; sp.gr. 1.1 g/ml; b.p. 212 F; HLB 18.7; cloud pt. 76 C (1% in 10% SC); flash pt. (COC) > 200 F; pH 4.5-7.5 (5% in DW); 69-71% conc.; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1800 mg/kg; severe eye irritant, may cause corneal damage; mildly irritating to skin; ethylene oxide (carcinogenic and reproductive hazard) can accumulate in storage and transport vessels Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO2

- HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Delfloc® 763 [Hercules]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Modified polyamide-epichlorohydrin resin aq. sol'n. Uses: Flocculant, settling aid, and clarifier for industrial processing and wastewaters, in paper industry, for separating titanium dioxide and latexes
 - Properties: Liq.; sp.gr. 1.12; dens. 9.3 lb/gal; visc. 230 cps; f.p. -6.7 C; pH 4.2; 35% total solids; 14.8% N; cationic

DeMIDE LA-100 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: Lauramide DEA (1:1)

CAS 120-40-1; EINECS/ELINCS 204-393-1

Uses: Foam stabilizer, thickener used in shampoos, bubble baths, hand soaps, rug shampoos, dish detergents, and mild all-purpose cleaners; food pkg. adhesives, paper

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3130; DOT nonregulated

- Properties: Straw-colored visc. semiliq. or waxy solid; sol. in alcohols, chlorinated aromatic solvs. and glycols, and min. spirits; disp. in kerosene, oils and fats; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.98-1.01 g/ml; m.p. 34 C; b.p. > 400 F; flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 9.0-11.0 (10% in IPA and DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (rat) 2.7 g/kg; severe eye irritant; skin irritant, prolonged contact may cause burns; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea; inh. may irritate respiratory tract, esp. upon heating; contains DEA: LD50 (oral, rat) 710 mg/kg

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: COx, NOx

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeMIDE LLA-100 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip .: Lauramide DEA (1:1)

- CAS 120-40-1; EINECS/ELINCS 204-393-1
- Uses: Foam booster/stabilizer, visc. builder, surfactant in shampoos, bath gels, dish detergents, lig. hand soaps, etc.; solubilizer for perfumes; food pkg. adhesives, paper; can replace solid lauric amides to produce high flash foam
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3130; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Lt. amber clear visc. liq.; insol. in water, oils, and aliphatic solvs.; sol. in most other solvs.; sp.gr. 0.98 g/ml; b.p. > 300 F; acid no. 3 max.; cloud pt. > 1.0 C; flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 8.0-11.0 (1% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (rat) 2.7 g/kg; severe eye irritant; skin irritant, prolonged contact may cause burns; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea; inh. may cause coughing, headache, and nausea; contains DEA: LD50 (oral, rat) 710 mg/kg

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO_x, NO_x

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Material will cloud upon extended exposure to freezing temps., gently warm to 80-85 F and agitate to restore

DeMIDE MFM-200 [DeForest Enterprises] Chem. Descrip.: Modified coconut DEA amide (2:1)

- CAS 61791-31-9; EINECS/ELINCS 263-163-9
- Uses: Detergent, lubricant, emulsifier used in hard surface, steam, pine oil, and all-purpose cleaners, degreasers, alkaline and rolling oil detergents; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane, textiles; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3120; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Amber clear visc. liq.; sol. in water, alcohol, glycols, aromatic and chlorinated solvs.; insol. in oils and aliphatic solvs.; sp.gr. 1.02 g/ml; b.p. > 200 F; acid no. 50.0-70.0; flash pt. (PMCC) > 200 F; pH 8.0-10.0 (1% in DW); 100% conc.; anionic/nonionic
- Toxicology: Severe eye irritant; skin irritant, prolonged contact may cause burns; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea; inh. may cause coughing, headache, and nausea; contains DEA: LD50 (oral, rat) 710 mg/kg Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: COx, NOx

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeMIDE MFS-200 [DeForest Enterprises]

- Chem. Descrip.: Cocamide DEA (2:1)
- CAS 61791-31-9; EINECS/ELINCS 263-163-9
- Uses: Detergent, lubricant, emulsifier used in hard surface, emulsion, and allpurpose cleaners, degreasers, pine and rolling oil detergents, fuel oil sludge dispersants, buffing compounds, and waterless hand cleaners; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane, textiles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 173.322, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3120; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Amber clear visc. liq.; sol. in water, alcohol, glycols, aromatic and chlorinated solvs.; insol. in oils and aliphatic solvs.; sp.gr. 1.0 g/ml; b.p. > 300 F; acid no. 40.0-60.0; flash pt. (PMCC) > 212 F; pH 8.5-10.5 (1% in DW); 100% conc.; anionic/nonionic
- Toxicology: Severe eye irritant; skin irritant, prolonged contact may cause burns; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea; inh. may cause coughing, headache, and nausea; contains DEA: LD50 (oral, rat) 710 mg/kg Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- DeMIDE ML-100 [DeForest Enterprises]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Lauramide DEA (1:1)
 - CAS 120-40-1; EINECS/ELINCS 204-393-1
 - Uses: Foam booster, stabilizer and visc. building surfactant used in shampoo, bubble baths, lig. hand soaps, dish detergents, body wash, bath gels, and mild all-purpose cleaners; solubilizer in perfumes; emollient; food pkg. adhesives, paper; replacement for solid lauric amides

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3130; DOT nonregulated

Properties: Lt. amber visc. liq.; sol. or disp. in most solvs.; insol. or disp. in water, oils, and fats; sp.gr.1.0 g/ml; b.p. > 300 F; flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 9.0-10.5 (5% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (rat) 2.7 g/kg; severe eye irritant; skin irritant, prolonged contact may cause burns; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea; inh. may cause coughing, headache, and nausea; contains DEA: LD50 (oral, rat) 710 mg/kg

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO_x, NO_x

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeMIDE MLY-100 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: Lauramide DEA (1:1)

CAS 120-40-1; EINECS/ELINCS 204-393-1

- Uses: Foam booster/stabilizer, visc. builder, surfactant, conditioner in shampoos, bubble baths, lig. hand soaps, dishwashing and high foam detergents; food pkg. adhesives, paper
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3130; DOT nonregulated Properties: Lt. amber clear oily liq.; sol. in lower alcohols, glycols, and most solvs.; insol. or disp. in water, oils, and fats; sp.gr. 1.00 g/ml; b.p. > 300 F; flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 9.0-11.0 (1% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (rat) 2.7 g/kg; severe eye irritant; skin irritant, prolonged contact may cause burns; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea; inh. may cause coughing, headache, and nausea; contains DEA: LD50 (oral, rat) 710 mg/kg

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO2, NOx

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 DeMIDE RCN-100 [DeForest Enterprises]

- Chem. Descrip.: Cocamide DEA (1:1)
- CAS 68603-42-9; EINECS/ELINCS 263-163-9
- Uses: Foam booster, stabilizer, and visc. builder for use in low cost shampoos and bubble baths, shampoo concentrates, hand dish detergents, lubricants, and emulsion cleaners; emollient; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane, textiles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; economical
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 173.322, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3120; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Lt. amber visc. liq.; sol. in alcohols, glycols, chlorinated, and some aliphatic and aromatic solvs.; disp. in water, oils, and some aliphatic and aromatic solvs.; sp.gr. 1.0 g/ml; b.p > 300 F; acid no. 1.0 max.; flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 8.0-11.0 (1% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
- Toxicology: Severe eye irritant; skin irritant, prolonged contact may cause burns; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and abdominal pain; inh. may cause coughing, headache, and nausea; contains DEA: LD50 (oral, rat) 710 mg/kg
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO_v, NO_v
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeMIDE RCN-100HV [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip .: Modified cocamide DEA (1:1)

CAS 61791-31-9; EINECS/ELINCS 263-163-9

- Uses: Foam booster, stabilizer, and visc. builder for use in shampoos, bubble baths, dishwashing detergents, liq. hand soaps, bath prods., emulsion cleaners, lubricants, low irritation skin prods. aerosol high foam prods.; solubilizer for perfumes; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane, textiles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 173.322, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3120; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Amber clear liq.; sol. in most solvs.; insol. or disp. in water, oils, and aliphatic solvs.; sp.gr. 1.0 g/ml; b.p. > 300 F; acid no. 3 max.; cloud pt. > 1.0 C; flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 8.0 -10.0 (1% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
- Toxicology: Severe eye irritant; skin irritant, prolonged contact may cause burns; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea; inh. may cause headache and nausea; contains DEA: LD50 (oral, rat) 710 mg/kg Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: COx, NOx

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeMIDE RCN-200 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: Cocamide DEA (2:1)

- CAS 68603-42-9; EINECS/ELINCS 263-163-9
- Uses: Detergent, foam booster/stabilizer, visc. builder, emulsifier, and lubricant used in hard surface, dishwashing, and laundry detergents, shampoo and bath prods., chain lubricants, and car wash; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane, textiles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 173.322, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3120; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Visc. straw-colored liq.; sol. in water, alcohol, chlorinated solvs. and aromatic solvs.; insol. or disp. in aliphatic solvs., oils, and fats; sp.gr. 1.0 g/ml; b.p. > 300 F; acid no. 2.0-6.0; flash pt. (COC) >200 F; pH 9.0-11.0 (10% in DW); 100% conc.; anionic/nonionic
- Toxicology: Severe eye irritant; skin irritant, prolonged contact may cause burns; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and abdominal pain; inh. may cause headache and nausea; contains DEA: LD50 (oral, rat) 710 mg/kg Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: COx, NOx

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeMIDE RCN-276 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip .: Modified cocamide DEA (2:1)

CAS 68603-42-9; EINECS/ELINCS 263-163-9

Uses: Detergent for use in hard surf. cleaners, degreasers, all-purpose cleaners, pine and rolling oil cleaners, and emulsion cleaners; lubricant; emulsifier; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane, textiles; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; moderate foam; alkaline-stable

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 173.322, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3120; DOT nonregulated

- Properties: Amber clear visc. liq.; sol. in water, alcohol, glycols, chlorinated solvs. and aromatic solvs.; insol. in oils and aliphatic solvs.; sp.gr. 1.00 g/ ml; b.p. > 300 F; acid no. 45.0-55.0; flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 8.5-9.5 (10% in DW); 100% conc.; anionic/nonionic
- Toxicology: Severe eye irritant; skin irritant, prolonged contact may cause burns; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and abdominal pain; inh. may cause headache and nausea; contains DEA : LD50 (oral, rat) 710 mg/kg Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: COx, NOx

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- DeMIDE RCN-MCY-100 [DeForest Enterprises]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Cocamide DEA (1:1)
 - CAS 61791-31-9; EINECS/ELINCS 263-163-9
 - Uses: Foam booster, stabilizer, and visc. builder for use in personal care prods. such as shampoos, bubble baths, and bath gels, liq. hand soaps, mild all-purpose cleaners, and dish detergents; solubilizer for perfumes; emollient, lubricant; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane, textiles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; useful as replacement for solid amines
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 173.322, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3120; DOT nonregulated
 - Properties: Lt. amber visc. liq.; sol. or disp. in most solvs.; insol. or disp. in water, oils, and fats; sp.gr. 1.00 g/ml; b.p. > 300 F; flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 9.0-11.0 (1% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic

Toxicology: Severe eye irritant; skin irritant, prolonged contact may cause burns; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea; inh. may cause coughing, headache, and nausea; contains DEA: LD50 (oral, rat) 710 mg/kg Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeMIDE RCN-ME-100 [DeForest Enterprises]

- Chem. Descrip .: Cocamide DEA (1:1) CAS 61791-31-9; EINECS/ELINCS 263-163-9
- Uses: Foam booster, stabilizer, and visc. builder for use in personal care
- prods. such as shampoos, bubble baths, and bath gels, lig. hand soaps, mild all-purpose cleaners, and dish detergents; solubilizer for perfumes; emollient, lubricant; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane, textiles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 173.322, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3120; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Lt. amber visc. liq.; sol. or disp. in most solvs.; insol. or disp. in water, oils, and fats; sp.gr. 1.0 g/ml; b.p. > 300 F; flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 8.0-11.0 (10% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (rat) 2.7 g/kg; severe eye irritant; skin irritant, prolonged contact may cause burns; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea; inh. may cause coughing, headache, and nausea; contains DEA: LD50 (oral, rat) 710 mg/kg
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: COx, NOx

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- DeMIDE SBA-100 [DeForest Enterprises]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Linoleamide DEA (1:1)
 - CAS 56863-02-6; EINECS/ELINCS 260-410-2
 - Uses: Visc. builder, emulsifier (invert), lubricant, corrosion inhibitor for use in sol. oils, cutting fluids, textile and chain lubricants; visc. builder and conditioner in shampoos, bubble baths, etc.; invert emulsifier for min. oil in creams and lotions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, textiles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3120; DOT nonregulated
 - Properties: Lt. amber visc. liq.; sol. or disp. in most solvs. and oils; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.99 g/ml; b.p. > 300 F; acid no. 1.0 max.; flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 8.0-11.0 (1% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic

Toxicology: Severe eye irritant; skin irritant, prolonged contact may cause burns; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and abdominal pain; inh. may cause headache and nausea; contains DEA: LD50 (oral, rat) 710 mg/kg Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: COx, NOx HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeMOX CAPO [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: Cocamidopropylamine oxide CAS 68155-09-9; EINECS/ELINCS 268-938-5 Uses: Detergent in shampoos and bath prods., chlorine, bleach, and acid cleaners, fabric, dishwashing, and laundry detergents, shaving creams, acid pickling, emulsion polymerization, pigment dispersants, electroplating, liq. toiletry preps.; antistat for textiles; foam stabilizer in foam paper coatings; emollient; stabilizer; visc. builder; foam booster; wetting agent; lime soap dispersant; conditioner

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated

- Properties: Lt. yel. clear liq.; sol. in water, alcohols, and glycols; disp. in oil; insol. in most solvs.; sp.gr. 1.02 g/ml; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. > 200 F; pH 6.0-8.0; 30% act.; nonionic/cationic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 2.46 g/kg; may cause eye and skin irritation, prolonged contact may cause burns; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and abdominal pain; inh. at high conc. may cause headache, coughing *Environmental:* Biodog

Environmental: Biodeg.

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂, NO₂

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeMOX LAO [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: Lauramine oxide

CAS 1643-20-5; EINECS/ELINCS 216-700-6

Uses: Detergent in shampoos and bath prods., chlorine, bleach, and acid cleaners, fabric, dishwashing, and laundry detergents, shaving creams, acid pickling, emulsion polymerization, pigment dispersants, electroplating, liq. toiletry preps.; antistat for textiles; foam stabilizer in foam paper coatings; wetting agent; emollient; stabilizer; visc. builder; foam booster; pour pt. depressant; lime soap dispersant

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated

- Properties: Clear to colorless It. yel. liq.; sol. in water, alcohols, and glycols; disp. in oil; insol. in most solvs.; sp.gr. 1.0 g/ml; b.p. 212 F; pH 6.0-8.0; 30% conc.; nonionic/cationic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (acute oral) 1.0-5.0 g/kg; may cause eye and skin irritation, prolonged contact may cause burns; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and abdominal pain; inh. at high conc. may cause headache, coughing

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂, NO₂

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeMULS PSML-20 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: Polysorbate 20

CAS 9005-64-5

- Uses: Solubilizer for perfumes in personal care prods., vitamin oils and flavors in food industry; reduces irritation in baby shampoos; rinse aid in rayon finishing; antistat and lubricant in textiles; coemulsifier in dye carrier textile formulations; emulsifier for petrol. oils, fats, solvs., and waxes in household prods.; spinning aid for nylon; visc. modifier; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, polymers, textiles; food-contact defoamer and emulsifier
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.515, 175.105, 175.300, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3400; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Pale yel. oily liq.; sol. in water, aromatic solvs.; insol. in aliphatic, chlorinated, solvs. and oils; sp.gr. 1.10 g/ml; b.p. > 212 F; HLB 16.7; sapon no. 40.0-50.0; hyd. no. 96.0-108.0; flash no. (COC) > 300 F; 97% conc.; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 20 ml/kg; nontoxic; ethylene oxide (carcinogenic and reproductive hazard) can accumulate in storage and transport vessels

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO2

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeMULS PSMO-80 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: Polysorbate 80 CAS 9005-65-6

- Uses: Emulsifier; solubilizer in edible oils, cosmetics, perfumes, and pharmaceutical prods.; solubilizer for flavors in food applics.; emulsifier for aliphatic alcohols in tobacco sucker control concs.; lubricant; antistat; antifogging agent for PVC film; coemulsifier and invert emulsifier in cosmetic creams and lotions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; food-contact defoamer and emulsifier
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.515, 172.840, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3400; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Yel. liq.; sol. in water; disp. or insol. in most solvs. and oils; sp.gr. 1.10 g/ml; b.p. > 300 F; HLB 15.0; sapon no. 45.0-55.0; hyd. no. 65.0-80.0; flash no. (COC) > 300 F; 97% conc.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 20 ml/kg; nontoxic; ethylene oxide (carcinogenic and reproductive hazard) can accumulate in storage and transport vessels

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeMULS PSMS-60 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: Polysorbate 60

CAS 9005-67-8

- Uses: Emulsifier, antistat; solubilizer for vitamin oils, essential oils, balsam, and tar preps. in cosmetics and pharmaceuticals; emulsifier for petrol. oils, fats, solvs., and household waxes; solubilizer for flavors in food applics.; emulsifier for paraffin type waxes for use in textile and paper coatings; lubricant; antistat; food pkg. adhesives, paper; food-contact defoamer and emulsifier
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.515, 172.836, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3400; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Yel. visc. liq./paste; disp. or sol. in most solvs. and oils; disp. in water; b.p. > 300 F; HLB 15.0; sapon. no. 45.0-55.0; hyd. no. 81.0-96.0; flash pt. (COC) 300 F; 97% conc.; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 20 ml/kg; nontoxic; ethylene oxide (carcinogenic and reproductive hazard) can accumulate in storage and transport vessels
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeMULS PSTS-65 [DeForest Enterprises] Chem. Descrip.: Polysorbate 65

CAS 9005-71-4

- Uses: Emulsifier; softener; antistat; lubricant for textile processing; softener for compounding textile finishes; emulsifier for petrol. and veg. oils; lubricant in oil-based cutting fluids and drawing compds.; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.838, 173.340, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3400; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Tan waxy solid; disp. in water; disp. or sol. in most solvs. and oils; b.p. > 300 F; HLB 10.5; sapon no. 88-98; hyd. no. 44-60; flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; 96% conc.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 20 ml/kg; nontoxic; ethylene oxide (carcinogenic and reproductive hazard) can accumulate in storage and transport vessels

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO2

- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- DeMULS SML [DeForest Enterprises]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Sorbitan laurate
 - CAS 1338-39-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-663-3
 - Uses: Emulsifier; lubricant; coupling agent; softener; antistat; dispersant; emollient; water-disp. emulsifier for oils and fats; emulsifier in creams and lotions; intermediate; may be used to retard starch crystallization in jellies; lubricant antistat process aid in PVC resin mfg.; food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 175.380, 176.210, 178.3400; DOT nonregulated
 - Properties: Ämber liq.; sol. in solvs. and oils; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.0 g/ml; b.p. > 212 F; HLB 8.0; acid no. 7.0 max.; sapon no. 158-170; hyd. no. 330-358; flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; 100% conc.; nonionic
 - Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 20 ml/kg; nontoxic
 - *Precaution:* Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeMULS SMO [DeForest Enterprises]

- Chem. Descrip.: Sorbitan oleate
 - CAS 1338-43-8; EINECS/ELINCS 215-665-4
 - Uses: Emulsifier and coupling agent for petrol. oils, fats, and waxes; lubricant/ softener for textiles and leather; pigment dispersant in cosmetics; w/o emulsifier; corrosion inhibitor in petrol. oils; emollient; food pkg. adhesives, coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of foodcontact articles
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §173.75, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.380, 176.210, 178.3400; DOT nonregulated

Properties: Amber liq.; sol. in fats and oils, alcohols, min. oil, aromatic and aliphatic solvs.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 1.0 g/ml; b.p. > 300 F; HLB 4.3; acid no. 8.0 max.; sapon no. 145-160; hyd. no. 193-210; flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; 100% conc.; nonionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 20 ml/kg; nontoxic, nonirritating Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO2 HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 **DeMULS SMS** [DeForest Enterprises] Chem. Descrip.: Sorbitan stearate CAS 1338-41-6; EINECS/ELINCS 215-664-9 Uses: Emulsifier component for silicone defoamer, wax and oil emulsions; emulsifier for food and cosmetic articles; lubricant for textiles and PVC film; pigment dispersant in thermoplastics and paper wax coatings; intermediate; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 172.842, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.380, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1210, 178.3400; DOT nonregulated Properties: Cream flakes; sol. most solvs.; insol. in water, aliphatic solvs., and oils; m.p. 127 F; b.p. > 300 F; no. 5-10; sapon no. 147-157; hyd. no. 235-260; flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; 100% conc.; nonionic Toxicology: Nontoxic, nonirritating Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: COx HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Densefloc 30 [Graden] Chem. Descrip.: Polymeric Uses: Coagulant, flocculant for wastewater treatment in paper mills and municipalities, calcium carbonate-starch fine paper furnishes, treating makeup water in papermaking Properties: Colorless sl. opaque liq.; sl. odor; sp.gr. 1.28; m.w. 1400; visc. 11 cps; pH 3.5-3.8; 28% total solids; cationic Precaution: Corrosive lig. Storage: Rec. storage < 25 C; do not store above 35 C Densol P-82 [Graden] Chem. Descrip .: Sulfated oleic ester Uses: Wetting agent, rewetting agent, emulsifier for paper towels, latex impregnation and dipping, textile dyeing Properties: Amber liq.; dens. 8.57 lb/gal; sp.gr. 1.0288; pH 5.5 (2%); 65% act.: anionic DePEG 30-CO [DeForest Enterprises] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-30 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Emulsifier for oils, solvs., waxes, polyester resins; emulsifier, dispersant for PU foams; coemulsifier/lubricant for textiles; degreaser in leather processing; pigment dispersant; rewetting and softening agent for wet-str. papers; visc. stabilizer for emulsion paints; emulsifier/emollient for cosmetics; solubilizer for perfumes; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, textiles, animal glue; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.2800, 178.3120; DOT nonregulated Properties: Yel. clear liq.; sol. in water and most aromatic solvs.; disp. in min. oil; insol. in most aliphatic solvs.; sp.gr. 1.04 g/ml; b.p. > 300 F; HLB 11.7; sapon no. 73-78; cloud pt: 48-61 C (1% in 5% NaCl); flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 7.0-8.0 (5% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic Toxicology: May cause severe eye and skin irritation; ing. or inh. in high conc. may cause nausea, coughing, headache, and abdominal pain; ethylene oxide (carcinogenic and reproductive hazard) can accumulate in storage and transport vessels Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO2 HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 DePEG 40-CO [DeForest Enterprises] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-40 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Water-soluble emulsifier for oils, solvs. and waxes; coemulsifier and lubricant for textile prods.; degreaser in leather processing; pigment dispersant; rewetting and softening agent for wet-str. papers; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, textiles; emulsifier for polyester resins; visc. stabilizer for

paints

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2800; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Yel. liq.; sol. in water, chlorinated and aromatic solvs.; disp. in oils; insol. in most aliphatic solvs.; sp.gr. 1.04 g/ml; b.p. > 300 F; HLB 13.0; sapon no. 58-70; pour pt: 25 C (approx.); flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 7.0-8.0 (5% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* May cause severe eye and skin irritation; ing. or inh. in high conc. may cause nausea, coughing, headache, and abdominal pain; ethylene oxide (carcinogenic and reproductive hazard) can accumulate in storage and transport vessels

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DePEG 200 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-4

CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9

- Uses: Surfactant; intermediate for mfg. of PEG-fatty acid esters; humectant in certain printing ink formulations; plasticizer for starch pastes; solv. for personal care prods.; binder and lubricant for compressed tablets; plasticizer in PE sheet; lubricant for rubber molds; humectant and solv. for ink pad dyes; water softener and additive in paper processing; solubilizer; coupling agent; food pkg. adhesives and food-contact articles
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.820, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 178.3750; DOT nonregulated
- *Properties:* Water-wh. clear liq.; sol. in water; insol. in most solvs. and oils; m.w. 190-210; sp.gr. 1.13 g/ml; f.p. < -5 C; flash pt. (COC) 385 F; pH 5.0-8.0 (5% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
- Toxicology: Nontoxic; LD50 (oral, mouse) 29,500 mg/kg
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO_x
- HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DePEG 300 [DeForest Enterprises]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* PEG-6 CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 220-045-1
- Uses: Surfactant; intermediate for mfg. of PEG-fatty acid esters; humectant in certain printing ink formulations; plasticizer for starch pastes; solv. for personal care prods.; binder and lubricant for compressed tablets; plasticizer in PE sheet; lubricant for rubber molds; humectant and solv. for ink pad dyes; water softener and additive in paper processing; solubilizer; coupling agent; food pkg. adhesives and food-contact articles
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.820, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 178.3750; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Water-wh. clear liq.; sol. in water; insol. in most solvs. and oils; m.w. 285-315; sp.gr. 1.13 g/ml; f.p. < 0 C; flash pt. (COC) 385 F; pH 5.0-8.0 (5% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
- Toxicology: Nontoxic; LD50 (oral, mouse) 29,500 mg/kg
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: COx

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- DePEG 400 [DeForest Enterprises]
 - Chem. Descrip.: PEG-8
 - CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 225-856-4
 - Uses: Surfactant; intermediate for mfg. of PEG-fatty acid esters; humectant in certain printing ink formulations; plasticizer for starch pastes; solv. for personal care prods.; binder and lubricant for compressed tablets; plasticizer in PE sheet; lubricant for rubber molds; humectant and solv. for ink pad dyes; water softener and additive in paper processing; coupling agent in creams and lotions; food pkg. adhesives and food-contact articles
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21ČFR §172.820, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 178.3750, 181.30; DOT nonregulated

Properties: Water wh. clear liq.; sol. in water; insol. in most solvs. and oils; m.w. 380-420; sp.gr. 1.13 g/ml; f.p. < 4-8 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 350 F; pH 5.0-8.0 (5% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic

Toxicology: Nontoxic; LD50 (oral, mouse) 29,500 mg/kg

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO_x

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DePEG 600 [DeForest Enterprises] *Chem. Descrip.:* PEG-12

CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 229-859-1

Uses: Surfactant; intermediate for PEG-fatty acid esters; humectant in printing

emulsion paints; emulsifier/emollient for cosmetics; solubilizer for perfumes;

emulsifier, dispersant for PU foams; emulsion stabilizer in PVA emulsion

inks; plasticizer for starch pastes; solv. for personal care prods.; binder/ lubricant for compressed tablets; plasticizer in PE sheet; food pkg. adhesives; lubricant for rubber molds; humectant and solv. for ink pad dyes; water softener and additive in paper processing; coupling agent in creams and lotions; color stabilizer for fuel oils; leveling agent in electropolishing formulas

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.820, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 178.3750, 178.3910; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Water wh. clear liq.; sol. in water; insol. in most solvs. and oils; m.w. 570-630; sp.gr. 1.13 g/ml; f.p. < 20-25 C; flash pt. (COC) 475 F; pH 5.0-8.0 (5% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* Nontoxic; LD50 (oral, mouse) 29,500 mg/kg
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: COx

- HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- *Storage:* Will become hazy just below 25 Č and will solidify at lower temps. **DePHOS HP-739** [DeForest Enterprises]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Complex phosphate ester in acid form

CAS 12645-31-7

UN No. 1760 (DOT)

- Uses: Lubricant, EP additive, emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent for use in sol. oils, syn. coolants, cutting fluids, rolling oils, hydraulic fluids, emulsion and alkaline cleaners, chain lubricants, bottle lubricants; paper deinking; emulsion polymerization and degreasing applics.; corrosion inhibitor; low- to moderate-foaming
- *Properties:* Amber clear visc. liq.; sol. in oils and aliphatic solvs.; disp. in water and other solvs.; sol. in water when neutralized to pH >= 7.5; sp.gr. 1.03 g/ml; b.p. > 200 F; flash pt. (TOC) 300 F; pH < 2.5 (1% in DW); 99% conc.; anionic
- *Toxicology:* Overexposure to eyes may cause burns, to skin may damage tissue; severe irritant by inh.; ing. may cause salivation, abdominal cramps, and thirst; contains phosphoric acid: LD50 (oral, rat) 1530 mg/kg
- Precaution: DOT: corrosive liq.; incompat. with strong oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO_2 , PO_x HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 1

DePHOS RA-40 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyoxyethylene decyl ether phosphate

CAS 108818-88-8

UN No. 1760 (DOT)

- Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, hydrotrope, wetting agent used in floor, steam, oven, metal, toilet bowl, soak tank, and high alkaline cleaners, car washes, wax strippers, and textile wetting agents; solubilizer for nonionic surfactants; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; food pkg. animal glues; mod. foam
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 178.3120
- Properties: Gardner 7 max. clear visc. liq.; sol. in water, alcohols, and glycols; disp. or insol. in oils and solvs.; sp.gr. 1.19 g/ml; flash pt. (COC) > 200 F; pH < 2.5 (10% in DW); 99% conc.; anionic
- Toxicology: Overexposure to eyes may cause burns, to skin may damage tissue; severe irritant by inh.; ing. may cause burning, inflammation, blisters, and tissue damage; contains phosphoric acid: LD50 (oral, rat) 1530 mg/kg
- Precaution: DOT: corrosive liq.; incompat. with strong oxidizers and reducing agents
- HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 1

Storage: Darkens upon aging

Dequest® 2000 [Solutia]

Chem. Descrip.: Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid aq. sol'n.

CAS 6419-19-8; EINECS/ELINCS 229-146-5

UN No. 1760: 3265

- Uses: Deflocculant, sequestrant, aq. process additive for paper, textiles, metals, general purpose ion control, oil field applics.; industrial and commercial formulations for cleaning various substrates; scale and corrosion inhibitor in aq. systems for cooling water treatment, boiler treatment, I&I cleaners *Regulatory:* SARA reportable
- Properties: Water-wh. to pale yel. clear liq.; sl. aromatic odor; misc. with water; m.w. 299; sp.gr. 1.3 (20/15 C); visc. 11 cstk (20 C); f.p. -12 C; pH < 2 (1%); 50% act.

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2910 mg/kg (sl. toxic), (dermal, rabbit) > 6310 mg/kg (pract. nontoxic); mod. irritating to eyes and skin

Environmental: EC50 (algae, 96 h) 20 mg/l, (daphnia magna, 48 h) 297 mg/ l; LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) > 330 mg/l; pract. nontoxic to invertebrates, fish, birds; slow to resist. biodegradation

- Precaution: Corrosive to mild steel; incompat. with conc. caustic (evolves heat), strong oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x; phosphines may form after all water is removed
- Dequest® 2000LC [Solutia]

Chem. Descrip.: Amino tri (methylenephosphonic acid) (48-52%) CAS 6419-19-8; EINECS/ELINCS 229-146-5

- UN No. 3265
- Uses: Deflocculant, sequestrant, dispersant, scale inhibitor for I&I cleaning, metal cleaning, pulp/paper bleaching, dairy cleaners, bottle washing, electroplating, oil field water treatment, peroxide stabilization, textile applics., flash desalination
- *Regulatory:* RCRA hazardous waste; DOT corrosive liq., acidic, org., n.o.s.; SARA immediate hazard (40CFR §370); CERCLA not applicable

Properties: Pale yel. liq.; aromatic odor; completely misc. with water; m.w. 299; sp.gr. 1.33; dens. 11.3 lb/gal; visc. 36.5 cps (20 C), 15 cps (60 C); f.p. 12 C; b.p. > 105 C; flash pt. nonflamm.; pH < 2 (1%); 50% act.

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2910 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 6310 mg/kg; mod. irritating to skin and eyes; no more than sl. toxic by skin absorp. and ing.; TSCA listed
- *Environmental:* EC50 (daphnia magna, 48 h) 297 mg/l; LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) > 330 mg/l; not expected to bioaccumulate; keep out of drains and water courses
- Precaution: Corrosive to mild steel and aluminum; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: (combustion): CO, CO₂, NO_x, PO_x

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1

Storage: 24 mos shelf life; store > -10 C in cool, dry, well-ventilated area Deguest® 2006 [Solutia]

- Chem. Descrip.: Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate
- CAS 2235-43-0; EINECS/ELINCS 218-791-8

UN No. 3265

Uses: Deflocculant; sequestrant; dispersant; aq. process additive for paper, textiles, and metals; industrial and commercial formulations for cleaning various substrates; retards concrete setting times; scale and corrosion inhibitor in aq. systems for cooling water treatment, boiler treatment, I&I cleaners, general purpose ion control, oil field applics.; stabilizer for peroxide bleaching sol'ns. in textiles, paper pulp; temp. and pH stability

Regulatory: SARA nonreportable

- Properties: Water-wh. to pale yel. clear liq.; ammoniacal odor; misc. with water; m.w. 409; sp.gr. 1.4 (20/15 C); visc. 57.51 cstk (20 C); f.p. -16 C; pH 10-11 (1%); 40% act.
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 17,800 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 15,800 mg/kg; pract. nontoxic by oral and dermal routes; pract. nonirritating to eyes; nonirritating to skin; TSCA listed
- *Environmental:* EC50 (algae, 96 h) 20 mg/l, (daphnia magna, 48 h) 297 mg/ l; LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) > 330 mg/l; pract. nontoxic to invertebrates, fish, birds; slow to resist. biodegradation
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents and acids
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x; phosphines may form after all water has been removed

Dequest® 2010 [Solutia]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydroxy-ethylidene diphosphonic acid aq. sol'n.

CAS 2809-21-4; EÍNECŚ/ELÍNCS 220-552-8

- UN No. 1760 (DOT)
- Uses: Deflocculant, sequestrant, aq. process additive for paper, textiles, and metals; industrial and commercial formulations for cleaning various substrates; scale and corrosion inhibitor in aq. systems; for cooling water, boilers, I&I cleaners, swimming pool stain prevention, personal care prods., metal ion control; exc. chlorine stability
- Regulatory: SARA reportable; USA approvals for food contact
- *Properties:* Water wh. to pale yel. clear liq.; char. odor; misc. with water; m.w. 206; sp.gr. 1.45 (20/15 C); visc. 46 cstk (20 C); f.p. 0 C; pH < 2 (1%); 60% act.
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 2400 mg/kg (sl. toxic), (dermal, rabbit) > 7940 mg/kg (pract. nontoxic); causes eye burns; nonirritating to skin
- Environmental: EC50 (algae, 96 h) 3 mg/l, (daphnia magna, 48 h) 527 mg/l, (rainbow trout, 96 h) 368 mg/l; pract. nontoxic to invertebrates, fish, birds; slow to intermediate biodegradation
- Precaution: Corrosive to mild steel; incompat. with conc. caustic (evolves heat), strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, PO₃; phosphines may form after all water removed Dequest® 2016 D Powder [Solutia] 25% act. Chem. Descrip.: 1-Hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid, tetrasodium sal CAS 3794-83-0; EINECS/ELINCS 223-267-7 skin Uses: Sequestrant, corrosion inhibitor, scale inhibitor, pigment dispersant for industrial cooling and boiler water treatment, metal pretreatment for coatings, drilling muds and kaolin clay slurries, metal finishing; protects against ranbrates, fish, birds cidification in cosmetics, personal care prods.; stabilizer for peroxide bleaching sol'ns. in textiles, paper pulp Properties: Wh. crystalline powd.; 4.0% max. on 16 mesh; 10% max. thru water is removed 325 mesh; 100 min. µ mean particle size; m.w. 294; bulk dens. 0.65-0.95 Dequest® 2066A [Solutia] g/cc; pH 11-12 (1%); 57-62% total act. acid; 7-11% moisture Dequest® 2041 [Solutia] dium salt Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonic acid) CAS 22042-96-2 CAS 1429-50-1 UN No. 3265 Uses: Sequestrant, dispersant, scale inhibitor for I&I cleaning, detergent, metal cleaning, pulp/paper bleaching, dairy cleaners, bottle washing, electroplating, oil field water treatment, peroxide stabilization, textile applics., flash desalination flash desalination Properties: Wh. crystalline solid; m.w. 436; pH < 2 (1%); 92% act. acid Toxicology: Irritating to eyes Dequest® 2046 [Solutia] Precaution: Corrosive Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonic acid), pentasodium salt Dequest® 2066C2 [Solutia] CAS 7651-99-2 Uses: Sequestrant, dispersant, scale inhibitor for I&I cleaning, detergent, tasodium salt metal cleaning, pulp/paper bleaching, dairy cleaners, bottle washing, electroplating, oil field water treatment, peroxide stabilization, textile applics., flash desalination Properties: Wh. to pale yel. clear liq.; m.w. 546; sp.gr. 1.30; f.p. -14 C; pH flash desalination 6-8 (1%); 25% act. acid; 31% act. salt Dequest® 2054 [Solutia] Dequest® 2086 [Solutia] Chem. Descrip.: Hexapotassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate) aq. sol'n. CAS 38820-59-6 Uses: Deflocculant, sequestrant, ag. process additive for paper, textiles, and metals; industrial and commercial formulations for cleaning various substrates; scale and corrosion inhibitor in aq. systems; rec. for boiler treatflash desalination ments, reverse osmosis, desalination Regulatory: SARA nonreportable 5.5-6.0; 30% act. acid Properties: Water-wh. to yel. clear liq.; char. odor; m.w. 721; sp.gr. 1.26; f.p. Dequest® 3000S [Solutia] -15 C; pH 6-8 (1%); 33% act. Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 12,800 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 7940 mg/kg; UN No. 3265 pract. nontoxic orally and dermally; pract. nonirritating to eyes; nonirritating to skin Environmental: LC50 (midge larvae, 48 h) 4660 mg/l, (sheepshead minnow, 96 h) > 954 mg/l; LD50 (oral, mallard duck) > 2510 mg/kg; pract. nontoxic flash desalination to invertebrates, fish, birds Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers and acids Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x, phosphines may form after all water is removed eyes Dequest® 2060 [Solutia] Precaution: Corrosive Dequest® 7000 [Solutia] Chem. Descrip.: Diethylene triamine penta (methylene phosphonic acid) aq. sol'n. CAS 37971-36-1 CAS 15827-60-8 Uses: Process additive for paper, textiles, and metals; industrial and commer-UN No. 3265 cial formulations for cleaning various substrates; scale and corrosion inhibi-

tor in aq. systems; sequestrant; for cooling water treatment, detergents, peroxide bleach stabilization, I&I cleaners, geothermal, oil field applics. Properties: Dk. amber clear liq.; m.w. 573; sp.gr. 1.4; pH < 2 (1%); 50%

act

Dequest® 2066 [Solutia]

Chem. Descrip.: Hexasodium diethylene triamine penta (methylene phosphonate) aq. sol'n.

Uses: Deflocculant, sequestrant, process additive for paper, textiles, and metals; industrial and commercial formulations for cleaning various substrates; cement modifier (retards concrete setting times); scale and corrosion inhibitor in aq. systems for cooling water treatment, detergents, I&I cleaners, geothermal, oil field applics.; stabilizer for peroxide bleaching sol'ns. in textiles, paper pulp; deinking/bleaching of recycled paper pulp

Regulatory: SARA nonreportable

- Properties: Amber clear liq.; m.w. 705; sp.gr. 1.3; f.p. -13 C; pH 6-8 (1%);
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 5000 mg/kg; pract. nontoxic orally, dermally; pract. nonirritating to eyes; nonirritating to
- Environmental: EC50 (algae, 96 h) 2 mg/l, (daphnia magna, 48 h) 242 mg/l; LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) > 180 and < 252 mg/l; pract. nontoxic to inverte-

Precaution: Incompat. with strong antiperspirants or acids

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x; phosphines may form after all

Chem. Descrip.: Diethylenetriamine penta (methylenephosphonic acid), triso-

- Uses: Sequestrant, dispersant, scale inhibitor for I&I cleaning, detergent, metal cleaning, pulp/paper bleaching, dairy cleaners, bottle washing, electroplating, oil field water treatment, peroxide stabilization, textile applics.,
- Properties: Amber liq.; m.w. 640; sp.gr. 1.41; dens. 11.1 lb/gal; f.p. -20 C; pH 2-3 (1%); 45-49% act. acid; 51% act. salt

Toxicology: Irritating to eyes and skin

- Chem. Descrip.: Diethylenetriamine penta (methylenephosphonic acid), pen-
- Uses: Sequestrant, dispersant, scale inhibitor for I&I cleaning, detergent, metal cleaning, pulp/paper bleaching, dairy cleaners, bottle washing, electroplating, oil field water treatment, peroxide stabilization, textile applics.,

Properties: Amber liq.; m.w. 727; sp.gr. 1.38-1.4; dens. 11.7 lb/gal; f.p. -13 C; pH 6-8 (1%); 31-32% act. acid; 40-43% act. salt

- Chem. Descrip.: Phosphonate
- Uses: Sequestrant, dispersant, scale inhibitor for I&I cleaning, detergent, metal cleaning, pulp/paper bleaching, dairy cleaners, bottle washing, electroplating, oil field water treatment, peroxide stabilization, textile applics.,
- *Properties:* Amber clear liq.; m.w. 570; sp.gr. 1.342 (20 C); f.p. < -10 C; pH
- Chem. Descrip.: Phosphonate

Uses: Sequestrant, dispersant, scale inhibitor for I&I cleaning, detergent, metal cleaning, pulp/paper bleaching, dairy cleaners, bottle washing, electroplating, oil field water treatment, peroxide stabilization, textile applics.,

Properties: Amber liq.; sol. 1% in 45-47% NaOH; sp.gr. 1.3; dens. 11.3 lb/ gal; f.p. < -15 C; pH < 2 (1%); 36-44% act. acid

Toxicology: Irritating respiratory system and skin; risk of serious damage to

- Chem. Descrip.: 2-Phosphonobutane-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid
- Uses: Sequestrant, dispersant, scale inhibitor for I&I cleaning, detergent, metal cleaning, pulp/paper bleaching, dairy cleaners, bottle washing, electroplating, oil field water treatment, peroxide stabilization, textile applics.,

flash desalination Properties: Pale yel. clear liq.; m.w. 270; sp.gr. 1.30; dens. 11.3 lb/gal; f.p. -15 C; pH < 2 (1%); 50% act. acid

Toxicology: Irritating to eyes

- Precaution: Corrosive Derakane® 411-35 [Dow]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy-based vinyl ester resin
 - Uses: Used in chem. processing industry, pulp/paper mills; thermoset; provides superior toughness and corrosion resist.
 - Regulatory: FDA compliance
 - Properties: Liq.; sp.gr. 1.073; visc. 2000 cps.

Derakane® 411-350 [Dow] Chem. Descrip .: Epoxy vinyl ester resin Uses: Used in fabricating fiber-reinforced plastic structures and equipment incl. absorp. towers, process vessels, piping, and exhaust stacks; for chem. processing, pulp/paper, contact molding and filament winding; thermosetting resin with chem. corrosion resist., impact resist., and good elec. and thermal insulation props. Regulatory: Can be FDA compliant Properties: Sp.gr. 1.045; visc. 350 cps; tens. str. 83.4 MPa; tens. elong. 8% (break); flex. str. 147.6 MPa; distort. temp. 99-104 C (1.8 MPa, unannealed) Desmocap[®] [Bayer AG] Chem. Descrip .: Polyurethane coating raw material Uses: For automotive engineering, mech. and plant engineering, industrial coatings, building, wood and furniture finishing, coatings for plastics and paper Desmocoll® 526 [Bayer AG; Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber] Chem. Descrip .: Linear polyester PU based on MDI Uses: Bonding agent for adhesives for bonding plastics, rubber, leather, wood, textiles, paper; elastomeric PU; suitable for contact bonding at R.T. Properties: Tan pellets, lightly talced; sp.gr. 1.2 g/cc; sol. in org. solvs. (acetone, MEK, THF); visc. 600 ± 200 mPa•s (15% in MEK) Desmolac® [Bayer AG] Chem. Descrip.: Polyurethane coating raw material Uses: For automotive engineering, mech. and plant engineering, industrial coatings, building, wood and furniture finishing, coatings for plastics and paper Desmotherm® [Bayer AG] Chem. Descrip.: Polyurethane coating system Uses: For automotive engineering, mech. and plant engineering, industrial coatings, building, wood and furniture finishing, coatings for plastics and paper DeSonic[™] 4N [Crompton/Witco] Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-4 CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 230-770-5 Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, defoamer for pesticide, paint, paper, and textile industries, and personal care formulations Properties: Liq.; oil-sol.; HLB 8.8; 100% act.; nonionic DeSonic[™] 6C [Crompton/Witco] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-6 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, dye leveling agent, antistat, and dispersant for textile applics.; mfg. of PU foams; softener and rewetting agent for paper Properties: Liq.; HĽB 4.4; 100% conc.; nonionic DeSonic[™] 6T [Crompton/Witco] Chem. Descrip.: Trideceth-6 CAS 24938-91-8 Uses: Wetting agent, detergent, foaming agent for mechanical and spray cleaning, pulp, paper, textile industries, personal care formulations; lowfoam Properties: Liq.; HLB 11.4; 100% act.; nonionic DeSonic[™] 9N [Crompton/Witco] Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-9 CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier for textiles, paper, metal cleaning, personal care formulations Properties: Liq.; HLB 12.8; cloud pt. 127-133 F; 100% act.; nonionic DeSonic[™] 10N [Crompton/Witco] Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-10 CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-294-1 Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier for textiles, paper, metal cleaning Properties: Liq.; cloud pt. 140-149 F; 100% act.; nonionic DeSonic[™] 11N [Crompton/Witco] Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-11 CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier for textiles, paper, metal cleaning, personal care formulations Properties: Liq.; HLB 13.6; cloud pt. 158-162 F; 100% act.; nonionic DeSonic[™] 13N [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-13 CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, defoamer for pesticides, paints, paper, and tex-

tiles

Properties: Liq.; HLB 14.3; 100% conc.; nonionic

DeSonic[™] 30C [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-30 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6

Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, dye leveling agent, antistat, dispersant for textiles; emulsifier for rigid PU foams; softener/rewetter for wet-strength paper; personal care formulations

Properties: Liq.; HLB 11.7; 100% act.; nonionic

DeSonic[™] 36C [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-36 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, dye leveling agent, antistat, dispersant for textiles; emulsifier for rigid PU foams; softener/rewetter for wet-strength paper; personal care formulations

Properties: Liq.; HLB 12.6; cloud pt. 122-140 F; 100% act.; nonionic

DeSonic[™] 40C [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-40 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6

Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, dye leveling agent, antistat, dispersant for textiles; emulsifier for rigid PU foams; softener/rewetter for wet-strength paper; personal care formulations

Properties: Liq.; HLB 13.1; cloud pt. 173-179 F; 100% act.; nonionic

DeSonic[™] 54C [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-54 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6

Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, dye leveling agent, antistat, dispersant for textiles; emulsifier for rigid PU foams; softener/rewetter for wet-strength paper; personal care formulations

Properties: Liq.; HLB 14.4; cloud pt. 136-142 F (10% NaCl); 100% act.; nonionic

DeSULF SEH-40 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip .: Sodium 2-ethylhexyl sulfate

CAS 126-92-1; EINECS/ELINCS 204-812-8

Uses: Moderate-foaming wetting agent; rec. for use in high caustic cleaners, hard surface electrolyte cleaners, metal cleaning, rinse aid for auto. dishwashing, and in alkaline and mild acid cleaners contg. chlorine or peroxide; in washing of fruits and veg. and caustic peeling of food; post-stabilizer for latex paints, nickel brightening, aluminum cleaners, textile mercerizing, electroplating baths; visc. control in adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, paper; caustic stability

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.315, 175.105, 176.170; DOT nonregulated

Properties: Clear liq.; typ. odor; sol. in water, alcohols, and glycols; insol in oils and solvs.; sp.gr. 0.99-1.01 g/ml; b.p. 100 C; visc. 50 cps.; cloud pt. < 10 C; pH 9.5-10.5 (10% in DW); 40% conc.; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3.7 g/kg; sl. toxic by ing.; inh. of aerosol may be irritating

Environmental: Biodeg.

Precaution: Avoid excessive heat

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO2

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Pressure may build in closed containers when exposed to heat creating risk of rupture

DeSULF SLS-30LC [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate

CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1

Uses: Surfactant, detergent for use in shampoos, bubble baths, liq. hand dish detergents, and mild industrial cleaners; surfactant in emulsion polymerization, esp. for styrene, butadiene, vinyl chloride, vinylidene chloride, and acrylic ester monomers; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; high foam

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.822, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1630, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3120, 178.3400; DOT nonregulated

Properties: Lt. straw clear liq.; sol. in water, alcohols, and glycols; insol. in oils and most solvs.; sp.gr. 1.00 g/ml; visc. 500 cps max.; cloud pt. 1 C (approx.); pH 7.5-8.5 (10% in DW); 29-30% conc.; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 4.7 g/kg; sl. toxic; mod. irritating to eyes and skin; aerosol may be irritating by inh.

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers; avoid excessive heat Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: SO₂, HS₂, CO

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeSULF SLS-30LS [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate

CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1

- Uses: Foaming agent for shampoos, bubble baths, in liq. hand dish detergents, mild industrial detergents, rug shampoos, and formulations where salt additions are req. for visc. flexibility; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, textiles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.822, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1630, 177.2800, 178.3120, 178.3400; DOT non-regulated
- Properties: Off-wh. clear liq.; sol. in water, alcohols, and glycols; insol in oils and most solvs.; sp.gr. 1.03 g/ml; visc. 500 cps max.; b.p. 212 F; cloud pt. 7.0-13.0 C; pH 7.0-9.0 (10% in DW); 28.5-30.5% conc.; anionic

Toxicology: Eye and skin contact may cause severe irritation or burns *Precaution:* Incompat. with strong oxidizers

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: SO₂, H₂S
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeTac[™] [Hercules]

Uses: Deposit control tech. for pitch and stickies control in papermaking DeTHOX ACID L-9 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-8 laurate (8-9 EO)

CAS 9004-81-3; EINECS/ELINCS 253-458-0

- Uses: Lubricant in textile fiber processing: emulsifier and solubilizer for oils and solvs.; dispersant for pigment and dye systems; defoamer and leveling agent in latex paints; emulsifier and coemulsifier in personal care prods.; food-contact paper, cellophane; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1200, 178.3520, 178.3760, 178.3910; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Yel. liq. to paste; bland char. odor; disp. in water, oils, and aliphatic solvs.; sol. or disp. in most other solvs.; sp.gr. 1.03 g/ml; b.p. > 200 F; HLB 12.8; acid no. 5.0 max.; sapon. no. 91-101 max.; flash pt. (COC) > 200 F; pH 7.0-9.0 (5% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
- Toxicology: Overexposure may cause skin and eye irritation; inh. of high conc. vapors may be irritating to respiratory tract; ing. may cause nausea; ethylene oxide (cancer and reproductive hazard) may accumulate in storage and transport vessels

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO_x

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeTHOX ACID O-9 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-8 oleate (8-9 EO)

CAS 9004-96-0

- Uses: Detergent used in mild alkaline and acid cleaners, metal cleaners, cutting oils; w/o emulsifier for creams, lotions, and hair grooming prods; wool and textile lubricant; dyeing assistant and finishing agent; emulsifier for agric. prods., defoamers, mineral oils, fatty oils, neatsfoot oil, and liquors in leather processing; dispersant; food-contact coatings, paper, cellophane; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.200, 177.1200; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Amber liq.; bland char. odor; disp. in water, min. oil, and aliphatic solvs.; sol. in aromatic solvs.; sp.gr. 1.02 g/ml; b.p. > 300 F; HLB 11.0; acid no. 5.0 max.; sapon. no. 75-85 max.; pH 5.0-7.0 (5% in DW); 99% conc. min.; nonionic
- Toxicology: Overexposure may cause skin and eye irritation; inh. of high conc. vapors may be irritating to respiratory tract; ing. may cause nausea; ethylene oxide (cancer and reproductive hazard) may accumulate in storage and transport vessels

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO,

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeTHOX ACID 0-14 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-14 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0

Uses: Detergent used in mild alkaline and acid cleaners, metal cleaners; o/w emulsifier for creams, lotions, and hair grooming prods.; lubricant in syn. cutting fluids; defoamer and leveling agent in latex paints; defoamer for pulp/ paper; water-sol. emulsifier and coemulsifier in specialty lubricants, pesticides; food-contact coatings, paper, cellophane; defoamer in food-contact coatings *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.200, 177.1200; DOT nonregulated

- Properties: Amber liq.; bland char. odor; sol. in water, aromatic, and chlorinated solvs.; disp. or sol. in most oils and solvs.; sp.gr. 1.04 g/ml; b.p. > 300 F; HLB 13.0; acid no. 5.0 max.; sapon. no. 57-67; pH 7.0-9.0 (5% in DW); 99% conc. min.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* Overexposure may cause skin and eye irritation; inh. of high conc. vapors may be irritating to respiratory tract; ing. may cause nausea; ethylene oxide (cancer and reproductive hazard) may accumulate in storage and transport vessels

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO,

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeTHOX ACID 0-16 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-16 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0

Uses: O/w emulsifier for creams, lotions, and hair grooming prods.; emulsifier and coemulsifier in specialty lubricants, pesticides; leveling agent in dyes and latex paints; lubricant in syn. cutting fluids; detergent for mild alkaline and acid systems, metal cleaners; dispersant; food-contact coatings, paper, cellophane; defoamer in food-contact coatings; mod. foaming

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.200, 177.1200; DOT nonregulated

- Properties: Off wh. solid; sol. in water, alcohols, and aromatic solvs.; insol. or disp. in glycols, oils, and aliphatic solvs.; b.p. > 300 F; HLB 14.0; acid no. 5.0 max.; sapon. no. 53-63; pH 7.0-9.0 (5% in DW); 99% conc. min.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* Overexposure may cause skin and eye irritation; inh. of high conc. vapors may be irritating to respiratory tract; ing. may cause nausea; ethylene oxide (cancer and reproductive hazard) may accumulate in storage and transport vessels

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO,

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeTHOX ACID S-8 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-8 stearate

CAS 9004-99-3

- Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant in cosmetics; fiber softener/lubricant; leather conditioner; stabilizer for starch coatings of paper; thickener in aq. and solv. systems, emulsion cleaners, and mild acid/alkaline systems; mold release agent and defoamer in emulsion-type detergents; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 177.1200, 178.3910; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Öff-wh. solid; bland, char. odor; disp. in water, oils, and aliphatic solvs.; sol. in most other solvs.; m.p. 28 C; HLB 11.2; acid no. 5.0 max.; sapon no. 80-90; flash pt. (COC) 200 F; pH 7.0-9.0 (5% in DW); 99% conc. min.; nonionic
- Toxicology: May cause eye and skin irritation; ing. may cause nausea and abdominal pain; ethylene oxide (cancer and reproductive hazard) may accumulate in storage and transport vessels

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO_x

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

DeTHOX ACID TO-8.5 [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-8 tallate

CAS 61791-00-2

- Uses: Dispersant and emulsifier used in mild alkaline and acid detergents; lubricant in skin preps. and syn. coolants; emulsifier in lubricants, textile scouring; coemulsifier in creams and lotions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, textiles, animal glue; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; low to mod. foam
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.2800, 178.3120; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Amber liq.; disp. in water, min. oil, and aliphatic and aromatic solvs.; sp.gr. 1.02 g/ml; HLB 11; sapon no. 80-90; flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 4.5-7.5 (5% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
- Toxicology: Prolonged contact may cause eye and skin irritation; ing. may cause nausea; inh. of vapors at high conc. may be irritating; ethylene oxide (cancer and reproductive hazard) may accumulate in storage and transport vessels

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO_x

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 **DeTHOX ACID TO-14** [DeForest Enterprises]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-14 tallate

- CAS 61791-00-2
- Uses: Dispersant and emulsifier used in mild alkaline and acid detergents; lubricant in skin preps. and syn. coolants; emulsifier in lubricants, textile scouring; coemulsifier in creams and lotions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, textiles, animal glue; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; low to mod. foam
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2800, 178.3120; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Amber yel. liq.; sol. in water and aromatic solvs.; disp in min. oil and aliphatic solvs.; sp.gr. 1.04 g/ml; HLB 13.0; sapon no. 57-67; flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 6.0-8.0 (5% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
- Toxicology: Prolonged contact may cause eye and skin irritation; ing. may cause nausea; inh. of vapors at high conc. may be irritating; ethylene oxide (cancer and reproductive hazard) may accumulate in storage and transport vessels

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: COx
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- DeTHOX ACID TO-16.5 [DeForest Enterprises]
 - Chem. Descrip .: PEG-16 tallate

CAS 61791-00-2

- Uses: Dispersant and emulsifier used in mild alkaline and acid detergents; lubricant in skin preps. and syn. coolants; emulsifier in lubricants, textile scouring; coemulsifier in creams and lotions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, textiles, animal glue; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; low to mod. foam
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2800, 178.3120; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Cream solid; sol. in water and aromatic solvs.; disp in glycols, oils, and aliphatic solvs.; HLB 14.0; acid no. 5.0 max.; sapon no. 55-65; flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 6.0-8.0 (5% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* Prolonged contact may cause eye irritation; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting; inh. of vapors at high conc. may be irritating; ethylene oxide (cancer and reproductive hazard) may accumulate in storage and transport vessels
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO_x
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- **DeTHOX LA-4** [DeForest Enterprises]
- Chem. Descrip.: Laureth-4
 - CAS 5274-68-0; EINECS/ELINCS 226-097-1
 - Uses: Wetting agent; o/w emulsifier in creams and lotions; lubricant in textile emulsions; dye dispersant; intermediate to produce alkyl ether sulfates; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 178.3520, 181.30; DOT nonregulated
 - Properties: Colorless to It. yel. hazy liq.; insol. in water; sol. in alcohols, oils, and glycol; disp. or sol. in solvs.; sp.gr. 0.95 g/ml; b.p. > 212 F; HLB 9.5 (approx.); acid no. 2.0 max.; hyd. no. 145-165; flash pt. (COC) > 200 F; 100% conc.; nonionic
 - Toxicology: May cause eye and skin irritation; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea; ethylene oxide (cancer and reproductive hazard) may accumulate in storage and transport vessels

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO_x
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- **DeTHOX LA-23** [DeForest Enterprises]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Laureth-23
 - CAS 9002-92-0
 - Uses: Emulsifier and solubilizer in creams and lotions; solv. emulsifier for textile dye carriers; post-stabilizer for syn. latexes; in combination with anionics for emulsion polymerization; wetting agent; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 181.30; DOT nonregulated
 - Properties: Wh. waxy flakes; sol. in water, alcohols, and glycols; insol. in oil; insol. or disp. in solvs.; m.p. 40 C; HLB 16.4-16.9; acid no. 0.5 max.; hyd. no. 42-52; flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 5.0-7.0 (5% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
 - Toxicology: May cause eye and skin irritation; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea; inh. may irritate upper respiratory tract; ethylene

oxide (cancer and reproductive hazard) may accumulate in storage and transport vessels

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: COx

- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- DeTHOX TDA-6 [DeForest Enterprises]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Trideceth-6

CAS 24938-91-8

- Uses: Detergent used in low foam alkaline and acid industrial and highpressure spray cleaners, laundry detergents, cutting fluids, mech. dishwashing; dispersant for essential oils; emulsifier for silicones in petrol. oils and o/w cosmetic preps.; intermediate for sulfation and phosphation to form specialty surfactants; coupling agent; lubricant; antistat; leveling agent; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane, animal glue; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 178.3120; DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Almost colorless opaque liq.; typ. mild odor; sol in most aromatic and aliphatic solvs.; disp. in water and min. oil; sp.gr. 0.97 g/ml; b.p. > 212
 F; HLB 11.4; cloud pt. 69-73 (10% in 25% butyl Carbitol); flash pt. (COC)
 > 300 F; pH 5-8 (5% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
- Toxicology: May cause eye and skin irritation; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea inh. may irritate upper respiratory tract; ethylene oxide (cancer and reproductive hazard) may accumulate in storage and transport vessels; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: COx
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- DeTHOX TDA-8.5 [DeForest Enterprises]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Trideceth-9
 - CAS 24938-91-8
 - Uses: Detergent, foam stabilizer in It. and heavy-duty, high-foam alkaline and acid detergents; wetting agent in highly acidic systems, emulsion paint strippers, oven, dairy, acid bowl, and acid tile cleaners, agric. sprays, wool scouring; wetting agent for corrosion inhibitors, acid pickling baths; rewetting agent in paper towel mfg.; solubilizer/emulsifier for essential oils, aromatic solvs., fats, waxes; emulsifier in topical cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane, defoaming
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 178.3120; DOT nonregulated
 - Properties: Almost colorless opaque liq.; typ. mild odor; sol in water and most solvs.; sol. or disp. in oils; sp.gr. 0.98 g/ml; b.p. > 212 F; HLB 12.5; cloud pt. 42-46 (5% in DW); flash pt. (COC) > 300 F; pH 5-8 (5% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
 - Toxicology: Overexposure may cause eye and skin irritation; ing. may cause nausea; inh. in high conc. may be irritating; ethylene oxide (cancer and reproductive hazard) may accumulate in storage and transport vessels; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: COx

- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- **DeTHOX TDA-15** [DeForest Enterprises]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Trideceth-15
 - CAS 24938-91-8
 - Uses: Detergent, foam builder in detergents; solubilizer for alkylaryl sulfonates; emulsifier and stabilizer for synthetic latexes; for control of dissolution rate of solid or block type cleaners such as block bowl cleaners; in steam cleaners, dairy cleaners, acid pickling; in cosmetic creams and stick preps.; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane, animal glue; defoamer in foodcontact coatings and paper/paperboard
 - *Regulatory:* FDĂ 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 178.3120; DOT nonregulated
 - Properties: Wh. solid; typ. mild odor; completely sol. in water; disp. or insol. in most solvs. and oils; m.p. 30 C (approx.); HLB 15.4; cloud pt. 65-69 (1% in 5% NaCl); flash pt. (COC) > 200 F; pH 5-8 (5% in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic
 - Toxicology: Overexposure may cause eye and skin irritation; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting; inh. in high conc. may be irritating to upper respiratory tract; ethylene oxide (cancer and reproductive hazard) may accumulate in storage and transport vessels; TSCA listed
 - Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO_x

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- **DeWET SDO-70PG** [DeForest Enterprises]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate in propylene glycol
 - Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant for dyestuffs, fire-fighting, leak detection; filtration aid; pigment dispersant in paints and ink; glass cleaner and defogging agent; dust settling agent; rinse aid and detergent in food plants; increases wetting and spreading props. of pesticides, insecticides, fungicides, and fertilizers; in dry cleaning detergents; surf. tens. reducer; solubilizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, textiles; food-grade emulsifier, defoamer
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.810, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 178.3120, 178.3400; USDA approved; DOT nonregulated
 - Properties: Colorless to sl. yel. clear liq.; sl. sol in water, sol. in most other solvs.; sp.gr. 1.1 g/ml; b.p. 200 F; acid no. 2.5 max.; flash pt. (TCC) 200 F; pH 5.0-8.0; 67% conc.; anionic
 - *Toxicology:* May cause eye and skin irritation; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and abdominal pain; inh. at high conc. may be irritating
 - Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO2, SO2
 - HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- DeWET SDO-75E [DeForest Enterprises]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate in ethanol
 - Uses: In emulsion polymerization; wetting agent, dispersant for dyestuffs; pigment dispersant in paints and inks; filtration aid; glass cleaning and defogging agent; dust settling agent; dry cleaning detergents; leak detection; cutting fluids; rinse aid and cleaning agent in food plants; increases wetting and spreading properties of pesticides, insecticides, fungicides, and fertilizers; surf. tens. reducer; solubilizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, textiles; food-grade emulsifier
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.810, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 178.3120, 178.3400
 - *Properties:* Colorless clear liq.; sl. sol. in water and oils; sol. in most solvs.; sp.gr. 1.09 g/ml (approx.); acid no. 2.5 max.; cloud pt. < 5.0 C; pH 5.0-7.0 (1% in DW); anionic
 - *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, mouse) 1 g/kg; eye and skin irritant upon prolonged exposure; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and abdominal pain; inh. in high conc. may be irritating causing coughing, headache and nausea
 - Precaution: DOT: combustible liq.; incompat. with strong oxidizers and cationic materials
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO2, SOx
 - HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0
- DeWET SDTD-70 [DeForest Enterprises]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate
 - CAS 2673-22-5; EINECS/ELINCS 220-219-7
 - Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant, solubilizer, penetrant used in emulsion and suspension polymerization, pigment dispersion, o/w and w/o emulsions, oil-based lubricants, adhesives, penetrating oils, and agric. pesticides; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of foodcontact articles
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400
 - Properties: Lt. straw-colored clear to sl. hazy liq.; sol. in polar and nonpolar solvs.; sol. in water at 0.24% by wt. and may be increased by adding alcohols, glycols, and butyl Cellosolve; sp.gr. 0.97 g/ml; b.p. > 200 F; acid no. 2.5 max.; flash pt. (PMCC) 120 F; pH 5-7 (1% in 75:25/IPA-DW); 69-71% conc.; anionic
 - *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, mouse) 1 g/kg; eye and skin irritant upon prolonged exposure; irritant when inh. at high conc., causing headache, coughing, and nausea; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and abdominal pain; TSCA listed
 - Precaution: DOT: combustible liq.; incompat. with strong oxidizers and cationic materials
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂, SO_x
 - HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0
 - Storage: Keep containers closed
- DeWET SMA-80 [DeForest Enterprises]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate
 - CAS 3006-15-3; EINECS/ELINCS 221-109-1
 - Uses: Emulsion or suspending agent for pesticidal sprays; solubilizer for other surfactants; rinse aid for mech. dishwashing; emulsifier in latex paints; wetting agent in electroplating baths; in emulsion or suspension polymerization; glass cleaner formulations; pigment dispersants; food pkg. adhesives,

paper; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1210, 178.3400
- Properties: Nearly colorless clear liq.; sol. in water, glycols, and alcohols; insol. or disp. in oils and most solvs.; sp.gr. 1.1 g/ml; vapor pressure 17.5 mm Hg; b.p. 212 F; acid no. 2.5 max.; flash pt. 140-155 F; pH 5-7 (5% in DW); 80% conc.; anionic
- Toxicology: Eye irritant in liq. and vapor form; may irritate skin; inh. may cause irritation of respiratory tract; ing. can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: combustible liq.; incompat. with strong oxidizers
- HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0
- DF-40 [Sam Shin]
 - Uses: Fluorescence quenching agent for nonbrightened paper stock, wastewater; cleaner for paper machines
 - *Properties:* Brn. liq.; readily misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.07; visc. < 50 cps; pH 5-6; $\approx 27\%$ solids; cationic
 - Storage: 6 mos shelf life
- DiaFil® 110 [CR Mins.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Amorphous diatomite
 - Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (93%), Al₂O₃ (3%), Fe₂O₃ (1.3%), CaO (1.1%), cryst. silica (< 1%)
 - CAS 61790-53-2
 - Uses: Functional filler for asphalt compositions and roof coatings; antiblock agent in plastic film; filler in plastics, molding compds., agric., paints, cement, paper, caulks, adhesives, sealants, encapsulants, food applics.; catalyst carrier/support; inert mild abrasive in polishes/cleaners; contributes visc. control, reduced settling, reduced VOC requirement
 - Regulatory: FDA GRAS; FCC compliance; EPA reg. no. 59910-1
 - Properties: SI. off-wh. fine powd.; odorless; 15 µ median particle size; sp.gr. 2.2; dens. 19-22 lb/ft³ (wet); surf. area 26-28 m²/g; oil absorp. 112-116; pH 7.5-8.5
- DiaFil® 190 [CR Mins.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Amorphous diatomite
 - *Chem. Analysis:* SiO₂ (93%), Al₂O₃ (3%), Fe₂O₃ (1.3%), CaO (1.1%), cryst. silica (< 1%)
 - CAS 61790-53-2
 - Uses: Functional filler for asphalt compositions and roof coatings; antiblock agent in plastic film; filler in plastics, molding compds., agric., paints, cement, paper, caulks, adhesives, sealants, encapsulants; catalyst carrier/ support; inert mild abrasive in polishes/cleaners; contributes visc. control, reduced settling, reduced VOC requirement
 - Regulatory: FDA GRAS; FCC compliance; EPA reg. no. 59910-1
 - Properties: SI. off-wh. fine powd.; odorless; 6 µ median particle size; sp.gr. 2.2; dens. 19-22 lb/ft³ (wet); surf. area 26-28 m²/g; oil absorp. 112-116; pH 7.5-8.5
- DiaFil® 210 [CR Mins.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Amorphous diatomite
 - CAS 61790-53-2
 - Uses: Extender in friction papers; high brightness; improved sheet formation, drainage, resin distrib., and heat dissipation; < 0.1% respirable cryst. silica
 - Properties: SI. off-wh. fine powd.; odorless; 10 µ median particle size; < 7% +325 mesh; sol. in HF; negligible sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.2; water absorp. 150%; brightness 82; pH 8
 - *Toxicology:* Exposure to dust may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract and lungs, coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, tightness in chest; inh. may cause lung damage; may aggravate pre-existing asthma, bronchitis, emphysema, etc.
 - Precaution: Reacts with hydrofluoric acid
 - HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- DiaFil® 215 [CR Mins.]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Amorphous diatomite
 - CAS 61790-53-2
 - Uses: Extender in friction papers; high brightness; improved sheet formation, drainage, resin distrib., and heat dissipation; < 0.1% respirable cryst. silica
 - Properties: SI. off-wh. fine powd.; odorless; 14 µ median particle size; < 18% +325 mesh; sol. in HF; negligible sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.2; water absorp. 150%; brightness 82; pH 8</p>
 - *Toxicology:* Exposure to dust may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract and lungs, coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, tightness in chest; inh. may cause lung damage; may aggravate pre-existing asthma, bronchitis, emphysema, etc.

Precaution: Reacts with hydrofluoric acid HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

DiaFil® 230 [CR Mins.]

Chem. Descrip.: Amorphous diatomite

CAS 61790-53-2

Uses: Extender in friction papers; high brightness; improved sheet formation, drainage, resin distrib., and heat dissipation; < 0.1% respirable cryst. silica

- Properties: SI. off-wh. fine powd.; odorless; 11 µ median particle size; < 2% +325 mesh; sol. in HF; negligible sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.2; water absorp. 150%; brightness 82; pH 8
- Toxicology: Exposure to dust may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract and lungs, coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, tightness in chest; inh. may cause lung damage; may aggravate pre-existing asthma, bronchitis, emphysema, etc.

Precaution: Reacts with hydrofluoric acid

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

DiaFil® 270 [CR Mins.]

Chem. Descrip.: Amorphous diatomite

CAS 61790-53-2

- Uses: Extender in friction papers; high brightness; improved sheet formation, drainage, resin distrib., and heat dissipation; < 0.1% respirable cryst. silica
- Properties: SI. off-wh. fine powd.; odorless; 9 µ median particle size; < 0.5% +325 mesh; sol. in HF; negligible sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.2; water absorp. 150%; brightness 82; pH 8
- Toxicology: Exposure to dust may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract and lungs, coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, tightness in chest; inh. may cause lung damage; may aggravate pre-existing asthma, bronchitis, emphysema, etc.

Precaution: Reacts with hydrofluoric acid

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

DiaFil® 290 [CR Mins.]

Chem. Descrip.: Amorphous diatomite

CAS 61790-53-2

- Uses: Extender in friction papers; high brightness; improved sheet formation, drainage, resin distrib., and heat dissipation; < 0.1% respirable cryst. silica
- Properties: SI. off-wh. fine powd.; odorless; 4 µ median particle size; < 0.04% +325 mesh; sol. in HF; negligible sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.2; water absorp. 150%; brightness 82; pH 8
- *Toxicology:* Exposure to dust may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract and lungs, coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, tightness in chest; inh. may cause lung damage; may aggravate pre-existing asthma, bronchitis, emphysema, etc.

Precaution: Reacts with hydrofluoric acid

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

DiaFil® 295 [CR Mins.]

Chem. Descrip.: Amorphous diatomite

CAS 61790-53-2

- Uses: Extender in friction papers; high brightness; improved sheet formation, drainage, resin distrib., and heat dissipation; < 0.1% respirable cryst. silica
- Properties: SI. off-wh. fine powd.; odorless; 12 µ median particle size; < 2% +325 mesh; sol. in HF; negligible sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.2; water absorp. 150%; brightness 82; pH 8
- Toxicology: Exposure to dust may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract and lungs, coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, tightness in chest; inh. may cause lung damage; may aggravate pre-existing asthma, bronchitis, emphysema, etc.

Precaution: Reacts with hydrofluoric acid

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

DiaFil® 520 [CR Mins.]

Chem. Descrip.: Amorphous diatomite Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (93%), AI_2O_3 (3%), Fe_2O_3 (1.3%), CaO (1.1%), cryst. silica (< 1%)

CAS 61790-53-2

Uses: Filler, flatting agent which controls gloss, sheen, rheology, and surf. texture in paints and coatings; enhances intercoat adhesion; antiblock agent in plastic film; filler in molding compds.; catalyst carrier/support; inert mild abrasive in toothpastes, polishes/cleaners; filler for agric., asphalt, roof coatings, cement, paper, caulks, adhesives, sealants, encapsulants

Regulatory: FDA GRAS; FCC compliance; EPA reg. no. 59910-1

Properties: SI. off-wh. fine powd.; odorless; 16 µ median particle size; fineness (Hegman) 0; sp.gr. 2.2; dens. 18.28 lb/solid gal; bulking value 0.055 gal/lb; surf. area 26-28 m²/g; oil absorp. 112-116; ref. index 1.43; pH

- 7.5-8.5
- DiaFil® 525 [CR Mins.]

Chem. Descrip .: Amorphous diatomite

Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (93%), Al₂O₃ (3%), Fe₂O₃ (1.3%), CaO (1.1%), cryst. silica (< 1%)

CAS 61790-53-2

Uses: Filler, flatting agent which controls gloss, sheen, rheology, and surf. texture in paints and coatings; enhances intercoat adhesion; antiblock agent in plastic film; filler in molding compds.; catalyst carrier/support; inert mild abrasive in toothpastes, polishes/cleaners; filler for agric., asphalt, roof coatings, cement, paper, caulks, adhesives, sealants, encapsulants

Regulatory: FDA GRAS; FCC compliance; EPA reg. no. 59910-1

Properties: SI. off-wh. fine powd.; odorless; 16 µ median particle size; fineness (Hegman) 1-2; sp.gr. 2.2; dens. 18.28 lb/solid gal; bulking value 0.055 gal/lb; surf. area 26-28 m²/g; oil absorp. 112-116; ref. index 1.43; pH 7.5-8.5

DiaFil® 530 [CR Mins.]

Chem. Descrip.: Amorphous diatomite

Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (93%), Al₂O₃ (3%), Fe₂O₃ (1.3%), CaO (1.1%), cryst. silica (< 1%)

CAS 61790-53-2

Uses: Filler, flatting agent which controls gloss, sheen, rheology, and surf. texture in paints and coatings: enhances intercoat adhesion; antiblock agent in plastic film; filler in molding compds.; catalyst carrier/support; inert mild abrasive in toothpastes, polishes/cleaners; filler for agric., asphalt, roof coatings, cement, paper, caulks, adhesives, sealants, encapsulants

Regulatory: FDA GRAS; FCC compliance; EPA reg. no. 59910-1

- Properties: SI. off-wh. fine powd.; odorless; 12 µ median particle size; fineness (Hegman) 2-3; sp.gr. 2.2; dens. 18.28 lb/solid gal; bulking value 0.055 gal/lb; surf. area 26-28 m²/g; oil absorp. 112-116; ref. index 1.43; pH 7.5-8.5
- DiaFil® 570 [CR Mins.]

Chem. Descrip.: Amorphous diatomite

- *Chem. Analysis:* SiO₂ (93%), Al₂O₃ (3%), Fe₂O₃ (1.3%), CaO (1.1%), cryst. silica (< 1%)
- CAS 61790-53-2
- Uses: Filler, flatting agent which controls gloss, sheen, rheology, and surf. texture in paints and coatings; enhances intercoat adhesion; antiblock agent in plastic film; filler in molding compds.; catalyst carrier/support; inert mild abrasive in toothpastes, polishes/cleaners; filler for agric., asphalt, roof coatings, cement, paper, caulks, adhesives, sealants, encapsulants

Regulatory: FDA GRAS; FCC compliance; EPA reg. no. 59910-1

Properties: SI. off-wh. fine powd.; odorless; 9 µ median particle size; fineness (Hegman) 4-4.5; sp.gr. 2.2; dens. 18.28 lb/solid gal; bulking value 0.055 gal/lb; surf. area 26-28 m²/g; oil absorp. 112-116; ref. index 1.43; pH 7.5-8.5

DiaFil® 590 [CR Mins.]

Chem. Descrip.: Amorphous diatomite

Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (93%), Al₂O₃ (3%), Fe₂O₃ (1.3%), CaO (1.1%), cryst. silica (< 1%)

CAS 61790-53-2

- Uses: Filler, flatting agent which controls gloss, sheen, rheology, and surf. texture in paints and coatings: enhances intercoat adhesion; antiblock agent in plastic film; filler in molding compds.; catalyst carrier/support; inert mild abrasive in toothpastes, polishes/cleaners; filler for agric., asphalt, roof coatings, cement, paper, caulks, adhesives, sealants, encapsulants
- Regulatory: FDA GRAS; FCC compliance; EPA reg. no. 59910-1
- Properties: SI. off-wh. fine powd.; odorless; 6 µ median particle size; fineness (Hegman) 5.5-6.0; sp.gr. 2.2; dens. 18.28 lb/solid gal; bulking value 0.055 gal/lb; surf. area 26-28 m²/g; oil absorp. 112-116; ref. index 1.43; pH 7.5-8.5
- Diaq 60 [Vinings Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Anthraquinone disp.

CAS 84-65-1; EINECS/ELINCS 201-549-0

Uses: Digester additive for improving pulp yield and reducing alkali consumption

Digitex[™] [Engelhard]

Chem. Descrip.: Kaolin-based

Uses: Pigment for color inkjet printing applics. (paper market)

Dilurit 189 E [BK Giulini Chemie]

Chem. Descrip.: Org. bromine compd.

Uses: Slimicide for paper and chem. pulp production, food-contact paper;

biocide for treatment of water systems in papermaking Use Level: 50-100 g/ton bone dry stock (shock dose) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300; BgVV compliant Properties: Ylsh. clear liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.25 Storage: 6 mos. shelf life @ < 40 C; avoid direct sunlight Dilurit 464 C [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Org. sulfur-nitrogen compd. Uses: Preservative for antimicrobial finishing of paper/paperboard, foodcontact paper/paperboard; BfVV compliant Use Level: 0.4-0.5% (packaging papers, labels, and soap boxes); 0.2-1.0% (hospital bed pads from wastepaper); 0.1-0.3% (craped cellulose towels); 10-50 ppm (for odor control) Properties: Wh. fluid paste; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.23; pH 7 Storage: Keep cool and dry Dilurit 850 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Isothiazolinones Uses: Slimicide and preservative for paper and chem. pulp production, foodcontact paper Use Level: 100-200 g/ton bone dry stock (shock dose) Regulatory: FDA 21ČFR §176.300; BgVV compliant Properties: Ylsh. liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.14; pH 3.5 (20 C) Storage: Store @ R.T. in closed containers Dilurit 853 T [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Isothiazolinone and fatty alcohol polyglycol ether Uses: Slimicide and dispersant for paper and chem. pulp production Use Level: 100-200 g/ton bone dry stock (shock dose) Regulatory: BfVV compliant Properties: Ylsh. liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.13; pH 4.4 (20 C) Storage: Keep containers closed in cool, ventilated place Dilurit 876 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip .: Isothiazolinone Uses: Fungistat for treatment of paper Use Level: 0.2-0.5 g/m² paper or cardboard Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.04; pH 3.7 (20 C) Storage: Keep containers closed in cool, ventilated place Dilurit 946 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Aldehydic carbohydrates Uses: Slimicide and preservative for paper and chem. pulp production Use Level: 100-200 g/ton bone dry stock (shock dose) Regulatory: FDA221CFR §176.110; BgVV compliant Properties: YIsh. clear liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.12; pH 3.8 (20 C) Storage: Store in closed containers @ < 40 C Dilurit 953 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Org. sulfur nitrogen compd. Uses: Slimicide for paper and chem. pulp production, food-contact paper/ paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 176.300; BgVV compliant as slimicide Properties: Orange to yel. liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.05; pH 5 (20 C) Storage: Store cool in closed containers in ventilated area Dilurit 974 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Quaternary ammonium compds. Uses: Slimicide and preservative for paper and chem. pulp production; effective against bacteria, fungi, and algae Use Level: 50-200 g/ton bone dry stock (shock dose); 100-500 ppm (preservative) Regulatory: BgVV compliant for slime control Properties: YIsh. clear liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 0.96; pH 6.5 (1%; 20 C) Storage: Store in closed containers in ventilated area Disfoam BF-75 [NOF] Chem. Descrip.: Polyalkylene glycol Uses: Effective in foaming of water washing step after digestion of pulp and in step prior to sheet machine; easy dispersion; no thermal aggregation to polyester dyes and good dyeing prop. Disfoam C Series [NOF] Chem. Descrip .: Polyalkylene glycol derivs. Uses: Defoamer for fermentation field, pulp, synthetics, etc. Properties: Liq. Dispel® [Vinings Ind.] Uses: Scale inhibitor for papermaking Dispercel-A [Runnymede Dispersions Ltd; Kane Int'l.] Chem. Descrip .: Nitrocellulose prep., phthalate plasticized

CAS 9004-70-0; EINECS/ELINCS 239-069-9 Uses: Pigmented chip disp. used in mfg. of flexographic and gravure printing inks for paper, polymer films, foil, and board; used in combination with maleic, polyamide, or acrylic resins; exc. scratch and rub resist. Properties: Sol. in alcohol Dispercel-AS [Runnymede Dispersions Ltd; Kane Int'l.] Chem. Descrip.: Nitrocellulose prep., nonphthalate plasticized CAS 9004-70-0; EINECS/ELINCS 239-069-9 Uses: Pigmented chip disp. used in mfg. of flexographic and gravure printing inks for paper, polymer films, foil, and board; used in combination with maleic, polyamide, or acrylic resins; exc. scratch and rub resist. Properties: Sol. in alcohol Dispersant 1084 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary blend Uses: Pitch dispersant for pulp/paper industry; prevents deposition; effective as continuous hardwood digester additive; rapid spreading Properties: Liq.; disp. in water Dispersant 3000E [Huntsman] Uses: Pitch dispersant for pulp/paper industry; formulated for spreadability in lower temp. brownstock and screen room applics. Properties: Liq.; nonionic Dispersant LF-88 [Huntsman] Uses: Pulp machine pitch dispersant; low foaming Properties: Liq.; nonionic Dispersant LF-89 [Huntsman] Uses: Screen room pitch dispersant for pulp/paper industry; low foaming *Properties:* Liq.; nonionic Dispex[®] [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Polymeric Uses: Pigment dispersant for paper coatings Disponil® AAP 43 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Alkylpolyglycolether aq. sol'n. Uses: Surfactant; costabilizer to inc. mech. or salt stability of polymer disps.; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA approved Properties: Colorless liq.; little intrinsic odor; unlimited sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.1 (20 C); HLB 17.9; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 6-7; 69-71% act. Environmental: LC50 (zebra fish) 1-10 mg/l Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: None Storage: Store tightly closed in frost-free place Disponil[®] AAP 307 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Octyl phenol ethoxylate CAS 9002-93-1; EINECS/ELINCS 232-658-1 Uses: Coemulsifier for polyacrylates, acrylate-vinyl acetate copolymers, other applics.; costabilizer to inc. mech. or salt stability of polymer disps.; dispersant for emulsion paints; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400, BGA approved Properties: Liq.; HLB 17.3; 70% act.; nonionic Disponil® AAP 436 [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis/Coatings & Inks; Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Octyl phenol ethoxylate (40 EO) CAS 9002-93-1 Uses: Coemulsifier for polyacrylates, acrylate vinyl acetate copolymers; costabilizer to inc. mech. or salt stability of polymer disps.; dispersant for emulsion paints; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400, BGA approved Properties: Colorless liq.; little intrinsic odor; unlimited sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.1; HLB 17.9; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 6-7; 60% act.; nonionic Environmental: LC50 (zebra fish) 1-10 mg/l Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: None Storage: Store tightly closed in frost-free place Disponil® AES 21 IS [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alkylphenol ether sulfate aq. sol'n.; contains preservatives Uses: Emulsifier for vinyl acetate homo and copolymers, acrylate homo and

copolymers, styrene-acrylate, S/B latexes, vinyl propionate copolymers, PVdC, vinyl chloride homo and copolymer latexes; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, BGA approved

Properties: Yellowish liq.; odorless; unlimited sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.06; pH 7board; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles 8.5 (100 g/l water); 30-35% solids; anionic Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA approved Properties: HLB 13.3; 99-100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: Eye irritant Environmental: LC50 (fish) > 100 mg/l; EC50 (bacteria) > 100 mg/l; poorly Disponil[®] NP 11 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] biodeq. Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyglycolether, aq. sol'n. Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: None CAS 9016-45-9 Storage: Store in cool, frost-free place Uses: Surfactant; costabilizer to inc. mech. or salt stability of polymer disps.; Disponil® AES 60 IS [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] emulsifier for mfg. of o/w emulsions; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paper-Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alkylphenol ether sulfate aq. sol'n., preserved grade board; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA approved Uses: Emulsifier for vinyl acetate homo and copolymers, acrylate homo and copolymers, styrene-acrylate, S/B latexes, vinyl propionate copolymers, Properties: HLB 13.8; 99-100% act.; nonionic Disponil® NP 12 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] PVdC, vinyl chloride homo and copolymer latexes; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyglycolether, aq. sol'n. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, BGA approved; SARA §311/ CAS 9016-45-9 312 reportable Uses: Surfactant; costabilizer to inc. mech. or salt stability of polymer disps.; emulsifier for mfg. of o/w emulsions; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paper-Properties: Colorless to lt. yel. liq.; odorless; sol. 400 g/l in water; sp.gr. 1.075; dens. 8.95 lb/gal; vapor pressure 15 mbar (20 C); flash pt. (PMCC) board; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles > 93 C; pH 7.5 (10%); 34-36% solids; 73% volatiles; anionic Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA approved Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; may cause skin and eye irritation; Properties: HLB 14.3; 99-100% act.; nonionic Disponil® NP 20 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] TSCA listed Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyglycolether, aq. sol'n. Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO, SO_x CAS 9016-45-9 NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Surfactant; costabilizer to inc. mech. or salt stability of polymer disps.; Storage: May congeal or stratify if cold; warm to R.T., mix well emulsifier for mfg. of o/w emulsions; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard Disponil® AES 72 IS [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180; BGA approved Properties: HLB 16.0; 99-100% act.; nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alkylphenol ether sulfate aq. sol'n., preserved grade Uses: Low foaming emulsifier for vinyl acetate homo and copolymers, acry-Disponil® NP 208 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] late homo and copolymers, styrene-acrylate, S/B latexes, vinyl propionate Chem. Descrip.: Nonyl phenol ethoxylate (20 EO) copolymers, PVdC, vinyl chloride homo and copolymer latexes; food pkg. CAS 9016-45-9 adhesives, paper/paperboard Uses: Surfactant; costabilizer to inc. mech. or salt stability of polymer disps.; Use Level: 1-5% emulsifier for mfg. of o/w emulsions; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paper-Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, BGA approved board; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; little intrinsic odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.07; pour Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA approved; pt. < 8 C; pH 8; 32.5-34.5% act.; anionic SARA §311/312 reportable Properties: Colorless liq.; little intrinsic odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.05; dens. Toxicology: Eye irritant 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 500 mPa•s; HLB 16.0; flash pt. (PMCC) > 93 C; pH 7 Environmental: Nontoxic to fish Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: None (1%); 79-81% act. in water; nonionic Storage: 2 yr shelf life stored in tightly closed containers in frost-free place Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; can cause skin, eye, and respira-Disponil® MGS 65 IS [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] tory irritation Environmental: LC50 (fish) > 100 mg/l; EC50 (bacteria) > 100 mg/l Chem. Descrip.: Surfactant blend, preserved grade Uses: Emulsifier for vinyl acetate homopolymers, vinyl acetate-dibutyl male-Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents ate copolymers, esp. suitable for highly filled PVAc and PC emulsions; food Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Use Level: 2-6% Storage: Protect from frost Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, BGA approved Disponil® NP 307 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Properties: Colorless to sl. ylsh. clear liq.; odorless; misc. with water; sp.gr. Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyglycolether, ag. sol'n. 1.1; pH 7-8.5 (10%); 42.5-45.5% act. in water; anionic/nonionic CAS 9016-45-9 Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; low toxicity; eye irritant Uses: Surfactant; costabilizer to inc. mech. or salt stability of polymer disps.; emulsifier for mfg. of o/w emulsions; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paper-Environmental: LC50 (zebra fish) 1-10 mg/l Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: None board; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA approved Storage: 1 yr shelf life @ R.T. in closed containers; protect from frost Disponil[®] NP 4 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Properties: HLB 17.2; 69-71% act.; nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyglycolether, aq. sol'n. Disponil® O 250 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] CAS 9016-45-9 Chem. Descrip.: Cetoleth-25 Uses: Surfactant; costabilizer to inc. mech. or salt stability of polymer disps.; CAS 8065-81-4 emulsifier for mfg. of o/w emulsions; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paper-Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization, o/w emulsions; costabilizer to board; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles inc. mech. and salt stability of polymer disps.; solubilizer; dispersant; latex Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA approved stabilizer; food-contact paper/paperboard Properties: HLB 8.8; 99-100% act.; nonionic Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180 Disponil[®] NP 6 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Properties: Flakes; HLB 16.5; 100% act.; nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyglycolether, aq. sol'n. Disponil[®] SUS IC 865 [Cognis; Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] CAS 9016-45-9 Chem. Descrip.: Sodium di-2-ethyl hexyl sulfosuccinate (65%), ethanol Uses: Surfactant; costabilizer to inc. mech. or salt stability of polymer disps.; (18%), water (17%) emulsifier for mfg. of o/w emulsions; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paper-UN No. 1170 board; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Uses: Wetting agent in aq. coatings, printing inks, related systems; wetting Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA approved agent for difficult-to-wet substrates, e.g., plastics, metal surfs., cellulose film, Properties: HLB 10.9; 99-100% act.; nonionic aluminum/plastic foils, silicone-treated papers or glass; emulsifier for emul-Disponil[®] NP 10 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] sion polymerization of pract. all types of monomers, mfg. of food-contact Chem. Descrip .: Nonylphenol polyglycolether, aq. sol'n. articles; food pkg. adhesives; resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; CAS 9016-45-9 defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg. Uses: Surfactant; costabilizer to inc. mech. or salt stability of polymer disps.; Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1200, 178.3400; DOT regulated; SARA §311/323 reportable emulsifier for mfg. of o/w emulsions; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperProperties: Yel. clear low-visc. liq.; alcohol odor; sl. water-sol.; sp.gr. 0.94; dens. 7.8 lb/gal; visc. 100 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) 45 C; pH 6.5; 65% solids; 35% volatiles; anonic

Toxicology: Harmful if swallowed or inhaled; causes skin, eye, and respiratory irritation; possible CNS depressant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm.; avoid open flames and strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO, SO_x, NO_x

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

Storage: 2 yrs shelf life in original sealed containers; store @ > 10 C in warm, dry place; protect from freezing; mix well before using

Disponil[®] SUS IC 875 [Cognis; Cognis KGaA/Coatings; Cognis KGaA/ Plastics Tech.]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium di-2-ethylhexyl sulfosuccinate (75%), ethanol (3-6%), water (19-22%)

UN No. 1170

Uses: Wetting agent in aq. coatings, printing inks; suitable for difficult-to-wet substrates such as plastics and metal surfaces, cellulose film, aluminum and plastic foils, silicone-treated papers or glass; emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; med. tendency to foam; ideal surf. act. agent due to low critical micelle conc. and strong reduction in surf. tens. of aq. sol'ns., even when using low concs.

Use Level: 0.1-1.0% (on finished coating)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1200, 178.3400; BGA approved; DOT regulated; SARA §311/312 reportable

Properties: Yel. clear low-visc. liq.; sl. odor; sol. 15-18 g/l in water; sp.gr. 1.05; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 350 mPa•s; flash pt. (PMCC) 45 C; pH 6-7 (1.5%); 75% act.; anionic

Toxicology: Harmful if inhaled or swallowed; causes skin, eye, and respiratory tract irritation; possible CNS depressant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm.; avoid sources of ignition, strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CŎ, SO_x

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

Storage: 2 yr shelf life in original containers @ R.T.; protect from heat and frost DK-100 Nonsilicone Defoamer [Genesee Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic hydrocarbon

Uses: Defoamer for aq. systems, paints, coatings, paper/paperboard, metalworking lubricants, wastewater treatment, cleaner formulations, textiles, food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200; SARA nonreportable

Properties: Tan liq., petrol. odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.85; dens. 7.0 lb/gal; b.p. 480 F; flash pt. (COC) 265 F; 0.2% moisture

- Toxicology: Mod. hazardous by inh.; vapors may cause respiratory tract irritation; high concs. may cause CNS depression; mod. irritating to eyes and skin; sl. toxic by ingestion; may cause GI upset; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong acids or bases, oxidizing agents, selected amines

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Hydrocarbon decomp. prods.

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Keep container closed; store in well-ventilated area; do not store over 100 F; mix before use

DK-230 Nonsilicone Defoamer [Genesee Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone

Uses: Defoamer for aq. systems, paints, coatings, paper/paperboard, metalworking lubricants, cutting oils, coolants, adhesives, water treatment, foodcontact coatings; rec. where air entrapment is a problem; alkaline resistant *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.200; SARA nonreportable

- *Properties:* Straw-colored liq., mild solv. odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.82; dens. 7.0 lb/gal; b.p. 350 F; flash pt. (PMCC) 158 F; 100% act.
- Toxicology: Prolonged/repeated inh. exposure can cause adverse kidney effects; severe eye irritant; prolonged/repeated contact may cause skin irritation; low acute oral and dermal toxicity, but minute amts. in lungs may cause mild-severe pulmonary injury; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm. liq.; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Hydrocarbon decomp. prods.

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

Storage: Keep container closed; store in well-ventilated area; do not store above 100 F; mix before use

DM-1735-D [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley]

Chem. Descrip.: Oil base

Uses: Brownstock defoamer effective on hardwood and softwood; reduces potential for pitch deposits; amide-free; fast spreading and exc. drainage

DM-2146 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley]

Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary blend of active ingreds. in a water-based formulation

Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for paper machine operations; rec. where high temps. are not present

DM-2184 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley]

Uses: Brownstock defoamer effective on hardwood and softwood; esp. suited for defoaming in dirty screen room operations; fast spreading

DM-25100-C [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley]

Chem. Descrip.: Blend of nonyl phenol-free surfactants and detergent builders Uses: Textile brightener; for deinking in tissue applics.; low foaming

Donlar C-20C [Donlar]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyaspartic acid homopolymer, sodium salt Uses: Antiscalant in hard water environ.; inorg. scale remover; dispersant for

- min. slurries; controls redeposition of soil in laundry and hard surf. cleaners; used for textile sizing in paper industry
- *Properties:* Amber liq.; water-sol.; m.w. 20,000; sp.gr. 1.26-1.28; visc. 180-230 cps; pH 8-9.5; 39-41% solids

Toxicology: Nontoxic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Donlar C-30D [Donlar]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyaspartic acid homopolymer, sodium salt

Uses: Antiscalant in hard water environ.; inorg. scale remover; dispersant for min. slurries; controls redeposition of soil in laundry and hard surf. cleaners; used for textile sizing in paper industry

Properties: Amber liq.; water-sol.; m.w. 30,000; sp.gr. 1.26-1.28; visc. 250-325 cps; pH 8-9.5; 39-41% solids

Toxicology: Nontoxic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Donlar C-50D [Donlar]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyaspartic acid homopolymer, sodium salt

Uses: Used for textile sizing in paper industry

Properties: Amber liq.; water-sol.; m.w. 50,000; sp.gr. 1.26-1.28; visc. 450-550 cps; pH 8-9.5; 39-41% solids

Toxicology: Nontoxic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Douglas® Starches [Penford Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Corn starch, lightly oxidized

CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6

Uses: Paper additive improving surf. props.; high shear cooked starch; used at the size press in low to mod. solids; strong films; stable visc.

Doversperse 3 [Dover]

Chem. Descrip.: Aq. emulsion of Paroil 170HV (chlorinated flame retardant) *Uses:* Flame retardant, plasticizer, tackifier for water-based coatings and adhesives, rubber coatings, inks, carpetbackings, paper and fabric coatings; improves adhesion; imparts chem. and water resist.

Properties: Cream wh. liq.; sp.gr. 1.54; dens. 11.3 lb/gal; visc. 150-300 poise; pH 7; 66.5% solids, 45% Cl

Doversperse A-1 [Dover]

Chem. Descrip.: Aq. disp. of Chlorez 700

Uses: Flame retardant, plasticizer, tackifier for water-based coatings and adhesives, rubber coatings, inks, carpetbackings, paper and fabric coatings; improves adhesion; imparts chem. and water resist.; rec. where increased hardness is required

Properties: Cream wh. liq.; sp.gr. 1.60; dens. 11 lb/gal; visc. 48 poise; pH 7.5; 65% solids, 45% CI; nonionic

Dow EP530 [Dow]

Chem. Descrip .: Poloxamer-181

CAS 53637-25-5

Uses: Provides solvency, low odor, low irritation, and low toxicity to personal care prods. and cosmetics; defoamer in scald baths for poultry defeathering and hog dehairing machines; defoamer for food-grade papers and coatings and sanitizing sol'ns. for food processing equip.

Regulatory: 21CFR §172.808, 176.200, 176.210, 178.1010

Properties: Liq.; m.w. 2000; sp.gr. 1.017; dens. 8.46 lb/gal; visc. 321 cSt; pour pt. -32 C; flash pt. (PMCC) > 420 F; ref. index 1.452; surf. tens. 42.6 dynes/cm (100 ppm); nonionic

Dow P1000TB [Dow]

Chem. Descrip.: PPG-17

CAS 25322-69-4

Uses: Provides solvency, low odor, low irritation, and low toxicity to personal Storage: 6 mos shelf life Dow Corning® Antifoam 1520-US [Dow Corning] care prods. and cosmetics; defoamer for food-grade coatings and paper prods Chem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsion Uses: Foam control agent for food, fermentation, beverage mfg., meat/poultry/ Regulatory: 21CFR §176.200, 176.210 Properties: Liq.; m.w. 1000; sp.gr. 1.005; dens. 8.38 lb/gal; visc. 162 cSt; pour pt. -25 C; flash pt. (PMCC) > 360 F; ref. index 1.448; surf. tens. 40.7 seafood processing, pharmaceuticals, resin mfg., wastewater treatment, heating/cooling water treatment, adhesives/coatings, metalworking, and textile dynes/cm (100 ppm); sp. heat 0.461 cal/g/°C; nonionic industries; food-contact paper/paperboard; effective for hot and cold systems Use Level: 10 ppm (foods) Dow P1200 [Dow] Chem. Descrip .: PPG-20 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 176.170, 176.180, EPA 40CFR §180.1001, USDA, kosher approved CAS 25322-69-4 Uses: Provides solvency, low odor, low irritation, and low toxicity to personal Properties: Milky-wh. thin cream; water-dilutable; sp.gr. 1.0; visc. 6000 cp; care prods. and cosmetics; boiler water additive for prep. of steam that will pH 4.0; 20% act.; nonionic contact food; defoamer for beet sugar and yeast processing; defoamer for Toxicology: May cause temporary eye discomfort Storage: 12 mo shelf life when store @ 20-40 C food-grade coatings and paper prods. Regulatory: 21CFR 173.310, 173.340(a)(3), 176.200, 176.210 Dow Corning® Antifoam A Compd. [Dow Corning] Properties: Liq.; m.w. 1200; sp.gr. 1.007; dens. 8.38 lb/gal; visc. 175 cSt; pour pt. -40 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 345 F; ref. index 1.448; surf. tens. 43.3 Chem. Descrip .: Simethicone CAS 8050-81-5 dynes/cm (100 ppm); sp. heat 0.459 cal/g/°C; nonionic Uses: Foam control agent for distillation, resin sizes, textile latex backing, Dow P2000 [Dow] paper, asphalt, lubricants, detergents, pesticides, edible oils, soaps, sham-Chem. Descrip.: PPG-26 poos; also avail. in food grade Properties: Med. off-wh. to gray liq.; 100% act.; nonionic CAS 25322-69-4 Dow Corning® Antifoam C Emulsion [Dow Corning] Uses: Provides solvency, low odor, low irritation, and low toxicity to personal Chem. Descrip.: Aq. simethicone emulsion care prods, and cosmetics; boiler water additive for prep, of steam that will contact food; defoamer for beet sugar and yeast processing; defoamer for CAS 8050-81-5 food-grade coatings and paper prods. Uses: Foam control agent for food industry, paper coatings, pesticides, herbi-Regulatory: 21CFR 173.310, 173.340(a)(3), 176.200, 176.210 cides, fertilizers, industrial detergents, cosmetic cleansers; food grade Properties: Liq.; sol. in ethanol, IPM, cyclomethicone, sunscreens, lactic Use Level: 30 ppm acid; partly sol. in water, lt. min. oil; m.w. 2000; sp.gr. 1.002; dens. 8.34 lb/ Regulatory: FDA, EPA, kosher, USDA approved Properties: Med. wh. cream; water dilutable; 30% act.; nonionic gal; visc. 300 cSt; pour pt. -30 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 390 F; ref. index 1.449; surf. tens. 39.6 dynes/cm (100 ppm); sp. heat 0.452 cal/g/°C; nonionic Dow Corning® Antifoam FG-10 [Dow Corning] Dow P4000 [Dow] Chem. Descrip.: Aq. silicone emulsion Chem. Descrip .: PPG-30 Uses: Foam control agent for food industry, fermentation, high sugar-content CAS 25322-69-4 processes, paper coatings, wastewater treatment, heating/cooling water treatment Uses: Provides solvency, low odor, low irritation, and low toxicity to personal care prods. and cosmetics; boiler water additive for prep. of steam that will Use Level: 100 ppm contact food; defoamer for food-grade paper coatings Regulatory: FDA, EPA, USDA, kosher approved Properties: Thin wh. cream; 10% act.; nonionic Regulatory: 21CFR §173.310, 176.200 Properties: Liq.; m.w. 4000; sp.gr. 1.005; dens. 8.36 lb/gal; visc. 800 cSt; Dow Corning[®] Antifoam H-10 [Dow Corning] pour pt. -26 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 365 F; ref. index 1.450; surf. tens. 39.6 Chem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsion dynes/cm (100 ppm); nonionic Uses: Foam control agent for distillation, glycol scrubbing, detergents, waste-Dow Corning® 26 Additive [Dow Corning] water treatment, adhesives/coatings, resin and textile sizes, metalworking, Chem. Descrip.: Silicone fluid and paper/printing industries Uses: Leveling agent, wetting agent, anticratering agent, mar resist. agent in Properties: Thin wh. cream; 10% act.; nonionic solv.-based coatings and inks; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; Dow Corning® Antifoam Y-30 [Dow Corning] reduces orange peel; also helps prevent pigment floating Chem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsion Use Level: 0.01-0.1% on total formulation wt. Uses: Foam control agent for paper/printing industry for resin sizes and inks, Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210 textiles, antifreeze, ceramic mfg., dyes Properties: Colorless clear, low-visc. liq.; sp.gr. 0.958; visc. 7 cSt; flash pt. Properties: Med. wh. cream; 30% act.; nonionic Dowicide® A [Dow] (CC) 55 C; 100% solids Chem. Descrip.: Sodium o-phenylphenate Storage: 12 mos shelf life under normal laboratory conditions in tightly sealed bottles CAS 132-27-4; EINECS/ELINCS 205-055-6 Dow Corning® 163 Additive [Dow Corning] Uses: Antimicrobial for use in adhesives, ceramics, chem. toilets, construc-Chem. Descrip.: Silicone antifoam compd. tion, disinfectants, household prods. (cleaners, detergents, floor care, etc.), Uses: Defoamer in inks and coatings, solventless, solv., waterborne, and inks, metalworking fluids, paper coatings, and textile spinning; effective energy-curable systems, food-contact inks and coatings; defoamer in foodagainst bacteria and fungi; not readily deactivated by soil load, effective contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives against wide range of disease-causing organisms Use Level: 0.001% (FDA use); 0.05-0.5% (non-FDA use) Use Level: 0.05-0.5% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, Properties: Wh. flakes and fines or powd.; readily sol. in water; 97% act.; 176.210 3% inert Properties: Opaque low-visc. liq.; sp.gr. 0.984; visc. 1000 cSt; flash pt. Dowicil[®] 75 [Dow: Dow Europe] Chem. Descrip.: 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride (CC) 101 C; 100% act. Storage: 18 mos shelf life under normal laboratory conditions in tightly sealed (act. ingred.) and sodium bicarbonate (stabilizer) bottles Uses: Antimicrobial; preservative for aq. end prods. such as adhesives, latex Dow Corning® 1430 Emulsion [Dow Corning] emulsions, paints, metal-cutting fluids, drilling muds, biodeg. detergents, Chem. Descrip.: Silicone aq. emulsion paper coatings, PU resins, agric., textile and construction materials, inks, starch, polishes, waxes; indirect food additive; food pkg. adhesives, paper/ Uses: Foam control agent for distillation, glycol scrubbing, detergents, oil refining, gas-oil separation, wastewater treatment, heating/cooling water treatpaperboard, PU resins ment, adhesives, glues, coatings, latexes, metal cleaning/degreasing, metal Use Level: 0.07-0.66% (adhesives), 0.07-0.30% (construction materials), etching, paper coatings, textile latex backing, sizing, and starching; effective 0.05-0.3% (latexes), 0.015-0.25% (metalworking fluids), up to 0.2% (agric. above 49 C prods.), 0.0025-0.05% (petrol.), 0.04-0.13% (biodeg. surfactants)., 0.13-Use Level: 150 ppm 0.27% (paper, textiles)

Properties: Med. wh. cream; 30% act.; nonionic

Regulatory: FDA 21 CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1680

Properties: Off-wh. powd., 100% thru #5 US sieve; sol. (act. ingred. g/100 g) in water (222.0 g), anhyd. IPA (39.5 g), propylene glycol USP (20.6 g); m.w. 251.2; sp.gr. 1.54 g/cc; dens. 43 lb/ft³; b.p. dec. > 60 C; 67.5% act. Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1190 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) 2000 mg/kg; sl. eye and skin irritant Dowicil® 150 [Dow] Uses: Antimicrobial for use in adhesives, cosmetics, aq. agric. prods., construction, household prods. (cleaners, detergents, floor care, etc.), inks, latexes, metalworking fluids, oil drilling fluids, paints, paper coatings, and textile spinning emulsions; particularly effective against Pseudomonas; not inactivated by nonionic, anionic, or cationic formulation ingreds., for prod. formulations where prolonged skin contact occurs Regulatory: EPA compliant Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. in water; low sol. in oil; 94% act.; 6% inert **DPG** [Monsanto] Chem. Descrip.: Diphenylquanidine CAS 102-06-7; EINECS/ELINCS 203-002-1 Uses: Sec. accelerator for rubber industry; in differential ore flotation of copper/ nickel deposits, security paper, and thermal print paper developing Properties: 2 mm pellets or dust-suppressed powd. Drainaid GL-73 [Huntsman] Uses: Drainage aid for acidified pulp in paper industry Properties: Liq.; 40% act.; nonionic Drainaid PM-85 [Huntsman] Uses: Pulp machine drainage aid Properties: Liq.; 40% act.; anionic Drakeol® 9 [Penreco] Chem. Descrip .: Lt. mineral oil NF CAS 8042-47-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-384-2 Uses: Base material, carrier for cosmetics; emulsified lubricant for laxatives, topical ointments; pigment dispersant, lubricant for plastics; plasticizer for PS; textile and paper lubricant; divider oil, mold release lubricant for food industry; coating for fruits and vegetables; food pkg. materials Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.878, 178.3620, 573.680; DOT and OSHA nonhazardous Properties: Sp.gr. 0.838-0.854; dens. 7.03-7.16 lb/gal; visc. 14.2-17.0 cSt (40 C); pour pt. 09 C; flash pt. 179 C; ref. index 1.4665 Toxicology: TSCA listed Drakeol® 19 [Penreco] Chem. Descrip .: Wh. mineral oil USP CAS 8042-47-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-384-2 Uses: Primary plasticizer for ethyl cellulose; lubricant for textile/paper; ingred. in cosmetics (creams, lotions, sunscreens), pharmaceuticals (laxatives, topical ointments), foods (lubes/greases, food pkg., divider oils), plastics (catalyst carriers) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.878, 178.3620, 573.680; DOT and OSHA nonhazardous Properties: Water-wh. transparent liq., odorless; sol. in hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 0.88 (60/60 F); dens. 7.14-7.31 lb/gal; visc. 34.9-37.3 cSt (40 C); vapor pressure < 1 mm Hg (70 F); b.p. 590 F; pour pt. -12 C; flash pt. 188 C; ref. index 1.4725 Toxicology: Relatively nontoxic by ingestion unless aspiration occurs; laxative props. may result in abdominal cramps, diarrhea; minimally irritating to eyes on direct contact; STEL 10 mg/m3 (as oil mist); TSCA listed Precaution: Combustion may produce dense smoke, CO, CO2, other oxides; may react with strong oxidizing agents Storage: Store in closed containers away from heat, sparks, open flame, oxidizers Drakeol® 35 [Penreco] Chem. Descrip .: Wh. mineral oil USP CAS 8042-47-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-384-2 Uses: Ingred. in laxatives, cosmetic creams, lotions, sunscreens, foods (bakery pan oils, lubes/greases, food pkg.); plasticizer/lubricant for PS, ethyl cellulose, PVC, annealing, catalyst carriers, thermoplastic rubber; water repellent for paper; adhesives, household cleaners and polishes Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.878, 178.3620, 573.680; DOT and OSHA nonhazardous Properties: Water-wh. transparent liq., odorless; sol. in hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 0.882 (60/60 F); dens. 7.25-7.35 lb/gal; visc. 65.8-71.0 cSt (40 C); vapor pressure < 1 mm Hg (70 F); i.b.p. 650 f; pour pt. -15 C; flash pt. 216 C; ref. index 1.4785

Toxicology: Relatively nontoxic by ingestion unless aspiration occurs; laxa-

tive props. may result in abdominal cramps, diarrhea; minimally irritating to eyes on direct contact; STEL 10 mg/m³ (as oil mist); TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustion may produce dense smoke, CO, CO₂, other oxides; may react with strong oxidizing agents

Storage: Store in closed containers away from heat, sparks, open flame, oxidizers

Drew™ 6123 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Chem. Descrip.: Ag. sol'n. of sulfur-based reducing agents *Uses:* Dechlorinating agent for pulp mills; destroys chlorine and chlorine dioxide in air, water, and pulp streams at lower cost than caustic soda or wh. liquor

Properties: PH near neutral

Drew[™] KPA 300 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Uses: Pulping aid for paper incl. kraft, brown, bleached; inc. prod. rate and yield, improves washing, reduces alkali charge and recovery loading

Drewchlor® [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium chlorite sol'n. CAS 7758-19-2; EINECS/ELINCS 231-836-6

- Uses: Algicide and precursor for generation of chlorine dioxide for treating industrial recirculating cooling water systems incl. cooling towers, air washers, evaporator condensers, potable water disinfection and removal of sulfide; biocontrol in food processing flumes, recycled waters; disinfection of sewage and plant wastes: destruction of phenolics, simple cvanides and sulfides; bacterial slime control in paper mills; bacterial control in oil well and petrol. systems
- Properties: SI. yel. clear liq.; dens. 10.4lb/gal; f.p. -22 C; cryst. pt. -7 C; pH > 11

Storage: Avoid extreme heat and freezing

Drewfax® 0007 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4

- Uses: Wetting agent, penetrant, surf. tens. reducer, dispersant for industrial coatings, adhesives, inks, pigments, textiles, cosmetics, paper, metal, paints, rubber, plastics, petrol. and agric. industries; emulsifier in mfg. of foodcontact articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3400

Properties: Colorless clear visc. liq.; sol. 6.8 g/100g water (30 C); sp.gr. 1.08; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. 400 cps; pH 5-6 (1%); 75% solids; anionic

Drewfax® 342 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Uses: Deposit control agent, antiscalant for kraft digesters; inc. operating time between digester shutdown for scale removal; improves liquor circulation and pulp uniformity; reduces digester corrosion (due to acid cleaning)

Drewfloc[®] 2270 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Chem. Descrip.: High m.w. emulsion polymer

- Uses: Flocculant and coagulant for dewatering industrial slurries, water clarification, and sludge conditioning, for enhancement of phosphorus and heavy metals removal, min. beneficiation, paper mill/air scrubber water clarification, inorg. sludge filtration, food processing industry, nonpotable water clarification, oily waste treatment
- Use Level: 0.2-5.0 ppm (flocculant, coagulant), 1-20 lb/ton dry solids (sludge conditioning)

Properties: Pale gray opaque liq.; sp.gr. 1.00 ± 0.02; visc. 500-2500 cps; f.p. -18 C; flash pt. (CC) > 200 F; anionic

Precaution: Polymer spills are very slippery

Storage: Store @ 40-95 F; avoid freezing and direct sunlight; 6 mos max. storage life

Drewplus® L-108 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Blend of mineral oils, emulsifiers, silica derivs. Uses: Defoamer for latex/rubber applics. esp. monomer stripping, acrylic,
- PVAc, NBR, SBR, PVC, adhesives, coatings, paper mfg.; food pkg. adhesives, paper, animal glue, cellophane Use Level: 0.01-0.03% total wt. basis
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 176.200, 177.1200, 178.3120 Properties: Straw-colored opaque liq.; emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 0.89; dens. 7.58 lb/gal; visc. 800 cps; pour pt. 9 C; flash pt. (PMCČ) 93 C; 100% act.

Drewplus® L-131 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary blend of mineral oil, silica derivs. and surfactants Uses: Defoamer for latex/rubber applics. (SBR, PVAc, PVA, NBR, acrylic), esp. for paper coating and carpet backing; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives

Use Level: 0.01-0.1% total wt. basis

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210

Properties: Yel. opaque liq.; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.92; visc. 600 cps; pour pt. -4 C; flash pt. (PMCC) > 93 C

Drewplus® L-139 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Chem. Descrip.: Blend of mineral oil, silica deriv., surfactants

Uses: Defoamer for latexes (SBR, NBR, PVC, PVAc, PVA, SAN, polybutadiene, vinyl acrylic), monomer stripping, degassing, adhesives, paper coatings; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane, animal glue

Use Level: 100-1000 ppm dry wt. resin

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 178.3120

Properties: Off-wh. translucent liq.; emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 0.89; dens. 7.43 lb/gal; visc. 400 cps; pour pt. 8 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 94 C

Storage: 1 yr storage stability @ R.T.; stir prior to use; freezing does not affect prod. performance

Drewplus® L-140 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Chem. Descrip.: Blend of minerals, silica derivs., and surfactants

Uses: Defoamer for latex emulsions (SBR, NBR, PVC, PVA, vinyl-acrylic), adhesives, inks, paint and industrial coatings, paper coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, animal glue; defoamer in foodcontact coatings, paper/paperboard Use Level: 2-5 lb/100 gal paint; 0.01-0.1% (latex adhesives, water-based

printing inks); 0.01-0.1% (industrial processes)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 178.3120; EPA 40CFR §180.1001

- Properties: Gray-wh. liq.; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.88; dens. 7.34 lb/gal; visc. 1150 cps; flash pt. 150 F
- Storage: 1 yr storage stability @ R.T.; stir prior to use; freezing does not affect prod. performance

Drewplus® L-175 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Chem. Descrip.: Blend of mineral oils and silica derivs.

Uses: Defoamer for paints/coatings, latexes (acrylic, PVAc, styrene acrylic, PVdC), food-contact adhesives/coatings/paper

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210

Properties: Off-wh. opaque liq.; disp. in surfactant systems; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.91; dens. 7.59 lb/gal; visc. 950 cps; nonionic

Storage: 1-2 mos storage stability under normal conditions; if settling occurs, use mild agitation before use; stored at or below freezing, visc. will increase and some phase separation may occur

Drewplus® L-191 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Chem. Descrip.: Blend of mineral oils, surfactants, silica derivs.

Uses: Defoamer for latexes (SBR, NBR, acrylic, vinyl acrylic), food-contact adhesives/coatings/paper; food pkg. cellophane, animal glue

Use Level: 0.01-0.1% total wt. basis

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 178.3120 Properties: Straw-colored opaque liq.; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.92; dens. 7.68 lb/gal; visc. 800 cps; pour pt. 0 C; flash pt. > 300 F

Storage: Mix before using Drewplus® L-198 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Chem. Descrip.: Blend of mineral oils, silica derivs., and esters

- Uses: Defoamer for polymerization, latex stripping (SBR, PVC, EPDM, PVdC), paper coatings, food-contact adhesives/coatings/paper/paperboard; food pkg. cellophane, animal glues
- Use Level: 0.01-0.1% total wt. basis
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.120, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 178.3120

Properties: Straw-colored opaque liq.; emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 0.95; dens. 7.93 lb/gal; visc. 800 cps; pour pt. 10 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 148 C Storage: Store in warm place; stir prior to use; freezing does not affect prod. performance

Drewplus® L-407 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Chem. Descrip.: Modified polysiloxane copolymer emulsion

Uses: Foam control agent for architectural and maintenance paints and coatings (interior/exterior gloss and semigloss paints, waterborne industrial coatings, polymer emulsions, water-thinnable gravure and flexographic inks); defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, paper Use Level: 0.1-0.5% by total wt.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210

Properties: Milky wh. liq., mild odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.0; dens. 8.32 lb/gal; visc. 200 cps; flash pt. > 300 F

Drewplus® L-418 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Chem. Descrip.: Blend of silica derivs., hydrocarbons, and silicones

Uses: Defoamer for inks, adhesives, paints/coatings, ag. interior semigloss, eggshell or aq. exterior semigloss trade sales paints, food-contact adhesives/paper/animal glue/cellophane Use Level: 0.1-0.3% by total wt.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 178.3120

Properties: Off-wh. opaque liq.; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.98; dens. 8.18 lb/gal; visc. 1250 cps; pour pt. 6 C Drewplus® L-419 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Chem. Descrip.: Blend of silica derivs., hydrocarbons, and silicones

Uses: Defoamer for latex paints, water-reducible coatings, inks, adhesives, aq. systems, food-contact adhesives/coatings/paper

Use Level: 0.5-2 lb/100 gal paint; 0.2-0.5% (other aq. systems)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210

Properties: Off-wh. opaque liq.; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.96; dens. 8.01 lb/gal Drewplus® L-424 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Blend of silica derivs., mineral oils, glycols, and esters Uses: Foam control agent for interior and exterior gloss and semigloss low-VOC enamels; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, cellophane, animal glue Use Level: 4-7 lb/100 gal
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 178.3120

Properties: Off-wh. opaque liq.; readily emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 0.921; visc. 230 cps; flash pt. > 200 F; ref. index 1.4601; nonionic

Drewplus® L-435 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Chem. Descrip.: Blend of silica derivs., mineral oils, glycols, and esters Uses: Foam control agent for interior and exterior gloss and semigloss low-VOC enamels; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210

Properties: Off-wh. opaque liq.; readily emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 0.921; visc. 230 cps; flash pt. > 200 F; ref. index 1.4601

Drewplus® L-466 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary blend of fatty acid derivatives, surfactants, and hydrocarbons

Uses: Defoamer in aq. industrial coatings (aq. interior semigloss, eggshell, and flat wall paint, aq. exterior semigloss or flat trade sales paint), inks, foodcontact adhesives/coatings/paper; used in the grind or letdown phase of paint production

Use Level: 0.2-0.6% by total wt.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210

Properties: Opaque off-wh. liq.; nondisp. in water; disp. in surfactant systems; sp.gr. 0.87-0.88; dens. 7.24-7.39 lb/gal; flash pt. (PMCC) > 300 F

Drewplus® L-474 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Chem. Descrip.: Blend of alcohols, silica derivs., surfactants *Uses:* Defoamer for latexes (PVC, PVAc, styrene acrylic, NR), adhesives, dyestuffs, paper coatings, paints, food-contact adhesives/paper/animal glues Use Level: 0.1-0.2% total wt. basis (latex stripping); 2-3 lb/100 gal paint; 0.1-0.5% (paper coatings)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 178.3120

Properties: Yel. opaque liq.; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.94; dens. 7.84 lb/gal; visc. 320 cps; pour pt. 0 C; flash pt. 200 F

Drewplus® L-475 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Chem. Descrip.: Blend of mineral oils and silica derivs.

- Uses: Defoamer for paints/coatings (aq. interior or exterior gloss, semigloss, or flat trade sales paints), latexes (acrylic, PVAc, styrene acrylic, PVdC), adhesives, paper coatings
- Use Level: 2-5 lb/100 gal latex paint; 0.01% on wet basis (polymer stripping), 0.01-1% vol. basis (water-reducible and resin emulsion coatings)
- Properties: Off-wh. opague liq.; disp. in surfactant systems; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.91; dens. 7.59 lb/gal; visc. 950 cps; flash pt. > 300 F; ref. index 1.4; nonionic

Storage: 1-2 mos storage stability under normal conditions; if settling occurs, use mild agitation before use; stored at or below freezing, visc. will increase and some phase separation may occur

Drewplus® L-477 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.]

Chem. Descrip.: Blend of mineral oils and silica derivs.

Uses: Defoamer for interior and exterior paints incl. gloss, semigloss, and flat paints; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives; all-purpose

Use Level: 1-3 lb/100 gal latex paint

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210

Properties: Lt. amber liq.; insol. in water; disp. in surfactant systems; sp.gr. 0.90; visc. 1100 cps; pour pt. 0 C Drewplus® L-493 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.] Chem. Descrip.: Blend of mineral oils, silica derivs., emulsifiers Drewplus® Y-281 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.] Uses: Defoamer for latex paints, water-reducible industrial coatings, inks, adhesives, for acrylic, vinyl acrylic, and PVAc emulsions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, animal glues; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/board paper/paperboard Use Level: 1-3 lb/100 gal Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 178.3120 1000 cps; pour pt. 0 C Drewplus® Y-601 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.] Properties: Off-wh. opaque liq.; emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 0.90; dens. 7.51 lb/gal; visc. 1400 cps; pour pt. 0 C; flash pt. 149 C; ref. index 1.431 Drewplus® L-496 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.] Chem. Descrip.: Blend of mineral oil, silica derivs., and surfactants Uses: Foam control agent for latex paints, emulsion and water-reducible coatings, aq. inks, for acrylic, vinyl acrylic and styrene acrylic emulsions; visc. 400 cps; pour pt. 0 C defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane, animal glues Use Level: 1-3 lb/100 gal Drymet[®] 59 [Crosfield] Chem. Descrip .: Sodium metasilicate anhyd. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 178.3120 Properties: Off-wh. opaque liq.; emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 0.90; dens. 7.4-7.6 lb/gal; flash pt. > 300 F; ref. index 1.419 (0.03% max.); Fe (0.017% max.) Drewplus® L-523 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.] Chem. Descrip.: Blend of fatty oils, surfactants, and silica derivs. UN No. 3262 Uses: Defoamer for latexes (SBR, EVA), food/fermentation applics. incl. chewing gum and potato processing; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives Use Level: 200-800 ppm (chewing gum), 0.1-1% (potato processing) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 176.200, 176.210 Properties: Off-wh. opaque liq.; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.99; dens. 8.26 lb/gal; visc. 800 cps; pour pt. 10 C Drewplus® L-768 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.] Chem. Descrip.: Blend of silicone fluid, silica derivs. and surfactants pH 12.6 (1% aq.) Uses: Defoamer for industrial/chemical processes, food/fermentation and agric. applics., pesticides, aq. and some nonaq. systems, adhesives, coatings; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, paper Use Level: 10-100 ppm Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, and EPA compliance Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: None Properties: Off-wh. opaque liq.; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.02; dens. 8.51 lb/gal; HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1 visc. 1100 cps; pour pt. 5 C; flash pt. (COC) 93 C Drewplus® T-4202 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.] Chem. Descrip.: Foam control agent Drymet[®] Fines [Crosfield] Uses: Foam control agent for coatings, lacguers, emulsion polymerization, monomer stripping operations, adhesives, and inks; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; industrial grade (0.03% max.); Fe (0.017% max.) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210 CAS 6834-92-0; EINECS/ELINCS 229-912-9 Properties: Opaque, yel.-grayish liq.; emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 0.88-0.92; UN No. 3262 flash pt. (PMCC) > 300 F; nonionic Storage: Good stability under normal conditions; agitation may be necessary if sl. separation occurs on extended storage Drewplus® Y-125 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.] Chem. Descrip.: Blend of mineral oils and fatty acid derivs. Uses: Defoamer for controlling entrained air during latex stripping, paints/ coatings mfg., for SBR, PVAč, PCA emulsions, AČN resin systems; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane, animal glue; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.01-0.1% total wt. basis Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 178.3120 Properties: Tan opaque liq.; emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 0.93; dens. 7.76 lb/ gal; visc. 2200 cps; pour pt. 0 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 93 C Drewplus® Y-250 [Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.] Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: None *Chem. Descrip.:* Blend of mineral oils, silica derivs., and esters Uses: Defoamer for aq. industrial systems, paints/coatings (traffic, primers, enamels, gloss), latexes (SBR, acrylic, PVAc, PVA, styrene acrylic, PVdC, vinyl acrylic), inks, adhesives, cutting oils, food/fermentation applics.; ers closed when not in use food pkg. adhesives, paper; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paper-D® Sodium Silicate [PQ] Chem. Descrip .: Sodium silicate board; rec. for aq. systems requiring quick foam knockdown, long lasting foam prevention

Use Level: 0.1-0.5% total wt. basis

Chem. Descrip.: Blend of mineral oils, silica derivs., and surfactants

Uses: Defoamer for paints, latex/rubber, industrial coatings, adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane, animal glue; defoamer in food-contact coatings,

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 178.3120 Properties: Off-wh. liq.; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.93; dens. 7.76 lb/gal; visc.

Chem. Descrip.: Blend of mineral oils, org. solids, surfactants Uses: Defoamer for latexes (SBR, PVC, B/S, PVAc), paints/coatings, adhesives, water-borne flexographic or gravure inks, paper coatings Use Level: 0.01% total wt. basis; 0.1-0.3% (water-borne inks)

Properties: Off-wh. opaque liq.; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.83; dens. 6.93 lb/gal;

Storage: Mild agitation may be necessary if sl. separation occurs

Chem. Analysis: Na₂O (50.4-51.9%); silica (45.5%); CO₂ (2.0% max.); Al

- CAS 6834-92-0; EINECS/ELINCS 229-912-9
- Uses: Buffer, corrosion inhibitor for formulating specialty detergents and cleaners (engine cleansers, brewery piping, dairy, food grill cleaners, concrete cleaners, ferrous metal/degreaser, paint stripper, oil, paper reclamation, pulp bleaching); soap builder and detergent ingred. in I&I cleaners; flocculant and dispersant in metallurgy, ore treatment; washing of clays (mining)
- Regulatory: SARA immediate (acute) health hazard
- Properties: Wh. free-flowing gran.; 3% on 18 mesh, 55% on 40 mesh; odorless; sol. 27 g/100g (30 Č); m.w. 122.06; sp.gr. 2.4; bulk dens. 1.0 g/ cm³ (loose), 1.2 g/cm³ (packed); vapor pressure negligible; m.p. 1088 Č;

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 847 mg/kg; causes severe burns to skin, eyes, respiratory and digestive tract; ing. may cause GI irritation, nausea, vomiting, cramps, diarrhea; avoid breathing dust; TSCA listed

Precaution: Corrosive; mod. to strongly alkaline; may react to form deadly CO on contact with certain prods. or their residues

Storage: Hygroscopic; 2 yr shelf life when stored in cool, dry, well-ventilated area; keep containers closed when not in use

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium metasilicate anhyd.

Chem. Analysis: Na2O (50.4-51.9%); silica (45.5%); CO2 (2.0% max.); Al

- Uses: Buffer, corrosion inhibitor for formulating specialty detergents and cleaners (engine cleansers, brewery piping, dairy, food grill cleaners, concrete cleaners, ferrous metal/degreaser, paint stripper, oil, paper reclamation, pulp bleaching); soap builder and detergent ingred. in I&I cleaners; flocculant and dispersant in metallurgy, ore treatment; washing of clays (mining)
- Regulatory: SARA immediate (acute) health hazard

Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 1% on 20 mesh; odorless; sol. 27 g/ 100g (30 C); m.w. 122.06; sp.gr. 2.4; bulk dens. 0.89 g/cm³ (loose), 1.13 g/cm³ (packed); vapor pressure negligible; m.p. 1088 C; pH 12.6 (1% aq.)

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 847 mg/kg; causes severe burns to skin, eyes, respiratory and digestive tract; ing. may cause GI irritation, nausea, vomiting, cramps, diarrhea; avoid breathing dust; TSCA listed

Precaution: Corrosive; mod. to strongly alkaline; may react to form deadly CO on contact with certain prods. or their residues

HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1

Storage: Hygroscopic; store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area; keep contain-

CAS 1344-09-8; EINECS/ELINCS 215-687-4

Uses: Corrosion inhibitor for aq. systems, petrol., water treatment; cement

slurry thinner; detergents and cleaning compds.; ore flotation; slime control in mining; detergent, deflocculant, bleaching enhancer, alkalinity agent in deinking paper stock; peroxide stabilizer in repulping and postbleaching <i>Regulatory:</i> SARA nonreportable <i>Properties:</i> Clear to opalescent visc. liq.; odorless; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.3-1.5; dens. 12.8 lb/gal; visc. 400 cps (20 C); pH 11-12.5; noncom- bustible; 44.1% solids, 29.4% SiO ₂ , 14.7% Na ₂ O <i>Toxicology:</i> CEL 5 mg/m ³ ; skin and eye irritant; causes irritation to respiratory tract on inhalation, irritation to esophagus and stomach on ingestion <i>Environmental:</i> High alkalinity of undiluted or unneutralized material is harmful to aquatic life	 Uses: Extender for plastics, coatings, adhesives, sealants, patching compds., automotive underbody coatings, modeling clays, building materials, explosives, foams, textile printing inks, paper mfg., carpets, syn. wood, roof coatings, polymer concrete, wire and cable, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; can reduce prod. weight and lower volume costs; chem. resist. to most aliphatic and high esters; very good resist. to aromatics and low esters; fair resist. to ketones; heat resist. to 150 C; lowers VOC emissions Dumasperse 540 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium salts of polyacrylic acid CAS 9003-04-7 Uses: Pigment dispersant for clays, paints, adhesives, paper, and latexes;
num, tin, lead, and zinc (may produce flamm. hydrogen gas on prolonged contact); spills are very slippery; dries to glassy film which can cut skin, etch glass	Properties: Low m.w.; anionic Dumasperse 543 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium salt of polyacrylic acid
Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Hydrogen	CAS 9003-03-6
DSP 15 [Dow]	Uses: Dispersant for elec. ceramics and specialized paper coatings; rec.
Chem. Descrip.: Styrene acrylic copolymer aq. sol'n.	where potassium salts are objectionable
CAS 9010-92-8	Properties: Anionic
Uses: Suff. sizing agent for acid, alkaline, neutral, or unsized paper; improves	Duponol® LS Paste [Crompton/Witco]
Properties: Ylshwh. sl. turbid sol'n.; visc. 200 mPa•s; pH 9; 15% solids; anionic	Chem. Descrip.: Solution degrisultate tech. CAS 1847-55-8; EINECS/ELINCS 217-430-1 Uses: Emulsifier, scouring agent in textile and leather industries; rewetting agent for paper Properties: Lt. tap pagts; m.w. 255; surf. taps; 27.8 duppe/cm (0.1%); 24%
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Styrene acrylic copolymer aq. sol'n.	act; anionic
CAS 9010-92-8	Durad® 110B [Great Lakes]
Uses: Surf. sizing agent for acid, alkaline, neutral, or unsized paper; improves	<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> t-Butylphenyl phosphate
ink-jet printability, toner adhesion, and optical brightness; exc. flexibility;	Uses: Antiwear agent and mild EP agent for lubricants and functional fluids
very high mech. stability	incl. engine oils, tractor fluids, roll oils, bearing lubricants, pump oils, paper
<i>Properties:</i> SI. opaque sol'n.; visc. 200 mPa•s; pH 9; 15% solids; anionic	machine oils, transmission fluids, greases, power steering fluids, refrigera-
DSP 80 [Dow]	tion compressor oils; ashless; reduces wear and friction
Chem. Descrip.: Styrene acrylic copolymer aq. sol'n.	Use Level: 0.5-3.0%
CAS 9010-92-8	Properties: Clear liq.; odorless; sol. in min. oil and syn. base fluids; sp.gr.
Uses: Surf. sizing agent for acid, alkaline, neutral, or unsized paper; improves	1.180 (20 C); visc. 60 cSt (20 C); acid no. < 0.1; pour pt26 C; flash pt.
ink-jet printability, toner adhesion, and optical brightness; exc. flexibility;	(COC) 255 C; 8.5% P
very high mech. stability	Toxicology: Low skin irritant
 Properties: SI. opaque sol'n.; visc. 200 mPa•s; pH 9; 15% solids; anionic DS-S1 [Songkang Ind. Co.] Chem. Descrip.: Bromic mixt. Uses: Biocide, slimicide for papermaking; long-term efficiency in water circuit; good anaerobic bactericidal props. Use Level: 10-30 ppm/m³ of white water 	Durad® 150B [Great Lakes] Chem. Descrip.: t-Butylphenyl phosphate Uses: Antiwear agent and mild EP agent for lubricants and functional fluids incl. engine oils, tractor fluids, roll oils, bearing lubricants, pump oils, paper machine oils, transmission fluids, greases, power steering fluids, refrigera- tion compressor oils: ashless: reduces wear and friction
Properties: Sp.gr. 1.1; visc. < 10 cps; pH 4 ± 1	Use Level: 0.5-3.0%
Dualite® M6050AE [Pierce & Stevens]	Properties: Clear liq.; odorless; sol. in min. oil and syn. base fluids; sp.gr.
Chem. Descrip.: Hollow composite microspheres (shell: acrylonitrile copoly-	1.165 (20 C); visc. 90 cSt (20 C); acid no. < 0.1; pour pt26 C; flash pt.
mer; coating: calcium carbonate)	(COC) 255 C; 8.1% P
Chem. Analysis: moisture (< 2%)	Toxicology: Low skin irritant
Uses: Extender for plastics, coatings, adhesives, sealants, patching compds.,	Durad® 220B [Great Lakes]
automotive underbody coatings, modeling clays, building materials, explo-	<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Triaryl phosphate
sives, foams, textile printing inks, paper mfg., carpets, syn. wood, roof	<i>Uses:</i> Antiwear agent and mild EP agent for lubricants and functional fluids
coatings, polymer concrete, wire and cable, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals;	incl. engine oils, tractor fluids, roll oils, bearing lubricants, pump oils, paper
can reduce weight and lower volume costs; chem. resist. to most aliphatic	machine oils, transmission fluids, greases; ashless; reduces wear and
and high esters; good resist. to aromatics and low esters; lowers VOC	friction
emissions	<i>Properties:</i> Clear lig.; odorless; sol. in min. oil and syn. base fluids; sp.gr.
Properties: Sp.gr. 0.130 ± 0.02; dens. 1.08 lb/gal	1.155 (20/20 C); visc. 160 cSt (20 C); acid no. < 0.1; pour pt21 C; flash
Dualite® MS7000 [Pierce & Stevens]	pt. (COC) 255 C; 7.9% P
Chem. Descrip.: Hollow composite microspheres (shell: acrylonitrile copoly-	Durad® 620B [Great Lakes]
mer; coating: calcium carbonate)	<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> t-Butylphenyl phosphate
<i>Chem. Analysis:</i> moisture (< 2%)	<i>Uses:</i> Antiwear and mild EP agent for lubricants and functional fluids incl.
<i>Uses:</i> Extender for plastics, coatings, adhesives, sealants, patching compds.,	engine oils, tractor fluids, roll oils, bearing lubricants, pump oils, paper
automotive underbody coatings, modeling clays, building materials, explo-	machine oils, transmission fluids, greases, power steering fluids, refrigera-
sives, foams, textile printing inks, paper mfg., carpets, syn. wood, roof	tion compressor oils; ashless; reduces wear and friction
coatings, polymer concrete, wire and cable, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals;	<i>Use Level:</i> 0.5-3.0%
can reduce weight and lower volume costs; chem. resist. to most aliphatic	<i>Properties:</i> Clear liq.; odorless; sol. in min. oil and syn. base fluids; sp.gr.
and high esters; good resist. to aromatics and low esters; lowers VOC	1.125 (20 C); visc. 700 cSt (20 C); acid no. < 0.1; pour pt4 C; flash pt.
emissions	(COC) 255 C; 7.1% P
Properties: Sp.gr. 0.065 ± 0.005; dens. 0.54 lb/gal	Toxicology: Low skin irritant
Dualite® MS7020 [Pierce & Stevens]	Dur-O-Set® E-623 [Nat'l. Starch & Chem.]
Chem. Descrip.: Hollow composite microspheres (shell: acrylonitrile copoly-	<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Self-crosslinking ethylene-vinyl acetate emulsion
mer; coating: calcium carbonate)	CAS 24937-78-8
Chem. Analysis: moisture (< 2%)	<i>Uses:</i> Dry and wet str. agent for paper saturation (filtration, tag and label

stock); component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; features toughness, flexibility, exc. formulation, size press, and spray stability; exc. adhesion to wide variety of substrates; high str., durability, solv. resist.; requires acid catalyst to optimize crosslinking and performance Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 177.2260 Properties: 0.4 µ particle size; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 200 cps; pH 5.5; 52% solids; anionic Dur-O-Set® E-646 [Nat'l. Starch & Chem.] Chem. Descrip.: Self-crosslinking ethylene-vinyl acetate emulsion CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Dry and wet str. agent for paper saturation (wallcovering, tag and label stock); component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; exc. adhesion to wide variety of substrates; delamination resist.; features softness and toughness, exc. formulation stability, exc. size press and spray stability; requires acid catalyst to optimize crosslinking and performance Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 177.2260 Properties: 0.4 µ particle size; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 100 cps; pH 5.5; 52% solids; anionic Dur-O-Set® Elite 22 [Nat'l. Starch & Chem.] Chem. Descrip.: Self-crosslinking ethylene-vinyl acetate emulsion CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Dry and wet str. agent for paper saturation (wallcovering, filtration, tag and label stock); imparts soft hand with toughness, flexibility, and abrasion resist.; exc. dry, wet and solv. str.; exc. adhesion to wide variety of fibers; exc. size press and spray stability; ultra low formaldehyde; alkyl phenol ethoxylate-free Properties: 0.4 µ particle size; low odor; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 300 cps; pH 5; 52% solids; anionic Dur-O-Set® Elite 33 [Nat'l. Starch & Chem.] Chem. Descrip.: Self-crosslinking ethylene-vinyl acetate emulsion CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Dry and wet str. agent for paper saturation (wallcovering, filtration, tag and label stock); imparts toughness, flexibility, and abrasion resist.; yields highly absorbent fabrics; exc. dry, wet and solv. str.; exc. adhesion to wide variety of fibers; exc. size press and spray stability; ultra low formaldehyde; alkyl phenol ethoxylate-free Properties: 0.4 µ particle size; low odor; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 300 cps; pH 5; 52% solids; anionic Dykor® 204 [Whitford] Chem. Descrip .: Polyvinylidene fluoride CAS 24937-79-9 Uses: Primer coating containing mica to enhance adhesion at metal/coating interface; protective coating for lining chem. processing vessels, acid etching in mfg. of electronic components, bleaching operations in pulp/paper mills, corrosion protection Dymsol® 2031 [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis/Coatings & Inks; Sidobre-Sinnova SA] Chem. Descrip .: Sulfated oleic acid, sodium salt CAS 68331-91-9 Uses: Primary or sec. emulsifier for emulsion polymerization, SBR, PVC; latex stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200; SARA nonreportable Properties: Dk. amber liq.; mild odor; 10% sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.09; dens. 9.1 lb/gal; flash pt. (PMCC) 93 C; pH 5.3 (2%); 60% act. in water; anionic Toxicology: May cause skin and eye irritation; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea; TSCA listed Environmental: Biodeg. Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO, SO, NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: May congeal or stratify if cold; warm to 50 C, mix well Dymsol[®] B [Cognis/Chems. Group] Chem. Descrip.: Zinc stearate/zinc palmitate aq. disp. Uses: Lubricant; stabilizer in elastomeric polymers; rubber strip stock antitackifier; food pkg. adhesives, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210,

177.1210; SARA §311/312/313 reportable

- Properties: Wh. visc. liq.; fatty odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.98; dens. 8.2 lb/ gal; visc. 3000 cP; flash pt. (PMCC) > 93 C; pH 10 (10%); VOC 54%; 45% act.
- *Toxicology:* May cause sl. skin and possibly severe eye irritation; ing. may cause GI irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea; zinc stearate may cause pulmonary fibrosis; TSCA listed

Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and oxides of zinc

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store above 10 C; protect from freezing; mix well before using DynaCoat™ XA [Plasmine Tech.]

Chem. Descrip.: Modified rosin-based aq. emulsion

CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7

Uses: Surf. sizing agent imparting exc. hydrophobicity and surf. str. to paper grades at the size press; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty/dry foods; compat. with size press formulations contg. clay, CaCO₃, or other pigments; nonfoaming; exc. size press runnability; imparts exc. ink jet printability and toner adhesion to base sheet; exc. stability

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180
- Properties: Milky wh. emulsion; odorless; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.05; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. nonflamm.; pH 6-7; 40% total solids; anionic

Toxicology: No health hazards known; avoid skin and eye contact

Precaution: Keep away from heat, strong alkali, and strong acid

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: 6 mos shelf life; store @ 40-90 F; avoid freeze/thaw storage conditions

DynaCoat[™] XC [Plasmine Tech.]

Chem. Descrip.: Modified rosin-based emulsion

- CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7
- Uses: Surf. sizing agent improving ink jet printability and surf. str. of highly filled alkaline papers at the size press; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; compat. with size press formulations contg. optical brighteners and other additives; nonfoaming; exc. size press runnability; imparts exc. toner adhesion to base sheet; exc. stability *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: Milky wh. emulsion; sl. odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.04; dens. 8.67 lb/gal; visc. 295 cps; m.p. 32 F; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. nonflamm.; pH 3.3; 35% total solids; cationic

- *Toxicology:* May cause eye irritation, reddening, itching, inflamm. of skin/ eyes; inh. may cause respiratory tract irritation, coughing; ing. may cause digestive tract irritation; prolonged skin contact may cause irritation and dermatitis
- Precaution: Avoid contact with strong oxidizers

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: 6 mos shelf life; store @ ambient temps.; keep from freezing; if accidentally frozen, mix thoroughly

DynaCoat XL [Plasmine Tech.]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene-acrylic aq. emulsion

CAS 9010-92-8

- Uses: Surf. sizing agent imparting exc. hydrophobicity and surf. str. to variety of paper grades; improves printing chars. and toner adhesion; exc. stability; low foaming
- Properties: Milky translucent disp.; sl. odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 1700 cps; b.p. 100 C; flash pt. nonflamm.; pH 8.6; 50% total solids
- *Toxicology:* May cause eye irritation, reddening, itching, inflamm. of skin/ eyes; inh. may cause respiratory tract irritation, coughing; ing. may cause digestive tract irritation; prolonged skin contact may cause irritation and dermatitis

Precaution: Avoid contact with strong oxidizers; spilled liq. may be slippery HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: 1+ yr shelf life; store @ ambient temps. in closed containers; keep from freezing

Dynakoll [Akzo Nobel]

Chem. Descrip.: Rosin size

CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7

Uses: Water repellent for paper prods.

Properties: Liq. Dynol™ 604 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Acetylenic glycol-based surfactant

Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent for high-performance aq. systems, e.g., metal and wood coatings, paper coatings, flexographic and gravure inks, adhesives, concrete sealers, floor polishes, leather coatings, architectural paints, etc.; exc. for difficult-to-wet substrates requiring good flow and leveling; reduces equilibrium and dynamic surf. tensions; ideal for low-VOC, lowfoam applics.

Use Level: 0.2-1% (metal coatings), 0.5-1% (wood coatings)

Properties: Amber Iiq.; sp.gr. 0.974; flash pt. 327 F; surf. tenš. 25.8 dynes/cm (equilibrium, 0.1% aq.), 28.4 dynes/cm (dynamic, 0.1% aq.); < 1.5% VOC; 100% act.; nonionic

Dyqex[®] [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lignosulfonate CAS 8061-51-6

Uses: Dye dispersant extender; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

- *Properties*: Brn. powd., no appreciable odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. \approx 0.5; m.p. dec.; pH \approx 7; anionic
- *Toxicology:* Nontoxic orally; nonirritating to eyes, skin; prolonged exposure to dust may cause sneezing, coughing, or other nuisance symptoms *Environmental:* Biodeg.
- Precaution: Finely divided particles mixed with air in presence of an ignition source may present an explosion hazard; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: SO₂

Storage: Store in dry place and keep sealed until ready to use to prevent caking from moisture pickup

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Eastacoat 808P [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip .: LDPE

- CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Uses: Used for inj. molding, extrusion coating, and laminating foil to paperboard (e.g., soft-drink syrup packages), heat seal coating for boil-in-bag food pouches
- Properties: Sp.gr. 0.917; melt index 7.0 g/10 min; tens. str. 10 MPa (yield, 500 mm/min), 10 MPa (break, 500 mm/min); elong. 400% (break, 500 mm/ min); Vicat soften. pt. 88 C

Eastek 1200 [Eastman]

- Chem. Descrip.: Sulfopolyester polymer
- Uses: Preprint primer for aluminum foil, metalized paper, and other types of film; gravure slipcoat or processing aid for cigarette inner liner pkg. applic.; water and alcohol resist., fast drying
- Properties: Low odor; visc. 100 cps; pH 5-7; 30% solids

Eastek 2140 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Sulfopolyester hybrid

- Uses: Gravure ink vehicle for printing on paper and board applics.; low foaming
- Properties: Emulsion; low odor; visc. 18 cps; pH 5-7; 2% n-propanol; 40% solids

Eastman[®] TXIB [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: 2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutyrate CAS 6846-50-0; EINECS/ELÍNCS 229-934-9

- Uses: Primary plasticizer in surf. coatings, vinyl floorings, floor polishes, moldings, and vinyl prods.; compatible with film-forming vehicles used in lacquers for wood, paper, and metals; primary plasticizer for PVC plastisols for rotocasting and slush molding; used in PVC organosols processed by extrusion and inj. molding; also for adhesives, cosmetics and personal care prods.
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sl. fruity odor; sol. 1.5 mg/l in water; m.w. 286.4; sp.gr. 0.945 (20 C); dens. 7.86 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 9 cP; vapor pressure 0.0007 mm Hg (20 C); f.p. -70 C; b.p. 280 C; ref. index 1.4300; flash pt. (PMCC) 128 C; fire pt. 152 C (COC); ref. index 1.4300; dissip. factor 0.13 x 10⁻² (1 MHz); dielec. const. 4.5 (1 MHz); vol. resist. 1.5 x 10¹¹ ohm-cm; 98% min. assay
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 3.2 g/kg, (dermal, guinea pig) > 20 ml/kg; low hazard by inh., ingestion, eye or skin contact; TSCA listed
- Environmental: Low BOD; little potential to cause oxygen depletion in aq. systems; low potential to affect aquatic organisms or sec. waste treatment microbial respiration; expected to biodegrade

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing materials; explosive limits 0.48% vol. (172 C) to 3.1% vol. (230 C)

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Hazardous combustion prods.: CO, CO₂ Storage: Store in closed containers

Eastone[™] 147 Wax [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Polypropylene homopolymer wax

CAS 9003-07-0

Uses: Processing aid for rubber and plastic; softening pt. improver for hot-melt adhesives; additive in paper coatings and printing inks

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA nonreportable

Properties: Gardner 1 pastilles or powd.; odorless; negligible sol. in water; m.w. 8300; sp.gr. 0.86; visc. 125 mPa•s (190 C); vapor pressure negligible; soften. pt. (R&B) 150 C; flash pt. (COC) 277 C; 100% act. Toxicology: TSCA listed

Precaution: Powd. material may form explosive dust-air mixts.; molten material will produce thermal burns; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion produces CO₂, CO

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Keep container closed
- Ebecryl® 350 [UCB Radcure]
- Chem. Descrip.: Acrylated silicone
- Uses: Slip agent for overprint varnishes and coatings on wood, paper, and plastics; good substrate wetting and slip with no migration
- Properties: Gardner 8 color; visc. 400 cps; acid no. 5
- Ebecryl® 585 [UCB Radcure]
- Chem. Descrip.: Chlorinated polyester diluted 40% with tripropylene glycol diacrylate
 - Uses: Used in UV cured lithographic and screen inks for metals, plastics, and paper, laminating adhesives, clear coatings; fast UV cure, good adhesion Properties: Gardner 3 color; visc. 4700 cps; acid no. 15; tens. str. 1300; tens. elong. 45%
- Ebecryl® 586 [UCB Radcure]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Chlorinated polyester diluted 40% with trimethylolpropane triacrylate
 - Uses: Used in UV cured dry lithographic inks for metals, plastics, and paper, laminating adhesives, clear coatings; fast UV cure, good adhesion
- Properties: Gardner 3 color; visc. 45,000 cps; acid no. 15; tens. str. 7000; tens. elong. 1% Ebecryl® 588 [UCB Radcure]
- - Chem. Descrip.: Chlorinated polyester diluted 40% with OTA-480
 - Uses: Used in UV cured dry lithographic inks for metals, plastics, and paper, laminating adhesives, clear coatings; fast UV cure, good adhesion to plastics
 - Properties: Gardner 3 color; visc. 40,000 cps; acid no. 15; tens. str. 3700; tens. elong. 22%
- Ebecryl® 600 [UCB Radcure]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Bisphenol A epoxy diacrylate
 - Uses: For overprint varnishes, lithographic and screen inks, coatings for paper, paperboard, wood chipboard, and rigid plastics, laminating adhesives, paper upgrading; low color grade featuring very fast cure, high gloss, exc. solv. resist.
 - Properties: Gardner 1 color; m.w. 525; visc. 3600 cps (60 C); acid no. 2; tens. str. 13,900 psi; tens. elong. 7%
- Ebecryl® 1360 [UCB Radcure]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone hexaacrylate

- Uses: Slip agent, substrate wetting agent, and flow control agent in overprint varnishes, clear coatings on paper, plastics and metals
- Properties: Gardner 7 color; visc. 2000 cps; acid no. 14
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Ebecryl® 2047 [UCB Radcure]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Trifunctional polyester acrylate oligomer
 - Uses: Diluent for UV/EB-cured prods., flexographic and screen inks, coatings (paper, wood, plastics), paper upgrading, high visc. systems, EBcured paper-foil laminating adhesives, solventless spray and flow coater applics.; high surf. hardness, solv. resist., toughness
 - Properties: Gardner 3 max. color; low odor; dens. 9.1 lb/gal; visc. 400 cps; acid no. 15 max.; 100% solids
 - Storage: 6 mos shelf life in stainless steel tanks, amber glass, amber polyethylene, or baked phenolic lined containers; do not expose to temps. > 100 F

for prolonged periods, or to direct sunlight

Ebecryl® 3500 [UCB Radcure]

Chem. Descrip.: Bisphenol A epoxy acrylate

- *Uses:* For use in screen ink vehicles, clear coatings for paper, wood and metal decorating, and laminating adhesives; improved flexibility, good chem. resist., toughness, high gloss
- Properties: Gardner 4 color; m.w. 750; visc. 60,000 cps; acid no. 4; tens. str. 6500 psi; tens. elong. 43%
- Ebecryl® 3502 [UCB Radcure]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Bisphenol A epoxy diacrylate diluted with 20% OTA-480 Uses: For use in clear coatings for paper, laminates, adhesives, metal decorating, and screen inks; fast cure response, hardness, chem. resist. and high gloss
 - Properties: Gardner 2 color; m.w. 525; visc. 70,000 cps; acid no. 1; tens. str. 9000 psi; tens. elong. 4%

Ebecryl® 3701 [UCB Radcure]

Chem. Descrip.: Bisphenol A epoxy acrylate

- Uses: For use in overprint varnishes, clear coatings for paper, wood, metal decorating, laminating adhesives; offers abrasion and chem. resist., high gloss, flexibility and toughness
- Properties: Gardner 4 color; m.w. 820; visc. 4100 cps (65 C); acid no. 2.5; tens. str. 11,400 psi; tens. elong. 7%
- Ebecryl® 3701-20T [UCB Radcure]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Bisphenol A epoxy acrylate diluted 20% with trimethylolpropane triacrylate
 - Uses: For use in clear coatings for paper, wood, metal decorating, laminating adhesives; offers good cure response
 - Properties: Gardner 4 color; low odor; m.w. 820; visc. 78,000 cps; acid no. 2.5; tens. str. 14,200 psi; tens. elong. 7%

Ebecryl® 3702 [UCB Radcure]

- Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid-modified epoxy acrylate
- Uses: Wetting agent, flow control agent, and leveling agent for use in clear coatings for paper, wood, metal decorating, laminating adhesives
- Properties: Gardner 4 color; low odor; m.w. 600; visc. 2300 cps (65 C); acid no. 2; tens. str. 9500 psi; tens. elong. 10%
- Ebecryl® 3720-HD20 [UCB Radcure]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Bisphenol A epoxy diacrylate diluted 20% with hexanediol diacrylate
 - Uses: For use in adhesives, screen ink vehicles, paper coatings, and wood fillers
 - Properties: Gardner 2 color; low odor; m.w. 525; visc. 11,200 cps; acid no. 1; tens. str. 17,700 psi; tens. elong. 3%

Ebecryl® 3720-TH20 [UCB Radcure]

- Chem. Descrip.: Bisphenol A epoxy diacrylate diluted 20% with trimethylolpropane triacrylate
- Uses: For use in clear coatings for paper, laminates, adhesives, metal decorating, screen inks; fast cure response, hardness, chem. resist., and high gloss
- *Properties:* Gardner 2 color; low odor; m.w. 525; visc. 70,000 cps; acid no. 1; tens. str. 14,900 psi; tens. elong. 4%
- Ebecryl® 4830 [UCB Radcure]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic urethane acrylate diluted 10% with tetraethylene glycol diacrylate
 - Uses: For use in silkscreen inks for plastics, laminating adhesives, clear coating for paper, plastics, and wood; good exterior durability, flexibility, toughness and adhesion, particularly on plastic
 - Properties: Gardner 1 color; m.w. 1200; visc. 3500 cps (60 C); tens. str. 5200 psi; tens. elong. 83%
- Ebecryl® 4849 [UCB Radcure]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic urethane diacrylate diluted 15% with hexanediol diacrylate
 - Uses: Used in clear coatings for paper and wood laminates, adhesives, metal decorating, plastics; exc. flexibility, toughness, abrasion resist.
 - Properties: Gardner 1 color; m.w. 1600; visc. 2800 cps (60 C); tens. str. 2700 psi; tens. elong. 51%
- Ebecryl® 6700 [UCB Radcure]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic urethane acrylate
 - Uses: Used for screen ink vehicles, clear coatings for paper, rigid and flexible plastics and wood, metal decorating, laminating adhesives
 - Properties: Gardner 1 color; m.w. 1600; visc. 6000 cps (65 C); tens. str. 2000 psi; tens. elong. 62%

Ebonex SC-5 [Ebonex]

Chem. Descrip.: Bone black

CAS 8021-99-6

- *Uses:* Pigment for coated paper and board, linoleum, printing ink dye stamping, pulp colors, silk-screen process inks, stains, concrete and cement
- Properties: Blk. powd.; readily disp. in aq. and oil-based vehicles; insol. in water; sp.gr. 2.60; oil absorp. 0.055 g linseed oil/g pigment Taviagham TSCA listed
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Ecco Aluminum Formate [Eastern Color & Chem.]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Dibasic/aluminum formate sol'n.
 - CAS 7360-53-4; EINECS/ELINCS 230-898-1 Uses: Prep. of water repellents; waterproofing textiles; mordant in dyeing; temporary nondurable dye fixative; water repellent and wet str. agent for paper; component of antiperspirant deodorants; in tanning operations to set
 - tanning sol'ns. prior to dyeing; to improve water shedding props. of some suedes
 - Properties: Clear, colorless water liq.; dens. 9.6 lb/gal; pH 4.3 \pm 0.2 (undiluted); 7.6% Al $_2O_3$
 - Storage: 6 mos. shelf life @ R.T.; prod. will freeze to solid; on thawing, separation will occur
- Eccobond Adhesive 201 (Joyco Adhesive M1616) [Eastern Color & Chem.] Chem. Descrip.: Syn. resin
 - Uses: Adhesive for use in attaching paper labels to metal cans, spools; emulsion with high degree of green tack; provides durability to scuffing and moisture
- Eccobond Adhesive Special #2 [Eastern Color & Chem.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Resin/solv. adhesive

Uses: Adhesive for textiles and paperboard industries; compounded to supply satisfactory initial tack; solv. system has been carefully selected for somewhat rapid evap., thereby requiring min. temp. and ventilation

- Eccopuff [Eastern Color & Chem.]
 - Uses: Printing system providing a raised, three-dimensional type of print for novelty printing applicable to paper, textiles, nonwoven, and decorative tiles in building applics.
- Ecco Rez U-8 [Eastern Color & Chem.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Waterborne aliphatic urethane polymer disp.
 - Uses: Produces exc. chem., water, and abrasion resist. In pad dyeing of nylon, polyester, rayon, cotton, and blends; binder for pigment printing; low crock finish; vehicle for clear and pigmented coatings for leather, paper, metals, and wood where tough flexible coating is desired; low VOC; cures @ R.T., but 250-300 F will accelerate cured hardness

Properties: Wh. low-visc. disp.; dens. 8.75 lb/gal; pH 8.0; 35% solids **Ecco Rez U-21** [Eastern Color & Chem.]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Waterborne polyurethane emulsion
 - Uses: Softener, hand modifier providing high flexibility in pad dyeing of nylon, polyester, rayon, cotton, and blends; provides shrinkage control to wool, rayon, silks, dry-clean-only fabric; flexible binder for pigment printing, plastics, paper, leather, films; clear coat for leather, metals, and wood; modifier for other polymers; thermosetting resin; retains softness after multiple launderings/dry cleanings; low crock finish; isocyanate-free
- *Regulatory:* DOT nonregulated; SARA §312/313 nonreportable
- Properties: Wh. low-visc. emulsion; mild amine odor; reducible in water; sp.gr. 1.05; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; visc. 100 cps; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. none; pH 8.0; VOC 5 g/l; 50% solids
- *Toxicology:* Causes eye irritation and possible tearing; may cause mild skin irritation on repeated contact; may be harmful if swallowed; excessive inh. of vapors may cause nasal/respiratory irritations, headache, nausea
- Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion prods.: CO, CO₂, possibly NO_x *Storage:* Store indoors away from high temps. and flames; emptied containers may retain hazards; do not cut, puncture, or weld near containers

- Eco-Brite[™] [Vinings Ind.]
 - Uses: Brightener to improve pulp bleaching efficiency, primarily in hydrogen peroxide and hydrosulfite bleaching stages; cost-effective replacement for traditional chelants
- EkaZeolite BMH [Eka Chems.]

Uses: Neutralizer, taste improver in cardboard and pulp; adsorbs substances producing unwanted taste in prepacked provisions and other sensitive prods. Ekoflock™ [Eka Chems.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Polyaluminum hydroxychloride
- CAS 1327-41-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-477-2

Uses: Sizing agent used to set and retain rosin-based size, particularly in neutral pH range; trash catcher controlling barium sulfate deposition in paper-

making

Eldorado ALK-6000 [Eldorado]

Chem. Descrip.: Highly alkaline water-based cleaner

Uses: Cleaner for rapid cleaning of plastic wires, dandy rolls, suction, rolls, paper machine systems, wet felts, and dryer felts; contains caustic; phosphate-free; dissolves soils such as hard water salts, clays, dyes, pigments, resins, most org. soils found in paper mills

Use Level: 3-5% (batch cleaning), 5-20% (general-purpose cleaner)

Properties: Dk. brn. clear liq.; mild odor; flash pt. none; pH 13+ (1%)

Toxicology: Highly alkaline; contains caustic; avoid contact with skin and eyes

Environmental: Biodeg.

Eldorado ALK-6031 [Eldorado]

Chem. Descrip.: Highly alkaline water-based cleaner

Uses: Cleaner for rapid cleaning of plastic wires, dandy rolls, suction, rolls, paper machine systems, wet felts, and dryer felts; contains caustic; phosphate-free; dissolves soils such as hard water salts, clays, dyes, pigments, resins, most org. soils found in paper mills

Use Level: 3-5% (batch cleaning), 5-20% (general-purpose cleaner)

Properties: Dk. brn. clear liq.; mild odor; flash pt. none; pH 13+ (1%)

Toxicology: Highly alkaline; contains caustic; avoid contact with skin and eyes

Environmental: Biodeg.

Eldorado ALK-6100 [Eldorado]

Chem. Descrip .: Highly alkaline water-based cleaner

Uses: Cleaner, sequestrant, buffer, penetrant for steam cleaning and felt cleaning in paper machines; boilout or purge chem. giving max. tank life where high soil loads are encountered; rec. for use where small nozzles can easily become plugged; outstanding soil-carrying capacity; good rinsing; contains no phenols, cresols, or cresylics; not safe on aluminum, zinc, or wh. metals

Use Level: 3-5% (batch cleaning)

Properties: Dk. brn. liq.; mild odor; flash pt. none; pH 13+ (1%)

Toxicology: Highly alkaline; contains caustic; avoid contact with skin, eyes, clothing

Eldorado ALK-6156 [Eldorado]

Chem. Descrip.: Highly alkaline water-based cleaner

Uses: Cleaner, sequestrant, buffer, penetrant for steam cleaning and felt cleaning in paper machines; boilout or purge chem. giving max. tank life where high soil loads are encountered; rec. for use where small nozzles can easily become plugged; outstanding soil-carrying capacity; good rinsing; contains no phenols, cresols, or cresylics; not safe on aluminum, zinc, or wh. metals

Use Level: 3-5% (batch cleaning)

Properties: Dk. brn. liq.; mild odor; flash pt. none; pH 13+ (1%)

Toxicology: Highly alkaline; contains caustic; avoid contact with skin, eyes, clothing

Eldorado Boilout No. 1 [Eldorado]

Uses: Cleaner for paper mill stock systems; readily attacks calcium/barium sulfates, calcium oxalate, TiO₂, starch, alum, rosin, sizes, pitch, latex, etc.; for use with mill caustic; high soil-suspending capacity; no noxious fumes *Properties:* Dk. brn. liq.; mild odor; dens. ≈ 9.5 lb/gal; VOC 0%

Toxicology: Avoid contact with skin, eyes, clothing

Eldorado DEF-710 [Eldorado]

Chem. Descrip.: Conc. surfactant blend

Uses: Rewetting agent for papermaking; effective over broad pH range; compensates for sheets that exhibit self-sizing tendencies

Properties: Clear visc. sol'n.; sol. in water; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; nonionic/anionic Toxicology: Severe eye irritant

Environmental: Low aquatic toxicity

Storage: Avoid freezing; if frozen, thaw slowly and agitate before use

Eldorado DEF-731 [Eldorado]

Uses: Defoamer for deaeration applics. on paper machines, suitable for foodpkg. paper; does not contain silicones or petrol. distillates

Regulatory: FDA compliant

Properties: Amber translucent liq.; mild odor; neutral pH

Environmental: Biodeg.; LD50 > 500 ppm—nontoxic to fish

Eldorado DEF-741 [Eldorado]

Uses: Defoamer, rewetting agent for toweling and tissue machines and for other types of paper incl. food-contact papers; water-based

Regulatory: FDA compliant Properties: Colorless translucent liq.; mild odor; flash pt. none; neutral pH *Environmental:* Biodeg.; LD50 > 1000 ppm—nontoxic to fish

Eldorado DEF-795 [Eldorado]

Uses: Defoamer, deaerator, drainage aid for paper stocks, incl. alkaline papermaking and food-contact paper; rec. for all types of paper stocks and pH ranges; water-based; low VOC; efficient drainage of forming wires; improved web formation; does not modify sizing; freely pourable in wide temp. range

Regulatory: FDA compliant

Properties: Aq. emulsion; misc. with water

Eldorado DIC-100 [Eldorado]

Chem. Descrip.: Solventized deinking compd. *Uses:* Deinking agent, emulsifier for papermaking; penetrates and accelerates defibering of stock, dissolves inks, varnishes, and coatings, and emulsifies them into the pulping liquor; effective at 120-190 F, but developed for optimum pulping temps. of 150-160 F; no chlorinated solvs.

Use Level: 0.5-1 gal/ton of dry furnish

Properties: Colorless clear liq.; mild odor; dens. \approx 7.5 lb/gal; flash pt. > 150 F; nonionic

Toxicology: May burn skin and eyes; harmful if swallowed

Environmental: Biodeg.

Precaution: Combustible; avoid ignition sources

Eldorado DIC-107 [Eldorado]

Uses: Deinking agent, stickies control agent, dispersant for paper stock; prevents stickies from agglomerating; reduces picking and one-sidedness of paper; controlled foam

Use Level: 0.5 gal/ton of dry furnish

Properties: Dk. brn. liq.; mild pleasant odor; neutral pH; anionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Eldorado ED-550 [Eldorado]

Uses: Solventized, caustic hard surf. cleaner, dye solubilizer for deinking pulp/paper, cleaning dried metallic pigments and oil-sol. dyes from metal surfs.; degreaser; high alkalinity; contains no phenols, chlorinated solvs., or other EPA hazardous materials; low foaming

- *Properties:* Amber liq.; mild odor; nonflamm.; pH > 13
- Toxicology: Strong caustic; avoid contact with eyes and skin

Eldorado FCA-810 [Eldorado]

Chem. Descrip.: Conc. citric acid

CAS 77-92-9; EINECS/ELINCS 201-069-1

- Uses: Paper stock system cleaner for two-step boilout; acidic; inhibited *Properties:* Liq.; mild odor; nonflamm.
- *Toxicology:* No toxic vapors; no noxious fumes; avoid skin contact

Environmental: Biodeg.

Eldorado FCD-141 [Eldorado]

Chem. Descrip.: Alkaline, solventized low-foaming detergent

Uses: Detergent for cleaning forming fabrics and press felts of pitch, stickies, fines, and other paper contaminants

Use Level: 200-500 ppm (continuous applic.), 5-10% (on dryer fabrics)

Properties: Clear liq.; mild solvent odor; completely rinsable with water; flash pt. 210 F; pH 12.0-12.5

Environmental: Biodeg.

Eldorado FCD-142 [Eldorado]

Chem. Descrip.: Alkaline, solventized cleaner

Uses: Felt cleaner for removal of pitch, resins, and org. materials in papermaking; emulsifier; solubilizer; esp. effective when alum is used in papermaking; contains strong corrosion inhibitors for metal safety

Use Level: 3-5 gal/10,000 gal shower water (continuous cleaning)

Properties: Amber clear liq.; pH 11 (1%)

Toxicology: Avoid eye contact and prolonged skin contact

Eldorado FCD-5050 [Eldorado]

Uses: Boilout and wire cleaner for rapid cleaning of plastic wires, dandy rolls, suction rolls, paper machine systems, wet felts, and dryer felts, incl. foodcontact paper prod.; carbonate scale remover in paper stock systems; stain remover for syn. fabrics; dissolves soils such as hard water salts, clays, dyes, pigments, resins, and most org. soils found in paper mills; waterbased

Regulatory: FDA compliant

Properties: Amber clear liq.; mild odor; flash pt. none; pH neutral *Toxicology:* Contains peroxides; avoid skin contact *Environmental:* Biodeg.

Eldorado PA-300 [Eldorado]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene-based

Uses: Coating lubricant enhancing printability and calendered sheet gloss and

providing superior high-shear stability in high-speed papermaking machines; Uses: Stabilizer for peroxide bleaching of pulps, increasing brightness and eliminates calcinization and scratches; calcium stearate replacement tear str.; stable at pH and temps. used in peroxide bleaching; reduces problems of silicate scale residues Use Level: 0.85-1.6% (on dry pigment) Properties: Creamy smooth emulsion; sol. in water in all proportions; dens. Use Level: 6-10 lb/ton of pulp 8.73 lb/gal; visc. 150 cps; pH 9.6 ± 0.3; 60 ± 1% solids Properties: Dk. amber clear sol'n.; completely sol. in water; dens. ≈ 11.7 lb/ Storage: 6 mos shelf life; store @ 38-95 F; freezing or prolonged storage over gal; pH < 2 (1%) 100 F will destroy the prod. Toxicology: Acidic; avoid skin and eye contact; harmful if swallowed Eldorado PA-500 [Eldorado] Environmental: Pract. nontoxic to fish Eldorado WT-30 [Eldorado] Chem. Descrip.: Modified buffered glyoxal-based sol'n. Uses: Crosslinking agent, insolubilizer, visc. stabilizer for paper and paper-Uses: Threshold scale inhibitor, crystal growth modifier, deflocculant, disperboard coating systems esp. high-solids pigmented coatings, and in pigsant, corrosion inhibitor for scale control in papermaking; food-contact paper/ mented size press applics, and specialty calender stack water box treatpaperboard (dry and aq./fatty foods); effective for control of barium sulfate, ments; formaldehyde-free; highly reactive; compat. with soy polymers, calcium carbonate, calcium sulfate, magnesium and iron salts deposits; good hydrolytic and thermal stability which allows use in aq. systems over casein, latex, starch, gums, etc.; replacement for melamine formaldehyde and urea formaldehyde prolonged periods at elevated temps. and wide pH range Use Level: 3-10% (wet basis on wt. of binder) Use Level: 5-20 ppm (threshold treatment or deposit control) Properties: Clear to sl. amber sol'n.; completely sol. in water in all propor-Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 121.2520, 121.2526, 121.2571, tions; sp.gr. 1.3 ± 0.05; visc. 19-20 cps; pH 6.8 ± 0.3; 50 ± 0.5% solids 212.2519 Storage: 6 mos shelf life; store @ 34-95 F; freezing or prolonged storage over Properties: Amber clear sol'n.; mild odor; VOC nil 100 F will destroy the prod. Toxicology: Nontoxic; avoid skin and eye contact Environmental: BOC₅ nil; COD - 0.10 mg O₂/mg Eldorado PA-650 [Eldorado] Chem. Descrip.: Polymer/surfactant blend Eldorado WT-50 [Eldorado] Uses: Dry str. agent, stiffener for paper and paperboard, esp. for short fiber, Chem. Descrip.: High m.w. cationic polymer in min. oil disp. recycled furnishes; does not adversely affect plybond or smoothness; no Uses: Flocculant for municipal and industrial dewatering applics., incl. prihazardous materials or toxic fumes in formulation mary water clarification, in pulp and waste treatment Use Level: 15-25 lb/ton Properties: Milky disp.; completely sol. in water; visc. 1000-1500 cps; 50% NV; cationic Properties: Yel. opaque sl. visc. liq.; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.16; f.p. 32 F; pH Toxicology: Avoid contact with eyes and skin Storage: 6 mos min. shelf life; store @ 50-90 F; if frozen, gradually warm to Precaution: Spills present slip hazard 80-100 F and agitate before use Eldorado Lube-20 [Eldorado] Eldorado PA-700 [Eldorado] Chem. Descrip.: Polymeric Chem. Descrip.: Sol'n. polymer blend Uses: Stickies control agent, neutralizer of anionic surfs., fabric conditioner, Uses: Deposit control agent for contaminants on wet felts in papermaking; film-former on stock and clothing fiber surfs., and deposit control agent for efficient at broad pH range; readily mixes and pumps easily; no hazardous org. soils on fabrics in papermaking; defoamer for stock Use Level: 1/4 - 1/2 gal/1000 gal of water in thin stock materials; no vapor toxicity Use Level: 0.5-5.0 ml/ft of felt width Properties: Clear liq.; pH neutral (1%); cationic Properties: Hazy low visc. liq.; sp.gr. 1.05-1.1; visc. 10-50 cps; 24% Toxicology: Avoid eye contact and prolonged skin contact Environmental: Biodeg. solids; cationic Electra® 7458 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] Storage: Store at 40-100 F; avoid freezing; if material appears frozen, thaw Chem. Descrip.: Visc. modified waxy corn starch slowly and thoroughly mix before use Eldorado PA-742 [Eldorado] CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Chem. Descrip.: Polymer sol'n. with wetting agents Uses: Retention aid for papermaking size press; designed where inc. starch Uses: Fabric passivator, deposit control agent for contaminants on forming retention during repulping is required to improve BOD and COD levels in fabrics and wet felts in acid and alkaline papermaking mill effluents Use Level: 0.5-5.0 ml/ft of felt width Properties: Cationic Elfugin® AKT Liq. [Clariant UK] Regulatory: Nonregulated, nonhazardous material Chem. Descrip.: Phosphate ester Properties: Clear to sl. hazy liq.; visc. 10-50 cps; 20% polymer conc.; cationic Uses: Antistat, corrosion inhibitor for surf. treatment of highly technical special-Storage: Store at 40-100 F; avoid freezing; if material appears frozen, thaw ized papers such as punch tape paper, high speed copier paper, paper for noncontact printing, etc.; very good stability to hard water, acids, alkalis; slowly and thoroughly mix before use Eldorado PA-755 [Eldorado] compat. with anionics, nonionics Chem. Descrip.: Low m.w. polyacrylamide Use Level: 1-8% (size press starch basis), 0.05-0.5% (dry paper basis) CAS 9003-05-8 Properties: Colorless clear liq.; alcoholic odor; unlimited dilutability with cold Uses: Anionic trash collector in thermomechanical pulps and coated broke for water; dens. 1.063 kg/l; pH \approx 7 (1%); anionic improved save-all operation; with an anionic polymer, aids board drainage Storage: Good storage stability @ 0-50 C; freezes below -5 C, but is fully and formation; as cationic donor, enhances performance of internal sizes; effective on thawing enhances cationic starch fixation Elvace® 731 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Regulatory: Nonhazardous Chem. Descrip.: VAE copolymer emulsion Properties: Straw-colored liq.; infinitely sol. in water; pH 4-5; VOC 0%; CAS 24937-78-8 40% solids: cationic Uses: Adhesive base for uncoated paper, corrugated board, and cotton cloth Precaution: Spills are slippery and absorbent should be used substrates; multipurpose; for adhesives requiring a low VOC content; low Storage: 2 yrs shelf life; avoid freezing residual vinyl acetate monomer (< 0.1%) Eldorado PA-780 [Eldorado] Properties: 0.2-2.0 µ particle size; dens. 8.8-9.1 lb/gal; visc. 2000-3000 cps; Chem. Descrip.: Polymeric surf. tens. 52-55 dynes/cm; pH 4.0-5.5; 54.5% min. solids Uses: Stickies control agent, neutralizer of anionic surfs., fabric conditioner, Storage: > 180 day shelf life @ 72 F; protect from freezing Elvace® 733 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] film-former on stock and clothing fiber surfs., and deposit control agent for Chem. Descrip .: VAE copolymer org. soils on fabrics in papermaking; defoamer for stock Use Level: 1/4 - 1/2 gal/1000 gal of water in thin stock CAS 24937-78-8 Properties: Clear liq.; pH neutral (1%); cationic Uses: Adhesive base for coated and uncoated paper, corrugated board, syn. Toxicology: Avoid eye contact and prolonged skin contact and cotton cloth, mylar film, PVC, and steel substrates; multipurpose; for Environmental: Biodeg adhesives requiring a low VOC content; low residual vinyl acetate mono-Eldorado Peroxide Stabilizer [Eldorado] mer (< 0.1%)

Elvace® 734 Properties: 0.2-2.0 µ particle size; dens. 8.8-9.0 lb/gal; visc. 700-1300 cps; surf. tens. 48-51 dynes/cm; pH 4.0-5.5; 54.5% min. solids Storage: > 180 day shelf life @ 72 F; protect from freezing Elvace® 734 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: VAE copolymer emulsion CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Adhesive base for uncoated paper, corrugated board, cotton cloth, and PVC, decorative paper to particle board lamination, heat-sealable coatings, microwavable pkg., urethane foam lamination; multipurpose; fast speed of set; inc. water resist.; for adhesives requiring low VOC content; low residual vinyl acetate monomer (< 0.1%) Regulatory: FDA approved Properties: 0.2-2.0 µ particle size; dens. 8.8-9.2 lb/gal; visc. 1500-2500 cps; surf. tens. 52-55 dynes/cm; pH 4.5-5.5; 54.5% min. solids Elvace® 735 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: VAE copolymer CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Adhesive base for uncoated paper, corrugated board, syn. and cotton cloth, mylar film, cellulose acetate, steel, mastic, and PVC, for vinyl lamination, microwave pkg.; multipurpose; for adhesives requiring a low VOC content; low residual vinyl acetate monomer (< 0.1%) Properties: 0.2-2.0 µ particle size; dens. 8.7-9.0 lb/gal; visc. 1900-2800 cps; surf. tens. 52-55 dynes/cm; pH 4.0-5.5; 54.5% min. solids Storage: > 180 day shelf life @ 72 F; protect from freezing Elvace® 736 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip .: VAE copolymer emulsion CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Adhesive base for uncoated paper, corrugated board, syn. and cotton cloth, mylar film, cellulose acetate, steel, mastic, and PVC, for microwave pkg. adhesives; multipurpose; for adhesives requiring a low VOC content; low residual vinyl acetate monomer (< 0.1%) Properties: 0.2-2.0 µ particle size; dens. 8.7-9.0 lb/gal; visc. 3000-4200 cps; surf. tens. 52-55 dynes/cm; pH 4.0-5.5; 54% min. solids Storage: > 180 day shelf life @ 72 F; protect from freezing Elvace® 739 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: VAE copolymer emulsion CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Adhesive base for uncoated paper, corrugated board, syn. and cotton cloth, mylar film, steel, and PVC; multipurpose; for adhesives requiring a low VOC content; low residual vinyl acetate monomer (< 0.1%); improved water resist.; compat. with fully hydrolyzed PVOH Properties: 0.2-2.0 µ particle size; dens. 8.6-9.0 lb/gal; visc. 2700-3700 cps; surf. tens. 52-55 dynes/cm; pH 4.0-5.5; 54-56% min. solids Storage: > 180 day shelf life @ 72 F; protect from freezing Elvace® 40713-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: VAE emulsion copolymer CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Adhesive base for vinyl laminating, coated and uncoated paper, corrugated board, cotton and syn. cloth, Mylar film, and steel substrates; multipurpose; good adhesion to difficult substrates Properties: 1.1 µ particle size; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. 1100 cps; surf. tens. 49.5 dynes/cm; pH 5.0; 54% solids; nonionic Elvace® 40722-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: VAE emulsion copolymer CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Multipurpose adhesive base for vinyl film lamination, foil and urethane foam lamination, microwavable pkg., heat sealable coatings, high speed case and carton mfg., film lamination, and bottle labeling; food pkg. adhesives, paper; crosslinkable; fast speed of set; improved formulating latitude; good adhesion to metals; self-thickening; very low VOC, free of formaldehyde-containing or generating compds. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180 compliant

Properties: Wh. milky liq.; 1.2 µ particle size; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 1100 cps; surf. tens. 48.5 dynes/cm; pH 4.75; 56% solids

Elvace® 40724-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: VAE emulsion copolymer

CAS 24937-78-8

Uses: Adhesive base for uncoated paper, corrugated board, cotton cloth, and PVC substrates; multipurpose; fast speed of set; increased water resist.

Properties: 1.2 µ particle size; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 2100 cps; surf. tens. 55 dynes/cm; pH 4.75; 54.5% solids; nonionic

Elvace[®] 97955-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: VAE copolymer emulsion

CAS 24937-78-8

- Uses: Adhesive base for uncoated paper, corrugated board, cotton cloth, syn. cloth, mylar film, cellulose acetate, PVC, steel, and mastic, remoistenable films; multipurpose; easy clean-up
- *Properties:* 0.2-2.0 μ particle size; dens. 8.8-9.0 lb/gal; visc. 1500-2500 cps; surf. tens. 52-55 dynes/cm; pH 4-6; 55-60% solids

Storage: > 3 mos shelf life @ 72 F; protect from freezing

Elvacite® 2008, 2009, 2010, 2021, 2041, 6010 [Ineos Acrylics]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic resin with high methyl methacrylate content Uses: Used for solv.-applied coatings for wood, metal, and plastics, aerosol paints, inks/toners, adhesives, specialty coatings for masonry, and reproduction papers and films, temporary binders

Elvacite® 2013, 2014, 2016, 2028, 2614, 2550, 2552, 6016 [Ineos Acrylics] Chem. Descrip.: Methacrylate copolymer

CAS 25133-97-5

Uses: Used for solv.-applied coatings for wood, metal, and plastics, aerosol paints, inks/toners, adhesives, specialty coatings for masonry, and reproduction papers and films, temporary binders

Elvacite® 2042, 2043 [Ineos Acrylics]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl methacrylate-based resin

Uses: Used for solv.-applied coatings for wood, metal, and plastics, aerosol paints, inks/toners, adhesives, specialty coatings for masonry, and reproduction papers and films, temporary binders

Elvacite® 2044, 2045, 2046 [Ineos Acrylics]

Chem. Descrip.: Butyl methacrylate-based resin

Uses: Used for solv.-applied coatings for wood, metal, and plastics, aerosol paints, inks/toners, adhesives, specialty coatings for masonry, and reproduction papers and films, temporary binders

Elvanol® 50-42 [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: Partially hydrolyzed PVAL, 87-89% hydrolysis CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3

- Uses: Stabilizer for vinyl acetate and PS emulsions, PVC resins; paper adhesives; cold-water-sol. films; binder for ceramics, joint compds., texture coatings, particleboard, pigmented paper coatings, nonwoven fabrics; photosensitive coatings; carrier for optical brighteners; carrier, extender for fluorochems.; protective colloid; temporary protective coatings; soil anti-redeposition agent; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, textiles
- *Regulatory:* FDĂ 21CFR \$175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1670, 177.2260, 177.2800

Properties: Visc. 44-50 cP (4% aq., 20 C); pH 5-7 (sol'n.); 5% max. volatiles

Toxicology: Nontoxic; under certain conditions of use, nuisance dust may be formed

Elvanol® 51-05 [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: Partially hydrolyzed PVAL, 87-89% hydrolysis

- CAS 9002-89-5; EINECŠ/ELINCS 209-183-3
- Uses: Stabilizer for vinyl acetate and PS emulsions, PVC resins; paper adhesives; cold-water-sol. films; binder for ceramics, joint compds., texture coatings, particleboard, pigmented paper coatings, nonwoven fabrics; photosensitive coatings; carrier for optical brighteners; carrier, extender for fluorochems.; protective colloid; temporary protective coatings; soil anti-redeposition agent; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1670, 177.2260, 177.2800

Properties: Visc. 5-6 cP (4% aq., 20 C); pH 5-7 (sol'n.); 5% max. volatiles Toxicology: Nontoxic; under certain conditions of use, nuisance dust may be formed

Elvanol® 52-22 [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: Partially hydrolyzed PVAL, 87-89% hydrolysis CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3

Uses: Stabilizer for vinyl acetate and PS emulsions, PVC resins; paper adhesives; cold-water-sol. films; binder for ceramics, joint compds., texture coatings, particleboard, pigmented paper coatings, nonwoven fabrics; photosensitive coatings; carrier for optical brighteners; carrier, extender for fluorochems.; protective colloid; temporary protective coatings; soil anti-redeposition agent; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, textiles; oil/grease resist.

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1670, 177.2260, 177.2800
- Properties: Visc. 21-26 cP (4% aq., 20 C); pH 5-7 (sol'n.); 5% max. volatiles

Toxicology: Nontoxic; under certain conditions of use, nuisance dust may be formed

Elvanol® 70-06 [DuPont]

Chem. Descrip.: Fully hydrolyzed PVAL, 98.5-99.2% hydrolysis

- CAS 9002-89-5; EINÉCŠ/ELÍNCS 209-183-3
- Uses: Binder providing film str. in paper sizing, paper coatings, adhesives for porous substrates incl. paper/paperboard, hot-water-sol. film, and specialty applics.; binder for pigments; carrier for fluorochems. and optical brighteners; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, textiles; oil/grease/solv. resist.; compat. with starch and CMC
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1670, 177.2260, 177.2800
- Properties: Resist. to cold water but dissolves readily on heating to 90 C with good agitation; visc. 6-7 cP (4% aq., 20 C); pH 5-7 (sol'n.); 5% max. volatiles
- Toxicology: Nontoxic; under certain conditions of use, nuisance dust may be formed

Elvanol® 71-30 [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: Fully hydrolyzed PVAL, 99-99.8% hydrolysis

CAS 9002-89-5; EINÉCŚ/ELÍNCS 209-183-3

- Uses: Film-forming binder used in adhesives, paper, paperboard sizing and coatings, textiles, films, building prods.; strength additive for concrete, cement; binder for pigments, ceramics, cements, plastics, particleboard; oil/ solv. barrier props. in hoses, gaskets, pipes; carrier for optical brighteners; cosmetic and personal care incl. face masks; emulsifier in emulsions and latexes; compat. with starch and CMC
- Properties: Wh. gran.; sol. in hot water, ethanol; insol. in cold water; sp.gr. 1.30; dens. 400-432 kg/m³; visc. 28-32 cps (4% aq.); sapon. no. 3-12; ref. index 1.54; pH 5.0-7.0; tens. str. 117 MPa; tens. elong. 10% (break) to 400%; hardness > 100
- Toxicology: Nontoxic; under certain conditions of use, nuisance dust may be formed

Environmental: Biodeg.

Elvanol® 75-15 [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: Fully hydrolyzed PVAL

CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3

- Uses: Visc. stabilizer imparting gel resist. to aq. sol'ns., cosmetic and personal care incl. face masks, adhesives, films, paper; binder in cement and ceramic powd.; emulsifier; food pkg. adhesives
- Properties: Wh. gran.; slurries easily in cold water; visc. 13-15 cps (4% aq.); pH 5.0-7.0; tens. str. 55.2-138 MPa

Environmental: Biodeg.

Elvanol® 85-30 [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: PVAL

CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3

Uses: Film-former; binder for building prods., ceramics, ceiling tiles, floor coatings, particleboard, pigmented paper coatings, nonwoven fabrics; adhesive for paper, wood, textiles, leather; emulsifier and protective colloid in emulsion polymerization; sizing agent in paper/paperboard mfg.; as watersol. films for pkg. and release applics.; as photosensitive coatings; in specialty molded prods.; in textile sizing and finishing; oil/grease/solv. resist.; high oxygen barrier

Elvanol® 85-82 [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: Fully hydrolyzed PVAL

CAS 9002-89-5; EINÉCŠ/ELÍNCS 209-183-3

Uses: Film-former; binder for building prods., ceramics, ceiling tiles, floor coatings, particleboard, pigmented paper coatings, nonwoven fabrics; adhesive for paper, wood, textiles, leather; emulsifier and protective colloid in emulsion polymerization; sizing agent in paper/paperboard mfg.; as watersol. films for pkg. and release applics.; as photosensitive coatings; in specialty molded prods.; in textile sizing and finishing; oil/grease/solv. resist.; high oxygen barrier

Properties: Visc. 25-31 cps (4% aq.); pH 5.0-7.0

Elvanol® 90-50 [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: Fully hydrolyzed PVAL, 99-99.8% hydrolysis CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3

Uses: Binder providing high film strength in paper and paperboard coating and sizing, adhesive for porous substances incl. paper/paperboard, hot-watersol. films; binder for pigments, esp. for ceiling tile primers; carrier for optical brighteners; cosmetic and personal care incl. face masks; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, textiles; water/oil/grease/solv. resist.; exc. high shear rheology; compat. with modified starches Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1670, 177.2260, 177.2800

Properties: Resist. to cold water, but dissolves readily on heating to 90 C with good agitation; visc. 12-15 cps (4% aq.); pH 5.0-7.0 (sol'n.); 5% max. volatiles

Toxicology: Nontoxic; under certain conditions of use, nuisance dust may be formed

- Elvanol® HV [DuPont; DuPont Canada]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Fully hydrolyzed PVAL

CAS 9002-89-5; EINÉCŚ/ELÍNCS 209-183-3

Uses: Used in adhesive, textile, and paper applics.; cosmetic and personal care incl. face masks; high-visc. grade, high tensile and adhesive strength, strong resistance to grease and hydrocarbons

Properties: Wh. gran.; sol. in hot water; Hoeppler falling ball visc. 55-65 cps (4% aq.); pH 5-7 (sol'n.)

Elvax® 310 [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: EVA copolymer resin

CAS 24937-78-8

- Uses: Used in heat-sealable barrier coatings and hot melt adhesives; blending agent for waxes; resin modifier for formulations; gives fiber- or filmtearing bonds between paper substrates and nonporous pkg. materials (e.g., aluminum foil, PP and Mylar polyester films, K cellophane); wax-compatible resin; enhances properties of hot melt blends containing microcryst. waxes
- *Properties:* Translucent pellets; slight odor; melt index 400 g/10 min; dens. 0.948 g/cm³; inherent visc. 0.54 (30 C); soften. pt. (R&B) 88 C; ref. index 1.486; tens. str. 3.3 MPa; tens. elong. 800-1000% (break); Shore hardness A-2 70; 25% VA
- Elvax® 350 [DuPont; DuPont Canada]
 - Chem. Descrip.: EVA copolymer resins

CAS 24937-78-8

- Uses: Used in heat-sealable barrier coatings and hot melt adhesives; blending agent for waxes; resin modifier for formulations; gives fiber- or filmtearing bonds between paper substrates and nonporous pkg. materials (e.g., aluminum foil, PP and Mylar polyester films, K cellophane); footwear applics.; wax-compatible resin; enhances properties of hot melt blends containing microcryst. waxes
- Properties: Translucent pellets; slight odor; melt index 19 g/10 min; dens. 0.948 g/cm³; inherent visc. 0.84; soften. pt. (R&B) 132 C; ref. index 1.489; tens. str. 14 MPa; tens. elong. 800-1000% (break); Shore hardness A83; 25% VA

Elvax® 360 [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: EVA copolymer resins

- CAS 24937-78-8
- Uses: Used in heat-sealable barrier coatings and hot melt adhesives; blending agent for waxes; resin modifier for formulations; gives fiber- or filmtearing bonds between paper substrates and nonporous pkg. materials (e.g., aluminum foil, PP and Mylar polyester films, K cellophane); footwear applics.; wax-compatible resin; enhances properties of hot melt blends containing microcryst. waxes
- *Properties:* Translucent pellets; slight odor; melt index 2 g/10 min; dens. 0.950 g/cm³; inherent visc. 1.05; soften. pt. (R&B) 188 C; ref. index 1.491; tens. str. 26 MPa; tens. elong. 800-1000% (break); Shore hardness A87; 25% VA

Elvax® 550, 560 [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: EVA copolymer resin

CAS 24937-78-8

- Uses: Used in paper roll wrap and carpet seaming tape; high m.w. and high melt visc. grades
- *Properties:* Pellets; melt index 8.0 and 2.5 dg/min resp.; dens. 935 kg/m³; tens. str. 14 and 20 MPa resp.; tens. elong. 700% and 750% resp.; Shore hardness D 41 and 43 resp.; 15% VA

Emerest® 2640 [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis/Textiles]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-8 stearate

CAS 9004-99-3

Uses: Emulsifier for oils and fats in mfg. of industrial lubricants, agric., consumer prods., textile lubricants and softeners; thickener and stabilizer for starch coatings on paper; paper size; lubricant for channeling wire through conduit; lipophilic

Regulatory: EPA exempt

Properties: Gardner 1 soft, waxy solid; sol. 5% in xylene; water-disp.; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. 57 cSt (100 F); HLB 12.0; m.p. 32 C; flash pt. 425 F;

cloud pt. < 25 C; 100% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg. Emersol[®] 869 [Cognis] Chem. Descrip .: Isostearic acid Uses: For applics. incl. coatings, inks, greases, lubricants, paper coatings, rubber and plastic, textile chems., cosmetics, cleaners, and detergents; used where color and odor are not critical Properties: M.w. 284; visc. 48 cps; acid no. 191-194; iodine no. 10 max. Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 32.0 cc/kg; low toxicity, irritation, and sensitization potential Emersol® 872 [Cognis] treatment Chem. Descrip .: Vegetable-derived isostearic acid Uses: For applics. incl. coatings, inks, greases, lubricants, paper coatings, rubber and plastic, textile chems., cosmetics, cleaners, and detergents; Toxicology: TSCA listed Empiphos ŠTP/1L [Albright & Wilson UK] industrial grade Properties: M.w. 284; visc. 48 cps; acid no. 175-205; iodine no. 12 max. Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 32.0 cc/kg; low toxicity, irritation, and sensitization potential Emery® Methyl Oleate [Cognis/Chems. Group] Chem. Descrip.: Methyl oleate CAS 112-62-9; EINECS/ELINCS 203-992-5 Uses: Solvent-carrier for agric. spray prods.; defoaming component in metalworking, paper deinking, pharmaceutical fermentation; prep. of lubricants for treatment automotive, textile, metal rolling operations. Properties: Acid no. 4 max.; iodine no. 85-91; sapon. no. 190-200 Emka[®] Defoam BC [Emkay] Chem. Descrip .: Nonsilicone defoamer Uses: Defoamer for foam and froth control for industrial wastes, textile and paper processing, dyeing and printing; not affected by acid or alkali Properties: Lt. amber liq.; negligible odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.8; dens. 6.8 lb/gal; pH 6.0 (1%); nonionic Toxicology: Extremely low toxicity Storage: Indefinite storage stability Empilan[®] KA3 [Albright & Wilson UK] treatment Chem. Descrip.: C10-12 alcohol ethoxylate 1.05 g/ml; pH 9.8 (1%) Empiphos STP/2P [Albright & Wilson UK] Uses: Scouring agent and wetting agent for textiles; emulsifier; dye leveling agent and dispersant; detergent; in metal processing, cutting oils, paper industry, paints, insecticides and pesticides; mortar plasticizer Properties: Pale straw clear liq.; sol. in min. oils and other org. solvs.; HLB 8.9; 100% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg. Empilan[®] KA5 [Albright & Wilson UK] Chem. Descrip.: C10-12 alcohol ethoxylate Uses: Scouring agent and wetting agent for textiles; emulsifier; dye leveling treatment agent and dispersant; detergent; in metal processing, cutting oils, paper industry, paints, insecticides and pesticides Properties: Pale straw clear liq.; HLB 11.5; cloud pt. 37 C; 100% act.; g/ml; pH 9.8 (1%) nonionic Environmental: Biodeg. Empilan® KA5/90 [Albright & Wilson UK] Chem. Descrip.: C10-12 alcohol ethoxylate CAS 68439-45-2 Uses: Scouring agent and wetting agent for textiles; emulsifier; dye leveling agent and dispersant; detergent; in metal processing, cutting oils, paper industry, paints, insecticides and pesticides Properties: Water wh. clear liq.; dens. 9.8 lb/gal; HLB 11.4; pour pt. 12 F; treatment cloud pt. 95 F; 90% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeq. Empilan® KA8/80 [Albright & Wilson UK] Chem. Descrip.: C10-12 alcohol ethoxylate CAS 68439-45-2 Uses: Scouring agent and wetting agent for textiles; emulsifier; dye leveling agent and dispersant; detergent; in metal processing, cutting oils, paper industry, paints, insecticides and pesticides Properties: Liq.; HLB 13.6; cloud pt. 81 C; 80% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg. Empilan® KA10/80 [Albright & Wilson UK] treatment Chem. Descrip.: C10-12 alcohol ethoxylate CAS 68439-45-2 95% act. Uses: Scouring agent and wetting agent for textiles; emulsifier; dye leveling agent and dispersant; detergent; in metal processing, cutting oils, paper industry, paints, insecticides and pesticides

Properties: Liq.; HLB 14.6; cloud pt. 95 C; 80% act.; nonionic

Empiphos STP [Albright & Wilson UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Pentasodium triphosphate, tech. anhyd.

CAS 7758-29-4; EINECS/ELINCS 213-837-7 Uses: Water softener; sequestrant; peptizer; deflocculant; dispersant for clay and other mins. and insol. salts; scale inhibitor for CaCO₃ and other scales; corrosion inhibitor of ferrous metal corrosion; used in laundry, dishwash, and industrial detergents, tile mfg., textile processing, paper mfg., cement mfg.; pigment dispersant in paints; scale/corrosion inhibitor, sequestrant for water

Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 93% thru 100 mesh; poured dens. 0.85 g/ml; pH 9.8 (1%); 95% act.

Chem. Descrip .: Pentasodium triphosphate, tech. hydrated

CAS 7758-29-4; EINECS/ELINCS 213-837-7

Uses: Water softener; sequestrant; peptizer; deflocculant; dispersant for clay and other mins. and insol. salts; scale inhibitor for CaCO₃ and other scales; corrosion inhibitor of ferrous metal corrosion; used in laundry, dishwash, and industrial detergents, tile mfg., textile processing, paper mfg., cement mfg.; pigment dispersant in paints; scale/corrosion inhibitor, sequestrant for water

Properties: Wh. free-flowing gran.; 40% thru 16 on 60 mesh; poured dens. 0.7 g/ml; pH 9.6 (1%); 95% act.

Empiphos STP/1P [Albright & Wilson UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Pentasodium triphosphate, heavy dens. gran.

CAS 7758-29-4; EINECS/ELINCS 213-837-7

- Uses: Water softener; sequestrant; peptizer; deflocculant; dispersant for clay and other mins. and insol. salts; scale inhibitor for CaCO₃ and other scales; corrosion inhibitor of ferrous metal corrosion; used in laundry, dishwash, and industrial detergents, tile mfg., textile processing, paper mfg., cement mfg.; pigment dispersant in paints; scale/corrosion inhibitor, sequestrant for water
- Properties: Wh. heavy-dens. gran.; 60% max. > 0.71 mm; poured dens.

Chem. Descrip.: Pentasodium triphosphate, heavy dens. gran.

CAS 7758-29-4; EINECS/ELINCS 213-837-7

- Uses: Water softener; sequestrant; peptizer; deflocculant; dispersant for clay and other mins. and insol. salts; scale inhibitor for CaCO₃ and other scales; corrosion inhibitor of ferrous metal corrosion; used in laundry, dishwash, and industrial detergents, tile mfg., textile processing, paper mfg., cement mfg.; pigment dispersant in paints; scale/corrosion inhibitor, sequestrant for water
- Properties: Wh. heavy-dens. gran.; 50% min. > 0.5 mm; poured dens. 1.0

Empiphos STP/D [Albright & Wilson UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Pentasodium triphosphate anhyd.

CAS 7758-29-4; EINECS/ELINCS 213-837-7

- Uses: Water softener; sequestrant; peptizer; deflocculant; dispersant for clay and other mins. and insol. salts; scale inhibitor for CaCO₃ and other scales; corrosion inhibitor of ferrous metal corrosion; used in laundry, dishwash, and industrial detergents, tile mfg., textile processing, paper mfg., cement mfg.; pigment dispersant in paints; scale/corrosion inhibitor, sequestrant for water
- Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 93% thru 100 mesh; poured dens. 0.85 g/ml; pH 9.8 (1%); 95% act.

Empiphos STP/D16 [Albright & Wilson UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Pentasodium triphosphate anhyd.

CAS 7758-29-4; EINECS/ELINCS 213-837-7

- Uses: Water softener; sequestrant; peptizer; deflocculant; dispersant for clay and other mins. and insol. salts; scale inhibitor for CaCO₃ and other scales; corrosion inhibitor of ferrous metal corrosion; used in laundry, dishwash, and industrial detergents, tile mfg., textile processing, paper mfg., cement mfg.; pigment dispersant in paints; scale/corrosion inhibitor, sequestrant for water
- Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; poured dens. 0.85 g/ml; pH 9.8 (1%);

Empiphos STP/DMST [Albright & Wilson UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Pentasodium triphosphate, tech. moisturized

CAS 7758-29-4; EINECS/ELINCS 213-837-7

Uses: Water softener; sequestrant; peptizer; deflocculant; dispersant for clay

and other mins. and insol. salts; scale inhibitor for CaCO₃ and other scales; corrosion inhibitor of ferrous metal corrosion; used in laundry, dishwash, and industrial detergents, tile mfg., textile processing, paper mfg., cement mfg.; pigment dispersant in paints; scale/corrosion inhibitor, sequestrant for water treatment

Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 90% thru 100 mesh; poured dens. 0.85 g/ml; pH 9.8 (1%); 94% act.

Empiphos STP/E [Albright & Wilson UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Pentasodium triphosphate, tech. moisturized

- CAS 7758-29-4; EINECS/ELINCS 213-837-7
- Uses: Water softener; sequestrant; peptizer; deflocculant; dispersant for clay and other mins. and insol. salts; scale inhibitor for CaCO₃ and other scales; corrosion inhibitor of ferrous metal corrosion; used in laundry, dishwash, and industrial detergents, tile mfg., textile processing, paper mfg., cement mfg.; pigment dispersant in paints; scale/corrosion inhibitor, sequestrant for water treatment

Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 85% thru 100 mesh; poured dens. 0.85 g/ml; pH 9.8 (1%); 94% act.

Empiphos STP/L16 [Albright & Wilson UK]

Chem. Descrip .: Pentasodium triphosphate, tech. hydrated

CAS 7758-29-4; EINECS/ELINCS 213-837-7

- Uses: Water softener; sequestrant; peptizer; deflocculant; dispersant for clay and other mins. and insol. salts; scale inhibitor for CaCO₃ and other scales; corrosion inhibitor of ferrous metal corrosion; used in laundry, dishwash, and industrial detergents, tile mfg., textile processing, paper mfg., cement mfg.; pigment dispersant in paints; scale/corrosion inhibitor, sequestrant for water treatment
- *Properties:* Wh. free-flowing gran.; 35% thru 16 on 60 mesh; poured dens. 0.55 g/ml; pH 9.8 (1%); 95% act.

Empiphos STP/M [Albright & Wilson UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Pentasodium triphosphate

CAS 7758-29-4; EINECS/ELINCS 213-837-7

- Uses: Water softener; sequestrant; peptizer; deflocculant; dispersant for clay and other mins. and insol. salts; scale inhibitor for CaCO₃ and other scales; corrosion inhibitor of ferrous metal corrosion; used in laundry, dishwash, and industrial detergents, tile mfg., textile processing, paper mfg., cement mfg.; pigment dispersant in paints; scale/corrosion inhibitor, sequestrant for water treatment
- *Properties:* Wh. free-flowing gran.; 50% thru 16 on 60 mesh; poured dens. 0.60 g/ml; pH 9.8 (1%); 95% act.

Empiphos STP/MST [Albright & Wilson UK]

Chem. Descrip .: Pentasodium triphosphate, tech. moisturized

CAS 7758-29-4; EINECS/ELINCS 213-837-7

- Uses: Water softener; sequestrant; peptizer; deflocculant; dispersant for clay and other mins. and insol. salts; scale inhibitor for CaCO₃ and other scales; corrosion inhibitor of ferrous metal corrosion; used in laundry, dishwash, and industrial detergents, tile mfg., textile processing, paper mfg., cement mfg.; pigment dispersant in paints; scale/corrosion inhibitor, sequestrant for water treatment
- Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 90% thru 100 mesh; poured dens. 0.85 g/ml; pH 9.8 (1%); 94% act.

Empiphos STP/N [Albright & Wilson UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Pentasodium triphosphate, tech. anhyd.

CAS 7758-29-4; EINECS/ELINCS 213-837-7

- Uses: Water softener; sequestrant; peptizer; deflocculant; dispersant for clay and other mins. and insol. salts; scale inhibitor for CaCO₃ and other scales; corrosion inhibitor of ferrous metal corrosion; used in laundry, dishwash, and industrial detergents, tile mfg., textile processing, paper mfg., cement mfg.; pigment dispersant in paints; scale/corrosion inhibitor, sequestrant for water treatment
- *Properties:* Wh. free-flowing gran.; 60% thru 16 on 60 mesh; poured dens. 0.80 g/ml; pH 9.8 (1%); 95% act.

Empiphos STP/P [Albright & Wilson UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Pentasodium triphosphate, heavy dens. gran.

CAS 7758-29-4; EINECS/ELINCS 213-837-7

Uses: Water softener; sequestrant; peptizer; deflocculant; dispersant for clay and other mins. and insol. salts; scale inhibitor for CaCO₃ and other scales; corrosion inhibitor of ferrous metal corrosion; used in laundry, dishwash, and industrial detergents, tile mfg., textile processing, paper mfg., cement mfg.; pigment dispersant in paints; scale/corrosion inhibitor, sequestrant for water treatment

Properties: Wh. heavy-dens. gran.; 50% min. > 0.5 mm; poured dens. 1.1

g/ml; pH 9.8 (1%); 95% act.

Empol® 1004 [Cognis]

Chem. Descrip.: Dimer acid, hydrogenated CAS 68783-41-5

Ucoci Surfactant fo

- Uses: Surfactant for industrial applics., thermographic resins, hot-melt adhesives, lt.-colored epoxy curing agents and ester derivs. for lubricant applics.; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers
- *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2420, 178.3910

Properties: Gardner 2 max. color; sp.gr. 0.940 (25/20 C); visc. 50 poise; acid no. 190 min.; iodine no. 10 max.; sapon. no. 195; pour pt. 5 F; flash pt. 555 F; fire pt. 650 F; 79% dibasic, 5% monobasic, 16% polybasic

Empol® 1007 [Cognis]

Chem. Descrip.: Dilinoleic acid

CAS 6144-28-1

- Uses: Surfactant for industrial applics., lubricants; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2420, 178.3910
- Properties: Gardner 5 max. color; acid no. 190 min.

Empol[®] 1008 [Cognis/Chems. Group]

Chem. Descrip.: Dilinoleic acid

CAS 6144-28-1

- Uses: Reactant in high polymers of the polyamide, polyester, and urethane types; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers; polymer grade; exc. oxidation stability, color stability
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2420, 178.3910
- Properties: Gardner 1 max. color; sp.gr. 0.940 (25/20 C); visc. 47 poise; acid no. 194; iodine no. 7; sapon. no. 197; pour pt. 5 F; flash pt. 575 F; fire pt. 630 F; 94% dibasic, 3% polybasic, 3% monobasic

Empol® 1016 [Cognis/Chems. Group]

Chem. Descrip.: Dilinoleic acid

CAS 6144-28-1

- Uses: Surfactant for industrial applics., lubricants; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cello-phane, polymers; offers good control of reactions and little chain-stopping effect in polymer systems
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2420, 178.3910
- *Properties:* Gardner 6 max. color; sp.gr. 0.945 (25/20 C); visc. 50 poise; acid no. 194; sapon. no. 200; pour pt. 5 F; flash pt. 530 F; fire pt. 600 F; 80% dibasic, 16% polybasic, 4% monobasic

Empol® 1018 [Cognis/Chems. Group]

Chem. Descrip.: Dilinoleic acid

CAS 6144-28-1

- Uses: Surfactant for industrial applics., lubricants; in prod. of solid and liq. reactive polyamide resin compositions; for crosslinking polyesters to enhance toughness and flexibility; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/ paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2420, 178.3910
- Properties: Gardner 8 max. color; sp.gr. 0.956 (25/20 C); visc. 92 poise; acid no. 192; sapon. no. 200; pour pt. 15 F; flash pt. 530 F; fire pt. 600 F; 79% dibasic, 17% polybasic, 4% monobasic

Empol® 1020 [Cognis]

Chem. Descrip.: Dilinoleic acid

CAS 6144-28-1

- Uses: Surfactant for industrial applics., lubricants; used in liq. and solid polyamides and polymers for chain termination; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cello-phane, polymers
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2420, 178.3910
- Properties: Gardner 7 max. color; sp.gr. 0.949 (25/20 C); visc. 45 poise; acid no. 190; sapon. no. 194; pour pt. 15 F; flash pt. 500 F; fire pt. 545 F; 77% dibasic, 12% monobasic, 11% polybasic

Empol® 1022 [Cognis/Chems. Group]

Chem. Descrip.: Dilinoleic acid

CAS 6144-28-1 Uses: Surfactant for industrial applics., lubricants; used for liq. and solid polyamide applics.; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2420, 178.3910 Properties: Gardner 8 max. color; sp.gr. 0.953 (25/20 C); visc. 75 poise; acid no. 192; sapon. no. 195; pour pt. 15 F; flash pt. 530 F; fire pt. 600 F; 78% dibasic, 15% polybasic, 7% monobasic Empol® 1024 [Cognis/Chems. Group] Chem. Descrip.: Dilinoleic acid CAS 6144-28-1 Uses: Defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2420, 178.3910 Empol® 1026 [Cognis] Chem. Descrip.: Dilinoleic acid CAS 6144-28-1 Uses: Surfactant for industrial applics., lubricants; used in resin applics. where It. color is not necessary; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/ paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2420, 178.3910 Properties: Gardner 8 max. color; sp.gr. 0.951 (25/20 C); visc. 65 poise; acid no. 191; sapon. no. 195; pour pt. 25 F; flash pt. 555 F; fire pt. 605 F; 82% dibasic, 11% polybasic, 7% monobasic Emsorb® 2505 [Cognis/Chems. Group] Chem. Descrip.: Sorbitan stearate CAS 1338-41-6; EINECS/ELINCS 215-664-9 Uses: Coupling agent, emulsifier; coemulsifier for industrial oils, household prods., agric., and cosmetics; textile lubricant; paper and textile processing; hydrophobic Regulatory: EPA exempt Properties: Gardner 4 solid; disp. in butyl stearate, perchloroethylene; insol. in water; HLB 5.2; m.p. 50 C; flash pt. 480 F; 100% conc.; nonionic Emulgator E 30 [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip.: Alkane sulfonate Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in latex, emulsion PVC, vinyl acetate, acrylic, and S/B systems; surfactant in PVC alone or with primary emulsifiers; antifogging agent; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of foodcontact articles; APE-free Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA XIV compliance Properties: Flake; surf. tens. 31.2 dynes/cm; 100% solids Emulsan™ LV [BASF] Uses: Acid boilout cleaning chem. for paper processing Emulsan[™] MP-24 [BASF] Uses: Acid cleaning agent for colorants in papermaking Emulsan[™] MR [BASF] Uses: Felt cleaning chem. for batch and continuous press paper processing Emulsifier K 30 40% [Bayer AG; Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alkane sulfonates based on n-paraffin Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization, esp. acrylic acid esters, VC, VA, vinylidene chloride, butadiene, styrene, processing natural and syn. latexes, plastic dispersions; antistat; food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; effective over wide pH range Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 178.3400 Properties: Clear sol'n., virtually odorless; sol. in water; low sol. in alcohols; m.w. 330; visc. 5 mPa•s (25%); HLB 11-12; cloud pt. < 20 C (40%); pH alkaline; surf. tens. 34.9 dynes/cm (0.1%); 40% act.; anionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rats) 2 g/kg Environmental: Up to 99% biodeq. Storage: To prevent cloudiness and separation of sol'n. at temps. below 20 C, it should be warmed and homogenized Emulsifier K 30 68% [Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alkane sulfonates based on n-paraffin Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization, esp. acrylic acid esters, VC, VA, vinylidene chloride, butadiene, styrene, processing natural and syn.

Environmental: Up to 99% biodeg. Storage: Separate's on storage; stir before use to homogenize Emulsifier K 30 76% [Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alkane sulfonates based on n-paraffin Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization, esp. acrylic acid esters, VC, VA, vinylidene chloride, butadiene, styrene, processing natural and syn. latexes, plastic dispersions; antistat; food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; effective over wide pH range Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 178.3400 Properties: Wh.-ylsh. stiff paste, virtually odorless; sol. in water; low sol. in alcohols; m.w. 330; visc. 5 mPa·s (25%); HLB 11-12; cloud pt. < 20 C (40%); pH alkaline; surf. tens. 34.9 dynes/cm (0.1%); 76% act.; anionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rats) 2 g/kg Environmental: Up to 99% biodeg. Emulsifier K 30 95% [Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber] Chem. Descrip .: Sodium alkane sulfonates based on n-paraffin Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization, esp. acrylic acid esters, VC, VA, vinylidene chloride, butadiene, styrene, processing natural and syn. latexes, plastic dispersions; antistat; food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; effective over wide pH range Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 178.3400 Properties: Wh.-ylsh. flakes, virtually odorless; sol. in water; low sol. in alcohols; m.w. 330; visc. 5 mPa•s (25%); HLB 11-12; cloud pt. < 20 C (40%); pH alkaline; surf. tens. 34.9 dynes/cm (0.1%); 95% act.; anionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rats) 2 g/kg Environmental: Up to 99% biodeg. Storage: Hygroscopic; use up completely when opened Enathene[®] EA 720-009 [Equistar] Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene n-butyl acrylate copolymer CAS 25750-84-9 Uses: Resin for extrusion coatings and laminations with oriented PP, PET, papers, clay-coated board and nylon substrates for specialty pkg.; food pkg. adhesives; exc. heat seal response at low temps.; good thermal stability at high processing temps

Properties: Colorless to ylsh. pumpable paste, virtually odorless; sol. in water; low sol. in alcohols; m.w. 330; visc. 5 mPa•s (25%); HLB 11-12;

cloud pt. < 20 C (40%); pH alkaline; surf. tens. 34.9 dynes/cm (0.1%);

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105

Properties: Pellets; melt index 6 g/10 min; dens. 0.925 g/cc; m.p. 500-620 F; tens. str. 1300 psi; elong. 900%; soften. pt. (Vicat) 62 C; hardness (Shore D) 34

Epiol NPG-100 [NOF]

68% act.; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rats) 2 g/kg

Chem. Descrip.: Neopentyl glycol diglycidyl ether

CAS 17557-23-2; EINECS/ELINCS 241-536-7

Uses: Reactive diluent for epoxy resin; modifier for fiber, paper, powd.; crosslinking agent; adhesives; paints

Epiol TMP-100 [NOF]

Chem. Descrip.: Trimethylolpropane triglycidyl ether

CAS 30499-70-8

Uses: Reactive diluent for epoxy resin; modifier for fiber, paper, powd.; crosslinking agent; adhesives; paints

Epolene® C-10 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Highly branched, med. m.w. polyethylene wax CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Wax used in hot-melt adhesives and coatings for papers and pkg. materials; paraffin modifiers in slush and cast molding, candles, inks; processing aid for rubber compounding; dispersant for color concs.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; nonemulsifiable; low density

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1320, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3850

Properties: Gardner 1 pellet, sl. odor; negligible sol. in water; m.w. 35,000; dens. 0.906 g/cc; visc. 7800 cps (150 C); soften. pt. (R&B) 104 C; acid no. < 0.05; cloud pt. 77 C (2% in 130 F paraffin); flash pt. (COC) 316 C *Toxicology*: Molten material may produce thermal burns

Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers Epolene® C-13 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Highly branched, med. m.w. polyethylene wax CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 178.3400

latexes, plastic dispersions; antistat; food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsi-

fier in mfg. of food-contact articles; effective over wide pH range

- Uses: Paraffin wax modifier, e.g., for paper coatings; additive for inks, hotmelt adhesives; base polymer for color concs.; processing aid, mold release agent, dispersant, coupling agent for plastics; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; designed for use with Epolene waxes or blends containing lower m.w. materials
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1320, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3850
- Properties: Gardner 1 pellet; m.w. 76,000; melt index 200 (190 C); dens. 0.913 g/cc; soften. pt. (R&B) 110 C; acid no. < 0.05; cloud pt. 81 C (2%) *Toxicology:* Molten material may produce thermal burns

Epolene[®] C-14 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Highly branched, med. m.w. polyethylene wax

- CAS 9002-88-4; EIŇEČS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Uses: Paraffin wax modifier, e.g., for paper coatings; additive for inks, hotmelt adhesives; base polymer for color concs.; processing aid, mold release agent, dispersant, coupling agent for plastics; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; designed for use with Epolene waxes or blends containing lower m.w. materials
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.615, 173.20, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1320, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
- *Properties:* Gardner 1 pellet; melt index 1.6 (190 C); m.w. 143,000; dens. 0.918 g/cc; acid no. < 0.05; cloud pt. 84 C

Toxicology: Molten material may produce thermal burns

Epolene® C-15 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip .: Highly branched, med. m.w. polyethylene wax

CAS 9002-88-4; EIŇEČS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Wax used in hot-melt adhesives and coatings for papers and packaging materials; paraffin modifier in slush and cast molding, candles, inks; processing aid for rubber compounding; dispersant for color concs.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber; defoamer in foodcontact coatings, paper/paperboard; nonemulsifiable; low density
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1320, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3850
- Properties: Gardner 1 pellet; m.w. 17,000; dens. 0.906 g/cc; visc. 3900 cps (150 C); soften. pt. (R&B) 102 C; acid no. < 0.05; cloud pt. 75 C *Toxicology:* Molten material may produce thermal burns

Epolene® C-15P [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Highly branched, med. m.w. polyethylene wax

CAS 9002-88-4; EIŇEČS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Uses: Wax used in hot-melt adhesives and coatings for papers and packaging materials, as paraffin modifiers in slush and cast molding, candles, inks; processing aid for rubber compounding; dispersant for color concs.; nonemulsifiable; low density

Properties: Powd.

Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers; powd. material may form explosive dust-air mixts.

Epolene® C-16 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Maleated polyethylene wax

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Uses: As hot melt coatings for paper (glossy barrier coatings, readily heat sealable to paper prods., metal foils, and plastic films); in paraffin wax coatings and in paraffin-copolymer coatings; compatibilizer; coupling agent for filled polyolefins; wetting/dispersing props. for highly filled compositions; dispersant and processing aid for plastics; food pkg. adhesives, paper/ paperboard; nonemulsifiable wax

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180

- *Properties:* Gardner 1 pellet; m.w. 26,000; dens. 0.908 g/cc; visc. 8500 cps (150 C); soften. pt. (R&B) 106 C; sapon. no. 5; cloud pt. 78 C (2% in 130 F paraffin)
- Epolene® C-17 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Highly branched, med. m.w. polyethylene wax CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Uses: Paraffin wax modifier, e.g., for paper coatings; additive for inks, hotmelt adhesives; base polymer for color concs.; processing aid, mold release agent, dispersant, coupling agent for plastics; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; designed for use with Epolene waxes or blends containing lower m.w. materials

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.615, 173.20, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1320, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
- Properties: Gardner 1 pellet; m.w. 100,000; melt index 20 (190 C); dens. 0.917 g/cc; acid no. < 0.05; cloud pt. 81 C (2% in 130 F paraffin) *Toxicology:* Molten material may produce thermal burns

Epolene® C-18 [Eastman]

- Chem. Descrip.: Maleated polyethylene
- CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- *Uses:* As hot melt coatings for paper (glossy barrier coatings, readily heat sealable to paper prods., metal foils, and plastic films); in paraffin wax coatings and in paraffin-copolymer coatings; adhesion promoter; coupling agent for filled polyolefins; compatibilizer; good wetting and dispersing props. for highly filled compositions; dispersing and processing aid for plastics; food pkg. adhesives, paper; nonemulsifiable; tolerates high levels of inorganic fillers without drastic increases in melt visc.
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180
- Properties: Gardner 1 pellet; m.w. 15,000; dens. 0.905 g/cc; visc.: 4000 cps (150 C); sapon. no. 5; soften. pt. (R&B) 102 C

Epolene® E-10 [Eastman]

- *Chem. Descrip.*: Oxidized low m.w. polyethylene homopolymer resin CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Uses: Wax for water-emulsion for floor polishes, imparting excellent slip resistance, toughness, and durability to polish films; finishing agent for cotton and rayon fabrics; textile softener; processing aid, mold release agent, dispersant, coupling agent for plastics; lubricant in clay coatings for paper to reduce dusting during calendering; emulsifiable
- Properties: Gardner 2 pellet, odorless; negligible sol. in water; m.w. 3000; sp.gr. 0.942; visc. 800 cps (125 C); soften. pt. (R&B) 106 C; acid no. 15; flash pt. (COC) > 204 C
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 6400 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; sl. skin irritant; molten material may produce thermal burns

Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers **Epolene® E-15** [Eastman]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Low m.w. oxidized polyethylene homopolymer resin CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Uses: Imparts slip resistance to floor polish films; processing aid, mold release agent, dispersant, coupling agent for plastics; lubricant in clay coatings for paper to reduce dusting during calendering; low density; low soften. pt.; emulsifiable
- Properties: Gardner 2 pellet; m.w. 4200; dens. 0.925 g/cc; visc. 350 cps (125 C); soften. pt. (R&B) 100 C; acid no. 16

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 6400 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; sl. skin irritant; molten material may produce thermal burns

Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers

Epolene® E-20 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip .: Low m.w. oxidized polyethylene wax

- CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Uses: Emulsifier; in high-speed, buffable floor polish; textile lubricant/softener; fruit coating applics.; processing aid, mold release agent, dispersant, coupling agent for plastics; lubricant in clay coatings for paper to reduce dusting during calendering; offers emulsification props. of a med.-dens. wax
- *Properties:* Gardner 2 pellet; m.w. 7500; dens. 0.960 g/cc; visc. 1500 cP (125 C); soften. pt. (R&B) 111 C; acid no. 17
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 6400 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; sl. skin irritant; molten material may produce thermal burns

Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers Epolene® N-10 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Low m.w. polyethylene homopolymer resin

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: For paper-coating applics., printing inks; processing aid and pigment dispersant for polyolefin color concs.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; nonemulsifiable; easily blended with waxes to improve tens. str., abrasion resistance, and adhesion to fibrous substrates
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1320, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
- Properties: Gardner 1 pellet, odorless; negligible sol. in water; m.w. 10,000; dens. 0.925 g/cc; visc. 1500 cps (125 C); soften. pt. (R&B) 111 C; acid no. < 0.05; cloud pt. 85 C (2% in 130 F paraffin)
Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 6400 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; molten material will produce thermal burns *Precaution:* Incompat. with oxidizers

Epolene® N-10P [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip .: Low m.w. polyethylene wax

- CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Uses: For paper-coating applics., printing inks; processing aid and pigment dispersant for polyolefin color concs.; nonemulsifiable wax; easily blended with waxes to improve tens. str., abrasion resistance, and adhesion to fibrous substrates; powd. version of Epolene N-10

Properties: Powd

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 6400 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers; powd. material may form explosive dust-air mixts.

Epolene® N-11 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Low m.w. polyethylene wax

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Processing aid, mold release agent, lubricant, antiblocking agent for rubber; extrusion and calendering aid for vinyl; helps mold flow; antitackifier in grn. rubber; solid lubricant in corrugated board mfg.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1320, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
- Properties: Gardner 1 pellet, odorless; negliglbe sol. in water; m.w. 6000; dens. 0.921 g/cc; visc. 350 cps (125 C); soften. pt. (R&B) 108 C; acid no. < 0.05; cloud pt. 79 C (2% in 130 F paraffin)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 6400 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; molten material will produce thermal burns

Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers

Epolene® N-14 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Low m.w. polyethylene wax

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Processing aid, mold release agent, lubricant, antiblocking agent for rubber; extrusion and calendering aid for vinyl; helps mold flow; antitackifier in grn. rubber; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1320, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
- Properties: Gardner 1 pellets, odorless; negligible sol. in water; m.w. 4000; dens. 0.920 g/cc; visc. 150 cps (125 C); soften. pt. (R&B) 106 C; acid no. < 0.05; cloud pt. 77 C (2% in 130 F paraffin)

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 6400 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; molten material will produce thermal burns

Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers

Epolene® N-20 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip .: Low m.w. polyethylene homopolymer wax

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Wax used in cosmetics, hot-melt adhesives; dispersant for color concs., cable filling compositions; slip agent for printing inks; modifier for hot-melt highway marking; processing aid, mold release agent, dispersant for plastics; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; nonemulsifiable; improved resist. to solvs. and oils, and good hardness
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1320, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
- Properties: Gardner 1 pellets, odorless; negligible sol. in water; m.w. 15,000; dens. 0.930 g/cc; visc. 3725 cps (150 C); soften. pt. (R&B) 119 C; acid no. < 0.05; cloud pt. 86 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 6400 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; molten material will produce thermal burns

Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers

Epolene® N-21 [Eastman]

Chem. Descrip.: Low m.w. polyethylene homopolymer wax

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Uses: Wax used in cosmetics, hot-melt adhesives; dispersant for color concs., cable filling compositions; slip agent for printing inks; modifier for hot-melt highway marking; processing aid, mold release agent, dispersant for plastics; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber; defoamer

in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; nonemulsifiable; improved resist. to solvs. and oils, and good hardness

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1320, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
- Properties: Gardner 1 pellets, odorless; negligible sol. in water; m.w. 6500; dens. 0.950 g/cc; visc. 350 cps (150 C); soften. pt. (R&B) 120 C; acid no. < 0.05; cloud pt. 87 C
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 6400 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; molten material will produce thermal burns
- Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers
- Epolene® N-34 [Eastman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Low m.w. polyethylene wax
 - CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Extrusion lubricant for polyolefins; mold release agent and lubricant in rubber processing; extrusion and calendering aid for vinyl; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1320, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
 - Properties: Gardner 1 pellets, odorless; negligible sol. in water; m.w. 6200; dens. 0.910 g/cc; visc. 450 cps (125 C); soften. pt. (R&B) 103 C; acid no. < 0.05; cloud pt. 69 C (2% in 130 F paraffin)

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 6400 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; molten material will produce thermal burns

Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers EPON® Resin 825 [Shell]

Chem. Descrip.: Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin epoxy resin

- Uses: Resin for elec. castings and encapsulation, low-VOC coatings, aerospace and specialty adhesives, specialized tooling; also in blends with high performance multifunctional epoxy resins to reduce visc.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; produces systems with greater clarity, chem. resist., higher heat distort. temp., and lower elec. conduct.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2280
- Properties: Gardner 1 max. liq.; dens. 9.7-9.8 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 50-65 poise; EEW 175-180
- Storage: May crystallize on standing or in storage; reliquefy by heating to 45-50 C $\,$

EPON® Resin 826 [Shell]

Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy resin (diglycidyl ether of bisphenol A)

- Uses: Used for laminating binders, castings, encapsulations, functional and decorative flooring, filament winding, patching compds., high-build coatings, fiber-reinforced composites and pipe, tooling and molding compds., construction/elec./aerospace adhesives, grouting compds.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; for applics. requiring low visc. without visc. reducing modifiers or reactive diluents
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2280
- Properties: Gardner 2 max. liq.; dens. 9.7 lb/gal; visc. 8500 cps; flash pt. (COC) 243 C; EEW 178-186

EPON® Resin 828 [Shell]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin-based epoxy resin without visc. reducing modifiers or reactive diluents
- Uses: Used in construction/elec./aerospace adhesives, laminating binders, castings, encapsulations, functional and decorative flooring, filament winding, potting compds., grouts, solv.-borne, high-build, or low-VOC maintenance and marine coatings; base resin for epoxy fusion tech.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; used as sole resin where visc. is not a critical factor
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2280
- Properties: Gardner 1 max. clear liq.; dens. 9.7 lb/gal; visc. 12,000 cps; vapor pressure 0.03 mm Hg (77 C); flash pt. no flash @ 249 C; ref. index 1.573; EEW 185-192; sp. heat 0.5 cal/g/C
- Storage: Can be stored at 49-60 C for ease of handling

EPON® Resin 1001F [Shell]

Chem. Descrip.: Bisphenol A-based epoxy resin

Uses: Used as the base resin in structural applics. (laminates, filament

winding, transfer molding compds.), surf. coatings (maintenance, marine, wire, powd. coatings), adhesives, and prepreg formulations, elec. encapsulation; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; upgrades thermosetting acrylic resins into coatings with greatly improved adhesion, toughness, and detergent resist.

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2280
- Properties: Gardner 2 max. flake; negligible sol. in water; dens. 10.2 lb/gal; bulk dens. 36-40 lb/ft³; visc. 7-9.6 cps (40% in MEK); vapor pressure negligible; m.p. 73 C; flash pt. (Seta) > 200 F; EEW 525-550
- Storage: Store below 60 F to avoid or minimize handling problems; sl. prone to blocking or sintering

EPON® Resin 1004F [Shell]

Chem. Descrip.: Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin-based epoxy resin

- Uses: Used in adhesives, molding compds., prepreg laminates, wire coatings, powd. coatings, R.T. cure or force-dried chemically resist. coatings, and to prepare epoxy esters used as vehicles in appliance or automotive primers, maintenance coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
- *Regulatory:* FDA ŽľCFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2280
- Properties: Gardner 3 max. flakes; negligible sol. in water; dens. 10.2 lb/gal; bulk dens. 36-40 lb/ft³; visc. 15-25 cps (40% in MEK); vapor pressure negligible; m.p. 100 C; flash pt. (Seta) > 200 F; EEW 800-950 Storage: Store in covered area protected against moisture

EPON[®] Resin 1007F [Shell]

Chem. Descrip.: Bisphenol A-based epoxy resin

- Uses: Used in adhesives, molding compds., prepreg laminations, wire coatings, powd. coatings, prod. finishes, baking primers where adhesion, flexibility, and corrosion resist. are required, and to prepare epoxy esters; vehicle in high-performance industrial baking finishes, appliance primers, metal furniture finishes; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2280
- Properties: Gardner 3 max. flakes; negligible sol. in water; dens. 10.3 lb/gal (20 C); bulk dens. 36-40 lb/ft³; visc. 50-100 cps (40% in MEK); vapor pressure negligible; flash pt. (Seta) > 200 F; EEW 1700-2300

Storage: Store in covered area protected against moisture

EPON® Resin 1009F [Shell]

- Chem. Descrip.: Bisphenol A-based epoxy resin
- Uses: Vehicle or binder in high-performance industrial baking surf. coatings, appliance primers, metal furniture finishes, wire coatings, powd. coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; produces coatings with high flexibility, adhesion, and resist. to chems. and solvs.
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2280
- *Properties:* Pt-Co 200 max. flakes; negligible sol. in water; dens. 1.19 g/ml; bulk dens. 36-40 lb/ft³; melt visc. > 500 poise (150 C); vapor pressure negligible; m.p. 130-140 C; flash pt. (Seta) > 200 F; EEW 2300-3800 *Storage:* Store in covered area protected against moisture

EPON® Resin 2002-FC-10 [Shell]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Bisphenol A-based epoxy resin contg. 10% Modaflow[®] (flow control, anticratering agent)
- Uses: Used for powd. coatings and molding; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2280

Properties: Flake; dens. 1.19 g/cc; bulk dens. 3642 lb/ft³; EEW 760-875 Epotal® 181 D [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene polymer dispersion

Uses: Additive for other dispersions; increases blocking resist. of adhesives; improves slip in paper finishing

Epotuf® 3000 [Reichhold]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylate ester of bisphenol-A epoxy resin

- Uses: For It. industrial/architectural coatings, adhesives for metal, plastic, wood, paper, and paperboard prods.; binder for glass and nonwoven fabrics; dispersion vehicle for pigments in inks; UV/EB curable
- Properties: Gardner 1 color; sp.gr. 1.16; dens. 9.7 lb/gal; visc. 2500 cps; acid no. 1; 100% solids

Epotuf® 3020-20 HDDA [Reichhold]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylate ester of bisphenol-A epoxy resin

- Uses: For It. industrial/architectural coatings, adhesives for metal, plastic, wood, paper, and paperboard prods.; binder for glass and nonwoven fabrics; disp. vehicle for pigments in inks; UV/EB curable; improved flow and wetting; high gloss; rapid cure
- Properties: Gardner 1 color; sp.gr. 1.15; dens. 9.6 lb/gal; visc. 12,000 cps (65 C); acid no. 1; 100% solids

Epotuf® 3020-25 TPGDA [Reichhold]

- Chem. Descrip.: Acrylate ester of bisphenol-A epoxy resin
- Uses: For It. industrial/architectural coatings, adhesives for metal, plastic, wood, paper, and paperboard prods.; binder for glass and nonwoven fabrics; disp. vehicle for pigments in inks; UV/EB-curable; good flow; high gloss; rapid cure

Properties: Gardner 1 color; sp.gr. 1.15; dens. 9.6 lb/gal; visc. 13,000 cps (65 C); acid no. 1; 100% solids

Toxicology: Low skin irritation

Epotuf® 3210 [Reichhold]

- Chem. Descrip.: Acrylate ester of bisphenol-A epoxy resin
- Uses: For It. industrial/architectural coatings requiring flexibility, adhesives for metal/plastic/wood/paper and paperboard prods., inks; binder for glass and nonwoven fabrics; UV/EB-curable
- Properties: Gardner 1 color; sp.gr. 1.16; dens. 9.7 lb/gal; visc. 2500 cps; acid no. 1; 100% solids

Epotuf® 3230 [Reichhold]

- Chem. Descrip.: Acrylate ester of bisphenol-A epoxy resin
- Uses: For It. industrial/architectural coatings requiring flexibility, adhesives for metal/plastic/wood/paper and paperboard prods., inks; binder for glass and nonwoven fabrics; UV/EB-curable
- Properties: Gardner 1 color; sp.gr. 1.16; dens. 9.7 lb/gal; visc. 2000 cps; acid no. 1; 100% solids

Esacure[®] EDB [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl 4-(dimethylamino) benzoate
- CAS 10287-53-3; EÍNECS/ELINCS 233-634-3
- Uses: Free radical initiator for UV curing for use in adhesives, coatings (metal, paper, wood), electronics (solder masks), inks (flexo and gravure, litho, offset, screen); coinitiator; good sol.
- Properties: Wh. crystals; odorless; m.w. 193; m.p. 63 C; 98% reactive esters
- Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F; use within six months

Esacure® KB1 [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip.: Benzyldimethyl ketal with 100 ppm MEHQ
- CAS 24650-42-8; EINÉCS/ELINCS 246-386-6
- Uses: Photoinitiator for UV-cured adhesives (pressure sensitive, structural), coatings (metal, optical, paper, plastic, PVC floor, textile, wood), photopolymers, electronics (photoresists, conformal, encapsulants, solder masks), inks (flexo, gravure, litho, offset, screen); optimum absorp. 250-350 nm; fast cure response; good through-cure
- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; faint, characteristic odor; insol. in water; sol. (g/100 ml): 116 g ethyl acetate, 115 g toluene, 113 g styrene, 80 g acetone; m.w. 256; sp.gr. 1.176 (20 C); m.p. 63-66 C
- Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F; use within six months

Esacure® KIP100F [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip.: α-Hydroxy ketone and 2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-phenyl 1propanone
- Uses: Free radical initiator for photopolymerization of UV curable systems for adhesives, coatings (glass, metal, optical, paper, PVC floor, wood), electronics (conformal, solder masks), inks (flexo and gravure, litho, screen); high reactivity, nonyellowing (cured film), low odor (cured film)
- Properties: Clear sl. yel. visc. liq.; faint, char. odor; insol. in water; sol. in most common org. solvs., monomers, preopolymers; sp.gr. 1.100 (20 C); visc. 15-30 MPa•s (20 C); flash pt. (PMCC) 110 C
- Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F; use within six months

Esacure® KT37 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Blend of Esacure TZT (2,4,6-trimethylbenzophenone and 4methylbenzophenone) and Esacure KIP 100F (α -hydroxyketone)

Uses: Free radical initiator for UV curing for use in adhesives, coatings

(glass, metal, paper, optical, PVC floor, wood), electronics (conformal, solder masks), inks (flexo and gravure, litho, offset, screen); fast cure response

Properties: Clear It. yel. liq.; faint, characteristic odor; insol. in water; sp.gr. 1.070 (20 C); visc. 1.5-3.5 MPa•s (20 C); b.p. 135 C; pour pt. - 5 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 140 C

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F; use within six months

Esacure® TZT [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: 2,4,6-Trimethylbenzophenone and 4-methylbenzophenone blend

Uses: Free radical initiator for UV curing for use in structural adhesives, coatings (glass, metal, paper, plastic, PVC floor, wood), electronics (conformal, encapsulants, photoresists, solder masks), inks (flexo and gravure, litho, offset, screen); high reactivity, highly soluble, low odor and color (cured film), good surf. cure

Properties: Colorless to lt. straw clear liq.; very faint, char. odor; pract. insol. in water; completely sol. in most org. solvs., monomers, oligomers, and resins; sp.gr. 1.053 (20 C); visc. 55 MPa•s (20 C); b.p. 310-330 C; pour pt. - 7 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 140 C; ref. index 1.5822

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F; use within six months

Escor® AT-310 [Exxon]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene-methyl acrylate-acrylic acid terpolymer

CAS 41525-41-1

Uses: Impact modifier for engineering thermoplastics; compatibilizer for polar and nonpolar polymers; adhesive film for industrial laminations or bonding elastomers to fabrics and metals; for extrusion coating/laminating; in heatactivated adhesive sealant; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180

Properties: Melt index 6.0 g/10 min; dens. 0.941 g/cc; m.p. 89 C; acid no. 45; tens. str. 3.3 MPa (yield, 14 MPa (break); tens. elong. > 800% (break); flex. mod. 66 MPa; tens. impact 530 kJ/m²; hardness (Shore A) 90; soften. pt. (Vicat) 86 C

Escor® AT-320 [Exxon]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene-methyl acrylate-acrylic acid terpolymer CAS 41525-41-1

Uses: Adhesion modifier for rubber compds., TPOs, adhesive sealants; improves adhesion to metals, syn. yarns, paints; impact modifier for engineering thermoplastics; compatibilizer for dissimilar polymers; extrusion laminates; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180

Properties: Melt index 5.0 g/10 min; dens. 0.950 g/cc; m.p. 69 C; acid no. 45; tens. str. 12 MPa (yield, 12 MPa (break); tens. elong. > 800% (break); flex. mod. 25 MPa; tens. impact 760 kJ/m²; hardness (Shore A) 83; soften. pt. (Vicat) 66 C

Escor® AT-325 [Exxon]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene-methyl acrylate-acrylic acid terpolymer CAS 41525-41-1

Uses: Impact modifier for engineering thermoplastics; compatibilizer for dissimilar polymers; adhesion promoter for molded polyolefin parts; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; improves toughness, flexibility, adhesion chars. *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180

Properties: Melt index 20 g/10 min; dens. 0.950 g/cc; m.p. 67 C; acid no. 45; tens. str. 7.8 MPa (yield, 7.8 MPa (break); tens. elong. > 800% (break); flex. mod. 21 MPa; tens. impact 590 kJ/m²; hardness (Shore A) 80; soften. pt. (Vicat) 60 C

Esi-Cryl[™] 316N [Cook Composites & Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Wax emulsion based on A-C® 316 (oxidized HDPE homopolymer)

CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Uses: Used in floor finishes, general coatings, inks, lubricants, textiles, graphic arts, and adhesives; food-contact paper/paperboard; improves slip and abrasion resist. in inks and overprint varnishes

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Properties: Dens. 8.30 lb/gal; acid no. 16 (of base PE); pH 9-10; hardness < 0.5; 29.5-30.5% solids; nonionic

Esi-CryI™ 847 [Cook Composites & Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydrosol emulsion polymer

Uses: Grinding and extending vehicle, thickener for flexographic/gravure

inks and coatings for corrugated, paper, board, and newsprint; exc. transfer Use Level: 2-3% (ink thickeners)

Properties: Opaque emulsion; m.w. 97,500; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; acid no. 123; pH 4.0; 35% solids

Esi-Cryl[™] 865 [Cook Composites & Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydrosol emulsion polymer

Uses: Grinding and extending vehicle, thickener for flexographic/gravure inks and coatings for corrugated, paper, board, and newsprint; exc. transfer Use Level: 2-3% (ink thickeners)

Properties: Opaque emulsion; m.w. 70,000; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. < 50 cps; acid no. 115; pH 6.0; 40% solids

Esi-CryI[™] 1047 [Cook Composites & Polymers] Uses: Thickener for formulation of flexographic inks and coatings for corrugated, paper, board, and newsprint Use Level: 2-3% (ink thickeners)

Properties: Liq.; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 5000 cps; pH 8.8; 20% solids Esi-CryI™ 1055 [Cook Composites & Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal sol'n. polymer Uses: Grinding and letdown vehicle, thickener for flexographic/gravure inks

and coatings for corrugated, paper, board, and newsprint; exc. adhesion to PE/PP film and foil; nonpinholing; surfactant-free

Use Level: 2-3% (ink thickeners)

Properties: Translucent liq.; m.w. 32,000; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 100 cps; acid no. 67; pH 8.3; 30% solids

Esi-Cryl™ 1056 [Cook Composites & Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal sol'n. polymer

Uses: Letdown vehicle, TiO₂/clay/CaCO₃ dispersant, thickener for flexographic inks and coatings for corrugated, paper, board, and newsprint; exc. adhesion to PE/PP film and foil; nonpinholing; surfactant- and ammonia-free Use Level: 2-3% (ink thickeners)

Properties: Translucent liq.; m.w. 32,000; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 150 cps; acid no. 67; pH 8.3; 30% solids

Esi-CryI[™] 1065 [Cook Composites & Polymers] Uses: Thickener for formulation of flexographic inks and coatings for corrugated, paper, board, and newsprint

Use Level: 2-3% (ink thickeners)

Properties: Liq.; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 2200 cps; pH 9.0; 20.5% solids Esi-CryI™ 1066 [Cook Composites & Polymers]

Uses: Thickener for formulation of flexographic inks and coatings for corrugated, paper, board, and newsprint Use Level: 2-3% (ink thickeners)

Properties: Liq.; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 5500 cps; pH 8.7; 20.5% solids

Esi-CryI[™] 1099 [Cook Composites & Polymers] Uses: Thickener for formulation of flexographic inks and coatings for corrugated, paper, board, and newsprint Use Level: 2-3% (ink thickeners)

Properties: Liq.; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 2000 cps; pH 9.0; 35% solids

Esi-Rez™ 50 [Cook Composites & Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Solid acrylic resin

Uses: High gloss pigment dispersant, extending resin for water, alcohol, or glycol-based flexo/gravure inks, coatings, and overprint varnishes; grinding of org. pigments; resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; high holdout and transfer; exc. printability and resolubility; easy solubilization; high m.w. *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180

Properties: Colorless clear bead; m.w. 9500; sp.gr. 1.05; soften. pt. (B&R)

130 C; acid no. 200; > 97% solids, < 3% cosolv.

Esi-Rez[™] 53 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Solid acrylic resin

Uses: High gloss extending resin for waterborne flexo/gravure inks, coatings, overprint varnishes; resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; exc. pigment wetting, transfer, printability, resolubility; high holdout; easy solubilization *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180

Properties: Colorless clear bead; m.w. 5900; sp.gr. 1.05; soften. pt. (B&R) 125 C; acid no. 215; > 97% solids, < 3% cosolv.

Esi-Rez[™] 60 [Cook Composites & Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Solid acrylic resin

Uses: High gloss pigment grinding/extending resin for flexo/gravure inks, coatings, overprint varnishes; food pkg. adhesives; component of paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; high holdout and transfer; easy solubilization; exc. printability; ultra low VOC

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180 Properties: Colorless clear bead; m.w. 7800; soften. pt. 162 C; acid no. 245; 100% solids Esi-Rez[™] 65 [Cook Composites & Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Solid acrylic resin Uses: High gloss extending resin for flexo/gravure inks, coatings, overprint varnishes; food pkg. adhesives; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; high holdout and transfer; easy solubilization; exc. printability; ultra low VOC *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180 Properties: Colorless clear bead; m.w. 2300; soften. pt. 142 C; acid no. 300; 100% solids Estalol® [Aceto] Chem. Descrip .: Dibasic ester Uses: For paper, foundry, electronics, textile industries Estane[®] 5715 [BFGoodrich] Chem. Descrip.: Polyester-urethane polymer, calcium stearate-dusted Uses: Used in binders, leather dressing, commercial, paper and foil coatings; thermoplastic polymer; produces hard, flexible, abrasion-resistant coating Properties: Pale amber granular; readily sol. in MEK; visc. 100-200 cps (20% in MEK); Shore hardness 63D. Etadurin 31 [Akzo Nobel] Chem. Descrip.: Amine copolymer aq. sol'n. Uses: Wet str. resin for paper mfg.; thermosetting Properties: 35% solids in water; cationic Ethoduomeen® T/20 [Akzo Nobel; Akzo Nobel bv] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-10 tallow aminopropylamine CAS 61790-85-0 Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent used in coating preparation on paperboard; corrosion inhibitor; also for cosmetics *Properties:* Gardner 18 max. liq.; sp.gr. 0.99; f.p. < 25 C; b.p. 150 C; amine no. 144; flash pt. (PMCC) 90 C; surf. tens. 38.2 dynes/cm (0.1%); 95% min. act.; cationic Toxicology: Severe eye irritant Ethylex® 2005, 2015, 2020, 2025, 2035, 2040, 2065, 2075, 2095 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] Chem. Descrip.: Hydroxyethylated dent corn starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Viscosifier, penetrant, film-former for papermaking size press and paper coatings, adhesives, textile warp sizing; improves printing and surf. str. of paper Etingal[®] A [BASF AG] Chem. Descrip.: Phosphoric acid ester Uses: Antifoam for papermaking and paper finishing; defoamer for coating colors; effective in aq. media Etingal® L [BASF AG] Čhem. Descrip .: Ethyl ether deriv. of fatty acid Uses: Defoamer, deaerator for pigment slurries, coating colors, and surf. sizing preps.; defoamer, stock deaerator in papermaking; long-acting; easy to emulsify; contains no diluent; does not release any volatile components of flammable vapors (below 100 C) Properties: Liq.; 100% act. Etingal[®] S [BASF AG] Chem. Descrip.: Phosphoric acid ester Uses: Defoamer for papermaking, leather, furs, coating colors; emulsifiable version of Etingal® A Etopol 31-L [Christianson SA de CV] Chem. Descrip.: Polyoxypropylene (90%), polyoxyethylene (10%) block copolymer CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Hydrophobic agent for stabilization of w/o emulsions; wetting agent for agric. wettable powds. and in paper applics.; defoamer for antifreeze, gastreating units, drilling muds, glue, cutting/grinding fluids, and in pulp/paper industry Properties: APHA 100 max. liq.; polyol char. odor; sol. > 10 g/100 ml of water; m.w. 1100; sp.gr. 1.02; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. 165 cps; vapor pressure < 0.01 mm Hg; m.p. ≈ -30 C; b.p. > 250 C; HLB 4.5; pour pt. -32 C; cloud pt. 37 C (1% aq.); flash pt. > 220 C; surf. tens. 50.4 dynes/cm (0.01% conc.); 0.3% water; nonionic

Toxicology: Repeated contact with skin can cause dermatitis; eye irritant; ing. of Ig. amts. will result in diarrhea and weakness

Precaution: Avoid strong oxidants, strong alkali @ high temps., and strong

acids

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion produces carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

Etopol 61-L [Christianson SA de CV]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyoxypropylene (90%), polyoxyethylene (10%) block copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Hydrophobic agent for stabilization of w/o emulsions; defoamer for spray-on bandages and submerged aerobic fermentation processes; defoamer, additive for latex coating colors, sulfite pulp bleaching; pulp drainage agent in paper industry; also used in water treatment, for canning industry during peeling and washing of vegetables and fruits in dilute lye sol'ns., and in food processing, baking, brewing, and bottle washing

Properties: APHA 100 max. liq.; polyol char. odor; sol. < 1 g/100 ml of water; m.w. 2000; sp.gr. 1.01; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; visc. 285 cps; vapor pressure < 0.01 mm Hg; m.p. ≈ -30 C; b.p. > 250 C; HLB 3; pour pt. -29 C; cloud pt. ≈ 24 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) > 230 C; surf. tens. 43.5 dynes/cm (0.01% conc.); 0.3% water; nonionic

- Toxicology: Repeated contact with skin can cause dermatitis; eye irritant; inq. of lg. amts. will result in diarrhea and weakness
- Precaution: Avoid strong oxidants, strong alkali @ high temps., and strong acids
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion produces carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

Etopol 62DX-L [Christianson SA de CV]

- Chem. Descrip.: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene block copolymer
- Uses: Visc. control agent in cosmetics (hair bleaches, dyes and tints, hair sets, liq. ointments, emollients or soaps), water treatment; good detergency for textile industry
- Properties: APHA 100 max. liq.; sol. > 1 g/100 ml of water; m.w. 2350; sp.gr. 1.04; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 385 cps; pour pt. -1 C; cloud pt. ≈ 35 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 46.6 dynes/cm (0.01% conc.); 0.3% water; nonionic
- Toxicology: Repeated contact with skin can cause dermatitis; eye irritant; inq. of lg. amts. will result in diarrhea and weakness
- Precaution: Avoid strong oxidants, strong alkali @ high temps., and strong acids
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion produces carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

Etopol 62-L [Christianson SA de CV]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Polyoxypropylene (80%), polyoxyethylene (20%) block copolymer
- CAS 9003-11-6
- Uses: Solubilizer for fluoroscein, tyrothricin, perfume, iodine, DDT, hexachlorophene, etc.; used in printing industry; as component of crude oil demulsifiers; additive for machine dishwashing detergents, preventing spotting; also for latex coating colors, special paper coating, and for cooking rag stocks in paper industry
- Properties: APHA 100 max. liq.; polyol char. odor; sol. > 10 g/100 ml of water; m.w. 2500; sp.gr. 1.03; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 400 cps; vapor pressure < 0.01 mm Hg; m.p. ≈ -5 C; b.p. > 250 C; HLB 7; pour pt. -4 C; cloud pt. ≈ 32 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) > 240 C; surf. tens. 45.3 dynes/ cm (0.01% conc.); 0.3% water; nonionic
- Toxicology: Repeated contact with skin can cause dermatitis; eye irritant; ing. of Ig. amts. will result in diarrhea and weakness

Precaution: Avoid strong oxidants, strong alkali @ high temps., and strong acids

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion produces carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

Etopol 62LF-L [Christianson SA de CV]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene block copolymer CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Visc. control agent in cosmetics (hair bleaches, dyes and tints, hair sets, liq. ointments, emollients or soaps), water treatment; good detergency for textile industry
- Properties: APHA 100 max. liq.; polyol char. odor; sol. > 10 g/100 ml of water; m.w. 2450; sp.gr. 1.03; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 400 cps; vapor pressure < 0.01 mm Hg; m.p. ≈ -10 C; b.p. > 250 C; pour pt. -10 C; cloud pt. ≈ 28 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 41.9 dynes/cm (0.01% conc.); 0.3% water; nonionic

Precaution: Avoid strong oxidants, strong alkali @ high temps., and strong

Toxicology: Repeated contact with skin can cause dermatitis; eye irritant; inq. of Ig. amts. will result in diarrhea and weakness

acids

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion produces carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

- Etopol 63-L [Christianson SA de CV]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Polyoxypropylene (70%), polyoxyethylene (30%) block copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Solubilizer for fluoroscein, tyrothricin, perfume, iodine, DDT, hexachlorophene, etc.; used in printing industry; as component of crude oil demulsifiers; additive for machine dishwashing detergents, preventing spotting; also for latex coating colors, special paper coating, and for cooking rag stocks in paper industry
- Properties: APHA 100 max. liq.; polyol char. odor; sol. > 10 g/100 ml of water; m.w. 2650; sp.gr. 1.04; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 490 cps; vapor pressure < 0.01 mm Hg; m.p. ≈ 10 C; b.p. > 250 C; HLB 11; pour pt. 10 C; cloud pt. ≈ 34 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) > 200 C; surf. tens. 45.9 dynes/cm (0.01% conc.); 0.3% water; nonionic
- Toxicology: Repeated contact with skin can cause dermatitis; eye irritant; ing. of Ig. amts. will result in diarrhea and weakness
- Precaution: Avoid strong oxidants, strong alkali @ high temps., and strong acids
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion produces carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide
- Etopol 81-L [Christianson SA de CV]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyoxypropylene (90%), polyoxyethylene (10%) block copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: As component of crude oil demulsifiers; wetting agent and rewetting agent for agric. wettable powds. and in paper applics.; defoamer for sprayon bandages and submerged aerobic fermentation processes
- Properties: APHA 100 max. liq.; polyol char. odor; sol. < 1 g/100 ml of water; m.w. 2750; sp.gr. 1.02; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. 475 cps; vapor pressure < 0.01 mm Hg; m.p. \approx -35 C; b.p. > 250 C; HLB 2; pour pt. -37 C; cloud pt. \approx 20 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) > 200 C; surf. tens. 43.7 dynes/cm (0.01% conc.); 0.3% water; nonionic
- *Toxicology*: Repeated contact with skin can cause dermatitis; eye irritant; ing. of Ig. amts. will result in diarrhea and weakness
- Precaution: Avoid strong oxidants, strong alkali @ high temps., and strong acids
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion produces carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide
- Etopol 101-L [Christianson SA de CV]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyoxypropylene (90%), polyoxyethylene (10%) block copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Hydrophobic agent for stabilization of w/o emulsions; wetting agent for paints, starch, paper, agric., and petroleum processes; defoamer for antifreeze, gas-treating units, drilling muds, glue, cutting/grinding fluids, and pulp/paper industry; for food canning industry for washing and peeling of vegetables and fruits in dilute lye sol'ns.; also used in food processing, baking, brewing, and bottle washing; safe processing agent for fumaric acid
- *Properties:* APHA 100 max. liq.; polyol char. odor; insol. in water; m.w. 3800; sp.gr. 1.02; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. 800 cps; vapor pressure < 0.01 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. ≈ -25 C; HLB 1; hyd. no. 69-73; pour pt. -23 C; cloud pt. 15 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) > 200 C; surf. tens. 34.9 dynes/cm (0.01% conc.); 0.3% water; nonionic

Toxicology: Repeated contact with skin can cause dermatitis; eye irritant; ing. of Ig. amts. will result in diarrhea and weakness

Precaution: Avoid strong oxidants, strong alkali @ high temps., and strong acids

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion produces carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

Everflex® GT [W.R. Grace]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl acetate latex

CAS 9003-20-7

Uses: Emulsion for high solids mastics, caulks, sealants, joint cements, fireretardant coatings, paper and felt saturation; chemical and mechanical stability; produces highly loaded formulations with rheological chars.; produces films that are clear, transparent, and odorless

Properties: Wh. emulsion, sl. char. odor; 1.0 µ particle size; dens. 9.76 lb/ gal; visc. 1500-3000 cps; pH 4.0-6.5; 54-56% total solids

Everflex[®] MA [W.R. Grace]

Chem. Descrip .: Vinyl acrylic copolymer emulsion

- Uses: Vehicle for trade sales paints, factory finishes (wood, composition board), and in coatings and impregnation of paper and textiles; colloid-free microparticle size emulsion; chemical and mechanical stability; produces films that are clear, transparent, and odorless
- Properties: Wh. emulsion, sl. char. odor; 0.1 µ particle size; dens. 9.76 lb/ gal; visc. 200-800 cps; pH 4.0-6.5; 50-52% total solids
- EW-POL 7902 NaC 12 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Sodium laurate CAS 629-25-4; EINECS/ELINCS 211-082-4 Uses: Emulsifier for E-PVC mfg.; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170; BGA approved
- Properties: Liq.; 9.5-10.5% act. **EW-POL 9110** [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] *Chem. Descrip.*: NH₄oleate CAS 544-60-5; EINECS/ELINCS 208-873-1 *Uses*: Emulsifier for SB/SBR mfg.; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170 *Properties*: Liq.; 49-50% act.
- EXP-24-LS Silicone Wax Emulsion [Genesee Polymers]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Silicone wax copolymer aq. emulsion *Uses:* Release, lubricant, detackifier for rubber industry; release, internal lubricant for plastics; antiblocking for paper, carbon paper, typewriter ribbons; release, water repellent, thread/fiber lubricant for textiles; release, water repellent, antiblocking for printing inks; also for candles, glass bottle molding, aluminum prod., machine shop use; dries to continuous wax film, acts as rust protective coating
 - *Properties:* Wh. to tan opaque liq., mild odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.98; dens. 8.0 lb/gal; b.p. 212 F; pH 6.0; 13.5% silicone wax, 15% total solids; nonionic
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO2, silica
 - Storage: Protect from freezing; store below 100 F

EXP-58 Silicone Wax [Genesee Polymers]

- Chem. Descrip.: Silicone wax copolymer Uses: Paintable lubricant, mold release agent and internal lubricant for plastics; release, lubricant, detackifier for rubber; forms dry, colorless film on substrates, providing rust protection; antiblocking agent for paper, printing inks; release, water repellent, thread/fiber lubricant for textiles; also for aluminum prod., glass bottle molding, candles, machine shop use
- Properties: Wh. hard wax, odorless; sol. in aliphatic hydrocarbons; insol. in water; m.w. 12,000; sp.gr. 0.85; dens. 7.1 lb/gal; m.p. 43 C; b.p. > 200 C; flash pt. (PMCC) > 200 F; 100% act.

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Hydrocarbon decomp. prods., silica Storage: Indefinite storage stability

EXP-61 Amine Functional Silicone Wax [Genesee Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Stearyl/aminopropyl methicone copolymer CAS 110720-64-4

- Uses: Lubricant, water repellent, antiblocking agent, internal processing aid; forms dry, colorless film on substrates providing rust protection, good bonding; lubricant, detackifier for rubber; plastics release; antiblocking for paper; fiber/thread lubricant for textiles; also for printing inks, candles, glass bottle molding, aluminum prod., machine shop use
- *Properties:* Wh. waxy solid; m.w. 12,000; sp.gr. 0.88; dens. 7.4 lb/gal; m.p. 44 C; flash pt. > 300 F; 100% act.

EXP-77 Mercapto Functional Silicone Wax [Genesee Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Mercapto functional silicone wax

- Uses: Lubricant and release agent for molded metal, plastic, and rubber parts; release, lubricant, detackifier, internal processing aid for rubber; water repellent, release, thread/fiber lubricant for textiles; antiblocking for printing inks, paper; also for candles, glass bottle molding, machine shop use, aluminum prod.; good high temp. stability
- Properties: Wh. waxy soli, sulfur odor; sol. in aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons; m.w. 12,000; sp.gr. 0.88; dens. 7.4 lb/gal; m.p. 44 C; flash pt. > 300 F; 100% act.

Expancel® 091 DE [Expancel]

- Chem. Descrip.: Spherically formed particles with a thermoplastic shell encapsulating a gas
- Uses: Unexpanded microspheres as blowing agent in printing inks, PU, PVC plastisols, fabrics, paper; expanded microspheres as ultra-low density fillers for use in engineered prods. in which other fillers would not be suitable, e.g., syn. marble and wood, coatings, sealants, explosives, auto, marine fillers, molding compds., composites, paint and crack fillers, cable

fillings, elastomers

Expancel® 091 DE 80 [Expancel]

- Chem. Descrip.: Spherically formed particles with a thermoplastic shell encapsulating a gas
- Uses: Unexpanded microspheres as blowing agent in printing inks, PU, PVC plastisols, fabrics, paper; expanded microspheres as ultra-low density fillers for use in engineered prods. in which other fillers would not be suitable, e.g., syn. marble and wood, coatings, sealants, explosives, auto, marine fillers, molding compds., composites, paint and crack fillers, cable fillings, elastomers

Expancel® 091 WU [Expancel]

Chem. Descrip.: Spherically formed particles with a thermoplastic shell encapsulating a gas

Uses: Wet, unexpanded microspheres used as blowing agents in PU (footwear, sporting goods), PVC plastisols (automotive undercoatings), printing ink, fabrics, paper and board, nonwovens; exc. solv. resist.

Properties: Wh.; 8-11 µm avg. particle size; dens. < 17 kg/m³; 65% solids Expandel® 461 DE [Expandel]

Chem. Descrip.: Spherically formed particles with a thermoplastic shell encapsulating a gas

Uses: Unexpanded microspheres as blowing agent in printing inks, PU, PVC plastisols, fabrics, paper; expanded microspheres as ultra-low density fillers for use in engineered prods. in which other fillers would not be suitable, e.g., syn. marble and wood, coatings, sealants, explosives, auto, marine fillers, molding compds., composites, paint and crack fillers, cable fillings, elastomers

Expancel® 461 DE 20 [Expancel]

Chem. Descrip.: Spherically formed particles with a thermoplastic shell encapsulating a gas

Uses: Unexpanded microspheres as blowing agent in printing inks, PU, PVC plastisols, fabrics, paper; expanded microspheres as ultra-low density fillers for use in engineered prods. in which other fillers would not be suitable, e.g., syn. marble and wood, coatings, sealants, explosives, auto, marine fillers, molding compds., composites, paint and crack fillers, cable fillings, elastomers

Expancel® 551 DE 20 [Expancel]

Chem. Descrip.: Spherically formed particles with a thermoplastic shell encapsulating a gas

Uses: Unexpanded microspheres as blowing agent in printing inks, PU, PVC plastisols, fabrics, paper; expanded microspheres as ultra-low density fillers for use in engineered prods. in which other fillers would not be suitable, e.g., syn. marble and wood, coatings, sealants, explosives, auto, marine fillers, molding compds., composites, paint and crack fillers, cable fillings, elastomers

Expancel® 551 WE 20 [Expancel]

Chem. Descrip.: Spherically formed particles with a thermoplastic shell encapsulating a gas

Uses: Unexpanded microspheres as blowing agent in printing inks, PU, PVC plastisols, fabrics, paper; expanded microspheres as ultra-low density fillers for use in engineered prods. in which other fillers would not be suitable, e.g., syn. marble and wood, coatings, sealants, explosives, auto, marine fillers, molding compds., composites, paint and crack fillers, cable fillings, elastomers

Expancel® 551 WU [Expancel]

Chem. Descrip.: Spherically formed particles with a thermoplastic shell encapsulating a gas

Uses: Wet, unexpanded microspheres used as blowing agents in PU (footwear, sporting goods), PVC plastisols (automotive undercoatings), printing ink, fabrics, paper and board, nonwovens; good solv. resist.

Properties: Wh.; 5-8 µm avg. particle size; dens. < 17 kg/m³; 65% solids Expancel® 642 WU [Expancel]

Chem. Descrip.: Spherically formed particles with a thermoplastic shell encapsulating a gas

Uses: Wet, unexpanded microspheres used as blowing agents in PU (footwear, sporting goods), PVC plastisols (automotive undercoatings), printing ink, fabrics, paper and board, nonwovens; good solv. resist.

Properties: Wh.; 5-8 µm avg. particle size; dens. < 25 kg/m³; 65% solids Expancel® 820 DU [Expancel]

Chem. Descrip.: Spherically formed particles with a thermoplastic shell encapsulating a gas

Uses: Dry, unexpanded microspheres used as blowing agents in PU (footwear, sporting goods), PVC plastisols (automotive undercoatings), printing ink, fabrics, paper and board, nonwovens

Properties: Wh.; 5-8 µm avg. particle size; dens. < 17 kg/m³; > 99% solids Custom prod.

- Exxsol® D 40 [Exxon]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Dearomatized aliphatic hydrocarbon
 - CAS 64742-47-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-298-5
 - Uses: Solvent for coatings, printing inks, cleaning and degreasing formulations; diluent; food-contact paper/paperboard, rubber articles; cost-effective; no SARA reportables; < 100 ppm HAPs; improved solvency
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 176.210, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3620(b); SARA nonreportable
 - Properties: Mild pleasant odor; sp.gr. 0.78 (15.6/15.6 C); dens. 6.49 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 1.0 cP; vapor pressure 1.8 mm Hg (20 C); b.p. 159-204 C; flash pt. 38 C; surf. tens. 26 dynes/cm; KB value 34; 42% paraffin, 57% cycloparaffin, 0.4% aromatics

Toxicology: OEL 300 ppm

Exxsol® D 60 [Exxon]

- Chem. Descrip .: Dearomatized aliphatic hydrocarbon
- CAS 64742-47-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-298-5
- Uses: Solvent for coatings, printing inks, agrochems., cleaning and degreasing formulations; diluent; food-contact paper, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; cost-effective; < 100 ppm HAPs; improved solvency
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 176.210, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3620(b), 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e); SARA nonreportable
- Properties: Mild pleasant odor; sp.gr. 0.79 (15.6 C); dens. 6.59 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 1.2 cP; vapor pressure 1.1 mm Hg (20 C); b.p. 187-210 C; flash pt. 146 F; surf. tens. 27.3 dynes/cm; KB value 32; 49% paraffin, 51% cycloparaffin, 0.4% aromatics

Toxicology: OEL 300 ppm Exxsol® D 80 [Exxon]

- - Chem. Descrip.: Dearomatized aliphatic hydrocarbon
 - CAS 64742-47-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-298-5
- Uses: Solvent for coatings, cleaners, engine degreasers, agrochems., car dewaxing; diluent; food pkg. paper, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; cost-effective; 50% compliance with criteria for LVP solvent; < 100 ppm HAPs; improved solvency; good solvency for greases Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 176.210, 177.2600, 178.3570,

178.3620(b), 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e); SARA nonreportable

- Properties: Mild pleasant odor; sp.gr. 0.79 (15.6/15.6 C); dens. 6.65 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 1.7 cP; vapor pressure 0.2 mm Hg (20 C); b.p. 207-234 C; flash pt. 180 F; surf. tens. 27.6 dynes/cm; KB value 28; 53% paraffin, 47% cycloparaffin
- Toxicology: OEL 300 ppm
- Exxsol® D 110 [Exxon]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Dearomatized aliphatic hydrocarbon
 - CAS 64742-47-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-298-5
 - Uses: Solvent for coatings, carburetor cleaners, brake cleaners, degreasers, insecticides; diluent; food pkg. paper, rubber articles; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; cost-effective; complies with criteria for LVP solvent; < 100 ppm HAPs; improved solvency
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 176.210, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3620(b), 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e); SARA nonreportable
 - Properties: Mild pleasant odor; m.w. 195; sp.gr. 0.81 (15.6/15.6 C); dens. 6.77 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 2.8 cP; vapor pressure < 0.1 mm Hg (20 C); b.p. 251-269 C; flash pt. 105 C; surf. tens. 28.6 dynes/cm; KB value 26; 59% paraffin, 41% cycloparaffin

Toxicology: OEL 300 ppm Exxsol® D 130 [Exxon]

Chem. Descrip.: Dearomatized aliphatic hydrocarbon

- CAS 64742-47-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-298-5
- Uses: Solvent for agric. pesticides, architectural coatings, OEM and auto refinish coatings, industrial metal and wood coatings, maintenance and marine coatings, cleaning and degreasing formulations; food pkg. paper, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 176.210, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3620(b), 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e)
- Properties: M.w. 200; sp.gr. 0.84 (15.6/15.6 C); dens. 6.97 lb/gal (60 F); vapor pressure < 0.1 mm Hg (20 C); b.p. 276-316 C; flash pt. 129 C; surf. tens. 29.7 dynes/cm; KB value 24

Toxicology: OEL 300 ppm

EZA® [Albemarle]

Chem. Descrip.: Zeolite A, a hydrated sodium aluminosilicate

CAS 1344-00-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-684-8

Uses: Cryst. molecular sieve which selectively adsorbs molecules and exchange ions; detergent builder; solvent; anticaking agent for detergents

and desiccants; gas separation; wh. pigment in paper, paint, and plastics; also in carpet cleaners, dentifrices, flame retardants *in carpet lies*: Wh. cryst. powd : 3 u mean particle size: pH 10-12 (1% slurpy);

Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; 3 µ mean particle size; pH 10-12 (1% slurry); 100% act., 18.5% moisture

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Fabrisan[™] 1596 [BASF]

Uses: Felt cleaning chem. for dryer fabric cleaners in paper processing Fabrisan™ LW [BASF]

- Uses: Felt cleaning chem. for batch and continuous press paper processing Fascat® 9100 [Atofina; Atofina SA]
 - Uses: Esterification, transesterification, and polycondensation catalyst for prep. of polyesters, unsat. polyesters, alkyds; suitable for food and pharmaceutical contact applics., such as coatings, epoxies, hybrid resins; food pkg. adhesives, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; foodcontact paper/paperboard
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 177.1210, 177.2420 *Properties:* Amorphous wh. powd.; insol. in water and org. solvs.; dissolves in acids with reaction; sp.gr. 1.46; bulk dens. 0.84 g/cc; m.p. 300 C (dec.); 57% tin

Toxicology: Minimally irritating to eyes and skin

Fascat® 9102 [Atofina; Átofina SĂ]

Uses: Esterification, transesterification, and polycondensation catalyst for prep. of polyesters, unsat. polyesters, alkyds; suitable for food and pharmaceutical contact applics., such as coatings, epoxies, hybrid resins; food pkg. adhesives, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; foodcontact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 177.1210, 177.2420 Properties: Pale yel. liq.; sol. in toluene, hydrocarbons, halocarbons, esters,

etc.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 1.13; m.p. -18 C; 20% tin *Toxicology:* May cause eye and skin irritation

Fascat[®] 9201 [Atofina; Atofina SA]

Chem. Descrip.: Organotin compd.

- Uses: Esterification, transesterification, and polycondensation catalyst for prep. of polyesters, unsat. polyesters, alkyds; suitable for food and pharmaceutical contact applics., such as coatings, epoxies, hybrid resins; food pkg. adhesives, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; foodcontact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 177.1210, 177.2420 Properties: Wh. powd.; insol. in water, org. solvs.; will dissolve in acids, alochols, esters with reaction; sp.gr. 1.62; bulk dens. 0.70 g/cc; m.p. > 290 C (dec.); 48% tin

Toxicology: Moderately toxic; may cause eye and skin burns on contact **Fastusol**® [BASF; BASF AG]

- Uses: Direct dyes for coloring wood-free papers (printing and writing papers, pkg. papers, tissue, specialty papers) Properties: Anionic
- Fastusol[®] C [BASF; BASF AG]
 - Uses: Direct dyes for coloring wood-free papers (printing and writing papers, pkg. papers, tissue, specialty papers)

Properties: Cationic

Fastusol® P [BASF AG]

Uses: Pigment disp. for colorations which must meet stringent requirements as to color fastness and for toning of bleached wood pulp

FC-520 [3M/Perf. Materials]

Chem. Descrip.: Trifluoromethanesulfonic acid amine salt and diethylene glycol monoethyl ether

Uses: Catalyst for condensation and ring-opening polymerizations; coatings utilizing such resins as epoxides, aminoplasts, phenolics, and acrylics; coatings for wood, paper, and plastic

Properties: Lemon-yel. clear liq.; f.p. cryst. at 40 F; misc. in water; sp.gr. 1.2;

dens. 10.0 lb/gal; visc. 13 cps; pH 4.5-6.0; flash pt. (PMCC) > 230 F; 60% sol'n.

Felt Cleaner P-70155 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary (65-80%), sodium hydroxide (3-9.99%) UN No. 3266

Uses: Alkaline felt cleaner and conditioner; fed through shower pipe at 1-2 lb/ ton for maintenance cleaning or to clean felt during down time

Regulatory: OSHA hazardouš; SARA §302/304 extremely hazardous, §311 acute hazard; CERCLA 102(A) reportable

Properties: Lt. amber liq.; mild odor; sol. > 10% in water; sp.gr. 1.06; visc. < 20 cSt (40 C); b.p. 100 C; pH 13

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 2 g/kg; corrosive; causes eye and skin burns; severe eye damage may cause blindness; harmful or fatal if swallowed; aspiration hazard if swallowed; can enter lungs and cause damage; TSCA listed

- Precaution: DOT corrosive liq., basic, inorg., N.O.S.; reacts violently with acids
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic levels of CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones

NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

FeltECCel[™] 905 [IMERYS]

- Uses: Felt conditioner and cleaner; prevents filling of paper mill felts caused by additives or contaminants; may also be used for off-machine batch washing; removes pitch and sizing, and inorg. deposits (iron, aluminum, calcium, and magnesium compds.)
- Use Level: 3-5% (batch wash)
- Regulatory: FDA approved
- Properties: Clear liq.; dens. 9.7 lbs/gal; flash pt. (TCC) > 200 F; pH 2 (1% sol'n.)

Feltsan[™] Batch HF [BASF]

Uses: Felt cleaning chem. for batch and continuous press paper processing Feltsan™ JW [BASF]

Uses: Felt cleaning chem. for dryer fabric cleaners in paper processing

Fiberex® [Huber Engineered Materials]

Uses: Fiber extender for linerboard; economical

Properties: Slurry; 0.05-0.08% 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.60; brightness (TAPPI) 68-73%; ref. index 1.57; pH 9.5-10.8 (28% solids); 36-52% slurry solids

Fiberfloc[™] [Altivia]

Chem. Descrip.: Polymers

Uses: Flocculant for water treatment for pulp/paper industry, mining operations, oil field water clarification, drilling fluids, and refinery waste treatment; avail. as oil external emulsions or dry powds.

Use Level: 0.5-1.0%

Regulatory: FDA compliance

Properties: Emulsions: creamy wh. to translucent opaque liq.; sl. hydrocarbon odor; sol. in water; very high m.w.; sp.gr. 1.01-1.12; dens. 8.4-9.3 lb/gal; visc. 750-1500 cps (emulsion, 1% aq. sol'n.); f.p. < 20 F; flash pt. > 200 F; 25-35% act. (emulsions), 95-100% act. (powds.); anionic, cationic, nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

- Precaution: Avoid aluminum, brass, galvanized metals, and nat. or syn. rubbers
- Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 40-120 F; avoid freezing since reduced temps. inc. prod. visc.

- Fibrox 030-E [Industrial Fibers]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Shot free mineral wool fiber

Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (38-46%), CaO (20-40%), Al₂O₃ (6-14%), MgO (5-10%)

- Uses: Filler, reinforcing agent for bitumen, paper, gaskets, paints, friction prods., plastics, nylon 6.6, PP, phenolics, PBT, BMC, SMC, rubber, coatings, caulks and other applics., incl. high temp. thermal barriers
- Properties: Off-wh. fibers, low odor; 5-6 µ avg. diam., 6 mm avg. length; negligible sol. in water; dens. 2.7-2.9 g/cc; m.p. ≈ 2200 F; ref. index 1.62-16.4; hardness (Moh) 6.0
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³; nuisance particulate, may cause transitory skin irritation, possible irritation of eyes, upper respiratory tract

Fibrox 030-ES [Industrial Fibers]

Chem. Descrip.: Mineral wool fiber, silane coated

Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (38-46%), CaO (20-40%), Al₂O₃ (6-14%), MgO (5-10%)

Uses: Filler, reinforcing agent for bitumen, paper, gaskets, paints, friction prods., plastics, rubber, coatings, caulks and other applics.

Properties: Off-wh. fibers, low odor; 5-6 μ avg. diam., 6 mm avg. length; negligible sol. in water; dens. 2.7-2.9 g/cc; m.p. ≈ 2200 F; ref. index 1.62-1.64; hardness (Moh) 6.0

Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³; nuisance particulate, may cause transitory skin irritation, possible irritation of eyes, upper respiratory tract

Fibrox 300 [Industrial Fibers]

- Chem. Descrip.: Mineral wool fiber
- *Chem. Analysis:* SiO₂ (38-46%), CaO (20-40%), Al₂O₃ (6-14%), MgO (5-10%)
- Uses: Filler, reinforcing agent for bitumen, paper, gaskets, paints, friction prods., plastics, rubber, coatings, caulks and other applics. incl. high temp. thermal barriers
- Properties: Off-wh. fibers, low odor; 5-6 μ avg. diam., 16-19 mm avg. length; negligible sol. in water; dens. 2.7-2.9 g/cc; m.p. \approx 2200 F; ref. index 1.62-1.64; hardness (Moh) 6.0
- *Toxicology:* ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³; nuisance particulate, may cause transitory skin irritation, possible irritation of eyes, upper respiratory tract

FireShield® H [Laurel Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Antimony trioxide

- CAS 1309-64-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-175-0
- Uses: Flame-retardant synergist for plastics, rubber, paper and paint; polymerization catalyst for PET resins and fibers; also for electronics, glass, ceramics, petrol. refining, and chem. mfg.; general purpose
- Properties: Wh. fine cryst. powd., odorless; 1.0-1.8 µ avg. particle size; very sl. sol. in water; dissolves in conc. HCl, sulfuric acid, strong alkalis; m.w. 291.52; sp.gr. 5.3; bulk dens. 60 lb/ft³; m.p. 656 C; b.p. 1425 C; ref. index 2.1; pH 3-7 (10% aq.); 99.3-99.9% Sb₂O₃
- Toxicology: LD50 (skin, rabbits) > 2g/kg, (ingestion, rats) > 34.6 g/kg; ACGIH TLV 0.5 mg/m³ as Sb; moderately irritating to skin and eyes; not significantly toxic by ingestion; TSCA listed

Storage: Store in dry, well-ventilated area

FireShield® HPM [Laurel Ind.]

- Chem. Descrip .: Antimony trioxide
- CAS 1309-64-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-175-0
- Uses: Polymerization catalyst for PET resins and fibers, chem. intermediate, flame retardant synergist for plastics, rubber, paint, paper; suitable for sensitive electronic applics.
- Properties: Wh. fine cryst. powd., odorless; very sl. sol. in water; dissolves in conc. HCl, sulfuric acid, strong alkalis; m.w. 291.52; sp.gr. 5.3; bulk dens. 60 lb/ft³; surf. area 2.5 m²/g; m.p. 656 C; b.p. 1425 C; ref. index 2.1; 99.3-99.9% Sb₂O₃
- Toxicology: LD50 (skin, rabbits) > 2g/kg, (ingestion, rats) > 34.6 g/kg; avoid skin or eye contact, inhalation; use only with adequate ventilation Storage: Store in dry, well-ventilated area

FireShield[®] L [Laurel Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Antimony trioxide

CAS 1309-64-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-175-0

- Uses: Flame-retardant synergist for plastics, rubber, paper and paint; polymerization catalyst for PET resins and fibers; also for electronics, glass, ceramics, petrol. refining, and chem. mfg.; general purpose
- Properties: Wh. fine cryst. powd., odorless; 2.5-3.5 µ avg. particle size; very sl. sol. in water; dissolves in conc. HCl, sulfuric acid, strong alkalis; m.w. 291.52; sp.gr. 5.3; bulk dens. 90 lb/ft³; m.p. 656 C; b.p. 1425 C; ref. index 2.1; pH 3-7 (10% aq.); 99.3-99.9% Sb₂O₃

Toxicology: LD50 (skin, rabbits) > 2g/kg, (ingestion, rats) > 34.6 g/kg; ACGIH TLV 0.5 mg/m³ as Sb; moderately irritating to skin and eyes; not significantly toxic by ingestion

- Storage: Store in dry, well-ventilated area
- Firet Q [NOF]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Coco-alkyl isoquinolinium bromide
 - Uses: Germicide (duckweed killer) for water treatment; germicide for textiles and pulp/paper industries; cosmetics hair rinse; germicide, insecticide in agric.

Properties: Brn. liq.; 73-77% act.

- FL 112A [Process Chems. LLC]
 - Uses: Brownstock defoamer for kraft, sulfite, and semi-chem. pulp washing, for brownstock washing, screenroom, and bleach plant applics.; waterextended; does not contribute to deposit formation; suitable whether batch or continuous generated pulp is employed

Properties: Cream-colored visc. liq.; visc. 1050-1950 cps; Hegman 4-6 *Toxicology:* TSCA listed

- Storage: Store in dry area FL 413 [Process Chems. LLC]
 - Uses: Defoamer for kraft mills for use in screenroom, bleach plant applics., waste treatment, and paper machine applics.; water-based; does not con-

waste treatment, and paper machine applics.; water-based; does not co tribute to deposit formation

Properties: Öff-wh. liq.; disp. in water; dens. 8-9 lb/gal; visc. 200-1000 cps Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Storage: Store in dry area FL 1124DD [Process Chems. LLC]
 - Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for kraft pulp/paper applics., for brownstock washing, screenroom, bleach plant applics., on the paper machine, and in the effluent; water-based; does not contain EBS, min. oil, or dioxin precursors; does not contribute to deposit formation; suitable whether batch or continuous generated pulp is employed
 - *Properties:* Opaque wh. liq.; sp.gr. 1.005-1.030; dens. 8.38-8.58 lb/gal; visc. 750-1250 cps; pH 5.5-6.5

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Storage: Store in dry area FL 1124XD [Process Chems. LLC]
 - Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for kraft pulp/paper applics., for brownstock washing, screenroom, bleach plant applics., on the paper machine, and in the effluent; water-based; does not contain EBS, min. oil, or dioxin precursors; does not contribute to deposit formation; suitable whether batch or continuous generated pulp is employed
 - *Properties:* Opaque wh. liq.; sp.gr. 1.005-1.030; dens. 8.38-8.58 lb/gal; visc. 750-1250 cps; pH 5.5-6.5
 - Toxicology: TSCA listed

Storage: Store in dry area

- Fleetcol [Vinings Ind.]
- Uses: Defoamer for pulp/paper
- Fleetquest 8009 [Vinings Ind.]

Uses: Digester additive, chip penetrant promoting improved utilization of pulping chems.; inc. pulp uniformity; reduces the H-factor, K number, alkali charge, and rejects

- Fleetquest 8800 [Vinings Ind.]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Anthraguinone disp.
 - CAS 84-65-1; EINECS/ELINCS 201-549-0

Uses: Digester additive for improving pulp yield and reducing alkali consumption

Fleetquest QH-37 [Vinings Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Blend of surfactants and anthraquinone

- Uses: Digester additive, pulping catalyst for papermaking; improves pulp yield, str., and uniformity; reduces the K number, the rejects, and the usage rate of pulping chems.
- Flexbond® 149 [Air Prods./Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl acetate copolymer emulsions CAS 9003-20-7

Uses: Pressure-sensitive emulsion for adhesive prods. suitable for paper, mylar, cellulose acetate, and PVC film substrates

Properties: Visc. 200-900 cps; pH 4.5-6.0; 55% min. solids Flexbond® 150 [Air Prods./Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl acetate copolymer emulsions CAS 9003-20-7

Uses: Pressure-sensitive emulsion for adhesive prods. suitable for paper, mylar, cellulose acetate, and PVC film substrates

Properties: Visc. 350-850 cps; pH 4.5-6.0; 55% min. solids Uses: Flocculant for separation of suspended materials in all fields of water Flexbond® 153 [Air Prods./Polymers] and wastewater treatment, sludge draining, esp. of static sludge conc. Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl acetate copolymer emulsions Use Level: 0.1-0.5% sol'n. CAS 9003-20-7 Properties: Wh. milky emulsion; sp.gr. 1.05 (20 C); visc. med.; pH 4.5 (0.5%); cationic Uses: Pressure-sensitive emulsion for adhesive prods. suitable for paper, mylar, cellulose acetate, PVC film, aluminum, and SS substrates Storage: 6 mos shelf life in closed package @ 15-20 C Properties: Visc. 2000-3000 cps; pH 4.5-5.0; 55% min. solids Floclair® DK-40 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: High molecular polyacrylamide Flexbond® 165 [Air Prods./Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl acetate copolymer emulsion CAS 9003-05-8 CAS 9003-20-7 Uses: Flocculant for separation of suspended materials in all fields of water Uses: Pressure-sensitive adhesive emulsion suitable for paper, cloth, film, and wastewater treatment, for dewatering of sludges with high amt. of inorg. and metal substrates; high-solids; very high tack, good shear performance contents on centrifuges, belt presses, and chamber filter presses chars., exc. water resist.; surfactant protection Use Level: 0.1-0.5% sol'n. Properties: Visc. 4000-9000 cps; pH 3.5-4.0; 68% min. solids Properties: Wh. milky emulsion; sp.gr. 1.06 (20 C); visc. med.; pH 4.5 Flexbond® 185 [Air Prods./Polymers] (0.5%); cationic Uses: Pressure-sensitive emulsion for adhesive prods. suitable for paper, Storage: 6 mos shelf life in closed package @ 15-20 C Floclair® DK-65 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] cloth, film (mylar, cellulose acetate), and metal (AI, SS) substrates; very Chem. Descrip.: High molecular polyacrylamide high shear and exc. heat and aging resist.; surfactant protection CAS 9003-05-8 Properties: Visc. 100-600 cps; pH 2.5-3.5; 55% solids Flexcryl® 1625 [Air Prods.] Uses: Flocculant for separation of suspended materials in all fields of water Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic emulsion and wastewater treatment, for dewatering of sludges with high amt. of inorg. Uses: Pressure-sensitive emulsion for adhesive applics. suitable for wood, contents on centrifuges, belt presses, and chamber filter presses paper, cloth, mylar, cellulose acetate, and PVC film, aluminum, and SS Use Level: 0.1-0.5% sol'n. substrates; high-solids; very high tack; good shear performance; exc. water Properties: Lightly dull emulsion; sp.gr. 1.04 (20 C); visc. med.; pH 5 (0.5%); cationic resist. Properties: Visc. 4000-9000 cps; pH 4-5; 69% solids; anionic Storage: 6 mos shelf life in closed package @ 15-20 C; not sensitive to Flexcryl® 1685 [Air Prods.] freezing until -10 C Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic emulsion Floclair® DK-65 H [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Uses: Pressure-sensitive emulsion for adhesive applics. suitable for wood, Chem. Descrip.: High molecular polyacrylamide CAS 9003-05-8 paper, cloth, mylar, cellulose acetate, and PVC film, aluminum, and SS substrates; very high shear; exc. heat and water resist. Uses: Flocculant for separation of suspended materials in all fields of water Properties: Visc. 100-600 cps; pH 2-3; 55% solids and wastewater treatment, for dewatering of sludges with high amt. of inorg. Floatsan[™] 209 [BASF] contents on centrifuges, belt presses, and chamber filter presses Uses: Flotation deinking surfactant for wood-free and newsprint paper; disper-Use Level: 0.1-0.5% sol'n. Properties: Lightly dull emulsion; sp.gr. 1.05 (20 C); visc. 1000 mPa•s; pH sant-collector for flotation deinking of waste paper Properties: Nonionic 3 (0.5%); cationic Floatsan[™] 210 [BASF] Storage: 6 mos shelf life in closed package @ 15 C; not sensitive to freezing Uses: Flotation deinking surfactant for paper; rec. for systems requiring a until -10 C Floclair® DK-65 L [Münzing Chemie GmbH] reduced level of foam generation Floclair® DA-7 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: High molecular polyacrylamide Chem. Descrip.: High molecular polyacrylamide CAS 9003-05-8 CAS 9003-05-8 Uses: Flocculant for separation of suspended materials in all fields of water Uses: Flocculant for separation of suspended materials in all fields of water and wastewater treatment, for dewatering of sludges with high amt. of inorg. and wastewater treatment, sludge draining and static conc. of inorg. sludges contents on centrifuges, belt presses, and chamber filter presses and process water treatment; combination with low molecular polymers Use Level: 0.1-0.5% sol'n. Use Level: 0.1-0.5% sol'n. Properties: Lightly dull emulsion; sp.gr. 1.05 (20 C); visc. 1500 mPa•s; pH Properties: Lt. dull emulsion; sp.gr. 1.05; visc. med.; pH 6.0 (0.5%); anionic 3 (0.5%); cationic Storage: 6 mos shelf life in closed package @ 15-20 C; not sensitive to Storage: 6 mos shelf life in closed package @ 15 C; not sensitive to freezing until -10 C freezing until -10 C Floclair® DA-15 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Floclair® DK-65 S [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: High molecular polyacrylamide Chem. Descrip.: High molecular polyacrylamide CAS 9003-05-8 CAS 9003-05-8 Uses: Flocculant for separation of suspended materials in all fields of water Uses: Flocculant for separation of suspended materials in all fields of water and wastewater treatment, sludge draining and static conc. of inorg. sludges and wastewater treatment, for dewatering of sludges with high amt. of inorg. and process water treatment; combination with low molecular polymers contents on centrifuges, belt presses, and chamber filter presses Use Level: 0.1-0.5% sol'n. Use Level: 0.1-0.5% sol'n. Properties: Lightly dull emulsion; sp.gr. 1.05 (20 C); visc. 1500 mPa•s; pH Properties: Lt. dull emulsion; sp.gr. 1.06; visc. med.; pH 6.5 (0.5%); anionic Storage: 6 mos shelf life in closed package @ 15-20 C; not sensitive to 3 (0.5%); cationic freezing until -10 C Storage: 6 mos shelf life in closed package @ 15 C; not sensitive to freezing Floclair® DA-30 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] until -10 C Chem. Descrip.: High molecular polyacrylamide Floclair® DK-90 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] CAS 9003-05-8 Chem. Descrip.: High molecular polyacrylamide Uses: Flocculant for separation of suspended materials in all fields of water CAS 9003-05-8 and wastewater treatment, sludge draining and static conc. of inorg. sludges Uses: Flocculant for separation of suspended materials in all fields of water and process water treatment; combination with low molecular polymers and wastewater treatment, esp. for flotation and dewatering of sludges with Use Level: 0.1-0.5% sol'n. high amt. of inorg. contents on centrifuges, belt presses, and chamber filter Properties: Lt. dull emulsion; sp.gr. 1.08; visc. med.; pH 7.5 (0.5%); anionic presses Storage: 6 mos shelf life in closed package @ 15-20 C; not sensitive to Use Level: 0.1-0.5% sol'n. Properties: Lightly dull emulsion; sp.gr. 1.04 (20 C); visc. med.; pH 4.5 freezing until -10 C Floclair® DK-20 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] (0.5%); cationic Chem. Descrip.: High molecular polyacrylamide Storage: 6 mos shelf life in closed package @ 15 C; not sensitive to freezing

until -10 C

CAS 9003-05-8

Floclair® DMR [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Copolymer methacrylate Uses: Flocculant, retention agent, dehydration accelerator, and agent for recovery of fibrous material Use Level: 0.1-0.3% Properties: Brn. clear liq.; very sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.05 (20 C); visc. med.; pH 12; amphoteric Storage: 1 yr shelf life @ 15-20 C; sensitive to freezing Floclair® HKL [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip .: Dicyandiamide condensation Uses: Flocculant for water processing and industrial wastewater treatment as well as for emulsion splitting and decolorizing; sludge conditioning; flocculation of anionic stable suspensions Properties: Lt. opaque liq.; sp.gr. 1.19 (20 C); visc. low; pH 4.0; cationic Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 15 Č min.; sensitive to freezing Floclair® LP 15 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip .: Polyquat. amine in water Uses: Flocculant for solid/liq. separation in wastewater field as well as for emulsion splitting; sludge conditioner; flocculant for anionic stable suspensions Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; sp.gr. 1.15 (20 C); visc. 35 mPa•s; pH 8.0 (0.5%); cationic Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 15 C min.; sensitive to freezing Floclair® LP 25 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Dicyandiamide condensation Uses: Flocculant for solid/liq. separation in wastewater field as well as for emulsion splitting and decolorizing; sludge conditioner; flocculant for anionic stable suspensions Properties: Lt. opaque liq.; sp.gr. 1.19 (20 C); visc. low; pH 4.0 (0.5%); cationic Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 15 C min.; sensitive to freezing Floclair® PAR [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip .: Polyetheramine ag. sol'n. Uses: Flocculant, retention agent, dehydration accelerator, and agent for recovery of fibrous material Use Level: 0.5-0.6% Properties: Yel.-brn. liq.; very good sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.08 (20 C); visc. low; pH 7; cationic Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 15-20 C min.; sensitive to freezing Floclair® VP 3678 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] *Chem. Descrip.:* High molecular polyacrylamide CAS 9003-05-8 Uses: Flocculant for separation of suspended materials in all fields of water and wastewater treatment, for dewatering of sludges with high amt. of inorg. contents on centrifuges, belt presses, and chamber filter presses Use Level: 0.1-0.5% sol'n. Properties: Lightly dull emulsion; sp.gr. 1.05 (20 C); visc. 1500 mPa•s; pH 4.5 (0.5%); cationic Storage: 6 mos shelf life in closed package @ 15 C; not sensitive to freezing until -10 C Fluorad® FX-8 [3M/Perf. Materials] Chem. Descrip .: Perfluorooctanesulfonyl fluoride CAS 307-35-7; EINECS/ELINCS 206-200-6 Uses: Intermediate for prep. of monomers and surfactants for textile treatment, paper sizes, inert fluids Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sol. in 1,1,2-trichlorotrifluoroethane, benzotrifluoride; m.w. 502; dens. 1.81 g/cc; visc. 6 cps; b.p. 154 C; f.p. -18 to -30 C; flash pt. (Seta) > 200 F; ref. index 1.299 Fluorad® FX-13 [3M/Perf. Materials] Chem. Descrip.: 2-(N-Ethylperfluorooctanesulfonamido) ethyl acrylate Uses: Monomer for polymerization reactions to provide oil and water repellency, lubricity and release to polymers in mfg. textile treating resins, paper sizes, surfactants, and inert fluids Foamaster® 111 [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis/Coatings & Inks; Cognis KGaA/Coatings] Chem. Descrip .: Petrol. derivs. and other additives Uses: Defoamer for waterborne architectural and industrial coatings (PVAc, acrylics, S/B, PU), monomer stripping/degassing, printing inks, adhesives, latex, food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives; totally silicone-free, non-phase separating, good persistency; for low surfactant-

contg. systems Use Level: 0.2-1.0% on total wt.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210; SARA §311/312 reportable Properties: Yel. opaque liq.; hydrocarbon odor; readily disp. in aq. systems; sp.gr. 0.90; dens. 7.5 lb/gal; visc. 700 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) > 93 C; pH 6.4 (2%); VOC 5.6% (EPA Method 24); 100% act. Toxicology: May cause mild eye and skin irritation; vapors or mist may cause respiratory irritation; harmful if swallowed or inhaled; ing. may cause GI irritation, nausea, vomiting (aspiration hazard), diarrhea; TSCA listed Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: May congeal or stratify if cold; warm to 50 C, mix well Foamaster® 333 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary hydrophobe blend Uses: Defoamer for waterborne architectural coatings, adhesives, food-pkg. adhesives, food-contact paper coatings; totally silicone-free, non-phase separating, high persistency Use Level: 0.2-1.0% on total wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200 Properties: Yel. opaque liq.; insol. in water; disp. in aq. systems containing surfactants; sp.gr. 0.90; dens. 7.4 lb/gal; visc. 200 cps; VOC 11.1% (EPA Method 24); 100% act. Foamaster® 1320 [Cognis] Chem. Descrip.: Petrol. deriv. and other additives Uses: Defoamer for use in monomer stripping and degassing operations, foodcontact coatings/paper, SBR, EVAC, and EVCI; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200; SARA §311/312 reportable; BGA approved Properties: Opaque yel. liq.; hydrocarbon odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.95; dens. 7.95 lb/gal; visc. 650 cP; flash pt. (PMCC) > 93 C; pH 6.5 (10%); 100% act. Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3800 mg/kg; may cause mild skin and eye irritation; vapors or mist may cause respiratory irritation; harmful if swallowed or inhaled; ing. may cause GI irritation, nausea, vomiting (aspiration hazard), diarrhea; TSCA listed Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: May congeal or stratify if subject to freezing temps.; store in dry place @ 4-27 C away from direct heat Foamaster® A-7 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary organic Uses: Defoamer for printing inks, waterborne architectural coatings, foodcontact paper coatings; food pkg. adhesives; non-plate swelling Use Level: 0.2-1.0% on total wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200 Properties: Dens. 8.2 lb/gal; visc. 300 cps; VOC 6.0% (EPA Method 24); 100% act. Foamaster® AP [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary blend of oil and silica derivs. Uses: Defoamer for high gloss, waterborne architectural and industrial paints without detracting from gloss; defoamer for adhesives, latex applics., printing inks, food-contact coatings/paper, PVAc, S/B, styrene-acrylics, PVC/ PVdC; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane Use Level: 0.2-1.0% on total wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200; SARA §311/312 reportable Properties: Pale yel. opaque liq.; hydrocarbon odor; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.92; dens. 7.7 lb/gal; visc. 400 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) > 93 C; VOC 2.9% (EPA Method 24); 100% act. Toxicology: May cause mild skin and eye irritation; vapors or mist may cause respiratory irritation; harmful if swallowed or inhaled; ing. may cause GI irritation, nausea, vomiting (aspiration hazard); TSCA listed Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO, NO, NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: Stratifies @ ambient temps.; mix well Foamaster® DS [Cognis/Coatings & Inks]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Proprietary blend of dimethylpolysiloxane, organics, and silica derivs.
- Uses: Defoamer for waterborne architectural coatings, printing inks, latex

applics., food-contact paper coatings; food pkg. adhesives; high silicone, foamer for waterborne architectural paints, printing inks, food-contact paper coatings; food pkg. adhesives; broad spectrum high potency, and improved compatibility Use Level: 0.1-0.5% on total wt. Use Level: 0.2-1.0% on total wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200 Properties: Yel. opaque liq.; water-disp.; sp.gr. 0.91; dens. 7.6 lb/gal; visc. 350 cps; VOC 30.7% (EPA Method 24); 100% act. 100% act Foamaster® G [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary blend of oils and silica derivs. Uses: Disp. latex stripping defoamer for waterborne architectural paints, semigloss formulations, food-contact paper coatings; food pkg. adhesives; for low surfactant-contg. systems Use Level: 0.2-1.0% on total wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200 Properties: Liq.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.91; dens. 7.5 lb/gal; visc. 1200 cps; VOC 4.3% (EPA Method 24); 100% act. Foamaster® JMY [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Petrol. derivs. and other additives Uses: Defoamer for PVAc, acrylic paint, latex, and adhesive systems, foodcontact coatings/paper; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane; effective in animal glues; nonsilicone, oil-based, high compatibility Use Level: 0.2-1.0% on total wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200; SARA §311/312 reportable Properties: Lt. amber liq.; hydrocarbon odor; very water-disp.; forms milky emulsion in water; sp.gr. 0.88; dens. 7.3 lb/gal; visc. 25 cps; f.p. -3.3 C; pH 6.5 (2%); flash pt. (PMCC) > 93 C; VOC 56.5% (EPA Method 24); 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: Harmful if swallowed; may cause skin and eye irritation; vapors or mist may cause respiratory irritation; ing. may cause GI irritation, nausea, vomiting (aspiration hazard), diarrhea; TSCA listed Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO §311/312 reportable NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: May congeal or stratify if cold; warm to 50 C, mix well Foamaster® NS-1 [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis/Coatings & Inks; Cognis Method 24); 100% act. KGaA/Coatings] Chem. Descrip.: Petrol. derivs. and other additives Uses: Defoamer for waterborne architectural paints, printing inks, adhesives, latex applics., monomer stripping and degassing, food-contact coatings/ paper; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; min. oil-based, silicone-free Use Level: 0.2-1.0% on total wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210; SARA §311/312 reportable Properties: Amber liq.; hydrocarbon odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.91; dens. 7.6 lb/gal; visc. 1100 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) > 93 C: pH 7.0 (2%); VOC 29.9% (EPA Method 24); 100% act. patibility, cost effective Toxicology: May cause mild skin and eye irritation; vapor or mist may cause respiratory tract irritation; harmful if swallowed or inhaled; ing. may cause GI irritation, nausea, vomiting (aspiration hazard), diarrhea; TSCA listed Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents 100% act Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO NFPA: Health 1: Flammability 1: Reactivity 0 Storage: Stratifies @ ambient temps., mix well Foamaster® O [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary multi-hydrophobe blend Uses: Defoamer for adhesives, latex, waterborne architectural coatings, printing inks, food-contact paper coatings; food pkg. adhesives Use Level: 0.2-1.0% on total wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200 Properties: Disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.90; dens. 7.4 lb/gal; visc. 500 cps; VOC 24); 100% act.; nonionic 11.3% (EPA Method 24); 100% act. Foamaster® PD-1 Powd. [Cognis/Coatings & Inks; Cognis KGaA/Coatings] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone-free org./inorg. Uses: Defoamer for dry mixes, coatings, adhesives and cement screeds, joint cements, spackles, food-contact paper coatings; food pkg. adhesives reportable Use Level: 0.2-1.0% on total wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200 Properties: Powd.; wettable in water; dens. 3.10 lb/gal; 65% act.; nonionic Foamaster® PL [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary multi-hydrophobe blend Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents

Uses: Defoamer for coatings which use synthetic rheology modifiers; de-

Properties: Dens. 7.1 lb/gal; visc. 1000 cps; VOC 7.4% (EPA Method 24); Foamaster® R [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary blend of oils and silica derivs. Uses: Defoamer for grind and letdown used in waterborne architectural paints, semigloss formulations, printing inks, food-contact paper coatings; for food pkg. adhesives; high persistency Use Level: 0.2-1.0% on total wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200 Properties: Off-wh. opaque liq.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.91; dens. 7.5 lb/gal; VOC 5.1% (EPA Method 24); 100% act. Foamaster[®] RD [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary blend of oils and silica derivs. Uses: Defoamer for grind and letdown used in waterborne architectural and industrial paints, acrylics, printing inks, food-contact paper coatings; food pkg. adhesives; high persistency Use Level: 0.2-1.0% on total wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200 Properties: Off-wh. opaque liq.; dens. 7.5 lb/gal; visc. 700 cps; VOC 5.1% (EPA Method 24); 100% act. Foamaster® S [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary blend of oil and silica derivs. Uses: Defoamer for latex, adhesives, waterborne architectural coatings, printing inks, monomer stripping and degassing, food-contact coatings/paper; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane; high compatibility Use Level: 0.2-1.0% on total wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200; SARA Properties: Opaque yel. liq.; hydrocarbon odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.91; dens. 7.6 lb/gal; visc. 500 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) > 93 C; VOC 2.8% (EPA Toxicology: May cause mild skin and eye irritation; vapors or mist may cause respiratory irritation; harmful if swallowed or inhaled; ing. may cause Gl irritation, nausea, vomiting (aspiration hazard), diarrhea; TSCA listed Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO, NO_x NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: Stratifies @ ambient temps., mix well Foamaster® SA-5 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary multi-hydrophobe Uses: Defoamer for adhesives, latex, waterborne architectural coatings, printing inks, food-contact paper coatings; food pkg. adhesives; high com-Use Level: 0.2-1.0% on total wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200 Properties: Dens. 7.5 lb/gal; visc. 1000 cps; VOC 26.2% (EPA Method 24); Foamaster[®] V [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary blend of oils and silica derivs. Uses: Defoamer esp. effective in printing inks and PVAL; defoamer for disp. latex stripping, waterborne architectural coatings, adhesives, latex applics., food-contact paper coatings; food pkg. adhesives Use Level: 0.2-1.0% on total wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200 Properties: Liq.; dens. 7.8 lb/gal; visc. 150 cps; VOC 1.5% (EPA Method Foamaster® VC [Cognis/Chems. Group] Chem. Descrip.: Low silicone hydrophobic silica Uses: Defoamer for use in degassing and monomer stripping operations involving syn. latexes, food-contact coatings/paper; food pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210; SARA §311/312 Properties: Yel. liq.; hydrocarbon odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.92; dens. 7.7 lb/gal; visc. 550 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) > 93 C; pH 8 (2%); 100% act. Toxicology: May cause mild skin and eye irritation; vapor or mist may cause

respiratory irritation; TSCA listed

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: May congeal or stratify if cold; warm to 50 C, mix well

Foamaster® VF [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis/Coatings & Inks]

- Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary blend of esters, oils, and silica derivs. Uses: Defoamer for waterborne architectural coatings, industrial coatings, latex, adhesives, printing inks, food-contact paper coatings, SBR, EVAC, PVAc, acrylics, S/B, styrene-acrylics, PVC/PVdC; food pkg. adhesives; high compatibility, potency, and color acceptance; good as post-add defoamer
- Use Level: 0.2-1.0% on total wt.
- Regulatory: FDA21CFR §175.105, 176.200; SARA §311/312 reportable
- Properties: Opaque yel. liq.; hydrocarbon odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.94; dens. 7.7 lb/gal; visc. 300 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) 171 C; pH 6.5 (10%); VOC 10% (EPA Method 24); 100% act.
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5.0 g/kg; may cause skin and eye irritation; vapors or mist may cause respiratory tract irritation; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: May congeal or stratify if cold; store in dry place @ 4-27 C away from direct heat

Foamaster® WBA [Cognis/Coatings & Inks]

- Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary multi-hydrophobe blend
- Uses: Defoamer for adhesives, waterborne industrial coatings, epoxy coatings, latex, acrylics, food-contact paper coatings; food pkg. adhesives Use Level: 0.2-1.0% on total wt.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200
- Properties: Dens. 7.4 lb/gal; visc. 500 cps; VOC 11.3% (EPA method 24); 100% act., 88.7% solids

Foam Blast 102 [ROSS Chem]

Chem. Descrip.: Polydimethylsiloxane emulsion

CAS 9016-00-6

Uses: Defoamer for starch and proteinaceous systems requiring an acid or alkaline tolerant defoamer; defoamer for hot and cold processes, yeast fermentations, sugar beet processing, caustic potato peeling, starch, protein, adhesives, coatings, animal feeds, cutting oils, paper coatings, monomer stripping, aq. inks, latex paints, nonwoven binders, soaps and detergents; food-grade

Use Level: 0.01-0.1% based on foaming system; 10-100 ppm (foods) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 100 ppm max.

Properties: Wh. emulsion; dens. 8.35 lb/gal; visc. 1500-2500 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) none; pH 7.2; 10% silicone; nonionic

Foam Blast 106 [ROSS Chem]

Chem. Descrip .: Polydimethylsiloxane emulsion

CAS 9016-00-6

Uses: Antifoam for water-sol. lubricants and inks, starch coatings, heavyduty detergents, paper coatings, antifreeze, machine carpet cleaning, drug fermentations, textile scouring/desizing/finishing, waste treatment, adhesives, food-contact coatings/paper; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; effective in hot and cold systems, in wide pH range

Use Level: 0.1-0.5%

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.210, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3120; SARA nonreportable
- Properties: Milky wh. liq.; mild odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.005-1.015; visc. 3200 cps; m.p. 32 F; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. (PMCC) none; pH 7.6; 10% act.; nonionic
- Toxicology: May cause mild skin irritation, mild transient eye irritation associated with excess blinking and tearing; not expected to be acutely toxic by ing.; may cause GI discomfort; TSCA listed

Precaution: Spills may be slippery

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store at 60-90 F; exc. freeze/thaw stability; > 1 yr shelf life; prevent freezing

Foam Blast 240 [ROSS Chem]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone-based

Uses: Defoamer for water and waste treatment systems, aeration basins, cooling towers, herbicides/pesticides, mining, cutting oils and drawing compds., starch coatings, plastic recovery, textile prep., dyeing, finishing, water-based inks, coatings, and coolants, soaps and detergents; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, paper Use Level: 0.002-0.20%; 2-20 ppm (treated water); 0.1-0.25% (inks, coat-

ings); 0.25% (soaps, detergents)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.210, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210

- Properties: Off-wh. emulsion; dens. 8.20 lb/gal; visc. 1250 cps; flash pt. none; pH 6.9; 18% solids, 10% act.; nonionic
- Storage: 1 yr shelf life; store in heated area to prevent freezing; if frozen, thaw and stir to insure uniformity

Foam Blast 433C [ROSS Chem]

- Chem. Descrip .: Blend of petrol. derivs., fatty esters, and proprietary additives
- Uses: Effluent system defoamer for foam control in textile, paper, and municipal effluent systems in aeration ponds, flumes, and at river outfall; paper machine defoamer esp. for recycled fiber furnish; foam control agent for coatings based on starch, casein, and waxes; general purpose; exc. dispersing props

- *Use Level:* 2-20 ppm *Regulatory:* SARA nonreportable
- Properties: Amber opaque liq.; mild odor; readily disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.892; dens. 7.4 lb/gal; visc. 975 cps; vapor pressure < 20 mm Hg (20 C); pour pt. 38 F; b.p. 450-600 F; flash pt. (PMCC) 85 F; pH 5 (1% aq.); VOC 200 g/l; 100% org.; nonionic
- Toxicology: May cause mild skin irritation, mild transient eye irritation; not expected to be acutely toxic by ingestion; TSCA listed

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 3; Reactivity 1

Storage: Good shelf life; can be stored outside; if prod. freezes, thaw and mix; may stratify during prolonged storage; mix before using

Foam Blast 433FW [ROSS Chem]

- Uses: Effluent system defoamer for foam control in textile, paper, and municipal effluent systems in aeration ponds, flumes, and at river outfall; paper machine defoamer esp. for recycled fiber furnish; foam control agent in coatings based on starch, casein, and waxes; defoamer in food-contact coatings/paper; general purpose; exc. dispersing props. Use Level: 2-20 ppm
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200

Properties: Lt. tan liq.; readily disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.845; dens. 7.0 lb/gal; visc. 750 cps; pour pt. 38 F; flash pt. (PMCC) 245 F; 100% org.; nonionic Storage: Good shelf life; can be stored outside; if prod. freezes, thaw and mix;

may stratify during prolonged storage; mix before using

Foam Blast 441 [ROSS Chem] Chem. Descrip.: Organic

- Uses: Defoamer/antifoam; effective syn. paper machine defoamer; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, coatings; contains no min. oils; high act. and low contamination potential where chem. deposits are a problem
- Use Level: 0.5-2.0 lb/ton of air dried paper
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.210, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210; SARA nonreportable
- Properties: Med. to dk. amber clear to hazy liq.; mild odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.943; dens. 7.86 lb/gal; visc. 80 cps; pour pt. 35 F; f.p. 31 F; i.b.p. 500 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 350 F; pH 6.5 (2%); 100% org.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral) > 30 g/kg; not expected to be toxic by ingestion; may cause mild skin irritation, mild transient eye irritation; TSCA listed

Precaution: Will ignite if exposed to ignition source at or above its flash pt.; avoid strong oxidizing agents; spills may be slippery

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: 1 yr shelf life; can be stored inside or outside; if prod. freezes, thaw and mix before use; mixing rec. after prolonged storage

Foam Blast 443 [ROSS Chem]

Uses: Defoamer for effluent systems and systems with high levels of protein, starch, polysaccharides, syn. sol. polymers; defoamer for textile, paper, and municipal effluent systems in aeration ponds, flumes, and at river outfall; defoamer for food-contact adhesives, coatings, paperboard; good cold props. Use Level: 2-20 ppm

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.210, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210

Properties: Amber opaque liq.; emulsifiable; sp.gr. 0.970; dens. 8.08 lb/gal; visc. 200 cps; pour pt. -15 F; flash pt. (PMCC) 320 F; 100% org.; nonionic

Storage: Good shelf life; can be stored outside; may stratify on prolonged storage; mix before use

Foam Blast 445 [ROSS Chem]

Uses: Paper machine defoamer; defoamer for food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper; syn.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.210, 175.300, 176.170, 176.200,

- Properties: Amber opaque liq.; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.950; dens. 7.92 lb/gal; visc. 1500 cps; pour pt. 35 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 350 F; pH 6.5 (2%); 100% act.; nonionic
- Toxicology: Nontoxic; does not normally cause skin irritation; may cause transient eye irritation
- Storage: Good shelf life; can be stored inside or outside; if prod. freezes, thaw and mix before use; mixing rec. after prolonged storage

Foam Blast 448 [ROSS Chem]

Chem. Descrip.: Blend of org. derivs. and proprietary additives

- Uses: Paper machine or effluent defoamer; defoamer for food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper; high act. and low contamination potential where chem. deposits are a problem; no liq. hydrocarbons; incapable of forming a rainbow on surf. of water
- Use Level: 0.5-4.0 lb/ton (paper); 3-15 ppm (effluent)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 178.3120; SARA nonreportable
- Properties: Wh. opaque liq.; mild odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.998; dens. 8.32 lb/gal; visc. 500 cps; vapor pressure 24 mm Hg (20 C); f.p. 31 F; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. none; pH 6.0-6.5; VOC 4 g/l; 86-88% volatiles; nonionic
- Toxicology: OSHAPEL 5 mg/m³ (mist); may cause mild skin irritation, mild transient eye irritation; not expected to be toxic by ingestion; TSCA listed Precaution: Spills may be slippery
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Protect from freezing; if prod. freezes, thaw and mix before use
- Foam Blast 469 [ROSS Chem]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Blend of petroleum derivs. and proprietary additives Uses: Paper machine or effluent defoamer; esp. effective in systems contq. cooked or modified starches; defoamer for food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper; high act. with low contamination potential (low total BOD)
 - Use Level: 0.5-4.0 lb/ton (paper)
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 178.3120; SARA nonreportable
 - *Properties:* Wh. opaque liq.; mild odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.996; dens. 8.30 lb/gal; visc. 50 cps; vapor pressure 18 mm Hg (20 C); f.p. 31 F; i.b.p. 212 F; flash pt. none; pH 6.5-7.5 (1% aq.); VOC < 20 g/l; 74-76% volatiles: nonionic
 - Toxicology: OSHA PEL 5 mg/m³ (mist): LD50 (oral) > 30 g/kg; not expected to be toxic by ingestion; may cause mild skin irritation, mild transient eye irritation; TSCA listed
 - Precaution: Spills may be slippery
 - HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
 - Storage: Protect from freezing; if prod. should freeze, thaw and mix before use

Foam Blast 476 [ROSS Chem]

- Chem. Descrip.: Alkoxylate of fatty esters
- Uses: Effluent system defoamer for foam control in industrial and municipal effluent systems in aeration ponds, flumes, and at river outfall; defoamer for adhesives, food-contact coatings/paper; general purpose; exc. dispersing props
- Use Level: 2-20 ppm
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210; SARA nonreportable
- Properties: Lt. amber clear liq.; mild fatty odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.965; dens. 8.0 lb/gal; visc. 150 cps; vapor pressure < 1 mm Hg (20 C); pour pt. < -5 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 350 F; VOC 1 g/l; 100% org., < 1% volatiles by vol.; nonionic
- Toxicology: May cause mild skin irritation, mild transient eye irritation; not expected to be toxic by ingestion; may cause transient vomiting and/or diarrhea; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Will ignite if exposed to ignition source while at or above its flash pt.; spills may be slippery
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Good shelf life; no separation on prolonged storage; can be stored outside in unheated areas; remains fluid and pumpable down to -10 F; sl. haze may develop below 0 F

FoamBrake[™] 1697 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip .: Conc. polymeric surfactant

Uses: Defoamer for wet-end, size press, coating applics., alkaline paper machine systems; provides foam control at significantly lower dose rates than many conventional water-based defoamers, without the negative impact of oil

- FoamBrake[™] JF-2 [BASF]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Aq. emulsion
 - Uses: Defoamer for wet-end applics., pulp mill screen rooms, and waste treatment plants; stable; functions at broad pH and temp. range Properties: Lig.
- Storage: Protect from freezing
- FoamBrake™ SW-54 M 50 [BĂSF]
- Chem. Descrip .: Water-based

Uses: Defoamer for deinking, effluent treatment, pulp mill screen rooms, wastewater treatment; stable; functions over broad pH and temp. range Properties: Liq.

- Storage: Protect from freezing
- FoamBrake[™] WB-40 [BASF]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Aq. emulsion
 - Uses: Defoamer for wet-end applics., sec. fiber processing, pulp mill screen rooms, and waste treatment plants; easy to use; functions at broad pH and temp. range
 - Storage: Protect from freezing
- Foambreaker [United-Guardian]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Dimethicone, 2-ethyl-1-hexanol, octoxynol-9, and carbomer Uses: Antifoam for use in cleaning metals prior to coating or plating; defoamer for latex, papermaking, textile processing, detergent mfg., and in sol. cutting oils
 - Regulatory: DOT nonregulated
 - Properties: Wh. to off-wh. pourable cream; sl. odor; somewhat sol. in ethyl alcohol; very sl. sol. in aromatic and aliphatic solvs., petroleum oils, and vegetable oils; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.989; visc. 4150 cps; flash pt. (OC) > 400 F; pH 7.0; 98.5% solids
 - Toxicology: May irritate respiratory tract, eyes and skin; harmful if ing.
 - Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO_x, NO_x
 - HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Avoid freezing temps.
- Foamgard® 1332 [Rhodia]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Nonionic surfactants-based
 - Uses: Foam suppressant and defoamer for aq. and semiaq. systems, for laundry detergents, industrial cleaners, paper/pulp systems, metalworking fluids, resin emulsification, wastewater treatment, circuit board cleaning; solv. and silicone-free for lower VOC
 - Properties: Gardner < 1 clear to hazy liq.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.95; neutral. no. 0.4 mg KOH/g; flash pt. 315 F; pH \approx 7 (5%); 100% act.

Foamkill® 400Ă [Crucible]

- Chem. Descrip.: Organo-silicone emulsion Uses: Defoamer for pulp/paper applics. incl. adhesives backings, latex paints and coatings, water-reducible inks, floor and ceiling coatings
- Foamkill® 608 [Crucible]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Nonsilicone
 - Uses: Defoamer for paper coatings and adhesives and formulations sensitive to fish-eyeing, janitorial supply houses; readily emulsifiable
- Use Level: 0.5-1.0% Foamkill® 618 [Crucible]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Org. and organo-silicone conc.
 - Uses: Defoamer for food/pharmaceutical applics. incl. paper coatings and adhesives in contact with food
 - Regulatory: FDA §175.105, 176.210, 178.3120
 - Properties: Pale yel.; hydrocarbon odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.930; visc. 1000 cps; flash pt. (TOC) 250 F; 100% act.; nonionic
 - Storage: 1 yr min. shelf stability
- Foamkill® 639 [Crucible]
- Chem. Descrip .: Nonsilicone
 - Uses: Defoamer for aq. systems, pulp/paper applics., acrylic, PVC, PVA, PVPC, and other coatings, paints, inks, antifoam formulating
- Use Level: 0.5-1.0%
- Foamkill® 639J-F [Crucible]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Organo-silicone
 - Uses: Defoamer for latex monomer stripping formulations, food and cosmetic applics., warm starch and protein systems, soya slurries, sugar beet refining, caustic potato peeling, yeast fermentations, canning, paper coatings; alkaline and acid-stable
 - Use Level: 333 ppm max.
 - Regulatory: FDA §172.340, 172.315
 - Properties: Wh. semitransparent liq., bland odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.895;

dens. 7.45 lb/gal; b.p. 390 F; flash pt. (TOC) 160 F; pH 6.6 (2%); 100% Foamkill[®] CMP [Crucible] act.; nonionic Chem. Descrip .: Bis-stearamide Uses: Defoamer for paper reclaiming, caustic treatment, waste treatment, Toxicology: Skin and eye irritant; may cause harmful effects on ingestion Foamkill® 649 [Crucible] textile jet or atmospheric dyeing Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone Use Level: 0.1-1.0% Properties: Nonionic Uses: Defoamer for aq. systems, adhesives, coatings, esp. acrylic systems, paints, inks, drawing and cutting fluids, paper applics.; highly compat.; very little tendency to cause fish-eyeing Use Level: 0.5-1.0% Foamkill® 660F [Crucible] Chem. Descrip.: Org. Uses: Defoamer for pulp/paper applics., water cooling towers, evaporators Foamkill® 679 [Crucible] Chem. Descrip.: Organo-silicone emulsion Uses: Defoamer for pulp/paper applics. incl. adhesives backings, latex paints and coatings, water-reducible inks, floor and ceiling coatings Foamkill[®] 810F [Crucible] Chem. Descrip.: Dimethicone emulsion CAS 9006-65-9 Uses: Defoamer for food/pharmaceutical/cosmetic applics. incl. general ag. systems, paper coatings and adhesives in contact with food, egg washing, cleaning/sanitizing sol'ns., pulp/paper applics., soft drink and wine making, vegetable processing, yeast processing, jam/jellies, starch sol'ns., protein processing, water-based inks, detergents Use Level: 100 ppm max. Regulatory: FDA §173.340, 175.105, 175.320, 176.200, 176.210 Properties: Wh. pourable visc. liq., bland odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.000; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 300 cps; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. (TOC) > 212 F; pH 7.0; 10% act.; nonionic Toxicology: May cause eye irritation, mild skin irritation on prolonged/repeated contact Foamkill® 830 [Crucible] Chem. Descrip.: Organo-silicone emulsion Uses: Defoamer for food/pharmaceutical applics. incl. paper coatings and adhesives in contact with food, cosmetics, pulp/paper applics. Use Level: 0.1-0.4% Properties: Emulsion; very small particle size Foamkill® 830F [Crucible] Chem. Descrip.: Dimethicone CAS 9006-65-9 Uses: Defoamer for food/pharmaceutical/cosmetic applics. incl. general aq. systems, paper coatings and adhesives in contact with food, soft drink mfg., cleaning/sanitizing sol'ns., cosmetics, fermentation, bottle filling operations, vegetable washing, sugar beet processing, jams/jellies, coatings, starch and protein processing Use Level: To 33 ppm Regulatory: FDA \$172.340, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210 Properties: Wh. pourable visc. liq., bland odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.993; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 3500 cps; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. (TOC) > 212 F; pH 7.0; 30% act.; nonionic Toxicology: May cause eye irritation, mild skin irritation on prolonged/repeated contact Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Produces SiO₂ upon burning Storage: Avoid freezing Foamkill® 836A [Crucible] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsions Uses: Defoamer for food/pharmaceutical applics. incl. paper coatings and adhesives in contact with food, cosmetics, antifreeze, water-based inks, leather finishing, industrial detergents, cutting oils Regulatory: FDA §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210 Properties: Wh. pourable viscous liq.; sp.gr. 1.00; visc. 3000 cps; pH 8.0; nonionic Foamkill® 836B [Crucible] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsion Uses: Defoamer for chemical compounding, syn. or water-based metalworking lubricants, aq. systems, inks, janitorial applics., paints, coatings, paper industry, waste treatment, severe foaming applics.; highly compat.; dilutable with water Foamkill® 852 [Crucible] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsion Uses: Defoamer for pulp/paper applics., inks, and other applics.; rec. where foaming is a serious problem

Foamkill® D-1 [Crucible] Chem. Descrip.: Org. nonsilicone conc. Uses: Defoamer for textiles or pulp Properties: Dilutable with min. oil Foamkill® MS-1 [Crucible] Chem. Descrip.: Organo-silicone emulsion Uses: Defoamer for pulp/paper applics. incl. adhesives backings, latex paints and coatings, water-reducible inks, floor and ceiling coatings; flow control agent Foamkill® MSF Conc. [Crucible] Chem. Descrip.: Organo-silicone Uses: Conc. for formulating defoamers for wide variety of high and low temp. applics., esp. food applics. (fruit and veg. washing, egg washing, soft drinks, wine making, yeast processing, jam/jellies, sugar refining), waterbased inks and coatings, detergents, rendering of oils and fats, cosmetics, starch sol'ns., adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, coatings Use Level: 66 ppm max. Regulatory: FDA §173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210 Properties: Wh. visc. liq., mild pleasant odor; readily disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.084; dens. 9.02 lb/gal; visc. 20,000 cps; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. > 212 F; pH 9.02 (1%); 15% dimethylpolysiloxane; nonionic Toxicology: May cause eye irritation, mild skin irritation on prolonged/repeated skin contact Foamkill® NSP-1, NSP-3, NSP-4, NSP-5 [Crucible] Chem. Descrip .: Org Uses: Defoamer for pulp/paper applics. Foamlex 372 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Chem. Descrip .: Higher alcohol derivatives Uses: Defoamer for papermaking, when applied to pulp, wood free papers, liner, or Japanese paper Properties: Milky wh. emulsion; pH 7.5; nonionic Foamlex 400 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Chem. Descrip .: Fatty acid ester Uses: Defoamer for papermaking, esp. wood free papers and thin papers Properties: Milky wh. emulsion; pH 6.0 (5%); nonionic Foamlex 711 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Chem. Descrip .: Special activator Uses: Defoamer for papermaking and wastewaters; dispersive type; demonstrates stable defoaming effects under wide range of pH and at mid and low temps. Properties: Colorless transparent liq.; pH 5.5 (5%); nonionic Foamlex 747 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Chem. Descrip .: Special activator Uses: Defoamer for papermaking; self-emulsifying type; superior defoaming and foam-suppressing effects obtained at low add-on levels Properties: Straw-colored limpid visc. lig.; pH 4.0 (5%); nonionic Foamlex 760 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Chem. Descrip.: Special activator Uses: Defoamer for papermaking, esp. for use in thin papers such as tissues and toilet rolls; self-emulsifying type; exc. defoaming and foam-suppressing effects obtained at low add-on levels Properties: Straw-colored transparent liq.; pH 7.0 (5%); nonionic Foamlex 770 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Chem. Descrip.: Special activator Uses: Defoamer for papermaking, esp. for use in thin papers such as tissues and toilet rolls; self-emulsifying type; exc. defoaming and foam-suppressing effects obtained at low add-on levels, while effects on sizing remain low Properties: Straw-colored opaque liq.; pH 7.5 (5%); nonionic Foamlex 797 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Chem. Descrip .: Special activator Uses: Defoamer for papermaking; self-emulsifying type; superior defoaming and foam-suppressing effects are obtained at low add-on levels Properties: Straw-colored transparent liq.; pH 4.0 (5%); nonionic Foamlex E-585K [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone compd., refined oil, activator, and water mixt.

Uses: Defoamer for papermaking; outstanding performance in high temps., Formula 315 [Garratt Callahan] Chem. Descrip .: Isothiazolone compds. strong alkali environments at low add-on levels; does not contain sub-Uses: Biocide for industrial water systems, cooling towers, evaporative stances which may generate pitch or hazardous materials like dioxins Properties: Wh. emulsion; pH 7.0 condensers, spray ponds, paper mills, and air washers; nonfoaming and nonoxidizing; unaffected by hardness; compat. with most other water treat-Foamlex W-315 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Chem. Descrip.: Amide compd., silica, dispersing agent, water and mineral ment chems. at use levels; suggest system be manually cleaned prior to treatment; not for potable water oil mixt. Use Level: 4.5-113 fl.oz./1000 gal Uses: Defoamer for papermaking; outstanding performance in high temps., strong alkali environments at low add-on levels Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 8540-23 Properties: Lt. yellowish wh. opaque liq.; insol. in water Properties: Lt. green to yel.-grn. clear liq.; odorless; sp.gr. 0.95-1.1; dens. Foamlex W-320 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] 7.9-9.2 lb/gal; pH 3.0-6.5 Chem. Descrip.: Amide compd., dispersing agent, water and mineral oil mixt. Toxicology: Toxicant; may cause skin/eye irritation Uses: Defoamer for papermaking; outstanding performance in high temps., Storage: 6 mos shelf life; store @ 10-40 C; avoid freezing or high temps. strong alkali environments at low add-on levels Formula 435 [Garratt Callahan] Properties: Lt. yellowish wh. opaque liq.; insol. in water Uses: Corrosion inhibitor in steam condensate systems for use in lg. industrial FoamTrol™ [Hercules] plants, commercial bldgs., paper mills, hospitals, and schools; rec. where difficult corrosion problems exist in differential steam pressure systems, high Uses: Antifoam in cooling and wastewater systems in the pulp/paper industry Foraperle® 225 [Atofina] vapor to liq. distribution ratio for low pressure systems and complex and Uses: Protective agent/surfactant for building applics. such as concrete, extensive condensate systems Regulatory: FDA and USDA approved Properties: Clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.0; dens. 8.3 lb/gal interlocking paving blocks, terra cotta pavement, and sandstone terra cotta pavement; water repellent treatment for paper and paperboard, leather Storage: 6 mos shelf life Properties: Amber clear liq.; sp.gr. 0.97; f.p. < - 18 C; flash pt. (CC) 26 C; FR-11 [AmeriBrom; Dead Sea Bromine] 25% act. Foraperle® 321 [Atofina] Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium bromide CAS 12124-97-9; EINECS/ELINCS 235-183-8 Chem. Descrip.: Fluorinated acrylic copolymer Uses: Protective agent/surfactant for building applics. such as concrete, Uses: Flame retardant for paper, chipboard and nonwashable textiles Properties: Wh. cryst. solid; sol. 97 g/100 g water; m.w. 97.94; sp.gr. 2.43; interlocking paving blocks, terra cotta pavement, and sandstone terra cotta pavement; water and oil repellent treatment for paper and paperboard used m.p. 452 C (subl.); nonflamm., nonexplosive; 98.5% act.; 81.6% Br Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2714 mg/kg; irritating to eyes, mucous memfor food pkg. Regulatory: BgVV compliant branes, and upper respiratory tract; nonirritating to intact skin; active poison-Properties: Amber liq.; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.1-1.2; flash pt. none; pH 4-5; 25% ing affects CNS Storage: Store in cool, dry, well ventilated area act.: cationic Foraperle® 325 [Atofina] FRCROS 334 [Budenheim Ibérica] Uses: Protective agent/surfactant for water repellent treatment for paper and Chem. Descrip.: Treated sol'n. of ammonium pyrophosphate paperboard used for food pkg. (fast food, pkg. for butter/margarine/meat/ Chem. Analysis: P₂O₅ (16%); N (5%) poultry/coffee/frozen prods.) and pet food pkg. Uses: Flame retardant for cellulosic materials, wood/boards, paper, textiles, Regulatory: BgVV compliant and carpets; halogen-free; noncorrosive Properties: Amber liq.; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.1-1.2; flash pt. none; pH 4-5; 25% Use Level: 30-40% act.; cationic Properties: SI. grn. transparent liq.; odorless; sp.gr. 1.20; pH 6-6.5 Formasil® 45 [Crompton/Witco] Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; nontoxic Chem. Descrip.: Dimethylsiloxane emulsion Environmental: LC50 (zebra fish, 96 h) > 500 mg/l; can be considered as a CAS 63148-62-9 fertilizer Uses: Release agent in mfg. of medical devices and appliances, food pkg. Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: When heated may produce ammonia, phosphomaterials; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in food-contact paric acid, and steam water per/paperboard; in food-contact textiles Storage: Reseal opened drums FRCROS 349 [Budenheim Ibérica] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.2800 Properties: Water-disp. Chem. Descrip.: Treated sol'n. of ammonium pyrophosphate and bromide Formula 37 [Garratt Callahan] Chem. Analysis: P₂O₅ (15%); N (6%) Chem. Descrip .: Organo-sulfur compds. Uses: Flame retardant for cellulosic materials, plywood, paper, wood/boards, Uses: Biocide, slimicide in industrial water systems, cooling towers, evapoand textiles rative condensers, air washers, spray ponds, paper mills, beet and cane Use Level: 25-35% Properties: SI. grn. opalescent liq.; odorless; sp.gr. 1.25; visc. 40-50 cps; pH sugar mills, and other circulating systems; mild corrosion inhibiting props., particularly against copper or brass system components; nonfoaming and 5-6 nonoxidizing; not for potable water systems Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; nontoxic Use Level: 3-13 fl oz/1000 gal Environmental: LC50 (96 h, zebra fish) > 500 mg/l Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 31910-2-8540 Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: When heated may produce ammonia, phospho-Properties: Yel.-grn. to amber clear liq.; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.12-1.22; dens. ric acid, and steam water 9.3-10.2 lb/gal; pH 10.5-12.5 Storage: Reseal opened drums Toxicology: Toxicant; may cause skin/eye irritation FRCROS 481 [Budenheim Ibérica] Storage: 1 yr shelf life; store @ 10-40 C; avoid freezing or high temps. Chem. Descrip.: Long chain ammonium polyphosphate Formula 44 [Garratt Callahan] *Chem. Analysis:* P₂O₅ (63%); N (15.5%) Chem. Descrip.: Neutralizing amines CAS 68333-79-9 Uses: Condensate corrosion inhibitor for steam pressure systems used in lq. *Uses:* Flame retardant for epoxies, elastomers, textiles, cellulosics, industrial plants, commercial bldgs., paper mills, schools, food processing; intumescents, paper, wood/boards; catalyst in solv.-based intumescent coatrec. where difficult corrosion problems have been experienced in differential ings; afterglow suppressant in elastomers; halogen-free; noncorrosive steam pressure systems; effective in lower pressure areas of steam system Use Level: 20-30% (automotive textiles); 15-25% (coatings); 2-5% (afterand also in ends of condensate system laterals glow suppressant) Regulatory: FDA and USDA approved for use in boilers where steam con-Properties: Wh. fine, crystalline powd.; odorless; sol. 4.5 max. g/100 cm³ in tacts food water; insol. in org. solvs.; sp.gr. 1.70-1.80; bulk dens. 700 g/l; pH 5.5 Properties: Water wh. to lt. yel. clear liq.; sp.gr. 0.92-1.02; dens. 7.6-8.5 lb/ (10%) gal; pH 11.5-13.5 Toxicology: TLV > 10 mg/m³ (nuisance dust); LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; Storage: 6 mos shelf life nontoxic

Environmental: LC50 (zebra fish, 96 h) > 500 mg/l; can be considered as slow-release fertilizer Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: When heated above 275 C, may produce ammonia and phosphoric acid Storage: Reseal opened drums; keep dry FRCROS 484 [Budenheim Ibérica] Chem. Descrip.: Long chain ammonium polyphosphate Chem. Analysis: P2O5 (71%); N (14-15%) CAS 68333-79-9 Uses: Flame retardant for plastics (polyolefins, polyester, epoxies, PU), pigmented coatings, intumescents, adhesives, carpets, paper and chipboard, textiles; catalyst for water-based intumescent coatings; halogen-free Properties: Wh. fine, crystalline powd.; odorless; nearly insol. in org. solvs. and water; sp.gr. 1.9; bulk dens. 700 g/l; pH 5.5 (10%); 0.05% moisture Toxicology: TLV > 10 mg/m³ (nuisance dust); LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; nontoxic Environmental: LC50 (zebra fish, 96 h) > 500 mg/l; can be considered as slow-release fertilizer Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: When heated above 275 C, may produce ammonia and phosphoric acid Storage: Reseal opened drums; keep dry Freedom SBO-65 [BFGoodrich/Textile] Chem. Descrip.: Sulfated butyl oleate, sodium salt Uses: Textile dye assistant; lubricant, wetter/rewetter, penetrant in textile dyeing, leather dyeing, fat liquors, metal cutting oils, paper mfg.; leveling agent for acid dyes; paper rewetter Properties: 65% act.; anionic Environmental: Biodeq. Freedom SBT-65 [BFGoodrich/Textile] Chem. Descrip .: Sulfated butyl tallate, sodium salt Uses: Textile dye assistant; lubricant, wetter/rewetter, penetrant in textile dyeing, leather dyeing, fat liquors, metal cutting oils, paper mfg.; leveling agent for acid dyes; paper rewetter Properties: 65% act. Environmental: Biodeg. Freedom SCO-50 [BFGoodrich/Textile] Chem. Descrip .: Sulfated castor oil CAS 8002-33-3; EINECS/ELINCS 232-306-7 Uses: Kier boiling agent, emulsifier, bleaching assistant, dispersant in dyeing and bleaching; cloth lubricant in dyebath; finishing oil; milling assistant, dispersant for paper formulations; milling aid, leveling agent, wetting agent for paints and stains; stable in acidic and alkaline formulations Properties: Amber clear liq.; pH 8-9; 50% act.; 18-26% free fatty acid; anionic Environmental: Biodeg.

Freedom SCO-70 [BFGoodrich/Textile]

Chem. Descrip .: Sulfated castor oil

CAS 8002-33-3; EINECS/ELINCS 232-306-7

Uses: Kier boiling agent, emulsifier, bleaching assistant, dispersant in dyeing and bleaching; cloth lubricant in dyebath; finishing oil; milling assistant, dispersant for paper formulations; milling aid, leveling agent, wetting agent for paints and stains; stable in acidic and alkaline formulations

Properties: Amber clear liq.; pH 7-8 (5%); 70% act.; 10-20% free fatty acid; anionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

- Freedom SCO-75 [BFGoodrich/Textile]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Sulfated castor oil
 - CAS 8002-33-3; EINECS/ELINCS 232-306-7
 - Uses: Lubricant, surfactant, dispersant for personal care prods.; kier boiling agent, emulsifier, bleaching assistant, dispersant in dyeing and bleaching; cloth lubricant in dyebath; finishing oil; milling assistant, dispersant for paper formulations; milling aid, leveling agent, wetting agent for paints and stains; very high foaming; stable in acidic and alkaline formulations
 - Properties: Amber clear liq.; pH 7-8 (5%); 75% act.; 10-20% free fatty acid; anionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Freedom SCO-75K [BFGoodrich/Textile] Chem. Descrip.: Sulfated castor oil, potassium salt

- Uses: Lubricant, surfactant, dispersant for personal care prods.; kier boiling agent, emulsifier, bleaching assistant, dispersant in dyeing and bleaching; cloth lubricant in dyebath; finishing oil; milling assistant, dispersant for paper formulations; milling aid, leveling agent, wetting agent for paints and stains; very high foaming; stable in acidic and alkaline formulations
- Properties: Amber clear liq.; pH 7-8 (5%); 75% act.; 10-20% free fatty acid; anionic
- Environmental: Biodeg.

FX-704 [Songkang Ind. Co.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polquaternary amine

- Uses: Fixing agent for rosin size in wet end of papermaking; white pitch control agent for fixing anionic substances; stickies control agent in the wetend; wastewater treatment; reduces dosage of alum; interacts with all anionic charged particles and contaminants
- *Properties:* Visc. < 2000 cps; pH 5.5± 1.5
- FX-706 [Songkang Ind. Co.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polquaternary amine

Uses: Fixing agent for rosin size in wet end of papermaking; white pitch control agent for fixing anionic substances; stickies control agent in the wetend; wastewater treatment; reduces dosage of alum; interacts with all anionic charged particles and contaminants

Properties: Sp.gr. 1.25; visc. < 1500 cps; pH 4.0 ± 1

Fyrol[®] 51 [Akzo Nobel]

Chem. Descrip.: Oligomeric phosphate

- CAS 70715-06-9
- Uses: Flame retardant for aq. systems that are used as binders for cellulosic prods., e.g., automotive and industrial air filters, upholstery fabrics, thermoset papers, particle and chip boards
- Properties: Lt. straw liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.37; dens. 11.4 lb/gal; visc. 5600 cps; vapor pressure 2.5 torr (65 C); acid no. 1.8; 20.5% P, 0% Cl

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processing, paper processing, emulsions and dispersions, agric. adjuvants Gamaco[®] [Georgia Marble] Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate Properties: APHA 20 liq.; oil-sol.; m.w. 479; sp.gr. 0.96; visc. 49.5 cst; HLB Chem. Analysis: CaCO₃ (95% min.) 11.6; hyd. no. 117; pour pt. 6 C; cloud pt. 45 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9 216 C; pH 7.0 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic Uses: Filler/extender pigment for paints, enamels, epoxy-based coatings, Environmental: Biodeg. Genapol® 26-L-50 [Clariant/Surf.] paper coatings, adhesives, caulks, sealants, plastics (polyolefin, PU, epoxy, plastisols, compr. and inj. molded compds), foam and rubber compds., Chem. Descrip.: C12-16 pareth-7 glass fiber-reinforced polyester (BMC/SMC/TMC where paintable parts CAS 68551-12-2 are required), pultrusion Uses: Detergent intermediate for phosphation or sulfation for use in cosmetics, Properties: Powd.; 3.8 µ median particle size; 0.006% on 325 mesh; shampoos, It. duty detergents, household and I&I cleaners, textile wet fineness (Hegman) 6; oil absorp. 16; brightness (Hunter) 94 processing, paper processing, emulsions and dispersions, agric. adjuvants *Properties:* APHA 20 color; m.w. 505; sp.gr. 0.96; visc. 48.1 cst; HLB 12.2; hyd. no. 111; pour pt. 5 C; cloud pt. 50 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 216 C; Gama-Sperse® 80 [Georgia Marble] Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate, natural ground Chem. Analysis: CaCO₃ (95% min.) CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9 pH 6.1 (1% ag.); 100% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg. Genapol® 26-L-60 [Clariant/Surf.] Uses: Filler for paints, enamels, plastisols esp. slush molded parts requiring high gloss, polyolefin compds. for sheet stock, thin films, paper coatings, Chem. Descrip.: C12-16 pareth-7.3 CAS 68551-12-2 rubber prods., upholstery fabrics, credit card stock, pigment extenders, caulks, sealants, and adhesives; general purpose Uses: Detergent intermediate for phosphation or carboxylation for use in Properties: Powd.; 2.5 µ median particle size; 0.006% on 325 mesh; household and I&I cleaners, textile wet processing, paper processing, emulfineness (Hegman) 7; sp.gr. 2.71; bulking value 0.443 gal/lb; oil absorp. 19 sions and dispersions, agric. adjuvants Properties: APHA 20 liq.; m.w. 519; sp.gr. 0.98; visc. 53 cst; HLB 12.4; Ib oil/100 lb pigment; brightness 94; pH 9.0-9.5; hardness (Moh) 3 hyd. no. 108; pour pt. 18 C; cloud pt. 60 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 171 Gama-Sperse® 255 [Georgia Marble] Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate, natural ground C; pH 6.2 (1% ag.); 100% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg. Chem. Analysis: total carbonates (95% min.) CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9 Genapol® 26-L-80 [Clariant/Surf.] Chem. Descrip .: C12-16 pareth-9 Uses: Filler for paints, plastics, paper coatings, and rubber prods.; general-CAS 68551-12-2 use Properties: 12.0 µ median particle size: 0.02% on 325 mesh; fineness Uses: Detergent intermediate for carboxylation or phosphation for use in (Hegman) 4; sp.gr. 2.71; bulking value 0.443 gal/lb; oil absorp. 9 lb oil/100 household and I&I cleaners, textile wet processing, emulsions and disper-Ib pigment; brightness 94; pH 9.0-9.5; hardness (Moh) 3 sions, paper processing, agric. adjuvants Properties: Hazy liq.; HLB 13.4; 100% act.; nonionic Genapol® 26-L-5 [Clariant/Surf.] Chem. Descrip .: C12-16 pareth-5 Environmental: Biodeg. CAS 68551-12-2 Genapol® C-050 [Clariant/Surf.] Uses: Detergent intermediate for phosphation or sulfation for use in cosmetics, Chem. Descrip.: Coceth-5 CAS 61791-13-7 shampoos, It. duty detergents, household and I&I cleaners, textile wet processing, paper processing, emulsions and dispersions, agric. adjuvants Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics, agric. *Regulatory:* FDA compliance Properties: APHA 10 lig.; oil-sol.; m.w. 419; sp.gr. 0.97; visc. 29 cst; HLB Properties: Turbid liq.; sol. in min. oil, benzene, turbid in water; sp. gr. 0.952 10.6; hyd. no. 134; pour pt. 8 C; flash pt. (COC) 160 C; pH 6.6 (1% aq.); (50 C); visc. 17.6 cps (50 C); flash pt. 201 C (Marcusson); surf. tens. 32 100% act.; nonionic dynes/cm; 100% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg. Genapol® C-080 [Clariant/Surf.] Chem. Descrip .: Coceth-8 Genapol® 26-L-23 [Clariant/Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: Laureth-23 CAS 61791-13-7 CAS 9002-92-0 Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, Uses: Detergent intermediate for carboxylation or phosphation for use in emulsifiers, cosmetics, agric. household and I&I cleaners, textile wet processing, emulsions and disper-Properties: Paste; sol. in water, benzene, turbid in min. oil; sp. gr. 0.979 (50 C); visc. 25.4 cps (50 C); flash pt. 246 C (Marcusson); surf. tens. 36 sions, paper processing, agric. adjuvants Properties: Solid; HLB 16.9; 100% act.; nonionic dynes/cm; 100% act.; nonionic Genapol® C-100 [Clariant/Surf.] Environmental: Biodeg. Genapol® 26-L-45 [Clariant/Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: Coceth-10 Chem. Descrip.: C12-16 pareth-6 CAS 61791-13-7 Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, CAS 68551-12-2 Uses: Detergent intermediate for phosphation or sulfation for use in cosmetics, emulsifiers, cosmetics, agric. shampoos, It. duty detergents, household and I&I cleaners, textile wet Properties: Paste; sol. in water, benzene, turbid in min. oil; sp. gr. 0.990 (50

C); visc. 30.4 cps (50 C); flash pt. 251 C (Marcusson); surf. tens. 38 dynes/cm; 100% act.; nonionic Genapol® C-150 [Clariant/Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: Coceth-15 CAS 61791-13-7 Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics, agric. Properties: Wax; sol. in water, benzene; sp. gr. 1.027 (50 C); visc. 45.8 cps (50 C); flash pt. 260 C (Marcusson); surf. tens. 43 dynes/cm; 100% act.; nonionic. Genapol® C-200 [Clariant/Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: Coceth-20 CAS 61791-13-7 Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics, agric. Properties: Wax; sol. in water, benzene; sp. gr. 1.032 (50 C); visc. 61.5 cps (50 C); flash pt. 264 C (Marcusson); surf. tens. 44 dynes/cm; 100% act.; nonionic Genapol® 0-020 [Clariant/Surf.] Chem. Descrip .: Oleth-2 CAS 9004-98-2 Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics, agric. Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in min. oil, benzene, turbid in water; sp.gr. 0.894 (50 C); visc. 12.4 cps (50 C); flash pt. 186 C (Marcusson); 100% act.; nonionic Genapol® O-050 [Clariant/Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: Oleth-5 CAS 9004-98-2 Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics, agric. Properties: Turbid liq.; sol. in benzene, turbid in water, min. oil; sp.gr. 0.936 (50 C); visc. 18.4 cps (50 C); flash pt. 225 C (Marcusson); surf. tens. 54 dynes/cm; 100% act.; nonionic Genapol® O-080 [Clariant/Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: Oleth-8 CAS 9004-98-2 Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics, agric. Properties: Turbid liq.; sol. in water, benzene, turbid in min. oil; sp.gr. 0.960 (50 C); visc. 25.1 cps (50 C); flash pt. 246 C (Marcusson); surf. tens. 44 dynes/cm; 100% act.; nonionic Genapol® 0-090 [Clariant/Surf.] Chem. Descrip .: Oleth-9 CAS 9004-98-2 Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics, agric. Properties: Yel. liq.; visc. 45 cps; hyd. no. 90; pH 7 (1% aq.); 99% conc.; nonionic Genapol® 0-100 [Clariant/Surf.] Chem. Descrip .: Oleth-10 CAS 9004-98-2 Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics, agric. Properties: Paste; sol. in water, benzene, turbid in min. oil; sp.gr. 0.989 (50 C); visc. 33 cps (50 C); flash pt. 260 C (Marcusson); surf. tens. 41 dynes/ cm; 100% act.; nonionic Genapol® 0-120 [Clariant/Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: Oleth-12 CAS 9004-98-2 Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics, agric. Properties: Paste; sol. in water, benzene, turbid in min. oil; sp.gr. 1.0 (50 C); visc. 42.5 cps (50 C); flash pt. 265 C (Marcusson); surf. tens. 42 dynes/ cm; 100% act.; nonionic Genapol® 0-150 [Clariant/Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: Oleth-15 CAS 9004-98-2 Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics, agric. Properties: Wax; sol. in water, benzene, turbid in min. oil; sp.gr. 1.02 (50 C); visc. 49.1 cps (50 C); flash pt. 271 C (Marcusson); surf. tens. 45 dynes/

cm; 100% act.; nonionic Genapol® O-200 [Clariant/Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: Oleth-20 CAS 9004-98-2 Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics, agric. Properties: Wh. waxy solid; sol. in water, benzene, turbid in min. oil; sp.gr. 1.037 (50 C); visc. 65.9 cps (50 C); hyd. no. 50; flash pt. 278 C (Marcusson); pH 7 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 47 dynes/cm; 100% act.; nonionic Genapol® 0-230 [Clariant/Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: Oleth-23 CAS 9004-98-2 Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics, agric. Properties: Wh. waxy solid; sol. in water, benzene, turbid in min. oil; sp.gr. 1.042 (50 C); visc. 79.5 cps (50 C); hyd. no. 44; flash pt. 279 C (Marcusson); pH 7 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 47 dynes/cm; 100% act.; nonionic Genapol® S-020 [Clariant/Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: Stearyl alcohol polyglycol ether CAS 9005-00-9 Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics Properties: Wax; sol. in min. oil, benzene, turbid in water; sp.gr. 0.890 (50 C); visc. 15.2 cps (50 C); flash pt. 198 C (Marcusson); surf. tens. 50 dynes/cm; 100% act.; nonionic Genapol® UD-070 [Clariant/Surf.] *Chem. Descrip.:* C11 oxo alcohol ethoxylate (7 EO) CAS 127036-24-2 Uses: Surfactant for household cleaners, textile wet processing, paper processing, metal cleaning, detergent formulation, metalworking fluids and lubricants; alternative to nonylphenol ethoxylates Properties: Hazy liq.; HLB 13.0; 100% act.; nonionic Environmental: > 80% biodeq. Genapol® UD-079 [Clariant/Surf.] *Chem. Descrip.:* C11 oxo alcohol ethoxylate (7 EO) CAS 127036-24-2 Uses: Surfactant for household cleaners, textile wet processing, paper processing, metal cleaning, detergent formulation, hand dishwash, all-purpose household cleaners, hard-surf. cleaners, metalworking fluids and lubricants; alternative to nonylphenol ethoxylates Properties: Almost colorless liq.; sp.gr. 0.97; HLB 13.0; iodine no. 1; pour pt. 0 C; cloud pt. 52-55 C; flash pt. 180 C; 90% act. in water; nonionic Environmental: > 80% biodeg. Genapol® UD-080 [Clariant/Surf.] *Chem. Descrip.:* C11 oxo alcohol ethoxylate (8 EO) CAS 127036-24-2 Uses: Surfactant for household cleaners, textile wet processing, paper processing, metal cleaning, detergent formulation, hand dishwash, all-purpose household cleaners, hard-surf. cleaners, metalworking fluids and lubricants; alternative to nonylphenol ethoxylates Properties: Wh. hazy liq.; sp.gr. 0.96; HLB 14.0; iodine no. 1; pour pt. 25 C; cloud pt. 62-65 C; flash pt. 190 C; 90% act.; nonionic Environmental: > 80% biodeq. Genapol® UD-110 [Clariant/Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: C11 oxo alcohol ethoxylate (11 EO) CAS 127036-24-2 Uses: Surfactant for household cleaners, textile wet processing, paper processing, metal cleaning, detergent formulation, all-purpose household cleaners, hard-surf. cleaners, metalworking fluids and lubricants; alternative to nonylphenol ethoxylates Properties: Wh. soft paste; sp.gr. 0.99; HLB 15.0; iodine no. 1; pour pt. 30 C; cloud pt. 62-65 C; flash pt. 210 C; 100% act.; nonionic Environmental: > 80% biodeq. Genapol® X Grades [Clariant/Surf.] Chem. Descrip.: Isotridecanol polyglycol ether (3-15 EO) Uses: Basic material for mfg. of detergents, cleaning and rinsing agents; mfg. of leather and paper auxs., agric. formulations Properties: 100% conc.; nonionic GenCryl® 9705 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper]

Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene acrylonitrile latex Uses: Binder for offset and rotogravure printing papers; provides controlled offset ink interaction; inc. coating str.; improves ink holdout and print mottle *Properties:* Lg. particle size; visc. 150 cps; pH 7.0; 50% total solids GenCryl® 9715 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper]

- Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene acrylonitrile latex Uses: Binder for offset and rotogravure printing papers; provides controlled offset ink interaction; inc. coating str.; improves ink holdout; low mottle tendency for high print quality
- Properties: Med. particle size; visc. 150 cps; pH 7.0; 50% total solids. GenFlo® 557 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper]
- Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene latex
- Uses: Gloss aid, binder for publication papers, coated paperboard; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; inc. ink holdout and str.; contributes to glueability, print mottle, folding chars. and offset water/ ink absorp. balance
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: Lg. particle size; visc. 118 cps; pH 6.3; 50.3% total solids GenFlo® 559 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper]

- Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene latex
 - Uses: Binder for coated paperboard; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; exc. glueability; protein compat.; inc. ink holdout and str.; contributes to print mottle, folding chars. and offset water/ink absorp. balance
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: Lg. particle size; visc. 150 cps; pH 8.7; 50% total solids

- GenFlo® 576 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene latex
 - Uses: Binder for sheet and web offset, publication paper, and coated paperboard; exc. glossing
 - Properties: Lg. particle size; visc. 100 cps; pH 5.7; 50.4% total solids

Geo FM® 1220 [Geo Spec. Chems./Paper]

- Uses: Antifoam for pigmented paper coatings and size press sol'ns., esp. for applics. contg. high foaming syn. binders such as acrylic polymers; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; min. oil-free; silica/ silicone-free; alkyl phenol ethoxylate-free; remains stable in conc. form or as dil. aq. emulsion
- Use Level: 0.05-0.15% (pigmented coating colors), 0.05-0.1% (size press) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 176.210
- *Properties:* Clear liq.; water-disp.; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 400-1000 cps; pH 5-7 (10% aq.); 100% act.
- Storage: Store @ 4-27 C away from direct heat; freezing has no effect; if prod. solidifies due to cold, warm to R.T. and mix well before use
- Geo FM® 1224 [Geo Spec. Chems./Paper]

Chem. Descrip.: Silica/silicone-contg.

- Uses: Antifoam for pigmented paper coatings and size press sol'ns., esp. for applics. contg. high foaming syn. binders such as acrylic polymers; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; min. oil-free; alkyl phenol ethoxylate-free; remains stable in conc. form or as dil. aq. emulsion Use Level: 0.05-0.15% (pigmented coating colors), 0.05-0.1% (size press) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 176.210
- *Properties:* Clear liq.; water-disp.; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 400-1000 cps; pH 5-7 (10% aq.); 100% act.
- Storage: Store @ 4-27 C away from direct heat; freezing has no effect; if prod. solidifies due to cold, warm to 50 C and mix well before use

Geo FM® 1425 [Geo Spec. Chems./Paper]

- Uses: Defoamer for pigmented paper coatings and size press sol'ns., esp. for applics. contg. high foaming syn. binders such as acrylic polymers; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; water-based; suitable for use in surf. sizing at operating temps. above 140 F; can be applied as received or as a 5-10% emulsion; not affected by water hardness; effective @ pH 4-10 *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.210
- Properties: Wh. emulsion; dens. 8.2 lb/gal; visc. 1200-2000 cps; pH 8.5-9.5; 22.5-24.5% solids

Storage: Store @ 4-27 C away from direct heat; if prod. freezes, warm to R.T. and mix well before use

Geo FM® DF-122 [Geo Spec. Chems./Paper]

Chem. Descrip .: Oil-based, silica-containing

Uses: Antifoam, defoamer for pigmented paper coatings and size press sol'ns., esp. for applics. contg. high foaming syn. binders such as acrylic and polyvinyl acetate latexes; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in foodcontact paper coatings, paper/paperboard

Use Level: 0.1-0.3% (antifoam for pigmented coating colors), 5-10% (defoamer for pigmented coating colors), 0.05-0.1% (size press) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210 Properties: Amber hazy liq.; water-disp.; dens. 7.6 lb/gal; visc. 600-1600 cps; pH 6-8 (2% aq.); 100% act.

Storage: Store @ 4-27 C away from direct heat; freezing has no effect; if prod. solidifies due to cold, warm to R.T. and mix well before use

Geo FM® DF-122-NS [Geo Spec. Chems./Paper]

Chem. Descrip.: Oil-based, non-silica/silicone-containing *Uses:* Antifoam, defoamer for pigmented paper coatings and size press sol'ns., esp. for applics. contg. high foaming syn. binders such as acrylic and polyvinyl acetate latexes; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in foodcontact paper coatings, paper/paperboard

Use Level: 0.1-0.3% (antifoam for pigmented coating colors), 5-10% (defoamer for pigmented coating colors), 0.05-0.1% (size press)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210

- Properties: Amber hazy liq.; water-disp.; dens. 7.6 lb/gal; visc. 600-1600 cps; pH 6-8 (2% aq.); 100% act.
- Storage: Store @ 4-27 C away from direct heat; freezing has no effect; if prod. solidifies due to cold, warm to R.T. and mix well before use

Geo FM® VF [Geo Spec. Chems./Paper]

- Chem. Descrip.: Oil-based
- Uses: Antifoam, defoamer for aq. paper coating colors and size press sol'ns., esp. for applics. contg. high foaming syn. binders such as acrylic polymers; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard

Use Level: 0.05-0.15% (antifoam for pigmented coating colors), 5-10% (defoamer for pigmented coating colors), 0.05-0.1% (size press)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210
- Properties: Yel. opaque liq.; water-disp.; dens. 7.95 lb/gal; visc. 500-800 cps; pH 6-7 (10% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Storage: Store @ 4-27 C away from direct heat; freezing has no effect; if prod. solidifies due to cold, warm to R.T. and mix well before use

Geo FM® VFS [Geo Spec. Chems./Paper]

Chem. Descrip.: Oil-based

- Uses: Antifoam, defoamer for pigmented paper coatings, and nonpigmented surf. applics. such as size presses and calender boxes, esp. for applics. contg. high foaming syn. binders such as acrylic polymers; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; low oil; minimal hydrocarbon content
- *Use Level:* 0.05-0.15% (antifoam for pigmented coating colors), 5-10% (defoamer for pigmented coating colors), 0.05-0.1% (size press)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210
- Properties: Yel. opaque liq.; water-disp.; dens. 7.95 lb/gal; visc. 500-800 cps; pH 6-7 (10% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Storage: Store @ 4-27 C away from direct heat; freezing has no effect; if prod. solidifies due to cold, warm to R.T. and mix well before use

Geropon® 99 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate and propylene glycol *Uses:* Detergent; textile scouring agent and dye dispersant; paper rewetting and felt washing surfactant; wetting agent in cosmetics; detergent additive in dry cleaning fluids; dishwashing compds.; wallpaper removers; agric. sprays; emulsion polymerization; water-based paint formulations; antifog *Regulatory:* EPA compliance

Properties: Clear liq.; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.08-1.13 (70 F); visc. 500-1000 cps (70 F); pour pt. 40 F; 75% act.; anionic

- Geropon[®] BIS/SODICO-2 [Rhodia HPCII]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Sodium bistridecyl sulfosuccinate CAS 2673-22-5; EINECS/ELINCS 220-219-7
 - CAS 2673-22-5; EINECS/ELINCS 220-219-7 Uses: Emulsifier and visc. depressant for emulsion polymerization of PVC;

latex surf. tension stabilizer; dispersant for resins, pigments into plastics and organic media; base for rust inhibitors; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsi-fier in mfg. of food-contact articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA XIV compliance

Properties: Liq.; oil-sol., water-disp.; surf. tens. 26 dynes/cm; 60% conc.; anionic

Geropon® CYA/DEP [Rhodia HPCII]

- Chem. Descrip.: Sodium diisooctyl sulfosuccinate
- CAS 127-39-9; EINECS/ELINCS 204-839-5
- Uses: Wetting agent for textiles, pesticides, emulsion polymerization, printing inks, water paints; visc. depressant in emulsion PVC; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; stable in acid media
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA XIV compliance

Properties: Liq.; sol. in org. solvs.; 75% conc.; anionic

Geropon[®] DOS [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate

- CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4
- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier for textile wet processing, specialty cleaners; dewatering agent for flotation concs., oil spill clean-up blends; visc. depressant in emulsion PVC; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; limited stability in alkaline or acidic media Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180,
- 178.3400; BGA XIV compliance
- Properties: Liq.; limited water sol.; 65% conc.; anionic Geropon® SDS [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate

CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4

- Uses: Emulsifier; dispersant and wetting agent for pigments and dyes in plastics, paints, pesticide wettable powds.; wetting agent, penetrant for textile processing; dewatering agent for min. processing; used in dry cleaning, emulsion polymerization; wallpaper; battery separators; rewetting for paper towels and papermaking
- Regulatory: Exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)
- Properties: Spray-dried powd.; dissolves in water, partly sol. in org. solvs.; 85% act.; anionic
- Geropon® SS-O-70PG [Rhodia HPCII]
- *Chem. Descrip.:* Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate in propylene glycol
- Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent for industrial applics., textile processing, dry cleaning, emulsion polymerization, wallpaper, battery separators, papermaking, paints and coatings; dewatering agent for min. processing; high flash

Properties: Liq.; 70% act.; anionic

- Geropon[®] T-33 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Sodium N-methyl-N-oleoyl taurate

CAS 137-20-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-285-7

- Uses: Detergent, dispersant, wetting agent for textile and general-purpose applics.; dye assistant; for kier boiling, bleaching, wetting, finishing of textiles; in industrial detergents, rug shampoos, bottle washing compds., metal cleaners, paper industry; suspending agent and wetting agent for crop protection formulations
- *Regulatory:* Exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)
- Properties: Pale yel. nearly clear liq., perfumed alcoholic odor; water-sol.; m.w. 425; pH 6.5-8.0 (10%); 32% act.; anionic

Geropon® T/36DF [Rhodia HPCII]

- Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polycarboxylate
- CAS 37199-81-8
- Uses: Dispersant for elastomers, suspension polymerization for use in solvent stripping phase; component of paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Use Level: 0.25% on wt. of polymer

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180
- Properties: Liq.; 25% solids in water

Geropon® T-43 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium N-methyl-N-oleoyl taurate

CAS 137-20-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-285-7

- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, dispersant for textile and general-purpose applics.; dye assistant; for kier boiling, bleaching, wetting, finishing of textiles; in industrial detergents, rug shampoos, bottle washing compds., metal cleaners, paper industry
- Properties: Wh. visc. liq. slurry, fatty odor; m.w. 425; water sol.; pH 6.5-8.0 (5%); 33% act.; anionic

Geropon® T-51 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium N-methyl-N-oleoyl taurate CAS 137-20-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-285-7

- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, dispersant for textile and general-purpose applics.; dye assistant; for kier boiling, bleaching, wetting, finishing of textiles; in industrial detergents, rug shampoos, bottle washing compds., metal cleaners, paper industry; latex stabilizer
- Properties: Lt. amber gel, perfumed odor; m.w. 425; water sol.; pH 6.5-8.0 (10%); 13.9% act.; anionic

Geropon® T-77 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip .: Sodium N-methyl-N-oleoyl taurate

CAS 137-20-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-285-7

Uses: Foaming agent, wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for textile and general-purpose applics.; dye assistant; kier boiling; in industrial detergents, rug shampoos, bottle washing compds., metal cleaners, paper industry; foaming agent, conditioner, detergent, emulsifier, foam booster/stabilizer, visc. builder for shampoos, liq. soaps, facial cleansers, bath gels, and bubble baths; crop protection formulations

- Regulatory: Exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e) @ 1% max.
- Properties: Cream flakes, fatty odor; m.w. 425; water sol.; pH 6.5-8.0 (5%); 67% act.; anionic
- Geropon® TA/72/S [Rhodia HPCII]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Sodium salt of polycarboxylic acid CAS 37199-81-8

Uses: Dispersant/suspending agent for pesticides and general purpose applics.; dispersant in elastomers, suspension polymerization for use in solvent stripping phase; component of paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Use Level: 0.25% on wt. of polymer

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180

Properties: Powd.; water-sol.; 90% solids; anionic

Geropon® WT-27 [Rhodia HPCII; Costec]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate in ethanol-water vehicle Uses: Wetting agent, rewetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant, penetrant used in dry cleaning detergents, emulsion polymerization, glass cleaners, wallpaper removers, battery separators, textiles, paper, metalworking, dyeing, firefighting; high foaming

Regulatory: FDA compliance

Properties: Water-wh. clear liq.; water sol. up to 1.2% solids and 5.5% @ 70 C; sol. in some polar and nonpolar solvs.; flash pt. > 200 C; pH 5-6 (1%); surf. tens. 28 dynes/cm (@ CMC); 70% act.; anionic

Gilufloc[®] [BK Giulini Chemie]

Chem. Descrip.: Modified polyaluminum chlorides of varying composition Uses: Flocculant, fixing agent for paper applics.; inorg.

Giluton 1100/28 N [BK Giulini Chemie]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyamideamine-epichlorohydrin resin Uses: Wet str. agent for neutrally mfg. paper and board Use Level: 0.5-6.0%; 0.2-0.6% (as retention or creping agent) Regulatory: BgVV compliant Properties: YIsh. clear liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.03 (20 C); visc. < 100 mPa•s (20 C); pH 3; 14% act.; cationic

- Storage: 3 mos. shelf life @ 20 C Giluton HP [BK Giulini Chemie]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyamideamine-epichlorohydrin resin
 - Uses: Wet str. agent for neutrally mfg. paper and board
 - Use Level: 1-8%; 0.2-0.6% (as retention or creping agent)
 - Regulatory: BgVV compliant
 - Properties: YIsh. clear liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.03 (20 C); visc. < 100 mPa•s (20 C); pH 3; 14% act.; cationic
- Storage: 3 mos. shelf life @ 20 C
- Giluton NL 15 [BK Giulini Chemie]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyamideamine-epichlorohydrin resin
 - Uses: Wet str. agent for neutrally mfg. paper and board Regulatory: BgVV compliant
 - Properties: Ylsh. clear liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.03 (20 C); visc. < 100 mPa•s (20 C); pH 3; 14.5% act.; cationic
 - Storage: 3 mos. shelf life @ 20 C
- Glo-Sperse™ EPX Fine Grind Disps. [Day-Glo Color]
- Chem. Descrip .: Fluorescent pigment aq. disp.
 - Uses: Fluorescent pigment disps. for use in water-based coatings and inks incl. textile inks, latex paints, tempera paint, flexo ink, gravure ink, paper coatings, seed coatings
 - Properties: Avail. in various colors; disp.; 0.25-0.50 µ particle size; sp.gr. 1.0-1.1; pH 6.5-8.0; 42-46% solids
- Storage: Protect from freezing
- Gluconal® GA-50 [Glucona Am.]

Uses: Retarder and water reducer for concrete; sequestrant for metal ion and hardness control in textiles, leather, lithographic plate cleaning; stabilizer for sodium aluminate sol'ns. used in water treatment as precipitant/flocculant, paper industry as sizing improver, chem. industry as zeolite raw material

Gluconal® NG-C [Glucona Am.]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium gluconate

- CAS 527-07-1; EINECS/ELINCS 208-407-7
- Uses: Retarder and water reducer for concrete; sequestrant for metal ion and hardness control in metal treatment, textiles, leather, bottle washing, lithographic plate cleaning; stabilizer for sodium aluminate sol'ns. used in water

treatment as precipitant/flocculant, paper industry as sizing improver, chem. industry as zeolite raw material; forms water-sol. chelates with polyvalent metal ions in highly alkaline media Properties: Wh. to off-wh. cryst.; ≈ 250 mm avg. particle size; sol. 600 g/l in water (20 C); bulk dens. 800-1000 kg/m3; pH 6.5-8.0 (30%); 99% assay Environmental: Completely biodeg.; COD ~ 760 mg/g Storage: Store in dry place in closed bags Glycowax® 765 [Lonza] *Chem. Descrip.:* N,N⁻-Ethylene bisstearamide CAS 110-30-5; EINECS/ELINCS 203-755-6 Uses: Defoamer for kraft brownstock pulp/paper, plastics processing, powd. metal lubrication, water treatment, textiles, other industrial applics. Properties: Gardner 4 powd.; 87% min. on 325 mesh; m.p. 143 C; acid no. 2; flash pt. 285 C Glypax 200 [Pax Group] Chem. Descrip.: PEG, m.w. 200 Uses: Solubilizer, lubricant, humectant, defoamer, binder, coupling agent, dyeing assistant, plasticizer in paper/pulp, other applics. Properties: Liq.; 99% act. Glypax 400 [Pax Group] Chem. Descrip.: PEG, m.w. 400 Uses: Solubilizer, lubricant, humectant, defoamer, binder, coupling agent, dyeing assistant, plasticizer in paper/pulp, other applics. Properties: Liq.; 99% act. Glypax 600 [Pax Group] Chem. Descrip.: PEG, m.w. 600 Uses: Solubilizer, lubricant, humectant, defoamer, binder, coupling agent, dyeing assistant, plasticizer in paper/pulp, other applics. Properties: Liq.; 99% act. Glypax 1000 [Pax Group] Chem. Descrip.: PEG, m.w. 1000 Uses: Solubilizer, lubricant, humectant, defoamer, binder, coupling agent, dveing assistant, plasticizer in paper/pulp, other applics. Properties: Solid; 99% act. Glypax 3000 [Pax Group] Chem. Descrip.: PEG, m.w. 3000 Uses: Solubilizer, lubricant, humectant, defoamer, binder, coupling agent, dyeing assistant, plasticizer in paper/pulp, other applics. Properties: Solid; 99% act. Glypax 4000 [Pax Group] Chem. Descrip.: PEG, m.w. 4000 Uses: Solubilizer, lubricant, humectant, defoamer, binder, coupling agent, dyeing assistant, plasticizer in paper/pulp, other applics. Properties: Solid; 99% act. Glypax 6000 [Pax Group] Chem. Descrip.: PEG, m.w. 6000 Uses: Solubilizer, lubricant, humectant, defoamer, binder, coupling agent, dyeing assistant, plasticizer in paper/pulp, other applics. Properties: Solid; 99% act. GMF-B [Sam Shin] Chem. Descrip.: Melamine-formaldehyde resin CAS 9003-08-1 Uses: Water resist. aid, abrasion resist. aid for neutral and sl. alkaline paper coatings; improves printability; low formaldehyde Properties: Colorless transparent liq.; sol. in water; visc. < 20 cps; pH 10 ± 1; 44 ± 1% solids Toxicology: Avoid skin contact Storage: 3 mos shelf life below 25 C GOD-119 [Hansol] Chem. Descrip .: Fatty alcohol Uses: Deinking agent for newsprint; enhances collecting power of ink particles at flotation cell Properties: Opaque/transparent liq.; easily disp. in water; 90% min. conc.; nonionic Storage: Store in tightly closed container in cool, dry place away from incompat. substances, heat, flames Gohsenal [Nippon Gohsei; British Traders & Shippers] Chem. Descrip .: Polyvinyl alcohol CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 Uses: Paper sizing, coating, thermal paper, and release paper Gohsenol [Nippon Gohsei; British Traders & Shippers]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol

CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 Uses: Adhesive and sealant; protective colloid for PVC, PS, emulsions; binder emulsion stabilizer and binder for water-based inks, ceramic powds., pottery ware; textile and paper sizing agent; for thermal paper; additive for paints, caulks, tile adhesives, floor screeds, wood glues, gypsum wall boards; soil stabilizer; agric. seed coating; sticker or spreader Gohseran [Nippon Gohsei; British Traders & Shippers] Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 Uses: Paper sizing, coating, thermal paper, and release paper; also for protective colloids; PVC, PS, emulsions; textile applics. Golden Isles® EF-100 [Georgia-Pacific Resins] Chem. Descrip .: Slash pine fiber base Uses: Fluff pulp for disposable baby diapers, feminine hygiene prods., adult incontinence prods., air laid nonwovens, meat/poultry pkg.; gives prod. superior absorbency; coarse, bulky, long fiber with low percentage of fines Good-Rite® 2570X59 [BFGoodrich] Chem. Descrip .: Carboxy-modified S/B latex CAS 9003-55-8 Uses: Used for general purpose coatings, paper saturation, tie coats for tape, rug backing Properties: Sp.gr. 1.00; visc. 75 cps; pH 7.5; 51% solids Good-Rite® K-702 Polymer [BFGoodrich] Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylic acid aq. sol'n. CAS 9003-01-4 Uses: Detergent assistant; soap builder; particulate soil dispersant; scale inhibitor/deposit control agent in water treatment, soil removal, antiredeposition aids in detergents and cleaners; sequestrant for calcium, magnesium, iron for textile use; for laundry, dishwash, consumer/institutional cleaning prods.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.390, 176.180; USDA approval; SARA nonreportable Properties: Amber clear to hazy sol'n., odorless; water-sol.; m.w. 240,000; sp.gr. 1.09; visc. 400-1200 cP; b.p. 100 C; pH 3.0 (1% aq.); 25% total solids; anionic Toxicology: May cause eye irritation, skin irritation on prolonged/repeated contact; inh. of mist may cause eye and respiratory tract irritation, nausea, headache Environmental: LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) 2716 mg/l; (daphnia, 48 h) 3467 mg/l; relatively nontoxic Precaution: Incompat. with strong bases, strong oxidizers, materials not compat. with water Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Decomp. or combustion of the dry polymer may generate irritating vapors, CO, CO₂, acrylate monomers, hydrocarbons Storage: Store @ 5-50 C in closed containers Good-Rite® K-732 Polymer [BFGoodrich] Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylic acid aq. sol'n. CAS 9003-01-4 Uses: Dispersant for pigments, fillers, clay, silt, other suspended matter in water; detergent assistant; soap builder; particulate soil dispersant; sequestrant for calcium, magnesium, iron for textile use; scale inhibitor, deposit control agent for water treatment, soil removal: for laundry, dishwash, consumer/institutional cleaning prods.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.390, 176.180; USDA approval; SARA nonreportable Properties: Colorless to amber clear to hazy sol'n., odorless; water-sol.; m.w. 5100; sp.gr. 1.18 g/cc; visc. 250-500 cP; pH 3.0 (1% aq.); 50% solids; anionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 15,380 mg/kg; may cause eye irritation, skin irritation on prolonged/repeated contact; inh. vapors may cause eye and respiratory tract irritation, nausea, headache Environmental: LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) 1295 mg/l; (daphnia, 48 h) 1660 mg/l; relatively nontoxic Precaution: Incompat. with strong bases, strong oxidizers, materials not compat. with water Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Decomp. or combustion of the dry polymer may generate irritating vapors, CO, CO₂, acrylate monomers, hydrocarbons

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store @ 5-50 C in closed containers

Good-Rite® K-739 Polymer [BFGoodrich]

Good-Rite® K-752 Polymer

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate

CAS 9003-04-7

- Uses: Soap builder; particulate soil dispersant; scale inhibitor/deposit control agent for water treatment, soil removal, antiredeposition aids and water conditioners in detergents and cleaners for laundry, dishwash, consumer/ institutional cleaning prods.; sequestrant for calcium, magnesium, iron; defoamer in food-contact coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210; USDA approval; SARA nonreportable

Properties: Wh. to cream free-flowing powd.; water-sol.; m.w. 5100; apparent gr. 0.55 g/cc; bulk dens. 37.6 lb/ft³; pH 6-9 (1% aq.); \approx 89% conc., 11% moisture; anionic

Toxicology: Dust may cause eye irritation, coughing, mucous prod., shortness of breath; prolonged/repeated skin contact may cause dryness, irritation; processing fumes may cause eye, respiratory tract irritation, nausea, headache; TSCA listed

Environmental: LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) 901 mg/l; (daphnia, 48 h) 1156 mg/ l; relatively nontoxic

Precaution: Fine dust may be explosion hazard; incompat. with strong oxidizers; contact with water may produce slippery film

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Decomp. or combustion may generate irritating vapors, CO, CO₂, acrylate monomers, hydrocarbons

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic; store in dry place in tightly closed container

Good-Rite® K-752 Polymer [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip .: Polyacrylic acid aq. sol'n.

CAS 9003-01-4

- Uses: Detergent assistant; soap builder; particulate soil dispersant; scale inhibitor/deposit control agent in water treatment, soil removal, antiredeposition aids in detergents and cleaners for laundry, dishwash, consumer/institutional cleaning prods.; sequestrant for calcium, magnesium, iron; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.390, 176.180; USDA approval; SARA nonreportable
- Properties: Colorless to amber clear to hazy sol'n., odorless; water-sol.; m.w. 2100; sp.gr. 1.23 g/cc; visc. 400-1400 cP; pH 3.0 (1% aq.); 63% solids; anionic
- *Toxicology:* May cause eye irritation, skin irritation on prolonged/repeated contact; inh. vapors may cause eye and respiratory tract irritation, nausea, headache
- *Environmental:* LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) 1030 mg/l; (daphnia, 48 h) 1321 mg/l; relatively nontoxic

Precaution: Incompat. with strong bases, strong oxidizers, materials not compat. with water

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Decomp. or combustion of the dry polymer may generate irritating vapors, CO, CO₂, acrylate monomers, hydrocarbons

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store @ 5-50 C in closed containers

Good-Rite® K-759 Polymer [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip .: Sodium polyacrylate

CAS 9003-04-7

Uses: Detergent assistant; soap builder; scale inhibitor/deposit control agent in water treatment, soil removal, antiredeposition aids, water conditioners in detergents, cleaners for laundry, dishwash, consumer/institutional cleaning prods.; particulate soil dispersant; sequestrant for calcium, magnesium, iron; defoamer in food-contact coatings; food pkg. adhesives, paper

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210; USDA approval; SARA nonreportable

Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd., odorless; water-sol.; m.w. 2100; apparent gr. 0.55 g/cc; bulk dens. 38.2 lb/ft³; pH 6-9 (1% aq.); 89% conc., 11% moisture; anionic

Toxicology: Dust may cause eye irritation, coughing, mucous prod., shortness of breath; prolonged/repeated skin contact may cause dryness, irritation; processing fumes may cause eye, respiratory tract irritation, nausea, headache

Environmental: LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) 884 mg/l; (daphnia, 48 h) 1133 mg/l; relatively nontoxic

Precaution: Fine dust may be explosion hazard; incompat. with strong oxidizers; contact with water may produce slippery film

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Decomp. or combustion may generate irritating vapors, CO, CO₂, acrylate monomers, hydrocarbons

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic; store in dry place in tightly closed container Good-Rite® K-765 Polymer [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polymethacrylate ag. sol'n.

CAS 156559-16-9

- Uses: Scale/deposit control agent used in water treatment applics.; USDA approved as ingredient in boiler water treatment formulations for federally inspected meat and poultry processing; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180; USDA approval; SARA nonreportable
- Properties: Water wh. to amber sl. hazy liq.; sl. odor; water-sol.; m.w. 30,000; sp.gr. 1.25; visc. 225 cps; vapor pressure 17 mm Hg; b.p. 100 C; pH 9.9; 30% total solids; anionic
- *Toxicology:* May cause eye and skin irritation on prolonged/repeated contact; inh. of vapors may cause eye and respiratory tract irritation, nausea, headache; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, materials not compat. with water; spilled liq. and dried films are slippery
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Decomp. or combustion of the dry polymer may generate irritating vapors, CO, CO₂, acrylate monomers, hydrocarbons

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store @ 5-50 C in closed containers

Good-Rite® K-766 Polymer [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip .: Sodium polymethacrylate aq. sol'n.

CAS 156559-16-9

- Uses: Used in water treatment applics.; USDA approved as ingredient in boiler water treatment formulations for federally inspected meat and poultry processing; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180; USDA approval; SARA nonreportable
- Properties: Water wh. to amber sl. hazy liq.; sl. odor; water-sol.; m.w. 5000; sp.gr. 1.25; visc. 550 cps; vapor pressure 17 mm Hg; b.p. 100 C; pH 8.5; 40% total solids; anionic

Toxicology: May cause eye and skin irritation on prolonged/repeated contact; inh. of vapors may cause eye and respiratory tract irritation, nausea, headache; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, materials not compat. with water; spilled liq. and dried films are slippery

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Decomp. or combustion of dry polymer may generate irritating vapors, CO, CO₂, acrylate monomers, hydrocarbons

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store @ 5-50 C in closed containers Good-Rite® K-776 Polymer [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic acid/sulfonic acid copolymer

CAS 97953-25-8

- Uses: Dispersant and scale inhibitor for use in water treatment, food-contact paper/paperboard mfg.; USDA approved for boiler water treatments for use in federally inspected meat and poultry plants
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 176.170, 176.180; USDA approval; SARA nonreportable
- *Properties:* Water wh. to amber sl. hazy liq.; water-dilutable; sp.gr. 1.2; visc. 130 cps; vapor pressure 17 mm Hg; b.p. 100 C; acid no. 240; pH 4.8; 37% total solids; anionic
- *Toxicology:* May cause eye and skin irritation on prolonged/repeated contact; inh. of vapors may cause eye and respiratory tract irritation, nausea, headache; TSCA listed
- *Environmental:* LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) 1060 mg/l; (daphnia, 48 h) 1501 mg/l; (algae, 96 h) > 1060 and < 2120 mg/l; relatively nontoxic
- *Precaution:* Incompat. with strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, materials not compat. with water; spilled liq. and dried films are slippery

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Decomp. or combustion of dry polymer may generate irritating vapors, CO_2 , CO_2 , acrylate monomers, hydrocarbons HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in orig. container @ 5-50 C Good-Rite® K-7028 Polymer [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate and polyacrylic acid in water

Uses: Scale/deposit control agent in water treatment applics.; soil removal and antiredeposition aid in detergents and cleaners; USDA approved as ingredient in boiler water treatment formulations for use in federally inspected meat and poultry processing establishments; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.390, 176.180; USDA approval; SARA nonreportable

- Properties: Water wh. to amber hazy liq.; sl. acidic odor; water sol.; m.w. 2800; sp.gr. 1.2; visc. 450 cps; vapor pressure 17 mm Hg; b.p. 100 C; pH 3.7; 51.7% act. solids; anionic
- Toxicology: May cause eye irritation, skin irritation on prolonged/repeated contact; inh. of mist may cause eye and respiratory tract irritation, nausea, headache; TSCA listed
- *Environmental:* LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) 1182 mg/l; (daphnia, 48 h) 1509 mg/l; relatively nontoxic
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong bases and strong oxidizers and materials not compat. with water
- Hazardou's Decomp. Prods.: Decomp. or combustion of the dry polymer may generate irritating vapors, CO, CO₂, acrylate monomers, hydrocarbons

Storage: Store @ 5-50 C in closed containers

- Good-Rite® K-7028N Polymer [BFGoodrich]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Sodium polyacrylate, polyacrylic acid in water
 - Uses: Scale/deposit control agent in water treatment applics.; soil removal and antiredeposition aid in detergents and cleaners; USDA approved as ingredient in boiler water treatment formulations for use in federally inspected meat and poultry processing establishments; defoamer in food-contact coatings; food pkg. adhesives, paper
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210; USDA approval; SARA nonreportable
 - Properties: Water wh. to amber sl. hazy liq.; sl. acidic odor; water-dilutable.; m.w. 2800; sp.gr. 1.1-1.3; visc. 330 cps; vapor pressure 17 mm Hg; b.p. 100 C; pH 7.5; 39.7% act. solids; anionic
 - Toxicology: May cause eye irritation, skin irritation on prolonged/repeated contact; inh. of mist may cause eye and respiratory tract irritation, nausea, headache; TSCA listed
 - *Environmental:* LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) 1539 mg/l; (daphnia, 48 h) 1965 mg/l; relatively nontoxic
 - *Precaution:* Incompat. with strong bases, strong oxidizers, materials not compat. with water; spilled liq. and dried films are slippery
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Decomp. or combustion of dry polymer may generate irritating vapors, CO, CO₂, acrylate monomers, hydrocarbons

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 Storage: Store @ 5-50 C in closed containers

Good-Rite® K-7058 Polymer [BFGoodrich]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Sodium polyacrylate, polyacrylic acid
- Uses: Cobuilder in laundry, auto-dish, and misc. cleaners, providing detergency boosting, antisoil redeposition, antiscaling, antifilming/spotting; process and granulating aid in spray-dried detergents; chelating agent; water treatment polymer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.390, 176.180; USDA approval; SARA nonreportable
- Properties: Wh./amber sl. hazy sol'n., odorless; water-sol.; m.w. 5800; sp.gr. 1.23 g/cc; visc. 300-700 cP; pH 2.2-3.0; 50% solids; anionic
- Toxicology: May cause eye irritation, skin irritation on prolonged/repeated contact; inh. of mist may cause eye and respiratory tract irritation, nausea, headache
- *Environmental:* LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) 1242 mg/l; (daphnia, 48 h) 1585 mg/l; relatively nontoxic
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong bases and strong oxidizers and materials not compat. with water
- Hazardou's Decomp. Prods.: Decomp. or combustion of the dry polymer may generate irritating vapors, CO, CO₂, acrylate monomers, hydrocarbons

Storage: Store @ 5-50 C in closed containers

Good-Rite® K-7058D Polymer [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate CAS 9003-04-7

- Uses: Detergent assistant; soap builder; scale inhibitor/deposit control agent in water treatment, soil removal, antiredeposition aids and water conditioners in detergents, cleaners for laundry, dishwash, consumer/institutional cleaning prods.; particulate soil dispersant; sequestrant for calcium, magnesium, iron; defoamer in food-contact coatings; food pkg. adhesives, paper
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210; USDA approval; SARA nonreportable

Properties: Wh. to cream free-flowing powd., odorless; water-sol.; m.w.

5800; apparent gr. 0.6 g/cc; bulk dens. 32.8 lb/ft³; pH 6-9 (1% aq.); 89% conc., 11% moisture; anionic

- *Toxicology:* Dust may cause eye irritation, coughing, mucous prod., shortness of breath; skin contact may cause drying; fumes may cause eye and respiratory tract irritation, nausea, headache; TSCA listed
- Environmental: LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) 873 mg/l; (daphnia, 48 h) 1114 mg/l; relatively nontoxic
- Precaution: Dust may present explosion hazard; incompat. with strong oxidizers; contact with water produces slippery films

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Decomp. or combustion may generate irritating vapors, CO, CO₂, acrylate monomers, hydrocarbons

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic; store in tightly closed containers in dry place Good-Rite® K-7058N Polymer [BFGoodrich]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Sodium polyacrylate and polyacrylic acid aq. sol'n. *Uses:* Detergent assistant; soap builder; scale inhibitor/deposit control agent in water treatment, soil removal, antiredeposition aids in detergents and cleaners for laundry, dishwash, consumer/institutional cleaning prods.; particulate soil dispersant; sequestrant for calcium, magnesium, iron; defoamer in foodcontact coatings; food pkg. adhesives, paper
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210; USDA approval; SARA nonreportable
- Properties: Water-wh. to amber sl. hazy liq., odorless; water-sol.; m.w. 5800; sp.gr. 1.3; visc. 500-750 cP; pH 7.0; 45% total solids
- Toxicology: May cause eye irritation, skin irritation on prolonged/repeated contact; inh. of mist may cause eye and respiratory tract irritation, nausea, headache
- *Environmental:* LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) 1712 mg/l; (daphnia, 48 h) 2185 mg/l; relatively nontoxic
- *Precaution:* Incompat. with strong bases, strong oxidizers, materials not compat. with water; spilled liq. and dried films are slippery
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Decomp. or combustion of dry polymer may generate irritating vapors, CO, CO₂, acrylate monomers, hydrocarbons HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Good-Rite® K-7600N Polymer [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate and polyacrylic acid in water

- Uses: Cobuilder in laundry, auto-dish and misc. cleaners, providing detergency boosting, antisoil redeposition, antiscaling, antifilming/spotting; anticaking agent; process and granulating aid in spray-dried detergents; water treatment polymer; defoamer in food-contact coatings; food pkg. adhesives, paper
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210; USDA approval; SARA nonreportable
- Properties: Amber clear liq., odorless; water-sol.; m.w. 60,000; sp.gr. 1.24; visc. 920-2000 cP; pH 7.5-9.0; 33% total solids; anionic
- *Toxicology:* May cause eye irritation, skin irritation on prolonged/repeated contact; inh. of mist may cause eye and respiratory tract irritation, nausea, headache
- *Environmental:* LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) 2378 mg/l; (daphnia, 48 h) 3035 mg/l; relatively nontoxic
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong bases, strong oxidizers, materials not compat. with water; spilled liq. and dried films are slippery
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Decomp. or combustion of dry polymer may generate irritating vapors, CO, CO₂, acrylate monomers, hydrocarbons HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- GP-210 Silicone Antifoam Emulsion [Genesee Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsion in 10% odorless mineral spirits

- Uses: Defoamer for hot and cold foaming systems, industrial applics., commercial cleaning compds., latex stripping, adhesives, cutting oils, leather treating, sewage treatment, chemical processing, paints/coatings, paper processing; effective over wide pH range
- Properties: Wh. liq., mild odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.99; dens. 8.0 lb/gal; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 93 C; 10% act.; nonionic
- Toxicology: Prolonged/repeated contact with skin or eyes can cause irritation; excessive inh. may cause nasal/respiratory irritation, CNS effects, possible unconsciousness, death, reproductive damage; ing. of Ig. amts. may cause serious injury; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with materials which react with water

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Hydrocarbon decomp. prods., silica

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Store below 100 F; do not freeze; mix well before use
- GP-223 [Genesee Polymers]

Chem. Descrip .: Methyl silicone resin in water

CAS 9016-00-6

Uses: Waterproofing agent in leather, textile, paper, and masonry treatments; car polish ingredient; mold release agent; cures to soft, pliable film

Properties: Wh. opaque liq.; sp.gr. 1.04; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; pH 7; 50% act.; nonionic

Storage: Do not store above 100 F; do not freeze

GP-262 Defoamer [Genesee Polymers]

- Chem. Descrip .: Organo-modified silicone defoamer in 85% aliphatic hydrocarbon (CAS 64742-46-7)
- Uses: Defoamer for ag. systems, metalworking fluids, cleaner formulations, paints, coatings, paper/paperboard, wastewater treatment, textiles; alkali resistant
- Properties: Tan liq., mild odor; sol. in aliphatic hydrocarbon solvs.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.85; dens. 7.0 lb/gal; low vapor pressure; b.p. 480 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 93 C; 100% act.
- Toxicology: May cause burning, redness, and tearing of eyes on direct contact; may cause skin irritation, dermatitis; overexposure to hot vapors may cause nausea, respiratory tract irritation, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema; mod. toxic by ing.; may cause GI upset; TSCA listed

Precaution: Avoid contact with open flame or sparks

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Hydrocarbon decomp. prods., silica

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Keep container tightly sealed; do not store above 100 F; mix before use

GP-295 Defoamer [Genesee Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone

Uses: Defoamer for aq. systems, metalworking fluids, cleaner formulations, paints, coatings, paper/paperboard, wastewater treatment, food-contact coatings; alkali resistant

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200; SARA nonreportable

Properties: Lt. tan liq., mild petrol. odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.85; dens. 7.0 lb/gal; b.p. > 450 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 149 C; 100% act.

Toxicology: May cause skin irritation, eye burning, redness, tearing on direct contact, defatting of skin and dermatitis on prolonged/repeated contact; vapors may irritate nose/throat/respiratory tract; high concs. may cause CNS depression; sl. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed

Precaution: Avoid open flame, sparks; incompat. with alkali and acidic materials, oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Hydrocarbon decomp. prods., silica

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

Storage: Keep container tightly sealed; do not store above 100 F; use adequate ventilation; mix before use

GP-300-I Antifoam Compd. [Genesee Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone compd.

- Uses: Defoamer for hot and cold foaming systems, industrial applics., commercial cleaning, latex stripping, cutting oils, paper processing, paints/coatings, solv.-based coatings, metalworking fluids; not suitable for food applics.
- Properties: Tan to brn. thick liq., mild odor; sol. in aliphatic, aromatic, and ester solvs.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 1.0; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; b.p. > 600 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 149 C; 100% act.
- Toxicology: May cause temporary eye discomfort, mild redness, dryness on direct contact; no injury likely from relatively short exposures by inh.; swallowing Ig. amts. may cause digestive discomfort; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Burning can produce CO₂, CO, silica

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store below 100 F in tightly sealed containers; mix before use

GP-310-I Antifoam Emulsion [Genesee Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone aq. emulsion

Uses: Antifoam for industrial processing, chemical processing, cleaning prods., paints, paper and latex processing, textiles; dilutable; for use in hot, cold, alkaline or aq. systems

Properties: Wh. thixotropic liq., mild odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.0; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; b.p. 212 F; 10% silicone; nonionic

Toxicology: May cause temporary eye discomfort, mild redness, dryness on direct contact; no injury likely from relatively short exposures by inh.; swallowing Ig. amts. may cause digestive discomfort; TSCA listed Precaution: Incompat. with materials which react with water

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Hydrocarbon decomp. prods., silica HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store at 40-100 F; keep from freezing; mix well before use GPRI™ 4000 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Phenolic resin in water/n-butanol/ethanol

Uses: Highly chemical resistant coatings for rigid surfaces; latex modifier to improve chemical resistance and adhesion; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; water-based resin; heat reactive; rec. for coatings exposed to severe operating environments; intended to replace current solvent-based phenolic resins where low VOCs required; good corrosion resist.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210 *Properties:* Disp.; sp.gr. 1.004-1.010; visc. 2000-9000 cps; 43-46% solids Storage: Limited storage life, protect from high temps. and from freezing GPRI[™] 7550 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Phenolic resin in n-butanol

Uses: High solids, butylated thermosetting resin sol'n. useful in coatings requiring low VOC emissions, food pkg. applics.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; exhibits low color and has low flavor characteristics; can be emulsified into typ. water-based epoxy resins to produce baked films with outstanding chem. resist.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210 Properties: Sol'n.; sp.gr. 1.08; visc. 2000-4000 cps; 68-72% solids

GPRI[™] 7590 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Phenolic resin in n-butanol

Uses: Crosslinker for coil coating applics.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; butylated thermosetting resin sol'n.; extremely fast cure; can significantly improve performance props. of epoxies, vinyls, or most other hydroxyl functional polymers without high baking temps. or long cycles required for typ. phenolic resins

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210 Properties: Sol'n.; sp.gr. 1.03; visc. 400-1200 cps; 58-62% solids GPRI™ 7597 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Phenolic resin in n-butanol

Uses: Butylated thermosetting resin sol'n. used in food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; can significantly improve performance props. of epoxies, vinyls, or most other hydroxyl functional polymers without high baking temps. or long cycles required for typ. phenolic resins; high solids for low VOC applics.; sl. reduced storage stability due to lower solv. content

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210 Properties: Sol'n.; sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 2500-5500 cps; 68-72% solids

GPRI™ BKS-2600 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Chem. Descrip .: Phenolic resin in ethanol Uses: Thermosetting resin sol'n. used in baked coatings, pipe coatings, drum and pail linings, and tank car linings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; inc. chem. and solv. resist.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210 Properties: Gardner 7 max. sol'n.; sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 700-1000 cps; 52-56% solids

GPRI[™] BKS-2900 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Chem. Descrip .: Phenolic resin in ethanol

Uses: Thermosetting resin sol'n. used for coatings that require low VOC emissions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; exhibits exc. pigment wetting characteristics; applics. incl. interior drum and pail linings, coatings for chem. processing equip.; rail and tank car linings; general metal protection, coil coatings; highsolids version of GPRI BKŠ-2600

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210 Properties: Sol'n.; sp.gr. 1.14; visc. 900-2300 cps; 68-72% solids

Storage: Limited storage stability GPRI™ BKS-2901 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Chem. Descrip .: Phenolic resin in ethanol

Uses: Used for coatings that require low VOC emissions; applics. incl. interior drum and pail linings, coatings for chem. processing equip., rail and tank car linings; general metal protection, coil coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; modified thermosetting version of GPRI™ BKS-2900 but with lower pH

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210 Properties: Sol'n.; sp.gr. 1.14; visc. 900-3500 cps; 68-72% solids

Gradol 400 [Graden]

Chem. Descrip .: Sodium polyacrylate aq. sol'n. CAS 9003-04-7

Uses: Dispersant for latex systems, clays, pigments, fillers, other insol. particles in water, in paper coating formulations, high solids oil well drilling muds; deflocculant, dispersant for high-solids, low-visc. clay slurries in pigment mfg.; antiredeposition agent in cleaning formulations; very low foaming Properties: Lt.-colored liq.; misc. in water; sp.gr. 1.32; pH 10; 35% solids; anionic Storage: Store above 40 F; protect from freezing Gradonic LFA Series [Graden] *Chem. Descrip.:* Linear alcohol alkoxylates Uses: Surfactant for mech. dishwashing, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textiles, etc.; low foaming Properties: Liq.; 100% conc.; nonionic Granular Gum Ghatti #1 [Frutarom Meer] Chem. Descrip.: Gum ghatti CAS 9000-28-6 Uses: Stabilizer, binder, emulsifier forming o/w emulsions; emulsifier in beverage emulsions where it forms orange oil emulsions, in table syrup emulsions; tablet binder and thick mucilage coatings in pharmaceuticals; binder in paper industry; emulsifier for petroleum and nonpetroleum waxes used in coating and barrier applics. Properties: Water-sol Graphsize® [Vinings Ind.] Chem. Descrip.: PU disp. Uses: Surf. sizing agent for papers; provides improved ink jet and offset printability GT 122 [Process Chems. LLC] Uses: Brownstock defoamer for kraft, sulfite, and semi-chem. pulp washing, for brownstock washing, screenroom, and bleach plant applics.; non-amide; water-extended; does not contribute to deposit formation; suitable whether batch or continuous generated pulp is employed Properties: Opaque liq.; dens. 0.90 lb/gal; visc. 1200 ± 300 cps Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: Store in dry area Gulftene® 4 [Chevron] Chem. Descrip.: 1-Butene (C4 alpha olefins) CAS 106-98-9; EINECS/ELINCS 203-449-2 UN No. 1012 Uses: Intermediate for biodeg. surfactants for personal care and laundry, and specialty industrial chemicals (polyethylene and other polymers; plasticizers; syn. lubricants; gasoline additives; paper sizing; PVC lubricants) Properties: Gas; sp.gr. 0.602 (60/60 F); dens. 5.01 lb/gal (60 F); 100% conc. Precaution: Flamm. gas Gulftene® 6 [Chevron] Chem. Descrip.: 1-Hexene (C6 alpha olefins) CAS 592-41-6; EINECS/ELINCS 209-753-1 UN No. 2370 Uses: Intermediate for biodeg. surfactants for personal care and laundry, and specialty industrial chemicals (polyethylene and other polymers; plasticizers; syn. lubricants; gasoline additives; paper sizing; PVC lubricants) Properties: Water-wh. bright, clear liq., char. olefinic odor; m.w. 84; sp.gr. 0.677 (60/60 F); dens. 5.64 lb/gal (60 F); b.p. 147 F; flash pt. (TOC) < 20 F Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 10 g/kg, (dermal, rat) > 10 g/kg (nontoxic); minimal skin and eye irritation Environmental: EC50 (daphnia magna, 48 h) 230 mg/l Precaution: Flamm. lig. Gulftene® 8 [Chevron] Chem. Descrip.: 1-Octene (C8 alpha olefins) CAS 111-66-0; EINECS/ELINCS 203-893-7 UN No. 1993 Uses: Intermediate for biodeg. surfactants for personal care and laundry, and specialty industrial chemicals (polyethylene and other polymers; plasticizers; syn. lubricants; gasoline additives; paper sizing; PVC lubricants) Properties: Water-wh. bright, clear liq., char. olefinic odor; sp.gr. 0.719 (60/60 F); dens. 6.00 lb/gal (60 F); b.p. 240 F; flash pt. (TCC) 55 F *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 10 g/kg, (dermal, rat) > 10 g/kg; minimal skin and eye irritation Precaution: Flamm. liq. Gulftene® 10 [Chevron] Chem. Descrip.: 1-Decene (C10 alpha olefins) CAS 872-05-9; EINECS/ELINCS 212-819-2 UN No. 1993 Uses: Intermediate for biodeg. surfactants for personal care and laundry, and

Properties: Water-wh. bright, clear liq., char. olefinic odor; m.w. 140; sp.gr. 0.745 (60/60 F); dens. 6.21 lb/gal (60 F); b.p. 338 F; flash pt. (TOC) 128 F Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 10 g/kg, (dermal, rat) > 10 g/kg (nontoxic); minimal skin and eye irritation Precaution: Flamm. liq. Gulftene® 12 [Chevron] Chem. Descrip.: 1-Dodecene (C12 alpha olefins) CAS 112-41-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-968-4 UN No. 1993 Uses: Intermediate for biodeg. surfactants for personal care and laundry, and specialty industrial chemicals (polyethylene and other polymers; plasticizers; syn. lubricants; gasoline additives; paper sizing; PVC lubricants) Properties: Water-wh. bright, clear liq., char. olefinic odor; sp.gr. 0.762 (60/60 F); dens. 6.36 lb/gal (60 F); f.p. -31 F; b.p. 400 F; pour pt. -33 F; flash pt. (TCC) 171 F Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 10 g/kg, (dermal, rat) > 10 g/kg; minimal skin and eye irritation Precaution: Combustible lig. Gulftene® 14 [Chevron] Chem. Descrip.: 1-Tetradecene (C14 alpha olefins) CAS 1120-36-1; EINECS/ELINCS 272-493-2 Uses: Intermediate for biodeg. surfactants for personal care and laundry, and specialty industrial chemicals (polyethylene and other polymers; plasticizers; syn. lubricants; gasoline additives; paper sizing; PVC lubricants) Properties: Water-wh. bright, clear liq., char. olefinic odor; sp.gr. 0.775 (60/60 F); dens. 6.46 lb/gal (60 F); f.p. 9 F; b.p. 440 F; pour pt. 10 F; flash pt. (PM) 225 F Toxicology: Minimal skin and eye irritation Precaution: Combustible lig. Gulftene® 16 [Chevron] Chem. Descrip.: 1-Hexadecene (C16 alpha olefins) CAS 629-73-2; EINECS/ELINCS 211-105-8 Uses: Intermediate for biodeg. surfactants for personal care and laundry, and specialty industrial chemicals (polyethylene and other polymers; plasticizers; syn. lubricants; gasoline additives; paper sizing; PVC lubricants) Properties: Water-wh. bright, clear liq., char. olefinic odor; m.w. 224; sp.gr. 0.785 (60/60 F); dens. 6.54 lb/gal (60 F); f.p. 39 F; b.p. 539 F; pour pt. 45 F; flash pt. (TOC) > 200 F Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 10 g/kg, (dermal, rat) > 10 g/kg (nontoxic); minimal skin and eye irritation Environmental: LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) > 1000 mg/l; EC50 (daphnia magna, 48 h) 530 mg/l Precaution: Combustible lig. Gulftene® 18 [Chevron] Chem. Descrip.: 1-Octadecene (C18 alpha olefins) CAS 112-88-9; EINECS/ELINCS 204-012-9 Uses: Intermediate for biodeq. surfactants for personal care and laundry, and specialty industrial chemicals (polyethylene and other polymers; plasticizers; syn. lubricants; gasoline additives; paper sizing; PVC lubricants) Properties: Water-wh. bright, clear liq., char. olefinic odor; sp.gr. 0.793 (60/60 F); dens. 6.60 lb/gal (60 F); f.p. 64 F; b.p. 165 F; pour pt. 65 F; flash pt. (PM) 310 F Gulftene® 20-24 [Chevron] *Chem. Descrip.:* C20-24 alpha olefins CAS 64743-02-8 Uses: Intermediate for biodeg. surfactants for personal care and laundry, and specialty industrial chemicals (polyethylene and other polymers; plasticizers; syn. lubricants; gasoline additives; paper sizing; PVC lubricants) Properties: Wh. bright, clear waxy solid; sp.gr. 0.856 (60/60 F); dens. 6.67 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 2.1 cSt (99 C); m.p. 96 F; b.p. 146 F; flash pt. (PM) 362 Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg Environmental: LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) > 1000 mg/l (water accommodated fraction); EC50 (daphnia magna, 48 h) 140 mg/l (water accommodated fraction) Gulftene® 24-28 [Chevron] Chem. Descrip.: C24-28 alpha olefins

specialty industrial chemicals (polyethylene and other polymers; plasticiz-

ers; syn. lubricants; gasoline additives; paper sizing; PVC lubricants)

Uses: Intermediate for biodeg. surfactants for personal care and laundry, and specialty industrial chemicals (polyethylene and other polymers; plasticizers; syn. lubricants; gasoline additives; paper sizing; PVC lubricants) *Properties:* Wh. bright, clear waxy solid; sp.gr. 0.891 (60/60 F); dens. 6.83 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 2.5 cSt (99 C); m.p. 143 F; congeal pt. 126 F; b.p. 190 F; flash pt. (PM) 425 F

- Gulftene® 30+ [Chevron]
 - Chem. Descrip.: C30 alpha olefin

Uses: Intermediate for biodeg. surfactants for personal care and laundry, and specialty industrial chemicals (polyethylene and other polymers; plasticizers; syn. lubricants; gasoline additives; paper sizing; PVC lubricants)

Properties: Wh. bright, clear waxy solid; sp.gr. 0.919 (60/60 F); dens. 6.95 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 8.0 cSt (99 C); drop m.p. 163 F; congeal pt. 155 F; b.p. 204 F; flash pt. (PM) 485 F

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2 g/kg

- G-White [Huber Engineered Materials] *Chem. Descrip.:* Calcium carbonate *Chem. Analysis*, Coco. (07,7%)
 - Chem. Analysis: CaCO₃ (97.7%)
 - CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9 Uses: Functional filler extender used in coatings, plastic and rubber fillers, building prods., ceramics flux, paper fillers, adhesives, cleaning compds.,
 - and polishing agents; easy disp. and low binder demand *Properties:* Wh. irreg., uniaxial particles; particle size 5.5 μ, 99% thru 500 mesh; water-sol.; sp.gr. 2.71; dens. 22.6 lb/solid gal, 55 lb/ft³; oil absorp. 13.5 lb oil/100 lb; ref. index 1.6; hardness (Mohs) 3

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Halocarbon Grease 19 [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene grease thickened with silica

Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives; hardest grease

Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; service temp. -25 to 175 C

Halocarbon Grease 25-5S [Halocarbon Prods.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene grease thickened with silica
- Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives; lowest vapor pressure
- Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; service temp. -20 to 175 C

Halocarbon Grease 25-10M [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene grease thickened with PCTFE polymer

CAS 9002-83-9

Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives; softest grease

Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; service temp. 0-135 C; m.p. 150 C Halocarbon Grease 25-20M [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene grease thickened with PCTFE polymer

CAS 9002-83-9

Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives; hardest grease

Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; service temp. -5 to 150 C; m.p. 160 C Halocarbon Grease 28 [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene grease thickened with silica Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases,

elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives *Properties:* Sol. in most org. liqs.; service temp. -25 to 175 C

Halocarbon Grease 28LT [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene grease thickened with silica *Uses:* Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives; for low-temp. use

Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; service temp. -45 to 95 C Halocarbon Grease 32 [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene grease thickened with silica Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives; softest grease

Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; service temp. -25 to 175 C

Halocarbon Grease X90-10M [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene grease thickened with PCTFE polymer

CAS 9002-83-9

Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives; for low temp. use

Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; service temp. -40 to 95 C; m.p. 150 C Halocarbon Oil 0.8 [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene oil

CAS 9002-83-9

Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives

Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; dens. 1.71 g/ml (37.8 C); visc. 1.3 cps (37.8 C); pour pt. -129 C; cloud pt. < -129 C; flash pt. none; ref. index 1.383 Halocarbon Oil 1.8 [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene oil

CAS 9002-83-9

Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives

Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; dens. 1.82 g/ml (37.8 C); visc. 3.5 cps (37.8 C); pour pt. -93 C; cloud pt. < -93 C; flash pt. none; ref. index 1.395

Halocarbon Oil 4.2 [Halocarbon Prods.] Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene oil

CAS 9002-83-9

Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives

Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; dens. 1.85 g/ml (37.8 C); visc. 7.8 cps (37.8 C); pour pt. -73 C; cloud pt. < -87 C; flash pt. none; ref. index 1.401 Halocarbon Oil 6.3 [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene oil

CAS 9002-83-9

- Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives
- Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; dens. 1.87 g/ml (37.8 C); visc. 12 cps (37.8 C); pour pt. -71 C; cloud pt. < -87 C; flash pt. none; ref. index 1.403 Halocarbon Oil 27 [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene oil

CAS 9002-83-9

- Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives
- Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; dens. 1.90g/ml (37.8 C); visc. 51 cps (37.8 C); pour pt. -40 C; cloud pt. < -71 C; flash pt. none; ref. index 1.407 Halocarbon Oil 56 [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene oil

CAS 9002-83-9

- Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives
- Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; dens. 1.92 g/ml (37.8 C); visc. 108 cps (37.8 C); pour pt. -34 C; cloud pt. -34 C; flash pt. none; ref. index 1.409

Halocarbon Oil 95 [Halocarbon Prods.] Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene oil

CAS 9002-83-9

- Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives
- Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; dens. 1.92 g/ml (37.8 C); visc. 182 cps (37.8 C); pour pt. -26 C; cloud pt. -21 C; flash pt. none; ref. index 1.411 Halocarbon Oil 200 [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene oil

CAS 9002-83-9

- Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives
- Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; dens. 1.95 g/ml (37.8 C); visc. 390 cps (37.8 C); pour pt. -12 C; cloud pt. 2 C; flash pt. none; ref. index 1.412 least bar Oil 400. Il least bar Brade 1

Halocarbon Oil 400 [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene oil

CAS 9002-83-9

- Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives
- Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; dens. 1.95 g/ml (37.8 C); visc. 780 cps (37.8 C); pour pt. -9 C; cloud pt. 10 C; flash pt. none; ref. index 1.412

Halocarbon Oil 700 [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene oil

CAS 9002-83-9

- Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives
- Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; dens. 1.95 g/ml (37.8 C); visc. 1365 cps (37.8 C); pour pt. 5 C; cloud pt. 13 C; flash pt. none; ref. index 1.414 Halocarbon Oil 1000N [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene oil

CAS 9002-83-9

- Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives
- *Properties:* Sol. in most org. liqs.; dens. 1.95 g/ml (37.8 C); visc. 1950 cps (37.8 C); pour pt. 10 C; cloud pt. 18 C; flash pt. none; ref. index 1.415

Halocarbon Wax 40 [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene wax

CAS 9002-83-9

Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives

Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; visc. 190 cst (71.1 C)

Halocarbon Wax 600 [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip .: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene wax

CAS 9002-83-9

Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives

Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; visc. 1000 cst (71.1 C); m.p. 57 C Halocarbon Wax 1200 [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene wax

CAS 9002-83-9

Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives *Properties:* Sol. in most org. liqs.; m.p. 110 C

Halocarbon Wax 1500 [Halocarbon Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polychlorotrifluoroethylene wax

CAS 9002-83-9

- Uses: Inert lubricant for chemical industry, aerospace, cryogenic gases, elec., hydraulic fluids, life support systems, low-temp. bath fluids, mech. seals, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, spill control, steel, vacuum pump fluids; mold release agent for plastics and rubber; plasticizer for fluorinated plastics; component of specialty greases and engine oil additives
- Properties: Sol. in most org. liqs.; m.p. 132 C

Halopont[™] Blue RNM Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Org. pigment disp.

Uses: Brilliant red-shade blue pigment for tinting wh. papers to offset the sl. natural yellowness of bleached chem. pulps, rec. for sized, acid, alkaline papers; partially bleachable in hypochlorite; fair lightfastness; very good affinity for clay fillers; good affinity for TiO₂ and CaCO₃

Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.7 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 4.5

Halopont™ Pink 2BM Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Org. pigment disp.

Uses: Red pigment for tinting and prod. of deeper shades for sized, acid, alkaline papers; high level of brilliance; partially bleachable in hypochlorite; fair lightfastness; very good affinity for clay fillers; good affinity for TiO₂ and CaCO₃

- Properties: Liq.; dens. 10.0 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 4.6
- Halopont™ Tinting Blue RND Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Org. pigment disp.

Uses: Brilliant red-shade blue pigment for tinting wh. papers to offset the sl. natural yellowness of bleached chem. pulps, rec. for sized, acid, alkaline papers; partially bleachable in hypochlorite; fair lightfastness; very good affinity for clay fillers; good affinity for TiO₂ and CaCO₃

Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 4.5

Halopont[™] Violet NM Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Org. pigment disp.

Uses: Blue-shade violet pigment for tinting and prod. of deeper shades, rec. for sized, acid, alkaline papers; partially bleachable in hypochlorite; good lightfastness; very good affinity for clay fillers; good affinity for TiO₂ and CaCO₃

Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.7 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 4.5 Hampshire® NTA 150 [Akzo Nobel]

Chem. Descrip.: Trisodium NTA Chem. Descrip.: MDA-exempt aromatic amine CAS 5064-31-3; EINECS/ELINCS 225-768-6 Uses: Hardener for ultra high solids coatings and floorings made with liq. bisphenol A, bisphenol F, novolac Araldite[®] resins, or their blends, for tank Uses: Chelating agent used in laundry detergents and specialty cleaning prods., water treatment, textiles, metal finishing, pulp/paper processing, and repair and lining, concrete structure finishes, marine and splash zone coatpetrol. industry; nonphosphate detergent builder ings, concrete pulp tanks in paper mills, concrete and metal fittings in sew-Properties: Pale straw clear liq.; m.w. 257.1; water-misc.; sp.gr. 1.30-1.33; ers, repair of glass-lined vessels, condensers and oil coolers; rec. for dens. 11.0 lb/gal; chel. value 156 mg CaCO₃/g min.; pH 11-12 (1%); applics. where hard films are required for aggressive environments 40.0% min. act. Use Level: 30 pbw Hancap MC-40 [Hansol] Properties: Lt. brn. color; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 700 cps; amine no. 640; flash Uses: Microcapsule for pressure-sensitive paper applics., bill paper, carbonpt. > 200 F; gel time 45 min. (with Araldite® GY 6010, 100 g); amino nitrogen less paper; works by emitting dyes within the capsule under pressure (16%) Properties: Milky liq., round particles; visc. 150 cps max.; pH 9.5-10.5 Toxicology: Corrosive to eyes and skin; harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or (0.5%); 40% min. total solids absorbed thru skin; can cause sensitization and irritation Storage: 6 mos min. storage at normal temps. Storage: 1 yr. min. shelf life in tightly closed containers in dry place @ R.T. Han-Floc 45[®] [Handy Chems.] Haricoat [Harima Chems.] Uses: Paper coating agent Chem. Descrip.: Stabilized sodium aluminate ag. sol'n., 45% CAS 1302-42-7; EINECS/ELINCS 215-100-1 Harifloc [Harima Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid derivs. UN No. 1819 Uses: Flocculant for water treatment, wastewater treatment for removal of Uses: Flocculant for treatment of paper mill wastewater; minimizes polluting phosphates, sludge conditioning, papermaking (newsprint, fine paper, and effects of wastewater kraft paper); used to activate silica in potable water, to help in pin-floc Haritop [Harima Chems.] formation or to raise pH while providing aluminum species Chem. Descrip .: Fatty acid derivs. Regulatory: FDA approved; SARA nonreportable Uses: Surfactant, deinking agent for papermaking, removing printing ink from Properties: Straw yel. clear liq.; char. odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. recycled paper and enhance pulp brightness 1.52; visc. 135 cps (30 C); f.p. -32 C; b.p. 115 C; pH 12 (1%) Harmide [Harima Chems.] Toxicology: Causes severe skin/eye burns; may cause damage to upper Uses: Dry str. agent for papermaking Haro® Chem ZPR-2 [Akcros bv] respiratory tract and lungs if inh.; ing. can cause severe burns to mucous Chem. Descrip.: Zinc stearate membranes and digestive tract CAS 557-05-1; EINECS/ELINCS 209-151-9 Precaution: Corrosive; strong alkaline liq.; do not mix with strong acids without preliminary dilution; can react explosively with aldehydes and many Uses: Heat stabilizer for PVC, LDPE, M/HDPE, PS, rubbers, thermosets, other org. chems.; hydrolyzes in water cosmetics, paper, pharmaceuticals, paint Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. produces toxic fumes of Properties: Solid Harol D [Graden] oxides of sodium Storage: Store in steel or plastic containers @ -20 to 35 C; keep closed; do Chem. Descrip.: Highly polymerized naphthalene sulfonate not store in copper, zinc, aluminum, and their alloys Uses: Stabilizer, visc. depressant; dispersant for carbon blk., clay disps., Hanwet CA-1 [Hansol] CaCO₃ disps.; paper coating compds. Chem. Descrip.: Org. polyelectrolyte Properties: Powd.; dens. 47 lb/ft³; surf. tens. 71 dynes/cm (1%); pH 9 (1%); Uses: Chelating agent for paper deinking process; prevents loss of H₂O₂ in 83-85% act.: anionic pulp bleaching; scale inhibitor; noncombustible Harol RG-71L [Graden] Regulatory: Not classified and restricted by shipping and storage regs. Chem. Descrip .: Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate Properties: Colorless transparent liq.; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.12 ± CAS 9084-06-4 0.01; visc. 3-5 cps; f.p. < -10 C; pH 7.5-9.5; 20 ± 1.5% total solids Uses: Dye retardant, leveling agent; pitch dispersant for pulp/paper Toxicology: Avoid skin contact Properties: Liq.; 47.5% conc.; anionic Storage: Store below 30 C; avoid freezing; if frozen, thaw gradually Harsize [Harima Chems.] Hanwet HCD-31 [Hansol] Uses: Sizing agent for papermaking Hartaflot™ FA-5164 [Huntsman] Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid, dewatering aid for acidic or alkaline papermaking; effective over wide pH range and conditions of temp., filler, and Chem. Descrip.: Mainly C₁₈ acids recycled pulp; compat. with anionic, low m.w., org. or inorg. compds. Uses: Flotation deinking agent; pulp/paper surfactant; flotation collector at low Properties: Wh. opaque liq.; sol. 10% in water; sp.gr. 1.01 ± 0.01; bulk visc. water hardness; exc. runnability, enhanced coefficient of friction 1000-1600 cps; visc. 700-1100 cps (1%); f.p. -10 C; pH 3-4.5 (0.5%); 37-Use Level: 0.4-0.8% 39% solids; cationic Properties: Solid Hartaflot™ FA-7451 [Huntsman] Toxicology: Mild acidic prod.; can irritate skin and eyes Storage: 6 mos shelf life in unopened drums: if frozen, thaw gradually in Chem. Descrip.: Tallow-based fatty acids heated area and stir well before use; keep away from fire, flamm. materials Uses: Flotation deinking agent; pulp/paper surfactant; collector optimized for Hanwet HF-59 [Hansol] typ. fatty acid flotation conditions Uses: Fixing agent for sizes, starches, dyes, fillers, str. agents in acidic and Use Level: 0.4-0.8% Properties: Liq. (40 C) neutral papermaking Regulatory: Not classified and restricted by shipping and storage regs. Hartaflot™ G-5000 [Huntsman] Uses: Flotation deinking agent; pulp/paper surfactant, esp. for combination Properties: Yel. liq.; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.15 ± 0.01; visc. 500 ± 200 cps; pH 6 \pm 0.5; 50 \pm 1% total solids; cationic wash/flotation; works well over wide range of furnish types, pH, dosages, Toxicology: Avoid skin contact and temps. Storage: 6 mos min. storage @ normal temps.; store below 30 C; if frozen, Use Level: 0.1-0.3% Properties: Liq.; nonionic thaw gradually before use; SS, PP, and FRP storage rec. Hartaflot™ P-621 [Huntsman] Hanwet HW-96E [Hansol] Uses: Wet str. agent, dry str. agent, sizing promoter for papermaking, starch Uses: Flotation deinking agent esp. effective on flexographic ink; pulp/paper surfactant; post flotation collector for acid loops mfg.; useful @ pH 5-9 Use Level: 0.001-0.05% Regulatory: Not classified and restricted by shipping and storage regs. Properties: Yel. liq.; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.03 ± 0.01; visc. 20-80 Properties: Liq.; water-sol. Hartaflot™ SE-6250 [Huntsman] cps; pH 3-5; 12.5 ± 0.5% total solids; cationic Storage: 3 mos min. storage @ normal temps.; store @ 4-32 C in PE or SS; Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid nonionic blend Uses: Flotation deinking agent; pulp/paper surfactant; wash-flotation collector

Use Level: 0.3-0.6%

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if frozen, thaw gradually and dilute with water before use

Hardener HY 3100 [Vantico AG]

Properties: Liq.; low visc.; nonionic Hartaflot™ SE-6400-1 [Huntsman] Uses: Flotation deinking agent; pulp/paper surfactant; effective for washflotation systems; performance benefits with ONP finish Use Level: 0.1-0.3% Properties: Liq.; nonionic Hartaflot™ SE-6405 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid nonionic blend Uses: Flotation deinking agent; pulp/paper surfactant; enhanced particle collection; reduced collector carry-forward Use Level: 0.3-0.6% Properties: Liq. (40 C); nonionic Hartaflot[™] SE-6500 [Huntsman] Uses: Flotation deinking agent; pulp/paper surfactant; removes ink during flotation even at high consistency Use Level: 0.1-0.3% Properties: Liq.; nonionic Hartaflot[™] SE-6600 [Huntsman] Uses: Flotation deinking agent; pulp/paper surfactant; flotation collector; high brightness, low fiber loss; provides optimum ink removal at flotation stage Use Level: 0.1-0.3% Properties: Liq.; nonionic Hartaflot[™] SE-6620 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acids, C-14-18, ethoxylated, propoxylated CAS 68154-31-4 Uses: Flotation deinking agent; pulp/paper surfactant; flotation collector; high brightness; low fiber loss; provides optimum ink removal at flotation stage Regulatory: OSHA hazardous; DOT nonregulated; SARA §311 acute hazard Properties: Liq.; sol. < 10% in water; sp.gr. 1.05; visc. > 20 cSt (40 C); b.p. > 150 C; flash pt. (PMCC) > 150 C; pH 7; 100% act. Toxicology: May cause eye irritation, injury to cornea; may cause sl. skin irritation on brief contact, severe irritation on prolonged contact; may cause nose/throat irritation, headache, nausea, drowsiness on inh.; ing. may cause nausea, diarrhea; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic levels of CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Hartasperse[™] DI-6 [Huntsman] Uses: Pulp/paper surfactant; deinking agent Properties: Liq.; 100% act.; nonionic Hartasperse™ DI-2609 [Huntsman] Uses: Pulp/paper surfactant; wash deinking agent; optimizes ink removal during initial wash stages Use Level: 0.4-0.8% *Properties:* Liq.; nonionic Hartasperse™ DI-2710 [Huntsman] Uses: Pulp/paper surfactant; wash deinking agent for ledger and wh. grades; low foam Use Level: 0.1-0.5% Properties: Liq.; nonionic Hartasperse™ DI-2805 [Huntsman] Uses: Pulp/paper surfactant; wash deinking agent; prevents ink deposition; low foam and low toxicity Use Level: 0.4-0.8% *Properties:* Liq.; nonionic Hartasperse™ DI-2915 [Huntsman] Uses: Pulp/paper surfactant; wash deinking agent; superior brightness; low foam; reduced residual surfactant carry-forward Use Level: 0.4-0.8% Properties: Liq.; nonionic Hartasperse™ DI-2920 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Ethoxylated C12-18 alcohols (60-74.99%), ethoxylated tall oil fatty acids (20-34.99%), water (10-19.99%) Uses: Pulp/paper surfactant; wash deinking agent; superior brightness; low foam; reduced residual surfactant carry-forward Regulatory: OSHA hazardous; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/304 extreme hazard (0.001% residual EO), §311 acute hazard; CERCLA 102(a) hazard (EO) Properties: Liq.; sol. > 10% in water; sp.gr. 1.05; flash pt. (PMCC) > 100 C; pH 7

Toxicology: May cause skin/eye irritation, possible injury to cornea; inh. may cause nose/throat irritation, headache, nausea, drowsiness; ing. may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, diarrhea; may contain < 100 ppm EO; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic levels of CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones on burning; heating in air may produce irritating aldehydes, acids, ketones

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Chem. Descrip.: Ethoxylated propoxylated C16-18 alcohols (35-49.99%), ethoxylated tall oil fatty acids (35-49.99%), EO/PO copolymer (3-9.99%), water (3-9.99%)
- Uses: Pulp/paper surfactant; wash deinking agent; superior brightness; low foam; reduced residual surfactant carry-forward
- Regulatory: OSHA hazardous; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/304 extreme hazard (residual EO 0.001%, residual PO 0.001%), §311 acute hazard; CERCLA 102(a) hazard
- Properties: Liq.; sol. > 10% in water; sp.gr. 1.03; flash pt. (PMCC) > 100 C; pH 7
- Toxicology: May cause skin/eye irritation, possible injury to cornea; inh. may cause nose/throat irritation, headache, nausea, drowsiness; ing. may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, diarrhea; may contain < 100 ppm EO; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic levels of CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones on burning; heating in air may produce irritating aldehydes, acids, ketones
- HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Avoid storage temps. below freezing (32 F) Hartasperse™ DI-3670 [Huntsman]

- Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary
 - Uses: Pulp/paper surfactant; wash deinking agent; superior brightness; low foam; reduced residual surfactant carry-forward
 - Regulatory: OSHA hazardous; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/304 extreme hazard (residual EO 0.001%), §311 acute hazard; CERCLA 102(a) hazard (residual EO 0.001%)
 - Properties: Yel.-It. brn. liq.; fatty acid odor; sol. 0.1-1% in water; sp.gr. 0.993-1.00; visc. 46 cSt (40 C); flash pt. (PMCC) > 106 C; pH 4-6
 - Toxicology: May cause skin/eye irritation, possible injury to cornea; inh. may cause nose/throat irritation, headache, nausea, drowsiness; ing. may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, diarrhea; may contain < 100 ppm EO; TSCA listed
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic levels of CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones on burning; heating in air may produce irritating aldehydes, acids, ketones
- HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Hartasperse™ DI-4670 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary
 - UN No. 3082
 - Uses: Pulp/paper surfactant; wash deinking agent; superior brightness; low foam; reduced residual surfactant carry-forward
 - Regulatory: OSHA hazardous; DOT environmentally hazardous; SARA §302/304 extreme hazard (residual EO 0.001%), §311 acute hazard; CERCLA 102(a) hazard (residual EO 0.001%)
 - Properties: Clear to hazy liq.; ethoxylated alcohol odor; sol. > 10% in water; sp.gr. 0.988-1.00; visc. 50 cSt (40 C); b.p. > 100 C; flash pt. (PMCC) > 106 C; pH 4-6; VOC < 1%
 - Toxicology: Causes eye irritation, cornea injury; may cause respiratory tract irritation, skin irritation; inh. may cause nose/throat discomfort, nasal discharge, coughing; ing. may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, diarrhea; may contain < 100 ppm EO; TSCA listed
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic levels of CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones on burning; heating in air may produce irritating aldehydes, acids, ketones

HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.; avoid water contamination

Hartasperse™ DI-4900 Series [Huntsman]

Uses: Pulp/paper surfactant; wash deinking agent; increases pulp brightness Properties: Liq.; 100% act.; nonionic

- Hartasperse[™] DI-6660 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary
 - Uses: Pulp/paper surfactant; wash deinking agent; superior brightness; low foam; reduced residual surfactant carry-forward

Storage: Avoid storage temps. below freezing (32 F) Hartasperse™ DI-2940 [Huntsman]

Regulatory: OSHA hazardous; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/304 extreme hazard (residual EO 0.001%), §311 acute hazard; CERCLA 102(a) hazard (residual EO 0.001%, glycol ethers 3-9.99%)

Properties: Wh. waxy solid; mild odor; sol. > 10% in water; sp.gr. 1.001-1.004 (65.5/25 C); visc. 75 cSt (37.8 C); m.p. 34 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 221 C; pH 5.5-8

Toxicology: Causes eye irritation, cornea injury; may cause respiratory tract irritation, skin irritation; inh. may cause nose/throat discomfort, nasal discharge, coughing; ing. may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, diarrhea; may contain < 100 ppm EO; TSCA listed

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic levels of CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones on burning; heating in air may produce irritating aldehydes, acids, ketones
- HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.; avoid water contamination

- Hartasperse[™] SE 6412 [Huntsman]
 - Uses: Pulp/paper surfactant; deinking agent for flotation and combination systems

Properties: Liq.; 100% act.; nonionic

Hartasperse[™] SE 6440 [Huntsman]

Uses: Pulp/paper surfactant; deinking agent

Properties: Liq.; 100% act.; nonionic

Hartasperse[™] SE 7311 [Huntsman]

Uses: Pulp/paper surfactant; deinking agent for flotation and combination systems

Properties: Liq.; 100% act.; nonionic

Hartasperse[™] T-502 [Huntsman]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Proprietary
 - Uses: Wash deinking agent for making tissue from recycled mixed office waste
 - Regulatory: OSHA hazardous; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/304 extreme hazard (residual EO 0.001%, PO 0.001%), §311 acute hazard; CERCLA 102(a) hazard (glycol ethers 3-9.99%, EO 0.001%, PO 0.001%)
 - Properties: Clear to hazy liq.; mild odor; sol. > 10% in water; sp.gr. 1.018; visc. 88 cSt (37.7 C); flash pt. (PMCC) 235 C; pH 6-8; nonionic
 - Toxicology: May cause eye/skin irritation, possible injury to cornea; inh. may cause nose/throat irritation, headache, nausea, drowsiness; ing. may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, diarrhea; may contain < 100 ppm EO and/or PO; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic levels of CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones on burning; heating in air may produce irritating aldehydes, acids, ketones

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.; avoid water contamination

Hartasperse™ T-503 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary

Uses: Wash deinking agent for making tissue from recycled mixed office waste

Regulatory: OSHA hazardous; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/304 extreme hazard (residual EO 0.001%, PO 0.001%), §311 acute hazard; CERCLA 102(a) hazard (glycol ethers 3-9.99%, EO 0.001%, PO 0.001%)

Properties: Clear to hazy liq.; mild odor; sol. > 10% in water; sp.gr. 1.018; visc. 88 cSt (37.7 C); flash pt. (PMCC) 235 C; pH 6-8; nonionic

Toxicology: May cause eye/skin irritation, possible injury to cornea; inh. may cause nose/throat irritation, headache, nausea, drowsiness; ing. may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, diarrhea; may contain < 100 ppm EO and/or PO; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic levels of CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones on burning; heating in air may produce irritating aldehydes, acids, ketones

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.; avoid water contamination

Hartfloc® 207 [Huntsman]

Uses: Pulp/paper surfactant; coagulant for pulp/paper mill water treatment; strong coagulant for DAF clarifiers requiring 25% less than typ. coagulants Use Level: 40-80 ppm

Properties: Liq.; water-sol.; high m.w.; cationic

Hartfloc® 210 [Huntsman]

Uses: Pulp/paper surfactant; flocculant for pulp/paper mill water treatment;

strong flocculant for DAF clarifiers, effective at third of dosage required by typ. flocculants; forms lg. flocs that rise quickly

Use Level: 30-70 ppm

Properties: Liq.; fully water-sol.; high m.w.; cationic

- Hartfloc® 401 [Huntsman]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Polydimethyldiallylammonium chloride (35-49.99%) in water CAS 26062-79-3

Uses: Charge control agent used in wet end of stock feeding paper machine; high charge

Regulatory: OSHA hazardous; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/304/311/313 nonreportable; CERCLA 102(a) nonreportable

Properties: Yel. liq.; sl. odor; sol. > 10% in water; sp.gr. 1.085; visc. 2765 cSt (40 C); flash pt. > 100 C; pH 6.5; cationic

Toxicology: May cause eye/skin irritation, possible injury to cornea; inh. may cause nose/throat discomfort, nasal discharge, coughing, difficulty breathing; ing. may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, diarrhea; may contain particulates, residual acrylamide; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; aq. sol'ns. or powds. that become wet render surfs. extremely slippery

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Hydrogen chloride, NOx, COx

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.; avoid storage temps. below freezing (32 F)

Hartfloc[®] 409 [Huntsman]

Uses: Pulp/paper surfactant; separates ink from fiber in pulp/paper mill water streams; act. froth flotation equip. is preferred

Use Level: 80-120 ppm

Properties: Liq.; high m.w.

Hartfloc® 425 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Poly (2-hydroxypropyl-N,N-dimethyl ammonium chloride) (40-59.99%) in water

CÀS 42751-79-1

Uses: High charge polymer used in water clarification; retention aid; low m.w. *Regulatory:* OSHA nonhazardous; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/304/311/ 313 nonreportable; CERCLA 102(a) nonreportable

Properties: Yel. visc. liq.; mild odor; sol. > 10% in water; sp.gr. 1.16; visc. 300 cSt (40 C); b.p. 100 C; flash pt. (PMCC) > 100 C; pH 6; cationic

Toxicology: Causes eye irritation; prolonged skin contact may cause defatting or irritation; inh. may cause nose/throat irritation, headache, nausea, drowsiness; ing. may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, diarrhea; TSCA listed *Precaution:* Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic levels of CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones on burning; heating in air may produce irritating aldehydes, acids, ketones

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.; avoid water contamination; do not use copper and alloys for storage/shipping containers

Hartfloc® A-40 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic polymer aq. sol'n.

Uses: Prevents decomp. of hydrogen peroxide due to presence of metals, esp. iron and chromium; scale inhibitor in deink plant, caustic makeup systems, at paper machine and cooling water

Use Level: 0.25 lb/ton

Regulatory: OSHA hazardous; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/304/ nonreportable, §311 acute hazard; CERCLA102(a) nonreportable

- Properties: Amber liq.; mild odor; sol. > 10% in water; sp.gr. 1.1-1.2; visc. 3-5 cSt; b.p. 100 C; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 7-9
- *Toxicology:* May cause eye/skin irritation, possibly injury to cornea; inh. may cause nose/throat irritation, headache, nausea, drowsiness; ing. may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, diarrhea; aspiration may cause lung damage; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic levels of CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones
- HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.

- Hartfloc® A-414 [Huntsman]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* 2-Propenoic acid, polymer with 2-propenamide (CAS 9003-06-9, 20-35%), hydrotreated lt. petrol. distillate (CAS 64742-47-8, 3-10%), water

Uses: In water clarification in dissolved air flotation clarifiers; high m.w. Regulatory: OSHA hazardous; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/304 extreme hazard (acrylamide 0-0.0999%), §311/313 nonreportable; CERCLA 102(a) hazard (acrylamide 0-0.0999%)

- Properties: Opaque visc. liq.; sol. > 10% in water; sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 1130 cSt (40 C); flash pt. > 100 C; pH 7.5; anionic
- Toxicology: May cause eye/skin irritation, possible injury to cornea; inh. may cause nose/throat discomfort, nasal discharge, coughing, difficulty breathing; ing. may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, diarrhea; may contain particulates, < 1000 ppm acrylamide; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; aq. sol'ns. or powds. that become wet render surfs. extremely slippery

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Hydrogen chloride, NOx, COx

- HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.
- Hartfloc® C-470 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyquaternium-5 (90-96.99%), adipic acid (3-9.99%) Uses: Drainage aid in belt press operation; nonvolatile
 - Regulatory: OSHA hazardous; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/304 extreme hazard (acrylamide 0-0.0999%), §311/313 nonreportable; CERCLA 102(a) hazard (adipic acid 3-9.99%, acrylamide 0-0.0999%)
 - *Properties:* Wh. powd.; sol. 1-10% in water; sp.gr. 0.75; flash pt. > 93.3 C; pH 4 (1% aq.); cationic
 - Toxicology: May cause eye/skin/nose/throat irritation; ing. may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, diarrhea; overexposure to dust may cause respiratory irritation; chronic exposure may damage lungs; may contain particulates, < 1000 ppm acrylamide; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Hydrogen chloride, NO_x, CO_x
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.; avoid water contamination
- Hartfloc® C-475 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Ethanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl) oxy]chloride, polymer with 2-propenamide
 - CAS 69418-26-4
 - Uses: Low charge polymer used in dissolved air flotation clarifiers; high m.w.; nonvolatile
 - Use Level: 2 lb/ton
 - Regulatory: OSHA nonhazardous; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/34 extreme hazard (acrylamide 0-0.0999%), §311/313 nonreportable; CERCLA 102(a) hazard (acrylamide 0-0.0999%)
 - Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. 1-10% in water; sp.gr. 0.85; flash pt. > 93.3 C; pH 3.5 (0.5% aq.); 100% act.; cationic
 - Toxicology: May cause eye/skin/nose/throat irritation; overexposure to dust may cause respiratory irritation; chronic exposure may damage lungs; ing. may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, diarrhea; may contain particulates, < 1000 ppm acrylamide; TSCA listed
 - Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; ag. sol'ns. or powds. that become wet render surfs. extremely slippery
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Hydrogen chloride, NO_x, CO_x
 - HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
 - Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.; avoid water contamination
- Hartfloc® Anionic Series [Huntsman]
 - Uses: Pulp/paper surfactant; flocculant for pulp/paper mill water treatment Use Level: 15-40 ppm
 - Properties: Emulsion; m.w. over 20,000,000; anionic
- Hartfloc® Cationic Series [Huntsman]
 - Uses: Pulp/paper surfactant; coagulant for pulp/paper mill water treatment; effective in high turbidity water across wide pH range
 - Use Level: 80-150 ppm
- Properties: Liq.; m.w. up to 250,000; cationic Hartomer™ N40V [Huntsman]
- - Chem. Descrip .: Acrylic polymer aq. sol'n.
 - Uses: Sludge drainage aid
 - Use Level: 2-4 lb/ton
 - Regulatory: OSHA hazardous; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/304/313 nonreportable, §311 acute hazard; CERCLA102(a) nonreportable
 - Properties: Liq.; sol. > 105 in water; sp.gr. 1.0-1.4; visc. 10-30 cSt; b.p. 100 C; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 6-8
 - Toxicology: May cause eye/skin irritation, possible injury to cornea; inh. may cause nose/throat irritation, headache, nausea, drowsiness; ing. may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, diarrhea; aspiration may damage lungs; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic levels of CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones

- HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.
- Hartomer[™] RB-25 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Proprietary Uses: Rebonder, dry str. resin for tissue paper; added at wet end of debonder
 - Use Level: 40 lb/ton Regulatory: OSHA hazardous; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/304/313 nonreportable, §311 acute hazard; CERCLA 102(a) nonreportable
 - Properties: Liq.; starch-like odor; sol. > 10% in water; sp.gr. 1.08; visc. 900 cSt; f.p. 5 C; b.p. 100 C; pH 7; VOC 65-80%; 22% act.
 - Toxicology: May cause eye/skin irritation; inh. of high concs. may cause minimal irritation; ing. may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, diarrhea; **TSCA** listed
 - HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
 - Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.
- Hartosoft M 85S [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Quaternary salt
 - UN No. 2810
 - Uses: Debonder for paper applics.; provides debonding without undue loss in absorbency
 - Use Level: 8-14 lb/ton
 - Regulatory: OSHA hazardous; DOT toxic liq., org., N.O.S.; SARA §302/ 304 extreme hazard (residual EO 0.001%), \$311 acute hazard, \$313 nonreportable; CERCLA 102(a) hazard (residual EO 0.001%)
 - Properties: Dk. amber liq.; mild odor; sol. < 0.1% in water; sp.gr. 1.0; visc. 550-750 cSt; flash pt. > 107 C; pH 5.5-7.0
 - Toxicology: Toxic by ing.; causes abdominal discomfort, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, collapse, possibly death; causes eye/skin irritation, possibly blindness; inh. may cause nose/throat irritation, nasal discharge, coughing; may contain < 10 ppm EO; TSCA listed
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic levels of ammonia, combustion prods. of N, CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones may be formed on burning in limited air supply
 - HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
 - Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.
- Hartosoft[™] 333CP [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Imidazolium compds.
 - Uses: Softener, debonder for tissue paper; added in wet end
 - Use Level: 9-24 lb/ton
 - Regulatory: OSHA hazardous; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/304/313 nonreportable, §311 acute hazard; CERCLA 102(a) nonreportable
 - Properties: Amber brn. liq.; amine odor; sol. < 0.1% in water; sp.gr. 1.01; visc. 103 cSt (40 C); flash pt. (PMCC) > 107 C; pH 5.5-9
 - Toxicology: Causes eye/skin irritation, cornea injury; inh. may cause nose/ throat irritation, nasal discharge, coughing; mod. toxic by ing.; may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea; TSCA listed
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic levels of ammonia, combustion prods. of N, CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones may be formed on burning in limited air supply
 - HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
 - Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.
- Hartosoft™ 1500-78 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Imidazolium compds.
 - UN No. 2810
 - Uses: Softener, lubricant for paper applics.; added at dry end during winding or in converting operations
 - Use Level: 10-12 lb/ton
 - Regulatory: OSHA hazardous; DOT toxic liq., org., N.O.S.; SARA §302/ 304/313 nonreportable, §311 acute hazard; CERCLA 102(a) nonreportable
 - Properties: Amber liq.; mild odor; sol. < 0.1% in water; sp.gr. 1.029; visc. 100 cSt (40 C); flash pt. (PMCC) 102.8 C; pH 6-9
 - Toxicology: Toxic by ing.; causes abdominal discomfort, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, possibly death; causes eye/severe skin irritation; may cause blindness; inh. may cause nose/throat irritation, nasal discharge, coughing, difficulty breathing; TSCA R&D material
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic levels of ammonia, combustion prods. of N, CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones may be formed on burning in limited air supply
 - HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
 - Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.

Hartosoft[™] 1540B1 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Imidazolium compds.

Uses: Softener, lubricant for paper applics.; added in wet end Use Level: 12 lb/ton

Regulatory: OSHA hazardous; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/304/313 nonreportable, §311 acute hazard; CERCLA 102(a) nonreportable

- Properties: Amber clear liq.; mild odor; sol. 1-10% in water; sp.gr. 1.01; visc. 125 cSt (40 C); f.p. 5 C; flash pt. (PMCC) > 93.3 C; pH 6-9
- Toxicology: Causes eye/skin irritation, cornea injury; mod. toxic by ing.; may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea; inh. may cause nose/throat irritation, nasal discharge, coughing, difficulty breathing; TSCA R&D material
- *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Toxic levels of ammonia, combustion prods. of N, CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones may be formed on burning in limited air supply

HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.

Hartosoft MABS-6000 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip .: Fatty acid ethoxylate

Uses: Absorbency aid in mfg. of tissue paper; counteracts dec. in absorbency due to use of debonder

Use Level: 1-2 lb/ton

- *Regulatory:* OSHA hazardous; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/304 extreme hazard (residual EO 0.001%), §311 acute hazard, §313 nonreportable; CERCLA 102(a) hazard (residual EO 0.001%)
- Properties: Yel. clear liq.; odorless; sol. > 10% in water; sp.gr. 1.04; visc. > 20 cSt (40 C); flash pt. (PMCC) > 100 C; pH 5-7
- *Toxicology:* May cause eye/skin irritation, possibly cornea injury; inh. may cause nose/throat irritation, headache, nausea, drowsiness; ing. may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, diarrhea; may contain < 100 ppm EO; TSCA listed
- *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Toxic levels of CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones may be formed on burning; heating in air may produce irritating aldehydes, acids, and ketones
- HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.; avoid water contamination
- Hartosoft™ DBS-1527 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Quaternary salt

UN No. 1760

- $\mathit{Uses:}$ Surfactant for fiber debonding in mfg. of tissue paper; added in wet end $\mathit{Use Level:}$ 5-15 lb/ton
- *Regulatory:* OSHA hazardous; DOT corrosive liqs., N.O.S.; SARA §302/ 304/313 nonreportable, §311 acute hazard; CERCLA102(a) hazard (diethyl sulfate 0-0.0999%)
- Properties: Orange to brn. visc. liq.; mild odor; sol. < 0.1% in water; sp.gr. 0.997-1.00; visc. 140-280 cSt (40 C); flash pt. 113 C; pH 5-7.5 (1% aq.); cationic
- Toxicology: Causes eye/skin irritation, possible blindness; inh. may cause nose/throat irritation, nasal discharge, coughing, difficulty breathing; ing. may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, diarrhea; TSCA R&D material
- *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Toxic levels of ammonia, combustion prods. of N, CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones may be formed on burning in limited air supply

HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.

- Hartosoft™ DBS-5080 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Quaternary salt

UN No. 1760

Uses: Surfactant for fiber debonding in mfg. of tissue paper; added in wet end Use Level: 5-15 lb/ton

- *Regulatory:* OSHA hazardous; DOT corrosive liqs., N.O.S.; SARA §302/ 304/313 nonreportable, §311 acute hazard; CERCLA102(a) hazard (diethyl sulfate 0-0.0999%)
- *Properties:* Orange to brn. visc. liq.; mild odor; sol. < 0.1% in water; sp.gr. 1.01; visc. 306 cSt (40 C); flash pt. 185 C; pH 5-7.5 (1% aq.); cationic

Toxicology: Causes eye/skin irritation, possible blindness; inh. may cause nose/throat irritation, nasal discharge, coughing, difficulty breathing; ing. may cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, diarrhea; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic levels of ammonia, combustion prods. of N, CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones may be formed on burning in limited air supply

HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.

- Hartosoft[™] DBS-7374 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Quaternary salt
 - UN No. 2810

 $\mathit{Uses:}$ Surfactant for fiber debonding in mfg. of tissue paper; added in wet end $\mathit{Use Level:}\$ 5-15 lb/ton

Regulatory: OSHA hazardous; DOT toxic liq., org., N.O.S.; SARA §302/ 304/313 nonreportable, §311 acute hazard; CERCLA 102(a) nonreportable

Properties: Dk. visc. liq.; sol. < 0.1% in water; sp.gr. 0.98-1.02; visc. 550-750 cSt; flash pt. > 107 C; pH 5-7.5 (1% aq.); cationic

- Toxicology: Toxic by ing.; causes abdominal discomfort, nausea, diarrhea, collapse, possibly death; causes eye/skin irritation, possible blindness; inh. may cause nose/throat irritation, nasal discharge, coughing, difficulty breathing; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic levels of ammonia, combustion prods. of N, CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones may be formed on burning in limited air supply
- HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Minimize periods of exposure to high temps.

HB-40® [Monsanto]

Chem. Descrip.: Partially hydrogenated terphenyl

Uses: Plasticizer, extender, polymer modifier, resin solvator for vinyl sheeting, films, fabric or paper coatings, vinyl protective coatings, adhesives

Hercobond® [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip.: Polymer *Uses:* Dry str. agent and temporary wet str. agent for papermaking

- Hercolite® 240 [Hercules/Resins]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic hydrocarbon resin
 - Uses: Resin for use in polymer modification, adhesives, overprint lacquers, coatings; modifies flow in PVC, ABS, and block copolymers; processing aid for vinyl incl. flooring; tackifier for neoprene in contact adhesives for shoes; good pigment and filler wetting for use in color additives and rubber and plastic compounding; provides glossy nonyel. hard film in coatings; for concrete curing compds., traffic paints; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, polymers; superior heat and UV stability
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.390, 176.170(b), 176.180, 177.1210

Properties: Water-wh.; sol. in aromatic and chlorinated HC, ketones, ethers; insol. in aliphatic HC, alcohols, glycols; melt visc. 197 C (10 poise); soften. pt. (R&B) 122 C; 2% max. volatiles

Hercolite[®] 290 [Hercules/Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic hydrocarbon resin

- Uses: Resin for use in polymer modification, adhesives, overprint lacquers, coatings; modifies flow in PVC, ABS, and block copolymers; processing aid for vinyl incl. flooring; tackifier for neoprene in contact adhesives for shoes; good pigment and filler wetting for use in color additives and rubber and plastic compounding; provides glossy nonyel. hard film in coatings; for concrete curing compds., traffic paints; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, polymers; superior heat stability
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.390, 176.170(b), 176.180, 177.1210
- *Properties:* Water-wh.; sol. in aromatic and chlorinated HC, ketones, ethers; insol. in aliphatic HC, alcohols, glycols; melt visc. 230 C (10 poise); soften. pt. (R&B) 142 C; 1% max. volatiles

Hercolyn[®] D [Hercules/Resins; J.H. Calo]

Chem. Descrip.: Methyl hydrogrogenated rosinate

CAS 8050-13-3; EINÉCS/ELINCS 232-476-2

- Uses: Plasticizer, tackifier in finished prods. such as lacquers, inks, cements, adhesives, floor tiles, vinyl plastisols, artificial leather, and antifouling paints; fixative and carrier in perfumes and cosmetic preps.; plasticizer, softener, tackifier for CR, NR, SBR, reclaim rubber, latexes; processing aid and pigment dispersant in rubber; tackifier in cement; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, polymers
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §73.1(b), 172.515, 172.615, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3120, 178.3800, 178.3850, 178.3870
- Properties: Lt. amber visc. liq.; low resinous odor; sol. in ester, ketones, alcohols, ethers, coal tar, petrol. hydrocarbons, and veg. and min. oils; insol. in water; dens. 1.02 kg/l; visc. (G-H) Z2-Z3; vapor pressure < 0.1 mm Hg (20 C); b.p. 360-364 C; acid no. 7; sapon. no. 155; flash pt. (Seta CC) 198 C; ref. index 1.52</p>

Toxicology: May cause skin sensitization; TSCA listed Hi-Mar DFP-203 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary blend of surfactants, silicones in water Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion prods.: CO, CO₂, smoke HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for pulp mill effluent, kraft and sulfite screen Hercules® 4 Defoamer [Hercules] room operations; brownstock defoamer; rapid knockdown of foam Uses: Defoamer for acid and alkaline papermaking systems, deinking sys-Hi-Mar DFP-205 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for pulp mill effluent; provides drainage in kraft tems; high-efficiency Regulatory: FDA compliance mill brownstock washer operations; fast knockdown with min. carryover to Properties: Brick, soapy odor; sp.gr. 0.96; m.p. 54 C; 100% conc. downstream operations; fast spreading; persistent Hercules® 37M6-8 [Hercules] Properties: Nonionic Chem. Descrip .: Formaldehyde sol'n. Hi-Mar DFP-213 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] CAS 50-00-0; EINECS/ELINCS 200-001-8 Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary blend of surfactants in water-based formulation Uses: For mfg. of syn. resins by reaction with phenols, urea, melamines for Uses: Defoamer for pulp mill effluent and paper machine, screening, and molded goods, elec. insulation, binders, plywood adhesives, varnishes, bleaching operations; rec. where high temps. are not present; amide- and oilwet-str. resins for paper and textiles; chem. intermediate free; fast spreading Hercules® 2043 [Hercules] Hi-Mar DFP-301 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] Chem. Descrip.: Polyamide/epichlorohydrin ag. sol'n. Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for kraft mills; enhances drainage in softwood Uses: Vehicle for water-based flexographic inks, dye- and pigment-based inks; provides bleedfastness and rub resist. to tissue and towel inks; foodand hardwood; reduces amt. of downstream defoamer needed; oil-free; contact paper/paperboard does not interfere with oxygen delignification processes; reduces salt cake Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 losses and potential for pitch Properties: Liq.; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.080; visc. 75-95 cps; f.p. 28 F; pH 2.5-Properties: 100% act. 3.0; 27% total solids, 12.8% N; cationic Hi-Mar DFP-401 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] Precaution: Incompat. with anionic resins, e.g., shellac Chem. Descrip .: Oil base Uses: Brownstock defoamer effective on hardwood and softwood; defoamer Storage: Undergoes some hydrolysis and self-crosslinking during storage; 3 mos shelf life when stored below 90 F on systems with oxygen delignification; low wax and silica Heucosperse[™] I [Heucotech Ltd] Properties: 100% act.; nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Organic pigment disps. in aq. acrylic resin sol'n. Hi-Mar DFP-403 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] Uses: Pigments for cost-effective coloring of kraft paper and corrugated board; Chem. Descrip .: Oil base some designed for improved adhesion Uses: Brownstock defoamer effective on hardwood and softwood; low wax Heveatex NR [Heveatex] and amide content; rapid spreader Chem. Descrip.: Natural rubber latexes and compds. Hi-Mar DFP-405 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] CAS 9006-04-6 Chem. Descrip .: Oil base Uses: Used for adhesive dipping compds., foam compds., coatings for Uses: Amide/silica brownstock defoamer effective on hardwood and softtextiles, paper, etc.; prevulcanized wood; exc. carry through to second and third stage washers Hi-Mar DFP-411 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] Hi-Mar DFC-21 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] Uses: Defoamer for paper coatings, adhesives, and high gloss latex paints; Chem. Descrip .: Oil base promotes defect-free surf. films; compat. with most paper coatings containing Uses: Brownstock defoamer effective on hardwood and softwood, and decklatex, polyvinyl alcohol, starch, and clay ers; amide-free; fast spreading; reduces pitch deposition and exc. carry Properties: Water disp.; 100% act.; nonionic through Hi-Mar DFC-26 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] Hi-Mar DFP-413 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] Uses: Defoamer for use in paper coatings; exc. clean-up props. Chem. Descrip.: Oil base Uses: Brownstock defoamer effective on hardwood and softwood; amide-Properties: 100% act. Hi-Mar DFI-51 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] free; rapid foam control and exc. carry through; reduces potential for pitch Uses: Defoamer for paper coatings, adhesives, latex paints, flexo inks; deposits rescue agent for wastewater systems; controls foam in latex stripping, incl. Hi-Mar DFP-503 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] carboxylated SB latex; oil-free; promotes films free from surf. defects; envi-Chem. Descrip.: Organo-metallic oil-based defoamer ronmentally safe; good color acceptance Uses: Defoamer for pulp mill effluent; rescue agent; fast spreading; persistent Properties: 100% act. Hi Selon [Nippon Gohsei; British Traders & Shippers] Chem. Descrip .: Polyvinyl alcohol film Hi-Mar DFI-51-S [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 Uses: Defoamer for use in paper coatings; rescue agent for wastewater systems; controls foam in latex stripping, incl. carboxylated SB latex; Uses: For paper and pkg. stabilized version of Hi-Mar DFI-51; oil-free; promotes films free from surf. Properties: Hot and cold water sol. defects; environmentally safe Hitex-S103 [Hansol] Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene copolymer latex Properties: 100% act. Hi-Mar DFP-31 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] Uses: Binder for web offset printing coated paper and lightweight sheet-offset Chem. Descrip.: Oil-based printing coated paper; high blistering resist.; exc. coater runnability; good chem./mech. stability; good high and low shear visc.; low screen residues Uses: Defoamer for pulp mill effluent systems; rescue agent for microbiological foam; silica-free Regulatory: Nonhazardous by Int'l. transport regs. Properties: 100% act. Properties: Wh. opaque liq.; visc. 200 cps max.; pH 7.5-8.5; surf. tens. 48-Hi-Mar DFP-101 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] 68 dynes/cm; 49-51% solids Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary blend of fatty alcohols and surfactants Storage: Store @ 5-35 C; protect from frost and direct sunlight; if frozen, thaw Uses: Effluent defoamer for kraft and sulfite screen room operations; reduces gradually and stir before use; avoid aluminum, copper and alloy storage entrained air at surf. and potential for downstream deposits vessels or pipework Hitex-S107 [Hansol] Hi-Mar DFP-153 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene copolymer latex Chem. Descrip .: Oil base Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for kraft mill screen room applics.; rapid Uses: Binder for coated paper and board; exc. smoothness, gloss and ink transferability for offset printing, esp. rotogravure printing; high shear stability; bubblebreak Hi-Mar DFP-201 [Hi-Mar Spec.; Thornley] exc. runnability Regulatory: Nonhazardous by Int'l. transport regs. Chem. Descrip .: Oil base Properties: Wh. opaque liq.; visc. 300 cps max.; pH 7-8; surf. tens. 48-68 Uses: Amide/silica brownstock defoamer for paper machine applics. with high temp. linerboard; defoamer in power and recovery systems; effective dynes/cm; 49-51% solids on hardwood and softwood Storage: Store @ 5-35 C; protect from frost and direct sunlight; if frozen, thaw

gradually and stir before use; avoid aluminum, copper and alloy storage Chem. Descrip.: Butylene glycol montanate, calcium montanate Uses: Internal/external lubricant and release agent for PVC, polyolefins, vessels or pipework Hitex-S108 [Hansol] polyamide, PS, linear polyester, TPU, thermosets, etc.; protective, corro-Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene copolymer latex sion-inhibiting wax for metalworking; solv.-based polishes esp. pastes, Uses: Binder for coated paper and board; exc. smoothness, gloss and ink carbon paper; maintains clarity of finished prod.; thickener for skin and hair transferability for offset printing; exc. water resist.; high shear stability; exc. creams runnability; high dry and wet pick str.; exc. coating coverage; represses Regulatory: Worldwide food approvals for plastics dust in coating and calendering processes Properties: Ylsh. flakes, powd. (< 500 µm) or fine powd. (< 125 µm); insol. Regulatory: Nonhazardous by Int'l. transport regs. in water; dens. 1.01-1.03 g/cc (20 C); visc. ≈ 300 mPa•s (120 C); drop pt. Properties: Wh. opaque liq.; visc. 400 cps max.; pH 7-8; surf. tens. 45-65 98-104 C; acid no. 10-15; sapon. no. 100-120 dynes/cm; 49-51% solids Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) > 20,000 mg/kg Storage: Store dry @ R.T. Storage: Store @ 5-35 C; protect from frost and direct sunlight; if frozen, thaw gradually and stir before use; avoid aluminum, copper and alloy storage Hoechst Wax PE 890 [Clariant] Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene/VA copolymer vessels or pipework Hitex-S301 [Hansol] CAS 24937-78-8 Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene copolymer latex Uses: Wax for paints and paper coatings; carrier for additive and pigment Uses: Binder for coated paper and board; sm. particle size; high speed concentrates; modifier for hot-melt adhesives and coatings; food-contact runnability; exc. fiber coverage; very high pick str.; good ink gloss adhesives/resinous/polymeric coatings Regulatory: Nonhazardous by Int'l. transport regs. Regulatory: EC, FDA §175.105, 175.300, 177.1350 compliant Properties: Wh. opaque liq.; visc. 400 cps max.; pH 7-8; surf. tens. 48-68 Properties: Almost wh. fine grain; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.93-0.95; visc. ≈ dynes/cm; 49-51% solids 320 mPa•s; drop pt. 94-99 C Storage: Store @ 5-35 C; protect from frost and direct sunlight; if frozen, thaw Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg gradually and stir before use; avoid aluminum, copper and alloy storage Environmental: Nontoxic to fish vessels or pipework Storage: Keep in dry storage @ R.T. Hoechst Wax PED 121 [Clariant] Hitox® [TOR Mins.] Chem. Descrip .: Rutile titanium dioxide Chem. Descrip .: Oxidized polyethylene wax *Chem. Analysis:* TiO_2 (95%), Fe_2O_3 (< 2%), SiO_2 (< 1%), moisture CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 (< 0.5% @ 110 C) Uses: Wax for emulsions for citrus fruit coating and textiles; food-contact CAS 1317-80-2; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5 polymer; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard Uses: Pigment used in coatings (alkyds, acrylic urethanes, high solids in contact with aq./fatty foods systems, water reducibles, water bases, powd. coatings), inks, adhesives, Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.260, 175.300, 176.170, 177.1620, etc.; BqVV paper, foundry prods., building prods., caulks, sealants, floor tiles, in plastics approved Properties: Almost wh. flakes; dens. 0.97-0.99 g/cm³ (20 C); visc. ≈ 200 for PVC pipe and conduit, color concs., vinyl siding; buff-colored, develmPa•s; drop pt. 113-118 C; acid no. 16-19 oped as alternative to wh. titanium dioxide Properties: Beige fine powd., odorless; 1.5 µ avg. particle size; < 0.01% on Storage: Store dry @ R.T. 325 mesh; fineness (Hegman) 7; insol. in water; sp.gr. 4.1; dens. 34.22 lb/ Hoechst Wax PED 153 [Clariant] gal; bulk dens. 39.3 lb/ft³ (pour), 65.5 lb/ft³ (tapped); surf. area 1.124 m²/g; oil Chem. Descrip.: Oxidized PE wax absorp. 24-25; m.p. ≈ 1840 C; b.p. 2500-3000 C; pH 6.5-7.5 CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Toxicology: ACGIHTLV 10 mg/m³ (respirable); dust can cause lung irritation Uses: For textile, leather, paper, and polish dispersions; modifier for hot-melts; Precaution: Nonflamm. release agent for various applics. HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 Regulatory: EC, BgVV compliant Properties: Almost wh. flakes; sp.gr. 0.97-0.99; visc. ≈ 1500 mPa•s; acid HM-0814 [H.B. Fuller] Chem. Descrip.: Polyamide hot-melt adhesive no. 22-27; drop pt. 117-122 C Uses: Adhesive for fiber/foil tube winding operations with exc. adhesion to Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) > 2000 mg/kg metals, foils, coated paper and other dense surfaces Environmental: LC50 > 500 mg/l (golden orfe) Hoechst Wax E [Clariant] Storage: Keep in dry storage @ R.T. Chem. Descrip.: Glycol/butylene glycol montanate Hoechst Wax PED 521 [Clariant] Chem. Descrip .: Polyethylene wax, polar CAS 73138-45-1 Uses: Internal/external lubricant and release agent for PVC, polyolefins, CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 polyamide, PS, linear polyester, TPU, thermosets; for sheet, film and bottle Uses: External lubricant for plasticized and unplasticized PVC, PA, TPU, applics., esp. for tin stabilized systems; also for emulsion polishes, solv.other thermoplastics; reduces sticking of tin-stabilized PVC melts to hot machine parts; emulsions for textiles, leather, paper, and polishes based paste polishes, carbon paper; binder for cosmetic powds. Regulatory: Worldwide food approvals in plastics Regulatory: BGA approval Properties: Pale ylsh. powd. (< 500 µm), fine powd. (< 125 µm), or flakes; Properties: Flakes, fine grains insol. in water; dens. 1.01-1.03 g/cc (20 C); visc. ≈ 30 mm²/s (100 C); drop Hoechst Wax PED 522 [Clariant] pt. 79-85 C; acid no. 15-20; sapon. no. 130-160 *Chem. Descrip.:* Oxidized polyethylene CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) > 20,000 mg/kg Storage: Store dry @ R.T. Uses: Wax for emulsions for textiles, leather, paper, and polishes Properties: Flakes, gran. Hoechst Wax KSL [Clariant] Chem. Descrip.: Glycol/butylene glycol montanate Hoechst Wax PED 821 [Clariant] Chem. Descrip .: Oxidized PE wax CAS 73138-45-1 Uses: Wax for polishes, esp. dry-bright emulsions, paper and film coating, CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 emulsions for citrus fruit coating Uses: For textile, leather, paper, glass industry, and polish dispersions; Hoechst Wax LP [Clariant] rheology control agent for paints and coatings; modifier for hot-melts and coatings; release agent for various applics. Chem. Descrip .: Montan acid wax CAS 68476-03-9; EINECS/ELINCS 270-664-6 Regulatory: EC, BgVV compliant; FDA §172.260, 175.105, 177.1620 com-Uses: Lubricant for plastics; water repellent for textiles; emulsifier for paraffins pliant in corrosion inhibitors; also for emulsion polishes, color bases, scouring Properties: Almost wh. fine grain; sp.gr. 0.94-0.96; visc. ≈ 180 mPa•s; acid waxes, industrial wax emulsions for textiles, paper, wood, etc. no. 14-18; drop pt. 102-108 C Properties: YIsh. flakes; insol. in water; dens. 1.00-1.02 g/cc (20 C); visc. ≈ Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg 30 mm²/s (100 C); drop pt. 82-89 C; acid no. 113-130; sapon. no. 140-160 Environmental: Nontoxic to fish and bacteria Hoechst Wax OP [Clariant] Storage: Keep in dry storage @ R.T.
Hoechst Wax PED 822 Hoechst Wax PED 822 [Clariant] Chem. Descrip .: Oxidized PE wax CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: For textile, leather, paper, glass industry, and polish dispersions; rheology control agent for paints and coatings; modifier for hot-melts and coatings; release agent for various applics. Regulatory: EC, BgVV compliant; FDA §175.105 compliant Properties: Almost wh. fine grain; sp.gr. 0.94-0.96; visc. ≈ 120 mPa•s; acid no. 25-29; drop pt. 100-104 C Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg Environmental: Nontoxic to fish and bacteria Storage: Keep in dry storage @ R.T. Hoechst Wax S [Clariant] Chem. Descrip .: Montan acid wax CAS 68476-03-9; EINECS/ELINCS 270-664-6 Uses: Lubricant and internal release agent for PVC, polyolefins, polyamide, PS, linear polyesters, TPU, thermosets, etc.; also for emulsion polishes, color bases, scouring waxes, industrial wax emulsions for textiles, paper, wood, etc. Regulatory: Worldwide food approvals for use in plastics Properties: Pale ylsh. powd. (< 500 µm), fine powd. (< 125 µm), or flakes; insol. in water; dens. 1.00-1.02 g/cc; visc. ≈ 30 mm²/s (100 C); drop pt. 81-87 C; acid no. 130-150; sapon. no. 155-175 Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 15,000 mg/kg Storage: Store dry @ R.T. Hoechst Wax UL [Clariant] Chem. Descrip .: Montan acid wax CAS 68476-03-9; EINECS/ELINCS 270-664-6 Uses: Lubricant for plastics; also for emulsion polishes, color bases, scouring waxes, industrial wax emulsions for textiles, paper, wood, etc. Properties: Ylsh. flakes; insol. in water; dens. 1.00-1.02 g/cc (20 C); visc. ≈ 30 mm²/s (100 C); drop pt. 81-87 C; acid no. 100-115; sapon. no. 130-160 Hombitan® R 610 L [Sachtleben Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Titanium dioxide, stabilized, surf.-treated, micronized rutile CAS 13463-67-7; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5 Uses: Pigment for decorative papers, plastics, and printing inks Properties: Dens. 4.0 g/ml; pH 7 HP-95[™] [Engelhard] Chem. Descrip.: Kaolin-based hybrid pigment Uses: Pigment, TiO₂ extender for papermaking HT-Proteolytic® 200 [Genencor Int'l.] Chem. Descrip.: Bacterial protease CAS 9014-01-1; EINECS/ELINCS 232-752-2 Uses: Enzyme for hydrolysis of proteins for baking (cracker/cookie gluten modification), brewing (malt supplementation), candy, fermentation, fish/soya processing, protein modification, animal feed supplements, laundry detergents, leather dehairing/bating, paper, photographic, textile desizing, waste treatment, and for cleaning protein processing equip.; food-grade; effective over neutral and alkaline pH range Use Level: 0.01-0.1% on substrate Properties: Wh. to It. tan amorphous dry powd., free of offensive odor; readily water-sol. Storage: Activity loss < 10% in 1 yr stored in sealed containers under cool, dry conditions; 5 C storage extends life Huber BC® [Huber Engineered Materials] Uses: Structured pigment for paperboard coatings; reduces cost of paperboard coatings containing high levels of TiO₂ Properties: Slurry; 0.005% 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.60; visc. 200-450 cps; brightness (TAPPI) 90-92%; ref. index 1.57; pH 6-8 (28% solids); 68-69.5% slurry solids Huber PK 102[®] [Huber Engineered Materials] Chem. Descrip.: Chemically modified clay Uses: Clay controlling natural and syn. pitch deposits in paper and paperboard Properties: Dry; 80-85% finer than 2 µ; 0.5% 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.60; brightness (TAPPI) 74-76%; ref. index 1.57; pH 4-5 (28% solids); 2-4% moisture

Hubercarb® Optifil [Huber Engineered Materials]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate Chem. Analysis: CaCO₃ (99.3%), MgCO₃ (0.3%), cryst. silica (0.02%), moisture (0.01%)

CAS 471-34-1; EÍNECS/ELINCS 207-439-9

Properties: Powd.; 2 μ median particle size; 99% finer than 10 μ , 81% finer than 3 μ ; fineness (Hegman) 6.5; dens. 22.6 lb/solid gal; bulk dens. 50 lb/ ft³ (loose); oil absorp. 17; brightness 93

Hubercarb® Optifil T [Huber Engineered Materials]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate, surf. modified *Chem. Analysis:* CaCO₃ (99.3%), MgCO₃ (0.3%), cryst. silica (0.02%),

moisture (0.01%) Uses: Filler/extender for plastics, caulks/sealants, rubber, adhesives, ceramics, paper, cleansers, paints/coatings; provides better disp. in polymers, higher potential filler loadings, improved physical props.

Properties: Powd.; 2 μ median particle size; 99% finer than 10 μ, 81% finer than 3 μ; fineness (Hegman) 6.5; dens. 22.6 lb/solid gal; bulk dens. 50 lb/ ft³ (loose); oil absorp. 16; brightness 92

Hubercarb® Q1 [Huber Engineered Materials]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate

Chem. Analysis: CaCO₃ (96.5%), MgCO₃ (2%), SiO₂ (1.2%), moisture (0.6%)

- CÀS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9
- Uses: Filler/extender for plastics, caulks/sealants, rubber (NR, SR, latex), adhesives, glass, ceramics, paper, cleansers, paints/coatings, pesticides, asphalt, drilling mud, rice polishing, environmental cleanup; inorg. color extender; hardens or stiffens rubber stocks; dusting agent; mold release; disperses readily

Properties: Ultrafine powd.; 1 μ median particle size; 99.9% finer than 10 μ, 90% finer than 3 μ; fineness (Hegman) 5.5; bulk dens. 30 lb/ft³ (loose); oil absorp. 20; brightness 90

Hubercarb[®] Q 1T [Huber Engineered Materials]

- *Chem. Descrip.*: Calcium carbonate, surface modified with 1% stearates *Chem. Analysis:* CaCO₃ (96.5%), MqCO₃ (2%), SiO₂ (1.2%)
- Uses: Filler/extender for plastics, caulks/sealants, rubber, adhesives, glass, ceramics, paper, cleansers, paints/coatings, pesticides, asphalt, drilling mud, rice polishing, environmental cleanup; surf. modification provides more rapid and complete dispersion in polymers, higher potential filler loadings, reduced abrasion to equip., less sensitivity to moisture

Properties: Oil absorp. 21 Hubercarb® Q2 [Huber Engineered Materials]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate

- *Chem. Analysis:* CaCO₃ (96.5%), MgCO₃ (2%), SiO₂ (1.2%), moisture (0.25%)
- CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9
- Uses: Filler/extender for plastics, caulks/sealants, rubber, adhesives, glass, ceramics, paper, cleansers, paints/coatings, pesticides, asphalt, drilling mud, rice polishing, environmental cleanup
- Properties: Fine powd.; 2 μ median particle size; 99.9% finer than 10 μ , 99% finer than 8 μ ; fineness (Hegman) 6.5; bulk dens. 44 lb/ft³ (loose); oil absorp. 18; brightness 90

Hubercarb[®] Q 2T [Huber Engineered Materials]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate, surface modified with 1% stearates *Chem. Analysis*: CaCO₃ (96.5%), MgCO₃ (2%), SiO₂ (1.2%)

Uses: Filler/extender for plastics, caulks/sealants, rubber, adhesives, glass, ceramics, paper, cleansers, paints/coatings, pesticides, asphalt, drilling mud, rice polishing, environmental cleanup; surf. modification provides more rapid and complete dispersion in polymers, higher potential filler loadings, reduced abrasion to equip., less sensitivity to moisture

Properties: Oil absorp. 16

Hubercarb® Q 3 [Huber Engineered Materials]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate

- *Chem. Analysis:* CaCO₃ (96.5%), MgCO₃ (2%), SiO₂ (1.2%), moisture (0.2%)
- CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9
- Uses: Filler/extender for plastics, caulks/sealants, rubber (NR, SR, latex), adhesives, glass, ceramics, paper, cleansers, paints/coatings, pesticides, asphalt, drilling mud, rice polishing, environmental cleanup; inorg. color extender; hardens or stiffens rubber stocks; dusting agent; mold release; disperses readily

Properties: Fine powd.; 3 μ median particle size; 99.99% finer than 20 μ , 97% finer than 10 μ ; fineness (Hegman) 6; bulk dens. 40 lb/ft³ (loose); oil absorp. 18; brightness 89

Hubercarb[®] Q 3T [Huber Engineered Materials]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate, surface modified with 1% stearates

Chem. Analysis: CaCO₃ (96.5%), MgCO₃ (2%), SiO₂ (1.2%) Uses: Filler/extender for plastics, caulks/sealants, rubber, adhesives, glass, ceramics, paper, cleansers, paints/coatings, pesticides, asphalt, drilling mud, rice polishing, environmental cleanup; surf. modification provides more rapid and complete dispersion in polymers, higher potential filler loadings, reduced abrasion to equip., less sensitivity to moisture Properties: Oil absorp. 15 Hubercarb[®] Q 4 [Huber Engineered Materials] Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate *Chem. Analysis:* CaCO₃ (96.5%), MgCO₃ (2%), SiO₂ (1.2%), moisture (0.2%) CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9 Uses: Filler/extender for plastics, caulks/sealants, rubber (NR, SR, latex), adhesives, glass, ceramics, paper, cleansers, paints/coatings, pesticides, asphalt, drilling mud, rice polishing, environmental cleanup; inorg. color extender; hardens or stiffens rubber stocks; dusting agent; mold release; disperses readily Properties: Fine powd.; 4 µ median particle size; 99.99% thru 325 mesh, 95% finer than 10 μ; fineness (Hegman) 6; bulk dens. 40 lb/ft³ (loose); oil absorp. 17; brightness 88 Hubercarb[®] Q 6 [Huber Engineered Materials] Chem. Descrip .: Calcium carbonate *Chem. Analysis:* CaCO₃ (96.5%), MgCO₃ (2%), SiO₂ (1.2%), moisture (0.15%)CÀS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9 Uses: Filler/extender for plastics, caulks/sealants, rubber (NR, SR, latex), adhesives, glass, ceramics, paper, cleansers, paints/coatings, pesticides, asphalt, drilling mud, rice polishing, environmental cleanup; inorg. color extender; hardens or stiffens rubber stocks; dusting agent; mold release; disperses readily Properties: Fine powd.; 6 µ median particle size; 99.99% thru 325 mesh, 95% finer than 20 µ; fineness (Hegman) 4; bulk dens. 45 lb/ft3 (loose); oil absorp. 16; brightness 87 Hubercarb[®] Q 6-20 [Huber Engineered Materials] Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate *Chem. Analysis:* CaCO₃ (96.5%), MgCO₃ (2%), SiO₂ (1.2%), moisture (0.05%)CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9 Uses: Filler/extender for plastics, caulks/sealants, rubber, adhesives, glass, ceramics, paper, cleansers, paints/coatings, pesticides, asphalt, drilling mud, rice polishing, environmental cleanup Properties: Gran.; 95% thru 8 mesh, 60% thru 12 mesh; bulk dens. 90 lb/ft³ (loose) Hubercarb® Q 20-60 [Huber Engineered Materials] Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate *Chem. Analysis:* CaCO₃ (96.5%), MgCO₃ (2%), SiO₂ (1.2%), moisture (0.05%)CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9 Uses: Filler/extender for plastics, caulks/sealants, rubber, adhesives, glass, ceramics, paper, cleansers, paints/coatings, pesticides, asphalt, drilling mud, rice polishing, environmental cleanup Properties: Gran.; 100% thru 12 mesh, 98% thru 20 mesh; bulk dens. 85 lb/ ft³ (loose) Hubercarb® Q 40-200 [Huber Engineered Materials] Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate *Chem. Analysis:* CaCO₃ (96.5%), MgCO₃ (2%), SiO₂ (1.2%), moisture (0.05%) CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9 Uses: Filler/extender for plastics, caulks/sealants, rubber, adhesives, glass, ceramics, paper, cleansers, paints/coatings, pesticides, asphalt, drilling mud, rice polishing, environmental cleanup Properties: Gran.; 98% thru 40 mesh, 70% thru 60 mesh; bulk dens. 85 lb/ ft³ (loose) Hubercarb® Q 60 [Huber Engineered Materials] Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate *Chem. Analysis:* CaCO₃ (96.5%), MgCO₃ (2%), SiO₂ (1.2%), moisture (0.05%)CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9 Uses: Filler/extender for plastics, caulks/sealants, rubber, adhesives, glass, ceramics, paper, cleansers, paints/coatings, pesticides, asphalt, drilling mud,

rice polishing, environmental cleanup Properties: Med. fine powd.; 20 μ median particle size; 99.5% thru 40 mesh, 97% thru 100 mesh; bulk dens. 55 lb/ft³ (loose); oil absorp. 12; brightness 80 Hubercarb® Q 100 [Huber Engineered Materials] *Chem. Descrip.:* Calcium carbonate

- *Chem. Analysis:* CaCO₃ (96.5%), MgCO₃ (2%), SiO₂ (1.2%), moisture (0.05%)
- CÀS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9
- Uses: Filler/extender for plastics, caulks/sealants, rubber, adhesives, glass, ceramics, paper, cleansers, paints/coatings, pesticides, asphalt, drilling mud, rice polishing, environmental cleanup

Properties: Med. fine powd.; 24 µ median particle size; 99% thru 60 mesh, 98% thru 100 mesh; bulk dens. 55 lb/ft³ (loose); oil absorp. 12; brightness 83

- Hubercarb® Q 200 [Huber Engineered Materials] Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate
 - *Chem. Analysis:* CaCO₃ (96.5%), MgCO₃ (2%), SiO₂ (1.2%), moisture (0.05%)
 - CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9
 - Uses: Filler/extender for plastics, caulks/sealants, rubber, adhesives, glass, ceramics, paper, cleansers, paints/coatings, pesticides, asphalt, drilling mud, rice polishing, environmental cleanup

Properties: Med. fine powd.; 19 µ median particle size; 99.9% thru 60 mesh, 99% thru 100 mesh; bulk dens. 55 lb/ft³ (loose); oil absorp. 12; brightness 84

- Hubercarb® Q 200T [Huber Engineered Materials]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Calcium carbonate, surface modified with 1% stearates *Chem. Analysis:* CaCO₃ (96.5%), MgCO₃ (2%), SiO₂ (1.2%)
 - Uses: Filler/extender for plastics, caulks/sealants, rubber, adhesives, glass, ceramics, paper, cleansers, paints/coatings, pesticides, asphalt, drilling mud, rice polishing, environmental cleanup; dusting agent, mold release agent for rubber; surf. modification provides more rapid and complete dispersion in polymers, higher potential filler loadings, reduced abrasion to equip., less sensitivity to moisture
 - Properties: Oil absorp. 12
- Hubercarb® Q 325 [Huber Engineered Materials]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate Chem. Analysis: CaCO, (96.5%) MgCO, (2%) S
 - *Chem. Analysis:* CaCO₃ (96.5%), MgCO₃ (2%), SiO₂ (1.2%), moisture (0.1%)
 - CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9
 - Uses: Filler/extender for plastics, caulks/sealants, rubber (NR, SR, latex), plastics, adhesives, glass, ceramics, paper, cleansers, paints/coatings, pesticides, asphalt, drilling mud, rice polishing, environmental cleanup; dusting agent; mold release; inorg. color extender; hardens or stiffens rubber stocks; disperses readily
 - Properties: Wh. med. fine powd.; 13 µ median particle size; 99.7% thru 200 mesh, 99.5% thru 325 mesh; bulk dens. 50 lb/ft³ (loose); oil absorp. 14; brightness 86
- Hubercarb® W 2 [Huber Engineered Materials]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate
 - Chem. Analysis: CaCO₃ (99.3%), moisture (0.07%)
 - CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9
 - *Uses:* Filler and extender for moisture-sensitive applics. such as SMC, BMC, TMC, polyethylene film and single-component urethane caulks, and for paints and coatings, rubber, adhesives, ceramics, paper, nonabrasive cleaners; low moisture pickup
 - *Properties:* Powd.; 2 μ median particle size; 100% finer than 10 μ ; 89% finer than 5 μ ; fineness (Hegman) 6.5; bulk dens. 50 lb/ft³ (loose); oil absorp. 17; brightness 93

HuberCarb® W 2T [Huber Engineered Materials]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate, surface modified with 1% stearates *Chem. Analysis:* CaCO₃ (99.3%), moisture (0.07%)

- Uses: Filler and extender for moisture-sensitive applics. such as SMC, BMC, TMC, polyethylene film and single-component urethane caulks, and for paints and coatings, rubber, adhesives, ceramics, paper, nonabrasive cleaners; low moisture pickup; surface modification provides better dispersion in polymers, higher potential filler loadings, reduced abrasion to equip., less sensitivity to moisture
- Properties: Powd.; 2 μ median particle size; 100% finer than 10 μ , 89% finer than 5 μ ; fineness (Hegman) 6.5; bulk dens. 50 lb/ft³ (loose); oil absorp. 16; brightness 93
- Hubercarb[®] W 3 [Huber Engineered Materials]
- Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate
 - *Chem. Analysis:* CaCO₃ (99.3%), MgCO₃ (0.3%), cryst. silica (0.02%), moisture (0.07%)
 - CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9

Uses: Filler and extender for moisture-sensitive applics. such as SMC, BMC, TMC, polyethylene film and single-component urethane caulks, and for paints and coatings, rubber, adhesives, ceramics, paper, ponabrasive	Нус
cleaners; low moisture pickup	
<i>Properties:</i> Powd.; 3 μ median particle size; 99.9% finer than 20 μ; 94% finer than 8 μ; fineness (Hegman) 6; bulk dens. 50 lb/ft ³ (loose); oil absorp. 15: brightness 93	1
Hubercarb® W 3N [Huber Engineered Materials]	Нус
Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate Chem. Analysis: CaCO. (99.3%), MaCO. (0.3%), cryst. silica. (0.02%)	
moisture (0.07%)	
CAS 4/1-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 20/-439-9	
ics, paper, cleansers, paints/coatings	Нус
Properties: Powd.; 3 µ median particle size; 99% finer than 20 µ, 50% finer	
(loose): oil absorp. 15: brightness 92	
Hubercarb® W 3T [Huber Engineered Materials]	
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Calcium carbonate, surface modified with 1% stearates	
Uses: Filler and extender for moisture-sensitive applics. such as SMC.	
BMC, TMC, polyethylene film and single-component urethane caulks, and	Нус
for paints and coatings, rubber, adhesives, ceramics, paper, nonabrasive	
sion in polymers, higher potential filler loadings, reduced abrasion to equip.,	
less sensitivity to moisture	
<i>Properties:</i> Powd.; 3 µ median particle size; 99.9% finer than 20 µ, 94% finer than 8 µ; fineness (Hegman) 6; bulk dens, 50 lb/ft ³ (loose); oil absorp	Hvc
15; brightness 93	
Hubercarb® W 4 [Huber Engineered Materials]	(
<i>Chem. Analysis:</i> CaCO ₃ (99.3%). MgCO ₃ (0.3%). cryst. silica (0.02%).	,
moisture (0.05%)	
CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9	Hyc
BMC, TMC, polyethylene film and single-component urethane caulks, and	iiye
for paints and coatings, rubber, adhesives, ceramics, paper, nonabrasive	(
cleaners; low moisture pickup Properties: Powd · 4 u median particle size· 99 5% fthr4u 325 mesh· 92%	
finer than 20 µ; fineness (Hegman) 6; bulk dens. 55 lb/ft ³ (loose); oil absorp.	
13; brightness 92	Llvo
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Silicate	пус
Uses: Paper filler	(
Properties: 4 µm avg. particle size; surf. area 60 m ² /g; oil absorp. 120 cc/100 d: pH 10 5(20%)	
g, pri 10.5(2076) H-White [Huber Engineered Materials]	
Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate	Нус
Chem. Analysis: CaCO ₃ (97.7%) CAS 471-34-1: FINECS/FLINCS 207-439-9	(
Uses: Functional filler extender used in coatings, plastic and rubber fillers,	
building prods., ceramics flux, paper fillers, adhesives, cleaning compds.,	
<i>Properties:</i> Wh. irreq., uniaxial particles; particle size 3.0 µ 99.99% thru 500	
mesh; water-sol.; sp.gr. 2.71; dens. 22.6 lb/solid gal, 45 lb/ft ³ ; oil absorp. 16	
ID OII/ 100 ID; FET. INDEX 1.6; NARDNESS (MONS) 3 Hvamine® 3500 50% [Lonza]	Hvc
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Benzalkonium chloride [n-Alkyl = 50% C14, 40% C12,	, j
10% C16]	(
Uses: Bactericide, disinfectant in restaurant and pharmaceutical uses, sanitizers	
for homes, farms, hospitals, dairies, food processing; antistat, bacteriostat on	
Tabrics, sanitized paper; deodorant; preservative; germicide; algicide and slimicide for swimming pools, industrial water treatment, cooling towers:	Hvc
sanitizer for food processing equip.	iiyo
Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 6836-94; FDA approved: sanitizer for food process-	
ing equip. Properties: Pale vel. clear lig., mild odor: misc. with water, lower alcohols	
ketones; m.w. 359.6; sp.gr. 0.96; dens. 8.0 lb/gal; visc. 42 cps; pour pt. 15	
F; flash pt. (PM) 105 F; pH 7-9 (5%); surf. tens. 34 dynes/cm (0.1%);	Нус

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 894 mg/kg; toxic to fish

- cal® [Huber Engineered Materials]
- Chem. Descrip.: Calcined clay

Uses: Structured clay for filler, paper/paperboard, paper coating applics. *Properties:* Dry; 86-96% finer than 2 μ; 0.01% max. 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.60; brightness (TAPPI) 92-94%; ref. index 1.57; pH 5-7 (28%

solids); 0.5% max. moisture Hycar® 1552 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Nitrile latex

CAS 9003-18-3

Uses: Used for adhesives, carpet backcoating, paper coatings and saturation, pigment binding, textile coatings; exhibits fast penetration

Properties: Sp.gr. 0.99; visc. 35 cps; pH 10.8; med. ACN; 53% solids ccar® 1561 [BFGoodrich]

- Chem. Descrip.: Acrylonitrile copolymer latex with nonstaining antioxidant CAS 9003-18-3
 - Uses: Latex with good binding for adhesives, abrasion-resist. coatings, leather and textile finishes, nonwoven fabric and pigment bindings, resin modification, paper coatings, saturation; exhibits fast penetration
- Properties: Sp.gr. 1.0041; dens. 8.35 lb/gal; visc. 27 cps; pH 10.8; surf. tens. 50 dynes/cm; high ACN; 41% solids; anionic

Hycar® 1562 [BFGoodrich]

- Chem. Descrip.: Nitrile latex
- CAS 9003-18-3

Uses: Used for adhesives, leather and textile finishes, paper coatings and saturation, pigment binding, resin modification; exhibits fast penetration

Properties: Sp.gr. 0.99; višc. 30 cps; pH 10.8; med. ACN; 41% solids ycar® 1571 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylic nitrile latex

CAS 9003-18-3

Uses: Used for adhesives, grease- and oil-resist. coatings, leather and textile finishes, pigment and nonwoven fabric bindings, paper saturation, resin modification

Properties: Sp.gr. 1.00; visc. 28 cps; pH 8.0; high ACN; 41% solids /car® 1572 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylic nitrile latex, heat-reactive

CAS 9003-18-3

Uses: Used for adhesives, leather and textile finishes, nonwoven fabric and pigment bindings, paper coatings and saturation, resin modification, oil- and grease-resist. prods.

Properties: Sp.gr. 1.00; visc. 32 cps; pH 7.0; med. ACN; 50% solids /car® 1572X64 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Nitrile latex, heat-reactive

CAS 9003-18-3

Uses: Used for adhesives, nonwoven fabric and pigment binding, leather finishes, paper coatings, oil- and grease-resist. materials

Properties: Sp.gr. 0.99; visc. 85 cps; pH 6.5; med. ACN; 47% solids ar® **1577** [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Butadiene-acrylonitrile-styrene terpolymer latex CAS 9003-56-9

Uses: Used for waterproof and greaseproof coatings, leather finishes, paints, paper coatings, and nonwoven binders and saturation; food pkg. adhesives; in resin-bonded filters for food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.2260

Properties: Sp.gr. 1.01; visc. 28 cps; pH 10.3-11.0; surf. tens. 48 dynes/cm (29 C); 39-42% solids

lycar® 1578X1 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: ABS latex, heat-reactive

CAS 9003-56-9

Uses: Used for water and grease-resist. coatings, leather and textile finishing, nonwoven binders, paper coatings

Properties: Sp.gr. 1.01; visc. 80 cps; pH 8.0; surf. tens. 42 dynes/cm; 50% solids

ycar® 2671 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic latex, heat-reactive

Uses: Used for adhesives, flock adhesives, textile backcoatings, nonwoven fabric binding, paper saturation, leather finishes, coatings; produces med. films

Properties: Sp.gr. 1.07; visc. 170 cps; pH 5.1; 53% solids

Hycar® 2679 [BFGoodrich]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic latex, heat-reactive Uses: Used for laminating adhesives, flock adhesives, textile finishes, non-

woven binding, paper saturation, and foam backcoatings for textiles; pro-CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7 duces med. films Uses: Wh. pigment for use in paper filling and coating applics.; flame retardant Properties: Sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 100 cps; pH 3.7; 49% solids for paper and composites; offers high brightness, low abrasion; low binder Hycar® 26084 [BFGoodrich] demand Properties: Wh. dry pigment (or slurry); 70-80% < 2 μ particle size; 1.5 μ Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic latex, heat-reactive median particle size; 0.01% max. on 325 mesh; slurry sp.gr. 1.7; absolute Uses: Used for paper coatings, textile backcoatings, nonwoven saturation, dens. 2.42 g/cc; slurry visc. 50-150 cps; surf. area 10-14; TAPPI brightleather finishes, paper saturation, adhesives; produces firm films Properties: Sp.gr. 1.07; visc. 110 cps; pH 6.1; 48% solids ness 98-99; ref. index 1.57; pH 7-9 (20% solids); hardness (Moh) 2.5-3.5; Hycar® 26092 [BFGoodrich] slurry 70% solids Hydrad[™]20 [Huber Engineered Materials] Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic latex, heat-reactive Uses: Used for adhesives, nonwoven fabric binding, textile finishes, pig-Chem. Descrip.: Hydrated alumina, 99.5% Chem. Analysis: AI(OH)3 (99.5%), free moisture (0.5-0.6%) mented coatings, paper saturation, foam backcoatings for textiles; produces med, films CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7 Properties: Sp.gr. 1.07; visc. 170 cps; pH 5.1; 53% solids Uses: Wh. pigment for use in paper filling and coating applics.; flame retardant Hycar[®] 26106 [BFGoodrich] for paper and composites; offers high brightness, low abrasion; low binder Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic latex, heat-reactive demand Uses: Used for protective coatings, paper saturation, adhesives, nonwoven *Properties:* Wh. dry pigment (or slurry); 70-80% < 2 μ particle size; 2 μ median particle size; 0.01% max. on 325 mesh; slurry sp.gr. 1.7; absolute fabric bindings; produces stiff films Properties: Sp.gr. 1.05; visc. 80 cps; pH 5.0; 50% solids dens. 2.42 g/cc; slurry visc. 50-150 cps; surf. area 11-13; TAPPI brightness Hycar[®] 26138 [BFGoodrich] 94-96; ref. index 1.57; pH 7-9 (20% solids); hardness (Moh) 2.5-3.5; slurry Chem. Descrip .: Acrylic latex, heat-reactive 70% solids Hydrad[™] C [Huber Engineered Materials] Uses: Self-crosslinking latex used for textile laminating adhesives, abrasion-Chem. Descrip.: Hydrated alumina resist. textile and paper coatings, textile sizing, paper saturation, nonwoven binders, metal coatings, textile finishing; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7 paper, polymers, rubber articles; produces stiff films Uses: Wh. pigment for use in paper filling and coating applics.; offers high Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, brightness, low abrasion 176.180, 177.1010, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2260, 177.2600, 178.3790 *Properties:* Wh. pigment; $47\% < 2 \mu$ particle size; $26\% < 1 \mu$; 16% < 0.5Properties: Sp.gr. 1.07; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. 60 cps; pH 5.5; surf. tens. 43 μ ; 12% > 5 μ ; 2% > 10 μ ; 0.01% max. on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 2.42; visc. 125 cps (70% solids); brightness (TAPPI) 96%; ref. index 1.57; pH 9-10 dynes/cm; 50% solids; anionic (20%); 1% max. moisture Hydrad™ F [Huber Engineered Materials] Hycar[®] 26322 [BFGoodrich] Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic latex, heat-reactive Uses: Used for paper saturation, leather finishing, nonwoven binders; pro-Chem. Descrip.: Hydrated alumina CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7 duces soft films Properties: Sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 40 cps; pH 6.0; 50% solids *Uses:* Wh. pigment for use in paper filling and coating applics.; offers high brightness, low abrasion Hydrad[™] 10 [Huber Engineered Materials] *Properties:* Wh. pigment; 29% < 2 μ particle size; 25% < 5 μ ; 13% < 1 μ ; Chem. Descrip.: Hydrated alumina, 99.5% Chem. Analysis: AI(OH)₃ (99.5%), free moisture (0.5-0.6%) $6\% > 5 \mu$; $5\% > 10 \mu$; 0.01% max. 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.42; visc. CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7 75 cps (70% solids); brightness TAPPI) 94%; ref. index 1.57; pH 9-10 Uses: Wh. pigment for use in paper filling and coating applics.; flame retardant (28%); 1% max. moisture Hydrad[™] HBC [Huber Engineered Materials] for paper and composites; offers high brightness, low abrasion; low binder demand Chem. Descrip.: Hydrated alumina CAS 21645-51-2; ÉINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7 Properties: Wh. dry pigment (or slurry); 85-95% < 2 µ particle size; 0.9-1.3 µ median particle size; 0.01% max. on 325 mesh; slurry sp.gr. 1.7; abso-Uses: Wh. pigment for use in paper filling and coating applics.; offers high lute dens. 2.42 g/cc; slurry visc. 100-200 cps; surf. area 10-14; TAPPI brightness, low abrasion brightness 96-98; ref. index 1.57; pH 7-9 (20% solids); hardness (Moh) 2.5-*Properties:* Wh. pigment; $47\% < 2 \mu$ particle size; $26\% < 1 \mu$; 15% < 0.53.5; slurry 70% solids μ ; 12% > 5 μ ; 2% > 10 μ ; 0.01% 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.42; visc. 125 Hydrad[™] 10W [Huber Engineered Materials] cps (70% solids); brightness (TAPPI) 98%; ref. index 1.57; pH 9-10 Chem. Descrip.: Hydrated alumina, 99.5% (20%); 1% max. moisture Hydrad[™] HBF [Huber Engineered Materials] *Chem. Analysis:* Al(OH)₃ (99.5%), free moisture (0.5-0.6%) CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7 Chem. Descrip.: Hydrated alumina Uses: Wh. pigment for use in paper filling and coating applics.; flame retardant CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7 for paper and composites; offers high brightness, low abrasion; low binder Uses: Wh. pigment for use in paper filling and coating applics.; offers high brightness, low abrasion demand Properties: Wh. pigment; 29% < 2 μ particle size; 25% < 5 μ ; 13% < 1 μ ; 6% > 0.5 μ ; 5% > 10 μ ; 0.01% 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.42; visc. 75 Properties: Wh. dry pigment (or slurry); 85-95% < 2 µ particle size; 0.9-1.3 µ median particle size; 0.01% max. on 325 mesh; slurry sp.gr. 1.7; absolute dens. 2.42 g/cc; slurry visc. 50-150 cps; surf. area 10-14; TAPPI cps (70% solids); brightness (TAPPI) 97%; ref. index 1.57; pH 9-10 (20%) brightness 97-99; ref. index 1.57; pH 7-9 (20% solids); hardness (Moh) 2.5-Hydrafil® [Huber Engineered Materials] 3.5; slurry 70% solids Chem. Descrip.: Partially delaminated clay Hydrad[™] 15 [Huber Engineered Materials] Uses: Filler for paper and paperboard Chem. Descrip.: Hydrated alumina, 99.5% Properties: Spray-dried slurry; 0.005% max. 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.60; *Chem. Analysis:* Al(OH)₃ (99.5%), free moisture (0.5-0.6%) visc. 400 cps; brightness (TAPPI) 86.5-88%; ref. index 1.57; pH 6-8 (28% CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7 solids); 68.5-70% slurry solids; 1% max. moisture Uses: Wh. pigment for use in paper filling and coating applics.; flame retardant Hydrafil[®] 90 [Huber Engineered Materials] for paper and composites; offers high brightness, low abrasion; low binder Chem. Descrip.: Partially delaminated clay Uses: Filler for paper and paperboard; high brightness demand Properties: Spray-dried slurry; 0.005% max. 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.60; Properties: Slurry; 70-80% < 2 µ particle size; 1.5 µ median particle size; visc. 400 cps; brightness (TAPPI) 89-90%; ref. index 1.57; pH 6-8 (28% 0.01% max. on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 2.42; visc. 50-150 cps; surf. area 10-14; brightness (TAPPI) 94-96%; ref. index 1.57; pH 7-9 (28% solids); hardsolids); 69.5-71% slurry solids; 1% max. moisture Hydrafine® [Huber Engineered Materials] ness (Moh) 2.5-3.5; slurry 70% solids; 1% max. moisture Chem. Descrip.: Partially delaminated clay Hydrad[™] 15W [Huber Engineered Materials] Chem. Descrip.: Hydrated alumina, 99.5% Uses: Pigment for paper and paperboard; multipurpose Properties: Spray-dried slurry; 90-96% finer than 2 µ; 0.005% max. 325 *Chem. Analysis:* Al(OH)₃ (99.5%), free moisture (0.5-0.6%)

mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.60; visc. 450 cps; brightness (TAPPI) 87-88.5%; ref. index 1.57; pH 6-8 (28% solids); 68.5-70% slurry solids; 1% max. moisture Hydrafine[®] 90 [Huber Engineered Materials] Uses: High glossing clay for paper/paperboard; provides balance of print gloss, sheet gloss, and brightness Properties: Spray-dried slurry; 90-96% finer than 2 µ; 0.005% max. 325 mesh residue; visc. 450 cps; brightness (TAPPI) 90.0-91.5; pH 6-8 (28% solids); 69.5-71% slurry solids; 1% max. moisture Hydragloss [Omya Croxton+Garry] Chem. Descrip.: Clay $(Al_2O_3 \cdot 2SiO_2 \cdot 2H_2O)$ Chem. Analysis: moisture (1%) CAS 1327-36-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-475-1 Uses: Coating clay for high quality paper and board; high gloss, high surf. area Properties: Spray dried powd.; 0.01% on 325 mesh screen; 94-97% < 2 µm particle size; visc. 350 cps; surf. area 22 m²/g; pH 6-7.5 (28% solids); TAPPI brightness 86.5-88% Hydragloss[®] [Huber Engineered Materials] Uses: High glossing clay for paper/paperboard; std. brightness, easy finish-Properties: Spray-dried slurry; 92-98% finer than 2 µ; 0.005% max. 325 mesh residue; visc. 400 cps; brightness (TAPPI) 87-88; pH 6-8 (28% solids); 69.5-71% slurry solids; 1% max. moisture Hydragloss® 90 [Huber Engineered Materials] Uses: High glossing clay for paper/paperboard, premium sheet; high brightness Properties: Spray-dried slurry; 96-100% finer than 2 µ; 0.005% max. 325 mesh residue; visc. 400 cps; brightness (TAPPI) 90.0-91.5; pH 6-8 (28% solids); 69.5-71% slurry solids; 1% max. moisture Hydragloss[®] 92 [Huber Engineered Materials] Uses: High glossing clay for paper/paperboard; unmatched brightness; bluewh. shade Properties: Spray-dried slurry; 98-100% finer than 2 µ; 0.005% max. 325 mesh residue; visc. 700 cps; brightness (TAPPI) 92.0-92.5; pH 6-8 (28% solids); 69.5-71% slurry solids; 1% max. moisture Hydraid® 2010 [Nalco] Chem. Descrip.: Polyelectrolyte Uses: Retention and drainage aid, mill water clarification, and save-all operation for pulp/paper industry Regulatory: FDA and EPA approved Properties: Clear to pale yel. liq.; sol. in water; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 4000 cps max.; f.p. 27 F; flash pt. noncombustible; pH 7.0 ± 0.5; cationic Precaution: Mod. corrosive to iron and copper, incl. their alloys Storage: Store in heated area to prevent freezing; stratification may occur upon freezing, but prod. will homogenize upon agitation Hydraid® 7607 [Nalco] Chem. Descrip.: Polyelectrolyte Uses: Controls anionic trash and fines from primary and secondary fiber from wide variety of pulp used in papermaking; binds anionic fines to paper fibers before sheet formation; promoter in alkaline papermaking systems; foodcontact paper/paperboard; chlorine resist. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Properties: Cationic Hydraid® 7736 EZ [Nalco] Chem. Descrip.: Polyelectrolyte Uses: Retention and drainage aid for pulp/paper industry; food-contact paper/ paperboard Use Level: 0.25-2.0% sol'n. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Properties: Opaque wh. liq.; dens. 8.8 lbs/gal; visc. 1800-3200 cps; f.p. 23 F; flash pt. 275 F; pH 6.7 (1% sol'n.); anionic Storage: Store in heated area; freezing will cause prod. instability Hydraid® 7871 [Nalco] Chem. Descrip .: Polyelectrolyte Uses: Retention and drainage aid for pulp/paper industry; food-contact paper/ paperboard; effective in retaining fines and fillers without affecting sheet props. Use Level: 0.25-2% sol'n. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Properties: Opaque wh. liq.; dens. 8.8 lbs/gal; visc. 1100-1900 cps; f.p. 23 F; flash pt. 275 F; pH 4.6 (1% sol'n.); nonionic

Storage: 6 mos. shelf life; store in heated area as freezing will cause prod. instability

Hydraid® 8105 [Nalco]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyelectrolyte

Uses: Retention and drainage aid for mill water clarification, save-all operation for pulp/paper industry; effective coagulant aid; food-contact paper/paperboard; chlorine resist.; effective over wide pH range

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Properties: Cationic Hydraid® 8182 EZ [Nalco]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyelectrolyte

Uses: Retention and drainage aid for pulp/paper industry; food-contact paper/ paperboard

Use Level: 0.25-2.0% sol'n.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.110

Properties: Opaque wh. liq.; dens. 8.8 lbs/gal; visc. 1200-1800 cps; f.p. 23 F; flash pt. 275 F; pH 5.7 (1% sol'n.); anionic

Storage: Store in heated area; freezing will cause prod. instability

Hydral® 710 [Alcoa]

Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum trihydroxide

Chem. Analysis: Al₂O₃ (65.1%)

CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

- Uses: Fire retardant, smoke suppressant improving arc track resist. in thermosets, thermoplastics, elastomerics; filler and coating pigment, opacifier in fine printing papers (inc. brightness, smoothness); for vinyl compding.; reinforcing pigment in adhesives and tapes; abrasive in waxes and polishes; filler for cosmetic powds., lotions; polishing agent in dentifrices
- *Regulatory:* DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/311/312/313 nonreportable; CERCLA nonreportable

Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; 0.003% on 325 mesh; odorless; insol. in water; dens. 2.42 g/cm³; bulk dens. 0.22 g/cm³ (loose), 0.37 g/cm³ (packed); surf. area 5.0 m²/g; brightness 99+; m.p. 2040 C; pH 8.5-10.2 (20 C, 20% aq.); ref. index 1.57; hardness (Mohs) 2.5-3.5; 99% solids

Toxicology: Low toxicity; can cause mild irritation to eyes, skin, upper respiratory tract; exposure can aggravate asthma, chronic lung disease, skin rashes; TSCA listed

Environmental: Generally not hazardous for water

Precaution: Prevent formation of dust

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Exposed to fire or heat, aluminum trihydroxide decomposes forming aluminum oxide and water vapor beginning at 200 C Storage: Keep material dry

Hydral® 716 [Alcoa]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydrated alumina

Chem. Analysis: Al₂O₃ (65%)

CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

- Uses: Flame retardant, smoke suppressant for thermosets, thermoplastics, and elastomers; filler and coating pigment, opacifier for fine printing papers (inc. brightness, smoothness); reinforcing pigment in adhesives and tapes; abrasive in waxes and polishes; filler for cosmetic powds., lotions; polishing agent in dentifrices
- *Regulatory:* DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/311/312/313 nonreportable; CERCLA nonreportable
- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; 0.008% on 325 mesh; odorless; insol. in water; dens. 2.42 g/cm³; bulk dens. 0.37 g/cm³ (loose); surf. area 3.6 m²/g; brightness 99+; m.p. 2040 C; pH 8.5-10.2 (20 C, 20% aq.); ref. index 1.57; hardness (Mohs) 2.5-3.5; 99% solids

Toxicology: Low toxicity; can cause mild irritation to eyes, skin, upper respiratory tract; exposure can aggravate asthma, chronic lung disease, skin rashes; TSCA listed

Environmental: Generally not hazardous for water

Precaution: Prevent formation of dust

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Exposed to fire or heat, aluminum trihydroxide decomposes forming aluminum oxide and water vapor beginning at 200 C Storage: Keep material dry

Hydral® PGA [Alcoa]

Chem. Descrip.: Spray-dried alumina trihydrate

Chem. Analysis: Ål₂O₃ (65%) CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

Uses: Extender/filler/pigment in paper coatings imparting brightness and gloss; filler, flame retardant, smoke suppressant for natural and syn. rubbers, plastics, thermosets, thermoplastics, elec. cable jacketing, PU foam insulation; reinforcing pigment in adhesives and tapes; polishing agent in waxes; filler in cosmetic powds. and lotions; flame retardant pigment; arc-track resist. applics.; polish for dentifrices

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/311/312/313 nonreportable; CERCLA nonreportable

- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; 0.002% on 325 mesh; odorless; insol. in water; dens. 2.42 g/cm³; bulk dens. 0.35 g/cm³ (loose), 0.61 g/cm³ (packed); surf. area 5.2 m²/g; brightness 99+; m.p. 2040 C; pH 8.5-10.2 (20 C, 20% aq.); ref. index 1.57; hardness (Mohs) 2.5-3.5; 99% solids
- Toxicology: Low toxicity; can cause mild irritation to eyes, skin, upper respiratory tract; exposure can aggravate asthma, chronic lung disease, skin rashes; TSCA listed

Environmental: Generally not hazardous for water

- Precaution: Prevent formation of dust
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Exposed to fire or heat, aluminum trihydroxide decomposes forming aluminum oxide and water vapor beginning at 200 C Storage: Keep material dry

Hydral® Brite 100 Slurry [Alcoa]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydrated alumina

Chem. Analysis: AI(OH)₃ (99.5%)

CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

- Uses: Filler pigment for paper coatings; improved brightness; maintains opacity; rec. where gloss and high whiteness are desired; TiO₂ replacement *Regulatory:* DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/311/312/313 nonreportable; CERCLA nonreportable
- Properties: Wh. slurry; 1.0 mm median particle size; 0.02% on 325 mesh; abs. dens. 2.42; dens. 14.14 lb/gal (70% solids slurry); visc. 800 cps (70% solids slurry); surf. area 5 m²/g; brightness (TAPPI) 100%; ref. index 1.57; pH 8.0-9.5; 65% solids min.
- *Toxicology:* Can cause mild irritation to eyes, skin, upper respiratory tract; exposure can aggravate asthma, chronic lung disease, skin rashes; TSCA listed

Environmental: Generally not hazardous for water

Precaution: Prevent formation of dust

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Exposed to fire or heat, aluminum trihydroxide decomposes forming aluminum oxide and water vapor beginning at 200 C

Hydral® Coat 2 [Alcoa]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydrated alumina

Chem. Analysis: Al₂O₃ (65%)

CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

- Uses: Pigment for paper coatings; features whiteness, opacity, improved smoothness and gloss; good printability; less binder required; stable under high shear coating conditions
- *Regulatory:* DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/311/312/313 nonreportable; CERCLA nonreportable
- Properties: Dry or slurry; 0.2 μm median particle size; 0.02% on 325 mesh; odorless; insol. in water; abs. dens. 2.42; bulk dens. 30 lb/ft³ (dry, loose); slurry dens. 92 lb/ft³; slurry visc. 2000 cps; surf. area 18.7 m²/g; brightness (TAPPI) 100; ref. index 1.57; pH 9.0 (slurry); hardness (Mohs) 2.5-3.5; 55% solids (slurry)

Toxicology: Low toxicity; can cause mild irritation to eyes, skin, upper respiratory tract; exposure can aggravate asthma, chronic lung disease, skin rashes; TSCA listed

Environmental: Generally not hazardous for water

Precaution: Prevent formation of dust

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Exposed to fire or heat, aluminum trihydroxide decomposes forming aluminum oxide and water vapor beginning at 200 C Storage: Keep material dry; 30 days slurry stability

Hydral® Coat 5 [Alcoa]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydrated alumina

Chem. Analysis: Al₂O₃ (65%), water (33%)

CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

- Uses: Pigment for paper coatings; features whiteness, opacity, improved smoothness and gloss; good printability; less binder required; stable under high shear coating conditions
- *Regulatory:* DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/311/312/313 nonreportable; CERCLA nonreportable

Properties: Slurry; 0.5 µm median particle size; 0.02% on 325 mesh; odorless; insol. in water; abs. dens. 2.42; dens. 103 lb/ft³; visc. 800 cps; surf. area 14 m²/g; brightness (TAPPI) 100; ref. index 1.57; pH 9.0; hardness (Mohs) 2.5-3.5; 67% solids

Toxicology: Low toxicity; can cause mild irritation to eyes, skin, upper respiratory tract; exposure can aggravate asthma, chronic lung disease, skin rashes; TSCA listed

Environmental: Generally not hazardous for water

Precaution: Prevent formation of dust

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Exposed to fire or heat, aluminum trihydroxide decomposes forming aluminum oxide and water vapor beginning at 200 C Storage: 30 days slurry stability

Hydral® Coat 7 [Alcoa]

Chem. Descrip .: Hydrated alumina

Chem. Analysis: Al₂O₃ (65%)

CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

- Uses: Pigment for paper coatings; features whiteness, opacity, improved smoothness and gloss; good printability; less binder required; stable under high shear coating conditions
- *Regulatory:* DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/311/312/313 nonreportable; CERCLA nonreportable
- Properties: Dry; 0.7 μm median particle size; 0.02% on 325 mesh; odorless; insol. in water; abs. dens. 2.42; bulk dens. 30 lb/ft³ (loose); surf. area 10.5 m²/g; brightness (TAPPI) 100; ref. index 1.57; hardness (Mohs) 2.5-3.5
- Toxicology: Low toxicity; can cause mild irritation to eyes, skin, upper respiratory tract; exposure can aggravate asthma, chronic lung disease, skin rashes; TSCA listed
- Environmental: Generally not hazardous for water
- Precaution: Prevent formation of dust

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Exposed to fire or heat, aluminum trihydroxide decomposes forming aluminum oxide and water vapor beginning at 200 C Storage: Keep material dry; 30 days slurry stability

Hydramatte® [Huber Engineered Materials]

Uses: Clay for matte paper grades; coarse, delaminated; rec. where print smoothness and coverage are of primary importance

Properties: Spray-dried slurry; 0.005% 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.60; visc. 400-800 cps; brightness (TAPPI) 87.5-89%; ref. index 1.57; pH 6.5-8.0 (28% solids); 66-68% slurry solids; 1% max. moisture

Hydraprint[®] [Huber Engineered Materials]

Chem. Descrip.: Delaminated coating clay

Uses: Clay for paper and paperboard, esp. LWC and merchant grades; std. particle size distribution; rec. where print smoothness and coverage are important

Properties: Spray-dried slurry; 0.005% max. 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.60; visc. 450 cps; brightness (TAPPI) 87.5-89%; ref. index 1.57; pH 6.5-8 (28% solids); 67-69% slurry solids; 1% max. moisture

Hydrasperse[®] [Huber Engineered Materials]

Uses: Clay for paper and paperboard, esp. high vol. grades of coated paper and board; std. brightness

- Properties: Spray-dried slurry; 80-86% finer than 2 µ; 0.005% max. 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.60; visc. 450 cps; brightness (TAPPI) 86-87.5%; ref. index 1.57; pH 6.5-8 (28% solids); 69.5-71% slurry solids; 1% max. moisture
- Hydrasperse[®] 90 [Huber Engineered Materials]

Uses: Clay for paper and paperboard, esp. high vol. grades of coated paper and board; high brightness

Properties: Spray-dried slurry; 80-86% finer than 2 μ; 0.005% max. 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.60; visc. 450 cps; brightness (TAPPI) 89.5-91%; ref. index 1.57; pH 6.5-8 (28% solids); 69.5-71% slurry solids; 1% max. moisture

Hydrax[™] H-312 [R.J. Marshall]

Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate

Chem. Analysis: 65% (Al₂O₃); 0.29% (total Na₂O); 0.02% (sol. Na₂O); 0.01% (SiO₂); 0.01% (Fe₂O₃)

- CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7
- Uses: Flame retardant and smoke suppressant for plastics, rubber, paper, adhesives, coatings, nitrile rubbers, neoprene, polyolefins, EPDM, SBR, EPR, latexes, urethanes, EVA copolymers, unsat. polyesters, epoxies, phenolics, etc.

Properties: Off-wh. coarse free-flowing powd.; 12 μ median particle size; 99% < 55 μ; sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. (loose) 45 lb/ft; oil absorp. 32; TAPPI brightness 88+; ref. index 1.57; hardness (Mohs) 3; 0.3% free moisture

Hydrax[™] H-470 [R.J. Marshall]

Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate

Chem. Analysis: 64.8% (Al₂O₃); 0.29% (total Na₂O); 0.02% (sol. Na₂O); 0.01% (SiO₂); 0.01% (Fe₂O₃)

CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

Uses: Flame retardant and smoke suppressant for plastics, rubber, paper,

adhesives, coatings, flexible and rigid PVC, nitrile rubbers, neoprene, polyolefins, EPDM, SBR, EPR, latexes, urethanes, EVA copolymers, unsat. polyesters, etc.

Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 7.0 μ median particle size; 99% < 44 μ; sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. (loose) 0.64 g/cm³; surf. area 2 m²/g; oil absorp. 16; TAPPI brightness 88+; ref. index 1.57; hardness (Mohs) 3; 0.4% free moisture

Hydrax[™] H-490 [R.J. Marshall]

Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate

Chem. Analysis: 64.8% (Al₂O₃); 0.29% (total Na₂O); 0.02% (sol. Na₂O); 0.01% (SiO₂); 0.01% (Fe₂O₃)

CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

- Uses: Flame retardant and smoke suppressant for plastics, rubber, paper, adhesives, coatings, flexible and rigid PVC, nitrile rubbers, neoprene, polyolefins, EPDM, SBR, EPR, latexes, urethanes, EVA copolymers, unsat. polyesters, etc.
- Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 9.0 μ median particle size; 99% < 44 μ ; sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. (loose) 0.76 g/cm³; surf. area 2 m²/g; oil absorp. 16; TAPPI brightness 88+; ref. index 1.57; hardness (Mohs) 3; 0.4% free moisture.

Hydrax[™] H-550 [R.J. Marshall]

Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate

Chem. Analysis: 64.8% (Al₂O₃); 0.29% (total Na₂O); 0.03% (sol. Na₂O); 0.01% (SiO₂); 0.01% (Fe₂O₃)

CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

- Uses: Flame retardant and smoke suppressant for plastics, rubber, paper, adhesives, coatings, flexible and rigid PVC, nitrile rubbers, neoprene, polyolefins, EPDM, SBR, EPR, latexes, urethanes, EVA copolymers, unsat. polyesters, etc.; approved for dentifrice and internal use
- Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 5.0 μ median particle size; 99% < 16 μ; sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. (loose) 0.6 g/cm³; surf. area 5 m²/g; oil absorp. 24; TAPPI brightness 89+; ref. index 1.57; hardness (Mohs) 3; 0.4% free moisture

Hydrax[™] H-636 [R.J. Marshall]

Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate

Chem. Analysis: 64.8% (Al₂O₃); 0.29% (total Na₂O); 0.04% (sol. Na₂O); 0.01% (SiO₂); 0.01% (Fe₂O₃)

CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

- Uses: Flame retardant and smoke suppressant for plastics, rubber, paper, adhesives, coatings, flexible and rigid PVC, nitrile rubbers, neoprene, polyolefins, EPDM, SBR, EPR, latexes, urethanes, EVA copolymers, unsat. polyesters, etc.; approved for dentifrice and internal use
- Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 3.6 μ median particle size; 99% < 11 μ ; sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. (loose) 0.56 g/cm³; surf. area 6 m²/g; oil absorp. 27; TAPPI brightness 90+; ref. index 1.57; hardness (Mohs) 3; 0.4% free moisture

Hydrax[™] H-910 [R.J. Marshall]

Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate

Chem. Analysis: 65.0% (Al₂O₃); 0.39% (total Na₂O); 0.10% (sol. Na₂O); 0.02% (SiO₂); 0.02% (Fe₂O₃)

CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

- Uses: Flame retardant and smoke suppressant for plastics, rubber, paper, adhesives, coatings, flexible and rigid PVC, nitrile rubbers, neoprene, polyolefins, EPDM, SBR, EPR, latexes, urethanes, EVA copolymers, unsat. polyesters, etc.; approved for dentifrice and internal use
- Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 1.2 μ median particle size; 99% < 6 μ; sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. (loose) 0.2 g/cm³; surf. area 4-8 m²/g; oil absorp. 30; TAPPI brightness 92+; ref. index 1.57; hardness (Mohs) 3; 0.3% free moisture

Hydrocarb 60-ME 78% [Omya Croxton+Garry]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate slurry

Chem. Analysis: CaCO₃ (> 98.5%), MgCO₃ (< 1.0%), SiO₂ (< 0.2%), Al₂O₃ (< 0.05%), Fe₂O₃ (< 0.02%)

CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9

Uses: Coating pigment for paper and board prod.

Properties: Fine slurry; < 0.005% on 45 µm sieve; 60% < 2 µm; sp.gr. 1.97; visc. 200 mPa•s; surf. area 7 m²/g; TAPPI brightness 94.5; 78% solids

Hydrocarb 75-ME 78% [Omya Croxton+Garry]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate slurry

Chem. Analysis: CaCO₃ (> 98.5%); MgCO₃ (< 1.0%); Al₂O₃ (< 0.05%); SiO₂ (< 0.02%)

CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9 Uses: Coating pigment for paper and board prod. Properties: < 0.005% on 45 µm sieve; sp.gr. 1.97; visc. 200 mPa•s; surf. area 10 m²/g; TAPPI brightness 94.5; 78% solids Hydrocarb 90-ME 78% [Omya Croxton+Garry] Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate slurry *Chem. Analysis:* CaCO₃ (> 98.5%), MgCO₃ (< 1.0%), SiO₂ (< 0.2%), Al₂O₃ (< 0.05%), Fe₂O₃ (< 0.02%) CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9 Uses: Coating pigment for paper and board prod. Properties: Very fine slurry; < 0.005% on 45 µm sieve; 90% < 2 µm; sp.gr. 1.97; visc. 250 mPa•s; surf. area 12 m²/g; TAPPI brightness 94.5; 78% solids Hydrocol® [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper] Uses: Microparticle retention aid/drainage aid for pulp, paper, and paperboard Hydrofix[®] [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper] Uses: Runnability aid for papermaking Hydrolin [Olin/Chlor Alkali] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium hydrosulfite sol'n. CAS 7775-14-6; EINECS/ELINCS 231-890-0 Uses: Bleaching agent for clay, groundwood, and thermomech. pulp Hydrosulfite® AWC [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis/Textiles] Chem. Descrip .: Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate CAS 149-44-0; EINECS/ELINCS 295-739-4 Uses: Reducing agent, cocatalyst for redox-catalyzed polymerization, in discharge printing; stripping agent for acid dyed nylon and wool; food pkg. adhesives, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3400; SARA §311/312 reportable Properties: Wh. powd.; garlic-like odor; sp.gr. 0.60; dens. 5.0 lb/gal; pH 10.1 (10%); VOC 0% (EPĂ Method 24); 100% solids Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 1 g/kg; may cause skin, eye, and respiratory tract irritation; TSCA listed Environmental: BOD5 126,490 ppm; COD 622,720 ppm; 20.3% biodeg. Precaution: May generate heat when wet; avoid strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, SO_x NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 1 Storage: Store in cool, dry place away from direct heat and low flash point material; will decompose slowly in moist, warm air Hydrosulfite of Soda, 70% [Cognis/Chems. Group] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium hydrosulfite CAS 7775-14-6; EINECS/ELINCS 231-890-0 Uses: Reducing agent in redox polymerization; emulsifier in mfg. of foodcontact articles; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 178.3400 Properties: Liq.; 70% act. Hydrosulfite of Soda Conc. [Cognis/Chems. Group] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium hydrosulfite CAS 7775-14-6; EINECS/ELINCS 231-890-0 Uses: Reducing agent in redox polymerization; emulsifier in mfg. of foodcontact articles; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA21CFR §176.170, 178.3400; DOT regulated; SARA §311/ 312 reportable Properties: Wh. to off-wh. powd.; odorless; 18% sol. in water (20 C); sp.gr. 0.88; dens. 55 lb/ft³ (loose), 65 lb/ft³ (packed); pH 4.2 Toxicology: Causes skin, respiratory tract, and severe eye irritation; may cause respiratory allergic reaction, ing. may cause GI irritation, nausea, vomiting; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed Precaution: Flamm.; heats spontaneously when in contact with moisture; avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Decomposes in water to sulfur dioxide and other sulfur oxides, sodium sulfite, and sodium thiosulfite; hydrogen sulfide and mercaptans may also be present; NFTA; Health 3; Flammability 2; Reactivity 1 Storage: Store tightly closed in cool, dry place away from low flash point materials; avoid exposure to atmosphere; storage for > 90 days must meet **EPA** requirements Hydrosulphite® [BASF AG] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dithionite

CAS 7775-14-6; EINECS/ELINCS 231-890-0

Uses: Reducing agents for textiles; reducing bleaching agents for wood pulps

and wood-based old paper

Hyonic® NP-90 [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-9

- CAS 9016-45-9
- Uses: Detergent and penetrant for household and industrial cleaning compds., textile processing; degreasing compds.; wetting agent for paper toweling or tissue; emulsifier in agric. applics.
- Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in water; dens. 1.06 g/ml; HLB 13; pour pt. 2 C; cloud pt. 54 C (1% aq.); pH 7.0 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 31 dynes/cm (0.01%); > 99% act.; nonionic
- Hyonic® OP-100 [Cognis/Chems. Group]

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-9

CAS 9002-93-1

- Uses: Wetting agent; coemulsifier; detergent for household and industrial cleaning compds. and textile processing; penetrant; degreasing compds.; wetting agent for paper toweling/tissue; agric. applics.
- Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in water; dens. 1.07 g/ml; HLB 13; pour pt. 10 C; cloud pt. 65 C (1% aq.); pH 7.0 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 30 dynes/cm (0.01%); > 99% act.; nonionic

Hyonic[®] PE-90 [Cognis/Chems. Group]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonyl phenol ethoxylate

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, stabilizer for household and industrial cleaning, textile, paper processing; stabilizer for NR and SR latex adhesives; stabilizes latex against coagulation by high-speed stirring, pumping *Properties:* Water-wh. clear lig.; sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; cloud pt. 54 C
- (1% aq.); pour pt. 2 C; surf. tens. 31 dynes/cm (0.01%); pH 7.0 (1% aq.); 99% act.; nonionic
- Hyonic® PE-100 [Cognis/Chems. Group]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-10
 - CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-294-1
 - Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, base, penetrant for household and industrial cleaners, paper toweling; latex stabilizer for NR, SBR, CR, NBR, acrylics
 - Properties: Water-wh. clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.068; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; cloud pt. 68 C (1% aq.); pour pt. 4 C; surf. tens. 32 dynes/cm (0.01%); pH 7.0 (1% aq.); > 99% act.; nonionic
- Hyper+lon[™] 1050 [General Chem.]
- Chem. Descrip.: Polyaluminum hydroxychloride CAS 1327-41-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-477-2 UN No. 1760 (DOT)

- Uses: Coagulant and flocculant for potable water treatment, municipal wastewater treatment, industrial water and wastewater treatment, industrial applics., paper mfg., emulsion breaking, lagoon treatment, coal cleaning Regulatory: EPA approved
- Properties: Amber clear liq.; negligible odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.22; dens. 10.2 lb/gal; f.p. 10 F; m.p. -10 C; b.p. 112.5 C; pH 2.3; 80% volatiles; cationic
- Toxicology: Inh. of mist will irritate mucous membranes, respiratory tract; ing. may irritate mouth and GI tract; skin contact may cause severe reddening and swelling; may strongly irritate or burn eyes; ACGIH TLV 2 mg(AI)/m³ Precaution: Corrosive; incompat. with iron or steel

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: HCI vapor generated at high temps.

- Storage: Store in cool, dry place; protect from freezing
- Hyper+Ion™ 1050A [General Chem.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyaluminum hydroxychloride (< 35%) and proprietary polyamine flocculating agents
 - Uses: Coagulant and flocculant for potable water treatment, municipal wastewater treatment, industrial water and wastewater treatment, industrial applics., paper mfg., emulsion breaking, lagoon treatment, coal cleaning; designed to replace inorg. coagulants such as aluminum sulfate, aluminum chloride, ferric sulfate, ferric chloride, and other inorg. salts, and org. coagulants and dual treatment programs; superior P removal, inc. suspended solids removal
 - Regulatory: EPA approved
 - Properties: Clear to pale amber liq.; negligible odor; complete sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.17; dens. 9.8 lb/gal; f.p. 10 F; m.p. -10 C; b.p. 112.5 C; pH 2.3; 80% volatiles; cationic
 - Toxicology: Inh. of mist will irritate mucous membranes, respiratory tract; ing. may irritate mouth and GI tract; skin contact may cause severe reddening and swelling; may strongly irritate or burn eyes; ACGIH TLV 2 mg(AI)/m³ Precaution: Corrosive; incompat. with iron or steel
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: HCI vapor generated at high temps.
 - *Storage:* Store in FRP, HDPE, or other suitable acid and corrosion resist. plastic containers; prod. will freeze at 10 F
- Hyper+lon[™] 2050A [General Chem.]
 - Uses: Coagulant and flocculant for potable water treatment, municipal wastewater treatment, industrial water and wastewater treatment, industrial applics., paper mfg., emulsion breaking, lagoon treatment, coal cleaning
 - Properties: Clear to pale amber liq.; sp.gr. 1.22; dens. 10.2 lb/gal; f.p. 10 F; pH 2.7; cationic

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ICB® 3000, 3100, 3200 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] Chem. Descrip.: Visc. modified waxy corn starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Binder in paper coatings, adhesives; provides low visc. at high solids on prep. in cold water Properties: Sol. in cold water ICB® 3000D [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] Chem. Descrip .: Visc. modified dent corn starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Binder in paper coatings, adhesives; provides low visc. at high solids on prep. in cold water Properties: Sol. in cold water Iceberg[®] [Burgess Pigment] Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum silicate, anhyd., calcined *Chem. Analysis:* SiO₂ (51.0-52.4%), Al₂O₃ (42.1-44.3%), moisture (0.5%) max.) CAS 1327-36-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-475-1 Uses: Extender pigment used in paints, paper, board, rubber and plastics; reinforcing filler for NR, SR, resins, flooring, molded and extruded goods, heels, soles, wire and cable, sundries, footwear Properties: Thin flat plate; 0.15% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 2.63; oil absorp. 55; ref. index 1.62; pH 5.0-6.0 Icecap® K [Burgess Pigment] Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum silicate, anhyd., calcined *Chem. Analysis:* SiO₂ (51.0-52.4%), Al₂O₃ (42.1-44.3%), moisture (0.5%) max.) CAS 1327-36-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-475-1 Uses: Extender for TiO₂ in coatings where high Hegman grind is required, paper coatings, paints; reinforcing filler for NR, SR, resins, flooring, heels, soles, wire and cable, molded and extruded rubber and plastic prods., sundries; good electricals, low compr. set, low water absorp. Properties: Thin flat plate; 0.009-0.03% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 2.63; oil absorp. 55; ref. index 1.62pH 5.0-6.0 Iconol NP-6 [BASF] Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-6 CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, and dispersant used in cleaners, detergents, leather, fur, paper, paint and dye industries Properties: APHA 100 max. liq.; sol. in min. oil, alcohols, ketones, aromatic and chlorinated hydrocarbons; disp. in water; m.w. 479; sp.gr. 1.04; visc. 300 cps; HLB 10.8; pour pt. -28 C; pH 6.0-7.5 (5% aq.); surf. tens. 29 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); 1.0% max. water; nonionic Iconol NP-8 [BASF AG] Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-8 CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, and dispersant used in cleaners, detergents, leather, fur, paper, paint and dye industries Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in water, 5% HCl, alcohols, ketones, aromatic and chlorinated hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 1.05; visc. 350 cps; surf. tens. 31 dynes/ cm; 100% act.; nonionic Iconol NP-9 [BASF; BASF AG] Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-9 CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, and dispersant used in cleaners, detergents, leather, fur, paper, paint and dye industries

Properties: APHA 70 max. liq.; sol. in water, 5% HCl, alcohols, ketones, aromatic and chlorinated hydrocarbons; m.w. 611; sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 300 cps; HLB 13.0; pour pt. 4 C; cloud pt. 52-56 C (1.0% aq.); pH 6.0-7.5 (5% aq.); surf. tens. 32 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); 100% act., 1.0% max. water; nonionic

Iconol NP-10 [BASF; BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-10

CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-294-1

- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, and dispersant used in cleaners, detergents, leather, fur, paper, paint and dye industries
- Properties: APHA 70 max. liq.; sol. in water, 5% HCl, alcohols, ketones, aromatic and chlorinated hydrocarbons; m.w. 655; sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 300 cps; HLB 13.5; pour pt. 9 C; cloud pt. 60-65 C (1.0 aq.); pH 6.0-7.5 (5% aq.); surf. tens. 34 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); 100% act., 1.0% max. water; nonionic

Iconol NP 14 [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-14

CAS 9016-45-9

Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, and dispersant used in cleaners, detergents, leather, fur, paper, paint and dye industries

Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in water, 5% HCl, alcohols, ketones, aromatic and chlorinated hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 1.05 (50 C); visc. 250 cps (30 C); surf. tens. 37 dynes/cm; 100% act.; nonionic

Igepal[®] CA-520 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-5

- CAS 9002-93-1
- Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, detergent, wetting agent for wax polishes, cleaners, agric., emulsion cleaner formulations, dry cleaning, paints, paper/ pulp formulations, industrial metal cleaners; automotive fuel additive, deicing fluid; solubilizer for hair dye formulations; intermediate to anionic surfactants; rust inhibitor in oil storage tanks
- Regulatory: FDA compliance; exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e)
- Properties: APHA 160 max. clear to sl. hazy liq.; aromatic odor; sol. in Stod., xylene, butyl Cellosolve, perchloroethylene, ethanol; disp. in water; m.w. 426; sp.gr. 1.04; visc. 250-280 cps; HLB 10.0; hyd. no. 126-136; neutral. no. 0.5 max.; pour pt. -15 ± 2 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 200 F; surf. tens. 30 dynes/cm (0.01%); 100% act.; nonionic

Igepal® CA-620 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-7

CAS 9002-93-1

- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier for household and industrial detergents, textile, paper, metal and acid cleaning compds., fine fabric detergents, agric. formulations, paints, personal care prods.
- Regulatory: FDA compliance; exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e)

Properties: Pale yel. liq.; aromatic odor; sol. in xylene, butyl Cellosolve, perchloroethylene, ethanol, water; sp.gr. 1.05; visc. 240-260 cps; HLB 12.0; cloud pt. 70-75 F (1%); flash pt. > 200 F (PMCC); pour pt. 15 ± 2 F; surf. tens. 30 dynes/cm (0.01%); 100% act.; nonionic

Igepal® CA-630 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-9

CAS 9002-93-1

Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier for personal care prods., metal processing, emulsion cleaners, agric. formulations, paints; wetting agent

with min. acids and corrosion inhibitors; food pkg. adhesives, paper; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3400; exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e); BGA XIV compliance
- Properties: Pale yel. liq.; aromatic odor; sol. in xylene, butyl Cellosolve, perchloroethylene, ethanol, water; sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 230-260 cps; HLB 13.0; cloud pt. 63-67 C (1% aq.); flash pt. > 200 F (PMCC); pour pt. 45 \pm 2 F; surf. tens. 31 dynes/cm (0.01%); 100% act.; nonionic

Igepal® CA-880 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-30

CAS 9002-93-1

Uses: Emulsifier for fats and oils, vinyl acetate and acrylate polymerization, personal care prods.; post-stabilizer for syn. latexes; dyeing assistant; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180

Properties: Solid; HLB 17.4; surf. tens. 38 dynes/cm (at CMC); 100% conc.; nonionic

Igepal® CA-887 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-30 aq. sol'n.

CAS 9002-93-1

- Uses: Primary emulsifier for vinyl acrylate polymerizations; post-stabilizer for syn. latexes; dyeing assistant; emulsifier for fats and waxes; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3400
- Properties: Pale yel. liq.; aromatic odor; sp.gr. 1.10; HLB 17.4; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) > 200 F; pour pt. 36 ± 2 F; surf. tens. 39 dynes/cm (0.01%); 70% act.; nonionic

Igepal[®] CA-890 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-40

CAS 9002-93-1

Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization, personal care prods.; stabilizer for plastics; dyeing assistant; paints surfactant; food pkg. adhesives, paper/ paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180

Properties: Off-wh. wax; aromatic odor; sol. in butyl Cellosolve, ethanol, water; sp.gr. 1.08 (50 C); HLB 18.0; cloud pt. > 212 F (1% aq.); flash pt. > 200 F (PMCC); pour pt. 115 ± 2 F; surf. tens. 42 dynes/cm (0.01%); 100% act.; nonionic

Igepal® CA-897 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-40

CAS 9002-93-1

- Uses: Primary emulsifier for vinyl acrylate polymerizations; post-stabilizer for syn. latexes; dyeing assistant; emulsifier for fats and waxes, crop protection applics.; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3400; exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e)
- Properties: Pale yel. liq.; aromatic odor; sp.gr. 1.10; HLB 18.0; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% ag.); flash pt. (PMCC) > 200 F; pour pt. 25 ± 2 F; surf. tens. 48 dynes/cm (0.01%); 70% act.; nonionic

Igepal® CO-530 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-6

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: Emulsifier for silicones, detergent, dispersant for agric., petrol., paper, plastics, metalworking industries, paints, personal care prods.; de-icing fluid for jet aircraft fuels and automotive gasoline
- Regulatory: FDA compliance; exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e)
- Properties: Pale yel. liq., aromatic odor; sol. in Stod., naphtha, xylene, butyl Cellosolve, perchloroethylene, ethanol; sp.gr. 1.04; visc. 230-300 cps; HLB 10.8; flash pt. > 200 F (PMCC); pour pt. -26 ± 2 F; surf. tens. 28 dynes/cm (0.01%); Ross-Miles foam 15 mm (0.1% aq., initial); 100% act.: nonionic

Toxicology: Severe eye irritant; LD50 (oral, rat) 1.98 g/kg Environmental: Biodeg.

Igepal[®] CO-610 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France] Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-8 (7.7 EO)

CAS 9016-45-9

Uses: Surf. modifying surfactant, detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, lubricant for household and industrial formulations, aq. pulp/paper formulations, deinking of paper, textile processing/finishing, metalworking, paints, industrial metal cleaning, personal care prods.; low foaming

Regulatory: FDA compliance

Properties: Gardner 1 max. liq., aromatic odor; sol. in naphtha, xylene, butyl Cellosolve, perchloroethylene, ethanol, water; m.w. 570; sp.gr. 1.05; visc. 230-290 cps; HLB 12.0; neutral. no. 0.5 max.; cloud pt. 72-82 F (1%); pour pt. 37 ± 2 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 200 F; surf. tens. 30 dynes/cm (0.01%); Ross-Miles foam 55 mm (0.1% aq., initial); 100% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg.

Igepal® CO-630 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-9

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, rewetting agent, corrosion inhibitor, penetrant, emulsifier, dispersant for textiles, paper, leather, household/industrial cleaners, agric., paints, metal processing, emulsion cleaning, emulsion polymerization, personal care prods.; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 178.3400; exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e)
- Properties: Almost colorless liq., aromatic odor; sol. in naphtha, xylene, butyl Cellosolve, perchloroethylene, ethanol, water; sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 225-300 cps; HLB 13.0; cloud pt. 126-133 F (1%); flash pt. > 200 F (PMCC); pour pt. 31 ± 2 F; surf. tens. 31 dynes/cm (0.01%); Ross-Miles foam 80 mm (0.1% aq., initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3 g/kg; severe eye irritant

- Environmental: Biodeq. Igepal® CO-630/EP [Rhodia HPCII]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol plus 9 EO (polymerization grade)

CAS 9016-45-9

Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting agent, and emulsifier in textiles, paper, leather, compounding, paints, and pesticides; wetting agent with min. acids and corrosion inhibitors in metal processing; emulsifier in emulsion cleaning Properties: Liq.; HLB 13.0; water sol.; 100% conc.; nonionic Igepal® CO-660 [Rhodia HPCII]

- Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-10
- CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-294-1
- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, rewetting agent, corrosion inhibitor, penetrant, emulsifier for textiles, paper, leather, household/industrial cleaners, agric., paints, metal processing, emulsion cleaning, personal care prods.
- Regulatory: FDA compliance; exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e)
- Properties: Pale yel. liq., aromatic odor; sol. in naphtha, xylene, butyl Cellosolve, perchloroethylene, ethanol, water; sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 225-275 cps; HLB 13.2; cloud pt. 140-149 F (1%); flash pt. > 200 F (PMCC); pour pt. 46 ± 2 F; surf. tens. 31 dynes/cm (0.01%); Ross-Miles foam 82 mm (0.1% aq., initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

- Igepal[®] CO-710 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-11
 - CAS 9016-45-9
 - Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, rewetting agent, corrosion inhibitor, penetrant, emulsifier for textiles, paper, leather, household/industrial cleaners, agric., paints, metal processing, emulsion cleaning, emulsion polymerization
 - *Regulatory:* FDA compliance; exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e)
 - Properties: Pale yel. lig., aromatic odor; sol. in naphtha, xylene, butyl Cellosolve, perchloroethylene, ethanol, water; sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 240-300 cps; HLB 13.6; cloud pt. 158-165 F (1%); flash pt. > 200 F (PMCC); pour pt. 49 ± 2 F; surf. tens. 32 dynes/cm (0.01%); Ross-Miles foam 110 mm (0.1% aq., initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Igepal[®] CO-720 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

- Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-12
- CAS 9016-45-9

Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, rewetting agent, corrosion inhibitor, penetrant, emulsifier, dispersant for textiles, paper, leather, household/industrial cleaners, agric., paints, metal processing, emulsion cleaning, personal care prods. Regulatory: FDA compliance; exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e)

Properties: Opaque liq., aromatic odor; sol. in naphtha, xylene, butyl Cello-

solve, perchloroethylene, ethanol, water; sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 260-340 cps; HLB 14.2; flash pt. > 200 F (PMCC); pour pt. 62 ± 2 F; surf. tens. 34 dynes/cm (0.01%); Ross-Miles foam 110 mm (0.1% aq., initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: Severe eye irritant; LD50 (oral, rat) > 1.5 g/kg

Environmental: Biodeg. Igepal® CO-850 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-20

CAS 64812-54-4

Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier for household/industrial cleaners, metalworking fluids, emulsion polymerization, polyester resins, paints, textile scouring, processing, and finishing; latex post-stabilizer; demulsifier for crude petrol.; glass mold release agent; in silicone emulsions; solubilizer for pesticides; emulsifier for essential oils and fragrances; personal care prods.; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier for food contact Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 178.3400

Properties: APHA 100 max. soft wax; aromatic odor; sol. in naphtha, xylene, butyl Cellosolve, perchloroethylene, ethanol, water; sp.gr. 1.13; visc. 80-120 cSt (50 C); HLB 16.0; hyd. no. 47-53; neutral. no. 0.5 max.; pour pt. 91 ± 2 F; cloud pt. 68-72 C (1% in 10% NaCl); flash pt. (PMCC) > 200 F; surf. tens. 39 dynes/cm (0.01%); Ross-Miles foam 120 mm (0.1% aq., initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Igepal® CO-880 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-30

CAS 9016-45-9

Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier for industrial cleaners, polyester resins, emulsion polymerization, agric., paints; latex post-stabilizer; demulsifier for crude petrol. oil emulsions; textile scouring; solubilizer for chlordane, toxaphene, kerosene, and essential oils; personal care prods.; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400; exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e)

Properties: Pale yel. wax; aromatic odor; sol. in naphtha, xylene, butyl Cellosolve, perchloroethylene, ethanol, water; sp.gr. 1.08 (50 C); HLB 17.2; cloud pt. 74-78 C (1% in 10% NaCl); flash pt. (PMCC) > 200 F; pour pt. 109 ± 2 F; surf. tens. 43 dynes/cm (0.01%); Ross-Miles foam 120 mm (0.1% aq., initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: Minimal eye irritant; LD50 (oral, rat) > 16 g/kg

Igepal[®] CO-887 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-30

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier for industrial cleaners, polyester resins, paints, emulsion polymerization; latex post-stabilizer; demulsifier for crude petrol. oil emulsions; textile scouring; solubilizer for chlordane, toxaphene, kerosene, essential oils; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- Regulatory: FDĂ 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3400, EPA compliance; BGA XIV compliance
- Properties: Pale yel. liq.; aromatic odor; sp.gr. 1.09; solid. pt. 28 F; HLB 17.2; cloud pt. 74-78 C (1% in 10% NaCl); flash pt. (PMCC) > 200 F; pour pt. 34 \pm 2 F; 70% act.; nonionic Igepal® CO-897 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-40

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: Emulsifier, stabilizer, wetting agent, dyeing assistant for plastics, latexes, floor polishes, paints, etc.; emulsion polymerization surfactant; latex post-stabilizer; textile scouring; solubilizer for chlordane, toxaphene, kerosene, essential oils; food pkg. adhesives, paper; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3400; exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e); BGA XIV compliance
- Properties: Pale yel. liq.; aromatic odor; sp.gr. 1.10; solid. pt. 40 F; HLB 17.8; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) > 200 F; pour pt. 46 ± 2 F; 70% act.; nonionic

Igepal® CO-977 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-50

CAS 9016-45-9

Uses: Emulsifier, stabilizer, wetting agent for floor polishes, waxes, paints; polymerization surfactant for vinyl acetate and acrylic emulsions; latex stabilizer; dyeing assistant for acid and azo dyes; food pkg. adhesives, paper; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-

contact articles; effective at elevated temps. or in conc. electrolytes Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180,

- 176.200, 176.210, 178.3400; EPA compliance; BGA XIV compliance Properties: Pale yel. liq.; aromatic odor; sol. in ethanol, water; sp.gr. 1.0 (50
- C); HLB 18.2; pour pt. 52 \pm 2 F; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) > 200 F; surf. tens. 44 dynes/cm (@ CMC); 70% conc.; nonionic

Igepal[®] DM-710 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonyl nonoxynol-15

CAS 9014-93-1

Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent, antistat for industrial cleaners, textiles, leather, metal cleaners, paper, latexes, pesticides; coemulsifier for syn. latexes

Regulatory: Exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e)

Properties: Pale yel. opaque liq.; aromatic odor; sol. in naphtha, xylene, perchloroethylene, ethanol, water; sp.gr. 1.045; dens. 8.72 lb/gal; visc. 19 cps (100 C); HLB 13.0; pour pt. 18 C; cloud pt. 48-52 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 500-520 F; surf. tens. 29 dynes/cm (0.01%); 100% act.; nonionic

Igepal[®] DM-730 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonyl nonoxynol-24

CAS 9014-93-1

Uses: Detergent, emulsifier for textiles, leather, metal cleaners, paper, latexes, pesticides, emulsion polymerization, latex stabilization

Properties: Pale yel. paste; aromatic odor; sol. in xylene, ethanol, water; sp.gr. 1.049; dens. 8.75 lb/gal; visc. 25 cps (100 C); HLB 15.0; pour pt. 25 C; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 500-520 F; surf. tens. 33 dynes/cm (0.01%); 100% act.; nonionic

Igepal[®] DM-970 FLK [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonyl nonoxynol-150

CAS 9014-93-1

Uses: Detergent, dispersant, wetting agent, stabilizer for laundry, household, textile, hard-surface detergents, cosmetics, insecticides, paper, petrol., paints Regulatory: EPA compliance

Properties: Wh. flakes; sol. in water, aromatic solv., methanol, ethanol; sp.gr. 1.05 (80 C); HLB 19; cloud pt. > 100 C (1%); 100% act.; nonionic

Igepal[®] NP-9 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-9

CAS 9016-45-9

Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, dispersant for textile scouring, dyeing and finishing, household/industrial cleaners, alkaline degreasers, acid pickling in metalworking; emulsifier/stabilizer for emulsion polymerization; pitch dispersant in pulp prod.; detergent, emulsifier, and solubilizer for cosmetic prods. Properties: Liq.; HLB 13.0; 100% conc.; nonionic

Igepal[®] RC-520 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France] Chem. Descrip.: Dodoxynol-6

- CAS 9014-92-0
- Uses: Rewetting agent, emulsifier for industrial cleaners, paper towels, tissues, semichemical corrugated media, textiles, agric., aerosols, dry cleaning soaps, etc.
- Regulatory: FDA compliance; exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e)

Properties: VCS 2 max., slightly visc. liq.; sol. in most hydrocarbon and polar solv.; sp.gr. 1.03; visc. 360 cps (Ostwald-Fenske); HLB 9.6; pour pt. -10 C; cloud pt. < 20 C (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Imbentin-AG/124/020 I [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-12/14 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 2 EO CAS 68439-50-9

Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 6.1; cloud pt. 39 C (5 gin 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-AG/124/030 B [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-12/14 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 3 EO CAS 68439-50-9

Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 8; cloud pt. 53 C (5 gin 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-AG/124/040 I [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-12/14 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 4 EO

- Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing
- *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 9.4; cloud pt. 61 C (5 gin 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-AG/124/050 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-12/14 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 5 EO CAS 68439-50-9

Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 10.5; cloud pt. 71 C (5 gin 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-AG/124/075 90% [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-12/14 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 7.5 EO

Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 12.5; cloud pt. 61 C (1% in DI water); nonionic

Imbentin-AG/124PG/020 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] *Chem. Descrip.:* Linear C-12/14/16 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 2 EO

CAS 68551-12-2

Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 6.2; cloud pt. 37 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-AG/124PG/030 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-12/14/16 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 3 EO
 - CAS 68551-12-2
- Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing
- Properties: Liq.; HLB 8; cloud pt. 53 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-AG/124PG/070 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-12/14/16 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 7 EO

CAS 68551-12-2

Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 12.2; cloud pt. 56 C (1% in DI water); nonionic

Imbentin-AG/124S/0201 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-12/14 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 2 EO CAS 68439-50-9 $\,$

Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 6.2; cloud pt. 39 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-AG/124S/030 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-12/14 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 3 EO CAS 68439-50-9

Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 8.1; cloud pt. 53 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-AG/124S/040 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-12/14 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 4 EO CAS 68439-50-9

Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

- Properties: Liq.; HLB 9.5; cloud pt. 74 C (5% in 25% BDG); nonionic Imbentin-AG/124S/045 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-12/14 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 4.5 EO

Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 10.1; cloud pt. 69 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-AG/124S/060 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-12/14 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 6 EO CAS 68439-50-9

Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 11.5; cloud pt. 43 C (1% in DI water); nonionic

- Imbentin-AG/124S/065 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-12/14 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 6.5 EO
 - CAS 68439-50-9

Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 11.9; cloud pt. 48 C (1% in DI water); nonionic

Imbentin-AG/124S/070 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-12/14 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 7 EO CAS 68439-50-9

- Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing
- *Properties:* Pasty solid; HLB 12.3; cloud pt. 56 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-AG/124S/080 90% [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-12/14 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 8 EO CAS 68439-50-9

Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 12.9; cloud pt. 71 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-AG/124S/110 90% [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-12/14 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 11 EO

CAS 68439-50-9

Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 14.3; cloud pt. 65 C (1% in NaCl 10%); nonionic Imbentin-AG/124S/230 G [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-12/14 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 23 EO

CAS 68439-50-9

ΕO

Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Pellets; HLB 16.8; nonionic

Imbentin-AG/128/070 90% [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-12/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 7 EO *Uses:* O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 11.5; cloud pt. 58 C (10% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-AG/128/110 90% [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-12/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 11

CAS 68439-50-9

CAS 68439-50-9

Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 13.6; cloud pt. 86 C (1%); nonionic

Imbentin-AG/146/040 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-14/16 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 4 EO Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

treatment, plastics, paper processing *Properties:* Solid; HLB 8.5; cloud pt. 67 C (10% in BDG 25%); nonionic **Imbentin-AG/146/070** [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-14/16 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 7 EO *Uses:* O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Solid; HLB 11.5; cloud pt. 47 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-AG/168S/020 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 2 EO *Uses:* Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Solid; HLB 5; cloud pt. 67 C (10% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-AG/168S/060 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 6 EO *Uses:* Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Solid; HLB 10; cloud pt. 76 C (5 gin 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic **Imbentin-AG/168S/080** [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 8 EO Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Solid; HLB 11.5; cloud pt. 86 C (5 gin 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic **Imbentin-AG/168S/110** [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 11 EO
- Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Solid; HLB 13; cloud pt. 77 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-AG/168S/140 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 14 EO

Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Solid; HLB 14; cloud pt. 65 C (1% in NaCl 10%); nonionic **Imbentin-AG/168S/180 G** [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 18 EO
- Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Pellets; HLB 15; cloud pt. 75 C (1% in NaCl 10%); nonionic **Imbentin-AG/168S/200 G** [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 20 EO

Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Pellets; HLB 15.4; cloud pt. 75 C (1% in NaCl 10%); nonionic

Imbentin-AG/168S/250 G [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 25 EO
- Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Pellets; HLB 16.1; nonionic

Imbentin-AG/168S/300 G [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 30 EO

Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Pellets; HLB 16.7; nonionic Imbentin-AG/168S/330 G [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 33

Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Pellets; HLB 16.9; nonionic Imbentin-AG/168S/360 G [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Linear C-16/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 36 EO
- Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing *Properties*: Pellets; HLB 17.2; nonionic

Imbentin-AG/168S/500 G [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 50 EO

Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Pellets; HLB 17.9; nonionic Imbentin-AG/168S/600 G [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 60 EO

Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Pellets; HLB 18.2; nonionic Imbentin-AG/168S/800 G [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 80 EO

Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Pellets; HLB 18.6; nonionic Imbentin-AG/200/025 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-20 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 2.5 EO *Uses:* Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Solid; HLB 5.4; cloud pt. 79 C (2% in BDG 25%); nonionic **Imbentin-AG/200/120** [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Linear C-20 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 12 EO *Uses:* O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing
- *Properties:* Solid; HLB 12.8; cloud pt. 87 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-AG/C/75 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Mixt. of fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ethers

Uses: For household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, and paper Uses: Solubilizer and cleaning agent for industrial detergents and cleaners, processing textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper Properties: Liq.; cloud pt. 72 C (10% in BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-AGM 90% [Dr. W. Kolb AG] processing Chem. Descrip.: Mixt. of fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ethers Properties: Lig.; low odor; HLB 13.8; cloud pt. 84 C (1% in DI water); Uses: For household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, and paper nonionic Imbentin-C/91/85 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] processing Properties: Lig.; cloud pt. 60 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-9/11 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 9 Imbentin-AGM/050 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] ΕO Chem. Descrip.: Mixt. of fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ethers CAS 68439-46-3 Uses: For household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, and paper Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulprocessing Properties: Liq.; cloud pt. 72 C (5 q in 25 q BDG 25%); nonionic sion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, Imbentin-AGM/128 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] paper processing Chem. Descrip.: Mixt. of fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ethers Properties: Liq.; HLB 14.2; cloud pt. 85 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-C/91/120 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Uses: For household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, and paper Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-9/11 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 12 processing Properties: Solid; cloud pt. 52 C (1%); nonionic ΕO CAS 68439-46-3 Imbentin-AGM/136 G [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Chem. Descrip.: Mixt. of fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ethers Uses: Solubilizer for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, Uses: For household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, and paper cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulprocessing sion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, Properties: Pellets: nonionic paper processing Imbentin-C/91/025 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Properties: Pasty solid; HLB 15.3; cloud pt. 68 C (1% in NaCl 10%); Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-9/11 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 2.5 nonionic Imbentin-C/123/065 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] ΕO Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-12/13 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, CAS 68439-46-3 Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, 6.5 EO CAS 66455-14-9 cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents. paper processing cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emul-Properties: Liq.; HLB 8.1; cloud pt. 44 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic sion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, Imbentin-C/91/35 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] paper processing Properties: Liq.; HLB 11.9; cloud pt. 43 C (5% in DI water); nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-9/11 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 5 Imbentin-C/125/030 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] FO CAS 68439-46-3 Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-12/15 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 3 Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, ΕO cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emul-CAS 68131-39-5 Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, sion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulpaper processing Properties: Liq.; HLB 11.6; cloud pt. 36 C (1% in DI water); nonionic sion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, Imbentin-C/91/040 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] paper processing Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-9/11 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 4 Properties: Liq.; HLB 7.8; cloud pt. 42 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic ΕO Imbentin-C/125/050 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] CAS 68439-46-3 Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-12/15 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 5 Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, ΕO cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emul-CAS 68131-39-5 sion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, paper processing cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emul-Properties: Liq.; HLB 10.5; cloud pt. 62 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic sion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, Imbentin-C/91/060 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] paper processing Properties: Liq.; HLB 10.5; cloud pt. 67 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-9/11 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 6 ΕO Imbentin-C/125/55 90% [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-12/15 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 8 CAS 68439-46-3 Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, ΕO cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emul-CAS 68131-39-5 sion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, paper processing cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emul-Properties: Liq.; HLB 12.5; cloud pt. 54 C (1% in DI water); nonionic sion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, Imbentin-C/91/080 I [Dr. W. Kolb AG] paper processing Properties: Liq.; HLB 12.6; cloud pt. 55 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-9/11 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 8 ΕO Imbentin-C/125/070 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] CAS 68439-46-3 Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-12/15 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 7 Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, ΕO CAS 68131-39-5 cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emul-Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, sion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emul-Properties: Liq.; HLB 13.8; cloud pt. 80 C (1% in DI water); nonionic sion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, Imbentin-C/91/080 OFA [Dr. W. Kolb AG] paper processing Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-9/11 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 8 Properties: Liq.; HLB 12; cloud pt. 49 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-C/125/85 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] ΕO Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-12/15 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, CAS 68439-46-3

10 EO

CAS 68131-39-5

- Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing
- *Properties:* Pasty solid; HLB 13.6; cloud pt. 82 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-C/125/090 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-12/15 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 9 EO
 - CAS 68131-39-5
 - Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Pasty solid; HLB 13.1; cloud pt. 78 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-C/125/130 80% [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-12/15 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 13 EO

CAS 68131-39-5

Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 14.7; cloud pt. 88 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-C/135/030 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-13/15 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 3 EO

CAS 68131-39-5

- Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing
- *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 7.7; cloud pt. 57 C (10% in BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-C/135/040 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
- Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-13/15 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 4 EO

CAS 68131-39-5

- Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing
- *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 9.1; cloud pt. 60 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-C/135/070 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-13/15 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 7 EO
 - CAS 68131-39-5

Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 11.9; cloud pt. 47 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-C/135/090 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-13/15 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 9 EO

CAS 68131-39-5

Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Pasty solid; HLB 13.1; cloud pt. 65 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-C/135/110 85% [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-13/15 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 11 EO

CAS 68131-39-5

Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 14; cloud pt. 87 C (1% in DI water); nonionic

Imbentin-C/135/200 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-13/15 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether,

CAS 68131-39-5

Uses: Solubilizer for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Solid; HLB 16.2; nonionic

- Imbentin-C/145/030 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-14/15 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 3 $\rm EO$

CAS 68951-67-7

- Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing
- *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 7.5; cloud pt. 51 C (5g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-C/145/070 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-14/15 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 7 E O

CAS 68951-67-7

Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 11.7; cloud pt. 46 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-C/145/110 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-14/15 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 11 EO

- CAS 68951-67-7
- Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 13.8; cloud pt. 58 C (1% in NaCl 10%); nonionic **Imbentin-CAM/020** [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Cocosamine, 2 EO
- CAS 61791-14-8

Uses: Wetting agent for industrial detergents and cleaners, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, metal treatment, plastics, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 6-10; amine no. 200; nonionic

Imbentin-CM/125 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- *Chem. Descrip.*: Mixt. of fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ethers *Uses:* Surfactant for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, and paper processing
- Properties: Liq.; cloud pt. 70 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic

Imbentin-CM/145 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Mixt. of fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ethers *Uses:* Surfactant for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, and paper processing

Properties: Liq.; čloud pt. 65 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-CM/935 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Mixt. of fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ethers *Uses:* Surfactant for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, and paper processing
- Properties: Liq.; čloud pt. 48 C (1% in DI water); nonionic

Imbentin-CMEA/100 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Cocosmonoethanolamide, 10 EO *Uses:* Surfactant for industrial detergents and cleaners, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, metal treatment, plastics, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing
- Properties: Liq.; čloud pt. 60 C (10% in NaCl 10%); nonionic

Imbentin-DE/300 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: C20/22 propylene diamine, 30 EO Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for industrial detergents and cleaners, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, metal treatment, plastics, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing *Properties:* Pasty; HLB > 15; amine no. 66; nonionic

Imbentin-DT/250 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Tallow propylenediamine, 25 EO

Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for industrial detergents and cleaners, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, metal

treatment, plastics, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing Imbentin-N/44 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 8.5 EO Properties: Pasty solid; HLB > 15; amine no. 77; nonionic Imbentin-EAM/300 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] CAS 9016-45-9 Chem. Descrip.: Fatty amine, 30 EO Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for industrial detergents and cleaners, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, metal treatment, plastics, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing Properties: Solid; HLB > 15; amine no. 34; nonionic Imbentin-N/050 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Imbentin-L/145/040 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-14/15 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 4 ΕO CAS 68951-67-7 Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal Imbentin-N/52 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] treatment, paper processing Properties: Lig.; HLB 8.9; cloud pt. 62 C (5g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-L/145/080 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-14/15 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 8 ΕO CAS 68951-67-7 Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, Imbentin-N/55 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] cosmetics and toiletries, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coat-CAS 9016-45-9 ings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing Properties: Pasty solid; HLB 12.3; cloud pt. 78 C (5g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-N/7 A [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Imbentin-N/060 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 1.5 EO CAS 9016-45-9; EINÉCS/ELINCS 248-291-5 CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: W/o emulsifier, coemulsifier for industrial detergents and cleaners, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing Properties: Liq.; HLB 4.6; cloud pt. 70 C (2% in BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-N/63 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Imbentin-N/020 I [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Chem. Descrip .: Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 2 EO CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-291-5 Uses: W/o emulsifier, coemulsifier for industrial detergents and cleaners, textile and leather applics., agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing Properties: Liq.; HLB 5.7; cloud pt. 70 C (10% in BDG 50%); nonionic Imbentin-N/82 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Imbentin-N/30 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 7.5 EO CAS 9016-45-9 CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: O/w emulsifier for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing Properties: Liq.; HLB 12; cloud pt. 31 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-N/85 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Imbentin-N/35 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 8 EO CAS 9016-45-9 CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: O/w emulsifier for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing Properties: Liq.; HLB 12.3; cloud pt. 34 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-N/91 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Imbentin-N/040 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Chem. Descrip .: Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 4 EO CAS 9016-45-9 CAS 9016-45-9; EINÉCS/ELINCS 230-770-5 Uses: Wetting agent for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing Properties: Liq.; HLB 8.9; cloud pt. 55 C (10% in BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-N/98 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Imbentin-N/40 A [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 6.5 EO CAS 9016-45-9 CAS 9016-45-9; EINÉCS/ELINCS 248-292-0 Uses: O/w emulsifier for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing Imbentin-N/200 80% [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Properties: Liq.; HLB 11.3; cloud pt. 40 C (3 g prod. in 10 ml alcohol, 30 C); nonionic

Uses: O/w emulsifier for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing Properties: Liq.; HLB 12.6; cloud pt. 42 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 5 EO CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 247-555-7 Uses: Wetting agent for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing Properties: Liq.; HLB 10; cloud pt. 60 C (10% in BDG 25%); nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 9.5 EO CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-294-1 Uses: O/w emulsifier for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing Properties: Liq.; HLB 13.1; cloud pt. 50 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 9 EO Uses: O/w emulsifier for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing Properties: Liq.; HLB 12.9; cloud pt. 54 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 6 EO Uses: O/w emulsifier for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing Properties: Liq.; HLB 10.9; cloud pt. 67 C (10% in BDG 25%); nonionic Chem. Descrip .: Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 10 EO CAS 9016-45-9; EINÉCS/ELINCS 248-294-1 Uses: O/w emulsifier for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing Properties: Liq.; HLB 13.3; cloud pt. 63 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 12 EO Uses: O/w emulsifier for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing Properties: Pasty solid; HLB 14.1; cloud pt. 81 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 12.5 EO Uses: O/w emulsifier for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing Properties: Pasty solid; HLB 14.3; cloud pt. 91 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 14 EO Uses: O/w emulsifier for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing Properties: Pasty solid; HLB 14.7; cloud pt. 91 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Chem. Descrip .: Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 15 EO Uses: O/w emulsifier for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing Properties: Pasty solid; HLB 15; cloud pt. 96 C (1% in DI water); nonionic

Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 20 EO

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: Solubilizer and cleaning agent for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing
- *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 16; cloud pt. 72 C (10% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-N/300 G [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 30 EO CAS 9016-45-9

Uses: Solubilizer and cleaning agent for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing

Properties: Pellets; HLB 17.1; nonionic

- Imbentin-N/400 G [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 40 EO
 - CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: Solubilizer and cleaning agent for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper
 - processing

Properties: Pellets; HLB 17.8; nonionic

Imbentin-N/600 G 50% [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether, 60 EO CAS 9016-45-9
- Uses: Solubilizer and cleaning agent for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 18; nonionic

Imbentin-OA/020 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- Chem. Descrip.: 2-Ethylhexanol polyethylene glycol ether, 2 EO Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing
- *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 6-10; cloud pt. 50 C (5% in 25% BDG); nonionic **Imbentin-OA/030** [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: 2-Ethylhexanol polyethylene glycol ether, 3 EO
 - Uses: O/w emulsifier, laundry and cleaning detergents for cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing
- *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 10-15; cloud pt. 22 C (10% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-OA/050 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
- Chem. Descrip.: 2-Ethylhexanol polyethylene glycol ether, 5 EO
 - Uses: O/w emulsifier, laundry and cleaning detergents for cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 10-15; cloud pt. 64 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-OA/080 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- Chem. Descrip.: 2-Ethylhexanol polyethylene glycol ether, 8 EO
- Uses: O/w emulsifier, laundry and cleaning detergents for cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 10-15; cloud pt. 79 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-OAD/500 70% [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Oleylmonoethanolamide, 50 EO

Uses: Surfactant for industrial detergents and cleaners, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, metal treatment, plastics, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing

Properties: Liq.; cloud pt. 74 C (10% in NaCl 10%); nonionic

Imbentin-OAM/020 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Oleylamine, 2 EO

CAS 26635-93-8

Uses: W/o emulsifier, coemulsifier for industrial detergents and cleaners, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, metal treatment, plastics, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 3-6; amine no. 163; nonionic

Imbentin-OAM/200 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Oleylamine, 20 EO

- CAS 71786-60-2
- Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for industrial detergents and cleaners, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, metal treatment, plastics, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing *Properties:* Liq.; HLB > 15; amine no. 45; nonionic
- Imbentin-PAP/6100 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* EO/PO block copolymers

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Surfactant for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, emulsion polymerization, metal treatment, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing
- Properties: Liq.; cloud pt. 25 C (1% in DI water); 10% PO in molecule; nonionic

Imbentin-PAP/6200 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO block copolymers

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Surfactant for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, emulsion polymerization, metal treatment, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing
- Properties: Liq.; cloud pt. 35 C (1% in DI water); 20% PO in molecule; nonionic

Imbentin-PAP/10200 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO block copolymers

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Surfactant for industrial detergents and cleaners, textiles, leather, emulsion polymerization, metal treatment, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing
- Properties: Liq.; cloud pt. 17 C (3 g prod. in 10 ml alcohol, 30 C); 20% PO in molecule; nonionic

Imbentin-PEG/300 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-6

- CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 220-045-1
- Uses: Surfactant for household/industrial detergents and cleaners, cosmetic and toiletries, agric., pharmaceuticals, textiles, leather, paints and coatings, metal treatment, plastics, and paper processing
- Properties: Liq.; hyd. no. 375; nonionic

Imbentin-PEG/400 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-8

- CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 225-856-4
- Uses: Surfactant for household/industrial detergents and cleaners, cosmetic and toiletries, agric., pharmaceuticals, textiles, leather, paints and coatings, metal treatment, plastics, and paper processing
- Properties: Liq.; hyd. no. 280; nonionic Imbentin-PEG/600 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-12

CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 229-859-1

Uses: Surfactant for household/industrial detergents and cleaners, cosmetic and toiletries, agric., pharmaceuticals, textiles, leather, paints and coatings, metal treatment, plastics, and paper processing

Properties: Liq.; hyd. no. 185; nonionic

Imbentin-PEG/1500 G [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-32

CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9

Uses: Surfactant for household/industrial detergents and cleaners, cosmetic and toiletries, agric., pharmaceuticals, textiles, leather, paints and coatings, metal treatment, plastics, and paper processing

Properties: Pellets; hyd. no. 75; nonionic Imbentin-POA/020 5055 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18' fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 2 EO

Uses: W/o emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 5; cloud pt. 32 C (5g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic

- Imbentin-POA/024 5055 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18´ fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 2.4 EO
 - Uses: W/o emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment,

paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 5.7; cloud pt. 39 C (5g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-POA/050 7075 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18' fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 5 EO
- Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 9.1; cloud pt. 65 C (5g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-POA/060 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 6 EO

Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Pasty solid; HLB 10; cloud pt. 72 C (5g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic

Imbentin-POA/080 90% [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 8 EO
- Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 11.4; cloud pt. 83 C (5g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-POA/180 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 18 EO
- Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing
- Properties: Liq.; HLB 15; cloud pt. 73 C (1% in NaCl 10%); nonionic Imbentin-POA/220 6065 G [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 25 EO
 - Uses: Solubilizer for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Pellets; HLB 16.1; nonionic

Imbentin-POA/220 G [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18 $\,$ fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 18 $\,$ EO $\,$
- Uses: Solubilizer for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Pellets; HLB 15.7; nonionic

Imbentin-POA/310 G [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 31 EO
- Uses: Solubilizer for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Pellets; HLB 16.8; nonionic

Imbentin-POA/800 G [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- Chem. Descrip.: Linear C-16/18´ fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 80 EO
- Uses: Solubilizer for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Pellets; HLB 18.6; nonionic

Imbentin-SAM/050 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Stearylamine, 5 EO

CAS 9003-93-4

Uses: Wetting agent for industrial detergents and cleaners, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, metal treatment, plas-

tics, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing Properties: Liq.; HLB 6-10; amine no. 115; nonionic

- Imbentin-SAM/250 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Stearylamine, 25 EO
 - CAS 9003-93-4

Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for industrial detergents and cleaners, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, metal treatment, plastics, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing *Properties:* Pasty solid; HLB > 15; amine no. 29; nonionic

Imbentin-SAM/400 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Stearylamine, 40 EO

CAS 26635-92-7

Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for industrial detergents and cleaners, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, metal treatment, plastics, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing *Properties:* Solid; HLB > 15; amine no. 29; nonionic

Imbentin-T/030 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-13 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 3 EO

CAS 24938-91-8; EINECS/ELINCS 224-540-3

Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 8.1; cloud pt. 36 C (5g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-T/040 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-13 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 4 EO

CAS 24938-91-8

Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 9.5; cloud pt. 68 C (5% in 25% BDG); nonionic Imbentin-T/050 I [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-13 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 5 EO

CAS 24938-91-8

Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 10.6; cloud pt. 66 C (10% in BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-T/060 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-13 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 6 EO

CAS 24938-91-8

Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 11.5; cloud pt. 77 C (5% in 25% BDG); nonionic

Imbentin-T/65 100% [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-13 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 9.5 EO

- CAS 24938-91-8
- Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Pasty solid; HLB 13.6; cloud pt. 63C (1% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-T/070 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-13 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 7 EO

CAS 24938-91-8

- Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing
- *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 12.2; cloud pt. 71 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-T/080 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-13 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 8

ΕO

CAS 24938-91-8

- Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing
- *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 12.9; cloud pt. 47 C (1% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-T/090 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-13 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 9 EO
 - CAS 24938-91-8
 - Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing
- *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 13.4; cloud pt. 79 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-T/100 90% [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-13 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 10 EO
 - CAS 24938-91-8
 - Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing
- Properties: Liq.; HLB 13.9; cloud pt. 75 C (2% in DI water); nonionic Imbentin-T/120 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-13 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 12 EO
 - CAS 24938-91-8
 - Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing
- *Properties:* Solid; HLB 14.6; cloud pt. 86 C (1% in DI water); nonionic **Imbentin-T/150** [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
- Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-13 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 15 EO
 - CAS 24938-91-8
 - Uses: Solubilizer for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing
- *Properties:* Solid; HLB 15.4; cloud pt. 68 C (1% in NaCl 10%); nonionic Imbentin-T/400 G [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-13 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 40 EO
 - CAS 24938-91-8
 - Uses: Solubilizer for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing
- Properties: Pellets; HLB 18; nonionic
- Imbentin-TAM/020 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Tallowamine, 2 EO
 - CAS 61791-44-4
 - Uses: W/o emulsifier, coemulsifier for industrial detergents and cleaners, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, metal treatment, plastics, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 3-6; amine no. 165; nonionic

Imbentin-TAM/050 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- Chem. Descrip .: Tallowamine, 5 EO
- CAS 61791-44-4
- Uses: Wetting agent for industrial detergents and cleaners, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, metal treatment, plastics, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing
- Properties: Liq.; HLB 6-10; amine no. 115; nonionic

Imbentin-TAM/200 N [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Chem. Descrip.: Tallowamine, 20 EO

- CAS 61791-44-4
- Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for industrial detergents and cleaners, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, metal treatment, plastics, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB > 15; amine no. 50; nonionic

- Imbentin-TAM/350 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Tallowamine, 35 EO
 - CAS 61791-44-4
 - Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for industrial detergents and cleaners, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, metal treatment, plastics, petroleum/mining industries, and paper processing *Properties:* Solid; HLB > 15; amine no. 31; nonionic

Imbentin-U/030 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Branched C-11 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 3 EO CAS 127036-24-2
- Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing
- Properties: Liq.; HLB 8.7; cloud pt. 45 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-U/050 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-11 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 5 EO CAS 127036-24-2
 - Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing
- *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 11.2; cloud pt. 62 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-U/060 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-11 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 6 EO CAS 127036-24-2
 - Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing
- Properties: Liq.; HLB 12.1; cloud pt. 69 C (5 g in 25 g BDG 25%); nonionic Imbentin-U/070 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-11 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 7 EO CAS 127036-24-2
 - Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing
 - Properties: Liq.; HLB 12.8; cloud pt. 53 C (1% in DI water); nonionic
- Imbentin-U/080 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-11 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 8 EO CAS 127036-24-2
 - Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Properties: Liq.; HLB 13.4; cloud pt. 63 C (1% in DI water); nonionic

Imbentin-U/100 [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

- Chem. Descrip.: Branched C-11 fatty alcohol polyethylene glycol ether, 10 E O
- CAS 127036-24-2
- Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents and cleaning agents, cosmetics and toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints and coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing
- Properties: Liq.; HLB 14.4; cloud pt. 85 C (1% in DI water); nonionic
- Imidazoline 18 DA [Lakeland Labs Ltd]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Oleic amidoethylimidazoline
 - CAS 63441-26-9
 - UN No. 1760 NOS
 - Uses: For oil fields, metalworking, paper, lubricants, road making, paints, inks, agric.; corrosion inhibition, dispersants, dewatering, emulsification; bitumen emulsification; thermally stable; acid stable; substantive to metal, glass and paint
 - *Properties:* Dk. amber clear liq.; oil sol.; sp.gr. 0.93; 100% act.; cationic *Precaution:* Corrosive
- Imidazoline 18OH [Lakeland Labs Ltd]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Oleic hydroxyethylimidazoline
 - CAS 95-38-5 UN No. 1760 NOS
 - Uses: For oil fields, metal finishing, textiles, paper, lubricants, road making,

paints, inks, maintenance chems., agric., anticorrosives, acid cleaning; corrosion inhibition; dispersant; dewatering; emulsification; rheology modifiers; adhesion promoters, flocculation, softening, bitumen emulsification; thermally stable; acid stable; substantive to metal, glass and paint

Properties: Dk. amber clear liq.; oil-sol.; sp.gr. 0.94; 100% act.; cationic Precaution: Corrosive

- Imidazoline SOH [Lakeland Labs Ltd]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Stearic hydroxyethylimidazoline

CAS 68937-01-9; EINECS/ELINCS 202-397-8

UN No. 1760 NOS

- Uses: For oil fields, metalworking, textiles, paper, lubricants, paints, inks, agric., maintenance chems.; dispersants, dewatering, emulsification; flocculation, softening (as quat); bitumen emulsification; thermally stable; acid stable; substantive to metal, glass and paint
- Properties: Cream-colored waxy solid; oil sol.; sp.gr. 0.97; 100% act.; cationic
- Precaution: Corrosive
- Imprint[®] [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper]
- Uses: Antilinting aid for newsprint and paperboard
- Incroquat SDQ-25 [Croda Inc; Croda Chem. Ltd; Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip .: Stearalkonium chloride and water

- CAS 122-19-0; EINECS/ELINCS 204-527-9
- Uses: Surfactant in personal care prods., textiles, and paper; dispersant for pigments and dyestuffs; antistat for fibers and synthetics; hair conditioner; softener; emollient
- Use Level: 2-10%
- Properties: Wh. paste; m.p. 140 F; pH 3.0-4.0 (1%); 25% conc.; cationic Indopol® H-100 [BP Amoco]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polybutene

CAS 9003-29-6

- UN No. 3257
- Uses: Lubricant for food-contact applics.; plasticizer for food-grade PE and PS; mfg. of caulks, sealants, and adhesives; component of food-contact adhesives/coatings/paper/textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1430, 177.2260(d)(2), 178.3570, 178.3910, 177.2800, 177.1520, 177.1640, 178.3740; SARA §302/311/312/313 nonreportable
- Properties: Clear liq.; sol. < 0.1% in water; sp.gr. 0.89; visc. 196-233 cSt (99 C); pour pt. -6.7 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 155 C; 100% act.
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 34,600 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 10,250 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat) > 17,000 mg/m³; heated material can cause thermal burns to eyes and skin; negligible eye and skin irritant
- Environmental: LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) > 10,000 mg/l, (fathead minnows, 96 h) > 1000 mg/l; nontoxic; only very sl. biodegradation; non-water endangering
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Incomplete burning can produce CO, CO₂, other harmful prods.
- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Keep away from ignition sources

Indopol® H-1500 [BP Amoco]

- Chem. Descrip .: Polybutene
- CAS 9003-29-6
- UN No. 3257
- Uses: Lubricant for food-contact applics.; plasticizer for food-grade PE and PS; mfg. of caulks, sealants, and adhesives; component of food-contact adhesives/coatings/paper/textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1430, 177.2260(d)(2), 178.3570, 178.3910, 177.2800, 177.1520, 177.1640, 178.3740; SARA §302/311/312/313 nonreportable
- *Properties:* Clear liq.; sol. < 0.1% in water; sp.gr. 0.9; visc. 3026-3381 cSt (99 C); pour pt. 18 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 170 C; 100% act.
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 34,600 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 10,250 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat) > 17,300 mg/m³; heated material can cause thermal burns to eyes and skin; negligible skin irritant; sl. eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Incomplete burning can produce CO, CO₂, other harmful prods.
- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Keep away from ignition sources

Indopol® L-10 [BP Amoco]

Chem. Descrip.: Polybutene

CAS 9003-29-6

Uses: Lubricant for food-contact applics.; plasticizer for food-grade PE and

PS; mfg. of caulks, sealants, and adhesives; component of food-contact adhesives/coatings/paper/textiles

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1430, 177.2260(d)(2), 178.3570, 178.3910, 177.2800, 177.1520, 177.1640, 178.3740; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/311/312/313 nonreportable
- Properties: Clear liq.; sol. < 0.1% in water; sp.gr. 0.84; visc. 18-24 cSt (100 F); b.p. 35 C min.; pour pt. -46 C; flash pt. 110 C; 100% act.
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 34,600 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 10,250 mg/kg; pract. nontoxic; LC50 (inh., rat) > 850 mg/m³; negligible eye irritant; sl. skin irritant: TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Incomplete burning can produce CO, CO2, other harmful prods.
- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Keep away from ignition sources
- Induclor® [PPG Ind.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Calcium hypochlorite
 - CAS 7778-54-3; EINECS/ELINCS 231-908-7
 - Uses: Algicide, slimicide in municipal and industrial water treatment, municipal water treatment, sewage treatment, in textile and paper mills, tanneries, wastewater effluent treatment in petrochem. industry; chlorinating agent for swimming pools; disinfectant for cleaning pool parts, locker room floors, etc.; highly effective against bacteria, algae, slime, fungi, and other harmful and objectionable microorganisms; delivers slow release of chlorine
 - *Properties:* Tablets; sol. in water; bulk dens. 64 lb/ft³; 65% available chlorine Toxicology: Avoid inhalation or contact with eyes, skin; harmful or fatal if swallowed
 - Precaution: Strong oxidant
 - Storage: Store tightly closed in cool, dry, well-ventilated place; keep away from lighted tobacco prods.
- Intacol S-22 [Omya Croxton+Garry]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Styrene and maleic anhydride copolymer aq. sol'n. CAS 9011-13-6
 - Uses: Surf. sizing agent for paper and cardboard applics. (printing and writing papers, particularly laser and ink jet papers); imparts hydrophobic props. Use Level: 0.2-0.6%
 - Properties: Visc. 20-500 mPa•s; pH 8-9.5; 37-39% act.; anionic *Toxicology:* Low toxicity; nonirritating to skin
- Intacol S-24 [Omya Croxton+Garry]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Styrene and maleic anhydride copolymer ag. sol'n. CAS 9011-13-6
 - Uses: Surf. sizing agent for paper and cardboard applics. (printing and writing papers, particularly laser and ink jet papers); imparts hydrophobic props. Use Level: 0.2-0.6%
 - Properties: Visc. 20-500 mPa•s; pH 8-9.5; 20% act.; anionic
- Toxicology: Low toxicity; nonirritating to skin Intacol S-26 [Omya Croxton+Garry]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Styrene and maleic anhydride copolymer aq. sol'n. CAS 9011-13-6
 - Uses: Surf. sizing agent for paper and cardboard applics. (printing and writing papers, particularly laser and ink jet papers); imparts hydrophobic props. Use Level: 0.2-0.6%
 - Properties: Visc. 20-500 mPa•s; pH 8-9.5; 15% act.; anionic
 - Toxicology: Low toxicity; nonirritating to skin
- Intacol S-28 [Omya Croxton+Garry]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Styrene and maleic anhydride copolymer aq. sol'n. CAS 9011-13-6
 - Uses: Surf. sizing agent for paper and cardboard applics. (printing and writing papers, particularly laser and ink jet papers); imparts hydrophobic props. Use Level: 0.2-0.6%
 - Properties: Visc. 50-600 mPa•s; pH 8-9.5; 15% act.; anionic
- Toxicology: Low toxicity; nonirritating to skin Intacol S-2240 [Omya Croxton+Garry]
- Chem. Descrip.: Styrene and maleic anhydride copolymer aq. sol'n.
 - CAS 9011-13-6
 - Uses: Surf. sizing agent for paper and cardboard applics. (printing and writing papers, particularly laser and ink jet papers); imparts hydrophobic props. Use Level: 0.2-0.6%
 - Properties: Visc. < 500 mPa•s; pH 8.5-9.5; 20% act.; anionic
- *Toxicology:* Low toxicity; nonirritating to skin Intacol S-2252 [Omya Croxton+Garry]
- - Chem. Descrip.: Styrene and maleic anhydride copolymer aq. sol'n.

CAS 9011-13-6 Uses: Surf. sizing agent for paper and cardboard applics. (printing and writing papers, particularly laser and ink jet papers); imparts hydrophobic props. Use Level: 0.2-0.6% Properties: Visc. < 500 mPa•s; pH 8.5-9.5; 20% act.; anionic Toxicology: Low toxicity; nonirritating to skin Intacol S-2425 [Omya Croxton+Garry] Chem. Descrip.: Styrene and maleic anhydride copolymer ag. sol'n. CAS 9011-13-6 Uses: Surf. sizing agent for paper and cardboard applics. (printing and writing papers, particularly laser and ink jet papers); imparts hydrophobic props. Use Level: 0.2-0.6% Properties: Visc. < 500 mPa•s; pH 8.5-9.5; 20% act.; anionic Toxicology: Low toxicity; nonirritating to skin Integral® [Hercules] Uses: Sizing agent for surf. and internal sizing of pulp, paper, and paperboard Interbond® C [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] Chem. Descrip .: Dent corn starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Drainage aid, retention aid, and dry str. agent for papermaking wet end, recycled board; ideal for paper systems requiring little cationic charge in the wetend Properties: Cationic Intrabond[®] [Crompton & Knowles] Uses: Direct dyes for fine papers, tissue grades, toweling, paperboard, and cover stocks Intracid® [Crompton & Knowles] Uses: Acid dyes for specialty papers, leather; high wet and lightfastness Intrafix[®] [Crompton & Knowles] Uses: Fixing agent, retention aid for paper Intralan[®] Liq. [Crompton & Knowles] Uses: Metalized dye for leather spray dyeing applics.; provides high lightfastness Properties: Solv.-sol. Intralite[®] [Crompton & Knowles] Uses: Direct dyes for fine papers, tissue grades, toweling, paperboard, and cover stocks Intrawite[®] [Crompton & Knowles] Uses: Fluorescent whitening agent for paper Ionac Corcat® P-12 [Sybron] Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylenimine polymer CAS 26913-06-4 Uses: Dispersant for printing inks, and to inc. adhesion of some pigments to cellulose fibers; offers high thermal and electrolyte stability for oil field applics.; for clarification of municipal drinking water; enzyme catalyst; used for flocculation of clay and silica in mining operations; in metal treatment, textile industry, personal care; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane; improves adhesion to surfaces Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.357, 175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200; DOT nonregulated; SARA nonreportable Properties: APHA 400 max. liq.; faint amine odor; sol. in water, lower alcohols, glycols (propylene, ethylene, triethylene), benzene; insol. in nhexane; m.w. 1200; sp.gr. 1.01-1.05; visc. 3000-8000 cP; b.p. 100 C; flash pt. (TCC) 93.3 C; pH 10-11 (5% aq.); 99% solids; cationic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2286 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 3000 mg/kg; sl. toxic by ing.; ing. may cause gastric disturbances; may cause mild skin irritation; may cause eye injury Precaution: Reacts with oxidizing materials; reacts slowly with methylene chloride; reacts violently with CCl₄ Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion generates NO_x and CO HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Ionac Corcat® P-600 [Sybron] Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylenimine polymer CAS 26913-06-4 Uses: Dispersant for printing inks, and to inc. adhesion of some pigments to cellulose fibers; offers high thermal and electrolyte stability for oil field applics.; for clarification of municipal drinking water; enzyme catalyst; used for flocculation of clay and silica in mining operations; in metal treatment, textile industry, personal care; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane; improves adhesion to surfaces; Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.357, 175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200; DOT nonregulated; SARA nonreportable

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 7550 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 3000 mg/kg; sl. toxic by ing.; ing. may cause gastric disturbances; may cause eye irritation; nonirritating to skin; prolonged/repeated skin contact may cause irritation

Precaution: Reacts with oxidizing materials; reacts slowly with methylene chloride; reacts violently with CCl₄

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion generates NO_x and CO HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Ipex[™]-400 [lpex]

Chem. Descrip.: 40% 3-lodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate in inert ingreds. Uses: Fungicide for aq. and solv. systems such as oleoresinous and latex paints, wood prods., cutting oils, textiles, paper coatings, inks, plastics, adhesives, canvas, and cordage; broad-spectrum; industrial grade

- Use Level: 0.5-2.5% (plastics), 4-12 lb/100 gal (paint), 1-4 lb/100 gal (interior paints), 0.05-0.5% (cutting oils), 0.5-2.0% (wood treatment), 0.01-1.0% (textiles), 0.05-0.3% (paper coatings), 0.5-2% (canvas), 0.05-3% (inks), 0.05-0.2% (adhesives)
- Properties: Amber liq., char. odor; sol. in aromatics and alcohols; sp.gr. 1.13-1.16; dens. 9.4-9.7 lb/gal; 40% min. act.

Storage: Store above 32 F; do not use or store near heat or open flame Ipex™-1000 [lpex]

- Chem. Descrip.: 97% 3-lodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate in inert ingreds. Uses: Fungicide for aq. and solv. systems such as oleoresinous and latex paints, wood prods., cutting oils, textiles, paper coatings, inks, plastics, adhesives, canvas, and cordage; broad-spectrum; industrial grade
- *Use Level:* 0.05-0.6% (PVC), 0.3-0.5% (paints and stains), 0.1-0.32% (interior paints), 0.03-0.3% (cutting oils), 0.3-0.5% (wood treatments), 0.05-0.5% (textiles, inks), 0.1-0.5% (paper coatings), 0.025-0.1% (adhesives)
- *Properties:* Off-wh. cryst. solid; sol. in most aromatic solvs. and alcohols; sp.gr. 1.74-1.77 (20 C); m.p. 65-68 C; 97% min. active, 1% max. moisture *Storage:* Store @ 0-32 C; do not use or store near heat or open flame

Irgalite® [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper]

Chem. Descrip.: Org. pigment

Uses: Pigment for paper coloration, decorative laminate papers, cover papers and boards, laundry tags, poster papers, tinting of wh. papers; rec. where higher levels of fastness are required

- Properties: Paste Irganox® 259 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Addit.]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* 1,6-Hexamethylene bis-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate)
 - CAS 35074-77-2
 - Uses: Antioxidant/stabilizer for polyolefin, elastomer, styrenic, polyacetal, petrol. prods., and org. substrates; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, polymers; nondiscoloring, nonstaining
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300(b), 175.320(b), 176.170(a)(b), 177.2470, 177.2480, 178.2010 etc.

Properties: Off-wh. cryst. powd.; odorless; sol. in benzene, acetone, chloroform, min. oil, hexane, and water; m.w. 639; m.p. 103-108 C

Irganox® 1010 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Addit.]

Chem. Descrip.: Tetrakis [methylene (3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate)] methane

- CAS 6683-19-8; EINECS/ELINCS 229-722-6
- Uses: Nondiscoloring, nonstaining antioxidant and thermal stabilizer for org. and polymeric materials, polyolefin, elastomer, acetal, acrylic, PET, PU, PMMA, PVC, food-contact adhesives/coatings/paper/polymers, petrol. prods., coatings; U.S. patents 3,285,855 and 3,644, 482
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300(b), 175.320(b), 176.170(a), 177.2470, 178.2010 etc.
- Properties: Wh. free-flowing cryst. powd.; odorless; sol. (g/100 g): 163 g methylene chloride, 144 g chloroform, 122 g benzene, 89 g acetone; m.w. 1178; sp.gr. 1.15; m.p. 110-125 C
- Irganox® 1035 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Addit.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Thiodiethylene bis-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy) hydrocinnamate

CAS 41484-35-9

Uses: Stabilizer and antioxidant for polymers, org. substrates, polyolefins, crosslinked PE systems esp. wire and cable, BR, SBR, NBR, SEBS, elastomer, petrol. prods., powd. and high-bake coatings, food pkg.; food pkg. adhesives, paper, polymers, rubber; nondiscoloring, nonstaining *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.2010

- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; odorless; sol. in toluene, acetone, ethyl acetate, methanol, min. oil; sol. < 0.01% in water; m.w. 643; sp.gr. 1.10 (20 C); m.p. 63-68 C
- Irganox[®] 1520 D/L [Ciba Spec. Chems./Addit.]

Chem. Descrip.: 2,4-Bis [(octylthio) methyl]-o-cresol CAS 110553-27-0

- Uses: Antioxidant for polymers for base stabilization of elastomers and the compd. stabilization of adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, polymers, rubber; effective during elastomer dynamic processing without the use of phosphites
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300(b), 175.125, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.2010
- Properties: Pale yel. low-visc. liq.; sol. in methanol, ethanol, acetone, ethyl acetate, methylene chloride, chloroform, toluene, n-hexane; sol. < 0.01 g/ 100 g water; m.w. 424.7; dens. 0.9787 g/ml; flash pt. > 200 C

Isopar[®] G [Exxon]

Chem. Descrip.: C10-11 isoparaffin

Chem. Analysis: paraffin (95%), cycloparaffin (5%)

CAS 64742-48-9

- Uses: Solvent, diluent, carrier for personal care sprays; solvent for coatings, thinners, cleaners, degreasers; extremely low surf. tens. to improve flow and wetting; suitable for odorless alkyd/acrylic paints; food-contact paper, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; minimizes VOC; virtually HAPs-free
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.882, 172.884, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2600, 178.3530, 178.3570, 178.3620(b), 178.3650; 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e); SARA nonreportable

Properties: Odorless; m.w. 149; sp.gr. 0.75 (15.6 C); dens. 6.23 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 1.0 cP; vapor pressure 2.3 mm Hg (20 C); b.p. 160-176 C; flash pt. 106 F; surf. tens. 23.8 dynes/cm; KB value 28

Toxicology: OEL 300 ppm; low toxicity

Isopar® H [Exxon]

Chem. Descrip.: C11-12 isoparaffin

Chem. Analysis: paraffin (95%), cycloparaffin (5%)

CAS 64742-48-9

- Uses: Solvent, diluent, carrier for personal care sprays; solvent for coatings, thinners, cleaners, degreasers; extremely low surf. tens. to improve flow and wetting; suitable for odorless alkyd/acrylic paints; food-contact paper, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; minimizes VOC; virtually HAPs-free
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.882, 172.884, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2600, 178.3530, 178.3570, 178.3620(b), 178.3650; 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e); SARA nonreportable

Properties: Odorless; m.w. 160; sp.gr. 0.76 (15.6 C); dens. 6.32 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 1.3 cP; vapor pressure 1.0 mm Hg (20 C); b.p. 178-188 C; flash pt. 129 F; surf. tens. 24.1 dynes/cm; KB value 27

Toxicology: OEL 300 ppm; low toxicity

Isopar[®] K [Exxon]

Chem. Descrip.: C11-12 isoparaffin

Chem. Analysis: paraffin (94%), cycloparaffin (6%)

CAS 64742-48-9

- Uses: Solvent, diluent, carrier for personal care sprays; solvent for coatings, thinners, cleaners, degreasers; extremely low surf. tens. to improve flow and wetting; suitable for odorless alkyd/acrylic paints; food-contact paper, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; minimizes VOC; virtually HAPs-free
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.882, 172.884, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2600, 178.3530, 178.3570, 178.3620(b), 178.3650; 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e); SARA nonreportable
- Properties: Odorless; m.w. 164; sp.gr. 0.76 (15.6 C); dens. 6.34 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 1.4 cP; vapor pressure 0.9 mm Hg (20 C); b.p. 177-197 C; flash pt. 135 F; surf. tens. 24.2 dynes/cm; KB value 27

- Toxicology: OEL 300 ppm; low toxicity Isopar® L [Exxon]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* C11-13 isoparaffin

CAS 64742-48-9

- Uses: Solvent for skin care formulations, coatings, agrochems., thinners, cleaners, and degreasers; extremely low surf. tens. to improve flow and wetting; suitable for odorless alkyd/acrylic paints; food-contact paper, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; minimizes VOC; virtually HAPs-free
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.882, 172.884, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2600, 178.3530, 178.3570, 178.3620(b), 178.3650, 573.680; 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e); SARA nonreportable
- *Properties:* Odorless; m.w. 171; sp.gr. 0.77 (15.6 C); dens. 6.40 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 1.6 cP; vapor pressure 0.8 mm Hg (20 C); b.p. 189-207 C; flash pt. 147 F; surf. tens. 25.1 dynes/cm; KB value 27; 89% paraffin, 11% cycloparaffin

Toxicology: OEL 300 ppm; low toxicity

Isopar® M [Exxon]

Chem. Descrip.: C13-14 isoparaffin

CAS 64742-48-9

- Uses: Solvent for hair spray, coatings, antiperspirants, laundry prewash, furniture/floor polish, waterless hand cleaner, agrochems, thinners, cleaners, degreasers; suitable for odorless alkyd/acrylic paints; carrier for insecticide actives; good dispersing props.; extremely low surf. tens. to improve flow and wetting; food-contact paper, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; complies with criteria for LVP solvent; minimizes VOC; virtually HAPs-free
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.882, 172.884, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2600, 178.3530, 178.3570, 178.3620(b), 573.680; 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e); SARA nonreportable
- Properties: Nearly odorless; m.w. 191; sp.gr. 0.79 (15.6 C); dens. 6.57 lb/ gal (60 F); visc. 2.7 cP; vapor pressure < 0.1 mm Hg (20 C); b.p. 223-254 C; flash pt. 199 F; surf. tens. 26.4 dynes/cm; KB value 27; 80% paraffin, 21% cycloparaffin
- Toxicology: OEL 300 ppm; low acute toxicity

Isopar® V [Exxon]

Chem. Descrip.: Isoparaffin hydrocarbon solv.

CAS 64742-46-7

Uses: Solvent for household applics. (polishes, cleaning compds., degreasers, waterless hand cleaners, stain removers, air fresheners, insecticides), inks, and elastomer-based adhesives; food-contact paper and applics.; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; complies with criteria for LVP solvent

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.884, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3620(b), 178.3650, 573.220, 573.680; 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e); SARA nonreportable

Properties: Saybolt +30 color; low odor; misc. with other hydrocarbons; m.w. 197; sp.gr. 0.82 (15.6 C); dens. 6.82 lb/gal (60 F); visc 7.5 cps; vapor pressure 0.3 mm Hg (38 C); b.p. 273-311; flash pt. (ATSM D 93) 129 C; surf. tens. 26.9 dynes/cm; KB value 25

Toxicology: OEL 300 ppm

Precaution: Volatile; vapors can be ignited causing explosions or flash fires *Storage:* Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame

Istemul 710 [Canamex]

Chem. Descrip.: Surfactant blend *Uses:* Surfactant for paper; hydrophilic *Properties:* Amber lig.

Istemul 770 [Canamex]

Chem. Descrip.: Surfactant blend Uses: Surfactant for paper; hydrophilic *Properties:* Liq.

Istemul 775 [Canamex]

Chem. Descrip.: Surfactant blend

Uses: Surfactant for paper; hydrophilic

Properties: Amber liq.

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Chem. Descrip.: Carboxymethyl hydroxypropyl guar CAS 68130-15-4

- Uses: Viscosifier; formation aid, str. agent in syn., glass, and specialty fiber sheets, papermaking; improves runnability of fiber web; crosslinkable; hydrates rapidly to yield a smooth, visc., almost clear sol'n. at acidic pH Use Level: 10-40 lb/ton
- Properties: Pale yel. free-flowing powd.; 95% min. thru 150 mesh; disp. in water; bulk dens. $40 \pm 5 \text{ lb/ft}^3$; visc. 3400 cps min. (1%); pH 8-10 (1%); 6-12% moisture; 5-7% ash
- Toxicology: Dust may be irritating; avoid breathing dust, contact with eyes, or repeated contact with skin

Environmental: Can be broken down with enzymes or oxidants

Precaution: Wet material will become very slippery

Storage: Store in dry location; keep container closed when not in use to prevent moisture pickup

Jaguar® 2100® [Vinings Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Purified guar gum

CAS 9000-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-536-8

Uses: Viscosifier; dry str. agent, formation agent for fine paperboard and specialty papers; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/ dry foods; improved smoothness; reduced press sticking; rec. where controlled visc. development is required

Use Level: 4-6 lb/ton (added to paper machine)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

- Properties: Yel. free-flowing powd.; 80% -200 mesh, 100% -20 mesh; nondispersible; visc. 3000 cps (1%); pH 5-6 (1%); 6-13% moisture Precaution: Wet material will become very slippery
- Storage: Store in dry location; keep container closed when not in use to prevent moisture pickup

Jaguar® 8707 [Vinings Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Carboxymethyl guar gum

Uses: Viscosifier; retention aid, drainage aid, drying aid for papermaking; retention aid for removal of fiber fines and trash from papermaking systems; promotes fiber to fiber bonding; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; improved runnability, str., printability; better sheet formation and fiber distribution; med. visc. gum with low charge dens.

Use Level: 2-8 lb/ton (added to paper machine)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

- *Properties:* Yel. free-flowing powd.; exc. disp. in water; visc. 2800 cps (1%); 6-13% moisture; anionic
- *Toxicology:* Dust may be irritating; avoid breathing dust, contact with eyes, or repeated contact with skin

Precaution: Wet material will become very slippery

Storage: Store in dry location; keep container closed when not in use to prevent moisture pickup

Jaguar® CB-11 [Vinings Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Guar gum

CAS 9000-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-536-8

Uses: Formation and dry str. agent for paper; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; improves formation in fiber grades, low consistency papermaking systems, and syn. fibers

Use Level: 2-25 lb/ton

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: Yel. free-flowing powd.; exc. dispersability in water; visc. 3200-

3800 cps (1%); 6-13% moisture

Toxicology: Dust may be irritating; avoid breathing dust, contact with eyes, repeated contact with skin

Precaution: Wet material will become very slippery

Storage: Store in dry location; keep container closed when not in use to prevent moisture pickup

Jaguar® CB-123 [Vinings Ind.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Guar gum
- CAS 9000-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-536-8
- Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid, drying aid, str. agent for fine paper, linerboard, and tissue mfg.; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; improves wet end cleanliness due to retention of fines and anionic trash removal; provides good pigment and fines retention without overflocculation

Use Level: 3-10 lb/ton (added to paper machine)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180
- Properties: Exc. dispersability in water; visc. 750-1000 cps; 6-12% moisture; amphoteric
- Toxicology: Dust may be irritating; avoid breathing dust, contact with eyes, repeated contact with skin
- *Precaution:* Wet material will become very slippery

Storage: Store in dry location; keep container closed when not in use to prevent moisture pickup

Jaguar® CP-4 [Vinings Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Ğuar gum deriv.

Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid, drying aid for paper and board mfg.; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; improves wet end cleanliness due to retention of fines and anionic trash removal; natural affinity for cellulose fiber; allows for good overall retention without overflocculation, while still giving good dry str. chars.

Use Level: 1-20 lb/ton (added to paper machine)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: Yel. free-flowing powd.; exc. dispersability in water; visc. 3300 cps (1%); 6-12% moisture; cationic

Toxicology: Dust may be irritating; avoid breathing dust, contact with eyes, repeated contact with skin

Precaution: Wet material will become very slippery

Storage: Store in dry location; keep container closed when not in use to prevent moisture pickup

Jaguar® CP-13 [Vinings Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Guar gum CAS 9000-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-536-8

Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid, drying aid for paper and board mfg.; str. agent in sec. fiber systems; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; improves wet end cleanliness due to retention of fines and anionic trash removal; natural affinity for cellulose fiber; allows for good overall retention without overflocculation; improved optical efficiency of pigments; inc. production

Use Level: 0.2-1.5 lb/ton (added to paper machine)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180
- Properties: Yel. free-flowing powd.; exc. dispersability in water; visc. 3200 cps (1%); pH 5-7; 6-13% moisture; cationic
- *Toxicology:* Dust may be irritating; avoid breathing dust, contact with eyes, repeated contact with skin
- Precaution: Wet material will become very slippery

Storage: Store in dry location; keep container closed when not in use to prevent moisture pickup

Jarcol[™] I-12 [Jarchem Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: 2-Butyl-octanol (95% min.)

CAS 3913-02-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-470-0

Uses: For use in industries such as cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles

- Properties: APHA 20 max. liq.; m.w. 186; sp.gr. 0.833; visc. 23 mPa•s; m.p. < -30 C; b.p. 145-149 C; acid no. 0.1 max.; iodine no. 1.0 max.; sapon. no. 1.0 max.; hyd. no. 286-305; flash pt. 120 C; ref. index 1.443; 0.1% max. water
- Jarcol[™] I-14T [Jarchem Ind.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: 2-Alkyl alkanol mixt., 2-butyl decanol/2-hexyl octanol 45/55 Uses: For use in industries such as cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles
 - Properties: APHA 20 max. liq.; m.w. 212-223; sp.gr. 0.835; visc. 32 mPa•s; m.p. < -25 C; b.p. 160-195 C; acid no. 0.1 max.; iodine no. 1.0 max.; sapon. no. 1.0 max.; hyd. no. 252-265; flash pt. 139 C; ref. index 1.447; 0.1% max. water
- Jarcol[™] I-16 [Jarchem Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: 2-Hexyl-decanol (97% min.)

CAS 2425-77-6; EINECS/ELINCS 219-370-1

- Uses: Extender, solvent for use in industries such as cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles
- *Properties:* APHA 20 max. liq.; m.w. ≈ 242; sp.gr. 0.836; visc. 38 mPa•s; m.p. -21 to -15 C; b.p. 193-197 C; acid no. 0.1 max.; iodine no. 1.0 max.; sapon. no. 1.0 max.; hyd. no. 225-235; flash pt. 156 C; ref. index 1.450; 0.1% max. water

Jarcol[™] I-18E [Jarchem Ind.]

- Chem. Descrip.: 2-Octyl decanol, 2-hexyl dodecanol (46/54)
- Uses: For use in industries such as cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles
- Properties: APHA 20 max. liq.; m.w. 269-279; sp.gr. 0.837; visc. 50 mPa•s; m.p. -10 to -6 C; b.p. 211-218 C; acid no. 0.1 max.; iodine no. 1.0 max.; sapon. no. 1.0 max.; hyd. no. 201-210; flash pt. 170 C; ref. index 1.452; 0.1% max. water
- Jarcol[™] I-18T [Jarchem Ind.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: 2-Octyl decanol/2-hexyl dodecanol 46/54
 - Uses: For use in industries such as cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles
 - Properties: APHA 20 max. liq.; m.w. 267-285; sp.gr. 0.837; visc. 50 mPa-s; m.p. -10 to -6 C; b.p. 207-236 C; acid no. 0.1 max.; iodine no. 1.0 max.; sapon. no. 1.0 max.; hyd. no. 197-210; flash pt. 170 C; ref. index 1.452; 0.1% max. water

Jarcol[™] I-20 [Jarchem Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: 2-Octyl-dodecanol (97%min.)

CAS 5333-42-6; EINECS/ELINCS 226-242-9

- Uses: Carrier, lubricant, solubilizer for use in industries such as cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles
- Properties: APHA 20 max. liq.; m.w. 298; sp.gr. 0.838; visc. 60 mPa•s; m.p. -1 to 1 C; b.p. 234-238 C; acid no. 0.1 max.; iodine no. 1.0 max.; sapon. no. 1.0 max.; hyd. no. 184-190; flash pt. 180 C; ref. index 1.455; 0.1% max. water

Jarcol[™] I-24 [Jarchem Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: 2-Decyl-tetradecanol (97% min.)

CAS 58670-89-6; EINECS/ELINCS 216-385-0

- Uses: For use in industries such as cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles
- *Properties:* APHA 20 max. liq.; m.w. 354; sp.gr. 0.842; visc. 86 mPa•s; m.p. 17-20 C; b.p. 271-275 C; acid no. 0.1 max.; iodine no. 1.0 max.; sapon. no. 1.0 max.; hyd. no. 154-190; flash pt. 230 C; ref. index 1.457; 0.1% max. water

Jarcol[™] I-28 [Jarchem Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: 2-Dodecyl-1-hexadecanol (85% min.) CAS 72388-18-2; EINECS/ELINCS 276-627-0

- Uses: For use in industries such as cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles
- *Properties:* APHA 400 max. liq.; m.w. 415; sp.gr. 0.830; m.p. 29-31 C; b.p. > 300 C; acid no. 0.2 max.; hyd. no. 130-140; flash pt. 230 C; 0.2% max. water

Jarcol[™] I-32 [Jarchem Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: 2-Tetradecyl-1-octadecanol (85% min.)

CAS 32582-32-4; EINECS/ELINCS 251-110-2

Uses: For use in industries such as cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles

Properties: APHA 470 max. liq.; m.w. 470; sp.gr. 0.830; m.p. 42-45 C; b.p. > 300 C; acid no. 0.2 max.; hyd. no. 110-126; flash pt. 266 C; 0.2% max. water

Jarcol[™] I-34T [Jarchem Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: 2-Tetradecyl-1-octadecanol, 2-tetradecyl-1-eicosanol, 2hexadecyl-1-octadecanol, 2-hexadecyl-1-eicosanol

- Uses: For use in industries such as cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles
- Properties: APHA 400 max. liq.; m.w. 490; sp.gr. 0.820; m.p. 38-42 C; b.p. > 300 C; acid no. 0.2 max.; hyd. no. 105-120; flash pt. 278 C; 85% min. act.; 0.2% max. water

Jarcol[™] I-36 [Jarchem Ind.]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* 2-Hexadecyl-1-eicosanol (85% min.)
- CAS 17658-63-8; EINECS/ELINCS 241-637-6
- Uses: For use in industries such as cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles
- Properties: APHA 400 max. liq.; m.w. 510; sp.gr. 0.821; m.p. 52-55 C; b.p. > 300 C; acid no. 0.2 max.; hyd. no. 100-115; flash pt. 279 C; 0.2% max. water

Jaric I-12 [Jarchem Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: 2-Butyl octanoic acid

CAS 27610-92-0

- Uses: For use in industries such as cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles
- *Properties:* APHA 30 max. clear liq.; m.w. 202-206; sp.gr. 0.887; visc. 30 mPa·s; m.p. -10 to -14 C; acid no. 273-283 max.; iodine no. 2 max.; flash pt. 160 C; ref. index 1.4394; 0.1% max. water

Jaric I-14T [Jarchem Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: 2-Alkyl alkanoic mixt.

- Uses: For use in industries such as cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles
- *Properties:* APHA 30 max. clear liq.; m.w. 228-232; sp.gr. 0.882; visc. 40 mPa•s; m.p. -2 to -6 C; acid no. 238-248 max.; iodine no. 2 max.; flash pt. 163 C; ref. index 1.4434; 0.1% max. water
- Jaric I-16 [Jarchem Ind.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: 2-Hexyl decanoic acid

CAS 25354-97-6

Uses: For use in industries such as cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles

Properties: APHA 30 max. clear liq.; m.w. 258-262; sp.gr. 0.878; visc. 53 mPa•s; m.p. 15 to 17 C; acid no. 211-221 max.; iodine no. 2 max.; flash pt. 168 C; ref. index 1.4468; 0.1% max. water

Jaric I-18T [Jarchem Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: 2-Alkyl alkanoic mixt.

Uses: For use in industries such as cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles

Properties: APHA 30 max. clear liq.; m.w. 369-313; sp.gr. 0.871; visc. 59 mPa•s; m.p. 9 to 13 C; acid no. 175-185 max.; iodine no. 2 max.; flash pt. 192 C; ref. index 1.4498; 0.1% max. water

Jaric I-20 [Jarchem Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: 2-Octyl dodecanoic acid

CAS 40596-46-1; EINÉCS/ELINCS 254-992-7

Uses: For use in industries such as cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles

- Properties: Wh. waxen substance; m.w. 327-331; sp.gr. 0.846 (60 C); visc. 17 mPa•s (60 C); m.p. 20 to 25 C; acid no. 173-183 max.; iodine no. 2 max.; flash pt. 210 C; ref. index 1.4444 (60 C); 0.1% max. water
- Jaric I-24 [Jarchem Ind.] Chem. Descrip .: 2-Decyl tetradecanoic acid
 - CAS 93778-52-0
 - *Uses:* For use in industries such as cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles
 - Properties: Wh. waxen substance; m.w. 374-378; sp.gr. 0.897 (60 C); visc. 21 mPa•s (60 C); m.p. 46 to 50 C; acid no. 144-154 max.; iodine no. 2 max.; flash pt. 234 C; ref. index 1.4428 (60 C); 0.1% max. water
- Jayflex® DHP [Exxon]

 - Chem. Descrip.: Dihexyl phthalate CAS 68515-50-4; EINECS/ELINCS 201-559-5
 - Uses: Plasticizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber articles, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3740
 - Properties: Pt-Co < 25 color; sp.gr. 1.008 (20/20 C); dens. 8.39 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 37 cSt (20 C); vapor pressure 3 mm Hg (200 C); b.p. 210 C (5 mm); pour pt. -33 C; flash pt. (TCC) 380 F; surf. tens. 26 dynes/cm (20 C); 99.6% purity

Jayflex[®] DINA [Exxon]

- Chem. Descrip .: Diisononyl adipate
- CAS 33703-08-1; EINECS/ELINCS 251-646-7
- Uses: Plasticizer; food-contact coatings, paper, rubber articles, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3740 Properties: Pt-Co < 25 color; sp.gr. 0.924 (20/20 C); dens. 7.68 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 19.6 cSt; vapor pressure 0.9 mm Hg (200 C); b.p. 233 Č (5 mm); pour pt. -59 C; flash pt. (TCC) 390 F; surf. tens. 32 dynes/cm (20 C); 99% purity

Jayflex[®] DINP [Exxon]

Chem. Descrip .: Diisononyl phthalate

CAS 68515-48-0; EINECS/ELINCS 249-079-5

- Uses: Plasticizer used in coatings; food-contact coatings, paper, rubber articles, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3740 *Properties:* Pt-Co < 25 color; sp.gr. 0.973 (20/20 C); dens. 8.10 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 102 cSt (20 C); vapor pressure 0.5 mm Hg (200 C); b.p. 252 C (5 mm); pour pt. -48 C; flash pt. (TCC) 415 F; surf. tens. 33 dynes/cm (20 C);

99.6% purity

Jayflex[®] DIOP [Exxon]

Chem. Descrip.: Diisooctyl phthalate

- CAS 27554-26-3; EINECS/ELINCS 248-523-5
- Uses: Plasticizer; food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber articles, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3740
- Properties: Pt-Co < 25 color; sp.gr. 0.985 (20/20 C); dens. 8.20 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 85 cSt (20 C); vapor pressure 1 mm Hg (200 C); b.p. 230 C (5 mm); pour pt. -46 C; flash pt. (TCC) 400 F; surf. tens. 30 dynes/cm (20 C); 99.6% purity

Jeffamine® EDR-148 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyoxyalkylene diamine

Uses: Epoxy curing agent with flexibilizing and toughening props.; also in polyamide, polyurea, modified urethane resins, in adhesives, elastomers, foam formulas; intermediate for textile and paper treatment chemicals Use Level: 20 phr

Properties: Nearly colorless liq.; m.w. 148; sp.gr.1.0154 (25/4 C); visc. 8 cSt; flash pt. (PMCC) 265 F; distort. temp. 44-47 C (264 psi)

Jeffamine® T-3000 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyoxypropylenetriamine (50 PO) *Uses:* Epoxy curing agent; also in polyamide, polyurea, modified urethane

resins, in adhesives, elastomers, foam formulas; intermediate for textile and paper treatment chemicals

Properties: Colorless to It. yel. hazy liq.; m.w. 3000; sp.gr.1.1203; visc. 467 cSt; flash pt. (PMCC) 455 F

Jeffamine® T-5000 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyoxypropylenetriamine (85 PO)

Uses: Epoxy curing agent; also in polyamide, polyurea, modified urethane resins, in adhesives, elastomers, foam formulas; intermediate for textile and paper treatment chemicals; promotes adhesion and thermal shock resist.

- Properties: Colorless to It. yel. hazy liq.; m.w. 5000; sp.gr. 0.9967 (25/4 C); visc. 829 cSt; flash pt. (PMCC) 410 F; 0.10% water
- Jetcoat[™] PCC [Specialty Mins.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Precipitated calcium carbonate
 - CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9

Uses: Filler for coating ink jet and other non-impact printing papers

Jetsize® Colloidal Disp. [Eka Chems.]

Chem. Descrip .: Polyurethane

Uses: Surf. treatment for paper with superior inkiet and offset printing chars.; highest hydrophobicity chars.

Jetsize[®] Emulsion [Eka Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Aq. disp. of styrene-acrylic ester copolymers CAS 9010-92-8

Uses: Surf. sizing agent for paper and board enhancing non-impact printing, such as ink jet or bubble jet, while maintaining good toner adhesion and friction chars.; surfactant-free; may be used alone or combined with starch; reduced foaming and pH sensitivity offer wider operating window at size press

Jetsize® Sol'n. [Eka Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/MA and styrene acryl acid copolymers

Uses: Surf. treatment for paper; offers porosity control, toner adhesion, and fair printing chars.

Jetslide [Vinings Ind.]

Uses: Corrugator lubricant; allows currugators to run at elevated line speeds by reducing drag thru the hotplate section when running high friction grades such as clay-coated white liners

Jungbunzlauer Xanthan Gum, Technical Grade [Jungbunzlauer Int'l. AG] Chem. Descrip .: Polysaccharide

- Uses: Thickener and stabilizer for agrochem. industry, cleaners, polishes, paints, textile printing pastes, adhesives, paper process, mining, printing inks, ceramic glazes, oil well drilling
- Use Level: 0.05-0.1% (inks); 0.1-0.2% (paper); 0.1-0.3% (agric.); 0.1-0.3% (paints, adhesives); 0.1-0.4% (drilling); 0.2-0.3% (mining); 0.2-0.5% (textile); 0.2-0.7% (cleaners); 0.3-0.5% (ceramic glazes)
- Properties: Wh.- to cream-colored free-flowing powd., 100% < 250 µm (60 US mesh), $95\% \le 180 \,\mu\text{m}$ (80 US mesh); readily sol. in water; insol. in most org. solvs.; visc. 1300-1700 mPa•s; pH 7 ± 1.5 (1%); < 15% moisture; > 1.5% pyruvic acid; anionic
- Storage: Store in cool, dry place; preservative rec. if stored > 24 h

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Kalipol[™] 4KP [Albright & Wilson UK/Phosphorus Spec.]

Chem. Descrip.: Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate

CAS 7320-34-5; EINECS/ELINCS 230-785-7

- Uses: Sequestrant for use in detergents, paints, paper, water treatment, and metal finishing; binds metal ions into sol. complex so they no longer show normal reactions, e.g., sequesters calcium and magnesium so that these ions no longer interfere with washing action of detergents
- Properties: Člear, pale straw liq.; sp.gr. 1.54-1.59; dens. 1.56 g/ml; visc. 6 cSt; pH 10 (5 g/l sol'n.); 50% solids

Kalipol™ 20 [Albright & Wilson UK/Phosphorus Spec.]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium hexametaphosphate

CAS 10124-56-8; EINECS/ELINCS 233-343-1

- Uses: Sequestrant for use in detergents, paints, paper, cement, ceramics, refractories, and potable water treatment; binds metal ions into sol. complex so they no longer show normal reactions, e.g., sequesters calcium and magnesium so that these ions no longer interfere with washing action of detergents
- Properties: Clear colorless liq., sp.gr. 1.29 min.; dens. 1.32 g/ml; visc. 6 cSt; pH 7 (5 g/l sol'n.); 32% solids; anionic
- Kalipol™ KTP [Albright & Wilson UK/Phosphorus Spec.]

Chem. Descrip.: Potassium tripolyphosphate

CAS 13845-36-8; EINECS/ELINCS 237-574-9

- Uses: Sequestrant for use in detergents, paints, paper, and cement; binds metal ions into sol. complex so they no longer show normal reactions, e.g., sequesters calcium and magnesium so that these ions no longer interfere with washing action of detergents
- Properties: Clear, pale straw liq., sp.gr. 1.56-1.60 min.; dens. 1.57 g/ml; visc. 13 cSt; pH 9.8 (5 g/l sol'n.); 50% solids

Kamvr Defoamer 121 [Process Chems, LLC]

- Uses: Brownstock defoamer for kraft, sulfite, and semi-chem. pulp washing, for use in brownstock washing, screen room, and bleach plant operations; oil-based; does not contribute to deposit formation; suitable whether batch or continuous pulp is employed
- Properties: Opaque tan liq.; dens. 6.95-7.45 lb/gal; visc. 400-850 cps Toxicology: TSCA listed

Storage: Store in dry area

Karaya Gum #1 FCC [Frutarom Meer]

- Chem. Descrip.: Karaya gum
 - CAS 9000-36-6; EINECS/ELINCS 232-539-4

Uses: Stabilizer, water binder, emulsifier for water ices, sherbets, cheese spreads, meringue powds., meat processing; in pharmaceuticals (bulk laxatives, denture adhesives); binder in paper industry; thickener for textile dyes Properties: Water-sol.

Kathon® WT [Rohm & Haas; Rohm & Haas France]

Chem. Descrip .: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one

CAS 26172-55-4; EINECS/ELINCS 247-500-7

Uses: Antimicrobial for cooling tower water; slimicide for paper mills Properties: Water-sol.

Kauramin® [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Melamine-formaldehyde condensate

Uses: Glues for prod. of weather-resist. chipboard and plywood; impregnating resin for decorative and overlay papers

Kaurit® [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip .: Urea-formaldehyde based

CAS 9011-05-6

Uses: Glues for prod. of veneered board, furniture; impregnating resins for decorative papers

KC-350 [Georgia Marble]

Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate *Chem. Analysis:* Al₂O₃ (65%), Na₂O (0.40%), SiO₂ (0.01%), Fe₂O₃ (0.01%), free moisture (0.5% max., 110 C)

- CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7
- Uses: Flame retardant, smoke suppressant filler in polymeric materials incl. PVC, thermosets, elastomeric copolymers, rubber, latex, paints, wire and cable, coatings, paper, and adhesives
- Properties: Dry, free-flowing powd.; 3-4 µ median particle size; 0.05% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. 35 lb/ft3 (loose), 60 lb/ft3 (packed); brightness (Hunter Y) 92-94; ref. index 1.57

KC-500 [Georgia Marble]

Chem. Descrip .: Alumina trihydrate

- Chem. Analysis: Al₂O₃ (65%), Na₂O (0.40%), SiO₂ (0.01%), Fe₂O₃ (0.01%), free moisture (0.5% max., 110 C)
- CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

Uses: Flame retardant, smoke suppressant filler in polymeric materials incl. PVC, thermosets, elastomeric copolymers, rubber, latex, paints, wire and cable, coatings, paper, and adhesives

Properties: Dry, free-flowing powd.: 4-6 µ median particle size; 0.1% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. 40 lb/ft3 (loose), 70 lb/ft3 (packed); brightness (Hunter Y) 92-94; ref. index 1.57

KC-750 [Georgia Marble]

- Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate
- Chem. Analysis: Al₂O₃ (65%), Na₂O (0.40%), SiO₂ (0.01%), Fe₂O₃ (0.01%), free moisture (0.5% max., 110 C)
- CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7
- Uses: Flame retardant, smoke suppressant filler in polymeric materials incl. PVC, thermosets, elastomeric copolymers, rubber, latex, paints, wire and cable, coatings, paper, and adhesives

Properties: Dry, free-flowing powd.; 6-8 µ median particle size; 0.1% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. 45 lb/ft³ (loose), 75 lb/ft³ (packed); brightness (Hunter Y) 92-94; ref. index 1.57

KC-900 [Georgia Marble]

- Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate
- Chem. Analysis: Al₂O₃ (65%), Na₂O (0.40%), SiO₂ (0.01%), Fe₂O₃ (0.01%), free moisture (0.5% max., 110 C) CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

- Uses: Flame retardant, smoke suppressant filler in polymeric materials incl. PVC, thermosets, elastomeric copolymers, rubber, latex, paints, wire and cable, coatings, paper, and adhesives
- Properties: Dry, free-flowing powd.; 8-10 µ median particle size; 1.0% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. 50 lb/ft³ (loose), 75 lb/ft³ (packed); brightness (Hunter Y) 92-94; ref. index 1.57

K-Corr® 100A2 [King Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Ester/amide/carboxylate with octadecyldimethyl amine Uses: Rust inhibitor/demulsifier used in turbine oils, hydraulic fluids, gear oils, and paper machine oils; environmentally friendly; ashless

Properties: Sp.gr. 0.97; dens. 8.1 lb/gal; visc. 16 cSt (100 C); acid no. 80; flash pt. (COC) 165 C; 100% act.

Environmental: Biodeg K-Corr® 181CA [King Ind.]

Chem. Descrip .: Calcium salt of ester/amide/carboxylate in trimethylolpro-

pane ester Uses: Rust inhibitor/demulsifier in turbine oils, hydraulic fluids, gear oils, and paper machine oils; environmentally friendly Properties: Sp.gr. 1.04; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 59 cSt (100 C); acid no. 10; flash pt. (COC) 165 C; 80% act. Environmental: Biodeg. K-Corr® 182CA [King Ind.] Chem. Descrip.: Čalcium salt of ester/amide/carboxylate in hydrotreated naphthenic oil Uses: Rust inhibitor/demulsifier in turbine oils, hydraulic fluids, gear oils, and paper machine oils; environmentally friendly Properties: Sp.gr. 1.01; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; visc. 39 cSt (100 C); acid no. 10; flash pt. (COC) 165 C; 80% act. Environmental: Biodeg. K-Cure® 129B [King Ind.] Chem. Descrip.: Mixed acid catalyst (50%), methanol/n-butanol solv. Uses: Catalyst used in paper, wood, and ink coatings; fast curing Properties: Gardner 1 color; dens. 8.90 lb/gal; acid no. 200-210; 50% act. K-Cure® 1040 [King Ind.] Chem. Descrip.: p-Toluene sulfonic acid, isopropanol Uses: Used in coatings for appliances, automotive, can, coil, general industrial, paper, ink and wood; general purpose, high quality grade acid; high gloss, fast cure; for applics. where weathering and exterior durability are needed Properties: Gardner 1 color; dens. 8.25 lb/gal; acid no. 130-140; 40% act. K-Cure® 1040W [King Ind.] Chem. Descrip .: p-Toluene sulfonic acid, water CAS 104-15-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-180-0 Uses: Used in coatings for appliances, automotive, can, coil, general industrial, paper, ink and wood; general purpose, high quality grade acid; high gloss, fast cure; nonflamm. for waterborne applics.; for applics. where weathering and exterior durability are needed Properties: Gardner 2 color; dens. 9.40 lb/gal; acid no. 130-140; 40% act. KELACID® [ISP Alginates] Chem. Descrip.: Alginic acid CAS 9005-32-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-680-1 Uses: Gellant, emulsifier, and stabilizer in food, pharmaceutical, and industrial applics.; tablet disintegrant; hemostatic agent; primary reagent; stabilizer in paper and textile industry Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1011, GRAS; FCC/NF compliance; EU E400 compliance; Kosher approved Properties: Wh. fibrous particles, sl. odor; 93% min. thru 80 mesh, 88% min. thru 100 mesh; sol. in alkaline sol'n.; swells in water; bulk dens. \approx 50 lb/ft³; pH 2.6-3.2 (3% aq. slurry); surf. tens. 53 dynes/cm; 7% moisture Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; excessive dust inhalation may cause respiratory irritation; dry powd. may cause eye irritation Precaution: Not flamm., but powd. will burn if involved in fire; spills are slippery; incompat. with strong oxidizers Storage: Store in cool, dry place @ 46-59 F KELCOLOID® DH [ISP Alginates] Chem. Descrip.: Propylene glycol alginate CAS 9005-37-2 Uses: Gellant, emulsifier, and stabilizer in food, pharmaceutical, and industrial applics., emulsions and low pH systems; stabilizer in paper and textile industry Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.858, EU E405 compliance Properties: Cream agglomerated, sl. odor; 840 µ particle size; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.46; dens. 33.71 lb/ft³; visc. 400 cps (1%), 7000 cps (2%); ref. index 1.3343; pH 3.7; surf. tens. 58 dynes/cm Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; dry powd. may cause eye irritation Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers KELCOLOID® HVF [ISP Alginates] *Chem. Descrip.:* Propylene glycol alginate CAS 9005-37-2 Uses: Gellant, emulsifier, and stabilizer in food, pharmaceutical, and industrial applics.; stabilizer in paper and textile industry Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.858, EU E405 compliance Properties: Cream fibrous particles, sl. odor; 175 µ particle size; 80 mesh;

Properties: Cream fibrous particles, sl. odor; 175 µ particle size; 80 mesh; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.46; dens. 33.71 lb/ft³; visc. 400 cps (1%), 7000 cps (2%); ref. index 1.3343; pH 3.7; surf. tens. 58 dynes/cm

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; dry powd. may cause eye

irritation Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers KELCOLOID® LVF [ISP Alginates] Chem. Descrip.: Propylene glycol alginate CAS 9005-37-2 Uses: Gellant, emulsifier, and stabilizer in food, pharmaceutical, and industrial applics.; stabilizer in paper and textile industry Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.858, EU E405 compliance Properties: Cream fibrous particles; 175 µ particle size; 80 mesh; sp.gr. 1.46; dens. 33.71 lb/ft³; visc. 120 cps (1%), 1200 cps (2%); ref. index 1.3343; pH 3.7; surf. tens. 58 dynes/cm Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; dry powd. may cause eye irritation Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers KELCOLOID® O [ISP Alginates] Chem. Descrip.: Propylene glycol alginate CAS 9005-37-2 Uses: Gellant, emulsifier, and stabilizer in food, pharmaceutical, and industrial applics.; beer foam stabilizer; stabilizer in paper and textile industry Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.858, EU E405 compliance Properties: Cream fibrous particles; 175 µ particle size; sp.gr. 1.46; dens. 33.71 lb/ft3; visc. 25 cps (1%), 130 cps (2%); ref. index 1.3343; pH 4.0; surf. tens. 58 dynes/cm Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; dry powd. may cause eye irritation Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers KELCOLOID® S [ISP Alginates] Chem. Descrip.: Propylene glycol alginate CAS 9005-37-2 Uses: Gellant, emulsifier, and stabilizer in foods, pharmaceutical, and industrial applics.; beer foam stabilizer; stabilizer in paper and textile industry Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.858, EU E405 compliance Properties: Cream fibrous particles; 175 µ particle size; sp.gr. 1.46; dens. 33.71 lb/ft³; visc. 20 cps (1%), 120 cps (2%); ref. index 1.3343; pH 4.1; surf. tens. 58 dynes/cm Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; dry powd. may cause eye irritation Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers KELCOSOL® [ISP Alginates] Chem. Descrip.: Algin CAS 9005-38-3 Uses: Gellant, suspending agent, emulsifier, and stabilizer in food, pharmaceutical, and industrial applics.; stabilizer in paper and textile industry Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1724, GRAS; EU E401 compliance Properties: Cream fibrous particles, sl. odor; 80 mesh; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.64; dens. 43.38 lb/ft³; visc. 1300 cps (1%), 15,000 cps (2%); pH 7; surf. tens. 70 dynes/cm; 9% moisture Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; dry powd. may cause eye irritation Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers KELGIN® F [Monsanto] Chem. Descrip.: Algin, refined CAS 9005-38-3 Uses: Gellant, emulsifier, and stabilizer in food, pharmaceutical, and industrial applics.; stabilizer in paper and textile industry Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1724, GRAS; EU E401 compliance Properties: Ivory gran., sl. odor; 80 mesh; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.59; dens. 54.62 lb/ft3; visc. 300 cps (1%), 4000 cps (2%); ref. index 1.3343; pH 7; surf. tens. 62 dynes/cm; 13% moisture Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; dry powd. may cause eye irritation Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers KELGIN® HV [Monsanto] Chem. Descrip.: Algin CAS 9005-38-3 Uses: Gellant, emulsifier, and stabilizer in food, pharmaceutical, and industrial applics.; stabilizer in paper and textile industry

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1724, GRAS; EU E401 compliance
- *Properties:* Ivory gran., sl. odor; 30 mesh; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.59; dens. 54.62 lb/ft³; visc. 800 cps (1%), 10,000 cps (2%); ref. index 1.3343; pH 7; surf. tens. 62 dynes/cm; 13% moisture

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; dry powd. may cause eye

irritation

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

KELGIN® LV [Monsanto]

Chem. Descrip.: Algin

CAS 9005-38-3

Uses: Gellant, emulsifier, and stabilizer in food, pharmaceutical, and industrial applics.; stabilizer in paper and textile industry

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1724, GRAS; EU E401 compliance

Properties: Ivory gran., sl. odor; 42 mesh; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.59; dens. 54.62 lb/ft³; visc. 60 cps (1%), 500 cps (2%); ref. index 1.3343; pH 7; surf. tens. 62 dynes/cm; 13% moisture

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; dry powd. may cause eye irritation

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

KELGIN[®] MV [Monsanto]

Chem. Descrip .: Algin

CAS 9005-38-3

Uses: Gellant, emulsifier, and stabilizer in food, pharmaceutical, and industrial applics.; stabilizer in paper and textile industry

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1724, GRAS; EU E401 compliance

Properties: Ivory gran., sl. odor; 30 mesh; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.59; dens. 54.62 lb/ft³; visc. 400 cps (1%), 6000 cps (2%); ref. index 1.3343; pH 7; surf. tens. 62 dynes/cm; 13% moisture

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; dry powd. may cause eye irritation

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

KELGIN® XL [Monsanto]

Chem. Descrip.: Refined sodium alginate

CAS 9005-38-3

Uses: Gellant, emulsifier, and stabilizer in food, pharmaceutical, and industrial applics.; stabilizer in paper and textile industry

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1724, GRAS; EU E401 compliance

- *Properties:* Ivory gran., sl. odor; 42 mesh; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.59; dens. 54.62 lb/ft³; visc. 30 cps (1%), 160 cps (2%); ref. index 1.3343; pH 7; surf. tens. 62 dynes/cm; 13% moisture
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; dry powd. may cause eye irritation

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

KELSET® [Monsanto]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alginate

CAS 9005-38-3

Uses: Gellant, emulsifier, and stabilizer in foods (bakery fillings, tomato sauces, glazes), pharmaceutical, and industrial applics.; stabilizer in paper and textile industry; self-gelling gum

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1724, GRAS; EU E401 compliance

- Properties: Lt. ivory soft gel, sl. odor; 177 µ particle size; 80 mesh; watersol.; bulk dens. ≈ 50 lb/ft³; pH 7.0
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; dry powd. may cause eye irritation

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers

KELZAN® [Monsanto]

Chem. Descrip.: Industrial grade xanthan gum

CAS 11138-66-2; EINECS/ELINCS 234-394-2

- Uses: Foam stabilizer, flocculant suspending agent, gellant, rheology modifier, lubricant for industrial applics. incl. abrasives, adhesives, herbicides, fertilizers, ceramics, cleaners, emulsions, gels, mining, thixotropic paints, paper, petrol., pigments; viscosifier for drilling fluids; latex thickener; std. industrial grade
- Properties: Cream dry powd.; 40 mesh size; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.6; bulk dens. 52.4 lb/ft³; visc. 850 cps; f.p. 0 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 75 dynes/cm; pH 7.0

KELZAN® XC Polymer [Monsanto]

Chem. Descrip.: Xanthan gum

CAS 11138-66-2; EINECS/ELINCS 234-394-2

- Uses: Foam stabilizer, flocculant suspending, gelling agent, rheology modifier, lubricant for industrial applics. incl. abrasives, adhesives, herbicides, fertilizers, ceramics, cleaners, emulsions, gels, mining, thixotropic paints, paper, petrol., pigments; additive to oil well drilling mud
- Properties: Cream dry powd.; 40 mesh size; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.6; bulk dens. 52.4 lb/ft³; visc. 850 cps; f.p. 0 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 75 dynes/cm; pH 7.0

Kemamide® W-20 [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene dioleamide

CAS 110-31-6; EINÉCS/ELINCS 203-756-1 Uses: Lubricant, slip, antiblock, and mold release agent for plastics, rubber, crayons, petrol. prods., asphalts, inks, metals, textiles; mold release agent for thermoplastic resins in inj. molding; defoamer/water repellent in industrial/ household applic.; internal and external lubricants in ABS, PS, polyethylene, PP, PVC, nylon, cellulose acetate, PVAc, and phenolic resins; defoamer in paper industry blk. liquoring, fabric dyeing, latex systems; metal processing, asphalts

Regulatory: FDA compliance

Properties: Gardner 6 max. powd. and flake; sol. (g/100 g solv. @ 35 C) > 20 g in toluene, 12 g in IPA, 4 g in dichloroethane, 3 g in MEK; m.p. 120 C; acid no. 10 max.; flash pt. 296 C (COC); fire pt. 315 C (COC) acid no. 10 max.; flash pt. 296 C (COC); fire pt. 315 C (COC)

Kemamide[®] W-39 [Crompton/Witco]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Ethylene distearamide CAS 110-30-5; EINECS/ELINCS 203-755-6
- Uses: Lubricant, slip, antiblock, and mold release agent for plastics, crayons, petrol. prods., asphalts, inks, metals, textiles; mold release agent for thermoplastic resins in inj. molding; defoamer and water repellent in industrial/ household applic.; release agent migrating from food pkg.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane
- sives, coatings, paper, cellophane *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 177.1200, 177.2470, 177.2480, 181.28
- Properties: Gardner 18 max. flakes; sol. (g/100 g solv. @ 70 C) 2.0 g toluene, 1.6 g dichloroethane; 1.4 g IPA, 0.9 g MEK; m.p. 140 C; acid no. 10 max.; flash pt. 299 C (COC); fire pt. 315 C (COC); nonionic

Kemamide® W-40 [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene distearamide

- CAS 110-30-5; EINECS/ELINCS 203-755-6
- Uses: Lubricant, slip, antiblock, and mold release agent for plastics, rubber, crayons, petrol. prods., asphalts, inks, metals, textiles; mold release agent for thermoplastic resins in inj. molding; defoamer/water repellent in industrial/ household applic.; release agent migrating from food pkg.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane
- Regulatory: FĎA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 177.1200, 177.2470, 177.2480, 181.28

Properties: Gardner 3 max. powd. and flake; sol. (g/100 g solv. @ 70 C) 2.0 g toluene, 1.6 g dichloroethane; 1.4 g IPA, 0.9 g MEK; m.p. 140 C; acid no. 10 max.; flash pt. 299 C (COC); fire pt. 315 C (COC); nonionic

Kemamide® W-45 [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene distearamide

- CAS 110-30-5; EINÉCS/ELINCS 203-755-6
- Uses: Lubricant, slip, antiblock, and mold release agent for plastics, crayons, petrol. prods., asphalts, inks, metals, textiles; mold release agent for thermoplastic resins in inj. molding; defoamer and water repellent in industrial/ household applic.; release agent migrating from food pkg.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 177.1200, 177.2470, 177.2480, 181.28

Properties: Gardner 3 max. powd. and flake; sol. (g/100 g solv. @ 70 C) 2.0 g toluene, 1.6 g dichloroethane; 1.4 g IPA, 0.9 g MEK; m.p. 145 C; acid no. 10 max.; flash pt. 304 C (COC); fire pt. 322 C; nonionic

Kemester® 5500 [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: Glyceryl stearate

- CAS 123-94-4
- Uses: Emollient, emulsifier; stabilizer, plasticizer, lubricant for cosmetics, paper, textiles, and industrial uses

Properties: Gardner 3 max. bead, flake; m.p. 56-60 C; acid no. 3 max.; iodine no. 0.5 max.; sapon. no. 164-177; 100% conc.; nonionic

Kemester® 6000SE [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip .: Glyceryl stearate SE

CAS 11099-07-3

Uses: Emulsifier, emollient, lubricant, plasticizer for cosmetics, paper and textiles

Properties: Gardner 3 max. beads; m.p. 56-61 C; acid no. 10 max.; iodine no. 3 max.; sapon. no. 140-156; 100% conc.; anionic

Kenores® Series [Eka Chems.]

Uses: Wet str. agent for papermaking; meets needs of low levels of chlorinated compds. while maintaining high efficiency

Kessco[®] Cetyl Alcohol NF [Stepan]

Chem. Descrip.: Cetyl alcohol NF CAS 36653-82-4; EINECS/ELINCS 253-149-0

	Í.
Uses [.] Emulsifier opacifier and foaming agent in cleansing prods hair condi-	Uses.
tioners creams/lotions linsticks makeun bases emollient emulsion stabi-	emuls
lizer, thickener, and visc, stabilizer for skin and hair conditioners; defoamer	autom
in food-contact paper coatings; in food-contact textiles	VOC
Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 177.1010, 177.1200,	Propert
177.2800, 178.3910; listed in US, Europe, Canada, Australia, Korea, Japan	glycol
Properties: Wh. to off-wh. flakes; typ. mild waxy odor; sol. in IPA; sol. @ 50	9.50 I
C in min. oil, peanut oil; insol. in water; m.p. 47.5 C; acid no. 0.25; iodine	10% r
no. 0.8; hyd. no. 227; flash pt. (COC) 198 C; 0% RVOC	K-Flex® XI
<i>Toxicology:</i> Pract. nontoxic orally; causes sl. skin and pract. no eye irritation;	Chem.
I SCA listed	Uses: N
Environmental: Biodeg.	adnes
storage: Store in sealed containers in cool, dry place; avoid prolonged	Droport
Sionage above 32 C; avoid overnealing	Pioperi
Chem Descrin · Aramid fiber	
Uses: Used for aircraft/aerospace hoat hulls prosthetics footwear sporting	Toxicoli
nonds rones and cables fiber ontics hullet-resist vests fabrics brakes	Klucel® F
and other friction prods, in radial tires; asbestos replacement; reinforcement	Chem
for mech. rubber goods; high str., lightweight, flexible material; avail, as	CAS 90
continuous filament varn, staple, engineered short fiber, pulp, spun varn,	Uses:
needlepunched felt, paper, woven fabrics, cord, narrow webbing	protec
Properties: Kevlar 29, 49 yarn props.: dens. 1.44 g/cc; tens. str. 2930 MPa;	remov
tens. elong. 3.6 and 2.5% resp. (break); Kevlar 29, 49 fiber props.: dens.	Propert
1.44 g/cc; tens. str. 3620 MPa; tens. elong. 4.4 and 2.9% (break)	many
Keydime® A Series [Eka Chems.]	dens.
Chem. Descrip.: Alkyl ketene dimer	Klucel [®] L
Uses: Internal sizing agent for paper; for improved efficiency in systems	Chem.
containing nighly cationic additives, such as wet str.; compat. with anionic	CAS 90
additives such as whitehers	USES.
Kovdima® C Sorias [Eka Chams]	remov
Chem Descrin · Alkyl ketene dimer	Propert
Uses: Internal sizing agent for paper: starch-stabilized dispersion for use with	many
microparticle retention systems	dens.
Properties: Cationic	Koldex [®] 5
Keydime® D Series [Eka Chems.]	Chem.
Chem. Descrip.: Alkyl ketene dimer	CAS 90
Uses: Internal sizing agent for sizing paper systems, esp. recycled fiber, or	Uses: E
systems using dispersed fillers; polymer-stabilized dispersion	solids
Properties: Cationic	Propert
Cham Descript Alkel ketene dimer	Chom
Lisas, Internal sizing agent for sizing paper systems, esh, fine paper systems	Lisos [,] E
containing precinitated calcium carbonate and systems which exhibit low	and fo
cationic demand: nolymer-stabilized dispersion	decor
Properties: Cationic	(appli
Keydime [®] NU [Eka Chems.]	outdo
Uses: Dispersion for use in wood-containing paper grades, to provide im-	film, li
proved sizing and converting/printing characteristics	clear
K-Flex® UD-320 [King Ind.]	Koster Keu
Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic urethane diol	Chem.
Uses: Polyurethane polyol used in solvbased systems; modifier for acrylic,	EINEC
polyester, and alkyd resins; high-solids coatings, machinery and equip.	Uses: I
coatings, appliance coatings, automotive topcoats, paper and wood coat-	IOtions
Ings, aerospace coalings; lower VOC	pharm
tonos: insol in vulono min spirits alucols: low mw. sp. ar. 1.12; dons	Dogula
9.40 lb/ral visc $9000 cns$ acid no 0.5 by d no $300 82%$ act in methoxy	Pronert
propyl acetate: 31% urethane: 0.02% moisture	65 C
K-Flex® UD-320-100 [King Ind.]	ref. in
Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic urethane diol	Koster Kei
Uses: Polyurethane polyol used as a modifier for high solids solv. borne	Chem.
coatings; polymer intermediate; preparation of polyester-urethanes; rec. for	CAS 80
appliance coatings, automotive topcoats, paper and wood coatings, aero-	Uses: C
space coatings; lower VOC	dress
<i>Properties:</i> Gardner < 3 clear visc. liq.; sol. in water, alcohol, esters, ke-	elec.i
tones, glycols; insol. in xylene, min. spirits; low m.w.; sp.gr. 1.14; dens.	water
9.50 lb/gal; visc. 7000 cps (50 C); hyd. no. 350; 100% solids; 37%	cants
urethane; U.U2% Molsture	Regula
Cham Descrin : Alinhatic urothano diol	
טוטווי. שביטווף אווףומווי עוכוומויב עוטו	0.773

Uses: Polyurethane polyol used as a modifier for water-sol. resins and emulsions, coil coatings, paper and wood coatings, appliance coatings, automotive topcoats/primers, can coatings, ink and graphics systems; lower VOC

Properties: Gardner < 3 clear visc. liq.; sol. in water, alcohols, glycol-esters, glycols; insol. in ketones, xylene, min. spirits; low m.w.; sp.gr. 1.14; dens. 9.50 lb/gal; visc. 8000 cps; acid no. 0.5; hyd. no. 315; 88% act. in water; 10% moisture

K-Flex® XM-2304 [King Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic urethane diol resin modifier

Uses: Modifier for amino or isocyanate crosslinked coatings, elastomers, and adhesives, automotive, aerospace, wood/paper, and general industrial coatings, and inks; water-sol.; reduces VOCs

Properties: Gardner 3 viscous liq.; sol. in water, alcohols, esters, ketones, and glycol ethers; sp.gr. 1.188; visc. 26,000 cps; hyd. no. 383; flash pt. (CC) > 200 F; 95% act.

Toxicology: TSCA listed

(lucel® E [Hercules/Aqualon]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydroxypropylcellulose, standard grade

CAS 9004-64-2

Uses: Surface active thickener, stabilizer, film-former, suspending agent, protective colloid for coatings, adhesives, extrusions, moldings, paper, paint removers, encapsulations, inks

Properties: Off-wh. powd., tasteless; 99% thru 20 mesh; sol. in water and many polar org. solvs.; m.w. 80,000; visc. 150-700 cps (10% aq.); bulk dens. 0.5 g/ml; soften. pt. 100-150 C; nonionic

(lucel[®] L [Hercules/Aqualon]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydroxypropylcellulose, standard grade CAS 9004-64-2

Uses: Surface active thickener, stabilizer, film-former, suspending agent, protective colloid for coatings, adhesives, extrusions, moldings, paper, paint removers, encapsulations, inks

Properties: Off-wh. powd., tasteless; 99% thru 20 mesh; sol. in water and many polar org. solvs.; m.w. 80,000; visc. 150-700 cps (10% aq.); bulk dens. 0.5 g/ml; soften. pt. 100-150 C; nonionic

Koldex[®] 50, 60 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.]

Chem. Descrip.: Visc. modified dent corn starch

CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6

Uses: Binder in paper coatings, adhesives; provides low visc. at med.-high solids on prep. in cold water; rec. where good tack at high solids is important *Properties:* Sol. in cold water

Korad Klear [Polymer Extruded Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic film

Uses: Permanently bondable to substrates incl. metal, wood, plastics, paper, and foil; used in directional and warning signs, prod. coding; with wood grain decoration in large appliances; auto and boat interiors; metalized film for trim (appliance, automotive), name plates, watch housings; in laminates for outdoor prods., (automotive panels, moldings and bumpers, solar blocking film, lighting, housings); weatherable with optical clarity; easily decorated; clear film; tens. str. 4400 psi; tens. elong. 130%.

Koster Keunen Beeswax [Koster Keunen]

Chem. Descrip.: Beeswax, white and yel.

EINECS/ELINCS 232-383-7

Uses: Emulsifier, thickener, emollient, opacifier, oil gellant used in creams, lotions, lipstick, makeup, depilatories, ointments, salves, sustained release pharmaceuticals, furniture, wood, and leather polishes, leather, textile, wood, and paper finishes, candles, molding, lithography, non-cosmetic emulsions *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §184.1973, 184.1975

Properties: Wax; sol. 24.2 g/100 ml in benzene; sp.gr. 0.950-0.960; m.p. 61-65 C; acid no. 17-24; iodine no. 8-11; cloud pt. < 65 C; flash pt. 242-250 C; ref. index 1.4398-1.4451; dielec. const. 3.1-3.3

Koster Keunen Candelilla [Koster Keunen]

Chem. Descrip.: Candelilla (Euphorbia cerifera) wax CAS 8006-44-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-347-0

Uses: Gellant, emollient used for lipsticks, creams, lotions, gel prods.; leather dressings; furniture and other polish; cements; varnishes; sealing wax; elec. insulating compositions; phonograph records; paper sizing; rubber; waterproofing and insectproofing; paint removers; soft wax stiffeners; lubricants; candy and gum; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.320, 176.180

Properties: Wax; sol. hot in alcohol, benzene, petroleum ether; sp.gr. 0.9820-0.9930; m.p. 68.5-72.5 C; acid no. 11-19; iodine no. 19-44; sapon. no. 4466; ref. index 1.4555; dielec. const. 2.50-2.63

Koster Keunen Carnauba [Koster Keunen]

Chem. Descrip.: Carnauba (Copernicia cerifera) wax

CAS 8015-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-399-4

Uses: Used for lipsticks, salves, creams, ointments; pill coatings; shoe, furniture, and car polishes; lacquers, varnishes; phonograph records; hardener for candles; leather finishes; elec.-insulating composition; waterproofing textiles, wood; inks; mold lubricant; candies; paper glazing

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §182.1978

Properties: Wax; sol. (g/100 cc): 1.690 g chloroform, 0.610 g xylene, 0.518 g benzene, 0.440 g turpentine, 0.324 g acetone; sp.gr. 0.996-0.998; m.p. 82.5-86 C; acid no. 2-6; iodine no. 7-14; sapon. no. 78-88; flash pt. > 300 C; ref. index 1.463; dielec. const. 2.67-4.20

Koster Keunen Ceresine [Koster Keunen]

Chem. Descrip.: Ceresin

CAS 8001-75-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-290-1

Uses: Cosmetics and pharmaceuticals (creams, lotions, ointments, salves); candles; shoe, floor, and leather polishes; antifouling paints; wood polishes/ filler; incandescent gas mantles; paper sizing; waxed paper; lubricants; wax figures; elec. insulation; impregnating/preserving agent; crayons; perfume pastes; pomades; rubber mixtures; waterproofing textiles; food pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105

Properties: Wax; sp.gr. 0.88-0.92; m.p. various grades from 133-163 F; acid no. 0; sapon. no. < 1; ref. index 1.4416-1.4465; dielec. const. 2.15-2.33

Koster Keunen Microcrystalline Waxes [Koster Keunen]

Chem. Descrip.: Microcrystalline wax CAS 64742-42-3; EINECS/ELINCS 264-038-1

Uses: Used for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; laminating of paper, cloth; waterproofing paper, fiberboard, textiles, wood; potting compds. for condensers; polishes for floor, furniture, skis, leather; rust prevention compding. of rubber; pattern-making; printing inks; lubricants; records; food-contact applics. *Regulatory*: FDA §172.886, 178.3710

Properties: Wh. to amber wax; sp.gr. 0.90-0.94; visc. 50-100 (210 F); m.p. 140-190 F; acid no. 0-0.2; iodine no. 0.-1.5; sapon. no. 0-2; flash pt. > 425

F; fire pt. > 550 F Koster Keunen Oxidized Microcrystalline Wax [Koster Keunen]

Chem. Descrip.: Oxidized microcrystalline wax

CAS 97017-52-9

- Uses: Used for prep. of wax emulsions such as liq. softening, lubricating and polishing agents; carbon paper; crayons; as replacement for vegetable waxes
- Regulatory: FDA 29CFR §1910.1200

Properties: M.p. 160-200 F; acid no. 10-35; sapon. no. 25-66

Koster Keunen Ozokerite [Koster Keunen]

Chem. Descrip.: Ozokerite

CAS 8021-55-4; EINECS/ELINCS 265-134-6

Uses: Used for cosmetics, creams, lotions, pomades; paints, varnishes; polishes for leather, automobile, floor; printing inks; pharmaceutical ointments; crayons; waxed paper; linen/cotton sizing; elec. insulating; lubricants and sealing wax compositions; process engraving, lithography; rubber filler

Regulatory: FDA approved

Properties: Wax; sol. (g/100 g): 12.99 carbon bisulfide, 11.83 g petrol. ether (75 C), 6.06 g turpentine (160 C), 3.95 g xylene (137 C), 2.83 g toluene (109 C), 2.42 g chloroform; sp.gr. 0.85-0.95; m.p. various grades from 149-190 F; acid no. 0; iodine no. 7-9; sapon. no. 0; ref. index 1.440 (60 C); dielec. const. 2.37-2.55

Koster Keunen Paraffin Wax [Koster Keunen]

Chem. Descrip.: Paraffin

CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6

Uses: Wax used for cosmetics, pharmaceutical ointments and salves; candles; waterproofing, sealing; lubricating; protection of food, plants, fruits, cheese, and vegetables; paper; polishes; crayons; electronic insulation; hot-melt adhesives; food pkg. coatings and applics.

Regulatory: FDA 21ČFR §172.615, 175.250, 175.300

Properties: Wax; sol. (g/100 cc): 40 g benzene, 9 g min. oil, 3 g dichloroethane, 0.4 g IPA; m.p. various grades from 118-165 F; ref. index 1.4219-1.4357

Koster Keunen Synthetic Candelilla [Koster Keunen] Chem. Descrip.: Syn. candelilla wax

CAS 136097-95-5

Uses: Gellant, thickener, stabilizer, and moisturizer used for lipsticks, creams,

lotions, gel prods.; leather dressings; furniture and other polish; cements; varnishes; sealing wax; elec. insulating compositions; phonograph records; paper sizing; rubber; waterproofing and insectproofing; paint removers; soft wax stiffeners; lubricants; adhesives; candy and gum

Properties: Wax; sol. hot in alcohol, benzene, petroleum ether; m.p. 68.5-72.5 C; acid no. 11-20; sapon. no. 44-66

Kotamite® [IMERYS]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate, coated with < 2% stearic acid

- *Chem. Analysis:* CaCO₃ (97.6%), MgCO₃ (1.5%), moisture (0.2% max.) *Uses:* Coated pigment, filler, reinforcement with easy dispersion in plastic compds., e.g., polyolefins, rigid and flexible PVC, nat. and syn. rubbers and latexes for wire and cable insulation compds., water sealant compds., improved impact props. in PP; hardens and stiffens stocks; filler, pigment, reinforcing agent in paper, paints, caulks; hydrophobic; disperses readily *Regulatory:* NSF compliance
- Properties: Wh. powd., odorless; 3 µ mean particle size; fineness (Hegman) 6.0; sp.gr. 2.71; dens. 50 lb/ft³ (loose); surf. area 2.8 m²/g; oil absorp. 13; pH 9.5 (5% slurry); nonflamm.

Toxicology: TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³, considered nuisance dust

Precaution: Incompat. with acids

KP-140® [FMC]

- Chem. Descrip.: Tributoxyethyl phosphate
- CAS 78-51-3; EINECS/ELINCS 201-122-9
- Uses: Plasticizer; leveling agent in floor polish formulations; flame retardant for plastics or syn. rubbers of lower flammability; imparts low temp. flexibility to plastics or acrylonitrile rubbers; reduces visc. in plastisols; defoamer for drilling muds, cements, fracturing fluids, plasters, paper coatings, pulp bleaching, aq. emulsion paints, adhesives, mercerizing liquors/dye baths, antifreeze, fermentation, detergents
- Properties: APHA 75 max. liq.; mild butyl odor; sol. in org. liqs. and gasoline; insol. in water; m.w. 398; sp.gr. 1.016-1.023 (20/20 C); dens. 8.5 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 12.2 cp (20 C); vapor pressure < 0.1 mm Hg (150 C); f.p. < -70 C; b.p. 215-228 C (4 mm); pour pt. < -70 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 224 C; fire pt. 252 C; ref. index 1.434 ± 0.002; surf. tens. 30 dynes/cm (20 C)
- Precaution: Low degree of fire hazard

Kronitex® TBP [FMC]

- Chem. Descrip.: Tributyl phosphate
- CAS 126-73-8; EINECS/ELINCS 204-800-2
- Uses: Primary plasticizer for NC, cellulose acetate, chlorinated rubber, vinyls; high boiling solvent for lithographic inks; antifoam for paints, paper coatings, aq. adhesives, inks, casein sol'ns., textile sizes, detergent sol'ns.; pigment dispersant; also for uranium extraction
- Properties: APHA 50 max. color, char. odor; sol. in most org. liqs., min. oil, gasoline, 0.1% in water; m.w. 266; sp.gr. 0.977-0.983 (20/20 C); dens. 8.14 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 3.7 cp (20 C); vapor pressure 7.3 mm Hg (150 C); f.p. < -80 C; pour pt. < -80 C; b.p. 137-145 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 115 C; fire pt. 182 C; ref. index 1.423 ± 0.001; surf. tens. 29 dynes/cm (20 C)

Toxicology: Severe skin irritant **Kronos**® **1000** [Kronos]

Chem. Descrip.: Anatase titanium dioxide

CAS 13463-67-7; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5

Uses: Pigment for fibers, paper and coatings, elastomers, food-contact coatings/paper

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180; EC, German approvals
- Properties: Dens. 3.8 g/cc; oil absorp. 20; 98% TiO₂
- Toxicology: Inert dust; TLV 6 mg/m³ air

Kronos® 1070 [Kronos]

Chem. Descrip.: Anatase titanium dioxide

CAS 13463-67-7; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5

Uses: Pigment for fibers, paper and coatings, food-contact coatings/paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180; EC, German approvals

Toxicology: Inert dust; TLV 6 mg/m³ air

Kronos® 1072 [Kronos]

Chem. Descrip.: Anatase titanium dioxide

CAS 13463-67-7; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5

Uses: Pigment for fibers, paper and coatings, food-contact coatings/paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180; EC, German approv-

als

Toxicology: Inert dust; TLV 6 mg/m³ air

Kronos® 1074 [Kronos]

Kronos® 2020 Chem. Descrip .: Anatase titanium dioxide CAS 13463-67-7; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5 Uses: Pigment for fibers, paper and coatings, food-contact coatings/paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180; EC, German approvals Toxicology: Inert dust; TLV 6 mg/m³ air Kronos® 2020 [Kronos] Chem. Descrip.: Rutile titanium dioxide, stabilized with Al Uses: Pigment for coatings (interior trade sales finishes, maintenance paints, industrial coatings, wh. exterior latex house paints, gel coats), plastisols, food-contact coatings/paper, PVC pipe for potable water Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180; NSF approved; EC, German approvals Properties: Dens. 4.1 g/cc; oil absorp. 17; 94% TiO₂ Toxicology: Inert dust; TLV 6 mg/m³ air Kronos® 2073 [Kronos] Chem. Descrip .: Rutile titanium dioxide, stabilized with Al Uses: Pigment for plastics (PC, PE, LLDPE, PS, plasticized and rigid interior or exterior PVC, ABS, other engineering thermoplastics, elastomers, linoleum, masterbatches, PVC pipe for potable water, food-contact coatings/ paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180; NSF approved; EC, German approvals Kronos® 2230 [Kronos] Properties: Dens. 4.2 g/cc; oil absorp. 11; 97% TiO₂ Toxicology: Inert dust; TLV 6 mg/m³ air Kronos® 2081 [Kronos] Chem. Descrip.: Rutile titanium dioxide, stabilized with AI, Si Uses: Pigment for paper laminates, urea-melamine resins, rigid PVC outdoor applics., food-contact coatings/paper; highest lightfastness Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180; EC, German approvals Properties: Dens. 4.0 g/cc; oil absorp. 20; 90% TiO₂ Toxicology: Inert dust; TLV 6 mg/m³ air Kronos® 2310 [Kronos] Kronos® 2090 [Kronos] Chem. Descrip.: Rutile titanium dioxide CAS 13463-67-7; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5 Uses: Pigment for coatings, food-contact coatings/paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180; EC, German approvals Toxicology: Inert dust; TLV 6 mg/m³ air Kronos® 2101 [Kronos] Krytox® DF [DuPont] Chem. Descrip .: Rutile titanium dioxide, stabilized with AI, Si Uses: Pigment for coatings (aq. and nonaq. exterior or interior trade sales finishes, weatherable maintenance and industrial coatings), roofing, pastel rigid PVC siding, PVC pipe for potable water, food-contact coatings/paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180; NSF approved; EC, German approvals Properties: Dens. 4.0 g/cc; oil absorp. 20; 92% TiO₂ Toxicology: Inert dust; TLV 6 mg/m³ air Kronos® 2131 [Kronos] Chem. Descrip.: Rutile titanium dioxide CAS 13463-67-7; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5 Krytox® DF250/IPA [DuPont] Uses: Pigment for coatings, food-contact coatings/paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180; EC, German approvals Toxicology: Inert dust; TLV 6 mg/m³ air Kronos® 2160 [Kronos] Chem. Descrip.: Rutile titanium dioxide, stabilized with AI, Si Uses: Pigment for coatings where max. gloss retention and chalk resist. are essential, powd. coatings, automotive finishes, plasticized and rigid exterior PVC, plastisols, epoxy and polyester resins, food-contact coatings/paper, PVC pipe for potable water Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180; NSF approved; EC, Krytox® DF/IPĂ [DuPont] German approvals Properties: Dens. 3.9 g/cc; oil absorp. 18; 91% TiO₂ Toxicology: Inert dust; TLV 6 mg/m³ air Kronos® 2200 [Kronos]

Chem. Descrip.: Rutile titanium dioxide, stabilized with AI

Uses: Pigment for plastics (PS and copolymers, polyolefins, plasticized PVC), elastomers, linoleum, masterbatches, food-contact coatings/paper; high str. blue-toned

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180; EC, Germany ap-

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Properties: Dens. 4.1 g/cc; oil absorp. 13; 96% TiO₂

Toxicology: Inert dust; TLV 6 mg/m³ air

Kronos[®] 2210 [Kronos]

Chem. Descrip.: Rutile titanium dioxide, stabilized with Al

Uses: Pigment primarily for plastics (plasticized and rigid interior PVC, PC, polyolefins, PS and copolymers, plastisols, rigid exterior PVC), masterbatches, food-contact coatings/paper; designed for ease of disp. and bluest tint tone; not rec. for very high temp. applics.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180; EC, German approvals

Properties: Dens. 4.1 g/cc; oil absorp. 13; 96% TiO₂

Toxicology: Inert dust; TLV 6 mg/m³ air

Kronos® 2220 [Kronos]

als

als

volatiles

Chem. Descrip.: Rutile titanium dioxide, stabilized with AI, Si Uses: Pigment primarily for plastics (PC, polyolefin fibers, PS and copolymers, plasticized and rigid PVC, plastisols, other engineering thermoplastics), masterbatches, liq. colors, powd. coatings, food-contact coatings/ paper; moderate weather resist

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180; EC, German approvals

Uses: Pigment primarily for plastics (PC, PE, LLDPE, ABS, PS, plasticized

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180; EC, German approv-

Uses: Pigment for coatings, epoxy and thermoset polyester resins, food-

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180; EC, German approv-

Uses: Dry film lubricant and mold release agent for rubbers and plastics,

coating and mfg. of metal; promotes thickening and retards fouling; mfg. of

machine parts, metalworking operations, in precision audiovisual equip.,

mfg. of glass and paper; additive for paints and finishes, paper and paper

coatings, printing and writing inks, waxes and polishes for metals, cars,

appliances, etc.; resist. to nitric acid, hydrochloric acid, sodium hydroxide,

Properties: Translucent fluid disp.; sl. ethereal odor; insol. in nonfluorinated

Uses: Dry film lubricant and mold release agent for rubbers and plastics,

coating and mfg. of metal; promotes thickening and retards fouling; mfg. of

machine parts, metalworking operations, in precision audiovisual equip.,

mfg. of glass and paper; additive for paints and finishes, paper and paper

coatings, printing and writing inks, waxes and polishes for metals, cars,

appliances, etc.; resist. to nitric acid, hydrochloric acid, sodium hydroxide,

Properties: Wh. translucent fluid disp.; alcohol odor; insol. in nonfluorinated

Uses: Dry film lubricant and mold release agent for rubbers and plastics,

coating and mfg. of metal; promotes thickening and retards fouling; mfg. of

machine parts, metalworking operations, in precision audiovisual equip.,

mfg. of glass and paper; additive for paints and finishes, paper and paper

coatings, printing and writing inks, waxes and polishes for metals, cars,

appliances, etc.; resist. to nitric acid, hydrochloric acid, sodium hydroxide,

solvs.; sp.gr. 0.94; dens. 7.8 lb/gal; m.p. 300 C; 25% solids; 75% volatiles

solvs.; sp.gr. 1.32; dens. 11.0 lb/gal; m.p. 300 C; 15% solids; 85%

Chem. Descrip.: Rutile titanium dioxide, stabilized with AI, Si, Zr

Properties: Dens. 4.0 g/cc; oil absorp. 18; 93% TiO₂

and rigid PVC, other engineering thermoplastics), masterbatches, food-

Properties: Dens. 4.0 g/cc; oil absorp. 17; 93% TiO₂ Toxicology: Inert dust; TLV 6 mg/m³ air

contact coatings/paper; max. ease of disp.

Properties: Dens. 4.1 g/cc; oil absorp. 11

Toxicology: Inert dust; TLV 6 mg/m³ air

Toxicology: Inert dust; TLV 6 mg/m³ air

Chem. Descrip.: PTFE in HCFC-141b

and alcoholic potassium hydroxide

Chem. Descrip.: PTFE in isopropyl alcohol

and alcoholic potassium hydroxide

and alcoholic potassium hydroxide

Chem. Descrip.: PTFE in isopropyl alcohol

contact coatings/paper

Chem. Descrip .: Rutile titanium dioxide, stabilized with Al

Properties: Translucent fluid disp.; alcohol odor; insol. in nonfluorinated solvs.; sp.gr. 0.9; dens. 7.5 lb/gal; m.p. 300 C; 15% solids; 80% volatiles

Krytox® DF/W [DuPont] Chem. Descrip.: PTFE in water

CAS 9002-84-0; EINECS/ELINCS 204-126-9

Uses: Dry film lubricant and mold release agent for rubbers and plastics, coating and mfg. of metal; promotes thickening and retards fouling; mfg. of machine parts, metalworking operations, in precision audiovisual equip., mfg. of glass and paper; additive for paints and finishes, paper and paper coatings, printing and writing inks, waxes and polishes for metals, cars, appliances, etc.; resist. to nitric acid, hydrochloric acid, sodium hydroxide, and alcoholic potassium hydroxide

Properties: Creamy wh. fluid disp.; sl. sweet odor; insol. in nonfluorinated solvs.; sp.gr. 1.1; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; m.p. 300 C; 20% solids; 80% volatiles

K[®] Sodium Silicate [PQ]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium silicate

Chem. Analysis: SiO_2 (31.7%), Na_2O (11%)

- CAS 1344-09-8; EINECS/ELINCS 215-687-4
- Uses: Detergent, deflocculant, bleaching enhancer, alkalinity agent in deinking paper stock; peroxide stabilizer in repulping and postbleaching; clay refining, slurry thinner in ceramics; liq. soaps and detergents; sealant in metal castings; binder in metal pelletizing

Properties: Sticky heavy sol'n.; dens. 12.3 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 960 cps; pH 11.5

Kybreak® [Hercules]

Uses: Repulping aid to defiber and decolorize (dyed) paper and paperboard treated with wet str. resins

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L-45 Series [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip .: Dimethicone

CAS 9006-65-9

- Uses: Lubricant, emollient for creams and lotions; antifoam for nonaq. petrol. processing systems, hydraulic fluids, pigment flotation on paints; heat transfer fluid for drug mfg.; release agent; also for cosmetics, car polish; aerosol pkg., antiperspirants/deodorants; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: 350 cSt grade: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.300, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3910, 181.28
- Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in most nonpolar solvs.; visc. 10-100,000 cstk grades

Lamacit[®] AP 6 [Cognis]

Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid and POE derivs.

Uses: Emulsifier for paraffins used in particle and fiber boards, paper mfg. *Properties:* Solid; 100% conc.; anionic

Lambent E-2140 [Lambent Tech./Norcross]

Chem. Descrip.: Polydimethylsiloxane emulsion

CAS 9006-65-9

- Uses: Used in tire and vinyl dressings; mold release agent for plastic, rubber, iron, cement, and paper mfg.
- Properties: Liq.; disp. in water; intermed. visc.; 60% solids
- Lambent E-2140 35% Food Grade [Lambent Tech./Norcross]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polydimethylsiloxane emulsion

CAS 9006-65-9

Uses: Used in tire and vinyl dressings; mold release agent for plastic, rubber, iron, cement, and paper mfg.; for food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §21.340 compliant

Properties: Liq.; disp. in water; intermed. visc.; 35% solids

LamChem C-100-L [Lambent Tech.]

Chem. Descrip.: 1-Hydroxyethyl-2-lauric imidazoline

CAS 136-99-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-271-0

- Uses: Intermediate for quat. ammonium compds.; strongly absorbed on textiles, paper and many metal surfs.; for agric., asphalt, cleaners, corrosion inhibitors, demulsifiers, flotation, metalworking, paints, pigment grinding, inks, textiles, wax emulsions
- *Properties:* Tan paste; sol. in mineral/vegetable oils, dilute sol'ns. of mineral acids, org. solvs., sl. sol. in water; m.w. 276; sp.gr. 0.96; pH 10-11 (2% sol'n.); cationic

LamChem C-100-O [Lambent Tech.]

Chem. Descrip.: 1-Hydroxyethyl-2-oleic imidazoline

CAS 21652-27-7

- Uses: Intermediate for quat. ammonium compds.; strongly absorbed on textiles, paper and many metal surfs.; for agric., asphalt, cleaners, corrosion inhibitors, demulsifiers, flotation, metalworking, paints, pigment grinding, inks, textiles, wax emulsions
- *Properties:* Brn. liq.; sol. in mineral/vegetable oils, dilute sol'ns. of mineral acids, org. solvs., sl. sol. in water; m.w. 350; sp.gr. 0.93; pH 10-11 (2% sol'n.); cationic

LamChem C-100-S [Lambent Tech.]

Chem. Descrip.: 1-Hydroxyethyl-2-stearic imidazoline

CAS 95-19-2; EINEČS/ELINČS 202-397-8

Uses: Intermediate for quat. ammonium compds.; strongly absorbed on textiles, paper and many metal surfs.; for agric., asphalt, cleaners, corrosion

inhibitors, demulsifiers, flotation, metalworking, paints, pigment grinding, inks, textiles, wax emulsions

Properties: Yel. solid; sol. in mineral/vegetable oils, dilute sol'ns. of mineral acids, org. solvs., sl. sol. in water; m.w. 352; sp.gr. 0.94; pH 10-11 (2% sol'n.); cationic

LamChem C-100-T [Lambent Tech.]

Chem. Descrip.: 1-Hydroxyethyl-2-tall oil imidazoline

CAS 61791-39-7; EINECS/ELINCS 263-171-2

Uses: Intermediate for quat. ammonium compds.; strongly absorbed on textiles, paper and many metal surfs.; for agric., asphalt, cleaners, corrosion inhibitors, demulsifiers, flotation, metalworking, paints, pigment grinding, inks, textiles, wax emulsions

Properties: Amber liq.; sol. in mineral/vegetable oils, dilute sol'ns. of mineral acids, org. solvs., sl. sol. in water; m.w. 350; sp.gr. 0.945; pH 10-11 (2% sol'n.)

Laminating Adhesive #5110 [Polymer Research Corp. of Am.]

Chem. Descrip.: Copolymer

Uses: Adhesive offering uniformity of particles and emulsion behavior, for textile backing, pigment and fiber binders, adhesive formulations, paper saturants, and wet-end additions

Properties: Milky wh. emulsion; dens. 8.3-8.4 lb/gal; visc. 200 cps; pH 9.0-9.5; 47.0 \pm 1.0% solids (wet)

Laponite® JS [Southern Clay Prods.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Sodium magnesium fluorosilicate, tetrasodium pyrophosphate
- *Chem. Analysis:* SiO₂ (50-52%), MgO (22-24%), Na₂O (6-8%), P₂O₅ (3.3-5.5%), Li₂O (1.1-1.4%)
- Uses: Thixotrope, gellant, suspending agent for aq. systems incl. paints and cleansers; may be coated onto paper or other surfaces to give elec. conductive films; imparts a shear sensitive structure to waterborne formulations
- Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; odorless; insol. in water but forms a colloid gel on standing; dens. 0.7-1.3 kg/dm³ (packed); m.p. fuses @ 900 C; pH 9.8 (2% aq. disp.)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 8 g/kg; LC50 (inh., rat) > 1.66 g/m³; OEL 5 mg/ m³ (respirable dust); nuisance dust; may cause degreasing of skin, dryness or cracking, eye irritation, nose/mouth irritation, gastric irritation, fibrosis of lung tissue
- *Environmental:* Contains no heavy metals or other agents harmful to the environment; ecologically inert; pyrophosphate additive may affect aquatic life or cause algal blooms if released into rivers in Ig. quantities

Precaution: Avoid contact with strong min. acids or substances liable to decomp. by dust, e.g., peroxides; avoid excessive moisture; humidity or direct contact with water results in caking

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Lithium salts if prod. dec. by min. acid *Storage:* Store under dry conditions; seal container after use

Larostat[®] 902 A [BASF] Chem. Descrip.: Amide

- Uses: Non-amine internal/topical antistat for PE and PP film, electronics pkg.; food pkg. adhesives, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; does not affect film quality or clarity; nonreactive with PC
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.1210; meets MIL spec. B-81705C

Properties: Liq.; water-sol.; 99% act.

Larostat® 902 AS [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Non-amide antistat on silica	Storage: Stable for 12 mos at < 40 C and protected from light
Uses: Internal antistat for polyolefins; food pkg. adhesives, closures with scaling asskets for food containers; defearmer in food contact paper/paper	Leucophor® BCF Ultra Powd. [Clariant UK]
board: stable to 230 C	<i>Chem. Analysis:</i> NaCl (1.3%), Ca (210 ppm), Fe (6 ppm)
Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.1210; meets MIL spec. B-	Uses: Optical brightener for photographic paper; produces paper with exc.
81705C	contrast and brilliance; added to baryte coating or gelatin emulsion or both;
Properties: Free-flowing powd.; water-disp.; 60% act.	adsorbed by gelatin and not washed off into developing bath even at pH 10-
Chem Descrin · Amide antistation silica	Properties: Pale vel_nowd · sol_clear @ 5% dilution in water: anionic
Uses: Internal antistat for food-grade polyolefin films, food pkg. adhesives/	Leucophor® CN Lig. [Clariant UK]
paper/polymers/textiles	Chem. Descrip.: Stilbene deriv.
<i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3130	Uses: Optical brightener for high quality photographic papers for applic. in the
Properties: Free-flowing powd.; water-disp.; 60% act.	STOCK, AT The SIZE press, or as part of a coating formulation; brilliant neutral shade: economical: good substantivity: good stability to acids, alkalis, water
Chem. Descrip.: Alkenyl succinic anhydride	hardness: for use continuously or batchwise: compat. with anionics, nonionics
CAS 70983-55-0	Properties: Yelbrn. clear liq.; readily diluted with water; dens. 1.12 kg/l;
Uses: Sizing agent providing cost effective sizing in alkaline fine papers	visc. < 100 mPa•s (20 C), < 200 mPa•s (0 C); pH 9.1; anionic
containing precipitated calcium carbonate and in grades where full sizing	Storage: Stable for 12 mos at < 40 C and protected from light
Laserbond [Vinings Ind.]	Chem. Descrip.: Stilbene deriv.
Uses: Surf. sizing agent for papers imparting improved adhesion of toner inks	Uses: Optical brightener for papers for surf. applic. at the size press or in
used in copiers and laser printers; improves water holdout on treated sheets	coatings; brilliant, high-wh.; patent pending; very good stability to acids,
Lastabil 923 [BK Giulini Chemie]	alkalis, and hard water conditions; for use continuously or batchwise; compat.
<i>Lises:</i> Stabilizer for peroxide bleaching liquors of mechanical pulp, cellulose	Will dilionics, nonionics Properties: Vel., bro, clear lig, neutral blue bue: readily diluted with water:
and secondary fibers	dens. 1.18 kg/l (20 C); visc. < 20 mPa·s (20 C), < 50 mPa·s (0 C); solid.
Properties: Ylshbrn. liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.4; pH 11 (20 C)	pt9 C; pH 9.3; anionic
Storage: 1 yr. shelf life @ 5-30 C; protect from frost	Storage: Stable for 12 mos at < 40 C and protected from light
Cham Descrip : Delycarboxylic acids and phosphorus nitrogen compose	Chem Descrin : Hevasulfonated stillene deriv
Uses: Stabilizer for peroxide in the deinking process: chelating agent for	Uses: Optical brightener for papers for surf, treatment at the size press or in
heavy metal ions such as iron, manganese, and copper	coatings; brilliant, high-wh.; very good stability to acids, alkalis, and hard
Use Level: 0.4-0.8%	water conditions; for use continuously or batchwise; compat. with anionics,
Properties: Pale yel. liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.2; pH 13	Nonionics Dranacties: Val. bra. clear lig. cl. rad buo: readily dilytable with water: dans
I astaron 891 [RK Giulini Chemie]	1.23 kg/l (20 C): visc < 50 mPa·s (20 C) < 200 mPa·s (0 C): solid pt
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Sodium salt of low-molecular polyacrylate	-12 C; pH 8.9; anionic
CAS 9003-04-7	Storage: Stable for 12 mos at < 40 C and protected from light
Uses: Dispersant for inorg. pigments and fillers used in paper coating	Leucophor® U Liq. [Clariant UK]
USE LEVEI: U.I-U.5% Regulatory: BgVV/ compliants	Cnem. Descrip.: Benzenesulionic acid, 2,2 -(1,2-ethenealyi) bis [5-[[4-[bis (2-bydroxyetbyl) amino]-6.[(4-sulfonbenyl) amino]-1 3 5-triazin-2-yil amino]-
Properties: YIsh, lig.: misc, with water: sp.gr. 1.3; pH 8-9 (20 C); anionic	, tetrasodium salt
Storage: 6 mos. shelf life @ R.T.; protect from frost	CAS 16470-24-9
Leaf River 90 Hardwood [Georgia-Pacific Resins]	Uses: Optical brightener for papers for applic. at the stock, at the size press,
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Southern bleached hardwood from sweet and blk. gum (40%), red oak (30%), and yel, poplar (30%).	or in coatings; optical brightener in paper/paperboard in contact with dry or
Uses: Short fiber pulp for printing and writing paper, coated paper, cast coated	good stability to acids, alkalis, salts; for use continuously or batchwise:
paper, computer paper, copy paper; high opacity, smooth surf. finish when	compat. with commercial starches, anionics, nonionics
blended with softwood; good brightness, str., and cleanliness; rec. where	Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180
smooth surf. is desired	Properties: Yelbrn. clear liq., readily dilutable with water; dens. 1.17 kg/l (20
90	C_{J} , visc. < 100 mPa*s (20 C), < 200 mPa*s (0 C), solid. pt7 C, pH 6.9, anionic
Leaf River 90 Softwood [Georgia-Pacific Resins]	Storage: Stable for 12 mos at < 40 C and protected from light
Chem. Descrip.: Southern bleached softwood from loblolly pine (90%) and	Leucophor® UKO Liq. [Clariant UK]
longleaf and slash pine (105)	<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Tetrasulfonated stilbene deriv.
nostage stamps calendars etc. high brightness str and cleanliness.	or in coatings brilliant, neutral shade, urea-free, good substantivity to bleached
avail. as furnish for uncoated free sheet, coated paper, filter paper, machine	pulps; good stability to acids, alkalis, salts; for use continuously or batchwise;
glazed paper, and tissue	compat. with commercial starches, anionics, nonionics
<i>Properties:</i> 2.47 mm fiber length; 0.293 mg/m coarseness; brightness (ISO)	Properties: Yelbrn. clear liq., readily dilutable with water; dens. 1.118 kg/l
90 Leuconhor® AD Lig [Clariant LIK]	(20 C); VISC. < 100 mPa•S (20 C), < 200 mPa•S (0 C); SOIId. pt3 C; pH
Chem. Descrip.: Disulfonated stilbene	Storage: Stable for 12 mos at 4-40 C and protected from light
<i>Uses:</i> Optical brightener for stock applic. in sized and unsized papers, esp.	Leucophor® UO Liq. [Clariant UK]
neutrally sized and calcium carbonate-filled papers and for use in coatings	Chem. Descrip.: Benzenesulfonic acid, 2,2 - (1,2-ethenediyl) bis [5-[[4-[bis
which contain casein as a sec. binder; highly substantive; exhibits very	(2-hydroxyethyl) amino]-6-[(4-sulfophenyl) amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl] amino]-,
and alkaline conditions: for use continuously or batchwise: compat. with	CAS 16470-24-9
most anionic and nonionic prods.	Uses: Optical brightener for papers for applic. at the stock, at the size press,
Properties: Yel. brn. clear liq.; readily dilutable with water; dens. 1.211 kg/l;	or in coatings; brilliant, neutral shade; urea-free; good substantivity to bleached
visc. < 150 mPa•s (20 C), < 600 mPa•s (0 C); solid. pt18 C; pH 8.5;	pulps; good stability to acids, alkalis, salts; for use continuously or batchwise;
amonic	compar. with commercial starcnes, anionics, nonionics

Properties: Yel.-brn. clear lig., readily dilutable with water; dens. 1.13 kg/l (20 effective in acid or neutral systems; improves bleedfastness C); visc. < 100 mPa•s (20 C), < 200 mPa•s (0 C); solid. pt. -1 C; pH 8.8; anionic Storage: Stable for 12 mos at 4-40 C and protected from light Leukoglanzöl® BPA 50 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Sulfated vegetable oils, sodium salt Uses: Rheology modifier for paper coating, coating colors; improves yield of coating color and reduces fish eyes and streaks resulting from roll coaters; insensitive to alkali and shear demand, but must be protected against acid influences Use Level: 0.2-1% Properties: Yel. oil; good sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.04 (20 C); visc. low; pH 10; 43% act.; anionic Storage: 1 yr shelf life in closed packing @ 15-25 C min.; not sensitive to freezing Leukonöl LBA-2 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip .: Sulfated castor oil CAS 8002-33-3; EINECS/ELINCS 232-306-7 Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymers, paints, aq. systems; coating agent in paper prod.; wetting agent for alkaline systems to pH 13; food-contact coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact coatings Use Level: 1-3% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200; BGA compliance Properties: Yel. clear liq.; sol. in water in all proportions; dens. 1.03 g/cc (20 C); visc. low; pH 7 (10%); surf. tens. 41 mN/m (1%); 36% act.; anionic Storage: 12 mos min. shelf life stored @ 15-25 C in closed pkg.; sensitive to freezing; solidifies below 0 C-warm to R.T. and stir to reverse Levacell® Blue 6GLL Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Bright green-shade blue dyestuff for papers (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue); highly substantive to common paper pulp furnishes; very good lightfastness and bleedfastness; partially bleachable in hypochlorite; good affinity for clay fillers Properties: Lig.; misc. in acidified water; dens. 9.8 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 3.0 Levacell® Fast Yellow KS-R Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Red-shade direct yellow dyestuff for papers (acid, alkaline-sized, tissue); highly substantive to common paper pulp furnishes; exc. lightfastness, very good bleedfastness; pract. bleachable in hypochlorite; very good affinity for clay fillers Properties: Liq.; misc. in acidified water; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 2.0; cationic Levacell® Red KS-4BE Conc. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Bluer-shade red dyestuff for papers (tissue); highly substantive to common paper pulp furnishes; good affinity for clay fillers; rapid exhaustion onto paper fibers; fair lightfastness; very good bleedfastness; pract. bleachable in hypochlorite Properties: Liq.; misc. in acidified water; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 2.0 Levacell® Scarlet KS BP Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Colorant for fine papers, tissue papers, and specialty papers; direct affinity for cellulose fibers Properties: Lig. Levacell® Yellow 2GNX [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Colorant for fine papers, tissue papers, and specialty papers; direct affinity for cellulose fibers Properties: Liq Levogen® E-1062 [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Fixing agent for anionic direct dyestuffs for paper; improves fastness to bleeding, reduces staining of effluent, and improves color retention Levogen® E-1063 [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Fixing agent for anionic direct dyestuffs for paper; improves fastness to bleeding, reduces staining of effluent, and improves color retention Levogen® F [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Fixing agent for anionic direct dyestuffs for paper; improves fastness to bleeding, reduces staining of effluent, and improves color retention Levogen[®] G [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Fixing agent for anionic direct dyestuffs for paper; improves fastness to bleeding, reduces staining of effluent, and improves color retention Levogen[®] PM [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Polyhydroxyamide resin Uses: Fixing agent for direct and other anionic dyestuffs and pigments;

Properties: Clear transparent liq.; misc. in water in all proportions; sp.gr. 1.20; visc. < 200 cps; pH 4.5; strongly cationic Storage: 1 yr min. stability; protect from freezing; of prod. becomes frozen, thaw and mix thoroughly before use Levogen® PM-N [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Amine condensate Uses: Fixing agent for direct and other anionic dyestuffs and pigments; effective in acid or neutral systems; improves bleedfastness Properties: Yel. liq.; misc. in water in all proportions; sp.gr. 1.21; visc. < 400 cps; pH 5.5; strongly cationic Storage: 1 yr min. stability; protect from freezing Lightcoat [Süd-Chemie AG] Chem. Descrip .: Bentonite CAS 1302-78-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-108-5 Uses: For priming or precoating of paper and board where multicoating is required; reduces overall tension Lignosite[®] 260 [Georgia-Pacific Resins] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lignosulfonate, alkali-treated CAS 8061-51-6 Uses: O/w emulsifier, dispersant for pigments, insecticides; food pkg. adhesives, paper; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.210, 573.600 *Properties:* Brn. powd., no appreciable odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. ≈ 0.5 ; m.p. dec.; pH \approx 10; anionic Toxicology: Nontoxic orally, nonirritating to skin and eyes; prolonged exposure to dust may cause sneezing, coughing, or other nuisance symptoms Environmental: Biodeg. Precaution: Finely divided particles mixed with air in presence of ignition source may present explosion hazard; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: SO2 Storage: Store in a dry place and keep sealed until ready to use to prevent caking from moisture pickup Lignosite[®] 431 [Georgia-Pacific Resins] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lignosulfonate CAS 8061-51-6 Uses: Dispersant for pigments, wettable powds., wax emulsions, industrial cleaners; food-contact adhesives, paper/paperboard; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; animal feeds Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.210, 573.600 Properties: Brn. powd., no appreciable odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. ≈ 0.5; m.p. dec.; pH 3.8-4.2; anionic Toxicology: Nontoxic orally, nonirritating to skin and eyes; prolonged exposure to dust may cause sneezing, coughing, or other nuisance symptoms Environmental: Biodeq. Precaution: Finely divided particles mixed with air in presence of ignition source may present explosion hazard; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: SO₂ Storage: Store in a dry place and keep sealed until ready to use to prevent caking from moisture pickup Lignosite[®] 458 [Georgia-Pacific Resins] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lignosulfonate CAS 8061-51-6 Uses: Emulsifier, emulsion stabilizer, dispersant for pigments, mfg. of concrete admixtures, wax emulsions, wettable powds., industrial cleaners; food-contact adhesives, paper/paperboard; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard; animal feeds Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.210, 573.600 Properties: Brn. powd., no appreciable odor; sol. in hot or cold water; sp.gr. ≈ 0.5; dens. 23 lb/ft³; m.p. dec.; pH 6-8; anionic Toxicology: Nontoxic orally, nonirritating to skin and eyes; prolonged exposure to dust may cause sneezing, coughing, or other nuisance symptoms Environmental: Biodeg. Precaution: Finely divided particles mixed with air in presence of ignition source may present explosion hazard; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: SO₂ Storage: Store in a dry place and keep sealed until ready to use to prevent caking from moisture pickup Lignosite® 823 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

amphoteric Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lignosulfonate Storage: 12 mos storage life in original pkg. stored < 15 C; reclose immedi-CAS 8061-51-6 ately after opening; sensitive to light Uses: Emulsifier, emulsion stabilizer, dispersant for dyestuffs and pigments, mfg. of wax emulsions, wettable powds.; food-contact adhesives, paper/ Lipotol FA [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Chem. Descrip.: Special fatty acid paperboard; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; animal feeds Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.210, 573.600 Uses: Deinking agent, highly effective in collecting ink as applied to flotation Properties: Brn. powd., no appreciable odor; sol. in cold or hot water; sp.gr. process of waste newspapers ≈ 0.5; dens. 23 lb/ft³; m.p. dec.; pH 6-8; anionic Use Level: 0.1-0.3% to pulp Toxicology: Nontoxic orally, nonirritating to skin and eyes; prolonged expo-Properties: Lt. yel. beads sure to dust may cause sneezing, coughing, or other nuisance symptoms Lipotol LH-200 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Environmental: Biodeg Chem. Descrip.: Special activator Precaution: Finely divided particles mixed with air in presence of ignition Uses: Deinking agent, highly effective in collecting ink as applied to flotation source may present explosion hazard; incompat. with strong oxidizing process, permitting ink removal to be performed efficiently; also has high preventative power against restaining agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: SO₂ Use Level: 0.1-0.3% to pulp Storage: Store in a dry place and keep sealed until ready to use to prevent Properties: Colorless It. cloudy visc. liq.; pH 6.5 (5%); nonionic caking from moisture pickup Lipotol LH-900 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Lignosite® AC [Georgia-Pacific Resins] Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid derivatives; special activator Chem. Descrip.: Calcium lignosulfonate, alkali-treated Uses: Deinking agent, highly effective in collecting ink as applied to needing Uses: Dispersant; emulsifier; emulsion stabilizer; food-contact adhesives, flotation process of waste newspapers or wh. leisure papers paper/paperboard; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; animal feeds Use Level: 0.1-0.3% to pulp Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.210, 573.600 Properties: Straw-colored transparent liq.; pH 7 (5%); nonionic *Properties:* Lt. tan powd., no appreciable odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. ≈ 0.5 ; Lipowax C [Lipo] Chem. Descrip .: N,N - Ethylenebisstearamide m.p. dec.; pH 7-9; anionic CAS 110-30-5; EINECS/ÉLINCS 203-755-6 Toxicology: Nontoxic orally, nonirritating to skin and eyes; prolonged exposure to dust may cause sneezing, coughing, or other nuisance symptoms Uses: Internal lubricant in thermoplastic and thermosetting resins; defoamer for paper, textile processing; antitacking and antiblocking agent, antistat used Environmental: Biodeg. Precaution: Finely divided particles mixed with air in presence of ignition in vinyls, PS, polyethylene, ABS; surf.-finishing agent in hard rubber; emulsifying wax in cosmetics; mold release agent, lubricant, antiblock, and source may present explosion hazard; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents detackifier in syn. rubbers; aids pigment suspension and salt spray resist. in Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: SO₂ paints and lacquers; in food pkg. materials Properties: Lt. cream prills; sol. in toluene, naphtha, kerosene, and turpentine; Storage: Store in a dry place and keep sealed until ready to use to prevent caking from moisture pickup m.p. 140-145 C; acid no. 10 max.; flash pt. 285 C (COC); 100% act.; Lionsurf® [Vinings Ind.] nonionic Uses: Deinking agent for papermaking Liquazinc AQ-90 [Crompton/Witco] Liponic 70-NC [Lipo] Chem. Descrip .: Zinc stearate aq. emulsion Chem. Descrip .: Sorbitol CAS 557-05-1; EINECS/ELINCS 209-151-9 Uses: Partitioning agent, antitack agent, mold release, lubricant for rubber, liq. CAS 50-70-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-061-5 Uses: Humectant, plasticizer, softener, and lubricant for personal care prods., slab dips; release aid and lubricant for abrasive papers; special sub micron adhesives, leather, and paper coatings; adds sweet taste and pleasant particle size prevents settling out; very low visc. mouthfeel to oral hygiene prods. such as dentifrices and mouthwashes, oral Properties: Wh. disp.; fineness 99.9% thru 325 mesh; sp.gr. 1.02; visc. 1000 cps; 50% solids dosage pharmaceuticals Properties: Clear colorless sol'n.; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.29-1.32; ref. index Liquid Water (WS) & Oil Soluble [Odor Control] 1.455-1.470; pH neutral Uses: Odor neutralizers for wastewater facilities, composting, fertilizer plants, Liponic 76-NC [Lipo] incinerators, landfills, tanneries, meat and food processing, oil and chem. Chem. Descrip .: Sorbitol spills, pulp/paper mills, rendering plants, waste containers, inks, adhesives CAS 50-70-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-061-5 Use Level: Dilution 1:100 to 1:300 Uses: Humectant, plasticizer, softener, and lubricant for personal care prods., Properties: Clear liq.; water or oil sol.; typ. odor (natron, strawberry, floral, adhesives, leather, and paper coatings; adds sweet taste and pleasant pine, evergreen, peach, mixed cherry, vanilla, cinnamon, citrus, citrus/ floral, no scent); sp.gr. 0.98 (WS), 0.85 (OS); visc. < 400 cps; f.p. -12 C; flash pt. (CC) 75 C (WS), 49 C (OS); pH neutral mouthfeel to oral hygiene prods. such as dentifrices and mouthwashes, oral dosage pharmaceuticals Storage: Shelf life 1 yr. with no loss of act. Properties: Colorless to pale yel. clear syrup; odorless; sp.gr. 1.32-1.35; ref. index. 1.468-1.475: 25% max. water Liquinat[®] [Jungbunzlauer Int'l. AG] Liporol SP [Lucas Meyer] Chem. Descrip.: Citric acid CAS 77-92-9; EINECS/ELINCS 201-069-1 Chem. Descrip.: Standardized guar gum CAS 9000-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-536-8 Uses: Acidulant, pH control agent for foods, feeds, detergents, textile auxiliaries, paper auxiliaries, electroplating chems. Uses: Thickener and stabilizer for aq. systems in textiles, paper, varnishes, emulsion paints, cleaning and pickling systems; emulsion stabilizer; high Properties: Liq. Liquisize[™] Emulsifier [Penford Prods.] freeze/thaw stability; acid and alkali resist. Uses: Emulsifier for ASA sizes in papermaking incl. food pkg.; results in high Properties: Lt. free-flowing powd.; 98% 200 mesh; disp. in hot and cold water; visc. 5500 mPa•s (after 24 h); 85% conc.; nonionic ASA sizing efficiency, emulsion stability, and clean wet end operation; Environmental: Biodeg. stable; requires no cooking Storage: Extended storage life when stored cool and dry Regulatory: FDA approved Lipotin SB [Lucas Meyer] Properties: Liq. Liquistrength™ Bonding Agent [Penford Prods.] Chem. Descrip .: Single-bleached, refined soy lecithin Chem. Descrip .: Starch CAS 8002-43-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-307-2 Uses: W/o emulsifier, wetting agent, dispersant for wh. enamels, pigment-free CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-686-4 flat varnishes, pigment pastes, coating of pigments and extenders; cleaning Uses: Bonding agent added at wet end to improve dry str. in paper and board, agent for offset plates and printing rollers; min. oil industry; paper additives; food pkg.; stable; requires no cooking drilling and cutting oils Regulatory: FDA approved Regulatory: EC permitted food additive, E 322 Properties: Liq.; cationic Lithoprint® [Huber Engineered Materials] Properties: Liq.; visc. 12 Pa•s; HLB 3-4; acid no. 30 max.; 60% conc.;
Uses: Clay for paper and paperboard; high brightness; produces exc. coverage and print gloss Properties: Spray-dried slurry; 88-92% finer than 2 µ; 0.005% 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.60; visc. 200-400 cps; brightness (TAPPI) 89.5-91%; ref. index 1.57; pH 6.5-8.0 (28% solids); 68-70% slurry solids; 1% max. moisture Locust Bean Gum Speckless Type D-200 [Frutarom Meer] Chem. Descrip.: Locust bean gum CAS 9000-40-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-541-5 Uses: Thickener, water binder, suspending agent, stabilizer for soft cheese and spreads, bread, cakes, biscuits, frozen pie fillings, sausages, stuffed meat prods., canned pet foods; freeze/thaw stabilizer in ice cream; wet-end additive in papermaking, sizing; textile sizing agent; thickener for textile print pastes; excipient for pharmaceutical tablets; thickener for toothpaste; thickener/stabilizer for cosmetic/pharmaceutical creams and lotions Properties: Wh. to cream-wh. powd., nearly odorless; 97% thru 100 mesh, ≥ 25% thru 200 mesh; visc. ≥ 2800 cps (1%); pH 5.0-6.4 Locust Bean Gum Type A-100 [Gumix Int'l.] Chem. Descrip .: Locust bean gum CAS 9000-40-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-541-5 Uses: Thickener, visc. modifier, water binder, suspending agent, stabilizer for foods (cheese, confections, bakery prods., pie fillings, meat binder, sauces, salad dressings), cosmetics, pharmaceuticals (creams, lotions, toothpaste, tablet excipient), industrial (papermaking, textiles, tobacco) Properties: Off-wh. to lt. tan powd.; disp. in water; insol. in most org. liqs. Locust Bean Gum Type A-250 [Gumix Int'l.] Chem. Descrip .: Locust bean gum CAS 9000-40-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-541-5 Uses: Thickener, visc. modifier, water binder, suspending agent, stabilizer for foods (cheese, confections, bakery prods., pie fillings, meat binder, sauces, salad dressings), cosmetics, pharmaceuticals (creams, lotions, toothpaste, tablet excipient), industrial (papermaking, textiles, tobacco) Properties: Off-wh. to lt. tan powd.; disp. in water; insol. in most org. liqs. Locust Bean Gum Type A-270 [Gumix Int'l.] Chem. Descrip.: Locust bean gum CAS 9000-40-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-541-5 Uses: Thickener, visc. modifier, water binder, suspending agent, stabilizer for foods (cheese, confections, bakery prods., pie fillings, meat binder, sauces, salad dressings), cosmetics, pharmaceuticals (creams, lotions, toothpaste, tablet excipient), industrial (papermaking, textiles, tobacco) *Properties:* Off-wh. to lt. tan powd.; disp. in water; insol. in most org. liqs. Lodyne[®] [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper] Chem. Descrip .: Fluorochemicals Uses: Oil/grease/water resist. aid for paper, paperboard, and molded prods. in food, fast food, and pet food pkg.; surf. tens. reducer and foam stabilizer in firefighting prods.; wetting agent, spreading agent, flow control agent in coatings; environmentally friendly Lok-Size® 30 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] Chem. Descrip .: Visc. modified dent corn starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Retention aid for papermaking size press; designed where inc. starch retention during repulping is required to improve BOD and COD levels in mill effluents Properties: Cationic Lomar[®] LS-1 [Cognis] Chem. Descrip.: Condensed sodium naphthalene sulfonate (91.5%), sodium sulfate (2%), water (6.5%) Uses: Dispersant, emulsifier for emulsion polymerization, dyestuff mfg., agric. formulations; sec. stabilizer for SBR mfg.; dispersant for gypsum slurries; leveling agent for dyeing fibers; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; low salt Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 178.3400, BGA approved; SARA §311/312 reportable Properties: Tan powd.; bland odor; sol. @ 5% in water; sp.gr. 0.60; dens. 5.0 lb/gal; cloud pt. 2 C; flash pt. 92 F; pH 9.5 (10% aq.); 6.5% volatiles; 95% act.; anionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3800 mg/kg; sl. toxic if ingested; may cause transient skin, eye, and respiratory tract irritation; TSCA listed Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO, SO_x NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: Store in cool, dry place

Lomar[®] LS Liq. [Cognis]

Chem. Descrip.: Condensed sodium naphthalene sulfonate (45%), sodium sulfate (1%), water (54%)

- Uses: Dispersant for gypsum slurries; primary emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; sec. stabilizer for SBR mfg.; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 178.3400, BGA approved; SARA nonreportable

Properties: Dk. amber liq.; bland odor; 20% clear sol'ns.; sp.gr. 1.2; dens. 10 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 100 cps; VOC 0% (EPA Method 54); 46% solids; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3800 mg/kg; sl. toxic if ingested; may cause transient skin and eye irritation; TSCA listed

Environmental: BOD5 43,838 ppm; COD 846,867 ppm

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO, SO_x

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: May congeal or stratify if cold; allow to warm to R.T., mix well Lomar® PL [Cognis]

Chem. Descrip.: Condensed sodium naphthalene sulfonate (43%), sodium sulfate (3%), water (54%)

Uses: Dispersant for pigments, extenders, and fillers in aq. media; dyeing syn. and natural fibers; emulsifier in emulsion polymerization; ceramics; gypsum board; pigments; printing; rubber and wet milling; agric. prods.; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane, rubber articles

Regulatory: EPA-exempt; FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600; SARA nonreportable

Properties: Dk. amber liq.; bland odor; water-sol. @ 5%; sp.gr. 1.25; dens 10 lb/gal; visc. 11 cSt (100 F); pour pt. -1 C; cloud pt. 6 C; flash pt. (PMCC) > 93 C; pH 6.8; 0% VOC (EPA Method 24); 46% solids; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3800 mg/kg; sl. toxic if ingested; may cause transient skin and eye irritation; TSCA listed

Environmental: BOD5 26,616 ppm; COD 699,508 ppm; 3.8 % biodeg.

Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO, SO_x

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: May congeal or stratify if cold; warm to 50 C, mix well

Lomar® PW [Cognis]

- Chem. Descrip.: Condensed sodium naphthalene sulfonate (88.5%), sodium sulfate (5%), water (6.5%)
- Uses: Dispersant for pigments, extenders, and fillers in aq. media; dyeing syn. and natural fibers; emulsifier in emulsion polymerization; ceramics; gypsum board; pigments; printing; rubber and wet milling; agric. prods.; suspending agent, stabilizer for paint and paper industries, latexes; foodcontact rubber articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2600; EPA-exempt; SARA §311/312 reportable

Properties: Tan powd.; bland odor; water-sol. @ 5%; dens. 0.66 g/cc; cloud pt. 5 C; flash pt. 87 F; pH 9.5 (10%); 0% VOC (EPA Method 24); 87% act.; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 3800 mg/kg; sl. toxic if ingested; may cause transient skin, eye, and respiratory irritation; TSCA listed

Environmental: BOD5 94,962 ppm; COD 369,852 ppm

Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO, SO,

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in cool, dry place

Lomar® PWA [Cognis]

Chem. Descrip.: Condensed ammonium naphthalene sulfonate

Uses: Visc. depressant; for molding and extruding operations in ceramics; dispersant for emulsion paints, agric., gypsum slurries; emulsifier for emulsion polymerization of syn. elastomers; visc. reducer for pigment slurries; sec. stabilizer for SBR mfg.; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 178.3400; EPA exempt; BGA approved

Properties: Lt. tan powd.; sol. in water; pH 3.5 (10%); 92% act.; anionic Lomar® PWA Liq. [Cognis]

Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium naphthalene sulfonate (< 44%), ammonium sulfate (> 1%), water (55%)

Uses: Dispersant for carbon black in aq. systems, printing inks, waterborne architectural paints, gypsum slurries; sec. stabilizer for SBR mfg.; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

Use Level: 1-4% on total wt.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA approved; SARA §311/312/313 reportable

- Properties: Dk. amber clear liq.; sl. ammonia odor; sp.gr. 1.16; dens. 9.7 lb/ gal; visc. 15 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) > 93 C; pH 7.3; 55% volatiles; 45% act., 55% water; anionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral rat) 3800 mg/kg; sl. toxic if ingested; can cause skin, eye, and respiratory irritation; TSCA listed

Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO2, NOx, SOx

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: May congeal or stratify if cold; warm to 50 C, mix well

Loxiol® G 10 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid ester of polyol
- Uses: Internal lubricant in clear or opaque applics., rigid and soft PVC, food applics.; pigment dispersing aux. in PVC paste processing; costabilizer in combination with tin; aids flow in pigmented and filled rigid PVC compds.; food-contact coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
- Use Level: 1.0-1.5 (rigid PVC), 0.5-1.5 (soft PVC)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 177.1210, 181.27, 182.1323, 182.4505, GRAS; BGA, Japan approvals
- Properties: Pale yel. liq.; dens. 7.9 lb/gal; visc. 200-225 cps; f.p. -1 to -8 C; pour pt. < 4 C; acid no. 3.0 max.; ref. index 1.467 ± 0.005; flash pt. (CC) 435 F
- Loxiol® G 11 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid ester of polyol
 - Uses: Internal lubricant for rigid and soft PVC, rigid PVC film and sheeting; food pkg. adhesives, paper, textiles, animal glue; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2800, 178.3120, 178.3130; BGA, Japan approvals
 - *Properties:* Liq.; sp.gr. 0.970-0.985; visc. 500-610 mPa.s; pour pt. < -10 C; acid no. < 1; ref. index 1.473-1.478; flash pt. > 220 C

Loxiol[®] G 13 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.]

Chem. Descrip .: Fatty acid ester of polyol

- Uses: Lubricant for rigid PVC esp. in cable and inj. molding; food pkg. adhesives, paper, textiles, animal glue; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard
- Use Level: 1.0-1.5 phr
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2800, 178.3120; Japan approvals
- *Properties:* Liq.; sp.gr. 0.905-0.915; visc. 35-40 mPa•s; pour pt. < -10 C; acid no. < 1; ref. index 1.460-1.466; flash pt. > 190 C

Loxiol® G 15 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.]

Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid ester of polyol

- Uses: Internal lubricant for rigid PVC for use in inj. molding, extrusion, and calendering; food-contact coatings, paper, cellophane, textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.2420, 177.2800, 178.3280; BGA, Japan approvals
- Properties: Pale tan flakes, off-wh. beads, 20 mesh particle size; dens. 20-30 lb/ft³; m.p. 83-87 C; acid no. 5 max.; ref. index 1.445 ± 0.005 (95 C); flash pt. (OC) > 300 C

Loxiol® G 16 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.]

Chem. Descrip.: Glycerol ester of unsat. fatty acid

- Uses: Internal lubricant for rigid PVC film, calendered and rigid sheet, clear, opaque inj. molding and profiles; costabilizer in tin-stabilized rigid, semirigid, or plasticized systems; printing and laminating properties to articles; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, animal glues; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 178.3120, 182.90, 182.4505, GRAS; BGA, Japan approvals
- *Properties:* Pale yel. fluid; dens. 7.3 lb/gal; visc. 90-120 cP; f.p. < -5 C; pour pt. < 0 C; acid no. 1.0 max.; flash pt. (CC) 460 F; ref. index 1.468 ± 0.005

Loxiol® G 20 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Stearic acid

CAS 57-11-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-313-4

- Uses: External lubricant for rigid and soft PVC, esp. for cable extrusions; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, polymers, cellophane, rubber articles,
 - textiles, animal glue; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

- Use Level: 0.2-0.5 phr Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.2260, 177.2420, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3120, 178.3570, 178.3910, 184.1090, GRAS; BGA, Japan approvals Properties: Fine beads; sp.gr. 0.840-0.850 (80 C); visc. 8-11 mPa•s (80 C); acid no. 207-210; flash pt. > 180 C; ref. index 1.436-1.437 (60 C) Loxiol[®] G 21 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Hydroxystearic acid CAS 106-14-9; EINECS/ELINCS 203-366-1 Uses: External lubricant for rigid and soft PVC, esp. for cable extrusions; food pkg. adhesives, paper, animal glue; lubricant for incidental food contact; most suitable for post-lubrication of existing formulations; antiplate-out effect Use Level: 0.2-1.0 phr Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 178.3120, 178.3570; BGA, Japan approvals Properties: Fine beads; sp.gr. 0.885-0.891 (80 C); visc. 30-35 mPa+s (80 C); acid no. 172-180; flash pt. > 210 C; ref. index 1.440-1.442 (80 C) Loxiol® G 23 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] *Chem. Descrip.:* Hard paraffin CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6 Uses: Additive for PVC paste processing; food-contact coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers, rubber articles, textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1400, 177.2420, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3710, 179.45; BGA, Japan approvals Loxiol[®] G 53 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: C16-18 fatty alcohol CAS 8005-44-5; EINECS/ELINCS 267-008-6 Uses: Surfactant for polymerization; internal lubricant for rigid PVC, inj. molding; food pkg. adhesives, paper, textiles, polymers; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.2800, 178.3120, 178.3910; BGA, Japan approvals Properties: Solid; sp.gr. 0.790-0.802 (80 C); visc. 4-6 mPa•s (80 C); m.p. 48-51 C; acid no. < 0.2; ref. index 1.427-1.430 (80 C); flash pt. > 160 C; 100% conc. Loxiol® HOB 7111 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid ester of polyol Uses: Internal lubricant for rigid PVC extrusion, inj. molding, calenders, clear blow-molded bottles, sheet; food-contact coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers; highly compat.; produces high clarity articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350; BGA, Japan approvals Properties: Wh. flakes; dens. 15-20 lb/ft3; acid no. 5 max.; flash pt. > 285 F; ref. index 1.438 ± 0.005 (95 C) Loxiol® HOB 7121 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Fatty acid ester of polyol Uses: Internal lubricant/costabilizer for rigid PVC processing esp. clear rigid articles; superior flow in rigid PVC inj. molding and complicated profiles; extrusion films, calendered sheets, blow-molded bottles; highly costabilizing in CaZn stabilized and lead stabilized PVC systems; food pkg. adhesives, animal glue; stabilizer in food-grade polymers; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; good thermal and lt. stability; effective in high calcium stearate compds.; resistant to plate-out Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 178.2010, 178.3120; BGA, Japan approvals Properties: Off-wh. beads or flakes, 20 mesh bead; dens. 30-35 lb/ft³ (bead), 15-25 lb/ft³ (flake); acid no. 2.0 max.; flash pt. 535 F; ref. index 1.450 ± 0.004 (70 C) Loxiol® HOB 7169 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Hard paraffin CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6
 - Uses: Processing aid for extruded rigid PVC; food-contact coatings, paper, cellophane, film, rubber articles, textiles; defoamer in food-contact coatings *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200,
 - 177.1400, 177.2420, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3710, 179.45; BGA, Japan approvals
 - Properties: Solid
- Lubracal® 48 [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium stearate-based aq. disp.

CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8

Uses: Lubricant and plasticizer for paper coatings; improves flow and leveling of paper coatings enabling smooth finishes with enhanced gloss and printability; meets lubricity, stability, visc., and color requirements of the most sophisticated processes Properties: Wh. powd., 99.9% thru 325 mesh sieve; sp.gr. 1.00; visc. 110 cps; 50.1% solids Lubracal® 53 [Crompton/Witco] Chem. Descrip.: Calcium stearate-based ag. disp. CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8 Uses: Lubricant and plasticizer for paper coatings; improves flow and leveling of paper coatings enabling smooth finishes with enhanced gloss and printability; meets lubricity, stability, visc., and color requirements of the most sophisticated processes Properties: Wh. powd., 99.9% thru 325 mesh sieve; sp.gr. 1.00; visc. 700 cps; 56.0% solids Lubracal® 60 [Crompton/Witco] Chem. Descrip.: Calcium stearate-based aq. disp. CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8 Uses: Lubricant and plasticizer for paper coatings; improves flow and leveling of paper coatings enabling smooth finishes with enhanced gloss and printability; meets lubricity, stability, visc., and color requirements of the most sophisticated processes Properties: Wh. powd., 99.9% thru 325 mesh sieve; sp.gr. 1.02; visc. 350 cps; 60.0% solids Lubrol 90 [CNC Int'l.] Chem. Descrip .: Ester Uses: Press release agent for rubber roll release problems in pulp/paper industry; surface lubricant for tabulator card stock and paperboard; nonoily Lucidene[®] 600 [Rohm & Haas] Uses: Top lacquer designed for paper/paperboard, and preprint liner; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; high heat resist., gloss; prevents smearing or marring of ink Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, and 176.180 Properties: Tan emulsion; 0.2 µ particle size; dens. 9.3 lb/gal; visc. 200-400 cps; acid no. 132; flash pt. > 93 C; pH 9-10; 40.5-47% solids Lucidene® 602 [Rohm & Haas] Uses: Very hard, high gloss, film-forming latex for clay-coated paper and SBS-type board; exc. flow and leveling props.; universal vehicle for pigment dispersions, letdowns, and metallic pigments; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; fast drying; good water and grease resist. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, and 176.180 Properties: Off-wh. emulsion; 0.1 µ particle size; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 1000-2000 cps; acid no. 105; flash pt. > 93 C; pH 8.3-8.9; 42-45.5% NV Lucidene® 5010 [Rohm & Haas] Chem. Descrip.: Latex polymer Uses: Letdown vehicle, rewetting agent in ink systems where min. VOC is required, food pkg. adhesives/coatings/paper; high gloss, fast dry; solv.free; no VOC Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180 compliant Properties: M.w. > 200,000; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 500 cps; acid no. 42; pH 8.3; 0% VOC; 52.5% solids Lucidene[®] 5011 [Rohm & Haas] Chem. Descrip.: Latex polymer Uses: Letdown vehicle in ink systems where min. VOC is required, food pkg. adhesives/coatings/paper; high gloss, fast dry; solv.-free; no VOC *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180 compliant Properties: M.w. > 200,000; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 1000 cps; acid no. 55; pH 8.2; 0% VOC; 48% solids Lucidene® 5020 [Rohm & Haas] Chem. Descrip .: Latex polymer Uses: Hard film-forming vehicle for use in flexographic/gravure inks and overprints where max. VOC reduction is required, food pkg. adhesives/ coatings/paper; fast dry, good rewet; solv.-free; no VOC Use Level: 57.5% (gravure ink); 87.9% (rub resist. overprint) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180 compliant Properties: M.w. > 200,000; dens. 8.75 lb/gal; visc. 300 cps; acid no. 42; pH 8.0; 0% VOC; 51% solids Lucidene® 5021 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Latex polymer

- Uses: Hard film-forming vehicle for use in flexographic/gravure inks and overprints where max. VOC reduction is required, food pkg. adhesives/ coatings/paper; fast dry, good rewet, high gloss, grease resist.; solv.-free; no VOC
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180 compliant
- Properties: M.w. > 200,000; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 900 cps; acid no. 42; pH 8.0; 0% VOC; 52% solids

Lucidene[®] 5030 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip .: Latex polymer Uses: Film-forming vehicle for flexographic/gravure inks and overprints where max. VOC reduction is required; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; fast dry, good rewet, high gloss, grease resist.; solv.-free; no VOC

- Use Level: 46% (gloss ink); 67% (wet offset overprint); 86% (high gloss overprint)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180 compliant
- Properties: M.w. > 200,000; dens. 8.75 lb/gal; visc. 300 cps; acid no. 42; pH 8.0; 0% VOC; 51% solids

Lucidene® 5040 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Latex polymer

- Uses: Film-former for flexographic/gravure inks and overprints for max. VOC reduction; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; offers adhesion to films, water resist.; solv.-free; no VOC
- Use Level: 54% (flexible ink for film); 25% (no VOC OPV)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180 compliant
- Properties: M.w. > 200,000; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 300 cps; acid no. 42; pH 8.2; 0% VOC; 52% solids
- Ludox[®] CL-X [DuPont]

Chem. Descrip.: Aq. colloidal silica disp.

- EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Frictionizing agent for corrugated boxes and multiwall paper bags; cleanable; inert; heat-resist.; stabilized with sodium hydroxide
- Properties: Sp.gr. 1.37; dens. 11.4 lb/gal; visc. 17 cps; surf. area 130 m²/g; pH 9.1; 46% SiO2

Luminex[™] [Engelhard]

Chem. Descrip.: Kaolin-based

Uses: Pigment, brightener for specialty printing, writing, and recycled grades of uncoated freesheet paper; cost effective; high performance

- Lumisorb[™] PSML-80 [Lambent Tech.]
 - Chem. Descrip .: PEG-80 sorbitan laurate
 - CAS 9005-64-5
 - Uses: Food emulsifier for bakery, dairy, confectionery, and convenience foods; emulsifier for personal care, pharmaceuticals, agric., paints, pulp/ paper, etc.

Properties: Yel. liq.; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.1; HLB 19.4; acid no. 3 max.; sapon. no. 7-15; hyd. no. 25-40; 27-29% moisture; nonionic

- Lumisorb™ PSMO-5 [Lambent Tech.]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Polysorbate 81
 - CAS 9005-65-6
 - Uses: Food-grade emulsifier for bakery, dairy, confectionery, and convenience foods applics.; emulsifier for personal care, pulp/paper, paints, agric., metalworking, textiles, etc.

Regulatory: Also avail. in kosher grade Properties: Yel. liq. (may gel on standing); disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.0; HLB 10.0; acid no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 95-105; hyd. no. 136-152; nonionic

Lumisorb[™] PSMO-20 [Lambent Tech.]

Chem. Descrip .: Polysorbate 80

CAS 9005-65-6

Uses: Emulsifier for food processing, personal care, and industrial applics. (paints, pulp/paper, agric., metalworking, textiles, etc.); dispersant for flavor oils; flavor/color enhancer in pickles; improves dryness and melt down in frozen desserts

Use Level: 0.05-0.2%

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.836, 172.845, 172.854; also avail. in kosher grade
- Properties: Yel. liq., bland odor; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.1; b.p. > 350 F (760 mm); HLB 15.0; acid no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 45-55; hyd. no. 65-80; flash pt. (COC) > 150 C; 100% conc.; nonionic

Toxicology: May cause eye irritation

Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents

Storage: Store in well-ventilated areas @ 50-120 F; keep away from oxidizsives; food-grade emulsifier Properties: Tan solid; oil-sol.; sp.gr. 1.0; HLB 6.7; acid no. 7.5 max.; sapon. ing agents, excessive heat, ignition sources Lumisorb[™] PSMP-20 [Lambent Tech.] no. 140-150; hyd. no. 275-305; 100% conc.; nonionic Lumisorb[™] SMS [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Polysorbate 40 Chem. Descrip.: Sorbitan stearate CAS 1338-41-6; EINECS/ELINCS 215-664-9 CAS 9005-66-7 Uses: Emulsifier for food processing, personal care, and industrial applics., paints, pulp/paper, agric., metalworking, textiles, etc. Uses: Emulsifier for food processing (chocolate and confectionery coatings) Properties: Yel. liq. (may gel on standing); sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.1; HLB 15.6; and personal care prods.; improves volume in icings and fillings; dispersant acid no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 43-49; hyd. no. 89-105; 100% conc.; nonionic in dry coffee whiteners, flavor oils; emulsifier for pulp/paper, pharmaceuti-Lumisorb[™] PSMS-20 [Lambent Tech.] cals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives Chem. Descrip .: Polysorbate 60 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.842, 172.845, 182.4504; also avail. kosher Properties: Cream flakes; insol. in water; sp.gr. 1.0; b.p. > 200 C (760 mm); CAS 9005-67-8 Uses: Emulsifier for food processing (chocolate, confectionery coatings, HLB 4.7; acid no. 10 max.; sapon. no. 147-157; hyd. no. 235-260; flash pt. panned sugar), personal care, and industrial applics.; provides greater aera-(COC) > 175 C; 100% conc.; nonionic tion in cakes, improves volume in icings and fillings, provides faster whip in Toxicology: May cause eye irritation Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents whipped toppings; dispersant in dry coffee whiteners, vitamin drops; improves stability in salad dressings; foaming agent in beverage mixes; emul-Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion produces CO₂, CO, thick smoke sifier for industrial applics., paints, pulp/paper, etc. Storage: Store in well-ventilated areas @ 50-120 F; keep away from oxidizing agents, excessive heat, ignition sources Use Level: 0.05-1% Lumisorb[™] STO [Lambent Tech.] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.836, 172.854; also avail. kosher Properties: Yel. liq. (may gel on standing), mild odor; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.1; Chem. Descrip .: Sorbitan trioleate b.p. > 200 C (760 mm); HLB 14.9; acid no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 45-55; hyd. CAS 26266-58-0; EINECS/ELINCS 247-569-3 Uses: Oil additive; corrosion inhibitor; emulsifier for food, pulp/paper, cosmetno. 81-96; flash pt. (COC) > 175 C; 100% conc.; nonionic Toxicology: May cause eye irritation ics, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, ad-Precaution: Avoid oxidizing agents hesives; also avail. in tech. grade Storage: Store in well-ventilated areas @ 50-120 F; keep away from oxidiz-Properties: Amber liq.; oil-sol.; sp.gr. 1.0; HLB 1.8; acid no. 13.5 max.; sapon. no. 171-185; hyd. no. 58-69; 100% conc.; nonionic ing agents, excessive heat, ignition sources Lumisorb[™] PSTO-20 [Lambent Tech.] Lumisorb[™] STS [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Polysorbate 85 Chem. Descrip.: Sorbitan tristearate CAS 9005-70-3 CAS 26658-19-5; EINECS/ELINCS 247-891-4 Uses: Food-grade emulsifier for bakery, dairy, confectionery, and conve-Uses: Oil additive; corrosion inhibitor; emulsifier for food, pulp/paper, cosmetnience foods applics.; emulsifier for personal care, paints, pulp/paper, metalics, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adworking, textiles, etc. hesives Properties: Yel. liq. (may gel on standing); disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.0; HLB Regulatory: Also avail. kosher 11.0; acid no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 82-95; hyd. no. 39-52; nonionic Properties: Cream solid; oil-sol.; sp.gr. 1.0; HLB 2.1; acid no. 15 max.; Lumisorb[™] PSTS-20 [Lambent Tech.] sapon. no. 175-190; hyd. no. 65-80; 100% conc.; nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Polysorbate 65 Lumitac® [Tosoh] CAS 9005-71-4 Chem. Descrip.: VLDPE Uses: For blown film (general purpose pkg., heavy duty bags, agric. film, Uses: Emulsifier for food processing, personal care, and industrial applics. (paints, pulp/paper, agric., metalworking, textiles, etc.); dispersant for dry diaper backings, stretch film, shrink film), extrusion coating and laminating coffee whiteners (kraft papers, milk carton stocks, polymeric film, box liners), blow molding Use Level: 0.1-0.3% (box liners); inj. molding (housewares, artificial flowers) Properties: Yel. soft solid, bland odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.0; b.p. > 200 C Lumiten[®] P [BASF AG] (760 mm); HLB 10.5; acid no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 88-98; hyd. no. 42-60; Chem. Descrip.: Polyether alcohol Uses: Visc. control agent and slip agent for paper coating flash pt. (COC) > 175 C; 100% conc.; nonionic Lumulse™ 8000 [Lambent Tech.] Toxicology: May cause eye irritation Chem. Descrip .: PEG-150 Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion produces CO₂, CO, thick smoke CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9 Storage: Store in well-ventilated area @ 50-120 F; keep away from oxidizing Uses: Cosmetics; pharmaceuticals; resins; coatings; antistat for rubber conagents, excessive heat, ignition sources Lumisorb™ SML [Lambent Tech.] veyor belting; shoe polish; lubricant for paper size; printing inks; release agent for rubber; tablet binder/lubricant Chem. Descrip .: Sorbitan laurate Properties: Wh. waxy solid; water-sol.; m.w. 7000-9000; visc. 470-900 cSt CAS 1338-39-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-663-3 (210 F); f.p. 60-63 C; pH 4.5-7.5 (5%); nonionic Lumulse[™] DGL [Lambent Tech.] Uses: Emulsifier, oil additive, corrosion inhibitor for pulp/paper, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhe-Chem. Descrip .: PEG-2 laurate sives; food-grade emulsifier CAS 141-20-8; EINECS/ELINCS 205-468-1 Properties: Yel. liq.; water-disp.; oil-sol.; sp.gr. 1.0; HLB 8.6; acid no. 7 Uses: Emulsifier for industrial and cosmetic applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceumax.; sapon. no. 158-170; hyd. no. 330-358; 100% conc.; nonionic ticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives; also Lumisorb[™] SMO [Lambent Tech.] avail. in tech. grade *Chem. Descrip.:* Sorbitan oleate CAS 1338-43-8; EINECS/ELINCS 215-665-4 Properties: Yel. liq.; nondisp. in water; sp.gr. 0.95; HLB 6.5; pour pt. 1 C; 100% conc.; nonionic Uses: Emulsifier, oil additive, corrosion inhibitor for pulp/paper, cosmetics, Lumulse[™] DGO [Lambent Tech.] pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhe-Chem. Descrip .: PEG-2 oleate CAS 106-12-7; EINECS/ELINCS 203-364-0 sives; food-grade emulsifier Regulatory: Also avail. kosher Uses: Lubricant for cosmetics, pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, Properties: Amber liq.; oil-sol.; sp.gr. 1.0; HLB 4.3; acid no. 7.5; sapon. no. lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives 149-160; hyd. no. 193-209; 100% conc.; nonionic Properties: Yel. liq.; nondisp. in water; sp.gr. 0.95; HLB 4.7; 100% conc.; Lumisorb[™] SMP [Lambent Tech.] nonionic Chem. Descrip.: Sorbitan palmitate Lumulse[™] DGS [Lambent Tech.] CAS 26266-57-9; EINECS/ELINCS 247-568-8 Chem. Descrip .: PEG-2 stearate Uses: Emulsifier, oil additive, corrosion inhibitor for pulp/paper, cosmetics, CAS 106-11-6; EINECS/ELINCS 203-363-5 pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhe-Uses: Emulsifier, opacifier, thickener for cosmetics, o/w emulsions; lubricant

for stamping and drawing; protective coating for hygroscopic materials (tablets); opacifier/lubricant for paper industry; antitack agent Properties: Wh. flake; insol. in water; m.p. 44-48 C; HLB 4.7; acid no. 5 max.; sapon. no. 153-165; pour pt. 46 C; pH 4.5-6.5 (3% disp.); 100% conc.; nonionic Lumulse[™] DGS-C [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-2 stearate SE and stearic acid Uses: Self-emulsifying emulsifier, opacifier, thickener for cosmetics, o/w emulsions; lubricant for stamping and drawing; protective coating for hygroscopic materials (tablets); opacifier/lubricant for paper industry; antitack agent Properties: Wh. flake; disp. in water; m.p. 47-53 C; acid no. 95-105; sapon. no. 160-170; pH 6.5-7.5 (3% disp.) Lumulse[™] DGS-N [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-2 stearate and stearic acid Uses: Emulsifier, opacifier, thickener for cosmetics, o/w emulsions; lubricant for stamping and drawing; protective coating for hygroscopic materials (tablets); opacifier/lubricant for paper industry; antitack agent Properties: Wh. flake; insol. in water; m.p. 43-50 C; acid no. 95-105; sapon. no. 175-185; pH 4.5-6.5 (3% disp.) Lumulse[™] EGDS [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Glycol distearate CAS 627-83-8; EINECS/ELINCS 211-014-3 Uses: Surfactant for industrial and cosmetic applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives Properties: Cream solid; nondisp. in water; sp.gr. 0.95; HLB 1.5; pour pt. 56 C; nonionic Lumulse[™] GMO [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Glyceryl oleate CAS 25496-72-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-827-7 Uses: Emulsifier, opacifier, stabilizer for food, drug, and cosmetic industries; improves stability in pet foods, margarine; dough conditioner for tacos and tortillas; lubricant for textiles; anti-icing fuel additive; solvent; mold release agent; clarifier and antiblocking agent in plastics (food pkg.); in food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, textiles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; improves overrun in frozen desserts Use Level: 0.1-0.5% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.210, 177.2800, 181.27, 182.4505, Part 166; also avail. in kosher grade Properties: Yel. opaque liq., bland odor; insol. in water; sol. in ethanol, propylene glycol, org. solvs., veg. and min. oils; sp.gr. 0.95; dens. 8.0 lb/ gal; visc. 90 cSt (40 C); b.p. > 200 C (760 mm); HLB 3.4; acid no. 2 max.; iodine no. 96; sapon. no. 160-170; pour pt. 0 C; flash pt. 215 C; 100% conc.; nonionic Toxicology: May cause eye irritation Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents Storage: Store in well-ventilated areas @ 50-120 F; keep away from oxidizing agents, excessive heat, ignition sources Lumulse[™] PEG 540 [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-6, PEG-32 (50/50 mixt.) Uses: Cosmetic, pharmaceutical, and suppository formulation; humectant, plasticizer in adhesives; base for metal polishes; lubricant for paper sizes; inks; in alkyd resins and coatings Properties: Wh. waxy solid; water-sol.; m.w. 500-600; visc. 26-33 cSt (210 F); f.p. 38-41 C; pH 4.5-7.5 (5%) Lumulse™ PEG 1000 [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-20 CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9 Uses: Cosmetic and pharmaceutical formulation; resins and coatings; imparts dimensional stability to paper wet str. resins, improves coatings gloss Properties: Wh. waxy solid; water-sol.; m.w. 950-1050; visc. 16-19 cSt (210 F); f.p. 37-40 C; pH 4.5-7.5 (5%); nonionic Lumulse[™] PEG 3350 [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-75 CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9 Uses: Cosmetic and pharmaceutical formulation; resins and coatings; humectant, plasticizer for adhesives; antistat for rubber conveyor belt; in shoe polish; lubricant for paper sizing; printing inks; tablet binder, lubricant Properties: Wh. waxy solid; water-sol.; m.w. 3015-3685; visc. 76-110 cSt (210 F); f.p. 53-56 Č; pH 4.5-7.5 (5%); nonionic Lumulse[™] PGML [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Propylene glycol laurate CAS 27194-74-7; EINECS/ELINCS 205-542-3

Uses: Surfactant for food, industrial uses, cosmetics, pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives

Properties: Yel. liq.; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.92; HLB 4.0; pour pt. -4 C; 100% conc.; nonionic

Lumulse[™] PGMP [Lambent Tech.]

Chem. Descrip.: Propylene glycol palmitate Uses: Surfactant for industrial and cosmetic applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives

Properties: Wh. solid; nondisp. in water; sp.gr. 0.95; HLB 3.6; pour pt. 36 C; nonionic

Lumulse[™] PGMS [Lambent Tech.]

Chem. Descrip.: Propylene glycol stearate

CAS 1323-39-3; EINECS/ELINCS 215-354-3 Uses: Surfactant for food, industrial, and cosmetic applics., pulp/paper, phar-

maceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives Properties: Wh. waxy solid; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.95; HLB 3.4; pour pt. 38 C; 100% conc.; nonionic

Luprintol[®] FBT [BASF AG]

Uses: Auxiliary for transfer paper printing on textile machines

Luredur® AS 10, 60% [BASF; BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic polymer aq. sol'n. Uses: Dry str. agent for strengthening the structure of paper and board, esp. short-fibered and secondary stocks; reinforces the bond between the individual fibers; suitable in all cases where starch is used in surface treatment for reinforcing the structure Properties: Water-sol.; anionic

Luredur® JP 2 [BASF; BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic polymer aq. sol'n.

Uses: Dry str. agent for strengthening the structure of paper and board, esp. short-fibered and secondary fiber-containing furnishes; applied at the size press; best in weakly acid to neutral applics.; forms strong hydrogen bonds with fibers; forms strong, tough film on fibers Properties: Anionic

Luredur® NB-25 [BASF; BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic polymer aq. sol'n.

Uses: Dry str. agent for strengthening the structure of paper and board, esp. short-fibered and secondary stocks; reinforces the bond between the individual fibers; suitable in all cases where starch is used in surface treatment for reinforcing the structure

Properties: Water-sol.; anionic Luresin[®] [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Based on aq. sol'ns. of formaldehyde-free cationic polyamidoamine-epichlorohydrin resins

Uses: Wet and dry str. agent for papers, esp. in the neutral pH range Lustrabrite[®] S [Telechemische]

Chem. Descrip.: Toluene sulfonamide/epoxy resin

Uses: Nail enamel resin, gloss aid; plasticizer for nitrocellulose; food-contact paper/paperboard; patented; formaldehyde-free; provides superior clarity, brilliance, high gloss, adhesion

Regulatory: FDA 21§CFR 175.105, 175.300, 176.170 Lutensol® TO 3 [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-3 C13 oxo-alcohol

Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent for laundry detergents, household and industrial cleaners, emulsions, dispersions, surf. treatment, leather, pulp/paper, dyes and pigments, paints, building prods.; intermediate in prod. of ether sulfates

Properties: Colorless clear or cloudy liq.; sol. @ 10% in alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 0.93; visc. 50 mPa•s; drop pt. < 5 C; solid. pt. < 5 C; HLB 9; hyd. no. 165; cloud pt. 40 C (in BDG); flash pt. > 100 C; pH 7 (5% aq.); surf. tens. 30 mN/m (1 g/l in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic

Environmental: > 90% biodeg. Storage: May become cloudy if stored at low temps.; heat to 40 C to reverse Lutensol[®] TO 5 [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-5 C13 oxo-alcohol

Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent for laundry detergents, household and industrial cleaners, emulsions, dispersions, surf. treatment, leather, pulp/paper, dyes and pigments, paints, building prods.

Properties: Colorless clear or cloudy liq.; sol. @ 10% in alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 0.96; visc. 70 mPa•s; drop pt. 13 C; solid. pt. < 5 C; HLB 10.5; hyd. no. 130; cloud pt. 62 C (in BDG); flash pt. > 100 C; pH 7 (5% aq.); surf. tens. 30 mN/m (1 g/l in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic Environmental: > 90% biodeg.

Storage: May become cloudy if stored at low temps.; heat to 40 C to reverse Lutensol® TO 6 [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-6 C13 oxo-alcohol

- Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent for laundry detergents, household and industrial cleaners, emulsions, dispersions, surf. treatment, leather, pulp/paper, dyes and pigments, paints, building prods. Properties: Nonionic
- Lutensol[®] TO 7 [BASF AG]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* PEG-7 C13 oxo-alcohol
 - *Uses:* Detergent, emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent for laundry detergents, household and industrial cleaners, emulsions, dispersions, surf. treatment, leather, pulp/paper, dyes and pigments, paints, building prods., emulsion polymerization (acrylic, vinyl, and styrene monomers)
 - Properties: Colorless clear or cloudy liq.; sol. @ 10% in alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 0.98; visc. 90 mPa•s; drop pt. 18 C; solid. pt. < 5 C; HLB 12; hyd. no. 110; cloud pt. 70 C (in BDG); flash pt. > 100 C; pH 7 (5% aq.); surf. tens. 30 mN/m (1 g/l in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic Environmental: > 90% biodeg.

Storage: May become cloudy if stored at low temps.; heat to 40 C to reverse Lutensol® TO 8 [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-8 C13 oxo-alcohol

- Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent for laundry detergents, household and industrial cleaners, emulsions, dispersions, surf. treatment, leather, pulp/paper, dyes and pigments, paints, building prods., pickling baths, emulsion polymerization (acrylic, vinyl, and styrene monomers)
- Properties: Colorless clear or cloudy liq.; sol. @ 10% in water, 5% caustic soda, 5% HCl, 5% NaCl, alcohols; sp.gr. 1.01; visc. 150 mPa•s; drop pt. 22 C; solid. pt. 10 C; HLB 13; hyd. no. 100; cloud pt. 60 C (in water); flash pt. > 100 C; pH 7 (5% aq.); surf. tens. 31 mN/m (1 g/l in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic

Environmental: > 90% biodeq.

Storage: May become cloudy if stored at low temps.; heat to 40 C to reverse Lutensol® TO 12 [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-12 C13 oxo-alcohol

- Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent for laundry detergents, household and industrial cleaners, emulsions, dispersions, surf. treatment, leather, pulp/paper, dyes and pigments, paints, building prods., pickling baths, emulsion polymerization (acrylic, vinyl, and styrene monomers)
- *Properties:* Wh. soft paste; sol. @ 10% in water, 5% caustic soda, 5% HCl, 5% NaCl, alcohols; sp.gr. 1.00 (60 C); visc. 60 mPa•s (60 C); drop pt. 30 C; solid. pt. 20 C; HLB 14.5; hyd. no. 75; cloud pt. 87 C (in BDG); flash pt. > 100 C; pH 7 (5% aq.); surf. tens. 34 mN/m (1 g/l in DW); 100% conc.; nonionic

Environmental: > 90% biodeg.

Storage: May become cloudy if stored at low temps.; heat to 40 C to reverse Lutensol® TO 89 [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-8 C13 oxo-alcohol (90% Lutensol TO 8 in water)

- Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent for laundry detergents, household and industrial cleaners, emulsions, dispersions, surf. treatment, leather, pulp/paper, dyes and pigments, paints, building prods., pickling baths
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sol. @ 10% in water, 5% caustic soda, 5% HCl, 5% NaCl, petrol. fractions, alcohols; sp.gr. 1.02; visc. 140 mPa•s; drop pt. < 5 C; solid. pt. < 5 C; HLB 13; hyd. no. 100; cloud pt. 60 C (in water); flash pt. > 100 C; pH 7 (5% aq.); surf. tens. 31 mN/m (1 g/l in DW); 90% conc.; nonionic

Environmental: > 90% biodeg.

Storage: May become cloudy if stored at low temps.; heat to 40 C to reverse Lutensol® TO 389 [BASF AG]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Fatty alcohol ethoxylate (Lutensol TO 3 and TO 8 in water) *Uses:* Detergent, emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent for laundry detergents, household and industrial cleaners, emulsions, dispersions, surf. treatment, leather, pulp/paper, dyes and pigments, paints, building prods.
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sol. @ 10% in alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 0.99; visc. 100 mPa•s; drop pt. < 5 C; solid. pt. < 5 C; HLB 12; hyd. no. 110; cloud pt. 70 C (in BDG); flash pt. > 100 C; pH 7 (5% aq.); surf. tens. 30 mN/m (1 g/l in DW); 90% conc.; nonionic

Environmental: > 90% biodeg.

Storage: May become cloudy if stored at low temps.; heat to 40 C to reverse Luviskol® K12 [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: PVP

CAS 9003-39-8; EINECS/ELINCS 201-800-4

- Uses: Film-former, thickener, protective colloid, suspending agent, and dispersant for cosmetics, adhesives, paints, coatings, paper, detergents, glass fibers, inks, ceramics, nonpharmaceutical tableting, photographic films, crop protection agents; hair fixative
- *Properties:* Powd. and liq.; sol. in alcohols, esters, ether alcohols, ketones, lactams, chlorinated hydrocarbons, nitroparaffins, acids, amines; pH 5-7 (10%); 50% solids in water (sol'n.)

Luviskol® K17 [BASF; BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: PVP

- CAS 9003-39-8; EINECS/ELINCS 201-800-4
- Uses: Film-former, thickener, protective colloid, stabilizer, visc. modifier, suspending agent, and dispersant used for emulsion and suspension polymerizations, cosmetics, adhesives, sealants, paints, coatings, paper, detergents, glass fibers, inks, ceramics, nonpharmaceutical tableting, photographic films; hair fixative
- Properties: Powd. or liq.; > 99% > 250 µm particle size (powd.); sol. in alcohols, esters, ether alcohols, ketones, lactams, chlorinated hydrocarbons, nitroparaffins, acids, amines; bulk dens. 0.4-0.5 g/cc (powd.); visc. 5.4 cps (5% in methanol); pH 3-7 (10%, powd.), 7-10 (10%, sol'n.); > 92% solids (powd.), 50% solids in water (sol'n.)

Luviskol® K30 [BASF; BASF AG]

- Chem. Descrip.: PVP
- CAS 9003-39-8; EINECS/ELINCS 201-800-4
- Uses: Film-former, thickener, protective colloid, stabilizer, visc. modifier, suspending agent, and dispersant used for emulsion and suspension polymerizations, cosmetics, adhesives, sealants, paints, coatings, paper, detergents, glass fibers, inks, ceramics, nonpharmaceutical tableting, photographic films; hair fixative
- *Properties:* Powd. or liq.; particle size > 99% > 250 μm (powd.); sol. in alcohols, esters, ether alcohols, ketones, lactams, chlorinated hydrocarbons, nitroparaffins, acids, amines; bulk dens. 0.4-0.5 g/cc; visc. 7.0 cps (5% in methanol); pH 3-7 (10%, powd.), 7-10 (10%, sol'n.); > 95% solids (powd.), 30% solids in water (sol'n.)

Luviskol® K60 [BASF; BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: PVP

CAS 9003-39-8; EINECS/ELINCS 201-800-4

- Uses: Film-former, thickener, protective colloid, stabilizer, visc. modifier, suspending agent, and dispersant used for emulsion and suspension polymerizations, cosmetics, adhesives, sealants, paints, coatings, paper, detergents, glass fibers, inks, ceramics, nonpharmaceutical tableting, photographic films; hair fixative
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in alcohols, esters, ether alcohols, ketones, lactams, chlorinated hydrocarbons, nitroparaffins, acids, amines; pH 7-10 (10%); 45% solids in water
- Luviskol® K80 [BASF; BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: PVP

- CAS 9003-39-8; EINECS/ELINCS 201-800-4
- Uses: Film-former, thickener, protective colloid, suspending agent, and dispersant for cosmetics, adhesives, paints, coatings, paper, detergents, glass fibers, inks, ceramics, nonpharmaceutical tableting, photographic films; hair fixative
- *Properties:* Powd. or liq.; particle size > 99% > 250 μm (powd.); sol. in alcohols, esters, ether alcohols, ketones, lactams, chlorinated hydrocarbons, nitroparaffins, acids, amines; bulk dens. 0.3-0.4 g/cc (powd.); visc. 27 cps (5% in methanol); pH 5-8 (10%, powd.), 7-10.5 (10%, sol'n.); > 95% solids (powd.), 20% solids in water (sol'n.)

Luviskol® K90 [BASF; BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: PVP

CAS 9003-39-8; EINECS/ELINCS 201-800-4

- Uses: Film-former, thickener, protective colloid, stabilizer, visc. modifier, suspending agent, and dispersant used for emulsion and suspension polymerizations, cosmetics, adhesives, sealants, paints, coatings, paper, detergents, glass fibers, inks, ceramics, nonpharmaceutical tableting, photographic films; hair fixative
- *Properties:* Powd. or liq.; particle size > 99% > 250 μm (powd.); sol. in alcohols, esters, ether alcohols, ketones, lactams, chlorinated hydrocarbons, nitroparaffins, acids, amines; bulk dens. 0.3-0.4 g/cc (powd.); visc. 30.8 cps (5% in methanol); pH 5-9 (10%, powd.), 7-10.5 (10%, sol'n.); > 95% solids (powd.), 15% or 20% solids in water (sol'n.)

Luwax[®] E [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Montan ester wax

CAS 8002-53-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-313-5

Luwax[®] LG Uses: Suitable for production of purely saponified, solv.-free or solv.-containing polishes; antiblocking agent for paper and cardboard, esp. for foodstuff pkgs.; lubricant for exterior and interior applic. for processing PVC with or without plasticizers Properties: Flakes/powd. Luwax® LG [BASF AG] Chem. Descrip.: Montanic acid wax CAS 8002-53-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-313-5 Uses: For production of emulsions for polishes, paper and film finishing, impregnating agents for building, wood and metal industry, leather auxiliary; very easily emulsifiable, hard wax Properties: Flakes Luwax[®] LGE [BASF AG] Chem. Descrip.: Montanic acid wax containing emulsifiers CAS 8002-53-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-313-5 Uses: Dry-bright wax for production of emulsions for floor polishes, leather finishes, paper and film finishing, wood and plastics processing, glass and ceramics; mold release agent for PUR Properties: Flakes Luwax[®] OA [BASF] Chem. Descrip .: Oxidized polyethylene wax CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Improves rub resist. in printing inks; flatting and antisettling agent in paints/coatings; dispersant and color enhancer in color concs.; inc. hardness in wax compds.; improves blk. heel mark resist. in floor polishes; lubricant for plastics processing; in the production of emulsions for polishes, textile, paper and other industries Properties: Pastilles; dens. 0.96 g/cm³; visc. 400 mm²/s; m.p. 94 C; drop pt. 101 C; 22 mg KOH/g Luwax[®] OA 3 [BASF] Chem. Descrip.: Oxidized polyethylene wax CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELÍNCS 200-815-3 Uses: Improves rub resist. in printing inks; flatting and antisettling agent in paints/coatings; dispersant and color enhancer in color concs.; inc. hardness in wax compds.; improves blk. heel mark resist. in floor polishes; lubricant for plastics processing; in the production of emulsions for polishes, textile, paper and other industries; very high hardness Properties: Powd; dens. 0.99 g/cm³; visc. 4500 mm²/s (140 C); m.p. 130 C; drop pt. 130 C; 23 mg KOH/g Luwax® OA 5 [BASF] Chem. Descrip .: Oxidized polyethylene wax CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Improves rub resist. in printing inks; flatting and antisettling agent in paints/coatings; dispersant and color enhancer in color concs.; inc. hardness in wax compds.; improves blk. heel mark resist. in floor polishes; high hardness wax for coating of fruits, paper, cellophane, textiles, and floor polishes; lubricant for plastics processing Properties: Gran. or powd.; dens. 0.97 g/cc; visc. 410 mm²/s (120 C); m.p. 104 C; drop pt. 110 C; acid no. 16; penetration hardness < 1 dmm LX-685[®],125 [Neville] Chem. Descrip.: Petrol. hydrocarbon resin Uses: Plasticizer, softener, processing aid in adhesives (hot melt pressure sensitive, mastic, pressure sensitive), coatings (alum., can & drum, emulsion, industrial, marine, traffic), inks (gelled varnishes, gravure, heat set, letterpress, lithographic), rubber (cements, mechanical goods, molded goods, tires), concrete-curing compds., and caulking compds.; food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber, wood preservatives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3800 Properties: Gardner 12 solid, flakes (50% in toluene); sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), and chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene hydrocarbons; m.w. 790; sp.gr. 1.095; R&B soften. pt. 103 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 130; flash pt. (COC) 350 F LX-685®,135 [Neville] Chem. Descrip .: Petrol. resin Uses: Processing aid, extender in adhesives (hot melt pressure sensitive, mastic, pressure sensitive), coatings (alum., can & drum, emulsion, industrial, marine, traffic), inks (gelled varnishes, gravure, heat set, letterpress, lithographic), rubber (cements, mechanical goods, molded goods, tires),

concrete-curing compds., and caulking compds.; food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber, wood preservatives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210,

Properties: Gardner 12 solid, flakes (50% in toluene); sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), and chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene hydrocarbons; m.w. 720; sp.gr. 1.090; R&B soften. pt. 115 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 140; flash pt. (COC) 425 F

LX-782® [Neville]

Chem. Descrip.: Petrol. hydrocarbon resin

Uses: Plasticizer, softener for NR, SR; reinforcing aid; also used for inks, adhesives, coatings, and concrete cures; food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber articles, wood preservatives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3800

Properties: Gardner 14 solid, flakes (50% in toluene); m.w. 690; sp.gr. 1.09; R&B soften. pt. 102 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 140; flash pt. (COC) 460 F

LX®-973 [Neville]

Chem. Descrip.: Petrol. hydrocarbon resin

Uses: Used for inks, adhesives, coatings, rubbers, and concrete cures; foodcontact adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber articles, wood preservatives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3800

Properties: Gardner 6 solid, flakes (50% in toluene); m.w. 630; sp.gr. 1.09; R&B soften. pt. 113 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 160; flash pt. (COC) 450 F

LX®-1035 [Neville]

- Chem. Descrip.: Petrol. resin, not filtered
- Uses: Used in adhesives (hot melt pressure sensitive, mastic, pressure sensitive), coatings (alum., can & drum, emulsion, industrial, marine, traffic), inks (gelled varnishes, gravure, heat set, letterpress, lithographic); rubber (cements, mechanical goods, molded goods, tires), concrete-curing compds., and caulking compds.; food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber, wood preservatives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3800

Properties: Gardner 15 solid, flakes (50% in toluene); sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), and chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene hydrocarbons; m.w. 920; sp.gr. 1.090; R&B soften. pt. 170 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 160; flash pt. (COC) 425 F

LX®-1082 [Neville]

- Chem. Descrip.: Petrol. hydrocarbon resin
- Uses: Used for inks, adhesives, coatings, rubbers, and concrete cures; foodcontact adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber, wood preservatives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3800

Properties: Gardner 12 solid, flakes (50% in toluene); m.w. 730; sp.gr. 1.09; R&B soften. pt. 102 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 130; flash pt. (COC) 480 F

LX®-1082,280 [Neville]

Chem. Descrip.: Petrol. hydrocarbon resin

- Uses: Used for inks, adhesives, coatings, rubbers, and concrete cures; foodcontact adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber, wood preservatives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3800

Properties: Gardner 13 solid, flakes (50% in toluene); m.w. 785; sp.gr. 1.12; R&B soften. pt. 140 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 155; flash pt. (COC) 505 F

- LXR-1122 [Neville]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Petrol. hydrocarbon resin
 - Uses: Used for inks, adhesives, coatings, rubbers, and concrete cures; foodcontact adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber, wood preservatives
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3800

Properties: Gardner 12 solid, flakes (50% in toluene); m.w. 705; sp.gr. 1.07; R&B soften. pt. 100 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 120; flash pt. (COC) 450 F

LX®-1127 [Neville]

Chem. Descrip.: Petrol. resin

- Uses: Used in adhesives (hot melt pressure sensitive, mastic, pressure sensitive), coatings (alum., can & drum, emulsion, industrial, marine, traffic), inks (gelled varnishes, gravure, heat set, letterpress, lithographic); rubber (cements, mechanical goods, molded goods, tires), concrete-curing compds., and caulking compds.; food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber, wood preservatives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3800
- Properties: Gardner 10 solid, (50% in toluene); sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), and chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene hydro-

carbons; m.w. 800; sp.gr. 1.050; R&B soften. pt. 100 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 200; flash pt. (COC) 450 F

LX®-1200 [Neville]

Chem. Descrip.: Petrol. hydrocarbon resin

- Uses: Used for inks, adhesives, coatings, rubbers, and concrete cures; foodcontact adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber, wood preservatives
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3800
- Properties: Gardner 11 solid, flakes (50% in toluene); m.w. 715; sp.gr. 1.09; R&B soften. pt. 113 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 140; flash pt. (COC) 435 F
- LX®-1200,130 [Neville]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Petrol. hydrocarbon resin
 - Uses: Used for inks, adhesives, coatings, rubbers, and concrete cures; foodcontact adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber, wood preservatives
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3800
 - Properties: Gardner 12 solid, flakes (50% in toluene); m.w. 770; sp.gr. 1.11; R&B soften. pt. 132 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 130; flash pt. (COC) 465 F
- Lycoid® 260 [Vinings Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Guar gum

- CAS 9000-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-536-8
- Uses: Dry str. agent, formation aid in papermaking; component of paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; reduced press sticking; improves smoothness
- Use Level: 4-6 lb/ton

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

- Properties: Off-wh. tan powd.; 100% thru Tyler 20 mesh sieve; easy disp. in cold water; visc. 3200 cps min. (1%); pH 5-6 (1% aq.); 6-13% moisture *Toxicology:* Dust may be irritating; avoid breathing dust, contact with eyes, or repeated contact with skin
- Precaution: Wet material will become very slippery

Storage: Store in a dry location; keep container closed when not in use to prevent moisture pickup

- Lytron® 2203 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Lightweight polystyrene polymer aq. disp.
 - CAS 9003-53-6; EINECS/ELINCS 202-851-5
 - Uses: Pigment for paper coatings; creates bulky coatings with exc. optical props., gloss, improved printability, brightness, and opacity Properties: Visc. 500 cps max.; pH 9.0; 54% total solids

TRADE NAME REFERENCE • 215

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MA 115H [Process Chems. LLC]

- Uses: Brownstock defoamer for kraft, sulfite, and semi-chem. pulp washing, for use in brownstock washing, screen room, and bleach plant operations; oil-based; does not contribute to deposit formation; suitable whether batch or continuous pulp is employed
- Properties: Off-wh. liq.; dens. 6.27-8.29 lb/gal; visc. 1000-2500 cps Toxicology: TSCA listed

Storage: Store in dry area

- MA 1124B [Process Chems. LLC]
 - Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for kraft pulp/paper applics., for use in brownstock washing, screen room, and bleach plant operations; water-based; does not contain EBS, min. oil, or dioxin precursors; does not contribute to deposit formation; suitable whether batch or continuous pulp is employed

Properties: Opaque wh. liq.; sp.gr. 1.005-1.030; dens. 8.38-8.58 lb/gal; visc. 950-1550 cps; pH 5.5-6.5

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Storage: Store in dry area

Mackester™ EGDS [McIntyre]

Chem. Descrip.: Glycol distearate

CAS 627-83-8; EINECS/ELINCS 211-014-3

Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, antistat, defoamer for metalworking, textile lubricants, plastics, paper; emulsifier, pearlescent, emollient for cosmetics Properties: Flake; 100% conc.; nonionic

Mackester™ EGMS [McIntyre] Chem. Descrip.: Glycol stearate

CAS 111-60-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-886-9

Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, antistat, defoamer for metalworking, textile lubricants, plastics, paper; emulsifier, pearlescent, emollient for cosmetics Properties: Flake; 100% conc.; nonionic

Mackester™ IP [McIntyre]

Chem. Descrip.: Glycol stearate, other ingreds.

Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, antistat, defoamer for metalworking, textile lubricants, plastics, paper; emulsifier, pearlescent, emollient for cosmetics Properties: Flake; 100% conc.

Mackester[™] SP [McIntyre]

Chem. Descrip.: Glycol stearate and stearamide MEA

Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, antistat, defoamer for metalworking, textile lubricants, plastics, paper; emulsifier, pearlescent, emollient for cosmetics Properties: Flake; 100% conc.

Macol[®] OP-10 SP [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-10

CAS 9002-93-1

- Uses: Emulsifier, detergent, wetting agent, dispersant, solubilizer, coupling agent for cosmetics, I&I cleaners, paints, textiles, paper processing, adhesives, metalworking; emulsifier for heavy petrol. oils and silicone fluids
- Properties: APHA 100 max. clear liq., polyol odor; sol. in water, alcohol, ethylene glycol, chlorinated hydrocarbon and aromatic solvs.; insol. in most veg. and min. oils; sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 250 cps; vapor pressure < 0.1 mm Hg; b.p. > 300 F; HLB 13.4; cloud pt. 65 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) > 300 F: nonionic

Toxicology: Contact with skin and eyes may cause temporary irritation Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing materials

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. may produce CO_x

Storage: Store in well-ventilated area below 120 F

Magnabrite[™] [PQ]

Chem. Descrip.: Magnesium sulfate ag. sol'n.

CAS 7487-88-9; EINECS/ELINCS 231-298-2

- Uses: Descaling agent for bleaching and deinking processes in pulp/paper industry; metal deactivator in peroxide or oxygen bleaching of pulp; modifies the sol. domain of silica, forcing it into an area where it forms a soft, nonadherent, talc-like scale which has a low affinity for metal surfs. and is easily removed; stable
- Regulatory: SARA §302/304/313 nonreportable; not a RCRA hazardous waste
- Properties: Colorless transparent sol'n.; odorless; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.31 (20 C); flash pt. noncombustible; pH 8.5; 27% solids
- Toxicology: May cause irritation by eye contact (pain, redness, tearing) and inh. (sneezing and dryness of mucous membranes); ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, abdominal cramps, and diarrhea
- Environmental: No adverse effects known or suspected
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Magnesium oxide, sulfur dioxide, and sulfur trioxide may be generated at very high temps.
- Magnafloc[®] [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper]

Uses: Flocculant, coagulant for raw water, saveall, and effluent treatment in paper industry

- Magnum Gloss [Mississippi Lime]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Precipitated calcium carbonate slurry
 - CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9
 - Uses: Coating pigment for glossy, high brightness coated paper and board applics.; provides increased opacity, brightness, ink receptivity; outstanding high shear rheology
 - Properties: Slurry; 0.38 µ mean particle size; 98.5% finer than 2 µ; sp.gr. 2.85; dens. 11.28 dry lb/gal; visc. 500 cps; surf. area 12 m²/g; oil absorp. 28; brightness 98; ref. index 1.68; pH 9.5; 72% slurry solids; 98.6% CaCO₃
- MAKON® 4 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-4
 - CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 230-770-5

Uses: Detergent, emulsifier used in chemical specialties, cosmetics, agric., industrial and metal cleaners, textiles, paper and petrol. industries

- Properties: Lt. straw liq.; sol. in oils, xylene; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. 260 cps; HLB 9.0; pour pt. -20 C; pH 7.7 (1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- MAKON® 6 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-6
 - CAS 9016-45-9
 - Uses: Detergent, emulsifier used in chemical specialties, cosmetics, agric., industrial and metal cleaners, textiles, paper and petrol. industries
 - Properties: Lt. straw liq.; sol. in xylene; disp. in water; dens. 8.67 lb/gal; visc. 255 cps; HLB 11; pour pt. -29 C; cloud pt. 78 C (1%); pH 7.9 (1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- MAKON[®] 8 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-8
 - CAS 9016-45-9
 - Uses: Detergent, emulsifier used in chemical specialties, cosmetics, agric., industrial and metal cleaners, textiles, paper and petrol. industries
 - Properties: Lt. straw liq.; sol. in water, xylene; dens. 8.76 lb/gal; visc. 205 cps; HLB 12; cloud pt. 24 C (1%); pour pt. -5 C; pH 7.0 (1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- MAKON[®] 10 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe] Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-10

CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-294-1 systems; emulsifier for asphalt emulsions, pigments and dyes, pesticides, Uses: Detergent, emulsifier used in chemical specialties, cosmetics, agric., wax emulsions; low stain, high heat stability industrial and metal cleaners, textiles, paper and petrol. industries Properties: Brn. powd.; bulk dens. 650 kg/m3; pH 9.9 (10%); 96% dry Properties: Lt. straw liq.; sol. in water, xylene; dens. 8.85 lb/gal; visc. 235 matter; anionic Marlican® [Condea Vista] cps; HLB 13.0; cloud pt. 54 C (1%); pour pt. 2.8 C; pH 8.2 (1%); 100% Chem. Descrip.: Straight-chain dodecylbenzene act.; nonionic MAKON® 12 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe] CAS 67774-74-7 Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-12 Uses: Detergent intermediate; solubilizer; sec. plasticizer; visc. reducer for CAS 9016-45-9 PVC pastes; solvent for carbonless copy papers Uses: Detergent, emulsifier used in chemical specialties, cosmetics, agric., Properties: Liq.; 100% act.; anionic industrial and metal cleaners, textiles, paper and petrol. industries Environmental: Biodeg. Martinal® OL-104 [Martinswerk GmbH] Properties: Lt. straw liq.; sol. in water, xylene; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. 300 cps; HLB 14; cloud pt. 81 C (1%); pour pt. 12.2 C; pH 7.2 (1%); 100% Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum hydroxide act.; nonionic CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7 MAKON® 14 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe] Uses: Filler, flame retardant for polyester resins (SMC, BMC, laminates), Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-14 epoxy and acrylic resins, crosslinked elastomers (conveyor belts, cables, CAS 9016-45-9 profiles, molded parts), latexes (wall paper, carpetbacking), thermoplastic Uses: Detergent, emulsifier used in chemical specialties, cosmetics, agric., and thermoplastic elastomers (PP, PE and copolymers, EVA), PVC (plasticized, rigid, foam), aq. disps., PU castings, lacquers, elastomers, flexible industrial and metal cleaners, textiles, paper and petrol. industries Properties: Lt. straw liq.; sol. in water, xylene; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. 520 and rigid foam); environmentally friendly cps; HLB 15; cloud pt. 94 C (1%); pour pt. 18.9 C; pH 7.2 (1%); 100% Properties: Powd.; 1.3-2.6 µm median particle size; dens. 2.4 g/cc; bulk dens. ≈ 320 kg/m³; surf. area 3-5 m²/g; oil absorp. 27-35 cc/100 g; brightact.; nonionic MAKON® 30 [Stepan: Stepan Canada: Stepan Europe] ness (TAPPI) > 94; ref. index 1.58; pH 9 \pm 1; conduct. < 100 μ S/cm; Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-30 99.6% act. Masil® EM 501 [BASF] CAS 9016-45-9 Chem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsion Uses: Detergent, emulsifier used in chemical specialties, cosmetics, agric., industrial and metal cleaners, textiles, paper and petrol. industries Uses: Provides better coating coverage, improved wetting and dilution stabil-Properties: Off-wh. waxy solid; sol. in water, xylene; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; HLB ity in printing industry when used in heat-set, offset lithographic printing 17; pour pt. 40 C; pH 8.5 (1%); 100% act.; nonionic processes as a topcoat on printed paper; provides antistatic props.; elimi-MAKON® NP-5570 [Stepan Canada] nates excessive ink buildup; usually diluted 40:1 with water; exc. dilution Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol ethoxylate stability; good freeze-thaw stability CAS 9016-45-9 Properties: Wh. milky emulsion, very little odor; 80% < 0.3 µ particle size; Uses: Detergent, emulsifier used in chemical specialties, cosmetics, agric., misc. with water; sp.gr. ≈ 1; vapor pressure 24 mm Hg; m.p. < 32 C; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 212 F; pH 7.0; 60% solids industrial and metal cleaners, textiles, paper and petrol. industries Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: Contact with skin or eyes may cause temporary irritation Malros[®] [Eka Chems.] Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing materials; thermal decomp. on exposure to air in excess of 150 Č may produce carbon and silicone oxides Chem. Descrip.: Rosin soap CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7 and formaldehyde Storage: Store in well-ventilated areas @ 32-120 F Uses: Sizing agent for internal sizing of all kinds of paper and board at low pH Masil® SF-MH [BASF] Properties: Lig. Maracarb N-1 [LignoTech USA] Chem. Descrip.: Methicone Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lignosulfonate CAS 9004-73-3 CAS 8061-51-6 Uses: Modifier for polyester and methacrylic resins; waterproofing agent and Uses: Modifier, dispersant, and humectant in dyestuff pastes; industrial cleanimpregnating agent for textiles, paper, leather; hydrophobizing agents for powds., silicas, and other fillers; reactive fluid ers; plant foliar spray; chelating agent for metal ions; slime control agent for Masil® SFR 70 [BASF paper mill systems Properties: Dk. brn. powd.; bulk dens. 600 kg/m³; pH 8.2 (10%); 95% dry Chem. Descrip.: Dimethiconol matter; anionic CAS 31692-79-2 Maranil® A 25 IS [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Uses: Spreading agent and emollient in antiperspirant formulations; offers *Chem. Descrip.:* Sodium n-alkyl (C₁₀,C₁₃) benzene sulfonate CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4 humidity resist. to hair spray formulas; raw material in compding. silicone RTV systems, textile and paper coatings; plasticizer/processing aid for Uses: For mfg. of PVC and S/B dispersions; foaming agent for syn. foams; silicone elastomers; hydrophobizing agent for silica; in water repellent formufood pkg, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg, of food-contact articles; stable lations: reactive fluid against acidic and basic hydrolysis; preserved Properties: Water-wh. clear liq., odorless, tasteless; visc. 55-90 cst; 92.5% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1200, 178.3400; BGA approved min. solids Properties: Liq.; 24.5-25.5% act.; anionic Masil® SFR 100 [BASF] Maranil® Paste A 55 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Dimethiconol Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dodecylbenzene sulfonate CAS 31692-79-2 Uses: Spreading agent and emollient in antiperspirant formulations; offers CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4 Uses: Base for mfg. detergents, dishwashing, cleaning agents; wetting agent; humidity resist. to hair spray formulas; plasticizer for silicone elastomers; surfactant for mfg. of PVC and S/B disps.; foaming agent for syn. foams; hydrophobizing agent for silica; in water thermoplastics, textile and paper food pkg. paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; stable coatings; raw material for RTV silicone systems against acidic and basic hydrolysis Properties: Water-wh. clear lig., odorless, tasteless; visc. 90-150 cst; acid *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1200, 178.3400, BGA approval no. 0.05 max. Properties: Paste; 55% conc.; anionic Masil® SFR 750 [BASF] Marasperse 52 CP [LignoTech USA] Chem. Descrip .: Dimethiconol Chem. Descrip.: Polymerized sodium lignosulfonate CAS 31692-79-2 CAS 8061-51-6 Uses: Spreading agent, softener, and nongreasy emollient for skin and nail Uses: Dispersant for disperse dyestuffs; pitch dispersant in paper mills; care prods.; plasticizer for silicone elastomers; hydrophobizing agent for dispersant for cements, ceramics, oil drilling muds, pesticides, leather tansilica; in water thermoplastics, textile and paper coatings; raw material for ning; binder for coal briquettes, fertilizers, feed pellets; sequestrant for micro-RTV silicone systems

nutrient systems, cleaning compds., water treatments for boiling and cooling

Properties: Water-wh. clear liq., odorless, tasteless; visc. 675-825 cps

Masil® SFR 2000 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip .: Dimethiconol

CAS 31692-79-2

- Uses: Spreading agent, softener, and nongreasy emollient for skin and nail care prods.; plasticizer for silicone elastomers; hydrophobizing agent for silica; in water thermoplastics, textile and paper coatings; raw material for **RTV** silicone systems
- Properties: Water-wh. clear liq., odorless, tasteless; visc. 1800-2200 cps Masil® SFR 3500 [BASF]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Dimethiconol
 - CAS 31692-79-2
 - Uses: Spreading agent, softener, and nongreasy emollient for skin and nail care prods.; plasticizer for silicone elastomers; hydrophobizing agent for silica; in water thermoplastics, textile and paper coatings; raw material for **RTV** silicone systems
- Properties: Water-wh. clear lig.; odorless, tasteless; visc. 3150-3850 cSt Masil® SFR 50,000 [BASF]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Dimethiconol

CAS 31692-79-2

- Uses: Substantivity agent, softener, and lubricant for hair, skin, and nail care prods.; plasticizer for silicone elastomers; hydrophobizing agent in treating silica; in thermoplastics, textile and paper coatings; raw material for RTV silicone systems; very high m.w. for highest substantivity
- Properties: Water-wh. clear liq., odorless, tasteless; visc. 45,000-55,000 cSt Masquol® DTPA Liq. [Synthron SA] Chem. Descrip.: DTPA
- CAS 67-43-6; EINECS/ELINCS 200-652-8
- Uses: Sequestrant for pretreatment of mech. pulp before bleaching
- Max White 5R[™] [Michelman]
 - Uses: Wh. coating for paper; general-purpose; resists wax gray-out; gluable; repulpable
 - Regulatory: FDA compliance

Mayzo RA-60R [Mayzo]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Polyethyleneimine octadecyl carbamide
- Uses: Release coating for nat. rubber adhesive pressure-sensitive tapes and labels of PP, PE, polyester, cellophane, foil, and paper; prevents delamination and tearing of the substrate
- Properties: Lt. brn. dry powd.; sol. in toluene, heptane, hexane, and Shell Cypar™; m.p. 95 C; cloud pt. < 20 C (5% in toluene)
- Mayzo RA-75 [Mayzo]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl octadecyl carbamate
 - CAS 36671-85-9
 - Uses: Release coating for hot-melt, acrylic adhesive pressure-sensitive tapes and labels of PP, PE, polyester, cellophane, foil, and paper; prevents delamination and tearing of the tape
 - Properties: Ylsh. sol'n.; sol. in toluene, heptane, hexane, Shell Cypar™; sp.gr. 0.865; m.p. > 92 C; 25% solids in xylene

Mayzo RA-95H [Mayzo]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl octadecyl carbamate

CAS 36671-85-9

- Uses: Release coating for hot-melt, acrylic adhesive pressure-sensitive tapes and labels of PP, PE, polyester, cellophane, foil, and paper; prevents delamination and tearing of the substrate
- Properties: Wh. dry powd.; sol. in toluene, heptane, hexane, Shell Cypar™; m.w. 135,000; m.p. 87-93 C; cloud pt. < 25 C (5% in toluene); 99.5% min. assav
- Storage: 2 yr storage in sealed containers stored in cool, dry area
- Mayzo RA-95HS [Mayzo]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl octadecyl carbamate

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CAS 36671-85-9
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- Uses: Release coating for hot-melt, acrylic adhesive pressure-sensitive tapes and labels of PP, PE, polyester, cellophane, foil, and paper; aging resist.; prevents delamination and tearing of the substrate
- Properties: Wh. dry powd.; sol. in toluene, heptane, hexane, Shell Cypar™; m.w. 420,000; m.p. 102-120 C; cloud pt. < 25 C (5% in toluene); 99.5% min. assay

Storage: 2 yr storage in sealed containers stored in cool, dry area Mayzo RA-100W [Mayzo]

- Chem. Descrip.: Polyethyleneimine octadecyl carbamide
 - Uses: Release coating for nat. rubber, hot-melt, acrylic pressure-sensitive tapes and labels of PP, PE, polyester, cellophane, foil, and paper; prevents delamination and tearing of the substrate

- Chem. Descrip.: Perfluoroalkyl phosphate
- Uses: Release coating for pressure-sensitive film and paper tapes and labels of PP, PE, polyester, cellophane, foil, and paper; food-contact paper/paperboard; prevents delamination and tearing of the substrate
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Properties: Milky wh. aq. emulsion; water-disp.; sp.gr. 1.1; pH 8.5; 13% solids

Mayzo RA-150W [Mayzo]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl octadecyl carbamate aq. emulsion CAS 36671-85-9

- Uses: Release coating for pressure-sensitive and hot-melt pressure-sensitive tapes and labels of PP, PE, polyester, cellophane, foil, and paper; prevents delamination and tearing of the substrate
- Properties: Hazy wh. emulsion; water-disp.; sp.gr. 1.1; pH 8.5-9.0; 25% solids

Mazawet® 77 [BASF]

- Chem. Descrip.: Alkyl polyoxyalkylene ether
- Uses: Wetting agent, surfactant used in metalworking, textile processing, spray-dried detergents, emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning systems, paints, inks, hard surface cleaners, deresination of sulfite pulp
- Properties: Gardner 1 lig.; m.w. 426 avg.; sol. @ 5% in toluene, perchloroethylene, Stod., propylene glycol, water; sp.gr. 0.965; pour pt. 11 C; cloud pt. 45 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 340 F; pH 6.5 (3% aq.); surf. tens. 28.1 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting 4 s (0.1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Mazu® DF 204 [BASF]

- Uses: Defoamer for metalworking concs.; enzyme, amino acid, and citric acid defoamer for fermentation applics.; pharmaceutical defoamer; wet end/ coating defoamer in pulp/paper processing; modest wetting chars.
- Properties: Clear liq.; water-disp.; sp.gr. 1.010; visc. 400 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) > 350 F
- Mazu® DF 210SX [BASF]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsion
 - Uses: Emulsifier; defoamer for dehydrating, evaporating, abrasive slurries, metalworking, adhesives, antifreeze, hot aq. systems, water-based inks and paints, vinyl latex binders and emulsions, petrol., textiles, paper, cutting oils, fermentation processing, commercial cleaning compds., insecticides/ pesticides
 - Properties: Creamy wh. liq., bland odor; water-disp.; sp.gr. 1.00; dens. 8.34 lb/gal; visc. 800-2500 cps; i.b.p. 212 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 200 F; pH 7.0; 10% silicone; nonionic

Toxicology: Contact with skin or eyes may cause temporary irritation Storage: Store in well-ventilated area at 32-120 F

Mazu® DF 230SX [BASF]

- Chem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsion
- Uses: Emulsifier; defoamer for adhesive, water-based paints; soap mfg., antifreeze, hot aq. systems, insecticides, textile, paper, petrol., vinyl latex binders and emulsions, boiler water defoaming, leather finishing, metalworking, and waste treatment

Properties: Liq.; sp.gr. 1.00; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 3000 cSt; flash pt. (PMCC) none; pH 7.0; 30% silicone; nonionic

Mazu® DF 255 [BASF]

- Chem. Descrip.: Organic defoamer
- Uses: Defoamer for institutional cleaners, metalworking formulations, effluents from industrial processing, brownstock in paper/pulp processing, latex, adhesives
- Properties: Liq.; sp.gr. 0.91; visc. 500 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) 300 F

McLube 1829 [McLube]

- Chem. Descrip.: Fluorochemical/resin mixt. aq. disp.
- Uses: Mold release coating, lubricant for rubber and plastic molding processes; release coating for paper processing equip.; antistick/antitack coating for uncured rubber (replaces mica, talc, etc.); nondusting slab dip; improved release and lubricity
- Properties: Milk-wh. thin emulsion; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; nonionic

MEA Commercial Grade [Dow]

- Chem. Descrip .: Monoethanolamine
- CAS 141-43-5; EINECS/ELINCS 205-483-3
- Uses: Used in surfactants, cosmetics/toiletries, pharmaceuticals, metalworking fluids, textile chemicals, gas conditioning chemicals, agric. intermediates, adhesives, coatings, petroleum, rubber, wood pulping, and cement

grinding aids; polymerization chain terminator

Properties: Sp.gr. 1.0113 (25/4 C); dens. 8.45 lb/gal; visc. 18.9 cps; f.p. 10 C; b.p. 171 C (760 mm Hg); flash pt. (Seta CC) 201 F; fire pt. 200 F; ref. index 1.4525

MEA Low Freeze Grade [Dow]

Chem. Descrip.: Monoethanolamine

CAS 141-43-5; EINECS/ELINCS 205-483-3

- Uses: Used in surfactants, cosmetics/toiletries, pharmaceuticals, metalworking fluids, textile chemicals, gas conditioning chemicals, agric. intermediates, adhesives, coatings, petroleum, rubber, wood pulping, and cement grinding aids
- Properties: Sp.gr. 1.0113 (25/4 C); dens. 8.45 lb/gal; visc. 18.9 cps; f.p. 10 C; b.p. 171 C (760 mm Hg); flash pt. (Seta CC) 201 F; fire pt. 200 F; ref. index 1.4525

MEA Low Iron Grade [Dow]

Chem. Descrip.: Monoethanolamine

CAS 141-43-5; EINECS/ELINCS 205-483-3

- Uses: Used in surfactants, cosmetics/toiletries, pharmaceuticals, metalworking fluids, textile chemicals, gas conditioning chemicals, agric. intermediates, adhesives, coatings, petroleum, rubber, wood pulping, and cement grinding aids
- Properties: Sp.gr. 1.0113 (25/4 C); dens. 8.45 lb/gal; visc. 18.9 cps; f.p. 10 C; b.p. 171 C (760 mm Hg); flash pt. (Seta CC) 201 F; fire pt. 200 F; ref. index 1.4525

MEA Low Iron-Low Freeze Grade [Dow]

Chem. Descrip.: Monoethanolamine

- CAS 141-43-5; EINECS/ELINCS 205-483-3
- Uses: Used in surfactants, cosmetics/toiletries, pharmaceuticals, metalworking fluids, textile chemicals, gas conditioning chemicals, agric. intermediates, adhesives, coatings, petroleum, rubber, wood pulping, and cement grinding aids
- Properties: Sp.gr. 1.0113 (25/4 C); dens. 8.45 lb/gal; visc. 18.9 cps; f.p. 10 C; b.p. 171 C (760 mm Hg); flash pt. (Seta CC) 201 F; fire pt. 200 F; ref. index 1.4525

MEA NF Grade [Dow]

Chem. Descrip.: Monoethanolamine NF

CAS 141-43-5; EINECS/ELINCS 205-483-3

- Uses: Used in surfactants, cosmetics/toiletries, pharmaceuticals, metalworking fluids, textile chemicals, gas conditioning chemicals, agric. intermediates, adhesives, coatings, petroleum, rubber, wood pulping, and cement grinding aids
- *Properties:* Sp.gr. 1.0113 (25/4 C); dens. 8.45 lb/gal; visc. 18.9 cps; f.p. 10 C; b.p. 171 C (760 mm Hg); flash pt. (Seta CC) 201 F; fire pt. 200 F; ref. index 1.4525

Mearlin[®] Supersparkle [Engelhard]

Chem. Descrip.: Mica coated with titanium dioxide and/or iron oxide

- Uses: Luster pigment for plastics, surf. coatings, and printing inks; low proportions provide a high gloss 'wet look' finish; higher concs. produce a fine sandpaper texture
- *Properties*: Wh. powd.; 10-150 μ particle size; sp.gr. \approx 3.0; bulk dens. \approx 10 lb/ft³

Megafil® PCC [Specialty Mins.]

Chem. Descrip.: Precipitated calcium carbonate

- CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9
- Uses: Filler, functional additive, strengthener for paper; fiber substitute; offers balance of improved dry str. props. and internal sizing; creates a uniform structure which promotes greater paper stiffness and strength *Properties:* Prismatic crystals
- Melapur[®] MPH [DSM Chem. N. Am.]

Uses: Flame retardant for intumescent coatings, paper, and textiles Melapur® WP [DSM Chem. N. Am.]

Uses: Flame retardant for paper and textile applics.

- Melmac® 243-3 [Cytec Ind.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Highly butylated melamine-formaldehyde resin in 100% aromatic naphtha solv.
 - Uses: Crosslinking agent for TS acrylic and alkyd automotive top-coat finishes and metal decorating systems; high resistivity for electrostatic spray finishes; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170

Properties: Sp.gr. 1.02; dens. 9.6 lb/gal (solids); visc. 9-18 poises; acid no. 1 max.; flash pt. (Seta) 52 C; 62 ± 2% NV by wt.; free formaldehyde (< 0.5% max.) *Toxicology:* May irritate eyes, nose, throat, respiratory tract; inh. may cause dizziness and/or drowsiness

Storage: Store up to 1 yr @ < 49 C; excessive heat may partially selfcondense resin so that gel particles may form

Melthene®-M5001 [Tosoh]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyolefin

Uses: Adhesive polymer for extrusion coating and laminating, textile, lumber, plastic, rubber, metal, formed prods., paper, packing film, etc.; exc. adhesion with most substrates; easy peel seals for plastic containers

Properties: Melt flow 46 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.95; m.p. 83 C; tens. str. 90 kgf/ cm²; elong. 790%; hardness (Shore A) 84; Vicat soften. pt. 48 C

Melthene®-M5002D [Tosoh] Chem. Descrip.: Polyolefin

Uses: Adhesive polymer for extrusion coating and laminating, textile, lumber, plastic, rubber, metal, formed prods., paper, packing film, etc.; exc. adhesion with most substrates; easy peel seals for plastic containers

Properties: Melt flow 32 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.94; m.p. 83 C; tens. str. 95 kgf/ cm²; elong. 780%; hardness (Shore A) 85; Vicat soften. pt. 49 C

Melthene®-M5311 [Tosoh]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyolefin

Uses: Adhesive polymer for extrusion coating and laminating, textile, lumber, plastic, rubber, metal, formed prods., paper, packing film, etc.; exc. adhesion with most substrates; easy peel seals for plastic containers

Properties: Melt flow 15 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.94; m.p. 118 C; tens. str. 100 kgf/ cm²; elong. 570%; hardness (Shore A) 96; Vicat soften. pt. 71 C

Melthene®-M5321 [Tosoh]

Chem. Descrip .: Polyolefin

Uses: Adhesive polymer for extrusion coating and laminating, textile, lumber, plastic, rubber, metal, formed prods., paper, packing film, etc.; exc. adhesion with most substrates; easy peel seals for plastic containers

Properties: Melt flow 7.5 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.95; m.p. 127 C; tens. str. 130 kgf/ cm²; elong. 790%; hardness (Shore A) 92; Vicat soften. pt. 55 C

Mergal® K 7 [Troy]

Chem. Descrip.: Isothiazolinones

Uses: In-can preservative for emulsion paints, pigment pastes, syn. color concentrates, caulks, grouts, and adhesives; food pkg. adhesives; food-contact paper/paperboard; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard; stable to 60 C; act. against bacteria, molds, and yeasts

Use Level: 0.1-0.3%

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR § 175.105, 176.170, 176.300 and BgVV compliant *Properties:* Colorless clear to yel. liq.

Mergal® K 9N [Troy]

Chem. Descrip.: Isothiazolinones

Uses: In-can preservative for emulsion paints, sealants, caulks, grouts, and adhesives; food pkg. adhesives; food-contact paper/paperboard; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard; stable to 60 C; act. against bacteria, molds, and yeasts

Use Level: 0.1-0.3%

 $\it Regulatory:$ FDA 21CFR § 175.105, 176.170, 176.300 and BgVV compliant $\it Properties:$ Colorless clear to yel. liq.

Mergal® K 10N [Troy]

Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary BIT

Uses: In-can preservative for indoor, emission-free paints and coatings; rec. for polymer emulsions, adhesives, caulks, sealants, cement coatings, and plasters; food pkg. adhesives; food-contact paper/paperboard; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard; stable to 100 C; act. against bacteria; free of solvs.

Use Level: 0.05-0.2%

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR § 175.105, 176.170, 176.300 and BgVV compliant *Properties:* Lt. to dk. brn. clear liq.

Merpol® A [Stepan]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethoxylated phosphate

Uses: Wetting agent, surf. tens. reducer for chemical mfg., cosmetics, metal processing, paper, petrol., inks, plastics, soaps, syn. fibers, textiles; low foaming; stable to acids, bases, heat to 100 C, freezing

Properties: Colorless to pale yel. liq., mild odor; sol. in polar solvs., 0.1-1% in nonpolar solvs.; disp. in water to 1%; sp.gr. 1.07 g/mL; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. 104 cP; HLB 6.7; cloud pt. < 25 C (upper, 1%); flash pt. (TCC) 138 C; pH 5-7 (1% emulsion); surf. tens. 26 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic</p>

Merpol® HCS [Stepan]

Chem. Descrip.: Alcohol ethoxylate

Uses: Wetting agent, detergent, emulsifier, penetrant, antistat, leveling agent,	Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum platelets (10%) in glycol ether PM (87%)
dveing assistant, stabilizer used in textiles, leather, paper, metal processing,	Uses: Ultra brilliant disp. which delivers metalized appearance in solv. paints.
rubber emulsion nolymerization naints inks medicinal ointments antiner-	coatings rotogravure/flexographic/screen inks for coated paper and board
chirante cutting alle noliches cosmotice; higmont disporcant	and ini molded plastics
spirants, cutting ons, poinsnes, cosmetics, pigment dispersant	anu inj. moluću plasnics
Properties: Lt. yel. clear, visc. liq.; mild fatty odor; 40% sol. in water, sol. in	<i>Properties:</i> Siurry; controlled particle size; visc. 1000 cps
org. solvs. that are misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.03 g/mL; dens. 8.63 lb/gal;	Metalure® L-56716 [Avery Dennison; Eckart-Werke]
HLB 15.3; cloud pt. > 100 C (upper, 1%); flash pt. > 235 F; pH 6-8 (10%);	Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum platelets (10%) in NBAC (87%)
surf. tens. 42.9 dynes/cm (0.1%): 60% act.: nonionic	Uses: Ultra brilliant disp. which delivers metalized appearance in solv. paints.
Mernol® SF [Stepan]	coatings rotogravure/flexographic/screen inks for coated paper and board
Cham Decerin : Long chain fatty alcohol athovylate	and ini molded plastics
Chemi. Descrip Long-chaimaily alconore inoxylate	difu iliji filolutu plasitus Drenerties, Skurru, controlled nertiele size, vice, (00 ene
Uses: wetting agent, rewetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for textiles, paper,	Properties: Siurry; controlled particle size; visc. 600 cps
o/w emulsions, asbestos; low foaming; stable to acids, bases, heat, freez-	Metasol® 300 [Nalco]
ing	<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate (15%), disodium ethyl-
Properties: Colorless to pale vel. clear lig., mild odor: 0.1% sol, in water.	enebis-dithiocarbamate (15%), and inert ingreds. (70%)
cloudy disp, at higher conc. sol, in notar solve son ar 0.07 a/ml : dens 8.1	Uses' Paper mill biocide used to control slime growth at wet-end food-contact
h/a = h/a	climicido: nonfoaming, noncorrectivo to oquin
(DMOO) = 0 + 1 + 0 + 10.3, cloud pl. < 25 C (upper, 1%), itasii pl.	Sinnicide, nonioanning, nonconosive to equip.
(PMCC) 93 C; pH 6-8 (1% emulsion); surf. tens. 27 dynes/cm (0.1%);	Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300 approved
95% act.; nonionic	<i>Properties:</i> Straw color liq.; sp.gr. 1.18; dens. 9.8 lbs/gal; pH 11.5; anionic
Merpol® SH [Stepan]	Precaution: Incompat. with guat. ammonium microbicides, acids, or other
Chem. Descrip.: Long-chain alcohol ethoxylate	cationic compds.
	Matasal® 350 [Nalco]
Uses. Detergent wetting egent for textiles, hard ourf, cleaning, noner, motel	Cham Departin : Dedeeulguenidine hudreehleride
Uses: Detergent, wetting agent for textiles, hard surf. cleaning, paper, metal	<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Dodecyiguanidine hydrochionde
processing; stable to acids, bases, heat, freezing to 5 C	CAS 13590-97-1
<i>Properties:</i> Colorless clear liq.; alcoholic odor; misc. with water, sol. or disp.	UN No. 3265
in alcohols, acetone, MEK, ethylene glycol, glycerin, oleic acid; sp.gr. 0.96	Uses: Biocide used to control slime growth in ag. industrial papermaking
a/ml · dens 8 0 lb/gal· visc 24 cps· HI B 12 8· cloud pt 50 C (1%); flash	systems and min_slurries: effective in control of sulfate-reducing bacteria:
r_{100} mt (TCC) 11 C; surf tons 27 4 dynas/cm (0.1 g/100 ml); nH 6.0 (100/	food contact nanor/nanorhoard: food contact climicido: most affoctivo at higher
pr. (100) 41 C, suit letts. 27.4 uyties/citi (0.1 g/100 fill), pr 0-0 (10%)	iouu-contact paper/paper board, toou-contact simicide, most effective at higher
aq.); 50% act.; nonionic	pH values (> 7.8); nonoxidizing
Environmental: Biodeg.	Use Level: 1-1.5 oz. (sewage disposal lagoons); 10-1,000 ppm (pulp and
Mesitol [®] [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]	papermill processing, adhesives, coatings); 0.007-0.57 lb/ton pulp or paper
Uses: Fixing agent for anionic direct dyestuffs for paper: improves fastness to	produced (pulp and papermill)
bleeding reduces staining of effluent, and improves color retention	Regulatory FDA 21CFR \$176 170 176 300 FPA reg no 10445-103 DOT
Macital® NPS [Payor/Industrial Chame]	rogulatod
Nestion NDS [Dayer/industrial Chemis.]	Tayladamu Causaa imayaraible aya damaga and akin imitatian
Uses: Fixing agent for anionic direct dyestuits for paper; improves fastness to	<i>Toxicology:</i> Causes ineversible eye damage and skin initiation
bleeding, reduces staining of effluent, and improves color retention	Environmental: Toxic to fish
Metalure [®] L-53520 [Avery Dennison; Eckart-Werke]	Precaution: Corrosive
Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum platelets (10%) in toluene (87%)	Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 25 C away from heat or open flame: protect from
Uses. Ultra brilliant disp. which delivers metalized appearance in solv. paints	temn extremes
coatings, rotogray/uro/flovographic/scroop inks for coated paper and board	Matasal® 550 [Nalco]
coalings, notogravule/nexographic/screen links for coaled paper and board,	Cham Decerin Cluteraldebude
and inj. molded plastics	Chem. Descrip.: Giularaidenyde
Properties: Slurry; controlled particle size; visc. 840 cps	CAS 111-30-8; EINECS/ELINCS 203-856-5
Metalure [®] L-54893 [Avery Dennison; Eckart-Werke]	UN No. 1760
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Aluminum platelets (10%) in normal propyl acetate (87%)	Uses: Microbicide effective against bacteria and fungi present in papermaking
Uses: Ultra brilliant disp. which delivers metalized appearance in solv. paints.	systems: slimicide in papermaking process: does not contain formaldehyde
coatings rotogravure/flevographic/screen inks for coated paper and board	Use Level: 0.5-3.0 lbs/ton paper (initial): 0.3-2.0 lbs/ton paper (subsequent
and ini, molded plactice	treatment)
ditu ilij. Hiotueu pidstics Demontées - Chama sentrelle din entiele size vies - 25 ann	De suletare EDA se sistere d
Properties: Sturry; controlled particle size; visc. 35 cps	Regulatory: EPA registered
Metalure® L-54894 [Avery Dennison; Eckart-Werke]	<i>Properties:</i> Clear liq.; odorless; complete sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.131; dens.
Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum platelets (10%) in isopropyl acetate (87%)	9.41 lb/gal; vapor pressure 15 mm Hg (20 C); f.p21 C; flash pt. (TCC)
Uses: Ultra brilliant disp. which delivers metalized appearance in solv. paints,	none; pH 3.1-4.5; 50% act.
coatings, rotogravure/flexographic/screen inks for coated paper and board	Toxicology: Causes irreversible eve damage, burns, skin sensitization; harmful
and ini molded plactics	if swallowed
Dranartiaci Slurau controllad particlo cizouvice, 140 cnc	Environmental: Diodog : toxic to fich
Properties. Sidiry, controlled particle size, visc. Too cps	Environmental. Diouey., toxic to itsi
Metalure® L-54949 [Avery Dennison; Eckart-Werke]	Precaution: Corrosive
Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum platelets (10%) in isopropyl alcohol (87%)	Storage: Store @ 0-42 C; store away from heat and keep from freezing;
Uses: Ultra brilliant disp. which delivers metalized appearance in solv. paints,	temps. > 42 C may cause separation
coatings, rotogravure/flexographic/screen inks for coated paper and board.	Metasol® 940 [Nalco]
and ini molded plastics	Chem Descrin · Sodium bromide (40%)
Dranartiaci Slurau controllad particlo cizouvice. E40 cnc	CAS 7447 1E 4, EINECS/ELINICS 221 E00.0
Properties. Signify, controlled particle size, visc. 340 cps	CAS 7047-10-0, EINEUS/ELINUS 231-099-9
Metalure® L-55350 [Avery Dennison; Eckart-Werke]	Uses: Microbicide that supplements conventional chlorination for control of
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Aluminum platelets (10%) in ethyl acetate (87%)	planktonic and sessile in pulp mills and papermaking and wastewater treat-
Uses: Ultra brilliant disp. which delivers metalized appearance in solv. paints,	ment systems; removes existing biofouling; unaffected in presence of am-
coatings, rotogravure/flexographic/screen inks for coated paper and board.	monia
and ini molded plastics	/ /se / evel: 0.004-0.047 gal/1000 gal water in system (initial): 0.001-0.047 gal/
Properties Slurry controlled particle size vise 20 cms	1000 gal water in system (subsequient dose)
Matalura® L EE700 [Avanu Dannican: Fakart Marka]	Dogulatory EDA registered
weiding ** L-33700 [Avery Dennison; ECKarl-Werke]	Promotion Colorization and a set of the line of the set
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Aluminum platelets (10%) in Ektasolve PM acetate (87%)	Properties: Coloriess to pale yel. clear liq.; sl. odor; sp.gr. 1.43; dens. 11.9
Uses: Ultra brilliant disp. which delivers metalized appearance in solv. paints,	lb/gal; f.p10 F; pH 6.5-7.5 (10% aq.)
coatings, rotogravure/flexographic/screen inks for coated paper and board,	Toxicology: May cause eye and skin irritation; harmful if swallowed
and ini, molded plastics	Storage: Store $@ > 0$ F in dry, well-ventilated area
Pronerties: Slurry: controlled narticle size: visc 320 cps	Metasol® CB-220 [Nalco]
Matalura® I 56161 [Avary Donnison: Eakart Marka]	Chem Descrin · Tripronylangelycal manamethyl other (20%) and 1.2 dibroma
$\mathbf{W} = \mathbf{U} + $	

	Mhoromer® AM 103H
2.4-dicyanobutane (20% min.)	Environmental: Toxic to fish
Uses: Slimicide for controlling bacteria, fungi, and yeasts in pulp/paper mills;	Metasol® TK-100 Disp. W [Nalco]
preservative for pigment slurries, adhesives, coatings, latex emulsions, and	Chem. Descrip.: 2-(4-Thiazolyl) benzimidazole disp. with glycol, sodium
high visc. suspensions used in mfg. of paper and paperboard; food pkg.	polymethacrylate, and lecithin
adhesives, paper/paperboard	Uses: Fungicide for control of mildew on adhesive films, interior/exterior paint
<i>Use Level:</i> 0.02-0.1% (slime control); 0.05-0.75% (adhesives); 0.05-0.25%	films, paper and paperboard prods. (for nonfood use such as soap wrap-
(latex emulsions); 0.05-0.125% (dispersed pigments)	pers), hard surfaces, and natural and syn. fibers such as canvas textiles
Regulatory: FDA 210FK §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300	and nyion carpets; inermally stable
Properties: Pale to it. amber iiq.; sp.gr. 1.003 (20 C); itasir pt. (Fisher TCC)	Dse Level, 0.03-0.5% (autresives), 0.3-4.0 m/ 100 yai (pairits) Dogulatory: EDA rog, pp. 10455, 20
ZUUF Tavicalagu: Causas ava damaga and skin irritation: barmful if swallowed	Proparties: Visc. flowable lig : sp. gr. 1, 15: 50% act
Precaution: Corrosive	Toxicology: Harmful if swallowed
Storage ⁻ Keen tightly closed	Storage [•] Keen container closed when not in use
Metasol® CB-225A.D. [Nalco]	Metso Beads® 2048 [PQ]
Chem. Descrip.: 1,2-Dibromo 2,4-dicyanobutane (25% min.), inert ingreds.	Chem. Descrip.: Sodium metasilicate (anhyd.)
(75%)	CAS 6834-92-0; EINECS/ELINCS 229-912-9
Uses: Slimicide for controlling bacteria, fungi, and yeasts in pulp/paper mills;	Uses: Corrosion inhibitor protecting metal surfs. and org. finishes such as
preservative for pigment slurries, adhesives, coatings, latex emulsions, and	paints or ceramic glazes; detergent in hard-surf. cleaners, laundry detergent,
high visc. suspensions used in mfg. of paper and paperboard	dishwasher detergents, fabricated metals cleaning, power-washing, pulp
Use Level: 0.08-0.4% (slime control); 0.04-1.0% (adhesives, latex emul-	bleaching, paper deinking, desizing textiles, cleaning food processing equip.
sions, dispersed pigments)	Regulatory: FDA GRAS, 21CFR §184.1769a; EPA approved for treating
<i>Properties:</i> Wh. to off-wh. disp.; sp.gr. 1.1 (20C); visc. 1800-2400 cps; f.p.	drinking water
UC Taria la mu Causa a sua dama a sua dalla imitationa la amafal ifacualla una d	Properties: wh. tree-flowing bead; 93% between 20 and 65 mesh particle
<i>Toxicology:</i> Causes eye damage and skin irritation; narmiul if swallowed	Size; soi. In water; dens. 1.04 g/cm ² ; m.p. 1087.7 C; 51% Na ₂ O, 47%
Starage: Keen tightly closed	SIU ₂
Johasal® CP 225 L C [Nalco]	Storage: Drotect from humidity
Cham Descrip : 1.2-Dibromo 2.4-dicyanohutano (25% min.)	Matso Dentahead® 20 [DO]
$C\Delta S 35691.65.7$ FINECS/FLINCS 252.681.0	Chem Descrin · Sodium metasilicate nentahvdrate
Uses: Slimicide for controlling bacteria, fungi, and yeasts in pulp/paper mills:	CAS 10213-79-3: FINECS/FLINCS 229-912-9
preservative for pigment slurries, adhesives, coatings, latex emulsions, and	Uses: Corrosion inhibitor protecting metal surfs, and org. finishes such as
high visc, suspensions used in mfg, of paper and paperboard; food pkg,	paints or ceramic glazes; detergent in hard-surf. cleaners, laundry detergent.
adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard	dishwasher detergents, fabricated metals cleaning, power-washing, pulp
Use Level: 0.08-0.4% (slime control); 0.04-1.0% (adhesives, latex emul-	bleaching, paper deinking, desizing textiles, cleaning food processing equip.
sions, dispersed pigments)	Regulatory: FDA GRAS, 21CFR §184.1769a; EPA approved for treating
<i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.300, 176.170, 176.180 approved	drinking water
Properties: Pale yel. to lt. amber liq.; sp.gr. 1.106 (20 C); flash pt. > 250 F	Properties: Free-flowing beads; 94% between 20 and 48 mesh particle size;
Toxicology: Causes eye damage and skin irritation; harmful if swallowed	sol. in water; dens. 0.88 g/cm ³ ; m.p. 72.2 C; 29.3% Na ₂ O, 28.7% SiO ₂ ,
Precaution: Corrosive	41.3% water
Storage: Keep tightly closed @ > 50 C	Toxicology: Strongly alkaline
Netasol [®] CMI-150 [Naico]	Storage: Protect from humidity
Chem. Descrip.: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one (1.15%), 2-methyl-	Mewion [Unitika; British Traders & Shippers]
4-ISOINIAZOIIN-3-ONE (U.35%), AND INERTINGREDS. (98.5%)	
Uses: Silmicide for Controlling bacteria and fungi in pulp/paper mills	CAS 9002-89-5; EINEUS/ELINUS 209-183-3
Dise Level. 0.44-1.5 lbs/l01 pulp of paper produced Dranartias: Data val to arn lig : mild aromatic odor: sp ar 1.02 (20 C): dons	roinforcing agent for syn, slate, concrete; yarn and thread for speciality
8.5 lbs/galinH 3.5	tortilos and fabrics
Dracaution: Corrosiva	Mboromer® ΔM 101 [Röhm Δm · Röhm CmbH]
Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 50 C	Chem Descrin · Ethyl methacrylate
Vetasol® RB-20 [Nalco]	CAS 97-63-2; FINFCS/FLINCS 202-597-5
<i>Chem. Descrip.</i> : Tetrahydro-3. 5-dimethyl-2H-1.3.5-thiadiazine-2-thione (21%)	Uses: Base material for paint, leather, paper, and textile industries; poly-
CAS 533-74-4; EINECS/ELINCS 208-576-7	merization/copolymerization in bulk, emulsion, and sol'n.: dental compds.:
Uses: Bactericide/fungicide for controlling bacteria, fungi, and yeasts in paper	adhesives; floor care prods.; oil additives; toner resins
mills; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard	Properties: APHA 5 max. clear liq.; esterlike odor; sol. 0.77% water in ester,
Use Level: 0.15-0.50 lb/ton of finished prod.	0.4% ester in water (20 C); m.w. 114.1; sp.gr. 0.912; visc. 0.63 mPa•s (20
Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.230, 176.300 approved	C); vapor pressure 21.3 mbar (20 C); b.p. 118.8 C; solid. pt. < -75 C; flash
Properties: Pale amber nonvisc. liq.; sp.gr. 1.13-1.18; dens. 9.5-9.8 lb/gal;	pt. 17.5 C; ref. index 1.415; 99.5% min. purity; 0.04% max. acid; 0.02%
f.p. 0 F; flash pt. none	max. water
Toxicology: Causes severe eye burns and possible loss of vision; may burn	Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 14.8 g/kg; mild skin irritant; TSCA listed
skin; harmful or fatal if swallowed	Precaution: Flamm.; avoid contamination with peroxides, azo compds.,
Environmental: Toxic to fish	heavy metal ions, tert. amines, S compds.; polymerization also induced by
Storage: Store tightly closed @ < 60 C	
netasol® I-10WB [Naico]	Storage: 6 mos shelt lite @ 30 C max.
Chem. Descrip.: Methylene bisthiocyanate (10%)	Mnoromer [®] AM 103H [Röhm Am.; Röhm GmbH]
CAS 0317-18-0	Chem. Descrip.: n-Butyl methacrylate
Uses: Biocide for pulp/papermaking equip.; slimicide in food-contact paper	CAS 9/-88-1; EINECS/ELINCS 202-615-1
Use Level: 9-90 ppm	Uses: Used in leatner, lacquer, paper, and textile industries; base material for
REGUIDED TO A CIVER STORE ON ADDITIONAL AND ADDITION AND ADDITION ADDITION AND ADDITION ADDITIONAL ADDITION ADDITIONAL ADDITICAL ADDITICALADOTICAL ADDITICAL ADDITICAL ADDITICAL ADDITICONA	Lualings, auriesives; oil additives; dental prods.; polymerization and copo-
<i>Fruperiles</i> . Li. gmyei. uisp.; uens. δ.δ ± 0.2 lb/gal; visc. 1000-1400 cps;	iymenzation in emulsion and som. Dranartias: Dt Co 5 may, cloar lig : actorlike oder: col. 0.510/ water in actor.
ι.μ. υ C, μπ σ.υ ± υ.σ	Fropenties. FI-GO S max. Clean IIQ., esternike OUOF, SUL 0.51% Water In ester,

Toxicology: Causes eye burns and skin irritation; harmful or fatal if swallowed

or absorbed thru skin

Properties: Pt-Co 5 max. clear liq.; esterlike odor; sol. 0.51% water in ester, 0.58% ester in water (20 C); m.w. 142.2; sp.gr. 0.896; visc. 1.09 mPa•s (20 C); vapor pressure 2.7 mbar (20 C); b.p. 163.5 C; solid. pt. -75 C; flash pt. 46 C; ref. index 1.424; 99.5% min. purity; 0.005% max. acid; 0.02% max. water

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm.; avoid contamination with peroxides, azo compds., heavy metal ions, tert. amines, S compds.; polymerization also induced by light

Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 30 C max.

Mhoromer® AM 105H [Röhm Am.; Röhm GmbH]

Chem. Descrip.: Isobutyl methacrylate

CAS 97-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 202-613-0

- Uses: Used in leather, lacquer, paper, and textile industries; base material for coatings, adhesives; oil additives; dental prods.; floor care prods.; toner resins; polymerization and copolymerization in emulsion and sol'n.
- Properties: Pt-Co 5 max. clear liq.; esterlike odor; sol. 0.5% water in ester, 0.2% ester in water (20 C); m.w. 142.2; sp.gr. 0.888; visc. 0.9 mPa•s (20 C); vapor pressure 4 mbar (20 C); b.p. 155 C; solid. pt. -37 C; flash pt. 45.5
- C; ref. index 1.420; 99.5% min. purity; 0.005% max. acid; 0.02% max. water

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Precation: Flamm.; avoid contamination with peroxides, azo compds., heavy metal ions, tert. amines, S compds.; polymerization also induced by light

Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 30 C max.

Mhoromer® AM 107 [Röhm Am.; Röhm GmbH]

- Chem. Descrip.: n-Hexyl methacrylate with 100 ± 10 ppm MEHQ inhibitor CAS 142-09-6; EINECS/ELINCS 205-521-9
 - Uses: Internal plasticizer; copolymerization in emulsion and sol'n.; oil additives; soft component in paint resins, emulsions, adhesives, textile binders, paper
 - Properties: Pt-Co 10 max. clear liq.; esterlike odor; sol. 1.67% water in ester, 0.035% ester in water (20 C); m.w. 170; sp.gr. 0.885; visc. 1.45 mPa•s (20 C); b.p. 204-210 C; solid. pt. -59 to -55 C; flash pt. 80 C; ref. index 1.432; 98% min. purity; 0.05% max. acid; 0.05% max. water
 - Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 20 g/kg; thermoplastics to skin; TSCA listed
 - Precaution: Flamm.; avoid contamination with peroxides, azo compds., heavy metal ions, tert. amines, S compds.; polymerization also induced by light
- Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 30 C max.

Mhoromer® AM 199 [Röhm Am.; Röhm GmbH]

Chem. Descrip.: Methacrylic acid with 200 ± 20 ppm MEHQ inhibitor

CAS 79-41-4; EINECS/ELINCS 201-204-4

- Uses: Polymerization/copolymerization; thermally crosslinkable paint resin; adhesion promoter; binder for textiles, paper; adhesives; floor care prods.; dental prods.; base material for other methacrylates
- Properties: Pt-Co 25 max. clear liq.; pungent odor; misc. with water (@ > 24 C); m.w. 86.1; sp.gr. 1.015; visc. 1.38 mPa·s (20 C); vapor pressure 0.8 mbar; b.p. 161 C; solid. pt. 15.8 C; flash pt. 65 C; ref. index 1.432; 99.5% min. purity; 0.02% max. water
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2.2 g/kg; severe skin irritant; caustic; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm.; avoid contamination with peroxides, azo compds., heavy metal ions, tert. amines, S compds.; polymerization also induced by light

Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 17-25 C max.

- Mhoromer® AM 414 [Röhm Am.; Röhm GmbH]
 - Chem. Descrip.: 2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate with 250 ± 50 ppm MEHQ/HQ inhibitors

CAS 818-61-1; EINECS/ELINCS 212-454-9

- Uses: Crosslinkable paint resin; binder for textiles and paper; urethane acrylates; reactive thinners for curing by radiation; comonomer for refinishing paints; adhesion promoter for polymers
- Properties: Pt-Co 50 max. clear liq.; esterlike sl. yel. odor; misc. with water; m.w. 116.1; sp.gr. 1.11; visc. 9 mPa•s (20 C); vapor pressure 0.1 mbar; b.p. 230 C; solid. pt. -60 C; flash pt. 104 C; ref. index 1.450; 95% min. purity; 0.02% max. water; 0.5% max. acid

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 650 mg/kg; severe skin irritant and sensitizer; caustic; TSCA listed

- *Precaution:* Flamm.; avoid contamination with peroxides, azo compds., heavy metal ions, tert. amines, S compds.; polymerization also induced by light
- Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 30 C max.

Mhoromer® AM 438 [Röhm Am.; Röhm GmbH]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydroxypropyl acrylate with 250 ± 50 ppm MEHQ inhibi-

tor

CAS 25584-83-2; EINECS/ELINCS 247-118-0

Uses: Crosslinkable paint resin; binder for textiles and paper; urethane acrylates; reactive thinners for curing by radiation; comonomer for refinishing paints; adhesion promoter for polymers

Properties: Pt-Co 30 max. clear liq.; sl. pungent odor; misc. with water; m.w. 130.1; sp.gr. 1.05; visc. 9.5 mPa•s (20 C); vapor pressure 0.1 mbar; b.p. 230 C; solid. pt. -58 C; flash pt. 96 C; ref. index 1.446; 95% min. purity; 0.02% max. water; 0.5% max. acid

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 250 mg/kg; severe skin irritant; caustic; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm.; avoid contamination with peroxides, azo compds., heavy metal ions, tert. amines, S compds.; polymerization also induced by light

Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 30 C max.

- Mhoromer® BM 613 [Röhm Am.; Röhm GmbH]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Methacrylamidopropyltrimethylammonium chloride with 600 ± 60 ppm MEHQ inhibitor (50% solids in water)
 - CAS 51410-72-1; EINECS/ELINCS 257-182-1
 - Uses: Flocculants; paper sizes; ion exchange resins; antistatic finishing; hydrophilic glass fibers; superabsorbents; toner polymers; thickening agents; cement additives; anticorrosives; adhesives; cosmetics
 - *Properties:* Pt-Co 100 max.ylsh. liq.; ester-like odor; m.w. 220.5; sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 5-15 cps (20 C); solid. pt. < -22.5 C; ref. index 1.427 (20 C); pH 7-8

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 10 g/kg; not a skin irritant; TSCA listed *Storage:* 6 mos shelf life @ 30 C max.

Mhoromer® BM 711 [Röhm Am.; Röhm GmbH]

Chem. Descrip.: Cyclohexyl methacrylate with 50 ± 5 ppm MEHQ inhibitor CAS 101-43-9; EINECS/ELINCS 202-943-5

- Uses: Used in leather, lacquer, paper, and textile industries; coatings; adhesives; oil additives; dental prods.; polymerization/copolymerization in emulsion and sol'n.; optical materials
- Properties: Pt-Co 10 max. liq.; ester-like odor; m.w. 168.2; sp.gr. 0.968; visc. 1.9 mPa•s (20 C); b.p. 210 C; flash pt. 82.5 C; ref. index 1.459 (20 C); 98% min. purity; 0.1% water content; 0.01% max. acid
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; not a skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm.; avoid contamination with peroxides, azo compds., heavy metal ions, tert. amines, S compds.; polymerization also induced by light

Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 30 C max.

- Mhoromer® BM 713 [Röhm Am.; Röhm GmbH]
- *Chem. Descrip.:* 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate with 50 ± 10 ppm MEHQ inhibitor
 - CAS 688-84-6; EINECS/ELINCS 211-708-6
 - Uses: Internal plasticizer; copolymerization in emulsion and sol'n.; used in leather, paint, paper, and textile industries; coatings; adhesives; oil additives
 - Properties: Pt-Co 10 max. clear liq.; ester-like odor; sol. 0.2% ester in water, 0.25% water in ester; m.w. 198.3; sp.gr. 0.89; visc. 2.4 mPa•s (20 C); b.p. 218 C; solid. pt. < -50 C; flash pt. 95 C; ref. index 1.439 (20 C); 98% min. purity; 0.05% water content; 0.01% max. acid
 - *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; not a skin irritant; TSCA listed
 - Precaution: Flamm.; avoid contamination with peroxides, azo compds., heavy metal ions, tert. amines, S compds.; polymerization also induced by light

Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 30 C max.

Mhoromer® BM 731 [Röhm Am.; Röhm GmbH]

- Chem. Descrip.: Isobornyl methacrylate with 150 ± 30 ppm MEHQ inhibitor CAS 7534-94-3; EINECS/ELINCS 231-403-1
- Uses: Polymerization/copolymerization in emulsion and sol'n.; adhesives; paint resins; leather, paper, and textile industries; hydrophobic; low polymerization shrinkage
- Properties: Pt-Co 50 max. clear colorless liq.; ester-like odor; insol. in water; m.w. 222.3; sp.gr. 0.98; visc. 8.5 mPa•s (20 C); b.p. 66 C; flash pt. 127 C; ref. index 1.477 (20 C); 98% min. purity; 0.2% max. water; 0.5% max. acid
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2.4 g/kg; not a skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Avoid contamination with peroxides, azo compds., heavy metal ions, tert. amines, S compds.; polymerization also induced by light Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 30 C max.
- Mhoromer® BM 903 [Röhm Am.; Röhm GmbH]

Chem. Descrip.: 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate with 200 ± 20 ppm MEHQ

inhibitor

- CAS 868-77-9; EINECS/ELINCS 212-782-2
- Uses: Crosslinkable paint resin; binder for textiles/paper adhesives; urethane methacrylates; reactive thinners; grafting of textile fibers; scale inhibitors; adhesion promoter for polymers; hydrophilic polymers; It.-curing polymer systems; rubber modifiers; contact lenses; photopolymer plates; photoresists
- *Properties:* Pt-Co 30 max. colorless clear liq.; ester-like odor; misc. with water; m.w. 130.1; sp.gr. 1.07 (20 C); visc. 5 mPa•s (30 C); b.p. \approx 250 C; solid. pt. < -60 C; flash pt. 101 C; ref. index 1.453 (20 C); 97% min. purity; 1.5% max. acid content; 0.10% max. water

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5.6 g/kg; mild skin irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm.; avoid contamination with peroxides, azo compds., heavy metal ions, tert. amines, S compds.; polymerization also induced by light

Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 30 C max.

Mhoromer® BM 905 [Röhm Am.; Röhm GmbH]

Chem. Descrip.: 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate with 200 ± 20 ppm MEHQ inhibitor

CAS 868-77-9; EINECS/ELINCS 212-782-2

- Uses: Crosslinkable paint resin; binder for textiles/paper adhesives; urethane methacrylates; reactive thinners; grafting of textile fibers; scale inhibitors; adhesion promoter for polymers; hydrophilic polymers; lt.-curing polymer systems; rubber modifiers; contact lenses; photopolymer plates; photoresists
- Properties: Pt-Co 30 max. colorless clear liq.; ester-like odor; misc. with water; m.w. 130.1; sp.gr. 1.07 (20 C); visc. 5 mPa•s (30 C); b.p. \approx 250 C; solid. pt. < -60 C; flash pt. 101 C; ref. index 1.453 (20 C); 98% min. purity; 0.1% max. acid content; 0.1% max. water

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5.6 g/kg; mild skin irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm.; avoid contamination with peroxides, azo compds., heavy metal ions, tert. amines, S compds.; polymerization also induced by light

Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 30 C max.

Mhoromer® BM 923 [Röhm Am.; Röhm GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate with 10 ± 3 ppm MEHQ inhibitor

CAS 868-77-9; EINECS/ELINCS 212-782-2

- Uses: Crosslinkable paint resin; binder for textiles/paper adhesives; urethane methacrylates; reactive thinners; grafting of textile fibers; scale inhibitors; adhesion promoter for polymers; hydrophilic polymers; lt.-curing polymer systems; rubber modifiers; contact lenses; photopolymer plates; photoresists
- Properties: Pt-Co 30 max. colorless clear liq.; ester-like odor; misc. with water; m.w. 130.1; sp.gr. 1.07 (20 C); visc. 5 mPa•s (30 C); vapor pressure 0.1 mbar (20 C); b.p. \approx 250 C; solid. pt. < -60 C; flash pt. 101 C; ref. index 1.453 (20 C); 99% min. purity; 0.05% max. acid content; 0.1% max. water

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5.6 g/kg; mild skin irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm.; avoid contamination with peroxides, azo compds., heavy metal ions, tert. amines, S compds.; polymerization also induced by light

Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 30 C max.

Mhoromer® BM 951 [Röhm Am.; Röhm GmbH]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydroxypropyl methacrylate with 200 ± 20 ppm MEHQ inhibitor

CAS 27813-02-1; EINECS/ELINCS 248-666-3

- Uses: Crosslinkable paint resin; binder for textiles/paper adhesives; urethane methacrylates; reactive thinners; grafting of textile fibers; scale inhibitors; adhesion promoter for polymers; hydrophilic polymers; rubber modifiers; contact lenses; photopolymer plates; photoresists
- Properties: Pt-Co 30 max. colorless clear liq.; ester-like odor; sol. 10.7% ester in water, 21% water in ester; m.w. 144.2; sp.gr. 1.03 (20 C); visc. 6.2 mPa⋅s (30 C); vapor pressure 0.1 mbar (20 C); b.p. ≈ 240 C; solid. pt. -58 C; flash pt. 101 C; ref. 1.448 (20 C); 98% min. purity; 0.1% max. acid content; 0.1% max. water

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 11.2 g/kg; mild skin irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm.; avoid contamination with peroxides, azo compds., heavy metal ions, tert. amines, S compds.; polymerization also induced by light

Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 30 C max.

Mhoromer® BM 955 [Röhm Am.; Röhm GmbH]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydroxypropyl methacrylate with 200 ± 20 ppm MEHQ inhibitor

CAS 27813-02-1; EINECS/ELINCS 248-666-3

- Uses: Crosslinkable paint resin; binder for textiles/paper adhesives; urethane methacrylates; reactive thinners; grafting of textile fibers; scale inhibitors; adhesion promoter for polymers; hydrophilic polymers; rubber modifiers; contact lenses; photopolymer plates; photoresists
- Properties: Pt-Co 30 max. colorless clear liq.; ester-like odor; sol. 10.7% ester in water, 21% water in ester; m.w. 144.2; sp.gr. 1.03 (20 C); visc. 6.2 mPa•s (30 C); vapor pressure 0.1 mbar (20 C); b.p. ≈ 240 C; solid. pt. -58 C; flash pt. 101 C; ref. 1.448 (20 C); 97% min. purity; 1.5% max. acid content; 0.1% max. water

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 11.2 g/kg; mild skin irritant; TSCA listed

- Precaution: Flamm.; avoid contamination with peroxides, azo compds., heavy metal ions, tert. amines, S compds.; polymerization also induced by light
- Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 30 C max.
- Mhoromer® MMA [Röhm Am.; Röhm GmbH]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Methyl methacrylate
 - CAS 80-62-6; EINECS/ELINCS 201-297-1
 - Uses: Polymerization/copolymerization; plastics, leather, paint, paper, and textile industries; base material for other methacrylic esters; dental prods. Properties: 0.01% max. water; $\leq 0.005\%$ acid
- MHT® 60 S [Dow]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Magnesium hydroxide, premium grade
 - CAS 1309-42-8; EINECS/ELINCS 215-170-3
 - Uses: Source of magnesium ion, catalyst, or raw material for high purity magnesium compds.; fuel oil and coal additives; fertilizer; sulfite pulping; water treatment; coatings; glass and ceramics mfg.; oil well industry; rayon mfg.; uranium refining; steel industry

MHT[®] 60 XS [Dow]

- Chem. Descrip.: Magnesium hydroxide, premium grade
- CAS 1309-42-8; EINECS/ELINCS 215-170-3

Uses: Source of magnesium ion, catalyst, or raw material for high purity magnesium compds.; fuel oil and coal additives; fertilizer; sulfite pulping; water treatment; coatings; glass and ceramics mfg.; oil well industry; rayon mfg.; uranium refining; steel industry

Michem[®] Coat 50 Series [Michelman]

Uses: Water-, oil- and grease-resist. coating for paper; general purpose; cold set and hot melt gluable; repulpable

Regulatory: FDA compliance

Michem[®] Coat 500 Series [Michelman]

Uses: Water-, oil- and grease-resist. coating for paper; general purpose; matte finish; cold set and hot melt gluable; repulpable

Regulatory: FDA compliance

Micral® 532 [Huber Engineered Materials] Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate

Chem. Descrip.: Alumina Innyora *Chem. Analysis:* Al₂O₃ (64.9%)

- CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7
- Uses: Flame retardant, smoke suppresser, high loading filler for thermoset, thermoplastic, rubber, adhesives, paints, coatings, paper applics.; high in superfines
- Properties: 9 µ median particle diam.; 99.9% thru 325 mesh; sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. 0.65 g/cc (loose); surf. area 4-5 m²/g; oil absorp. 27-29; brightness (TAPPI) 89; ref. index 1.57; hardness (Mohs) 2.5-3.5

Micral® 916 [Huber Engineered Materials]

Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate *Chem. Analysis:* Al₂O₃ (64.9%)

CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

Uses: Smoke suppresser/flame retardant filler for wire and cable insulation, inj.-molded polyolefins, coatings, adhesives, rubber goods, paper filler and coating, PVC, EPDM, EPR, ABS, XLPE, and compr.-molded thermosets; halogen-free

Properties: Powd.; 0.8 μ median particle diam.; 100% through 325 mesh; sp.gr. 2.42 g/cm³; bulk dens. 0.15 g/cm³ (loose), 0.35 g/cm³ (packed); surf. area 13 m²/g; oil absorp. 46 ml/100 g; brightness (Photovolt) 97+

Micral® 932 [Huber Engineered Materials]

Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate

Chem. Analysis: Al₂O₃ (64.9%)

CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7

Uses: Smoke suppresser/flame retardant filler for wire/cable insulation, inj.molded polyolefins, coatings, adhesives, rubber goods, paper filler and

coating approvalac laminatos EDD alac laminatos SMC/RMC flavibla	absorn 240%; oil absorn 100%; brightness (Dhotovolt) 60; ref index 1.53;
rigid DVC plasticals EDD ADC VLDE and somer melded thermosets	absolp. 24070, oil absolp. 17070, blightness (Fhotovolt) 00, rei. index 1.33,
rigid PVC, plastisols, EPR, ABS, XLPE, and comprmolded thermosets	pH IU (IU% aq. siurry)
halogen-tree	Micro Floc™ [InterBio]
Properties: Ultrafine powd.; 2 µ median particle diam.; 100% thru 325 mesh	Chem. Descrip.: Biological prod.
sp. gr. 2.42; bulk dens. 0.35 g/cc (loose), 0.5 g/cc (packed); surf. area 13	Uses: Elocculant for pulp/paper industry: improves settleability: reduces
m^2/a oil absorp 38 brightness (TAPPI) 95	chem nolymer costs
Microblanc 1 [Microfill / Zafranas]	
(home December Collection control (000) high number	Cham Deserin - Defined misseen stelling way amulaian
Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate (99%); high purity	Chem. Descrip.: Refined microcrystalline wax emulsion
CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9	CAS 63231-60-7; EINECS/ELINCS 264-038-1
Uses: Opacifier reinforcing hiding power of paints, interior/exterior emulsion	Uses: Lubricant in pigmented paper coatings; enhances sheet gloss, ink
paints, powd, coatings, printing inks, paper and board coatings	gloss, and printability: food-contact paper/paperboard; optimizes runnability
Properties: Extremely when very fine rhombohedral crystals: $70\% < 2.0$	of the coating
sp ar 2.7; bulk done $0.0 a/ml (nackod); oil absorp 10/100 a; dry brightness$	Dogulatory: EDA 21CED \$176 170 176 190
Sp. gr. 2.7, buik dens. 0.7 g/mi (packed), bi absorp. 10/100 g, dry brightines:	Dread the Western Structure and a star days 0.0 lb / rel may 100 E
96.5%; pH 9; ref. index 1.59; nardness (ivions) 3; < 0.2% moisture	Properties: wn. opaque iiq.; nydrocarbon odor; dens. 8.0 ib/gai; m.p. 180 F;
Microblanc 2 [Microfill K. Zafranas]	pH 6.5; 67% total linoleic acid, 31% oleic acid; nonionic
Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate (99%); high purity	Storage: Protect from freezing (breaks the emulsion)
CAS 471-34-1: FINECS/FLINCS 207-439-9	Microlube™ N [Hercules]
Uses: Onacifier reinforcing hiding nower of interior/exterior emulsion paints	Chem Descrin : Semirefined paraffin way emulsion
notwork based plasters, all and own, regin systems, adhesives, agains	CAC 000274.2, EINECC/ELINCC 222.216.4
polymer-based plasters, on and syn. resin systems, adhesives, sealing	CAS 8002-74-2; EINEUS/ELINUS 232-310-0
compos., walipaper, plastics, paper/board adnesives	Uses: Improves water resist., sneet props., calender operation on surface
<i>Properties:</i> Extremely wh. very fine rhombohedral crystals; $25\% < 2 \mu$	applic. to paper and other materials; for moisture protection in wood coatings
sp.gr. 2.7; bulk dens, 1.25 g/ml (packed); oil absorp, 15/100 g; dry bright	Properties: Wh. opague lig., hydrocarbon odor; dens. 8.0 lb/gal; m.p. 135 F;
ness 95 5% nH 9 ref index 1 59 hardness (Mohs) $3 < 0.2\%$ moisture	nH 6-7: 48% total solids: nonionic
Microbiano 2 [Microfill K. Zafranac]	Storage, Distant from fronzing (broaks the emulsion)
WICTUDIATIC S [WICTUTITI N. Zatiatias]	Storage. Protect non needing (preaks the enfulsion)
Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate (99%); high purity	Micronal® [BASF AG]
CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9	Chem. Descrip.: Aq microcapsule dispersions
Uses: Opacifier reinforcing hiding power of plastics (PVC, PU, polyester	Uses: For prod. of the donor face of non-carbon copying papers
polyolefins) emulsion paints primers powd coatings paper/board adhe-	Micro Pro™ DP [InterBio]
sivos	Uses: Biological degrader for cooking liquer constituents, collulose, tall oils
SIVES Drenartias, Extremely who were fine them he hadred ervetale, 100/ 2 w	oses. Diviogical degrader for cooking liquor constituents, cellulose, tall oils,
<i>Properties:</i> Extremely wn. very line mombonedral crystals; $40\% < 2 \mu$	soaps, paper libers and neavy starch for use in pulp/paper and winery
sp.gr. 2. /; bulk dens. 1 g/ml (packed); oil absorp. 20/100 g; dry brightness	industries
96%; pH 9; ref. index 1.59; hardness (Mohs) 3; < 0.2% moisture	Microtem 95 [Microfill K. Zafranas]
Microblanc 5 [Microfill K, Zafranas]	Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate (99.3%)
Chem Descrin · Calcium carbonate (99%)· high purity	CAS 471-34-1 FINECS/FLINCS 207-439-9
CAS A71.24.1, EINECS/ELINCS 207.420.0	Uses: Filler for rubber paper coatings DVC drubland or compounding high
USS 4/1-34-1, EINEUS/ELINUS 20/-439-9	Uses. Filler for tubber, paper coalings, FVC or y biend or compounding, high
Uses: Pigment for Interior/exterior emulsion paints, polymer-based plasters	, quality emuision paints
oil and syn. resin systems, sealing compds., wallpaper, plastics, powd	<i>Properties:</i> Microcryst. rhombohedral crystals; 65% < 2 µ; sp.gr. 2.7; bulk
coatings, paper/board adhesives	dens. 0.9 g/ml (packed); oil absorp. 29/100 g; dry brightness 94%; pH 9;
Properties: Extremely wh. very fine rhombohedral crystals: 25% < 2 u	ref, index 1.59; hardness (Mohs) 3; < 0.2% moisture
sn gr. 2.7 hulk dens 1.25 g/ml (nacked): oil absorp 15/100 g. dry bright	Microthene® FA 700-00 [Equistar]
$p_{0} = 0.5$ $p_{0} = 0.5$	Chom Doscrin UDDE
1.55 75.5% pri 7, rei. much 1.57, naruness (mons) 5, $< 0.2%$ monsule	
MICTOCAL® HI [BIOSCIENCE]	CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINGS 200-815-3
Chem. Descrip.: Microbial catalyst	Uses: Additive for FRP composites; binder for loose particles/fibers; sintering
Uses: Catalyst in pulp/paper and other process industries; specialized mi-	agent in ceramics, powd. metallurgy; cosmetic filler for soaps/lotions/creams;
crobes for high temp, applics, (35-45 C)	extender in greases/lubricants: dusting agent, antiblock for rubber; textile/
Storage: Long shelf life	naper/glass/metal coatings: waterproofing heat-seal coatings for fabrics/pa-
Microcat® YD [Rioscionco]	nor: toyturizor dolustoring agont for inks/naints/coatings/adhosivos: carrior/
Cham Departing Microbiol establish	delivery system for nigments/sils/shame, pressessing sid for DVC
Chem. Descrip.: Microbial catalyst	delivery system for pigments/oils/chems.; processing aid for PVC
Uses: Specialized microbes and enzymes for degradation of cellulose, lignins	<i>Properties:</i> Spherical powd.; 20 µ particle size; melt index /0 g/10 min.;
and other pulping and papermaking by-prods.	sp.gr. 0.953; peak m.p. 134 C; soften. pt. (Vicat) 125 C; tens. str. 1700 psi
Storage: Long shelf life	(@ break); tens. elong. 400% (@ break); hardness (Shore D) 66
Micro-Cel® T-26 [Celite]	Microthene® FA 709-00 [Equistar]
Chem Descrin : Calcium silicate	Chem Descrin · HDPF
Chem Analyzia SiO (470/) CoO (220/) ALO (2.50/) NoO (4.70/)	
Chem. Analysis: SIO_2 (41%), CaO (32%), AI_2O_3 (2.5%), $NaO + K_2O_3$	CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
(1.2%)	Uses: Additive for FRP composites; binder for loose particles/fibers; sintering
CAS 1344-95-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-710-8	agent; pore former, cosmetic additive for soaps/lotions/creams; extender in
Uses: Filler, absorbent, adsorbent, inert carrier, conditioner, anticaking agent	grease and lubricant formulations; dusting agent for tacky pellets; dry and lig.
diluent bulking agent for agric paper/paperboard polishes cleaners rub	coatings for textiles/paper/glass/metal-heat seal coatings for fabrics and
hor plastic films	naner: additive for inks/naints/coatings/adhesives: additive carrier-delivery
Dranartias, Cray nound , 15 y madian nortials size, 20/ an 225 mash, an ar	system for nigmontalellabore , processing aid for DVC, polymor pro
Properties: Gray power; 15 µ median particle size; 3% on 325 mesh; sp.gr	system for pigments/oils/chems.; processing aid for PVC, polymer pro-
2.6; bulk dens. 5.5 lb/ft°; suff. area (BE F) 90 m²/g; water absorp. 495%; of	Cesses
absorp. 405%; brightness (Photovolt) 60; ref. index 1.55; pH 8.4 (10% aq	Properties: Free-flowing powd.; 20 µ particle size; sp.gr. 0.953; melt index
slurry)	70 g/10 min.; peak m.p. 134 C; soften. pt. (Vicat) 125 C; tens. str. 1700 psi
Micro-Cel [®] T-49 [Celite]	(@ break); elong, 400% (@ break); hardness (Shore D) 66
Chem Descrin · Calcium silicate	Microthene® FF 532-00 [Equistar]
Cham Analysis, Sin (26%) Can (22%) moleture (0%)	Cham Descrin ; EVA conclumer (0% \/A)
CAS 1244 0F 2. FINECS/FLINCS 215 710 0	CAS 24027 70 0
UAS 1344-90-2; EINEUS/ELINUS 215-/10-8	
Uses: Functional tiller, absorbent, inert carrier, conditioner, anticaking agent	Uses: Additive for FRP composites; binder for loose particles/fibers; sintering
diluent for chemical, food, cosmetics, agric., paper, rubber, plastic, and other	agent in ceramics, powd. metallurgy; cosmetic filler for soaps/lotions/creams;
industrial applics.; converts ligs. to dry powds.	extender in greases/lubricants: dusting agent, antiblock for rubber; food pkg.
Properties: Gray nowd · 13.3 µ median particle size · 10% 325 mesh	textile/naner/glass/metal coatings: waterproofing heat-seal coatings for fab-

Properties: Gray powd.; 13.3 μ median particle size; 10% 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.1; bulk dens. 12 lb/ft³; surf. area (BET) 105 m²/g; water

rics/paper; texturizer, delustering agent for inks/paints/coatings/adhesives;

carrier/delivery system for pigments/oils/chems.; processing aid for PVC Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1520 compliant

Properties: Spherical powd.; 20 µ particle size; melt index 9 g/10 min; dens. 0.926 g/cm³; peak m.p. 96 C; soften. pt. (Vicat) 75 C; tens. str. 1700 psi (@ break); tens. elong. 675% (@ break); hardness (Shore D) 38

Microthene[®] FN 500-00 [Equistar]

Chem. Descrip.: LDPE

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Additive for FRP composites; binder for loose particles/fibers; sintering agent in ceramics, powd. metallurgy; cosmetic filler for soaps/lotions/creams; extender in greases/lubricants; dusting agent, antiblock for rubber; food pkg.; textile/paper/glass/metal coatings; waterproofing heat-seal coatings for fabrics/paper; texturizer, delustering agent for inks/paints/coatings/adhesives; carrier/delivery system for pigments/oils/chems.; processing aid for PVC Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1520 compliant
- Properties: Spherical powd.; 20 µ particle size; melt index 22 g/10 min; dens. 0.915 g/cm3; peak m.p. 104 C; soften. pt. (Vicat) 83 C; tens. str. 1600 psi (@ break); tens. elong. 550% (@ break); hardness (Shore D) 52

Microthene® FN 502-18 [Equistar]

Chem. Descrip .: LDPE

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Uses: Additive for FRP composites; binder for loose particles/fibers; sintering agent in ceramics, powd. metallurgy; cosmetic additive for soaps/lotions/ creams; extender in greases/lubricants; dusting agent for tacky pellets; food pkg.; coatings for textiles/paper/glass/metal; waterproofing heat seal coatings for fabrics and paper; additive for inks/paints/coatings/adhesives; additive carrier-delivery system for pigments/oils/chems.; processing aid for PVC; mold release agent

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1520 compliant

Properties: Free-flowing microfine spherical powd.; 20 µ particle size; melt index 70 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.912; bulk dens. 25-30 lb/ft³; peak m.p. 102 C; soften. pt. (Vicat) 78 C; tens. str. 1000 psi (@ break); elong. 200% (@ break); hardness (Shore D) 51; < 0.1% moisture

Microthene® FN 510-00 [Equistar]

Chem. Descrip.: LDPE

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Additive for FRP composites; binder for loose particles/fibers; sintering agent in ceramics, powd. metallurgy; cosmetic filler for soaps/lotions/creams; extender in greases/lubricants; dusting agent, antiblock for rubber; textile/ paper/glass/metal coatings; waterproofing heat-seal coatings for fabrics/paper; texturizer, delustering agent for inks/paints/coatings/adhesives; carrier/ delivery system for pigments/oils/chems.; processing aid for PVC
- Properties: Spherical powd.; 20 µ particle size; melt index 5 g/10 min; dens. 0.923 g/cm³; peak m.p. 110 C; soften. pt. (Vicat) 97 C; tens. str. 1800 psi (@ break); tens. elong. 550% (@ break) Microthene® FN 514-00 [Equistar]

Chem. Descrip.: LDPE

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Additive for FRP composites; binder for loose particles/fibers; sintering agent in ceramics, powd. metallurgy; cosmetic filler for soaps/lotions/creams; extender in greases/lubricants; dusting agent, antiblock for rubber; textile/ paper/glass/metal coatings; waterproofing heat-seal coatings for fabrics/paper; texturizer, delustering agent for inks/paints/coatings/adhesives; carrier/ delivery system for pigments/oils/chems.; processing aid for PVC
- Properties: Powd.; 20 µ particle size; sp.gr. 0.912; melt index 70 g/10 min.; peak m.p. 102 C; soften. pt. (Vicat) 78 C; tens. str. 1000 psi (@ break); elong. 200% (@ break); hardness (Shore D) 51

Microthene® FN 517-00 [Equistar]

Chem. Descrip .: LDPE

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Uses: Additive for FRP composites; binder for loose particles/fibers; sintering agent in ceramics, powd. metallurgy; cosmetic additive for soaps/lotions/ creams; extender in greases/lubricants; dusting agent for tacky pellets; food pkg.; coatings for textiles/paper/glass/metal; waterproofing heat seal coatings for fabrics and paper; additive for inks/paints/coatings/adhesives; additive carrier-delivery system for pigments/oils/chems.; processing aid for PVC; mold release agent

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1520 compliant

Properties: Free-flowing spherical powd.; 20 µ particle size; melt index 5.0 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.923; bulk dens. 25-30 lb/ft3; peak m.p. 110 C; soften. pt. (Vicat) 97 C; tens. str. 1800 psi (@ break); elong. 550% (@ break); hardness (Shore D) 53; < 0.1% moisture

Microthene[®] FN 519-00 [Equistar]

- Chem. Descrip.: LDPE
- CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Uses: Additive for FRP composites; binder for loose particles/fibers; sintering agent in ceramics, powd. metallurgy; cosmetic additive for soaps/lotions/ creams; extender in greases/lubricants; dusting agent for tacky pellets; food pkg.; coatings for textiles/paper/glass/metal; waterproofing heat seal coatings for fabrics and paper; additive for inks/paints/coatings/adhesives; additive carrier-delivery system for pigments/oils/chems.; processing aid for PVC; mold release agent
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1520 compliant
- Properties: Free-flowing spherical powd.; 20 µ particle size; melt index 5.0 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.923; bulk dens. 25-30 lb/ft3; peak m.p. 110 C; soften.pt. (Vicat) 97 C; tens. str. 1800 psi (@ break); elong. 550% (@ break); hardness (Shore D) 53; < 0.1% moisture

Microthene® FP 800-00 [Equistar]

Chem. Descrip .: PP

CAS 9003-07-0

- Uses: Additive for FRP composites; binder for loose particles/fibers; sintering agent in ceramics, powd. metallurgy; cosmetic filler for soaps/lotions/creams; extender in greases/lubricants; dusting agent, antiblock for rubber; food pkg.; textile/paper/glass/metal coatings; waterproofing heat-seal coatings for fabrics/paper; texturizer, delustering agent for inks/paints/coatings/adhesives; carrier/delivery system for pigments/oils/chems.; processing aid for PVC Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1520 compliant
- Properties: Free-flowing spherical powd.; 20 µ particle size; melt index 35 g/ 10 min.; sp.gr. 0.909; bulk dens. 25-30 lb/ft³; peak m.p. 163 C; soften. pt. (Vicat) 150 Č; tens. str. 4600 psi (@ break); tens. elong. 15% (@ break); hardness (Shore D) 75; < 0.1% moisture

Microthene® MN 701-00 [Equistar]

Chem. Descrip.: LDPE

- CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Uses: Powd. coating resin; binder for loose particles/fibers; sintering agent in ceramics, powd. metallurgy; cosmetic exfoliant for soaps/lotions/creams; extender in greases/lubricants; textile/paper/glass/metal coatings; waterproofing/stiffening heat-seal coatings for fabrics, paper; carrier/delivery system for pigments/oils/chems.; pigment dispersant
- Properties: 35-mesh powd.; melt index 70 g/10 min; dens. 0.912 g/cm³; peak m.p. 102 C; soften. pt. (Vicat) 78 C; tens. str. 1000 psi (@ break); tens. elong. 200% (@ break); hardness (Shore D) 51

Microthene® MN 710-20 [Equistar]

Chem. Descrip .: LDPE

- CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Uses: Powd. coating resin; binder for loose particles/fibers; sintering agent in ceramics, powd. metallurgy; cosmetic exfoliant for soaps/lotions/creams; extender in greases/lubricants; textile/paper/glass/metal coatings; waterproofing/stiffening heat-seal coatings for fabrics, paper; carrier/delivery system for pigments/oils/chems.; pigment dispersant

Properties: 50-mesh powd.; melt index 22 g/10 min; dens. 0.915 g/cm³; peak m.p. 104 C; soften. pt. (Vicat) 83 C; tens. str. 1600 psi (@ break); tens. elong. 550% (@ break); hardness (Shore D) 52

Microtrol 210 [Process Chems. LLC]

Chem. Descrip.: Methylene bisthiocyanate CAS 6317-18-6

Uses: Biocide for pulp/paper

- Microtrol 215 [Process Chems. LLC] Chem. Descrip .: Isothiazoline
- Uses: Biocide for pulp/paper Microtrol 230 [Process Chems. LLC] Chem. Descrip .: Carbamate
- Uses: Biocide for pulp/paper
- Micro-White® 10 Slurry [IMERYS]
- Chem. Descrip .: Calcium carbonate CAS 1317-65-3
 - Uses: Pigment, filler, reinforcing agent in coatings, paper, paints, polymers, food, caulks, etc.; ultrafine; exc. optical props.; low visc., low adhesive demand; good retention as filler
 - Properties: Slurry, odorless; negligible sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.71; dens. 15.87 Ib/gal; visc. 250 cps; surf. area 8 m²/g; pH 9-10; nonflamm.; 75% solids Precaution: Incompat. with acids

Micro-White[®] 25 Slurry [IMERYS]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate

CAS 1317-65-3

Uses: Filler pigment, reinforcing agent for paper, paints, polymers, food, caulks, matte or dull coatings; med.-fine wet-ground *Properties:* Slurry, odorless; negligible sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.71; dens. 15.32 lb/gal; visc. 500 cps; surf. area 3.5 m²/g; pH 9-10; nonflamm.; 72% solids *Precaution:* Incompat. with acids Micro-White® Superamide [IMERYS]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate

CAS 1317-65-3

Uses: Pigment, opacifier, and gloss aid in paints, coatings, paper; improved physical props. and surf. gloss in plastics and elastomers; extra fine ground *Properties:* Slurry; 1 µ mean particle size; oil absorp. 19-21

Miglo[™] [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper] Uses: Chroma value enhancer for paper coloration

Milldride® ODSA [Milliken]

Chem. Descrip.: Octadecenyl succinic anhydride

CAS 19024-74-9

Uses: Curing agent for epoxy resins; corrosion inhibitor for nonaq. lubricating oils; intermediate for prep. of alkyd or unsat. polyester resins; intermediate in chem. reactions; detergent dispersant for lubricating oil; detergent builder; pour pt. depressant, visc. index improver; paper sizing; water repellent compositions

Properties: Yel.-wh. waxy solid; m.w. 350; sp.gr. 0.9428; visc. 175-250 SUS (210 F); b.p. 251 C (4 mm Hg); solid. pt. 69 C; sapon. no. 320; flash pt. 210 C

Storage: Avoid moisture during storage; undergoes slow hydrolysis to form corresponding alkenylsuccinic acid

Mill White 5[™] [Michelman]

Uses: Wh. coating for paper; economy-grade; general-purpose; gluable; repulpable

Regulatory: FDA compliance

Miraclipse[™] [Engelhard]

Chem. Descrip.: Kaolin-based

Uses: Pigment for papermaking; provides high gloss and runnability while maintaining opacity and other critical sheet parameters

Mirafilm™ [Engelhard]

Chem. Descrip.: Kaolin-based

Uses: Pigment, gloss aid for papermaking; promotes exc. runnability for size press operations

Miragloss™ [Engelhard]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydrous kaolin-based pigments

Uses: Pigment for papermaking; high solids, high runnability; five grades with props. ranging from high gloss to high brightness

Miramine[®] CC [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Cocoyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

CAS 61791-38-6; EINÉCS/ELINCS 263-170-7

Uses: Emulsifier, corrosion inhibitor, softener, antistat for textiles, asphalt, plastics, petrol. industry, cutting oils; water repellent treatment of cement, concrete, and plaster; antifungal agent for wood; tar emulsion breaker; slime control additive in paperboard

Mistrofil® [Luzenac Am.]

Chem. Descrip.: Talc

CAS 14807-96-6; EINECS/ELINCS 238-877-9

Uses: Filler for paper applics.

Mistron® 100 [Luzenac Am.]

Chem. Descrip.: Microcryst. platy talc

CAS 14807-96-6; EINECS/ELINCS 238-877-9

Uses: Detackifier for control of pitch, stickies, other contaminants in pulp/paper mills

Properties: Powd. or compacted; surf. area 13 m²/g; brightness (GE) 80 Mistron® 102 [Luzenac Am.]

Chem. Descrip.: Microcryst. platy talc

CAS 14807-96-6; EINECS/ELINCS 238-877-9

Uses: Detackifier for control of pitch, stickies, other contaminants in pulp/paper mills

Properties: Compacted; surf. area 13 m²/g; brightness (GE) 75 Mistron[®] Slurry [Luzenac Am.]

Chem. Descrip.: Talc

CAS 14807-96-6; EINECS/ELINCS 238-877-9

Uses: Detackifier for pitch and stickies control in all types of pulp/paper mills Properties: High solids slurry; surf. area 13 m²/g; TAPPI brightness 79 Mistron® Vapor [Luzenac Am.] CAS 14807-96-6; EINECS/ELINCS 238-877-9

Uses: Reinforcing pigment in rubber industry (extruded profiles, cable, proofed goods, complex molded shapes for all elastomers, foam and sponge nucleation); pitch control agent in pulp/paper industry; provides higher extrusion rates, good hot and grn. str., good elec. props., impermeability, fuel swell resist. in rubber

Properties: Wh. soft ultra-fine platy powd.; 1.7 μ median particle size; sp.gr. 2.75; dens. 20 lb/ft³ (tapped); surf. area 18 m²/g; brightness (GE) 85 *Toxicology:* Nontoxic

Modacure[®] Resin [Solutia]

Chem. Descrip.: Methylated melamine-formaldehyde modified styrene allyl alcohol resin in ethanol

UN No. 1866

Uses: Curing additive for thermoplastic and thermoset coating systems (appliances, automotive, metal furniture, wood furniture, paper, film, foil and container coatings); imparts improved low temperature catalyzed cure response, faster catalyzed cure response, better chemical, water and stain resistance

Regulatory: DOT regulated; SARA §302, 313 reportable

- Properties: APHA 200 max. color; sharp formaldehyde and solv. odor; sol. in alcohols, ketones, and aromatic hydrocarbons; dens. 8.35-8.65 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner-Holdt) V-Z; flash pt. (PMCC) 19 C; 75-79% solids
- Toxicology: Eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritant; may cause allergic skin reaction; inh. cause coughing, chest tightness, runny nose, chest pain, and burning; ing. no more than sl. toxic; potential cancer hazard; TSCA listed *Precaution:* Flamm. liq. and vapor
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Decomp. may produce formaldehyde, methanol, nitrogenous prods., and CO

Storage: Keep closed and away from heat, sparks, and open flame Modaflow® 2100 [Solutia]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl acrylate/2-ethylhexyl acrylate copolymer CAS 26376-86-3

Uses: Flow modifier improving leveling, eliminating craters and fisheyes, reducing pinholes, enhancing substrate wetting in automotive topcoats and high-solids systems; also suitable for coil, wood, water-borne, and conventional solids coatings, and inks; pigment disp. aid; provides high gloss; food pkg. adhesives, paper; compat. with polyester, acrylic, melamine, ure-thane, and other liq. coating systems

Use Level: 0.1-2.0% on total resin solids

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302 and 313 nonreportable

Properties: Gardner 2 max. pale yel. low-visc. liq.; odorless; sol. in butyl acetate, butyl alcohol, hexane, MEK, MIBK, propanol, IPA, toluene, xy-lene; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.97-1.01; visc. 4000-12,000 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) 137 C; ref. index 1.465-1.466; 100% act.

Toxicology: May sl. irritate skin and eyes; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO,CO₂, smoke, and soot

Storage: 3 yr shelf life stored @ 4-38 C; keep away from sparks and flame Modaflow® Powder 2000 [Solutia]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl acrylate/2-ethylhexyl acrylate copolymer (65%), amorphous silica (35%)

Uses: Flow modifier, pigment dispersant for control of surf. cratering and orange peel defects in thermoset powd. coatings; food pkg. adhesives, paper; contains no silicone

Use Level: 0.35-2.0 phr

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302,313 nonreportable
- Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; sl. char. odor; bulk dens. 0.58-0.64 g/cc; flash pt. 179 C; 65% min. act.

Toxicology: Nonirritating to skin and eyes; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂

Storage: 3 yr shelf life stored @ 4-38 C; keep away from sparks and flame Modaflow® Powder III [Solutia]

- Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl acrylate/2-ethylhexyl acrylate copolymer (60-75%), hydrated amorphous silica (30-40%)
- Uses: Flow modifier, leveling agent, substrate wetting agent for control of pinholes, fisheyes, craters, orange peel in thermoset powd. coatings, epoxy-containing powd. coatings, polyester, acrylic urethane, polyester urethane systems; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; enhanced initial adhesion; contains no silicone

Use Level: 0.35-2.0 phr

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302,313 nonreportable

- Properties: Wh. very fine free-flowing powd.; sl. char. odor; emulsifiable in water; bulk dens. 0.58-0.64 g/cc; vapor pressure < 0.1 mm Hg; flash pt. (COC) 179.4 C; 65% min. act.
- Toxicology: Practically nonirritating to skin and eyes; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂

Storage: 3 yr shelf life stored @ 4-38 C; keep away from sparks and flame Modaflow® Resin [Solutia]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl acrylate/2-ethylhexyl acrylate copolymer (≈ 100%) *Uses:* Flow modifier, leveling agent eliminating craters and fisheyes, reducing pinholes, enhancing substrate wetting in wood and general industrial coatings, auto topcoat, coil, conventional-, high-solids, and water-borne coatings, inks; pigment dispersant provides high gloss, air release; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; compat. with epoxy, melamine, polyester, alkyd, acrylic, phenolic, urethane, etc.

Use Level: 0.1-2.0% on total resin solids

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180; DOT non-regulated; SARA §313 nonreportable
- Properties: Gardner 3 max. pale yel. visc. liq.; odorless; tyl acetate, butyl alcohol, hexane, MEK, MIBK, propanol, IPA, toluene, xylene; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.99-1.03; visc. 60,000-160,000 cps; b.p. 205 C (10 mm Hg); flash pt. (PMCC) 137 C; ref. index 1.465-1.467; 100% act.
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 7940 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 7940 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 6 h) > 1.4 mg/m³; possibly sl. irritating to skin and eyes; sl. toxic if ing.; TSCA listed
- *Environmental:* LC50 (bluegill sunfish, 96 h) > 1000 mg/l, (rainbow trout, 96 h) > 1000 mg/l; practically nontoxic

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Decomp. produces CO, CO₂, smoke, and soot Storage: 3 yr shelf life stored @ 4-38 C; keep away from sparks and flame Modarez[®] WR [Synthron SA]

Uses: Water retention aid for paper sticking and coating applics.

Modicol[®] S [Cognis/Coatings & Inks]

Chem. Descrip.: Sulfated fatty acid

Uses: Stabilizer for natural and syn. latexes during rubber compding., storage, and applic; stabilizer for printing inks, adhesives, waterborne architectural coatings; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; ensures mechanical and chemical stability; prevents premature coagulation during high-speed agitation, acidification, or pigmentation

Use Level: 0.25-1.0% on total wt.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200

Properties: Dk. reddish-brn. liq.; fatty odor; sol. in water and sol. alcohols; hazy sol'n. in 4% sodium hydroxide, in toluol, and in min. and veg. oils; sp.gr. 1.1; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; visc. 800 cps; pH 7.5 (2%); VOC 2.2% (EPA Method 24); 55% act., 45% water; anionic

Mogul® L [Cabot/Special Blacks]

Chem. Descrip.: Carbon black, aftertreated

CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9

- Uses: Colorant, UV stabilizer for elec. resistivity in plastics, optimum flow in offset inks, carbon paper, and ribbons; good for dry toners
- Properties: Fluffy; 24 nm particle size; dens. 15 lb/ft³; surf. area 138 m²/g; pH 2.5-4.0; 5.0% volatile

Monafax 1214 [Uniqema]

Chem. Descrip.: Deceth-4 phosphate

CAS 52019-36-0

Uses: Surfactant, surf. tens. reducer, wetting agent for mildew removers, tile cleaners, bowl cleaner, tire cleaners, bleaching of paper pulp and textiles, dairy cleaners, hard surf. cleaners; hydrotrope, detergent, wetting agent for It. to mod. duty alkaline systems; hypochlorite-stable

Properties: Amber clear visc. liq.; sol. @ 10% in water, ethanol, perchlorethylene, ethylene glycol butyl ether; disp. in min. oil, xylene; sp.gr. 1.22; dens. 10.1 lb/gal; acid no. 238 (pH 5); pH 2.0 (10%); 100% act.; anionic Monafax 1293 [Uniqema]

Chem. Descrip.: Org. phosphate ester

Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, hydrotrope, coupling agent for nonionics and other detergents which are only slightly sol. in high electrolyte concs.; surfactant, wetting agent, antistat, dispersant for household and industrial hard surf. detergents, metal cleaners, agric., textile, paper/pulp, dry cleaning, emulsion polymerization; agric. adjuvant for pesticides, fertilizers

Properties: Gardner 3 clear liq.; sol. in water, ethanol, trichlorethylene, kero-

sene, toluene, hexane; disp. in min. oil, min. spirits; sp.gr. 1.07; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; acid no. 111 (@ pH 4.5), 185 (@ pH 9.4); pH < 2 (10%); 98% act.; anionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Monawet MB-45 [Uniqema]

Chem. Descrip.: Disobutyl sodium sulfosuccinate

CAS 127-39-9; EINECS/ELINCS 204-839-5 Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier, penetrant, and solubilizer in emulsion polymerization of S/B for rug backing, paper coating, water treatment; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

Regulatory: FDA §178.3400; EPA compliance

Properties: APHA25 clear colorless liq.; sol. in water, fairly sol. in polar and nonpolar solvs.; m.w. 332; sp.gr. 1.12; dens. 9.3 lb/gal; cloud pt. 13 C; flash pt. 215 F (PMCC); surf. tens. 54 dynes/cm (0.1%); pH 6.0 (10%); Ross-Miles foam 30 mm (0.1%); 45% act. in water; anionic

Monawet MM-80 [Uniqema]

Chem. Descrip.: Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate, 15% water, 5% IPA

Uses: Wetting agent, detergent for emulsion and suspension polymerization, rug backing, paper coating, textiles, paint, agric., cosmetic, detergent, mining, water treatment, electroplating baths, and food industries; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food pkg. adhesives, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; electrolyte tolerant; suitable for styrene, S/B, acrylonitrile/vinyl chloride systems

Regulatory: FDA §175.105, 176.170, 177.1210, 178.3400; EPA compliance Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sol. 33 g/100 g water, in polar and nonpolar solvs.; m.w. 388; sp.gr. 1.10; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; cloud pt. < 0 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 110 F; pH 6 \pm 1 (10%); surf. tens. 46 dynes/cm (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 60 mm (0.1%); 80% act.; anionic

Toxicology: Not a primary skin irritant

Monawet MO-70 [Uniqema]

- Chem. Descrip.: Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate, 20% water, 10% diethylene glycol butyl ether
- Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier, penetrant, and solubilizer in emulsion and suspension polymerization of vinyl acetate for adhesives, paints, textile, fertilizer, mining, water treatment, fire fighting, cosmetic, food industries; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, textiles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 178.3400; EPA compliance
- *Properties:* Colorless clear liq.; sol. in polar and nonpolar solvs.; m.w. 444; sp.gr. 1.08; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; cloud pt. < -5 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 325 F; pH 6.0 (10%); surf. tens. 29 dynes/cm (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 225 mm (0.1%); 70% act.; anionic
- Monawet MO-70E [Uniqema]
 - *Chem. Descrip.*: Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate, 19% water, 11% ethanol *Uses:* Wetting agent for industrial applics., emulsion polymerization of VA, adhesives, paints, textiles, agric., cosmetics, glass cleaners, mining, water treatment, wall paper removal, food pkg. plants; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, textiles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
 - *Regulatory:* FDA §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 178.3400; EPA compliance
 - Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sol. in polar and nonpolar solvs.; m.w. 444; sp.gr. 1.08; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; cloud pt. < -5 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 82 F; pH 6.0 (10%); surf. tens. 29 dynes/cm (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 220 mm (0.1%); 70% act.; anionic

Monawet MO-70R [Uniqema]

- Chem. Descrip.: Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate, 15% water, 15% propylene glycol
- Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier, penetrant, and solubilizer for textiles, printing, agric., paints, mining, water treatment, fire fighting, cosmetics, food industries; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, textiles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 178.3400; EPA compliance
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sol. in polar and nonpolar solvs.; m.w. 444; sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; cloud pt. < -5 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 280 F; pH 6.0 (10%); surf. tens. 29 dynes/cm (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 210 mm (0.1%); 70% act.; anionic

Monawet MO-70S [Unigema]

Chem. Descrip.: Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate, 30% odorless mineral spirits

- Uses: Wetting agent for dry cleaning soaps, spotting compds; wetting agent and emulsifier for agric., paints, mining, water treatment, cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, textiles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 178.3400; EPA compliance

Properties: APHA 25 clear liq.; oil and solv. sol.; sp.gr. 1.08; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; pH 5.5 (10%); Ross-Miles foam 190 mm (0.1%); 70% conc.; anionic

Monawet MO-75E [Uniqema]

Chem. Descrip.: Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate, 18% water, 7% ethanol Uses: Wetting agent for industrial, agric., paints, mining, water treatment, cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, textiles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 178.3400; EPA compliance

Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sol. in polar and nonpolar solvs.; m.w. 444; sp.gr. 1.08; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; cloud pt. < -5 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 80 F; pH 6.0 (10%); surf. tens. 29 dynes/cm (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 220 mm (0.1%); 75% act.; anionic

Monawet MO-84R2W [Uniqema]

Chem. Descrip.: Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate, 16% propylene glycol

- Uses: Wetting agent for general use, agric., paints, mining, water treatment, cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, textiles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 178.3400; EPA compliance

Properties: Lt. yel. clear visc. liq.; m.w. 444; sol. in polar and nonpolar solvs.; sp.gr. 1.10; dens. 9.16 lb/gal; b.p. 298 F; cloud pt. < -10 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 223 F; pH 5.5 (10%); surf. tens. 29 dynes/cm (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 190 mm (0.1%); 84% act.; anionic</p>

Toxicology: Severe eye and skin irritant on overexposure

Monawet MO-85P [Uniqema]

- Chem. Descrip.: Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate, 15% sodium benzoate
- Uses: Wetting for wettable powds., pigments, paints, mining, water treatment, cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, textiles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 178.3400; EPA compliance

Properties: Wh. fine powd.; 0.85% sol. in water; pH 5.5 (10%); surf. tens. 26 dynes/cm (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 200 mm (0.1%); 85% act.; anionic **Monawet MT-70** [Uniqema]

- Chem. Descrip.: Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate, 12% water, 18% hexylene glycol
- Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier, penetrant, and solubilizer in emulsion and suspension polymerization of vinyl chloride and styrene for paints, coatings, indirect food additives; food-contact paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

Regulatory: FDA §176.180, 178.3400 compliances

Properties: Lt. straw clear liq.; sol. in polar and nonpolar solvs.; m.w. 584; sp.gr. 1.02; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; cloud pt. -2 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 230 F; pH 6.0 (10%); surf. tens. 29 dynes/cm (0.1%); 70% act.; anionic

Monawet MT-80H2W [Uniqema]

Chem. Descrip.: Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate, 20% hexylene glycol Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier, penetrant, and solubilizer in printing inks; indirect food additive; food-contact paper/paperboard Desculatory: EDA 21CED \$176,100; EDA compliance

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180; EPA compliance

Properties: Lt. yel. clear liq.; m.w. 584; sol. in polar and nonpolar solvs.; sp.gr. 1.02; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; cloud pt. < 0 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 225 F; pH 5.5 (10%); surf. tens. 29 dynes/cm (0.1%); 80% act.; anionic

Monawet SNO-35 [Uniqema]

Chem. Descrip.: Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl stearyl sulfosuccinamate CAS 3401-73-8; EINECS/ELINCS 222-273-7

- Uses: Wetting agent, solubilizer, emulsifier, dispersant, visc. depressant, mild detergent used in emulsion polymerization of styrene for paints, coatings, textiles, cosmetics, agric. prods.; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 178.3400; EPA compliance

Properties: Lt. amber clear liq.; m.w. 653; sol. in water, high electrolyte salt

sol'ns.; sp.gr. 1.14; dens. 9.5 lb/gal; visc. 16-18 s (#2 Zahn cup); f.p. 45 ± 5 F; acid no. 2.0; iodine no. 0.5; pH 7.5; surf. tens. 43 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting 232 s (0.25%, 30 C); Ross-Miles foam 185 mm (0.1%); 35% solids; anionic

Toxicology: Very low acute oral toxicity; mild eye irritant *Environmental:* Biodeg.

Monex[®] [Uniroyal]

Chem. Descrip.: Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide

CAS 97-74-5

- Uses: Accelerator for CR, IIR, NR, NBR, SBR, latexes, tire tread, wire insulation, druggist sundries, mech. goods, sponge, footwear; retarder in CR; activator for thiazoles; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; delayed action; nondiscoloring, nonstaining; may be used as primary or sec. accelerator with aldehyde amines or guanidines; disperses readily, but masterbatching rec.
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200

Properties: Yel. nuggets; sp.gr. 1.40; m.p. 104-107 C

Toxicology: Repeated minimal contact with skin may cause sensitization; exposure can produce adverse reaction when alcohol is consumed; can affect activity of certain prescription drugs

Storage: Exc. storage stability Monostearyl Citrate (MSC) [Morflex]

Chem. Descrip.: Monostearyl citrate

CAS 1337-33-3; EINECS/ELINCS 215-654-4

- Uses: Chelating agent; stabilizer for oils; sequestrant in food and feed applics.; plasticizer or component in food pkg. coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles; synergistic with antioxidants
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 177.1210, 178.3910, 181.27, 182.685, 582.6851
- Properties: Waxy solid; sol. \approx 1% in olive oil, safflower oil, corn oil, peanut oil, veg. oil; sp.gr. 0.92 (85 C); m.p. 47 C min.; sapon. no. 140-170; neutral. no. 100-125; flash pt. (COC) > 400 F
- Morcryl® 535 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Water-based resin sol'n. of Morez 500

Uses: Solven't, extender, gloss aid, rewetting agent, pigment dispersant for inks, coatings, overprints, food pkg. adhesives, paper; improves holdout; solv.-free; no VOC

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180 compliant
- *Properties:* SI. yel. clear liq.; m.w. 3000-5000; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 2000 cps; acid no. 230; pH 8.5; 0% VOC; 34% solids

Morez® 500 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Water-based polymer resin

- Uses: Extender, rewetting agent, gloss aid, pigment dispersant for inks, coatings, overprints, food pkg. adhesives, paper; low foam; environmentally safe; solv.-free; no VOC
- *Use Level:* 57% (gravure ink)
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180 compliant
- Properties: SI. yel. clear solid; m.w. 3000-5000; acid no. 230; pH 8.5; 0% VOC; 100% solids
- Morflex® 190 [Morflex]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* > 90% n-Butyl phthalyl-n-butyl glycolate, < 10% dibutyl phthalate
 - Uses: Vinyl plasticizer in food pkg. coatings/paper, PVC tubing, dental cushions, food-contact resinous/polymeric coatings, food-contact zinc-silicon dioxide matrix coatings
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 177.1210, 181.27
 - Properties: APHA 50 max. clear liq.; mild, characteristic odor; negligible sol. in water; m.w. 336; sp.gr. 1.095-1.105; dens. 9.16 lb/gal; vapor pressure 3.9 mm Hg (200 C); b.p. 22 C (10 mm Hg); flash pt. (COC) 390 F; ref. index 1.487-1.491; 0.15% max. moisture
 - *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 7 g/kg, (butyl phthalyl butyl glycolate); ACGIH TLV 5 mg/m³ (dibutyl phthalate); avoid breathing vapors or mist
 - *Precaution:* Incompat. with water and oxidizing materials; hydrolyzes slowly; combustion will produce CO, CO₂

Storage: Store in well ventilated area in tightly closed containers; protect from moisture

Morflex® 1129 [Morflex]

Chem. Descrip .: Dimethyl isophthalate

CAS 1459-93-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-951-9

Uses: Plasticizer; chemical intermediate in prod. of syn. fibers in no-tear envelopes, wallpaper backing, and polyester bottles

Moussex[®] 904 SE [Synthron SA]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsion

Uses: Antifoam for mech. pulp, deinking operations; effective at very low levels; very high dispersibility

Moussex[®] 3029 HL [Synthron SA]

Chem. Descrip.: Min. oil-based

Uses: Antifoam for pulp deinking

Moussex® 9101 GE [Synthron SA]

Uses: Antifoam, deaerator for wet-end paper mfg.; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR§176.210; BGA XXXVI approved

Properties: Aq. emulsion

MP-12 [Micro Powders]

Chem. Descrip.: Micronized synthetic wax

CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6

- Uses: Imparts high degree of abrasion resist. and slip to solvent-based flexographic and gravure inks, paste inks, paints, coil coatings, paper coatings, and other types of surf. coatings; readily dispersed without need for special processing equip.
- Use Level: 0.25%-1.0% (solvent-metal/wood coatings, solv. and UV & EB lacquers); 1-2% (powd. coatings, aq. stains, solv. film/paper inks); 1-3% (solv. stains and heat set/sheet fed offset inks, aq. paper flexo/gravure inks) Properties: 10-12 µ (mean) particle size; fineness (Hegman) 5.5-6.0; sp.gr. 0.94; m.p. 102-106 C

MP-22 [Micro Powders]

Chem. Descrip.: Micronized synthetic wax

CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6

- Uses: In solvent-based flexographic and gravure inks; in paste inks, paints, coil coatings, paper coatings, and other types of surf. coatings; imparts high degree of abrasion resist. and slip; food-contact applics.; readily dispersed without need for special processing equip.
- Use Level: 0.25%-1.0% (solvent-metal/wood coatings, solv. and UV & EB lacquers); 1-2% (powd. coatings, aq. stains, solv. film/paper inks); 1-3% (solv. stains and heat set/sheet fed offset inks, aq. paper flexo/gravure inks) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.250
- Properties: Powd.; 9-11 µ (mean) particle size; fineness (Hegman) 5.5-6.0; sp.gr. 0.94; m.p. 102-106 C

MP-22C [Micro Powders]

Chem. Descrip.: Micronized synthetic wax

CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6

- Uses: In solvent-based flexographic and gravure inks; in paste inks, paints, coil coatings, paper coatings, and other types of surf. coatings; imparts high degree of abrasion resist. and slip; readily dispersed without need for special processing equip.
- Use Level: 0.25%-1.0% (solvent-metal/wood coatings, solv. and UV & EB lacquers); 1-2% (powd. coatings, aq. stains, solv. film/paper inks); 1-3% (solv. stains and heat set/sheet fed offset inks, aq. paper flexo/gravure inks) Properties: 6-8 µ (mean) particle size; fineness (Hegman) 6.0-6.5; sp.gr.

0.94; m.p. 102-106 C MP-22VF [Micro Powders]

Chem. Descrip.: Micronized synthetic wax

CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6

- Uses: In solvent-based flexographic and gravure inks; in paste inks, paints, coil coatings, paper coatings, and other types of surf. coatings; imparts high degree of abrasion resist. and slip; food-contact applics.; readily dispersed without need for special processing equip.
- Use Level: 0.25%-1.0% (solvent-metal/wood coatings, solv. and UV & EB lacquers); 1-2% (powd. coatings, aq. stains, solv. film/paper inks); 1-3% (solv. stains and heat set/sheet fed offset inks, aq. paper flexo/gravure inks) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.250

Properties: Powd.; 7-9 µ (mean) particle size; fineness (Hegman) 6.0-6.5; sp.gr. 0.94; m.p. 102-106 C

MP-22XF [Micro Powders]

Chem. Descrip.: Micronized synthetic wax

CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6

Uses: In solvent-based flexographic and gravure inks; in paste inks, paints, coil coatings, paper coatings, and other types of surf. coatings; imparts high degree of abrasion resist. and slip; food-contact applics.; readily dispersed without need for special processing equip.

Use Level: 0.25%-1.0% (solvent-metal/wood coatings, solv. and UV & EB lacquers); 1-2% (powd. coatings, aq. stains, solv. film/paper inks); 1-3% (solv. stains and heat set/sheet fed offset inks, aq. paper flexo/gravure inks) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.250

Properties: Powd.; 6-6.5 µ (mean) particle size; fineness (Hegman) 5.0-6.0; sp.gr. 0.94; m.p. 102-106 C

MP-26 [Micro Powders]

- Chem. Descrip.: Micronized synthetic wax
- CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6
- Uses: Imparts high degree of abrasion resist. and slip to solvent-based flexographic and gravure inks, paste inks, paints, coil coatings, paper coatings, and other types of surf. coatings; readily dispersed without need for special processing equip.
- Use Level: 0.25%-1.0% (solvent-metal/wood coatings, solv. and UV & EB lacquers); 1-2% (powd. coatings, aq. stains, solv. film/paper inks); 1-3% (solv. stains and heat set/sheet fed offset inks, aq. paper flexo/gravure inks)
- Properties: 9-11 µ (mean) particle size; fineness (Hegman) 5.5-6.0; sp.gr. 0.95; m.p. 102-106 C
- MP-26VF [Micro Powders]

Chem. Descrip.: Micronized synthetic wax CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6

- Uses: Imparts high degree of abrasion resist. and slip to solvent-based flexographic and gravure inks, paste inks, paints, coil coatings, paper coatings, and other types of surf. coatings; readily dispersed without need for special processing equip.
- Use Level: 0.25%-1.0% (solvent-metal/wood coatings, solv. and UV & EB lacquers); 1-2% (powd. coatings, aq. stains, solv. film/paper inks); 1-3% (solv. stains and heat set/sheet fed offset inks, aq. paper flexo/gravure inks)
- Properties: 7-9 µ (mean) particle size; fineness (Hegman) 6.0-6.5; sp.gr. 0.95; m.p. 102-106 C

MP-28C [Micro Powders]

Chem. Descrip .: Micronized synthetic wax

- CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6
- Uses: Imparts high degree of abrasion resist. and slip to solvent-based flexographic and gravure inks, paste inks, paints, coil coatings, paper coatings, and other types of surf. coatings; readily dispersed without need for special processing equip.

Use Level: 0.25%-1.0% (solvent-metal/wood coatings, solv. and UV & EB lacquers); 1-2% (powd. coatings, aq. stains, solv. film/paper inks); 1-3% (solv. stains and heat set/sheet fed offset inks, aq. paper flexo/gravure inks) Properties: 6-8 µ (mean) particle size; fineness (Hegman) 6.0-6.5; sp.gr.

0.96; m.p. 104-110 C

- MPD-7 [Songkang Ind. Co.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylamide

CAS 9003-05-8

- Uses: Dry str. agent for papermaking; drainage aid for papermaking in the wire and press; fixing agent for rosin size, starch, acid dyes, etc. in papermaking; retention aid for fibers and fillers; exc. performance at neutral pH; high charge density
- Use Level: 0.2-1.0% of dry stock

Properties: Visc. < 2000 cps; pH 3-5; 11 ± 1% solids; cationic

MS-122DF [Miller-Stephenson]

- Chem. Descrip.: Tetrafluorethylene telomer (1%) with 1,1-dichloro-1fluoroethane (92-95%), carbon dioxide (2-4%), isopropyl alcohol (2-4%)
- Uses: Release agent, dry lubricant for use on cold molds, esp. for epoxy potting/encapsulating, PU, nylon, acrylics, PP, PC phenolics, PS, foams, rubber molding, glass, wood, paper, gears, belts, wire and cable, metals
- Properties: Wh. milky liq., faint ethereal odor; negligible sol. in water; dens. 1.23 g/cc; b.p. ≈ 40 C; pH neutral; flash pt. none
- Toxicology: Mild eye irritant; inh. of high concs. of vapor may be harmful and may cause heart irregularities, unconsciousness, or death; inh. of vapors in presence of tobacco prods. causes polymer fume fever
- Precaution: Avoid heat, sparks, flame; incompat. with strong acids and alkalis, finely powd. Al, Mg, Zn, strong oxidizing agents, some desiccants; decomp. prods. incl. CO, CO₂, HF, HCI; flamm. limits in air 7.4-15.5% by vol.
- Storage: Store in clean dry area; do not heat above 125 F; rotate stock to shelf life of 1 yr
- MS-290 [Songkang Ind. Co.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylamide

CAS 9003-05-8

Uses: Dry str. agent for sulfite and sulfuric acid pulp, recycled pulp; retention

aid for fibers and fillers; exc. performance at neutral pH Use Level: 0.5-5.0% of dry stock Properties: Microfloc; visc. < 3000 cps; pH 3-5; 11 ± 0.1% solids; amphoteric MSG-329 [Songkang Ind. Co.] Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylamide CAS 9003-05-8 Uses: Dry str. agent for recycled pulp; retention aid for fibers and fillers; exc. performance at neutral pH; strong crosslinking Use Level: 0.5-5.0% of dry stock Properties: Visc. < 5000 cps; pH 10 ± 1; 15 ± 1% solids; amphoteric MT 15-120 [Rohm Tech] Chem. Descrip .: Ethyl acrylate, methyl methacrylate base Uses: Used for nonwovens, textile coatings, and backcoatings, and paper coatings; self-crosslinking firm acrylic Properties: 150 nm particle size; pH 2.0; 45 ± 0.5% solids; nonionic MT 1970-D [Rohm Tech] Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl acrylate, acrylonitrile base Uses: Used for adhesives, textile backcoating, bonding in nonwovens, paper saturation, and coatings; self-crosslinking acrylic; forms med. film Properties: 200 nm particle size; pH 5.0; 55 ± 1.0% solids; anionic MT 1971-D [Rohm Tech] Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl acrylate, methyl methacrylate base Uses: Used for nonwoven, textile and paper applics.; self-crosslinking firm acrylic; exc. It. and heat stability and wash and dry clean fastness Properties: 170 nm particle size; pH 2.5; 46 ± 0.5% solids; nonionic Mulsifan RT 110 [Zschimmer & Schwarz] Chem. Descrip.: Fatty alcohol polyglycol ether Uses: Emulsifier for paraffins, microparaffin waxes for textile, paper, ceramics, cleaning and polishing agents Properties: Wh. wax; sol. in acetone, ethanol, IPA, benzene, toluene, xylene, chlorinated hydrocarbons; disp. in water; dens. 0.94 g/cc; HLB 10.0; cloud pt. 79-84 C (5 g/20 ml of 25% BDG); pH 6 (10%); 100% act., 0.5% water; nonionic Storage: Protect from frost Mulsifan RT 258 [Zschimmer & Schwarz] Chem. Descrip .: Fatty alcohol polyglycol ether Uses: Emulsifier for paraffins for textile, paper, and ceramic industries and for polishing agents Properties: YIsh. wax; disp. in water, cloudy sol. in molten paraffin; dens. 0.94 g/cc; HLB 10.0; pH 6 (10%); 100% act., 0.5% water; nonionic Storage: Protect from frost Multiflow® Resin [Solutia] Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl acrylate/2-ethylhexyl acrylate copolymer (50%) in xylene (40%) UN No. 1866 Uses: Flow modifier improving leveling, eliminating craters and fisheyes, reducing pinholes, enhancing substrate wetting in wood and general industrial coatings, auto topcoat, coil, conventional- and high solids coatings, and inks; pigment disp. aid; provides high gloss; defoamer and air release aid; food pkg. adhesives, paper; compat. with epoxy, melamine, polyester, alkyd, acrylic, phenolic, urethane, etc. Use Level: 0.1-2.0% on total resin solids Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180; DOT regulated; SARA §313 reportable Properties: Gardner 3 max. It. yel. liq.; aromatic odor; sol. < 0.1% in water; sol. in higher m.w. alcohols, aromatic, other polar and nonpolar solvs.; sp.gr. 0.93-0.95; visc. < 100 cps; vapor pressure < 20 mm Hg; flash pt. (PMCC) 27 C; ref. index 1.480-1.484; 50% act. Toxicology: Causes eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritation Precaution: Flamm. liq. and vapor Storage: 3 yr shelf life stored @ 4-38 C; keep away from sparks and flame Multiwax[®] ML-445 [Crompton/Witco] Chem. Descrip .: Microcryst. wax NF CAS 63231-60-7; EINECS/ELINCS 264-038-1 Uses: Laminating agent for paper, film, foil; hot-melt adhesives; chewing gum base; elec. insulation; sealants; rustproofing compds.; waterproofing/protective coatings; crayons; dental waxes; candles; paraffin wax modifier; cosmetics and pharmaceuticals; food-contact applics. Regulatory: FDA §172.886, 178.3710

Properties: Lt. yel.; misc. with petrol. prods., many essential oils, most animal and veg. fats, oils, and waxes; visc. 14.3-18.0 cSt (99 C); m.p. 77-

- Munox® XL Series 1 [Osprey Biotechnics] *Chem. Descrip.:* Org. degrading mixed bacteria conc., *Pseudomonas putida* and *P. fluorescens*
 - Uses: Environmental bacterial inoculant system for biological removal of stubborn organics in industrial wastewater, incl. waste from carpet/textile mfg., pulp/paper mills, citrus processing, chem. mfg., transportation facilities, restaurants and institutions; bioremediation applics. (crude oil spills, chem./solv. leaks, fuel oil leaks, creosote contamination)
 - Properties: Turbid liq.; no odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.0; vapor pressure 24 mm Hg; b.p. 212 F
 - *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 2g/kg; (inh., rat, 6 hr) 1.2 mg/l, unknown long term effects
 - *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Does not undergo spontaneous decomp.; typ. combustion prods.: C, CO₂, N, H₂O
- Storage: Shelf life 180 days @ R.T. (liq.)
- Munox[®] XL Series 2 [Osprey Biotechnics]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Org. degráding mixed bacteria conc., Pseudomonas putida and P. fluorescens
 - Uses: Environmental bacterial inoculant system for biological removal of stubborn organics in industrial wastewater, incl. waste from carpet/textile mfg., pulp/paper mills, citrus processing, chem. mfg., transportation facilities, restaurants and institutions; bioremediation applics. (crude oil spills, chem./solv. leaks, fuel oil leaks, creosote contamination); rec. for biological removal of citrus-related oils (limonene, linalool, citronellol)
 - Properties: Turbid liq.; no odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.0; vapor pressure 24 mm Hg; b.p. 212 F
 - *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 2g/kg; (inh., rat, 6 hr) 1.2 mg/l, unknown long term effects
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Does not undergo spontaneous decomp.; typ. combustion prods.: C, CO₂, N, H₂O
- Storage: Shelf life 180 days @ R.T. (liq.) Munox® XL Series 5 [Osprey Biotechnics]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Org. degrading mixed bacteria conc., Pseudomonas putida and P. fluorescens
 - *Uses:* Environmental bacterial inoculant system for biological removal of stubborn organics in industrial wastewater, incl. waste from carpet/textile mfg., pulp/paper mills, citrus processing, chem. mfg., transportation facilities, restaurants and institutions; bioremediation applics. (crude oil spills, chem./solv. leaks, fuel oil leaks, creosote contamination); rec. for biological removal of phenol and chlorinated aromatic hydrocarbons
 - Properties: Turbid liq.; no odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.0; vapor pressure 24 mm Hg; b.p. 212 F
 - *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 2g/kg; (inh., rat, 6 hr) 1.2 mg/l, unknown long term effects
 - *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Does not undergo spontaneous decomp.; typ. combustion prods.: C, CO₂, N, H₂O
 - Storage: Shelf life 180 days @ R.T. (liq.)
- Myacide® [Knoll MicroCheck; Economy Polymers & Chems.]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol CAS 52-51-7; EINECS/ELINCS 200-143-0
 - Uses: Antimicrobial in pulp/paper, oil and gas production, and water-based heat transfer systems; pharmaceutical grade
 - Properties: Wh. crystalline solid; faint char. odor; m.w. 200; m.p. ≈ 130 C; pH 5-7 (1% @ 20 C); < 0.5% 2-methyl-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol Precaution: Decomposes @ 130 C
- Myacide® AS Plus [ANGUS; Knoll MicroCheck]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol
 - CAS 52-51-7; EINECS/ELINCS 200-143-0
 - Uses: Antimicrobial, preservative for papermaking, adhesives, coatings, cooling towers, process waters, oil field water-flooding operations, deodorizing, other aq. applics.; water-sol.
 - Properties: Powd.; sol. in water
- Myacide® Pharma® BP [ANGUS; Knoll MicroCheck]
 - Chem. Descrip.: 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol
 - CAS 52-51-7; EINECS/ELINCS 200-143-0
 - UN No. 3241
 - Uses: Preservative for cosmetics and pharmaceuticals (shampoo, hair conditioners, bath/shower gels, hand creams, body lotions, wet wipes, sun care prods.); food pkg. adhesives; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard; long-term preservative
 - Use Level: 200 ppm (pharmaceutical applics.)

- *Regulatory:* FDA21CFR §175.105, 176.300; BP, EU compliance; registered in France, Germany, India, Australia, Canada, Japan; food contact approved in U.S., France, Germany
- Properties: Wh. or almost wh. cryst. powd.; faint char. odor; sol. in water, alcohol, glycols, and polyols; m.w. 200; dens. 1.1 g/cm³; m.p. 130 C; pH 5-7 (1%, 20 C); 99% min. purity
- 5-7 (1%, 20 C); 99% min. purity *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, male rat) 307 mg/kg, (derma, rat) 1600 mg/kg; conc. sol'ns. are irritating to skin, eyes, respiratory system, harmful if swallowed; nonirritating to skin @ 0.01-0.1%; noncarcinogenic
- *Environmental:* Rapidly biodeg.; EC50 (daphnia magna, 48 h) 1.4 ppm; LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) 41.2 ppm; very toxic to aquatic organisms
- Precaution: Corrosive to metals (esp. aluminum) when wet; avoid temps. > 90 C to prevent risk of self-heating and rapid decomp.; decomp. temp. is lowered in presence of bases (esp. sodium hydroxide)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Hydrogen bromide and NO_x Storage: 5 yr min, stability under good storage conditions: store
- Storage: 5 yr min. stability under good storage conditions; store in original container tightly closed

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NACCONOL® 40G [Stepan; Stepan Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dodecylbenzene sulfonate

CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4

Uses: Foaming agent, dispersant, wetting agent, detergent for agric., cement, dyeing, emulsion polymerization, textiles, metal cleaning, metalworking, mining, paper industries

Properties: Cream gran. powd.; sol. 2 g/100 ml in water; dens. 35 lb/ft3; pH 6.4-7.6 (1% aq.); 38-42% act.; anionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

NACCONOL® 90G [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe]

Chem. Descrip .: Sodium dodecylbenzene sulfonate

CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4

- Uses: Foaming agent, dispersant, wetting agent, detergent for agric., cement, dyeing, emulsion and latex polymerization, textiles, metal cleaning, laundry prods., metalworking, mining, paper industries
- Properties: Wh. to beige gran.; sol. 15 g/100 ml in water; dens. 30 lb/ft3; pH 6.0-7.5 (1% aq.); 90% act.; anionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Nacrylic X 4280 [Nat'l. Starch & Chem.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Self-crosslinking acrylic copolymer emulsion CAS 25133-97-5
- Uses: Imparts fold endurance, tear str., delamination resist., lightfastness, durability, and toughness to paper saturation (tag and label stock); food pkg. adhesives; component of paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; exc. adhesion to nat. and syn. substrates; exc. solv. resist.; firm and flexible; exc. compd. stability and stability in size press, saturation, and spray applics.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180

Properties: 0.2 µ particle size; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 100 cps; pH 3.5; 50% solids; anionic

Nacure® 2522 [King Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: p-Toluene sulfonic acid CAS 104-15-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-180-0

- Uses: Blocked catalyst used in automotive and general industrial applics. electrostatic, paper, and wood coatings; low cure; for fast cure schedule with short dwell times
- Properties: Gardner 1 color; sol. in alcohols, water, glycols; partially sol. in esters; insol. in ketones, aromatics, and aliphatics; dens. 7.85 lb/gal; pH 3-5; 25% act.
- Nacure® 2530 [King Ind.]

Chem. Descrip .: p-Toluene sulfonic acid, methanol/isopropanol solv.

Uses: Blocked catalyst used in automotive, can, coil, electrostatic, paper, wood, and general industrial coatings; low cure, low tendency to yel. or wrinkle

Properties: Gardner 1 color; dens. 7.90 lb/gal; pH 5.75-6.5; 25% act.

Nacure® 4054 [King Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Acid phosphate catalyst (50%), isobutanol

Uses: Catalyst for high NH/polymeric melamines and phenolic crosslinkers for use in coatings for appliances, automotive, can, coil, general industrial, paper, ink and wood; weak acid catalyst; exc. sol.; good pkg. stability, adhesion, salt spray, and water resist.

Properties: Gardner 1 color; dens. 7.49 lb/gal; acid no. 155-165; 50% act. Nacure® XC-2211 [King Ind.]

Chem. Descrip .: p-Toluene sulfonic acid in water

CAS 104-15-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-180-0

Uses: Blocked acid catalyst for waterborne thermosets, overprint varnish, general industrial, paper, wood coatings and inks; offers film hardness, high gloss, cure responses; 80 C min. cure

Properties: Gardner 1 color; dens. 9.80 lb/gal; acid no. 7.2-8.5; pH 7.5-8.5; 54% act.

Nacure® XC-8224 [King Ind.]

- Chem. Descrip .: p-Toluene sulfonic acid
- CAS 104-15-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-180-0

Uses: Blocked catalyst used in wood and paper coatings, and laminates; fast cure response and sol. in waterborne coatings; 65 C min. cure

Properties: Gardner 1 color; dens. 9.08 lb/gal; acid no. 8-9; 25% act.

Nacure® XP-386 [King Ind.]

Chem. Descrip .: p-Toluene sulfonic acid in water

CAS 104-15-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-180-0

Uses: Blocked acid catalyst for water-borne general industrial, paper, and wood coatings and inks; offers film hardness, high gloss, low temp. cure Properties: PH 6.1-6.4; 47% act.

- Nafol[®] 10 D [Condea Vista]
 - Chem. Descrip.: C10 alcohol (90% C10, 10% C8)
 - CAS 112-30-1; EINECS/ELINCS 203-956-9
 - Uses: Intermediate for mfg. of toiletries, cosmetics, detergents, laundry softeners, lubricating oil additives, plasticizers, plastics additives, textile/leather additives, disinfectants, agrochem., paper defoamers, flotation agents
 - Properties: Hazen 10 max. color; m.w. 155-162; sp.gr. 0.829 (20/4 C); solid. pt. 3 C; b.p. 215-240 C; acid no. 0.05 max.; iodine no. 0.2 max.; hyd. no. 345-365; flash pt. 95 C; 99% min. act.
- Nafol® 20+ [Condea Vista]
 - Chem. Descrip.: C20-24 alcohol (50% C20, 29% C22, 14% C24); EINECS/ ELINCS 307-145-1
 - Uses: Intermediate for mfg. of toiletries, cosmetics, detergents, laundry softeners, lubricating oil additives, plasticizers, plastics additives, textile/leather additives, disinfectants, agrochem., paper defoamers, flotation agents
 - Properties: Hazen 1800 max. color; sp.gr. 0.804 (80/4 C); solid. pt. 53-58 C; acid no. 1.0 max.; iodine no. 20 max.; hyd. no. 130-150; flash pt. 210 C; 80% act.

Nafol[®] 810 D [Condea Vista]

Chem. Descrip.: C8-10 alcohol (43% C8, 55% C10) CAS 85566-12-7

- Uses: Intermediate for mfg. of toiletries, cosmetics, detergents, laundry softeners, lubricating oil additives, plasticizers, plastics additives, textile/leather additives, disinfectants, agrochem., paper defoamers, flotation agents
- Properties: Hazen 10 max. color; m.w. 143-148; sp.gr. 0.827 (20/4 C); b.p. 195-240 C; acid no. 0.05 max.; iodine no. 0.15 max.; hyd. no. 380-390; pour pt. 11 C; flash pt. 85 C; 99% min. act.

Nafol® 1014 [Condea Vista]

- Chem. Descrip.: C10-14 alcohol (15% C10, 47% C12, 38% C14); EINECS/ ELINCS 283-066-5
- Uses: Intermediate for mfg. of toiletries, cosmetics, detergents, laundry softeners, lubricating oil additives, plasticizers, plastics additives, textile/leather additives, disinfectants, agrochem., paper defoamers, flotation agents
- Properties: Hazen 20 max. color; m.w. 187-193; sp.gr. 0.832 (20/4 C); solid. pt. 14-18 C; b.p. 230-285 C; acid no. 0.05 max.; iodine no. 0.2 max.; hyd. no. 290-300; flash pt. 118 C; 99% min. act.

Nafol® 1218 [Condea Vista]

Chem. Descrip.: C12-18 alcohol (40% C12, 30% C14, 18% C16, 10% C180 CAS 67762-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 267-006-5 Uses: Intermediate for mfg. of toiletries, cosmetics, detergents, laundry softeners, lubricating oil additives, plasticizers, plastics additives, textile/leather additives, disinfectants, agrochem., paper defoamers, flotation agents Properties: Hazen 30 max. color; m.w. 204-216; sp.gr. 0.823 (40/4 C); solid. pt. 25-28 C; b.p. 270-335 C; acid no. 0.1 max.; iodine no. 0.4 max.; hyd. no. 260-275; flash pt. 145 C; 98.5% min. act. Nafol® 1822 [Condea Chemie GmbH; Condea Vista] Chem. Descrip.: 1-Octadecanol, 1-eicosanol, and 1-docosanol Uses: Paper applics. Properties: Colorless solid; char. odor; sl. sol. in water; sp.gr. 0.804 (80 C); visc. 6.8 mPa•s (80 C); vapor pressure < 1.00 mbar; m.p. 58 C; solid. pt. 61 C; flash pt. 202 C Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg Environmental: Biodeg.; do not allow to enter soil, waterways, or wastewater Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂ Storage: Store in cool place away from sources of ignition Nafol® 1822 B [Condea Chemie GmbH; Condea Vista] Chem. Descrip.: 1-Octadecanol, 1-eicosanol, and 1-docosanol Uses: Paper applics. Properties: Colorless solid; char. odor; sl. sol. in water; sp.gr. 0.804 (80 C); visc. 7.1 mPa•s (80 C); vapor pressure < 1.00 mbar; m.p. 69 C; solid. pt. 64 C; flash pt. 204 C Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg Environmental: Biodeg.; do not allow to enter soil, waterways, or wastewater Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂ Storage: Store in cool place away from sources of ignition Nafol® 1822 C [Condea Chemie GmbH; Condea Vista] Chem. Descrip.: 1-Octadecanol, 1-eicosanol, and 1-docosanol Uses: Paper applics. Properties: Colorless solid; char. odor; sl. sol. in water; sp.gr. 0.804 (80 C); visc. 6.8 mPa•s (80 C); vapor pressure < 1.00 mbar; m.p. 58 C; solid. pt. 61 C; flash pt. 202 C Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg Environmental: Biodeg.; do not allow to enter soil, waterways, or wastewater Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂ Storage: Store in cool place away from sources of ignition Nagellite® 3050 [Telechemische] Chem. Descrip.: Tosylamide/epoxy resin Uses: Nail enamel resin, gloss aid; plasticizer for nitrocellulose; food-contact paper/paperboard; patented; formaldehyde-free; provides superior clarity, brilliance, gloss, adhesion Regulatory: FDA 21§CFR 175.105, 175.300, 176.170 Nansa[®] HS80S [Albright & Wilson UK] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dodecylbenzene sulfonate CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4 Uses: Formulation of detergents, hard surface and bottle cleaners; metal treatment; paper processing; scouring agent and wetting agent for textiles; grinding agent, foaming agent, and mortar plasticizer in building industry; wetting agent for agric. suspension concs. Properties: Cream powd.; sp.gr. 0.65; pH 9-11 (1%); 80% act.; anionic Nansa® HS85/S [Albright & Wilson UK] Chem. Descrip .: Sodium dodecylbenzene sulfonate CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4 Uses: Formulation of detergents, hard surface and bottle cleaners; metal treatment; paper processing; scouring agent and wetting agent for textiles; foaming agent and mortar plasticizer in building industry; rubber/plastics emulsifier; wetting agent for agric. suspension concs. Properties: Cream flake; dens. 0.5 g/cc; pH 9-11 (1%); 85 ± 3% act.; anionic Environmental: Biodeg. Natrosol[®] 250 [Hercules/Aqualon] Chem. Descrip .: Hydroxyethylcellulose CAS 9004-62-0 Uses: Thickener, protective colloid, binder, stabilizer, suspending agent for

coatings, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, textile printing pastes, paints, inks,

adhesives, electroplating, ceramics, textile/paper sizing, acid thickening for acidizing oil wells Regulatory: FDA compliance Properties: Wh. to It. tan gran. powd.; particle size 90% thru 40 mesh; watersol.; avail. in various visc. grades; pH 6.0-8.5 (2%); nonionic Naugard® 10 [Uniroyal] Chem. Descrip.: Tetrakis [methylene (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate)] methane CAS 6683-19-8; EINECS/ELINCS 229-722-6 Uses: Antioxidant for polyolefins, styrenics, elastomers, adhesives, lubricants, oils, PP, LDPE, LLDPE, HDPE, HIPS, ABS, polyester, EVA, cellulosics, nylon, polyester, PS, PVC, acetal, EPDM, PU; food-contact pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, wood preservatives; antioxidant for food-grade polymers; nondiscoloring; effective against thermal oxidative degradation during long term heat aging Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.125, 175.300, 175.300(b)(2,3), 175.320(b)(3), 176.170(a)(5), 176.170(b)(2), 176.180, 177.2470 (b), 178.2010, 178.3800, 178.3850 Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd. or gran.; sol. (g/100 ml): 100 g acetone, chloroform, benzene; m.w. 1178; sp.gr. 1.05; m.p. 110-125 C; flash pt. 299 Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; LD50 (dermal, rabbit) > 3160 mg/ kg; nonirritating to eyes, skin Storage: 1 yr storage life in sealed containers in cool, dry areas; avoid extended storage at elevated temps. Naugex[®] MBT [Uniroyal] *Chem. Descrip.:* 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole CAS 149-30-4; EINECS/ELINCS 205-736-8 Uses: General-purpose accelerator for NR, SR, EPDM, tire treads, carcass, wire insulation, footwear, mech. goods, food-contact rubber articles; food pkg. adhesives; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard; retarder for CR cures, esp. G types at all temps.; used in many sulfur-curable elastomers; nondiscoloring, nonstaining; broad curing range; fast curing above 240 F; mod. low activation temp.; may scorch during processing; disperses readily Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.300, 177.2600 Properties: Lt. yel. to tan free-flowing powd.; distinct odor; sol. in acetone and alkaline sol'ns.; sl. sol. in alcohol; insol. in water; sp.gr. 1.50; m.p. 170-180 Toxicology: Repeated minimal contact with skin may cause sensitization Storage: Exc. storage stability (> 4 yrs when stored in cool, dry place away from direct sources of heat and light) N® Clear Sodium Silicate [PQ] Chem. Descrip .: Sodium silicate CAS 1344-09-8; EINECS/ELINCS 215-687-4 Uses: Corrosion inhibitor for water systems; peroxide bleaching of textiles; detergent, deflocculant, bleaching enhancer, alkalinity agent in deinking paper stock; peroxide stabilizer in repulping and postbleaching; peroxide bleaching textiles Properties: Syrupy liq.; sp.gr. 1.38 (20 C); dens. 11.6 lb/gal; visc. 180 cps; pH 11.3; 28.7% SiO₂, 8.9% Na₂O Toxicology: Alkalinity can irritate eyes and skin Environmental: Environmentally friendly Storage: For extended storage, use tightly closed drums, steel containers, or containers of nonreactive materials NC Size C-25 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Chem. Descrip.: Stylene-acrylic type copolymer CAS 9010-92-8 Uses: Surf. sizing agent for paper impregnation and coating; outstanding sizing effect compared to that of existing sizing agents Use Level: 5-10 times diluted sol'n. for total of 1-4% per paper Properties: Wh. semi-transparent liq.; pH 5; cationic Necco Fire Retardant 2750 [Northern Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium sulfamate unmodified sol'n. CAS 7773-06-0; EINECS/ELINCS 231-871-7 Uses: Fire retardant for use on paper, nonwovens, and textile fabrics Properties: Colorless clear to sl. hazy liq.; dilutable with water; sp.gr. 1.263 (30 C); dens. 10.5 lb/gal; pH 5.8; 50% solids

Storage: 6 mos stability

Necco Fire Retardant 2758 [Northern Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium sulfamate modified sol'n.

CAS 7773-06-0; EINECS/ELINCS 231-871-7 Uses: Fire retardant for use on paper, nonwovens, textile fabrics; modified to

prevent afterglow, to resist discoloration on heating or storage, to have good compat. with latex binders, and to eliminate crystallization of salts on surf. of treated goods Properties: Colorless clear to sl. hazy liq.; dilutable with water; sp.gr. 1.254 (30 C); dens. 10.44 lb/gal; pH 6.2; 50% solids Storage: 6 mos stability Necco Fire Retardant 2762 [Northern Prods.] Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium sulfamate modified sol'n. CAS 7773-06-0; EINECS/ELINCS 231-871-7 Uses: Fire retardant for use on paper, nonwovens, textile fabrics; specifically for use with chrome complex-type water repellents Properties: Colorless clear to sl. hazy liq.; dilutable with water; sp.gr. 1.312 (30 C); dens. 10.93 lb/gal; pH 4.1; 58.5% solids Storage: 6 mos stability Necco Fire Retardant 3000DM [Northern Prods.] Uses: Flame retardant for paper, textile, and nonwovens, esp. in decorative crepe or tissue, match board, box board textiles, and nonwovens which do not require permanent fire protection Properties: Clear liq.; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.28 ± 0.02; dens. 10.4 lb/gal; pH 5.8; 50 ± 1% act. Storage: 6 mos storage stability; keep drums closed; store @ R.T.; some settling or crystallization may occur at freezing temps.; warm to 90 F to restore Necco Fire Retardant K-6 [Northern Prods.] Uses: Fire retardant for use on paper, nonwovens, textile fabrics Properties: Colorless clear to sl. hazy liq.; dilutable with water; sp.gr. 1.318 (30 C); dens. 10.98 lb/gal; pH 6.2; 58.5% solids Storage: 6 mos stability Necco FR 682 [Northern Prods.] Uses: Flame retardant for woven fabrics, paper, and other nonwovens incl. filter media, carpets, tent fabric, fiberfill for insulation, automotive fabric, flocked fabric, sleeping bags, and upholstery; durable; can be used in conjunction with water repellents, fungicides, and pigments for use on natural and syn. substrates; low smoke generation; nonmigrating in most instance Properties: Disp. in water in all proportions; sp.gr. 2.00; dens. 16.6 lb/gal; pH 7.5; 70% solids; nonionic Necco FR 7065D [Northern Prods.] Uses: Flame retardant for industrial fabrics and papers; durable; for use with select water repellents, fungicides, pigments, and polymers Properties: Disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.59; dens. 13.25 lb/gal; pH 7.5 ± 0.5; 66 ± 1% solids; nonionic Necon SOG [Alzo] Chem. Descrip.: Soyamidopropyl dimethylamino glycolate Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, conditioner with exc. hair substantivity, fly-away control, softening props., and enhanced wet and dry combing; emulsifier for pulp/paper industry Properties: Dk. yel. sl. visc. liq., mild ammoniacal odor; water-sol.; sp.gr. 0.99; pH 7.0; 70% NV in propylene glycol; cationic Necon SOGU [Alzo] Chem. Descrip.: Soyamidopropyl dimethylamino gluconate Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, conditioner with exc. hair substantivity, fly-away control, softening props., and enhanced wet and dry combing; emulsifier for pulp/paper industry Properties: Dk. amber visc. liq., mild ammoniacal odor; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.06; pH 7.0; 70% NV in propylene glycol; cationic Necon SOLC [Alzo] Chem. Descrip.: Linoleamido dimethylamino lactate Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, conditioner with exc. skin and hair substantivity, fly-away control, softening props., and enhanced wet and dry combing; emulsifier for pulp/paper industry Properties: Dk. amber visc. liq., mild ammoniacal odor; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.00; pH 7.0; 70% NV in propylene glycol; cationic Neobor® [U.S. Borax] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate CAS 12179-04-3; EINECS/ELINCS 215-540-4 Uses: Source of boric oxide for insulation fiber glass, textile fiberglass, and borosilicate glasses; flame retardant for cellulosics; peptizing agent in adhesives; pH buffer, abrasive in cleaning prods.; wax and oil emulsifier; food pkg. adhesives; food-contact paper; ceramic wares; bleaching agent in laundry powds.; water softener; visc. control; corrosion inhibitor; enzyme stabilizer; lubricant carrier in wire drawing; bonding agent in refractories; metallurgical flux; inc. str., scratch and chem. resist. of ceramic wares

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 181.30; SARA nonreportable, DOT nonregulated

- Properties: Wh. cryst. gran. or powd.; odorless; sol. in water, glycols; m.w. 291.35; sp.gr. 1.81; vapor pressure negligible (20 C); m.p. < 200 C; pH 9.3 (3%); nonflamm.; > 99% act.
- *Toxicology:* OSHA PEL 10 mg/m³ total dust; LD50 (oral, rat) 3200-3400 mg/kg; (skin, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat) > 2.0 mg/l; low acute oral and dermal toxicity; inh. @ > 10 mg/m³ may cause mild irritation to nose and throat; TSCA listed

Environmental: EC50 (Daphnia magna, 24 h) 242 mg; lg. amts. can be harmful to plants and other species

Precaution: Reacts as weak acid which may cause corrosion of base metals; incompat. with strong reducing agents which will generate hydrogen gas

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Rec. dry indoor storage @ R.T. Neocin[™]-HSC [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Chem. Descrip .: Sulfuric acid and low-foaming surfactants

Uses: Cleaner, dispersant for removal of inorganic deposits with org. constituents in paper processing

Properties: Nonionic

NeoCryl® A-630 [NeoResins]

- Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic copolymer
- CAS 25133-97-5

Uses: Used in high gloss coatings for metal, paper, and plastics; water-borne, air-dry acrylic; can be flow coated, dipped, or sprayed

Properties: Dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 600 cps; pH 7.5-8.0; Sward hardness 50 (7 days); 44% NV

NeoCryl® B-728 [NeoResins]

Chem. Descrip.: Methacrylate homopolymer

- Uses: Used in lacquers for vinyl films, tiles, fabrics, metals, paper, and wood, barrier coats, inks, adhesives; used with sol'n. vinyls, NC; solid, thermoplastic acrylic; hard and durable film
- Properties: Beads; sp.gr. 1.19; visc. 1200 cps (35% MEK); R&B soften. pt. > 200 C; Sward hardness 60 (7 days); 98% NV

NeoCryl® BT-175 [NeoResins]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic polymer

- CAS 25133-97-5
- Uses: Used in flexographic and gravure inks for paper, film, foil, and board coatings; grinding vehicle for aq. coatings; water-borne, heat cured acrylic; exc. pigment wetting
- Properties: Alkali soluble; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 100 cps; pH 4.0; 40% NV Neodene® 12/14 [Shell]
 - Chem. Descrip.: C12-C14 alpha olefin blend

CAS 64743-02-8; EINECS/ELINCS 272-492-7

Uses: Intermediate for biodeg. surfactants and specialty industrial chems.; for lube additives and paper sizing

Properties: Liq.; 100% conc.

Environmental: Biodeg.

Neodene® 14/16 [Shell]

Chem. Descrip.: C14-C16 alpha olefin blend

CAS 64743-02-8; EINECS/ELINCS 272-493-2

Uses: Intermediate for biodeg. surfactants and specialty industrial chems.; for lube additives and paper sizing

Properties: Liq.; 100% conc.

Environmental: Biodeg.

Neodene® 15/18 [Shell]

Chem. Descrip.: Internal olefin

Uses: Intermediate for paper sizing, drilling muds

Neodene® 16/18 [Shell]

Chem. Descrip.: C16-C18 alpha olefin blend CAS 64743-02-8; EINECS/ELINCS 272-494-8

UAS 04/43-U2-0; EINEUS/ELINUS 2/2-494-8

Uses: Intermediate for biodeg. surfactants, specialty industrial chems., lube additives, and paper sizing

Properties: Liq.; 100% conc.

Environmental: Biodeg. Neodene® 20/22/24 [Shell]

Chem. Descrip.: C20-C24 alpha olefin blend

CAS 64743-02-8

Uses: Intermediate for biodeg. surfactants, specialty industrial chems., lube additives, and paper sizing

Properties: Liq.; 100% conc.

Environmental: Biodeg Storage: 6 mos shelf life; store @ 40-90 F away from heat Neonal[™]-HSC [Dr. W. Kolb AG] NeuRoz® XC-7 [Plasmine Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Soda lye and low-foaming surfactants Chem. Descrip.: Rosin disp. CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7 Uses: Cleaner, dispersant for removal of organic deposits with inorg. constitu-Uses: Internal sizing agent for papermaking; component of paper/paperboard ents in paper processing Properties: Nonionic in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; effective from pH 4.5-8.5, with or without Neoprene Latex 654 [DuPont; DuPont Canada] CaCO₃ in furnish; exc. stability; patented Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Chem. Descrip.: Anionic, high solids, colloidal system containing a lowmodulus polychloroprene homopolymer Properties: Milky wh. disp.; odorless; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.05; dens. 8.67 CAS 9010-98-4 lb/gal; visc. 500 cps; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. nonflamm.; 35% total solids; Uses: For heat activated and laminating adhesives, coatings, impregnated cationic paper, and bonded batts Toxicology: No health hazards known; avoid skin and eye contact Properties: 59% solids Precaution: Keep away from heat, strong alkali and strong acid Neoprene Latex 735A [DuPont; DuPont Canada] HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 Chem. Descrip.: Anionic colloidal system containing a low-modulus, slow Storage: 6 mos shelf life; store @ 40-90 F; keep from freezing; if accidentally crystallizing polychloroprene homopolymer frozen, mix thoroughly Neutros® [Eka Chems.] CAS 9010-98-4 Chem. Descrip .: Rosin disp., casein-stabilized Uses: For mfg. of cellulose and asbestos paper, blending with other Neoprene latexes to improve wet-gel strength; used for adhesives, bonded batts, CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7 Uses: Sizing agent for internal sizing of all kinds of paper and board in pH coatings, saturants range of 4-6 Properties: Visc. 5 cps; pH 11.5; 45% solids; 38.5% chlorine Neoprene Latex 842A [DuPont; DuPont Canada] Properties: Anionic Chem. Descrip.: Anionic colloidal system containing chloroprene copolymer Neutros[®] Extra [Eka Chems.] CAS 9010-98-4 Chem. Descrip.: Rosin disp., casein-stabilized CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7 Uses: Used for sat. cellulose paper, coatings, curled hair, laminating adhesives, elasticized aluminuous cement, dipped goods; versatile latex Uses: Sizing agent for internal sizing of all kinds of paper and board; formu-Properties: Visc. 15 cps; pH 12.0; 50% solids; 37.5% chlorine lated for sizing in neutral or sl. alkaline conditions in presence of CaCO₃ and '; NeuRoz® 426 [Plasmine Tech.] under elevated stock temps. Properties: Anionic Chem. Descrip .: Rosin aq. disp CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7 Nevchem® 70 [Neville] Uses: Sizing agent for papermaking incl. wh. papers, deep colors, virgin linerboard, Chem. Descrip.: Alkylated petrol. hydrocarbon resin and 100% OCC furnishes; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ Uses: Adhesives (hot-melt pressure-sensitive, mastic); coatings (aluminum, fatty/dry foods; effective at pH 4.0-7.5; cost effective; exc. stability emulsion, industrial, marine, paper, traffic, wire/cable); inks; rubber (ce-Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 ments, mechanical and molded goods, tires); concrete-curing compds.; Properties: Milky wh. disp.; sl. odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.07; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; caulking compds.; processing aid in rubber compds.; food-contact adhesives, rubber articles, wood preservatives visc. 50 cps; m.p. 0 C; b.p. 100 C; flash pt. nonflamm.; pH 3.0; 40% total solids; cationic Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.2600, 178.3800 Toxicology: May cause eye irritation and reddening, itching, inflamm. of skin and Properties: Gardner 12 (50% in toluene) solid; sol. in esters, ethers, ketones eyes; prolonged skin contact may cause irritation and dermatitis; inh. may (except acetone), chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene hydrocarcause respiratory tract irritation, coughing; ing. may irritate digestive tract bons; m.w. 430; sp.gr. 1.02; soften. pt. (R&B) 72 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 70; Precaution: Avoid contact with strong oxidizers flash pt. (COC) 415 F Nevchem® 100 [Neville] Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, trace NO_x HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 Chem. Descrip.: Alkylated petrol. hydrocarbon resin Storage: 6 mos shelf life; store @ 40-90 F; keep from freezing, but if accidentally Uses: Adhesives (hot-melt pressure-sensitive, mastic); coatings (aluminum, frozen, mix thoroughly emulsion, industrial, marine, paper, traffic, wire/cable); inks; rubber (ce-NeuRoz® 540 [Plasmine Tech.] ments, mechanical and molded goods, tires); concrete-curing compds.; Chem. Descrip.: Rosin aq. emulsion caulking compds.; plasticizer, softener, processing aid in rubber compds.; food-contact adhesives, rubber articles, wood preservatives CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7 Uses: Sizing agent for acid papermaking; component of paper/paperboard in Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.2600, 178.3800 contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; effective at pH 4.5-5.5; exc. stability Properties: Gardner 12 (50% in toluene) solid, flakes; sol. in esters, ethers, Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 ketones (except acetone), chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene Properties: Milky wh. emulsion; odorless; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.05; dens. hydrocarbons; m.w. 640; sp.gr. 1.063; soften. pt. (R&B) 103 C; iodine no. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. nonflamm.; pH 5.5-6.5; (Wijs) 100; flash pt. (COC) 455 F 40% total solids; anionic Nevchem® 110 [Neville] Chem. Descrip.: Alkylated petrol. hydrocarbon resin Toxicology: No health hazards known; avoid skin and eye contact Precaution: Keep away from heat, strong alkali and strong acid Uses: Adhesives (hot melt pressure sensitive, mastic); coatings (aluminum, HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 emulsion, industrial, marine, paper, traffic, wire/cable), inks, rubber (ce-Storage: 6 mos shelf life; store @ 40-90 F; keep from freezing, but if accidenments, mechanical and molded goods, tires), concrete-curing compds., tally frozen, mix thoroughly caulking compds.; processing aid in rubber compds.; food-contact adhe-NeuRoz® 700 [Plasmine Tech.] sives, rubber articles, wood preservatives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.2600, 178.3800 Chem. Descrip .: Rosin emulsion CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7 Properties: Gardner 12 (50% in toluene) solid, flakes; sol. in esters, ethers, Uses: Internal sizing agent for neutral papermaking incl. recycled fiber; comketones (except acetone), chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene ponent of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; suitable with hydrocarbons; m.w. 715; sp.gr. 1.064; soften. pt. (R&B) 110 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 100; flash pt. (COC) 465 F and without calcium carbonate; exc. mech. stability Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Nevchem® 120 [Neville] Chem. Descrip.: Alkylated petrol. hydrocarbon resin Properties: Milky wh. emulsion; odorless; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.05; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. nonflamm.; pH 6-7; 40% Uses: Adhesives (hot melt pressure sensitive, mastic); coatings (aluminum, total solids; anionic emulsion, industrial, marine, paper, traffic, wire/cable), inks, rubber (cements, mechanical and molded goods, tires), concrete-curing compds., Toxicology: No health hazards known; avoid skin and eye contact Precaution: Keep away from heat, strong alkali and strong acid caulking compds.; processing aid in rubber compds.; food-contact adhesives, rubber articles, wood preservatives HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.2600, 178.3800

Properties: Gardner 12 (50% in toluene) solid, flakes; sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene hydrocarbons; m.w. 880; sp.gr. 1.070; soften. pt. (R&B) 120 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 100; flash pt. (COC) 475 F

Nevchem® 130 [Neville]

- Chem. Descrip.: Alkylated petrol. hydrocarbon resin
- Uses: Adhesives (hot melt pressure sensitive, mastic); coatings (aluminum, emulsion, industrial, marine, paper, traffic, wire/cable), inks, rubber (cements, mechanical and molded goods, tires), concrete-curing compds., caulking compds.; processing aid in rubber compds.; food-contact adhesives, rubber articles, wood preservatives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.2600, 178.3800

Properties: Gardner 12 (50% in toluene) solid, flakes; sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene hydrocarbons; m.w. 1092; sp.gr. 1.076; soften. pt. (R&B) 130 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 107; flash pt. (COC) 510 F

Nevchem® 140 [Neville]

- Chem. Descrip.: Alkylated petrol. hydrocarbon resin
- Uses: Adhesives (hot melt pressure sensitive, mastic); coatings (aluminum, emulsion, industrial, marine, paper, traffic, wire/cable), inks, rubber (cements, mechanical and molded goods, tires), concrete-curing compds., caulking compds.; processing aid in rubber compds.; food-contact adhesives, rubber articles, wood preservatives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.2600, 178.3800

Properties: Gardner 12 (50% in toluene) solid, flakes; sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene hydrocarbons; m.w. 1110; sp.gr. 1.080; soften. pt. (R&B) 140 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 107; flash pt. (COC) 520 F

Nevchem® 150 [Neville]

Chem. Descrip.: Alkylated petrol. hydrocarbon resin

Uses: Adhesives (hot melt pressure sensitive, mastic); coatings (aluminum, emulsion, industrial, marine, paper, traffic, wire/cable), inks, rubber (cements, mechanical and molded goods, tires), concrete-curing compds., caulking compds.; processing aid in rubber compds.; food-contact adhesives, rubber articles, wood preservatives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.2600, 178.3800

Properties: Gardner 12 (50% in toluene) solid, flakes; sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene hydrocarbons; m.w. 1200; sp.gr. 1.09; soften. pt. (R&B) 150 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 107; flash pt. (COC) 550 F

Nevex® 100 [Neville]

Chem. Descrip.: Modified hydrocarbon resin

- Uses: Compatibilizer for wax and ethylene-vinyl acetate systems; in adhesives (hot-melt, hot-melt pressure-sensitive, mastic, pressure-sensitive); coatings (can & drum, industrial, paper); rubber (cements, mechanical and molded goods, tires); reinforcing agent, processing aid, dispersant, softener for NR, SBR; food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber articles, wood preservatives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3800
- Properties: Gardner 12 (50% in toluene) solid, flake; sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), and chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene hydrocarbons; m.w. 640; sp.gr. 1.120; soften. pt. (R&B) 100 C; acid no. < 1; iodine no. (Wijs) 55; flash pt. (COC) 410 F

Nevpene® 9500 [Neville]

Chem. Descrip.: Modified hydrocarbon resin

- Uses: Tackifier, plasticizer, softener, process aid for NR, SR, latexes, adhesives (hot-melt, hot-melt pressure-sensitive, mastic, pressure-sensitive), coatings (emulsion, fabric, paper), rubber (cements, mech. goods, molded goods, tires), caulks; food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber articles, wood preservatives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3800
- Properties: Gardner 8 (50% in toluene) solid, flakes; sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), and chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene hydrocarbons; m.w. 1040; sp.gr. 1.050; soften. pt. (R&B) 95 C; acid no. < 1; iodine no. (Wijs) 97; flash pt. (COC) 450 F

Nevtac® 10° [Neville]

Chem. Descrip.: Syn. polyterpene resin

CAS 9003-74-1

Uses: Tackifier for PP, PE, NR, SIS block copolymers, EVA, polyisoprene,

and butyl rubber used in solv. and hot-melt adhesives, coatings, rubber prods., concrete-curing compds., and caulking compds.; food pkg. pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber articles

Regulatory: FDA 21 CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600

Properties: Gardner 6 (50% in toluene) liq.; sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), aromatic, naphthenic, chlorinated, and terpene hydrocarbons; m.w. 363; sp.gr. 0.99; soften. pt. (R&B) 10 C; flash pt. (COČ) 400 F

Nevtac® 80 [Neville]

Chem. Descrip .: Syn. polyterpene resin

CAS 9003-74-1 Uses: Tackifier for PP, PE, NR, SIS block copolymers, EVA, polyisoprene, and butyl rubber used in solv. and hot-melt adhesives, coatings, rubber prods., concrete-curing compds., and caulking compds.; food pkg. pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber articles

Regulatory: FDA 21 CFR §175.125, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600

Properties: Gardner 5 (50% in toluene) solid; sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), and chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene hydrocarbons; m.w. 1070; sp.gr. 0.97; soften. pt. (R&B) 81 C; flash pt. (COC) 440 F

Nevtac® 100 [Neville]

Chem. Descrip.: Syn. polyterpene resin

CAS 9003-74-1

- Uses: Tackifier for PP, PE, NR, SIS block copolymers, EVA, polyisoprene, and butyl rubber used in solv. and hot-melt adhesives, coatings, rubber prods., concrete-curing compds., and caulking compds.; food pkg. pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21 CFR §175.125, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600
- Properties: Gardner 3+ (50% in toluene) solid, flakes; sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), and chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene hydrocarbons; m.w. 1215; sp.gr. 0.97; soften. pt. (R&B) 101 C; flash pt. (COC) 450 F
- Nevtac® 115 [Neville]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Syn. polyterpene resin

CAS 9003-74-1

- Uses: Tackifier for PP, PE, NR, SIS block copolymers, EVA, polyisoprene, and butyl rubber used in solv. and hot-melt adhesives, coatings, rubber prods., concrete-curing compds., and caulking compds.; food pkg. pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber articles Regulatory: FDA 21 CFR §175.125, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170,
- 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600
- Properties: Gardner 6 (50% in toluene) solid, flakes; sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), and chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene hydrocarbons; m.w. 1405; sp.gr. 0.99; soften. pt. (R&B) 114 C; flash pt. (COC) 460 F
- Newpelt-1000 [NOF]

Chem. Descrip.: Alkyl ketene dimer

Uses: Sizing agent for paper industry; neutral

- Properties: Lt. yellowish solid
- Newrex Paste H [NOF]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dodecylbenzene sulfonate
 - CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4
 - Uses: Detergent for textile scouring, industrial cleaners, food industry; dispersant for pulp/paper, dyestuffs, pigments, petrol., and tar; anticaking agent in agric.; molding additive in ceramics; emulsifier for plastics and rubber; antidust agent for mining industry
- Properties: Lt. yel. paste; anionic

Newrex Powd. F [NOF]

Chem. Descrip .: Sodium dodecylbenzene sulfonate

CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4

- Uses: Detergent for textile scouring, industrial cleaners, food industry; dispersant for pulp/paper, petrol. and tar industries; anticaking agent in agric.; molding additive in ceramics; antidust agent for mining industry Properties: Wh. powd.; anionic
- Newrex R [NOF]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium n-dodecylbenzene sulfonate (soft type) CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4

Uses: Detergent for cosmetic shampoos, textile scouring, industrial cleaners, food industry; dispersant for pulp/paper, petrol. and tar industries; anticaking agent in agric.; molding additive in ceramics; emulsifier for plastics and

rubber; additive in coal mining fluids, and paints; preservative for food-contact adhesives, paper, polymer emulsions; slimicide for food-contact paper mfg.; water-based; effective Properties: Lt. yel. paste; anionic Niccadine 400 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] against yeast; stable to light and at pH 2-12; nonflamm.; nonexplosive Chem. Descrip.: Special polyamide resin Use Level: 0.2-0.4% Uses: Drier adhering agent for paper making process for thin papers such as Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300; BGA XIV, tissues and toilet rolls XXXVI Use Level: Mod. diluted sol'n. to riffer, head box, etc. for total of 0.1-0.5% per Properties: Brn. clear liq.; sol. in water @ 10% (disperses above this level); pulp or spray mod. diluted sol'n. to dryer insol. in oil; pH 7 (0.1% aq.) Properties: Straw colored transparent lig.; pH 6.5 Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5000 mg/kg; low toxicity; components are known Niccasolt FT-1 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] sensitizers; irritant Chem. Descrip .: Special activator Environmental: Biodeg. when diluted below the min. inhibitory conc.; does not bioaccumulate Uses: Pitch control agent for pulp making process; prevents pitch trouble when applied to continuous washing to felt Storage: Store @ 4-40 C away from direct sunlight Properties: Colorless transparent liq.; pH 6.5 (5%); cationic Nipacide[®] BIT 20 [Nipa Inc] Niccasolt O-2 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] *Chem. Descrip.:* 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one and propylene glycol aq. sol'n. Chem. Descrip.: Special activator Uses: Microbiostat preservative, bactericide, fungicide for aq. systems, e.g., o/w emulsions, polymer emulsions and latexes, emulsion paints, water-Uses: Pitch control agent for pulp making process; prevents pitch trouble by removing resins in oxygen bleaching tower based adhesives, casein and rosin disps., textile spin-finish sol'ns., metal-Use Level: > 0.05% to pulp during oxygen mixing working fluids, fountain sol'ns., min. slurries, pigment disps., water treat-Properties: Yellowish transparent liq.; pH 10 (5%); nonionic ment, textile coatings and sol'ns., leather applics.; food pkg. adhesives, Niccasolt PTOL [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] paper; slimicide in food-contact paper; effective against yeast; stable to light Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic polymer and at pH 2-12; nonflamm.; nonexplosive Uses: Pitch control agent for pulp making process; prevents recoagulation of Use Level: 0.04-0.09% (latexes), 0.04-0.18% (o/w emulsions), 0.04-0.26% (emulsion paint, in-can preservation), 0.02-0.09% (adhesives), 0.03-0.09% pitch and lowers its tackiness; proves effective at low concs., and more so when talc, etc. are jointly used (paper coatings) Use Level: 0.02-0.1% per pulp to mixing chest and machine chest Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300; EPA reg. no. 49403-14; BGA XIV, XXXVI Properties: Lt. brownish wh. visc. liq.; pH 5 (5%); cationic Properties: Beige to brn. clear or faintly turbid liq.; misc. with water and oil; Niccasunclean FP-100 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] sp.gr. 1.18; visc. 225 cps; flash pt. (Seta) > 93.3 C; pH 8-9 (0.1% aq.) Chem. Descrip .: Nat. extracts, activator Uses: Felt detergent for papermaking process; of surfactant and nat. solv. Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; low toxicity; components are type, provides outstanding results used in continuous and intermittent washknown sensitizers; in conc. form may cause chem. burns, skin and eye irritation and/or skin sensitization; harmful if swallowed or absorbed thru skin ing Use Level: Shower 0.03-0.1% diluted sol'n. continuously Environmental: Biodeq. when diluted below the min. inhibitory conc.; does Properties: Straw colored limpid visc. liq.; pH 12; nonionic not bioaccumulate Niccasunclean TA [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Precaution: Corrosive Storage: Store @ 4-40 C away from direct sunlight in dry place in closed Chem. Descrip .: Compd. of inorg. acid, activator Uses: Felt detergent for papermaking process; of acid type for blended felts, containers; do not store @ elevated temps.; keep from freezing low foaming; provides outstanding results used in continuous washing Nipacide[®] BIT AS [Nipa Inc; Nipa Labs] Use Level: Shower 0.03-0.1% diluted sol'n. continuously Chem. Descrip.: 1,2-Benziosthiazolin-3-one (33%) aq. sol'n. Properties: Straw colored transparent liq.; pH 2 (1%); nonionic CAS 2634-33-5; EINECS/ELINCS 220-120-9 Nipabenzyl [Nipa Inc; Nipa Labs] Uses: Industrial biocide, preservative, bactericide, fungicide for water-based Chem. Descrip .: Benzylparaben prods. incl. adhesives, polymer emulsions, fountain sol'ns., metalworking CAS 94-18-8; EINECS/ELINCS 202-311-9 fluids, and paints; preservative for food-contact adhesives, paper, polymer Uses: Preservative, bactericide, fungicide for pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, emulsions; slimicide for food-contact paper mfg.; water-based; effective foods, medicinal preps., industrial applics.; chemical intermediate; color against yeast; stable to light and at pH 2-12; nonflamm.; nonexplosive developing agent for heat-sensitive recording papers Use Level: 0.1-0.2% Regulatory: BP, NF, Eur.Ph., FCC compliance Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300; BGA XIV, Properties: Wh. fine cryst. powd., odorless, tasteless; sol. (g/100 g solv.) XXXVI 102 g acetone, 79 g methanol, 72 g ethanol, 60 g lanolin, 42 g ether; m.w. Properties: Buff opaque liq.; sol. in water @ 10% (disperses above this 228.25; m.p. 110-112 C; 99% assay level); insol. in oil; pH 6.6-7.5 (0.1% aq.) *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; nonirritating to skin, sl. harmful by Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; low toxicity; components are ingestion, sl. irritating to eyes known sensitizers Nipacide[®] BIT 10 [Nipa Inc] Environmental: Biodeg. when diluted below the min. inhibitory conc.; does Chem. Descrip.: 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one sol'n. (9.5%) not bioaccumulate CAS 2634-33-5; EINECS/ELINCS 220-120-9 Precaution: Corrosive Uses: Industrial biocide, preservative, bactericide, fungicide for water-based Storage: Store @ 4-40 C away from direct sunlight prods. incl. adhesives, polymer emulsions, fountain sol'ns., metalworking Nipacide[®] BKX [Nipa Inc; Nipa Labs] fluids, and paints; preservative for food-contact adhesives, paper, polymer Chem. Descrip.: Chlorinated/nonchlorinated isothiazolinones and emulsions; slimicide for food-contact paper mfg.; glycol-based; effective bromonitropropanediol against yeast; stable to light and at pH 2-12; nonflamm.; nonexplosive Uses: Biocide, bactericide, fungicide for aq. prods. incl. adhesives, polymer Use Level: 0.2-0.4% emulsions, metalworking fluids, and paints; preservative for food-contact Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300; EPA reg. adhesives, paper, polymer emulsions; slimicide for food-contact paper mfg.; no. 49403-26; BGA XIV, XXXVI water-based; stable to light and at pH 4-9; nonflamm.; nonexplosive Use Level: 0.1-0.2% Properties: Beige to brn. clear lig.; misc. with water and oil; pH 8-9 (0.1% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300; BGA XIV, aq.) Toxicology: Low toxicity XXXVI Storage: Store @ 4-40 C away from direct sunlight Properties: Pale yel. clear liq.; misc. with water; insol. in oil; pH 7 (0.1% aq.) Nipacide BIT 10A [Nipa Inc; Nipa Labs] Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; low toxicity; components are not Chem. Descrip .: 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one known sensitizers CAS 2634-33-5; EINECS/ELINCS 220-120-9

Uses: Industrial biocide, preservative, bactericide, fungicide for water-based prods. incl. adhesives, polymer emulsions, fountain sol'ns., metalworking

- Environmental: Biodeg. when diluted below the min. inhibitory conc.; does not bioaccumulate
- Storage: Store @ 4-40 C away from direct sunlight

Nipacide[®] CBX A [Nipa Inc]

Chem. Descrip.: Benzisothiazolinone, chlormethyl isothiazolinone, and methyl isothiazolinone ag. disp. Uses: Industrial biocide, preservative, bactericide, fungicide for water-based prods. incl. adhesives, polymer emulsions, fountain sol'ns., metalworking fluids, and paints; preservative for food-contact adhesives, paper, polymer emulsions; slimicide for food-contact paper mfg.; effective against yeast; stable to light and at pH 4-10; nonflamm.; nonexplosive Use Level: 0.1-0.2% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300; BGA XIV, XXXVI XXXVI Properties: Buff opaque liq.; misc. with water; insol. in oil; pH 7 (0.1% aq.) Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2000 mg/kg; low toxicity; components are known sensitizers Environmental: Biodeg. when diluted below the min. inhibitory conc.; does not bioaccumulate Precaution: Corrosive Storage: Store @ 4-40 C away from direct sunlight Nipacide[®] CFX2 [Nipa Labs] Chem. Descrip.: Chlorinated and nonchlorinated isothiazolinones plus ethyl glycol bis hemiformal Uses: Industrial biocide, preservative, bactericide, fungicide for water-based prods. incl. adhesives, polymer emulsions, fountain sol'ns., metalworking fluids, and paints; preservative for food-contact polymer emulsions; slimicide for food-contact paper mfg.; water-based; effective against yeast; esp. rec. for use at high ambient temps.; stable to light and at pH 4-10; nonflamm.; nonexplosive Use Level: 0.1-0.3% Regulatory: BGA XIV, XXXVI Properties: Yel. clear liq.; misc. with water; insol. in oil; pH 7.5 (0.1% aq.) Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2531 mg/kg; low toxicity; components are known sensitizers Environmental: Biodeg. when diluted below the min. inhibitory conc.; does not bioaccumulate Precaution: Corrosive Storage: Store @ 4-40 C away from direct sunlight Nipacide[®] CFX3 [Nipa Labs] Chem. Descrip.: Chlorinated and nonchlorinated isothiazolinones plus ethyl glycol bis hemiformal Uses: Industrial biocide, preservative, bactericide, fungicide for water-based prods. incl. adhesives, polymer emulsions, fountain sol'ns., metalworking fluids, and paints; preservative for food-contact polymer emulsions; slimicide for food-contact paper mfg.; water-based; effective against yeast; esp. rec. for use at high ambient temps.; stable to light and at pH 4-10; nonflamm.; nonexplosive Use Level: 0.1-0.3% Regulatory: BGA XIV, XXXVI Properties: Yel. clear lig.; misc. with water; insol. in oil; pH 7.5 (0.1% ag.) *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 3965 mg/kg; low toxicity; components are known sensitizers Environmental: Biodeg. when diluted below the min. inhibitory conc.; does not bioaccumulate Precaution: Corrosive Storage: Store @ 4-40 C away from direct sunlight Nipacide[®] CI [Nipa Inc] *Chem. Descrip.:* Chlormethyl isothiazolinone and methyl isothiazolinone Uses: Industrial biocide, preservative, bactericide, fungicide for water-based prods. incl. adhesives, polymer emulsions, fountain sol'ns., metalworking fluids, and paints; preservative for food-contact adhesives, paper, polymer emulsions; slimicide for food-contact paper mfg.; water-based; effective XXXVI against yeast; stable to light and at pH 4-9; nonflamm.; nonexplosive Use Level: 0.01-0.03% aq.) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300; BGA XIV, XXXVI Properties: Yel. clear liq.; misc. with water; insol. in oil; pH 7.5 (0.1% aq.); 14% act. Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3965 mg/kg; low toxicity; components are known sensitizers Environmental: Biodeg. when diluted below the min. inhibitory conc.; does Nipolon [Tosoh] not bioaccumulate Precaution: Corrosive Storage: Store @ 4-40 C away from direct sunlight

Nipacide[®] CI 15 [Nipa Inc]

- Chem. Descrip.: Chlormethyl isothiazolinone and methyl isothiazolinone, stabilized sol'n.
- Uses: Industrial biocide, preservative, bactericide, fungicide for water-based prods. incl. adhesives, polymer emulsions, fountain sol'ns., metalworking fluids, and paints; preservative for food-contact adhesives, paper, polymer emulsions; slimicide for food-contact paper mfg.; water-based; effective against yeast; stable to light and at pH 4-9; nonflamm.; nonexplosive
- Use Level: 0.1-0.3%
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300; BGA XIV,
- *Properties:* Yel. clear liq.; misc. with water; insol. in oil; pH 7.5 (0.1% aq.); 1.5% act.
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3965 mg/kg; low toxicity; components are known sensitizers
- Environmental: Biodeg. when diluted below the min. inhibitory conc.; does not bioaccumulate
- Storage: Store @ 4-40 C away from direct sunlight

Nipacide[®] FC [Nipa Labs]

- Chem. Descrip.: 1,2-Ethanediylbis (oxy) bismethanol conc.
- Uses: Biocide, bactericide, fungicide for adhesives, polymer emulsions, fountain sol'ns., metalworking fluids, and paints; preservative for food-contact polymer emulsions; slimicide for food-contact paper mfg.; stable to light and at pH 6-10; nonflamm.; nonexplosive
- Use Level: 0.1-0.3%
- Regulatory: BGA XIV, XXVI
- Properties: Clear liq.; misc. with water; insol. in oil; pH 7.0 (0.1% aq.)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; low toxicity; components are not known sensitizers
- Environmental: Biodeg. when diluted below the min. inhibitory conc.; does not bioaccumulate
- Precaution: Corrosive
- Storage: Store @ 4-40 C away from direct sunlight
- Nipacide[®] OPP [Nipa Inc]
 - Chem. Descrip .: o-Phenyl phenol
 - CAS 90-43-7; EINECS/ÉLINCS 201-993-5
 - Uses: Disinfectant, preservative for detergents, cooling lubricants, textile/ leather finishing, adhesives, paper, citrus fruit, polishes, wax emulsions, ceramic glazes, soap sol'ns.
 - Use Level. 0.15-1.3% (citrus dips); 10-15% (disinfectant concs.), 0.1-0.2% (cooling lubricants), 0.08-2% (adhesives)
 - Properties: Cream to wh. flakes, sl. phenolic odor; sol. (g/100 g): 800 g in methanol, 660 g acetone, 590 g ethanol, 490 g ether, 300 g propylene glycol, 275 g ethylene glycol, 270 g benzene; m.w. 170; bulk dens. 0.60-0.65; m.p. 56-58 C; b.p. 286 C; flash pt. (COC) 138 C; 99.5% min. purity
 - Toxicology: LD50 (rats) 2000 mg/kg; harmful by ingestion; corrosive to skin and eyes
 - Storage: Unlimited shelf life if protected from light and moisture; keep containers tightly closed
- Nipacide[®] XRP [Nipa Inc; Nipa Labs]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Chlorinated/nonchlorinated isothiazolinones and bromonitropropanediol
 - Uses: Biocide, bactericide, fungicide for water-based prods. incl. adhesives, polymer emulsions, metalworking fluids, and paints; preservative for foodcontact adhesives, paper, polymer emulsions; slimicide for food-contact paper mfg.; water-based; effective against yeast; stable to light and at pH 4-9; nonflamm.; nonexplosive
 - Use Level: 0.1-0.2%
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300; BGA XIV,
 - Properties: Pale yel. clear liq.; misc. with water; insol. in oil; pH 7.0 (0.1%
 - Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; low toxicity; components are not known sensitizers
 - Environmental: Biodeg. when diluted below the min. inhibitory conc.; does not bioaccumulate

Precaution: Corrosive

- Storage: Store @ 4-40 C away from direct sunlight
- - Chem. Descrip.: LDPE
 - CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
 - Uses: For blown film (pkg., heavy-duty bags, agric. film, diaper backings,

stretch film, shrink film), extrusion coating and laminating (kraft papers, milk carton stocks, box liners), blow molding, inj. molding (housewares, artificial flowers); offers superior elasticity, transparency, shock resist., and processing chars.

Nipolon-L [Tosoh]

Chem. Descrip.: LLDPE CAS 9002-88-4

Uses: For blown film (pkg., heavy-duty bags, agric. film, diaper backings, stretch film, shrink film), extrusion coating and laminating (kraft papers, milk carton stocks, box liners), blow molding, inj. molding (housewares, artificial flowers); offers superior elasticity, transparency, shock resist., and processing chars

Nipolon®-Z [Tosoh]

Chem. Descrip.: LLDPE

CAS 9002-88-4

Uses: For blown film (general purpose pkg., heavy duty bags, agric. film, diaper backings, stretch film, shrink film), extrusion coating and laminating (kraft papers, milk carton stocks, polymeric film, box liners), blow molding (box liners); inj. molding (housewares, artificial flowers)

Nirez® 7042 [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Terpene phenolic resin

- Uses: Tackifier for food-contact adhesives/pressure-sensitive adhesives/ resinous and polymeric coatings/paper/paperboard, and closures with sealing gaskets; environmentally friendly
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210

Properties: Gardner 5 color; soften. pt. (R&B) 147 C

Nissan Cation AB [NOF]

Chem. Descrip.: Octadecyl trimethyl ammonium chloride

CAS 112-03-8; EINECS/ELINCS 203-929-1

Uses: Germicide (duckweed killer), dispersant, coagulant in water treatment, petrol., paper, and textile industries; antistat in plastics, pulp/paper industries; pigment coating agent; textile softener; emulsifier in photography; germicide in foods, fermentation

Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; 23% min. act.; cationic Nissan Cation BB [NOF]

Chem. Descrip.: Dodecyl trimethyl ammonium chloride CAS 112-00-5; EINECS/ELINCS 203-927-0

Uses: Germicide (duckweed killer) for water treatment, petroleum industry;

antistat, softener, germicide for textiles, pulp/paper; plastics antistat; detergent sanitizer; rinse agent; pigment coating agent; germicide for food prep., fermentation; emulsifier for photography

Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; 30% min. act.; cationic

Nissan Cation F2-20R [NOF]

Chem. Descrip.: Coco-alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride

Uses: Intermediate for cationic surfactants; germicide (duckweed killer) in water treatment, petroleum, textile, and paper industries; antistat in plastics, pulp/paper; germicide in foods and fermentation

Properties: Colorless lig.; 19-21% act.; cationic

Nissan Cation F2-40E [NOF]

Chem. Descrip.: Coco-alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride Uses: Intermediate for cationic surfactants; germicide (duckweed killer) in water treatment, petroleum, textile, and paper industries; antistat in plastics, pulp/paper; germicide in foods and fermentation

Properties: Colorless liq.; 40-44% min. act.; cationic

Nissan Cation F2-50 [NOF]

- Chem. Descrip.: Coco-alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride Uses: Intermediate for cationic surfactants; germicide (duckweed killer) in water treatment, petroleum, textile, and paper industries; antistat in plastics, pulp/paper; germicide in foods and fermentation
- *Regulatory:* JP compliance

Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; 50% min. act.; cationic

Nissan Cation F2-50E [NOF]

Chem. Descrip.: Coco-alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride

Uses: Intermediate for cationic surfactants; germicide (duckweed killer) in water treatment, petroleum, textile, and paper industries; antistat in plastics, pulp/paper; germicide in foods and fermentation

Regulatory: JP compliance

Properties: Colorless liq.; 48-52% min. act.; cationic

Nissan Cation F2-CONC. [NOF]

Chem. Descrip .: Coco-alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride Uses: Intermediate for cationic surfactants; germicide (duckweed killer) in water treatment, petroleum, textile, and paper industries; antistat in plastics, pulp/paper; germicide in foods and fermentation

Properties: Lt. yel. visc. liq.; 93% min. act.; cationic

Nissan Cation FB [NOF]

Chem. Descrip.: Coco-alkyl trimethyl ammonium chloride

CAS 61789-18-2; EINECŠ/ELINCŠ 263-038-9

Uses: Germicide (duckweed killer) for water treatment, petroleum industry; antistat, softener, germicide for textiles, pulp/paper; plastics antistat; detergent sanitizer; rinse agent; pigment coating agent; germicide for food prep., fermentation; emulsifier for photography

Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; 30% min. act.; cationic

Nissan Cation M2-100 [NOF]

Chem. Descrip.: Tetradecyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride CAS 139-08-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-352-0

Uses: Intermediate for cationic surfactants; germicide (duckweed killer) in water treatment, petroleum, textile, and paper industries; antistat in plastics, pulp/paper; germicide in foods

Properties: Wh. or It. yel. cryst. powd.; 85% min. act.; cationic

Nissan Cation MA [NOF]

Chem. Descrip.: Tetradecylamine acetate

Uses: Corrosion inhibitor and germicide (duckweed killer) in water treatment and petrol. industries; pigment dispersant in paints; corrosion inhibitor in metals; asphalt emulsifier; antistat, germicide for textiles; powd. coating agent; mold release for rubber; ore flotation; plastics antistat; softener, germicide for pulp/paper

Properties: Wh. to lt. yel. flake; solid. pt. 60-72 C; amine no. 195 ± 12; 1% max. moisture; cationic

Nissan Cation PB-40 [NOF]

Chem. Descrip.: Hexadecyl trimethyl ammonium chloride

- CAS 112-02-7; EINECS/ELINCS 203-928-6
- Uses: Germicide (duckweed killer), dispersant, coagulant for water treatment; germicide for petrol. industry, textiles; cosmetic rinses; plastics antistat; antistat, germicide for pulp/paper; emulsifier for photography; germicide for food prep., fermentation

Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; 40% min. act.; cationic

Nissan Cation PB-300 [NOF]

Chem. Descrip.: Hexadecyl trimethyl ammonium chloride

- CAS 112-02-7; EINECS/ELINCS 203-928-6
- Uses: Germicide (duckweed killer), dispersant, coagulant for water treatment; germicide for petrol. industry, textiles; cosmetic rinses; plastics antistat; antistat, germicide for pulp/paper; emulsifier for photography; germicide for food prep., fermentation

Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; 26-29% act.; cationic

- Nissan Cation S2-100 [NOF]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Octadecyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride

CAS 122-19-0; EINECS/ELINCS 204-527-9

Uses: Intermediate for cationic surfactants; germicide (duckweed killer) in water treatment; pigment dispersant in paints; germicide in petrol., textiles; textile softener; cosmetics rinses; antistat in plastics, pulp/paper; germicide in food prep.

Properties: Wh. or It. yel. cryst. powd.; 85% min. act.; cationic

Nissan Cation SA [NOF]

Chem. Descrip.: Octadecylamine acetate

CAS 2190-04-7

- Uses: Corrosion inhibitor and germicide (duckweed killer) in water treatment and petrol. industries; pigment dispersant in paints; corrosion inhibitor in metals; asphalt emulsifier; antistat, germicide for textiles; powd. coating agent; mold release for rubber; ore flotation; plastics antistat; softener, germicide for pulp/paper
- Properties: Wh. to It. yel. flake; solid. pt. 72-82 C; amine no. 159 ± 9; 1% max. moisture; cationic

Nissan Cation VB [NOF]

Chem. Descrip .: Docosyl trimethyl ammonium chloride

CAS 17301-53-0; EINECS/ELINCS 241-327-0

Uses: Germicide (duckweed killer) for water treatment; germicide for petroleum, textiles, foods, and pulp/paper industries; cosmetics rinse; plastics antistatic; softener for textiles

Properties: Yellowish paste; 80% min. act.

Nofluor [3V/Paper]

Chem. Descrip.: Polycationic condensation prod.

Uses: Fluorescence quencher for recycled paper, in backwater, or in sizepress sol'n.; removes residual fluorescence coming from optical brighteners

Use Level: 0.2-0.4% Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §394.313 nonreportable Properties: Brn. liq.; char. odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.09-1.17; visc. 20-60 mPa•s; vapor pressure 15 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. < 0 C; b.p. ≈ 100 C; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 5.0-6.0 Toxicology: Nonirritating to skin/eyes; TSCA listed Environmental: Do not discharge into drains or waterways Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: On burning, nitrogen and carbon oxides can be produced NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: Keep containers tightly closed Nofluor ČA [3V/Paper; 3V Sigma] Chem. Descrip .: Polycationic condensation prod. Uses: Fluorescence quencher for recycled paper, or in backwater or size press sol'n. Use Level: 0.25-0.60% Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA nonreportable Properties: Brn. liq.; char. odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.06-1.14; visc. 20-60 cps (20 C); vapor pressure 15 mm Hg (20 C); b.p. 100 C; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 5-6 Toxicology: Nonirritating to skin, eyes; TSCA listed Environmental: LC50 (48 h, cararrius auratus) 450 mg/l; do not empty into drains, watercourses Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: On burning, nitrogen and carbon oxides and HCI can form NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: Keep tightly closed; freezing may damage prod. Nofluor N [3V/Paper; 3V Sigma] Chem. Descrip.: Polycationic condensation prod. Uses: Fluorescence quencher for recycled paper, or in backwater or size press sol'n. Use Level: 0.2-0.4% Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA nonreportable Properties: Dk. brn. liq.; char. odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.11-1.19; visc. 20-60 cps (20 C); vapor pressure 15 mm Hg (20 C); b.p. 100 C; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 5-6 Toxicology: Nonirritating to skin, eyes; TSCA listed Environmental: LC50 (48 h, cararrius auratus) 450 mg/l; do not empty into drains, watercourses Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: On burning, nitrogen and carbon oxides and HCI can form NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: Keep tightly closed; freezing may damage prod. Nonatell[™] 1052 [Shell] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary Uses: Deinking surfactant for use on groundwood finish Properties: Liq.; 100% conc. Nonatell™ 1061, 1075, 1088, 1089, 1092 [Shell] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary Uses: Deinking surfactants Properties: Liqs. (exc. 1075, paste); 100% conc. Nonatell[™] 1123 [Shell] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary Uses: Pulp/paper deinking surfactant for use with newsprint, magazine, and telephone directory furnishes in wash, flotation/wash, and short sequence deinking systems *Properties:* Liq.; 100% conc.; nonionic Nonionic 1017-R [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Meroxapol 171 CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Surfactant for detergents, textiles, gelatin, wetting agents, antistats, water treatment, antifoams, cosmetics, demulsifiers, pharmaceutical, visc. control, emulsifiers, dedusters, dispersants, pulp/paper, lubricants, agric., dishwashing rinse aids, cutting and grinding oils, paints; low foaming Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sol. in oil; m.w. 1900; sp.gr. 1.02; visc. 300 cP; HLB 2.5; cloud pt. 33 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic Nonionic 1025-R [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO block polymer CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Surfactant, detergent, antifoam, visc. control agent, dispersant, demulsifier for pulp/paper, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives, water treatment, rinse aids (dishwashing); low foaming Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sol. in oil; m.w. 2700; sp.gr. 1.02; visc. 460 cP; HLB 2.1; cloud pt. 27 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic Nonionic 1035-L [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Poloxamer 105 CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Detergent, antifoam, wetting agent, emulsifier, antistat, demulsifier, visc. modifier, deduster, gellant, dispersant for pulp/paper, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints Properties: Liq.; m.w. 1900; sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 375 cP; HLB 18.5; pour pt. 7 C; cloud pt. 77 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic Nonionic 1044-L [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Poloxamer 124 CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Detergent, antifoam, wetting agent, emulsifier, antistat, demulsifier, visc. modifier, deduster, gellant, dispersant for metalworking lubricants, personal care prods., paints, paper, pharmaceuticals, agric., etc. Properties: Liq.; m.w. 2200; sp.gr. 1.05; visc. 400 cP; HLB 16.0; pour pt. 16 C; cloud pt. 67 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic Nonionic 1061-L [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 181 CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Detergent, antifoam, wetting agent, emulsifier, antistat, demulsifier, visc. modifier, deduster, gellant, dispersant for metalworking lubricants, personal care prods., paints, paper, agric., textiles, etc. Properties: Liq.; m.w. 2000; sp.gr. 1.02; visc. 300 cP; HLB 3.0; pour pt. -29 C; cloud pt. 24 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic Nonionic 1062-L [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 182 CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Detergent, antifoam, wetting agent, emulsifier, antistat, demulsifier, visc. modifier, deduster, gellant, dispersant for metalworking lubricants, personal care prods., paints, paper, agric., textiles, etc. Properties: Liq.; m.w. 2500; sp.gr. 1.03; visc. 450 cP; HLB 7.0; pour pt. -4 C; cloud pt. 32 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic Nonionic 1064-L [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 184 CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Detergent, antifoam, wetting agent, emulsifier, antistat, demulsifier, visc. modifier, deduster, gellant, dispersant for metalworking lubricants, personal care prods., paints, paper, agric., textiles, etc. Properties: Liq.; m.w. 2900; sp.gr. 1.05; visc. 700 cP; HLB 15.0; pour pt. 16 C; cloud pt. 58 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic Nonionic 1068-F [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 188 CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Detergent, antifoam, wetting agent, emulsifier, antistat, demulsifier, visc. modifier, deduster, gellant, dispersant for metalworking lubricants, personal care prods., paints, paper, agric., textiles, etc. Properties: Flake; m.w. 8400; visc. 1000 cP (77 C); HLB 29.0; pour pt. 52 C; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic Nonionic 1077-F [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 217 CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Surfactant for personal care applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives Properties: Flake; m.w. 6600; visc. 480 cP (77 C); HLB 24.5; pour pt. 48 C; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); nonionic Nonionic 1087-F [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 237 CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Surfactant for personal care applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives Properties: Flake; m.w. 7700; visc. 700 cP (77 C); HLB 24.0; pour pt. 49 C; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); nonionic Nonionic 1088-F [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 238 CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Detergent, antifoam, wetting agent, emulsifier, antistat, demulsifier,

visc. modifier, deduster, gellant, dispersant for metalworking lubricants, personal care prods., paints, paper, agric., textiles, etc. Properties: Flake; m.w. 11,400; visc. 2300 cP (77 C); HLB 28.0; pour pt. 54 C; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic Nonionic 1108-F [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 338 CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Surfactant for personal care applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives Properties: Flake; m.w. 14,600; visc. 2800 cP (77 C); HLB 27.0; pour pt. 57 C; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); nonionic Nonionic 1127-F [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 407 CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Surfactant for personal care applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives Properties: Flake; m.w. 12,600; visc. 3100 cP (77 C); HLB 22.0; pour pt. 56 C; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); nonionic Nonionic 2017-R [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Meroxapol 172 CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Detergent, antifoam, dispersant, demulsifier, visc. control agent for personal care prods., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives, water treatment, dishwashing rinses; low foaming Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sol. in oil; m.w. 2150; sp.gr. 1.03; visc. 400 cP; HLB 4.1; cloud pt. 38 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic Nonionic 2025-R [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO block polymer CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Detergent, antifoam, dispersant, demulsifier, visc. control agent for pulp/paper, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives, dishwashing rinses Properties: Liq.; m.w. 3100; sp.gr. 1.04; visc. 680 cP; HLB 3.5; cloud pt. 29 C (1%); 100% conc.; nonionic Nonionic 4017-R [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: EO/PO block polymer CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Detergent, antifoam, dispersant, demulsifier, visc. control agent for pulp/paper, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives, dishwashing rinses Properties: Liq.; m.w. 2650; sp.gr. 1.05; visc. 600 cP; HLB 6.7; cloud pt. 46 C (1%); 100% conc.; nonionic Nonionic 4025-R [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: EO/PO block polymer CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Detergent, antifoam, dispersant, demulsifier, visc. control agent for pulp/paper, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives, water treatment, dishwashing rinses Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sol. in oil; liq.; m.w. 3600; sp.gr. 1.05; visc. 1110 cP; HLB 6.0; cloud pt. 40 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic Nonionic 5025-R [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: EO/PO block polymer CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Detergent, antifoam, dispersant, demulsifier, visc. control agent for pulp/paper, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives, water treatment, dishwashing rinses Properties: Paste; sol. in oil; m.w. 4250; sp.gr. 1.04 (60 C); HLB 9.0; cloud pt. 44 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic Nonionic 8017R [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: EO/PO block polymer CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Surfactant for pulp/paper, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives, water treatment; low foaming Properties: Flake; sol. in oil; m.w. 7000; sp.gr. 1.06 (77 C); HLB 13.4; cloud pt. 81 C (1% aq.); nonionic Nonionic 8025R [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: EO/PO block polymer CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Surfactant for detergents, pulp/paper, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives, water treatment; low foaming

Properties: Flake; sol. in oil; m.w. 8000; sp.gr. 1.06; cloud pt. 45 C (1% aq.); nonionic Nonionic GR-25 [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-25 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Surfactant for industrial and cosmetic applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives Properties: Sol. hazy in water; sp.gr. 1.05; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; HLB 13.0; pour pt. 5 C; nonionic Nonionic GR-40 [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-40 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Surfactant for industrial and cosmetic applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives Properties: Sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.05; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; HLB 14.5; pour pt. 14 C; cloud pt. 59-64 C (1%); nonionic Nonionic GR-52 [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-52 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Surfactant for industrial and cosmetic applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives Properties: Sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.07; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; HLB 16.0; pour pt. 18 C; cloud pt. 72-76 C (1%); nonionic Nonionic L-4 [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Laureth-4 CAS 9002-92-0; EINECS/ELINCS 226-097-1 Uses: Surfactant for industrial and cosmetic applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives Properties: Disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.94; dens. 7.9 lb/gal; HLB 9.7; pour pt. 12 C: nonionic Nonionic L-12 [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Laureth-12 CAS 9002-92-0; EINECS/ELINCS 221-286-5 Uses: Surfactant for industrial and cosmetic applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives Properties: Sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.00; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; HLB 14.7; pour pt. 29 C; cloud pt. 65-68 C (1% in 10% NaCl); nonionic Nonionic L-23 [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Laureth-23 CAS 9002-92-0 Uses: Surfactant for industrial and cosmetic applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives Properties: Sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.05; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; HLB 16.9; pour pt. 33 C; cloud pt. 75-78 C (1% in 10% NaCl); nonionic Nonionic S-2 [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Steareth-2 CAS 9005-00-9 Uses: Surfactant for industrial and cosmetic applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives Properties: Nondisp. in water; sp.gr. 0.98; dens. 8.1 lb/gal; HLB 4.9; pour pt. 43 C; cloud pt. 55 C (1%); nonionic Nonionic S-10 [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Steareth-10 CAS 9005-00-9 Uses: Surfactant for industrial and cosmetic applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives Properties: Disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.02; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; HLB 12.4; pour pt. 38 C; cloud pt. 44 C (1%); nonionic Nonionic S-20 [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Steareth-20 CAS 9005-00-9 Uses: Surfactant for industrial and cosmetic applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives Properties: Sol. hot in water; sp.gr. 1.04; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; HLB 15.3; pour pt. 38 C; cloud pt. 47 C (1%); nonionic Nonionic TD-6 [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Trideceth-6 CAS 24938-91-8 Uses: Surfactant for industrial and cosmetic applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives

Properties: Disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.99; dens. 8.1 lb/gal; HLB 11.4; pour pt. 16 C; nonionic

Nonionic TD-12 [Lambent Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Trideceth-12	N
CAS 24938-91-8 Uses: Surfactant for industrial and cosmetic applics in ulp/naner, pharmaceu-	
ticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives <i>Properties:</i> Sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.02; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; HLB 14.5; pour pt. 13 C: cloud pt 53-60 C (1% in 10% NaCl): ponionic	
Nonionic TD-15 [Lambent Tech.]	
Chem. Descrip.: Trideceth-15	N
CAS 24938-91-8 Uses: Surfactant for industrial and cosmetic applies in ulp/naper inharmaceu.	
ticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives <i>Properties:</i> Sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.04; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; HLB 15.4; pour pt. 16 C; cloud pt. 65-70 C (1%): nonionic	
Nonipax AAO [Pax Group]	
Chem. Descrip.: Alkyl phenol ethoxylate Uses: Surfactant, detergent, cleaner, degreaser, emulsifier, dispersant, wet- ting agent, solubilizer, deinking agent in paper/pulp; high HLB; exc. compat. Properties: Lig.; water-sol.; 99% act.; nonionic	N
Nonipax OP 10 [Pax Group]	
CAS 9002-93-1	N
 Uses: Surfactant, detergent, cleaner, degreaser, emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent, solubilizer, deinking agent in paper/pulp; high HLB; exc. compat. Properties: Liq.; water-sol.; 99% act.; nonionic Noniax X 100. [Pay Group] 	
Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-10	
CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-294-1	
Uses: Surfactant, detergent, cleaner, degreaser, emulsifier, dispersant, wet- ting agent, solubilizer, deinking agent in paper/pulp; high HLB; exc. compat. Properties: Liq.; water-sol.; 99% act.; nonionic	N
Nonipax X 150 [Pax Group]	
CAS 9016-45-9	
Uses: Surfactant, detergent, cleaner, degreaser, emulsifier, dispersant, wet-	
ting agent, solubilizer, deinking agent in paper/pulp; high HLB; exc. compat.	N
Nopalcol 1-L [Cognis/Chems. Group]	
Chem. Descrip.: PEG-2 laurate	
CAS 9004-81-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-468-1	
bises. Enhancing, plasticizer, iduiticant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, and thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning, leather, min. oil emul- sions, paper industry, wall-tile mastics, solv. emulsions; plasticizer, softener for NR, SR, latexes; latex stabilizer, emulsifier; general purpose <i>Properties:</i> Straw to amber-colored liq.; faint odor; sp.gr. 0.96; HLB 6.0; acid no. 8-10; iodine no. 9-11; sapon. no. 170-180; 98% act.; nonionic	N
Nopalcol 4-C [Cognis/Chems. Group]	
Chem. Descrip.: PEG-8 cocoate	
Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, and	N
thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning, leather, min. oil emul- sions, paper industry, wall-tile mastics, solv. emulsions; general purpose <i>Properties:</i> Liq.; HLB 13.9; 99% act.; nonionic	
Nopalcol 4-CH [Cognis/Chems. Group]	
Chem. Descrip.: PEG-8 cocoate (nyd.) CAS 61791-29-5	
Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, and	Ν
thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning, leather, min. oil emul-	
sions, paper industry, wall-tile mastics, solv. emulsions; general purpose	
Nopalcol 4-L [Cognis/Chems. Group]	
Chem. Descrip.: PEG-8 laurate	
CAS 9004-81-3; EINECS/ELINCS 253-458-0 Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, and thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning, leather, min. oil emul- sions, paper industry, wall-tile mastics, solv. emulsions; general purpose Properties: Lig.; HLB 13.1; 99% act.; nonionic	N
Nopalcol 4-0 [Cognis/Chems. Group]	
CAS 9004-96-0	
Uses: Emulsifier; dispersant for leather pigments; paper coating defoamer, plasticizer and leveling agent; emulsion polymerization	N

Properties: Lig.; HLB 11.7; 95% act.; nonionic opalcol 4-S [Cognis/Chems. Group] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-8 stearate CAS 9004-99-3 Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, and thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning, leather, min. oil emulsions, paper industry, wall-tile mastics, solv. emulsions; general purpose Properties: Paste; HLB 11.3; 99% act.; nonionic opalcol 6-DO [Cognis/Chems. Group] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-12 dioleate CAS 9005-07-6; EINECS/ELINCS 288-459-5 Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, and thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning, leather, min. oil emulsions, paper industry, wall-tile mastics, solv. emulsions; general purpose Properties: Liq.; HLB 12.7; 98% act.; nonionic opalcol 6-DTW [Cognis/Chems. Group] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-12 ditallowate Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, and thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning, leather, min. oil emulsions, paper industry, wall-tile mastics, solv. emulsions; general purpose Properties: Paste; HLB 11.2; 99% act.; nonionic opalcol 6-L [Cognis/Chems. Group] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-12 laurate CAS 9004-81-3 Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, and thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning, leather, min. oil emulsions, paper industry, wall-tile mastics, solv. emulsions; general purpose Properties: Liq.; HLB 15.0; 99% act.; nonionic opalcol 6-R [Cognis/Chems. Group] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-12 ricinoleate CAS 9004-97-1 Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, and thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning, leather, min. oil emulsions, paper industry, wall-tile mastics, solv. emulsions; general purpose Properties: Liq.; HLB 13.9; 99% act.; nonionic opalcol 6-S [Cognis/Chems. Group] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-12 stearate CAS 9004-99-3 Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, and thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning, leather, min. oil emulsions, paper industry, wall-tile mastics, solv. emulsions; general purpose Properties: Paste; HLB 13.2; 99% act.; nonionic opalcol 10-COH [Cognis/Chems. Group] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil CAS 61788-85-0 Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, and thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning, leather, min. oil emulsions, paper industry, wall-tile mastics, solv. emulsions; general purpose Properties: Liq.; HLB 10.3; 99% act.; nonionic opalcol 12-CO [Cognis/Chems. Group] Chem. Descrip.: PEG 1200 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, and thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning, leather, min. oil emulsions, paper industry, wall-tile mastics, solv. emulsions; general purpose Properties: Liq.; HLB 11.3; 99% act.; nonionic opalcol 12-COH [Cognis/Chems. Group] Chem. Descrip.: PEG 1200 hydrogenated castor oil CAS 61788-85-0 Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, and thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning, leather, min. oil emulsions, paper industry, wall-tile mastics, solv. emulsions; general purpose Properties: Liq.; HLB 11.3; 99% act.; nonionic opalcol 19-CO [Cognis/Chems. Group] Chem. Descrip.: PEG 1900 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, and

thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning, leather, min. oil emulsions, paper industry, wall-tile mastics, solv. emulsions; general purpose *Properties:* Liq.; HLB 14.9; 99% conc.; nonionic

opalcol 30-TWH [Cognis/Chems. Group]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-60 hydrogenated tallowate

HC resins, NC, PU, epoxy, polyesters Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, and Use Level: 0.1-0.4% on total wt. thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning, leather, min. oil emulsions, paper industry, wall-tile mastics, solv. emulsions; general purpose Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200 Properties: Solid; HLB 18.0; 99% act.; nonionic Properties: Amber clear liq.; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 100 cps; VOC 0.4% Nopalcol 200 [Cognis/Chems. Group] (EPA Method 24); 100% act.; nonionic Chem. Descrip.: PEG 200 Nopcogen 22-0 [Cognis/Chems. Group] CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9 Chem. Descrip.: Ŏleyl imidazoline Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, and CAS 95-38-5 thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning, leather, min. oil emul-Uses: Emulsifier for min. oil, kerosene, acidic systems; wetting agent, corrosion inhibitor used in textiles, asphalt, paper, agric., car wax formulations, sions, paper industry, wall-tile mastics, solv. emulsions; general purpose Properties: Liq.; 99% act.; nonionic acid detergents Nopalcol 400 [Cognis/Chems. Group] Properties: Amber visc. liq.; sol. in water, acetic acid, HCI; misc. with pine Chem. Descrip .: PEG 400 oil and min. oil; cloud pt. 0 C; 90% act.; cationic CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 225-856-4 Nopcosant® L [Cognis/Polymer Surf.] Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, and Chem. Descrip .: Sulfated naphthalene thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning, leather, min. oil emul-Uses: Dispersant for ag. systems, NR and SR latex, paints, paper coatings, sions, paper industry, wall-tile mastics, solv. emulsions; general purpose textiles, and leather; nonfoaming; stable to UV light Properties: Lig.; 99% act.; nonionic Properties: Lt. yel. liq., odorless; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.18; dens. 9.8 lb/gal; pH Nopalcol 600 [Cognis/Chems. Group] 9.6 (5%); 25% solids; anionic *Chem. Descrip.:* PEG 600 CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 229-859-1 Nopcosperse® 44 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks; Cognis KGaA/Coatings] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, and CAS 9003-04-7 thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning, leather, min. oil emul-Uses: Pigment dispersant for aq. industrial paint systems, printing inks, sions, paper industry, wall-tile mastics, solv. emulsions; general purpose adhesives, latex; dispersant in PVAc, acrylics, S/B, PVC/PVdC sys-Properties: Paste; 99% act.; nonionic tems; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; food pkg. adhesives; low Nopco[®] NDW [Cognis] foaming; effective without aux. wetting aids Use Level: 0.5-3.0% based on pigment solids Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary organic mineral oil-based blend Uses: Defoamer for SBR, PVAc, acrylic, water-sol. resins, architectural Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200 Properties: Lt. amber clear liq.; sol. in water and glycols; dens. 10.3 lb/gal; paints, adhesives, printing inks, latexes, pigment preps., polymerization, cleaners, wallpaper removers; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in foodvisc. 90 cps; pH 7.8; VOC 3.5% (EPA Method 24); 35% act., 65% water; contact coatings; broad-spectrum, general-purpose anionic Use Level: 0.2-1.0% on total wt. Nopcote® 1675 [Geo Spec. Chems./Paper] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200; DOT regulated; SARA §311/ Chem. Descrip.: Glyoxal-based Uses: Coating insolubilizer for use in pigmented paper coatings and size 312 reportable Properties: Amber slightly hazy liq.; hydrocarbon odor; easily disp. in aq. press applics.; renders coating binders more hydrophobic, resulting in imsystems; disp. in all latex and adhesive systems; sp.gr. 0.90; dens. 7.5 lb/ proved paper surf. str.; allows reduction of starch solids resulting in imgal; visc. 1100 cps; pH 6.5 (2%); flash pt. (PMCC) 79 C; VOC 27.8% proved bulk, opacity, smoothness; component of paper/paperboard in con-(EPA Method 24); 100% act. tact with dry foods; formaldehyde-free; stable at ambient temps Toxicology: May cause skin, eye, and respiratory tract irritation, central Use Level: 2-4% dry resin on dry binder; 5% dry resin on dry binder (syn. nervous system depression; harmful if swallowed or inhaled; TSCA listed binders) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180 Precaution: Combustible; avoid strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO Properties: Yel. clear liq.; dens. 10.6 lb/gal; visc. 20-50 cps; pH 4-6; 55% NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0 solids Storage: 6 mos shelf life at ambient temps.; store at 4 C min.; keep containers Storage: Store in dry place away from direct heat; may congeal or stratify if cold; allow to warm to R.T., mix well tightly closed when not in use to avoid loss due to evaporation Nopco® NXZ [Cognis] Nopcote® 1680 [Geo Spec. Chems./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary organic mineral oil-based blend Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium zirconium carbonate Uses: Defoamer for use with latex emulsions, waterborne architectural paints, CAS 68309-95-5 plasters, adhesives (SBR, PVAc, acrylic, water-sol. resins), coating and Uses: Coating insolubilizer for use in pigmented paper coatings and size latex printing; defoamer in atmospheric dyeing, printing and textile finishing press applics.; inc. water resist. of finished sheet, resulting in improved processes; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; food pkg. adhesives; paper surf. str.; food pkg. adhesives; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; formaldehyde-free; esp. effective in coating broad-spectrum Use Level: 0.2-1.0% on total wt. colors containing natural binders such as protein and casein; stable at ambi-Regulatory: FDA21CFR §175.105, 176.200; SARA §311/312 reportable ent temps.; usable @ 5-70 C Properties: Amber hazy liq.; hydrocarbon odor; forms stable wh. emulsions Use Level: 6% dry resin on dry protein/casein; 4% dry resin on dry starch/ in water; sp.gr. 0.91; dens. 7.6 lb/gal; visc. 1100 cps; pH 7.0 (10%); flash PVOH/gum; 2% dry resin on dry latex pt. (PMCC) > 93 C; VOC 46.9% (EPA Method 24); 100% act. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180 Toxicology: May cause skin and eye irritation; harmful if swallowed or Properties: Clear liq.; ammoniacal odor (dissipates on drying); dens. 10.8 lb/ gal; visc. 40 cps; pH 9-9.5; 40% solids inhaled; TSCA listed Environmental: BOD5 265 mg O₂/g (5.1 mg/l sol'n.); COD 680 mg O₂/g Precaution: Avoid copper contg. alloys in storage/delivery systems Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents Storage: 6 mos shelf life at ambient temps.; protect from freezing which Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO causes serious damage to prod. NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Nopcote® 3560 [Geo Spec. Chems./Paper] Storage: Stratifies @ ambient temps., mix well Chem. Descrip.: LDPE emulsion CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Nopco® Color-Sperse® 188A [Cognis/Coatings & Inks; Cognis KGaA/Coatings; Sidobre-Sinnova SA] Uses: Lubricant for all pigmented paper coatings and nonpigmented surf. Chem. Descrip.: Ethoxylated fatty acid applics. such as size press and calender box; gloss aid for paper; reduces Uses: Low-foam surfactant/emulsifier, pigment wetting/dispersing agent; color picking and blocking; lowers coeff. of friction; component of paper/paperacceptance agent for industrial coating systems, esp. latex paints; also for board in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; thermally and mechanically stable solvent-borne architectural paints, printing inks, adhesives, latex; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; remedies defoamer-

induced film defects; suitable for PVAc, acrylics, S/B, PVC/PVdC, alkyds,

Use Level: 0.4-1.2% on wt. of dry coating color solids *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210
Properties: SI. translucent liq.; readily disp. in hot or cold water; dens. 8.8 lb/ gal; visc. 700 cps; pH 8.8; 60% solids Storage: Freezing does not damage prod., but if frozen, warm to R.T. and mix well before use Nopcote® 6510 Free [Geo Spec. Chems./Paper] Chem. Descrip .: Calcium stearate aq. disp. CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8 Uses: Lubricant, flow control agent, leveling agent for pigmented paper coatings; plasticizer for dry paper coatings to promote highest sheet gloss and smoothness after finishing; prevents dusting at supercalenders and during slitting/printing; food-pkg. adhesives; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; alkyl phenol ethoxylate-free; stable at ambient temps. and at pH 7.0-10.5; usable @ 32-160 F Use Level: 0.5-1.0% on wt. of dry coating color solids Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180 Properties: Off-wh. opaque liq.; 0.005% max. on 325 mesh; water-disp.; dens. 9.3 lb/gal; visc. 25-100 cps; pH 10.5-12.5; 65% solids Storage: 6 mos min. shelf life at ambient temps.; protect from freezing; if freezing occurs, warm to 20 C and mix well before use Nopcote C-104 [Geo Spec. Chems./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Calcium stearate aq. disp CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8 Uses: Lubricant, flow control agent, leveling agent for pigmented paper coatings; plasticizer for dry paper coatings to promote highest sheet gloss and smoothness after finishing; prevents dusting at supercalenders and during slitting/printing; food-pkg. adhesives; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; urea-free; stable at ambient temps. and at pH 7.0-10.5; usable @ 32-160 F Use Level: 0.5-1.5% on wt. of dry coating color solids Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180 Properties: Wh. opaque liq.; 0.005% max. on 325 mesh; water-disp.; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; visc. 100-300 cps; pH 11-12; 50% solids Storage: 6 mos min. shelf life at ambient temps.; protect from freezing Nopcote® C-104-HS [Geo Spec. Chems./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Calcium stearate aq. disp. CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8 Uses: Lubricant, flow control agent, leveling agent for pigmented paper coatings; plasticizer for dry paper coatings to promote highest sheet gloss and smoothness after finishing; prevents dusting at supercalenders and during slitting/printing; food-pkg. adhesives; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; urea-free; stable at ambient temps. and at pH 7.0-10.5; usable @ 32-160 F Use Level: 0.5-1.5% on wt. of dry coating color solids Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180 Properties: Wh. opaque liq.; 0.005% max. on 325 mesh; water-disp.; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 150-600 cps; pH 11-12; 55% solids Storage: 6 mos min. shelf life at ambient temps.; protect from freezing Nopcote® C-104-HS Free [Geo Spec. Chems./Paper] Chem. Descrip .: Calcium stearate aq. disp. CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8 Uses: Lubricant, flow control agent, leveling agent for pigmented paper coatings; plasticizer for dry paper coatings to promote highest sheet gloss and smoothness after finishing; prevents dusting at supercalenders and during slitting/printing; food-pkg. adhesives; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; alkyl phenol ethoxylate-free; urea-free; stable at ambient temps. and at pH 7.0-10.5; usable @ 32-160 F Use Level: 0.5-1.5% on wt. of dry coating color solids Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180 Properties: Wh. opaque liq.; 0.005% max. on 325 mesh; water-disp.; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; visc. 150-600 cps; pH 11-12.5; 55% solids Storage: 6 mos min. shelf life at ambient temps.; protect from freezing Nopcote® DC-1153 [Geo Spec. Chems./Paper] Uses: Lubricant for size press or calender stack applics.; corrosion inhibitor Norpar® 13 [Exxon] for steel rolls; prevents sticking, picking, and blocking of surf. sizing formulations; release agent for Yankee dryers; reduces coeff. of friction (static and dynamic) on all paper and board; component of paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; forms stable emulsions; compat. with all types of starch; for use at neutral to alkaline pH at temps. below 165 F Use Level: 1-10% on dry starch Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 176.210

Properties: Amber clear liq.; dens. 7.5 lb/gal; visc. 50-100 cps; pH 5-7 (2%

aq.); 98% solids Storage: May congeal or stratify if kept below cloud pt. (32 F) for prolonged periods; warm to R.T. and mix well before use Norfox[®] 90 [Norman, Fox] Chem. Descrip .: Sodium dodecylbenzene sulfonate CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4

Uses: Base for industrial and agric. wetting agents and detergents; also used in paper industry

Properties: Flakes, gran.; HLB 20.0; 90% conc.; anionic

Norfox[®] 92 Granules [Norman, Fox]

Chem. Descrip .: Sodium tallowate

Chem. Analysis: Anhyd. sodium tallowate (92%); moisture (6%)

CAS 8052-48-0; EINÉCS/ELINCS 232-491-4

Uses: Base for high temp. laundry soap and soft water cleaning prods.; emulsifier for textile processing; lubricant base in metal stamping and paper coating

Properties: Granules; bulk dens. 26.5 lb/ft³

Environmental: Biodeg.

Norfox[®] C-75 [Norman, Fox]

Chem. Descrip .: Sulfated castor oil CAS 8002-33-3; EINECS/ELINCS 232-306-7

Uses: Defoamer for oils, waxes, fats, dyes, and pigments; lubricant for metalworking; textile penetrant and leveling agent; defoamer for paper coatings; plasticizer for starch, glues; emulsifier for insol. org. compds.; in cosmetics; assistant for alizarin dyes

- Use Level: 0.5-1% (paper coatings); 1-2% (paints); 3% (textiles, milling aid and dispersant for pigments)
- Properties: Amber clear liq.; sol. in water; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; pH 7.3 (5-10%); 25% moisture; 12-15% free fatty acid; anionic
- Norfox® DCS [Norman, Fox]

Chem. Descrip.: Alkylaryl sulfonate modified coconut oil DEA condensate CAS 61791-31-9; EÍNECS/ELINCS 263-163-9

Uses: Wetting agent and detergent base for textiles, paper, auto and home care prods., shampoos, bubble bath, liq. dishwash, hand soap, car wash; dye dispersant; demulsifier

Properties: Straw-colored visc. liq., bland odor; sp.gr. 1.05; pour pt. 40 F; pH 9.0 (1-5%); 100% act.; anionic/nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Norfox® Sulfated Castor Oil #75 [Norman, Fox]

Chem. Descrip .: Sulfated castor oil

CAS 8002-33-3; EINECS/ELINCS 232-306-7

Uses: Textile penetrant/leveling agent; defoamer and leveling agent for paper coatings; fat liquor for suede leather; cosmetics additive; plasticizer for starch, glues, etc.; emulsifier for insol. org. compds.

Properties: Straw colored liq.; sol. in water; dens. 8.64 lb/gal; pH 7.3 (10%); moisture (30%); free fatty acid (12%); combined sulfur as sulfur trioxide (5%); anionic

Norpar[®] 12 [Exxon]

Chem. Descrip.: Normal paraffin hydrocarbon solv.

CAS 64771-72-8

- Uses: Solvent used in aluminum rolling oils; diluent solvent in carbonless copy paper and in spark erosion machining; as clean fuel in lamp oil and barbecue lighter fluids; in pesticides; cleaning and degreasing formulations; food-contact paper/paperboard, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 176.210, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3620(b); 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e)

Properties: Little/no odor; m.w. 163; sp.gr. 0.749 (60/60 F); dens. 6.24 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 1.26 cps; b.p. 192-217 C; flash pt. (ATSM D 93) 73 C; surf. tens. 26.9 dynes/cm; KB value 23; < 0.01% aromatics

Toxicology: OEL 300 ppm

Precaution: Combustible

Chem. Descrip.: Normal paraffin hydrocarbon solv.

CAS 64771-72-8

Uses: Solvent used in aluminum rolling oils; diluent solvent in carbonless copy paper and in spark erosion machining; as clean fuel in lamp oil and barbecue lighter fluids; in pesticides, furniture polishes, cleaning and degreasing formulations; food pkg. rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; complies with criteria for LVP solvent

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3620(b); 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e)

Properties: Little/no odor; m.w. 189; sp.gr. 0.764 (60/60 F); dens. 6.35 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 1.84 cps; b.p. 225-243 C; flash pt. (ATSM D 93) 95 C; surf. tens. 26.7 dynes/cm; KB value 22; < 0.01% aromatics Toxicology: OEL 300 ppm

Norpar® 15 [Exxon]

Chem. Descrip.: Normal paraffin hydrocarbon solv.

CAS 64771-72-8

- Uses: Solvent used in aluminum rolling oils; diluent solvent in carbonless copy paper and in spark erosion machining; as clean fuel in lamp oil and barbecue lighter fluids; in pesticides, floor polishes/cleaners, liq. candles, cleaners/degreasers; solv. for waxes; food-contact paper, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; complies with criteria for LVP solvent
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 176.210, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3620(b); 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e)
- Properties: Little/no odor; m.w. 212; sp.gr. 0.773 (60/60 F); dens. 6.44 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 2.53 cps; b.p. 251-275 C; flash pt. (ATSM D 93) 120 C; surf. tens. 28.9 dynes/cm; KB value 28; 0.01% aromatics
- Toxicology: OEL 300 ppm; low acute toxicity

Norsocryl® 2EHA [Atofina]

Chem. Descrip.: 2-Ethylhexyl acrylate

CAS 103-11-7; EINECS/ELÍNCS 203-080-7

- Uses: Copolymer intermediate for resins and dispersions for fabrics, inks, glues, and adhesives; cleaning and waxing prods.; org. synthesis; aq. disp. for nonwoven fabrics, textiles, and paper; additives for fuel oils and lubricants; syn. rubber and latexes; plastics and syn. resins
- Properties: APHA 10 max. clear liq.; m.w. 184; sp.gr. 0.880; visc. 1.52 mPa•s; vapor pressure < 1 mbar (20 C); f.p. - 90 C; b.p. 213.5 C (@ 1013 mbar); flash pt. (OC) 92 C; ref. index 1.433

Precaution: Flamm.

Storage: 6 mos storage life when stored inhibited at < 25 C, away from light Norsocryl® BA [Atofina]

Chem. Descrip .: Butyl acrylate

CAS 141-32-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-480-7

- Uses: Copolymer intermediate for resins and dispersions for paints, varnishes, inks, glues, and adhesives; cleaning and waxing prods.; org. synthesis; aq. disp. for nonwoven fabrics, textiles, paper, and leather; syn. rubber and latexes; plastics and syn. resins
- Properties: APHA 10 max. clear liq.; m.w. 128; sp.gr. 0.894; visc. 0.808 mPa•s; vapor pressure 5.3 mbar (20 C); f.p. - 64 C; b.p. 147 C (@ 1013 mbar); flash pt. (OC) 48 C; ref. index 1.416

Precaution: Flamm.

Storage: 6 mos storage life when stored inhibited at < 25 C, away from light Norsocryl® MA [Atofina]

Chem. Descrip.: Methyl acrylate CAS 96-33-3; EINECS/ELINCS 202-500-6

- Uses: Copolymer intermediate for acrylic and modacrylic fibers; resins and dispersions for paints, varnishes, inks, papers, adhesives, and glues; aq. disp. for nonwoven fabrics, textiles, and paper; cleaning and waxing prods.; plastics and syn. resins; syn. rubber and latexes; org. synthesis
- Properties: APHA 10 max. clear liq.; m.w. 86; sp.gr. 0.950; visc. 0.461 mPa•s; vapor pressure 91 mbar (20 C); f.p. 75 C; b.p. 80 C (@ 1013 mbar); flash pt. (OC) 3 C; ref. index 1.400

Precaution: Highly flamm.

- Storage: 3 mos storage life when stored inhibited at < 25 C, away from light Noslip[®] [Vinings Ind.]
- Uses: Antiskid agent providing inc. surf. friction in recycled linerboard and corrugated board
- Noslip[®] NP [Vinings Ind.]
- Uses: Antiskid agent providing inc. surf. friction in newsprint
- No Stik 806 [ROSS Chem]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone compd.

Uses: Mold release agent for plastic, paper, and other molded articles in contact with foods

Properties: 35% act.

NovaBond® 150 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Uses: Surf. str. agent improving wet rub and scuff resist. of paper for offset/ opaque communication paper grades, uncoated sides of printing papers and boards; enhances wax pick, Z-direction tensile, and internal bond; reduces linting and dusting

Properties: Straw to grn. opaque liq.; visc. 400 cps; pH 7; 15% NV; anionic NovaCote[™] 1905 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Modified acrylic copolymer

Uses: Surf. sizing agent for bleached fine papers, copy, ink-jet, communication and offset grades, coated and uncoated paper and paperboard, copier toner adhesion, coating holdout; film-former; improved offset printability Properties: Translucent hazy wh.; visc. 350 cps; pH 7; 20% NV; anionic

NovaCote[™] 1933 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Modified styrene acrylate copolymer

CAS 9010-92-8

Uses: Surf. sizing agent for bleached fine papers, copy, ink-jet, communication and offset grades, coated and uncoated paper and paperboard, coating holdout, toner adhesion; high efficiency; improved offset printability; high salt tolerance

Properties: Milky wh.; visc. 70 cps; pH 7.8; 30.5% NV; anionic

NovaCote[™] 1936 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene maleic anhydride-based

CAS 9011-13-6

Uses: Surf. sizing agent for bleached fine papers, copy, ink-jet, communication and offset grades, coated and uncoated paper and paperboard, copier toner adhesion, coating holdout; low visc.; easy-to-handle

Properties: SI. hazy to milky wh.; visc. 50 cps; pH 10; 10% NV; anionic NovaCote[™] 2000 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene maleic anhydride-based

CAS 9011-13-6

Uses: Surf. sizing agent for bleached fine papers, copy, ink-jet, communication and offset grades, coated and uncoated paper and paperboard, copier toner adhesion, coating holdout; high m.w.; low visc.; easy-to-handle

Properties: SI. hazy to milky wh.; visc. 50 cps; pH 10; 10% NV; anionic NovaCote® PC 1906 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Uses: Boxboard base coating for 'double-bump' coating operations; waxable; provides a layer to keep the second coat on the surf. for improved appearance (printability, gloss, brightness) of finished board

NovaCote® PC 1911 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Uses: Boxboard high gloss base coating; waxable; provides exc. hot-melt and water-based adhesive gluability and exc. printability

Properties: Wh. liq.; visc. (Zahn #3) 13 s; pH 8.5; 64% NV

NovaCote® PC 3050 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Uses: Boxboard moderate to low gloss base coating; waxable; provides exc. hot-melt and water-based adhesive gluability and exc. printability Properties: Wh. liq.; visc. (Zahn #3) 13 s; pH 8.5; 64% NV

NovaCote[™] SCD [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Modified styrene copolymer disp. Uses: Surf. sizing agent for bleached fine papers, copy, ink-jet, communication and offset grades, coated and uncoated paper and paperboard, copier toner adhesion, coating holdout; patented; low visc.; easy-to-handle; low foaming

Properties: Cloudy to milky wh.; visc. 400 cps; pH 10.5; 20% NV; anionic NovaFlo® 50 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Chem. Descrip .: Pale tall oil rosin sol'n.

CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7

Uses: Internal sizing agent giving water resist. to low to med.-sized bleached and unbleached paper and paperboard, incl. paper in contact with aq./fatty foods; highly efficient; easy-to-handle; ready-to-use; high shear tolerance; stable to hot and freezing temps.; exc. replacement for paste size

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170(a)(5), 178.3870

Properties: Pale amber translucent liq.; easily diluted in cold water; dens. 9.35 lb/gal; visc. 125 cps; acid no. 0-3; pH 10; 50% NV; anionic

Storage: Indefinite shelf life NovaFlo® HW [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Rosin

CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7

Uses: Internal sizing agent for low to med.-sized bleached and unbleached paper and paperboard; highly efficient; easy-to-handle; ready-to-use; exc. replacement for paste size; designed to be used in conjunction with hard water

Properties: Translucent amber liq.; dilutable in hard water; visc. 125 cps; pH 10; 50% NV; anionic

NovaPlus® [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Neutral rosin size

CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7

Uses: Internal sizing agent for neutral and acid papermaking systems, recycled fine papers; for use with and without CaCO₃; ready-to-use; wide pH flexibility; highly efficient

Properties: Wh. opaque liq.; visc. 10 cps; pH 6.1; 35% NV; anionic CAS 9002-88-4 NovaPlus® HS [Georgia-Pacific Resins] Uses: Film resin for industrial pkg. and heavy duty sacks; food-contact paper/ Chem. Descrip.: Neutral rosin size paperboard; good stiffness and machinability CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 compliant Uses: Internal sizing agent for neutral and acid papermaking systems, re-Properties: Melt flow 0.80 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.921; Film props.: tens. str. 30 cycled fine papers; for use with and without CaCO₃; ready-to-use; wide pH MPa (MD); elong. 660% (MD); tear str. 5.1 g/µm (MD); Dart drop str. 3.7 flexibility; highly efficient; high solids g/µm Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ R.T. Properties: Wh. opaque liq.; visc. 35 cps; pH 6.1; 50% NV; anionic Novapol[®] TF-Y534-IP [NOVA Chems.] Novapol® HD-2100-A [NOVA Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: MDPE with antioxidants and processing stabilizers Chem. Descrip.: Hexene MDPE with process stabilizer, process aid, slip CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 and antiblock Uses: Extrusion resin for pipes for pressure and nonpressure service (25 CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 mm-1600 mm), municipal potable water pipe, fuel gas pipe, relining, indus-Uses: Film resin for industrial pkg., overwrap, and narrow die gap extrusion; food-contact paper, polymer; exc. stiffness; high str. and toughness trial and mining pipe, and storm and sanitary pipe; food-contact paper, polymers; exc. ESCR, toughness, processability; high str. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 compliant Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 compliant Properties: Melt flow 0.50 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.934; Film props.: tens. str. 44 Properties: Melt flow 0.14 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.940; m.p. 128 C; tens. str. 20 MPa (MD); elong. 520% (MD); tear str. 2.0 g/µm (MD); Dart drop str. 2.8 MPa (@ yield); ultimate elong. 800%; hardness (Shore D) 60; soften. pt. g/µm (Vicat) 119 C Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ R.T. Novapol® TF-Y822-BP [NOVA Chems.] Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ R.T. Novapol[®] LC-0522-A [Nova Ltd; NOVA Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Hexene LLDPE with process aid and med. slip and antiblock Chem. Descrip.: LDPE CAS 9002-88-4 CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Film resin for industrial pkg. and high str. liners; food-contact paper, polymer; good stiffness and machinability; exc. toughness Uses: Extrusion resin for food pkg., milk cartons, paperboard containers, liq. pkg., woven fabrics, lumber wrap, and heavy duty bags; high stiffness, Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 compliant good barrier Properties: Melt flow 0.80 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.921; Film props.: tens. str. 32 MPa (MD); elong. 650% (MD); tear str. 13.0 g/µm (MD); Dart drop str. 6.3 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1520 compliant Properties: Melt flow 4.5 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.922 g/µm Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ R.T. Novapol® LC-0717-A [Nova Ltd; NOVA Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: LDPE Novapol[®] TF-Y822-CP [NOVA Chems.] CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Chem. Descrip.: Hexene LLDPE with antiblock and process aid Uses: Extrusion resin for sugar pouch stock, popsicle wrap, multi-wall bags, CAS 9002-88-4 high speed/low coating wt. paper coating, flexible and snack food pkg.; Uses: Film resin for heavy duty sacks and high str. pkg.; food-contact paper, polymer; good stiffness and machinability; exc. toughness coating of nonporous substrates; exc. adhesion, drawdown, and sealability; high speeds; low coating wts. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 compliant Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1520 Properties: Melt flow 0.80 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.921; Film props.: tens. str. 32 Properties: Melt index 7.0; dens. 0.917 MPa (MD); elong. 650% (MD); tear str. 13.0 g/µm (MD); Dart drop str. 6.3 Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ ambient temps. g/µm Novapol® LF-0717-A [NOVA Chems.] Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ R.T. Novapol® TR-0338-U [NOVA Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: LDPE CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Chem. Descrip.: MDPE with antixoidants and UV stabilizers CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Extrusion resin for sugar pouch stock, popsicle wrap, multiwall bags, high speed/low coating wt. paper coating, flexible and snack food pkg., Uses: Rotational molding resin for lg. parts and agric. storage tanks; foodcoating of nonporous substrates contact paper, polymer; exc. impact and ESCR Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1520 compliant Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 compliant Properties: Melt flow 7.0 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.917 Properties: Melt flow 3.5 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.938; m.p. 129 C Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ R.T. Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ R.T. Novapol[®] TR-0338-UG [NOVA Chems.] Novapol® PD-2115-A [NOVA Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: MDPE with antioxidants and UV stabilizers *Chem. Descrip.:* LLDPE with antioxidants and processing stabilizers CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 CAS 9002-88-4 Uses: Rotational molding resin for lg. parts and agric. storage tanks; food-Uses: Extrusion resin for pipes for pressure and nonpressure service from 12 mm to 100 mm, potable water pipe and tubing, underground sprinkler syscontact paper, polymer; exc. impact and ESCR tems, and irrigation pipe; food-contact paper, polymers; high str. and flexibil-Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 compliant Properties: Ground powd.; melt flow 3.5 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.938; m.p. 129 C ity; exc. toughness, ESCR, and processability Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ R.T. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 compliant Properties: Melt flow 0.8 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.922; tens. str. 13 MPa (@ yield); Novapol® TR-0535-U [NOVA Chems.] ultimate elong. 890%; hardness (Shore D) 47; soften. pt. (Vicat) 95 C Chem. Descrip.: Hexene MDPE with antioxidants and UV stabilizers Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ R.T. CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Novapol® PF-Y821-BP [NOVA Chems.] Uses: Rotational molding resin for lg. parts and agric. storage tanks; food-Chem. Descrip.: Butene LLDPE with process stabilizer, process aid, med. contact paper, polymer; exc. impact and ESCR Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 compliant slip and antiblock CAS 9002-88-4 Properties: Pellet; melt flow 5.0 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.935; m.p. 128 C Uses: Film resin for general purpose pkg., bags requiring moderate clarity, Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ R.T. Novapol® TR-0535-UG [NOVA Chems.] and bread bags; food-contact paper/paperboard; good stiffness and machin-Chem. Descrip.: Hexene MDPE with antioxidants and UV stabilizers ability Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 compliant CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Rotational molding resin for lg. parts and agric. storage tanks; food-Properties: Melt flow 0.80 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.921; Film props.: tens. str. 30 MPa (MD); elong. 660% (MD); tear str. 5.1 g/µm (MD); Dart drop str. 3.7 contact paper, polymer; exc. impact and ESCR Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 compliant g/µm Properties: Ground powd.; melt flow 5.0 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.935; bulk dens. Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ ambient temps. Novapol® PF-Y821-CP [NOVA Chems.] 37 g/100 cc; m.p. 128 C Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ R.T. Chem. Descrip.: Butene LLDPE with antiblock and process aid

NovaSize® AKD [Georgia-Pacific Resins]	NP8 [Mosselman NV]
Chem Descrin · Alkyl ketene dimer wax disp	<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Nonviphenol ethoxylates
Uses: Alkaline reactive sizing agent for alkaline papermaking systems, re-	CAS 9016-45-9
cycled OCC and specialty grades; for use with and without CaCO ₃ ; ready-	Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, emulsifier, detergent, dispersant for cleaners
to-use; high efficiency	and detergents, leather, textiles; emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; wetting
Properties: Wh. opaque liq.; visc. 100 cps; pH 3.5; 30% NV; cationic	agent for paper industry
Storage: 3 mos shelf life	Properties: Sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 350 mPas; HLB 12.3; hyd. no. 95; cloud pt. 32
NovaSize® ASA [Georgia-Pacific Resins]	(1% aq.); pH 7 (1%); nonionic
Chem. Descrip.: Alkenyl succinic anhydride	NP9 [Mosselman NV]
CAS 70983-55-0	Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol ethoxylates
Uses: Alkaline reactive sizing agent for neutral and alkaline papermaking	CAS 9016-45-9
systems; must be emulsified with a suitable emulsifier, e.g., NovaSize	Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, emulsifier, detergent, dispersant for cleaners
EML; high solids	and detergents, leather, textiles; emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; wetting
Properties: Amber IIq.; VISC. 200 CpS; 100% NV	agentifor paper industry
Sionage: Extended Shell life	(10/ og), pLL7 (10/), popionio
Cham Descrin : Modified ag carbohydrate omulsion	(1% dq.), µ⊓ 7 (1%), nononic ND10 [Mossolman NV]
Lisos: Emulsifiar for Nova Size ASA for optimal sizing performance in poutral	Cham Descrin · Nonvinhenol ethoxylates
and alkaline nanermaking systems	$C\Delta S = 0.16.45.0$ FINECS/FLINCS 248.204.1
Properties: Opaque liq: visc. 600 cps: pH 3 0: 15 5% NV: cationic	Uses: Surfactant wetting agent emulsifier detergent dispersant for cleaners
NovaSize Dark Fortified [Georgia-Pacific Resins]	and detergents, leather, textiles; emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; wetting
Chem. Descrip.: Tall oil rosin	agent for paper industry
CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7	Properties: Sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 360 mPas; HLB 13.2; hyd. no. 85; cloud pt. 64
Uses: Internal sizing agent to give water resistance to paper and paperboard	(1% aq.); pH 7 (1%); nonionic
Properties: USDA N-M color, translucent paste; dens. 9.2 lb/gal (70 C);	NP12 [Mosselman NV]
visc. 2500 cps max. (70 C); acid no. 10-18 (70%), 12-20 (77%); 70 ± 1%	Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol ethoxylates
and 77 \pm 1% solids	CAS 9016-45-9
NovaSize, Dark Unfortified [Georgia-Pacific Resins]	Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, emulsifier, detergent, dispersant for cleaners
Chem. Descrip.: Tall oil rosin	and detergents, leather, textiles; emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; wetting
CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7	agentifor paper industry
Dises: Internal sizing agent to give water resistance to paper and paperboard Dranartias: USDA N M color, translucant pasto; dons, 0,2 lb/gal (70,0);	/10/2013; Cloud PL 81 (1% 2013): pH 7 (1%): popionic
r_{10} prise, 2500 cps max (70 C); acid po 10 18 (70%) 12 20 (77%); 70 + 1%	N® Sodium Silicate [DO]
and $77 + 1\%$ solids	Chem Descrin · Sodium silicate
NovaSize Pale Fortified [Georgia-Pacific Resins]	CAS 1344-09-8' FINECS/FLINCS 215-687-4
Chem. Descrin: Tall oil rosin	Uses: Corrosion inhibitor in cleaning compds.; hardening/waterproofing con-
CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7	crete: binder in cements: deflocculant in ceramics: deflocculant, buffer in lig.
Uses: Internal sizing agent to give water resistance to paper and paperboard	detergents; buffer in textile pad-batch dyeing; binder in metal processing;
Properties: USDAN min. color, translucent paste; dens. 9.2 lb/gal (70 C);	petrol. processing; paper coatings; detergent, deflocculant, bleaching en-
visc. 2500 cps max. (70 C); acid no. 10-18 (70%), 12-20 (77%); 70 ± 1%	hancer, alkalinity agent in deinking paper stock; metal deactivator in perox-
and 77 \pm 1% solids	ide or oxygen bleaching of pulp; flocculant, corrosion inhibitor in water
NovaSperse [™] [Georgia-Pacific Resins]	treatment; binder in waste treatment
Chem. Descrip.: Rosin aq. disp.	Regulatory: SARA nonreportable
CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7	Properties: Nearly clear to opalescent syrupy liq.; odoriess; completely sol.
Uses: Internal sizing agent to give water resist, to paper/paperboard incl.	III Water; Sp.gt. 1.38 (20 C); defis. 11.0 ib/yat; visc. 180 cps; μπ 11.3; noncombustible: 27 49/ solide: 29 79/ SiO - 9.09/ No O
paper for contact with aq./faily focus, encient over whe prinarye, exc.	Tovicology: CEL 5 mg/m ³ : alkalinity can irritate eves and skin: inh irritates
$R_{equilatory} \in D\Delta 21 \cap FR \& 176 170 178 3870$	respiratory tract ing, can cause irritation to esonharus and stomach
Properties: Wh. opaque lig.: dens. 8.6 lb/gal: visc. 20 cps: pH 6.2-6.5: 35 ±	<i>Environmental:</i> High alkalinity of undiluted or unneutralized material is harmful
1% solids	to aquatic life
Storage: 12 mos shelf life	Precaution: Incompat. with gels when mixed with acid, metals, e.g., alumi-
Novus™ [Hercules]	num, tin, lead, zinc (may produce flamm. hydrogen gas); spills are very
Chem. Descrip.: Emulsion polymers	slippery; dries to glassy film which can cut skin and etch glass
Uses: Clarifier for wastewater, sludge dewatering agent, and air flotation agent	Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Hydrogen
for pulp/paper industry	Storage: For extended storage, use tightly closed drums, steel containers, or
	containers of nonreactive materials
NP4 [MOSSelfman NV] Chem Descrin (Nonvinhenel ethevulates	Nucrei® 0407 [DuPoni]
CAS 0016.15.0 FINECS/FLINCS 230.770.5	CAS 25052 52 6
Uses: Surfactant wetting agent emulsifier detergent dispersant for cleaners	Uses: For extrusion coating and laminating: applies incl foil-containing sham-
and detergents, leather, textiles; emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; wetting	poo. toothpaste, towelette, condiment, and misc, non-food pouches and
agent for paper industry	sachets, snack structures; other foil, metalized film, or paper coatings as
Properties: Sp.gr. 1.02; visc. 350 mPas; HLB 9; hyd. no. 140; cloud pt. 55	heat seal or tie layer; food-contact polymers
(10% in 25% BDG); pH 7 (1%); nonionic	Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1330 compliant
NP6 [Mosselman NV]	Properties: Pellets; sp.gr. 0.93; melt flow 7.0 dg/min; f.p. 84 C; m.p. 109 C;
Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol ethoxylates	Vicat soften. pt. 90 C; 4% methacrylic acid
CAS 9016-45-9	Precaution: Do not use in medical applics. involving permanent implantation
Uses: Surractant, wetting agent, emulsifier, detergent, dispersant for cleaners	III NUMAN DOOY
and detergents, realiner, textiles, enfuisitier for enfuision polymenzation; welling agent for paper industry	NUCLETE VOUVITS [DUPUIL] Cham Descrin : Ethylene methacrulic acid consumer resin
Properties: Sp. gr. 1.04: visc. 350 mPas: HI R 11: hvd. no. 115: cloud nt. 67	CAS 25053-53-6
(10% in 25% BDG); pH 7 (1%); nonionic	Uses: Adhesive and sealant resin for extrusion coating; applics. incl. foil-

containing shampoo, toothpaste, towelette, condiment, and misc. non-food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180 Properties: Liq.; 50% act. pouches and sachets, medical/pharmaceutical pkg., snack structures, toothpaste tubes; aseptic and hot-filled lig. cartons; other foil, metalized film, or Nuosept® 120 [Creanova] paper coatings as heat seal or tie layer; food-contact polymers; high speed grade Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1330 compliant Properties: Melt flow 9.0 dg/min; f.p. 83 C; m.p. 104 C; Vicat soften. pt. 88 C: 6% methacrylic acid Precaution: Do not use in medical applics. involving permanent implantation in human body Nucrel® 0908HS [DuPont] Chem. Descrip .: Ethylene-methacrylic acid copolymer resin CAS 25053-53-6 Uses: For extrusion coating; applics. incl. foil-containing shampoo, toothpaste, towelette, condiment, and misc. non-food pouches and sachets, snack structures; other foil, metalized film, or paper coatings as heat seal or tie layer; food-contact polymers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1330 compliant Properties: Pellets; sp.gr. 0.93; melt flow 8.0 dg/min; f.p. 84 C; m.p. 103 C; Vicat soften. pt. 86 C; 8.7% methacrylic acid Precaution: Do not use in medical applics. involving permanent implantation in human body Nucrel® 0910HS [DuPont] Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene-methacrylic acid copolymer resin CAS 25053-53-6 Uses: For extrusion coating; applics. incl. foil-containing shampoo, toothpaste, towelette, condiment, and misc. non-food pouches and sachets, snack structures, toothpaste tubes, cable shield wrap, aseptic and hot-filled cartons; other foil, metalized film, or paper coatings as heat seal or tie layer; food-contact polymers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1330 compliant Properties: Pellets; sp.gr. 0.93; melt flow 10.0 dg/min; f.p. 84 C; m.p. 103 C; Vicat soften. pt. 86 C; 8.7% methacrylic acid Precaution: Do not use in medical applics. involving permanent implantation in human body Nucrel® 1214 [DuPont] Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene-methacrylic acid copolymer resin CAS 25053-53-6 Uses: Adhesive and sealant resin for extrusion coating; applics. incl. foilcontaining shampoo, toothpaste, towelette, condiment, and misc. non-food pouches and sachets, medical/pharmaceutical pkg., snack structures; other foil, metalized film, or paper coatings as heat seal or tie layer; food-contact polymers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1330 compliant Properties: Melt flow 13.5 dg/min; f.p. 71 C; m.p. 97 C; Vicat soften. pt. 75 C; 12% methacrylic acid Precaution: Do not use in medical applics. involving permanent implantation in human body Nucrel® 3990 [DuPont] Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene-acrylic acid copolymer resin CAS 9010-77-9 Uses: For extrusion coating; applics. incl. foil-containing shampoo, toothpaste, towelette, condiment, and misc. non-food pouches and sachets, snack structures; other foil, metalized film, or paper coatings as heat seal or tie layer; food-contact polymers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1330 compliant Properties: Pellets; sp.gr. 0.94; melt flow 10.0 dg/min; f.p. 78 C; m.p. 97 C; Vicat soften. pt. 79 C; 9% acrylic acid Precaution: Do not use in medical applics. involving permanent implantation in human body NuDry[™] 30 [Crompton/Witco] Chem. Descrip.: Reactive silicone emulsion Uses: Combing lubricant that enhances durable hydrophobic props. of PP webs; hydrophobic finish for spunbonded PP nonwovens; water-based; exc. bulk and dilution stability; nonyellowing; low VOCs Properties: Milky aq. emulsion; visc. 80-100 cps; pH 9.0-9.5; 50% act.; nonionic Nuosept® 95 [Creanova] Chem. Descrip.: Mix. of bicyclic oxazolidines Uses: Preservative for water-based coatings; food pkg. adhesives, paper; nonyel., exc. compat. Use Level: 0.2-0.3% based on total wt. of coating

Chem. Descrip.: Tetrahydro-3,5-dimethyl-2H-1,3,5-thiadiazine-2-thione CAS 533-74-4; EINECS/ELINCS 208-576-7 Uses: Preservative for coatings, slurries, and adhesives; recirculating water systems; food pkg. adhesives; slimicide in food-contact paper; dispersed form of Nuosept S Use Level: 0.1-0.5% based on total wt. of coating *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR§ 175.105, 176.230, 176.300 *Properties:* Liq. disp.; 20% act. Nuosept® 166 [Creanova] Chem. Descrip.: 4,4-Dimethyloxazolidine (66%) CAS 51200-87-4; EINECS/ELINCS 257-048-2 Uses: Algicide for high pH water-based applics., paints and coatings, adhesives, caulks and joint compds., cosmetics, drilling muds, inks, metalworking fluids, oil field water treatment, paper coatings, pigment disp., plastics/ vinyl, roof coatings, slurries, recirculating water systems, wood preservatives Use Level: 0.2-0.3% Properties: Liq. Nuosept® S [Creanova] Chem. Descrip.: Tetrahydro-3,5-dimethyl-2H-1,3,5-thiadiazine-2-thione (99%) CAS 533-74-4; EINEĆS/ELINCS 208-576-7 Uses: Preservative for coatings, slurries, adhesives, starch- and caseinbased systems; recirculating water systems; food pkg. adhesives; slimicide in food-contact paper; esp. effective at $pH \ge 7$ Use Level: 0.04-0.11% based on total wt. of coating Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.230, 176.300 Properties: Powd. Nyacol[®] 215 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica disp. EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Antiskid agent for paper to frictionize linerboard, esp. that made from recycled fibers Properties: 4 nm particle size; dens. 1.10 g/cm3; visc. 5 mPa•s; pH 11; 15% SiO₂ Nvacol® 830 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica disp. EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Antiskid agent for paper to frictionize linerboard, esp. that made from recycled fibers Properties: 10 nm particle size; dens. 1.22 g/cm3; visc. 8 mPa•s; pH 10.5; 30% SiO₂ Nyacol[®] 1430 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica disp. EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Antiskid agent for paper to frictionize linerboard, esp. that made from recycled fibers Properties: 14 nm particle size; dens. 1.21 g/cm³; visc. 7 mPa•s; pH 10.3; 30% SiO Nyacol® 1440 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica disp. EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Antiskid agent for paper to frictionize linerboard, esp. that made from recycled fibers Properties: 14 nm particle size; dens. 1.30 g/cm³; visc. 16 mPa•s; pH 10.4; 40% SiO Nyacol® 2034DI [Eka Chems.] *Chem. Descrip.:* Colloidal silica disp. EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Antiskid agent for paper to frictionize linerboard, esp. that made from recycled fibers Properties: 20 nm particle size; dens. 1.23 g/cm³; visc. 7 mPa•s; pH 3; 34% SiO₂ Nyacol® 2040 [Eka Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica disp. EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Antiskid agent for paper to frictionize linerboard, esp. that made from recycled fibers
- Properties: 20 nm particle size; dens. 1.30 g/cm³; visc. 13 mPa•s; pH 10; 40% SiO₂

Nyacol[®] 2040NH₄ [Eka Chems.] recycled fibers Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica disp. Properties: 100 nm particle size; dens. 1.40 g/cm³; visc. 15 mPa•s; pH 9; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 50% SiO₂ Uses: Antiskid agent for paper to frictionize linerboard, esp. that made from Nyacol® A-1530 [PQ] Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal disp. of antimony pentoxide in water recycled fibers Properties: 20 nm particle size; dens. 1.30 g/cm³; visc. 15 mPa•s; pH 9; CAS 1314-60-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-237-7 40% SiO2 Uses: Flame retardant for latex emulsions, FR adhesives; durable flame Nyacol® 2050 [Eka Chems.] retardant treatment for fabrics, nonwovens, fiberfill, paper, fiberglass, vinyls Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica disp. *Properties:* Disp. particle size 15-30 mµ; sp.gr. 1.37; visc. 5 cps; 30% EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 antimony pentoxide; anionic Uses: Antiskid agent for paper to frictionize linerboard, esp. that made from Nyacol® A-1550 [PQ] Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal disp. of antimony pentoxide in water recycled fibers Properties: 20 nm particle size; dens. 1.40 g/cm³; visc. 50 mPa•s; pH 10; CAS 1314-60-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-237-7 Uses: Flame retardant for latex emulsions, FR adhesives; durable flame 50% SiO₂ Nyacol® 9950 [Eka Chems.] retardant treatment for fabrics, nonwovens, fiberfill, paper, fiberglass, vinyls Properties: Disp. particle size 15-30 mµ; sp.gr. 1.81; visc. 10 cps; 50% Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica disp. EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 antimony pentoxide; anionic Uses: Antiskid agent for paper to frictionize linerboard, esp. that made from

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Oakite® Defoamant [Oakite Prods.]

- Chem. Descrip.: O/w emulsion containing org. esters, alcohols, silicone, hydrocarbons, and stabilizers
- Uses: Foam control agent for industrial applics., e.g., paper mill stock systems, gas dehydration units, amine scrubbing units, propane deasphalting units
- Properties: Milky wh. visc. liq., bland odor; sp.gr. 1.002; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; visc. 1000 cps; flash pt. none; pH 9.6

Oakite® Defoamant RC [Oakite Prods.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Silicone/nonionic emulsifiers
- Uses: Foam control agent for plastic recycling systems, food processing, textile, pulp/paper, other industrial applics.
- *Properties:* Milky wh. emulsion, mild odor; disp. in cold or hot water; sp.gr. 1.010; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; flash pt. none; nonionic

Octomer DOM [Tiarco]

Chem. Descrip .: Dioctyl maleate

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CAS 2915-53-9
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Uses: Intermediate for surfactants and wetting agents; in copolymerization of PVC and vinyl acetates; plasticizer for vinyl resins; internal plasticizer in copolymer films; also in latex paints, paper and textile coatings, adhesives *Properties:* Colorless clear oily liq.; sp.gr. 0.938-0.942; b.p. 209 C; acid no. < 0.25; flash pt. 360 F; 100% conc.

Storage: Keep containers tightly closed when not in use; protect from freezing Octosperse 662 [Tiarco]

- Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary mixt.
- Uses: Antiwebbing agent used in latex dipping and coating compds.; foodcontact paper/paperboard

Use Level: 0.2-1.6%

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.2600 approved
- Properties: Liq. emulsion; dens. 7.7-7.9 lbs/gal; visc. > 3000 cps; pH 8-9.5; 46-50% solids
- Storage: Keep containers tightly closed; protect from freezing

Octotint 120 [Tiarco]

Chem. Descrip.: Ultramarine blue

- CAS 57455-37-5; EINECS/ELINCS 309-928-3
- Uses: Color dispersion for use in paper and wood coatings, sizing, textile lubrication, and as processing aid in latex foams; strong anti-ozone characteristic; for whitening applics.
- Properties: 55% solids

Octotint 138 [Tiarco]

- Chem. Descrip.: Anatase titanium dioxide
- CAS 13463-67-7; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5
- Uses: Color dispersion for use in paper and wood coatings, sizing, textile lubrication, and as processing aid in latex foams; strong anti-ozone characteristic Properties: Wh. dispersion: 65% solids: ponionic

Properties: Wh. dispersion; 65% solids; nonionic

Octotint 150 [Tiarco] Chem. Descrip.: Diarylide yellow, Pigment yellow 14

CAS 5468-75-7

Uses: Color dispersion for use in paper and wood coatings, sizing, textile lubrication, and as processing aid in latex foams; strong anti-ozone characteristic

Properties: 25% solids

Octotint 155 [Tiarco]

Chem. Descrip.: Phthalocyanine blue, Pigment blue 15:1

- CAS 147-14-8; EINECS/ELINCS 205-685-1
- Uses: Color dispersion for use in paper and wood coatings, sizing, textile lubrication, and as processing aid in latex foams; strong anti-ozone characteristic
- Properties: 62% solids
- Octotint 572 [Tiarco]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Ultramarine blue
 - CAS 57455-37-5; EINECS/ELINCS 309-928-3
 - Uses: Color dispersion for use in paper and wood coatings, sizing, textile lubrication, and as processing aid in latex foams; strong anti-ozone characteristic
 - Properties: 55% solids

Octotint 601 [Tiarco]

- Chem. Descrip.: Anatase titanium dioxide
- CAS 13463-67-7; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5
- Uses: Color dispersion for use in paper and wood coatings, sizing, textile lubrication, and as processing aid in latex foams; strong anti-ozone characteristic
- Properties: 70% solids; anionic
- Octotint 825 [Tiarco]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Jute color, iron oxide
 - CAS 1309-37-1; EINECS/ELINCS 215-168-2
 - Uses: Color dispersion for use in paper and wood coatings, sizing, textile lubrication, and as processing aid in latex foams; strong anti-ozone characteristic
 - Properties: 50% solids
- Octowax 321 [Tiarco]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Refined paraffin wax aq. emulsion
 - CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6
 - Uses: Wax emulsion for use in paper and wood coating, sizing, textile lubrication; as processing aid in latex foams; antiozonant chars.; modifier improving water resist. and aging chars. in latex compds.; food pkg. adhesives, rubber articles; heat-stable, nondiscoloring
 - Use Level: 1-2% (latex)
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.2600, 178.3710
 - Properties: Wh. emulsion; visc. 200-1600 cps; m.p. 125-130 F; pH 8.5-9.5; 49-51% solids
 - Storage: Store in tightly closed containers; protect from freezing; stir before use
- Octowax 437 [Tiarco]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Blend of microcrystalline wax and paraffin wax
 - Uses: Processing aid in latex foams; antiozonant in latex rubber; for use in paper and wood coatings, sizing, textile lubrication
 - Properties: Wh. emulsion; m.p. 150 F; pH 8.5-9.5; 52-54% solids
- Octowax 518 [Tiarco]
 - Chem. Descrip.: HDPE emulsion
 - CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
 - Uses: Wax emulsion for use in paper and wood coating, sizing, textile lubrication; processing aid in latex foams; antiozonant chars.; improves sewability, tear str. and abrasion resist. of cotton, syn. and blended fibers and fabrics
 - Properties: Lt. tan liq.; dissolves easily in cold water; dens. 8.26 lb/gal; pH 8.5-9.5; 25% conc.; nonionic
- Octowax 695 [Tiarco]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Paraffin wax

CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6 5 s (0.075%); 69-71% act. in water, butyl Carbitol; anionic Octowet 70D [Tiarco] Uses: Water absorp. barrier used in hardboard, paper sizing and paperboard applics., food-contact adhesives/paper; chem. stability to acids, alkalis, and Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate in water, glycol, and isoproinorg. salts pyl alcohol Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180 approved Uses: Wetting agent in textile dyeing and washing; penetrant, emulsifier for Properties: Aq. emulsion; visc. < 1000 cps; m.p. 120-130 F; pH 6.5-7.5; 49textiles; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; 51% solids; anionic food-contact paper, cellophane, textiles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact Storage: Keep containers tightly closed; protect from freezing articles; high speed Octowet 40 [Tiarco] Use Level: 0.50-1.5% Chem. Descrip .: Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4 177.2800, 178.3400 approved Properties: APHA < 100 liq.; dens. 8.9-9.1 lbs/gal; visc. 200-400 cps; acid Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, penetrant for textile washing and dyeing operations, agric., mining, paper, printing no. < 4.0; iodine no. < 0.15; pH 5-7; Draves wetting < 5 sec @ 0.75%; 67-Properties: Colorless liq.; m.w. 444.63; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 200-400 cps; 68% act.; anionic acid no. < 2; iodine no. < 0.15; flash pt. > 120 F; pH 5-7; Draves wetting < Toxicology: TSCA listed 5 s (0.075%); 39-41% act. in water, alcohol, glycol; anionic Storage: Store away from high heat, open flame Octowet 70PG [Tiarco] Octowet 55 [Tiarco] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4 CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4 Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, penetrant for textile washing and dyeing Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, penetrant for textile processing, paints, coatoperations, agric., mining, paper, printing ings, polymerization, agric., mining, paper, printing, industrial applics.; high Properties: Colorless liq.; m.w. 444.63; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 200-400 cps; speed wetting; rec. where high flash is important acid no. < 2; iodine no. < 0.15; flash pt. > 120 F; pH 5-7; Draves wetting < Properties: Colorless liq.; m.w. 444.63; dens. 9.08 lb/gal; visc. 200-400 cps; 5 s (0.075%); 54-56% act. in water, alcohol, glycol; anionic acid no. < 2; iodine no. < 0.15; flash pt. > 212 F; pH 5-7; Draves wetting < Octowet 60 [Tiarco] 5 s (0.075%); 69-71% act. in water, propylene glycol; anionic Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate Octowet 75 [Tiarco] Chem. Descrip .: Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4 Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, penetrant for textile dyeing and washing CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4 Uses: Wetting agent, penetrant, emulsifier for textile dyeing and washing operations, agric., mining, paper, printing Properties: Colorless liq.; m.w. 444.63; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 200-400 cps; operations, agric., mining, paper, printing, paints and coatings, latex dipped acid no. < 2; iodine no. < 0.15; flash pt. > 120 F; pH 5-7; Draves wetting < goods, rubber and latex polymerization, industrial applics. 5 s (0.075%); 59-61% act. in water, alcohol, glycol; anionic Properties: Colorless liq.; m.w. 444.63; dens. 9.18 lb/gal; visc. 200-400 cps; Octowet 60-I [Tiarco] acid no. < 2; iodine no. < 0.15; pH 5-7; flash pt. > 105 F; Draves wetting < Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate 5 s (0.075%); 74-76% act. in water, alcohol, glycol; anionic CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4 Octowet 75E [Tiarco] Chem. Descrip .: Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate Uses: Wetting agent, penetrant, emulsifier for coatings, textile finishing, agric., CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4 mining, paper, printing; high speed wetting agent effective at low concs. Properties: Colorless liq.; m.w. 444.63; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 200-400 cps; Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, penetrant for textile dyeing and washing acid no. < 2; iodine no. < 0.15; flash pt. < 100 F; pH 5-7; Draves wetting < operations, agric., mining, paper, printing, paints and coatings, latex dipped 5 s (0.075%); 59-61% act. in water, 20% IPA; anionic goods, rubber and latex polymerization, industrial applics.; emulsifier and Octowet 65 [Tiarco] stabilizer for NR and SR latexes Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate Properties: Colorless liq.; m.w. 444.63; dens. 9.18 lb/gal; visc. 200-400 cps; CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4 acid no. < 2; iodine no. < 0.15; flash pt. > 105 F; pH 5-7; Draves wetting < Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, penetrant for textile dyeing and washing 5 s (0.075%); 74-76% act. in water, ethanol, glycol; anionic operations, agric., mining, paper, printing **ODSA** [Dixie] Properties: Colorless liq.; m.w. 444.63; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. 200-400 cps; Chem. Descrip.: Octadecenylsuccinic anhydride CAS 28777-98-2 acid no. < 2; iodine no. < 0.15; flash pt. > 120 F; pH 5-7; Draves wetting < 5 s (0.075%); 64-66% act. in water, alcohol, glycol; anionic Uses: Sizing agent for alkaline paper; ease of handling; suitable in both Octowet 70 [Tiarco] cationic starch and polymer emulsion systems and in paper mills where Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate hood deposits are a problem CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4 Properties: Amber clear liq.; neutralization no. 305-335; 3% max. residual Uses: Wetting agent, penetrant, emulsifier for textile dyeing and washing olefin operations, agric., mining, paper, printing, paints and coatings, latex dipped Toxicology: Mild primary skin irritant; avoid contact with skin, eyes, clothing goods, rubber and latex polymerization, industrial applics. Storage: Store out of contact with moisture to avoid hydrolysis of the anhy-Properties: Colorless liq.; m.w. 444.63; dens. 9.06 lb/gal; visc. 200-400 cps; dride to acid Ombrelub® CD [Münzing Chemie GmbH] acid no. < 2; iodine no. < 0.15; flash pt. > 120 f; pH 4-7; Draves wetting < 5 s (0.075%); 69-71% act. in water, alcohol, glycol; anionic Chem. Descrip .: Calcium stearate Octowet 70A [Tiarco] CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8 Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium dioctyl sulfosuccinate Uses: Release agent for use in coating colors; gloss aid during calendering; Uses: Wetting agent, solubilizer, penetrant for textile processing, agric., minfood pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact coatings, ing, paper, printing, paints and coatings, latex dipped goods, rubber and latex paper/paperboard; improves dimensional stability and printability; inc. flexpolymerization; high speed wetting ibility and reduces coating brittleness during mfg.; improves smoothness Properties: Colorless lig.; pH 7-9; 69-71% act. in water, alcohol, glycol; during calendering Use Level: 1-5% anionic Octowet 70BC [Tiarco] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, Chem. Descrip .: Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate 176.210; BGA approved CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4 Properties: Wh. disp.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.01 (20 C); m.p. 120 C; pH Uses: Wetting agent, penetrant, emulsifier for paints and coatings, polymeriza-9 (2%); nonionic Storage: 6 mos shelf life in closed package @ 15-25 C; sensitive to freezing tion, textiles, agric., mining, paper, printing, and industrial applics.; high speed wetting; effective at low concs.; rec. where high flash is important Opacarb® PCC [Specialty Mins.] Chem. Descrip.: Precipitated calcium carbonate Properties: Colorless liq.; m.w. 444.63; dens. 9.08 lb/gal; visc. 200-400 cps;

acid no. < 2; iodine no. < 0.15; flash pt. > 212 F; pH 5-7; Draves wetting <

CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9

TRADE NAME REFERENCE • 251

Uses: Filler, opacifier, brightener for paper coatings Properties: Acicular shape Opacimite™ [IMERYS] Chem. Descrip .: Calcium carbonate Chem. Analysis: CaCO₃ (97.6%), MgCO₃ (1.5%), moisture (0.2% max.) CAS 1317-65-3 Uses: Pigment, filler, reinforcing agent for use in paper filling and coating; finely ground; engineered particle size distribution Properties: Wh. powd., odorless; 1.1 µ mean particle size; fineness (Hegman) 6-7; negligible sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.71; dens. 32 lb/ft3 (loose); surf. area 5 m²/g; oil absorp. 18-20; pH 9.3-9.9 (5% slurry); nonflamm. Toxicology: TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³, considered nuisance dust Precaution: Incompat. with acids

Opacitex [IMERYS]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcined kaolin clay CAS 1332-58-7; EINECS/ELINCS 296-473-8

Uses: Pigment, opacifier for paper coatings and for filling newsprint and other groundwood specialties; imparts improved print props.

Properties: Pulverized, slurry; 0.015% 325-mesh residue; 80% finer than 2 µ particle size; sp.gr. 2.72; visc. 500 cps (50% solids); brightness (GE) 80-83; ref. index 1.56; pH 4-7 (20% aq.); hardness (Mohs) 2; 0.5-1.0% moisture (pulverized), 47-51% moisture (slurry)

Opazil[®] [Süd-Chemie AG]

- Chem. Descrip.: Bentonite
- CAS 1302-78-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-108-5
- Uses: For deinking plants and paper machine retention; clean circulation water, adsorb substances that can cause mfg. problems

Optiblanc[®] BRC [3V/Paper]

Chem. Descrip.: Stilbene-triazine deriv.

- Uses: Optical brightener for paper surf. applics.; blue-violet shade allows for production of higher whiteness papers; can substitute for hexasulfonated chems. in certain mill applics.; does not harm internal sizing
- Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §304/313 nonreportable
- Properties: Yel.-brn. liq.; char. odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.12-1.16; visc. 60 mPa•s; vapor pressure 20 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. < 10 C; b.p. ≈ 100 C; flash pt. none to 100 C; pH 8.0-9.0; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2500 mg/kg; nonirritating to skin/eyes; TSCA listed

Environmental: Do not discharge into drains or waterways; 20-40% biodeg. Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: On burning, nitrogen, sulfur, and carbon oxides can be produced

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store tightly closed @ 5-30 C; avoid freezing

Optiblanc® BRC 70 [3V/Paper]

Chem. Descrip .: Stilbene-triazine deriv.

Uses: Optical brightener for paper surf. applics.; blue-violet shade allows for production of higher whiteness papers; can substitute for hexasulfonated chems. in certain mill applics.; does not harm internal sizing

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA nonreportable

- Properties: Yel.-brn. liq.; char. odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.12-1.16; visc. 60 mPa•s; vapor pressure 20 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. < 10 C; b.p. ≈ 100 C; flash pt. none to 100 C; pH 8.0-9.0; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2500 mg/kg; nonirritating to skin/eyes; TSCA listed

Environmental: Do not discharge into drains or waterways; 20-40% biodeg. Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers and water-reacting materials

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: On burning, nitrogen, sulfur, and carbon oxides can be produced

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store tightly closed @ 5-30 C; avoid freezing

Optiblance® CL 300 [3V/Paper]

Chem. Descrip .: Stilbene-triazine deriv.

Uses: Optical brightener for paper coating colors based on all syn. binders; high brightness may be achieved in coating applics.

Use Level: 2% on dry pigment

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §304/313 nonreportable

Properties: Yel.-brn. liq.; char. odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.16-1.20; visc. 250 mPa•s; vapor pressure 20 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. < 10 C; b.p. ≈ 100 C; flash pt. none to 100 C; pH 9-10.5; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 10,000 mg/kg; sl. irritant to skin/eyes, mucous membranes; TSCA listed

- Environmental: Do not discharge into drains or waterways; > 60% biodeq. Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers, water-reacting materials, and hypochlorites
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: On burning, nitrogen, sulfur, and carbon oxides can be produced
- NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Very long shelf life in tightly closed containers; protect from frost; store away from light

Optiblanc[®] HL 400 [3V/Paper]

Chem. Descrip .: Stilbene-triazine deriv. Uses: Optical brightener for paper; high brightness may be achieved in sizepress treatments with starch; does not affect alkaline or rosin sizing; good lightfastness

Use Level: 2.5-3.0% in size-press sol'n.

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §304/313 nonreportable

- Properties: Yel.-brn. liq.; char. odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.16-1.20; visc. 45 mPa•s; vapor pressure 20 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. < 10 C; b.p. ≈ 100 C; pH 10-11; anionic
- Toxicology: Irritant to skin, eyes, possible corneal damage; vapors can be irritating; repeated/excessive exposures can damage liver and kidneys; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers, strong acids, water-reacting substances; do not use in preparations containing nitration agents as nitrosamines (carcinogens) can form

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: On burning, nitrogen, sulfur, and carbon oxides can be produced

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Very long shelf life in tightly closed containers; protect from frost; store away from light

Optiblanc[®] KLN [3V/Paper]

Chem. Descrip .: Stilbene-triazine deriv. in water

Uses: Optical brightener for paper; very high sat. pt.; esp. suited for achieving high degree of brightness in pigmented size-press applics. and in coating colors containing nat. and syn. binders; very effective in coating colors containing 100% latex binder systems

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §304/313 nonreportable

Properties: Yel.-brn. liq.; no odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.16-1.20; visc. 300 mPa•s; vapor pressure 20 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. < 10 C; b.p. \approx 100 C; pH 9-10; anionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Environmental: Do not discharge into streams, waterways

Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: On burning, nitrogen, sulfur, and carbon oxides can be produced

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in tightly closed containers @ 5-30 C; protect from frost

Optiblance® NF 120 [3V/Paper]

Chem. Descrip .: Stilbene-triazine deriv.

Uses: Optical brightener for many nondemanding paper stock and surf. applics., particularly suitable for paper mills with stringent effluent discharge requirements; low str.; organically stabilized; rec. where low to mod. brightness gains are required

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §303/313 nonreportable

Properties: Yel.-brn. liq.; char. odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.11-1.15; visc. 25 mPa•s; vapor pressure 15 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. < -10 C; b.p. 100 C; pH 9-11; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; irritating to eyes, respiratory system, and skin; harmful by inh.; TSCA listed

Environmental: Do not discharge into streams, waterways; < 20% biodeg.

- Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers, acids, water-reacting materials, hypochlorites, halogenated org. compds.; do not use in preparations containing nitrosation agents as nitrosamines (carcinogens) may form
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: On burning, nitrogen, sulfur, and carbon oxides can be produced

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in tightly closed containers @ 5- 30 C; protect from frost Optiblanc® NF 140 [3V/Paper]

Chem. Descrip .: Stilbene-triazine deriv.

Uses: Optical brightener for many paper stock and surf. applics., particularly suitable for paper mills with stringent effluent discharge requirements; low str.; organically stabilized

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §304/313 nonreportable

Properties: Yelbrn. lig.; char. odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.11-1.15; visc.	Optiblan
20 mPa•s; vapor pressure 20 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. < 10 C; b.p. 100 C; pH	Chem
9-11; anionic	Uses:
Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5000 mg/kg; may sl. irritate eyes, skin, and	star
mucous membranes; TSCA listed	PV(
Environmental: Do not discharge into drains, waterways	Regul
Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers, water-reacting materials, hypochlorites	Prope
Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: On burning, nitrogen, sultur, and carbon oxides	mPa
can be produced	10.5
NEPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage, Stora in tightly aloged containers @E_20 C, protoct from frost	IOXICO
Storage: Store in lightly closed containers @ 5-30 C; protect from frost Optiblanc® NE 200 [2]//Dapor]	Envira
Cham Descrin · Stillene_triazine deriv	Droca
Uses: Ontical brightener for many paper stock and surf applies particularly	Hazai
suitable for paper mills with stringent effluent discharge requirements: conc.	can
organically stabilized	NFPA
Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §304/313 nonreportable	Storad
Properties: Yelbrn. liq.; char. odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.11-1.15; visc.	prot
25 mPa•s; vapor pressure 15 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. < -10 C; b.p. 100 C; pH	Optiblan
9-11; anionic	Chem
<i>Toxicology:</i> LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; may sl. irritate eyes, skin, and	Uses:
mucous membranes; TSCA listed	Optiblan
<i>Environmental:</i> Do not discharge into streams, waterways; < 20% biodeg.	Chem
Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers, acids, water-reacting materials, hy-	USES:
pocniorites, naiogenated org. compos.; do not use in preparations containing	IOW
Hazardaus Decemp. Dreds : On burning, nitragen, sulfur, and sarbon evides	Dogu
can be produced	Drone
NEPΔ· Health 2· Flammahility 1· Reactivity 0	mP2
Storage: Store in tightly closed containers @ 5-30 C: protect from frost	10.5
Optiblanc® NL [3V/Paper]	Τοχίο
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Stilbene-triazine deriv. (disodium 2,2 ⁻ -(1,2-ethenediyl) bis[5-	muc
[[4-[bis(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]-6-(phenylamine)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]	Enviro
benzenesulfonate and urea)	Preca
Uses: Optical brightener for alkaline paper stock conditions and for paper	rites
coatings based on casein, casein/latex, and all-syn. binders; conc.; suitable	Hazar
for furnishes with unbleached pulp and groundwood	can
Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §304/313 nonreportable	NEPA
Properties: YeIbrn. liq.; char. odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.17-1.21; visc.	Storag
40-80 MPA*S; Vapor pressure 15 Min Hy (20 C); M.p. < 10 C; D.p. 100 C;	Ontibland
Tavicalagy: 1 D50 (aral rat) > 10 000 mg/kg; may st irritate eves skin and	Chem
mucous membranes: TSCA listed	LISes'
<i>Environmental:</i> Do not discharge into drains, waterways: > 60% biodeg.	for c
Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers	inc.
Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: On burning, nitrogen, sulfur, and carbon oxides	Regul
can be produced	Prope
NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0	400
Storage: Very long shelf life in tightly closed containers; store away from light	pH 8
Optiblanc® NL 70 [3V/Paper]	Τοχίου
Chem. Descrip.: Stilbene-triazine deriv.	irrita
Uses: Optical brightener for alkaline paper stock conditions and for paper	Enviro
cualings based on casein, casein/ratex, and an-syn. binders, suitable for furnishes with unbloached pulp and groundwood	PIECA Unzo
Turristies with unbiedched pulp and groundwood Dogulatony: DOT poprogulatod: SADA \$204/212 poproportable	nazai corb
Properties: Vel -hrn lig - char odor: misc with water sn gr 1 10-1 14: visc	
$25 \text{ mPa} \cdot \text{s} \cdot \text{vapor pressure } 20 \text{ mm} \text{ Hg} (20 \text{ C}) \cdot \text{m p} < 10 \text{ C} \cdot \text{h p} = 100 \text{ C} \cdot \text{pH}$	Stora
9-10.5: anionic	tight
<i>Toxicology:</i> LD50 (oral, rat) > 10,000 mg/kg; may sl. irritate eyes, skin, and	Optiblan
mucous membranes; TSCA listed	' Chem
Environmental: Do not discharge into drains, waterways; > 60% biodeg.	Uses:
Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers, water-reacting materials, hypochlorites	brigl
Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: On burning, nitrogen, sulfur, and carbon oxides	and
can be produced	Regul
NEPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0	Prope
Storage: Very long sneir life in tightly closed containers; store away from light	20 n
Cham Descrin : Bonzovazolo	9-10 Tovice
Uses: Ontical brightener for naner	IUXICU
Ontiblanc® RI 120 [3V/Paner]	Fnvin
Chem. Descrip.: Tetrasulfonated stilbene	Preca

Uses: Optical brightener for paper

- ptiblanc® RL 140 [3V/Paper]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Stilbene-triazine deriv. *Uses:* Optical brightener for broad range of paper applics., size-press with starch and other prods., and coatings based on latex, starch, CMC, and PVOH
 - Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §304/313 nonreportable
 - Properties: Brn. liq.; char. odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.10-1.14; visc. 15 mPa•s; vapor pressure 15 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. < 10 C; b.p. 100 C; pH 9.5-10.5; anionic
 - Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5000 mg/kg; may sl. irritate eyes, skin, and mucous membranes; TSCA listed
 - *Environmental:* Do not discharge into drains, waterways
- *Precaution:* Incompat. with oxidizers, water-reacting materials, hypochlorites *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* On burning, nitrogen, sulfur, and carbon oxides can be produced
- NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Very long shelf life in tightly closed containers; store away from light; protect from frost
- Dptiblanc® RL 140T [3V/Paper]

Chem. Descrip.: Tetrasulfonated, amine-free stilbene

- Uses: Optical brightener for paper
- Dptiblanc® RL 200 [3V/Paper]
- Chem. Descrip.: Stilbene-triazine deriv.
- Uses: Optical brightener for broad range of paper applic., paper stock even at low pH, size-press with starch and other prods., and paper coatings based on latex, starch, CMC, and PVOH; conc.
- Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §304/313 nonreportable
- Properties: Brn. liq.; char. odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.16-1.20; visc. 20 mPa•s; vapor pressure 20 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. < 10 C; b.p. 100 C; pH 9.5-10.5; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5000 mg/kg; may sl. irritate eyes, skin, and mucous membranes; TSCA listed
- Environmental: Do not discharge into drains, waterways
- Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers, water-reacting materials, and hypochlorites
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: On burning, nitrogen, sulfur, and carbon oxides can be produced
- NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Very long shelf life in tightly closed containers; store away from light; protect from frost

Optiblanc[®] SL 250 [3V/Paper]

Chem. Descrip.: Stilbene-triazine deriv.

- Uses: Optical brightener for paper coating applics.; high graying point; suitable for coating colors based on latex only or contg. a limited amt. of cobinder; no inc. in visc. when CMC is used in the coating color; good lightfastness Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §304/313 nonreportable
- Properties: Yel.-brn. liq.; char. odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.14-1.18; visc. 400 cp (20 C); vapor pressure 20 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. < 10 C; b.p. 100 C; pH 8-9
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 5000 mg/kg; prolonged contact may cause sl. irritation to eyes, skin, and mucous membranes; TSCA listed
- Environmental: Do not discharge into drains or waterways
- Precaution: Do not store or mix with oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Burning may produce nitrogen, sulfur, and carbon oxides
- NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Very long shelf life; stable if stored away from light; keep containers tightly closed; avoid freezing

Optiblanc[®] XL 30 [3V/Paper]

Chem. Descrip.: Stilbene-triazine deriv.

- Uses: Optical brightener for paper; esp. suitable for obtaining high degree of brightness by size press treatment, even at low pH and by coating with nat. and syn. binders; does not harm sizing
- Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §304/313 nonreportable
- Properties: Yel.-brn. liq.; char. odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.11-1.15; visc. 20 mPa-s; vapor pressure 20 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. < 10 C; b.p. 100 C; pH 9-10 (1%); anionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 10,000 mg/kg; prolonged contact may sl. irritate eyes, skin, and mucous membranes; TSCA listed
- Environmental: Do not discharge into drains, waterways
- Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers, acids, water-reacting materials, and hypochlorites

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: On burning, nitrogen, sulfur, and carbon oxides can be produced NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: Store in tightly closed containers; store away from light; protect from frost Optiblanc® XLN [3V/Paper; 3V Sigma] Chem. Descrip.: Stilbene-triazine deriv. Uses: Optical brightener for paper; conc.; very high sat. pt.; esp. suitable for obtaining high degree of brightness by size press treatment and in coatings containing nat. and syn. binders; does not harm internal sizing Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §304/313 nonreportable Properties: Yel.-brn. liq.; char. odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.16-1.20; visc. 20 mPa•s; vapor pressure 20 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. < 10 C; b.p. 100 C; pH 9.5-10.5; anionic Toxicology: Prolonged contact may sl. irritate eyes, skin, and mucous membranes; TSCA listed Environmental: Do not discharge into drains, waterways Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers; do not use with nitrosation agents as nitrosamines (carcinogens) may form Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: On burning, nitrogen, sulfur, and carbon oxides can be produced NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: Store in tightly closed containers @ 5-30 C; protect from frost Opticoll 23 [EPC Papierchemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Alkyl ketene dimer aq. disp. Uses: Internal sizing agent for paper, paperboard, cardboard, esp. for sizing of pulp contng. chalk, food pkg. (Germany); rec. for neutral to sl. alkaline pH range (pH 7-8.5) Use Level: 0.3-2% Regulatory: BgVV XXXVI compliant *Properties:* Wh. disp.; sp.gr. 1.02 g/cc; pH 3.5 ± 1 ; 22 $\pm 0.5\%$ act.; cationic Storage: 3 mos min. shelf life stored at 5-35 C in upright sealed SS tanks OptiGuard[™] [Hercules] Uses: Corrosion inhibitor, deposit inhibitor, oxygen control agent, condensate protectant for pulp/paper mill boiler systems; all-in-one program OptiSperse[™] [Hercules] Uses: Corrosion inhibitor in papermaking Optiwhite® [Burgess Pigment] Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum silicate, thermo-optic *Chem. Analysis:* SiO₂ (51.0-52.4%), Al₂O₃ (42.1-44.3%), moisture (0.5%) max.) CAS 1327-36-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-475-1 Uses: Pigment for paper coatings, paints, rubber, and plastics to extend TiO₂ or other costly pigments; reinforcing filler for NR, SR, resins, flooring, molded and extruded goods, heels, soles, wire and cable, sundries, footwear; retains whiteness and hiding when embedded in binders; exc. dispersion, good electricals, high hiding, improved film props.; U.S. patent 3,309,214 Properties: Amorphous particles; 0.15% max. on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 2.2; oil absorp. 57; ref. index 1.62; pH 5.5-6.2 Organopol® [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper] Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid in mech. furnishes for newsprint, groundwood specialties, and paperboard; developed for DIP/TMP/CTMP and highly contaminated stock where normal retention aids have no effect Orlene® 1340 [Nalco] Chem. Descrip .: Polyacrylic acid CAS 9003-01-4 Uses: Dispersant that controls pulp/paper mill scale and inorg. deposits; foodcontact paper/paperboard; effective over wide pH range and at high temps. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 approved Properties: Wh. to pale yel. liq.; sp.gr. 1.18-1.20; dens. 9.9 lb/gal; visc. < 40 cps; f.p. 32 F; flash pt. > 200 F; pH 2.8-3.2; anionic Toxicology: Causes eye irritation Storage: Store @ R.T. O[®] Sodium Silicate [PQ] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium silicate aq. sol'n. Chem. Analysis: Na2O (9.1%), SiO2 (29.5%) CAS 1344-09-8; EINECS/ELINCS 215-687-4 Uses: Buffer, alkali stabilizer for pad-batch dyeing; detergent, deflocculant,

bleaching enhancer, alkalinity agent in deinking paper stock; peroxide stabilizer in repulping and postbleaching; hardening/waterproofing concrete; slurry thinner in ceramics; slime control in mining Regulatory: DOT nonregulated Properties: Syrupy liq.; dens. 11.8 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 400 cps; pH 11.3 Oxetal 500/85 [Zschimmer & Schwarz] Chem. Descrip.: Fatty alcohol polyglycol ether (5 EO) Uses: Detergent, dispersant, emulsifier, wetting agent for household and industrial use, textile, paper, ceramic, and leather industries Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. gives weakly opaque sol'n. in water; sp.gr. 1.0 (20 C); cloud pt. 65-68 C (5 g/20 ml BDG 25%); pH 6 (10%); 85% act. in water; nonionic Oxetal 800/85 [Zschimmer & Schwarz] Chem. Descrip.: Fatty alcohol polyglycol ether (8 EO) Uses: Basic material for formulation of detergents and cleansers for washing, wetting, rinsing, and cleaning in textile, leather, paper, and ceramic industries Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.03 (20 C); cloud pt. 66-70 C (1% aq.); pH 6 (10%); 85% act. in water; nonionic Oxetal D 104 [Zschimmer & Schwarz] Chem. Descrip .: Deceth-4 CAS 26183-52-8 Uses: Detergent, dispersant, emulsifier, wetting agent for household and industrial use, textile, paper, and leather industries Properties: Liq.; sol. cloudy @ 10% in DW; cloud pt. 58-61 C (5 g/10 ml butyl diglycol 25%); pH 6 (10%); 100% act.; nonionic Oxetal ID 104 [Zschimmer & Schwarz] Chem. Descrip .: Isodeceth-4 CAS 61827-42-7 Uses: Detergent, dispersant, emulsifier, wetting agent for household and industrial use, textile, paper, and leather industries Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. cloudy @ 10% in DW; cloud pt. 50-53 C (5 g/ 20 ml butyl diglycol 25%); pH 6 (10%); 100% act.; nonionic Custom prod. Oxetal O 108 [Zschimmer & Schwarz] Chem. Descrip.: Oleth-8 CAS 9004-98-2 Uses: Detergent, dispersant, emulsifier, wetting agent for household and industrial use, textile, paper, and leather industries Properties: Wh. paste; sol. @ 10% in DW; cloud pt. 45-50 C (1% aq.); pH 6 (10%); 100% act.; nonionic Oxetal O 112 [Zschimmer & Schwarz] Chem. Descrip .: Oleth-12 CAS 9004-98-2 Uses: Detergent, dispersant, emulsifier, wetting agent for household and industrial use, textile, paper, and leather industries Properties: Wh. paste; sol. @ 10% in DW; cloud pt. 83-87 C (1% aq.); pH 6 (10%); 100% act.; nonionic Oxetal TG 111 [Zschimmer & Schwarz] Chem. Descrip .: Ceteareth-11 CAS 68439-49-6 Uses: Detergent, dispersant, emulsifier, wetting agent for household and industrial use, textile, paper, and leather industries Properties: Wh. wax; sol. cloudy @ 10% in water, clear @ 40 C; cloud pt. 70-75 C (1% aq.); pH 6 (10%); 100% act.; nonionic Oxetal TG 118 [Zschimmer & Schwarz] Chem. Descrip.: Ceteareth-18 CAS 68439-49-6 Uses: Detergent, dispersant, emulsifier, wetting agent for household and industrial use, textile, paper, and leather industries Properties: Wh. wax; sol. @ 10% in DW; cloud pt. 72-76 C (1% in 10% NaCl); pH 6 (10%); 100% act.; nonionic Oxicol[®] [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: PEO-based Uses: Retention aid for newsprint and paperboard **Oxirez**[®] [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper] Chem. Descrip .: PEO resin Uses: Retention aid for newsprint and paperboard

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Chem. Descrip .: Polyaluminum chloride sol'n.

- CAS 1327-41-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-477-2
- Uses: Coagulant/flocculant for wastewater and potable water treatment, in pulp/paper industry; particularly low in sulfate, iron, and other trace metal impurities
- Regulatory: NSF approved up to 250 mg/l
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.19-1.21 (15 C); pH 2.3-2.8; 10-11.9% Al₂O₃, 5.3-6.3% aluminum
- Pace® 381 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate homopolymer made in a polyvinyl alcohol colloidal system
 - Uses: Adhesive base for wood, uncoated paper, corrugated board, cotton cloth, and construction prods.; rec. where low VOC content is required; good wet tack; low residual monomer level (< 0.1%)
 - Properties: 0.2-3.0 µ particle size; dens. 8.8-9.2 lb/gal; visc. 1600-2000 cps; surf. tens. 51-54 dynes/cm; pH 4.0-5.5; 54-56% min. solids
 - Storage: > 180 days shelf life at 72 F; protect from freezing
- Pace® 382 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate homopolymer made in a polyvinyl alcohol colloidal system
 - Uses: Adhesive base for wood, uncoated paper, corrugated board, cotton cloth, and construction prods.; rec. where low VOC content is required; good wet tack; low residual monomer level (< 0.1%)
 - Properties: 0.2-3.0 µ particle size; dens. 8.95-9.25 lb/gal; visc. 2000-2600 cps; surf. tens. 51-54 dynes/cm; pH 4.0-5.5; 54-56% min. solids
 - Storage: > 180 days shelf life at 72 F; protect from freezing

Pace® 383 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers]

- Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate homopolymer made in a polyvinyl alcohol colloidal system
- Uses: Adhesive base for wood, uncoated paper, corrugated board, cotton cloth, and construction prods.; rec. where low VOC content is required; good wet tack; low residual monomer level (< 0.1%)
- Properties: 0.2-3.0 µ particle size; dens. 8.8-9.2 lb/gal; visc. 2900-3700 cps; surf. tens. 51-54 dynes/cm; pH 4.0-5.5; 54-56% min. solids
- Storage: > 180 days shelf life at 72 F; protect from freezing
- Pace® 385 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Vinyl acetate homopolymer made in a polyvinyl alcohol colloidal system
 - Uses: Adhesive base for adhesives and coatings; rec. where low VOC content is required; good wet tack; low residual monomer levels (< 0.1%) Properties: 0.2-2.5 µ particle size; dens. 9.0-9.2 lb/gal; visc. 800-1200 cps; surf. tens. 47.5-50.5 dynes/cm; pH 4.0-5.5; 54-56% min. solids
 - Storage: > 180 days shelf life at 72 F; protect from freezing
- Pamolyn® 200 [Hercules/Resins]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Linoleic acid

CAS 60-33-3; EINECS/ELINCS 200-470-9

Uses: For the protective coating industry for prod. of pale, color-retentive, fastdrying alkyds, and epoxy resin ester coatings; for printing ink vehicles and caulking and sealing compds.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles; defoamer in food-contact coatings; highly resist. to discoloration on exposure to heat and light

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170b, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600, 177.2800 Properties: Gardner 3+ max., pale oily liq., low odor; sp.gr. 0.9040; dens. 0.90 kg/l; acid no. 193; iodine no. 162; sapon. no. 195; 78% total linoleic acid, 22% oleic acid

- Pamolyn[®] 240 [Hercules]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Linoleic acid
 - CAS 60-33-3; EINECS/ELINCS 200-470-9
 - Uses: For the protective coating industry for prod. of pale, color-retentive, fastdrying alkyds, and epoxy resin ester coatings; for printing ink vehicles and caulking and sealing compds.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles; defoamer in food-contact coatings; highly resist. to discoloration on exposure to heat and light
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170b, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600, 177.2800
 - Properties: Gardner 3+ max.; low odor; sp.gr. 0.9010; dens. 0.90 kg/l; acid no. 194; iodine no. 148; sapon. no. 195; 67% total linoleic acid, 31% oleic acid

Papermaker's Alum [Delta]

- Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum sulfate
- CAS 10043-01-3; EINECS/ELINCS 233-135-0
- Uses: Coagulant, flocculant for drinking water treatment, paper processing Regulatory: NSF certified
- Paper-PAC-N® [Sachtleben Chemie GmbH]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyaluminum hydroxide chloride sulfate
 - CAS 39290-78-3; EÍNECS/ELINĆS 254-400-7
 - UN No. 3264
 - Uses: Flocculant, fixing agent, alum replacement for neutral sizing process of paper and cardboard mfg.; reduces or eliminates gypsum precipitation
 - Properties: Colorless to yish. translucent liq.; unlimited sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.2 (20 C); visc. 20 mPa•s (20 C); vapor pressure 103 hPa (20 C); f.p. - 12 C; b.p. > 100 C; flash pt. not applicable; pH 2.7; 33% act.
 - Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; irritating to eyes and skin
 - Environmental: LCO (leuciscus idus melonatus, 48 h) 750 mg/l; contains no substances or heavy metals in ecologically critical concs.; sl. harmful to water
 - Precaution: Corrosive; acidic; observe usual precautions for handling weak acids; keep away from acid-sensitive materials
 - Storage: 12 mos storage stability; store dry at < 40 C; acid-resist. materials should be used for storage and dosing equip.
- PAPHEN® PKFE [Phenoxy Assoc.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Phenoxy resin
 - Uses: Resin for structural adhesives, film extrusion, inj. molding, plastics modifiers, and polymer alloys; food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210

 - Properties: Translucent pellets; low odor; m.w. 10-16,000; sp.gr. 1.17-1.19; visc. 535-895 cps; melt index 2-3 g/10 min.; 99% min. NV (2 hrs. @ 135 C + 1 hr. @ 220 C)
 - Storage: Store indefinitely in cool place in sealed container
- PAPHEN® PKHC® [Phenoxy Assoc.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Phenoxy resin
 - Uses: Resin for adhesives, primers and coatings; food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; exc. adhesion, chem., and salt-spray resist., impact and abrasion resist., and flexibility; may be used on metal, wood, paper, glass, and polymer substrates; resist. to staining

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210

Properties: Wh. translucent pellets; m.w. 45-60,000; sp.gr. 1.17-1.19; visc. 410-525 cps; 99% min. NV (2 hrs. @ 135 C) Storage: Indefinite shelf life in cool place (50-90 F, 30-70% relative humidity) in sealed containers PAPHEN[®] PKHH [Phenoxy Assoc.] Chem. Descrip.: Phenoxy resin Uses: Resin for adhesives, primers and coatings for use on metal, wood, paper, glass, and polymer substrates; food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; exc. adhesion, chem., and salt-spray resist., impact and abrasion resist., and flexibility; resist. to staining *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210 Properties: Wh. translucent pellets; m.w. 45-60,000; sp.gr. 1.17-1.19; visc. 525-715 cps; 99% min. NV (2 hrs. @ 135 C) Storage: Indefinite shelf life in cool place (50-90 F, 30-70% relative humidity) in sealed containers PAPHEN® PKHJ [Phenoxy Assoc.] Chem. Descrip.: Phenoxy resin Uses: Resin for adhesives, primers and coatings; food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; exc. adhesion, chem., and salt-spray resist., impact and abrasion resist., and flexibility; may be used on metal, wood, paper, glass, and polymer substrates; resist, to staining Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210 Properties: Wh. translucent pellets; m.w. 45-60,000; sp.gr. 1.17-1.19; visc. 600-775 cps; 99% min. NV (2 hrs. @ 135 C) Storage: Indefinite shelf life in cool place (50-90 F, 30-70% relative humidity) in sealed containers PAPHEN® PKHM-301 [Phenoxy Assoc.] Chem. Descrip.: Modified phenoxy resin Uses: Resin for coil coating primers; can, coil, and clear coatings; specialty coatings; hot-melt and laminating adhesives; film extrusion; plastics modifiers; epoxy modification; food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210 Properties: Opaque pellets; sp.gr. 1.15-1.19; visc. 100-300 cps; 99% min. NV (2 hrs. @ 135 C) Storage: Store @ < 75 F to avoid sintering and agglomeration PAPHEN® PKHS-40 [Phenoxy Assoc.] Chem. Descrip.: Phenoxy resin (40%) in MEK Uses: Resin for maintenance primers, can and clear coatings, heat-sealable and flexible substrate coatings; adhesive primers; epoxy modification; foodcontact adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210 Properties: Straw-colored clear liq.; visc. 4500-7000 cps; f.p. -37 C; b.p. 80 C; flash pt. (TCC) -6 C; 40% total solids; 1% max. water content Precaution: Flamm.; keep away from heat Storage: 1 yr shelf life in tightly closed upright containers @ < 49 C; stir prior to use PAPHEN® PKHW-35 [Phenoxy Assoc.] Chem. Descrip .: Amine-neutralized carboxylated phenoxy resin in water (avail. with butoxyethanol (8-10%) or methyl propylene glycol ether as cosolv.) Uses: Resin for general-purpose metal primers; flexible modifier for epoxy and phenolic baking primers; coil/drum/pail/heat sealable/wire/strippable coatings; laminating adhesives; rigid adhesive flexibilizing modifier; foodcontact adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210 Properties: Cream colored liq.; 1.5 µ median particle size; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. 1500-4000 cps; pH 7; 30-32% solids; 57% water Storage: > 6 mos shelf life stored @ < 90 F; avoid freezing Paracol® 404C [Hercules] Chem. Descrip .: Refined microcrystalline wax emulsion CAS 63231-60-7; EINECS/ELINCS 264-038-1 Uses: Sizing agent for improving surf. properties of paper/paperboard; detackifier; antiblocking agent; in coatings and printing inks; mold release in rubber and plastics; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: Lt. amber emulsion; 1.5 µ particle size; dens. 8.0 lb/gal; m.p. 79 C; 47% solids; sl. anionic

Storage: Protect from freezing (breaks the emulsion) Paracol® 404G [Hercules] Chem. Descrip .: Fully refined paraffin wax emulsion CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6 Uses: Sizing agent for paper and paperboard; increases lactic acid resist. in milk cartons, blood resist. in butcher papers, meat trays, picnic plates; moisture barrier for coatings; mold release in rubber and plastics; protective coatings on fruit; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180 Properties: Wh. emulsion, 1.5 µ particle size; dens. 0.96 kg/l; m.p. 61-67 C; 47% total solids; sl. anionic Storage: Protect from freezing (breaks the emulsion) Paracol[®] 802A [Hercules] Chem. Descrip .: Refined paraffin wax emulsion CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6 Uses: Sizing agent for internal applics. in conjunction with rosin size and for surf.-sizing applics. in food-contact paper/paperboard; economical moisture barrier; antiblocking agent in paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: Wh. to It. amber emulsion; 1.5 µ particle size; dens. 0.96 kg/l; m.p. 49-54 C; 50% total solids; anionic Storage: Protect from freezing (breaks the emulsion) Paracol[®] 802N [Hercules] Chem. Descrip.: Semirefined paraffin wax emulsion CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6 Uses: Controls water absorp. in insulating board and hardboard and sizing applics. in nonfood-pkg. grades of paper and paperboard; also for moisture protection in wood coatings Properties: Emulsion; < 1 µ avg. particle size; dens. 0.96 kg/l; m.p. 49-57 C; 50% total solids; anionic Storage: Protect from freezing (breaks the emulsion) Paracol[®] 2370 [Hercules] Chem. Descrip .: Semirefined paraffin wax emulsion CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6 Uses: Used for latex-based protective coating systems, wood coatings; internal sizing applics. for wet processing; provides exc. moisture barrier to paper, paperboard, building prods.; acid-breaking emulsion Properties: Lt. amber emulsion; 1.5 µ avg. particle size; dens. 7.6 lb/gal; m.p. 52-57 C; pH 8.8; 58% total solids; sl. anionic Storage: Protect from freezing (breaks the emulsion) Paracum[®] 56 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Uses: Antifoam for wastewater treatment, paper processing; hydrophobic; spreads quickly over foam surf.; destabilizes and destroys air bubbles; effective over wide temp. range; no VOCs Paracum[®] 66 [Dr. W. Kolb AG] Uses: Antifoam for paper processing; effective over wide range of pH and temps.; exc. entrained air removal Properties: 100% act. Paradene[®] No. 2 [Neville] Chem. Descrip.: Petrol. hydrocarbon resin Uses: Plasticizer, softener, extender for NR, SR; aids processing and filler and pigment disp.; also used for inks, adhesives, coatings, and concrete cures; food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, rubber articles, wood preservatives; suitable for high loadings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3800

Properties: Dk. brn. solid, flakes; m.w. 710; sp.gr. 1.10; R&B soften. pt. 102 C; iodine no. (Wijs) 112; flash pt. (COC) 525 F

ParCell[™] A [Hercules/Aqualon]

Chem. Descrip.: Nitrocellulose

CAS 9004-70-0; EINECS/ELINCS 239-069-9

Uses: Film-forming resin for wood and metal coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, polymers

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1630, 181.30

Properties: Avail. in various visc. grades; 11.3-11.7% N

ParCelÍ™ R [Hercules/Aqualon]

Chem. Descrip.: Nitrocellulose

CAS 9004-70-0; EINECS/ELINCS 239-069-9

Uses: Film-forming resin for wood and metal coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, polymers; most commonly used type due to its sol. in lean solvs.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, Pass®-70 [Handy Chems.] 177.1210, 177.1630, 181.30 Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum hydroxide sulfate sol'n. Properties: Avail. in various visc. grades; 11.7-12.2% N CAS 53810-32-5 ParCell[™] S [Hercules/Aqualon] Uses: Coagulant used in potable water treatment for removal of Giardia and Chem. Descrip.: Nitrocellulose Crypto; coagulant in industrial wastewater and sewage treatment for BOD, CAS 9004-70-0; EINECS/ELINCS 239-069-9 COD and PO₄ reduction and in wet-end papermaking Properties: Colorless clear liq.; odorless; hydrolyzes in water; sp.gr. 1.26-Uses: Film-forming resin for wood and metal coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, polymers; used when substantial 1.35; f.p. < 0 C; b.p. dec. @ 90 C; pH 2.8-3.8; noncombustible alcohol sol. is required Toxicology: ACGIH TLVTWA 2 mg/m³ (Al, sol. salts); LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, mg/kg; inh. of mist causes respiratory tract irritation; may cause irritation to 177.1210, 177.1630, 181.30 skin, eyes, mouth, and digestive tracts; chronic exposure may cause Properties: Avail. in various visc. grades; 10.9-11.3% N dermatitis Particol® [DuPont] Precaution: Avoid strong alkalis, oxidizers, and hydroreactive materials Chem. Descrip .: Polysilicic acid Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Sulfur and aluminum oxides when heated Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for papermaking; flocculant for water treatabove 200 C Storage: Store @ > 15 C; spills can be slippery ment Parvan® 127 [Exxon] Pass®-80 [Handy Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum hydroxide sulfate sol'n. Chem. Descrip .: Petroleum hydrocarbon wax Uses: For food, health, and cosmetic applics.; suited for barbecue lighter CAS 53810-32-5 bricks, butcher wrap, candles, cheese coating, corrugated paperboard, lum-Uses: Coagulant used in potable water treatment for removal of Giardia and ber end coating; fully refined wax with enhanced oxidation resist. Crypto; coagulant in industrial wastewater and sewage treatment for BOD, Regulatory: FDA compliance COD and PO₄ reduction and in wet-end papermaking Properties: Saybolt +30 color; dens. 6.78 lb/gal (60 F); kinematic visc. 3.5 Properties: Colorless clear liq.; odorless; hydrolyzes in water; sp.gr. 1.26cSt (210 F); m.p. 127 F; flash pt. 420 F 1.35; f.p. < 0 C; b.p. dec. @ 90 C; pH 2.8-3.8; noncombustible Toxicology: May cause skin irritation on prolonged/repeated contact Toxicology: ACGIH TLVTWA 2 mg/m3 (AI, sol. salts); LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 Precaution: Trace materials constitute explosive hazard mg/kg; inh. of mist causes respiratory tract irritation; may cause irritation to Parvan® 131 [Exxon] skin, eyes, mouth, and digestive tracts; chronic exposure may cause Chem. Descrip.: Petroleum hydrocarbon wax dermatitis Uses: For food, health, and cosmetic applics.; suited for butcher wrap, Precaution: Avoid strong alkalis, oxidizers, and hydroreactive materials corrugated paperboard, cups, drinking straws, shoe polish, wax paper; fully Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Sulfur and aluminum oxides when heated refined wax with enhanced oxidation resist. above 200 C Regulatory: FDA compliance Storage: Store @ > 15 C; spills can be slippery Properties: Saybolt +30 color; dens. 6.79 lb/gal (60 F); kinematic visc. 3.7 PASS®-100 [Handy Chems.] cSt (210 F); m.p. 131 F; flash pt. 425 F Chem. Descrip.: Polyaluminum silicate sulfate Toxicology: May cause skin irritation on prolonged/repeated contact CAS 53810-32-5 Precaution: Trace materials constitute explosive hazard Uses: Coagulant in potable water treatment, wastewater treatment, pulp/ Parvan® 137 [Exxon] papermaking for removal of Giardia and Crypto, industrial wastewater and Chem. Descrip .: Petroleum hydrocarbon wax sewage treatment for BOD, COD and PO₄ reduction; used in all processes Uses: For food, health, and cosmetic applics.; suited for candles, corrugated requiring conventional cationic metallic salts; extremely effective in cold paperboard, cups, glassine, paste wax, tires, wax paper; fully refined wax waters (16 C or less); precipitates faster than alum; works over wide pH with enhanced oxidation resist. range Regulatory: FDA compliance Regulatory: NSF certified; Health and Welfare Canada approved Properties: Saybolt +30 color; dens. 6.81 lb/gal (60 F); kinematic visc. 4.1 Properties: Lt. amber liq.; odorless; hydrolyzes in water; sp.gr. 1.34; visc. 17 cps; f.p. < 0 C; b.p. dec. @ 90 C; pH 3.0; noncombustible; 34% total cSt (210 F); m.p. 137 F; flash pt. 440 F Toxicology: May cause skin irritation on prolonged/repeated contact solids; 10.1% Al₂O₃ Precaution: Trace materials constitute explosive hazard Toxicology: ACGIH TLVTWA 2 mg/m³ (Al, sol. salts); LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 Parvan® 154 [Exxon] mg/kg; mildly acidic sol'n. which dehydrates skin; inh. of mist causes Chem. Descrip.: Petroleum hydrocarbon wax respiratory tract irritation; may cause irritation to skin, eyes, mouth, and Uses: For food, health, and cosmetic applics.; suited for hot-melt adhesives, digestive tracts candles, paper plates, paste wax, tires; fully refined wax with enhanced Precaution: Corrosive; avoid contact with strong alkalis, oxidizers, and oxidation resist. hydro-reactive materials; hydrolyzes rapidly @ 90 C Regulatory: FDA compliance Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: May liberate SO_x and aluminum oxides when Properties: Saybolt +30 color; dens. 6.91 lb/gal (60 F); kinematic visc. 6.6 boiled to dryness or heated > 200 C Storage: Store in PVC @ 10-25 C cSt (210 F); congeal pt. 154 F; flash pt. 500 F Patcote® 801 [Am. Ingreds./Patco] Toxicology: May cause skin irritation on prolonged/repeated contact Precaution: Trace materials constitute explosive hazard Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone silica-organic Uses: Defoamer for use in PVA-acrylic copolymers and terpolymer emul-Pass®-55 [Handy Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum hydroxide sulfate sol'n. sions for trade sales, urethane and S/B systems; defoamer in food-contact CAS 53810-32-5 coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper Uses: Coagulant used in potable water treatment for removal of Giardia and Use Level: 5-10 lb/100 gal Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200 Crypto; coagulant in industrial wastewater and sewage treatment for BOD, COD and PO₄ reduction and in wet-end papermaking *Properties:* Wh. opaque liq.; fineness (Hegman) \geq 6; sp.gr. 0.894 ± 0.012; Properties: Colorless clear liq.; odorless; hydrolyzes in water; sp.gr. 1.26dens. 7.45 ± 0.1 lb/gal; pour pt. -5 F; flash pt. (PMCC) 300 F; VOC < 1.5%; 100% act. 1.35; f.p. < 0 C; b.p. dec. @ 90 C; pH 2.8-3.8; noncombustible *Toxicology:* ACGIH TLVTWA 2 mg/m³ (AI, sol. salts); LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 Toxicology: Eye or skin irritant on prolonged contact; do not take internally; mg/kg; inh. of mist causes respiratory tract irritation; may cause irritation to TSCA listed skin, eyes, mouth, and digestive tracts; chronic exposure may cause Storage: If stored outside, bring to R.T. before use; prod. does not settle Patcote® 806 [Am. Ingreds./Patco] dermatitis Precaution: Avoid strong alkalis, oxidizers, and hydroreactive materials Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone silica-organic Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Sulfur and aluminum oxides when heated Uses: Defoamer for acrylic and terpolymer emulsions in trade sales and above 200 C some industrial applics., alkyd, epoxy, PVAc, and urethane systems; food Storage: Store @ > 15 C; spills can be slippery pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard

Use Level:	5-10 lb/100	gal
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Regulatory: FDA §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180

Properties: Lt. amber liq.; fineness (Hegman) ≥ 6; sp.gr. 0.8787; dens. 7.32 Ib/gal; pour pt. 5 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 300 F; 100% act.

- Toxicology: Eye or skin irritant on prolonged contact; do not take internally Storage: If stored outside, bring to R.T. before use; prod. settles, stir before use
- Patcote[®] 814 [Am. Ingreds./Patco]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone silica-organic

- Uses: Defoamer for acrylic emulsions, PVAc, S/B, terpolymer, alkyd, polyester, and PU systems; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard; defoamer in food-contact coatings; exc. persistency and color acceptance Use Level: 2-10 lb/100 gal
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200
- *Properties:* Amber opaque; fineness (Hegman) \geq 6; sp.gr. 0.909 \pm 0.012; dens. 7.57 ± 0.1 lb/gal; pour pt. > 30 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 300 F; VOC < 1.5%; 100% act.
- Toxicology: Eye or skin irritant on prolonged contact; do not take internally; TSCA listed
- Storage: If stored outside, bring to R.T. before use; prod. may settle; stir before use

Patcote® 8060 [Am. Ingreds./Patco]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone silica-organic

Uses: Defoamer for use in acrylic, terpolymer, and PVC systems for trade sale and industrial paints, screen printing inks, alkyd, epoxy, polyester, PU, PVAc, and S/B systems; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard; defoamer in food-contact coatings; exc. persistency and color acceptance

Use Level: 3-6 lb/100 gal

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200
- *Properties:* Amber opaque.; fineness (Heqman) \geq 6; sp.gr. 0.904 ± 0.012; dens. 7.50 ± 0.1 lb/gal; pour pt. -5 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 300 F; VOC < 1.5%
- Toxicology: Eye or skin irritant on prolonged contact; do not take internally; **TSCA** listed
- Storage: If stored outside, bring to R.T. before use; may show sl. separation on extended storage; stir before use

Path® 9 [Huber Engineered Materials]

Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate

- CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7
- Uses: Extender/partial replacement for TiO₂ in coating applics.; flame retardant
- Properties: Wh. free-flowing fine powd.; 100% thru 325 mesh; 2 µ median particle size; sp.gr. 2.42; dens. 20.19 lb/gal; bulk dens. (loose) 0.35, (packed) 0.5; surf. area 13 m²/g; oil absorp. 38; TAPPI brightness 95

Paxgard BD 20 [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip .: 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol

CAS 52-51-7; EINECS/ELINCS 200-143-0

Uses: Biocide, algicide for complete wet-state preservation of aq. systems; slimicide, fungicide, bactericide for paper/pulp Properties: Liq.; 20% act.

Paxgard BD 88 [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip .: 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol

CAS 52-51-7; EINECS/ELINCS 200-143-0

Uses: Biocide, algicide for complete wet-state preservation of aq. systems; slimicide, fungicide, bactericide for paper/pulp; microbicide for prod. of industrial biocide formulations; broad spectrum Properties: Powd.; 87% act.

Paxgard BK 20 [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip.: Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride

Uses: Biocide, algicide for formulation of disinfectants, cleansers, sterilants, algicidal washes; preservative, slimicide, fungicide, bactericide, disinfectant, sterilant for paper/pulp

Properties: Liq.; 20% act.

Toxicology: Low toxicity Paxgard BKC [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip.: Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride

Uses: Biocide, algicide for formulation of disinfectants, cleansers, sterilants, fungicidal/algicidal washes; preservative, slimicide, fungicide, bactericide, disinfectant, sterilant for paper/pulp Properties: Liq.; 50% act.

Toxicology: Low toxicity

Paxgard BSL [Pax Group]

- Chem. Descrip.: 2-Thiocyanomethylthiobenzothiazole and methylenebis (thiocyanate)
- Uses: Biocide, fungicide for long-term protection of leather and timber from bacterial and fungal growth; biocide, slimicide, fungicide, bactericide for paper/pulp; good penetration props.

Properties: Liq.; 20% act. Paxgard BU 30 [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip.: 2-Thiocyanomethylthiobenzothiazole

CAS 21564-17-0

Uses: Biocide, fungicide for protection of leather and timber from bacterial and fungal growth; biocide, slimicide, fungicide, bactericide for paper/pulp; phenol-free

Properties: Liq.; water-disp.; 30% act.

Paxgard BU 30 L [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip.: 2-Thiocyanomethylthiobenzothiazole

CAS 21564-17-0

- Uses: Biocide, fungicide, algicide for protection of leather and timber from bacterial and fungal growth; biocide, slimicide, fungicide, bactericide for paper/pulp; phenol-free
- Properties: Liq.; water-disp.; 30% act.
- Paxgard BU 60 [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip.: 2-Thiocyanomethylthiobenzothiazole

CAS 21564-17-0

Uses: Biocide, fungicide, algicide for protection of leather and timber from bacterial and fungal growth; biocide, slimicide, fungicide, bactericide for paper/pulp; prod. of various industrial biocide formulations; phenol-free Properties: Liq.; insol. in water; 60% act.

Paxgard DB 10 [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip.: 2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilopropionamide

CAS 10222-01-2

- Uses: Biocide, algicide, fungicide, bactericide for paper/pulp; cost-effective; broad spectrum; halogen-releasing
- Properties: Liq.; 10% act.
- Paxgard DB 20 [Pax Group]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* 2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilopropionamide
- CAS 10222-01-2

Uses: Biocide, algicide, fungicide, bactericide for paper/pulp; cost-effective; broad spectrum; halogen-releasing

Properties: Liq.; 20% act.

Paxgard DB 99 [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip.: 2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilopropionamide

CAS 10222-01-2 Uses: Biocide, algicide, fungicide, bactericide for paper/pulp; prod. of various industrial biocide formulations; broad spectrum; halogen-releasing Properties: Powd.; 99% act.

Paxgard EM [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip.: Hexahydro-1,3,5-tris (2-hydroxyethyl)-s-triazine

CAS 4719-04-4; EINECS/ELINCS 225-208-0

Uses: Biocide for wet-state protection of aq. metalworking fluids and other alkaline prods.; biocide, slimicide, fungicide, bactericide, disinfectant, sterilant for paper/pulp

Properties: Liq.; 100% act.

Paxgard GDA [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip.: Glutaraldehyde CAS 111-30-8; EINECS/ELINCS 203-856-5

Uses: Biocide, fungicide for wet-state protection of aq. formulations; preservative, biocide, bactericide for paper/pulp; prod. of various industrial biocide formulations; wide spectrum; protects against bacteria, yeasts, fungi

Properties: Water-sol.

Paxgard GT 10 [Pax Group]

Čhem. Descrip.: Glutaraldehyde

CAS 111-30-8; EINECS/ELINCS 203-856-5

Uses: Biocide, fungicide for wet-state protection of ag. formulations; preservative, biocide, bactericide for paper/pulp; prod. of various industrial biocide formulations; wide spectrum; protects against bacteria, yeasts, fungi Properties: Water-sol.

Paxgard GT 20 [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip.: Glutaraldehyde

CAS 111-30-8; EINECS/ELINCS 203-856-5

Uses: Biocide, fungicide for wet-state protection of aq. formulations; preservative, biocide, bactericide for paper/pulp; prod. of various industrial biocide

formulations; wide spectrum; protects against bacteria, yeasts, fungi Chem. Descrip .: Sodium alkyl ether sulfate Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, detergent, degreaser, dispersant, foam booster/ Properties: Water-sol. Paxgard MB 10 [Pax Group] stabilizer, wetting agent for shampoos, detergents, industrial formulations, Chem. Descrip .: Methylenebisthiocyanate paper/pulp; low-cost CAS 6317-18-6 Properties: Liq.; 27% act.; anionic Uses: Biocide, fungicide for industrial water systems; biocide, slimicide, Paxnol PSLS [Pax Group] fungicide, bactericide for paper/pulp; nonoxidizing; stable in and suited for Chem. Descrip .: Sodium lauryl sulfate neutral to acidic conditions; exc. penetration chars. CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, detergent, degreaser, dispersant, foaming agent, Properties: Liq.; 10% act. Paxgard MBT [Pax Group] wetting agent for cosmetics, industrial cleaners, paper/pulp; low-cost Chem. Descrip.: Methylenebisthiocyanate Properties: Powd.; 87% act.; anionic Paxnol SLS Liq. [Pax Group] CAS 6317-18-6 Uses: Biocide, fungicide, algicide for industrial water systems; biocide, Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate ag. sol'n. slimicide, fungicide, bactericide, antifoulant for paper/pulp; prod. of various CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 industrial biocide formulations; stable in and suited for neutral to acidic condi-Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, detergent, degreaser, dispersant, foaming agent, tions; exc. penetration chars. wetting agent for detergents, personal care, paper/pulp Properties: Powd.; 99% act. Properties: Liq.; 28% act.; anionic Paxgard PDC [Pax Group] Paxnol SLS Powd. [Pax Group] Chem. Descrip.: Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate CAS 128-03-0 CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, detergent, degreaser, dispersant, foaming agent, Uses: Biocide, fungicide, algicide, bactericide for paper/pulp; low-cost; broad spectrum; halogen- and aldehyde-free; nonfoaming; noncorrosive wetting agent for shampoos, shaving creams, paper/pulp; high purity Properties: Lig.: 40% act. Properties: Powd.; 90% act.; anionic Storage: Exc. storage stability Paxnol SLS Pure [Pax Group] Chem. Descrip .: Sodium lauryl sulfate Paxgard SDC [Pax Group] *Chem. Descrip.:* Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, detergent, degreaser, dispersant, foaming agent, CAS 128-04-1; EINECS/ELINCS 204-876-7 Uses: Biocide, fungicide, algicide, bactericide for paper/pulp; low-cost; broad wetting agent for shampoos, shaving creams, dentifrices, paper/pulp; extra spectrum; halogen- and aldehyde-free; nonfoaming; noncorrosive pure grade Properties: Liq.; 40% act. Properties: Powd.; 95% act.; anionic Paxnol TLS [Pax Group] Storage: Exc. storage stability Paxgard ST [Pax Group] Chem. Descrip .: TEA-lauryl sulfate Chem. Descrip.: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one, 2-methyl-4-isothia-CAS 139-96-8; EINECS/ÉLINCS 205-388-7 zolin-3-one, bromonitropropanediol Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, detergent, degreaser, dispersant, foaming agent, Uses: Biocide, fungicide for complete wet-state protection of ag. prods.; wetting agent for clear formulations, paper/pulp; rec. for prods. requiring low biocide, slimicide, fungicide, bactericide for paper/pulp; broad spectrum temp. stability and low irritability; gives very fine lathering even in hard Properties: Liq. water Paxgard TC [Pax Group] Properties: Lig.; 40% act.; anionic Paxogen COB [Pax Group] Chem. Descrip.: 2-Thiocyanomethylthiobenzothiazole aq. sol'n. Chem. Descrip.: Cocobetaine CAS 21564-17-0 Uses: Microbicide, algicide for water treatment, paper mill applics.; biocide, EINECS/ELINCS 270-329-4 Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, foam booster/stabilizer, visc. builder, anti-irritant slimicide, fungicide, bactericide for paper/pulp; cost-effective Properties: Liq. in personal care prods.; surfactant, wetting agent, solubilizer, antistat, thick-Paxgard WT [Pax Group] ener, conditioner in paper/pulp; cost-effective; exc. foaming in acid, alkali, Chem. Descrip.: 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-4-isoand electrolyte systems Properties: Liq.; 34% act.; amphoteric thiazolin-3-one Environmental: Completely biodeg. Uses: Biocide, fungicide, bactericide for water treatment, paper mill applics.; formaldehyde-free Paxogen LAO [Pax Group] Properties: Liq.; 1.5% act. Chem. Descrip .: Alkyl dimethyl amine oxide Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, foam booster/stabilizer, dispersant, conditioner, Toxicology: Low toxicity Paxnol ALES [Pax Group] visc. builder in personal care, industrial formulations; surfactant, wetting Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium lauryl ether sulfate aq. sol'n. agent, thickener, antistat, conditioner in paper/pulp CAS 32612-48-9 Properties: Lig.; 25% act.; amphoteric Paxonic CO 40 [Pax Group] Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, detergent, degreaser, dispersant, foam booster/ stabilizer, wetting agent, visc. builder for shampoos, bubble baths, hand Chem. Descrip.: Castor oil ethoxylate (36-40 mole EO) soaps, paper/pulp; hydrolytically stable in low pH formulas CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Surfactant; dispersant; lubricant; dye leveling agent; emulsion stabi-Properties: Liq.; 26% act.; anionic Paxnol ALS [Pax Group] lizer in pesticides; surfactant, wetting agent, solubilizer, degreaser, lubricant Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium lauryl sulfate aq. sol'n. in paper/pulp; high HLB; forms exc. binary emulsification systems with CAS 2235-54-3; EINECS/ELINCS 218-793-9 other nonionic and anionic emulsifiers Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, detergent, degreaser, dispersant, foaming agent, Properties: Liq.; 99% act.; nonionic wetting agent, visc. booster in liq. shampoos, bath gels, cleansers, paper/ Environmental: Biodeg. pulp; gives very stable visc. response and consistency Paxonic CO 60 [Pax Group] Properties: Liq.; 27% act.; anionic Chem. Descrip.: Castor oil ethoxylate (56-60 mole EO) Paxnol LES [Pax Group] CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Surfactant; dispersant; lubricant; dye leveling agent; emulsion stabi-Chem. Descrip .: Sodium lauryl ether sulfate CAS 9004-82-4; EINECS/ELINCS 221-416-0 lizer in pesticides; surfactant, wetting agent, solubilizer, degreaser, lubricant Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, detergent, degreaser, dispersant, foam booster/ in paper/pulp; high HLB; forms exc. binary emulsification systems with stabilizer, wetting agent for paper/pulp, other applics.; relatively more stable other nonionic and anionic emulsifiers than sodium lauryl sulfate in electrolytic media; superior hard water tolerance Properties: Paste; 99% act.; nonionic Properties: Liq.; 27% act.; anionic Environmental: Biodeg. Paxnol PLES [Pax Group] Paxsolv PC [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip .: Dibasic ester

Uses: Solvent, solubilizer, leveling agent, plasticizer, lubricant in paper/pulp; very high purity; high b.p. permits VOC-free formulations; replacement for toxic and hazardous chlorinated hydrocarbons

Properties: Liq.; 98% act. Environmental: Biodeg.

Paxsorbate 20 [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip .: Polysorbate-20

CAS 9005-64-5

Uses: Solubilizer, emulsifier for industrial applics.; dye leveling agent; surfactant, solubilizer, thickener, antistat, softener, stabilizer, lubricant in paper/pulp; high HLB

Properties: Liq.; very good water sol.; 97% act.; nonionic

Paxsorbate 60 [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip .: Polysorbate-60

CAS 9005-67-8

- Uses: Solubilizer, emulsifier for industrial applics.; dye leveling agent; surfactant, solubilizer, thickener, antistat, softener, stabilizer, lubricant in paper/pulp; high HLB
- Properties: Semisolid; very good water sol.; 97% act.; nonionic

Paxsorbate 80 [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip .: Polysorbate-80

CAS 9005-65-6

Uses: Solubilizer, emulsifier for industrial applics.; dye leveling agent; surfactant, solubilizer, thickener, antistat, softener, stabilizer, lubricant in paper/pulp; high HLB

Properties: Liq.; very good water sol.; 97% act.; nonionic

PD-23 [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: Deodorized kerosene

CAS 8008-20-6; EINECS/ELINCS 232-366-4

- Uses: Solvent used as defoamer, dust control agent, guench oil, diluent for fiber lubricants, metal foil and sheet rolling oils, in froth flotation of vegetables, mfg. of paper/paperboard, in waterless hand cleaners, lig. candles, charcoal lighter fluid, polishes, cleaners, cosmetic/pharmaceutical creams and lotions, water treatment, food-contact applics.; pesticide diluent; non-VOC
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.884, 178.3650
- Properties: Colorless clear liq., nearly odorless; sp.gr. 0.800 (60/60 C); visc. 2.6 cSt (40 C); vapor pressure < 0.01 mm Hg (20 C); b.p. 452 F; pour pt. 0 F; flash pt. (COC) 230 F; ref. index 1.442

PD-25 [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: Petroleum distillates

EINECS/ELINCS 232-298-5

Uses: Solvent used as defoamer, dust control agent, guench oil, diluent for fiber lubricants, metal foil and sheet rolling oils, in froth flotation of vegetables, mfg. of paper and board, in waterless hand cleaners, lig. candles, charcoal lighter fluid, polishes, cleaners, pharmaceutical creams and lotions, water treatment, food-contact applics.; pesticide diluent; non-VOC

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.884, 178.3650

Properties: Colorless clear liq., nearly odorless; sp.gr. 0.810 (60/60 C); visc. 3.9 cSt (40 C); vapor pressure < 0.01 mm Hg (20 C); b.p. 510 F; pour pt. 20 F; flash pt. (COC) 260 F; ref. index 1.446

PD-28 [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: Petroleum distillates

- EINECS/ELINCS 232-298-5
- Uses: Solvent used as defoamer, dust control agent, guench oil, diluent for fiber lubricants, metal foil and sheet rolling oils, in froth flotation of vegetables, mfg. of paper and board, in waterless hand cleaners, liq. candles, charcoal lighter fluid, polishes, cleaners, pharmaceutical creams and lotions, water treatment, food-contact applics.; pesticide diluent; non-VOC

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.878, 178.3620a

Properties: Colorless liq., nearly odorless; sp.gr. 0.820 (60/60 C); visc. 4.6 cSt (40 C); vapor pressure < 0.01 mm Hg (20 C); b.p. 526 F; pour pt. 30 F; flash pt. (COC) 285 F; ref. index 1.450

Pearl [Tate & Lyle N. Am.]

Chem. Descrip.: Unmodified dent corn starch

CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6

Uses: Paper aux. for size press and paper coatings

Pearl AP, R [Tate & Lyle N. Am.]

Chem. Descrip .: Unmodified dent corn starch

CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Paper aux. for size press and paper coatings

Peerless® No. 1 [R.T. Vanderbilt]

Chem. Descrip.: Sec. kaolin clay

Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (43.9%), Al₂O₃ (40%), TiO₂ (1.2%)

- CAS 1332-58-7; EINECS/ELINCS 296-473-8
- Uses: Filler used in adhesives, wallboard, paints, caulks, paper, fertilizer, roofing gran., crayons, powd. soaps, pharmaceuticals, ceramics, sanitaryware, artware, generalware, floor tile, elec. and chemical porcelain, and special refractories; extender pigment in coatings (traffic paints, barn paints, floor coverings, metal primers), crack fillers, caulking compds.; imparts more plasticity to cast piece; no ozone-depleting substances
- Properties: Wh. particulate; 0.6 µ median particle size, 99.6% thru -325mesh screen; dens. 2.6 mg/m³, 16 lb/ft³; oil absorp. 30; brightness 75; pH 4.6 (10%)
- Peerless® No. 2 [R.T. Vanderbilt]

Chem. Descrip .: Sec. kaolin clay

- *Chem. Analysis:* SiO₂ (44.6%), Al₂O₃ (39.5%)
- CAS 1332-58-7; EINECS/ELINCS 296-473-8
- Uses: Filler used in adhesives, wallboard, paints, primers, caulks, paper, fertilizer, roofing gran., crayons, powd. soaps, pharmaceuticals, ceramics, sanitaryware, artware, generalware, floor tile, elec. and chemical porcelain, and special refractories; extender pigment in coatings (traffic paints, barn paints, floor coverings, metal primers), crack fillers, caulking compds.; imparts more plasticity to cast piece; no ozone-depleting substances
- Properties: Lt. cream particulate; particle size 1.2 µ, 99.6% thru -325 mesh; dens. 2.5 mg/m³, 16 lb/ft³; oil absorp. 30; brightness 71; pH 4.8
- Peerless® No. 3 [R.T. Vanderbilt]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Sec. kaolin clay
 - *Chem. Analysis:* SiO₂ (43.9%), Al₂O₃ (40%), TiO₂ (1.2%) CAS 1332-58-7; EINECS/ELINCS 296-473-8
 - Uses: Filler used in adhesives, wallboard, paints, primers, caulks, paper, fertilizer, roofing gran., crayons, powd. soaps, pharmaceuticals, ceramics, sanitaryware, artware, generalware, floor tile, elec. and chemical porcelain, and special refractories; extender pigment in coatings (traffic paints, barn paints, floor coverings, metal primers), crack fillers, caulking compds.; imparts more plasticity to cast piece; no ozone-depleting substances
 - Properties: Cream particulate; 0.6 µ median particle size, 99.6% thru -200mesh screen; dens. 2.6 mg/m³, 16 lb/ft³; oil absorp. 33; brightness 65; pH 4.6 (10%)

Pegosperse® 100 L [Lonza]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-2 laurate SE

CAS 141-20-8

- Uses: Surfactant, w/o or o/w emulsifier for cosmetic creams and lotions, textile spin finishes and lubricants, solv. and solventless coatings, paper defoamer formulations; internal antistat for PP; indirect food additive; selfdispersing

Regulatory: FDA approved as indirect food additive *Properties:* Straw clear liq.; sol. in ethanol, toluol, naphtha, min. oil; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.97; HLB 7; solid. pt. < 13 C; acid no. < 4; sapon. no. 160-170; pH 9 (5% aq.); 100% conc.; anionic

Pegosperse® 400 DOT [Lonza]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-8 ditallate

CAS 61791-01-3

- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier for paper defoamers, solv. and solventless coatings; emulsifier, dispersant, opacifier, visc, control agent, defoamer for cosmetic, household prods., textiles, paper, water treatment
- Properties: Yel. liq.; HLB 8; acid no. 16 max.; iodine no. 75-85; sapon. no. 115-125; pH 4 (5%); nonionic

Pegosperse® 400 MS [Lonza]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-8 stearate

CAS 9004-99-3

- Uses: Surfactant, o/w emulsifier, thickener, pigment grinding aid in hair, skin, and makeup prods., household polishes, cleaners, silicone-based lubricants; emulsifier, lubricant, and softener for textile processing oils and finishes; component of diamond abrasive pastes; antigel agent in starch sol'ns. for paper industry; internal antistat for PS
- Properties: Wh. soft solid; sol. in methanol, ethanol, acetone, ethyl acetate, toluol, naphtha, min. and veg. oils; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.0; m.p. 30 C min.; HLB 11; acid no. 3 max.; sapon. no. 83-94; pH 5 (5% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic

Pegosperse® 600 DO [Lonza]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-12 dioleate

CAS 9005-07-6; EINECS/ELINCS 288-459-5

Uses: Surfactant; emulsifier for paper defoamers, solv. and solventless coat-

ings; lubricant for textile spin finishes Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.884, 178.3650, 573.740 Properties: Sp.gr. 0.795 (60/60 F); dens. 6.64 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 2.18 cSt Regulatory: Avail. as kosher certified Properties: Yel. liq.; water-sol.; HLB 9; acid no. 7 max.; sapon. no. 90-100; (100 F); vapor pressure < 0.1 mm Hg; i.b.p. 221 C min.; pour pt. -26 C; flash pt. 99 C; KB value 26.5; < 1% aromatics 100% act.; nonionic Penreco 2259 Oil [Penreco] Pegosperse® 600 DOT [Lonza] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-12 ditallate Chem. Descrip .: Mineral oil CAS 61791-01-3 CAS 8042-47-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-384-2 Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, opacifier, visc. control agent, defoamer for Uses: Solvent for carbonless copy paper for office forms, industrial cleaning cosmetic, household prods., textiles, paper, coatings, water treatment solvs., waterless hand cleaners, fragrance bases, automotive and furniture Properties: Gardner 10 max. liq.; water-sol.; HLB 9; acid no. 16 max.; polishes, insecticide bases, lamp oils, defoamers in paper and coatings sapon. no. 95-105; 0.5% max. moisture; 100% act.; nonionic industries; froth flotation of vegetables, electrostatic discharge machine flu-Pencat[®] Cationic Starches [Penford Prods.] ids, magnetic particle inspection fluids; food-contact applics. Chem. Descrip .: Corn starch Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.884, 178.3650, 573.740 CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Properties: Sp.gr. 0.804 (60/60 F); dens. 6.69 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 2.28 cSt Uses: Wet str. agent, retention aid for paper and paperboard; alkaline size (100 F); vapor pressure < 0.1 mm Hg; i.b.p. 235 C min.; pour pt. -18 C; flash pt. 102 C; KB value 24.5; < 1% aromatics emulsion stabilizer Penreco 2260 Oil [Penreco] Properties: Cationic Pen-cote® Starch [Penford Prods.] Chem. Descrip .: Mineral oil Chem. Descrip.: Hydroxyethyl starch deriv. CAS 8042-47-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-384-2 CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-686-4 Uses: Solvent for carbonless copy paper for office forms, industrial cleaning Uses: Provides visc. stability, water retention, and binding power for spesolvs., waterless hand cleaners, fragrance bases, automotive and furniture cialty paper coatings, size press; extremely low visc.; can be cooked at polishes, insecticide bases, lamp oils, defoamers in paper and coatings very high solids for use in high solids coating colors; exc. compat. with other industries; froth flotation of vegetables, electrostatic discharge machine flucoating ingreds ids, magnetic particle inspection fluids; food-contact applics. PenCP® Binder [Penford Prods.] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.884, 178.3620(b), 178.3650, 573.740 Chem. Descrip.: Starch/latex copolymer Properties: Sp.gr. 0.812 (60/60 F); dens. 6.76 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 4.3 cSt (100 F); vapor pressure < 0.1 mm Hg; i.b.p. 266 C min.; pour pt. -4 C; flash pt. Uses: Binder for coating paper; for use alone or with other binders; no cooking required; ready-to-use lig. 127 C; KB value 22.6; < 1% aromatics Penreco 2263 Oil [Penreco] Properties: Liq. Penetron OT-30 [Hart Prods.] Chem. Descrip .: Petroleum distillates Chem. Descrip.: 2-Ethylhexyl sulfosuccinate CAS 64742-47-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-298-5 Uses: Penetrant, wetting agent, surf. tens. depressant for textiles, paper, Uses: Solvent for carbonless copy paper for office forms, industrial cleaning paint, plastic, rubber and metal industries solvs., waterless hand cleaners, fragrance bases, automotive and furniture Properties: Liq.; 25-30% conc.; anionic polishes, insecticide bases, lamp oils, defoamers in paper and coatings PenExcel[™] Sizing Agent [Penford Prods.] industries; froth flotation of vegetables, electrostatic discharge machine fluids, magnetic particle inspection fluids; food-contact applics. Chem. Descrip .: Carbohydrate-based Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.884, 178.3650, 573.740 Uses: Binder, water absorbent, sizing agent for ink jet printing papers; enhances internal bond development; batch or jet cooked Properties: Sp.gr. 0.786 (60/60 F); dens. 6.56 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 1.68 cSt (100 F); i.b.p. 191 C min.; pour pt. -40 C; flash pt. 74 C; KB value 29; < 1% Properties: Dry powd. PenFilm™ Binder [Penford Prods.] aromatics Chem. Descrip .: Modified starch Precaution: DOT: combustible liq. CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-686-4 Penreco Amber [Penreco] Uses: Binder, sizing agent, surf. strengthener for paper and board applics. on Chem. Descrip .: Petrolatum USP CAS 8027-32-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-373-2 size press or as coating additive, incl. food pkg.; reduces total starch usage Uses: Emollient, base for cosmetic and pharmaceutical preparations; water-Regulatory: FDA compliant Penford® Gum [Penford Prods.] proofing agent for butcher paper; lubricant, water repellent, moisture barrier Chem. Descrip.: Hydroxyethyl ether derivatized corn starch for textile and paper; carrier for modeling clays, soldering paste and flux; CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 pigment carrier for carbon paper; binder and conditioner for crayons; animal feed supplements; fruit/veg. coatings; food pkg. materials; external lube for Uses: Paper additive for use at the size press in clear size and pigmented formulas, coating, and calender stack; uniform visc.; high gloss and ink PVC; rubber processing aid Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 172.880, 178.3700, 573.720; OSHA nonhazardholdout; flexible water-holding films Penreco 2251 Oil [Penreco] ous: DOT nonhazardous Chem. Descrip .: Petroleum distillates Properties: Yel. semisolid, odorless; sol. in hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 0.86 (60 F); CAS 64742-14-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-298-5 visc. 68-82 SUS (210 F); m.p. 122-135 F; congeal pt. 123 F; solid. pt. 122 Uses: Solvent for carbonless copy paper for office forms, industrial cleaning F; flash pt. (COC) 400 F solvs., waterless hand cleaners, fragrance bases, automotive and furniture Toxicology: Pract. nontoxic by ingestion, but laxative props. may cause polishes, insecticide bases, lamp oils, food processing; defoamers in paper abdominal cramps, diarrhea; minimally irritating to eyes and skin on direct and coatings industries; froth flotation of vegetables, electrostatic discharge contact; STEL 10 mg/m³ (as oil mist); TSCA listed machine fluids, magnetic particle inspection fluids; food-contact applics. Precaution: Combustion may produce dense smoke, CO, CO2, other ox-*Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.884, 178.3650, 573.740 *Properties:* Sp.gr. 0.786 (60/60 F); dens. 6.56 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 1.66 cSt ides; may react with strong oxidizing agents Storage: Store in closed containers away from heat, sparks, open flame, (100 F); i.b.p. 191 C min.; pour pt. -40 C; flash pt. 74 C; KB value 28; < 1% oxidizers aromatics Penreco Blond [Penreco] Chem. Descrip .: Petrolatum USP Precaution: DOT: combustible liq. Penreco 2257 Oil [Penreco] CAS 8027-32-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-373-2 Chem. Descrip .: Sat. hydrocarbon Uses: Emollient, base for cosmetic and pharmaceutical preparations; lubri-CAS 64742-46-7 cant, water repellent, moisture barrier for textile and paper; food additive; Uses: Solvent for carbonless copy paper for office forms, industrial cleaning food-contact applics. solvs., waterless hand cleaners, fragrance bases, automotive and furniture Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 172.880, 178.3700, 573.720; OSHA nonhazardpolishes, insecticide bases, lamp oils, food processing; defoamers in paper ous; DOT nonhazardous and coatings industries; froth flotation of vegetables, electrostatic discharge Properties: Yel. semisolid, odorless; sol. in hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 0.86 (60 F);

machine fluids, magnetic particle inspection fluids; food-contact applics.

visc. 68-82 SUS (210 F); m.p. 122-135 F; congeal pt. 123 F; solid. pt. 122

Penreco Cream

F; flash pt. (COC) 400 F

- Toxicology: Pract. nontoxic by ingestion, but laxative props. may cause abdominal cramps, diarrhea; minimally irritating to eyes and skin on direct contact; STEL 10 mg/m³ (as oil mist); TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustion may produce dense smoke, CO, CO₂, other oxides; may react with strong oxidizing agents
- Storage: Store in closed containers away from heat, sparks, open flame, oxidizers
- Penreco Cream [Penreco]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Wh. petrolatum USP
 - CAS 8027-32-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-373-2
 - Uses: Emollient, base, and carrier for cosmetic and pharmaceutical preparations; lubricant for textile and paper; food additive; food-contact applics.
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 172.880, 178.3700, 573.720; OSHA nonhazardous; DOT nonhazardous
 - Properties: Cream visc. semisolid, odorless; sol. in hydrocarbons; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.87 (60/60 F); visc. 64-75 SUS (210 F); m.p. 122-125 F; b.p. 650 F; congeal pt. 125 F; solid. pt. 122 F; flash pt. (COC) 445 F
 - Toxicology: Pract. nontoxic by ingestion, but laxative props. may cause abdominal cramps, diarrhea; minimally irritating to eyes and skin on direct contact; STEL 10 mg/m³ (as oil mist); TSCA listed
 - Precaution: Combustion may produce dense smoke, CO, CO₂, other oxides; may react with strong oxidizing agents
 - Storage: Store in closed containers away from heat, sparks, open flame, oxidizers
- Penreco Lily [Penreco]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Wh. petrolatum USP
 - CAS 8027-32-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-373-2
 - Uses: Emollient, base, and carrier for cosmetic and pharmaceutical preparations; lubricant for textile and paper; food additive; food-contact applics.
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 172.880, 178.3700, 573.720; OSHA nonhazardous; DOT nonhazardous
 - *Properties:* Wh. visc. material, odorless; sol. in hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 0.86 (60/60 F); visc. 64-75 SUS (210 F); m.p. 122-135 F; b.p. 650 F; congeal pt. 124 F; solid. pt. 123 F; flash pt. (COC) 400 F
 - Toxicology: Pract. nontoxic by ingestion, but laxative props. may cause abdominal cramps, diarrhea; minimally irritating to eyes and skin on direct contact; STEL 10 mg/m³ (as oil mist); TSCA listed
 - Precaution: Combustion may produce dense smoke, CO, CO₂, other oxides; may react with strong oxidizing agents
 - Storage: Store in closed containers away from heat, sparks, open flame, oxidizers
- Penreco Red [Penreco]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Tech. petrolatum
 - CAS 8009-03-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-373-2
 - Uses: Base and binder for buffing compds., polishes, shoe polishes; rubber processing aids; carbon papers; corrosion preventatives; general-purpose lubricants; printing inks; solder pastes; tech.-grade
 - Regulatory: OSHA nonhazardous; DOT nonhazardous
 - Properties: Red; visc. 70-82 SUS (210 F); m.p. 120-135 F
- Penreco Regent [Penreco]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Wh. petrolatum USP
 - CAS 8027-32-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-373-2
 - Uses: Emollient, base, and carrier for cosmetic and pharmaceutical preparations (creams, lotions, petrol. jellies, makeup, absorp. base, ophthalmic and topical ointments, dental adhesives); water repellent, moisture barrier, lubricant for textile and paper; plasticizer and softener for putty; shoe polishes; food additive; food-contact applics.
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 172.880, 178.3700, 573.720; OSHA nonhazardous; DOT nonhazardous
 - *Properties:* Wh. semisolid, odorless; sol. in hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 0.86 (60/60 F); visc. 57-70 SUS (210 F); m.p. 125-130 F; b.p. 650 F; congeal pt. 120 F; solid. pt. 119 F; flash pt. (COC) 400 F
 - *Toxicology*: Pract. nontoxic by ingestion, but laxative props. may cause abdominal cramps, diarrhea; minimally irritating to eyes and skin on direct contact; STEL 10 mg/m³ (as oil mist); TSCA listed
 - Precaution: Combustion may produce dense smoke, CO, CO₂, other oxides; may react with strong oxidizing agents
 - Storage: Store in closed containers away from heat, sparks, open flame, oxidizers

Penreco Royal [Penreco]

Chem. Descrip.: Petrolatum USP

CAS 8027-32-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-373-2

- Uses: Emollient, base, and carrier for cosmetic and pharmaceutical preparations; lubricant for textile and paper; food additive; food-contact applics.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 172.880, 178.3700, 573.720; OSHA nonhazardous; DOT nonhazardous
- Properties: Yel. semisolid, odorless; sol. in hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 0.86 (60 F); visc. 57-70 SUS (210 F); m.p. 118-130 F; congeal pt. 118 F; solid. pt. 115 F; flash pt. (COC) 400 F
- Toxicology: Pract. nontoxic by ingestion, but laxative props. may cause abdominal cramps, diarrhea; minimally irritating to eyes and skin on direct contact; STEL 10 mg/m³ (as oil mist); TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustion may produce dense smoke, CO, CO₂, other oxides; may react with strong oxidizing agents
- Storage: Store in closed containers away from heat, sparks, open flame, oxidizers
- Penreco Snow [Penreco]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Wh. petrolatum USP
 - CAS 8027-32-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-373-2
 - Uses: Emollient, base, solvent, and carrier for cosmetic and pharmaceutical preparations (creams, lotions, petrol. jellies, ointments, dental adhesives); foods (animal feed supplement, fruit/veg. coatings); sanitary lubricant in food prod. machinery; rust-preventive coating in food processing equipment; carrier in adhesive tapes and compds.; lubricant for textile, paper, PVC; shoe polishes; food-contact applics.
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 172.880, 178.3700, 573.720; OSHA nonhazardous; DOT nonhazardous
 - Properties: Wh. opaque semisolid, odorless; sol. in hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 0.86 (60/60 F); visc. 64-75 SUS (210 F); vapor pressure < 1 mm Hg (70 F); m.p. 122-135 F; b.p. 650 F; congeal pt. 123 F; solid. pt. 121 F; flash pt. (COC) 400 F
 - Toxicology: Pract. nontoxic by ingestion, but laxative props. may cause abdominal cramps, diarrhea; minimally irritating to eyes and skin on direct contact; STEL 10 mg/m³ (as oil mist); TSCA listed
 - Precaution: Combustion may produce dense smoke, CO, CO₂, other oxides; may react with strong oxidizing agents
 - Storage: Store in closed containers away from heat, sparks, open flame, oxidizers
- Penreco Super [Penreco]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Wh. petrolatum USP
 - CAS 8027-32-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-373-2
 - Uses: Emollient, base, and carrier for cosmetic and pharmaceutical preparations; lubricant for textile and paper; food additive; food-contact applics.
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 172.880, 178.3700, 573.720; OSHA nonhazardous; DOT nonhazardous
 - Properties: Wh. opaque semisolid, odorless; sol. in hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 0.86 (60/60 F); visc. 60-75 SUS (210 F); m.p. 122-135 F; b.p. 650 F; congeal pt. 125 F; solid. pt. 124 F; flash pt. (COC) 400 F
 - Toxicology: Pract. nontoxic by ingestion, but laxative props. may cause abdominal cramps, diarrhea; minimally irritating to eyes and skin on direct contact; STEL 10 mg/m³ (as oil mist); TSCA listed
 - Precaution: Combustion may produce dense smoke, CO, CO₂, other oxides; may react with strong oxidizing agents
 - Storage: Store in closed containers away from heat, sparks, open flame, oxidizers
- Penreco Ultima [Penreco]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Wh. petrolatum USP
 - CAS 8027-32-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-373-2
 - Uses: Emollient, base, and carrier for cosmetic and pharmaceutical preparations (creams, lotions, hair prods., lip balms, makeup, absorp. bases, ophthalmic and topical ointments, dental adhesives); foods (fruit/veg. coatings, food pkg.); lubricant for textile and paper
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 172.880, 178.3700, 573.720; OSHA nonhazardous; DOT nonhazardous
 - Properties: Wh. opaque semisolid, odorless; sol. in hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 0.86 (60/60 F); visc. 60-70 SUS (210 F); m.p. 130-140 F; b.p. 650 F; congeal pt. 130 F; solid. pt. 128 F; flash pt. (COC) 400 F
 - Toxicology: Pract. nontoxic by ingestion, but laxative props. may cause abdominal cramps, diarrhea; minimally irritating to eyes and skin on direct contact; STEL 10 mg/m³ (as oil mist); TSCA listed
 - Precaution: Combustion may produce dense smoke, CO, CO₂, other oxides; may react with strong oxidizing agents

Storage: Store in closed containers away from heat, sparks, open flame,

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oxidizers
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- Pensize[®] Binder [Penford Prods.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Starch styrene/butadiene copolymer

Uses: Binder for pigmented and clear formulations on conventional and metering size presses; for use alone or with other binders; no cooking required; ready-to-use liq.; readily pumpable

Properties: Liq.

Pen-sprae® Starch [Penford Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Starch

CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6

Uses: Wet str. agent for papermaking; sprayed in uncooked slurry form on already formed sheet; improves linting resist. and plybond

PenStack[™] Calender Size [Penford Prods.]

Uses: Surf. treatment for recycled board for use in water box formulations to be applied at the calender stack; exc. replacement for polyvinyl alcohol, CMC, and starch prods.; easily batch or jet cooked; provides exc. machine runnability

Properties: Dry powd.

Pentalyn[®] 856 [Hercules/Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Pentaerythrityl rosinate, modified

CAS 8050-26-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-479-9

- Uses: Thermoplastic resin for modifying compositions based on alcohol- and water-sol. film-formers; replacement or extender for shellac; contributes high gloss, block resistance, fast solv. release, and good adhesion in formulating water-based inks, and paper coatings, adhesives, wax emulsions, and water-reducible paints; food-contact applics.
- Properties: USDA Rosin WG flakes; sol. in aq. sol'ns. of alkalis, ethanol, and IPA, ethers, alcohol-ethers, esters, ketones, aromatic and chlorinated hydrocarbons, and to 25-39% solids in diethylene glycol; sp.gr. 1.10; dens. 1.09 kg/l; soften pt. 131 C; acid no. 140

Pentalyn[®] A [Hercules/Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Pentaerythrityl rosinate

CAS 8050-26-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-479-9

- Uses: Tackifier for CR, NR, SBR, NBR, chlorinated rubber, reclaim rubber, and their latexes, paper, cloth, leather laminates, tapes, hot-melt adhesives and coatings, pressure-sensitive adhesives; varnish resin; in enamel applics.; linoleum cements; contributes adhesion, high aliphatic solubility, gloss, solv. release, stability with reactive pigments, and good pigment wetting to printing inks; food-contact use; hard, pale, thermoplastic resin
- Properties: Gardner 9.5 (60% in min. spirits) solid, flakes; sol. in esters, ketones, aromatic and aliphatic hydrocarbons, and higher alcohols; waterinsol.; dens. 1.07 kg/l; G-H visc. G (60% in min. spirits); soften pt. 111 C; acid no. 12; ref. index 1.544

Pentalyn® H [Hercules/Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Pentaerythrityl hydrogenated rosinate CAS 64365-17-9; EINECS/ELINCS 264-848-5

- Uses: Tackifier for NR, SBR, CR, NBR, chlorinated rubbers, EVA, reclaim rubber, and their latexes, paper, cloth, leather laminates, adhesives, tapes; food-pkg. and processing operations; hard, thermoplastic resin; contributes improved resist. to oxidation, greater heat stability, better color retention
- Properties: USDA Rosin N flakes; sol. in aromatic and aliphatic hydrocarbons, esters, and ethers; dens. 1.07 kg/l; G-H visc. D (60% in min. spirits; soften. pt. 104 C; acid no. 12

Pentasize 8 [Haltermann GmbH]

Chem. Descrip.: Octadecenyl succinic anhydride

CAS 28777-98-2; 249-210-6

Uses: Neutral sizing agent for paper and board industry; effective @ pH 4-9 Properties: Amber clear liq.; sapon. no. 300-325; 100% act.; nonionic Storage: Store @ < 40 C to minimize color degradation; store in very dry place with adequate ventilation; keep away from sparks and flames

Pentasize 68 [Haltermann GmbH]

Chem. Descrip.: Alkenyl C16/C18 succinic anhydride

CAS 70983-55-0

Uses: Neutral sizing agent for paper and board industry; effective at pH 4-9 Properties: Amber clear liq.; sapon. no. 320-350; 100% act.

Storage: Store @ < 40 C to minimize color degradation; store in very dry place with adequate ventilation; keep away from sparks and flames

Pentasol DO-70PG [Haltermann GmbH]

Chem. Descrip .: Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate in propylene glycol/water Uses: Wetting agent; emulsion polymerization surfactant; wetting agent for pulp/paper; dispersant in oil industry

Properties: Clear to pale yel. liq.; sp.gr. 1.090-1.110; pH 5-7; 68-72% total

solids; anionic

Pentex® 99 [Rhodia]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4

- Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent for adhesives, flexo and gravure inks, paints, high-gloss paints, paper, textiles, emulsion polymerization, agric. sprays; good color acceptance
- Properties: Lig.; 75% conc.; anionic

Pentonium S70 [Haltermann GmbH]

Chem. Descrip.: 3-Chloro-2-hydroxypropyl trimethyl ammonium chloride aq. sol'n.

CAS 3327-22-8; EINECS/ELINCS 222-048-3

Uses: Paper starch cationizing agent

Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.170 (20 C); pH 3-6; 69% min. act. Perbunan N Latex 2818 [Bayer AG; Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber]

Chem. Descrip.: NBR latex without reactive groups CAS 9003-18-3

Uses: Used in oil- and petrol-resistant proofings and coatings for fabrics and paper; dipped goods; binders for nonwoven fabric, brake and clutch linings,

gasket materials, etc.; nonstaining; similar to corresponding solid grades of Perbunan N

Properties: Dens. 0.98 g/cc; pH 10-12; 27% ACN content; 45% solids

Perbunan N Latex 3310 [Bayer AG; Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber] Chem. Descrip.: NBR latex without reactive groups

CAS 9003-18-3

Uses: Used in oil- and petrol-resistant proofings and coatings for fabrics and paper; dipped goods; binders for nonwoven fabric, brake and clutch linings, gasket materials, etc.

Properties: Dens. 0.99 g/cc; pH 10-12; 32% ACN content; 45% solids

Perbunan N Latex 3415 M [Bayer AG; Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber] Chem. Descrip.: NBR latex with reactive groups

CAS 9003-18-3

Uses: Used in oil- and petrol-resistant proofings and coatings for fabrics and paper; dipped goods; binders for nonwoven fabric, brake and clutch linings, gasket materials, etc.; for impregnation of nonwoven fabrics (e.g., in prod. of base materials for syn. leathers)

Properties: Dens. 0.98 g/cc; pH 5.5-6.5; 33% ACN content; 4% methacrylic acid; 47.5% solids

Perbunan N Latex T [Bayer AG; Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber] Chem. Descrip.: NBR latices with reactive groups CAS 9003-18-3

Uses: Used in oil- and petrol-resistant proofings and coatings for fabrics and paper; dipped goods; binders for nonwoven fabric, brake and clutch linings, gasket materials, etc.; for impregnation of nonwoven fabrics (e.g., in prod. of base materials for syn. leathers), and for dipped goods

Properties: Dens. 0.98 g/cc; pH 5.5-6.5; 35% ACN content; 2% methacrylic acid; 50% solids

Perbunan N Latex VT [Bayer AG; Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber] Chem. Descrip.: NBR latices with reactive groups CAS 9003-18-3

Uses: Used in oil- and petrol-resistant proofings and coatings for fabrics and paper; dipped goods; binders for nonwoven fabric, brake and clutch linings, gasket materials, etc.

Properties: Dens. 0.998 g/cc; pH 8.0-9.0; 30% ACN content; 4% methacrylic acid; 45% solids

Percol[®] 368 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective at pH 4-9

Properties: Bead; m.w. 500,000-1,000,000; 100% act.; cationic

Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 F

Percol® 370 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9

Properties: Bead; m.w. 1,000,000-5,000,000; 100% act.; cationic

Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps.

below 50 F

Percol® 402 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

- Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9
- Properties: Sol'n.; m.w. 500,000-1,000,000; 50% act.; cationic
- Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid temps. below 50 $\rm F$
- Percol® 403 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

- Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9
- Properties: Sol'n.; m.w. 500,000-1,000,000; 50% act.; cationic
- Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid temps. below 50 F

Percol® 406 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

- Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9
- Properties: Sol'n.; m.w. 500,000-1,000,000; 40% act.; cationic
- Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid temps. below 50 F

Percol® 710 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

- Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 5-11
- *Properties:* Liq. disp.; m.w. 15,000,000-20,000,000; 50% act.; anionic

Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid temps. below 50 F

Percol® 712 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

- Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 5-11
- Properties: Liq. disp.; m.w. 15,000,000-20,000,000; 50% act.; anionic
- Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid temps. below 50 F

Percol® 720 (LT20) [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

- Uses: For use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; for potable water clarification; effective @ pH 5-11
- *Properties:* Granular solid; m.w. 15,000,000-20,000,000; 100% act.; non-ionic

Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 $\rm F$

Percol® 721 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

- Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9
- *Properties:* Granular solid; m.w. 15,000,000-20,000,000; 100% act.; cationic *Storage:* Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 F

Percol® 722 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9

Properties: Bead; m.w. 1,000,000-5,000,000; 100% act.; cationic

Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid

temps. below 50 F

- Percol® 725 (LT25) [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers
 - Uses: For use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; for potable water clarification; effective @ pH 5-11
 - Regulatory: Approved food grade applics.
 - Properties: Granular solid; m.w. 15,000,000-20,000,000; 100% act.; nonionic
 - Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 F
- Percol® 726 (LT26) [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers Uses: For use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather puly/paper pharmaceutical textile and other industries: for potable
 - leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; for potable water clarification; effective @ pH 5-11
 - Regulatory: Approved food grade applics.
 - Properties: Granular/bead solid; m.w. 15,000,000-20,000,000; 100% act.; nonionic
 - Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 F
- Percol® 727 (LT27) [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers
 - Uses: For use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; for potable water clarification; effective @ pH 5-11
 - Regulatory: Approved food grade applics.
 - Properties: Granular solid; m.w. 15,000,000-20,000,000; 100% act.; nonionic
 - Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 $\rm F$
- Percol® 728 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

- Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9
- Properties: Granular solid; m.w. 15,000,000-20,000,000; 100% act.; cationic Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 F
- Percol® 734 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Acrylamide copolymers
 - Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9
 - Properties: Granular solid; m.w. 15,000,000-20,000,000; 100% act.; cationic Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 F
- Percol® 736 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

- Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 5-11
- Properties: Granular solid; m.w. 15,000,000-20,000,000; 100% act.; non-ionic
- Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 $\rm F$
- Percol® 737 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers
 - Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9
 - Properties: Liq. disp.; m.w. 10,000,000-15,000,000; 50% act.; cationic
 - Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid temps. below 50 F
- Percol® 737HL [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9 $\,$

Properties: Liq. disp.; m.w. 10,000,000-15,000,000+; 50% act.; cationic

Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid temps. below 50 ${\rm F}$

Percol® 742 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 5-11

Properties: Granular solid; m.w. 15,000,000-20,000,000; 100% act.; nonionic

Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 F

Percol® 744 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

- Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-10
- Properties: Sol'n.; m.w. 500,000-1,000,000; 15% act.; cationic
- Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid temps. below 50 F

Percol® 745 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

- Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9
- Properties: Granular solid; m.w. 10,000,000-15,000,000; 100% act.; cationic Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 F

Percol® 747 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

- Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9
- Properties: Bead; m.w. 5,000,000-10,000,000; 100% act.; cationic
- Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 F
- Percol® 748 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

- Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9
- Properties: Granular solid; m.w. 15,000,000-20,000,000; 100% act.; cationic Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 F

Percol® 750 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9

Properties: Bead; m.w. 10,000,000-15,000,000; 100% act.; cationic

Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 F

Percol® 751 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-12

Properties: Sol'n.; m.w. 500,000-1,000,000; 20% act.; cationic

Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid temps. below 50 ${\rm F}$

Percol® 753 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening,

flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9

Properties: Granular solid; m.w. 15,000,000-20,000,000; 100% act.; cationic *Storage:* Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 F

Percol® 755 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other

industries; effective @ pH 4-9 Properties: Bead; m.w. 15,000,000-20,000,000; 100% act.; cationic

Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 F

- Percol® 757 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]
- Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9

Properties: Bead; m.w. 5,000,000-10,000,000; 100% act.; cationic

Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 F

Percol® 759 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9

Properties: Bead; m.w. 15,000,000-20,000,000; 100% act.; cationic

Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 $\rm F$

Percol® 763 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9

Properties: Bead; m.w. 5,000,000-10,000,000; 100% act.; cationic

Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 F

Percol® 764 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9

Properties: Granular solid; m.w. 15,000,000-20,000,000; 100% act.; cationic *Storage:* Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 F

Percol® 765 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9

Properties: Bead; m.w. 15,000,000-20,000,000; 100% act.; cationic

Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 F

Percol® 766 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers

Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9

Properties: Bead; m.w. 15,000,000-20,000,000; 100% act.; cationic

 $\it Storage:$ Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 F

Percol® 767 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening,

flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries: effective @ pH 4-9	flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries: effective @ pH 4-10
Properties: Liq. disp.; m.w. 10,000,000-15,000,000; 50% act.; cationic Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid temps. below 50 F	Properties: Bead; m.w. 5,000,000-10,000,000; 100% act.; cationic Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps. below 50 F
Percol® 775 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]	Percol® 788N [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]
Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers	Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers
Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening,	Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening,
totation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9	totation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-10
Properties: Liq. disp.; m.w. 10,000,000-15,000,000; 50% act.; cationic Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid temps. below 50 F	Properties: Liq. disp.; m.w. 10,000,000-15,000,000; 50% act.; cationic Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid temps. below 50 F
Percol® 775 FS25 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]	Percol® 790 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]
Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers	Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers
Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening,	Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening,
totation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-9	totation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 5-11
Properties: Liq. disp.; m.w. 10,000,000-15,000,000; 50% act.; cationic	Properties: Liq. disp.; m.w. 10,000,000-15,000,000; 50% act.; anionic
Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid	Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid
Percol® 775 FS40 [Ciba Spec. Chems /Water Treatment]	Percol® 919 [Ciba Spec. Chems /Water Treatment]
Chem. Descrip.: Acrvlamide copolymers	<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Acrylamide copolymers
Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening,	Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening,
flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl.	flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl.
chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other	chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other
Industries; effective @ pH 4-9 Proportios: Lig. disp.: m.w. 10.000.000.15.000.000; 50% act.; cationic	Industries; effective @ pH 5-11 Proporties: Cranular solid: m w 15 000 000 20 000 000: 100% act : non
Storage: Store in cool location where temp, extremes are avoided: avoid	ionic
temps. below 50 F	Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps.
Percol® 778 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]	below 50 F
Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers	Percol® E24 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]
flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl	Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation sludge thickening
chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; effective @ pH 4-10	flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other
Properties: Liq. disp.; m.w. 10,000,000-15,000,000; 50% act.; cationic	industries; effective @ pH 5-11
Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid temps, below 50 E	Properties: Bead; m.w. 10,000,000-15,000,000; 100% act.; anionic Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps
Percol® 778 FS25 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]	below 50 F
Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers	Percol® LT22 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]
Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening,	Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers
totation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries: effective @ pH 4-9	Uses: For use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, tood, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; for potable water clarification; effective @ pH 4-9
Properties: Liq. disp.; m.w. 10,000,000-15,000,000; 50% act.; cationic	Properties: Granular solid; m.w. 5,000,000-10,000,000; 100% act.; cationic
Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid	Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid
temps. Delow 50 F Dercol® 778 FS40 [Ciba Spec. Chams (Water Treatment]	lemps. Delow 50 F Dercol® T225 [Ciba Spec_Chams /Water Treatment]
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Acrylamide copolymers	<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Acrylamide copolymers
Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening,	Uses: For use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. chem., dairy, food,
flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl.	leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; for potable
chem., dairy, lood, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries: effective @ nH 4-9	Water clarification; effective @ pH 4-9 Properties: Granular solid: m w 15 000 000-20 000 000: 100% act · cationic
<i>Properties:</i> Lig. disp.; m.w. 10,000,000-15,000,000; 50% act.; cationic	Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid
Storage: Store in cool location where temp. extremes are avoided; avoid	temps. below 50 F
temps. below 50 F	Percol® LT24 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]
Cham Descrin : Actulation constructions (Water Treatment)	Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide copolymers
Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening.	leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other industries; for potable
flotation, and dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl.	water clarification; effective @ pH 4-9
chem., dairy, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other	Properties: Granular solid; m.w. 1,000,000-5,000,000; 100% act.; cationic
industries; effective @ pH 5-11	Storage: Dry polymers should be stored in cool, dry place; avoid temps.
Properties: Liq. alsp.; m.w. 10,000,000-15,000,000; 50% act.; nonionic Starage: Store in cool location where terms, extremes are avoided; avoid	Deronal® ST [ISD]
temps, below 50 F	Chem. Descrip.: PVP polymer
Percol® 787 [Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment]	CAS 9003-39-8; EINECS/ELINCS 201-800-4
Chem. Descrip .: Acrylamide copolymers	Uses: Dispersant, stripping assistant, detergent used for dyes; fulling soap
Uses: Provides primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening,	additive; rag-stripping assistant in paper industry; detergent and soil-sus-

- des primary and secondary sedimentation, sludge thickening, d dewatering for use in water and industrial waste treatment incl. y, food, leather, pulp/paper, pharmaceutical, textile, and other effective @ pH 5-11
- Granular solid; m.w. 15,000,000-20,000,000; 100% act.; non-

pending agent for washing yarns; used in long liquors, pkg. machines, or jiqs Properties: VCS 5 max. liq.; water-sol.; pH 5-7 (5% aq.); 30-32% act.; cationic PerForm[™] [Hercules] Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid, clarifier for pulp, paper, and paperboard mfg. Pergasol[®] [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper] *Uses:* Direct dye for paper and board coloration Properties: Anionic/cationic Perglutin[®] 204 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Styrene-acrylate copolymer water CAS 9010-92-8 Uses: Surf. sizing agent suitable for highly loaded size press circulations; high tolerance of electrolytes and trash; support of optical brightening Properties: Disp.; 40% act.; amphoteric Perglutin[®] 395 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Styrene-acrylate copolymer CAS 9010-92-8 Uses: Surf. sizing agent suitable for highly loaded press circulations; high tolerance of electrolytes and trash; support of optical brightening Properties: Disp.; 30% act.; amphoteric Peralutin® 450/220 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip .: Styrene-acrylate copolymer CAS 9010-92-8 Uses: Internal sizing agent for neutral pH range; good initial sizing; compat. with cationic and anionic processing aids Properties: 24% act. Perglutin® 450/240 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Styrene-acrylate copolymer CAS 9010-92-8 Uses: Internal sizing agent for neutral pH range; good initial sizing Properties: 22% act. Perglutin® 450/280 [BK Giulini Chemie] ride Chem. Descrip.: Styrene-acrylate copolymer CAS 9010-92-8 Uses: Internal sizing agent for paper; rec. at neutral pH range Perglutin[®] A 200 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Styrene-methacrylate copolymer Uses: Surf. sizing agent for graphic papers; support for optical brightening; high tolerance of electrolytes Properties: Liq.; 16% act.; anionic Perglutin[®] A 281 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Styrene-acrylate copolymer CAS 9010-92-8 Uses: Surf. sizing agent suitable for graphic and total office papers, ink jet; very good tolerance of electrolytes; support of optical brightening Properties: Disp.; 25% act.; anionic Perglutin[®] K 175 EP [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Acrylate copolymer CAS 25133-97-5 Uses: Surf. sizing agent very effective with all raw papers; very high affinity to fiber Properties: Liq.; 17% act.; cationic Perglutin[®] K 333 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Styrene-acrylate copolymer CAS 9010-92-8 Uses: Surf. sizing agent for paper; very effective with all raw papers esp. in highly electrolyte-charged size press circuits Perglutin[®] K 418 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Methacrylate copolymer Uses: Internal sizing agent for all types of paper; high retention and dewatering Properties: Liq.; 18% act.; cationic Perglutin[®] K 440 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Styrene-acrylate copolymer CAS 9010-92-8 Uses: Surf. sizing agent very effective with all raw papers; very good initial sizing Properties: Disp.; 25% act.; cationic Perglutin® K 485 [BK Giulini Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Styrene-acrylate copolymer CAS 9010-92-8

Uses: Surf. sizing agent for paper; very effective with all raw papers Pergopak M2 [Omya Croxton+Garry] Chem. Descrip.: Urea-formaldehyde condensation prod. CAS 9011-05-6 Uses: Org. wh. pigment blended with stock during production of paper and board; inc. pore vol. of paper, speeding up drying and reducing chance of strike-through Properties: Wh. fine powd.; 0.1-0.15 µ particle size; sp.gr. 1.41-1.45; bulk dens. 55-65 g/l; surf. area > 22 m²/g; TAPPI whiteness 97 \pm 1% Pericide[®] EF [Vinings Ind.] Chem. Descrip.: Mixt. of peracetic acid, hydrogen peroxide, acetic acid, and Uses: Biocide for pulp/paper controlling growth of bacteria, fungi, fresh water organisms, and spore formers; breaks down to water, oxygen, and acetic acid so the finished paper and effluent streams contain no biocidal residue Environmental: Environmentally friendly Perkacit® DPG [Flexsys] Chem. Descrip.: N,N-Di-phenylguanidine CAS 102-06-7; EINECS/ELINCS 203-002-1 Uses: Sec. accelerator in NR and SR for sulfenamide and thiazole accelerators; accelerator in tire and industrial rubber applics.; metal complexing agent for ore flotation; codeveloper in water-resist. security inks; fixing agent in thermal printing inks; stabilizer for methacrylamide copolymer ag. sol'ns.; food-contact rubber articles; good 'green' storage stability; with sulfenamide primary accelerator, gives fast cure rates, good reversion and fatigue resist. Use Level: 0.1-1.0 phr Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2600; BgVV XXI compliant Properties: Cream to It. pink powd., oil-coated powd., or 2 mm pellets; m.w. 211.3; sp.gr. 1.2; dens. 1180 kg/m³ (20 C); m.p. 144 C; 96-97% act. Storage: 12 mos shelf life; store in single-stacked pallets in cool, dry, wellventilated area away from direct sunlight Permanax[™] PTBC [Flexsys] Chem. Descrip .: Reaction prod. of 6-t-butyl-3-methylphenol and sulfur dichlo-CAS 57062-46-1 Uses: Antioxidant for thermoplastic elastomers, urethanes, ABS, PVC, PE, PP, adhesives, caulks, fiber finish nat. and syn. oils; stabilizer, antigellant for drying oils; rec. for applics. requiring heat resist.; provides protection against degradation catalyzed by heavy metals; low volatility; nonstaining; nondiscoloring Use Level: 0.05-0.1% (stabilizer during processing), 0.1-1.5% (stabilizer for end-use), 0.05-.5% (antioxidant for fiber finish oils) Properties: Yel. to med. amber highly visc. liq.; sp.gr. 1060 kg/m³ (25/15 C) Storage: Store under cool, dry conditions in unopened pkgs. in well-ventilated area; avoid direct sunlight; gentle warming may be required to ensure material properly discharges from storage drums Persoft NK-60, NK-100 [NOF] Chem. Descrip.: Ethoxylated fatty alcohols Uses: Detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; textile detergent; dyeing assistant; base for liq. detergents; dispersant for pulp pitch; lubricant for bottle cleaning processing *Properties:* Liq.; 90% conc.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeq. Petrac[®] Calcium Stearate CP-11 [Ferro] Chem. Descrip .: Calcium stearate CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8 Uses: Mold release agent, lubricant, pigment suspending agent, and flow control agent for plastics (PVC, phenolics), paints, inks, foundry, industrial cleaners, waterproofing of cement and clay tile, lubrication and glossing in paper coatings, wire drawing compds. *Properties:* Wh. powd., 97% thru 100 mesh; sp.gr. 1.03; dens. 26 lb/ft³; m.p. 151 C; acid no. 205; 9.8% CaO Petrac[®] Calcium Stearate CP-11 LS [Ferro] Chem. Descrip.: Calcium stearate CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8 Uses: Mold release agent, lubricant, pigment suspending agent, and flow control agent for plastics (PVC, phenolics), paints, inks, foundry, industrial cleaners, waterproofing of cement and clay tile, lubrication and glossing in

paper coatings, wire drawing compds. *Properties:* Powd., 90% thru 200 mesh; sp.gr. 1.03; dens. 26 lb/ft³; m.p. 154 C; soften. pt. 150 C; 9.4% CaO

Chem. Descrip.: Glyceryl stearate Petrothene® NA 214-000 [Equistar] Chem. Descrip.: LDPE CAS 123-94-4 Uses: Internal/external lubricant, mold release for rigid PVC inj. molding, film, CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 sheet, bottle compds.; pigment suspending agent in paints and inks; water-Uses: Extrusion coating grade for sugar pouches, industrial and multiwall bags, treated and primed films and laminations; food-contact paper, polymer proofing agent for cement, clay tile; lubricant, gloss aid in paper coatings; foundry resins; lubricant, antistat, and antifog in polyolefins Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 compliant Properties: Off-wh. flake; m.p. 140 F; acid no. 2; iodine no. 2.5; sapon. no. Properties: Sp.gr. 0.918; melt index 10.0 g/10 min; Vicat soften. pt. 86 C; tens. str. 1580 psi; elong. 580%; hardness (Shore D) 54 167; 43% alpha monoglycerides Petrolatum RPB [Crompton/Witco] Petrothene® NA 216-000 [Equistar] Chem. Descrip .: Petrolatum tech. Chem. Descrip .: LDPE resin CAS 8009-03-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-373-2 CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Extrusion coating resin for flexible pkg., milk cartons, set-up cartons, Uses: Binder, carrier, lubricant, moisture barrier, plasticizer, protectant, softener for tech. applics., (elec., paper and pkg., plastics, rubber, textiles, food boards, food-contact paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 compliant industrial use) Properties: Dk. brn.; m.p. 71-77 C Properties: Sp.gr. 0.923; melt index 3.7 g/10 min; tens. str. 1750 psi; elong. Petrolite® C-3500 [Baker Petrolite] 550%; Vicat soften. pt. 92 C; hardness (Shore D) 53 C Chem. Descrip.: Oxidized polymer Petrothene® NA 217-000 [Equistar] Uses: For use in adhesives, textiles, and high-wax polish applics.; lubricant Chem. Descrip .: LDPE resin CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 for PVC extrusion; food pkg. adhesives, textiles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; general-purpose polymer Uses: Extrusion coating resin for flexible pkg., milk cartons, industrial papers Regulatory: FDA 21ČFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800 and foil mounting, single-ply bags, pouch bags, board trays, fiber drums, Properties: Solid; visc. 152 SUS (116 C); m.p. 107 C; congeal pt. 93 C; acid corrugated boxes, fiberboard containers, food-contact paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1350 compliant no. 24: sapon. no. 42 Petrolite® C-7500 [Baker Petrolite] Properties: Sp.gr. 0.923; melt index 5.5 g/10 min; tens. str. 1800 psi; elong. Chem. Descrip.: Oxidized PE wax 550%; Vicat soften. pt. 92 C; hardness (Shore D) 53 CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Petrothene® NA 219-000 [Equistar] Chem. Descrip.: LDPE Uses: Used in the formulation of emulsions having hard films with good gloss and dry-bright polish props.; oil binder in solv.-based polishes, release CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 agents, textile finish softeners; food pkg. adhesives, textiles; defoamer in Uses: Extrusion coating grade for use with paper, films, and other base stocks food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800 for flexible pkg., milk cartons, single-ply bags, board trays, fiber drums, corrugated boxes, fiberboard containers, food-contact paper Properties: Color 0.5 (D1500) wax; m.p. 97 C; acid no. 15; sapon. no. 32 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 compliant Petrolite® C-9500 [Baker Petrolite] Properties: Sp.gr. 0.923; melt index 10.0 g/10 min; Vicat soften. pt. 95 C; Chem. Descrip.: Oxidized polyethylene tens. str. 1700 psi; elong. 226%; hardness (Shore D) 51 Petrothene® NA 957 [Equistar] Chem. Descrip.: LDPE CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Used in the formulation of emulsions having hard films with good gloss and dry-bright polish props.; oil binder in solv.-based polishes, release CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 agents, textile finish softeners; food pkg. adhesives, textiles; defoamer in Uses: Liner film resin for multiwall paper bag liners, general pkg., industrial food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800 liners, food containers, and trash bags; good heat seal, drawdown Properties: 1.25-mil film: dens. 0.924 g/cc; melt index 2.6 g/10 min; haze 15%; tens. str. 2500 psi (break, MD); tens. elong. 300% (break, MD); Vicat Properties: Color 0.5 (D1500) wax; m.p. 94 C; acid no. 31; sapon. no. 50 soften. pt. 80 C; hardness (Shore D) 42; Dart drop impact 120 g Petrolite® E-1040 [Baker Petrolite] Chem. Descrip.: Oxidized polyethylene Pexite® Wood Rosins [Hercules] Chem. Descrip.: Refined natural resins obtained from pine trees CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Used in the formulation of emulsions, textile finish softeners, floor, auto, Uses: Thermoplastic acidic resin for paper sizes, soaps, emulsifiers, and and lig. solv.-based polishes; food pkg. adhesives, textiles; defoamer in greases, and for mfg. of syn. resins for adhesives, paints, varnishes, etc.; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard wax modification; as chem. intermediate; in solder fluxes; for food-pkg. and Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800 -processing Properties: USDA Rosin WG, N, M, and K grades solid; sol. in most Properties: M.p. 106 C; acid no. 40; sapon. no. 65 Petrolite® E-2020 [Baker Petrolite] alcohols, esters, ketones, hydrocarbons, chlorinated solvs., plasticizers, Chem. Descrip.: Oxidized HDPE CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 and min. oils; dens. 1.067 kg/l; Drop soften. pt. 82 C (WG and N), 81 C (M and K); flash pt. (COC) 216 C; acid no. 162 (WG), 161 (N and M), 160 (K); Uses: Wax producing emulsions for formulating textile lubricants and softensapon no. 168 (WG), 167 (N and M), 166 (K) Phosflex® 4 [Akzo Nobel] ers, floor, auto polishes, mold release agents, lubricants, and antiblocking *Chem. Descrip.:* Tributyl phosphate CAS 126-73-8; EINECS/ELINCS 204-800-2 agents; in ceramic binders; processing aid in the fabrication of thermoplastic resins; external and internal lubricant; food pkg. adhesives, textiles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Uses: Flame retardant primary plasticizer for nitrocellulose, cellulose acetate, Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800 chlorinated rubber, and vinyls; antifoam for paper coatings, water-based Properties: M.p. 116 C; acid no. 22; sapon. no. 41 adhesives, inks, textile sizes, detergent sol'ns.; high boiling solv. for litho-Petrolite® WB-5 [Baker Petrolite] graphic inks; latex paints; also suitable for epoxy, PS, PVAc Chem. Descrip .: Urethane deriv. of oxidized wax Properties: Colorless liq.; sp.gr. 0.980 (20/20 C); visc. 6 mPa•s; 11.7% P Uses: Wax with dye solubility, pigment dispersing, and oil and dye binding Phosflex® 61B [Akzo Nobel] properties for use in one-time carbon paper Chem. Descrip.: t-Butylated triphenyl phosphate ester mixt. CAS 56803-37-3 Properties: Brn. wax; m.w. 650; m.p. 89 C; acid no. 16; sapon. no. 60 Petrothene® NA 204-000 [Equistar] Uses: Flame retardant plasticizer for phenolic resins, paper coatings, PVC Chem. Descrip .: LDPE resin and PVC foams, acrylic, cellulosics, epoxy, phenolic, and PVAc polymers CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Properties: Straw-colored liq.; sp.gr. 1.165 (20/20 C); visc. 77 mPa•s; 8.0% Uses: Extrusion coating and inj. molding resin for general purpose and food contact applics.; food-contact paper/paperboard Phosflex® 71B [Akzo Nobel] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 Chem. Descrip .: t-Butyl phenyl diphenyl phosphate Properties: Sp.gr. 0.918; melt index 7.0 g/10 min; Vicat soften. pt. 84 C; tens. CAS 56803-37-3 str. 1700 psi; elong. 550%; hardness (Shore D) 50 Uses: Flame retardant plasticizer for PVC, PVC foams, vinyl nitrile foams,

PVAc emulsions, cellulosics, acrylic, epoxy, paper, phenolic, PS, ABS, engineering resins, polyesters, alloys Properties: Colorless liq.; sp.gr. 1.180 (20/20 C); visc. 32 mPa•s; 8.5% P Phosflex® TBEP [Akzo Nobel] Chem. Descrip.: Tributoxyethyl phosphate CAS 78-51-3; EINECS/ELINCS 201-122-9 Uses: Flame retardant plasticizer for plastisols, acrylics, cellulosics, epoxy, nitrile rubber, PVAc; floor polish emulsions; leveling agent in latex paints and polishes; imparts low temp. flexibility to syn. rubbers; antifoam in paper coatings, inks, textile sizes, detergents, and paints Properties: Colorless liq.; sp.gr. 1.35 (20/20 C); visc. 12 mPa•s; 7.8% P Photomer® 51 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Benzil dimethyl ketal CAS 24650-42-8; EINECS/ELINCS 246-386-6 Uses: Photoinitiator for UV curable coatings and inks for paper, plastics, wood, and elec. applics. Photomer® 3015 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Bisphenol A epoxy diacrylate Uses: Used for paper/paperboard, metal/deco clear and pigmented systems; low visc. oligomer with wide range of radiation curable props.; greater ease in handling, exhibits good cure Properties: 100% solids Photomer® 3016 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Bisphenol A epoxy diacrylate Uses: Base resin in radiation-curing overprint varnishes for paper/board and wood varnishes; good litho props. in wet offset inks; high visc. oligomer with good cure speed; provides high surf. hardness, high gloss, exc. solv. resist. Properties: 100% solids Photomer® 3016-20T [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy acrylate/monomer blend Uses: Used in paper/paperboard, overprints, wood coatings, and inks; dilution of Photomer® 3016 with Photomer® 4006 (TMPTA) to facilitate easier handling and applic. Photomer® 3016-40R [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Epoxy acrylate/monomer blend Uses: Used in paper/paperboard and wood coatings and inks; dilution of Photomer® 3016 with Photomer® 4061 (TPGDA) to facilitate easier handling and applic. Photomer® 3016-40T [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip .: Epoxy acrylate/monomer blend Uses: Used in paper/paperboard, overprints, wood coatings, and inks; dilution of Photomer® 3016 with Photomer® 4006 (TMPTA) to facilitate easier handling and applic. Photomer® 3038 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Acrylated epoxy resin with Photomer® 461 (tripropylene glycol diacrylate) Uses: Used in radiation-curable paper/paperboard, overprints, rigid plastics, wood, and chipboard coatings Photomer® 4015 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic alkoxylate monoacrylate Uses: Flexibilizer in coatings and inks for flexible substrates, and for paper, metal and photopolymer applics.; low irritancy replacement for 2-PEA Photomer[®] 4025 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Bisphenol Aethoxylate diacrylate Uses: Film-former for paper/paperboard and photopolymer applics.; higher ethoxylate analog of Photomer® 4028; water disp. monomer which is fast curing, exhibits exc. flexibility and cured film props. Properties: Med. m.w. Photomer® 4028 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Bisphenol A ethoxylate diacrylate Uses: Film-former for radiation-cured inks and coatings, esp. overprint varnishes on paper/paperboard, litho inks, screen inks; as base oligomer in low visc. systems; fast curing, mod. visc. monomer; forms tough abrasionresist. films of high tens. str. and good elong. Toxicology: Low skin irritancy Photomer® 4155 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks] Chem. Descrip.: Ethoxylated trimethylolpropane triacrylate Uses: Film-former in aq./solv. systems such as photopolymers, screen printing, textiles, and paper/paperboard coatings; higher ethoxylate homologue of Photomer® 4149; water disp. monomer with good cure response and film forming char.

Properties: Med. m.w.

Photomer® 4158 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethoxylated trimethylolpropane triacrylate Uses: Used in aq./solv. developable photopolymers, paper, textiles coatings and other porous substrates; very high ethoxylate homologue of Photomer® 4149; partially water sol. MFA which cures to a flexible, soft homopolymer Properties: High m.w.

Photomer® 4160 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks]

Chem. Descrip.: Neopentyl glycol ethoxylate diacrylate Uses: Film-former for paper/paperboard, wood varnishes, and flexible plastics; patented low visc., fast curing ester with good solvency props.; forms

flexible films of high tensile, mod. elong., and mod. shrinkage

Photomer® 4204 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks]

Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic alkoxylate diacrylate Uses: Used for paper, wood, and metal prods.; low irritancy, mod. cure monomer; exhibits good flexibility, solv. resist., and adhesion props.; developmental

Properties: Low odor

Photomer® 5018 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyester acrylate

Uses: Good wetting chars. make it esp. suitable in multicolor printing/coating systems where interfacial adhesion is a problem; for clear coatings on wood, glass, paper, and plastics; low visc. oligomer for radiation-curing applics.

Photomer® 6010 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks]

Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic urethane diacrylate

Uses: Film-former for coatings and inks for paper and plastic substrates; nonyellowing, flexible film-forming oligomer exhibiting outstanding humidity resist.

Photomer® 6140 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks]

Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic urethane diacrylate

Uses: Used for radiation-curing overprint varnishes and inks for flexible or semirigid substrates like paper and plastics; high visc. nonyel. oligomer; good flexibility and toughness

Photomer® 6210 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks]

Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic urethane diacrylate

Uses: Used in coatings and inks on rigid and flexible plastics, paper, and metals; premium oligomer with very low visc., exc. light stability, chem. and abrasion resist.

Photomer® 8061 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks]

Chem. Descrip.: Monomethoxy tripropylene glycol monoacrylate *Uses:* Reactive diluent for use in UV/EB adhesives, with good adhesion to aluminum, paper, paperboard, and selected plastics; comparable in cure to TPGDA with exc. solvating props.

Properties: Low visc.

Photomer® 8127 [Cognis/Coatings & Inks]

Chem. Descrip.: Monomethoxy neopentyl glycol propoxylate monoacrylate Uses: Exhibits good adhesion to aluminum, paper, plastics, and glass; useful in RC laminating and structural adhesives; reactive monomer comparable in cure to NPG(PO) diacrylate

Properties: Very low visc. Phthalopal® [BASF AG]

ninaiopai® [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Phthalate resins, sat. and unsat.

Uses: Resin for paint and varnish industry; oil-free for NC finishes; binder for aq. flexographic inks and lightfast paper varnishes; saponified form

Picconol® A100 [Hercules/Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic hydrocarbon resin emulsions Uses: Resin emulsion used in combination with other aq. thermoplastic and/ or elastomeric systems to produce coatings, paints, and adhesives; extender, tackifier for NR, SR; waterproof finishes for paper, textiles; esp. suitable for use in high-styrene SBR, EVA resin, and polyacrylic-based latex paints, and in adhesives for bonding films, fibers, and granular materials; food-pkg. and processing operations

Properties: Gardner 9 (50% in toluene) liq.; dens. 0.97 kg/l; visc. 3000 cps; soften. pt. (R&B) 63 C; pH 8.5; 50% aq. disp.; anionic

Piccopale® 100 [Hercules/Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic hydrocarbon resin, stabilized with 0.1% antioxidant (tetrakis [methylene (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate)] methane)

Uses: Tackifier, binder for rubber, adhesives, construction materials; saturant/ waterproofing agent for paper, textiles; replacement for gloss oils in paints, varnishes, and coatings

Properties: Gardner 3 color; sp.gr. 0.91-0.97; dens. 0.97 kg/l; melt. visc. 230

C (1 poise); soften. pt. (R&B) 100 C; flash pt. (COC) 259 C; acid no. < 1; sapon. no. < 2

- Piccopale® 100-70M66 [Hercules/Resins]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Hydrocarbon resin sol'n.
 - Uses: Tackifier, binder for rubber, adhesives, construction materials; saturant/ waterproofing agent for paper, textiles; replacement for gloss oils in paints, varnishes, and coatings
 - *Properties:* Visc. 17-36 stokes; soften. pt. (R&B) 100 C; flash pt. (TCC) 40 C min.; 70% solids in min. spirits

Piccotac[®] 95T [Hercules/Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic C5 hydrocarbon resin

Uses: Tackifier for hot-melt adhesives; saturant and waterproofing agent in various paper, paperboard, and textile prods.; hot-melt road marking compds.; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; compat. with most popular elastomers and polymers

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180 compliant

- Properties: Gardner 2 pastilles; sol. in aliphatic, aromatic, and chlorinated hydrocarbons, MIBK, and ethyl ether; insol. in lower alcohols and glycols; m.w. 1800; sp.gr. 0.940; soften. pt. (R&B) 98 C; acid no. < 1; flash pt. (COC) 500 F
- Precaution: May fuse/block/lump during hot weather, if stored near steam pipes or sources of heat, and upon prolonged storage; gradually oxidize and darken, affecting sol.

Piqmosol[®] [BASF AG]

Uses: Org. and inorg. pigments for building materials, crop protection agents, artists' colors; papermaking for highly lightfast paper coloring and wallpapers; colorants for pigmenting glues; for coloring detergents (speckles), soaps

Pilot® SXS-40 [Pilot]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium xylene sulfonate

CAS 1300-72-7; EINECS/ELINCS 215-090-9

- Uses: Coupling agent, hydrotrope, solubilizer, solvent in org. polymers and dyestuffs, petrol. industry, pulping, animal glues; solubilizer, hydrotrope for textiles; dispersant and stabilizer for lowering cloud pt. and visc. in liq. detergents
- Properties: Lt. yel. clear liq.; dens. 9.9 lb/gal; pH 7.5; 42% total solids; anionic

Piosafe 30 [Vinings Ind.]

Uses: Surf. sizing agent for safety and security papers such as checks and stock certificates for size press; treated sheet turns dk. brn. if alterations in printed material or signatures are attempted with bleaching chems. *Properties:* Liq.

Pittclor[®] [PPG Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium hypochlorite

CAS 7778-54-3; EINECS/ELINCS 231-908-7

- Uses: Algicide, antimicrobial, fungicide for municipal water treatment, sewage treatment, in textile and paper mills, tanneries, wastewater effluent treatment in petrochemical industries; chlorinating agent for swimming pools; disinfectant for cleaning pool parts, locker room floors, etc.
- Properties: Wh. gran. powd.; m.w. 142.994; sol. in water; dens. 61.1 lb/ft³; 65% act.

Plasmine KN-500 [Plasmine Tech.]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene acrylic copolymer ammonium salt sol'n. CAS 35209-54-2

Uses: Surf. size for acid or alkaline papermaking for size press and calender operations; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; imparts exc. ink jet printability to alkaline fine papers and offset printability to wh. papers and board grades; reduces ink feathering and show through; minimizes fugitive sizing effects of internal size

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: Water-wh. clear sol'n.; trace odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.04; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 15-35 cps; b.p. 212 F; pH 8-10; 19-21% solids *Toxicology:* May cause skin/eye irritation, permanent eye injury

Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents, acids, strong bases; strong bases may cause release of ammonia

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Elevated temps. will cause release of sm. amts. of ammonia

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: 12 mos shelf life; store @ 40-90 F in closed containers in wellventilated area; avoid brass, copper, and aluminum fittings/vessels

Plasmine® N-750-P [Plasmine Tech.]

Chem. Descrip .: Pale highly fortified rosin soap in water

CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7

- Uses: Sizing agent for papermaking; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; for use in wet end at pH range of 4.5-5.5; not shear-sensitive; exc. stability
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180
- Properties: Amber liq.; ammonia odor; sol. in cold water; sp.gr. 1.142; dens. 9.51 lb/gal; visc. 120-450 cps; b.p. 105 C; flash pt. nonflamm.; pH 10.5; 50% total solids
- Toxicology: Alkaline soap; avoid long-term contact; may cause skin and eye irritation or damage

Precaution: Keep away from acids

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: 1 yr+ shelf life; store in closed container in cool, well-ventilated area; avoid brass and copper fittings

Plasmine® PLH-50 [Plasmine Tech.]

Chem. Descrip.: Pale fortified rosin

CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7

Uses: Sizing agent for papermaking; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; exc. stability; not shear-sensitive

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180
- Properties: Amber liq.; ammonia odor; sol. in cold water; sp.gr. 1.14; dens. 9.54 lb/gal; visc. 18 cps; b.p. 105 C; flash pt. nonflamm.; pH 10.5; 50% solids

Toxicology: May cause skin and eye irritation, permanent eye injury; vapor may cause skin and eye irritation; inh. may cause coughing

- Precaution: Keep away from acids
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: 1 yr+ shelf life; store @ 70-85 F in closed containers in well ventilated area; keep from freezing, but if accidentally frozen, mix thoroughly; avoid brass and copper fittings

Plasmine® PLH-55 [Plasmine Tech.]

Chem. Descrip.: Pale fortified rosin

CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7

Uses: Sizing agent for papermaking, bleached and unbleached sulfate pulp, recycled fiber furnish; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty/dry foods; for use in wet end at pH range of 4.5-5.5; reduces rosin buildup on presses and felts; freeze-thaw stable

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: Amber liq.; ammonia odor; sol. in cold water; sp.gr. 1.158; dens. 9.65 lb/gal; visc. 75 cps; b.p. 105 C; flash pt. nonflamm.; pH 10.5; 50% total solids

Toxicology: May cause skin and eye irritation, permanent eye injury; vapor may cause skin and eye irritation; inh. may cause coughing

Precaution: Keep away from acids

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

- Storage: 1 yr+ shelf life; store @ R.T.; avoid brass and copper fittings
- Plasthalli® 7041 [C.P. Hall]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Long chain alkyl alkylether diester
 - Uses: Plasticizer, softener for rubber, CR, SBR, NBR, nitrile-PVC, PVAc; peptizing agent; transfer aid on correctable ribbon; penetrant and tackifier for computer ribbons, carbon paper

Properties: Yel. liq.; sol. in hexane, toluene, kerosene, ethanol, acetone, min. oil; insol. in water; m.w. 492; sp.gr. 0.925; visc. 15 cps; f.p. -51 C; acid no. 0.5; iodine no. nil; sapon. no. 228; flash pt. 182 C; ref. index 1.449; 0.08% moisture

Plasthall® 7049 [C.P. Hall]

Chem. Descrip.: Alkyl oleate

Uses: Plasticizer for SBR; transfer aid on correctable ribbon; penetrant and tackifier for computer ribbons, carbon paper

Properties: Gardner 5 clear oily liq.; sol. in hexane, toluene, kerosene, ethanol, acetone, min. oil; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.874; visc. 25 cps; f.p. -55 C; acid no. 1.3; iodine no. 69; sapon. no. 145; flash pt. 191 C; ref. index 1.4590; 0.10% moisture

Plasthall® R-9 [C.P. Hall]

Chem. Descrip.: Octyl tallate

Uses: Transfer aid on correctable ribbon; penetrant and tackifier for computer ribbons, carbon paper; plasticizer for SBR, CR; imparts good low temp. flexibility

Properties: Yel. to amber liq.; sol. in hexane, toluene, kerosene, min. oil; insol. in water; m.w. 398; sp.gr. 0.873; visc. 17 cps; f.p. -10 C; acid no. 0.2; sapon. no. 141; flash pt. 213 C; ref. index 1.459; 0.10% moisture

Pliolite[®] AC [Goodyear]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/acrylate emulsion copolymer

- CAS 9010-92-8
- Uses: UV-resist. resin for solv.-based masonry and concrete coatings, swimming pool paints, waterproof texture and masonry coatings, concrete curing membranes and sealers, aluminum, metallic, and high-build maintenance coatings, paper coatings, metallic and silk screen inks, dry electrophotographic toners
- Properties: Sol. in aromatic solvs., aliphatic blends, chlorinated HC, esters, ketones; sp.gr. 1.04; dens. 8.66 lb/gal; ref. index 1.546; hardness (Sward) 46 (24 h); dissip. factor 0.0089 (100 Hz); dielec. const. 2.61 (100 Hz); vol. resist. 7.8 x 10¹⁵ ohm-cm
- Pliolite® AC-3 [Goodyear]
- Chem. Descrip.: Vinyltoluene/acrylate
- Uses: Rheological modifier used in masonry paints, concrete floor enamels, waterproof masonry coatings, fill coats, paper coatings (barrier coatings, gloss overlacquers), metallic and gravure inks
- Properties: Wh. friable gran., odorless, tasteless; sp.gr. 1.028; dens. 8.56 lb/ gal; bulk dens. 25.7 lb/ft3; ref. index 1.562
- Pliolite® AC-L [Goodyear]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/acrylate emulsion copolymer
 - CAS 9010-92-8
 - Uses: Resin for solv.-based masonry and concrete coatings, swimming pool paints, waterproof texture and masonry coatings, concrete sealers, aluminum, metallic, and high-build maintenance coatings, paper coatings, gloss overlacquers, metallic and silk screen inks
 - Properties: Sp.gr. 1.04; dens. 8.66 lb/gal; ref. index 1.546; hardness (Sward) 40 (24 h)
- Pliolite[®] S-5D [Goodyear]
 - Chem. Descrip.: S/B emulsion copolymer
 - CAS 9003-55-8
 - Uses: Resin for solv.-based coatings, concrete stains, waterproof texture and masonry coatings, concrete curing membranes, aluminum and metallic maintenance coatings, paper coatings, dry electrographic toners, silk screen inks
 - Properties: Sol. in aromatic solvs., aliphatic blends, chlorinated HC, esters, ketones; sp.gr. 1.05; dens. 8.74 lb/gal; ref. index 1.585; hardness (Sward) 12 (24 h); dissip. factor 0.0007 (100 Hz); dielec. const. 2.60 (100 Hz); vol. resist. 3 x 10¹⁵ ohm-cm
- Pliolite[®] S-5E [Goodyear]
 - Chem. Descrip.: S/B emulsion copolymer
 - CAS 9003-55-8
 - Uses: Resin for solv.-based coatings, concrete stains, waterproof texture and masonry coatings, concrete sealers, traffic paints, aluminum and metallic maintenance coatings, paper coatings, metallic inks, dry electrophotographic toners
 - Properties: Sol. in aromatic solvs., aliphatic blends, chlorinated HC, esters, ketones; sp.gr. 1.05; dens. 8.74 lb/gal; ref. index 1.585; hardness (Sward) 9 (24 h); dissip. factor 0.0007 (100 Hz); dielec. const. 2.60 (100 Hz); vol. resist. 3 x 1015 ohm-cm

Pliolite® VT [Goodyear]

- Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl-toluene/butadiene emulsion copolymer
- Uses: Film-former for solv.-based traffic paints, block fillers, paper coatings, adhesives, laminates, printing inks, hot melts, abrasion-resist, coatings, masonry and concrete paints, waterproof coatings; produces films with clarity, str., hardness and chem. resist.
- Properties: Sol. in aromatic solvs., aliphatic blends, chlorinated HC, esters, ketones; sp.gr. 1.026; dens. 8.56 lb/gal; ref. index 1.57; hardness (Sward) 20 (24 h); dissip. factor 0.0010 (100 Hz); dielec. const. 2.58 (100 Hz); vol. resist. 6.97 x 1015 ohm-cm

Pliolite® VTAC [Goodyear]

- Chem. Descrip .: Vinyl-toluene/acrylate emulsion copolymer
- Uses: Resin used for solv.-based coatings, waterproof texture and masonry coatings, intumescent fire-retardant paints, concrete curing membranes and sealers, paper coatings, gloss overlacquers, silk screen inks, dry electrophotographic toners
- Properties: Sol. in aromatic solvs., aliphatic blends, chlorinated HC, esters, ketones; sp.gr. 1.026; dens. 8.56 lb/gal; ref. index 1.57; hardness (Sward) 20 (24 h); dissip. factor 0.0019 (100 Hz); dielec. const. 2.60 (100 Hz); vol. resist. 6.91 x 10¹⁵ ohm-cm
- Pliolite[®] VT-L [Goodyear]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl-toluene/butadiene emulsion copolymer Uses: Resin used in solv.-based coatings, concrete floor enamels, waterproof

texture and masonry coatings, paper coatings (gloss overlacquers)

- Properties: Sp.gr. 1.03; dens. 8.57 lb/gal; ref. index 1.558; hardness (Sward) 32 (24 h)
- Plonon 102 [NOF]
 - Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP ether
 - Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer, dispersant, detergent, antifoam, wetting agent used in soaps, syn. resins, metal cleaning, emulsion polymerization, fermentation, paper industries
 - Properties: Colorless liq.; odorless and tasteless; m.w. 1250; sol. in water, ethanol, acetone, benzol, dioxane; visc. 105 cs (37.8 C); HLB 7; cloud pt. 22 C (10% aq.); surf. tens. 41.1 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% conc.; nonionic

Plonon 104 [NOF] Chem. Descrip .: POE-POP ether

Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer, dispersant, detergent, antifoam, wetting agent used in soaps, syn. resins, metal cleaning, emulsion polymerization, fermentation, paper industries

Properties: Colorless liq.; odorless and tasteless; m.w. 1650; sol. in water, ethanol, acetone, benzol, dioxane; visc. 105 cs (37.8 C); HLB 15.0; cloud pt. 64 C (10% aq.); surf. tens. 43.5 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% conc.; nonionic

Plonon 201 [NOF]

- Chem. Descrip .: POE-POP ether
- Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer, dispersant, detergent, antifoam, wetting agent used in soaps, syn. resins, metal cleaning, emulsion polymerization, fermentation, paper industries
- Properties: Colorless liq.; odorless and tasteless; m.w. 2200; sol. in ethanol, acetone, benzol, dioxane; visc. 190 cs (37.8 C); HLB 3; cloud pt. 21 C (10% aq.); surf. tens. 38 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% conc.; nonionic
- Plonon 204 [NOF]
 - Chem. Descrip.: POE-POP ether
 - Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer, dispersant, detergent, antifoam, wetting agent used in soaps, syn. resins, metal cleaning, emulsion polymerization, fermentation, paper industries
 - Properties: Colorless paste; odorless and tasteless; m.w. 3400; sol. in water, ethanol; visc. 370 cs (37.8 C); HLB 13.5; cloud pt. 64 C (10% aq.); surf. tens. 39.8 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% conc.; nonionic
- Plonon 208 [NOF]
 - Chem. Descrip .: POE-POP ether
 - Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer, dispersant, detergent, antifoam, wetting agent used in soaps, syn. resins, metal cleaning, emulsion polymerization, fermentation, paper industries
 - Properties: Colorless paste; odorless and tasteless; m.w. 8000; sol. in water; HLB 28; cloud pt. 100 C (10% aq.); surf. tens. 44.1 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% conc.; nonionic

Pluracol® E400 NF [BASF]

- Chem. Descrip.: PEG-8
- CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 225-856-4
- Uses: Base, coupling agent, thickener, lubricant, mold release agent, defoamer, softener, conditioner, antistat, sizing agent, dispersant for cosmetic and oral care preps., metal polishing and cleaning formulations, rubber prods., paper and wood prods., textile processing, ink formulations; excipient, carrier, solvent in pharmaceuticals; chemical intermediate
- Properties: Lig.; m.w. 400; visc. 7.4 cs (99 C); pour pt. 5 C; flash pt. (COC) 182 C; nonionic
- Pluracol® E600 NF [BASF]
 - Chem. Descrip .: PEG-12
 - CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 229-859-1
 - Uses: Base, coupling agent, thickener, lubricant, mold release agent, defoamer, softener, conditioner, antistat, sizing agent, dispersant for cosmetics, oral care preps., metal polishing and cleaning formulations, rubber prods., paper and wood prods., textile processing, ink formulations; excipient, carrier, solvent for pharmaceuticals; chemical intermediate
 - Properties: Liq.; m.w. 600; visc. 10.8 cs (99 C); pour pt. 20 C; flash pt. (COC) 249 C; nonionic

Pluracol® E1450 [BASF]

- Chem. Descrip .: PEG-32
- CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9
- Uses: Chemical intermediate, base, coupling agent, thickener, lubricant, mold release agent, defoamer, softener, conditioner, antistat, sizing agent, dispersant for pharmaceutical, cosmetic, and oral care preparations, in metal polishing and cleaning formulations, rubber prods., paper and wood prods., textile processing, ink formulations

Pluracol® E2000
Properties: Solid; m.w. 1450; visc. 28.5 cs (99 C); m.p. 45 C; flash pi
(COC) 255 C
Pluracol® E2000 [BASF]
Chem. Descrip.: PEG-40
CAS 25322-68-3
Uses: Base, coupling agent, thickener, lubricant, mold release agent, de
foamer, softener, conditioner, antistat, sizing agent, dispersant for pharma
ceuticais, cosmetics, orai care preps., metal polisning and cleaning formula
lions, rubbel prous., paper and wood prous., lexule processing, link formu
Droportios: Solid: m.w. 2000: visc. 12.5 cs (00.0): m.n. 52.0: flash ni
$(COC) > 260 C \cdot nonionic$
Pluracol® E4500 [BASE]
Chem Descrin: PEG
Uses: Base, coupling agent, thickener, lubricant, mold release agent, de
foamer, softener, conditioner, antistat, sizing agent, dispersant for pharma
ceuticals, cosmetics, oral care preps., metal polishing and cleaning formula
tions, rubber prods., paper and wood prods., textile processing, ink formu
lations; chemical intermediate
Properties: Solid; m.w. 4500; visc. 170 cs (99 C); m.p. 60 C; flash pl
(COC) > 260 C
Pluracol® E8000 [BASF]
Chem. Descrip.: PEG-150
Uses: Dece acurling agent thickener lubricent mold release agent de
former softener conditioner antistat sizing agent dispersant for pharma
couticals cosmotics oral care preps, metal polishing and cleaning formula
tions rubber prods paper and wood prods textile processing ink formula
lations: chemical intermediate
Properties: Solid: m.w. 8000; visc. 750 cs (99 C); m.p. 61 C; flash pi
(COC) > 260 C; nonionic
Pluriol® E 200 [BASF AG]
Chem. Descrip.: PEG
Uses: Solubilizer; impregnating agent; humectant; mold release agent; flow
improver; thermal and hydraulic fluid; org. intermediate; detergent and cleaner
dye and pigment dispersant; inks; textile and coatings industry; coloring
ceramics; softener in paper industry; plasticizer in adhesives industry and in
prod. of centroise film; centrics and metalworking jubricant Droportios: Cloar colorloss lig, may 200; water sol, dopp, 1,12 g/cs; view
FIOPERITES. Ciedi coloriess ilq., III.W. 200, Water-Sol., deris. 1. 12 y/cc, Visc 55.65 cs · m p \neq 40 C· flash pt > 150 C· pH 6.0.7.5 (1% ag)· 100%
$conc \cdot nonionic$
Pluriol® F 1500 [BASE AG]
Chem. Descrip.: PEG
Uses: Solubilizer; humectant; binder and hardener in personal care prods.
dispersant for dyes and pigments; inks; textiles; coatings; coloring ceram
ics; paper industry softener; plasticizer in adhesives industry and prod. c
cellulose film; ceramics and metalworking lubricants; aux. for copper and
nickel electroplating baths; electrolytic polishing of steel
Properties: Wh. fine powd.; m.w. 1500; water-sol.; bulk dens. 0.6 kg/l; visc
25-35 cs (99 C); m.p. 45 C; flash pt. > 230 C; pH 6.0-7.5 (1% aq.); 100%
CONC.; NONIONIC
Cham Desering DEC
Unerity Description PEG Uses: Solubilizer: humostant: hinder and hardener in personal care prode
dispersant for dyes and nigments, inks, textiles, coatings, coloring ceram
ics: paper industry softener: plasticizer in adhesives industry and prod-c
cellulose film; lubricant, dispersant, mold release for rubbers; cure activato
in minfilled compds.
Properties: Why fine powd · m w 1000· water-sol · hulk dens 0.6 kg/l· visc

Properties: Wh. fine powd.; m.w. 4000; water-sol.; bulk dens. 0.6 kg/l; visc. 80-130 cs (99 C); m.p. 55 C; flash pt. > 240 C; pH 6.0-7.5 (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic

Pluriol[®] E 6000 [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG

- Uses: Solubilizer; humectant; binder and hardener in personal care prods.; dispersant for dyes and pigments; inks; textiles; coatings; coloring ceramics; paper industry softener; plasticizer in adhesives and prod. of cellulose film
- *Properties:* Wh. fine powd.; m.w. 6000; water-sol.; bulk dens. 0.6 kg/l; visc. 300 cs (99 C); m.p. 60 C; flash pt. > 240 C; pH 6.0-7.5 (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic

Pluriol® E 8000 [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG

Uses: Solubilizer, humectant; binder/hardener in personal care prods.; dispersant for dyes/pigments; inks; textiles; coatings; ceramics; paper industry softener; plasticizer in adhesives industry and prod. of cellulose film; mold release for rubbers

Properties: Nonionic

Pluriol® E 9000 [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG

- Uses: Solubilizer, humectant; binder/hardener in personal care prods.; dispersant for dyes/pigments; inks; textiles; coatings; ceramics; paper industry softener; plasticizer in adhesives industry and prod. of cellulose film; mold release for rubbers
- *Properties:* Wh. fine powd.; m.w. 9000; water-sol.; bulk dens. 0.6 kg/l; visc. 1900 cs (99 C); m.p. 65 C; flash pt. > 240 C; pH 6.0-7.5 (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic

Chem. Descrip.: Meroxapol 105

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, binder, stabilizer, plasticizer, lubricant, solubilizer, dispersant, visc. control agent, defoamer, intermediate for hard surface detergents, rinse aids, automatic dishwashing, textile processing, paints, latexes, cosmetics, pulp, paper, and petrol. industries, agric. prods., in iodophors, water treating systems, fermentation, cutting and grinding fluids
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in water, propylene glycol, xylene, IPA, ethyl acetate, perchloroethylene, IPM; m.w. 1970; sp.gr. 1.058; visc. 400 cps; HLB 21.0; cloud pt. 69 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) > 450 F; pour pt. 15 C; ref. index. 1.4587; surf. tens. 50.9 dynes/cm; 100% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral) 3 to > 10 g/kg, (dermal) > 1 to > 10 g/kg; minimal to mild eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® 17R2 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Meroxapol 172

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Detergent, oil emulsifier for hard surface detergents, textile processing, paints, latexes; defoamer; wetting agent; deduster; demulsifier; dispersant; dye leveling agent; gellant; antistat; syn. lubricant base fluid for metalworking and textile lubricants, chem. intermediates; pulp/paper additive; lowfoam
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in water, xylene, IPA; ethyl acetate, perchloroethylene, IPM, trichlorotrifluoroethane; m.w. 2100; sp.gr. 1.030; visc. 350 cps; HLB 4.0; pour pt. -25 C; cloud pt. 39 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) > 450 F; ref. index 1.4535; surf. tens. 41.9 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting > 360 s (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 3 to > 10 g/kg, (dermal) > 1 to > 10 g/kg; minimal to mild eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® 25R2 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Meroxapol 252

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Low-foam detergent, oil emulsifier, wetting agent, defoamer for hard surf. detergents, rinse aids, automatic dishwashing, textile processing, paints, latexes; wetting and rinse aid; lubricant and leveling agent for paper coating
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in xylene, IPA, ethyl acetate, perchloroethylene, IPM, trichlorotrifluoroethane; m.w. 3120; sp.gr. 1.039; visc. 680 cps; HLB 6.3; pour pt. -5 C; cloud pt. 33 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) > 450 F; ref. index 1.4541; surf. tens. 37.5 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting 38 s (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 3 to > 10 g/kg, (dermal) > 1 to > 10 g/kg; minimal to mild eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® F38 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 108

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent, dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints
- Properties: Prilled; sol. in ethanol, propylene glycol, water, toluene; m.w. 5000; dens. 8.9 lb/gal (77 C); sp.gr. 1.07 (77 C); visc. 260 cps (77 C); m.p. 48 C; HLB 30.5; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 505 F; surf. tens. 52.2 dynes/cm (0.1% conc.); 100% act.; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® F68 [BASF]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Poloxamer 188
- CAS 9003-11-6

Pluronic® 10R5 [BASF]

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent, dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints
- Properties: Prilled; sol. in ethanol, water; m.w. 8350; dens. 8.8 lb/gal (77 C); sp.gr. 1.06 (77 C); visc. 1000 cps (77 C); m.p. 52 C; HLB 29.0; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 500 F; surf. tens. 50.3 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® F68LF [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 108

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent, dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes
- *Properties:* Flake; m.w. 7700; sol. in toluene; sp.gr. 1.06 (77 C); dens. 8.7 lb/ gal (77 C); visc. 850 cps (77 C); m.p. 50 C; cloud pt. 32 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® F77 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 217

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent, dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints
- *Properties:* Prilled; sol. in ethanol, water, toluene; m.w. 6600; dens. 8.7 lb/gal (77 C); sp.gr. 1.04 (77 C); m.p. 48 C; HLB 24.5; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 485 F; surf. tens. 47.0 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® F87 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 237

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent, dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints
- Properties: Prilled; sol. in ethanol, water, toluene; m.w. 7700; dens. 8.7 lb/gal (77 C); sp.gr. 1.04 (77 C); visc. 700 cps. (77 C); m.p. 49 C; HLB 24.0; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 472 F; surf. tens. 44.0 dynes/ cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® F88 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 238

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent, dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes
- *Properties:* Prilled; sol. in ethanol and water; m.w. 10,800; dens. 8.8 lb/gal (77 C); sp.gr. 1.06 (77 C); visc. 2300 cps (77 C); m.p. 54 C; HLB 28.0; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 48.5 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® F98 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 288

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent, dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints
- *Properties:* Prilled; sol. in ethanol, water, perchloroethylene; m.w. 13,000; dens. 8.8 lb/gal (77 C); sp.gr. 1.06 (77 C); visc. 2700 cps (77 C); m.p. 55 C; HLB 27.5; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 491 F; surf. tens. 43.0 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

- Pluronic® F108 [BASF]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 338
 - CAS 9003-11-6
 - Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent, dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints
 - *Properties:* Prilled; sol. in ethanol, water; m.w. 14,000; dens. 8.8 lb/gal (77 C); sp.gr. 1.06 (77 C); visc. 8000 cps (77 C); m.p. 57 C; HLB 27.0; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 495 F; surf. tens. 41.2 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
 - *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 407

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent, dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints
- *Properties:* Prilled; sol. in ethanol, water, toluene, perchloroethylene; m.w. 12,500; dens. 8.8 lb/gal (77 C); sp.gr. 1.05 (77 C); visc. 3100 cps (77 C); m.p. 56 C; HLB 22.0; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 40.6 dynes/ cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

- Pluronic® L10 [BASF]
 - Chem. Descrip.: PO/EO block copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Surfactant, defoamer, emulsifier, demulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dispersant, binder, stabilizer, gellant, wetting agent, rinse aid, chemical intermediate in cosmetics, textiles, paper, petrol., paints, metal cleaning; low-foam

- Properties: Liq.; m.w. 3200; visc. 660 cps; HLB 14.0; pour pt. -5 C; cloud pt. 32 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 41 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting > 360 s (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® L31 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 101

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent, dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in ethanol, propylene glycol, water, toluene, xylene, perchloroethylene; m.w. 1100; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; sp.gr. 1.02; visc. 165 cps; HLB 4.5; cloud pt. 37 C (1% aq.); flash pt. 439 F (COC); pour pt. -32 C; ref. index 1.4515; surf. tens. 46.9 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® L35 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 105

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent, dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in ethanol, propylene glycol, water, toluene, xylene, perchloroethylene; m.w. 1900; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 340 cps; HLB 18.5; cloud pt. 77 C (1% aq.); pour pt. 7 C; surf. tens. 48.8 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® L43 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 123

CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent, dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes

Pluronic® F127 [BASF]

- Properties: Liq.; sol. in ethanol, propylene glycol, water, toluene, xylene, perchloroethylene; m.w. 1850; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; sp.gr. 1.04; visc. 310 cps; HLB 12.0; cloud pt. 42 C (1% aq.); pour pt. -1 C; ref. index 1.4563; surf. tens. 47.3 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® L44 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 124

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent, dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes
- Properties: Liq.; m.w. 2200; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; sp.gr. 1.05; visc. 440 cps; HLB 16.0; cloud pt. 65 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 464 F; pour pt. 16 C; ref. index 1.4580; surf. tens. 45.3 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® L61 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 181

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Low-foam detergent, defoamer, oil emulsifier for machine dishwash and rinse aids, laundry detergents, hard surf. cleaners, fermentation, emulsion polymerization, agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in ethanol, toluene, xylene, perchloroethylene; m.w. 2000; sp.gr. 1.01; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; visc. 285 cps; HLB 3.0; pour pt. -29 C; cloud pt. 24 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 455 F; ref. index 1.4520; 100% act.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® L62 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 182

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Low-foam detergent, oil emulsifier for machine dishwash and rinse aids, laundry detergents, emulsion polymerization, agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in ethanol, propylene glycol, water, toluene, xylene, perchloroethylene; m.w. 2500; sp.gr. 1.03; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 400 cps; HLB 7.0; pour pt. -4 C; cloud pt. 32 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 466 F; surf. tens. 42.8 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting 78 s (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® L62D [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 108

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Low-foam detergent, oil emulsifier for laundry detergents, agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in ethanol, propylene glycol, water, toluene, xylene, perchloroethylene; m.w. 2350; sp.gr. 1.04; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 385 cps; HLB 7; pour pt. -1 C; cloud pt. 35 C (1% aq.); ref. index 1.4557; surf. tens. 43 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting 206 s (0.1%); 100% conc.; nonionic *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and

skin irritation

Pluronic[®] L62LF [BASF] Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 108

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Detergent, oil emulsifier for rinse aids, laundry detergents, agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes; low-foam
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in ethanol, propylene glycol, water, toluene, xylene, perchloroethylene; m.w. 2450; sp.gr. 1.03; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 400 cps; HLB 7; pour pt. -10 C; cloud pt. 28 C (1% aq.); ref. index 1.4546; surf. tens. 39 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting 118 s (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and

skin irritation

Pluronic[®] L64 [BASF] Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 184

CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent,

dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, latexes, paints

Properties: Liq.; sol. in ethanol, propylene glycol, water, toluene, xylene, perchloroethylene; m.w. 2900; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; sp.gr. 1.05; visc. 550 cps; HLB 15.0; cloud pt. 61 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 485 F; pour pt. 16 C; ref. index 1.4575; surf. tens. 43.2 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® L81 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 231

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Detergent, oil emulsifier, defoamer for hard surf. cleaners, fermentation, emulsion polymerization, agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes; low-foam
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in ethanol, toluene, xylene, perchloroethylene; m.w. 2750; sp.gr. 1.02; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. 475 cps; HLB 2.0; pour pt. -37 C; cloud pt. 20 C (1% aq.); ref. index 1.4526; 100% act.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® L92 [BASF]

- Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 282
- CAS 9003-11-6
- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, oil emulsifier for hard surf. cleaners, emulsion polymerization, agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes; low-foam
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in ethanol, toluene, xylene, perchloroethylene; m.w. 3650; sp.gr. 1.03; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 700 cps; HLB 5.5; pour pt. 7 C; cloud pt. 26 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 445 F; ref. index 1.4547; surf. tens. 35.9 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting 15 s (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and

skin irritation Pluronic® L101 [BASF]

- Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 331
- CAS 9003-11-6
- Uses: Detergent, oil emulsifier, defoamer for fermentation, emulsion polymerization, agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes; low-foam
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in ethanol, toluene, xylene, perchloroethylene; m.w. 3800; sp.gr. 1.02; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. 800 cps; HLB 1.0; pour pt. -23 C; cloud pt. 15 C (1% aq.); ref. index 1.4524; 100% act.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation
- Pluronic® L121 [BASF]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 401

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Detergent, oil emulsifier for emulsion polymerization, agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes; low-foam
- *Properties:* Liq.; sol. in ethanol, toluene, xylene, perchloroethylene; m.w. 4400; sp.gr. 1.01; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; visc. 1200 cps; HLB 5.0; pour pt. 5 C; cloud pt. 14 C (1% aq.); ref. index 1.4527; surf. tens. 33.0 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® P84 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 234

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent, dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes
- *Properties:* Paste; m.w. 4200; dens. 8.6 lb/gal (60 C); sp.gr. 1.03 (60 C); visc. 265 cps (60 C); m.p. 34 C; HLB 14.0; cloud pt. 74 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 442 F; pour pt. 18 C; surf. tens. 42.0 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® P85 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 235

CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent,

dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes

- Properties: Paste; sol. in ethanol, propylene glycol, water, toluene, xylene, perchloroethylene; m.w. 4600; dens. 8.7 lb/gal (60 C); sp.gr. 1.04 (60 C); visc. 310 cps (60 C); m.p. 40 C; HLB 16.0; cloud pt. 85 C (1% aq.); pour pt. 29 C; surf. tens. 42.5 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® P103 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 333

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent, dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes
- Properties: Paste; sol. in ethanol, toluene, xylene, perchloroethylene; m.w. 4950; dens. 8.7 lb/gal (60 C); sp.gr. 1.04 (60 C); visc. 285 cps (60 C); m.p. 30 C; HLB 9.0; cloud pt. 86 C (1% aq.); pour pt. 21 C; surf. tens. 34.4 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® P104 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 334

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent, dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes
- *Properties:* Paste; sol. in ethanol, toluene, xylene, perchloroethylene; m.w. 5850; dens. 8.7 lb/gal (60 C); sp.gr. 1.04 (60 C); visc. 550 cps (60 C); m.p. 37.5; HLB 13.0; cloud pt. 81 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 448 F; pour pt. 32 C; surf. tens. 33.1 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® P105 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 335

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent, dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes
- Properties: Paste; sol. in ethanol, toluene, xylene, perchloroethylene; m.w. 6500; dens. 8.8 lb/gal (60 C); sp.gr. 1.05 (60 C); visc. 800 cps (60 C); m.p. 42 C; HLB 15.0; cloud pt. 91 C (1% aq.); pour pt. 35 C; surf. tens. 39.1 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® P123 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 403

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, foam and visc. control agent, dispersant, antistat, gellant, dyeing assistant, leveling agent, lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes
- *Properties:* Paste; sol. in ethanol, toluene, xylene, perchloroethylene; m.w. 5750; dens. 8.5 lb/gal (60 C); sp.gr. 1.02 (60 C); visc. 350 cps (60 C); m.p. 31 C; HLB 8.0; cloud pt. 90 C (1% aq.); pour pt. 31 C; surf. tens. 34.1 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral) 2 to > 15 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; non to sl. eye and skin irritation

Pluronic® P-2000 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: PPG-26

CAS 25322-69-4

Uses: Skin softener, nonoily emollient for cosmetic creams/lotions, bath oils, blushers, skin fresheners, aftershaves, nail enamel removers; binder; lubricant; dispersant; emulsifier; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, polymers; defoamer for aq. systems, food contact, mold release applics., paints, ceramics, grinding fluids, hydraulic fluids; lubricant base for textiles, paper, metalworking formulations; chemical intermediate for fatty acid esters; component for urethanes

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 173.340(a)(3), 175.105, 175.300, 175.380,

Properties: APHA 40 max. liq., polyol odor; sol. @ 5% in min. oils, min. spirits, aromatic solvs., perchloroethylene; insol. in water; m.w. 2000; sp.gr. 1.002; visc. 150-175 cst (100 F); vapor pressure < 0.1 mm Hg; b.p. > 300 F; acid no. 1 max.; pour pt. -31 C; flash pt. (PMCC) > 350 F; ref. index 1.450; 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: LD50 (dermal, rabbit) > 30,000 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 4470 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 710 mg/kg; contact with skin and eyes may cause temporary irritation Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing materials Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. may produce CO_x Storage: Store in well-ventilated area below 120 F Plyamul[®] 40305-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate homopolymer emulsion CAS 9003-20-7 Uses: Adhesive base for high-speed applics., suitable for coated and uncoated paper, corrugated board, and cotton cloth substrates; fast breaking; exc. visc. build with plasticizer or solv. addition Properties: Dens. 8.85-9.15 lb/gal; visc. 1000-2000 cps; pH 4.5-5.5; 54-56% NV Storage: > 3 mos shelf life @ 72 F; protect from freezing Plyamul[®] 40315-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate homopolymer emulsion CAS 9003-20-7 Uses: Adhesive base suitable for uncoated paper, corrugated board, and cotton cloth substrates; multipurpose; remoistenable; good machinability Properties: 1 µ particle size; dens. 9.1 lb/gal; visc. 1000 cps; surf. tens. 49.5 dynes/cm; pH 5.0; 55% solids; nonionic Plyamul® 40351-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate homopolymer emulsion CAS 9003-20-7 Uses: Adhesive base suitable for wood, uncoated paper, corrugated board, and cotton cloth substrates; hand modifier for textiles; multipurpose Properties: 0.2-3.0 µ particle size; dens. 8.8-9.2 lb/gal; visc. 1400-2000 cps; pH 4.0-5.5; surf. tens. 51-54 dynes/cm; 54-56% solids Plyamul[®] 40354-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate homopolymer emulsion CAS 9003-20-7 Uses: Adhesive base suitable for wood, uncoated paper, corrugated board, and cotton cloth substrates; multipurpose; higher visc. version of Plyamul 40351-00 Properties: 1.75 µ particle size; dens. 9.1 lb/gal; visc. 2300 cps; surf. tens. 52.5 dynes/cm; pH 4.75; 55% solids; nonionic Plyamul® 40359-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate homopolymer emulsion CAS 9003-20-7 Uses: Adhesive base suitable for wood, uncoated paper, corrugated board, and cotton cloth substrates; multipurpose; higher visc. version of Plyamul 40354-00 Properties: 1.75 µ particle size; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. 3300 cps; surf. tens. 52.5 dynes/cm; pH 4.75; 55% solids; nonionic Plyamul® 40656-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl acetate stabilized with polyvinyl alcohol Uses: Adhesive base designed to provide improved water resist. and fiber tear in paper and pkg. applics.; good wet tack Properties: Visc. 2000-3000 cps Plyamul® 97825-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Self crosslinking vinyl acetate copolymer latex CAS 9003-20-7 Uses: Base for wood adhesives, wood binders, and functional coatings, suitable for wood, uncoated paper, and cotton cloth substrates; good cold set, wet tack, and heat resist.; suitable for RF cure applics.; freeze-thaw stable Properties: 1.6 µ particle size; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. 4000 cps; surf. tens. 39.5 dynes/cm; pH 5.0; 50% solids; nonionic Storage: < 3 mos shelf life @ 72 F; protect from freezing; material will crosslink on storage Plyamul® 97897-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate homopolymer CAS 9003-20-7 Uses: Adhesive base or binder for tape joint compds.; provides clear water resist. films for uncoated paper and corrugated board; borax stable Properties: 0.2-1.5 µ particle size; dens. 8.8-9.2 lb/gal; visc. 1000-2200 cps;

surf. tens. 48-51 dynes/cm; pH 4.5-5.5; 57-59% NV

175.390, 176.170(a)(5), 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1680, 178.3740

Storage: > 3 mos shelf life @ 72 F; protect from freezing

PM 3082 [Hercules/Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic hydrocarbon resin

- Uses: Resin used in pressure-sensitive adhesives, hot-melt adhesives and coatings, waterproofing, paints/varnishes; tackifying resin in rubber compounding; thermoplastic road-marking applics.; food-contact adhesives, paper, rubber articles, wood preservatives; chem. and moisture resist.; UV stable
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 177.2600, 178.3800 compliant
- Properties: Gardner 4 pastilles; sol. in aliphatic, aromatic, and chlorinated hydrocarbons, MIBK, and ethyl ether; insol. in alcohols and glycols; sp.gr. 0.950; visc. 6.1 stokes (70% resin solids in toluene); soften. pt. (R&B) 101 C; acid no. < 1; flash pt. (COC) 520 F
- Precaution: May fuse/block/lump during hot weather, if stored near steam pipes or sources of heat, and upon prolonged storage; gradually oxidize and darken, affecting sol.

PMO Ashless 150 [Texaco]

Chem. Descrip .: Min. oil with inhibitors

- Uses: Antiwear circulating oil providing corrosion/rust protection to paper machine lubrication systems, gear drive units, pumps, self-contained bearings in industrial applics.; metal-free; environmentally friendly; exc. water separation, oxidation and deposit resist., filterability
- Properties: Lt. red color; visc. 150 cSt (40 C), 14.2 cSt (100 C); flash pt. (COC) 485 F
- PMO Ashless 220 [Texaco]
- Chem. Descrip.: Min. oil with inhibitors
- Uses: Antiwear circulating oil providing corrosion/rust protection to paper machine lubrication systems, gear drive units, pumps, self-contained bearings in industrial applics.; metal-free; environmentally friendly; exc. water separation, oxidation and deposit resist., filterability
- Properties: Very dk. red color; visc. 220 cSt (40 C), 18.4 cSt (100 C); flash pt. (COC) 490 F

PMO Ashless 320 [Texaco]

Chem. Descrip.: Min. oil with inhibitors

- Uses: Antiwear circulating oil providing corrosion/rust protection to paper machine lubrication systems, gear drive units, pumps, self-contained bearings in industrial applics.; metal-free; environmentally friendly; exc. water separation, oxidation and deposit resist., filterability
- Properties: Very dk. red color; visc. 320 cSt (40 C), 23.4 cSt (100 C); flash pt. (COC) 495 F

PMO Ashless 460 [Texaco]

Chem. Descrip.: Min. oil with inhibitors

- Uses: Antiwear circulating oil providing corrosion/rust protection to paper machine lubrication systems, gear drive units, pumps, self-contained bearings in industrial applics.; metal-free; environmentally friendly; exc. water separation, oxidation and deposit resist., filterability
- Properties: Very dk. red color; visc. 437 cSt (40 C), 28.4 cSt (100 C); flash pt. (COC) 500 F

Pogol® 600 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG 600

- CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 229-859-1
- Uses: Surfactant intermediate; intermediate for fatty acid esters; solubilizer, lubricant used in paper coating mixes; antisticking agent; oil resistor; antistat, softener, humectant, and lubricant for textiles, metalworking
- Properties: Pt-Co < 50 color; clear paste; m.w. 570-630; dens. 1.1257 g/ml (20 C); visc. 64 cps; f.p. 20-25 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 210 C; ref. index 1.4699; pH 5.5-7.0 (5% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Polectron® 430 [ISP]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/PVP copolymer

CAS 25086-29-7

- Uses: Binder and adhesive for wood, cotton, paper, glass fiber, flour, concrete; laundry processing; stabilizer for detergents; surf., textile, and paper coatings; latex rug backings; floor wax emulsions; opacifier and thickener for cleaning prods.; opacifier for shampoos, conditioners, acid rinses, permanent waves, setting lotions; dye acceptor in hair color preps.
- Properties: Milky-wh. fluid emulsion; < 0.5 µ particle size; visc. 750 cps (@ pH 2-5); 40% solids

Polidene® 33-031 [Scott Bader]

Chem. Descrip.: VdC copolymer plasticized with a phosphate plasticizer Uses: Used in textile fibers; binder for fire-retardant fabrics; impregnant and adhesive for papers Properties: Emulsion; particle size 0.3 μ ; sp.gr. 1.10; visc. 0.05-0.50 poise; pH 7.0-8.0; 50 \pm 1% solids

Polybond® 3002 [Uniroyal]

Chem. Descrip.: PP homopolymer, maleic anhydride-modified

Uses: Chemical coupling agent for talc, glass, and mica-reinforced PP giving enhanced physical and thermal props.; compatibilizer for blends, e.g., PP/ polyamide, PP/EVOH giving improved processability and mech. props.; adhesion agent for filled or reinforced polyolefins; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 177.1210, 177.1390, 177.1520 *Properties:* Pellets; melt flow 7 g/10 min; dens. 0.91 g/cc; m.p. 157 C

Polybond® 3150 [Uniroyal]

Chem. Descrip.: PP homopolymer, maleic anhydride-modified Uses: Chemical coupling agent for glass, mica, and talc-reinforced PP giving enhanced physical and thermal props.; compatibilizer for blends such as PP/polyamide and PP/EVOH to improve processability and mech. props.; adhesion agent for filled or reinforced polyolefins; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 177.1210, 177.1390, 177.1520 *Properties:* Pellets; melt flow 50 g/10 min (230 C); dens. 0.91 g/cc; m.p. 157 C

Polyco® 3250 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acrylic copolymer

- Uses: Binder for paper and paperboard coatings; alkali-swellable; contributes good gloss and balanced ink receptivity; replacement for natural binders such as casein and protein; helps reduce risk of bacterial contamination associated with natural binders
- Properties: Sp.gr. 1.08; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. 100 cps; pH 5.0; 45% solids; anionic

Polyco® 6108NP [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic/vinyl acetate copolymer

CAS 25067-02-1

- Uses: Binder for paper and paperboard coatings; exc. balance of str., water resist., flexibility, and sheet/print gloss; exc. runnability at high solids or high speeds; high pick resist.; ideal where sheet coverage and printability are desired
- Properties: Sp.gr. 1.09; dens. 9.1 lb/gal; visc. 500 cps; pH 6.3; 50% solids; anionic

Polycup® 172 [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyamide-epichlorohydrin aq. sol'n.

Uses: Crosslinking agent for carboxylated SBR latex, carboxymethyl cellulose, PVA, and other water-sol. polymers; water resist. aid for starch-based adhesives and coatings; food-contact paper/paperboard

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180
- *Properties:* Pale amber liq.; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.03; visc. 50 cps; f.p. -3.9 C; pH 4.7; 12.5% total solids; cationic
- Storage: 100 days shelf life below 32 C

Polycup® 1884 [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyamide-epichlorohydrin aq. sol'n.

Uses: Crosslinking agent for carboxylated SBR latex, carboxymethyl cellulose, PVA, and other water-sol. polymers; water resist. aid for starch-based adhesives and coatings; food-contact paper/paperboard Pogulatory: EDA 21CEP 8176 170, 176 190

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180
- Properties: Pale amber liq.; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.12; visc. 325 cps; f.p. -6.7 C; pH 4.5; 35% total solids; cationic

Storage: 100 days shelf life below 32 C

Polyfix® [Showa Highpolymer]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyamide epichlorohydrin aq. sol'n.

Uses: Wet paper reinforcement; retention aid for paper industry; strengthening additive for construction materials

Polyflex® 300 Retention Aid [Cytec Ind.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylamide
- CAS 9003-05-8
- Uses: Retention aid for neutral/alkaline paper and paperboard; wet-end polymer
- Regulatory: DOT nonregulated
- Properties: Wh. powd.; odorless; VOC 0.02 lb/gal; 5-10% volatiles; anionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral_rat) > 5000 mg/kg. (dermal_rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg.
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) > 20 mg/l; direct contact may cause minimal eye and skin irritation; not expected to be harmful by ing., inh.; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; spills are very slippery Polymin[®] KE 84 [BASF] when wet Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, ammonia, NO_x CAS 9003-05-8 NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: Avoid iron, copper, or aluminum containers/equip. for handling/ storage PolyFloc[™] [Hercules] Uses: Flocculant for water and wastewater clarification in pulp/paper industry PolyFree [Reichhold] Properties: Cationic Polymin® PL [BASF] Chem. Descrip.: Latex-based compd. Uses: Paper coating providing some grease resist. to detergent boxes, paper/ Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylenimine aq. sol'n. CAS 9002-98-6 paperboard wraps, concrete and other dry-mix bags, food pkg.; fully repulpable; exc. water resist. and antiblocking Regulatory: FDA approved Properties: Clear PolyFree OC [Reichhold] Chem. Descrip.: Latex-based compd. Uses: Paper coating incl. food pkg.; for overcoating water-resist. coatings like PolyFree or for use by itself; fully repulpable; exc. moisture/oil/grease Properties: Water-sol.; cationic resist.; exc. antiblocking Regulatory: FDA approved Polymin® PR 266 L [BASF] Properties: Clear Poly-G® 200 [BASF] CAS 9003-05-8 Chem. Descrip.: PEG 200 CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9 Uses: Chemical intermediate for prod. of surfactants for cleaners, textiles, Properties: Cationic cosmetics, personal care prods., rubber mold releases, printing inks and dyes, metalworking fluids, foods, paints, paper, wood prods., adhesives, Polymin[®] PR 971 L [BASF] agric., ceramics, elec. equip., petrol. prods., photographic prods., resins; CAS 9002-98-6 carrier for pharmaceuticals Properties: APHA 25 max. lig.; m.w. 200; sol. in water, acetone, ethanol, ethyl acetate, toluene; sp.gr. 1.125; dens. 9.38 lb/gal; visc. 4.3 cs (99 C); flash pt. 171 C (COC); nonionic Poly-G® B1530 [BASF] Chem. Descrip.: PEG 500-600 Uses: Chemical intermediate for prod. of surfactants for cleaners, textiles, cosmetics, personal care prods., rubber mold releases, printing inks and Properties: Cationic dyes, metalworking fluids, foods, paints, paper, wood prods., adhesives, agric., ceramics, elec. equip., petrol. prods., photographic prods., resins; Polymin[®] PR 973 [BASF] carrier for pharmaceuticals Properties: Wh. waxy solid; m.w. 900; somewhat less sol. in water than liq. CAS 9003-05-8 glycols; sp.gr. 1.104 (50/20 C); dens. 9.20 lb/gal (50/20 C); visc. 15 cs (99 Č); f.p. 38-41 C; flash pt. 254 C (COC); pour pt. 38 C Polyglyme [Ferro/Grant] Chem. Descrip.: Poly(ethylene glycol) dimethyl ether CAS 24991-55-7 Properties: Anionic Uses: Solvent for removing CO, CO₂, SO₂, H₂S and other sour-gas compo-Polymín[®] PR 8578 [BASF] nents from ammonia gas streams, for absorp. of fluorocarbons and other halogenated liqs./gases; stack gas scrubbing; brake fluid component; solu-CAS 9003-05-8 bilizer for plastic, textile, and paper Properties: SI. yel.; very mild nonresidual odor; water-sol.; misc. with ethanol, acetone, benzene, diethyl ether, octane; m.w. 275; sp.gr. 1.04 (20/ 20 C); dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 12 cP (20 C); vapor pressure < 0.01 mm Hg Properties: Cationic (20 C); flash pt. (CC) > 130 C Polymin[®] SKA [BASF] Environmental: Slowly biodeg. Polymin® 978 L [BASF] CAS 9002-98-6 Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylenimine and polyamidoamine aq. sol'n. Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg.; improves retention of fibers and fillers, and promotes drainage in paper processing; fixing agent for fillers, fines, pitch, anionic and nonionic colloids, pigment dyes, and direct most effect at pH 4-7.5 dyes; reclaims suspended fibers from wh. water and wastewater; effective Properties: Cationic over broad pH range Polymin® SNA [BASF] Properties: Water-sol.; cationic Polymin[®] KE 78 PF [BASF] CAS 9002-98-6 Chem. Descrip.: High m.w. polyacrylamide powd. CAS 9003-05-8 Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper; improves retention of fines/fillers, and promotes drainage during web formation on paper machines; flocculant in flotation, filtration, and sedimentation processes to reclaim paper fibers from excess wh. water; dewatering agent for sludge; phenol-free; effective in neutral, acid, and sl. alkaline pH ranges Polymin[®] SO [BASF]

Properties: Cationic

- Chem. Descrip.: High m.w. polyacrylamide emulsion
- Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper; improves retention of fines/fillers, and promotes drainage during web formation on paper machine; flocculant in flotation, filtration, and sedimentation processes to reclaim paper fibers from excess wh. water; dewatering agent for sludge; effective in neutral, acid, and sl. alkaline pH ranges
- Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg.; fixing agent for anionic substances; pitch control agent; reclaims fibers from excess wh. water; drainage aid; wet str. papers; binds fines, fillers, slimy colloids and other org. substances on paper stock; charge modifier in highly contaminated, high hardness systems; most effective at neutral to sl. alkaline pH; can occasionally cause yellowing and impair fluorescent activity of optical brighteners in very wh. grades of paper

Chem. Descrip.: High m.w. polyacrylamide emulsion

Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper; reclaims fibers from excess wh. water; effluent treatment; improves fiber retention, filler retention and drainage rates on paper machine wire

- Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylenimine aq. sol'n.
- Uses: Charge modifier in highly contaminated systems; binder for fines, fillers, slimy colloids, and other org. substances in paper stock; accelerates dewatering on the wire and in the press section; produces paper with high wet str.; fixes anionic substances; dye fixative; controls pitch; promotes alkaline size; used with polyacrylamides in dual component systems; can occasionally cause yellowing and impair fluorescent activity of optical brighteners in very wh. grades of paper

Chem. Descrip.: High m.w. polyacrylamide powd.

Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper; improves retention of fines and fillers, and promotes drainage on paper machine wire; precipitant for solids, reclaims fibers from excess wh. water; effluent treatment; most effective at sl. alkaline to sl. acidic pH

Chem. Descrip.: High m.w. polyacrylamide emulsion

Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper; improves retention of fibers and fillers, and promotes drainage on paper machine wire; reclaims fibers from excess wh. water; effluent treatment

- Chem. Descrip.: Substituted polyethylenimine aq. sol'n.
- Uses: Binder for binding fines, fillers, slimy colloids and dissolved org. substances to paper fibers, esp. for paper and board grades containing mech. or recycled fibers; reclaims fibrous material from excess wh. water;

Chem. Descrip.: Modified polyethylenimine ag. sol'n.

Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg., esp. for use in highly contaminated systems; aids recovery of fines from paper machine wh. water; binder for fines, slimy colloids, pigments on the fiber; effective over broad pH range; can impair effect of optical brighteners; stable to salts that cause hardness in water

Properties: Water-sol.; cationic

Chem. Descrip.: Aq. sol'n. of high m.w. polyamidoamine

Uses: Retention agent, flocculant, fixing agent for fines, slimy colloids, pigment and colloidal substances on fiber in paper; improves drainage rate of paper stock; recovery of fibers from paper machine wh. water; does not reduce brightness of pulp when used up to 0.2%; suitable for use in highly acid media; stable to salts that cause hardness in water

Properties: Weakly cationic

Polyox[®] WSR 205 [Union Carbide] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-14M

CAS 25322-68-3

Uses: Thermoplastic resin; thickener, lubricant, binder, flocculant, wet adhesive, binder/coating for ceramics, papermaking, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, agric., elec., metals, petrol., textiles; dispersant for vinyl polymerization; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.1350; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d)

Properties: Wh. gran. powd., mild ammoniacal odor; 100% thru 10 mesh, 96% thru 20 mesh; sol. in water, some chlorinated solvs., alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons, ketones; m.w. 600,000; sp.gr. 1.15-1.26; bulk dens. 19-37 lb/ft3; visc. 4500-8800 cps (5% aq.); m.p. 62-67 C; pH 8-10 (5% aq.); nonionic

Precaution: Slippery when wet

Storage: Store in sealed containers below 25 C, away from heat; avoid dust buildup

Polyox[®] WSR 301 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-90M

CAS 25322-68-3

- Uses: Thermoplastic resin; thickener; lubricant; binder; flocculant; wet adhesive; flow modifier, lubricant for construction, military, agric., mining; provides wet adhesion to personal care prods.; foam stabilizer in fermented malt beverages (300 ppm max.); dispersant for vinyl polymerization; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.770, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.1350; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d)
- Properties: Wh. gran. powd., mild ammoniacal odor; 100% thru 10 mesh, 96% thru 20 mesh; sol. in water, some chlorinated solvs., alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons, ketones; m.w. 4,000,000; bulk dens. 19-37 lb/ft³; visc. 1650-5500 cps (1% aq.); m.p. 62-67 C; pH 8-10 (1% aq.); nonionic Precaution: Slippery when wet
- Storage: Store in sealed containers below 25 C, away from heat; avoid dust buildup
- Polyox[®] WSR 303 [Union Carbide]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene oxide

CAS 25322-68-3

- Uses: Thermoplastic resin; thickener, lubricant, binder, flocculant, wet adhesive for mining, papermaking; foam stabilizer in fermented malt beverages (300 ppm max.); dispersant for vinyl polymerization; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.770, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.1350; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d)
- Properties: Wh. gran. powd., mild ammoniacal odor: 100% thru 10 mesh. 96% thru 20 mesh; sol. in water, some chlorinated solvs., alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons, ketones; m.w. 7,000,000; bulk dens. 19-37 lb/ft3; visc. 7500-10,000 cps (1% aq.); m.p. 62-67 C; pH 8-10 (sol'n.); nonionic

Precaution: Slippery when wet

Storage: Store in sealed containers below 25 C, away from heat; avoid dust buildup

Polyox[®] WSR 308 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene oxide

CAS 25322-68-3

- Uses: Thermoplastic resin; thickener, lubricant, binder, flocculant, wet adhesive; foam stabilizer in fermented malt beverages (300 ppm max.); dispersant for vinyl polymerization; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.770, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.1350; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d)
- Properties: Wh. gran. powd., mild ammoniacal odor; 100% thru 10 mesh, 96% thru 20 mesh; sol. in water, some chlorinated solvs., alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons, ketones; m.w. 8,000,000; sp.gr. 1.15-1.26; bulk dens. 19-37 lb/ft³; visc. 10,000-15,000 cps (1% aq.); m.p. 62-67 C; pH 8-10

(sol'n.); nonionic

Precaution: Slippery when wet

Storage: Store in sealed containers below 25 C, away from heat; avoid dust buildup

Polyox® WSR 3333 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-9M CAS 25322-68-3

Uses: Thermoplastic resin; thickener; lubricant; binder; flocculant; for wet adhesion in papermaking; dispersant for vinyl polymerization; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.1350; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d)

- Properties: Wh. gran. powd., mild ammoniacal odor; 100% thru 10 mesh, 96% thru 20 mesh; sol. in water, some chlorinated solvs., alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons, ketones; m.w. 400,000; sp.gr. 1.15-1.26; bulk dens. 19-37 lb/ft3; visc. 2250-3350 cps (5% aq.); m.p. 62-67 C; pH 8-10 (5% aq.); nonionic
- Precaution: Slippery when wet

Storage: Store in sealed containers below 25 C, away from heat; avoid dust buildup

Polyox[®] WSR Coagulant [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-115M

CAS 25322-68-3

- Uses: Thermoplastic resin; lubricant in shave prods.; feel modifier providing soft feel; film-former, thickener for aq. systems; flocculant for mining, papermaking; foam stabilizer in fermented malt beverages (300 ppm max.); dispersant for vinyl polymerization; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard,
- polymers, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.770, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.1350; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d)
- Properties: Wh. gran. powd., mild ammoniacal odor; 100% thru 10 mesh, 96% thru 20 mesh; sol. in water, some chlorinated solvs., alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons, ketones; m.w. 5,000,000; sp.gr. 1.15-1.26; bulk dens. 19-37 lb/ft³; visc. 5500-7500 cps (1% aq.); m.p. 62-67 C; pH 8-10 (sol'n.); nonionic
- Precaution: Slippery when wet

Storage: Store in sealed containers below 25 C, away from heat; avoid dust buildup

Polyox[®] WSR N-10 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-2M

- CAS 25322-68-3
- Uses: Thermoplastic resin; thickener; lubricant; binder; flocculant; wet adhesive; dispersant for vinyl polymerization; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.1350; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d)
- Properties: Wh. gran. powd., mild ammoniacal odor; 100% thru 10 mesh, 96% thru 20 mesh; sol. in water, some chlorinated solvs., alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons, ketones; m.w. 100,000; sp.gr. 1.15-1.26; bulk dens. 19-37 lb/ft³; visc. 12-50 cps (5% aq.); m.p. 62-67 C; pH 8-10 (5% aq.); nonionic
- Precaution: Slipperv when wet
- Storage: Store in sealed containers below 25 C, away from heat; avoid dust buildup

Polyox[®] WSR N-12K [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-23M

CAS 25322-68-3

- Uses: Thermoplastic resin; thickener; lubricant; binder; flocculant; wet adhesive; dispersant for vinyl polymerization; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.1350; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d)
- Properties: Wh. gran. powd., mild ammoniacal odor; 100% thru 10 mesh, 96% thru 20 mesh; sol. in water, some chlorinated solvs., alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons, ketones; m.w. 1,000,000; sp.gr. 1.15-1.26; bulk dens. 19-37 lb/ft³; visc. 400-800 cps (2% aq.); m.p. 62-67 C; pH 8-10 (2% aq.); nonionic
- Precaution: Slippery when wet
- Storage: Store in sealed containers below 25 C, away from heat; avoid dust buildup
- Polyox[®] WSR N-60K [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-45M

CAS 25322-68-3

- Uses: Thermoplastic resin; thickener; lubricant; binder; flocculant; wet adhesive; lubricant/emollient in personal care prods.; dispersant for vinyl polymerization; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.1350; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d)
- Properties: Wh. gran. powd., mild ammoniacal odor; 100% thru 10 mesh, 96% thru 20 mesh; sol. in water, some chlorinated solvs., alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons, ketones; m.w. 2,000,000; sp.gr. 1.15-1.26; bulk dens. 19-37 lb/ft³; visc. 2000-4000 cps (2% aq.); m.p. 62-67 C; pH 8-10 (2% aq.); nonionic
- Precaution: Slippery when wet

Storage: Store in sealed containers below 25 C, away from heat; avoid dust buildup

Polyox® WSR N-80 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-5M

CAS 25322-68-3

- Uses: Thermoplastic resin, thickener, lubricant, binder/coating, flocculant, wet adhesive for agric., ceramics applics.; dispersant for vinyl polymerization; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.1350; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d)
- Properties: Wh. gran. powd., mild ammoniacal odor; 100% thru 10 mesh, 96% thru 20 mesh; sol. in water, some chlorinated solvs., alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons, ketones; m.w. 200,000; sp.gr. 1.15-1.26; bulk dens. 19-37 lb/ft³; visc. 65-115 cps (5% aq.); m.p. 62-67 C; pH 8-10 (5% aq.); nonionic

Precaution: Slippery when wet

Storage: Store in sealed containers below 25 C, away from heat; avoid dust buildup

Polyox[®] WSR N-750 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-7M

CAS 25322-68-3

- Uses: Thermoplastic resin, thickener, lubricant, binder/coating, flocculant, wet adhesive for agric., elec., papermaking; emollient for personal care prods.; dispersant for vinyl polymerization; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.1350; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d)
- Properties: Wh. gran. powd., mild ammoniacal odor; 100% thru 10 mesh, 96% thru 20 mesh; sol. in water, some chlorinated solvs., alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons, ketones; m.w. 300,000; sp.gr. 1.15-1.26; bulk dens. 19-37 lb/ft³; visc. 600-1200 cps (5% aq.); m.p. 62-67 C; pH 8-10 (5% aq.); nonionic

Precaution: Slippery when wet

Storage: Store in sealed containers below 25 C, away from heat; avoid dust buildup

Polyox® WSR N-3000 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-14M

CAS 25322-68-3

- Uses: Thermoplastic resin; thickener; lubricant; binder; flocculant; wet adhesive; binder/coating in elec.; emollient in personal care prods.; dispersant for vinyl polymerization; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
- Regulatory: FDA 21ČFR §175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.1350; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d)
- Properties: Wh. gran. powd., mild ammoniacal odor; 100% thru 10 mesh, 96% thru 20 mesh; sol. in water, some chlorinated solvs., alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons, ketones; m.w. 400,000; sp.gr. 1.15-1.26; bulk dens. 19-37 lb/ft3; visc. 2250-4500 cps (5% aq.); m.p. 62-67 C; pH 8-10 (5% aq.); nonionic

Precaution: Slippery when wet

Storage: Store in sealed containers below 25 C, away from heat; avoid dust buildup

Polypax EGDS [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene glycol distearate

CAS 627-83-8; EINECS/ELINCS 211-014-3

Uses: Opacifier, pearlescent, plasticizer, visc. builder for pearlescent shampoos; opacifier, antistat, conditioner, plasticizer, lubricant, visc. builder in paper/pulp; low HLB

Properties: Solid; disp. in oil and hydrocarbons; insol. in water; 99% act. Polypax EGMS [Pax Group]

- Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene glycol monostearate
- CAS 111-60-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-886-9
- Uses: Opacifier, pearlescent, plasticizer, visc. builder for pearlescent shampoos; opacifier, antistat, conditioner, plasticizer, lubricant, visc. builder in paper/pulp; low HLB

Properties: Solid; disp. in oil and hydrocarbons; insol. in water; 99% act.

Polypax IC [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip .: Polyglycol ester

Uses: Defoamer, emulsifier, dispersant, thickener, leveling agent, lubricant, softener in paper/pulp

Properties: Liq.; sol. in veg. and min. oils; disp. in water; 99% act.; nonionic Polypax SMS [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip.: Sorbitan monostearate

CAS 1338-41-6; EINECS/ELINCS 215-664-9

- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, dispersant, defoamer, lubricant, stabilizer in paper/pulp
- Properties: Solid; sol. in oils and hydrocarbons; insol. in water; 99% act.; nonionic

Polyquat 2 C [Pax Group]

- Chem. Descrip.: Alkyl trimethylammonium chloride
- Uses: Biocide for industrial formulations; surfactant, emulsifier, corrosion inhibitor, flocculant, preservative, fungicide, bactericide, antistat, softener in paper/pulp; prevents/controls unwanted growth of microorganisms; minimizes loss due to spoilage

Properties: Liq.; 27% act.; cationic

Polyquat 188 [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip.: 3-Chloro-2-hydroxypropyl trimethylammonium chloride CAS 3327-22-8; EINECS/ELINCS 222-048-3

Uses: Reagent to quaternize nat. and syn. polymers; starch modifier, biocide in industrial applics.; surfactant, emulsifier, humectant, leveling agent, softener, flocculant, biocide, bactericide, antistat, conditioner in paper/pulp; dyeing assistant

Properties: Liq.; 70% act.; cationic

- Polyquat PR [Pax Group]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid imidazoline deriv.

Uses: Emulsifier, antistripping agent in bitumen emulsions; corrosion inhibitor, flocculant, dispersant, antistat, demulsifier, lubricant, softener in paper/pulp Properties: Liq./semisolid; 98% act.

Polysalt [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Salts of polycarboxylic acids

Uses: Dispersant for extenders, paper coating pigments; stabilizer for coating mixtures and slurries; grinding assistant for chalk

Polyset® 2015 [Int'l. Group]

Chem. Descrip.: HDPE wax

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Hardener for candles, crayons, and paper coatings; food pkg.; antiblocking agent; dry lubricant; emulsions; gravure separation; hot-melt coatings and adhesives; mold release agent; paper cups and containers; pastes; pigment flushing; plastic additives/processing aids; polishing and potting compd.; rubber compounding; sealants; sculpture and artists' waxes; in food-contact textiles; will enhance performance without significantly affecting melt visc.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3850
- Properties: Lig. and free-flowing solid; m.w. 780; sp.gr. 0.943; visc. 15-25 cps; soften. pt. 113 C; acid no. nil; drop m.p. 116 C; flash pt. (CC) 232 C min.

Polysol® [Showa Highpolymer]

Chem. Descrip.: Syn. resin emulsions (from polymerization of vinyl or olefin monomers)

Uses: Used in adhesives (paper-to-paper, wood-to-wood, plastic-to-paper, etc.), pressure-sensitive adhesives; vehicle for emulsion paint of construction materials and metal; coating/finishing for paper or fabrics; binder for flock finishing to clothes; mortar mix; seed fixing agent

Polystabil® [Stockhausen]

Uses: Grinding aid, dispersant for improving rheological props. of pigment slurries in papermaking

Polystar OM [NOF]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium salt of polymeric carboxylic acid
Uses: Dispersant, stabilizer for dyes, pigments, clays, agric., rubber, and salts as emulsifiers for SBR latex; emulsion polymerization; paints and plastic industries; antistat for pulp/paper industry Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; anionic Polystar OMP [NOF] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium salt of polymeric carboxylic acid Uses: Dispersant, stabilizer for dyes, pigments, clays, agric., rubber, and plastic industries; antistat for pulp/paper industry Properties: Wh. powd. POLYSTEP® A-7 [Stepan; Stepan Canada] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dodecylbenzene sulfonate, linear CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4 Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization in paints and coatings, S/B, vinyl chloride, vinylidene chloride latexes; food pkg. adhesives, rubber articles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600, 178.3130, 178.3400 Properties: Yel. slurry; 39% conc.; anionic POLYSTEP® A-11 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe] Chem. Descrip.: Isopropylamine dodecylbenzene sulfonate, branched CAS 26264-05-1; EINECS/ELINCS 247-556-2 Uses: Pigment dispersant; emulsifier in emulsion polymerization (paints and coatings, S/B, vinyl chloride, vinylidene chloride latexes); defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; food-contact rubber articles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2600, 178.3130, 178.3400 Properties: Pale clear visc. liq.; oil-sol.; 88% act.; anionic POLYSTEP® A-13 [Stepan; Stepan Canada] Chem. Descrip .: Linear dodecylbenzene sulfonic acid CAS 27176-87-0; EINECS/ELINCS 248-289-4 Uses: Emulsion polymerization surfactants; paints and coatings; catalyst in acid catalyzed reactions; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 178.3400 Properties: Dk. visc. liq.; 97% act.; anionic POLYSTEP® A-15 [Stepan; Stepan Canada] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium linear dodecylbenzene sulfonate CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4 Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion and styrene polymerization; paints and coatings; food pkg. adhesives, rubber articles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600, 178.3130, 178.3400 Properties: Pale clear to hazy liq.; 22% conc.; anionic POLYSTEP® A-15-30K [Stepan; Stepan Canada] Chem. Descrip .: Potassium dodecylbenzene sulfonate, linear CAS 27177-77-1; EINECS/ELINCS 248-296-2 Uses: Surfactant for styrene-butadiene, vinyl chloride, and vinylidene chloride latexes; emulsion polymerization for paints and coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; thermal and hydrolytic stability Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2600, 178.3130, 178.3400 Properties: Hazy slurry; 30% conc.; anionic POLYSTEP® A-16 [Stepan; Stepan Canada] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dodecylbenzene sulfonate, branched CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4 Uses: Emulsifier for styrene polymerization; paints and coatings; food pkg. adhesives, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600, 178.3130, 178.3400 Properties: Pale turbid liq.; 30% conc.; anionic POLYSTEP® A-16-22 [Stepan; Stepan Canada] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dodecylbenzene sulfonate, branched CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4 Uses: Emulsifier for styrene, vinyl chloride polymerization, emulsion polymerization, paints and coatings; food pkg. adhesives, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600, 178.3130, 178.3400 Properties: Pale turbid liq.; 22% conc.; anionic POLYSTEP® A-17 [Stepan; Stepan Canada] Chem. Descrip .: Dodecylbenzene sulfonic acid, branched CAS 27176-87-0; EINECS/ELINCS 248-289-4 emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Uses: Intermediate for the prod. of sodium salts; neutralized acid as emulsifier;

coatings; catalyst for acid catalyzed reactions; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 178.3400 Properties: Dk. visc. liq.; water-sol.; dens. 9.1 lb/gal; sp.gr. 1.09; visc. 9000 cps (30 C); 97.4% act.; anionic POLYSTEP® AE-120 [Stepan] Uses: Surfactant; mech. and freeze/thaw stabilizer; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; aids in control of particle size Regulatory: FDA §176.210, 178.3400 compliant Properties: Waxy semi-solid; 100% act.; nonionic POLYSTEP® AE-307 [Stepan] Uses: Surfactant; mech. and freeze/thaw stabilizer; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; aids in control of particle size Regulatory: FDA §176.210, 178.3400 compliant Properties: Pale clear liq.; 70% act.; nonionic POLYSTEP® B-3 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe] Chem. Descrip .: Sodium lauryl sulfate CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization of S/B, vinyl chloride, sol. acrylics, paints and coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3400; USP approved Properties: Wh. powd.; 97.5% act.; anionic POLYSTEP® B-5 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe] Chem. Descrip .: Sodium lauryl sulfate CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymers, incl. vinyl chloride, S/B, acrylic, paints and coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3400 Properties: Pale yel. clear liq.; 30% act.; anionic POLYSTEP® B-7 [Stepan; Stepan Canada] Chem. Descrip .: Ammonium lauryl sulfate CAS 2235-54-3; EINECS/ELINCS 218-793-9 Uses: Emulsion polymerization surfactant; latex foaming agent; water resist. aid in coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3400 Properties: Pale clear liq.; 30% act.; anionic POLYSTEP® B-11 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe] Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium laureth sulfate (4 EO) CAS 32612-48-9 Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization (acrylics, styrene-acrylic, vinyl acrylics, S/B, paints, coatings); food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 178.3400 Properties: Pale clear liq.; 59% act.; anionic POLYSTEP® B-20 [Stepan; Stepan Canada] Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium laureth sulfate (30 EO) CAS 32612-48-9 Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization (acrylics, styrene-acrylics, vinyl acrylics), floor finish latexes, paints and coatings; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of foodcontact articles; good water resistance Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 178.3400 Properties: Pale clear liq.; 30% act.; anionic POLYSTEP® B-22 [Stepan; Stepan Canada] Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium laureth sulfate (12 EO) CAS 32612-48-9 Uses: Emulsifier for acrylic copolymers, emulsion polymerization, paints and coatings; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard;

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 178.3400

Properties: Pale clear liq.; 30% act.; anionic mfg. of food-contact articles POLYSTEP® B-23 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400 Properties: Water-wh. to pale yel. clear liq.; 100% act.; nonionic Chem. Descrip .: Sodium laureth-12 sulfate CAS 9004-82-4; EINECS/ELINCS 221-416-0 POLYSTEP® F-5 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe] Uses: High active emulsifier for emulsion polymerization (acrylics, styrene-Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-12 acrylics, vinyl acrylics); food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact CAS 9016-45-9 paper/paperboard; somewhat monomer sol. Uses: Emulsifier and stabilizer for emulsion polymerization (styrene acrylic, Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210 acrylic, vinyl acrylic, S/B, paints, coatings); food pkg. adhesives, paper; Properties: Amber hazy liq.; oil-sol.; 60% act.; anionic emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; allows control of particle size; POLYSTEP® B-24 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400 Chem. Descrip .: Sodium lauryl sulfate Properties: Water-wh. to pale yel. clear to turbid liq.; 100% act.; nonionic CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 POLYSTEP® F-6 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe] Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization (S/B, vinyl chloride, acrylic, Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-14 styrene acrylic, PVC, paints, coatings); food pkg. adhesives, coatings, CAS 9016-45-9 paper, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization (styrene acrylic, acrylic, vinyl articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; low cloud pt. acrylic, S/B, paints, coatings); food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3400 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400 Properties: Pale clear liq.; 30% act.; anionic Properties: Water-wh. to pale yel. clear to turbid liq.; 100% act.; nonionic POLYSTEP® B-330S [Stepan] POLYSTEP® F-9 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium laureth sulfate preserved with Kathon CG Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-30 CAS 9004-82-4; EINECS/ELINCS 221-416-0 CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: Emulsifier in emulsion polymerization; paints and coatings; food pkg. Uses: Emulsion polymerization surfactant used in latex mfg.; controls latex particle size; food pkg. adhesives; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; useful in most polymer systems Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400 esp. vinyl chloride and S/B emulsions; contains no formaldehyde Properties: Water-wh. to pale yel. clear to hazy liq. or gel; 70% act.; nonionic POLYSTEP® F-9S [Stepan] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 178.3400; kosher Properties: Clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.03; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 57 cps; f.p. -2 C; Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-30 pour pt. 1 C; cloud pt. 4 C; flash pt. (PMCC) > 94 C; pH 7.5 (10% aq.); CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: Surfactant for emulsion polymerization, paints and coatings; food pkg. 28.5% act.; anionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral) > 5 g/kg; pract. nontoxic orally; mild to mod. skin and adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles mod. eye irritant at 10% act. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400 Environmental: Biodeg. Properties: Wh. waxy solid; 100% act.; nonionic POLYSTEP® F-10 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe] Storage: Store in sealed container above 7 C; avoid overheating or freezing POLYSTEP® C-OP3S [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe] Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-40 Chem. Descrip.: Sodium octoxynol-3 sulfate CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: Emulsifier for controlling particle size in vinyl acetate specialty copoly-Uses: Emulsifier for acrylics and vinyl acetate, emulsion polymerization, mers, in emulsion polymerization, paints and coatings; food-contact paper/ paints and coatings; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of foodpaperboard contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400 Properties: Wh. visc. disp.; 20% act.; anionic Properties: Clear to hazy liq. or gel; 70% conc.; nonionic POLYSTEP® F-95B [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe] POLYSTEP® F-1 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe] Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-4 Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-34 CAS 9016-45-9 CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 230-770-5 Uses: Pigment dispersant; emulsifier for emulsion polymerization (styrene Uses: Emulsifier for acrylics and vinyl acetate, emulsion polymerization, acrylic, acrylic, vinyl acrylic, S/B, paints, coatings); food pkg. adhesives, paints and coatings; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of foodpaper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; nonfoaming contact articles; blended with other surfactants to increase the latex particle Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400 size Properties: Water wh. to pale yel. clear liq.; oil-sol.; 100% act.; nonionic Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400 Properties: Clear liq.; 70% act.; nonionic POLYSTEP® LAS-50 [Stepan] POLYSTEP® F-2 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe] Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-6 CAS 9016-45-9 Chem. Descrip.: Linear sodium dodecylbenzene sulfonate Uses: Pigment dispersant; emulsion polymerization; paints and coatings; CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4 contributes mech. and freeze/thaw stability to latexes; food pkg. adhesives, Uses: Surfactant for emulsion polymerization, paints and coatings; food pkg. paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; allows control of particle adhesives, rubber articles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; desize foamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600, 178.3400 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400 Properties: Pale clear liq.; oil-sol.; 100% act.; nonionic Properties: Yel. slurry; 50% act.; anionic POLYSTEP® OP-9 [Stepan] POLYSTEP® F-3 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe] Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-8 Chem. Descrip.: Octylphenol ethoxylate, 9 EO CAS 9016-45-9 CAS 9002-93-1 Uses: Pigment dispersant; emulsifier for polymerization (styrene acrylic, Uses: Surfactant for emulsion polymerization, paints and coatings; food pkg. acrylic, vinyl acrylic, S/B, paints, coatings); contributes mech. and freeze/ adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard thaw stability to latexes; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; allows control of particle size Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3400 Properties: Pale, clear liq.; 100% act.; nonionic Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400 Properties: Water-wh. to pale yel. clear liq.; water-sol.; 100% act.; nonionic POLYSTEP® OP-3070 [Stepan] POLYSTEP® F-4 [Stepan; Stepan Canada; Stepan Europe] Chem. Descrip.: Octylphenol ethoxylate, 30 EO Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-10 CAS 9002-93-1 CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-294-1 Uses: Surfactant for emulsion polymerization, paints and coatings; food pkg. Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization (styrene acrylic, acrylic, vinyl adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles acrylic, S/B, paints, coatings); food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400

Properties: Clear/hazy liq.; 70% act.; nonionic

POLYSTEP® OP-4070 [Stepan]

Chem. Descrip.: Octylphenol ethoxylate, 40 EO CAS 9002-93-1

Uses: Surfactant for emulsion polymerization, paints and coatings; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400

Properties: Clear/hazy liq.; 70% act.; nonionic

Polystix® 90 Resin [Hercules/Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Dimerized rosin

CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7

- Uses: For soldering fluxes, construction mastics, and various adhesives and protective coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers, films, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400, 177.2600 compliant
- Properties: Gardner 8 (50% resin solids in toluene) solid or flakes; sol. in most alcohols, esters, ketones, hydrocarbons, and chlorinated solvs.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 1.07; soften. pt. 90 C; acid no. 150
- *Precaution:* May fuse/block/lump during hot weather, if stored near steam pipes or sources of heat, and upon prolonged storage; gradually oxidize and darken, affecting sol.
- Polysynth NDW [Pax Group]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary blend of nonionic emulsifiers and fatty acid/ alcohol derivs.
 - Uses: Defoamer in paper/pulp; rec. where silicone defoamers are not advisable
 - Properties: Paste; 33% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Totally biodeg.

Polysynth RRE [Pax Group]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate

CAS 9003-04-7

Uses: Retanning agent, dispersant, scale inhibitor, flocculant, thickener, stabilizer in paper/pulp; cost-effective

Properties: Visc. liq.; 30% act.

Polysynth SD [Pax Group]

- Chem. Descrip.: Silicone oil-based
- Uses: Defoamer for industrial applics., paper/pulp; highly effective Properties: Lig : 30% act.
- Properties: Liq.; 30% act. Polysynth SI 40 [Pax Group]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Organically modified silicone oil emulsion

Uses: Softener imparting good handle to textile fabrics, leather; mold release agent, slip agent, softener in paper/pulp; provides surf. feel enhancement Properties: Liq.; 40% act.

Poly-Tergent[®] E-17A [BASF]

Chem. Descrip .: EO/PO block polymer

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Surfactant, foam control agent, solubilizer, dispersant, wetting agent, spreading agent for automatic dishwashing, rinse aids, industrial laundry, metal cleaning, water treatment, textiles, agric., paper processing; lowfoaming
- Properties: APHA 50 clear liq., mild odor; sol. in water, alcohols, glycol ethers, aromatic and aliphatic hydrocarbons, chlorinated solvs.; sp.gr. 1.02; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; pour pt. -30 C; cloud pt. 32 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 232 C; pH 4.5-7.5 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 42 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting 43 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 18 mm (0.1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2.7 g/kg, (dermal, rabbit) >2 g/kg; may cause irritation to skin and eyes

Storage: Store between 21-49 C

Poly-Tergent® E-17B [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO block polymer

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Surfactant, foam control agent, solubilizer, dispersant, wetting agent, spreading agent for automatic dishwashing, rinse aids, industrial laundry, metal cleaning, water treatment, textiles, agric., paper processing; lowfoaming
- Properties: APHA 50 clear liq., mild odor; sol. in water, alcohols, glycol ethers, aromatic and aliphatic hydrocarbons, chlorinated solvs.; sp.gr. 1.02; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; pour pt. -35 C; cloud pt. 35 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 232 C; pH 4.5-7.5 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 44 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves

wetting > 300 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 25 mm (0.1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 4.2 g/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2 g/kg; may cause irritation to skin and eyes

Storage: Store between 21-49 C

Poly-Tergent® E-20B [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO block copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Low toxicity foam control agent, solubilizer for automatic dishwashing, rinse aids, industrial laundry, metal cleaning, water treatment, and textile formulations; dispersant, wetting agent, and spreading agent for agric. formulations; used in paper processing, kraft pulping, and spent cooling liquor *Properties:* Liq.; 100% conc.; nonionic

Poly-Tergent® E-25B [BASF]

Chem. Descrip .: EO/PO block polymer

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Surfactant, foam control agent, solubilizer, dispersant, wetting agent, spreading agent for automatic dishwashing, rinse aids, industrial laundry, metal cleaning, water treatment, textiles, agric., paper processing; lowfoaming
- Properties: APHA 50 clear liq., mild odor; sol. in water, alcohols, glycol ethers, aromatic and aliphatic hydrocarbons, chlorinated solvs.; sp.gr. 1.03; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; pour pt. -10 C; cloud pt. 29 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 232 C; pH 4.5-7.5 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 42 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting > 300 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 20 mm (0.1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2 g/kg; LC50 (inh., rat) > 200 mg/l; nonirritating to skin and eyes

Storage: Štore between 21-49 C

- Poly-Tergent® P-32A [BASF] Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO block polymer
 - CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Surfactant, demulsifier, dedusting agent, dispersant for rinse aids, dishwashing, metal cleaning, papermaking; low-foaming

- ethers, aromatic hydrocarbons, chlorinated solvs.; insol. in alcohols, glycol ethers, aromatic hydrocarbons, chlorinated solvs.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 1.02; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; pour pt. -33 C; cloud pt. 15 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) 229 C; pH 5.0-7.5 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 43 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 2.5 g/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2 g/kg; may cause irritation to skin and eyes

Storage: Store between 21-49 C

Poly-Tergent® S-205LF [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Alkoxylated linear alcohol

Uses: Surfactant for dishwashing applics., metal cleaning baths; foam depressant in hard surface cleaners; cleaner for dairy industry; rewetting agent for paper toweling

Properties: APHĂ 100 max. clear liq.; mild odor; sol. in water, alcohols, glycol ethers, aromatic hydrocarbons, chlorinated solvs.; sp.gr. 1.00; visc. 192 cs; flash pt. 229 C (COC); cloud pt. 10 C (1% aq.); pH 5.5-7.0 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 32 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic

Polywax® 500 [Baker Petrolite]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Polyethylene homopolymer (m.w. 500)
- CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Uses: Lubricant, flow modifier, release agent, antiozonant/antiblock for plastics, rubber; nucleating agent for expandable PS; slip agent for printing inks; leveling/slip agent for powd. coatings; visc. modifier for hot-melt adhesives; cosmetic ingreds.; wax modifier; chewing gum base; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; defoamer in food-contact coatings

Regulatory: Incl. FDA §172.888, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 178.3720, 179.45

Properties: Prills; low sol. in org. solvs., esp. at R.T.; sol. in CCl₄, benzene, xylene, toluene, turpentine; m.w. 500; melt index > 5000 g/10 min; dens. 0.93 g/cc; visc. 6.6 cps (99 C); m.p. 88 C; soften. pt. (R&B) 88 C

Polywax® 600 [Baker Petrolite]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene homopolymer (m.w. 600)

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Syn. polymer for food and food contact applics.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; outstanding heat stability and resist. to chemical attack

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.888, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320,

176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3720, 178.3850, 179.45

Properties: Visc. 64 SUS (149 C); m.p. 94 C

Polywax[®] 655 [Baker Petrolite]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene homopolymer (m.w. 655) CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Lubricant, flow modifier, release agent, antiblock for plastics processing; nucleating agent for expandable PS; slip aid for printing inks; leveling/ slip agent for powd. coatings; visc. modifier for hot-melt adhesives; cosmetic ingreds.; wax modifier; chewing gum base; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: Incl. FDA 21CFR §172.888, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 178.3720, 179.45
- Properties: Prilled; low sol. in org. solvs., esp. at R.T.; sol. in CCl₄, benzene, xylene, toluene, turpentine; m.w. 655; melt index > 5000 g/10 min; dens. 0.94 g/cc; visc. 5 cps (149 C); m.p. 99 C; soften. pt. (R&B) 99 C

Polywax® 850 [Baker Petrolite]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene homopolymer (m.w. 850)

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Lubricant, flow modifier, release agent, antiblock for plastics processing; nucleating agent for expandable PS; slip aid for printing inks; leveling/ slip agent for powd. coatings; visc. modifier for hot-melt adhesives; cosmetic ingreds.; wax modifier; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: Incl. FDA 21CFR §172.888, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 178.3720, 179.45
- Properties: M.w. 850; melt index > 5000 g/10 min; dens. 0.96 g/cc; visc. 8.5 cs (149 C); m.p. 107 C; soften. pt (R&B) 107 C

Polywax[®] 1000 [Baker Petrolite]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene homopolymer (m.w. 1000) CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Lubricant, flow modifier, release agent, antiblock for plastics processing; nucleating agent for expandable PS; slip aid for printing inks; leveling/ slip agent for powd. coatings; visc. modifier for hot-melt adhesives; cosmetic ingreds.; wax modifier; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber, textiles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.888, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320,
- 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3720, 178.3850, 179.45
- Properties: Prilled; low sol. in org. solvs., esp. at R.T.; sol. in CCl₄, benzene, xylene, toluene, turpentine; m.w. 1000; melt index > 5000 g/10 min; dens. 0.96 g/cc; visc. 12 cps (149 C); m.p. 113 C; soften. pt. (R&B) 113 C

Polywax[®] 2000 [Baker Petrolite]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene homopolymer (m.w. 2000)

- CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Uses: Lubricant, flow modifier, release agent, antiblock for plastics processing; nucleating agent for expandable PS; slip aid for printing inks; leveling/ slip agent for powd. coatings; visc. modifier for hot-melt adhesives; cosmetic ingreds.; wax modifier; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers, rubber; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; in lubricants for incidental food contact
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.20, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520(c) (2.1)-(2.3), 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45
- Properties: Prilled; low sol. in org. solvs., esp. at R.T.; sol. in CCl4, benzene, xylene, toluene, turpentine; m.w. 2000; melt index > 5000 g/10 min; dens. 0.97 g/cc; visc. 48 cps (149 C); m.p. 126 C; soften. pt. (R&B) 126 C

Polywax[®] 3000 [Baker Petrolite]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene homopolymer (m.w. 3000)

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Lubricant, flow modifier, release agent, antiblock for plastics processing; nucleating agent for expandable PS; slip aid for printing inks; leveling/ slip agent for powd. coatings; visc. modifier for hot-melt adhesives; cosmetic ingreds.; wax modifier; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers, rubber; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; in lubricants for incidental food contact
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.20, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1520(c) (2.1)-(2.3), 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3850, 179.45

Properties: M.w. 3000; melt index > 5000 g/10 min; dens. 0.98 g/cc; visc. 130 cps (149 C); m.p. 129 C; soften. pt. (R&B) 129 C

PolyWeb® 5000 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: High charge dens. polymer

Uses: Minimizes wet web breaks in the pressroom and controls linting in thin or thick stock systems for newsprint

Properties: Burgundy liq.; visc. 75 cps; pH 5.5; 12.5% NV; cationic Polywet® ND-2 [Uniroyal]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate, bisulfite terminated aq. sol'n. CAS 9003-04-7

Uses: Nonfoaming dispersant for pigments, mins., extenders, fillers in ag. systems; latex paints and enamels; food pkg. coatings, adhesives, paper/ paperboard, polymers; dispersant, scale inhibitor for water treatment, cooling towers, boiler water; controls sludge; prep. of color concs.; defoamer in food-contact paper; effective over wide pH range; resists hydrolysis; stable to acid and alkali

Use Level: 20-40 ppm (scale inhibitor, cooling or boiler water)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.73, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210; Australia, Canada, EU, Japan, Korea, and Philippines compliances
- Properties: Colorless to slight yel. clear liq., char. odor; sol. in alcohols and water; m.w. ≈ 1000; sp.gr. 1.16; visc. 24-40 cps; pH 6.8-7.8; 25% act.; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 23 g/kg; eye irritant

Environmental: LC50 (bluegill sunfish, 95 h) > 8000 ppm; nontoxic to fish or activated sludge microorganisms

Storage: Store in closed containers away from sources of direct heat in a dry area; stable to prolonged storage below freezing

Polywet® ND-35 [Uniroyal]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Sodium polyacrylate, bisulfite terminated, aq. sol'n. CAS 9003-04-7
- Uses: Nonfoaming dispersant for pigments, extenders, and fillers in aq. systems; efficient in all latex paints, incl. gloss latex enamels; dispersant in shipment of inorg. pigment slurries; scale inhibitor for water treatment; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings; effective over broad pH range
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.73, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210; Australia, Canada, EU, Japan, Korea, and Philippines compliances
- Properties: Colorless to sl. yel. liq.; char. odor; sol. in alcohols and water; sp.gr. 1.25; visc. 50-90 cps; pH 7.2; 34% solids; anionic
- Toxicology: Expected LD50 (oral, rat) > 11 g/kg; sl. irritating to eyes; nonirritating to skin; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Storage: Store away from sources of direct heat in dry area; keep containers closed when not in use; stable to prolonged storage at temps. below freezing Polywet® WTC 6512 [Uniroyal]

- Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate, bisulfite terminated, aq. sol'n. CAS 9003-04-7
- Uses: Dispersant; antiscalant; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.73, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210; Australia, Canada, EU, Japan, Korea, and Philippines compliances
- Properties: Yel. to amber liq.; char. odor; sol. in alcohols and water; sp.gr. 1.30; visc. 400-1300 cps; pH 6.8-7.8; 48% solids; anionic
- Toxicology: Expected LD50 (oral, rat) 10 g/kg; may cause eye irritation; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Storage: Store away from sources of direct heat in dry area; keep containers closed when not in use; stable to prolonged storage at temps. below freezing

Polywet® Z1766 [Uniroyal]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polyacrylate, bisulfite terminated, aq. sol'n.

CAS 9003-04-7

- Uses: Dispersant for titanium dioxide, other pigments for coatings; boiler water additives; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact coatings; effective over broad pH range; resists hydrolysis
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.73, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210; Australia, Canada, EU, Japan, Korea, and Philippines compliances
- Properties: Colorless to sl. yel. clear to opalescent liq., char. odor; sol. in alcohols and water; sp.gr. 1.23; visc. 180-350 cps; pH 7.0; 35% act.; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 12.3 g/kg; nonirritating to eyes and skin

Storage: Store in closed containers away from sources of direct heat in a dry area; stable to prolonged storage below freezing Ponolith[™] Blue BW Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Pigment for papers (sized, acid, alkaline, coatings), tinting applics.; brilliant grn.-shade blue; exc. lightfastness; not bleachable in hypochlorite; very good affinity for clay fillers Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 10.5 Ponolith[™] Blue NPEF Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Org. pigment disp. Uses: Brilliant pigment for tinting paper, for coating colored papers, for coloring paper internally, for stock additions, and coating applics. Properties: Liq. Ponolith[™] Blue PT Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Pigment for papers (sized, acid, alkaline, coatings), esp. for tinting wh. papers; red-shade blue; exc. lightfastness; not bleachable in hypochlorite; very good affinity for clay fillers Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 8.4 Ponolith™ Blue RDC Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Org. pigment disp. Uses: Pigment for papers (sized, acid, alkaline, coatings), esp. for tinting of alkaline and acid papers; brilliant grn.-shade blue; exc. lightfastness; not bleachable in hypochlorite; very good affinity for clay fillers Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.5 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 9.5 Ponolith[™] Blue RT Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Org. pigment disp. Uses: Pigment for papers (sized, acid, alkaline), esp. for tinting of alkaline and acid wh. papers; economical; red-shade blue; very good lightfastness; not bleachable in hypochlorite; very good affinity for clay fillers Properties: Liq.; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 7.1 Ponolith™ Fast Black P Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Carbon black disp. CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9 Uses: Pigment for papers (sized, acid, alkaline, coatings), esp. for tinting acid and alkaline-sized wh. papers.; blk.; exc. lightfastness; not bleachable in hypochlorite; very good affinity for clay fillers Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.9 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 8.2 Ponolith™ Fast Black PLD Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Org. pigment disp. Uses: Brilliant pigment for tinting paper, for coating colored papers, for coloring paper internally, for stock additions, and coating applics. Properties: Lig. Ponolith[™] Fast Blue C Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Org. pigment disp. Uses: Pigment for papers (sized, acid, alkaline, coatings), esp. for tinting of alkaline and acid wh. papers; red-shade blue; exc. lightfastness; not bleachable in hypochlorite; very good affinity for clay fillers Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.1 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 8.7 Ponolith[™] Fast Blue PT Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Org. pigment disp. Uses: Brilliant pigment for tinting paper, for coating colored papers, for coloring paper internally, for stock additions, and coating applics. Properties: Liq. Ponolith[™] Fast Violet 4RN Lig. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Org. pigment disp. Uses: Pigment with mod. brilliance for papers (tinting of sized, acid, alkaline, coatings), suitable for tinting and deeper shades; violet; partially bleachable in hypochlorite; exc. lightfastness; very good affinity for clay fillers; good affinity for CaCO₃ and TiO₂ fillers Properties: Liq.; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 8.6 Ponolith™ Green BN Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Org. pigment disp. Uses: Brilliant pigment for tinting paper, for coating colored papers, for coloring paper internally, for stock additions, and coating applics. Properties: Liq. Ponolith™ Print Yellow FGRN-2 Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Org. pigment disp. Uses: Brilliant pigment for tinting paper, for coating colored papers, for coloring paper internally, for stock additions, and coating applics. Properties: Liq. Ponolith™ Red BRN Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Org. pigment disp. Uses: Brilliant pigment for tinting paper, for coating colored papers, for coloring

Ponolith™ Red BWSC Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Org. pigment disp. Uses: Pigment with mod. brilliance for papers (sized, acid, alkaline, coated), suitable for envelope grades; neutral-shade red; partially bleachable in hypochlorite; very good lightfastness; very good affinity for CaCO₃, clay, and TiO₂ fillers

Properties: Liq.; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 1500 cps; pH 10.5

Ponolith™ Red WC Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Chem. Descrip .: Org. pigment disp.

Uses: Pigment for tinting of sized, alkaline and acid papers; bright blue-shade red; bleachable in hypochlorite; exc. lightfastness; exc. affinity for CaCO₃ fillers; very good affinity for clay and TiO₂

Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.5 lb/gal; visc. < 1000 cps; pH 9.0 **Ponolith™ Supra Black B Liq.** [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Pigment black 7 CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9

Uses: Blk. dye for beater applic. to acid-sized papers, esp. where high lightfastness is required, for neutral or alkaline-sized papers where a cationic retention mechanism is used, and as colorant for coatings and deco printing inks; not rec. for laminates; exc. bleedfastness; not bleachable in hypochlorite; very good affinity for TiO₂ fillers Properties: Liq. disp.

Ponolith™ Supra Blue HM Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Pigment blue 15:3

Uses: Blue pigment for beater applic. to acid-sized papers, esp. where high lightfastness is required, for neutral or alkaline-sized papers where a cationic retention mechanism is used, and for coatings and deco printing inks; not rec. for use in laminates; not bleachable; exc. bleedfastness; exc. affinity for TiO₂; very good affinity for clay and CaCO₃ fillers Properties: Liq. disp.

Ponolith™ Supra Blue RB Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Pigment blue 15

CAS 147-14-8; EINECS/ELINCS 205-685-1

Uses: Blue pigment for beater applic. to acid-sized papers, esp. where high lightfastness is required, for neutral or alkaline-sized papers where a cationic retention mechanism is used, and for coatings and deco printing inks; not rec. for use in laminates; not bleachable; exc. bleedfastness; very good affinity for clay and CaCO₃ fillers

Properties: Liq. disp. Ponolith[™] Supra Red CD Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Chem. Descrip .: Pigment violet 19

CAS 1047-16-1; EINECS/ELINCS 213-879-2

Uses: Pigment for beater applic. to acid-sized papers, esp. where high lightfastness is required, for neutral or alkaline-sized papers where cationic retention mechanism is used, and for coatings and deco printing inks; completely bleachable in hypochlorite; exc. bleedfastness; exc. affinity for CaCO₃ fillers; very good affinity for clay and TiO₂

Properties: Liq. disp.

Ponolith™ Supra Red MY Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Chem. Descrip .: Org. pigment disp.

Uses: Brilliant scarlet pigment for fine papers (sized, alkaline-sized); rec. where higher lightfastness is required; partially bleachable in hypochlorite; very good affinity for clay and CaCO₃ fillers

Properties: Lig.; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; visc. < 3000 cps; pH 9.0 Ponolith[™] Supra Violet EB Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Chem. Descrip .: Pigment violet 23

CAS 6358-30-1; EINECS/ELINCS 228-767-9

Uses: Violet pigment for beater applic. to acid-sized papers, esp. where high lightfastness is required, for neutral or alkaline-sized papers where a cationic retention mechanism is used, and for coatings and deco printing inks; not rec. for laminates; exc. bleedfastness; not bleachable; exc. affinity for clay fillers; very good affinity for CaCO₃

Properties: Liq. disp.

Ponolith™ Supra Yellow BG Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Org. pigment disp.

Uses: Brilliant pigment for tinting paper, for coating colored papers, for coloring paper internally, in stock additions, and coating applics. Properties: Liq.

Ponolith™ Supra Yellow GY Lig. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Pigment yellow 150

Uses: Yel. dye for beater applic. to acid-sized papers, esp. where high Properties: Liq.; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 7.5 Pontamine[™] Blue BT Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] lightfastness is required; colorant for coatings and deco printing inks; not rec. for laminates; exc. bleedfastness; completely bleachable in hypochlorite; Uses: Red-shade blue dyestuff for papers (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue); exc. affinity for TiO₂ fillers; very good affinity for clay and CaCO₃ fillers bleachable in chlorine; fair lightfastness Properties: Lig. disp. Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.7 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 10.7 Ponolith™ Supra Yellow RD Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Pontamine™ Blue GTB Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: SI. greener-shade blue direct dye for papers (sized, alkaline-sized, Chem. Descrip.: Pigment yellow 65 Uses: Yel. dye for beater applic. to acid-sized papers, esp. where high tissue); pract. bleachable; good lightfastness; exc. affinity for CaCO₃ fillers; lightfastness is required; colorant for coatings and deco printing inks; not rec. good substantivity to commonly used cellulose fibers and recycled fibers for laminates; exc. bleedfastness; not bleachable in hypochlorite; very good Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.1 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 10.5 affinity for clay and CaCO₃ fillers Pontamine[™] Blue SP Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Red-shade blue dyestuff for papers (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue); pract. Properties: Liq. disp. Ponolith[™] Tinting Yellow 2GND Lig. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] bleachable in chlorine; fair lightfastness Properties: Liq.; dens. 10.1 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 7.9 Chem. Descrip.: Org. pigment disp. Uses: Brilliant green-shade yel. pigment for papers (sized, acid, alkaline), tinting applics.; good stability when diluted with mill process water; partially bleachable in hypochlorite; good lightfastness; very good affinity for clay fillers; good affinity for TiO₂ and CaCO₃ fillers Properties: Liq. disp.; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. < 400 cps; pH 9.5 Ponolith[™] Violet FFR Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] *Chem. Descrip.:* Org. pigment disp. *Uses:* Brilliant pigment for tinting paper, for coating colored papers, for coloring paper internally, for stock additions, and coating applics. Properties: Liq. Ponolith™ Yellow 2GBW Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Pigment for papers (sized, acid, alkaline, coatings), esp. for tinting applics.; brilliant green-shade yel.; good resist. to microbiological growth when diluted 1:1 with mill process water; partially bleachable in hypochlorite; good lightfastness; very good affinity for clay fillers; good affinity for TiO₂ and CaCO₃ fillers Properties: Liq. disp.; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. < 400 cps; pH 10.5 Ponolith[™] Yellow 2GN-P Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Org. pigment disp. Uses: Brilliant green-shade yel. pigment for papers (sized, acid, alkaline, coatings); rec. for tinting and for producing deeper shades; partially bleachable in hypochlorite; good lightfastness; very good affinity for clay fillers; good affinity for TiO₂ and CaCO₃ fillers Properties: Liq. disp.; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 8.0 Ponolith™ Yellow WY-7724 [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: Org. pigment disp. Uses: Brilliant pigment for tinting paper, for coating colored papers, for coloring paper internally, for stock additions, and coating applics. Pontamine[™] Beige FX Lig. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Colorant for fine papers, tissue papers, specialty papers; direct affinity for cellulose fibers Properties: Liq. Pontamine[™] Black LD Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Direct dye intended for tinting of wh. papers, suitable for sized, acid, alkaline types; can be applied internally or on the sheet surf.; pract. bleachable in hypochlorite; partially bleachable in sodium hydrosulfite; fair lightfastness Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 7.5 Pontamine[™] Black LFS [Baver/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Colorant for fine papers, tissue papers, specialty papers; direct affinity for cellulose fibers Properties: Powd. Pontamine[™] Black LFS Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Direct blk. dyestuff for papers (acid-sized, alkaline-sized, tissue); bleachable in hypochlorite; exc. lightfastness @ 200 lb/ton dyeing level, fair @ 20 lb/ton; high substantivity to typ. papermaking furnishes; very good affinity for CaCO₃ Properties: Liq. fillers Pontamine[™] Black SP Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Black dyestuff for papers (sized, acid, alkaline, paperboard, molded, tissue); tint in wh. fine papers to inc. opacity; economical; pract. bleachable in chlorine; fair lightfastness Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.6 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 8.0 Pontamine™ Blue BN Liq. 200% [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Bright neutral-shade blue dyestuff rec. for internal paper coloration applics. (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue); pract. bleachable in chlorine; good

lightfastness and bleedfastness; good resist. to trace amts. of residual chlo-

rine; exc. affinity for CaCO₃ fillers

Pontamine[™] Blue SP-N Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Red-shade blue dyestuff for papers (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue); bleachable in chlorine; fair lightfastness Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.7 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 8.25 Pontamine[™] Blue WE-N Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Bright red-shade blue dyestuff primarily intended for tinting applics. for sized, acid, alkaline, and tissue papers; pract. bleachable in hypochlorite; good lightfastness; good affinity for clay and CaCO₃ fillers Properties: Liq.; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 8.0 Pontamine[™] Bond Blue B Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: SI. grn.-shade blue dyestuff for fine papers (sized, acid, alkaline); bleachable in sodium hypochlorite and sodium hydrosulfite; very good lightfastness; good affinity for clay and CaCO₃ fillers Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.4 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 9.3 Pontamine[™] Bond Yellow 303 Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: SI. green shade, fluorescent yel. dyestuff for paper (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue); economical; bleachable; exc. lightfastness Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 7.2 Pontamine[™] Bordeaux 8B Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Brilliant blue-shade red dyestuff for paper (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue); pract. bleachable in chlorine; good lightfastness; good affinity for clay fillers Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 8.1 Pontamine[™] Brilliant Blue A [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Colorant for fine papers, tissue papers, specialty papers; direct affinity for cellulose fibers Properties: Powd. Pontamine[™] Brilliant Blue A2G Lig. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Colorant for fine papers, tissue papers, specialty papers; direct affinity for cellulose fibers Properties: Liq. Pontamine[™] Brilliant Blue A Lig. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Colorant for fine papers, tissue papers, specialty papers; direct affinity for cellulose fibers Properties: Lig. Pontamine™ Brilliant Bond Blue A Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Uses: Brilliant grn.-shade blue dyestuff for papers (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue); partially bleachable in chlorine; very good lightfastness Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.5 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 11.1

Pontamine[™] Brilliant Flavine 6G-N Sol'n. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Very bright grn.-shade, fluorescent yel. dyestuff for paper (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue); bleachable; poor lightfastness; fair affinity for clay, TiO₂, and CaCO₃ fillers

Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.3 lb/gal; visc. < 400 cps; pH 7.3

Pontamine[™] Brilliant Orange 2R Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Bright red-shade orange direct dyestuff for paper (sized, alkaline-sized, tissue); good substantivity to common papermaking furnishes; bleachable in chlorine; fair lightfastness, good bleedfastness; very good affinity for TiO₂

Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.3 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 7.0

Pontamine[™] Brilliant Paper Yellow Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Yel. dyestuff for paper (sized, acid papers); alkali-sensitive; bleachable; very good lightfastness

Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.6 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 12.6

- Pontamine™ Brilliant Violet 6B Liq. 50 [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Colorant for fine papers, tissue papers, specialty papers; direct affinity for cellulose fibers Properties: Lig.
- Pontamine™ Brilliant Violet BRW Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Pontamine™ Brilliant Yellow 5GA Liq.	
Uses: Violet dyestuff for paper (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue); pract. bleachable	for cellulose fibers
in chlorine; good lightfastness; good affinity for clay and CaCO ₃ fillers	Properties: Powd.
Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.5 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 8.4	Pontamine [™] Kraft Brown ES Liq. [B
Pontamine ^M Brilliant Yellow 5GA Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]	Uses: Red-shade brown dyestuff fo
Uses: Grn. shade yel. dyestuff for paper (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue);	tissue); partially bleachable; good l
bleachable in chlorine; good lightfastness; also avail. In powd. form	CaCU ₃ fillers
Properties: Liq.; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 6.4 Deptamine IM East Orange WN Lig. [Payor/Industrial Chame]	Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; vis
Vicacy Prilliant red shade erange dyectuff for paper (cized, acid, alkaline	Pontamine ¹¹ Krait Brown JCC Liq. [
tissue): pract bloachable in chlorine: good lightfactness; yory good affinity	for colluloso fibors
for clay fillors	Droportios: Lin
Pronortios: Lin : dons 9.4 lb/nal: visc < 100 cns: nH 7.5	Properties. Liq. Pontamine™ Kraft Orange A Lig. [Ba
Pontamine™ Fast Red 8RE Lin [Raver/Industrial Chems]	Uses. Vel -shade orange dvestuff fu
Uses: Blue-shade red dyestuff for paper (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue—lighter	molded prods.): economical: partial
shades): economical: partially bleachable in chlorine: good lightfastness:	good affinity for clay fillers
good affinity for CaCO ₃ fillers	Properties: Lig.; dens. 9.9 lb/gal; vis
Properties: Lig.; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 7.9	Pontamine [™] Orange OCC Lig. [Baye
Pontamine [™] Fast Red 8BLX [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]	Uses: Colorant for fine papers, tissue
Uses: Colorant for fine papers, tissue papers, specialty papers; direct affinity	for cellulose fibers
for cellulose fibers	Properties: Liq.
Properties: Powd.	Pontamine [™] Red Sern Liq. [Bayer/In
Pontamine [™] Fast Red 8BLX Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]	Uses: Brilliant blue-shade red direct of
Uses: Blue-shade red dyestuff for paper (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue); par-	bleachable in hypochlorite, pract.
tially bleachable in chlorine; good lightfastness; good affinity for CaCO ₃	lightfastness; exc. affinity for CaCC
fillers	Properties: Liq.; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; vis
Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.7 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 6.8	Pontamine [™] Substantive Turquoise
Pontamine [™] Fast Red 9BL Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]	Uses: Turquoise dye substantive to h
Uses: Blue-shade red dyestuff for paper (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue—lighter	for tissue and alkaline-sized papers;
shades); economical; partially bleachable in chlorine; good lightfastness;	ness
good affinity for CaCU ₃ fillers	Properties: Liq.; sp.gr. 1.1; visc. < 1
Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 7.8	Violet BBN Liq. [Bayer/
Uses: Colorant for fine papers, tissue papers, specially papers; direct affinity	for colluloso fibors
for collulose fibers	Droportios: Lin
Pronerties: Lin	Pontamine™ Vellow 2RF Lig [Baver
Pontamine TM Fast Scarlet 4BA [Bayer/Industrial Chems]	Uses: Bright reddish-shade vel dv
Uses: Colorant for fine papers, tissue papers, specialty papers; direct affinity	tissue): partially bleachable; good
for cellulose fibers	fillers
Properties: Powd.	Properties: Lig.; sp.gr. 1.1; visc. < 1
Pontamine [™] Fast Scarlet 4B Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]	Pontamine™ Yellow 3GRC [Bayer/Inc
Uses: Brilliant scarlet dyestuff for paper (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue); partially	Uses: Colorant for fine papers, tissue
bleachable in chlorine; good lightfastness; very good affinity for clay fillers,	for cellulose fibers
good affinity for CaCO ₃	Pontamine [™] Yellow 711 Liq. [Bayer/I
Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 7.4	Uses: SI. reddish shade, fluoresce
Pontamine [™] Fast Turquoise 8GL Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]	alkaline, tissue); exc. bleachability ir
Uses: Brilliant green-shade blue dye for papers (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue);	bleedfastness; very good affinity fo
partially bleachable; good lightfastness; good affinity for clay and CaCO $_{3}$	Properties: Liq.; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; vi
fillers	Pontamine ^M Yellow EM Liq. [Bayer/I
Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.5 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 7.1	Uses: Yel. dyestuff for paper (sized, a
Pontamine ¹¹¹ Fast Yellow 3GF Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]	In chlorine; good lightiastness; good
Uses: Yel. dyestuli for paper (acid-sized, alkaline-sized, lissue); pract. bleach-	Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; vis
Drepertice: Lig. depe. 0.0 lb/get. vice 100 epe. pl. 6.0	Veger Colorent for fine papers, tissue
Properties: Liq.; delis. 9.0 lb/yal; visc. < 100 cps; pri 0.0 Dentamine IM East Vellow ECE Lig. [Dever/Industrial Chams]	for colluloco fiboro
Uses: Colorant for fine papers, tissue papers, specially papers; direct affinity	Droportios: Lig
for callulosa fibors	Pontamine™ Vellow GG-N Lig [Bave
Pronartias: Lin	Uses: Colorant for fine naners tissue
Pontamine TM Fast Vellow F-2G Lin [Baver/Industrial Chems]	for cellulose fibers
Uses: Colorant for fine naners tissue naners specialty naners: direct affinity	Pronerties: Lin
for cellulose fibers	Pontamine [™] Yellow G Lig [Baver/In
Properties: Lia.	Uses: Yel. dvestuff for paper (sized a
Pontamine™ Golden Yellow RB Lig. [Baver/Industrial Chems.]	lightfastness; good fiber substantivit
Uses: Reddish shade yel, dvestuff for paper (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue):	Properties: Lia.; dens. 9.1 lb/gal: vis
bleachable; good lightfastness	Pontamine [™] Yellow GX [Baver/Indus
Properties: Lig.; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 7.2	Uses: Colorant for fine papers, tissue
Pontamine [™] Green 2B [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]	for cellulose fibers
Uses: Blue-shade green direct dyestuff for papers (sized, alkaline, tissue);	Properties: Powd.
partially bleachable in hypochlorite; fair lightfastness; good fiber substantivity	Pontamine [™] Yellow GXG Liq. [Bayer
in rosin size and alum dyeing conditions	Uses: Red-shade yel. dyestuff for pa
Properties: Powd.; sol. 10 g/l	nomical; fair lightfastness; good aff

Pontamine[™] Grey K-CGL [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Uses: Colorant for fine papers, tissue papers, specialty papers; direct affinity

ayer/Industrial Chems.] paper (sized, acid, alkaline, molded, ightfastness; good affinity for clay and

sc. < 100 cps; pH 8.7

Bayer/Industrial Chems.] papers, specialty papers; direct affinity

yer/Industrial Chems.]

or paper (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue, ly bleachable; good lightfastness; very

sc. < 100 cps; pH 8.4

er/Industrial Chems.] papers, specialty papers; direct affinity

dustrial Chems.] dyestuff for paper (sized, alkaline); fully leachable in sodium hydrosulfite; fair ³ fillers, good affinity for clay sc. < 100 cps; pH 7.0

6G Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] ardwood and softwood kraft pulps, rec. partially bleachable; very good lightfast-

00 cps; pH 12.0; anionic

Industrial Chems.] papers, specialty papers; direct affinity

Industrial Chems.] estuff for paper (sized, acid, alkaline,

lightfastness; good affinity for CaCO₃

00 cps; pH 8.0-8.5 (10%)

lustrial Chems.] papers, specialty papers; direct affinity

ndustrial Chems.] nt yel. dyestuff for paper (sized, acid, chlorine; good lightfastness and water

clay fillers sc. < 100 cps; pH 7.5

ndustrial Chems.]

cid, alkaline, tissue); pract. bleachable affinity for clay fillers sc. < 100 cps; pH 6.0

/Industrial Chems.]

papers, specialty papers; direct affinity

er/Industrial Chems.] papers, specialty papers; direct affinity

dustrial Chems.] acid, alkaline, tissue); bleachable; exc. y and water bleedfastness sc. < 100 cps; pH 7.2

trial Chems.]

papers, specialty papers; direct affinity

/Industrial Chems.]

per (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue); econity for clay and CaCO₃ fillers

Properties: Liq.; dens. 10.0 lb/gal; visc. < 150 cps; pH 8.9 Pontamine[™] Yellow GXW Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Uses: Red-shade yel. dyestuff for paper (sized, acid, alkaline, tissue); economical; not bleachable; fair lightfastness; good affinity for clay and CaCO₃ fillers

Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 9.0

Powdered Guar Gum Type A [Gumix Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip .: Guar gum

CAS 9000-30-0; EINEČS/ELINCS 232-536-8

- Uses: Thickener, visc. modifier, water-binder, stabilizer, lubricant for foods (dairy prods., bakery, meat, beverages, salad dressings), pharmaceuticals (appetite depressant, disintegrant and binder in compressed tablets), cosmetics (creams, lotions), industrial uses incl. papermaking, mining, tobacco, textiles, explosives, potable water treatment (coagulant aid); flocculant in industrial water, petrol. drilling
- Properties: Wh. to ylsh. powd., nearly odorless, bland taste; disp. in cold or hot water; insol. in org. solvs.

Powdered Guar Gum Type AA [Gumix Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip .: Guar gum

CAS 9000-30-0; EINEČS/ELINCS 232-536-8

- Uses: Thickener, visc. modifier, water-binder, stabilizer, lubricant for foods (dairy prods., bakery, meat, beverages, salad dressings), pharmaceuticals (appetite depressant, disintegrant and binder in compressed tablets), cosmetics (creams, lotions), industrial uses incl. papermaking, mining, tobacco, textiles, explosives, potable water treatment (coagulant aid); flocculant in industrial water, petrol. drilling
- Properties: Wh. to ylsh. powd., nearly odorless, bland taste; disp. in cold or hot water; insol. in org. solvs.

Powdered Guar Gum Type B [Gumix Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip.: Guar gum

CAS 9000-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-536-8

- Uses: Thickener, visc. modifier, water-binder, stabilizer, lubricant for foods (dairy prods., bakery, meat, beverages, salad dressings), pharmaceuticals (appetite depressant, disintegrant and binder in compressed tablets), cosmetics (creams, lotions), industrial uses incl. papermaking, mining, tobacco, textiles, explosives, potable water treatment (coagulant aid); flocculant in industrial water, petrol. drilling
- Properties: Wh. to ylsh. powd., nearly odorless, bland taste; disp. in cold or hot water; insol. in org. solvs.

Powdered Guar Gum Type BB [Gumix Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip.: Guar gum

CAS 9000-30-0; EINEČS/ELINCS 232-536-8

- Uses: Thickener, visc. modifier, water-binder, stabilizer, lubricant for foods (dairy prods., bakery, meat, beverages, salad dressings), pharmaceuticals (appetite depressant, disintegrant and binder in compressed tablets), cosmetics (creams, lotions), industrial uses incl. papermaking, mining, tobacco, textiles, explosives, potable water treatment (coagulant aid); flocculant in industrial water, petrol. drilling
- Properties: Wh. to ylsh. powd., nearly odorless, bland taste; disp. in cold or hot water; insol. in org. solvs.

Powdered Gum Ghatti #1 [Frutarom Meer]

Chem. Descrip .: Gum ghatti

CAS 9000-28-6

- Uses: Stabilizer, binder, emulsifier forming o/w emulsions, used in beverage emulsions where it forms orange oil emulsions, in table syrup emulsions; tablet binder and thick mucilage coatings in pharmaceuticals; binder in paper industry; emulsifier for petroleum and nonpetroleum waxes used in coating and barrier applics.
- *Properties:* Off-wh. to It. amber gum; 99% thru 80 mesh, \geq 90% thru 100 mesh; visc. \geq 100 cps (5%)

Powdered Gum Ghatti #2 [Frutarom Meer]

Chem. Descrip.: Gum ghatti

CAS 9000-28-6

- Uses: Stabilizer, binder, emulsifier forming o/w emulsions, used in beverage emulsions where it forms orange oil emulsions, in table syrup emulsions; tablet binder and thick mucilage coatings in pharmaceuticals; binder in paper industry; emulsifier for petroleum and nonpetroleum waxes used in coating and barrier applics.
- Properties: Water-sol.

Powdered Gum Guar NF Type 80 Mesh B/T [Frutarom Meer]

Chem. Descrip.: Guar gum

CAS 9000-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-536-8

Uses: Thickener, binder, suspending agent, stabilizer, and dietary fiber source for soft cheese prods., ice cream, sherbets, fruit drinks, dietetic beverages,

cocoa beverages, baked goods, frozen pie fillings, icings, salad dressings, relishes; binder/lubricant in sausages, stuffed meat prods., canned pet foods; in explosives and mining; as wet-end additive in papermaking, sizes, oil well drilling muds; appetite depressant; pharmaceutical tablet binder; cosmetics; textile printing Properties: Water-sol.

Powdered Gum Guar Type 140 Mesh B/T [Frutarom Meer]

Chem. Descrip.: Guar gum

CAS 9000-30-0; EINEČS/ELINCS 232-536-8

Uses: Thickener, binder, suspending agent, stabilizer, and dietary fiber source for soft cheese prods., ice cream, sherbets, fruit drinks, dietetic beverages, cocoa beverages, baked goods, frozen pie fillings, icings, salad dressings, relishes: binder/lubricant in sausages, stuffed meat prods., canned pet foods; in explosives and mining; as wet-end additive in papermaking, sizes, oil well drilling muds; appetite depressant; pharmaceutical tablet binder; cosmetics; textile printing

Properties: Water-sol.

Powdered Gum Guar Type ECM [Frutarom Meer]

Chem. Descrip .: Guar gum

CAS 9000-30-0; EINEČS/ELINCS 232-536-8

Uses: Thickener, binder, suspending agent, stabilizer, and dietary fiber source for soft cheese prods., ice cream, sherbets, fruit drinks, dietetic beverages, cocoa beverages, baked goods, frozen pie fillings, icings, salad dressings, relishes; binder/lubricant in sausages, stuffed meat prods., canned pet foods; in explosives and mining; as wet-end additive in papermaking, sizes, oil well drilling muds; appetite depressant; pharmaceutical tablet binder; cosmetics; textile printing

Properties: Water-sol.

Powdered Gum Guar Type M [Frutarom Meer]

Chem. Descrip .: Guar gum

- CAS 9000-30-0; EINEČS/ELINCS 232-536-8
- Uses: Thickener, binder, suspending agent, stabilizer, and dietary fiber source for soft cheese prods., ice cream, sherbets, fruit drinks, dietetic beverages, cocoa beverages, baked goods, frozen pie fillings, icings, salad dressings, relishes; binder/lubricant in sausages, stuffed meat prods., canned pet foods; in explosives and mining; as wet-end additive in papermaking, sizes, oil well drilling muds; appetite depressant; pharmaceutical tablet binder; cosmetics; textile printing Properties: Water-sol.

Powdered Gum Guar Type MM FCC [Frutarom Meer]

- Chem. Descrip.: Guar gum CAS 9000-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-536-8
- Uses: Thickener, binder, suspending agent, stabilizer, and dietary fiber source for soft cheese prods., ice cream, sherbets, fruit drinks, dietetic beverages, cocoa beverages, baked goods, frozen pie fillings, icings, salad dressings, relishes; binder/lubricant in sausages, stuffed meat prods., canned pet foods; in explosives and mining; as wet-end additive in papermaking, sizes, oil well drilling muds; appetite depressant; pharmaceutical tablet binder; cosmetics; textile printing

Properties: Wh. to cream-wh. fine powd., nearly odorless; 97% thru 140 mesh, \geq 90% thru 200 mesh; visc. \geq 3500 cps (1%); pH 5.0-6.4

Powdered Gum Guar Type MM (HV) [Frutarom Meer]

Chem. Descrip.: Guar gum

- CAS 9000-30-0; EINEČS/ELINCS 232-536-8
- Uses: Thickener, binder, suspending agent, stabilizer, and dietary fiber source for soft cheese prods., ice cream, sherbets, fruit drinks, dietetic beverages, cocoa beverages, baked goods, frozen pie fillings, icings, salad dressings, relishes; binder/lubricant in sausages, stuffed meat prods., canned pet foods; in explosives and mining; as wet-end additive in papermaking, sizes, oil well drilling muds; appetite depressant; pharmaceutical tablet binder; cosmetics; textile printing Properties: Water-sol.

Powdered Gum Guar Type MMM ¹/₂ [Frutarom Meer]

- Chem. Descrip .: Guar gum
- CAS 9000-30-0; EINEČS/ELINCS 232-536-8
- Uses: Thickener, binder, suspending agent, stabilizer, and dietary fiber source for soft cheese prods., ice cream, sherbets, fruit drinks, dietetic beverages, cocoa beverages, baked goods, frozen pie fillings, icings, salad dressings, relishes; binder/lubricant in sausages, stuffed meat prods., canned pet foods; in explosives and mining; as wet-end additive in papermaking, sizes, oil well drilling muds; appetite depressant; pharmaceutical tablet binder; cosmetics; textile printing

Properties: Water-sol.

Powdered Gum Guar Type MMW [Frutarom Meer]

Chem. Descrip .: Guar gum

CAS 9000-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-536-8

Uses: Thickener, binder, suspending agent, stabilizer, and dietary fiber source for soft cheese prods., ice cream, sherbets, fruit drinks, dietetic beverages, cocoa beverages, baked goods, frozen pie fillings, icings, salad dressings, relishes; binder/lubricant in sausages, stuffed meat prods., canned pet foods; in explosives and mining; as wet-end additive in papermaking, sizes, oil well drilling muds; appetite depressant; pharmaceutical tablet binder; cosmetics; textile printing

Properties: Water-sol.

Powdered Gum Karaya Superfine #1 FCC [Frutarom Meer]

Chem. Descrip.: Karaya gum FCC

CAS 9000-36-6; EINECS/ELINCS 232-539-4

Uses: Stabilizer, water binder, emulsifier for foods (water ices, sherbets, cheese spreads, meringue powds., meat processing), pharmaceuticals (bulk laxatives, denture adhesives); binder in paper industry; thickener for textile dyes

Properties: Water-sol.

Powdered Gum Karaya Superfine XXXX FCC [Frutarom Meer]

Chem. Descrip.: Karaya gum NF/FCC

CAS 9000-36-6; EINECS/ELINCS 232-539-4

- Uses: Stabilizer, water binder, emulsifier for foods (water ices, sherbets, cheese spreads, meringue powds., meat processing), pharmaceuticals (bulk laxatives, denture adhesives); binder in paper industry; thickener for textile dyes
- Use Level: 0.2-0.4% (sherbets), < 0.8% (cheese spreads), 0.25-1% (meat) *Properties:* Powd.; 100% thru 80 mesh, \geq 60% thru 200 mesh; swells in water, insol. in alcohol; visc. \geq 200 cps (1%); pH 4.4-4.8

Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type D-200 [Frutarom Meer]

Chem. Descrip .: Locust bean gum FCC

CAS 9000-40-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-541-5

Uses: Thickener, water binder, suspending agent, and stabilizer for soft cheese, cheese spreads, ice cream, baked goods, cakes, frozen pie fillings, sausages, stuffed meat prods., canned pet foods; wet-end additive in papermaking; textile sizing agent, print paste thickener; excipient for pharmaceutical tablets; thickener for toothpaste; thickener/stabilizer for cosmetic creams and lotions

Properties: Water-sol.

Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type D-300 [Frutarom Meer]

Chem. Descrip.: Locust bean gum FCC

CAS 9000-40-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-541-5

Uses: Thickener, water binder, suspending agent, and stabilizer for soft cheese, cheese spreads, ice cream, baked goods, cakes, frozen pie fillings, sausages, stuffed meat prods., canned pet foods; wet-end additive in papermaking; textile sizing agent, print paste thickener; excipient for pharmaceutical tablets; thickener for toothpaste; thickener/stabilizer for cosmetic creams and lotions

Properties: Water-sol.

Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type P-100 [Frutarom Meer]

Chem. Descrip .: Locust bean gum FCC

CAS 9000-40-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-541-5

Uses: Thickener, water binder, suspending agent, and stabilizer for soft cheese, cheese spreads, ice cream, baked goods, cakes, frozen pie fillings, sausages, stuffed meat prods., canned pet foods; wet-end additive in papermaking; textile sizing agent, print paste thickener; excipient for pharmaceutical tablets; thickener for toothpaste; thickener/stabilizer for cosmetic creams and lotions

Properties: Water-sol.

Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type PP-100 [Frutarom Meer]

Chem. Descrip .: Locust bean gum FCC

CAS 9000-40-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-541-5

Uses: Thickener, water binder, suspending agent, and stabilizer for soft cheese, cheese spreads, ice cream, baked goods, cakes, frozen pie fillings, sausages, stuffed meat prods., canned pet foods; wet-end additive in papermaking; textile sizing agent, print paste thickener; excipient for pharmaceutical tablets; thickener for toothpaste; thickener/stabilizer for cosmetic creams and lotions

Properties: Water-sol.

PQ® Epsom Salt Tech. [PQ]

Chem. Descrip.: Magnesium sulfate heptahydrate

CAS 10034-99-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-298-8

Uses: Pulping aid maintaining pulp visc. and quality during oxygen delignification for bleaching of kraft hard and soft wood pulps; retards degradation of pulp carbohydrates; maintains cellulose fiber lengths

Properties: Colorless or wh. rhombic or monoclinic opaque cryst.; 94% -10 to +48 mesh (Tyler screen); readily dissolves in cold water; m.w. 246.50; sp.gr. 1.68; bulk dens. 63 lb/ft3; ref. index 1.455; pH 6-7 (1%); hardness (Mohs) 2-2.5; 99% min. MgSO4 (anhyd.); 9.8% Mg

Praestafix® [Stockhausen]

Uses: Paper auxiliary, trash remover for elimination of anionic charges and charge carriers in the pulp; replaces alum for fixation of rosin size; partially reduces COD-freight in water circuit

Use Level: 0.1-0.4% Properties: Very low m.w.; cationic

Praestamin® [Stockhausen]

Uses: Paper auxiliary, dry strength agent, drainage aid, retention aid for paper, carton, cardboard; improves tens. str.; burst, breaking length, internal bonding, pick resist.

Use Level: 0.1-0.9%

Properties: Liq., emulsion, granulate; low m.w.; cationic/amphoteric

Praestaret® [Stockhausen]

Uses: Paper auxiliary, retention agent for acid and neutral papermaking; improves drainage speed and fiber and filler retention, inc. machine capacity, provides better yield of furnish components (fibers, fillers)

Use Level: 0.01-0.1%

Properties: Liq. and granular; high-very high m.w.; cationic

Prelude[™] [Hercules]

Uses: Sizing agent for recycled paperboard; requires no cationic starch or additives for retention or reaction

Premier [IMERYS]

Chem. Descrip.: Kaolin clay

CAS 1332-58-7; EINECS/ELINCS 296-473-8

Uses: Clay for paper coatings (high quality boxboard and enamel papers); produces coatings of exc. gloss and brightness with uniform ink receptivity Properties: Spray-dried, slurry; 0.002% 325-mesh residue, 92% finer than 2 μ particle size; sp.gr. 2.72; visc. 200 cps (70% solids); brightness (GE) 87-88; ref. index 1.56; pH 6.2-7.5 (20% aq.); hardness (Mohs) 2; 0.3-1.0% moisture (spray-dried), 29-31% moisture (slurry)

Presstige™ [Hercules]

Uses: Deposit control agent, felt conditioner, fabric/felt cleaning agent for pulp, paper, and paperboard mfg., treatment of press section rolls

Printex[®] XE 2 [Degussa-Hüls]

- Chem. Descrip.: Carbon black CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9
- Uses: Porous conductive filler for elec. conductive and antistatic compds., incl. thermoplastics, rubber, adhesives, sealants, inks, coatings, putties,

floor pavements, concrete, mortar, paper for conductor insulation; results in lower compding. visc., easier processing, lower moisture pickup during compding., storage, and transportation, improved physical props.

Properties: Blk. beads; odorless; dens. 140 g/l; surf. area 1000 m²/g; pH 8 Precaution: Nonexplosive under normal handling/storage, however, explosions can be caused in air concs. above 50 g/cm³ with a high energy ignition source; may smolder above 300 C; avoid contact with strong oxidizers Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂, SO_x

Printosil® [Süd-Chemie AG]

Chem. Descrip .: Bentonite

CAS 1302-78-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-108-5

Uses: For surf. finishing of superlight-coated papers

Printplus 500 [Vinings Ind.]

Uses: Frictionizing agent for fine and specialty papers; for applic. in a size press or through a spray applicator

Pristerene 4909 [Uniqema/Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Stearine

Uses: Applics. incl. rubber vulcanization aids, shaving creams, paper sizing agents, candles, metal stearates and emulsifiers

Properties: Acid no. 201-209; iodine no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 202-210 Pristerene 4912 [Uniqema/Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Stearine

Uses: Applics. incl. rubber vulcanization aids, shaving creams, paper sizing agents, candles, metal stearates and emulsifiers

Properties: Acid no. 200-208; iodine no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 201-209

Pristerene 4913 [Uniqema/Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip .: Stearine Uses: Applics. incl. rubber vulcanization aids, shaving creams, paper sizing agents, candles, metal stearates and emulsifiers Properties: Acid no. 202-206; iodine no. 1 max.; sapon. no. 203-207 Pristerene 4916 [Unigema/Oleochems.] Chem. Descrip.: Stearine Uses: Applics. incl. rubber vulcanization aids, shaving creams, paper sizing agents, candles, metal stearates and emulsifiers Properties: Acid no. 202-210; iodine no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 203-211 Pristerene 4931 [Uniqema/Oleochems.] Chem. Descrip .: Stearine Uses: Applics. incl. rubber vulcanization aids, shaving creams, paper sizing agents, candles, metal stearates and emulsifiers fiber Properties: Acid no. 200-210; iodine no. 5 max.; sapon. no. 202-212 Pristerene 4943 [Uniqema/Oleochems.] Chem. Descrip.: Stearine Uses: Applics. incl. rubber vulcanization aids, shaving creams, paper sizing agents, candles, metal stearates and emulsifiers Properties: Acid no. 178-190; iodine no. 6 max.; sapon. no. 179-191 Pristerene 4945 [Uniqema/Oleochems.] Chem. Descrip.: Stearine Uses: Applics. incl. rubber vulcanization aids, shaving creams, paper sizing agents, candles, metal stearates and emulsifiers Properties: Acid no. 188-198; iodine no. 5 max.; sapon. no. 189-199 Pristerene 4963 [Uniqema/Oleochems.] Chem. Descrip.: Stearine Uses: Applics. incl. rubber vulcanization aids, shaving creams, paper sizing agents, candles, metal stearates and emulsifiers Properties: Acid no. 198-205; iodine no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 199-206 Pro-Cote® [Protein Tech. Int'l.] Chem. Descrip.: Soy-based polymers Uses: Rheology modifier, cobinder, coating structuring agent in paper and paperboard; good coating stability; for use in size press, precoat, and topcoat applics.; for use with any pigment systems (clay, CaCO₃, TiO₂) Properties: Wh. to tan fine gran. powd.; < 2% on 20 mesh; sp.gr. 1.02-1.05 (10-18% sol'n.); bulk dens. 0.40-0.65 g/cm³; amphoteric Storage: 1 yr shelf life (dry); rec. to prepare and use sol'n. within one day Product BCO [DuPont] Chem. Descrip.: Cetyl betaine CAS 693-33-4; EINÉCS/ELINCS 211-748-4 Uses: Wetting agent, detergent, emulsifier, dispersant, surfactant for dyeing applics.; softener for textiles; leveling agent and rewetting agent in the paper industry; dyeing assistant and degreaser in the leather industry; antistat on plastic films Properties: Brn. clear liq.; mild odor; misc. in water; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; visc. free-flowing; surf. tens. 27.8 dynes/cm (32 C, 0.1%); 33% solids; amphoteric Propetal 99 [Zschimmer & Schwarz] Chem. Descrip.: Fatty alcohol EO/PO adduct Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, antifoam, base material for lowfoaming cleansing agents for household and industry, mech. dishwash agents, high-pressure and spray cleaners, tile cleaners, aux. prods. for paper, textile, and leather industries; low foaming Properties: Colorless to ylsh. liq.; sol. in most org. solvs., e.g., benzene, toluene; disp. in water @ higher temps.; sp.gr. 0.97 (20 C); cloud pt. 20-24 C (1% aq.); pH 6 (10%); 100% act., 0.5% water; nonionic Storage: Prod. may become turbid at lower temps. without loss in quality Propetal 241 [Zschimmer & Schwarz] Chem. Descrip .: Fatty alcohol EO/PO adduct Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, antifoam, intermediate for prep. of low foaming detergents for household and industry, dishwash, sanitary and floor tile cleaners, industrial spray cleaners, metal pickling, paper, textiles, leather; low foaming Properties: Colorless to ylsh. liq.; sol. in water, alcohols, most org. solvs.; dens. 0.99 g/cc; cloud pt. 37-41 C (1% aq.); pH 5-7 (10%); 100% act., 0.5% water; nonionic Environmental: Biodeq. Storage: Prod. may become turbid at lower temps. without loss in quality Propetal 387 [Zschimmer & Schwarz] Chem. Descrip.: Fatty alcohol EO-PO adduct

Uses: Surfactant for household and industrial cleaners, high-pressure and spray cleaners, aux. prods. for paper, textile, and leather industries; low foaming; stable @ acid and weakly alkaline pH

Properties: Colorless to ylsh. liq.; sol. in ethanol, IPA, petrol., and orange terpene; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.93 (20 C); cloud pt. 54-59 C (5 g/10 ml BDG 57% aq.); pH 6 (10%); 100% act., 0.5% water; nonionic

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ProSoft™ [Hercules]
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Uses: Release aid, crepe aid, debonder, softener for tissue mfg.

Prosorb® [Vinings Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Organophilic, adsorbent mineral slurry

Uses: Pitch/stickies control agent for papermaking; anticoagulant for colloidal pitch on paper machine; detackifier making pitch and stickies less prone to deposition; patented; forms complex with pitch which has strong affinity for cationic materials, such as alum which serves to fix the complex to anionic

ProSweet[™] [Hercules]

Uses: Odor control agent for control of hydrogen sulfide and other mercaptan odors in pulp/paper mills

Protec ZA7 [Magnesium Elektron]

Chem. Descrip.: Neutral zirconium sol'n. contg. 20% ZrO₂, ammonium acetate, and ammonium hydroxide

Uses: Binder insolubilizer for paper and board coatings and dry-laid nonwoven fabrics; deposit control agent in wet-end papermaking; component of waterborne inks, overprint varnishes, and adhesives; component of textile, leather, and paper water-repellent formulations; coagulant in mfg. of syn. leather-cloth and nonwovens; metal pre-treatment coatings; precursor to ZrO₂ in catalyst systems

Properties: Clear ag. sol'n.; sp.gr. 1.32; pH 7.0

Storage: Store sealed in cool areas; protect from high temps. and freezing Protec ZŽA [Magnesium Elektron]

Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium zirconium carbonate, zinc oxide, ammonium hydroxide sol'n.

Uses: Str. agent for alkaline-sized paper; component of waterborne inks, overprint varnishes, and adhesives; component of textile, leather, and paper water repellent formulations; antimicrobial treatment for textiles/timber; coagulant in mfg. of syn. leather-cloth and nonwovens

Properties: Clear alkaline aq. sol'n.; sp.gr. 1.35; pH 10; ZrO₂ & ZnO (16%) Storage: Store sealed in cool areas; protect from high temps. and freezing Protectol® BCM [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: 1H-Benzimidazol-2-yl-carbamic acid, methyl ester CAS 10605-21-7; EINECS/ELINCS 234-232-0

Uses: Biocide; preservative; fungicidal treatment for paints, sealants, and grouts; biocide for paper industry (soap wrappers, wallpaper, cartons)

Use Level: Up to 0.5% (paints, sealants, grouts); 0.2-0.5% (soap wrappers, wallpaper, cartons)

Regulatory: MITI approved

Properties: 99% act.

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; nonirritant; TSCA listed Protectol® BCM-FL [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip .: 1H-Benzimidazol-2-yl-carbamic acid, methyl ester CAS 10605-21-7; EINECS/ELINCS 234-232-0

Uses: Biocide; preservative; fungicidal treatment for paints, sealants, and grouts; biocide for paper industry (soap wrappers, wallpaper, cartons)

Use Level: Up to 1.25% (paints, sealants, grouts); 0.5-1.2% (soap wrappers, wallpaper, cartons)

Regulatory: MITI approved

Properties: 42% act.

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; nonirritant; TSCA listed

Protectol® DMU [BASF AG] Chem. Descrip.: Dimethylol urea

CAS 140-95-4; EINECS/ELINCS 205-444-0

Uses: Biocide, disinfectant for hospital use; preservative in paints, chain lubricants, polymer and wax dispersions; fungicidal treatment for paper glues, pigment slurries

Use Level: 0.05-0.2% (polymer disp.); 0.05-0.25% (wax emulsions); up to 2% (paints); 0.05-0.15% (glue, pigment slurries)

Regulatory: MITI, BGA approved *Properties:* 99% act.

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; nonirritant; TSCA listed Protectol[®] GDA [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip .: Glutaraldehyde

CAS 111-30-8; EINECS/ELINCS 203-856-5

Uses: Biocide, preservative for aq. systems and cleaners; disinfectant in industrial water treatment, incl. paper prod., cooling towers, heat exchang-

ers, oil recovery, and sugar refining; food pkg. adhesives, paper; food-Use Level: 0.01-0.05% (wax emulsion); 0.01-0.05% (polymer dispersions); contact slimicide; preservative for chain lubricants, detergents, paper coat-0.01-0.05% (paper coatings, glue, pigment slurries) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR§ 175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.230, 176.300, ings/pigment slurries, cosmetic rinse-off prods.; prevents growth of bacteria, slime-forming microorganisms, algae, and fungal mycelia 178.3120; MITI and BGA approved Use Level: 5-50 ppm (oil industry water treatment); 0.02-0.1% (detergents); Properties: Powd.; 99% act. 0.01-0.05% (paper coatings) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR§ 172.230, 173.320, 175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300; BP, USP, MITI and BGA approved Properties: Liq.; 50% act. Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 320 mg/kg; strong skin and eye irritant; TSCA listed Protectol® GL 40 [BASF AG] Chem. Descrip.: Glyoxal CAS 107-22-2; EINÉCS/ELINCS 203-474-9 Uses: Biocide, disinfectant for aq. systems, cleaners, disinfectants; disinfectant for hospital surfaces, food processing, animal husbandry, surgical instruments, laundry; food pkg. adhesives, paper, polymers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 177.2280; BGA approved; MITI listed Properties: Liq.; 40% act. Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; nonirritating to skin and eyes; TSCA listed Protectol® KLC 50 [BASF AG] *Chem. Descrip.:* Dimethyl-n-(C₁₂/C₁₄)-alkyl-benzylammonium chloride CAS 85409-22-9; EINEĆS/ELIÑCS 287-089-1 Uses: Biocidal surfactant for chemical industry, detergent mfg.; disinfectant used in all-purpose sanitizers, disinfectant floor and dairy cleaners; process water treatment for sugar industry, cooling towers, heat exchangers, and swimming pools; preservative for cosmetics, chain lubricants, masonry washes, oil recovery; food pkg. adhesives, coatings; slimicide in foodcontact paper; food-contact sanitizing sol'ns. Use Level: 0.05-0.2% (wax emulsion); up to 0.5% (chain lubricants); up to 1% (masonry washes); 0.01-0.2% (cosmetics) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR§ 175.105, 176.300, 178.1010; EP, DAB, BP, USP, JP, MITI, JSCI, and BGA approved Properties: Clear to ylsh. liq.; sol. in water, 5% sodium hydroxide, 5% HCl, 5% sodium chloride, alcohol, chlorinated hydrocarbons, oil, wh. spirit; dens. 0.98 g/cm³; visc. 80 mPa•s; cloud pt. -4 C; surf. tens. 37 mN/m (1 g/ I); pH 6 (1% aq.); 50% act.; cationic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1500-1600 mg/kg; corrosive to skin and eyes; TSCA listed Environmental: 80% biodeq Protectol[®] KLC 80 [BASF AĞ] *Chem. Descrip.:* Dimethyl-n-(C₁₂/C₁₄) alkylbenzylammonium chloride CAS 85409-22-9; EINEĆS/ELINCS 287-089-1 Uses: Biocide, surfactant for chemical industry, detergent mfg., disinfection, preservation; disinfectant for hospital surfaces, food processing, animal husbandry, surgical instruments, hands, laundry; food pkg. adhesives, coatings; food-contact sanitizing sol'ns.; slimicide in food-contact paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.300, 178.1010; BGA, JSCI, MITI approved Properties: Clear to ylsh. liq.; sol. in water, 5% sodium hydroxide, 5% HCl, 5% sodium chloride, alcohol, chlorinated hydrocarbons, oil, wh. spirit; dens. 0.98 g/cm³; visc. 500 mPa•s; cloud pt. -10 C; surf. tens. 37 mN/m (1 g/l); pH 6 (1% aq.); 80% act.; cationic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1100-1600 mg/kg; corrosive to skin and eyes; **TSCA** listed Environmental: 80% biodeg. Protectol® PP [BASF AG] Chem. Descrip.: Phenoxypropanols Uses: Biocide, disinfectant for medical and food industries; preservative for cosmetics industry, adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.1-1% (cosmetics); up to 5% (adhesives) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; MITI approved Properties: 98% act. Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; nonirritant; TSCA listed Protectol® TOE [BASF AG] Chem. Descrip.: 3,5-Dimethyl-1,3,5-2H-tetrahydrothiadiazine-2-thione CAS 533-74-4; EINECS/ELINCS 208-576-7 Uses: Biocide, preservative for use in aq. systems; slimicide for water treatment for paper industry, cooling towers, heat exchangers, food contact applics.; food pkg. adhesives, paper, animal glue

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 600 mg/kg; nonirritant to skin and eyes; TSCA listed Protectol[®] TOE Granules [BASF AG] Chem. Descrip.: 3,5-Dimethyl-1,3,5-2H-tetrahydrothiadiazine-2-thione CAS 533-74-4; EINECS/ELINCS 208-576-7 Uses: Biocide, preservative; slimicide for water treatment for paper industry, cooling towers, heat exchangers, food contact applics.; food pkg. adhesives, paper, animal glue Use Level: 0.01-0.05% (wax emulsion); 0.01-0.05% (polymer dispersions); 0.01-0.05% (paper coatings, glue, pigment slurries) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR§ 175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.230, 176.300, 178.3120; MITI and BGA approved Properties: Granules; 99% act. Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 600 mg/kg; nonirritant to skin and eyes; TSCA listed Protocol[™] [Hercules] Uses: Defoamer for pulp, paper, and paperboard mfg. Prox[®] 923 [Synthron SA] Chem. Descrip.: Urea-formaldehyde resin CAS 9011-05-6 Uses: Wet str. agent for paper mfg. at acidic pH Properties: Cationic Prox® A 899 E [Synthron SA] Uses: Thickener, water retention aid for paper sticking and coating applics. Prox[®] AC 553 L [Synthron SA] Chem. Descrip.: Polyamide resin CAS 9012-24-2 Uses: Dry str. agent for paper mfg. improving mech. props. Prox® ASN 165 R [Synthron SA] Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic copolymer CAS 25133-97-5 Uses: Binder for coating paper, board, and polyester nonwoven materials; nonyellowing Prox® DLF Double Conc. [Synthron SA] Uses: Insolubilizer for starch-based binders in paper sticking and coating applics.; contains min. level of formaldehyde Prox[®] V P 137 [Synthron SA] Chem. Descrip.: Polyamide resin CAS 9012-24-2 Uses: Wet str. agent for paper mfg. at neutral pH Prox®-Ad WA 138 E [Synthron SA] Uses: Nonstick agent for paper sticking and coating applics. incl. food pkg., flat board and box covering; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; compat. with hot-melt adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180; BGA XXXVI compliance Properties: Cationic Prox®-Amine AP [Synthron SA] Uses: Lubricant, dustproofing agent for mfg. of pigmented paper in a size press Prox®-Amine CE 9122 AL [Synthron SA] Uses: Softener for mfg. of paper wadding; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 Prox®-Amine CH 65 [Synthron SA] Uses: Softener for wet-end paper mfg. (wadding); food pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR§175.105 Prox®-Amine CH 66 [Synthron SA] Uses: Hydrophilizing softener for wet-end paper mfg. (wadding); food pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR§175.105 Properties: Dilutable in all proportions in water Prox®-Coat FF [Synthron SA] Chem. Descrip .: Resin Uses: Insolubilizer for org. binders and amyloids in paper sticking and coating applics.; food pkg. adhesives; formaldehyde-free Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105; BGA XXXVI compliance Proxel[®] BD 20 [Avecia; Avecia Ltd] Chem. Descrip.: 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one solv.-free aq. disp.

CAS 2634-33-5; EINECS/ELINCS 220-120-9

Uses: Microbiostat preservative for aq. compositions such as o/w emulsions, water-based adhesives, latexes, emulsion paints, casein and rosin disps., textile spin-finish sol'ns., pesticides, aq. slurries, inks, titanium dioxide slurries, tape joint compds.; leather processing sol'ns.; preservation of fresh animal hides and skins; food pkg. adhesives, paper; food-contact slimicide; non-VOC; heat stable and nonvolatile

Use Level: 0.05-0.25% (emulsion paint, adhesives, paper coating, oil-inwater emulsions, latices, leather processing), 0.10-0.50% (pesticide formulations)

Regulatory: FDA21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300; EPA40CFR §180.1001(d); EPAreg. no. 10182-405

Properties: Fawn-colored disp.; sol. in water at use dilutions; sp.gr. 1.03; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. 2000 cps; b.p. 100 C; pH 7; 19.3% act.

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; sl. toxic by ingestion; corrosive; causes eye and skin damage; may cause allergic skin reaction; harmful if swallowed or absorbed thru the skin; TSCA listed

Environmental: Toxic to fish

Storage: Stable under normal storage conditions; maintain pH above 4; protect from frost; if frozen, thaw and stir well before use

Proxel® DL [Avecia]

Chem. Descrip.: 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one (8.5% min.) in aq. dipropylene glycol

Uses: Antimicrobial preservative, stabilizer, slimicide for use in latexes, emulsion paint, aq. slurries, adhesives, tape joint compds., o/w emulsions, paper coatings, pesticides, water-based inks, hides and skins; USDA approved for paints used in federally inspected plants and packing adhesives having min. contact with meat or poultry food prods.; food pkg. adhesives, paper; food-contact slimicide; inhibitor of bacteria, yeast, and fungi; heatstable, low corrosivity; no formaldehyde released

Use Level: 0.1-0.3% (latices, emulsion paints), 0.1-0.2% (aq. slurries, pigment disp.), 0.1-0.5% (adhesives, pesticides, tape joint compds., water-based inks), 0.1-0.3% (oil-in-water emulsions, paper coating compositions)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d); EPA reg. no. 10182-265; USDA approval

Properties: Dk. brn. liq.; low odor; sol. in water at use dilutions; sp.gr. 1.08; visc. 10 cps; b.p. 100 C; flash pt. (Seta) > 200 F; pH 12; 8.5% min. act. Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; sl. toxic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Storage: Dilute aq. sol⁷ns. stable in presence of electrolytes above pH 4 **Proxel® GXL** [Avecia; Avecia Ltd]

Chem. Descrip.: 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one in aq. dipropylene glycol Uses: Antimicrobial preservative, slimicide in aq. compositions incl. latex

emulsions, metalworking fluids, aq. paints, adhesives, and polishes; USDA approved for paints used in federally inspected plants and packing adhesives having min. contact with meat or poultry food prods.; food pkg. adhesives; food-contact paper/paperboard; slimicide in food-contact paper; patented; heat stable, nonvolatile

Use Level: 0.05-0.15% (latices, emulsion paint, paper coating), 0.05-0.25% (water-based inks, pesticide formulations, adhesives), 0.04-0.125% (aq. slurries, pigment disp.), 0.08-0.25% (tape joint compds.), 0.05-0.18% (oil-in-water emulsions)

Regulatory: FDA21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300; EPA40CFR §180.1001(d); EPA reg. no. 10182-30; USDA approval

Properties: Dk. brn. non-crystallizing liq., sl. odor; sol. in water at use dilutions; 0.1% on 270 mesh; sp.gr. 1.13; dens. 9.5 lb/gal; visc. 500 cps; vapor pressure 12.25 mm Hg; i.b.p. 100 C; flash pt. (Seta) > 200 F; pH 12 (10% aq.); 19.3% act.

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1200-2175 mg/kg; sl. toxic by ingestion; severe skin/eye irritant; may cause eye burns; vapors can irritate eyes, nose, respiratory passages; repeated/prolonged contact may cause dermatitis and skin sensitization; TSCA listed

Environmental: Toxic to fish; LC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) 7 mg/l, (bluegill sunfish, 96 h) 30 mg/l

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents, acids; corrodes mild steel, aluminum, copper, and other metals; reacts vigorously with sodium hypochlorite, may evolve chlorine

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Hazardous combustion prods.: CO_x, NO_x, ammonia, SO_x

Storage: Stable under normal storage conditions; maintain pH above 4, protect from frost

Proxel® XL2 [Avecia; Avecia Ltd]

Chem. Descrip.: 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one aq. sol'n. in propylene glycol

Uses: Inhibitor of bacteria, yeast, and fungi; for use in latexes, emulsion paint, aq. slurries, adhesives, tape joint compds., o/w emulsions, paper coating compositions, pesticides, water-based inks, hides and skins; USDA approved for paints used in Federally inspected plants and packing adhesives having min. contact with meat or poultry food prods.; food pkg. adhesives, paper; food-contact slimicide; heat-stable, readily degradable in environment; low corrosivity; no formaldehyde released

Use Level: 0.1-0.3% (latices, emulsion paints), 0.1-0.2% (aq. slurries, pigment disp.), 0.1-0.5% (adhesives, pesticides, tape joint compds., waterbased inks), 0.1-0.3% (oil-in-water emulsions, paper coating compositions) *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d); EPA reg. no. 10182-405

Properties: Dk. brn. liq.; low odor; sol. in water at use dilutions; sp.gr. 1.09; visc. 10 cps; b.p. 100 C; flash pt. (Seta) > 200 F; pH 12.8; 9% min. act. *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; sl. toxic

Environmental: Biodeg. Prox®-Lube SC 5060 [Synthron SA]

Uses: Lubricant, visc. stabilizer for paper sticking and coating applics.; reduces deposits during calendering

Prox®-Lube SN 5070 [Synthron SA]

Uses: Lubricant, softener for paper sticking and coating applics.; developed for Champion or Massey drying press

Prox®-Size A 925 E [Synthron SA]

Uses: Surf. sizing agent for paper sticking and coating applics.; food pkg. adhesives; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180; BGA XXXVI compliance

Properties: Anionic

Prox[®]-Size C 902 E [Synthron SA]

Uses: Sizing agent for paper sticking and coating applics.; applicable in the mass or as a surf. sealer

Properties: Cationic PSA-28 [Songkang Ind. Co.]

Chem. Descrip.: Modified styrene-acrylic copolymer

CAS 9010-92-8

Uses: Surf. sizing agent for wood-free papermaking; improves printability in ink-jet paper; effective regardless of alum content or pH of stock Use Level: 2-20% of starch wt.

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Properties: Visc. < 2000 cps; pH 9 \pm 1; 40 \pm 1% solids
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PSA-34 [Songkang Ind. Co.]

Chem. Descrip.: Modified styrene-acrylic copolymer

CAS 9010-92-8

Uses: Surf. sizing agent for wood-free papermaking; improves printability in ink-jet paper; effective regardless of alum content or pH of stock Use Level: 2-20% of starch wt.

Properties: Visc. < 2000 cps; pH 9 \pm 1; 40 \pm 1% solids

Pulpsil® 160 C [Wacker-Chemie GmbH]

Chem. Descrip.: Polydimethylsiloxane and filler

Uses: Antifoam; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; component in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 176.210; BgVV XXXVI compliance

Properties: Colorless liq.; mild odor; virtually insol. in water; dens. 0.99-1.04 g/cm³; visc. 17,000-23,000 mPa•s; m.p. -45 C; flash pt. > 230 C; ignition pt. > 350 C

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 20,000 mg/kg, (dermal, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; nonmutagenic; nonteratogenic

Environmental: Expected LC50 (fish) > 100 mg/l; do not introduce into sewer systems or in shore waters; not degradable biologically; degradable to a certain extent in abiotic processes

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Above 150 C a small amt. of formaldehyde is released thru oxidation

Storage: Keep container tightly closed

Pulpsil® 760 E [Wacker-Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Polydimethylsiloxane + filler aq. emulsion

Uses: Antifoam and drainage aid for pulp washing and screening, bleaching, sewage treatment; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; highly effective Use Level: 0.05-0.3 kg/ton pulp

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 176.210

Properties: Milky wh. liq.; mild odor; completely misc. with water; dens. 1.0 g/cm³; visc. 50-500 mPa•s; vapor pressure 23 hPa (20 C); b.p. 100 C (1013 hPa); flash pt. none; pH 6-8; 32-35% solids

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg

- *Environmental:* Do not infroduce into sewer systems or in shore waters; probably nontoxic to fish
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Above 150 C a small amt. of formaldehyde is released thru oxidation

Storage: 6 mos min. shelf life when stored in tightly closed original containers @ 0-40 C; protect against frost, sun, heat sources

Pura-Chem® [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip.: Emulsion and dry polymers

Uses: Settling agent, sludge dewatering agent for pulp/paper industry

PVP K-15 [ISP]

Chem. Descrip.: PVP

CAS 9003-39-8; EINECS/ELINCS 201-800-4

- Uses: Film-former, protective colloid, suspending agent, binder, stabilizer, detoxicant, complexing agent, dye-receptive resin used in adhesives, ceramics, glass/glass fibers, coatings/inks (pigment dispersant, leveling agent, gloss aid, antiblock), personal care prods. (hair, shave, makeup, bath, skin, dentifrices), household/industrial/institutional cleaners, elec., lithography/photography, textiles, membranes, metallurgy, paper, polymerization, water/ waste treatment, oil/gas
- Properties: Off-wh. powd.; sol. in water and org. solv.; m.w. 8100; bulk dens. 36 lb/ft³; 95% min. act.

Toxicology: LD50 (oral) > 100 g/kg, (IV) > 10 g/kg; very low acute toxicity PVP K-15 Sol'n. [ISP]

Chem. Descrip.: PVP

CAS 9003-39-8; EINECS/ELINCS 201-800-4

Uses: Film-former, protective colloid, suspending agent, binder, stabilizer, detoxicant, complexing agent, dye-receptive resin used in adhesives, ceramics, glass/glass fibers, coatings/inks (pigment dispersant, leveling agent, gloss aid, antiblock), personal care prods. (hair, shave, makeup, bath, skin, dentifrices), household/industrial/institutional cleaners, elec., lithography/photography, textiles, membranes, metallurgy, paper, polymerization, water/ waste treatment, oil/gas

Properties: Clear liq.; m.w. 12,000; 28-32% solids

Toxicology: LD50 (oral) > 100 g/kg, (IV) > 10 g/kg; very low acute toxicity **PVP K-30** [ISP]

Chem. Descrip.: PVP

CAS 9003-39-8; EINECS/ELINCS 201-800-4

- Uses: Film-former, protective colloid, suspending agent, binder, stabilizer, detoxicant, complexing agent, dye-receptive resin used in adhesives, ceramics, glass/glass fibers, coatings/inks (pigment dispersant, leveling agent, gloss aid, antiblock), personal care prods. (hair, shave, makeup, bath, skin, dentifrices), household/industrial/institutional cleaners, elec., lithography/photography, textiles, membranes, metallurgy, paper, polymerization, water/ waste treatment, oil/gas
- *Properties:* Off wh. powd.; sol. in water and many organic solvs., incl. alcohols, some chlorinated compds., nitroparaffins, and amines; m.w. 57,500; bulk dens. 28 lb/ft³; 95% min. act.

Toxicology: LD50 (oral) > 100 g/kg, (IV) > 10 g/kg; very low acute toxicity PVP K-60 Sol'n. [ISP]

Chem. Descrip .: PVP

CAS 9003-39-8; EINECS/ELINCS 201-800-4

Uses: Film-former, protective colloid, suspending agent, binder, stabilizer, detoxicant, complexing agent, dye-receptive resin used in adhesives, ceramics, glass/glass fibers, coatings/inks (pigment dispersant, leveling agent, gloss aid, antiblock), personal care prods. (hair, shave, makeup, bath, skin, dentifrices), household/industrial/institutional cleaners, elec., lithography/photography, textiles, membranes, metallurgy, paper, polymerization, water/ waste treatment, oil/gas

Properties: Clear liq.; m.w. 400,000; dens. 9.3 lb/gal; 45-49% solids

Toxicology: LD50 (oral) > 100 g/kg, (IV) > 10 g/kg; very low acute toxicity **PVP K-90** [ISP]

Chem. Descrip.: PVP

CAS 9003-39-8; EINECS/ELINCS 201-800-4

Uses: Film-former, protective colloid, suspending agent, binder, stabilizer, detoxicant, complexing agent, dye-receptive resin used in adhesives, ceramics, glass/glass fibers, coatings/inks (pigment dispersant, leveling agent, gloss aid, antiblock), personal care prods. (hair, shave, makeup, bath, skin, dentifrices), household/industrial/institutional cleaners, elec., lithography/pho-

tography, textiles, membranes, metallurgy, paper, polymerization, water/ waste treatment, oil/gas

Properties: Off-wh. powd.; m.w. 1,270,000; bulk dens. 20 lb/ft³; 95% min. act.

Toxicology: LD50 (oral) > 100 g/kg, (IV) > 10 g/kg; very low acute toxicity PVP K-90 Sol'n. [ISP]

Chem. Descrip.: PVP

CAS 9003-39-8; EINECS/ELINCS 201-800-4

Uses: Film-former, protective colloid, suspending agent, binder, stabilizer, detoxicant, complexing agent, dye-receptive resin used in adhesives, ceramics, glass/glass fibers, coatings/inks (pigment dispersant, leveling agent, gloss aid, antiblock), personal care prods. (hair, shave, makeup, bath, skin, dentifrices), household/industrial/institutional cleaners, elec., lithography/photography, textiles, membranes, metallurgy, paper, polymerization, water/ waste treatment, oil/gas

Properties: Clear liq.; m.w. 1,280,000; 20-24% solids

Toxicology: LD50 (oral) > 100 g/kg, (IV) > 10 g/kg; very low acute toxicity PVP K-120 [ISP]

Chem. Descrip.: PVP

CAS 9003-39-8; EINECS/ELINCS 201-800-4

Uses: Film-former, protective colloid, suspending agent, binder, stabilizer, detoxicant, complexing agent, dye-receptive resin used in adhesives, ceramics, glass/glass fibers, coatings/inks (pigment dispersant, leveling agent, gloss aid, antiblock), personal care prods. (hair, shave, makeup, bath, skin, dentifrices), household/industrial/institutional cleaners, elec., lithography/photography, textiles, membranes, metallurgy, paper, polymerization, water/ waste treatment, oil/gas

Properties: Off-wh. powd.; m.w. 2,900,000; 95% min. act.

Toxicology: LD50 (oral) > 100 g/kg, (IV) > 10 g/kg; very low acute toxicity Pycal 94 [Unigema/ICI Surf. Am.]

Chem. Descrip.: POE aryl ether

Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, plasticizer for industrial applics.; plasticizer for wax paper adhesives; solvent for PVAc; thickener for PVAc emulsions; coalescing agent for resin particles in air-drying of resin film

Properties: Pale yel. liq.; sol. in water, ether, alcohol, ketone, lower aliphatic ester, and aromatic hydrocarbon solv.; sp.gr. 1.1; visc. ≈ 50 cps; HLB 14; acid no. 2 max.; flash pt. > 300 F; ref. index 1.502; pH 4-6 (50% aq.)

Pyrex AMN [BK Giulini Chemie]

Chem. Descrip.: Inorg. ammonium salts

Uses: Flame retardant for paper, board, and cellulose nonwovens Use Level: 10-12%

Properties: Wh. crystals; sol. 500 g/l in water (20 C); bulk dens. 950 kg/m!³; pH 7 (10 %); 100% act.

Toxicology: Nontoxic

Storage: 1 yr. shelf life in dry conditions

Pyrex FA [BK Giulini Chemie]

Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium polyphosphate

Uses: Flame retardant for paper, board, and cellulose nonwovens Use Level: 7%

Properties: Colorless liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.3; pH 6; 50% act. *Toxicology:* Nontoxic

Storage: 6 mos. shelf life

PryoBreak[™] EX-13 [Michelman]

Chem. Descrip.: Phosphorus-based system with wetting agent

Uses: Flame retardant saturant for in-line and off-line applic. to treat paper, paperboard, natural fiber, and wood for paperboard pkg., corrugated paperboard for building materials, industrial prod. structural components, displays, exhibits, etc.; low cost; contains wetting agent to inc. rate of penetration into substrate; gluable; printable; flexible; repulpable; water-based; solv.-free; nonhazardous

Use Level: 10-15% (dry wt. basis) on paper/paperboard substrate *Properties:* 60% solids

PryoBreak[™] EX-18 [Michelman]

Uses: Flame retardant saturant for in-line and off-line applic. to treat paper, paperboard, natural-fiber fabrics, and wood for paperboard pkg., corrugated paperboard for building materials, industrial prod. structural components, displays, exhibits, etc.; gluable; printable; flexible; repulpable; water-based; solv.-free; nonhazardous

Use Level: 10-15% (dry wt. basis) on paper/paperboard substrate *Properties:* 60% solids

PyroCide™ II [Michelman]

Uses: Flame retardant intumescent coating for paper, paperboard, corrugated

sheet, and other substrates incl. wood, wood prods., plastics, and films; gluable; printable; flexible; repulpable; water-based; solv.-free; non-

hazardous Properties: Dens. 11 lb/gal

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Q

Q-Cel® 6019 [PQ]

Chem. Descrip.: Hollow borosilicate glass microspheres

Uses: Extender/filler for plastics, fiberglass-reinforced plastics, urethane foams, putties, cultured marble, adhesives, automotive repair compds., moldings, thin films, pressure sensitive tapes, paper; lightweight

Properties: Wh. spheres; dens. 0.20 g/cc

Toxicology: Moderately alkaline; prolonged exposure may cause respiratory irritation

QEMI BSW 8131 [Qemi Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip.: Water-based defoamer composed of silicone fluid, hydrophobic particles, and lipophilic surface act. agents

Uses: Defoamer for brown stock washers, starch systems, ground wood, hydropulpers, white water loops, and wastewater applics.; drainage aid for paper applics.; pitch control agent; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty and dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 176.210

Properties: Off-wh. to wh. emulsion; sp.gr. 0.98-1.02; visc. 800-1600 cps; pH 7-10

QEMI BSW 8133 [Qemi Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip.: Oil-based defoamer composed of silicone fluid, hydrophobic particles, and lipophilic surface active agents

Uses: Defoamer for brown stock washers, starch systems, ground wood, hydropulpers, white water loops, and wastewater applics.; drainage aid for paper applics.; pitch control agent; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty and dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 176.210

Properties: Off-wh. to wh. emulsion; sp.gr. 0.98-1.02; visc. 800-1600 cps; pH 7-10

QEMİ DSR 8116A [Qemi Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip.: Low m.w., very high charge dens. polyamine

Uses: Dry str. resin for paper/paperboard, food-contact paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; designed for use as part of a two-component system

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

- Properties: Amber clear liq.; sol. in water; dens. 9.4 ± 0.1 lb/gal; visc. 500-1000 cps; f.p. 20 F; pH 5 ± 1; 50 ± 1% act.; cationic
- Storage: 3 mos shelf life; store at 40-90 F; if frozen, thaw and agitate prior to use; store in glass, SS, plastic, or epoxy-lined vessels (avoid aluminum, copper, mild steel equip.)

QEMI DSR 8117A [Qemi Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip.: Med. m.w., low charge dens. polyacrylamide CAS 9003-05-8

Uses: Dry str. resin for paper/paperboard, food-contact paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in conjunction with Qemi DSR 8116A for recycle furnishes; effective under acid or alkaline papermaking conditions Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Properties: Lt. amber liq.; sol. in water; dens. 8.95 ± 0.1 lb/gal; visc. 5000-11,000 cps; f.p. 3 F; pH 5 ± 1; 22 ± 1% act.; anionic

Storage: 3 mos shelf life; store at 40-90 F; if frozen, thaw and agitate prior to use; store in glass, SS, plastic, or epoxy-lined vessels (avoid aluminum and iron equip.)

QEMI MDF 8019 [Qemi Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip.: Water-based defoamer composed of silicone fluid, hydro-

phobic particles, and lipophilic surface act. agents

Uses: Machine defoamer for starch systems, coters, ground wood, hydropulpers, white paper white water loops, and wastewater applics.; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty and dry foods; no reportable materials (i.e., paraffinic or naphthenic oils); no adverse effects on sizing

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 176.210

Properties: Wh. to off-wh. emulsion; sp.gr. 0.98-1.02; visc. 800-1600 cps; pH 7-10

QEMI MDF 8021 [Qemi Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip.: Water-based defoamer composed of silicone fluid, hydrophobic particles, and lipophilic surface act. agents

Uses: Machine defoamer for starch systems, coters, ground wood, hydropulpers, white paper white water loops, and wastewater applics.; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty and dry foods; no reportable materials (i.e., paraffinic or naphthenic oils); no adverse effects on sizing

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 176.210

Properties: Wh. to off-wh. emulsion; sp.gr. 0.98-1.02; visc. 800-1600 cps; pH 7-10

QEMI MDF 8023 [Qemi Int'l.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Water-based defoamer composed of surface act. agents Uses: Defoamer for paper machines, in starch and coating systems, and in wastewater applics.; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty and dry foods; no reportable materials (i.e., paraffinic or naphthenic oils); no adverse effects on sizing
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 176.210

Properties: Off-wh. tan emulsion; sp.gr. 0.98-1.02; visc. 800-1200 cps; pH 6.5-9.0

QEMI MDF 8831 [Qemi Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip.: Water-based emulsion defoamer

Uses: Machine defoamer for paper applics., effluent treatment of surf. foam; handles surf. foam as well as trapped air

Properties: Wh. emulsion; sp.gr. 0.95; dens. 8.0 lb/gal; f.p. near 0 C; pH 7.5-8.5

Storage: 6 mos shelf life

QEMI Q-ĂQ-60 [Qemi Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip.: 60% Anthraquinone micronized aq. slurry, ultrahigh purity CAS 84-65-1; EINECS/ELINCS 201-549-0

- Uses: Alkaline pulp catalyst enhancing yield and accelerating delignification of kraft pulps, resulting in increased digester capacity, odor abatement, decreased liquor chemical usage, etc.
- *Properties:* < 1.5 μ mean particle size; dens. 1.22; visc. < 400 cps; pH 8-10; 60% min. assay

Toxicology: Potential skin irritant

QEMI SSDF 8013 [Qemi Int'l.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Water-based defoamer composed of silicone fluid, hydrophobic particles, and lipophilic surface act. agents
- Uses: Defoamer for starch systems, coters, ground wood, hydropulpers, white paper white water loops, and wastewater applics.; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty and dry foods; no reportable materials (i.e., paraffinic or naphthenic oils); no adverse effects on sizing

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 176.210

Properties: Wh. to off-wh. emulsion; sp.gr. 0.98-1.02; visc. 800-1200 cps; Qemicide DTC-1050 [Qemi Int'l.] pH 7-9 Chem. Descrip.: Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate (50-51%) QEMI WSR 8122A [Qemi Int'l.] CAS 128-03-0 Chem. Descrip.: Highly charged cationic thermosetting polyamine resin UN No. 1760 Uses: Wet str. resin for acid or alkaline papermaking, paper/paperboard, Uses: Bactericide and fungicide for industrial recirculating water cooling towvirgin and recycled stocks, fine paper, specialty paper, food-contact paper/ ers, evaporator condensers, paper mills, pulp mills, sec. and tert. petrol. paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; inc. wet tens. and wet tear props.; recovery, and drilling fluids; highly effective; not approved for use in potable effective at pH 4-9; retains and inc. efficiency of internal additives water or where contamination of potable water may occur Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 31910-12-63684 Properties: Amber clear liq.; sol. in water; dens. 9.0 ± 0.2 lb/gal; visc. 200-Properties: Yel.-grn. liq.; dens. 1.25 g/cc (20 C); pH 12-14 600 cps; f.p. 32 F; pH 3.2 \pm 0.5; 30 \pm 0.5% act.; cationic Storage: 3 mos shelf life; store at 40-90 F; if frozen, thaw and agitate prior to Toxicology: Causes eye and skin irritation; harmful if swallowed; avoid contamination of food use; store in glass, SS, plastic, or epoxy-lined vessels (avoid aluminum Precaution: Corrosive lig. Storage: Store at mod. temps., 33-110 F and iron equip.) QEMI WSR 8123A [Qemi Int'l.] Qemicide MBT-10 [Qemi Int'l.] Chem. Descrip.: Highly charged cationic thermosetting polyamine resin Chem. Descrip.: Methylene bisthiocyanate ag. microemulsion Uses: Wet str. resin for acid or alkaline papermaking, paper/paperboard, CAS 6317-18-6 virgin and recycled stocks, furnishes having high cationic demand incl. Uses: Biocide for cooling water and paper industries; slimicide in paper mills; unbleached kraft, corrugating medium, and recycle furnishes, and foodcost effective; long term performance; no hazardous org. solvs. Use Level: 2-8 oz/ton of finished paper contact paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; inc. wet tens. and wet tear props.; effective at pH 4-9; retains and inc. efficiency of internal Regulatory: EPA approved Properties: Wh. microemulsion; sl. pungent odor; m.w. 130 (of act.); sp.gr. additives 1.046 (15.5 C); visc. 150-250 cps; flash pt. > 67 C Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Properties: Dk. amber liq.; sol. in water; dens. 9.0 ± 0.1 lb/gal; visc. 50-250 Qemidink 8001 [Qemi Int'l.] cps; f.p. 32 F; pH 5.0 ± 1; 30 ± 0.5% act.; cationic Chem. Descrip.: Org. cleaner composed of proprietary blend of org. surface Storage: 3 mos shelf life; store at 40-90 F; if frozen, thaw and agitate prior to act. agents and solvent Uses: Deinking aid to remove and disperse inorg. and org. paper machine use; store in glass, SS, plastic, or epoxy-lined vessels (avoid aluminum and iron equip.) additives as well as common org. contaminants from pulping process; Qemiban [Qemi Int'l.] controls common sulfite, groundwood, and kraft pulping pitch aids; degreaser; Chem. Descrip .: Water-based defoamer composed of lipophilic and hydrorelease agent when applied continuously on tissue machines; defoamer in phobic surface act. agents food-contact paper/paperboard; component of paper/paperboard in contact Uses: Defoamer for paper machine white water loops, food-contact paper/ with aq./fatty and dry foods; nonalkaline; nonfoaming Use Level: 0.25-2.0 lb/ton (at hydropulper), 0.01-0.1% (fed continuously thru paperboard, and wastewater applics.; component of paper/paperboard in showers), 5-100% (batch and general cleaning) contact with aq./fatty foods; no reportable materials (i.e., paraffinic or naph-Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 176.210 thenic oils) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.210 Environmental: Biodeg Properties: Wh. emulsion; sp.gr. 0.98-1.02; visc. 800-1200 cps; pH 7-9 Qemidink 8002 [Qemi Inť1.] Chem. Descrip .: Org. surfactant **Qemibrom L-27** [Qemi Int'l.] Chem. Descrip.: 2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilopropionamide (20%) Uses: Deinking aid, flotation aid for starch systems, coters, ground wood, CAS 10222-01-2 hydropulpers, white paper white water loops, and wastewater applics.; Uses: Biocide for control of bacteria, fungi, and yeast in pulp, paper, and softener in tissue prod.; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty and dry foods; inc. flotation paperboard mills; fast-acting; nonoxidizing Use Level: 0.15-0.50 lb/ton of pulp/paper (dry basis) cell effectiveness; nonalkaline; low foaming Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 176.210 Properties: Lt. yel. to amber liq.; mild antiseptic odor; misc. with water; bulk dens. 10.2-10.7 lb/gal; vapor pressure 2.2 x 10⁵ mm Hg; f.p. ≈ -50 C; b.p. Properties: Amber liq.; sp.gr. 0.942 g/ml; visc. 100-200 cps; flash pt. > 450 > 120 C (act. dec.); pour pt. \approx -45 C; flash pt. (COC) none; pH 2-4 F Environmental: Biodeg. Environmental: Outstanding environmental props.; nonpersistent; degrades to naturally occurring prods. Qemidink 8787 [Qemi Int'l.] Storage: 12 mos shelf life; store below 35 C in original self-venting containers Chem. Descrip.: Polyalkylene oxide surfactant out of direct sunlight Uses: Surfactant, deinking aid for paper, optimizing brightness and ink re-Qemibrom L-56 [Qemi Int'l.] moval in combination flotation/washing systems; effective in mills having hard or soft water; zero VOC; fully compat. with all typ. deinking chems.; Chem. Descrip.: 2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilopropionamide (5%) effective over broad pH (8-11) and temp. (90-129 F) ranges; noncorrosive; CAS 10222-01-2 Uses: Biocide for control of bacteria, fungi, and yeast in pulp, paper, and extremely stable paperboard mills; fast-acting; nonoxidizing Use Level: 4-6 lb/ton air-dried fiber (newsprint/magazine and wastepaper) Use Level: 0.06-0.21 gal/ton of pulp/paper (dry basis) *Regulatory:* DOT nonhazardous Properties: Colorless clear liq.; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. 435 cps; f.p. 0 C; flash Properties: Lt. yel. to amber liq.; mild antiseptic odor; misc. with water; bulk dens. 9.1-9.7 lb/gal; vapor pressure 2.2 x 10⁻⁵ mm Hg; f.p. ≈ -50 C; b.p. > pt. (PMCC) nonflamm.; pH 5.5 (1%); nonionic Toxicology: As with any detergent, care should be taken to avoid contact with 120 C (act. dec.); pour pt. \approx -45 C; flash pt. (COC) none; pH 2-4 eves or skin due to natural degreasing props. Environmental: Outstanding environmental props.; nonpersistent; degrades Storage: 6 mos shelf life; store and use above 60 F due to inc. visc. at lower to naturally occurring prods. Storage: 12 mos shelf life; store below 35 C in original self-venting containers temps.; avoid freezing; fully functional once completely thawed; avoid mild out of direct sunlight steel tanks Qemifeltwash 8020A [Qemi Int'l.] Qemicide DTC-35 [Qemi Int'l.] Chem. Descrip.: Solvent/surfactant blend Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate (15-16.6%), nabam (15-16.6%) in inert ingreds. (66.8-70%) Uses: Solvent/surfactant for continuous cleaning of wet felts in paper machine Uses: Bactericide and fungicide for paper mills, pulp mills; slimicide for press sections, e.g., in newsprint or mech. furnish sheets where pitch machines which make food pkg. paper/paperboard control is very important; acidic version; applied diluted at 0.1-1.0% conc. Use Level: 0.1-2.0 lb/ton finished paper Use Level: 3-7 lb/ton paper Properties: Yel.-grn. liq.; sulfurous odor; dens. 1.175 g/cc (20 C); pH 10.5-Properties: Pale yel. clear liq.; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.03; pH 2.4 (5%) Storage: Store at 40-90 F; keep containers closed; store away from heat or 12.4 ignition sources Storage: Store at mod. temps.

Qemifeltwash 8020N

Qemifeltwash 8020N [Qemi Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip.: Solvent/surfactant blend

- Uses: Solvent/surfactant for continuous cleaning of wet felts in paper machine press sections, esp. on brn. paper, linerboard; neutral version; applied diluted at 0.1-1.0% conc.
- Use Level: 3-7 lb/ton paper
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; org. solv. odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.0; f.p. < 0 C; pH 6.5 (5%)
- *Precaution:* May contain trace amts. of ethylene oxide, which may accumulate in the headspace of shipping/storage containers
- Storage: Store at 40-90 F; keep containers closed; store away from heat or ignition sources
- Qemifloc 707 [Qemi Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polymer

- Uses: Coagulant for difficult wastewater applics. in paper, tanneries, steel furniture mfg., oily/greasy effluents, poultry processing plants, automotive mfg., textile industry; useful as primary or sec. coagulant or with anionic polymers; exc. solid-liq. separation; rapid destruction of o/w emulsions; reduces sludge; effective in low and high suspended solids effluents; cost effective over wide range of pH, temp., etc.
- *Properties:* Dk. brn. visc. liq.; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.33-1.35; visc. 1000-2000 cps; f.p. 20 F; pH 4-5; 50% act.; cationic
- Toxicology: Mildly corrosive; avoid contact with eyes and skin; do not ingest *Precaution:* Mildly acidic; mildly corrosive to steel, aluminum, and copper alloys; extremely high temps. (500 F) and highly alkaline conditions may lead to prod. degradation

Qemifloc 8086 [Qemi Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip.: Emulsion polymer

Uses: Coagulant; retention aid for solid-liq. separation processes; clarifier and sludge dewatering aid in industrial and municipal water treatment processes, paper mill effluent treatment; flocculant in filter press and centrifuge operations; effective over wide range of operating conditions; exc. resist. to chlorine

Use Level: 0.1%

Properties: Milky wh. o/w emulsion; high m.w.; bulk dens. 8.6-8.7 lb/gal (80 F); visc. 400-1000 cps (80 F); f.p. 10 F; cationic

Toxicology: Avoid exposure in confined areas

- Precaution: Water should never be added to an o/w emulsion (an intractable gel is formed); spills are very slippery; contains petrol. distillates
- Storage: 6 mos-1 yr shelf life; store at 40-90 F; if frozen, warm and agitate prior to use; will settle sl. on standing; mild agitation restores homogeneity; store empty closed containers away from heat/flame

Qemifloc AH 1000 [Qemi Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip .: High m.w. polymer

- Uses: Flocculant for paper applics.
- Use Level: 3-5 g/l working conc.
- Properties: Wh. powd.; 2% < 100 mesh; bulk dens. 0.80; visc. 1800 cps (5 g/l); anionic
- Storage: Shelf life 24 mos in closed containers when stored indoors at stable temps. between 5 and 30 C

Qemifloc AH 1054 [Qemi Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polymer

Uses: Flocculant for paper applics.

- Use Level: 3-5 g/l working conc.
- Properties: Wh. powd.; 1.25 mm mesh size; bulk dens. 0.80; visc. 1700 cps (5 g/l); anionic

Precaution: Spillages are slippery and may be hazardous if spread on floor Storage: Hygroscopic; store indoors in dry place below 35 C

Qemifloc CEPG 164 [Qemi Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylamide emulsion

CAS 9003-05-8

- Uses: Retention aid for liq.-solid separation processes, paper, belt filter/screw press/centrifuge dewatering, dissolved air flotation, gravity settling; flocculant; coagulant; clarifier for water, influent, effluent; thickener
- Use Level: 10 g/l max. use conc.
- Properties: Milky translucent liq.; med. m.w.; bulk dens. 1.02; visc. 1200 cps; 39% act.; cationic

Storage: 6 mos stability; store @ 0-35 C

Qemifloc FL 61 [Qemi Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip.: Highly charged, low m.w. polymer

Uses: Flocculant, coagulant for liq.-solids separation processes, gravity setting, raw water clarification, potable water treatment, filtration, wastewater treatment; total or partial replacement for inorg. salts; pourable, easy to apply; economical; effective over wide pH range

- Use Level: 1-20 mg/l (raw water clarification, wastewater treatment), 5-20 mg/l (oil wastes)
- *Regulatory:* NSF approved for potable water treatment (20 mg/l max. conc.) *Properties:* Reddish-amber liq.; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.14-1.16 g/ml; visc. 250-400 cps; f.p. 20 F; pH 5.5-6.5; cationic

Environmental: BOD₅ 100,000 mg/l; COD 200,000 mg/l

Storage: 12 mos shelf life @ 10-40 C in SS, epoxy or plastic-lined carbon steel, FRP, or PE containers; avoid iron or aluminum for storage/use

Qemifloc FL 71 [Qemi Int'l.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Highly charged polymer
- Uses: Coagulant for liq.-solids separation processes, water clarification where high color and/or low turbidity are prevalent, potable water treatment; used alone or with a flocculant
- *Regulatory:* NSF approved for potable water treatment (to 20 ppm)
- *Properties:* Amber liq.; sp.gr. 1.14-1.16 g/ml; visc. 650-1000 cps; f.p. 20 F; pH 5.5-6.5; cationic

Storage: 1 yr shelf life; store @ 0-35 C in SS, epoxy or plastic-lined carbon steel, FRP, or PE containers; avoid iron or aluminum equip.

- Qemifloc FL 81 [Qemi Int'l.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Highly charged high m.w. polymer
 - Uses: Coagulant; flocculant; clarification aid; coagulant in potable water treatment; pourable, easy to apply; economical; effective at low dosages, over wide pH, and in chlorinated waters; noncorrosive
 - Regulatory: NSF approved for potable water treatment (to 20 mg/l)
 - Properties: Reddish-amber liq.; sp.gr. 1.15-1.17 g/ml; visc. 5000-9000 cps; f.p. -18 C; pH 4-5; cationic
 - *Storage:* 1 yr shelf life; store @ 10-40 C in SS, epoxy or plastic-lined carbon steel, FRP, or PE containers; avoid iron or aluminum equip.

Qemireten 8015 [Qemi Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip.: Low m.w., very high charge dens. liq.

- Uses: Coagulant, retention aid for industrial liq.-solid separation processes, influent clarification, oily wastewater separation, paper recycle clarification, sludge dewatering, pitch control, stickies control, and color removal; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty food
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.60, 176.170; NSF approved for potable water treatment
- Properties: Lt. amber clear liq.; sol. in water; dens. 9.6 \pm 0.1 lb/gal; visc. 500-1000 cps; f.p. \leq 20 F; pH 5-6; cationic
- Storage: 1 yr min. shelf life in unopened containers; store in cool area; protect from freezing; if frozen, warm to 40-90 F and agitate prior to use; prod. rotation rec.; avoid AI, Cu, or mild steel equip.
- Qemisoft 8075 [Qemi Int'l.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acids and quat. amines blend with 15% IPA/9% water
 - Uses: Tissue softener, release agent, antistat, and repulping aid for paper industry; provides slick hand

Use Level: 0.07-0.14 gal/ton of paper

Properties: Wh. soft solid @ 25 C, easily handled at 46-48 C; easily disp. in hot water; m.w. 569; bulk dens. 7.12 lb/gal; flash pt. 68 F; pH 6.9; 74-77% fatty acids/quat. amines, 15% IPA, 9% water, 2.5% max. amines/amine hydrochloride; highly cationic

Storage: Store in cool, dry place; keep closed

- Qemisoft 8100 [Qemi Int'l.]
- Chem. Descrip.: Quat. ammonium compd.

Uses: Tissue softener for paper industry, cotton, polyester, and wool giving very soft full handle; compat. with nonionic and cationic chems.

Use Level: 1-2% on wt. of goods

Properties: Wh./ylsh. pearls; disp. in cold or warm water; pH 5.0 \pm 0.5 (5 g/ I H₂O); 100% act.; cationic

- Qemisperse 8845 [Qemi Int'l.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Org.

Uses: Pitch dispersant, pitch control agent for use in thick stock to limit pulp defects and stock system deposition, for kraft and newsprint furnish systems *Properties:* Clear pumpable liq.; sl. odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.18; pH 7 (1%)

Storage: Store in cool, dry area

QO® Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol (THFA®) [Penn Spec. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol

CAS 97-99-4; EINECS/ELINCS 202-625-6

Uses: High boiling solvent and carrier for pesticides; FDA approved for use

in paper processing; chemical intermediate; also in industrial and consumer conditioners, paper chemicals; mfg. of organoclays Properties: Off-wh. paste; sol. in warm ethanol, IPA, similar solvs.; disp. in cleaners, leather and textile dyeing, epoxies, coatings, inks, paints, and hot water; dens. 860 kg/m³; visc. 150 mPa·s; solid. pt. 35-40 C; pH 6-8 adhesives; plasticizer and vinyl stabilizer carrier (5% in IPA/water 50/50); 81-83% act. *Regulatory:* FDA compliance Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in water; m.w. 102.13; sp.gr. 1.05 (20 C); dens. 8.79 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 6.24 cps (20 C); f.p. < -80 C; b.p. 178 C; Querton 442E [Akzo Nobel Surf. Chem. AB] Chem. Descrip.: Dihydrogenated tallow dimethyl ammonium chloride flash pt. (TCC) 74 C; ref. index 1.4520 (20 C) CAS 61789-80-8; EÍNEČS/ELINCS 263-090-2 Environmental: Biodeq. Uses: Imparts soft feel and antistatic props. to textile softeners for consumer QS 1162 [Mace Adhesives & Coatings] rinse cycle softeners, commercial laundry, textile mfg. applics., for hair conditioners, paper chemicals; mfg. of organoclays Chem. Descrip.: Fully-reacted aliphatic PU in toluene/isopropanol Uses: For formulation of durable functional and decorative finishes for flexible Properties: Off-wh. paste; sol. in warm ethanol, IPA, similar solvs.; disp. in hot water; dens. 860 kg/m³; visc. 50 mPa•s; solid. pt. 30 C; pH 6-9 (5% in to rigid substrates such as woven and nonwoven textiles, leather, plastic, wood, paper, and paperboard; readily pigmentable IPA/water 50/50); 75-77% act. Properties: Clear visc. liq.; dens. 7.5 lb/gal; visc. 30,000 cps (70 F); VOC Querton 442H [Akzo Nobel Surf. Chem. AB] 5.3 lbs/gal; 30% solids Chem. Descrip.: Dihydrogenated tallow dimethyl ammonium chloride CAS 61789-80-8; EINECS/ELINCS 263-090-2 Toxicology: Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin Storage: Store @ 40-100 F; keep away from all sources of ignition Uses: Imparts soft feel and antistatic props. to textile softeners for consumer rinse cycle softeners, commercial laundry, textile mfg. applics., for hair Q-Thane® QW20-1 [K.J. Quinn] Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic polyester urethane conditioners, paper chemicals; mfg. of organoclays Uses: Water-based disp. for formulation of tough coatings for plastics, metals, Properties: Off-wh. paste; sol. in warm ethanol, IPA, similar solvs.; disp. in and woods; rec. for flexible films (vinyl, polyester), floor coatings, wood hot water; dens. 860 kg/m³; visc. 50 mPa•s; solid. pt. 30 C; pH 6-9 (5% in coatings, and plastic, metal, and paper coatings; high gloss and exc. abra-IPA/water 50/50); 75-77% act. Querton 442P [Akzo Nobel Surf. Chem. AB] sion resist. Properties: Visc. 25-550 cps; VOC 317 g/l; pH 7.5 ± 0.5; tens. str. 3600; Chem. Descrip.: Di(C12-20 alkyl) dimethylammonium chloride elong. 200%; hardness (Sward) 9; $33 \pm 1\%$ solids CAS 68514-95-4 Q-Thane® QW28 [K.J. Quinn] Uses: Imparts soft feel and antistatic props. to textile softeners for consumer Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic polyester urethane aq. disp. rinse cycle softeners, commercial laundry, textile mfg. applics., for hair Uses: Used for flexible substrates that require tough durable coating; also for conditioners, paper chemicals; mfg. of organoclays Properties: Off-wh. paste; sol. in warm ethanol, IPA, similar solvs.; disp. in industrial bonding, plastic and paper coatings Properties: Translucent; visc. 25-500 cps; VOC 270 g/l; pH 7.75 ± 0.75; hot water; dens. 860 kg/m³; visc. 50 mPa•s; solid. pt. 30 C; pH 6-9 (5% in tens. str. 5000; elong. 550%; hardness (Sward) 10; $36 \pm 1\%$ solids IPA/water 50/50) Q-Thane® TE2028 [K.J. Quinn] Querton 442P-11 [Akzo Nobel Surf. Chem. AB] Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic emulsion Chem. Descrip.: Di(C12-20 alkyl) dimethylammonium chloride CAS 68514-95-4 Uses: For use as coating for fabrics, nonwovens, and paper to provide chem., water, and heat resist.; compat. with Q-Thane QWs to provide exc. Uses: Imparts soft feel and antistatic props. to textile softeners for consumer rinse cycle softeners, commercial laundry, textile mfg. applics., for hair crosslinking Properties: PH 6.2 ± 0.25; 50% ± 1 solids conditioners, paper chemicals; mfg. of organoclays Quenchophor™ AK 01 Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Properties: Off-wh. paste; sol. in warm ethanol, IPA, similar solvs.; disp. in Chem. Descrip.: Polymer hot water; dens. 860 kg/m³; visc. 90 mPa•s; solid. pt. 35-40 C; pH 6-8 (5% Uses: Fluorescence quenching agent for papers contrg. fluorescent whitening in IPA/water 50/50); 76-78.5% act. agents Quilon[®] C [DuPont; DuPont Canada] Chem. Descrip.: Chrome complex sol'n. in IPA Properties: Liq.; cationic Quenchophor™ E1006 Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Water repellent and release agent used for water-repellent pkg. materials, food pkg., grease-resistant and release paper when used with PVA, Chem. Descrip.: Polymer Uses: Fluorescence quenching agent for papers conting. fluorescent whitening water-repellent nonwoven fabrics, adhesive tapes, release films; insolubilizer agents for paper coatings, glass fiber coatings; water repellent, tanning agent, lubri-Properties: Liq.; cationic cant for leather, suede, feathers Properties: Blue-grn. liq.; alcoholic odor; b.p. 82 C; water-sol.; dens. 0.97 q/ Quenchophor™ E1025 Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] ml; flash pt. 4 C (TOC); 5.7% Cr; 7.8% Cl Chem. Descrip.: Polymer Uses: Fluorescence quenching agent for papers contrg. fluorescent whitening Quilon® H [DuPont; DuPont Canada] agents Chem. Descrip .: Chrome complex sol'n. in IPA Uses: Water repellent and release agent used on paper/paperboard for water-Properties: Liq.; cationic Querton 442 [Akzo Nobel Surf. Chem. AB] repellent pkg. materials, food pkg., grease-resistant and release paper when Chem. Descrip.: Dihydrogenated tallow dimethyl ammonium chloride used with PVA, water-repellent coatings and adhesives, water- and stain-CAS 61789-80-8; EÍNEČS/ELINCS 263-090-2 resistant leather (shoes, golf bags, etc.), colorfast, water-repellent suede Uses: Imparts soft feel and antistatic props. to textile softeners for commercial (dry-cleanable); insolubilizer for adhesives, films, protein binders, and inks laundry and textile mfg. applics., for hair conditioners, paper chemicals; mfg. Properties: Dk.-grn. liq.; alcoholic odor; b.p. 82 C; water-sol.; dens. 1.04 g/ of organoclays ml; flash pt. -3 C (TOC); 9.2% Cr; 12.6% Cl Querton 442-11 [Akzo Nobel Surf. Chem. AB] Quilon[®] L [DuPont; DuPont Canada] Chem. Descrip.: Dihydrogenated tallow dimethyl ammonium chloride Chem. Descrip.: Chrome complex sol'n. in IPA CAS 61789-80-8; EINECS/ELINCS 263-090-2 Uses: Water repellent and release agent used on paper/paperboard for water-Uses: Imparts soft feel and antistatic props. to textile softeners for commercial repellent pkg. materials, food pkg., grease-resistant and release paper when laundry and textile mfg. applics., for hair conditioners, paper chemicals; mfg. used with PVA, release and grease-crawl-resist. paper for industrial release of organoclays sheets for prep. of plastic laminates, food separators and pan liners, separa-Properties: Off-wh. paste; sol. in warm ethanol, IPA, or similar solvs.; disp. tor sheets for pressure-sensitive tapes and labels, water-repellent coatings in hot water; dens. 860 kg/m³; visc. 90 mPa•s; solid. pt. 35-40 C; pH 6-8 and adhesives (5% in IPA/water 50/50); 76-78.5% act. Regulatory: FDA approved for food pkg. Querton 442-82 [Akzo Nobel Surf. Chem. AB] Properties: Dk.-grn. liq.; alcoholic odor; b.p. 82 C; water-sol.; dens. 1.03 g/ Chem. Descrip.: Dihydrogenated tallow dimethyl ammonium chloride ml; flash pt. -2 C (TOC); 9.2% Cr; 12.7% Cl CAS 61789-80-8; EINECS/ELINCS 263-090-2 Quilon[®] S [DuPont; DuPont Canada] Chem. Descrip.: Chrome complex sol'n. in IPA

Uses: Imparts soft feel and antistatic props. to textile softeners for consumer rinse cycle softeners, commercial laundry, textile mfg. applics., for hair

Uses: Water repellent and release agent used for release and grease-crawl-

resistant papers (industrial release sheets for prep. of plastic laminates, food separators and pan liners, separator sheets for pressure-sensitive tapes and labels), water-repellent pkg. materials, food pkg., grease-resistant and release paper when applied with PVA, water-repellent coatings and adhesives; insolubilizer for adhesives, films, protein binders, and inks

Properties: Dk.-grn. liq.; alcoholic odor; b.p. 82 C; water-sol.; dens. 0.95 g/ ml; flash pt. 2 C (TOC); 5.7% Cr; 7.8% Cl

Quso® G35, G38, WR55, WR83 [Degussa-Hüls]

Chem. Descrip.: Precipitated silica

- CAS 1343-98-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-683-2
- Uses: Thickener for pastes, creams, lotions in cosmetics and toiletries; suspending agent; improves free-flowing chars. of fine powds.; defoamer for pulp/paper
- Properties: Microfine; sol. in hot, strong alkaline sol'ns.

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Rad-Cure 106A [Rad-Cure]

Uses: UV-curable, heat-sealable adhesive coating providing exc. results when cured on paper or porous substrates for subsequent thermal sealing to glass, aluminum, and steel; high gloss, nonyel. appearance

Properties: Gardner 1-2 clear liq.; moderate, musty acrylate odor (uncured), mild sweet odor (cured); dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. 150-250 cps; 100% solids Rad-Cure 106B [Rad-Cure]

- Uses: UV-curable, heat-sealable blister coating for blister card applics., producing a paper tearing bond when heat sealed to vinyl blisters; high gloss, nonyel. appearance; also seals well to itself and to most papers and some other plastics
- Properties: Light hazy liq.; moderate, musty acrylate odor (uncured), mild sweet odor (cured); dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. 650-950 cps; 100% solids

Rad-Cure 106S [Rad-Cure]

- Uses: UV-curable, heat-sealable adhesive coating intended primarily for plastic-to-plastic applics., and can be cured on paper, vinyl, Lexan, Mylar, and some other plastics; high gloss, nonyel. appearance; cured adhesive has exc. seal props.
- Properties: Lt. hazy liq.; moderate, camphor-like odor (uncured), mild sweet odor (cured); dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. 250-350 cps; 100% solids

Radiaflot® [Atofina]

- Chem. Descrip.: Surfactant
- Uses: Dispersant for pulp, deinking; flotation collector; foam regulator *Environmental*: Biodeg.

Raisaccel 2510-L3 [Vinings Ind.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Blend of surfactants and anthraquinone
- Uses: Pulping catalyst; improves pulp yield, str., and uniformity; reduces the K number, the rejects, and the usage rate of pulping chems.

Rai-X-Foam [Vinings Ind.]

Uses: Defoamer for pulp/paper

Ralufon® EA 15-90 [Raschig; Raschig AG]

- Chem. Descrip.: 2-Ethylhexanol, ethoxylated, sulfopropylated CAS 154906-10-2
- Uses: Surfactant used in electroplating baths, metal cleaners, tert. oil recovery, emulsion polymerization, paper and textile applics.; wetting agent; solubilizer for hardly sol. nonionics; low-foaming; long service life due to inherent stability; hydrolysis-resist. over wide pH range; no cloud pt.

Properties: Liq.; completely misc. in water; pH 5-9; 70% min. act.; anionic Ralufon® F3-13 [Raschig]

Chem. Descrip.: Alkanol polyethylene oxide sulfopropyl ether, potassium salt *Uses:* Surfactant used in electroplating baths, metal cleaners, tert. oil recovery, emulsion polymerization, paper and textile applics.; high foaming power; stable against alkaline earth ions (hard water); insensitive to high electrolyte concs.; resist. in acid and basic media; completely salt-free

Properties: Paste; completely misc. in water; 70% min. act.; anionic **Ralufon® F4-I** [Raschig; Raschig AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Isotridecyl alcohol ethoxylate (4 mole) sulfopropyl ether, potassium salt

CAS 119481-70-8

Uses: Surfactant for cleansers, emulsions, electroplating baths, metal cleaners, tert. oil recovery, emulsion polymerization, paper and textile applics.; high foaming power; stable against alkaline earth ions (hard water); insensitive to high electrolyte concs.; resist. in acid and basic media; completely salt-free

Properties: Paste; completely misc. in water; 70% min. act.; anionic

Ralufon® F5-13I [Raschig; Raschig AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Pentaethylene glycol-α-alkyl (C13-C15) alcohol-ω-(3-sulfopropyl)-diether

CAS 119481-71-9

Uses: Surfactant for cleansers, emulsions, electroplating baths, metal cleaners, tert. oil recovery, emulsion polymerization, paper and textile applics.; high foaming power; stable against alkaline earth ions (hard water); insensitive to high electrolyte concs.; resist. in acid and basic media; completely salt-free

Properties: Paste; completely misc. in water; 70% min. act.; anionic

Ralufon® F7-13 [Raschig; Raschig AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Heptaethylene glycol- α -alkyl (C13-C15) alcohol- ω -(3-sulfopropyl)-diether

CAS 119481-71-9

Uses: Surfactant for cleansers, emulsions, electroplating baths, metal cleaners, tert. oil recovery, emulsion polymerization, paper and textile applics.; high foaming power; stable against alkaline earth ions (hard water); insensitive to high electrolyte concs.; resist. in acid and basic media; completely salt-free

Properties: Paste; completely misc. in water; 70% min. act.; anionic **Ralufon® F11-13** [Raschig; Raschig AG]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Undecaethylene glycol-α-alkyl (C13-C15) alcohol-ω-(3sulfopropyl)-diether
- CAS 119481-71-9
- Uses: Surfactant for cleansers, emulsions, electroplating baths, metal cleaners, tert. oil recovery, emulsion polymerization, paper and textile applics.; high foaming power; stable against alkaline earth ions (hard water); insensitive to high electrolyte concs.; resist. in acid and basic media; completely salt-free

Properties: Paste; completely misc. in water; 70% min. act.; anionic

Ralufon® N3.5 [Raschig]

- Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyethylene oxide sulfopropyl ether, potassium salt
- Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, emulsifier in electroplating baths, metal cleaners, tert. oil recovery, emulsion polymerization, paper and textile applics.; high foaming power; stable against alkaline earth ions (hard water); insensitive to high electrolyte concs.; resist. in acid and basic media; completely salt-free

Properties: Paste; completely misc.; 70% min. act.; anionic

Ralufon® N6 [Raschig]

- Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyethylene oxide sulfopropyl ether, potassium salt
- Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, emulsifier in electroplating baths, metal cleaners, tert. oil recovery, emulsion polymerization, paper and textile applics.; high foaming power; stable against alkaline earth ions (hard water); insensitive to high electrolyte concs.; resist. in acid and basic media; completely salt-free

Properties: Paste; completely misc.; 70% min. act.; anionic

Ralufon[®] N9 [Raschig; Raschig AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene glycol-α-(4-nonylphenyl)-ω-3-sulfopropyl diether, potassium salt

CAS 119438-10-7

Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, emulsifier in electroplating baths, metal cleaners, tert. oil recovery, emulsion polymerization, paper and textile applics.; high foaming power; stable against alkaline earth ions (hard water); insensi-

tive to high electrolyte concs.; resist. in acid and basic media; completely Precaution: Avoid open flame Storage: 3 mos. shelf life away from heat and UV-lt. salt-free Reacopaque 100 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Properties: Paste; completely misc.; 70% min. act.; anionic Ralufon[®] N10 [Raschig] Uses: Opacifier to replace abrasive fillers in various paper grades; improves smoothness of most paper, improves pressroom performance, increases Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol polyethylene oxide sulfopropyl ether, potassium salt sizina Reactopaque® 100 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, emulsifier in electroplating baths, metal cleaners, tert. oil recovery, emulsion polymerization, paper and textile applics.; Chem. Descrip.: Hydrophobic polyamide high foaming power; stable against alkaline earth ions (hard water); insensi-CAS 25038-54-4 tive to high electrolyte concs.; resist. in acid and basic media; completely Uses: Opacifier for paper incl. newsprint, uncoated and coated free sheets, salt-free LWC, board and tissue grades; improves paper formation and smoothness; provides higher opacity at equal or higher brightness Properties: Paste; completely misc.; 70% min. act.; anionic Ralufon® N20-90 [Raschig; Raschig AG] Properties: Visc. 400 cps; pH 4.0; 11% total solids; cationic Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene glycol-α-(4-nonylphenyl)-ω-3-sulfopropyl di-Reactopaque® 150 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] ether, potassium salt Chem. Descrip.: Hydrophobic polyamide CAS 119438-10-7 CAS 25038-54-4 Uses: Opacifier for paper incl. newsprint, uncoated and coated free sheets, Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, emulsifier in electroplating baths, metal cleaners, tert. oil recovery, emulsion polymerization, paper and textile applics.; LWC, board and tissue grades; improves paper formation and smoothness; high foaming power; stable against alkaline earth ions (hard water); insensiprovides higher opacity at equal or higher brightness; works at higher pH; sl. tive to high electrolyte concs.; resist. in acid and basic media; completely more cationic than Reactopaque 100 Properties: Visc. 400 cps; pH 4.0; 11% total solids; cationic salt-free Reactopaque® 175 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Properties: Paste; completely misc.; anionic Ralufon® NAPE 14-90 [Raschig: Raschig AG] Chem. Descrip.: Hydrophobic polyamide Chem. Descrip.: Sulfoalkylated polyalkylated B-naphthol, potassium salt CAS 25038-54-4 CAS 120478-49-1 Uses: Opacifier for paper incl. newsprint, uncoated and coated free sheets, Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, emulsifier used in electroplating baths, metal LWC, board and tissue grades; improves paper formation and smoothness; cleaners, tert. oil recovery, emulsion polymerization, paper, leather, and provides higher opacity at equal or higher brightness; works at higher pH; sl. textile applics., tech. cleaners; solubilizer for aromatic compds.; low-foammore cationic than Reactopaque 100 Properties: Visc. 400 cps; pH 4.0; 11% total solids; cationic ing; good dissolving power for organic substances Properties: Liq.; completely sol. in water; pH 5-9; 70% min. act.; anionic ReChem® [Hercules] Raneoff F-9 [Eastern Color & Chem.] Uses: Deinking agent, flotation aid, pulping aid, debonder, ink dispersant for Chem. Descrip .: Fluorocarbon-type recycled fiber systems Uses: Water repellent in food-contact paper/paperboard; durable; provides oil Redifloc[®] Series [Éka Chems.] resist. with water repellency; zero VOC version Chem. Descrip.: Polyamines, polyacrylamides, and polyaluminum Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 hydroxychloride Rapisol B-30, B-80, B-90, C-70 [NOF] Uses: Anionic trash catcher to reduce colloidal interference and deposition in Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate papermaking processes CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4 Regal® 991 [Cabot/Special Blacks] Chem. Descrip.: Carbon black Uses: Wetting agent; dyeing aux.; penetrant for textiles, machine industry; detergent for food industry; dispersant for pitch; agric. spreader; deinking CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9 agent for waste paper; pharmaceutical additive; emulsifier for PVC paste Uses: Colorant for gravure and carbon paper inks, gloss inks and bases; resin, petrol and tar; flash agent for dyestuffs and pigments; flotation agent for general purpose; offers balance of good dispersion and blue tone mining industry Use Level: 15-22% (web-offset newsink); 35-45% (paste ink bases); 5-12% Properties: Colorless transparent liqs.; anionic (liq. gravure ink) Raven[®] H2O [Columbian Chems.] Properties: Pellets; 38 nm particle size; sp.gr. 1.8; dens. 28 lb/ft³; surf. area Chem. Descrip.: Carbon black 46 m²/g; oil absorp. 63 cc/100 g; 1% volatile CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9 HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: For paper, building materials; low energy disp. Regal® 99R [Cabot/Special Blacks] Properties: Powd.; 55 nm mean particle size; sp.gr. 1.8; surf. area 45 m²/g; Chem. Descrip.: Carbon black oil absorp. 111 (powd.); 2.2% NV CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9 RC 503 [Process Chems. LLC] Uses: Colorant for gravure and carbon paper inks, gloss inks and bases; general purpose; offers balance of good dispersion and blue tone Uses: Brownstock defoamer for kraft, sulfite, and semi-chem. pulp washing., for use in brownstock washing, screen room, and bleach plant operations; Use Level: 35-45% (paste ink bases) oil-based; does not contribute to deposit formation; suitable whether batch or Properties: Fluffy; 38 nm particle size; sp.gr. 1.8; dens. 16 lb/ft³; surf. area 46 continuous pulp is employed m²/g; oil absorp. 65 cc/100 g; 1% volatile Properties: Opaque tan liq.; dens. 7-9 lb/gal; visc. 300-500 cps HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Toxicology: TSCA listed Regal® 300R [Cabot/Special Blacks] Storage: Store in dry area Chem. Descrip.: Carbon black RC 8003 [Mace Adhesives & Coatings] CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9 Uses: Paper coating for heat transfer printing applics.; good ink reception and Uses: Colorant for inks, coatings, plastics, paper; provides high tinting str., good release for clean transfer; no VOCs good jetness, and good dispersion Use Level: 30-60 g/ream coat wt. Properties: Fluffy; 27 nm particle size; dens. 13 lb/ft3; surf. area 80 m2/g; Properties: Colorless clear lt. oil; mild acrylic odor; visc. 150 cps ± 50 (70 F); 1.0% volatile Regal® 330 [Cabot/Special Blacks] 100% solids Precaution: Avoid open flame Chem. Descrip.: Carbon black CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9 Storage: 3 mos. shelf life away from heat and UV-It. Uses: Colorant, UV stabilizer for inks, coatings, plastics, paper; provides RC 8005 [Mace Adhesives & Coatings] Uses: UV-curable paper coating; good stain, solv. resist., and color stability; high tinting str., good jetness, and good dispersion no VOCs Properties: Pellets; 25 nm particle size; dens. 28 lb/ft3; surf. area 94 m2/g; 1.0% volatile Use Level: 30-120 g/ream coat wt. Properties: Clear to off-wh. liq.; mild acrylic odor; visc. 2400 cps ± 200 (70 Regal® 330R [Cabot/Special Blacks] F); 100% solids Chem. Descrip.: Carbon black

CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9	Chem. Des
Uses: Colorant, UV stabilizer for inks, coatings, plastics, paper; provides	Uses: Cros
high tinting str., good ietness, and good dispersion	appliance.
<i>Properties:</i> Fluffy: 25 nm particle size: dens. 19 lb/ft ³ : surf. area 94 m ² /g:	ibility and
1.0% volatile	gloss flex
Regal® 400 [Cabot/Special Blacks]	Properties:
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Carbon black	gal: visc.
CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9	Storage: 24
Uses: Colorant providing exc. dispersion in gloss printing and carbon paper	Resimene® 74
inks, stable tinting of enamels, resistive plastics	Chem. Des
Properties: Pellets; 25 nm particle size; dens. 30 lb/ft ³ ; surf. area 96 m ² /g;	CAS 3089-1
3.5% volatile	Uses: Cross
Regal® 400R [Cabot/Special Blacks]	coil, can/c
Chem. Descrip.: Carbon black, aftertreated	paneling;
CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9	cure respo
Uses: Colorant providing exc. dispersion in gloss printing and carbon paper	Properties:
inks, stable tinting of enamels, resistive plastics (higher dielec. PVC cable	10.1 lb/ga
compds.)	min. solids
Properties: Fluffy; 25 nm particle size; dens. 14 lb/ft ³ ; surf. area 96 m ² /g; pH	Storage: 24
2.5-4.0; 3.5% volatile	Resimene [®] /4
Regal® SRF-S [Cabot/Special Blacks]	Chem. Des
Chem. Descrip.: Carbon black	CAS 3089-1
CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9	Uses: Cros
Uses: Colorant for gravure and one-time carbon paper links	tive, applia
Use Level: 5-12% (IIQ. glavule IIK) Dranartias: Dallats: 60 nm particla siza: sp. gr. 1.9; dans. 22 lb/ff ³ ; surf. area	ity and tou
20 m ² /g, oil abcorp. 64 cc/100 g; 19/ volatilo	Droportioc
SUTH /g, UII absolp. 04 CC/100 g, 1% Voldule HMIS: Health 0: Elammability 1: Deactivity 0	(Cardnor
	Storage: 2/
Chem Descrin · Triaryl nhosnhate	Resimene® 75
Uses: Elame retardant plasticizer for PVC and other polymers, rubber, and	Chem Des
systems, latexes based on PVC, SBR, PVAc, acrylics, FVA, paints,	75:25)
dves, nonwoven fabric binders, textile back coatings, carpet backings,	CAS 68036
asbestos paper bindinas, adhesives, pigment carriers; emulsifiable	Uses: Cross
Properties: Water-disp.; sp.gr. 1.145-1.161 (20/20 C); acid no. 0.26; nonionic	temps., fo
Reomol® TBP [FMC]	electrosta
Chem. Descrip.: Tributyl phosphate	cratering r
CAS 126-73-8; EINECS/ELINCS 204-800-2	Properties:
Uses: Defoamer for drilling muds, cements, fracturing fluids, plaster composi-	Z ₄ ; flash p
tions, paper coatings, pulp bleaching, mold coating, glass luminescent coat-	Storage: 24
ings, aq. emulsion paints, adhesives, mercerizing liquors/dye baths; anti-	Resimene [®] 79
freeze sol'ns., fermentation, detergents; primary plasticizer and solvent;	Chem. Des
pigment dispersant	styrene al
Properties: Liq.; soi. in min. oii, gasoline, most org. liqs.; soi. 0. 1% in water;	Uses: Cros
Insoi. In giycerin, giycois; sp.gr. 0.97-0.983 (20/20 C); dens. 8.14 lb/gai (20	container,
C); VISC. 3.7 CP (20 C); Vapor pressure 7.3 mini Hy (150 C); 1.p. < -80 C; h n 127 145 C (4 mm Ha); nour nt - 20 C; flach nt 144 C; fire nt 192 C;	100 E
$D.p. 157-145 \cup (4 11111 \Pi y), pour pr. < 60 \cup, 11311 pr. 100 \cup, 1112 pr. 102 U, surf tons, 20 dynasism (20 C); 7.4% D < 0.1% maintum$	Droportios:
Sun. lens. 29 uynes/cm (20 G), 7.4 /0 $\Gamma_1 < 0.1$ /0 moisiure Tavicalagu: Savara skin irritant	Holdt) V 7
Precaution: Low degree of fire hazard	Storade [,] 24
Repolem® [Atofina SA]	Resimene® 71
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Acrylic disps. and emulsions	Chem. Des
Uses: Binder for decorative paints, adhesives, textiles and nonwoven mate-	nol
rials, leather, pulp/paper, etc.	Uses: Cross
Resimene® 717 [Solutia]	plastic, ex
Chem. Descrip.: High solids methylated melamine in n-butanol	proved lov
Uses: Crosslinker for thermosetting high solids and waterborne surf. coatings	coating file
for automotive, metal, paper, appliance, and metal deco coatings, inks,	adhesion
prefinished paneling; gives rapid low temp. crosslinking, without need for	Properties:
strong acid catalysis	Holdt) R-
Properties: APHA 30 max. liq.; dens. 9.5-9.7 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner-Holdt) Z-	Resimene [®] 71
Z ₄ ; flash pt. (PMCC) 33 C; 84% min. solids	Chem. Desc
Storage: 6 mos shelf life stored in tanks at temps. between 4-32 C	nol
Resumence / JU [Solulia]	Uses: Cros
Unerri. Descript.: High solids methylated metamine in isopropyl alcohol	plastic, ex
container and paper coatings links, profinished papeling, fact upgetely red	proved 10
cure response and nood uncatalized enamel stability	Properties
Pronortios ADHA 30 may lin sol in solve and water done 0.75.10.05 lb/	Holdt) II V
gal visc (Gardner-Holdt) 7, 7, flash nt (PMCC) 22 C 90% min solide	Resimene® AC
Storage: 24 mos shelf life stored in tanks at temps, hetween 4-32 C	Chem Des
Resimence® 735 [Solutia]	resin in wa
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> High solids methylated melamine in isopropanol Uses: Crosslinker for thermosetting aq. and solvborne surf. coatings for appliance metal paper metal does and autometics coatings; good compati-
ibility and fast cure response, exc. uncatalyzed enamel stability; offers high gloss, flexible, and impact-resist. films
Properties: APHA 30 max. liq.; sol. in solvs. and water; dens. 9.35-9.65 lb/ gal; visc. (Gardner-Holdt) T-W; flash pt. (PMCC) 10 C; 80% min. solids Storage: 24 mag abolf life storad in tarks at target between 4.32 C
Storage: 24 mos shell life stored in tarks at temps. Detween 4-32 C
Simene® 743 [Solulid] Cham Descript Havemathavumathul malamina
Uses: Crosslinker for thermosetting surf. coatings for automotive, appliance, coil, can/container, metal, metal deco, and paper coatings, inks, prefinished paneling; offers exc. catalyzed cure response, stability, and compatibility;
cure response 220 to > 600 F Properties: APHA 30 max. liq.; solvsol. and water-extandable; dens. 9.9- 10.1 lb/gal; visc. (Gardpar, Holdt) V.Z.; flash pt. (PMCC) 110+ C: 98%
min. solids Storage: 24 mos shelf life stored in tanks at temps. between 4-32 C
simene® 747 [Solutia]
Chem. Descrip.: Hexamethoxymethyl melamine CAS 3089-11-0
Uses: Crosslinker for thermosetting solv. and aq. surf. coatings for automo- tive, appliance, coil, can/container, metal, metal deco, and paper coatings, inks; provides for exc. catalyzed cure response with very good film flexibil- ity and tourshoes.
Ity and toughiness Dranartias: Lig ; sol, in water with cosoly ; dons, 0,0,10,1, lb/gal; vise
(Gardner-Holdt) Y-Z ₃ ; flash pt. (PMCC) 110+C; 98% min. solids Storage: 24 mos shelf life stored in tanks at temps between 4-32 C.
simene® 757 [Solutia]
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> High solids methylated/butylated melamine (methyl:butyl 75:25)
CAS 68036-97-5
Uses: Crosslinker for thermosetting high solids surf. coatings, esp. at reduced temps., for automotive, appliance, metal, metal deco, and paper coatings, electrostatically applied coatings, and inks; improved flow, leveling, and
cratering resist.; better intercoat adhesion Properties: APHA 30 max. liq.; dens. 9.4-9.6 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner-Holdt) Z-
Z ₄ ; flash pt. (PMCC) 66+ C; 97% min. solids Storage: 24 mos shelf life stored in tanks at temps, between 4-32 C
simene® 797 [Solutia]
Chem. Descrip.: Modified high solids methylated melamine contg. 20% styrene allyl alcohol in ethanol
Uses: Crosslinker for thermosetting surf. coatings for automotive, coil, can/
and extrusion coatings, inks; cure/performance at cure temps. as low as 180 F
Properties: APHA 100 max. liq.; solvsol.; dens. 9.4-9.7 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner-
Storage: 24 mos shelf life stored in tanks at temps. between 4-32 C
simene® 7111 [Solutia]
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Modified methylated melamine formaldehyde resin in etha- nol
Uses: Crosslinker for solvent-borne and high solids coatings incl. automotive, plastic, exterior container, paper, wood, and general metal coatings; im-
proved low temp. catalyzed cure response, better water resistance, tougher coating films, improved hardness without loss in film flexibility, and better advaction
Properties: APHA 100 max. color; dens. 9.5-9.8 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner-
ΠΟΙΟΙ Κ- V; IIASH βL. (ΡΙΛΙΟΟ) 30 C; 90-94% SOIIOS simono® 7112 [Solutio]
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Modified methylated melamine formaldehyde resin in etha-
Uses: Crosslinker for solvborne and high solids coatings incl. automotive,
proved low temp. catalyzed cure response; better water, chemical, and stain resist.; better corrosion and salt spray resist.
Properties: APHA 100 max. color; dens. 9.5-9.8 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner- Holdt) LLV: flash pt. (PMCC) 30 C: 00 04% collide
ιοίαι μ. (Γινίου) ου υ. 70-74% Sullas simene® ΔΟ-1616 [Solutia]
Chem, Descrip.: High solids partially methylated melamine-formaldehyde
resin in water

TRADE NAME REFERENCE • 301

CAS 68002-20-0

- Uses: Crosslinker for coating systems incl. automotive primers/topcoats, paper/paperboard coatings, latex binder systems, nonwoven binders, wood coatings, gen'l. metal coatings; provides fast and low temp. cure with little or no acid catalyst, good cured film props.
- Properties: APHA 40 max. color; dens. 10.35-10.65 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner-Holdt) W-Z; flash pt. (PMCC) > 200 F; 78-82% solids

Storage: Protect from freezing

Resimene® AQ-7550 [Solutia]

Chem. Descrip.: Partially methylated melamine CAS 68002-20-0

- Uses: Crosslinker for thermosetting surf. coating, aq. coatings incl. metal, paper, automotive, coil, and wood furniture and cabinet coatings, inks; rapid uncatalyzed cure response
- Properties: APHA 30 max. liq.; sol. in water; dens. 10.4-10.7 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner-Holdt) U-W; flash pt. (PMCC) 93+ C; 79% min. solids in water Storage: 4 mos shelf life stored in tanks at temps. between 4-32 C; protect
- from freezing

Resimene® BM-5901 [Solutia]

Chem. Descrip.: High solids butylated melamine in n-butanol

- Uses: Crosslinker for thermosetting surf. coatings, high solids and waterborne coatings for auto, appliance, metal, paper, and metal deco, and wood furniture and cabinet coatings, inks; gives fast, low temp. crosslinking without need for strong acid catalysis
- Properties: APHA 30 max. liq.; dens. 8.6-8.9 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner-Holdt) Z₁.Z₄; flash pt. (PMCC) 33 C; 80% solids

Storage: 12 mos shelf life stored in tanks at temps. between 4-32 C

Resimene® CE-6517 [Solutia]

- Chem. Descrip.: High solids methylated/butylated melamine in n-butanol Uses: Crosslinker, flow control agent, leveling agent for thermosetting surf. coatings for metal, paper, auto, appliance, coil, and metal deco, prefinished paneling, wood furniture and cabinet coatings, and inks; rapid uncatalyzed cure response
- Properties: APHA 30 max. liq.; dens. 9.3-9.5 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner-Holdt) W-Z₂; flash pt. (PMCC) 33 C; 85% min. solids

Storage: 12 mos shelf life stored in tanks at temps. between 4-32 C

Resimene® HM-2608 [Solutia]

- Chem. Descrip.: High solids methylated melamine in isobutanol
- Uses: Crosslinking agent for thermosetting high solids and waterborne surf. coatings, for automotive, appliance, metal, paper, and metal deco coatings, inks, prefinished paneling; low temp. cure response with little or no acid catalysts
- Properties: Liq.; dens. 9.7-9.9 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner-Holdt) Z₁.Z₄; flash pt. (PMCC) 31 C; 90% min. solids
- Storage: 6 mos shelf life stored in tanks at temps. between 4-32 C

Resimene® U-901 [Solutia]

- Chem. Descrip .: High solids butylated urea-formaldehyde resin in 65% butanol, 35% xylene
- Uses: Crosslinker for thermosetting surf. coatings for metal deco, general metal, prefinished paneling, paper, and prefinished paneling coatings; fast cure
- Properties: APHA 30 max. color; insol. in water; dens. 8.3-8.6 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner-Holdt) W-Z: flash pt. (PMCC) 21 C: 50-54% solids
- Storage: 12 mos shelf life stored in tanks at temps. between 4-32 C Resimene® U-918 [Solutia]
 - Chem. Descrip .: High solids butylated urea-formaldehyde resin in butanol Uses: Crosslinker for thermosetting surf. coatings for can/container, metal deco, general metal, paper, and prefinished paneling coatings; epoxy crosslinker; exc. flexibility, cure chars., and good moisture resist.
 - Properties: APHA 30 max. color; insol. in water; dens. 8.6-8.9 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner-Holdt) W-Z₂; flash pt. (PMCC) 40 C; 69-73% solids

Storage: 24 mos shelf life stored in tanks at temps. between 4-32 C Resimene® U-920 [Solutia]

- Chem. Descrip.: High solids butylated urea in 75% butanol, 25% xylene Uses: Crosslinker for thermosetting surf. coatings for metal deco, general metal, prefinished paneling, paper, and wood and furniture and cabinet coatings; very good compat., gloss retention, and color retention
- Properties: APHA 30 max. color; insol. in water; dens. 8.4-8.6 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner-Holdt) U-X; flash pt. (PMCC) 36 C; 58-62% solids
- Storage: 24 mos shelf life stored in tanks at temps. between 4-32 C Resimene® U-933 [Solutia]

Chem. Descrip.: High solids butylated urea in 55% isobutanol, 45% xylene

Uses: Crosslinker for thermosetting surf. coatings, esp. heat-sensitive substrates (e.g., wood and plastic) for general metal, prefinished paneling, paper, and wood furniture and cabinet coatings; very fast cure response

Properties: APHA 30 max. color; insol. in water; dens. 8.1-8.4 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner-Holdt) W-Z; flash pt. (PMCC) 18 C; 49-53% solids

Storage: 12 mos shelf life stored in tanks at temps. between 4-32 C Resimene® U-970 [Solutia]

Chem. Descrip.: High solids methylated urea-formaldehyde resin in isobutanol Uses: Crosslinker for thermosetting surf. coatings for general metal, prefinished paneling, paper, and wood furniture and cabinet coatings; good reactivity; reduced level of free formaldehyde

Properties: APHA 60 max. liq.; sol. in water; dens. 9.25-9.55 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner-Holdt) Y-Z₂; flash pt. (PMCC) 32 C; 80-84% solids Storage: 12 mos shelf life stored in tanks at temps. between 4-32 C

Resimene® U-975 [Solutia]

Chem. Descrip.: High solids methylated urea-formaldehyde resin CAS 68071-45-4

- Uses: Crosslinker for thermosetting surf. coatings for general metal, prefinished paneling, paper, and wood furniture and cabinet coatings; good balance of cure response, enamel stability, and hydrocarbon tolerance
- Properties: APHA 30 max. liq.; sol. in water; dens. 9.95-10.25 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner-Holdt) $Z_2 Z_5$; flash pt. (PMCC) > 110 C; 96% min. solids

Storage: Store @ > 40 F to prevent crystallization; protect from freezing Resimene® U-980 [Solutia]

Chem. Descrip .: High solids methylated urea-formaldehyde resin CAS 68071-45-4

- Uses: Crosslinker for thermosetting surf. coatings for can/container, metal deco, general metal, prefinished paneling, paper, and wood furniture and cabinet coatings; provides good exterior durability, hydrolytic stability, and film hardness; mod. cure response
- Properties: APHA 30 max. liq.; sol. in water; dens. 9.8-10.1 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner-Holdt) U-Y; flash pt. (PMCC) 58 C; 97% min. solids

Storage: Store @ > 40 F to prevent crystallization; protect from freezing Resin 731D [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip.: Modified dehydrogenated (disproportionated) rosin CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7

Uses: Thermoplastic resin used in hot-melt-applied adhesives and coatings for paper and paperboard substrates; as tackifier and processing aid for rubber-based adhesives and molding compds.; emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; plasticizer, softener, tackifier; for use in contact with food; pale, oxidation-resistant; sl. retards cure

Properties: USDA Rosin N solid, flakes; sol. in alcohols, esters, ketones, min. spirits, and aromatic hydrocarbons; dens. 1.058 kg/l; R&B soften. pt. 73 C; flash pt. (COC) 209 Č; acid no. 154; sapon. no. 159

Resolution[™] 5029 [Eka Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid derivative; avail. in two versions: one from tall oil and one from vegetable oil

- Uses: Deinking agent
- Environmental: Readily biodeq.
- Resolution™ 5030 [Eka Chems.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Conventional fatty acid
 - Uses: Deinking agent for newsprint; can be converted to a soap by contact with alkali
- Properties: Molten liq.
- Resyn® 25-1103 [Nat'l. Starch & Chem.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl acetate
 - CAS 9003-20-7
 - Uses: Coating binder, stiffener for bleached board coatings; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; forms very rigid film on drying; exc. converting props. for pkg.; mech. stable; compat. with many coating ingreds.
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: Dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. < 500 cps; pH 6.5; 47% solids Storage: Protect from freezing

- Resyn® 25-1114 [Nat'l. Starch & Chem.]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* High m.w. polyvinyl acetate CAS 9003-20-7

 - Uses: Coating binder for specialty size press applics., high quality web offset coatings, boxboard coatings, and bleached kraft applics.; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; forms rigid film on drying; mech. stable; compat. with many coating ingreds. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: Dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. < 500 cps; pH 6.5; 50% solids; anionic Retek® [Hercules] Chem. Descrip .: Low charge dens. polymers (emulsions, dry polymers, and Storage: Protect from freezing Resyn® 25-1120 [Nat'l. Starch & Chem.] sol'ns.) *Chem. Descrip.:* Polyvinyl acetate Uses: Drainage aid, retention aid, charge control agent in pulp/paper industry Rewopal® HV 9 [Goldschmidt-Rewo GmbH] CAS 9003-20-7 Uses: Coating binder, stiffener for bleached board coatings; component of Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-9 paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; forms very rigid film on CAS 9016-45-9 drying; mech. stable; compat. with many coating ingreds.; exc. high shear Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer used in emulsion polymerization and insectirheology; meets demands of newer offset printing processes cides; raw material for rinsing, washing, and cleaning agents; wetting agent Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 in the paper and cellulose industry; degreaser used in pickling and alkaline Properties: Dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. < 500 cps; pH 6.5; 47% solids immersion-bath cleaners; emulsifier for min. oils, petrol., aliphatic hydrocarbons (trichloroethylene, carbon tetrachloride) in high-wetting cleaners Storage: Protect from freezing Resyn® 25-1140 [Nat'l. Starch & Chem.] Properties: Gardner 2 max. liq.; sol. in min. oil, alcohol, ketone, toluene, *Chem. Descrip.:* Vinyl acrylate xylene, chlorinated hydrocarbons; cloud pt. 59-62 C (2%); pH 5-7 (1% CAS 2177-18-6; EINECS/ELINCS 218-538-1 solids); nonionic Rewopal® HV 25 [Goldschmidt-Rewo GmbH] Uses: Coating binder for rotogravure coatings, pigmented and unpigmented Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-25 size press sol'ns.; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/ dry foods; forms very flexible film on drying; mech. stable; compat. with CAS 9016-45-9 many coating ingreds. Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer used in emulsion polymerization, insecticides, *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 *Properties:* Dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. < 500 cps; pH 6.5; 50% solids detergents with high electrolyte content (e.g., electroplating); raw material for rinsing, washing, and cleaning agents; wetting agent in the paper and cellulose industry; degreaser used in pickling and alkaline immersion-bath clean-Storage: Protect from freezing Resvn® 25-1151 [Nat'l. Starch & Chem.] ers Regulatory: BGA and FDA compliance Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate CAS 108-05-4; EINÉCS/ELINCS 203-545-4 Properties: Wh. wax; sol. in min. oil, alcohol, ketone, toluene, xylene, Uses: Coating binder for offset and rotogravure coatings.; delivers exc. chlorinated hydrocarbons; cloud pt. 73-76 C (2%); pH 5-7 (1% solids); surf. tens. 42 dynes/cm; 100% act.; nonionic holdout for special inks and varnishes; adds controlled adhesion in special coated paper grades; component of paper/paperboard in contact with ag./ Rewopol® B 2003 [Goldschmidt-Rewo GmbH] Chem. Descrip .: Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl stearyl sulfosuccinamate fatty/dry foods; forms mod. flexible film on drying; mech. stable; compat. with many coating ingreds. CAS 3401-73-8; EINECS/ELINCS 222-273-7 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Uses: Flotation reagent; emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; foaming agent Properties: Dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. < 500 cps; pH 6.5; 50% solids for latex emulsion (carpet backing); antigelling agent, cleaning agent for Storage: Protect from freezing paper mill felts Resyn® 25-1152 [Nat'l. Starch & Chem.] *Regulatory:* FDA compliance *Chem. Descrip.:* Vinyl acrylate CAS 2177-18-6; EINECS/ELINCS 218-538-1 Properties: Low visc. liq.; sol. in water; partly sol. in org. solvs.; pH 7-8 (1%); surf. tens. 40 dynes/cm; 35% conc.; anionic Uses: Coating binder for board coatings; improves printability with water-Rewopol[®] SBDO 70 [Goldschmidt-Rewo GmbH] based inks; component of paper/paperboard in contact with ag./fatty/dry Chem. Descrip.: Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4 foods; forms flexible film on drying; mech. stable; compat. with many coating ingreds. Uses: Wetting agent, solubilizer for cosmetics, personal care preps., house-Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 hold and metal cleaners, paper, textile, paint, and dye industries, dry clean-Properties: Dens. 9 lb/gal; visc. < 500 cps; pH 6.5; 50% solids ing Storage: Protect from freezing Properties: Colorless liq.; surf. tens. < 30 dynes/cm (0.1%); pH 6.5-7.5 (5% solids); 64% min. act.; anionic Resyn® 25-1190 [Nat'l. Starch & Chem.] Environmental: Biodeg. *Chem. Descrip.:* Polyvinyl acetate Rexene® PE 5000 Series [Huntsman] CAS 9003-20-7 Uses: Coating binder, stiffener for paper and board coatings; component of Chem. Descrip.: LDPE paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; forms very rigid film on CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 drying; mech. stable; compat. with many coating ingreds.; exc. high shear Uses: Extrusion coating and laminating resin ideal for critical specialty coatrheology ings such as photographic paper; good processability Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: Dens. 0.917-0.924; melt index 4-18; tens. str. 1300-1500 psi Properties: Dens. 9 lb/gal; visc. < 500 cps; pH 6.5; 50% solids (break) Storage: Protect from freezing Rexfoam 301-A [Graden] Resyn® 1090 [Nat'l. Starch & Chem.] Uses: Defoamer for coatings; starch defoamer for size press applics.; de-Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl acetate emulsion foamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paper-CAS 9003-20-7 board; compat. with acrylics, B/S, and PVAc systems; will not cause film Uses: Dry and wet str. agent for paper saturation (filtration); component of irregularities, fisheyes, or cratering paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; in resin-bonded filters Use Level: 0.01-2.0% for food contact; features stiffness, moldability, exc. mech. stability; imparts Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210 Properties: Off-wh. opaque liq.; sp.gr. 0.827-0.877; 100% solids rigidity and pleatability to wide variety of substrates; can react with thermo-Storage: Store @ R.T.; if frozen, warm to R.T. prior to use setting resins Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 177.2260 Rexfoam PI-53 [Graden] Properties: 1.0 µ particle size; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. 1000 cps; pH 5.0; 55% Uses: Antifoam/defoamer for aq. inks; defoamer in food-contact paper coatsolids; nonionic inas Retaminol® 043S [Bayer] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 176.200 Uses: Processing chem. for paper Properties: Off-wh. translucent liq.; disp. readily in aq. inks; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; Retaminol® E [Bayer] visc. 1500-4500 cps; pH 7.5-9.0 (50%) Uses: Processing chem. for paper Storage: Store @ R.T.; avoid prolonged storage above 110 F; if frozen or Retaminol® H01 [Bayer] stored above 110 F, return to R.T. and mix thoroughly before use Rezosol® [Hercules] Uses: Processing chem. for paper Retaminol[®] K [Bayer] Chem. Descrip .: Resin Uses: As Yankee coating chem. (adhesive base coatings, film modifiers, Uses: Processing chem. for paper

release agents)

Properties: Cationic Rheolate® 2001 [Rheox]

Chem. Descrip.: Olefinic copolymer suspension

- Uses: Antisettling agent for use in water-reducible coating and ink systems incl. industrial and trade sales paints, water-reducible alkyd, acrylic, epoxy, and urethane systems; provides superior pigment suspension at low levels; exc. leveling props.; produces exc. gloss, smooth films; also for household cleaners, inks, liq. detergents, pigment and agrochem. slurries; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles; defoamer for food contact; VOC-free; pourable
- Use Level: 0.6-2.0% on total wt.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600, 177.2800

Properties: Off-wh. translucent liq.; sp.gr. 1.008; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; bulking value 0.119 gal/lb; visc. 20 mPa•s max.; 24% NV in water/5% methyl diethanolamine

Rheovis® [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper]

Uses: Rheology modifier, water retention aid for paper coatings

Rhodacal® 3594 [Rhodia HPCII]

- Chem. Descrip .: Proprietary
- Uses: Solubilizer; foaming agent; dispersant; emulsifier in emulsion polymerization, emulsion PVC, latexes, elastomers; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- Regulatory: FDĂ 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA XIV compliance
- Properties: Liq.; surf. tens. 35 dynes/cm; 38% solids in water

Rhodacal[®] BX-78 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dibutyInaphthalene sulfonate

CAS 25417-20-3

- Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, penetrant, dispersant for industrial cleaning, textiles, dyeing, leather, insecticides, herbicides, paper, dyes/pigments, wallpaper pastes, rubber, latex polymerization
- Regulatory: Exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e)
- Properties: Lig.; m.w. 326; water-sol.; pH 6-8 (5%); surf. tens. 36 dynes/cm (@ CMC); 70% solids; anionic
- Rhodacal® DS/4-E25 [Rhodia HPCII]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dodecylbenzene sulfonate ag. sol'n.

CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4

- Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization, latexes, emulsion PVC, elastomers; solubilizer; foaming agent; dispersant; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- Regulatory: FDĂ 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA XIV compliance
- Properties: Liq.; surf. tens. 32 dynes/cm; 25% solids in water; anionic

Rhodacal[®] DS-10 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip.: Branched sodium dodecylbenzene sulfonate

CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4

- Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization (SBR, vinyl acetate, vinyl chloride, styrene, and acrylic latexes), paints and coatings; emulsifier, dispersant for agric. formulations; surfactant for washing fruits and vegetables; food pkg. adhesives, paper; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3400; exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e); BGA XIV compliance
- Properties: Flakes; pH 6.0-9.5 (10%); surf. tens. 32 dynes/cm (@ CMC); 98% act.; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2.77 g/kg, (IV, mice) 105 mg/kg

Rhodacal® N [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate

CAS 9084-06-4

Uses: Process aid in paper, leather; dispersant for pulp/paper, metal cleaning; emulsifier, wetting agent for industrial cleaners, pesticides, inks, reactive pigments, paints; moisture reducer in concrete; textile dye leveling agent Properties: Tan to brn. gran. powd.; odorless; sol. in water; dens. 0.65-0.75 g/ml; 88-90% act.; anionic

Rhodafac® BG-510 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France; Costec]

Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic phosphate ester of ethoxylated isodecyl alcohols, free acid

CAS 108818-88-8

Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent, dispersant, hydrotrope, solubilizer

for lig. industrial alkaline cleaners, hard surf. detergents, soak-tank metal cleaning, metal lubricants, steam cleaning, household cleaning, paints, textile wet processing, paper deresination, pulping, and bleaching, crop protection formulations; compat. in conc. electrolyte systems

- Regulatory: Exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)
- Properties: Clear visc. liq.; sol. in water, glycol, ethanol, perchlorethylene, xylene; insol. in wh. min. oil, odorless kerosene; sp.gr. 1.19 (35 C); acid no. 215-235; pour pt. 7 C; pH < 2.5 (10% aq.); surf. tens. 29.9 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); Draves wetting 0.25% (25 s); 99.5% act.; anionic
- Rhodafac® RE-610 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-9 phosphate
 - CAS 68412-53-3; EINECS/ELINCS 266-231-6
 - Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent, dispersant, antistat, lubricant, dedusting agent for dry cleaning, pesticides, paints, textile wet processing, metals, household and industrial detergents; emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; corrosion inhibitor; food pkg. adhesives, paper; defoamer in food-contact paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR§175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3400; exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e)
 - Properties: Pale yel. clear to sl. hazy visc. liq., mild odor; sol. in xylene, butyl Cellosolve, perchloroethylene, ethanol, water; sp.gr. 1.095-1.115; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; visc. 610-630 cks (50 C); acid no. 62-70; pour pt. < 0 C; pH 1.5-2.5 (10%); surf. tens. 37 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); Ross-Miles foam 100 mm (0.05% tap water, initial); 99% act.; anionic
 - Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 7.8 g/kg; primary dermal irritant; severe eye irritant

Rhodafac® RS-610 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip .: Trideceth-6 phosphate

CAS 9046-01-9

- Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization, waterless hand cleaners, pesticides; detergent for dry cleaning formulations, textile wetting agent; lubricant for fiber and metal treatment, paper-mill felt washing; antistat for aerosols, plastics; corrosion inhibitor; food pkg. adhesives, paper; defoamer in foodcontact paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR§175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3400; exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d)
- Properties: Hazy, visc. liq.; sol. in kerosene, Stod., xylene, butyl Cellosolve, perchloroethylene, ethanol; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.04-1.06; dens. 8.7

lb/gal; pour pt. < 0[°]C; pH < 2.5 (10%); 99% act.; anionic Rhodafac® RS-710 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip.: Trideceth-10 phosphate

- CAS 9046-01-9
- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for textile wet processing, industrial cleaners, pesticides, dry cleaning, metal treatment; antistat for plastics; corrosion inhibitor; food pkg. adhesives, paper; defoamer in foodcontact paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR§175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3400; exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d)
- Properties: Opaque visc. liq.; sol. in Stod., xylene, butyl Cellosolve, perchloroethylene, ethanol, water; sp.gr. 1.04-1.06; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; pour pt. 18 C; pH < 2.5 (10%); 99% act.; anionic

Rhodamox[®] CAPO [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Cocamidopropyl dimethylamine oxide

CAS 68155-09-9; EINECS/ELINCS 268-938-5

- Uses: Foam booster/stabilizer, thickener, emollient for shampoos, bath prods., toiletries, dishwash, rug shampoos, fine fabric detergents, shaving creams, lotions, foam rubber, electroplating, paper coatings; used in toiletries for mildness
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; faint odor; water sol.; disp. in min. oil; dens. 1.0 g/ml; f.p. < 0 C; 30% conc.; nonionic/cationic
- Rhodamox[®] LO [Rhodia HPCII]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Lauryl dimethylamine oxide
 - CAS 1643-20-5; EINÉCS/ELINCS 216-700-6
 - Uses: Foam booster/stabilizer, thickener, detergent, wetting agent, antistat, emollient for shampoos, bath prods., toiletries, dishwash, fine fabric detergents, shaving creams, lotions, textile softeners; foam stabilizer in foam rubber, electroplating, paper coatings; used in toiletries for mildness

Properties: Colorless clear liq.; faint char. odor; sol. in water, alcohols; disp. in nonpolar org. solvs., e.g., kerosene, min. oils; dens. 1.0 g/ml; f.p. < 0 C;

pH 7-8; 30% act.; nonionic/cationic

Rhodapex[®] CO-436 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France]

Chem. Descrip .: Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate

CAS 9051-57-4

- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, dispersant for dishwashing, scrub soaps, car washes, rug and hair shampoos; emulsifier for latexes, emulsion polymerization, petrol. waxes; antistat for plastics and syn. fibers; lime soap dispersant; crop protection formulations; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; high foaming
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3400; exempt from tolerance under EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(e); BGA XIV compliance
- Properties: Varnish 5 max. clear liq.; alcoholic odor; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.065; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. 100 cps; surf. tens. 34 dynes/cm (1%); 58% act.; anionic
- Rhodapon® L-22 [Rhodia HPCII; Rhodia HPCII France; Costec]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Ammonium lauryl sulfate
 - CAS 2235-54-3; EINECS/ELINCS 218-793-9
 - Uses: High foaming detergent, emulsifier for shampoo, bubble bath, pet shampoos, I&I cleaners, coatings, wool scouring, fire-fighting foams; assistant for pigment dispersion; emulsion polymerization aid; food pkg. coatings, cellophane; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.210, 176.200, 177.1200
 - Properties: Clear visc. liq.; visc. 1000 cps; HLB 31.0; cloud pt. 14 C; pH 6.8 (10%); 28% act.; anionic
 - Environmental: Slowly degrades above pH 7
 - Storage: 12 mos storage stability
- Rhodapon[®] LCP [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1

- Uses: Emulsion polymerization surfactant; imparts good stability and uniform particle size to emulsion polymers based on vinyl chloride, vinylidene chloride, styrene, butadiene, and acrylic esters; surfactant for fruit coatings, polymeric coatings, adhesives, paperboard, rubber goods; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, animal glue; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; low cloud pt.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.822, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1630, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.1010, 178.3120, 178.3400, 179.45
- Properties: Yel. clear liq.; visc. 100 cps; pH 7.5-8.5 (10%); surf. tens. 30 dynes/cm (@ CMC); 29-30% act.; anionic
- Rhodapon[®] LSB [Rhodia HPCII; Costec]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate

CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1

- Uses: Detergent, emulsifier for hair shampoo, lotion, bubble bath, shaving creams, medicinal ointments, pastes, I&I and household cleaners, fruit coatings, polymeric coatings, adhesives, textiles, rubber articles; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, animal glue; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; high-foaming
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.88, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1630, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.1010, 178.3120, 178.3400, 179.45
- Properties: Pale clear liq.; visc. 150 cps; HLB 40; cloud pt. 20 C; pH 8 (10%); 29% act.; anionic
- Rhodapon® SM [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate

CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1

- Uses: Cosurfactant for household, I&I cleaners, personal care prods., rug/ upholstery cleaners, pet shampoos, bubble baths, textile scouring, pigment flushing, food pkg., fruit coatings, polymeric coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles, animal glues; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.822, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1630, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.1010, 178.3120, 178.3400, 179.45

Properties: Wh. paste; pH 8; 38% act.; anionic

Rhodapon® UB/E-30 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1

Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization, emulsion and suspension PVC, latexes; solubilizer; foaming agent; dispersant; food pkg. adhesives, paper; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in food-contact articles; for use alone or with other surfactants; exc. mech. stability Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3400; BGA XIV compliance Properties: Liq.; surf. tens. 29 dynes/cm; 30% solids in water Rhodapon[®] UB/E-N [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization, emulsion and suspension PVC, latexes; solubilizer; foaming agent; dispersant; food pkg. adhesives, paper; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in food-contact articles; for use alone or with other surfactants; exc. mech. stability Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3400; BGA XIV compliance Properties: Need.; surf. tens. 29 dynes/cm; 90% solids Rhodasurf® 870H20 [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip.: Ethoxylated alcohol Uses: Emulsifier for latexes; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200; BGA XIV compliance Properties: Liq.; HLB 14.0; surf. tens. 27 dynes/cm; 80% solids; nonionic Rhodasurf® A-60 [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip .: Ceteareth-60 CAS 68439-49-6 Uses: Surfactant; emulsifier for latexes, acrylic, styrene-acrylic, and vinylacrylic emulsion polymerization; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in foodcontact paper coatings; APE-free Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.200; BGA XIV compliance *Properties:* Solid; HLB 18.2; surf. tens. 50 dynes/cm; 100% solids; nonionic Rhodasurf® CET/20 [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip .: Ethoxylated alcohol Uses: Emulsifier for latexes, acrylic, styrene-acrylic, and vinyl-acrylic emulsion polymerization; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; APE-free Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200; BGA XIV compliance Properties: Flake; HLB 16.2; surf. tens. 49 dynes/cm; 100% solids; nonionic Rhodasurf® CET/55 [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip.: Ethoxylated alcohol Uses: Emulsifier for latexes, acrylic, styrene-acrylic, and vinyl-acrylic emulsion polymerization; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; APE-free Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.200; BGA XIV compliance Properties: Flake; HLB 18.0; surf. tens. 51.5 dynes/cm; 100% solids; nonionic Rhodasurf® E 400 [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-8 CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 225-856-4 Uses: Surfactant intermediate; binder and lubricant in compressed tablets; softener for paper; plasticizer for starch pastes and polyethylene films; coupling agent for skin care lotions Properties: Liq.; pour pt. 6 C; 100% act.; nonionic Rhodasurf® E 600 [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-12 CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 229-859-1 Uses: Surfactant intermediate; binder and lubricant in compressed tablets; color stabilizer for fuel oils; softener for paper; plasticizer for starch paste and polyethylene film; coupling agent in skin care lotions Properties: Liq.; pour pt. 22 C; 100% act.; nonionic Rhodasurf® L-4 [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip .: Laureth-4 CAS 68002-97-1; EINECS/ELINCS 226-097-1 Uses: Emulsifier, thickener, wetting agent, pigment dispersant, lubricant, solubilizer for cosmetic and industrial emulsions, emulsion polymerization, metal cleaning, monomer systems, floor waxes, paper finishes, rubber, crop protection applics.; textile scouring agent; emollient for pharmaceuticals

Properties: Liq.; HLB 9.7; cloud pt. 0-5; pH 6.5 (1%); 100% act.; nonionic Rhodasurf® L-25 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Laureth-23

CAS 9002-92-0

Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, pigment dispersant, lubricant, solubilizer for cosmetic and industrial emulsions, emulsion polymerization, metal cleaning, rubber and monomer systems, floor waxes, paper finishes; textile scouring agent; stabilizer for emulsion polymers; emollient for pharmaceuticals Properties: Wax; HLB 16.9; cloud pt. > 95 C (1%); pH 6.5 (1%); 100% act.; nonionic Rhodasurf® TDA-8.5 [Rhodia Canada] Chem. Descrip.: Trideceth-9 (8.5 EO) CAS 24938-91-8 Uses: Emulsifier, strong rewetting agent for textile and paper prods. Properties: Liq.; sol. in water, min. oil, min. spirits, aromatic solvs., perchloroethylene; dens. 0.98 g/ml; HLB 12.5; cloud pt. 52-56 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic Rhodasurf® TR15/40 [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip .: Tridecyl alcohol, ethoxylated CAS 24938-91-8 Uses: Emulsifier for latexes, acrylic, styrene-acrylic, and vinyl-acrylic emulsion polymerization; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; APE-free Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200; BGA XIV compliance Properties: Liq.; HLB 15.3; surf. tens. 34 dynes/cm; 40% solids in water; nonionic Rhodaterge® BCC [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary blend Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, antifoam for use in alkaline and acid prods., beer prod. equip. cleaners, high alkaline CIP cleaners, food processing equip. cleaning systems, bottle washing concs., paper mill stock chest cleaners, metal cleaners, dishwash compds.; surf. tens. reducer; defoamer for protein; low-foaming; stable in min. acids, 50% caustic (NaOH) Properties: Amber clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.03-1.11; flash pt. (CC) > 200 F; pH 7.5; 40-45% solids; anionic Rhodaterge® PRC [Rhodia HPCII] Chem. Descrip.: Blend of surfactants, sequestrant, and alkali Uses: Surfactant, detergent used for separation of PVC, vinyl, and paper in PET recycling systems; low-foaming; removes residue from plastic substrates; caustic-stable Properties: Clear liq.; bland sl. sweet odor; flash pt. > 250 F; pH 11-13 (10% aq.); VOC none; 23-26% solids, 9-12% sodium hydroxide; anionic Environmental: Biodeg. Rhodorsil[®] Emulsion 865A [Rhodia Silicones] *Chem. Descrip.:* Methylpolysiloxane emulsion, propylene glycol (1-5%) Uses: Latex polymer for use as water repellent in masonry prods., tile adhesives, gypsum board, wood and brick prods.; component of foodcontact paper/paperboard; water-based Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180; DOT nonregulated; SARA acute health hazard Properties: Milky wh. emulsion; sl. odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.08; vapor pressure < 17 mm Hg (20 C); f.p. 0 C; b.p. 100 C (760 mm); flash pt. (TCC) > 93 C; pH 3.5; 54% volatiles by vol. Toxicology: Eye irritant; sl. skin irritant; low acute oral toxicity; TSCA listed Precaution: Will burn under fire conditions; avoid strong bases, strong oxidizing agents; contains trace amts. of isothiazoline derivs. which may cause sensitization; contains dimethylpolysiloxane which can generate sm. amts. of formaldehyde Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion may produce formaldehyde, CO_x, cryst. silica; thermal decomp. prods.: dimethycyclosiloxanes, methylphenylcyclosiloxanes NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: Store @ > 4 C in tightly closed containers in well-ventilated area away from ignition sources and incompat. materials; avoid freezing Rhodorsil[®] Emulsion 878 [Rhodia Silicones] Chem. Descrip.: Polymethylsiloxane aq. emulsion, propylene glycol (1-5%) Uses: Latex polymer for use as water repellent in masonry prods., tile adhesives, concrete/joint cements, gypsum board, wood prods.; component of food-contact paper/paperboard; water-based Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180; DOT nonregulated; SARA Title III acute health hazard Properties: Milky wh. emulsion; sl. odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.08; vapor pressure < 17 mm (20 C); f.p. 0 C; b.p. 100 C (760 mm); flash pt. (TCC) > 93 C; pH 3.5; 54% volatiles by vol.; nonionic

Toxicology: Eye irritant; sl. skin irritant; low acute oral toxicity; TSCA listed *Precaution:* Will burn under fire conditions; avoid strong bases, strong oxidiz-

ing agents; contains trace amts. of isothiazoline derivs. which may cause sensitization; contains dimethylpolysiloxane which can generate sm. amts. of formaldehyde

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion may produce formaldehyde, CO_x, cryst. silica; thermal decomp. prods.: dimethylcyclosiloxanes, methylphenylcyclosiloxanes

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store @ > 4 C in tightly closed containers in well-ventilated area away from ignition sources and incompat. materials; avoid freezing

Rhodoviol® 4/125 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Low m.w. polyvinyl alcohol

CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3

Uses: Binder, thickener, and water retention aid for mfg. of adhesives for paper, cardboard; filler; low rate of hydrolysis

Properties: Gran. powd.; readily sol. in water; m.w. ≈ 30,000; visc. 5-6 mPas (4%); pH 5.0-6.5 (10%); 97% min. solids

Storage: 6 mos storage life when stored in dry atmosphere @ ambient temps. (not to exceed 40-120 F) in the original container

Rhoplex® ASE-75 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic emulsion

Uses: Rheology modifier for paper and paperboard coatings; alkali-swellable; high solids; good balance of thickening efficiency and water holding; rec. where coat wt. build or high solids coatings are desired

Properties: Sp.gr. 1.08; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. 20 cps; pH 2.7; 40% solids; anionic

Rhoplex® ASE-95NP [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic emulsion

Uses: Rheology modifier for paper and paperboard coatings; alkali-swellable; high m.w.; rec. for specialty applics. or in conjunction with other Rhoplex thickeners to build visc. at high shear rates; not rec. as primary thickener in most applics.

Properties: Sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 200 cps; pH 3; 18% solids; anionic

Rhoplex® ASE-108NP [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic emulsion

Uses: Rheology modifier for paper and paperboard coatings; alkali-swellable; exc. balance of water holding and thickening efficiency; effective at building coat weights; best suit for low shear applics.

Properties: Sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 70 cps; pH 3; 18% solids; anionic

Rhoplex[®] B-15J [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic latex

- Uses: Binder for coated materials, adhesives, textiles, fabric backcoating and finishing, paper; semireactive; med. hand; heat-sealable; self-thickening; exc. mech. stability; exc. cohesive and tens. str., durability; crosslinkable; will crosslink with melamine or urea/formaldehyde resins
- Properties: Wh emulsion.; sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 45 cps; pH 6.2; 46% solids; nonionic

Rhoplex® B-60A [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic latex

Uses: Binder for paper and paperboard coatings; nonreactive; exc. color stability; rec. for applics. where clarity and resist. to discoloration are desired *Properties:* Sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 1500 cps; pH 9.6; 46.5% solids; nonionic

Rhoplex[®] B-85 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic emulsion

Uses: Binder for paper and paperboard coatings, textiles; textile hand stiffener; noncrosslinking; very firm; produces films with toughness and improved resist. to blocking

Properties: Dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 9.8; 38% solids; anionic Rhoplex® B-88 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic emulsion

Uses: Binder for paper and paperboard coatings, textiles; textile hand stiffener; noncrosslinking; very firm; produces films with toughness and improved resist. to blocking

Properties: Dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. 30 cps; pH 8.7; 42.5% solids; nonionic Rhoplex® B-959 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic emulsion

Properties: Sp.gr. 1.07; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. 65 cps; pH 2.6; 55% solids; anionic

Rhoplex® E-1691 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic emulsion

- Uses: Binder for paper and paperboard coatings; topcoat and ink vehicle for vinyl coated fabrics and vinyl film; exc. solv. resist.; maintains exc. color stability; adheres well to vinyl with sl. force drying
- Properties: Dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 6.2; 41% solids; anionic Rhoplex® E-2961 [Rohm & Haas]
 - Uses: Rheology modifier for paper and paperboard coatings, esp. heavy paper/paperboard; preneutralized; requires no pH adjustment; alkali-swellable; exc. balance of water holding and thickening efficiency; rec. for heavy coat weights applics.
 - Properties: Sp.gr. 1.07; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. 500 cps; pH 9.2; 11% solids; anionic

Rhoplex[®] GL-618 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Elastomeric acrylic polymer emulsion

- Uses: Binder for wet laid glass and/or polyester fiber mats used in roofing prods. such as asphalt shingles, other industrial nonwovens (filters, facer sheets, resilient flooring substrates, geotextile applics.), paper; self-cross-linking; firm binder; hydrophobic; superior hot tens. str.; low foaming; exc. mech. stability; ideal as sole binder or cobinder with U/F, P/F, and M/F resins
- Properties: Milky wh. liq.; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. 95 cps; pH 8.6; 47% solids; anionic

Rhoplex® GL-623 [Rohm & Haas]

- Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic polymer emulsion
- Uses: Binder for wet laid glass mat used in roofing prods. such as asphalt shingles, industrial nonwoven applics. (filtration media), paper; binder, hand stiffener in fabric finishing; self-crosslinking; firm binder
- Properties: Sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 50 cps; pH 8.0; 45% solids; anionic

Rhoplex® HA-12 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic polymer emulsion

- Uses: Ceramics binder for tape casting, slip casting, and roll compaction; binder, tack-free film-former for textiles, fabric finishing and backcoating; selfcrosslinking; not sensitive to humidity change; high grn. str. and dens.; rec. where abrasion resist. is required; med./firm hand; exc. wash/dry clean durability
- *Properties:* 85-140 nm particle size; sp.gr. 1.05; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 280 cps; pH 2.6; 45% solids; nonionic

Custom prod.

- Rhoplex® NW-1715K [Rohm & Haas]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Styrene acrylic emulsion

CAS 9010-92-8

- Uses: Binder for textiles, nonwovens, and specialty paper; backcoating binder; crosslinkable; hydrophobic; ultra low formaldehyde; med. hand; good abrasion resist.
- Properties: Sp.gr. 1.01; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; visc. 150 cps; pH 6.2; 44% solids; anionic

Rhoplex® NW-1845K [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene acrylic emulsion

CAS 9010-92-8

- Uses: Binder for textiles, backcoating fabric finishing, paper; soft; crosslinkable; hydrophobic; formaldehyde-free; balance of soft hand and str.; heatsealable; improved mech. stability
- Properties: Sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 85 cps; pH 6.7; 44% solids; anionic
- Rhoplex® P-308 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene acrylic

CAS 9010-92-8

- Uses: Binder for mottle-resist. paper and paperboard coatings; high str.; compat. with calcium ions; hydrophobic
- Properties: Sp.gr. 1.04; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 150 cps; pH 7.5; 50% solids; anionic

Rhoplex® P-322 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene acrylic

CAS 9010-92-8

Uses: Binder for mottle-resist. paper and paperboard coatings

Properties: Sp.gr. 1.04; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 500 cps; pH 7.5; 50% solids; anionic

Rhoplex® P-376 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip .: Styrene acrylic

- CAS 9010-92-8
- Uses: Binder for paper and paperboard coatings; hydrophobic; contributes exc. wet and dry pick resist.; promotes gloss development and ink/varnish holdout without contributing to ink mottle or adsorption problems; exc. compat. with cobinders; good adhesion to nonconventional substrates
- Properties: Sp.gr. 1.04; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 200 cps; pH 9.4; 50% solids; anionic

Rhoplex® RM-232D [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydrophobically modified alkali-swellable emulsion Uses: Rheology modifier for paper and paperboard coatings; low foam; good combination of thickening efficiency and water holding; exc. runnability in high-speed coating applics.; enhanced mech. stability

Properties: Sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. < 50 cps; pH 5.4; 28% solids; anionic

Rhoplex® TR-520 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic emulsion

Uses: Binder for nonwovens manufactured with rayon, wood pulp or polyester fibers, medical nonwovens, paper; self-crosslinking; hydrophilic; salttolerant; mechanically stable; imparts intermediate hand; exc. wet tens. str. and durability to washing and dry cleaning; self-thickening

Properties: Milky wh. liq.; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. 35 cps; pH 2.6; 50.5% solids; anionic

Rhoplex® TT-935 [Rohm & Haas]

- Chem. Descrip.: Hydrophobically modified alkali-swellable emulsion
- Uses: Rheology modifier for paper and paperboard coatings, esp. lightweight coatings; good combination of thickening efficiency and water holding; exc. runnability in high-speed coating applics.; rec. for use under high shear conditions
- Properties: Sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 50 cps; pH 3; 30% solids; anionic

Ricon 100 [Ricon Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: SBR random copolymer

CAS 9003-55-8

- Uses: Thermosetting liq. resin system used for elec. potting and impregnation of transformers, capacitors, motors laminates, molding compds. and castings, rubber modifiers, mica paper binder, nuclear heat shield; for harder cure zinc-rich coatings, molding compds.; vulcanizable binder for regrind and reclaim rubber; processing aid; outstanding elec. properties, thermal stability, moisture and age resistance, adhesion, and chem. resistance
- Properties: Hazy to clear amber very visc. liq.; low odor; m.w. 2400; negligible sol. in water; sp.gr. 0.89; dens. 7.4 lb/gal; visc. 40,000 cps (45 C); b.p. > 300 F; flash pt. 200 C; 80% butadiene, 20% styrene, 65% 1,2vinyl; 98.5% min. NV
- Ricon 150 [Ricon Resins]
 - Chem. Descrip.: High vinyl 1,2 polybutadiene homopolymer resin
 - Uses: Thermosetting resin used in elec. potting and impregnation of transformers, capacitors, motors laminates, molding compds. and castings, rubber modifiers, mica paper binder, nuclear heat shield; for food pkg. and contact; impact modifier for PE or PP; coagent for NR, EPR, EPDM, CR, NBR, and SBR for peroxide cures, EPR and EPDM for sulfur cure; lowers Mooney visc. allowing increased filler loading
 - *Propertiés:* Amber visč. liq.; low odor; m.w. 2400; sp.gr. 0.89; dens. 7.4 lb/ gal; visc. 40,000 cps (45 C); flash pt. (TCC) > 300 F; 70% 1,2-vinyl, 20-22% trans-1,4, 6-8% cis-1,4; 100% resin

RITA PEO-1 [R.I.T.A.]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-5M

CAS 25322-68-3

- Uses: Lubricant, tackifier for paper mfg., wastewater treatment, ceramic and glass treatment, adhesive and paint industries; cosmetic thickener, suspending agent, lubricant, coagulant, skin slip agent; resist. to bacterial degradation Use Level: 0.1-1%
- Properties: Wh. powd.; mild characteristic odor; particle size thru 16 mesh; sol. in water, numerous org. solvs.; m.w. 400,000; sp.gr. 1.15-1.22; visc. 300-1500 cps (5% sol'n.); bulk dens. 0.3 kg/l; soften. pt. 65-67 C; pH 6-8 (aq. sol'n.); nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; sl. toxic; TSCA listed *Precaution:* Avoid disp. of dust in air to reduce potential explosion hazard *Storage:* 6 mos shelf life in dk. place below 40 C to avoid solidification

RITA PEO-2 [R.I.T.A.] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-9M CAS 25322-68-3

- Uses: Lubricant, tackifier for paper mfg., wastewater treatment, ceramic and glass treatment, adhesive and paint industries; cosmetic thickener, suspending agent, lubricant, coagulant, skin slip agent; resist. to bacterial degradation Use Level: 0.1-1%
- Properties: Wh. powd.; mild characteristic odor; particle size thru 16 mesh; sol. in water, numerous org. solvs.; m.w. 210,000; visc. 50-200 cps (5% sol'n.); bulk dens. 0.3 kg/l; soften. pt. 65-67 C; pH 6-8 (aq. sol'n.); nonionic Storage: 6 mos shelf life in dk. place below 40 C to avoid solidification
- RITA PEO-3 [R.I.T.A.]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-23M

CAS 25322-68-3

- Uses: Lubricant, tackifier for paper mfg., wastewater treatment, ceramic and glass treatment, adhesive and paint industries; cosmetic thickener, suspending agent, lubricant, coagulant, skin slip agent; resist. to bacterial degradation Use Level: 0.1-1%
- Properties: Wh. powd.; mild characteristic odor; particle size thru 16 mesh; sol. in water, numerous org. solvs.; m.w. 1,000,000; visc. 2500-5500 cps (5% sol'n.); bulk dens. 0.3 kg/l; soften. pt. 65-67 C; pH 6-8 (aq. sol'n.); nonionic
- Storage: 6 mos shelf life in dk. place below 40 C to avoid solidification RITA PEO-8 [R.I.T.A.]
 - Chem. Descrip .: PEG-45M

CAS 25322-68-3

- Uses: Lubricant, tackifier for paper mfg., wastewater treatment, ceramic and glass treatment, adhesive and paint industries; cosmetic thickener, suspending agent, lubricant, coagulant, skin slip agent; resist. to bacterial degradation Use Level: 0.1-1%
- Properties: Wh. powd.; mild characteristic odor; particle size thru 16 mesh; sol. in water, numerous org. solvs.; m.w. 1,900,000; visc. 20-70 cps (0.5% sol'n.); bulk dens. 0.3 kg/l; soften. pt. 65-67 C; pH 6-8 (aq. sol'n.); nonionic Storage: 6 mos shelf life in dk. place below 40 C to avoid solidification

RITA PEŎ-18 [R.I.T.A.]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-90M

CAS 25322-68-3

- Uses: Lubricant, tackifier for paper mfg., wastewater treatment, ceramic and glass treatment, adhesive and paint industries; cosmetic thickener, suspending agent, lubricant, coagulant, skin slip agent; resist. to bacterial degradation Use Level: 0.1-1%
- Properties: Wh. powd.; mild characteristic odor; particle size thru 16 mesh; sol. in water, numerous org. solvs.; m.w. 4,400,000; visc. 250-430 cps (0.5% sol'n.); bulk dens. 0.3 kg/l; soften. pt. 65-67 C; pH 6-8 (aq. sol'n.); nonionic
- Storage: 6 mos shelf life in dk. place below 40 C to avoid solidification

RITA PEO-27 [R.I.T.A.]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-160M

CAS 25322-68-3

Uses: Lubricant, tackifier for paper mfg., wastewater treatment, ceramic and glass treatment, adhesive and paint industries; cosmetic thickener, suspending agent, lubricant, coagulant, skin slip agent; resist. to bacterial degradation Use Level: 0.1-1%

Properties: Wh. powd.; mild characteristic odor; particle size thru 16 mesh; sol. in water, numerous org. solvs.; m.w. 7,200,000; visc. 400-1000 cps (0.5% sol'n.); bulk dens. 0.3 kg/l; soften. pt. 65-67 C; pH 6-8 (ag. sol'n.); nonionic

Storage: 6 mos shelf life in dk. place below 40 C to avoid solidification RO-40 [IMERYS]

Chem. Descrip.: Ground calcium carbonate

CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9

- Uses: Pigment, filler, reinforcement for paper, paint, polymers, food, esp. polyolefins, carpet backing, caulks, sealants, putties, asphalt, ceramics, foamed compds.; mild abrasive in cleaners; coarse ground
- Properties: Wh. powd., odorless; 53% thru 325 mesh; negligible sol. in water; sp.gr. 2.71; dens. 22.57 lb/gal; bulk dens. 85 lb/ft³ (loose); bulking value 0.044; ref. index 1.59; pH 9.5; nonflamm.

Toxicology: TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³, considered nuisance dust

Precaution: Incompat. with acids

Rod White 950™ [Michelman]

Uses: Wh. coating for paper; designed for rod coater applic.; max. wax grayout resist.; gluable; repulpable

Regulatory: FDA compliance Rohagit[®] SL 252 [Rohm Tech]

Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic polymer aq. sol'n.

Uses: Dispersant for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing and coating, and papermaking and finishing Properties: Lig.

- Rohamere® 21 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Ethyl acrylate, methyl methacrylate
 - Uses: Binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking, impregnations; forms clear, hard tack-free film with exc. wash and dry clean fastness
 - Properties: Emulsion; 115 nm particle size; pH 2.2; 45 ± 0.5% solids; anionic/nonionic

Rohamere® 61 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl acrylate, methyl methacrylate

Uses: Thermoplastic for use as hand builder or flattening agent for textile or paper applics., or to improve block resist. of softer polymers; binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking

Properties: Emulsion; 130 nm particle size; pH 9.2; 38 ± 0.5% solids; anionic

Rohamere® 132 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl acrylate, acrylonitrile

Uses: Forms tack-free film for predispersed pigment colors; suited for nonwovens, esp. interlinings, fabric backcoatings and finishes, and paper coatings and impregnations; binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking; std. self-crosslinking acrylic; exc. anti-crock props.

Properties: Emulsion; 150 nm particle size; pH 2.3; 45 ± 0.5% solids; anionic/nonionic

Rohamere® 568 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl acrylate, methyl methacrylate

- Uses: Binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking; forms clear, hard tack-free film with exc. wash and dry clean fastness
- Properties: Emulsion; 120 nm particle size; pH 2.2; 45 ± 0.5% solids; anionic/nonionic
- Rohamere® 587 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech]

Chem. Descrip.: Butyl acrylate, acrylonitrile

Uses: For use in textile flocking adhesives, interlinings, and lightweight nonwovens; binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/ coating, papermaking; std. self-crosslinking acrylic; very soft; exc. wash and dry clean durability and UV resist.

- Properties: Emulsion; 190 nm particle size; pH 3.0; 45 ± 0.5% solids; nonionic
- Rohamere® 626 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Butyl acrylate, methyl methacrylate
 - Uses: Binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking; hard tack-free acrylic noted for exc. adhesion to leather and for exc. weather resist. provided by its highly hydrophobic composition

Properties: Emulsion; 120 nm particle size; pH 9.0; 45 ± 0.5% solids; anionic

Rohamere® 977 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl acrylate, methyl methacrylate

Uses: Used for nonwovens, textile backcoatings, paper impregnations, beater addition, coatings, and leather finish applics.; binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking; coagulatable acrylic Properties: Emulsion; 110 nm particle size; pH 2.2; 45 ± 0.5% solids; anionic/nonionic

Rohamere® 1410 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech] Chem. Descrip.: Butyl acrylate, methyl methacrylate

- Uses: Finishing agent for leather, tarpaulins, tablecloths, awnings, or applics. where water resist. is required; binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking; hydrophobic std. self-crosslinking acrylic
- Properties: Emulsion; 120 nm particle size; pH 9.0; 42.5 ± 0.5% solids; anionic

Rohamere® 1900-D [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech]

Chem. Descrip.: Butyl acrylate, ethyl acrylate

- Uses: Used for nonwoven bonding, textile backcoating, flocking, and high wet str. paper applics.; binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking; self-crosslinking acrylic; very soft, resilient; nonyellowing
- Properties: Emulsion; 300 nm particle size; pH 3.7; 44.5 ± 0.5% solids; anionic

Rohamere® 1960-D [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl acrylate, methyl methacrylate Uses: Film-former for nonwoven bonding and impregnation, textile finishing, and paper impregnation; binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking; self-crosslinking acrylic that forms firm, nonyellowing film Properties: Emulsion; 200 nm particle size; pH 3.0; 45 ± 0.5% solids; anionic Rohamere® 3045 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech] Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl acrylate, methyl methacrylate Uses: Film-former for high pigment loading and good adhesion to vinyl and paperboard substrates; binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking; crosslinkable thermoplastic acrylic that forms med., clear, fast-drying film with exc. flexibility Properties: Emulsion; 110 nm particle size; pH 9.5; 45 ± 0.5% solids; anionic Rohamere® 6844-0 [Röhm Am.; Röhm GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: N-(2-Methacryloyloxyethyl)-ethylene urea 25% sol'n. in methylmethacrylate with 800 ppm MEHQ and 200 ppm PTZ inhibitors Uses: Wet adhesion monomer for paint resins (improves adhesion to old alkyd paints and wood); also used in plastics, leather, paper, and textile industries; polymerization and copolymerization in bulk, suspension, emulsion, and sol'n. Properties: Pt-Co 500 max. ylsh. to brn. liq.; sl. ester-like odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.1 (20 C); visc. 6.7 mPa•s (20 C); vapor pressure 23 mbar (20 C); b.p. 100 C; solid. pt. -3 C; flash pt. none; ref. 1.4100-1.4200 (20 C); 1.0% water Toxicology: Not a skin irritant; TSCA listed Precaution: Avoid contamination with peroxides, azo compds., heavy metal ions, tert. amines, S compds.; polymerization also induced by light Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 30 C max. Rohamere® 6852-0 [Röhm Am.; Röhm GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: N-(2-Methacryloyloxyethyl)-ethylene urea (50% sol'n. in water) with 800 ppm MEHQ and 200 ppm PTZ inhibitors Uses: Wet adhesion monomer for paint resins (improves adhesion to old alkyd paints and wood); also used in plastics, leather, paper, and textile industries; polymerization and copolymerization in bulk, suspension, emulsion, and sol'n. Properties: Pt-Co 500 max. ylsh. to brn. lig.; sl. ester-like odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.1; visc. 6.7 mPa·s (20 C); vapor pressure 23 mbar (20 C); b.p. 100 C; solid. pt. -3 C; flash pt. none; ref. idex 1.4100-1.4200 (20 C); 50 ± 2.5% water; 50 ± 2.5% reactive ester Toxicology: Not a skin irritant; TSCA listed Precaution: Avoid contamination with peroxides, azo compds., heavy metal ions, tert. amines, S compds.; polymerization also induced by light Storage: 6 mos shelf life @ 30 C max. Rohamere® 8437 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech] Chem. Descrip .: Butyl acrylate, ethyl acrylate emulsion Uses: Used for nonwovens, textile backcoating, flocking, and paper applics.; binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking; nonyel. very soft acrylic with exc. wash and dry clean fastness Properties: Emulsion; 300 nm particle size; pH 4.5; 44.5 ± 0.5% solids; anionic Rohamere® 8464 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech] Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl acrylate, acrylonitrile Uses: Film-former for backcoating formulations, laminating adhesives, or fabric finishing; binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/ coating, papermaking; std. self-crosslinking acrylic forms clear, flexible film; exc. mechanical stability Properties: Clear emulsion; 400 nm particle size; pH 3.0; 45 ± 0.5% solids; anionic/nonionic Rohamere® 8478 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech] Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl acrylate, methyl methacrylate Uses: Film-former for fibrous or nonwoven applics. and paper impregnation; binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking; self-crosslinking acrylic that forms med. film; nonyellowing Properties: Emulsion; 200 nm particle size; pH 3.0; 45 ± 0.5% solids; anionic Rohamere® 8596 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech] Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl acrylate, acrylic acid sol'n.

Uses: Film-former for textile sizing applics. and leather tanning; binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking; clear acrylic sol'n. polymer that forms soft film

Properties: Sol'n.; pH 1.5; 35 ± 0.5% solids

- Rohamere® 8662 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl acrylate, methyl methacrylate emulsion
 - Uses: Film-former; binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking; finishing agent in textile, leather, paper applics.; thermoplastic acrylic; forms a medium film
 - Properties: Emulsion; 145 nm particle size; pH 6.5; 46 ± 0.5% solids; anionic/nonionic
- Rohamere® 9158 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl acrylate, methyl methacrylate sol'n.
 - Uses: Used for textile and leather saturation applics. requiring exc. penetration and improvement of break and scuff resist. in leather; binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking; clear, soft acrylic

Properties: Sol'n.; pH 8.5; 21 ± 0.5% solids; anionic

- Rohamere® 84116 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Ethyl acrylate
 - CAS 140-88-5; EINÉCS/ÉLINCS 205-438-8
 - Uses: Used for nonwovens, fabric finishing, laminating, and paper saturations; binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking; self-crosslinking acrylic; nonyellowing; exc. wash and dry clean fastness
 - Properties: Emulsion; 240 nm particle size; pH 3.5; 45 \pm 0.5% solids; anionic/nonionic

Rohamere® 84124 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech]

- Chem. Descrip .: Ethyl acrylate, methyl methacrylate
- Uses: Film-former for spray coating and impregnation onto fibrous or nonwoven materials and paper; binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking; self-crosslinking acrylic that forms stiff, nonyellowing film; exc. wash and dry clean durability
- *Properties:* Emulsion; 340 nm particle size; pH 3.0; 45 ± 0.5% solids; anionic
- Rohamere® 87219 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Ethyl acrylate, acrylonitrile
 - Uses: Used in various coating applics.; binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking; std. self-crosslinking acrylic; rec. where str. and good flexibility are required; good wash and dry clean durability
 - *Properties:* Emulsion; 203 nm particle size; pH 3.0; 45 ± 0.5% solids; anionic/nonionic
- Rohamere® FF-6 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Butyl acrylate, methyl methacrylate
 - Uses: Binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking; self-crosslinking formaldehyde-free polymer; low temp. cure; provides med. hand with very good wash and dry clean fastness
 - Properties: Emulsion; 220 nm particle size; pH 2.5; 45 ± 0.5% solids;
- anionic Rohamere® FF-20 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Butyl acrylate

CAS 141-32-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-480-7

- Uses: Binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking; self-crosslinking formaldehyde-free polymer; rec. for applics. where soft conventional crosslinking systems are used; low temp. cure; provides soft hand with very good wash and dry clean fastness
- *Properties:* Emulsion; 220 nm particle size; pH 2.5; 45 ± 0.5% solids; anionic
- Rohamere® FF+40 [Röhm Am.; Rohm Tech]

Chem. Descrip .: Butyl acrylate, methyl methacrylate

- Uses: Binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, textile finishing/coating, papermaking; self-crosslinking formaldehyde-free polymer for applics. requiring stiff highly resist. finish; low temp. cure; provides firm hand with very good wash and dry clean fastness
- *Properties:* Emulsion; 220 nm particle size; pH 2.5; 45 ± 0.5% solids; anionic
- Rohatol® BV 411 [Rohm Tech]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Self-crosslinking acrylic polymer emulsion
 - Uses: Binder and additive for nonwoven bonding (waddings for clothing and interlinings), textile finishing (high-pile fabrics, flocking adhesives), textile coating (sportswear and leisure wear), papermaking and paper finishing

Properties: Emulsion; pH 2.5; Polymer: tens. str. 5 M/mm²; elong. 80% (@ break); 50% solids; anionic

Rohatol® BV 596 [Rohm Tech]

Chem. Descrip.: Self-crosslinking acrylic polymer emulsion Uses: Binder and additive for nonwoven bonding (waddings for clothing, coating carriers for bitumen and PVC, needle felts for automotive articles, abrasives), textile finishing (high-pile fabrics, flocking adhesives), textile coating (roller and vertical blinds), papermaking and paper finishing Properties: Emulsion; pH 2.8; Polymer: tens. str. 49 M/mm²; elong. 6% (@ break); 50% solids; anionic Rohatol® D 362 [Rohm Tech] Chem. Descrip .: Thermoplastic acrylic polymer emulsion Uses: Binder and additive for textile coating, protective foils, paper finishes Properties: Emulsion; pH 7.5; Polymer: tens. str. 1 N/mm²; elong. 2400% (@ break); 50% solids; sl. anionic Rohatol® D 471 [Rohm Tech] Chem. Descrip.: Thermoplastic acrylic polymer emulsion Uses: Binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, roller and vertical blinds, bookbinding fabrics, papermaking and paper coatings Properties: Emulsion; pH 9.6; Polymer: tens. str. 3 M/mm²; elong. 650% (@ break); 50% solids; anionic Rohatol® D 541 [Rohm Tech] Chem. Descrip .: Thermoplastic acrylic polymer emulsion Uses: Binder and additive for nonwoven bonding, roller and vertical blinds, textile coatings (tents, tarpaulins, awnings, tablecloths), papermaking and paper coatings Properties: Emulsion; pH 9.5; Polymer: tens. str. 10 M/mm²; elong. 300% (@ break); 50% solids; anionic Rohatol® DV 242 [Rohm Tech] Chem. Descrip.: Self-crosslinking acrylic polymer emulsion Uses: Binder and additive for nonwoven bonding (interlinings, nonwovens for hygiene and hospital requisites, household and home), textile finishing (tarpaulins, tents, awnings, high-pile fabrics, upholstery fabrics, mattress ticking), textile coating (sportswear and leisure wear, tents, tarpaulins, awnings, roller and vertical blinds, suitcase, rucksacks, boat coverings, food wrapping), papermaking and paper finishing Properties: Emulsion; pH 2.1; Polymer: tens. str. 2 M/mm²; elong. 140% (@ break); 50% solids; anionic Rohatol® DV 440 [Rohm Tech] Chem. Descrip.: Thermoplastic acrylic polymer Uses: Binder and additive for nonwoven bonding (for hygiene and hospital requisites, filters for dairy industry), textile finishing (upholstery fabrics, mattress ticking), papermaking and paper finishing; crosslinkable with melamine or urea resins Properties: Emulsion; pH 2.5; Polymer: tens. str. 1 M/mm²; elong. 700% (@ break); 50% solids; anionic Rohatol® DV 477 [Rohm Tech] Chem. Descrip.: Self-crosslinking acrylic polymer emulsion Uses: Binder and additive for nonwoven bonding (waddings for upholstery, quilts, sleeping bags, clothing, nonwovens for household, air filters, dust masks, insulating materials), textile finishing (upholstery fabrics, mattress ticking, high-pile fabrics), textile coating (sportswear and leisure wear, tents, tarpaulins, awnings, roller and vertical blinds, suitcases, rucksacks, boat coverings, mattress covers), papermaking and finishing Properties: Emulsion; pH 2.1; Polymer: tens. str. 7 M/mm²; elong. 147% (@ break): 50% solids; anionic Rohatol® DV 544 [Rohm Tech] Chem. Descrip.: Thermoplastic acrylic polymer Uses: Binder and additive for nonwoven bonding (household), papermaking and paper finishing; crosslinkable with melamine or urea resins Properties: Emulsion; pH 8.4; Polymer: tens. str. 15 M/mm²; elong. 240% (@ break); 50% solids; anionic Rohatol® DV 571 [Rohm Tech] Chem. Descrip.: Self-crosslinking acrylic polymer emulsion Uses: Binder and additive for nonwoven bonding (waddings for upholstery, guilts, sleeping bags, clothing, coating carriers for bitumen and PVC, air filters, dust masks, insulating materials), textile finishing (edge-stiffening agent for knitwear, high pile fabrics), textile coating (sportswear and leisure wear, tents, tarpaulins, awnings, roller and vertical blinds, suitcases, rucksacks, boat coverings, mattress covers, protective foils), papermaking and finishina

Properties: Emulsion; pH 2.2; Polymer: tens. str. 24 M/mm²; elong. 85% (@ break); 50% solids; anionic

Rohatol® M 600 [Rohm Tech]

Chem. Descrip.: Thermoplastic acrylic polymer

break); 50% solids; sl. anionic Rohatol® M 630 [Rohm Tech]

Chem. Descrip.: Thermoplastic acrylic polymer

Uses: Binder and additive for nonwoven bonding (battery separators), food wrappings, papermaking and paper coating

Properties: Emulsion; pH 7.0; Polymer: tens. str. 35 M/mm²; elong. 4% (@ break); 50% solids; anionic

Rohatol® M 712 [Rohm Tech]

Chem. Descrip.: Thermoplastic acrylic polymer

Uses: Binder and additive for nonwoven bonding (battery separators) and papermaking

Properties: Emulsion; pH 7.0; Polymer: tens. str. 26 M/mm²; elong. 85% (@ break); 50% solids; anionic

Rohatol® MV 604 [Rohm Tech]

Chem. Descrip.: Thermoplastic acrylic polymer

Uses: Binder and additive for nonwoven bonding (for hygiene and hospital requisites, filters for dairy industry), glass-fiber nettings for reinforcement; crosslinkable with melamine or urea resins

Properties: Emulsion; pH 2.5; Polymer: tens. str. 22 M/mm²; elong. 8% (@ break); 50% solids; anionic

Ropaque® BC-643 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene acrylic hollow spheres

CAS 9010-92-8

- Uses: Pigment, binder providing gloss, opacity, and brightness for paper and paperboard coatings; rec. for coatings where optical props. and bulk are desired
- Properties: Hollow spheres; 0.6 µm particle size; 43% void vol.; sp.gr. 1.02; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. 80 cps; pH 8.5; 30% solids; sl. anionic

Ropague® HP-1055 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene acrylic hollow spheres

CAS 9010-92-8

Uses: Pigment providing gloss, opacity, and brightness for paper and paperboard coatings; rec. for coatings where optical props. and bulk are desired Properties: Hollow spheres; 1.0 µm particle size; 55% void vol.; sp.gr.

1.02; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. 80 cps; pH 8.5; 26.5% solids; sl. anionic Ropaque® HP-543P [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene acrylic hollow spheres

CAS 9010-92-8

Uses: Pigment providing gloss, opacity, and brightness for paper and paperboard coatings; rec. for coatings on nonuniform substrates or for applics. where sheet finishing is limited

Properties: Hollow spheres; 0.5 µm particle size; 45% void vol.; sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 80 cps; pH 8.5; 30.5% solids; sl. anionic

Roscol[®] [Eka Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Rosin disp., casein-stabilized

CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7

Uses: Sizing agent for internal sizing of all kinds of paper and board in pH range of 4-6

Properties: Anionic

Ross Beeswax [Frank B. Ross]

Chem. Descrip .: Beeswax

EINECS/ELINCS 232-383-7

Uses: For use in polishes, cosmetics, medicinal ointments/salves, candles, leather/textile/wood/paper finishes, confectionery, modeling, engraving, acid etching, lithography, emulsions; avail. as crude, yel. refined, and wh. bleached grades

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1973, 184.1975

Properties: Lt. taffy to deep brn. wax, char. honey odor; m.p. 62-65 C; acid no. 17-24; cloud pt. -65 C max.

Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 11 [Frank B. Ross]

Chem. Descrip.: Yel. beeswax substitute

Uses: Used in polishes, cosmetics, medicinals (ointments, salves), candles, textile, leather, wood, and paper finishes, confectionery, modeling, engraving, acid etching, lithography, and emulsions; for use where pure beeswax is not required

Properties: Yel.; m.p. 130-143 F; acid no. 1-5; sapon. no. 6-15 Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 30 [Frank B. Ross]

Chem. Descrip .: Yel. beeswax substitute

Uses: Used in polishes, cosmetics, medicinals (ointments, salves), candles, Ross Carnauba Wax [Frank B. Ross] textile, leather, wood, and paper finishes, confectionery, modeling, engrav-CAS 8015-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-399-4 ing, acid etching, lithography, and emulsions; for use where pure beeswax is not required Properties: Yel.; m.p. 130-143 F; acid no. 1-5; sapon. no. 6-15 Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 145 [Frank B. Ross] Chem. Descrip .: Wh. beeswax substitute North Country grades Uses: Used in polishes, cosmetics, medicinals (ointments, salves), candles, Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §182.1978, 184.1978 textile, leather, wood, and paper finishes, confectionery, modeling, engraving, acid etching, lithography, and emulsions; for use where pure beeswax is not required Properties: Wh.; m.p. 140-158 F; acid no. nil; sapon. no. nil 1.4540 Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 628/5 [Frank B. Ross] Ross Ceresine Wax [Frank B. Ross] Chem. Descrip.: Paraffin, candelilla wax, hydrogenated tallow glycerides, Chem. Descrip.: Ceresine wax stearic acid, and cetyl alcohol CAS 8001-75-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-290-1 Uses: Used in polishes, cosmetics, medicinals (ointments, salves), candles, textile, leather, wood, and paper finishes, confectionery, modeling, engraving, acid etching, lithography, and emulsions; for use where pure beeswax is not required Properties: M.p. 140-150 F; acid no. 17-27; sapon. no. 60-80 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105 Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 662 [Frank B. Ross] Chem. Descrip.: Yel. beeswax substitute Uses: Used in polishes, cosmetics, medicinals (ointments, salves), candles, Ross Japan Wax [Frank B. Ross] textile, leather, wood, and paper finishes, confectionery, modeling, engrav-Chem. Descrip.: Japan (Rhus succedanea) wax ing, acid etching, lithography, and emulsions; for use where pure beeswax CAS 8001-39-6 is not required Properties: Yel.; m.p. 155-160 F; acid no. 17-24; sapon. no. 90-93 Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 776 [Frank B. Ross] Chem. Descrip .: Wh. beeswax substitute ings, paper Uses: Used in polishes, cosmetics, medicinals (ointments, salves), candles, textile, leather, wood, and paper finishes, confectionery, modeling, engraving, acid etching, lithography, and emulsions; for use where pure beeswax F min.; ref. index 1.4550 is not required Ross Montan Wax [Frank B. Ross] Properties: Wh.; m.p. 145-160 F; acid no. 17-24; sapon. no. 89-103 *Chem. Descrip.:* Montan wax CAS 8002-53-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-313-5 Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 909 [Frank B. Ross] Chem. Descrip .: Yel. beeswax substitute Uses: Used in polishes, cosmetics, medicinals (ointments, salves), candles, textile, leather, wood, and paper finishes, confectionery, modeling, engraving, acid etching, lithography, and emulsions; for use where pure beeswax is not required contact paper/paperboard Properties: Yel.; m.p. 163-167 F; acid no. 1-3; sapon. no. 6-8 Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 1595 [Frank B. Ross] Chem. Descrip .: Yel. beeswax substitute Uses: Used in polishes, cosmetics, medicinals (ointments, salves), candles, textile, leather, wood, and paper finishes, confectionery, modeling, engrav-Ross Ouricury Wax Replacement [Frank B. Ross] ing, acid etching, lithography, and emulsions; for use where pure beeswax is not required Properties: Yel.; m.p. 133-143 F; acid no. 1-5; sapon. no. 5-14 is not important Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 1623 [Frank B. Ross] no. 76-88; sapon. no. 78-95; flash pt. 289.9 C min. Ross Palm Wax No. 765 [Frank B. Ross] Chem. Descrip .: Wh. beeswax substitute Uses: Used in polishes, cosmetics, medicinals (ointments, salves), candles, textile, leather, wood, and paper finishes, confectionery, modeling, engrav-Chem. Descrip.: Palm wax ing, acid etching, lithography, and emulsions; for use where pure beeswax CAS 8021-56-5 is not required Properties: Wh.; m.p. 145-160 F; acid no. 17-24; sapon. no. 89-103 Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 1892 [Frank B. Ross] Properties: M.p. 175-185 F Ross Palm Wax No. 1475 [Frank B. Ross] Chem. Descrip .: Wh. beeswax substitute Uses: Used in polishes, cosmetics, medicinals (ointments, salves), candles, Chem. Descrip.: Palm wax textile, leather, wood, and paper finishes, confectionery, modeling, engrav-CAS 8021-56-5 ing, acid etching, lithography, and emulsions; for use where pure beeswax is not required Properties: Wh.; m.p. 140-150 F; acid no. 2-8; sapon. no. 16-28 Properties: M.p. 171-180 F Ross Candelilla Wax [Frank B. Ross] Ross Palm Wax No. 1581 [Frank B. Ross] Chem. Descrip .: Palm wax Chem. Descrip .: Candelilla wax CAS 8006-44-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-347-0 CAS 8021-56-5 Uses: Used in polishes, leather/textile finishes, cosmetics (lipstick), casting, lubricants/greases, adhesives, chewing gum, paper size, paper coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; avail. as crude and refined grades Properties: M.p. 167-175 F Ross Synthetic Candelilla Wax [Frank B. Ross] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.320, 176.180

Properties: Grayish-green wax-like fat, aromatic odor; sp.gr. 0.977-0.982; m.p. 38-49 C; acid no. 5-24; iodine no. 2-10; sapon. no. 210-239; flash pt. 470 F min.; ref. index 1.4360

Chem. Descrip.: Carnauba (Copernicia cerifera) wax

Uses: Used for polishes, leather finishes, cosmetic creams and lipsticks, casting, lubricants, buffing compds., glazing of candies, gum, pills, and paper, inks; protective coatings, candles, medicinal ointments and salves; lubricant for melamine, phenolics; avail. as Prime or No. 1 Yel. or No. 3

Properties: Flakes or powd.; sp.gr. 0.996-0.998; m.p. 181.4 F min.; acid no. 2-10; iodine no. 7-14; sapon. no. 78-95; flash pt. 570 F min.; ref. index

Uses: Used for adhesives, textile waterproofing/mildewproofing, polishes, sunchecking in rubbers, cosmetic pomades and perfumes, crayons, medicinal ointments and salves, lubricants, mold releases, paper impregnants/ sizes, paints, casting; food pkg. adhesives; avail. in various grades

Properties: Wh., yel., tan, or orange grades; sp.gr. 0.880-0.935; m.p. 53.3-87.8 C; acid no. nil; sapon. no. 2 max.; ref. index 1.425-1.435

Uses: Wax used in package coatings, textile finishes, cosmetics, lubricants for textile, metal, and rope, pencils, crayons, wax modeling, buffing compds., pharmaceuticals; anticorrosion agent for metal; food pkg. adhesives, coat-

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.350, 176.170, 182.10

Properties: Pale cream colored wax, gummy feel; sp.gr. 0.975-0.984; m.p. 46.5-51.5 C; acid no. 6-30; iodine no. 4-15; sapon. no. 200-225; flash pt. 385

- Uses: Wax for use as carnauba substitutes, defoaming agents, in carbon paper and printing inks, polishes, rubber prods., plastics, records, insulation, sizing, adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, rubber articles; defoamer in food-
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600

Properties: German crude: pellets, powd.; m.p. 83-89 C; acid no. 31-38; sapon. no. 87-104; Domestic crude/refined: dk. brn., brn., tan flakes, powd.; m.p. 79.4-89 C; acid no. 24-55; sapon. no. 75-135

Uses: Wax used for shoe polishes, inks for carbon paper, lubricants, mold release, roll leaf, stamping; carnauba wax replacement for use where color

Properties: Dk. color; sp.gr. 0.997-1.010; m.p. 180-188 F; acid no. 2-7; ester

Uses: Wax used in carbon paper inks, rope and twine lubricants and water repellents, and floor, automotive, furniture, and leather polishes

Uses: Wax used in carbon paper inks, rope and twine lubricants and water repellents, and floor, automotive, furniture, and leather polishes

Uses: Wax used in carbon paper inks, rope and twine lubricants and water repellents, and floor, automotive, furniture, and leather polishes

Chem. Descrip.: Paraffin, myristyl lignocerate, stearic acid, hydrogenated tallow glyceride

Uses: Wax for use in furniture, leather, auto, and floor polishes, leather and

textile finishes, cosmetics (lipsticks), casting, lubricants/greases, adhesives, chewing gum, paper size and coatings; hard, lustrous *Properties:* Pale yel. hard wax, faint aromatic odor; m.p. 155-165 F; acid no.

Properties: Pale yel. hard wax, faint aromatic odor; m.p. 155-165 F; acid no. 12-22; sapon. no. 43-65; flash pt. 435 F min.

Ross Wax #140 [Frank B. Ross]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene distearamide synthetic wax

CAS 110-30-5; EINECS/ELINCS 203-755-6

- *Uses:* Wax used as ingredient, finish or processing aid in adhesives, ammunition, asphalt, explosives, paints, paper, pyrotechnics, lubricants, mold releases, PVC, textile finishes, powd. metallurgy, etc.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; high m.p.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200 Properties: Wh. flakes, powd., or atomized; sol. in hot naphtha, xylene, Carbitol, IPA, trichlorethylene; sp.gr. 0.97; m.p. 138-140 C; flash pt. 530 F min.; acid no. 3-10; dielec. str. 233 V/mil; vol. resist. 0.99 x 10¹³ ohm-cm cc Way #140 [Frank P. Docc]

Ross Wax #160 [Frank B. Ross] Chem. Descrip.: Synthetic wax

CAS 123237-14-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6

- Uses: Wax used as ingredient, finish or processing aid in adhesives, ammunition, explosives, hot-melt coatings, lubricants, paints, paper, pyrotechnics, release agent, propellants, textile finishes, powd. metallurgy, varnish, plastic film, etc.; high m.p.
- Properties: Tan med. hard wax in lumps, flakes, powd., or atomized; sol. in hot naphtha, xylene, Carbitol, IPA, trichlorethylene, toluene; sp.gr. 1.0232; m.p. 157-162 C; flash pt. 590 F min.; acid no. 10 max.; iodine no. 7.5

Rovene® 4100 [Mallard Creek Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene emulsion

Uses: Modifier for air knife and blade coating formations, for boxboard coating and some publication grade papers

Properties: 0.19 µ particle size; visc. 300 cps; pH 6.3; 57% bound styrene;

50% solids

Rovene® 4106 [Mallard Creek Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene butadiene latex

Uses: Hand modifier, sheet gloss aid for paper coatings; extremely hard latex *Properties:* Particle size 0.20 μ; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; visc. 200 cps; pH 6.5; 50% solids; anionic

Rovene® 4112 [Mallard Creek Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene butadiene latex

Uses: Exc. runnability and printability for high speed blade coatings on LWC paper

 $\textit{Properties:}\ \text{Particle size 0.18 }\mu\text{; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; visc. 500 cps; pH 6.3; 50% solids; anionic$

Rovene® 4305 [Mallard Creek Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene butadiene latex *Uses:* Binder for textiles, nonwovens, and paper saturation; soft; zero form-

aldehyde Properties: 0.20 μ particle size; dens. 8.40 lb/gal; visc. 500 cps; pH 8.7; 53% solids; S/B ratio 45/55; anionic

Rovene® 4402 [Mallard Creek Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene butadiene latex

Uses: Used for nonwovens and paper saturation; med. soft polymer

Properties: 0.20 μ particle size; dens. 8.40 lb/gal; visc. 300 cps; pH 8.7; 53% solids; S/B ratio 50/50; anionic

Rovene® 5005 [Mallard Creek Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene emulsion

- Uses: Paper saturant; low foaming; rec. for applics. that require soft and strong saturant
- *Properties:* 0.19 µ particle size; visc. 400 cps; pH 8.7; 45% bound styrene; 53% solids

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e.g., for cleaning of heavily polluted wastewater from paper, textiles, ceram-Sabofos PP 75 [Sabo SpA] Chem. Descrip .: Sodium alkylpolyglycol ether phosphate ics industries, and petrochem. plants Properties: Clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.12 (20 C); visc. 86 mPa·s (20 C); solid. pt. CAS 68071-35-2 - 2 C; pH 3.4 Uses: Detergent; wetting agent for low foaming auxiliaries in textile, paper, Storage: 1 yr. shelf life cleaners, and machine washing; alkali-stable Properties: Liq.; 75% conc.; anionic Sachtoklar® 37 [Sachtleben Chemie GmbH] Sabopon SAM [Sabo SpA] Chem. Descrip.: Polyaluminum chloride aq. sol'n. Chem. Descrip.: Sulfosuccinate *Chem. Analysis:* Al₂O₃ (13.2%); CI (17.5%); AI (7%); SO₄ (< 1.0%) CAS 1327-41-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-477-2 Uses: Emulsifier in emulsion polymerization; foaming agent for latex emulsions (carpet backing); antigelling agent; cleaning agent for paper mill felts UN No. 3264 Properties: Paste; 35% conc.; anionic Uses: Primary flocculant used for purification of potable and utility water, Sachtofloc[®] 46.3 [Sachtleben Chemie GmbH] wastewater treatment, and papermaking process; food-contact applics. Chem. Descrip.: Sachtoklar® and Synthofloc polyelectrolytes mixt. Use Level: 5-50 g/m³ (potable water); 10-5000 g/m³ (wastewater); 0.3-2% Uses: Flocculant for treatment of turbid sol'ns. in sl. acidic to sl. alkaline range, (paper process) e.g., for cleaning of heavily polluted wastewater from paper, textiles, ceram-Regulatory: German approved for paper in contact with foodstuffs ics industries, and petrochem. plants Properties: Yel. clear liq.; odorless; unlimited sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.30 (20 C); Properties: Clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.20 (20 C); visc. 25 mPa·s (20 C); solid. pt. visc. 10-60 mPa•s (20 C); vapor pressure 103 hPa (20 C); f.p. - 25 C; b.p. > 100 C; pH 1.4 - 9 C; pH 2.9 Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; irritating to eyes and skin Storage: 1 yr. shelf life Sachtofloc® 46.6 [Sachtleben Chemie GmbH] Environmental: LC0 (leuciscus idus melonatus, 48 h) 750 mg/l; contains no Chem. Descrip.: Sachtoklar® and Synthofloc polyelectrolytes mixt. substances or heavy metals in ecologically critical concs.; sl. harmful to Uses: Flocculant for treatment of turbid sol'ns. in sl. acidic to sl. alkaline range, water e.g., for cleaning of heavily polluted wastewater from paper, textiles, ceram-Precaution: Corrosive; acidic; keep away from acid-sensitive materials ics industries, and petrochem. plants Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: May form HCI above 200 C Properties: Clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.19 (20 C); visc. 32 mPa·s (20 C); solid. pt. Storage: 12 mos storage stability; store dry < 40 C; handle/store with acid-- 8 C; pH 2.9 resist. tanks, piping, pumps Storage: 1 yr. shelf life Sachtoklar® 39 [Sachtleben Chemie GmbH] Sachtofloc® 46.12 [Sachtleben Chemie GmbH] *Chem. Descrip.:* Polyaluminum chloride aq. sol'n. Chem. Descrip.: Sachtoklar® and Synthofloc polyelectrolytes mixt. *Chem. Analysis:* Al₂O₃ (16.8%); CI (22%); AI (8.9%); SO₄ (< 1.0%) Uses: Flocculant for treatment of turbid sol'ns. in sl. acidic to sl. alkaline range, CAS 1327-41-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-477-2 e.g., for cleaning of heavily polluted wastewater from paper, textiles, ceram-UN No. 3264 ics industries, and petrochem. plants Uses: Primary flocculant used for purification of potable and utility water, Properties: Clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.18 (20 C); visc. 44 mPa•s (20 C); solid. pt. wastewater treatment, and papermaking process; food-contact applics. - 6 C; pH 3.0 Use Level: 5-50 g/m³ (potable water); 10-5000 g/m³ (wastewater); 0.3-2% Storage: 1 yr. shelf life (paper process) Sachtofloc® 46.18 [Sachtleben Chemie GmbH] Regulatory: German approved for paper in contact with foodstuffs Chem. Descrip.: Sachtoklar® and Synthofloc polyelectrolytes mixt. Properties: Yel. clear liq.; odorless; unlimited sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.37 (20 C); Uses: Flocculant for treatment of turbid sol'ns. in sl. acidic to sl. alkaline range, visc. < 60 mPa•s (20 C); vapor pressure 103 hPa (20 C); f.p. -18 C; b.p. e.g., for cleaning of heavily polluted wastewater from paper, textiles, ceram-> 100 C; pH < 1.4 Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; irritating to eyes and skin ics industries, and petrochem. plants Properties: Clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.17 (20 C); visc. 57 mPa·s (20 C); solid. pt. Environmental: LCO (leuciscus idus melonatus, 48 h) 750 mg/l; contains no - 5 C; pH 3.0 substances or heavy metals in ecologically critical concs.; sl. harmful to Storage: 1 yr. shelf life water Sachtofloc® 46.24 [Sachtleben Chemie GmbH] Precaution: Corrosive; acidic; keep away from acid-sensitive materials Chem. Descrip.: Sachtoklar® and Synthofloc polyelectrolytes mixt. Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: May form HCI above 200 C Uses: Flocculant for treatment of turbid sol'ns. in sl. acidic to sl. alkaline range, Storage: 12 mos storage stability; store dry < 40 C; handle/store with acide.g., for cleaning of heavily polluted wastewater from paper, textiles, ceramresist. tanks, piping, pumps Sachtolith® HD-S [Sachtleben Chemie GmbH] ics industries, and petrochem. plants Properties: Clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.16 (20 C); visc. 70 mPa·s (20 C); solid. pt. Chem. Descrip .: Zinc sulfide, coated CAS 1314-98-3; EINECS/ELINCS 215-251-3 - 5 C; pH 3.1 Storage: 1 yr. shelf life Sachtofloc® 46.60 [Sachtleben Chemie GmbH] Uses: Pigment, flame retardant used in thermoplastics (HDPE, PP), thermosets (melamine, urea, polyester), flame-resistant plastics, glass-reinforced Chem. Descrip .: Sachtoklar® and Synthofloc polyelectrolytes mixt. plastics, pigment concs. and masterbatches, elastomers, textile fibers, pa-

Uses: Flocculant for treatment of turbid sol'ns. in sl. acidic to sl. alkaline range,

per, sealants, lubricants; opacifier; dry lubricant; food pkg. adhesives, rub-

have improved wetting-out and disp. char. in aq. and org. systems Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.2600, 178.3297, 178.3570 Properties: Wh. powd.; odorless; 0.30 µm mean particle size; dens. 4.0 g/ ml; surf. area 8 m²/g; oil absorp. 13; ref. index 2.37; pH 7; hardness (Mohš) 3; 98% ZnS Toxicology: ZnS: ACGIH TLV/TWA 15 mg/m3 (total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction); avoid dust inh. Precaution: Incompat. with strong acids Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: H₂Š HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 Sachtolith® L [Sachtleben Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip .: Zinc sulfide CAS 1314-98-3; EINECS/ELINCS 215-251-3 Uses: Pigment, flame retardant used in thermoplastics (HDPE, PP), thermosets (melamine, urea, polyester), flame-resistant plastics, glass-reinforced plastics, pigment concs. and masterbatches, elastomers, textile fibers, paper, sealants, lubricants; opacifier; dry lubricant; food pkg. adhesives, rubber articles; L is uncoated std. grade Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.2600, 178.3297, 178.3570 Properties: Wh.; 0.35 µm mean particle size; dens. 4.0 g/ml; surf. area 8 m²/ g; oil absorp. 14; ref. index 2.37; pH 6; hardness (Mohs) 3; 98% ZnS content Safacid 20/22 CD [Pronova Oleochems.] Chem. Descrip .: Sat. fatty acid CAS 68002-88-0; EINECS/ELINCS 2681035 Uses: Industrial raw material; emulsifier, lubricant, defoamer, and release agent used in metal soaps, paper sizing, emulsions for textile/paper/wood processing; anticaking agent for fertilizers; hair conditioner; textile auxiliaries; raw material for making versatile greases, flow improvers, biodeg. fluids; good water repellency, high m.p., and gel strength; thermal props. Properties: Lovibond 20Y/2R flakes or liq.; acid no. 167-174; iodine no. 7; sapon. no. 168-178 Environmental: Biodeg.; nontoxic to algae, daphnia, and fish Safacid 20/22 DF [Pronova Oleochems.] Chem. Descrip .: Sat. fatty acid CAS 68002-88-0; EINECS/ELINCS 2681035 Uses: Industrial raw material; emulsifier, lubricant, defoamer, and release agent used in metal soaps, paper sizing, emulsions for textile/paper/wood processing; anticaking agent for fertilizers; hair conditioner; textile auxiliaries; raw material for making versatile greases, flow improvers, biodeg. fluids; good water repellency, high m.p., and gel strength; thermal props. Properties: Lovibond 20Y/2R flakes or liq.; acid no. 164-171; iodine no. 8; sapon. no. 165-173 Environmental: Biodeg.; nontoxic to algae, daphnia, and fish Safacid 20/22 HF [Pronova Oleochems.] Chem. Descrip .: Sat. fatty acid CAS 68002-88-0; EINECS/ELINCS 2681035 Uses: Industrial raw material; emulsifier, lubricant, defoamer, and release agent used in metal soaps, paper sizing, emulsions for textile/paper/wood processing; anticaking agent for fertilizers; hair conditioner; textile auxiliaries; raw material for making versatile greases, flow improvers, biodeg. fluids; good water repellency, high m.p., and gel strength; thermal props. Properties: Lovibond 15Y/1.5R flakes or liq.; acid no. 164-169; iodine no. 3; sapon. no. 164-171 Environmental: Biodeg.; nontoxic to algae, daphnia, and fish Safacid 20/22 LF [Pronova Oleochems.] Chem. Descrip.: Behenic acid and arachidic acid Uses: Industrial raw material; emulsifier, lubricant, defoamer, and release agent used in metal soaps, paper sizing, emulsions for textile/paper/wood processing; anticaking agent for fertilizers; hair conditioner; textile auxiliaries; raw material for making versatile greases, flow improvers, biodeg. fluids; good water repellency, high m.p., and gel strength; thermal props. Properties: Lovibond 15Y/1.5R flakes or liq.; acid no. 164-171; iodine no. 3; sapon. no. 165-173 Environmental: Biodeg.; nontoxic to algae, daphnia, and fish

ber articles; HD-S grade is coated with a small amt. of org. surfactant and

SAFFIL High Alpha Grade [ICI SAFFIL]

Chem. Descrip .: Polycrystalline alumina fiber

Chem. Analysis: Alumina (96%); silica (4%)

CAS 1344-28-1; EINECS/ELINCS 215-691-6

Uses: For high temp. insulation applics. (incl. vacuum formed boards, custom shapes and papers); for operating temps. up to 1750 C

Properties: < 0.5% impurities

SAFFIL Low Alpha Grade [ICI SAFFIL]

Chem. Descrip.: Polycrystalline alumina fibers

Chem. Analysis: Alumina (96%); silica (4%)

- CAS 1344-28-1; EINECS/ELINCS 215-691-6
- Uses: For high temp. insulation applics. incl. module making, expansion joints, furnace repairs, vacuum formed boards, custom shapes and papers; resist, to thermal shrinkage and chem. attack up to 1600 C
- *Properties:* < 0.5% impurities **Sag 100** [Crompton/Witco]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Silicone compd.

Uses: Antifoam for edible oil processing, jam/jelly/sauce mfg., food frying, hog scalding, feed supplement mfg., oil-based cosmetics, food pkg. adhesives and glues, food-contact paper/paperboard; food grade, autoclavable Regulatory: FDA21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 176.170, 176.180; BATF 27CFR

§240.1051; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147

Sag 275D [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: Organic compd.

Uses: Defoamer for waterborne coatings (latex, acrylics, vinyl/acrylics, PVA, semi- and high-gloss paints) and adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; cost-effective; recoatable; controls foam and entrained air while minimizing pigment flotation, fish eyes, cratering, orange peel

Use Level: 0.5-1%

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1640(b)

Properties: Lt. yel. opaque liq.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.88; visc. 1250 cP; flash pt. (COC) 116 C; pH 7.0; 100% act.

Sag 730 [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: Dimethicone and silica

- Uses: Defoamer for wastewater treatment at food processing plants, beverage mfg., whey processing, dehydration/evap./extraction processes, meat/ poultry processing, washing/pkg. operations (eggs, vegetables, seafood), ethanol fermentation, flavorings mfg., cosmetics formulations (balms, lotions, moisturizers, ointments, shampoos, sunscreens), adhesives and sealants; food pkg. adhesives; food-contact paper/paperboard; food-grade
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1640(b); BATF 27CFR §240.1051; USDA approved

Properties: Disp. in water; 30% act.

Sag 770 [Crompton/Witco]

Uses: Foam control agent used in snack food processing, ethanol fermentation, vegetable washing, beverage processing, food pkg. adhesives, foodcontact paper/paperboard/polystyrene; food grade emulsion used to control protein or starch stabilized foam; provides rapid knockdown of existing foams; exc. durability

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1640(b); USDA approved

Properties: Liq.; disp. in water

Sampaque® 5002 [Huber Engineered Materials]

Uses: Structured pigment, TiO₂ extender for paper and paperboard; good opacity and bulking chars.

Properties: Slurry; 85-95% finer than 2 μ; 0.03% max. 325 mesh residue; sp.gr. 2.60; visc. 500-700 cps; brightness (TAPPI) 91-93%; ref. index 1.57; pH 10-11.5 (28% solids); 45-51% slurry solids

Samshin White AS [Sam Shin]

Uses: Fluorescent brightening agent for pulp or paper; used for paper which is sized with rosin or syn. resins; exc. fastness to light, heat, acids, alkalis; unaffected by wide pH conditions

Properties: Yel. liq.; UV absorbence 347.6 nm; anionic

Storage: Avoid excessive heat and moisture

Samshin White HL [Sam Shin]

Uses: Fluorescent brightening agent for pulp or paper; used for paper which is sized with rosin or syn. resins; exc. fastness to light, heat, acids, alkalis; unaffected by wide pH conditions

Properties: Lt. brn. liq.; UV absorbence 347.6 nm; anionic

Storage: Avoid excessive heat and moisture

Samshin White PL [Sam Shin]

Uses: Fluorescent brightening agent for pulp or paper; used for paper which is sized with rosin or syn. resins; exc. fastness to light, heat, acids, alkalis; unaffected by wide pH conditions

Properties: Lt. brn. liq.; UV absorbence 347.6 nm; anionic

Storage: Avoid excessive heat and moisture

Samshin White PR [Sam Shin]

Uses: Fluorescent brightening agent for pulp or paper; used for paper which is sized with rosin or syn. resins; exc. fastness to light, heat, acids, alkalis;	Properties: Wh. powd San-Sil® KU 33 [BASF]
unaffected by wide pH conditions <i>Properties:</i> Highly conc. powd. or liq.; UV absorbence 347.6 nm; anionic <i>Storage:</i> Avoid excessive beat and moisture	Chem. Descrip.: Syn. CAS 112926-00-8; EIN Uses: Pigment for page
Samstat-350 [Sam Shin]	for size press treated o
Uses: Textile and paper aux. (copying paper, tissue paper); nearly no foam-	ness; provides exc. c
ing; no influence on degree of size and whiteness during size press	Properties: Wh. powd
Use Level: 1-3 part/100 parts of starch on size Proportion: Colorloss transportent lig : visc < 20 cps; pH 7 0: 25 + 1%	Sansink SB 301 [BASF]
solids: cationic	in paper processing: p
Storage: 12 mos storage at R.T.	SanSoft™ [BASF]
Sancure® 1511 [BFGoodrich]	Chem. Descrip.: Quat.
Chem. Descrip.: Waterborne aromatic polyurethane polymer	Uses: Softener for tissu
Properties: Opaque: dens 90 lb/gal: visc 1000 cns; nH 8.7; tens str. 5500	Sansperse™ WTC. [BAS
psi; elong. 230% (break); hardness (Sward) 56; VOC 307 g/l; 35% solids;	Chem. Descrip.: Phose
11.3% NMP	with acrylate dispersa
Sanfac™ [BASF]	Uses: Scale control age
Sanihrom™ 40 [Δlhemarle]	ing processes and in
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Sodium bromide (40% sol'n.)	protection from scale
CAS 7647-15-6; EINECS/ELINCS 231-599-9	on calcium carbonate
Uses: Biocide for use as disinfectant, bactericide, fungicide, algicide, slimicide,	Properties: Liq.
and molluscicide in recirculating and once-thru cooling water systems, waste- water systems, brewery pasteurizers, and pulp/paper mills: use with oxi-	Jises: Acid hoilout clea
dizer such as sodium hypochlorite or chlorine gas to produce hypobromous	Sanstrip [™] FP [BASF]
acid	Uses: Alkaline boilout
Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 3377-25, 3377-32; DOT nonregulated	Santolink® AM-129 [Solu
Properties: Lt. to water-wn. clear liq.; sl. odor; sp.gr. 1.385-1.440; dens. 11.6- 12 1 lb/gal (21 C); b p. 100-112 C; flash pt. pope; pH 7-9 (1:10); 38-42%	in tripropylene glycol
assav	Uses: Crosslinking re
Toxicology: Eye and skin irritant	epoxy acrylates, uns
Precaution: Avoid strong acids, oxidizing agents, and extremely high heat;	lates, and most acryl
COROSIVE to aluminum Sanibrom™ 45 [Albomaria]	Stain and chem. resis
<i>Chem. Descrip.</i> : Sodium bromide (45% sol'n.)	Regulatory: DOT nonre
CAS 7647-15-6; EINECS/ELINCS 231-599-9	Properties: Clear visc
Uses: Biocide for use as disinfectant, bactericide, fungicide, algicide, slimicide,	alcohols, aromatic hy
and molluscicide in recirculating and once-thru cooling water systems, waste- water systems, browery pastaurizors, and pulp/paper mills; uso with evi	(20 C); dens. 8.9-9.3
dizer such as sodium hypochlorite or chlorine das to produce hypobromous	Toxicology: May caus
acid	irritation; may cause a
Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 3377-29, 3377-28; FIFRA registered	cancer hazard; TSCA
Properties: Lt. to water-wh. clear liq.; sl. odor; sp.gr. 1.4/0-1.500; dens. 12.3-	Hazardous Decomp. Pl
assav	Storage: Store closed
Toxicology: Eye and skin irritant	reducing agents, and
Precaution: Avoid strong acids, oxidizing agents, and extremely high heat;	Santonox® TBMC [Flex
	Chem. Descrip.: 4,4 -1
Chem. Descrip.: PEG-based	Uses: Antioxidant for p
Uses: Release agent for papermaking	stabilization, NR and
San-Sil® AN 45 [BASF]	ings; antioxidant, sta
Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica	thermal print stabilize
Uses: Pigment for saturating paper grades used in decorative laminates and	staining: nondiscolori
in paper coating applics. to enhance porosity, brightness, and ink receptivity	by processing heat a
Properties: Wh. powd.	Regulatory: FDA 21CF
San-Sil® BD-73 [BASF]	ant Proportios: Who to off
CAS 7631-86-9: EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4	1.09: m.p. 156-164 C
Uses: Pigment for paper coating applics. where surf. smoothness is critical,	Storage: 12 mos shelf
for size press treated grades requiring enhanced brightness and surf. smooth-	ventilated area away
ness, and for Ink jet applic.; provides exc. coating porosity	Santowhite® BBMC [Fle
San-Sil® CG-102 [BASF]	CAS 85-60-9
Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica	Uses: Antioxidant for
CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4	oils for fiber finishes,
Uses: Pigment for paper wet end filler additions, paper/paperboard coatings,	resins, inks; stabilize
מות סובי פריכסס מפוויניס. נס וודופרטיפי פרודונודוע מדום טרועדונו ופסס אידוופי דומודומודוע ODACITV	sives, coatings, photo

inking agent, surfactant for agglomerating laser and xerographic inks processing; patented

- escrip.: Quat. ammonium compd.
- ftener for tissue paper

s: Cationic

WTC [BASF]

escrip.: Phosphate-based high activity multicomponent formulation ylate dispersants and proprietary sequestrants

ale control agent, dispersant for alkaline deinking systems in paperkeeps washer and extractor surfaces clean in pulping and bleachcesses and in heat exchangers and scrubber systems; provides on from scale in the presence of both temp. and pH shock; effective um carbonate and calcium sulfate scale

id boilout cleaning chem. for paper processing

aline boilout cleaning chem. for paper processing AM-129 [Solutia]

- escrip.: Etherified acrylated melamine/formaldehyde resin (62-68%) pylene glycol diacrylate
- osslinking resin in radiation-cure applics. such as polyester and crylates, unsat. polyesters, aliphatic and aromatic urethane acrynd most acrylate monomer diluents; imparts hardness and gloss, nd chem. resist. to coatings, paper coatings; cured by free radical ization initiated by UV or thermal processing
- ry: DOT nonregulated; SARA §302, 313 nonreportable
- s: Clear visc. liq.; sl. acrylate odor; insol. in water; sol. in most s, aromatic hydrocarbons, ketones, and paraffins; sp.gr. 1.07-1.11 dens. 8.9-9.3 lb/gal; visc. 4000-8000 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) > 110 min. NV; < 0.1% free formaldehyde
- y: May cause eye and skin irritation; causes respiratory tract ; may cause allergic skin reaction; contains formaldehyde-potential hazard; TSCA listed
- is Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. may produce formaldehyde, ol, nitrogenous prods., CO, and amines
- Store closed in cool, well ventilated area away from foodstuffs, g agents, and acids

TBMC [Flexsys]

escrip.: 4,4 - Thiobis(6-t-butyl-m-cresol)

- tioxidant for paper film coatings, polyolefin stabilization, pulp/paper ation, NR and syn. rubbers, adhesives, PE, PP, ABS, cable coattioxidant, stabilizer for food-grade polymers, rubber, adhesives; print stabilizer; fiber lubricant stabilizer; stabilizer for NBR, ABS, EPM, EPDM; highly effective protectant for polyethylene; non-; nondiscoloring; in very low concs., forestalls degradation caused essing heat and by UV light in outdoor aging
- ry: FĎA 21CFR §175.105, 177.2600, 178.2010; BgVV XXI compli-
- s: Wh. to off-wh. fine powd. or cryst. powd.; m.w. 358.55; sp.gr. .p. 156-164 C

12 mos shelf life; store in single-stacked pallets in cool, dry, welled area away from direct sunlight

BBMC [Flexsys]

escrip.: 4,4⁻-Butylidenebis-(6-t-butyl-m-cresol) 0-9

ntioxidant for PE, PP, ABS, NR, synthetics, latexes, adhesives, fiber finishes, food-grade polymers; stabilizer for syn. polymers, inks; stabilizer, antigellant for drying oils; antioxidant, stabilizer for oatings, photographic coatings, thermal fax paper; food pkg. adheoatings, rubber articles; nonstaining; provides exc. thermal oxida-
tive/UV discoloration protection; rec. for wh. or It. colored prods. where color is critical; non-pinking Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.210, 175.300, 177.1632, 177.2600, 178.2010; BfVV XXI compliant Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. in alcohol, acetone; insol. in petrol. ether; sp.gr. 1.03; m.p. 206-214 C Storage: Store in single-stacked pallets in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from direct sunlight Sappco Spa Securigard [SA Paper Chems.; British Traders & Shippers] Chem. Descrip.: Benzothiazole Uses: Security chems. for paper Sarbox® SB 500 E50 [Sartomer] Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic acid methacrylate half ester in SR 454 (ethoxylated trimethylolpropane triacrylate) with 1190 ppm MEHQ Uses: Used in coatings (metal, paper, plastic, wood), inks (flexo and gravure, screen); fast cure speed, good wetting chars., exc. hardness and tens. str.; exc. adhesion to metal and plastic, good pigment dispersibility, good gloss characteristics Properties: APHA 100-200 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.16-1.19; dens. 9.7-9.9 lb/gal; visc. 75,000-100,000 cps; acid no. 130-160; flash pt. (Seta) > 200 F; 100% reactive esters Toxicology: Low/moderate eye and skin irritation Storage: Store in cool (preferably air-conditioned) area < 90 F away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; use within 6 mos of receipt Sarbox® SB 500 K60 [Sartomer] Chem. Descrip .: Aromatic acid methacrylate half ester in SR 344 (PEG-8 diacrylate) with 1060 ppm MEHQ Uses: Used in adhesives, coatings (metal, paper, plastic, wood), inks (flexo and gravure, screen); good cure speed, wetting chars.; exc. adhesion to metal and plastic, org. and inorg. pigment dispersibility, exc. solv. resist. Properties: APHA 100-200 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.16-1.19; dens. 9.7-9.9 lb/gal; visc. 35,000-50,000 cps; acid no. 130-160; flash pt. (Seta) > 200 F; 100% reactive esters Toxicology: Low/moderate eye and skin irritation Storage: Store in cool (preferably air-conditioned) area < 90 F away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; use within 6 mos of receipt Sarbox® SB 510 E35 [Sartomer] Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic acid methacrylate half ester in SR 454 (ethoxylated trimethylolpropane triacrylate) with 620 ppm MEHQ Uses: Used in adhesives, coatings (metal, paper, plastic, wood), inks (flexo and gravure, screen), plastisols; adhesion promoter for plastisol systems; exc. cure speed, exc. adhesion to metal and plastic, good wetting and flow characteristics; UV/EB or conventional cure; improved tensile and modulus props. while maintaining flexibility; exc. thin-film adhesion to electrocoated steel Properties: APHA 150-250 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.16-1.19; dens. 9.7-9.9 lb/gal; visc. 80,000-120,000 cps; acid no. 200-230; flash pt. (Seta) > 200 F; 100% reactive esters Toxicology: Low/moderate eye and skin irritation Storage: Store in cool (preferably air-conditioned) area < 90 F away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; use within 6 mos of receipt Sarbox® SB 520 E35 [Sartomer] Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic acid acrylate half ester in SR 454 (ethoxylated trimethylolpropane triacrylate) with 145 ppm MEHQ Uses: Used in adhesives, coatings (metal, paper, plastic, wood), inks (flexo and gravure, screen); exc. cure speed, good wetting and flow characteristics, exc. adhesion to metal, plastic, electrocoated steel; intercoat adhesion; UV/EB or conventional cure

Properties: APHA 150-250 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.16-1.19; dens. 9.7-9.9 lb/gal; visc. 80,000-120,000 cps; acid no. 200-230; flash pt. (Seta) > 200 F; 100% reactive esters

Toxicology: Low/moderate eye and skin irritation

Storage: Store in cool (preferably air-conditioned) area < 90 F away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; use within 6 mos of receipt

Sarbox® SB 520 M35 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic acid acrylate half ester in SR 339 (2-phenoxyethyl acrylate) with 1060 ppm MEHQ inhibitor

Uses: Used for adhesives, coatings (metal, paper, wood, plastics), and inks

(flexo, gravure, screen); offers good cure speed, exc. adhesion to metal and plastics, good solv. and acid resist., high gloss, water/abrasion/chem./heat resist.; good wetting and flow char.

Properties: APHA 225 clear liq.; dens. 9.583 lb/gal; visc. 950 cps Storage: 6 mos shelf life

SarCat® K126 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Cycloaliphatic diepoxide

Uses: Adhesion promoter for laminating adhesives, coatings (metal, paper, plastic, wood), inks, and electronics; fast cure, low volatility

Properties: APHA 10 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.167; visc. 236 cps; cationic

- SB-332 [Huber Engineered Materials]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate
 - Chem. Analysis: Al₂O₃ (64.9%)
 - CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7
 - Uses: Filler, flame retardant, smoke suppressant for thermoplastics, thermosets, FRP spray-up/hand lay-up, FRP continuous panel, adhesives, sealants, mastics, paints, coatings, paper, elastomers, and rubber prods.; high loading; med. grind; high in superfines
 - Properties: Ground particulate; 11 µ median particle diam.; 98% thru 325 mesh; sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. 0.7 g/cc (loose); surf. area 3-4 m²/g; oil absorp. 27-28; brightness (TAPPI) 88; ref. index 1.57; hardness (Mohs) 2.5-3.5
- SB-805 [Huber Engineered Materials]

Chem. Descrip.: Alumina trihydrate

- *Chem. Analysis:* Al₂O₃ (64.9%) CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7
- Uses: Filler, flame retardant, smoke suppressant for neoprene foam, thermoplastics, thermosets, adhesives, paints, coatings, paper; high loading; commonly used where a high degree of active surf. area is required and high loading levels must be maintained
- Properties: Superfine powd.; 2.6 µ median particle diam.; 99.99% thru 325 mesh; sp.gr. 2.42; bulk dens. 0.4 g/cc (loose), 0.7 g/cc (packed); surf. area 5-6 m²/g; oil absorp. 34; brightness (TAPPI) 90-95; ref. index 1.57; hardness (Mohs) 2.5-3.5

Schercopol DSB [Scher]

Chem. Descrip.: Modified ethoxylated alkylamine

Uses: Dispersant for chopped strand fiberglass, paper, syn. fibers, and other nonwoven prods.; creates little or no foam

- Properties: Amber liq.; faint typ. odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.0; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. 100-400 cps; vapor pressure < 25 mm Hg; b.p. 206 F; flash pt. (Seta) > 210 F; pH 6-7.5; 40-43% solid; cationic
- Toxicology: Possible skin irritant; eye, nasal, and intestinal tract irritant; prolonged contact may cause dermatitis

Precaution: Incompat. with strong acid, strong alkali; spills are slippery

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO, ammonia
- Storage: 1 yr shelf life; avoid overheating or freezing; spilled material is slippery
- Schercoguat IAS [Scher]

Chem. Descrip.: Isostearamidopropyl ethyldimonium ethosulfate CAS 67633-63-0; EINECS/ELINCS 266-778-0

Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, and flocculant for fibers, pulp/paper

Properties: Amber clear visc. liq., slight mild odor; water-sol.; m.w. 522; sp.gr. 0.99 ± 0.01; dens. 8.2 lb/gal; pH 5-7 (5.0% aq.); 90% min. act.; cationic

Schercoguat IIS [Scher]

Chem. Descrip.: Isostearyl ethylimidonium ethosulfate

- CAS 67633-57-2; EINEČS/ELINCS 266-778-0
- Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, flocculant for fibers, pulp/paper
- Properties: Dk. amber clear to sl. hazy visc. liq., sl. mild odor; m.w. 532; sp.gr. 1.036 \pm 0.01; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; pH 4-7 (5.0% aq.); 98% min. dry solids; cationic
- Schercozoline I [Scher]

Chem. Descrip.: Isostearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

CAS 68966-38-1; EINECS/ELINCS 273-429-6

- Uses: Surfactant, softener, antistat, dye assistant for textiles, paper, cutting oils, metal lubricants, polishes, cosmetics, agric., corrosion inhibitors, building materials
- Properties: Amber clear liq.; m.w. 378; alkali no. 150-160; 90% min. imidazoline; cationic

Custom prod.

Schercozoline L [Scher]

Chem. Descrip .: Lauryl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

CAS 136-99-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-271-0	Sclair® 11P3
Uses: Surfactant, softener, dye assistant, antistat for textiles, paper, cutting	Chem. De
materials; intermediate for quats.	CAS 9002
Properties: Cream solid; m.w. 268; m.p. 38-42 C; alkali no. 204-214; 90%	Uses: Film
min. imidazoline; cationic Custom prod	paperbo Pogulator
Schercozoline O [Scher]	Properties
Chem. Descrip .: Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline	tens. str
CAS 95-38-5; EINECS/ELINCS 248-248-0	drop str.
inhibitor for textiles, paper, cutting oils, metal lubricants, polishes, cosmetics,	Sclair [®] 11P4
agric., building materials; intermediate for quat. ammonium compds.	Chem. De
Properties: Dk. amber liq.; m.w. 350; alkali no. 160-170; 90% min. imidazo-	polymer
Custom prod.	Uses: Film
Schercozoline S [Scher]	paperbo
Chem. Descrip.: Stearyl inidazoline CAS 95.19.2: FINECS/FLINCS 202.307.8	Properties
Uses: Surfactant, softener, antistat, dye assistant for textiles, paper, cutting	tens. str
oils, metal lubricants, polishes, cosmetics, agric., corrosion inhibitors, build-	drop str.
ing materials Proportios: Croam solid: m.w. 336: m.n. 44,48 C: 00% min. imidazolino:	Storage: Sclair® 58G
cationic	Chem. De
Custom prod.	CAS 9002
Chem Descrin : Octene VI DPF with process stabilizer	USES: BIO mod ES
Uses: Blending film resin for improved toughness; food-contact paper/paper-	escent fi
board, polymer; low gel, exc. sealability, exc. clarity, easy processability	Regulator
Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 Pronerties: Melt index 1.7 g/10 min · sp. gr. 0.911· tens. str. 34 MPa (MD)·	soften r
elong. 400% (MD); tear str. 13 g/ μ m (MD); Dart drop str. 6 g/ μ m	1200% (
Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ ambient temps.	Storage: S
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Octene VLDPE with process stabilizer	Chem. De
Uses: Film resin for coextrusion; food-contact paper/paperboard, polymer;	CAS 9002
low gel, exc. sealability, dart impact, and clarity	Uses: Ext
<i>Properties:</i> Melt index 0.77 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.911; tens. str. 50 MPa (MD);	ness, hic
elong. 500% (MD); tear str. 16 g/µm (MD); Dart drop str. 28 g/µm	Regulator
Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ ambient temps.	Properties
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Octene VLDPE with process stabilizer	Sclair [®] 69A
Uses: Film resin for specialty blending and sealant/lamination applics.; food-	Chem. De
contact paper/paperboard, polymer; low gel, exc. sealability, dart impact, and clarity	Uses Ext
Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520	features
Properties: Melt index 0.77 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.911; tens. str. 45 MPa (MD);	sist.; low
eiong. 550% (MD); tear str. 20 g/µm (MD); Dart drop str. > 4 i g/µm Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ ambient temps	Properties
Sclair® 11B4 [NOVA Chems.]	hardnes
Chem. Descrip.: Octene LLDPE with high slip and antiblock, process stabi-	Storage: S
CAS 9002-88-4	Chem. De
Uses: Film resin for specialty lamination and coextrusion; food-contact paper/	CAS 9002
paperboard, polymer; low gel, exc. seal chars., easy processability	Uses: Inj.
Properties: Melt index 0.77 g/10 min.: sp.gr. 0.921; soften. pt. (Vicat) 104 C;	Regulator
tens. str. 34 MPa (MD); elong. 600% (MD); tear str. 12 g/µm (MD); Dart	Properties
drop str. 6 g/µm; hardness (Shore D) 58 Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ ambient temps	tens. str.
Sclair® 11P2 [NOVA Chems.]	Sclair® 2607
Chem. Descrip.: Butene LLDPE with low slip/antiblock, process stabilizer,	Chem. De
and polymer process aid	Uses: Ini
Uses: Film resin for specialty lamination and coextrusion; food-contact paper/	polymer
paperboard, polymer; low gel; exc. seal chars.; easy processability	Regulator
Regulatory: FDA21CFR§1/6.1/0,1/1.1520 Properties: Meltindex.0.72.g/10.min · sn.ar.0.920·soften.nt.(Vicat).98.C·	Properties (vield)
tens. str. 42 MPa (MD); elong. 800% (MD); tear str. 2 g/µm (MD); Dart	122 C
drop str. 3 g/µm	Sclair® 2908
Siurage: Store in clean, dry place @ ambient temps.	Cnem. De

[NOVA Chems.] escrip.: Butene LLDPE with med. slip/antiblock, process stabilizer, process aid -88-4 n resin for specialty lamination and coextrusion; food-contact paper/ pard, polymer; low gel; exc. seal chars.; easy processability y: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 compliant s: Melt index 0.72 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.920; soften. pt. (Vicat) 98 C; : 42 MPa (MD); elong. 800% (MD); tear str. 2 g/µm (MD); Dart 3 g/µm Store in clean, dry place @ ambient temps. [NOVA Chems. escrip.: Butene LLDPE with high slip/antiblock, process stabilizer, process aid -88-4 n resin for specialty lamination and coextrusion; food-contact paper/ pard, polymer; low gel; exc. seal chars.; easy processability y: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 compliant s: Melt index 0.72 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.920; soften. pt. (Vicat) 98 C; : 42 MPa (MD); elong. 800% (MD); tear str. 2 g/µm (MD); Dart 3 g/µm Store in clean, dry place @ ambient temps. (High Gloss) [NOVA Chems.] escrip.: HDPE with processing antioxidant 2-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 w molding resin for sm. part blow molding, inj. blow molding, low-CR uses; food-contact paper/paperboard; outstanding gloss, pearlnish when colored y: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 compliant s: Melt index 0.96 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.958; bulk dens. 0.61 g/cm³; ot. (Vicat) 126 C; tens. str. 27.6 MPa (@ yield, 50 mm/min.); elong. (50 mm/min.); hardness (Shore D) 67 Store in clean, dry place @ ambient temps. [NOVA Chems.] escrip.: Octene LLDPE with process stabilizer -88-4 rusion resin for food pkg., milk cartons, and paperboard containers; ntact paper/paperboard, polymer; offers exc. sealability and toughgh adhesion and drawdown, good barrier props. and abrasion resist. ту: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 s: Melt index 5.3 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.919 Store in clean, dry place @ ambient temps. [NOVA Chems.] escrip.: HDPE with antioxidant 2-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 trusion coating for paper, polymer films, woven scrim, food pkg.; high tens. str., good moisture barrier, oil/solv./abrasion/temp. reer brittleness temp. ry: FDA 21CFR §177.1520 compliant s: Melt index 13 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.962; soften. pt. (Vicat) 129 C; s (Shore D) 65 Store in clean, dry place @ ambient temps. [NOVA Chems.] escrip.: HDPE with antioxidant 2-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 molding resin for roll-out carts; food-contact paper/paperboard, r; good impact resist.; exc. stiffness; low warpage ry: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 compliant s: Melt index 4.8 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.947; soften. pt. (Vicat) 122 C; 22 MPa (yield); hardness (Shore D) 65 Store in clean, dry place @ ambient temps. -UV10 [NOVA Chems.] escrip.: HDPE with high UV stabilizers and antioxidants 2-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 molding resin for roll-out carts; food-contact paper/paperboard, ; exc. stiffness; good impact. resist.; low warpage ry: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 s: Melt index 4.8 g/10 min; dens. 0.947 g/cm³; tens. str. 22 MPa elong. 1000% (break); hardness (Shore D) 65; soften. pt. (Vicat)

Sclair[®] 2908, 2908-UV8A [NOVA Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: HDPE with antioxidant; 2908-UV8A contains UV stabiliz-

ers CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Inj. molding resin for tote boxes and beverage crates; food-contact paper/paperboard, polymer; high stiffness; max. impact str. and toughness *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 Properties: Melt index 7.0 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.961; soften. pt. (Vicat) 129 C; tens. str. 29 MPa (yield 50, mm/min.); elong. 1200% (break, 50 mm/min.); hardness (Shore D) 65 Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ ambient temps. Sclair® 2909 [NOVA Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: HDPE with antioxidant, UV stabilizer CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Inj. molding resin for tote boxes and beverage crates; food-contact paper/paperboard, polymer; high stiffness, surf. gloss; max. impact str. and toughness Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 Properties: Melt index 13 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.962; soften. pt. (Vicat) 129 C; tens. str. 29 MPa (yield 50, mm/min.); elong. 800% (break, 50 mm/min.); hardness (Shore D) 65 Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ ambient temps. Sclair® 8107 [NOVA Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: LLDPE with antioxidant CAS 9002-88-4 Uses: Inj. molding resin for food and sanitary containers; food-contact paper/ paperboard, polymer; exc. ESCR, low temp. impact Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 Properties: Melt index 4.8 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.925; soften. pt. (Vicat) 91 C; tens. str. 10.5 MPa (yield, 50 mm/min.); elong. 850% (break, 50 mm/min.); hardness (Shore D) 52 Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ ambient temps. Sclair® 8107 UV8D, 8107G UV8D [NOVA Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: LLDPE with processing antioxidants and UV stabilizers CAS 9002-88-4 Uses: Rotational molding resin for food and sanitary containers; food-contact paper/paperboard, polymer; exc. ESCR, low temp. impact Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 Properties: Melt index 4.8 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.925; soften. pt. (Vicat) 91 C; tens. str. 10.5 MPa (yield, 50 mm/min.); elong. 850% (break, 50 mm/min.); hardness (Shore D) 52 Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ ambient temps. Sclair® 8306 UV8D, 8306G UV8D [NOVA Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: MDPE with processing antioxidants and UV stabilizers CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: General purpose rotational molding resin; food-contact paper/paperboard, polymer; offers balance of toughness, ESCR, and processability Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 Properties: Melt index 3.8 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.932; soften. pt. (Vicat) 108 C; tens. str. 14.4 MPa (yield, 50 mm/min.); elong. 900% (break, 50 mm/min.); hardness (Shore D) 56 Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ ambient temps. Sclair® 8405 UV8D, 8405G UV8D [NOVA Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: MDPE with processing antioxidants and UV stabilizers CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Rotational molding resin for spray tanks; food-contact paper/paperboard, polymer; high impact str.; good ESCR Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 compliant Properties: Melt index 2.6 g/10 min.; sp.gr. 0.938; soften. pt. (Vicat) 114 C; tens. str. 18 MPa (yield, 50 mm/min.); elong. > 1000% (break, 50 mm/ min.); hardness (Shore D) 58 Storage: Store in clean, dry place @ ambient temps. Scogin™ F [FMC Biopolymer] Chem. Descrip .: Sodium alginate CAS 9005-38-3 Uses: Thickener, water holder, emulsion stabilizer, suspending agent, gellant, and film-former for food, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, other industrial uses, esp. for surf. treatment of paper and board Regulatory: FDA GRAS Properties: Ivory colored granular powd.; 80 mesh; sol. in water; visc. 45 cps (0.5%), 300 cps (1%), 3700 cps (2%), 16,000 (3%) water treatment Scogin[™] HV [FMC Biopolymer] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alginate CAS 9005-38-3

Uses: Thickener, water holder, emulsion stabilizer, suspending agent, gellant, and film-former for food, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, other industrial uses, esp. for surf. treatment of paper and board; thickener for printing reactive dyes on cellulose fibers Regulatory: FDA GRAS Properties: Ivory colored granular powd.; 30 mesh; sol. in water; visc. 130 cps (0.5%), 800 cps (1%), 10,000 cps (2%), 75,000 (3%) Scogin[™] HVF [FMC Biopolymer] *Chem. Descrip.:* Sodium alginate CAS 9005-38-3 Uses: Thickener, water holder, emulsion stabilizer, suspending agent, gellant, and film-former for food, pharmaceutical, cosmetic, other industrial uses; esp. for surf. treatment of paper and board Regulatory: FDA GRAS Properties: Ivory colored granular powd.; 150 mesh; sol. in water; visc. 125 cps (0.5%), 775 cps (1%), 9600 cps (2%), 43,000 (3%) Scogin[™] LV [FMC Biopolymer] *Chem. Descrip.:* Sodium alginate CAS 9005-38-3 Uses: Thickener, water holder, emulsion stabilizer, suspending agent, gellant, and film-former for food, pharmaceutical, cosmetic, other industrial uses; esp. for surf. treatment of paper and board; thickener for printing reactive dyes on cellulose fibers Regulatory: FDA GRAS Properties: Ivory colored granular powd.; 40 mesh; sol. in water; visc. 20 cps (0.5%), 60 cps (1%), 600 cps (2%), 3500 (3%) Scogin[™] MV [FMC Biopolymer] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alginate CAS 9005-38-3 Uses: Thickener, water holder, emulsion stabilizer, suspending agent, gellant, and film-former for food, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, other industrial uses, esp. for surf. treatment of paper and board; thickener for printing reactive dyes on cellulose fibers Regulatory: FDA GRAS Properties: Ivory colored granular powd.; 30 mesh; sol. in water; visc. 80 cps (0.5%), 400 cps (1%), 5000 cps (2%), 30,000 (3%) Scogin[™] OH [FMC Biopolymer] *Chem. Descrip.:* Sodium alginate CAS 9005-38-3 Uses: Thickener, water holder, emulsion stabilizer, suspending agent, gellant, and film-former for food, pharmaceutical, cosmetic, other industrial uses; esp. for surf. treatment of paper and board Regulatory: FDA GRAS Properties: Ivory colored granular powd.; 30 mesh; sol. in water; visc. 80 cps (0.5%), 400 cps (1%), 6000 cps (2%), 30,000 (3%) Scogin[™] QL [FMC Biopolymer] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alginate CAS 9005-38-3 Uses: Thickener, water holder, emulsion stabilizer, suspending agent, gellant, and film-former for food, pharmaceutical, cosmetic, other industrial uses; esp. for surf. treatment of paper and board Regulatory: FDA GRAS Properties: Ivory colored granular powd.; 30 mesh; sol. in water; visc. 10 cps (0.5%), 25 cps (1%), 160 cps (2%), 750 (3%) Scogin[™] QM [FMC Biopolymer] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alginate CAS 9005-38-3 Uses: Thickener, water holder, emulsion stabilizer, suspending agent, gellant, and film-former for food, pharmaceutical, cosmetic, other industrial uses; esp. for surf. treatment of paper and board Regulatory: FDA GRAS Properties: Ivory colored granular powd.; 30 mesh; sol. in water; visc. 25 cps (0.5%), 175 cps (1%), 2000 cps (2%), 9000 (3%) Scripset® 500 [Hercules] Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/maleic anhydride, sodium salt Uses: Emulsifier; starch modifier in adhesives, textile sizing, paper sizing; protective colloid; pigment binder and dispersant; film-former; visc. modifier; latex stabilizer; barrier coatings; anti-resoiling additives; strippable coatings;

Properties: Powd.; 100% conc.; anionic

Scripset[®] 520 [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/maleic anhydride copolymer

CAS 9011-13-6

- Uses: Emulsifier; starch modifier in adhesives, textile sizing, paper sizing; protective colloid; pigment binder and dispersant; film-former; visc. modifier; latex stabilizer; barrier coatings; anti-resoiling additives; strippable coatings; water treatment
- Properties: Off-wh. powd.; faint aromatic odor; m.w. 350,000; sol. in alkaline aq. systems; soften. pt. 245-250 C; acid no. 405; 100% conc.; nonionic *Storage:* > 6 yr shelf life

Scripset® 540 [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/maleic anhydride copolymer

CAS 9011-13-6

- Uses: Emulsifier; starch modifier in adhesives, textile sizing, paper sizing; protective colloid; pigment binder and dispersant; film-former; visc. modifier; latex stabilizer; barrier coatings; anti-resoiling additives; strippable coatings; water treatment
- Properties: Off-wh. powd.; faint aromatic odor; sol. in alkaline aq. systems, org. solvs.; m.w. 180,000; soften. pt. 230-235 C; acid no. 185; 100% conc. Storage: > 6 yr shelf life

Scripset[®] 542 [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/maleic anhydride copolymer (3:1)

CAS 9011-13-6

Uses: Emulsifier; starch modifier in adhesives, textile sizing, paper sizing; protective colloid; pigment binder and dispersant; film-former; visc. modifier; latex stabilizer; barrier coatings; anti-resoiling additives; strippable coatings; water treatment

Properties: Powd.; m.w. 120,000; acid no. 274

Storage: > 6 yr. shelf life

Scripset® 550 [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/maleic anhydride copolymer

CAS 9011-13-6

- Uses: Emulsifier; starch modifier in adhesives, textile sizing, paper sizing; protective colloid; pigment binder and dispersant; film-former; visc. modifier; latex stabilizer; barrier coatings; anti-resoiling additives; strippable coatings; water treatment
- Properties: Off-wh. powd.; faint aromatic odor; sol. in org. solvs., alkaline aq. sol'ns.; m.w. 105,000; soften. pt. 175-180 CV; acid no. 175; 100% conc. Storage: > 6 yr shelf life

Scripset[®] 640 [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/maleic anhydride copolymer (1:< 1)

CAS 9011-13-6

Uses: Emulsifier; starch modifier in adhesives, textile sizing, paper sizing; protective colloid; pigment binder and dispersant; film-former; visc. modifier; latex stabilizer; barrier coatings; anti-resoiling additives; strippable coatings; water treatment

Properties: Off-wh. free-flowing fine powd.; faint, aromatic odor; readily sol. in variety of org. solvs. incl. alcohols, ketones, ethyl acetate, and cosolvs.; also sol. in aq. alkali; m.w. 225,000; bulk dens. 44.3 lb/ft³; acid no. 215 Storage: Unlimited shelf life in dry location

Scripset® 700 [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/maleic anhydride copolymer

CAS 9011-13-6

- Uses: Emulsifier; starch modifier in adhesives, textile sizing, paper sizing; protective colloid; pigment binder and dispersant; film-former; visc. modifier; latex stabilizer; barrier coatings; anti-resoiling additives; strippable coatings; water treatment
- Properties: Liq.; faint aromatic odor; m.w. 120,000; water-sol.; dens. 9.5 lb/ gal; visc. 350-1500 cps; pH 7.5-8.5; 30% act.; anionic

Storage: 2 yr shelf life

Scripset® 720 [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/maleic anhydride copolymer

CAS 9011-13-6

- Uses: Emulsifier; starch modifier in adhesives, textile sizing, paper sizing; protective colloid; pigment binder and dispersant; film-former; visc. modifier; latex stabilizer; barrier coatings; anti-resoiling additives; strippable coatings; water treatment
- Properties: Liq.; faint aromatic odor; m.w. 120,000; water-sol.; visc. 200-1000 cps; soften. pt. 245-250 C; pH 7.5-9.5; 25% act.; anionic Storage: 6 mos shelf life

Scripset[®] 740 [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/maleic anhydride copolymer (1.18:1)

CAS 9011-13-6

Uses: Emulsifier; starch modifier in adhesives, textile sizing, paper sizing;

protective colloid; pigment binder and dispersant; film-former; visc. modifier; latex stabilizer; barrier coatings; anti-resoiling additives; strippable coatings; water treatment

Properties: Liq.; m.w. 180,000; visc. 13-60 cps; soften. pt. 230-235 C; pH 9-9.5

Storage: 2 yr. shelf life

- Scripset® 742 [Hercules]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Styrene/maleic anhydride copolymer (3:1)

CAS 9011-13-6

Uses: Emulsifier; starch modifier in adhesives, textile sizing, paper sizing; protective colloid; pigment binder and dispersant; film-former; visc. modifier; latex stabilizer; barrier coatings; anti-resoiling additives; strippable coatings; water treatment

Properties: Liq.; m.w. 120,000; visc. 5-40 cps; pH 9.5-10.5

Storage: 1 yr. shelf life

- Scripset® 745 [Hercules]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Styrene/maleic anhydride copolymer (1.18:1) CAS 9011-13-6
 - Uses: Emulsifier; starch modifier in adhesives, textile sizing, paper sizing; protective colloid; pigment binder and dispersant; film-former; visc. modifier; latex stabilizer; barrier coatings; anti-resoiling additives; strippable coatings; water treatment

Properties: Liq.; m.w. 180,000; visc. 10-60 cps; pH 8.25-8.75 Storage: 2 yr. shelf life

Scripset[®] 746 [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/maleic anhydride copolymer (1:1) CAS 9011-13-6

- Uses: Emulsifier; starch modifier in adhesives, textile sizing, paper sizing; protective colloid; pigment binder and dispersant; film-former; visc. modifier;
- latex stabilizer; barrier coatings; anti-resolling additives; strippable coatings; water treatment
- *Properties:* Liq.; m.w. 120,000; visc. 80 max. cps; pH 8.5-9.5 *Storage:* 2 yr. shelf life
- Scripset® 747 [Hercules]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/maleic anhydride copolymer (1:1) CAS 9011-13-6

- Uses: Emulsifier; starch modifier in adhesives, textile sizing, paper sizing; protective colloid; pigment binder and dispersant; film-former; visc. modifier; latex stabilizer; barrier coatings; anti-resoiling additives; strippable coatings; water treatment
- *Properties:* Liq.; m.w. 120,000; visc. 80 max. cps; pH 7.5-8.5 *Storage:* 2 yr. shelf life
- Scripset® 808 [Hercules]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/maleic anhydride amide/NH₄OH acid salt Uses: Emulsifier; starch modifier in adhesives, textile sizing, paper sizing; protective colloid; pigment binder and dispersant; film-former; visc. modifier; latex stabilizer; barrier coatings; anti-resoiling additives; strippable coatings; water treatment; compat. in systems with ≥ pH 6.0
- Properties: Powd.; water-sol.; 100% conc. Secoren™-VE [Dr. W. Kolb AG]

Uses: Dewatering agent, bulk enhancer, drainage aid in paper processing; achieves a homogeneous distribution of fibers and fillers; inc. vol. of paper and reduces surf. difference; improves printability

Sequabond® 7880 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper]

Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal styrene-acrylic latex

CAS 9010-92-8

Uses: Binder for paperboard improving coating str. and water resist.; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; inc. ink holdout and str.; contributes to glueability, print mottle, folding chars. and offset water/ ink absorp. balance

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: Dens. 9.5 lb/gal; pH 9.5; 40% total solids

Sequabond® TR 7830 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper]

Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal styrene-acrylic latex

- CAS 9010-92-8
- Uses: Binder for paperboard improving coating str. and water resist.; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; inc. ink holdout and str.; contributes to glueability, print mottle, folding chars. and offset water/ ink absorp. balance
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Properties: Dens. 8.5 lb/gal; pH 8.5; 48% total solids

Sequaflow® 502 [OMNOVĂ Sol'ns./Paper]

Chem. Descrip .: Aliphatic ester Uses: Lubricant, dust control agent for improved surf. finish of coated paper/ paperboard in calendering process; provides control of dusting and hazing in high temp. calendering operations; gives low high-shear visc. and exc. ink holdout Properties: Dens. 7.4 lb/gal; 100% total solids Sequaflow® 566 [OMNOVĂ Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Organic Uses: Lubricant, dust control agent for improved surf. finish of coated paper/ paperboard in calendering process; provides control of dusting and hazing in high temp. calendering operations Properties: Dens. 8.2 lb/gal; pH 6.0; 50% total solids Sequapel® 403 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Stearylated melamine Uses: Surf. sizing agent, water resist. aid for size press applic. Properties: Dens. 8.2 lb/gal; pH 6.0; 50% total solids Sequapel® 409 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Stearylated melamine Uses: Surf. sizing agent, water resist. aid for size press applic. Properties: Dens. 8.3 lb/gal; pH 9.0; 40% total solids Sequapel® 414 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Stearylated melamine/paraffin wax Uses: Surf. sizing agent, water resist. aid for size press applic. Properties: Dens. 8.3 lb/gal; pH 9.0; 40% total solids Sequapel® 417 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Paraffin wax CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6 Uses: Surf. sizing agent, water resist. aid for size press applic. Properties: Dens. 8.2 lb/gal; pH 9.0; 35% total solids Sequapel® 1415 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Water-based fluorochemical Uses: Surf. sizing agent providing grease and oil holdout in size press paper coatings Properties: Dens. 8.3 lb/gal; pH 9.0; 15% total solids Sequapel[®] NS [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Paraffin wax CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6 Uses: Surf. sizing agent, water resist. aid for size press applic. Properties: Dens. 8.3 lb/gal; pH 10.0; 35% total solids Sequarez 82 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Zirconium chelate Uses: Insolubilizer for paper coatings incl. food-contact paper; reacts with functional groups of coating binders; reduces water sensitivity; allows improved printability and more uniform surf. Regulatory: FDA approved Properties: Dens. 9.5 lb/gal; pH 7.5; 27% total solids Sequarez 755 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Polyol carbonyl adduct Uses: Insolubilizer for paper coatings incl. food-contact paper; reacts with functional groups of coating binders; reduces water sensitivity; inc. number of impressions and print quality in the offset printing process Regulatory: FDA approved Properties: Dens. 10.7 lb/gal; pH 4.5; 55% total solids Sequatone® 2000 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Styrene acrylate CAS 9010-92-8 Uses: Surf. sizing agent for digital printing applics.; enhances printing chars. Properties: Dens. 8.6 lb/gal; pH 8.5; 40% total solids Sequel[™] ASA [Hercules] Uses: Sizing agent for papermaking; reacts directly with cellulose to produce complete on-machine sizing at pH 4-9 Sequestrene® 30A [Ciba Spec. Chems. (NC)] Chem. Descrip.: Tetrasodium EDTA aq. sol'n. CAS 64-02-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-573-9 Uses: Chelating agent for water softening, water treatment (hardness control, boiler/cooling tower treatment), enhanced oil recovery, liq. soaps, detergents, cosmetics (creams, soaps, ointments, oils, skin care prods.), H₂S, SO_x, NO_x abatement, chemical cleaning, scale removal, photography, textiles (scouring, stripping, boil-off, dyeing), pulp/paper, leather, metal treatment (plating baths, alkaline derusting, pickling baths), syn. rubber/plastics (SBR polymerization, latex stabilization) *Properties:* Straw to pale yel. clear liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.29-1.31;

Chem. Descrip .: Ammonium polyacrylate CAS 9003-03-6 *Uses:* Pigment dispersant for paints and aq. coatings based on polymeric binders (paper coatings, adhesives, carpet backings, plasters); low foaming; effective with hydrophilic pigments and extenders Properties: Gardner 3 max. clear liq.; pract. odorless; water-sol.; immisc. with org. solvs.; dens. 1.130 g/cm³ (20 C); visc. 40 mPa•s max.; vapor pressure 23 mbar (20 C); m.p. -5 C; b.p. > 100 C; dec. pt. > 100 C; pH 7-9 (20 C); 30% act. *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; nonirritating to skin and eyes; nonsensitizing Environmental: > 80% biodeq.: do not allow to enter sewerage and surf. or groundwater; do not allow lg. quantities to reach ground water or sewage system Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: None known Storage: Protect from frost SER-AD[®] FX 505 [Condea Servo; Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip .: Polymeric carboxylic acid ammonium salt Uses: Pigment dispersant for all aq. coatings based on polymeric binders, terpolymers, and latexes, e.g., paper coatings, adhesives, carpet backings, and plasters, etc.; low foaming Properties: Gardner 4 max. clear liq.; nearly odorless; sol. in water; not misc. with org. solvs.; sp.gr. 1.220 (20 C); visc. 1000 mPa•s max. (20 C); vapor pressure 23 mbar (20 C); flash pt. > 100 C; pH 7-8.5; 50% act.; anionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; nonirritating to skin and eyes Environmental: > 80% biodeg.; do not allow to enter sewerage and surf. or groundwater Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: None known Storage: Protect from frost Serdas® GBO [Condea Servo; Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip.: Surfactant in mineral oil, silicon-free Uses: Antifoam with emulsifying props. for aq. coatings, disp. paints, paper coatings; for indirect food contact; low odor Use Level: 0.2-0.5% Regulatory: BGA and FDA approved Properties: Cloudy liq.; odorless; disp. in water; sol. in many org. solvs.; sp.gr. 0.88 kg/m³ (20 C); visc. < 400 mPa•s (20 C); b.p. > 200 C; flash pt. > 150 C; 99-100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; low toxicity; nonirritating to eyes, skin Environmental: < 80% biodeq.; do not allow to enter sewerage and surf. or groundwater; danger to drinking water if even sm. guantities leak into ground; LC50 (fish) 5-15 mg/l Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: None known Storage: Protect from frost; after extended period @ lower temps. prod. will separate Serdas[®] GLN [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip.: Surfactants in mineral oil Uses: Defoamer for paper, sugar, textiles, leather, paints Properties: Disp. in water 320 • HANDBOOK OF FOOD PACKAGING CHEMICALS AND MATERIALS

chel. value 100; pH 11.5-12.5 (10% aq.); 39% act. in water

Chem. Descrip.: Oleyl alcohol ethoxylated, phosphated, ammonium salt (25-50%) and di-2-ethylhexyl sulfosuccinate, sodium salt (10-25%)

Uses: Pigment wetting agent/dispersant for use in aq. coatings such as flat

Properties: APHA 100 max. clear liq.; char. odor; sol. in water; immisc. with

org. solvs.; sp.gr. 1.015 kg/m3 (20 C); visc. 150 mPa•s (20 C); vapor

pressure 66 mbar (20 C): b.p. > 80 C; flash pt. 29-31 C; pH 4.5-6.0; 50%

Environmental: > 85% biodeg.; do not allow to enter sewerage and surf. or

groundwater; danger to drinking water if even sm. guantities leak into ground;

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; irritating to eyes, skin

and gloss dispersion paints, paper coatings, and waterborne industrial paints

SER-AD® FA 620 [Condea Servo; Condea Servo BV]

Toxicology: TSCA listed

UN No. 1987

Use Level: 8%

act.; anionic

LC50 (fish) 1-100 mg/l

Precaution: Flamm.; avoid oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: None known

SER-AD® FX 504 [Condea Servo; Condea Servo BV]

Storage: Keep container tightly sealed; protect from frost

Serdox[®] NKL 6 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip .: C16-18 alcohol polyglycol ether CAS 68439-49-6 Uses: Emulsifier for paraffins, lanolin, waxes, silicone oils for textile, wood, paper, mold release, polishes Properties: Paste; cloud pt. 76 C (10% in 25% BDG); 100% act.; nonionic Serdox[®] NOP 9 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip .: Octoxynol-9 CAS 9002-93-1 Uses: Used in textiles; rinsing agent for washing paper machine felts; rewetting agent for paper towels and tissues Properties: Liq.; HLB 13.0; 100% conc.; nonionic Serpol QPA 160 [Condea Servo BV] *Chem. Descrip.:* Sodium polyacrylate CAS 9003-04-7 Uses: Dispersant for paper industry Properties: Water-sol. Servirox® OEG 45 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-17 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Used in textile, phytopharmaceutical, leather, paper and cosmetic industries Properties: Liq.; 100% conc.; nonionic Servirox® OEG 55 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-26 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, solubilizer used in textile, phytopharmaceutical, leather, paper and cosmetic industries Properties: Liq.; 100% act.; nonionic Servirox® OEG 90 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-180 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, solubilizer used in textile, phytopharmaceutical, leather, paper and cosmetic industries Properties: Solid; 100% act.; nonionic Servirox® OEG 90/50 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-180 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Solubilizer used in textile, phytopharmaceutical, leather, paper and cosmetic industries Properties: Liq.; 50% act.; nonionic Servoxyl® VPBZ 5/100 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip.: C12-C18 fatty alcohol PEG ether (5 EO) phosphate ester Uses: Emulsifier for min. oils, metalworking, metal cleaning; antistat; hydrotrope; auxs. for textiles, agric., paper, cleaning, and metal processing industries Properties: Liq./paste; 100% act.; anionic Servoxyl® VPDZ 3/100 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip.: Isotrideceth-3 phosphate Uses: Low foam wetting agent for neutral to weakly alkaline range; in salt form used as emulsifiers and antistats for textiles; aux. for textiles, agric., paper, cleaning, and metal processing industries; hydrotrope Properties: Lig.; water-sol.; 100% act.; anionic Servoxyl® VPDZ 6/100 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip.: Isotrideceth-6 phosphate Uses: Surfactant for textile, agric., paper, cleaning, and metal processing industries; emulsifier; antistat; hydrotrope Properties: Liq.; 100% act.; anionic Servoxyl® VPFZ 7/100 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip .: Oleth-7 phosphate CAS 39464-69-2 Uses: Surfactant for the textile, agric., paper, cleaning, and metal processing industries; emulsifier; antistat; hydrotrope Properties: Liq.; 100% act.; anionic Servoxyl® VPGZ 6/100 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip.: Phenol PEG ether (6 EO) phosphate ester CAS 39464-70-5 Uses: Emulsifier for min. oils, lubricant auxiliaries, metal processing; auxs. for textile, agric., paper, cleaning industries; antistat; hydrotrope Properties: Liq.; 100% act.; anionic Servoxyl® VPI 55 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip .: Sodium n-butyl phosphate

Uses: Surfactant for textile, agric., paper, cleaning, and metal processing industries; antistat for syn. fibers Properties: Liq.; sol. in water; 55% act.; anionic Servoxyl® VPIZ 100 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip .: n-Butyl phosphate ester CAS 68439-39-4 Uses: Surfactant used as base material for acid cleaners for glass, metal, and ceramics, flame retardants, mercerizing wetting agents and antistats; anticorrosive and rust-removing props.; aux. for textiles, agric., paper, cleaning, and metal processing industries; emulsifier; antistat; hydrotrope Properties: Liq.; 100% act.; anionic Servoxyl® VPNZ 7/100 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-7 phosphate Uses: Wetting agent, base for mfg. of alkaline or weakly acid cleaning agents, dry cleaning formulations with antistatic properties, flame retardants, flotation aids; dispersant; aux. for textiles, agric., paper, cleaning, and metal processing industries; emulsifier; antistat; hydrotrope; low foam Properties: Liq.; water-sol.; 100% conc.; anionic Servoxyl® VPNZ 20/100 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-20 phosphate Uses: Surfactant for the textile, agric., paper, cleaning, and metal processing industries Properties: Paste; 100% act.; anionic Servoxyl® VPPZ 100 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip.: Isopropyl phosphate ester CAS 76483-21-1 Uses: Base compd. for formulating acid cleaners for glass, metal, and ceramics, flame retardants, mercerizing wetting agents and antistats; anticorrosive and rust-removing props.; aux. for textiles, agric., paper, cleaning, and metal processing industries; emulsifier; antistat; hydrotrope Properties: Liq.; 100% act.; anionic Servoxyl® VPRZ 006/100 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip .: Tallow PEG-6 ether phosphate ester Uses: Surfactant for prod. of textile and dyeing auxiliaries, antistats, dry cleaning detergents; aux. for textiles, agric., paper, cleaning, and metal processing industries; emulsifier; antistat; hydrotrope Properties: Liq.; 100% act.; anionic Servoxyl[®] VPRZ 100 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip.: Tallow fatty alcohol partial ester of phosphoric acid Uses: Surfactant for the textile, agric., paper, cleaning, and metal processing industries Properties: Liq.; 100% act.; anionic Servoxyl® VPRZ 0011/100 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip .: Talloweth-11 phosphate Uses: Surfactant for prod. of dry cleaning detergents with antistatic props., textile and dyeing auxiliaries; o/w emulsifier for cosmetic creams, lotions, and gels; aux. for textiles, agric., paper, cleaning, and metal processing industries; emulsifier; antistat; hydrotrope Properties: Pale yel. solid; solid pt. 35 C; acid no. 65-70; pH 1.5-2.0 (1% aq.); 100% act.; anionic Servoxyl® VPTZ 003/100 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip.: 2-Ethylhexyl PEG ether phosphate ester, acid form CAS 68439-39-4 Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier for dry cleaning, emulsion polymerization, pesticides, cosmetics; base for acid cleaners; low-foam wetting agent for alkaline sol'ns., high pressure cleaners, metal degreasing, causticizing and kier boiling agents; anticorrosive props.; aux. for textiles, agric., paper, cleaning, and metal processing industries; emulsifier; antistat; hydrotrope Properties: Liq.; 100% act.; anionic Servoxyl® VPTZ 100 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip.: 2-Ethylhexyl phosphate ester CAS 12645-31-7 Uses: Low foam wetting agent for weakly to med. strong alkaline range in textile pretreatment and finishing, cosmetics; aux. for textiles, agric., paper, cleaning, and metal processing industries; emulsifier; antistat; hydrotrope Properties: Liq.; water-sol.; 100% act.; anionic Servoxyl® VPVZ 12/100 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip.: C20-22 fatty alcohol PEG ether (12 EO) phosphate ester Uses: Wetting agent, antistat for dry cleaning detergents, textile and dyeing auxiliaries; aux. for textiles, agric., paper, cleaning, and metal processing industries; emulsifier; antistat; hydrotrope

Properties: Waxy solid; 100% act.; anionic

Serwet[®] WH 170 [Condea Servo BV] Chem. Descrip.: Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4 Uses: Wetting agent for textiles, paints, paper, cleaners, cosmetics; dispersant for pigments; highly act. Properties: Liq.; sol. in water and alcohol; 65% act.; anionic Environmental: Biodeg. Sevron[®] [Crompton & Knowles] Uses: Basic dyes for unbleached, recycled, and other coarse paper applics. incl. kraft specialties, newsprint, egg cartons, industrial tissues, and saturation paper grades Properties: Powd. and liq. Shamrock Hydrocer 100 [Shamrock Tech.] Uses: For water disp. surf. inks; better adhesion to coated paper, PP, PE substrates; improved wetting, gloss, rub resist. Use Level: 1.25-2.5% Properties: Wh. dispersion; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; 40% solids Shamrock Hydrocer 145 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Syn. wax CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6 Uses: For aq. coatings and inks to reduce coeff. of friction with min. effect on gloss; for release props. of coatings from fabrics to can coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; prevents fingernail marring Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180; USDA compliant Properties: Wh. liq.; dens. 7.9-8.1 lb/gal; visc. 1100 cps max.; pH 6-7; 50% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: Keep from freezing Shamrock Hydrocer 200 [Shamrock Tech.] Uses: For water disp. surf. inks; better adhesion to PPE, PP, and nonabsorbent coated paper; improved wetting, gloss, rub resist. Use Level: 2-4% Properties: Wh. dispersion; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; 25% solids Shamrock Hydrocer EC 98 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: #1 Carnauba wax emulsion CAS 8015-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-399-4 Uses: Slip agent and antimar additive to low pH polymers such as PVAc, PVC, PVdC; in resinous and polymeric food-contact coatings, in foodcontact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 175.300, 176.170, 176.180 compliant Properties: Off-wh. to It. tan emulsion; dens. 8.35 lb/gal; visc. 50 cps max.; pH 4-6; 35% act.; anionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: Keep from freezing Shamrock Hydrocer EEP 16 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene/paraffin wax Uses: Slip agent, release agent for inks and overprint varnishes where water resist. is desired; food pkg. paper/paperboard; will not normally interfere with second coat adhesion Use Level: 3-7% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Properties: Off-wh. translucent emulsion; dens. 8.2 lb/gal; visc. 50 cps max.; pH 9.5-10.5; 29-31% act.; anionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: Keep from freezing Shamrock Hydrocer EEP 33 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Paraffin/polyethylene wax Uses: Antislip/antiblock additive for water-based inks and coatings; food pkg. coatings, paper/paperboard Use Level: 5-10% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180 compliant Properties: Tan translucent emulsion; dens. 8.0-8.3 lb/gal; visc. 500 cps max.; pH 9.5-10.5; 29-31% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock Hydrocer EP 91 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Paraffin wax CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6 Uses: Water repellent in coatings, stains, and varnishes; food pkg. coatings, paper/paperboard Use Level: 4-8% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180

Properties: Wh. emulsion; ammoniacal odor; dens. 7.8-8.0 lb/gal; visc. 2000 cps max.; m.p. 57 C; pH 10-11.5; 29-31% act.; anionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: Keep from freezing Shamrock Neptune 968 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Syn. wax CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6 Uses: Imparts lubricity, abrasion resist., and antiblocking props. to all waterbased systems; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard; helps avoid defoamer kickout Use Level: 0.5-3.0% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180; **USDA** compliant Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 9 µ avg. particle size; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.93; m.p. 104 C; soften. pt. 68 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock Neptune 5038 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Crystalline polyethylene CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: For use in inks and coatings; defoamer in food-contact coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; low/nonfoaming; will not affect intercoat adhesion or physical char. of coating Regulatory: FDA 21CFR 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200; USDA compliant *Properties:* Wh. free-flowing powd.; 12.5 µ avg. particle size; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.95; m.p. 125 C; soften. pt. 100 C; flash pt. > 175 C; anionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock Neptune I N1 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: High melt polyethylene wax CAS 9002-88-4; EIŇECS/ELIŃCS 200-815-3 Uses: For use with water-reducible inks and top coatings for paper, film, and foil; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact coatings; improves scuff and fingernail mar resist. Use Level: 1-2% (inks), 1-3% (coatings) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200; USDA approved Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 5 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 7+; disp. in aq. systems; sp.gr. 0.95; m.p. 113 C; soften. pt. 99 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock Neptune I SP5 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: High melt polyethylene wax CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: For use with water-reducible inks and top coatings for paper, film, and foil; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact coatings; improves scuff and fingernail mar resist. Use Level: 1-2% (inks) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200; USDA approved *Properties:* Wh. free-flowing powd.; 18 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 6+; sp.gr. 0.95; m.p. 113 C; soften. pt. 99 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock S-232 MG [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Alloy of waxes Uses: Provides inc. hardness, lubricity, and antiblocking chars. for coil coatings, wood lacquers, flexible and rigid pkg., and UV clears; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact coatings; min. effect on gloss and clarity Use Level: 2-3% total formula wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200; USDA approved Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 3-4 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 7+; sp.gr. 0.97; m.p. 108 Č; soften. pt. 69 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock S-232 N1 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Alloy of waxes Uses: Provides inc. hardness, lubricity, and antiblocking chars. for coil coatings, wood lacquers, flexible and rigid pkg., and UV clears; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact coatings; min. effect on gloss and clarity Use Level: 2-3% total formula wt.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200; USDA approved

Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 5 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 7+; produces satin or flat finishes with exc. mar resist. and reduction of coeff. of sp.gr. 0.97; m.p. 108 C; soften. pt. 69 C friction Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock S-232 N5 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Alloy of waxes Uses: Provides inc. hardness, lubricity, and antiblocking chars. for coil coatings, wood lacquers, flexible and rigid pkg., and UV clears; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact coatings; min. effect on gloss and clarity Use Level: 2-3% total formula wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200; USDA approved Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 12.5 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 7; sp.gr. 0.97; m.p. 108 C; soften. pt. 69 C coatings Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock S-236 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Alloy of waxes Uses: Provides inc. hardness, lubricity, and scuff resist. for coil coatings, wood lacquers, flexible and rigid pkg., and UV clears; food pkg. coatings, paper; does not sacrifice finish, gloss, and clarity Use Level: 2-3% to decrease coeff. of friction, maximize abrasion and scuff resist Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.888, 175.250, 175.300, 176.170, 178.3720; USDA approved Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 5 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 7+; sp.gr. 1.0; m.p. 83 C; soften. pt. 70 C coatings Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock S-379 H [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Synthetic polyethylene wax CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Provides good rub and slip in coatings and ink systems; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180; USDA approved Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 12.5 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 7; sp.gr. 0.93; m.p. 97 C; soften. pt. 63 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock S-379 N [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Synthetic polyethylene wax CAS 9002-88-4; EÍNECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Provides good rub and slip in coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180 Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 5 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 7+; sp.gr. 0.93; m.p. 97 C; soften. pt. 63 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock Š-379 N3 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Synthetic polyethylene wax CAS 9002-88-4; EÍNECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Provides good rub and slip in coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180 Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 8 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 7+; sp.gr. 0.93; m.p. 97 C; soften. pt. 63 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock S-381 N1 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Modified polyethylene waxes CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Efficient flatting agent for coil coatings, wood lacquers, powd. coatings, flexible pkg., and architectural paints; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; produces satin or flat finishes with exc. mar resist. and reduction of coeff. of friction Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180; USDA approval Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 5 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 7+; sp.gr. 0.93; m.p. 78 C; soften. pt. 61 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock S-381 N5 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Modified polyethylene waxes CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELÍNCS 200-815-3 Uses: Efficient flatting agent for coil coatings, wood lacquers, powd. coatings, flexible pkg., and architectural paints; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper;

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180; USDA approval Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 12.5 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 7; sp.gr. 0.93; m.p. 78 C; soften. pt. 61 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock S-394 N1 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Polyethylene wax CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Provides exc. recoatability, rub resist., hardness, and antiblocking chars. for coil coatings, wood lacquers, powd. coatings, flexible and rigid pkg., inks; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200; USDA approved Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 5 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 7+; sp.gr. 0.95; m.p. 113 C; soften. pt. 99 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock Š-394 N5 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene wax CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Provides exc. recoatability, rub resist., hardness, and antiblocking chars. for coil coatings, wood lacquers, powd. coatings, flexible and rigid pkg., inks; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200; USDA approved Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 12.5 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 7; sp.gr. 0.95; m.p. 113 C; soften. pt. 99 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock S-394 SP5 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Polyethylene wax CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Provides exc. recoatability, hardness, and antiblocking chars. for coil coatings, wood lacquers, powd. coatings, flexible and rigid pkg.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200; USDA approved Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 18 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 6+; sp.gr. 0.95; m.p. 113 Č; soften. pt. 99 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock S-395 N2 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Crystalline grade of polyethylene CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Provides recoatability, inc. hardness, abrasion resist., and antiblocking chars. for coil coatings, wood lacquers, powd. coatings, flexible and rigid pkg., UV clears, and architectural paint, solv. inks; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.180, 176.200; **USDA** approved Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 7 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 7+; sp.gr. 0.95; m.p. 126 C; soften. pt. 119 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock S-395 N5 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Crystalline grade of polyethylene CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Provides recoatability, inc. hardness, abrasion resist., and antiblocking chars. for coil coatings, wood lacquers, powd. coatings, flexible and rigid pkg., UV clears, and architectural paint, solv. inks; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.180, 176.200; **USDA** approved Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 12.5 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 7; sp.gr. 0.95; m.p. 126 C; soften. pt. 119 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock S-395 SP5 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Crystalline grade of polyethylene

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Uses: Provides recoatability, inc. hardness, abrasion resist., and antiblocking chars. for coil coatings, wood lacquers, powd. coatings, flexible and rigid pkg., UV clears, and architectural paint, solv. inks; food pkg. adhesives,

coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.180, 176.200; **USDA** approved Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 18 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 6+; sp.gr. 0.95; m.p. 126 C; soften. pt. 119 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock Š-400 N1 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Synthetic wax CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6 Uses: Reduces coeff. of friction and inc. slip in rigid pkg. coatings with min. effect on gloss; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper Use Level: 1-2% based on total formula wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180; USDA approved Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 5 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 7+; sp.gr. 0.98; m.p. 141 C; soften. pt. 110 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock Š-400 N5 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Synthetic wax CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6 Uses: Reduces coeff. of friction and inc. slip in rigid pkg. coatings with min. effect on gloss; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper Use Level: 1-2% based on total formula wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180; USDA approved Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 12.5 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 7; sp.gr. 0.98; m.p. 141 C; soften. pt. 110 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock S-400 SP5 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Synthetic wax CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6 Uses: Reduces coeff. of friction and inc. slip in rigid pkg. coatings with min. effect on gloss; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper Use Level: 1-2% based on total formula wt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180; USDA approved Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 18 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 6+; sp.gr. 0.98; m.p. 141 C; soften. pt. 110 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock S-483 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: High m.w. polyethylene wax CAS 9002-88-4; EIŇECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Imparts good rub, abrasion, and slip chars. when added to inks and industrial coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Use Level: 1-2% (liq. inks), 2-3% (paste inks) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210 Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 6.5 µ particle size; sp.gr. 0.95; m.p. 112 C; soften. pt. 92 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock S-Nauba 5021 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Carnauba wax CAS 8015-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-399-4 Uses: Wax used in coil coatings, wood lacquers, flexible and rigid pkg., UV clears, inks, cosmetics, candles, lubricants, shoe polishes, leather finishes, car waxes, floor polishes, fruit and candy coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact coatings Use Level: 2% (improved surf. hardness) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 182.1978; USDA approved Properties: Off-wh. extra fine powd.; 12.5 µ particle size; 100% -400 mesh; sp.gr. 0.995; m.p. 84 C; acid no. 2-10; iodine no. 7-14; sapon. no. 75-85 Toxicology: TSCA listed Shamrock Taber Tiger 5512 [Shamrock Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Crystalline grade of polyethylene CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Offers inc. hardness, abrasion resist. and antiblocking chars. for inks, coil coatings, wood lacquers, powd. coatings, flexible and rigid pkg., UV clears, and architectural paints; food pkg. coatings, paper, polymers Use Level: 1-2% based on formula wt.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.888, 175.250, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1520; USDA approved

Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 18 µ particle size; fineness (Hegman) 6+; sp.gr. 0.98; m.p. 128 C; soften. pt. 120 C Toxicology: TSCA listed

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Shell Sol B HT [Shell]
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Chem. Descrip.: Mixt. of predominantly C₆ (hexanes) and about 10% C₇ (heptanes) aliphatic hydrocarbons

Uses: Solvent for agric. fat/oil extraction, automotive undercoating, pharmaceuticals, adhesives, inks, paints, paper coating, lighter fluids, resins, plastics, NR, SR (except NBR); fast evaporating; hydrotreating removes unwanted compds., converts unsat. hydrocarbons, results in relatively low odor; lower hexane content than typ. commercial hexanes, thus reducing worker exposure

Properties: Colorless liq.; sp.gr. 0.674 (60/60 F); vapor pressure 140 mm Hg (68 F); distillation range 140-183 F; flash pt. < 0 F; KB value 29; VOC 5.53 lb/gal; 27-31% n-hexane

Shell Tolu-Sol® W HT Solv. [Shell]

Chem. Descrip.: Mixt. of predominantly C_7 and about 20% $C_{\rm s}$ aliphatic hydrocarbons, hydrotreated

- Uses: Solvent for agric., fat/oil extraction, automotive undercoating, polishes, adhesives, inks, paints, paper coatings, petrol. gas absorption, lighter fluids, resins, plastics, rubber; starting component for rubber solvs., lacquer diluents; high solvency; hydrotreating removes unwanted compds. (e.g., sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen), converts unsat. hydrocarbons (olefins, acetylenes, aromatics), results in relatively low odor; no more than trace amts. of HAPs; high cycloparaffin content
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.250; SARA nonreportable

Properties: Saybolt 30 min color; sp.gr. 0.748 (60/60 F); vapor pressure 41 mm Hg (68 F); i.b.p. 205 F min.; distillation range 209-230 F; flash pt. 20 F; KB value 32 min.; VOC 6.17 lb/gal; 26.6 vol. % paraffins, 74.4 vol. % cycloparaffins

Shell VM&P Naphtha HT [Shell]

Chem. Descrip.: VM&P naphtha, hydrotreated

CAS 8032-32-4; EINECS/ELINCS 232-453-7

Uses: Solvent for agric., oil/fat extraction, polishes, industrial cleaners, adhesives, inks, paints, lighter fluids, pharmaceuticals, paper/textile coatings, petrol. gas absorp., asphalt, resins, plastics, rubber; fast/med.-evaporating, high solvency; hydrotreating removes unwanted compds. (e.g., sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen), converts unsat. hydrocarbons (olefins, acetylenes, aromatics), results in relatively low odor; no more than trace amts. of HAPs *Regulatory:* SARA §313 nonreportable

Properties: Sp.gr. 0.752 (60/60 F); vapor pressure 10 mm Hg (68 F); b.p. 247-282 F; flash pt. 55 F; KB value 35; VOC 6.19 lb/gal; 54 vol. % paraffins, 48 vol. % cycloparaffins

Sicomin[®] [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Chrome yellow and molybdate orange pigments

Uses: Pigment for paints and surface coatings, for coloring plastics, for flexographic and gravure inks for pkg. materials, laminated paper coloring

Sicopur® [BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: High purity iron oxides *Uses:* Pigment for paper refiners

Silicone Antifoam Agent S 203 [Wacker Silicones]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone compd.

Uses: Defoamer in aq. and nonaq. systems, for chem. processing and formulating, agrochems., pharmaceutical and food processing, and petrochems.; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; USDA approved for egg washing, cleaning of meat-processing equip., fruit and vegetable washing; easily emulsified into antifoam emulsions for use in aq. systems

Use Level: 10 ppm

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 176.200, 176.210; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c)(d); USDA approval

Properties: Gray opaque compd.; solv.-disp.; visc. 2400 cps; 100% act. *Storage:* 1 yr storage stability

Silicone Antifoam Agent S 204 [Wacker Silicones]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone compd.

Uses: Defoamer for aq. and nonaq. systems, chem. processing and formulating, cleaners, laundry detergents, food-contact coatings/paper; useful in alkaline aq. systems such as detergents; food pkg. adhesives; superior alkaline resist.

Use Level: 10 ppm

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210 Properties: Gray opaque med.-visc. compd.; solv.-disp.; visc. 4000 cps; Use Level: 30 ppm 100% act. Storage: 1 yr storage stability Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200 Silicone Antifoam Agent S 670 [Wacker Silicones] Chem. Descrip.: Self-emulsifying silicone polar compd. anionic Uses: Antifoam in chem. processing and formulating, cleaners, textiles, Storage: 6 mos storage life @ R.T. paper, metalworking fluids, dispersions, paints and coatings; has been rendered self-dispersing with org. components Chem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsion Use Level: 30 ppm Properties: Translucent; good dispersibility in water; visc. 130 cps; 100% act.; nonionic Storage: 1 yr storage life @ R.T. Use Level: 50 ppm Silicone Antifoam Compound S 204 [Wacker Silicones] Chem. Descrip .: Nonaq. silicone antifoam cps; 20% act.; nonionic Uses: Antifoam for nonag. systems, petrochem. processing, laundry deter-Storage: 6 mos. storage life @ R.T. gents, cleaners, agrochems., food pkg. adhesives/paper/paperboard; rec. Silwet® L-77 [Crompton/Witco] for systems with high surfactant content and/or exposure to high shear CAS 27306-78-1 stress Use Level: 0.5-0.005% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210 Properties: Gray opaque; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. 4000 cP; iodine no. 1; ref. index 1.40: 100% act. cals Use Level: 0.025-0.25% Storage: > 12 mos shelf stability; not subject to freezing Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 21 [Wacker Silicones] Chem. Descrip .: Silicone emulsion Uses: Antifoam for hot aq. systems and coating applics., chem. processing and formulating, cleaners, agrochems., textiles and paper, paints, dispersions, wastewater treatment, pharmaceutical and food processing; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives; USDA approved for egg washing, cleaning meat-processing equip., fruit/veg. washing, soups, etc. Use Level: 100 ppm Environmental: Highly toxic to fish Regulatory: FDA21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 176.200, 176.210; EPA40CFR Precaution: Corrosive §180.1001(d); USDA compliance for egg washing, cleaning meat-process-Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, SiO_x ing equip., fruit/veg. washing, soups, etc. Properties: Creamy emulsion; very good dispersibility in water; visc. 1500 cps; 10% act.; anionic Silwet® L-720 AP [Crompton/Witco] Chem. Descrip.: Dimethicone copolyol Storage: 6 mos storage life @ R.T. Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 23 [Wacker Silicones] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsion Uses: Antifoam for hot aq. systems and coating applics., chem. processing and formulating, agrochems., textiles and paper, paints, dispersions, wastewater treatment, pharmaceutical and food processing; defoamer in foodcontact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives; USDA approved for egg washing, cleaning meat-processing equip., fruit/veg. washing, printing ink, soups, etc. Use Level: 30 ppm nonionic Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 176.200, 176.210; EPA 40CFR Silwet® L-722 [Crompton/Witco] §180.1001(d); USDA compliance for egg washing, cleaning meat-processing equip., fruit/veg. washing, printing ink, soups, etc. Chem. Descrip.: Dimethicone copolyol Properties: Creamy emulsion; poor dispersibility in water; visc. 5000 cps; 30% act.; anionic Storage: 6 mos storage life @ R.T. Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 25 [Wacker Silicones] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsion printing inks, textiles; low surf. tension Uses: Antifoam for chem. processing and formulating, cleaners, agrochems., wastewater treatment, pharmaceutical and food processing; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives; USDA approved for egg washing, cleaning of meat-processing equip., fruit and veg-2.23%; 100% act.; nonionic etable washing, soups Use Level: 30 ppm Silwet® L-7001 [Crompton/Witco] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 176.200, 176.210; EPA 40CFR Chem. Descrip.: Dimethicone copolyol §180.1001(d); USDA compliance for egg washing, cleaning meat-processing equip., fruit/veg. washing, soups, etc. Properties: Creamy emulsion; poor dispersibility in water; visc. 15,000 cps; 30% act.; anionic Storage: 6 mos storage life @ R.T.

Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 26 [Wacker Silicones]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsion

Uses: Antifoam emulsion for chem. processing and formulating, cleaners, paints, coatings, dispersions, laundry detergents; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; food pkg. adhesives; persistent antifoam props. in highly alkaline environments at elevated temps.

Properties: Creamy; good dispersibility in water; visc. 1200 cps; 20% act.;

Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SRE [Wacker Silicones]

Uses: Antifoam in chem. processing and formulating, cleaners, textile and paper, paints, coatings, dispersions, wastewater treatment, and petrochemicals; readily disp. in aq. systems and collapses foam rapidly

Properties: Creamy emulsion; very good dispersibility in water; visc. 100

Chem. Descrip.: Polyalkylene oxide-modified polymethylsiloxane

- Uses: Surfactant, flow control agent, leveling agent, antistat, antifog, dispersant, wetting agent, flotation agent, spreading agent for coatings, printing inks, adhesives, agric., automotive, cleaners, mining, paper, pharmaceuti-
- Regulatory: SARA reportable Properties: Pale amber clear liq.; sol. in methanol, IPA, acetone, xylene, methylene chloride; disp. in water; m.w. 600; sp.gr. 1.007; dens. 8.37 lb/ gal; visc. 20 cSt; vapor pressure < 1 mm Hg; f.p. 30 F; b.p. 150 F; HLB 5-8; pour pt. 2 C; cloud pt. < 10 C (0.1%); flash pt. (PMCC) 116 C; surf. tens. 20.5 dyne/cm (0.1% aq.); Draves wetting 8 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 33 mm (0.1%, initial); VOC 2.96%; 100% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: Mod. toxic, severe eye and mild skin irritant

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store at R.T. in tightly sealed containers

Uses: Surfactant; anticaking agent; slip agent for paper; also for pharmaceutical use, printing inks; antiseize agent in glass food containers

Regulatory: FDA approved as antiseize agent in glass food containers Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sol. in water, methanol, IPA, acetone, xylene, methylene chloride; m.w. 12,000; sp.gr. 1.036; dens. 8.61 lb/gal; visc. 1100 cSt; HLB 9-12; cloud pt. 42 C (1%); flash pt. (PMCC) 96 C; pour pt. -34 C; surf. tens. 29.3 dyne/cm (0.1% aq.); Draves wetting > 300 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 43 mm (0.1%, initial); VOC 0.68%; 50% act.;

Storage: Store at R.T. in tightly sealed containers

- Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, lubricant, antistat, dispersant, emulsifier, flow control agent, leveling agent, slip/mar resist. aid for adhesives, agric., chem. processing, coatings, fibers, household specialties, metal processing, mining, paper, personal care, petrol. processing, pigments, plastics, rubber,
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sol. in methanol, IPA, acetone, xylene, methylene chloride; water-insol.; m.w. 3000; sp.gr. 0.990; dens. 8.23 lb/gal; visc. 120 cSt; HLB 5-8; pour pt. -54 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 124 C; VOC

Storage: Store at R.T. in tightly sealed containers

Uses: Surfactant, dispersant, emulsifier, leveling agent, flow control agent, antifog, lubricant, antiblock, slip agent for adhesives, agric., automotive, coatings, printing inks, textiles, household specialties, cutting fluids, petrol. extraction, paper, personal care prods., plastics and rubber

Properties: Pale yel. clear liq.; sol. in water, methanol, IPA, acetone, xylene, methylene chloride; m.w. 20,000; sp.gr. 1.023; dens. 8.50 lb/gal; visc. 1700 cSt; HLB 9-12; cloud pt. 39 C (1%); flash pt. (PMCC) 97 Č; pour pt. -48 C; surf. tens. 30.5 dyne/cm (0.1% aq.); Draves wetting > 300 s (0.25%); Ross-Miles foam 46 mm (0.1%, initial); VOC 0.84%; 75% act.; nonionic Storage: Store at R.T. in tightly sealed containers

Silwet[®] L-7002 [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: Dimethicone copolyol

Uses: Surfactant, defoamer, flow control agent, leveling agent, slip/mar resist. aid for adhesives, agric., chem. processing, coatings, fibers, household specialties, metal processing, mining, paper, personal care, petrol. processing, pigments, plastics, rubber, printing inks, textiles

Properties: Lt. amber clear lig.; sol. in water, methanol, IPA, acetone, xylene, methylene chloride; m.w. 8000; sp.gr. 1.028; dens. 8.54 lb/gal; visc. 900 cSt; HLB 5-8; pour pt. -40 C; cloud pt. 39 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 88 C; surf. tens. 30.5 dynes/cm (1.1% aq.); Ross-Miles foam 64 mm (0.1%, initial); VOC 1.14%; 100% act.; nonionic

Storage: Store at R.T. in tightly sealed containers

Silwet® L-7087 [Crompton/Witco]

CAS 67762-85-0

- Uses: Surfactant, antiblock, gloss aid, flow control agent, leveling agent, lubricant, slip/mar resist. aid for adhesives, agric., chem. processing, coatings, fibers, household specialties, metal processing, mining, paper, personal care, petrol. processing, pigments, plastics, rubber, printing inks, textiles
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sol. in methanol, acetone, xylene, IPA; partly sol. in water; m.w. 20,000; sp.gr. 1.023; dens. 8.50 lb/gal; visc. 1700 cSť; HLB 9-12; pour pt. -48 C; cloud pt. 39 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 97 C; surf. tens. 28.2 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); VOC 0.84%; 75% act.

Storage: Store at R.T. in tightly sealed containers

Silwet® L-7200 [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone glycol copolymer

CAS 68937-55-3

Uses: Flow control agent, wetting agent, slip agent, dispersant, gloss aid, emulsifier for industrial coatings, household and institutional prods., textiles, inks; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sol. in water, methanol, IPA, acetone, xylene, methylene chloride; m.w. 19,000; sp.gr. 1.064; dens. 8.84 lb/gal; visc. 2500 cSt; HLB 13-17; pour pt. 4 C; cloud pt. 77 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 110 C; surf. tens. 34.2 dynes/cm (1.1% aq.); Ross-Miles foam 78 mm (0.1%, initial); VOC 0.95%; 100% act.; nonionic

Storage: Store at R.T. in tightly sealed containers

Silwet® L-7210 [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone glycol copolymer

CAS 68937-55-3

- Uses: Antifoam, flow control agent, leveling agent, wetting agent, slip agent, dispersant, gloss aid, emulsifier for industrial coatings, household and institutional prods., textiles, inks; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sol. in methanol, IPA, acetone, xylene, methylene chloride; partly sol. in water; m.w. 13,000; sp.gr. 1.020; dens. 8.47 lb/gal; visc. 1000 cSt; HLB 5-8; pour pt. -32 C; cloud pt. 25 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 96 C; surf. tens. 30.3 dynes/cm (1.1% aq.); Ross-Miles foam 18 mm (0.1%, initial); VOC 0.85%; 100% act.; nonionic

Storage: Store at R.T. in tightly sealed containers

Silwet® L-7220 [Crompton/Witco] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone glycol copolymer

CAS 68937-55-3

Uses: Surfactant, antifoam, antiblock, gloss aid, flow control agent, leveling agent for adhesives, agric., chem. processing, coatings, fibers, household specialties, metal processing, mining, paper, personal care, petrol. processing, pigments, plastics, rubber, printing inks, textiles; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sol. in water, methanol, acetone, xylene, IPA; m.w. 17,000; sp.gr. 1.017; dens. 8.45 lb/gal; visc. 1100 cSt; HLB 5-8; pour pt. -18 C; cloud pt. < 25 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 143 C; surf. tens. 26.8 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); VOC 0.69%; 100% act.

Storage: Store at R.T. in tightly sealed containers

Silwet® L-7230 [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone glycol copolymer

CAS 68937-55-3

Uses: Flow control agent, leveling agent, wetting agent, slip agent, dispersant, gloss aid, emulsifier for industrial coatings, household and institutional prods., textiles, inks; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Properties: Pale yel. clear liq.; sol. in water, methanol, IPA, acetone, xylene, methylene chloride; m.w. 29,000; sp.gr. 1.033; dens. 8.59 lb/gal; visc. 4000 cSt; HLB 9-12; pour pt. -32 C; cloud pt. 40 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 135 C; surf. tens. 32.4 dynes/cm (1.1% aq.); Ross-Miles foam 80 mm (0.1%, initial); VOC 1.30%; 100% act.; nonionic Storage: Store at R.T. in tightly sealed containers

Silwet® L-7500 [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: Dimethicone copolyol

- Uses: Surfactant, antifoam, dispersant, emulsifier, leveling agent, flow control agent, lubricant, slip agent for adhesives, automotive, chemical processing, coatings, petrol. extraction, paper, personal care prods., plastics and rubber, pharmaceutical, textile applics.
- Properties: Lt. yel. clear liq.; sol. in methanol, IPA, acetone, xylene, hexanes, methylene chloride; insol. in water; m.w. 3000; sp.gr. 0.982; dens. 8.16 lb/gal; visc.140 cSt; HLB 5-8; pour pt. -43 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 121 C; VOC 1.13%; 100% act.; nonionic
- Storage: Store at R.T. in tightly sealed containers
- Silwet® L-7608 [Crompton/Witco]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone glycol copolymer

CAS 67674-67-3

- Uses: Surfactant, gloss aid, flow control agent, leveling agent, lubricant, slip agent for adhesives, agric., chem. processing, coatings, fibers, household specialties, metal processing, mining, paper, personal care, petrol. processing, pigments, plastics, rubber, printing inks, textiles
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sol. in methanol, acetone, xylene, IPA; disp. in water; m.w. 600; sp.gr. 1.020; dens. 8.48 lb/gal; visc. 35 cSt; HLB 5-8; pour pt. -18 C; cloud pt. < 10 C (0.1%); flash pt. (PMCC) 118 C; surf. tens. 21.5 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); Ross-Miles foam 71 mm (0.1%, initial); VOC 1.19%; 100% act.

Storage: Store at R.T. in tightly sealed containers

- Silwet[®] L-7657 [Crompton/Witco]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Polysiloxane polyether copolymer

CAS 68937-54-2

- Uses: Surfactant, lubricant for waterborne systems, adhesives, agric., chem. processing, coatings, fibers, household specialties, metal processing, mining, paper, personal care, petrol. processing, pigments, plastics, rubber, printing inks, textiles
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sol. in water, methanol, acetone, xylene, IPA; m.w. 5000; sp.gr. 1.090; dens. 9.06 lb/gal; visc. 600 cSt; HLB 13-17; pour pt. -18 C; cloud pt. 89 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 129 C; surf. tens. 31.5 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); Ross-Miles foam 75 mm (0.1%, initial); VOC 0.80%; 100% act.; nonionic

Storage: Store at R.T. in tightly sealed containers

- Sintrex EHR [NOF]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Sodium 2-ethylhexyl sulfate
 - CAS 126-92-1; EINECS/ELINCS 204-812-8
 - Uses: Emulsifier for resin industry; textile scouring agent; dispersant for pulp/ paper industry; shampoo; molding additive for ceramic industry Properties: Transparent liq.; anionic
- Sipernat[®] 22 [Degussa-Hüls]
- - Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous precipitated silica
- CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4
- Uses: Adsorbent, anticaking agent, and flow control agent for adhesives, sealants, detergents, foods (table salt, powd. sweetener), plastics, cosmetics industries; used as aid to convert ligs. into powds.; processing aid; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, cellophane, rubber articles; defoamer in foodcontact coatings, paper/paperboard; hydrophilic
- Use Level: 0.1-0.5% (table salt), 0.5% (powd. sweetener)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 133.146, 160.105, 160.185, 172.230, 172.340, 172.480, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2420, 177.2600, 178.321, 182.90, 573.940(b)(c)
- Properties: Wh. fluffy powd., 18 nm avg. particle size; dens. 270 g/l (tapped); surf. area 190 m²/g; pH 6.3 (5% aq. susp.); 98% assay
- Sipernat[®] 22LS [Degussa-Hüls]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Precipitated silica
 - Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (98%), moisture (5%)
 - CAS 1343-98-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-683-2
 - Uses: Thickener for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, elec., insulation, paper, film, pesticides, plastics industries; carrier, grinding aid, suspending aid, free-flow agent in pesticides; thickener and thixotrope in filled polyester gel coats, laminating resins; antiblock in PE and PP blown films Regulatory: FDA approved

Properties: 3.5 µ avg. particle size; dens. 80 g/l (tapped); BET surf. area 190 m²/g; pH 6.2 Sipernat[®] 22S [Degussa-Hüls] Chem. Descrip.: Precipitated silica CAS 1343-98-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-683-2 Uses: Flow control agent, anticaking agent for powd. detergents, TPEs, sealants, foodstuffs (spices, guar gum, dried soup, powd. cheese), pharmaceuticals, fire extinguishers; converts liqs. to powds., e.g., PVC stabilizers; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, cellophane, rubber articles; defoamer in foodcontact coatings, paper/paperboard; hydrophilic Use Level: 0.25-2%; 0.1-2% (spices), 1% (guar gum, powd. cheese), 1-CAS 68439-50-9 2% (soup) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 133.146, 160.105, 160.185, 172.230, 172.340, 172.480, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2420, 177.2600, 178.321, 182.90, 573.940(b)(c) nonionic Properties: Wh. loose powd.; 18 nm avg. particle size; dens. 120 g/l (tapped); surf. area 190 m²/g; pH 6.3 (5% aq. susp.); 98% assay Sipernat[®] 50 [Degussa-Hüls] CAS 9016-45-9; EINÉCS/ELINCS 248-294-1 Chem. Descrip .: Precipitated silica CAS 1343-98-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-683-2 Uses: Carrier, flow control agent, anticaking agent for cosmetics, detergents, food industries (spices, high fat seasoning, cake mixes); food pkg. adhesives, coatings, cellophane, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.25-2%; 0.1-2% (spices), 1% (high fat seasoning), 1.5% (cake mixes) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 133.146, 160.105, 160.185, 172.230, 172.340, 172.480, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2420, 177.2600, 178.321, 182.90, 573.940(b)(c) Properties: Loose wh. powd.; pH 6.0-7.4 (5%); 7% max. moisture surfactant levels Toxicology: Inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation Sipernat® 50S [Degussa-Hüls] Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous precipitated silica CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Flow control agent, anticaking agent, and defoamer for food use (cocoa powd., dried soup, cake mix); food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber, etc.; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; for prevention of plate out in PVC calendered films; anticaking agent for preexpanded PS foam grans.; improves storability of phenolic and melamine grouts and cements resins Use Level: 0.25-2%; 0.5-2% (cocoa powd.), 0.5% (dried soup), 1.5% (cake mix) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 133.146, 160.105, 160.185, 172.230, 172.340, 172.480, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2420, 177.2600, 178.321, 182.90, 573.940(b)(c) Properties: Wh. loose powd.; 7 µm avg. agglomerate size; tapped dens. 100 g/l; surf. area 480 m²/g; pH 6.7 (5%); 99% SiO₂, 5% moisture Toxicology: Inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation Sipernat® 300DS [Degussa-Hüls] Chem. Descrip .: Precipitated silica *Chem. Analysis:* SiO₂ (98%), Al₂O₃ (0.2%) CAS 1343-98-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-683-2 Uses: Filler for plastics, paper and film industry; hydrophilic SizeXcel® 1799 [Georgia-Pacific Resins] Properties: Powd.; 10 nm avg. particle size; dens. 90 g/l (tapped); DBP absorp. 260%; surf. area 300 m²/g; pH 6.5 (5% aq. susp.) Sipernat[®] 310 [Degussa-Hüls] Chem. Descrip .: Precipitated silica *Chem. Analysis:* SiO₂ (>97%), Na₂SO₄ (< 3%) CAS 1343-98-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-683-2 Slimex[®] [Hercules] Uses: Filler for antiblocking of LDPE, PP, and flatting of PP tapes, and for vation of pulps paper applics Properties: Powd.; 8 nm avg. particle size; dens. 130 g/l (tapped); DBP absorp. 210%; surf. area 650 m²/g; pH 7 (5% aq. susp.); 99% assay Sipernat[®] 320DS [Degussa-Hüls] *Chem. Descrip.:* Precipitated silica CAS 1343-98-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-683-2 Uses: Filler for plastics, silicone rubber, paper, and film industry applics. Use Level: 0.1-0.5% Properties: Wh. fluffy powd.; 18 nm avg. particle size; dens. \approx 80 g/l; surf. area 170 m²/g; pH 6.3 (5% aq. susp.); 98% assay 176.200 Sipernat[®] 500LS [Degussa-Hüls] Chem. Descrip.: Amorphous precipitated silica

Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (99%), moisture (3%)

CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

Uses: Thickener for cosmetic creams and lotions; prevents ink migration in paper coatings; also in thermal insulation, films, pharmaceuticals; carrier, grinding aid, suspending aid, free-flow agent for pesticides; prevents plate out in PVC calendered films; silicon wafer polishing agent Regulatory: FDA approved

Properties: Powd.; 3.5 µ avg. particle size; dens 80 g/l (tapped); BET surf. area 475 m²/g; pH 6.3 (5% aq. susp.)

- Sipol LAL-7 [Specialty Industrial Prods.]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* C₁₂C₁₄ primary alcohol (7 EO)

Uses: Emulsifier, detergent used in household and I&I cleaners/detergents, textile finishing, paper processing, and agric. adjuvants

Properties: Liq.; sol. in isopropanol and water; HLB 12.2; hyd. no. 104-112;

Sipol NP-10 [Specialty Industrial Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonylphenol (10 EO)

Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier used in detergent compounding, textile, leather, pulp/paper processing, acid cleaners, corrosion inhibitors, emulsion and soak tank cleaners; for indirect food contact; agric. inert

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3400 compliant; approved as agric. inert

Properties: Liq.; sol. in water, toluene, and perchloroethylene; insol. in min. oil, min. spirits; HLB 13.2; cloud pt. 60-65 C; nonionic

Sipomer® COPS 1 [Rhodia HPCII]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium allyloxy hydroxypropyl sulfonate aq. sol'n. Uses: Surfactant, stabilizer for emulsion polymerization; latex stabilizer; reduces latex foaming; provides improved film props. for paints, adhesives, paper and textile coatings; copolymerizable; provides latex stability at low

- Properties: APHA 100 clear lig.; m.w. 218; sp.gr. 1.17; dens. 9.75 lb/gal; visc. 10 cps; f.p. -12 C; b.p. 100 C (760 mm); flash pt. > 100 C; pH 6-9 (10%); 39-42% act.; anionic
- Sipomer[®] SEM 25 [Rhodia HPCII]
 - Chem. Descrip.: 58-62% Polyethoxy methacrylate, 18-22% methacrylic acid, 18-22% water, 150-250 ppm MEHQ

Uses: Monomer for use in alkali-sol. associative thickeners used in architectural coatings, paper formulations, personal care formulations, adhesives,

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Properties: Pale yel. clear liq.; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. > 1; visc. 150-
  175 cps; f.p. < -30 C; flash pt. > 210 C; pH 4.3-4.4; 40% volatile
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Sipophos DA-6P [Specialty Industrial Prods.]

Chem. Descrip.: Isodecyl alcohol phosphate ester (6 EO) Uses: Emulsifier in textile wetting or scouring applics.; penetrant, coupling agent used in alkaline detergents and pulp/paper formulations Properties: Liq.; 99% act.

SizeXcel® 1790 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]

Chem. Descrip.: Low m.w., high charge dens. polymer Uses: Resin used to manage cationic demand wherever anionics are present

in thin or thick paper stock systems, acid or alkaline papers; can aid greater use of CaCO₃ contg. broke

Properties: Yel. to amber liq.; visc. 100 cps; pH 7; 50% NV; cationic

Chem. Descrip.: High m.w., high charge dens. polymer Uses: Resin used to manage cationic demand wherever anionics are present in thin or thick paper stock systems; rec. for use at high temps. or high conductivities; can aid greater use of CaCO₃ contg. broke

Properties: Yel. to amber liq.; visc. 5000 cps; pH 6; 50% NV; cationic

Uses: Antimicrobial and slimicide for slime control in whitewater and preser-

- Slip-Ayd® SL 555 [Elementis Spec. Colorants/Addit.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyolefin/carnauba blend

Uses: Wax additive for solv.-free systems incl. UV, EB, two-component catalyzed and powd. coatings; food pkg. adhesives/coatings/paper, in waterborne or solvent-borne coatings; defoamer in food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176. 170, 176.180,

Properties: 6 µ particle size; sp.gr. 0.97; soften. pt. 82-86 C

SM 1124XD [Process Chems. LLC]

Uses: Defoamer, drainage aid for kraft pulp/paper applics., for use in brownstock

 washing, screen room, and bleach plant operations, on the paper machine, and in the effluent; water-based; does not contain EBS, min. oil, or dioxin precursors; does not contribute to deposit formation; suitable whether batch or continuous pulp is employed <i>Properties:</i> Opaque wh. liq.; dens. 8.0-8.6 lb/gal; visc. 500-1150 cps <i>Toxicology:</i> TSCA listed Storage: Store in dry area SM 2128 [GE Silicones] <i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Silicone aq. emulsion based on SF 18 (350) <i>Uses:</i> Release agent for mech. rubber goods (automobile floor mats, shock mounts, fan belts, o-rings, footwear, floor tile), plastics, paper prods., indirect food contact, food handling (latex gloves), disposable food pkg.; latex dip additive <i>Use Level:</i> 0.2-2.5% silicone (rubber release) 	Sno
 Regulatory: FDA compliance; SARA §302/311/312/313 nonreportable Properties: Wh. liq.; odorless; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1; dens. 8.2 lb/gal; visc. 350 cst; f.p. 0 C; b.p. 100 C; flash pt. 215.5 C; pH ≈ 5-9; 37-41% total solids, 35% silicone; nonionic Toxicology: May be harmful if swallowed; may cause mild skin irritation; may irritate eyes; not a primary eye or skin irritant; not a skin sensitizer Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: (thermal): SiO₂, formaldehyde HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 Storage: 12 mos storage stability SMA® 1000 [Atofina; Atofina SA] Chem. Descrip.: 1:1 Styrene/maleic anhydride copolymer 	
CAS 9011-13-6 Uses: Soil release agent in rug shampoos; paper sizing and coatings; com- mercial laundries; emulsion polymerization; oven cleaners; leveling agent for floor polishes; pigment dispersant in paints, inks, plastics; polymer addi- tives; coatings for metals and plastics; powd. coatings; temporary coatings; aq. grinding fluids <i>Regulatory</i> : FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400, 182.99 <i>Properties</i> : Gardner 1-2 powd.; visc. 28 cP (20% sol'n., 30 C); m.p. 150-	Sno
170 C; acid no. 465-495; 99% act.; anionic SMA® 2000 [Atofina; Atofina SA] <i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Styrene/maleic anhydride copolymer CAS 9011-13-6 <i>Uses:</i> Soil release agent in rug shampoos; paper sizing and coatings; com- <i>Uses:</i> Join release agent in rug shampoos; paper sizing and coatings; com-	
mercial laundries; emulsion polymerization; oven cleaners; leveling agent for floor polishes; pigment dispersant in paints, inks, plastics; polymer addi- tives; coatings for metals and plastics; powd. coatings; temporary coatings <i>Regulatory</i> : FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400, 182.99 <i>Properties</i> : Gardner 1.2 powd : visc. 136 cP (20% sol/n - 20 C); m.p. 140	
 Source 12 power, visc. 150 cF (20% sorth, 30 c); III.p. 140-160 C; acid no. 335-375; 99% act.; anionic SMA® 3000 [Atofina; Atofina SA] <i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Styrene/maleic anhydride copolymer CAS 9011-13-6 <i>Call action and action and action and action action action action action action</i> 	
Uses: Soil release agent in rug shampoos; paper sizing and coatings; com- mercial laundries; emulsion polymerization; oven cleaners; leveling agent for floor polishes; pigment dispersant in paints, inks, plastics; polymer addi- tives; coatings for metals and plastics; powd. coatings; temporary coatings <i>Regulatory</i> : FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400, 182.99 <i>Properties:</i> Gardner 1 max. powd.; visc. gels; m.p. 115-130 C; acid no. 265-	Sno
305; 99% act.; anionic SNAP 2042 [Reichhold] <i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Styrene/butadiene/acrylonitrile latex CAS 9003-56-9	
Uses: Binder, dry str. agent, and gloss aid for all synthetically bound paper coatings, web and sheetfed offset papers, roto applics.; outstanding ink gloss; improved press performance; maintains high water absorbency SNAP 2048 [Reichhold] <i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Styrene/butadiene/acrylonitrile latex	
CAS 9003-56-9 Uses: Binder, dry str. agent and gloss aid for all synthetically bound paper coatings, web and sheetfed offset papers, roto applics.; outstanding ink	

coatings, web and sheetfed offset papers, roto applics.; outstanding gloss; improved press performance; maintains high water absorbency SNAP 2054 [Reichhold]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/butadiene/acrylonitrile latex CAS 9003-56-9

Uses: Binder, gloss aid for highly syn. binder systems typ. of LWC paper formulations, for web offset to roto applics.; outstanding ink gloss; maintains high water absorbency and porosity

- Snowcal 75E (Export) [Omya Croxton+Garry]
- Chem. Descrip.: Whiting
 - Chem. Analysis: CaCO₃ (97.8 ± 0.25%), moisture (0.1%)
 - CAS 471-34-1
 - Uses: Filler for paper
 - *Properties:* Superfine; nat. color; 0.005% on 45 μm sieve; 99 ± 1% finer than 10 μm, 45% finer than 2 μm; sp.gr. 2.7; TAPPI brightness 85.6 ± 0.6 performed and 1.
- Snowtex 20L [Nissan Chem. Ind.] Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica
 - EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4
 - Uses: Binder, antistat, slip control agent, gellant for textile and paper treatment; antisticking aid in cellophane film; binder in catalysts, inorg. film, ceramic fiber, precision casting, insulating materials; refractory material; glass fibers; vehicle for paints and adhesives for fabric and paper; improves adhesion, durability, abrasion resist. in coatings; antislip in floor waxes; in polishes for silicon semiconductor wafers; metal surf. treatment; batteries; food pkg. applics.
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.230, 172.480, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.350, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.1460, 177.1520, 177.2420, 177.2600, 178.3120, 182.90, 182.99, 573.940
 - Properties: Opalescent; 40-50 nm avg. particle diam.; sp.gr. 1.12-1.14 (20 C); visc. \leq 3 mPa•s; pH 9.5-10; 20-21% SiO₂
 - Toxicology: May irritate eyes; prolonged skin contact may cause irritation; OSHA (amorphous silica): PEL-TWA 20 mppcf, 0.8 mg/m³ (total dust); inhaled dust or mist may cause pneumoconiosis and silicosis; noncarcinogenic
 - Storage: Store in tightly closed containers at R.T.; avoid direct exposure to sunlight
- Snowtex 40 [Nissan Chem. Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica

- EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4
- Uses: Binder, antistat, slip control agent, gellant for textile and paper treatment; antisticking aid in cellophane film; binder in catalysts, inorg. film, ceramic fiber, precision casting, insulating materials; refractory material; glass fibers; vehicle for paints and adhesives for fabric and paper; improves adhesion, durability, abrasion resist. in coatings; antislip in floor waxes; in polishes for silicon semiconductor wafers; metal surf. treatment; batteries; food pkg. applics.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.230, 172.480, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.350, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.1460, 177.1520, 177.2420, 177.2600, 178.3120, 182.90, 182.99, 573.940
- Properties: Clear to opalescent; 10-20 nm avg. particle diam.; sp.gr. 1.28-1.35 (20 C); visc. \leq 25 mPa•s; pH 9.0-10.5; 40% SiO₂
- Toxicology: May irritate eyes; prolonged skin contact may cause irritation; OSHA (amorphous silica): PEL-TWA 20 mppcf, 0.8 mg/m³ (total dust); inhaled dust or mist may cause pneumoconiosis and silicosis; noncarcinogenic
- Storage: Store in tightly closed containers at R.T.; avoid direct exposure to sunlight
- Snowtex 50 [Nissan Chem. Ind.]

Chem. Descrip .: Colloidal silica

EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Binder, antistat, slip control agent, gellant for textile and paper treatment; antisticking aid in cellophane film; binder in catalysts, inorg. film, ceramic fiber, precision casting, insulating materials; refractory material; glass fibers; vehicle for paints and adhesives for fabric and paper; improves adhesion, durability, abrasion resist. in coatings; antislip in floor waxes; in polishes for silicon semiconductor wafers; metal surf. treatment; batteries; food pkg. applics.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.230, 172.480, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.350, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.1460, 177.1520, 177.2420, 177.2600, 178.3120, 182.90, 182.99, 573.940
- Properties: Clear to opalescent; 20-30 nm avg. particle diam.; sp.gr. 1.36-1.40 (20 C); visc. 5-50 mPa•s; pH 8.5-9.5; 47-49% SiO₂
- Toxicology: May irritate eyes; prolonged skin contact may cause irritation; OSHA (amorphous silica): PEL-TWA 20 mppcf, 0.8 mg/m³ (total dust);

inhaled dust or mist may cause pneumoconiosis and silicosis; noncarcino-genic

Storage: Store in tightly closed containers at R.T.; avoid direct exposure to sunlight

Snowtex C [Nissan Chem. Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica, stabilized

EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Binder, antistat, slip control agent, gellant for textile and paper treatment; antisticking aid in cellophane film; binder in catalysts, inorg. film, ceramic fiber, precision casting, insulating materials; refractory material; glass fibers; vehicle for paints and adhesives for fabric and paper; improves adhesion, durability, abrasion resist. in coatings; antislip in floor waxes; in polishes for silicon semiconductor wafers; metal surf. treatment; batteries; food pkg. applics.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.230, 172.480, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.350, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.1460, 177.1520, 177.2420, 177.2600, 178.3120, 182.90, 182.99, 573.940
- Properties: Clear to opalescent; 10-20 nm avg. particle diam.; sp.gr. 1.12-1.14 (20 C); visc. \leq 10 mPa•s; pH 8.5-9.0; 20-21% SiO₂
- Toxicology: May irritate eyes; prolonged skin contact may cause irritation; OSHA (amorphous silica): PEL-TWA 20 mppcf, 0.8 mg/m³ (total dust); inhaled dust or mist may cause pneumoconiosis and silicosis; noncarcinogenic
- Storage: Store in tightly closed containers at R.T.; avoid direct exposure to sunlight
- Snowtex N [Nissan Chem. Ind.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica, stabilized with ammonia
 - Uses: Binder, antistat, slip control agent, gellant for textile and paper treatment; antisticking aid in cellophane film; binder in catalysts, inorg. film, ceramic fiber, precision casting, insulating materials; refractory material; glass fibers; vehicle for paints and adhesives for fabric and paper; improves adhesion, durability, abrasion resist. in coatings; antislip in floor waxes; in polishes for silicon semiconductor wafers; metal surf. treatment; batteries; food pkg. applics.
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.230, 172.480, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.350, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.1460, 177.1520, 177.2420, 177.2600, 178.3120, 182.90, 182.99, 573.940
 - Properties: Clear to opalescent; 10-20 nm avg. particle diam.; sp.gr. 1.12-1.14 (20 C); visc. \leq 6 mPa•s; pH 9-10; 20-21% SiO₂
 - Toxicology: May irritate eyes; prolonged skin contact may cause irritation; OSHA (amorphous silica): PEL-TWA 20 mppcf, 0.8 mg/m³ (total dust); inhaled dust or mist may cause pneumoconiosis and silicosis; noncarcinogenic
 - Storage: Store in tightly closed containers at R.T.; avoid direct exposure to sunlight

Snowtex O [Nissan Chem. Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica

EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Binder, antistat, slip control agent, gellant for textile and paper treatment; antisticking aid in cellophane film; binder in catalysts, inorg. film, ceramic fiber, precision casting, insulating materials; refractory material; glass fibers; vehicle for paints and adhesives for fabric and paper; improves adhesion, durability, abrasion resist. in coatings; antislip in floor waxes; in polishes for silicon semiconductor wafers; metal surf. treatment; batteries; food pkg. applics.
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.230, 172.480, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.350, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.1460, 177.1520, 177.2420, 177.2600, 178.3120, 182.90, 182.99, 573.940
- *Properties:* Clear to opalescent; 10-20 nm avg. particle diam.; sp.gr. 1.12-1.14 (20 C); visc. \leq 3 mPa·s; pH 2-4; 20-21% SiO₂
- Toxicology: May irritate eyes; prolonged skin contact may cause irritation; OSHA (amorphous silica): PEL-TWA 20 mppcf, 0.8 mg/m³ (total dust); inhaled dust or mist may cause pneumoconiosis and silicosis; noncarcinogenic
- Storage: Store in tightly closed containers at R.T.; avoid direct exposure to sunlight

Snowtex OL [Nissan Chem. Ind.] Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica

EINECS/ELIŃCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Binder, antistat, slip control agent, gellant for textile and paper treatment; antisticking aid in cellophane film; binder in catalysts, inorg. film, ceramic fiber, precision casting, insulating materials; refractory material; glass fibers; vehicle for paints and adhesives for fabric and paper; improves adhesion, durability, abrasion resist. in coatings; antislip in floor waxes; in polishes for silicon semiconductor wafers; metal surf. treatment; batteries; food pkg. applics.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.230, 172.480, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.350, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.1460, 177.1520, 177.2420, 177.2600, 178.3120, 182.90, 182.99, 573.940
- *Properties:* Opalescent; 40-50 nm avg. particle diam.; sp.gr. 1.12-1.14 (20 C); visc. \leq 3 mPa·s; pH 2-4; 20-21% SiO₂
- Toxicology: May irritate eyes; prolonged skin contact may cause irritation; OSHA (amorphous silica): PEL-TWA 20 mppcf, 0.8 mg/m³ (total dust); inhaled dust or mist may cause pneumoconiosis and silicosis; noncarcinogenic
- Storage: Store in tightly closed containers at R.T.; avoid direct exposure to sunlight
- Snowtex PS-L [Nissan Chem. Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica

EINECS/ELIŃCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Surf. treatment agent for fiber, paper, plastics, adhesives; binder for catalysts, ceramics, inorg. and glass fibers
- *Properties:* Wh. transparent milky solid; 35-40 nm particle size; sp.gr. 1.24-1.26; visc. < 150 mPa•s; f.p. 0 C; pH 9-10.5; 35-36% SiO₂; < 0.20% Na₂O
- Snowtex PS-M [Nissan Chem. Ind.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica
 - EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4
 - Uses: Surf. treatment agent for fiber, paper, plastics, adhesives; binder for catalysts, ceramics, inorg. and glass fibers
 - *Properties:* Wh. transparent milky solid; 18-23 nm particle size; sp.gr. 1.12-1.14; visc. < 150 mPa•s; f.p. 0 C; pH 9-10.5; 20-21% SiO₂; < 0.20% Na₂O
- Snowtex S [Nissan Chem. Ind.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica

EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Binder for precision casting: metal surf. treatment; paint vehicle; catalyst binder; paper treatment; binder for inorganic film; features exc. heat resist., antistatic props., transparency, gelation, large surf. area
- Properties: 7-9 nm particle size; visc. 1-7 cp; pH 9.0-10.5; 30% SiO₂ in water
- Snowtex ST-20L [Nissan Chem. Ind.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica

EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Binder for precision casting, inorg. film, catalysts; antistat; metal surf. treatment; textile and paper treatment; paint vehicle
- *Properties:* 40-50 nm particle size; visc. 1-3 cps; pH 9.5-11; 20% SiO₂; 80% water
- Snowtex ST-40 [Nissan Chem. Ind.]
- Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica
- EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

Uses: Binder for precision casting, inorg. film, catalysts; antistat; metal surf. treatment; textile and paper treatment; paint vehicle

- Properties: 11-14 nm particle size; visc. 5-25 cps; pH 9-10.5; 40% SiO₂; 60% water
- Snowtex ST-50 [Nissan Chem. Ind.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica

EINECS/ELIŃCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Binder for precision casting, inorg. film, catalysts; antistat; metal surf. treatment; textile and paper treatment; paint vehicle
- *Properties:* 20-30 nm particle size; visc. 5-50 cps; pH 8.5-9.5; 48% SiO₂; 52% water
- Snowtex ST-C [Nissan Chem. Ind.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica
 - EINECS/ELIŃCS 231-545-4
 - Uses: Binder for precision casting, inorg. film, catalysts; antistat; metal surf. treatment; textile and paper treatment; paint vehicle
 - $\textit{Properties:}\ 11\text{-}14$ nm particle size; visc. 1-10 cps; pH 8.5-9.5; 20% SiO_2; 80% water
- Snowtex ST-N [Nissan Chem. Ind.]

Snowtex ST-O Chem. Descrip .: Colloidal silica EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Binder for precision casting, inorg. film, catalysts; antistat; metal surf. treatment; textile and paper treatment; paint vehicle Properties: 11-14 nm particle size; visc. 1-6 cps; pH 9-10; 20% SiO₂; 80% water Snowtex ST-O [Nissan Chem. Ind.] Chem. Descrip .: Colloidal silica EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Binder for inorg. film, inorg. fibrous shapes of ceramic and glass fiber, and for treatment of steel; antistat; catalyst binder; textile treatment; painting vehicle; paper treatment Properties: Transparent; 11-14 nm particle size; visc. 1-3 cps; pH 2-4; 20% SiO₂; 80% water Snowtex ST-O-30 [Nissan Chem. Ind.] Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Antistat; catalyst binder; binder for inorg. film; textile treatment; painting vehicle; metal surf. treatment; paper treatment; superior stability; exc. heat resist., gelation; lg. surf. area; exc. frictionizing Properties: Transparent; 12 nm particle size; visc. 3 mPa•s; pH 2-4; 30% SiO₂; 70% water Snowtex ST-O-40 [Nissan Chem. Ind.] Chem. Descrip .: Colloidal silica EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Antistat; catalyst binder; binder for inorg. film; textile treatment; painting vehicle; metal surf. treatment; paper treatment; superior stability; exc. heat resist., gelation; lg. surf. area; exc. frictionizing Properties: Opalescent; 22 nm particle size; visc. 5 mPa•s; pH 2-4; 40% SiO₂; 60% water Snowtex ST-OL [Nissan Chem. Ind.] Chem. Descrip .: Colloidal silica EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Binder for precision casting, inorg. film, catalysts; antistat; metal surf. treatment; textile and paper treatment; paint vehicle Properties: 40-50 nm particle size; visc. 1-3 cps; pH 2-4; 20% SiO₂; 80% water Snowtex ST-OL-40 [Nissan Chem. Ind.] Chem. Descrip .: Colloidal silica EINECS/ELIŃCS 231-545-4 Uses: Antistat; catalyst binder; binder for inorg. film; textile treatment; painting vehicle; metal surf. treatment; paper treatment; superior stability; exc. heat resist., gelation; lg. surf. area; exc. frictionizing Properties: Milky wh.; 45 nm particle size; visc. 3 mPa•s; pH 2-4; 40% SiO₂; 60% water

Snowtex ST-OS [Nissan Chem. Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica

EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Antistat; catalyst binder; binder for inorg. film; textile treatment; painting vehicle; metal surf. treatment; paper treatment; superior stability; exc. heat resist., gelation; lg. surf. area; exc. frictionizing
- Properties: Transparent; 9 nm particle size; visc. 2 mPa•s; pH 2-4; 20% SiO₂: 80% water

Snowtex ST-S [Nissan Chem. Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

Uses: Binder for precision casting, inorg. film, catalysts; antistat; metal surf. treatment; textile and paper treatment; paint vehicle

Properties: 7-9 nm particle size; visc. 1-7 cps; pH 9-10.5; 30% SiO₂; 70% water

Snowtex ST-UP [Nissan Chem. Ind.]

Chem. Descrip .: Colloidal silica

EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

Uses: Binder, antistat, slip control agent, gellant for textile and paper treatment; antisticking aid in cellophane film; binder in catalysts, inorg. film, ceramic fiber, precision casting, insulating materials; refractory material; glass fibers; food pkg.; vehicle for paints and adhesives for fabric and paper; improves adhesion, durability, abrasion resist. in coatings; antislip in floor waxes; in polishes for silicon semiconductor wafers; metal surf. treatment; batteries; good film-forming props.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.230, 172.480, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.350, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.1460, 177.1520, 177.2420, 177.2600, 178.3120, 182.90, 182.99, 573.940

- Properties: Clear to opalescent; elongated, 5-20 nm width, 40-300 nm length; sp.gr. 1.12-1.14 (20 C); visc. 5-100 mPa•s; pH 9-10; 20-21% SiO₂
- Toxicology: May irritate eyes; prolonged skin contact may cause irritation; OSHA (amorphous silica): PEL-TWA 20 mppcf, 0.8 mg/m³ (total dust); inhaled dust or mist may cause pneumoconiosis and silicosis; noncarcinogenic

Storage: Store in tightly closed containers at R.T.; avoid direct exposure to sunlight

Snowtex ST-XS [Nissan Chem. Ind.]

Chem. Descrip .: Colloidal silica

EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Binder for precision casting, inorg. film, catalysts; antistat; metal surf. treatment; textile and paper treatment; paint vehicle
- Properties: 4-6 nm particle size; visc. 1-7 cps; pH 9-10; 20% SiO₂; 80% water
- Snowtex ST-ZL [Nissan Chem. Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal silica

EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Binder, antistat, slip control, gellant for textile and paper treatment; antisticking aid in cellophane film; binder in catalysts, inorg. film, ceramic fiber, precision casting, insulating materials; refractory material; glass fibers; vehicle for paints and adhesives for fabric and paper; improves adhesion, durability, abrasion resist. in coatings; antislip in floor waxes; in polishes for silicon semiconductor wafers; metal surf. treatment; batteries; food pkg. applics.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.230, 172.480, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.350, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.1460, 177.1520, 177.2420, 177.2600, 178.3120, 182.90, 182.99, 573.940
- Properties: Opalescent; 70-100 nm avg. particle diam.; sp.gr. 1.29-1.32 (20 C); visc. ≤ 5 mPa·s; pH 9-10; 40-41% SiO₂
- Toxicology: May irritate eyes; prolonged skin contact may cause irritation; OSHA (amorphous silica): PEL-TWA 20 mppcf, 0.8 mg/m³ (total dust); inhaled dust or mist may cause pneumoconiosis and silicosis; noncarcinogenic
- Storage: Store in tightly closed containers at R.T.; avoid direct exposure to sunlight

Snowtex XS [Nissan Chem. Ind.]

- Chem. Descrip .: Colloidal silica
- EINECS/ELIŃCS 231-545-4
- Uses: Binder for precision casting; metal surf. treatment; paint vehicle; catalyst binder; paper treatment; binder for inorganic film; features exc. heat resist., antistatic props., transparency, gelation, large surf. area
- Properties: 4-6 nm particle size; visc. 1-7 cp; pH 9.0-10.0; 20% SiO₂ in water

Sodium MBT [Flexsys]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium mercaptobenzothiazole sol'n.

CAS 2492-26-4

- Uses: Chem. intermediate; corrosion inhibitor in aq. systems, antifreezes, hydraulic fluids, coolants, air conditioning/refrigeration systems; collector in extraction of metals from sulfite or oxide compds, in froth flotation; water treatment agent; biocide; bactericide; fungicide; food pkg. adhesives; resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in paper coatings, food-contact paper; slimicide in food-contact paper; food-contact textiles, glue
- Regulatory: FDA 21 CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.2800, 178.3120; BfVV XXI compliant
- Properties: Amber to brn. liq.; sp.gr. 1.25-1.28; 49.5-51% conc.
- Storage: Store above 0 C in well-ventilated area; avoid direct sunlight, excessive exposure to air
- Sodium Alginate HV NF/FCC [Frutarom Meer]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alginate NF/FCC

CAS 9005-38-3

Uses: Emulsifier, stabilizer, suspending agent for ice cream, sherbets, soft drinks, bakery jellies, prevention of freezer burn; freeze/thaw stabilizer for lemon pie fillings; textile print paste thickener; paper sizing agent; food-grade Properties: Water-sol.

Sodium Alginate LV [Frutarom Meer]

Chem. Descrip .: Sodium alginate

CAS 9005-38-3 Uses: Emulsifier, stabilizer, suspending agent for ice cream, sherbets, soft

drinks, bakery jellies, prevention of freezer burn; freeze/thaw stabilizer for lemon pie fillings; textile print paste thickener; paper sizing agent; food-grade Properties: Water-sol. Sodium Alginate LVC [Frutarom Meer] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alginate CAS 9005-38-3 Uses: Emulsifier for ice cream, sherbets, water ices; suspending agent in soft drinks; freeze/thaw stabilizer in lemon pie fillings; prevents freezer burn; gellant in puddings, fabrication of sausage casings; thickener in whipped Chem. Descrip .: Sorbitol cream, jellies, jams, meringue, fillings, sauces, cheese, candies, cake, syrups, bakery jellies; textile print paste thickener; paper sizing agent Use Level: 0.4-1.0% *Properties:* Off-wh. to tan free-flowing powd.; \geq 98% thru 30 mesh; visc. \geq tact paper/paperboard 50 cps (1%); pH 5.5-8.0 Sodium Alginate MV NF/FCC [Frutarom Meer] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium alginate NF/FCC *Toxicology:* Noncarcinogenic Environmental: Biodeg. CAS 9005-38-3 Uses: Emulsifier, stabilizer, suspending agent for ice cream, sherbets, soft Storage: Store in tightly closed container drinks, bakery jellies, prevention of freezer burn; freeze/thaw stabilizer for lemon pie fillings; textile print paste thickener; paper sizing agent; food grade Properties: Water-sol. Sodium Chlorite Sol'n. 50, Tech. [Vulcan Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium chlorite CAS 7758-19-2; EINECS/ELINCS 231-836-6 Uses: Bacterial slimicide in paper mill systems; algicide in cooling towers; to resist crystallization used in the electronics industry; as intermediate to generate sodium chloride, an oxidizing agent Properties: Wh. slightly cloudy liq.; dens. 11.7 lb/gal (35 C); cryst. pt. 25 C; 37% min. sodium chlorite Sodium Chlorite, Tech. [Vulcan Perf. Chems.] 55% assay Chem. Descrip .: Sodium chlorite Environmental: Biodeq. CAS 7758-19-2; EINECS/ELINCS 231-836-6 Uses: Bacterial slimicide in paper mill systems; algicide in cooling towers; used in the electronics industry; as intermediate to generate sodium chloride, *Chem. Descrip.*: Methyl soyate an oxidizing agent CAS 67784-80-9 Properties: Wh. flakes; dens. 53 lb/ft³ (loose); 69 lb/ft³ (packed); 79% min. sodium chlorite Solan E [Croda Oleochems.] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-75 lanolin CAS 61790-81-6 Uses: Emollient; superfatting agent for bar/lig. soaps, nail varnish removers; conditioner; superfatting agent, solubilizer for aq./aq.-alcoholic systems; solubilizer for perfumes; softener for paper tissues, cosmetic sponges; detergent cleansers; nongreasy vehicle in pharmaceuticals; plasticizer for hair sprays, mousses, and gels (SNAP); water rinsable Properties: Yel./brn. solid; mild odor; water-sol.; drop pt. 45-50 C; HLB 16.2; acid no. 2 max.; iodine no. 4-8; sapon. no. 15-24; 100% conc.; nonionic Solan X [Croda Oleochems.] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-150 lanolin CAS 61790-81-6 Uses: Emollient; superfatting agent for bar/lig. soaps, nail varnish removers; conditioner; superfatting agent, solubilizer for aq./aq.-alcoholic systems; skin: TSCA listed solubilizer for perfumes; softener for paper tissues, cosmetic sponges; detergent cleansers; nongreasy vehicle in pharmaceuticals; plasticizer for hair sprays, mousses, and gels Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO Properties: Yel. wax.; mild odor; water-sol.; drop pt. 52-54 C; acid no. 2 HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Soygold[®] 2000 [Ag Environmental Prods.] max.; sapon. no. 8.5-11.0 Sol-Aqua-Fast® [Crompton & Knowles] Uses: Direct dyes for fine papers, tissue grades, toweling, paperboard, and cover stocks Solar® [BASF] Uses: Pigment dispersions for tinting wood-free papers and coatings, as well as for coloring grades requiring exc. lightfastness Properties: Anionic Solucote® 1003 [Soluol] Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic waterborne PU Uses: Coating and impregnant for syn. fabrics and cordage; improves life of papermakers felt; med. firm; contains heat reactive crosslinker Properties: Dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 25-125 cps (72 F); pH 7-8.5; tens. modulus 360 psi (100%); tens. str. 1000 psi; elong. 400%; 40 ± 2% solids Sol-U-Tein EA [Fanning]

Chem. Descrip.: Albumen

CAS 9006-50-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-936-2

Uses: Binder, coagulant, film-former, skin conditioner used in pharmaceuticals and personal care prods.; dye mordant in textiles, adhesives, veneers, sizing and making papers; gilding leather; book binding; food applic.

Properties: Yel. powd.; 100% thru 80 mesh; 90% thru 100 mesh; bland odor; pH 6.5-8.0; 75% ovalbumin, ovoconalbumin, ovomucoid, ovomucin, ovoglobulin, lysozyme, and avidin

Sorbitol Sol'n. High Mannitol [ADM Food Addit.]

CAS 50-70-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-061-5

Uses: Sweetener, humectant, plasticizer, and stabilizer for foods and pharmaceuticals; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, polymers; defoamer in food-con-

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.380, 176.210, 177.2420, 182.99, 184.1835; GRAS; USP, FCC compliance

Sorbitol Sol'n. Noncrystallizing [ADM Food Addit.]

Chem. Descrip.: Sorbitol with other polyhydric alcohols

- Uses: Noncariogenic sweetener rec. for dentifrices and sugar-free food applics.; as humectant in variety of food, pharmaceutical, cosmetic, and industrial applics.; provides inc. visc.; plasticizer, stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, polymers; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; formulated
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.380, 176.210, 177.2420, 182.99, 184.1835; GRAS; NF, JECFA, E420 compliance
- Properties: Clear, colorless syrup; no odor; sweet bland taste; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.290-1.320; visc. 190 cps; b.p. 105 C; ref. index 1.457-1.467; 45-

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Storage: Store in dry, well-ventilated area in tightly closed containers

Soygold® 1000 [Ag Environmental Prods.]

- Uses: Industrial solv. for petrol. and animal fat degreasing, precision cleaning, asphalt industry (release agent), concrete release, mold release, metal cutting (lubricant), adhesive removal, silk screen, printing, paints, glass cutting, automotive prods.; substitute for d-limonene, naphtha, min. spirits, etc.; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in surf.-lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles; environmentally responsible; contains no petrol. distillates; low VOCs; ultra low evaporative emissions; high flash pt.; EPA listed as approved replacement
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.225, 174.5, 176.200, 177.2260, 178.3910; SARA §313 nonreportable; DOT regulated (Class 65)
- Properties: Clear to It. yel. liq.; It. musty odor; negligible sol. in water; sp.gr. 0.870; vapor pressure < 5 mm Hg (72 F); m.p. -1 C; b.p. 320 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 218 C; KB 58; VOC < 14%
- Toxicology: Nontoxic; LD50 (oral, rat) 17.4 g/kg; nonirritating to eyes and

Environmental: Readily biodeq.; LC50 (bluegill, 96 h) > 1000 mg/l Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents

- Chem. Descrip.: Methyl soyate with 1-3% surfactant (CAS 9016-45-9) Uses: Industrial solv. for petrol. and animal fat degreasing, precision cleaning, asphalt industry (release agent), concrete release, mold release, metal cutting (lubricant), adhesive removal, silk screen, printing, paints, glass cutting, automotive prods.; substitute for d-limonene, naphtha, min. spirits, etc.; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in surf.-lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles; contains no petrol. distillates; low VOCs; ultra low evaporative emissions; high flash pt.; EPA listed as approved replacement (SNAP); water rinsable
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.225, 174.5, 176.200, 177.2260, 178.3910; SARA §313 nonreportable; DOT regulated (Class 65)
- Properties: Clear to It. yel. liq.; It. musty odor; negligible sol. in water; sp.gr. 0.87; vapor pressure < 5 mm Hg (72 F); m.p. -1 Č; b.p. > 204 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 218 C; KB 58; VOC < 14%

Toxicology: Nontoxic; LD50 (oral, rat) 17.4 g/kg; nonirritating to eyes and

SPA

skin; TSCA listed	e
Environmental: Readily blodeg.; LC50 (bluegill, 96 h) > 1000 mg/l	
Hazardous Decomp. Prods (CO. CO.	
HMIS: Health 0: Flammability 1: Reactivity 0	Us
SPA [Raschig; Raschig AG]	la
Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic acid-(3-sulfopropyl)-ester, potassium salt	ti
CAS 31098-20-1; EINECS/ELINCS 250-465-0	p
Uses: Used for aq. dispersions, hydrogels, ion exchange resins, paper	
electrolytes: functional monomer	0 3
SPAE [Raschig: Raschig AG]	Τοχ
Chem. Descrip.: 1-Propanesulfonic acid, 2-hydroxy-3-(2-propenyloxy), so-	Sto
dium salt	0
CAS 52556-42-0; EINECS/ELINCS 258-004-5	SPM [
toytile fiber and adhesives industries; gives antistatic props, and promotes	
adhesion of pigments: functional sulfate monomer: polymerizable	Us
Spartan CM [Spartan Flame Retardants]	C
Chem. Descrip.: Inorg.	e
Uses: Flame retardant for cotton, wool, silk, and rayon, and for paper/	0
paperboard Use Level: 12, 15% (textile), 15, 20% (namer)	a Dra
Properties: Granular	
Spartan FR-48 [Spartan Flame Retardants]	p p
Chem. Descrip.: Proprietary	Sta
Uses: Flame retardant for use on paper, paperboard, ground paper prods.,	C
cotton batting, cellulose insulation; exc. wetting props.	5R 20:
Properties: Clear to hazy vel lig sp gr 1 255 (60 F); dens 10 45 lb/gal	11.0 n
visc. 7.7 cps; pH 7.7 \pm 0.2 (5%); 50% act.	CĂ
Storage: Store @ 40 F or above in stainless steel or FRP tanks	Us
Spartan X-12 [Spartan Flame Retardants]	h
Uses: Elame retardant for use on cotton, wool, silk, rayon, and linen, and for	U 0
paper/paperboard (nonvellowing under heat exposure)	c c
<i>Use Level:</i> 12-15% (textile), 15-20% (paper)	d
Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; dissolves in hot water; pH 6.7 (11.5%)	e
<i>Toxicology:</i> Low toxicity; not a skin irritant or sensitizer	Pro
allovs	e e
SPE 9528 [Solutia]	ir
Chem. Descrip.: Tetrasodium salt of 1-hydroxy ethyliden (1,1-diphosphonic	Sta
acid)	W
CAS 3/94-83-0; EINECS/ELINCS 223-26/-/	SR 209
metal cleaning, nulp/paper bleaching dairy cleaners bottle washing elec-	ווט ח
troplating, oil field water treatment, peroxide stabilization, textile applics.	CA
flash desalination	Us
<i>Properties:</i> Wh. granular solid; $500 \pm 150 \mu$ mean particle size; 5% max. on	р
1180 μ; 4% thru 150 μ; bulk dens. 0.7-0.9 g/cm°; pH 11-12 (1%); 57 ± 3% act - 9 15% moisture	n n
Spectrafil® I A [Fngelbard]	3
Chem. Descrip.: Calcined kaolin	Pro
Uses: Filler pigment for opacity and print-through resist. in uncoated publica-	e
tion papers contg. mech. pulp	S
Chem Descrin : Surfactant and solvent blend	SB 238
Uses: Deinking agent for pulp/paper industry: produces stable emulsion on	Ch
dil. with water	h
Use Level: 0.4-0.5% emulsion for higher brightness	CA
Properties: Miles: Miler; NONIONIC Spectrum X 61 [Suvog]	US
Uses: Defoamer and antifoam for pulp/paper mills: effective over wide nH	Pro
range	8
Spectrus™ [Hercules]	Sta
Uses: Blocide for cooling water systems; oxidizing and nonoxidizing types	۷ ۵٫۵ D
Chem. Descrip.: Itaconic acid-bis-(3-sulfonronvl)-ester dinotassium salt	Ch
CAS 93841-09-9	1
Uses: Used for an dispersions budrenels ion exchange resins paper	C ^

electrolytes; functional monomer

Spinomar NaSS [Tosoh]

Chem. Descrip .: Sodium p-styrenesulfonate

AS 2695-37-6; EINECS/ELINCS 220-266-3

- Uses: Emulsifier for soapless emulsion of acrylic, vinyl acetate, and SBR latex, films; textile dye assistant; flocculant; scale inhibitor; sludge conditioner; hair fixative; cosmetic dispersant; artificial biomembranes; antistat for paper, fibers, plastic; pharmaceuticals; metal plating
- Properties: Wh. powd., nil odor; sol. in water; insol. in aliphatic, halogenated, or high alcohol solvs.; m.w. 206.20; apparent sp. dens. 0.5; decomp. pt. 330 C; flash pt. nil; 81.5% act.

Toxicology: LD 50 (oral, mouse) 16 g/kg (as 40% olive oil susp.)

Storage: Store in air-tight containers in dark place; if dried, subject to slow oxidation and/or polymerization

SPM [Raschig; Raschig AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Potassium sulfopropyl methacrylate

- CAS 31098-21-2; EINECS/ELINCS 250-466-6
- Uses: Used for aq. dispersions, hydrogels, ion exchange resins, paper coatings, adhesives, photographic layers, antistatics, thickeners and polyelectrolytes, flocculants, emulsions; emulsion stabilizer, allowing reduction of emulsifiers used in emulsion polymerization; functional monomer; produces highest quality polymers
- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; sol. > 2300 g/l in water, 135 g/l in methanol; sl. sol. in ethanol; almost insol. in acetone; m.w. 246.3; m.p. > 300 C (dec.); pH 4-10 (10% aq.); 90% min. assay

Storage: 3 mos storage life when stored in cool, dark place @ R.T. in tightly closed drums

- SR 205 [Sartomer]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Triethylene glycol dimethacrylate; with 80 ppm hydroquinone inhibitor
 - CAS 109-16-0; EINECS/ELINCS 203-652-6
 - Uses: Reduces initial visc. and oil extractability, and improves ultimate hardness, heat distort., hot tear strength, and stain resistance in vinyl plastisols; used in cast acrylic sheet and rod, contact lens, elastomers, ion exchange resins, dental polymers, adhesives, coatings (paper, plastic), cosmetics, paints, sealants, photopolymers, electronics (photoresists, solder masks); noncorrosive, low visc., high boiling crosslinking monomeric ester
 - Properties: APHA 25; colorless clear liq., mild, pleasant odor; sol. in alcohol, ether, ketones, esters, and low m.w. aliphatic hydrocarbons; m.w. 286; sp.gr. 1.070; dens. 8.96 lb/gal; visc. 11 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) 146 F; ref. index 1.4595; 99% reactive esters
 - Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

SR 209 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Tetraethylene glycol dimethacrylate with 75 ppm hydroquinone inhibitor

- CAS 109-17-1
- Uses: Crosslinking agent used in castings, plastisols, coatings, fibers, papers, adhesives (anaerobic), concrete polymers and sealants, dental polymers, elastomers, electronics (photoresists, solder masks), photopolymers, sealants; vulcanizing agent for peroxide curing of BR,CR, EPDM, NBR, IR, SBR; vulcanizing coagent with peroxide cure

Properties: APHA 30 clear liq., mild pleasant odor; sol. in alcohols, esters, ethers, ketones, and aromatic hydrocarbons; insol. in water; m.w. 330.37; sp,.gr. 1.077; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. 14 cps; b.p. 220 C; acid no. 0.5; flash pt. (PMCC) 161 F; ref. index 1.4605-1.4610; 99% reactive esters

SR 238 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate; with 90 ppm hydroquinone inhibitor

CAS 13048-33-4; EINECS/ELINCS 235-921-9

Uses: Used in adhesives; metal, optical, paper, plastic, PVC floor, textile and wood coatings; electronics; inks; paints; photopolymers

Properties: APHA 20 clear liq.; musty odor; m.w. 226; sp.gr. 1.020; dens. 8.45 lb/gal; visc. 9 cps; flash pt. 152 F (PMCC); 99% reactive esters

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

R 268 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Tetraethylene glycol diacrylate with 125 ppm hydroquinone, 175 ppm MEHQ inhibitor CAS 17831-71-9

Uses: Used in coatings (optical, metal, paper, PVC floor, wood); low volatil-

Uses: Used for aq. dispersions, hydrogels, ion exchange resins, paper coatings, adhesives, photographic layers, antistatics, thickeners, and poly-

ity; offers chem. resist., flexibility, adhesion, hardness, abrasion resist. and impact strength

Properties: APHA 50 clear liq.; musty, acrylic odor; m.w. 302; sp.gr. 1.114; dens. 9.3 lb/gal; visc. 20 cps; flash pt. 185 F (PMCC); 99% reactive esters Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials

which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F SR 295 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Pentaerythritol tetraacrylate with 340 ppm MEHQ inhibitor CAS 4986-89-4

Uses: Crosslinking agent in adhesives (binder), coatings (glass, metal, optical, paper, PVC floor, wood), elastomers, electronics (solder masks), inks (flexo, gravure, offset, screen), paints, sealants

Properties: APHA 35 clear liq., musty odor; m.w. 352; sp.gr. 1.179; dens. 9.9 lb/gal; visc. 342 cps (38 C); m.p. 15-18 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 158 F; ref. index 1.4823; 99% reactive esters

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

SR 306HP [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Tripropylene glycol diacrylate with 175 ppm MEHQ inhibitor

EINECS/ELINCS 256-032-2

Uses: Used for flexible packaging, printing, electronics, paper and wood coatings; monomer for high performance applics.; low extractables; solv. and chem. resist.; hard

Properties: APHA 57 clear liq.; low odor; m.w. 300; sp.gr. 1.038; visc. 15 cps; ref. index 1.449; < 200 ppm acid

SR 344 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG 400 diacrylate with 490 ppm MEHQ inhibitor

Uses: Curing agent for radiation and peroxide cure systems incl. adhesives, coatings (glass, metal, optical, paper, plastic, PVC floor, wood), concrete polymers, inks (flexo, gravure, litho, offset, screen), photopolymers; difunctional monomer; produces soft, flexible films

Properties: APHA 35 clear liq., mild odor; water-sol.; m.w. 508; sp.gr. 1.117; visc. 57 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) 51 F; 99% reactive esters

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F SR 351 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Trimethylolpropane triacrylate with 125 ppm hydroquinone and 175 ppm MEHQ inhibitors

CAS 15625-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 239-701-3

Uses: Curing agent for acrylics, adhesives, coatings (glass, metal, optical, paper, PVC floor, textile, wood), electronics, inks, paints, photopolymers; high boiling monomeric ester polymerized by common free radical initiators

Properties: APHA 40 yel. clear, bright liq.; pungent odor; m.w. 296; sp.gr. 1.109; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; visc. 106 cps; b.p. 200 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 188 F; acid no. 0.7; ref. index 1.4735-1.4750; 99% reactive esters

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F SR 379 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Glycidyl methacrylate with 60 ppm hydroquinone inhibitor CAS 106-91-2; EINECS/ELINCS 203-441-9

- Uses: Reactive diluent; in hydrogels for contact lenses and membranes, molding and casting compds.; impregnating paper, concrete, and wood, coatings (metal, powd.), printing inks, adhesives and sealants, elastomers, plastics, electronics (photoresists), chem. intermediates; monofunctional monomer; polymerized by applics. of heat, heat and peroxidic catalysts, and irradiation by UV, beta, gamma, or x-ray
- *Properties:* Clear liq., pungent odor; sol. in most organic solvs.; m.w. 142; sp.gr. 1.073; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. 5 cps; b.p. 75 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 76 C; ref. index 1.4470; 99% reactive esters

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F SR 395 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Isodecyl acrylate (monomer) with 200 ppm MEHQ inhibitor CAS 1330-61-6; EINECS/ELINCS 215-542-5

Uses: Reactive diluent for radiation and peroxide cure applics.; curing agent for pressure-sensitive adhesives, screen inks, optical and paper coatings, and PVC floor and release coatings

Properties: APHA 40 clear liq.; mild odor; m.w. 212; b.p. 121 (760 mm); sp.gr. 0.881; dens. 7.4 lb/gal; visc. 5 cps; ref. index 1.441; flash pt. (PMCC) 185 F; 99% reactive esters

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials

which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

- SR 399 [Sartomer]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Dipentaerythritol pentaacrylate with 270 ppm MEHQ inhibitor
 - Uses: Curing agent; for acrylics, adhesives (binder, structural), coatings (glass, metal, paper, plastic, PVC floor, wood), electronics, inks (flexo, gravure, litho, offset, screen), paints, photopolymers, plastics, plastisols, sealants; high m.w., multifunctional acrylate monomer susceptible to polymerization by radiation and UV initiation

Properties: APHA 50 clear liq., mild odor; sol. in esters, ketones; m.w. 524; sp.gr. 1.192; dens. 9.5 lb/gal; visc. 13,600 cps; acid no. 1.4; flash pt. (PMCC) 240 F; ref. index 1.4889; 99% reactive esters *Toxicology:* Low skin irritation

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

SR 444 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Pentaerythritol triacrylate with 350 ppm MEHQ inhibitor CAS 3524-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 222-540-8

- Uses: Crosslinking agent used in adhesives (binder), coatings (glass, metal, optical, paper, PVC floor, wood), elastomers, electronics (solder masks), inks (flexo, gravure, offset, screen), sealants; trifunctional monomer; fast cure response
- Properties: APHA 50 clear liq., musty odor; m.w. 298; sp.gr. 1.162; dens. 9.9 lb/gal; visc. 520 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) 174 F; ref. index 1.4790; 99% reactive esters

Toxicology: Low skin irritation

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

SR 454 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-3 trimethylolpropane triacrylate with 255 ppm MEHQ inhibitor

Uses: Curing agent for radiation and peroxide cure systems incl. acrylics, adhesives (pressure sensitive, structural), coatings (glass, metal, optical, paper, PVC floor, release, textile, wood), concrete polymers; electronics (conformal, photoresists, solder masks), inks (flexo, gravure, litho, screen), paints, photopolymers; trifunctional monomer

Properties: APHA 55 clear liq., mild odor; m.w. 428; sp.gr. 1.103; dens. 9.25 Ib/gal; visc. 60 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) 188 F; ref. index 1.4686; surf. tens. 39.6 dynes/cm; 99% reactive esters

Toxicology: Low skin irritation Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps, should not be > 90 F

SR 454HP [Sartomer]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Éthoxylated₃ trimethylolpropane triacrylate with 300 ppm MEHQ inhibitor
- Uses: Used for electronics coating, wood/paper coatings, flooring, solder masks, and dry film applics.; fast curing monomer; solv. and chem. resist.; hard

Properties: APHA 80 clear liq.; m.w. 428; sp.gr. 1.1043; visc. 62 cps; ref. index 1.4698; < 200 ppm acid

SR 492 [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip.: PPG-3 trimethylolpropane triacrylate with 300 ppm MEHQ inhibitor
- Uses: Used for acrylics, adhesives, coatings (glass, metal, optical, paper, PVC floor, release, textile, wood), electronics, inks; offers fast cure, good flexibility

Properties: APHA 65 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.050; visc. 80 cps; 99% reactive esters

Toxicology: Low skin irritation

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

SR 494 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethoxylated pentaerythrityl tetraacrylate with 190 ppm MEHQ inhibitor

- *Uses:* Crosslinking agent for radiation and peroxide cure systems incl. adhesives (binder), chem. intermediates, coatings (glass, metal, paper, plastic, PVC floor, wood), elastomers; electronics (solder masks), inks (flexo, gravure, offset, screen), sealants; multifunctional monomer; fast cure response
- Properties: APHA 80 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.128; visc. 150 cps; 99% reactive esters

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials

which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F SR 495 [Sartomer] Chem. Descrip.: Caprolactone acrylate monomer with 690 ppm MEHQ inhibitor Uses: Protective coating for metal, plastics, wood, and paper; adhesive for metal, plastics, PC, acrylic sheet, and paper; provides low odor, low irritation, high adhesion props. for UV/EB curing Properties: APHA 50 color m.w. 344; sp.gr. 1.1; visc. 85 cps; flash pt. (SCC) 136 C; 99% reactive esters Toxicology: Low eye/skin irritation and sensitization Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F SR 499 [Sartomer] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-6 trimethylolpropane triacrylate with 135 ppm MEHQ inhibitor Uses: Used in acrylics, adhesives (pressure sensitive, structural), coatings (glass, metal, optical, paper, PVC floor, release, textile, wood), electronics, inks, paints, and photopolymers; low shrinkage Properties: APHA 50 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.106; visc. 90 cps; 99% reactive esters Toxicology: Low skin irritation Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F SR 502 [Sartomer] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-9 trimethylolpropane triacrylate with 90 ppm MEHQ inhibitor Uses: Used in acrylics, adhesives (pressure sensitive, structural), coatings (glass, metal, optical, paper, PVC floor, release, textile, wood), inks, paints, and photopolymers; low shrinkage and fast cure Properties: APHA 70 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.1606; visc. 126 cps; 99% reactive esters Toxicology: Low skin irritation Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F SR 506 [Sartomer] Chem. Descrip .: Isobornyl acrylate with 170 ppm MEHQ inhibitor CAS 5888-33-5; EINECS/ELINCS 227-561-6 Uses: Curing agent, reactive diluent for radiation and peroxide cure applics.

incl. adhesives, coatings (glass, metal, optical, paper, PVC floor, release), concrete polymers, electronics (photoresists, solder masks), inks (screen), photopolymers; monomer

Properties: APHA 20 clear liq.; m.w. 208; sp.gr. 0.987; dens. 8.2 lb/gal; visc. 9 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) 240 F; ref. index 1.4722; 99% reactive esters Toxicology: Low skin irritation

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

SR-1010 [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip .: Triaryl sulfonium hexafluoroantimonate (50%) in propylene carbonate
- Uses: Photoinitiator for epoxy and vinyl ether systems, in coatings (metal, paper, wood, plastic) and inks; enhances adhesion to metallic substrates; offers fast cure speeds in epoxy, vinyl ether, and other cationically cured resin systems

Properties: Gardner 3-6 amber clear liq.; dens. 11.7 lb/gal; visc. 60-90 cps; 48-52% solids; cationic

SR-1011 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Triaryl sulfonium hexafluorophosphate (50%) in propylene carbonate

Uses: Photoinitiator for epoxy and vinyl ether systems, in coatings (metal, paper, wood, plastic) and inks; enhances adhesion to metallic substrates; offers fast cure speeds in epoxy, vinyl ether, and other cationically cured resin systems

Properties: Gardner 6 clear pale yel. liq.; dens. 11.0 lb/gal; visc. 60-90 cps; 48-52% solids; cationic

- SR-1012 [Sartomer]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Diaryl iodonium hexafluoroantimonate
 - Uses: Photoinitiator for epoxy and vinyl ether systems, in coatings (metal, paper, wood, plastic) and inks; enhances adhesion to metallic substrates; offers fast cure speeds in epoxy, vinyl ether, and other cationically cured resin systems

Properties: Off-wh. powd.; good sol.; m.p. 90-92 C; 100% solids; cationic SR 9003 [Sartomer]

Uses: Used in coatings (metal, plastic, paper, PVC floor, release and wood); adhesives; electronics; inks; photopolymers

Properties: APHA 35 clear liq.; m.w. 328; sp.gr. 1.005; visc. 15 cps; ref. index 1.4470; 99% reactive esters

Toxicology: Low skin irritation

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

SR 9020 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Glyceryl propoxy triacrylate with 300 ppm MEHQ inhibitor Uses: Used in adhesives (binder, pressure sensitive, structural), coatings (glass, metal, wood, optical, paper, PVC floor, release, textile), electronics, inks, paints, and photopolymers; trifunctional monomer

Properties: APHA 20 clear liq.; m.w. 428; sp.gr. 1.089; visc. 95 cps; ref. index 1.4612; 99% reactive esters

Toxicology: Low skin irritation

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

SR 9020HP [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip.: Propoxylated glyceryl triacrylate

Uses: Used in flexible packaging, printing, electronics, paper and wood coatings, and flooring; monomer for high performance applics.; low extractables; solv. and chem. resist.; hard

Properties: APHA 40 clear liq.; low odor; m.w. 428 sp.gr. 1.093; visc. 96 cps; ref. index 1.4625; < 200 ppm acid

SR 9021 [Sartomer]

Chem. Descrip .: Highly propoxylated glyceryl triacrylate with 285 ppm MEHQ inhibitor

Uses: Used in adhesives (binder, pressure sensitive, structural), coatings (glass, metal, wood, optical, paper, PVC floor, release, textile), electronics, inks, paints, and photopolymers; trifunctional monomer; fast surf. cure

Properties: APHA 50 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.064; visc. 95 cps; ref. index 1.4610; 99% reactive esters

Toxicology: Low skin irritation

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

SR 9035 [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip .: PEG-15 trimethylolpropane triacrylate with 475 ppm MEHQ inhibitor
- Uses: Used in adhesives (binder, pressure sensitive, structural), coatings (glass, metal, wood, optical, paper, PVC floor, release, textile), electronics, inks, paints, and photopolymers; trifunctional monomer; fast surf. cure, flexible, low shrinkage
- Properties: APHA 60 clear liq.; m.w. 1000; sp.gr. 1.113; visc. 168 cps; ref. index 1.4697; 99% reactive esters
- Toxicology: Low skin irritation

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

SR 9041 [Sartomer]

- Chem. Descrip.: Pentaacrylate ester with 265 ppm MEHQ inhibitor
- Uses: Crosslinking agent for radiation and peroxide cure systems incl. acrylics, adhesives (binder, structural), coatings (glass, metal, paper, plastic, PVC floor, wood), electronics, inks (flexo, gravure, litho, offset, screen), paints, photopolymers, plastics, plastisols, sealants; multifunctional monomer; fast cure response
- Properties: APHA 65 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.192; visc. 15,195 cps; ref. index 1.4887; 99% reactive esters
- Toxicology: Low skin irritation

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F

- SR 9209 [Sartomer]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Alkoxylated aliphatic diacrylate ester with 335 ppm hydroquinone inhibitor
 - Uses: Used in coatings (metal, plastic, paper, PVC floor, release, wood); electronics; inks
 - Properties: APHA 70 clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.045; visc. 15 cps; 99% reactive esters
 - *Toxicology:* Low skin irritation

Storage: Store away from direct sunlight, oxidizing agents and materials which may generate free radicals; storage temps. should not be > 90 F Stabilex[®] [Hercules]

Uses: Dispersant for control of deposits and stickies and to improve pulp quality and drainage Stabilizer 7000 [Raschig; Raschig AG] Chem. Descrip.: Bis (2,6-diisopropylphenyl) carbodiimide

CAS 2162-74-5; EINECS/ELINCS 218-487-5

- Uses: Stabilizer; process and post long-term protective agent against the effects of hydrolysis in polymers; stabilizer for PET exposed to high temps. and extreme environments, e.g., monofilaments for use in dryer felts for paper industry, TPU casting elastomers, EVA, PBT
- Use Level: 0.7-1.5%
- Properties: Wh. cryst., perceptible odor; sol. in acetone, insol. in water; m.w. 362.56; dens. 0.97 g/cc (20 C); bulk dens. 600-700 kg/m³; m.p. 48-50 C
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 2395 mg/kg; nonirritating to skin and eyes; may cause sensitization, allergic skin reaction on repeated/prolonged exposure; TSCA listed
- *Precaution:* Incompat. with acids, alkalis, oxidizing agents; dust can form explosive mixts. with air; keep away from sources of ignition
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: NO_x, isocyanates
- Storage: Store in cool place below 30 C in tightly closed original containers for 2 yr storage life
- Stabiloid[®] 833-0042 [Creanova]
 - Uses: Colorant for use in water systems, paper coating and saturation, textile inks, latex paints, and latex compds.; high strength; glycol-free permitting use in coatings, adhesives, and films that cannot use potentially toxic solvs. *Properties:* Anatase wh. aq. disp.; dens. 15.1 lb/gal; VOC 0; 60% by wt.
 - pigment solids; 25.1% by wt. volatiles
 - Environmental: No VOCs

Storage: Protect from freezing

- Stabiloid® 833-0048 [Creanova]
 - Uses: Colorant for use in water systems, paper coating and saturation, textile ink, latex paints, and latex compds.; high strength; glycol-free permitting use in coatings, adhesives, and films that cannot use potentially toxic solvs.
 - *Properties:* Rutile wh. aq. disp.; dens. 15.6 lb/gal; VOC 0; 60% by wt. pigment solids; 25.0% by wt. volatiles
 - Environmental: No VOCs
 - Storage: Protect from freezing
- Stabiloid[®] 833-0549 [Creanova]
 - Uses: Colorant for use in water systems, paper coating and saturation, textile inks, latex paints, and latex compds.; high strength; glycol-free permitting use in coatings, adhesives, and films that cannot use potentially toxic solvs. *Properties:* Red It. ag. disp.; dens. 9.4 lb/gal; VOC 0; 21.5% by wt. pigment
 - solids; 62.8% by wt. volatiles
 - Environmental: No VOCs
- Storage: Protect from freezing
- Stabiloid® 833-0575 [Creanova]
 - Uses: Colorant for use in water systems, paper coating and saturation, textile inks, latex paints, and latex compds.; high strength; glycol-free permitting use in coatings, adhesives, and films that cannot use potentially toxic solvs. *Properties:* Red med. aq. disp.; dens. 9.5 lb/gal; VOC 0; 25% by wt.
 - pigment solids; 59.3% by wt. volatiles
 - Environmental: No VOCs
- Storage: Protect from freezing
- Stabiloid® 833-0665 [Creanova]
 - Uses: Colorant for use in water systems, paper coating and saturation, textile inks, latex paints, and latex compds.; high strength; glycol-free permitting use in coatings, adhesives, and films that cannot use potentially toxic solvs. *Properties:* Red dk. aq. disp.; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; VOC 0; 25% by wt. pigment solids; 59.3% by wt. volatiles
 - Environmental: No VOCs
 - Storage: Protect from freezing
- Stabiloid® 833-1022 [Creanova]
 - Uses: Colorant for use in water systems, paper coating and saturation, textile inks, latex paints, and latex compds.; high strength; glycol-free permitting use in coatings, adhesives, and films that cannot use potentially toxic solvs. *Properties:* Red oxide med. aq. disp.; dens. 16.1 lb/gal; VOC 0; 65% by wt.
 - pigment solids; 19.9% by wt. volatiles

Environmental: No VOCs

- Storage: Protect from freezing
- Stabiloid® 833-1833 [Creanova]
 - Uses: Colorant for use in water systems, paper coating and saturation, textile inks, latex paints, and latex compds.; high strength; glycol-free permitting use in coatings, adhesives, and films that cannot use potentially toxic solvs.

Properties: Yel. oxide aq. disp.; dens. 14.5 lb/gal; VOC 0; 57% by wt. pigment solids; 31.1% by wt. volatiles

Environmental: No VOCs

- Storage: Protect from freezing Stabiloid® 833-2826 [Creanova]
 - Uses: Colorant for use in water systems, paper coating and saturation, textile inks, latex paints, and latex compds.; high strength; glycol-free permitting use in coatings, adhesives, and films that cannot use potentially toxic solvs. *Properties:* Diarylide yel. aq. disp.; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; VOC 0; 16.7% by wt. pigment solids; 66% by wt. volatiles
 - *Environmental:* No VOCs
 - Storage: Protect from freezing
- Stabiloid[®] 833-9919 [Creanova]
 - Uses: Colorant for use in water systems, paper coating and saturation, textile inks, latex paints, and latex compds.; high strength; glycol-free permitting use in coatings, adhesives, and films that cannot use potentially toxic solvs. *Properties:* Carbon blk. aq. disp.; dens. 9.7 lb/gal; VOC 0; 27% by wt. pigment solids; 64.6% by wt. volatiles
 - Environmental: No VOCs
 - Storage: Protect from freezing
- Stabiloid® 833-9927 [Creanova]
 - Uses: Colorant for use in water systems, paper coating and saturation, textile inks, latex paints, and latex compds.; high strength; glycol-free permitting use in coatings, adhesives, and films that cannot use potentially toxic solvs. *Properties:* Channel blk. aq. disp.; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; VOC 0; 7.2% by wt. pigment solids; 90% by wt. volatiles
 - *Environmental:* No VOCs
 - Storage: Protect from freezing
- Stabrom[®] 909 [Albemarle]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Bromine
 - CAS 7726-95-6; EINECS/ELINCS 231-778-1
 - UN No. 3266
 - Uses: Biocide, disinfectant, fungicide, algicide, slimicide for wastewater, commercial, and industrial recirculating cooling water systems, industrial once-thru cooling water systems, and pulp/paper mills; compat. with HDPE, PP, EPDM, PTFE, PVC, and VITON
 - Regulatory: DOT regulated; EPA reg. no. 3377-55
 - Properties: Yel. to orange clear liq.; mild sweet odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.3746; dens. 1.3117 g/ml; visc. 2.168 cSt; vapor pressure 19 mm Hg; f.p. - 0.3 C; b.p. 101-102 C; pH 12.4-13.7; 10.5-11.5% BrCl assay Precaution: Corrosive; incompat. with nylon
- Stafoam F [NOF]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Cocamide DEA (1:2)
 - CAS 61791-31-9; EINECS/ELINCS 263-163-9
 - Uses: Detergent, rust inhibitor, foaming agent, penetrant for liq. detergents, metal cleaning, paper industry, textile processing; dye aux.; air entraining agent in construction industry
 - *Properties:* Lt. yel. liq.; sp.gr. 0.995 (30 C); visc. 755 cps (30 C); surf. tens. 7 dynes/cm (0.1%); pH 9.5-10.5 (1% aq.)
- Stafoam FK [NOF]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Surfactant mixt.
 - Uses: Scouring agent for textiles; cleaning agent for metal industry; air entraining agent for construction industry; detergent for paper industry *Properties:* Brn. transparent liq.; anionic/nonionic

Staform P [Frutarom Meer]

- Chem. Descrip .: Gum ghatti
- CAS 9000-28-6
- Uses: Stabilizer, binder, emulsifier forming o/w emulsions; used in beverage emulsions where it forms orange oil emulsions, in table syrup emulsions; tablet binder and thick mucilage coatings in pharmaceuticals; binder in paper industry; emulsifier for petroleum and nonpetroleum waxes used in coating and barrier applics.
- Properties: Water-sol.
- Sta-Jel® 141 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Crosslinked potato starch
 - CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6
 - Uses: Thickener, binder in paper coatings, building prods. (wall joint compds.), adhesives; provides high visc. at relatively low solids on prep. in cold water *Properties:* Sol. in cold water
- Sta-Jel® 142 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Visc. modified potato starch
 - CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6

Uses: Thickener, binder in paper coatings, building prods. (wall joint compds.), adhesives; provides med. visc. at relatively low solids on prep. in cold water Properties: Sol. in cold water Sta-Lok® 120, 160, 180, 182 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] Chem. Descrip .: Waxy corn starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINÉCS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Drainage aid, retention aid, and dry str. agent for papermaking wet end Properties: Cationic Sta-Lok® 140 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] Chem. Descrip.: Visc. modified waxy corn starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Drainage aid, retention aid, and dry str. agent for papermaking wet end; designed where lower visc. is required Properties: Cationic Sta-Lok® 156 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] Chem. Descrip.: Waxy corn starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINÉCS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Drainage aid, dry str. agent for acid papermaking wet end; not rec. for alkaline systems; designed to have net cationic charge Properties: Amphoteric Sta-Lok® 300, 310, 330 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] Chem. Descrip.: Dent corn starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Drainage aid, retention aid, dry str. agent for papermaking wet end, recycled board Properties: Cationic Sta-Lok® 356 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] Chem. Descrip .: Dent corn starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Drainage aid, dry str. agent for acid papermaking wet end; not rec. for alkaline systems; designed to have net cationic charge Properties: Amphoteric Sta-Lok® 374, 376 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] Chem. Descrip .: Dent corn starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Drainage aid, retention aid, dry str. agent for alkaline papermaking wet end; designed to have net cationic charge Properties: Amphoteric Sta-Lok® 400, 410, 430, 440 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] Chem. Descrip .: Potato starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Drainage aid, retention aid, dry str. agent for papermaking wet end, recycled board Properties: Cationic Sta-Lok® 480 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] Chem. Descrip .: Potato starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Drainage aid, dry str. agent for papermaking wet end, esp. for closed loop recycle paper machines Properties: Cationic/anionic Sta-Lok® 600 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] Chem. Descrip.: Potato starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 Uses: Drainage aid, dry str. agent for papermaking wet end, recycled board; designed for mills without cooking facilities Properties: Sol. in cold water; cationic/anionic Stanfax 234 [Para-Chem] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 Uses: High-foaming surfactant for detergents, emulsion polymerization, textile/carpet applics., I&I applics., food-contact resinous and polymeric coatings/paper/rubber/textiles; all-purpose; compat. with most anionic, nonionic, and amphoteric surfactants Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3400 Properties: 29.5% act.; anionic Stanfax 234LCP [Para-Chem] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 Uses: High-foaming surfactant for detergents, emulsion polymerization, textile/carpet applics., I&I applics., food-contact resinous and polymeric coat-

ings/paper/rubber/textiles; low cloud pt. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3400 Properties: 29.5% act.; anionic Stanfax 238 [Para-Chem] Chem. Descrip .: Ammonium laureth sulfate CAS 32612-48-9 Uses: Surfactant, foaming agent for personal care, industrial use, It. duty detergents, textiles, carpet, emulsion polymerization, I&I applics.; component of food-contact paper/paperboard; all-purpose; compat. with most anionic, nonionic, and amphoteric surfactants Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Properties: 27.5% act.; anionic Stanfax 320 [Para-Chem] Chem. Descrip .: Ammonium stearate CAS 1002-89-7; EINECS/ELINCS 213-695-2 Uses: Surfactant, foaming agent for acrylic foam coatings, drapery foam and coatings, upholstery backing, filler coatings, filter media saturants; intermediate for conversion to metal stearates; food-contact adhesives, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170 Properties: 32% act.; anionic Stanfax 388 [Para-Chem] Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium stearate CAS 1002-89-7; EINECS/ELINCS 213-695-2 Uses: Foaming agent for acrylic foam coatings, upholstery, drapery, filler coatings, filter media saturant; intermediate for metal stearates; food-contact adhesives, paper/paperboard; low ammonia Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170 Properties: 32% act.; anionic Stanfax 560 [Para-Chem] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium sulfonate Uses: Surfactant for closed systems, emulsion polymerization; component of food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Properties: 23% act.; anionic Environmental: Non-biodeg. Stanfax 968 [Para-Chem] Chem. Descrip.: Ammonium laureth sulfate CAS 32612-48-9 Uses: Surfactant for industrial use, It. duty detergents, textile/carpet applics.; component of food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Properties: 27.5% act.; anionic Stanfax 996 [Para-Chem] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 Uses: Surfactant for personal care, shampoos, hand soaps, bath prods., shaving creams, rug shampoos, liq. laundry detergents, fine fabric wash; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 178.3400 Properties: 29.5% act.; anionic Stanfax 997 [Para-Chem] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 Uses: Surfactant for personal care, shampoos, hand soaps, bath prods., shaving creams, rug shampoos, emulsion polymerization, lig. laundry detergents, fine fabric wash; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 178.3400 Properties: 29.5% act.; anionic Stanfax 1012 [Para-Chem] Chem. Descrip .: Ammonium laureth sulfate CAS 32612-48-9 Uses: Surfactant for emulsion polymerization; food-contact adhesives/paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170 Properties: 30% act.; anionic Stanfax 1066 [Para-Chem] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium laureth sulfate CAS 9004-82-4; EINECS/ELINCS 221-416-0 Uses: Surfactant for emulsion polymerization; food-contact adhesives/paper

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170 *Chem. Descrip.:* Acidic resin made by partially hydrogenating wood rosin Properties: 30% act.; anionic Uses: Plasticizer, tackifier, or processing aid for reclaimed, natural, and syn. Staramic® 105 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] rubbers; component in sealing wax, optical lens pitch, elec. cables, waxes Chem. Descrip.: Hydroxypropylated, crosslinked dent corn starch for paper coating, syn. resins, metal resinates, soldering fluxes, and ce-CAS 9005-25-8; EÍNECS/ELÍNCS 232-679-6 ramic ink vehicles; thermoplastic resin Uses: Thickener, binder in paper coatings, building prods. (wall joint compds.), Properties: Very pale brittle solid; sp.gr. 1.045; soften. pt. (Drop) 75 C; acid no. 160; sapon. no. 157 adhesives; provides med. visc. at relatively low solids on prep. in cold Staybelite[®] Ester 10 [Hercules/Resins] water Properties: Sol. in cold water Chem. Descrip.: Glyceryl hydrogenated rosinate Staramic® 747 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] Uses: In solv., hot-melt, and emulsion adhesives based on thermoplastic and Chem. Descrip.: Hydroxyethylated dent corn starch elastomeric materials; in emulsion form as tackifier for natural rubber, SBR, CAS 9005-25-8; EÍNECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 and neoprene latexes; as tackifier in industrial tape masses; in lamination of Uses: Thickener, binder in paper coatings, building prods. (wall joint compds.), metal, foil, paper, etc.; in hot-melt-applied barrier coatings, chlorinated rubber adhesives; provides med. visc. at relatively low solids on prep. in cold finishes, etc.; as modifier for paraffin wax; used in food-pkg. and -processing water operations; thermoplastic Properties: USDA Rosin WG solid, flakes; sol. in esters, ketones, higher Properties: Sol. in cold water Starcote® [Atofina] alcohols, glycol ethers, and aliphatic, aromatic, and chlorinated hydrocar-Chem. Descrip.: Styrene-acrylic emulsions bons; sp.gr. 1.07; dens. 1.07 kg/l; G-H visc. I-M (75% solids in toluene); CAS 9010-92-8 Hercules drop soften. pt. 83 C; acid no. 8 Uses: Hydrophobicity agent for paper/board surfaces; improves ink jet print-Staysize® 140 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] ability and toner adhesion during laser printing on office papers; component Chem. Descrip.: Acetylated, visc. modified dent corn starch CAS 9005-25-8; EINÉCS/ELINCS 232-679-6 of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180; BqVV XXXVI compliance Uses: Retention aid for papermaking size press and textile warp sizing; Properties: Very low particle size disp. designed where inc. starch retention during repulping is required to improve Star*pol® 136 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] BOD and COD levels in mill effluents *Chem. Descrip.:* Hydroxypropylated crosslinked waxy corn starch Properties: Cationic CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 St. Croix Hardwood [Georgia-Pacific Resins] Uses: Thickener, binder in paper coatings, building prods. (wall joint compds.), Chem. Descrip.: Northern bleached hardwood from maple (55%), birch (23%), aspen (7%), and beech (15%) adhesives; provides high visc. at relatively low solids on prep. in cold water Properties: Sol. in cold water Star*pol® 410 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] Uses: Market pulp as furnish for bond and copy paper, carbonless, photographic, machine glazed, and coated paper grades; good cleanliness; el-Chem. Descrip .: Dent corn starch emental chlorine-free; rec. for papers requiring a closed surf. for coating CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 holdout Uses: Thickener, binder in paper coatings, building prods. (wall joint compds.), Properties: 0.75 mm fiber length; 0.102 mg/m coarseness; brightness (ISO) adhesives; provides high visc. at relatively low solids on prep. in cold water 9Ó.5 Steamate[™] [Hercules] Properties: Sol. in cold water Star*pol® 468, 469, 600 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] Uses: Corrosion inhibitor in pulp/paper mill condensate systems Chem. Descrip.: Hydroxypropylated crosslinked dent corn starch STEPANOL[®] LCP [Stepan] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 Uses: Thickener, binder in paper coatings, building prods. (wall joint compds.), adhesives; provides high visc. at relatively low solids on prep. in cold water Uses: Detergent, foam booster for shampoos, bubble baths, dishwash deter-Properties: Sol. in cold water gents, general cleaners, rug shampoos, and upholstery cleaners; food-Star*pol® 700, 800 [Tate & Lyle N. Am.] contact paper/paperboard; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in Chem. Descrip .: Visc. modified waxy corn starch closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; food-contact rubber ar-CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6 ticles, textiles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; low cloud pt. Uses: Thickener, binder in paper coatings, building prods. (wall joint compds.), Regulatory: Kosher; FDA 21CFR §172.822, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1210, adhesives; provides high visc. at relatively low solids on prep. in cold water 177.1630, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3400; EU, Japan, Canada, and Austra-Properties: Sol. in cold water lia listed Star[®] Sodium Silicate [PQ] Properties: Clear low-visc. liq.; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.03; dens. 8.6 lbs/gal; visc. 20 cps; f.p. 11 C; pour pt. 14 C; flash pt. (PMCC) > 94 C; pH 7-8.5 Chem. Descrip .: Sodium silicate *Chem. Analysis:* SiO₂ (25.5%), Na₂O (10.6%) (10%); 0% RVOC; 28-30% act.; anionic CAS 1344-09-8; EINECS/ELINCS 215-687-4 Toxicology: SI. toxic orally; mod. eye irritant; mild skin irritant Uses: Detergent, deflocculant, bleaching enhancer, alkalinity agent in deinking Environmental: Biodeg. Storage: Store in sealed containers in cool, dry place @ 90-125 F paper stock; peroxide stabilizer in repulping and postbleaching; slurry thinner in ceramics; peroxide bleaching in textiles; buffer in pad-batch dyeing Sterling[®] R [Cabot/Special Blacks] Properties: Clear sol'n.; dens. 11.7 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 60 cps; pH 11.9 Chem. Descrip .: Carbon black CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9 Starwax® 100 [Baker Petrolite] Chem. Descrip.: Hard microcryst. wax consisting of n-paraffinic, branched Uses: Colorant for gravure and one-time carbon paper inks; blue tone; paraffinic, and naphthenic hydrocarbons lampblack replacement CAS 63231-60-7; EINECS/ÉLINCS 264-038-1 Properties: Fluffy; 75 nm particle size; sp.gr. 1.8; dens. 16 lb/ft³; surf. area 25 Uses: Wax used in hot-melt coatings and adhesives; paper coatings; printing m²/g; oil absorp. 71 cc/100 g; 1% volatile inks; lubricant and processing aid in plastics modification; lacquers, paints, HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 and varnishes; binder in ceramics, potting/impregnant in elec./electronic Sterocoll[®] BL [BASF] Chem. Descrip.: Acrylamide-acrylic acid copolymer w/o emulsion components; rubber and elastomers (plasticizer, antisunchecking, antiblock, antiozonant); emulsion wax size in papermaking; fabric softener ingred.; in Uses: Thickener for paper/paperboard coatings; enhances runnability of meemulsion and latex coatings; in cosmetic hand creams and lipsticks; chewtered size presses by reducing backing roll buildup; inc. visc. not dependent ing gum base; food pkg. on pH Regulatory: Incl. FDA §172.230, 172.615, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, Properties: Anionic Sterocoll® FD [BASF] 176.200, 177.1200, 178.3710, 179.45 Properties: Color 1.0 (D1500) wax; very low sol. in org. solvs.; sp.gr. 0.93; Chem. Descrip.: High solids acrylic ester-carboxylic acid copolymer disp. Uses: Thickener for paper/paperboard coatings; provides good balance of

visc. 15 cps (99 C); m.p. 88 C Staybelite® [Hercules/Resins]

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water retention and thickening to coating colors; improves runnability; con-

tains no plasticizers or solvs.

Properties: Anionic

- Sterocoll® FS [BASF]
 - Chem. Descrip.: High solids acrylic ester-carboxylic acid copolymer disp. Uses: Thickener for paper/paperboard coatings incl. food pkg.; modifies visc., water retention, and rheology of coating colors; contains no plasticizers or solvs.; mech. and shear-stable
- Properties: Anionic
- Stixso® RR [PQ]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Sodium silicate sol'n.
 - Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (30%), Na₂O (9.22%)
 - CAS 1344-09-8; EINECS/ELINCS 215-687-4
 - Uses: Binder for abrasives in ceramics, paperboard mfg.; detergent, dispersant, emulsifier, deflocculant, bleaching enhancer, alkalinity agent in deinking paper stock; peroxide stabilizer in repulping and postbleaching
 - Properties: Syrupy liq.; sp.gr. 1.41 (20 C); dens. 11.8 lb/gal; visc. 830 cps; pH 11.3
 - Toxicology: Alkalinity can irritate eyes and skin
 - Environmental: Environmentally friendly
 - Storage: For extended storage, use tightly closed drums, steel containers, or containers of nonreactive materials
- Struktol® Calcium Stearate [Struktol]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Calcium stearate
 - CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8
 - Uses: Processing aid and release agent for plastics and rubber; processing aid in PVC extrusion, pipe, siding, inj. molded fittings, in wire drawing operations; anticaking agent in dry blending operations; food-pkg. adhesives/coatings/paper/cellophane/polymers/rubber; high purity, clear melt, nonwettable, low dusting

Use Level: 0.3-3 parts

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.2410, 177.2600, 178.2010, 181.29, 184.1229
- Properties: Powd.; 7.5% max. on 200 mesh, 1% max. on 100 mesh; bulk dens. 20-22 lb/ft3; m.p. 148-150 C; 4% max. moisture; 11.2% max. CaO Storage: Unlimited storage stability in cool, dry area

Struktol® PE H-100 [Struktol]

- Chem. Descrip.: Low m.w. polyethylene homopolymer wax CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Uses: Processing aid, dispersant, and compounding additive, improving flow in NR and SR; provides release from equip. with improved pigment dispersion and finish to molded articles; used in adhesives and coatings, food pkg., food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive food pkg. adhesives, resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings, food-contact paper/paperboard, cellophane, lubricants for incidental food contact

Use Level: 1-4%

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3850 compliant
- Properties: Wh. waxy gran. or powd.; sp.gr. 0.91; visc. 180 cps (140 C); drop pt. 102 ± 5 C; acid no. nil

Struktol® PE H-100 PL [Struktol]

Chem. Descrip .: Polyethylene homopolymer wax

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Processing aid, dispersion and compounding additive, flow agent, release agent for nat. and syn. elastomers; improved pigment dispersion and finish in molded articles; food-contact adhesives/coatings/paper/cellophane/polymers/rubber
- Use Level: 1-4%
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3850 compliant
- Properties: Wh. waxy gran. or powd.; sp.gr. 0.91; visc. 180 cps (140 C); drop pt. 102 ± 5 C; acid no. nil

Struktol® TR 016 [Struktol]

- Chem. Descrip.: Blend of calcium fatty acid salt and amide with sites avail. for hydrogen bonding
- Uses: Dispersant for highly filled systems; processing aid, internal lubricant for polyolefins, PVC, PS, ABS, PET, TPO, TPE systems; coupling agent between polymer systems and fillers; approved for food and drug contact incl. food-contact adhesives/coatings/paper/cellophane/rubber articles Use Level: 0.25-1.0%

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1400, 177.2260, 177.2410, 177.2600, 178.2010, 178.3860, 179.45, 181.29, 184.1229

- Toxicology: Harmless
- Storage: > 2 yrs storage stability under normal storage conditions
- Struktol® TR 044 [Struktol]

Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid ester blend

Uses: Processing aid, flow agent, release agent for polymers; dispersant for powd. materials, providing more uniform filler incorporation; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; antioxidant/stabilizer in food-grade polymers; reduces decomp. risk in highly loaded compds.

Use Level: 0.5-2%

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 178.2010 Properties: Lt. powd.; sp.gr. 0.95; bulk dens. 32 lb/ft³; drop pt. 57 C; acid no. < 10
- Storage: 2 yrs min. stability under normal storage conditions
- Struktol® TR 121 [Struktol]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Oleamide CAS 301-02-0; EINECS/ELINCS 206-103-9
 - Uses: Slip agent for polyethylene films; lubricant and mold release for inj. molding applics., processing thermoplastic resins, thermoplastic elastomers, and thermoset rubber systems; dispersant; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, polymers, films
 - Use Level: 1-3% (rubber), 0.05% (plastic films), > 0.5% (plastic mold release)
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 179.45
 - Properties: Cream-colored pellets; 85% 2-4 mm; insol. in water; limited sol. in alcohols, ketones, aromatic solvs.; bulk dens. 37.5 lb/ft³; m.p. 70-76 C; acid no. 1 max.; iodine no. 80-90; flash pt. (COC) 210 C; 98% amide Precaution: Nonflamm.
 - Storage: Negligible corrosivity; storage at normal temps. will not affect prod., but extended storage should be avoided

Struktol® TR 131 [Struktol]

- Chem. Descrip.: Erucamide CAS 112-84-5; EINECS/ELINCS 204-009-2
- Uses: Slip agent for polyolefin films; release agent for polymer systems; dispersant in color concs. and printing inks; process aid/lubricant for thermoplastic elastomers, thermoplastic resins, thermoset rubber systems; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers, films
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 178.3860, 179.45
- Properties: Gardner 4 max. color, faint odor; sp.gr. 0.93; bulk dens. 34.7 lb/ ft3 (beads), 37.5 lb/ft3 (pellets); m.p. 79-85 C; acid no. 3 max.; iodine no. 72-78; flash pt. (COC) 220 C; 99% amide
- Precaution: Nonflamm.; keep away from strong oxidizing agents; rotate inventory
- Storage: Noncorrosive; normal storage will not affect prod., but extended storage above 175 C should be avoided
- Styrofan[®] [BASF AG] Chem. Descrip.: Polymer dispersions based on styrene/butadiene CAS 9003-55-8

Uses: Gloss binders for paper and board coating: raw material for prod. of laminating adhesives; binders for bonding fiber webs

- Styrofan[®] BN 4901 X [BASF]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated polystyrene latex

Uses: Gloss aid for paper/paperboard coatings; imparts high gloss during finishing

Properties: Med. particle size

Styronal[™] BN 4204 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene disp.

Uses: Binder for coated rotogravure paper; yields paper coatings with exc. compressibility and smoothness

- Styronal^M BN 4606X [BASF]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene disp.

Uses: Binder for paper coatings; good balance of binding str., sheet and print gloss; exc. runnability esp. in high solids coatings

Styronal[™] ND 430 [BASF]

- Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene aq. disp.
- Uses: Binder for paper coatings, size press applics., mfg. of laminating adhesives; exc. heavy ion stability
- Styronal™ ND 656 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene ag. disp. Chem. Descrip .: Fortified rosin soap size CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7 Uses: Binder for paper/paperboard coatings; general purpose offset binder; good balance of wet and dry str. and gloss Uses: Sizing agent for papermaking; reacts anionically flocculating with Styronal[™] ND 810 [BASF] aluminum sulfate due to affinity for cellulose; produces flocs which attach to fibers and inc. hydrophobicity of sheet; most effective at pH 4.5-5.0 Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene disp. Uses: Gloss aid for paper and paperboard coatings; exc. mech. and chem. Properties: Pale brn. free-flowing visc. liq.; easily dilutable in cold water; sp.gr. 1.17; flash pt. nonflamm.; pH 9-10.5; 50 ± 1% solids; anionic stability Styronal[™] ND 834 [BASF] Toxicology: Nontoxic; sl. irritation may occur to persons with sensitive skin Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene disp. Storage: Unlimited shelf life Uses: Gloss aid for paper coatings; cobinder in paper saturation to reinforce Sugum 700 [Sood Paper & Allied Chems.] substrates; combines high resilience and low film-forming temps. in satura-Chem. Descrip.: Fortified rosin CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7 tion formulation Styronal[™] NX 4489 X [BASF] Uses: Sizing agent for papermaking; reacts anionically flocculating with Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/butadiene/acrylonitrile aq. disp. aluminum sulfate due to affinity for cellulose; produces flocs which attach to CAS 9003-56-9 fibers and inc. hydrophobicity of sheet; most effective at pH 4.5-5.0 Uses: Binder for coating paper and board; exc. runnability in blade coaters for Properties: Pale brn. very visc. paste; easily dilutable in cold water; sp.gr. web offset and rotogravure applics.; exc. wet and dry str. and print gloss 1.26; pH 9-11; 70 ± 1% solids; anionic Styronal[™] NX 4515 X [BASF] Toxicology: Nontoxic; sl. irritation may occur to persons with sensitive skin Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene disp. Storage: Unlimited shelf life Uses: Binder for coating paper and board; exc. runnability in blade coating SULFONIC 100 [Stepan] operations; superb wet and dry str. Chem. Descrip .: Dodecyl benzene sulfonic acid Styronal[™] NX 4626 [BASF] CAS 68608-88-8; EINECS/ELINCS 271-807-5 Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/butadiene/acrylic ag. disp. Uses: Surfactant intermediate; drilling foaming agent; catalyst in acid-cata-Uses: Binder for coating paper and board; exc. runnability; good balance of lyzed reactions; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in wet and dry str. with exc. print gloss mfg. of food-contact articles Styronal[™] NX 4680 [BASF] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 178.3400; kosher Properties: Dk. visc. liq.; sp.gr. 1.03; dens. 8.56 lb/gal; visc. 500 cps; f.p. 9 Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/butadiene/acrylonitrile aq. disp. CAS 9003-56-9 C; pour pt. 12 C; flash pt. (PMCC) > 94 C; pH < 1; 96% min. act.; anionic Uses: Binder for coating paper and board, esp. for exc. wet pick and size Toxicology: Handle with extreme care; avoid contact with eyes and skin Environmental: Biodeg. press stability in offset applics.; exc. runnability in blade coating operations; exc. wet and dry str. and print gloss Storage: Store in closed containers in cool, dry place Sucrose Benzoate Regular and Coatings Grade [Velsicol] Sulfopon® 101 [Cognis/Care Chems.; Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Sucrose benzoate *Chem. Descrip.:* Sodium lauryl sulfate C₁₂.C₁₈ CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 CAS 12738-64-6; EINECS/ELINCS 235-795-5 Uses: Resin modifier for coatings, inks, adhesives, lacquers, and UV inks; Uses: Surfactant for shampoos, bubble baths, and It. duty detergents, mfg. of modifier for clear lacquers, providing exceptional clarity with high gloss, for polymer disps.; food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of foodcontact articles use in clear coatings for wood, paper, and metal; metallic and pigmented coatings; powd. coatings; UV-cure and rotogravure inks; offers high film Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 178.3400, BGA approved hardness combined with good flexibility; exc. UV stability, compat. with a Properties: Liq.; 28-30% act.; anionic broad range of resins, plasticizers, and solvs. Sulfopon® 101 Special [Cognis/Care Chems.; Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Properties: APHA 30 max. (50% toluene sol'n.) glassy clear solid; misc.with Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate acetone, benzene, CCl₄, DIBK, DOP, MIBK, MEK, PEGs, toluene, xy-CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 lene; m.w. 1070; sp.gr. 1.25; soften pt. (R&B) 98 C; acid no. < 0.01; iodine Uses: Basic surfactant for shampoos, specialty cleaners, and It.-duty detergents; emulsifier for emulsion polymerization, mfg. of polymer disps.; foodno. < 0.01; sapon. no. 153; hyd. no. 0.9; flash pt. (TOC) 500 F Toxicology: LD50 (oral) > 5 g/kg, not a primary skin or eye irritant contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; low Sufloc Flocculants [Suyog] freezing pt. Chem. Descrip.: Sodium salt of polyacrylic acid and/or polyacrylamide Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 178.3400, BGA approved Uses: Flocculant for solid-lig. separation systems (sedimentation, filtration, Properties: Colorless liq. to paste; odorless; unlimited sol. in water; m.w. flotation, centrifugation) for sugar, paper/pulp, asbestos, petroleum, iron ore, 302; sp.gr. 1.0 (20 C); visc. 1000 mPa \cdot s max.; pour pt. \leq 25 C; cloud pt. rock phosphate, copper and zinc ore, coal mining, boiler/lime water treat-< 15 C; flash pt. none; pH 7.5-8.5 (101%); 29-31% act. in water; anionic ment, paints, pigments, industrial/sewage/waste water treatment, alum, alu-*Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; irritating to eyes, skin, and mucous minum sulfate, phosphoric acid, magnesium salt, borax, and boric acid membranes industries Environmental: > 90% biodeq.; LC50 (fish) > 10-100 mg/l; EC50 (bacteria) Sugum 300 NS [Sood Paper & Allied Chems.] > 100 mg/l Chem. Descrip.: Fortified rosin disp. Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: None CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7 *Storage:* Store in frost-free area in tightly closed containers Sulfopon® 101 Special RHD [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Uses: Sizing agent for neutral to alkaline papermaking; effective at pH 6.8-7.5; rec. where CaCO₃, kaolin, or talc are used; sizing develops in the drying Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate; preserved with Kathon CG process; highly stable CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 *Properties:* Wh. disp.; \approx 1 µ particle size; sp.gr. 1.030; visc. 5 mPa•s; pH Uses: Surfactant for all types of polymer disps.; food-contact paper/paper-6.3-6.5; 30 ± 1% solids; anionic board; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Storage: Store @ 5-35 C in closed tanks Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 178.3400, BGA approved Properties: Liq.; 28-31% conc.; anionic Sugum 300 WR [Sood Paper & Allied Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Fortified rosin disp. Sulfotex OA [Cognis/Care Chems.; Cognis Canada] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium 2-ethylhexyl sulfate CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7 CAS 126-92-1; EINECS/ELINCS 204-812-8 Uses: Sizing agent for neutral papermaking; rec. at pH 6.5-7.2; rec. where CaCO₃, kaolin, or talc are used; sizing develops in the drying process; Uses: Foaming agent, wetting agent for animal glue on paper and paperboard and food processing; detergent and dispersant in industrial cleaners; mercerhighly stable Properties: Wh. disp.; ≈ 1 µ particle size; sp.gr. 1.030; visc. 5 mPa•s; pH izing agent in dyeing of fibers; effective in high electrolyte concs. > 6.2; 30 ± 1% solids; anionic Properties: Lt. amber; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; pH 8.0-10.0 (10%); 43-46% act.; Storage: Store @ 5-35 C in closed tanks anionic Sugum 500 [Sood Paper & Allied Chems.] Environmental: Biodeg.

Sumaclear 800B [Summit Research Labs] *Chem. Descrip.:* Inorg. and org. polymers Uses: Coagulant, flocculant for wastewater and potable water treatment, pulp/ paper industry; particularly low in sulfate, iron, and other trace metal impurities Regulatory: NSF approved up to 200 mg/l Properties: SI. yel. clear liq.; char. odor; sp.gr. 1.30-1.34; pH 3.1-4.0; 21.5-22.9% Al₂O₃, 11.4-12.1% aluminum, 8.1-9.0% chloride Sumaclear 801B [Summit Research Labs] Chem. Descrip.: Inorg. and org. polymers Uses: Coagulant, flocculant for wastewater and potable water treatment, pulp/ paper industry; particularly low in sulfate, iron, and other trace metal impurities Regulatory: NSF approved up to 200 mg/l Properties: SI. yel. clear liq.; char. odor; sp.gr. 1.30-1.34; pH 3.1-4.0; 20.2-21.7% Al₂O₃, 10.7-11.5% aluminum, 8.3-9.2% chloride Sumaclear 802B [Summit Research Labs] Chem. Descrip.: Inorg. and org. polymers Uses: Coagulant, flocculant for wastewater and potable water treatment, pulp/ paper industry; particularly low in sulfate, iron, and other trace metal impurities Regulatory: NSF approved up to 130 mg/l Properties: Colorless to sl. yel. clear liq.; char. odor; sp.gr. 1.30-1.34; pH 3.1-4.0; 21.5-22.9% Al₂O₃, 11.4-12.1% aluminum, 8.1-9.0% chloride Sumaclear 803B [Summit Research Labs] Chem. Descrip.: Inorg. and org. polymers Uses: Coagulant, flocculant for wastewater and potable water treatment, pulp/ paper industry; particularly low in sulfate, iron, and other trace metal impurities Regulatory: NSF approved up to 130 mg/l Properties: Colorless to sl. colorless clear liq.; char. odor; sp.gr. 1.27-1.32; pH 3.1-4.0; 20.2-21.7% Al₂O₃, 10.7-11.5% aluminum, 7.8-8.7% chloride Sumaclear 804B [Summit Research Labs] *Chem. Descrip.:* Inorg. and org. polymers Uses: Coagulant, flocculant for wastewater and potable water treatment, pulp/ paper industry; particularly low in sulfate, iron, and other trace metal impurities Regulatory: NSF approved up to 200 mg/l Properties: SI. yel. clear liq.; char. odor; sp.gr. 1.17-1.20; pH 2.3-2.8; 9.4-11.2% Al₂O₃, 5-5.9% aluminum, 11.2-11.8% chloride Sumaclear 805B [Summit Research Labs] Chem. Descrip .: Inorg. and org. polymers Uses: Coagulant, flocculant for wastewater and potable water treatment, pulp/ paper industry; particularly low in sulfate, iron, and other trace metal impurities Regulatory: NSF approved up to 130 mg/l Properties: SI. yel. clear liq.; char. odor; sp.gr. 1.16-1.34; pH 2.3-2.8; 8.9-10% Al₂O₃, 4.7-5.3% aluminum, 10.5-11.4% chloride Sumaclear 820B [Summit Research Labs] Chem. Descrip.: Inorg. and org. polymers Uses: Coagulant, flocculant for wastewater and potable water treatment, pulp/ paper industry; particularly low in sulfate, iron, and other trace metal impurities Regulatory: NSF approved up to 90 mg/l Properties: Yel. to gold liq.; char. odor; sp.gr. 1.25-1.32; pH 3.1-4.0; 17.8-19.8% Al₂O₃, 9.4-10.5% aluminum, 8.7-9.4% chloride Sumaclear 1000 [Summit Research Labs] Chem. Descrip.: Inorg. polymers Uses: Coagulant, flocculant for wastewater and potable water treatment, pulp/ paper industry; particularly low in sulfate, iron, and other trace metal impurities Use Level: 50-100 ppm Regulatory: NSF approved up to 250 mg/l Properties: Colorless clear liq.; char. odor; sp.gr. 1.33-1.35; pH 4-4.4 (15%); 23-24% Al₂O₃, 12.1-12.7% aluminum, 7.9-8.4% chloride Sumaclear 2000 [Summit Research Labs] Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum polymer Uses: Coagulant/flocculant for wastewater and potable water treatment, papermaking Regulatory: Lig. Sumaclear P10, P20 [Summit Research Labs] Chem. Descrip.: Polyamine

permaking Regulatory: NSF certified for potable water Properties: Liq. Sumaclear P30, P35 [Summit Research Labs] Chem. Descrip.: Poly (diallyldimethylammonium chloride) CAS 26062-79-3 Uses: Coagulant/flocculant for wastewater and potable water treatment, papermaking Regulatory: NSF certified for potable water Properties: Liq. Sumalchlor 50 [Summit Research Labs] Uses: Coagulant, flocculant for wastewater and potable water treatment, pulp/ paper industry; particularly low in sulfate, iron, and other trace metal impurities Regulatory: NSF approved up to 250 mg/l Properties: Colorless clear liq.; char. odor; sp.gr. 1.33-1.35; pH 4-4.4 (15%); 23-24% Al₂O₃, 12.1-12.7% aluminum, 7.9-8.4% chloride Sumalchlor 100, 200 [Summit Research Labs] Chem. Descrip .: Aluminum polymer Uses: Coagulant/flocculant for wastewater and potable water treatment, papermaking Regulatory: Powd. Sunbond® 853 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acrylic and sizing agent Uses: Saturant for size press applics. for wallpaper and label grades Properties: Dens. 8.7 lb/gal; pH 4.0; 45% total solids Sunbond[®] 857 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acrylic and sizing agent Uses: Saturant for size press applics. for wallpaper and label grades Properties: Dens. 8.6 lb/gal; pH 4.0; 39% total solids Sunbond® 925 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated vinyl acrylic terpolymer latex Uses: Binder improving coating str. and water resist. in paper and board coatings; produces exc. surf. str. for offset printability Properties: Dens. 8.9 lb/gal; pH 6.5; 50% total solids Sunbond® 936 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl acetate homopolymer CAS 9003-20-7 Uses: Binder improving coating str. and water resist. in paperboard coatings; designed for coating color stability on high speed coaters Properties: Dens. 9.0 lb/gal; pH 6.5; 49.5% total solids Sunbond[®] CP-58 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip .: Vinyl acrylic and sizing agent Uses: Saturant for size press applics. for wallpaper and label grades Properties: Dens. 8.6 lb/gal; pH 4.5; 44% total solids SunCryl® CP-50 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Soft self-crosslinked vinyl acrylic polymer Uses: Saturant for size press applics. Properties: Dens. 8.8 lb/gal; pH 4.0; 45% total solids SunCryl® CP-75 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Soft self-crosslinked vinyl acrylic polymer Uses: Saturant for size press applics. Properties: Dens. 8.8 lb/gal; pH 4.0; 45% total solids Sunkem[®] 301 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Lubricant, gloss aid, release agent for improved surf. finish of coated paper/paperboard in gloss calendering process; allows better finishing with machine calendering equip. Properties: Dens. 8.1 lb/gal; pH 10.0; 40% total solids Sunkem® 329 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Lubricant, gloss aid, release agent for improved surf. finish of coated paper/paperboard in gloss calendering process; allows better finishing with machine calendering equip. Properties: Dens. 8.3 lb/gal; pH 8.0; 25% total solids Sunkote® 450 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper]

Uses: Coagulant/flocculant for wastewater and potable water treatment, pa-

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium stearate

CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8

Uses: Lubricant, leveling agent for improved surf. finish of coated paper/

paperboard in calendering process Properties: Dens. 8.4 lb/gal; pH 11.0; 50% total solids Sunkote® 452 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip .: Calcium stearate CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8 Uses: Lubricant, leveling agent for improved surf. finish of coated paper/ paperboard in calendering process Properties: Dens. 8.4 lb/gal; pH 11.0; 50% total solids Sunkote® 455 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip .: Calcium stearate CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8 Uses: Lubricant, leveling agent for improved surf. finish of coated paper/ paperboard in calendering process Properties: Dens. 8.4 lb/gal; pH 11.0; 55% total solids Sunkote® 460 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Calcium stearate and polyethylene Uses: Lubricant for improved surf. finish of coated paper/paperboard in calendering process; designed for high shear coating applics. and for pigmented size press formulations Properties: Dens. 8.4 lb/gal; pH 11.0; 60% total solids Sunrez® 700C [OMNOVA Šol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Cyclic amide condensate Uses: Insolubilizer for paper coatings incl. food-contact paper; reacts with functional groups of coating binders; reduces water sensitivity; inc. number of impressions and print quality in the offset printing process Regulatory: FDA approved Properties: Dens. 9.1 lb/gal; pH 4.0; 45% total solids Sunrez[®] 700M [OMNOVA Šol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip .: Cyclic amide condensate Uses: Insolubilizer for paper coatings incl. food-contact paper; reacts with functional groups of coating binders; reduces water sensitivity; inc. number of impressions and print quality in the offset printing process Regulatory: FDA approved Properties: Dens. 9.7 lb/gal; pH 6.0; 45% total solids Sunrez® 747 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip .: Cyclic amide condensate Uses: Insolubilizer for paper coatings incl. food-contact paper; reacts with functional groups of coating binders; reduces water sensitivity; inc. number of impressions and print quality in the offset printing process Regulatory: FDA approved Properties: Dens. 9.8 lb/gal; pH 4.5; 45% total solids Sunsize® 4133 [OMNOVA Šol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Stearylated melamine Uses: Surf. sizing agent, water resist. aid for size press applic. Properties: Dens. 8.2 lb/gal; pH 6.0; 40% total solids Sunsize® 4134 [OMNOVA Šol'ns./Paper] Chem. Descrip.: Stearylated melamine/paraffin wax Uses: Surf. sizing agent, water resist. aid for size press applic. Properties: Dens. 8.2 lb/gal; pH 6.0; 40% total solids Suntori 311 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Chem. Descrip .: Mixt. of mineral oil; activator Uses: Drier for papermaking; release agent designed for processing of thin papers such as tissues and toilet rolls Use Level: Spray 20-100 times diluted sol'n. to dryer Properties: Lt. yel. limpid visc. liq.; pH 7 (1%); nonionic Suntorl C-500 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Chem. Descrip .: Mixt. of silicone oil, mineral oil; activator Uses: Drier for papermaking; release agent designed for processing of thin papers, either adding into slurry or spraying to dryer method Use Level: Mod. diluted sol'n. to riffer, head box, etc. for total of 0.1-0.5% per pulp or spray 100-1000 times diluted sol'n. to dryer Properties: Straw-colored transparent liq.; pH 7 (5%); cationic Suntorl KL [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] *Chem. Descrip.:* Alkylamide condensation prod. Uses: Drier for papermaking; release agent for processing of rayon paper or thin papers such as tissues and toilet rolls Use Level: 10-50 times diluted sol'n. to riffer, head box, etc. for total of 0.1-0.5% per pulp Properties: Lt. yellowish wh. liq.; pH 5.5; cationic Suntorl P-40 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene wax CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Uses: Drier for papermaking; release agent designed for process of thin papers; exhibits exc. self-fixation at low add-on levels Use Level: 100-200 times diluted sol'n. to riffer, head box, etc. for total of 0.05-0.2% per pulp Properties: Lt. yellowish brn. visc. liq.; pH 6 (5%); cationic Suntorl WP [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Chem. Descrip.: Paraffin wax CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6 Uses: Water repellent, sizing auxiliary for papermaking Use Level: 10-20 times diluted sol'n. for total of 2-6% per paper Properties: Wh. milky emulsion; pH 8; anionic Sunwhite BY Liq. [Sun Rise Chem. Ind.] Chem. Descrip .: Stilbene deriv. Uses: Fluorescent whitening agent for paper wet end, size press, and surf. coatings; for addition at the pulper or mixing chest; must not be applied with the alum or cationic auxs. Properties: Lt. brn. clear liq.; pH 10 ± 5; anionic Sunwhite BYX H/C [Sun Rise Chem. Ind.] Chem. Descrip .: Stilbene deriv. Uses: Fluorescent whitening agent for paper wet end, size press, and surf. coatings; for addition at the pulper or mixing chest; must not be applied with the alum or cationic auxs. *Properties:* Ylsh. fine powd.; pH 10 ± 5; anionic Sunwhite CST [Sun Rise Chem. Ind.] Chem. Descrip .: Stilbene deriv. Uses: Fluorescent whitening agent for paper surf. coatings and size press; extremely acid resist.; effective to pH 1; low affinity Properties: Brn. clear liq.; pH 10-11; 33 ± 1.5% solids; anionic Super 50 [EPC Papierchemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Fully saponified, highly fortified rosin soap CAS 8050-09-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7 Uses: Sizing agent for paper, cardboard, food pkg. (Germany) Use Level: 0.5-2.0% Regulatory: BqVV XXXVI compliant Properties: Brn.; dilutable with cold or hot water at any mixing ratio; sp.gr. 1.15 g/cc; visc. < 150 s (Ford 4 mm, 21 C); pH 10-12 (50 g/l H_2 O); 50 ± 1% act.; cationic Toxicology: Alkalinity of prod. may cause skin irritation Environmental: Toxic to fish; do not allow to reach public sewers Storage: 6 mos storage stability at 5-70 C; do not store in nonferrous metal or aluminum Super Nevtac® 99 [Neville] Chem. Descrip .: Syn. polyterpene resin CAS 9003-74-1 Uses: Tackifier for PP, PE, NR, SIS block copolymers, EVA, polyisoprene, butyl rubber used in solv. and hot-melt adhesives, coatings, rubber prods., concrete-curing compds., and caulking compds.; food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber articles Regulatory: FDA 21 CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600 Properties: Gardner 5 (50% in toluene) solid, flakes; sol. in esters, ethers, ketones (except acetone), and chlorinated, aromatic, naphthenic, and terpene hydrocarbons; m.w. 1040; sp.gr. 0.98; soften. pt. (R&B) 99 C; flash pt. (COC) 450 F Super Wet 102R [Sam Shin] Uses: Insolubilizer improving printability, ink receptivity, brightness, opacity, and gloss in coated paper; improves wet pick and wet rub resist.; improves antiblistering Use Level: 0.4-1.0% to total pigment amt. Properties: Pale ylsh. liq.; visc. < 50 cps; pH 8 ± 1; 30 ± 1% solids; cationic Storage: 6 mos shelf life below 30 C; store in tightly closed containers in cool, well-ventilated area Super Wet EXP-1 [Sam Shin] Uses: Insolubilizer improving printability, ink receptivity, brightness, opacity, and gloss in coated paper; improves wet pick and wet rub resist.; improves antiblistering Use Level: 0.4-1.0% to total pigment amt. Properties: Pale ylsh. liq.; visc. 100 ± 50 cps; pH 8 ± 1 ; $50 \pm 1\%$ solids; cationic

Storage: 6 mos shelf life below 30 C; store in tightly closed containers in cool, well-ventilated area

Supragil RM/77 DL [Rhodia HPCII]

Suprapal®

Chem. Descrip .: Sodium naphthalene sulfonate CAS 1321-69-3 Uses: Dispersant, sec. emulsifier, protective colloid for polymerization, elastomers; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; avoid undesired premature coagulum during polymerization phase; designed to avoid polymer coloring Use Level: 0.2-1.5% (as powd.) on latex Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180 Properties: Liq.; 45% solids in water Suprapal® [BASF AG] Chem. Descrip.: Styrene copolymer Uses: For roadmarking paints, gravure and flexographic printing inks, paper coatings, zinc dust primers Suresize® [Vinings Ind.] Uses: Surf. sizing agent for printing and writing papers; provides improved ink and water holdout; controls sheet porosity Sure Sol®-290 [Koch Chem. Spec.] Chem. Descrip.: sec-Butylbiphenyl Uses: For carbonless paper industry Sure Sol®-300 [Koch Chem. Spec.] Chem. Descrip .: Di/tri-isopropylbiphenyl Uses: For carbonless paper, coatings, and resin industries Properties: Odorless Sure Sol®-330 [Koch Chem. Spec.] Chem. Descrip.: Diisopropylbiphenyl CAS 69009-90-1 Uses: For heat transfer, carbonless paper, coatings, and resin industries Properties: Odorless Sure Sol®-333 [Koch Chem. Spec.] Chem. Descrip.: Sure Sol®-290/Sure Sol®-300 blend Uses: For carbonless paper industry Sure Sol®-450 [Koch Chem. Spec.] Chem. Descrip.: Triisopropylbenzene CAS 717-74-8; EINECS/ELINCS 211-941-3 Uses: For carbonless paper and elec. industries Sure Sol®-480 [Koch Chem. Spec.] Chem. Descrip.: Propylated naphthalene Uses: For carbonless paper and elec. industries Surfactant 10G [Arch Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: p-Nonylphenoxy-polyglycidol Uses: Surfactant used in agric. chemical emulsions, leather processing, paints, emulsion polymerization, waste paper deinking, alkaline cleaners, photographic film emulsions, and coating formulations Properties: Amber liq.; mild odor; sol. in alcohols, polyethers, acids; sp.gr. 1.032-1.114; dens. 8.6-9.3 lb/gal; visc. 110-195 cps; pour pt. -9 to -14 C; b.p. 93-103 C; cloud pt. > 100 C (0.5% aq.); pH 7.1-7.9 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 27-30 dynes/cm (0.1% act.); 50% act.; nonionic Surfonic® CO-15 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-15 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Emulsifier; dispersant; surfactant, antistat, leveling agent for leather, textiles, pulp/paper, agric., cutting oils for metalworking Properties: M.w. 1600; HLB 8.2; hyd. no. 105; cloud pt. 59 C (10% in 25% butyl diglycol); pH 6.5; nonionic Surfonic® CO-20 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-20 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Emulsifier; dispersant; surfactant, antistat, leveling agent for leather, textiles, pulp/paper, agric., cutting oils for metalworking Properties: Liq.; m.w. 1820; HLB 9.7; hyd.no. 92; cloud pt. 62 C (10% in 25% butyl diglycol); pH 7.0; 100% conc.; nonionic Surfonic® CO-25 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-25 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Emulsifier; dispersant; surfactant, antistat, leveling agent for leather, textiles, pulp/paper, agric., cutting oils for metalworking Properties: Liq.; m.w. 2040; HLB 10.7; hyd.no. 82.5; cloud pt. 66 C (10% in 25% butyl diglycol); pH 7.0; 100% conc.; nonionic Surfonic® CO-30 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-30 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Emulsifier; dispersant; surfactant, antistat, leveling agent for leather, textiles, pulp/paper, agric., cutting oils for metalworking

Properties: Liq.; m.w. 2260; HLB 11.7; hyd.no. 74.5; cloud pt. 71 C (10% in 25% butyl diglycol); pH 7.0; 100% conc.; nonionic Surfonic[®] CO-42 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-42 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Emulsifier; dispersant; surfactant, antistat, leveling agent for leather, textiles, pulp/paper, agric., cutting oils for metalworking Properties: Liq.; m.w. 2700; HLB 13.0; hyd.no. 62.3; cloud pt. 67 C (10% in 25% DEGBE); pH 7.5; 100% conc.; nonionic Surfonic® DA-4 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: Isodeceth-4 CAS 61827-42-7 Uses: W/o and o/w emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, degreaser for hard surf. cleaners, textile processing, pulp/paper, and agric. formulations; sulfation intermediate Properties: Paste; disp. in water; m.w. 334; HLB 10.5; hyd. no. 168; 100% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeq. Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from moisture Surfonic® DA-6 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: Isodeceth-6 CAS 61827-42-7 Uses: Detergent, degreaser, o/w emulsifier, wetting agent for hard surf. cleaners, textile processing, pulp/paper, and agric. formulations; sulfation intermediate Properties: Paste; sol. in water; m.w. 424; sp.gr. 1.0014; visc.109 cps; HLB 12.5; hyd. no. 132; pour pt. 12.8 C; cloud pt. 42 C (1% DI water); 100% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg. Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from moisture Surfonic® DDP-40 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: Dodoxynol-4 CAS 9014-92-0 Uses: Surfactant, w/o emulsifier, wetting agent used in paper industry to mfg. paper towels and tissues, in solv. and dry cleaner formulations; emulsifier for agric. oils and degreasers; rewetting agent; low foaming Properties: Liq.; water-insol.; m.w. 438; HLB 8.0; hyd. no. 128; cloud pt. 54 C (10% in 25% butoxy diglycol); 100% act.; nonionic Surfonic® DDP-50 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: Dodoxynol-5 CAS 9014-92-0 Uses: Surfactant, w/o emulsifier, wetting agent used in paper industry to mfg. paper towels and tissues, in solv. and dry cleaner formulations; emulsifier for agric. oils and degreasers; rewetting agent; low foaming Properties: Liq.; water-insol.; m.w. 482; HLB 9.1; hyd. no. 116; 100% act.; nonionic Surfonic® DNP-70 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: Nonyl nonoxynol-7 CAS 9014-93-1 Uses: W/o emulsifier, wetting agent, surfactant for agric. formulations, emulsion polymerization, leather working; surfactant intermediate; food pkg. coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings; forms stable w/o emulsions Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99 Properties: Liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 648; sp.gr. 0.9919 (20/20 C); HLB 9.5; hyd. no. 87.5; pour pt. -5 C; cloud pt. 68 C (10% in 25% butoxy diglycol); 100% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg. Surfonic® DNP-80 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Nonyl nonoxynol-8 CAS 9014-93-1 Uses: W/o emulsifier, wetting agent, dispersant for emulsion polymerization, detergents, acid cleaners, hard surf. cleaners, textile processing, wax emulsification, pigment printing and agric. formulations; surfactant intermediate; food pkg. coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99

Properties: Liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 692; sp.gr. 1.016 (20/20 C); HLB 10.2; hyd. no. 81; pour pt. -2 C; cloud pt. 71 C (10% in 25% butoxy diglycol); 100% act.; nonionic

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Environmental: Biodeg.
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Surfonic® DNP-100 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip .: Nonyl nonoxynol-10

CAS 9014-93-1

- Uses: W/o and o/w emulsifier, wetting agent, dispersant for emulsion polymerization, detergents, acid cleaners, hard surf. cleaners, textile processing, wax emulsification, pigment printing and agric. formulations; surfactant intermediate; food pkg. coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99
- Properties: Liq.; disp. in water; m.w. 780; sp.gr. 1.014 (20/20 C); HLB 11.3; hyd. no. 71; pour pt. 10 C; cloud pt. 75 C (10% in 25% butoxy diglycol); 100% act.; nonionic
- Environmental: Biodeg.

Surfonic® DNP-140 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip .: Nonyl nonoxynol-14

CAS 9014-93-1

- Uses: Degreaser; cleaning surfactant; lubrication oil additive; stabilizer; emulsifier; demulsifier; antioxidant for plastics and rubber; plasticizer in varnishes, resins, lacquers, and plastics; surfactant in pulp/paper, emulsion polymerization
- Properties: Sol. in water; m.w. 1000; f.p. 27 C; HLB 13.2; hyd. no. 57.5; cloud pt. 52 C (1% in DI water); nonionic

Surfonic® DNP-700 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip .: Nonyl nonoxynol-70

CAS 9014-93-1

- Uses: O/w emulsifier, solubilizer, surfactant, stabilizer used in detergents, emulsion polymerization, hard surf. cleaners, agric. formulations, pulp/paper processing, textile mfg.
- Properties: Solid; highly water-sol.; m.w. 3420; sp.gr. 1.047 (60 C); f.p. 57 C; HLB 18.0; hyd. no. 16.4; wetting 347 s (0.1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg.

Surfonic® DNP-1000 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonyl nonoxynol-100

CAS 9014-93-1

- Uses: O/w emulsifier, solubilizer, surfactant, stabilizer used in detergents, emulsion polymerization, hard surf. cleaners, agric. formulations, pulp/paper processing, textile mfg.
- Properties: Solid; highly water-sol.; m.w. 4740; sp.gr. 1.053 (60 C); f.p. 60 C; HLB 18.6; hyd. no. 13; wetting 516 s (0.1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg.
- Surfonic® DNP-1500 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Nonyl nonoxynol-150

CAS 9014-93-1

- Uses: O/w emulsifier, solubilizer, surfactant, stabilizer used in detergents, emulsion polymerization, hard surf. cleaners, agric. formulations, pulp/paper processing, textile mfg.; food pkg. coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99
- Properties: Solid; highly water-sol.; m.w. 6950; sp.gr. 1.067 (60 C); f.p. 64 C; HLB 19.0; hyd. no. 11; wetting 768 s (0.1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg.

Surfonic® DOS-70MS [Huntsman]

- Chem. Descrip .: Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate
- CAS 577-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4
- Uses: Dewatering aid for lime mud; wetting agent

Surfonic® JL-80X [Huntsman]

- Chem. Descrip.: Alkoxypolyalkoxyethanol
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for household detergents, industrial prods., agric. sprays, dry cleaning, metal cleaners, ceramics, concrete, textile processing; wash deinking agent for pulp/paper; low foaming

Use Level: 0.1-0.5% (paper deinking)

Properties: Clear liq.; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.0072; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; visc. 159.4 SUS (100 F); HLB 13.1; f.p. -5 C; hyd. no. 92; cloud pt. 56-63 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 320 F; pH 6.0-7.5 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 29.24 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting < 1.0 s (0.25%); Ross-Miles foam 75 mm (initial, 0.1%, 120 F); 100% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2.6 ml/kg; sl. toxic by ingestion; irritating to eyes Environmental: Biodeg.

Surfonic® L12-2.6 [Huntsman]

- Chem. Descrip .: C10-12 pareth-3
- CAS 66455-15-0
- Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, dispersant, detergent for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/ paper, textiles, water treatment
- Properties: Insol. in water; m.w. 278; visc. 21 cps; HLB 8.2; hyd. no. 199; pour pt. 15 C; nonionic

Surfonic® L12-3 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip .: C10-12 pareth-3

CAS 66455-15-0

- Uses: Surfactant, w/o and o/w emulsifier, wetting agent for detergents, laundry prespotters, hard surf. cleaners, personal care prods.; adjuvant for agric. pesticides; sulfation intermediate; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in foodcontact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 181.30, 182.99; EINECS, DSL, MITI listed

Properties: Clear to sl. turbid liq.; water-insol.; m.w. 295; sp.gr. 0.9317; dens. 7.8 lb/gal; visc. 33 cps; HLB 9.0; hyd. no. 190; pour pt. -12.2 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 137.7 C; pH 5.5-6.5 (1% in aq. IPA); 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed

Environmental: Biodeg.

- Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from moisture
- Surfonic® L12-6 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: C10-12 pareth-6

CAS 66455-15-0

- Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, o/w emulsifier for detergents, laundry prespotters, hard surf. cleaners, personal care prods., agric. pesticides; rewetting agent for paper (corrugated and liner board); food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 181.30, 182.99; EINECS, DSL, MITI listed
- Properties: Clear to sl. turbid liq.; water-sol.; m.w. 428; sp.gr. 0.9820; dens. 8.2 lb/gal; visc. 43 cps; HLB 12.4; hyd. no. 133; pour pt. 10 C; cloud pt. 48-52 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 162.7 C; pH 5.5-6.5 (1% in aq. IPA); Draves wetting 4.0 s (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Environmental: Biodeq.

- Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from moisture
- Surfonic[®] L12-8 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: C10-12 pareth-8

CAS 66455-15-0

- Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, o/w emulsifier for detergents, laundry prespotters, hard surf. cleaners, personal care prods., agric. pesticides; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of foodcontact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.1010, 178.3120, 178.3400, 181.30, 182.99; EINECS, DSL, MITI listed
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in water; m.w. 516; sp.gr. 1.0045; visc. 98 cps; HLB 13.6; hyd. no. 109; pour pt. 18.3 C; cloud pt. 80 C (1% in DI water); flash pt. (PMCC) 204.4 C; Draves wetting 8.4 s (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed

Environmental: Biodeq.

Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from moisture

Surfonic® L24-1.3 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip .: C12-14 pareth-1

CAS 68439-50-9

- Uses: Surfactant, w/o emulsifier for detergents, personal care prods.; sulfation intermediate; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 181.30, 182.99; EINECS, DSL, MITI listed
- Properties: Liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 253; sp.gr. 0.8785; visc. 19 cps; HLB 4.5; hyd. no. 222; pour pt. 10 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 151.7 C; 100% act.; nonionic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed

Environmental: Biodeq.

Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from moisture

Surfonic[®] L24-3 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: C12-14 pareth-3

CAS 68439-50-9

- Uses: Surfactant, w/o and o/w emulsifier, wetting agent for detergents, laundry prespotters, hard surf. cleaners, personal care prods., agric. pesticides; sulfation intermediate; rewetting agent for paper (corrugated and liner board); food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of foodcontact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; foodcontact slimicide
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 178.3910, 181.30, 182.99; EINECS, DSL, MITI listed
- Properties: Clear to sl. turbid liq.; water-insol.; m.w. 330; dens. 7.8 lb/gal; HLB 8.0; hyd. no. 173; pour pt. 4.4 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 151.7 C; pH 5.5-6.5 (1% in aq. IPA); 100% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Environmental: Biodeg.

Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from moisture

Surfonic® L24-4 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: C12-14 pareth-4

CAS 68439-50-9

- Uses: Surfactant, w/o and o/w emulsifier, wetting agent for detergents, laundry prespotters, personal care prods.; intermediate; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 181.30, 182.99; EINECS, DSL, MITI listed
- *Properties:* Liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 373; sp.gr. 0.9432; visc. 31 cps; HLB 9.4; hyd. no. 150; pour pt. 4.4 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 173.9 C; 100% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Environmental: Biodeg.

Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from moisture

- Surfonic® L24-5 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: C12-14 pareth-5

CAS 68439-50-9

- Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, dispersant, detergent for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/ paper, textiles, water treatment
- Properties: Disp. in water; m.w. 417; HLB 10.6; hyd. no. 136; nonionic
- Surfonic® L24-7 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: C12-14 pareth-7

CAS 68439-50-9

- Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, o/w emulsifier for detergents, laundry prespotters, hard surf. cleaners, personal care prods.; adjuvant for agric. pesticides; pitch dispersant for pulp/paper processing; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- foamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 181.30, 182.99; EINECS, DSL, MITI listed
- Properties: Clear to sl. turbid liq.; water-sol.; m.w. 487; sp.gr. 0.9824; dens. 8.1 lb/gal; visc. 47 cps; HLB 11.9; hyd. no. 117; pour pt. 15 C; cloud pt. 48-52 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 190.6 C; pH 5.5-6.5 (1% in aq. IPA); Draves wetting 8.7 s (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: TSČA listed

Environmental: Biodeg.

Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from moisture

Surfonic® L24-9 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: C12-14 pareth-8.2

CAS 68439-50-9

- Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, o/w emulsifier for detergents, laundry prespotters, hard surf. cleaners, personal care prods.; adjuvant for agric. pesticides; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paper-board
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.1010, 178.3120, 178.3400, 181.30, 182.99; EINECS, DSL, MITI listed
- Properties: Clear to sl. turbid semiliq.; water-sol.; m.w. 561; sp.gr.0.9935; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 61 cps; HLB 13.0; hyd. no. 100; pour pt. 20 C; cloud pt. 73-77 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 162.8 C; pH 5.5-6.5 (1% in aq. IPA); Draves wetting 13.9 s (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Environmental: Biodeg. Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from moisture Surfonic[®] L24-12 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: C12-14 pareth-10.8 CAS 68439-50-9 Uses: Surfactant, o/w emulsifier, solubilizer for detergents, laundry prespotters, hard surf. cleaners, personal care prods.; adjuvant for agric. pesticides; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of foodcontact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.1010, 178.3120, 178.3400, 181.30, 182.99; EINECS, DSL, MITI listed Properties: Waxy solid; water-sol.; m.w. 703; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; HLB 14.4; hyd. no. 83; pour pt. 28 C; cloud pt. 65-71 C (1% in 10% NaCl); flash pt. (PMCC) 204.4 C; pH 5.5-6.5 (1% in aq. IPA); Draves wetting 35.1 s (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Environmental: Biodeg. Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from moisture Surfonic® L24-17 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: C12-14 pareth-17 CAS 68439-50-9 Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, dispersant, detergent for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/ paper, textiles, water treatment Properties: Sol. in water; m.w. 932; visc. 62 cps (37.8 C); HLB 15.8; hyd. no. 67; pour pt. 85 C; cloud pt. 76 C (1% in 10% NaCl); nonionic Surfonic® L24-22 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: C12-14 pareth-22 CAS 68439-50-9 Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, dispersant, detergent for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/ paper, textiles, water treatment Properties: Solid; sol. in water; m.w. 1165; HLB 16.6; hyd. no. 48; pour pt. 39.4 C; nonionic Surfonic® L24-1280 [Huntsman] Uses: Deinking agent for wh. paper grade; low dirt count, high brightness Use Level: 0.4-0.8% Properties: Liq.; nonionic Surfonic® L28-890 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: Linear alcohol ethoxylate Uses: Detergent and wetting agent for textile, leather, paint, pulp/paper, household and industrial detergents Properties: Clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.002; visc. 140 cps; HLB 12.6; cloud pt. 64-68 C (1% aq.); ref. index 1.4492; 90% act.; nonionic Surfonic® L46-7 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: C14-16 pareth-7 Uses: Surfactant, detergent, o/w emulsifier, wetting agent, foaming agent, penetrant, intermediate for detergent, laundry prespotters, hard surf. cleaners, personal care prods., agric. pesticides; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 181.30, 182.99; EINECS, DSL, MITI listed Properties: Clear to sl. turbid semisolid; water-sol.; m.w. 534; sp.gr. 0.9790; dens. 8.0 lb/gal; visc. 63 cps; HLB 11.6; hyd. no. 107; pour pt. 22 C; cloud pt. 48-52 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 204.4 C; pH 5.5-6.5 (1% in aq. IPA); Draves wetting 20.6 s (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
 - Toxicology: TSCA listed

Environmental: Biodeg.

Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from moisture

Surfonic® L68-18 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip .: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

CAS 68439-49-6

Uses: Solubilizer, o/w emulsifier used in detergents, laundry prespots, hard surf. cleaners, personal care prods.; adjuvant for agric. pesticides; food pkg.

adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from moisture Surfonic® LF-17 [Huntsman] articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, Chem. Descrip .: Primary alcohol-EO adduct, modified 176.210, 176.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 181.30, 182.99; CAS 69013-18-9 EINECS, DSL, MITI listed Uses: Wetting agent, detergent for aq. systems, metal cleaners, latex paints, Properties: Waxy solid; sol. in water; m.w. 1043; HLB 15.2; hyd. no. 54; textiles, paper, rinse aids, industrial and home mech. dishwashing compds.; defoamer in some systems; low foaming pour pt. 5 C; 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Properties: Pale yel. clear liq.; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.003; visc. 54.5 cSt (100 Environmental: Biodeg. F); f.p. -2 C; HLB 12.2; cloud pt. 32-37 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 295 Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from moisture F; surf. tens. 33.0 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting 7.2 s (0.25%); Ross-Surfonic® L108/85-5 [Huntsman] Miles foam 6 mm (initial, 0.1%, 120 F); 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3.53 g/kg; sl. toxic by ingestion, skin absorption; Chem. Descrip.: Alcohol ethoxylate CAS 68439-45-2 mod. irritating to eyes and skin Uses: Degreaser, o/w emulsifier, wetting agent, dispersant, detergent for Environmental: Biodeg. consumer detergents, cosmetics, skin creams/lotions, shampoos, bubble Surfonic® LF-18 [Huntsman] baths, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, textiles, water treatment; low Chem. Descrip.: Alcohol alkoxylate Uses: Surfactant for metal cleaning, textile processing, paper mfg., water haze and clear points Properties: Liq.; sol. in water; m.w. 354; sp.gr. 0.9768; HLB 12.4; hyd. no. treatment, mech. dishwashing detergents, low foaming heavy-duty and all-156; cloud pt. 43 C (1% in DI water); flash pt. (PMCC) 132.2 C; 100% act.; purpose laundry detergents nonionic Properties: Disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.013; visc. 243 cps; f.p.-6 C; cloud pt. 17 Toxicology: TSCA listed C (1% aq.); nonionic Environmental: Biodeg. Surfonic® LF-37 [Huntsman] Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from moisture Chem. Descrip.: Alkyl polyoxyalkylene ether Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, detergent for metal cleaning, textile process-Surfonic® L610-3 [Huntsman] ing, paper mfg., water treatment, mech. dishwashing detergents, low foam-Chem. Descrip.: Ethoxylated alcohol CAS 70879-83-3 ing heavy-duty and all-purpose laundry detergents; low foaming Properties: Liq.; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.9904; visc. 95 cps; f.p. -12 C; cloud Uses: O/w and w/o emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, surfactant for hard surf. cleaners, industrial and household cleaners, gypsum board mfg., launpt. 17 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic Surfonic® LF-40 [Huntsman] dry prespotters, metal cleaners, latex paints; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in Chem. Descrip.: Alkoxylated alcohol food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; rec. for aq. systems requiring low foaming Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 181.30; EINECS, DSL, MITI listed Properties: Liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 276; sp.gr. 0.9408; visc. 20 cps; HLB 9.6; hyd. no. 210; pour pt. -9.4 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 79.4 C; 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Environmental: Biodeq. Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from moisture Surfonic® L1270-2 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Linear alcohol ethoxylate CAS 68439-50-9 Uses: W/o emulsifier for personal care and light-duty cleaning prods.; sulfation intermediate; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 181.30, 182.99; EINECS, DSL, MITI listed Properties: Liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 281; sp.gr. 0.9057; visc. 22 cps; HLB 5.4; hyd. no. 200; pour pt. 7.2 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 148.8 C; 100% act.; nonionic *Toxicology:* TSCA listed *Environmental:* Biodeg. Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from moisture Surfonic® L1285-2 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Linear alcohol ethoxylate CAS 68439-50-9 Uses: W/o emulsifier for personal care and lt.-duty cleaning prods.; sulfation intermediate; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 181.30, 182.99; EINECS, DSL, MITI listed Properties: Liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 278; sp.gr. 0.9027; visc. 23 cps; HLB 6.4; hyd. no. 202; pour pt. 7.2 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 148.8 C; 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed

Environmental: Biodeg.

Uses: Surfactant for metal cleaning, textile processing, paper mfg., water treatment, mech. dishwashing detergents, low foaming heavy-duty and allpurpose laundry detergents; low foaming Properties: Liq.; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.9652; visc. 48 cps; wetting 11.8 s (0.1% in deionized water); 100% conc.; nonionic Surfonic® LF-41 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Alkoxylated nonylphenol CAS 68891-11-2 Uses: Surfactant for metal cleaning, textile processing, paper mfg., water treatment, mech. dishwashing detergents, low foaming heavy-duty and allpurpose laundry detergents; low foaming Properties: Liq.; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.0343; visc. 270 cps; cloud pt. 37 C (1% aq.); wetting 4.3 s (0.1%, in deionized water); 100% conc.; nonionic Surfonic® LF-47 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Alcohol alkoxylate Uses: Surfactant for metal cleaning, textile processing, paper mfg., water treatment, mech. dishwashing detergents, low foaming heavy-duty and allpurpose laundry detergents Properties: Insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.969; visc. 140 cps; f.p. < -20 C; nonionic Surfonic® LF-68 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Alcohol alkoxylate Uses: Surfactant for metal cleaning, textile processing, paper mfg., water treatment, mech. dishwashing detergents, low foaming heavy-duty and allpurpose laundry detergents Properties: Insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.9742; visc. 119 cps; f.p.-4 C; cloud pt. 7.5 ml water (water titration); nonionic Surfonic® LF-0312 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Alcohol alkoxylate Uses: Surfactant for metal cleaning, textile processing, paper mfg., water treatment, mech. dishwashing detergents, low foaming heavy-duty and allpurpose laundry detergents Properties: Disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.013; visc. 240 cps; f.p.-6 C; cloud pt. 17

C (1% aq.); nonionic Surfonic® N-10 [Huntsman]

- Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-1 CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-762-5

Uses: W/o emulsifier, foam stabilizer, defoamer, wetting agent, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for household cleaners, textile, agric., metal cleaning, petrol, cosmetic, latex paint, cutting oil, janitorial supply industries; coemulsifier for surfactant and solvent blends; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, animal glues; defoamer in food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200,

- 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120
- Properties: Clear sl. visc. liq.; water-insol.; oil-sol.; m.w. 273; sp.gr. 0.980 (20/20 C); dens. 8.1 lb/gal; visc. 575 cps; HLB 3.9; hyd. no. 206; pour pt. -9 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 171 C; Ross-Miles foam 5 mm (initial, 0.1%, 120 F); 100% act.; nonionic
- Environmental: Biodeg.
- Surfonic® N-31.5 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-3

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: W/o emulsifier, defoamer, wetting agent, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for household cleaners, textile, agric., metal cleaning, petrol, cosmetic, latex paint, cutting oil, janitorial supply industries, solv. emulsion cleaners, dry cleaning detergents; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120
- Properties: Clear sl. visc. liq.; water-insol., oil-sol.; m.w. 358; sp.gr. 1.01; dens. 8.4 lb/gal; visc. 294 cps; HLB 7.7; hyd. no. 157; pour pt. -4 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 207 C; ref. index 1.4950; Ross-Miles foam 8 mm (initial, 0.1%, 120 F); 100% act.; nonionic
- Environmental: Biodeg.
- Surfonic® N-40 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-4
 - CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 230-770-5
 - Uses: W/o emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for household cleaners, textile, agric., metal cleaning, petrol., cosmetic, latex paint, cutting oil, janitorial supply industries, solv. emulsion cleaners, dry cleaning detergents; latex stabilizer; detergent for petrol. oils; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.1010, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99
 - Properties: Clear sl. visc. liq.; insol. in water; sol. in acetone, methanol, xylene, CCl₄, Stoddard; m.w. 396; sp.gr. 1.026; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. 255 cps; HLB 8.9; hyd. no. 142; pour pt. -7 C; flash pt.(PMCC) 182 C; ref. index 1.4979; surf. tens. 27.5 dynes/cm (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 10 mm (initial, 0.1%, 120 F); 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Surfonic® N-60 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-6

- CAS 9016-45-9
- Uses: W/o and o/w emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for household cleaners, textile, agric., metal cleaning, petrol, cosmetic, latex paint, cutting oil, janitorial supply industries; de-icing aid; rust inhibitor; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200,
- 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.1010, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99
- Properties: Clear sl. visc. liq.; sol. in acetone, methanol, xylene, CCl₄, Stoddard solv.; disp. in water; m.w. 484; sp.gr. 1.041; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 239 cps; f.p. < 0 C; HLB 10.9; hyd. no. 116; pour pt. -7 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 221 C; ref. index 1.4938; surf. tens. 28.7 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting 6 s (0.25%); Ross-Miles foam 12 mm (initial, 0.1%, 120 F); 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

- Surfonic® N-70 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-7
 - CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-292-0
 - Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting agent, surf. tens. reducer, penetrant, dispersant for agric., metal/min. processing, pulp/paper, household laundry detergents, industrial cleaners, textiles, emulsion polymerization; low to mod. foaming; generally inert
 - Properties: Disp. in water; m.w. 528; HLB 11.7; hyd. no. 106; cloud pt. 77 C (1% in 10% NaCl); 100% act.; nonionic
 - Environmental: Biodeq.
- Surfonic[®] N-80 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-8
- - CAS 9016-45-9
 - Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for leather, paint, textiles, pesticides, pulp/paper, emulsion polymerization; base surfactant for household and industrial detergents
 - Properties: Clear liq.; water-sol.; HLB 12.4; cloud pt. 23-27 C (1% aq.);

100% act.; nonionic

- Surfonic® N-85 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-8.5
 - CAS 9016-45-9
 - Uses: W/o emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for household cleaners, textiles, agric., metal cleaning, petrol, cosmetics, latex paints, cutting oils, janitorial supply industries; wash deinking agent for pulp/paper; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
 - Use Level: 0.1-0.5% (paper deinking)
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.1010, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99
 - Properties: Liq.; sol. in acetone, methanol, xylene, CCl₄, water; m.w. 594; sp.gr. 1.056; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 251 cps; f.p. -1 C; HLB 12.6; hyd. no. 94; pour pt. 10 C; cloud pt. 44 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 243 C; ref. index 1.4923; surf. tens. 30.5 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting 3.5 s (0.25%); Ross-Miles foam 40 mm (initial, 0.1%, 120 F); 100% act.; nonionic
 - Environmental: Biodeg.
- Surfonic® N-95 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-10
 - CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-294-1
 - Uses: O/w emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for household cleaners, textiles, agric., metal cleaning, petrol., cosmetics, latex paints, cutting oils, janitorial supply industries, food pkg.; pitch dispersant for pulp/paper mill applics.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in foodcontact coatings, paper/paperboard
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.1010, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99
 - Properties: Colorless to straw clear sl. visc. liq., sl. odor; sol. in acetone, methanol, xylene, CCl₄, water; m.w. 632; sp.gr. 1.061; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 293 cps; f.p. 5 C; HLB 13.1; hyd. no. 90; cloud pt. 54.2 (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 238 C; ref. index 1.4893; pH 7.0; surf. tens. 30.8 dynes/ cm (0.1%); Draves wetting 3 s (0.25%); Ross-Miles foam 80 mm (initial, 0.1%, 120 F); 100% act.; nonionic
 - Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3 g/kg (sl. toxic); eye irritant; sl. to severe skin irritant
 - Environmental: Biodeg.
- Surfonic® N-100 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-10
 - CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-294-1
 - Uses: O/w emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for household cleaners, textiles, agric., metal cleaning, petrol., cosmetics, latex paints, cutting oils, janitorial supply industries; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.1010, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99
 - Properties: Clear sl. visc. liq.; sol. in acetone, methanol, xylene, CCl4, water; m.w. 660; sp.gr. 1.064; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 250 cps; f.p. 8 C; HLB 13.3; hyd. no. 85; cloud pt. 65 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 213 C; ref. index 1.4888; surf. tens. 31.0 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting 4 s (0.25%); Ross-Miles foam 85 mm (initial, 0.1%, 120 F); 100% act.; nonionic
 - Environmental: Biodeg.
- Surfonic® N-102 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-10
 - CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-294-1
 - Uses: O/w emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for household cleaners, textiles, agric., metal cleaning, petrol., cosmetics, latex paints, cutting oils, janitorial supply industries; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.1010, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99
 - *Properties:* Clear sl. visc. lig.; sol. in acetone, methanol, xylene, CCl₄, water; m.w. 668; sp.gr. 1.065; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 290 cps; f.p. 9 C; HLB

13.5; hyd. no. 84; cloud pt. 81 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 204 C; ref. index 1.4884; surf. tens. 31.2 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting 4.5 s (0.25%); Ross-Miles foam 85 mm (initial, 0.1%, 120 F); 100% act.; non-ionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Surfonic® N-110 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-11 CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting agent, surf. tens. reducer, penetrant, dispersant for agric., metal/min. processing, pulp/paper, household laundry detergents, industrial cleaners, textiles, emulsion polymerization; low to mod. foaming; generally inert
- *Properties:* Sol. in water; m.w. 704; visc. 278 cps; HLB 13.8; hyd. no. 79.7; cloud pt. 72 C (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

- Surfonic® N-120 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-12

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: O/w emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for household cleaners, textile, agric., metal cleaning, petrol, cosmetic, latex paint, cutting oil, janitorial supply industries; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.1010, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99
- Properties: Clear sl. visc. liq.; sol. in acetone, methanol, xylene, CCl₄, water; m.w. 748; sp.gr. 1.070; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. 308 cps; f.p. 14 C; HLB 14.1; hyd. no. 75; cloud pt. 81 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 204 C; ref. index 1.4869; surf. tens. 32.3 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting 7 s (0.25%); Ross-Miles foam 110 mm (initial, 0.1%, 120 F); 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

- Surfonic® N-150 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-15

CAS 9016-45-9

Uses: O/w emulsifier, detergent, degreaser, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for household cleaners, textile, agric., metal cleaning, petrol, cosmetic, latex paint, cutting oil, janitorial supply industries; rec. for acid cleaners, hard surf. cleaners; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; enhanced high temp. stability

Regulatory: FDA 21ČFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120

Properties: Wh. waxy solid; sol. in acetone, methanol, xylene, CCl₄, water; m.w. 880; sp.gr. 1.065 (30/4 C); dens. 8.95 lb/gal; visc. 306 cps; f.p. 23 C; HLB 15.0; hyd. no. 64; cloud pt. 94 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 224 C; ref. index 1.4815 (30 C); surf. tens. 34.2 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting 17 s (0.25%); Ross-Miles foam 120 mm (initial, 0.1%, 120 F); 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Surfonic[®] N-200 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-20

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: O/w emulsifier, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for household cleaners, textile, agric., metal cleaning, crude oils, cosmetic, latex paint, cutting oil, janitorial supply industries, emulsion polymerization; effective emulsifier for waxes, oils, fats, and solvs.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; defoamer in food-contact coatings; rec. for high temp. and high electrolyte applics.
- *Regulatory*: FĎA 21CFŔ §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120
- Properties: Waxy solid; water-sol.; m.w. 1100; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; f.p. 34 C; HLB 15.8; hyd. no. 51; cloud pt. 72-73 C (1% in 10% brine); flash pt. (PMCC) 232 C; 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Surfonic® N-300 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-30

CAS 9016-45-9

Uses: O/w emulsifier, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for household cleaners, textile, agric., metal cleaning, petrol, cosmetic, latex paint, cutting oil, janitorial supply industries, emulsion polymerization; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings; rec. for high temp. and high electrolyte applics.

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99
- Properties: Solid; sol. in water; m.w. 1540; dens. 9.1 lb/gal; visc. 150-170 SUS (210 F); f.p. 44 C; HLB 17.1; hyd. no. 39; pour pt. 38 C; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) > 232 C; ref. index 1.4690 (50 C); 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Surfonic[®] N-400 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-40

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: O/w emulsifier, solubilizer used in textile scouring, agric. formulations, emulsion polymerization; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings; rec. for high temp. and high electrolyte applics.
- *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99
- *Properties:* Solid; sol. in water; m.w. 1980; HLB 17.8; hyd. no. 28; f.p. 43 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 277 C; 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

- Surfonic® N-500 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-50

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting agent, surf. tens. reducer, penetrant, dispersant for agric., metal/min. processing, pulp/paper, household laundry detergents, industrial cleaners, textiles, emulsion polymerization; low to mod. foaming; generally inert
- *Properties:* Sol. in water; m.w. 2420; f.p. 57 C; HLB 18.2; hyd. no. 24; 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Surfonic® N-550 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-55

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: O/w emulsifier, solubilizer for floor finishes; freeze/thaw stabilizer in latexes; intermediate for solv. emulsion cleaners; food-contact coatings, paper, cellophane, animal glues; defoamer in food-contact coatings; exc. stability at high temps.
- *Regulatory:* FĎA 21ĊFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 182.99
- Properties: Solid; highly water-sol.; m.w. 2640; HLB 18.3; hyd. no. 20; f.p. 57 C; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

- Surfonic® N-700 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-70

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: O/w emulsifier, solubilizer for floor finishes; freeze/thaw stabilizer in latexes; intermediate for solv. emulsion cleaners; food-contact coatings, paper, cellophane, animal glues; defoamer in food-contact coatings; exc. stability at high temps.
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 182.99
- *Properties:* Solid; highly water-sol.; m.w. 3300; HLB 18.7; hyd. no. 17; f.p. 58 C; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

- Surfonic® N-1000 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-100

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: O/w emulsifier, solubilizer used in mfg. of asphalt and emulsion polymerization; food-contact coatings, paper, cellophane, animal glues; defoamer in food-contact coatings; exc. stability at high temps.
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120
- Properties: Solid; highly water-sol.; m.w. 4620; HLB 19.0; hyd. no. 13; f.p. 60 C; 100% conc.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Surfonic® NB-307 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-30

- CAS 9016-45-9
- Uses: O/w emulsifier, solubilizer, and stabilizer for polymers, dye assistant, textile scouring agents, agric. formulations, emulsion polymerization; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers; emulsifier in mfg. of

food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings; rec. for high temp. and high electrolyte applics Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99 Properties: Liq.; water-sol.; m.w. 1540; HLB 17.1; hyd. no. 39; pour pt. 2 C; cloud pt. 78 C (1% in 10% NaCl); flash pt. (COC) > 196 C; 70% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeq. Surfonic® NB-407 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-40 CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: O/w emulsifier, solubilizer, and stabilizer for polymers, dye assistant, textile scouring agents, agric. formulations, emulsion polymerization; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings; rec. for high temp. and high electrolyte applics. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99 Properties: Liq.; water-sol.; m.w. 1980; HLB 17.8; hyd. no. 28; 70% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg. Surfonic® NB-557 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-55 CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: O/w emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; emulsifier and stabilizer for asphalt emulsion; solubilizer; food pkg. coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 182.99 Properties: Liq.; water-sol.; m.w. 2640; dens. 1.101 g/ml; visc. 1266 cps; HLB 18.3; pour pt. 13 C; flash pt. (PMCC) > 99 C; 70% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg. Surfonic® NB-1007 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-100 CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting agent, surf. tens. reducer, penetrant, dispersant for agric., metal/min. processing, pulp/paper, household laundry detergents, industrial cleaners, textiles, emulsion polymerization; low to mod. foaming; generally inert Properties: Sol. in water; m.w. 4620; HLB 19; pour pt. 0 C; 70% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg. Surfonic® OP-15 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-1.5 CAS 9002-93-1; EINECS/ELINCS 264-520-1 Uses: W/o emulsifier for surfactant and solv. prep. blends such as in pesticides, dry cleaning formulations, and polishes; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 182.99 Properties: Liq.; insol. in water; highly oil-sol.; m.w. 277; sp.gr. 0.985 (20/20 C); visc. 790 cps; HLB 5.1; hyd. no. 214; pour pt.-9 C; nonionic Environmental: Biodeq. Surfonic® OP-35 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-3.5 CAS 9002-93-1 Uses: W/o emulsifier, wetting agent, dispersant, detergent used for herbicides, metal cleaners, floor cleaners; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings; low foaming Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 182.99 Properties: Liq.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 1.023 (20/20 C); visc. 370 cps; HLB 8.6; hyd. no. 163; pour pt. -23 C; nonionic Environmental: Biodeq. Surfonic® OP-50 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-5 CAS 9002-93-1 Uses: W/o and o/w emulsifier for oils and fats; surfactant, wetting agent, emulsifier used in detergents, metal and hard surf. cleaners, solv. emulsion cleaners, pesticides, paper processing, textile mfg.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; multipurpose

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.1010, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99

Properties: Liq.; disp. in water; m.w. 426; sp.gr. 1.040 (20/20 C); visc. 290 cps; HLB 10.3; hyd. no. 141; pour pt. -9 C; 100% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeq.

Surfonic® OP-70 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-7

CAS 9002-93-1

- Uses: Hard surface detergent; o/w emulsifier for oils and fats; wetting agent, emulsifier used in detergents, metal and hard surf. cleaners, solv. emulsion cleaners, pesticides, paper processing, textile mfg.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; low foaming
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.1010, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in water; m.w. 514; sp.gr. 1.054 (20/20 C); visc. 260 cps; HLB 12.0; hyd. no. 108; pour pt. -26 C; cloud pt. 23 C (1% DI water); 100% conc.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Surfonic® OP-100 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: Octoxynol-10

CAS 9002-93-1

- Uses: Surfactant, o/w emulsifier used in household and industrial detergents, hot soak tank cleaners, metal cleaners; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; rec. for high temp. and high electrolyte applics.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.1010, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99
- *Properties:* Liq.; sol. in water; m.w. 646; sp.gr. 1.065 (20/20 C); visc. 240 cps; HLB 13.6; pour pt. 2 C; cloud pt. 66 C (1% in DI water); Draves wetting 3.6 s (0.1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg. Surfonic® OP-120 [Huntsman]

- Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-12 CAS 9002-93-1
- Uses: O/w emulsifier, solubilizer used in metal cleaning, industrial and household lig. detergents and cleaners, hard surf. cleaners, floor cleaners, detergent sanitizers; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; rec. for high temp. and high electrolyte applics.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.1010, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99
- Properties: Liq.; water-sol.; m.w. 734; sp.gr. 1.071 (20/20 C); visc. 330 cps; HLB 14.4; hyd. no. 77; cloud pt. 58 C (1% in 10% NaCl); Draves wetting 5.7 s (0.1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic
- Environmental: Biodeg
- Surfonic® OPB-167 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Octoxynol-16 in water

CAS 9002-93-1

- Uses: Coemulsifier for petrol. oils and solvs.; emulsifier in emulsion polymerization; wetting agent for acid and alkaline household and industrial detergents; surfactant in textiles, pulp/paper processing
- Properties: Sol. in water; m.w. 910; visc. 470 cps; HLB 15.5; pour pt. 16 C; cloud pt. 67 C (1% in 19% NaCl); nonionic Surfonic® OPB-407 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip .: Octoxynol-40

CAS 9002-93-1

- Uses: O/w emulsifier and stabilizer for polymers and waxes; dye assistant; textile scouring agent; solubilizer; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 182.99

Properties: Liq.; water-sol.; m.w. 1966; sp.gr. 1.102 (20/20 C); visc. 490 cps; f.p. 10 C; HLB 17.9; hyd. no. 28; cloud pt. 75 C (1% in 10% NaCl); Draves wetting 367 s (0.1% aq.); 70% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg. Surfonic® P-1 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Alcohol alkoxylate

Uses: Surfactant for metal cleaning, textile processing, paper mfg., water treatment, mech. dishwashing detergents, low foaming heavy-duty and all-

purpose laundry detergents Properties: Sol. in water; sp.gr. 0.975; visc. 90 cps; f.p.-30 C; cloud pt. 25 C (1% aq.); wetting 16 s (0.1%, in deionized water); nonionic Surfonic® P-3 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Alcohol alkoxylate Uses: Surfactant for metal cleaning, textile processing, paper mfg., water treatment, mech. dishwashing detergents, low foaming heavy-duty and allpurpose laundry detergents Properties: Sol. in water; sp.gr. 0.973; visc. 56 cps; f.p.-30 C; cloud pt. 35 C (1% aq.); wetting 7.2 s (0.1%, in deionized water); nonionic Surfonic® P-5 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Alcohol alkoxylate Uses: Surfactant for metal cleaning, textile processing, paper mfg., water treatment, mech. dishwashing detergents, low foaming heavy-duty and allpurpose laundry detergents Properties: Sol. in water; sp.gr. 0.985; visc. 85 cps; f.p.-26 C; cloud pt. 45 C (1% aq.); wetting 9.7 s (0.1%, in deionized water); nonionic Surfonic® P-6 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: Alcohol alkoxylate Uses: Surfactant for metal cleaning, textile processing, paper mfg., water treatment, mech. dishwashing detergents, low foaming heavy-duty and allpurpose laundry detergents Properties: Sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.018; f.p. 4 C; cloud pt. 35 C (10% in 25% butyl diglycol); wetting 12.6 s (0.1%, in deionized water); nonionic Surfonic® POA-25R2 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: EO/PO block copolymer CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Defoamer for metalworking, textiles, pulp/paper, water treatment, I&I cleaners, industrial and mech. dishwash; rinse aid for automatic dishwashing and windshield washing; lubricant for metalworking; flotation collector for deinking and recycling of waste paper Properties: Sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.02; visc. 580 cps; HLB 6.3; f.p. - 5 C; cloud pt. 30 C (1%); nonionic Surfonic® POA-L42 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: EO/PO block copolymer CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Defoamer for metalworking, textiles, pulp/paper, water treatment, I&I cleaners, industrial and mech. dishwash; rinse aid for automatic dishwashing and windshield washing; lubricant for metalworking; flotation collector for deinking and recycling of waste paper Properties: Sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.04; visc. 225-310 cps; HLB 4.2; f.p. - 26 C; cloud pt. 37 C (1%); nonionic Surfonic® POA-L44 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: EO/PO block copolymer CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Defoamer for metalworking, textiles, pulp/paper, water treatment, I&I cleaners, industrial and mech. dishwash; rinse aid for automatic dishwashing and windshield washing; lubricant for metalworking; flotation collector for deinking and recycling of waste paper Properties: Sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.04; visc. 440 cps; HLB 16; pour pt. 16 C; cloud pt. 71 C (10%); nonionic Surfonic® POA-L61 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO block copolymer CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Defoamer for metalworking, textiles, pulp/paper, water treatment, I&I cleaners, industrial and mech. dishwash; rinse aid for automatic dishwashing and windshield washing; lubricant for metalworking; flotation collector for deinking and recycling of waste paper Properties: Sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.02; visc. 366 cps; HLB 3; pour pt. - 30 C; cloud pt. 24 C (1%); nonionic Surfonic® POA-L62 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO block copolymer CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Defoamer for metalworking, textiles, pulp/paper, water treatment, I&I cleaners, industrial and mech. dishwash; rinse aid for automatic dishwashing and windshield washing; lubricant for metalworking; flotation collector for deinking and recycling of waste paper Properties: Sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.04; visc. 450 cps; HLB 7; pour pt. - 4 C;

cloud pt. 32 C (1%); nonionic

Surfonic[®] POA-L62LF [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO block copolymer CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Defoamer for metalworking, textiles, pulp/paper, water treatment, I&I cleaners, industrial and mech. dishwash; rinse aid for automatic dishwashing and windshield washing; lubricant for metalworking; flotation collector for deinking and recycling of waste paper

Properties: Sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.04; visc. 300-650 cps; HLB 6.6; pour pt. - 10 C; cloud pt. 28 C (1%); nonionic

Surfonic® POA-L64 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO block copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Defoamer for metalworking, textiles, pulp/paper, water treatment, I&I cleaners, industrial and mech. dishwash; rinse aid for automatic dishwashing and windshield washing; lubricant for metalworking; flotation collector for deinking and recycling of waste paper

Properties: Sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.04; visc. 400-800 cps; HLB 15; pour pt. 16 C; cloud pt. 57 C (10%); nonionic

Surfonic® POA-L81 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO block copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Defoamer for metalworking, textiles, pulp/paper, water treatment, I&I cleaners, industrial and mech. dishwash; rinse aid for automatic dishwashing and windshield washing; lubricant for metalworking; flotation collector for deinking and recycling of waste paper
- Properties: Disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.02; visc. 518 cps; HLB 2; pour pt. 20 C; cloud pt. 20 C (1%); nonionic

Surfonic[®] POA-L101 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO block copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Defoamer for metalworking, textiles, pulp/paper, water treatment, I&I cleaners, industrial and mech. dishwash; rinse aid for automatic dishwashing and windshield washing; lubricant for metalworking; flotation collector for deinking and recycling of waste paper
- Properties: Insol. in water; sp.gr. 1.02; visc. 800 cps; HLB 1; pour pt. 23 C; cloud pt. 15 C (1%); nonionic

Surfonic[®] POA-LF1 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO block copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Defoamer for metalworking, textiles, pulp/paper, water treatment, I&I cleaners, industrial and mech. dishwash; rinse aid for automatic dishwashing and windshield washing; lubricant for metalworking; flotation collector for deinking and recycling of waste paper
- Properties: Sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.01; visc. 366 cps; HLB 3; pour pt. 25 C; cloud pt. 24 C (1%); nonionic

Surfonic[®] POA-LF2 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO block copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Defoamer for metalworking, textiles, pulp/paper, water treatment, I&I cleaners, industrial and mech. dishwash; rinse aid for automatic dishwashing and windshield washing; lubricant for metalworking; flotation collector for deinking and recycling of waste paper

Properties: Sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.04; visc. 320-450 cps; cloud pt. 32 C (1%); nonionic

Surfonic® POA-LF5 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO block copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Defoamer for metalworking, textiles, pulp/paper, water treatment, I&I cleaners, industrial and mech. dishwash; rinse aid for automatic dishwashing and windshield washing; lubricant for metalworking; flotation collector for deinking and recycling of waste paper
- Properties: Sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.01; visc. 108 cps; cloud pt. 25 C (10%); nonionic

Surfonic® POA-S38 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO block copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Defoamer for metalworking, textiles, pulp/paper, water treatment, I&I cleaners, industrial and mech. dishwash; rinse aid for automatic dishwashing and windshield washing; lubricant for metalworking; flotation collector for deinking and recycling of waste paper

Properties: Solid; sol. in water; cloud pt. 100 C min. (10%); nonionic

Surfonic® TDA-9 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Isotrideceth-9

Uses: O/w emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent, detergent, degreaser for hard surf. cleaners, textile processing; pitch dispersant for pulp/paper processing

Properties: Liq.; sol. in water; m.w. 595; HLB 13.3; hyd. no. 94; pour pt. 18 C; cloud pt. 54 C (1% DI water); 100% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeq. Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from moisture hazard Surfonic® TOFA-5 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-5 tallate CAS 61791-00-2 Uses: Emulsifier for min. and animal oils, cosmetics, agric.; defoamer in effluent treatment, pulp/paper processes; low foaming additive in detergents, I&I hard surf. cleaners, pulp/paper chems. Properties: M.w. 535; HLB 8.2; hyd. no. 113; sapon. no. 108; pH 7.0; nonionic Surfonic® TOFA-6 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-6 tallate CAS 61791-00-2 Uses: Emulsifier for min. and animal oils, cosmetics, agric.; defoamer in effluent treatment, pulp/paper processes; low foaming additive in detergents, I&I hard surf. cleaners, pulp/paper chems. glycol Properties: M.w. 558; HLB 9.7; sapon. no. 104; nonionic Surfonic® TOFA-X10 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-10 tallate CAS 61791-00-2 Uses: Emulsifier for min. and animal oils, cosmetics, agric.; defoamer in effluent treatment, pulp/paper processes; low foaming additive in detergents, I&I hard surf. cleaners, pulp/paper chems. Properties: M.w. 817; HLB 13.0; sapon. no. 66; nonionic Surfonic® TOFA-20 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-20 tallate CAS 61791-00-2 Uses: Emulsifier for min. and animal oils, cosmetics, agric.; defoamer in effluent treatment, pulp/paper processes; low foaming additive in detergents, 1&I hard surf. cleaners, pulp/paper chems. Properties: M.w. 1415; HLB 14.8; sapon. no. 48; nonionic Surfynol® 61 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] alcohol *Chem. Descrip.:* 3,5-Dimethyl 1-hexyn-3-ol CAS 107-54-0; EINECS/ELÍNCS 203-500-9 Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent used for paper coatings, inks, floor polishes, and glass cleaning formulations; cleaner in silicon wafer industry Properties: Colorless clear liq., camphoric odor; misc. with acetone, benzene, CCl₄, diethylene glycol, ethanol, ethyl acetate, kerosene, MEK, min. oil, min. spirits, petrol. ether, Stod., naphtha; sp.gr. 0.8545; dens. 7.2 lb/gal; f.p. -68 C; b.p. 151 C; HLB 6-7; flash pt. (TOC) 135 F; ref. index 1.4353; surf. tens. 56.4 (0.1% aq.); Draves wetting < 300 s (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic Surfynol® 104A [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] *Chem. Descrip.:* Tetramethyl decynediol and 2-ethyl hexanol Uses: Defoamer, wetting agent for PVC prod., emulsion polymerization, pesticides, coatings, dyestuffs, paper coatings, aq. systems; lubricant for metalworking formulations Regulatory: EPA approved lene glycol *Properties:* Lt. yel. liq.; sp.gr. 0.869; dens. 7.2 lb/gal; HLB 4.0; m.p. < 0 C; surf. tens. 33.0 (0.1% aq.); 50% conc.; nonionic Surfynol® 104BC [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] *Čhem. Descrip.:* Tetramethyl decynediol in 2-butoxy ethanol Uses: Wetting agent, defoamer in aq. systems, e.g., coatings, adhesives, inks, cements, metalworking fluids, latex dipping and paper coatings Properties: Lt. yel. mobile liq., menthol odor; sol. < 1% in water; sp.gr. 0.903; dens. 7.6 lb/gal; vapor pressure 11 mm Hg; HLB 4.0; m.p. < -40 C; b.p. 111 C (100 mm); flash pt. (Seta CC) 76 C; 50% conc.; nonionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1400 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 10,000 mg/kg; coatings, paper severe eye irritant; mod. skin irritant; mod. respiratory tract irritant; absorp. thru skin may cause headache, nausea; TSCA listed Precaution: Combustible; ignition will cause class B fire; incompat. with oxidizing agents, dehydrating agents, alkalis Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Flamm. HC fragments, CO, CO2, irritating and toxic fumes at elevated temps. Storage: Store in cool, dry, ventilated area in closed containers; keep away CAS 9014-85-1 from oxidizers, heat, flame Surfynol® 104DPM [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: 50% Surfynol 104 in dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether Uses: Wetting agent and defoamer for coatings (acrylic, alkyd, epoxy, SBR, PU, PVAc), inks, adhesives, paper coatings, overprint varnishes, fountain Properties: Lt. yel. liq., menthol odor; sol. 0.2% in water; sp.gr. 0.928, dens. 7.8 lb/gal, m.p. -5 C ; b.p. 212 C; HLB 4; flash pt. (CC) 89 C; 75% act.

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 1860 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; severe eye irritant; mild skin irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible; keep away from oxidizers, heat, flames, sparks; incompat. with reactive metals, hypochlorite, dehydrators; reaction with peroxides may result in violent decomp. of peroxide, possibly explosion Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: May generate CO, CO₂, flamm. hydrocarbon

fragments, aldehydes, ketones upon burning

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in cool, dry area in closed containers

- Surfynol[®] 104E [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: 50% Surfynol 104 (tetramethyl decynediol); 50% ethylene
 - Uses: Wetting agent, defoamer, dispersant, visc. stabilizer for emulsion polymerization, PVC prod., coatings, latex dipping, paper coatings, foundry, adhesives, dyes, pigments, oil field, hard surf. cleaners, metalworking fluids, textiles, cement, electroplating
 - Regulatory: EPA approved

Properties: Lt. yel. clear liq., sol. 0.2% in water; sp.gr. 0.999, dens. 8.3 lb/ gal, m.p. < 0 C; HLB 4; surf. tens. 36.2 (0.1% aq.); 50% conc.; nonionic

Surfynol® 104H [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Tetramethyl decynediol in ethylene glycol Uses: Wetting agent, defoamer in aq. systems, e.g., coatings, adhesives, inks, cements, metalworking fluids, latex dipping and paper coatings
- Properties: Lt. yel. clear liq.; sp.gr. 0.951; dens. 7.9 lb/gal; HLB 4.0; m.p. 10 C; surf. tens. 33.8 (0.1% aq.); 75% conc.; nonionic
- Surfynol® 104NP [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: 50% Surfynol 104 (tetramethyl decynediol) in n-propyl

- Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, dispersant, visc. stabilizer, and defoamer for aq. systems incl. coatings, printing inks, wood finishes, overprint varnishes, fountain sol'ns., pressure-sensitive adhesives, paper coatings, agric., metalworking fluids, cement
- Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; sp.gr. 0.856; dens. 7.1 lb/gal; m.p. -20 C; HLB 4.0; 50% act.; nonionic

Surfynol[®] 104PA [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Tetramethyl decynediol in IPA

- Uses: Wetting agent, defoamer in aq. systems, e.g., coatings, adhesives, inks, cements, metalworking fluids, latex dipping, paper coatings, emulsion polymerization, PVC prod.
- Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; sp.gr. 0.839 (25 C); dens. 8.1 lb/gal; HLB 4.0; m.p. -16 C; 50% conc.; nonionic
- Surfynol® 104PG-50 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: 50% Surfynol 104 (tetramethyl decynediol); 50% propy-

Uses: Wetting agent, defoamer for coatings, paper coatings, aq. inks, overprint varnishes, fountain sol'ns., adhesives, pigments, dye milling, agric., foundry, hard-surf. cleaners, emulsion polymerization, electroplating

Properties: Lt. yel. liq., sol. 0.2% in water; sp.gr. 0.971, dens. 8.1 lb/gal, m.p. -16 C, HLB 4; 50% conc.; nonionic Surfynol® 420 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-1.3 tetramethyl decynediol

- Uses: Wetting agent, defoamer, dispersant for ag. coatings, inks, adhesives, agric., electroplating, oil field chems., paper coatings; food pkg. adhesives,
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.200

Properties: Straw-colored liq.; sol. in CCl4, xylene, ethylene glycol, min. oil; sl. sol. in dist. water; sp.gr. 0.943; visc. < 250 cps; HLB 4.0; pour pt. -13 F; pH 6-8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 32 dynes/cm (0.1%); nonionic

Surfynol® 440 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-3.5 tetramethyl decynediol

Uses: Defoamer, rewetting agent, and leveling agent for paperboard coatings, agric., water-based industrial finishes; metal cleaning and plating bath additive; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper

Properties: Straw clear liq.; sol. in CCl₄, xylene, ethylene glycol, min. oil; sl. sol. in dist. water; sp.gr. 0.982; HLB 8.0; pour pt. -55 F; pH 6-8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 33.2 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic

Surfynol® 465 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-10 tetramethyl decynediol

CAS 9014-85-1

- Uses: Wetting agent, defoamer for aq. coatings, inks, adhesives; surfactant for emulsion polymerization; electroplating additive; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, EPA compliance
- Properties: Straw clear liq.; sol. in water, CCl₄, xylene, ethylene glycol, min. oil; sp.gr. 1.038; visc. < 200 cps; HLB 13.0; pour pt. 44 F; cloud pt. 63 C (5%); pH 6-8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 33.2 (0.1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic Surfynol® 485 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-30 tetramethyl decynediol

CAS 9014-85-1

- Uses: Wetting agent, defoamer for aq. coatings, inks, adhesives, agric., electroplating, oil field chems., paper coatings, emulsion polymerization; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, EPA compliance
- Properties: Straw clear liq.; sol. in water, CCl₄, xylene, ethylene glycol, min. oil; sp.gr. 1.080; visc. < 350 cps; HLB 17.0; pour pt. 85 F; cloud pt. > 100 C (5%); pH 6-8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 40.1 (0.1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic

Surfynol[®] 502 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone acetylenic diol-based surfactant

Uses: Defoamer, flow control agent, leveling agent for coatings (acrylic, alkyd, epoxy, SBR, PU, PVAc), paper coatings, aq. inks, overprint varnishes, fountain sol'ns., dye milling, adhesives, latex dipping, foundry, hardsurf. cleaners; in adhesives for food pkg.; provides exc. defect-free coverage over difficult-to-wet substrates in aq. systems; used over plastics, metals, wood, previously coated materials, inks

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105

Properties: Straw-colored clear liq.; sol. 0.15% in water; sp.gr. 0.9436; visc. 170 cps; f.p. 32 F; pour pt. 77 F; cloud pt. none; pH 6.6; surf. tens. 35.2 dynes/cm (dynamic, 0.1% aq.); 78% act. Toxicology: TSCA listed

Surfynol® 504 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Nonsilicone, solvent-free acetylenic diol-based
- Uses: Wetting agent for coatings (acrylic, alkyd, epoxy, SBR, PU, PVAc), paper coatings, aq. inks, overprint varnishes, adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; provides exc. detect-free coverage over difficult-towet substrates (plastics, metal, wood, previously coated materials) in aq. systems
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180
- Properties: Straw-colored clear liq.; sol. 0.55 % in water; sp.gr. 1.0514; visc. 260 cps; f.p. 5 F: pour pt. 32 F; cloud pt. none; pH 6.9; surf. tens. 31.4 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); 80% act.

Surfynol® DF-37 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.; Air Prods. Nederland BV]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone-free org. acetylenic-based defoamer

- Uses: Dewebbing agent; defoamer, wetting agent for latex gloves, aq. coating dipping processes, paper coatings, and other aq. systems (inks, adhesives, coatings, agric., cement, metalworking fluids); food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, rubber articles; minimizes web formation
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.2600 Properties: Translucent pale yel. liq.; emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 0.941; b.p. > 380 F; flash pt. > 280 F; 100% act.

Surfynol® DF-70 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Organic defoamer

Uses: Defoamer for aq. systems, printing inks, coatings, paper coatings, adhesives, esp. acrylic and styrene-acrylic formulations; defoamer in foodcontact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200,

176.210

Properties: Pale tan opaque liq.; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.90; visc. 800 cps; b.p. 106 C; flash pt. (Seta) > 229 F; pH 6.9 (5% disp.); 100% act.

Surfynol® DF-75 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.; Air Prods. Nederland BV] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone-free organic-based defoamer

Uses: Defoamer for aq. systems, e.g., inks, adhesives, coatings, overprint varnishes, paper coatings, acrylic systems; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food pkg. adhesives, coatings; minimal contribution to VOC emissions

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.200, 176.210 Properties: Amber opaque liq.; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.99; b.p. 240 F; flash pt. > 400 F; pH 8.0 (5% disp.); 100% act.

Surfynol® DF-110D [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Higher m.w. acetylenic glycol in dipropylene glycol Uses: Defoamer, de-air entrainment aid for aq. coatings, inks, adhesives, and highly pigmented systems (concrete, paper coatings, grouts, ceramics), PVC prod., emulsion polymerization Properties: Lig.; HLB 3.0; nonionic

Surfynol® DF-110L [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.; Air Prods. Nederland BV] *Chem. Descrip.:* Higher m.w. acetylenic glycol in mixed glycols Uses: Defoamer, de-air entrainment aid for ag. coatings, inks, adhesives, and highly pigmented systems (concrete, paper coatings, grouts, ceramics), PVC prod., emulsion polymerization Properties: Liq.; HLB 3.0; nonionic

Surfynol® DF-695 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

Čhem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsion

Uses: Defoamer for water-based coatings (acrylic, alkyd, epoxy, SBR, PU, PVAc) and inks, esp. useful in acrylic-resinated systems; food pkg. adhesives, coatings; defoamer in food-contact coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200

Properties: Milky liq.; emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 1.04; visc. 9000 cps; pH 7.3; 0.3% VOC

Surfynol® PC [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Acetylenic glycol

CAS 126-86-3; EINECS/ELINCS 204-809-1

- Uses: Defoamer in paper coating and adhesive latexes; antishock agent for paper coatings
- Properties: Lt. yel. clear mobile liq.; sp.gr. 0.985; dens. 8.0 lb/gal; pour pt. 15 F; cloud pt. 47 F; 100% conc.; nonionic

Surfynol® PG-50 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Tetramethyl decynediol in propylene glycol Uses: Wetting agent and defoamer in water-based systems, e.g., coatings, adhesives, inks, cements, metalworking fluids, latex dipping and paper coatings

Properties: 50% conc.; nonionic

Surfynol® PSA-336 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

Uses: Surfactant for use in waterborne pressure-sensitive and laminating adhesives; powerful wetting agent providing exc. wetting of low-visc. adhesives over difficult-to-wet surfs. like films and silicone release liners; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; solvent-free; low foaming tendencies Use Level: 0.3-1%

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180

Surfynol[®] SE [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Derived from Surfynol 104 (tetramethyl decynediol) Uses: Wetting agent, foam control agent in pressure-sensitive adhesives, aq. lubricants, water-based paints, inks, dye processing, agric. formulations, and paper coatings

Regulatory: EPA approved

Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; misc. @ 50% in acetone, xylene, kerosene, perchloroethylene, IPA, butyl Cellosolve, propylene glycol; sp.gr. 0.94; dens. 7.8 Ib/gal; visc. 160 cps; HLB 4-5; surf. tens. 32 dynes/cm (0.1%); Draves wetting 17 s (0.1%); nonionic

Surfynol® SE-F [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Surfactant blend

Uses: Wetting agent, foam control agent for aq. pressure-sensitive adhesives, aq. lubricants, paints, paper coatings, dye processing, and aq. inks; defoamer in food-contact coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.200

Properties: Liq.; HLB 4-5; nonionic Surfynol® SM-740 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyether-modified silicone prod.

Uses: Surfactant, slip agent, mar resist. aid, lubricant, scratch resist. aid for coating and ink films for waterborne or solvent-borne formulations incl. wood and container coatings (acrylic, alkyd, epoxy, SBR, PU, PVAc), overprint varnishes and flexible pkg. inks; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper Use Level: 0.25-1%
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180
- Properties: Clear visc. liq., mild pleasant odor; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 0.982; dens. 8.7 lb/gal (70 F); visc. < 200 cps; vapor pressure 9.3 mm Hg; b.p. 93 C; flash pt. (Seta) > 230 F; < 1% VOC; 100% act.
- *Toxicology:* Mod. eye and respiratory tract irritant; absorp. thru skin may cause nausea, headache; ing. may cause headache, nausea, vomiting; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; ignition will cause class B fire; incompat. with oxidizing agents
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, SiO₂, irritating and toxic fumes at elevated temps.
- Storage: Store in cool, dry, ventilated area in closed containers away from heat, flames, ignition sources
- Surfynol® SM-745 [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Polyether-modified silicone prod. in n-butyl alcohol
 - Uses: Slip agent, mar resist. aid, lubricant, and scratch resist. aid for coating and ink films for waterborne or solvent-borne formulations incl. wood and container coatings (acrylic, alkyd, epoxy, SBR, PU, PVAc), overprint varnishes and flexible pkg. inks; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper Use Level: 0.25-1%
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180
 - Properties: Lt. tan clear visc. liq., butyl alcohol odor; sl. sol. in water; sp.gr. 0.9; dens. 7.6 lb/gal; visc. 50 cps; b.p. 117 C; flash pt. (Seta) 102 F; 50% VOC; 50% act.
 - Toxicology: Mod. eye and respiratory tract irritant; inh. of vapors may cause coughing and chest pain; ing. may cause headache, nausea, vomiting; TSCA listed
 - Precaution: Combustible; ignition will cause class B fire; incompat. with oxidizing agents
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, SiO₂, irritating and toxic fumes at elevated temps.
 - Storage: Store in cool, dry, ventilated area in closed containers away from oxidizers, heat, flame, ignition sources
- Surfynol® TG [Air Prods./Perf. Chems.]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Tetramethyl decynediol and ethylene glycol
 - Uses: Pigment and substrate wetting agent/grinding agent used in latex and water-reducible paints, adhesives, paper coatings, and pigmented aq. systems
 - Properties: Lt. yel. clear liq.; sp.gr. 1.000; HLB 9-10; surf. tens. 27.6 (0.1% aq.); 83% conc.; nonionic
- Surmax[®] CS-504 [Chemax]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Surfactant
 - Uses: Surfactant for formulating detergent concs.; mod. foaming agent, wetting agent, detergent for metalworking formulas, paint strippers, tire cleaners, transportation cleaners, dairy and food plant cleaners, paper felt washing, sanitizers, wax strippers; alkaline-stable
 - Properties: Clear amber to brn. liq.; mild odor; sol. in min. acids; sp.gr. 1.19; visc. 1390 cps; pour pt. < 15 F; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) > 100 C; pH 7 (5% aq.); surf. tens. 38 dynes/cm (0.05% aq.); 80% active in water; modified anionic
 - *Toxicology:* Nontoxic; moderate to severe eye and skin irritant; LD50 (oral) > 5 g/kg; LD50 (dermal) > 2 g/kg
 - Environmental: Biodeg.
- Surmax[®] CS-515 [Chemax]
- Chem. Descrip .: Surfactant
- Uses: Surfactant for formulating detergent concs.; mod. foaming agent, wetting agent, detergent for metalworking formulas, paint strippers, tire cleaners, transportation cleaners, dairy and food plant cleaners, paper felt washing, sanitizers, wax strippers; alkaline-stable
- Properties: Clear amber to brn. liq.; mild odor; sol. in min. acids; sp.gr. 1.20; visc. 1490 cps; pour pt. < 15 F; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) > 100 C; pH 7 (5% aq.); surf. tens. 40 dynes/cm (0.05% aq.); 80% active in water; modified anionic
- Toxicology: Nontoxic; moderate to severe eye and skin irritant; LD50 (oral) > 5 g/kg; LD50 (dermal) > 2 g/kg
- *Environmental:* Biodeg.
- Surmax[®] CS-521 [Chemax]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Surfactant
 - Uses: Surfactant for formulating detergent concs.; wetting agent, detergent for metalworking formulas, paint strippers, tire cleaners, transportation cleaners, dairy and food plant cleaners, paper felt washing, sanitizers, wax strippers; alkaline-stable; low foaming

- Properties: Clear amber to brn. liq.; mild odor; sol. in min. acids; sp.gr. 1.17; visc. 1280 cps; pour pt. < 15 F; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) > 100 C; pH 7 (5% aq.); surf. tens. 57 dynes/cm (0.05% aq.); 80% active in water; modified anionic
- Toxicology: Nontoxic; moderate to severe eye and skin irritant; LD50 (oral) > 5 g/kg; LD50 (dermal) > 2 g/kg
- Environmental: Biodeg.
- Surmax[®] CS-522 [Chemax]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Surfactant
 - Uses: Surfactant for formulating detergent concs.; wetting agent, detergent for metalworking formulas, paint strippers, tire cleaners, transportation cleaners, dairy and food plant cleaners, paper felt washing, sanitizers, wax strippers; alkaline-stable; low foaming
 - Properties: Clear amber to brn. liq.; mild odor; sol. in min. acids; sp.gr. 1.18; visc. 1550 cps; pour pt. < 15 F; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (COC) > 100 C; pH 7 (5% aq.); surf. tens. 51 dynes/cm (0.05% aq.); 80% active in water; modified anionic
 - *Toxicology:* Nontoxic; moderate to severe eye and skin irritant; LD50 (oral) > 5 g/kg; LD50 (dermal) > 2 g/kg
- Environmental: Biodeg.
- Surmax® CS-555 [Chemax]
- Chem. Descrip.: Surfactant
 - Uses: Surfactant for formulating detergent concs.; wetting agent, detergent for metalworking formulas, paint strippers, tire cleaners, transportation cleaners, dairy and food plant cleaners, paper felt washing, sanitizers, wax strippers; alkaline-stable
 - Properties: Liq.; 60% act.; modified anionic
- Environmental: Biodeg.
- Surmax® CS-586 [Chemax]
- Chem. Descrip .: Surfactant
 - Uses: Surfactant for formulating detergent concs.; wetting agent, detergent for metalworking formulas, paint strippers, tire cleaners, transportation cleaners, dairy and food plant cleaners, paper felt washing, sanitizers, wax strippers; alkaline-stable
 - Properties: Liq.; 80% act.; modified anionic
- Environmental: Biodeg.
- Suspengel 200 [Cimbar Perf. Mins.]
- Chem. Descrip.: Montmorillonite
 - Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (63.6%), Al₂O₃ (21.4%), FeO₃ (3.8%), Na₂O (2.7%), MgO (2%)
 - CAS 1318-93-0; EINECS/ELINCS 215-288-5
 - Uses: Filler used in coatings, adhesives, caulks, sealants, ceramics, pesticides, fertilizers, fungicides, foundry/refractory, water and waste treatment, pond/lake sealing, paper industry
 - Properties: 80% thru 200 mesh (dry); sp.gr. 2.5; bulk dens. 72 (compacted); apparent visc. 9.5 cps; surf. area 20 m²/g; oil absorp. 38 lb/100lb; pH (6%) 9
- Suspengel 325 [Cimbar Perf. Mins.]
- *Chem. Descrip.:* Montmorillonite
 - Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (63.6%), Al₂O₃ (21.4%), FeO₃ (3.8%), Na₂O (2.7%), MgO (2%)
 - CAS 1318-93-0; EINECS/ELINCS 215-288-5
 - Uses: Filler used in coatings, adhesives, caulks, sealants, ceramics, pesticides, fertilizers, fungicides, foundry/refractory, water and waste treatment, pond/lake sealing, paper industry
- Properties: 98% thru 325 mesh (dry); sp.gr. 2.5; bulk dens. 60 (compacted); apparent visc. 12.5 cps; surf. area 20 m²/g; oil absorp. 41 lb/100lb; pH (6%) 9
- Suspengel Plus 200 [Cimbar Perf. Mins.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Montmorillonite Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (63.3%), Al₂O₃ (21.4%), Fe₂O₃ (3.8%), Na₂O (2.5%), MqO (2.3%)
 - CAS 1318-93-0; EINECS/ELINCS 215-288-5
 - Uses: Filler used in coatings, adhesives, caulks, sealants, ceramics, pesticides, fertilizers, fungicides, foundry/refractory, water and waste treatment, pond/lake sealing, paper industry
 - Properties: 80% thru 200 mesh (dry); sp.gr. 2.5; bulk dens. 72 (compacted); apparent visc. 18 cps; surf. area 20 m²/g; absorp. 20 m²/g; oil absorp. 34 lb/ 100lb; pH (6%) 9
- Suspengel Plus 325 [Cimbar Perf. Mins.]

Chem. Descrip.: Montmorillonite Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (63.3%), Al₂O₃ (21.4%), Fe₂O₃ (3.8%), Na₂O (2.5%),

CAS 1318-93-0; EINECS/ELINCS 215-288-5

- Uses: Filler used in coatings, adhesives, caulks, sealants, ceramics, pesticides, fertilizers, fungicides, foundry/refractory, water and waste treatment, pond/lake sealing, paper industry
- Properties: 98% thru 325 mesh (dry); sp.gr. 2.5; bulk dens. 61 (compacted); apparent visc. 20 cps; surf. area 20 m²/g; absorp. 20 m²/g; oil absorp. 37 lb/ 100lb; pH (6%) 9
- Suwax [Sood Paper & Allied Chems.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Modified wax emulsion
 - Uses: Paper aux. for controlling rosin consumption in sizing of paper and boards; added at hydropulper or mixing chest prior to addition of rosin; imparts better finish, gloss, and printing gualities; good stability to acids Properties: PH 5.5-6.5; 16 ± 1% solids; nonionic
 - Storage: 6 mos shelf life

SWS-101 Dimethyl Fluids [Wacker Silicones]

- Chem. Descrip.: Dimethylpolysiloxane terminated with nonreactive trimethylsiloxy groups
- CAS 9006-65-9
- Uses: For dielec. coolants, brake fluids, lubricants, auto care prods., release, heat transfer, aerosols, damping media, household prods., antifoam agents, cosmetics, shock absorbers; lubricant, antitackifier, emollient, and water barrier for skin care prods.; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; features inertness, heat and oxidative stability, exc. elec. props.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 176.200, 176.210; EPA 40CFR §181.1001(c)(d)
- Properties: Colorless clear lig.; misc. with nonpolar ligs. (hydrocarbons, chlorinated hydrocarbons, ethers); range of visc.; ref. index 1.35-1.41; dielec. str. 350 V/mil; dielec. const. 2.7 (100 cycles); vol. resist. 1 x 10¹⁴ ohm-cm (500 V)

Sylophobic [Fuji Silysia]

- Chem. Descrip .: Syn. amorphous silica treated to be hydrophobic on surface; based on Sylysia grades
- CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4
- Uses: Improves water, weather, and chem. resist. in paints; antiblocking agent in plastics; improves adhesion and water resist. in adhesives; antibleeding agent, thickener for inks and papers for printing; also for cosmetics

Sylvaros® R [Arizona]

- Chem. Descrip.: Polymerized rosin
- Uses: Tackifier for pressure-sensitive adhesives, construction adhesives, pick-up gums for labeling; adhesion promoter for difficult-to-bond substrates; food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1210, 178.3870
- Properties: Gardner 8 color; soften. pt. (R&B) 77 C; acid no. 157

Sylvatac® 5N [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Rosin ester

- Uses: Tackifier for adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210; only as reactant in oil-based or fatty acid-based alkyd resins
- Properties: Gardner 10 max. liq.; acid no. 60-66

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Sylvatac® 40N [Arizona]
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Chem. Descrip.: Rosin ester

Uses: Tackifier for adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210

- Properties: Gardner 7+ max. color; soften. pt. (R&B) 42 C; acid no. 3-11
- Sylvatac® 80N [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Rosin ester

- Uses: Tackifier for adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1210, 178.3870

Properties: Gardner 7 max. color; soften. pt. (R&B) 81 C; acid no. 3-11 Sylvatac® 100NS [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Rosin ester

Uses: Tackifier for adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; de-

foamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210 Properties: Gardner 9 max. color; soften. pt. (R&B) 100 C; acid no. 5-13 Sylvatac® 105NS [Arizona] Chem. Descrip .: Rosin ester Uses: Tackifier for adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210 Properties: Gardner 8 max. color; soften. pt. (R&B) 105 C; acid no. 5-13 Sylvatac® 295 [Arizona] Chem. Descrip.: Polymerized rosin Uses: Tackifier for pressure-sensitive adhesives, construction adhesives, pick-up gums for labeling; adhesion promoter for difficult-to-bond substrates; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1210, 178.3870 Properties: Gardner 7 color; visc. 9000-13,000 cps (250 F); soften. pt. (R&B) 97 C; acid no. 158-165 Sylvatac® 1085 [Arizona] Chem. Descrip .: Rosin ester Uses: Tackifier for adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1210, 178.3870 Properties: Gardner 5 max. color; soften. pt. (R&B) 85 C; acid no. 3-11 Sylvatac® 1100 [Arizona] Chem. Descrip .: Rosin ester Uses: Tackifier for adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210 Properties: Gardner 5 max. color; soften. pt. (R&B) 100 C; acid no. 5-13 Sylvatac® 1103 [Arizona] Chem. Descrip.: Rosin ester Uses: Tackifier for adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210 Properties: Gardner 5 max. color; soften. pt. (R&B) 102 C; acid no. 5-13 Sylvatac® 2110 [Arizona] Chem. Descrip.: Rosin ester Uses: Tackifier for adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210 Properties: Gardner 5 max. color; soften. pt. (R&B) 108 C; acid no. 9 max. Sylvatac® 4083 [Arizona] Chem. Descrip.: Rosin ester Uses: Tackifier for food pkg. adhesives, resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.1210 Properties: Gardner 4+ color; soften. pt. (R&B) 97 C; acid no. 60 Sylvatac® 4105 [Arizona] Chem. Descrip.: Rosin ester Uses: Tackifier for food pkg. adhesives, resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.1210 Properties: Gardner 4+ color; soften. pt. (R&B) 106 C; acid no. 10 Sylvatac® 4136 [Arizona] Chem. Descrip .: Rosin ester Uses: Tackifier for food pkg. adhesives, resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.1210 Properties: Gardner 4+ color; soften. pt. (R&B) 85 C; acid no. 9 Sylvatac® 4203 [Arizona] Chem. Descrip.: Rosin ester Uses: Tackifier for food pkg. adhesives, resinous/polymeric food-contact

coatings, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.1210

food-contact paper/paperboard

Properties: Gardner 4 color; soften. pt. (R&B) 99 C; acid no. 13 Sylvatac® 4216 [Arizona]

- Chem. Descrip .: Rosin ester
- Uses: Tackifier for food pkg. adhesives, resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.1210
- Properties: Gardner 4+ color; soften. pt. (R&B) 102 C; acid no. 9
- Sylvatac[®] R85 [Arizona]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polymerized rosin
 - Uses: Tackifier for pressure-sensitive adhesives, construction adhesives, pick-up gums for labeling; adhesion promoter for difficult-to-bond substrates; food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1210, 178.3870
 - Properties: Gardner 6 color; visc. 9440 cps (225 F); soften. pt. (R&B) 84 C; acid no. 155-162

Sylvatac® RX [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip .: Polymerized rosin

- Uses: Tackifier for pressure-sensitive adhesives, construction adhesives, pick-up gums for labeling; adhesion promoter for difficult-to-bond substrates; food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1210, 178.3870
- Properties: Gardner 7- color; soften. pt. (R&B) 74 C; visc. 5150 cps (225 F); acid no. 141-149

Sylysia 250 [Fuji Silysia]

Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica

Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (99.7%)

CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Flatting agent for paints (lacquers, phenolic, amino-alkyd, vinyl, acrylic, PU, water-based, melamine-alkyd), paper, printing inks; moisture control and anticaking agent in powd. paint; antislip and matting agent in thermal and copy papers; gellant; adhesion thickener; adhesive; polishing
- Properties: Wh. powd., odorless, tasteless; 2.7 µm avg. particle size; sp.gr. 2.15; surf. area 300 m²/g; oil absorp. 310 ml/100 g; brightness 92; ref. index

1.46; pH 3.0 (5% slurry) Precaution: Dissolves in HF and strong bases

Sylysia 250N [Fuji Silysia]

Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica

Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (99.5%)

CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Flatting agent for paints (lacquer, phenolic, amino-alkyd, vinyl, acrylic, PU, water-based, melamine-alkyd), paper, printing inks; moisture control and anticaking agent in powd. paints; antislip, matting agent in thermal and copy papers; gellant; adhesion thickener; adhesive; catalyst carrier; polishing
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §160.105, 160.182, 172.480; USDA cleared for certain uses in salt and seasonings, curing mixts. for meat/poultry
- Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd., odorless, tasteless; 2.50-3.50 µm avg. particle size; 0.05% max. 45 µ sieve; insol. in water; sp.gr. 2.1; surf. area 300 m²/g; oil absorp. 270-350 ml/100 g (linseed oil); brightness 90 min.; ref. index 1.46; pH 6.0-8.0 (5% aq. slurry)
- Toxicology: Dust may cause irritation of skin, mucous membranes; LD50 (oral, rat) > 31,000 mg/kg (48 h), (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg (48 h); ACGIH TLV 6 mg/m³ (total dust); very low oral toxicity; not considered an ocular irritant
- Environmental: Not known to have any adverse effect on aquatic environment

Precaution: Nonflamm.; reacts with HF

- HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Keep tightly sealed to protect quality

Sylysia 256N [Fuji Šilysia]

Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica, surface treated with hydrocarbontype wax

Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (99.4%)

Uses: Flatting agent for paints (amino-alkyd, acrylic, PU, polyester), printing inks; food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR § 172.230, 176.170

- Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd., odorless, tasteless; 2.50-3.50 µm avg. particle size; 0.05% max. 45 µ sieve; insol. in water; sp.gr. 2.1; brightness 90 min.; ref. index 1.46; pH 6.0-8.3 (5% aq. slurry)
- Toxicology: Nuisance dust; dust may cause irritation of skin, mucous membranes; silica component: LD50 (oral, rat) > 31,600 mg/kg (48 h), (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg (48 h); ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m³; not considered an ocular irritant
- Environmental: Not known to have any adverse effect on aquatic environment

Precaution: Reacts with HF; can burn explosively if a cloud of dust is generated and exposed to ignition source

- Storage: Keep tightly sealed to protect quality
- Sylysia 310 [Fuji Silysia]

Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica

Chem. Analysis: SiO, (99.5%)

CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Flatting agent for polyester paints, paper, printing inks; moisture control and anticaking agent in powd. paints, cosmetics, and pharmaceuticals; antislip agent, matting agent in thermal and copy papers; antiblocking agent for plastic films (OPP, PET, PVC, nylon); gellant; thickener; adhesives; catalyst carrier; polishing
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §160.105, 160.182, 172.480; USDA cleared for certain uses in salt and seasonings, curing mixts. for meat/poultry
- Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd., odorless, tasteless; 1.1-1.5 µm avg. particle size; 0.05% max. 45 µ sieve; insol. in water; sp.gr. 2.1; oil absorp. 250-350 ml/100 g (linseed oil); brightness 94 min.; ref. index 1.46; pH 6.8-8.0 (5% aq. slurry)
- Toxicology: Dust may cause irritation of skin, mucous membranes; LD50 (oral, rat) > 31,000 mg/kg (48 h), (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg (48 h); ACGIH TLV 6 mg/m³ (total dust); very low oral toxicity; not considered an ocular irritant
- Environmental: Not known to have any adverse effect on aquatic environment

Precaution: Nonflamm.; reacts with HF

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Keep tightly sealed to protect quality

- Sylysia 320 [Fuji Silysia]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica
 - Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (99.7%)
 - CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4
 - Uses: Flatting agent for paints (lacquers), paper, printing inks; moisture control and anticaking agent in powd. paints, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics; carrier for pharmaceuticals and cosmetics; antislip agent, matting agent for thermal and copy papers; matting, antiblocking agent for plastic films (PET, nylon); adhesives; gellant; catalyst carrier; thickener; polishing
 - Properties: Wh. powd., odorless, tasteless; 2.7 µm avg. particle size; sp.gr. 2.15; surf. area 300 m²/g; oil absorp. 310 ml/100 g; brightness 92; ref. index 1.46; pH 3.0 (5% slurry)
 - *Toxicology:* Dust may cause irritation of skin, mucous membranes; LD50 (oral, rat) > 31,000 mg/kg (48 h), (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg (48 h); ACGIH TLV 6 mg/m³ (total dust); very low oral toxicity; not considered an ocular irritant
 - Environmental: Not known to have any adverse effect on aquatic environment

Precaution: Nonflamm.; reacts with HF

- HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Keep tightly sealed to protect quality
- Sylysia 350 [Fuji Silysia]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Syn. amorphous silica *Chem. Analysis:* SiO₂ (99.5%)

 - CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4
 - Uses: Flatting agent for paints (lacquer, phenolic, amino-alkyd, vinyl, acrylic, PU, water-based, melamine-alkyd), paper, printing inks; moisture control and anticaking agent in powd. paints, cosmetics, and pharmaceuticals; antislip agent, matting agent in thermal and copy papers; gellant; thickener; adhesives; catalyst carrier; polishing
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §160.105, 160.182, 172.480; USDA cleared for certain uses in salt and seasonings, curing mixts. for meat/poultry
 - Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd., odorless, tasteless; 1.7-2.1 µm avg. particle size; 0.05% max. 45 µ sieve; insol. in water; sp.gr. 2.1; surf. area 300 m²/g; oil absorp. 300-350 ml/100 g (linseed oil); brightness 95 min.; ref.

index 1.46; pH 6.8-8.0 (5% aq. slurry)

- Toxicology: Dust may cause irritation of skin, mucous membranes; LD50 (oral, rat) > 31,000 mg/kg (48 h), (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg (48 h); ACGIH TLV 6 mg/m³ (total dust); very low oral toxicity; not considered an ocular irritant
- Environmental: Not known to have any adverse effect on aquatic environment

Precaution: Nonflamm.; reacts with HF

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Keep tightly sealed to protect quality

Sylysia 430 [Fuji Silysia]

Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica

Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (99.7%)

- CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4
- Uses: Flatting agent for paints (acrylic, water-based), paper, printing inks; moisture control and anticaking agent in powd. paints, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics; carrier for pharmaceuticals and cosmetics; antislip agent, matting agent for thermal and copy papers; matting agent, antiblocking agent for plastic films (IPP, CP, PET, PE, nylon); adhesives; catalyst carrier
- Properties: Wh. powd., odorless, tasteless; 2.5 µm avg. particle size; insol. in water; sp.gr. 2.15; surf. area 300 m²/g; oil absorp. 220 ml/100 g; brightness 95; ref. index 1.46; pH 7.5 (5% slurry)
- Toxicology: Dust may cause irritation of skin, mucous membranes; LD50 (oral, rat) > 31,000 mg/kg (48 h), (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg (48 h); ACGIH TLV 6 mg/m³ (total dust); very low oral toxicity; not considered an ocular irritant

Environmental: Not known to have any adverse effect on aquatic environment

Precaution: Nonflamm.; reacts with HF

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Keep tightly sealed to protect quality

Sylysia 435 [Fuji Silysia]

Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica, surf. treated with magnesium silicofluoride

Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (99%), magnesium silicofluoride (3.6%)

- Uses: Flatting agent for paints (lacquers, amino-alkyd, vinyl, acrylic, polyester, water-based, melamine-alkyd), paper, printing inks; antislip, matting agent in thermal and copy papers; antiblocking agent for OPP
- *Properties:* Wh. free-flowing powd., odorless, tasteless; 2.2-2.9 μm avg. particle size; 0.05% max. 45 μ sieve; silica gel is insol. in water, coating is readily sol.; sp.gr. 2.1; oil absorp. 200-250 ml/10 g (linseed oil); brightness 95 min.; ref. index 1.46; pH 2.2-3.0 (5% aq. slurry)

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 7000-8000 mg/kg; dust may cause irritation of skin, mucous membranes; ACGIH TLV 5.8 mg/m³ (total dust); not a primary skin or ocular irritant; magnesium silicofluoride highly toxic

- Environmental: Not known to have any adverse effect on aquatic environment
- Precaution: Nonflamm.; reacts with HF; silicofluorides decompose at high temps. giving off toxic fumes

Storage: Keep tightly sealed to protect quality

- Sylysia 436 [Fuji Silysia]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica, surf. treated with hydrocarbon-type wax
 - Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (99.4%)

Uses: Flatting agent for paints (lacquers, amino-alkyd, vinyl, acrylic, PU, polyester, melamine-alkyd), printing inks; matting agent, antiblocking agent for plastic films (IPP, PE); food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR § 172.230, 176.170

- *Properties*: Wh. free-flowing powd., odorless, tasteless; 2.50-3.50 μm avg. particle size; 0.05% max. 45 μ sieve; insol. in water; sp.gr. 2.1; brightness 90 min.; ref. index 1.46; pH 6.0-8.3 (5% aq. slurry)
- *Toxicology:* Nuisance dust; dust may cause irritation of skin, mucous membranes; silica component: LD50 (oral, rat) > 31,600 mg/kg (48 h), (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg (48 h); ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m³; not considered an ocular irritant
- Environmental: Not known to have any adverse effect on aquatic environment
- Precaution: Reacts with HF; can burn explosively if a cloud of dust is generated and exposed to ignition source

Storage: Keep tightly sealed to protect quality

Sylysia 440 [Fuji Silysia]

Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica

Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (99.5%)

CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Flatting agent for paints (vinyl, acrylic, PU, water-based, melaminealkyd), paper, printing inks; moisture control and anticaking agent in powd. paints; antislip agent, matting agent in thermal and copy papers; matting agent, antiblocking agent for plastic films (IPP, CPP, PET, PE, nylon); catalyst carrier
- *Properties:* Wh. free-flowing powd., odorless, tasteless; 1.1-1.5 μm avg. particle size; 0.05% max. 45 μ sieve; insol. in water; sp.gr. 2.1; surf. area 300 m²/g; oil absorp. 250-350 ml/100 g (linseed oil); brightness 94 min.; ref. index 1.46; pH 6.8-8.0 (5% aq. slurry)
- Toxicology: Dust may cause irritation of skin, mucous membranes; LD50 (oral, rat) > 31,000 mg/kg (48 h), (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg (48 h); ACGIH TLV 6 mg/m³ (total dust); very low oral toxicity; not considered an ocular irritant
- Environmental: Not known to have any adverse effect on aquatic environment
- Precaution: Nonflamm.; reacts with HF
- HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Keep tightly sealed to protect quality

- Sylysia 445 [Fuji Silysia]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica, surf. treated with magnesium silicofluoride
 - Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (99%), magnesium silicofluoride (3.6%)
 - Uses: Flatting agent for paints (lacquers, amino-alkyd, acrylic, polyester, melamine-alkyd), paper, printing inks; antislip agent, matting agent in thermal and copy papers; antiblocking agent for OPP
 - Properties: Wh. powd., odorless, tasteless; 3.5 µm avg. particle size; silica gel is insol. in water, coating is readily sol.; sp.gr. 2.15; oil absorp. 210 ml/ 100 g; ref. index 1.46; pH 2.5 (5% slurry)
 - *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 7000-8000 mg/kg; dust may cause irritation of skin, mucous membranes; ACGIH TLV 5.8 mg/m³ (total dust); not a primary skin or ocular irritant; magnesium silicofluoride highly toxic
 - Environmental: Not known to have any adverse effect on aquatic environment
 - Precaution: Nonflamm.; reacts with HF; silicofluorides decompose at high temps. giving off toxic fumes

Storage: Keep tightly sealed to protect quality

- Sylysia 450 [Fuji Silysia]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica
 - *Chem. Analysis:* SiO₂ (99.5%)
 - CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4
 - Uses: Flatting agent for paints (vinyl, acrylic, polyester, water-based, melamine-alkyd), paper, printing inks; moisture control and anticaking agent in powd. paints; antislip agent, matting agent in thermal and copy papers; antiblocking agent for plastic films (IPP, CPP, PE, PVC); catalyst carrier
 - *Properties:* Wh. free-flowing powd., odorless, tasteless; 4.4-6.1 μm avg. particle size; 0.05% max. 45 μ sieve; insol. in water; sp.gr. 2.1; surf. area 300 m²/g; oil absorp. 170-230 ml/100 g (linseed oil); brightness 93 min.; ref. index 1.46; pH 6.0-8.0 (5% aq. slurry)
 - *Toxicology:* Dust may cause irritation of skin, mucous membranes; LD50 (oral, rat) > 31,000 mg/kg (48 h), (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg (48 h); ACGIH TLV 6 mg/m³ (total dust); very low oral toxicity; not considered an ocular irritant
 - Environmental: Not known to have any adverse effect on aquatic environment
 - Precaution: Nonflamm.; reacts with HF
 - HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
 - Storage: Keep tightly sealed to protect quality
- Sylysia 456 [Fuji Silysia]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica, surf. treated with hydrocarbon-type wax
 - Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (99.4%)
 - Uses: Flatting agent for paints (lacquers, amino-alkyd, vinyl, acrylic, PU, polyester, melamine-alkyd), printing inks; matting agent, antiblocking agent for plastic films (IPP, PE); food-contact paper/paperboard
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR § 172.230, 176.170
 - Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd., odorless, tasteless; 4.9-6.2 µm avg. particle size; 0.05% max. 45 µ sieve; insol. in water; sp.gr. 2.1; brightness 95 min.; ref. index 1.46; pH 6.0-8.3 (5% aq. slurry)

Toxicology: Nuisance dust; dust may cause irritation of skin, mucous membranes; silica component: LD50 (oral, rat) > 31,600 mg/kg (48 h), (dermal,

rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg (48 h); ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m³; not considered an ocular irritant Environmental: Not known to have any adverse effect on aquatic environment Precaution: Reacts with HF; can burn explosively if a cloud of dust is generated and exposed to ignition source Storage: Keep tightly sealed to protect quality Sylysia 470 [Fuji Silysia] Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica Chem. Analysis: SiO2 (99.5%) CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Flatting agent for water-based paints; moisture control and anticaking agent in powd, paints; antislip agent, matting agent in thermal and copy papers; antiblocking agent for plastic films (PET, PE); catalyst carrier Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd., odorless, tasteless; 9-16 µm avg. particle size; 0.05% max. 45 µ sieve; insol. in water; sp.gr. 2.1; surf. area 300 m²/g; oil absorp. 170-220 ml/100 g (linseed oil); brightness 92 min.; ref. index 1.46; pH 6.0-8.0 (5% aq. slurry) Toxicology: Dust may cause irritation of skin, mucous membranes; LD50 (oral, rat) > 31,000 mg/kg (48 h), (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg (48 h); ACGIH TLV 6 mg/m³ (total dust); very low oral toxicity; not considered an ocular irritant Environmental: Not known to have any adverse effect on aquatic environment Precaution: Nonflamm.; reacts with HF HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 Storage: Keep tightly sealed to protect quality Sylysia 530 [Fuji Silysia] Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica Chem. Analysis: SiO2 (99.7%) CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Flatting agent for paints (vinyl, acrylic); moisture control and anticaking agent in powd. paints, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics; carrier for pharmaceuticals, cosmetics; antislip agent, matting agent for thermal and copy papers; adhesives; matting agent, antiblocking agent for plastic films (IPP, CPP, OPP, PET, PE); anticaking agent for resins Properties: Wh. powd., odorless, tasteless; 1.9 µm avg. particle size; sp.gr. 2.15; surf. area 500 m²/g; oil absorp. 170 ml/100 g; brightness 92; ref. index 1.46; pH 7.0 (5% slurry) Precaution: Dissolves in HF and strong bases Sylysia 540 [Fuji Silysia] Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (99.7%) CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Flatting agent for paints (vinyl, acrylic); moisture control and anticaking agent in powd. paints, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics; carrier for pharmaceuticals, cosmetics; antislip agent, matting agent for thermal and copy papers; adhesives; matting agent, antiblocking agent for plastic films (IPP, CPP, OPP, PET, PE); anticaking agent for resins Properties: Wh. powd., odorless, tasteless; 2.3 µm avg. particle size; sp.gr. 2.15; surf. area 500 m²/g; oil absorp. 160 ml/100 g; brightness 92; ref. index 1.46; pH 7.0 (5% slurry) Precaution: Dissolves in HF and strong bases Sylysia 550 [Fuji Silysia] *Chem. Descrip.:* Syn. amorphous silica *Chem. Analysis:* SiO₂ (99.7%) CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4 Uses: Flatting agent for paints (vinyl, acrylic); moisture control and anticaking agent in powd. paints, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics; carrier for pharmaceuticals, cosmetics; antislip agent, matting agent for thermal and copy papers; adhesives; matting agent, antiblocking agent for plastic films (IPP, CPP, OPP, PET, PE); anticaking agent for resins Properties: Wh. powd., odorless, tasteless; 2.7 µm avg. particle size; sp.gr. 2.15; surf. area 500 m²/g; oil absorp. 160 ml/100 g; brightness 92; ref. index 1.46; pH 7.0 (5% slurry) Precaution: Dissolves in HF and strong bases Sylysia 730 [Fuji Silysia] Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (99.7%)

CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

Uses: Moisture control and anticaking agent in pharmaceuticals, cosmetics; antislip agent, matting agent for thermal and copy papers; antiblocking agent for plastic films (IPP, CPP, OPP, PET, PE, nylon); anticaking agent for resins

Properties: Wh. powd., odorless, tasteless; 3.0 µm avg. particle size; sp.gr. 2.15; surf. area 700 m²/g; oil absorp. 95 ml/100 g; brightness 95; ref. index 1.46; pH 4.0 (5% slurry)

Precaution: Dissolves in HF and strong bases

- Sylysia 740 [Fuji Silysia]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica
 - Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (99.7%)
 - CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4
 - Uses: Moisture control and anticaking agent in pharmaceuticals, cosmetics; carrier for pharmaceuticals, cosmetics; antislip agent, matting agent for thermal and copy papers; polishing applics.; antiblocking agent for plastic films (IPP, CPP, PET, PE, nylon); anticaking agent for resins
 - Properties: Wh. powd., odorless, tasteless; 3.5 µm avg. particle size; sp.gr. 2.15; surf. area 700 m²/g; oil absorp. 95 ml/100 g; brightness 95; ref. index 1.46; pH 4.0(5% slurry)

Precaution: Dissolves in HF and strong bases

Sylysia 770 [Fuji Silysia]

Chem. Descrip.: Syn. amorphous silica

Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (99.7%)

CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Antislip agent, matting agent for thermal and copy papers; polishing applics.; antiblocking agent for plastic films (IPP, CPP, PET, PE, nylon); anticaking agent for resins; moisture removal
- Properties: Wh. powd., odorless, tasteless; 6.0 µm avg. particle size; sp.gr. 2.15; surf. area 700 m²/g; oil absorp. 95 ml/100 g; brightness 95; ref. index 1.46; pH 4.0 (5% slurry)

Precaution: Dissolves in HF and strong bases

Syncol[®] [BK Giulini Chemie]

Chem. Descrip.: Nitrogen-contg. polymers and adducts of polyethylene oxide

Uses: Adhesive for flying reel change in paper mfg. and printing

Synox HB-1094 [Hoover Color]

Chem. Descrip .: Syn. black iron oxide CAS 1317-61-9; EÍNECS/ELINCS 215-277-5

Uses: Pigment for coatings, paper, inks, building and concrete prods. Properties: Blk. color; 0.02% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 5.00; tap dens. 1.00 g/cc;

oil absorp. 22 lbs/100 lbs; pH 8.0; 98% FeOOH

Synox HG-5040 [Hoover Color]

Chem. Descrip.: Chromium oxide green

CAS 1308-38-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-160-9

- Uses: Pigment for coatings, rubber, plastics, ceramics, paper, inks, building and concrete prods.; nonfading, suitable for high heat
- Properties: Grn. color; 0.10% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 5.10; tap dens. 1.10 g/cc; oil absorp. 18 lbs/100 lbs; pH 8.0; 99% Cr₂O₃

Synox HG-5050 [Hoover Color]

Chem. Descrip.: Chromium oxide green CAS 1308-38-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-160-9

Uses: Pigment for coatings, rubber, plastics, ceramics, paper, inks, building and concrete prods.; nonfading, suitable for high heat

Properties: Grn. color; 0.10% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 5.10; tap dens. 1.80 g/cc; oil absorp. 12 lbs/100 lbs; pH 8.0; 99% Cr₂O₃

Synox HG-5060 [Hoover Color]

Chem. Descrip.: Chromium oxide green

CAS 1308-38-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-160-9

- Uses: Pigment for coatings, rubber, plastics, ceramics, paper, inks, building and concrete prods.; nonfading, suitable for high heat
- Properties: Grn. color; 0.10% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 5.10; tap dens. 1.35 g/cc; oil absorp. 16 lbs/100 lbs; pH 8.0; 99% Cr₂O₃

Synox HG-5080 [Hoover Color]

Chem. Descrip .: Chromium oxide green

CAS 1308-38-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-160-9

- Uses: Pigment for coatings, rubber, plastics, ceramics, paper, inks, building and concrete prods.; nonfading, suitable for high heat
- Properties: Grn. color; 0.10% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 5.10; tap dens. 2.20 g/cc; oil absorp. 21.7 lbs/100 lbs; pH 8.0; 99% Cr₂O₃

Synox HR-1200 [Hoover Color]

Chem. Descrip .: Syn. red iron oxide

CAS 1332-37-2

Uses: Pigment for paint and coatings, concrete and building prods., paper, abrasives, plastics, rubber, chems., textile inks, and ceramics

Properties: Gardner 5-6 color; sp.gr. 0.94; visc. 300-800 cps (190 C); m.p. 133 C; sapon. no. 75-85; drop pt. 142-148 C; hardness 0.1-0.3 dmm Synox HR-1201 [Hoover Color] Chem. Descrip.: Syn. red iron oxide CAS 1332-37-2 Uses: Pigment for paint and coatings, concrete and building prods., paper, abrasives, plastics, rubber, chems., textile inks, and ceramics Properties: Red color; 0.01% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 5.15; tap dens. 0.92 g/cc; oil absorp. 21 lbs/100 lbs; pH 7.0; 99%+ Fe₂O₃ Synox HR-1202 [Hoover Color] Chem. Descrip .: Syn. red iron oxide Environmental: Biodeg CAS 1332-37-2 Uses: Pigment for paint and coatings, concrete and building prods., paper, abrasives, plastics, rubber, chems., textile inks, and ceramics Properties: Red color; 0.002% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 4.90; tap dens. 0.92 g/ cc; oil absorp. 16 lbs/100 lbs; pH 7.0; 97%+ Fe₂O₃ Synox HR-1203 [Hoover Color] Chem. Descrip.: Syn. red iron oxide CAS 1332-37-2 Uses: Pigment for paint and coatings, concrete and building prods., paper, abrasives, plastics, rubber, chems., textile inks, and ceramics Properties: Red color; 0.002% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 4.90; tap dens. 0.95 g/ cc; oil absorp. 15 lbs/100 lbs; pH 7.0; 97%+ Fe₂O₃ Synox HR-1204 [Hoover Color] Chem. Descrip.: Syn. red iron oxide CAS 1332-37-2 Uses: Pigment for paint and coatings, concrete and building prods., paper, abrasives, plastics, rubber, chems., textile inks, and ceramics Properties: Red color; 0.002% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 4.90; tap dens. 0.98 g/ cc; oil absorp. 15 lbs/100 lbs; pH 7.0; 97%+ Fe₂O₃ Synox HR-1205 [Hoover Color] Chem. Descrip.: Syn. red iron oxide CAS 1332-37-2 Uses: Pigment for paint and coatings, concrete and building prods., paper, abrasives, plastics, rubber, chems., textile inks, and ceramics Properties: Red color; 0.002% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 4.90; tap dens. 1.10 g/ cc; oil absorp. 18 lbs/100 lbs; pH 7.0; 97%+ Fe₂O₃ Svnox HR-1208 Hoover Color Chem. Descrip.: Syn. red iron oxide CAS 1332-37-2 Uses: Pigment for paint and coatings, concrete and building prods., paper, abrasives, plastics, rubber, chems., textile inks, and ceramics Properties: Red color; 0.01% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 5.15; tap dens. 1.32 g/cc; oil absorp. 14 lbs/100 lbs; pH 7.0; 99%+ Fe₂O₃ Synox HR-1209 [Hoover Color] Chem. Descrip.: Syn. red iron oxide CAS 1332-37-2 Uses: Pigment for paint and coatings, concrete and building prods., paper, abrasives, plastics, rubber, chems., textile inks, and ceramics Properties: Red color; 0.01% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 5.15; tap dens. 1.33 g/cc; oil absorp. 14 lbs/100 lbs; pH 7.0; 99%+ Fe₂O₃ Synox HY-600M [Hoover Color] Chem. Descrip .: Syn. yellow iron oxide Uses: Pigment for coatings, paper, inks, building and concrete prods. Properties: Yel. color; 0.01% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 4.03; tap dens. 0.84 g/cc; oil absorp. 35 lbs/100 lbs; pH 7.0; 86%+ FeOOH Synox HY-605M [Hoover Color] Chem. Descrip.: Syn. yellow iron oxide Uses: Pigment for coatings, paper, inks, building and concrete prods. Properties: Yel. color; 0.01% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 4.03; tap dens. 0.75 g/cc; oil absorp. 36 lbs/100 lbs; pH 7.0; 86%+ FeOOH Synox HY-610M [Hoover Color] Chem. Descrip.: Syn. yellow iron oxide Uses: Pigment for coatings, paper, inks, building and concrete prods. Properties: Yel. color; 0.01% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 4.03; tap dens. 0.93 g/cc; oil absorp. 34 lbs/100 lbs; pH 7.0; 86%+ FeOOH Synox HY-620M [Hoover Color] Chem. Descrip .: Syn. yellow iron oxide Uses: Pigment for coatings, paper, inks, building and concrete prods. Properties: Yel. color; 0.01% on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 4.03; tap dens. 1.02 g/cc; oil absorp. 34 lbs/100 lbs; pH 7.0; 86%+ FeOOH Synperonic 10/6-100% [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-6 isodecanol

- CAS 61827-42-7
- Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, degreaser for industrial and domestic cleaners (hard surf. cleaners, window cleaners, bottle wash, hand cleaners), metal degreasing, paper wetting, textiles (wool scouring, dye leveling, kier boiling); sulfation feedstock
- Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in water, ethanol, chloroform, CCl₄, veg. oil; insol. in kerosene; sp.gr. 0.99; HLB 12.6; acid no. 0.2; hyd. no. 130; pour pt. 11 C; cloud pt. 37 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 27.5 mN/m (0.1%); Draves wetting 4 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 108 mm (initial, 50 ppm CaCO₃); 100% conc.; nonionic

Synperonic 10/7-100% [Unigema/ICI Surf. Am.; Unigema/ICI Surf. UK] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-7 isodecanol

CAS 61827-42-7

- Uses: Wetting agent, detergent, solubilizer, emulsifier, scouring agent, dye leveling agent for industrial/domestic cleaners (hard surf. cleaners, window cleaners, hand cleaners), metal degreasing, metalworking fluids, paper wetting, textiles (kier boiling, dye leveling, water treatment, wool scouring); effective at low temps.
- Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in water, ethanol, chloroform, CCl₄, veg. oil; insol. in kerosene; sp.gr. 1.00; HLB 13.4; acid no. 0.2; hyd. no. 120; pour pt. 14 C; cloud pt. 60 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 30.0 mN/m (0.1%); Draves wetting 7 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 115 mm (initial, 50 ppm CaCO₃); 100% conc.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeq.

Synperonic 13/9 [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-9 tridecanol

CAS 24938-91-8

- Uses: Wetting agent, detergent, scouring agent, dye leveling agent for industrial and domestic cleaning, coal dust suppression, metal degreasing, metalworking fluids, paper wetting, textiles (kier boiling, dye leveling, wool scouring); solubilizer and emulsifier for essential oils, aromatic solvs., fats, and waxes; general purpose; effective at low temps.
- Properties: Pale yel. liq.; sol. in water, ethanol, chloroform, CCl4, veg. oil; insol. in kerosene; sp.gr. 0.99 (20 C); HLB 13.6; acid no. 0.2; hyd. no. 94; pour pt. 16 C; cloud pt. 57 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 31.1 mN/m (0.1%); Draves wetting 4.5 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 122 mm (initial, 50 ppm CaCO₃); 100% conc.; also avail. @ 90% dilution; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg.
- Synperonic 13/10 [Unigema/ICI Surf. Am.; Unigema/ICI Surf. UK] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-10 tridecanol

CAS 24938-91-8

Uses: Wetting agent, detergent, solubilizer, emulsifier, scouring agent, dye leveling agent for domestic cleaning (all-purpose, hard surf. cleaners), coal dust suppression, metalworking fluids and pickling baths, paper wetting, textiles (kier boiling, dye leveling, wool scouring); effective at low temps.

Properties: Pale yel. liq.; sol. in water, ethanol, chloroform, CCl₄; insol. in kerosene, veg. oil; sp.gr. 0.99 (20 C); HLB 14.1; acid no. 0.2; hyd. no. 88; pour pt. 18 Č; cloud pt. 70 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 31.5 mN/m (0.1%); Draves wetting 5 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 122 mm (initial, 50 ppm CaCO₃); 100% conc.; also avail. @ 90% and 80% dilutions; nonionic Environmental: Biodeq.

Synperonic 91/6 [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK]

Chem. Descrip.: C9-11 pareth-6 CAS 68439-46-3

- Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent, scouring agent for textiles (wool scouring), agric. chems., coal dust suppression, household and I&I cleaning (hard surf. cleaners, laundry, lt. duty liqs., solv. cleaners/degreasers), leather finishing/processing, oil field chems., paper deinking
- Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in water, ethanol, chloroform, CCl4; insol. in kerosene; sp.gr. 0.99; m.p. 10 C; HLB 12.5; acid no. 0.2 max.; hyd. no. 140; cloud pt. 52 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 31 mN/m (0.1%); Draves wetting 5 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 150 mm (initial, 50 ppm $CaCO_3$); 100% conc.; nonionic

Environmental: Fully biodeg

Synperonic 91/8 [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK] Chem. Descrip.: C9-11 pareth-8

CAS 68439-46-3

Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent, scouring agent for agric. chems., household and I&I cleaning (hard surf. cleaners, laundry, lt. duty ligs., solv. cleaner/degreasers, metal soaking), leather finishing/processing, oil field chems., paper deinking, textiles (wool scouring)

Properties: Colorless hazy liq.; sol. in water, ethanol, chloroform, CCl₄; insol. in kerosene; sp.gr. 1.00; m.p. 15 C; HLB 13.9; acid no. 0.2 max.; hyd. no. 115; cloud pt. 80 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 33 mN/m (0.1%); Draves wetting 6 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 150 mm (initial, 50 ppm CaCO₃); 100% conc.; nonionic

Environmental: Fully biodeg.

Synperonic 91/8T [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK] Chem. Descrip.: C9-11 pareth-8

CAS 68439-46-3

- Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent, scouring agent for agric. chems., household and I&I cleaning (hard surf. cleaners, laundry, It. duty liqs., solv. cleaner/degreasers, metal soaking), leather finishing/processing, oil field chems., paper deinking, textiles (wool scouring); low free-alcohol version of Synperonic 91/8;
- Properties: Colorless hazy liq.; sol. in water, ethanol, chloroform, CCl.; insol. in kerosene; sp.gr. 1.01; m.p. 20 C; HLB 14.1; acid no. 0.2 max.; hyd. no. 106; cloud pt. 83 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 33 mN/m (0.1%); Draves wetting 6 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 155 mm (initial, 50 ppm CaCO₃); 100% conc.; nonionic

Environmental: Fully biodeg.

Synperonic A7 [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK] Chem. Descrip.: C13-15 pareth-7

CAS 68131-39-5

- Uses: Wetting agent, detergent, scouring agent, dye leveling agent, emulsifier for agric. chems., carboxymethylate mfg., coal dust suppression, household and I&I cleaners (laundry, It. duty liqs., polishes, window cleaners), steel phosphation, tin plating, paper wetting, skin care gels, textiles (wool scouring, fiber lubricant/antistat for spinning, cotton dye leveling)
- *Properties:* Wh. paste; sol. in water, glycol ethers, alcohol, chloroform, CCl.; sp.gr. 0.96; visc. 60 cps; HLB 12.2; acid no. 0.2 max.; hyd. no. 105; pour pt. 24 C; cloud pt. 47 C (1% aq.); pH 6-8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 31.9 mN/m (0.1%); Draves wetting 14 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 110 mm (initial, 50 ppm CaCO₃); 99% min. act.; nonionic

Environmental: Readily biodeg.

Synperonic A9 [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK] Chem. Descrip.: C13-15 pareth-9

CAS 68131-39-5

- Uses: Wetting agent, detergent, scouring agent, dye leveling agent, emulsifier for coal dust suppression, I&I cleaning, steel phosphation, tin plating, oil field chems., paper reclamation
- *Properties:* Wh. paste; sol. in water, glycol ethers, alcohol, chloroform, CCl,; sp.gr. 0.98; visc. 35 cps (40 C); HLB 13.0; acid no. 0.2 max.; pour pt. 26 C; cloud pt. 65 C (1% aq.); pH 6-8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 33.6 mN/m (0.1%); Draves wetting 22 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 112 mm (initial, 50 ppm CaCO₃); 99% min. act.; nonionic

Environmental: Readily biodeg.

Synperonic A11 [Uniqema/ICI Šurf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK] Chem. Descrip.: C13-15 pareth-11

CAS 68131-39-5

- Uses: Wetting agent, detergent, scouring agent, dye leveling agent, emulsifier for agric. chems., household and I&I cleaning (bottle washing, laundry, It. duty liqs., polishes, janitorial), cutting oils, steel phosphation, oil field chems., paper reclamation, textiles (cotton dye leveling, fiber lubricant/antistat for spinning, polyester dyeing)
- Properties: Wh. solid; sol. in water, glycol ethers, alcohol, chloroform, CCl,; sp.gr. 0.99; visc. 42 cps (40 C); HLB 13.9; acid no. 0.2 max.; hyd. no. 81; pour pt. 27 C; cloud pt. 87 C (1% aq.); pH 6-8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 35.5 mN/m (0.1%); Draves wetting 27 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 117 mm (initial, 50 ppm CaCO₃); 99% min. act.; nonionic

Environmental: Readily biodeg

Synperonic OP7.5 [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK] Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-7.5

CAS 9002-93-1

Uses: Detergent for textile and paper processing; emulsifier for creams, lotions; solubilizer for topical pharmaceuticals and shampoos

Properties: Pale yel. liq.; HLB 11.7; 100% conc.; nonionic

Synperonic OP8 [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK] Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-8

CAS 9002-93-1

Uses: Detergent for textile and paper processing; emulsifier for creams, lotions; solubilizer for topical pharmaceuticals and shampoos

Properties: Pale yel. liq.; HLB 12.6; 100% conc.; nonionic

Synperonic OP10 [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK] Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-10

CAS 9002-93-1

Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier; for textile and paper processing; emulsifier for creams, lotions; solubilizer for topical pharmaceuticals and shampoos

Properties: Pale yel. liq.; sol. in water, alcohol, glycol ethers; dens. 1.062 g/ ml; visc. 393 cps; HLB 13.3; cloud pt. 63-67 C (1% aq.); pour pt. 7 C; surf. tens. 31.8 dynes/cm; pH 6-8 (1% aq.); 99% min. act.; nonionic

Synperonic OP10.5 [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK] Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-10.5 CAS 9002-93-1

Uses: Detergent for textile and paper processing; emulsifier for creams, lotions; solubilizer for topical pharmaceuticals and shampoos

Properties: Pale yel. liq.; HLB 13.5; 100% conc.; nonionic

Synperonic OP11 [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK] Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-11

CAS 9002-93-1

Uses: Detergent for textile and paper processing; emulsifier for creams, lotions; solubilizer for topical pharmaceuticals and shampoos

Properties: Pale yel. liq.; sol. in water, alcohol, glycol ethers; dens. 1.067 g/ ml; visc. 371 cps; HLB 13.6; cloud pt. 79-82 C (1% aq.); pour pt. 8 C; surf. tens. 31.0 dynes/cm; pH 6-8 (1% aq.); 99% min. act.; nonionic

Synperonic PE/L61 [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK] Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 181

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Surfactant; demulsifier; antifoam for sugar beet processing, fermentation, antibiotics, citric acid, yeast, water treatment, pulp/paper; textile wet end processing; detergent for I&I applics. (auto dishwash rinse aids, diary and brewery bottle washing, hard surf. cleaners); multiuse
- Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in ethanol, toluene; partly sol. in kerosene; insol. in water; m.w. 2100; sp.gr. 1.02; hyd. no. 53; pour pt. -30 C; cloud pt. 17 C (10% aq.); pH 6.3 (2.5% aq.); surf. tens. 36.6 mN/m (0.1%, 20 C); Ross-Miles foam 5 mm (initial, 0.1%); 100% conc.; nonionic

Synperonic PE/L62LF [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK] Chem. Descrip.: POP/POE block copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6 Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant, detergent for I&I cleaning (auto dishwash rinse aids, dairy and brewery bottle washing, hard surf.

cleaners); antifoam for sugar beet processing, fermentation, antibiotics, citric acid, yeast, water treatment, pulp/paper; textile wet end processing *Properties:* Colorless liq.; sol. in water, ethanol, toluene; m.w. 2350; sp.gr. 1.03; hyd. no. 47.3; pour pt. -9 C; cloud pt. 22 C (10% aq.); pH 6.3 (2.5% aq.); suff. tens. 39.2 mN/m (0.1%, 20 C); Draves wetting > 360 s (0.1%);

Ross-Miles foam 9 mm (initial, 0.1%); 100% conc.; nonionic Synperonic PE/L81 [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK] Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 231

Chem. Descrip.: F CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant, antifoam, demulsifier for I&I cleaners (auto dishwash rinse aids, dairy and brewery bottle washing, hard surf. cleaners), textile spin finish lubricants; antifoam for sugar beet processing, fermentation, antibiotics, citric acid, yeast, water treatment, pulp/ paper; multiuse

Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in ethanol, toluene; partly sol. in kerosene; insol. in water; m.w. 2750; sp.gr. 1.02; hyd. no. 41; pour pt. -27 C; cloud pt. 16 C (10% aq.); pH 6.3 (2.5% aq.); surf. tens. 35 mN/m (0.1%, 20 C); Ross-Miles foam 9 mm (initial, 0.1%); 100% conc.; nonionic

Synperonic PE/L101 [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK] Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 331

CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, antifoam, emulsifier, demulsifier, dispersant for I&I cleaners (auto dishwash rinse aids, dairy and brewery bottle washing, hard surf. cleaners); antifoam for sugar beet processing, fermentation, antibiotics, citric acid, yeast, water treatment, pulp/paper; multiuse

Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in ethanol, toluene; insol. in water, ethylene glycol; m.w. 3800; sp.gr. 1.02; hyd. no. 29.5; pour pt. -9 C; cloud pt. 11 C (10% aq.); pH 6.3 (2.5% aq.); surf. tens. 32.4 mN/m (0.1%, 20 C); Ross-Miles foam 17 mm (initial, 0.1%); 100% conc.; nonionic

Synperonic PE/L121 [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK] Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamer 401 CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, antifoam, emulsifier, demulsifier, dispersant	Synthemul® 552 [Reichhold]
for I&I cleaners (auto dishwash rinse aids, dairy and brewery bottle wash-	Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate acrylate latex
ing, hard surf. cleaners), personal care lotions (shave, suntan, antiperspi-	Uses: Binder for all paperboard applics.; as sole binder or in conjunction with
ranis, baurois), anuioannoi suyai beel processing, lennenauon, anubioucs, citric acid, veast water treatment, nuln/naner; multiuse	Tylate Job Idlexes, exc. Str., gloss, ink/variistrioloout, iolu ciack resist., cohinder compat
Properties: Colorless lig.; sol. in ethanol. toluene: insol. in water. ethylene	Properties: 50% acrylate (dry basis)
glycol; m.w. 4400; sp.gr. 1.02; hyd. no. 25.5; pour pt6 C; cloud pt. 10 C	Synthemul® 883 [Reichhold]
(10% aq.); pH 6.3 (2.5% aq.); surf. tens. 32.5 mN/m (0.1%, 20 C); Ross-	Chem. Descrip .: Vinyl acetate homopolymer latex
Miles foam 24 mm (initial, 0.1%); 100% conc.; nonionic	CAS 9003-20-7
Synperonic 1//01 [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK]	Uses: Base coat binder for free-sheet paper coatings, bleached and un-
$CAS 1111_3A_5$	biedcheu board; very night mech. Stability; exc. wet rub resist., ink/varnish- holdout, str. and stiffness
Uses: Antifoam for sugar beet processing, fermentation, antibiotics, citric acid.	Properties: Sm. particle size
yeast, water treatment, pulp/paper	Synthemul® 40430-20 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers]
Properties: Yel. liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 3700; sp.gr. 1.02; hyd. no. 61.5;	Chem. Descrip.: Styrene-acrylic copolymer
pour pt24 C; cloud pt. 16.5 C (10% aq.); pH 10 (2.5% aq.); surf. tens.	CAS 9010-92-8
34.2 mN/m (0.5%, 20 C); Ross-Miles foam 3 mm (initial, 0.1%); 100%	Uses: Adhesive base for uncoated paper and mastic; multipurpose; good
CONC.; HOHIONIC Synneronic T/1301 [Unigema/ICI Surf Am · Unigema/ICI Surf UK]	Properties: Dens. 8 5-8 7 lb/gal: visc. 100-600 cns: nH 8-9: 49-51% solids:
Chem. Descrip.: Poloxamine 1301	
CAS 11111-34-5	Synthemul® 40503-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers]
Uses: Antifoam for sugar beet processing, fermentation, antibiotics, citric acid,	Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate homopolymer emulsion
yeast, water treatment, pulp/paper	CAS 9003-20-7
<i>Properties:</i> Yel. liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 6900; sp.gr. 1.02; hyd. no. 33; pour	Uses: Binder for paper coatings; formaldehyde-free
pl 15 C; Cloud pl. 12.5 C (10% aq.); pH 10 (2.5% aq.); Suff. tens. 33 miv/ m (0.5% - 20 C): Poss Miles foam 9 mm (initial -0.1%): 100% conc.	Properties: Emulsion; 0.17 μ particle size; dens. 9.1 lb/gal; visc. 150 cps; pH 6.0: 50% solids: aniopic
	Synthemul® 40550-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers]
Syntergent K [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis/Textiles]	<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Vinyl acetate acrylate emulsion polymer
Chem. Descrip.: Fatty amido condensate	Uses: Binder used for paper coatings; low acrylic level
Uses: Detergent for textile, leather, paper, and metalworking	Properties: Emulsion; 0.20 µ particle size; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. 200 cps;
Properties: Liq.; 30% conc.; nonionic	pH 6.0; 50% solids; anionic
Cham Descrin : Styrene conclumer ag sol'n	Cham Descrin : Vinul acrulic omulsion polymers
Uses: Surf. sizing agent for paper, cardboard, graphical papers, food pkg.	Uses: Binder used for paper coatings; med. acrylic level
(Germany); rec. for use in the size press, billblade, and speed sizer, together	<i>Properties:</i> Emulsion; 0.20 µ particle size; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. 200 cps;
with starch or CMC sol'n.; very low foaming	pH 7.0; 50% solids; anionic
Use Level: 4-15 g/l	Synthemul® 40552-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers]
Regulatory: BgVV XXXVI compliant Droportios: Light of turbid light operation of an an 1,025 g/m ³ wise of 500	Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate acrylate emulsion polymer
mPaes: nH 8-10: 23 + 1.5% solids: anionic	excentional ink and varnish holdout and fold crack resist
Storage: 1 vr storage stability: avoid contact with aluminum and nonferrous	Properties: Emulsion: 0.20 µ particle size: dens. 9.0 lb/gal: visc. 200 cps:
metals; insensitive to frost; may safely be used after thawing	pH 7.0; 50% solids; anionic
Synthamin 7000 [EPC Papierchemie GmbH]	Synthemul® 40554-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers]
Chem. Descrip.: Styrene-acrylic ester copolymer	Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acrylic emulsion polymer
CAS 9010-92-8 Uses: Surf sizing agent for paper, cardboard, printing and conving paper incl	Dises: Paper applies.; exc. mech. stability <i>Droportios</i> : DH 5.5: \sim 47% NV
inkiet and laser naners, granbical naners, food nkg. (Germany): very high	Synthemul® 97635 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers]
stability; high efficiency; suitable for continuous or batch use	<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Functionally modified vinyl acetate
Use Level: 4-15 g/l	CAS 108-05-4; EINECS/ELÍNCS 203-545-4
Regulatory: BgVV XXXVI compliant	Uses: Release coating for uncoated paper, mylar film, cellulose acetate, and
Properties: Light microdispersion; char. odor; sp.gr. \approx 1.04 g/m ³ ; visc. < 100	metalized polyester, for pressure sensitive tape applic.; water-based
IIIPa•S; μH δ.5-9.5; 23 \pm 1.5% SUIIUS; alliuIIIL Storage: 3 mos min storage stability: avoid contact with aluminum and	cns: nH 7 5-8 8: $45 \pm 1\%$ NV: anionic
nonferrous metals: sensitive to frost	Storage: Keep from freezing
Synthemul® 447 [Reichhold]	Synthemul® 97635-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers]
Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate homopolymer latex	Chem. Descrip.: Functionally modified vinyl acetate
CAS 9003-20-7	CAS 108-05-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-545-4
Uses: Base coat binder in free-sheet paper coatings, bleached and un-	Uses: Release coating for uncoated paper, mylar film, cellulose acetate, and motalized polyoster, for prossure sensitive tape applies ; water based
carbonates	Properties: Why milky emulsion: sp gr 1 0911 (of solids); dens 9 1 lb/gal
Synthemul® 550 [Reichhold]	visc. 300 cps; pH 7.5-8.8; $45 \pm 1\%$ NV; anionic
Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate acrylate latex	Storage: Keep from freezing
Uses: Binder for all paperboard applics.; as sole binder or in conjunction with	Synthemul® 97883-01 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers]
Tylac® S/B latexes; exc. str., gloss, ink/varnish holdout, fold crack resist.,	Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate homopolymer emulsion
CODINGER COMPAT. Proportios: 15% actulato (dru basis)	Usas: Pindar for papar/paparboard coatings
Synthemul® 551 [Reichhold]	Properties: Small particle size emulsion: 0.13 u particle size: dens. 9.1 lb/
Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate acrylate latex	gal; visc. 100 cps; pH 7.2; 47% solids; anionic
Uses: Binder for all paperboard applics.; as sole binder or in conjunction with	Synthemul® 97982-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers]
Tylac® S/B latexes; exc. str., gloss, ink/varnish holdout, fold crack resist.,	Chem. Descrip.: Acrylic emulsion
cobinder compat.	Uses: Pressure-sensitive adhesive base for uncoated paper, mylar film,
Properties: 55% total solids; 30% acrylate (dry basis)	centriose acetate, metalized polyester, and pressure sensitive tape; exc.

clarity and UV stability; med. peel and tack values; exc. rheology for coating; good borax stability	Ch Us
Properties: 0.30-0.40 particle size; dens. 8.5-8.7 lb/gal; visc. 500-1200 cps;	Synth
surf. tens. 43-49 dynes/cm; pH 4.8-5.2; 55-57% solids; anionic	ี ปร
Synthro®-Fix WF [Synthron SA]	l p
Uses: Dye fixing agent for mfg. of highly colored paper; trash fixing agent for	Ré
stickies and wh. pitch control in wet-end paper mfg.; inc. uniformity of	Synth
shades; formaldehyde-free; avoid problems of visual pollution in the waste-	Us
water	t
Synthro®-Nyl NS 1920 P [Synthron SA]	Synth
Uses: Fireproofing agent for paper sticking and coating applics.; only sl.	Us
hygroscopic	Pr
Synthro®-Nyl PN 912 S [Synthron SA]	En
Uses: Fireproofing agent for paper sticking and coating applics.; no yellowing	Synth
or adverse effects on the mech. props. of the paper	Us
Synthrow-Pac 812 L [Synthron SA]	, p
Uses: Trash fixing agent, retention aid, drainage aid for wet-end paper mfg.;	Pl
provides beller machinability	Synin
Cham Descrin + Elucrinated resin	US Dr
Chem. Descrip Fluorinateuriesin Usos: Oilproofing agont for paper and groasoproof paper mfg	Synth
Dises. Olipiouling agention paper and greasepiour paper thig.	Synun 11a
Synthro® Dol EOX 505 [Synthron SA]	Synth
Chem Descrin · Fluorinated resin	
Uses: Oilproofing agent for paper and greaseproof paper mfg_incl_food pkg	03
Regulatory FDA and BGA compliances	Synth
Properties: Cationic	
Svnthro®-Pel SCR [Svnthron SA]	
J La Jana Jana Jana Jana Jana Jana Jana	-

Chem. Descrip.: Chromium salts-based Uses: Antistick agent for paper sticking and coating applics. hthro®-Pel WA 491 [Synthron SA]

Uses: Water vapor barrier for paper sticking and coating applics. incl. food pkg.; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180; BGA XXXVI compliance

Synthro®-Pel XF [Synthron SA] Uses: Fluorinated resin extender for paper mfg., reducing cost of oilproofing treatments

Synthro®-Pon DI 215 [Synthron SA]

Uses: Deinking agent, wetting agent for pulp mfg.

Properties: Flash pt. > 40 C *Environmental:* Biodeg.

Synthro®-Pon DI 237 [Synthron SA]

Uses: Deinking agent for flotation and washing type deinking processes in pulp mfg.

Properties: Solid

Synthro®-Sol DC 819 L [Synthron SA]

Uses: Dispersant, trash fixing agent for org. matter in wet-end paper mfg. *Properties:* Anionic

Synthro®-Sol DC 856 L [Synthron SA]

Uses: Dispersant, deinking agent, grinding aid for pulp mfg.

Synthro®-Stab TF [Synthron SA]

Uses: Formaldehyde absorbent/deodorizer for paper sticking and coating applics.

Synthro®-Stab Z [Synthron SA]

Uses: Insolubilizer and crosslinking agent for paper and board sticking and coating applics.; formaldehyde-free; alkaline; act. at low temps.

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T-1133A [Wolstenholme Int'l.] Chem. Descrip .: Water-based carbon black disp. with nonionic surfactant Storage: Keep from freezing Uses: For formulation of corrugated inks and envelope inks, polyboard and Tamol[®] 808 [Rohm & Haas] film inks, acrylic, urethane, primer, and alkyd coatings, paper applics. Properties: Blk. resin; dens. 10-10.5 lb/gal; pH 8.6-9.4; 47.5-50% total solids; 39.5-41% carbon; nonionic CAS 25086-62-8 T-2005A [Wolstenholme Int'l.] Chem. Descrip.: Water-based carbon black disp. with anionic surfactant and nonmercurial preservative Uses: Pigment base for applics. that require low foaming props. and good tint str., and for paper applics. Properties: Blk. resin; dens. 10 lb/gal; pH 9.3-10.2; 38.5-42.1% total solids; 33.0-36.1% carbon; anionic T-9087A [Wolstenholme Int'l.] Chem. Descrip.: Carbon black aq. disp. with surfactant and nonmercurial skin preservative Uses: Pigment base for applics. requiring low foaming and masstone jetness, and for paper applics. Properties: Dens. 9-10; pH 9.5-10.5; 30% carbon; 35% total solids; anionic CAS 9084-06-4 Tacolyn® 3085 [Hercules/Resins] Chem. Descrip.: Syn. resin disp. Uses: Tackifier for acrylic, nat. rubber, SBR, EVA, and polychloroprene latexes used in tape, label, pressure-sensitive, contact, and construction adhesives; latex modifier; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; solv.free, resist. to oxidation, UV radiation Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180 compliant; Germany CAS 25086-62-8 approved for food pkg./processing *Properties:* < 1 µ particle size; visc. 2400 cps; pH 9.6; 55% total solids Storage: Store closed and keep from freezing Tafigel® PUR 40 [Münzing Chemie GmbH; King Ind.] foaming Chem. Descrip.: Polyurethane-based Uses: Associative thickener, rheology modifier, visc. builder, stabilizer for aq. systems, for use in indoor and outdoor paints, latex and anticorrosive paints, syn. resin-bound renderings, adhesives, paper, and paste fillers solids; anionic Use Level: 0.3-2.0% Properties: Wh. lightly transparent liq. emulsion; disp. in water; dens. 1.06 g/ ml (20 C); pH \approx 6.5; 40% act. in water/butyltriglycol (40/20); nonionic Storage: 1 yr shelf life stored in closed container in cool (15-25 C), dry place; not sensitive to freezing CAS 25086-62-8 Tallofin[®] [Stockhausen] Uses: Antiscalant, slimicide for control of deposits and slime in the paper machine circuit; reduces corrosive deposits/slime; suppresses odor-developing bacteria; combats stickies and resin; improves runnability Tamol[®] 731A [Rohm & Haas] Chem. Descrip.: Isobutylene/maleic anhydride copolymer CAS 26426-80-2 Uses: Corrosion/scale inhibitor used in various aq. systems (boiler feed skin water, recirculated cooling water) over wide temp. range; dispersant for dyes, pigments, latex paints; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; inhibits scale deposits on equip. surfs., promotes efficient heat transfer, decreases CAS 9084-06-4 equip. damage *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180 Properties: Pale yel. clear liq.; m.w. 15,000; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; visc. 19-182 cps; f.p. 28 F; pH 9.5-10.5 (10% aq.); surf. tens. 64 dynes/cm (0.1%); 24-26% total solids

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rabbit) > 5 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 2 g/kg; contact causes irritation of eyes and skin

Chem. Descrip.: Partial sodium salt of PMAA

- Uses: Corrosion/scale inhibitor used in various ag. systems (boiler feed water, recirculated cooling water) over wide temp. range; dispersant, antiprecipitant; food pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; inhibits scale deposits on equip. surfs., promotes efficient heat transfer, decreases equip. damage Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180
- Properties: SI. yel. clear liq.; m.w. 30,000; dens. 9.1 lb/gal; visc. 300-1500 cps; pH 4.5-5.5; surf. tens. 71 dynes/cm (1%); 20.5-22.5% total solids Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rabbit) > 5 g/kg; contact causes irritation of eyes and

Storage: Keep from freezing

Tamol[®] 819 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium naphthalene sulfonate

- Uses: Dispersant for cement, pigments, carbon blk., dyes in leather, textile, and paper industries
- *Properties:* Tan spray-dried solid; bulk dens. 40 lb/ft³; pH 8.8-10.0 (1% aq.); 93% min. act.; anionic

Tamol[®] 850 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polymethacrylate aq. sol'n.

Uses: Scale inhibitor for boiler and cooling water treatment, aq. systems; antiprecipitant; dispersant for inorg. pigments, flats thru semigloss latex paints, caulks, sealants, paper industry; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; low

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180

Properties: Lt. yel. clear liq.; m.w. 30,000; dens. 9.9 lb/gal; visc. 250 cps; pour pt. 32 F; pH 9.0-10.8; surf. tens. 71 dyne/cm (1%); 29-31% total

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rabbit) > 5 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 2 g/kg; contact causes irritation of eyes and skin

Tamol® 960 [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium polymethacrylate aq. sol'n.

Uses: Scale inhibitor for boiler and cooling water treatment, aq. systems; antiprecipitant; dispersant for inorg. pigments; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; low foaming

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180

Properties: Pale yel. clear liq.; m.w. 5000; dens. 10.6 lb/gal; visc. 550 cps; pour pt. 32 F; pH 8-9; surf. tens. 63 dynes/cm (1%); 40% act.; anionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rabbit) > 5 g/kg; contact causes irritation of eyes and

Tamol® L Conc. [Rohm & Haas]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium naphthalene sulfonate

Uses: Dispersant, tanning agent for leather; sec. dispersant for polymerization of rubber, in paper/pulp slurries

Properties: Amber liq.; dens. 10.4 lb/gal; visc. 20 cps; f.p. 28 F; pH 9.4 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 71 dyne/cm (1%); 47% act.; anionic

Taurine-913 [Taurus Tech.]

Chem. Descrip.: Organosulfur compd. (dithiocarbamates) Uses: Biocide, fungicide, slimicide for alkaline pulps, treatment of mill waters; effective against mesophilic and thermophilic bacteria, fungi; effective over wide pH range; nonfoaming; noncorrosive; cost effective Use Level: 0.1-0.5 kg/ton finished paper Properties: Golden yel.; sp.gr. 1.15-1.20; pH 9-10 Toxicology: Causes eye and skin irritation; harmful if swallowed Environmental: Self-degradable; eco-friendly Storage: Store in shade; avoid exposure to acidic environment Taurine-DBNPA [Taurus Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: 2,2-Dibromo-3-nitropropionamide (20%), inert ingreds. (80%) CAS 10222-01-2 Uses: Bactericide, fungicide, yeast control in paper mills Use Level: 300-500 ppm on total water used in the pulper Properties: Pale liq.; dens. 1.25 g/l Taurine-DCS [Taurus Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Hydrocarbon/surfactant aq. formulation Uses: Paper machine cleaner Use Level: 300-500 ppm on total water used in the pulper Taurine-DEI [Taurus Tech.] Uses: Paper aux. for deinking of heavily printed paper; dispersant for pulp; released ink is completely dispersed; most floats to surf. of pulper where it can be scooped off while the rest of the ink gets washed off on the paper machine wire; good stability to hard water, acid, alkali, salt, anionics Use Level: 0.3-0.6% (dry stock in pulper) Properties: Highly visc.; readily dilutable with water; stock sol'ns. higher than 100 g/l are turbid; pH 6-7 (1%); anionic Toxicology: May cause eye and skin irritation; may be harmful if swallowed Taurine-DFX [Taurus Tech.] Uses: Dye fixing agent for paper industry; dispersant for dyes in papermaking; stabilizer for rosin size emulsions in papermaking; water-based; dye is retained even by bleached fibrous material with good yield Properties: Colorless to pale yel.; freely sol. in water; pH 4 ± 0.5 (10%); 60 ± 2% solids; cationic Taurine-KWT [Taurus Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Organosulfur cyclic compd. Uses: Biocide, fungicide for industrial use, wet stage use, aq. compositions, paints, adhesives, cellulose, polymer sol'ns./emulsions, fillers, inks, metalworking fluids, paper stocks, textiles, leather; preservative for slurries and high visc. suspensions such as coatings and clays; rec. for systems with longer retention time; broad spectrum activity; nonvolatile; heat-stable Use Level: 0.05-0.1% (emulsions), 0.1-0.2% (paper, leather, textiles) Properties: Colorless to It. amber liq.; mild odor; sol. in water and org. solvs.; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 5.0 max. Toxicology: Low toxicity; avoid skin contact Taurine-MBT [Taurus Tech.] Chem. Descrip .: Methylene-bis-thiocyanate-based CAS 6317-18-6 Uses: Biocide for paper stocks; preservative for slurries and high visc. suspensions such as coatings and clays; rec. for anaerobic sulfate reducing bacteria which cause corrosion; fast acting; highly potent; cost effective

Taurine-QFD [Taurus Tech.]

Chem. Descrip.: Long chain aldehyde

Uses: Biocide for recycled wh. water treatment in papermaking; broad spectrum; cost effective

TBP [FMC]

Chem. Descrip .: Tributyl phosphate

CAS 126-73-8; EINECS/ELINCS 204-800-2

- Uses: Antifoam in paper coatings, aq. adhesives, inks, casein sol'ns., textile sizes, and detergent sol'ns.; plasticizer and solvent for NC, cellulose acetate, chlorinated rubber, and vinyls; solvent for natural gums and syn. resins; flame retardant for cellulosics, epoxies, PS, PVAc, PVC; component in extraction of rare earth metal salts
- Properties: Pt-Co 50 max. liq.; char. odor; m.w. 266; f.p. < -80 C; b.p. 137-145 C; sol. in org. liqs., min. oil, and gasoline; sp.gr. 0.978 ± 0.003; dens. 975 kg/m³; visc. 3.7 cp; pour pt. < -80 C; ref. index 1.423 ± 0.001; flash pt. 166 C; fire pt. 182 C

T-Det® A126 [Harcros] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-6 alcohol

CAS 66455-15-0

Uses: Surfactant for use in detergents, laundry prespotters, hard surf. cleaners, emulsifiers, personal care prods., agric. adjuvants; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, animal glues; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 180.1001(c)(e)

Properties: Opaque liq.; water-sol.; sp.gr. 0.982; dens. 8.17 lb/gal; HLB 12.4; pour pt. 50 F; cloud pt. 122 F(1% sol'n.); flash pt. (PMCC) > 325 F; pH 5-7 (1% 10/6 IPA/H2O); 99.5% act.; nonionic

T-Det[®] A243 [Harcros]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-3 alcohol

CAS 68439-50-9

- Uses: Surfactant for use in detergents, laundry prespotters, hard surf. cleaners, I&I applics., emulsifiers, personal care prods., agric.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, animal glues; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 180.1001(c)(e)
- Properties: Opaque liq.; oil-sol.; sp.gr. 0.923; dens. 7.69 lb/gal; HLB 8.0; pour pt. 40 F; cloud pt. 45 ml H₂O/g; flash pt. (PMCC) > 350 F; pH 5-7 (1% 10/6 IPA/H₂O); 99.5% act.; nonionic

T-Det[®] A247 [Harcros]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-7 alcohol

CAS 68439-50-9

- Uses: Surfactant for use in detergents, laundry prespotters, hard surf. cleaners, emulsifiers, personal care prods., paint, agric.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, animal glues; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR \$175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 180.1001(c)(e)
- Properties: Opaque liq.; water-sol.; sp.gr. 0.982; dens. 8.17 lb/gal; HLB 12.9; pour pt. 60 F; cloud pt. 122 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 375 F; pH 5-7 (1% 10/6 IPA/H₂O); 99.5% act.; nonionic

T-Det® A249 [Harcros]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-9 alcohol

CAS 68439-50-9

- Uses: Surfactant for use in detergents, laundry pre-spotters, hard surf. cleaners, emulsifiers, personal care prods., agric.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, animal glues; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 180.1001(c)(e)
- Properties: Opaque liq.; water-sol.; sp.gr. 0.994; dens. 8.26 lb/gal; HLB 13.0; pour pt. 70 F; cloud pt. 167 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 325 F; pH 5-7 (1% 10/6 IPA/H₂O); 99.5% act.; nonionic
- T-Det® A467 [Harcros]
 - Chem. Descrip .: PEG-7 alcohol

CAS 68213-23-0

- Uses: Surfactant for use in detergents, laundry prespotters, hard surf. cleaners, household and industrial cleaners, metal degreasing, emulsifiers, personal care prods., agric.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, animal glues; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3120, 178.3400, 180.1001(c)(e)
- Properties: Opaque liq.; water-sol.; sp.gr. 0.979; dens. 8.14 lb/gal; HLB 11.6; pour pt. 70 F; cloud pt. 122 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 400 F; pH 5-7 (1% 10/6 IPA/H₂O); 99.5% act.; nonionic
- T-Det® A2412 [Harcros]
 - Chem. Descrip .: PEG-12 alcohol

CAS 68439-50-9

- Uses: Surfactant, dispersant, wetting agent, solubilizer for use in detergents, hard surf. cleaners, emulsifiers, agric. adjuvants; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, animal glues; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 178.3120, 178.3400, 180.1001(c)(e)
- Properties: Opaque semi-solid; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.007 (100 F); dens. 8.38 lb/gal (100 F); HLB 14.4; pour pt. 85 F; cloud pt. 155 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 400 F; pH 5-7 (1% 10/6 IPA/H₂O); 99.5% act.; nonionic

T-Det[®] C-20 [Harcros]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-20 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6

Uses: Emulsifier, surfactant for leather, metal, textile processing, paints, paper, ink, rubber, polishes, and agric. applics.; food pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 180.1001c,d,e Uses: Emulsifier for silicones, household waxes and polishes; wetting agent; Properties: Yel. liq.; water-disp.; sp.gr. 1.03 (68 F); dens. 8.58 lb/gal (68 F); detergent and dispersant for petrol. and fuel oils; agric. toxicant formulations; HLB 13.0; pour pt. 20 F; cloud pt. 115 F (1% IPA/NaCl/water); flash pt. dry cleaning soap additive; leather and metal processing; solvent cleaner; (PMCC) > 200 F; pH 5-7 (1% aq.); 99.5% min. act.; nonionic deinking agent for paper; food pkg. adhesives; emulsifier in mfg. of food-T-Det® C-40 [Harcros] contact articles Chem. Descrip .: PEG-40 castor oil Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 178.3400, 180.1001c,d,e CAS 61791-12-6 Properties: Pale yel. liq.; mild aromatic odor; sol. in butyl Cellosolve, CCl₄, corn oil, diesel fuel, ethanol, kerosene, Stod., xylene; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer, degreaser, lubricant, dispersant, penetrant used in leather, paper, textile and metal processing, rubber, paints; dispersant for sp.gr. 1.04; visc. 58 SUS (210 F); HLB 10.9; flash pt. > 400 F (OC); pour pigment slurries; leveling agent; defoamer; stabilizer; wax and polish prepapt. < 0 F; pH 7; 99.5% min. act.; nonionic rations; in adhesives for food pkg. T-Det® N-8 [Harcros] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 180.1001c,d,e Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-8 Properties: Yel. liq.; mild, oily odor; sol. in acetone, butyl Cellosolve, CCl₄, CAS 9016-45-9 ethanol, ether, ethylene glycol, methanol, veg. oil, water, xylene; sp.gr. Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, solubilizer, degreaser for textile, 1.05; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; HLB 14.2; pour pt. 60 F; flash pt. (PMCC) > 200 F; leather and paint processing, agric. toxicant, household and industrial cleanpH 6.0 (1%); 99.5% min. act.; nonionic ing formulations; pigment dispersant; rewetting agent, deinking agent, felt T-Det® DD-10 [Harcros] washing, leveling agent in paper mfg.; oil recovery operations; food pkg. Chem. Descrip .: Dodoxynol-10 adhesives; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles CAS 9014-92-0 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 178.3400, 180.1001c,d,e Uses: Emulsifier; surfactant for solvs.; detergent for paper, textile and indus-Properties: Clear visc. liq.; mild aromatic odor; dens. 8.75 lb/gal; sp.gr. 1.05; trial cleaner formulations; dispersant for paint pigments; emulsifier in mfg. of visc. 63 SUS (210 F); HLB 12.4; cloud pt. 78 F (1%); flash pt. 500 F (OC); pH 6 (1%); 99.5% min. act.; nonionic food-contact articles; low foaming Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3400, 180.1001c,d,e T-Det[®] N-9.5 [Harcros] Properties: Pale yel. liq.; mild aromatic odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.05; Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-10 dens. 8.75 lb/gal; HLB 13.1; cloud pt. 112 F (1%); flash pt. (PMCČ) > 300 CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-294-1 F; pour pt. 48 F; pH 7 (1%); 99.5% min. act.; nonionic Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, solubilizer, degreaser, foaming T-Det® EPO-61 [Harcros] agent for textiles, leather and paint processing, agric. toxicant, household Chem. Descrip .: EO/PO block copolymer and industrial cleaning formulations; pigment dispersant; rewetting agent, CAS 106392-12-5 deinking agent, felt washing, leveling agent in paper mfg.; oil recovery Uses: Wetting agent, defoamer for paper mfg., water treating compds., metal operations; food pkg. adhesives; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles cleaning, rinse aids, mech. dishwash, textiles; crude oil demulsifier; emul-Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 178.3400, 180.1001c,d,e sifier and wetting agent in agric. toxicant formulations; food pkg. adhesives, Properties: Clear visc. liq.; mild aromatic odor; sol. in butyl Cellosolve, CCl₄, ethanol, ethylene glycol, HAN, toluene, water, xylene; dens. 8.8 lb/ gal; sp.gr. 1.06; visc. 68 SUS (210 F); HLB 13.1; cloud pt. 135 F (1%); paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 180.1001c,d,e Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in ethanol, toluene, xylene, perchlorethylene; disp. flash pt. 500 F (OC); pH 7 (1%); 99.5% min. act.; nonionic in water; sp. gr. 1.01; dens. 8.34 lb/gal; visc. 271 cps; HLB 3.0; pour pt. TEBAC [Raschig AG] -28 C; cloud pt. 23 C (1%); flash pt. > 200 C; pH 5-7 (1% aq.); 99.5% min. Chem. Descrip.: N,N,N-Triethyl-benzenemethanaminium chloride CAS 56-37-1; EINECS/ELINCS 200-270-1 act.; nonionic T-Det® EPO-62L [Harcros] Uses: Phase transfer catalyst; catalyst; antistat; plasticizer; additive for toners Chem. Descrip.: PO/EO block copolymer and paper; biocide CAS 106392-12-5 TEC [Morflex] Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, defoamer for metal cleaners, degreasers, rinse Chem. Descrip .: Triethyl citrate NF/FCC aids, mech. dishwash, hard surf. cleaners, textiles, paper, agric. applics.; CAS 77-93-0; EINECS/ELINCS 201-070-7 Uses: Plasticizer for aq.-based pharmaceutical coatings; food additive; foodfood pkg. adhesives, paper; low foaming Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 180.1001c,d,e contact coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers Properties: Clear liq.; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.03; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; HLB 7.0; pour Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, pt. 27 F; cloud pt. 89 F (1%); flash pt. (PMCC) > 250 F; pH 4-8 (1% aq.); 177.1210, 181.27, 182.1911, 184.199, GRAS 100% conc.; nonionic Properties: Sol. 6.5 g/100 ml water; m.w. 276.3; sp.gr. 1.135-1.139; dens. T-Det[®] EPO-64L [Harcros] 9.48 lb/gal; visc. 35.2 cps; b.p. 127 C (1 mm); pour pt. -50 F; flash pt. (COC) 155 C; ref. index 1.439-1.441; 99% min. assay Chem. Descrip .: PO/EO block copolymer Tech Pet F™ [Crompton/Witco] CAS 106392-12-5 Chem. Descrip.: Petrolatum tech. Uses: Wetting agent, surfactant, defoamer for metal cleaning compds., rinse aids, mech. dishwash, hard surf. cleaners, paper, textiles; emulsifier for CAS 8009-03-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-373-2 agric. toxicants; demulsifier; food pkg. adhesives, paper; low foaming Uses: Binder, carrier, lubricant, moisture barrier, plasticizer, protectant, soft-Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 180.1001c,d,e ener for tech. applics. (elec., paper and pkg., plastics, rubber, textiles, Properties: Clear liq.; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.04; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; HLB 15.0; industrial use) pour pt. 48 F; cloud pt. 138 F (1%); flash pt. (PMCC) > 250 F; pH 4-8 (1% Properties: Dk. brn.; m.p. 50-65 C aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic TEGO® RC 704 [Goldschmidt AG] T-Det® EPO-104 [Harcros] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone Chem. Descrip .: EO/PO block copolymer Uses: Used for supertight paper and syn. film release coatings, esp. appli-CAS 106392-12-5 cable for specialty adhesive tapes (e.g., diaper tapes); radiation-curable Properties: Greenish color; sp.gr. 1.09-1.11; visc. ~ 2000 mPa-s; flash pt. > Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, dispersant, and wetting agent for agric. applics.; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane, films; defoamer in food-contact 100 C; 100% act. Storage: 1 yr shelf life in sealed, lightproof containers @ < 30 C coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1400, 178.3120, TEGO® RC 705 [Goldschmidt AG] 180.1001(c)(e) Chem. Descrip.: Silicone acrylate Properties: Paste; water-sol.; sp.gr. 1.04; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; HLB 13; pour pt. Uses: For paper and syn. film release coatings; EB/UV-curable 90 F; cloud pt. 180 F(1%); flash pt. (PMCC) > 250 F; pH 5-7 (1% aq.); Properties: Greenish clear color; sp.gr. 1.035-1.055; visc. 250-450 mPa•s; 99.5% act.; nonionic flash pt. > 100 C; 100% act. Storage: 1 yr. shelf life in sealed lightproof containers @ < 30 C TEGO® RC 706 [Goldschmidt AG] T-Det[®] N-6 [Harcros] Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-6 Chem. Descrip.: Silicone acrylate

Uses: For paper and syn. film release coatings; EB/UV-curable Properties: Greenish clear color; sp.gr. 0.985-1.005; visc. 120-180 mPa•s; flash pt. > 100 C; 100% act. Storage: 1 yr. shelf life in sealed lightproof containers @ < 30 C TEGO® ŘC 708 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone acrylate Uses: For paper and syn. film release coatings; EB/UV-curable Properties: Yish. clear color; sp.gr. 1.027-1.037; visc. 2000 mPa•s; flash pt. > 100 C; 100% act. Storage: 1 yr. shelf life in sealed lightproof containers @ < 30 C TEGO® RC 711 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone acrylate Uses: For paper and syn. film release coatings; adhesion promoter; EB/UVcurable Properties: Greenish clear color; sp.gr. 1.045-1.055; visc. 400-700 mPa•s; flash pt. > 100 C; 100% act. Storage: 1 yr shelf life in sealed lightproof containers @ < 30 C TEGO® ŘC 726 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone acrylate Uses: For paper and syn. film release coatings; EB/UV-curable Properties: Yish. clear color; sp.gr. 0.97-0.99; visc. 1000 mPa•s; flash pt. > 100 C: 100% act. Storage: 1 yr. shelf life in sealed lightproof containers @ < 30 C TEGO® Ăirex 901 W [Tego; Tego GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Organo-modified polysiloxane, contains fumed silica Uses: Defoamer/deaerator for water-based airless spray-applied wood and furniture coatings; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard; prevents microfoam; solv.-free; zero VOCs Use Level: 0.2-0.5% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.2600; US, EU, Japan listed Properties: Sp.gr. 1.003-1.008; visc. 50-150 mPa•s; 100% act. Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: 1 yr. shelf life in closed containers TEGO® Airex 960 [Tego; Tego GmbH] Chem. Descrip .: Modified polysiloxane in xylene solv. Uses: Deaerator for med. and high polar coating systems, esp. PU paints, high solids alkyds, ES spray systems, and urethane-polyesters; foodcontact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.2-0.8% based on total formulation Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210; BgVV recommended Properties: Clear liq., aromatic odor; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.91; dens. 7.6 lb/ gal; visc. 4-8 mPa•s; b.p. 282-286 F; flash pt. 25 C; ref. index 1.473-1.476; 25% act. Toxicology: TSCA listed Precaution: DOT: flamm. liq. Storage: 1 yr. min. storage stability in closed containers TEGO® Airex 970 [Tego; Tego GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Modified polysiloxane in xylene solv. Uses: Deaerator for med.-polar solv.-based systems, esp. NC-containing systems, vinyl paints, and acid-curing baking finishes (alkyd-melamine and urea, acrylic-melamine, epoxy ester, high solids OEM finishes); food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.2-0.8% based on total formulation Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.2600 Properties: Clear liq., aromatic odor; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.92; dens. 7.66 lb/gal; b.p. 282-286 F; flash pt. 25 C; ref. index 1.473-1.476; 25% act. Toxicology: TSCA listed Precaution: DOT: flamm. liq. Storage: 1 yr. min. storage stability in closed containers TEGO® Antifoam 1-60 [Goldschmidt; Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip .: Polysiloxane-polyether copolymer, polyalkylsiloxane emulsion Uses: Antifoam for wastewater treatment, distillation, bioprocesses, agric. applics., surfactants; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance; listed in TSCA, EINECS, DSL, AICS Properties: Emulsion; 10% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam 1-62 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone oil-based antifoam emulsion Uses: Antifoam for lig. detergents, slurry compaction, cleaning/dishwashing

agents, care agents, softeners, wastewater treatment; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Emulsion; 10% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam 2-18 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Organo-modified siloxane emulsion Uses: Antifoam for PVC polymerization, blow down, and demonomerization; defoamer for metalworking, in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Emulsion; 20% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam 2-57 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Organo-modified siloxane emulsion Uses: Antifoam for polymer dispersions, final applics.; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Emulsion; 20% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam 2-67 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone oil-based emulsion Uses: Antifoam for surfactant concs. and ready-to-use sol'ns., detergents (liq., cleaning agents, dishwashing, care agents); defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Emulsion; 20% act.; anionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam 2-80 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Organo-modified siloxane emulsion Uses: Antifoam for polymer dispersions, final applics.; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Emulsion; 20% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam 2-82 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Organo-modified siloxane emulsion Uses: Antifoam for polymer dispersions, final applics., processing, pump over, demonomerization, and polymerization; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance *Properties:* Emulsion; 20% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam 2-89 [Goldschmidt; Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Polysiloxane-polyether copolymer aq. emulsion Uses: Antifoam for polymer dispersions, final applics., processing, pump over, demonomerization, and polymerization; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance; listed in TSCA, EINECS, DSL, AICS Properties: Emulsion; 20% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam 2-92 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip .: Organo-modified siloxane emulsion Uses: Antifoam for polymer dispersions, final applics., processing, and pump over; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Emulsion; 20% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam 14 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Organo-modified siloxane-based compd. Uses: Antifoam for metalworking; surfactant concs., detergents; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; self-emulsifying conc. org Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam 28 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Organo-modified siloxane-based compd. Uses: Antifoam for textile auxiliaries, surfactant concs., detergents (liq., cleaning agents, dishwashing, care agents); defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance *Properties:* Conc.; 100% act.

Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam 81 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip .: Organo-modified siloxane-based compd. Uses: Antifoam; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Conc.; 100% act. Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam 93 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Organo-modified siloxane Uses: Antifoam for textile auxiliaries, surfactant concs.; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Conc.; 100% act. Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam 105 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone oil Uses: Antifoam for paper stock preparation, paper machine, sheet forming and coating, and wastewater; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Emulsion; 10% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam 200 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Organo-modified siloxane Uses: Antifoam for paper stock preparation, paper machine, sheet forming and coating; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Emulsion; 20% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam 201 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip .: Organo-modified siloxane Uses: Antifoam for paper stock preparation, paper machine, sheet forming and coating, and wastewater; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Emulsion; 20% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam 202 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Organo-modified siloxane Uses: Antifoam for paper stock preparation, paper machine, sheet forming and coating, and wastewater; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Emulsion; 20% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam 793 [Goldschmidt; Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip .: Polysiloxane-polyether copolymer Uses: Antifoam for surfactants, textile auxiliaries, pretreatment, and dyeing, metalworking, cutting fluids, agric. formulations; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; self-emulsifying Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance; listed in TSCA, EINECS, DSL, AICS Properties: Conc.; 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam 1488 [Goldschmidt; Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Polysiloxane-polyether copolymer ag. emulsion Uses: Antifoam for polymer dispersions, PVC, final applics., processing, pump over, demonomerization, polymerization, textiles, metalworking, surfactant concs.; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance; listed in TSCA, EINECS, DSL, AICS Properties: 20% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam 3062 [Goldschmidt; Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Polysiloxane-polyether copolymer Uses: Antifoam for surfactants, textile auxiliaries, metalworking, cutting fluids, agric. formulations, epoxy resins; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; org. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance; listed in TSCA, EINECS, DSL, AICS Properties: Conc.; 100% act. Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam KE 400 [Goldschmidt; Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip .: Vegetable oils, polysiloxane-polyether copolymer emulsion

Uses: Antifoam for PVC prod., polymer dispersions; processing aid for

water-based polymerization of thermoplastics and elastomers; in stripping of PVC latex in emulsion, suspension, and micro-suspension polymerization; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; not rec. for strongly alkaline media (i.e., pH > 10) Use Level: 0.01-0.2% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; listed in TSCA, EINECS, DSL, MITI, **AĬCS** Properties: Milky wh. emulsion; easily diluted with water; dens. 0.96 g/cm³; visc. 300-600 MPa•s; 60% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: 6 mos min. storage stability in closed containers; store under frostfree conditions TEGO® Antifoam KE 600 [Goldschmidt; Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Polyether, polysiloxane-polyether copolymer Uses: Antifoam for PVC polymerization, blow down, and demonomerization, cutting fluids, surfactant concs., paper stock preparation, paper machine, sheet forming and coating, and wastewater; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance; listed in TSCA, EINECS, DSL, AICS Properties: Emulsion; 60% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam KS 6 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip .: Org. oil compd. Uses: Org. antifoam for PVC, polymerization and blow down, wastewater treatment; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; self-emulsifying Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Conc.; 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam KS 10 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip .: Org. oil compd. Uses: Org. antifoam for PVC, polymerization and blow down, metalworking; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; self-emulsifying Regulatory: FDA 21CFR \$176.210; Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Conc.; 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam KS 53 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip .: Org. oil compd. Uses: Org. antifoam for polymer dispersions and PVC, wastewater treatment; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; self-emulsifying Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Conc.; 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam KS 95 [Goldschmidt; Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Vegetable oils, polysiloxane-polyether copolymer emulsion Uses: Antifoam for PVC prod., polymer dispersions; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; self-emulsifying Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance; listed in TSCA, EINECS, DSL, AICS Properties: Conc.; 40% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam KS 100 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip .: Org. oil compd. Uses: Antifoam for wastewater treatment; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Conc., self-emuls.; 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam KS 911 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip .: Org. oil compd. Uses: Antifoam for wastewater treatment, distillation, and bioprocesses; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Conc.; 100% act. Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam KS 1100 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip .: Org. oil compd. Uses: Antifoam for paper stock preparation, paper machine, sheet forming and coating, and wastewater; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance *Properties:* Conc., self-emuls.; 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed

TEGO® Antifoam MR 1000 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Org. oil compd. Uses: Org. antifoamer for metalworking; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard; self-emulsifying Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Conc.; 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam MR 1015 [Goldschmidt; Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Polysiloxane-polyether copolymer, polyalkylsiloxane emulsion Uses: Antifoam for polymer dispersions, final applics., textiles pretreatment/ dyeing/printing/finishing, metalworking, surfactant concs., and ready-to-use sol'ns.; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance; listed in TSCA, EINECS, DSL, AICS Properties: Emulsion; 70% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam MR 1016 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone oil-based emulsion Uses: Antifoam for polymer dispersions, final applics., textiles pretreatment/ dyeing/printing, metalworking, liq. detergents, slurry compaction, cleaning/ dishwashing agents, care agents, wastewater treatment; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Emulsion; 10% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam N [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone oil-based emulsion Uses: Antifoam for distillation, bioprocesses, epoxy resins; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; org. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, BGA, TSCA, MITI listed Properties: Conc.; 100% act. Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Antifoam WM 20 [Goldschmidt AG] Chem. Descrip .: Silicone oil Uses: Antifoam for lig. detergents, slurry compaction, cleaning/dishwashing agents, care agents, and softeners; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGA, Korea, and MITI compliance Properties: Emulsion; 20% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Dispers 740 W [Tego; Tego GmbH] Chem. Descrip .: Modified fatty acid deriv. Uses: Dispersant; very good color str. development, wetting of org. and inorg. pigments for architectural coatings and inks; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard; solv.-free; no nonylphenol ethoxylate Use Level: 2-70% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 approved Properties: Gardner 0-4 clear to sl. turbid liq.; visc. 550-950 mPa•s; pH 6.5-8 (10%); 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: 1yr. shelf life in closed containers TEGO® Flow 354 [Tego; Tego GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Cetyl dimethicone copolyol Uses: Flow control agent, leveling agent, anticratering agent, surf. tens. reducer in paper/board coatings, ink jet inks, printing inks, varnishes; exc. compat. in common water-based binders Use Level: 0.3-5.0% (paper/board coatings), 0.3-3.0% (ink jet inks), 0.1-1.0% (printing inks, varnishes) *Properties:* Clear liq.; sol. (1:100) in water, alcohols, glycols, min. oil; sp.gr. 0.915-0.945; visc. 900-2300 mPa•s; ref. index 1.437-1.443; 100% act. Storage: 12 mos min. storage stability in original sealed containers stored @ R.T. TEGO® Foamex 800 [Tego; Tego GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Polysiloxane-polyether copolymer o/w emulsion; contains hydrophobic silica CAS 68937-54-2 Uses: Defoamer for water-based emulsion paints and water-thinnable systems, PU paints, PU-acrylics, furniture paint, wood varnish, adhesives, dispersion paints, building paints, polymer dispersions, food-contact paper/ paperboard Use Level: 0.2-1.5% on total formulation

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600; BqVV approved Properties: Wh. thixotropic liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.0 g/cc; dens. 8.3 Ib/gal; visc. 530 mPas; pH 7-9; 20% act. in water; 23-27% NV; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: 6 mos storage stability in closed containers under frost-free conditions (@ < 40 C) TEGO® Foamex 805 [Tego; Tego GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Polysiloxane-polyether copolymer o/w emulsion CAS 68937-54-2 Uses: Defoamer for water-based emulsion paints and water-thinnable systems, PU paints, PU-acrylics, furniture paint, wood varnish, adhesives, dispersion paints, polymer dispersions, food-contact paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.2-1.5% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600; BgVV approved Properties: Wh. thixotropic liq.; sp.gr. 1.0 g/cc; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 150 mPas; pH 7-9; 20% act., 22-26% NV; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: 6 mos storage stability in closed containers under frost-free conditions (@ < 40 C) TEGO® Foamex 810 [Tego; Tego GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Polysiloxane-polyether copolymer in combination with org. polymer; contains hydrophobic silica CAS 68937-54-2 Uses: Defoamer for aq. coatings and inks, industrial coatings, wood lacquers, printing inks, pigment pastes, food-contact paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.05-0.2% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600; BgVV approved Properties: Gardner 3 max. turbid liq.; sp.gr. 1.0; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 500-1000 mPa•s; flash pt. 90 C; 100% act.; 95-100% NV; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: 1 yr storage life in closed container TEGO® Foamex 815 [Tego; Tego GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: O/w emulsion of polysiloxane-polyether copolymer; contains hydrophobic silica CAS 68937-54-2 Uses: Defoamer for aq. coatings and printing inks, building protection coatings based on styrene-acrylic emulsions, wood and furniture lacquers, emulsion mfg., printing inks and overprint varnishes based on pure acrylic resins; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.1-1.5% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600; BgVV approved Properties: Wh. thixotropic liq.; dens. 1.0 g/cm³; visc. 400 mPas; pH 7-9; 20% act.; 22-26% NV; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: 6 mos storage life in closed container @ < 40 C; keep from freezing TEGO® Foamex 825 [Tego; Tego GmbH] Chem. Descrip .: Hydrophobic polysiloxane-polyether copolymer o/w emulsion; contains hydrophobic silica CAS 68937-54-2 Uses: Defoamer for aq. coatings and printing inks, building protection coatings (satin gloss and gloss coatings), wood and furniture lacquers, emulsion mfg., printing inks and overprint varnishes based on pure acrylic resins, industrial coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.1-1.0% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600; BqVV approved Properties: Wh. thixotropic liq.; dens. 1.0 g/cm3; visc. 400 mPas; pH 7-9; 20% act.; 24.5-28.5% NV; nonionic Storage: 6 mos storage life in closed container @ < 40 C; keep from freezing TEGO® Foamex 835 [Tego; Tego GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: O/w emulsion of dimethyl polysiloxane, contains hydrophobic silica Uses: Defoamer for aq. coatings and printing inks, printing inks for porous substrates, plasters, high visc. emulsion paints, overprint varnishes; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.03-0.3% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BgVV approved Properties: Wh. thixotropic liq.; sp.gr. 1.0; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; flash pt. none; pH 5-7; 50% act.; 51-53% NV; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed

Storage: 6 mos storage life in closed container below 40 C; keep from freezing

TEGO® Foamex 1435 [Tego; Tego GmbH]

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 compliant Properties: Wh. liq.; visc. 250-400 mPa•s; 20% act.; 23-27% NV Uses: Defoamer for water-thinnable printing inks, high visc. emulsion paints Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Foamex 8030 [Tego; Tego GmbH] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600 Chem. Descrip.: Polyether siloxane copolymer emulsion, contains fumed Properties: Wh. thixotropic liq.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.0; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; silica visc. 200-500 mPa•s; flash pt. none; 20% act. in water; nonionic Uses: Defoamer for water-based architectural coating, food-contact paper/ paperboard Storage: 6 mos min. storage stability in closed containers under frost-free Use Level: 0.1-1% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; US, EU, Canada, Japan, Australia listed Properties: Wh. liq.; visc. 250-400 mPa•s; 20% act.; 23-27% NV Uses: Defoamer for water-based emulsion paints and water-thinnable sys-Toxicology: TSCA listed tems, building protection coatings (acrylic, styrene-acrylic, PVA), wood/ Storage: 6 mos. shelf life in closed containers @ < 40 C; keep from freezing furniture varnishes, anticorrosive coatings/industrial paints (alkyd, polyes-TEGO® Foamex 826 [Tego; Tego GmbH] ter, acrylic), polymer emulsions; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Chem. Descrip.: Polyether siloxane copolymer emulsion contg. fumed silica Uses: Defoamer for water-based systems, architectural coatings, pigmented Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600; BgVV approved coatings based on elastic polymers, decorative coatings, industrial coatings, Properties: Wh. thixotropic liq.; sp.gr. 1.0 g/cc; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 150 food-contact paper/paperboard mPa•s; flash pt. none; pH 7-9 (1:10); 20% act. in water; 22-26% NV; Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600; BGVV approved Properties: Wh. thixotropic liq.; pH 7-9 (1:10); 20% act. Storage: 6 mos storage stability when stored frost-free in closed containers below 40 C Storage: 6 mos storage stability in closed containers under frost-free condi-TEGO® Foamex KS 4 [Tego; Tego GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Vegetable oil with tip of silicone Chem. Descrip.: O/w emulsion of hydrophobic polysiloxane-polyether co-Uses: Defoamer for water-based architectural coatings, paints, plasters; defoamer for food-contact paper/paperboard mfg.; silicone-free Uses: Defoamer for aq. coatings and printing inks, facade coatings, satin Use Level: 0.1-1% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 compliant; US, EU, and Canada listed gloss coatings based on styrene-acrylic and terpolymer emulsions, aq. printing inks and overprint varnishes, emulsion mfg., food-contact paper/ Properties: SI. turbid ylsh. liq.; visc. 400-1000 mPa•s; pH 6-8; 100% act. Toxicology: TSCA listed Storage: 1 yr. shelf life in closed containers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210; BgVV recommended TEGO® Foamex N [Tego; Tego GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Dimethyl polysiloxane with hydrophobic silica Properties: Wh. thixotropic liq.; sp.gr. 1.0; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 230 mPa•s; flash pt. none; pH 7-9 (1:10); 25% act.; 28-32% NV; nonionic Uses: Defoamer conc. for med., high solid and solv.-free paint systems, building protection coatings, anticorrosive coatings, high visc. paints, pig-Storage: 6 mos. storage life in closed container below 40 C; keep from mented UV-cured coatings and finishes, solv.-based gravure and flexo inks, food-contact paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.05-0.5% on total formulation Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2600; BgVV approved Properties: Sol. in isopropanol, butylacetate, xylene, and min. spirits; sp.gr. Uses: Defoamer for water-based emulsion paints and water-thinnable systems, building protection coatings (acrylic, styrene-acrylic, PVA), wood/ 1.0; dens. 8.2 lb/gal; visc. 200-600 mPa•s; flash pt. > 200 C; ref. index furniture varnishes, printing inks, food-contact paper/paperboard 1.402-1.406; 100% act. Toxicology: TSCA listed Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.2600; BqVV Storage: 1 yr min. storage stability in closed containers; stir well before use TEGO® Ğlide 100 [Tego; Tego GmbH] Properties: Gardner 3 max. sl. turbid liq.; sp.gr. 1.0; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. Chem. Descrip.: Dimethicone copolyol 650-1250 mPa•s; flash pt. > 100 C; 100% act.; 97-100% NV Uses: Surf. control additive, mar resist. aid and flow control agent for water and solv.-based paints (alkyd, sat. polyester, polyacrylate), building protec-Storage: 1 yr min. storage stability in closed containers tion coatings, anticorrosive paints, car finishes, printing inks; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.1-1.0% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 compliant; BgVV approved Uses: Defoamer for water-based emulsion paints and water-thinnable systems, building protection coatings (acrylic, styrene-acrylic, PVAc), wood/ Properties: Gardner < 3 color; sp.gr. 1.02-1.04; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 800 ± furniture varnishes, anticorrosion/industrial paints (alkyd, polyester, acrylic), 150 mm² s⁻¹; flash pt. 41 C; ref. index 1.445-1.455; surf. tens. 21 dynes/cm printing inks, polymer disps.; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard (20 C); 100% act. Toxicology: TSCA listed Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600; BgVV approved Precaution: DOT: combustible liq. Properties: Wh. thixotropic liq.; sp.gr. 1.0; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 120-250 Storage: 1 yr min. storage stability in closed containers mPas; flash pt. none; pH 7-9 (1:10); 20% act. in water, 22-26% NV; TEGO® Glide 403 [Tego; Tego GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Polysiloxane-polyether copolymer CAS 68937-54-2 Storage: 6 mos min. storage stability in closed containers under frost-free Uses: Slip agent, flow control agent, leveling agent, anticratering agent, antiblocking agent, release agent in paper/board coatings, industrial coatings, printing inks, preprint applics.; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-Chem. Descrip.: Polyether siloxane copolymer emulsion, contains fumed contact paper/paperboard; exc. compat. in common water-based binders; very good release, slip, and mar resist. Uses: Defoamer for acrylic, styrene-acrylic; prevents and destroys foam Use Level: 0.3-5.0% (paper coatings), 0.1-1.0% (water-based coatings), during mfg. and applic. of waterborne coatings and printing inks; defoamer in 0.1-0.3% (solv.-based coatings), 0.1-1.0% (printing inks) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600

Chem. Descrip.: Polysiloxane w/o emulsion

and renders, food-contact paper/paperboard

Chem. Descrip .: Dimethicone copolyol emulsion

Use Level: 0.25-0.75%

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Use Level: 0.1-1.0%

nonionic/anionic Toxicology: TSCA listed

tions (@ < 40 C)

paperboard

freezing

CAS 67762-96-3

approved

Use Level: 0.1-1.0%

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Use Level: 0.05-0.15%

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Use Level: 0.2-1.5%

Toxicology: TSCA listed

conditions (@ < 40 C)

Use Level: 0.1-1.0%

TEGO® Foamex 8020 [Tego; Tego GmbH]

food-contact paper/paperboard

nonionic

silica

TEGO® Foamex 7447 [Tego; Tego GmbH]

Chem. Descrip.: Dimethicone copolyol emulsion

TEGO® Foamex 3062 [Tego; Tego GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Dimethicone copolyol

TEGO® Foamex 1488 [Tego; Tego GmbH]

TEGO® Foamex 1495 [Tego; Tego GmbH]

polymer, contains hydrophobic silica

conditions

Properties: Pale yel. liq.; sol. (1:100) in water, alcohol, esters, ketones,

aromatic hydrocarbons; sp.gr. 1.014-1.034; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; visc. 2100cloud pt. < 25 C; 100% act. Toxicology: TSCA listed 3300 mPa•s; pH 5.5-7.5; ref. index 1.445-1.455 (20 C); 100% act. TEGOPREN® 5863 [Goldschmidt; Goldschmidt AG] Storage: 12 mos min. storage stability in original sealed containers @ R.T. TEGO® Ğlide 404 [Tego; Tego GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Polysiloxane-polyether copolymer Uses: O/w emulsifier; additive for boosting the performance of defoaming Chem. Descrip.: Polysiloxane-polyether copolymer CAS 68937-54-2 compds.; increases the spreading performance of org. oils; flow improver for gran. powds.; hydrophilic softener; fabric softener; paper/pulping aux.; de-Uses: Slip agent, flow control agent, anticratering agent, surf. tens. reducer in paper/board coatings, industrial coatings, printing inks, ink jet inks, varfoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, BGA, MITI, and Korea compliance; nishes; exc. compat. in common water-based binders listed in TSCA inventory Use Level: 0.3-3.0% (paper coatings), 0.1-1.0% (industrial coatings), 0.3-3.0% (ink jet inks), 0.1-1.0% (printing inks, varnishes) Properties: Sol. in water, alcohol, aromatics, chlorinated HC, ester oil; cloud Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; sol. (1:100) in water, alcohol, glycols; sp.gr. 1.014pt. 42 C; surf. tens. 30 mN/m (0.1% water); 100% act. 1.034; visc. 37-47 mPa•s; ref. index 1.370-1.380 (20 C) Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGOPREN® 5884 [Goldschmidt; Goldschmidt AG] Storage: 12 mos min. storage stability in original sealed containers @ R.T. TEGO® Glide B 1484 [Tego; Tego GmbH] Chem. Descrip .: Polysiloxane-polyether copolymer Chem. Descrip.: Dimethicone copolyol Uses: Softeners and finishes for textiles and other applics.; defoamer in food-Uses: Slip agent, flow agent, leveling agent, deaerator for solv.-based syscontact paper/paperboard; hydrophilic tems, epoxy resins, epoxide, PU, acrylate/isocyanate, and alkyd/mela-Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; TSCA listed mine paint systems, floor coatings, car finishes, wood/furniture varnishes; Properties: Sol. in alcohol, aromatics, chlorinated HC, ester oil; sol. hot in defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; improves scratch resistance water; cloud pt. 71 C; 100% act. Use Level: 0.05-0.25% (paints), 0.2-1.0% (epoxy coatings) Toxicology: TSCA listed Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; BGVV approved TEGO® Silicone Acrylate RC [Goldschmidt] Chem. Descrip.: Silicone acrylate Properties: Gardner 3 max. color; sol. in most org. solvs.; insol. in water; Uses: For release coatings to be cured by EB/UV-radiation in the paper and sp.gr. 1.00; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 350-550 mPas; flash pt. 65 C; ref. index 1.439-1.443; 100% act. film industries Toxicology: TSCA listed TEGO® Wet 260 [Tego; Tego GmbH] Precaution: DOT: combustible liq. Chem. Descrip.: Polysiloxane-polyether copolymer Storage: 1 yr min. storage stability in closed containers @ R.T. CAS 68937-54-2 TEGO® Glide ZG 400 [Tego; Tego GmbH] Uses: Substrate wetting agent for low- or zero-VOC coatings and printing Chem. Descrip.: Dimethicone copolyol inks; used in wood and furniture lacquers, spray or roller coatings, appliance Uses: Surfactant, mar resistant additive for water- and solv.-based paints coatings, aq. primers for plastics, water-borne fillers for automotive coatings; (alkyd, alkyd-melamine, PU, vinyl), building protection coatings, anticorroprinting inks for plastic and paper, overprint varnish; good recoatability, low sive paints, wood/furniture varnishes, printing inks; defoamer in food-contact tendency to stabilize foam paper/paperboard; hydrolytically stable Use Level: 0.1-0.7% as supplied Use Level: 0.05-0.15% on total formulation (paints), 0.1-1.0% (printing inks) Properties: Gardner 3 max. color; sp.gr. 1.01-1.03; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. 30-150 mPa•s; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 4-10; 100% act., 95-100% NV; nonionic Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 approved; BgVV approved Properties: Gardner < 2 clear to sl. turbid liq.; sp.gr. 1.025-1.045; dens. 8.6 Toxicology: TSCA listed lb/gal; visc. 750-1250 mPa•s; flash pt. 83 C; ref. index 1.450-1.454; 100% Storage: 1 yr storage life in closed container Tektamer® 38 [Nalco] act. Toxicology: TSCA listed Chem. Descrip.: 1,2-Dibromo-2,4-dicyanobutane Precaution: DOT: combustible liq. CAS 35691-65-7; EINECS/ELINCS 252-681-0 Storage: 1 yr. shelf life in closed containers Uses: Antimicrobial preservative for aq. systems, paints, emulsions, adhe-TEGO® Photo Compound 750 [Goldschmidt AG] sives, joint cements, pigment dispersions, metalworking fluids, inks, pol-Chem. Descrip.: TEGO[®] RC 711 (80%) and oligometric α -cleavage ishes, waxes, cosmetics and personal care prods.; food pkg. adhesives, photoinitiator (20%) paper Uses: For UV curing of TEGO® RC Series Use Level: 0.025-0.075% (ag. paints), 0.01-0.05% (latex emulsions), 0.025-Use Level: 10-20 parts 0.15% (adhesives), 1-4% (metalworking concs.), 0.01-0.1% (waxes, Properties: SI. yel. greenish color; visc. 1700 mPa•s (20 C); flash pt. > 100 polishes), 0.01-0.75% (inks) Regulatory: FDA21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180; EPA reg. no. 10445-С Storage: 6 mos. shelf life in dark, cool, dry place; avoid exposure to direct 33 daylight Properties: Off-wh. to lt. tan powd., mildly pungent odor; sol. 1700 ppm in water @ 20 C; sol. 325 g/100 ml in dimethylformamide, 301 g acetone, 218 TEGO® Photoinitiator A 12 [Goldschmidt AG] Uses: Photoinitiator for use with TEGO® RC Series when cured by UV g chloroform, 138 g ethyl acetate, 121 g benzene; bulk dens. \approx 48 lb/ft³; m.p. radiation; solv.-free 50-53 C; 98% min. act. Use Level: 2-5% Toxicology: Corrosive; causes eye damage and skin irritation; harmful or fatal Properties: Colorless to sl. yel. color; sp.gr. 1.08; visc. 20-25 mPa•s (20 C); if swallowed b.p. 250 C; flash pt. > 100 C; 100% act. Environmental: Minimal environmental impact Storage: 1 yr. shelf life in sealed orig. containers under cool, dry conditions Storage: Store out of direct sunlight to maintain below its m.p.; exposure TEGOPREN® 5803 [Goldschmidt; GoldschmidtAG] above 50 C will cause caking; keep containers tightly closed Chem. Descrip .: Polysiloxane-polyether copolymer Tektamer® 38 A.D. [Nalco] Uses: Additive for boosting the performance of defoaming compds.; increases Chem. Descrip.: 1,2-Dibromo-2,4-dicyanobutane aq. disp. the spreading performance of org. oils; defoamer in food-contact paper/ CAS 35691-65-7; EINECS/ELINCS 252-681-0 Uses: Antimicrobial preservative for aq. systems, paints, emulsions, adhepaperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; listed in TSCA inventory sives, joint cements, pigment dispersions, metalworking fluids, inks, pol-Properties: Oil-sol.; 100% act. ishes, waxes, cosmetics and personal care prods.; food pkg. adhesives, Toxicology: TSCA listed paper; food-contact slimicide TEGOPREN® 5852 [Goldschmidt AG] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300; EPA reg. Chem. Descrip .: Polyether siloxane no. 10445-56 Uses: Antifoam; dispersant for aq. and org. systems; paper/pulping aux.; Properties: Off-wh. to wh. liq.; sp.gr. 1.1 (20 C); visc. 1800-2400 cps; f.p. 0 defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard C; 25% min. act. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, BGA, MITI, and Korea compliance Toxicology: Corrosive to eyes; causes eye damage and skin irritation Environmental: Minimal environmental impact Properties: Sol. in alcohol, aromatic, chlorinated HC, ester oil; disp. in water;

Storage: Ship and store @ 0-42 C; keep from freezing; store away from heat Tektamer® 38 L.V. [Nalco]

Chem. Descrip.: 1,2-Dibromo-2,4-dicyanobutane aq. disp.

CAS 35691-65-7; EINECS/ELINCS 252-681-0

Uses: Antimicrobial preservative for aq. systems, paints, emulsions, adhesives, joint cements, pigment dispersions, metalworking fluids, inks, polishes, waxes, cosmetics and personal care prods.; food pkg. adhesives, paper

Use Level: 0.1-0.3% (aq. paints), 0.04-0.2% (latex emulsions), 0.04-0.6% (adhesives), 0.04-0.4% (waxes, polishes), 0.04-0.3% (inks), 0.04-0.1% (dispersed pigments), 0.2-0.4% (joint cements), 0.1-0.4% (metalworking fluids)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180; EPA reg. no. 10445-56

Properties: Off-wh. low-visc. liq.; sp.gr. 1.15-1.17 (20 C); visc. 125-400 cps; f.p.0 C; 25% min. act. in water

Toxicology: Corrosive to eyes; causes eye damage and skin irritation Environmental: Minimal environmental impact

Storage: Ship and store @ 0-42 C; keep from freezing; store away from heat Tenase® 1200 [Genencor Int'l.]

Chem. Descrip.: Bacterial α -amylase

CAS 9000-92-4; EINECS/ELINČS 232-567-7

- Uses: Enzyme for starch liquefaction for baking (antistaling agent), brewing (starch haze removal), candy, cereal (reduces visc.), cocoa, distilling, fermentation, starch (prod. of low DE syrups), paper size and coatings, textile desizing, starch adhesives, cleaning starch processing equip.
- Properties: Lt. tan to wh. impalpable dry powd., free of offensive odor and taste; water-sol.

Storage: Activity loss \leq 10% in 1 yr stored in sealed containers under cool dry conditions; 5 C storage extends life

Tergitol® 15-S-3 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: C11-15 pareth-3

CAS 68131-40-8

Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent, intermediate used in textiles, solv. cleaners, dry cleaning, metalworking fluids, water treatment, oil field chems., pulp/paper deinking, latex emulsions, plastics antistat, agric.; defoamer for aq. systems

Regulatory: FDA, EPA compliance

Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in oil, chlorinated solvs., most org. solvs.; m.w. 336; sp.gr. 0.930; dens. 7.74 lb/gal; visc. 26 cs; HLB 8.3; hyd. no. 167; pour pt. -46 C; cloud pt. < 0 (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 174 C; pH 4.0 (1% in aq. IPA); 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeq.

Tergitol® 15-S-5 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: C11-15 pareth-5

CAS 68131-40-8

Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent, intermediate for household and industrial detergents, textiles, dry cleaning, water treatment, metalworking/ cleaning, oil field chems., pulp/paper deinking, agric.; latex emulsion stabilizer; plastics antistat; defoamer for aq. systems; fuel de-icing

Regulatory: FDA, EPA compliance

- Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in oils, chlorinated solvs., most org. solvs.; m.w. 415; sp.gr. 0.965; dens. 8.03 lb/gal; visc. 35 cP; HLB 10.6; hyd. no. 135; cloud pt. < 0 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 178 C; pour pt. -24 C; pH 6-8 (1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 8570 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 4000 mg/kg; mod. toxic by skin contact; mildly toxic by ing.; irritating to skin and eyes

Environmental: Biodeq.

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x Tergitol[®] 15-S-7 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: C11-15 pareth-7

CAS 68131-40-8

Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent, dye leveling agent, coupler, dispersant, stabilizer for household and industrial detergents, paper, textiles, leather, paints, agric., metal cleaners, oil field chems., water treatment, electronics; intermediate

Regulatory: FDA, EPA compliance

Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in water, chlorinated solvs., most org. solvs.; m.w. 515; sp.gr. 0.992; dens. 8.26 lb/gal; visc. 51 cP; HLB 12.4; hyd. no. 109; pour pt. 2 C; cloud pt. 37 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 187 C; pH 6.8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 28 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); Draves wetting 7 s (0.1%); Ross Miles foam 125 mm (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeq.

Tergitol® 15-S-9 [Union Carbide] Chem. Descrip.: C11-15 pareth-9 CAS 68131-40-8

- Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent, dye leveling agent, coupling agent for household and industrial detergents, paper, textiles, leather, paints, agric., metal cleaning, oil field chems., water treatment, electronics; intermediate Regulatory: FDA, EPA compliance
- Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in water, chlorinated solvs., most polar org. solvs.; m.w. 584; sp.gr. 1.006; dens. 8.37 lb/gal; visc. 60 cP; HLB 13.3; hyd. no. 96; pour pt. 9 C; cloud pt. 60 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 193 C; pH 7.1 (1%); surf. tens. 30 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); Draves wetting 8 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 95 mm (0.1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2380 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 2000 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing. and skin contact; skin and severe eye irritant

Environmental: Biodeq.

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x Tergitol® 15-S-12 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: C11-15 pareth-12

CAS 68131-40-8

- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, coupling agent, dispersant, dye leveling agent, stabilizer for household/industrial detergents, paper, textiles, fiber lubricants, paints, agric., metal cleaners, oil field chems., water treatment, electronics, leather; rec. for elevated temp. and high electrolyte applics. Regulatory: FDA, EPA compliance
- Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in water, chlorinated solvs., most polar org. solvs.; m.w. 738; sp.gr. 1.020; dens. 8.49 lb/gal; visc. 85 cP; HLB 14.7; hyd. no. 76; pour pt. 20 C; cloud pt. 88 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) > 227 C; pH 6.2 (1%); surf. tens. 31 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); Draves wetting 24 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 125 mm (1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: Skin and severe eye irritant

Environmental: Biodeg.

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors

Tergitol® 15-S-15 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: C11-15 pareth-15

CAS 68131-40-8

Uses: Emulsifier, detergent, wetting agent for alkaline industrial cleaners/ degreasers, textile scouring, dye carriers, demulsification of petrol. oil emulsions, oil field chems.; pulp/paper processing aid; stabilizer for syn. latexes; for use at elevated temps., in presence of electrolytes

Regulatory: FDA, EPA compliance

- Properties: Wh. waxy semisolid; sol. in water, chlorinates solvs, polar org. solvs.; m.w. 877; sp.gr. 1.009 (55/20 C); dens. 8.40 (55 C); visc. 43 cP (50 C); HLB 15.6; hyd. no. 64; pour pt. 28 C; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 246 C; pH 6.4 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 34 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); Ross-Miles foam 130 mm (0.1% aq., initial); 100% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg.
- Tergitol[®] Min-Foam 1X [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: C11-15 alcohols reacted with EO and PO CAS 68551-14-4

- Uses: Surfactant, foam depressant, wetting agent, detergent for household/ industrial cleaners, dry cleaning, textile processing, metal cleaning, circuit board cleaners, leather, paper deinking
- Properties: Clear liq., mild char. odor; sol. in water, xylene, butyl Cellosolve, anhyd. IPA, perchloroethylene, oils; m.w. 645; sp.gr. 0.995; dens. 8.28 lb/ gal; visc. 57 cP; HLB 11.4; hyd. no. 87; solid. pt. -42 C; pour pt. -38 C; čloud pt. 40 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 111 C; pH 6.7 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 29 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); Draves wetting 6 s (0.1% aq.); Ross-Miles foam 120 mm (0.1% aq., initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: Skin and eye irritant

Environmental: Biodeg.

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Tergitol[®] Min-Foam 2X [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: C11-15 alcohols reacted with EO and PO CAS 68551-14-4

Uses: Surfactant, antifoam, detergent for household/industrial detergents, machine dishwashing, rinse aid, acid metal cleaners, textile dyeing/processing/scouring, circuit board cleaners, paper deinking, water treatment; completely rinsable

Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in xylene, butyl Cellosolve, anhyd. IPA, perchlo-

roethylene, oils; m.w. 630; sp.gr. 0.978; dens. 8.14 lb/gal; visc. 49 cP; HLB 13.8; hyd. no. 89; solid. pt. -47 C; pour pt. -42 C; cloud pt. 20 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 155 C; pH 6.6 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 29 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); Ross-Miles foam 45 mm (0.1% aq., initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Tergitol® NP-4 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-4

CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 230-770-5

- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant used in dry cleaning detergents, household and industrial cleaners, adhesives, agric., emulsification/disp. PVAc; emulsifier for silicones and min. oils; freeze/thaw stabilizer for latex emulsions; food pkg. adhesives; sanitizing sol'ns. for food contact; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 178.1010(b), 178.3400, 182.99; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c),(d),(e)
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; char. odor; oil-sol.; sol. in kerosene, aliphatic hydrocarbons, butyl acetate, butyl Cellosolve, corn and wh. min. oil, diesel fuel, anhyd. IPA, Stod., toluene; m.w. 396; sp.gr. 1.031; dens. 8.57 lb/gal; visc. 445 cs; HLB 8.9; b.p. > 300 C; flash pt. 480 F (COC); cloud pt. 0 C; 100% act.; nonionic
- Teraitol[®] NP-6 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-6

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant used in dry cleaning detergents, household and industrial cleaners, adhesives, agric., emulsification/disp. PVAc; emulsifier for silicones and min. oils; freeze/thaw stabilizer for latex emulsions; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard; sanitizing sol'ns. for food contact; emulsifier in mfg. of foodcontact articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 178.1010(b), 178.3400, 182.99; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c),(d),(e)
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; char. odor; sol. in kerosene, aliphatic hydrocarbons, butyl acetate, butyl Cellosolve, corn and wh. min. oil, diesel fuel, anhyd. IPA, Stod., toluene; m.w. 484; sp.gr. 1.055; dens. 8.67 lb/gal; visc. 373 cs; HLB 10.9; b.p. > 300 C; flash pt. 360 F (PMCC); cloud pt. 0 C (0.5% aq.); pH 5-7.5; 100% act.; nonionic

Tergitol® NP-7 [Union Carbide]

- Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-7
- CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-292-0
- Uses: Surfactant; detergent and wetting agent for adhesives/sealants, agric. emulsifiers, auto/brass/copper/silver polish, dairy and food plant cleaners, deinking/wetting/rewetting agent, detergent in industrial and household cleaners; dispersant for polymers/pigments; dust control/mining; emulsification/ disp. polyvinyl acetate; emulsifier for fats/waxes/kerosene/min. oil, polyester resin; metal cleaning; textile wetting agent; wet/spread agents in waterbased paints; food pkg.; all-purpose
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 178.1010(b), 178.3400, 182.99; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c),(d),(e)
- Properties: Pt-Co 75 max. clear liq.; mild char. odor; sol. in butyl acetate, butyl Cellosolve, corn oil, anhyd. IPA, toluene, water; m.w. 528; sp.gr. 1.055; dens. 8.71 lb/gal; visc. 338 cs; HLB 11.7; solid. pt. -6 C; b.p. > 250 C; flash pt. 525 F (COC); cloud pt. 20 C; pH 5-8 (10% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Tergitol[®] NP-8 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-8

- Uses: Surfactant; detergent and wetting agent for adhesives/sealants, agric. emulsifiers, auto/brass/copper/silver polish, dairy and food plant cleaners, deinking/wetting/rewetting agent, detergent in industrial and household cleaners; dispersant for polymers/pigments; dust control/mining; emulsification/ disp. polyvinyl acetate; emulsifier for fats/waxes/kerosene/min. oil, polyester resin; metal cleaning; textile wetting agent; wet/spread agents in waterbased paints; food pkg.; all-purpose Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 178.1010(b), 178.3400, 182.99;
- EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c),(d),(e)
- Properties: Pt-Co 50 max. clear liq.; mild char. odor; sol. in butyl acetate, butyl Cellosolve, ethylene glycol, anhyd. IPA, toluene, water; m.w. 572; sp.gr. 1.056; visc. 325; HLB 12.3; solid. pt. -3 C; b.p. 250 C; flash pt. 400 F (PMCC); cloud pt. 43 C; pH 5.0-8.0 (10% aq.); surf. tens. 30 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Tergitol[®] NP-9 [Union Carbide]

- Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-9
- CAS 9016-45-9
- Uses: Surfactant; detergent and wetting agent for adhesives/sealants, agric. emulsifiers, auto/brass/copper/silver polish, dairy and food plant cleaners, deinking/wetting/rewetting agent, detergent in industrial and household cleaners; dispersant for polymers/pigments; dust control/mining; emulsification/ disp. polyvinyl acetate; emulsifier for fats/waxes/kerosene/min. oil, polyester resin; metal cleaning; textile wetting agent; wet/spread agents in waterbased paints; food pkg.; all-purpose
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 176.300, 178.1010(b), 178.3400, 182.99; USDA approved; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c),(d),(e)
- Properties: Yel. clear liq.; mild char. odor; sol. in butyl acetate, butyl Cellosolve, ethylene glycol, anhyd. IPA, toluene, water; m.w. 616; sp.gr. 1.057; dens. 8.80 lb/gal; visc. 318 cs; HLB 12.9; solid. pt. 0 C; b.p. > 250 C; flash pt. 540 F (COC); cloud pt. 54 C; pH 5-8 (10% aq.); surf. tens. 30 dynes/ cm (0.1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic
- Tergitol[®] NP-9.5 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-9.5

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: Surfactant; detergent and wetting agent for adhesives/sealants, agric. emulsifiers, auto/brass/copper/silver polish, dairy and food plant cleaners, deinking/wetting/rewetting agent, detergent in industrial and household cleaners; dispersant for polymers/pigments; dust control/mining; emulsification/ disp. polyvinyl acetate; emulsifier for fats/waxes/kerosene/min. oil, polyester resin; metal cleaning; textile wetting agent; wet/spread agents in waterbased paints; food pkg.; all-purpose
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 176.300, 178.1010(b), 178.3400, 182.99; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c),(d),(e)
- Properties: Liq.; misc. with chlorinated and aromatic solvs.; m.w. 634; sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 240 cP; HLB 13.1; hyd. no. 88; pour pt. 5 C; cloud pt. 59 C (1%); surf. tens. 31 dynes/cm; Ross-Miles foam 90 mm (1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Tergitol[®] NP-10 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-10

CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-294-1

- Uses: Surfactant; detergent and wetting agent for adhesives/sealants, agric. emulsifiers, auto/brass/copper/silver polish, dairy and food plant cleaners, deinking/wetting/rewetting agent, detergent in industrial and household cleaners; dispersant for polymers/pigments; dust control/mining; emulsification/ disp. polyvinyl acetate; emulsifier for fats/waxes/kerosene/min. oil, polyester resin; metal cleaning; textile wetting agent; wet/spread agents in waterbased paints; food pkg.; all-purpose
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 176.300, 178.1010(b), 178.3400, 182.99; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c),(d),(e)
- Properties: Yel. clear lig.; mild char. odor; sol. in butyl acetate, butyl Cellosolve, ethylene glycol, anhyd. IPA, toluene, water; m.w. 682; sp.gr. 1.062; dens. 8.84 lb/gal; visc. 327 cs; HLB 13.6; solid. pt. 7 C; b.p. > 250 C; flash pt. 500 F (COC); cloud pt. 63 C (0.5% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic
- Tergitol® NP-11 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-11

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: Surfactant; detergent and wetting agent for adhesives/sealants, agric. emulsifiers, auto/brass/copper/silver polish, dairy and food plant cleaners, deinking/wetting/rewetting agent, detergent in industrial and household cleaners; dispersant for polymers/pigments; dust control/mining; emulsification/ disp. polyvinyl acetate; emulsifier for fats/waxes/kerosene/min. oil, polyester resin; metal cleaning; textile wetting agent; wet/spread agents in waterbased paints; food pkg.; all-purpose
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 176.300, 178.1010(b), 178.3400, 182.99; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c),(d),(e)
- Properties: Liq.; misc. with chlorinated and aromatic solvs.; m.w. 678; sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 260 cP; HLB 13.5; hyd. no. 83; pour pt. 12 C; cloud pt. 72 C (1%); surf. tens. 34 dynes/cm; Ross-Miles foam 95 mm (1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic
- Tergitol® NP-12 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-12

CAS 9016-45-9

Uses: Surfactant; detergent and wetting agent for adhesives/sealants, agric. emulsifiers, auto/brass/copper/silver polish, dairy and food plant cleaners, deinking/wetting/rewetting agent, detergent in industrial and household cleaners; dispersant for polymers/pigments; dust control/mining; emulsification/

CAS 9016-45-9

disp. polyvinyl acetate; emulsifier for fats/waxes/kerosene/min. oil, polyester resin; metal cleaning; textile wetting agent; wet/spread agents in waterbased paints; food pkg.; all-purpose

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 176.300, 178.1010(b), 178.3400, 182.99; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c),(d),(e)
- Properties: Liq.; misc. with chlorinated and aromatic solvs.; m.w. 704; sp.gr. 1.06; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 240 cP; HLB 13.8; hyd. no. 80; pour pt. 13 C; cloud pt. 78 C (1%); surf. tens. 34 dynes/cm; Ross-Miles foam 100 mm (1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Tergitol[®] NP-13 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-13

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: Surfactant; detergent and wetting agent for adhesives/sealants, agric. emulsifiers, auto/brass/copper/silver polish, dairy and food plant cleaners, deinking/wetting/rewetting agent, detergent in industrial and household cleaners; dispersant for polymers/pigments; dust control/mining; emulsification/ disp. polyvinyl acetate; emulsifier for fats/waxes/kerosene/min. oil, polyester resin; metal cleaning; textile wetting agent; wet/spread agents in waterbased paints; food pkg.; all-purpose
- Regulatory: FDA 21ĊFŘ §175.105, 176.210, 178.1010(b), 178.3400, 182.99; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(c),(d),(e)
- Properties: Yel. clear liq.; mild char. odor; sol. in butyl acetate, butyl Cellosolve, ethylene glycol, anhyd. IPA, toluene, water; m.w. 792; sp.gr. 1.071; dens. 8.90 lb/gal; visc. 410 cs; HLB 14.4; solid. pt. 16 C; b.p. > 250 C; cloud pt. 83 C (0.5% aq.); pH 5.0-8.0 (10% aq.); surf. tens. 34 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Tergitol® NP-15 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-15

CAS 9016-45-9

Uses: Surfactant; detergent and wetting agent for adhesives/sealants, agric. emulsifiers, auto/brass/copper/silver polish, dairy and food plant cleaners, deinking/wetting/rewetting agent, detergent in industrial and household cleaners; dispersant for polymers/pigments; dust control/mining; emulsification/ disp. polyvinyl acetate; emulsifier for fats/waxes/kerosene/min. oil, polyester resin; metal cleaning; textile wetting agent; wet/spread agents in waterbased paints; food pkg.; all-purpose

Regulatory: FDA21CFR §175.105, 176.210; EPA40CFR §180.1001(e) Properties: Liq.; HLB 15.0; 100% conc.; nonionic

Tergitol[®] TMN-3 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Isolaureth-3

CAS 60828-78-6

Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, coupling agent, penetrant, leveling agent for textile processing, lubricants, water treatment, solv. cleaners/degreasers, metalworking fluids, dry cleaning, oil field chems., pulp/paper deinking; defoamer for aq. systems; intermediate for anionic surfactants used in house-hold, industrial, and personal care prods.

Regulatory: FDA, EPA compliance

Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in chlorinated solvs., most polar and nonpolar solvs, oils; m.w. 312; sp.gr. 0.930; dens. 7.74 lb/gal; visc. 19 cP; solid. pt. -40 C; HLB 8.1; hyd. no. 180; pour pt. -49 C; cloud pt. < 0 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 130 C; pH 7.2 (10% in aq. IPA); 100% act.; nonionic</p>

Tergitol[®] TMN-10 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip .: Isolaureth-10

- CAS 60828-78-6
- Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, spreading agent, penetrant, detergent, leveling agent for high temp. applics., textile wet processing, fiber lubricants, agric., paper deinking, metal cleaners, acid cleaners, water treatment, leather, circuit board cleaners

Regulatory: FDA, EPA compliance

Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in water, most polar solvs.; m.w. 683; sp.gr. 1.044; dens. 8.69 lb/gal; visc. 96 cP; HLB 14.1; hyd. no. 82; pour pt. -16 C; cloud pt. 77 C (1% aq.); solid. pt. -7.5 C; flash pt. (PMCC) none; pH 6.4 (10% aq.); surf. tens. 27 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); Draves wetting 9 s (0.1% aq.); Ross-Miles foam 117 mm (0.1% aq., initial); 90% act. in water; nonionic *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 5650 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; skin and severe eye irritant

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Teric[™] 12A3 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-3 C12-C15 alcohol

CAS 68131-39-5

Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems,

consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, tex-tiles, water treatment

Properties: Visc. 28 cps (20 C); HLB 7.1; hyd. no. 175; pour pt. < 0 C; 0.15% water; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Teric[™] 12A9 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-9 C12-C15 alcohol

CAS 68131-39-5

Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, textiles, water treatment

Properties: Visc. 32 cps (50 C); HLB 13.6; hyd. no. 84; pour pt. 20 C; cloud pt. 80-85 C; surf. tens. 30.2 mN/m (0.1%); wetting 10 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 11.7 cm (0.1%, initial); 0.5% water; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Teric[™] 12A23 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-23 C12-C15 alcohol

CAS 68131-39-5

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, tex-tiles, water treatment
- *Properties:* Visc. 75 cps (50 C); HLB 16.6; hyd. no. 46; pour pt. 35 C; cloud pt. > 100 C; surf. tens. 35.7 mN/m (0.1%); wetting 42 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 10.5 cm (0.1%, initial); 0.5% water; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg. Teric™ 12M2 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-2 cocamine

CAS 61791-14-8

- Uses: Dispersant, emulsifier, stabilizer used in metal, stone, paper and textile processing; formulation of lubricants and dye bath auxs.; emulsion stabilizer; fat liquoring compds.; wetting agent of hydrophobic surfaces
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl Icinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, kerosene, min. and veg. oil; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.913; visc. 166 cps; m.p. -1 ± 2 C; HLB 11.4; surf. tens. 28.2 dynes/cm; pH 8-10 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] 12M5 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-5 cocamine

CAS 61791-14-8

- Uses: Dispersant, emulsifier, stabilizer used in metal, stone, paper and textile processing; formulation of lubricants and dye bath auxs.; emulsion stabilizer; fat liquoring compds.; wetting agent of hydrophobic surfaces
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, min., veg. and paraffin oil, olein; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.971; visc. 311 cps; m.p. -9 ± 2 C; HLB 12.4; surf. tens. 29.2 dynes/cm; pH 8-10 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] 12M15 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-15 cocamine

CAS 61791-14-8

- Uses: Dispersant, emulsifier, stabilizer used in metal, stone, paper and textile processing; formulation of lubricants and dye bath auxs.; emulsion stabilizer; fat liquoring compds.; wetting agent of hydrophobic surfaces
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in water, benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, veg. oil, olein; sp.gr. 1.038; visc. 343 cps; m.p. -11 ± 2 C; HLB 15.7; cloud pt. > 100 C; surf. tens. 39.6 dynes/cm; pH 8-10 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] 13A7 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip .: Isotrideceth-7

Uses: Emulsifier for agric.; intermediate for carboxymethylate mfg., sulfation; filter cake dewatering agent; dust suppressant in coal industry; domestic and window cleaners; leather finishing; wetting agent for paper and cellulose, textiles

Properties: APHA 100 color; sol. in water, aromatics, ethyl acetate, glycol ethers, trichlorethylene, ethanol, olein, ethylene glycol; sp.gr. 0.984; visc. 80 cps; HLB 11.8; hyd. no. 112-118; pour pt. 0 C; pH 5.5-7.5; surf. tens. 26 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] 13A9 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip .: Isotrideceth-9

Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier, detergent used in pigment disps., agric. and horticultural applics., solv. emulsion cleaners, paper; wool dye leveling agent

Properties: Hazen 150 liq.; sol. in water, ethyl acetate, ethyl Icinol, ethanol; sp.gr. 1.018; visc. 142 cps; m.p. < 0 C; HLB 13.3; cloud pt. 63 ± 2 C; pH 6-8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 27.9 dynes/cm (0.1%); wetting 2 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 12.5 cm (0.1%, initial); 95% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] 16A16 [Huntsman]

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, textiles, water treatment
- *Properties:* Visc. 65 cps (50 C); HLB 14.9; hyd. no. 60; pour pt. 38 C; cloud pt. > 100 C; surf. tens. 37.1 mN/m (0.1%); wetting 28 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 7.3 cm (0.1%, initial); 0.5% water; nonionic
- Environmental: Biodeg.
- Teric[™] 16A22 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-22 C16-C18 alcohol
 - Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, textiles, water treatment
 - *Properties:* Visc. 92 cps (50 C); HLB 15.8; hyd. no. 42; pour pt. 40 C; cloud pt. > 100 C; surf. tens. 41.3 mN/m (0.1%); wetting 48 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 10.3 cm (0.1%, initial); 0.5% water; nonionic
 - Environmental: Biodeg.
- Teric[™] 16A29 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: PEG-29 C16-C18 alcohol
 - Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, textiles, water treatment
 - *Properties:* Visc. 105 cps (50 C); HLB 17.7; hyd. no. 36; pour pt. 45 C; cloud pt. > 100 C; surf. tens. 46 mN/m (0.1%); wetting 80 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 8.7 cm (0.1%, initial); 0.5% water; nonionic
 - Environmental: Biodeg.
- Teric[™] 16M2 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: PEG-2 soya amine

CAS 61791-24-0

- Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier for waxes and fats; formulation of leather dressing and metal cleaning compds., fiber lubricant applics. in the bldg. industry; formulation of lubricants and dye bath auxs.; wetting agent of hydrophobic surfs. used in metal, stone, paper, and textile processing; emulsion stabilizer; fat liquoring compds.
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, kerosene, min., paraffin and veg. oil, olein; sp.gr. 0.906; visc. 191 cps; m.p. -15 ± 2 C; HLB 9.5; surf. tens. 26.6 dynes/cm; pH 8-10 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] 16M10 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-10 soya amine

CAS 61791-24-0

- Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier for fats and waxes used in leather dressing compds.; fat liquoring compds.; fiber lubricant; formulation of lubricants and dye bath auxs.; wax emulsions for fiber board pkg. and particle board for bldg. industry; wetting agent of hydrophobic surfs. used in metal, stone, paper, and textile processing; emulsion stabilizer
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in water, benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, kerosene, min., veg. and paraffin oil, olein; sp.gr. 0.994; visc. 219 cps; m.p. -22 ± 2 C; HLB 12.1; cloud pt. 89 ± 2 C; surf. tens. 36.1 dynes/cm; pH 8-10 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic
- Teric™ 16M15 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-15 soya amine
 - CAS 61791-24-0
 - Uses: Wetting agent and dispersant used in metal, cleaning, leather dressing and dye leveling compds., agric. sprays; emulsifier for fats and waxes; fiber lubricant; formulation of lubricants and dye bath auxs.; wax emulsion for the bldg. industry; wetting agent of hydrophobic surfs. used in metal, stone, paper, and textile processing; emulsion stabilizer; fat liquoring compds.
 - Properties: Liq.; sol. in water, benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol; sp.gr. 1.021; visc. 266 cps; m.p. -18 ± 2 C; HLB 13.8; cloud pt. > 100 C; surf. tens. 37.4 dynes/cm; pH 8-10 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic
- Teric[™] 17A2 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: PEG-2 cetyl oleyl alcohol
 - CAS 8065-81-4
 - Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, tex-tiles, water treatment

Properties: Visc. 37 cps (20 C); HLB 6.0; hyd. no. 153; pour pt. 11 C; 0.5%

water; nonionic

- Environmental: Biodeg. Teric[™] 17A3 [Huntsman]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* PEG-3 cetyl oleyl alcohol
 - CAS 8065-81-4
 - Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, textiles, water treatment
 - Properties: Visc. 41 cps (20 C); HLB 7.5; hyd. no. 138; pour pt. 13 C; 0.5% water; nonionic
 - Environmental: Biodeg.
- Teric[™] 17A6 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-6 cetyl oleyl alcohol
 - CAS 8065-81-4
 - Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, textiles, water treatment
 - *Properties:* Visc. 60 cps (20 C); HLB 10.2; hyd. no. 107; pour pt. 15 C; 0.5% water; nonionic
- Environmental: Biodeg.
- Teric[™] 17A8 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-8 cetyl oleyl alcohol
 - CAS 8065-81-4
 - Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, textiles, water treatment
 - *Properties:* Visc. 35 cps (50 C); HLB 11.6; hyd. no. 91; pour pt. 17 C; cloud pt. 41 C; surf. tens. 30.8 mN/m (0.1%); wetting 24 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 9.6 cm (0.1%, initial); 0.5% water; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg. Teric™ 17A10 [Huntsman]

- Chem. Descrip.: PEG-10 cetyl oleyl alcohol
- CAS 8065-81-4
- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, textiles, water treatment
- *Properties:* Visc. 43 cps (50 C); HLB 12.7; hyd. no. 81; pour pt. 24 C; cloud pt. 70-75 C; surf. tens. 32.9 mN/m (0.1%); wetting 27 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 10.8 cm (0.1%, initial); 0.5% water; nonionic
- Environmental: Biodeg. Teric™ 17A13 [Huntsman]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* PEG-13 cetyl oleyl alcohol
 - CAS 8065-81-4
 - Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, tex-tiles, water treatment
 - *Properties:* Visc. 45 cps (50 C); HLB 13.0; hyd. no. 74; pour pt. 25 C; cloud pt. 79-81 C; surf. tens. 33 mN/m (0.1%); wetting 17 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 10.4 cm (0.1%, initial); 0.5% water; nonionic
 - Environmental: Biodeg.
- Teric™ 17A25 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: PEG-25 cetyl oleyl alcohol
- CAS 8065-81-4
 - Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, textiles, water treatment
 - *Properties:* Visc. 92 cps (50 C); HLB 16.2; hyd. no. 43; pour pt. 37 C; cloud pt. > 100 C; surf. tens. 42 mN/m (0.1%); wetting 102 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 11.3 cm (0.1%, initial); 0.5% water; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

- Teric[™] 18M2 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: PEG-2 stearamine
 - CAS 9003-93-4; EINECS/ELINCS 233-520-3
 - Uses: Wetting agent; dispersant; emulsion stabilizer; emulsifier used in agric. toxicants and processing of textiles, paper, leather and bldg. board; corrosion inhibitor in lubricants and greases
 - Properties: Solid; sol. in benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, kerosene, min., paraffin and veg. oil, olein; sp.gr. 0.887 (50 C); visc. 75 cps (50 C); m.p. 50 ± 2 C; HLB 8.5; pH 8-10 (1% aq.); 100% act.: nonionic
- Teric[™] 18M5 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: PEG-5 stearamine

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-16 C16-C18 alcohol

- Uses: Wetting agent; dispersant; emulsion stabilizer; emulsifier used in agric. toxicants and processing of textiles, paper, leather and bldg. board; corrosion inhibitor in lubricants and greases; softener and antistat in solv. cleaning of textiles and compd. of plastics
- Properties: Solid; sol. in benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl Icinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, kerosene, min., paraffin and veg. oil, olein; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.935 (50 C); visc. 46 cps (50 C); m.p. 35 ± 2 C; HLB 9.5; pH 8-10 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic
- Teric[™] 18M10 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-10 stearamine

CAS 26635-92-7

- Uses: Wetting agent; dispersant; emulsion stabilizer; emulsifier used in agric. toxicants, textiles, paper, leather and bldg. board; corrosion inhibitor in lubricants and greases; softener, antistat for plastics, textiles
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in water, benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, kerosene, veg. oil, olein; sp.gr. 0.997; visc. 255 cps; m.p. 18 ± 2 C; HLB 11.2; cloud pt. > 100 C; surf. tens. 34.0 dynes/cm; pH 8-10 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] 18M20 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-20 stearamine

CAS 26635-92-7

- Uses: Wetting agent; dispersant; emulsion stabilizer; emulsifier used in agric. toxicants and processing of textiles, paper, leather and bldg. board; corrosion inhibitor in lubricants and greases
- Properties: Paste; sol. in water, benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, olein; sp.gr. 1.025 (50 C); visc. 66 cps (50 C); m.p. 28 ± 2 C; HLB 14.5; cloud pt. > 100 C; surf. tens. 40.3 dynes/cm; pH 8-10 (1%)
 - aq.); 100% act.; nonionic
- Teric[™] 18M30 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: PEG-30 stearamine

CAS 26635-92-7

- Uses: Wetting agent; dispersant; emulsion stabilizer; emulsifier used in agric. toxicants and processing of textiles, paper, leather and bldg. board; corrosion inhibitor in lubricants and greases
- Properties: Solid; sol. in water, benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol; sp.gr. 1.038 (50 C); visc. 116 cps (50 C); m.p. 28 ± 2 C; HLB 17.8; cloud pt. > 100 C; surf. tens. 43.0 dynes/cm; pH 8-10 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] 127 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid EO condensate

- Uses: Antifoam; emulsifier; coemulsifier of veg. and min oils, paraffinic waxes and solvs.; lubricant for textile processing; foam control agent in paper mfg., industrial fermentation and distillation, textile dyeing
- Properties: Hazen > 250 liq.; sol. in benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, veg. oil, olein; sp.gr. 0.978; visc. 87 cps; m.p. < 0 C; HLB 7.7; pH 8 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic
- Teric[™] 128 [Huntsman]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Uses: Wetting agent, deinking agent for paper recycling; emulsifier; low foaming

Properties: Liq.; 100% conc.; nonionic

Teric[™] 164 [Huntsman]

- Uses: Surfactant, defoamer for metal cleaning, textile processing, paper mfg., water treatment, mechanical dishwashing detergents, and low foaming heavyduty/all-purpose laundry detergents; low foaming
- Properties: Visc. 65 cps (20 C); HLB 10.8; pour pt. 2 C; hyd. no. 84; cloud pt. 39 C (1%); 0.5% water; nonionic
- Teric[™] 165 [Huntsman]
- Uses: Surfactant, defoamer for metal cleaning, textile processing, paper mfg., water treatment, mechanical dishwashing detergents, and low foaming heavyduty/all-purpose laundry detergents; low foaming
- *Properties:* Visc. 68 cps (20 C); HLB 12.5; pour pt. 3 C; cloud pt. 30-38 C (1%); 10% water; nonionic
- Teric[™] 167 [Huntsman]
- Uses: Surfactant, defoamer for metal cleaning, textile processing, paper mfg., water treatment, mechanical dishwashing detergents, and low foaming heavyduty/all-purpose laundry detergents; low foaming

Properties: Visc. 20 cps (20 C); pour pt. 4 C; 1% water; nonionic

Teric[™] 168 [Huntsman]

Uses: Surfactant, defoamer for metal cleaning, textile processing, paper mfg., water treatment, mech. dishwashing detergents, and low foaming heavyduty/all-purpose laundry detergents

- Teric™ 170 [Huntsman]
 - Uses: Surfactant, defoamer for metal cleaning, textile processing, paper mfg., water treatment, mechanical dishwashing detergents, and low foaming heavyduty/all-purpose laundry detergents; low foaming
 - Properties: Visc. 560 cps (20 Č); pour pt. < 0 Č; hyd. no. 225; 1% water; nonionic

Teric[™] 171 [Huntsman]

Uses: Surfactant, defoamer for metal cleaning, textile processing, paper mfg., water treatment, mechanical dishwashing detergents, and low foaming heavyduty/all-purpose laundry detergents; low foaming

Properties: Visc. 450 cps (20 C); pour pt. < 0 C; hyd. no. 136; cloud pt. 71-75 C (1%); 0.5% water; nonionic

Teric[™] 173 [Huntsman]

Uses: Surfactant, defoamer for metal cleaning, textile processing, paper mfg., water treatment, mech. dishwashing detergents, and low foaming heavyduty/all-purpose laundry detergents

Teric[™] BL8 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: C9-11 alcohol alkoxylate

Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, textiles, water treatment

Properties: Visc. 63 cps (20 C); HLB 13.7; hyd. no. 92; pour pt. < 0 C; cloud pt. 57-61 C; surf. tens. 30.3 mN/m (0.1%); wetting 3 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 13.1 cm (0.1%, initial); 0.5% water; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg. Teric™ G9A2 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-2 C9-C11 alcohol

CAS 68439-46-3

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, textiles, water treatment
- Properties: Visc. 25 cps (20 C); HLB 8.7; hyd. no. 225; pour pt. < 0 C; 0.2% water; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Teric[™] G9A6 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: C9-11 pareth-6

CAS 68439-46-3

- Uses: Emulsifier for agric., solvs.; filter cake dewatering; dust suppression in coal industry; domestic, laundry, hard surf. and window cleaners; leather; paper deinking; skin care prods.; textile wetting, carbonizing, leveling, scouring; surfactant for formulation of hard surf. cleaners, degreasers and dispersants in industrial and domestic applics.
- Properties: APHA 100 color; sol. in water, aromatics, ethyl acetate, glycol ethers, trichlorethylene, ethanol, ethylene glycol; sp.gr. 0.987; visc. 38 cps; HLB 12.4; pour pt. < 0 C; cloud pt. 50-55 C; pH 6-8; surf. tens. 24.0 dynes/ cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] G9A8 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: C9-11 pareth-8

CAS 68439-46-3

- Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent for domestic, hard surf., laundry cleaners; paper deinking; degreaser, wetting agent for textiles
- Properties: APHA 100 color; sol. in water, aromatics, ethyl acetate, glycol ethers, trichlorethylene, ethanol, ethylene glycol; sp.gr. 0.988 (50 C); visc. 21 cps (50 C); HLB 13.7; pour pt. 13 C; cloud pt. 75-80 C; pH 6-8; surf. tens. 27.0 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] G9A10 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip .: C9-11 pareth-10

CAS 68439-46-3

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, textiles, water treatment
- *Properties:* Visc. 25 cps (50 C); HLB 14.7; hyd. no. 93; pour pt. 22 C; surf. tens. 33 mN/m (0.1%); wetting 16 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 14.2 cm (0.1%, initial); 0.5% water; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Teric[™] G12A6 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: C12-15 pareth-6

CAS 68131-39-5

Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, textiles, water treatment, hard surf. abrasives, metal descaling, domestic and industrial use in laundries, sanitizing, dairy detergents; intermediate for metal cleaning

 $\begin{array}{l} \textit{Properties:} \ \text{Hazen 250 liq. to paste; sp.gr. 0.955; visc. 24 cps (50 C); m.p. \\ 10 \pm 2 \text{ C; HLB 11.2; cloud pt. 40 \pm 2 C; surf. tens. 27.8 dynes/cm; pH 6-8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 27.7 mN/m (0.1%); wetting 7 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 7 cm (0.1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic \end{array}$

Environmental: Biodeg.

Teric[™] G12A7 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: C12-15 pareth-7

CAS 68131-39-5

- Uses: Surfactant for skin care gels, dairy cleaning, laundry prods., It. duty detergents, paper processing; fiber lubricant/antistat for textile spinning, cotton dye leveling
- Properties: APHA 100 color; sol. in water, aromatics, ethyl acetate, glycol ethers, trichlorethylene, ethanol, ethylene glycol; sp.gr. 0.958 (50 C); visc. 26 cps (50 C); HLB 12.1; pour pt. 15 C; cloud pt. 48-52 C; pH 6-8; surf. tens. 30 dynes/cm (0.1%); wetting 8 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 9.1 cm (0.1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] G12A12 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: C12-15 pareth-12 (11.5 EO)

CAS 68131-39-5

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, textiles, water treatment, , hard surf. abrasives, metal descaling; intermediate for metal cleaning
- *Properties:* Hazen 250 solid; sp.gr. 0.993; visc. 37 cps; m.p. 24 ± 2 C; HLB 14.4; cloud pt. 92 ± 2 C; surf. tens. 35.6 dynes/cm; pH 6-8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 35.6 mN/m (0.1%); wetting 17 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 12.6 cm (0.1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Teric[™] N2 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-2

- CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-291-5
- Uses: W/o emulsifier, defoamer, wetting agent, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for household cleaners, textiles, agric., metal cleaning, petrol., cosmetics, latex paints, cutting oils, janitorial supply industries, solv. emulsion cleaners, dry cleaning detergents; intermediate for prod. of anionics; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Properties: Hazen 100 liq.; sol. in benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, kerosene, min., paraffin and veg. oil, olein; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.001; visc. 620 cps; m.p. < 0 C; HLB 5.7; hyd. no. 178-185; pour pt. < 0 C; pH 6-8 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic</p>

Teric[™] N4 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-4

CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 230-770-5

- Uses: W/o emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for household cleaners, textiles, agric., metal cleaning, metalworking lubricants, tank cleaning, dry cleaning, petrol., cosmetics, latex paints, cutting oils, janitorial supply industries; antistat; lubricant; latex stabilizer; detergent for petrol. oils; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper
- Properties: Hazen 100 liq.; sol. in benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, kerosene, min., paraffin and veg. oil, olein; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.023; visc. 370 cps; m.p. < 0 C; HLB 8.9; hyd. no. 138-145; pH 6-8 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] N5 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-5 (5.5 EO)

CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 247-555-7

- Uses: W/o emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for household cleaners, textiles, agric., metal cleaning, metalworking lubricants, tank cleaning, dry cleaning, petrol., cosmetics, latex paints, cutting oils, janitorial supply industries; antistat; lubricant; latex stabilizer; detergent for petrol. oils; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper
- *Properties:* Hazen 100 liq.; sol. in benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, kerosene, veg. oil, olein; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.035; visc. 355 cps; m.p. < 0 C; HLB 10.5; hyd. no. 118-126; pH 6-8 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] N6 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-6 CAS 9016-45-9 Uses: W/o and o/w emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, surf. tens. reducer, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for household cleaners, industrial cleaners, textiles, agric., metal/min. processing, pulp/paper, metal cleaning, petrol., cosmetics, latex paints, cutting oils, household laundry detergents, emulsion polymerization, janitorial supply industries; deicing aid; rust inhibitor; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; low to mod. foaming; generally inert

Properties: Visc. 340 cps (20 C); HLB 10.9; pour pt. < 0 C; 0.5% water; nonionic

Teric[™] N8 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-8 (8.5 EO)

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant, solubilizer for concrete mfg., agric. sprays, pesticides, solv. cleaners, paints, detergents, emulsion polymerization, leather, textiles, pulp/paper; base surfactant for household and industrial detergents
- Properties: Hazen 100 liq.; sol. in water, benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl Icinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, veg. oil, olein; sp.gr. 1.056; visc. 350 cps; m.p. 0 ± 2 C; HLB 12.3; cloud pt. 30-34 C; pH 6-8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 29.4 dynes/cm (0.1%); wetting 4.1 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 6.7 cm (0.1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] N9 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-9

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: O/w emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for concrete mfg., agric. sprays, solv. cleaners, detergents, emulsion polymerization, household cleaners, textiles, metal cleaning, petrol., cosmetics, latex paints, cutting oils, janitorial supply industries, food pkg.; pitch dispersant for pulp/paper mills; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/board
- Properties: Hazen 100 liq.; sol. in water, benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, veg. oil, olein; sp.gr. 1.060; visc. 330 cps; m.p. 0 ± 2 C; HLB 12.8; cloud pt. 50-55 C; pH 6-8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 30.6 dynes/cm (0.1%); wetting 3.8 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 10.6 cm (0.1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] N10 [Huntsman]

- Chem. Descrip .: Nonoxynol-10
- CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-294-1
- Uses: O/w emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for household cleaners, textiles, agric. sprays, concrete mfg., metal cleaning, solv. cleaners, petrol., latex paints, detergents, emulsion polymerization, cosmetics, cutting oils, janitorial supply industries; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Properties: Hazen 100 liq.; sol. in water, benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, veg. oil, olein; sp.gr. 1.063; visc. 360 cps; m.p. 5 ± 2 C; HLB 13.3; cloud pt. 67 ± 2 C; pH 6-8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 30.6 dynes/cm (0.1%); wetting 5 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 12.6 cm (0.1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] N11 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-11

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting agent, surf. tens. reducer, penetrant, dispersant, emulsifier, solubilizer for concrete mfg., agric. sprays, metal/min. processing, pulp/paper, household laundry detergents, industrial cleaners, textiles, solv. cleaners, paints, emulsion polymerization
- Properties: Hazen 100 liq.; sol. in water, benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, olein; sp.gr. 1.069; visc. 410 cps; m.p. 7 ± 2 C; HLB 13.7; cloud pt. 74 ± 2 C; pH 6-8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 34.8 dynes/cm (0.1%); wetting 9 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 12.6 cm (0.1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] N12 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-12

CAS 9016-45-9

Uses: O/w emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for concrete mfg., agric. sprays, solv. cleaners, latex paints, detergents, emulsion polymerization, household cleaners, textiles, metal cleaning, petrol., cosmetics, cutting oils, janitorial supply industries; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard

Properties: Hazen 100 liq.; sol. in water, benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol,

perchlorethylene, ethanol, olein; sp.gr. 1.045 (50 C); visc. 67 cps (50 C); m.p. 11 \pm 2 C; HLB 13.9; cloud pt. 82 \pm 2 C; pH 6-8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 35.2 dyens/cm (0.1%); wetting 8.9 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 13 cm (0.1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] N13 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-13

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: O/w emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for concrete mfg., agric. sprays, solv. cleaners, latex paints, detergents, emulsion polymerization, household cleaners, textiles, metal cleaning, petrol., cosmetics, cutting oils, janitorial supply industries; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Properties: Hazen 100 liq.; sol. in water, benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, olein; sp.gr. 1.049 (50 C); visc. 75 cps (50 C); m.p. 14+2 C; HLB 14.4; cloud pt. 89 ± 2 C; pH 6-8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 34.9 dynes/cm (0.1%); wetting 16.4 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 12.3 cm (0.1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] N15 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-15

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: O/w emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer, dispersant for household cleaners, textiles, agric., metal cleaning, petrol., cosmetics, latex paints, cutting oils, janitorial supply industries, perfumes, detergents, sanitizers, emulsion polymerization, acid cleaners, hard surf. cleaners; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; defoamer in foodcontact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Properties: Hazen 100 paste; sol. in water, benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, olein; sp.gr. 1.051 (50 C); visc. 82 cps (50 C); m.p. 21 ± 2 C; HLB 15.0; cloud pt. 95 ± 2 C; pH 6-8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 33.4 dynes/cm (0.1%); wetting 13.9 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 14.2 cm (0.1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] N20 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-20

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: O/w emulsifier, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer dispersant for household cleaners, textiles, agric., metal cleaning, crude oils, cosmetics, latex paints, cutting oils, janitorial supply industries, emulsion polymerization; wetting agent, coemulsifier in perfumes, detergents, sanitizers, latex stabilization; emulsifier for waxes, oils, fats, solvs.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Properties: Hazen 100 solid; sol. in water, benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, olein; sp.gr. 1.061 (50 C); visc. 100 cps (50 C); m.p. 30 ± 2 C; HLB 16.0; hyd. no. 42-57; cloud pt. > 100 C; pH 6-8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 41.7 dynes/cm (0.1%); wetting 24.6 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 13.9 cm (0.1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] N30 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-30

CAS 9016-45-9

- Uses: O/w emulsifier, detergent, penetrant, solubilizer dispersant for household cleaners, textiles, agric., metal cleaning, petrol., cosmetics, latex paints, cutting oils, janitorial supply industries, emulsion polymerization; wetting agent, coemulsifier in perfumes, detergents, sanitizers; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Properties: Hazen 150 flakes; sol. in water, benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol; sp.gr. 1.066 (50 C); visc. 150 cps (50 C); m.p. 40 ± 2 C; HLB 17.2; hyd. no. 31-36; cloud pt. > 100 C; pH 6-8 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 42.8 dynes/cm (0.1%); wetting 69 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 14 cm (0.1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] N30L [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-30

CAS 9016-45-9

Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting agent, surf. tens. reducer, penetrant, dispersant for agric., metal/min. processing, pulp/paper, household laundry detergents, industrial cleaners, textiles, emulsion polymerization; low to mod. foaming; generally inert

Properties: APHA 100 color; sp.gr. 1.095; visc. 2000 cps; HLB 17.2; pour pt. 2 C; pH 6-8; surf. tens. 43 dynes/cm (0.1%); wetting 69 s (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 14 cm (0.1%, initial); 70% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] OF4 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG-4 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0; EINECS/ELINCS 233-293-0

- Uses: Emulsifier used in o/w emulsions of veg. and min. oils, fats, waxes and solvs.; formulation of cutting oils; metal lubricant in metal cleaning formulations and in solv. degreasers; textile and paper finishing applics.; antistat in textile processing and mfg. of syn. fibers
- Properties: Hazen > 250 liq.; sol. in benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, kerosene, veg. oil, olein; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.978; visc. 87 cps; m.p. < 0 C; HLB 7.7; pH 8 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Teric[™] OF6 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-6 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0

- Uses: Emulsifier used in o/w emulsions of veg. and min. oils, fats, waxes and solvs.; formulation of cutting oils; metal lubricant in metal cleaning formulations and in solv. degreasers; textile and paper finishing applics.; antistat in textile processing and mfg. of syn. fibers
- Properties: Hazen > 250 liq.; sol. in benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, kerosene, veg. oil, olein; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.992; visc. 82 cps; m.p. < 0 C; HLB 9.7; pH 7-9 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 32.1 mN/m (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 0.3 cm (0.1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Teric[™] OF8 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-8 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0

- Uses: Emulsifier; aux. product and antistat in textile and paper finishing applics.
- Properties: Hazen > 250 liq.; sol. in benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, kerosene, veg. oil, olein; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.012; visc. 120 cps; m.p. < 0 C; HLB 11.1; pH 8-10 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 33.6 mN/m (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 1 cm (0.1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

Teric[™] PE 61 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: POE (6) PPG 1750

- Uses: Defoamer for metalworking, textiles, pulp/paper, water treatment, I&I cleaners, industrial and mech. dishwash; rinse aid for automatic dishwashing and windshield washing; lubricant for metalworking; flotation collector for deinking and recycling of waste paper
- Properties: Hazen 100 liq.; sol. in benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, veg. oil, olein; sp.gr. 1.017; visc. 388 cps; m.p. < 0 C; HLB 3; cloud pt. 24 ± 2 C; surf. tens. 39.0 dynes/cm; pH 6 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic</p>

Teric[™] PE 62 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: POE (17) PPG 1750

Uses: Defoamer for metalworking, textiles, pulp/paper, water treatment, I&I cleaners, industrial and mech. dishwash; rinse aid for automatic dishwashing and windshield washing; lubricant for metalworking; flotation collector for deinking and recycling of waste paper

Properties: Hazen 100 liq.; sol. in water, benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, veg. oil, olein; sp.gr. 1.032; visc. 440 cps; m.p. < 0 C; HLB 7; cloud pt. 32 ± 2 C; surf. tens. 42.1 dynes/cm; pH 6 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] PE 64 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: POE (25) PPG 1750

Uses: Defoamer for metalworking, textiles, pulp/paper, water treatment, I&I cleaners, industrial and mech. dishwash; rinse aid for automatic dishwashing and windshield washing; lubricant for metalworking; flotation collector for deinking and recycling of waste paper

Properties: Hazen 100 liq.; sol. in water, benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, olein; sp.gr. 1.051; visc. 1332 cps; m.p. 8 ± 2 C; HLB 15; cloud pt. 58 ± 2 C; surf. tens. 43.2 dynes/cm; pH 6 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Teric[™] PE 68 [Huntsman]

Chem. Descrip.: POE (150) PPG 1750

Uses: Defoamer for metalworking, textiles, pulp/paper, water treatment, I&I cleaners, industrial and mech. dishwash; rinse aid for automatic dishwashing and windshield washing; lubricant for metalworking; flotation collector for deinking and recycling of waste paper

Properties: Hazen 100 flakes; sol. in water, benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl

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Icinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, olein; m.p. 50 ± 2 C; HLB 29; cloud pt. >	C Cm
100 C; suff. tens. 49.0 dynes/cm; pH 6 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic	<i>EΠ</i> Toric™
Chem Descrin · POF (50) PPG 2150	Ch
Uses: Defoamer for metalworking, textiles, pulp/paper, water treatment, I&I	CA
cleaners, industrial and mech. dishwash; rinse aid for automatic dishwash-	Us
ing and windshield washing; lubricant for metalworking; flotation collector for	e
deinking and recycling of waste paper	is
<i>Properties:</i> Visc. 240 cps (20 C); HLB 16.5; pour pt. 32 C; cloud pt. 79-85	a
C (1%); U.5% Water	Pro
Chem Desering DOE (125) DDC 2150	S C
Chenn, Deschip., POE (123) PPG 2130	d d
cleaners industrial and mech dishwash rinse aid for automatic dishwash-	En U
ing and windshield washing: lubricant for metalworking: flotation collector for	Teric™
deinking and recycling of waste paper	Ch
Properties: Visc. 270 cps (20 C); HLB 24; pour pt. 40 C; cloud pt. > 100 C	CA
(1%); 0.8% water	Us
ic™ PEG 200 [Huntsman]	g
Chem. Descrip.: PEG 200	n
CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9	a
Uses: Binder for glazing; intermediate for PEG esters, method ylate resins,	a Dra
naints/resins: naner/film: nrinting inks: taxtile amulsifier	rit n
Properties: APHA 25 color: sol in water and most polar org solvs · m w	р 1
190-210; sp.gr. 1.127; visc. 4.2 cst (99 C); pour pt50 C; flash pt. (OC) >	n -
170 C; ref. index 1.459; pH 4.5-7.5; surf. tens. 44.6 dynes/cm; 99% act.;	En
nonionic	Teric™
Environmental: Biodeg.	Ch
ic [™] PEG 300 [Huntsman]	CA
Chem. Descrip.: PEG 300 USP	Us
CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 220-045-1	g
for DEC ostors. DLI foams: plasticizor/solvent: cosmetics: metalworking	اا د ا
lubricants: naints/resins: naner/film: nrinting inks: rubber release: textile	a a
aux.: lig. pharmaceutical preps ointment bases: binder for capsules/pills	Pro
<i>Properties:</i> APHA 25 color; sol. in water and most polar org. solvs.; m.w.	p p
285-315; sp.gr. 1.128; visc. 5.8 cst (99 C); pour pt12 C; flash pt. (OC) >	i v
190 C; ref. index 1.463; pH 4.5-7.5; surf. tens. 44.6 dynes/cm; 99% act.;	n
nonionic	_ic
Environmental: Biodeg.	En
C ^{hom} PEG 400 [Huntsman] Chom Doscrin : DEC 400 LISD	
Chenn. Deschp FLG 400 03F CAS $25322.68.3$ · FINFCS/FLINCS $225.856.4$	
Uses: Emulsifier antistat for textiles: rubber: inks: cosmetics: naner/film:	1 n
pesticide solubilizer/carrier; intermediate for PEG esters, PU foams; plasti-	Tetron
cizer/solvent for cork; metalworking lubricants; paints/resins; pharmaceuti-	Ch
cal liq. preps., ointment bases, suppository bases; binder for capsules/pills;	CA
preservation of pathological specimens	Us
Properties: APHA 25 color; sol. in water and most polar org. solvs.; m.w.	a
380-420; sp.gr. 1.130; visc. 7.3 cst (99 C); pour pt. 6 C; flash pt. (OC) > 215	р
C; Tel. IIIUEX 1.400; PH 4.5-7.5; SUII. TELIS. 44.0 UVITES/CIII; 99% act.;	 Dro
Finitionic Environmental: Biodeo	n n
ic™ PFG 600 [Huntsman]	Tox
Chem. Descrip.: PEG 600 USP	n
CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 229-859-1	Tetron
Uses: Emulsifier for textiles; pesticide solubilizer/carrier; binder for ceramics;	Ch
intermediate for PEG esters, PU foams; cosmetics; pharmaceuticals; met-	CA
alworking lubricants; resins; paper/film; inks; rubber release	Us
riuperiles. APHA TU COLOT (25% aq.); SOI. IN Water and most polar org.	C C
solvs., (11.44, 500-050, 50.91, 1.127, VISC. 10.4 CSI (77 C); (1001 pl. 17 C; flash nt (Ω C) > 230 C; ref index 1 A5A; nH A 5.7 5; suif tons AA 6 duncel	μ Dri
cm: 99% act : nonionic	2
Environmental: Biodeg.	Το
ic™ PEG 1500 [Huntsman]	n
Chem. Descrip.: PEG 1500	Техар
Uses: Textile finishing and sizing; wood processing; latex lubricant; printing	Ċh
inks; pharmaceuticals; paper/film	CA
Properties: APHA 30 color (25% aq.); sol. in water and most polar org.	Us

Properties: APHA 30 color (25% aq.); sol. in water and most polar org. solvs.; m.w. 1430-1570; sp.gr. 1.208; visc. 28.4 cst (99 C); pour pt. 46 C; flash pt. (OC) > 260 C; ref. index 1.456; pH 4.5-7.5; surf. tens. 53.1 dynes/

- ric[™] PEG 4000 [Huntsman]
- Chem. Descrip.: PEG 4000
- CAS 25322-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9
- Uses: Binder/plasticizer for ceramics; intermediate for copolymers, PEG esters; cosmetics; pharmaceuticals; metalworking lubricants and electropolishes; resins; paper/film; printing inks; rubber antistat, release, compding. aid; textile aux.
- Properties: APHA 50 color (25% aq.); sol. in water and most polar org. solvs.; m.w. 3300-4000; sp.gr. 1.217; visc. 130-180 cst (99 C); pour pt. 56 C; flash pt. (OC) > 260 C; ref. index 1.456; pH 4.5-7.5; surf. tens. 54.4 dynes/cm (50% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic
- Environmental: Biodeg.
 - ic[™] T5 [Huntsman] Chem. Descrip.: PEG-5 tallate

CAS 61791-00-2

- Uses: Wetting agent and dispersant for oil-based systems; emulsifier, detergent, grinding aid for wet milling of pigments and resins; mfg. of lubricants for metal and textile industries; emulsifier for min. and animal oils, cosmetics, agric.; defoamer for effluent treatment, pulp/paper processes; low-foaming additive in detergents, I&I hard surf. cleaners, pulp/paper chems.
- Properties: Hazen > 250 liq.; sol. in benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, min. and veg. oil, olein; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.018; visc. 196 cps; m.p. < 0 C; HLB 8.2; pH 8-10 (1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic
- Environmental: Biodeg.
- ric™ T10 [Huntsman]
- Chem. Descrip.: PEG-10 tallate
- CAS 61791-00-2
- Uses: Wetting agent and dispersant for oil-based systems; emulsifier, detergent, grinding aid for wet milling of pigments and resins; mfg. of lubricants for metal and textile industries; emulsifier for min. and animal oils, cosmetics, agric.; defoamer for effluent treatment, pulp/paper processes; low-foaming additive in detergents, I&I hard surf. cleaners, pulp/paper chems.
- Properties: Hazen > 250 liq.; sol. in benzene, ethyl acetate, ethyl lcinol, perchlorethylene, ethanol, veg. oil, olein; also disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.042; visc. 253 cps; m.p. 5 ± 2 C; HLB 11.7; pH 8-10 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 34.9 mN/m (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 5.3 cm (0.1%, initial); 100% act.; nonionic
- Environmental: Biodeg.
- etralon® [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper]
- Chem. Descrip.: Polycarboxylic
- Uses: Sequestrant to complex iron and other polyvalent metallic ions in pulp prior to bleaching processes
- Tetronic® 90R4 [BASF]

Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO ethylene diamine block copolymer

CAS 26314-40-5

- Uses: Surfactant, emulsion stabilizer, solubilizer, dispersant, wetting agent, antistat, penetrant, plasticizer, defoamer, demulsifier in the petrol., paints, paper, cement, inks, cosmetics, pharmaceutical, plastics, detergent, and metalworking industries; rubber activator; R series for low foaming applics.
- Properties: Liq.; m.w. 7240; visc. 3870 cps; HLB 1-7; pour pt. 12 C; cloud pt. 43 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 43 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral) > 10 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; minimal skin and minimal to mild eye irritation

Tetronic® 150R1 [BASF]

- Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO ethylene diamine block copolymer
- CAS 26314-40-5
- Uses: Detergent, oil emulsifier, defoamer for machine dishwashing, metal cleaning, petrol., paints, paper, cement, inks, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, plastics; rubber activator; low foaming
- Properties: Liq.; m.w. 8000; visc. 1840 cps; HLB 1; pour pt. -17 C; cloud pt. 20 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 33 dynes/cm (0.1%); 100% act.; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) > 10 g/kg, (dermal) > 5 g/kg; minimal skin and minimal to mild eye irritation
- exapon® 842 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Sodium octyl sulfate
 - CAS 142-31-4; EINECS/ELINCS 205-535-5
 - Uses: Wetting agent for hydrophobic powds.; surfactant for mfg. of SB disps. and SBR/ABS by emulsion polymerization; food-contact paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.170, BGA approved

Properties: Liq.; 41-43% act.; anionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1288 mg/kg; may cause gastrointestinal irritation, Texapon[®] EHS [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea if ingested; causes eye, skin, and respira-Chem. Descrip .: Sodium 2-ethylhexyl sulfate tory irritation CAS 126-92-1; EINECS/ELINCS 204-812-8 *Precaution:* Avoid strong oxidizing agents Uses: Wetting agent, solubilizer, hydrotrope for cleaning agents, esp. in Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO, SO_x alkaline media; mfg. of S/B disps. and SBR/ABS by emulsion polymeriza-NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 tion process; food-contact paper/paperboard; low foaming Storage: 1 yr min. storage stability in orig. unopened containers at temps. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, BGA approved below 40 C, protected from moisture Properties: Liq.; 40% act.; anionic Texapon® LS Highly Conc. Needles [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate (C12-C14) Texapon® K-12 C Powd. [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 Uses: Surfactant for mfg. of polymer disps.; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact Uses: Surfactant, foaming agent for mfg. of all types of polymer dispersions; articles; food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 178.3400, BGA approved emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food-contact paper/paperboard; high foaming power; suitable for mfg. of sm. particle size polymer disps.; Properties: Wh. to It. yel. needles, almost odorless; dens. 400-500 g/l; pH high C-chain purity 6.5-9.0 (1%); 87% min. act.; anionic Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 178.3400; BGA approved Texapon® OT Highly Conc. Needles [Cognis/Care Chems.; Cognis KGaA/ Properties: Powd.; >90.5% act.; anionic Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate C12-C18 Texapon® K-12 Granules [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 Uses: Detergent, shampoo base for bubble bath, soaps; emulsifier for emul-Uses: Foaming agent for polymer disps.; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact sion polymerization; additive for mech. latex foaming, carpet and upholstery articles; food-contact paper/paperboard cleaners; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food-contact paper/pa-Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 178.3400, BGA approved perboard Properties: Wh. gran.; > 88% act.; anionic Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 178.3400, BGA approved Texapon® K-12 Needles [Cognis/Care Chems.; Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Properties: Needles; 91-92% act.; anionic Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate Texapon® T 42 [Cognis KGaA/Care Chems.; Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.; CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 Henkel/Pulcra] Uses: Foaming agent for toothpaste, emulsion and cream shampoos, deter-Chem. Descrip.: TEA-lauryl sulfate gents, wettable powds., cleansing preps., polymer disps.; emulsifier in mfg. CAS 139-96-8; EINECS/ÉLINCS 205-388-7 of food-contact articles; food-contact paper/paperboard Uses: Detergent, emulsifier for hair and rug shampoos, bubble baths, shower Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 178.3400, BGA approved gels, fire fighting foams; surfactant for mfg. of polymer disps.; emulsifier in Properties: Wh. to lt. yel. needles, almost odorless; dens. 400-500 g/l; pH mfg. of food-contact articles; food-contact paper/paperboard 6.5-9.0 (1%); 88% min. act.; anionic Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 178.3400, BGA approved Storage: 1 yr min. storage life in sealed orig. containers in dry place at temps. Properties: Liq.; m.w. 420; visc. < 100 mPa•s; pH 7.2-7.5 (10%); 40-43% below 40 C act.; anionic Texapon® K-12 PA 15 [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Texapon® VHC Needles [Cognis/Care Chems.; Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate aq. sol'n. Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate (86%), sodium sulfate (6%), sodium CAS 68585-47-7; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 chloride (2.5%), water (6%) Uses: Polymerization surfactant, foaming agent used for mfg. of all types of Uses: Wetting agent, foaming agent, emulsifier, detergent for personal care polymer dispersions; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of foodprods., scouring agents, pigment dispersions, polymer dispersions, emulsion polymerization, PVC processing; cosmetic base; emulsifier in mfg. of contact articles; suitable for sm. particle size disps. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 178.3400; SARA food-contact articles; food-contact paper/paperboard §311/312 reportable; BGA approved Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 178.3400, BGA approved; SARA §311/ Properties: Colorless liq.; sl. odor; sp.gr. 0.96; dens. 8.0 lb/gal; flash pt. 312 reportable (PMCC) > 93 C; pH 9.0; 85% volatiles; 15% act.; anionic Properties: Wh. fine needles; mild odor; misc. with water; sp.gr. 0.45; dens. Toxicology: Causes skin and severe eye irritation; ing. may cause GI 3.75 lb/gal; pH 7-8 (1% aq.); 7.5 % max. volatiles; 86-90% act.; anionic irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea; TSCA listed Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; causes skin, eye, respiratory irritation; Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents ing. may cause GI irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO2, CO, SOx Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO, SO, NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: Store @ > 25 C Texapon[®] K-1296 C Needles [Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Storage: Store in cool, dry place Texapon® ZHC Needles [Cognis/Care Chems.; Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate CAS 151-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 Uses: Surfactant, foaming agent for mfg. of all types of polymer dispersions; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food-contact paper/paperboard; Uses: Foaming agent, dispersant, wetting agent for toothpaste, foaming bubble high foaming power; suitable for mfg. of sm. particle size polymer disps.; baths, cosmetic cleansing creams and emulsions, shampoos; air entraining agent; surfactant for mfg. of polymer disps.; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact high C-chain purity Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 178.3400; BGA approved articles; food-contact paper/paperboard Properties: Needles; >90% act.; anionic Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 178.3400; NF, JP compliance; SARA §311/312 reportable Texapon® K-1296 Powd. [Cognis/Care Chems.; Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate (96.5%), sodium sulfate (2.5%), Properties: Wh. to sl. ylsh. needles; fatty odor; completely sol. in water; sodium chloride (1%) sp.gr. 0.45; dens. 400-500 g/l; pH 6.5-9.0 (1%); 7.5 % max. volatiles; Uses: Dispersant, wetting agent, cleansing agent, disintegrant, foaming agent 88% min. act.; anionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1288 mg/kg; causes skin, eye, and respiratory for cleaning formulations, dentifrices, emulsion and cream shampoos, foaming bubble baths, cosmetic cleansers; additive for mech. latex foaming; irritation; ing. may cause GI irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea; TSCA emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food-contact paper/paperboard listed

- Regulatory: FDĂ 21CFR §176.170, 178.3400, NF, BĠA, DAB, Ph.Eur., JP compliance
- Properties: Wh. to sl. ylsh. powd., almost odorless; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 0.23-0.24; dens. 1.02-2.00 lb/gal; pH 6-9 (1%); 96% act.; anionic

Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO, SO_x NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: 1 yr min. storage life in orig. unopened containers at temps. below

- 40 C, protected from moisture Texapon® ZHC Powder [Cognis/Care Chems.; Cognis KGaA/Plastics Tech.] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium lauryl sulfate CAS 68955-19-1; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1 Uses: Foaming agent, dispersant, and wetting agent for bubble baths, cosmetic cleansing creams and emulsions, toothpaste, polymer disps., emulsion polymerization, mech. latex foaming, carpet and upholstery cleaners; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food-contact paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.170, 178.3400, BGA, NF, JP compliance Properties: Wh. to sl. ylsh. fine powd., faint odor; dens. 200-300 g/l; pH 8.5-10.5 (1%); 90% min. act.; anionic Storage: 1 yr min. storage life in orig. unopened containers at temps. below 40 C, protected from moisture Texicryl® 13-442 [Scott Bader] Chem. Descrip.: Emulsion copolymers of the higher acrylic esters Uses: Adhesive for nonremovable It. paper labels; emulsions which dry to give films that are permanently tacky at R.T. and require the applic. of only It. pressure to give good adhesion to most surfaces; good adhesion to difficult substrates such as polyethylene Properties: Emulsion; 0.25 µ particle size; sp.gr. 1.00; visc. 0.6-1.25 poise; pH 8.0-9.5 TH-44 [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd] Chem. Descrip.: Paraffin wax, special polymer CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6 Uses: Water repellent for improved lubrication on surf. of papers by enhancing sizing effect Use Level: 5-50 times diluted sol'n. for total of 0.5-4% per paper Properties: Wh. emulsion; pH 7.5; cationic Thermoguard® S [Laurel Ind.] Chem. Descrip.: Antimony oxide CAS 1309-64-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-175-0 Uses: Flame retardant for use in plastics, paper, textiles, and paints; flame retardant pigment for PVC; used with chlorinated organics for producing flame-retardant polyesters, polyethylene compds.; mfg. of flame-retardant films, sheets, textiles, paper, paints; must be used with a halogen-containing compd. for flame retardant effect; high tinctorial str. Properties: Wh. superfine powd., odorless; 1.3 µ avg. particle size; 99.9% thru 325 mesh; insol. in common org. solvs.; very sl. sol. in water; sol. in aq. HCl, potassium hydroxide, and tartaric acid; m.w. 291.52; sp.gr. 5.67; vapor pressure 0 mm (20 C); m.p. 656 C; b.p. 1435 C; ref. index 2.087; 99.5% Sb₂O₃; 83.0% antimony Toxicology: May be irritating to respiratory system, eyes, skin; ing. may cause severe GI symptoms; antimony oxide has caused lung tumors in test animals; ACGIH TLV 0.5 mg/m³ (as Sb); contains < 0.4% arsenic and < 0.4% lead; TSCA listed Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers, acids, halogenated acids Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic antimony fumes Thermoguard® UF [Laurel Ind.] Chem. Descrip .: Antimony oxide CAS 1309-64-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-175-0 Uses: Flame retardant for plastic, textiles, paper, and paint applics.; superfine grade; high tinctorial str.; used in conjunction with halogenated flame retarders
 - Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; 0.1% on 325 mesh; 50% 0.2-0.5 µ; sp.gr. 5.67; bulk dens. 25 lb/ft³; m.p. 656 C; ref. index 2.1; 99.5% Sb₂O₃ Toxicology: May be irritating to respiratory system and eyes; avoid breathing dust and eye and skin contact

Thermosil[®] [Süd-Chemie AG]

Chem. Descrip .: Bentonite

CAS 1302-78-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-108-5

Uses: Used when detrimental liquids impair function of coated papers, e.g., thermoreactive papers, carbonless copying papers

Thiostop[®] N [Uniroyal]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate aq. sol'n.

CAS 128-04-1; EINECS/ELINCS 204-876-7

Uses: Polymerization short stop for SBR; reducing agent which reacts with and destroys oxidizing type inhibitors, thereby stopping polymerizations; ultra accelerator for NR and SBR latexes; slimicide in food-contact paper; food pkg. adhesives; food-contact rubber articles; nonstaining, nondiscoloring; suggested in combination with hydrocarbon free radicals to prevent polymer crosslinking and m.w. increases

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.320, 175.105, 176.300, 177.2600

Properties: Yel. to amber clear liq.; sol. in polar solvs.; misc. with water; sp.gr. 1.18; 40% act.

Toxicology: Repeated minimal contact with skin can cause sensitization; exposure can produce an adverse reaction when alcohol is consumed

Storage: Good storage stability (> 1 yr when stored in cool, dry place away from direct sources of heat and light)

- T-Hydro® Sol'n. [Lyondell]
 - Chem. Descrip.: t-Butyl hydroperoxide
 - CAS 75-91-2; EINECS/ELINCS 200-915-7
 - Uses: Free radical polymerization initiator; initiator in acrylic emulsion polymerization; coinitiator in polyethylene processes; finishing catalyst in emulsion polymerizations and unsat. polyester resin thermosets; intermediate for peroxygen derivs.; epoxidation reagent; oxidizing reagent; source of act. oxygen for pulp/paper bleaching, metal sulfide oxidations; flocculant for borine-contg. sol'ns. in ore, coal, slurry processing; recycling and waste treatment
 - Properties: Clear sol'n., pungent odor; sol. in alcohols, acetone, methyl tbutyl ether, dimethyl formamide, propylene glycol, hydrocarbon solvs.; m.w. 90.12; sp.gr. 0.935; dens. 7.8 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 4.1 cps; vapor pressure 23 mm Hg (20 C); f.p. -2.8 C; b.p. 96 C (760 mm Hg); flash pt. (TCC) 43 C; ref. index 1.3246; pH 4.3; 70% aq. sol'n., 12% act. oxygen Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Ticaxan[®] Regular [TIC Gums]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Xanthan gum

CAS 11138-66-2; EINECŠ/ELINCS 234-394-2

Uses: Stabilizer, thickener, emulsifier, suspending agent, binder, moisture control aid in foods (salad dressings, sauces, fruit beverages, dry mixes, refrigerated dough, cake mixes, relish, pie fillings, bakery emulsions), cosmetics/pharmaceuticals (ointments, shampoos, lotions, suspensions), industrial (agric. sprays, explosives, paper sizing, oil recovery, paints, textiles)

TIC Pretested® Guar Gum TICOLV [TIC Gums]

- Chem. Descrip .: Guar gum
- CAS 9000-30-0; EINEČS/ELINCS 232-536-8
- Uses: Thickener, film-former, binder for food (ice cream, dairy prods., instant soups, dressings, sauces, gravies, cakes, donuts, frozen foods, cheese, pet food), cosmetics/pharmaceuticals (suspension), industrial (processing aid, oil recovery, textile, printing, mining, paper, explosives); high visc., milk reactivity

Properties: Sol. in cold water

- Tinofix[®] AP [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper]
 - Uses: Color fixative for paper coloration incl. food-contact papers; formaldehyde-free

Regulatory: FDA and BGVV approved

Properties: Cationic

Tinofix[®] ECO-N [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper]

Uses: Color fixative for paper coloration; formaldehyde-free Properties: Cationic

- Tinofix[®] WSP [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper] Uses: Color fixative for paper coloration
- Properties: Liq.; cationic
- Tinopal[®] [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper]
- Uses: Fluorescent whitening agent for paper

Tinopal® SFP [Ciba Spec. Chems./Addit.]

Chem. Descrip.: Stilbene-2,2 -disulfonic acid type Uses: Optical brightening agent for use in water-borne coatings, photographic prints and paper; enhances the apparent whiteness of low dens. areas incl. that of borders; rec. for addition to the stabilizer or rinse baths during the photoprocessing of the photographic paper

Use Level: 1-5 g/l of the processing sol'n. (photography); It. yel. powd.; m.w. 1305; sol. 150 g/l of deionized water @ 20 C; pH 7.0-8.0 (deionized water)

Tiona® A-2000 [Millennium Inorg. Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Sulfate process titanium dioxide (anatase) slurry

CAS 13463-67-7; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5

Uses: Designed for paper wet end and coating applics.; improved optical performance, enhanced calcium stability

Regulatory: FDA compliance

- Properties: 0.005% max. on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 2.130-2.182; visc. 100-1000 cps; f.p. 32 F; pH 9-10.5; 71.5-73% solids
- Storage: Store @ high solids under mild agitation

Tiona® A-3000 [Millennium Inorg. Chems.] Chem. Descrip.: Titanium dioxide (anatase) dry

CAS 13463-67-7; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5 Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: None NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 Uses: Paper applics. Tiona® RCS-P [Millennium Inorg. Chems.] Storage: Keep from freezing Chem. Descrip.: Rutile titanium dioxide aq. disp. Tisyn[®] [Burgess Pigment] CAS 13463-67-7; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5 Uses: For fine paper, paperboard, and specialty paper applics. Ti-Pure® R-794 [DuPont] Chem. Descrip .: Rutile titanium dioxide CAS 1317-80-2; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5 Uses: Opacifier, pigment in paper coatings, coated and uncoated printing and writing papers, paperboard, saturating papers Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §311/312 nonreportable; CERCLA Toxicology: Nontoxic Tivar®-1000 [Poly Hi Solidur] nonreportable Properties: Wh. fine dry powd.; odorless; insol. in water; sp.gr. 3.8-4.3; flash Chem. Descrip.: UHMWPE pt. nonflamm.; pH 7-9; 93% TiO₂, 4.5% Al₂O₃ Toxicology: Skin contact may cause drying/cracking in sensitive individuals; inh. may cause upper respiratory irritation, cough, shortness of breath; overexposure to amorphous silica may cause eye/skin/lung irritation Environmental: LC50 (fathead minnows, 96 h) > 1000 mg/l NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 Storage: Protect containers from damage Regulatory: FDA compliance Ti-Pure® R-795 [DuPont] Chem. Descrip .: Rutile titanium dioxide CAS 1317-80-2; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5 absorp. nil. Uses: Opacifier, pigment in paper coatings, coated and uncoated printing and TL 4190 [Mace Adhesives & Coatings] writing papers, paperboard, saturating papers Regulatory: DOT nonregulated; SARA §311/312 nonreportable; CERCLA nonreportable Properties: Wh. fine dry powd.; odorless; insol. in water; sp.gr. 3.8-4.3; flash wet tack; low foam coatability pt. nonflamm.; pH 6.5-8.5; 89% TiO₂, 6% Al₂O₃, 2% SiO₂ TLV 68-SB [ADM Lecithin] Toxicology: Skin contact may cause drying/cracking in sensitive individuals; Chem. Descrip .: Std. lecithin inh. may cause upper respiratory irritation, cough, shortness of breath; overexposure to amorphous silica may cause eye/skin/lung irritation Environmental: LC50 (fathead minnows, 96 h) > 1000 mg/l NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 Storage: Protect containers from damage Ti-Pure® RPD Vantage® [DuPont] Chem. Descrip.: Rutile titanium dioxide CAS 1317-80-2; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5 Uses: Opacifier, pigment for coatings and wet end paper applics.; component max. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; exc. brightness; TLV 68-UB [ADM Lecithin] superior pigment disp.; highest opacity/hiding power; extremely efficient Chem. Descrip .: Std. lecithin light scattering Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170. 176.180; DOT nonregulated; SARA §311/312 nonreportable; CERCLA nonreportable Properties: Wh. powd.; odorless; insol. in water; sp.gr. 3.8-4.3; brightness (TAPPI) 96.3; flash pt. nonflamm.; ref. index 2.72; pH 4-10 (aq. extract) Toxicology: Skin contact may cause drying/cracking in sensitive individuals; inh. may cause upper respiratory irritation, cough, shortness of breath; overexposure to amorphous silica may cause eye/skin/lung irritation; TSCA listed max. TLV 70-SB [ADM Lecithin] Environmental: LC50 (fathead minnows, 96 h) > 1000 mg/l NFPA: Health 0: Flammability 0: Reactivity 0 Chem. Descrip .: Std. lecithin CAS 8002-43-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-307-2 Storage: Protect containers from damage Ti-Pure® RPS Vantage® [DuPont] Chem. Descrip.: Rutile titanium dioxide aq. slurry CAS 1317-80-2; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5 Uses: Opacifier, pigment in paper coatings, coated and uncoated printing and writing papers, paperboard, saturating papers; component of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; exc. brightness; superior pigment disp.; stable slurry; very resist. to bacterial growth; does not gel; settles very slowly; good compat. max TLV 70-UB [ADM Lecithin] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170. 176.180; DOT nonregulated; SARA §311/312 nonreportable; CERCLA nonreportable Chem. Descrip .: Std. lecithin Properties: Wh. opaque liq.; sl. amine odor; solids are insol. in water; sp.gr. 1.8-2.4; brightness (TAPPI) 97; f.p. 0 C; b.p. 100 C; flash pt. nonflamm.; pH 7-10.5; 97.5-99.9% TiO₂, 0.1-5% aluminum hydroxide; anionic Toxicology: Repeated skin contact may cause drying/cracking in sensitive individuals; eye contact may cause irritation, tearing, pain, blurred vision;

inh. may cause nose/throat/lung irritation, cough, difficulty breathing, shortness of breath; TSCA listed

Environmental: LC50 (fathead minnows, 96 h) > 1000 mg/l

Chem. Descrip.: Aluminum silicate, thermo-optic Chem. Analysis: Moisture (0.5% max.) CAS 1327-36-2; EINECS/ÈLINCS 215-475-1 Uses: High hiding pigment for paint formulations, paper coatings; reinforcing filler for plastics, rubber, water and solv. systems; U.S. patent 3,021,195 Properties: Wh. thin flat plate; 0.15% max. on 325 mesh; sp.gr. 2.2; oil absorp. 73; ref. index 1.62; pH 4.0-4.5 CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: Used in paper industry (pulping and finishing), textile industry (loom components), chemical industry (process equip.), food and beverage industry, mining and metals processing, transportation, consumer goods, industrial parts, porous molds; features high abrasion resist., high energy absorp., low coeff. of friction, high impact str., self-lubricating, zero water absorp. Properties: Sp.gr. 0.94 g/cc; tens. str. 6800 psi (break); tens. elong. 450% (break); Rockwell hardness R64; Izod impact no break notched; water Chem. Descrip.: Water-based polyurethane laminating adhesive Uses: Laminating adhesive with high adhesion to various metal foils and films incl. polyester, PU, and vinyl for paper, film, fabric, or foil constructions; fast CAS 8002-43-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-307-2 Uses: Adhesives; animal feeds; asphalt; concrete; cosmetics; detergents; explosives; fertilizers; inks; leather tanning; lubricants; magnetic tapes; paints and coatings; pesticides/herbicides; petroleum additives; putty/caulking compds.; release agents; rust/corrosion inhibitors; textiles; waxes; pol-

ishes; wood preservatives; paper coatings; dust control; drilling muds; food (baked goods, cheese, confections, dairy, instant foods, margarine)

Properties: Opaque fluid; visc. 120 stokes; acid no. 28 max.; 1% water

CAS 8002-43-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-307-2

Uses: Adhesives; animal feeds; asphalt; concrete; cosmetics; detergents; explosives; fertilizers; inks; leather tanning; lubricants; magnetic tapes; paints and coatings; pesticides/herbicides; petroleum additives; putty/caulking compds.; release agents; rust/corrosion inhibitors; textiles; waxes; polishes; wood preservatives; paper coatings; dust control; drilling muds; food (baked goods, cheese, confections, dairy, instant foods, margarine)

Properties: Opaque fluid; visc. 120 stokes; acid no. 28 max.; 1% water

Uses: Adhesives; animal feeds; asphalt; concrete; cosmetics; detergents; explosives; fertilizers; inks; leather tanning; lubricants; magnetic tapes; paints and coatings; pesticides/herbicides; petroleum additives; putty/caulking compds.; release agents; rust/corrosion inhibitors; textiles; waxes; polishes; wood preservatives; paper coatings; dust control; drilling muds; food (baked goods, cheese, confections, dairy, instant foods, margarine)

Properties: Opaque fluid; visc. 250 stokes; acid no. 28 max.; 1% water

CAS 8002-43-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-307-2

Uses: Adhesives; animal feeds; asphalt; concrete; cosmetics; detergents; explosives; fertilizers; inks; leather tanning; lubricants; magnetic tapes; paints and coatings; pesticides/herbicides; petroleum additives; putty/caulking compds.; release agents; rust/corrosion inhibitors; textiles; waxes; polishes; wood preservatives; paper coatings; dust control; drilling muds; food (baked goods, cheese, confections, dairy, instant foods, margarine)

Properties: Opaque fluid; visc. 250 stokes; acid no. 28 max.; 1% water

max

- Toatus 604T [Nicca Chem. Co Ltd]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Resin based on polyamide epoxy
 - Uses: Wet str. agent for papermaking process for wetproofing corrugated containers, craft papers, or tissue papers when applied in sm. quantity Use Level: 0.5-2%, corrugated containers; 0.1-0.5%, to tissue papers Properties: Straw colored limpid visc. liq.; pH 4 (5%)

Tolcide® MBT [Albright & Wilson UK]

Chem. Descrip .: Methylenebis thiocyanate

CAS 6317-18-6

- UN No. 2811
- Uses: Biocide, slimicide, preservative for use in water treatment, paper, antifoulant paint, surf. coatings, adhesives, drilling muds, leather, timber preservation; food-contact paper; food-contact slimicide; thermally stable to 80 C; nonoxidizing; requires formulation in a solv.
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 176.300; EPA reg. no. 33677-1
- Properties: Pale yel. cryst. powd., irritating odor; sol. 40% in dimethylformamide, 30% in N-methyl pyrrolidone, 13% in diethylene glycol ethyl ether, 0.25% in water; m.p. 106 C; 99% assay
- Tolcide® MW10 [Albright & Wilson Am.; Albright & Wilson UK]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Methylenebis(thiocyanate) aq. disp.

CAS 6317-18-6

- Uses: Microbicide for water treatment and papermaking; controls bacteria, algae, fungi, and yeasts in recirculating cooling towers, paper mills, air washer systems; biocide for in-can preservation of sol'ns., emulsions, adhesives or other aq.-based prods.; broad spectrum; nonoxidizing; best suited for neutral to acidic conditions
- *Properties:* Beige to cream-colored disp.; sl. pungent odor; 2-5 μ typ. particle size; m.w. 130; sp.gr. 1.030-1.060; visc. 150-350 cps; b.p. 101 C; f.p 0 C; flash pt. 200 C; pH 3-5; 10-11% act.
- Storage: 6 mos shelf life in cool, dry place away from acids, alkalis, strong oxidizers
- Tolcide® PS [Albright & Wilson Am.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Tetrakishydroxymethyl phosphonium sulfate CAS 55566-30-8; EINECS/ELINCS 259-709-0
 - *Uses:* Biocide for industrial water treatment, oil recovery operations, paper production, and preservation of sol'ns. and emulsions; broad spectrum, fast acting, nonoxidizing

Environmental: Degrades to virtually nontoxic compd.

Tolcide® PS25 [Albright & Wilson Am.; Albright & Wilson UK] *Chem. Descrip.:* Tetrakishydroxy-methylphosphonium sulfate CAS 55566-30-8; EINECS/ELINCS 259-709-0 *Uses:* Biocide for paper and related industries

Properties: 25% act. in water

Tolcide® PS 75 [Albright & Wilson Am.; Albright & Wilson UK] Chem. Descrip.: Tetrakishydroxymethyl phosphonium sulfate CAS 55566-30-8; EINECS/ELINCS 259-709-0

UN No. 2810

- Uses: Biocide for paper and related industries; broad spectrum, rapid acting; extremely effective in the control of legionella and sulfate-reducing bacteria; rapid penetration and disp. of biological slimes; reduced oil field reservoir souring as a result of lower hydrogen sulfide generation
- Properties: Colorless to pale yel. liq.; pungent odor; sp.gr. 1.39 kg/m³; misc. in fresh water, sea water, oil field-produced water; visc. 32 cSt; pH 3.2 \pm 0.6; 75% w/w
- Environmental: Biodeg.; degrades to virtually nontoxic compd.; low aquatic toxicity
- Tolcide® PS 75LT [Albright & Wilson Am.]

Chem. Descrip.: Tetrakishydroxymethyl phosphonium sulfate

- CAS 55566-30-8; EINECŠ/ELINCS 259-709-0
- Uses: Oil field biocide for applic. in colder climates; extremely effective against sulfate-reducing bacteria; nonfoaming; benign environmental toxicity profile
- *Regulatory:* EPA registration no. 4564-15
- Properties: Colorless clear to sl. hazy liq.; misc. with water, incl. seawater; m.w. 406; sp.gr. 1.38; visc. 30 cps; flash pt. nonflamm.; pH 3-4; 75% act. Environmental: Degrades rapidly; degrades to virtually nontoxic compd.

Tolcide® PS75M [Albright & Wilson Am.; Albright & Wilson UK]

Chem. Descrip.: Tetrakishydroxy-methylphosphonium sulfate CAS 55566-30-8; EINECS/ELINCS 259-709-0

Uses: Biocide for paper and related industries

Properties: 75% act.

- Tolcide® PS 200 [Albright & Wilson Am.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Tetrakishydroxymethyl phosphonium sulfate CAS 55566-30-8; EINECS/ELINCS 259-709-0
 - Uses: Biocide providing effective control of Legionella and algae in cooling water systems, and for oil field and paper industries; broad spectrum; particularly effective against sulfate-reducing bacteria; aq. formulation; benign environmental toxicity profile
 - Regulatory: EPA registration no. 4564-15
 - Properties: Clear to sl. hazy liq.; misc. with water; m.w. 406; sp.gr. 1.09; visc. 1.6 cps; flash pt. nonflamm.; pH 3.2; 20% act. in water
- Environmental: Degrades rapidly; degrades to virtually nontoxic compd.
- Tolcide® PS 352C [Albright & Wilson Am.; Albright & Wilson UK] *Chem. Descrip.:* Tetrakishydroxymethyl phosphonium sulfate (35%) and low-foaming anionic surfactant

UN No. 281Ŏ

- Uses: Biocide for water treatment, sec. oil field recovery, paper; developed to enhance rapid kill chars. and broad spectrum act. in highly contaminated systems ensuring biofilm penetration and slime removal; compat. with most scale and corrosion inhibitors; effective in both acid and alkaline conditions
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; pungent odor; misc. in fresh water, sea water, oil field-produced water; sp.gr. 1.165 kg/m³; visc. 2.12 cSt; pH 3.24 (conc. 4.66% w/v, 20 C); anionic
- Environmental: Biodeg.; degrades to virtually nontoxic compd.; low aq. toxicity

Tolcide® PS352CM [Albright & Wilson Am.; Albright & Wilson UK]

- Chem. Descrip.: Tetrakishydroxy-methylphosphonium sulfate
- CAS 55566-30-8; EINECS/ELINCS 259-709-0
- *Uses:* Biocide for paper and related industries
- Properties: 35% act.
- Tolcide® PS 355A [Albright & Wilson Am.; Albright & Wilson UK]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Tetrakishydroxymethyl phosphonium sulfate (35%) with nonfoaming dispersant
 - UN No. 2810
 - Uses: Biocide for water treatment, paper; ready-to-use formulation; developed to be nonfoaming for applics. such as direct air cooling where absence of foam is important; compat. with most scale and corrosion inhibitors; effective at acid and alkaline pH, elevated temps. and pressures
 - *Properties:* Colorless clear liq.; pungent odor; misc. in fresh water, sea water, oil field-produced water; sp.gr. 1.165 kg/m³; visc. 2.12 cSt; pH 3.24 (conc. 4.66% w/v, 20 C); nonflamm.
 - Environmental: Biodeg.; degrades to virtually nontoxic compd.; low aq. toxicity
- Tonerclean 208, 209 [Nippon Nyukazai]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Blend
 - Uses: Deinking agent for reclaimed paper prod.
- Properties: Liq.; 100% conc.; nonionic Topcat™ Cationic Additive [Penford Prods.]
 - Uses: Dry str. agent, dewatering agent for wet end furnishes contg. high levels of interfering substances; bonding agent in dirty systems, such as unbleached or groundwood-contg. systems; improves wet end cleanliness and runnability
 - Properties: Cationic
- Torez Resin P-215-A [Kukdo]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylamide resin
 - CAS 9003-05-8
 - Uses: Dry str. resin for wrapping paper, printing paper, corrugated board Properties: SI. ylsh.; completely sol. in water; visc. 3000-7000 cps; pH 5-7; 15% resin contents; anionic
- Torez Resin P-1012 [Kukdo]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyamide resin, epichlorohydrin-modified CAS 9012-24-2

- Uses: Wet str. resin for sanitation paper (towel, napkin, tissue paper, paper handkerchief), heavy-duty pkg. paper (kraft paper for salt, sugar, cement, fertilizer, etc.), card paper (fiber card board liner, core paper, tube paper container board), printing and writing paper
- *Properties:* SI. ylsh.; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.036-1.080; visc. 30-80 cps; f.p. -3 C; pH 4.0-5.5; 12.5% resin contents; cationic
- Storage: 3 mos max. stability @ R.T. Torez Resin P-1020R [Kukdo]

Uses: Drainage aid, retention aid in papermaking, board paper, liner paper Properties: SI. ylsh. transparent liq.; visc. 250-330 cps; pH 6.0-7.5; 24% resin contents; cationic

Torez Resin P-1025 [Kukdo]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyamide resin, epichlorohydrin-modified CAS 9012-24-2

Uses: Wet str. resin for sanitation paper (towel, napkin, tissue paper, paper handkerchief), heavy-duty pkg. paper (kraft paper for salt, sugar, cement, fertilizer, etc.), card paper (fiber card board liner, core paper, tube paper container board), printing and writing paper

Properties: SI. ylsh.; completely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.076-1.080; visc. 80-400 cps; f.p. -3 C; pH 3.3-5.5; 25% resin contents; cationic Storage: 3 mos max. stability @ R.T.

Torez Resin P-2000 [Kukdo]

Uses: Paper str. resin for liner paper, corrugating medium kraft paper

Properties: SI. ylsh.; completely sol. in water; visc. 1000-5000 cps; pH 10 ± 0.5; 8.5% min. resin contents; amphoteric

Torez Resin P-2010 [Kukdo]

Uses: Paper str. resin for liner paper, corrugating medium kraft paper Properties: SI. ylsh.; completely sol. in water; visc. 2000-8000 cps; pH 10 ± 0.5; 10% min. resin contents; amphoteric

Torez Resin P-4010 [Kukdo]

Uses: Dry str. resin for wrapping paper, printing paper, liner paper, board paper Properties: Transparent liq.; completely sol. in water; visc. 2000-8000 cps; pH 4.5 ± 0.5; 10% min. resin contents; cationic

TP OC 370 [Bayer]

Chem. Descrip.: Iminodisuccinate, tetrasodium salt (26% min.)

Uses: Chelating agent for metal ions for use in detergents, agric., oil industry, pharmaceuticals, pulp/paper, and textiles; reduces hardness in water; stabilizes oxidation agents in aq. sol'n.

Properties: Colorless to lt. yel. sol'n.; sp.gr. 1.3 (20 C); visc. 30-60 mPa•s (20 C); pH 11-13.7 Tramfloc™ 290 [Tramfloc]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyacrylamide

CAS 9003-05-8

Uses: Flocculant for use in variety of industrial, mining, papermaking, and municipal operations; flocculant used for conditioning primary and secondary digested sludges to aid in dewatering; flocculant used alone or with primary coagulants for clarification

Use Level: 0.2-0.5% (stock sol'n.), 0.05-0.1% (feed sol'ns.)

Properties: Emulsion; completely water sol.; cationic

Precaution: Avoid amphoteric metallic components; spillages are extremely slippery

Storage: Store in cool, dry place

Trans-10 [Trans-Chemco]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsion

Uses: Defoamer for ag. systems incl. food processing, chem. processing, adhesives, inks, insecticides, latex processing, ag. paints, soaps, starch processing, petrol. (gas scrubbing, propane deasphalting), plastics/rubber, textiles, paper, lagoon aeration, boiler water, leather finishing, metalworking, swimming pools, waste treatment

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340 Properties: Wh. milky liq.; mild odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.97-1.00; dens. 8.09-8.34 lb/gal; visc. 4220-4880 cps (73 F); b.p. 212 F; flash pt. none to 212 F; pH 7.9-8.2 (as is); 10% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: May cause sl. eye and skin irritation; minimal effect by ingestion HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in well-ventilated area below 120 F; keep from freezing

Trans-20 [Trans-Chemco]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsion

Uses: Defoamer for aq. systems incl. food processing, chem. processing, adhesives, inks, insecticides, latex processing, aq. paints, soaps, starch processing, petrol. (gas scrubbing, propane deasphalting), plastics/rubber, textiles, paper, lagoon aeration, boiler water, leather finishing, metalworking, waste treatment

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340

Properties: Wh. milky liq.; mild odor; water-disp.; sp.gr. 0.98-1.01; dens. 8.17-8.42 lb/gal; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. none to 212 F; pH 7.0-7.3 (5% aq. disp.); 20% act.; nonionic

Toxicology: May cause sl. eye and skin irritation; minimal effect by ingestion HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in well-ventilated area below 120 F; keep from freezing Trans-30 [Trans-Chemco]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone emulsion

Uses: Defoamer for aq. systems incl. food processing, chem. processing, adhesives, inks, insecticides, latex processing, aq. paints, soaps, starch processing, petrol. (gas scrubbing), plastics/rubber, textiles, paper, lagoon aeration, boiler water, leather finishing, metalworking, waste treatment

Properties: Wh. milky liq.; mild odor; water-disp.; sp.gr. 0.98-1.01; dens. 8.17-8.42 lb/gal; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. none to 212 F; pH 7.0-7.3 (5% aq. disp.); 30% act.

Toxicology: May cause sl. eye and skin irritation; minimal effects by ingestion HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in well-ventilated area below 120 F; keep from freezing Trans-220 [Trans-Chemco]

Chem. Descrip .: Nonsilicone aq. emulsion

Uses: Antifoam for food processing, industrial use, corrugated paperboard mfg.; long-lasting

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340

Properties: Wh. creamy liq.; tasteless, odorless; water-disp. with agitation; sp.gr. 0.93-0.95; dens. 7.95 lb/gal; b.p. 212 F; flash pt. > 280 F; pH 7.0-7.2 (5% aq. disp.)

Toxicology: May cause sl. eye and skin irritation; minimal effects by ingestion Storage: Store in well-ventilated area below 120 F; keep from freezing

Trans-278 [Trans-Chemco]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone and polypropylene glycol aq. emulsion Uses: Antifoam for industrial applics. such as wastewater and fermentations; food-grade antifoam, direct food additive in beet sugar/yeast processing; antifoam, indirect food additive in mfg. of food-contact paper/paperboard, and articles for processing, pkg. or holding food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210 compliant Properties: Disp. in water with agitation; dens. 8.34 lb/gal; 19% act.

Trans-290 [Trans-Chemco]

Chem. Descrip.: Modified water-based silicone Uses: Antifoam for industrial use, incl. metalworking fluids and cleaning prods., and for mfg. of food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 176.210 compliant

Properties: Disp. in water; dens. 8.42 lb/gal; 15% act.

Trans-1741 [Trans-Chemco]

Chem. Descrip .: Nonsilicone aq. emulsion

Uses: Antifoam for aq. systems, food-grade applics., fermentations, distillations, scald baths for poultry defeathering, hog dehairing, food-contact paper/ paperboard; defoamer for starch recovery and modification, starch-based operations, animal feed, food pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210 Properties: Disp. in water with agitation

Translink® 77 [Engelhard]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcined aluminum silicate with vinyl functional surface treatment

Chem. Analysis: SiO₂ (52.0%), Al₂O₃ (44.2%)

Uses: Reinforcing extender used in dielectric paper and EPDM med. and high-voltage wire and cable insulation, non-aq. coatings, adhesives and inks; exc. wet and dry elec. props.; good processing; hydrophobic

Properties: Wh. highly pulverized powd.; 0.8 µm avg. particle size (pretreatment); 0.02% max. residue +325 mesh; sp.gr. 2.63 g/cc; bulk dens. 11 lb/ ft³ (loose), 21 lb/ft³ (tamped); bulking value 0.046 gal/lb; oil absorp. 80-90 lb/ 100 lb; ref. index 1.62; brightness (GE) 90-92

Trigonal[®] 12 [Akzo Nobel]

Chem. Descrip.: p-Phenylbenzophenone CAS 2128-93-0; EINECS/ELINCS 218-345-2

Uses: UV initiator for printing ink and paper coating applics.

Properties: Powd.

Trilon[®] A-92 [BASF; BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Trisodium NTA monohydrate

CAS 5064-31-3; EINECS/ELINCS 225-768-6

Uses: Chelating agent used in soaps, detergents, water treatment, metal finishing and plating, pulp/paper mfg., synthesis of polymers, photographic prods., textiles, chemical cleaning for scale removal

Properties: Powd.; m.w. 275; chelating act. 375 mg CaCO₃/g; 92% conc. Trilon[®] A Liq. [BASF; BASF AG]

Chem. Descrip.: Trisodium NTA

CAS 5064-31-3; EINECS/ELINCS 225-768-6

Uses: Chelating agent for complexing iron in acid pH range for use in soaps, detergents, water treatment, metal finishing and plating, pulp/paper mfg., synthesis of polymers, photography, textiles, chemical cleaning for scale removal; detergent builder for nonphosphate liqs.; low m.w.; general pur-

pose Properties: Liq.; m.w. 257; chelating act. 150 mg CaCO₃/g; 38% conc. in water Trilon[®] B [BASF; BASF AG] Chem. Descrip .: Tetrasodium EDTA CAS 64-02-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-573-9 Uses: Chelating agent in soaps, detergents, water treatment, metal finishing, electroplating, pulp/paper bleaching, synthesis of polymers and rubber, photographic prods., textiles, chemical cleaning for scale removal, radioactive decontamination processes, rare earth separations; complexes most common metals over pH range, iron at acidic pH Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. 1000 g/l in water (20 C); m.w. 380; bulk dens. 650 g/l; m.p. 400 C (dec. @ 150-200 C, releases water of cryst.); chelating act. 225 mg CaCO₃/g; pH 11 (1% aq.); 87% act. Environmental: Biodeg. Storage: Hygroscopic Trilon[®] **BS** [BASF; BASF AG] Chem. Descrip.: H₄EDTA act.; nonionic Uses: Chelating agent for soaps, detergents, water treatment, metal finishing, electroplating, pulp/paper mfg., synthesis of polymers, photographic prods., textiles, chemical cleaning for scale removal; used where sodium ion is undesirable Properties: Wh. powd.; water-insol.; m.w. 292; bulk dens. 600 g/l; m.p. 220 C (dec.); chelating act. 340 mg $CaCO_3/g$; 100% conc. Environmental: Biodeg. Trilon[®] BVT [BASF AG] Chem. Descrip.: Tetrasodium EDTA-based with high specificity for Fe³⁺ Uses: Chelating agent for water softening, laundry detergents, soap, cleaners act.; nonionic and degreasers, electroplating (passivating baths), rubber polymerization, paper, rare earth separations, radioactive decontamination processes, textile processing Properties: YIsh. brn. liq.; sol. in water in all proportions; dens. 1.22 g/cc; visc. 90 mPa•s; set pt. < 0 C; pH 11 (1% aq.) Toxicology: Conc. sol'ns. are irritant Environmental: Biodeq. Storage: Store above 10 C Trilon[®] Č Liq. [BASF AG] Chem. Descrip.: Pentasodium pentetate act.; nonionic CAS 140-01-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-391-3 Uses: Chelating agent used in peroxide bleach systems, and for detergents, water treatment, metal finishing, pulp/paper, polymer synthesis, photography, textiles, chem. cleaning; used when higher metal chelate stability is required Properties: Ylsh. clear liq.; sol. in water in all proportions; m.w. 503; dens. 1.26 g/cc; visc. 40 mPa·s; pour pt. -40 C; chelating act. 100 mg CaCO₃/g; pH 11 (1% aq.); 40% act. in water pkg. adhesives Trilon® PC [BASF; BASF AG] Chem. Descrip.: Pentasodium salt of diethylenetriaminepentaacetic acid CAS 140-01-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-391-3 Uses: Chelating agent, complexing agent for pulp bleaching in paper industry Properties: Liq. act.; nonionic Triton[®] DF-16 [Union Carbide; Union Carbide Europe] Chem. Descrip .: Ethoxylated linear alcohol Uses: Detergent, wetting agent for paper and textile processing, rinse aids, CAS 9002-93-1 mech. dishwashing, metal cleaners, hard surf. cleaners; low-foam Properties: APHA < 200 clear liq.; sol. in water < 97 F, many common solvs.; sp.gr. 0.987; dens. 8.2 lb/gal; visc. 35 cps; HLB 11.6; pour pt. 20 F; cloud pt. 36 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) > 93 C; pH 6.0 (5% aq.); surf. tens. 28 dynes/cm (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 2 mm (0.1%, initial, 120 F); 100% act.; nonionic Environmental: Biodeg. Triton® SP-135 [Union Carbide] *Chem. Descrip.:* Ethoxylate chain hydrophile with hydrophobe (3.5 EO) Uses: Surfactant for metalworking fluids, industrial laundry detergents, textile processing, pulp/paper mfg., metal cleaning formulations, industrial cleaning and processing operations, for waste treatment of effluent streams containing CAS 9002-93-1 fats, oils, and greases; offers environmental benefits Properties: VCS/Gardner 6 clear liq.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.9953 (20 C); visc. 72 cSt; HLB 8; pour pt. -4 C; cloud pt. insol.; pH 9 (5% aq.); 100% act : nonionic

Environmental: Upon acid treatment, rapid biodeg. occurs

Triton® SP-140 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethoxylate chain hydrophile with hydrophobe (4 EO) Uses: Surfactant for metalworking fluids, industrial laundry detergents, textile processing, pulp/paper mfg., metal cleaning formulations, industrial cleaning and processing operations, for waste treatment of effluent streams containing fats, oils, and greases; offers environmental benefits

Properties: VCS/Gardner 6 clear liq.; barely sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.0060 (20 C); visc. 72 cSt; HLB 9; pour pt. -3 C; cloud pt. disp.; pH 9 (5% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Upon acid treatment, rapid biodeg. occurs

Triton® SP-160 [Union Carbide]

- Chem. Descrip.: Ethoxylate chain hydrophile with hydrophobe (6 EO) Uses: Surfactant for metalworking fluids, industrial laundry detergents, textile processing, pulp/paper mfg., metal cleaning formulations, industrial cleaning and processing operations, for waste treatment of effluent streams containing fats, oils, and greases; offers environmental benefits
- Properties: VCS/Gardner 6 clear liq.; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.0151 (20 C); visc. 84 cSt; HLB 11; pour pt. -3 C; cloud pt. 14 C; pH 9 (5% aq.); 100%

Environmental: Upon acid treatment, rapid biodeg. occurs

- Triton® SP-175 [Union Carbide]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Ethoxylate chain hydrophile with hydrophobe (7.5 EO) Uses: Surfactant for metalworking fluids, industrial laundry detergents, textile processing, pulp/paper mfg., metal cleaning formulations, industrial cleaning and processing operations, for waste treatment of effluent streams containing fats, oils, and greases; offers environmental benefits
 - Properties: VCS/Gardner 6 sl. hazy liq.; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.0262 (20 C); visc. 95 cSt; HLB 12; pour pt. 0 C; cloud pt. 38 C; pH 9 (5% aq.); 100%

Environmental: Upon acid treatment, rapid biodeg. occurs

- Triton[®] SP-190 [Union Carbide]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Ethoxylate chain hydrophile with hydrophobe (9 EO) Uses: Surfactant for metalworking fluids, industrial laundry detergents, textile processing, pulp/paper mfg., metal cleaning formulations, industrial cleaning and processing operations, for waste treatment of effluent streams containing fats, oils, and greases; offers environmental benefits
 - Properties: VCS/Gardner 6 hazy liq.; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.0354 (20 C); visc. 112 cSt; HLB 13; pour pt. 3 C; cloud pt. 59 C; pH 9 (5% aq.); 100%
 - Environmental: Upon acid treatment, rapid biodeg. occurs

Triton[®] X-15 [Union Carbide; Union Carbide Europe]

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-1

CAS 9002-93-1; EINECS/ELINCS 264-520-1 Uses: Surfactant, coupling agent, emulsifier for industrial/household cleaners, emulsion polymerization, agric., paints and coatings, paper and textile processing; latex stabilizer; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.210, EPA compliance

Properties: APHA 250 liq.; sol. in aliphatic hydrocarbons; misc. with aromatics, alcohols, glycols, ethers, ketones; m.w. 250; sp.gr. 0.985; dens. 8.2 lb/ gal; visc. 790 cps; HLB 3.6; flash pt. > 300 F (TOC); pour pt. 15 F; 100%

Triton® X-35 [Union Carbide; Union Carbide Europe]

- Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-3
- Uses: Surfactant, coupling agent, emulsifier for industrial/household cleaners, emulsion polymerization, agric., paints and coatings, paper and textile processing; latex stabilizer

Regulatory: FDA, EPA compliance

- Properties: APHA 125 liq.; sol. in aliphatic hydrocarbons; misc. with aromatic hydrocarbons, alcohols, glycols, ethers, ketones; m.w. 338; sp.gr. 1.023; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. 370 cps; HLB 7.8; flash pt. > 300 F (TOC); pour pt. -10 F; surf. tens. 29 dynes/cm (0.01%); Ross-Miles foam 5 mm (0.1%, initial, 120 F); 100% act.; nonionic
- Triton[®] X-45 [Union Carbide; Union Carbide Europe]

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-5

Uses: Emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent for solv. cleaners, metal cleaners, dry cleaning, insecticides, paints and coatings, paper and textile processing; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400, EPAcompliance

- Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in oil; misc. with alcohol, glycols, ethers, ketones, aromatic hydrocarbons; m.w. 426; sp.gr. 1.040; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 290 cps; HLB 10.4; cloud pt. < 0 C (1%); flash pt. > 300 F (TOC); pour pt. -26 C; surf. tens. 28 dynes/cm (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 16 mm (0.1%, initial, 120 F); 100% act.; nonionic
- Triton® X-100 [Union Carbide; Union Carbide Europe]

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-9 (9-10 EO)

CAS 9002-93-1

- Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant, detergent for household and industrial cleaners, metal cleaners, sanitizers, textile processing, wool scouring; emulsifier for insecticides and herbicides; solubilizer of perfumes; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food pkg. adhesives
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400, EPA compliance
- Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in water, toluene, xylene, trichlorethylene, ethylene glycol, alcohols; m.w. 628; sp.gr. 1.065; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. 240 cps; HLB 13.5; cloud pt. 65 C (1% aq.); flash pt. > 300 F (TOC); pour pt. 45 F; pH 6 (5% aq.); surf. tens. 30 dynes/cm (1%); Ross-Miles foam 110 mm (0.1%, 120 F); 100% act.; nonionic
- Triton[®] X-102 [Union Carbide; Union Carbide Europe]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-13 (12-13 EO)

CAS 9002-93-1

- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, foam stabilizer for metal cleaning, industrial/ household liq. detergents and cleaners, sanitizers, paints and coatings, paper and textile processing; solubilizer of anionic detergents; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food pkg. adhesives; effective at high temps., in presence of electrolytes
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400, EPA compliance
- Properties: Lt. color clear liq.; sol. in water, many common org. solvs.; m.w. 756; sp.gr. 1.07; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. 330 cps; HLB 14.6; cloud pt. 88 C (1% aq.); flash pt. > 300 F (TOC); pour pt. 60 F; surf. tens. 32 dynes/cm (1%); Ross-Miles foam 130 mm (0.1%, 120 F); 100% act.; nonionic
- Triton® X-114 [Union Carbide; Union Carbide Europe]

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-8 (7-8 EO)

CAS 9002-93-1

- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent used in household and industrial laundry, metal cleaners, I&I hard surf. cleaners, paints and coatings, paper and textile processing; biodispersant and oil emulsifier in cooling towers; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food pkg. adhesives; controlled foam
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400, EPA compliance
- Properties: Clear liq.; sol. in water, many common solvs.; m.w. 536; sp.gr. 1.05-1.06; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 260 cps; HLB 12.4; cloud pt. 25 C (1% aq.); flash pt. > 300 F (TOC); pour pt. 15 F; pH 6 (5% aq.); surf. tens. 29 dynes/cm (1%); Ross-Miles foam 25 mm (0.1%, 50 C); 100% act.; nonionic
- Triton[®] X-120 [Union Carbide; Union Carbide Europe]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-9 (9-10 EO)

CAS 9002-93-1

- Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant for agric. wettable powds.; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food pkg. adhesives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400
- Properties: Wh. solid; m.w. 628; 40% conc.; nonionic
- Triton[®] X-165-70% [Union Carbide; Union Carbide Europe]

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-16

CAS 9002-93-1

Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent for industrial/household cleaners, emulsion polymerization, paints and coatings, paper and textile processing; latex stabilizer

Regulatory: FDA compliance

Properties: APHA 125 aq. sol'n.; sol. in inorg. salt sol'ns., aq. min. acids; misc. with water, alcohols, glycols, ethers, ketones; m.w. 910; sp.gr. 1.080; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. 540 cps; HLB 15.8; cloud pt. > 100 C (1%); flash pt. > 300 F (TOC); pour pt. 55 F; surf. tens. 35 dynes/cm (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 145 mm (0.1%, initial, 120 F); 70% act.; nonionic

Triton® X-305-70% [Union Carbide; Union Carbide Europe]

Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-30

CAS 9002-93-1

- Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent for household/industrial cleaners, emulsion polymerization, agric.; latex stabilizer; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food pkg. adhesives
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400, EPA compliance
- Properties: APHA 150 liq.; sol. in inorg. salt sol'ns., aq. min. acids; misc. with water, alcohols, glycols, ethers, ketones; m.w. 1526; sp.gr. 1.095; dens. 9.1 lb/gal; visc. 470 cps; HLB 17.3; pour pt. 35 F; cloud pt. > 100 C (1%); flash pt. > 300 F (TOC); surf. tens. 37 dynes/cm (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 150 mm (0.1%, initial, 120 F); 70% act.; nonionic

Triton[®] X-405-70% [Union Carbide; Union Carbide Europe] Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-40

CAS 9002-93-1

- Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent for household/industrial cleaners, emulsion polymerization, agric.; latex stabilizer; coupling agent in naphthol dyeing; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food pkg. adhesives
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400, EPA compliance
- Properties: APHA 250 liq.; sol. in inorg. salt sol'ns., aq. min. acids; misc. with water, alcohols, glycols, ethers, ketones; m.w. 1966; sp.gr. 1.102; dens. 9.2 lb/gal; visc. 490 cps; HLB 17.9; cloud pt. > 100 C (1%); flash pt. > 212 F (TOC); pour pt. 25 F; surf. tens. 37 dynes/cm (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 126 mm (0.1%, initial, 120 F); 70% act.; nonionic
- Triton[®] XL-80N [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Alcohol alkoxylate

- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, leveling agent, coupling agent, emulsifier, dispersant, stabilizer for industrial/institutional/household cleaners, metal cleaning, laundry, paper deinking, textile processing, fiber lubricants, paints, oil field chems., water treatment, circuit board cleaners, leather operations
- Properties: APHA 25 clear to hazy liq., low odor; m.w. 442; sp.gr. 0.98; dens. 8.13 lb/gal; visc. 25 cps; pour pt. -2 C; cloud pt. 50 C (1% aq.); flash pt. (PMCC) 127 C; pH 6.5 (1% aq.); surf. tens. 28 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); Draves wetting 4.6 s (0.1% aq.); Ross-Miles foam 95 mm (0.1% initial); 100% act.; nonionic

Environmental: Biodeg.

- Tronox A-X [Bayer]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Titanium dioxide
 - CAS 1317-80-2; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5
- Uses: Colorant for fine papers, specialty papers, cigarette papers

Tronox R-PL-1 [Bayer]

Chem. Descrip.: Titanium dioxide

CAS 1317-80-2; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5

- Uses: Colorant for fine papers, specialty papers, cigarette papers
- Troykyd® D55 [Troy]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Hydrophobic inorg. disp.

Uses: Defoamer for aq. resins and latex systems incl. printing inks, latex paints, pigment disps., joint cement compds., water-reducible systems, paper coatings, textiles

- Use Level: 0.2-0.6%
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 176.210

Properties: Liq.; sp.gr. 0.93; low-visc.; 100% act.; nonionic

Troykyd® D666 [Troy]

- Chem. Descrip.: Hydrocarbon-based surfactant
- Uses: Defoamer for metalworking fluids, printing inks, latex paints, adhesives/caulks/sealants, wood stains, paper coatings, water-reducible systems, warp sizes
- Use Level: 0.2-0.6%
- Regulatory: FDA compliance
- Properties: Liq.; sp.gr. 0.84-0.87; 100% act.
- Troykyd® D999 [Troy]

Chem. Descrip.: Fatty acid/hydrocarbon blend Uses: Defoamer for metalworking fluids, printing inks, latex paints, adhesives/caulks/sealants, wood stains, paper coatings, water-reducible systems

Use Level: 0.2-0.6%

Properties: Liq.; sp.gr. 0.86-0.89; 100% act.; nonionic

Troykyd[®] USM DP336[°] [Troy]

Uses: Defoamer for aq. coatings, inks, adhesives, food-contact adhesives/ paper; non-silicone releasing

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210 compliant

Troysan® 142 [Troy]

Chem. Descrip.: 3,5-Dimethyltetrahydro-1,3,5,2H-thiadiazine-2-thione CAS 533-74-4; EINECS/ELINCS 208-576-7

- Uses: Bactericide, antimicrobial, fungicide, preservative for aq. systems, food pkg. adhesives/paper, dispersed colors, resin emulsions, powd. joint cements, protein colloids
- Regulatory: FDA21CFR §175.105, 176.170; EPA reg. no. 5383-7
- Properties: Off-wh. free-flowing cryst. powd.; sl. distinctive odor; sol. 21% in ethylene dichloride, 19.5% in acetone, 0.12% in water; sp.gr. 1.39; dens. 11.6 lb/gal; m.p. 99.5 C; flash pt. (OC) 280 F; 95% min. act.
- Toxicology: May be harmful if ingested; avoid contact with skin and eyes Storage: Avoid storage at elevated temps. for prolonged periods of time

Troysan[®] 586 [Troy]

- Chem. Descrip.: 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one and propylene glycol aq. sol'n. Uses: Biocide, broad-spectrum preservative for aq. systems such as paints and coatings, polymer emulsions, pigment dispersions, joint cements, adhesives, sealants, caulks, printing inks, and metalworking fluids; food pkg. adhesives, paper; food-contact slimicide; designed to inhibit growth of microorganisms such as bacteria, yeast, and fungi
- Use Level: 0.02-0.35%
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300; EPA reg. no. 49403-14-5383
- Properties: Brn. liq.; sp.gr. 1.18-1.24; dens. 9.84-10.34 lb/gal; visc. 150-250 cps; flash pt. (CC) 93.3 C; pH 13-14
- Toxicology: May cause chem. burns, skin and eye irritation in conc. form; harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed thru skin
- Storage: Store in closed containers in dry place; do not store at elevated temps., keep from freezing
- Troysan[®] Polyphase[®] AF1 [Troy]

Chem. Descrip.: 3-lodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate CAS 55406-53-6; EINECS/ELINCS 259-627-5

- Uses: Fungicide, preservative used in oil-based and latex paints, cutting oils, textiles, paper coatings, inks, plastics, adhesives, canvas, cordage; wood preservative
- Use Level: 0.3-1.2%
- Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 5383-63
- Properties: Amber mobile liq., char. odor; sol. in aromatics and alcohols; disp. in aq. and solv.-based paints; sp.gr. 1.1-1.2; dens. 9.4-9.7 lb/gal; 40% act. Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1470 mg/kg, (dermal, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; eye irritant; nonirritating to skin
- Storage: Store above 0 C in tightly sealed drums

Troysan[®] Polyphase[®] AF3 [Troy]

Uses: Fungicide for interior and exterior paints, metalworking fluids, textiles, paper coatings, inks, adhesives, construction prods., resin systems, plastic coatings, etc.; broad spectrum; nonmetallic; stable to 60 C

Use Level: 0.3-2%

Regulatory: EPA registered

Properties: Water-wh. to straw colored liq.

Troysan® Polyphase® CST [Troy]

- Chem. Descrip.: Glycol ether (20-40%), n-methyl pyrrolidinone (10-30%), and 3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate (5-20%)
- Uses: Fungicide for textiles, paper coatings, adhesives, inks, plastics, masonry coatings, syn. acrylic stucco, and canvas and cordage, mold and mildew control on film surfaces
- Use Level: 0.2-0.5% (interior paints); 0.2-1.0% (masonry coatings and syn. acrylic stucco); 0.3-1.0% (exterior paints, inks)

Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 5383-74; SARA §313 reportable

- Properties: Off-wh. liq.; mild char. odor; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.11; flash pt. (Seta CC) 71 C; pH 7.3; 55% volatiles
- Toxicology: May cause mod. skin irritation and blistering; ing. may cause GI irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea; inh. may cause respiratory irritation; excessive inh. may cause CNS effects; IPBC may cause severe but reversible eye irritation/injury; TSCA listed
- Environmental: Toxic to fish; do nor apply directly to water or wetlands
- Precaution: Combustible; avoid heat or sources of ignition; incompat. with strong acids, bases, and oxidizers; avoid extended contact with air or oxygen
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion may produce iodine vapors, CO, CO₂, and NO_x

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

Storage: Keep tightly closed in cool, dry area

Troysan[®] Polyphase[®] EC17 [Troy]

Chem. Descrip.: 3-lodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate emulsifiable conc. CAS 55406-53-6; EINECS/ELÍNCS 259-627-5

- Uses: Fungicide, mildewcide for aq. and solv.-based paints, leather protection, inks, metalworking fluids, paper and textile coatings, adhesives, caulks, sealants, plastics, plastic coatings
- Use Level: 0.06-0.18% (metalworking fluids), 0.1-1.0% (spin finishes), 0.23-2.3% (latex emulsions), 0.1-1.0% (pre-emulsified vehicles) Regulatory: EPAreg. no. 5383-55
- Properties: SI. yel. It. visc. liq.; sp.gr. 1.03-1.05; visc. (Gardner) A max.; flash pt. 68 C; 17% act.
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1470 mg/kg, (dermal, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; eye irritant; nonirritating to skin
- Troysan[®] Polyphase[®] P-20T [Troy]

Chem. Descrip.: 3-lodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate

- CAS 55406-53-6; EINECS/ELINCS 259-627-5
- Uses: Fungicide, mildewcide for solv. and water-based systems incl. paints, wood stains, wood preservatives, textile processing sol'ns., paper coatings, adhesives, caulks, inks, metalworking fluids, joint cements, plastic coatings; broad spectrum; nonmetallic, noncorrosive, reduced odor
- Use Level: 0.5-1.5% (exterior solv. paint), 1.0-2.5% (exterior latex paint), 0.2-0.8% (interior paint), 1.0-1.5% (wood protective stain), 0.5-2.5% (paper coatings), 0.25-2.5% (inks)
- Regulatory: EPAreg. no. 5383-74
- Properties: Amber clear liq.; characteristic odor; sol. in aromatics and alcohol; sp.gr. 1.03-1.06; dens. 8.6-8.8 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner) A max.; 20% min. act.
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1470 mg/kg, (dermal, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; eye irritant; nonirritating to skin
- Storage: Store in tightly sealed drums above 20 F

Troysan[®] Polyphase[®] P-100 [Troy]

- Chem. Descrip.: 3-lodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate
- CAS 55406-53-6; EINECS/ELÍNCS 259-627-5
- Uses: Biocide, fungicide, wood preservative for interior and exterior coatings, cutting oils, textiles, paper coatings, inks, plastics, adhesives, canvas, cordage
- Use Level: 0.1-1.0%
- Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 5383-50
- Properties: Off-wh. cryst. powd.; sol. in most solvs. except water and aliphatics; sp.gr. 1.51-1.57 (70 C); m.p. 65-67 C; 97% min. act.
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1470 mg/kg, (dermal, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; eye irritant; nonirritating to skin
- Storage: Store below 40 C to prevent tendency to pack into hard lumps; store drums in upright position
- Troysperse W [Troy]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Soap
 - Uses: Wetting agent and dispersant for org. pigments, carbon fibers, and iron oxides in aq. systems, textile applics.; food-contact coatings, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.180, 178.3400
 - Properties: Liq.; 90% conc.; amphoteric/nonionic
- Trycol® 5941 [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis/Textiles]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Trideceth-9
 - CAS 78330-21-9
 - UN No. 3082
 - Uses: Wetting agent, rewetting agent, detergent for It. and heavy-duty highfoaming cleaners, paper towels, raw wool detergents, agric. formulations; coemulsifier; polymerization surfactant; food-contact paper/paperboard
 - Regulatory: FDA21CFR §176.170, 176.180; EPA exempt; DOT regulated; SARA §311/312 reportable
 - Properties: Gardner 1 liq.; mild odor; sol. in water, glycerol trioleate, Stod., xylene; disp. in min. oil; sp.gr. 0.994; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 43 cSt (100 F); HLB 13.0; cloud pt. 54 C; flash pt. 390 F; pour pt. 20 C; 100% conc.; nonionic
 - Toxicology: Causes severe eye irritation; skin and respiratory irritant; ing. may cause GI irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea; ethylene oxide (carcinogenic/reproductive hazard) may accumulate; acetaldehyde and 1,4-dioxane are suspect carcinogens; TSCA listed
 - Environmental: BOD5 473,647 ppm; COD 2,398,468 ppm; 19.75% biodeg.; environmentally hazardous; marine pollutant
 - Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO
 - NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Trycol[®] 6961 [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis/Textiles] processing; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-4 articles CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 230-770-5 Regulatory: FDA 21 CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA Uses: Detergent and emulsifier for agric. and textile applics.; chemical interapproved; EPA exempt; SARA §311/312 reportable mediate; corrosion inhibitor in two-cycle engine oils; food pkg. adhesives, Properties: Gardner 1 liq.; aromatic odor; sol. in water, Stod., xylene; sp.gr. paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles 1.05; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 111 cSt (100 F); HLB 13.2; cloud pt. 62 C; pour Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA approved; pt. 11 C; flash pt. (COC) 304 C; nonionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1.3 g/kg; may cause skin and severe eye EPA-exempt; SARA §311/312 reportable Properties: Gardner 2 liq.; aromatic odor; sol. in Stod., xylene; disp. in min. irritation; ing. may cause GI irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea; EO (caroil; sp.gr. 1.021; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. 472 cSt (100 F); HLB 8.9; pour pt. cinogenic/reproductive hazard); acetaldehyde and 1,4-dioxane (suspect -10 C; cloud pt. < 25 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 260 C; 100% conc.; nonionic human carcinogens); TSCA listed Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 4.29 ml/kg; may cause skin and severe eye Environmental: BOD5 480,000 ppm; COD 2,076,000 ppm; 23.12% biodeg. irritation; sl. toxic by ing.; may cause GI irritation, nausea, vomiting, diar-Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents rhea; EO (carcinogenic/reproductive hazard) may accumulate; acetalde-Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO hyde and 1,4-dioxane are suspect carcinogens; TSCA listed NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Environmental: BOD5 174,174 ppm; COD 185,185 ppm; 94.1% biodeq. Storage: May congeal or stratify if cold; warm to 50 C, mix well Trycol® 6975 [Cognis/Chems. Group] *Precaution:* Avoid strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO Chem. Descrip.: Octoxynol-30 NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 CAS 9002-93-1 Storage: May congeal or stratify if cold; warm to 50 C, mix well Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, dispersant, solubilizer, coupling Trycol® 6962 [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis/Textiles] agent for household/I&I cleaners, metal cleaning, oil drilling, agric. formula-Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-6 tions; food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles CAS 9016-45-9 Regulatory: FDA 21 CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA approved; EPA-exempt; SARA nonreportable; DOT nonregulated Uses: Dispersant, wetting agent, coemulsifier in acid cleaning sol'ns., solv. emulsions, detergents, textiles, agric. formulations; food pkg. adhesives, Properties: Gardner 1 liq.; aromatic odor; sol. in water; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; moderate to low foam 260 cSt (100 F); HLB 17.1; cloud pt. 92 C (10% saline); pour pt. 5 C; flash Regulatory: FDA 21 CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA approved; pt. (COC) 260 C; 70% act. in water; nonionic EPA exempt; SARA §311/312 reportable Toxicology: May cause skin and mild to mod. eye irritation; ing. may cause Properties: Gardner 2 liq.; aromatic odor; sol. in Stod., xylene; disp. in water, GI irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea; TSCA listed min. oil; sp.gr. 1.03; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; visc. 100 cSt (100 F); HLB 10.9; cloud pt. < 25 C; flash pt. 515 F; pour pt. -10 C; 100% conc.; nonionic *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 1.98 g/kg, (dermal, rabbit) 2.83 g/kg; may cause Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 skin and severe eye irritation; ing. may cause GI irritation, nausea, vomit-Storage: May congeal or stratify if cold; warm to 50 C, mix well Trycol[®] 6984 [Cognis/Chems. Group] ing, diarrhea; EO (carcinogenic/reproductive hazard); acetaldehyde and 1,4-dioxane (suspect carcinogens); TSCA listed Chem. Descrip .: Octoxynol-40 Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents CAS 9002-93-1 Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO Uses: Dispersant, wetting agent, emulsifier for emulsion polymerization of NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 acrylic and vinyl monomers, textile processing, agric. formulations; food Storage: May congeal or stratify if cold; warm to 50 C, mix well pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21 CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 178.3400; EPA-Trycol[®] 6965 [Cognis/Chems. Group] Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-11 exempt; SARA nonreportable; DOT nonregulated CAS 9016-45-9 Properties: Gardner 1 liq.; phenolic odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.08; dens. 9.0 Uses: Surfactant for detergent formulations, emulsions, emulsion polymeriza-Ib/gal; visc. 220 cSt (100 F); HLB 17.9; cloud pt. 74 C (10% saline); pour tion, agric. formulations, food pkg. adhesives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of pt. 13 C; flash pt. (PMCC) > 93 C; 29-31% volatiles; 70% act. in water; food-contact articles; for high temps.; tolerant of builders nonionic Regulatory: FDA 21 CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA approved; *Toxicology:* May cause mild skin and eye irritation; pract. nontoxic by ing.; **EPA** exempt TSCA listed Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents Properties: Gardner 2 liq.; sol. in water, Stod., xylene; dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. 116 cSt (100 F); HLB 13.5; cloud pt. 71 C; flash pt. 480 F; pour pt. 5 C; Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO 100% conc.; nonionic NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Trycol® 6970 [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis/Textiles] Storage: May congeal or stratify if cold; warm to 50 C, mix well Trydet 2676 [Cognis/Chems. Group] Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-40 CAS 9016-45-9 Chem. Descrip.: PEG-10 oleate Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, dispersant, coemulsifier, stabilizer for emul-CAS 9004-96-0 sion polymerization, agric. formulations, textile processing; food pkg. adhe-Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant for pesticides, metal cleaners, textile detergents sives, paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles and dyeing assistants, leather; rewetting agent for paper Regulatory: FDA 21 CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400; BGA approved; Regulatory: EPA exempt EPA-exempt; SARA nonreportable Properties: Gardner 2 liq.; sol. in xylene; disp. in water; dens. 8.5 lb/gal; Properties: Gardner 1 liq.; aromatic odor; sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.10; dens. 9.2 visc. 54 cSt (100 F); HLB 12.2; cloud pt. < 25 C; flash pt. 560 F; pour pt. Ib/gal; visc. 385 cSt (100 F); HLB 17.8; cloud pt. 90 C (5% saline); pour pt. 7 C; flash pt. (COC) 293 C; 70% act. in water; nonionic 14 C: nonionic Tryfac® 5556 [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis/Textiles] Toxicology: May cause mild transient skin and mild to mod. eye irritation; Chem. Descrip.: Phosphated nonyl phenyl ethoxylate, free acid form CAS 51811-79-1 pract. nontoxic by ing.; TSCA listed Environmental: BOD5 107,111 ppm; COD 361,995 ppm Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant, antistat in textile processing; solv. emulsifier Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents for textile scours, detergents, pesticides; dry cleaning detergent; in emulsion Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO polymerization; food pkg. adhesives, paper NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Regulatory: FDA 21 CFR §175.105; EPA exempt; SARA §311/312 report-Storage: May congeal or stratify if cold; warm to 50 C, mix well able Trycol® 6974 [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis/Textiles] Properties: Gardner 2 liq.; mild odor; sol. in water, xylene; sp.gr. 1.12; dens. Chem. Descrip.: Nonoxynol-10 9.3 lb/gal; visc. 1700 cSt (100 F); cloud pt. 68 C (5% saline); pour pt. 5 C; CAS 9016-45-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-294-1 flash pt. (COC) 227 C; 100% act.; anionic

Uses: Dispersant, emulsifier, wetting agent for agric. formulations, textile

Toxicology: Causes burns to skin, eyes, and respiratory tract; ing. may

cause GI irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea; EO (carcinogenic/reproductive hazard); acetaldehyde and 1,4-dioxane (suspect human carcinogens); **TSCA** listed Environmental: BOD5 93,925 ppm; COD 239,808 ppm Precaution: Avoid strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂, CO, PO, NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: May congeal or stratify if cold; warm to R.T., mix well Trylox[®] 5906 [Cognis/Chems. Group; Cognis/Textiles] Chem. Descrip .: PEG-30 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 Uses: Emulsifier, pigment dispersant, degreaser, lubricant for paper, textiles, agric. and lubricant applics.; visc. and emulsion stabilizer of PVAc and water-based paints Regulatory: EPA exempt Properties: Gardner 2 liq.; sol. in water, xylene; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 309 cSt (100 F); HLB 11.8; cloud pt. 55 C (1% saline); flash pt. 555 F; pour pt. 9 C; nonionic TurboCLEAR[™] PC-1 [Sternson] Chem. Descrip .: Polyaluminum chloride with 1-5% hydrochloric acid, and 1-5% sulfuric acid UN No. 1760 Uses: Coagulant for industrial water and wastewater treatment, and paper processing applics.; coagulant for treatment of scale fines in steel mill wastewaters, chem. preconditioning of raw waters used for feedstocks in industrial processes such as cooling water, boiler waters, and process waters, and mine tailings effluents; effective over wide pH range; most effective in water and wastewaters containing very low to mod. levels of solids and/or very highly charged solids Properties: Čolorless to amber clear liq.; no appreciable odor; appreciable sol. in water @ 20 C; sp.gr. 1.205 ± 0.003 (20 C); visc. 7 ± 3 cps; vapor pressure 17 mm Hg; f.p. -12 ± 2 C; pH 2.6 ± 0.3; 70% volatile by vol.; 8.9 \pm 0.5% Cl, 5.4 \pm 0.2% Al, 2.9 \pm 0.4% SO₄; cationic Toxicology: May cause skin irritation, swelling, dermatitis; will cause painful burning or stinging of eyes, inflamm. of conjunctiva; may cause nausea, vomiting on ing.; mist may irritate respiratory tract; lg. quantities may cause liver or kidney damage Precaution: Corrosive; reacts with zinc and aluminum to form hydrogen gas; incompat. with strong alkalis, oxidizing agents; avoid contact with metals Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Hydrogen chloride gas; hydrogen gas NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1 Storage: > 1 yr shelf life @ 10-30 C in dry rubber-lined or plastic or FRP vessels Tychem® 68710-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene copolymer latex Uses: Associative thickener for adhesives, suitable for coated and uncoated paper, Mylar, cellulose acetate, metalized polyester, aluminum, nonskid coating, and mastic substrates; very efficient Properties: Wh. liq. emulsion; 0.11 µ particle size; readily disp. in cold water, neutralized with ammonia, amines, or fixed alkali; dens. 8.74 lb/gal; visc. 50 max. cps; acid no. 112; pH 4.5 ± 1.0; 34 ± 0.5% NV; anionic Storage: 3 mos. shelf life @ 72 F; protect from freezing Tykote 1004 [Reichhold] Chem. Descrip.: Latex-based compd. Uses: Base resin providing high str. to functional paper coatings, food pkg.; high pigment compat.; exc. mech. stability, grease/water resist.; very high tens. str. Regulatory: FDA approved for food contact Tykote 2200C [Reichhold] Chem. Descrip .: Latex-based compd. Uses: Protective paper coating primarily for food pkg.; exc. oil/grease resist. even at elevated temps.; very good water resist.; superior antiblocking; contains no fluorocarbons Regulatory: FDA approved for food contact Properties: Clear Tykote 2300C [Reichhold] Chem. Descrip.: Latex-based compd. Uses: Protective paper coating primarily for food pkg., multiwall bags, food wraps, liners; exc. oil/grease resist.; improved holdout for oils; breathes so moisture vapor can escape; contains no fluorocarbons; fluorocarbon replacement Regulatory: FDA approved for food contact

Properties: Clear

- Tykote 2400C [Reichhold] Chem. Descrip .: Latex-based compd.
 - Uses: Paper plate coating; good water/grease resist.; exc. antiblocking; fully repulpable
 - Regulatory: FDA approved for food contact
 - Properties: Clear
- Tykote Base [Reichhold]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Latex-based compd.

Uses: Barrier coating used as basecoat for paper coatings incl. food pkg.; rec. where heavier applics. or coatings with different functional props. need to be applied; provides some water resist.; enhanced grease/vapor resist. Regulatory: FDA approved for food contact

Properties: Clear Tykote Base II [Reichhold]

Chem. Descrip .: Latex-based compd.

Uses: Barrier coating used as basecoat for paper coatings incl. food pkg.; rec. where heavier applics. or coatings with different functional props. need to be applied; provides exc. vapor resist.; enhanced grease/moisture resist. *Regulatory:* FDA approved for food contact *Properties:* Clear

- Tykote WTR-3 [Reichhold]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Latex-based compd.

Uses: Paper coating providing some grease resist. for detergent boxes, paper/paperboard wraps, concrete and other dry-mix bags, food pkg.; exc. water/water vapor resist., antiblocking; fully repulpable Regulatory: FDA approved for food contact

- Properties: Clear
- Tykote WTR-AF [Reichhold]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Latex-based compd.
 - Uses: Paper coating providing some grease resist. for detergent boxes, paper/paperboard wraps, concrete and other dry-mix bags, food pkg.; exc. water/water vapor resist., antiblocking; contains very low levels of ammonia
 - Regulatory: FDA approved for food contact
 - Properties: Clear
- Tylac[®] 037 [Reichhold]
 - Chem. Descrip .: Styrene/butadiene latex
- CAS 9003-55-8

Uses: Binder, str. agent providing exc. glueability to most paperboard coatings incl. solid bleached sulfate, coated natural and recycled grades; exc. hot melt and aq. glueability; exc. print str.

- Tylac[®] 692 [Reichhold]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/butadiene latex
 - CAS 9003-55-8

Uses: Binder, str. agent for cast paper coatings; ideal flow props. for forming a coated surf. with extremely high smoothness and gloss; exc. release props.; very high str. for sheet-fed; exc. calcium ion stability

- Tylac[®] 757 [Reichhold]
- Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/butadiene latex
- CAS 9003-55-8

Uses: Binder for multipurpose paper coatings, matte or glossy, free-sheet and LWC applics., roto and offset formulations; exc. balance of key props.

Properties: Emulsion; 0.20 µ particle size; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 350 cps; pH 7.7; 57.5% solids; anionic

- Tylac[®] 820 [Reichhold]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/butadiene latex
 - CAS 9003-55-8
 - Uses: Binder, gloss aid, str. agent for web grades for offset printing, glossy or matte finishes, roto and offset formulations; compat. with most cobinders; exc. mech. stability; exc. high speed rheology
- Tylac® 936 [Reichhold]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/butadiene latex
 - CAS 9003-55-8
 - Uses: Binder, gloss aid, str. agent for web grades for offset printing, glossy or matte finishes, roto and offset formulations; compat. with most cobinders; exc. mech. stability; exc. high speed rheology
- Tylac[®] 979-RG [Reichhold]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Styrene/butadiene latex

CAS 9003-55-8

Uses: Binder for coated papers for rotogravure printing, for LWC and freesheet processes; soft, compressible; exhibits very high smoothness; exc.

runnability; superior roto print gloss Tylac[®] 68217-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] CAS 9004-32-4; EINECS/ELINCS 265-995-8 Chem. Descrip.: Styrene-butadiene emulsion polymer, noncarboxylated, rosin acid emulsifier CAS 9003-55-8 Uses: Suitable for coated paper, mastic substrates Properties: Gran. Tysul® WW 35 [Atofina SA] Properties: 0.15 µ particle size; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 750 cps; surf. tens. 44 dynes/cm; pH 10.3; 52% solids; anionic Tylac[®] 68219-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene emulsion copolymer Uses: Multipurpose base for foil laminating adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, paper; good freeze-thaw stability; exc. compat.; suitable for uncoated paper, metalized polyester, aluminum, and mastic substrates Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180 approved Properties: Wh. liq.; dens. 8.3-8.5 lb/gal; visc. 500 cps; pH 7.5-8.5; surf. tens. 38 dynes; 51-53% NV; 54% bound styrene Storage: 3 mos shelf life @ 72 F; protect from freezing Tylac[®] 68321-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip .: Acrylonitrile copolymer Uses: Paper applics.; high internal bond str., high delamination resist., good wet tens. str., exc. heat age chars., good chem. resist. Properties: PH 9.0; ≈ 41% NV listed Tvlac® 68327-00 [Reichhold] Uses: Paper applics.; high internal bond; high delamination resist.; good heat aging chars., chem. resist., wet tens. str.; can be crosslinked with external resins for inc. performance props. Properties: $PH 9.0; \approx 47\% NV$ sures Tylac® 68513-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Acrylonitrile copolymer Uses: Paper/web saturant; features med. nitrile content, low residual monomer, exc. processing and deposition chars. in wet end addition, good tough-Tysul[®] WW 50 [Atofina SA] ness, good oil/solv. resist., mod. flexibility Properties: PH 9.5; ≈ 40% NV Tylac® 68520-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Acrylonitrile copolymer Uses: Paper/web saturant; features high nitrile content, low residual monomer, exc. processing with optimum curing capabilities, exc. str., and exc. oil/solv. resist. Properties: PH 8.0; ≈ 44% NV Tylac® 97936-00 [Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers] Chem. Descrip.: Styrene-butadiene emulsion polymer CAS 9003-55-8 Uses: Binder for sheet and web offset paper coatings; general purpose Properties: Emulsion; 0.14 µ particle size; dens. 8.3 lb/gal; visc. 200 cps; pH 7.7; 50% solids; anionic Tylose[®] C, CB Series [Clariant] listed Chem. Descrip.: Sodium CMC CAS 9004-32-4; EINECS/ELINCS 265-995-8 Uses: Binder in pencil leads; thickener in batteries, rubber, cosmetics, foodstuffs, pharmaceuticals, tobacco, and textiles; dispersant, emulsifier for insecticides, fungicides, and herbicides; plasticizer in ceramics; surface sizsures ing in paper industry; press aid and lubricant in welding electrodes Properties: Gran., powd.; 100% act.; anionic Tylose[®] CBR Grades^[Clariant] Chem. Descrip.: Sodium CMC Tysul® WW 70 DG [Atofina SA] CAS 9004-32-4; EINECS/ELINCS 265-995-8 Uses: Binder for coatings; sedimenting aid in mining; gellant/binder/thickener in chemical tech. and rubber industry; sizing agent for paper and textiles; plasticizer/filler in soaps and hand cleaning pastes; graving inhibitor for detergents Properties: Gran.; anionic Tylose® C-G1 [Clariant] *Chem. Descrip.:* Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose, pure CAS 9004-32-4; EINECS/ELINCS 265-995-8 Uses: Visc. control agent/consistency regulator in ceramic compds., engobes, glazes; plasticizer; binder; controls dewatering and drying; surf. treatment in paper industry; visc. modifier for pigment coating; print thickener, carpet backing finish in textiles; thickener in rubber industry and for graphite lubri-

- Properties: Granules; visc. (Höppler) 20, 30, 100, 300, 600, 1000, 6000, 10,000 mPa•s (20 C) avail.; 7% moisture; 99% purity (bone-dry); anionic
- Tylose® CR [Clariant]

cants

- Chem. Descrip.: Sodium CMC, tech.
- Uses: Binder for coatings; sedimenting aid in mining; gellant/binder/thickener in chemical tech. and rubber industry; sizing agent for paper and textiles; plasticizer/filler in soaps and hand cleaning pastes
- Chem. Descrip .: Hydrogen peroxide
- CAS 7722-84-1; EÍNEČS/ELINCS 231-765-0
- Uses: Oxidizing agent and reducing agent used for municipal and industrial wastewater treatment, food processing, foundries, ore mining, org. chems., petrol., pharmaceuticals, photography, plastics, pulp/paper, rubber, textiles, etc.; for sulfide odor and corrosion control; for destruction of excess hypochlorite, thiosulfate, phenols, and other select orgs., COD reduction; dec. to yield oxygen and water
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sl. pungent irritating odor; misc. with water; m.w. 34.02; dens. 1.133 g/ml; visc. 1.11 cP; vapor pressure 23 mm Hg (30 C); b.p. 108 C; f.p. -33 Č; pH 2.5; 35% conc.; 16.5% act. oxygen
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV 1 ppm, 1.4 mg/m³, 8 h TWA; LD50 (oral, rat) 1232 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; may cause severe irritation or burns of skin, eyes, mucous membranes; ing. may cause upper GI irritation; TSCA
- Environmental: Aquatic LC50 (catfish, 96 h) 37.4 mg/l
- *Precaution:* Corrosive, strong oxidizer; mixture with org. materials may be explosive; incompat. with flammables, cyanides, nitric acid, other oxidizing/reducing agents; liberation of oxygen gas may result in dangerous pres-
- Storage: Store in orig. vented container in dry location, away from sunlight and heat sources; vent holes in bung cap must be kept open and free of obstruction; do not store on wooden pallets

Chem. Descrip .: Hydrogen peroxide

- CAS 7722-84-1; EINECS/ELINCS 231-765-0
- Uses: Oxidizing agent and reducing agent used for municipal and industrial wastewater treatment, food processing, foundries, ore mining, org. chems., petrol., pharmaceuticals, photography, plastics, pulp/paper, rubber, textiles, etc.; for sulfide odor and corrosion control; for destruction of excess hypochlorite, thiosulfate, phenols, and other select orgs., COD reduction; dec. to yield oxygen and water
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sl. pungent irritating odor; misc. with water; m.w. 34.02; dens. 1.196 g/ml; visc. 1.17 cP; vapor pressure 18 mm Hg (30 C); b.p. 114 C; f.p. -52 Č; pH 1.8; 50% conc.; 23.5% act. oxygen
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV 1 ppm, 1.4 mg/m³, 8 h TWA; LD50 (oral, rat) 1232 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; may cause severe irritation or burns of skin, eyes, mucous membranes; ing. may cause upper GI irritation; TSCA
- Environmental: Aquatic LC50 (catfish, 96 h) 37.4 mg/l
- Precaution: Corrosive, strong oxidizer; mixture with org. materials may be explosive; incompat. with flammables, cyanides, nitric acid, other oxidizing/reducing agents; liberation of oxygen gas may result in dangerous pres-
- Storage: Store in orig. vented container in dry location, away from sunlight and heat sources; vent holes in bung cap must be kept open and free of obstruction; do not store on wooden pallets

Chem. Descrip .: Hydrogen peroxide

CAS 7722-84-1; EINECS/ELINCS 231-765-0

- Uses: Oxidizing agent for municipal and industrial wastewater treatment, food processing, foundries, ore mining, org. chems., petrol, pharmaceuticals, photography, plastics, pulp/paper, rubber, textiles, etc.; for sulfide odor and corrosion control; for destruction of excess hypochlorite, thiosulfate, phenols, and other select orgs., COD reduction; highly stabilized dilution grade; diluted to 35-50% storage in user's tank
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sl. pungent irritating odor; m.w. 34.02; dens. 1.288 g/ml; visc. 1.93 cP; vapor pressure 11 mm Hg (30 C); b.p. 126 C; f.p. -40 C; pH 0.5; 70% conc.; 32.9% act. oxygen
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV 1 ppm, 1.4 mg/m³, 8 h TWA; LD50 (oral, rat) 1232 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; may cause severe irritation or burns of skin, eyes, mucous membranes; ing. may cause upper GI irritation; TSCA listed

Environmental: Aquatic LC50 (catfish, 96 h) 37.4 mg/l

Precaution: Corrosive, strong oxidizer; mixture with org. materials may be
explosive; incompat. with flammables, cyanides, nitric acid, other oxidizing/reducing agents; liberation of oxygen gas may result in dangerous pressures Storage: Store in orig. vented container in dry location, away from sunlight and heat sources; vent holes in bung cap must be kept open and free of obstruction; do not store on wooden pallets

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Ucar® VAGD [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydroxyl-modified vinyl chloride/VA copolymer CAS 9003-22-9

Uses: Sol'n. vinyl resin for coatings; food-contact paper/paperboard; general maintenance and marine coatings; adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Properties: Wh. powd.; 98% min. thru 20 mesh; m.w. 22,000; sp.gr. 1.39; bulk dens. 24-34 lb/ft³; visc. 400 cP (30% in MEK); hyd. no. 76; soften. pt. 110-180 C; 90% VC, 4% VA, 6% vinyl alochol; 25% solids in MEK/ toluene (50/50)

Ucar® VAGH [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Hydroxyl-modified vinyl chloride/VA copolymer CAS 9003-22-9

- Uses: Sol'n. vinyl resin for coatings; food-contact paper/paperboard; general maintenance and marine coatings; magnetic tape; inks; adhesives; wood finishes
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170
- Properties: Wh. powd.; 98% min. thru 20 mesh; m.w. 27,000; sp.gr. 1.39; bulk dens. 24-34 lb/ft³; visc. 350 cP (30% in MEK); hyd. no. 76; soften. pt. 110-180 C; 90% VC, 4% VA, 6% vinyl alcohol; 20% solids in MEK/ toluene (50:50)
- Ucar[®] VMCÀ [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Carboxyl-modified vinyl chloride/VA copolymer CAS 9003-22-9

Uses: Sol'n. vinyl resin for coatings; food-contact paper/paperboard; general maintenance and marine coatings; inks; adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

- Properties: Wh. powd.; 98% min. thru 20 mesh; m.w. 15,000; sp.gr. 1.34; visc. 370 cP (30% in MEK); bulk dens. 24-34 lb/ft³; acid no. 19; soften. pt. 110-180 C; 81% VC, 17% VA, 2% maleic acid; 30% solids in MEK/ toluene (25/75)
- Ucar[®] VMCC [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Carboxyl-modified vinyl chloride/VA copolymer CAS 9003-22-9

Uses: Sol'n. vinyl resin for coatings; food-contact paper/paperboard; general maintenance and marine coatings; inks; adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Properties: Wh. powd.; 98% min. thru 20 mesh; m.w. 19,000; sp.gr. 1.34; visc. 370 cP (30% in MEK); bulk dens. 24-34 lb/ft³; acid no. 10; soften. pt. 110-180 C; 83% VC, 16% VA, 1% maleic acid; 25% solids in MEK/ toluene (25/75)

Ucar[®] VMCH [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Carboxyl-modified vinyl chloride/VA copolymer CAS 9003-22-9

Uses: Sol'n. vinyl resin for coatings; food-contact paper/paperboard; general maintenance and marine coatings; inks; adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Properties: Wh. powd.; 98% min. thru 20 mesh; m.w. 27,000; sp.gr. 1.35; visc. 150 cP (30% in MEK); bulk dens. 24-34 lb/ft³; acid no. 10; soften pt. 110-180 C; 86% VC, 13% VA, 1% maleic acid; 20% solids in MEK/ toluene (50/50)

Ucarfloc® Polymer 300 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene oxide

CAS 25322-68-3

Uses: Thickener, lubricant, binder, flocculant, wet adhesive for mining; foam

stabilizer in fermented malt beverages (300 ppm max.); dispersant for vinyl polymerization; food pkg. coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; thermoplastic resin

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.770, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.1350; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d)
- Properties: Wh. gran. powd., mild ammoniacal odor; 100% thru 10 mesh, 96% thru 20 mesh; sol. in water, some chlorinated solvs., alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons, ketones; m.w. 4,000,000; sp.gr. 1.15-1.26; bulk dens. 19-37 lb/ft³; visc. 1650-5500 cps (1% aq.); m.p. 62-67 C; pH 8-10 (sol'n.); nonionic
- Precaution: Slippery when wet

Storage: Store in sealed containers below 25 C, away from heat; avoid dust buildup

Ucarfloc[®] Polymer 302 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene oxide

CAS 25322-68-3

Uses: Thickener, lubricant, binder, flocculant, wet adhesive for mining; foam stabilizer in fermented malt beverages (300 ppm max.); dispersant for vinyl polymerization; food pkg. coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; thermoplastic resin

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.770, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.1350; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d)

Properties: Wh. gran. powd., mild ammoniacal odor; 100% thru 10 mesh, 96% thru 20 mesh; sol. in water, some chlorinated solvs., alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons, ketones; m.w. 5,000,000; sp.gr. 1.15-1.26; bulk dens. 19-37 lb/ft³; visc. 5500-7500 cps (1% aq.); m.p. 62-67 C; pH 8-10 (sol'n.); nonionic

Precaution: Slippery when wet

Storage: Store in sealed containers below 25 C, away from heat; avoid dust buildup

Ucarfloc[®] Polymer 304 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyethylene oxide

CAS 25322-68-3

Uses: Thickener, lubricant, binder, flocculant, wet adhesive for mining; foam stabilizer in fermented malt beverages (300 ppm max.); dispersant for vinyl polymerization; food pkg. coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; thermoplastic resin

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.770, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.1350; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d)

Properties: Wh. gran. powd., mild ammoniacal odor; 100% thru 10 mesh, 96% thru 20 mesh; sol. in water, some chlorinated solvs., alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons, ketones; m.w. 7,000,000; sp.gr. 1.15-1.26; bulk dens. 19-37 lb/ft³; visc. 7500-10,000 cps (1% aq.); m.p. 62-67 C; pH 8-10 (sol'n.); nonionic

Precaution: Slippery when wet

Storage: Store in sealed containers below 25 C, away from heat; avoid dust buildup

Ucarfloc® Polymer 309 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip .: Polyethylene oxide

CAS 25322-68-3

Uses: Thickener, lubricant, binder, flocculant, wet adhesive for mining; foam stabilizer in fermented malt beverages (300 ppm max.); dispersant for vinyl polymerization; food pkg. coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; thermoplastic resin

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.770, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170,

176.180, 177.1210, 177.1350; EPA 40CFR §180.1001(d)

- Properties: Wh. gran. powd., mild ammoniacal odor; 100% thru 10 mesh, 96% thru 20 mesh; sol. in water, some chlorinated solvs., alcohols, aromatic hydrocarbons, ketones; m.w. 8,000,000; sp.gr. 1.15-1.26; bulk dens. 19-37 lb/ft³; visc. 10,000-15,000 cps (1% aq.); m.p. 62-67 C; pH 8-10 (sol'n.); nonionic
- Precaution: Slippery when wet
- Storage: Store in sealed containers below 25 C, away from heat; avoid dust buildup
- Ucon® 50-HB-55 [Union Carbide]
 - Chem. Descrip.: PPG-2-buteth-3

CAS 9038-95-3

- Uses: Emollient for cosmetics; lubricant for compressor, rubber, greases, textiles; intermediate for prep. of resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactants; solvent for inks and dyes; demulsifier; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper coatings, NC coatings; mold release agents and dye solvs. for vinyl resins; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators
- *Properties:* Sol. in water, alcohol; m.w. 270 (avg.); sp.gr. 0.971 (20/20 C); dens. 8.08 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 55 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -65 C; flash pt. (TOC) 90 C; ref. index 1.4402 (20 C); nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 8530 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; skin and severe eve irritant: TSCA listed
- Ucon[®] 50-HB-100 [Union Carbide]
 - Chem. Descrip.: PPG-3-buteth-5

CAS 9038-95-3

- Uses: Emollient for cosmetics; lubricant for compressor, rubber, greases, textiles; intermediate for prep. of resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactants; solvent for inks and dyes; demulsifier; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper coatings, NC coatings; mold release agents and dye solvs. for vinyl resins; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators
- Properties: M.w. 520 (avg.); sp.gr. 1.023 (20/20 C); dens. 8.51 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 100 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -51 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 141 C; ref. index 1.4491 (20 C); nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 9170 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 14 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing. and skin contact; skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Ucon® 50-HB-170 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip .: PPG-5-buteth-7

CAS 9038-95-3

- Uses: Emollient for cosmetics; lubricant for compressor, rubber, greases, textiles; intermediate for prep. of resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactants; solvent for inks and dyes; demulsifier; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper coatings, NC coatings; mold release agents and dye solvs. for vinyl resins; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators
- Properties: M.w. 750 (avg.); sp.gr. 1.031 (20/20 C); dens. 8.58 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 170 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -43 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 185 C; ref. index 1.4531 (20 C); nonionic

Ucon[®] 50-HB-260 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: PPG-7-buteth-10

CAS 9038-95-3

Uses: Emollient for cosmetics; lubricant for compressor, rubber, greases, textiles; intermediate for prep. of resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactants; solvent for inks and dyes; demulsifier; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper coatings, NC coatings; mold release agents and dye solvs. for vinyl resins; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210(d)(3), 178.3120

- Properties: M.w. 970 (avg.); sp.gr. 1.035 (20/20 C); dens. 8.62 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 260 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -40 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 194 C; ref. index 1.4542 (20 C); nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 4000 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; skin irritant; TSCA listed

Ucon® 50-HB-400 [Union Carbide; Amerchol]

Chem. Descrip .: PPG-9-buteth-12

CAS 9038-95-3

Uses: Emollient for cosmetics; lubricant for compressor, rubber, greases, textiles; intermediate for prep. of resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactants; solvent for inks and dyes; demulsifier; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper

coatings, NC coatings; mold release agents and dye solvs. for vinyl resins; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210(d)(3), 178.3120, 178.3910
- Properties: Clear liq., char. odor; m.w. 1230 (avg.); sp.gr. 1.041 (20/20 C); dens. 8.67 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 400 SUS (38 C); pour pt.-38 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 204 C; ref. index. 1.4576 (20 C); pH 5.5-7.5 (10% aq.); nonionic *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 5370 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; skin irritant;
- TSCA listed Ucon® 50-HB-660 [Union Carbide; Amerchol]

Chem. Descrip.: PPG-12-buteth-16

CAS 9038-95-3

- Uses: Emollient for cosmetics; lubricant for compressor, rubber, greases, textiles; intermediate for prep. of resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactants; solvent for inks and dyes; demulsifier; food processing; food pkg. adhesives; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper coatings, NC coatings; mold release agents and dye solvs. for vinyl resins; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators, food contact
- *Regulatory*²: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.210(d)(3), 178.3120, 178.3570, 178.3910
- *Properties:* Clear liq., low char. odor; m.w. 1590 (avg.); sp.gr. 1.051 (20/20 C); dens. 8.75 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 660 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -34 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 202 C; ref. index 1.4576 (20 C); pH 5.5-7.5 (10% aq.); nonionic *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 18 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; skin irritant; TSCA listed

Ucon[®] 50-HB-2000 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip .: PPG-20-buteth-30

- CAS 9038-95-3
- Uses: Emollient for cosmetics; lubricant for compressor, rubber, greases, textiles; intermediate for prep. of resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactants; solvent for inks and dyes; demulsifier; food processing; food pkg. adhesives; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper coatings, NC coatings; mold release agents and dye solvs. for vinyl resins; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators, food contact
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.210(d)(3), 178.3120, 178.3570, 178.3910
- Properties: M.w. 2660 (avg.); sp.gr. 1.062 (20/20 C); dens. 8.84 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 2000 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -32 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 172 C; ref. index 1.4590 (20 C); nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 21 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; skin irritant; TSCA listed

Ucon® 50-HB-3520 [Union Carbide; Amerchol]

Chem. Descrip.: PPG-28-buteth-35

CAS 9038-95-3

- Uses: Emollient for cosmetics; lubricant for compressor, rubber, greases, textiles; intermediate for prep. of resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactants; solvent for inks and dyes; demulsifier; food processing; food pkg. adhesives; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper coatings, NC coatings; mold release agents and dye solvs. for vinyl resins; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators, food contact
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.210(d)(3), 178.3120, 178.3570, 178.3910
- Properties: Clear liq., char. odor; m.w. 3380 (avg.); sp.gr. 1.062 (20/20 C); dens. 8.81 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 3520 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -29 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 172 C; ref. index 1.4598 (20 C); pH 4.5-7.5 (10% aq.); nonionic *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 38 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; skin irritant; TSCA listed

Ucon® 50-HB-5100 [Union Carbide; Amerchol]

Chem. Descrip .: PPG-33-buteth-45

CAS 9038-95-3

- Uses: Emollient for cosmetics; lubricant for compressor, rubber, greases, textiles; intermediate for prep. of resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactants; solvent for inks and dyes; demulsifier; food processing; food pkg. adhesives, cellophane; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper coatings, NC coatings; mold release agents and dye solvs. for vinyl resins; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators, food contact
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 176.200, 176.210(d)(3), 177.1200, 178.3120, 178.3570, 178.3910

Properties: Clear visc. liq., low char. odor; m.w. 3930 (avg.); sp.gr. 1.063 (20/20 C); dens. 8.85 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 5100 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -29 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 180 C; ref. index 1.4596 (20 C); pH 5.5-7.5 (10% aq.); nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 49 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; skin irritant; TSCA listed

Ucon® 75-H-450 [Union Carbide; Amerchol]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG/PPG-17/6 copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6

Uses: Lubricant for antiperspirants; emollient; solvent; bodying agent; lubricant for textile spin finishes; intermediate for prep. of resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactants; demulsifier; solvent for inks and dyes; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper coatings, NC coatings; mold release agents and dye solvents for vinyl resins; food pkg. adhesives, animal glues; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210(d)(3), 178.3120

Properties: Clear to cloudy liq., mild char. odor; m.w. 980 (avg.); sp.gr. 1.097 (20/20 C); dens. 9.13 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 450 SUS (38 C); pour pt.-15 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 188 C; ref. index 1.4655 (20 C); pH 5.5-7.5 (10% aq.)

Ucon® 75-H-1400 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG/PPG-35/9 copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Cosmetic emollient; lubricant for textile spin finishes; intermediate for prep. of resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactants; demulsifier; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane, animal glues; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper; in lubricants for incidental food contact
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210(d)(3), 177.1200, 178.3120, 178.3570
- Properties: Sol. in water, alcohol; m.w. 2470 (avg.); sp.gr. 1.099 (20/20 C); dens. 9.12 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 1400 SUS (38 C); pour pt. 4 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 219 C; ref. index 1.4653 (20 C)

Ucon[®] 75-H-9500 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear polymer of ethylene and propylene oxide

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Cosmetic emollient; lubricant for textile spin finishes; intermediate for prep. of resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactants; demulsifier; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane, animal glues; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper; in lubricants for incidental food contact
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210(d)(3), 177.1200, 178.3120, 178.3570
- *Properties:* M.w. 6950 (avg.); sp.gr. 1.094 (20/20 C); dens. 9.1 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 9500 SUS (38 C); pour pt. 4 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 222 C; ref. index 1.4665 (20 C)

Ucon® 75-H-90000 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: PEG/PPG-125/30 copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6

- Uses: Cosmetic emollient; lubricant for textile spin finishes; intermediate for prep. of resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactants; demulsifier; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane, animal glues; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper; in lubricants for incidental food contact
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210(d)(3), 177.1200, 178.3120, 178.3570

Ucon[®] LB-65 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip .: PPG-5 butyl ether

CAS 9003-13-8

- Uses: Lubricant for two-stroke cycle engines, rubber, greases, textiles; reactive intermediate for resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactant mfg.; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators; solvent for inks and dyes; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper coatings, NC coatings; mold release agents and dye solvents for vinyl resins; demulsifier; cosmetic emollient
- Properties: M.w. 340 (avg.); sp.gr. 0.960 (20/20 C); dens. 7.99 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 65 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -57 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 119 C; ref. index 1.3281 (20 C); nonionic

Ucon[®] LB-135 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: PPG-9 butyl ether

CAS 9003-13-8

Uses: Lubricant for two-stroke cycle engines, rubber, greases, textiles; reactive intermediate for resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactant mfg.; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators; solvent for inks and dyes; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper coatings, NC coatings; mold release agents and dye solvents for vinyl resins; demulsifier; cosmetic emollient

- Properties: M.w. 640 (avg.); sp.gr. 0.981 (20/20 C); dens. 8.16 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 135 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -48 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 177 C; ref. index 1.4436 (20 C); nonionic
- Ucon® LB-165 [Union Carbide]
 - Uses: Lubricant for two-stroke cycle engines, rubber, greases, textiles; reactive intermediate for resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactant mfg.; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators; solvent for inks and dyes; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper coatings, NC coatings; mold release agents and dye solvents for vinyl resins; demulsifier; cosmetic emollient
 - Properties: M.w. 740 (avg.); sp.gr. 0.983 (20/20 C); dens. 8.18 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 165 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -46 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 190 C; ref. index 1.4453 (20 C)

Ucon[®] LB-285 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: PPG-15 butyl ether

CAS 9003-13-8

Uses: Lubricant for two-stroke cycle engines, rubber, greases, textiles; reactive intermediate for resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactant mfg.; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators; solvent for inks and dyes; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper coatings, NC coatings; mold release agents and dye solvents for vinyl resins; demulsifier; cosmetic emollient; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer for food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210(d)(2) and (3), 178.3120, 178.3910 *Properties:* M.w. 1020 (avg.); sp.gr. 0.989 (20/20 C); dens. 8.23 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 285 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -40 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 179 C; ref. index 1.4482 (20 C); nonionic

Ucon® LB-385 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: PPG-18 butyl ether

CAS 9003-13-8

- Uses: Lubricant for two-stroke cycle engines, rubber, greases, textiles; reactive intermediate for resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactant mfg.; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators; solvent for inks and dyes; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper coatings, NC coatings; mold release agents and dye solvents for vinyl resins; demulsifier; cosmetic emollient; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer for food contact
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210(d)(2) and (3), 177.1200, 178.3120, 178.3910
- Properties: Low color and odor; sol. in alcohol; insol. in water; m.w. 1200 avg.; sp.gr. 0.994 (20/20 C); dens. 8.27 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 385 SUS (100 F); pour pt. -37 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 177 C; ref. index 1.4489 (20 C); nonionic

Ucon[®] LB-525 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: PPG-22 butyl ether

CAS 9003-13-8

- Uses: Lubricant for two-stroke cycle engines, rubber, greases, textiles; reactive intermediate for resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactant mfg.; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators; solvent for inks and dyes; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper coatings, NC coatings; mold release agents and dye solvents for vinyl resins; demulsifier; cosmetic emollient; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer for food contact
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210(d)(2) and (3), 177.1200, 178.3120, 178.3910
- *Properties:* M.w. 1420 (avg.); sp.gr. 0.997 (20/20 C); dens. 8.30 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 525 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -34 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 185 C; ref. index 1.4487 (20 C); nonionic

Ucon[®] LB-625 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip.: PPG-24 butyl ether

CAS 9003-13-8

- Uses: Lubricant for two-stroke cycle engines, rubber, greases, textiles; reactive intermediate for resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactant mfg.; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators; solvent for inks and dyes; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper coatings, NC coatings; mold release agents and dye solvents for vinyl resins; demulsifier; cosmetic emollient; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer for food contact
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210(d)(2) and (3), 177.1200, 178.3120, 178.3570, 178.3910

Properties: Low color and odor; sol. in alcohol; m.w. 1550; sp.gr. 1.00 (20/20

C); dens. 8.32 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 625 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -32 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 168 C; ref. index 1.4491 (20 C); nonionic

- Ucon® LB-1145 [Union Carbide; Amerchol]
 - Chem. Descrip .: PPG-33 butyl ether
 - CAS 9003-13-8
 - Uses: Lubricant for two-stroke cycle engines, rubber, greases, textiles; reactive intermediate for resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactant mfg.; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators; solvent for inks and dyes; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper coatings, NC coatings; mold release agents and dye solvents for vinyl resins; demulsifier; cosmetic emollient; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer for food contact
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210(d)(2) and (3), 177.1200, 178.3120, 178.3570, 178.3910
 - Properties: Low color and odor; sol. in alcohol; m.w. 2080 (avg.); sp.gr. 1.002 (20/20 C); dens. 8.34 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 1145 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -29 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 190 C; ref. index 1.4499 (20 C); nonionic

Ucon® LB-1715 [Union Carbide; Amerchol]

Chem. Descrip.: PPG-40 butyl ether

CAS 9003-13-8

- Uses: Lubricant for two-stroke cycle engines, rubber, greases, textiles; reactive intermediate for resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactant mfg.; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators; solvent for inks and dyes; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper coatings, NC coatings; mold release agents and dye solvents for vinyl resins; demulsifier; cosmetic emollient; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer for food contact
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210(d)(2) and (3), 177.1200, 178.3120, 178.3570, 178.3910
- Properties: Clear liq., low char. odor; sol. in alcohol; m.w. 2490 (avg.); sp.gr. 1.002 (20/20 C); dens. 8.34 lb/gal (20 C); visc. 1715 SUS (38 C); pour pt. -23 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 188 C; ref. index 1.4503 (20 C); pH 5.0-8.5 (10% w/v); nonionic

Ucon® LB-3000 [Union Carbide]

Chem. Descrip .: PPG-53 butyl ether

CAS 9003-13-8

- Uses: Lubricant for two-stroke cycle engines, rubber, greases, textiles; reactive intermediate for resins, plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactant mfg.; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators; solvent for inks and dyes; solvent, softener, and plasticizer for textile and paper coatings, NC coatings; mold release agent and dye solv. for vinyl resins; demulsifier; cosmetic emollient; defoamer for food contact; food pkg. cellophane
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 177.1200, 178.3570, 178.3910
- Properties: Low color and odor; sol. in alcohol; visc. 3000 SUS (38 C); nonionic

Ufaryl DB 80 [Unger Fabrikker AS]

Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dodecylbenzene sulfonate, branched

CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4

- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, foaming agent, emulsifier for It. and heavyduty detergents, dairy, metal, floor, vehicle and bottle cleaners; wetting agent in insecticides, metal pickling, printing inks, paper processing, textiles
- Properties: Pale cream free-flowing powd.; m.w. 343-345; sp.gr. 420 g/l; pH 6-9 (1%); 79-83% act.; anionic

Environmental: Partially biodeg.

Ufaryl DL 80 CW [Unger Fabrikker AS]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Linear sodium dodecylbenzene sulfonate
- CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4
- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, anticaking agent for scouring, toilet blocks, dairy and brewery cleaners, agric., concrete mfg., paper prod., metal processing, textiles; high foaming; stable in hard water, acids, alkalis
- *Properties:* Wh. to It. yel. free-flowing powd.; m.w. 343-345; sp.gr. 430 ± 40 g/i; pH 10-11 (1%); 79-83% act.; anionic

Ufaryl DL 85 [Unger Fabrikker AS]

- Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dodecylbenzene sulfonate linear
- CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4
- Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent, anticaking agent for scouring, dairy and brewery cleaners, agric., concrete, paper prod., metal processing, textiles, toilet blocks; high foaming
- Properties: Wh. to It. yel. free-flowing powd.; m.w. 343-345; sp.gr. 420 ± 40 g/l; pH 10-11 (1%); 83-87% act.; anionic

Ufaryl DL 90 C [Unger Fabrikker AS]

Chem. Descrip.: Linear sodium dodecylbenzene sulfonate

CAS 25155-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4

- Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, anticaking agent for scouring, dairy and brewery cleaning, agric., concrete mfg., paper prod., metal processing, textiles, toilet blocks; high foaming
- Properties: Wh. to It. yel. free-flowing powd.; m.w. 343-345; sp.gr. 400 \pm 40 g/l; pH 7-9 (1%); 88-92% act.; anionic

UFH16 [Alcoa]

- Chem. Descrip.: Hydrated alumina
- Chem. Analysis: Al₂O₃ (65.1%)
- CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7
- Uses: Flame retardant filler in polymer systems, epoxy, EVA, PVA, PVdC, SBR, vinylidene chloride; filler pigment in high whiteness papers; flame retardant filler, TiO₂ extender in textile coatings; nonsmoking; halogen-free; 100% reflectance; improved printability; noncorrosive
- *Regulatory:* DOT nonregulated; SARÁ §302/311/312/313 nonreportable; CERCLA nonreportable
- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; 1.8 µm median particle size; odorless; insol. in water; dens. 2.4 g/cm³ (20 C); bulk dens. 0.15-1.3 g/cm³ (20 C); surf. area 5-7 m²/g; brightness 97-98; m.p. 2040 C; pH 8.5-10.2 (20 C, 20% aq.); 99% solids
- Toxicology: Low toxicity; can cause mild irritation to eyes, skin, upper respiratory tract; may aggravate asthma, chronic lung disease, skin rashes; TSCA listed
- *Environmental:* Generally not hazardous for water
- Precaution: Prevent formation of dust
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Dec. forming aluminum oxide and water vapor beginning at 200 C
- Storage: Keep material dry
- 1900 UHMW Polymers [Montell N. Am.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Ultrahigh m.w. PE resins
 - CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
 - Uses: High-performance materials for fabricating equip. and mech. parts subjected to extraordinary wear for use in chemical, food and beverage, mining and metals processing, paper, and textile industries for processing equipment and materials handling systems components (ball valve seats, bearings, gaskets, mixer paddles, etc.); resins with m.w. range between three and six million; offers resistance to impact, abrasion, and chemicals, high-energy absorp., self-lubricating
- Ukanil 2111 [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Alcohol alkoxylate
 - Uses: Antifoam for sugar beet processing, fermentation, antibiotics, citric acid, yeast, pulp/paper
 - *Properties:* Colorless liq.; sp.gr. 0.97; hyd. no. 50; pour pt. -2 C; cloud pt. 26 C (10% in 25% BDG); pH 6.3 (2.5%); surf. tens. 32.4 mN/m (0.5%, 20 C); nonionic
- Ukanil 2265 [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK]
- Chem. Descrip .: Alcohol alkoxylate
 - Uses: Antifoam for sugar beet processing, fermentation, antibiotics, citric acid, yeast, pulp/paper
 - *Properties:* Colorless liq.; sp.gr. 0.97; hyd. no. 55; pour pt. -2 C; cloud pt. 21 C (10% in 25% BDG); pH 6.3 (2.5%); nonionic
- Ukanil 3500 [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK] Chem. Descrip.: EO/PO copolymer on a polyfunctional alcohol CAS 9003-11-6
 - Uses: Surfactant, antifoam for pulp/paper applics.
 - Properties: Pale yel. liq.; sp.gr. 1.01; hyd. no. 37.5; pour pt. -25 c; cloud pt. 9 C (10% aq.); pH 6.3 (2.5%); surf. tens. 32.6 mN/m (0.5%, 20 C); nonionic
- Ukanil 3501 [Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK] *Chem. Descrip.*: EO/PO copolymer on a polyfunctional alcohol CAS 9003-11-6
 - Uses: Surfactant, antifoam for pulp/paper applics.
 - Properties: Colorless liq.; sp.gr. 1.01; hyd. no. 26.5; pour pt.-26 C; cloud pt.
 - < 10 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 37.2 mN/m (0.5%, 20 C); nonionic
- Ultimer™ 1460 [Nalco]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Water-based disp. polymer
 - Uses: Flocculant, retention aid, drainage aid for papermaking, food, and beverage industries; retains fillers such as TiO₂, clays, CaCO₃; improves machine runnability; better solids recovery; cleaner white water for reuse; improved saveall and DAF efficiency; reduced air emissions, toxicity, flamm., and transportation hazards

CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Resin for hot-melt and solv.-based adhesives and coatings; enhances gloss, clarity, flexibility, and str. props. of hot-melt coatings; food pkg. adhesives, paper, polymers; can produce adhesives with exc. tackiness, adhe-Uses: Resin used for coating paper and board for pkg. oven-ready deepsion, flexibility, and stability Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1350 compliant Properties: Melt index 410 g/10 min; dens. 0.94 g/cc; peak m.p. 60 C; soften. pt. (R&B) 82 C; tens. str. 330 psi (break); tens. elong. 320% (break); Shore hardness A68; 28% VA Ultrathene® UE 654-67 [Equistar] Chem. Descrip .: EVA copolymer CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Resin for hot-melt and solv.-based adhesives and coatings; enhances gloss, clarity, flexibility, and str. props. of hot-melt coatings; food pkg. adhesives, paper, polymers; can produce adhesives with exc. tackiness, adhesion, flexibility, and stability Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1350 approved Properties: Melt index 43 g/10 min; dens. 0.95 g/cc; peak m.p. 58 C; soften. pt. (R&B) 107 C; tens. str. 660 psi (break); tens. elong. 900% (break); Shore hardness A73; 33% VA Ultrazym 100 [Novo Nordisk] *Chem. Descrip.:* Pectin-decomposing enzyme Uses: Enzyme for mash and juice treatment; processing aid in wine industry; pulp wash Properties: Liq. Umbrellit® B 30 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Chromium-III-stearate complex Uses: For impregnation and refinement of water repellent chrome leathers; waterproofing agent for paper and board; can be used during leather mfg. and after finishing, e.g., for drum impregnation in aq. sol'n. or diluted with water and alcohol for spraying process Use Level: 0.1-0.5 g/m² (paper and board) Regulatory: FDA, BGA approved Properties: Deep grn. sl. cloudy liq.; emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 1.07 (20 C); visc. low; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 3 (2%); 30% act.; cationic Storage: 6 mos shelf life in closed package @ 15-25 C; sensitive to freezing Umbrellit® B 30 Mod. [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Chromium-III-fatty acid complex Uses: Waterproofing agent for paper and board Use Level: 0.1-0.5 g/m² Regulatory: FDA, BGA approved Properties: Grn. liq.; emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 1.15 (20 C); visc. low; flash pt. > 100 C; pH 3 (2%); 40% act.; cationic Storage: 6 mos shelf life in closed package @ 15-25 C; sensitive to freezing Umbrellit[®] S 30 [Münzing Chemie GmbH] Chem. Descrip.: Chromium-III-stearate complex, alcoholic sol'n. Uses: For impregnation and refinement of water repellent chrome leathers; waterproofing agent for paper and board; can be used during leather mfg. and after finishing, e.g., for drum impregnation in aq. sol'n. or diluted with water and alcohol for spraying process Use Level: 0.1-0.5 g/m² (paper and board) Regulatory: BGA approved Properties: Deeply grn. liq.; emulsifiable in water; sp.gr. 0.97 (20 C); visc. low; flash pt. 14 C; pH 3 (2%); 30% act.; cationic Precaution: Highly combustible; avoid open flames and rapid heating by means of vapor or hot plates Storage: 6 mos shelf life in closed package @ 15-25 C; sensitive to freezing Unicid[™] 350 [Baker Petrolite] Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylic acid, 80% Uses: Adhesion promoter in adhesives; pulp/paper process defoamer; charge control additive in toner applics.; emollient in personal care prods.; plastics processing additive (antiblock, lubricant); gloss aid in polishes; lubricant in textile and latex processing applics.; chem. intermediate; long chain acid; provides controlled compat., inc. high temp. stability, improved attraction/ adhesion to polar materials; low odor and volatility Properties: M.w. 350; dens. 0.78 g/cc; visc. 5 cP (99 C); m.p. 89 C; acid no. 115 Unicid[™] 425 [Baker Petrolite] Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylic acid, 80% Uses: Adhesion promoter in adhesives; pulp/paper process defoamer; charge

processing additive (antiblock, lubricant); gloss aid in polishes; lubricant in

freeze and convenience foods; primarily for extrusion; low-visc. Properties: Dens. 1.30 g/cm³; m.p. 428-437 F; tens. str. 8700 psi (yield); tens. elong. 150% (break); Izod impact 0.8 ft lb/in. notched; distort. temp. 153 F (264 psi); flamm. HB; dielec. str. 410 V/mil; vol. resist. 10¹⁶ ohm-cm. Ultrapaque® PCC [Specialty Mins.] Chem. Descrip.: Precipitated calcium carbonate CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9 Uses: TiO₂ extender/replacement, opacifier, brightener for paper; patented; similar morphology, size, and particle size distribution to TiO₂ Properties: Rhombohedral cryst. Ultra-pHase[™] [Hercules] Uses: Internal sizing agent for papermaking; for use in acid or neutral pH Ultrathene® UE 631-04 [Equistar] Chem. Descrip .: EVA copolymer CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Resin for hot-melt and solv.-based adhesives and coatings; enhances gloss, clarity, flexibility, and str. props. of hot-melt coatings; food pkg. adhesives, paper, polymers; can produce adhesives with exc. tackiness, adhesion, flexibility, and stability Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1350 approved Properties: Melt index 2.4 g/10 min; dens. 0.94 g/cc; peak m.p. 86 C; soften. pt. (R&B) 174 C; tens. str. 2150 psi (break); tens. elong. 710% (break); Shore hardness A87; 19% VA Ultrathene® UE 634-04 [Equistar] Chem. Descrip.: EVA copolymer CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Resin for hot-melt and solv.-based adhesives and coatings; enhances gloss, clarity, flexibility, and str. props. of hot-melt coatings; food pkg. adhesives, paper, polymers; can produce adhesives with exc. tackiness, adhesion, flexibility, and stability Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1350 approved Properties: Melt index 6.0 g/10 min; dens. 0.95 g/cc; peak m.p. 71 C; soften. pt. (R&B) 143 C; tens. str. 2200 psi (break); tens. elong. 800% (break); Shore hardness A78; 28% VA Ultrathene® UE 634-67 [Equistar] Chem. Descrip .: EVA copolymer CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Flexible base resin for hot-melt adhesives, sealants, and coatings; food pkg. adhesives, paper, polymers; promotes higher temp. performance and adhesion to variety of substrates Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1350 compliant Properties: Sp.gr. 0.95; melt flow 6.0 g/10 min; peak m.p. 71 C; soften. pt. (R&B) 143 C; tens. str. 2200 psi (break); elong. 750% (break); hardness (Shore A) 78; 28% vinyl acetate Ultrathene® UE 639-67 [Equistar] Chem. Descrip .: EVA copolymer CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Resin for hot-melt and solv.-based adhesives and coatings; enhances gloss, clarity, flexibility, and str. props. of hot-melt coatings; food pkg. adhesives, paper, polymers; can produce adhesives with exc. tackiness, adhesion, flexibility, and stability Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1350 approved Properties: Melt index 150 g/10 min; dens. 0.95 g/cc; peak m.p. 63 C; soften. pt. (R&B) 88 C; tens. str. 400 psi (break); tens. elong. 600% (break); Shore hardness A69; 28% VA Ultrathene® UE 649-04 [Equistar] Chem. Descrip .: EVA copolymer CAS 24937-78-8 Uses: Resin for hot-melt and solv.-based adhesives and coatings; enhances gloss, clarity, flexibility, and str. props. of hot-melt coatings; food pkg. adhesives, paper, polymers; can produce adhesives with exc. tackiness, adhesion, flexibility, and stability Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1350 approved Properties: Melt index 500 g/10 min; dens. 0.93 g/cc; soften. pt. (R&B) 88 C; tens. str. 450 psi (break); tens. elong. 200% (break); Shore hardness A79; 18% VA control additive in toner applics.; emollient in personal care prods.; plastics

Ultradur[®] B 2550 [BASF/Plastic Materials; BASF AG]

CAS 26062-94-2

Chem. Descrip.: Thermoplastic polyester resin (PBT)

Ultrathene® UE 653-67 [Equistar] Chem. Descrip .: EVA copolymer

textile and latex processing applics.; chem. intermediate; long chain acid; provides controlled compat., inc. high temp. stability, improved attraction/ adhesion to polar materials; low odor and volatility	Unip (
<i>Properties:</i> M.w. 425; dens. 0.78 g/cc; visc. 6.5 cP (99 C); m.p. 93 C; acid	Ĺ
unicid™ 550 [Baker Petrolite]	
Chem. Descrip.: Carboxylic acid, 80%	
control additive in toner applics.: emollient in personal care prods.: plastics	
processing additive (antiblock, lubricant); gloss aid in polishes; lubricant in	F
textile and latex processing applics.; chem. intermediate; long chain acid; provides controlled compat., inc., high temp. stability, improved attraction/	F
adhesion to polar materials; low odor and volatility	
Properties: M.w. 550; dens. 0.78 g/cc; visc. 7.5 cP (99 C); m.p. 101 C; acid	
Unicid™ 700 Acid [Baker Petrolite]	Unip
Chem. Descrip.: C40-60 acid and polyethylene	(
control additive in toner applics.; emollient in personal care prods.; plastics	L
processing additive (antiblock, lubricant); gloss aid in polishes; lubricant in	
textile and latex processing applics.; chem. intermediate; long chain acid; provides controlled compating high temp stability improved attraction/	
adhesion to polar materials; low odor and volatility	F
<i>Properties:</i> M.w. 700; dens. 0.78 g/cc; visc. 17 cP (99 C); m.p. 110 C; acid	,
Unicrepe® 315D54 [Georgia-Pacific Resins]	F
Uses: Creping aid promoting adhesion onto Yankee dryers	
Properties: 35% solids	Unip
Uses: Creping aid promoting adhesion onto Yankee dryers	C
Properties: 15% solids	L
Chem. Descrip.: Polyamide	
CAS 25038-54-4	
Uses: Creping aid promoting adhesion onto Yankee dryers; useful at the wet end as well as sprayed on	F
<i>Properties:</i> Amber clear liq.; visc. 38 cps; pH 4; 15% NV; cationic	
Unidri™ 4717 [Huntsman]	F
Use Level: 0.5-2.5 lb/ton	
Unidri™ M-40 [Huntsman]	Unip
Uses: Mineral processing surfactant; dewatering agent for vacuum filtration of minerals: drainage aid for drainage improvement over lime mud washers in	C
pulp/paper industry	ĩ
<i>Properties:</i> Liq.; 40% act.; anionic Linidri™ P-0820 [Huntsman]	
Uses: Dewatering aid for lime mud; low foaming	F
Use Level: 0.5-2.5 lb/ton	r
<i>Chem. Descrip.:</i> Diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonic acid	F
CAS 15827-60-8	
Uses: Dispersant, corrosion and scale inhibitor for cooling tower, boiler treat- ment, oil field applies, detergents, perovide bleach stabilization, 1&1 clean-	Unip
ers, geothermal, pulp/paper bleaching, metal finishing, flash desalination;	C
hydrolytically stable over wide pH range and at elevated temps.	L
tion), 10-20 ppm (cooling water treatment, corrosion inhibition), 50-75 ppm	
(boiler water treatment), 5-15 ppm (oil field treatment)	
<i>Properties:</i> Pale yel. to amber clear low-visc. IIq.; pH < 2 (1%); 60% solids <i>Toxicology:</i> Mildly irritating to skin: mod. eve irritant	F
Unilin® 425 Alcohol [Baker Petrolite]	
Chem. Descrip.: C20-40 alcohols	Ľ
resins; antioxidant; heat stabilizer; UV stabilizer; visc. depressant; antiblock	, Unip
in rubbers; in adhesives for food pkg.; promotes emollient protective films	Ċ
UTILD THE SKIN IN COSMETIC CREAMS AND IDIONS; USED IN NOT-MEIT AND SOLV- based coatings; textile/leather lubricants and finishes: chemical intermedi-	
ate; defoamer for pulp/paper processing	
Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105	
sp.gr. 0.78 (99 C); dens. 0.985 g/cc; visc. 7.8 cps (99 C); m.p. 91 C: hvd.	
no. 105	F

Uniplex 84 [Unitex]

Chem. Descrip.: Acetyl tributyl citrate

- CAS 77-90-7; EINECS/ELINCS 201-067-0
- Uses: Plasticizer for indirect and direct food contact applics., PVC toys, cellulose nitrate films, aerosol hair sprays, dairy prod. cartons, drink bottle caps, food jar caps, sol'n. coatings for foil and paper; milling lubricant for aluminum foil or sheet steel for use in cans for beverage and food prods.; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; produces resins with exc. heat stability and low toxicity
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3910, 181.27
- Properties: APHA 30 max. color, essentially odorless; insol. in water; m.w. 402.5; sp.gr. 1.045-1.055; dens. 8.74 lb/gal; visc. 33 cps; b.p. 173 C (1 mm Hg); pour pt. -75 C; flash pt. (COC) 204 C; ref. index 1.441; 99% min. assay

Uniplex 108 [Unitex]

Chem. Descrip .: N-Ethyl o/p-toluene sulfonamide

- AS 80-39-7; EINECS/ELINCS 201-275-1
- Uses: Plasticizer for nylon, shellac, cellulose acetate, protein materials, PVAc adhesives (metal-to-rubber joins, bookbinding, shoe), nitrocellulose lacquers; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; makes compds. resist. to oils, solvs., and greases
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210

Properties: APHA 200 max. clear oily liq., char. odor; m.w. 199; sp.gr. 1.184-1.187; cryst. pt. 40 C; solid. pt. 0 C; b.p. 196 C (10 mm Hg); flash pt. (COC) 345 F; ref. index 1.535-1.545; 0.1% max. moisture

- Uniplex 150 [Unitex]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Dibutyl phthalate CAS 84-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 201-557-4
 - Uses: Solvent/Plasticizer in fingernail polish, nail polish remover, hair sprays, org. peroxide catalysts, adhesives, coatings; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, polymers; compat. with cellulosics, methacrylate, PS, PVB, vinyl chloride, urea-formaldehyde, melamine-formaldehyde, phenolics
 - . *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 177.1200, 177.2430

Properties: APHA 25 max. clear liq., mild odor; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 278; sp.gr. 1.042; dens. 8.72 lb/gal; visc. 59 cps (32 F); f.p. -35 C; b.p. 340 C (760 mm Hg); ref. index 1.4905; 99% min. assay

Jniplex 155 [Unitex]

- Chem. Descrip.: Diisobutyl phthalate
- CAS 84-69-5; EINECS/ÉLINCS 201-553-2
- *Uses:* Plasticizer for thermoplastic and thermoset resins; solvent/plasticizer in cellophane, resin coated sand for foundry casting, org. peroxides; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 177.1200, 177.2510, 177.2550, 177.2600, 177.2800, 177.2910
- Properties: APHA 25 max. clear liq., mild odor; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 278; sp.gr. 1.038-1.040; dens. 8.65 lb/gal; b.p. 327 C (760 mm Hg); 99% min. assay
- Uniplex 250 [Unitex]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Dicyclohexylphthalate
 - CAS 84-61-7; EINECS/ELINCS 201-545-9
 - Uses: Plasticizer for heat-seal applics. such as food wrappers/labels, pharmaceutical labels and other applics. where delayed heat-activated adhesive is required, for printing ink formulations for paper, vinyl, textiles, other substrates; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane; heat-activated *Pogulatan;* EDA 21/CED 8175 105 176 170 177 1200
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1200
 - Properties: Wh. cryst. solid lumps or gran.; essentially odorless @ 200 C; practically insol. in water; m.w. 330; sp.gr. 1.29; m.p. 63-65 C; b.p. 60 C (10 mm Hg); pour pt. 60 C; flash pt. (COC) 405 F; 99% assay Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents
- Iniplex 260 [Unitex]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Glyceryl tribenzoate
 - CAS 614-33-5; EINECS/ELINCS 210-379-6
 - Uses: Polymer modifier; plasticizer for heat-seal applics., lacquers, films, in PVAc-based adhesives, cellophane coatings, nitrocellulose coatings, nail lacquer formulations, printing inks, polishes; extrusion and inj. molding processing aid; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §174.5, 175.105, 175.365, 175.380, 175.390,

176.170, 176.180, 177.1210

- Properties: Wh. cryst. lumps or gran.; m.w. 404; sp.gr. 1.2619 (30 C); m.p. 70-73 C; ref. index 1.565-1.570 (molten, 25 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (rat) > 11.7 g/kg
- Uniplex 280 CG [Unitex]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Sucrose benzoate (> 98%), o-xylene (< 2%)
 - CAS 12738-64-6; EINECS/ELINCS 235-795-5
 - Uses: Plasticizer, gloss aid for clear coatings for wood/paper/metal, metallic/ pigmented coatings, heat-seal coatings, and inks; modifier, gloss aid for clear lacquers; exc. UV stability; provides exc. clarity, UV resist., high film hardness, good flexibility
 - Regulatory: DOT nonregulated
 - Properties: Wh. glassy noncryst. solid; clear; odorless; misc. with acetic acid, acetone, benzene, CCl₄, diethyl ether, MIBK, MEK, PEG's, toluene, xylene, etc.; insol. in water, aliphatic hydrocarbons; m.w. 1110; sp.gr. 1.25; soften. pt. (B&R) 98 C; acid no. < 0.1; iodine no. < 0.01; sapon. no. 153; hyd. no. 0.9; flash pt. (TOC) 260 C; ref. index 1.577</p>
 - Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; not a primary skin/eye irritant; may cause skin irritation; inh. of mist may cause respiratory tract irritation; may cause eye irritation, pain, corneal/conjunctival ulceration; ing. may cause burning in mouth/digestive; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion: CO_x

- NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store at ambient temps. in well-ventilated area in closed pressureless containers
- Uniplex 600 [Unitex]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* o,p-Toluenesulfonamide-formaldehyde resin
 - CAS 1338-51-8; EINECS/ELINCS 215-667-5
 - Uses: Modifier and adhesion promoter for syn. and natural resins used in adhesives and coatings applics.; extender in polyamide resins; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1200
 - Properties: Pract. colorless hard solid particles, faint formaldehyde odor; sol. in usual lacquer solvs.; insol. in water, aliphatic hydrocarbons, veg. oils; sp.gr. 1.35; soften. pt. 62 C; ref. index 1.4275-1.4325 (25 g/75 g butyl acetate)
- Uniq-Print® 8000 [OMNOVA Sol'ns./Paper]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Styrene acrylate
 - CAS 9010-92-8
 - Uses: Surf. sizing agent for photocopying and laser printing; provides exc. ink jet performance (monochrome and color) and improves toner adhesion *Properties:* Dens. 8.6 lb/gal; pH 8.5; 40% total solids
- Unisize[®] HA-25 [Celanese GmbH]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol, tackified
 - CAS 9002-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3
 - Uses: Used for specialty paper applics.
- Unisize® HA-26 [Celanese GmbH]
- Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl alcohol (Airvol 125) and boric acid Uses: Tackified grade for paper/paperboard applics.; derived from super hydrolyzed grades; controlled gelation as the sol'n. begins to inc. in solids after applic. to paper surf.; superior surf. filming
 - *Properties:* Visc. 35-65 cps (5% aq.); pH 4.0-4.7 (5% aq.)
- Unisize® HA-70 [Celanese GmbH]
- *Chem. Descrip.:* Polyvinyl alcohol (Airvol 165) and boric acid
- Uses: Tackified grade for specialty paper applics.; derived from super hydrolyzed grades; controlled gelation as the sol'n. begins to inc. in solids after applic. to paper surf.; superior surf. filming
- *Properties:* Visc. 80-155 cps (5% aq.); pH 3.9-4.6 (5% aq.)
- Unisoft® Yankee Dryer Coating [Hercules]
- Uses: Yankee dryer coating for softer and thicker coatings, and controlled and high adhesion in high-speed Yankee dryers
- Unisperse[®] [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper]
- Chem. Descrip.: Org. pigment
- Uses: Pigment for paper coloration
- Uni-Tac® 70 [Int'l. Paper]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Noncrystallizing stabilized rosin
- CAS 8050-09-7; EINEĆS/ELINČS 232-475-7
 - Uses: Tackifier for SBR, natural rubber, butyl rubber, ethylene-vinyl acetate and other polymers, water and solv.-based construction adhesives, pressure-sensitive, sealant, hot melt and rubber compding.; food pkg. adhesives, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600

Properties: Gardner 9 flakes, solid, or sol'n.; sol. in aromatic, aliphatic, and chlorinated solvs.; sol. ≥ 50% in ethanol, propanol, IPA; insol. in water; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. (Gardner) Z (75% in min. spirits); soften. pt. (R&B) 80 C; acid no. 140; flas

Unithox[®] 420 [Baker Petrolite]

Chem. Descrip.: C20-40 pareth-3

- Uses: O/w emulsifier for cosmetics; vehicle for inert, difficult-to-disperse colorants, oils, and waxes; provides silky lubricating feel, superior film-forming chars.; for coatings, metalworking fluids, pulp/paper processing, textiles; mold release for plastics
- Properties: Sol. in min. oil, butyl Cellosolve, xylene, toluene, MEK, perchloroethylene; sol. hazy in Stod., VM&P naphtha, kerosene; disp. in water, ethanol, IPA; m.w. 560; m.p. 91 C; HLB 4; hyd. no. 85; flash pt. 204 C; Ross-Miles foam 20 mm (initial, 50 C, 0.1%); nonionic

Unithox® 450 [Baker Petrolite]

- Chem. Descrip .: C20-40 pareth-10
- Uses: PU mold release agent; metalworking additive; o/w emulsifier for cosmetics; vehicle for inert, difficult-to-disperse colorants, oils, and waxes; dispersant, compatibilizer for rubbers; provides silky lubricating feel, superior film-forming chars.; also for coatings, pulp/paper processing, textiles
- Properties: Solid; sol. in min. oil, cyclohexane, butyl Cellosolve, xylene, toluene, MEK, perchloroethylene; sol. hazy in Stod., VM&P naphtha, kerosene, ethanol, IPA; disp. in water, ethylene glycol; m.w. 900; m.p. 91 C; HLB 10; hyd. no. 55; flash pt. 218 C; surf. tens. 45 dynes/cm (0.01% aq.); Ross-Miles foam 25 mm (initial, 50 C, 0.1%); 50% EO; nonionic

Unithox[®] 480 [Baker Petrolite]

Chem. Descrip.: C20-40 pareth-40

- Uses: O/w emulsifier for cosmetics; vehicle for inert, difficult-to-disperse colorants, oils, and waxes; provides silky lubricating feel, superior film-forming chars.; also for coatings, metalworking fluids, pulp/paper processing, textiles; mold release for plastics; dispersant, compatibilizer for rubbers
- Properties: Sol. in min. oil, cyclohexane, ethylene glycol, butyl Cellosolve, xylene, toluene, MEK, perchloroethylene, ethyl acetate; sol. cloudy in Stod., VM&P naphtha, kerosene, ethanol, IPA; m.w. 2250; m.p. 86 C; HLB 16; hyd. no. 22; flash pt. 218 C; surf. tens. 52 dynes/cm (0.01% aq.); Ross-Miles foam 28 mm (initial, 50 C, 0.1%); nonionic

Unithox® 520 [Baker Petrolite] Chem. Descrip.: C30-50 pareth-3

- Uses: O/w emulsifier for cosmetics; vehicle for inert, difficult-to-disperse colorants, oils, and waxes; provides silky lubricating feel, superior filmforming chars.; also for coatings, metalworking fluids, pulp/paper processing, textiles; mold releases for plastics
- Properties: M.w. 700; m.p. 99 C; HLB 4; hyd. no. 67; flash pt. 232 C; Ross-Miles foam 15 mm (initial, 50 C, 0.1%); nonionic
- Unithox® 550 [Baker Petrolite]
 - Chem. Descrip .: C30-50 pareth-10
 - Uses: O/w emulsifier for cosmetics; vehicle for inert, difficult-to-disperse colorants, oils, and waxes; provides silky lubricating feel, superior film-forming chars.; also for coatings, metalworking fluids, pulp/paper process-ing, textiles; mold release for plastics
 - *Properties:* M.w. 1100; m.p. 99 C; HLB 10; hyd. no. 41; flash pt. 232 C; surf. tens. 47 dynes/cm (0.01% aq.); Ross-Miles foam 26 mm (initial, 50 C, 0.1%); nonionic
- Unithox® 720 [Baker Petrolite]

Chem. Descrip .: C40-60 pareth-3

- Uses: O/w emulsifier for cosmetics; vehicle for inert, difficult-to-disperse colorants, oils, and waxes; provides silky lubricating feel, superior film-forming chars.; also for coatings, metalworking fluids, pulp/paper process-ing, textiles; mold releases for plastics
- *Properties:* M.w. 875; m.p. 106 C; HLB 4; hyd. no. 52; flash pt. 232 C; Ross-Miles foam 15 mm (initial, 50 C, 0.1%); nonionic
- Unithox® 750 [Baker Petrolite]
 - Chem. Descrip .: C40-60 pareth-10
 - Uses: O/w emulsifier for cosmetics; vehicle for inert, difficult-to-disperse colorants, oils, and waxes; provides silky lubricating feel, superior film-forming chars.; also for coatings, metalworking fluids, pulp/paper processing, textiles; mold release for plastics
 - *Properties:* M.w. 1400; m.p. 106 C; HLB 10; hyd. no. 33; flash pt. 232 C; surf. tens. 53 dynes/cm (0.01% aq.); Ross-Miles foam 22 mm (initial, 50 C, 0.1%); nonionic
- Upaco® 2956 [Worthen Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Aliphatic polyester PU/acrylic resin in NMP

- Uses: Adhesive polymer for wood floor coatings, fabric coatings, ink/paint vehicles, polyolefin adhesives, tiecoats/primers for low energy substrates, vinyl topcoating, and paper coatings; low VOC; water/chem. resist.; non-yellowing; tough, durable
- *Properties:* Mild, pleasant odor; sol. in NMP; dens. 8.92 lb/gal; tens. str. 5800 psi; elong. 425%; pH 7.5-8.0; VOC 3%; 50% solids
- Upaco® 5430 [Worthen Ind.]

Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic polyether PU resin in water

Uses: Film, paper, and foil adhesive

Properties: Dens. 8.7 lb/gal; tens. str. 3000 psi (dried 7 days @ 49 C); elong. 500% (dried 7 days @ 49 C); pH 7.0-8.0; VOC zero; 38-42% solids

USG[®] Paper Filler #1 [U.S. Gypsum] Chem. Descrip.: Calcium sulfate anhyd.

- CAS 7778-18-9; EINECS/ELINCS 231-900-3
- Uses: Filler for addition to furnish of fine paper as a replacement for TiO₂, bleached clay, and precipitated and fine ground CaCO₃ for providing good paper brightness; lower abrasiveness causes less wear on paper machine; most effective in paper mills with closed-in water systems that produce neutral to alkaline paper
- Properties: Extremely wh. powd.; 97.5% th54ru 325 mesh; 7 µ avg. particle size; sp.gr. 2.96; oil absorp. 26 cc/100 g; brightness (GE) 95; ref. index 1.58; pH 10.4 (10% slurry)
- Utec[®] 3040 [Polialden Petroquímica SA]

Chem. Descrip .: UHMW polyethylene

- CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Uses: High performance resin for use in engineering applics. such as coal industry and mining (linings, mixers, scrappers, bearing brushes, pipes),

chem. industry (pipes, pumps, valves, etc.); food and beverage industry (packing line guides, filling nozzles, pumps), pulp/paper (covers for suction boxes, rules), textiles (bumpers, guides, roll bearings), battery separators, sports, surgical goods, orthopedics; impact, chem., and abrasion resist.; self-lubricating

- Properties: Nat. color; 120-220 µm av. particle size; sp.gr. > 0.93; bulk dens. > 0.4 g/cm³; water absorp. 0.01%; m.p. 133 C; tens. str. 25 MPa @ yield, 35 MPa @ break; ultimate elong. > 300%; impact str. (Charpy) > 170 kJ/ m²; hardness (Shore D) 63; soften pt. (Vicat) 128 C; distort. temp. 79 C @ 0.45 MN/m²; sp. heat 0.48 cal/g C; dielec. str. 900 kV/cm; dielec. constant 2.3 (10⁶ cps); vol. resist. > 10¹⁶ ohm-cm
- Utec® 6540 [Polialden Petroquimica SA]

Chem. Descrip.: UHMW polyethylene

- CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Uses: High performance resin for use in engineering applics. such as coal industry and mining (linings, mixers, scrappers, bearing brushes, pipes), chem. industry (pipes, pumps, valves, etc.); food and beverage industry (packing line guides, filling nozzles, pumps), pulp/paper (covers for suction boxes, rules), textiles (bumpers, guides, roll bearings), battery separators,
- self-lubricating Properties: Nat. color; 120-220 μ m av. particle size; sp.gr. > 0.93; bulk dens. ≥ 0.4 g/cm³; visc. m.w. > 6.0 x10⁶ g/mol; water absorp. 0.01%; m.p. 133 C; tens. str. 25 MPa @ yield, 35 MPa @ break; ultimate elong. $\geq 300\%$; impact str. (Charpy) > 80 kJ/m²; hardness (Shore D) 63; soften pt. (Vicat) 128 C; distort. temp. 79 C @ 0.45 MN/m²; sp. heat 0.48 cal/g C; dielec. str. 900 kV/cm; dielec. constant 2.3 (10⁶ cps); vol. resist. > 10¹⁶ ohm-cm

sports, surgical goods, orthopedics; impact, chem., and abrasion resist.;

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V

Valtac 56 [Air Prods./Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Water-based acrylic emulsion

Uses: Pressure-sensitive adhesive for mastic and tile adhesives, protective films and paper; tolerates high loadings with fillers and tackified resins; may be used to improve shear and thermal resist. of pressure sensitive adhesives

Properties: Visc. 100 cps (77 F); pH 4.5; 50 ± 1% solids

Valtac F-66 [Air Prods./Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Water-based acrylic emulsion

Uses: Pressure-sensitive adhesive for freezer grade paper labels or low temp. tapes; nondiscoloring; esp. useful for clear labels or over-laminating films

Properties: Visc. 300 cps (77 F); pH 4.0 ± 1.0; 55 ± 1% solids

Vancide® 51 [R.T. Vanderbilt]

- Chem. Descrip.: Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate (27.6%) and sodium 2mercaptobenzothiazole (2.4%) in water
- Uses: Fungicide for use as a preservative in latex and starch paste, adhesives; bactericide for sol. cutting fluids and coolants; paper mill slimicide; fungicide in petrol. storage tanks, recirculating cooling towers, paper and paperboard, cotton fabric; no ozone-depleting substances

Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 1965-8

- Properties: Pale yel.-grn. liq.; sol. in water, acetone, alcohol; sp.gr. 1.15 ± 0.02; dens. 9.6 lb/gal; VOC 0%; nonflamm.; 30% in water
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3929 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat) > 2.05 mg/l; mild eye irritant; sl. skin irritant; not a skin sensitizer; may be harmful if swallowed or inhaled; may irritant nose and throat; TSCA listed
- *Environmental:* Toxic to fish; do not discharge effluent into lakes, streams, ponds, sewer systems, etc.

Storage: Store in cool, dry place; prevent from freezing

Vancide® MZ-96 [R.T. Vanderbilt]

Chem. Descrip.: Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate

CAS 137-30-4; EINECS/ELINCS 205-288-3

Uses: Antimicrobial, preservative for starch and syn. latex adhesives, food pkg. adhesives; mold inhibitor for unmodified latex paints; fungicide in neoprene compositions; no ozone-depleting substances

Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 1965-79; FIFRA registered

- Properties: Wh. powd.; mod. sol. in dilute caustic, toluene, carbon disulfide, chloroform; water-disp.; m.w. 305.82; dens. 1.71 ± 0.03 mg/m³; m.p. 252-260 C; 96% assay
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 320 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; corrosive; causes eye and skin damage; harmful or fatal if swallowed; may be fatal if inhaled; TSCA listed
- Environmental: Toxic to fish; do not apply directly to water

Storage: May be stored indefinitely at R.T. in closed containers; store in cool, dry place

Vancide[®] MZ-96 Disp. [R.T. Vanderbilt]

Chem. Descrip.: Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate (50%), inert ingreds. (50%) CAS 137-30-4; EINECS/ELINCS 205-288-3

Uses: Mold inhibitor in latex paints, paperboard, soap wraps; does not discolor during exposure in sulfide atm.; no ozone-depleting substances Use Level: 2-6% (exterior latex paints)

Regulatory: EPA reg. no. 1965-87

Properties: Wh. aq. disp.; misc. with water; m.w. 305.8; sp.gr. 1.28; dens. 10.66 lb/gal; m.p. 240-246 C

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 1500 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat) 0.030 mg/l; corrosive; fatal if inhaled; causes irreversible eye damage; harmful if swallowed or absorbed thru skin; not a skin sensitizer *Environmental:* Toxic to fish; do not apply directly to water

Precaution: Not for use in formulations conting, metallic drier; water run-off from copper flashing may discolor light-shaded paint; keep away from sparks and fire

Storage: Unlimited storage tightly closed @ R.T.; keep from freezing; may thicken and settle on standing, stir until disp. reverts to water-thin liq.

Vancryl® 600 [Air Prods./Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene vinyl chloride emulsion

Uses: Water-based graphic arts polymer for high gloss coatings; food-contact paper/paperboard; alkali and corrosion resist.; low MVTR

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR § 176.170, 176.180 *Properties:* Emulsion; dens. 9.3 lb/gal; visc. 100 cps; surf. tens. 39 dynes/ cm; acid no. < 10; pH 8.0; VOC < 0.5%; 50% NV

Vancryl[®] 605 [Air Prods./Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Ethylene vinyl chloride emulsion

Uses: Water-based graphic arts polymer for high gloss coatings; food-contact paper/paperboard; alkali and corrosion resist.; low MVTR

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR § 176.170, 176.180 Properties: Emulsion; dens. 9.3 lb/gal; visc. 100 cps; surf. tens. 39 dynes/ cm; acid no. < 10; pH 8.0; VOC < 0.5%; 50% NV

Vancryl® 610 [Air Prods./Polymers] *Chem. Descrip.:* Ethylene vinyl chloride emulsion *Uses:* Water-based graphic arts polymer for high gloss coatings; food-contact paper/paperboard; alkali and corrosion resist.; low MVTR *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR § 176.170, 176.180 *Properties:* Emulsion; dens. 9.4 lb/gal; visc. 100 cps; surf. tens. 39 dynes/ cm; acid no. < 10; pH 8.0; VOC < 0.5%; 50% NV Vancryl® 650 [Air Prods./Polymers] *Chem. Descrip.:* Vinyl acetate aq. emulsion

Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate aq. emulsion CAS 9003-20-7

Uses: Graphic arts polymer for press-applied paper coatings; high gloss; high scrub; good high shear rheology

Properties: Emulsion; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 425 cps; pH 5.5; VOC < 0.5%; 55% NV

Vandrox® 184 [R.T. Vanderbilt]

Chem. Descrip.: Crosslinked carboxymethyl corn starch *Uses:* Visc. builder, rheology modifier, water retention aid for paper coatings; carboxymethyl cellulose replacement *Properties:* Flake or powd.

Vandrox[®] 185F [R.T. Vanderbilt]

Chem. Descrip.: Highly crosslinked sodium carboxymethyl corn starch *Uses:* Visc. builder, water retention aid for paper coatings; calender coating to control curl in recycled paperboard; CMC replacement

Properties: Cream flake; sol. in water; visc. 1900-2900 cps (5% gel); pH 10.9-11.3 (5% gel); 5-10% moisture

Vandrox[®] 186 [R.T. Vanderbilt]

Chem. Descrip.: Crosslinked carboxymethyl potato starch ether Uses: Visc. builder, water retention aid for paper coatings; pigment grinding aid, dispersant for hard-to-disperse materials such as pearlescent mica Properties: Flake

Van Gel[®] B [R.T. Vanderbilt]

Chem. Descrip.: Colloidal magnesium aluminum silicate (smectite)

Chem. Analysis: Moisture (< 8%) CAS 12199-37-0; EINECS/ELINCS 235-374-6 Uses: Suspending agent, thickener and emulsion/visc. stabilizer for aq. systems, industrial, household/institutional, and agric. uses requiring good color (auto polish, hard surf. cleaners, oven/grill cleaners, aq. paint strippers); thixotrope, flow aid, leveling agent for coatings; with associative thickeners, does not lower gloss of semigloss latex paints; filler in rubber compding.; suspending agent, visc. modifier for paper coatings; promotes uniform consistency, good flow and brushing chars., dripless applic. and leveling without sag; no ODP Use Level: 0.15-.30 phr Properties: Off-wh. small flakes, odorless; dens. 2.60 ± 0.03 mg/m³; visc. 300-900 cps (4% aq. disp.); pH 8.5-9.5 (4% aq. disp.) Toxicology: TSCA listed Vantalc[®] 6H [R.T. Vanderbilt] Chem. Descrip.: Talc (hydrous magnesium silicate) Chem. Analysis: SiO2 (61.8%), MgO (31.3%), Fe2O3 (1.3%) CAS 14807-96-6; EINECS/ELINCS 238-877-9 Uses: Reinforcing filler/extender/pigment for rubber applics.; pigment, gloss control agent for coatings; TiO₂ extender, opacity and brightness aid at wet end in papermaking, coated paper base sheets, uncoated bond papers; foodcontact coatings, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; high purity, hydrophobicity, brightness and oil absorp.; mixes guickly into elastomers, gives low moisture pickup in vulcanizates; useful in industrial coatings where film smoothness and pigment suspension are important; no ozone-depleting substances Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 177.1210, 182.90 Properties: Wh. powd.; 2.0 µm median particle size; 99.9% < 325 mesh; dens. 2.7 mg/m³; bulk dens. 14 lb/ft³ (compacted); oil absorp. 52; brightness 87; pH 9.6 (10% aq. slurry) Toxicology: TSCA listed Vanzak® 112 [R.T. Vanderbilt] Chem. Descrip.: Surfactant blend Uses: Pitch control agent to keep pitch from agglomerating and depositing on surfs. in the pulp mill Use Level: 0.1-1.0 lb/ton pulp Properties: APHA 75 max. clear liq.; dens. 0.993 mg/m3; cloud pt. 35-40 C (1% aq.); pH 5.5-7.5 (1%); 0.5% max. water; nonionic Environmental: Fully biodeg. Vanzak® 165 [R.T. Vanderbilt] Chem. Descrip .: Surfactant blend Uses: Pitch control agent to keep pitch from agglomerating and depositing on surfs. in the pulp mill Use Level: 0.1-1.0 lb/ton pulp Properties: Nonionic Vanzyme[®] 191 [R.T. Vanderbilt] Chem. Descrip.: Alpha amylase CAS 9000-90-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-565-6 Uses: Starch-converting enzyme for papermaking, wastewater treatment; 70,000 Liquifons/g activity; effective in continuous conversion systems; can improve turbidity by speeding up pigment settling Properties: Liq. Storage: Good shelf stability Vanzyme® Powd. [R.T. Vanderbilt] Chem. Descrip .: Alpha amylase CAS 9000-90-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-565-6 Uses: Starch-converting enzyme for papermaking; useful in batch conversion of size press or coating starch; liquefies starch by hydrolyzing random α -D (1-4) glucosidic bonds Properties: Lt. tan powd.; pH 5.5 (1%) Storage: 6-12 mos storage life @ 5 C, 3 mos @ 25 C Varicid BCD [Schilling-Chemie] Chem. Descrip.: Contains organically bound bromine Uses: Disinfectant used to prevent the development of algae, fungi, slime, and legionella in industrial water systems and decorative fountains for paper, sugar, and food industries; highly effective; requires very low dosing; removes microbiological deposits quickly and safely; effective in pH range of 6.0-9.5; nonfoaming Use Level: 1-5 mg/l of system water (shot dosage), 1-4 mg/l (permanent dosage)

Regulatory: US Dept. of Health approved; complies with German water laws *Properties:* Wh. solid tablet; sol. 0.17% in water (20 C); sp.gr. 0.96 ± 0.01

Toxicology: LD50 5000 mg/kg; suitable for use in paper, sugar, and food industry

Varonic® K-210 [Goldschmidt]

Chem. Descrip .: PEG-10 cocamine

CAS 61791-14-8

Uses: Dye leveling agent, dispersant in hair dyes, paper industry; coemulsifier and stabilizer for cosmetic emulsions; neutralizer; plasticizer; antistat for acidic systems; wetting agent, spreading agent, and emulsifier in insecticides and herbicides; tanning of leather and furs; wetting agent, redeposition aid in fur treating

Properties: Gardner 7 liq.; sol. in water, IPA, benzene, CCl₄; sp.gr. 0.995; HLB 13.8; 99% solids; nonionic

Vazo® 56 WSP [DuPont]

Chem. Descrip.: Azo

Uses: Initiator for superabsorbent polymers (diapers, incontinence pads, feminine hygiene pads), pulp/paper (filler retention aids, flocculants, coagulants, dry str. additives, drainage aids, paper coatings, binders), water treatment (flocculants, coagulants), textiles (warp sizes), adhesives, pharmaceuticals (binders, thickeners, controlled-release tablets), personal care (hair fixatives), aq. printing inks, detergents (cobuilders with zeolites) *Properties:* Wh. dry powd.; sol. in water

Vazo® 56 WSW [DuPont]

Chem. Descrip.: Azo initiator contg. polyethylene glycol to minimize dusting *Uses:* Initiator for superabsorbent polymers (diapers, incontinence pads, feminine hygiene pads), pulp/paper (filler retention aids, flocculants, coagulants, dry str. additives, drainage aids, paper coatings, binders), water treatment (flocculants, coagulants), textiles (warp sizes), adhesives, pharmaceuticals (binders, thickeners, controlled-release tablets), personal care (hair fixatives), aq. printing inks, detergents (cobuilders with zeolites) *Properties:* Wh. wet powd.; sol. in water

Vazo® 68 WSP [DuPont]

Chem. Descrip.: Azo

Uses: Initiator for superabsorbent polymers (diapers, incontinence pads, feminine hygiene pads), pulp/paper (filler retention aids, flocculants, coagulants, dry str. additives, drainage aids, paper coatings, binders), water treatment (flocculants, coagulants), textiles (warp sizes), adhesives, pharmaceuticals (binders, thickeners, controlled-release tablets), personal care (hair fixatives), aq. printing inks, detergents (cobuilders with zeolites) *Properties:* Wh. dry powd.; sol. in water

V-Cap™/RC [ISP]

Chem. Descrip.: N-Vinyl-2-caprolactam

CAS 2235-00-9; EINECS/ELINCS 218-787-6

- Uses: Reactive diluent for free radical radiation-curable coatings, inks, and adhesives for flooring, paper, wood, particle board, plastics, textiles, and vinyl
- *Properties:* Cryst. solid; m.w. 139; sp.gr. 1.01 (40 C); visc. 3.51 (40 C); vapor pressure < 0.1 mm (20 C); f.p. 34 C; m.p. 35 C; b.p. 116 C (@ 10 mm); readily supercools; 98% assay

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 830-1114 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 1.7 g/kg; mod. eye irritant; min. skin irritant

Storage: Store @ R.T.; yellowing will result with prolonged storage @ elevated temps.

Veegum® T [R.T. Vanderbilt]

Chem. Descrip.: Magnesium aluminum silicate, tech. grade

CAS 12199-37-0; EINECS/ELINCS 235-374-6

Uses: Thickener, visc. modifier, emulsion stabilizer for industrial use; pigment dispersant; antisettling agent; bodying agent; thixotrope which produces latex paints with dripless applic. and leveling, sag resist.; suspending agent and visc. modifier for paper coatings; inorg.; not subject to attack by microorganisms; no ozone-depleting substances

Properties: Near wh. flakes, odorless, tasteless; insol. in water or alcohol; swells to many times original vol. in water to form colloidal disp.; dens. 2.8 mg/m³; visc. 250-800 cps (4% disp.); pH 9.5 (5% aq.); < 8% moisture

Vernoa[™] Basic Black S Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Uses: Colorant for dyeing ligneous pulps, wood-contg. printing papers and newsprint papers *Properties:* Liq.

Verona[™] Basic Blue GE Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Uses: Very brilliant blue basic dyestuff for papers (sized, acid, publication/ directory/newsprint), and for tinting wh. papers; poor lightfastness; partially bleachable in hypochlorite; good affinity for clay fillers *Properties:* Liq.; misc. in acidified water; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. < 200 cps; pH 1.5

Vernoa[™] Basic Blue GS Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Uses: Colorant for dyeing ligneous pulps, wood-contg. printing papers and newsprint papers

- Properties: Liq.
- Verona[™] Basic Blue R Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Uses: Very brilliant blue basic dyestuff for papers (sized, acid, publication/ directory/newsprint) and for tinting wh. papers; poor lightfastness; partially bleachable in hypochlorite; very good affinity for clay fillers

- Properties: Liq.; misc. in acidified water; dens. 9.4 lb/gal; visc. < 400 cps; pH 2.0
- Vernoa[™] Basic Blue RFK Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Uses: Colorant for dyeing ligneous pulps, wood-contg. printing papers and newsprint papers

Properties: Liq.

Vernoa[™] Basic Brown Y Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Uses: Colorant for dyeing ligneous pulps, wood-contg. printing papers and newsprint papers

Properties: Liq.

- Verona[™] Basic Green M Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]
 - Uses: Very brilliant green basic dyestuff for papers (sized, acid, publication/ directory/newsprint/decorative), suitable for coloration of all lignin pulps; poor lightfastness; partially bleachable in hypochlorite; very good affinity for clay fillers
 - Properties: Liq.; misc. in acidified water; dens. 9.7 lb/gal; visc. < 300 cps; pH 1.0
- Verona[™] Basic Green M Powd. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Uses: Colorant for dyeing ligneous pulps, wood-contg. printing papers and newsprint papers

Properties: Powd.

- Verona[™] Basic Orange G Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]
 - Uses: Extremely brilliant orange basic dyestuff for papers (sized, acid); poor lightfastness; pract. bleachable in hypochlorite; good affinity for clay fillers *Properties:* Liq.; misc. in acidified water; dens. 9.4 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; pH 3.0
- Vernoa[™] Basic Red 4B Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Uses: Colorant for dyeing ligneous pulps, wood-contg. printing papers and newsprint papers Properties: Lig.

- Vernoa[™] Basic Red 4G Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]
 - Uses: Colorant for dyeing ligneous pulps, wood-contg. printing papers and newsprint papers

Properties: Liq.

- Verona[™] Basic Red P Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.] Uses: Very brilliant blue-shade red basic dyestuff for papers (sized, acid, publication/directory/newsprint) and for tinting wh. papers; fair lightfastness;
 - bleachable in hypochlorite; good affinity for clay fillers
 - Properties: Liq.; misc. in acidified water; dens. 9.1 lb/gal; visc. < 150 cps; pH 3.0
- Vernoa[™] Basic Violet 2B Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]
 - Uses: Colorant for dyeing ligneous pulps, wood-contg. printing papers and newsprint papers
- Properties: Liq.
- Verona[™] Basic Violet M Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]
 - Uses: Very brilliant blue basic dyestuff for papers (sized, acid, publication/ directory/newsprint) and for tinting wh. papers; poor lightfastness; partially bleachable in hypochlorite; very good affinity for clay fillers

Properties: Liq.; misc. in acidified water; dens. 9.3 lb/gal; visc. < 200 cps; pH 1.5

- Verona[™] Basic Yellow 4GN Liq. 125 [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]
 - Uses: Brilliant grnsh.-shade yel. basic dyestuff for papers (lignin pulp grades: newsprint, directory, publication); economical; poor lightfastness; partially bleachable in sodium hydrosulfite; good/exc. affinity for kaolin clay and CaCO₃ fillers
 - Properties: Liq.; misc. in water (may require acidification); sp.gr. 1.1; visc. < 100 cps; pH 2.0-2.5

Vernoa[™] Basic Yellow 7GLL Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Uses: Colorant for dyeing ligneous pulps, wood-contg. printing papers and newsprint papers

Properties: Liq.

Vernoa[™] Basic Yellow 10G Liq. [Bayer/Industrial Chems.]

Uses: Colorant for dyeing ligneous pulps, wood-contg. printing papers and newsprint papers

- Properties: Liq. Versene 100 [Dow; Dow Europe]
- Chem. Descrip.: Tetrasodium EDTA

CAS 64-02-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-573-9

Uses: Chelating agent controlling trace metal ions to improve lathering and stability of personal care prods., pharmaceuticals, in water treatment, textiles, soaps/detergents, electroless copperplating, polymer prod., disinfectants, pulp/paper, enhanced oil recovery, metal cleaning and protection; for control of common heavy metal ions to pH 12, iron to pH 8, water hardness ions above pH 6

Properties: Lt. straw-colored liq.; m.w. 1.290-1.325; dens. 10.9 lb/gal; pH 11.0-11.8 (1% aq.); chel. value 102; 39% act.

- Versene 100 EP [Dow Europe]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Tetrasodium EDTA

CAS 64-02-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-573-9

- Uses: Chelating agent controlling trace metal ions to improve lathering and stability of personal care prods., pharmaceuticals, in water treatment, textiles, soaps/detergents, electroless copperplating, foods, polymer prod., disinfectants, pulp/paper, enhanced oil recovery, metal cleaning and protection; high purity version of Versene 100
- Properties: Liq.
- Versene 100 LS [Dow]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Tetrasodium EDTA
 - CAS 64-02-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-573-9
 - Uses: Chelating agent controlling trace metal ions to improve lathering and stability of personal care prods., pharmaceuticals, in water treatment, textiles, soaps/detergents, electroless copperplating, foods, polymer prod., disinfectants, pulp/paper, enhanced oil recovery, metal cleaning and protection; low solids grade used in aerosols

Properties: Liq.

- Versene 100 SRG [Dow]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Tetrasodium EDTA CAS 64-02-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-573-9
 - Uses: Chelating agent controlling trace metal ions to improve lathering and stability of personal care prods., pharmaceuticals, in water treatment, textiles, soaps/detergents, electroless copperplating, foods; polymer prod., disinfectants, pulp/paper, enhanced oil recovery, metal cleaning and protection; syn. tire rubber grade; pH adjusted

Properties: Liq. Versene 100 XL [Dow]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Tetrasodium EDTA
- CAS 64-02-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-573-9
- Uses: Chelating agent controlling trace metal ions to improve lathering and stability of personal care prods., pharmaceuticals, in water treatment, textiles, soaps/detergents, electroless copperplating, foods, polymer prod., disinfectants, pulp/paper, enhanced oil recovery, metal cleaning and protection; low NTA version of Versene 100
- *Properties:* Clear liq.; m.w. 380; sp.gr. 1.255-1.290; bulk dens. 10.5 lb/gal; pH 11.0-11.8 (1% aq.); chel. value 100; 38% min. act.
- Versene 220 [Dow]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Tetrasodium EDTA tetrahydrate
 - CAS 64-02-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-573-9
 - Uses: Chelating agent controlling trace metal ions to improve lathering and stability of personal care prods., pharmaceuticals, in water treatment, textiles, soaps/detergents, electroless copperplating, polymer prod., disinfectants, pulp/paper, enhanced oil recovery, metal cleaning and protection; high purity, crystal form of Versene 100
 - Properties: Wh. cryst.; m.w. 452; dens. 45 lb/ft³; pH 10.5-11.5 (1% aq.); chel. value 219; 99% act.

Versene Acid [Dow]

Chem. Descrip.: EDTA

- CAS 60-00-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-449-4
- Uses: Chelating agent controlling trace metal ions to improve lathering and stability of personal care prods., pharmaceuticals, in water treatment, textiles, soaps/detergents, electroless copperplating, polymer prod., disinfectants, pulp/paper, enhanced oil recovery, metal cleaning and protection; intermediate for prep. of other salt forms of EDTA
- Properties: Wh. powd.; m.w. 292; dens. 54 lb/ft³; pH 2.5-3.0 (sat. aq. sol'n.); chel. value 339; 99% act.

Versene CA [Dow]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium-disodium EDTA

- CAS 62-33-9; EINECS/ELINCS 200-529-9
- Uses: Chelating agent controlling trace metal ions to improve lathering and stability of personal care prods., pharmaceuticals, in water treatment, textiles, soaps/detergents, electroless copperplating, foods, polymer prod., disinfectants, pulp/paper, enhanced oil recovery, metal cleaning and protection; high purity direct food additive preventing metal catalyzed oxidative breakdown; also for medical and pharmaceutical preps.

Regulatory: FCC, USP, and kosher compliance

Properties: Wh. powd.; m.w. 410; dens. 40 lb/ft³; pH 6.5-7.5 (1%); 97-102% act.

Versene Diammonium EDTA [Dow]

Chem. Descrip.: Diammonium EDTA

CAS 20824-56-0; EINECS/ELINCS 244-063-4

Uses: Chelating agent controlling trace metal ions to improve lathering and stability of personal care prods., pharmaceuticals, in water treatment, textiles, soaps/detergents, electroless copperplating, polymer prod., disinfectants, pulp/paper, enhanced oil recovery, metal cleaning and protection; used when very sol. chelates are required or where sodium ions are undesirable

Properties: Lt. straw-colored liq.; m.w. 326; sp.gr. 1.19-1.22; dens. 10.0 lb/ gal; pH 4.6-5.2; chel. value 137; 44.6% act.

Versene NA [Dow]

Chem. Descrip.: Disodium EDTA dihydrate USP, FCC

CAS 6381-92-6; EINECS/ELINCS 205-358-3

- Uses: Chelating agent controlling trace metal ions to improve lathering and stability of personal care prods., pharmaceuticals, in water treatment, textiles, soaps/detergents, electroless copperplating, foods, polymer prod., disinfectants, pulp/paper, enhanced oil recovery, metal cleaning and protection; high purity direct food additive preventing metal catalyzed oxidative breakdown; also for medical and pharmaceutical preps.
- Regulatory: FCC, USP, and Kosher compliance
- *Properties:* Wh. cryst.; m.w. 372; dens. 67 lb/ft³; pH 4.3-4.7 (1%); chel. value 267; 99% act.

Versene Tetraammonium EDTA [Dow]

Chem. Descrip.: Tetraammonium EDTA

- Uses: Chelating agent controlling trace metal ions to improve lathering and stability of personal care prods., pharmaceuticals, in water treatment, textiles, soaps/detergents, electroless copperplating, polymer prod., disinfectants, pulp/paper, enhanced oil recovery, metal cleaning and protection; used when very sol. chelates are required or where sodium ions are undesirable; for chelation of iron to pH 9.5
- Properties: Lt. straw-colored liq.; m.w. 360; sp.gr. 1.16-1.19; dens. 9.7 lb/gal; pH 9.0-9.5; chel. value 130; 46.8% act.

Versenex 80 [Dow]

Chem. Descrip.: Pentasodium DTPA

- CAS 140-01-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-391-3
- Uses: Chelating agent controlling trace metal ions to improve lathering and stability of personal care prods., pharmaceuticals, in water treatment, textiles, soaps/detergents, electroless copperplating, polymer prod., disinfectants, pulp/paper, enhanced oil recovery, metal cleaning and protection; used when oxidative conditions exist or when chelates of greater stability are required
- Properties: Lt. straw-colored liq.; m.w. 503; sp.gr. 1.28-1.32; dens. 10.8 lb/ gal; pH 11.0-11.8 (1% aq.); chel. value 80; 40.2% act.

Versenol 120 [Dow]

Chem. Descrip.: Trisodium HEDTA

CAS 139-89-9; EINECS/ELINCS 205-381-9

- Uses: Chelating agent controlling trace metal ions to improve lathering and stability of personal care prods., pharmaceuticals, in water treatment, textiles, soaps/detergents, electroless copperplating, polymer prod., disinfectants, pulp/paper, enhanced oil recovery, metal cleaning and protection; for iron control to pH 10.5
- *Properties:* Lt. straw-colored liq.; m.w. 344; sp.gr. 1.26-1.31; dens. 10.7 lb/ gal; pH 11.0-11.8 (1% aq.); chel. value 120; 41.3% act.

Vestolen® A5016 [DSM Polyethylenes]

Chem. Descrip.: HDPE

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Uses: Used for coating photographic paper (offers good rheological properties, adheres well to substrate, and meets requirements of max. purity); narrow m.w. distribution; used for the prod. of lay-flat film about 15 μm thick for print-carrying substrates

Properties: Melt. flow 7 g/10 min; m.w. 52,000; dens. 0.950 g/cc; visc. (No. J) 145; m.p. 128-132 C; Vicat/A soften. pt. 124 C; tens. str. 25 MPa (yield); tens. elong. 600% (break); Izod impact 60 J/m notch; Ball indent. hardness 44 MPa; distort. temp. 44 C; dielec. str. 80 kV/mm; vol. resist. > 10¹⁸ ohm-cm.

Vestowax® AO 1535 [Creanova]

Chem. Descrip.: Oxidized polyethylene wax

CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Uses: Lubricant for PVC, PS; melting agent, water repellent, thixotrope, and antisettling agent for paints; textile and paper auxiliary; citrus fruit coating; corrosion inhibitor; dry-bright emulsion polish/preservative agent

Properties: Wh. pellets/powd.; sp.gr. 0.96 (23 C); visc. < 130 mPa•s (120 C); acid no. 16-19; sapon. no. 30-40; penetration no. 1-3; Mettler drop pt. 106-114 C max.

Vestowax® AO 1539 [Creanova]

Chem. Descrip.: Oxidized polyethylene wax

CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Uses: Lubricant for PVC, PS; melting agent, water repellent for paints; processing aid for polyester; textile and paper auxiliary; abrasion-resist. printing ink emulsions; dry-bright/mixed saponified emulsion polish/preservative agent
- Properties: Wh. pellets/powd.; sp.gr. 0.96 (23 C); visc. < 130 mPa•s (120 C); acid no. 20-25; sapon. no. 38-45; penetration no. 2-3; Mettler drop pt. 106-110 C max.

Vestowax® AO 2733 [Creanova]

- Chem. Descrip .: Polyethylene wax
- CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Uses: Lubricant for PVC, PS; melting agent, water repellent, thixotrope, and antisettling agent for paints; textile and paper auxiliary; citrus fruit coating; corrosion inhibitor
- Properties: Nearly wh. pellets/powd.; sp.gr. 0.94 (23 C); visc. 280-4800 mPa•s; acid no. 16-19; sapon. no. 28-38; penetration no. 2-4; Mettler drop pt. 98-104 C max.
- Vestowax® C 60 [Creanova]

Chem. Descrip.: Fischer-Tropsch wax, oxidate

CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6

- Uses: Lubricant for PVC, PS; mold release agent for plastics; dispersant for colorants in hot melts and wax compds.; textile and paper auxiliary; polish and preservative agent
- Properties: Wh. pellets/powd.; sp.gr. 0.96 (23 C); visc. < 20 mPa s (120 C); acid no. 29-34; sapon. no. 50-62; penetration no. 4-6; Mettler drop pt. 98-102 C.

Vinac[®] 285 [Air Prods./Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl acetate homopolymer emulsion

CAS 9003-20-7

Uses: Adhesive base for bag seam, paper, cup, spiral tube winding, and food pkg. adhesives; low-foaming, borax-stable; surfactant protection; for fast-setting, heat-resist. adhesives with superior water resist.

Properties: Visc. 50-300 cps; pH 5.0-6.5; 50% min. solids

Vinac[®] 828 [Air Prods./Polymers]

Chem. Descrip.: Vinyl acetate latex

- CAS 9003-20-7
- Uses: Used for paper, paperboard, size press, and wallpaper; combination of wet and dry pick resist. for offset printed grades; good high shear rheology; low grit
- Properties: 0.15 nm particle size; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. 175 cps (LVF, 60 rpm, #2 spindle); pH 5.8; 50% solids; anionic

Vinac[®] 828M [Air Prods./Polymers]

Chem. Descrip .: Vinyl acetate

CAS 9003-20-7

Uses: Coating binder for paper, paperboard, and size press, esp. high-solids blade coating applics., double blade coated SBS paperboard, and coated linerboard; exc. rheological chars. and balance of wet and dry pick str.; outstanding water/ink receptivity; extremely low grit

Properties: 0.22 nm particle size; dens. 9.0 lb/gal; visc. 33 cps (LVF, 60 rpm, #2 spindle); pH 6.3; 47% solids; sl. anionic

Vinac[®] 884 [Air Prods./Polymers]

Chem. Descrip .: Vinyl acetate latex

CAS 9003-20-7

Uses: Coating binder for paper/paperboard, size press, wallpaper applics., esp. mod. gloss level publication grades and matte and dull grades; outstanding wet and dry pick resist.; exc. blister resist. for web offset grades Properties: 0.19 μm particle size; visc. 175 cps (60 rpm, #2 spindle); pH 5.8; 50% solids; sl. anionic Vinac® 1000 [Air Prods./Polymers]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Polyvinyl acetate homopolymer emulsion
- CAS 9003-20-7
- Uses: Adhesive base for wood and kraft paper; crosslinking; PVAL protection; once catalyzed, the emulsion meets ASTM D3110 Type II requirements and compoundable to comply with Type I specs
- Properties: Visc. 5500-6500 cps; pH 4.5-5.5; 52% min. solids
- Vinac[®] A50 [Air Prods. Polymers Europe]
 - Chem. Descrip.: VA homopolymer disp.
 - CAS 9003-20-7
 - Uses: Binder for fabrics, glass fibers; textile auxiliary and coating; paper coatings Properties: Disp : 0.15 µm particle size: visc. 85 + 30 mPa•s; pH 5; tens
 - Properties: Disp.; 0.15 µm particle size; visc. 85 ± 30 mPa•s; pH 5; tens. str. 12 N/mm²; tens. elong. 100% (break); 50 ± 1% solids
- Vinac® H 60 [Air Prods. Polymers Europe]
 - Chem. Descrip.: VA homopolymer disp.
 - CAS 9003-20-7
 - Uses: Binder for fabrics, glass fibers; adhesive for wood, plastic, paper, pkg.; textile auxiliary and coating
 - Properties: Disp.; 1-3 μm particle size; visc. 40,000 ± 10,000 mPa•s; pH 4; tens. str. 15 N/mm²; 60 ± 1% solids
- Vinac[®] M 503 [Air Prods. Polymers Europe]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* VA homopolymer disp.
 - CAS 9003-20-7
 - Uses: Binder for fabrics, glass fibers; adhesive for paper, pkg.; textile auxiliary and coating
 - Properties: Disp.; 0.5-2 μm particle size; visc. 1000 ± 300 mPa•s; pH 4; tens. str. 24 N/mm²; 50 ± 1% solids
- Vinac[®] XX-211 [Air Prods./Polymers]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl acetate homopolymer
 - CAS 9003-20-7
 - Uses: Water-based emulsion for adhesives; for use in sensitive applics. such as microwavable food pkg. and medical and personal health care; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; mechanically and chemically stable; outstanding freeze-thaw stability; fast setting speeds; will accept sol'ns. of partially hydrolyzed PVAL, but will separate at low-finished adhesive visc. upon addition of sol'ns. of fully hydrolyzed PVAL
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 181.30
 - Properties: Wh. emulsion; sl. odor; 0.2-2 µ particle size; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. 1000-1400 cps; pH 4.5-6; 55% solids
- Vinac[®] XX-241 [Air Prods./Polymers]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyvinyl acetate homopolymer

CAS 9003-20-7

- Uses: Water-based emulsion for adhesives; for use in sensitive applics. such as microwavable food pkg. and medical and personal health care; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper; mechanically and chemically stable; outstanding freeze-thaw stability; fast setting speeds; will accept sol'ns. of partially hydrolyzed PVAL, but will separate at low-finished adhesive visc. upon addition of sol'ns. of fully-hydrolyzed PVAL
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 181.30
- Properties: Wh. emulsion; sl. odor; 0.2-2 µ particle size; dens. 8.9 lb/gal; visc. 2900-3700 cps; pH 4.5-6; 55% solids
- Vinac[®] Z 50 [Air Prods. Polymers Europe]
 - Chem. Descrip.: VA homopolymer disp.
 - CAS 9003-20-7
 - Uses: Binder for fabrics, glass fibers; textile auxiliary and coating; paper coatings; sizing agent for glass fibers
 - *Properties:* Disp.; 0.5-2 μm particle size; visc. 5500 ± 2000 mPa•s; pH 4; tens. str. 15 N/mm²; 50 ± 1% solids
- Vinfelt[®] [Vinings Ind.]
 - Uses: Felt/fabric cleaner/conditioner for pulp/paper industry for continuous and batch treatments
- Vinsol® Resin [Hercules/Resins]
- Chem. Descrip.: Resin derived from southern pinewood
 - Uses: In adhesives, asphalt emulsions, cement (air-entraining agents), elec. insulation, floor coverings, foundry molds, core washes, inks, paperboard and composition board, phenolic resin modification, plastics, primer and surface coatings, rubber, and shoes; for use in food-pkg. and -processing operations; used as resin, or in soap or sol'n. form; high-melting, thermoplastic resin with aliphatic hydrocarbon insol.

- *Properties:* Dk. brn. solid, flake, pulverized, soap; 40% solids emulsion; 30% and 50% soap sol'ns.; 60% alcohol sol'n.; sol. in most oxygen containing solvs. such as alcohols, esters, ethers, ketones, and phenols; also sol. in most chlorinated and aromatic hydrocarbons; dens. 1.220 g/cc; soften. pt. (Hercules Drop) 124 C; flash pt. (P-M) 280 C; acid no. 96; sapon. no. 166
- Vinspel® [Vinings Ind.]

Uses: Boilout additive for removal of wide variety of org. and inorg. deposits on paper machines and in pulp mills

- Viscalex[®] [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper]
 - Uses: Rheology modifier for paper coatings
- Vista LPA [Condea Vista]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Hydrotreated mixts. of mainly isoparaffins and naphthenes with very low levels of aromatics
 - Uses: Chemical process solvent; carrier in pesticide formulations, waterless hand cleaners; solvent for dry-cleaning, household/industrial cleaners, metal rolling oils, paints, coatings, thinners, paper and mining chems., water treatment chems., food; as charcoal lighter fluids, degreasers, freeze pt. depressants, lamp oils, lubricating oils, printing ink oils; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane, films, rubber, textiles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; high purity, med. flash pt.; broad boiling range
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.884, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1400, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3120, 178.3570, 178.3620(b), 178.3650, 178.3910(b)(2)
 - Properties: Clear liq., mild odor; m.w. 167; sp.gr. 0.809 (60/60 F); dens. 6.75 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 2.2 cSt (70 F); vapor pressure 1 mm Hg (100 F); f.p. -90 F; pour pt. -95 F; i.b.p. 362 F; flash pt. (TCC) 148 F; KB value 32 Precaution: DOT: combustible liq.
- Vista LPA-142 [Condea Vista]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Hydrotreated mixts. of mainly isoparaffins and naphthenes with very low levels of aromatics
 - Uses: Solvent for industrial cleaning prods., pesticides, coatings, household prods., chemical process solvs., ink oils, water treatment, paper, and mining chems., and food applics.; diluent in polymer processing; in charcoal lighter fluid; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane, films, rubber, textiles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.884, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200,
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.884, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1400, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3120, 178.3570, 178.3620(b), 178.3650, 178.3910(b)(2)
 - Properties: Clear liq., mild odor; m.w. 152; sp.gr. 0.809 (60/60 F); dens. 6.75 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 1.8 cSt (70 F); vapor pressure 1.1 mm Hg (100 F); f.p. < -103 F; i.b.p. 368 F; pour pt. < -30 F; flash pt. (TCC) 146 F; KB value 35 Precaution: DOT: combustible liq.
- Vista LPA-170 [Condea Vista]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Hydrotreated mixts. of mainly isoparaffins and naphthenes with very low levels of aromatics
 - Uses: Solvent for prod. of polymer emulsions, in mining solvent extraction processes, metal lubricants, specialty coatings, pesticides, household prods., chemical process solvs., ink oils, water treatment, paper, and mining chems.; food pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane, films, rubber, textiles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.884, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1400, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3120, 178.3570, 178.3620(b), 178.3650, 178.3910(b)(2)
 - *Properties:* Clear liq., mild odor; m.w. 171; sp.gr. 0.811 (60/60 F); dens. 6.77 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 2.4 cSt (70 F); vapor pressure 0.37 mm Hg (100 F); f.p. -81 F; i.b.p. 413 F; pour pt. < -30 F; flash pt. (TCC) 178 F; KB value 32 *Precaution:* DOT: combustible liq.

Vista LPA-210 [Condea Vista]

- Chem. Descrip.: Hydrotreated mixts. of mainly isoparaffins and naphthenes with very low levels of aromatics
- Uses: Solvent for chem. processing, printing ink oils, metal lubricants, coatings, household prods., water treatment, paper, and mining chems.; pesticide carrier; food pkg. applics.; rec. for applics. where odor is critical *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §178.3620(c), 178.3910(a)(3)
- Properties: Clear liq., mild odor; m.w. 194; sp.gr. 0.823 (60/60 F); dens. 6.87 lb/gal (60 F); visc. 3.8 cSt (70 F); vapor pressure 0.10 mm Hg (100 F); f.p. -43 F; i.b.p. 465 F; pour pt. < -30 F; flash pt. (PM) 226 F; KB value 29
- Volan® [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: Methacrylato chromic chloride Uses: Bonding agent, coupling agent for glass fiber-reinforced laminates; improves adhesive bond on paper, wood, polymeric coatings, impregnants, thermoset vinyl resins; antistat; in appliances, automotive, composites, computers, construction, consumer goods, marine, military, sporting goods, and textile industries

Properties: Dk. grnsh.; alcoholic odor; b.p. 79 C; water-misc.; sp.gr. 1.02; pH 3.1 (1% aq.); flash pt. 6 (TOC); tens. str. 46,400 psi; flex. str. 81,200 psi; 19-21% act.

Volan® L [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: Methacrylato chromic chloride

- Uses: Bonding agent, coupling agent for glass fiber-reinforced laminates; improves adhesive bond on paper, wood, polymeric coatings, impregnants, thermoset vinyl resins; antistat; in appliances, automotive, composites, computers, construction, consumer goods, marine, military, sporting goods, and textile industries
- Properties: Dk. grn.; alcoholic odor; b.p. 77 C; water-misc.; sp.gr. 0.95; pH 3.1 (1% aq.); flash pt. 7 C (TOC); tens. str. 48,400 psi; flex str. 79,800 psi; 17-18% act.
- Volpo C2 [Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip .: Ceteth-2

CAS 9004-95-9

- Uses: Surfactant, antistat, detergent, dispersant, emulsifier, leveling agent, plasticizer, scouring agent, solubilizer, and wetting agent in detergents, metalworking, textile and paper processing, dust control, adhesives, polymers, polishes, agric., cosmetics, and pharmaceuticals
- Properties: Wh. waxy solid; sol. in ethanol, trichloroethylene, butyl stearate, methyl oleate, xylene; partially sol. in min. oil and rapeseed oil; insol. in water, kerosene; HLB 5.3; acid no. 1.0 max.; hyd. no. 160-180; nonionic *Toxicology:* Eye irritant

Storage: Hygroscopic

Volpo C20 [Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Ceteth-20

CAS 9004-95-9

- Uses: Surfactant, antistat, detergent, dispersant, emulsifier, leveling agent, plasticizer, scouring agent, solubilizer, and wetting agent in detergents, metalworking, textile and paper processing, dust control, adhesives, polymers, polishes, agric., cosmetics, and pharmaceuticals
- Properties: Wh. waxy solid; sol. in water, ethanol, trichloroethylene, xylene; partially sol. in butyl stearate; insol. in min. oil, methyl oleate, rapeseed oil, kerosene; HLB 15.4; acid no. 1.0 max.; hyd. no. 45-60; nonionic

Toxicology: Eye irritant *Storage:* Hygroscopic

- Volpo CS2 [Croda Oleochems.]
- *Chem. Descrip.:* Ceteareth-2

CAS 68439-49-6

- Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, solubilizer for skin care prods., detergents, metalworking, textile and paper processing, dust control, adhesives, polymers, polishes, agric., cosmetics, and pharmaceuticals; solubilizer for perfumes and essential oils
- Properties: Wh. waxy solid; sol. in ethanol, kerosene, trichloroethylene, methyl oleate, xylene; partially sol. in min. oil, rapeseed oil, butyl stearate; insol. in water; HLB 5.0; acid no. 1.0 max.; hyd. no. 155-175; nonionic *Toxicology:* Eye irritant
- Precaution: Avoid use in prods. used near eyes or in high conc. in skin cosmetics

Storage: Hygroscopic

Volpo CŠ5 [Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Ceteareth-5

CAS 68439-49-6

- Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent, gellant for industrial and cosmetic skin care applics., detergents, metalworking, textile and paper processing, dust control, adhesives, polymers, polishes, agric., and pharmaceuticals; solubilizer for perfumes and essential oils
- Properties: Off wh. soft waxy solid; sol. in ethanol, trichloroethylene, oleic acid; partly sol. in min. oil, kerosene, butyl stearate, methyl oleate, rapeseed oil; HLB 9.2; acid no. 1 max.; hyd. no. 115-125; surf. tens. 33.0 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); pH 6.0-7.5 (3%); 97% conc.; nonionic

Volpo CS10 [Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Ceteareth-10

CAS 68439-49-6

Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent, gellant for industrial and cosmetic skin care applics., detergents, metalworking, textile and paper processing, dust control, adhesives, polymers, polishes, agric., and pharmaceuticals; solubilizer for perfumes and essential oils Properties: Off wh. soft waxy solid; sol. in ethanol, trichloroethylene, oleic acid, xylene; partly sol. in water, min. oil, kerosene, butyl stearate; HLB 12.9; acid no. 1 max.; hyd. no. 75-85; cloud pt. 68 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 34.5 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); pH 6.0-7.5 (3%); 97% conc.; nonionic

Volpo CS15 [Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip .: Ceteareth-15

- CAS 68439-49-6
- Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent, gellant for industrial and cosmetic skin care applics., detergents, metalworking, textile and paper processing, dust control, adhesives, polymers, agric., and pharmaceuticals; solubilizer for perfumes and essential oils; emulsifier in polishes
- Properties: Off wh. waxy solid; sol. in ethanol, trichloroethylene, oleic acid, xylene; partly sol. in water; HLB 14.6; acid no. 1 max.; iodine no. 2 max.; hyd. no. 60-70; cloud pt. 94 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 35.5 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); pH 6.0-7.5 (3%); 97% conc.; nonionic
- Volpo CS20 [Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Ceteareth-20

CAS 68439-49-6

- Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent, gellant for industrial, cosmetic skin care, and pharmaceutical applics., detergents, metalworking, textile and paper processing, dust control, adhesives, polymers, agric., and pharmaceuticals; solubilizer for perfumes and essential oils; emulsifier in polishes
- Properties: Off-wh. hard waxy solid; sol. in water, ethanol, trichloroethylene, oleic acid, xylene; HLB 15.7; acid no. 1 max.; iodine no. 2 max.; hyd. no. 45-55; cloud pt. 78 C (1% aq.); surf. tens. 41.5 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); pH 6.0-7.5 (3%); 97% conc.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2.1 g/kg; mild skin irritant, moderate eye irritant **Volpo CS50** [Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Ceteareth-50

CAS 68439-49-6

- Uses: Surfactant, antistat, detergent, dispersant, emulsifier, leveling agent, plasticizer, scouring agent, solubilizer, and wetting agent in detergents, metalworking, textile and paper processing, dust control, adhesives, polymers, polishes, agric., cosmetics, and pharmaceuticals
- Properties: Wh. waxy solid; sol. in water, trichloroethylene, xylene; partially sol. in rapeseed oil; insol. in min oil, butyl stearate, kerosene, methyl oleate; HLB 17.8; acid no. 1.0 max.; hyd. no. 20-28; nonionic Toxicology: Eye irritant

Storage: Hygroscopic

- Volpo L3 [Croda Oleochems.]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* PEG-3 lauryl alcohol
 - CAS 9002-92-0; EINECS/ELINCS 221-280-2
 - Uses: Surfactant, antistat, detergent, dispersant, emulsifier, leveling agent, plasticizer, scouring agent, solubilizer, and wetting agent in detergents, metalworking, textile and paper processing, dust control, adhesives, polymers, polishes, agric., cosmetics, and pharmaceuticals
 - Properties: Essentially colorless clear liq.; sol. in trichloroethylene, xylene, rapeseed oil, min oil, butyl stearate, kerosene, methyl oleate; insol. in water; HLB 7-8; acid no. 1.0 max.; hyd. no. 165-180; nonionic *Toxicology:* Eye irritant

Storage: Hygroscopic

- Volpo N3 [Croda Oleochems.]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Oleth-3, distilled

CAS 9004-98-2

- Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent, gellant, scouring agent for industrial and cosmetic skin care applics., detergents, textile and paper processing, dust control, adhesives, polymers, polishes, agric., and pharmaceuticals; solubilizer for perfumes and essential oils; emulsifier for metalworking fluids
- *Properties:* Colorless to pale yel. clear to sl. hazy liq.; sol. in ethanol, min. oil, kerosene, trichloroethylene, rapeseed oil, methyl oleate, xylene; partly sol. in butyl stearate; insol. in water; HLB 6.6; acid no. 0.5 max.; iodine no. 58-66; hyd. no. 130-150; 97% conc.; nonionic

Toxicology: May cause skin/eye irritation

Volpo N5 [Čroda Óleochems.] Chem. Descrip.: Oleth-5, distilled

CAS 9004-98-2

Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent, gellant, scouring agent for industrial and cosmetic skin care applics., detergents, textile and paper processing, dust control, adhesives, polymers, polishes, agric., and pharmaceuticals; solubilizer for perfumes and essential oils; emulsifier for metalworking fluids

Properties: Wh. to off-wh.opaque liq.; sol. in ethanol, min. oil, trichloroethylene, rapseed oil, methyl oleate, xylene; partly sol. in water, kerosene, butyl stearate; HLB 9.0; acid no. 0.5 max.; iodine no. 48-56; hyd. no. 106-122; 97% conc.; nonionic

Toxicology: May cause skin/eye irritation

Volpo N10 [Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Oleth-10, distilled

CAS 9004-98-2

- Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent, gellant, scouring agent for industrial and cosmetic skin care applics., detergents, metalworking, textile and paper processing, dust control, adhesives, polymers, polishes, agric., and pharmaceuticals; solubilizer for perfumes and essential oils
- Properties: Wh. turbid liq. to soft paste; sol. in water, ethanol, min. oil, trichloroethylene, xylene; partly sol. in kerosene, butyl stearate, rapseed oil, methyl oleate; HLB 12.4; acid no. 0.5 max.; iodine no. 33-38; hyd. no. 75-90; 97% conc.; nonionic

Toxicology: May cause skin/eye irritation

Volpo N20 [Ćroda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip .: Oleth-20, distilled

CAS 9004-98-2

- Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent, gellant, scouring agent, solubilizer for industrial applics., cosmetics, detergents, metalworking, textile and paper processing, dust control, adhesives, polymers, agric., and pharmaceuticals; emulsifier in polishes
- Properties: Wh. soft solid; sol. in water, ethanol, min. oil, trichloroethylene, xylene; partly sol. in butyl stearate, rapeseed oil; HLB 15.5; acid no. 0.5 max.; iodine no. 19-24; hyd. no. 45-55; 97% conc.; nonionic

Toxicology: May cause skin/eye irritation

Volpo S2 [Croda Inc; Croda Oleochems.] Chem. Descrip.: Steareth-2

Chemin Descrip.: S

CAS 9005-00-9

Uses: Emulsifier for o/w systems, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, metalworking, textile and paper processing, dust control, adhesives, polymers, polishes, agric.; stable over wide pH range; synergistic with Volpo 3, 5 and Polychols

Use Level: 0.5-5%

Properties: Wh. translucent plastic wax; sol. in alcohol, glycols, methyl oleate, xylene, ketones, most chlorinated and aromatic solvs., kerosene, min. oil; HLB 4.9; acid no. 1.0 max.; hyd. no. 150-170; cloud pt. < 55 C (1% aq.); pH 6.0-7.0 (3%); 100% conc.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 21 g/kg; mild skin irritation, nonirritating to eyes Volpo S10 [Croda Inc; Croda Chem. Ltd]

Chem. Descrip .: Steareth-10

CAS 9005-00-9

Uses: O/w emulsifier for cosmetics, topical pharmaceuticals, hair straighteners and relaxers, detergents, metalworking, textile and paper processing, dust control, adhesives, polymers, polishes, agric.; stable over wide pH range; synergistic with Polychol 15, Volpo 10 and 20; provides superior stability to systems contg. cetyl or stearyl alcohols

Use Level: 0.5-5%

Properties: Wh. waxy solid, low odor; sol. in water, alcohol, glycol, ketone, most chlorinated and aromatic solvs.; insol. in oil; HLB 12.4;acid no. 1.0 max.; hyd. no. 75-90; cloud pt. 65-75 C (1% aq.); pH 6.0-7.0 (3%); 100% conc.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2.1 g/kg; moderate skin irritant, severe eye irritant **Volpo S20** [Croda Inc; Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip .: Steareth-20

CAS 9005-00-9

Uses: O/w emulsifier for cosmetics, topical pharmaceuticals, ethic hair straighteners and relaxers, detergents, metalworking, textile and paper processing, dust control, adhesives, polymers, polishes, agric.; stable over wide pH

- range Use Level: 0.5-5%
- Properties: Wh. solid; sol. in water, alcohols, glycols, ketones, most chlorinated and aromatic solvs.; insol. in oil; HLB 15.3; acid no. 1.0 max.; hyd. no. 45-60; cloud pt. > 100 C (1% aq.); 100% conc.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2.07 g/kg; nonirritating to skin; moderate eye irritant

- Volpo T5 [Croda Oleochems.]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Trideceth-5

CAS 24938-91-8

- Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent, gellant, scouring agent, solubilizer for industrial applics., cosmetics, detergents, textile and paper processing, dust control, adhesives, polymers, polishes, agric., and pharmaceuticals; wetting agent in metalworking fluids
- Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in kerosene, trichloroethylene, rapseed oil, methyl oleate, xylene, ethanol; partly sol. in water, min. oil, butyl stearate; HLB 10.5; acid no. 1 max.; hyd. no. 130-145; 97% conc.; nonionic

Volpo T10 [Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip .: Trideceth-10

CAS 78330-21-9

Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent, gellant, scouring agent, solubilizer for industrial applics., cosmetics, detergents, textile and paper processing, dust control, polymers, polishes, agric., and pharmaceuticals; wetting agent in metal pickling baths, animal glues

Properties: Wh. soft paste; sol. in water, rapeseed oil, methyl oleate, xylene; partly sol. in kerosene, butyl stearate; insol. in min. oil; HLB 13.7; acid no. 1 max.; hyd. no. 8-95; 97% conc.; nonionic

Volpo T15 [Croda Oleochems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Trideceth-15

CAS 78330-21-9

- Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent, gellant, scouring agent, solubilizer for industrial applics., cosmetics, detergents, textile and paper processing, dust control, polymers, polishes, agric., and pharmaceuticals; wetting agent in metal pickling baths
- Properties: Wh. soft paste; sol. in water, ethanol, trichloroethylene, methyl oleate, xylene; partly sol. in butyl stearte, rapeseed oil; HLB 15.4; acid no. 1 max.; hyd. no. 65-75; 97% conc.; nonionic

Vybar® 103 [Baker Petrolite]

Chem. Descrip.: Syn. wax; ethylene-derived hydrocarbon polymer CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6

Uses: Lubricant; anticaking agent; modifier for paraffin (inc. hardness, opacity); in candles to replace stearic acid; opacifies the candle and imparts resistance to thermal shock; pigment dispersant to wet inorg. pigments and fillers at high loading level; suitable for hot-melt inks, mold release compds., plastic lubricants, protective coatings, polishes, slip and antimar additives; emollient, gloss aid, lubricant for cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives, paper *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 178.3850

Properties: Solid; limited sol. in org. solvs.; m.w. 2800; dens. 0.92 g/cc; visc. 345 cps (99 C); soften. pt. 74 C; iodine no. 14

Vybar® 260 [Baker Petrolite]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Syn. wax; olefin-derived hydrocarbon polymer CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6
- Uses: Paraffin wax modifier in polishes, industrial coatings, hot-melt inks, mold-release compds., plastic lubricants, and slip/antimar additives; emollient, gloss aid, lubricant for cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives, paper; hard, low-melting polymer with low melt visc.; additive producing blends with paraffin which are harder and more opaque; upgrades props. of lower-grade waxes

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 178.3850

Properties: Solid; sol. in min. spirits, xylene, and trichloroethylene; m.w. 2600; dens. 0.90 g/cc; visc. 358 cps (99 C); soften. pt. 54 C; iodine no. 15

W

Wacker HDK® N20 [Wacker-Chemie GmbH; Wacker Silicones]

Chem. Descrip.: Fumed silica

CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Uses: Thickener, thixotrope, antisettling agent for paints/coatings, pharmaceuticals/cosmetics (toothpaste, tablets, powds., aerosols, suspensions, ointments, creams), diazo paper, printing inks, PVC plastisols, rubbers, adhesives; reinforcing filler in silicone rubber; free-flow agent for powds., pigments, and salts; hydrophilic
- Use Level: 5-35% (rubber), 15-35% (high temp. curing silicone rubber), 0.8-1.2% (adhesives)
- Properties: Wh. powd.; bulk dens. 40 g/l (tamped); surf. area 200 ± 30 m²/ g; ref. index 1.45; pH 3.6-4.3 (4% aq.)

Storage: 1 yr storage stability in unopened containers

WAC[®] Paper [Atofina]

Chem. Descrip.: Basic polyaluminum chlorosulfate

Uses: Coagulant, anionic trash collector in papermaking, upstream retention prods. and processes, food-contact paper; coagulant for industrial and waste water; dec. pollution of process water loops; very stable

Regulatory: BgVV compliance

Wax Emulsifier 4106 [Clariant]

Chem. Descrip .: Cetoleth

CAS 68920-66-1

- Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, leveling agent for waxes (polishes, leather, textile, paper coatings); free of alkylphenol ethoxylates
- Properties: Wh. waxy solid; iodine no. < 2; cloud pt. 58-59 C; drop pt. 50-60 C; pH 6-7.5 (1%); nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2000 mg/kg; skin irritant

Storage: Keep in dry storage @ R.T.

Wayfos® D-10N [Arch Chems.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), -nonylphenyl-hydroxy phosphate Uses: Antistat, dispersant, corrosion inhibitor, emulsifier, stabilizer, solubilizer for textile processing, alkaline and acid soak cleaners, hard surf. cleaners, dishwashes, wax removers, emulsion polymerization, agric., paper processing
- Properties: Gardner 1-2 visc. liq.; sol. in water, alcohols, glycol ethers, aromatic and aliphatic hydrocarbons, chlorinated solvs.; sp.gr. 1.10; dens. 9.15 lb/gal; pH 1.7-2.0 (5% aq.); Draves wetting 44 s (0.25%); Ross-Miles foam 133 mm (0.1%, initial); 100% act.; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2 g/kg; skin irritant; corrosive to eyes

Wayfos® M-100 [Arch Chems.]

Chem. Descrip.: Aromatic phosphate ester, free acid

- Uses: Antistat, detergent for all-purpose heavy-duty formulations; corrosion inhibitor for nonferrous metals; pesticide emulsifier; pitch dispersant for paper pulp processing
- Properties: Lt. amber visc. liq.; sol. in water, alcohols, glycol ethers, aliphatic hydrocarbons, chlorinated solvs.; disp. in aromatic hydrocarbons; sp.gr.

1.13; dens. 9.40 lb/gal; pH 2.0-2.5 (1% aq.); Draves wetting 10 s (0.25%); 100% act.; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2 g/kg; skin irritant; corrosive to eyes

Webnix 69C [Crusader]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone-based, protein-supported emulsion

Uses: Dewebber, defoamer, and antifoam for natural and syn. latexes in latex dipping industry (mfg. of toys, medical, household, and industrial gloves, anesthesia bags); defoamer for pulp/paper mfg., influent and effluent wastewater treatment, boiler water treatment, paints, adhesives, and sealants; food-contact rubber articles

Use Level: 0.2-0.5 phr

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2600

- Properties: Wh. creamy emulsion; completely disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.95 ± 0.1 ; visc. 50-600 cps; pH 9.0 ± 0.5
- Storage: 6 mos shelf life stored @ ambient temps.; stir briefly before use; excessive heat over 105 F for prolonged periods or freezing temps. may destabilize prod.

Webnix 1065-3 [Crusader]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone-based, protein-supported emulsion

- Uses: Dewebber and defoamer for latex dipping industry (mfg. of medical, surgical, household, and industrial gloves, anesthesia bags, catheters, balloons, condoms); defoamer for pulp/paper mfg., influent and effluent wastewater treatment, boiler water treatment, paints, adhesives, sealants, and inks; food-contact rubber articles
- Use Level: 0.2-0.5 phr
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2600
- Properties: Wh. milky emulsion; completely disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.95 ± 0.1 ; visc. 50-650 cps; pH 9.0 ± 0.5
- Storage: 6 mos shelf life stored @ ambient temps.; stir briefly before use; excessive heat over 105 F for prolonged periods or freezing temps. may destabilize prod.

Webnix 5113 [Crusader]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone-based, gum-supported emulsion

- Uses: Dewebber and antifoam for natural latex and syn. blends, esp. nitrile formulations and high visc. latexes in latex dipping industry (mfg. of medical, household, and industrial gloves, toys, balloons); defoamer for pulp/paper mfg., influent and effluent wastewater treatment, boiler water treatment, paints, adhesives, and sealants; food-contact rubber articles
- Use Level: 0.2-0.5 phr
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2600
- Properties: Wh. milky emulsion; completely disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.95 ± 0.1 ; visc. 200-950 cps; pH 9.0 ± 0.5
- Storage: 6 mos shelf life stored @ ambient temps.; stir briefly before use; excessive heat over 105 F for prolonged periods or freezing temps. may destabilize prod.

Webnix 5116 [Crusader]

Chem. Descrip.: Silicone-based, clay-supported emulsion

Uses: Dewebber and antifoam for natural latex and syn. blends, esp. nitrile formulations and high visc. latexes in latex dipping industry (mfg. of medical, household, and industrial gloves, toys, balloons); defoamer for pulp/paper mfg., influent and effluent wastewater treatment, boiler water treatment, paints, adhesives, and sealants; food-contact rubber articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2600

- Properties: Wh. milky emulsion; completely disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.95 \pm 0.1; visc. 200-950 cps; pH 9.0 \pm 0.5
- Storage: 6 mos shelf life stored @ ambient temps.; stir briefly before use; excessive heat over 105 F for prolonged periods or freezing temps. may destabilize prod.

Webnix CAL-183 [Crusader]

Chem. Descrip .: Silicone-free, protein-free emulsion

Uses: Dewebber and antifoam for natural latex and syn. blends, latex dipping industry (mfg. of medical and surgical gloves, balloons); antifoam for pulp/

paper mfg., wastewater treatment, boiler water treatment, inks; food-contact Storage: 1 yr shelf life when stored @ ambient temps.; not subject to destabilization or deterioration; settling may occur, mix before use coatings, rubber articles Use Level: 0.2-0.5 phr Weston® 618 [GE Spec.] Chem. Descrip.: Distearyl pentaerythritol diphosphite Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 177.2600 CAS 3806-34-6; EINECS/ELINCS 223-276-6 Properties: Off-wh. emulsion; completely disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.00 ± 0.1; visc. 200-750 cps; pH 8.5-9.5 Uses: Antioxidant for polyester, PE, PP, PS, ABS, PVC, polybutadiene, Storage: 6 mos shelf life stored @ ambient temps.; stir briefly before use; EPDM; exc. UV synergist; food-contact paper/paperboard, polymers; nonexcessive heat over 105 F for prolonged periods or freezing temps. may discoloring, synergistic Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1520 destabilize prod. Properties: Wh. powd. or flakes Webnix FreeSil 581 [Crusader] Chem. Descrip .: Silicone-free, protein-free conc. sol'n. Toxicology: Nontoxic Westvaco® Rosin T [Westvaco] Uses: Dewebber and antifoam for latex formulations esp. latex dipped goods @ low dosage levels, pulp/paper mfg., wastewater treatment, boiler water Chem. Descrip .: Tall oil rosin CAS 8052-10-6; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7 treatment, inks, paints, and adhesives Webnix FreeSil 622 [Crusader] Uses: Raw material for rubber processing oils, ink resins, dk. unfortified paper Chem. Descrip.: Silicone-free, protein-free conc. sol'n. size, other applics. not sensitive to color Properties: Dens. 8.2 lb/gal; soften. pt. (R&B) 130 F; acid no. 100; sapon. no. Uses: Dewebber and antifoam for latex formulations esp. latex dipped goods @ low dosage levels, pulp/paper mfg., wastewater treatment, boiler water 135 Wetsan[™] DI284-1 [BASF] treatment, inks, paints, and adhesives Uses: Deinking agent, surfactant, dispersant for inks and other contaminants Webnix FreeSil 642 [Crusader] Chem. Descrip .: Silicone-free, protein-free conc. sol'n. for newsprint and wood-free paper Uses: Dewebber and antifoam for latex formulations esp. latex dipped goods W.G.S. Hydrogenated Fish Glyceride 117 [Werner G. Smith] Chem. Descrip.: Triester of long chain fatty acids (mostly arachidic and @ low dosage levels, pulp/paper mfg., wastewater treatment, boiler water treatment, inks, paints, and adhesives behenic) and glycerin Webnix FreeSil A [Crusader] CAS 68424-59-9 Chem. Descrip.: Silicone-free, protein-free conc. sol'n. Uses: Softener, plasticizer used in wax compds., textile softeners and sizes, yarn lubricants, grease sticks, polishes, crayons, candles, leather stuffing, Uses: Dewebber and antifoam for latex formulations esp. latex dipped goods @ low dosage levels, pulp/paper mfg., wastewater treatment, boiler water wire drawing compds., paper coatings, and plastics; environmentally friendly Properties: Off-wh. flakes, faint waxy odor; negligible sol. in water; sp.gr. treatment, inks, paints, and adhesives; food-contact rubber articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2600 0.891 (60 F); m.p. 47-51 C; acid no. 6 max.; iodine no. 35 max.; sapon. no. Properties: Amber liq.; completely disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.95 ± 0.5; visc. 500 186-201; flash pt. 500 F cps max.; pH 7.5-9.5 Toxicology: Nontoxic; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system, GI tract Storage: 1 yr shelf life when stored @ ambient temps.; not subject to desta-Environmental: Readily biodeg. bilization or deterioration; settling may occur, mix before use Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizing agents; keep away from heat, sources Webnix FreeSil B [Crusader] of ignition Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Oxides of carbon, smoke Chem. Descrip.: Silicone-free, protein-free conc. sol'n. Storage: Keep container closed when not in use Uses: Dewebber and antifoam for latex formulations esp. latex dipped goods @ low dosage levels, pulp/paper mfg., wastewater treatment, boiler water W.G.S. Hydrogenated Fish Glyceride 128 [Werner G. Smith] treatment, inks, paints, and adhesives Chem. Descrip .: Triester of long chain fatty acids (mostly arachidic and Regulatory: FDA approval pending behenic) and glycerin Properties: Amber liq.; completely disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.90 ± 0.5; visc. 100 Uses: Used for wax compds., textile sizing, grease sticks for polishing, cps max.; pH 5.5-7.5 lubricating greases, adhesives, Japan wax replacements, crayons, leather Storage: 1 yr shelf life when stored @ ambient temps.; not subject to destastuffings, stearates, wire drawing compds. of calcium soap type, paper bilization or deterioration; settling may occur, mix before use coatings, and plastics; environmentally friendly Properties: Color (Lovibond 5¼) 20Y-2.0R max.; sp.gr. 0.856; m.p. 53-57 C; Webnix FreeSil C [Crusader] Chem. Descrip .: Silicone-free, protein-free conc. sol'n. acid no. 5.0 max.; iodine no. 5.0; sapon. no. 188-195 Uses: Dewebber and antifoam for latex formulations esp. latex dipped goods Toxicology: Nontoxic @ low dosage levels, pulp/paper mfg., wastewater treatment, boiler water Environmental: Readily biodeg. Wickit[™] [Hercules] treatment, inks, paints, and adhesives; food-contact rubber articles Uses: Absorbency aid for tissue and towel grades Witcamide® MAS [Goldschmidt] Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2600 Properties: Amber liq.; completely disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.95 ± 0.5; visc. 300 cps max.; pH 7.5-9.5 Chem. Descrip .: Stearamide MEA-stearate Storage: 1 yr shelf life when stored @ ambient temps.; not subject to desta-CAS 14351-40-7; EINECS/ELINCS 238-310-5 bilization or deterioration; settling may occur, mix before use Uses: Opacifier, conditioner, lubricant, gellant for personal care, household, Webnix FreeSil G [Crusader] and institutional lig. soaps; as partial or total replacement for veg. waxes in Chem. Descrip.: Silicone-free, protein-free conc. sol'n. polishes; coating agent for paper and textiles; mold release agent for indus-Uses: Dewebber and antifoam for latex formulations esp. latex dipped goods trial processing; additive for raising melting pts. of petrol. waxes or glyceride @ low dosage levels, pulp/paper mfg., wastewater treatment, boiler water waxes and fats; ingred. of insulating coatings or barriers, and of watertreatment, inks, paints, and adhesives repellent compds. Regulatory: FDA approval pending Properties: Lt. cream waxy flakes; mild char. odor; sol. in aliphatic, aromatic, Properties: Amber liq.; completely disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.92 ± 0.5; visc. 350 and chlorinated hydrocarbons, alcohol, ketones, esters; sp.gr. 0.844; m.p. cps max.; pH 7.5-9.5 81 C; acid no. 5.0; 100% conc.; nonionic Storage: 1 yr shelf life when stored @ ambient temps.; not subject to desta-Witcobond® W-213 [Crompton/Witco] bilization or deterioration; settling may occur, mix before use Chem. Descrip .: PU aq. disp. Webnix FreeSil H [Crusader] Uses: Binder; protective coating or surf. treatment primarily for textiles, nonwovens, fiberglass, paper, wood, urethane foam, or other porous sub-Chem. Descrip.: Silicone-free, protein-free conc. sol'n. Uses: Dewebber and antifoam for latex formulations esp. latex dipped goods strates; forms strong, cohesive films by evaporation of water content; rec. @ low dosage levels, pulp/paper mfg., wastewater treatment, boiler water where the props. of a light-stable, water-based urethane are suitable; low treatment, inks, paints, and adhesives VOC Regulatory: FDA approval pending Properties: Semitranslucent liq.; char. odor; colloidal particle size; sp.gr. 1.04; Properties: Amber liq.; completely disp. in water; sp.gr. 0.88 ± 0.5; visc. 100 dens. 8.7 lb/gal; visc. < 100 cps; flash pt. (PMCC) > 100 C; pH 4-6; surf. cps max.; pH 7.5-9.5 tens. 39 dynes/cm; VOC 206 g/l; Film props.: tens. str. 5000 psi; tens.

elong. 365% (ultimate); 30% solids; cationic WorléeSin MS 235 [Worlée-Chemie]

Uses: For spirit lacquers and paper varnishes

Properties: Gardner 8 max. color; m.p. 130-145 C; acid no. 180-200 WW Filler™ [IMERYS]

Chem. Descrip.: Specially fractionated water-washed kaolin

CAS 1332-58-7; EINECS/ELINCS 296-473-8

Uses: Filler, opacifier for paper industry; improves brightness, printability *Properties:* Spray-dried, slurry; 0.03% 325-mesh residue, 60% finer than 2 μ particle size; sp.gr. 2.62; visc. 300 cps (70% solids); brightness (GE) 84-85; ref. index 1.56; pH 6.2-7.5 (20% aq.); hardness (Mohs) 2; 0.3-1.0% moisture (spray-dried), 29-31% moisture (slurry)

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Xanthan Gum [ADM Food Addit.]

Chem. Descrip.: Xanthan gum

CAS 11138-66-2; EINECS/ELINCS 234-394-2

Uses: Thickener, bodying agent, stabilizer for food, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, and industrial applics.; food-contact paper/paperboard, polymers

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.645, 172.695, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1350, 182.99, 573.1010; NF, FCC, JECFA

Toxicology: LD50 (rat) > 5000 mg/kg

Environmental: Biodeg.

Storage: Store in tightly closed container

XC-33 [Releasomers]

Chem. Descrip.: Water-based fluorochemical copolymer

Uses: Release agent for rubber, plastic, and metal industries; food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170(a)

Properties: Milky wh. emulsion; sp.gr. < 1; pH > 5

Storage: Store below 32 C; protect from freezing

X-Link 2833 [Nat'l. Starch & Chem.]

Chem. Descrip.: Self-crosslinking vinyl acrylic copolymer emulsion Uses: Imparts fold endurance, tear str., delamination resist., lightfastness, durability, and toughness to paper saturation (tag and label stock); soft and durable; exc. adhesion to rayon and polyester fibers; crosslinking imparts str. and durability; exc. compd., size press, saturation, and spray stability; acceptable for skin contact applics.

Properties: 0.2 µ particle size; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 200 cps; pH 4.5; 45% solids; anionic

X-Link 2893 [Nat'l. Starch & Chem.]

Chem. Descrip.: Self-crosslinking vinyl acrylic copolymer emulsion

Uses: Dry and wet str. agent for paper saturation (wallcovering); imparts water repellency into sat. paper; features softness and durability; exc. saturation and size press stability; exc. adhesion to nat. and syn. substrates; crosslinking provides str. and solv. resist.

Properties: 0.2 μ particle size; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 200 cps; pH 4.5; 45% solids; anionic

X-Link 5627 [Nat'l. Starch & Chem.]

Chem. Descrip.: Self-crosslinking vinyl acrylic copolymer emulsion *Uses:* Dry and wet str. agent for paper saturation (air and vacuum filtration); features firmness, durability, exc. mech. and saturation stability; fast pen-

etration into paper; exc. adhesion to nat. and syn. substrates; crosslinking imparts str. and toughness Properties: 0.20 u particle size: dens. 8.8 lb/gal: visc. 100 cps; pH 6.5; 45%

Properties: 0.20 µ particle size; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; visc. 100 cps; pH 6.5; 45% solids; anionic

XZ 26001.00 [Dow]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene acrylic copolymer aq. sol'n.

CAS 9010-92-8

- Uses: Surf. sizing agent for acid, alkaline, neutral, or unsized paper; improves ink-jet printability, toner adhesion, and optical brightness; exc. flexibility; very high mech. stability
- Properties: YIsh.-wh. sl. turbid sol'n.; visc. 2000 mPa•s; pH 9; 20% solids; anionic

XZ 26005.00 [Dow]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrene acrylic copolymer aq. sol'n.

CAS 9010-92-8

Uses: Surf. sizing agent for acid, alkaline, neutral, or unsized paper; improves ink-jet printability, toner adhesion, and optical brightness; exc. flexibility; very high mech. stability

Properties: Ylsh.-wh. sl. turbid sol'n.; visc. 200 mPa•s; pH 9; 15% solids; anionic

Yelkin® DS [ADM Lecithin]

Chem. Descrip.: Standardized soya lecithin

CAS 8002-43-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-307-2

Uses: Drink mixes; candies; adhesives; animal feeds; asphalt; concrete; cosmetics; detergents; drilling muds; dust control; explosives; fertilizers; inks; leather tanning; lubricants; magnetic tapes; paints; paper coatings; pesticides/herbicides; pet foods; petrol. additives; putty/caulks; release agents; rust/corrosion inhibitors; textiles; waxes; polishes; wood preservatives; acid no. 30 max.; 1% max. water

Yelkin[®] SS [ADM Lecithin]

Chem. Descrip.: Standardized soya lecithin

CAS 8002-43-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-307-2

- Uses: Adhesives; animal feeds; asphalt; concrete; cosmetics; detergents; explosives; fertilizers; inks; leather tanning; lubricants; magnetic tapes; paints and coatings; pesticides/herbicides; petroleum additives; putty/caulking compounds; release agents; rust/corrosion inhibitors; textiles; waxes; polishes; wood preservatives; paper coatings; dust control; drilling muds; dough conditioner, pan lubricant for foods; emulsifier for w/o emulsions
- Properties: Translucent fluid; visc. 65-85 stokes; HLB 4.0; acid no. 30 max.; 1% max. water

Yelkin® T [ADM Lecithin]

Chem. Descrip.: Standardized soya lecithin

CAS 8002-43-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-307-2

Uses: Adhesives; animal feeds; asphalt; concrete; cosmetics; detergents; explosives; fertilizers; inks; leather tanning; lubricants; magnetic tapes; paints and coatings; pesticides/herbicides; petroleum additives; putty/caulking compounds; release agents; rust/corrosion inhibitors; textiles; waxes; polishes; wood preservatives; paper coatings; dust control; drilling muds; food (candies, margarine, baked goods, icings, frostings); emulsifier for w/o emulsions

Properties: Opaque plastic; HLB 4.0; acid no. 25 max.; 1% max. water Yelkin® TS [ADM Lecithin]

Chem. Descrip.: Standardized soya lecithin

CAS 8002-43-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-307-2

- Uses: Adhesives; animal feeds; asphalt; concrete; cosmetics; detergents; explosives; fertilizers; inks; leather tanning; lubricants; magnetic tapes; paints and coatings; pesticides/herbicides; petroleum additives; putty/caulking compounds; release agents; rust/corrosion inhibitors; textiles; waxes; polishes; wood preservatives; paper coatings; dust control; drilling muds; food (chocolate, frosting, baked goods, icings, margarine); emulsifier for w/o emulsions
- Properties: Translucent fluid; visc. 65-85 stokes; HLB 4.0; acid no. 30 max.; 1% max. water

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Ζ

ZAA [Magnesium Elektron]

Chem. Descrip.: Zirconium acetate CAS 7585-20-8

- Uses: Ingred. of zirconium/wax water repellents for semi-durable textile fabrics and paper; catalyst for curing silicone resins in water repellent treatments for textiles and leather; re-tan or filling for high quality leather goods; component of corrosion-inhibiting pretreatment process for metal; refractory binder for mfg. of high temp. stabilized zirconia shapes; coatings requiring UV It. reflectance; starting material for other zirconium compds., esp. soaps
- *Properties:* Clear mildly acidic sol'n.; sp.gr. 1.3; pH 3.3; ZrO₂ (22%); CH₃COOH (17%); Na (250 ppm); SO₄ (350 ppm)
- Storage: Indefinite shelf life @ ambient temps.; can withstand med./long-term exposure to nat. temp. extremes; precipitates due to extreme cold will usually dissolve; hydrolysis causes irreversible damage

Zelec® ECP-1410-M [Milliken]

- Chem. Descrip.: Antimony-doped tin oxide coated onto inert core (mica)
- Uses: Electroconductive additive in coatings and plastics; for ESD protection in electronic component pkg., floor/wall coatings, plastics, laminates; electrostatic painting (automotive primers); dielec. film and paper; toners; noncorrosive, non-sloughing, not affected by high temps. or chemicals, humidity independent conductivity
- Properties: Lt. gray powd.; 8 µ particle size; sp.gr. 3.5 g/cc; dens. 0.6 g/cc (tapped); surf. area 30-40 m²/g; resist. 50-150 ohm-cm; 4% antimony *Toxicology:* Low oral toxicity; moderate eye irritant; nonirritating to skin *Storage:* Store in cool, dry area in closed containers

Zelec® ECP-1410-T [Milliken]

- *Chem. Descrip.:* Antimony-doped tin oxide coated onto inert core (TiO₂) *Uses:* Electroconductive additive in coatings and plastics; for ESD protection in electronic component pkg., floor/wall coatings, plastics, laminates; electrostatic painting (automotive primers); dielec. film and paper; toners; noncorrosive, non-sloughing, not affected by high temps. or chemicals, humidity independent conductivity
- Properties: Lt. gray powd.; 5 µ particle size; sp.gr. 5 g/cc; dens. 1.1 g/cc (tapped); surf. area 15-25 m²/g; resist. 2-5 ohm-cm; 4% antimony *Toxicology:* Low oral toxicity; moderate eye irritant; nonirritating to skin
- Storage: Store in cool, dry area in closed containers

Zelec® ECP-1610-S [Milliken]

Chem. Descrip.: Antimony-doped tin oxide coated onto inert core (silica shell) Uses: Electroconductive additive in coatings and plastics; for ESD protection in electronic component pkg., floor/wall coatings, plastics, laminates; electrostatic painting (automotive primers); dielec. film and paper; toners; noncorrosive, non-sloughing, not affected by high temps. or chemicals, humidity independent conductivity

Próperties: Lt. gray powd.; 9 µ particle size; sp.gr. 4 g/cc; dens. 0.4 g/cc (tapped); surf. area 30-60 m²/g; resist. 4-15 ohm-cm; 6.5% antimony *Toxicology:* Low oral toxicity; moderate eye irritant; nonirritating to skin *Storage:* Store in cool, dry area in closed containers

Zelec® ECP-1703-S [Milliken]

Chem. Descrip.: Antimony-doped tin oxide coated onto inert core (silica shell) Uses: Electroconductive additive in coatings and plastics; for ESD protection in electronic component pkg., floor/wall coatings, plastics, laminates; electrostatic painting (automotive primers); dielec. film and paper; toners; noncorrosive, non-sloughing, not affected by high temps. or chemicals, humidity independent conductivity

Properties: Lt. green powd.; 9 µ particle size; sp.gr. 4 g/cc; dens. 0.35 g/cc

(tapped); surf. area 40-50 m²/g; resist. 20-80 ohm-cm; 2.5% antimony *Toxicology:* Low oral toxicity; moderate eye irritant; nonirritating to skin *Storage:* Store in cool, dry area in closed containers

Zelec® ECP-2610-S [Milliken]

Chem. Descrip.: Antimony-doped tin oxide coated onto inert core (silica shell) Uses: Electroconductive additive in coatings and plastics; for ESD protection in electronic component pkg., floor/wall coatings, plastics, laminates; electrostatic painting (automotive primers); dielec. film and paper; toners; noncorrosive, non-sloughing, not affected by high temps. or chemicals, humidity independent conductivity

Properties: Lt. gray powd.; 4 µ particle size; sp.gr. 4 g/cc; dens. 0.4 g/cc (tapped); surf. area 30-60 m²/g; resist. 4-15 ohm-cm; 6.5% antimony *Toxicology:* Low oral toxicity; moderate eye irritant; nonirritating to skin *Storage:* Store in cool, dry area in closed containers

Zelec® ECP-2703-S [Milliken]

- Chem. Descrip.: Antimony-doped tin oxide coated onto inert core (silica shell) Uses: Electroconductive additive in coatings and plastics; for ESD protection in electronic component pkg., floor/wall coatings, plastics, laminates; electrostatic painting (automotive primers); dielec. film and paper; toners; noncorrosive, non-sloughing, not affected by high temps. or chemicals, humidity independent conductivity
- Properties: Lt. green powd.; 4 µ particle size; sp.gr. 4 g/cc; dens. 0.35 g/cc (tapped); surf. area 40-50 m²/g; resist. 20-80 ohm-cm; 2.5% antimony *Toxicology:* Low oral toxicity; moderate eye irritant; nonirritating to skin *Storage:* Store in cool, dry area in closed containers

Zelec® ECP-3005-XC [Milliken]

Chem. Descrip.: Antimony-doped tin oxide without core particles *Uses:* Electroconductive additive in coatings and plastics; for ESD protection in electronic component pkg., floor/wall coatings, plastics, laminates; electrostatic painting (automotive primers); dielec. film and paper; toners; noncorrosive, non-sloughing, not affected by high temps. or chemicals, humidity independent conductivity

Properties: Green powd.; 0.7 μ particle size; sp.gr. 6.5-7.5 g/cc; dens. 0.8 g/cc (tapped); surf. area 15-30 m²/g; resist. 0.5-3 ohm-cm; 6.5% antimony *Toxicology:* Low oral toxicity; moderate eye irritant; nonirritating to skin *Storage:* Store in cool, dry area in closed containers

Zelec® ECP-3010-XC [Milliken]

Chem. Descrip.: Antimony-doped tin oxide without core particles Uses: Electroconductive additive in coatings and plastics; for ESD protection in electronic component pkg., floor/wall coatings, plastics, laminates; electrostatic painting (automotive primers); dielec. film and paper; toners; noncorrosive, non-sloughing, not affected by high temps. or chemicals, humidity independent conductivity

Properties: Blue powd.; 2 µ particle size; sp.gr. 6.5-7.5 g/cc; dens. 0.5 g/cc (tapped): surf. area 60-80 m²/g; resist. 0.5-3 ohm-cm; 10% antimony *Toxicology:* Low oral toxicity; moderate eye irritant; nonirritating to skin *Storage:* Store in cool, dry area in closed containers

Zelec® ECP-3410-T [Milliken]

Chem. Descrip.: Antimony-doped tin oxide coated onto inert core (TiO₂) *Uses:* Electroconductive additive in coatings and plastics; for ESD protection in electronic component pkg., floor/wall coatings, plastics, laminates; electrostatic painting (automotive primers); dielec. film and paper; toners; noncorrosive, non-sloughing, not affected by high temps. or chemicals, humidity independent conductivity

Properties: Lt. gray powd.; 1 µ particle size; sp.gr. 5 g/cc; dens. 1.1 g/cc

(tapped); surf. area 15-25 m²/g; resist. 2-5 ohm-cm; 4% antimony *Toxicology:* Low oral toxicity; moderate eye irritant; nonirritating to skin *Storage:* Store in cool, dry area in closed containers

Zelec® ECP-3610-S [Milliken]

- Chem. Descrip.: Antimony-doped tin oxide coated onto inert core (silica shell) Uses: Electroconductive additive in coatings and plastics; for ESD protection in electronic component pkg., floor/wall coatings, plastics, laminates; electrostatic painting (automotive primers); dielec. film and paper; toners; noncorrosive, non-sloughing, not affected by high temps. or chemicals, humidity independent conductivity
- *Properties:* Lt. gray powd.; 2 μ particle size; sp.gr. 4 g/cc; dens. 0.4 g/cc (tapped); surf. area 30-60 m²/g; resist. 4-15 ohm-cm; 6.5% antimony *Toxicology:* Low oral toxicity; moderate eye irritant; nonirritating to skin *Storage:* Store in cool, dry area in closed containers
- Zenix[™] [Hercules]
 - Uses: Deposit control agent, scale control agent for pulp, paper, and paperboard mfg.

Zeolex[®] 23P [J.M. Huber/Chems.]

- Chem. Descrip.: Sodium silicoaluminate
- CAS 1344-00-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-684-8
- Uses: Paper filler
- Properties: 5 μ avg. particle size; surf. area 73 m²/g; oil absorp. 115 cc/100 g; pH 10.2
- Zetafil 1 [Microfill K. Zafranas]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate (99.7%)
 - CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9
 - Uses: Pigment for industrial paints, emulsion paints, powd. coatings, paper/ board coatings; high brightness
 - Properties: Very wh. hombohedral crystals; $80\% < 2 \mu$; sp.gr. 2.7; bulk dens. 0.70 g/ml (packed); surf. area 10.1 m²/g; oil absorp. 21/100 g; dry brightness 95.5%; pH 9; ref. index 1.59; hardness (Mohs) 3; < 0.2% moisture
- Zetafil 2 [Microfill K. Zafranas]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate (99.7%)
 - CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9
 - Uses: Pigment for plastics (PVC, PU, polyester, polyolefins), emulsion paints, primers, powd. coatings, adhesives, paper/board; high brightness; enables reduction of TiO₂ levels in coatings
 - *Properties:* Very wh. rhombohedral crystals; 60% < 2 μ; sp.gr. 2.7; bulk dens. 0.9 g/ml (packed); oil absorp. 21/100 g; dry brightness 95.5%; pH 9; ref. index 1.59; hardness (Mohs) 3; < 0.2% moisture

Zetafil 3 [Microfill K. Zafranas]

Chem. Descrip.: Calcium carbonate (99.7%)

CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9

- Uses: Pigment for plastics (PVC, PU, polyester, polyolefins), emulsion paints, primers, powd. coatings, adhesives, paper/board; high brightness; enables reduction of TiO₂ levels in coatings
- Properties: Very wh. rhombohedral crystals; $49\% < 2 \mu$; sp.gr. 2.7; bulk dens. 0.9 g/ml (packed); oil absorp. 20/100 g; dry brightness 95%; pH 9; ref. index 1.59; hardness (Mohs) 3; < 0.2% moisture
- Zetag® [Ciba Spec. Chems./Paper]

Uses: Flocculant for sludge dewatering in effluent treatment for paper industry **Zohar ZDB** [Zohar Detergent Factory]

- Chem. Descrip.: Microbially produced surf. act. polymer
- Uses: Dispersant for paper, cosmetics, detergents, water treatment, ceramics, textile, dyes, etc.; wet grinding aid; polymer that adheres to particles of org. and inorg. compds. such as limestone or pigments, changing their surf. props.

Zonarez® 1040 [Arizona]

- Chem. Descrip.: Polyterpene resin
- CAS 9003-74-1
- Uses: Tackifier for adhesives, food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210
- Properties: Gardner 4 color; soften. pt. (R&B) 40 C

Zonarez® 1085 [Arizona]

- Chem. Descrip.: Polyterpene resin
- CAS 9003-74-1

Uses: Tackifier for adhesives, food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180,

- 177.1210
- Properties: Gardner 2 color; soften. pt. (R&B) 85 C
- Zonarez® 1115T [Arizona]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyterpene resin
 - CAS 9003-74-1

Uses: Tackifier for adhesives, food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210

Properties: Gardner 2 color; soften. pt. (R&B) 115 C

Zonarez® 1125 [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyterpene resin

CAS 9003-74-1

- Uses: Tackifier for adhesives, food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210
- Properties: Gardner 1+ color; soften. pt. (R&B) 125 C

Zonarez® 1135 [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyterpene resin

CAS 9003-74-1

- Uses: Tackifier for adhesives, food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210
- *Properties:* Gardner 1+ color; soften. pt. (R&B) 135 C
- Zonarez® 7115 [Arizona]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Polyterpene resin produced from dipinene CAS 9003-74-1
 - Uses: Polymer imparting high levels of tack and adhesion to elastomeric and polymeric materials in mfg. of pressure-sensitive adhesives, rubber cements, hot-melt adhesives/coatings, can sealants, caulking, inks, paints, concrete waterproofing agents; varnishes, chewing and bubble gum bases, moisture-resist. soft gelatin capsules and powds. of ascorbic acid and its salts; food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; bright, clear, pale-colored, low m.w.; LITE resins feature water-wh. color
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210
 - Properties: Gardner 4 color; sp.gr. 0.99; soften. pt. (R&B) 115 C; flash pt. (CC) > 400 F
- Zonarez® 7115 LT [Arizona]
 - *Chem. Descrip.:* Polyterpene resin produced from dipinene
 - CAS 9003-74-1
 - Uses: Polymer imparting high levels of tack and adhesion to elastomeric and polymeric materials in mfg. of pressure-sensitive adhesives, rubber cements, hot-melt adhesives/coatings, can sealants, caulking, inks, paints, concrete waterproofing agents; varnishes, chewing and bubble gum bases, moisture-resist. soft gelatin capsules and powds. of ascorbic acid and its salts; food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; bright, clear, pale-colored, low m.w.; LITE resins feature water-wh. color
 - *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210
 - Properties: Gardner 2+ color; sp.gr. 0.99; soften. pt. (R&B) 115 C; flash pt. (CC) > 400 F
- Zonarez® 7125 [Arizona]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Polyterpene resin produced from dipinene

CAS 9003-74-1

- Uses: Polymer imparting high levels of tack and adhesion to elastomeric and polymeric materials in mfg. of pressure-sensitive adhesives, rubber cements, hot-melt adhesives/coatings, can sealants, caulking, inks, paints, concrete waterproofing agents; varnishes, chewing and bubble gum bases, moisture-resist. soft gelatin capsules and powds. of ascorbic acid and its salts; food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; bright, clear, pale-colored, low m.w.; LITE resins feature water-wh. color
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210
- Properties: Gardner 4 color; sp.gr. 0.99; soften. pt. (R&B) 125 C; flash pt. (CC) > 400 F
- Zonarez® 7125 LT [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyterpene resin produced from dipinene CAS 9003-74-1

- Uses: Polymer imparting high levels of tack and adhesion to elastomeric and polymeric materials in mfg. of pressure-sensitive adhesives, rubber cements, hot-melt adhesives/coatings, can sealants, caulking, inks, paints, concrete waterproofing agents; varnishes, chewing and bubble gum bases, moisture-resist. soft gelatin capsules and powds. of ascorbic acid and its salts; food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; bright, clear, pale-colored, low m.w.; LITE resins feature water-wh. color
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210

Properties: Gardner 3- color; sp.gr. 0.99; soften. pt. (R&B) 125 C; flash pt. (CC) > 400 F

Zonarez® A-25 [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyterpene resin based on α -pinene

CAS 9003-74-1

- Uses: Tackifier and str. enhancer for adhesives; cotackifier for the mfg. of pressure-sensitive adhesives, solv.-based adhesives, emulsion adhesives, and hot-melt adhesives/coatings; plasticizing and softening props.; food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; clear, light-colored thermoplastic; increases hard resin loading; esp. designed as cotackifier for mfg. of adhesive systems based on thermoplastic block copolymer such as Kraton®
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1210
- Properties: Gardner 4 color; sol. in aliphatic, aromatic, and chlorinated HC, esters, terpenes, ethyl ether, some alcohols; sp.gr. 0.90; soften. pt. (R&B) 25 C; flash pt. (CC) > 400 F

Zonarez® B-115 [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyterpene resin

CAS 9003-74-1

- Uses: Polymer imparting high levels of tack and adhesion to many elastomeric and polymeric materials in the mfg. of pressure-sensitive adhesives, rubber cements, emulsion adhesives, hot-melt adhesives/coatings, can sealants, caulking and general sealants; inks, paints, concrete waterproofing agents, varnishes, chewing and bubble gum bases; stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; low m.w., thermoplastic; imparts stability in adhesive systems, resistance to attack by acids, alkalis, salts, and water, aging properties
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210
- Properties: Gardner 3+ clear, bright color; sol. in 2-ethyl hexyl alcohol, aliphatic hydrocarbons, aromatic hydrocarbons, chlorinated hydrocarbons, ester, terpenes, ethyl ether, and petrol. ether; sp.gr. 0.98; soften. pt. (R&B) 115 C; acid no. < 1; sapon. no. < 1

Zonarez® B-125 [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyterpene resin

CAS 9003-74-1

Uses: Polymer imparting high levels of tack and adhesion to many elastomeric and polymeric materials in the mfg. of pressure-sensitive adhesives, rubber cements, emulsion adhesives, hot melt adhesives/coatings, can sealants, caulking and general sealants; inks, paints, concrete waterproofing agents, varnishes, chewing and bubble gum bases; stabilizer; food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; low m.w., thermoplastic; imparts stability in adhesive systems, resistance to attack by acids, alkalis, salts, and water, aging properties

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210

Properties: Gardner 3+ clear, bright color; sol. in 2-ethyl hexyl alcohol, aliphatic hydrocarbons, aromatic hydrocarbons, chlorinated hydrocarbons, ester, terpenes, ethyl ether, and petrol. ether; sp.gr. 0.97; soften. pt. (R&B) 125 C; acid no. < 1; sapon. no. < 1

Zonarez® M-1115 [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyterpene resin produced from β -pinene

CAS 9003-74-1

Uses: Tackifier resin for mfg. of pressure-sensitive adhesives used in tapes and labels, solv.-based adhesives, emulsion adhesives, hot-melt adhesives and coatings; food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; oxidationresist., low m.w. thermoplastic; rec. for adhesive systems based on the thermoplastic block copolymer Kraton® 1107, and also natural rubber-based adhesives

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210
- Properties: Water-wh. bright clear color; sp.gr. 0.98; sol. in aliphatic, aromatic, and chlorinated HC, esters, terpenes, drying oils, rosin, and rosin derivs.; soften. pt. (R&B) 115 C; flash pt. (CC) > 400 F

Zonarez® T-4115 [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Polyterpene resin

CAS 9003-74-1

Uses: Tackifier for adhesives, food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180,

177.1210 Properties: Gardner 2 color; soften. pt. (R&B) 115 C

Zonatac® 105 [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrenated terpene hydrocarbon resin CAS 9003-74-1

Uses: Tackifier in hot-melt adhesives and coatings, hot-melt pressure-sensitive adhesives, and solv-based thermoplastic elastomer pressure-sensitive adhesive systems; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; light-colored, low odor thermoplastic *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210 Properties: Cardner 31, color: so gr. 1, 02; soften, pt. (P&B) 105 C: flash pt

Properties: Gardner 3+ color; sp.gr. 1.02; soften. pt. (R&B) 105 C; flash pt. (CC) 480 F

Zonatac® 105L [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrenated terpene hydrocarbon resin

CAS 9003-74-1

Uses: Tackifier in hot-melt adhesives and coatings, hot-melt pressure-sensitive adhesives, and solv-based thermoplastic elastomer pressure-sensitive adhesive systems; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; light-colored, low odor thermoplastic *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210 *Properties:* Water-wh.; sp.gr. 1.02; soften. pt. (R&B) 105 C; flash pt. (CC) 480 F

Zonatac® 115L [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrenated terpene hydrocarbon resin

CAS 9003-74-1

Uses: Tackifier in hot-melt adhesives and coatings, hot-melt pressure-sensitive adhesives, and solv-based thermoplastic elastomer pressure-sensitive adhesive systems; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; light-colored, low odor thermoplastic *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210

Properties: Water-wh.; sp.gr. 1.02; soften. pt. (R&B) 115 C; flash pt. (CC) 480 F

Zonatac® 501 [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrenated terpene resin

CAS 9003-74-1

Uses: Tackifier for food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210 *Properties:* Gardner 3+ color; soften. pt. (R&B) 105 C

Zonatac® 501L [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrenated terpene resin

CAS 9003-74-1

Uses: Tackifier for food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210 *Properties:* Gardner 3- color; soften. pt. (R&B) 105 C

Zonatac[®] M-105 [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Styrenated terpene resin

CAS 9003-74-1

Uses: Tackifier for adhesives, food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers

Regulatory: FĎA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210 *Properties:* Gardner 1+ color; soften. pt. (R&B) 105 C

Zonester® 25 [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Rosin ester

Uses: Tackifier for adhesives, food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets in food containers; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1210

Properties: Gardner 7 max. color; soften. pt. (R&B) 26 C; acid no. 20-24 Zonester® 85 [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip.: Tall oil glycerides CAS 97722-02-6; EINECS/ELINCS 307-751-6

- Uses: Tackifier for NR, SBR, IR, SBS, SIS, in chewing gums, hot-melt adhesives, hot-melt coatings, mastic adhesives, contact cements, and pressure-sensitive adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; thermoplastic resin ester
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1210, 178.3870
- Properties: Gardner 8 max. solid or flakes; sp.gr. 1.06; soften. pt. (R&B) 82 C; acid no. 10 max.; flash pt. (CC) > 400 F

Zonester® 100 [Arizona]

Chem. Descrip .: Pentaerythritol ester of tall oil rosin

CAS 8050-26-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-479-9

- Uses: Tackifier for NR, SBR, IR, SBS, hot-melt adhesives, mastic adhesives, contact cements, and pressure-sensitive adhesives; in emulsion form used in SBR, natural rubber, and neoprene latex adhesives; food pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; high-melting
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1210
- Properties: Amber; sp.gr. 1.06; soften. pt. (R&B) 94 C; flash pt. (CC) > 400 F; acid no. 14 max.

Zonyl® A [DuPont]

Chem. Descrip.: EO-ester condensate

- Uses: Emulsifier; lubricant; textile wetting agent for fibers and fabrics during dyeing; leveling agent and antifoam in pigment coatings in paper industry; used in metal processing
- Properties: Clear-pale yel. liq.; mild odor; sol. in water, polar and nonpolar solvs.; sp.gr. 1.07; HLB 6.7; surf. tens. 26 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); 100% act.; nonionic

Zonyl® FSA [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

Chem. Descrip.: Fluorochemical surfactant

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant, corrosion inhibitor, leveling agent for adhesives, agric., polishes, polymerization, pigment grinding, cleaners, fire fighting, paper, ink, oil, plastics, and textile industries; mold release and calcium sulfate scale removal in polymer processing; leveling agent and gloss aid in paints and coatings
- Properties: Liq.; sol > 2% in water, methanol; sp.gr. 1.03 mg/m³; dens. 8.6 lb/gal; flash pt. (PMCC) 21 C; surf. tens. 18 dynes/cm (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 100 mm (0.1%, initial, 41 C); 25% solids in water/IPA (1:1); anionic Precaution: Flamm.

Zonyl[®] FSB [DuPont]

Chem. Descrip.: Fluorochemical surfactant

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant, corrosion inhibitor, leveling agent for adhesives, agric., polishes, polymerization, pigment grinding, cleaners, coatings and paints, fire fighting, paper, ink, oil, plastics, and textile industries; foamer, froth flotation agent for solv. cleaners, elastomers
- Properties: Liq.; sol. > 2% in water, IPA, methanol; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; flash pt. 67 F (PMCC); surf. tens. 17 dynes/cm (0.1%); 40% solids in IPA/water; amphoteric

Zonyl® FSC [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

Chem. Descrip .: Fluorochemical surfactant

Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant, corrosion inhibitor, leveling agent for adhesives, agric., polishes, polymerization, pigment grinding, cleaners, coatings and paints, fire fighting, paper, ink, oil, plastics, and textile industries; foamer, froth flotation agent for solv. cleaners, elastomers

Properties: Liq.; sol. > 2% in water, IPA, methanol, acetone; sp.gr. 1.16 mg/

m³; dens. 9.7 lb/gal; flash pt. (PMCC) 21 C; surf. tens. 19 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); 50% solids in water/IPA (25:25); cationic

Precaution: Flamm. Zonyl[®] FSN [DuPont]

Chem. Descrip.: Fluorochemical surfactant

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant, corrosion inhibitor, leveling agent for adhesives, agric., polishes, polymerization, pigment grinding, cleaners, fire fighting, paper, ink, oil, plastics, and textile industries; antifogging agent in polymer processing; leveling agent, gloss aid, antisoiling aid, flow rheology modifier for paints and coatings
- Properties: Lig.; sol. > 2% in water, IPA, methanol, acetone, ethyl acetate, THF; sp.gr. 1.06 mg/m³; dens. 8.8 lb/gal; flash pt. (PMCC) 22 C; surf. tens. 23 dynes/cm (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 145 mm (0.1%, initial, 41 C); 40% solids in water/IPA (30:30); nonionic

Precaution: Flamm.

Zonyl® FSP [DuPont]

Chem. Descrip.: Fluorochemical surfactant

Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant, corrosion inhibitor, leveling agent, antifoam for adhesives, agric., polishes, polymerization, pigment grinding, cleaners, fire fighting, paper, ink, oil, plastics, and textile industries; lubricant, mold release, and calcium sulfate scale removal in polymer processing; leveling agent and gloss aid in paints and coatings; flow rheology modified

Properties: Liq.; sol. > 2% in water, methanol; sp.gr. 1.15 mg/m³; dens. 9.6 Ib/gal; flash pt. (PMCC) 24 C; surf. tens. 21 dynes/cm (0.1%); Ross-Miles foam 35 mm (0.1%, initial, 41 C); 35% solids in water/IPA (45:20); anionic Precaution: Flamm.

Zonyl® NF [DuPont; DuPont Canada]

- Chem. Descrip.: Fluorochemical surfactant
- Uses: Fluoridizer, wetting agent, oil and grease repellent for paper and paperboard, food and beverage pkg.
- Properties: Lig.; 95% conc.; anionic
- Zonyl® RP [DuPont; DuPont Canada]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Fluorochemical surfactant
 - Uses: Fluoridizer, wetting agent, oil and grease repellent for paper and paperboard, food and beverage pkg.
 - Properties: Amber liq.; sol. in water; dens. 9.5 lb/gal; visc. 10 cps; flash pt. > 28 C; pH 7-8; 34% conc.; anionic
- Zusolat 1004 [Zschimmer & Schwarz]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Fatty alcohol polyglycol ether (4 EO)
 - Uses: Basic material for mfg. of washing and cleaning agents, dishwash, metal cleaners, household and industrial cleaners; aux. prods. for leather, textile, and paper industries
 - Properties: Colorless liq.; water-disp.; cloud pt. 57-61 C (5 g/20 ml 25% BDG); pH 6 (10%); 100% act.; nonionic

Zusolat 1005/85 [Zschimmer & Schwarz]

Chem. Descrip.: Fatty alcohol polyglycol ether (5 EO)

Uses: Dispersant, emulsifier, wetting agent for mfg. of washing and cleaning agents, dishwash, household/industrial and metal cleaners, textile, leather, and paper aux.

Properties: Colorless liq.; water-sol.; cloud pt. 65-68 C (5 g/20 ml butyl diglycol 25%); pH 5-7 (10%); 85% act. in water; nonionic

- Zusolat 1008/85 [Zschimmer & Schwarz]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Fatty alcohol polyglycol ether (8 EO)

Uses: Washing and cleansing agent for dishwash, industrial/household and metal cleaners, textile, leather and paper aux.

- Properties: Colorless liq.; water-sol.; cloud pt. 66-70 C (1% aq.); pH 5-7 (10%); 85% act. in water; nonionic
- Zusolat 1010/85 [Zschimmer & Schwarz]
 - Chem. Descrip.: Fatty alcohol polyglycol ether (10 EO)
 - Uses: Washing and cleansing agent for dishwash, industrial/household and metal cleaners, textiles, leather and paper auxs.
 - Properties: Colorless liq.; water-sol.; cloud pt. 87-91 C (1% aq.); pH 5-7 (10%); 85% act. in water; nonionic

Part II Chemical Component Cross-Reference

Chemical Component Cross-Reference

- AA. See Acrylic acid; Adipic acid AA/AM. See Acrylates/acrylamide copolymer Abietic acid sodium salt. See Sodium rosinate ABS. See Acrylonitrile/butadiene/styrene copolymer; Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid Absolute alcohol. See Alcohol Absolute ethanol. See Alcohol Aceite de Algodon. See Cottonseed (Gossypium) oil Aceite de ricino. See Castor (Ricinus communis) oil Acenaphthene, 5-nitro-. See 5-Nitroacenaphthene Acenaphthylene, 1,2-dihydro-5-nitro-. See 5-Nitroacenaphthene Acetamide, 2-chloro-. See Chloroacetamide Acetamine diazo black RD. See Dianisidine Acetate cotton. See Cellulose acetate Acetate ester of cellulose. See Cellulose acetate (Acetato) phenylmercury. See Phenylmercuric acetate Acetic acid CAS 64-19-7; EINECS/ELINCS 200-580-7; UN No. 2789 (DOT), 2790 (DOT); FEMA 2006 Synonyms: Ethanoic acid; Ethyllic acid; Methanecarboxylic acid; Pyroligneus acid; Vinegar acid Classification: Aliphatic organic acid Empirical: C₂H₄O₂ Formula: CH₃COOH Properties: Clear colorless liq., pungent odor, sharply acid taste; misc. with water, alcohol, glycerol, ether; insol. in carbon disulfide; m.w. 60.03;
 - dens. 1.0492 (20/4 C); m.p. 16.63 C; b.p. 118 C (765 mm); visc. 1.22 cps (20 C); vapor pressure 11.4 mm Hg (20 C); flash pt. (OC) 43 C; ref. index 1.3715 (20 C) Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 ppm; STEL 15 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 3310
 - mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 1060 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ingestion, inhalation; corrosive; strong irritant to eyes, skin, and tissue; caustic; can cause burns, lachrymation; human systemic effects by ing.; experimental reproductive effects; mutation data reported; TSCA listed
 - Precaution: Flamm.; moderate fire and explosion hazard exposed to heat or flame; can react vigorously with oxidizers; explosive or violent reactions possible; incompat. with many chems.; a common air contaminant
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits irritating fumes NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0
 - Uses: Mfg. of acetic anhydride, cellulose acetate, vinyl acetate monomer; acetic esters; prod. of plastics, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, aroma chems., dyes, insecticides, photographic chemicals, food additives; solvent reagent; acidifier; flavoring agent; etchant (semiconductor mfg.); aluminum brightener; laundry sour; boiler water additive; coagulant for latex; buffer in cosmetics; solvent/vehicle in foods, pharmaceuticals; color diluent; sanitizing solutions for food contact
 - Use Level: 39 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 32 ppm (ice cream), 52 ppm (candy), 38 ppm (baked goods), 15 ppm (pudding), 60 ppm (chewing gum), 5900 ppm (condiments); ADI no limit (EU)
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.85, 133, 172.814, 178.1010, 184.1005, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7; BP; Europe listed; UK approved; USP/NF, BP compliance
 - Manuf./Distrib.: Air Prods.; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Alfrebro; Allchem Ind.; Amyl;

Arch Chems.; Ashland; BASF; BP Amoco; BP Chems. Ltd; Brown; Callaway; Captree; Celanese; Chemconnect; Chemical; Coyne; Crompton/Witco; DuPont; Eastman; Equistar; Fisher Scientific; Florida Distillers; Fluka; General Chem.; Harcros; Lonza Ltd; Millennium; PMC Spec.; Quaker City; Rhodia; Romil Ltd; Ruger; SOCO-Lynch; Seeler Ind.; Showa Denko; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sterling Chems.; Vam Org. Chems. Ltd; Varsal Instruments; Veckridge; Wacker-Chemie GmbH

- Trade Names Containing: Pericide® EF
- Acetic acid, aluminum salt. See Aluminum acetate
- Acetic acid ammonium salt. See Ammonium acetate
- Acetic acid, bromo-, 2-butene-1,4-diyl ester. See 1,4-Bis (bromoacetoxy)-2butene
- Acetic acid, bromo-, 2-butenylene ester. See 1,4-Bis (bromoacetoxy)-2butene
- Acetic acid, bromo-, diester with ethylene glycol. See 1,2-Bis (bromoacetoxy) ethane
- Acetic acid, bromo-, 1,2-ethanediyl ester. See 1,2-Bis (bromoacetoxy) ethane Acetic acid, bromo-, ethylene ester. See 1,2-Bis (bromoacetoxy) ethane
- Acetic acid 2-butoxy ester. See s-Butyl acetate
- Acetic acid 2-butyl ester. See s-Butyl acetate
- Acetic acid, s-butyl ester. See s-Butyl acetate
- Acetic acid, cellulose ester. See Cellulose acetate
- Acetic acid, cobalt (2+) salt, tetrahydrate. See Cobalt acetate (ous)
- Acetic acid, ethenyl ester. See Vinyl acetate
- Acetic acid, ethenyl ester, homopolymer. See Polyvinyl acetate
- Acetic acid ethenyl ester polymer with chlorethene. See Vinyl chloride/ vinyl acetate copolymer
- Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with chloroethene. See Vinyl chloride/ vinyl acetate copolymer
- Acetic acid, ethenyl ester, polymer with ethene. See Ethylene/VA copolymer
- Acetic acid, (ethylene dinitrilo) tetra-, calcium disodium salt. See Calcium disodium EDTA
- Acetic acid, (ethylenedinitrilo) tetra-, tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium EDTA

Acetic acid, (ethylenedinitrilo) tetra-, trisodium salt. See Trisodium EDTA Acetic acid, ethylene ether. See Vinyl acetate

- Acetic acid, ethyl ester. See Ethyl acetate
- Acetic acid, hydroxy-, compd. with N-[3-(dimethylamine) propyl] soyamide. See Soyamidopropyl dimethylamino glycolate Acetic acid isopropyl ester. See Isopropyl acetate
- Acetic acid, 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ester. See Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate
- Acetic acid 1-methylethyl ester. See Isopropyl acetate
- Acetic acid 1-methylpropyl ester. See s-Butyl acetate
- Acetic acid potassium salt. See Potassium acetate
- Acetic acid propyl ester. See Propyl acetate
- Acetic acid n-propyl ester. See Propyl acetate
- Acetic acid, vinyl ester. See Vinyl acetate
- Acetic acid, vinyl ester compd. with chloroethene. See Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer
- Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer. See Polyvinyl acetate

Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer with chloroethylene. See Vinyl chloride/ vinyl acetate copolymer Acetic acid vinyl ester polymers. See Polyvinyl acetate Acetic acid, zirconium salt. See Zirconium acetate Acetic ester. See Ethyl acetate Acetic ether. See Ethyl acetate Acetic, 1,2,3-propanetriyl ester. See Triacetin Acetin. See Triacetin Acetodiphosphonic acid. See Etidronic acid Acetone CAS 67-64-1; EINECS/ELINCS 200-662-2; UN No. 1090 (DOT), 1091 (DOT); FEMA 3326 Synonyms: DMK; Acetone oils; Dimethylketone; Dimethylketal; Dimethyl formaldehyde; Ketone, dimethyl; Ketone propane; β-Ketopropane; Methyl ketone; Propanone; 2-Propanone; Pyroacetic acid; Pyroacetic ether Classification: Aliphatic ketone Empirical: C3H6O

Formula: CH₃COCH₃

- Properties: Colorless volatile transparent liq., sweetish odor, pungent sweetish taste; sol. in water, alcohol, chloroform, dimethylformamide, ether, most volatile oils; m.w. 58.09; sp.gr. 0.792 (20/20 C); vapor pressure 400 mm Hg (39.5 C); m.p. -94.3 C; b.p. 56.2 C; flash pt. (CC) -18 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 750 ppm; STEL 1000 ppm; LD50 (oral, mouse) 3000 mg/kg; narcotic in high conc.; moderately toxic by ingestion and inhalation; lg. doses may cause narcosis; extreme concs. may cause collapse, coma, death; inh. irritates lungs; ing. may cause throat, esophagus, and stomach irritation; peeling and splitting of nails, skin rashes; eye irritant; common air contaminant; TSCA listed
- Environmental: BOD 0.31-1.63; COD 1.12-2.07
- Precaution: DOT: flamm. liq.; dangerous fire risk; explosive limit in air 2.6-12.8%; reacts violently with oxidizing agents, chlorinated solv./alkali mixts.; reacts vigorously with sulfur dichloride, potassium t-butoxide, hexachloromelamine
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Complete combustion yields CO₂, water vapor; incomplete combustion can produce CO
- NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight
- Uses: Solvent for paints, varnishes, lacquers, resins, fats, waxes, adhesives, printing inks, cellulose resins, plastics, pharmaceuticals; degreasing agent; for cleaning and drying precision equip.; delustrant for cellulose acetate fibers; extraction solvent for foods, essential oils; mfg. of acetate rayon, photographic film, paint removers, glues, cements, plastics, rubber, dyes, explosives; denaturant, solvent in cosmetics; color diluent for foods; flavoring agent; in food-pkg. adhesives; adjuvant in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; adjuvant in slimicides in food-contact paper/ paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 73.30, 73.345, 73.615, 173.210, 175.105, 175.320, 176.300, 182.99; 40CFR §180.1001; 30 ppm tolerance in spice oleoresins; FEMA GRAS; Japan approved with restrictions; USP/NF, BP compliance; VOC-exempt
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfrebro; Allchem Ind.; Amyl; Arch Chems.; Aristech; Ashland; Atofina; BASF; BP Amoco; BP Chems. Ltd; Baychem; C.P. Hall; Captree; Chemcentral; Chemconnect; Chemical; Columbus Chem. Ind.; Dow; E-Chemicals; Eastman; Exxon; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; GE Plastics; General Chem.; Georgia Gulf; Haltermann Prods. UK; Harcros; Herdillia Chems. Ltd; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; J.T. Baker; JLM Marketing; Kyowa Hakko Kogyo; Mitsubishi Chem.; Nippon Petrochems.; Phenolchemie; Primachem; Quaker City; R.E. Carroll; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Samson; Seeler Ind.; Shell; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sumitomo Chem.; Sunnyside; Sunoco; Texaco; Total Spec. Chems.; Union Carbide; Van Waters & Rogers; Veckridge

Trade Names Containing: Cerol® M Lig.

Acetone oils. See Acetone Acetose. See Cellulose acetate Acetoxyethane. See Ethyl acetate 1-Acetoxyethylene. See Vinyl acetate Acetoxyl. See Benzoyl peroxide (Acetoxymercuri) benzene. See Phenylmercuric acetate 2-Acetoxy-1-methoxypropane. See Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate 2-Acetoxypentane. See s-Amyl acetate

Acetoxyphenylmercury. See Phenylmercuric acetate

1-Acetoxypropane. See Propyl acetate

- 2-Acetoxypropane. See Isopropyl acetate
- 4-[[4-Acetylamino) phenyl] amino]-1-amino-9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-2anthracenesulfonic acid, monosodium salt. See Acid blue 40
- 5-(4-Acetylamino-2-sulfophenylazo)-6-amino-4-hydroxy naphthalene-2-sulfonic acid, disodium salt. See Acid red 37
- Acetyl butyl citrate. See Acetyl tributyl citrate
- Acetylcellulose. See Cellulose acetate
- Acetylcitric acid, tributyl ester. See Acetyl tributyl citrate
- Acetylene black. See Carbon black
- Acetylenic glycol. See Tetramethyl decynediol
- Acetyl hydroperoxide. See Peracetic acid
- 2-(Acetyloxy)-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid, tributyl ester. See Acetyl tributyl citrate
- 2-(Acetyloxy)-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid, triethyl ester. See Acetyl triethyl citrate

Acetyl peroxide

- CAS 110-22-5; EINECS/ELINCS 203-748-8; UN No. 2084
- Synonyms: Diacetone peroxides; Diacetyl peroxide
- Classification: Organic peroxide
- Empirical: C4H6O4
- Formula: (CH₃CO)₂O₂
- Properties: Colorless crystals; very pungent odor; sl. sol. in cold water, sol. in alcohol and ether; m.w. 118.10; dens. 1.18 (20 C); f.p. ≈ -8 C; m.p. 30 C; b.p. 63 C (21 mm); flash pt. (OC) 45 C
- Toxicology: TDLo (unreported, mouse) 283 mg/kg; strong irritant to skin, eyes, mucous membranes; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm.; mod. fire risk; strong oxidizer; can cause ignition of organics on contact; severe explosion hazard when shocked or exposed to heat; reacts with water or steam to produce heat; can react vigorously with reducing materials
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Emits toxic fumes on contact with acid or acid fumes
- NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 2; Reactivity 4
- Storage: Should not be stored after preparation, nor heated above 30 C; store in original container with vented cap
- Uses: Initiator and catalyst for resins; polymerization catalyst for paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; food-pkg. adhesives
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170

Acetyl tributyl citrate

- CAS 77-90-7; EINECS/ELINCS 201-067-0; FEMA 3080
- Synonyms: ATBC; Acetyl butyl citrate; Acetylcitric acid, tributyl ester; 2-(Acetyloxy)-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid, tributyl ester; Acetyl tri-nbutyl citrate; Citric acid, tributyl ester, acetate; 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-(acetyloxy)-, tributyl ester; Tributyl acetyl citrate; Tributyl Oacetylcitrate; Tri-n-butyl O-acetylcitrate; Tributyl 2-(acetyloxy)-1,2,3propanetricarboxylate; Tributyl citrate acetate; Tri-n-butyl citrate acetate Classification: Aliphatic ester
- Definition: Ester of citric acid
- Empirical: C₂₀H₃₄O₈
- Formula: CH₃COOC₃H₄(COOC₄H₉)₃
- Properties: Colorless sl. visc. liq., sweet herbaceous odor; sol. in alcohol; insol. in water; m.w. 402.49; dens. 1.14; b.p. > 300 C; flash pt. 204 C; ref. index 1.4408
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) > 4 g/kg; low toxicity by ing., skin contact, and IP routes; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Plasticizer for vinyl resins, cellulosic resins, rubber, food pkg.; synthetic flavoring for foods and pharmaceuticals; solvent in household, I&I cleaners; solvent, film-former, and plasticizer for inks, adhesives, coatings; film-former in cosmetics; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 178.3910, 181.22, 181.27; FEMA GRAS
- Manuf./Distrib.: AC Ind.; Aldrich; Allan; Allchem Ind.; Jungbunzlauer; Kyowa Hakko Kogyo; Morflex; Pechiney World Trade USA; Pfizer Int'l.; Reilly Chems. SA; Sanken Chem.; Unitex

Trade Names: ATBC; Citroflex® A-4; Citroflex® A-4 Special; Uniplex 84

Acetyl tri-n-butyl citrate. See Acetyl tributyl citrate

Acetyl triethyl citrate

CAS 77-89-4; EINECS/ELINCS 201-066-5

Synonyms: ATEC; 2-(Acetyloxy)-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid, triethyl ester; Tricarballylic acid-β-acetoxytributyl ester; Triethyl acetylcitrate; Triethyl o-acetylcitrate

Classification: Aliphatic ester

Empirical: C14H22O8

- Formula: CH₃COOC₃H₄(COOC₂H₅)₃
- Properties: Colorless liq.; odorless; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 318.36; dens. 1.135 (25 C); m.p. -50 C; flash pt. 187 C
- Toxicology: Moderate toxicity by intraperitoneal route; mild toxicity by ingestion; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

- Uses: Plasticizer for cellulosics, primarily ethyl cellulose, food pkg.; solvent for household, I&I cleaners, pharmaceuticals; plasticizer for pharmaceutical coatings; film-former in cosmetics; solvent, film-former, plasticizer for inks, adhesives, coatings; in food-pkg. adhesives; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 178.3910, 181.22, 181.27

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Morflex; Pfizer Ltd; Unitex *Trade Names:* ATEC; Citroflex® A-2

Acid blue 1

- CAS 129-17-9; EINECS/ELINCS 204-934-1
- Synonyms: Ammonium, (4-(α-(p-(diethylamino) phenyl)-2,4-disulfobenzylidene)-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene) diethyl-, hydroxide, monosodium salt; Anhydro-4,4´-bis (diethylamino) triphenylmethanol-2´,4´´-disulfonic acid, monosodium salt; CI 42045; 4,4´-Di (diethylamino)-4´,6´-disulfotriphenylmethanol anhydride, sodium salt; N-[4-[[4-(Diethylamino) phenyl] (2,4disulfophenyl) methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-ethylethanaminium, hydroxide, inner salt, sodium salt; Ethanaminium, N-4-[[4-(diethylamino) phenyl] (2,4-disulfophenyl) methylene)-2,5-cyclohexadien-1ylidene]-N-ethyl-, hydroxide, inner salt, sodium salt; Food blue 3; Leather blue G; Patent blue; Patent blue VF; Sulfan blue

Classification: Triphenylmethane color

Empirical: C₂₇H₃₁N₂NaO₆S₂

- Properties: Purple or dk. greenish-blk. powd.; sol. ≥ 1 g/100 ml in water (21 C); m.w. 566.67; m.p. 0 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (IV, rat) 5 g/kg, (IP, mouse) 3 g/kg; LD (oral, rat) > 3 g/kg; harmful by ing., inh., skin contact; possible risk of irreversible effects; may cause anaphylaxis, reproductive system tumors; possible carcinogen, neoplastigen; tumorigen; mutagen; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: N, NO_x, CO, CO₂, SO_x, irritating and toxic fumes and gases

Storage: Store in cool, dry place; keep container closed when not in use Uses: Dye for wool, silk, inks, and paper; colorant in hair dyes Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aldrich; Dudley; Sigma

Acid blue 20

CAS 8004-99-7 Synonyms: CI 50405; Indulin B Uses: Acid dye for paper, leather, wax Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma

Acid blue 29

CAS 5850-35-1; EINECS/ELINCS 227-449-7

Synonyms: 4-Amino-5-hydroxy-3-[(m-nitrophenyl) azo]-6-(phenylazo)-2,7naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 2,7-disodium salt; Cl 20460; 2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 4-amino-5-hydroxy-3-[(3-nitrophenyl) azo]-6-(phenylazo)-, disodium salt Classification: Azobenzene

Empirical: C₂₂H₁₄N₆Na₂O₉S₂

Properties: M.w. 616.49

Uses: Dye for wool, silk, polyamide, and paper Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Sigma

Acid blue 40

CAS 642-85-7; EINECS/ELINCS 229-190-5

Synonyms: 4-[[4-Acetylamino) phenyl] amino]-1-amino-9,10-dihydro-9,10dioxo-2-anthracenesulfonic acid, monosodium salt; CI 62125

Classification: Azobenzene *Empirical:* C₂₂H₁₆N₃NaO₆S *Properties:* M.w. 473.44

Uses: Dye for wool, silk, polyamide, and paper *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich

Acid blue 9 aluminum lake. See FD&C Blue No. 1 aluminum lake Acid brilliant green SF. See Acid green 5

Acid butyl phosphate. See Butyl acid phosphate

Acid green 1

CAS 19381-50-1; EINECS/ELINCS 243-010-2

Synonyms: CI 10020; D&C Green No. 1; Ext. D&C Green No. 1; Ferrate(3-), tris [5,6-dihydro-5-(hydroxyimino)-6-oxo-2-naphthalenesulfonato(2-)-N⁵,O⁶]-, trisodium; Iron, tris (5,6-dihydro-5,6-dioxo-2-naphthalenesulfonic acid-5-oximato)-, trisodium salt; Naphthol green; Naphthol green B; Pigment green 12; Sodium tris (1,2-naphthalenedione 1-oximato-O,O⁻) ferrate (II); Tris [5,6-dihydro-5-(hydroxyimino)-6-oxo-2-naphthalenesulfonato(2-)-N⁵,O⁶] ferrate (3), trisodium

Classification: Azobenzene; nitroso color

Empirical: $C_{30}H_{15}FeN_3O_{15}S_3 \cdot 3Na$

Properties: M.w. 878.47

Toxicology: LD50 (IV, mouse) 460 mg/kg; mutagen; TSCA listed *Uses:* Dye for wool, paper, polyamides, and cosmetics; colorant in hair dyes *Manuf./Distrib.:* ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Dudley; Fluka; Sigma

Acid green 5

CĂS 5141-20-8; EINECS/ELINCS 225-906-5

Synonyms: Acid brilliant green SF; Ammonium, ethyl (4-(p-(ethyl-(m-sulfobenzyl) amino)-α-(p-sulfophenyl) benzylidene)-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene)-(m-sulfobenzyl)-, hydroxide, inner salt, disodium salt; CI 42095; D&C Green No. 4; N-Ethyl-N-[4-[[4-[ethyl](3-sulfophenyl) methyl] amino] phenyl] (4-sulfophenyl) methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-3-sulfobenzenemethanaminium inner salt, disodium salt; FD&C Green No. 2; FD&C Green No. 2 aluminum lake; Food green 2; Leather green SF; Light green CF; Light green SF yellowish; Light green yellowish

Classification: Azobenzene

Empirical: $C_{37}H_{36}N_2Na_2O_9S_3$

Properties: Reddish-brn. powd.; sol. in water; m.w. 794.91; m.p. 288 C

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2 g/kg, (subcut., mouse) 525 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 700 mg/kg; harmful by inh., ing., skin contact; eye irritant; digestive tract irritant; possible risk of irreversible effects; may cause methemoglobinemia, wt. loss; cancer suspect agent; tumorigen; neoplastigen; reproductive effector; mutagen; target organ: male reproductive system, blood; TSCA listed
- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompat. substances

Uses: Dye for wool, silk, polyamide, and paper; biological stain

Regulatory: Delisted by FDA in 1966 for use in foods, drugs, and cosmetics *Manuf./Distrib.:* Acros Org.; Aldrich; Dudley; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; ProSciTech; Sigma

Acid green 9

Synonyms: CI 42100 Empirical: C₃₇H₃₄CIN₂NaO₆S₂ Properties: M.w. 725.26 Uses: Dye for wool, silk, polyamide, and paper Maguif (/listrih : Aakash Chems & Dyestuffs: Leadertech Colors: Ord

Manuf./Distrib.: Aakash Chems. & Dyestuffs; Leadertech Colors; Org. Dyestuffs

Acid green 16

CÅS 12768-78-4 Synonyms: Acid pure green V; CI 44025; Naphthalene green V Empirical: C₂₇H₂₅N₂NaO₆S₂ Properties: M.w. 560.62 Toxicology: Mutagen; TSCA listed Uses: Dye for wool, silk, polyamide, paper, and plastics Manuf./Distrib.: Aakash Chems. & Dyestuffs; Aashiana Dyestuffs; Albanil Dyestuff Intl.; Classic Dyestuffs; Indo Colchem; Org. Dyestuffs

Acid green 20

Synonyms: CI 20495

Empirical: $C_{22}H_{16}N_6Na_2O_7S_2$

Properties: M.w. 586.51

Uses: Dye for wool, silk, polyamide, leather, and paper

Manuf./Distrib.: Aakash Chems. & Dyestuffs; Fabricolor; Leadertech Colors; Org. Dyestuffs; Rite Ind.

Acid green 25

CĂS 4403-90-1; EINECS/ELINCS 224-546-6

Synonyms: Alizarin cyanine green F; 2,2⁻-(1,4-Anthraquinonylenediimino) bis (5-methylbenzenesulfonic acid) disodium salt; 6,6⁻-(1,4-Anthraquinonylenediimino) di-m-toluenesulfonic acid disodium salt; Benzenesulfonic acid, 2,2⁻-(1,4-anthraquinonylenediimino) bis (5-methyl)-, disodium salt; Benzenesulfonic acid, 2,2⁻-[(9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-1,4-anthracenediyl) diimino] bis (5-methyl)-, disodium salt; CI 61570; D&C Green No. 5; 2,2⁻-[(9,10-Dihydro-9,10-dioxo-1,4-anthracenediyl) diimino] bis (5-methylbenzenesulfonic acid) disodium salt

Classification: Anthraquinone color

Empirical: $C_{28}H_{20}N_2Na_2O_8S_2$

- Properties: Grn. powd.; sol. 0.5-1.0 g/100 ml water (21 C); sl. sol. in acetone, alcohol, pyridine; insol. in chloroform, toluene; dull blue sol'n. in conc. H₂SO₄, turning turquoise on dil.; m.w. 622.58; m.p. 340 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 10 g/kg; primary irritant; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; TSCA listed

Storage: Store in cool, dry place; keep container closed when not in use

Uses: Dye for wool, silk, polyamide, paper, stains, and soap; colorant in hair dyes, nylon sutures

Regulatory: Permitted in drugs and cosmetics, excluding use in eye area *Manuf./Distrib.*: Acros Org.; Aldrich

Acidic metanil yellow. See Acid yellow 36

Acid leather orange extra. See Acid orange 7 Acid metanil yellow. See Acid yellow 36

Acid orange 7

CAS 633-96-5; EINECS/ELINCS 211-199-0

Synonyms: Acid leather orange extra; Acid orange 7 monosodium salt; Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-((2-hydroxy-1-naphthalenyl) azo)-, monosodium salt; Betanaphthol orange; CI 15510; D&C Orange No. 4; 4-[(2-Hydroxy-1-naphthalenyl) azo] benzenesulfonic acid monosodium salt; 4-(2-Hydroxy-1-naphthylazo) benzenesulfonic acid sodium salt; p-((2-Hydroxy-1-naphthyl) azo) benzenesulfonic acid sodium salt; Naphthalene Orange G; Naphthol orange; β-Naphthol orange; β-Naphthyl orange; Orange II; Persian orange; Sodium 4-[(2-hydroxy-1-naphthyl) azo] benzenesulfonate

Classification: Monoazo color

Empirical: C₁₆H₁₂N₂NaO₄S

Formula: $C_{16}H_{12}N_2O_4S \cdot Na$

Properties: M.w. 351.35

- Toxicology: TDLo (oral, male rat, 43 wks) 150 g/kg; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; may cause liver and blood changes; experimental reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x and SO_x

Uses: Orange dye for wool, silk, polyamide, and paper; colorant for cosmetics (hair dyes) and external pharmaceuticals; biological stain; pH indicator

Regulatory: D&C Orange No. 4: FDA 21CFR §74.1254, 74.2254, 82.1254; permanently listed

Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aldrich; BFGoodrich Hilton Davis; Costec; Crompton & Knowles; Dudley; Fluka; ProSciTech; Ruger; Sigma; Warner-Jenkinson

Acid orange 8

CAS 5850-86-2; EINECS/ELINCS 227-458-6

Synonyms: CI 15575; 4-(2-Hydroxynaphthalen-1-ylazo)-3-methylbenzenesulfonic acid, sodium salt; 4-[(2-Hydroxy-1-naphthyl) azo]-3-methylbenzenesulfonic acid, monosodium salt

Classification: Azobenzene

Empirical: C₁₇H₁₃N₂NaO₄S

Properties: M.w. 364.35

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Dye for wool, silk, polyamide, jute, and paper Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Sigma Acid orange 10

CAS 1936-15-8; EINECS/ELINCS 217-705-6 Synonyms: Acid orange 10, disodium salt; Cl 16230; D&C Orange No. 3; Food orange 4; 7-Hydroxy-8-(phenylazo)-1,3-naphthalenedisulfonic acid, disodium salt; 1,3-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 7-hydroxy-8-(phenylazo)-, disodium salt; Orange G; 1-Phenylazo-2-naphthol-6,8-disulfonic acid, disodium salt; Wool orange G

Classification: Azobenzene

Empirical: C₁₆H₁₀N₂Na₂O₇S₂

- Properties: Orange microcryst. solid; sl. odor; sol. 5-10 g/100 ml water (23.5 C); sol. < 1 mg/ml in DMSO, 95% ethanol, acetone; sl. sol. in Cellosolve; insol. in org. solvs.; m.w. 452.37; vapor pressure negligible; m.p. 300-375 C (dec.)</p>
- Toxicology: ACGIH 10 mg/m³ total dust (nuisance particulates); TDLo (oral, rat, 15 wks continuous) 26,250 mg/kg; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; may cause changes in liver/spleen wt., normocytic anemia; tumorigen; reproductive effector; mutagenic data but inconclusive; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Probably combustible; incompat. with oxidizing agents; becomes redder and more dull when mixed with copper; almost destroyed when mixed with iron
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of CO_x, NO_x, SO_x, disodium oxide; burning will produce oxides of carbon, nitrogen and sulfur

Storage: Store in cool, dry place; keep containers tightly closed

- Uses: Dye for wool, silk, leather, paper, wood, stains, and inks; biological stain; in foods, drugs, cosmetics
- Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aldrich; Dudley; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; ProSciTech; Sigma

Acid orange 11

CAS 596-03-2; EINECS/ELINCS 209-876-0

- Synonyms: CI 45370; CI 45370:1; D&C Orange No. 5; 4',5'-Dibromo-3',6'dihydroxyspiro [isobenzofuran-1(3H),9'-[9H] xanthen-3-one; 4,5-Dibromo-3,6-fluorandiol; Dibromofluorescein; 4',5'-Dibromofluorescein; 2-(4,5-Dibromo-6-hydroxy-3-oxo-3H-xanthen-9-yl) benzoic acid; Eosinic acid; Fluorescein, 4',5'-dibromo-; Japan orange 201; Solvent red 72; Spiro (isobenzofuran-1(3H),9'-(9H) xanthen)-3-one, 4',5'-dibromo-3',6'dihydroxy-
- Classification: Azobenzene

Empirical: C20H10Br2O5

- Properties: Red plates; sol. in ethanol, acetone; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 490.12; m.p. 285 C
- Toxicology: TDLo (oral, rat, 21 days continuous) 15,556 mg/kg; may cause changes in urine and serum composition, changes in ovarian wt.; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Uses: Dye for wool, silk, and paper; D&C Orange No. 5 as colorant in lipsticks, mouthwashes, and dentifrices

Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Dudley; Fluka; Sigma

Acid orange 51

CAS 8003-88-1; EINECS/ELINCS 232-328-7 Synonyms: CI 26550 Classification: Azobenzene Empirical: C₃₆H₂₈N₆Na₂O₁₁S₃ Properties: M.w. 919.81 Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Dye for wool, silk, polyamide, paper, and resins Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Sigma

Acid orange 10, disodium salt. See Acid orange 10 Acid orange 7 monosodium salt. See Acid orange 7 Acid pure green V. See Acid green 16

Acid red 4

CAS 5858-39-9; EINECS/ELINCS 227-490-0

Synonyms: Acid red 4, monosodium salt; CI 14710; 4-Hydroxy-3-(2methoxyphenylazo) naphthalene-1-sulfonic acid, sodium salt; 1-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 4-hydroxy-3-((2-methoxyphenyl) azo)-, monosodium salt

Classification: Azobenzene *Empirical:* C₁₇H₁₄N₂NaO₅S

Properties: M.w. 381.35

Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Dye for wool, paper Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Sigma

Acid red 26

CAS 3761-53-3; EINECS/ELINCS 223-178-3

Synonyms: Acid red 26, disodium salt; CI 16150; D&C Red No. 5; 4-((2,4-Dimethylphenyl) azo)-3-hydroxy-2,7-naphthalenedisulfonic acid, disodium salt; Disodium (2,4-dimethylphenylazo)-2-hydroxynaphthalene-3,6-disulfonate; Food red 5; 3-Hydroxy-4-(2,4-xylylazo)-3,7-naphthalenedisulfonic acid, disodium salt; 2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 3-hydroxy-4-(2,4xylylazo)-, disodium salt; Ponceau MX; Ponceau red; Xylidine ponceau; Xylidine red; 1-Xylylazo-2-naphthol-3,6-disulfonic acid, disodium salt; 1-(2,4-Xylylazo)-2-naphthol-3,6-disulfonic acid, disodium salt

Classification: Azobenzene

Empirical: C₁₈H₁₄N₂Na₂O₇S₂

- Properties: Dk. red cryst.; sol. (mg/ml): 1-10 mg water (20 C), < 1 mg in DMSO, 95% ethanol, methanol, acetone, toluene (20 C); very sl. sol. in ether; insol. in oil, org. solvs.; m.w. 480.44; m.p. > 300 C
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 23,160 mg/kg, (IP, rat) > 1 g/kg, (IV, mouse) 1530 mg/kg; harmful by inh., skin contact; danger of cumulative effects; may cause somnolence, muscle weakness, ataxia, convulsions, antipsychotic behavior, changes in liver/kidney/spleen wt.; suspected carcinogen; tumorigen; mutagen; TSCA listed

Precaution: Probably combustible; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of CO, CO_2 , NO_x , SO_x
- Storage: Store @ ambient temps.
- Uses: Dye for wool, polyamide, silk, paper, inks, wood stains, drugs, cosmetics, leather, fruit, confectionery and meat prods., soaps, face lotions

Manuf./Distrib.: John Campbell

Acid red 37

CAS 6360-07-2; EINECS/ELINCS 228-823-2

Synonyms: 5-(4-Acetylamino-2-sulfophenylazo)-6-amino-4-hydroxy naphthalene-2-sulfonic acid, disodium salt; CI 17045

Classification: Azobenzene

Empirical: C₁₈H₁₄N₄Na₂O₈S₂

Properties: M.w. 524.44

Toxicology: Irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; TSCA listed Uses: Dye for wool, silk, polyamide, paper, soap, and lacquers Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Acid red 52

CAS 3520-42-1; EINECS/ELINCS 222-529-8

- Synonyms: Acid rhodamine B; CI 45100; N-[6-(Diethylamino)-9-(2,4disulfophenyl)-3H-xanthen-3-ylidene]-N-ethyl ethanaminium, hydroxide, inner salt, sodium salt; Ethanaminium, N-[6-(diethylamino)-9-(2,4disulfophenyl)-3H-xanthen-3-ylidene]-N-ethyl-, hydroxide, inner salt, sodium salt; Food red 106; Red 106; Xanthylium, 3,6-bis (diethylamino)-9-(2,4-disulfophenyl)-, hydroxide, inner salt, sodium salt; Xylene red B
- Classification: Xanthene color; azobenzene

Empirical: C₂₇H₂₉N₂NaO₇S₂ Properties: M.w. 580.69

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 10,300 mg/kg; mutagen; TSCA listed Storage: Photosensitive

Uses: Dye for wool, silk, polyamide, and paper; colorant in hair dyes Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Acid red 87

- CAS 548-26-5; 17372-87-1; EINECS/ELINCS 208-953-6; 241-409-6
- Synonyms: Bromofluoroesceic acid; CI 45380; D&C Red No. 22; Disodium 2-(2,4,5,7-tetrabromo-6-oxido-3-oxoxanthen-9-yl) benzoate; Eosin disodium; Eosine; Eosine G; Eosin Y; Eosin YS; Spiro [isobenzofuran-1(3H),9'-[9H] xanthen]-3-one, 2',4',5',7'-tetrabromo-3',6'-dihydroxy-, disodium salt; 2´,4´,5´,7´-Tetrabromo-3´,6´-dihydroxyspiro [isobenzofuran-1(3H),9 - [9H] xanthen]-3-one disodium salt; Tetrabromofluorescein

Classification: Indelible xanthene color

Definition: Disodium salt of eosin

Empirical: C₂₀H₈Br₄Na₂O₅

Formula: C₂₀H₈O₅Br₄Na₂

Properties: Red cryst. with bluish tinge or brnsh. red powd.; freely sol. in

water; m.w. 693.90; dens. 1.015

- Toxicology: LD50 (IV, mouse) 550 mg/kg; tumorigen; mutagen; TSCA listed Uses: Dye for red inks, wool, silk, paper, stains; colorant in cosmetics, hair dyes, pharmaceuticals; in microbiological differential media; as biological stain
- Regulatory: D&C Red No. 22: FDA 21CFR §74.1322, 74.2122, 82.1322; FDA approved for orals; permanently listed
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; BFGoodrich Hilton Davis; Costec; Fluka; Ruger; Sigma; Warner-Jenkinson

Acid red 88

CAS 1658-56-6; EINECS/ELINCS 216-760-3

Synonyms: CI 15620; Ext. D&C Red. No. 8; Fast red A; 4-(2-Hydroxynaphthalen-1-ylazo) naphthalene-1-sulfonic acid, sodium salt; 4-((2-Hydroxy-1-naphthalenyl) azo)-1-naphthalene sulfonic acid sodium salt; 1-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 4-((2-hydroxy-1-naphthalenyl) azo)-, monosodium salt; Red No. 506; Rocceline; Roccelline; Solid red A

Classification: Azobenzene

Empirical: C₂₀H₁₄N₂NaO₄S

Properties: M.w. 401.41; m.p. 280 C

Toxicology: Mutagen; TSCA listed

Storage: Store in cool, dry place; keep container closed when not in use Uses: Dye for wool, silk, polyamide, paper, jute, stains, and soap Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aldrich; Sigma

Acid red 97

- CAS 10169-02-5; EINECS/ELINCS 233-439-3
- Synonyms: Acid red 97, disodium salt; (1,1'-Biphenyl)-2,2'-disulfonic acid, 4,4 -bis ((2-hydroxy-1-naphthalenyl) azo)-, disodium salt; 4,4 -Bis ((2hydroxy-1-naphthalenyl) azo)-(1,1 -biphenyl)-2,2 -disulfonic acid, disodium salt; CI 22890

Classification: Azobenzene

Empirical: C₃₂H₂₀N₄Na₂O₈S₂

- Properties: Red powd.; sol. (mg/ml): 1-10 mg water (20 C), < 1 mg in DMSO, 95% ethanol, acetone (20 C); m.w. 698.64; m.p. > 300 C Toxicology: Mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Probably combustible; incompat. with oxidizing and reducing agents; copper dulls color; iron makes it much duller
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x and SO_x

Storage: Store @ ambient temps.

Uses: Dye for wool, silk, polyamide, paper, jute Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Acid red 137

Synonyms: CI 17755 *Émpirical:* C₂₀H₁₇N₄NaO₆S Properties: M.w. 464.43 Uses: Dye for paper Manuf./Distrib.: Aakash Chems. & Dyestuffs

Acid red 26, disodium salt. See Acid red 26 Acid red 97, disodium salt. See Acid red 97 Acid red 4, monosodium salt. See Acid red 4

Acid rhodamine B. See Acid red 52

Acids, coconut, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated coconut acid

Acids, corn. See Corn acid

Acids, cottonseed. See Cottonseed acid

Acids, linseed. See Linseed acid

Acids, menhaden, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated menhaden acid Acid sodium sulfite. See Sodium bisulfite

Acids, tall oil. See Tall oil acid

Acids, tallow. See Tallow acid

Acids, tallow, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated tallow acid

Acid violet 12

Synonyms: CI 18075 *Empirical:* C₁₉H₁₅N₃Na₂O₉S₂ Properties: M.w. 539.45 Uses: Dye for wool, silk, polyamide, leather, and paper Manuf./Distrib.: Aakash Chems. & Dyestuffs; Albanil Dyestuff Int'l.; Fabricolor; Org. Dyestuffs; Rite Ind.

Acid violet 17

CAS 4129-84-4; EINECS/ELINCS 223-942-

Synonyms: Acid violet 17, sodium salt; Benzenemethanaminium, N-(4-((4-(diethylamino) phenyl) (4-(ethyl ((3-sulfophenyl) methyl) amino) phenyl) methylene)-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene)-N-ethyl-3-sulfo-, hydroxide, inner salt, sodium salt; CI 42650; Food violet 1; Violet BNP

Classification: Azobenzene

Empirical: C₄₁H₄₅N₃NaO₆S₂

Properties: M.w. 762.93

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Dye for wool, silk, paper, soap, and inks Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Acid violet 49

CAS 1694-09-3

Synonyms: Acid violet 49, sodium salt; Ammonium, (4-(p-(dimethylamino)- α -(p-ethyl (m-sulfobenzyl) amino) phenyl) benzylidene)-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene) ethyl (m-sulfobenzyl)-, hydroxide, inner salt, sodium salt; Benzenemethanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino) phenyl] [4-[ethyl [(3-sulfophenyl) methyl] amino] phenyl] methylene]-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-ethyl-3-sulfo-, inner salt, sodium salt; Benzyl violet; Benzyl violet 4B; CI 42640; Coomassie violet; D&C Violet No. 1; FD&C Violet No. 1; Food violet 2; Violet 2; Wool violet

Empirical: C₃₉H₄₁N₃NaO₆S₂

- Properties: Bik. fine powd.; sol. (mg/ml): < 1 mg in water, DMSO, 95% ethanol, methanol, acetone, toluene (20 C); insol. in veg. oils; m.w. 734.94; m.p. 245-250 C (dec.)
- Toxicology: TDLo (oral, rat, 28 wks continuous) 498 g/kg; experimental carcinogen, tumorigen; mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Precaution: Probably combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NO_x, ammonia, sodium oxide, SO_x

Storage: Store @ ambient temps.

Uses: Dye for wool, polyamide, silk, leather, paper, inks, anodized aluminum; as biological stain; as wood stain; for coloring paper; color additive for foods, drugs, and cosmetics (FDA prohibited)

Regulatory: FDA/USDA prohibited

Manuf./Distrib.: Aakash Chems. & Dyestuffs; Albanil Dyestuff Int'l.; Indo Colchem; Leadertech Colors; Rite Ind.; Spectra Colors

Acid violet 17, sodium salt. See Acid violet 17

Acid violet 49, sodium salt. See Acid violet 49

Acid yellow 3

CÁS 8004-92-0; EINECS/ELINCS 305-897-5

- Synonyms: CI 47005; D&C Yellow No. 10; Dye quinoline yellow; FD&C Yellow No. 10; Food yellow 3; Food yellow 13; 1H-Indene-1,3(2H)dione, 2-(2-quinolinyl)-, sulfonated, sodium salts; Quinoline yellow; 2-(2-Quinolyl)-1,3-indandione disulfonic acid disodium salt
- Classification: Quinoline color

Definition: Mixt. of the disodium salts of the mono- and disulfonic acids of 2-(2-quinolyl)-1H-indene-1,3(2H)-dione

Empirical: C₁₈H₉NNa₂O₈S₂

- Properties: Bright greenish yel.; sol. in water; sl. sol. in ethanol; pract. insol. in veg. oils; m.w. 477.37
- *Toxicology*: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2 g/kg; low toxicity by ing.; irritant; potential allergen; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO $_{\rm x}$ and SO $_{\rm x}$
- Uses: Colorant for food, cosmetics, hair dyes, pharmaceuticals; dye for paper, wool, silk, nylon; pigment for printing inks
- Regulatory: D&C Yellow No. 10: FDA 21CFR §74.2710, 74.3710, 82.1710; FDA approved for dentals, implants, orals, rectals, sublinguals, topicals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; BFGoodrich Hilton Davis; Crompton & Knowles; Fluka; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Acid yellow 23. See Tartrazine

Acid yellow 36

CÁS 587-98-4; EINECS/ELINCS 209-608-2

Synonyms: Acidic metanil yellow; Acid metanil yellow; Acid yellow 36 monosodium salt; m-[(p-Anilinophenyl) azo] benzenesulfonic acid sodium salt; Benzenesulfonic acid, 3-((4-(phenylamino) phenyl) azo)-, monosodium salt; CI 13065; D&C Yellow No. 1; Ext. D&C Yellow No. 1; Metanil yellow; 3-[[4-(Phenylamino) phenyl] azo] benzenesulfonic acid monosodium salt; 3-(4-Phenylaminophenylazo) benzenesulfonic acid, sodium salt; Sodium 3-[(4-N-phenylamino) phenylazo] benzenesulfonate; Sodium 3-[(4-anilino) phenylazo] benzenesulfonate

Classification: Azobenzene

Empirical: C₁₈H₁₄N₃NaO₃S

- Properties: Yel.-brnsh. cryst. powd.; sol. in water; mod. sol. in benzene, ether; sl. sol. in acetone; m.w. 375.38; m.p. 0 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5 g/kg, (IP, mouse) 1 g/kg, (IV, mouse) 200 mg/ kg; prevent inh. and direct contact with skin and eyes; may cause blood changes, degenerative changes to brain; sympathomimetic; reproductive effector; mutagen; TSCA listed

Storage: Store in cool, dry place; keep container closed when not in use Uses: Dye for wool, silk, jute, paper, stain, polish; pH indicator Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Dudley; Fluka; Sigma

Acid yellow 36 monosodium salt. See Acid yellow 36

Acid yellow 23 trisodium salt. See Tartrazine

ACN. See Acrylonitrile

Acraldehyde. See Acrolein

Acroleic acid. See Acrylic acid

Acrolein

CAS 107-02-8; EINECS/ELINCS 203-453-4; UN No. 1092 (DOT), 2607 Synonyms: Acraldehyde; Acrylaldehyde; Acrylic aldehyde; Allyl aldehyde; Ethylene aldehyde; Prop-2-enal; 2-Propenal; Propylene aldehyde

Classification: Acrylic aldehyde

Empirical: C₃H₄O

Formula: CH2:CHCHO

- Properties: Colorless to yel. liq.; pungent, burnt sweet odor; sol. in water, ethanol, diethyl ether, petrol. ether, acetone, oil; m.w. 56.06; dens. 0.8389 (20 C); m.p. -88 C; b.p. 52.5 C (760 mm); flash pt. (OC) -18 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 46 mg/kg; ACGIH TLV/TWA 0.1 ppm; human poison by inh. and intradermal route; poison experimentally by most routes; vapors cause lacrimation; primary irritant; irritates skin and mucosa; TSCA listed

Environmental: Biodeg.

- Precaution: Extremely flamm.; unstable; polymerizes in light or presence of alkali or strong acid; can react vigorously with oxidizing materials
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits highly toxic fumes, CO, CO₂
- NFPA: Health 4; Flammability 3; Reactivity 3
- Uses: Bactericide/algicide for control of bacteria in oil fields, weeds in agric. irrigation systems and canals; laboratory reagent; mfg. of perfumes and pharmaceuticals; hydrogen sulfide scavenger for oil and gas prod. systems; intermediate for syn. glycerol, polyurethane and polyester resins, methionine; warning agent in gases; crosslinking agent for cellulose fibers; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.300; SARA reportable
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR UK; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Atofina UK; Baker Petrolite; Daicel Chem. Ind.; Fisher Scientific UK; Fluka; MDA Chems.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Union Carbide
- Acrolein dibromide. *See* 2,3-Dibromopropionaldehyde Acrylaldehyde. *See* Acrolein

Acrylamide

- CAS 79-06-1; EINECS/ELINCS 201-173-7; UN No. 2074 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Acrylamide monomer; Acrylic amide; Ethylenecarboxamide; Propenamide; 2-Propenamide; Propenoic acid amide; Vinyl amide

Classification: Unsat. aliphatic amide

Empirical: C₃H₅NO

Formula: CH₂CHCONH₂

- Properties: Wh. cryst. solid; odorless; very sol. in alcohol, water, ether, dimethyl sulfoxide; sol. in acetone, ethyl acetate; mod. sol. in chloroform; sl. sol. in benzene; m.w. 71.08; sp.gr. 1.12 (30 C); vapor pressure 0.007 mm Hg; m.p. 83-86 C; b.p. 87 C
- Toxicology: TLV-TWA 0.03 mg/m³ (skin); LD50 (oral, rat) 124 mg/kg; poisonous material; harmful if inhaled, absorbed thru skin, or ingested; suspected human carcinogen; possible reproductive hazard; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Polymerizes violently at its m.p. or exposed to UV light; may polymerize violently in contact with oxidizing materials; incompat. with acids or bases (may vigorously dec. producing ammonia salts and acrylic

acid)

- *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Heated to decomp., emits acrid fumes and NO_x; releases highly flamm. hydrogen and toxic ammonia gases
- NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 2; Reactivity 2
- Storage: Store refrigerated in cool, dry, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight, away from heat/ignition sources; limit quantity in storage
- Uses: Monomer for prod. of paints; prod. of water-sol. polyacrylamides used in water and sewage treatment, paper/pulp mfg., enhanced oil recovery as mobility control agents in water flooding, mining, min. processing, soil stabilization, food processing; additive for oil well drilling fluids, flocculants, thickeners, photographic emulsions, adhesives, surf. coatings, dye acceptors, textiles, paints, cements; chem. intermediate; in crosslinking agents in vinyl polymers
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABCŔ UK; AMRESCO; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allchem Ind.; Am. Int'l.; Avocado Research Chems.; Bio-Rad Labs; CBC Europe; Complex Quimica SA; Cytec Ind.; Dow; Fisher Scientific UK; Fluka; GIBCO; Jarchem Ind.; Lancaster Synthesis UK; Merck Ltd; Mitsubishi Chem.; Mitsui & Co. UK; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Nalco; Nat'l. Diagnostics; Nitto Chem. Ind.; Research Organics; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Transol Chems. UK Ltd; Vantico AG; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Acrylamide/acrylate copolymer. See Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer Acrylamide/acrylate polymer. See Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer Acrylamide/acrylic acid copolymer. See Acrylates/acrylamide copolymer;

Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer Acrylamide/acrylic acid resin. See Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer

Acrylamide/acrylic resin. See Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer Acrylamide/acrylic resin. See Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer

- Acrylamide/β-methacrylyloxyethyl trimonium methosulfate. See Polyquaternium-5
- Acrylamide-diallyldimethyl ammonium chloride. See Polyquaternium-7 Acrylamide/dimethyldiallyl ammonium chloride copolymer. See Polyquaternium-7
- Acrylamide/ethylene/vinyl chloride copolymer

Uses: Food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Acrylamide homopolymer. See Polyacrylamide

Acrylamide/methacrylic acid/maleic anhydride copolymer Uses: Retention aid for mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Acrylamide-β-methacrylyloxyethyltrimethyl ammonium methyl sulfate copolymer. *See* Polyquaternium-5

Acrylamide monomer. See Acrylamide

Acrylamide, polymers. See Polyacrylamide

Acrylamides copolymer

- *Synonyms:* 2-Propenamide, polymer with 2-butenamide and/or alkylpropenamide
- Definition: Polymer of two or more monomers of acrylamide and/or its simple alkyl derivs.
- Uses: Thickener, flocculant, friction reducer, leveling agent, film-former, solids suspending agent for adhesives, carpet backings, bonding agents, flooring compds., printing applics.; cationic polyelectrolyte (effluent treatment); retention aid, drainage aid in paper prod.; antistat, film-former in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180

- *Trade Names:* Percol® 368; Percol® 370; Percol® 402; Percol® 403; Percol® 406; Percol® 710; Percol® 712; Percol® 720 (LT20); Percol® 721; Percol® 722; Percol® 725 (LT25); Percol® 726 (LT26); Percol® 727 (LT27); Percol® 728; Percol® 734; Percol® 736; Percol® 737; Percol® 737HL; Percol® 742; Percol® 744; Percol® 745; Percol® 747; Percol® 748; Percol® 750; Percol® 751; Percol® 753; Percol® 755; Percol® 757; Percol® 759; Percol® 763; Percol® 775 FS25; Percol® 775 FS40; Percol® 767; Percol® 778 FS25; Percol® 778 FS40; Percol® 780; Percol® 787; Percol® 788N; Percol® 790; Percol® 919; Percol® E24; Percol® LT22; Percol® LT22S; Percol® LT24
- 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropane sulfonate. See 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid

2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid

CAS 15214-89-8; EINECS/ELINCS 239-268-0

- Synonyms: AMPS; 2-AMPS; 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropane sulfonate; 2-Acryloylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid monomer
- Empirical: C7H13NO4S
- Formula: H₂C=CHCONHC(CH₃)₂CH₂SO₃H
- *Properties:* M.w. 207.25; m.p. 195 C
- Toxicology: Cancer suspect agent
- Precaution: Corrosive
- Uses: Comonomer (anionic flocculants/dispersants); protective colloid and/or copolymerizable surfactant in acrylic/modified acrylic latexes for use in paints, inks, adhesives, and sealants; in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR UK; Aldrich; CBC Europe; Fisher Scientific UK; Fluka; Lancaster Synthesis UK; Lubrizol; Sigma; Toagosei; Transol Chems. UK Ltd

Trade Names: AMPS® 2401 Monomer; AMPS® 2404 Monomer

Acrylates/acrylamide copolymer

- Synonyms: AA/AM; Acrylamide/acrylic acid copolymer; Acrylic acid/ acrylamide copolymer; Propenamide, polymer with propenoic acid, butenoic acid, and/or alkyl propenoates
- Definition: Polymer of acrylamide and one or more monomers of acrylic acid, methacrylic acid or one of their simple ester
- Properties: Nonionic
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Dispersant in boiler water treatment; mineral scale control aid; flocculant and coagulant aid in water and wastewater treatment, sugar processing; film-former in cosmetics; hair spray resin; in food-pkg. adhesives; in foodcontact paper/paperboard
- Use Level: Limitation 10 ppm (cane or beet liquor for clarification), 2.5 ppm (cane or beet juice/liquor for min. scale control)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.5, 175.105, 176.110
- Trade Names: Accostrength® 1000 Dry Strength Resin; Amerfloc® 275; Sterocoll® BL

Acrylates/C10-30 alkyl acrylate crosspolymer

Definition: C10-30 alkyl acrylates and monomer(s) of acrylic or methacrylic acid or esters crosslinked with an allyl ether of sucrose or pentaerythritol *Properties:* Anionic

Uses: Film-former, rheology agent, emulsifier, stabilizer, moisturizer, thickener, gellant for cosmetic emulsions, skin care prods., topical pharmaceuticals; emulsion stabilizer; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings

Trade Names: Carbopol® 1342; Carbopol® 1382

Acrylates copolymer

CAS 25133-97-5

- Synonyms: Acrylic/acrylate copolymer; Acrylic copolymer; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with ethyl 2-propenoate and methyl 2-methyl-2propenoate
- Definition: Polymers of two or more monomers consisting of acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, or their simple esters

Properties: Anionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Detergent polymer; for surface coatings; emulsions; paints; paper and leather finishes; water treatment; dispersant and scale inhibitor for oil field water treatment; antistat, binder, film-former in cosmetics; thickener, stabilizer for cosmetics, paints, inks, waxes, polishes, detergents, etc.; in foodpkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Use Level: 1-6%

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.210, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1010, 178.3790
- Manuf./Distrib.: Abco Ind.; Air Prods.; Ashland; BFGoodrich; Chemcentral; Cognis; Complex Quimica SA; D.N. Lukens; Essential Ind.; GCA; Hampshire; Hickson Danchem; Interpolymer; Lenape Ind.; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Nat'l. Starch & Chem.; NeoResins; Reichhold; Rhodia; Rohm & Haas; S.C. Johnson Polymer; Samson; Scott Bader; StanChem; Synthron; Tamms Ind.; Thibaut & Walker; Tri-Iso; Union Carbide

Trade Names: Acronal®; Acrosol®; Acusol® 810; Acusol® 820; Acusol® 830; Acusol® 842; Basoplast® 250 D; Basoplast® 265 D; Basoplast® 335 D; Carboset® 515; Carboset® GA1086; Carboset® GA1604;

Elvacite® 2013, 2014, 2016, 2028, 2614, 2550, 2552, 6016; Nacrylic X 4280; NeoCryl® A-630; NeoCryl® BT-175; Perglutin® K 175 EP; Prox® ASN 165 R

Acrylates/PVP copolymer

CAS 26589-26-4

Synonyms: 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 1-ethenyl-2pyrrolidinone and ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate

Definition: Copolymer of PVP and one or more monomers of acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, or their simple esters

Formula: $(C_6H_{10}O_2 \cdot C_6H_9NO \cdot C_4H_6O)$

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Antistat, binder, film-former in cosmetics; hair care fixative; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Acrylates/VA copolymer

CAS 25067-02-1

Synonyms: Acrylates/vinyl acetate copolymer; Vinyl acetate-acrylic copolymer

- Definition: Copolymer of vinyl acetate and one or more monomers of acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, or their simple esters
- Uses: Film-former, visc. control agent in cosmetics; binder for nonwoven fabrics; paper impregnant; in adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with ag./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Trade Names: Polyco® 6108NP

Acrylates/vinyl acetate copolymer. See Acrylates/VA copolymer

Acrylic acid

- CAS 79-10-7; EINECS/ELINCS 201-177-9
- Synonyms: AA; Acroleic acid; Acrylic acid, glacial; Ethylene carboxylic acid; Propenoic acid; 2-Propenoic acid; Propene acid; Vinylformic acid *Empirical:* C₃H₄O₂

Formula: H₂C:CHCOOH

Properties: Colorless liq., acrid odor; misc. with water, alcohol, ether, acetone, benzene; m.w. 72.07; dens. 1.052 (20/20 C); b.p. 140.9 C; m.p. 12.1 C; flash pt. (OC) 54.5 C; ref. index 1.4224 (20 C); polymerizes readily

Toxicology: TLV 10 ppm in air; LD50 (oral, rat) 250 mg/kg; severe skin and eye irritant; toxic by inhalation; experimental teratogen; TSCA listed

- Precaution: May polymerize explosively; flamm. liq.; corrosive material; fire hazard exposed to heat or flame
- Uses: Carboxylated comonomer for polyacrylic and polymethacrylic acids, other acrylic acids, acrylic polymers, styrene-butadiene, vinyl acetate, nitrile latex; comonomer for radiation-cured polyester/polyurethane resin; paints; antimigrant for pigment pad dyeing
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Atofina; BASF; BCH Brühl; Brøste; Celanese; Chemconnect; Degussa-Hüls AG; Fluka; G.J. Chem.; Idemitsu Petrochem.; Mitsubishi Chem.; Nichimen Am.; Nippon Shokubai; Osaka Org. Chem. Ind.; Penta Mfg.; Rohm & Haas; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sumitomo Chem.; Total Spec. Chems.; Union Carbide; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Trade Names Containing: Rohamere® 8596

Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer

CAS 9003-06-9

Synonyms: Acrylamide/acrylate copolymer; Acrylamide/acrylate polymer; Acrylamide/acrylic acid copolymer; Acrylamide/acrylic acid resin; Acrylamide/acrylic resin; Acrylic acid/acrylamide polymer; Acrylic acid, polymer with acrylamide; Hydrolyzed polyacrylamide; Poly (acrylamideco-acrylic acid); Polyacrylamide, hydrolyzed; Poly (acrylic acidacrylamide); 2-Propenamide, polymer with 2-propenoic acid; 2-Propenamide-2-propenoic acid polymer; 2-Propenoic acid, polymer with 2-propenamide

Classification: Acrylic

- *Empirical:* $(C_3H_5NO \cdot C_3H_4O_2)_x$
- Formula: $[CH_2CH(CONH_2)]_x[CH_2CH(CO_2H)]_y$
- Properties: Solid; sol. in water and some protonic solvs.; m.w. (143.14)_x; sp.gr. 0.750
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2500 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 10,000 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) 720 mg/l; irritating to eyes, skin, mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract; severe eye irritant; may be harmful by inh., ing., or skin

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents, copper, copper alloys, aluminum; insolubilized by chromic salts; capable of creating dust explosion in powd. form

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x, ammonia; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions

Storage: Store in cool, dry place; keep tightly closed

Uses: Thickener; binder; sizing agent; flocculant; crosslinking agent; filter aid; lubricant; drag reduction aid; polymer recovery agent Trade Names Containing: Hartfloc® A-414

See also Acrylates/acrylamide copolymer

Acrylic acid/acrylamide polymer. See Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer Acrylic acid, butyl ester. See Butyl acrylate Acrylic acid, n-butyl ester. See Butyl acrylate Acrylic acid, diester with tetraethylene glycol. See PEG-4 diacrylate

Acrylic acid, 2-(diethylamino) ethyl ester. See Diethylaminoethyl acrylate Acrylic acid-N,N-diethylaminoethyl ester. See Diethylaminoethyl acrylate Acrylic acid, 2-(dimethylamino) ethyl ester. See Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate

Acrylic acid, ethyl ester. See Ethyl acrylate

- Acrylic acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester. See Octyl acrylate
- Acrylic acid, glacial. See Acrylic acid

Acrylic acid, hexamethylene ester. See 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate Acrylic acid homopolymer. See Polyacrylic acid

Acrylic acid 2-hydroxyethyl ester. See 2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate

Acrylic acid, hydroxypropyl ester. See Hydroxypropyl acrylate

Acrylic acid isodecyl ester. See Isodecyl acrylate

Acrylic acid, 2-methyl-. See Methacrylic acid

Acrylic acid methyl ester. See Methyl acrylate

Acrylic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester. See Methyl methacrylate Acrylic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol. See Hydroxypropyl acrylate Acrylic acid, oxybis (ethyleneoxyethylene) ester. See PEG-4 diacrylate Acrylic acid, pentaerithritol triester. See Pentaerythrityl triacrylate Acrylic acid polymer. See Polyacrylic acid

Acrylic acid, polymer with acrylamide. See Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer

Acrylic acid, polymers. See Polyacrylic acid

Acrylic acid, polymer with sucrose-polyallyl ether. See Carbomer Acrylic acid, propylenebis (oxypropylene) ester. See PPG-3 diacrylate Acrylic acid resin. See Polyacrylic acid

Acrylic acid/sulfonic acid copolymer

CAS 97953-25-8

Uses: Dispersant and scale inhibitor for use in water treatment, food-contact paper/paperboard mfg.

Trade Names: Good-Rite® K-776 Polymer

Acrylic acid-(3-sulfopropyl) ester, potassium salt. See Potassium (3-sulfopropyl) acrylate

Acrylic acid vinyl ester. See Vinyl acrylate

Acrylic/acrylate copolymer. See Acrylates copolymer

Acrylic aldehyde. See Acrolein

Acrylic amide. See Acrylamide

Acrylic copolymer. See Acrylates copolymer

Acrylic fiber. See Acrylic resin; Polyacrylonitrile

Acrylic polymer. See Polyacrylic acid

Acrylic polymer resins. See Polyacrylic acid

Acrylic resin

Synonyms: Acrylic fiber; Acrylic sheet

- Definition: Thermoplastic polymer or copolymer of acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, esters of these acids, or acrylonitrile
- Properties: Varies from hard to brittle solids to fibrous elastomeric structures, to viscous liqs.; able to transmit light for sheet and rod forms
- Toxicology: Dust may cause skin, eye, and respiratory tract irritation; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Uses: Hard, shatterproof transparent or colored material, glass substitute in medical, dental, and industrial applics.; impact modifier, processing aid for PVC; dispersant, antiscalant, corrosion inhibitor for water systems; food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1010

- Manuf./Distrib.: Air Prods./Polymers; Akzo Nobel; Anderson Development; Ashland; BFGoodrich; Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber; Cognis/Coatings & Inks; Conap; Cook Composites & Polymers; Cyro Ind.; Cytec Ind.; Deeks; Dianal Am.; Dock Resins; DuPont; Eastern Color & Chem.; Elementis Spec. Colorants/Addit.; FRP Services; H.B. Fuller; Kaneka; King Ind.; McWhorter Tech.; Miller-Stephenson; Morton Int'l.; Nat'l. Starch & Chem.; NeoResins; Nylon Engineering; Plaskolite; Reichhold; Rohm & Haas; Rohm Tech; S.C. Johnson Polymer; Seegott; Showa Highpolymer; Thibaut & Walker; Toyota Tsusho Am.; Union Carbide; Westvaco
- Trade Names: Carboset® 525; Cogum®; Elvacite® 2008, 2009, 2010, 2021, 2041, 6010; Elvacite® 2042, 2043; Esi-Rez™ 50; Esi-Rez™ 53; Esi-Rez[™] 60; Esi-Rez[™] 65; Flexcryl[®] 1625; Flexcryl[®] 1685; Hycar[®] 2671; Hycar® 2679; Hycar® 26084; Hycar® 26092; Hycar® 26106; Hycar® 26138; Hycar® 26322; Korad Klear; Niccasolt PTOL; Rhoplex® ASE-75; Rhoplex® ASE-95NP; Rhoplex® ASE-108NP; Rhoplex® B-15J; Rhoplex® B-60A; Rhoplex® B-85; Rhoplex® B-88; Rhoplex® B-959; Rhoplex® E-1691; Rhoplex® GL-618; Rhoplex® GL-623; Rhoplex® HA-12; Rhoplex® TR-520; Rohagit® SL 252; Rohatol® BV 411; Rohatol® BV 596; Rohatol® D 362; Rohatol® D 471; Rohatol® D 541; Rohatol® DV 242; Rohatol® DV 440; Rohatol® DV 477; Rohatol® DV 544; Rohatol® DV 571; Rohatol® M 600; Rohatol® M 630; Rohatol® M 712; Rohatol® MV 604; Synthemul® 97982-00; Valtac 56; Valtac F-66
- Trade Names Containing: Carboset® 514A; Carboset® 514H; Carboset® 531

See also Polyacrylic acid

Acrylic sheet. See Acrylic resin

Acrylic/styrene

Uses: High gloss polymer for flexo/gravure ink and coating applics., paper/ paperboard applics.; binder

Acrylonitrile

CAS 107-13-1; EINECS/ELINCS 203-466-5; UN No. 1093 (DOT)

Synonyms: ACN; AN; Acrylonitrile monomer; Cyanoethylene; Propenenitrile; 2-Propenenitrile; Vinyl cyanide

Classification: Nitrile

Empirical: C₃H₃N

Formula: H₂C:CHCN

- Properties: Colorless, mobile liq.; pungent odor similar to garlic or onion; sol. in acetone, alcohol, benzene, ether, org. solvs., partially misc. in water; m.w. 53.06; dens. 0.8004 (25 C); f.p. -83 C; b.p. 77.3-77.4 C; flash pt. (TOC) 32 F
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 2 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 78 mg/kg; toxic by inh. and skin absorp.; lachrymator; can cause irritation of respiratory tract, lack of oxygen, headache, dizziness, nausea, vomiting, tremors, diarrhea, signs of liver dysfunction; skin contact can cause blisters, toxic and allergic dermatitis; readily absorbed thru skin; vapor or liq. can cause severe eye irritation, corneal damage; ing. may cause sore throat, abdominal pain, possibly death; a carcinogen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm.; dangerous fire risk; potentially explosive; explosive limits in air 3-17%; unstable and polymerizes violently when heated, in absence of oxygen, or on exposure to visible light; normally stable when inhibited

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x, hydrogen cyanide

NFPA: Health 4; Flammability 3; Reactivity 2

- Uses: Monomer for acrylic and modacrylic fibers, paints; in prod. of ABS and SAN copolymers, nitrile rubber, surfactants, adhesives, polyols, barrier resins, carbon fibers; organic synthesis; formerly as pesticide fumigant Regulatory: SARA reportable
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allchem Ind.; Asahi Chem. Ind.; BP Chems. Ltd; Chemconnect; Cytec Ind.; DSM NV; DuPont; Fluka; Mitsubishi Chem.; Mitsui Toatsu; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Monsanto; Nitto Chem. Ind.; Showa Denko; Solutia; Sterling Chems.; Sumitomo Chem.; Whyte Chems. Ltd
- Trade Names Containing: Rohamere® 132; Rohamere® 587; Rohamere® 8464; Rohamere® 87219

Acrylonitrile/butadiene copolymer. See Butadiene/acrylonitrile copolymer Acrylonitrile/butadiene rubber. See Butadiene/acrylonitrile copolymer

Acrylonitrile/butadiene/styrene copolymer CAS 9003-56-9

- Synonyms: ABS; Acrylonitrile/butadiene/styrene polymer; Acrylonitrile/butadiene/styrene resin; Butadiene/acrylonitrile/styrene copolymer; Poly (acry-Ionitrile-butadiene-styrene); Poly (acrylonitrile-co-butadiene-co-styrene) Classification: Polymer
- Definition: Engineering thermoplastic resin grafted from the 3 monomers from which its name is derived
- Formula: $[CH_2CH(CN)]_x(CH_2CH=CHCH_2)_y[CH_2CH(C_6H_5)]_z$
- Properties: Powd.; sol. in acetone, MEK, CH₂Cl₂; insol. in alcohols, aliphatic hydrocarbons, min. and veg. oils; dens. ≈ 1.04 ; tens. str. ≈ 6500 psi; flex. str. ≈ 10,000 psi

Toxicology: Cancer suspect agent; TSCA listed

- Precaution: Combustible, but slow burning; attacked by nitric and sulfuric acids, and by aldehydes, ketones, esters, and chlorinated hydrocarbons
- Uses: Engineering plastic for automotive body parts, telephones, pkg., shower stalls, boats, building panels, pipe, machinery housings; processing aid, impact modifier for PVC; ABS/PVC blends; ABS/PC blends; ABS/ polysulfone blends; latex used for waterproof and greaseproof coatings, leather finishes, paints, paper coatings, and nonwoven binders and saturation; foods (films, coatings, rigid and semirigid pkg., pressure-sensitive adhesives)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 177.1020, 177.1200, 181.32
- Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aiscondel SA; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Bayer; GE Spec.; Japan Syn. Rubber; LG Petrochem. Co. Ltd; Magna-Kron; Marco Polo Int'l.; Mitsubishi Int'l./Plastics; Nylon Engineering; Toyota Tsusho Am.; Westchem; Whyte Chems. Ltd
- Trade Names: Hycar® 1577; Hycar® 1578X1; SNAP 2042; SNAP 2048; SNAP 2054; Štyronal[™] NX 4489 X; Styronal[™] NX 4680
- Acrylonitrile/butadiene/styrene polymer. See Acrylonitrile/butadiene/styrene copolymer
- Acrylonitrile/butadiene/styrene resin. See Acrylonitrile/butadiene/styrene copolymer

Acrylonitrile copolymer

Synonyms: Propenenitrile copolymer; Vinyl cyanide copolymer

- Uses: Specialty elastomer for automotive and industrial applics., e.g., seals, gaskets, membranes, cable jackets, extruded profiles, rubber linings, hoses, bellows, sleeves, oil field parts; textile coatings; binder, saturant for textile coatings, adhesives; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105
- Trade Names: Tylac® 68321-00; Tylac® 68513-00; Tylac® 68520-00 Trade Names Containing: Dualite® M6050AE; Dualite® MS7000; Dualite®
- MS7020
- Acrylonitrile homopolymer. See Polyacrylonitrile
- Acrylonitrile monomer. See Acrylonitrile
- Acrylonitrile polymer. See Polyacrylonitrile
- Acrylonitrile, polymeric. See Polyacrylonitrile Acrylonitrile, polymers. See Polyacrylonitrile
- Acrylonitrile rubber. See Butadiene/acrylonitrile copolymer
- 2-Acryloylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid monomer. See 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid
- 3-Acryloyloxy-propane-1-sulfonic acid, potassium salt. See Potassium (3sulfopropyl) acrylate
- Activated alumina. See Alumina
- Activated aluminum oxide. See Alumina
- Activated carbon. See Carbon, activated
- Activated charcoal. See Carbon, activated
- Active carbon. See Carbon, activated
- **\beta-ADA**. See β -Alanine diacetic acid
- Adeps bovis. See Tallow

Adeps lanae. See Lanolin

- 1,4A-Dimethyl-7-isopropyl-1,2,3,4,4A,9,10,10A-octahydro-1-phenanthrene methylamine. See Dehydroabietylamine
- Adipic acid
 - . CAS 124-04-9; EINECS/ELINCS 204-673-3; UN No. NA 9077 (DOT); FEMA 2011
 - Synonyms: AA; 1,4-Butanedicarboxylic acid; Butane-1,4-dicarboxylic acid; Dicarboxylic acid C₆; Hexanedioic acid; 1,6-Hexanedioic acid
 - Classification: Organic dicarboxylic acid
 - Empirical: C6H10O4

Formula: HOOC(CH₂)₄COOH

- Properties: Wh. monoclinic prisms, pract. odorless; very sol. in alcohol; sol. in acetone, oxygenated solvs.; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 146.16; dens. 1.360 (25/4 C); vapor pressure 1 mm Hg (159.5 C); m.p. 152 C; b.p. 337.5 C; flash pt. (CC) 385 F
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 1900 mg/kg; ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 mg/m³; poison by IP route; mod. toxic by other routes; severe eye irritant; may cause occupational asthma; TSCA listed
- *Precaution:* Combustible; can react with oxidizing material

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

- NFPA: Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Mfg. of nylon and polyurethane foams; intermediate for paints; preparation of esters for use as plasticizers and lubricants; alkyd resin comonomer; starch crosslinking agent; buffer in cosmetics; foods (flavoring, leavening, acidulant, buffering agent, neutralizer); baking powders; buffer, neutralizing agent in pharmaceuticals; adhesives
- Use Level: Limitation 0.05% (baked goods), 0.005% (nonalcoholic beverages), 5% (condiments), 0.45% (dairy prods.), 0.3% (fats/oil), 0.0004% (frozen dairy desserts), 0.55% (gelatin, puddings), 0.1% (gravies), 0.3% (meat prods.), 1.3% (snack foods), 0.02% (other)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §131.44, 172.515, 184.1009, GRAS; FEMA GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7; Japan approved; Europe listed (ADI 0-5 mg/kg, free acid basis); UK approved
- Manuf./Distrib.: ADA Int'l.; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allchem Ind.; Asahi Chem. Ind.; Ashland; BASF AG; BCH Brühl; Brown; C.P. Hall; Chemical; Coyne; Degussa-Hüls AG; DuPont; E-Chemicals; Fluka; Grau Aromatics; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Houghton Chem.; Inolex; KIC Chems.; Kanto Denka Kogyo; Miljac; Monsanto; Penta Mfg.; Rhodia; Samson; Sigma; Solutia; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sumitomo Chem.; Total Spec. Chems.; U.S. Chems.; UCB; United Min. & Chem.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Van Waters & Rogers; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Trade Names: Adi-pure®

Trade Names Containing: Hartfloc® C-470

- Adipic acid, diethylenetriamine, epichlorohydrin polymer. See Adipic acid/epoxypropyl diethylenetriamine copolymer
- Adipic acid, diethylenetriamine, epichlorohydrin resin. See Adipic acid/ epoxypropyl diethylenetriamine copolymer

Adipic acid/dimethylaminohydroxypropyl diethylenetriamine copolymer CAS 61840-27-5

Synonyms: Polyamide-polyamine-epichlorohydrin resin

Classification: Condensation polymer

Uses: Antistat, film-former in cosmetics; polymer substantive to hair; lubricant/conditioner for shampoos, hair conditioners; binder component in aq. inks; wet str. additive in paper; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Adipic acid dimethyl ester. See Dimethyl adipate

Adipic acid/epoxypropyl diethylenetriamine copolymer

CAS 52932-31-7; 25212-19-5

Synonyms: Adipic acid, diethylenetriamine, epichlorohydrin polymer; Adipic acid, diethylenetriamine, epichlorohydrin resin; Diethylenetriamine, epichlorohydrin, adipic acid polymer; Epichlorohydrin, adipic acid, diethylenetriamine polymer; Hexanedioic acid, polymer with N-(2-aminoethyl)-1,2-ethanediamine and (chloromethyl) oxirane

Classification: Condensation polymer

Uses: Antistat, film-former in cosmetics; hair care resin used in permanent sol'ns. and hair sprays; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

ADPA. See Etidronic acid

Agricultural lime. See Calcium hydroxide Agricultural limestone. See Calcium carbonate AIBN. See 2,2'-Azobisisobutyronitrile Alabaster. See Calcium sulfate dihydrate

β-Alanine diacetic acid

CAS 6245-75-6; EINECS/ELINCS 228-360-6 Synonyms: β-ADA; Beta-alanine diacetic acid *Classification:* Aminocarboxylic acid

- Empirical: C7H11NO6
- Formula: (HOOCCH₂)₂NCH₂CH₂COOH
- Environmental: Readily biodeg.
- Uses: Chelating agent in cosmetics, detergents, cleaners, pulp/paper, electroplating, water softening, textiles
- Albacol. See Propyl alcohol

Albumen

- CAS 9006-50-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-936-2
- Synonyms: Albumin; Dried egg white; Egg albumin
- Definition: Dried whites of chicken eggs
- Properties: Yel. amorphous lumps, scales, or powd.; swells in water, then dissolves gradually; decomp. in moist air; dens. 1.035; m.p. -0.42 C; coagulating temp. 61 C; ref. index 1.356; pH 7.6
- Toxicology: May cause allergic reactions in people allergic to milk or eggs; TSCA listed
- Uses: Protective colloid and emulsifier in baking; clarifying and refining wines and vinegar; textile dye mordant; adhesives and veneers; emulsifier, filmformer in pharmaceuticals; film-former in cosmetics; antidote to mercury poisoning; microencapsulation; binder; coagulant; skin conditioner
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §160.145
- Manuf./Distrib.: Alfa Aesar; Alfa Chem; Am. Labs; Am. Tartaric Prods.; Fluka; Penta Mfg.; Schweizerhall; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Spice King; U.S. Biochemical

Trade Names: Sol-U-Tein EA

Albumin. See Albumen

Alcalase. See Protease

Alcohol

- CAS 64-17-5; EINECS/ELINCS 200-578-6; UN No. 1170 (DOT), 1986 (DOT), 1987 (DOT); FEMA 2419
- Synonyms: EtOH; IMS; Absolute alcohol; Absolute ethanol; Distilled spirits; Ethanol; Ethanol, undenatured; Ethyl alcohol; Ethyl alcohol, undenatured; Ethyl hydrate; Ethyl hydroxide; Grain alcohol; Industrial methylated spirit; Methylcarbinol; Spirits of wine
- Definition: Undenatured ethyl alcohol

Empirical: C₂H₆O

Formula: CH₃CH₂OH

- Properties: Colorless limpid, volatile liq., vinous odor, pungent taste; misc. with water, methanol, ether, chloroform, 95% acetone, oxygenated/chlorinated solvs.; m.w. 46.08; dens. 0.816 (15.5 C); b.p. 78.3 C; f.p. -117.3 C; flash pt. (CC) 12.7 C; ref. index 1.365 (15 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 1000 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 7060 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 3750 mg/kg; mod. toxic to humans by ing.; mod. toxic by IV and IP routes; mildly toxic by inh., skin contact; eye, skin, and mucous membrane irritant; severe skin irritant; human systemic effects; CNS depressant; ing. of Ig. doses can cause alcohol poisoning; human carcinogen; experimental tumorigen, teratogen; human reproductive effects by ing., IV; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Flamm. liq.; dangerous fire and explosion hazard; can react vigorously with oxidizers; reacts violently with many chemicals

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Solvent/cosolvent in paints, inks, dyes, lacquer thinners; extraction medium; mfg. of acetaldehyde, denatured alcohol, paints, waterborne coatings, pharmaceuticals (tonics, colognes), perfumery, organic synthesis; octane booster in gasoline; solvent/coupling agent/wetting agent in cleaners, polishes, coatings; solvent in cosmetics; disinfectant; in food-pkg. adhesives; antimicrobial, extraction solvent, vehicle for foods; alcoholic beverages; active ingred. in OTC drug prods.; topical antiseptic; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard

Use Level: Limitation 2% (pizza crusts); ADI not specified (FAO/WHO)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR \$169.3, 169.175, 169.176, 169.177, 169.178, 169.180, 169.181, 172.340, 172.560, 175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1440, 184.1293, GRAS; 27CFR \$2.5, 2.12; FEMA GRAS; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance; Japan restricted
- Manuf./Distrib.: A.E. Staley Mfg.; ADM; AMRESCO; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Amyl; Ashland; BPAmoco; Baychem; C.P. Hall; Chematch; Chemcentral; Condea Vista; Coyne; Eastman; Equistar; Fluka; Georgia-Pacific Resins; Gist-brocades SpA; Grain Processing; Great Western; Harcros; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; J.T. Baker; JLM Marketing; Midwest Grain

Prods.; Quaker City; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Samson; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sunnyside; Union Carbide; Van Waters & Rogers

Trade Names Containing: Ancowet A-70; Ancowet S-60; Arquad® 210-50; DeWET SDO-75E; Disponil® SUS IC 865; Disponil® SUS IC 875; Geropon® WT-27; GPRI™ 4000; GPRI™ BKS-2600; GPRI™ BKS-2900; GPRI™ BKS-2901; Modacure® Resin; Monawet MO-70E; Monawet MO-75E; Resimene® 797; Resimene® 7111; Resimene® 7112

Alcohol C-3. See Propyl alcohol

Alcohol C-5. See n-Amyl alcohol Alcohol C₈. See 2-Ethylhexanol

- Alcohol C-10. See Decyl alcohol
- Alcohol C16. See Cetyl alcohol
- Alcohol C20. See Arachidyl alcohol
- Alcohol C₂₂. *See* Behenyl alcohol
- Alcohols, C8-10. See C8-10 alcohols
- Alcohols, C10. See C10 alcohols
- Alcohols, C10-14. See C10-14 alcohols
- Alcohols, C12-18. See C12-18 alcohols
- Alcohols, C16-18. See Cetearyl alcohol
- Alcohols, C20-24. See C20-24 alcohols
- Alcohols, C20-40. See C20-40 alcohols
- Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated. See Ceteareth
- Alcohols, coco. See Coconut alcohol
- Alcohols, tallow. See Tallow alcohol
- Alcohols, tallow, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated tallow alcohol
- Aldehyde C-1. See Formaldehyde
- Algaroba. See Locust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) gum

Algin

- CAS 9005-38-3; FEMA 2015
- Synonyms: Alginate, sodium salt; Alginic acid, sodium salt; Algin (polysaccharide); Sodium alginate; Sodium polymannuronate
- Classification: Hydrophilic polysaccharide
- Definition: Purified carbohydrate prod. extracted from brown seaweed; sodium salt of alginic acid
- Empirical: (C6H7NaO6)n
- Properties: Cream-colored powd., pract. odorless and tasteless; sol. in water forming a gel; insol. in alcohol, ether, chloroform; m.w. 198.11; dens. 1.59 kg/l; dec. on heating above 150 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (IV, rat) 1000 mg/kg, (IP, cat) 250 mg/ kg; poison by IV and IP routes; causes blood hemorrhage in mice; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Stabilizer in mfg. of ice cream; stabilizer/gelling agent for prepared food prods.; emulsifier; firming agent; flavor enhancer; formulation aid; processing aid; surfactant; texturizer; thickener for textile printing pastes; binder, visc. control agent in cosmetics; plasticizer/binding agent for welding rod coatings; suspending agent, gellant, emulsifier, excipient, tablet binder, film-former, stabilizer for pharmaceuticals; boiler water additive for food processing
- Use Level: 0.1-2%; limitation 1% (condiments), 6% (pimento for stuffed olives), 0.3% (confections), 4% (gelatins, puddings), 10% (hard candy), 2% (processed fruits), 1% (other foods); ADI 0-50 mg/kg (EU)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.133, 133.134, 133.162, 133.178. 133.179, 150.141, 150.161, 173.310, 184.1724, GRAS; FEMA GRAS; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals; USP/ NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: ADA Int'L; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allchem Ind.; CarboMer; Colony Ind.; Fallek; Fluka; Frutarom Meer; Indofine; Int'L Chem. Inc; Monsanto; Penta Mfg.; Ruger; San Yuan; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; V.L. Clark
- Trade Names: Colloid 488T; KELCOSOL®; KELGIN® F; KELGIN® HV; KELGIN® LV; KELGIN® MV; KELGIN® XL; KELSET®; Scogin™ F; Scogin™ HV; Scogin™ HVF; Scogin™ LV; Scogin™ MV; Scogin™ QH; Scogin™ QL; Scogin™ QM; Sodium Alginate HV NF/FCC; Sodium Alginate LV; Sodium Alginate LVC; Sodium Alginate MV NF/FCC

Alginate, sodium salt. See Algin Algin gum. See Calcium carrageenan

Alginic acid

- CAS 9005-32-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-680-1
- Synonyms: Norgine; Polymannuronic acid
- Definition: Hydrophilic colloidal carbohydrate derived from brown seaweed, *Phaeophyceae*; polysaccharide composed of β-d-mannuronic acid residues
- Empirical: (C₆H₈O₆)_n
- Properties: Wh. to yel. fibrous powd., odorless, tasteless; sol. in alkaline sol'ns.; very sl. sol. in water; insol. in org. solvs.; capable of absorbing 200-300 times its wt. of water; m.w. ≈ 240,000; acid no. ≥ 230; pH 1.5-3.5 (3% disp.)
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, rat) 1600 mg/kg; moderately toxic by IP route; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Suspending, thickening, gelling/binding agent, emulsifying, and stabilizing agent in foods and pharmaceuticals; binder, visc. control agent in cosmetics; protective colloid in ice cream, toothpaste, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; tablet binder/disintegrant; textile sizing; binder in paper coatings/ sizing; plasticizer/binder in welding rod coatings; thickener/binder in animal feeds; waterproofing concrete; boiler water treatment; oil well drilling muds; storage of gasoline as a solid
- Use Level: ADI 0-50 mg/kg (EU)
- Regulatory: FDA21CFR §184.1011, GRAS; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; CarboMer; Danisco Ingreds. USA; FMC Biopolymer; Fluka; ISP Alginates; Penta Mfg.; Penwest Pharmaceuticals; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stauber Perf. Ingreds. Trade Names: KELACID®

Alginic acid, ester with 1,2-propanediol. See Propylene glycol alginate Alginic acid, sodium salt. See Algin Algin (polysaccharide). See Algin

Aliphatic (C16-C18) alcohol, ethoxylated. See Ceteareth

Alizarin cyanine green F. See Acid green 25

Alizarin oil. See Sulfated castor oil

- Alkane C-6. See Hexane
- Alkane C₇. See Heptane
- Alkanes, C10-11-iso-. See C10-11 isoparaffin
- Alkanes, C11-12-iso-. See C11-12 isoparaffin
- Alkanes, C11-13-iso-. See C11-13 isoparaffin
- Alkanes, C13-14-iso-. See C13-14 isoparaffin
- Alkanes, iso-, C10-11. See C10-11 isoparaffin
- Alkanes, iso-, C11-12. See C11-12 isoparaffin
- Alkanes, iso-, C11-13. See C11-13 isoparaffin
- Alkanes, iso-, C13-14. See C13-14 isoparaffin
- n-Alkanol (C16-C18). See Cetearyl alcohol

Alkenyl (C₁₀.C₁₄) succinic anhydride. See Dodecenylsuccinic anhydride

Alkenyl succinic anhydride

CAS 70983-55-0

- Synonyms: (2-Alkenyl) succinic anhydride
- Definition: (2-Alkenyl) succinic anhydrides in which the alkenyl groups are derived from olefins which contain not less than 78% C₃₀ and higher groups
- Uses: Intermediate for defoamers, demulsifiers, emulsifiers, foam boosters, wetting agents, detergents; corrosion inhibitor; hardener for cosmetics and pharmaceuticals; engine oil lubricant additive; paper sizing agent for paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Alfa Aesar; Dixie; Eka Chems.; Humphrey; Lubrizol; Milliken
- *Trade Names:* Alkenyl Succinic Anhydride C1618 (ASA); ASA 100; Bersize® 6900; Bersize® 6918; LASAR™; NovaSize® ASA; Pentasize 68

(2-Alkenyl) succinic anhydride. See Alkenyl succinic anhydride Alkyd. See Alkyd resin

Alkyd resin

CAS 63148-69-6; 68459-31-4 Synonyms: Alkyd Classification: Thermosetting polymer
- Uses: Thermosetting coating polymer; vehicle in exterior house paints, marine paints, and baking enamels; molded resins in elec. components, encapsulation; latex modifier
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Arakawa USA; Bayer AG; Celanese; Chemical; Croda Resins Ltd; D.B. Becker; DSM UK; Dar-Tech; Degen; EMCO Chem. Distributors; Eastech; GFI; Lomas Int'l.; McWhorter Tech.; PPG Ind.; Prism Int'l.; Ranbar Tech.; Scott Bader; Seegott; Thibaut & Walker; U.S. Polymers; Whyte Chems. Ltd
- Trade Names: Chempol 13-1905

Alkylbenzenesulfonic acid. See Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid

- Alkylbenzyldimethylammonium chloride. See Benzalkonium chloride
- Alkyl (C16-C18) methacrylate. See Stearyl methacrylate
- Alkyl (C-13) polyethoxylates (ethoxy 5). See Trideceth-6
- Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride. See Benzalkonium chloride
- Alkýldimethyl (phenýlmethyl) quaternary ammonium chlorides. See Benzalkonium chloride
- Alkyl ((ethylphenyl) methyl) dimethyl quaternary ammonium chlorides. See Benzalkonium chloride

Alkyl ketene dimer

Uses: Adjuvant in food-contact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.120, 177.1200

- Manuf./Distrib.: Eka Chems.; Haltermann GmbH; NOF Am.
- Trade Names: Keydime® A Series; Keydime® C Series; Keydime® D Series; Keydime® E Series; NovaSize® AKD; Opticoll 23

Alkyl-phenol formaldehyde resin. See Phenolic resin

Allied whiting. See Calcium monocarbonate

Allomaleic acid. See Fumaric acid

Allyl aldehyde. See Acrolein

3-Állyloxy-2-hydroxy-1-propanesulfonic acid, sodium salt. See Sodium 2hydroxy-3-(2-propenyloxy) 1-propanesulfonate

Alpha hydroxy ketone. See α -Hydroxy ketone

Alum. See Aluminum sulfate; Potassium alum anhydrous; Potassium alum dodecahydrate; Sodium alum

Alum, ammonium. See Ammonium alum

Alum flour. See Potassium alum dodecahydrate

Alumina

- CAS 1344-28-1; 1333-84-2 (hydrate); EINECS/ELINCS 215-691-6
 - Synonyms: Activated alumina; Activated aluminum oxide; Alumina, activated; Alumina, calcined; Alumina, tabular; Aluminum oxide; Aluminum oxide (2:3); Aluminium oxide alumite; Aluminium oxydes C; Alumite; Alundum; Calcined alumina; Tabular alumina

Classification: Inorganic compd.

Definition: Occurs in nature as the minerals bauxite, bayerite, boehmite, corundum, diaspore, gibbsite

Empirical: Al₂O₃

- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd., balls, or lumps, odorless, tasteless; pract. insol. in water; very sl. sol. in min. acids; m.w. 101.96; dens. 3.5-4; vapor pressure 1 mm Hg (2158 C); bulking value 0.032 gal/lb; m.p. 2050 C; b.p. 2977 C; oil absorp. 13; hardness (Mohs) 8.8 *Toxicology:* TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (dust); toxic by inhalation of dust; inh. may
- Toxicology: TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (dust); toxic by inhalation of dust; inh. may cause Shaver's disease; may be irritating to respiratory tract; eye irritant by mech. abrasion; skin drying, peeling; experimental tumorigen and neoplastigen by implant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Noncombustible; incompat. with hot chlorinated rubber

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Exothermic reaction above 200 C with halocarbon vapors produces toxic HCl and phosgene

Storage: Very hygroscopic

Uses: Prod. of aluminum, polyethylene, abrasives, refractories, ceramics, alloys, elec. insulators, catalysts and catalyst supports, paper, spark plugs, crucibles and lab ware; adsorbent for gases/water vapors, chromatographic analysis, heat-resist. fibers; drying agent; desiccant; filter medium; filler for paints, varnishes, thermoset plastics; dental cements; glass; steel; artificial gems; flame retardant; adsorbent; food additives; dispersant in foods and pharmaceuticals; pharmaceutical colorant; abrasive, opacifier, visc. control agent in cosmetics; in melamine-formaldehyde resins for food-contact molded articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1010, 177.1460; exempt from certification; BP compliance (anhyd., basic)

Manuf./Distrib.: Air Prods.; Alcan; Alcoa; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; AluChem;

Atlantic Equip. Engrs.; Atomergic Chemetals; Baikowski Int'l.; Chemconnect; Composition Materials; Condea Vista; Degussa-Hüls; Electro Abrasives; Ferro/Transelco; Fluka; H.M. Royal; Honeywell Spec. Chems.; Kahn & Co; LaRoche Ind.; Lonza Sarl; Nissan Chem. Ind.; Noah; Norton Chem. Process Prods.; PQ; Reade Advanced Materials; Rhodia; San Yuan; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sumitomo Chem.; Van Waters & Rogers; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels; Wilshire; Zircar Prods.

Trade Names: Aluminasol 100; Aluminasol 200; SAFFIL High Alpha Grade; SAFFIL Low Alpha Grade

Alumina, activated. See Alumina

- Alumina, calcined. See Alumina
- Alumina hydrate. *See* Aluminum hydroxide Alumina hydrated. *See* Aluminum hydroxide
- Alumina, tabular. See Alumina
- Aluminate, sodium. See Sodium aluminate
- Alumina trihydrate. See Aluminum hydroxide
- Aluminic acid. See Aluminum hydroxide
- Aluminium. See Aluminum
- Aluminium oxide alumite. See Alumina
- Aluminium oxydes C. See Alumina

Aluminophosphoric acid. See Aluminum orthophosphate

Aluminosilicates, zeolites. See Zeolite

Aluminosilicic acid, magnesium salt. See Magnesium aluminum silicate

Aluminosilicic acid, sodium salt. See Sodium silicoaluminate

Aluminum

CAS 7429-90-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-072-3; UN No. 1309 (DOT), 1396 (DOT), NA 9260

Synonyms: Aluminium; Aluminum bronze; Aluminum flake; Aluminum dehydrated; Aluminum metal; Aluminum powder; CI 77000; Pigment metal 1 *Classification:* Metallic element

Empirical: Al

- Properties: Silvery wh. cryst. solid; sol. in HCl, sulfuric acid; insol. in water, alcohol; a.w. 26.98; dens. 2.708; m.p. 660 C; b.p. 2450 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (dust), 2 mg/m³ (sol. salt), 5 mg/m³ (welding fumes); inh. of fine powds. can cause pulmonary fibrosis; overexposure may cause skin, eye, and respiratory tract irritation; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm. in air; dust is explosive by heat, flame, or reaction with oxidizers; reactive; no stable isotopes; dangerous when wet

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 3

Storage: Moisture-sensitive

- Uses: Building and construction; corrosion-resistant chemical equip. (desalination plants); die-cast auto parts; elec. industry (power transmission lines); photoengraving plates; permanent magnets; cryogenic technology; machinery; tubes for ointments; in cooking utensils; fencing; dental alloys; powder as filler, in aluminothermics, as flashlight in photography, in explosives, fireworks, paints; colorant for coatings, foods, and external pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; colorant in food-pkg. polymers, paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §73.1645, 73.2645, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 177.1460, 178.3297; BP compliance; Japan approved
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aarbor Int'l.; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Atlantic Equip. Engrs.; Belmont Metals; Canbro; D.N. Lukens; Fluka; Harcros; J.H. Calo; Kaiser Aluminum; Noah; Punda Mercantile; Reade Advanced Materials; Royale Pigments & Chems.; Ruger; Seegott; U.S. Aluminum; Vanguard Chem. Int'l.; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels
- *Trade Names Containing:* Kronos[®] 2020; Kronos[®] 2073; Kronos[®] 2081; Kronos[®] 2101; Kronos[®] 2160; Kronos[®] 2200; Kronos[®] 2210; Kronos[®] 2220; Kronos[®] 2230; Kronos[®] 2310; Metalure[®] L-53520; Metalure[®] L-54893; Metalure[®] L-54894; Metalure[®] L-54949; Metalure[®] L-55350; Metalure[®] L-55700; Metalure[®] L-56161; Metalure[®] L-56716

Aluminum acetate

CAS 139-12-8; EINECS/ELINCS 205-354-1

Synonyms: Acetic acid, aluminum salt; Aluminum acetate, basic; Aluminum hydroxide acetate; Aluminum subacetate; Hydroxyaluminum di (acetate) Definition: Aluminum salt of acetic acid

Empirical: $C_2H_4O_2 \cdot \frac{1}{3}AI$

Formula: (CH3COO)3AI

Properties: Wh. powd.; water-sol.; m.w. 69.02; m.p. 54 C

Toxicology: Harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed thru skin; irritant; inh.

of dust may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract; dust may irritate eyes Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO_{2}

Storage: Keep in tightly closed containers

Uses: Antimicrobial in cosmetics; antiseptic; astringent; antiperspirant; in foodpkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170

Manuf./Distrib.: Alemark; Alfa Aesar; Chattem; Jarchem Ind.; OM Group; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Aluminum acetate, basic. See Aluminum acetate Aluminum ammonium bis (sulfate). See Ammonium alum Aluminum ammonium sulfate. See Ammonium alum Aluminum bronze. See Aluminum

Aluminum caprylate

- CAS 6028-57-5; EINECS/ELINCS 227-902-9
- Synonyms: Aluminum octanoate; Aluminum trioctanoate; Octanoic acid, aluminum salt
- Definition: Aluminum salt of caprylic acid
- *Empirical:* $C_8H_{16}O_2 \cdot \frac{1}{3}AI$
- Uses: Emulsion stabilizer, opacifier, visc. control agent in cosmetics; binder, emulsifier, anticaking agent in foods; food-pkg. adhesives; drier in foodcontact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.863, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 178.3910
- Aluminum chlorhydroxide. See Polyaluminum chloride

Aluminum chloride basic. See Polyaluminum chloride

- Aluminum chloride hydroxide. See Polyaluminum chloride
- Aluminum chlorohydrate. See Polyaluminum chloride

Aluminum chlorohydroxide. See Polyaluminum chloride

Aluminum dehydrated. See Aluminum

Aluminum, dihydroxy (octadecanoato-o-). See Aluminum stearate

Aluminum distearate

- CAS 300-92-5; EINECS/ELINCS 206-101-8
- Synonyms: Aluminum hydroxide distearate; Aluminum, hydroxybis (octadecanoato-o)-; Aluminum, hydroxybis (stearato)-; Aluminum hydroxydistearate; Hydroxyaluminum distearate; Monohydroxyaluminum distearate

Definition: Aluminum salt of stearic acid

- Empirical: C₃₆H₇₁AIO₅
- Formula: $[CH_3(CH_2)_{16}COO]_2AI(OH)$
- Properties: Wh. powd.; insol. in water, alcohol, ether; forms gel w/ aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons; m.w. 611.05; dens. 1.009; m.p. 145 C Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³; nuisance dust; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Thickener, gellant in cosmetics, paints, inks, greases; emulsion stabilizer, opacifier, visc. control agent in cosmetics; water repellent; lubricant in plastics and cordage, in cement prod.; processing lubricant for amino resins; additive in polymers and coatings; food binder, emulsifier, anticaking agent; food-pkg. adhesives; stabilizer migrating from food pkg.; metal soap stabilizer; colorant in food-pkg. polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.863, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1460, 177.2260, 178.3297, 178.3910, 179.45, 181.22, 181.29

Manuf./Distrib.: Am. Int'l.; Jarchem Ind.; Ruger

Aluminum distearate and aluminum tristearate. See Aluminum stearates Aluminum di/tristearate. See Aluminum stearates Aluminum flake. See Aluminum

Aluminum formate

CAS 7360-53-4; EINECS/ELINCS 230-898-1 *Synonyms:* Aluminum formate, trihydrate; Aluminum triformate; Formic acid, aluminum salt *Definition:* Aluminum salt of formic acid *Empirical:* C₃H₃AIO₆ *Properties:* Wh. cryst.; m.w. 152.03 *Precaution:* Aq. sol'n. explodes when heated in air Uses: Antimicrobial in cosmetics; antisloughing agent for syndet bars; water repellent additive; mordant in dyeing; in tanning; paper wet str. improver; precipitant, fixing agent for mfg. of acid-free papers; in antiperspirants Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Aceto

Trade Names: Altriform®; Ecco Aluminum Formate

Aluminum formate, trihydrate. See Aluminum formate Aluminum hydrate. See Aluminum hydroxide

Aluminum hydroxide

- CAS 21645-51-2; EINECS/ELINCS 244-492-7
- Synonyms: ATH; Alumina hydrate; Alumina hydrated; Alumina trihydrate; Aluminic acid; Aluminum oxide hydrate; Aluminum hydrate; Aluminum trihydroxide; Aluminum trihydrate; Hydrated alumina; Hydrated aluminum oxide; Trihydrated alumina

Classification: Inorganic compd.

Empirical: AIH₃O₃

Formula: AI(OH)₃

- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd. or gran.; odorless; insol. in water, alcohol; sol. in min. acids, caustic soda; m.w. 78.01; dens. 2.42; bulking value 0.050 gal/lb; m.p. loses water @ 300 C; oil absorp. 32-38; GE brightness 93-99; ref. index 1.57; hardness (Mohs) 2.5-3.5
- Toxicology: TLV/TWA 2 mg (ÀI)/m³; LDLo (IP, rat) 150 mg/kg; poison by IP route; human systemic effects by ing. (fever, GI effects); irritant; no known skin toxicity; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- *Precaution:* Incompat. with chlorinated rubber; when coprecipitated with bismuth hydroxide, and reduced by H_{2i} it is violently flamm. in air; incompat. with strong acids, strong bases
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1
- Storage: Store in closed containers; avoid generating dust
- Uses: Adsorbent; emulsifier; filtering medium; prod. of aluminum, salts; mfg. of glass, fire clay, paper, pottery, dyes, lubricants, paints, printing inks; filler/extender in paints, plastics; improves brightness; waterproofing fabrics; textile finishing; flame retardant for plastics, rubber, carpet backing, paper, adhesives, coatings; mordant in dyeing; rubber reinforcing agent; food and pharmaceutical use; filler; abrasive; emollient, humectant, visc. control agent in cosmetics; mild astringent; gastric antacid; in antiperspirants; dentifrices; colorant in food-pkg. polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; filler in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 177.1200, 177.2600, 178.3297, 182.90; BP compliance (dried, gel, mixt., oral susp.)
- Manuf./Distrib.: Actrachem; Akrochem; Alcan; Alcaa; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; AluChem; Ashland; Atomergic Chemetals; Condea Vista; Costec; D.N. Lukens; Fluka; Frank E. Dempsey; Franklin Ind. Mins.; Georgia Marble; J.M. Huber/Chems.; Kaiser Alumina Chems.; Lohmann; Noah; Nyco Mins.; Omya Croxton+Garry; PQ; Polyad; R.E. Carroll; Reheis; Rhodia; Ruger; Seimi Chem.; Sigma; Smith Chem.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Total Spec. Chems.; Warner-Jenkinson; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels
- *Trade Names:* Alcan Superfine SF 2; Alcan Superfine SF 4; Alcan Superfine SF 7; Alcan Superfine SF 9; Alcan Superfine SF 11; Alcan Ultrafine UF15; Alcan Ultrafine UF25; Alcan Ultrafine UF35; Alcaa® Grade C-231; Alcoa® Grade C-333; Alcoa® KB30; Hydrad™ 10; Hydrad™ 10W; Hydrad™ 15; Hydrad™ 15W; Hydrad™ 20; Hydrad™ C; Hydrad™ F; Hydrad™ HBC; Hydrad™ 15W; Hydrad™ 70; Hydrad™ C; Hydrad™ F; Hydrad™ HBC; Hydrad™ HBF; Hydral® 710; Hydral® 716; Hydrad™ PGA; Hydral® Brite 100 Slurry; Hydral® Coat 2; Hydral® Coat 5; Hydral® Coat 7; Hydrax™ H-312; Hydrax™ H-470; Hydrax™ H-490; Hydrax™ H-550; Hydrax™ H-636; Hydrax™ H-910; KC-350; KC-500; KC-750; KC-900; Martinal® OL-104; Micral® 532; Micral® 916; Micral® 932; Path® 9; SB-332; SB-805; UFH16

Aluminum hydroxide acetate. See Aluminum acetate Aluminum hydroxide distearate. See Aluminum distearate Aluminum hydroxide silicate sulfate. See Aluminum hydroxide sulfate

Aluminum hydroxide sulfate

- CAS 53810-32-5 Synonyms: Aluminum hydroxide silicate sulfate; Basic aluminum sulfate; Polyaluminum silicate sulfate
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; odorless; f.p. < 0 C; b.p. dec. @ 90 C; noncombustible
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg; mist causes respiratory tract irritation; may cause irritation to skin, eyes, mouth, and digestive tracts

- Precaution: Avoid contact with strong alkalis, oxidizers, hydro-reactive materials; hydrolyzes in water
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: May liberate SO, and aluminum oxides when boiled to dryness or heated above 200 C
- Uses: Coagulant in potable water and industrial wastewater treatment, pulp and papermaking
- *Trade Names:* Pass[®]-55; Pass[®]-70; Pass[®]-80; PASS[®]-100

Aluminum, hydroxybis (octadecanoato-o)-. See Aluminum distearate Aluminum, hydroxybis (stearato)-. See Aluminum distearate Aluminum hydroxychloride. See Polyaluminum chloride Aluminum hydroxydistearate. See Aluminum distearate Aluminum magnesium silicate. See Magnesium aluminum silicate Aluminum metal. See Aluminum Aluminum monobasic stearate. See Aluminum stearate Aluminum monopalmitate. See Aluminum palmitate

Aluminum monostearate. See Aluminum stearate

Aluminum myristates/palmitates

- Synonyms: Aluminum trimyristate/tripalmitate; Myristic acid, palmitic acid, mixture, aluminum salt
- Uses: Emulsion stabilizer, opacifier, visc. control agent in cosmetics; in foodpkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings for polyolefin films; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in foodcontact coatings and paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of foodcontact metallic articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.863, 175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 178.3910

Aluminum octanoate. See Aluminum caprylate

Aluminum oleate

- CAS 688-37-9; EINECS/ELINCS 211-702-3
- Synonyms: 9-Octadecenoic acid, aluminum salt; 9-Octadecenoic acid, (2)-, aluminum salt (3:1); Oleic acid aluminum salt
- Empirical: C₅₄H₉₉AIO₆
- Formula: [CH₃(CH₂)₇CH=CH(CH₂)₇COO]₃Al
- Properties: Ylsh. visc. mass; sol. in alcohol, benzene, ether, oil turpentine; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 871.36

Precaution: Combustible

Uses: Waterproofing agent; drier for paints; thickener for lubricating oils; medicine; as lacquer for metals; lubricant for plastics; food additive; migrating to foods from paper/paperboard; drier in food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 182.90, GRAS

Aluminum orthophosphate

CAS 7784-30-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-056-9; UN No. 1760 (DOT)

Synonyms: Aluminum phosphate; Aluminophosphoric acid; Phosphoric acid, aluminum salt (1:1)

- Empirical: AIO4P
- Formula: AIPO4
- Properties: Wh. cryst.; insol. in water and alcohol; sl. sol. in HCl, nitric acid; m.w. 121.95; dens. 2.566; m.p. 1500 C; isomorphous with quartz
- *Toxicology:* Sol'ns. are corrosive to tissue; avoid contact and inhalation; TSCA listed
- Uses: Lubricant; refractory bonding agent; flux for ceramics; dental cements; cosmetics; paints and varnishes; pharmaceuticals; pulp and paper; antacid
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Fluka; Honeywell Spec. Chems.; Noah; Sigma

Aluminum oxide. See Alumina

Aluminum oxide (2:3). See Alumina

Aluminum oxide hydrate. See Aluminum hydroxide

Aluminum oxide silicate. See Aluminum silicate

Aluminum palmitate

Synonyms: Hexadecanoic acid aluminum salt; Palmitic acid aluminum salt; Aluminum monopalmitate

Empirical: C₄₈H₉₃AlO₆

Formula: [CH₃(CH₂)₁₄COO]₃Al

Properties: Wh. to yel. mass or powd.; pract. insol. in water or alcohol; dissolves in petrol. ether or oil turpentine when fresh; m.w. 793.25; dens. 1.072

Precaution: Combustible

Uses: Waterproofing leather, paper, textiles; thickener for lubricating oils; thickener, suspending agent for paints and inks; prod. of high gloss on leather and paper; in varnishes; lubricant for plastics; food additive; migrating to foods from paper; drier in food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 182.90, GRAS

Aluminum phosphate. See Aluminum orthophosphate

Aluminum potassium alum. See Potassium alum anhydrous

- Aluminum potassium disulfate. See Potassium alum anhydrous
- Aluminum potassium sulfate. See Potassium alum anhydrous; Potassium alum dodecahydrate
- Aluminum potassium sulfate alum. See Potassium alum anhydrous

Aluminum potassium sulfate, anhydrous. See Potassium alum anhydrous Aluminum powder. See Aluminum

Aluminum silicate

CAS 1327-36-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-475-1

- Synonyms: Aluminum oxide silicate; CI 77004; Pyrophyllite; Willinite
- *Definition:* Complex inorganic salt with 1 mole alumina, 1-3 moles silica; naturally occurring forms: andalusite, cyanite, sillimanite; other aluminum silicate mins. incl. kaolinite, kochite, mullite, newtonite, pyrophyllite, etc.
- Properties: Varying proportions of Al₂O₃ and SiO₂; wh. mass, crystals, or whiskers; high str.; insol. in water; dens. 2.63; oil absorp. 35-45; GE brightness 82-92; ref. index 1.56; hardness (Mohs) 2
- Toxicology: Essentially harmless when given orally or applied to skin; questionable carcinogen with experimental tumorigenic data by implantation
- Uses: Clay, reinforcing extender, pigment used in reinforced plastics, dental cements, glass industry, rubber, wire and cable insulation; paint filler/ extender; mfg. of semiprecious stones, enamels, colored lakes; catalyst in refining petroleum; filler in rubber, shoe soles, paper, printing inks; water softener; in detergents; abrasive, absorbent, opacifier in cosmetics; thick-ener for foods, beverages, pharmaceuticals; pigment; TiO₂ extender; in washing compds.; in cellophane for food pkg.; filler in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use

Regulatory: FDA21CFR §175.300, 177.1200, 177.1460, 177.2600, 184.1155

Manuf./Distrib.: Akrochem; Alfa Aesar; Baikowski Int'I.; Boehle; Burgess Pigment; C.P. Hall; CE Mins.; Cimbar Perf. Mins.; D.N. Lukens; Degussa-Hüls; ECC Int'I.; Engelhard; IMERYS; J.M. Huber/Chems.; Jesse S. Young; Kaopolite; Kyowa Chem. Ind.; Lenape Ind.; R.E. Carroll; R.T. Vanderbilt; Solvay SA; Southern Clay Prods.; Takeda USA; Tamms Ind.; Thiele Kaolin; Tomita Pharmaceutical; U.S. Silica; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Trade Names: Hydragloss; Iceberg[®]; Icecap[®] K; Optiwhite[®]; Tisyn[®] Trade Names Containing: Translink[®] 77

Aluminum silicate dihydrate

Synonyms: Clay

- *Empirical:* Al₂O₃SIO₂ 2H₂O
- Properties: Reddish-brn. to pale buff fine irreg. crystals; odorless; insol. in water and org. clays; m.w. 222.13
- Uses: In ceramic prods.; in oil-well drilling fluids; filler for rubber and plastic prods., films, paper coatings; decolorizing oils; carrier in insecticide sprays Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR See also Kaolin

Aluminum silicate hydrated. See Kaolin

Aluminum silicate hydrous. See Kaolin

Aluminum silicate hydroxide. See Kaolin

Aluminum sodium oxide. See Sodium aluminate

Aluminum sodium silicate. See Sodium silicoaluminate

Aluminum sodium sulfate. See Sodium alum

Aluminum stearate

CAS 7047-84-9; EINECS/ELINCS 230-325-5

Synonyms: Aluminum, dihydroxy (octadecanoato-o-); Aluminum monobasic stearate; Aluminum monostearate; Aluminum stearate, monobasic; Dihydroxyaluminum monostearate; Dihydroxyaluminum stearate; Octadecanoic acid, aluminum salt; Stearic acid, aluminum salt; Stearic acid, aluminum dihydroxide salt

Classification: Aliphatic organic; sat. aliphatic carboxylic acid salt Definition: Aluminum salt of stearic acid Empirical: $C_{18}H_{37}AIO_4$ Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}COOAI(OH)_2$

- Properties: Wh. to ylsh. fine powd., faint char. odor; sol. in alkali, petrol., turpentine oil; insol. in water, alcohol, ether; m.w. 344.48; dens. 1.070; m.p. 115 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TWA 10 mg/m³; TLV/TWA 2 mg(AI)/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; essentially nontoxic; nuisance dust; inh. of high concs. of dust may cause coughing and mild temporary irritation; sl. eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible dust; may form explosive dust-air mixts.; incompat. with acids (reacts vigorously)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂, aluminum oxide; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in cool area away from ignition sources

- Uses: Paint, varnish drier; greases; waterproofing agent for fabric, rope, cement; cement additive; lubricant for unsat. polyester resins, textile fibers; thickener in lubricating oils, cutting compds.; flatting agent; colorant in cosmetics; gelling agent in pharmaceuticals; wetting agent; defoamer in beet sugar and yeast processing; drier in food-contact coatings; food-pkg. adhesives; colorant in food-pkg. polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; adjuvant in food-contact textiles
- *Regulatory:* FDA §121.1099, 172.863, 173.340, 175.105, 175.210, 175.300, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1460, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3297, 178.3910, 179.45, 181.22, 181.29; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AC Ind.; Acme-Hardesty; Aerchem; Alfa Aesar; Am. Int'l.; Ashland; Atofina; Ayers Int'l.; Crompton/Witco; Eastech; Fallek; Ferro/ Grant; Ferro; Fluka; Geo Spec. Chems.; Halstab; Harcros; Honeywell Spec. Chems.; Lohmann; Los Angeles Chem.; Magnesia GmbH; NOF; Norac; Norman, Fox; Pechiney World Trade USA; Pfaltz & Bauer; Ruger; Sea-Land; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Van Waters & Rogers

See also Aluminum tristearate

Aluminum stearate, monobasic. See Aluminum stearate

Aluminum stearates

Synonyms: Aluminum distearate and aluminum tristearate; Aluminum di/ tristearate

Definition: Mixt. of aluminum distearate and aluminum tristearate (1:1)

- Uses: Emollient, emulsion stabilizer, opacifier, visc. control agent in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; food-contact resinous/polymeric coatings; in food-contact paper/paperboard; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/ paperboard; food-contact cellophane; resin-bonded filters for food contact; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 178.3910, 179.45

Aluminum subacetate. See Aluminum acetate

Aluminum sulfate

- CAS 10043-01-3 (anhyd.); 17927-65-0 (hydrate); EINECS/ELINCS 233-135-0; UN No. 1760 (sol'n.) (DOT)
- Synonyms: Alum; Aluminum trisulfate; Cake alum; Dialuminum sulfate; Dialuminum trisulfate; Papermakers' alum; Patent alum; Pearl alum; Sulfuric acid aluminum salt; Sulfuric acid, aluminum salt (3:2)

Classification: Inorganic salt

- Empirical: Al₂O₁₂S₃
- *Formula:* Al₂(SO₄)³ 14H₂O
- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd., odorless, sweet taste; sol. 36.4% in water (20 C); insol. in alcohol; m.w. 342.14 (anhyd.); dens. 2.71; b.p. dec. @ 770 C; stable in air
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV-TWA 2 mg/m³; LD50 (oral, mouse) 6207 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing. and IP routes; irritating to skin, eyes, respiratory tract; ing. causes nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain; hydrolyzes to form sulfuric acid which irritates tissue, esp. lungs; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Forms sulfuric acid with water; dec. to sulfur oxides at high temps.

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: SOx

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Coagulant in pulp and paper mills, water purification plants, drinking water treatment; leather tanning; textiles; gypsum treatment; in fire retardants; deodorizer; decolorizer; food additive; firming agent in foods and pharmaceuticals; in pkg.; flocculant; iron and manganese removal; activation of silica for water treatment; sizing paper; lakes; dyeing mordant; foaming agent in firefighting foams; fireproofing cloth; catalyst for methane mfg.; pH control for paper; waterproofing concrete; antiperspirant agent, deodorant agent in cosmetics

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.892, 173.3120, 182.1125, GRAS; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Alcan; Alchem; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allan; Allchem Ind.; Altivia; Asada Chem. Ind.; Ashland; BK Giulini Chemie; Barker Ind.; Bay Chem. & Supply; Calabrian; Chemconnect; Columbus Chem. Ind.; Delta; General Alum & Chem.; General Chem.; Geo Spec. Chems.; Harcros; Holland; Honeywell Spec. Chems.; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Kemira Water Treatment; Lohmann; Los Angeles Chem.; Melchemie bv; Mutchler; P.B. & S.; Polymer Systems Inc; Rasa Ind.; Rhodia; Ruger; Sal Chem.; San Yuan; Seeler Ind.; Southern Ionics; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Van Waters & Rogers; Veckridge
- Trade Names: Alcan Aluminum Sulphate Sol'n.; Alcan Aluminum Sulphate Solid; Clar+Ion™ A410P; Papermaker's Alum
- *Trade Names Containing:* Clar+lon[™] 603; Clar+lon[™] 605; Clar+lon[™] 610; Clar+lon[™] 610M; Clar+lon[™] A405P; Clar+lon[™] A415P; Clar+lon[™] A420P

Aluminum triformate. See Aluminum formate

Aluminum trihydrate. See Aluminum hydroxide

Aluminum trihydroxide. See Aluminum hydroxide

Aluminum trimyristate/tripalmitate. See Aluminum myristates/palmitates Aluminum trioctanoate. See Aluminum caprylate

Aluminum tristearate

CAS 637-12-7; EINECS/ELINCS 211-279-5

Synonyms: Aluminum stearate; Octadecanoic acid, aluminum salt; Stearic acid, aluminum salt; Tribasic aluminum stearate

Definition: Aluminum salt of stearic acid

- Empirical: C54H105O6 · AI
- Formula: [CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COO]₃AI
- Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. in alcohol, benzene, oil turpentine, min. oils; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 877.35; dens. 1.070; m.p. 117-120 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³; nuisance dust; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors
- Uses: Paint and varnish drier; greases; waterproofing agent for paper, textile coatings; cement additive; thickening lubricants; gelling agent in deodorants, cleansing lotions; cutting compds.; flatting agent; pharmaceuticals; It.-sensitive photographic compositions; emollient, emulsion stabilizer, opacifier, visc. control agent in cosmetics; defoamer in beet sugar and yeast processing; stabilizer migrating from food pkg.; food-pkg. adhesives; colorant in food-pkg. polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §172.863, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1460, 177.2260, 178.3297, 178.3910, 179.45, 181.22, 181.29

Manuf./Distrib.: Katsuta Kako; Kawamura Kasei ind.

See also Aluminum stearate

Aluminum trisulfate. See Aluminum sulfate

Alumite. See Alumina

- Alum meal. See Potassium alum dodecahydrate
- Alum, potassium. See Potassium alum anhydrous; Potassium alum dodecahydrate
- Alundum. See Alumina
- Amanthrene golden yellow. See Vat yellow 4

Amide C-18. See Stearamide

Amides, coco. See Cocamide

- Amides, coco, N,N-bis (2-hydroxyethyl)-. See Cocamide DEA
- Amides, coco, N-[3-(dimethylamino) propyl], N-oxides. See Cocamidopropylamine oxide
- Amides, coconut oil. See Cocamide

Amides, palm oil, N,N-bis (2-hydroxyethyl)-. See Palmamide DEA

- Amides, tallow. See Tallow amide
- Amidosulfonic acid. See Sulfamic acid

Amidosulfuric acid. See Sulfamic acid

Amine 220. See Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

Amines, bis (hydrogenated tallow alkyl)-. See Hydrogenated ditallowamine Amines, dicoco alkyl. See Dicocamine

Aminic acid. See Formic acid

- 4-Amino-3-((4 -((2,4-diaminophenyl) azo) (1,1 -biphenyl)-4-yl) azo)-5-hydroxy-6-(phenylazo)-2,7-naphthalenedisulfonic acid, disodium salt. See Direct black 38
- 2-Amino-2,2-dimethylethanol. See Aminomethyl propanol
- 2-Aminoethanol. See Ethanolamine
- 2-Aminoethyl acrylate nitrate/2-hydroxypropyl acrylate copolymer. See Poly (2-aminoethyl acrylate nitrate-co-2-hydroxypropyl acrylate)
- 2-Aminoethyl alcohol. See Ethanolamine
- β-Aminoethyl alcohol. See Ethanolamine
- Aminoethylethandiamine. See Diethylenetriamine
- N-(2-Aminoethyl)-1,2-ethanediamine. See Diethylenetriamine
- N-(2-Aminoethyl) ethylenediamine. See Diethylenetriamine
- Aminoform. See Hexamethylenetetramine
- 4-Amino-5-hydroxy-3-[(m-nitrophenyl) azo]-6-(phenylazo)-2,7-naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 2,7-disodium salt. See Acid blue 29
- 6-((7-Amino-1-hydroxy-3-sulfo-2-naphthalenyl) azo)-3-((4-((4-amino-6 (or 7)sulfo-1-naphthalenyl) azo) phenyl) azo)-4-hydroxy-2-naphthalenesulfonic acid, trisodium salt. See Direct black 80
- 5-[[4-[(7-Amino-1-hydroxy-3-sulfo-2-naphthyl) azo] [1,1-biphenyl]-4-yl] azo]-2-hydroxybenzoic acid, disodium salt. See Direct brown 2
- Aminoiminomethane sulfinic acid. See Thiourea dioxide

α-Aminoisopropyl alcohol. See Isopropanolamine

Aminomethyl propanol

- CAS 124-68-5; EINECS/ELINCS 204-709-8
- Synonyms: AMP; 2-Amino-2,2-dimethylethanol; 2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol; 1,1-Dimethyl-2-hydroxyethylamine; Isobutanolamine; Isobutanol-2 amine; 2-Methyl-2-amino-1-propanol
- Classification: Substituted aliphatic alcohol
- Empirical: C4H11NO
- Formula: CH₃(CH₃)(NH₂)CH₂OH
- Properties: Solid or visc. liq.; nearly odorless; very sol. in alcohol; misc. with water; sl. sol. in aromatic hydrocarbons; m.w. 89.14; dens. 0.93 (20/ 4 C); m.p. 30 C; b.p. 165 C (760 mm); flash pt. (TOC) 67 C; pH 11.3 (0.1M aq.)
- Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion; irritating to eyes and skin; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm. exposed to heat or flame; can form explosive mixts. with air \geq 67 C; corrosive to copper, brass, and aluminum
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

Uses: Additive for latex paint; pigment dispersant; solubilizer for resins; emulsifier for oils, waxes, creams/lotions; neutralizer for boiler water treatment; corrosion inhibitor; absorbent for acidic gases; amine soaps (metalworking fluids); food-pkg. adhesives; organic synthesis; corrosion inhibitor for boiler water systems; carbon dioxide absorber; synthesis of surfactants; buffer in cosmetics, pharmaceutical, diagnostic, and biochem. applics.; catalyst (as acid salt); dispersant, pigment suspending agent in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170 Manuf./Distrib.: ANGUS; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Exaxol; Fluka; Quaker City; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.
- 2-Amino-2-methyl-1-propanol. See Aminomethyl propanol
- 1-Aminooctadecane. See Stearamine

1-Amino-2-propanol. See Isopropanolamine

1-Aminopropan-2-ol. See Isopropanolamine

N-(3-Aminopropyl) diethanolamine

CAS 4985-85-7; UN No. 1760 (DOT) Synonyms: APDEA; Ethanol, 2,2 - ((3-aminopropyl)imino)bis-

Classification: Alkanolamine

- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; ammonia-like odor; sol. > 10% in water; sp.gr. 1.07; vapor pressure < 1 mm Hg (68 F); b.p. 167 C (760 mm); flash pt. (COC) 340 F; ref. index 1.4965
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3.50 ml/kg (sl. toxic), (dermal, rabbit) > 2.50 ml/ kg (sl. toxic); causes eye and skin burns; harmful or fatal if swallowed; harmful if absorbed thru skin; causes respiratory tract irritation and can cause damage; TSCA listed

Environmental: LC50 (96 h) > 100-1000 ppm; pract. nontoxic

Precaution: Corrosive: reacts violently with acids

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Burning in limited air supply may produce

combustion prods. of nitrogen, CO, CO₂, irritating aldehydes and ketones, and toxic levels of ammonia

HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Minimize exposure to high temps.; avoid water contamination

Uses: Intermediate in prep. of surfactants, pharmaceuticals, fabric softeners, skin care prods., lube/fuel additives such as dispersants and detergents, corrosion inhibitors for metalworking, drugs, dyes, flocculants for paper mfg. and wastewater treatment; integral skin PU, EPDM rubbers to improve blending and tear resist., buffers, chelating agents Regulatory: SARA §311 acute hazard Manuf./Distrib.: Huntsman

Aminosulfonic acid. See Sulfamic acid

Aminotriacetic acid. See Nitrilotriacetic acid

Aminotriethanoic acid. See Nitrilotriacetic acid

Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid

CAS 6419-19-8; EINECS/ELINCS 229-146-5

- Synonyms: AMP; ATMP; NTF; NTMP; NTPA; Aminotri (methylenephosphonic acid); Aminotri (methylphosphonic acid); Aminotris (methanephosphonic acid); Aminotris (methylphosphonic acid); Aminotris (methylene phosphonic acid); Nitrilotrimethanephosphonic acid; Nitrilotrimethylphosphonic acid; Nitrilotrimethylenephosphonic acid; Nitrilotris (methylenephosphonic) acid; Nitrilotris (methylene) triphosphonic acid; Nitrilotris (methylphosphonic acid); Phosphonic acid, (nitrilotris (methylene)) tri-; Tris (phosphonomethyl) amine
- Classification: Organic compd. Empirical: $C_3H_{12}NO_9P_3$
- Formula: (HOPOOH)₃N(CH₃)₂
- Properties: M.w. 299.07; dens. 1.33; m.p. -14 C; b.p. 105 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2100 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 6310 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; irritating to eyes and skin; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x and PO,
- Uses: Scale and corrosion inhibitor, chelant for cooling water treatment, boiler and oil field treatment; aq. process additive for paper, textiles, and metals; sequestrant in industrial and commercial cleaning formulations; sludge conditioner for boiler water treatment; oil drilling muds; powd. detergents; photographic applics.; pigment/filler/clay dispersant for ceramics, paper, paints; chelating agent in cosmetics
- Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Excel Ind.; Fluka; Pfaltz & Bauer; TCI Am.

Trade Names: Aquacid-108 EX; Dequest® 2000; Dequest® 2000LC

- Aminotri (methylenephosphonic acid). See Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid
- Aminotri (methylenephosphonic acid) pentasodium salt. See Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate

Aminotri (methylphosphonic acid). See Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid Aminotris (methanephosphonic acid). See Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid

Aminotris (methylene phosphonic acid). See Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid

Aminotris (methylphosphonic acid). See Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid

Ammonia

CAS 7664-41-7; EINECS/ELINCS 231-635-3; UN No. 1005 (anhyd.), 2672, 2073 (sol'ns.)

Synonyms: Ammonia anhydrous; Ammonia gas; Anhydrous ammonia

Classification: Inorganic nitrogen compd.

Empirical: H₃N

Formula: NH3

Properties: Colorless gas or liq., sharp, intensely irritating odor; easily liquefied by pressure; sol. in water, alcohol, ether; m.w. 17.03; sp.gr. 0.682 (-33.4 Č); f.p. -77 C; b.p. -33.5 C; pH 11.6 (1N aq.)

Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 25 ppm; STEL 35 ppm; LD50 (inh., mouse, 1 h) 4837 ppm, (oral, rat) 350 mg/kg (ammonium hydroxide); corrosive; inh. of conc. fumes may be fatal; irritating to eyes and mucous membranes; shown to produce cancer of the skin in human doses of 1000 mg/kg of body wt.; TSCA listed

Precaution: Moderate fire risk; caustic

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Exposed to heat, emits toxic fumes of NH₃ and NO_x

NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Fertilizer; refrigerant; nitriding of steel; condensation catalyst; neutralizer; extraction solvent; petroleum industry; latex preservative; explosives; taste and odor control agent in water treatment; condensate corrosion inhibitor; buffer in cosmetics; foods (processing aid); pharmaceuticals (alkalizing agent, buffer); microbial fermentation nutrient
- Regulatory: FDA 27CFR §21.95; SARA reportable (anhyd.); Japan approved; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Agrium; Air Prods.; Aldrich; Arch Chems.; Ashland; BASF AG; Brown; Chemconnect; Chemical; Columbus Chem. Ind.; Coyne; Cytec Ind.; DSM Chemie Linz GmbH; Dakota Gasification; DuPont; Fluka; General Chem.; Harcros; Hill Bros. Chem.; Holland; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Jilin Chem. Ind.; Koch Nitrogen; LaRoche Ind.; MG Ind.; Miljac; Monsanto; Nissan Chem. Ind.; Nitron; Noah; Norsk Hydro AS; Occidental; P.B. & S.; PPG Ind.; Sal Chem.; Seeler Ind.; Solutia; U.S. Chems.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Van Waters & Rogers; Veckridge

Trade Names Containing: Snowtex N

Ammonia anhydrous. See Ammonia

- Ammonia aqua. See Ammonium hydroxide
- Ammonia aqueous. See Ammonium hydroxide
- Ammonia gas. See Ammonia
- Ammonia solution. See Ammonium hydroxide
- Ammonia solution, strong. See Ammonium hydroxide
- Ammonia water. See Ammonium hydroxide

Ammonioformaldehyde. See Hexamethylenetetramine

Ammonium acetate

- CAS 631-61-8; EINECS/ELINCS 211-162-9
- Synonyms: Acetic acid ammonium salt
- Classification: Aliphatic organic compd.
- *Empirical:* C₂H₇NO₂
- Formula: CH₃COONH₄
- Properties: Colorless or wh. crystals, sl. acetous odor; sol. in alcohol, oxygenated solvs.; sl. sol. in acetone; very sl. sol. in water; m.w. 77.08; dens. 1.07; m.p. 114 C; pH 6.7-7.3 (5%)
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (IP, rat) 632 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 386 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mod. toxic by IP route; gastric irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NOx and $\ensuremath{\mathsf{NH}}_{3}$
- HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Hygroscopic, deliq.; store @ 2-8 C
- Uses: Reagent in analytical chemistry; textile dyeing; preserving meats; foam rubbers; vinyl plastics; explosives; microbial fermentation nutrient; buffer in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; diuretic/diaphoretic drug
- Regulatory: BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; Alemark; Alfa Aesar; Allan; Allchem Ind.; Am. Biorganics; Am. Int'l.; Cater Chems.; Daito Chem. Ind.; Daiwa; Fluka; General Chem.; Great Western; Heico; Honeywell Spec. Chems.; Honig; Jarchem Ind.; Johnson Matthey; Kishida Chem.; Lohmann; Magnablend; Min. R&D; Noah; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tomiyama Pure Chem. Ind.; Verdugt BV; Yoneyama Chem. Ind. Trade Names Containing: Protec ZA7

Ammonium acid phosphate. See Ammonium phosphate

Ammonium, alkyldimethyl (phenylmethyl)-, chloride. See Benzalkonium chloride

Ammonium alum

- CAS 7784-25-0; 7784-26-1; EINECS/ELINCS 232-055-3
- Synonyms: Alum, ammonium; Aluminum ammonium bis (sulfate); Aluminum ammonium sulfate; Ammonium aluminum sulfate; Ammonium alum; Burnt ammonium alum; Exsiccated ammonium alum; Sulfuric acid, aluminum ammonium salt (2:1:1), dodecahydrate
- Classification: Inorganic aluminum compd.

Empirical: $AI \cdot H_3 \tilde{N} \cdot 2H_2O_4S \cdot 12H_2O$

Formula: AINH₄(SO₄)₂ • 12H₂O

- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd., odorless, strong sweet astringent taste; freely sol. in glycerol; pract. insol. in alcohol; sol. 1 g/7 ml in water; m.w. 453.33; dens. 1.645; m.p. 94.5 C; b.p. dec. > 280 C; noncombustible
- Toxicology: TLV/TWA 2 mg/m3 (sol. salts, as AI); irritating if inhaled or in-

gested; causes redness and irritation to skin and eyes when sulfuric acid forms in presence of moisture

Precaution: Incompat. with strong bases (can react vigorously)

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: On decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x and SO_x HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Store in cool, dry area in labeled dust-tight containers; keep closed when not in use
- Uses: Mordant in dyeing; sizing paper; retanning leather; clarifying agent; food additive; mild astringent, antiseptic; mfg. of lakes and pigments; fur treatment; coagulant, taste and odor control agent for water and sewage treatment/purification; buffer, neutralizer in baking powd.; waterproofing and fireproofing agent (textiles); electroplating bath ingred.; hardener for gelatin; antiperspirant agent in cosmetics; in food-contact animal glues
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3120, 182.90, 182.1127, GRAS; Japan approved except for miso
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aerchem; Alfa Aesar; Allchem Ind.; Am. Int'l.; Cooper Chem.; Dudley; Fluka; Holland; Independent Chem.; Noah; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Van Waters & Rogers; Wego Chem. & Min.
- Ammonium aluminum alum. See Ammonium alum
- Ammonium aluminum sulfate. See Ammonium alum
- Ammonium amidosulfate. See Ammonium sulfamate
- Ammonium, benzyldimethyloctadecyl-, chloride. See Stearalkonium chloride
- Ammonium, benzyltriethyl-, chloride. See Benzyltriethyl ammonium chloride
- Ammonium biphosphate. See Ammonium phosphate
- Ammonium, (4-(bis (p-(dimethylamino) phenyl) methylene)-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene) dimethyl-, chloride. See Basic violet 3

Ammonium bromide

- CAS 12124-97-9; EINECS/ELINCS 235-183-8
- Synonyms: Hydrobromic acid monoammoniate
- *Empirical:* H₄BrN
- *Formula:* NH₄Br
- Properties: Colorless cryst. or ylsh. wh. powd.; sol. in water and alcohol; m.w. 97.96; dens. 2.33 kg/l (15 C); vapor pressure 1 mm Hg (198.3 C); m.p. 452 C (subl.); b.p. 235 C (in vacuum); noncombustible
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2700 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 559 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing., IP routes; mutation data reported; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with BrF₃, IF₇, K
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of $NO_{x_{\rm f}}$ Br^, and $NH_{\rm 3}$
- HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Storage: SI. hygroscopic
- Uses: Flame retardant for plastics, textiles, wood, paper, chipboard, plywood; anticorrosive agents; precipitating silver salts for photographic plates; medicine (for its bromide ion); analytical chemistry; process engraving; textile finishing; biocide in industrial water systems, paper mills
- Manuf./Distrib.: Advance Research Chems.; Albemarle; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; AmeriBrom; Atomergic Chemetals; BCH Brühl; Barker Ind.; Cerac; Charkit; D&O; Dead Sea Bromine; Fluka; Great Lakes; Hawks Chem. Co Ltd; Honeywell Spec. Chems.; Johnson Matthey plc; Mallinckrodt Baker; Morre-Tec Ind.; Noah; Ocean Chems.; Rhodia; Richman; Ruger; Sigma; Sinochem Liaoning; Spectrum Quality Prods.
- Trade Names: FR-11 Trade Names Containing: FRCROS 349
- Ammonium, (9-(o-carboxyphenyl)-6-(diethylamino)-3H-xanthen-3-ylidene) diethyl-, chloride. See Basic violet 10

Ammonium caseinate

CAS 9005-42-9

- Synonyms: Casein, ammonium salt
- Definition: Ammonium salt of casein

Properties: Anionic

- Uses: Dispersant; leveling agent; antistat in cosmetics; food additive; in adhesives for beer bottle labeling, foil-paper lamination, wood door adhesives; binder in paper coatings; protective colloid in emulsion polymerization
- *Regulatory:* Granted prior sanction via clearance for optional use in food standards for frozen desserts

Ammonium castor oil sulfate

Synonyms: Castor oil, sulfated, ammonium salt *Uses:* Defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200

Ammonium, diallyl dimethyl-, chloride, polymers. See Polyquaternium-6 Ammonium, didecyldimethyl-, chloride. See Didecyldimonium chloride

Ammonium, (4-(α-(p-(diethylamino) phenyl)-2,4-disulfobenzylidene)-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene) diethyl-, hydroxide, monosodium salt. See Acid blue 1

Ammonium di (2-ethylhexyl) sulfosuccinate. See Dioctyl ammonium sulfosuccinate

Ammonium dihydrogen orthophosphate. See Ammonium phosphate Ammonium dihydrogen phosphate. See Ammonium phosphate

- Ammonium, (4-(p-(dimethylamino)- α -(p-ethyl (m-sulfobenzyl) amino) phenyl) benzylidene)-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene) ethyl (msulfobenzyl)-, hydroxide, inner salt, sodium salt. See Acid violet 49
- Ammonium, dimethyldioctadecyl-, chloride. See Distearyldimonium chloride

Ammonium dinonyl sulfosuccinate

CAS 27501-55-9; EINECS/ELINCS 248-501-5 Trade Names Containing: Ancowet A-70

Ammonium dodecyl sulfate. See Ammonium lauryl sulfate

Ammonium-N-dodecyl sulfate. See Ammonium lauryl sulfate

Ammonium, ethyl (4-(p-(ethyl-(m-sulfobenzyl) amino)-α-(p-sulfophenyl) benzylidene)-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene)-(m-sulfobenzyl)-, hydroxide, inner salt, disodium salt. See Acid green 5

Ammonium fructoheptonate

Uses: Chelating agent in mfg. of food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.150

Ammonium glucoheptonate

Uses: Chelating agent in food-contact paper/paperboard mfg. Regulatory: FĎA Ž1CFR §176.150

Ammonium hydroxide

CAS 1336-21-6; EINECS/ELINCS 215-647-6; UN No. NA 2672 (DOT) Synonyms: Ammonia aqua; Ammonia aqueous; Ammonia solution; Ammonia solution, strong; Ammonia water; Agua ammonia; Agua ammonium; Aqueous ammonia; Spirit of Hartshorn; Strong ammonia solution Classification: Inorganic base

Empirical: H₅NO

Formula: NH₄OH

- Properties: Clear colorless liq., very pungent odor, acrid taste; sol. in water; m.w. 35.06; dens. 0.90; m.p. -77 C; flash pt. none; pH 13.6
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 350 mg/kg; LDLo (IV, rabbit) 10 mg/kg; human poison by ingestion; experimental poison by inh. and ing.; inhalation irritant; severe eye irritant; liq. can inflict burns; mutation data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Corrosive material; vapor will ignite, but not readily; incompat. with acrolein, nitromethane, acrylic acid, chlorosulfonic acid, dimethyl sulfate, halogens, HCI, HF, HNO₃, propylene oxide, etc.

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits NH₃ and NO_x

- NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Keep cool in strong glass, plastic, or rubber-stoppered bottles not completely filled; store below 26 C
- Uses: Food additive, alkali, leavening agent, pH control agent, processing aid; boiler water additive; corrosion inhibitor for steam generating systems; taste and odor control in water treatment; textiles; mfg. of rayon, rubber, fertilizers; org. synthesis; refrigeration; condensation polymerization; photography; soaps; lubricants; fireproofing wood; ink mfg.; explosives; ceramics; saponifying fats and oils; buffer, denaturant in cosmetics; food coloring diluent/solvent; alkalizing agent for pharmaceuticals

Use Level: ADI no limit (EU)

Regulatory: FDA21CFR §163.110, 182.90, 184.1139, GRAS; Europe listed; UK approved; USP/NF compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Agrium; Aldrich; Alexander; Ashland; Brown; Charkit; Chemical; Coyne; Cytec Ind.; Fisher Scientific; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Koch Microelectronic; LaRoche Ind.; Miljac; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Van Waters & Rogers

Trade Names Containing: Carboset® 514H; Carboset® 531; Protec ZA7; Protec ZZA

Ammonium hyposulfite. See Ammonium thiosulfate

Ammonium isobutyl oleate sulfate

Synonyms: Isobutyl oleate, sulfated, ammonium salt Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Ammonium laureth sulfate

CAS 32612-48-9 (generic); 67762-19-0

Synonyms: Ammonium lauryl ether sulfate; PEG (1-4) lauryl ether sulfate, ammonium salt; POE (1-4) lauryl ether sulfate, ammonium salt

Definition: Ammonium salt of ethoxylated lauryl sulfate Formula: $(C_2H_4O)_n \cdot C_{12}H_{26}O_4S \cdot H_3N$, avg. n = 1-4

Properties: Anionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 630 mg/kg; moderate toxicity by ingestion; skin and eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier for emulsion polymerization (acrylics, styreneacrylic, vinyl acrylics, S/B, paints, coatings), lt.-duty detergents, cosmetics, hair and skin detergents, pharmaceutical creams and lotions; breaks up and holds oils and soil; visc. builder; foaming agent for plasterboard, lightweight concrete prod.; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105

- Manuf./Distrib.: Albright & Wilson Am.; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Chemron; Clariant; Cognis/Care Chems.; Crompton/Witco; Cytec Ind.; DeForest Enterprises; E-Chemicals; Great Western; Independent Chem.; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Kraft Chem.; Lonza; Norman, Fox; Patco Chem. Ind.; Pilot; Rhodia HPCII; Sea-Land; Stepan; Surfactants Inc; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Van Waters & Rogers
- Trade Names: Paxnol ALES; POLYSTEP® B-11; Stanfax 238; Stanfax 968; Stanfax 1012

Ammonium laureth-12 sulfate

CAS 32612-48-9 (generic)

Synonyms: Ammonium POE (12) lauryl ether sulfate; PEG-12 lauryl ether sulfate, ammonium salt; PEG (12) lauryl ether sulfate, ammonium salt; POE (12) lauryl ether sulfate, ammonium salt

Definition: Ammonium salt of ethoxylated lauryl sulfate

Empirical: $(C_2H_4O)_x \cdot C_{12}H_{26}O_4S \cdot H_3N$

Formula: $(C_2H_4O)_n \cdot C_{12}H_{26}O_4S \cdot H_3N$, avg. n = 12

Properties: Anionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier for acrylic copolymers, emulsion polymerization, paints and coatings, cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105

Trade Names: POLYSTEP® B-22

Ammonium laureth-30 sulfate

CAS 32612-48-9 (generic) Formula: $(C_2H_4O)_n \cdot C_{12}H_{26}O_4S \cdot H_3N$, n = 30

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization (acrylics, styrene-acrylics, vinyl acrylics), floor finish latexes, paints and coatings; food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

Trade Names: POLYSTEP® B-20

Ammonium lauryl ether sulfate. See Ammonium laureth sulfate

Ammonium lauryl sulfate

CAS 2235-54-3; 68081-96-9; 90583-12-3; EINECS/ELINCS 218-793-9 Synonyms: Ammonium dodecyl sulfate; Ammonium-N-dodecyl sulfate; Dodecyl ammonium sulfate; Lauryl ammonium sulfate; Lauryl sulfate ammonium salt; Sulfuric acid, lauryl ester, ammonium salt; Sulfuric acid, monododecyl ester, ammonium sall

Definition: Ammonium salt of lauryl sulfate

Empirical: C12H26O4S • H3N

Properties: M.w. 283.48; HLB 31.0; anionic

Toxicology: Skin and eye irritant; TSCA listed

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NH₃, NO_x, SO_x
- Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, foaming agent, dispersant, wetting agent for personal care prods., pharmaceuticals, coatings, carpet shampoos, firefighting foams, It. duty cleaners, dry wall mfg., dyes, chemical specialties, emulsion polymerization; visc. builder; in food-pkg. adhesives; in

paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkq.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.210, 176.170, 177.1200

Manuf./Distrib.: Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Chemron; Clariant; Cognis/Care Chems.; Crompton/Witco; DeForest Enterprises; E-Chemicals; Independent Chem.; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Kraft Chem.; Lonza; Patco Chem. Ind.; Pilot; Rhodia HPCII; Sea-Land; Stepan; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Van Waters & Rogers

Trade Names: Paxnol ALS; POLYSTEP® B-7; Rhodapon® L-22

Ammonium maleic anhydride/diisobutylene copolymer

Synonyms: Maleic anhydride/diisobutylene copolymer, ammonium salt Uses: In food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180

Ammonium naphthalene sulfonate

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Dispersant for pigments, carbon black, dyestuffs, in ceramics, paints; visc. depressant; emulsion polymerization; food-pkg. adhesives/paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Trade Names: Lomar® PWA

Trade Names Containing: Lomar® PWA Lig.

Ammonium nitrate

- CAS 6484-52-2; EINECS/ELINCS 229-347-8; UN No. 1942 (DOT), 2426 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Ammonium (I) nitrate (1:1); Ammonium saltpeter; Nitrate of ammonia; Nitric acid ammonium salt; Norway saltpeter

Empirical: H₄N₂O₃

- Formula: NH₄NO₃
- Properties: Colorless cryst.; sol. in water, alcohol, alkalis; m.w. 80.06; dens. 1.725; m.p. 169.6 C; b.p. dec. @ 210 C with evolution of nitrous oxide Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2217 mg/kg; allergen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Strong oxidizing agent; may explode under confinement and high temps., but not readily detonated; violent or explosive spontaneous reactions possible; ignites on contact with certain chems.; can react vigorously with reducing agents
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits highly toxic fumes of NO_x

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 3

Storage: Hygroscopic; ventilate well; keep as cool as possible

- Uses: Fertilizer; explosives; pyrotechnics; herbicides/insecticides; mfg. of nitrous oxide; absorbent for nitrogen oxides; ingred. of freezing mixtures; oxidizing agent in solid rocket propellants; nutrient for antibiotics and yeast; catalyst; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food
- Regulatory: FDA 21 CFR §176.180; SARA reportable (sol'n.) Manuf./Distrib.: Agrium; Air Prods.; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allan; Charkit; Chemical; Continental Ind. Group; Fluka; GFS; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Hummel Croton; LaRoche Ind.; Lutianhua; Miljac; Nitron; Noah; Norsk Hydro AS; Prodica; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Total Spec. Chems.; U.S. Chems.

Ammonium (I) nitrate (1:1). See Ammonium nitrate

Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate

- CAS 9051-57-4 (generic); 31691-97-1 (generic); 63351-73-5
- Synonyms: PEG-4 nonyl phenyl ether sulfate, ammonium salt; PEG 200 nonyl phenyl ether sulfate, ammonium salt; POE (4) nonyl phenyl ether sulfate, ammonium salt
- Definition: Ammonium salt of sulfated nonoxynol-4

Formula: $(C_2H_4O)_{x}C_{15}H_{24}O_4S \cdot H_3N$

- Properties: Anionic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: High-foaming surfactant, wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier for cosmetics, shampoos, skin cleansers, lt. duty cleaners, emulsion polymerization (vinyl acetate, acrylates, methacrylates, styrene, butadiene, latex); dyeing assistant; antistat; surfactant in adhesives, paints, paper coatings, textile, and industrial and architectural coatings; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3400

Trade Names: Abex® EP-100; Rhodapex® CO-436

Ammonium nonoxynol-9 sulfate

CAS 9051-57-4 (generic)

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Emulsifier, stabilizer for emulsion polymerization; for adhesives, paints, paper, textile, and industrial coatings Trade Names: Abex® EP-110

Ammonium nonoxynol-30 sulfate

CAS 9051-57-4 (generic); 31691-97-1 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-30 nonyl phenyl ether sulfate, ammonium salt; POE (30) nonyl phenyl ether sulfate, ammonium salt

Definition: Ammonium salt of sulfated nonoxynol-30

- Properties: Anionic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization, adhesives, paints, paper, textile, and industrial coatings; surfactant in cosmetics Trade Names: Abex® EP-120

Ammonium octadecanoate. See Ammonium stearate Ammonium 9-octadecenoate. See Ammonium oleate

Ammonium oleate

- CAS 544-60-5; EINECS/ELINCS 208-873-1 Synonyms: Ammonium 9-octadecenoate; 9-Octadecenoic acid, ammonium salt; Oleic acid ammonium salt
- Classification: Ammonium soap
- Definition: Ammonium salt of oleic acid
- Empirical: C18H37NO2
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CH=CH(CH₂)₇COONH₄
- Properties: Ylsh.-brn. paste; ammonia odor; sol. in water; sl. sol. in acetone, ethanol, methanol, benzene, CCl₄, xylene, naphtha; m.w. 299.50; soften. pt. 50-55 F; m.p. 70-72 F; dec. on heating
- Toxicology: TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

- Uses: Detergent; solidifying alcohol; demonstrating lig. crystals; surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings for polyolefin films; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in resin-bonded filters for food contact
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260
- Manuf./Distrib.: Hart Prods.; Independent Chem.; Original Bradford Soap Works

Trade Names: EW-POL 9110

Ammonium oleic acid sulfate

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200

Ammonium oleic sulfate

Properties: Anionic Uses: Mold release agent; lubricant; emulsifier

Trade Names: Actrasol SR 75

Ammonium peroxydisulfate. See Ammonium persulfate

Ammonium persulfate

- CAS 7727-54-0; EINECS/ELINCS 231-786-5; UN No. 1444 (DOT) Synonyms: Ammonium peroxydisulfate; Diammonium peroxodisulfate; Peroxydisulfuric acid diammonium salt
- Classification: Inorganic salt

- Empirical: H₈N₂O₈S₂ Formula: (NH₄)₂S₂O₈
- Properties: Wh. cryst. solid; sol. in water; m.w. 228.20; dens. 1.982; m.p. dec. @ 120 C; dec. in water forming O₂
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 mg(S₂O₈)/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 689 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 226 mg/kg, (IV, rabbit) 178 mg/kg; poison by IV and IP routes; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Powerful oxidizer; corrosive; fire risk in contact with reducers; releases oxygen when heated; mixts. with sodium peroxide are explosive; violent reaction with iron or sol'ns. of ammonia + silver salts
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x, NH₃, and NO_x
- Storage: Store @ R.T.
- Uses: Oxidizing agent for dyestuffs; bleaching agent in cosmetics; textile bleach stabilizer; photographic chem.; etchant for printed circuit boards, copper; electroplating; deodorizing oils; aniline dyes; depolarizer in batter-

ies; washing infected yeast; mfg. of other persulfates; crosslinking agent; polymerization initiator for latex, polyacrylonitrile, styrene copolymers; hair coloring agent; food preservative; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.892, 175.105, 176.170, 177.1200, 178.3520; Japan approved

Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aceto; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allchem Ind.; Am. Int'l.; Ashland; Ayers Int'l.; BCH Brühl; Brown; Browning; Chem One; Chemconnect; Chemical; Coyne; Dastech Int'l.; Degussa-Hüls; E-Chemicals; EM Ind.; FMC; Fluka; GIBCO; Harcros; Hydrite; Independent Chem.; Int'l. Chem. Inc; JTS Enterprises; Kaltron/Pettibone; Los Angeles Chem.; Miljac; Mitsubishi Int'l.; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Noah; Pacific West; Primachem; Research Organics; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Total Spec. Chems.; Van Waters & Rogers; Westco

Ammonium phosphate

CAS 7722-76-1; EINECS/ELINCS 231-764-5

- Synonyms: MAP; Ammonium acid phosphate; Ammonium biphosphate; Ammonium dihydrogen orthophosphate; Ammonium dihydrogen phosphate; Ammonium phosphate monobasic; Monoammonium phosphate; Primary ammonium phosphate
- *Empirical:* H₆NO₄P
- Formula: NH₄H₂PO₄
- Properties: Brilliant wh. cryst. or powd., odorless; mildly acidic in reaction; moderately sol. in water; sl. sol. in alcohol; pract. insol. in acetone; m.w. 115.04; dens. 1.803; m.p. 190 C; pH 4.5 (1%, 20 C)

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3160-4500 mg/kg; irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with NaOCI

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store @ R.T.

Uses: Fertilizer ingred.; plant nutrient sol'ns.; analytical chemistry; as flameproofing agent for textiles, paints, paper, cellulosic fabrics, wood prods.; dyeing aux.; buffer in cosmetics; oral care agent; mfg. of yeast, vinegar, yeast foods and bread improvers; yeast/microbial fermentation nutrient; mold culture nutrient in mfg. of pharmaceuticals; food additive, buffer, dough conditioner, leavening agent

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1141a, GRAS; Japan approved

Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Agrium; Albright & Wilson Am.; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Am. Biorganics; Ashland; Browning; Cargill Fertilizer; Cater Chems.; Charkit; Chisso Am.; Coyne; E-Chemicals; FMC Foret; Fluka; Heico; IMC Global; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Monsanto; Noah; Occidental; Poly Research; Research Organics; Rhodia Food Ingreds.; Ruger; San Yuan; Showa Denko; Sigma; Solutia; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Total Spec. Chems.

See also Ammonium phosphate, dibasic

Ammonium phosphate, dibasic

CAS 7783-28-0; EINECS/ELINCS 231-987-8

- Synonyms: DAP; Ammonium phosphate; Diammonium hydrogen orthophosphate; Diammonium hydrogen phosphate; Diammonium phosphate; Dibasic ammonium phosphate; Phosphoric acid diammonium salt; Secondary ammonium phosphate
- Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: H₉N₂O₄P

- Formula: (NH₄)₂HPO₄
- Properties: Wh. cryst. or powd., odorless, cooling salty taste; mildly alkaline in reaction; sol. 1 g/1.7 ml in water; pract. insol. in alcohol, acetone; m.w. 132.07; dens. 1.619; m.p. 155 C (dec.); pH ≈ 8 (1%); noncombustible
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3160-4500 mg/kg; low to moderate toxicity; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of PO_x, NO_x, and NH₃
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store @ R.T.; keep well closed

- Uses: Flame retardant for wood, paper, textiles, plastics, cellulosics; prevents afterglow in matches; fertilizer; plant nutrient sol'ns.; feed additive; flux for soldering, purifying sugar; binder in refractory bricks, tiles; in ammoniacal dentifrices; yeast/microbial fermentation nutrient; mfg. of yeast, vinegar; bread improvers, buffer, dough conditioner, leavening agent in foods, wines, pharmaceuticals
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §573.320, 184.1141b, GRAS; BATF 27CFR 240.1051, limitation 0.17% as yeast nutrient in wine prod., 0.8% in sparkling wines; Japan approved; USP/NF compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Agrium; Albright & Wilson Am.; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Am. Biorganics; Ashland; Brown; Browning; Cargill Fertilizer; Cater Chems.; Chisso Am.; Coyne; E-Chemicals; EM Ind.; Fluka; Heico; IMC Global; Int'l. Chem. Inc; LaRoche Ind.; Monsanto; Noah; Occidental; Poly Research; Research Organics; Rhodia Food Ingreds.; Ruger; San Yuan; Seeler Ind.; Sigma; Solutia; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Telechem Int'l.

See also Ammonium phosphate

Ammonium phosphate monobasic. See Ammonium phosphate

Ammonium POE (12) lauryl ether sulfate. See Ammonium laureth-12 sulfate

Ammonium polyacrylate

- CAS 9003-03-6
- Synonyms: Poly (acrylic acid), ammonium salt; 2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer, ammonium salt

Definition: Ammonium salt of polyacrylic acid

Empirical: $(C_3H_4O_2)_x \cdot xH_3N$

Properties: Pale yel. liq. (sol'n.); dens. 1.12 kg/l (20 C); anionic

Uses: Pigment dispersant for paints and coatings, ceramics, paper; thickener and stabilizer for syn. latexes; stabilizer for emulsion polymerization; wetting agent for cement/pigment mfg.; visc. stabilizer; in coatings; adhesives; dipped, cast, and molded goods; cements for rug backing; spraying, spreading, brushing, and extruding compds.; surfactant in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105

Manuf./Distrib.: R.T. Vanderbilt Trade Names: Dumasperse 543; SER-AD® FX 504

Ammonium polycarboxylate

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Pigment dispersant for coatings, latexes, adhesives *Trade Names:* SER-AD® FX 505

Ammonium polymethacrylate

Properties: Pale yel. liq. (sol'n.); dens. 1.12 kg/l (20 C); visc. 50 mPa•s; pH 8.5-9.0 (5%)

Uses: Stabilizer and thickener in latex rubber processing; dispersant for pigments/fillers/clays in latex paints, ceramics, paper; also for polymerization and clay coating

Ammonium polyphosphate

CAS 14728-39-3; 68333-79-9

Synonyms: APP; Polyphosphoric acid, ammonium salt

- Empirical: H₄NO₃P
- Properties: Wh. powd.; m.w. 97.01; dec. @ 250 C, with rapid decomp. @ 300 C
- Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Flame retardant for plastics, adhesives, elastomers, paints, intumescent coatings, mastics, PU foams, wood, chipboard, paper and textile coatings; intumescent paint ingred.; catalyst; sequestrant; in fertilizers, cement, refractories; environmentally friendly

Manuf./Distrib.: Albright & Wilson Am.; Celanese; Fabrichem; LaRoche Ind.; Miljac; Monsanto; Solutia; Total Spec. Chems.

Trade Names: Antiblaze® CL.; Antiblaze® TR; FRCROS 481; FRCROS 484; Pyrex FA

Ammonium pyrophosphate

Uses: Flame retardant for wood, paper, textiles, cellulosic materials Trade Names: FRCROS 334

Trade Names Containing: FRCROS 349

Ammonium saltpeter. See Ammonium nitrate

Ammonium stearate

CAS 1002-89-7; EINECS/ELINCS 213-695-2

Synonyms: Ammonium octadecanoate; Octadecanoic acid, ammonium salt; Stearic acid, ammonium salt

Classification: Sat. aliphatic carboxylic acid salt

Definition: Ammonium salt of stearic acid

Empirical: C₁₈H₃₉NO₂

Formula: C17H35COONH4

Properties: Wh. to tan wax-like solid, free from ammonia odor; sol. in boiling water, hot toluene; partly sol. hot in butyl acetate, ethanol; m.w. 301.50; dens. 0.89 (22 C); m.p. 73-75 C; anionic

- *Toxicology:* ACGIH TLV-TWA 10 mg/m³ (stearates); LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (skin, guinea pig) > 3 g/kg; essentially nontoxic; nuisance dust; inh. of high concs. of dust may cause coughing and mild temporary irritation; sl. eye irritant; ing. may cause irritation, nausea, diarrhea; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Probable combustible dust; may form explosive dust-air mixts.; incompat. with acids (reacts vigorously)
- Hazardou's Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x, ammonia

Storage: Store in cool area away from ignition sources

Uses: Waterproofing of cements, concrete, stucco, paper, textiles; frothing aid and foam stabilizer in acrylic and SBR latex systems; foam rubber additive; foam stabilizer; scouring agent; surfactant, lubricant, emulsifier in cosmetics (hand creams, brushless shaving creams, etc.); in food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings for polyolefin films; in paper/paperboard for contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in foodcontact coatings and paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in resin-bonded filters for food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260

Manuf./Distrib.: Ashland; Bencorp Int'l.; Davidson Labs; Huntsman; Jarchem Ind.; Magnesia GmbH; Northern Prods.; Original Bradford Soap Works; Pro Chem; Total Spec. Chems.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem Trade Names: Stanfax 320; Stanfax 388

Ammonium sulfamate

- CAS 7773-06-0; EINECS/ELINCS 231-871-7; UN No. 9089 (NA)
- Synonyms: AMS; Ammonium amidosulfate; Monoammonium sulfamate; Sulfamic acid, monoammonium salt

Classification: Salt of sulfamic acid

Empirical: H₆N₂O₃S

- Formula: NH₂SO₃NH₄
- Properties: Colorless to wh. cryst. solid; odorless; sol. 225 g/100 ml water; sol. in liq. NH₃, formamide, glycerol; m.w. 114.14; m.p. 131 C; b.p. 160 C (dec.); pH 5.2 (5%)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 3900 mg/kg, (43% sol'n., dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing. and IP routes; sl. eye irritation; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Powerful oxidizer; somewhat explosive when heated or by spontaneous chem. reaction in hot acid sol'n.
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NH₃, NO_x, SO_x
- Storage: Deliq., hygroscopic
- Uses: Flameproofing agent for textiles, wood, and paper; herbicide; weed and brush killer; electroplating bath ingred.; generation of nitrous oxide; latent catalyst for urea-formaldehyde resins; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105; SARA reportable

- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allchem Ind.; Am. Int'l.; Coyne; Dharamsi Morarji; Fluka; Heico; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Int'l. Resources; Kaltron/Pettibone; Magna-Kron; Morre-Tec Ind.; Nissan Chem. Ind.; Northern Prods.; Sigma; Spartan Flame Retardants; Spectrum Quality Prods.
- *Trade Names:* Necco Fire Retardant 2750; Necco Fire Retardant 2758; Necco Fire Retardant 2762

Ammonium sulfate

CAS 7783-20-2; EINECS/ELINCS 231-984-1; UN No. 2506 (DOT)

Synonyms: Diammonium sulfate; Mascagnite; Sulfuric acid diammonium salt; Sulfate of ammonia

Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: H₈N₂O₄S

Formula: (NH₄)₂SO₄

- Properties: Colorless or wh. cryst. or gran., odorless; sol. in water; insol. in alcohol, acetone; m.w. 132.16; dens. 1.77; m.p. > 280 C (dec.)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2840 mg/kg, (oral, mouse) 640 mg/kg; moderately toxic by several routes; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incandescent reaction on heating with potassium chlorate; reaction with sodium hypochlorite gives the unstable explosive nitrogen trichloride
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NO $_{x_i}$ NH $_{x_i}$ and SO $_x$

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store @ R.T.

Uses: Taste/odor control in water treatment; fertilizers; microbial fermentation nutrient; fire/flameproofing paper, textiles, wood; viscose rayon; tanning; aluminum etchant ingred.; photographic chem.; textile/leather aux.; reducing agent, visc. control agent in cosmetics; food additive (dough conditioner, yeast food, firming agent, processing aid); in cellophane for food pkg.

Use Level: Limitation 0.15% (baked goods), 0.1% (gelatins, puddings) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1200, 184.1143, GRAS; Japan approved

Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Accurate Chem. & Scientific; Advance Research Chems.; Agrium; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allan; Am. Biorganics; Ashland; Atofina N. Am./Basic Chem.; BASF AG; BASF; Bethlehem Steel; Brown; Cater Chems.; Charkit; Chemconnect; Dakota Gasification; Fluka; GIBCO; General Alum & Chem.; General Chem.; Heico; Holland; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; LTV Steel; Lomac; Mallinckrodt Baker; Nissan Chem. Ind.; Noah; PCL Group; QC Corp.; Research Organics; Ruger; Sal Chem.; San Yuan; Showa Denko; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Total Spec. Chems.

Trade Names Containing: Lomar® PWA Liq.

Ammonium tallate

- CAS 68132-50-3; EINECS/ELINCS 268-643-1
- Synonyms: Fatty acids, tall oil, ammonium salts; Tall oil fatty acids, ammonium salts
- Definition: Ammonium salt of tall oil acid

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings for polyolefin films; in food-contact paper/paperboard; food-contact cellophane; in resin-bonded filters for food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.2260

Ammonium tallow sulfate

Synonyms: Tallow sulfated, ammonium salt

Úses: Defoamer in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.200

Ammonium thiosulfate

CAS 7783-18-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-982-0

Synonyms: Ammonium hyposulfite; Diammonium thiosulfate; Thiosulfuric acid, diammonium salt

- Empirical: H₈N₂O₃S₂
- Formula: (NH₄)₂S₂O₃
- Properties: Wh. cryst.; very sol. in water; m.w. 148.22; dec. by heat
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2890 mg/kg, (oral, guinea pig) 1098 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NH₄ and SO_x
- Uses: Photographic fixing agent; analytical reagent; fungicide; reducing agent; brightener in silver plating baths; cleaning compounds for zinc-base diecast metals; hair waving preparations; fog screens; fertilizers; source of sulfur in nitrogen in fertilizer formulations; dechlorination in waste treatment; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; DuPont; Duso; E-Chemicals; Esseco SpA; FMC Foret; Fluka; General Chem.; Goodpasture; Honeywell Spec. Chems.; Jupiter; Montana Sulphur & Chem.; Sal Chem.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tessenderlo Kerley; Tilley; Van Waters & Rogers; Wm. Blythe Ltd

Ammonium tricarbonatozirconate. See Ammonium zirconyl carbonate Ammonium, trimethyloctadecyl-, chloride. See Steartrimonium chloride

Ammonium zirconium carbonate

CAS 68309-95-5

Synonyms: AZC; Zirconate (2-), bis[carbonate (2-)-0] dihydroxy-diammonium; Zirconium ammonium carbonate

Empirical: C₂H₁₀N₂O₈Zr

Formula: (NH₄)₂[Zr(CO₃)₂(OH)₂]

Uses: Binder insolubilizer for paper and board coatings, nonwoven fabrics; deposit control agent in wet-end paper processes; str. additive for alkalinesized paper; component of waterborne inks, overprint varnishes, adhesives; textile, leather, and paper water-repellent formulations; antimicrobial treatment for textiles and timber; coagulant in mfg. of syn. leather cloth; metal pretreatment coatings; precursor to zirconia in catalyst systems

Manuf./Distrib.: Sinochem Tianjin; Southern Ionics

Trade Names: Bacote™ 20; Nopcote® 1680

Trade Names Containing: Protec ZZA

Ammonium zirconyl carbonate

CAS 12616-24-9

Synonyms: Ammonium tricarbonatozirconate

Definition: Avail. commercially as aq. sol'n.

Empirical: C₃H₁₃N₃O₁₀Zr

Formula: (NH₄)₃ZrOH(CO₃)₃

- Properties: M.w. 342.36; Dihydrate: Prisms; sol. in water; dec. in dil. acids, alkalis; dens. 1.238 (24/24 C); unstable in air; aq. sol'ns. dec. rapidly above 60 C producing ammonia, CO₂, and zirconia
- Uses: Water-repellent for paper and textiles; textile fungicidal treatments; insolubilizing agent for starch, casein, soya protein paper binders; catalyst; stabilizer in latex emulsion paints; ingred. in floor wax to aid resist. to detergents; lubricant in fabrication of glass fibers; leaves zirconium residue after evaporation of ammonia and CO₂

Manuf./Distrib.: Southern Ionics

Amorphous silica. See Diatomaceous earth, amorphous; Silica, amorphous hydrated

Amorphous silica dust. See Silica, fumed

AMP. See Aminomethyl propanol; Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid

AMPS. See 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid

2-AMPS. See 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid

AMS. See Ammonium sulfamate

Amsonic acid. See 4,4⁻-Diaminostilbene-2,2⁻-disulfonic acid

s-Amyl acetate

- CAS 626-38-0; UN No. 1104 (DOT)
- Synonyms: 2-Acetoxypentane; 1-Methylbutyl acetate; 2-Pentanol acetate; 2-Pentyl acetate

Classification: Carboxylic acid ester

Empirical: C7H14O2

- Formula: CH₃COOCH(CH₃)CH₂CH₂CH₃
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; fruity odor; sol. in alcohol, ether; sl. sol. in , water; m.w. 130.19; sp.gr. 0.862-0.866 (20/20 C); m.p. -78.5 C; b.p. 134 C; flash pt. (CC) 32 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 125 ppm; LCLo (inh., guinea pig, 5 h) 10,000 ppm; mild skin and eye irritant; inh. of vapor may cause nose/throat irritation; higher exposure may cause difficulty breathing, increased heart rate, CNS depression symptoms; ing. may cause mouth/throat irritation, increased heart rate, headache, dizziness, weakness; unconsciousness on severe exposure; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm.; mod. explosive as vapor exposed to heat or flame; incompat. with oxidizing materials (increase fire/explosion hazard), strong acids, strong bases, reducing materials (decomp. can occur)

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight; avoid generating mist
- Uses: Solvent for nitrocellulose, ethylcellulose; mfg. of lacquers, varnishes, cements, artificial leather, nail enamels, coated paper, printing compds.; plastic wood; textile sizing

Manuf./Distrib.: E-Chemicals; Penta Mfg.

n-Amyl alcohol

- CAS 71-41-0; EINECS/ELINCS 200-752-1; UN No. 1105 (DOT); FEMA 2056
- Synonyms: Alcohol C-5; Amyl alcohol, normal; n-Butyl carbinol; 1-Pentanol; Pentanol-1; Pentan-1-ol; n-Pentanol; Pentyl alcohol; n-Pentyl alcohol; Primary amyl alcohol

Classification: Primary aliphatic alcohol

Empirical: C5H12O

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₄OH

- Properties: Colorless clear liq., somewhat sweet balsamic odor; sl. sol. in water; misc. with alcohol, ether; m.w. 88.15; sp.gr. 0.812 (20/4 C); m.p. -79 C; b.p. 137-139 C; flash pt. (CC) 38 C; ref. index 1.409
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3030 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 4490 mg/kg; highly toxic and narcotic; ingestion of 30 mg can cause death in humans; irritating to respiratory tract; severe eye and skin irritant; can be absorbed thru skin in toxic amts.; inh. can cause nose/throat irritation, CNS depression; extreme exposure may cause double vision, deafness, delirium, fatalities; may cause severe lung damage, respiratory/cardiac arrest, or death if aspirated into lungs; TSCA listed

Precaution: DOT: Flamm. liq.; incompat. with oxidizing agents (increases fire/explosion risk)

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight

- Uses: Solvent in organic synthesis, for nail lacquers; extraction solvent for mineral processing; process solvent; raw material for pharmaceutical preparations; plastics processing; synthetic flavoring agent for foods and pharmaceuticals; fragrance; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Use Level: 18 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 15 ppm (ice cream, ices), 35 ppm (candy), 24 ppm (baked goods), 7.7-50 ppm (gelatins, puddings), 150-340 ppm (chewing gum),
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 176.210; FEMA GRAS; BP compliance Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Celanese; Condea Vista; E-Chemicals; Fluka; Grau Aromatics; Houghton Chem.; Jarchem Ind.; Penta Mfg.; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Union Carbide; Van Waters & Rogers

Amyl alcohol, normal. See n-Amyl alcohol

Amylase

CAS 9000-92-4; EINECS/ELINCS 232-567-7

Synonyms: 1,4-D-Glucan glucanohydrolase; Glycogenase Classification: Enzyme

Definition: Mixt. of enzymes that catalyze the hydrolysis of glycosidic linkages of polysaccharides such as glycogen, starch, or their degradation prods.

Properties: Off-wh. powd. or suspension

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 15 g/kg; may produce hypersensitivity reactions; TSCA listed

Storage: Hygroscopic; keep under argon

Uses: Enzyme for textile desizing; conversion of starch-glucose sugars in syrups, baking, dry-cleaning, pharmaceuticals; prep. of paper coatings and sizes in paper industry; {wastewater treatment; in brewing; animal feed; biological additive in cosmetics

Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka Trade Names: Amizyme DTX-11; Amizyme TX-8; Tenase® 1200

α-Amylase

CAS 9000-90-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-565-6

- Definition: Enzyme used to liquefy starch
- Uses: Natural enzyme for food use (starch hydrolysis reagent); reagent for paper size pretreatment
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1027 (from B. licheniformis); GRAS for several other sources; UK, Japan approved
- Manuf./Distrib.: B.I. Chems.; Enzyme Development; Fluka; InterSpex Prods.; Sigma; Whyte Chems. Ltd
- Trade Names: Vanzyme® 191; Vanzyme® Powd.
- Amylose

CAS 9005-82-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-685-9

Synonyms: (+)-Amylose

Classification: Nonaromatic alcohol

Definition: The inner, relatively soluble portion of starch granules Properties: Solid

Toxicology: Harmful by inh., ing., skin contact; severe irritant; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; TSCA listed

Uses: Food ingred.; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; CarboMer; Fluka; Salor; Sigma

(+)-Amylose. See Amylose

α-Amylose. See Cellulose

AN. See Acrylonitrile

Anadonis green. See Chromium oxide (ic) Anhydrite (natural form). See Calcium sulfate

Anhydro-4,4⁻-bis (diethylamino) triphenylmethanol-2⁻,4⁻⁻disulfonic acid, monosodium salt. See Acid blue 1

3,6-Anhydro-d-galactan. See Carrageenan (Chondrus crispus) 1,4-Anhydro-D-glucitol, 6-hexadecanoate. See Sorbitan palmitate Anhydro-d-glucitol monooctadecanoate. See Sorbitan stearate Anhydrohexitol sesquioleate. See Sorbitan sesquioleate Anhydrosorbitol monolaurate. See Sorbitan laurate Anhydrosorbitol monooleate. See Sorbitan oleate Anhydrosorbitol monostearate. See Sorbitan stearate

Anhydrosorbitol sesquioleate. See Sorbitan sesquioleate Anhydrosorbitol stearate. See Sorbitan stearate Anhydrosorbitol trioleate. See Sorbitan trioleate Anhydrosorbitol tristearate. See Sorbitan tristearate Anhydrous ammonia. See Ammonia Anhydrous calcium sulfate. See Calcium sulfate Anhydrous gypsum. See Calcium sulfate Anhydrous iron oxide. See Ferric oxide Anhydrous lanolin. See Lanolin Aniline, 4,4⁻-(imidocarbonyl) bis (N,N-dimethyl-, hydrochloride. See Basic yellow 2 Empirical: O₅Sb₂ Aniline violet. See Basic violet 3 Anilinobenzene. See Diphenylamine Formula: Sb₂O₅ Anilinonaphthalene. See Phenyl-β-naphthylamine 2-Anilinonaphthalene. See Phenyl-β-naphthylamine m-[(p-Anilinophenyl) azo] benzenesulfonic acid sodium salt. See Acid yellow 36 Animal glue Synonyms: Bone glue; Glue, animal; Hide glue Definition: Proteinaceous extractives obtained from hides, bones, and other collagen-rich substances of animal origin; hydrolysis prod. of collagen Properties: Yel. to dk. amber hard solid; sol. in water; dens. 1.27 kg/l Uses: Adhesives (bookbinding, grinding disks, sandpapers); binder for match heads; paper gaskets; paper/textile sizing ingred.; plasticizer for rubber; component of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3120 Manuf./Distrib.: Hudson Ind. Anthium dioxide. See Chlorine dioxide 9,10-Anthracenediol, 1,4-dihydro-, disodium salt. See Disodium 1,4-dihydro-9,10-dihydroxyanthracene 9,10-Anthracenedione. See Anthraquinone Empirical: O₃Sb₂ 9,10-Anthrachinon. See Anthraguinone Anthradione. See Anthraguinone Anthraguinone CAS 84-65-1; EINECS/ELINCS 201-549-0 Synonyms: 9,10-Anthracenedione; 9,10-Anthrachinon; Anthradione; 9,10-Anthraquinone; 9,10-Dioxoanthracene Classification: A quinoid compd. Empirical: C14H8O2 listed Formula: $C_6H_4(CO)_2C_6H_4$ Properties: Yel. needles; sol. in alcohol, ether, acetone; insol. in water; m.w. 208.22; dens. 1.419-1.438; vapor pressure 1 mm (190 C); m.p. 286 C; b.p. 379-381 C; flash pt. (CC) 185 C Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) > 5 g/kg, (IP, rat) 3500 mg/kg, (dermal, rat) > 1 g/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) > 1300 mg/m³; mod. toxic by IP route; mild allergen; tumorigen; mutagen; TSCA listed Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1 Uses: Intermediate for dyes and organics; organic inhibitor; bird repellent for seeds; wood pulping reagent; improves pulp yield and increases the rate of delignification in white liquors; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allchem Ind.; Bencorp Int'l.; Biddle Sawyer; Boston-Charleston; Brøste; Buckton Scott Ltd; Ciba Spec. Chems./Colors; Fluka; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Kelmar Ind.; Kimson; Nippon Shokubai; Nippon Steel Chem.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.P.T. Chems.; Uniqema Am.; Van Waters & Rogers; Vinings Ind.; Wego Chem. & Min.; Whyte Chems. Ltd; Wilshire Trade Names: Diag 60; Fleetquest 8800; QEMI Q-AQ-60 Trade Names Containing: Fleetquest QH-37; Raisaccel 2510-L3 9,10-Anthraguinone. See Anthraguinone Aqua. See Water 2,2 - (1,4-Anthraguinonylenediimino) bis (5-methylbenzenesulfonic acid) disodium salt. See Acid green 25 6,6 - (1,4-Anthraquinonylenediimino) di-m-toluenesulfonic acid disodium salt. See Acid green 25

Antimonic acid. Šee Antimony pentoxide

Antimonic anhydride. See Antimony pentoxide Antimonic oxide. See Antimony pentoxide Antimonious oxide. See Antimony trioxide Antimony bloom. See Antimony trioxide Antimony oxide. See Antimony trioxide Antimony (III) oxide. See Antimony trioxide

Antimony pentoxide

CAS 1314-60-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-237-7

Synonyms: Antimonic acid; Antimonic anhydride; Antimonic oxide; Diantimony pentoxide; Stibic anhydride

- Properties: Wh. or ylsh. powd., cube; sl. sol. in water; pract. insol. in HNO3; sl. sol. in warm KOH or HCl; m.w. 323.52; dens. 3.78; m.p. dec. @ 380 C; ref. index 1.7 (20 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 0.5 mg (Sb)/m³; LD50 (IP, rat) 4 g/kg; mod. toxic by intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Flame/fire retardant for fibers, fabrics, latex, plastics, resins, epoxies; prod. of antimonates and other antimony compds.
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; All Chemie Ltd; Atomergic Chemetals; Cerac; Great Western; Laurel Ind.; Noah; Nyacol Prods.; PQ; Pechiney World Trade USA; Total Spec. Chems.

Trade Names: Nyacol® A-1530; Nyacol® A-1550

Antimony peroxide. See Antimony trioxide

Antimony trioxide

- CAS 1309-64-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-175-0; UN No. 3077
- Synonyms: Antimonious oxide; Antimony bloom; Antimony oxide; Antimony (III) oxide; Antimony peroxide; Antimony white; CI 77052; Diantimony trioxide; Flowers of antimony; Pigment white 11

Formula: Sb₂O₃

- Properties: Wh. cubic or orthorhombic cryst., odorless; sol. in KOH, HCI and sulfuric acids, strong alkalis; very sl. sol. in water; m.w. 291.52; dens. 5.67; bulking value 0.022 gal/lb; oil absorp. 11; m.p. 655 C; b.p. 1425 C; ref. index 2.087
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 0.5 mg(Sb)/m³; LD50 (rats) > 20 g/kg; poison by IV and subcut. routes; confirmed carcinogen, moderate toxicity otherwise; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; mutation data; TSCA

Precaution: Incompat. with chlorinated rubber, heat (216 C), and BrF₃

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic Sb fumes Uses: Flame retardant for textiles, paper, plastics, PVC, rubber, cellulosics, paint; as white pigment for paints and plastics; opacifier for ceramics, glass, porcelain, glazes; staining iron and copper; phosphorus; mordant;
 - glass decolorization; catalyst; intermediate; filler for thermoplastic and thermoset plastics, rubbers, coatings; in enamels; glasses; mfg. of tartar emetic; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105

- Manuf./Distrib.: Acme-Hardesty; Akrochem; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Alfa Chem; Allchem Ind.; Amspec; Asarco; Ashland; Atlantic Equip. Engrs.; Atofina; Atomergic Chemetals; Auer-Remy; Celanese; Chem-Met; Chemisphere Ltd; Chemson Ltd; D.N. Lukens; First Continental Int'l.; Fluka; GNC Group; Gredmann USA; H.M. Royal; HoltraChem; Honeywell Spec. Chems.; ICC Chem.; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Laurel Ind.; Miljac; Noah; Occidental; Punda Mercantile; Reade Advanced Materials; Revelli; Sigma; Skyline; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Supreme Resources; Total Spec. Chems.; United Min. & Chem.; Van Waters & Rogers
- Trade Names: FireShield® H; FireShield® HPM; FireShield® L; Thermoguard® S; Thermoguard® UF

Antimony white. See Antimony trioxide

APDEA. See N-(3-Aminopropyl) diethanolamine

APP. See Ammonium polyphosphate; Polypropylene, amorphous

Aqua ammonia. See Ammonium hydroxide

Aqua ammonium. See Ammonium hydroxide

Aqueous ammonia. See Ammonium hydroxide

Aqueous hydrogen chloride. See Hydrochloric acid

Arachic acid. See Arachidic acid

Arachidic acid

CAS 506-30-9; EINECS/ELINCS 208-031-3 *Synonyms:* Arachic acid; Eicosanoic acid

Classification: Fatty acid

Empirical: C₂₀H₄₀O₂

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₈COOH

- Properties: Shining wh. cryst. leaflets; very sol. in hot abs. alcohol, ether; sl. sol. in alcohol; insol. in water; m.w. 312.54; dens. 0.8240 (100/4 C); m.p. 75.4 C; b.p. 328 C; ref. index 1.4250
- Toxicology: TDLo (implant, mouse) 1000 mg/kg; questionable carcinogen; experimental neoplastigen by implant route; tumorigen; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Uses: Organic synthesis; lubricating greases; waxes; plastics; source of arachidyl alcohol; biochemical research; emulsifier in cosmetics Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Crompton/Witco; Fluka; Sigma Trade Names Containing: Safacid 20/22 LF

Arachidyl alcohol

CAS 629-96-9; EINECS/ELINCS 211-119-4

Synonyms: Alcohol C20; Eicosanol; 1-Eicosanol

Classification: Nonaromatic fatty alcohol

Empirical: C20H42O

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₈CH₂OH

Properties: Wh. wax-like solid; insol. in water; sol. in alcohol, hot benzene; m.w. 298.56; m.p. 66.5 C; b.p. 369 C

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

- Uses: Emollient in cosmetics; lubricants; rubber; plastics; textiles; research; pharmaceutical raw material; emollient, lubricant, consistency factor for pharmaceutical topicals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Condea Vista; Fluka; Indofine; Jarchem Ind.; M. Michel; Sigma

Trade Names Containing: Nafol® 1822; Nafol® 1822 B; Nafol® 1822 C

Arachis hypogaea. See Peanut (Arachis hypogaea) oil

Arachis oil. See Peanut (Arachis hypogaea) oil

Aramid

- Definition: Generic name for class of highly aromatic polyamide fibers which are characterized by flame retardant properties
- Uses: Used in protective clothing, dust-filter bags, tire cord, bullet-resistant structures; as thixotropic additive for coatings, adhesives Trade Names: Kevlar® 29, 49

Aromatic castor oil. See Castor (Ricinus communis) oil Arrowroot starch. See Starch

Artificial barite. See Barium sulfate

Artificial gum. See Dextrin

Artificial heavy spar. See Barium sulfate

Arylamide yellow RN. See Pigment yellow 65

ASA. See Dodecenylsuccinic anhydride

Asbestos

- CAS 1332-21-4; 12001-29-5 (chrysotile); UN No. NA 2212 (DOT), 2590 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Asbestos, chrysotile; Asbestos fiber; Chrysotile; Chrysotile asbestos; Fibrous grunerite; Serpentine asbestos; White asbestos
- Definition: Natural magnesium silicate mineral fiber, of two types: serpentine and amphibole; common forms are chrysotile, anthophyllite, amosite, tremolite, crocidolite

Empirical: H₄Mq₃O₉Si₂

- Properties: Grayish-wh. soft fibers; odorless; insol. in water; m.w. 277.13; dens. 2.56; bulking value 0.047 gal/lb; nonflamm.
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 2 fibers/cc; highly toxic by inh. of dust particles; inh. of high concs. of fibers may cause irritation of nose and throat; unlikely to cause any short-term effects on skin, eyes, or GI system; overexposure may cause dyspnea, interstitial fibrosis, restricted pulmonary function; confirmed human carcinogen; causes lung tumors; experimental tumorigen; mutation data; TSCA listed

Precaution: A common air contaminant

Uses: In thermal and noise insulation materials; floor covering materials; roofing compositions; friction prods. (brake linings); paper; felts; fireproofing textiles; filler in paints, rubber, thermoplastics and thermosets; chemi-

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cal filter; reinforcing agent in rubber, plastics, cements, food-contact crosslinked polyesters; diaphragm cells; furnace and hot pipe coverings; in food-pkg. adhesives; filler in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.2420, 177.2600

Asbestos, chrysotile. See Asbestos

Asbestos fiber. See Asbestos

L-Aspartic acid, N-(3-carboxy-1-oxo-2-sulfopropyl)-N-octadecyl-, tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl stearyl sulfosuccinamate

L-Aspartic acid, N-(3-carboxy-1-oxosulfopropyl)-N-octadecyl-, tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl stearyl sulfosuccinamate

Asphalt

CAS 8052-42-4; UN No. NA 1999 (DOT)

Synonyms: Asphalt, petroleum; Asphaltum; Bitumen; Judean pitch; Mineral pitch; Petroleum asphalt; Petroleum bitumen; Petroleum pitch; Petroleum roofing tar; Road asphalt; Road tar; Trinidad pitch

- Properties: Blk. solid or visc. liq.; sol. in carbon disulfide, oil turpentine, petroleum, chloroform, ether, acetone; insol. in water, alcohol, acids, alkalis; dens. ≈ 1.0; b.p. < 470 C; soften. pt. (R&B) 25-170 C; flash pt. 132 C</p>
- *Toxicology:* ACGIH TLV/TWA 5mg/m³; toxic by inh. of fume; moderate irritant; suspected carcinogen; tumorigen; mutagen; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm. liq.

- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Paving and road-coating; roofing; sealing and joint filling; special paints; adhesive in electrical laminates and hot-melt compositions; diluent in lowgrade rubber products; fluid loss control in hydraulic fracturing of oil wells; medium for radioactive waste disposal; pipeline and underground cable coating; rust-preventative hot-dip coatings; base for synthetic turf; waterretaining barrier for sandy soils; supporter of rapid bacterial growth; in foodpkg. adhesives; in internal sizing for paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170

Manuf./Distrib.: Crompton/Witco; Crowley Tar Prods.; Pioneer Asphalt; Ziegler Chem. & Min.

Asphalt, petroleum. See Asphalt

Asphaltum. See Asphalt

A-stage resin. See Phenolic resin

Astraphloxin. See Basic red 12

Astraphloxine. See Basic red 12

Atactic butadiene polymer. See Polybutadiene

Atactic poly(acrylic acid). See Polyacrylic acid

Atactic polypropylene. See Polypropylene; Polypropylene, amorphous

Atactic polystyrene. See Polystyrene

Atactic poly (vinyl chloride). See Polyvinyl chloride

ATBC. See Acetyl tributyl citrate

ATEC. See Acetyl triethyl citrate

ATH. See Aluminum hydroxide

ATMP. See Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid

Auramine hydrochloride. See Basic yellow 2

Auramine O. See Basic yellow 2

Auramine Pure. See Basic yellow 2

Auramine yellow. See Basic yellow 2

Azacyclotridecane-2-one, homopolymer. See Nylon 12

Azacyclotridecane-2-one polyamide. See Nylon 12

3-Azapentane-1,5-diamine. See Diethylenetriamine

AZC. See Ammonium zirconium carbonate

Azeite. See Olive (Olea europaea) oil

Aziridine, homopolymer. *See* Polyethylenimine Aziridine, 2-methyl-. *See* Propyleneimine

Azobisisobutylonitrile. See 2,2⁻Azobisisobutyronitrile

 $\alpha_{\alpha}\alpha$ -Azobisisobutylonitrile. See 2,2 - Azobisisobutyronitrile

Azobisisobutyronitrile. See 2,2 - Azobisisobutyronitrile

2,2´-Azobisisobutyronitrile

CAS 78-67-1; ÉINECS/ELINCS 201-132-3; UN No. 2952 (DOT)
 Synonyms: AIBN; Azobisisobutylonitrile; α,α´-Azobisisobutylonitrile; Azobisisobutyronitrile; 2,2´-Azobis(2-methylpropanenitrile); 2,2´-Azobis(2-methylpropionitrile); Azodiisobutyronitrile; α,α´-Azodiisobutyronitrile; 2,2´-Dicyano-2,2´-azopropane; 2,2´-Dimethyl-2,2´-azodipropionitrile; Propanenitrile, 2,2´-azobis (2-methyl-; Propionitrile, 2,2´-azobis (2-methyl-;

Formula: (CH₃)₂C(CN)NNC(CN)(CH₃)₂

- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; odorless; sol. in alcohol, many org. solvs., vinyl monomers; insol. in water, m.w. 164.24; m.p. 105 C (dec.); gas yield 125 cc/g
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, mouse) 0.7 g/kg, (IP, mouse) 25 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ingestion; poison by IP route; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm. solid; easily oxidized; unstable; violent exothermic reaction on heating; explodes when heated with heptane; container may explode if exposed to > 50 C
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x and CN⁻
- Uses: Catalyst/initiator for vinyl polymerizations and for curing unsaturated polyester resins; free radical generator; blowing agent for plastics esp. for PVC prod. of floats, buoys; polymerization catalyst for paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; catalyst in food-contact crosslinked polyesters; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.2420

Manuf./Dístrib.: ABCR; Aceto; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Biddle Sawyer; Century Multech; Charkit; Eiwa Chem. Ind.; Fabrichem; Fluka; Japan Hydrazine; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Otsuka Chem.; Pfaltz & Bauer; Sigma

2,2⁻Azobis(2-methylpropanenitrile). See 2,2⁻Azobisisobutyronitrile

2,2 - Azobis(2-methylpropionitrile). See 2,2 - Azobisisobutyronitrile

Azodiisobutyronitrile. See 2,2 - Azobisisobutyronitrile

α,α'-Azodiisobutyronitrile. See 2,2'-Azobisisobutyronitrile

Azoic diazo component 48. See Dianisidine

Azovan blue. See Direct blue 53

BA. See Butyl acrylate

Bacillus subtilis Carlsberg. See Protease

Baking soda. See Sodium bicarbonate

Balsam capivi. See Balsam copaiba (Copaifera officinalis)

Balsam copaiba. See Balsam copaiba (Copaifera officinalis)

Balsam copaiba (Copaifera officinalis)

Synonyms: Balsam capivi; Balsam copaiba; Copaiba; Copaiba balsam; Copaiba oleoresin; Copaifera officinalis balsam; Jesuit's balsam Definition: Oleoresin obtained from *Copaifera officinalis*

Properties: Pale yel. to brnsh.-yel. visc. transparent liq.; peculiar odor; bitter, acrid, nauseating taste; sol. in oxygenated, aromatic and chlorinated solvs., benzene, chloroform, ether, oils, carbon disulfide, abs. alcohol, petrol. ether; insol. in water; dens. 0.930-0.995; acid no. 28-95

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with min. acids, magnesia, water

Uses: In varnishes; for removing old oil varnish from oil paintings; mfg. of photographic paper; perfume fixative in soaps; fragrance ingred.; moisturizer and lubricant for hair and skin care prods.

Manuf./Distrib.: Penta Mfg.; Polarome Int'l.; Spectrum Quality Prods.

BAPP. See Bis(aminopropyl) piperazine

Barite. See Barium sulfate

Barium borate. See Barium metaborate

Barium boron oxide. See Barium metaborate

Barium carbonate

CAS 513-77-9; EINECS/ELINCS 208-167-3; UN No. 1564 (DOT)

Synonyms: Carbonic acid barium salt

Classification: Inorganic barium salt

Definition: Occurs in nature as the mineral witherite

Empirical: CBaO3

Formula: BaCO₃

- Properties: Wh. powd.; odorless; sol. in acids except sulfuric, sol'n. of ammonium chloride + ammonium nitrate; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 197.37; sp.gr. 4.4; bulking value 0.027 gal/lb; oil absorp. 14; b.p. 1450 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 0.5 mg(Ba)/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 418 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 50 mg/kg; poison by ing., IV, IP routes; human systemic effects by ing. (stomach ulcers, muscle weakness, paresthesia, paralysis, diarrhea, nausea, vomiting, lung changes); overexposure may cause cardiac arrest or death due to respiratory failure; experimental reproductive effects; TSCA listed

 $\textit{Precaution:}\ DOT:\ Poisonous\ material;\ incompat.\ with\ BrF_{3}$ and 2-furanpercarboxylic acid

Storage: Keep containers sealed

- Uses: Treatment of brines in chlorine-alkali cells to remove sulfates; rodenticide; production of barium salts; ceramic flux; in clay tiles; optical glass; case-hardening baths; ferrites; in radiation-resistant glass for color television tubes, CRT screens; boiler water treatment; filler in rubber, thermoset plastics, photographic paper; paints; enamels; marble substitutes; electrodes; as analytical reagent; weighting agent in drilling muds
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMC Chems.; Aldrich; All Čhemie Ltd; Allan; BCH Brühl; Barium & Chems.; BassTech Int'l.; Cerac; FMC Foret; Fluka; Great Western; Hammill & Gillespie; Hummel Croton; ICC Ind.; Mallinckrodt Baker; Osram Sylvania; Poly Research; Prior; Rhodia; San Yuan; Sigma; Sinochem Liaoning; Solvay GmbH; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.S. Petrochem. Ind.; Wego Chem. & Min.

Barium diborate. See Barium metaborate

Barium hydroxide. See Barium hydroxide lime

Barium hydroxide lime

CAS 17194-00-2 (anhyd.); 12230-71-6 (octahydrate); EINECS/ELINCS 241-234-5

Synonyms: Barium hydroxide

 $\hat{Definition}$: Mixt. of barium hydroxide octahydrate and calcium hydroxide *Empirical*: BaH₂O₂

Formula: Ba(OH)₂

Properties: Wh. or grayish wh. gran.; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 171.36 (anhyd.), 315.48 (octahydrate); dens. 2.20; m.p. > 300

Toxicology: Highly toxic; corrosive; target organs: nerves, heart, kidneys, GI system; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with chlorinated rubber

Uses: Sorbent for CO₂ in pharmaceuticals; aesthetic apparatus; filler in paper, sealants; reagent for vegetable oil, sugar production; vulcanization accelerator

Regulatory: USP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; BassTech Int'l.; Fluka; Sigma

Barium metaborate

CAS 13701-59-2

Synonyms: Barium borate; Barium boron oxide; Barium diborate; Boric acid barium salt

Empirical: BHO2 • 1/2Ba

Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. 3-4 g/l water; m.w. 176.54; m.p. 1000 C

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Flame retardant/mold-resist. additive for plastics, paints, textiles, paper; rust-inhibitive pigment, extender for paints; fungicide for PVC; tannin stain blocker; preservative for coatings and sizings used in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Manuf./Distrib.: Atomergic Chemetals; BassTech Int'l.; Buckman Labs; CasChem; D.N. Lukens; Joseph Storey; Seachem; Seegott Trade Names: Busan® 11-M2

Barium sulfate

CAS 7727-43-7; EINECS/ELINCS 231-784-4; UN No. 1564 (DOT) Synonyms: Artificial barite; Artificial heavy spar; Barite; Barium sulfate (1:1); Baryta white; Barytes; Blanc fixe; Blanc fixe (artificial, precipitated); CI 77120; Enamel white; Heavy spar; Permanent white; Pigment white 21; Precipitated barium sulfate; Process white; Sulfuric acid barium salt (1:1) Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: BaO₄S

Formula: BaSO4

- Properties: Wh. or ylsh. fine powd. free from grittiness, odorless, tasteless; sol. in conc. sulfuric acid; pract. insol. in water, dilute acids, alcohol; m.w. 233.40; dens. 4.25-4.5; bulking value 0.027 gal/lb; oil absorp. 7-14; GE brightness 80-95; m.p. 1580 C; ref. index 1.64; hardness (Mohs) 3.0-3.5
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10/mg³ (total dust); poisonous when ingested; frequently causes skin reactions when applied; possible carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Precaution: Heating with aluminum can cause explosion; incompat. with Al, P

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x Uses: Filler; extender; weighting mud in oil drilling; paper coating; printing inks; paints; filler and delustrant for textiles, rubber, plastics, and lithographic inks; radiation shield; x-ray contrast media; storage batteries; glass ingred.; extender pigment; filler pigment in floor coverings, paints,

Formula: (CH₃)₂C(CN)NNC(CN)(CH₃)₂

- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; odorless; sol. in alcohol, many org. solvs., vinyl monomers; insol. in water, m.w. 164.24; m.p. 105 C (dec.); gas yield 125 cc/g
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, mouse) 0.7 g/kg, (IP, mouse) 25 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ingestion; poison by IP route; TSCA listed
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Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.2420

Manuf./Dístrib.: ABCR; Aceto; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Biddle Sawyer; Century Multech; Charkit; Eiwa Chem. Ind.; Fabrichem; Fluka; Japan Hydrazine; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Otsuka Chem.; Pfaltz & Bauer; Sigma

2,2⁻Azobis(2-methylpropanenitrile). See 2,2⁻Azobisisobutyronitrile

2,2 - Azobis(2-methylpropionitrile). See 2,2 - Azobisisobutyronitrile

Azodiisobutyronitrile. See 2,2 - Azobisisobutyronitrile

α,α'-Azodiisobutyronitrile. See 2,2'-Azobisisobutyronitrile

Azoic diazo component 48. See Dianisidine

Azovan blue. See Direct blue 53

BA. See Butyl acrylate

Bacillus subtilis Carlsberg. See Protease

Baking soda. See Sodium bicarbonate

Balsam capivi. See Balsam copaiba (Copaifera officinalis)

Balsam copaiba. See Balsam copaiba (Copaifera officinalis)

Balsam copaiba (Copaifera officinalis)

Synonyms: Balsam capivi; Balsam copaiba; Copaiba; Copaiba balsam; Copaiba oleoresin; Copaifera officinalis balsam; Jesuit's balsam Definition: Oleoresin obtained from *Copaifera officinalis*

Properties: Pale yel. to brnsh.-yel. visc. transparent liq.; peculiar odor; bitter, acrid, nauseating taste; sol. in oxygenated, aromatic and chlorinated solvs., benzene, chloroform, ether, oils, carbon disulfide, abs. alcohol, petrol. ether; insol. in water; dens. 0.930-0.995; acid no. 28-95

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with min. acids, magnesia, water

Uses: In varnishes; for removing old oil varnish from oil paintings; mfg. of photographic paper; perfume fixative in soaps; fragrance ingred.; moisturizer and lubricant for hair and skin care prods.

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Barium boron oxide. See Barium metaborate

Barium carbonate

CAS 513-77-9; EINECS/ELINCS 208-167-3; UN No. 1564 (DOT)

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Classification: Inorganic barium salt

Definition: Occurs in nature as the mineral witherite

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Formula: BaCO₃

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 $\textit{Precaution:}\ DOT:\ Poisonous\ material;\ incompat.\ with\ BrF_{3}$ and 2-furanpercarboxylic acid

Storage: Keep containers sealed

- Uses: Treatment of brines in chlorine-alkali cells to remove sulfates; rodenticide; production of barium salts; ceramic flux; in clay tiles; optical glass; case-hardening baths; ferrites; in radiation-resistant glass for color television tubes, CRT screens; boiler water treatment; filler in rubber, thermoset plastics, photographic paper; paints; enamels; marble substitutes; electrodes; as analytical reagent; weighting agent in drilling muds
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMC Chems.; Aldrich; All Čhemie Ltd; Allan; BCH Brühl; Barium & Chems.; BassTech Int'l.; Cerac; FMC Foret; Fluka; Great Western; Hammill & Gillespie; Hummel Croton; ICC Ind.; Mallinckrodt Baker; Osram Sylvania; Poly Research; Prior; Rhodia; San Yuan; Sigma; Sinochem Liaoning; Solvay GmbH; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.S. Petrochem. Ind.; Wego Chem. & Min.

Barium diborate. See Barium metaborate

Barium hydroxide. See Barium hydroxide lime

Barium hydroxide lime

CAS 17194-00-2 (anhyd.); 12230-71-6 (octahydrate); EINECS/ELINCS 241-234-5

Synonyms: Barium hydroxide

Definition: Mixt. of barium hydroxide octahydrate and calcium hydroxide Empirical: BaH₂O₂

Formula: Ba(OH)₂

Properties: Wh. or grayish wh. gran.; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 171.36 (anhyd.), 315.48 (octahydrate); dens. 2.20; m.p. > 300

Toxicology: Highly toxic; corrosive; target organs: nerves, heart, kidneys, GI system; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with chlorinated rubber

Uses: Sorbent for CO₂ in pharmaceuticals; aesthetic apparatus; filler in paper, sealants; reagent for vegetable oil, sugar production; vulcanization accelerator

Regulatory: USP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; BassTech Int'l.; Fluka; Sigma

Barium metaborate

CAS 13701-59-2

Synonyms: Barium borate; Barium boron oxide; Barium diborate; Boric acid barium salt

Empirical: BHO2 • 1/2Ba

Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. 3-4 g/l water; m.w. 176.54; m.p. 1000 C

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Flame retardant/mold-resist. additive for plastics, paints, textiles, paper; rust-inhibitive pigment, extender for paints; fungicide for PVC; tannin stain blocker; preservative for coatings and sizings used in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Manuf./Distrib.: Atomergic Chemetals; BassTech Int'l.; Buckman Labs; CasChem; D.N. Lukens; Joseph Storey; Seachem; Seegott Trade Names: Busan® 11-M2

Barium sulfate

CAS 7727-43-7; EINECS/ELINCS 231-784-4; UN No. 1564 (DOT) Synonyms: Artificial barite; Artificial heavy spar; Barite; Barium sulfate (1:1); Baryta white; Barytes; Blanc fixe; Blanc fixe (artificial, precipitated); CI 77120; Enamel white; Heavy spar; Permanent white; Pigment white 21; Precipitated barium sulfate; Process white; Sulfuric acid barium salt (1:1) Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: BaO₄S

Formula: BaSO4

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Precaution: Heating with aluminum can cause explosion; incompat. with Al, P

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x Uses: Filler; extender; weighting mud in oil drilling; paper coating; printing inks; paints; filler and delustrant for textiles, rubber, plastics, and lithographic inks; radiation shield; x-ray contrast media; storage batteries; glass ingred.; extender pigment; filler pigment in floor coverings, paints, plastic foams; opacifier in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; colorant in food-contact polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; filler in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 177.1460, 177.2600, 178.3297; FDA approved for use in intrauterine prods.; BP compliance Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Am. Biorganics; Am. Int'l.; Archway Sales; Arlington Int'l.; Atomergic Chemetals; Barium & Chems.; Barker Ind.; Baychem; Charkit; Cimbar Perf. Mins.; EM Ind.; Fluka; Gredmann USA; H.M. Royal; J.M. Huber/Chems.; J.T. Baker; Lenape Ind.; Lomas Int'l.; Mallinckrodt Baker; Mitsubishi Chem.; Ore & Chem.; R.E. Carroll; Rit-Chem; Rona; Ruger; Sachtleben Chemie GmbH; San Yuan; Sigma; Solvay SA; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Barium sulfate (1:1). See Barium sulfate

Baryta white. See Barium sulfate

Barytes. See Barium sulfate

Basic aluminum chloride. See Polyaluminum chloride

Basic aluminum sulfate. See Aluminum hydroxide sulfate

Basic blue 7

CAS 2390-60-5; EINECS/ELINCS 219-232-0

Synonyms: Brilliant blue; CI 42595; N-[4-[[4-(Diethylamino) phenyl] [4ethylamino)-1-naphthalenyl] methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-Nethylethanaminium chloride; Victoria blue

Classification: Azobenzene; triphenylmethane color

Empirical: C₃₃H₄₀CIN₃

Properties: M.w. 514.15

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Basic dye for paper; pigment in printing inks; solvent dye for ballpen inks, printer ribbons; colorant in hair dyes

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Sigma

Basic chromic sulfate. See Chromium sulfate, basic

Basic chromium sulfate. See Chromium sulfate, basic

Basic copper sulfate. See Cupric sulfate anhydrous

Basic magnesium carbonate. See Magnesium carbonate hydroxide

Basic orange 1

CAS 4438-16-8

Synonyms: Basic orange 1, monohydrochloride; 1,3-Benzenediamine, 4methyl-6-(phenylazo)-, monohydrochloride; CI 11320; Methylchrysoidine; 5-(Phenylazo) toluene-3,4-diamine monohydrochloride; Toluene-2,4-diamine, 5-(phénylazo)-, monohydrochloride *Empirical:* $C_{13}H_{15}CIN_4$

Formula: C₁₃H₁₄N₄ • CIH

Properties: M.w. 262.74

Uses: Dye for cotton, bast, paper, leather, printing ink

Manuf./Distrib.: Aakash Chems. & Dyestuffs; Albanil Dyestuff Int'l.; John Campbell; Org. Dyestuffs; Passaic Color & Chem.

Basic orange 1, monohydrochloride. See Basic orange 1

Basic red 1

CAS 989-38-8; EINECS/ELINCS 213-584-9

Synonyms: Basic red 1, monohydrochloride; Basic rhodamine yellow; Basic rhodaminic yellow; Benzoic acid, o-(6-(ethylamino)-3-(ethylimino)-2,7-dimethyl-3H-xanthen-9-yl)-, ethyl ester, monohydrochloride; CI 45160; Ethyl o-(6-(ethylamino)-3-(ethylimino)-2,7-dimethyl-3H-xanthen-9-yl) ben-zoate monohydrochloride; Rhodamine 6G; Xanthylium, 9-(2-(ethoxycarbonyl) phenyl)-3,6-bis (ethylamino)-2,7-dimethyl-, chloride

Classification: Azobenzene

Empirical: C₂₈H₃₁CIN₂O₃

Formula: C₂₈H₃₀N₂O₃ • CIH

- *Properties:* Bluish-pink cryst. or red-brn. solid; sol. (mg/ml): \geq 100 mg in 95% ethanol (19.5 C), < 1 mg in water, DMSO, acetone (20 C); m.w. 479.02; volatilizes @ 200 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 6150 µg/kg; LDLo (oral, rat) 125 mg/kg; poison by ing., IP route; harmful by inh., skin contact; may cause severe eye irritation and possible injury; causes digestive/respiratory tract irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea; possible risk of irreversible effects; may cause cardiac/liver/spleen changes, hemolysis, wt. loss; possible carcinogen; experimental tumorigen, teratogen; reproductive effector; mutagen; TSCA listed

Precaution: Probably combustible; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Hydrogen chloride, CO, CO₂; heated to decomp. emits very toxic fumes of Cl⁻ and NO_x

Storage: Refrigerate; store in cool, dry place in tightly closed container

Uses: Pigment for printing inks, lacquers, paper coatings; dye in tunable lasers; dye for silk, cotton, wool, paper; tracing agent in water pollution studies; in leather dyeing; an adsorption indicator

Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aldrich; Dudley; Fluka; Sigma

Basic red 2

CAS 477-73-6; EINECS/ELINCS 207-518-8

Synonyms: CI 50240; Cotton red; 3,7-Diamino-2,8-dimethyl-5phenylphenazinium chloride; Gossypimine; Safranin Y; Safranin A

Classification: Phenazine color

Empirical: C20H19N4 · CI

Properties: M.w. 350.85

Toxicology: LDLo 1600 mg/kg; irritant; TSCA listed

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x and Cl
- Uses: Indicator; dye for cotton, wool, silk, leather, paper, and solvents; colorant in hair dyes

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Salor; Sigma

Basic red 12

- CAS 6320-14-5
 - Synonyms: Astraphloxin; Astraphloxine; CI 48070; 3H-Indolium, 1,3,3-trimethyl-2-(3-(1,3,3-trimethyl-2-indolinylidene) propenyl)-, chloride; Verona paper red

Empirical: C26H29CIN2

Properties: M.w. 392.96

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 18 mg/kg; poison by ing.; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x and Cl

Uses: Dye for cotton, bast, acetate, nylon, paper, and leather

Manuf./Distrib.: Aakash Chems. & Dyestuffs; Fabricolor; Leadertech Colors

Basic red 1, monohydrochloride. See Basic red 1

Basic rhodamine yellow. See Basic red 1

Basic rhodaminic yellow. See Basic red 1

Basic violet. See Basic violet 4

Basic violet 3

- CAS 548-62-9; EINECS/ELINCS 208-953-6
- Synonyms: Ammonium, (4-(bis (p-(dimethylamino) phenyl) methylene)-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene) dimethyl-, chloride; Aniline violet; N-[4-Bis [4-(dimethylamino) phenyl] methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-Nmethylmethanaminium chloride; Bismuth violet; CI 42555; Crystal violet; Gentian violet; Hexamethylpararosaniline chloride; Hexamethyl p-rosaniline chloride; Hexamethyl p-rosaniline hydrochloride; Hexamethyl violet; Methylrosaniline chloride; Methyl violet; Pararosaniline, N,N,N´,N´,N´´,N´´-hexamethyl-, chloride

Classification: Triphenylmethane color

Empirical: C25H30CIN3

- Properties: Dk. grn. solid; sol. 0.01-0.1 g/100 ml in water (15.5 C); sol. in chloroform; sol. 1 g/10 ml alcohol, 1 gt/15 ml glycerin; pract. insol. in ether; m.w. 407.98; dens. 1.050; vapor pressure negligible; m.p. 215 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 420 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 8900 µg/kg; LDLo (IV, mouse) 20 mg/kg; toxic by inh., ing.; primary irritant; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; cancer suspect agent; may cause heritable genetic damage; tumorigen; reproductive effector; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Storage: Light-sensitive; protect from light; store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompat. substances
- Uses: Basic purple dye for cotton, silk, paper, wood; pigment in printing inks; solvent dye for ballpen inks, printer ribbons, rotogravure inks; as biological stain; differentiating gram-negative and gram-positive bacteria; staining chromatin and nucleoli in plant tissue; topical antiseptic, anti-infective, antimicrobial; anthelmintic
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Dudley; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; Schütz; Sigma

Basic violet 4

CAS 2390-59-2; EINECS/ELINCS 219-231-5

Synonyms: Basic violet; CI 42600; Ethanaminium, N-(4-(bis(4-(diethylamino) phenyl) methylene)-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene)-N-ethyl-, chloride; Ethyl violet; Ethyl purple 6B

Classification: Azobenzene

Empirical: $C_{31}H_{42}CIN_3$

Properties: Olive green; m.w. 492.15; m.p. 0 C

Toxicology: Prevent direct contact with skin or eyes; prevent inh.; TSCA listed

Uses: Dye for cotton; pigment for paper

Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aldrich; Dudley; Fluka; Sigma

Basic violet 10

CAS 81-88-9; EINECS/ELINCS 201-383-9

Synonyms: Ammonium, (9-(o-carboxyphenyl)-6-(diethylamino)-3H-xanthen-3-ylidene) diethyl-, chloride; 9-o-Carboxyphenyl-6-diethylamino-3ethylimino-3-isoxanthene 3-ethochloride; (9-(o-Carboxyphenyl)-6-(diethylamino)-3H-xanthen-3-ylidene) diethylammonium chloride; N-[9-Carboxyphenyl)-6-(diethylamino)-3H-xanthen-3-ylidene]-N-ethylethanaminium chloride; CI 45170; D&C Red No. 19; Diethyl-maminophenolphthalein hydrochloride; 3-Ethochloride of 9-o-carboxyphenyl-6-diethylamino-3-ethylimino-3-isoxanthene; FD&C Red No. 19; Food red 15; Rhodamine B; Rhodamine, tetraethyl-; Tetraethyldiamino-ocarboxyphenyl xanthenyl chloride; Tetraethylrhodamine

Classification: Xanthene color

Empirical: C₂₈H₃₁CIN₂O₃

- Properties: Greenish cryst. or yel. powd.; turns violet in sol'n.; strong odor; sol. in water, ethanol; sl. sol. in HCl, NaOH; m.w. 479.02; vapor pressure negligible; m.p. 210-211 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 887 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 112 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 89 mg/kg, (subcut., mouse) 180 mg/kg; harmful by ing., inh., skin contact; handle with gloves; possible risk of irreversible effects; may cause changes in liver/kidney wt., wt. loss; carcinogen; tumorigen; mutagen; experimental reproductive effects; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NO_x, NH₃, and Cl⁻

Storage: Store in cool, dry place in tightly closed container

- Uses: Basic dye for paper, leather; pigment in paints, printing inks; solvent dye in ballpen inks, printer ribbon, solvents; colorant for external pharmaceuticals; as a reagent for antimony, bismuth, cobalt, niobium, gold, manganese, mercury, molybdenum, tungsten, etc.; as a biological stain
- *Regulatory:* D&C Red No. 19: Permanently listed in 1988; ruling reversed, no longer authorized for use in U.S.
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; AMRESCO; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Dudley; Fluka; Sigma

Basic yellow 2

CAS 2465-27-2; EINECS/ELINCS 219-567-2; UN No. 3143

Synonyms: Aniline, 4,4⁻-(imidocarbonyl) bis (N,N-dimethyl-, hydrochloride; Auramine hydrochloride; Auramine O; Auramine Pure; Auramine yellow; Basic yellow 2, monohydrochloride; Benzenamine, 4,4⁻-carbonimidoylbis (N,N-dimethyl-, monohydrchloride; 4,4⁻-Bis (dimethylamino)-benzhydrylidenimine hydrochloride; 4:4⁻-Bis (dimethylamino) benzophenone-imine hydrochloride; 1,1-Bis (p-dimethylaminophenyl) methylenimine hydrochloride; Canary yellow; 4,4⁻-Carbonimidoylbis (N,N-dimethylbenzenamine monohydrochloride; CI 41000; 4,4⁻-(Imidocarbonyl) bis (N,Ndimethylaniline) monohydrochloride

Classification: Azobenzene

Empirical: $C_{17}H_{22}CIN_3$

- Properties: Yel. flakes or powd.; odorless; sol. in ether, chloroform, glycerol; sol. (mg/ml): < 1 mg in water, DMSO, 95% ethanol, methanol, acetone, toluene (18 C); m.w. 303.84; dens. > 1; vapor pressure negligible; m.p. 267 C; flash pt. 250 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 480 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 135 mg/kg, (skin, mouse) 300 mg/kg; toxic by ing. and skin contact; may cause eye/skin/ respiratory/digestive tract irritation; may cause irreversible eye injury; readily absorbed thru skin; possible carcinogen; experimental neoplastigen; equivocal tumorigen; mutagen effects; TSCA listed

Precaution: Probably combustible; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Hydrogen chloride, CO, CO₂, NO_x

Storage: Store in tightly closed container in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompat. substances

- Uses: Dye for cotton, paper, silk, leather; biological stain for staining acid-fast bacteria in sputum or in paraffin sections of infected tissue; chelating agent; fungicide; antiseptic
- Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aldrich; Dudley; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; ProSciTech; Sigma

Basic yellow 37

Synonyms: CI 41001

Émpirical: C₂₁H₃₀ClN₃ *Properties:* M.w. 359.94

Uses: Dye for paper, printing inks

Manuf./Distrib.: Aakash Chems. & Dyestuffs; Dye Specialties; Org. Dyestuffs; Spectra Colors

Basic yellow 2, monohydrochloride. See Basic yellow 2

Battery acid. See Sulfuric acid

BBAB. See 1,4-Bis (bromoacetoxy)-2-butene

BBP. See Butyl benzyl phthalate

BCDMH. See 1-Bromo-3-chloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin Beef tallow. See Tallow

Beef tallow triglycerides

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Beeswax

- CAS 8006-40-4 (white); 8012-89-3 (yellow); EINECS/ELINCS 232-383-7; FEMA 2126 (wh.)
- Synonyms: Cera alba; White wax; White beeswax; Yellow wax; Yellow beeswax
- Definition: Purified wax from the honeycomb of the bee, Apis mellifera; commonly called white wax when bleached, yellow wax when not bleached
- *Properties:* Brown or wh. (bleached) solid with faint odor; sl. balsamic taste; pract. insol. in water; sl. sol. in cold alcohol; sol. in hot alcohol, chloroform, benzene, ether, CS_{2r} and oils; dens. 0.95; m.p. 62-65 C; acid no. 17-24; sapon. no. 84
- Toxicology: Essentially nontoxic; mild allergen; may cause contact dermatitis, human intolerance reaction; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible when heated

Storage: Store away from heat

- Uses: Food additive; flavoring agent; candy glaze/polish; furniture and floor waxes; shoe polishes; leather dressings; anatomical specimens; artificial fruit; textile sizes and finishes; candles; adhesive compds.; chewing gum base; emollient, emulsifier, film-former in cosmetics; pharmaceutic aid; wax paper; wood and paper finishes; viscosifier; tablet coating agent; filler, stiffener, emulsifier in pharmaceuticals
- Use Level: 0.065% (chewing gum), 0.005% (confections, frostings), 0.04% (hard candy), 0.1% (soft candy), 0.002% (other food)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1973, GRAS; FEMA GRAS (white); Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Chem; British Wax Refining; CC Pollen; Dussek Campbell; Fluka; Frank B. Ross; Koster Keunen; Penta Mfg.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Strahl & Pitsch

Trade Names: Koster Keunen Beeswax; Ross Beeswax

Beeswax, synthetic. See Synthetic beeswax

Behenic acid

CAS 112-85-6; EINECS/ELINCS 204-010-8

Synonyms: Docosanoic acid

Classification: Fatty acid

- Empirical: C₂₂H₄₄O₂
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₂₀COOH
- Properties: Colorless waxy solid; faint odor; water-sol.; m.w. 340.57; dens. 0.8221 (100/4 C); m.p. 80 C; b.p. 306 C (60 mm), 265 C (15 mm); ref. index 1.4270 (100 C)
- Toxicology: No known toxicity; TSCA listed
- Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; waxes; plasticizers; chemicals; stabilizers; lubricating oils; lubricant for plastics processing; pharmaceutical opacifier, lubricant, emulsifier
- Manuf./Distrib.: Acme-Hardesty; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Crompton/Witco; Fluka; Jarchem Ind.; Lutianhua; Sigma

Trade Names Containing: Safacid 20/22 LF

Behenic imidazoline. See Behenyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

Behentrimonium chloride

CAS 17301-53-0; EINECS/ELINCS 241-327-0

Synonyms: Behenyl trimethyl ammonium chloride; 1-Docosanaminium,

N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride; N,N,N-Trimethyl-1-docosanaminium chloride *Classification:* Quaternary ammonium salt

Empirical: $C_{25}H_{54}N \cdot CI$

Formula: $[CH_3(CH_2)_{20}CH_2N(CH_3)_3]^+$ CI⁻

Properties: M.w. 404.16; cationic

- Uses: Preservative in cosmetics; base, antistat, emulsifier, softener, emollient, conditioner for hair care prods., skin creams/lotions; germicide (duckweed killer) for water treatment; germicide for petroleum, textiles, foods, pulp/paper; plastics antistat
- Trade Names: Nissan Cation VB

Behenyl alcohol

CAŚ 661-19-8; EINECS/ELINCS 211-546-6

Synonyms: Alcohol C22; 1-Docosanol

Definition: Mixture of fatty alcohols chiefly of n-docosanol

Empirical: C22H46O

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₂₀CH₂OH

- Properties: Colorless waxy solid; sol. in oxygenated solvs., ethanol, chloroform; insol. in water, m.w. 326.61; m.p. 71 C; b.p. 180 C (0.22 mm) Toxicology: Low toxicity; TSCA listed
- Uses: Synthetic fibers; lubricants; evaporation retardant on water surfaces; surfactant for polymerization; emollient in cosmetics; foam control agent; cosolvent; plasticizer; pharmaceutical raw material; as antihistamine; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3910

Manuf./Distrib.: AC Ind.; Aldrich; Brown; Condea Vista; Crompton/Witco; Fluka; Jarchem Ind.; M. Michel; Pechiney World Trade USA; Schweizerhall; Sea-Land; Sigma

Trade Names Containing: Nafol® 1822; Nafol® 1822 B; Nafol® 1822 C

Behenyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

CAS 39957-00-1; EINECS/ELINCS 254-719-1

Synonyms: Behenic imidazoline; Behenyl imidazoline; 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol, 4,5-dihydro-2-docosanyl-

Classification: Heterocyclic compd.

Empirical: C₂₆H₅₂N₂O

Properties: Tan solid; m.w. 383; m.p. 45-49 C; cationic

Uses: Antistat in cosmetics; dispersant; wetting agent; emulsifier; microbicide; acid cleaning; polishes; surface treatment; textile processing; paints; metal processing; agric.; cosmetic intermediate; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in mfg. of food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2800

Behenyl imidazoline. See Behenyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

Behenyl methacrylate

Uses: Dispersant; lubricant additive; modifier for fibers; coating agent for paper; used in paints, inks, adhesives

Trade Names: Blemmer VMA

Behenyl trimethyl ammonium chloride. See Behentrimonium chloride BEHP. See s-Dioctyl phthalate

Benne oil. See Sesame (Sesamum indicum) oil Bentone. See Kaolin

Bentonite

CAS 1302-78-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-108-5

Synonyms: Bentonite magma; CI 77004; Mineral soap; Soap clay; Southern bentonite; Wilkinite

Definition: Native hydrated colloidal aluminum silicate clay

Formula: $Al_2O_3 \cdot 4SiO_2 \cdot nH_2O$

- Properties: Light to cream-colored impalpable powd., odorless, sl. earthy taste; forms colloidal suspension in water, thixotropic properties; insol. in water and org. solvs.; pH 9.5-10.5
- Toxicology: LD50 (IV, rat) 35 mg/kg; poison by IV route causing blood clotting; inert and generally nontoxic; questionable carcinogen with experimental tumorigenic data; TSCA listed

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Oil-well drilling aid; cement slurries for oil-well casings; thickener; fireproofing; decolorizing agent; filler in ceramics, refractories, paper coatings; emulsifier for oils; suspending agent in pharmaceuticals; base for plasters; abrasives; extender for paints; asphalt modifier; polishes; bonding agent in foundry sands and pelletizing of iron ores; sealant for canal walls; absorbent, emulsion stabilizer, visc. control agent in cosmetics; food additive, colorant, pigment, stabilizer for wine; coagulant, color removal aid for water treatment; in food-pkg. adhesives; colorant in food-contact polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

- Regulatory: FĎA 21ĊFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 177.1460, 178.3297, 184.1155, GRAS; Japan restricted (0.5% max. residual); Europe listed; UK approved; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance; FDA approved for orals, topicals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Am. Colloid; Asbury Carbons; Cimbar Perf. Mins.; D.N. Lukens; Fluka; H.M. Royal; Hammill & Gillespie; IMERYS; Indofine; Kaopolite; Kraft Chem.; L.A. Salomon; Landers-Segal Color; Lomas Int'l.; Norsk Hydro AS; Punda Mercantile; R.E. Carroll; R.T. Vanderbilt; Reade Advanced Materials; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Seegott; Sigma; Smectite; Southern Clay Prods.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Süd-Chemie AG; Tamms Ind.; U.S. Silica; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels; Wyo-Ben
- Trade Names: Aquagel Gold Seal[™] 200; Aquagel Gold Seal[™] 325; Copisil[®]; Lightcoat; Opazil[®]; Printosil[®]; Thermosil[®]

Bentonite magma. See Bentonite

Benzalkonium chloride

- CAS 8001-54-5; 61789-71-7; 63449-41-2; 68391-01-5; 68424-85-1; 68989-00-4; 85409-22-9; EINECS/ELINCS 204-479-9; 263-080-8; 264-151-6; 269-919-4; 270-325-2; 273-544-1; 287-089-1; UN No. 1760 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Alkylbenzyldimethylammonium chloride; Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride; Alkyldimethyl (phenylmethyl) quaternary ammonium chlorides; Alkyl ((ethylphenyl) methyl) dimethyl quaternary ammonium chlorides; Ammonium, alkyldimethyl (phenylmethyl)-, chloride; Octyloctadecyl dimethyl ethylbenzyl ammonium chlorides; Quaternary ammonium compds., benzyl-C8-18-alkyldimethyl, chlorides
- Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt
- Definition: Mixt. of alkylbenzyldimethylammonium chlorides
- Formula: $C_6H_5CH_2N(CH_3)_2RCI$, $R = C_8H_{17}$ to $C_{18}H_{37}$
- Properties: Wh. or ylsh.-wh. amorphous powd. or gelatinous pieces; aromatic odor; bitter taste; very sol. in water, alcohol, acetone; sl. sol. in benzene; insol. in ether; m.p. 34-37 C; cationic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 240 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 14,500 µg/kg; highly toxic; poison by parenteral, ing., IP, IV routes; human poison by ing.; large systemic doses can cause nausea, vomiting, muscle paralysis, CNS depression, local tissue damage; human skin and severe eye irritant; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Corrosive material; incompat. with anionic detergents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Cl⁻,
- NH₃, and NO_x HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1
- Uses: Surfactart; detergent; surface antiseptic, bactericide, fungicide, antimicrobial preservative, disinfectant, wetting agent, solubilizer in pharmaceuticals; latex coagulation, flotation; electrostatic paints; demulsification of hydrocarbons; emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; algicide and slimicide in swimming pool and industrial water and wastewater treatment; preservative in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard; as sanitizing solution for food contact

Use Level: 0.1-0.3%

- Regulatory: USA not restricted; FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.300, 178.1010; FDA approved for ophthalmics, injectables, otics, topicals; Japan, Europe listed; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allchem Ind.; Amyl; Chemron; DeForest Enterprises; EM Ind.; Fluka; Gresco Mfg.; Jame Fine Chem.; Lonza Ltd; Mason; Rhodia HPCII France; Ruger; Schütz; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stepan Europe; Stepan; Triple Crown Am.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem
- Trade Names: Alkaquat® DMB-451-50, DMB-451-80; Barquat® MB-50; Hyamine® 3500 50%; Paxgard BK 20; Paxgard BKC; Protectol® KLC 50; Protectol® KLC 80

Benzenamine, 4,4⁻-carbonimidoylbis (N,N-dimethyl-, monohydrchloride. See Basic yellow 2

Benzene, (2-bromo-2-nitroethenyl)-. *See* β-Bromo-β-nitrostyrene

1,3-Benzenediamine, 4-methyl-6-(phenylazo)-, monohydrochloride. See Basic orange 1

Benzene diazonium, 4-(phenylamino)-, sulfate. See p-Diazodiphenylamine

sulfate

- 1,4-Benzenedicarbonyl chloride. See Terephthaloyl chloride
- 1,4-Benzenedicarbonyl dichloride. See Terephthaloyl chloride
- 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, bis (2-ethylhexyl) ester. See s-Dioctyl phthalate
- 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 2-butoxy-2-oxoethyl, butyl ester. See n-Butyl phthalyl-n-butyl glycolate
- 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, butyl phenylmethyl ester. See Butyl benzyl phthalate
- 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dibutyl ester. See Dibutyl phthalate
- o-Benzenedicarboxylic acid dibutyl ester. See Dibutyl phthalate
- Benzene-o-dicarboxylic acid di-n-butyl ester. See Dibutyl phthalate
- 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dicyclohexyl ester. See Dicyclohexyl phthalate
- 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dihexyl ester. See Dihexyl phthalate
- 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, diisononyl ester. See Diisononyl phthalate
- 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, diisooctyl ester. See Diisooctyl phthalate
- 1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dimethyl ester. See Dimethyl isophthalate
- 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, polymer with 1,4-butanediol. See Polybutylene terephthalate
- Benzene, 1-((diiodomethyl) sulfonyl)-4-methyl-. See Diiodomethyl tolylsulfone Benzene, 1,2-dimethyl. See o-Xylene
- 1,2-Benzenediol. See Pyrocatechol
- 1,4-Benzenediol. See Hydroquinone
- o-Benzenediol. See Pyrocatechol
- **p-Benzenediol**. See Hydroquinone
- Benzeneethanimidoyl chloride, N,4-dihydroxy-α-oxo-. See 2-(p-Hydroxyphenyl) glyoxylohydroximoyl chloride
- Benzene, ethenyl-, homopolymer. See Polystyrene
- Benzene, ethenylmethyl-, polymer with (1-methylethenyl) benzene. See Methylstyrene/vinyltoluene copolymer
- Benzene, ethenyl-, polymer with 1,3-butadiene. See Styrene/butadiene polymer
- Benzene, hexachloro-. See Hexachlorobenzene
- Benzene hexahydride. See Cyclohexane
- Benzenemethanaminium, N-(4-((4-(diethylamino) phenyl) (4-(ethyl ((3sulfophenyl) methyl) amino) phenyl) methylene)-2,5-cyclohexadien-1ylidene)-N-ethyl-3-sulfo-, hydroxide, inner salt, sodium salt. See Acid violet 17
- Benzenemethanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino) phenyl] [4-[ethyl [(3-sulfophenyl) methyl] amino] phenyl] methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-ethyl-3-sulfo-, inner salt, sodium salt. See Acid violet 49
- Benzenemethanaminium, N,N-dimethyl-N-tetradecyl-, chloride. See Myristalkonium chloride
- Benzenemethanaminium, N,N,N-triethyl-, chloride. See Benzyltriethyl ammonium chloride
- Benzene, (1-methylethenyl)-, homopolymer. See Poly- α -methylstyrene Benzene, (2-nitroethenyl)-. See β -Nitrostyrene
- Benzenepropanoic acid, 3,5-bis (1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxy-. See Pentaerythrityl tetrakis [3-(3',5'-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate]
- Benzenepropanoic acid, 3,5-bis (1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxy-, thiodi-2,1-, ethanediyl ester. See Thiodiethylene bis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy) hydrocinnamate
- Benzenesulfonamide, N-cyclohexyl-4-methyl-. See N-Cyclohexyl-p-toluenesulfonamide
- Benzenesulfonamide, 4-methyl-, polymer with formaldehyde. See Tosylamide/formaldehyde resin
- Benzenesulfonic acid, 2,2'-(1,4-anthraquinonylenediimino) bis (5-methyl)-, disodium salt. See Acid green 25
- Benzenesulfonic acid, 2,2⁻-[(9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-1,4-anthracenediyl) diimino] bis (5-methyl)-, disodium salt. See Acid green 25
- Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-. See Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid
- Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecýl-, sodium salť. See Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate
- Benzenesulfonic acid, 2,2⁻-(1,2-ethenediyl) bis [5-[[4-[bis (2-hydroxyethyl) amino]-6-[(4-sulfophenyl) amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl] amino]-, tetrasodium salt
 - CAS 16470-24-9
 - Synonyms: 2,2⁻-Stilbenedisulfonic acid, 4,4⁻-bis ((4-bis (2-hydroxyethyl) amino)-6-(p-sulfoanilino)-s-triazin-2-yl) amino)-, tetrasodium salt Empirical: C₄₀H₄₄N₁₂O₁₆S4 • 4Na

Properties: M.w. 1169.01

Uses: Optical brightener for food-contact paper/paperboard; fluorescent probe Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Trade Names: Leucophor® U Lig.; Leucophor® UO Lig.

- Benzenesulfonic acid, 2,2⁻(1,2-ethylenediyl) bis (5-amino)-. See 4,4⁻-Diaminostilbene-2,2⁻-disulfonic acid
- Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-((2-hydroxy-1-naphthalenyl) azo)-, monosodium salt. See Acid orange 7
- Benzenesulfonic acid, 3-((4-(phenylamino) phenyl) azo)-, monosodium salt. See Acid yellow 36

Benzenol. See Phenol

Benzidine

- CAS 92-87-5; EINECS/ELINCS 202-199-1; UN No. 1885
- Synonyms: P-Benzidine; Benzidine base; 4,4'-Bianiline; p,p'-Bianiline; 4,4'-Biphenyldiamine; (1,1'-Biphenyl)-4,4'-diamine; Biphenyl, 4,4'-diamino-; 4,4'-Biphenylenediamine; CI 37225; CI azoic diazo component 112; 4,4'-Diaminobiphenyl; 4,4'-Diamino-1,1'-biphenyl; p,p'-Diaminobiphenyl; 4,4'-Diaminodiphenyl; p-Diaminodiphenyl; p,p'-Dianiline; 4,4'-Diphenylenediamine; Fast corinth base B
- Empirical: $C_{12}H_{12}N_2$
- Formula: NH₂C₆H₄C₆H₄NH₂
- Properties: Wh., grayish-yel., or reddish-gray cryst. powd.; odorless; sol. in DMSO, acetone, less polar solvs.; sol. 10-50 mg/ml in 95% ethanol; sol. 1 g/50 ml in ether; sol. < 1 mg/ml in water; m.w. 184.23; sp.gr. 1.250 (20/ 4 C); m.p. 128 C; b.p. 400 C (740 mm); can be sublimed</p>
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 309 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 110 mg/kg; poison by ing. and IP routes; toxic by inh., skin contact; rapidly absorbed thru skin; severe eye/skin irritant; any exposure considered extremely hazardous; may cause nausea, vomiting, liver/kidney/blood damage, skin sensitization, painful urination, cystitis, etc.; may be fatal; human carcinogen which produces bladder tumors and blood in urine; experimental carcinogen, tumorigen; human mutagenic data; target organs: bladder, liver; TSCA listed
- Environmental: Very toxic to aquatic organisms; may cause long-term adverse effects in aquatic environment; avoid release to environment
- Precaution: Combustible; a weak base that forms insol. salts with sulfuric acid; can be diazotized, acetylated, alkylated; hypergolic with red fuming nitric acid; darkens on exposure to air and light; avoid heat
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits highly toxic fumes of CO, CO₂, NO₃; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions
- Storage: Keep container tightly closed under inert atmosphere; store refrigerated; protect from light
- Uses: Precursor in synthesis of dyes and pigments used to color textiles, rubber, plastics, printing inks, paints, lacquers, leather, paper prods.; mfg. of organic chems.; stiffening agent in rubber compounding; reagent for hydrogen peroxide; in milk; detection of blood stains; stain in microscopy; mfg. of plastic films; prod. of security paper; laboratory reagent in determining hydrogen cyanide, sulfate, nicotine, and certain sugars
- *Regulatory:* SARA §313 reportable; use prohibited in UK
- Manuf./Dístrib.: AccuStandard; Fluka; George Uhe; Isotec; Pfaltz & Bauer; Riedel-deHaën; Sigma; Supelco; TCI Am.

p-Benzidine. See Benzidine

Benzidine base. See Benzidine

Benzidine, 3,3'-dimethoxy. See Dianisidine

Benzidine yellow AAOT. See Pigment yellow 14

Benzidine yellow G. See Pigment yellow 14

Benzil dimethyl acetal. See 2,2-Dimethoxy-2-phenylacetophenone

Benzil α,α-dimethyl acetal. See 2,2-Dimethoxy-2-phenylacetophenone

- 2-Benzimidazolecarbamic acid, methyl ester. See Carbendazim
- Benzimidazole, 2-(4-thiazolyl)-, monophosphinate. See Thiabendazole hypophosphite salt
- 1H-Benzimidazole-2-yl methyl carbamate. See Carbendazim
- N-2-(Benzimidazolyl) carbamate. See Carbendazim

1H-Benzimidazol-2-ylcarbamic acid methyl ester. See Carbendazim

- 4-(2-Benzimidazolyl) thiazol. See Thiabendazole
- Benzin. See Naphtha; VM&P naphtha

Benzine. See Naphtha

Benzine (light petroleum distillate). See VM&P naphtha Benzisothiazolinone. See 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one

1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one

CAS 2634-33-5; EINECS/ELINCS 220-120-9

Synonyms: BIT; Benzisothiazolinone; 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-Benzoisothiazolin-3-one; Benzoisothiazolin-3-one

- Classification: Heterocyclic compd.
- Empirical: C7H5NOS
- Properties: M.w. 151.18
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1020 mg/kg, (oral, mouse) 1150 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x and SO.
- Uses: Biocide; microbiostat preservative for aq. formulations, latex emulsions, metalworking fluids, aq. paints, food-pkg. adhesives, and polishes; antimicrobial in cosmetics; preservative in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard; biocide in food-contact uncured lig. rubber latex
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300
- Manuf./Distrib.: Avecia; PMC Spec.; Troy
- Trade Names: Nipacide® BIT 10; Nipacide BIT 10A; Nipacide® BIT AS; Proxel® BD 20
- Trade Names Containing: Biochek® 410; Nipacide® BIT 20; Nipacide® CBX A; Proxel® DL; Proxel® GXL; Proxel® XL2; Troysan® 586
- 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. See 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one
- Benzoate of soda. See Sodium benzoate
- Benzoate sodium. See Sodium benzoate
- Benzo dark green. See Direct green 1
- Benzohydroquinone. See Hydroquinone
- Benzoic acid, 5-((4 ((7-amino-1-hydroxy-3-sulfo-2-naphthalenyl) azo) (1,1 biphenyl)-4-yl) azo)-2-hydroxy-, disodium salt. See Direct brown 2
- Benzoic acid, diester with diethylene glycol. See Diethylene glycol dibenzoate
- Benzoic acid diester with dipropylene glycol. See Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate
- Benzoic acid-n-dipropylene glycol diester. See Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate
- Benzoic acid, o-(6-(ethylamino)-3-(ethylimino)-2,7-dimethyl-3H-xanthen-9yl)-, ethyl ester, monohydrochloride. See Basic red 1
- Benzoic acid, 4-hydroxy-, phenylmethyl ester. See Benzylparaben

Benzoic acid peroxide. See Benzoyl peroxide

Benzoic acid sodium salt. See Sodium benzoate

- 1,2-Benzoisothiazolin-3-one. See 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one
- Benzoisothiazolin-3-one. See 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one
- Benzoperoxide. See Benzoyl peroxide

Benzophenone

CAS 119-61-9; EINECS/ELINCS 204-337-6; FEMA 2134

Synonyms: Benzoylbenzene; Diphenyl ketone; Diphenyl methanone; α -Oxodiphenylmethane; Phenyl ketone

Classification: Organic compd.

- Empirical: C₁₃H₁₀O
- Formula: C6H5COC6H5
- Properties: Wh. rhombic cryst., persistent rose-like odor; sol. in fixed oils; sl. sol. in propylene glycol; m.w. 182.23; sp.gr. 1.0976 (α , 50/50 C), 1.108 (β, 23/40 C); m.p. 49 C (α), 26 C (β), 47 C (γ); b.p. 305 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 2895 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 727 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing. and IP routes; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible when heated; incompat. with oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid and irritating fumes
- Uses: UV absorber for cosmetics, sunscreens; UV protective agents in polymers, petroleum waxes, etc.; photosensitizers in printing inks, wood and metal finishes; intermediate for mfg. of antihistamines, insecticides; syn. flavoring agent for foods/pharmaceuticals; organic synthesis; fragrance ingred./odor fixative; soap fragrance; polymerization inhibitor for styrene; photoinitiator for radiation-cured inks and lacquers; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use
- Use Level: 0.5 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 0.61 ppm (ice cream, ices), 1.7 ppm (candy), 2.4 ppm (baked goods)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 177.2600; FEMA GRAS; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: 3V; Aceto; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Atofina; BASF; BCH Brühl; Berje; Charkit; Chemisphere; Dastech Int'l.; EM Ind.; Fluka; GCA;

Goldensun Mfg.; Haarmann & Reimer; Indofine; Jiangsu Eternal Union; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Nipa Labs; Penta Mfg.; Polarome Int'l.; Protameen; R.W. Greeff; Schweizerhall; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Velsicol; Whyte Chems. Ltd Trade Names: BPO

- p-Benzophenone, methyl-. See 4-Methylbenzophenone
- Benzophenone, 4-phenyl-. See p-Phenylbenzophenone
- 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-one, 7-(diethylamino)-4-methyl. See 7-Diethylamino-4methylcoumarin
- Benzoquinone. See Hydroquinone
- 2-Benzothiazolethiol. See 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole
- 2(3H)-Benzothiazolethione. See 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole
- 2-Benzothiazolyl mercaptan. See 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole
- 2-(Benzothiazolylthio) methyl ester. See 2-Thiocyanomethylthiobenzothiazole
- (2-Benzothiazolylthio) methyl isocyanate. See 2-Thiocyanomethylthiobenzothiazole
- Benzoylbenzene. See Benzophenone
- 4-Benzoylbiphenyl. See p-Phenylbenzophenone
- p-Benzoylbiphenyl. See p-Phenylbenzophenone
- Benzoyl peroxide
 - CAS 94-36-0; EINECS/ELINCS 202-327-6; UN No. 2085 (DOT), 2086 (DOT), 2087 (DOT), 2088 (DOT), 2089 (DOT), 2090 (DOT), 3102, 3104 Synonyms: BP; BPO; Acetoxyl; Benzoic acid peroxide; Benzoperoxide;
 - Benzoyl superoxide; Dibenzoyl peroxide
 - Classification: Aromatic organic peroxide

 - Properties: Colorless to wh. cryst. or gran. powd.; faint odor of benzaldehyde; tasteless; sol. in nearly all org. solvs. incl. benzene, chloroform, ether; sl. sol. in alcohols, veg. oils, water; m.w. 242.23; dens. 1.3340; m.p. 103-105 C; b.p. dec.; flash pt. (CC) 80 C
 - Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 mg/m3; LD50 (oral, rat) 7710 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 250 mg/kg; highly toxic by inh.; poison by ingestion, IP routes; eye, skin, mucous membrane irritant; may cause sensitization by skin contact; human mutation data reported; tumorigen; TSCA listed
 - Precaution: Flamm.; ignites readily and burns rapidly; oxidizing agent; explosion hazard; can dec. explosively if confined when heated
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO_x
 - HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 3; Reactivity 4
 - Uses: Oxidizing agent in bleaching fats, oils, flours, waxes; catalyst for plastics; fire retardant initiator in polymerization of PVC and polymethyl methacrylate; rubber vulcanization without sulfur; drying agent for unsat. oils; cosmetics; burn out agent for acetate yarns; source of free radicals for industrial processes; curing agent for unsat. polyester resin and silicone rubber; direct food additive (bleaching agent, oxidizing agent, flour treatment); pharmaceutical ophthalmics; in food-pkg. adhesives; preservative in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; catalyst in food-contact crosslinked polyesters; accelerator for food-contact rubber for repeated
 - Regulatory: FDA21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.2420, 177.2600, 184.1157, GRAS; Japan approved with limitations; FDA approved for ophthalmics; BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
 - Manuf./Distrib.: Abco Ind.; Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Am. Int'l.; Ashland; Atofina N. Am./Org. Peroxides; Aztec Peroxides; Fluka; Great Western; Indofine; KIC Chems.; Mallinckrodt Baker; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Norac; Ruger; Sanken Chem.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Van Waters & Rogers; Varsal Instruments

Benzoyl superoxide. See Benzoyl peroxide

Benzyl butyl phthalate. See Butyl benzyl phthalate

Benzyl n-butyl phthalate. See Butyl benzyl phthalate

Benzyldimethyl ketal. See 2,2-Dimethoxy-2-phenylacetophenone

Benzyldimethylstearyl ammonium chloride. See Stearalkonium chloride Benzyl 4-hydroxybenzoate. See Benzylparaben

Benzyl p-hydroxybenzoate. See Benzylparaben

Benzylparaben

- CAS 94-18-8; EINECS/ELINCS 202-311-9
- Synonyms: Benzoic acid, 4-hydroxy-, phenylmethyl ester; Benzyl 4-hydroxybenzoate; Benzyl p-hydroxybenzoate; Phenylmethyl 4-hydroxy-

benzoate

Definition: Ester of benzyl alcohol and p-hydroxybenzoic acid Empirical: $C_{14}H_{12}O_3$

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Preservative, bactericide, fungicide for industrial, food, pharmaceutical applics.; antimicrobial in cosmetics

Regulatory: BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Archimica Inc; ChemDesign; Dastech Int'l.; Indofine; Int'l. Sourcing; Napp Tech.; Nipa Labs; Penta Mfg.; R S A; Rochem Int'l.; Schütz; Specialty Chem Prods.; Thornley; Universal Preserv-A-Chem

Trade Names: Nipabenzyl

Benzyl sacrlet 3BS. See Direct red 39

Benzylstearyl dimethylammonium chloride. See Stearalkonium chloride

Benzyltriethyl ammonium chloride

CÁS 56-37-1; EINECS/ELINCS 200-270-1

Synonyms: BETEC; BTEAC; TEBAC; Ammonium, benzyltriethyl-, chloride; Benzenemethanaminium, N,N,N-triethyl-, chloride; N,N,N-Triethylbenzenemethanaminium chloride; Triethyl benzyl ammonium chloride

Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt

Empirical: C₁₃H₂₂N • Cl

Formula: $C_6H_5CH_2N(CI)(C_2H_5)_3$

Properties: Solid; m.w. 227.8; m.p. 197-199 C (dec.)

Toxicology: LD50 (IV, mouse) 18 mg/kg; poison by IV route; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x and Cl⁻

Storage: Hygroscopic

- Uses: Solvent for cellulose; gelling inhibitor in polyester resins; intermediate; phase transfer catalyst; antistat in cosmetics
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Amyl; Biddle Sawyer; Chemical; Dishman USA; Fluka; Hawks Chem. Co Ltd; Honeywell Spec. Chems.; Koei Chem.; Lindau Chems; R S A; Raschig; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Triple Crown Am.; Zeeland

Trade Names: TEBAC

Benzyl violet. See Acid violet 49

Benzyl violet 4B. See Acid violet 49

Beta-alanine diacetic acid. See β -Alanine diacetic acid

Betaines, coco alkyldimethyl. See Coco-betaine

Betanaphthol orange. See Acid orange 7

BETEC. See Benzyltriethyl ammonium chloride

BHA

- CAS 25013-16-5; EINECS/ELINCS 246-563-8; FEMA 2183
- Synonyms: Butylated hydroxyanisole; Butylhydroxyanisole; t-Butylhydroxyanisole; t-Butyl-4-hydroxyanisole; 2(3)-t-Butyl-4-hydroxyanisole; t-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol; (1,1-Dimethylethyl)-4-methoxyphenol; Hydroxyanisole, butylated

Definition: Mixture of isomers of tertiary butyl-substituted 4-methoxyphenols Empirical: $C_{11}H_{16}O_2$

- Properties: Wh. or sl. yel. waxy solid, faint char. odor; sol. in petrol. ether, 50% or higher alcohol, propylene glycol, chloroform, fats, oils; insol. in water; m.w. 180.27; m.p. 48-55 C; b.p. 264-270 C (733 mm)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 2000 mg/kg; mod. toxicity by ing., IP routes; may cause rashes, hyperactivity; confirmed carcinogen; experimental neoplastigen, tumorigen, reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed *Precaution:* Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Antioxidant for fats and oils; antioxidant, preservative for foods, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, plastics, food pkg., food-pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in lubricants for incidental food-contact use
- Use Level: 1000 ppm (active dry yeast), 2 ppm (beverages and desserts prepared from dry mixes), 32 ppm (dry diced glaceed fruits); ADI 0-0.5 mg/kg (EU); 0.02% max. (preservation of fixed oils, fats, vitamin oil concs.)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §166.110, 172.110, 172.515, 172.615, 173.340, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1010,

177.1210, 177.1350, 178.3120, 178.3570, 179.45; 181.22, 181.24 (0.005% migrating from food pkg.), 182.3169 (0.02% max. of fat or oil), GRAS; FEMA GRAS; USDA 9CFR 318.7, 381.147; Japan approved 0.2-1 g/ kg; Europe approved; UK approved; approved for orals, rectals, topicals; USP/NF, BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Aldrich; Allan; Allchem Ind.; Am. Roland; Ashland; Eastman; Fluka; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Penta Mfg.; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; UOP; Universal Preserv-A-Chem

BHMT. See Bis-hexamethylenetriamine

BHT

- CAS 128-37-0; EINECS/ELINCS 204-881-4; FEMA 2184
- Synonyms: DBPC; 2,6-Bis (1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methylphenol; Butylated hydroxytoluene; 2,6-Di-t-butyl-p-cresol; 2,6-Di-t-butyl-4-methylphenol; Hydroxytoluene, butylated; Methyl di-t-butylphenol; 4-Methyl-2,6-di-t-butylphenol

Classification: Substituted toluene

Empirical: C15H24O

Formula: [C(CH₃)₃]₂CH₃C₆H₂OH

- Properties: Wh. cryst. solid, faint char. odor; sol. in toluene, alcohols, MEK, acetone, Cellosolve, petrol. ether, chloroform, benzene, most HC solvs.; insol. in water, propylene glycol; m.w. 220.39; sp.gr. 1.048 (20/4 C); m.p. 68 C; b.p. 265 C; flash pt. (TOC) 260 F
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 890 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 138 mg/kg, IV, mouse) 180 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; poison by IP, IV routes; suspected carcinogen; human skin irritant; eye irritant; may cause rashes, hyperactivity; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; reactive with oxidizing materials
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Antioxidant, preservative for foods, pharmaceuticals, animal feed, petroleum prods., jet fuels, lubricants, solvents, hot-melt adhesives, syn. rubbers, plastics (polyamide, polyolefins, POM, PU, PVC, PS), soaps; antioxidant for fats, oils, soap; antiskinning agent in paints and inks; oxidation/gum inhibitor in gasoline; antioxidant in food-contact coatings, food-pkg. adhesives and pressure-sensitive adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; antioxidant in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; in lubricants for incidental food-contact use
- Use Level: Limitation (total BHA and BHT): 50 ppm (dehydrated potato shreds), 50 ppm (dry breakfast cereals), 200 ppm (emulsion stabilizers for shortening), 10 ppm (potato granules); ADI 0-0.5 mg/kg (EU); 0.02% max. (preservation of fixed oils, fats, vitamin oil concs.)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §137.350, 166.110, 172.115, 172.615 (0.1% max.), 173.340 (0.1% of defoamer), 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.2260, 177.2600, 178.3120, 178.3570, 179.45, 181.22; 181.24 (0.005% migrating from food pkg.), 182.3173 (0.02% max. of fat/oil), GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; Japan 0.2-1 g/kg; Europe, UK; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allan; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber; E-Chemicals; Equistar; Ferro/Grant; Fluka; GE Spec.; Great Lakes; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Laporte Perf. Chems.; MelChem; PMC Spec.; Penta Mfg.; R.T. Vanderbilt; Raschig; Ruger; Sea-Land; Shell; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; UOP; Uniroyal; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Varsal Instruments

4,4⁻-Bianiline. *See* Benzidine

p,p'-Bianiline. See Benzidine

Bianisidine. See Dianisidine

Bicarbonate of soda. See Sodium bicarbonate

Bichlorendo. See Perchloropentacyclodecane

Biformyl. See Glyoxal

- 2,2 -Bioxirane. See DL-Diepoxybutane
- (R*,R*)-(±)-2,2´-Bioxirane. See DL-Diepoxybutane

1,1⁻Biphenyl, butenylated

CAS 81846-81-3

Uses: Solvent for aerosols, adhesives, electronic parts mfg. and cleaning, industrial cleaning, inks and paper coatings, metal cleaning, paints, plastics, sealants, tile mfg.

- (1,1'-Biphenyl)-4,4'-diamine. See Benzidine
- 4,4 -Biphenyldiamine. See Benzidine
- Biphenyl, 4,4 diamino-. See Benzidine
- (1,1 -Biphenyl)-2,2 -disulfonic acid, 4,4 -bis ((2-hydroxy-1-naphthalenyl) azo)disodium salt. See Acid red 97
- 4,4⁻-Biphenylenediamine. See Benzidine
- 1,1 Biphenyl, 2,2 ,4,4 ,5,5 hexachloro-. See 2,2 ,4,4 ,5,5 Hexachlorobiphen-

Biphenyl, isopropyl. See 1,1 - Biphenyl (1-methylethyl)

- 1,1⁻Biphenyl (1-methylethyl)
 - CAS 25640-78-2
 - Synonyms: Biphenyl, isopropyl; Isopropyl diphenyl; Isopropylbiphenyl; Monoisopropyl biphenyl; (1-Methylethyl) 1,1 -biphenyl
 - Empirical: C15H16
 - Properties: M.w. 196.31
 - Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 4570 mg/kg; LDLo (oral, rabbit) 4 g/kg; mod. toxic by ingestion; mutagen; may cause altered sleep time, tremors, ataxia; **TSCA** listed
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
 - Uses: Solvent for aerosols, adhesives, electronic parts mfg. and cleaning, industrial cleaning, inks and paper coatings, metal cleaning, paints, plastics, sealants, tile mfg.
- (1,1'-Biphenyl)-2-ol. See o-Phenylphenol
- 2-Biphenylol. See o-Phenylphenol o-Biphenylol. See o-Phenylphenol
- (1,1'-Biphenyl)-2-ol, sodium salt. See Sodium o-phenylphenate
- 2-Biphenylol, sodium salt. See Sodium o-phenylphenate
- 3,3 ((4,4 Biphenylylene) bis (azo)) bis (5-amino-4-hydroxy)-2,7-naphthalenedisulfonic acid, tetrasodium salt. See Direct blue 6
- 4-Biphenylyl phenyl ketone. See p-Phenylbenzophenone
- p-Biphenylyl phenyl ketone. See p-Phenylbenzophenone
- ((1,1'-Biphenyl)-4-yl) phenylmethanone. See p-Phenylbenzophenone
- Biphenyl-4-yl-phenylmethanone. See p-Phenylbenzophenone
- Bis (2-aminoethyl) amine. See Diethylenetriamine Bis (β -aminoethyl) amine. See Diethylenetriamine
- N,N⁻-Bis (2-aminoethyl)-1,2-diaminoethane. See Triethylenetetramine
- N,N´-Bis (2-aminoethyl)-1,2-ethanediamine. See Triethylenetetramine
- N,N -Bis (2-aminoethyl) ethylenediamine. See Triethylenetetramine
- N,N´-Bis (2-aminoethyl)-1,2-ethylenediamine. See Triethylenetetramine
- 4,4 -Bis (1-amino-8-hydroxy-2,4-disulfo-7-naphthylazo]-3,3 -bitolyl, tetrasodium salt. See Direct blue 53
- 4,4 Bis [7-(1-amino-8-hydroxy-2,4-disulfo) naphthylazo]-3,3 bitolyl, tetrasodium salt. See Direct blue 53

Bis(aminopropyl) piperazine

- CAS 7209-38-3; UN No. 1760 (DOT)
- Synonyms: BAPP; 1,4-Bis (aminopropyl) piperazine; 1,4-Bis-(3-aminopropyl) piperazine
- Classification: Heterocyclic organic compd.
- Empirical: C10H24N4
- Properties: Clear liq.; m.w. 200.38; sp.gr. 0.97; m.p. 15 C; b.p. 295 C; flash pt. (COC) 325 F; ref. index 1.5001
- Toxicology: LD50 (IV, mouse) 3500 µg/kg; poison by IV route; corrosive; irritating to eyes, skin, mucous membranes; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Corrosive
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x Uses: Intermediate for prep. of textile and paper treating resins, dyestuffs, epoxy curing agents, pharmaceuticals, surfactants, polyamides; dietary supplement
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Aldrich; BASF AG
- 1,4-Bis (aminopropyl) piperazine. See Bis(aminopropyl) piperazine
- 1,4-Bis-(3-aminopropyl) piperazine. See Bis(aminopropyl) piperazine
- 4,4 -Bis ((4-anilino-6-bis (2-hydroxyethyl) amino-w-triazin-2-yl) amino)-2,2 stilbenedisulfonic acid disodium salt. See Disodium 2,2 - (1,2-ethenediyl) bis [5-[[4-[bis (2-hydroxyethyl) amino]-6-(phenylamine)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl] amino] benzenesulfonate
- N,N-Bis [2-[bis (carboxymethyl) amino] ethyl] glycine. See Pentetic acid
- N,N-Bis[2-[bis (carboxymethyl) amino] ethyl] glycine, pentasodium salt. See Pentasodium pentetate

2,2-Bis ((3-(3,5-bis (1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenol)-1-oxopropoxy) methyl)-1,3-propanediyl ester. See Pentaerythrityl tetrakis [3-(3,5-di-tbutyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate]

1,4-Bis (bromoacetoxy)-2-butene

CAS 20679-58-7; EINECS/ELINCS 243-962-9; UN No. 1760

Synonyms: BBAB; Acetic acid, bromo-, 2-butene-1,4-diyl ester; Acetic acid, bromo-, 2-butenylene ester; Bis-1,4-bromoacetoxy-2-butene; Bis (bromoacetoxy)-2-butene; Butene-1,4-diol bis (bromoacetate); 2-Butene-1,4-diol bis (bromoacetate); 1,4-Di (bromoacetoxy) butenediol

Empirical: C₈H₁₀Br₂O₄

- Properties: Dk. brn. oily liq.; sharp odor; sol. in acetone, toluene, methylene chloride; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 329.98; m.p. < -20 C; b.p. 135-136 C (0.05 mm Hq)
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 191 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) 983 mg/kg; corrosive to eyes, skin, mucous membranes; toxic, corrosive by ing.; causes burns; may be absorbed thru skin in sufficient amount to cause systemic toxicity; inh. may cause sore throat, coughing, shortness of breath, nasal irritation
- Environmental: LC50 (zebra fish, 48 h) 0.32 mg/l; toxic to aquatic organisms; marine pollutant; biodeg.
- Precaution: DOT corrosive liq.; incompat. with strong oxidizers, strong bases; avoid high temps., contamination by water
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., may release poisonous fumes of hydrogen bromide and bromine
- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompat. materials; keep containers tightly closed
- Uses: Biocide, slimicide for paper mill wastewater treatment; pesticide; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300
- Manuf./Distrib.: Dead Sea Bromine

Bis-1,4-bromoacetoxy-2-butene. See 1,4-Bis (bromoacetoxy)-2-butene Bis (bromoacetoxy)-2-butene. See 1,4-Bis (bromoacetoxy)-2-butene

1,2-Bis (bromoacetoxy) ethane

- CAS 3785-34-0
- Synonyms: Acetic acid, bromo-, diester with ethylene glycol; Acetic acid, bromo-, 1,2-ethanediyl ester; Acetic acid, bromo-, ethylene ester; 1,2-Bis (monobromoacetoxy) ethane; Bromoacetic acid ethylene ester; 1,2-Ethanediyl bromoacetate; Ethylene bis (bromoacetate); Ethylene bromoacetate; Ethylene glycol, bis (bromoacetate)
- Empirical: C₆H₈Br₂O₄
- Properties: M.w. 303.96
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 39 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 56 mg/kg; eye irritant; may cause somnolence, acute pulmonary edema Uses: Slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300

5,5-Bis (bromoacetoxymethyl) m-dioxane

Uses: Slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300

- Bis (3-t-butyl-4-hydroxy-6-methylphenyl) sulfide. See 4,4 Thiobis-6-(t-butylm-cresol)
- Bis (n-butyl) sebacate. See Dibutyl sebacate
- N-[2-[Bis(carboxymethyl) amino] ethyl]-N-(2-hydroxyethyl) glycine, trisodium salt. See Trisodium HEDTA
- 3,6-Bis (carboxymethyl)-3,5-diazooctanedioic acid. See Edetic acid
- N,N-Bis(carboxymethyl)glycine. See Nitrilotriacetic acid
- N,N-Bis (carboxymethyl) glycine trisodium salt. See Trisodium NTA
- Bis (2-chloroethyl) vinylphosphonate. See Bis (B-chloroethyl) vinyl phosphonate

Bis (β-chloroethyl) vinyl phosphonate

- CAS 115-98-0
- Synonyms: Bis (2-chloroethyl) vinylphosphonate; Di (2-chloroethyl) vinylphosphonate; Vinylphosphonic acid bis (2-chloroethyl) ester Empirical: C₆H₁₁Cl₂O₃P
- Formula: (CICH₂CH₂O)₂POCH=CH₂
- Properties: M.w. 233.04
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 990 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of PO_x and Cl⁻

Uses: Reactive flame retardant for plastics, textiles, wood, and paper applics.; 1,4-Bis (2-ethylhexyl) sulfobutanedioic acid sodium salt. See Dioctyl sofire-retarded vinyl latex comonomer dium sulfosuccinate Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Akzo Nobel Bis (4-glycidyloxyphenyl) dimethylmethane. See Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether Bis (5-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl) methane. See Dichlorophene 2,2-Bis (p-glycidyloxyphenyl) propane. See Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether Bis (2,4-di-t-butylphenyl) pentaerythritol diphosphite **Bis-hexamethylenetriamine** CAS 26741-53-7; EINECS/ELINCS 247-952-5 CAS 143-23-7; 68411-90-5 Synonyms: Bis (2,4-di-t-butylphenyl) pentaerythrityl diphosphite; Cyclic neo-Synonyms: BHMT pentanetetrayl bis (2,4-di-t-butylphenyl) ester phosphorous acid; Phos-Classification: Amine phorous acid, cyclic neopentanetetrayl bis (2,4-di-t-butylphenyl) ester; 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro (5.5) undecane, 3,9-bis (2,4-bis (1,1-Empirical: C12H29N3 Formula: NH₂(CH₂)₆NH(CH₂)₆NH₂ dimethylethyl) phenoxy)-Empirical: C33H50O6P2 Properties: M.w. 215 Uses: Asphalt antistripping agent; cationic emulsifier; ore flotation collector; Formula: $C_5H_{18}[O_2POC_6H_3(C[CH_3]_3)_2]_2$ chelating agent; corrosion inhibitor; scale inhibitor; curing agent for epoxy Properties: M.w. 604.77 Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5580 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 200 mg/kg; LC50 resins and urethanes; catalyst, extender for PU; flocculant; wet str. paper (inh., rat) > 2 g/m³; low toxicity by ing., inh., and skin contact; TSCA listed resins; polyamide resins for adhesives, films, inks, plastics Manuf./Distrib.: BASF; DuPont; Solutia Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of PO_x Trade Names: BHMT Amine; BHMT-HP Uses: Antioxidant for polyolefins, polyamides, polyesters, PVC, PS, rubbers, food-grade polymers; impact modifier for PVC Bis (hydrogenated tallow alkyl) amines. See Hydrogenated ditallowamine Regulatory: FĎA 21ĊFŔ §178.2010 Bis (hydrogenated tallowalkyl) dimethyl ammonium chloride. See Qua-Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ciba Spec. Chems./Addit.; GE Spec. ternium-18 Trade Names: Alkanox® P-24 Bis (4-hydroxy-5-t-butyl-2-methylphenyl) sulfide. See 4,4'-Thiobis-6-(t-butyl-Bis (2,4-di-t-butylphenyl) pentaerythrityl diphosphite. See Bis (2,4-di-tm-cresol) butylphenyl) pentaerythritol diphosphite Bis-2-hydroxy-5-chlorophenyl) methane. See Dichlorophene Bis [2-(2-hydroxyethoxy) ethyl] ether. See PEG-4 Bis (2,6-diisopropylphenyl) carbodiimide Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) amine. See Diethanolamine CAS 2162-74-5; EINECS/ELINCS 218-487-5 N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) amine. See Diethanolamine Empirical: C25H34N2 Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) cocamine. See PEG-2 cocamine Properties: Wh. to It. ylsh. cryst.; sol. in acetone, insol. in water; m.w. N,N (Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) cocamine oxide. See Dihydroxyethyl cocamine 362.56; m.p. 48 C oxide Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2395 mg/kg; nonirritant to skin or eyes; may N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) coco amides. See Cocamide DEA cause sensitization, allergic skin reaction on repeated/prolonged expo-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) cocoamine. See PEG-2 cocamine sure; TSCA listed Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) cocoamine oxide. See Dihydroxyethyl cocamine oxide Precaution: Incompat. with acids, alkalis, oxidizing agents; dust can form N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) coco fatty acid amide. See Cocamide DEA explosive mixts. with air N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) decanamide. See Capramide DEA Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: NOx, isocyanates N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) dodecanamide. See Lauramide DEA Storage: Keep away from sources of ignition N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) hexadecanamide. See Palmitamide DEA Uses: Stabilizer protecting polymers against hydrolysis in processing and N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) hexadecan-1-amide. See Palmitamide DEA long-term aging Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) lauramide. See Lauramide DEA Trade Names: Stabilizer 7000 N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) lauramide. See Lauramide DEA 4,4'-Bis (dimethylamino)-benzhydrylidenimine hydrochloride. See Basic N,N-Bis (B-hydroxyethyl) lauramide. See Lauramide DEA N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) myristamide. See Myristamide DEA vellow 2 4:4 -Bis (dimethylamino) benzophenone-imine hydrochloride. See Basic (9Z,12Z)-N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) octadeca-9,12-dien-1-amide. See Linoleayellow 2 mide DEA N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl)-9,12-octadecadienamide. See Linoleamide DEA 2,6-Bis (dimethylaminomethyl) cyclohexanone N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) octadecanamide. See Stearamide DEA Formula: [(CH₃)₂NCH₂]₂C₆H₈O N,N-Bis(2-hydroxyethyl)-9-octadecenamide. See Oleamide DEA Properties: Dens. 0.95 (20 C) N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) octadecylamine. See PEG-2 stearamine Uses: Preservative for ag. paint systems, casein, pigment disps., adhe-N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) oleamide. See Oleamide DEA sives; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard Bis-2-hydroxyethyl oleamine. See PEG-2 oleamine Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300 Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) oleylamine. See PEG-2 oleamine N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) palmitamide. See Palmitamide DEA N-[4-Bis [4-(dimethylamino) phenyl] methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-N,N-Bis(hydroxyethyl)soya amides. See Soyamide DEA ylidene]-N-methylmethanaminium chloride. See Basic violet 3 Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) soya amine. See PEG-2 soyamine 1,1-Bis (p-dimethylaminophenyl) methylenimine hydrochloride. See Basic yellow 2 N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) stearamide. See Stearamide DEA Bis (dimethylcarbamodithioato, S, S) zinc. See Zinc dimethyldithiocarba-Bis-2-hydroxyethyl stearamine. See PEG-2 stearamine Bis-2-hydroxyethyl stearylamine. See PEG-2 stearamine 2,5-Bis (1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,4-benzenediol. See Di-t-butylhydroquinone N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) stearyl amine. See PEG-2 stearamine 2,6-Bis (1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methylphenol. See BHT N,N-Bis(2-hydroxyethyl)tallow acid amide. See Tallowamide DEA Bis (1,1-dimethylethyl) peroxide. See Di-t-butyl peroxide N,N-Bis(2-hydroxyethyl)tallow amides. See Tallowamide DEA Bis (dimethylthiocarbamoyl) sulfide. See Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) tallowamine. See PEG-2 tallowamine Bis (dimethylthiocarbamyl) monosulfide. See Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) tetradecanamide. See Myristamide DEA 1,3-Bis (2,3-epoxypropoxy)-2,2-dimethyl propane. See Neopentyl glycol Bis(hydroxymethanesulfinato-O,O') zinc. See Zinc formaldehyde sulfoxyldiglycidyl ether ate 2,2-Bis (4-(2,3-epoxypropyloxy) phenyl) propane. See Bisphenol A diglycidyl N-[1,3-Bis (hydroxymethyl)-2,5-dioxo-4-imidazolidinyl]- N,N´-bis (hydroxymethyl) urea. See Diazolidinyl urea Bis (ethylhexanoate) triethylene glycol. See PEG-3 di-2-ethylhexoate 2,2-Bis (hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediyl dioleate. See Pentaerythrityl dioleate 1,3-Bishydroxymethyl urea. See Dimethylol urea Bis (2-ethylhexyl)-1,2-benzenedicarboxylate. See s-Dioctyl phthalate

- **Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate**. See s-Dioctyl phthalate
- Bis (2-ethylhexyl) sodium sulfosuccinate. See Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate
- N,N'-Bis(hydroxymethyl) urea. See Dimethylol urea 4,4'-Bis ((2-hydroxy-1-naphthalenyl) azo)-(1,1'-biphenyl)-2,2'-disulfonic acid,

disodium salt. See Acid red 97

- Bis (4-hydroxyphenyl) dimethylmethane diglycidyl ether. See Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether
- 2,2-Bis (4-hydroxyphenyl) propane, diglycidyl ether. See Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether
- 2,2-Bis (p-hydroxyphenyl) propane, diglycidyl ether. See Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether
- Bis (2-hydroxypropyl) amine. See Diisopropanolamine
- Bis (hydroxypropyl) ether. See Dipropylene glycol
- Bis (2-hydroxypropyl) ether. See Dipropylene glycol
- Bis (isopropyl) naphthalene. See Diisopropyl naphthalene
- 1,2-Bis (methacryloyloxy) ethane. See Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate
- Bis (methoxymethyl) tetrakis-[(octadecyloxy)-methyl] melamine resin CAS 68412-27-1
 - Uses: Water repellent in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170
- Bis (1-methylamyl) sodium sulfosuccinate. See Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate

Bis(methylethyl)-1,1⁻-biphenyl

CAS 69009-90-1

Synonyms: Diisopropyl biphenyl *Empirical:* C₁₈H₂₂

Properties: M.w. 238.37

Uses: Solvent possessing exc. solvency, chem. and thermal stability, nonvolatility; for aerosols, adhesives, electronic parts mfg. and cleaning, industrial cleaning, inks and paper coatings, metal cleaning, paints, plastics, sealants, tile mfg.

Trade Names: Sure Sol®-330

Bis (1-methylethyl) naphthalene. See Diisopropyl naphthalene

Bis (6-methylheptyl) ester of phthalic acid. See Diisooctyl phthalate

- 1,1-Bis (2-methyl-4-hydroxy-5-t-butylphenyl) butane. See 4,4 -Butylidenebis (6-t-butyl-m-cresol)
- 1,4-Bis (2-methylpropyl) sulfobutanedioate, sodium salt. See Diisobutyl sodium sulfosuccinate
- 1,2-Bis (monobromoacetoxy) ethane. See 1,2-Bis (bromoacetoxy) ethane Bismuth salicylate basic. See Bismuth subsalicylate

Bismuth (III) salicylate basic. See Bismuth subsalicylate

Bismuth subsalicylate

- CAS 14882-18-9; EINECS/ELINCS 238-953-1
- *Synonyms:* Bismuth salicylate basic; Bismuth (III) salicylate basic; Oxy (salicylato) bismuth; Salicylic acid, bismuth basic salt

Empirical: C₂₁H₁₅Bi₃O₁₂

Formula: Bi(C₇H₅O₃)₃Bi₂O₃

Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; odorless; tasteless; sol. in acids, alkalis; insol. in water, alcohol, ether; stable in air; m.w. 362.10

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Light-sensitive
- Uses: Surface-coating plastics and copying paper; agricultural chem.; antidiarrheal adsorbent
- Manuf./Distrib.: Am. Int'l.; Atomergic Chemetals; Biddle Sawyer; Fluka; MCP Metalspecialties; Mallinckrodt Baker; Markinter; Napp Tech.; Pechiney World Trade USA; R.W. Greeff; Ruger; Shepherd; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Bismuth violet. See Basic violet 3

1,2-Bis (octadecanamido) ethane. See Ethylene distearamide

3,9-Bis (octadecyloxy)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro (5.5) undecane. See Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite

Bis (1-octyl) maleate. See Dioctyl maleate

2,4-Bis [(octylthio) methyl]-o-cresol

CAS 110553-27-0

Synonyms: 2-Methyl-4,6-bis [(octylthio) methyl] phenol; 2,4-Bis [(octylthio) methyl]-6-methylphenol

Empirical: C25H44OS2

Uses: Antioxidant for food-grade polymers, rubber, adhesives, pressuresensitive adhesives, can-end and side-seam cements

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 177.2600, 178.2010 Manuf./Distrib.: Ciba Spec. Chems./Addit. Trade Names: Irganox® 1520 D/L

- 2,4-Bis [(octylthio) methyl]-6-methylphenol. See 2,4-Bis [(octylthio) methyl]o-cresol
- Bisodium carbonate. See Sodium carbonate
- 2,2-Bis [[(1-oxododecyl) oxy] methyl]-1,3-propanediyl dodecanoate. See Pentaerythrityl tetralaurate
- 2,2-Bis [[(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl) oxy] methyl]-1,3-propanediyl 9octadecenoate. See Pentaerythrityl tetraoleate
- 2,2-Bis [[(1-oxooctadecyl) oxy] methyl]-1,3-propanediyl octadecanoate. See Pentaerythrityl tetrastearate
- Bis (8-oxyquinoline) copper. See Copper 8-quinolinolate

Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether

CAS 1675-54-3

Synonyms: DGEBA; DBEBPA; 2,2-Bis (4-(2,3-epoxypropyloxy) phenyl) propane; Bis (4-glycidyloxyphenyl) dimethylmethane; 2,2-Bis (p-glycidyloxyphenyl) propane; 2,2-Bis (4-hydroxyphenyl) propane, diglycidyl ether; Bis (4-hydroxyphenyl) dimethylmethane diglycidyl ether; 2,2-Bis (p-hydroxyphenyl) propane, diglycidyl ether; Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin; Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin condensate; Diglycidyl bisphenol A ether; 4,4 -Dihydroxydiphenyldimethylmethane diglycidyl ether; p,p -Dihydroxydiphenyldimethylmethane diglycidyl ether; 4,4 -Isopropylidenediphenol diglycidyl ether; 2,2 - ((1-Methylethylidene) bis (4,1phenyleneoxymethylene)) bisoxirane; Propane, 2,2-bis (p-(2,3epoxypropoxy) phenyl)-

Empirical: C₂₁H₂₄O₄

- Properties: Colorless to pale yel. visc. liq.; odorless; sol. (mg/ml): ≥ 100 mg acetone (15 C), 100 mg chloroform, 50-100 mg in DMSO, 95% ethanol (15 C), < 1 mg/ml water (19.5 C); m.w. 340.42; dens. 1.16 kg/l (20 C); visc. 100-150 poise; m.p. 8-12 C; b.p. dec.; flash pt. > 93.3 C
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 11,300 µl/kg, (IP, rat) 2200 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 20 g/kg; primary irritant; mild skin and severe eye irritant; may cause dermatitis on repeated contact; may cause somnolence, hypermotility, diarrhea, wt. loss; possible carcinogen; tumorigen; mutagen; TSCA listed *Precaution:* Probably combustible

Storage: Refrigerate

Uses: Heat costabilizer for PVC; binder in prep. of laminates of paper, polyester cloth, fiberglass cloth, wood sheets; making castings and pottings; formulating lightweight foams

Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Sigma

Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin. See Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin condensate. See Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether Bisphenol A epoxy acrylate. See Epoxy acrylate

Bisphenol A epoxy diacrylate

Uses: For use in screen ink vehicles, clear coatings for paper, wood and metal decorating, and laminating adhesives

Trade Names: Ebecryl® 600; Photomer® 3015; Photomer® 3016

Trade Names Containing: Ebecryl® 3502; Ebecryl® 3720-HD20; Ebecryl® 3720-TH20

Bisphenol A epoxy resin. See Epoxy, bisphenol A

1,4-Bis(phenylamino)benzene. See N,N´-Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine

Bis (2-propanol) amine. See Diisopropanolamine

Bis (8-quinolinato) copper. See Copper 8-quinolinolate

- Bis (quinolin-8-olato) copper. See Copper 8-quinolinolate
- 1,2-Bis (stearoylamino) ethane. See Ethylene distearamide
- N,N-Bis-stearoylethylenediamide. See Ethylene distearamide
- Bis tetrakis (hydroxymethyl) phosphonium sulfate. See Tetrakis (hydroxymethyl) phosphonium sulfate

Bis (tributyIstannyl) oxide. See TributyItin oxide

Bis(tributyItin) oxide. See TributyItin oxide

Bis (tri-n-butyltin) oxide. See Tributyltin oxide

Bis (trichloromethyl) sulfone

CAS 3064-70-8 Synonyms: Chlorosulfona; Methane, sulfonylbis trichloro-; Sulfonylbis (trichloromethane)

Classification: Organosulfur compd.

Empirical: C₂Cl₆O₂S

Properties: Off-wh. cryst. powd., pungent odor; m.w. 300.78; m.p. 36-38 C Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 691 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 18 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mod. toxic by ing.; may cause enzyme inhibition, induction, or change in blood or tissue levels; TSCA listed

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of Cl⁻ and SO_x
- Uses: Microbicide for paint, adhesives, latex, ink, mineral slurries, metalworking fluids, water treatment; paper mill slimicide; in food-pkg. adhesives; preservative for coatings in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.300

Bisulfate. See Sulfur dioxide Bisulfite. See Sulfur dioxide BIT. See 1.2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one Bitter ash. See Quassia Bitter salts. See Magnesium sulfate heptahydrate Bitter wood. See Quassia Bitumen. See Asphalt Black magnetic oxide. See Iron oxide black Black oxide, precipitated. See Iron oxide black Black rouge. See Iron oxide black Blanc fixe. See Barium sulfate Blanc fixe (artificial, precipitated). See Barium sulfate Bleached deodorized tallow. See Tallow Bleached shellac. See Shellac Bleaching powder. See Calcium hypochlorite Bleaching sol'n. See Sodium hypochlorite Blue 2B. See Direct blue 6 Blue base. See Dianisidine Blue copper. See Cupric sulfate anhydrous Blue no. 1. See FD&C Blue No. 1 aluminum lake Blue no. 3. See FD&C Blue No. 1 aluminum lake Bluestone. See Cupric sulfate anhydrous Blue vitriol. See Cupric sulfate anhydrous BMC. See Carbendazim BNPD. See 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol **BNS**. *See* β-Nitrostyrene Boletic acid. See Fumaric acid Bolus alba. See Kaolin

Bone black

CAS 8021-99-6

Synonyms: Bone char; Bone charcoal; Pigment black 9
 Definition: Black pigment produced from carbonization of bones; primarily tricalcium phosphate with about 10% carbon
 Precaution: Flamm. as suspended dust; nonflamm. in bulk
 Uses: Pigment in paints, varnishes; mfg. activated carbon; decolorizing agent and filter medium; sugar/solvent decolorizing agent; cementation agent; adsorptive medium in gas masks; clarifying shellac; water purification
 Manuf./Distrib.: Allchem Ind.; Ebonex; Landers-Segal Color
 Trade Names: Cosmic Black 8-S; Cosmic Black AP; Cosmic Black D-2; Ebonex SC-5
 Bone char. See Bone black
 Bone charcoal. See Bone black

Bone glue. See Animal glue
Boracic acid. See Boric acid
Borates, tetra, sodium salt, anhydrous. See Sodium borate
Borates, tetra, sodium salts, pentahydrate. See Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate
Borax. See Sodium borate decahydrate
Borax decahydrate. See Sodium borate decahydrate
Borax, fused. See Sodium borate

Boric acid

CAS 10043-35-3; EINECS/ELINCS 233-139-2 Synonyms: Boracic acid; Boron trihydroxide; Orthoboric acid Classification: Inorganic acid Empirical: H₃BO₃ Formula: BH₃O₃ Properties: Wh. or colorless cryst. powd., gran.; odorless; almost tasteless or sl. acidic taste; sol. in water, alcohol, glycerol; insol. in ether, benzene;

m.w. 61.83; dens. 1.435; m.p. 171 C; b.p. 300 C; loses 1.5 H_2O @ 300 C; nonflamm.

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2660 mg/kg, (subcut., rat) 1400 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 1330 mg/kg; LDLo (IP, mouse) 800 mg/kg; poison by inh., subcut. routes; mod. toxic by IP, IV routes; human poison by ing.; mod. toxic to humans by skin contact, subcut. routes; human skin irritant; human systemic effects; acute poisoning causes digestive upsets in man, CNS stimulation, depression, renal damage, circulatory collapse; dose of 5-20 g in adults may be fatal; experimental reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Precaution: Hygroscopic

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Boric anhydride

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store @ R.T.

Uses: Heat-resist. glass; porcelain enamels; boron chemicals; metallurgy; flame retardant (cellulosic insulation, mattress batting, cotton textiles, wood, paper); fungistat in citrus fruits, ointments, eyewash; nickel electroplating baths; insecticide; preservative (foods/pharmaceuticals, rubber latex); medicine (protective disinfectant); antiseptic; antimicrobial in cosmetics; oral care agent; photography; leather finishing; buffering agent (eye drops, chrome plating, aluminum anodizing); oxidation catalyst; welding/brazing fluxes; in food-pkg. adhesives; preservative in coatings for paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; antioxidant/stabilizer for food-grade polymers

Use Level: 0.01-1.0%

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.2010, 181.22, 181.30; USA not restricted; Europe listed; permitted in Switzerland and Sweden as preservative in some processed seafood; FDA approved for ophthalmics, otics, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Advance Research Chems.; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Am. Int'l.; Ashland; BCH Brühl; Coyne; Dragoco; Fluka; Nippon Denko; Occidental; Research Organics; Ruger; Sal Chem.; San Yuan; Schaefer Tech.; Seeler Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.S. Borax; Varsal Instruments; Veckridge

Trade Names Containing: Unisize® HA-26; Unisize® HA-70

Boric acid barium salt. See Barium metaborate

Boric acid disodium salt. See Sodium borate decahydrate

Boric acid, disodium salt, pentahydrate. See Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate

Boron carbide

- CAS 12069-32-8; EINECS/ELINCS 235-111-5
- Synonyms: Carbon tetraboride
- Empirical: CB4
- *Formula:* B₄C
- Properties: Hard blk. cryst.; insol. in water; m.w. 55.26; dens. 2.510; m.p. 2350 C; b.p. > 3500 C; hardness (Mohs) 9.3; resist. to chem. attack; dec. by molten alkalis at red heat; does not burn in oxygen flame

Toxicology: Harmful dust; avoid inhalation of dust or particles; TSCA listed

- Uses: Raw material for paint mfg.; alloying agent; mfg. of chem.-resist. ceramics; grinding wheel abrasive; neutron absorber; reinforcing agent in composites for military aircraft; control rods in nuclear reactors; polishing papers; abrasion resister and refractory; abrasion-resist. nozzles and surfaces
- Manuf./Distrib.: Advanced Refractory Tech.; Alfa Aesar; Atlantic Equip. Engrs.; Atomergic Chemetals; Electro Abrasives; Noah; Reade Advanced Materials

Boron sodium oxide, pentahydrate. See Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate Boron trihydroxide. See Boric acid

Borosilicate glass

Definition: A soda-lime glass contg. approx. 5% boric oxide; heat-resistant glass

Toxicology: Irritating to eyes, skin, and respiratory system

Uses: Heat-resist. glass used in sunlight lamps, etc.; may be suitable as storage-disposal medium for high-level radioactive wastes; extender/filler for plastics, etc.; improves flow and leveling, provides hiding and corrosion protection, reduces VOC's in paint and coating systems, incl. primers, alkyd interior enamels, PU acrylic topcoats, epoxy polyamide topcoats; extends wh. pigments

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Sigma

Trade Names: Q-Cel® 6019

BP. See Benzoyl peroxide

- BPO. See Benzoyl peroxide
- **BR**. See Polybutadiene
- Brassica campestris oil. See Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil
- Brassica oleifera. See Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil
- Brazil wax. See Carnauba (Copernica cerifera) wax
- Brevoortia. See Menhaden oil Brevoortia tyrannus oil. See Menhaden oil
- Brilliant blue. See Basic blue 7
- Brilliant chrome leather black H. See Direct black 38 Brilliant green phthalocyanine. See Phthalocyanine green
- Brimstone. See Sulfur
- Brine. See Sodium chloride
- British gum. See Dextrin

Bromine

- CAS 7726-95-6; EINECS/ELINCS 231-778-1; UN No. 1744 (DOT) Synonyms: Dibromine
- Classification: Inorganic liq. nonmetallic halogen element

Empirical: Br

- Properties: Dk. red fuming liq., pungent odor; sol. in CCl₄, chloroform, methylene chloride, CS₂, ether, methanol, conc. HCI; sol. 3.38% in water (20 C); a.w. 159.83; sp.gr. 3.119 (20/4 C); dens. 25.9 lb/gal; vapor pressure 175 mm (21 C); f.p. -7.27 C; b.p. 58.8 C; ref. index 1.6083 (20 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2600 ppm; LDLo (inh., human) 1000 ppm; TLV 0.1 ppm in air; toxic by ingestion and inhalation; severe skin, eye and mucous membrane irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Corrosive material; reactive and corrosive; strong oxidizing agent may ignite combustibles on contact; highly dangerous; attacks most metals (Pt, Pd); aluminum reacts vigorously; potassium reacts explosively

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: When heated, emits highly toxic fumes; will react with water or steam to produce toxic and corrosive fumes

NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Bromination reagent; mfg. of ethylene dibromide; organic synthesis; in water disinfection; algae control and swimming pool disinfection; bleaching fibers; medicinals; dyestuffs; solvent; intermediate for fumigants; analytical reagent; fire retardant for plastics; photography; shrink-proofing wool; drilling fluids; brominated pesticides; intermediate for drugs, dyes, and fine chems.; rubber additives; weighting agent for flavors and fragrances (foods); agric. chemicals; antiknock additives
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; AmeriBrom; Assoc. Octel Co Ltd; Bilt Chems. Ltd; Bromine & Chems. Ltd; Chemconnect; Columbus Chem. Ind.; Dead Sea Bromine; Dow; Fluka; Great Lakes; Hawks Chem. Co Ltd; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Morre-Tec Ind.; Ocean Chems.; Schumacher; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Trade Names: Stabrom® 909

Bromoacetic acid ethylene ester. See 1,2-Bis (bromoacetoxy) ethane

4-Bromoacetoxymethyl-m-dioxolane

Uses: Slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300

2-Bromo-2-(bromomethyl) glutaronitrile. See Methyldibromo glutaronitrile 2-Bromo-2-(bromomethyl) pentanedinitrile. See Methyldibromo glutaronitrile

1-Bromo-3-chloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin

CAS 16079-88-2; EINECS/ELINCS 204-766-9

Synonyms: BCDMH; 1-Bromo-3-chloro-5,5-dimethyl-2,4-imidazolidinedione; Hydantoin, 1-bromo-3-chloro-5,5-dimethyl

Classification: Halogenated hydantoin

- Empirical: C5H6BrCIN2O2
- Properties: M.w. 241.49
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1390 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 2 g/kg
- Uses: Antimicrobial, biocide, slimicide, algicide, bactericide, fungicide for water treatment, cooling water systems, swimming pools, agric. irrigation and greenhouse systems
- Manuf./Distrib.: Allchem Ind.; Great Lakes; Hawks Chem. Co Ltd; Ocean Chems.

Trade Names Containing: Dantobrom® RW Briquette

1-Bromo-3-chloro-5,5-dimethyl-2,4-imidazolidinedione. See 1-Bromo-3-

chloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin Bromofluoroesceic acid. See Acid red 87

2-Bromo-4⁻-hydroxyacetophenone

- CAS 2491-38-5 Synonyms: 1-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)-2-bromoethanone
- Empirical: C₈H₇BrO₂
- Properties: M.w. 215.05
- Uses: Bactericide for water-based paints, adhesives, waxes, polishes; preservative for coating formulations, binders, pigment slurries, and sizing sol'ns. used in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.300 Trade Names: Busan® 90 Trade Names Containing: Busan® 1130

(2-Bromo-2-nitroethenyl) benzene. See β-Bromo-β-nitrostyrene 2-Bromo-2-nitro-propan-1,3-diol. See 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol

2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol

- CAS 52-51-7; EINECS/ELINCS 200-143-0; UN No. 3241
- Synonyms: BNPD; 2-Bromo-2-nitro-propan-1,3-diol; 2-Bromo-2-nitro-1,3-propanediol; β-Bromo-β-nitrotrimethylene glycol; Bronopol; 1,3-Propanediol, 2-bromo-2-nitro
- Classification: Substituted aliphatic diol
- Empirical: C₃H₆BrNO₄
- Properties: Off-wh. cryst. powd.; odorless; sol. in water, alcohol; sl. sol. in chloroform, acetone, ether; insol. in aliphatic hydrocarbons; m.w. 200.01; bulk dens. 0.72 kg/l; m.p. 130-133 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 180 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 26 mg/kg; poison by ing., subcut., IV, IP routes; mod. toxic by skin contact; eye and skin irritant; **TSCA** listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NO_x and Br
- Uses: Broad spectrum antimicrobial agent, preservative for adhesives, coatings, paints, starch, pigment and extender slurries, latex, antifoam emulsions, inks, pharmaceuticals, cooling towers; preservative, bactericide in cosmetics/toiletries; biocide in metalworking fluids; antiseptic; in food-pkg. adhesives; antimicrobial preservative for fillers, pigment slurries, starch sizing sol'ns., and latex coatings for food-contact paper/paperboard; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard; biocide in industrial water systems, pulp/paper industry

Use Level: 0.01-0.1%

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.300; USA CIR approved to 0.1%, EPA registered; SARA reportable; Europe listed; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: ANGUS; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Ashland; CM Chem. Prods.; Chemetall Chem. Prods.; Fluka; Girindus; K3; Knoll Pharmaceuticals Ltd; Ocean Chems.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.
- Trade Names: Myacide®; Myacide® AS Plus; Myacide® Pharma® BP; Paxgard BD 20; Paxgard BD 88

Trade Names Containing: Nipacide® BKX; Nipacide® XRP; Paxgard ST

2-Bromo-2-nitro-1,3-propanediol. See 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol

β-Bromo-β-nitrostyrene

CAS 7166-19-0

Synonyms: Benzene, (2-bromo-2-nitroethenyl)-; (2-Bromo-2-nitroethenyl) benzene; (2-Bromo-2-nitrovinyl) benzene; Styrene, β-bromo-β-nitro-

Empirical: C₈H₆BrNO₂

- Formula: C₆H₅CH=C(Br)NO₂
- Properties: Yel. powd.; sol. in DMSO, acetone; sol. 10-50 mg/ml in 95% ethanol; sol. < 1 mg/ml in water (22 C); m.w. 228.05; sp.gr. 1.018 (21.4 C); m.p. 67-69 C; flash pt. 54.4 C
- Toxicology: TDLo (oral, rat, 4 wks intermittent) 3 g/kg; may cause GI changes, blood changes, changes in liver wt.; tumorigen; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; rapidly hydrolyzed in water; sensitive to moisture and light
- Storage: Store refrigerated; protect from moisture
- Uses: Pesticide; fungicide; antimicrobial; slimicide in food-contact paper/ paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300
- Manuf./Distrib.: ANGUS

β-Bromo-β-nitrotrimethylene glycol. See 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol (2-Bromo-2-nitrovinyl) benzene. See β-Bromo-β-nitrostyrene Bromphthal. See Tetrabromophthalic anhydride Bronopol. See 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1, 3-diol Bronze blue. See Ferric ferrocyanide Brown M. See Direct brown 2 Brucite. See Magnesium hydroxide B/S. See Styrene/butadiene polymer BTEAC. See Benzyltriethyl ammonium chloride BTO. See Tributyltin oxide Burnt alum. See Potassium alum anhydrous Burnt ammonium alum. See Ammonium alum Burnt lime. See Calcium oxide Burnt potassium alum. See Potassium alum anhydrous Burnt sienna. See Iron oxide red Buta-1,3-diene. See Polybutadiene Butadiene/acrylonitrile copolymer CAS 9003-18-3 Synonyms: NBR; Acrylonitrile rubber; Acrylonitrile/butadiene copolymer; Acrylonitrile/butadiene rubber; 1,3-Butadiene, polymer with 2-propenenitrile; Nitrile elastomer; Nitrile rubber; Nitrile/butadiene rubber; 2-Propenenitrile, polymer with 1,3-butadiene Classification: Polymer Definition: Synthetic rubber made by random polymerization of acrylonitrile and butadiene by free-radical catalysis Empirical: (C₇H₉N)_x Formula: [CH₂CH=CHCH₂]_x[CHCNCH₂]_y Properties: Dens. 0.980; tens. str. 1000-3000 psi; elong. 100-700% Toxicology: Suspected carcinogen Precaution: Combustible Uses: Elastomer for oil-well parts, fuel hoses, gaskets, hydraulic equip. (high ACN), general-purpose oil-resist. applics., shoe soles, kitchen mats, printing rolls (med. ACN), gaskets, grommets, o-rings (low ACN); binder; fuel binder in solid rocket propellants; in plasticizer masterbatches; as impact modifier for thermoplastics (PVC, ABS); film-former, visc. control agent in cosmetics; in coatings/adhesives/films for food, food-pkg, pressure-sensitive adhesives; for food-contact articles for repeated use Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 177.1200, 177.1200, 177.2600, 181.32 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Sigma Trade Names: Darex® 110L; Hycar® 1552; Hycar® 1561; Hycar® 1562; Hycar® 1571; Hycar® 1572; Hycar® 1572X64; Perbunan N Latex 2818; Perbunan N Latex 3310; Perbunan N Latex 3415 M; Perbunan N Latex T; Perbunan N Latex VT Butadiene/acrylonitrile/styrene copolymer. See Acrylonitrile/butadiene/styrene copolymer 1,3-Butadiene, 2-chloro-, polymers. See Polychloroprene (±)-DL-1,3-Butadiene diepoxide. See DL-Diepoxybutane **DL-Butadiene dioxide**. See DL-Diepoxybutane Butadiene homopolymer. See Polybutadiene 1,3-Butadiene, homopolymer. See Polybutadiene 1,3-Butadiene, 2-methyl-, homopolymer. See Polyisoprene 1,3-Butadiene-2-methyl polymer with 2-methyl-1-propene. See Isobutylene/isoprene copolymer Butadiene oligomer. See Polybutadiene Butadiene polymer. See Polybutadiene 1,3-Butadiene, polymer with 2-propenenitrile. See Butadiene/acrylonitrile copolymer 1,3-Butadiene, polymers. See Polybutadiene Butadiene resin. See Polybutadiene Butadiene rubber. See Polybutadiene Butadiene/styrene copolymer. See Styrene/butadiene polymer 1,3-Butadiene/styrene copolymer. See Styrene/butadiene polymer Butadiene/styrene polymer. See Styrene/butadiene polymer 1,3-Butadiene/styrene polymer. See Styrene/butadiene polymer Butadiene/styrene resin. See Styrene/butadiene polymer 1,3-Butadiene/styrene resin. See Styrene/butadiene polymer Butadiene/styrene rubber. See Styrene/butadiene polymer Butal. See n-Butyraldehyde Butaldehyde. Seen-Butyraldehyde Butalyde. See n-Butyraldehyde

Butanal. See n-Butyraldehyde

n-Butanal. See n-Butyraldehyde

Butanamide, 2,2⁻-((3,3⁻-dichloro (1,1⁻-biphenyl)-4,4⁻-diyl) bis (azo)) bis (N-(2-methylphenyl)-3-oxo-. See Pigment yellow 14

1,4-Butanedicarboxylic acid. See Adipic acid

Butane-1,4-dicarboxylic acid. See Adipic acid

Butane, (±)-1,2:3,4-diepoxy-. See DL-Diepoxybutane

Butanedioic acid, dimethyl ester. See Dimethyl succinate

Butanedioic acid, sulfo-, 1,4-dihexyl ester, sodium salt. See Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate

Butanedioic acid, sulfo-, 1-[1-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl) amino] ethyl] ester, disodium salt. See Disodium oleamido MIPA-sulfosuccinate

Butanedioic acid, sulfo-, 4-[1-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl) amino] ethyl] ester, disodium salt. See Disodium oleamido MIPA-sulfosuccinate

Butane, 1,4-epoxy-. See Tetrahydrofuran

1,2,4-Butanetricarboxylic acid, 2-phosphono-. See 2-Phosphono butane tricarboxylic acid-1,2,4

1,2,4-Butanetriol

CAS 3068-00-6; EINECS/ELINCS 221-323-5

Classification: Nonaromatic alcohols

Empirical: $C_4H_{10}O_3$

Formula: HOCH₂CH₂OCH₂CH₂OH

Properties: Almost colorless liq.; odorless; misc. in water and ethanol; m.w. 106.12; dens. 1.184; b.p. 190-191 C (18 mm); flash pt. 166 C; ref. index 1.473

Toxicology: Irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; TSCA listed *Precaution:* Combustible

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Intermediate for alkyd resins, explosives, paints; cellulose plasticizer; emulsifier for cosmetics, inks, finishes, paper, cork, textiles Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; BASF; Chemcentral; Fluka

Butanol. See Butyl alcohol

1-Butanol. See Butyl alcohol

Butan-1-ol. See Butyl alcohol

2-Butanol

- CAS 78-92-2; EINECS/ELINCS 201-158-5; UN No. 1120 (DOT)
- Synonyms: SBA; s-Butanol; Butan-2-ol; 2-Butyl alcohol; s-Butyl alcohol; Butylene hydrate; Ethylmethyl carbinol; 2-Hydroxybutane; Methyl ethyl carbinol; 1-Methyl propanol; Secondary butyl alcohol

Classification: Sec. aliphatic alcohol

Empirical: C4H10

Formula: CH₃CH₂CH(OH)CH₃

- Properties: Colorless liq.; sweet odor; sol. in water, ethanol, ether, acetone, benzene; m.w. 74.12; sp.gr. 0.807 (20/4 C); m.p. -89 C; b.p. 99-100 C; flash pt. 23 C; ref. index 1.3972 (20 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 100 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 6480 mg/kg, (IP, rabbit) 277 mg/kg; poison by IV and IP routes; mildly toxic by ing.; skin and eye irritant; excessive inh. may cause nose/throat irritation, headache, nausea, fatigue, dizziness; unconsciousness, coma in extreme cases; if aspirated into lungs, may cause severe lung damage, respiratory and cardiac arrest, possibly death

Precaution: Flamm.; incompat. with alkali metals (increases fire/explosion risk, forms flamm. hydrogen gas), acids, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides (vigorous reactions), chlorine, isocyanates, ethylene oxide

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Unstable peroxides may form after prolonged storage

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in cool, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight

Uses: Solvent for coatings, paint removers, adhesives, resins, lacquers, industrial cleaners; prep. of methyl ethyl ketone; petroleum octane booster; extraction of fish protein; ingred. in hydraulic brake fluids; perfumes; syn. flavoring agent in foods; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.515, 176.180

Manuf./Distrib.: Ashland; Chemcentral; E-Chemicals; Exxon; Fluka; Houghton Chem.; Hukili; Quaker City; Shell; Spectrum Quality Prods.;

Total Spec. Chems.; Van Waters & Rogers

Butan-2-ol. See 2-Butanol

n-Butanol. See Butyl alcohol

s-Butanol. See 2-Butanol

t-Butanol. See t-Butyl alcohol 2-Butanol acetate. See s-Butyl acetate Butanone. See Methyl ethyl ketone 2-Butanone. See Methyl ethyl ketone 3-Butanone. See Methyl ethyl ketone Butene-1. See 1-Butene

1-Butene

- CAS 106-98-9; 25167-67-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-449-2; UN No. 1012 (DOT)
- Synonyms: But-1-ene; Butene-1; Butylene; α -Butylene; C-4 alpha olefin; Ethylethylene

Classification: Liquefied petrol. gas

- Empirical: C4H8
- Formula: CH₂:CHCH₂CH₃
- Properties: Colorless liquefied gas; sol. in most org. solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 56.11; dens. 0.5951 (20/4 C); vapor pressure 50 psig (100 F); f.p. -185 C; b.p. -6.3 C; flash pt. -79 C
- Toxicology: Asphyxiant gas; handling hazards incl. fire, suffocation, and frostbite; TSCA listed

Environmental: Marine pollutant

- Precaution: Highly flamm. gas; flamm. limits in air 1.6-9.3% by vol.; dangerous fire and explosion risk
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Chemical intermediate; polybutenes, butadiene, polyethylene and other polymers; C4 and C5 aldehydes, alcohols, maleic anhydride, plasticizers; syn. lubricants; gasoline additives; paper sizing; PVC lubricant; polymer and alkylate gasoline; intermediate for biodeg. surfactants, household detergents, hard surface and industrial hand cleaners, shampoos, bubble baths
- Manuf./Distrib.: Air Prods.; Albemarle; Aldrich; BP Amoco; Chemconnect; ChevronPhillips; Coyne; Exxon; Fluka; MG Ind.; Shell; Texas Petrochem. Trade Names: Gulftene® 4

But-1-ene. See 1-Butene

- But-1-ene compd. with but-2-ene. See Hydrogenated polybutene
- 2-Butenedioic acid. See Fumaric acid
- (E)-Butenedioic acid. See Fumaric acid
- trans-Butenedioic acid. See Fumaric acid
- 2-Butenedioic acid, (Z)-, dioctyl ester. See Dioctyl maleate
- cis-Butenedioic anhydride. See Maleic anhydride
- Butene-1,4-diol bis (bromoacetate). See 1,4-Bis (bromoacetoxy)-2-butene
- 2-Butene-1,4-diol bis (bromoacetate). See 1,4-Bis (bromoacetoxy)-2-butene
- Butene, homopolymer. See Polybutene
- 1-Butene, homopolymer. See Polybutene
- Butene polymer. See Polybutene
- Butene, polymers. See Polybutene
- 2-Butenoic acid, ethyl ester. See Ethyl crotonate
- trans-2-Butenoic acid ethyl ester. See Ethyl crotonate
- 2-Butenoic acid, polymer with ethenyl acetate. See VA/crotonates copolymer; Vinyl acetate/crotonic acid copolymer

Butoxydiethylene glycol. See Butoxydiglycol

Butoxydiglycol

- CAS 112-34-5; EINECS/ELINCS 203-961-6
- Synonyms: DEGBE; Butoxydiethylene glycol; 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy) ethanol; Butyl 'Carbitol'; o-Butyl diethylene glycol; Butyldiglycol; Diethylene glycol butyl ether; Diethylene glycol n-butyl ether; Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether; Diglycol butyl ether; Diglycol monobutyl ether; PEG-2 butyl ether *Classification:* Aliphatic ether alcohol; aliphatic glycol ether

Empirical: C₈H₁₈O₃

Formula: C₄H₉OCH₂CH₂OCH₂CH₂OH

- Properties: Colorless liq.; faint butyl odor; very sol. in ether, alcohol, acetone; sol. in oils and water; misc. with most org. solvs.; m.w. 162.26; sp.gr. 0.9553 (20/4 C); vapor pressure 0.02 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. -68.1 C; b.p. 230.6 C; flash pt. (CC) 78 C; ref. index 1.4316 (20 C)
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 6.56 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) 4120 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing., IP routes; mildly toxic by skin contact; severe eye irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm. exposed to heat or flame; incompat. with strong oxidizers (increases risk of fire and explosion)

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO2; heated to

decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Store in cool, dry area away from heat and ignition sources
- Uses: Coupling solvent for liq. cleaners, cutting fluids, textile auxs., nitrocellulose, coatings, oils, dyes, gums, soaps, polymers, stamp pad inks, high-based enamels, household cleaners; plasticizer intermediate; diluent for hydraulic brake fluids; coalescing agent for latex paints; dispersant for vinyl chloride resins in organosols; wetting-out sol'n. in textile industry; solvent in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods; surf. lubricant in mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3910

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BCH Brühl; Brown; Eastman; Fluka; Lyondell; Occidental; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Shell; Union Carbide Trade Names Containing: Monawet MO-70

Butoxyethanol

CAS 111-76-2; EINECS/ELINCS 203-905-0; UN No. 2369 (DOT)

Synonyms: N-Butoxyethanol; 2-n-Butoxyethanol; 2-Butoxyethanol; 2-Butoxy-1-ethanol; o-Butyl ethylene glycol; Butyl glycol; n-Butyl glycol; Ethylene glycol butyl ether; Ethylene glycol n-butyl ether; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; Ethylene glycol mono-n-butyl ether; Glycol butyl ether; Glycol monobutyl ether; Monobutyl glycol ether; 3-Oxa-1-heptanol

Classification: Ether alcohol

- Empirical: C₆H₁₄O₂
- Formula: HOCH₂CH₂OC₄H₉
- Properties: Colorless clear mobile liq.; mild pleasant odor; sol. in water, alcohol, ether; misc. wit most org. solvs.; m.w. 118.20; sp.gr. 0.9019 (20/ 20 C); vapor pressure 300 mm Hg (140 C); m.p. -74.8 C; b.p. 171.2 C; flash pt. 62 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 25 ppm (skin); LD50 (oral, rat) 1480 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 220 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 490 mg/kg; poison by ing., skin contact, IP, IV routes; mod. toxic by inh., subcut.; human systemic effects; skin/ eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Poisonous material; flamm. exposed to heat or flame; incompat. with oxidizers, strong caustics; attacks some types of rubber, plastics, and coatings
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in tightly closed, grounded containers in cool, ventilated area, away from work areas; use in minimal quantities
- Uses: Solvent for nitrocellulose, natural/syn. resins, sol. oils, lacquers, varnishes, adhesives, enamels, insecticides, herbicides, dry-cleaning compds., textiles, organosol prod., cosmetics; cosolvent; flume wash water additive for food processing; coupling agent in cleaners; in textile dyeing/printing; leather treatment; prod. of plasticizers; stabilizer in metal and household cleaners, hydraulic fluids, insecticides, herbicides, rust removers; hydraulic brake fluids; gas chromatography; wetting agent; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; solvent in food-contact polysulfide polymer/polyepoxy resins
- Use Level: Limitation 1 ppm (in wash water)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.315, 175.105, 176.210, 177.1650, 178.1010, 178.3297, 178.3570
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Brown; Eastman; Fluka; Lyondell; Occidental; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Shell; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Union Carbide
- Trade Names Containing: Dehydran® 1293; Surfynol® 104BC
- 2-Butoxyethanol. See Butoxyethanol
- 2-Butoxy-1-ethanol. See Butoxyethanol
- 2-n-Butoxyethanol. See Butoxyethanol
- n-Butoxyethanol. See Butoxyethanol
- 2-Butoxyethanol phosphate. See Tributoxyethyl phosphate
- 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy) ethanol. See Butoxydiglycol
- Button lac. See Shellac
- 2-Butyl acetate. See s-Butyl acetate

s-Butyl acetate

- CAS 105-46-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-300-1; UN No. 1123 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Acetic acid 2-butoxy ester; Acetic acid, s-butyl ester; Acetic acid 2-butyl ester; Acetic acid 1-methylpropyl ester; 2-Butanol acetate; 2-Butyl acetate; s-Butyl alcohol acetate; 1-Methylpropyl acetate

Classification: Carboxylic acid ester

Definition: Ester of butyl alcohol and acetic acid

Empirical: C₆H₁₂O₂

Formula: CH₃COOCH(CH₃)(C₂H₅)

- Properties: Colorless liq.; mild fruity odor; sol. in oxygenated solvs., alcohol, ether, acetone; insol. in water; m.w. 116.16; sp.gr. 0.870 (20/4 C); m.p. -146 C; b.p. 112.2 C; flash pt. (OC) 31 C; ref. index 1.389 (20 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 200 ppm; STEL 150 ppm; mild skin and eye irritant; allergen; inh. of vapors can probably irritate nose and throat; ing. may irritate mouth and throat; high concs. may cause CNS depression, headache, dizziness, nausea, unconsciousness; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm.; incompat. with strong oxidizers (increases fire/explosion risk), strong acids, strong bases (decomp. can occur)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: S-Butyl alcohol, acetic acid; heated to decomp., emits acrid and irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight; avoid generating mist
- Uses: Solvent for nitrocellulose lacquers, varnishes, thinners, nail enamels, leather finishes, adhesives; textile sizes; paper coatings
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; E-Chemicals; Hukill; Schweizerhall; Van Waters & Rogers

Butyl acid phosphate

- ČAS 12788-93-1; UN No. 1718 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Acid butyl phosphate; n-Butyl acid phosphate; Butyl phosphoric acid; n-Butylphosphoric acid; Phosphoric acid, butyl ester

Empirical: $C_4H_{11}O_4P$

- Properties: Water-wh. liq.; sol. in alcohol, acetone, toluene; insol. in water, petrol. naphtha; m.w. 154.10; dens. 1.120-1.125 (25/40 C); flash pt. (COC) 110 C; ref. index 1.429
- Toxicology: Toxic and corrosive; strong irritant to skin and tissue; TSCA listed Precaution: DOT: Corrosive material; combustible when exposed to heat or flame
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits highly toxic fumes of PO,
- Uses: High reactivity catalyst used in coatings and inks; for appliance, automotive, floor, furniture, paper, and other finishes; polymerizing agent; curing catalyst/accelerator in resins and coatings, special detergents; also for antistatic agents, corrosion inhibitors, solder fluxes, lubricants, and tanning chems.; ingred. in industrial cleaning agents

Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Alfa Aesar; Occidental *Trade Names:* Albrite® N-Butyl Acid Phosphate

n-Butyl acid phosphate. See Butyl acid phosphate

Butyl acrylate

CAS 141-32-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-480-7; UN No. 2348 (DOT) Synonyms: BA; Acrylic acid, butyl ester; Acrylic acid, n-butyl ester; n-Butyl acrylate; Butyl-2-propenoate; 2-Propenoic acid, n-butyl ester Empirical: C₇H₁₂O₂

Formula: CH₂:CHCOOC₄H₉

Properties: Water-wh. liq.; fruity odor; freely misc. with most org. solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 128.19; dens. 0.89 (25/25 C); vapor pressure 4.3 mbar (20 C); f.p. -64.6 C; b.p. 69 C (50 mm); flash pt. (OC) 120 F; ref. index 1.415 (20 C)

Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 900 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 550 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 2000 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) 2730 ppm; mod. toxic by ing., inh., skin contact, IP routes; skin and eye irritant; TSCA listed

- Precaution: Flamm. liq. exposed to heat or flame; incompat. with oxidizers; extremely reactive monomer
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid and irritating fumes

Storage: Store in inhibited condition under air (not under inert gases)

Uses: Intermediate in organic synthesis; monomer in mfg. of homopolymers and copolymers; polymers and copolymers for solvent coatings, adhesives, paints, binders, emulsifiers; modifier for oils/alkyds in food-contact coatings; acrylic toughener; acrylic resin comonomer

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BASF; Bencorp Int'l.; Brøste; Celanese; Filo; Fluka; G.J. Chem.; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Total Spec. Chems.; Union Carbide; United Min. & Chem.; Varsal Instruments; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Trade Names: Norsocryl® BA; Rohamere® FF-20 Trade Names Containing: Rohamere® 587; Rohamere® 626; Rohamere® 1410; Rohamere® 1900-D; Rohamere® 8437; Rohamere® FF-6; Rohamere® FF+40

n-Butyl acrylate. See Butyl acrylate

Butyl acrylate/acrylonitrile/styrene copolymer

Synonyms: N-Butyl acrylate/acrylonitrile/styrene copolymer Uses: Binder for paper/paperboard coatings Trade Names: Acronal® S 504

n-Butyl acrylate/acrylonitrile/styrene copolymer. See Butyl acrylate/acrylonitrile/styrene copolymer

Butyl alcohol

- CAS 71-36-3; EINECS/ELINCS 200-751-6; UN No. 1120 (DOT); FEMA 2178
- Synonyms: Butanol; 1-Butanol; n-Butanol; Butan-1-ol; n-Butyl alcohol; Butyl hydroxide; Butyric alcohol; 1-Hydroxybutane; Methylolpropane; Propyl carbinol; Propylmethanol
- Classification: Primary aliphatic alcohol
- Empirical: C₄H₁₀O
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₂CH₂OH
- Properties: Colorless clear mobile liq., char. penetrating vinous odor; sol. in water; misc. with alcohol, ether, many org. solvs.; m.w. 74.14; sp.gr. 0.8109 (20/20 C); vapor pressure 5.5 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. -90 C; b.p. 117.7 C; flash pt. 35 C; ref. index 1.3993 (20 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/CL 50 ppm (skin); LD50 (oral, rat) 790 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 377 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 3400 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mod. toxic by skin contact, ing., subcut., IP routes; skin and severe eye irritant; CNS depressant; TSCA listed
- *Precaution:* Flamm.; dangerous fire hazard exposed to heat, flame, oxidizers; mod. explosive exposed to flame; incompat. with oxidizing materials, aluminum, chromium trioxides; increased fire and explosion hazard; reacts at elevated temps. with Al
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in cool, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight
- Uses: Prep. of esters; solvent for fats, waxes, resins, gums, shellac, varnish, plasticizers, paints, inks; extraction solvent for mineral processing; mfg. of rayon, detergents, other butyl compds.; hydraulic fluids; dehydration agents; denaturant; syn. flavoring agent for foods and pharmaceuticals; color diluent for confectionery; solvent in pharmaceutical orals; in food-pkg. adhesives; adjuvant in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; fragrance; surfactant intermediate; solvent in food-contact polysulfide polymer/polyepoxy resins
- Use Level: 12 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 1 ppm (alcoholic beverages), 7 ppm (ice cream, ices), 34 ppm (candy), 32 ppm (baked goods), 4 ppm (cream)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 172.515, 172.560, 175.105, 175.320, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1440, 177.1650; 27CFR §21.99; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for orals; USP/NF, BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfrebro; Allchem Ind.; Amyl; Ashland; BASF; BP Chems. Ltd; Baychem; Celanese; Chemcentral; Chisso Am.; Condea Vista; Coyne; Eastman; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; GNC Group; Grau Aromatics; Harcros; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; J.T. Baker; Jilin Chem. Ind.; Penta Mfg.; Punda Mercantile; R.E. Carroll; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Shell; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sunnyside; Union Carbide; Van Waters & Rogers
- *Trade Names Containing:* Albrite[®] PA-75; Ancamide[®] 700-B-75; Beetle[®] 216-8; Beetle[®] 227-8; Beetle[®] 1050; Cymel[®] 245-8; Cymel[®] 247-10; Cymel[®] 248-8; Cymel[®] 1158; GPRI[™] 4000; GPRI[™] 7550; GPRI[™] 7590; GPRI[™] 7597; Resimene[®] 717; Resimene[®] BM-5901; Resimene[®] CE-6517; Resimene[®] U-901; Resimene[®] U-918; Resimene[®] U-920; Surfynol[®] SM-745

2-Butyl alcohol. See 2-Butanol

n-Butyl alcohol. See Butyl alcohol

s-Butyl alcohol. See 2-Butanol

t-Butyl alcohol

CAS 75-65-0; EINECS/ELINCS 200-889-7; UN No. 1120 (DOT)

Synonyms: TBA; t-Butanol; t-Butyl hydroxide; 1,1-Dimethylethanol; 2-Methyl-2-propanol; 2-Methylpropan-2-ol; 2-Propanol, 2-methyl-; Trimethyl carbinol

Classification: Tertiary aliphatic alcohol

Empirical: C₄H₁₀O

Formula: (CH₃)₃COH

- Properties: Colorless liq. or rhombic prisms; unpleasant camphor-like odor; sol. in ethanol, ether, water; m.w. 74.12; sp.gr. 0.786 (20 C); vapor pressure 40 mm Hg (24.5 C); m.p. 25-26 C; b.p. 83 C; flash pt. (CC) 11 C; ref. index 1.3870 (20 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 100 ppm; STEL 150 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 3500 mg/kg; toxic; irritant to mucous membranes; inh. of 25 ppm causes pulmonary problems in man; CNS depressant; inh. of high concs. can cause headache, drowsiness, unconsciousness; ing. can cause headache, dizziness, drowsiness; may cause severe lung damage, respiratory/cardiac arrest, and death if aspirated into lungs; skin contact can cause contact dermatitis, possible allergic reactions; eye irritant; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm.; dangerous fire hazard exposed to heat, flame; mod. explosive as vapor; incompat. with strong oxidizers, potassium-sodium alloy, hydrogen peroxide and sulfuric acid (fire/explosion risk), strong min. acids (can dec. to flamm. isobutylene gas)

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight

Uses: Solvent, coupling agent, processing aid for pharmaceuticals, personal care prods., aq. coatings and adhesives, agric. formulations, polymer processing, cleaners/disinfectants; alcohol denaturant; dehydration agent; fragrance/flavoring ingred.; perfumery; chem. intermediate; paint removers; prep. of methyl methacrylate; octane improver in unleaded gasoline; denaturant, solvent, and processing aid for pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; surf. lubricant in mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 178.3910, 27CFR §21.100

Manuf./Distrib.: AC Ind.; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allchem Ind.; Artek; Ashland; Bencorp Int'l.; Columbia Sales Int'l.; Creanova; E-Chemicals; Filo; Fluka; J.H. Calo; Lyondell; Mitsui & Co. USA; Pechiney World Trade USA; Quaker City; Romil Ltd; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Van Waters & Rogers

s-Butyl alcohol acetate. See s-Butyl acetate

n-Butylaldehyde. See n-Butyraldehyde

Butylated hydroxyanisole. See BHA

Butylated hydroxytoluene. See BHT

Butylated polyoxymethylene urea. See Urea/formaldehyde resin, butylated Butylated triphenyl phosphate. See t-Butylphenyl diphenyl phosphate

Butyl benzyl phthalate

CAS 85-68-7; EINECS/ELINCS 201-622-7

Synonyms: BBP; 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, butyl phenylmethyl ester; Benzyl butyl phthalate; Benzyl n-butyl phthalate; n-Butyl benzyl phthalate Classification: Aromatic ester

Empirical: C19H20O4

Formula: C₄H₉OOCC₆H₄COOC₇H₇

Properties: Clear oily liq., sl. odor; insol. in water; m.w. 312.39; dens. 1.116 (25/25 C); m.p. < -35 C; b.p. 370 C; flash pt. 390 F; ref. index 1.535-1.540

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 20,400 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 3160 mg/kg; moderate toxicity by ingestion, IP routes; experimental carcinogen and reproductive effects; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; can react with oxidizers *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and

irritating fumes Uses: High-solvating plasticizer for polyvinyl and cellulosic resins incl. NC lacquers and films, PVC flooring/plastisols, PVAc adhesives/sealants/ caulks, acrylic coatings, chlorinated rubber, cellulose propionate, polyamide, castable PU; organic intermediate; film-former in cosmetics; plasticizer in food-contact polymers; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; solvent for adjuvants in foodcontact crosslinked polyesters

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 177.2420, 178.3740; SARA reportable Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Bayer; Bencorp Int'l.; Solutia; Westtec Ind.

n-Butyl benzyl phthalate. See Butyl benzyl phthalate

s-Butylbiphenyl

Uses: Carbonless papers Trade Names: Sure Sol®-290 Trade Names Containing: Sure Sol®-333

n-Butyl carbinol. See n-Amyl alcohol Butyl 'Carbitol'. See Butoxydiglycol Butyl carbobutoxymethyl phthalate. See n-Butyl phthalyl-n-butyl glycolate

2-Butyl-1-decanol

CÁS 21078-81-9 Manuf./Distrib.: Jarchem Ind. Trade Names Containing: Jarcol™ I-14T

o-Butyl diethylene glycol. See Butoxydiglycol Butyldiglycol. See Butoxydiglycol Butylene. See 1-Butene α-Butylene. See 1-Butene

Butylene glycol montanate

CAS 73138-44-0 Synonyms: Fatty acids, montan wax, 1-methyl-1,3-propanediyl esters; Montan acid, butylene glycol ester; Montan wax acid, 1,3-butanediol diester Definition: Ester of butylene glycol and montan acid wax Uses: Emollient in cosmetics

Trade Names Containing: Hoechst Wax OP

Butylene hydrate. See 2-Butanol

Butylene oxide. See Tetrahydrofuran

Butyl ethylene. See 1-Hexene

o-Butyl ethylene glycol. See Butoxyethanol

Butyl glycol. See Butoxyethanol

n-Butyl glycol. See Butoxyethanol

t-Butyl hydroperoxide

- CAS 75-91-2; EINECS/ELINCS 200-915-7; UN No. 2093 (DOT), 2094 (DOT)
- Synonyms: TBHP; 1,1-Dimethylethylhydroperoxide; 2-Hydroperoxy-2methylpropane
- Classification: Organic peroxide

Empirical: $C_4H_{10}O_2$

Formula: (CH₃)₃COOH

- Properties: Water-wh. liq.; very sol. in esters and alcohols; sol. in org. solvs.; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 90.12; dens. 0.896 (20/4 C); m.p. -8 C; b.p. 35 C; flash pt. 62 C; ref. index 1.4007
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 560 mg/kg, (dermal, rat) 790 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) 500 ppm; poison by ing. and inh.; severe skin and eye irritant; may cause severe depression, cyanosis, death at highest dosage levels; mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm. oxidizing liq.; very dangerous fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame or by spontaneous chem. reaction; mod. explosive

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Uses: Initiator, catalyst in polymerization reactions, esp. latex; oxidative membrane in RBC suspensions; introduces peroxy group into organic molecules; raw material for paints; sulfonation catalyst; deodorizing; oxidizing reagent; source of act. oxygen for pulp and paper bleaching, metal sulfide oxidations; flocculant for borine-contg. sol'ns. in ore, coal, slurry processing; recycling and waste treatment; in food-pkg. adhesives; polymerization catalyst in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170

Manuf./Dīstrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Atofina; Aztec Peroxides; Crompton/Witco; Fluka; Lyondell; SAF Bulk Chems.; Sigma Trade Names: T-Hydro® Sol'n.

Butyl hydroxide. See Butyl alcohol

t-Butyl hydroxide. Seet-Butyl alcohol

Butylhydroxyanisole. See BHA

2(3)-t-Butyl-4-hydroxyanisole. See BHA

t-Butylhydroxyanisole. See BHA

t-Butyl-4-hydroxyanisole. See BHA

4,4 - Butylidenebis (6-t-butyl-m-cresol)

CAS 85-60-9

- Synonyms: 1,1-Bis (2-methyl-4-hydroxy-5-t-butylphenyl) butane; 4,4⁻-Butylidenebis (6-t-butyl-3-methylphenol); 4,4⁻-Butylidenebis (3-methyl-6-tbutylphenol)
- Empirical: C26H38O2

Formula: $[(CH_3)_3CC_6H_2(OH)(CH_3)]_2CHC_3H_7$

Properties: Wh. powd.; m.w. 382.64; dens. 1.03; m.p. 209 C (min.)

Toxicology: LDLo (oral, rat) 17 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; TSCA listed

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Antioxidant for rubber and latexes, NR, synthetics, cellulosics, EVA, polyamide, polyesters, polyolefins, PVC, PU, PS; polymer stabilizer; in food-pkg. adhesives; can end cement for food contact; finish component for poly (phenyleneterephthalamide) food-pkg. resins; antioxidant in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; antioxidant/stabilizer for food-grade polymers

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 177.1632, 177.2600, 178.2010 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Flexsys Am.; Monsanto; PMC Spec.; R.T. Vanderbilt; Salor

Trade Names: Santowhite® BBMC

- 4,4 Butylidenebis (6-t-butyl-3-methylphenol). See 4,4 Butylidenebis (6-tbutyl-m-cresol)
- 4,4 Butylidenebis (3-methyl-6-t-butylphenol). See 4,4 Butylidenebis (6-tbutyl-m-cresol)

Butyl-3-iodo-2-propynylcarbamate. See lodopropynyl butylcarbamate

Butyl methacrylate

CAS 97-88-1; EINECS/ELINCS 202-615-1; UN No. 2227 (DOT)

- Synonyms: N-Butyl methacrylate; Butyl-2-methacrylate; Butyl 2-methyl-2propenoate; Methacrylic acid butyl ester; 2-Methyl butylacrylate
- Definition: Ester of n-butyl alcohol and methacrylic acid

Empirical: $C_8H_{14}O_2$

Formula: CH₂:C(CH₃)COO(CH₂)₃CH₃

- Properties: Colorless liq., ester odor; insol. in water; m.w. 142.22; dens. 0.895 (20/4 C); vapor pressure 4.9 mm (20 C); b.p. 163 C; flash pt. (TOC) 126 F
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 22,600 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 2304 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 11,300 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP route; mildly toxic by ing., inh., skin contact; skin irritant; experimental teratogen, reproductive effector; TSCA listed
- *Precaution:* Combustible; mod. fire risk; violent polymerizations can be caused by heat, moisture, oxidizers; explosive as vapor exposed to heat or flame
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Monomer for acrylic resins, solvent coatings, adhesives, lube oil additives; emulsions for textiles, leather, paper finishing; modifier for fibers; coating agent for paper; dispersant; modifier for oils/alkyds in food-contact coatings; visc. control agent in cosmetics

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 177.2420

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; Degussa-Hüls; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; ProSciTech; Rohm & Haas; Rohm Tech; Röhm Am.; San Esters; Sigma; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Trade Names: Blemmer BMA; Mhoromer® AM 103H *Trade Names Containing:* Elvacite® 2044, 2045, 2046

Butyl-2-methacrylate. See Butyl methacrylate

N-Butyl methacrylate. See Butyl methacrylate

t-Butyl-4-methoxyphenol. See BHA

Butyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate. See Butyl methacrylate

Butyl myristate

CAS 110-36-1; EINECS/ELINCS 203-759-8

Synonyms: N-Butyl myristate; Butyl tetradecanoate; Butyl n-tetradecanoate; Tetradecanoic acid, butyl ester

Definition: Ester of butyl alcohol and myristic acid

Empirical: $C_{18}H_{36}O_2$

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₂COOC₄H₉

Properties: Water-wh. oily liq.; sol. in acetone, castor oil, chloroform, methanol, min. oil, toluene; insol. in water; dens. 0.850-0.858; f.p. 1-7 C; b.p. 167-197 C (5 mm); sapon. no. 193-203

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 8 g/kg; low toxicity by ing.; irritating to skin; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors

Uses: Emollient, solubilizer, lubricant for cosmetics; chemical intermediate; chemical synthesis; plasticizer, lubricant in min., cutting, lamination, textile oils, and rust inhibitors; textile and leather applic.; paper stencils; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Alzo; Penta Mfg.; Phoenix; Thornley; Uniqema N. Am.

n-Butyl myristate. See Butyl myristate

Butyl octadecanoate. See Butyl stearate n-Butyl octadecanoate. See Butyl stearate Butyl 9-octadecenoate. See Butyl oleate

2-Butyl octanoic acid

CÁS 27610-92-0

Uses: Emollient for cosmetics and pharmaceuticals; in detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles

Manuf./Distrib.: Jarchem Ind. *Trade Names:* Jaric I-12

- Butyloctanol
 - CAS 3913-02-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-470-0
 - Synonyms: 2-Butyloctanol; 2-Butyl-1-octanol; 2-Butyloctan-1-ol; 2-Butyloctyl alcohol

Classification: Nonaromatic alcohol

Empirical: $C_{12}H_{26}O$

- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₅CHCH₂OHCH₂(CH2)₂CH₃
- *Properties:* Liq.; m.w. 186.38; dens. 0.8355 (20/20 C); m.p. -80 C; b.p. 253.3 C; flash pt. (COC) 120 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 13 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; skin and eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; incompat. with oxidizing materials
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid and irritating fumes

Uses: Humectant for cosmetics; solubilizer for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Jarchem Ind.

Trade Names: Jarcol™ I-12

2-Butyloctanol. See Butyloctanol

- 2-Butyl-1-octanol. See Butyloctanol
- 2-Butyloctan-1-ol. See Butyloctanol
- 2-Butyloctyl alcohol. See Butyloctanol

Butyl oleate

- CAS 142-77-8; EINECS/ELINCS 205-559-6
- Synonyms: Butyl 9-octadecenoate; n-Butyl oleate; 9-Octadecenoic acid, butyl ester

Definition: Ester of butyl alcohol and oleic acid

Empirical: C₂₂H₄₂O₂

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CH:CH(CH₂)₇COOC₄H₉

Properties: Pale yel. oleaginous liq.; mild odor; misc. with alcohol, ether, veg. and min. oils; insol. in water; m.w. 338.58; dens. 0.873; f.p. opaque @ 12 C; solid @ -26.4 C; b.p. 173-227 C (2 mm); iodine no. 76.8; flash pt. 204 C; nonionic

Toxicology: Skin irritant; TSCA listed

- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; incompat. with oxidizing materials
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Plasticizer for PVC, PVB, PVAc, PS, cellulosics, surface coatings; solvent; lubricant in rolling oils; water-resisting agent; coatings; polishes; waterproofing compds.; emulsifier/bodying agent/emollient for cosmetics and toiletries; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2600, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Anar; C.P. Hall; Cardinal; Chemol; Crompton/Witco; Eastech; Ferro/Keil; Harwick; Indofine; Inolex; Int'l. Paper; Jarchem Ind.; Novachem Corp.; Sea-Land; Sigma; Sybron; Thornley; Uniqema N. Am.; Uniqema/ Oleochems.; Velsicol

n-Butyl oleate. See Butyl oleate Butyl oleate sulfate. See Sulfated butyl oleate Butyl oleate, sulfated. See Sulfated butyl oleate t-Butyl peroxide. See Di-t-butyl peroxide

t-Butylphenyl diphenyl phosphate

CAS 56803-37-3

Synonyms: Butylated triphenyl phosphate; Diphenyl t-butylphenyl phosphate Empirical: $C_{22}H_{23}O_4P$

Properties: M.w. 382.39; dens. 1.15-1.18 (20 C); flash pt. (COC) 246 C; ref. index 1.553

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 4640 mg/kg

Uses: Flame retardant plasticizer in PVC, vinyl and vinyl nitrile foams, PVAc emulsions, cellulosic resins; as fire-retardant hydraulic fluid

Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Ashland; C.P. Hall; FMC; Monsanto *Trade Names:* Phosflex® 61B; Phosflex® 71B

t-Butylphenyl phosphate

Uses: Antiwear and extreme pressure agent Trade Names: Durad® 110B; Durad® 150B; Durad® 620B

Butyl phosphate

CAS 68439-39-4

Properties: Liq.; sl. sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.13; acid no. 430; flash pt. (TCC) 265 F; anionic

Uses: Acid catalyst in resin curing; chemical intermediate in formulation of rust preventatives; antistat; textile lubricant; oil additive; heavy metal extractant; surfactant

Manuf./Distrib.: Albright & Wilson Am. Trade Names: Servoxyl® VPIZ 100

See also Tributyl phosphate

n-Butyl phosphate. See Tributyl phosphate

Butyl phosphoric acid. See Butyl acid phosphate

n-Butylphosphoric acid. See Butyl acid phosphate

Butyl phthalate. See Dibutyl phthalate

n-Butyl phthalate. See Dibutyl phthalate

Butyl phthalate butyl glycolate. See n-Butyl phthalyl-n-butyl glycolate Butyl phthalyl butyl glycolate. See n-Butyl phthalyl-n-butyl glycolate

n-Butyl phthalyl-n-butyl glycolate

CÁS 85-70-1; EINECS/ELINCS 201-624-8

Synonyms: 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 2-butoxy-2-oxoethyl, butyl ester; Butyl carbobutoxymethyl phthalate; Butyl phthalate butyl glycolate; Butyl phthalyl butyl glycolate; Dibutyl-o-(o-carboxybenzoyl) glycolate; Dibutylo-carboxybenzoyloxyacetate

Classification: Aromatic ester

- Empirical: C₁₈H₂₄O₆
- Formula: C₄H₉OOCC₆H₄COOCH₂COOC₄H₉
- Properties: Colorless liq., odorless; insol. in water; m.w. 336.42; dens. 1.093-1.103 (25/25 C); b.p. 219 C (5 mm); flash pt. 390 F; ref. index 1.4880; extremely light-stable
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 7 g/kg, (IP, rat) 6889 mg/kg; mildly toxic by IP; eye irritant; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid and irritating fumes

Uses: Plasticizer for PVC, in food-contact coatings; plasticizer migrating from food pkg.; film-former in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 181.22, 181.27 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fabrichem; Morflex Trade Names Containing: Morflex® 190

Butyl-2-propenoate. See Butyl acrylate

Butyl rubber. See Isobutylene/isoprene copolymer

Butyl stearate

ČAS 123-95-5; EINECS/ELINCS 204-666-5; FEMA 2214

Synonyms: Butyl octadecanoate; n-Butyl octadecanoate; n-Butyl stearate; Octadecanoic acid butyl ester

Definition: Ester of butyl alcohol and stearic acid

Empirical: C₂₂H₄₄O₂

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COO(CH₂)₃CH₃

- Properties: Colorless liq., solidifying @ 19 C; pract. odorless; sol. in alcohol, ether, hydrocarbon oils; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 340.60; dens. 0.86 (20/4 C); m.p. 17-22 C; b.p. 343 C; flash pt. (CC) 160 C; ref. index 1.4430 (20 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 32 g/kg; low toxicity by ing.; skin irritant; experimental reproductive data; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Solvent, spreading agent, softener in plastics, textiles, cosmetics, rubbers; syn. flavoring agent for foods and pharmaceuticals; plasticizer for food-pkg. materials; plasticizer/flow improver for plastics, rubber, lacquers; lubricant/slip agent for coatings and inks; polishes; lubricant for metals, textiles, molding; dye solvent in wax polishes; chlorinated rubber; carbon paper and inks; emollient in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; dampproofer for concrete; pigment wetting agent/dispersant; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Use Level: 1 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 5 ppm (alcoholic beverages), 2 ppm (ice cream, ices), 190 ppm (candy), 340 ppm (baked goods), 330 ppm (chewing gum)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3910, 181.22, 181.27; FDA approved for topicals; FEMA GRAS
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alzo; Amerchol; Anar; Ashland; C.P. Hall; Chemol; Cognis/Chems. Group; Fluka; Independent Chem.; Indofine; Inolex; Int'l. Paper; Jarchem Ind.; Kenrich Petrochems.; Kraft Chem.; Lipo; Mosselman NV; NOF Am.; Norman, Fox; Penta Mfg.; Phoenix; Ruger; Sea-Land; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stepan; Thornley; Uniqema N. Am.; Unitex; Universal Preserv-A-Chem

n-Butyl stearate. See Butyl stearate

Butyl tetradecanoate. See Butyl myristate

Butyl n-tetradecanoate. See Butyl myristate

Butyral. Seen-Butyraldehyde

n-Butyraldehyde

- CÁS 123-72-8; EINECS/ELINCS 204-646-6; UN No. 1129 (DOT); FEMA 2219
- Synonyms: Butal; Butaldehyde; Butalyde; Butanal; n-Butanal; n-Butylaldehyde; Butyral; Butyric aldehyde
- Classification: Aldehyde

Empirical: C₄H₈O

Formula: CH₃CH₂CH₂CHO

- Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in water; misc. with ether @ 75 C, org. solvs.; m.w. 72.10; sp.gr. 0.800; m.p. -99 C; f.p. 12 F; b.p. 75-76 C; flash pt. (CC) 20 F; ref. index 1.3843
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2490 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 800 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 3560 mg/kg; LCLo (inh., rat, 4 h) 8000 ppm; mod. toxic by ing., inh., skin contact, IP, and subcut. routes; severe skin and eye irritant; delayed hypersensitivity; suspected carcinogen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Flamm. liq.; dangerous fire hazard when exposed to heat and flame; incompat. with oxidizing materials; reacts vigorously with chlorosulfonic acid, HNO₃, H₂SO₄
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Uses: Plasticizers; rubber accelerators; solvents; high polymers; intermediate for paints; synthetic flavoring agent in foods and pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Use Level: 0.71 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 0.5 ppm (alcoholic beverages), 4.8 ppm (ice cream, ices), 2.9 ppm (candy), 5.4 ppm (baked goods), 0.25 ppm (icings)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 175.105, 176.170; FEMA GRAS

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Alfrebro; BASF AG; Celanese; Chisso Am.; Eastman; Fluka; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Penta Mfg.; Union Carbide; Van Waters & Rogers

Butyric alcohol. See Butyl alcohol

Butyric aldehyde. See n-Butyraldehyde CA. See Cellulose acetate

CAB. See Cellulose acetate butyrate



n-Butyl oleate

Corp.; Sea-Land; Sigma; Sybron; Thornley; Uniqema N. Am.; Uniqema/ Oleochems.; Velsicol

n-Butyl oleate. See Butyl oleate

Butyl oleate sulfate. See Sulfated butyl oleate Butyl oleate, sulfated. See Sulfated butyl oleate t-Butyl peroxide. See Di-t-butyl peroxide

t-Butylphenyl diphenyl phosphate

CAS 56803-37-3

Synonyms: Butylated triphenyl phosphate; Diphenyl t-butylphenyl phosphate Empirical: $C_{22}H_{23}O_4P$

Properties: M.w. 382.39; dens. 1.15-1.18 (20 C); flash pt. (COC) 246 C; ref. index 1.553

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 4640 mg/kg

Uses: Flame retardant plasticizer in PVC, vinyl and vinyl nitrile foams, PVAc emulsions, cellulosic resins; as fire-retardant hydraulic fluid

Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Ashland; C.P. Hall; FMC; Monsanto *Trade Names*: Phosflex[®] 61B; Phosflex[®] 71B

t-Butylphenyl phosphate

Uses: Antiwear and extreme pressure agent Trade Names: Durad® 110B; Durad® 150B; Durad® 620B

Butyl phosphate

CAS 68439-39-4

Properties: Liq.; sl. sol. in water; sp.gr. 1.13; acid no. 430; flash pt. (TCC) 265 F; anionic

Uses: Acid catalyst in resin curing; chemical intermediate in formulation of rust preventatives; antistat; textile lubricant; oil additive; heavy metal extractant; surfactant

Manuf./Distrib.: Albright & Wilson Am. Trade Names: Servoxyl® VPIZ 100

See also Tributyl phosphate

n-Butyl phosphate. See Tributyl phosphate

Butyl phosphoric acid. See Butyl acid phosphate

n-Butylphosphoric acid. See Butyl acid phosphate

Butyl phthalate. See Dibutyl phthalate

n-Butyl phthalate. See Dibutyl phthalate

Butyl phthalate butyl glycolate. See n-Butyl phthalyl-n-butyl glycolate Butyl phthalyl butyl glycolate. See n-Butyl phthalyl-n-butyl glycolate

n-Butyl phthalyl-n-butyl glycolate

CÁS 85-70-1; EINÉCS/ELINCS 201-624-8

Synonyms: 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 2-butoxy-2-oxoethyl, butyl ester; Butyl carbobutoxymethyl phthalate; Butyl phthalate butyl glycolate; Butyl phthalyl butyl glycolate; Dibutyl-o-(o-carboxybenzoyl) glycolate; Dibutylo-carboxybenzoyloxyacetate

Classification: Aromatic ester

Empirical: C₁₈H₂₄O₆

- Formula: C₄H₉OOCC₆H₄COOCH₂COOC₄H₉
- Properties: Colorless liq., odorless; insol. in water; m.w. 336.42; dens. 1.093-1.103 (25/25 C); b.p. 219 C (5 mm); flash pt. 390 F; ref. index 1.4880; extremely light-stable
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 7 g/kg, (IP, rat) 6889 mg/kg; mildly toxic by IP; eye irritant; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid and irritating fumes

Uses: Plasticizer for PVC, in food-contact coatings; plasticizer migrating from food pkg.; film-former in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 181.22, 181.27 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fabrichem; Morflex Trade Names Containing: Morflex® 190

Butyl-2-propenoate. See Butyl acrylate

Butyl rubber. See Isobutylene/isoprene copolymer

Butyl stearate

CAS 123-95-5; EINECS/ELINCS 204-666-5; FEMA 2214

Synonyms: Butyl octadecanoate; n-Butyl octadecanoate; n-Butyl stearate; Octadecanoic acid butyl ester

Definition: Ester of butyl alcohol and stearic acid

Empirical: C₂₂H₄₄O₂

- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COO(CH₂)₃CH₃
- Properties: Colorless liq., solidifying @ 19 C; pract. odorless; sol. in alcohol, ether, hydrocarbon oils; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 340.60; dens. 0.86 (20/4 C); m.p. 17-22 C; b.p. 343 C; flash pt. (CC) 160 C; ref. index 1.4430 (20 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 32 g/kg; low toxicity by ing.; skin irritant; experimental reproductive data; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Solvent, spreading agent, softener in plastics, textiles, cosmetics, rubbers; syn. flavoring agent for foods and pharmaceuticals; plasticizer for food-pkg. materials; plasticizer/flow improver for plastics, rubber, lacquers; lubricant/slip agent for coatings and inks; polishes; lubricant for metals, textiles, molding; dye solvent in wax polishes; chlorinated rubber; carbon paper and inks; emollient in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; dampproofer for concrete; pigment wetting agent/dispersant; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Use Level: 1 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 5 ppm (alcoholic beverages), 2 ppm (ice cream, ices), 190 ppm (candy), 340 ppm (baked goods), 330 ppm (chewing gum)
- Regulatory: FDĂ Ž1CFR §172.515, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3910, 181.22, 181.27; FDA approved for topicals; FEMA GRAS
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alzo; Amerchol; Anar; Ashland; C.P. Hall; Chemol; Cognis/Chems. Group; Fluka; Independent Chem.; Indofine; Inolex; Int'l. Paper; Jarchem Ind.; Kenrich Petrochems.; Kraft Chem.; Lipo; Mosselman NV; NOF Am.; Norman, Fox; Penta Mfg.; Phoenix; Ruger; Sea-Land; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stepan; Thornley; Uniqema N. Am.; Unitex; Universal Preserv-A-Chem

n-Butyl stearate. See Butyl stearate

Butyl tetradecanoate. See Butyl myristate

Butyl n-tetradecanoate. See Butyl myristate

Butyral. See n-Butyraldehyde

n-Butyraldehyde

- CÁS 123-72-8; EINECS/ELINCS 204-646-6; UN No. 1129 (DOT); FEMA 2219
- Synonyms: Butal; Butaldehyde; Butalyde; Butanal; n-Butanal; n-Butylaldehyde; Butyral; Butyric aldehyde
- Classification: Aldehyde

Empirical: C4H8O

Formula: CH₃CH₂CH₂CHO

- Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in water; misc. with ether @ 75 C, org. solvs.; m.w. 72.10; sp.gr. 0.800; m.p. -99 C; f.p. 12 F; b.p. 75-76 C; flash pt. (CC) 20 F; ref. index 1.3843
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 2490 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 800 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 3560 mg/kg; LCLo (inh., rat, 4 h) 8000 ppm; mod. toxic by ing., inh., skin contact, IP, and subcut. routes; severe skin and eye irritant; delayed hypersensitivity; suspected carcinogen; TSCA listed
- *Precaution:* DOT: Flamm. liq.; dangerous fire hazard when exposed to heat and flame; incompat. with oxidizing materials; reacts vigorously with chlorosulfonic acid, HNO₃, H₂SO₄
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Uses: Plasticizers; rubber accelerators; solvents; high polymers; intermediate for paints; synthetic flavoring agent in foods and pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Use Level: 0.71 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 0.5 ppm (alcoholic beverages), 4.8 ppm (ice cream, ices), 2.9 ppm (candy), 5.4 ppm (baked goods), 0.25 ppm (icings)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 175.105, 176.170; FEMA GRAS

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Alfrebro; BASF AG; Celanese; Chisso Am.; Eastman; Fluka; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Penta Mfg.; Union Carbide; Van Waters & Rogers

Butyric alcohol. See Butyl alcohol

Butyric aldehyde. *See* n-Butyraldehyde CA. *See* Cellulose acetate

CAB. See Cellulose acetate butyrate

C-8 acid. See Caprylic acid

C40-60 acid

Definition: Mixt. of syn. aliphatic acids with 40-60 carbons in the alkyl chain Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics

Trade Names Containing: Unicid™ 700 Acid

Cake alum. See Aluminum sulfate

Calcia. See Calcium oxide Calciate (2-), ((ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetato)-, disodium. See Calcium disodium EDTA

Calcined alumina. See Alumina

- Calcined kaolin. See Kaolin, calcined
- Calcined kaolin clay. See Kaolin, calcined
- Calcined magnesia. See Magnesium oxide
- Calcined magnesite. See Magnesium oxide
- Calcined soda. See Sodium carbonate

Calcite. See Calcium carbonate

- Calcium abietate. See Calcium resinate
- Calcium acid sulfite. See Calcium hydrogen sulfite
- Calcium bisulfite. See Calcium hydrogen sulfite

Calcium carbonate

CAS 1317-65-3

- Synonyms: Agricultural limestone; Calcite; Calcium carbonate natural; Chalk; CI 77220; Dolomite; Franklin; Limestone; Lithographic stone; Marble; Natural calcium carbonate; Paris white; Pigment white 18; Portland stone; Vaterite; Whiting
- Classification: Inorganic salt
- Definition: Found in nature as the minerals limestone, marble, aragonite, calcite, and vaterite

Empirical: CO₃ • Ca

- Properties: Wh. powd. or cryst.; odorless, tasteless; sol. in dil. acids; very sl. sol. in water; insol. in alcohol; m.w. 100.09; dens. 2.7-2.95; m.p. 825 C (dec.); stable in air; noncombustible
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ of air (nuisance particulate); severe eye and mod. skin irritant; common air contaminant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Ignites on contact with F₂; incompat. with acids, alum, ammonium salts

Storage: Hygroscopic; store @ R.T.

Uses: Alkali; mfg. of lime; neutralizer; paper opacifier; putty; tooth powds.; whitewash; Portland cement; filler/extender in paint, rubber, plastics, caulks, cements, ceramics, coatings; insecticides; in chemical analysis; precipitant in waste treatment; filler; pigment; coagulant/flocculant in potable water treatment; foods (nutrient, dough conditioner, yeast food, colorant, alkali); pharmaceuticals (alkali, neutralizer, colorant, opacifier, tablet/capsule diluent, antacid, antidiarrheal medicine); food-contact applics.

Manuf./Distrib.: Hammill & Gillespie

Trade Names: Atomite[®]; Carbita^I[®] 35; Carbital[®] 75; Carbital[®] 90; CC[™]-103; Micro-White[®] 10 Slurry; Micro-White[®] 25 Slurry; Micro-White[®] Superamide; Opacimite[™]

Trade Names Containing: Kotamite®

See also Calcium monocarbonate; CI 77220

Calcium carbonate (1:1). See Calcium monocarbonate Calcium carbonate natural. See Calcium carbonate Calcium carbonate, precipitated. See Calcium monocarbonate Calcium carbonate, prepared. See Whiting

Calcium carrageenan

CAS 9049-05-2

- Synonyms: Algin gum; Calcium carrageenin; Calcium carragheenate; Carrageenan, calcium salt; Carrageenan, calcium (II) salt
- Definition: Calcium salt of carrageenan; mixt. of highly sulfated polygalactosides, extracted from seaweed
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5140 mg/kg, (oral, mouse) 8710 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; experimental reproductive effects; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x Uses: Emulsion stabilizer, film-former, visc. control agent in cosmetics; emulsifier, stabilizer, thickener for foods and pharmaceuticals; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §136.110, 136.115, 136.130, 136.160, 136.180, 139.121, 139.122, 150.141, 150.161, 172.626, 176.170; approved for orals

Calcium carrageenin. See Calcium carrageenan Calcium carragheenate. See Calcium carrageenan Calcium chlorohydrochlorite. See Calcium hypochlorite Calcium dihydrogen sulfite. See Calcium hydrogen sulfite Calcium dihydroxide. See Calcium hydroxide Calcium disodium edathamil. See Calcium disodium EDTA Calcium disodium edetate. See Calcium disodium EDTA

Calcium disodium EDTA

- CAS 62-33-9 (anhyd.); 23411-34-9; EINECS/ELINCS 200-529-9
- Synonyms: Acetic acid, (ethylene dinitrilo) tetra-, calcium disodium salt; Calciate (2-), ((ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetato)-, disodium; Calcium disodium edathamil; Calcium disodium edetate; Calcium disodium ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid; Calcium EDTA; Disodium calcium ethylenediaminetetraacetate; Edetate calcium disodium; Edetic acid calcium disodium salt; EDTA calcium disodium salt; Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, calcium disodium salt; Sodium calcium edetate
- Classification: Substituted diamine
- Definition: Mixt. of calcium disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate dihydrate (predominantly) and trihydrate
- Empirical: C10H12CaN2Na2O8
- Formula: $CaNa_2C_{10}H_{12}N_2O_8$
- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd. or gran., odorless, faint salt taste; sol. in water; insol. in org. solvs.; m.w. 374.27 (anhyd.), 410.30 (dihydrate); bulk dens. 0.67; pH 6.5-8.0; stable in air
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 10 g/kg, (IP, rat) 3850 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP route; mildly toxic by ing. and IV routes; possible link to liver damage in test animals; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x Storage: SI. hygroscopic

- Uses: Preservative, chelating agent, sequestrant in cosmetics, foods, pharmaceuticals, water treatment, textiles, soaps/detergents, electroless copper plating, polymer prod., disinfectants, pulp/paper; hog scald agent; scale control aid in water treatment; medicine (treating lead poisoning); food antioxidant; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Use Level: Limitation 220 ppm (pickled cabbage), 33 ppm (soft drinks), 25 ppm (alcoholic beverages), 200 ppm (egg prods.), 75 ppm (mayonnaise), 75 ppm (oleomargarine), 75 ppm (sauces); ADI 0-2.5 mg/kg (EU)
- Regulatory: FDA 21ČFR §155.200, 161.173, 166.110, 169.115, 169.140, 169.150, 172.120, 175.105, 176.170; USDA 9CFR §318.7; Japan approved (0.035 g/kg max.); Europe listed; permitted in UK only in canned fish, shellfish; FDA approved for injectables (IM, IV), intravenous, orals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Am. Biorganics; Hampshire; Hickson Danchem; Int'l. Sourcing; R.W. Greeff; Ruger; Sigma; Universal Preserv-A-Chem Trade Names: Versene CA

Calcium disodium ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid. See Calcium disodium EDTA

- Calcium distearate. See Calcium stearate
- Calcium EDTA. See Calcium disodium EDTA

Calcium hydrate. See Calcium hydroxide

Calcium hydrogen sulfite

CAS 13780-03-5; UN No. 1923 (DOT)

Synonyms: Calcium acid sulfite; Calcium bisulfite; Calcium dihydrogen sulfite

Empirical: H₂CaO₆S₂

- Formula: Ca(HSO₃)₂
- Properties: Yish. liq.; strong sulfur dioxide odor; m.w. 204.24; dens. 1.06
- *Toxicology:* Irritating and corrosive to skin and tissue

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x. Uses: Antichlor in bleaching textiles; paper pulp (dissolving lignin) preservative; bleaching sponges; hydroxylamine salts; germicide; disinfectant

Calcium hydrosilicate. See Calcium silicate

Calcium hydroxide

CAS 1305-62-0; EINECS/ELINCS 215-137-3

Synonyms: Agricultural lime; Calcium dihydroxide; Calcium hydrate; Carboxide; Caustic lime; Hydrated lime; Lime, hydrated; Lime milk; Lime, slaked; Lime water; Milk of lime; Slaked lime Classification: Inorganic base

Empirical: H₂CaO₂

Formula: Ca(OH),

- Properties: Wh. soft cryst. powd., alkaline sl. bitter taste; sl. sol. in water; sol. in glycerol, syrup, acid; insol. in alcohol; m.w. 74.10; dens. 2.34; m.p. loses water at 580 C; pH 12.4 (sat. sol'n. @ 25 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 mg/m3; LD50 (oral, rat) 7.34 g/kg; mildly toxic by ingestion; severe eye irritant; irritating to skin, mucous membrane, respiratory tract; dust is industrial hazard; causes dermatitis; mutation data reported; common air contaminant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Corrosive material; violent reaction with maleic anhydride, nitroethane, nitromethane, nitroparaffins, etc.; reaction with polychlorinated phenols + potassium nitrate forms extremely toxic prods.

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1

Uses: Mortar; plasters; cements; calcium salts; disinfectant; lubricants; pesticides; mfg. of paper pulp; activator in vulcanization; coagulant, color removal, iron/manganese removal, pH control, softener in water treatment; depilatory; filler; causticizing soda; dehairing hides; whitewash; soil conditioner; ammonia recovery; rubber accelerator; petrochemicals; buffer in cosmetics; food additive, buffer, neutralizing agent, firming agent, processing aid; in beer-making; pharmaceuticals

Use Level: ADI no limit (EU)

- Regulatory: FDA21CFR §135.110, 184.1205, GRAS; USDA9CFR §318.7; Japan restricted (1% max. as calcium); Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for injectables, orals, topicals; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Am. Biorganics; Charkit; EM Ind.; Fluka; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Int'l. Sourcing; Kraft Chem.; Lohmann; Mallinckrodt Baker; Mississippi Lime; O.C. Lugo; Pfizer Int'l.; Ruger; Sigma; Specialty Mins.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.S. Gypsum; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Varsal Instruments; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Calcium hypochloride. See Calcium hypochlorite

Calcium hypochlorite

- CAS 7778-54-3; EINECS/ELINCS 231-908-7; UN No. 1748 (dry) (DOT), 2208 (DOT), 2880 (hydrated) (DOT)
- Synonyms: Calcium hypochloride; Calcium oxychloride; Chlorinated lime; Lime, chlorinated; Lime chloride; Bleaching powder; Calcium chlorohydrochlorite; Hypochlorous acid, calcium salt

Classification: Salt of hypochlorous acid

Definition: Commercial grade usu. 50% or more Ca(OCI)₂

Empirical: CaCl₂O₂

Formula: Ca(OCI)2

- Properties: Wh. cryst. solid, strong chlorine odor; dec. in water, alcohol; m.w. 142.99; sp.gr. 2.35; dec. > 100 C; pH 11.5 (5%)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 850 mg/kg; moderate toxicity by ingestion; severe skin, eye, and mucous membrane irritant; corrosive; tumorigen, mutagen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Dangerous; strong oxidizer capable of igniting materials that are combustible (wood, grease, org. materials); mod. explosive in solid form when heated
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., or on contact with acid or acid fumes, emits highly toxic fumes of HCI and explodes; reacts with water to produce toxic and corrosive fumes of CI- and HCI

NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 0; Reactivity 2

Uses: Algicide; bactericide; slimicide; deodorant; bleaching agent; oxidizing agent; odor control; potable water purification; disinfectant for pools; water sanitization; cooling water and sewage treatment; bacteria/algae control in reservoirs, water mains; treatment plants; bleaching paper and textiles; tanning aux.; agric. use; food, dairy, and beverage processing plants; sanitizer in household, institutional use; chlorinating agent; as sanitizing solution for food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.1010; SARA reportable

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Alloychem; Arch Chems.; Ashland; Bencorp Int'l.; Bio-Lab; Browning; Coyne; Dastech Int'l.; Fluka; Great Lakes; Harcros; Los Angeles Chem.; Melchemie bv; PPG Ind.; Quadra; Robeco; Rochem Int'l.; Ryte Prods.; Sal Chem.; Schaefer Tech.; Sedco; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Surpass; Tomen Am.; United Min. & Chem.; Van Waters & Rogers; Wego Chem. & Min.

Trade Names: Inducior®; Pittcior®

Calcium isostearate

Uses: Stabilizer with decyl alcohol for calcium stearate disps. in paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Calcium lignin sulfonate. See Calcium lignosulfonate

Calcium lignosulfonate

- CAS 8061-52-7; 68131-32-8 (fermented)
- Synonyms: Calcium lignin sulfonate; Lignin calcium sulfonate; Lignosulfonic acid, calcium salt
- Definition: Calcium salt of polysulfonated lignin

Properties: Anionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Dispersant; emulsifier; emulsion stabilizer; wetting agent; binder; gypsum board; industrial use; refractories; construction; insecticides; pesticides; extender for adhesives and binder systems; dispersant for water treatment, oil-well drilling muds; concrete admixtures; emulsifier in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with ag./ fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.715, 175.105, 176.170, 176.210

Manuf./Distrib.: LignoTech USA; R.T. Vanderbilt; Wesco Tech. Ltd Trade Names Containing: Lignosite® AC

Calcium metasilicate

- CAS 10101-39-0
 - Synonyms: Calcium silicate; Calcium silicate n-hydrate; Silicic acid, calcium salt; Silicic acid, calcium salt (1:1); Silicic acid (H₂SiO₃), calcium salt (1:1)
 - Empirical: CaH2O3Si

Properties: Wh. powd.; m.w. 118.18

Toxicology: Irritating dust; TSCA listed

Uses: Extender for paints; absorbent, antacid, filler for paper, paper coatings, cosmetics; anticaking additive for foods; mfg. of glass and Portland cement; in food-pkg. adhesives

Use Level: Use in foods restricted to 5% in baking powd., 2% in table salt Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105

Manuf./Distrib.: Am. Colloid; Nyco Mins.; R.T. Vanderbilt See also Calcium silicate

Calcium monocarbonate

- CAS 471-34-1; EINECS/ELINCS 207-439-9
- Synonyms: Allied whiting; Calcium carbonate; Calcium carbonate (1:1); Calcium carbonate, precipitated; Carbonic acid calcium salt; Carbonic acid calcium salt (1:1); Monocalcium carbonate; Pigment white 18; Precipitated calcium carbonate; Precipitated chalk; Prepared chalk; Vienna white; White powder; Whiting

Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: CCaO₃

Formula: CO₃ • Ca

- Properties: Wh. powd. or colorless crystals, odorless, tasteless; sol. in dil. acids; very sl. sol. in water; insol. in alcohol; m.w. 100.09; dens. 2.7-2.95; bulking value 0.045 gal/lb; oil absorp. 63; m.p. 825 C (dec.); stable in air
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m3 of air (nuisance particulate); LD50 (oral, rat) 6450 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; severe eye and mod. skin irritant; irritating to respiratory system; common air contaminant; may cause kidney damage, CNS effects; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with acids, alum, ammonium salts

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Hygroscopic; store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances
- Uses: Alkali; source of lime; neutralizer; paper opacifier; putty; dentifrices; whitewash; Portland cement; filler/extender in paint, rubber, plastics, adhesives; insecticides; ceramics; polishes; in chemical analysis; precipitant (waste treatment); polishes; inks; crayons; insulation; coagulant/ flocculant in water treatment; foods (nutrient, dough conditioner, yeast food, colorant); pharmaceuticals (neutralizer, colorant, opacifier, tablet/capsule diluent, antacid); oral care agent; abrasive, buffer, opacifier, colorant in cosmetics; colorant in food-contact polymers; in resinous/polymeric foodcontact coatings; in melamine-formaldehyde food-contact molded articles
- Use Level: ADI not specified; WHO limitation: 40 g/kg (cheese), 200 mg/kg (jams, jellies)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1070, 137.105, 137.155, 137.160, 137.165,

137.170, 137.175, 137.180, 137.185, 137.350, 169.115, 175.300, 177.1460, 178.3297, 181.22, 181.29, 182.5191, 184.1191, 184.1409, GRAS; BATF 27CFR §240.1051, limitation 30 lb/1000 gal of wine; Japan approved (1-2%); Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for implants, orals, otics; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance

- Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; AMRESCO; Acros Org.; Aldrich; AluChem; Am. Ingreds.; Archway Sales; BASF; C.P. Hall; Cerac; ECC Int'I.; EM Ind.; Engelhard; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; Genstar Stone Prods.; Georgia Marble; H.M. Royal; J.M. Huber/Chems.; J.T. Baker; Jesse S. Young; Landers-Segal Color; Lohmann; Mallinckrodt Baker; Melchemie bv; Miljac; Mississippi Lime; NeoResins; Pfizer Int'I.; Punda Mercantile; R.E. Carroll; Ruger; Seegott; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tamms Ind.; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels
- Trade Names: Albacar® 5970; Albacar® PCC; Albafil® PCC; Albaglos® PCC; Calcitem S; Calwhite®; Camel-CAL®; Camel-CAL® Slurry; Camel-FINE; Camel-WITE®; Camel-WITE®; Camel-WITE® Slurry; Gamaco®; Gama-Sperse® 80; Gama-Sperse® 255; G-White; Hubercarb® O1; Hubercarb® Q 2; Hubercarb® Q 3; Hubercarb® Q 4; Hubercarb® Q 6; Hubercarb® Q 20; Hubercarb® Q 6; Hubercarb® Q 40-200; Hubercarb® Q 60; Hubercarb® Q 200; Hubercarb® Q 325; Hubercarb® Q 200; Hubercarb® Q 325; Hubercarb® W 2; Hubercarb® W 3; Hubercarb® W 3N; Hubercarb® W 4; H-White; Hydrocarb 60-ME 78%; Hydrocarb 75-ME 78%; Hydrocarb 90-ME 78%; Jetcoat™ PCC; Magnum Gloss; Megafil® PCC; Microblanc 1; Microblanc 2; Microblanc 3; Microblanc 5; Microtem 95; Opacarb® PCC; RO-40; Ultrapaque® PCC; Zetafil 1; Zetafil 2; Zetafil 3
- Trade Names Containing: Camel-CAL® ST; Camel-WITE® ST; Dualite® M6050AE; Dualite® MS7000; Dualite® MS7020; Hubercarb® Optifil T; Hubercarb® Q 1T; Hubercarb® Q 2T; Hubercarb® Q 3T; Hubercarb® Q 200T; Hubercarb® W 2T; Hubercarb® W 3T

See also Calcium carbonate; Whiting

Calcium monosilicate. See Calcium silicate

Calcium montanate

CAS 68308-22-5; EINECS/ELINCS 269-637-1 Synonyms: Montan acid, calcium salt Definition: Calcium salt of the acids derived from montan acid wax Properties: Solid; m.p. 1223 C Uses: Lubricant for PVC; cosmetic additive Trade Names Containing: Hoechst Wax OP

Calcium octadecanoate. See Calcium stearate

Calcium oxide

- CAS 1305-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 215-138-9; UN No. 1910 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Burnt lime; Calcia; Calx; Fluxing lime; Lime; Pebble lime; Quicklime; Unslaked lime

Classification: Alkaline earth oxide

Empirical: CaO

- Properties: Wh. or gray cryst. or powd., odorless; sol. in acids, glycerol, sugar sol'n.; sol. in water forming Ca(OH)₂ and generating heat; pract. insol. in alcohol; m.w. 56.08; dens. 3.40; m.p. 2570 C; b.p. 2850 C; noncombustible
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 2 mg/m³; strong caustic; may cause severe irritation to skin, mucous membranes, eyes; a common air contaminant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Corrosive material; powd. may react explosively with water; mixts. with ethanol may ignite if heated; violent reactions with B_2O_3 + CaCl₂; interhalogens; F_2 ; HF; P_2O_5 + heat; incandescent reaction with liq. HF
- NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1

Storage: Moisture-sensitive

Uses: Refractory; insecticides; fungicides; mfg. of steel, aluminum; flotation of nonferrous ores; mfg. of glass, paper, Ca salts; in drilling fluids, lubricants; laboratory; desiccant for extruded rubber goods; pharmaceutical topicals; filler; activator; coagulant, color removal, Fe/Mn removal, pH control, softening, corrosion control for water treatment; sewage treatment; bauxite processing reagent; buffer in cosmetics; foods (alkali, nutrient, dietary supplement, dough conditioner, yeast food, hog/poultry scald agent) Use Level: ADI no limit (EU)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §182.1210, 182.5210, 184.1210, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; Europe listed; UK approved Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; AluChem; Am. Int'l.; Ash Grove Cement; Atlantic Equip. Engrs.; Cerac; Fluka; Kraft Chem.; Mallinckrodt Baker; Mins. Tech.; Mississippi Lime; Pfizer Int'l.; Reade Advanced Materials; Ruger; Schaefer Tech.; Sigma; Specialty Mins.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.S. Gypsum; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Calcium oxychloride. See Calcium hypochlorite Calcium polysilicate. See Calcium silicate

Calcium resinate

- CAS 9007-13-0; UN No. 1313 (DOT), 1314 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Calcium abietate; Calcium rosinate; Limed rosin; Rosin, limehardened

Empirical: C₈₈H₁₂₄CaO₈

- Formula: Ca(C₄₄H₆₂O₄)₂
- Properties: Ylsh.-wh. amorphous powd. or lumps, rosin odor; sol. in acid, amyl acetate, butyl acetate, ether, amyl alcohol; insol. in water; m.w. 1349.5; soften. pt. 115-165 C

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Precaution: Flamm. solid; dangerous fire risk; spontaneous heating; reactive with oxidizing materials
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- *Uses:* Waterproofing; mfg. of paint driers, porcelains, perfumes, cosmetics, enamels; color diluent for egg shells; coating for fabrics, wood, paper; tanning leather; binder in printing inks, wood varnishes; drier in food-contact coatings; component of food-contact articles
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §73.1, 175.300, 178.3870
- Manuf./Distrib.: Arakawa USA; Ascona; Barium & Chems.; Hummel Croton; Resinall

Calcium rosinate. See Calcium resinate

Calcium silicate

CAS 1344-95-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-710-8

- Synonyms: Calcium hydrosilicate; Calcium monosilicate; Calcium polysilicate; Okenite; Silicic acid, calcium salt
- Classification: Carbonates
- Definition: Hydrous or anhydrous silicate with varying proportions of calcium oxide and silica
- *Empirical:* (1) CaO_3Si ; (2) Ca_2O_4Si ; (3) Ca_3O_5Si
- Formula: Common forms: (1) $CaSiO_{31}$ (2) Ca_2SiO_{41} (3) Ca_3SiO_{52}
- Properties: Wh. or cream-colored powd.; odorless; sol. in nitrilotriacetic acid; pract. insol. in water; forms a gel with min. acids; m.w. 116.16 (1); dens. 2.10; bulk dens. 15-16 lb/ft³; absorp. power 600% (water); surf. area 95-175 m²/g; m.p. 1540 C; pH 8.4-10.2 (5% aq. susp.); nonflamm.
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (total dust); nuisance particulate; pract. nontoxic orally, but inh. may cause respiratory tract irritation; TSCA listed
- *Precaution:* Avoid prolonged contact with water (sol'n. reverts to sol. calcium salts and amorphous silica)
- Uses: Constituent of lime glass, Portland cement; reinforcing filler in elastomers, plastics, coatings; absorbent for liqs., gases, vapors; suspending agent; pigment and pigment extender; binder for refractories; in chromatography; road building; absorbent, opacifier, visc. control agent in cosmetics; anticaking agent, filter aid for foods and pharmaceuticals; glazing, release agents (sweets); dusting agent (chewing gum); antacid (pharmacology); colorant in food-contact polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty foods
- Use Level: ADI not specified (FAO/WHO)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.410, 175.300, 176.170, 177.1460, 178.3297, 182.2227, GRAS (limitation 2% in table salt, 5% in baking powd.); Europe listed; UK approved; approved for orals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; BPI; Cary; Celite; Chem-Materials; Crosfield; D.N. Lukens; Degussa-Hüls; Eastech; Great Western; H.M. Royal; J.M. Huber/Chems.; Kraft Chem.; R.T. Vanderbilt; Ruger; Seegott Trade Names: Micro-Cel® T-26; Micro-Cel® T-49 See also Calcium metasilicate

Calcium silicate n-hydrate. See Calcium metasilicate

Calcium stearate

CAS 1592-23-0; EINECS/ELINCS 216-472-8

Synonyms: Calcium distearate; Calcium octadecanoate; Octadecanoic acid
calcium salt; Stearic acid, calcium salt

Classification: Aliphatic organic compd.

Definition: Calcium salt of stearic acid

Empirical: $C_{36}H_{70}CaO_4$ *Formula:* $Ca(C_{18}H_{35}O_2)_2$

- Properties: Wh. impalpable powd., sl. char. odor; insol. in water, alcohol, ether; sl. sol. in hot alcohol, hot veg. and min. oils; m.w. 607.04; bulk dens. 20 lb/ft³; m.p. 149 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (total dust); nuisance dust; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Uses: Water repellent; flatting agent in paints, emulsions; release agent for plastic molding powds.; foundry mold release; lubricant, stabilizer for PVC resins; lubricant for paper coating; slip agent; thickener; cement/ stucco additive; wax ingred.; in pencils; crayons; explosives; fabric waterproofing agent; emulsifier in hair creams; colorant in cosmetics; conditioning agent in foods and pharmaceuticals; anticaking agent; binder; emulsifier; lubricant; release agent; stabilizer; thickener; tablet lubricant; drier in food-contact coatings; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; stabilizer for food-grade polymers

Use Level: ADI not specified (FAO/WHO)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §169.179, 169.182, 172.863, 173.340; must conform to FDA specs for fats or fatty acids derived from edible oils, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2410, 177.2600, 178.2010, 179.45; 181.22, 181.29, 184.1229, GRAS; FDA approved for implants, orals, rectals, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Adeka Fine Chem.; Alfa Chem; Allan; Allchem Ind.; Atofina N. Am./Wire Mill Prods.; Chemisphere; Cognis/Chems. Group; Cometals; Crompton/Witco; Eka Chems. Ltd; Fallek; Ferro/Grant; Harwick; In-Cide Tech.; Lohmann; Mallinckrodt Baker; Miljac; NOF; Norac; PPG Ind.; R.T. Vanderbilt; Ruger; Sea-Land; Spectrum Quality Prods.
- Trade Names: Calsan[™] 50; Calsan[™] 55; Calsan[™] 65; Cecavon[®] CA 31; Cecavon[®] CA 350 P; Lubracal[®] 48; Lubracal[®] 53; Lubracal[®] 60; Nopcote[®] 6510 Free; Nopcote C-104; Nopcote[®] C-104-HS; Nopcote[®] C-104-HS Free; Ombrelub[®] CD; Petrac[®] Calcium Stearate CP-11; Petrac[®] Calcium Stearate CP-11 LS; Struktol[®] Calcium Stearate; Sunkote[®] 450; Sunkote[®] 452; Sunkote[®] 455

Trade Names Containing: Estane® 5715; Sunkote® 460

Calcium stearoyl lactylate

- CAS 5793-94-2; EINECS/ELINCS 227-335-7
- Synonyms: Calcium stearoyl-2-lactylate; Calcium stearyl-2-lactylate; Calcium stelate; Octadecanoic acid, 2-(1-carboxyethoxy)-1-methyl-2-oxoethyl ester, calcium salt; Stearic acid ester with lactate of lactic acid calcium salt Definition: Calcium salt of stearic acid ester of lactyl lactate

Empirical: C₄₈H₈₆CaO₁₂

Properties: Cream-colored nonhygroscopic powd., caramel odor; sparingly sol. in water; m.w. 895.30; m.p. 45-60 C; HLB 5.1; acid no. 50-86; pH 4.7 (2% aq. susp.); anionic

Toxicology: No known toxicity; TSCA listed

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Dough conditioner for bakery prods.; stabilizer; whipping agent; emulsifier in cosmetics, foods, and pharmaceuticals; acid neutralizer/acceptor/ scavenger for polyolefins, flame retardants, pigments; lubricant for PVC; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg.
- Use Level: Limitation 0.5 parts/100 parts flour (bakery prods.), 0.05% (egg white), 0.3% (whipped vegetable topping), 0.5% (dehydrated potatoes); ADI 0-20 mg/kg (EU)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.844, 176.170, 177.1200; must conform to FDA specs for fats or fatty acids derived from edible oils; Japan approved with restrictions; Europe listed; UK approved

Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Am. Ingreds./Patco; R.I.T.A.; Wilshire

Calcium stearoyl-2-lactylate. See Calcium stearoyl lactylate Calcium stearyl-2-lactylate. See Calcium stearoyl lactylate Calcium stelate. See Calcium stearoyl lactylate

Calcium sulfamate

Empirical: $CaH_4N_2O_6S_2 \cdot 4H_2O$

Formula: Ca(SO₃NH₂)₂ • 4H₂O

Properties: Wh. cryst.; sol. in water

Uses: Flameproofing agent for textiles and certain grades of paper

Calcium sulfate

- CAS 7778-18-9; EINECS/ELINCS 231-900-3
- Synonyms: Anhydrite (natural form): Anhydrous calcium sulfate; Anhydrous gypsum; Calcium sulfate (1:1); Calcium sulfonate; Gypsum; Plaster of Paris
- Classification: Inorganic salt
- Empirical: CaO4S

Formula: Ca • H₂O₄S

- Properties: Wh. to sl. yel.-wh. powd. or crystals, odorless, tasteless; sl. sol. in water; sol. in 3 N HCl; m.w. 136.14; dens. 2.964; bulking value 0.052 gal/lb; oil absorp. 10; m.p. 1450 C; Rust preventive, detergent for diesels; pigment dispersant for thermoplastic and epoxy color concs.; visc. stabilizer; anionic
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (total dust); nuisance dust; ingestion may result in intestinal obstruction because it absorbs water and hardens; no known toxicity on the skin; irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Reacts violently with aluminum when heated; mixts. with phosphorus ignite at high temps.

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Filler, extender, pigment, drier in paints; plastics; Portland cement retarder; paper filler, coatings; polishes; dyeing/printing; metallurgy; desiccant; pharmaceuticals (excipient, tablet diluent; abrasive in dentifrices; surgical casts); soil conditioner; foods (nutrient, dietary supplement, yeast food, dough conditioner/strengthener, firming agent, sequestrant, anticaking agent, coloring agent, leavening agent, pH control agent, processing aid, stabilizer, texturizer, thickener); abrasive, opacifier in cosmetics; visc. stabilizer; pigment dispersant for thermoplastic and epoxy color concs.; rust preventive, detergent for diesels; colorant in food-contact polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Use Level: Limitation 1.3% (baked goods), 3% (frostings), 0.5% (frozen dairy desserts), 0.4% (gelatins, puddings), 0.5% (grain prods., pasta), 0.35% (processed vegetables), 0.07% (other food); ADI not specified (EU)
- Regulatory: FDA21CFR §133, 133.102, 133.106, 133.111, 133.141, 133.165, 133.181, 133.195, 137.105, 137.155, 137.160, 137.165, 137.170, 137.175, 137.180, 137.185, 150.141, 150.161, 155.200, 175.300, 176.170, 177.1460, 178.3297, 184.1230, GRAS; BATF 27CFR §240.1051, limitation 16.69 lb/1000 gal; Japan approved with restrictions (1% max.); Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Advance Research Chems.; Aldrich; Am. Ingreds.; EM Ind.; Fluka; Franklin Ind. Mins.; H.M. Royal; J.T. Baker; Kemira Kemi AB; Lohmann; R.E. Carroll; Ruger; Seegott; U.S. Gypsum; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Van Waters & Rogers; Varsal Instruments; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Trade Names: USG® Paper Filler #1

Calcium sulfate (1:1). See Calcium sulfate

Calcium sulfate dihydrate

CAS 10101-41-4; EINECS/ELINCS 231-900-3

- Synonyms: Alabaster; Calcium(II) sulfate dihydrate (1:1:2); CI 77231; Gypsum; Gypsum stone; Land plaster; Light spar; Magnesia white; Mineral white; Native calcium sulfate; Pigment white 25; Precipitated calcium sulfate; Terra alba
- Classification: Calcium compd.; sulfate salt

Empirical: CaO₄S • 2H₂O

Formula: CaSO₄ • 2H₂O

- Properties: Wh. lumps or powd.; odorless; sol. in water; very slowly sol. in glycerol; pract. insol. in most org. solvs.; m.w. 172.10; dens. 2.32; m.p. 128 C (loses 1.5 H₂O); b.p. 163 C (loses 2 H₂O)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (total dust); nuisance dust; irritant; human systemic effects by inh. (fibrosing alveolitis, respiratory system effects, effects on nose); questionable carcinogen

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Mfg. of Portland cement, plaster of Paris, artificial marble, sulfuric acid, calcium carbide, and ammonium sulfate; as white pigment, filler, extender, glaze in paints, pharmaceuticals, paper, insecticide dusts, yeast, polishing powds.; soil conditioner; water treatment; flame retardant for plastics; pharmaceuticals (excipient, filler, desiccant, tablet/capsule diluent; in plaster casts); food-contact applics.

Regulatory: FDA approved for orals; USP/NF, BP, JP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; EM Ind.; Fluka; Franklin Ind. Mins.; R.E. Carroll; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Calcium(II) sulfate dihydrate (1:1:2). See Calcium sulfate dihydrate

Calcium sulfate hemihydrate

CAS 10034-76-1; 26499-65-0; EINECS/ELINCS 231-900-3

Synonyms: Dried calcium sulfate; Dried gypsum; Gypsum hemihydrate; Plaster of Paris

Formula: CaO₄S • 1/2H₂O

- Properties: Wh. or almost wh. fine powd., odorless, tasteless; sl. sol. in water; sol. in dil. min. acids; pract. insol. in alcohol; m.w. 145.15; m.p. 163 C (loses ½ water to form anhyd. material); nonflamm.
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (calcium sulfate); ing. of large amts. may cause blockage of upper intestinal tract; pract. nontoxic by inh.; high concs. of dust may cause coughing and mild temporary irritation; dust is nonirritating to skin and eyes; alpha form may cause severe skin burns when mixed with water (3:1)

Precaution: Nonhazard reaction with water to produce gypsum *Storage:* Hygroscopic

Uses: Wall plasters, 'gypsum' wallboard, tiles, stucco, blocks, and moldings for building industry; statues; jewelry castings; paper industry; pharmaceuticals (plaster of Paris bandages, orthopedic and dental casts)

Regulatory: FDA approved for orals; BP, JP compliance *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka

Calcium sulfite

CAS 10257-55-3

Synonyms: Sulfurous acid, calcium salt (1:1)

Émpirical: CaO₃S

Formula: CaSO3

Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. in sulfurous acid; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 120.14 HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Uses: Textiles (antichlor); disinfectant in sugar industry, brewing, biological cleansing; food preservative and discoloration retarder; paper mfg.; in cement

Manuf./Distrib.: Ruger

Calcium sulfonate. See Calcium sulfate

Calcium-zinc complex

Uses: Heat stabilizer for rigid and plasticized PVC, food-grade polymers, profiles, bottles, pipe, plastisols; stabilizer for flooring base coats, artificial leather, wallpaper, conveyor belts; compat. with isocyanate adhesion promoter

C-10 alcohol. See Decyl alcohol

C8-10 alcohols

- CAS 85566-12-7
- Synonyms: Alcohols, C8-10
- Uses: Chemical intermediate; also for lube oil additives, plasticizers, surfactant feedstocks

Trade Names: Nafol® 810 D

C10 alcohols

Synonyms: Alcohols, C10

Úses: Intermediate for mfg. of toiletries, cosmetics, detergents, laundry softeners, lubricating oil additives, plasticizers, plastics additives, textile/leather additives, disinfectants, agrochem., paper defoamers, flotation agents

C10-14 alcohols

EINECS/ELINCS 283-066-5

Synonyms: Alcohols, C10-14

Uses: Lubricant in polymer processing, metal rolling, emollients/lubricants for cosmetics, defoamers; surfactant intermediate

Trade Names: Nafol® 1014

C12-18 alcohols

- CAS 67762-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 267-006-5
- Synonyms: Alcohols, C12-18
- Uses: Surfactant intermediate; polymerization; lubricant in polymer processing, metal rolling; emolignt for cosmetics

Trade Names: Nafol® 1218

C16-18 alcohols. See Cetearyl alcohol

C20-24 alcohols

- EINECS/ELINCS 307-145-1
- Synonyms: Alcohols, C20-24 Uses: Intermediate for mfg. of toiletries, cosmetics, detergents, laundry softeners, lubricating oil additives, plasticizers, plastics additives, textile/leather additives, disinfectants, agrochem., paper defoamers, flotation agents
- Trade Names: Nafol® 20+

C20-40 alcohols

Synonyms: Alcohols, C20-40

Definition: Mixture of syn. fatty alcohols with 20-40 carbons in the alkyl chain Uses: Antioxidant; heat stabilizer; UV stabilizer; visc. depressant; emulsifier in cosmetics; promotes emollient protective films for skin care prods.; food-pkg. adhesives; chemical intermediate for oxidation, ethoxylation, sulfation, amination, esterification; coemulsifier and direct additive in coatings; plastics additive (processing aid, lubricant, dispersant) Trade Names: Unilin® 425 Alcohol

C18-alkenyl succinic anhydride. See Octadecenyl succinic anhydride **Callitris quadrivalvis.** See Sandarac (Callitris quadrivalvis) gum **Callitris quadrivalvis gum.** See Sandarac (Callitris quadrivalvis) gum **C-4 alpha olefin.** See 1-Butene

C12 alpha olefin. See Dodecene-1

C12-14 alpha olefin

- CAS 64743-02-8 (generic); 68855-58-3 (generic); 68866-68-3; EINECS/ ELINCS 272-492-7; UN No. NA 1993
- Properties: Water-wh. liq.; dens. 0.764 g/ml (20 C); pour pt. -35 C; b.p. 216-250 C (5-95%); flash pt. (TCC) 81 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral) > 10,000 mg/kg, (dermal) > 10,000 mg/kg; low acute toxicity; nonirritating to eyes and skin
- Precautión: Combustible liq.; avoid contact with air or oxygen (explosion danger, adverse effect on subsequent reactions)

Storage: Store under nitrogen

Uses: Intermediate for biodeg. surfactants and specialty industrial chemicals; prod. of amines, amine oxides, oxo alcohols, alkylated aromatics, epoxides, and syn. fatty acids

Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle

Trade Names: Neodene® 12/14

C14-16 alpha olefin

CAS 64743-02-8 (generic); 68855-59-3 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 272-493-2

Definition: Blend of tetradecene and hexadecene

Properties: Water-wh. clear liq.; dens. 0.776 g/ml (20 C); b.p. 245-279 C (5-95%); pour pt. -14 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 113 C

- Toxicology: Low acute toxicity by oral and dermal exposure; not expected to be skin or eye irritant
- *Precaution:* Avoid contact with air or oxygen (explosion danger from peroxide formation, adverse effect on subsequent reactions)
- Storage: Store under nitrogen blanket
- Uses: Intermediate in prod. of biodeg. surfactants, oxo alcohols, alkylated aromatics, epoxides, tanning oils, syn. fatty acids, and alpha olefin sulfonates
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; BP Amoco
- Trade Names: Neodene® 14/16

C16-18 alpha olefin

CAS 64743-02-8 (generic); 68866-60-7; EINECS/ELINCS 272-494-8 *Properties:* Water-wh. liq.; dens. 0.787 g/ml (20 C); pour pt. -2 C; b.p. 285-316 C (5-95%); flash pt. (PMCC) 135 C

Toxicology: LD50 (oral) > 10,000 mg/kg, (dermal) > 10,000 mg/kg; low acute toxicity; nonirritating to eyes and skin

Precaution: Avoid contact with air or oxygen (explosion danger, adverse effect on subsequent reactions)

Storage: Store under nitrogen

Uses: Intermediate for biodeg. surfactants and specialty industrial chemicals; prod. of oxo alcohols, alkylated aromatics, epoxides, tanning oils, syn. fatty acids, alpha olefin sulfonates Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle

Trade Names: Neodene® 16/18

C20-24 alpha olefin

CAS 64743-02-8 (generic)

Uses: Intermediate for surfactants for personal care, specialty industrial chems. (polyethylene and other polymers; plasticizers; syn. lubricants; gasoline additives; paper sizing; PVC lubricants)

Trade Names: Gulftene® 20-24; Neodene® 20/22/24

C24-28 alpha olefin

Uses: Intermediate for biodeg. surfactants for personal care and laundry, and specialty industrial chemicals (polyethylene and other polymers; plasticizers; syn. lubricants; gasoline additives; paper sizing; PVC lubricants) Trade Names: Gulftene® 24-28

C30 alpha olefin

Uses: Intermediate for biodeg. surfactants for personal care and laundry, and specialty industrial chemicals (polyethylene and other polymers; plasticizers; syn. lubricants; gasoline additives; paper sizing; PVC lubricants) *Trade Names:* Gulftene® 30+

Calx. See Calcium oxide

Canarium indicum resinoid. See Elemi gum Canary yellow. See Basic yellow 2 Candelilla. See Candelilla (Euphorbia cerifera) wax Candelilla cera. See Candelilla (Euphorbia cerifera) wax

Candelilla (Euphorbia cerifera) wax

CAS 8006-44-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-347-0; FEMA 3479

Synonyms: Candelilla; Candelilla cera; Candelilla wax; Euphorbia cerifera wax

Definition: Wax from Euphorbia cerifera

Properties: Yel.-brown to translucent solid; sol. in acetone, benzene, carbon disulfide, hot petrol. ether, gasoline, oils, turpentine, CCl₄; sparingly sol. in alcohol; pract. insol. in water; dens. 0.983; m.p. 67-68 C; acid no. 10-20; sapon. no. 50-65; ref. index 1.4555

Toxicology: No known toxicity

Precaution: Combustible

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Mfg. of cosmetics, rubber substitutes, polishes, candles, sealing waxes, varnishes, leather dressing, cements, creams; for waterproofing; insect proofing; elec. insulation; inks; molding compositions; sizing paper; hardening other waxes; paint removers; food additive, lubricant, protective coating for citrus; masticatory substance in chewing gum base; pharmaceutical skin preps. and orals; emollient, film-former, gellant in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; adjuvant in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.180, 184.1976, GRAS; FEMA GRAS; Japan approved; approved for orals, topicals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allyson Enterprises; Charkit; Charlotte Chem.; Darwin; Frank B. Ross; Hansotech; Koster Keunen; Mutchler; Penta Mfg.; R.I.T.A.; Ruger; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stevenson Cooper; Strahl & Pitsch; Universal Preserv-A-Chem
- *Trade Names:* Candelilla Wax SP 50; Candelilla Wax SP 75; Candelilla Wax SP 76; Candelilla Wax SP 78 Prime Quality Crude; Candelilla Wax SP 99; Candelilla Wax SP 350; Candelilla Wax Fine; Koster Keunen Candelilla; Ross Candelilla Wax

Trade Names Containing: Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 628/5

Candelilla synthetic

CAS 136097-95-5

- Uses: Gellant, thickener, stabilizer, and moisturizer for cosmetics, leather dressings, furniture and other polish; cements; varnishes; sealing wax; elec. insulating compositions; phonograph records; rubber; waterproofing; wax for pharmaceuticals, precision casting, lubricants, adhesives, paper coatings/sizing, chewing gum base, candles
- Trade Names: Candelilla Wax SP 24A; Candelilla Wax SP 803; Koster Keunen Synthetic Candelilla

Candelilla wax. See Candelilla (Euphorbia cerifera) wax

Canola oil (low erucic acid rapeseed oil). See Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil

Caoutchouc. See Natural rubber

CAP. See Cellulose acetate propionate

Capramide DEA

- CAS 136-26-5; EINECS/ELINCS 205-234-9
- Synonyms: Capric acid diethanolamide; N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) decanamide; Decanamide, N,N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)-

Definition: Mixture of ethanolamides of capric acid

Empirical: C14H29NO3

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₈CON(CH₂CH₂OH)₂

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Surfactant; antistat, visc. control agent in cosmetics; foam booster/ stabilizer; wetting agent; thickener; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800

Capric acid

- CAS 334-48-5; EINECS/ELINCS 206-376-4; FEMA 2364
- Synonyms: N-Capric acid; Caprinic acid; Caprynic acid; Carboxylic acid C₁₀; Decanoic acid; n-Decanoic acid; Decoic acid; n-Decoic acid; Decylic acid; n-Decylic acid; 1-Nonanecarboxylic acid
- Classification: Fatty acid
- Empirical: C₁₀H₂₀O₂
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₈COOH
- Properties: Wh. to pale yel. crystals, unpleasant odor; sol. in org. solvs. incl. ethanol, alkalis; insol. in water; m.w. 172.27; dens. 0.8858 (40 C); m.p. 31.5 C; b.p. 270 C; acid no. 320-330; ref. index 1.4288 (40 C)
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (IV, mouse) 129 mg/kg; poison by IV route; skin irritant; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Esters for perfumes and flavors; base for wetting agents; emulsifier in cosmetics; intermediate for chemical synthesis, food-grade additives; plasticizer; resins; foods (defoamer, lubricant); pharmaceutical flavoring agent; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact paper/paperboard; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.860, 173.340, 175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3910; FEMA GRAS
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Ashland; Berje; Cognis/Chems. Group; Condor; Fluka; Grau Aromatics; Independent Chem.; Jarchem Ind.; Kraft Chem.; Penta Mfg.; Primachem; Procter & Gamble; Robeco; Sea-Land; Sigma; Uniqema N. Am.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Varsal Instruments

n-Capric acid. See Capric acid

- Capric acid diethanolamide. See Capramide DEA
- Capric alcohol. See Decyl alcohol

Caprinic acid. See Capric acid

Caprinic alcohol. See Decyl alcohol

Caprolactone acrylate monomer

- Formula: CH₂HOCOCH₂CH₂OCOCH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂OH Uses: Adhesion props. for UV and electron beam curing; as protective coating for metal, plastics, wood, and paper; as acrylic adhesive for metal, plastics, PC, acrylic sheet, and paper Trade Names: SR 495
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1-Caprylene. See Octene-1

Caprylic acid

- CAS 124-07-2; EINECS/ELINCS 204-677-5; FEMA 2799
- Synonyms: C-8 acid; n-Caprylic acid; 1-Heptanecarboxylic acid; Octanoic acid; n-Octanoic acid; Octic acid; Octoic acid; n-Octoic acid; n-Octylic acid
- Classification: Fatty acid
- Empirical: C₈H₁₆O₂
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₆COOH
- Properties: Colorless leaf or oily liq.; unpleasant odor; burning rancid taste; sol. in alkalis, ethanol, chloroform, ether, carbon disulfide, petrol. ether,

glac. acetic acid; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 144.21; dens. 0.91 (20/4 C); m.p. 16 C; b.p. 237.5 C; ref. index 1.4280

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 10,080 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 600 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IV route; mildly toxic by ing.; skin irritant; yields irritating vapors which can cause coughing; mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Mfg. of dyes, drugs, perfumes; antimicrobial agent; component of foodand pharmaceutical-grade additives; defoamer; flavoring agent; fragrance; lubricant; antimicrobial preservative in cheese wraps; plasticizer; emulsifier in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact paper/paperboard; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard

Use Level: Limitation 0.013% (baked goods), 0.04% (cheese), 0.005% (fats, oils, frozen dairy desserts, gelatins/puddings, meat prods., soft candy), 0.016% (snack foods), 0.001% (other food)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.860, 173.340, 175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3910, 184.1025, 186.1025, GRAS; GRAS as indirect additive; FEMA GRAS; BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: ADA Int'l.; Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Alfrebro; Ashland; Berje; Cognis/Chems. Group; Condor; Fluka; Grau Aromatics; Independent Chem.; Indofine; Jarchem Ind.; Kraft Chem.; Napp Tech.; Penta Mfg.; Primachem; Procter & Gamble; Robeco; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Uniqema N. Am.; Uniqema/Oleochems.; United Coconut Chem.; Varsal Instruments

n-Caprylic acid. See Caprylic acid

Caprylic acid, methyl ester. See Methyl caprylate

Caprylic, capric acid, propylene glycol diester. See Propylene glycol dicaprylate/dicaprate

Caprynic acid. See Capric acid

Captan

CAS 133-06-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-087-0

Synonyms: 1H-Isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 3a,4,7,7a-tetrahydro-2-((trichloromethyl) thio)-; 1,2,3,6-Tetrahydro-N-(trichloromethylthio) phthalimide; N-Trichloromethylmercapto-4-cyclohexene-1,2-dicarboximide; N-Trichloromethylthio-4-cyclohexene-1,2-dicarboximide; N-Trichloromethylthio-4-cyclohexene-1,2-dicarboximide; N-(Trichloromethylthio) cyclohex-4-ene-1,2-dicarboximide; N-Trichloromethylthiotetrahydrophthalimide

Classification: Organic compd.

Empirical: C₉H₈Cl₃NO₂S

- Properties: Crystal, odorless; pract. insol. in water; partly sol. in benzene, chloroform, tetrachloroethane; m.w. 300.59; dens. 1.74; m.p. 178 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 mg/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 9000 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., mouse, 2 h) 5000 mg/m³; LDLo (IP, rat) 25 mg/kg; poison by IP route; mod. toxic to humans by ing.; mod. toxic by inh.; irritant; tumorigen; experimental teratogen; questionable carcinogen; human mutation data; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of CI⁻, SO_x, and NO_x
- Uses: Seed treatment; fungicide, mildewcide, and bacteriostat in plants, plastics, solv.-based coatings, leather, fabrics, fruit preservation; plastics biostabilizer; gas odorant; antimicrobial preservative for topical pharmaceuticals; mold- and mildew-proofing agent in food-contact coatings; in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170; SARA reportable *Manuf./Distrib.*; R.T. Vanderbilt

Carbamic acid, butyl-3-iodo-2-propynyl ester. See lodopropynyl butylcarbamate

Carbamic acid, dimethyldithio-, anhydrosulfide. See Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide

Carbamic acid, dimethyldithio-, potassium salt, hydrate. See Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate

Carbamic acid, dimethyldithio-, zinc salt (2:1). See Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate

Carbamic acid, homopolymer, octadecyl-ethenyl ester. See Polyvinyl octadecyl carbamate

Carbamic acid, N-hydroxymethyl-n-methyldithio-, potassium salt. See Potassium N-hydroxymethyl-N-methyldithiocarbamate

Carbamide. See Urea

Carbamide resin. See Urea

Carbamidic acid. See Urea

Carbamimidic acid. See Urea

- Carbamodithioic acid, cyano-, disodium salt. See Disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate
- Carbamodithioic acid, dimethyl-, potassium salt. See Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate
- Carbamodithioic acid, dimethyl-, sodium salt. See Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate

Carbamodithioic acid, N-methyl-N-hydroxymethyl-, potassium salt. See Potassium N-hydroxymethyl-N-methyldithiocarbamate

Carbazole violet. See Pigment violet 23

Carbendazim

CAS 10605-21-7; 63090-40-4; 63278-70-6; 83601-81-4; 105268-95-9; EINECS/ELINCS 234-232-0

Synonyms: BMC; MBC; 2-Benzimidazolecarbamic acid, methyl ester; 1H-Benzimidazol-2-ylcarbamic acid methyl ester; 1H-Benzimidazole-2-yl methyl carbamate; N-2-(Benzimidazolyl) carbamate; Carbendazol; 2-(Methoxycarbonylamino) benzimidazol; 2-(Methoxycarbonylamino) benzimidazole; Methyl 2-benzimidazolecarbamate; Methyl benzimidazole-2yl carbamate; Methyl benzimidazol-2-yl carbamate; 2-(Methyloxycarbonylamino) benzimidazole

Empirical: C₉H₈N₃O₂

- Properties: Nearly wh. powd.; odorless; sol. in DMF: sl. sol. in most solvs.; sol. < 1 g/100 g in xylene, cyclohexanone; m.w. 190.18; m.p. 302-307 C (dec.)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 6400 mg/kg, (skin, rat) 2 g/kg, (IP, rat) 1720 mg/ kg; mod. toxic by skin contact, mildly toxic by ing. and IP routes; experimental teratogen, reproductive effector; mutagen; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Environmental: Aquatic LC50 (carp, 96 h) 4 mg/l, (rainbow trout, 96 h) 2.3 mg/l; avian LD50 (oral, Japanese quail) 10,996 mg/kg; nontoxic to bees *Precaution:* Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x

Uses: Systemic fungicide; pesticide; biocide for preservatives

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; BASF/Agri; Gilmore; Helm AG; Hoechst Schering AgrEvo

Trade Names: Protectol® BCM; Protectol® BCM-FL

Carbendazol. See Carbendazim

Carbinol. See Methyl alcohol

'Carbitol'. See Ethoxydiglycol

'Carbolic acid'. See Phenol

Carbomer

- CAS 9003-01-4 (generic); 9007-16-3 (generic); 9007-17-4 (generic); 9007-20-9; 9062-04-8; 54182-57-9; 76050-42-5
- Synonyms: Acrylic acid, polymer with sucrose-polyallyl ether; Carboxypolymethylene
- Definition: Homopolymer of acrylic acid crosslinked with an allyl ether of pentaerythritol or an allyl ether of sucrose

Properties: Wh. fluffy powd., odorless; dens. 1.41; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 4100 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ingestion; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Emulsifier; thickener; stabilizer; suspending agent; for lubricating, quenching and silicone emulsions; graphite; polyethylene; fiber and paper suspensions; textile backcoatings; pharmaceuticals; emulsion stabilizer, visc. control agent in cosmetics; solvent thickener for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings

Use Level: 0.4% (suspending agent), 0.5-5% (aq. ointment base)

Regulatory: FDA approved for orals, rectals, topicals; BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Trade Names: Acritamer® 501E; Acritamer® 504E; Carbopol® 2984; Carbopol® 5984

Trade Names Containing: Foambreaker

Carbomer 910

CAS 9003-01-4 (generic)

Definition: Polymer of acrylic acid crosslinked with allyl ether of pentaerythritol

Properties: Wh. fluffy powd., sl. char. odor; when neutralized with alkali

hydroxides or with amines, dissolves in water, alcohol, and glycerin; m.w. nominally 750,000; visc. 3000-7000 cps (1% ag. disp.); pH 3 (1% disp.); anionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Suspending agent, thickener for pharmaceuticals; emulsifier; thickener; stabilizer; suspending agent

Regulatory: USP/NF compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Trade Names: Carbopol® 910

Carbomer 934

CAS 9003-01-4 (generic); 9007-16-3 (generic)

- Definition: Polymer of acrylic acid crosslinked with allyl ether of sucrose Properties: Wh. fluffy powd., sl. char. odor; when neutralized with alkali hydroxides or with amines, dissolves in water, alcohol, and glycerin; m.w. nominally 3,000,000; visc. 30,500-39,400 cps (0.5% aq. disp.); pH 3 (1% disp.); anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 4100 mg/kg, (oral, mouse) 4550 mg/kg; TSCA listed

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Thickener, suspending agent, dispersant, emulsifier for pharmaceuticals

Regulatory: FDA approved for orals, rectals, topicals; USP/NF compliance Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Sigma

Trade Names: Carbopol® 934

Carbomer 940

CAS 9003-01-4 (generic); 9007-17-4 (generic)

- Definition: Polymer of acrylic acid crosslinked with allyl ether of pentaerythrito
- Properties: Wh. fluffy powd., sl. char. odor; when neutralized with alkali hydroxides or with amines, dissolves in water, alcohol, and glycerin; m.w. nominally 4,000,000; visc. 40,000-60,000 cps (0.5% aq. disp.); pH 3 (1% disp.); anionic

Toxicology: No known toxicity; TSCA listed

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Thickener, suspending agent, dispersant, emulsifier for pharmaceuticals

Regulatory: FDA approved for ophthalmics, topicals; USP/NF compliance Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Trade Names: Carbopol® 940; Carbopol® 980

Carbomer 941

CAS 9003-01-4 (generic)

Definition: Polymer of acrylic acid crosslinked with allyl ether of pentaerythrito

Properties: Wh. fluffy powd., sl. char. odor; when neutralized with alkali hydroxides or with amines, dissolves in water, alcohol, and glycerin; m.w. nominally 1,250,000; visc. 4000-11,000 cps (0.5% aq. disp.); pH 3 (1% disp.); anionic

Toxicology: No known toxicity; TSCA listed

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Thickener, suspending agent, dispersant, emulsifier for pharmaceuticals

Regulatory: FDA approved for topicals; USP/NF compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Trade Names: Carbopol® 941; Carbopol® 971P; Carbopol® 981

Carbomer 934P

CAS 9003-01-4 (generic)

Synonyms: Carpolene

- Definition: Polymer of acrylic acid crosslinked with allyl ether of sucrose Properties: Wh. fluffy powd., sl. char. odor; when neutralized with alkali
- hydroxides or with amines, dissolves in water, alcohol, and glycerin; m.w. nominally 3,000,000; visc. 29,400-39,400 cps (0.5% aq. disp.); pH 3 (1% disp.); anionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Emulsifier, suspending agent, thickener for pharmaceuticals Regulatory: USP/NF compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; BFGoodrich; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods. Trade Names: Carbopol® 934P; Carbopol® 974P

Carbon, activated

- CAS 7440-44-0; 16291-96-6; 64365-11-3; EINECS/ELINCS 231-153-3; UN No. NA 1361 (DOT), 1362 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Activated carbon; Activated charcoal; Active carbon; CI 77265; Charcoal, activated; Decolorizing carbon; Graphite; Pigment black 10

Definition: The residue from the destructive distillation of various org. materials, treated to increase its adsorptive power

Empirical: C

- Properties: Black porous solid, coarse gran., or powd.; odorless; tasteless; insol. in water, org. solvs.; m.w. 12.01; dens. 0.08-0.5
- Toxicology: Toxic by inh. of dust; dust irritant, esp. to eyes and mucous membranes; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm. solid; DOT: spontaneously combustible; dust is flamm. and explosive when exposed to heat, flame, or oxides

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Adsorbent; clarifying, deodorizing, decolorizing, filtering, dechlorination for air, water and wastewater treatment; solvent recovery; SO₂ removal from stack gases and clean rooms; decolorizing, taste/odor control agent in food processing; brewing; removal of jet fumes from airports; catalyst/ natural gas purification; chromium electroplating; air conditioning; refining of pharmaceutical chemicals; car catalytic converters; in medicine as antidote, adsorptive; in diarrheal prods.; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers
- Use Level: Limitation 0.9% (wine), 0.25% (pale dry sherry), 0.4% (red and blk. grape juice); ADI not specified (FAO/WHO)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1210, 240.361, 240.365, 240.401, 240.405, 240.527, 240.527a, GRAS; BATF 27CFR §240.1051; USDA 9CFR §318.7; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Asbury Carbons; Atofina; Calgon Carbon; Carbochem; Ceca SA; Fluka; Harcros; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Melchemie bv; Norit Am.; O.C. Lugo; Pica SA; ProSciTech; Reade Advanced Materials; Ruger; Sigma; Špectrum Quality Prods.; Süd-Chemie Inc; Westvaco Trade Names: Actitex®

Carbonate magnesium. See Magnesium carbonate

Carbon black

- CAS 1333-86-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-609-9
- Synonyms: Acetylene black; Carbon black acetylene; Channel black; Charcoal; CI 77266; Furnace black; Lamp black; Oil-furnace black; Pigment black 6; Pigment black 7; Thermal acetylene black; Thermal atomic black; Thermal black; Vegetable carbon

Definition: Finely divided particles of elemental carbon obtained by incomplete combustion of hydrocarbons (channel or impingement process)

Properties: Insol. in water, ethanol, veg. oil

- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 3.5 mg/m³; TCLo (inh., rat, 6 h) 50 mg/m³; TLV 3.5 mg/m³; low toxicity by ingestion, inhalation, and skin contact; nuisance dust in high concs.; suspected carcinogen; tumorigen, mutagen; TSCA listed
- Uses: Conductive colorant, filler, reinforcing agent in plastics; antistat; opacifier; in tire treads; belt covers; abrasion-resistant rubber prods.; leather; UV light absorber; colorant for paints, printing inks, carbon paper, typewriter ribbons; dye for paper; stove polish; phonograph records; nucleating agent in weather modification; battery electrodes; expander in battery plates; solar-energy absorber; antioxidant for rubber and latex; color additive, purification agent in food processing; colorant in food-contact polymers (channel process); in polymer systems for food contact (channel process); filler in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use (channel or furnace process)
- Regulatory: Banned by U.S. FDA; channel carbon black: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1650, 177.2400, 177.2600, 178.3297; may be used in foods for the European community; UK approved
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akrochem; Akzo Nobel; Alfa Chem; Ameripol Synpol; Archway Sales; Asbury Carbons; BASF; BFGoodrich Hilton Davis; Cabot/ Cab-O-Sil; Chem-Materials; Columbian Chems.; Continental Carbon; D.N. Lukens; Degussa-Hüls; Elementis Spec. Colorants/Addit.; Engelhard; Engineered Carbons; Exxon; Heucotech Ltd; J.M. Huber/Chems.; Landers-Segal Color; R.T. Vanderbilt; Reade Advanced Materials; Royale Pigments & Chems.; San Yuan; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tamms Ind.; Tiarco; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels; Zeochem
- Trade Names: Black Pearls® 430; Black Pearls® 450; Black Pearls® L; Continex® LH-10; Continex® N351; Mogul® L; Ponolith™ Fast Black P Lig.; Ponolith[™] Supra Black B Lig.; Printex[®] XE 2; Raven[®] H2O;

Regal[®] 99I; Regal[®] 99R; Regal[®] 300R; Regal[®] 330; Regal[®] 330R; Regal® 400; Regal® 400R; Regal® SRF-S; Sterling® R Trade Names Containing: T-1133A; T-2005A; T-9087A

Carbon black acetylene. See Carbon black

Carbon dioxide

- CAS 124-38-9; EINECS/ELINCS 204-696-9; UN No. 1013 (DOT), 1015 (DOT), 1041 (DOT), 1845 (DOT), 1952 (DOT), 2187 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Carbonic acid anhydride; Carbonic acid gas; Carbonic anhydride; Dry ice
- Classification: Gas

Empirical: CO₂

- Properties: Colorless gas; odorless; sol. 1 vol. dissolves in about 1 vol. of water; m.w. 44.01; m.p. subl. @ -78.5 C; nonflamm.
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 5000 ppm; STEL 30,000 ppm; LCLo, (inh., human, 1 min) 10 pph; asphyxiant at > 10%; skin contact can cause burns; experimental teratogen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Various dusts explode in CO₂ atmospheres; several bulk metals will burn in CO₂; reacts vigorously with various chems.; incompat. with acrylaldehyde, aziridine, metal acetylides, sodium peroxide
- Uses: Refrigeration; aerosol propellant; chemical intermediate; fire extinguishing; inert atmospheres; medicine; oil wells; mining; blowing agent; municipal water treatment; precipitant for waste stream treatment; pH control; silica activation; recarbonation in water softening; propellant in cosmetics; food additive, preservative, aerating agent, carbonation, cooling agent, leavening agent, pH control agent, processing aid, propellant, carbonated beverages; air displacement in pharmaceutical inhalants
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §169.115, 169.140, 169.150, 184.120, GRAS, 193.45 (modified atm. for pest control); USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; BATF 27CFR 240.1051; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for inhalants; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Air Liquide Am.; Air Prods.; Aldrich; BOC Gases; Carbonic Ind.; Great Western; MG Ind.; Nissan Chem. Ind.; Norsk Hydro AS; Nova Ltd; Praxair; Scott Spec. Gases; Showa Denko Trade Names Containing: MS-122DF

Carbonic acid anhydride. See Carbon dioxide

- Carbonic acid barium salt. See Barium carbonate
- Carbonic acid calcium salt. See Calcium monocarbonate; Whiting
- Carbonic acid calcium salt (1:1). See Calcium monocarbonate
- Carbonic acid, cyclic propylene ester. See Propylene carbonate
- Carbonic acid disodium salt. See Sodium carbonate
- Carbonic acid gas. See Carbon dioxide
- Carbonic acid magnesium salt. See Magnesium carbonate
- Carbonic acid magnesium salt (1:1). See Magnesium carbonate
- Carbonic acid magnesium salt (2:1). See Magnesium carbonate
- Carbonic acid monosodium salt. See Sodium bicarbonate

Carbonic acid, 1,2-propylene glycol ester. See Propylene carbonate

- Carbonic acid, zinc salt (1:1). See Zinc carbonate
- Carbonic anhydride. See Carbon dioxide
- 4,4 Carbonimidoylbis (N,N-dimethylbenzenamine monohydrochloride. See Basic yellow 2

Carbon tetraboride. See Boron carbide

Carbonyl diamide. See Urea

Carbonyldiamine. See Urea

1,3-Carbonyl dioxypropane. See Propylene carbonate

Carbothialdine. See 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2-thione Carboxide. See Calcium hydroxide

- 3-Carboxy-4-hydroxybenzenesulfonic acid. See 5-Sulfosalicylic acid
- 3-Carboxy-4-hydroxybenzenesulfonic acid, dihydrate. See 5-Sulfosalicylic acid dihydrate
- 3-Carboxy-5-hydroxy-1-p-sulfophenyl-4-p-sulfophenylazopyrazole trisodium salt. See Tartrazine

Carboxylated styrene butadiene

Synonyms: Carboxylated styrene-butadiene copolymer

- Uses: Nonwoven binder for textiles; in interior vapor barrier primer sealers and flat wall paint; binder for paper coatings; food-pkg. adhesives/paper Trade Names: GenFlo® 557; GenFlo® 559; GenFlo® 576; Hitex-S103;
- Hitex-S107; Hitex-S108; Hitex-S301; Rovene® 4100; Rovene® 4106; Rovene® 4112; Rovene® 4305; Rovene® 4402; Rovene® 5005; Styronal[™] BN 4204; Styronal[™] BN 4606X; Styronal[™] ND 430;

Styronal[™] ND 656; Styronal[™] ND 810; Styronal[™] ND 834; Styronal[™] NX 4515 X; Tychem® 68710-00; Tylac® 68219-00

Carboxylated styrene-butadiene-acrylonitrile

Uses: Latex in papermaking; binder for printing papers Trade Names: GenCryl® 9705; GenCryl® 9715

Carboxylated styrene-butadiene copolymer. See Carboxylated styrene butadiene

Carboxylic acid C₁₀. See Capric acid

Carboxylic acid C₁₈. See Stearic acid

Carboxymethylcellulose. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium

Carboxymethylcellulose sodium

- CAS 9004-32-4; EINECS/ELINCS 265-995-8
 - Synonyms: CMC; NaCMC; SCMC; Carboxymethylcellulose; Carboxymethylcellulose, sodium salt; Carboxymethyl ether cellulose sodium salt; Carmellose sodium; Cellulose carboxymethyl ether; Cellulose carboxymethyl ether sodium salt; Cellulose glycolic acid sodium salt; Cellulose gum; Cellulose, polyanionic; Cellulose sodium glycolate; CMC sodium salt; Sodium carboxymethylcellulose; Sodium cellulose glycolate; Sodium CMC; Sodium CM-cellulose

Classification: Synthetic cellulose gum

Definition: Sodium salt of the polycarboxymethyl ether of cellulose Formula: RnOCH2COONa

- Properties: Colorless or wh. powd. or gran., odorless; water sol. depends on degree of substitution; insol. in org. liqs.; m.w. 21,000-500,000; visc. various; m.p. > 300 C; pH 6.5-8.5 (1%); anionic *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 27,000 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., 4 h, rat) > 5800 mg/m³;
- mildly toxic by ing.; questionable carcinogen; experimental reproductive effects, neoplastigenic data; tumorigen; migrates to food from pkg. materials: TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Viscosifier/fluid loss agent in drilling muds; in detergents as soilsuspending agent; in emulsion paints; adhesives; inks; textile sizes; protective colloid in paints, inks; binder in paper coatings; in rubber industry; dry-str. additive in paper; flotation depressant; thickener in cosmetics, printing dyes; binder, emulsion stabilizer, film-former in cosmetics; weakly acidic ion-exchange resins; food stabilizer, binder, thickener, extender, boiler water additive; in pharmaceuticals as suspending agent, excipient, viscosity modifier; dispersant; emulsifier; in food-pkg. adhesives

Use Level: ADI 0-25 mg/kg (FAO/WHO)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.134, 133.178, 133.179, 150.141, 150.161, 173.310, 175.105, 175.300, 182.70, 182.1745, GRAS; USDA 9CFR 318.7, limitation 1.5%, must be added dry; 9CFR 381.147; Japan restricted (2% max.); Europe listed; UK approved; approved for dentals, injectables, orals, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Browning; CarboMer; FMC; Fabrichem; Fluka; Hercules/Aqualon; J.W.S. Delavau; Ruger; Sigma; Sinochem Tianjin; Spectrum Quality Prods.
- Trade Names: Aqualon® CMC-T; Tylose® C, CB Series; Tylose® CBR Grades; Tylose® C-G1; Tylose® CR

Carboxymethylcellulose, sodium salt. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium

Carboxymethyl corn starch

Uses: Visc. builder and water retention aid in aq. pigment coatings, paper coatings

Trade Names: Vandrox® 184

- N-(Carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-1-hexadecanaminium hydroxide, inner salt. See Cetyl betaine
- Carboxymethyl ether cellulose sodium salt. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium

Carboxymethyl guar

Uses: Thickener, suspending agent for personal care prods. Manuf./Distrib.: P.L. Thomas Trade Names: Jaguar® 8707

- (Carboxymethyl) hexadecyldimethylammonium hydroxide, inner salt. See Cetyl betaine
- N-(Carboxymethyl)-N⁻(2-hydroxyethyl)-N,N⁻ethylenedi-, trisodium salt.

See Trisodium HEDTA

Carboxymethyl hydroxypropyl guar

CAS 68130-15-4

Synonyms: Guar gum, carboxymethyl 2-hydroxypropyl ether, sodium salt Definition: Sodium salt of a propylene glycol ether of carboxymethyl guar Uses: Emulsion stabilizer, visc. control agent in cosmetics; thickener; suspending agent

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; P.L. Thomas Trade Names: Jaguar® 418

- N-Carboxymethyliminobis (ethylenenitrilo) tetra (acetic acid). See Pentetic acid
- N-(3-Carboxy-1-oxosulfopropi)-N-octadecyl-L-aspartic acid, tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl stearyl sulfosuccinamate
- 9-o-Carboxyphenyl-6-diethylamino-3-ethylimino-3-isoxanthene 3ethochloride. See Basic violet 10
- (9-(o-Carboxyphenyl)-6-(diethylamino)-3H-xanthen-3-ylidene) diethylammonium chloride. See Basic violet 10
- N-[9-Carboxyphenyl]-6-(diethylamino)-3H-xanthen-3-ylidene]-N-ethylethanaminium chloride. See Basic violet 10

Carboxypolymethylene. See Carbomer

Carmellose sodium. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium

Carnauba. See Carnauba (Copernica cerifera) wax

Carnauba (Copernica cerifera) wax

CAS 8015-86-9; EINECS/ÉLINCS 232-399-4

- Synonyms: Brazil wax; Carnauba; Carnauba wax; Cera carnauba; Copernica cerefera wax; Copernicia cerifera wax; Waxes, carnauba
- Definition: Wax obtained from leaves and leaf buds of the carnauba palm, Copernica cerifera
- Properties: Yel. greenish brown lumps, solid, char. odor; sol. in ether, alkalis, warm benzene, warm chloroform, toluene; sl. sol. in boiling alcohol; insol. in water; dens. 0.995 (15/15 C); m.p. 82-85.5 C; acid no. 2-7; sapon. no. 78-89; ref. index 1.4500

Toxicology: Essentially nontoxic; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Storage: Protect from light

- Uses: Leather finishes; varnishes; waterproofing; hardening candles; paraffin wax modifier; substitute for beeswax; plasticizer for dental compds.; barrier, emollient, film-former, stabilizer in cosmetics; film-former; slip agent, lubricant in paints; car/floor/furniture/shoe polish ingred.; carbon paper ingred.; foods (anticaking agent, candy glaze/polish, formulation aid, lubricant, release agent, surface-finishing agent); pharmaceutical coating agent; adjuvant in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.320, 184.1978, GRĂS; Japan approved; Europe listed (permitted only in chocolate prods.); UK approved; approved for orals, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur., JP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Allyson Enterprises; Bruchem; Charkit; Chemcor; Frank B. Ross; Hansotech; Koster Keunen; Maypro Ind.; Mitsui & Co. USA; Mutchler; Pangaea Sciences; Penta Mfg.; Ruger; Scheel; Serra Int'l. Trading; Shamrock Tech.; Sigma; Specialty Prods.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stevenson Cooper; Strahl & Pitsch; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Zetapharm
- Trade Names: Carnauba Wax SP 8; Carnauba Wax SP 59-2; Carnauba Wax SP 63; Carnauba Wax SP 63 NF; Carnauba Wax SP 64 (Extra Light); Carnauba Wax SP 135; Carnauba Wax SP 142; Carnauba Wax SP 200; Carnauba Wax Coarse; Carnauba Wax Fine; Carnauba Wax SP 147; Carnauba Wax Soft; Carnauba Wax Superfine; Koster Keunen Carnauba; Ross Carnauba Wax; Shamrock Hydrocer EC 98; Shamrock S-Nauba 5021

Carnauba wax. See Carnauba (Copernica cerifera) wax Carob bean gum. See Locust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) gum Carob flour. See Locust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) gum Carob gum. See Locust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) gum Carob gum. See Locust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) gum Carob gum. See Locust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) gum Caraob gum. See Cacust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) gum Caraob gum. See Cartageena Carrageena. See Carrageenan (Chondrus crispus) Carrageenan. See Carrageenan (Chondrus crispus) Carrageenan, calcium salt. See Calcium carrageenan Carrageenan, calcium (II) salt. See Calcium carrageenan

Carrageenan (Chondrus crispus)

CAS 9000-07-1; EINECS/ELINCS 232-524-2

- Synonyms: 3,6-Anhydro-d-galactan; Carrageen; Carrageenan; Carrageenan gum; Carrageenin; Carragheanin; Carraghennan; Chondrus; Gum carrageenan; Irish gum; Irish moss
- Classification: Sulfated polysaccharide
- Definition: Hydrocolloid obtained from various members of the Gigartinaceae or Solieriaceae families of the red seaweed, Rhodophyceae, consists of sulfite esters of galactose and 3,6-anhydrogalactose copolymers
- Properties: Yel. wh. powd., odorless, tasteless; sol. in hot water, hot conc. NaCl sol'n.; insol. in oils and org. solvs.
- Toxicology: LDLo (IV, rabbit) 5 mg/kg; poison by IV route; experimental tumorigen; suspected carcinogen; linked to ulcers in colon, fetal damage in test animals; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Emulsifier, binder, extender, stabilizer, thickener, gelling agent in food prods. (milk/dairy prods.), toothpaste, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; stabilizing aid in ice cream; protective colloid; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Use Level: 1-5%; ADI 75 mg/kg; 1-5%
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.133, 133.134, 133.162, 133.178.133.179, 136.110, 136.115, 136.130, 136.160, 136.180, 139.121, 139.122, 150.141, 150.161, 172.620, 172.623, 172.626, 176.170, 182.7255, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; Japan approved; JSCI, European listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals, topicals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AEP Colloids; Active Organics; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Ashland; Browning; CarboMer; Carrageenan Co.; Charkit; Chart; Colloides Naturels; Colony Ind.; Dastech Int'l.; FMC; Fabrichem; Frutarom Meer; Gumix Int'l.; Helm NY; Hercules/Aqualon; Nitta Gelatin NA; P.L. Thomas; Rambach; Rochem Int'l.; Sarcom; Schweizerhall; Seppic; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Spice King; TIC Gums; Tomen Am.; Toyota Tsusho Am.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; V.L. Clark

Carrageenan gum. See Carrageenan (Chondrus crispus) Carrageenan, potassium salt. See Potassium carrageenan Carrageenan, sodium salt. See Sodium carrageenan

Carrageenin. See Carrageenan (Chondrus crispus)

Carragheanin. See Carrageenan (Chondrus crispus)

Carraghennan. See Carrageenan (Chondrus crispus)

Carthamus tinctorius. See Safflower (Carthamus tinctorius) oil

Carthanus tinctorious oil. See Safflower (Carthamus tinctorius) oil

Casalis green. See Chromium oxide (ic)

Casein

CAS 9000-71-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-555-1

Synonyms: Milk protein, casein; Proteins, milk

Definition: Mixt. of phosphoproteins obtained from cow's milk

Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. in alkaline sol'ns.

Toxicology: Mild sensitive reactions in persons allergic to cow's milk; TSCA listed

Storage: Hygroscopic

- Uses: Dietary supplement; animal feed ingred.; food processing aid (Japan); cheesemaking; frozen desserts; migrating to food from paper/paperboard; pharmaceuticals (slow-release, microencapsulation); raw material for paints; plastic items; binder in paper coatings; adhesives; textile sizing/finishing agent; textile fibers; binder in foundry sands; protective colloid in emulsion polymerization; stabilizer in rosin paper sizes; antistat in cosmetics
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §166.110, 182.90, GRAS; Japan restricted; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aabbitt Adhesives; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allchem Ind.; Am. Biorganics; Am. Casein; Browning; Chemical; Fluka; Houghton Chem.; Int'l. Casein; Nat'l. Casein; Research Organics; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Trugman Nash; Ultra Additives See also Milk protein

Casein, ammonium salt. See Ammonium caseinate Casein-sodium. See Sodium caseinate Casein-sodium complex. See Sodium caseinate Casein sodium salt. See Sodium caseinate Caseins, sodium complexes. See Sodium caseinate Castor oil. See Castor (Ricinus communis) oil Castor oil acid, methyl ester. See Methyl ricinoleate Castor oil aromatic. See Castor (Ricinus communis) oil Castor oil ethoxylate. See PEG castor oil Castor oil, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated castor oil Castor oil, hydrogenated, ethoxylated. See PEG hydrogenated castor oil Castor oil, polyoxyethylated (42 moles EO). See PEG-42 castor oil Castor oil, potassium salt. See Potassium castorate Castor oil sulfated. See Sodium castorate Castor oil sulfated. See Sulfated castor oil Castor oil, sulfated, ammonium salt. See Ammonium castor oil sulfate Castor oil, sulfated, potassium salt. See Potassium castor oil sulfate Castor oil, sulfated, potassium salt. See Potassium castor oil sulfate Castor oil, sulfated, potassium salt. See Codium castor oil sulfate Castor oil, sulfated, potassium salt. See Codium castor oil sulfate Castor oil, sulfated, sodium salt. See Sodium castor oil sulfate Castor oil, sulfated, sodium salt. See Sodium castor oil sulfate

Castor oil triglycerides

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Castor (Ricinus communis) oil

CAS 1323-38-2; 8001-79-4; EINECS/ELINCS 232-293-8; FEMA 2263

Synonyms: Castor oil; Aromatic castor oil; Castor oil aromatic; Ricinus oil; Aceite de ricino; Huile de ricini; Oleum ricini; Ricini oleum; Oil of Palma Christi; Ricinus communis oil; Tangantangan oil

Classification: Vegetable oil

Definition: Fixed oil obtained from seeds of Ricinus communis

- Properties: Colorless to pale yel. viscous oily liq., char. odor; sol. in alcohol; misc. with glac. acetic acid, chloroform, ether; negligible sol. in water; dens. 0.961; m.p. -12 C; b.p. 313 C; acid no. < 4; iodine no. 83-88; sapon. no. 176-187; hyd. no. 160-168; flash pt. 230 C; ref. index 1.478; surf. tens. 39 dynes/cm (20 C)
- Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion; allergen; eye irritant; mild skin irritant; mist may cause sl. irritation of nose and throat; purgative, laxative in large doses; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible when exposed to heat; spontaneous heating may occur; incompat. with acids and bases (hydrolysis can occur), strong oxidizing agents (increased fire hazard)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: @ 340-400 C, pyrolysis occurs yielding heptaldehyde and undecylenic acids; further decomp. yields CO, CO₂, possibly acrolein

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight; avoid generating mist
- Uses: Plasticizer in lacquers, nitrocellulose, inks; PU coatings; drying oil; hydraulic fluids; in mfg. of Turkey red oil, soaps; leather treatment; surfactants; lubricant (metal drawing, machine lubrication, engine fuels); emollient in cosmetics; rubber preservative; food additive (emulsifier, stabilizer, foamer, antisticking agent, release agent, drying oil, flavoring); component of protective coatings; pharmaceutical vehicle, plasticizer, solvent, cosolvent; embalming fluids; laxative; drying oil in food-contact coatings; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; in food-contact textiles, paper; in lubricants for incidental food-contact use; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Use Level: 500 ppm max. (finished foods), 500 ppm max. (hard candy); 0.08-23 mg (solid oral dosage forms); 5-12.5% (topicals)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 172.510, 172.876, 175.300, 176.210, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3120, 178.3570, 178.3910, 181.22, 181.26, 181.28; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for injectables, orals, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur., JP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Actrachem; Air Prods.; Aldrich; Alzo; Am. Oil & Supply; Amber Syn.; Arista Ind.; Ashland; CasChem; Costec; Dastech Int'l.; Degen; Fanning; Fluka; George Uhe; Harcros; Indofine; J.H. Calo; Lanaetex Prods.; Lipo; Norman, Fox; Penta Mfg.; RTD; Rhodia HPCII; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stevenson Cooper; Süd-Chemie AG; Thornley; Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Van Waters & Rogers; Vliengenthart BV; Welch, Holme & Clark; Zeochem

Castorwax. See Hydrogenated castor oil Catechol. See Pyrocatechol Caustic lime. See Calcium hydroxide Caustic soda. See Sodium hydroxide (C16-C18) alkyl alcohol ethoxylate. See Ceteareth (C16-C18) fatty alcohol, ethylene oxide reaction prod. See Ceteareth

C8, C12 olefin polymer, hydrogenated

- CAS 163149-29-9
 - Classification: Olefin polymer, hydrogenated
 - Trade Names Containing: Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 100; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 150; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 220; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 320; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 460

Cellaburate. See Cellulose acetate butyrate

Celloidin. See Nitrocellulose

Cellophane

- CAS 9006-02-4; 61788-77-0; EINECS/ELINCS 270-493-7
- Synonyms: Cellulose, regenerated; Rayon; Rayon flock; Regenerated cellulose; Viscose rayon

Definition: Syn. fibers and filaments composed of regenerated cellulose Formula: $(C_6H_{10}O_5)_n$

- Properties: Transparent film or fiber; dens. 1.51 kg/l; strong, flexible; resist. to grease, oil, air
- *Toxicology:* TDLo (implant, rat) 18 mg/kg; tumorigen
- Environmental: Environmentally friendly; biodegradable
- Precaution: Flamm.; mod. fire risk; untreated film loses str. @ 149 C and dec. @ 176-204 C on exposure to heat; non-self-extinguishing
- Uses: Wrapping film or protective pkg. for fabricated articles, industrial applics., food, tobacco prods.; cellulose sponges; textile fibers; visc. control agent in cosmetics; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1200

Cellulase

- CAS 9012-54-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-734-4
- *Classification:* Enzyme complex
- Definition: Derived from Aspergillus niger
- *Properties:* Off-wh. powd.; m.w. \approx 31,000
- Toxicology: May cause respiratory allergy in susceptible individuals, mild skin or irritation on prolonged or direct contact
- Storage: Refrigerate; hygroscopic; keep under argon
- Uses: Enzyme; digestive aid in medicine and brewing industry; aids bacteria in the hydrolysis of cellulose; paper size and coatings; textile desizing; starch adhesives; cleaning starch processing equip.
- Regulatory: FDA 21C FR §173.120, GRAS; UK, Japan approved
- Manuf./Distrib.: Enzyme Development; Fluka; Schweizerhall; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Celluloid. See Nitrocellulose

Cellulose

- CAS 9004-34-6; 65996-61-4; EINECS/ELINCS 232-674-9
- Synonyms: α-Amylose; α-Cellulose; Cellulose crystalline; Cellulose gel; Cellulose powder; Cellulose, powdered; Cellulose pulp; Cotton fiber; Crystalline cellulose; Hydroxycellulose; Powdered cellulose; Pyrocellulose; Wood pulp, bleached

Definition: Natural polysaccharide derived from plant fibers

- Properties: Colorless to wh. solid, odorless; sl. sol. in sodium hydroxide sol'n.; insol. in water, dil. acids, and org. solvs.; m.w. 160,000-560,000; dens. ≈ 1.5
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (total dust); nuisance dust; cannot be digested by humans; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Fibers: reinforcing filler, visc./sag control for textile, paper, rubber, plastics, coatings, grouts; for mfg. of nitrocellulose, cellulose acetate, etc.; in chromatography; as ion exchange material; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; absorbent, opacifier, visc. control agent in cosmetics; microcrystalline: as binder-disintegrants in pharmaceutical tableting; colloidal: stabilizer, emulsifier, thickener, dispersant, anticaking agent, binding agent in foods
- Use Level: ADI not specified; 5-20% (tablet binders, disintegrants), 30% (capsule diluent)
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §177.2260; GRAS; Europe listed; use in baby foods not permitted in UK; FDA approved for buccals, dentals, orals; powdered USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur., JP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Am. Fillers & Abrasives; CarboMer; Celite; Degussa-Hüls; Eastman; FMC; Fluka; Hercules Ltd; NB Entre-

preneurs; Penwest Pharmaceuticals; Reed; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.S. Synthetics; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

α-Cellulose. See Cellulose

Cellulose acetate

CAS 9004-35-7

Synonyms: CA; Acetate cotton; Acetate ester of cellulose; Acetic acid, cellulose ester; Acetose; Acetylcellulose; Cellulose, acetate; Cellulose 2,5acetate; Cellulose acetate ester; Cellulose, 2,5-diacetate; Cellulose monoacetate; Cellulose, triacetate; Monoacetylcellulose; Secondary cellulose acetate

Classification: Cellulosics; thermoplastic resin

- Properties: Triacetate insol. in water, alcohol, ether, sol. in glacial acetic acid; tetraacetate insol. in water, alcohol, ether, glacial acetic acid, methanol; pentaacetate insol. in water, sol. in alcohol; m.w. ≈ 37,000; dens. 1.300
- Uses: Mfg. of rubber and celluloid substitutes; nonflamm. photographic and cinema films; airplane dopes; varnishes; lacquers; waterproofing and sizing for textiles; textile fibers; coating skins; insulating elec. wires; acetate fiber; transparent sheeting and household goods; thermoplastic molding composition; cigarette filters; magnetic tapes; osmotic cell membranes; migrating to food from paper/paperboard; polymer membrane, coating agent for pharmaceuticals; film-former in cosmetics; in food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 182.90, GRAS; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; CarboMer; Celanese; Eastman; FMC; Fluka; Kingsfield; Rotuba Extruders; Scientific Adsorbents; Sigma

Trade Names: CA-394-60S; CA-398-3; CA-398-6; CA-398-10; CA-398-30

Cellulose, acetate. See Cellulose acetate

Cellulose 2,5-acetate. See Cellulose acetate

Cellulose, acetate butanoate. See Cellulose acetate butyrate

Cellulose acetate butyrate

CAS 9004-36-8

Synonyms: CAB; Cellaburate; Cellulose, acetate butanoate; Cellulose acetobutyrate

Classification: Thermoplastic resin

- Definition: Butyric acid ester of a partially acetylated cellulose
- Properties: Wh. pellets or gran.; sol. in ketones, org. acetates, lactates, methylene, ethylene, and propylene chlorides, high-boiling solvs.; dens. 1.250; exc. weathering props.; high dielec. str.; high resist. to oil and grease; high transparency

Precaution: Combustible

Uses: Thermoplastic for automotive, tool, building, furniture industries, domestic appliances, lighting, elec., radio, and TV industries, optical, photographic film, stationery, toys, toiletries, pkg. applics., protective coatings, printing inks, lacquers; molding compositions; pipe coatings; film and sheet; taillight lenses; water desalination membranes piping and tubing; hydrometers; excipient for formulation of drug-loaded microparticles; filmformer in cosmetics, coatings, adhesives; in food-pkg. adhesives; in hotmelt strippable food coatings; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.230, 175.300, 177.1200

- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Bencorp Int'l.; Eastman; FMC; KIC Chems.; Sigma; Van Waters & Rogers; Whitfield Chem. Ltd
- *Trade Names:* CAB-171-15; CAB-321-0.1; CAB-381-0.1; CAB-381-0.5; CAB-381-2; CAB-381-2BP; CAB-381-20; CAB 500-1; CAB-500-5; CAB-531-1; CAB-551-0.01; CAB-551-0.2; CAB-553-0.4

Cellulose acetate ester. See Cellulose acetate

Cellulose, acetate propanoate. See Cellulose acetate propionate

Cellulose acetate propionate

CAS 9004-39-1

Synonyms: CAP; CP; Cellulose, acetate propanoate; Cellulose acetate propionate ester; Cellulose acetopropionate; Cellulose propionate Classification: Thermoplestic

Classification: Thermoplastic

Definition: Propionic acid ester of a partially acetylated cellulose

Properties: Dens. 1.18-1.23 kg/l; high transparency; scratch resist.; tough Uses: Thermoplastic for automotive, tool, building, furniture industries, domestic appliances, lighting, elec., radio, and TV industries, optical, photographic, stationery, toy, toiletries, and pkg. applics.; paints; printing inks; paper and cloth coatings; lacquer resin; film-former in cosmetics, inks, coatings, polishes; in food-pkg. adhesives; excipient for pharmaceuticals; in hot-melt strippable food coatings; in cellophane for food pkg. *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.230, 175.300, 177.1200 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Eastman; SAF Bulk Chems. *Trade Names:* CAP-482-0.5; CAP-482-20; CAP-504-0.2

Cellulose acetate propionate ester. See Cellulose acetate propionate Cellulose acetobutyrate. See Cellulose acetate butyrate Cellulose acetopropionate. See Cellulose acetate propionate Cellulose carboxymethyl ether. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium Cellulose carboxymethyl ether sodium salt. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium Cellulose crystalline. See Cellulose Cellulose, 2,5-diacetate. See Cellulose acetate Cellulose gel. See Cellulose Cellulose glycolic acid sodium salt. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium Cellulose gum. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium Cellulose hydroxyethylate. See Hydroxyethylcellulose Cellulose hydroxyethyl ether. See Hydroxyethylcellulose Cellulose, 2-hydroxyethyl ether. See Hydroxyethylcellulose Cellulose, 2-hydroxypropyl ether. See Hydroxypropylcellulose Cellulose methyl. See Methylcellulose Cellulose methylate. See Methylcellulose Cellulose methyl ether. See Methylcellulose Cellulose monoacetate. See Cellulose acetate Cellulose nitrate. See Nitrocellulose Cellulose, polyanionic. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium Cellulose powder. See Cellulose Cellulose, powdered. See Cellulose Cellulose propionate. See Cellulose acetate propionate Cellulose pulp. See Cellulose Cellulose, regenerated. See Cellophane Cellulose sodium glycolate. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium Cellulose tetranitrate. See Nitrocellulose Cellulose, triacetate. See Cellulose acetate Cera alba. See Beeswax Cera carnauba. See Carnauba (Copernica cerifera) wax Cera microcristallina. See Microcrystalline wax Ceratonia. See Locust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) gum Ceratonia siliqua. See Locust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) gum

Ceratonia siliqua gum. *See* Locust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) gum

Ceresin

CAS 8001-75-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-290-1

- Synonyms: Cerin; Ceresine; Ceresine wax; Ceresin wax; Earth wax; Mineral wax; White ceresin wax; White ozokerite wax
- Definition: Waxy mixture of hydrocarbons obtained by purification of ozokerite
- Properties: Wh. or yel. waxy cake; tasteless; odorless (wh.), sl. odor (yel.); sol. in benzene, chloroform, naphtha, hot oils, petrol. ether, 30 parts abs. alcohol, most org. solvs.; insol. in water; dens. 0.92-0.94; m.p. 68-72 C *Toxicology*: May cause allergic reactions; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Uses: Candles; wax figures; sizing; bottles for hydrofluoric acid; antifouling paints; waterproofing textiles; substitute for beeswax; dental wax compds.; rubber compounding; elec. insulation; waxed paper and cloth; coating wax (pkg., textiles); heat-seal/hot melt flow additive; in food-pkg. adhesives; wood/shoe/leather/car polish ingred.; antistat, binder, emulsion stabilizer, opacifier, visc. control agent; gellant; stabilizer; thickener in pharmaceutical protective creams

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105

Manuf./Distrib.: Allyson Enterprises; Frank B. Ross; Hansotech; Koster Keunen; Ruger; Scheel; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stevenson Cooper; Strahl & Pitsch; Universal Preserv-A-Chem

Trade Names: Koster Keunen Ceresine; Ross Ceresine Wax *See also* Ozokerite

Ceresine. See Ceresin Ceresine wax. See Ceresin Ceresin wax. See Ceresin Cerin. See Ceresin

Ceteareth

CAS 68439-49-6 (generic)

- Synonyms: Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated; Aliphatic (C16-C18) alcohol, ethoxylated; (C16-C18) alkyl alcohol ethoxylate; Cetomacrogolum; Cetylstearyl alcohol ethoxylates; (C16-C18) fatty alcohol, ethylene oxide reaction prod.; Ethoxylated fatty alcohols (C16-18); Polyoxyl cetostearyl ether
- Definition: PEG ether of cetearyl alcohol
- *Formula:* $R(CH_2CH_2O)_nOH$, R = cetylstearyl, n = 3-100

Properties: Soft solids; nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1260 mg/kg; LDLo (rabbit, skin) 1260 mg/kg; primary irritant; mod. skin and eye irritant; may cause changes to respiration, GI, liver, and food intake (animal)
- Uses: Emulsifier for fatty amines, amides, oils, solvs., waxes; antistat, lubricant for wool carding, textile spin finishes; lubricant for hydrophobic fibers; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard

Trade Names: Serdox® NKL 6; Surfonic® L68-18

Ceteareth-2

CAS 68439-49-6 (generic)

- Synonyms: PEG-2 cetyl/stearyl ether; PEG 100 cetyl/stearyl ether; POE (2) cetyl/stearyl ether
- Definition: PEG ether of cetearyl alcohol
- Formula: R(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, R = blend of cetyl and stearyl radicals, avg. n = 2
- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Detergent, emollient, wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant, solubilizer, and coupling agent for cosmetics, textiles, metalworking lubricants, household prods., and industrial applics.
- Trade Names: Volpo CS2

Ceteareth-5

CAS 68439-49-6 (generic)

- Synonyms: PEG-5 cetyl/stearyl ether; POE (5) cetyl/stearyl ether
- Definition: PEG ether of cetearyl alcohol
- Formula: $R(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, R = blend of cetyl and stearyl radicals, avg. n = 5
- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, leveling agent, gellant in personal care prods., wax, oil and textiles, scouring agents, dyes, household formulations, silicone emulsification, surfactants; intermediate *Trade Names:* Volpo CS5

Ceteareth-10

CAS 68439-49-6 (generic)

- Synonyms: PEG-10 cetyl/stearyl ether; PEG 500 cetyl/stearyl ether; POE (10) cetyl/stearyl ether
- Definition: PEG ether of cetearyl alcohol
- Formula: $R(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, R = blend of cetyl and stearyl radicals, avg. n = 10
- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Rubber emulsifier; lubricant; dye and fulling assistant; emulsifier, conditioner, and emollient for personal care prods., pharmaceuticals; emulsion polymerization; floor waxes; paper finishes; in food-contact textiles *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §177.2800
- Trade Names: Volpo CS10

Ceteareth-11

CAS 68439-49-6 (generic)

- *Synonyms:* PEG-11 cetyl/stearyl ether; POE (11) cetyl/stearyl ether *Definition:* PEG ether of cetearyl alcohol
- Formula: R(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, R = blend of cetyl and stearyl radicals, avg. n = 11
- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Solubilizer, emulsifier, dispersant for cosmetic and pharmaceutical preparations; coating material for foam suppressant, enzymes, etc.; dyeing auxiliaries; in food-contact textiles; binding agent

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2800 Trade Names: Oxetal TG 111

Ceteareth-14

CAS 68439-49-6 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-14 cetyl/stearyl ether; POE (14) cetyl/stearyl ether

Definition: PEG ether of cetearyl alcohol

Formula: $R(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, R = blend of cetyl and stearyl radicals, avg. n = 14

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Rubber emulsifier; lubricant; dye and fulling assistant; conditioner and emollient for personal care prods., pharmaceuticals; emulsion polymerization; floor waxes; paper finishes; textile lubricant

Ceteareth-15

CAS 68439-49-6 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-15 cetyl/stearyl ether; POE (15) cetyl/stearyl ether

Definition: PEG ether of cetearyl alcohol

- Formula: $R(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, R = blend of cetyl and stearyl radicals, avg. n = 15
- Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, detergent, emulsifier, leveling agent, intermediate used in personal care prods., wax, oil, textiles, scouring agents, dyes, household formulations, silicone emulsification, surfactants; emollient in pharmaceutical topicals; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2800; approved for topicals *Trade Names:* Volpo CS15

Ceteareth-18

CAS 68439-49-6 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-18 cetyl/stearyl ether; POE (18) cetyl/stearyl ether Definition: PEG ether of cetearyl alcohol

- *Formula:* $R(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, R = blend of cetyl and stearyl radicals, avg. n
- = 18
- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Dispersant; prod. of powd. detergents; binding agent and base material for solid cleaning agents (toilet sticks); coating material for foam suppressant, enzymes, etc.; dyeing auxiliaries; emulsifier in cosmetics; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2800
- Trade Names: Oxetal TG 118

Ceteareth-20

- CAS 68439-49-6 (generic)
- Synonyms: PEG-20 cetyl/stearyl ether; POE (20) cetyl/stearyl ether; Polyoxyl 20 cetostearyl ether
- *Definition:* PEG ether of cetearyl alcohol
- Formula: $R(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, R = blend of cetyl and stearyl radicals, avg. n = 20
- Properties: Cream-colored waxy unctuous mass, melting to brnsh. yel. clear liq.; sol. in water, alcohol, acetone; insol. in hexane; HLB 15.6; acid no. 0.5 max.; sapon. no. 2 max.; hyd. no. 42-60; pH 4.5-7.5 (10%); nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, dispersant, solubilizer, wetting agent, detergent, solubilizer, visc. control agent for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, and industrial applics.; emulsion polymerization; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2800; FDA approved for topicals; USP/NF compliance
- *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma *Trade Names:* Volpo CS20
- naue Names. Voip

Ceteareth-50

CAS 68439-49-6 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-50 cetyl/stearyl ether; POE (50) cetyl/stearyl ether

- Definition: PEG ether of cetearyl alcohol
- Formula: $R(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, R = blend of cetyl and stearyl radicals, avg. n = 50
- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Wetting agent, detergent for industrial/domestic applics.; emulsifier, foam control agent in syn. heavy-duty detergents; emulsion polymerization; surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; emulsion stabilizer; in food-contact

textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2800 Trade Names: Volpo CS50 Ceteareth-60 CAS 68439-49-6 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-60 cetyl/stearyl ether; POE (60) cetyl/stearyl ether Definition: PEG ether of cetearyl alcohol Formula: $R(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, R = blend of cetyl and stearyl radicals, avg. n = 60 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics Trade Names: Rhodasurf® A-60 Cetearyl alcohol CAS 8005-44-5; 67762-27-0; EINECS/ELINCS 267-008-6 Synonyms: Alcohols, C16-18; n-Alkanol (C16-C18); C16-18 alcohols; Cetostearyl alcohol; Cetyl-stearyl alcohol; Stearyl-cetyl alcohol Definition: Mixture of fatty alcohols, predominantly cetyl and stearyl alcohols Empirical: C18H38O Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_nOH$, n = 15-17 Properties: Wh. unctuous flakes or gran., faint char. odor, bland mild taste; sol. in alcohol, ether; insol. in water; m.w. 270.50; m.p. 48-55 C; acid no. ≤ 2 ; iodine no. \leq 4; hyd. no. 208-228; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant intermediate; raw material for ethoxylation, sulfation, etc.; stabilizer in emulsion polymerization; lubricant in rigid PVC; emollient, emulsifier, emulsion stabilizer, opacifier, visc. control agent in cosmetics; cosolvent, emollient, consistency factor for pharmaceutical creams, hand lotions, bath oils, shaving creams; pearlescent shampoo ingred.; antiseptic in topical anti-infective prods.; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105; FDA approved for orals, otics, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance Manuf./Distrib.: Ruger; Sea-Land; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Westco; Whyte Chems. Ltd Trade Names: Loxiol® G 53 Cetene. See Hexadecene-1 Ceteth-2 CAS 9004-95-9 (generic); 5274-61-3 Synonyms: 2-[2-Hexadecyloxy)] ethanol; PEG-2 cetyl ether; PEG 100 cetyl ether; POE (2) cetyl ether Classification: Nonaromatic ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol Empirical: C20H42O3 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{14}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 2 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, leveling agent, thickener, stabilizer, solubilizer, conditioner in cosmetics, household formulations, silicone emulsification, textile processing; emulsifier in pharmaceutical topicals; intermediate Regulatory: Approved for topicals Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma Trade Names: Volpo C2 Ceteth-3 CAS 9004-95-9 (generic); 4484-59-7 Synonyms: 2-[2-[2-(Hexadecyloxy) ethoxy] ethoxy] ethanol; PEG-3 cetyl ether; POE (3) cetyl ether Classification: Nonaromatic ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol Empirical: C₂₂H₄₆O₄ Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{14}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 3 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant; emulsifier, cleaner, dispersant for cosmetics, esp. creams and lotions; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Ceteth-4 CAS 9004-95-9 (generic); 5274-63-5 Synonyms: PEG-4 cetyl ether; POE (4) cetyl ether

Classification: Nonaromatic ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol Empirical: C24H50O5 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{14}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 4 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, cleaner, dispersant for cosmetics, esp. creams and lotions; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Ceteth-5 CAS 9004-95-9 (generic); 4478-97-1 Synonyms: PEG-5 cetyl ether; 3,6,9,12,15-Pentaoxahentriacontan-1-ol; POE (5) cetyl ether Classification: Nonaromatic ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol Empirical: C26H54O6 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{14}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 5 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, cleaner, dispersant for cosmetics and pharmaceuticals, esp. creams and lotions; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Ceteth-6 CAS 9004-95-9 (generic); 5168-91-2 Synonyms: 3,6,9,12,15,18-Hexaoxatetratricontan-1-ol; PEG-6 cetyl ether; PEG 300 cetyl ether; POE (6) cetyl ether Classification: Nonaromatic ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol Empirical: C28H58O7 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{14}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 6 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics and pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Ceteth-7 CAS 9004-95-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-7 cetyl ether; POE (7) cetyl ether Classification: Nonaromatic ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{14}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 7 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 2602 mg/kg; TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier for cosmetic and pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDĂ 21CFR §176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Ceteth-10 CAS 9004-95-9 (generic); 14529-40-9 Synonyms: 3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27,30-Dexaoxahexatetracontan-1-ol; PEG-10 cetyl ether; PEG 500 cetyl ether; POE (10) cetyl alcohol; POE (10) cetyl ether Classification: Nonaromatic ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol

Empirical: C₃₆H₇₄O₁₁

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{14}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 10

Properties: HLB 12.9; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, defoamer, wetting agent, conditioner for personal care prods.; solubilizer for fragrances; emulsifier for pharmaceuticals; leveling agent; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma

Ceteth-11

CAS 9004-95-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-11 cetyl ether; POE (11) cetyl ether

Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{14}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 11 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Ceteth-12 CAS 9004-95-9 (generic); 13149-83-2 Synonyms: 3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27,30,33,36-Dodecaoxapentacontan-1-ol; PEG-12 cetyl ether; PEG 600 cetyl ether; POE (12) cetyl ether Classification: Nonaromatic ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{14}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 12 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, cleaner, dispersant for cosmetics and pharmaceuticals, esp. creams and lotions; defoamer in food-contact paper coatinas Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Ceteth-14 CAS 9004-95-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-14 cetyl ether; POE (14) cetyl ether Classification: Nonaromatic ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{14}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 14 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Ceteth-15 CAS 9004-95-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-15 cetyl ether; POE (15) cetyl ether Classification: Nonaromatic ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{14}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 15 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, cleaner, dispersant for cosmetics and pharma-

Classification: Nonaromatic ether

ceuticals, esp. creams and lotions; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Ceteth-16

CAS 9004-95-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-16 cetyl ether; POE (16) cetyl ether Classification: Nonaromatic ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₄CH₂(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 16 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, lubricant in cosmetics and pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Ceteth-17

CAS 9004-95-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-17 cetyl ether; POE (17) cetyl ether Classification: Nonaromatic ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, cleaner, dispersant for cosmetics, esp. creams and lotions; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Ceteth-20

CAS 9004-95-9 (generic) Synonyms: Cetomacrogol 1000; PEG-20 cetyl ether; PEG 1000 cetyl ether; PEG 1000 monocetyl ether; POE (20) cetyl ether Classification: Nonaromatic ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{14}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 20 *Properties:* Waxy solid; sol. in water; HLB 15.7; pour pt. ≈ 39 C; cloud pt. \approx 45 C; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, wetting agent, antistat, solubilizer, defoamer, detergent, lubricant, emulsion stabilizer for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, industrial applics.; solubilizer for fragrances; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 177.2800; FDA approved for topicals; BP compliance Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Ruger; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma Trade Names: Volpo C20 Ceteth-23 CAS 9004-95-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-23 cetyl ether; POE (23) cetyl ether Classification: Nonaromatic ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{14}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 23 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier for cosmetic and pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Ceteth-24 CAS 9004-95-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-24 cetyl ether; POE (24) cetyl ether Classification: Nonaromatic ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{14}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 24 **Properties:** Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, cleaner, dispersant for cosmetics and pharmaceuticals, esp. creams and lotions; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Ceteth-25 CAS 9004-95-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-25 cetyl ether; POE (25) cetyl ether Classification: Nonaromatic ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{14}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 25 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier for cosmetic and pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Ceteth-30 CAS 9004-95-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-30 cetyl ether; POE (30) cetyl ether Classification: Nonaromatic ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{14}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 30 **Properties:** Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics and pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings

Regulatory: FDĂ 21CFR §176.200, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Ceteth-40

CAS 9004-95-9 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-40 cetyl ether; POE (40) cetyl ether Classification: Nonaromatic ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₄CH₂(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 40 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 2602 mg/kg; TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier for cosmetic and pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Ceteth-45

CAS 9004-95-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-45 cetyl ether; POE (45) cetyl ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₄CH₂(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 45 Uses: Surfactant in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 177.2800

Cetoleth

CAS 8065-81-4 (generic); 68920-66-1 (generic)

Synonyms: Cetyloleyl alcohol ethoxylates; PEG monocetyloleyl ether; Poly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-hexadecyl-ω-hydroxy-, mixt. with (Z)-α-9-octadecenyl-ω-hydroxypoly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl)

Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol and oleyl alcohol

Formula: $RO(CH_2CH_2O)_nH$, R = cetyl/oleyl and n = 2-55

Properties: Pale yel. to wh. paste or solid; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (IP, rat) 490 mg/kg; TDLo (oral, rat, 12 wks continuous) 42 g/kg; may cause vascular, blood, and metabolism changes

Uses: Emulsifier for hydrocarbon oils, waxes; antistat for textile spin finishes *Trade Names:* Wax Emulsifier 4106

Cetoleth-2

CAS 8065-81-4 (generic); 68920-66-1 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-2 cetyl/oleyl ether; POE (2) cetyl/oleyl ether

Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol and oleyl alcohol

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier; mfg. of textile lubricants, solvent and waterless hand cleaners; coemulsifier; detergent additive in petrol. oils; intermediate for anionic surfactants

Trade Names: Teric™ 17A2

Cetoleth-3

CAS 8065-81-4 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-3 cetyl/oleyl ether; POE (3) cetyl/oleyl ether

Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol and oleyl alcohol

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier; mfg. of textile lubricants, solvent and waterless hand cleaners; coemulsifier; detergent additive in petrol. oils; intermediate for anionic surfactants *Trade Names:* Teric[™] 17A3

Cetoleth-6

CAS 8065-81-4 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-6 cetyl/oleyl ether; POE (6) cetyl/oleyl ether

Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol and oleyl alcohol

Formula: $R(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, R rep. cetyl/oleyl radicals, avg. n = 6 *Properties:* Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier, mfg. of textile lubricants, solvent and waterless hand cleaners; coemulsifier; detergent additive in petrol. oils; intermediate for anionic surfactants; surfactant in cosmetics; plastics antistat

Trade Names: Teric™ 17A6

Cetoleth-8

CAS 8065-81-4 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-8 cetyl/oleyl ether; POE (8) cetyl/oleyl ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol and oleyl alcohol Properties: Nonionic Uses: Wetting agent dispersant emulsifier: used in processing of val

Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier; used in processing of yarns and fabrics; textile dyeing; horticultural sprays; removal of oil slicks Trade Names: Teric™ 17A8

Cetoleth-10

CAS 8065-81-4 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-10 cetyl/oleyl ether; POE (10) cetyl/oleyl ether *Definition:* PEG ether of cetyl alcohol and oleyl alcohol *Properties:* Nonionic

Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier; used in processing of yarns and fabrics; textile dyeing; horticultural sprays; removal of oil slicks; solubilizer for sanitation chemicals; emulsion polymerization; costabilizer *Trade Names:* Teric[™] 17A10

Cetoleth-13

CAS 8065-81-4 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-13 cetyl/oleyl ether; PEG (13) cetyl/oleyl ether

Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol and oleyl alcohol

Properties: HLB 14; nonionic

Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier; used in processing of yarns and fabrics; textile dyeing; horticultural sprays; removal of oil slicks; solubilizer for sanitation chemicals; emulsion polymerization; latex stabilizer; dye leveling agent

Trade Names: Teric™ 17A13

Cetoleth-25

CAS 8065-81-4 (generic); 54045-08-8 Synonyms: PEG-25 cetyl/oleyl ether; POE (25) cetyl/oleyl ether Definition: PEG ether of cetyl alcohol and oleyl alcohol Formula: R(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, R rep. cetyl/oleyl radicals, avg. n = 25 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Wetting agent; dispersant; emulsifier; emulsion polymerization; processing of yarns and fabrics; textile dyeing; horticultural sprays; removal of oil slicks; solubilizer for sanitation chemicals; surfactant in cosmetics; costabilizer; plasticizer for soap prod.; food-contact paper/paperboard Trade Names: Disponil® O 250; Teric™ 17A25

Cetomacrogol 1000. See Ceteth-20 Cetomacrogolum. See Ceteareth

Cetostearyl alcohol. See Cetearyl alcohol

Cetrimonium chloride

CAS 112-02-7; EINECS/ELINCS 203-928-6

Synonyms: Cetyl trimethyl ammonium chloride; Hexadecyl trimethyl ammonium chloride; Palmityl trimethyl ammonium chloride; N,N,N-Trimethyl-1-hexadecanaminium chloride

Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt

Empirical: C₁₉H₄₂CIN

Formula: C₁₆H₃₃(CH₃)₃NCI

Properties: M.w. 320.01; cationic

- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, emollient, surfactant, softener, conditioner, bactericide, fungicide, odor inhibitor in personal care prods., pharmaceuticals; preservative in cosmetics; antistat for hair, fibers, plastics; antistat/softener for textile finishes; gel sensitizer in latex foam prod.; emulsion polymerization; germicide (duckweed killer), dispersant, coagulant for water treatment; coagulant in antibiotic prod.

Regulatory: FDA approved for topicals

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka

Trade Names: Chemquat 16/50; Nissan Cation PB-40; Nissan Cation PB-300

Trade Names Containing: Arquad® 16-50

Cetyl alcohol

CAS 124-29-8; 36653-82-4; EINECS/ELINCS 253-149-0; FEMA 2554 Synonyms: Alcohol C16; C16 linear primary alcohol; Ethal; Ethol; 1-Hexadecanol; Hexadecyl alcohol; Palmityl alcohol

Classification: Fatty alcohol

Empirical: C₁₆H₃₄O

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₄CH₂OH

Properties: Wh. waxy solid; partially sol. in alcohol, chloroform, ether; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 242.27; dens. 0.8176 (49.5 C); m.p. 49.3 C; b.p. 344 C; acid no. ≤ 2; iodine no. ≤ 5; hyd. no. 218-238; flash pt. > 110 C; ref. index 1.4283; surface-active dispersant, wetting agent, and compatibility aid for enhancing color acceptance in high solids coatings (alkyds, epoxies, UV and EB-cured coatings); emulsifier for emulsion polymerization *Paricology* L D50 (cral, rat) (400 mp//a; mod toxic by ingection interported.

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 6400 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal routes; eye and human skin irritant; can cause hives; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm. when exposed to heat or flame; can react with oxidizing materials

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1

- Uses: Perfumery; emulsifier; emollient; coupling agent; surface-active dispersant; wetting agent; foam stabilizer in detergents; opacifier; thickener; chemical intermediate; external mold release for acrylics; raw material for antioxidants; emulsion polymerization; color enhancer in high-solids coatings; flavoring agent, color diluent, intermediate for confectionery, food supplements in tablet form, gum; cosolvent; pharmaceutic acid (emulsifier, stiffener); emollient, emulsifier, opacifier, visc. control agent in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in cellophane for food pkg.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 73.1001, 172.515, 172.864, 175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 177.1010, 177.1200, 177.2800, 178.3480, 178.3910; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for ophthalmics, orals, otics, rectals, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AC Ind.; Aarhus Oliefabrik A/S; Albemarle; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allchem Ind.; Amerchol; Ashland; Brown; Chemron; Cognis/ Chems. Group; Condea Vista; Croda Chem. Ltd; E-Chemicals; Fluka; Jarchem Ind.; Lipo; Lonza; M. Michel; Norman, Fox; Penta Mfg.; Procter & Gamble; Protameen; R.W. Greeff; Rhodia HPCII; Ruger; Salim Oleochems.; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stepan; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Trade Names: Kessco® Cetyl Alcohol NF

Trade Names Containing: Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 628/5

Cetylarachidol

- CAS 17658-63-8; EINECS/ELINCS 241-637-6
- Synonyms: 1-Eicosanol, 2-hexadecyl-; Hexadecyl eicosanol; 2-Hexadecyl-1-eicosanol
- Classification: Aliphatic alcohol

Empirical: C₃₆H₇₄O

Uses: Wax substitute; skin softener in stick formulations; emollient in cosmetics; in pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles Manuf./Distrib.: Jarchem Ind.

Trade Names: Jarcol™ I-36

Trade Names Containing: Jarcol™ I-34T

Cetyl betaine

CAS 693-33-4; EINECS/ELINCS 211-748-4

Synonyms: N-(Carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-1-hexadecanaminium hydroxide, inner salt; (Carboxymethyl) hexadecyldimethylammonium hydroxide, inner salt; N,N-Dimethyl-N-hexadecylglycine; 1-Hexadecanaminium, N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, hydroxide, inner salt; Hexadecylbetaine

Classification: Zwitterion (inner salt)

Empirical: C20H41NO2

Properties: M.w. 327.62; amphoteric

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1620 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 150 mg/kg; poison by IP route; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO,

Uses: Wetting agent; detergent; emulsifier; dispersant; surfactant; conditioner; dyeing applics.; softener for textiles; leveling and rewetting agent in the paper industry; dyeing assistant and degreaser in the leather industry; antistat on plastic films; alkaline peroxide bleaching systems; surfactant, antistat in cosmetics

Trade Names: Product BCO

Cetyl dimethicone copolyol

Definition: Copolymer of cetyl dimethicone and dimethicone copolyol *Properties:* Nonionic

Uses: Surfactant, emollient for creams and lotions, pharmaceuticals; emulsifier for cyclomethicone, cosmetics

Trade Names: TEGO® Flow 354

Cetylic acid. See Palmitic acid

Cetyl methacrylate

CAS 2495-27-4

Synonyms: Hexadecyl methacrylate; Hexadecyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate; Methacrylic acid, hexadecyl ester; Palmityl methacrylate; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, hexadecyl ester

Empirical: C₂₀H₃₈O₂

Properties: M.w. 310.52

Uses: Additive for lubricating oil, paint, adhesives; modifier for fibers; coating agent for paper Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR Trade Names: Blemmer CMA

Cetyloleyl alcohol ethoxylates. See Cetoleth Cetyl-stearyl alcohol. See Cetearyl alcohol Cetylstearyl alcohol ethoxylates. See Ceteareth Cetyl trimethyl ammonium chloride. See Cetrimonium chloride Chalk. See Calcium carbonate Channel black. See Carbon black Charcoal. See Carbon black Charcoal, activated. See Carbon, activated China clay. See Kaolin Chinawood oil. See Tung oil Chinese bean oil. See Soybean (Glycine soja) oil Chinese blue. See Ferric ferrocyanide Chinese tung oil. See Tung oil Chinese white. See Zinc oxide Chloracetamide. See Chloroacetamide

- Chloral hydrate
 - CAS 302-17-0; EINECS/ELINCS 206-117-5; UN No. 2075 Synonyms: 1,1-Ethanediol, 2,2,2-trichloro-; Knockout drops; Trichloroacetaldehyde hydrate; Trichloroacetaldehyde, hydrated; Trichloroacetaldehyde monohydrate; 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2-dihydroxyethane; 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2ethanediol; 2,2,2-Trichloro-1,1-ethanediol; Trichloro ethylidene glycol Empirical: C2H3CI3O2

Formula: CCI₃CH(OH)₂

- Properties: Colorless transparent cryst.; aromatic, penetrating, sl. acrid odor; sl. bitter sharp taste; sol. in water, alcohol, chloroform, ether, olive oil, turpentine oil; m.w. 165.40; dens. 1.901; m.p. 52 C; b.p. 97.5 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 479 mg/kg, (skin, rat) 3030 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 530 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 472 mg/kg; TDLo (oral, human female) 465 mg/kg; LDLo (oral, human) 4 mg/kg; overdose is toxic; hypnotic drug; dangerous to eyes; skin irritant; may cause nausea, vomiting, somnolence, ataxia, coma, arrhythmias, blood pressure decrease, pulse rate increase; reproductive effector; mutagen; tumorigen; TSCA listed

Precaution: Slowly volatilizes when exposed to air

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Polymerization reaction control agent in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; in food-pkg. adhesives; medicine (sedative); mfg. of DDT, liniments

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180

Manuf./Distrib.: Amend Drug & Chem.; Anmar Int'l.; Ceres Chem.; F.T.L. Int'l.; Fluka; McGean-Rohco; Ruger; Schütz; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Zetapharm

Chlorallyl methenamine chloride. See Quaternium-15

Chloramien blue 2B. See Direct blue 6

Chloramine black C. See Direct black 38

Chloramine brown M. See Direct brown 2

Chloramine carbon black S. See Direct black 38

Chloramine red 3B. See Direct red 39

Chlorate of soda. See Sodium chlorate

Chlorazol black E. See Direct black 38

Chlorazole black E. See Direct black 38 Chlorcosane. See Paraffin, chlorinated

p-Chlor-m-cresol. See p-Chloro-m-cresol

Chlorhydric acid. See Hydrochloric acid

Chloric acid sodium salt. See Sodium chlorate

Chlorinated lime. See Calcium hypochlorite

Chlorinated paraffin. See Paraffin, chlorinated

Chlorinated polypropylene. See Polypropylene, chlorinated Chlorinated PP. See Polypropylene, chlorinated

Chlorinated rubber. See Rubber, chlorinated

Chlorine dioxide

CAS 10049-04-4; EINECS/ELINCS 233-162-8; UN No. NA 9191 Synonyms: Anthium dioxide; Chlorine oxide; Chlorine (IV) oxide; Chlorine peroxide; Chloroperoxyl; Chloryl radical Classification: Halogen oxide

Chlorine oxide

Empirical: CIO₂

Formula: O=CI-O

Properties: Red to yel. gas, unpleasant odor; dec. in water; m.w. 67.46; dens. (liq.) 1.642; m.p. -59 C; b.p. 11 C; explodes when heated

- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 0.1 ppm; STEL 0.3 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 292 mg/kg; LCLo (inh., rat, 15 min) 500 ppm; mod. toxic by inh.; primary irritant; very irritating to skin and mucous membranes; eye irritant; may cause pulmonary edema; mutagen; experimental reproductive effects; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT hazard: forbidden; unstable; highly explosive; strong oxidizing agent; reacts violently with organic materials; reacts with water or steam to produce toxic and corrosive fumes of HCI
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., produces toxic fumes of CI-
- Uses: Bleaching agent for wood pulp, flour, leather, textiles, beeswax, fats, and oils; biocide; color removal, taste/odor control, disinfection, Fe/Mn removal for water treatment/purification; disinfectant for wastewater; oxidizing agent; bactericide in water purification; antiseptic; bleaching agent for foods

Use Level: ADI 0-30 mg/kg (EU)

- Regulatory: Granted prior sanction via clearance for optional use as a bleaching agent for flour under food standards §15; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved
- Manuf./Distrib.: Ashland/Drew Ind. Div.; Ashland; Eka Chems.; Finnish Chems. Oy; Int'l. Dioxcide; Vulcan Perf. Chems.

Chlorine oxide. See Chlorine dioxide

Chlorine (IV) oxide. See Chlorine dioxide

Chlorine peroxide. See Chlorine dioxide

Chloroacetamide

CAS 79-07-2; EINECS/ELINCS 201-174-2

 $\label{eq:synonyms: Acetamide, 2-chloro-; Chloracetamide; 2-Chloroacetamide; \alpha-Chloroacetamide; 2-Chloroethanamide$

Classification: Chlorinated compd.

Empirical: C₂H₄CINO

Formula: CICH, CONH,

- Properties: Colorless to pale yel. cryst.; sol. in water, alcohol; insol. in ether; m.w. 93.51; m.p. 116-118 C; b.p. 220 C (dec.)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 70 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 100 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 180 mg/kg; poison by ing., IV, IP routes; may cause dermatitis; irritant; potent sensitizer in extremely low concs. (0.015-0.1%); mutagen; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic Cl⁻ and NO,
- Uses: Cosmetic and pharmaceutical antimicrobial preservative; intermediate; in food-pkg. adhesives; polymerization control agent in mfg. of paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170; U.S. EPA registered; Europe listed; not registered or approved for use in the U.S. (pharm.)
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Austin; Clariant; Fluka; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

2-Chloroacetamide. See Chloroacetamide

 α -Chloroacetamide. See Chloroacetamide

N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride. See Quaternium-15

- 1-(3-Chloroallyĺ)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride. See Quaternium-15
- 2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene homopolymer. See Polychloroprene

Chlorobutadiene polymer. See Polychloroprene

2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene polymer. See Polychloroprene

Chlorocosane. See Paraffin, chlorinated

Chlorocresol. See p-Chloro-m-cresol

4-Chloro-m-cresol. See p-Chloro-m-cresol

p-Chlorocresol. See p-Chloro-m-cresol

p-Chloro-m-cresol

- CAS 59-50-7; EINECS/ELINCS 200-431-6; UN No. 2669 (DOT)
- Synonyms: PCMC; p-Chlor-m-cresol; Chlorocresol; p-Chlorocresol; 4-Chloro-m-cresol; 2-Chlorohydroxytoluene; 2-Chloro-5-hydroxytoluene; 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol; 3-Methyl-4-chlorophenol; Parachlorometacresol Classification: Substituted phenol

Empirical: C7H7CIO

- Properties: Colorless dimorphous cryst., mild phenolic odor; very sol. in org. solvs., alcohol; sol. in ether, fixed oils, hot water; m.w. 142.59; m.p. 65-68 C; b.p. 235 C
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 1830 mg/kg, (subcut., rat) 400 mg/kg, (subcut., mouse) 350 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 70 mg/kg; poison by IV, subcut, IP routes; mod. toxic by ing.; weak irritant; allergen; may produce digestive disturbances, nervous disorders, fainting, dizziness, mental changes, skin eruptions; skin and eye irritant; mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with sodium hydroxide

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Cland phosgene
- HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 1
- Uses: External germicide; biocide; disinfectant; antimicrobial preservative for paints, latex coatings, emulsions, adhesives, glues, gums, textiles, leather goods, pharmaceuticals, topicals; esp. useful for starch and casein-based systems; antiseptic; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; preservative in food-contact animal glues
- Use Level: 0.1-0.15% (injectables), 0.075-0.12% (topicals)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3120; FDA approved for topicals; USP/NF, BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AC Ind.; Alchemie USA; Aldrich; Continental Trading; Esprit; Fabrichem; Fluka; Howard Hall; Nipa Inc; RIA Int'l.; Ruger; Triple Crown Am.

1-Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane. See Epichlorohydrin

3-Chloro-1,2-epoxypropane. *See* Epichlorohydrin

2-Chloroethanamide. See Chloroacetamide

Chloroethene homopolymer. See Polyvinyl chloride

Chloroethylenebisthiocyanate

CAS 24689-89-2

- Synonyms: Thiocyanic acid, 1-chloro-1,2-ethanediyl ester; Thiocyanic acid, chloroethylene ester
- *Empirical:* Č₄H₃CIN₂S₂
- Properties: M.w. 178.66

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 98 mg/kg *Uses:* Slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300

Chloroethylene-1,1-dichloroethylene polymer. See Vinylidene chloride/vinyl chloride copolymer

Chloroethylene polymer. See Polyvinyl chloride

- Chloroethýlenevinýl acetate polymer. See Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer
- 2-Chloro-4 -hydroxy-2-isonitrosoacetophenone. See 2-(p-Hydroxyphenyl) glyoxylohydroximoyl chloride
- 3-Chloro-2-hydroxypropyltrimethyl ammonium chloride. See Chloro-2hydroxypropyl trimonium chloride

Chloro-2-hydroxypropyl trimonium chloride

CAS 3327-22-8; EINECS/ELINCS 222-048-3 *Synonyms:* 3-Chloro-2-hydroxypropyltrimethyl ammonium chloride *Classification:* Nonaromatic amine *Empirical:* C₄H₁₅Cl₂NO

Formula: CICH₂CHOHCH₂N(CH₃)₃⁺ Cl⁻

Properties: M.w. 188.10; dens. 1.154; m.p. 189-190 C; ref. index 1.4541

Toxicology: LDLo (subcut., mouse) 500 mg/kg; irritant; TSCA listed

Uses: Starch modifier for textiles; cationizing reagent for natural and syn. polymers

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Biddle Sawyer; Degussa-Hüls; Fluka; Jarchem Ind.

Trade Names: Pentonium S70; Polyquat 188

2-Chlorohydroxytoluene. See p-Chloro-m-cresol 2-Chloro-5-hydroxytoluene. See p-Chloro-m-cresol

Chloromethyl butanethiolsulfonate

Uses: Slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.300

(Chloromethyl) ethylene oxide. See Epichlorohydrin Chloromethylisothiazolinone. See Methylchloroisothiazolinone 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one. See Methylchloroisothiazolinone 5-Chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one. See Methylchloroisothiazolinone Chloromethyloxirane. See Epichlorohydrin

2-(Chloromethyl) oxirane. See Epichlorohydrin 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol. See p-Chloro-m-cresol 1-[(2-Chloro-4-nitrophenyl) azo]-2-naphthalenol CAS 2814-77-9; EINECS/ELINCS 220-562-2 Synonyms: 1-[(2-Chloro-4-nitrophenyl) azo]-2-naphthol; Cl 12085; D&C Red no. 36; Flaming red; Paranitroaniline red, chlorinated; Permanent red R; Pigment red 4; Tiger orange; Vulcan red R Classification: Monoazo color Empirical: C₁₆H₁₀CIN₃O₃ Properties: M.w. 327.73 Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Pigment for resins, paper, printing inks; colorant for cosmetics, pharmaceutical orals and topicals Regulatory: D&C Red No. 36: FDA 21CFR §74.1333, 74.1336, 74.2333, 74.2336, 82.1336; FDA approved for orals, topicals Manuf./Distrib.: Avecia Pigments/Addit.; Costec; Ruger; Sun Chem./Pigments; Warner-Jenkinson 1-[(2-Chloro-4-nitrophenyl) azo]-2-naphthol. See 1-[(2-Chloro-4-nitrophenyl) azo]-2-naphthalenol Chloroparaffin. See Paraffin, chlorinated Chloroperoxyl. See Chlorine dioxide Chloroprene polymer. See Polychloroprene Chloroprene resin. See Polychloroprene Chloroprene rubber. See Polychloroprene Chloropropylene oxide. See Epichlorohydrin 3-Chloro-1,2-propylene oxide. See Epichlorohydrin **y-Chloropropylene oxide**. See Epichlorohydrin Chlorosulfona. See Bis (trichloromethyl) sulfone Chlorotrifluoroethene, homopolymer. See Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer CAS 9002-83-9 Synonyms: PCTFE; Chlorotrifluoroethene, homopolymer; Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymers; Chlorotrifluoroethylene resin; Ethylene, chlorotrifluoro-, polymers; Fluorothene; Poly(chlorotrifluoroethene); Polychlorotrifluoroethylene; Poly (monochlorotrifluoroethylene); Polytrifluorochloroethylene; Poly (trifluoroethylene chloride); Poly (trifluoromonochloroethylene); Poly(trifluorovinyl chloride); Trifluorochloroethylene polymer Classification: Thermoplastic polymer; fluorocarbon resin Definition: A polymer of chlorotrifluoroethylene, usually incl. vinylidene fluoride Empirical: (C2CIF3)x Formula: [CF2CFCI]x Properties: M.w. 116.47; dens. 2.10-2.15; m.p. -158 C; b.p. -28.4 C; flash pt. -18 F; ref. index 1.43; tens. str. 30-40 MPa; tens. mod. 1300 MPa; elong. (@ break) 150-200%; relatively inert; low gas permeability Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 9200 mg/kg; LD (skin, rabbit) > 3700 mg/kg; mod. toxic by skin contact; low toxicity by ing.; TSCA listed Precaution: Dangerous fire risk Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of Cl⁻ and F Uses: Lubricant, EP additive for chem., aerospace, hydraulic fluids, metalworking, nuclear, pulp/paper, other industries; chemical piping; chem.resist. seals/o-rings; gaskets; tank linings; wire/cable insulation; mold release for plastics, rubber; plasticizer; electronic components; transparent vapor barrier layer (electroluminescent devices, pharmaceutical pkg.); transparent chem.-resist. moldings; film-former in cosmetics; food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1380 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Sigma Trade Names: Halocarbon Grease 25-10M; Halocarbon Grease 25-20M; Halocarbon Grease X90-10M; Halocarbon Oil 0.8; Halocarbon Oil 1.8; Halocarbon Oil 4.2; Halocarbon Oil 6.3; Halocarbon Oil 27; Halocarbon Oil 56; Halocarbon Oil 95; Halocarbon Oil 200; Halocarbon Oil 400; Halocarbon Oil 700; Halocarbon Oil 1000N; Halocarbon Wax 40; Halocarbon Wax 600; Halocarbon Wax 1200; Halocarbon Wax 1500 Trade Names Containing: Halocarbon Grease 19; Halocarbon Grease 25-5S; Halocarbon Grease 28; Halocarbon Grease 28LT; Halocarbon Grease

Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymers. See Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer Chlorotrifluoroethylene resin. See Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer

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Chlorous acid, sodium salt. See Sodium chlorite Chloryl radical. See Chlorine dioxide **Chondrus**. See Carrageenan (Chondrus crispus) CHP. See Cumene hydroperoxide Chrome alum. See Chromium potassium sulfate Chrome green. See Chromium oxide (ic) Chrome leather black E. See Direct black 38 Chrome leather blue 2B. See Direct blue 6 Chrome leather brow M. See Direct brown 2 Chrome leather dark green. See Direct green 1 Chrome leather scarlet 3BS. See Direct red 39 Chrome ocher. See Chromium oxide (ic) Chrome oxide. See Chromium oxide (ic) Chrome oxide green. See Chromium oxide (ic) Chrome oxide pigment. See Chromium oxide (ic) Chrome potash alum. See Chromium potassium sulfate Chromia. See Chromium oxide (ic) Chromic acid green. See Chromium oxide (ic) Chromic oxide. See Chromium oxide (ic) Chromic potassium sulfate. See Chromium potassium sulfate Chromic sesquioxide. See Chromium oxide (ic) Chromic sulfate, basic. See Chromium sulfate, basic Chromium hydroxide sulfate. See Chromium sulfate, basic Chromium oxide. See Chromium oxide (ic) Chromium (III) oxide. See Chromium oxide (ic) Chromium (III) oxide (2:3). See Chromium oxide (ic) Chromium oxide green. See Chromium oxide (ic) Chromium oxide greens. See Chromium oxide (ic)

Chromium oxide (ic)

- CAS 1308-38-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-160-9
- Synonyms: Anadonis green; Casalis green; Chrome green; Chrome ocher; Chrome oxide; Chrome oxide green; Chrome oxide pigment; Chromia; Chromic acid green; Chromic oxide; Chromic sesquioxide; Chromium oxide; Chromium (III) oxide; Chromium (III) oxide (2:3); Chromium oxide green; Chromium oxide greens; Chromium sesquioxide; Chromium (3+) trioxide; Cl 77288; Dichromium trioxide; Green chrome oxide; Green chromic oxide; Green cinnabar; Green rouge; Leaf green; Oxide of chromium; Pigment green 17; Ultramarine green

Classification: Inorganic color

Empirical: Cr₂O₃

- Properties: Ylsh. grn. hard cryst. solid; turns brn. on heating, reverts to grn. on cooling; sl. sol. in acids, alkalis; pract. insol. in water, alcohol, acetone; m.w. 151.99; dens. 5.21; m.p. 2435 C; b.p. 4000 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 0.5 mg(Cr)/m³; TDLo (IP, rat) 90 mg/kg; TCLo (inh., rat, 4 h, 6 wks intermittent) 150 mg/m³; harmful solid; toxic by ing. and inh.; probably severely irritating to eyes, skin, mucous membranes; sensitizer; avoid contact and inh.; confirmed carcinogen; tumorigen; mutagenic data

Precaution: Powerful oxidizer; violent reactions with CIF₃

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Metallurgy; green pigment in paints, plastics, ceramics, concrete, roofing tiles, enamels, glass; green granules in asphalt roofing; colorant in cosmetics, hair dyes, eye makeup, soap, external pharmaceuticals; catalyst in org. and inorg. reactions; component of refractory brick; stainless steel polishing abrasive; in elec. semiconductors; in alloys; printing fabrics and banknotes; colorant in food-contact polymers

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §72.2327, 173.1327, 178.3297

- Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Atlantic Equip. Engrs.; Atomergic Chemetals; Cleveland Pigment & Color; Costec; D.N. Lukens; Engelhard; Ferro/Color; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; Great Western; Harcros; Hoover Color; Landers-Segal Color; Min. Pigments; Noah; Reade Advanced Materials; Seegott; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tamms Ind.; Universal Color Disps.; Warner-Jenkinson; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels
- Trade Names: Synox HG-5040; Synox HG-5050; Synox HG-5060; Synox HG-5080

Chromium potassium sulfate

CAS 10141-00-1; 7788-99-0 (dodecahydrate)

Synonyms: Chrome alum; Chrome potash alum; Chromic potassium sulfate; Chromium (III) potassium sulfate; Chromium potassium sulfate (1:1:2); Potassium chrome alum; Potassium chromium sulfate

Definition: Avail. commercially as the dodecahydrate

Empirical: CrKO₈S₂ • 12H₂O Formula: CrK(SO₄)₂ • 12H₂O Properties: Dark, violet-red cryst.; sol. 100 g/l in water; m.w. 499.41; dens. 1.813; m.p. 89 C; loses water on heating to 400 C Toxicology: Toxic by ing.; tumorigen; mutagen; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits Cr Uses: Leather tanning aux. (chrome-tan liquors); textile dye mordant; photographic gelatin/glue hardener; ceramics; in food-pkg. adhesives; in foodcontact animal glues used as colloidal flocculants for paper mfg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 178.3120 Manuf./Distrib.: Aktiva Ltd; Alcan; Am. Int'l.; Amend Drug & Chem.; Ashland; Barker Ind.; Gould Ind.; McGean-Rohco; Peridot; Rhodia; Spectrum Quality Prods. Chromium potassium sulfate (1:1:2). See Chromium potassium sulfate Chromium (III) potassium sulfate. See Chromium potassium sulfate Chromium sesquioxide. See Chromium oxide (ic) Chromium sulfate. See Chromium sulfate, basic Chromium sulfate, basic CAS 64093-79-4; UN No. 2240 (DOT) Synonyms: Basic chromic sulfate; Basic chromium sulfate; Chromic sulfate, basic; Chromium hydroxide sulfate; Chromium sulfate; Chromium sulfate, monobasic; Monobasic chromium sulfate; Neochromium; Sulfuric acid, chromium salt, basic Empirical: HCrO5S Formula: CrOHSO4 Properties: Dk. grn. or violet gran.; sol. in water; m.w. 165.06 Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA0.5 mg(Cr)/m3; TDLo (subcut., rat) 135 mg/kg; skin and eye contact can cause severe burns; may cause allergic skin reaction; overexposure can irritate nose, throat, bronchial tubes; high exposure can cause dangerous fluid buildup in lungs; questionable carcinogen; experimental neoplastigen, tumorigen; mutagenic data Precaution: May burn, but does not readily ignite; fire produces poisonous dases Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x Uses: Tanning agent; in papermaking, photography, dyeing, printing Manuf./Distrib.: Continental Ind. Group; Elementis LTP; I.C. Trading; Luigi Stoppani Chromium sulfate, monobasic. See Chromium sulfate, basic Chromium (3+) trioxide. See Chromium oxide (ic) Chrysanthemum monocarboxylic acid pyrethrolone ester. See Pyrethrin I Chrysotile. See Asbestos Chrysotile asbestos. See Asbestos C5 hydrocarbon resin Uses: Tackifier, processing aid for adhesives, caulks, sealants, elastomers, polymers; food-pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard Trade Names: Piccotac® 95T CI 10020. See Acid green 1 CI 10355. See Diphenylamine CI 11320. See Basic orange 1 CI 11740. See Pigment yellow 65 CI 11741. See Pigment yellow 74 CI 12085. See 1-[(2-Chloro-4-nitrophenyl) azo]-2-naphthalenol CI 12120. See Pigment red 3 CI 12310. See Pigment red 2 CI 12764. See Pigment yellow 150 CI 13065. See Acid yellow 36 CI 14710. See Acid red 4 CI 15510. See Acid orange 7 CI 15575. See Acid orange 8 CI 15620. See Acid red 88 CI 16150. See Acid red 26 CI 16230. See Acid orange 10 CI 17045. See Acid red 37 CI 17755. See Acid red 137 CI 18075. See Acid violet 12 CI 19140. See Tartrazine CI 19140:1. See FD&C Yellow No. 5 Aluminum Lake CI 20460. See Acid blue 29 CI 77950. See Zinc carbonate

CI 21095. See Pigment yellow 14 CI 22311. See Direct brown 2 CI 22610. See Direct blue 6 CI 22890. See Acid red 97 CI 23630. See Direct red 39 CI 23860. See Direct blue 53 CI 26550. See Acid orange 51 CI 30235. See Direct black 38 CI 30280. See Direct green 1 CI 31600. See Direct black 80 CI 37225. See Benzidine CI 37235. See Dianisidine CI 37500. See B-Naphthol CI 40002. See 4,4 - Diaminostilbene-2,2 - disulfonic acid CI 40003. See 4,4 - Diaminostilbene - 2,2 - disulfonic acid CI 41000. See Basic yellow 2 CI 41001. See Basic yellow 37 CI 42045. See Acid blue 1 CI 42090:2. See FD&C Blue No. 1 aluminum lake CI 42095. See Acid green 5 CI 42100. See Acid green 9 CI 42555. See Basic violet 3 CI 42595. See Basic blue 7 CI 42600. See Basic violet 4 CI 42640. See Acid violet 49 CI 42650. See Acid violet 17 CI 44025. See Acid green 16 CI 45100. See Acid red 52 CI 45160. See Basic red 1 CI 45170. See Basic violet 10 CI 45370. See Acid orange 11 CI 45370:1. See Acid orange 11 CI 45380. See Acid red 87 CI 46500. See Pigment violet 19 CI 47005. See Acid yellow 3 CI 48070. See Basic red 12 CI 50240. See Basic red 2 CI 50405. See Acid blue 20 CI 51319. See Pigment violet 23 CI 59100. See Vat yellow 4 CI 61570. See Acid green 25 CI 62125. See Acid blue 40 CI 74160. See Copper phthalocyanine blue CI 74160:3. See Pigment blue 15:3 CI 74260. See Phthalocyanine green CI 76500. See Pyrocatechol CI 77000. See Aluminum CI 77004. See Aluminum silicate; Bentonite; Kaolin CI 77007. See Ultramarine blue CI 77019. See Mica; Talc CI 77052. See Antimony trioxide CI 77115. See Lithopone CI 77120. See Barium sulfate CI 77220. See Calcium carbonate CI 77231. See Calcium sulfate dihydrate CI 77265. See Carbon, activated CI 77266. See Carbon black CI 77288. See Chromium oxide (ic) CI 77489. See Iron oxides CI 77491. See Ferric oxide; Iron oxide red; Iron oxides CI 77492. See Iron oxides; Iron oxide yellow CI 77499. See Iron oxide black; Iron oxides CI 77510. See Ferric ferrocyanide CI 77520. See Ferric ferrocyanide CI 77711. See Silica, fumed CI 77713. See Magnesium carbonate CI 77718. See Talc CI 77775. See Nickel CI 77891. See Titanium dioxide CI 77947. See Zinc oxide

CI 77975. See Zinc sulfide

CI 20495. See Acid green 20

Cl azoic coupling component 1. See β-Naphthol

Cl azoic diazo component 48. See Dianisidine

Cl azoic diazo component 112. See Benzidine

- CI direct black 38. See Direct black 38
- CI direct black 80. See Direct black 80
- CI direct black 38, disodium salt. See Direct black 38
- CI direct blue 6. See Direct blue 6 CI direct blue 53. See Direct blue 53
- CI direct blue 6, tetrasodium salt. See Direct blue 6 CI direct blue 53, tetrasodium salt. See Direct blue 53
- CI direct brown 2, disodium salt. See Direct brown 2
- CI direct green 1. See Direct green 1
- CI direct green 1, disodium salt. See Direct green 1
- CI direct red 39. See Direct red 39
- Cl disperse black 6. See Dianisidine
- CI 45160 lake. See Pigment red 81
- CI pigment red 2. See Pigment red 2
- CI pigment red 3. See Pigment red 3
- Cl pigment yellow 74. See Pigment yellow 74

C10-11 isoparaffin

CAS 64742-48-9 (generic)

Synonyms: Alkanes, C10-11-iso-; Alkanes, iso-, C10-11

Definition: Mixt. of branched chain aliphatic hydrocarbons with 9-11 carbons in the alkyl chain

Uses: Solvent in cosmetics; solvent, diluent, carrier for personal care prods. for sprays; solvent for coatings, odorless alkyd/acrylic paints; extremely low surf. tens. to improve flow and wetting; thinner; cleaner; food-contact paper, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; minimizes VOC; virtually HAPs-free Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.882, 173.340

Trade Names: Isopar® G

C11-12 isoparaffin

CAS 64742-48-9 (generic)

Synonyms: Alkanes, C11-12-iso-; Alkanes, iso-, C11-12

Definition: Mixt. of branched chain aliphatic hydrocarbons with 11 or 12 carbons in the alkyl chain

Uses: Solvent, diluent, carrier for personal care prods. for sprays; solvent for coatings, odorless alkyd/acrylic paints; extremely low surf. tens. to improve flow and wetting; thinner; cleaner; food-contact paper, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; minimizes VOC; virtually HAPs-free

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.882, 173.340 Trade Names: Isopar® H; Isopar® K

C11-13 isoparaffin

CAS 64742-48-9 (generic)

Synonyms: Alkanes, C11-13-iso-; Alkanes, iso-, C11-13

Definition: Mixt. of branched chain aliphatic hydrocarbons with 11 to 13 carbons in the alkyl chain

Uses: Solvent for cosmetics, skin care prods., coatings, odorless alkyd/ acrylic paints; extremely low surf. tens. to improve flow and wetting; thinner; cleaner; food-contact paper, rubber articles; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; minimizes VOC; virtually HAPs-free

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.882, 173.340

Trade Names: Isopar® L

C13-14 isoparaffin

CAS 64742-48-9 (generic)

Synonyms: Alkanes, C13-14-iso-; Alkanes, iso-, C13-14

Definition: Mixt. of branched chain aliphatic hydrocarbons with 13 or 14 carbons in the alkyl chain

Uses: Solvent for hair sprays, coatings, antiperspirants, laundry prewash, furniture/floor polishes, waterless hand cleaners, agrochems, thinners, cleaners, degreasers; suitable for odorless alkyd/acrylic paints; in antibiotic gels; emollient, solvent in cosmetics; carrier for insecticide actives; dispersant; flow control agent; wetting agent; food-contact paper, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paper; minimizes VOC; virtually HAPs-free

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.882, 173.340 Trade Names: Isopar® M

Citric acid

CAS 77-92-9 (anhyd.); EINECS/ELINCS 201-069-1; FEMA 2306 Synonyms: 2-Hydroxy-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid; 2-Hydroxypropane-

1,2,3-tricarboxylic acid; β -Hydroxytricarballylic acid

Classification: Organic acid

Empirical: C₆H₈O₇

Formula: HOC(COOH)(CH2COOH)2

- Properties: Colorless translucent crystals or powd., odorless, strongly acidic tart taste; very sol. in water, alcohol, and ether; very sl. sol. in ether; m.w. 192.43; dens. 1.542; m.p. 153 C; flash pt. 212 F
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 6730 mg/kg; poison by IV; mod. toxic by subcut. and IP routes; poison by IV route; mildly toxic by ingestion; primary irritant; severe eye, mod. skin irritant; some allergenic props.; erodes tooth enamel; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible; potentially explosive reaction with metal nitrates Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke, fumes HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Prep. of citrates; acidulant in beverages, foods; flavoring extracts, confections, soft drinks; antioxidant, chelating agent in foods; sequestrant; dispersant; detergent builder; metal cleaner; curing accelerator; intermediate for paints; complexing agent for iron in cooling water systems; removes mill scale, heavy iron oxide and copper deposits; efflorescent powds.; mineral flotation agent; electroplating/anodizing reagent; regulates set time in concrete, mortar, plaster; buffer in textile dyeing, leather tanning; chelating agent in paper and plastics mfg.; buffer, chelating agent in cosmetics; skin care additive; pharmaceuticals (buffer, flavoring)
- Use Level: 2500 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 1600 ppm (ice cream, ices), 4300 ppm (candy), 1200 ppm (baked goods), 3600 ppm (chewing gum); ADI no limit (EU)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §131.111, 131.112, 131.136, 131.138, 131.144, 131.146, 133, 145.131, 145.145, 146.187, 150.141, 150.161, 155.130, 161.190, 166.40, 166.110, 169.115, 169.140, 169.150, 172.755, 173.160, 173.165, 173.280, 182.1033, 182.6033, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; BATF 27CFR §240.1051, limitation 5.8 lb/1000 gal; FEMA GRAS; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for injectables, buccals, inhalants, nasals, ophthalmics, topicals, orals, otics; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur.
- Manuf./Distrib.: A.E. Staley Mfg.; ADA Int'l.; ADM; AMC Chems.; AMRESCO; Aktiva Ltd; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allan; Ashland; BCH Brühl; Baychem; Browning; Cargill/Citric Acid; Chemical; FBC Ind.; Fluka; Gadot Biochem.; Haarmann & Reimer; Harcros; Hoffmann-LaRoche; Int'I. Chem. Inc; J.T. Baker; Jungbunzlauer Int'I. AG; Lohmann; Miljac; PMC Spec.; Penta Mfg.; Phelps Dodge Refining; Poly Research; R.W. Greeff; Research Organics; Rona; Ruger; Sal Chem.; San Yuan; Schaefer Tech.; Schweizerhall; Sigma; Sinochem Tianjin; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tate & Lyle N. Am.; U.S. Petrochem. Ind.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; V.L. Clark; Van Waters & Rogers; Varsal Instruments; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Trade Names: Eldorado FCA-810; Liguinat® Citric acid, octadecyl ester. See Stearyl citrate Citric acid, tributyl ester, acetate. See Acetyl tributyl citrate Citrucel. See Methylcellulose CI vat yellow. See Vat yellow 4 Clay. See Aluminum silicate dihydrate C18 linear alcohol. See Stearyl alcohol C6 linear alpha olefin. See 1-Hexene C8 linear alpha olefin. See Octene-1 C14 linear alpha olefin. See Tetradecene-1 C13 linear primary alcohol. See Tridecyl alcohol C16 linear primary alcohol. See Cetyl alcohol CMC. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium CMC sodium salt. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium Coal oil. See Kerosene

Coal tar naphtha. See Naphtha

Coal tar naphtha distillate. See Naphtha

Cobalt acetate (ous)

CAS 6147-53-1; EINECS/ELINCS 200-755-8

Synonyms: Acetic acid, cobalt (2+) salt, tetrahydrate; Cobalt acetate tetrahydrate; Cobalt (I) acetate tetrahydrate; Cobalt diacetate tetrahydrate; Cobaltous acetate; Cobaltous acetate tetrahydrate Classification: Carboxylic acid salt

Empirical: $C_4H_6C_0O_4 \cdot 4H_2O$

Formula: $Co(C_2H_3O_2)_2 \cdot 4H_2O$

- Properties: Reddish-violet cryst.; sol. in water, acids, alcohol; m.w. 177.02 (anhyd.); 249.11 (tetrahydrate); dens. 1.7043; m.p. loses water @ 140 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 0.05 mg (Co)/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 708 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; avoid inh.; skin and eye irritant; cancer suspect agent; human mutagenic data; target organs: thyroid, lungs; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Storage: Hygroscopic, deliq.

- Uses: Inks; paint and varnish driers; catalyst; anodizing; mineral supplement in feed additives; foam stabilizer; in food-pkg. adhesives; polymerization catalyst in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170
- Manuf, Distrib.: AC Ind.; Aldrich; Alemark; Atomergic Chemetals; BCH Brühl; Barker Ind.; Celtic Chem. Ltd; Fluka; Hall Chem.; Mallinckrodt Baker; Min. R&D; Noah; OM Group; Shepherd; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Cobalt acetate tetrahydrate. See Cobalt acetate (ous)

Cobalt (I) acetate tetrahydrate. See Cobalt acetate (ous)

Cobalt aluminate

Uses: Colorant in food-contact polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 178.3297 Manuf./Distrib.: Bayer; Ferro/Color

Cobalt diacetate tetrahydrate. See Cobalt acetate (ous) Cobaltous acetate. See Cobalt acetate (ous) Cobaltous acetate tetrahydrate. See Cobalt acetate (ous)

Cocamide

- CAS 61789-19-3; EINECS/ELINCS 263-039-4
- Synonyms: Amides, coco; Amides, coconut oil; Coco amide; Coconut acid amide; Coconut oil amides

Classification: Aliphatic amide

Formula: RCO–NH₂, where RCO– represents fatty acids derived from coconut oil

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Dry-cleaning detergent; internal lubricant, slip agent for plastics, coatings, films; foam/visc. stabilizer; water repellent for textiles; emulsifier, emulsion stabilizer, surfactant, visc. control agent in cosmetics; in closuresealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.320, 176.210, 177.1210

Cocamide DEA

- CAS 8051-30-7; 61791-31-9; 68603-42-9; EINECS/ELINCS 263-163-9; 271-657-0
- Synonyms: Amides, coco, N,N-bis (2-hydroxyethyl)-; N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) coco amides; N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) coco fatty acid amide; Coconut acid diethanolamide; Coconut acid polydiethanolamide (2:1 type); Coconut acid superamide (1:1 type); Coconut diethanolamide; Cocoyl diethanolamide; Diethanolamine coconut fatty acid condensate

Definition: Ethanolamides of coconut acid

Formula: RCO–N(CH₂CH₂OH)₂, RCO– represents the coconut acid radical *Properties:* Amber liq.

Toxicology: May produce contact sensitivity; TSCA listed

- Uses: Detergent, thickener, emulsifier, foam booster/stabilizer, wetting agent, solubilizer for cosmetics, pharmaceutical topicals, industrial and household cleaners, textiles, etc.; thickener, conditioner, stabilizer in shampoos; surfactant, emulsion stabilizer in cosmetics; plastics antistat; foods (delinting of cottonseed for prod. of cottonseed oil); byprods. for use in animal feeds; in cellophane for food pkg.; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 173.322 (0.2% max.), 175.105, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2800; FDA approved for topicals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Custom Ingreds.; McIntyre; Mitsui & Co. USA; Rhodia HPCII; Venus Ethoxyethers
- Trade Names: DeMIDE MFM-200; DeMIDE MFS-200; DeMIDE RCN-100; DeMIDE RCN-100HV; DeMIDE RCN-200; DeMIDE RCN-276; DeMIDE RCN-MCY-100; DeMIDE RCN-ME-100; Norfox® DCS; Stafoam F

Cocamidopropylamine oxide

CAS 68155-09-9; EINECS/ELINCS 268-938-5

Synonyms: Amides, coco, N-[3-(dimethylamino) propyl], N-oxides; Cocamidopropyl dimethylamine oxide; Coco amides, N-[3-(dimethylamino) propyl], N-oxide; Cocoamidopropyldimethylamine oxide; N-[3-(Dimethylamino) propyl] coco amides-N-oxide

Classification: Tertiary amine oxide

Formula: RCO–NH(CH₂)₃N(CH₃)₃O, RCO– represents the coconut fatty acids

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, softener, conditioner, foam booster/ stabilizer for rug shampoos, laundry detergents, dishwashing, shampoos, bath prods., cleaners, antistatic softeners; foam stabilizer in foam rubber, electroplating, paper coatings; surfactant in cosmetics; emulsifier for pharmaceuticals

Trade Names: DeMOX CAPO; Rhodamox® CAPO

Cocamidopropyl dimethylamine oxide. See Cocamidopropylamine oxide

Coceth-5

cen-5 CAS 61791-13-7 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-5 coconut alcohol; POE (5) coconut ether Definition: PEG ether of coconut alcohol Formula: R(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, R represents coconut radical, avg. n = 5 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents,

emulsifiers, cosmetics; emulsifier in cosmetics

Trade Names: Genapol® C-050

Coceth-8

- CAS 61791-13-7 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-8 coconut alcohol; PEG 400 coconut ether; POE (8) coconut ether
- *Definition:* PEG ether of coconut alcohol
- Formula: R(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, R represents coconut radical, avg. n = 8

Properties: Nonionic

- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics; emulsifier in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2800
- Trade Names: Genapol® C-080

Coceth-10

- CAS 61791-13-7 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-10 coconut alcohol; PEG 500 coconut ether; POE (10) coconut ether
- *Definition:* PEG ether of coconut alcohol
- *Formula:* $R(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, R represents coconut radical, avg. n = 10 *Properties:* Nonionic
- Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics; emulsifier in cosmetics; in food-contact textiles *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §177.2800 *Trade Names:* Genapol® C-100

Coceth-15

- CAS 61791-13-7 (generic)
- Synonyms: PEG-15 coconut alcohol; POE (15) coconut ether
- Definition: PEG ether of coconut alcohol
- Properties: Nonionic
- Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics
- Trade Names: Genapol® C-150

Coceth-20

- CAS 61791-13-7 (generic)
- Synonyms: PEG-20 coconut alcohol; POE (20) coconut ether
- Definition: PEG ether of coconut alcohol
- Properties: Nonionic
- Uses: Raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics
- Trade Names: Genapol® C-200

Cocoalkonium chloride

Synonyms: Cocoalkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride; Coco dimethyl

benzyl ammonium chloride; Coco dimonium chloride; Dimethyl cocobenzyl ammonium chloride; Quaternary ammonium compds., benzylcoco alkyldimethyl, chlorides

Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt

Properties: Liq.; cationic

- Uses: Bactericide; fungicide; sanitizer; swimming pool treatment; demulsification of hydrocarbons; antistat in cosmetics, plastics; latex coagulation; flotation; electrostatic paints; disinfectant in detergent sanitizers; corrosion inhibitor for oil drilling; emulsifier in metalworking fluids; emulsifier and dispersant for sludge in oil drilling and wastewater treatment; germicide (duckweed killer) in water treatment, petrol., textiles, paper
- Trade Names: Nissan Cation F2-20R; Nissan Cation F2-40E; Nissan Cation F2-50; Nissan Cation F2-50E; Nissan Cation F2-CONC.

Cocoalkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride. See Cocoalkonium chloride

Coco alkyl isoquinolinium bromide

Uses: Germicide (duckweed killer) for water treatment; germicide for textiles and pulp and paper industries; cosmetics rinse; germicide, insecticide in agric.

Trade Names: Firet Q

Coco amide. See Cocamide

Coco amides, N-[3-(dimethylamino) propyl], N-oxide. See Cocamidopropylamine oxide

Cocoamidopropyldimethylamine oxide. See Cocamidopropylamine oxide Cocoamine ethoxylates. See PEG cocamine Cocoamino betaine. See Coco-betaine

Coco-betaine

CAS 68424-94-2; 85409-25-2; EINECS/ELINCS 270-329-4

Synonyms: Betaines, coco alkyldimethyl; Cocoamino betaine; Cocodimethylamino betaine; Coco dimethyl betaine; Coco dimethyl glycine; Coconut betaine; Dimethylcocoamino betaine; Quaternary ammonium compds., carboxymethyl (coco alkyl) dimethyl hydroxides, inner salts

Classification: Zwitterion (inner salt)

Formula: $RN^{+}(CH_3)_2CH_2COO^{-}$, where R = alkyl groups derived from coconut oil

Properties: Amphoteric

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, foaming agent, solubilizer, biocide, bactericide, conditioner, visc. builder in industrial, household, pharmaceutical, and cosmetic applics.; plastics antistat Trade Names: Paxogen COB

Coco bis-2-hydroxyethylamine oxide. See Dihydroxyethyl cocamine oxide Coco di(hydroxyethyl) amine oxide. See Dihydroxyethyl cocamine oxide Cocodimethylamino betaine. See Coco-betaine

Coco dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride. See Cocoalkonium chloride

Coco dimethyl betaine. See Coco-betaine

Coco dimethyl glycine. See Coco-betaine

Coco dimonium chloride. See Cocoalkonium chloride

Coco fatty acid. See Coconut acid

Coco fatty acids, potassium salts. See Potassium cocoate

Coconut acid

- CAS 61788-47-4; 8037-14-7; 67701-05-7; 68937-85-9; EINECS/ELINCS 262-978-7
- Synonyms: Coco fatty acid; Coconut fatty acid; Coconut fatty acids; Coconut oil acids; Coconut oil fatty acids; Fatty acids, coco

Definition: Mixtures of fatty acids

Empirical: C₁₂H₂₄O₂

Formula: RCOOH, R = coco

Properties: Pale yel. solid; insol. in water; m.w. 200.32; m.p. 23-27 C; acid no. 260-270; sapon. no. 262-272

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Lubricant; intermediate used in alkyd resins, rubber compding., detergents, water repellents, polishes, soaps, abrasives, cutting oils, candles, crayons, emulsifiers, personal care prods.; source of long-chain alkyl groups; activator; surfactant, emulsifier, emollient in cosmetics; in foods; emulsifier in pharmaceutical topicals; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3910; approved for topicals

Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; Acme-Hardesty; Akzo Nobel; Alnor Oil; Chem. Distribution; Eastech; Magna-Kron; NOF Am.; Norman, Fox; Nottingham; Procter & Gamble; Sea-Land; Uniqema N. Am.

Coconut acid amide. See Cocamide

Coconut acid diethanolamide. See Cocamide DEA Coconut acid, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated coconut acid Coconut acid methyl ester. See Methyl cocoate Coconut acid polydiethanolamide (2:1 type). See Cocamide DEA Coconut acid, potassium salt. See Potassium cocoate Coconut acid superamide (1:1 type). See Cocamide DEA

Coconut alcohol

CAS 68425-37-6; EINECS/ELINCS 270-351-4 Synonyms: Alcohols, coco; Coconut fatty alcohol Definition: Mixture of fatty alcohols Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emollient, emulsifier in cosmetics; superfatting agent in shampoos; raw material for sulfation, ethoxylation; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2800

Coconut betaine. See Coco-betaine Coconut butter. See Coconut (Cocos nucifera) oil

Coconut (Cocos nucifera) oil

CAS 8001-31-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-282-8; UN No. 1363 (DOT) Synonyms: Copra oil; Cocos nucifera; Coconut butter; Coconut oil; Coconut palm oil

Classification: Saturated fat

Definition: Fixed oil obtained from kernels of seeds of Cocos nucifera

Properties: Wh. fatty solid or liq., sweet nutty taste; sol. in oxygenated and chlorinated solvs.; very sol. in chloroform, ether, CS2; pract. insol. in water; dens. 0.903 (0/4 C); m.p. 21-27 C; acid no. < 6; iodine no. 8-9.5; sapon. no. 255-258; ref. index 1.4485-1.4495; flash pt. (CC) 550 F; surf. tens. 33.4 dynes/cm

Toxicology: May cause allergic skin reaction; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm. solid when exposed to heat or flame; may spontaneously heat and ignite if stored wet and hot

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO2 from combustion

- HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Emollient, solvent, superfatting agent, clouding agent, detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier in cosmetics and pharmaceuticals; drying oil for paints; soap ingred.; dyeing cotton; syn. detergents; source of fatty acids and alcohols; base for leather preps.; delivery/absorp. enhancement; diluent; foods (coating agent, emulsifier, formulation aid, texturizer); shortening/margarine ingred.; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings and textiles; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800,
- 182.70; GRAS; FDA approved for orals, topicals; BP compliance Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; Akzo Nobel; Alban Muller; Aldrich; Alnor Oil;
- Amber Syn.; Arista Ind.; Chemron; Jarchem Ind.; Lipo; Lomas Int'l.; Protameen; Rhodia HPCII; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stevenson Cooper; Thornley; Tri-K Ind.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Welch, Holme & Clark

Coconut diethanolamide. See Cocamide DEA Coconut fatty acid. See Coconut acid Coconut fatty acids. See Coconut acid Coconut fatty acids, magnesium salts. See Magnesium cocoate Coconut fatty acids, 1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl ester. See Propylene glycol dicocoate Coconut fatty acid, sodium salt. See Sodium cocoate Coconut fatty alcohol. See Coconut alcohol Coconut hydroxyethyl imidazoline. See Cocoyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline Coconut oil. See Coconut (Cocos nucifera) oil Coconut oil acids. See Coconut acid Coconut oil amides. See Cocamide

Coconut oil fatty acids. See Coconut acid

Coconut oil fatty acids, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated coconut acid Coconut oil fatty acids, sodium salt. See Sodium cocoate

Coconut oil, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated coconut oil

Coconut oil triglycerides

Uses: Foods (soft fat and filling for prod. of cooling fillings); defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Coconut palm oil. See Coconut (Cocos nucifera) oil

Coconut trimethyl ammonium chloride. See Cocotrimonium chloride Cocos nucifera. See Coconut (Cocos nucifera) oil

Cocotrimonium chloride

CAS 61789-18-2; EINECS/ELINCS 263-038-9

Synonyms: Coconut trimethyl ammonium chloride; Cocoyl trimethyl ammonium chloride; Quaternary ammonium compds., coco alkyl trimethyl, chlorides

Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt

Formula: [RN(CH₃)₃]⁺Cl⁻, R rep. alkyl groups from coconut oil

Properties: Cationic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier; dispersant; corrosion inhibitor; for oil field brines and HCI acidizing systems; antistat and lubricant for syn. fibers, plastics; bactericide; fungicide; disinfectant; sanitizer; antimicrobial, antistat, surfactant in cosmetics; germicide (duckweed killer) for water treatment, petrol. industrv

Trade Names: Nissan Cation FB

Trade Names Containing: Arquad® C-50

Cocoyl diethanolamide. See Cocamide DEA

Cocoyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

- CAS 61791-38-6; EINECS/ELINCS 263-170-7
- Synonyms: Coconut hydroxyethyl imidazoline; 2-Cocoyl-1-(hydroxyethyl) imidazoline; Cocoyl imidazoline; 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol, 4,5-dihydro-2norcoco alkyl derivs.; 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol, 4,5-dihydro-2-norcocoyl-Classification: Heterocyclic compd.
- Formula: R=N-N-(CH₂)₂OH, R is derived from coconut fatty radical Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Emulsifier for industrial detergents, cleaners; emulsifier, antistat, corrosion inhibitor, softener for textiles, plastics, asphalt, tar emulsion breakers, paints, printing inks; water repellent treatment of cement, concrete, and plaster; fungicide; surfactant in cosmetics

Trade Names: Miramine® CC

2-Cocoyl-1-(hydroxyethyl) imidazoline. See Cocoyl hydroxyethyl imidazo-

Cocoyl imidazoline. See Cocoyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

Cocoyl trimethyl ammonium chloride. See Cocotrimonium chloride

Cod liver oil

CAS 8001-69-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-289-6

Synonyms: Gadidae oil; Gadi lecur; Morrhua oil

- Definition: Fixed oil expressed from fresh livers of Gadus morrhua and other species of codfish, contg. vitamins A and D, omega 3 fatty acid
- Properties: Amber thin oily liq., sl. fishy odor and taste; sol. in ether, chloroform, ethyl acetate, carbon disulfide, petroleum ether; sl. sol. in alcohol; negligible sol. in water; dens. 0.918-0.927; iodine no. 145-180; sapon. no. 180-192; ref. index 1.4705-1.4745

Toxicology: No known toxicity

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂ from combustion

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Medicine (vitamin A and D content); protectant in diaper rash ointment; dietary supplement in foods and pharmaceuticals; chamois-leather tanning; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800; GRAS for use in dietary supplements; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Allan; Am. Roland; Arista Ind.; Artek; Bruchem; F.H. Taussig; Integra; J.H. Calo; Jedwards Int'l.; Marine Bio-Prods.; Maypro Ind.; Mutchler; Penta Mfg.; R.W. Greeff; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Collagen hydrolysates. See Hydrolyzed collagen Collodion. See Nitrocellulose

Collodion wool. See Nitrocellulose Colloidal ferric oxide. See Ferric oxide Colloidal silica. See Silica, colloidal; Silica, fumed Colloidal silicon dioxide. See Silica, fumed Colloxylin. See Nitrocellulose Cologel. See Methylcellulose Colonial spirit. See Methyl alcohol Colophane. See Rosin Colophonium. See Rosin Colophony. See Rosin Columbia black EP. See Direct black 38 Columbian spirits. See Methyl alcohol

Colza oil. See Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil

Common salt. See Sodium chloride

Condensation prods., epoxy. See Epoxy resin

Coomassie violet. See Acid violet 49

Collodion cotton. See Nitrocellulose

Copaiba. See Balsam copaiba (Copaifera officinalis) Copaiba balsam. See Balsam copaiba (Copaifera officinalis)

Copaiba oleoresin. See Balsam copaiba (Copaifera officinalis)

Copaifera officinalis balsam. See Balsam copaiba (Copaifera officinalis)

Copernica cerefera wax. See Carnauba (Copernica cerifera) wax

Copernicia cerifera wax. See Carnauba (Copernica cerifera) wax

Copper-8. See Copper 8-quinolinolate

Copperas red. See Iron oxide red

Copper dihydroxide. See Copper hydroxide (ic)

- Copper dinitrate. See Copper nitrate (ic)
- Copper hydrate. See Copper hydroxide (ic)

Copper (2+) hydroxide. See Copper hydroxide (ic)

Copper (II) hydroxide. See Copper hydroxide (ic)

Copper hydroxide (ic)

CAS 20427-59-2

Synonyms: Copper dihydroxide; Copper hydrate; Copper (II) hydroxide; Copper (2+) hydroxide; Copper oxide hydrated; Cupric hydroxide Empirical: H₂CuO₂

Formula: Cu(OH),

- Properties: Bluish-grn. powd.; sol. in acids and ammonium hydroxide; insol. in water; m.w. 97.59; dens. 3.368; m.p. dec. above 100 C producing cupric oxide
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1000 mg/kg; toxic by ing. and inh.; eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Uses: Copper salts; mordant; paper staining; pesticide; fungicide; catalyst; cuprammonium rayon process reagent; pigment; feed additive
- Manuf./Distrib.: Agtrol Chem. Prods.; Aldrich; Am. Chemet; Cuproquim; Drexel; Faesy & Besthoff; Griffin; Helm AG; Lohmann
- Copper hydroxy quinolate. See Copper 8-quinolinolate

Copper-8-hydroxyquinolinate. See Copper 8-quinolinolate

Copper-8-hydroxyquinoline. See Copper 8-quinolinolate

Copper monosulfate. See Cupric sulfate anhydrous

Copper (2+) nitrate. See Copper nitrate (ic)

Copper (II) nitrate. See Copper nitrate (ic)

Copper nitrate (ic)

- CAS 3251-23-8 (anhyd.); 10031-43-3 (trihydrate); EINECS/ELINCS 221-838-5; UN No. NA 1479 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Copper dinitrate; Copper (2+) nitrate; Copper (II) nitrate; Copper (II) nitrate trihydrate; Cupric dinitrate; Cupric nitrate; Cupric nitrate hexahydrate; Cupric nitrate trihydrate

Definition: Avail. commercially as the trihydrate

- *Empirical:* $CuN_2O_6 \cdot 3H_2O$; $CuN_2O_6 \cdot 6H_2O$ *Formula:* $Cu(NO_3)_2 \cdot 3H_2O$ or $Cu(NO_3)_2 \cdot 6H_2O$
- Properties: Anhyd.: Blue-grn. cryst.; sol. in water, ethyl acetate, dioxane; m.w. 187.55; dens. 2.047; m.p. 255-256 C; sublimes @ 150-225 C; Trihydrate: Dk. blue cryst., delig.; sol. in water and ethanol; m.w. 241.60; dens. 2.32 kg/l; m.p. 114 C; Hexahydrate: Blue cryst. flakes, deliq.; sol. in water, ethanol; m.w. 295.66; dens. 2.0
- Toxicology: Anhyd.: ACGIH TLV/TWA 1 mg (Cu)/m3; LD50 (oral, rat) 940 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; severe skin and eye irritant; Trihydrate: ACGIH TLV/TWA 1 mg(Cu)/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 940 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; mutagenic data

Precaution: Anhyd.: Explosive or violent reactions possible; can ignite on

contact with paper; Trihydrate: Can ignite on prolonged contact with paper; can explode when finely mixed with potassium ferrocyanide; conc. sol'ns. may ignite in contact with tin foil

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO $_x$ HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 3

Storage: Deliq.

Uses: Light-sensitive papers; analytical reagent; textile dyeing mordant and oxidizing agent; nitrating agent; insecticide; coloring copper black; electroplating; paints; varnishes; enamels; catalyst in solid rocket fuels; copper salts; fuel additives; fungicide; herbicide; glaze/ceramics ingred.; pyrotechnic/rocket fuel ingred.; source of micronutrient copper in horticulture and agric.; metal surf. treatment agent; in pharmaceuticals; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300

Manuf./Distrib.: Aithaca; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allan; Barker Ind.; Charkit; Fluka; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Ingraham & Co.; Mallinckrodt Baker; Markinter; McGean-Rohco; Min. R&D; Phibro-Tech; Ruger; Shepherd; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Wm. Blythe Ltd

Copper (II) nitrate trihydrate. See Copper nitrate (ic)

Copper oxide hydrated. See Copper hydroxide (ic)

Copper oxinate. See Copper 8-quinolinolate

Copper oxyquinolate. See Copper 8-quinolinolate

Copper oxyquinoline. See Copper 8-quinolinolate

Copper phthalocyanine. See Copper phthalocyanine blue

Copper phthalocyanine blue

CAS 147-14-8; EINECS/ELINCS 205-685-1

- Synonyms: CI 74160; Copper phthalocyanine; Phthalocyanine blue; Pigment blue 15
- Definition: Bright blue copper phthalocyanine pigment; avail. in the α or β crystal modification

Empirical: C₃₂H₁₆CuN₈

Formula: (C₆H₄C₂N)₄N₄Cu

Properties: Bright blue microcryst. with purple luster; insol. in water, alcohol; m.w. 576.08

Toxicology: LD (oral, rat) > 15 g/kg, (IP, rat) > 3 g/kg; TSCA listed

Uses: Pigment/colorant in paints, alkyd resin enamels, printing inks, lacquers, plastics, rubber, resins, paper, paper/wood coatings, finishes, sizing, tinplate printing, colored chalks and pencils, hair dyes; processing aid in latex foams; pharmaceutical topicals; colorant in food-contact polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: Pigment blue 15: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 177.1680, 177.2260, 177.2600, 178.3297; FDA approved for topicals

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods. Trade Names: Octotint 155; Ponolith™ Supra Blue RB Liq.

Copper phthalocyanine green. See Phthalocyanine green Copper quinolate. See Copper 8-quinolinolate

Copper-8-quinolate. See Copper 8-quinolinolate

Copper 8-quinolinolate

CAS 10380-28-6

Synonyms: Bis (8-oxyquinoline) copper; Bis (8-quinolinato) copper; Bis (quinolin-8-olato) copper; Copper-8; Copper hydroxy quinolate; Copper-8-hydroxyquinolinate; Copper-8-hydroxyquinoline; Copper oxinate; Copper oxyquinolate; Copper oxyquinoline; Copper quinolate; Copper-8-quinolate; Cupric-8-hydroxyquinolate; 8-Hydroxyquinoline copper complex; Oxime copper; Oxine copper

Classification: Organic copper compd.

Empirical: C18H12CuN2O2

Formula: Cu(C₉H₆ON)₂

- Properties: Yel.-grn. odorless powd. or orange clear liq., alcoholic odor; sol. in strong acids; somewhat sol. in weak acids; sl. sol. in pyridine, quinoline; insol. in water, most org. solvs.; m.w. 351.86; flash pt. > 200 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 1 mg/m³ (Cu dust and mist); LD50 (oral, rat) 9930 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 22 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat) 820 mg/m³; poison by IP route; mod. toxic by ing. and inh.; corrosive to eyes; questionable carcinogen, tumorigen; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x; can probably form CO, CO₂, CuO_x
- Uses: Fungicide and mildewproofing agent for textiles, rope, paint, paper, and wood; wood preservative; seed treatment fungicide; treatment of fruit han-

dling equip.; wound protectant (fruit trees); disinfectant for agric. equip.; analysis for copper; biostabilizer for thermoplastics, wood, adhesives, paper prods.; preservative in food-pkg. adhesives; wood preservative for agric. prods. pkg.; preservative for coating formulations in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 178.3800

Manuf./Distrib.: Chugai Boyeki Am.; Howard Hall; Morton Int'l./Plastics Addit.; Napp Tech.; Synasia Fine Chem.; Tanabe USA

Copper sulfate. See Cupric sulfate anhydrous Copper (II) sulfate. See Cupric sulfate anhydrous Copra oil. See Coconut (Cocos nucifera) oil

Corn acid

CAS 68308-50-9; EINECS/ELINCS 269-654-4 Synonyms: Acids, corn; Corn fatty acids; Fatty acids, corn oil Definition: Mixt. of fatty acids derived from corn oil Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, emollient in cosmetics; in food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in surf. lubricants for mfg. food-contact metallic articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3910

Corn fatty acids. See Corn acid

Corn oil. See Corn (Zea mays) oil

Corn oil acids, potassium salt. See Potassium cornate

Corn oil fatty acids, potassium salts. See Potassium cornate

Corn oil triglycerides

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.210

Corn starch. See Corn (Zea mays) starch; Starch Corn sugar gum. See Xanthan gum

Corn (Zea mays) oil

CAS 8001-30-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-281-2

Synonyms: Corn oil; Maize oil; Zea mays; Zea mays oil

- Definition: Refined fixed oil obtained from wet milling of corn, Zea mays
- Properties: Pale yel. oily liq., faint char. odor and taste; sol. in ether, chloroform, amyl acetate, benzene, CS₂, chlorinated and aromatic solvs.; sl. sol. in alcohol; insol. in water; dens. 0.914-0.921; m.p. -10 C; acid no. 2-6; iodine no. 109-133; sapon. no. 187-193; flash pt. 321 C; ref. index 1.470-1.474
- *Toxicology:* Nontoxic; human skin irritant; experimental teratogen; may be an allergen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; dangerous spontaneous heating may occur
- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Light-sensitive

- Uses: Foods (in preparing foodstuffs, coating agent, emulsifier, formulation aid, texturizer); cooking/salad oil; margarine ingred.; dietary supplement; soap; lubricants; leather finishing; hair dressing; semidrying oil in paints; pharmaceutical solvent, vehicle; in food-pkg. adhesives; drying oil in foodcontact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, GRAS; FDA approved for injectables, orals, topicals; USP/NF, BP, JP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: A.E. Staley Mfg.; ABITEC; Alba Int'l.; Alban Muller; Arista Ind.; Ashland; Cascade; Croda Inc; Fluka; Grain Processing; Lipo; Penta Mfg.; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tri-K Ind.; Welch, Holme & Clark

Corn (Zea mays) starch

CÀS 9005-25-8; 53112-52-0; 75138-75-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6

- Synonyms: Corn starch; Maize starch; Starch, corn; Starch, zea mays; Zea mays; Zea mays starch
- Definition: Granules obtained from mature grains of corn, Zea mays; carbohydrate polymer consisting primarily of amylose and amylopectin

Formula: (C₆H₁₀O₅)_n

Properties: Wh. powd. or spheroidal gran.

- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 6600 mg/kg; primary irritant; no ill effects unless massive doses are given; use of powd. in rubber gloves may cause contact urticaria; TSCA listed
- HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Source of glucose; visc. control agent in cosmetics; filler in baking powder; thickener in food prods.; dietary supplement; adhesives; coatings; additive in plastics; pharmaceutical excipient, filler, tablet disintegrant; powd. in rubber gloves; in food pkg., food-pkg. adhesives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 178.3520, 182.70, 182.90; GRAS for use in dietary supplements; BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: A.E. Staley Mfg.; ADM Corn Processing; Aldrich; Bruchem; Cerestar UK; Cerestar USA; Chemstar Prods.; Corn Prods.; Grain Processing; Houghton Chem.; NB Entrepreneurs; Nalco; Nat'l. Starch & Chem.; Penford Prods.; Ruger; Sigma; Varsal Instruments; Westco
- *Trade Names:* Apollo® 4200 Cationic Starches; Apollo® Cationic Starches; B20F; B200; C110; Chargemaster® R415; Chargemaster® R462; Chargemaster® R515; Chargemaster® R615; Cleer-Cote® 625; Coatmaster® K61F; D12F; D120; Douglas® Starches; Electra® 7458; Ethylex® 2005, 2015, 2020, 2025, 2035, 2040, 2065, 2075, 2095; ICB® 3000, 3100, 3200; ICB® 3000D; Interbond® C; Koldex® 50, 60; Lok-Size® 30; Pearl; Pearl AP, R; Pencat® Cationic Starches; Penford® Gum; Sta-Lok® 120, 160, 180, 182; Sta-Lok® 140; Sta-Lok® 156; Sta-Lok® 300, 310, 330; Sta-Lok® 356; Sta-Lok® 374, 376; Staramic® 105; Staramic® 747; Star*pol® 136; Star*pol® 410; Star*pol® 468, 469, 600; Star*pol® 700, 800; Staysize® 140

Cosmetic talc. See Talc

Cotton fiber. See Cellulose

Cotton oil. *See* Cottonseed (Gossypium) oil **Cotton red.** *See* Basic red 2

Cottonseed acid

CAS 68308-51-0; EINECS/ELINCS 269-656-5

Synonyms: Acids, cottonseed; Cottonseed fatty acids; Distilled fatty acids, cottonseed oil; Fatty acids, cottonseed oil

Definition: Mixture of fatty acids derived from cottonseed oil

Uses: Emollient in cosmetics; in food pkg. adhesives/coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800

Cottonseed fatty acids. See Cottonseed acid

Cottonseed (Gossypium) oil

CAS 8001-29-4; EINECS/ELINCS 232-280-7

Synonyms: Aceite de Algodon; Cotton oil; Cottonseed oil; Cottonseed oil, winterized; Deodorized winterized cottonseed oil; Gossypium; Oleum Gossypii seminis

Definition: Refined fixed oil from seeds of various species of Gossypium

- Properties: Pale yel. oily liq., nearly odorless; sol. in ether, benzene, chloroform; sl. sol. in alcohol; negligible sol. in water; dens. 0.915-0.921; f.p. 0-5 C; solid. pt. 31-33 C; iodine no. 109-120; sapon. no. 190-198; flash pt. (CC) 486 F
- *Toxicology:* Questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen and teratogen; allergen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; may be dangerous hazard due to spontaneous heating

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO₂ from combustion

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Light-sensitive

- Uses: Emollient; foods (coating agent, emulsifier, formulation aid, texturizer); drying oil for paints; leather dressing; soap stock; lubricant; glycerol; cosmetic base; waterproofing compositions; pharmaceutical vehicle, solvent; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; drying oil and surf. lubricant in food-contact coatings; in food-contact textiles
- Use Level: 56-92% (intramuscular preps.), 0.002-402 mg (solid oral dosage forms)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800, GRAS; FDA approved for intramuscular injectables, orals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; Aldrich; Allyson Enterprises; Alnor Oil; Amber Syn.; Arista Ind.; Croda Inc; Mutchler; Natural Oils Int'l.; Oilseeds Int'l.; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Thornley; Tri-K Ind.; Welch, Holme & Clark

Cottonseed oil. See Cottonseed (Gossypium) oil

Cottonseed oil triglycerides

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Cottonseed oil, winterized. See Cottonseed (Gossypium) oil Coumarin, 7-diethylamino-4-methyl-. See 7-Diethylamino-4-methylcoumarin Coumarone/indene copolymer. See Coumarone/indene resin

Coumarone/indene resin

- CAS 35343-70-5
- Synonyms: Coumarone/indene copolymer; Coumarone resin; Indene/coumarone resin; Poly (coumarone-co-indene); Polyindene resin
- Classification: Thermosetting resin
- Properties: Brn. solid; soft and sticky at R.T.; hardens on heating to solid; sol. in hydrocarbon solvs., pyridine, acetone, carbon disulfide, CCl.; insol. in water, alcohol; dens. 1.140; soften. pt. 126 C; flash pt. > 109 C; ref. index 1.63-1.64
- Toxicology: May be harmful by inh., ing., or skin absorption; may cause eye/ skin irritation; may be irritating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions
- Storage: Keep tightly closed; store in a cool, dry place
- Uses: Extender in epoxy systems, adhesives, printing inks; floor tile binder; friction tape; aluminum paints; varnishes; enamels; plasticizer, softener, reinforcer, tackifier in rubbers; plasticizer/softener in PVC, bitumen, adhesives; tung oil-coumarone resins (aluminum decorative/structure paints, plaster, cement primer paints); protective coating on grapefruit, lemons, limes, oranges, tangerines; in chewing gum; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use

Use Level: Limitation 200 ppm on fresh wt. basis (citrus coating)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.215, 175.105, 175.300, 177.2600

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Natrochem; Neville

Trade Names: Cumar® LX®-509; Cumar® R-3; Cumar® R-11; Cumar® R-12 (V-2, V-2½); Cumar® R-13; Cumar® R-17

Coumarone resin. See Coumarone/indene resin

CP. *See* Cellulose acetate propionate

C9-11 pareth-2

CAS 68439-46-3 (generic)

Synonyms: Pareth-91-2; PEG-2 C9-11 alcohol ether

Člassification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C9-11 fatty alcohols with avg. 2 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Detergent, emulsifier; intermediate for sulfation giving high foaming anionics; polishes, waxes; dry cleaning; I&I cleaning Trade Names: Teric™ G9A2

C9-11 pareth-3

CAS 68439-46-3 (generic)

Synonyms: Pareth-91-3; PEG-3 C9-11 alcohol ether

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C9-11 fatty alcohols with avg. 3 moles EO

- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; wetting agent; intermediate; dispersant; surfactant

Trade Names: Imbentin-C/91/025

C9-11 pareth-4

CAS 68439-46-3 (generic)

- Synonyms: Pareth-91-4; PEG-4 alkyl C9-11 alcohol
- *Classification:* Linear alcohol ethoxylate
- Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C9-11 fatty alcohols with avg. 4 moles EO
- Properties: Nonionic
- Uses: Scouring agent for textiles; soaking assistant in leather industry Trade Names: Imbentin-C/91/040

C9-11 pareth-5

CAS 68439-46-3 (generic) Synonyms: Pareth-91-5; PEG-5 alkyl C9-11 alcohol

- *Classification:* Linear alcohol ethoxylate
- Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C9-11 fatty alcohols with avg. 5 moles EO
- Properties: Nonionic
- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier; for hard surf. cleaners, degreasers and dispersants
- Trade Names: Imbentin-C/91/35

C9-11 pareth-6

- CAS 68439-46-3 (generic)
- Synonyms: Pareth-91-6; PEG-6 C9-11 alcohol ether
- *Classification:* Linear alcohol ethoxylate
- Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C9-11 fatty alcohols with avg. 6 moles EO
- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; wetting agent; intermediate; dispersant; surfactant; coupling agent; solubilizer; filter cake dewatering; dust suppression in coal industry
- Trade Names: Imbentin-C/91/060; Synperonic 91/6; Teric™ G9A6

C9-11 pareth-8

- CAS 68439-46-3 (generic)
- Synonyms: Pareth-91-8
- *Classification:* Linear alcohol ethoxylate
- Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C9-11 fatty alcohols with avg. 8 moles EO
- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; detergent; wetting agent; intermediate; dispersant; solubilizer; degreaser
- Trade Names: Imbentin-C/91/080 I; Imbentin-C/91/080 OFA; Synperonic 91/8; Synperonic 91/8T; Teric™ G9A8

C9-11 pareth-9

- CAS 68439-46-3 (generic)
- Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate
- Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C9-11 fatty alcohols with avg. 9 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment *Trade Names:* Imbentin-C/91/85

C9-11 pareth-10

CAS 68439-46-3 (generic)

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C9-11 fatty alcohols with avg. 10 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting and scouring agent for agric. and oil field applics.

Trade Names: Teric[™] G9A10

C9-11 pareth-12

CAS 68439-46-3 (generic)

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C9-11 fatty alcohols with avg. 12 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, stabilizer, solubilizer, wetting agent; used in detergent formulations for domestic use; degreaser in textile applics. Trade Names: Imbentin-C/91/120

C10-12 pareth-3

CAS 66455-15-0 (generic) *Classification:* Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Surfactant intermediate; emulsifier; wetting agent; adjuvant for pesticides; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings Trade Names: Surfonic® L12-2.6; Surfonic® L12-3

C10-12 pareth-5

- CAS 66455-15-0 (generic)
- Synonyms: PEG-5 C10-12 alcohol
- Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate
- Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, foaming agent, intermediate, dispersant

Trade Names: Alfonic® 1012-5.5

C10-12 pareth-6

CAS 66455-15-0 (generic)

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate *Properties:* Nonionic

Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, o/w emulsifier for detergent, laundry, hard surf. cleaners, personal care prods., agric. pesticides; rewetting agent for paper; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings *Trade Names:* Surfonic® L12-6

C10-12 pareth-8

CAS 66455-15-0 (generic)

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

- Properties: Nonionic
- Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, o/w emulsifier for detergent, laundry prespotters, hard surf. cleaners, personal care prods., agric. pesticides; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Trade Names: Surfonic® L12-8

C11-15 pareth-3

CAS 68131-40-8 (generic)

- Synonyms: Pareth-15-3
- Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate
- Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C11-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 3 moles EO
- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 32 ml/kg, (skin, rabbit) 5660 µl/kg; primary irritant; TSCA listed
- Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent used in textile processing applics.; textile lubricant; latex emulsions; plastics antistat; surfactant in textiles, solvent cleaners, dry-cleaning, metalworking fluids, water treatment, oil field chems., pulp/paper deinking, latex emulsions; emulsifier in cosmetics

Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma

Trade Names: Tergitol® 15-S-3

C11-15 pareth-5

CAS 68131-40-8 (generic)

Synonyms: Pareth-15-5

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

- Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C11-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 5 moles EO
- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 32 ml/kg, (skin, rabbit) 5660 µl/kg; primary irritant; TSCA listed
- Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent used in textile processing applics.; textile lubricant; latex emulsion stabilizer; plastics antistat; emulsifier in cosmetics
- Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma
- Trade Names: Tergitol® 15-S-5

C11-15 pareth-7

CAS 68131-40-8 (generic)

- Synonyms: Pareth-15-7
- *Classification:* Linear alcohol ethoxylate
- Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C11-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 7 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 32 ml/kg, (skin, rabbit) 5660 µl/kg; primary irritant; TSCA listed

Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent, stabilizer used in textile processing

applics.; textile lubricant; dyeing aid, dye leveling agent for leather and textile processing; household and industrial detergents; paper; paints; agric.; metal cleaners; oil field chems.; water treatment; emulsifier in cosmetics; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3400 Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma Trade Names: Tergitol® 15-S-7 C11-15 pareth-9 CAS 68131-40-8 (generic) Synonyms: Pareth-15-9 *Classification:* Linear alcohol ethoxylate Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C11-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 9 moles EO Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 32 ml/kg, (skin, rabbit) 5660 µl/kg; primary irritant; TSCA listed Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent, stabilizer used in textile processing applics.; textile lubricant; dyeing aid, dye leveling agent for leather and textile processing; household and industrial detergents; paper; paints; agric.; metal cleaners; oil field chems.; water treatment; surfactant in cosmetics; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3400 Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma Trade Names: Tergitol® 15-S-9 C11-15 pareth-12 CAS 68131-40-8 (generic) Synonyms: Pareth-15-12 *Classification:* Linear alcohol ethoxylate Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C11-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 12 moles EO Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent, stabilizer used in textile processing applics.; textile lubricant; dyeing aid, dye leveling agent for leather and textile processing; household and industrial detergents; paper; paints; agric.; metal cleaners; oil field chems.; water treatment; surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3400 Trade Names: Tergitol® 15-S-12 C11-15 pareth-15 CAS 68131-40-8 (generic) Synonyms: Pareth-15-15 *Classification:* Linear alcohol ethoxylate Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C11-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 15 moles EO Properties: Nonionic Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent used in textile processing applics.; textile lubricant; pulp/paper processing aid; latex stabilizer; emulsifier in cosmetics Trade Names: Tergitol® 15-S-15 C12-13 pareth-7 CAS 66455-14-9 (generic) Synonyms: Pareth-23-7; PEG-7 C12-13 fatty alcohol ether *Classification:* Linear alcohol ethoxylate Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-13 fatty alcohols with avg. 7 moles EO Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Detergent intermediate used in preparation of sulfates for high-foaming liq. detergents; surfactant in cosmetics; wetting agent Trade Names: Imbentin-C/123/065 C12-14 pareth-1 CAS 68439-50-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-1 C12-14 alcohol *Classification:* Linear alcohol ethoxylate Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-14 fatty alcohols with avg. 1 mole EO Properties: Nonionic Uses: Surfactant intermediate; w/o emulsifier for detergents, personal care

prods.; sulfation intermediate; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings

Trade Names: Surfonic® L24-1.3

C12-14 pareth-2

CAS 68439-50-9 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-2 C12-14 alcohol

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-14 fatty alcohols with avg. 2 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Surfactant intermediate

Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/124/020 I; Imbentin-AG/124S/020 I

C12-14 pareth-3

CAS 68439-50-9 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-3 C12-14 alcohol

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-14 fatty alcohols with avg. 3 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

- Uses: Surfactant intermediate; costabilizer; agric. adjuvant; emulsifier, wetting agent for detergents, laundry prespotters, hard surf. cleaners, personal care prods., agric. pesticides; rewetting agent for paper; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food-contact slimicide
- Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/124/030 B; Imbentin-AG/124S/030; Surfonic® L24-3

C12-14 pareth-4

CAS 68439-50-9 (generic)

- Synonyms: PEG-4 C12-14 alcohol
- *Classification:* Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-14 fatty alcohols with avg. 4 moles EO

- Properties: Nonionic
- Uses: Surfactant intermediate; w/o and o/w emulsifier, wetting agent for detergents, laundry prespotters, personal care prods.; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/124/040 I; Imbentin-AG/124S/040; Surfonic® L24-4

C12-14 pareth-5

CAS 68439-50-9 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-5 C12-14 alcohol Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-14 fatty alcohols with avg. 5 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Surfactant, wetting, washing, emulsifying, and dispersing agent; polymerization surfactant

Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/124/050; Imbentin-AG/124S/045; Surfonic® L24-5

C12-14 pareth-6

CAS 68439-50-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-6 C12-14 alcohol Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-14 fatty alcohols with avg. 6 moles EO Properties: Nonionic Uses: Surfactant intermediate Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/124S/060

C12-14 pareth-7

CAS 68439-50-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-7 C12-14 alcohol Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-14 fatty alcohols with avg. 7 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Detergent; foaming agent; surfactant intermediate; agric. adjuvant; surfactant, wetting agent, o/w emulsifier for detergents, laundry prespotters, hard surf. cleaners, personal care prods.; pitch dispersant for pulp/paper processing; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/ paperboard

Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/124S/065; Imbentin-AG/124S/070; Sipol LAL-7; Surfonic® L24-7

C12-14 pareth-8

CAS 68439-50-9 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-8 C12-14 alcohol; PEG-8 C12-14 fatty alcohol

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-14 fatty alcohols with avg. 8 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier for detergents, hard surf. cleaners, personal care prods.; agric. adjuvant; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard

Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/124/075 90%; Imbentin-AG/124S/080 90%; Surfonic®L24-9

C12-14 pareth-9

CAS 68439-50-9 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-9 C12-14 alcohol; PEG-9 C12-14 fatty alcohol *Classification:* Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-14 fatty alcohols with avg. 9 moles EQ

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier Trade Names: Alfonic® 1412-9

C12-14 pareth-11

CAS 68439-50-9 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-11 C12-14 alcohol

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-14 fatty alcohols with avg. 11 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Surfactant intermediate; wetting agent, emulsifier, solubilizer for cleaners, cosmetics; agric. adjuvant; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in foodcontact coatings, paper/paperboard

Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/124S/110 90%; Surfonic® L24-12

C12-14 pareth-17

CAS 68439-50-9 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-17 C12-14 alcohol; POE (17) C12-14 alkyl

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-14 fatty alcohols with avg. 17 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, dispersant, detergent for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/ paper, textiles, water treatment Trade Names: Surfacis@L24.17

Trade Names: Surfonic® L24-17

C12-14 pareth-22

CAS 68439-50-9 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-22 C12-14 alcohol

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-14 fatty alcohols with avg. 22 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, dispersant, detergent for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/ paper, textiles, water treatment *Trade Names:* Surfonic® L24-22

Trade Names. Sunonice L24

C12-14 pareth-23

CAS 68439-50-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-23 C12-14 alcohol Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-14 fatty alcohols with avg. 23 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

- Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for household/industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, metal treatment, paper processing
- Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/124S/230 G

C12-15 pareth-3

CAS 68131-39-5 (generic)

Synonyms: Pareth-25-3; PEG-3 C12-15 fatty alcohol ether

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate *Definition:* PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 3

moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, detergent intermediate for dishwashing, personal care prods., industrial applics.; textile lubricant; gellant; dispersant; wetting agent; solubilizer; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3910

Trade Names: Imbentin-C/125/030; Teric™ 12A3

C12-15 pareth-5

CAS 68131-39-5 (generic)

Synonyms: Pareth-25-5; PEG-5 C12-15 alkyl ether

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 5 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Detergent; wetting agent; emulsifier in cosmetics; textile surfactant and lubricant; gellant; dispersant; solubilizer *Trade Names:* Imbentin-C/125/050

C12-15 pareth-6

CAS 68131-39-5 (generic)

Synonyms: Pareth-25-6; PEG-6 C12-15 alcohol

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 6 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant, detergent, chemical intermediate; used in textile processing, hard surface abrasives, metal descaling, detergent for household and industrial use in laundries; metal cleaning, sanitizer Trade Names: Teric™ G12A6

C12-15 pareth-7

CAS 68131-39-5 (generic)

Synonyms: Pareth-25-7; PEG-7 C12-15 fatty alcohol ether

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 7 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent, dispersant for sanitizers, metal cleaners, hard surface cleaners; detergent intermediate; for paper, paint, leather; emulsifier in cosmetics; coupler and solubilizer for perfumes and org. additives

Trade Names: Imbentin-C/125/070; Teric™ G12A7

C12-15 pareth-8

CAS 68131-39-5 (generic)

Synonyms: Pareth-25-8; PEG-8 C12-15 alkyl ether

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 8 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Detergent intermediate

Trade Names: Imbentin-C/125/55 90%

C12-15 pareth-9

CAS 68131-39-5 (generic) Synonyms: Pareth-25-9; PEG-9 C12-15 alcohol Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 9 moles EO Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Detergent intermediate used in preparation of sulfates for high-foaming liq. detergents; surfactant in textile processing, metal cleaners, paper, paint, leather applics.; coupler, solubilizer for perfumes; surfactant, emulsi-C12-16 pareth-5 fier in cosmetics Trade Names: Imbentin-C/125/090; Teric™ 12A9 C12-15 pareth-10 CAS 68131-39-5 (generic) Synonyms: Pareth-25-10; PEG-10 C12-15 alcohol *Classification:* Linear alcohol ethoxylate Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 10 moles EO C12-16 pareth-6 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent, gellant, scouring agent, solubilizer for industrial and cosmetic applics. Trade Names: Imbentin-C/125/85 C12-15 pareth-12 CAS 68131-39-5 (generic) Synonyms: Pareth-25-12; PEG-12 C12-15 alcohol *Classification:* Linear alcohol ethoxylate C12-16 pareth-7 Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 12 moles EO Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant in cosmetics; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; detergent intermediate; coupling agent; solubilizer; pharmaceutical emollient Trade Names: Teric[™] G12A12 C12-15 pareth-13 070 CAS 68131-39-5 (generic) C12-16 pareth-8 Synonyms: Pareth-25-13; PEG-13 C12-15 alcohol *Classification:* Linear alcohol ethoxylate Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 13 moles EO Properties: Nonionic Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment C12-16 pareth-9 Trade Names: Imbentin-C/125/130 80% C12-15 pareth-23 CAS 68131-39-5 (generic) Synonyms: Pareth-25-23; PEG-23 C12-15 alcohol Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C12-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 23 Trade Names: Genapol® 26-L-80 moles EO Properties: Nonionic C12-16 pareth-11 Uses: Surfactant CAS 68551-12-2 (generic) Trade Names: Teric™ 12A23 C12-16 pareth-1 CAS 68551-12-2 (generic) Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate Properties: Nonionic Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting/spreading agent, emulsifier, foaming agent, C12-18 pareth-7 intermediate, dispersant, lubricant for household and hard surf. cleaners, textile processing, pulp processing, agric. formulations C12-16 pareth-2 CAS 68551-12-2 (generic) Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate *Properties:* Nonionic C12-18 pareth-11 Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting/spreading agent, emulsifier, foaming agent, intermediate, dispersant, lubricant for household and hard surf. cleaners, textile processing, pulp processing, agric. adjuvant Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/124PG/020 C12-16 pareth-3 CAS 68551-12-2 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-3 C12,C14,C16 alcohols

- Properties: Nonionic
- Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting/spreading agent, emulsifier, foaming agent, intermediate, dispersant, lubricant for household and hard surf. cleaners, textile processing, pulp processing, agric. adjuvant Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/124PG/030

CAS 68551-12-2 (generic)

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting/spreading agent, emulsifier, foaming agent, intermediate, dispersant, lubricant for household and hard surf. cleaners, textile processing, pulp processing, agric. adjuvant Trade Names: Genapol® 26-L-5

CAS 68551-12-2 (generic)

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting/spreading agent, emulsifier, foaming agent, intermediate, dispersant, lubricant for household and hard surf. cleaners, textile processing, pulp processing, agric. adjuvant Trade Names: Genapol® 26-L-45

CAS 68551-12-2 (generic)

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

- Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting/spreading agent, emulsifier, foaming agent, intermediate, dispersant, lubricant for household and hard surf. cleaners, textile processing, pulp processing, agric. adjuvant
- Trade Names: Genapol® 26-L-50; Genapol® 26-L-60; Imbentin-AG/124PG/

CAS 68551-12-2 (generic)

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

- Properties: Nonionic
- Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting/spreading agent, emulsifier, foaming agent, intermediate, dispersant, lubricant for household and hard surf. cleaners, textile processing, pulp processing, agric. formulations

CAS 68551-12-2 (generic)

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

- Uses: Detergent intermediate for carboxylation or phosphation for use in household and I&I cleaners, textile wet processing, emulsions and dispersions, paper processing, agric. adjuvants

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Surfactant, detergent, wetting/spreading agent, emulsifier, foaming agent, intermediate, dispersant, lubricant for household and hard surf. cleaners, textile processing, pulp processing, agric. adjuvant

Synonyms: PEG-7 C12-18 alcohol Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate Properties: Nonionic Uses: Emulsifier, detergent Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/128/070 90%

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate Properties: Nonionic

Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/128/110 90%

C13-15 pareth-3

CAS 68131-39-5 (generic)

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic Uses: General purpose detergent, emulsifier; textile lubricant/antistat; filter cake dewatering; intermediate for phosphate ester prod., carboxymethylate mfg.

Trade Names: Imbentin-C/135/030

C13-15 pareth-4

CAS 68131-39-5 (generic) *Classification:* Linear alcohol ethoxylate *Properties:* Nonionic *Uses:* Detergent, emulsifier for cleaners, personal care prods., textiles; sulfation intermediate; textile lubricant/antistat *Trade Names:* Imbentin-C/135/040

C13-15 pareth-7

CAS 68131-39-5 (generic)

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: General purpose detergent, emulsifier; dye leveling agent; textile lubricant/antistat; coal dust suppression; tin plating *Trade Names:* Imbentin-C/135/070; Synperonic A7

C13-15 pareth-9

CAS 68131-39-5 (generic) Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate Properties: Nonionic Uses: Wetting agent, detergent, scouring agent, dye leveler, emulsifier for

personal care, industrial, steel phosphation, oil field, agrochem. applics. *Trade Names:* Imbentin-C/135/090; Synperonic A9

C13-15 pareth-11

CAS 68131-39-5 (generic)

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: General purpose detergent, emulsifier; dye leveling agent; textile lubricant/antistat

Trade Names: Imbentin-C/135/110 85%; Synperonic A11

C13-15 pareth-20

CAS 68131-39-5 (generic) Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate Properties: Nonionic Uses: General purpose detergent, emulsifier, dispersant; latex stabilizer; solubilizer for fragrances

Trade Names: Imbentin-C/135/200

C14-15 pareth-3

CAS 68951-67-7 (generic)

Synonyms: Pareth-45-3; PEG-3 C14-15 alcohol ether

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate *Definition:* PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C14-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 3

moles EO Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicone and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing *Trade Names*: Imbentin-C/145/030

C14-15 pareth-4

CAS 68951-67-7 (generic)

Synonyms: Pareth-45-4; PEG-4 C14-15 alcohol ether

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C14-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 4 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicone and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing *Trade Names:* Imbentin-L/145/040

C14-15 pareth-7

CAS 68951-67-7 (generic)

Synonyms: Pareth 45-7; PEG-7 C14-15 alcohol ether Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C14-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 7 moles EO Properties: Nonionic Uses: Detergent intermediate used in preparation of sulfates for high-foaming liq. detergents; emulsifier in cosmetics Trade Names: Imbentin-C/145/070 C14-15 pareth-8 CAS 68951-67-7 (generic) Synonyms: Pareth-45-8; PEG-8 C14-15 alcohol ether Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C14-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 8 moles EO *Properties:* Nonionic Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing Trade Names: Imbentin-L/145/080 C14-15 pareth-11 CAS 68951-67-7 (generic) Synonyms: Pareth-45-11; PEG-11 C14-15 alcohol ether Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C14-15 fatty alcohols with avg. 11 moles EO Properties: Nonionic Uses: Detergent intermediate used in preparation of sulfates for high-foaming liq. detergents; emulsifier in cosmetics Trade Names: Imbentin-C/145/110 C14-16 pareth-4 Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate Properties: Nonionic Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/146/040

C14-16 pareth-7

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Surfactant, detergent, o/w emulsifier, wetting agent, foamer, penetrant, intermediate for detergent, laundry prespotters, hard surf. cleaners, personal care prods., agric. pesticides; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in foodcontact coatings, paper/paperboard

Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/146/070; Surfonic® L46-7

C16-18 pareth-2

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: W/o emulsifier, wetting agent for household/industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, paper processing

Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/168S/020; Imbentin-POA/020 5055; Imbentin-POA/024 5055

C16-18 pareth-5

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Intermediate for prod. of nonionic biodeg. surfactants and emulsifiers for use in household laundry detergents, liq. cleaners, hard surf. cleaners, cosmetics, and industrial solvs. and degreasers *Trade Names:* Imbentin-POA/050 7075

C16-18 pareth-6

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/168S/060; Imbentin-POA/060

C16-18 pareth-8

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

- Uses: O/w emulsifier, wetting agent for household/industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing
- Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/168S/080; Imbentin-POA/080 90%

C16-18 pareth-11

Synonyms: PEG-11 sat. C16-18 alcohol

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Detergent, wetting, dispersing and emulsifying agent used in chemical industry, for household and industrial detergents; costabilizer

Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/168S/110

C16-18 pareth-14

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Wetting agent for household/industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment, plastics, paper processing

Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/168S/140

C16-18 pareth-16

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, textiles, water treatment *Trade Names*: Teric™ 16A16
- C16-18 pareth-18

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

- Uses: Detergent, wetting, dispersing and emulsifying agent used in chemical industry, for household and industrial detergents
- Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/168S/180 G; Imbentin-POA/180; Imbentin-POA/ 220 G

C16-18 pareth-20

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

- Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for household/industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, metal treatment, paper processing
- Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/168S/200 G

C16-18 pareth-22

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, textiles, water treatment

Trade Names: Teric[™] 16A22

C16-18 pareth-25

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Detergent, wetting, dispersing and emulsifying agent used in chemical industry, for household and industrial detergents; binder; emulsion stabilizer

Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/168S/250 G; Imbentin-POA/220 6065 G

C16-18 pareth-29

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for oil- and water-based systems, consumer detergents, cosmetics, agric., min. processing, pulp/paper, textiles, water treatment
- Trade Names: Teric™ 16A29

C16-18 pareth-30

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

- Properties: Nonionic
- Uses: Surfactant; costabilizer to increase mechanical or salt stability in polymer dispersions

Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/168S/300 G

C16-18 pareth-31

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Solubilizer for household/industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, metal treatment, paper processing *Trade Names*: Imbentin-POA/310 G

C16-18 pareth-33

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Solubilizer for household/industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, metal treatment, paper processing

Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/168S/330 G

C16-18 pareth-36

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

- Properties: Nonionic
- Uses: Solubilizer for household/industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, metal treatment, paper processing *Trade Names:* Imbentin-AG/168S/360 G

C16-18 pareth-50

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic Uses: Detergent, wetting, dispersing and emulsifying agent used in chemical industry, for household and industrial detergents; binder; emulsion stabilizer

Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/168S/500 G

C16-18 pareth-60

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Solubilizer for household/industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, metal treatment, paper processing *Trade Names:* Imbentin-AG/168S/600 G

Trade Names, imperiarr

C16-18 pareth-80

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

- Properties: Nonionic
- Uses: Wetting and dispersing agents for engineering, industrial, and household cleaners
- Trade Names: Imbentin-AG/168S/800 G; Imbentin-POA/800 G

C20-40 pareth-3

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C20-40 alcohols with avg. 3 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; vehicle; coatings, metalworking fluids, pulp/ paper processing, textiles; mold release for plastics *Trade Names*: Unithox[®] 420

C20-40 pareth-10

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C20-40 alcohols with avg. 10 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

- Uses: Mold release agent for plastics; metalworking additive; pulp/paper processing; vehicle for colorants, oils, and waxes; film-former; dispersant, compatibilizer for rubbers; o/w emulsifier for cosmetics; surfactant for textiles, metal lubricants/coatings, ceramic binders, fiberglass processing, printing inks
- Trade Names: Unithox® 450

C20-40 pareth-40

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C20-40 alcohols with avg. 40 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier for cosmetics; vehicle; coatings, metalworking fluids, pulp/ paper processing, textiles; mold release for plastics *Trade Names*: Unithox® 480

C30-50 pareth-3

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C30-50 alcohols with avg. 3 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: O/w emulsifier for cosmetics; vehicle for inert, difficult-to-disperse colorants, oils, and waxes; also for coatings, metalworking fluids, pulp/ paper processing, textiles, mold releases

Trade Names: Unithox® 520

C30-50 pareth-10

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C30-50 alcohols with avg. 10 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; vehicle; coatings, metalworking fluids, pulp/ paper processing, textiles; mold release for plastics *Trade Names:* Unithox® 550

C40-60 pareth-3

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C40-60 alcohols with avg. 3 moles of EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: O/w emulsifier for cosmetics; vehicle for inert, difficult-to-disperse colorants, oils, and waxes; provides silky lubricating feel, superior film-forming chars.; also for coatings, metalworking fluids, pulp/paper process-ing, textiles, mold releases

Trade Names: Unithox® 720

C40-60 pareth-10

Classification: Linear alcohol ethoxylate

Definition: PEG ether of a mixt. of syn. C40-60 alcohols with avg. 10 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier for cosmetics; vehicle; coatings, metalworking fluids, pulp/ paper processing, textiles; mold release for plastics Trade Names: Unithox® 750

CR. *See* Polychloroprene

Crotonic acid, ethyl ester. *See* Ethyl crotonate

Crotonic acid homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.180

Crotonic acid, polymer with vinyl acetate. See Vinyl acetate/crotonic acid copolymer

Crystalline cellulose. See Cellulose

Crystal violet. See Basic violet 3

Crystol carbonate. See Sodium carbonate

Cube alum. See Potassium alum dodecahydrate

Cumene hydroperoxide

CAS 80-15-9; EINECS/ELINCS 201-254-7; UN No. 2116 (DOT)

Synonyms: CHP; Cumenyl hydroperoxide; Cumyl hydroperoxide; α-Cumyl hydroperoxide; α, α-Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide; 7-Hydroperoxykumen; Isopropylbenzene hydroperoxide

Classification: Organic peroxide

Empirical: C₉H₁₂O₂

Formula: C₆H₅C(CH₃)₂OOH

Properties: Colorless to pale yel. liq.; sol. in alcohol, acetone, esters, hydrocarbons, most org. solvs.; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 152.21; dens. 1.030; b.p. 153 C; flash pt. 175 F; ref. index 1.5210

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 382 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 270 mg/kg, (skin, rat) 95 mg/kg; poison by ing. and IP routes; mod. toxic by inhalation and skin

absorption; readily absorbed thru skin; experimental tumorigen; mutagenic data; skin and eye irritant; target organs: liver, kidneys; TSCA listed

- Precaution: Combustible; corrosive; strong oxidizer; avoid contact with strong min. acids, other oxidizers, reducing agents, accelerators; explosive reactions, violent decomp., and vigorous exothermic reactions possible
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Prod. of acetone and phenol; polymerization catalyst/initiator/inhibitor; curing/crosslinking agent for unsat. polyester resins; used in gel coats; in food-pkg. adhesives; polymerization catalyst in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; catalyst in food-contact crosslinked polyesters

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.2420

Manuf./Distrib.: AC Ind.; Aldrich; Aristech; Atofina; Crompton/Witco; Dastech Int'l.; Degussa-Hüls AG; Fluka; JLM Marketing; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Sigma

Cumenyl hydroperoxide. See Cumene hydroperoxide

Cumyl hydroperoxide. See Cumene hydroperoxide

α-Cumyl hydroperoxide. See Cumene hydroperoxide

Cupric dinitrate. *See* Copper nitrate (ic)

Cupric hydroxide. *See* Copper hydroxide (ic)

Cupric-8-hydroxyquinolate. See Copper 8-quinolinolate

Cupric nitrate. See Copper nitrate (ic)

Cupric nitrate hexahydrate. See Copper nitrate (ic)

Cupric nitrate trihydrate. See Copper nitrate (ic)

Cupric sulfate. See Cupric sulfate anhydrous

Cupric sulfate anhydrous

- CAS 7758-98-7; EINECS/ELINCS 231-847-6; UN No. NA 9109 (DOT) Synonyms: Basic copper sulfate; Blue copper; Bluestone; Blue vitriol; Copper monosulfate; Copper sulfate; Copper (II) sulfate; Cupric sulfate; Sulfuric acid, copper salt
- Classification: Inorganic copper salt
- Definition: Copper salt of sulfuric acid; avail. commercially as the monohydrate or pentahydrate

Empirical: CuO₄S

Formula: CuSO4

- Properties: Blue cryst. or cryst. gran. or powd.; odorless; nauseous metallic taste; sol. in water; insol. in alcohol; m.w. 159.60; dens. 3.6; m.p. dec. @ 560 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 300 mg/kg; strong irritant; experimental tumorigen; human poison, systemic effects by ingestion: gastritis, diarrhea, nausea, vomiting, hemolysis; eye irritant; no known skin toxicity; mutagen; TSCA listed

Environmental: Hazardous to the environment

Precaution: Reacts violently with hydroxylamine, magnesium

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic

- Uses: Soil additive; pesticides; germicides; textile mordant; leather; pigments; batteries; electroplated coatings; copper salts; analytical reagent; wood and pulp preservative; process engraving; lithography; ore flotation; mfg. of petroleum, rubber, steel; ore flotation; reagent in analytical chemistry; micronutrient for plants; fungicide; cosmetic additive; treatment for natural asphalts; medicine (antidote to phosphorus); foods (nutrient supplement, processing aid); feed additive
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §184.1261, 582.80; FDA approved for orals; SARA reportable; Japan approved (0.6 mg/L as copper in milk)
- Manuf./Distrib.: Adheswara Chems. Pvt. Ltd.; Aldrich; Allán; Allchem Ind.; Farleyway Chem. Ltd; Fluka; Old Bridge; Phelps Dodge Refining; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Cyamopsis gum. See Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum

Cyanine green toner. See Phthalocyanine green

Cyanodithioimidocarbonate, disodium. See Disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate

Cyanoethylene. See Acrylonitrile

Cyanoguanidine. See Dicyandiamide

N-Cyanoguanidine. See Dicyandiamide

Cyanopsis tetragonoloba. See Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum

Cyanopsis tetragonoloba gum. See Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum

Cyanuramide. See Melamine

Cyanuric triamide. See Melamine

Cyanurotriamide. See Melamine

Cyanurotriamine. See Melamine

Cyclic methylethylene carbonate. See Propylene carbonate Cyclic neopentanetetrayl bis (2,4-di-t-butylphenyl) ester phosphorous acid.

- See Bis (2,4-di-t-butylphenyl) pentaerythritol diphosphite Cyclic neopentanetetrayl bis (octadecyl phosphite). See Distearyl penta-
- erythrityl diphosphite

Cyclic propylene carbonate. See Propylene carbonate

Cyclic 1,2-propylene carbonate. See Propylene carbonate

Cyclohexane

- CAS 110-82-7; EINECS/ELINCS 203-806-2; UN No. 1145 (DOT)
 - Synonyms: Benzene hexahydride; Hexahydrobenzene; Hexamethylene; Hexanaphthene
 - Classification: Sat. aliphatic hydrocarbon

Empirical: C₆H₁₂

- Properties: Colorless mobile liq., pungent gasoline-like odor; sol. in ether, chlorinated/aromatic solvs.; misc. with ethanol, acetone, benzene, ethyl ether, CCl₄; insol. in water; m.w. 84.16; dens. 0.779 (20/4 C); f.p. 4.6 C; m.p. 6.5 C; b.p. 80.7 C; flash pt. (CC) -18.3 C; ref. index 1.4264
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 300 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 29,820 mg/kg; LDLo (IV, rabbit) 77 mg/kg; poison by IV; mod. toxic by ingestion, inhalation, skin contact; systemic and skin irritant; overexposure may cause eye and respiratory irritation, drowsiness, dermatitis, narcosis, coma; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Flamm. liq.; dangerous fire hazard exposed to heat or flame; reactive with oxidizers; mod. explosion hazard as vapor exposed to flame; explosive mixed hot with liq. dinitrogen tetraoxide
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke, irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight

- Uses: Solvent for cellulose ethers, fats, oils, waxes, inks, lacquers, resins, coatings; paint and varnish remover; extraction solvent for essential oils; glass substitutes; laboratory reagent; chemical intermediate; in fungicidal formulations; mfg. of nylon, adipic acid, benzene, cyclohexanone, etc.; mfg. of solid fuel for camp stoves; solvent in cosmetics; color diluent for foods; in pharmaceutical orals; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in foodcontact paper coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200; FDA approved for orals; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; ChevronPhillips; Exxon Europe; Exxon; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; Hukill; Huntsman; Indofine; Koch Chem. Spec.; Romil Ltd; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sunoco; Triple Crown Am.

Cyclohexane dimethanol diacrylate

Uses: Monomer for PC coatings, window films, solder masks, wood/plastic/ paper coatings, metalized surf. coating Trade Names: CD-406

Cyclohexane dimethanol dimethacrylate

Classification: Cycloaliphatic methacrylate monomer

Uses: Monomer for window films, PC coatings, solder masks, wood/plastic/ paper coatings, dry film photo imaging, metalized surf. coating Trade Names: CD-401

Cyclohexanol

CAS 108-93-0; EINECS/ELINCS 203-630-6

Synonyms: 1-Cyclohexanol; Cyclohexyl alcohol; Hexahydrophenol; Hexalin; Hydrophenol; Hydroxycyclohexane

Classification: Alicyclic alcohol

Empirical: C₆H₁₂O

Formula: CH₂(CH₂)₄CHOH

- Properties: Colorless oily liq. or cryst. (below 25 C); camphor-like odor; sol. in methanol, ethanol, acetone, ether, benzene, most org. solvs.; mod. sol. in water; m.w. 100.09; sp.gr. 0.937 (37.4 C); m.p. 23 C; b.p. 160.9 C; flash pt. 67.7 C; ref. index 1.4656 (20 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 50 ppm (skin); LD50 (oral, rat) 2.06 g/kg; toxic; poison by IV, mod. toxic by ing., subcut., intramuscular routes; mild skin irritant; lachrymator; mod. to severe eye irritant on direct contact; nose/throat irritant; narcotic-like; high concs. may cause headache, nau-

sea, vomiting, tremors; can be absorbed thru skin; ing. of large doses can probably cause kidney/liver damage, unconsciousness, death; experimental reproductive effects; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed

- Precaution: Combustible; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents (reacts vigorously or explosively generating heat and pressure); ignites on contact with chromium trioxide; violent reaction with HNO₃
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic; store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area

- Uses: Stabilizer, homogenizer in soap making and detergents to incorporate solvents and phenolic insecticides; solvent for alkyd and phenolic resins, paints, lacquers, shellacs, varnishes, rubber, inks, fats, oils; source of adipic acid for nylon prod., textile finishing; plasticizer prod.; dye solvent and carrier; leather degreasing; polishes; plasticizers; germicides; in foodpkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; BASF AG; BASF; Chemcentral; Fluka; Harcros; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; J.T. Baker; Nipa Labs; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sunnyside; UCB; Van Waters & Rogers

1-Cyclohexanol. See Cyclohexanol

Cyclohexyl alcohol. See Cyclohexanol

Cyclohexyl methacrylate

- CAS 101-43-9; EINECS/ELINCS 202-943-5
- Classification: Monomer
- Empirical: C10H16O2
- Formula: H₂C:C(CH₃)COOC₆H₁₁
- Properties: Colorless monomeric liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 168.24; dens. 0.9626 (20/20 C); b.p. 210 C
- Precaution: Combustible
- Uses: Acrylic resin comonomer; polymer modifier for optical lens systems, adhesives, floor polishes, vinyl polymerization, anaerobic adhesives, food pkg.; azo or peroxide catalyst; dental resins; encapsulation of electronic assemblies
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; CPS; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Polysciences; Rohm Tech; Sigma

Trade Names: Mhoromer® BM 711

N-Cyclohexyl-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide. See N-Cyclohexyl-p-toluenesulfonamide

N-Cyclohexyl-p-toluenesulfonamide

CAS 80-30-8

Synonyms: Benzenesulfonamide, N-cyclohexyl-4-methyl-; N-Cyclohexyl-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide; p-Toluenesulfonamide, N-cyclohexyl-*Empirical:* C₁₃H₁₉NO₂S

Properties: Ylsh. brn. solid; sol. in oxygenated and aromatic solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 253.36; dens. 1.13 kg/l; m.p. 86 C; b.p. 350 C

Toxicology: LD (oral, rat) > 500 mg/kg; TSCA listed

Uses: Plasticizer for polyamide hot-melt adhesives; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180 Manuf./Distrib.: Salor

Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methylpropenyl)-, ester with 4-hydroxy-3-methyl-2-(2,4-pentadienyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-one. See Pyrethrin

Cyclotetramethylene oxide. See Tetrahydrofuran

DAC. See Dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride

Dactin. See 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin

DADMAC. See Dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride pDADMAC. See Polyquaternium-6

Dakins sol'n. See Sodium hypochlorite

Dalamar yellow. See Pigment yellow 74

Damar. See Dammar

Damar gum. See Dammar

Damar (Shorea robusta). See Dammar

Dammar

CAS 9000-16-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-528-4 Synonyms: Damar; Damar gum; Damar (Shorea robusta); Gum Damar; Gum Dammar; Gum, Shorea Robusta; Shorea robusta gum

Cyanuramide

Cyanuramide. See Melamine

Cyanuric triamide. See Melamine

Cyanurotriamide. See Melamine

Cyanurotriamine. See Melamine

Cyclic methylethylene carbonate. See Propylene carbonate

Cyclic neopentanetetrayl bis (2,4-di-t-butylphenyl) ester phosphorous acid. See Bis (2,4-di-t-butylphenyl) pentaerythritol diphosphite

Cyclic neopentanetetrayl bis (octadecyl phosphite). See Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite

Cyclic propylene carbonate. See Propylene carbonate

Cyclic 1,2-propylene carbonate. See Propylene carbonate

Cyclohexane

CAS 110-82-7; EINECS/ELINCS 203-806-2; UN No. 1145 (DOT)

- Synonyms: Benzene hexahydride; Hexahydrobenzene; Hexamethylene; Hexanaphthene
- Classification: Sat. aliphatic hydrocarbon

Empirical: C₆H₁₂

- Properties: Colorless mobile liq., pungent gasoline-like odor; sol. in ether, chlorinated/aromatic solvs.; misc. with ethanol, acetone, benzene, ethyl ether, CCl₄; insol. in water; m.w. 84.16; dens. 0.779 (20/4 C); f.p. 4.6 C; m.p. 6.5 C; b.p. 80.7 C; flash pt. (CC) -18.3 C; ref. index 1.4264
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 300 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 29,820 mg/kg; LDLo (IV, rabbit) 77 mg/kg; poison by IV; mod. toxic by ingestion, inhalation, skin contact; systemic and skin irritant; overexposure may cause eye and respiratory irritation, drowsiness, dermatitis, narcosis, coma; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Flamm. liq.; dangerous fire hazard exposed to heat or flame; reactive with oxidizers; mod. explosion hazard as vapor exposed to flame; explosive mixed hot with liq. dinitrogen tetraoxide

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke, irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight

- Uses: Solvent for cellulose ethers, fats, oils, waxes, inks, lacquers, resins, coatings; paint and varnish remover; extraction solvent for essential oils; glass substitutes; laboratory reagent; chemical intermediate; in fungicidal formulations; mfg. of nylon, adipic acid, benzene, cyclohexanone, etc.; mfg. of solid fuel for camp stoves; solvent in cosmetics; color diluent for foods; in pharmaceutical orals; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in foodcontact paper coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200; FDA approved for orals; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; ChevronPhillips; Exxon Europe; Exxon; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; Hukill; Huntsman; Indofine; Koch Chem. Spec.; Romil Ltd; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sunoco; Triple Crown Am.

Cyclohexane dimethanol diacrylate

Uses: Monomer for PC coatings, window films, solder masks, wood/plastic/ paper coatings, metalized surf. coating Trade Names: CD-406

Cyclohexane dimethanol dimethacrylate

Classification: Cycloaliphatic methacrylate monomer

Uses: Monomer for window films, PC coatings, solder masks, wood/plastic/ paper coatings, dry film photo imaging, metalized surf. coating Trade Names: CD-401

Cyclohexanol

CAS 108-93-0; EINECS/ELINCS 203-630-6

Synonyms: 1-Cyclohexanol; Cyclohexyl alcohol; Hexahydrophenol; Hexalin; Hydrophenol; Hydroxycyclohexane

Classification: Alicyclic alcohol

Empirical: C₆H₁₂O

Formula: CH₂(CH₂)₄CHOH

- Properties: Colorless oily liq. or cryst. (below 25 C); camphor-like odor; sol. in methanol, ethanol, acetone, ether, benzene, most org. solvs.; mod. sol. in water; m.w. 100.09; sp.gr. 0.937 (37.4 C); m.p. 23 C; b.p. 160.9 C; flash pt. 67.7 C; ref. index 1.4656 (20 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 50 ppm (skin); LD50 (oral, rat) 2.06 g/kg; toxic; poison by IV, mod. toxic by ing., subcut., intramuscular routes; mild skin irritant; lachrymator; mod. to severe eye irritant on direct contact; nose/throat irritant; narcotic-like; high concs. may cause headache, nau-

sea, vomiting, tremors; can be absorbed thru skin; ing. of large doses can probably cause kidney/liver damage, unconsciousness, death; experimental reproductive effects; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed

- Precaution: Combustible; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents (reacts vigorously or explosively generating heat and pressure); ignites on contact with chromium trioxide; violent reaction with HNO₃
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic; store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area

- Uses: Stabilizer, homogenizer in soap making and detergents to incorporate solvents and phenolic insecticides; solvent for alkyd and phenolic resins, paints, lacquers, shellacs, varnishes, rubber, inks, fats, oils; source of adipic acid for nylon prod., textile finishing; plasticizer prod.; dye solvent and carrier; leather degreasing; polishes; plasticizers; germicides; in foodpkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; BASF AG; BASF; Chemcentral; Fluka; Harcros; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; J.T. Baker; Nipa Labs; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sunnyside; UCB; Van Waters & Rogers

1-Cyclohexanol. See Cyclohexanol

Cyclohexyl alcohol. See Cyclohexanol

Cyclohexyl methacrylate

- CAS 101-43-9; EINECS/ELINCS 202-943-5
- Classification: Monomer
- Empirical: C10H16O2
- Formula: H₂C:C(CH₃)COOC₆H₁₁
- Properties: Colorless monomeric liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 168.24; dens. 0.9626 (20/20 C); b.p. 210 C

Precaution: Combustible

- Uses: Acrylic resin comonomer; polymer modifier for optical lens systems, adhesives, floor polishes, vinyl polymerization, anaerobic adhesives, food pkg.; azo or peroxide catalyst; dental resins; encapsulation of electronic assemblies
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; CPS; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Polysciences; Rohm Tech; Sigma

Trade Names: Mhoromer® BM 711

N-Cyclohexyl-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide. See N-Cyclohexyl-p-toluenesulfonamide

N-Cyclohexyl-p-toluenesulfonamide

CAS 80-30-8

Synonyms: Benzenesulfonamide, N-cyclohexyl-4-methyl-; N-Cyclohexyl-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide; p-Toluenesulfonamide, N-cyclohexyl-*Empirical:* C₁₃H₁₉NO₂S

Properties: Ylsh. brn. solid; sol. in oxygenated and aromatic solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 253.36; dens. 1.13 kg/l; m.p. 86 C; b.p. 350 C

Toxicology: LD (oral, rat) > 500 mg/kg; TSCA listed

Uses: Plasticizer for polyamide hot-melt adhesives; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180 Manuf./Distrib.: Salor

Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methylpropenyl)-, ester with 4-hydroxy-3-methyl-2-(2,4-pentadienyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-one. See Pyrethrin

Cyclotetramethylene oxide. See Tetrahydrofuran

DAC. See Dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride

Dactin. See 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin

DADMAC. See Dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride pDADMAC. See Polyquaternium-6

Dakins sol'n. See Sodium hypochlorite

Dalamar yellow. See Pigment yellow 74

Damar. See Dammar

Damar gum. See Dammar

Damar (Shorea robusta). See Dammar

Dammar

CAS 9000-16-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-528-4 Synonyms: Damar; Damar gum; Damar (Shorea robusta); Gum Damar; Gum Dammar; Gum, Shorea Robusta; Shorea robusta gum

Definition: Exuded oleoresin from Shorea trees Properties: Wh. to dk. brn. solid; sol. in aromatic, hydrocarbon, and chlorinated hydrocarbon solvs. and esters; partly sol. in alcohols; insol. in water; dens. ≈ 1.08 kg/l; m.p. ≈ 110 C; acid no. 20-35 Uses: Colorless and overprint varnishes; gloss/adhesion promoter in cellulose nitrate lacquers; alkyd baking enamels; binder in paper varnishes; paper and textile coatings; emulsifier; stabilizer; food applics.; visc. control agent; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings; in cellophane for food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 177.1200, 177.1400 Manuf./Distrib.: Charkit; Fluka; P.L. Thomas; Pangaea Sciences; Scheel; Sigma Danish agar. See Furcelleran DAP. See Ammonium phosphate, dibasic; Diallyl phthalate DAS. See 4,4 - Diaminostilbene - 2,2 - disulfonic acid DASD. See 4,4'-Diaminostilbene-2,2'-disulfonic acid Dazomet. See 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2-thione DBEBPA. See Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether DBNPA. See 2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilopropionamide DBP. See Dibutyl phthalate DBPC. See BHT DBS. See Dibutyl sebacate DCD. See Dicyandiamide DCDMH. See 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin D&C Green No. 1. See Acid green 1 D&C Green No. 4. See Acid green 5 D&C Green No. 5. See Acid green 25 DCHP. See Dicyclohexyl phthalate D&C Orange No. 3. See Acid orange 10 D&C Orange No. 4. See Acid orange 7 D&C Orange No. 5. See Acid orange 11 D&C Red No. 5. See Acid red 26 D&C Red No. 19. See Basic violet 10 D&C Red No. 22. See Acid red 87 D&C Red No. 35. See Pigment red 3 D&C Red No. 36. See 1-[(2-Chloro-4-nitrophenyl) azo]-2-naphthalenol D&C Violet No. 1. See Acid violet 49 D&C Yellow No. 1. See Acid yellow 36 D&C Yellow No. 5. See Tartrazine D&C Yellow No. 10. See Acid yellow 3 DDAO. See Lauramine oxide DDBSA. See Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid DDDM. See Dichlorophene DDH. See 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin DDM. See Dichlorophene DDP. See Didecyl phthalate DDS. See Dodecenylsuccinic anhydride DDSA. See Dodecenylsuccinic anhydride n-DDSA. See Dodecenylsuccinic anhydride DEA. See Diethanolamine Deadburned magnesite. See Magnesium oxide DEAE. See Diethylaminoethanol Deanol. See Dimethylethanolamine Decaethoxy oleyl ether. See Oleth-10 Decanal dimethyl acetal. See Decyl alcohol Decanamide, N,N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)-. See Capramide DEA Decane. See n-Decane n-Decane CAS 124-18-5; UN No. 2247 (DOT) Synonyms: Decane *Classification:* Sat. aliphatic hydrocarbon Empirical: C10H22 Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₈CH₃ Properties: Colorless liq.; gasoline-like odor; sol. in most org. solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 142.29; sp.gr. 0.734; m.p. -29.6 C; b.p. 174 C; flash pt. 46 C; ref. index 1.4114 (20 C) Toxicology: LC50 (inh., mouse) 2 h) 72,300 mg/m³; TDLo (skin, mouse, 52 wks intermittent) 25 g/kg; relatively low oral toxicity unless aspirated into lungs; mod. to severe skin irritant; probably mod. to severe eye irritant; narcotic; simple asphyxiant; conc. vapor may cause nose/throat irritation,

headache, drowsiness, nausea, difficulty breathing; ing. may cause nau-

sea, vomiting, swelling of abdomen, headache, depression; guestionable carcinogen, tumorigen; TSCA listed Precaution: Combustible; mod. fire risk; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents (increases fire and explosion hazard); mod. explosive as vapor Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: None NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0 Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight Uses: Component of gasoline, jet fuel, kerosene, petrol. solvents such as wh. spirit; solvent; standardized hydrocarbon; org. synthesis; paper and rubber industries; constituent of polyolefin mfg. wastes Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; ChevronPhillips; Fluka; Sigma; Triple Crown Am. Decanedioic acid, dibutyl ester. See Dibutyl sebacate Decanoic acid. See Capric acid n-Decanoic acid. See Capric acid Decanoic acid, 1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl ester mixed with 1-methyl-1,2ethanediyl dioctanoate. See Propylene glycol dicaprylate/dicaprate Decanoic acid, mixed diesters with octanoic acid and propylene glycol. See Propylene glycol dicaprylate/dicaprate Decanoic acid, monoester with 1,2,3-propanetriol. See Glyceryl caprate Decanol. See Decyl alcohol 1-Decanol. See Decyl alcohol Decan-1-ol. See Decyl alcohol n-Decanol. See Decyl alcohol 1-Decanol, 2-octyl. See 2-Octyl-1-decanol 3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27,30-Decaoxaoctatetracont-39-en-1-ol. See Oleth-10 Decene-1 CAS 872-05-9; EINECS/ELINCS 212-819-2; UN No. 1993 Synonyms: 1-Decene; Decylene; Linear C10 alpha olefin Empirical: C₁₀H₂₀ Formula: H₂C:CH(CH₂)₇CH₃ Properties: Colorless liq., mild hydrocarbon odor; sol. in alcohol, most ora. solvs.; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 140.27; dens. 0.741 (20/4 C); f.p. -66.3 C; b.p. 166-171 C; flash pt. (Seta) 114 F; ref. index 1.421 (20 C) *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral) > 10,000 mg/kg, (dermal) > 10,000 mg/kg; low acute inhalation toxicity; sl. toxic by ingestion Precaution: Flamm. liq.; avoid contact with air or oxygen (explosion danger, adverse effect on subsequent reactions) Storage: Store under nitrogen Uses: Intermediate for surfactants, specialty industrial chemicals (flavors, perfumes, pharmaceuticals, dyes, oils, resins); comonomer for certain copolymers; prod. of epoxides, amines, oxo alcohols, syn. lubricants, syn. fatty acids, alkylated aromatics Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Aldrich; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Shell; Sigma Trade Names: Gulftene® 10 1-Decene. See Decene-1 1-Decene, homopolymer, hydrogenated CAS 68037-01-4 Classification: Syn. hydrocarbon base oil Properties: Colorless liq.; odorless; sol. < 0.1% in water; sp.gr. 0.83 (15.6 C); vapor pressure < 1 mm Hg (20 C); pour pt. -60 C max.; flash pt. (PMCC) 238 C Toxicology: Inh. of oil mist or vapors at elevated temps. may cause respiratory irritation; no significant eye or skin irritation expected; TSCA listed Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; avoid temp. sources which induce thermal decomp. Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Incomplete burning can produce CO, CO₂, other harmful prods. HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 Storage: Store @ 10-50 C Uses: Food-contact articles; lubricant for incidental food contact in meat/ poultry plants Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3620(b); USDA approved; DOT nonregulated; SARA §302/311/312/313 nonreportable Trade Names Containing: Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 100; Chevron Člarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 150; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 220; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 320; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic

Paper Machine Oil ISO 460

Deceth-4

CAS 5703-94-6; 26183-52-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-4 decyl ether; PEG 200 decyl ether; POE (4) decyl ether; 3,6,9,12-Tetraoxadocosan-1-ol Definition: PEG ether of decyl alcohol

Empirical: C₁₈H₃₈O₅

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_8CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 4

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Wetting and penetrating agent for textile processing, clay soils, and fire fighting prods.; emulsifier for polyethylene emulsions; detergent Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma Trade Names: Oxetal D 104

Deceth-4 phosphate

CAS 9004-80-2 (generic); 52019-36-0 (generic); 68130-47-2

Synonyms: PEG-4 decyl ether phosphate; PEG 200 decyl ether phosphate; POE (4) decyl ether phosphate

Definition: Complex mixture of phosphoric acid esters of deceth-4

Properties: Anionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant; detergent, foaming agent, dispersant, wetting agent for household, industrial, textile wet processing; coupling agent used in liq. alkali detergents; lubricant; antistat; corrosion inhibitor; emulsion polymerization; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 Trade Names: Monafax 1214

Dechlorane. See Perchloropentacyclodecane Decoic acid. See Capric acid n-Decoic acid. See Capric acid Decolorizing carbon. See Carbon, activated

Decyl acrylate homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Decyl alcohol

ČAS 112-30-1; 68526-85-2; EINECS/ELINCS 203-956-9; FEMA 2365 Synonyms: Alcohol C-10; C-10 alcohol; Capric alcohol; Caprinic alcohol; Decanal dimethyl acetal; Decanol; 1-Decanol; Decan-1-ol; n-Decanol; Decylic alcohol; n-Decyl alcohol; 1-Hydroxydecane; Noncarbinol; Nonylcarbinol; Primary decyl alcohol

Classification: Primary aliphatic alcohol

Empirical: C10H22O

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₈CH₂OH

- Properties: Colorless to It. yel. mod. visc. liq., sweet odor; sol. in alcohol, ether, acetone, benzene, chloroform, acetic acid; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 158.32; sp.gr. 0.8297 (20/4 C); m.p. 7 C; b.p. 232.9 C; flash pt. (OC) 82 C; ref. index 1.43587; surf. tens. 28.9 dynes/cm (20 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 4720 mg/kg; mod. toxic by skin contact; mildly toxic by ing., inh.; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; inh. may cause nose/throat irritation; high concs. may cause CNS depression, headache, nausea, drowsiness; ing. may cause headache, dizziness, nausea, vomiting, and unconsciousness or coma in severe cases; if aspirated into lungs, may cause severe lung damage and possibly death; possible carcinogen, tumorigen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; flamm. when exposed to heat or flame; incompat. with oxidizing agents (increases fire/explosion risk)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in cool, dry area

- Uses: In mfg. of plasticizers, syn. lubricants, petroleum additives, herbicides, surfactants, solvents, coatings; emulsion polymerization; antifoaming agent; as solvent; fragrance ingred. in perfumes; in food-contact coatings; syn. flavoring agent in foods and pharmaceuticals; growth retardant; stabilizer with calcium isostearate for calcium stearate disps. for food-contact paper/ paperboard coatings; emollient; visc. control agent
- Use Level: 2.1 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 4.6 ppm (ice cream, ices), 5.2 ppm (candy), 5.2 ppm (baked goods), 3 ppm (chewing gum)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 172.864, 175.300, 176.170, 178.3480, 178.3910; FEMA GRAS; Japan approved as flavoring

Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Aldrich; Brown; Cognis/Chems. Group; Condea

Vista; Exxon; Fluka; Grau Aromatics; Haarmann & Reimer GmbH; Indofine; Jarchem Ind.; M. Michel; Penta Mfg.; Schweizerhall; Sigma; Universal Preserv-A-Chem Trade Names: Nafol® 10 D

n-Decyl alcohol. See Decyl alcohol

Decylbenzene sodium sulfonate. See Sodium decylbenzene sulfonate

Decylbenzenesulfonic acid, sodium salt. See Sodium decylbenzene sulfonate

N-Decyl-N,N-dimethyl-1-decanaminium chloride. See Didecyldimonium chloride

Decylene. See Decene-1 Decylic acid. See Capric acid n-Decylic acid. See Capric acid Decylic alcohol. See Decyl alcohol Decyl octyl alcohol. See Stearyl alcohol

2-Decyl tetradecanoic acid

CAS 93778-52-0

Uses: In cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles
Manuf./Distrib.: Jarchem Ind.

Trade Names: Jaric I-24

Decyltetradecanol. See 2-Decyl-1-tetradecanol

2-Decyltetradecanol. See 2-Decyl-1-tetradecanol

2-Decyl-1-tetradecanol

CAS 58670-89-6; EINECS/ELINCS 216-385-0 *Synonyms:* Decyltetradecanol; 2-Decyltetradecanol; Isolignoceryl alcohol; 1-Tetradecanol, 2-decyl- *Classification:* Aliphatic alcohol *Empirical:* C₂₄H₅₀O *Properties:* Liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 354.66; dens. 0.84 kg/l (17 C) *Uses:* Emollient; solvent for cosmetics/toiletries; solubilizer; in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles *Trade Names:* Jarcol[™] I-24

DEGBE. See Butoxydiglycol

DEGEE. See Ethoxydiglycol

DEHP. See s-Dioctyl phthalate

Dehydroabietylamine

ČAS 1446-61-3; EINECS/ELINCS 215-899-7
 Synonyms: 1,4A-Dimethyl-7-isopropyl-1,2,3,4,4A,9,10,10A-octahydro-1-phenanthrene methylamine
 Classification: Aromatic amine
 Empirical: C₂₀H₃₁N
 Properties: M.w. 285.48; m.p. 43-45 C; ref. index 1.5460
 Toxicology: Primary irritant; TSCA listed
 Uses: Base used for resolution of acids
 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka
 Trade Names: Amine D[®]

Deionized water. See Water

DELA. See Diethanolamine

Deodorized kerosene

CAS 8008-20-6; EINECS/ELINCS 232-366-4; UN No. 1223 (DOT) Synonyms: Kerosene, deodorized; Kerosene, odorless; Odorless kerosene Definition: Mixt. of petrol.-derived hydrocarbons contg. 10 to 16 carbon atoms Toxicology: TSCA listed

Precaution: DOT: Flamm. liq.

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 2; Reactivity 1

Uses: Solvent for paints/coatings, printing inks, floor polishes; metal degreasing/cleaning solvents; domestic lamp oil; dust control agent; quench oil; pesticide diluent; froth flotation; liq. candles; charcoal lighter fluid; polishes; cleaners; cosmetics and pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Ruger

Trade Names: PD-23

Deodorized winterized cottonseed oil. See Cottonseed (Gossypium) oil

DETA. See Diethylenetriamine

Detergent enzyme. See Protease

DETPMPA. See Diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonic acid

3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27,30-Dexaoxahexatetracontan-1-ol. See Ceteth-10 3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27,30-Dexaoxaoctatetracontan-1-ol. See Steareth-10 Dextrans. See Dextrin

Dextrin

CAS 9004-53-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-675-4

Synonyms: Artificial gum; British gum; Dextrans; Dextrine; Dextrins; Pyrodextrin; Starch gum; Tapioca; Vegetable gum; White dextrin; Yellow dextrin

Definition: Gum produced by incomplete hydrolysis of starch

Empirical: $(C_6H_{10}O_5)_n \cdot xH_2O$

Properties: Wh., yel. or brn. powd. or gran.; sol. in water; insol. in alcohol, ether; forms colloids

Toxicology: Mildly toxic by IV route

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Thickener; adhesives, glues, mucilage; sizing paper and textiles; thickening dye pastes and mordants; substitute for natural gums; printing inks; in penicillin mfg.; fuel in pyrotechnic devices; in matches, explosives; absorbent; binder, colloidal stabilizer, extender, formulation aid, processing aid, surface-finishing agent, thickener for foods; emulsifier, suspending agent, thickener for pharmaceuticals; tablet binder/diluent; as adhesive/stiffener in surgical dressings; visc. control agent Use Level: ADI 0-70 mg/kg (JECFA)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1277, 186.1275, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; FDA approved for orals, topicals; USP/NF compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: A.E. Staley Mfg.; Aldrich; Cerestar USA; Fluka; Grain Processing; Nat'l. Starch & Chem.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Dextrine. See Dextrin

Dextrins. See Dextrin

DEZ. See Diethyl zinc

DEZn. See Diethyl zinc

DGEBA. See Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether

DGH. See Dodecylguanidine hydrochloride

Diacetone peroxides. See Acetyl peroxide

Diacetylated tallow monoglyceride, tartaric acid ester

Synonyms: Diacetyltartaric acid ester of tallow monoglyceride Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Diacetyl peroxide. See Acetyl peroxide

Diacetyltartaric acid ester of tallow monoglyceride. See Diacetylated tallow monoglyceride, tartaric acid ester

Dialdehyde guar gum

Uses: Wet str. additive in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Dialdehyde locust bean gum

Uses: Wet str. additive in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Dialkyl (C16-C18) carbamoyl chloride

Uses: Sizing agent in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Dialkyl dimethyl ammonium chloride

CAS 68514-95-4 Synonyms: Dimethyl dialkyl ammonium chloride Properties: Cationic Toxicology: TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes Uses: Softener; surfactant; bactericide; algicide decolorizing agent in clarification of refinery sugar liquors; in cellophane for food pkg. Use Level: Limitation 700 ppm of sugar solids

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.400, 177.1200

Trade Names: Querton 442P; Querton 442P-11

Dialkyl methyl benzyl ammonium chloride

CÁS 68391-06-0 Uses: Biocide; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300 Trade Names Containing: Barquat® 1552

Diallyl dimethyl ammonium chloride. See Dimethyl diallyl ammonium chlo-

Diallyldimethyl ammonium chloride with acrylamide. See Polyquaternium-7

Diallyl fumarate homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Diallyl maleate homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Diallyl phthalate

CAS 131-17-9; EINECS/ELINCS 205-016-3

- Synonyms: DAP; Di-2-propenyl ester, 1,2-benzenedicarboxylic acid; Phthalic acid, diallyl ester; o-Phthalic acid, diallyl ester
- Empirical: C14H14O4
- Formula: C₆H₄(COOCH₂CH:CH₂)₂ Properties: Colorless oily liq.; mild odor; sol. in oxygenated and chlorinated solvs.; limited sol. in gasoline, min. oil, glycerol, glycols; insol. in water; m.w. 246.27; dens. 1.120 (20/20 C); b.p. 158-165 (4 mm); f.p. -70 C; flash pt. 165.5 C; ref. index 1.519
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 656 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 3400 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 700 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing., skin contact, IP, and subcut. routes; primary eye irritant; lachrymator; avoid inh.; suspect carcinogen; tumorigen; mutagen; TSCA listed
- *Precaution:* Combustible exposed to heat or flame; can be reactive with oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Storage: Store under nitrogen

- Uses: Primary plasticizer; plasticizer/tackifier for PVC; peroxide crosslinking coactivator; intermediate; catalyst extender; mfg. of paints; reactive diluent in polyester laminating resins; forms low-pressure laminates with fillers such as glass cloth, paper, etc. for elec. insulation
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BP Chems. Ltd; C.P. Hall; Chemcentral; FMC; Fluka; Lyondell; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Occidental; Punda Mercantile; Rogers; Samson; Sigma; Van Waters & Rogers

Diallyl phthalate homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Dialuminum dipotassium sulfate. See Potassium alum anhydrous Dialuminum sulfate. See Aluminum sulfate Dialuminum trisulfate. See Aluminum sulfate Diamine blue 2B. See Direct blue 6 Diamine brown. See Direct brown 2 Diamine dark green. See Direct green 1 Diamine deep black EC. See Direct black 38 Diamine scarlet 3BA-CF. See Direct red 39 Diamine sky blue FF. See Direct blue 53 4,4 - Diaminobiphenyl. See Benzidine 4,4 - Diamino-1,1 - biphenyl. See Benzidine p,p⁻-Diaminobiphenyl. See Benzidine 4,4 -Diamino-3,3 -biphenyldiol dimethyl ether. See Dianisidine 2,2 - Diaminodiethylamine. See Diethylenetriamine 4,4 - Diamino-3,3 - dimethoxybiphenyl. See Dianisidine Di-p-aminodi-m-methoxydiphenyl. See Dianisidine 3,7-Diamino-2,8-dimethyl-5-phenylphenazinium chloride. See Basic red 2 4,4 - Diaminodiphenyl. See Benzidine p-Diaminodiphenyl. See Benzidine 1,2-Diaminoethane. See Ethylenediamine

4,4 - Diaminostilbene-2,2 - disulfonic acid

CAS 81-11-8; 65941-98-2

- Synonyms: DAS; DASD; Amsonic acid; Benzenesulfonic acid, 2,2'-(1,2ethylenediyl) bis (5-amino)-; CI 40002; CI 40003; 4,4'-Diamino-2,2'-stilbenedisulfonic acid; Direct orange 15; 2,2'-(1,2-Ethenediyl) bis (5aminobenzenesulfonic acid); Flavonic acid; 2,2'-Stilbenedisulfonic acid, 4,4'-diamino-
- Empirical: C14H14N2O6S2
- *Formula:* $C_6H_3(NH_2)(SO_3H)CHCHC_6H_3(SO_3H)(NH_2)$
- Properties: Yel. microscopic needles; sol. in alcohol, ether, oxygenated solvs.; very sl. sol. in water; m.w. 370.41; m.p. > 325 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, guinea pig) 47 g/kg; sl. toxic by ingestion; experimental reproductive effects; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x and SO_x
- Uses: Optical brightener; dye for cotton, paper, leather; mfg. of bleaching agents; for household and I&I detergents, textiles
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; China Nat'l. Chem. Construction; Hickson & Welch Ltd; Lancaster Synthesis; Pfaltz & Bauer; TCI Am.; Wilshire
- 4,4 Diamino-2,2 stilbenedisulfonic acid. See 4,4 Diaminostilbene-2,2 disulfonic acid

Diammonium edetate. See Diammonium EDTA

Diammonium EDTA

- CAS 20824-56-0; EINECS/ELINCS 244-063-4
- Synonyms: Diammonium edetate; Diammonium N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)glycine]; Diammonium ethylene diamine tetraacetate; Edetate diammonium

Classification: Substituted diamine

Empirical: $C_{10}H_{16}N_2O_8 \cdot 2H_3N$

- *Formula:* NCH₂CH₂N(CH₂COOH)₂(CH₂COONH₄)₂
- Uses: Chelating agent; photographic developer; for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, in water treatment, textiles, soaps/detergents, electroless copper plating, polymer prod., disinfectants, pulp/paper, enhanced oil recovery, metal cleaning/protection

Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka

Trade Names: Versene Diammonium EDTA

- Diammonium N,N⁻¹,2-ethanediyIbis[N-(carboxymethyI)glycine]. See Diammonium EDTA
- Diammonium ethylene diamine tetraacetate. See Diammonium EDTA

Diammonium hydrogen orthophosphate. See Ammonium phosphate, dibasic

Diammonium hydrogen phosphate. See Ammonium phosphate, dibasic

Diammonium peroxodisulfate. See Ammonium persulfate

Diammonium phosphate. See Ammonium phosphate, dibasic

Diammonium sulfate. See Ammonium sulfate

Diammonium thiosulfate. See Ammonium thiosulfate

1,2:3,4-Dianhydro-DL-threitol. See DL-Diepoxybutane

p,p - Dianiline. See Benzidine

1,4-Dianilinobenzene. *See* N,N⁻-Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine

Dianisidine

CAS 119-90-4; EINECS/ELINCS 204-355-4

Synonyms: DMOB; Acetamine diazo black RD; Azoic diazo component 48; Benzidine, 3,3 -dimethoxy; Bianisidine; Blue base; CI 37235; CI azoic diazo component 48; CI disperse black 6; 4,4 -Diamino-3,3 -biphenyldiol dimethyl ether; 4,4 -Diamino-3,3 -dimethoxybiphenyl; Di-p-aminodi-mmethoxydiphenyl; o-Dianisidine; o,o -Dianisidine; 3,3 -Dianisidine; 3,3 -Dimethoxybenzidine; 3,3 -Dimethoxy-1,1 -biphenyl-4,4 -diamine; 3,3 -Dimethoxy-4,4 -diaminobiphenyl; Fast blue

Classification: Primary amine

Empirical: C₁₄H₁₆N₂O₂

Formula: [C₆H₃(OCH₃)NH₂]₂

- Properties: Colorless cryst. or It. brn. powd.; turns violet on standing; sol. in DMSO, alcohol, ether, benzene, chloroform; probably sol. in most lipids and most org. solvs.; sol. 5-10 mg/ml in acetone; insol. in water; m.w. 244.32; m.p. 137-138 C; flash pt. 206 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1920 mg/kg; LDLo (oral, dog) 600 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; toxic by inh., skin contact; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; can be absorbed thru skin; sternutator; may cause headaches,

drowsiness, cyanosis, severe nose irritation, sneezing, bladder cancer; carcinogen; tumorigen; mutagen; target organ: bladder; TSCA listed

- Precaution: Combustible; weak base; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; sensitive to heat, air, and prolonged exposure to light
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of CO, CO₂, NO₃, emits toxic fumes under fire conditions
- NFPA: Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in cool, dry place; store refrigerated; store in tightly closed container under inert atmosphere; protect from light
- Uses: Chemical intermediate for prod. of azo dyes and o-dianisidine diisocyanate; dye for leather, paper, plastics, rubber, textiles; in detection of metals, thiocyanates, and nitrites

Regulatory: SARA §313 reportable

- Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; AccuStandard; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Fluka; George Uhe; ICN Biomed. Research Prods.; Lancaster Synthesis; Pfaltz & Bauer; Research Organics; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; TCI Am.
- 3,3'-Dianisidine. See Dianisidine

o-Dianisidine. See Dianisidine

o,o'-Dianisidine. See Dianisidine

Diantimony pentoxide. See Antimony pentoxide

Diantimony trioxide. See Antimony trioxide

Diaryl iodonium hexafluoroantimonate

Úses: Photoinitiator for use in coatings (metal, paper, wood, plastic) and inks; enhances adhesion to metallic substrates; offers fast cure speeds in epoxy, vinyl ether, and other cationically cured resin systems *Trade Names:* SR-1012

Diatomaceous earth

- CAS 6067-86-0; 7631-86-9; 68855-54-9; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4
- Synonyms: Diatomite; Diatomaceous silica; Fossil flour; Infusorial earth; Kieselguhr; Siliceous earth; Silicon dioxide, diatomaceous
- Definition: Mineral material consisting chiefly of the siliceous frustules and fragments of various species of diatoms
- Properties: Wh. to pale buff soft bulky solid; insol. in water, acids except HF, dil. alkalis; sol. in strong alkalis; dens. 1.9-2.35; bulk dens. 8-15 lb/ft³; bulking value 0.06 gal/lb; oil absorp. 135-185%; GE brightness 87-90; ref. index 1.42-1.49; hardness (Mohs) 4.5-6.0; 88% silica
- Toxicology: TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (dust); poison by inhalation and ingestion; dust may cause fibrosis of the lungs; tumorigen

Precaution: Noncombustible

- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Filtration, clarifying, decolorizing, disinfection, Fe/Mn removal, taste/ odor control in water treatment; insulation absorbent; mild abrasive; catalyst carrier; anticaking agents in fertilizer; conditioning agent for dusts, soil; flatting agent; filler, processing aid for rubber; filler in cosmetics, paper, plastics; filler/extender for paints, thermosets and thermoplastics; mfg. heat insulators; fat refining aid, filter aid (foods); filter aid; sorbent; dentifrice abrasive; colorant in food-contact polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 133.146, 160.105, 160.185, 172.230, 172.480, 173.340, 175.300, 176.170, 177.1460, 177.2410, 178.3297, 182.90, 193.135, 561.145, 573.940; USDA 9CFR §318.7; Japan restricted (0.5% max. residual); USP/NF, BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Alban Muller; Aldrich; Ashland; CR Mins.; Celite; Coyne; D.N. Lukens; Eagle-Picher; Gelest; Great Western; Kraft Chem.; L.A. Salomon; Landers-Segal Color; Lomas Int'l.; Sal Chem.; Seefast (Europe) Ltd; Seegott; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tamms Ind.; Van Waters & Rogers; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Trade Names: Celite® 263; Celite® 321; Celite® 388

Diatomaceous earth, amorphous

CAS 61790-53-2

- Synonyms: Amorphous silica; Diatomaceous earth, natural; Diatomaceous silica; Diatomite; Infusorial earth; Kieselguhr
- Definition: Diatomaceous earth contg. < 1% cryst. silica

Properties: Wh. to tan solid; sol. in hydrofluoric acid; insol. in water

Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (total dust); NIOSH REL:TWA 6 mg/m³; harmful dust; nuisance dust; may cause fibrosis of the lungs; irritating to eyes, respiratory system; possible carcinogen; tumorigen; TSCA listed
Uses: Filler, flatting agent, rheology control agent in agric., asphalt, roof Dibam. See Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate Dibasic ammonium phosphate. See Ammonium phosphate, dibasic coatings, catalysts, cement, dental, paints, paper, plastics, polishes, clean-Dibasic magnesium stearate. See Magnesium stearate ers, caulks, adhesives, sealants, encapsulants Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Sigma Dibasic potassium phosphate. See Potassium phosphate dibasic Trade Names: DiaFil® 110; DiaFil® 190; DiaFil® 210; DiaFil® 215: DiaFil® Dibasic sodium phosphate. See Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous 230; DiaFil® 270; DiaFil® 290; DiaFil® 295; DiaFil® 520; DiaFil® 525; Dibasic zinc stearate. See Zinc stearate DiaFil® 530; DiaFil® 570; DiaFil® 590 Dibenzo (b,def) chrysene-7,14-dione. See Vat yellow 4 See also Diatomaceous earth; Silica, amorphous Dibenzoparathiazine. See Phenothiazine Dibenzo (a,b) pyrene-7,14-dione. See Vat yellow 4 Diatomaceous earth, natural. See Diatomaceous earth, amorphous 2,3,7,8-Dibenzopyrene-1,6-quinone. See Vat yellow 4 Diatomaceous silica. See Diatomaceous earth; Diatomaceous earth, amor-Dibenzothiazine. See Phenothiazine phous Dibenzo-1,4-thiazine. See Phenothiazine Diatomite. See Diatomaceous earth; Diatomaceous earth, amorphous Dibenzoyldiethyleneglycol ester. See Diethylene glycol dibenzoate 3,6-Diazaoctane-1,8-diamine. See Triethylenetetramine Dibenzoyl dipropylene glycol ester. See Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate Diazine black E. See Direct black 38 Dibenzoyl peroxide. See Benzoyl peroxide Diazine blue 2B. See Direct blue 6 1',2',6',7'-Dibenzpyrene-7,14-quinone. See Vat yellow 4 Diazine brown. See Direct brown 2 DIBP. See Diisobutyl phthalate Diazine dark green. See Direct green 1 Dibromine. See Bromine p-Diazodimethylaniline zinc chloride double salt 1,4-Di (bromoacetoxy) butenediol. See 1,4-Bis (bromoacetoxy)-2-butene Dibromocyanoacetamide. See 2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilopropionamide Synonyms: P-Dimethylaminobenzene diazonium chloride, zinc chloride double salt; p-Diazotized aminodimethylaniline zinc chloride double salt **α**,**α**-Dibromo-**α**-cyanoacetamide. See 2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilopropionamide 1,2-Dibromo-2,4-dicyanobutane. See Methyldibromo glutaronitrile *Empirical:* $C_8H_{10}CIN_3 \cdot CI_2Zn$ 4,5-Dibromo-3,6-dihydroxyspiro [isobenzofuran-1(3H),9-[9H] xanthen-Formula: $(CH_3)_2NC_6H_4N_2CI \cdot ZnCI_2$ Properties: Yel. to orange cryst. 3-one. See Acid orange 11 4,5-Dibromo-3,6-fluorandiol. See Acid orange 11 Toxicology: Irritant Storage: Light-sensitive Dibromofluorescein. See Acid orange 11 Uses: Rapid diazotype coupler used in coatings for light-sensitive paper 4,5-Dibromofluorescein. See Acid orange 11 2-(4,5-Dibromo-6-hydroxy-3-oxo-3H-xanthen-9-yl) benzoic acid. See Acid p-Diazodiphenylamine sulfate orange 11 CAS 4477-28-5 2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilopropianamide. See 2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilopropionamide Synonyms: Benzene diazonium, 4-(phenylamino)-, sulfate Classification: Azobenzene 2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilopropionamide Empirical: $C_{12}H_{10}N_3SO_4S$ CAS 10222-01-2 Formula: (C₆H₅NHC₆H₄N₂)₂SO₄ Synonyms: DBNPA; α, α-Dibromo-α-cyanoacetamide; Dibromocyanoacetamide; 2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilopropianamide Properties: Yel.-grn. solid; unpleasant odor; sol. in water Empirical: C₃H₂Br₂N₂O Storage: Light-sensitive Properties: Clear to amber liq.; antiseptic odor; misc. with water; m.w. Uses: Light-sensitive diazo compd. for coating on reproductive paper; inter-241.89; sp.gr. 1.25; b.p. > 120 C (dec.); flash pt. < 200 F mediate for prep. of negative-working sensitizers; as photochromic dye Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mammal) 118 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 10 mg/kg; poison Diazol blue 2B. See Direct blue 6 by ing. and IV routes; primary irritant; severe skin and eye irritant; corrosive; inh. may cause sore throat and possible headaches; ing. may cause Diazolidinyl urea abdominal pain CAS 78491-02-8; EINECS/ELINCS 278-928-2 Precaution: Hazardous decomp. > 70 C; avoid strong bases Synonyms: N-[1,3-Bis (hydroxymethyl)-2,5-dioxo-4-imidazolidinyl]- N,N -Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Above 160 C, bromide and hydrogen bromide bis (hydroxymethyl) urea; N-(Hydroxymethyl)-N-(1,3-dihydroxymethylfumes may be released; heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of Br 2,5-dioxo-4-imidazolidinyl)-N - (hydroxymethyl) urea; Imidazolidinyl urea and NO. 11; Urea, N-[1,3-bis(hydroxymethyl)-2,5-dioxo-4-imidazolidinyl-N,N-bis Storage: Store in a cool, well-ventilated area; keep from freezing; avoid (hydroxymethyl)temps. >140 F Classification: Heterocyclic substituted urea Uses: Microbicide; paper mill slimicide; antimicrobial agent for enhanced oil Empirical: C₈H₁₄N₄O₇ recovery systems, water treatment; preservative for metalworking fluids Properties: Colorless clear liq.; mild to pungent odor; highly water sol.; m.w. containing water; also used in paints, latex, adhesives, mineral slurries, 278.23; dens. 1.23-1.25; vapor pressure 1.0 mm Hg (20 C); b.p. 98.8 C; inks; antimicrobial in cane-sugar and beet-sugar mills; slimicide in foodpH 7-9 contact paper/paperboard Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2600 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; mod. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.320 (limitation 2-10 ppm), 176.300; DOT toxicity by ing.; may cause mod. skin and eye irritation; may be respiranonhazardous tory irritant; TSCA listed Manuf./Distrib.: Clearon; Hawks Chem. Co Ltd; Ichikawa Gohsei; Maypro Environmental: Low avian toxicity; low toxicity to aquatic life Ind.; Prosel S.A. de C.V. Precaution: May release formaldehyde Trade Names: Amerstat® 300; Biobrom C-103L; Biobrom C-103 Tech.; Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x Paxgard DB 10; Paxgard DB 20; Paxgard DB 99; Qemibrom L-27; Uses: Industrial biocide for household, industrial, institutional prods., latex Qemibrom L-56; Taurine-DBNPA paint systems, adhesives, water-based inks, polishes, waxes, pulp and paper, metalworking fluids; broad-spectrum antimicrobial preservative for Dibromopropanal. See 2,3-Dibromopropionaldehyde Dibromopropionaldehyde. See 2,3-Dibromopropionaldehyde cosmetics, toiletries, topical pharmaceuticals; keratin softener in dry skin prods.; antiseptic 2,3-Dibromopropionaldehyde Use Level: 0.5% max. CAS 5221-17-0 Regulatory: USA CIR approved; Europe listed; Japan not approved Synonyms: Acrolein dibromide; Dibromopropanal; Dibromopropionaldehyde; Manuf./Distrib.: ISP Sutton Labs; ISP; Int'l. Sourcing; Sigma; Universal Propanal, 2,3-dibromo-; Propionaldehyde, 2,3-dibromo-Preserv-A-Chem Empirical: C₃H₄Br₂O Diazophenyl black BW. See Direct black 80 Properties: M.w. 215.89 Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 5 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 56 mg/kg; mutagen

p-Diazotized aminodimethylaniline zinc chloride double salt. See p-Diazodimethylaniline zinc chloride double salt

Diazotizing salts. See Sodium nitrite

Uses: Slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300

Manuf./Distrib.: Wall Chem.

Dibutyl-1,2-benzene dicarboxylate. See Dibutyl phthalate

2,5-Di-t-butylbenzene-1,4-diol. See Di-t-butylhydroquinone

Dibutyl-o-(ó-carboxybenzoyl) glycolate. See n-Butyl phthalyl-n-butyl glycolate

Dibutyl-o-carboxybenzoyloxyacetate. See n-Butyl phthalyl-n-butyl glycolate 2,6-Di-t-butyl-p-cresol. See BHT

Dibutyl decanedioate. See Dibutyl sebacate

Dibutyl fumarate homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

2,5-Di-t-butyl hydroquinone. See Di-t-butylhydroquinone

Di-t-butylhydroquinone

CAS 88-58-4; EINECS/ELINCS 201-841-8

Synonyms: 2,5-Bis (1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,4-benzenediol; 2,5-Di-t-butylbenzene-1,4-diol; 2,5-Di-t-butyl hydroquinone; Hydroquinone, 2,5-di-t-butyl-

Empirical: C₁₄H₂₂O₂

Formula: $[C(CH_3)_3]_2C_6H_2(OH)_2$

- Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. in acetone, alcohol, benzene; insol. in water, aq. alkali; m.w. 222.23; m.p. 210-212 C; flash pt. (COC) 216 C
- Toxicology: LDLo (oral, rat) 800 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; irritant; tumorigen; questionable carcinogen; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors
- Uses: Polymerization inhibitor, antioxidant, stabilizer against UV deterioration of rubber; in food-pkg. adhesives; antioxidant for fatty-based coating adjuvants for food-contact paper/paperboard; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in lubricants for rayon fiber finishing for food-contact filters; in food-contact textiles
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2420, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Eastman; Fluka; Sigma; Skymart Enterprises

Dibutyl itaconate homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.180

Dibutyl maleate homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.180

2,6-Di-t-butyl-4-methylphenol. See BHT

Di-t-butyl peroxide

CAS 110-05-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-733-6; UN No. 2102 (DOT) Synonyms: DTBP; Bis (1,1-dimethylethyl) peroxide; t-Butyl peroxide; (Tributyl) peroxide

Classification: Organic peroxide

Empirical: C₈H₁₈O₂

Formula: (CH₃)₃COOC(CH₃)₃

- Properties: Clear water-wh. liq.; distinctive odor; sol. in styrene, ketones, ethanol, most resin monomers, most aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 146.23; dens. 0.791 (25/25 C); vapor pressure 19.51 mm (20 C); f.p. -40 C; b.p. 111 C; dec. @ 190 C; flash pt. (OC) 18.3 C
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 25,000 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 3210 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP route; powerful irritant by ing. and inh.; skin and eye irritant; inh. of high concs. may cause irritation of nose, throat, lungs; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm.; dangerous fire hazard; strong oxidizer; may ignite org. materials or explode when shocked or in contact with reducing materials
- *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Combustion prods.: CO, CO₂, heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes (acetone, ethane)

NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 2; Reactivity 4

Uses: Polymerization catalyst/initiator for resins (e.g., olefins, styrene, styrenated alkyds, silicones); crosslinking agent for rubber and resins; curing agent for certain resins; ignition accelerator for diesel fuel; organic synthesis; intermediate; raw material for paints; polymerization catalyst in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; accelerator for food-contact rubber articles for repeated use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.2600

Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Amber Syn.; Atofina; Crompton/Witco; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs

Dibutyl phthalate

CÁS 84-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 201-557-4; UN No. 9095 (DOT)

- Synonyms: DBP; 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dibutyl ester; o-Benzenedicarboxylic acid dibutyl ester; Benzene-o-dicarboxylic acid di-n-butyl ester; n-Butyl phthalate; Butyl phthalate; Dibutyl-1,2-benzene dicarboxylate; Di-n-butyl phthalate
- Definition: Aromatic diester of butyl alcohol and phthalic acid
- Empirical: C₁₆H₂₂O₄
- Formula: C₆H₄(COOC₄H₉)₂
- Properties: Colorless stable oily liq., odorless; misc. with common org. solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 278.17; dens. 1.0484 (20/20 C); f.p. -35 C; b.p. 340 C; flash pt. (COC) 340 F; ref. index 1.4920
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 mg/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 8000 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 3050 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP, IV routes; mildly toxic by ing.; irritant; if ingested can cause GI upset, human systemic effects (hallucinations, nausea, vomiting); vapor irritating to eyes and mucous membranes; may cause kidney or bladder changes; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; can react with oxidizers; reacts explosively with chlorine
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Plasticizer-solvent in nitrocellulose lacquers, elastomers, explosives, nail polishes, solid rocket propellants, adhesives, sealants; solvent for resins, perfume oils; perfume fixative; textile lubricating agent; as insect repellent; nonreactive epoxy resin diluent; safety glass; printing inks; paper coatings; in oral pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; adjuvant in slimicides in foodcontact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; solvent for adjuvants in food-contact crosslinked polyesters; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.300, 177.1200, 177.2420, 177.2600; FDA approved for orals; SARA reportable; BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allchem Ind.; Aristech; Ashland; BCH Brühl; BP Chems. Ltd; C.P. Hall; Chisso Am.; Coyne; Eastman; Fluka; Great Western; Houghton Chem.; Indofine; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Unitex; Universal Preserv-A-Chem Trade Names: Uniplex 150

Trade Names. Onlinex 150 Trade Names Containing: Morflex® 190

Di-n-butyl phthalate. See Dibutyl phthalate

Dibutyl sebacate

CAS 109-43-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-672-5; FEMA 2373

Synonyms: DBS; Bis (n-butyl) sebacate; Decanedioic acid, dibutyl ester; Dibutyl decanedioate; Di-n-butyl sebacate; Sebacic acid, dibutyl ester

- Definition: Diester of butyl alcohol and sebacic acid
- Empirical: $C_{18}H_{34}O_4$
- Formula: C₄H₉OCO(CH₂)₈OCOC₄H₉ Properties: Colorless clear liq., odorless; sol. in alcohol, IPA, min. oil; sl. sol. in propylene glycol; insol. in water; m.w. 314.47; dens. 0.936 (20/20 C); b.p. 349 C (760 mm); f.p. -11 C; acid no. 0.1 max.; sapon. no. 352-357; flash pt. 350 F; ref. index 1.429-1.441
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 16 g/kg; mildly toxic by ingestion; experimental reproductive effects; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible when exposed to heat or flame; can react with oxidizing materials
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Plasticizer for polyvinyl butyral, food-contact coatings; surf. lubricant in food-contact coatings; rubber softener; dielectric liquid; cosmetics and perfumes; lubricant in metalworking; syn. flavoring agent in foods; plasticizer migrating from food pkg.; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; oral pharmaceuticals; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Use Level: 1-5 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 2-5 ppm (ice cream, ices), 15

ppm (candy), 15 ppm (baked goods)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 177.2600, 178.3910, 181.22, 181.27; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for orals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: C.P. Hall; Dastech Int'l.; Fluka; GNC Group; Haltermann Prods. UK; Harwick; Int'l. Paper; Jarchem Ind.; Morflex; Phoenix; Richman; Sigma; Unitex; Velsicol

Di-n-butyl sebacate. See Dibutyl sebacate

Dicarboxylic acid C₆. See Adipic acid

Di (C7, C9-alkyl) adipate

Uses: Plasticizer in food-contact polymers; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 178.3740

- Dichlorantin. See 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin
- 2,2 -((3,3 -Dichloro (1,1 -biphenyl)-4,4 -diyl) bis (azo)) bis (N-(2-methylphenyl)-3-oxobutamide. See Pigment yellow 14
- 8,18-Dichloro-5,15-diethyl-5,15-dihydrodiindolo [3,2-b:3´,2´-m] triphenodioxazine. See Pigment violet 23
- 5,5 Dichloro-2,2 dihydroxydiphenylmethane. See Dichlorophene
- Dichlorodimethylhydantoin. See 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin

1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin

CAS 118-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 204-258-7

Synonyms: DDH; DCDMH; Dactin; Dichlorantin; Dichlorodimethylhydantoin; 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl-2,4-imidazolidinedione; 1,3-Dichloro-5,5methyl hydantoin; Halane; Hydantoin, 1,3-dichloro-5,5-dimethyl-Classification: Chlorinated hydantoin

Empirical: C₄H₆Cl₂N₂O₂

Formula: CINCONCIOC(CH₃)₂

- Properties: Wh. powd., mild chlorine odor; sol. in benzene, chloroform, ethylene dichloride, alcohol, chlorinated and highly polar solvs.; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 185.01; sp.gr. 1.5 (20 C); m.p. 132-134 C; flash pt. (CC) 174 C; pH 4.4 (ag.); subl. @ 100 C; conflagrates @ 212 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 0.2 mg/m³; ŠTEL 0.4 mg/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 452 mg/kg; LCLo (inh., rat, 1 h) 20 g/m³; toxic by inhalation; mod. toxic by ingestion; severe skin irritant; causes cancer when injected into rats; mutation data reported; TSCA listed
- *Precaution:* Combustion with evolution of chlorine; will react with water or steam to produce toxic and corrosive fumes; mixts. with xylene may explode
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Cland NO_x
- Uses: Bleaching agent in household laundry bleach, laundry detergents; water treatment; mild chlorinating agent; pharmaceutical intermediate; catalyst

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Fluka; Harcros; Morre-Tec Ind. Trade Names Containing: Dantobrom® RW Briquette

- 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl-2,4-imidazolidinedione. See 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin
- 1,1-Dichloroethene polymer with chloroethene. See Vinylidene chloride/ vinyl chloride copolymer
- 1,1-Dichloroethylene-monochloroethylene polymer. See Vinylidene chloride/vinyl chloride copolymer
- 1,1-Dichloroethylene polymer with chloroethylene. See Vinylidene chloride/vinyl chloride copolymer

1,3-Dichloro-5-ethyl-5-methylhydantoin

CAS 89415-87-2; EINECS/ELINCS 401-570-7 Synonyms: 2,4-Imidazolidinedione, 1,3-dichloro-5-ethyl-5-methyl-Trade Names Containing: Dantobrom® RW Briquette

Di (2-chloroethyl) vinylphosphonate. See Bis (β-chloroethyl) vinyl phosphonate

Dichlorofen. See Dichlorophene

Dichlorofluoroethane

CAS 1717-00-6 Synonyms: HCFC-141b; R 141b; 1,1-Dichloro-1-fluoroethane; Ethane, 1,1dichloro-1-fluoro-Empirical: C₂H₃Cl₂F Formula: CCl₂FCH₃

- Properties: Colorless liq.; faint ethereal odor; insol. in water; m.w. 116.95; dens. 1.20; vapor pressure 520 mm Hg (70 F); f.p. -103 C; b.p. 32 C; flash pt. none
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg, (inh., rat, 2 h) 240 g/m³, (skin, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg; sl. toxic by inh.; mild eye irritant; repeated/prolonged contact may cause skin irritation and defatting; inh. may cause dizziness, CNS effects, cardiac arrhythmia; can cause asphyxiation; TSCA listed
- *Precaution:* No flash pt. but will burn when diluted with air; incompat. with strong oxidizers and active metals; flamm. limits 7.4-15.1%; dec. above 480 F and emits poisonous fumes
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: HF, HCI, carbonyl halides, CO, CO₂; heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of F⁻ and Cl⁻
- Uses: Blowing agent in rigid board, foam systems, flexible foam; refrigerant gas

Regulatory: DOT nonregulated

Manuf./Distrib.: LaRoche Ind.; Spectrum Quality Prods. Trade Names Containing: Krytox® DF; MS-122DF

- 1,1-Dichloro-1-fluoroethane. See Dichlorofluoroethane
- Di-(5-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl) methane. See Dichlorophene
- 4,4 Dichloro-2,2 methylenediphenol. See Dichlorophene

1,3-Dichloro-5,5'-methyl hydantoin. See 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin Dichlorophen. See Dichlorophene

Dichlorophene

- CAS 97-23-4; EINECS/ELINCS 202-567-1
- Synonyms: DDDM; DDM; Bis (5-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl) methane; Bis-2hydroxy-5-chlorophenyl) methane; 5,5 -Dichloro-2,2 -dihydroxydiphenylmethane; Di-(5-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl) methane; Dichlorofen; 4,4 -Dichloro-2,2 -methylenediphenol; Dichlorophen; Dichlorphen; 2,2 -Dihydroxy-5,5 -dichlorodiphenylmethane; 2,2 -Methylenebis (4-chlorophenol)

Classification: Halogenated phenolic compd.

- Empirical: C13H10CI2O2
- Formula: (C₆H₃ClOH)₂CH₂
- Properties: Lt. tan free-flowing cryst. powd., sl. phenolic odor; sol. in acetone, alcohols, oxygenated solvs.; sl. sol. in benzene, toluene, CCl.; insol. in water; m.w. 269.12; vapor pressure 10⁻⁴ mm (100 C); m.p. 177 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, male rat) 1506 mg/kg, IV, rat) 17 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mod. toxic by ing.; skin and severe eye irritant; may cause cramps and diarrhea; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- *Environmental:* Toxic to fish; keep away from drinking water sources
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Cl⁻ Uses: Fungicide; bactericide, antimicrobial in soaps and toiletries; mildewproofing agent; moss control agent (turf treatment); textile preservative; biostabilizer for textiles, rubber, wood; antimicrobial in cooling water systems, evaporate condensers; slimicide in paper mills; preservative for paints, adhesives, syn. polymer latexes, latex emulsions; antimicrobial for aq. prods., thickeners, slurries; deodorant agent; some dermatological and cosmetic applics.; veterinary medicine; agric.; FDA OTC drug (anthelmintic); in food-pkg. adhesives; preservative for coating formulations for paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170; SARA reportable Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Alchemie USA; Aldrich; Aquapharm; Sigma

Dichlorphen. See Dichlorophene

Dichromium trioxide. See Chromium oxide (ic)

Dicocamine

CAS 61789-76-2; EINECS/ELINCS 263-086-0 Synonyms: Amines, dicoco alkyl; Dicoco alkyl amine Definition: Secondary aliphatic amine derived from coconut acid Formula: R₂NH, R represents the coconut radical Properties: Solid; m.p. 40-47 C; cationic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Synthesis intermediate, anticaking agent, flotation agent, antistripping for road making, soil stabilization; auxs. for fuel additives, corrosion inhibitor, paint; chemical intermediate for quats., betaines, amine oxides; emulsifier; emollient

Trade Names: Armeen® 2C

Dicoco alkyl amine. See Dicocamine

Di (coco alkyl) dimethyl ammonium chloride. See Dicocodimonium chloride

Dicoco dimethyl ammonium chloride. See Dicocodimonium chloride

Dicocodimonium chloride

CAS 61789-77-3; EINECS/ELINCS 263-087-6

Synonyms: Di (coco alkyl) dimethyl ammonium chloride; Dicoco dimethyl ammonium chloride; Dimethyldicocoammonium chloride; Quaternium-34 *Classification:* Quaternary ammonium salt

Empirical: C₂₆H₅₆CIN

Formula: [RN(CH₃)₂R]⁺Cl⁻ where R rep. the coconut radical

Properties: M.w. 418.20; cationic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier; corrosion inhibitor; coupling agent; bactericide; biocide in oil field applics.; textile/fabric softener; antistat; asphalt emulsifier; hair conditioner; for car spray waxes; dust control oil; spot removal; petroleum processing; detergent; germicide, sanitizer, slimicide; retardant for acrylics; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 177.1200

Trade Names Containing: Arquad® 2C-75

Dicoco nitrite

Trade Names Containing: Arquad® 2C-70 Nitrite

Dicy. See Dicyandiamide

Dicyandiamide

- CAS 461-58-5; EINECS/ELINCS 207-312-8
- Synonyms: DCD; Cyanoguanidine; N-Cyanoguanidine; Dicy; Dicyandiamin; Dicyanodiamide

Classification: Aliphatic organic compd.

Empirical: C₂H₄N₄

- Formula: NH₂C(NH)(NHCN)
- *Properties:* Pure wh. crystals; sol. in liq. ammonia; partly sol. in hot water; sl. sol. in alcohol; m.w. 84.08; dens. 1.4 (25 C); m.p. 207-209 C; stable when dry; nonflamm.
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 500 mg/kg; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Mixts. with ammonium nitrate, potassium chlorate, and related compds. are powerful explosives
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of CNand NO_x
- Uses: Fertilizers; nitrocellulose stabilizer; org. synthesis, esp. of melamine, barbituric acid, and guanidine salts; explosives; epoxy curing agent, catalyst for epoxy resin, powd. coatings, structural laminates, adhesives, film adhesives; pharmaceuticals; flotation depressant (copper ores); intumescent paint ingred.; electrostatic powd. coating ingred.; fireproofing compds.; stabilizer in detergents; modifier for starch prod.; plasticizer for starch adhesives; thinner for oil-well drilling muds; in food-pkg. adhesives; modifier for amino resins or fluidizing agent in starch/protein coatings for food-contact paper/paperboard; retarder in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; antioxidant/stabilizer for food-grade polymers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.2600, 178.2010; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMC Chems.; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Austin; BCH Brühl; Benco; Brook-Chem; CP PhibroChem; CPB Int'l.; CVC Spec. Chem.; Chemical; Chemway Int'l.; Dastech Int'l.; Eastech; F.T.L. Int'l.; Fluka; Gulf Chem. Int'l.; Industrial Chem. Trading; Int'l. Resources; Kaltron/ Pettibone; Kimson; Maypro Ind.; Miljac; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Quaker City; Rochem Int'l.; SKW Chems.; San Yuan; Sigma; Thomas Swan; Total Spec. Chems.; United Min. & Chem.; Wego Chem. & Min.; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Dicyandiamin. See Dicyandiamide

2,2 -Dicyano-2,2 -azopropane. *See* 2,2 -Azobisisobutyronitrile Dicyanodiamide. *See* Dicyandiamide

Dicyclohexyl phthalate

- CAS 84-61-7; EINECS/ELINCS 201-545-9
- Synonyms: DCHP; 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dicyclohexyl ester; Phthalic acid, dicyclohexyl ester
- Classification: Aromatic ester
- Empirical: C₂₀H₂₆O₄
- Formula: C₆H₄(COOC₆H₁₁)₂
- Properties: Wh. gran. solid; mildly aromatic odor; sol. in most org. solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 330.43; dens. 1.20 (25/25 C); m.p. 62-65 C; b.p. 245-246 C (1.3 kPa); flash pt. 405 F; nonvolatile

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 30 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; irritant; TSCA listed *Precaution:* Combustible

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors
- Uses: Plasticizer for foil lacquers, cellophane lacquers, nitrocellulose, ethylcellulose, chlorinated rubber, PVAc, PVC, food-contact polymers; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 178.3740 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Bayer; Morflex; P.A.T. Prods.; Schweizerhall; Unitex Trade Names: Uniplex 250

Didecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride. See Didecyldimonium chloride

Didecyldimonium chloride

CAS 7173-51-5; EINECS/ELINCS 230-525-2

Synonyms: Ammonium, didecyldimethyl-, chloride; N-Decyl-N,N-dimethyl-1-decanaminium chloride; Didecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride; Dimethyl didecyl ammonium chloride; N,N-Dimethyldidecylammonium chloride; Quaternium-12

Classification: Quaternary ammonium chloride

Empirical: C22H48CIN

- Formula: $[CH_3(CH_2),N(CH_3)_2(CH_2),CH_3]^+CI^-$
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in acetone; extremely sol. in benzene; m.w. 362.08; cationic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 84 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 45 mg/kg; poison by ing. and IP routes; primary irritant; causes eye damage and skin irritation; harmful if swallowed; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NO_x, NH₃, and Cl⁻

Uses: Biocide for disinfectant and laundry formulations; disinfectant; sanitizer; mildew preventive in commercial laundries; water treatment; wood preservatives; fungicide, bactericide for food processing, breweries; hardsurf. disinfection/sanitization; surfactant; antistat; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.712, 177.1200

Manuf./Distrib.: Dishman USA; Lonza

Trade Names Containing: Arquad® 210-50

Didecyl phthalate

- CÁS 84-77-5
- Synonyms: DDP; Di-n-decyl phthalate; Phthalic acid, didecyl ester
- Empirical: C₂₈H₄₆O₄
- Formula: C₆H₄(COOC₁₀H₂₁)₂
- Properties: Lt. colored liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 446.74; dens. 0.9675 (20/20 C); vapor pressure 0.3 mm Hg (200 C); m.p. 4 C; b.p. 261 C (5 mm); flash pt. 229 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (skin, rabbit) 16,800 mg/kg; LDLo (IP, mouse) 2233 mg/kg; primary irritant; mild skin irritant; may cause ptosis, somnolence; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Uses: Plasticizer, esp. for vinyl resins; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; adjuvant in slimicides in food-contact paper/ paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300, 177.2600

Manuf./Distrib.: KIC Chems.; Pfaltz & Bauer

Di-n-decyl phthalate. See Didecyl phthalate

- 4,4'-Di (diethylamino)-4',6'-disulfotriphenylmethanol anhydride, sodium salt. See Acid blue 1
- 1,2:3,4-Diepoxybutane. See DL-Diepoxybutane
- (±)-1,2:3,4-Diepoxybutane. See DL-Diepoxybutane

DL-Diepoxybutane

- CAS 298-18-0; EINECS/ELINCS 215-979-1; UN No. 2929
- Synonyms: 2,2 -Bioxirane; (R*,R*)-(±)-2,2 -Bioxirane; (±)-DL-1,3-Butadiene diepoxide; DL-Butadiene dioxide; Butane, (±)-1,2:3,4-diepoxy-; 1,2:3,4-Dianhydro-DL-threitol; 1,2:3,4-Diepoxybutane; DL-1,2:3,4-Diepoxybutane; (±)-1,2:3,4-Diepoxybutane

Empirical: C4H6O2

Properties: Colorless to yel. liq.; sol. in water, DMSO, acetone; sol. 5-10 mg/ml in 95% ethanol; m.w. 86.09; sp.gr. 1.1157 (20/4 C); vapor pressure 3.9 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. 4 C; b.p. 144 C; flash pt. 45 C; ref. index

1.4340 (20 C)

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 210 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 800 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat 4 h) 56 ppm; highly toxic by ing., inh., and skin contact; readily absorbed thru skin and respiratory tract; irritating to eyes, skin, mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract; may cause severe burns, lacrimation, clouding of cornea, labored breathing, lung congestion, etc.; may be fatal by pulmonary edema/shock; experimental carcinogen, equivocal tumorigen, neoplastigen; target organs: liver, pancreas, nerves, cardiovasc.
- Precaution: Combustible; incompat. with acids, bases, strong oxidizing agents; reacts with 4-(4 -nitrobenzyl) pyridine, alcohols, amines, phenols, other reactive substances; slowly hydrolyzed in water; unstable in sol'n. Hazardous Decomp. Prods. Heated to decomp. emits toxic fumes of CO.
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of CO, CO₂; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions
- Storage: Store refrigerated; keep tightly closed; store away from min. acids and bases
- Uses: Curing of polymers; crosslinking textile fibers; prevention of microbial spoilage; treating polymers, paper, and textiles; chem. intermediate; prep. of erythritol and other pharmaceuticals; in laboratory as theoretical model in study of carcinogens

Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Pfaltz & Bauer; Spectrum Quality Prods.

DL-1,2:3,4-Diepoxybutane. See DL-Diepoxybutane

Diethanolamine

- CAS 111-42-2; EINECS/ELINCS 203-868-0; UN No. 1760
- Synonyms: DEA; DELA; Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) amine; N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) amine; Diethylolamine; 2,2 ´-Dihydroxydiethylamine; Di (2-hydroxyethyl) amine; Diolamine; 2,2 ´-Iminobisethanol; 2,2 ´-Iminodiethanol Classification: Aliphatic amine; alkanolamine

Empirical: C₄H₁₁NO₂

Formula: (HOCH₂CH₂)₂NH

- Properties: Colorless cryst. or liq., mild ammoniacal odor; very sol. in water and alcohol; misc. with acetone, chloroform, glycerin; insol. in ether, benzene; m.w. 105.09; dens. 1.0881 (30/4 C); m.p. 28 C; b.p. 268 C; flash pt. 300 F; ref. index 1.4770
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 3 ppm in air; LD50 (oral, rat) 12.76 g/kg, (IP, mouse) 2300 mg/kg, (subcut., mouse) 3553 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 12,200 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing., IP, and subcut. routes; severe eye and skin irritant; mucous membrane irritant; experimental reproductive effects; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; DOT: corrosive material; normally stable; slowly oxidized by air; incompat. with oxidizing agents, strong acids, acid anhydrides, nitrosating agents
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x, ammonia

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Hygroscopic, deliq.; light-sensitive; store @ R.T. in cool, dry, wellventilated area away from heat and ignition sources
- Uses: Absorbent in gas scrubbing; rubber chemicals intermediate; mfg. of surfactants for textiles, herbicides, petroleum demulsifier; detergent, emulsifier and dispersant in coatings, agric., cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, cutting oils, cleaners, polishes; textile lubricants/processing; humectant; softener; in organic synthesis; crosslinker for flexible PU foam slabstock; hydrogen sulfide extraction solvent in gas processing; solubilizer (metalworking fluids, printing inks, textile auxs.); in food-pkg. adhesives; adjuvant to control pulp absorbency and pitch content in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2600; FDA approved for injectables (IV), ophthalmics; USP/NF, BP compliance; SARA reportable
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BASF AG; Coyne; Degussa-Hüls AG; Fluka; Great Western; Houghton Chem.; Huntsman; Occidental; Oxiteno; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Union Carbide; Varsal Instruments; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Diethanolamine coconut fatty acid condensate. See Cocamide DEA Diethanolamine lauric acid amide. See Lauramide DEA Diethanolamine linoleic acid amide. See Linoleamide DEA Diethanolamine oleic acid amide. See Oleamide DEA Diethanolamine palmitic acid amide. See Palmitamide DEA Diethanolamine stearic acid amide. See Stearamide DEA Diethanolamine tall oil acid amide. See Tallamide DEA Diethanolamine tallow acid amide. See Tallowamide DEA

- N,N-Diethanol lauramide. See Lauramide DEA
- N,N-Diethanol lauric acid amide. See Lauramide DEA
- N-[6-(Diethylamino)-9-(2,4-disulfophenyl)-3H-xanthen-3-ylidene]-N-ethyl ethanaminium, hydroxide, inner salt, sodium salt. See Acid red 52

Diethylaminoethanol

CÁS 100-37-8; EINECS/ELINCS 202-845-2; UN No. 2686 (DOT)

- Synonyms: DEAE; 2-Diethylaminoethanol; β-Diethylaminoethanol; N-Diethylaminoethanol; N,N-Diethyl-2-aminoethanol; β-Diethylaminoethyl alcohol; Diethylethanolamine; N,N-Diethylethanolamine; N,N-Diethyl-N-(β-hydroxyethyl) amine; Ethanol, 2-(diethylamino)-; 2-Hydroxytriethylamine
- Classification: Aliphatic amino alcohol

Empirical: C6H15NO

- *Formula:* (C₂H₅)₂NCH₂CH₂OH
- Properties: Colorless liq.; strong ammonia-like odor; sol. in water, alcohol, acetone, ether, benzene, petrol. ether; misc. with most org. solvs.; m.w. 117.19; dens. 0.88-0.89 (20/20 C); vapor pressure 1.4 mm Hg (20 C); f.p. -70 C; b.p. 161 C; flash pt. (OC) 140 F; ref. index 1.4389
- *Toxicology:* ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 ppm (skin); LD50 (oral, rat) 1300 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 1220 mg/kg, (subcut., mouse) 1561 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 188 mg/ kg; poison by IP, IV routes; mod. toxic by ing., skin contact, subcut. routes; human systemic effects by inh. (nausea, vomiting); skin, severe eye irritant; corrosive; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Flamm. liq.; moderate fire risk; reactive with oxidizing materials

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Chem. intermediate for prod. of emulsifiers, detergents, solubilizers; water-sol. salts; textile/fabric softeners; cosmetics; pharmaceuticals; emulsifier in acid media; curing agent for resins; surface coatings; pigment dispersant in paints; solvent (gas sweetening); catalyst in PU foams; petrol. and gas processing chems.; boiler water additive for food contact; corrosion inhibitor for boiler water treatment; textile/leather/paper aux.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310 (15 ppm max. in steam)

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; Atofina; BASF; Fluka; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Union Carbide

2-Diethylaminoethanol. See Diethylaminoethanol

 β -Diethylaminoethanol. See Diethylaminoethanol

N-Diethylaminoethanol. See Diethylaminoethanol

N,N-Diethyl-2-aminoethanol. See Diethylaminoethanol

Diethylaminoethyl acrylate

CAS 2426-54-2

- Synonyms: Acrylic acid, 2-(diethylamino) ethyl ester; Acrylic acid-N,Ndiethylaminoethyl ester; N,N-Diethylaminoethyl acrylate; β-Diethylaminoethyl acrylate; 2-(Diethylamino) ethyl acrylate; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-(diethylamino)ethyl ester
- Classification: Amine monomer
- Empirical: C₉H₁₇NO₂
- Formula: CH₂=CHCOOCH₂CH₂N(C₂H₅)₂
- Properties: M.w. 171.24; dens. 0.925 (20/4 C); b.p. 202 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 770 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 200 mg/kg; LDLo (IP, mouse) 31 mg/kg; poison by skin contact and IP routes; mod. toxic by ing.; corrosive; severe skin and eye irritant; harmful if swallowed or inhaled; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x Uses: Industrial and automotive coatings; dye and lube oil additives; cationic

quat. monomers; intermediate for water treatment chemicals; silane coupling agent; conductive paper coatings; retention aids for paper mfg.; flocculant and coagulant; crosslinking agent; catalyst for epoxy resins; detergent for jet fuels; comonomer for acrylic resins

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; CPS; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Rhodia *Trade Names:* Ageflex FA-2

Diethylaminoethyl acrylate dimethyl sulfate quat. CAS 21810-39-9 Classification: Quat. ammonium monomer

Formula: [CH₂=CHCOOCH₂CH₂N(C₂H₅)₂CH₃]*CH₃OSO₃⁻⁻ Properties: M.w. 297.37

Uses: Antistatic finish for polyester fibers; flocculant and coagulant polymers for water treatment, mineral recovery, ion-exchange resins, adhesives, acid dye receptivity; retention aid for paper mfg.; food-contact paper/ paperboard

Trade Names: Ageflex FA-2Q50DMS

β-Diethylaminoethyl alcohol. See Diethylaminoethanol

Diethylaminoethyl methacrylate

CÁS 105-16-8

Synonyms: 2-(Diethylamino) ethyl methacrylate; β-(Diethylamino) ethyl methacrylate; 2-(N,N-Diethylamino) ethyl methacrylate; Methacrylic acid, 2-(diethylamino) ethyl ester; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-(diethylamino) ethyl ester

Classification: Amine monomer

Empirical: C10H19NO2

Formula: $CH_2 = C(CH_3)COOCH_2CH_2N(C_2H_5)_2$

Properties: M.w. 185.29

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 4696 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) 11 g/m³; mildly toxic by ing. and inh.; severe eye and skin irritant; harmful if swallowed; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x

- Uses: Industrial and automotive coatings; dye additives; intermediate for water treatment and oil field chemicals; stabilizer for fuel oils; acrylic modifier; intermediate for polymethacrylates and dispersants
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; CPS; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Polysciences; Rhodia

Trade Names: Ageflex FM-2

2-(Diethylamino) ethyl methacrylate. See Diethylaminoethyl methacrylate

- 2-(N,N-Diethylamino) ethyl methacrylate. See Diethylaminoethyl methacrylate
- β-(Diethylamino) ethyl methacrylate. See Diethylaminoethyl methacrylate 7-(Diethylamino)-4-methyl-2H-1-benzopyran-2-one. See 7-Diethylamino-4methylcoumarin
- 7-(Diethylamino)-4-methyl-2-benzopyrone. See 7-Diethylamino-4-methylcoumarin

Diethylaminomethylcoumarin. See 7-Diethylamino-4-methylcoumarin

7-Diethylamino-4-methylcoumarin

CAŠ 91-44-1; EINEČS/ELINCS 202-068-9

Synonyms: MDAC; 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-one, 7-(diethylamino)-4-methyl; Coumarin, 7-diethylamino-4-methyl-; 7-(Diethylamino)-4-methyl-2H-1benzopyran-2-one; 7-(Diethylamino)-4-methyl-2-benzopyrone; Diethylaminomethylcoumarin; Fluorescent brightener 140; 4-Methyl-7-(diethylamino) coumarin

Classification: Lactone

Empirical: C14H17NO2

Formula: $CH_3C_9H_4O(O)N(C_2H_5)_2$

- Properties: Lt. tan gran.; sol. in aq. acid sol'ns, resins, varnishes, vinyls and nearly all common org. solvs.; sl. sol. in aliphatic hydrocarbons; m.w. 231.32; m.p. 68-72 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5 g/kg, (IV, mouse) 180 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x Uses: Fluorescent brightening agent for polyamide, acetate, polyester, paper, detergents; optical brightener/bleach in textile industry, in coatings for paper, labels, book covers, etc.; to lighten plastics, resins, varnishes, and lacquers; invisible marking agent

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Diethyl-m-aminophenolphthalein hydrochloride. See Basic violet 10

- N-[4-[[4-(Diethylamino) phenyl] (2,4-disulfophenyl) methylene]-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-ethylethanaminium, hydroxide, inner salt, sodium salt. See Acid blue 1
- N-[4-[[4-(Diethylamino) phenyl] [4-ethylamino)-1-naphthalenyl] methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-ethylethanaminium chloride. See Basic blue 7

Di(2-ethylbutyl) phthalate. See Dihexyl phthalate Diethylene glycol butyl ether. See Butoxydiglycol

Diethylene glycol n-butyl ether. See Butoxydiglycol

Diethylene glycol dibenzoate

- CAS 120-55-8; EINECS/ELINCS 204-407-6
- Synonyms: Benzoic acid, diester with diethylene glycol; Dibenzoyldiethyleneglycol ester; PEG 100 dibenzoate; PEG-2 dibenzoate; POE (2) dibenzoate
- Classification: Aromatic ester
- Definition: PEG diester of benzoic acid
- Empirical: C18H18O5
- Formula: C₆H₅COO(CH₂)₂O(CH₂)₂OOCC₆H₅
- Properties: High-boiling liq. or solid; mild ester odor; sol. in aliphatic and aromatic solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 314.36; dens. 1.1765-1.178 (20 C); m.p. 16 C; b.p. 225-227 C (3 mm); flash pt. (PMCC) 232 C; ref. index 1.5424-1.5449 (20 C)
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 2830 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 20 g/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; primary skin and eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; can react with oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Plasticizer for polymers, vinyl acetate resins, adhesives, latex coatings; in food-pkg. adhesives; plasticizer for PVAc coatings for paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; plasticizer for polymers for paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; emollient
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Haltermann GmbH; Kalama; Unitex; Velsicol

Trade Names: Benzoflex® 2-45

Trade Names Containing: Benzoflex® 50

Diethylene glycol dioleate. See PEG-2 dioleate Diethylene glycol distearate. See PEG-2 distearate Diethylene glycol ethyl ether. See Ethoxydiglycol Diethylene glycol laurate. See PEG-2 laurate Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether. See Butoxydiglycol Diethylene glycol, monoester with stearic acid. See PEG-2 stearate Diethylene glycol monoethyl ether. See Ethoxydiglycol Diethylene glycol monolaurate. See PEG-2 laurate Diethylene glycol monolaurate self-emulsifying. See PEG-2 laurate SE Diethylene glycol monooleate. See PEG-2 oleate Diethylene glycol monooleate self-emulsifying. See PEG-2 oleate SE Diethylene glycol monostearate. See PEG-2 stearate Diethylene glycol monostearate self-emulsifying. See PEG-2 stearate SE Diethylene glycol stearate. See PEG-2 stearate Diethyleneimide oxide. See Morpholine Diethylene imidoxide. See Morpholine Diethylene oxide. See Tetrahydrofuran Diethylene oximide. See Morpholine

Diethylenetriamine

CĀS 111-40-0; EINECS/ELINCS 203-865-4; UN No. 2079 (DOT) *Synonyms:* DETA; DTA; Aminoethylethandiamine; N-(2-Aminoethyl)-1,2ethanediamine; N-(2-Aminoethyl) ethylenediamine; 3-Azapentane-1,5-diamine; Bis (2-aminoethyl) amine; Bis (β-aminoethyl) amine; 2,2'-Diaminodiethylamine; 2,2'-Iminobisethylamine; 2,2'-Iminodiethylamine *Classification:* Aliphatic polyamine

Empirical: C₄H₁₃N₃

- Formula: $NH_2C_2H_4NHC_2H_4NH_2$
- Properties: Colorless to yel. visc. liq.; ammoniacal odor; sol. in water and hydrocarbons; misc. with oxygenated and aromatic solvs.; immisc. with aliphatic solvs.; strongly alkaline; m.w. 103.17; dens. 0.9542 (20/20 C); vapor pressure 0.22 mm Hg (20 C); f.p. -39 C; b.p. 206.7 C; flash pt. (TOC) 99 C
- *Toxicology*: ACGIH TLV/TWA1 ppm (skin); LD50 (oral, rat) 1080 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 74 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 1090 mg/kg; toxic by IP, ing., inh., and skin absorption; strong irritant to eyes and skin; high conc. of vapors causes respiratory tract irritation, nausea, vomiting; repeated exposure may cause asthma, skin sensitization; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; can react with oxidizers; mixt. with nitromethane is a shock-sensitive explosive; ignites on contact with cellulose nitrate; corrosive to copper and its alloys; absorbs CO_2 from air to form carbamate salts

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storago: Hydroscopic

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Solvent for sulfur, acid gases, various resins, dyes; saponification agent for acidic materials; fuel component; epoxy curing agent and hardener; intermediate for textile finishes; curing agent for two-pkg. protective coatings; mfg. of chelating agents, surfactants, softeners, corrosion inhibitors; modifier for amino resins for paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 176.210

- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BASF AG; Charkit; Coyne; Diamines & Chems. Ltd; Fabrichem; Fluka; Houghton Chem.; Lowenstein Dyes & Cosmetics; Rhodia HPCII; Sigma; Tosoh; Union Carbide
- Trade Names: Ancamine® DETA

Diethylenetriamine, epichlorohydrin, adipic acid polymer. See Adipic acid/ epoxypropyl diethylenetriamine copolymer

Diethylene triamine pentaacetic acid. See Pentetic acid

1,1,4,7,7-Diethylenetriaminepentaacetic acid. See Pentetic acid

Diethylenetriaminepentaacetic acid, pentasodium salt. See Pentasodium pentetate

Diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonic acid

CÅS 15827-60-8

Synonyms: DETPMPA; Phosphonic acid, [[(phosphonomethyl) imino] bis [2,1-ethanediyInitrilobis (methylene)]] tetrakis-; [[(Phosphonomethyl) imino] bis [ethane-2,1-diyInitrilobis (methylene)] tetrakisphosphonic acid Empirical: C H NO P

Empirical: $C_9H_{28}N_3O_{15}P_5$

Properties: Sol. in water; m.w. 573.19; dens. 1.14 kg/l

- Uses: Peroxide stabilizer in pulp/paper bleaching; scale inhibitor/chelating agent for boilers, cooling towers, oil field treatment; sequestrant for powd. laundry and industrial detergents; deflocculant; dispersant for water treatment, I&I cleaners
- Manuf./Distrib.: Excel Ind.
- Trade Names: Aquacid-106 EX; Briquest® 543-45AS; Dequest® 2060; Unihib® 905

Diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonic acid), pentasodium salt. See Pentasodium diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonate

Diethylene triamine penta (methylene phosphonic acid) sodium salt. See Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate)

Diethylenimide oxide. See Morpholine

Diethýlethanolamine. See Diethylaminoethanol

N,N-Diethylethanolamine. See Diethylaminoethanol

Di (2-ethylhexyl) orthophthalate. See s-Dioctyl phthalate

Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate. See s-Dioctyl phthalate

N,N-Diethyl-N-(β-hydroxyethyl) amine. See Diethylaminoethanol

Diethylolamine. See Diethanolamine

Diethyl zinc

CÁS 557-20-0; EINECS/ELINCS 209-161-3; UN No. 1366 (DOT) Synonyms: DEZ; DEZn; Zinc diethyl; Zinc ethide; Zinc ethyl

Classification: Organometallic compd.

Empirical: $C_4H_{10}Zn$

Formula: $(C_2H_5)_2Zn$

- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; garlic-like odor; misc. with ether, petrol. ether, benzene, other hydrocarbon solvs.; dec. in water; m.w. 123.49; dens. 1.2065 (20/4 C); vapor pressure 20 hPa (20 C); m.p. -28 C; b.p. 118 C; flash pt. (CC) -40 C; ref. index 1.4936
- Toxicology: Toxic by inh., ing., skin contact; corrosive; causes burns; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Highly flamm.; ignites spontaneously in air; burns with blue flame, giving off peculiar, garlic-like odor; reacts violently with water; contact with water liberates extremely flamm. gases
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Air- and moisture-sensitive; handle and store under nitrogen; store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompat. substances (water)

NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 4; Reactivity 3

Uses: Catalyst for Ziegler-Natta polymerization of olefins and dienes; catalyst for epoxidation; in organic synthesis; synthesis of cyclopropanes and ketocarbenes; in preservation of archival papers; reactant in prod. of transition metal catalysts

Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Fluka

1,1-Difluoroethene homopolymer. See Polyvinylidene fluoride resin Diglycidyl bisphenol A ether. See Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether Diglycidyl ether of neopentyl glycol. See Neopentyl glycol diglycidyl ether Diglycol butyl ether. See Butoxydiglycol Diglycol laurate. See PEG-2 laurate Diglycol monobutyl ether. See Butoxydiglycol Diglycol monoethyl ether. See Ethoxydiglycol Diglycol monostearate. See PEG-2 stearate

Diglycol oleate. See PEG-2 oleate

Diglycol stearate. See PEG-2 stearate

Diguanidine hydrogen phosphate. See Guanidine phosphate, dibasic Diguanidine phosphate. See Guanidine phosphate, dibasic

Dihexyl phthalate

CÁS 84-75-3; 68515-50-4; EINECS/ELINCS 201-559-5 Synonyms: 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dihexyl ester; Di-n-hexyl phtha-

- late; Di(2-ethylbutyl) phthalate; Phthalic acid, dihexyl ester
- Empirical: C₂₀H₃₀O₄
- Formula: $C_6H_4(COOC_6H_{13})_2$
- Properties: Oily, sl. aromatic liq.; m.w. 334.50; sp.gr. 1.008; b.p. 350 C (735 mm); f.p. -50 C; flash pt. (TCC) 380 F
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 29,600 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 20 g/kg; very mildly toxic by ing. and skin contact; eye and skin irritant; experimental reproductive effects
- Precaution: Combustible; can react with oxidizers

Uses: Plasticizer for cellulose ester and vinyl plastics, food-contact polymers; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 178.3740

Manuf./Distrib.: Exxon; Frinton Labs; Unitex

Trade Names: Jayflex® DHP

Di-n-hexyl phthalate. See Dihexyl phthalate

Dihexyl sodiosulfosuccinate. See Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate

Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate

CAS 3006-15-3; 2373-38-8; 6001-97-4; EINECS/ELINCS 221-109-1

- Synonyms: Bis (1-methylamyl) sodium sulfosuccinate; Butanedioic acid, sulfo-, 1,4-dihexyl ester, sodium salt; Dihexyl sodiosulfosuccinate; Dihexyl sulfosuccinate sodium salt; Sodium dihexyl sulfosuccinate; Sodium di-(2methylpentyl) sulfosuccinate; Sulfosuccinic acid, sulfo-, 1,4-dihexyl ester, sodium salt
- Definition: Sodium salt of the diester of 1-methylamyl alcohol and sulfosuccinic acid
- Empirical: C16H30NaO7S

Formula: C₁₆H₃₀O₇S · Na

- Properties: Clear visc. liq. or wh. waxy particles; readily sol. in hot water, slowly in cold water; sol. in benzene, CCI₄, acetone, glycerol; m.w. 389.51; anionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 1750 mg/kg, (oral, mouse) 2315 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm. when exposed to heat, flame, oxidizers; hydrolyzes in alkaline media
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x and Na₂O
- Uses: Emulsifier/dispersant for emulsion polymerization, wax, polish, hand cleaners; ore leaching/electroplating additive; photographic chemical; pigment dispersant; wetting agent/penetrant in glass cleaners, paint strippers, batteries; textile wetting agent; solubilizer; wetting agent/emulsifier for waterborne industrial coatings (PVAc, acrylics), printing inks; emulsifier in food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty foods; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1210, 178.3400

Manuf./Distrib.: Finetex; Sigma; Venchem

Trade Names: Aerosol® MĂ-80; DeWET SMA-80

Trade Names Containing: Monawet MM-80

Dihexyl sulfosuccinate sodium salt. See Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate Dihydroabietyl alcohol. See Hydroabietyl alcohol

2,2 -[(9,10-Dihydro-9,10-dioxo-1,4-anthracenediyl) diimino] bis (5-methylbenzenesulfonic acid) disodium salt. See Acid green 25

Dihydro-2,5-dioxofuran. See Maleic anhydride

2,5-Dihydrofuran-2,5-dione

2,5-Dihydrofuran-2,5-dione. See Maleic anhydride Dihydrogenated tallow amine. See Hydrogenated ditallowamine

Dihydrogenated tallow dimethyl ammonium chloride. See Quaternium-18 Dihydrogenated tallowdimonium chloride. See Quaternium-18

- Dihydrogen sulfate. See Sulfuric acid
- 4,5-Dihydro-2-isoheptadecyl-1H-imidazole-1-ethanol. See Isostearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline
- 1,2-Dihydro-5-nitroacenaphthylene. See 5-Nitroacenaphthene
- 4,5-Dihydro-7-nortall oil-1H-imidazole-1-ethanol. See Tall oil hydroxyethyl imidazoline
- Dihydro-3-(octadecenyl)-2,5-furandione. See Octadecenyl succinic anhydride
- Dihydrooxirene. See Ethylene oxide
- 4,5-Ďihydro-5-oxo-1-(4-sulfophenyl)-4-[(4-sulfophenyl) azo]-1H-pyrazole-3carboxylic acid trisodium salt. See Tartrazine
- 5,12-Dihydroquino [2,3-b] acridine-7,14-dione. See Pigment violet 19

Dihydroxyaluminum monostearate. See Aluminum stearate

- Dihydroxyaluminum stearate. See Aluminum stearate
- Dihydroxybenzene. See Hydroquinone
- 1,2-Dihydroxybenzene. See Pyrocatechol
- 1,4-Dihydroxybenzene. See Hydroquinone
- o-Dihydroxybenzene. See Pyrocatechol
- p-Dihydroxybenzene. See Hydroquinone
- 2,2 Dihydroxy-5,5 dichlorodiphenylmethane. See Dichlorophene
- 2,2 Dihydroxydiethylamine. See Diethanolamine
- 4,4 Dihýdroxýdiphényldimethylmethane diglycidyl ether. See Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether
- p,p Dihydroxydiphenyldimethylmethane diglycidyl ether. See Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether
- 2,4 Dihydroxydiphenyl sulfone

Uses: Developer for heat-sensitive papers *Trade Names:* BPS-24; BPS-P

2,2'-Dihydroxydipropyl ether. See Dipropylene glycol

1,2-Dihydroxyethane. See Glycol

Di (2-hydroxyethyl) amine. See Diethanolamine

Dihydroxyethyl cocamine oxide

CAS 61791-47-7; EINECS/ELINCS 263-180-1

- Synonyms: N,N (Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) cocamine oxide; Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) cocoamine oxide; Coco bis-2-hydroxyethylamine oxide; Coco di(hydroxyethyl) amine oxide; N,N-Di-(2-hydroxyethyl) cocoamine oxide; Ethanol, 2,2'-iminobis, N-coco alkyl, N-oxide
- Classification: Tertiary amine oxide
- Empirical: C₁₆H₃₅NO₃

Formula: R-N(CH₂CH₂OH)₂O, R represents the coconut radical

Properties: Clear liq.; m.w. 289.47

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant; softener, conditioner, emulsifier, wetting agent, visc. builder, stabilizer, antistat for cosmetics; emollient, lubricant, and slip agent for shave creams; for textiles, petrol. additives, paper, plastics, rubber; gel sensitizer for latex; foam booster for bubble baths; hydrotrope/thickener for hypochlorite cleaners; thixotrope for water-based paints; emulsion stabilizer

Trade Names: Aromox® C/12-W

Trade Names Containing: Aromox® C/12

N,N-Di-(2-hydroxyethyl) cocoamine oxide. See Dihydroxyethyl cocamine oxide

- N,N-Di (2-hydroxyethyl) oleylamine. See PEG-2 oleamine
- 2,2 Dihydroxyisopropyl ether. See Dipropylene glycol
- 2,4-Dihydroxy-2-methylpentane. See Hexylene glycol
- N,N Dihydroxymethylurea. See Dimethylol urea

1,2-Dihydroxypropane. See Propylene glycol

- 2,3-Dihydroxypropyl octadecanoate. See Glyceryl stearate
- 1-((Diiodomethyl) sulfonyl)-4-methylbenzene. See Diiodomethyl tolylsulfone
- 4-(Diiodomethylsulfonyl) toluene. See Diiodomethyl tolylsulfone

Diiodomethyl tolylsulfone

- CAS 20018-09-1; EINECS/ELINCS 243-468-3
- Synonyms: Benzene, 1-((diiodomethyl) sulfonyl)-4-methyl-; 1-((Diiodomethyl) sulfonyl)-4-methylbenzene; 4-(Diiodomethylsulfonyl) toluene; Diiodomethyl p-tolyl sulfone

- Classification: Organic compd.
- Empirical: C₈H₈I₂O₂S
- Properties: M.w. 422.02
- *Toxicology:* TDLo (oral, rat) 5 g/kg; reproductive effector; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of SO_x and I⁻
- Uses: Antimicrobial; mildewcide, fungicide, preservative for adhesives and sealants, paints, and in lumber, construction, home improvement, textile, leather, and automotive industries; antifungal preservative in food-pkg. adhesives; preservative in side seam cements for food-contact containers; antifungal preservative in food-contact sealants and caulking materials for repeated use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 177.2600 Manuf./Distrib.: ANGUS Trade Names: Amical® 48

Diiodomethyl p-tolyl sulfone. See Diiodomethyl tolylsulfone Diisobutyl carbinol. See 2,6-Dimethyl heptanol-4

Diisobutyl phthalate

CAS 84-69-5; EINECS/ELINCS 201-553-2

- Synonyms: DIBP; Phthalic acid, diisobutyl ester
- Classification: Aromatic ester
- Empirical: C₁₆H₂₂O₄
- Properties: Colorless liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 278.35; dens. 1.040 (20 C); f.p. -50 C; m.p. -64 C; b.p. 327 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 185 C; ref. index 1.490
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 15 g/kg, (IP, rat) 3749 mg/kg, (skin, guinea pig) 10 g/kg; mod. toxic by IP route; mildly toxic by ing. and skin contact; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Plasticizer-solvent for PVC, PVAc, PVB, PS, cellulosics, paints; as vehicles for pigment dispersions; in food-pkg. adhesives; in cellophane for food pkg.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.1200
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; KIC Chems.; Novachem Corp.; Unitex

Trade Names: Uniplex 155

Diisobutyl sodium sulfosuccinate

CAS 127-39-9; EINECS/ELINCS 204-839-5

Synonyms: 1,4-Bis (2-methylpropyl) sulfobutanedioate, sodium salt; Sodium 1,2-diisobutoxycarbonylethanesulfonate; Sodium diisobutyl sulfosuccinate; Sulfosuccinic acid diisobutyl ester, sodium salt

Definition: Sodium salt of the diester of isobutyl alcohol and sulfosuccinic acid Empirical: $C_{12}H_{21}NaO_7S$

Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. 760 g/l in water (25 C); sol. in glycerol, pine oil, oleic acid; m.w. 332.34; anionic

Toxicology: Irritating to eyes, mucous membranes; TSCA listed

Uses: Wetting agent for metal leaching, electroplating; penetrant; emulsion polymerization of styrene, butadiene and copolymers; emulsifier in food pkg.; aq. paints; agric.; paper coating; water treatment

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3400 *Trade Names:* Geropon® CYA/DEP; Monawet MB-45

Diisononyl adipate

CAS 33703-08-1; EINECS/ELINCS 251-646-7

Synonyms: DINA; Diisononyl hexanedioate; Dinonyl adipate; Hexanedioic acid, diisononyl ester

Definition: Diester of isononyl alcohol and adipic acid

- Empirical: C₂₄H₄₆O₄
- Formula: C₉H₁₉OOC(CH₂)₄COOC₉H₁₉
- Properties: Colorless liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 398.63; dens. 0.924; visc. 25 mPa·s (20 C); b.p. 250-260 C; flash pt. (TCC) 390 F
- Precaution: Combustible

Uses: Emollient; plasticizer for PVC, PS, cellulosics, food-contact polymers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3740

Manuf./Distrib.: Aristech; Ashland; Bayer; Exxon; Unitex

Trade Names: Jayflex® DINA

Diisononyl hexanedioate. See Diisononyl adipate

CAS 14103-61-8; 28553-12-0; 68515-48-0; EINECS/ELINCS 249-079-5; 271-090-9

Synonyms: DINP; 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, diisononyl ester; Phthalic acid, diisononyl ester

Classification: Aromatic ester

Empirical: C₂₆H₄₄O₄

- *Properties:* M.w. 420.64; dens. 0.973; flash pt. (TCC) 415 F; ref. index 1.4850
- Toxicology: TDLo (oral, rat, 28 days, continuous) 11,256 mg/kg; cancer suspect agent; possible teratogen; reproductive hazard; target organ: liver, blood; TSCA listed
- Uses: Plasticizer for PVC cable compds., plastisols, PS, cellulosics, paints, food-contact polymers; as vehicles for pigment dispersions

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3740

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Aristech; Ashland; BASF; Bencorp Int'l.; C.P. Hall; Chemisphere Ltd; Chisso Am.; Cognis; Exxon; Fluka; Harwick; KIC Chems.; Unitex; Westtec Ind. Trade Names: Jayflex® DINP

Diisooctyl phthalate

CAS 27554-26-3; EINECS/ELINCS 248-523-5

Synonyms: DIOP; 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, diisooctyl ester; Bis (6methylheptyl) ester of phthalic acid; Isooctyl phthalate; Phthalic acid, diisooctyl ester

Classification: Aromatic ester

Empirical: C24H38O4

- Formula: (C₈H₁₇COO)₂C₆H₄
- *Properties:* Nearly colorless visc. liq., mild odor; insol. in water; m.w. 390.62; dens. 0.980-0.983 (20/20 C); m.p. -50 C; b.p. 370 C; flash pt. 450 F; ref. index 1.4860
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 22 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) 13 g/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; mildly toxic by skin contact; skin irritant; cancer suspect agent; possible teratogen; reproductive hazard; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp, emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Plasticizer for PVC, cellulosic, acrylate resins, synthetic rubber, adhesives, sealants, emulsion paints, food pkg.; syn. lubricant basestock; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 181.27

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; C.P. Hall; Exxon; KIC Chems.; Occidental; Unitex; Velsicol

Trade Names: Jayflex® DIOP

Diisooctyl sodium sulfosuccinate. See Sodium diisooctyl sulfosuccinate

N,N-Diisopropanolamide of tallow fatty acids. See Tallow diisopropanolamide

Diisopropanolamine

CAS 110-97-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-820-9

Synonyms: DIPA; Bis (2-hydroxypropyl) amine; Bis (2-propanol) amine; Dipropyl-2,2´-dihydroxyamine; 1,1´-Iminobis-2-propanol; 1,1´-Iminobis (propan-2-ol); 1,1´-Iminodi-2-propanol; 1,1´-Iminobis-2-propenol; 1,1´-Iminodi-2-propanol; 1,1´-Iminodipropan-2-ol

Classification: Aliphatic amine alcohol compd.

Empirical: C₆H₁₅NO₂

Formula: HN(CH₂CHOHCH₃)₂

- Properties: Wh. cryst. solid; mild ammoniacal odor; very sol. in water; sol. in ethanol, acetone; sl. sol. in diethyl ether; m.w. 133.19; dens. 1.004; m.p. 44.5-45.5 C; b.p. 249-250 C (745 mm); flash pt. 126 C
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 6720 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 96 mg/kg; poison by IP route; mildly toxic by ing.; skin and severe eye irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from light

Uses: Emulsifier for polishes, textile specialties, leather compounds, insecticides, cutting oils, aq. paints, topical pharmaceuticals; neutralizer for cosmetics and toiletries; solvent in desulfurization and offgas treatment; solubilizer, corrosion inhibitor in metalworking fluids; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR § 175.105, 176.210; FDA approved for topicals;

USP/NF

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; BASF AG; BASF; Coyne; Dow; Fluka; Ruger; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Van Waters & Rogers

Diisopropyl biphenyl. See Bis(methylethyl)-1,1⁻biphenyl Diisopropylene glycol. See Dipropylene glycol

Diisopropyl naphthalene

CAS 38640-62-9

Synonyms: Bis (isopropyl) naphthalene; Bis (1-methylethyl) naphthalene; Naphthalene, bis (1-methylethyl)-; Naphthalene diisopropyl-

Empirical: C₁₆H₂₀

Properties: M.w. 212.34 *Uses:* Solvent for carbonless copy paper

Manuf./Distrib.: Koch Spec. Chem.

Diisopropyl percarbonate. See Diisopropyl perdicarbonate

Diisopropyl perdicarbonate

CAS 105-64-6

Synonyms: IPP; Diisopropyl percarbonate; Diisopropyl peroxydicarbonate; Isopropyl percarbonate; Isopropyl peroxydicarbonate; Peroxydicarbonic acid, bis (1-methylethyl) ester

Empirical: C₈H₁₄O₆

- Formula: (CH₃)₂CHOC(O)OOC(O)OCH(CH₃)₂
- Properties: Colorless cryst. solid or liq.; misc. with aliphatic, aromatic, and chlorinated hydrocarbons, esters, ethers; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 206.22; dens. 1.080 (15.5/4 C); m.p. 8-10 C; rapid decomp. @ 63 F; ref. index 1.4034 (20 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2140 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 2025 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing. and skin contact; primary severe eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Dangerous fire risk; unstable above 10 C; impact- and heatsensitive explosive; spontaneous decomp. @ R.T. releases flamm. and corrosive prods.; explodes on heating; explodes on contact with amines or potassium iodide, possibly organics
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Storage: Store in open containers @ low temps. with adequate ventilation

Uses: Low-temp. polymerization catalyst; initiator for polymerization of unsat. monomers, PVC; in food-pkg. adhesives; polymerization catalyst in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170

Manuf./Distrib.: PPG Ind.

Diisopropyl peroxydicarbonate. See Diisopropyl perdicarbonate Dilaurin. See Glyceryl dilaurate

Dilinoleic acid

CAS 6144-28-1

Synonyms: Dimer acid; 9,12-Octadecadienoic acid, dimer

Definition: 36-Carbon dicarboxylic acid formed by the catalytic dimerization of linoleic acid

Empirical: C₃₆H₆₄O₄

Formula: $C_{34}H_{62}(COOH)_2$

Properties: Lt. yel. visc. líq.; sl. odor; dens. 0.921 (100 C); iodine no. 80; ref. index 1.4851

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Uses: Lubricant, corrosion inhibitor, mildness additive in household detergents, plastics, and protective coatings; modifier for alkyd and polyamide resins, polyester or metallic soap for petroleum additive; emulsifier; adhesives; shellac substitute; emollient; to upgrade drying oils; as extender and crosslinking agent for high polymeric systems; defoamer in foodcontact coatings and paper/paperboard; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of foodcontact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 176.210, 178.3910

- Manuf./Distrib.: Allchem Ind.; Arizona; Cognis/Chems. Group; Int'l. Paper; Unigema N. Am.; Welch, Holme & Clark
- Trade Names: Empol® 1007; Empol® 1008; Empol® 1016; Empol® 1018; Empol® 1020; Empol® 1022; Empol® 1024; Empol® 1026

DIMDAC. See Dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride

Dimelamine phosphate

CAS 56974-60-8

- Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. 2 g/l in water; m.w. 350.24; dens. 1.66 kg/l; dec. @ 300 C
- Uses: Flame retardant for polymers, intumescent coatings and paints, plastics (polyesters, polymethyl methacrylate, polyolefins, PS, PU foams), and paper; intumescent paint/mastic ingred. Manuf./Distrib.: DSM Chem. N. Am.

Dimer acid. See Dilinoleic acid

Dimer acid, hydrogenated

CAS 68783-41-5 *Properties:* Dens. 0.950; flash pt. 235 F; ref. index 1.4770

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Polymer building block/modifier; for hot-melt adhesives, surf. coatings; polyamide for thermographic inks
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Empol® 1004

Dimercury dichloride

CAS 10112-91-1; EINECS/ELINCS 233-307-5; UN No. 2025

Synonyms: Mercurous chloride; Mercury chloride; Mercury (I) chloride; Mercury subchloride

Classification: Halide

Empirical: Cl₂Hg₂

Formula: Hg₂Cl₂

- Properties: Off-wh. heavy powd. or cryst.; odorless; tasteless; pract. insol. in water; insol. in alcohol, ether, cold dil. acids; m.w. 472.08; dens. 7.15; m.p. 302 C; b.p. 384 C; sublimes @ 400-500 C without melting; dec. by sunlight into mercuric chloride and metallic mercury; dec. by alkalis
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 210 mg/kg; TDLo (oral, rat, 12 wks intermittent) 84 mg/kg; toxic; poison by ing.; sensitizer; eyes/skin/respiratory system irritant; excessive doses may cause mercury poisoning; neurologic hazard; readily absorbed thru skin; may cause proteinuria, changes in urine, kidney damage, CNS effects, reproductive and fetal effects; possible mutagen; target organ: kidneys, CNS; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with bromides, iodides, alkali chlorides, sulfates, sulfites, carbonates, hydroxides, lime water, acacia, ammonia, golden antimony sulfide, cyanides, copper salts, hydrogen peroxide, iodine, lead and silver salts, soaps
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Hydrogen chloride, mercury oxides; heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of Cl[−] and Hg

Storage: Light-sensitive; protect from light

Uses: Dk. green Bengal lights; calomel paper; mixed with gold in painting on porcelain; for calomel electrodes; insecticide; soil fungicide; in agric. to control root maggots; pyrotechnics; electrodes; pharmaceuticals; cathartic; diuretic; antiseptic

Dimethicone

CAS 9006-65-9

- Synonyms: Dimethicones; Dimethylpolysiloxane; Dimethyl silicone; Dimeticone; Polydimethylsiloxane; Poly (oxy (dimethylsilylene)), α-(trimethylsilyl)-ω-methyl-; α-(Trimethylsilyl)-ω-methylpoly [oxy (dimethylsilylene)]
- Definition: Silicone oil consisting of a mixt. of fully methylated linear siloxane polymers end-blocked with trimethylsiloxy units

Empirical: (C₂H₆OSi)_xC₄H₁₂Si

- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; misc. with chloroform, ether; immisc. with water, alcohol; visc. inc. with degree of polymerization
- Uses: Oleaginous ointment and topical drug vehicle; skin protectant; antifoam; defoamer for oil processing, water/waste treatment, food applics.; surfactant; release agent; used in cosmetics; adhesives; inks; latexes; soap mfg.; starch mfg.; paint mfg.; emollient; lubricant in polishes, precision bearings; antiadhesion coatings; dielec. fluids; heat transfer agents; textile softener; textile/paper sizing additive; barrier creams; chewing gum base; prosthetic aid (soft tissue); antiflatulent; in food-pkg. adhesives; release agent in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in foodcontact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §145.180, 145.181, 146.185, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3910, 181.22, 181.28; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for topicals; USP/NF, BP,

Ph.Eur. compliance

- Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aldrich; Ashland; BASF; Biosil Tech.; Costec; Crompton/Witco; Dow Corning; EMCO Chem. Distributors; Fanning; GE Silicones; Goldschmidt; Lanaetex Prods.; Norman, Fox; Rhodia HPCII; Sigma; Wacker Silicones
- Trade Names: CS-100; Foamkill® 810F; Foamkill® 830F; L-45 Series; Lambent E-2140; Lambent E-2140 35% Food Grade; SWS-101 Dimethyl Fluids

Trade Names Containing: Foambreaker; Sag 730

Dimethicone copolyol

- CAS 63148-55-0; 64365-23-7; 67762-96-3
- Synonyms: Dimethylsiloxane/glycol copolymer; Siloxanes and silicones, dimethyl, hydroxy-terminated, ethoxylated propoxylated

Definition: Copolymer of polydimethylsiloxane and polyoxyalkylene ether Properties: Sol. in water and lower alcohols

- Toxicology: Very low toxicity; TSCA listed
- Uses: Silicone surfactant; dispersant; emulsifier; antistat; leveling and flow control agent; antifogging agent; lubricant; antiblock; slip additive; for adhesives; agric.; automotive; coatings; printing inks; textiles; household specialties; cutting fluid; emollient; pharmaceuticals; in flexible slabstock PU foam; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA approved for injectables (percutaneous)

- Manuf./Distrib.: Blosil Tech.; C.P. Hall; Costec; Crompton/Witco; Dow Corning; Fanning; GE Silicones; Goldschmidt; Koster Keunen; Lanaetex Prods.; Phoenix; Thornley; Wacker Silicones
- Trade Names: Silwet[®] L-720́ AP; Silwet[®] L-722; Silwet[®] L-7001; Silwet[®] L-7002; Silwet[®] L-7500; TEGO[®] Foamex 1488; TEGO[®] Foamex 3062; TEGO[®] Foamex 7447; TEGO[®] Glide 100; TEGO[®] Glide B 1484; TEGO[®] Glide ZG 400
- See also Polysiloxane polyether copolymer
- Dimethicones. See Dimethicone

Dimethiconol

- CAS 31692-79-2; 70131-67-8
- Synonyms: Poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)], α -hydro- ω -hydroxy-; Siloxanes and silicones, dimethyl, hydroxy-terminated
- Definition: Dimethyl silicone terminated with hydroxyl groups

Properties: Anionic

- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Silicone surfactant, textile softener, etc.; raw material for silicone RTV systems, textile/paper coatings; plasticizer/processing aid for silicone elastomers, in water repellents; antifoam; emollient, spreading agent for cosmetics
- Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka
- Trade Names: Masil® SFR 70; Masil® SFR 100; Masil® SFR 750; Masil® SFR 2000; Masil® SFR 3500; Masil® SFR 50,000
- 3,3⁻-Dimethoxybenzidine. See Dianisidine
- 3,3 Dimethoxy-1,1 biphenyl-4,4 diamine. See Dianisidine
- 3,3 Dimethoxy-4,4 diaminobiphenyl. See Dianisidine

2,2-Dimethoxy-2-phenylacetophenone

- CAS 24650-42-8; EINECS/ELINCS 246-386-6
- *Synonyms:* Benzil dimethyl acetal; Benzil α,α-dimethyl acetal; Benzyldimethyl ketal; α,α-Dimethoxy-α-phenylacetophenone; 1,2-Diphenylethane-1,2-dione, dimethyl ketal; Ethanone, 2,2-dimethoxy-1,2diphenyl-
- Empirical: C16H16O3
- Formula: C₆H₅COC(OCH₃)₂C₆H₅
- Properties: Wh. cryst. solid; sol. in acrylates, dichloromethane, DOP; m.w. 256.30; m.p. 63-68 C
- Toxicology: May cause skin and eye irritation; may be harmful by inhalation, ingestion, or skin absorption; TSCA listed
- Storage: Light-sensitive
- Uses: Photoinitiator for UV-curable systems incl. coatings, lacquers, adhesives, inks, printing plates, photopolymers, electronic photoresists, polyester-styrene wood filler composites
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Aldrich; Alemark; Amber Syn.; BCH Brühl; ChemFirst; Ciba Spec. Chems./Addit.; Fabrichem; Fluka; Gallard-Schlesinger Ind.; Morre-Tec Ind.
- Trade Names: Esacure® KB1; Photomer® 51

Empirical: C₆H₁₅N₁₂O₄P

- **α**,**α**-Dimethoxy-α-phenylacetophenone. See 2,2-Dimethoxy-2-phenylacetophenone
- Dimethoxy polyethylene glycol. See PEG dimethyl ether

Dimethyl adipate

- CAS 627-93-0; EINECS/ELINCS 211-020-6
- Synonyms: Adipic acid dimethyl ester; Dimethyl hexanedioate; Hexanedioic acid, dimethyl ester; Methyl adipate

Classification: Dicarboxylic acid ester

Definition: Diester of methyl alcohol and adipic acid

- Empirical: $C_8H_{14}O_4$
- Formula: CH₃O₂C(CH₂)₄CO₂CH₃
- *Properties:* Colorless liq.; sol. in oxygenated solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 174.22; dens. 1.062 (20/4 C); m.p. 9-11 C; b.p. 115 C (13 mm); flash pt. 107 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, rat) 1809 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP route; suspected teratogen and reproductive effects; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Solvent for coatings, cleaners, inks, textile lubricants, urethane prod.; plasticizer for flexible thermoset polyester; polymer intermediate for polyester polyols for urethanes, wet-str. paper resins, polyester resins; emollient; specialty chemical intermediate
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; DuPont; Eastern Chem.; Fluka; Haltermann Prods. UK; Morflex; Sigma; UCB

Trade Names: DBE-6

Trade Names Containing: DBE; DBE-2, -2SPG; DBE-3; DBE-9

Dimethylamine/epichlorohydrin copolymer

CAS 25988-97-0

Synonyms: Epichlorohydrin/dimethylamine copolymer; Poly (dimethylamineco-epichlorohydrin)

Formula: [N(CH₃)₂(Cl)CH₂CH(OH)CH₂]_n

Properties: Dens. 1.100; visc. 175 cps (50% aq.); ref. index 1.4270 Toxicology: Irritant

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Coagulant/flocculant for water treatment, paper processing; as drainage and retention aid; decolorizing agent, flocculant for clarification of refinery sugar liquors and juices; retention aid in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Use Level: 150 ppm max. of sugar solids
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.60, 176.170

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Agefloc A4506; Agefloc A4510; Agefloc B50LV; Agefloc B4508P

- p-Dimethylaminobenzene diazonium chloride, zinc chloride double salt. See p-Diazodimethylaniline zinc chloride double salt
- 4-Dimethylaminobenzoic acid, ethyl ester. See Ethyl 4-(dimethylamino) benzoate
- 2-Dimethylaminoethanol. See Dimethylethanolamine
- β-Dimethylaminoethanol. See Dimethylethanolamine
- N,N-Dimethylaminoethanol. See Dimethylethanolamine
- 2-(Dimethylamino) ethanol methacrylate. See Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate

Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate

- CAŚ 2439-35-2; EINÉCS/ELINCS 219-460-0
- Synonyms: Acrylic acid, 2-(dimethylamino) ethyl ester; 2-Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-(dimethylamino) ethyl ester Empirical: C₁H₁₃NO₂

Formula: CH₂=CHCOOCH₂CH₂N(CH₃)₂

- Properties: Colorless to sl. brn. liq.; sol. in water, alcohol, ethyl acetate, benzene; m.w. 143.19; dens. 0.943; f.p. -75 C; m.p. -55 C; b.p. 64 C (12 mm); flash pt. 58 C; ref. index 1.4380 (20 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 455 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) 66 mg/m³; highly toxic; poison by inh.; mod. toxic by ing.; corrosive; severe skin and eye irritant; harmful if swallowed or inhaled; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x

Uses: Adhesion promoter in UV and EB cured coatings for metal, plastic, paper, and wood; catalyst; intermediate for water treatment chemicals, acrylamide copolymers, aminated polyacrylate resins, etc.; textile finishing, adhesives Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Atofina; CPS; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs Trade Names: Ageflex FA-1

2-Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate. See Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate

Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate dimethyl sulfate

CAS 13106-44-0

Classification: Quat. ammonium monomer Uses: Antistatic finish for polyester fibers; flocculant and coagulant polymers for water treatment, mineral recovery, ion-exchange resins, adhesives, acid dye receptivity; retention aid for paper mfg.; food-contact paper/ paperboard

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Ageflex FA-1Q80DMS

Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate methyl chloride quat.

CAS 44992-01-0

Empirical: $C_8H_{16}CINO_2$ *Formula:* $[CH_2=CHCOOCH_2CH_2N(CH_3)_3]^+CI^-$

Properties: M.w. 193.68

Uses: Antistatic finish for polyester fibers; flocculant and coagulant polymers for water treatment, mineral recovery, ion-exchange resins, adhesives, acid dye receptivity; retention aid for paper mfg.; food-contact paper/ paperboard

Trade Names: Ageflex FA-1Q80MC

β-Dimethylaminoethyl alcohol. See Dimethylethanolamine

 (Dimethylamino) ethyl ester methacrylic acid. See Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate

Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate

- CAŠ 2867-47-2; EINECS/ELINCS 220-688-8; UN No. 2522 (DOT) Synonyms: DMAEMA; 2-(Dimethylamino) ethanol methacrylate; 2-(Dimethylamino) ethyl ester methacrylic acid; N,N-Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate; β-Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate; 2-(Dimethylamino) ethyl methacrylate; 2-(Dimethylamino) ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate
- Classification: Amine monomer; aliphatic ester amine
- Empirical: C₈H₁₅NO₂
- Formula: CH₂=C(CH₃)COOCH₂CH₂N(CH₃)₂
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in water and org. solvs.; m.w. 157.21; dens. 0.933 (25 C); b.p. 182-190 C; flash pt. (TOC) 73.9 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1751 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 25 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) 620 mg/m³; poison by IP route; mod. toxic by inh., ing.; harmful if swallowed; causes severe eye burns, skin and mucous membrane irritation; strong lachrymator; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; flamm. exposed to sparks, heat, open flames, or oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x

Uses: Visc. index improvers; visc. control agent; automotive and industrial coatings; dye additives; lube oil additives; detergent and sludge dispersant in lubricant oils; flocculant for wastewater treatment; retention aid for paper making; acrylic floor polish; resin and rubber modifier; acid scavenger in PU foams; corrosion inhibitor; binder for coatings; textile chems.; antistats; stabilizer for chlorinated polymers; ion-exchange resins; cationic precipitants; comonomer for thermoset acrylics; food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3520

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Atofina; CPS; Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment; Eastech; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Polysciences; Rhodia; Rohm Tech; San Esters; Sigma; Whyte Chems. Ltd Trade Names: Ageflex FM-1

2-(Dimethylamino) ethyl methacrylate. See Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate

β-Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate. See Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate N,N-Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate. See Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate

Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate dimethyl sulfate quat. CAS 6891-44-7

Classification: Quat. ammonium monomer

Formula: [CH₂=C(CH₃)COOCH₂CH₂N(CH₃)₃]*CH₃OSO₃⁻ Properties: M.w. 283.35

Uses: Antistatic finish for polyester fibers; flocculant and coagulant polymers for water treatment, mineral recovery, ion-exchange resins, adhesives, acid dye receptivity; retention aid for paper mfg.; food-contact paper/

paperboard Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich Trade Names: Ageflex FM-1Q80DMS

Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate methyl chloride quat.

CAS 5039-78-1

Synonyms: TMAEMC; 2-Methacryloxyethyltrimethyl ammonium chloride; Trimethylammoniumethyl methacrylate chloride; 2-Trimethylammoniumethyl methacrylate chloride; 2-Trimethylammoniumethyl methacrylic chloride

Classification: Quat. ammonium monomer

Empirical: C₉H₁₈CINO₂

Formula: [CH₂=C(CH₃)COOCH₂CH₂N(CH₃)₃]⁺Cl⁻

Properties: M.w. 207.70

Uses: Antistatic finish for polyester fibers; flocculant and coagulant polymers for water treatment, mineral recovery, ion-exchange resins, adhesives, acid dye receptivity; retention aid for paper mfg.; food-contact paper/ paperboard; adhesion promoter; prod. of cationic acrylamide copolymers Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Ageflex FM-1Q75MC

- 2-(Dimethylamino) ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate. See Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate
- N-[3-(Dimethylamino) propyl] coco amides-N-oxide. See Cocamidopropylamine oxide
- 2,2 Dimethyl-2,2 azodipropionitrile. See 2,2 Azobisisobutyronitrile

Dimethylbenzene. See Xylene

1,2-Dimethylbenzene. See o-Xylene

o-Dimethylbenzene. See o-Xylene

Dimethylbenzene sulfonic acid, sodium salt. See Sodium xylenesulfonate **α**,**α**-Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide. See Cumene hydroperoxide

- Dimethylbenzyloctadecylammonium chloride. See Stearalkonium chloride 6,6 -[(3,3 -Dimethyl [1,1 -biphenyl]-4,4 -diyl) bis (azo)] bis [4-amino-5-hydroxy-1,3-naphthalenedisulfonic acid] tetrasodium salt. See Direct blue
- Dimethyl butanedioate. See Dimethyl succinate

Dimethylcarbamodithioic acid, zinc salt. See Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate Dimethyl carbinol. See Isopropyl alcohol

Dimethylcocoamino betaine. See Coco-betaine

Dimethyl cocobenzyl ammonium chloride. See Cocoalkonium chloride

Dimethyl dialkyl ammonium chloride. See Dialkyl dimethyl ammonium chloride

Dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride

CAS 7398-69-8; EINECS/ELINCS 230-993-8

Synonyms: DAC; DADMAC; DIMDAC; Diallyl dimethyl ammonium chloride; 2-Propen-1-aminium, N,N-dimethyl-N-2-propenyl-, chloride Classification: Quat. ammonium monomer

- *Empirical:* C₈H₁₆CIN
- Formula: $(CH_3)_2N(CH_2CH=CH_2)_2^+CI^-$

Properties: M.w. 161.80

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 10 g/kg; TSCA listed

Precaution: Nonhazardous (DOT); protect from oxidizers, strong alkali; mildly corrosive

Uses: Antistatic finish for polyester fibers, flocculant and coagulant polymers for water treatment, min. recovery, ion exchange resins, adhesives, acid dye receptivity, retention aid for paper mfg.; demulsifier for petrol. recovery, elec. conductive paper and coatings, wet and dry str. resins, antistatic additives and coatings

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; CPS; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs

Dimethyldicocoammonium chloride. See Dicocodimonium chloride Dimethyl didecyl ammonium chloride. See Didecyldimonium chloride N,N-Dimethyldidecylammonium chloride. See Didecyldimonium chloride Dimethyl di (hydrogenated tallow) ammonium chloride. See Quaternium-18

Dimethyldioctadecylammonium chloride. See Distearyldimonium chloride 1,4-Dimethyl-3,6-dioxa-1-heptanol. See PPG-2 methyl ether Dimethyldithiocarbamate zinc salt. See Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate

Dimethyldithiocarbamic acid sodium salt. See Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate

N,N-Dimethyl-1-dodecanamine-N-oxide. See Lauramine oxide Dimethyldodecylamine-N-oxide. See Lauramine oxide

N,N-Dimethyldodecylamine oxide. See Lauramine oxide N,N-Dimethyldodecylamine-N-oxide. See Lauramine oxide Dimethylenediamine. See Ethylenediamine

Dimethylene oxide. See Ethylene oxide

1,1-Dimethylethanol. See t-Butyl alcohol

Dimethylethanolamine

CAŠ 108-01-0; EINECS/ELINCS 203-542-8; UN No. 2051 (DOT)

Synonyms: DMAE; DMEA; Deanol; 2-Dimethylaminoethanol; β-Dimethylaminoethanol; N,N-Dimethylaminoethanol; B-Dimethylaminoethyl alcohol; N,N-Dimethyl ethanolamine; N,N-Dimethyl-2-hydroxyethylamine; Ethanol, 2-(dimethylamino)-; β-Hydroxyethyldimethylamine Classification: Amino alcohol; alkanolamine

Empirical: C4H11NO

- Formula: (CH₃)₂NCH₂CH₂OH Properties: Colorless to pale yel. liq., amine odor; sol. in water, alcohol, ether; misc. with oxygenated and aromatic solvs.; m.w. 89.14; dens. 0.8866 (20/4 C); visc. 3.8 cps (20 C); f.p. -64 C; b.p. 133 C; flash pt. (TCC) 39 C; ref. index 1.430
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2 g/kg, (IP, rat) 1080 mg/kg, (subcut., mouse) 961 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 1370 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing., inh., skin contact, IP, subcut. routes; skin and severe eye irritant; CNS stimulant; TSCA listed
- *Precaution:* Flamm.; corrosive; can form explosive mixts. with air \geq 39 C; incompat. with oxidizing agents, strong acids, acid anhydrides, acid chlorides, nitrates, nitrous acid

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Hygroscopic; store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heat and ignition sources
- Uses: Synthesis of dyestuffs, pharmaceuticals, textile and paper auxiliaries; catalyst for PU foam and slabstock; curing agent for epoxy, PU; polymer aggregation agent; emulsifier in paints and coatings; pH control agent; process solvent (offgas treatment); solubilizer for radiation-cured coatings, inks; corrosion inhibitor for ferrous metals, in boiler water and condensate steam systems; corrosion inhibitor/solubilizer in metalworking fluids; medicine (CNS stimulant; antidepressant drug)
- Manuf./Distrib.: Air Prods.; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Atofina; BASF AG; BASF; Fluka; Great Western; Huntsman; Nippon Nyukazai; Pelron; Sigma; Union Carbide

N,N-Dimethyl ethanolamine. See Dimethylethanolamine

1,1-Dimethylethylhydroperoxide. See t-Butyl hydroperoxide

(1,1-Dimethylethyl)-4-methoxyphenol. See BHA

Dimethyl formaldehyde. See Acetone

Dimethyl formamide

CAS 68-12-2; EINECS/ELINCS 200-679-5; UN No. NA 1693 (DOT), 2265 (DOT)

Synonyms: DMF; DMFA; N,N-Dimethylformamide; N-Formyldimethylamine Classification: Amide

Empirical: C₃H₇NO

Formula: CHCON(CH₃)₂

- Properties: Water-wh. liq.; fishy unpleasant odor; a dipolar aprotic solv.; sol. in water; misc. with alcohol, ether, acetone, benzene, most org. solvs.; insol. in aliphatic hydrocarbons; m.w. 73.10; sp.gr. 0.953-0.954 (15.6/ 15.6 C); f.p. -61 C; b.p. 152.8 C; flash pt. 57.7 C; ref. index 1.423-1.431 *Toxicology:* ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 ppm (skin); LD50 (oral, rat) 2800 mg/kg,
- (IP, rat) 1400 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 2000 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing., IV, IP, subcut. routes; mildly toxic by skin contact, inh.; strong irritant to skin and tissue; severe eye irritant; inh. may cause abdominal pains, loss of appetite, nausea, vomiting, constipation, diarrhea, increased blood pressure, liver injury, irritation of mucous membranes of respiratory tract; suspected carcinogen; teratogen; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; moderate fire risk; incompat. with strong oxidizers, halogen gases, halogenated compds., 2,4,6-trichloro-1,3,5-triazine; vigorous reactions possible; polymerizes violently on contact with methylene bisphenyl diisocyanate

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: On decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight

Uses: Solvent for liqs., gases, in vinyl resins, acetylene, butadiene, acid gases, paints, paint strippers, cleaners, zinc electroplating, acrylic fiber

spinning; mfg. of polyacrylic fibers, butadiene, pharmaceuticals, dyes, petroleum prods.; organic synthesis; carrier for gases; reagent; extraction solvent for aromatics; petroleum anti-icing additive; process solvent; catalyst in carboxylation reactions; in food-pkg. adhesives; adjuvant in slimicides in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.300

Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aceto; Air Prods.; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BASF; Baychem; Brown; Browning; Chemcentral; Coyne; DuPont; Fluka; Great Western; Haltermann Prods. UK; Harcros; Houghton Chem.; J.T. Baker; Kessler; Mallinckrodt Baker; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Nissan Chem. Ind.; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; UCB; Van Waters & Rogers; Whyte Chems. Ltd

N,N-Dimethylformamide. See Dimethyl formamide

Dimethylformocarbothialdine. See 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2-thione

Dimethyl glutarate

CAS 1119-40-0; EINECS/ELINCS 214-277-2

Synonyms: Dimethyl pentanedioate; Pentanedioic acid, dimethyl ester *Empirical:* $C_{7}H_{12}O_{4}$

Formula: CH₃OCO(CH₂)₃COOCH₃

- Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in oxygenated solvs.; m.w. 160.17; dens. 1.087 (20/4 C); m.p. -42 C; b.p. 230 C; flash pt. 97 C; ref. index 1.424 (20 C)
- Uses: Solvent for coatings, cleaners, inks, textile lubricants, urethane prod.; plasticizer for flexible thermoset polyester; polymer intermediate for polyester polyols for urethanes, wet-str. paper resins, polyester resins; antistat; specialty chemical intermediate

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: DBE-5

Trade Names Containing: DBE; DBE-2, -2SPG; DBE-3; DBE-9

2,6-Dimethyl heptanol-4

CAS 108-82-7; EINECS/ELINCS 203-619-6

Synonyms: Diisobutyl carbinol; 2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanol; 4-Heptanol, 2,6dimethyl-; s-Nonyl alcohol

Classification: Nonaromatic alcohol

Empirical: C₉H₂₀O

Formula: [(CH₃)₂CHCH₂]₂CH₂O

- Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in alcohol and ether; insol. in water; m.w. 144.29; sp.gr. 0.812; f.p. sets to glass at ≈ -65 C; b.p. 177.2-180 C; flash pt. 66 C; ref. index 1.423 (21 C)
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 3560 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 800 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 4600 mg/kg; primary irritant; mild skin/eye irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible Uses: Surfactants; lubricant additives; rubber chemicals; flotation agents; antifoam; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 Manuf./Distrib.; Aldrich: Pfaltz & Bauer

2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanol. See 2,6-Dimethyl heptanol-4 2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptylphenol (o and p). See Nonylphenol N,N-Dimethyl-N-hexadecylglycine. See Cetyl betaine Dimethyl hexanedioate. See Dimethyl adipate 3,5-Dimethyl-1-hexyne-3-ol. See Dimethyl hexynol

Dimethyl hexynol

CAS 107-54-0; EINECS/ELINCS 203-500-9; UN No. 1993 (DOT)

Synonyms: 3,5-Dimethyl-1-hexyne-3-ol; 3,5-Dimethyl-1-hexyn-3-ol Empirical: $C_8H_{14}O$

Formula: $HC \equiv CCOH(CH_3)CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$

- Properties: Colorless liq., camphor-like odor; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 126.20; dens. 0.8545 (20/20 C); b.p. 150-151 C; flash pt. 56.6 C; nonionic Precaution: Moderate fire risk
- Uses: Stabilizer for chlorinated organic compds., surface active agents, intermediate, solvent lubricant; glass cleaner additive; surfactant, wetting agent used for paper coatings, inks, floor polishes, electroplating, glass cleaning; cleaner in silicon wafer industry; in food-pkg. adhesives *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich

Trade Names: Surfynol® 61

3,5-Dimethyl-1-hexyn-3-ol. See Dimethyl hexynol

Dimethyl hydantoin-formaldehyde polymer

- CAS 9065-13-8; 26811-08-5
 - Synonyms: DMHF; Dimethyl hydantoin formaldehyde resin; 5,5-Dimethyl-2,4-imidazolidinedione, polymer with formaldehyde; Formaldehyde, polymer with 5,5-dimethyl-2,4-imidazolidinedione; 2,4-Imidazolidinedione, dimethyl-, polymer with formaldehyde
- *Definition:* Resin formed by heating MDM hydantoin
- *Empirical:* C₆H₁₀N₂O₃
- Formula: (CH₃)₂CN(CH₂OH)CONHCO
- Properties: Wh. crystalline solid, odorless; sol. in water, methanol, acetone, MEK, chloroform, methylene chloride, hot glycerol; insol. in hydrocarbons, benzene, xylene, CCl₄; dens. 1.30; m.p. 110-117 C; soften. pt. 59-80 C
- Uses: Antimicrobial; film-former; textile and paper finishing; sizing; adhesives; blending agent; aerosol hair sprays; preservative for cosmetics; source of formaldehyde; intermediate

Manuf./Distrib.: Lonza

- Dimethyl hydantoin formaldehyde resin. See Dimethyl hydantoin-formaldehyde polymer
- 1,1-Dimethyl-2-hydroxyethylamine. See Aminomethyl propanol
- N,N-Dimethyl-2-hydroxyethylamine. See Dimethylethanolamine
- 5,5-Dimethýl-2,4-imidazolidinedione, polymer with formaldehyde. See Dimethyl hydantoin-formaldehyde polymer

Dimethyl isophthalate

CAS 1459-93-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-951-9

- Synonyms: 1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dimethyl ester; Isophthalic acid, dimethyl ester
- Empirical: C10H10O
- Formula: C₆H₄(COOCH₃)₂
- *Properties:* Needles; sl. sol. in alcohol; m.w. 194.19; m.p. 66-67 C; b.p. 282 C; flash pt. (COC) 143 C
- Toxicology: LDLo (IP, mouse) 971 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP route; primary eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Plasticizer for PVC, PVB, PS, cellulosics; chemical intermediate; comonomer for polyarylate resins; perfume fixative

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Morflex; Unitex

Trade Names: Morflex® 1129

Dimethylketal. See Acetone

Dimethylketone. See Acetone

Dimethyl lauramine oxide. See Lauramine oxide

Dimethyl laurylamine oxide. See Lauramine oxide

Dimethyl myristyl benzylammonium chloride. See Myristalkonium chloride

N,N-Dimethyl-N-octadecylbenzenemethanaminium chloride. See Stearalkonium chloride

Dimethyloctadecylbenzyl ammonium chloride. See Stearalkonium chloride N,N-Dimethyl-N-octadecyl-1-octadecanaminium chloride. See Distearyldimonium chloride

Dimethylol urea

- CAS 140-95-4; EINECS/ELINCS 205-444-0
- Synonyms: DMU; N,N⁻-Bis(hydroxymethyl) urea; 1,3-Bishydroxymethyl urea; N,N⁻-Dihydroxymethylurea; 1,3-Dimethylolurea; Methurol; Oxymethurea
- Empirical: C₃H₈N₂O₃

Formula: HOCH₂NHCONHCH₂OH

- Properties: Cryst. powd.; sl. formaldehyde odor; very sol. in cold water, hot ethanol, methanol; insol. in ether; m.w. 120.11; m.p. 137-139 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3400 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; irritant to skin; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x Uses: Cotton shrink- and crease-proofing; photographic developers; textile/ leather/paper finishes; permanent press fabrics; finishing, drying, sizing; in tanning; pesticide; first stage of urea formaldehyde resins; inc. hardness and fire resist. in plywood; antiseptic; biocide, disinfectant for hospital use; preservative in paints, chain lubricants, polymer and wax dispersions; fungicidal treatment for paper glues, pigment slurries

Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Protectol® DMU

1,3-Dimethylolurea

1,3-Dimethylolurea. See Dimethylol urea

Dimethyl oxazolidine

CAS 51200-87-4; EINECS/ELINCS 257-048-2

- Synonyms: 4,4-Dimethyloxazolidine; Oxazolidine A
- Classification: Heterocyclic compd.
- Empirical: C5H11NO
- Properties: Sol. in water and oil; m.w. 101.17; dens. 0.942; flash pt. 48 C; ref. index 1.4320
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 950 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) 1400 mg/kg; irritant; mod. toxic by ing. and skin contact; mildly toxic by inh.; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x
- Uses: Preservative, biocide, antimicrobial for cosmetics, pharmaceutical topicals, paints and coatings, metalworking fluids, oil field chems., recirculating water systems; emulsifier, corrosion inhibitor, alkaline pH stabilizer for metalworking fluids and aq. systems

Use Level: 0.05-0.5%

Regulatory: USA not restricted; Europe listed

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Nuosept® 166

4,4-Dimethyloxazolidine. See Dimethyl oxazolidine

Dimethyl pentanedioate. See Dimethyl glutarate

4-((2,4-Dimethylphenyl) azo)-3-hydroxy-2,7-naphthalenedisulfonic acid, disodium salt. See Acid red 26

Dimethylpolysiloxane. See Dimethicone; Polydimethylsiloxane

Dimethylpolysiloxane hydrolyzate. See Dimethyl siloxane

- 2,2 ((2,2-Dimethyl-1,3-propanediyl) bis (oxymethylene)) bisoxirane. See Neopentyl glycol diglycidyl ether
- N,N-Dimethýl-Ň-2-propenyl-2-propen-1-aminium chloride, homopolymer. See Polyquaternium-6
- N,N-Dimethyl-N-2-propenyl-2-propen-1-aminium chloride, polymer with 2-propenamide. See Polyquaternium-7

Dimethyl silicone. See Dimethicone

Dimethyl siloxane

CAS 63148-62-9

Synonyms: Dimethylpolysiloxane hydrolyzate; α-Methyl-ω-methoxypolydimethylsiloxane; Polydimethylsiloxane, methyl end-blocked; Poly (oxy (dimethylsilylene)); Polyoxy (dimethylsilylene), α-(trimethylsilyl)-ω-hydroxy; Silicone oil; Silicone oils; Siloxanes and silicones, dimethyl-; Siloxane, dimethyl-; α-(Trimethylsilyl) poly (oxy (dimethylsilylene))-ωmethyl; α-(Trimethylsilyl)-ω-((trimethylsilyl) oxy)

Classification: Silane

- Properties: Dens. 0.963; b.p. > 140 C (0.002 mm); ref. index 1.4040
- Toxicology: TDLo (subcut., mouse) 120 g/kg; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Uses: Antifoam; release agent in mfg. of medical devices and appliances, food-pkg. materials

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Antifoam FD-62; Antifoam FD-82; Formasil® 45

Dimethylsiloxane/glycol copolymer. See Dimethicone copolyol Dimethyl stearyl benzyl ammonium chloride. See Stearalkonium chloride

Dimethyl succinate

CAŚ 106-65-0; EINECS/ELINCS 203-419-9; FEMA 2396

Synonyms: Butanedioic acid, dimethyl ester; Dimethyl butanedioate; Methyl succinate; Succinic acid, dimethyl ester

Empirical: C₆H₁₀O₄

Formula: CH₃OCOCH₂CH₂COOCH₃

- *Properties:* Colorless liq., ethereal winey odor; sol. 8 g/l in water; m.w. 146.14; dens. 1.119 (20/4 C); m.p. 16-19 C; b.p. 190-193 C; flash pt. 90 C; ref. index 1.419
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 5 g/kg; sl. toxic by ing. and skin contact; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors
- Uses: Light and heat stabilizer for polyolefins, ABS polymer systems, flexible PVC, food pkg.; emollient; syn. flavoring agent for foods and pharmaceuticals; solvent for coatings, cleaners, inks, textile lubricants, urethane prod.; plasticizer for flexible thermoset polyester; polymer intermediate for polyester polyols for urethanes, wet-str. paper resins, polyester resins;

specialty chemical intermediate

Use Level: 1.0-100 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 5.0 ppm (ice cream, ices, chewing gum), 15 ppm (candy, baked goods)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515; FEMA GRAS

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; DSM Chem. N. Am.; DSM Chemie Linz GmbH; DuPont; Fluka; Penta Mfg.; Schweizerhall; Sigma Trade Names: DBE-4

Trade Names Containing: DBE; DBE-2, -2SPG; DBE-3; DBE-9

- N,N-Dimethyl-N-tetradecylbenzenemethanaminium chloride. See Myristalkonium chloride
- 3,5-Dimethyltetrahydro-1,3,5,2H-thiadiazine-2-thione. See 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2-thione
- 3,5-Dimethyl-1,3,5,2H-tetrahydrothiadiazine-2-thione. See 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2-thione

3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2-thione

CAS 533-74-4; EINECS/ELINCS 208-576-7

- Synonyms: DMTT; Carbothialdine; Dazomet; Dimethylformocarbothialdine; 3,5-Dimethyltetrahydro-1,3,5,2H-thiadiazine-2-thione; 3,5-Dimethyl-1,3,5,2H-tetrahydrothiadiazine-2-thione; Tetrahydro-3,5-dimethyl-2H-1,3,5-thiadiazine-2-thione; Tetrahydro-3,5-dimethyl-1,3,5-thiadiazine-2-thione; 2H-1,3,5-Thiadiazine-2-thione, tetrahydro-3,5-dimethyl-; 2-Thio-3,5-dimethyltetrahydro-1,3,5-thiadiazine
- Classification: Organosulfur compd.
- Empirical: C5H10N2S2
- Properties: Wh. to gray cryst. solid, weakly pungent odor; sl. sol. in water, alcohol; sol. in acetone; m.w. 162.29; m.p. 100 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 363 mg/kg, (skin, rat) 2260 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 87 mg/kg; TLV 10 mg/m³; toxic by ingestion, inhalation, IP routes; skin and severe eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Environmental: LC50 (trout) 0.16 mg/l; LD50 (bobwhite quail) 415 mg/kg; nontoxic to bees; dec. in moist soil to yield fumigant gas
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NO_x and SO_x
- Uses: Fungicide, bactericide, slimicide, microbicide for paint, adhesives, agric., latex, mineral slurries, inks, metalworking fluids, leather, glue casein, starch, paper, water treatment, soil treatment, other industries; soil fumigant; preservative in pigment slurries, food-pkg. adhesives and foodcontact paper/paperboard; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard; preservative in food-contact animal glues
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.230, 176.300, 178.3120; SARA reportable

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; BASF

Trade Names: Amerstat® 233; Busan® 1058; Busan® 1059; Busan® 1059; WS; Metasol® RB-20; Nuosept® 120; Nuosept® S; Protectol® TOE; Protectol® TOE Granules; Troysan® 142

Dimeticone. See Dimethicone

DINA. See Diisononyl adipate

Dinonyl adipate. See Diisononyl adipate

Dinonylphenol ethoxylate. See Nonyl nonoxynol

DINP. See Diisononyl phthalate

- Dioctadecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride. See Distearyldimonium chloride
- **O,O⁻-Dioctadecylpentaerythritol bis (phosphite)**. See Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite

Dioctyl ammonium sulfosuccinate

Synonyms: Ammonium di (2-ethylhexyl) sulfosuccinate

- Properties: Anionic
- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, demulsifier, stabilizer in water treatment and petrol. processing
- Manuf./Distrib.: Venchem
- Trade Names: Octowet 70A

Dioctyl fumarate homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.180

Dioctyl maleate

- CÁS 2915-53-9
- Synonyms: DOM; Bis (1-octyl) maleate; 2-Butenedioic acid, (Z)-, dioctyl ester; Di-N-octyl maleate Empirical: C₂₀H₃₆O₄

Properties: M.w. 340.56

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 14,200 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 14 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Uses: Intermediate; emollient, fragrance coupler, solubilizer for benzophenone-3, antitackifier in antiperspirants, conditioner for hair prods.; in copolymerization of PVC and vinyl acetates; modifier, plasticizer for vinyl resins; also in latex paints; surface-active agent; cleanser and wax solvent

Manuf, /Distrib.: Allchem Ind.; Aristech; BASF; Celanese; DSM Chemie Linz GmbH; Finetex; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; NOF; Unitex; Velsicol; Whyte Chems. Ltd Trade Names: Octomer DOM

Hade Walles. Octomer DOW

Di-N-octyl maleate. See Dioctyl maleate

Dioctyl maleate homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.180

Dioctyl phthalate. See s-Dioctyl phthalate

s-Dioctyl phthalate

CAS 117-81-7

Synonyms: BEHP; DEHP; 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, bis (2-ethylhexyl) ester; Bis (2-ethylhexyl)-1,2-benzenedicarboxylate; Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate; Di (2-ethylhexyl) orthophthalate; Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate; Dioctyl phthalate; Di-s-octyl phthalate; Ethylhexyl phthalate; 2-Ethylhexyl phthalate; Phthalic acid, bis (2-ethylhexyl) ester; Phthalic acid, dioctyl ester

Definition: Diester of 2-ethylhexyl alcohol and phthalic acid

Empirical: C24H38O4

Formula: C₆H₄[COOCH₂CH(C₂H₅)C₄H₉]₂

- Properties: Lt. colored liq.; odorless; misc. with min. oil; insol. in water; m.w. 390.56; dens. 0.985 (20/4 C); vapor pressure 1.32 mm Hg (200 C); pour pt. -46 C; b.p. 231 C (5 mm); flash pt. 199 C; ref. index 1.486 (20 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA5 mg/m³; STEL 10 mg/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 30 g/kg, (IP, rat) 30,700 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 250 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 25 g/kg; poison by IV route; GI effects on ing.; primary irritant; may cause irritation of eyes and mucous membranes on overexposure; experimental teratogen; tumorigen, mutagen, reproductive effector; confirmed carcinogen; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Plasticizer for resins, elastomers, flexible vinyl prods., adhesives, PVA emulsion paints, lacquers, food-contact coatings; replacement for PCBs in dielec. fluids for electrical capacitors; nonreactive epoxy resin diluent; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; flow promoter in acrylic food pkg.; in cellophane for food pkg.; surf. lubricant in mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1400, 177.2600, 178.3120, 178.3910, 181.22, 181.27; FDA approved for ophthalmics, injectables

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Chisso Am.; Eastman; Fluka; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Di-s-octyl phthalate. See s-Dioctyl phthalate

Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate

CAS 577-11-7; 1369-66-3; EINECS/ELINCS 209-406-4

Synonyms: DSS; NaDOSS; Bis (2-ethylhexyl) sodium sulfosuccinate; 1,4-Bis (2-ethylhexyl) sulfobutanedioic acid sodium salt; Dioctyl sulfosodiumsuccinate; Dioctyl sulfosuccinate sodium salt; Docusate sodium; 2-Ethylhexyl sulfosuccinate sodium; Sodium bis (2-ethylhexyl) sulfosuccinate; Sodium 1,4-bis(2-ethylhexyl) sulfosuccinate; Sodium di(2ethylhexyl) sulfosuccinate; Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate; Sulfobutanedioic acid 1,4-bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester sodium salt; Sulfosuccinic acid 1,4bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester sodium salt; Sulfosuccinic acid 1,4bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester sodium salt

Definition: Sodium salt of the diester of 2-ethylhexyl alcohol and sulfosuccinic acid

Empirical: C20H37NaO7S

Formula: C₈H₁₇OOCCH₂CH(SO₃Na)COOC₈H₁₇

- Properties: Wh. wax-like solid, char. octyl alcohol odor; slowly sol. in water; freely sol. in alcohol, glycerol, CCI₄, acetone, xylene, hexane; m.w. 445.63; m.p. 173-179 C; anionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 1900 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 590 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 60 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing., IP routes; poison by IV route; skin, severe eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x and Na_2O
- HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic

- Uses: Food additive; emulsifier, processing aid in sugar industry; stabilizer for hydrophilic colloids; wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier in cosmetic, pharmaceutical, food, emulsion polymerization, and industrial applics.; adjuvant in tableting; emulsifier wax for polish, firefighting, germicide, metal cleaner, mold release agent; dispersant in paints, inks, paper, photography; solubilizer (foods); processing aid; rust preventative; soldering flux; wallpaper removal; water treatment; surfactant in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in food pkg.
- Use Level: Limitation 9 ppm (finished food), 75 ppm (cocoa beverage), 15 ppm (gelatin dessert), 10 ppm (beverage/fruit drinks), 25 ppm (molasses), 0.5% (gums)
- *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §73.1, with cocoa, 131.130, 131.132, 133.124, 133.133, 133.134, 133.162, 133.178, 133.179, 163.114, 163.117, 169.115, 169.150, 172.520, 172.808, 172.810, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 178.1010, 178.3400; USDA 9 CFR §318.7, 381.147; FDA approved for injectables (IM), orals, topicals; USP/NF, BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Alco; Aldrich; Ashland; Atlas Refinery; Brotherton Ltd; Burlington Chem.; Chemax; Cognis/Chems. Group; Cytec Ind.; DeForest Enterprises; EM Ind.; Eastern Color & Chem.; Finetex; Fluka; Hart Prods.; Independent Chem.; Lambent Tech.; McIntyre; Norman, Fox; Rhodia HPCII; Ruger; Scher; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Thornley; Uniqema; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Venchem
- Trade Names: Aerosol® OT-75%; Aerosol® OT-100%; Aerosol® OT-S; Drewfax® 0007; Geropon® DOS; Geropon® SDS; Octowet 40; Octowet 55; Octowet 60; Octowet 60-I; Octowet 65; Octowet 70; Octowet 70BC; Octowet 70PG; Octowet 75; Octowet 75E; Pentex® 99; Rapisol B-30, B-80, B-90, C-70; Rewopol® SBDO 70; Serwet® WH 170; Surfonic® DOS-70MS
- *Trade Names Containing*: Aerosol® OT-70 PG; Aerosol® OT-75-PG; Aerosol® OT-8; Ancowet S-60; Ancowet S-70PG; DeWET SDO-70PG; DeWET SDO-75E; Disponil® SUS IC 865; Disponil® SUS IC 875; Geropon® 99; Geropon® SS-0-70PG; Geropon® WT-27; Monawet MO-70; Monawet MO-70E; Monawet MO-70R; Monawet MO-70S; Monawet MO-75E; Monawet MO-84R2W; Monawet MO-85P; Octowet 70D; Pentasol DO-70PG; SER-AD® FA 620

Dioctyl sulfosodiumsuccinate. See Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate Dioctyl sulfosuccinate sodium salt. See Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate Diolamine. See Diethanolamine

N,N -Dioleoylethylenediamine. See Ethylene dioleamide

DIOP. See Diisooctyl phthalate

Dioxazine violet RL. See Pigment violet 23

9,10-Dioxoanthracene. See Anthraquinone

1,3-Dioxolan-2-one, 4-methyl. See Propylene carbonate

- o-Dioxybenzene. See Pyrocatechol
- DIPA. See Diisopropanolamine

Dipentaerythrityl pentaacrylate

Uses: Highly reactive monomer exhibiting exc. chem. and abrasion resist.; curing agent; for pigmented systems to improve cure and wetting characteristics

Manuf./Distrib.: Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs *Trade Names:* SR 399

o-Diphenol. See Pyrocatechol

Diphenylamine

CAS 122-39-4; EINECS/ELINCS 204-539-4 Synonyms: DPA; Anilinobenzene; CI 10355; N,N-Diphenylamine; N- Phenylaniline; N-Phenylbenzeneamine

Classification: Aromatic sec. amine

Empirical: C₁₂H₁₁N

Formula: C₆H₅NHC₆H₅

- Properties: Very pale tan-amber to brn. cryst. solid; discolors in light; floral odor; very sol. in ethanol, propanol, CCl₄; sol. in benzene, ether, glac. acetic acid, CS₂, oxygenated and aromatic solvs.; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 169.24; dens. 1.159 (20 C); vapor pressure 1 mm Hg (108.3 C); m.p. 52.9 C; b.p. 302 C; flash pt. (CC) 153 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³; OSHA PEL-TWA 10 mg/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 2000 mg/kg; toxic by ing.; may be fatal if inhaled, absorbed thru skin, or swallowed; experimental teratogen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; may form explosive dustair mixts.; can react violently with hexachloromelamine, trichloromelamine; incompat. with strong oxidizers, strong acids; avoid light, high dust concs., static discharge
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x; heated to decomp., emits highly toxic fumes of NO_x
- NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Light-sensitive; store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight, away from heat and ignition sources, in tightly closed, labeled containers

Uses: Insecticide; antioxidant, stabilizer for plastics and solid rocket propellants; antioxidant for lubricants; rubber antioxidant and accelerator; mfg. of pharmaceuticals, pesticides, explosives, and dyes; veterinary medicine; storage preservation of apples; stabilizer for nitrocellulose; analytical chemistry; antioxidant for fatty-based coating adjuvants in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Manuf./Dístrib.: Aceto; Aristech; Bencorp Int'l.; GFS; Kessler; Mitsui & Co. USA; Rambach; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Uniroyal; Wall Chem.

N,N-Diphenylamine. See Diphenylamine

N,N-Diphenyl-1,4-benzenediamine. See N,N -Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine Diphenyl blue 2B. See Direct blue 6

Diphenyl brown. See Direct brown 2

Diphenyl t-butylphenyl phosphate. See t-Butylphenyl diphenyl phosphate Diphenyl dark green. See Direct green 1

Diphenyldimethoxysilane

CAS 6843-66-9

Empirical: C₁₄H₁₆O₂Si

Formula: $(C_6H_5)_2Si(OCH_3)_2$

- Properties: Liq.; sol. in acetone, benzene, methanol; m.w. 244.4; dens. 1.080 (25 C); b.p.191 (53 mm); flash pt. 120 C; ref. index 1.5404
- Toxicology: TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 1

Uses: Treatment of powders, glass, paper, and fabrics; coupling agent, chem. intermediate, blocking agent, release agent, lubricant, primer, reducing agent; treatment of powders, glass, paper, and fabrics Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Gelest

4,4´-Diphenylenediamine. See Benzidine

1,2-Diphenylethane-1,2-dione, dimethyl ketal. See 2,2-Dimethoxy-2-phenylacetophenone

Diphenylguanidine

CAS 102-06-7; EINECS/ELINCS 203-002-1

Synonyms: DPG; N,N'-Diphenylguanidine; 1,3-Diphenylguanidine; sym-Diphenylguanidine; Melaniline

Empirical: Č₁₃H₁₃N₃

Formula: HN:C(NHC6H5)2

Properties: Wh. powd., bitter taste, sl. odor; sol. in ethanol, CCl₄, chloroform, hot benzene, hot toluene, oxygenated and chlorinated solvs.; very sl. sol. in water; m.w. 211.29; dens. 1.13; m.p. 147 C; dec. > 170 C

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 375 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 75 mg/kg; toxic; poison by ing., IP and other routes; eye irritant; possible sensitizer; experimental teratogen and reproductive effects; tumorigen; mutagenic data; TSCA listed *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x.

Uses: Basic rubber accelerator; accelerator for food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; primary standard for acids

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2600

Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Chemapol Usa; Cytec Ind.; Fabrichem; Fluka; GP Chems.; Howard Hall; K3; Monsanto Trade Names: DPG; Perkacit® DPG

1,3-Diphenylguanidine. See Diphenylguanidine

N,N'-Diphenylguanidine. See Diphenylguanidine sym-Diphenylguanidine. See Diphenylguanidine

Diphenyl ketone. See Benzophenone

Diphenyl methanone. See Benzophenone

o-Diphenylol. See o-Phenylphenol

N,N⁻-Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine

- CAS 74-31-7; EINECS/ELINCS 200-806-4
- Synonyms: DPPD; 1,4-Bis(phenylamino)benzene; N,N-Diphenyl-1,4benzenediamine; 1,4-Dianilinobenzene

Classification: Aromatic organic compd.; alkylated p-phenylenediamine

Empirical: C18H16N2

Formula: (C₆H₅NH)₂C₆H₄

- Properties: Gray powd.; insol. in water; sol. in acetone, benzene, monochlorobenzene, isopropyl acetate, DMF, ether, chloroform, ethyl acetate, glacial acetic acid; m.w. 260.36; dens. 1.28; m.p. 145-152 C; b.p. 220-225 C (0.5 mm)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2370 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 300 mg/kg); poison by intravenous, intraperitoneal routes; moderately toxic by ingestion; eye irritant; weak allergen; suspected carcinogen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; incompat. with oxidizing materials; emits toxic fumes of NO_x
- Uses: Flex-resistant antioxidant/antiozonant in rubbers, polyolefins; antioxidant/antiozonant in lubricants; stabilizer; polymerization inhibitor; retards copper degradation; intermediate for dyes, drugs, plastics, detergents; in food-pkg. adhesives; polymerization inhibitor in sodium 2-sulfoethyl methacrylate for food pkg.; antioxidant/antiozonant in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 177.2600

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; R.T. Vanderbilt; Skymart Enterprises; Sumitomo Chem.; Uniroyal

4-Diphenylphenyl ketone. See p-Phenylbenzophenone

Diphenyl red 3BS. See Direct red 39 Diphenyl scarlet 3BS. See Direct red 39

Diphosphoric acid tetrapotassium salt. See Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate

Diphosphoric acid tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium pyrophosphate

Dipotassium ethylenebis dithiocarbamate

Uses: Slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300

Dipotassium hydrogen orthophosphate. See Potassium phosphate dibasic Dipotassium hydrogen phosphate. See Potassium phosphate dibasic Dipotassium monophosphate. See Potassium phosphate dibasic Dipotassium orthophosphate. See Potassium phosphate dibasic Dipotassium persulfate. See Potassium persulfate Dipotassium phosphate. See Potassium phosphate dibasic Dipotassium phosphate. See Potassium phosphate dibasic Dipotassium phosphate. See Potassium phosphate dibasic Dipotassium phosphate. See Dotassium phosphate dibasic Dipotassium phosphate. See Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate Dipotaste. See Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate Di-2-propenyl ester, 1,2-benzenedicarboxylic acid. See Diallyl phthalate Dipropyl-2,2'-dihydroxyamine. See Disopropanolamine Dipropylene carbonate. See Propylene carbonate

Dipropylene glycol

- CAS 110-98-5; EINECS/ELINCS 203-821-4
- Synonyms: DPG; Bis (hydroxypropyl) ether; Bis (2-hydroxypropyl) ether; 2,2'-Dihydroxydipropyl ether; 2,2'-Dihydroxyisopropyl ether; Disopropylene glycol; Di-1,2-propylene glycol; Methyl-2(methyl-2) oxybispropanol; 1,1'-Oxybis-2-propanol; 1,1'-Oxydi-2-propanol; 1,1'-Oxydipropan-2-ol; 2-Propanol, 1,1'-oxydi-

Classification: Nonaromatic ether; glycol

Empirical: C₆H₁₄O₃

Formula: CH₃CHOHCH₂OCH₂CHOHCH₃

Properties: Colorless sl. visc. liq., nearly odorless; very sol. in diethyl ether; sol. in ethanol, toluene, water; misc. with oxygenated solvs.; m.w. 134.18; dens. 1.023; vapor pressure 1 mm (73.8 C); b.p. 233 C; flash pt. (OC) 124 C; ref. index 1.4410

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 14,850 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 10 g/kg, (IV, rat) 5800

mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 20 ml/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; primary skin and eye irritant; may cause somnolence, tremors, kidney/ureter/bladder changes; mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible when exposed to heat and flame; can react vigorously with oxidizing materials

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Solvent in hydraulic brake fluids, cutting oils, textile lubricants, printing inks; aromatics extraction solvent; comonomer in unsat. polyester and alkyd resins; reinforced plastics; plasticizers; in paints; cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; fragrance fixative/diluent; petroleum anti-icing additive; PU chain extender; surfactant for unsat. polyester resins, paints; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 178.3910

Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allchem Ind.; Arch Chems./Perf. Urethanes; Ashland; Bayer; Berje; Brown; C.P. Hall; Chemcentral; Coyne; Dow; Eastman; Fluka; G.J. Chem.; Great Western; Houghton Chem.; Huntsman; Lyondell; PMC Spec.; Penta Mfg.; Pharmco Prods.; Ruger; Samson; Sunnyside; TCI Am.; Union Carbide; Van Waters & Rogers; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Trade Names Containing: Proxel® DL; Proxel® GXL; Surfynol® DF-110D

Di-1,2-propylene glycol. See Dipropylene glycol

Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate

CAS 94-51-9; 27138-31-4; EINECS/ELINCS 202-340-7; 248-258-5

- Synonyms: Benzoic acid diester with dipropylene glycol; Benzoic acid-ndipropylene glycol diester; Dibenzoyl dipropylene glycol ester; Dipropanediol dibenzoate; 3,3 -Oxydi-1-propanol dibenzoate; 3,3 -Oxydyl-1-propanol dibenzoate; Oxydipropyl dibenzoate; POP (2) dibenzoate; PPG-2 dibenzoate; PPG (2) dibenzoate
- Definition: Polyoxypropylene glycol diester of benzoic acid

Empirical: C₂₀H₂₂O₅

- Properties: Lt.-colored liq.; mild ester odor; sol. in aliphatic and aromatic solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 342.42; dens. 1.1271 (20/20 C); pour pt. -19 C; m.p. 200 C; b.p. 250 C (10 mm)
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 9800 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ingestion

Precaution: Combustible

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Plasticizer for cellulosics, PVC, plastisols, PS, PVB, PVAc adhesives, VCA, castable PU; latex and lacquer coating applics.; enhances film formation and surf. wetting in PVAc homopolymer emulsion adhesives; emollient; plasticizer for PVAc coatings for food-contact paper/ paperboard; plasticizer for polymers in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Haltermann GmbH; Kalama; Unitex; Velsicol

Trade Names: Benzoflex® 9-88

Trade Names Containing: Benzoflex® 50

Dipropylene glycol methyl ether. See PPG-2 methyl ether Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether. See PPG-2 methyl ether Dipropylene glycol monooleate. See PPG-2 oleate Dipropylene glycol monostearate. See PPG-2 stearate Dipropyl methane. See Heptane

Direct black 38

CAS 1937-37-7; EINECS/ELINCS 217-710-3

Synonyms: 4-Amino-3-((4'-((2,4-diaminophenyl) azo) (1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl) azo)-5-hydroxy-6-(phenylazo)-2,7-naphthalenedisulfonic acid, disodium salt; Brilliant chrome leather black H; Chloramine black C; Chloramine carbon black S; Chlorazol black E; Chlorazole black E; Chrome leather black E; Cl 30235; Cl direct black 38; Cl direct black 38, disodium salt; Columbia black EP; Diamine deep black EC; Diazine black E; Direct black A; Meta black; 2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 4-amino-3-((4'-((2,4diaminophenyl) azo) (1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl) azo)-5-hydroxy-6-(phenylazo)-, disodium salt; Paper black T

Empirical: $C_{34}H_{25}N_9O_7S_2 \cdot 2Na$

- Properties: Gray-blk. to blk. microcryst. powd.; mod. sol. in Cellosolve, ethylene glycol monoethyl ether; sol. 1-5 mg/ml in water, DMSO; sol. < 1 mg/ml in 95% ethanol, methanol, acetone, toluene; insol. in other org. solvs.; m.w. 781.78; m.p. dec.; b.p. dec.
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 7600 mg/kg; may be absorbed thru skin; irritating to eyes; may cause skin irritation; may be harmful by inh., ing., or skin absorp.; may cause urine changes, bladder tumors, wt. loss, etc.; experimental tumorigen, carcinogen; mutagenic data; target organ: liver; TSCA listed

Precaution: Probably combustible; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of CO, CO₂, NO_x, SO_x, disodium oxide

Storage: Store under ambient temps.; keep away from oxidizing materials

Uses: Dye for fabric, leather, cotton, cellulosic materials, paper, wool, silk, hog's hair, plastics, vegetable-ivory buttons, wood flour used as a resin filler, acetate, and nylon; stain for wood and biological materials; colorant in aq. inks, artists' colors; reportedly as colorant in hair dye

Regulatory: SARA §313 reportable

Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Alfa Aesar; Fluka; ICN Biomed. Research Prods.; Pfaltz & Bauer; Sigma; TCI Am.

Direct black 80

CAS 8003-69-8

Synonyms: 6-((7-Amino-1-hydroxy-3-sulfo-2-naphthalenyl) azo)-3-((4-((4amino-6 (or 7)-sulfo-1-naphthalenyl) azo) phenyl) azo)-4-hydroxy-2-naphthalenesulfonic acid, trisodium salt; CI 31600; CI direct black 80; Diazophenyl black BW; 2-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 6-((7-amino-1-hydroxy-3-sulfo-2-naphthalenyl) azo)-3-((4-((4-amino-6 (or 7)-sulfo-1naphthalenyl) azo) phenyl) azo)-4-hydroxy-, trisodium salt; Phenazo black OB

Empirical: $C_{36}H_{26}N_8O_{11}S_3 \cdot 3Na$

Properties: Bluish-blk. to blk. powd.; odorless; sol. 1-10 mg/ml in water; sol. < 1 mg/ml in DMSO, 95% ethanol, acetone; m.w. 911.81; m.p. > 300 C Precaution: Probably combustible; incompat. with oxidizing agents, reducing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x. Storage: Store under ambient temps.

Uses: In leather dyeing; in beater dyeing on paper

Direct black A. See Direct black 38

Direct black green. See Direct green 1

Direct blue 6

- CAS 2502-46-2
 - Synonyms: 3,3' ((4,4'-Biphenylylene) bis (azo)) bis (5-amino-4-hydroxy)-2,7-naphthalenedisulfonic acid, tetrasodium salt; Blue 2B; Chloramien blue 2B; Chrome leather blue 2B; Cl 22610; Cl direct blue 6; Cl direct blue 6, tetrasodium salt; Diamine blue 2B; Diazine blue 2B; Diazol blue 2B; Diphenyl blue 2B; Direct blue A; Indigo blue 2B; Phenamine blue 2B; Sodium diphenyl-4,4'-bis-azo-2''-8''-amino-1''-naphthol-3'',6''-disulfonate *Empirical:* C₃₂H₂₀N₆O₁₄S₄ • 4Na
 - Properties: Dk. blue microcryst. powd.; sol. 5-10 mg/ml in water; sol. 1-5 mg/ml in DMSO; sol. < 1 mg/ml in 95% ethanol, acetone; sl. sol. in ethanol, Cellosolve; insol. in other org. solvs.; m.w. 932.78; m.p. dec.; b.p dec.</p>
 - *Toxicology:* Absorbed thru skin; experimental carcinogen, neoplastigen, tumorigen, teratogen; suspected human carcinogen; other experimental reproductive effects; mutagenic data

Precaution: Probably combustible; incompat. with strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NO_x, NaO_x, SO_x

Storage: Store under ambient temps.; keep away from oxidizing materials

- Uses: Dye for fabric, leather, cotton, cellulosic materials, paper, silk, wool and nylon fibers; biological stain; prod. of aq. printing inks; reportedly used in hair dyes
- Regulatory: Not presently used in cosmetic industry

Manuf./Distrib.: Pfaltz & Bauer; TCI Am.

Direct blue 53

CAS 314-13-6; EINECS/ELINCS 206-242-5

Synonyms: Azovan blue; 4,4 -Bis [7-(1-amino-8-hydroxy-2,4-disulfo) naphthylazo]-3,3 -bitolyl, tetrasodium salt; 4,4 -Bis (1-amino-8-hydroxy-2,4-disulfo-7-naphthylazo]-3,3 -bitolyl, tetrasodium salt; CI 23860; CI direct blue 53; CI direct blue 53, tetrasodium salt; Diamine sky blue FF; 6,6`-[(3,3`-Dimethyl [1,1`-biphenyl]-4,4`-diyl) bis (azo)] bis [4-amino-5-hydroxy-1,3-naphthalenedisulfonic acid] tetrasodium salt; Dye Evans blue; Evans blue dye; 1,3-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 6,6`-((3,3`-dimethyl-4,4`-biphenylylene) bis (azo)) bis (4-amino-5-hydroxy-, tetrasodium salt

Empirical: $C_{34}H_{24}N_6O_{14}S_4 \cdot 4Na$

Properties: Bluish cryst. with grnsh.-bronze luster or blk. powd.; m.w. 960.83; sol. in acids, alkalis; sol. 10-50 mg/ml in water; sol. 1-10 mg/ml in DMSO; sol. < 1 mg/ml in 95% ethanol, acetone; insol. in CCl₄, chloroform, ether, benzene

Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 340 mg/kg; LDLo (IV, rat) 5 g/kg; poison by IP route; mod. toxic by IV route; harmful by inh., ing., skin contact; may cause irritation; may cause liver tumors, leukemia; experimental carcinogen, teratogen, reproductive effector; equivocal tumorigen; mutation data; target organ: liver; TSCA listed

- Precaution: Probably combustible; can react with strong reducing and oxidizing agents
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of CO, CO₂, SO₃, Na₂O, NO₃, emits toxic fumes under fire conditions

Storage: Store refrigerated; keep tightly closed; keep away from oxidizers

Uses: Diagnostic aid for measurement of blood volume; indicator changing color at pH 10; dyeing textiles, leather, and paper; useful in a simple double-labeling procedure for studying axonal branching

Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org., Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Dudley; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; ICN Biomed. Research Prods.; J.T. Baker; Pfaltz & Bauer; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; TCI Am.

Direct blue A. See Direct blue 6

Direct brown 2

CAS 2429-82-5

Synonyms: 5-[[4'-[(7-Amino-1-hydroxy-3-sulfo-2-naphthyl) azo] [1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl] azo]-2-hydroxybenzoic acid, disodium salt; Benzoic acid, 5-((4'-((7-amino-1-hydroxy-3-sulfo-2-naphthalenyl) azo) (1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl) azo)-2-hydroxy-, disodium salt; Brown M; Chloramine brown M; Chrome leather brow M; Cl 22311; Cl direct brown 2, disodium salt; Diamine brown; Diazine brown; Diphenyl brown; Direct fast brown; Phenamine brown MB

Empirical: $C_{29}H_{19}N_5O_7S \cdot 2Na$

Properties: Reddish-brn. to dk. brn. powd.; sol. 1-10 mg/ml in water, DMSO; sol. < 1 mg/ml in 95% ethanol, acetone; insol. in most org. solvs.; m.w. 627.54

Precaution: Probably combustible

Storage: Store refrigerated *Uses:* Dye for paper and leather

Manuf./Distrib.: TCI Am.

Direct dark green. See Direct green 1 Direct fast brown. See Direct brown 2

Direct green 1

CAŠ 3626-28-6

Synonyms: Benzo dark green; Chrome leather dark green; Cl 30280; Cl direct green 1; Cl direct green 1, disodium salt; Diamine dark green; Diazine dark green; Diphenyl dark green; Direct black green; Direct dark green; 2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 4-amino-5-hydroxy-3-((4'-((4-hy-droxyphenyl) azo (1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl) azo)-6-(phenylazo)-, disodium salt; Naphthamine dark green B; Pontamine green S

Empirical: $C_{34}H_{23}N_7O_8S_2 \cdot 2Na$

Properties: Dull grn. to blk. powd.; sol. 10-50 mg/ml in water; sol. 1-10 mg/ ml in DMSO, 95% ethanol; sol. < 1 mg/ml in acetone; m.w. 767.71 Precaution: Probably combustible

Storage: Store refrigerated

Uses: Dye for leather, paper, aq. inks; regenerated cellulose film

Direct orange 15. See 4,4 - Diaminostilbene -2,2 - disulfonic acid

Direct red 39

CAS 6358-29-8

Synonyms: Benzyl sacrlet 3BS; Chloramine red 3B; Chrome leather scarlet 3BS; Cl 23630; Cl direct red 39; Diamine scarlet 3BA-CF; Diphenyl red 3BS; Diphenyl scarlet 3BS; Direct scarlet 3BS; 8-((4'-((4-Ethoxyphenyl) azo)-3,3'-dimethyl (1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl) azo)-7-hydroxy-1,3-naphthalene-

disulfonic acid, disodium salt; Phenamine scarlet 3B; Triazol fast scarlet 3B $\,$

Empirical: $C_{32}H_{26}N_4O_8S_2 \cdot 2Na$

- Properties: Dk. red powd.; sol. in conc. sulfuric acid; sol. < 1 mg/ml in water, DMSO, 95% ethanol, methanol, acetone, toluene; m.w. 704.71; m.p. 285 C (dec.)
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Precaution: Probably combustible
- Storage: Store at ambient temps.

Uses: Dye for wool, silk, acetate, nylon, cotton, leather, paper Manuf./Distrib.: TCI Am.

Direct scarlet 3BS. See Direct red 39

Disodium acid phosphate. See Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous Disodium calcium ethylenediaminetetraacetate. See Calcium disodium EDTA Disodium carbonate. See Sodium carbonate

Disodium cyanodithioimidocarbamate

Toxicology: Harmful if swallowed; may cause skin and eye irritation Uses: In food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §181.30; SARA reportable Manuf./Distrib.: Buckman Labs

Disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate

CAS 138-93-2

Synonyms: Carbamodithioic acid, cyano-, disodium salt; Cyanodithioimidocarbonate, disodium; Imidocarbonic acid, cyanodithio-, disodium salt Empirical: C₂N₂Na₂S₂

Properties: Orangish powd.; m.w. 162.1

- Uses: Antimicrobial for use in cane-sugar and beet-sugar mills; in food-pkg. adhesives; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard; preservative in food-contact animal glues
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.320, 175.105, 176.300, 178.3120

Disodium 1,4-dihydro-9,10-dihydroxyanthracene

- CAS 73347-80-5 Synonyms: 9,10-Anthracenediol, 1,4-dihydro-, disodium salt
- Empirical: C14H10Na2O2
- Properties: M.w. 256.21
- Uses: Catalyst in the alkaline pulping of lignocellulosic materials for paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Disodium dihydrogen ethylenediaminetetraacetate. See Disodium EDTA Disodium (2,4-dimethylphenylazo)-2-hydroxynaphthalene-3,6-disulfonate. See Acid red 26

Disodium dioxide. See Sodium peroxide

Disodium disulfite. See Sodium metabisulfite

Disodium dithionate. See Sodium hydrosulfite

Disodium dithionite. See Sodium hydrosulfite

Disodium edetate. See Disodium EDTA

Disodium EDTA

- CAS 139-33-3 (anhyd.); 6381-92-6 (dihydrate); EINECS/ELINCS 205-358-3
- Synonyms: Disodium edetate; Disodium ethylenediamine tetraacetate; Disodium dihydrogen ethylenediaminetetraacetate; Edetate disodium; Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, disodium salt; (Ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetic acid, sodium salt; Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, disodium salt dihydrate

Classification: Substituted diamine

Empirical: C10H14N2Na2O8

Formula: (⁻OOCCH₂)₂NCH₂CH₂N(CH₂COO⁻)₂ 2H⁺ • 2Na⁺

- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; odorless; freely sol. in water; m.w. 336.24 (anhyd.), 372.24 (dihydrate); m.p. 252 (dec.); pH 4-6
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 2 g/kg, (IV, mouse) 56 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 260 mg/kg; poison by IP and IV route; mod. toxic by ing.; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x and Na₂O

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store @ R.T.

Uses: Chelant in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, water treatment, textiles, soaps/ detergents, electroless copper plating, polymer prod., disinfectants, pulp/ paper, enhanced oil recovery, metal cleaning/protection; scale inhibitor (boiler water treatment); textile/leather processing aux.; antioxidant for cosmetics; prevents metal-catalyzed oxidative breakdown; food preservative, stabilizer, chelant, sequestrant; hog scald agent; anticoagulant; pharmaceutic aid; visc. control agent; chelating agent in food-contact paper/paperboard mfg.; in cellophane for food pkg.; chelating agent/sequestrant in lubricants for incidental food-contact use; in food-pkg. adhesives

- *Use Level:* 0.1-0.5%; to 145 ppm (canned black eye peas), to 165 ppm (canned kidney beans, as preservative), to 500 ppm (canned strawberry pie filling), to 75 ppm (dressings, mayonnaise), to 100 ppm (sandwich spread), to 150 ppm (aq. multivitamins)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR \$155.200, 169.115, 169.140, 169.150, 172.135, 175.105, 176.150, 176.170, 177.1200, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3910, 573.360; USDA 9CFR \$318.7; Japan approved (0.25 g/kg max. as calcium disodium EDTA); FDA approved for injectables, inhalants, IV, ophthalmics, orals, otics, rectals, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; Fluka; Hampshire; Int'l. Sourcing; Jarchem Ind.; R.W. Greeff; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods. *Trade Names:* Versene NA

Disodium 1,2-ethanebis (carbamodithioate). See Nabam

Disodium 2,2⁻-(1,2-ethenediyl) bis [5-[[4-[bis (2-hydroxyethyl) amino]-6-(phenylamine)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl] amino] benzenesulfonate

ČAS 4193-55-9

Synonyms: 4,4 '-Bis ((4-anilino-6-bis (2-hydroxyethyl) amino-w-triazin-2-yl) amino)-2,2 '-stilbenedisulfonic acid disodium salt; 2,2 '-Stilbenedisulfonic acid, 4,4 '-bis ((4-anilino-6-bis (2-hydroxyethyl) amino-s-triazinyl) amino)-, disodium salt

Empirical: $C_{40}H_{40}N_{12}O_{10}S_2 \cdot 2Na$

- Properties: M.w. 959.02
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 14,530 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 350 mg/kg, (subcut., mouse) 1000 mg/kg; poison by ing., IP routes; mod. toxic by subcut. route; primary eye irritant; TSCA listed
- *Hazardou's Decomp. Prods.*: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NO_x, Na₂O, and SO_x
- Uses: Optical brightener
- Trade Names Containing: Optiblanc® NL

Disodium ethylene bisdithiocarbamate. See Nabam

Disodium ethylene-1,2-bisdithiocarbamate. See Nabam

- Disodium ethylenediamine tetraacetate. See Disodium EDTA
- Disodium hydrogen orthophosphate. See Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous
- Disodium hydrogen phosphate. See Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous Disodium metasilicate. See Sodium metasilicate
- Disodium 4-[1-methyl-2-[(1-oxooctadec-9-enyl) amino] ethyl] 2-sulfonatosuccinate. See Disodium oleamido MIPA-sulfosuccinate
- Disodium monohydrogen orthophosphate. See Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous
- Disodium monohydrogen phosphate. See Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous
- Disodium monooleamido MIPA-sulfosuccinate. See Disodium oleamido MIPA-sulfosuccinate
- Disodium monosilicate. See Sodium metasilicate
- Disodium octadecyl sulfosuccinamate. See Disodium stearyl sulfosuccinamate

Disodium oleamido MIPA-sulfosuccinate

CAS 43154-85-4; 67815-88-7; EINECS/ELINCS 256-120-0; 267-199-6

- Synonyms: Butanedioic acid, sulfo-, 1-[1-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl) amino] ethyl] ester, disodium salt; Butanedioic acid, sulfo-, 4-[1-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl) amino] ethyl] ester, disodium salt; Disodium 4-[1methyl-2-[(1-oxooctadec-9-enyl) amino] ethyl] 2-sulfonatosuccinate; Disodium monooleamido MIPA-sulfosuccinate; Disodium oleic monoisopropanolamide sulfosuccinate; Disodium oleoyl isopropanolamide sulfosuccinate; Oleoyl monoisopropanolamide disodium sulfosuccinate; Sulfobutanedioic acid, 4-[1-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl) amino] ethyl] ester, disodium salt
- *Definition:* Disodium salt of a substituted isopropanolamide half ester of sulfosuccinic acid

Empirical: C₂₅H₄₃Na₂NO₈S

Properties: Amber liq.; m.w. 549.65; anionic

- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Mild high-foaming surfactant, dispersant, wetting agent, foaming agent, detergent, conditioner, and emulsifier for bubble bath, shampoos, cleansers for cosmetics and toiletries; emulsion polymerization; flotation frother; antistat; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact paper/paperboard *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170
- Disodium oleic monoisopropanolamide sulfosuccinate. See Disodium oleamido MIPA-sulfosuccinate
- Disodium oleoyl isopropanolamide sulfosuccinate. See Disodium oleamido MIPA-sulfosuccinate

Disodium orthophosphate. *See* Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous **Disodium peroxide**. *See* Sodium peroxide

Disodium phosphate. *See* Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous

Disodium phosphoric acid. *See* Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous **Disodium pyrosulfite**. *See* Sodium metabisulfite

Disodium stearyl sulfosuccinamate

CAS 14481-60-8; EINECS/ELINCS 238-479-5

Synonyms: Disodium octadecyl sulfosuccinamate; Disodium N-stearyl sulfosuccinamate; 4-(Octadecylamino)-4-oxo-2-sulfobutanedioic acid, disodium salt; Sulfobutanedioic acid, monooctadecyl ester, disodium salt

Definition: Disodium salt of a stearyl amide of sulfosuccinic acid

Empirical: $C_{22}H_{41}NO_6S \cdot 2Na$

Properties: Liq.; m.w. 493.61; anionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, foamer, detergent, solubilizer for soaps and surfactants, alkaline cleaner formulations, brick and tile cleaners; emulsion polymerization of vinyl chloride and SBR; foaming agent for rubber/carpetbacking latexes; textile softener; emulsifier in resin latex coatings for paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Trade Names: Aerosol® 18

Disodium N-stearyl sulfosuccinamate. See Disodium stearyl sulfosuccinamate

- Disodium sulfate. See Sodium sulfate
- Disodium sulfite. See Sodium sulfite
- Disodium 9-(sulfonatooxy) octadecanoate. See Sodium oleic sulfate
- Disodium 2-(2,4,5,7-tetrabromo-6-oxido-3-oxoxanthen-9-yl) benzoate. See Acid red 87

Disodium thiosulfate. See Sodium thiosulfate anhydrous

Disodium tin trioxide. See Sodium stannate

Disproportionated rosin. See Rosin

Disproportionated tall oil fatty acid. See Tall oil acid

N,N'-Distearoylethylenediamine. See Ethylene distearamide

Distearyl dimethyl ammonium chloride. See Distearyldimonium chloride

Distearyldimonium chloride

CAS 107-64-2; EINECS/ELINCS 203-508-2

Synonyms: Ammonium, dimethyldioctadecyl-, chloride; Dimethyldioctadecylammonium chloride; N,N-Dimethyl-N-octadecyl-1-octadecanaminium chloride; Dioctadecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride; Distearyl dimethyl ammonium chloride; Octadecanaminium, N,N-dimethyl-N-octadecyl-, chloride; Quaternium-5

Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt

Empirical: C38H80N · CI

Properties: Paste; m.w. 586.52; m.p. 36-44 C; cationic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 11,300 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x and Cl⁻

Uses: Detergent, fabric softener, conditioner, antistat for commercial and institutional laundries; conditioner, antistat for hair prods.; foam and visc. builder in personal care prods.; dispersant for coatings, cosmetics, pigments, inks, textiles; agric.; wastewater treatment; antistatic coating for ABS, acrylic, cellulosics, nylon, polyacetal, PP, PS, PVC; visc. builder in pharmaceuticals; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.712, 177.1200 Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka

Trade Names Containing: Arguad® 218-75

Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite

CAS 3806-34-6; EINECS/ELINCS 223-276-6

Synonyms: 3,9-Bis (octadecyloxy)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro (5.5) undecane; Cyclic neopentanetetrayl bis (octadecyl phosphite); 0,0²ride Dioctadecylpentaerythritol bis (phosphite); 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9diphosphaspiro (5.5) undecane, 3,9-bis (octadecyloxy)-Empirical: C41H82O6P2 Docosenamide. See Erucamide Properties: Solid; m.w. 733.05; dens. 0.920-0.935; m.p. 44-47 C; ref. index 13-Docosenamide. See Erucamide 1.4560-1.4590; flash pt. (PMCC) 185 C cis 13-Docosenamide. See Erucamide Toxicology: May be harmful by inh., ing., or skin absorption; may cause skin/ (Z)-Docos-13-enamide. See Erucamide eye/mucous membrane/upper respiratory tract irritation; ing. can cause GI disturbances; TSCA listed Docosenylsuccinic anhydride Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents, acids, stearyl alcohol; CAS 58598-42-8 readily hydrolyzed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO2, phosphine, pentaerythritol, phosphorous acid; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions Empirical: C26H46O3 Storage: Keep tightly closed; store in cool, dry place Properties: M.w. 406.65 Uses: Color and m.w. stabilizer, antioxidant, melt flow aid for polymer processing (polyolefins, polyesters, elastomers, styrenics, engineering thermoplastics), adhesives, coatings; antioxidant, UV stabilizer for polyolefins, food-grade polymers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.2010 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; GE Spec. Trade Names: Weston® 618 Perchloropentacyclodecane Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated (mild) light naphthenic. See Naphthenic oil Perchloropentacyclodecane Distilled fatty acids, cottonseed oil. See Cottonseed acid Distilled spirits. See Alcohol Distilled water. See Water See Hydroabietyl alcohol Disulfurous acid disodium salt. See Sodium metabisulfite Dodecanoic acid. See Lauric acid Dithionous acid disodium salt. See Sodium hydrosulfite n-Dodecanoic acid. See Lauric acid Dithionous acid, zinc salt (1:1). See Zinc hydrosulfite Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate CAS 2673-22-5; EINECS/ELINCS 220-219-7 Synonyms: Sodium 1,2-bis (tridecyloxycarbonyl) ethanesulfonate; Sodium bistridecyl sulfosuccinate; Sodium ditridecyl sulfosuccinate; Sulfobutanedioic acid, 1,4-ditridecyl ester, sodium salt Definition: Sodium salt of the diester of tridecyl alcohol and sulfosuccinic acid Empirical: C30H57NaO7S Properties: M.w. 584.83; anionic Dodecanoic acid methyl ester. See Methyl laurate Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier; surfactant; detergent; foam modifier; wetting agent; dispersant; visc. depressant, stabilizer, emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; dispersant, processing aid for resins, pigments, polymers, paints, and laurate dyes; base for rust inhibitors; emulsifier in food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400 Trade Names: Aerosol® TR-70; DeWET SDTD-70; Geropon® BIS/SODICO-Trade Names Containing: Monawet MT-70; Monawet MT-80H2W 12 Di/tri-isopropylbiphenyl Uses: Carbonless paper; coatings; resins Dodecene-1 Trade Names: Sure Sol®-300 Trade Names Containing: Sure Sol®-333 Diuretic salt. See Potassium acetate Empirical: C12H24 Formula: H₂C:CH(CH₂)₉CH₃ Divinylbenzene homopolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180 Manuf./Distrib.: Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs DKP. See Potassium phosphate dibasic DMAE. See Dimethylethanolamine tem; TSCA listed DMAEMA. See Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate DMEA. See Dimethylethanolamine DMF. See Dimethyl formamide *Storage*: Store under nitrogen DMFA. See Dimethyl formamide DMHF. See Dimethyl hydantoin-formaldehyde polymer DMK. See Acetone

DMOB. See Dianisidine DMTT. See 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2-thione DMU. See Dimethylol urea

- 1-Docosanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-, chloride. See Behentrimonium chlo-
- Docosanoic acid. See Behenic acid
- 1-Docosanol. See Behenyl alcohol

3-(Docosenyl) dihydro-2,5-furandione. See Docosenylsuccinic anhydride

- Synonyms: 3-(Docosenyl) dihydro-2,5-furandione; 3-Docosenylsuccinic anhydride; 2,5-Furandione, 3-(docosenyl) dihydro
- Trade Names Containing: Accosize® 100 Synthetic Size
- 3-Docosenylsuccinic anhydride. See Docosenylsuccinic anhydride

Docusate sodium. See Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate

- 1,1a,2,2,3,3a,4,5,5,5a,5b,6-Dodecachlorooctahydro-1,3,4-metheno-1Hcyclobuta (cd) pentalene. See Perchloropentacyclodecane
- Dodecachlorooctahydro-1,3,4-metheno-1H-cyclobuta (c,d) pentalene. See

Dodecachlorooctahydro-1,3,4-metheno-2H-cyclobuta (c,d) pentalene. See

Dodecachloropentacyclodecane. See Perchloropentacyclodecane

Dodecahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-1-phenanthrenemethanol.

- Dodecanoic acid, 2,2-bis [[(1-oxododecyl) oxy] methyl-1,3-propanediyl ester. See Pentaerythrityl tetralaurate

Dodecanoic acid, diester with 1,2,3-propanetriol. See Glyceryl dilaurate

- Dodecanoic acid, 2,3-dihydroxypropyl ester. See Glyceryl laurate
- Dodecanoic acid, ester with 1,2-ethanediol. See Glycol laurate SE
- Dodecanoic acid 1,2-ethanediyl ester. See Glycol dilaurate
- Dodecanoic acid 2-(2-hydroxyethoxy) ethyl ester. See PEG-2 laurate
- Dodecanoic acid, 2-hydroxypropyl ester. See Propylene glycol laurate

Dodecanoic acid, 1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl ester. See Propylene glycol dilaurate Dodecanoic acid, 1-methylethyl ester. See Isopropyl laurate Dodecanoic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol. See Propylene glycol

Dodecanoic acid, monoester with 1,2,3-propanetriol. See Glyceryl laurate Dodecanoic acid, potassium salt. See Potassium laurate

Dodecanoic acid sodium salt. See Sodium laurate

Dodecanoic acid, zinc salt. See Zinc laurate

1-Dodecanol, 2-octyl-. See Octyldodecanol

- 3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27,30,33,36-Dodecaoxapentacontan-1-ol. See Ceteth-
 - CAS 112-41-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-968-4; UN No. NA 1933

Synonyms: C12 alpha olefin; 1-Dodecene; Dodec-1-ene; n-Dodec-1-ene; α-Dodecene; α -Dodecylene; Tetrapropylene

- Properties: Colorless liq.; insol. in water; sol. in alcohol, acetone, ether, petrol., coal tar solvs.; m.w. 168.32; dens. 0.764; m.p. - 31.5 C; b.p. 213-215 C; flash pt. (Seta) 168 F; ref. index 1.430
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; low acute inhalation toxicity; sl. toxic by ingestion; narcotic in high concs.; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory sys-

Precaution: Combustible liq.; avoid contact with air or oxygen (explosion danger, adverse effect on subsequent reactions)

- Uses: Intermediate for surfactants and specialty industrial chemicals (polyethylene and other polymers; plasticizers; syn. lubricants; gasoline additives; paper sizing; PVC lubricants); flavors; perfumes; medicine; oils; dyes; resins
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Albemarle; Aldrich; Fluka; Shell; Sigma; Supelco

Trade Names: Gulftene® 12

1-Dodecene. See Dodecene-1

Dodec-1-ene. See Dodecene-1

α-Dodecene. See Dodecene-1

n-Dodec-1-ene. See Dodecene-1

3-(Dodecenyl) dihydro-2,5-furandione. See Dodecenylsuccinic anhydride

Dodecenylsuccinic anhydride

CAS 25377-73-5; EINECS/ELINCS 246-917-1

- Synonyms: ASA; DDS; DDSA; n-DDSA; Alkenyl (C₁₀.C₁₄) succinic anhydride; 3-(Dodecenyl) dihydro-2,5-furandione; 2,5-Furandione, 3-(dodecenyl) dihydro-
- Empirical: C16H26O3
- Properties: Lt. yel. clear visc. oily liq.; m.w. 266.38; dens. 1.003-1.008 (60 F); b.p. 150 C (3 mm); flash pt. 343-347 F; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 320 mg/kg; LCLo (inh., rat, 4 h) 1220 mg/m³; toxic by inh., skin contact; poison by IP route; irritant and sensitizer; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible when exposed to open flame; can react with oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Epoxy curing agent; corrosion inhibitor for nonaq. lubricating oils; intermediate for prep. of alkyd or unsat. polyester resins, plasticizers, paints; intermediate in chem. reactions; wetting agent for bituminous compds., vulcanizable prods.; detergent raw material; paper sizing ingred.
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Änhydrides & Chems.; Buffalo Color; Cambridge Ind. Co. of Am.; Dixie; Electron Microscopy Sciences; Fluka; Haltermann GmbH; Humphrey; Lonza; Lubrizol; Milliken; ProSciTech

Dodecoic acid. See Lauric acid

Dodecyl alcohol, hydrogen sulfate, sodium salt. See Sodium lauryl sulfate Dodecyl ammonium sulfate. See Ammonium lauryl sulfate

Dodecylbenzene sodium sulfonate. See Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate Dodecylbenzenesulfonate, sodium salt. See Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonale

Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid

- CAŚ 27176-87-0; 68411-32-5; 68584-22-5; 68608-88-8; 85117-49-3; 85536-14-7; EINECS/ELINCS 248-289-4; 271-807-5
- Synonyms: ABS; DDBSA; Alkylbenzenesulfonic acid; Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-; n-Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid; Laurylbenzenesulfonic acid Classification: Substituted aromatic acid

Empirical: C₁₈H₃₀O₃S

Properties: Wh. to It. yel. flakes, granules, and powd.; m.w. 326.54; anionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 650 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed Environmental: Biodeq.

Precaution: DOT: Corrosive

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of SO,

Uses: Surfactant, detergent raw material in heavy and It. duty detergents, hand cleaning gels, machine degreasers, tank cleaners; emulsifier for metalworking fluids, pesticides, emulsion polymerization; in paints and coatings; catalyst in acid catalyzed reactions; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 178.1010, 178.3400

- Manuf./Distrib.: Albright & Wilson Am.; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Biddle Sawyer; Browning; Chem. Distribution; Expo Chem.; Harcros; Pilot; Rhodia HPCII; Rütgers Org.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stepan; Tradig; Tulstar Prods.; Van Waters & Rogers
- Trade Names: BIO-SOFT® S-120; Calimulse EM-99; Calsoft® LAS-99; POLYSTEP® A-13; POLYSTEP® A-17; SULFONIC 100

n-Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid. See Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid

Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid, compd. with 1-amino-2-propanol (1:1). See MIPA-dodecylbenzenesulfonate

Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid, compd. with isopropylamine (1:1). See Isopropylamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate

- Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1). See Isopropylamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate
- Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid, potassium salt. See Potassium dodecylbenzene sulfonate
- Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid sodium salt. See Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate

Dodecyldimethylamine oxide. See Lauramine oxide

N-Dodecyldimethylamine oxide. See Lauramine oxide

α-Dodecylene. See Dodecene-1

- 1-Dodecylguanidine acetate. See Dodine
- N-Dodecylguanidine acetate. See Dodine

Dodecylguanidine hydrochloride

CAS 13590-97-1 *Synonyms:* DGH; Guanidine, dodecyl-, monohydrochloride

Empirical: $C_{13}H_{29}N_3 \cdot CIH$

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₁NHCNH₂⁺NH₂Cl⁻ Properties: M.w. 263.91

- *Toxicology:* LDLo (unknown route of entry, mouse) 13 mg/kg; poison by unspecified route; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of HCI and NO_x
- Uses: Biocide in water treatment systems, pulp/paper prods.; antimicrobial in paper/paperboard in contact with nonalcoholic/dry foods; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.300

Trade Names: Metasol® 350

Dodecylguanidine monoacetate. See Dodine

1-Dodecylguanidinium acetate. See Dodine

Dodecylhexadecanol

CÁS 72388-18-2; EINECS/ELINCS 276-627-0 Synonyms: 2-Dodecylhexadecanol Classification: Branched alcohol Empirical: C28H30 Formula: CH3(CH2)13C(CH2)10CH3HCH2OH Uses: Wax substitute; skin softener in stick formulations, e.g., deodorant sticks, lip salves; in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants,

sticks, lip salves; in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, detergents, lubricants, emulsifiers, solvs., rubber, plastics, polymers, metal processing, paper coating, and textiles

Manuf./Distrib.: Jarchem Ind. Trade Names: Jarcol[™] I-28

2-Dodecylhexadecanol. See Dodecylhexadecanol Dodecyl methacrylate. See Lauryl methacrylate n-Dodecyl methacrylate. See Lauryl methacrylate Dodecyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate. See Lauryl methacrylate 2-[2-[2-(Dodecyloxy) ethoxy] ethoxy] ethoxy] ethoxy] sethanol. See Laureth-3

Dodecyl phthalate

Uses: Adjuvant in slimicides in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300

Dodecyl sodium sulfate. See Sodium lauryl sulfate Dodecylsulfate sodium salt. See Sodium lauryl sulfate

Dodecyl trimethyl ammonium chloride. See Laurtrimonium chloride

Dodine

- CAS 2439-10-3; 96923-04-5
- Synonyms: N-Dodecylguanidine acetate; 1-Dodecylguanidine acetate; Dodecylguanidine monoacetate; 1-Dodecylguanidinium acetate; Dodine acetate; Lauryl guanidine acetate
- Empirical: $C_{15}H_{33}N_3O_2$
- *Formula:* C₁₂H₂₅NHC(:NH)NH₂ CH₃COOH
- Properties: Crystals; sol. in hot water, alcohol; sl. sol. in other solvs.; m.w. 287.51
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 566 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 1500 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., mouse, 2 h) 129 mg/m³; poison by ing. and inh.; mod. toxic by skin contact; strong irritant to eyes and skin at > 50% conc.; questionable carcinogen; tumorigen; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Environmental: Toxic to fish
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NO_{\star}
- Uses: Fungicide; pesticide; antimicrobial in paper/paperboard in contact with nonalcoholic/dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170; SARA reportable

Dodine acetate. See Dodine

Dodoxynol-4 CAS 9014-92-0 (generic); 26401-47-8 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-4 dodecyl phenyl ether; POE (4) dodecyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Formula: $C_{12}H_{25}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 4 Properties: Nonionic *Toxicology:* TSCA listed Uses: Low-foaming surfactant, w/o emulsifier, wetting agent for paper industry, dry cleaner formulations; emulsifier for agric. oils; degreasers Trade Names: Surfonic® DDP-40 Dodoxynol-5 CAS 9014-92-0 (generic); 26401-47-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-5 dodecyl phenyl ether; POE (5) dodecyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Empirical: C28H50O6 Formula: $C_{12}H_{25}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 5 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, coemulsifier, wetter, surfactant for agric., pesticide, industrial cleaners, dry cleaning, formulation of concs. for metal lubricants, cutting, milling and grinding aids, textile processing aid and mineral drilling lubricants; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400 Trade Names: Surfonic® DDP-50 Dodoxynol-6 CAS 9014-92-0 (generic); 26401-47-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-6 dodecyl phenyl ether; POE (6) dodecyl phenyl ether; PEG 300 dodecyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Empirical: C₃₀H₅₄O₇ Formula: $C_{12}H_{25}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 6 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant; emulsifier for solvent and emulsion cleaners; rewetting agent, emulsifier for paper, textiles; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400 Trade Names: Igepal® RC-520 Dodoxynol-7 CAS 9014-92-0 (generic); 26401-47-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-7 dodecyl phenyl ether; POE (7) dodecyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Empirical: C₃₂H₅₈O₈ Formula: $C_{12}H_{25}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 7 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier; surfactant for solvents; solvent and emulsion cleaning; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400 Dodoxynol-9 CAS 9014-92-0 (generic); 26401-47-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-9 dodecyl phenyl ether; POE (9) dodecyl phenyl ether; PEG 450 dodecyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Empirical: C₃₆H₆₆O₁₁₀ Formula: $C_{12}H_{25}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 9 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant; emulsifier, detergent, wetting agent for emulsion cleaners; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400 Dodoxynol-10 CAS 9014-92-0 (generic); 26401-47-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-10 dodecyl phenyl ether; POE (10) dodecyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Formula: $C_{12}H_{25}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 10 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant, penetrant, stabilizer, coemulsifier for agric., household/industrial cleaners; dedusting agent; paint

Dodoxynol-12 CAS 9014-92-0 (generic); 26401-47-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-12 dodecyl phenyl ether; POE (12) dodecyl phenyl ether; PEG 600 dodecyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Formula: $C_{12}H_{25}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 12 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant; detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for household/industrial cleaners; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400 Dolomite CAS 16389-88-1 Classification: Natural mineral Definition: A carbonate of calcium and magnesium Empirical: C2CaMgO6 Formula: CaCO₃ • MgCO₃ Properties: Gray, pink, or wh. color with vitreous luster; dens. 2.85; hard-ness (Mohs) 3.5-4.0; noncombustible Uses: Filler/extender in plastics, sealants, and coatings; raw material for sulfite pulp process in papermaking; water treatment chemical; prod. of calcined dolomite; refractory for furnaces; mfg. of magnesium compds. and magnesium metals; as building material; in fertilizers; removal of sulfur dioxide from stack gases; min. wool Manuf./Distrib.: Maypro Ind.; Stauber Perf. Ingreds. See also Calcium carbonate DOM. See Dioctyl maleate DPA. See Diphenylamine DPG. See Diphenylguanidine; Dipropylene glycol DPGME. See PPG-2 methyl ether DPM. See PPG-2 methyl ether DPMG. See PPG-2 methyl ether DPPD. See N,N´-Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine Dried calcium sulfate. See Calcium sulfate hemihydrate Dried egg white. See Albumen Dried gypsum. See Calcium sulfate hemihydrate Drop chalk. See Whiting Dry ice. See Carbon dioxide DSE. See Nabam DSP. See Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous DSP-O. See Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous DSS. See Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate DTA. See Diethylenetriamine DTBP. See Di-t-butyl peroxide DTPA. See Pentetic acid DTPAN. See Pentasodium pentetate DTPANa5. See Pentasodium pentetate Duodecylic acid. See Lauric acid Dye Evans blue. See Direct blue 53 Dye quinoline yellow. See Acid yellow 3 EAA. See Ethylene/acrylic acid copolymer Earthnut oil. See Peanut (Arachis hypogaea) oil Earth wax. See Ceresin ECH. See Epichlorohydrin ECN. See Epoxy cresol novolac EDA. See Ethylenediamine Edathamil. See Edetic acid Edathanil tetrasodium. See Tetrasodium EDTA Edetate. See Edetic acid Edetate calcium disodium. See Calcium disodium EDTA Edetate diammonium. See Diammonium EDTA Edetate disodium. See Disodium EDTA Edetate sodium. See Tetrasodium EDTA Edetate trisodium. See Trisodium EDTA

pigment dispersant; emulsifier; surfactant for solvs.; low-foaming detergent

for paper, textiles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

Trade Names: T-Det® DD-10



Dodoxynol-5

Synonyms: PEG-4 dodecyl phenyl ether; POE (4) dodecyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Formula: $C_{12}H_{25}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 4 Properties: Nonionic *Toxicology:* TSCA listed Uses: Low-foaming surfactant, w/o emulsifier, wetting agent for paper industry, dry cleaner formulations; emulsifier for agric. oils; degreasers Trade Names: Surfonic® DDP-40 Dodoxynol-5 CAS 9014-92-0 (generic); 26401-47-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-5 dodecyl phenyl ether; POE (5) dodecyl phenyl ether *Classification:* Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Empirical: C₂₈H₅₀O₆ Formula: $C_{12}H_{25}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 5 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, coemulsifier, wetter, surfactant for agric., pesticide, industrial cleaners, dry cleaning, formulation of concs. for metal lubricants, cutting, milling and grinding aids, textile processing aid and mineral drilling lubricants; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400 Trade Names: Surfonic® DDP-50 Dodoxynol-6 CAS 9014-92-0 (generic); 26401-47-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-6 dodecyl phenyl ether; POE (6) dodecyl phenyl ether; PEG 300 dodecyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Empirical: C₃₀H₅₄O₇ Formula: $C_{12}H_{25}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 6 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant; emulsifier for solvent and emulsion cleaners; rewetting agent, emulsifier for paper, textiles; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400 Trade Names: Igepal® RC-520 Dodoxynol-7 CAS 9014-92-0 (generic); 26401-47-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-7 dodecyl phenyl ether; POE (7) dodecyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Empirical: C₃₂H₅₈O₈ Formula: $C_{12}H_{25}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 7 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier; surfactant for solvents; solvent and emulsion cleaning; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400 Dodoxynol-9 CAS 9014-92-0 (generic); 26401-47-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-9 dodecyl phenyl ether; POE (9) dodecyl phenyl ether; PEG 450 dodecyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Empirical: C₃₆H₆₆O₁₁₀ Formula: $C_{12}H_{25}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 9 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant; emulsifier, detergent, wetting agent for emulsion cleaners; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400 Dodoxynol-10 CAS 9014-92-0 (generic); 26401-47-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-10 dodecyl phenyl ether; POE (10) dodecyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Formula: $C_{12}H_{25}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 10 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant, penetrant, stabilizer, coemulsifier for agric., household/industrial cleaners; dedusting agent; paint

pigment dispersant; emulsifier; surfactant for solvs.; low-foaming detergent for paper, textiles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles *Trade Names*: T-Det® DD-10 **Dodoxynol-12** CAS 9014-92-0 (generic); 26401-47-8 (generic) *Synonyms*: PEG-12 dodecyl phenyl ether; POE (12) dodecyl phenyl ether; PEG 600 dodecyl phenyl ether *Classification*: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol *Formula*: C₁₂H₂₅C₄H₄(OCH₂CH₂)₆OH, avg. n = 12 *Properties*: Nonionic *Toxicology*: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant; detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for household/industrial cleaners; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3400

Dolomite

CAS 16389-88-1

Empirical: C2CaMgO6

Classification: Natural mineral

Formula: CaCO₃ • MgCO₃

Definition: A carbonate of calcium and magnesium

Properties: Gray, pink, or wh. color with vitreous luster; dens. 2.85; hard-ness (Mohs) 3.5-4.0; noncombustible Uses: Filler/extender in plastics, sealants, and coatings; raw material for sulfite pulp process in papermaking; water treatment chemical; prod. of calcined dolomite; refractory for furnaces; mfg. of magnesium compds. and magnesium metals; as building material; in fertilizers; removal of sulfur dioxide from stack gases; min. wool Manuf./Distrib.: Maypro Ind.; Stauber Perf. Ingreds. See also Calcium carbonate DOM. See Dioctyl maleate DPA. See Diphenylamine DPG. See Diphenylguanidine; Dipropylene glycol DPGME. See PPG-2 methyl ether DPM. See PPG-2 methyl ether DPMG. See PPG-2 methyl ether DPPD. See N,N'-Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine Dried calcium sulfate. See Calcium sulfate hemihydrate Dried egg white. See Albumen Dried gypsum. See Calcium sulfate hemihydrate Drop chalk. See Whiting Dry ice. See Carbon dioxide DSE. See Nabam DSP. See Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous DSP-O. See Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous DSS. See Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate DTA. See Diethylenetriamine DTBP. See Di-t-butyl peroxide DTPA. See Pentetic acid DTPAN. See Pentasodium pentetate DTPANa5. See Pentasodium pentetate Duodecylic acid. See Lauric acid Dye Evans blue. See Direct blue 53 Dye quinoline yellow. See Acid yellow 3 EAA. See Ethylene/acrylic acid copolymer Earthnut oil. See Peanut (Arachis hypogaea) oil Earth wax. See Ceresin ECH. See Epichlorohydrin ECN. See Epoxy cresol novolac EDA. See Ethylenediamine Edathamil. See Edetic acid Edathanil tetrasodium. See Tetrasodium EDTA Edetate. See Edetic acid Edetate calcium disodium. See Calcium disodium EDTA Edetate diammonium. See Diammonium EDTA Edetate disodium. See Disodium EDTA Edetate sodium. See Tetrasodium EDTA Edetate trisodium. See Trisodium EDTA

CAS 60-00-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-449-4; UN No. 9117

Synonyms: EDTA; 3,6-Bis (carboxymethyl)-3,5-diazooctanedioic acid; Edathamil; Edetate; EDTA acid; N,N -1,2-Ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl) glycine]; Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid; (Ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetic acid Classification: Substituted diamine

Empirical: C₁₀H₁₆N₂O₈

Formula: (HOOCCH₂)₂NCH₂CH₂N(CH₂COOH)₂

- Properties: Colorless or wh. cryst. powd.; sol. in alkali hydroxide sol'ns.; pract insol. in water; insol. in common org. solvs.; m.w. 292.28; m.p. dec. @ 240 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 30 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 397 mg/kg; irritant; poison by IP route; mutagenic data; experimental teratogenic and reproductive effects; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NO,
- Storage: Store @ R.T.
- Uses: Chelant for detergents, disinfectants, rare earth separation; antioxidant, preservative in cosmetics, foods; stabilizer for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, in water treatment, textiles, soaps/detergents, shampoos; electroless copper plating; metal cleaning; radioactive decontamination; metal deactivator (lubricants); blood anticoagulant; textile dyeing aid; clarification of liqs.; analytical chemistry; spectrophotometric titration; medicine (to treat lead poisoning); pharmaceutical excipient; in paper/paperboard in contact with ag./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170; FDA approved for otics, rectals, topicals; USP/NF compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Am. Int'l.; Ashland; BASF; Charkit; Chemplex Chems.; Ciba Spec. Chems. Switzerland; Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment; Dow; Fluka; Hampshire; Harcros; Independent Chem.; Int'l. Sourcing; Jarchem Ind.; Kraft Chem.; Lowenstein Dyes & Cosmetics; O.C. Lugo; Penta Mfg.; Rhodia HPCII; Ruger; Showa Denko; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Surfactants Inc; Synthron SA; Universal Preserv-A-Chem

Trade Names: Versene Acid

Edetic acid calcium disodium salt. See Calcium disodium EDTA Edetic acid tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium EDTA Editempa acid. See Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid) EDMA. See Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate EDTA. See Edetic acid EDTA acid. See Edetic acid EDTA calcium disodium salt. See Calcium disodium EDTA EDTA Na₄. See Tetrasodium EDTA EDTA sodium salt. See Tetrasodium EDTA EDTA tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium EDTA EDTA trisodium. See Trisodium EDTA EDTA trisodium salt. See Trisodium EDTA EDTMPA. See Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid) EDTPO. See Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid) EG. See Glycol EGDS. See Glycol distearate Egg albumin. See Albumen EGMS. See Glycol stearate 2-EH. See 2-Ethylhexanol **EHA.** *See* Octyl acrylate **2-EHMA.** *See* 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate Eicosanoic acid. See Arachidic acid Eicosanol. See Arachidyl alcohol 1-Eicosanol. See Arachidyl alcohol 1-Eicosanol, 2-hexadecyl-. See Cetylarachidol 1-Eicosanol, 2-tetradecyl-. See Tetradecyleicosanol 3-(Eicosenyl) dihydro-Ź,5-furandione. See Eicosenyl succinic anhydride Eicosenyl succinic anhydride CAS 53520-67-5

Synonyms: 3-(Eicosenyl) dihydro-2,5-furandione; 2,5-Furandione, 3-(eicosenyl) dihydro; 3-lcosenylsuccinic anhydride Empirical: C₂₄H₄₂O₃ Properties: M.w. 378.60 Trade Names Containing: Accosize® 100 Synthetic Size

Elaeis guineensis. See Palm (Elaeis guineensis) kernel oil; Palm (Elaeis

guineensis) oil

Elaeis guineensis oil. See Palm (Elaeis guineensis) oil

d; Elaeis guineensis seed oil. See Palm (Elaeis guineensis) kernel oil

Elaic acid. See Oleic acid

Electrolyte acid. See Sulfuric acid

Elemi. See Elemi gum

Elemi absolute. *Šee* Elemi gum

Elemi anhydrol. See Elemi gum

Elemi gum

- CAŠ 8023-89-0; FEMA 2407 Synonyms: Canarium indicum resinoid; Elemi; Elemi absolute; Elemi anhydrol; Elemi oil; Elemi resin; Elemi resinoid; Gum elemi; Manila elemi
- copal; Resins, Manila elemi Definition: A soft, balsam-like resin obtained from a tree in the Philippines
- *Properties:* Pale yel. to yel. visc. liq. or solid; peppery lemony woody balsam odor; sol. in coal tar hydrocarbons, alcohols; insol. in petrol. solvs., ketones, water; ref. index 1.5100-1.5300 (20 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3370 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 5 g/kg; primary irritant; TSCA listed
- Uses: Plasticizer; film-former; adhesion of lacquers to metals; cements; adhesives; wax compositions; printing inks; textile and paper coatings; perfumery; waterproofing; engraving; paints; varnishes; lacquers; linoleum; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300

Manuf./Distrib.: Charkit; P.L. Thomas; Penta Mfg.; Polarome Int'l.

Elemi oil. See Elemi gum

Elemi resin. See Elemi gum

Elemi resinoid. See Elemi gum

- EMA. See Ethylene/MA copolymer; Ethyl methacrylate
- EMAA. See Ethylene/methacrylic acid copolymer

Enamel white. See Barium sulfate

English white. See Whiting

Entsufon. See Sodium octoxynol-2 ethane sulfonate

Entsufon sodium. See Sodium octoxynol-2 ethane sulfonate

Enzactin. See Triacetin

EO. See Ethylene oxide

EOEOEA. See 2-(2-Ethoxyethoxy) ethyl acrylate

EO/PO block polymer or copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic); 106392-12-5 Synonyms: Ethylene glycol/propylene glycol block copolymer; POE/POP copolymer; Polyoxyethylene/polyoxypropylene copolymer; Polyoxypropylene/polyoxyethylene block polymer; Polyoxypropylene/polyoxyethylene copolymer; POP/POE copolymer

Formula: $(C_3H_6O \cdot C_2H_4O)_x$

Properties: Liq., powd., or flake; 10-80% EO content; m.w. 1100-10,000; HLB 9.5-18.7; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (IV, mouse) 129 mg/kg; TSCA listed

Uses: Defoamer (metal cleaners, antifreeze, cutting fluids, water treatment, paper, textiles, rinse aids); demulsifier for drilling muds/crude oil processing; emulsifier/dispersant for pesticides, paint, emulsion polymerization; leather tanning aux.; wetting agent for pesticides, foundry resins, paper additives, rinse aids; wetting agent, defoamer for bottle washing detergents; surfactant; detergent; gellant; solubilizer; lubricant base for medical/ pharmaceutical applics.; agric. adjuvant; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1200

Trade Names: Adekanol 25R-1; Adekanol 25R-2; Adekanol F-68; Adekanol F-88; Adekanol F-108; Adekanol F-127; Adekanol L-31; Adekanol L-34; Adekanol L-44; Adekanol L-61; Adekanol L-62; Adekanol L-64; Adekanol L-71; Adekanol L-72; Adekanol L-101; Adekanol L-121; Adekanol L-122; Adekanol P-84; Adekanol P-85; Adekanol P-103; Adekanol TR-701; Adekanol TR-702; Adekanol TR-704; Adekanol TR-913; Crisanol FA-260; Crisanol FA-660; Etopol 31-L; Etopol 61-L; Etopol 62-L; Etopol 62-L; Etopol 63-L; Etopol 81-L; Etopol 101-L; Imbentin-PAP/6100; Imbentin-PAP/6200; Imbentin-PAP/10200; Nonionic 1025-R; Nonionic 2025-R; Nonionic 8025R; Pluronic® L10; Poly-Tergent® E-178; Poly-Tergent® E-78; Poly-Tergent® E-258; Poly-Tergent® P-32A; Surfonic® POA-L61; Surfonic® POA-L62; Surfonic®

POA-L64; Surfonic® POA-L81; Surfonic® POA-L101; Surfonic® POA-LF1; Surfonic® POA-LF2; Surfonic® POA-LF5; Surfonic® POA-S38; Synperonic PE/L62LF; T-Det® EPO-61; T-Det® EPO-62L; T-Det® EPO-64L; T-Det® EPO-104; Ucon® 75-H-9500; Ukanil 3500; Ukanil 3501

EO/PO ethylenediamine block copolymer

CAS 26314-40-5; 107397-59-1

Synonyms: Ethylenediamine propoxylate/ethoxylate

Definition: Block copolymer with PO blocks adjacent to the amine group; prods. with EO block in this position are also avail.

Properties: Liq. or flakes; nonionic

Uses: Demulsifier for crude oil; low-foaming surfactant for domestic/industrial cleaners; dispersant/thickener for paints, printing inks, cosmetics, rubber; solubilizer/wetting agent for textile/paper auxs. *Trade Names:* Tetronic[®] 90R4; Tetronic[®] 150R1

Eosin disodium. See Acid red 87 Eosine. See Acid red 87 Eosine G. See Acid red 87 Eosinic acid. See Acid orange 11 Eosin Y. See Acid red 87 Eosin YS. See Acid red 87

Epichlorohydrin

CAS 106-89-8; EINECS/ELINCS 203-439-8; UN No. 2023 (DOT)

Synonyms: ECH; 1-Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane; 3-Chloro-1,2-epoxypropane; (Chloromethyl) ethylene oxide; Chloromethyloxirane; 2-(Chloromethyl) oxirane; Chloropropylene oxide; γ-Chloropropylene oxide; 3-Chloro-1,2propylene oxide; α-Epichlorohydrin; 1,2-Epoxy-3-chloropropane; 2,3-Epoxypropyl chloride; Glycerol epichlorhydrin

Classification: Chlorinated epoxide

Empirical: C₃H₅ClO

- Properties: Colorless, highly volatile unstable liq., chloroform-like odor; sol. in ethanol, diethyl ether, chloroform, trichloroethylene, CCl₄; misc. with oxygenated solvs.; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 92.53; dens. 1.17 kg/l; f.p. -25 C; b.p. 115.2 C; flash pt. 33.9 C; ref. index 1.4358
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 2 ppm (skin); LD50 (oral, rat) 90 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 13 mg/kg, (subcut., rat) 150 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 154 mg/kg; poison by ing., skin contact, IV, and IP routes; mod. toxic by inh.; readily absorbed thru skin; corrosive; sensitizer; primary skin and eye irritant; human systemic effects by inh.; confirmed carcinogen; tumorigen; mutagen; experimental teratogen; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- *Precaution:* Flamm.; mod. fire risk; explosive reaction with aniline; violent reaction with sulfuric acid or isopropylamine; exothermic polymerization with strong acids, caustic alkalis, aluminum, zinc, etc.; heating may cause polymerization
- Hazardou's Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, hydrogen chloride gas, phosgene gas; heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Cl⁻
- NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 3; Reactivity 2

Uses: Intermediate for paints; major raw material for epoxy and phenoxy resins; mfg. of glycerol; solvent for cellulose esters and ethers; high wetstr. resins for paper industry; starch crosslinking agent

Regulatory: SARA reportable

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; BASF; Fluka; ICC Chem.; Jarchem Ind.; Kessler; Rit-Chem; Sigma; United Min. & Chem.

α-Epichlorohydrin. See Epichlorohydrin

Epichlorohydrin, adipic acid, diethylenetriamine polymer. See Adipic acid/ epoxypropyl diethylenetriamine copolymer

Epichlorohydrin/dimethylamine copolymer. See Dimethylamine/epichlorohydrin copolymer

Epichlorohydrin/ethylene oxide copolymer

Classification: Epichlorohydrin elastomer

Definition: Vulcanizate characterized by good solvent resist. and reasonable low temp. flexibility

Formula: (CHCH2CICH2OCH2CH2O)x

Uses: Elastomer used for fuel pump diaphragms, pipe gaskets, hose for fuel, oil, and gas, vibration isolators, motor mounts, rolls, adhesives, sponge goods, boots, seals, o-rings, bladders; paper/printing/copier roller coverings; vehicle seals, hoses, and membranes

Epoxides, polymers, epoxy resins. See Epoxy resin

Epoxidized soybean oil acrylate

Uses: Offers good flexibility, pigment wetting; for use in UV and EB curing compositions incl. overprint varnishes, lithographic inks Trade Names: CN 111

Epoxy acrylate

Synonyms: Bisphenol A epoxy acrylate; Epoxy-acrylate resins

- Definition: Acrylate oligomonomer
- Empirical: C₆H₈O₃
- Formula: CH₂CHCOOCH₂CHOCH₂
- Uses: Curing agent for paper clear coatings, wood top coatings, screen inks, litho inks, polyethylene coatings, metal decorative coatings, adhesive papers, wood fillers, solder masks and photoresists; binder for radiationcured printing inks, paper-foil lacquers; UV-reactive inks and varnishes Manuf./Distrib.: Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs
- Trade Names: CN 104; CN 117; CN 118; CN 120; CN 124; Ebecryl® 3500; Ebecryl® 3701; Ebecryl® 3702; Epotuf® 3000; Epotuf® 3020-20 HDDA; Epotuf® 3020-25 TPGDA; Epotuf® 3210; Epotuf® 3230
- Trade Name's Containing: CN 104 A80; CN 104 B80; CN 120 A75; CN 120 B60; CN 120 B80; CN 120 C60; CN 120 C80; CN 120 D80; CN 120 E50; CN 120 M50; Ebecryl® 3701-20T; Photomer® 3016-20T; Photomer® 3016-40R; Photomer® 3016-40T; Photomer® 3038

Epoxy-acrylate resins. See Epoxy acrylate

Epoxy, bisphenol A

Synonyms: Bisphenol A epoxy resin; Epoxy bisphenol A resin Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Heat stabilizer for PVC; exc. halogen capture for flame retardant resins; vehicle or binder in surf. coatings; food-contact coatings; laminating, potting, encapsulation, casting, tooling, coatings, and flooring applics.
- Manuf./Distrib.: Archway Sales; Ashland; Baychem; Cardolite; Ciba Spec. Chems./Addit.; GCA; Lenape Ind.; Lomas Int'l.; Reichhold; Samson; Shell; United Min. & Chem.
- Trade Names: EPON® Resin 825; EPON® Resin 826; EPON® Resin 828; EPON® Resin 1001F; EPON® Resin 1004F; EPON® Resin 1007F; EPON® Resin 1009F

Trade Names Containing: Araldite® PY 302-2; EPON® Resin 2002-FC-10

Epoxy bisphenol A resin. See Epoxy, bisphenol A

Epoxy, bisphenol F

Synonyms: Epoxy-bisphenol F resin

Uses: Resin modifier; Visc. modifier for epoxy novolacs; for adhesives; tank linings; flooring; filament winding; casting; pultrusion; RTM; surf. coating applics; food-contact coatings Manuf./Distrib.: Eastech; K&S Ind.; Seegott; Vantico AG

Trade Names: Araldite® 93-100

Trade Names Containing: Araldite® PY 302-2

Epoxy-bisphenol F resin. See Epoxy, bisphenol F

1,4-Epoxybutane. See Tetrahydrofuran

- 1,2-Epoxy-3-chloropropane. See Epichlorohydrin
- Epoxy compds. See Epoxy resin

Epoxy cresol novolac

- CAS 29690-82-2
 - Synonyms: ECN; Epoxy-cresol-novolac resin; Poly ((o-cresyl glycidyl ether)-co-formaldehyde)

Classification: Polymer

- *Properties:* Dens. 1.120; m.p. 85-95 C
- Toxicology: Irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; possible sensitizer; TSCA listed
- Uses: Epoxy resin for high-temp. adhesives, coatings, food-contact coatings, electrical and laminating product areas; modifier for powd. coatings; hardener in adhesives, fiber sizing, textiles, paper treatment

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Chugai Boyeki Am.; GCA; K&S Ind.; Vantico AG Trade Names: Araldite® 94-105; Araldite® ECN 1400; Araldite® PY 323; Araldite® PZ 3917; Araldite® XU 3900; Araldite® XU 3903

Trade Names Containing: Araldite® PZ 3901

Epoxy-cresol-novolac resin. See Epoxy cresol novolac

Epoxyethane. See Ethylene oxide

1,2-Epoxyethane. See Ethylene oxide

Epoxy novolac acrylate

Uses: Provides heat and solvent resist. to solder resists, marking inks, adhesion on metalized substrates, low shrinkage coatings, heat-resist. applics.

Trade Names Containing: CN 112 C60

- 2,3-Epoxy-1-propanol, methacrylate. See Glycidyl methacrylate
- 2,3-Epoxypropyl chloride. See Epichlorohydrin
- 2,3-Epoxypropyl methacrylate. See Glycidyl methacrylate

Epoxy resin

CÁS 25928-94-3

Synonyms: Condensation prods., epoxy; Epoxides, polymers, epoxy resins; Epoxy compds.; Ethers, cyclic, epoxides, polymers; Plastics, epoxy; Polyethers, epoxy resins

Classification: Polymer

- Definition: A thermosetting resin based on the reactivity of the epoxide group Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2200 mg/kg; strong skin irritant in uncured state; poison by inhalation; moderately toxic by ingestion; little or no toxicity in cured state
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Cl-
- Uses: Plasticizer for surface coatings; adhesive for composites, metals, glass, ceramics; casting metal-forming tools and dies; encapsulation of elec. parts; cements and mortars; rigid foams; stabilizer, modifier for other resins; biomaterial for pharmaceutical topicals, slow-release, and microencapsulation prods.; diluent; in food-contact coatings; in food-contact polysulfide polymer/polyepoxy resins

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 177.1390, 177.1650

Manuf./Distrib.: Abatron; Archway Sales; Ashland; Cardolite; Celanese; Chemcentral; Cognis; Conap; Crompton/Witco; Dow Plastics; Elementis Spec. Perf. Polymers; Emerson & Cuming; Ferro/Bedford; GCA; ICC Chem.; Key Polymer; Miljac; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Monsanto; Morton Int'l.; Reichhold; Samson; Sartomer; Seegott; U.S. Chems.; Union Carbide; United Min. & Chem.; Vantico AĞ; Whyte Chems, I td

Trade Names: Adeka Optomer KR Series

Epsom salts. See Magnesium sulfate anhydrous; Magnesium sulfate heptahydrate

Erucamide

- CAS 112-84-5; EINECS/ELINCS 204-009-2
- Synonyms: Docosenamide; 13-Docosenamide; cis 13-Docosenamide; (Z)-Docos-13-enamide; Erucic acid amide; Erucylamide

Classification: Aliphatic amide

- Empirical: C₂₂H₄₃NO
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CH=CH(CH₂)₁₁CONH₂
- Properties: Wh. waxy beads; sol. in IPA; sl. sol. in alcohol, acetone, oxygenated solvs.; insol. in water; dens. 0.888; m.p. 75-80 C; iodine no. 72-80
- Precaution: Combustible
- Uses: Foam stabilizer; solvent for waxes and resins, emulsions; slip/antiblock agent for polyethylene; lubricant, mold release for rubber and plastics; slip improvement additive in printing inks; opacifier; visc. control agent; lamination of polyethylene to cellophane and in polyethylene extrusion coatings; release agent in food-contact polymers and petroleum wax; in foodpkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; in closuresealing gaskets for food containers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 178.3860 Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Century Multech; Chemax; Croda Universal Ltd; Dama Chems.; Eastech; Fallek; Ferro; Lutianhua; Sigma; Uniqema N. Am.; Vilax Trade Names: Struktol® TR 131

Erucic acid amide. See Erucamide

Erucylamide. See Erucamide

- Ethal. See Cetyl alcohol
- Ethanaminium, N-(4-(bis(4-(diethylamino) phenyl) methylene)-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene)-N-ethyl-, chloride. See Basic violet 4
- Ethanaminium, N-[6-(diethylamino)-9-(2,4-disulfophenyl)-3H-xanthen-3ylidene]-N-ethyl-, hydroxide, inner salt, sodium salt. See Acid red 52
- Ethanaminium, N-4-[[4-(diethylamino) phenyl] (2,4-disulfophenyl) methylene)-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-ethyl-, hydroxide, inner salt, sodium salt. See Acid blue 1

- Ethanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl) oxy]-, methyl sulfate, polymer with 2-propenamide. See Polyquaternium-5 Ethanedial. See Glyoxal
- 1,2-Ethanedial. See Glyoxal
- 1,2-Ethanediamine. See Ethylenediamine
- 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-(2-aminoethyl)-N -(2-((2-aminoethyl) amino) ethyl)-. See Tetraethylenepentamine
- Ethane, 1,1-dichloro-1-fluoro-. See Dichlorofluoroethane
- 1,2-Ethanediol. See Glycol
- Ethane-1,2-diol. See Glycol
- 1,2-Ethanediol dimethacrylate. See Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate
- 1,1-Ethanediol, 2,2,2-trichloro-. See Chloral hydrate
- 1,2-Ethanediylbiscarbamodithioic acid disodium salt. See Nabam
- N,N´-1,2-Ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl) glycine]. See Edetic acid
- N,N -1,2-Ethanediylbis (N-(carboxymethyl)) glycine tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium EDTA
- N,N⁻¹,2-Ethanediylbis [N-(carboxymethyl) glycine], trisodium salt. See Trisodium EDTA
- (1,2-Ethanediylbis (nitrilobis (methylene))) tetrakisphosphonic acid. See Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid)
- N,N'-1,2-Ethanediylbisoctadecanamide. See Ethylene distearamide
- N,N⁻¹,2-Ethanediylbis-9-octadecenamide. See Éthylene dioleamide
- 1,2-Ethanediylbis (oxy) bismethanol

Uses: Biocide Trade Names: Nipacide® FC

- 1,2-Ethanediyl bromoacetate. See 1,2-Bis (bromoacetoxy) ethane
- Ethane-1-hydroxy-1,1-diphosphonate. See Etidronic acid
- Ethane-1-hydroxy-1,1-diphosphonic acid, tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium etidronate
- Ethaneperoxic acid. See Peracetic acid
- 1,1,1-Ethanetriol diphosphonate. See Etidronic acid

Ethanoic acid. See Acetic acid

Ethanoic acid, ethenyl ester. See Vinyl acetate

Ethanol. See Alcohol

- Ethanolamine
 - CAS 141-43-5; EINECS/ELINCS 205-483-3; UN No. 2491 (DOT)
 - Synonyms: MEA; MELA; 2-Aminoethanol; 2-Aminoethyl alcohol; B-Aminoethyl alcohol; β-Ethanolamine; Ethylolamine; Glycinol; β-Hydroxyethylamine; 2-Hydroxyethylamine; Monoethanolamine
 - Classification: Aliphatic amino alcohol; alkanolamine
 - Empirical: C2H7NO
 - *Formula:* NH₂CH₂CH₂OH
 - Properties: Colorless clear mod. visc. liq., ammoniacal odor; misc. with water, alcohol, acetone, glycerin; sol. in chloroform; sl. sol. in benzene; m.w. 61.10; dens. 1.012; m.p. 10.5 C; b.p. 170 C; flash pt. 93 C; ref. index 1.4540
 - Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 3 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 2140 mg/kg, (skin, rat) 1500 mg/kg; poison by IP route; mod. toxic by ingestion, skin contact, subcut., IV routes; corrosive irritant to eyes, skin, mucous membranes; TSCA listed
 - Precaution: DOT: Corrosive material; flamm. exposed to heat or flame; powerful reactive base

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Hygroscopic; store in cool, dry well-ventilated area away from heat and ignition sources
- Uses: Scrubbing acid gases, esp. in synthesis of ammonia; nonionic detergents for dry-cleaning wool treatment, emulsion paints, polishes, agricultural sprays; chemical intermediate; emulsifier for pharmaceuticals; corrosion inhibitor; chem. intermediate for mfg. rubber, vulcanization accelerators; flume wash water additive for food processing; dispersant for agric. chems., polishes, cleansers, paints, cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; adjuvant in slimicides in foodcontact paper/paperboard; in food-contact animal glues; buffering agent Use Level: Limitation 0.3 ppm (in wash water)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.315, 175.105, 176.210, 176.300, 178.3120; not permitted for use in foods intended for babies and young infants in UK; USP/NF, BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; BP Chems. Ltd; Degussa-Hüls AG; Fluka; Houghton Chem.; Huntsman; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Occidental; Oxiteno;

- Research Organics; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Union Carbide; Varsal Instruments; Whyte Chems. Ltd Trade Names: MEA Commercial Grade; MEA Low Freeze Grade; MEA Low Iron Grade; MEA Low Iron-Low Freeze Grade; MEA NF Grade **β-Ethanolamine**. See Ethanolamine Ethanol, 2,2 - ((3-aminopropyl)imino)bis-. See N-(3-Aminopropyl) diethanolamine Ethanol, 2-butoxy-, phosphate (3:1). See Tributoxyethyl phosphate Ethanol, 2-(diethylamino)-. See Diethylaminoethanol Ethanol, 2-(dimethylamino)-. See Dimethylethanolamine Ethanol, 2-(2-ethoxyethoxy). See Ethoxydiglycol Ethanol, 2-(ethylphenylamino)-. See Phenylethylethanolamine Ethanol, 2-(N-ethyl-m-toluidino)-. See N-Ethyl-N-hydroxyethyl-m-toluidine Ethanol, 2,2'-iminobis, N-coco alkyl, N-oxide. See Dihydroxyethyl cocamine oxide Ethanol, 2-(N-methylphenylamino). See 2-(N-Methylanilino) ethanol Ethanol, 2-propoxy. See Ethylene glycol propyl ether Ethanol, undenatured. See Alcohol
- Ethanone, 2,2-dimethoxy-1,2-diphenyl-. See 2,2-Dimethoxy-2-phenylacetophenone
- Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer. See Polyvinyl chloride
- trans-1,2-Ethenedicarboxylic acid. See Fumaric acid
- Ethene, 1,1-dichloro-, homopolymer. See Polyvinylidene chloride
- Ethene, 1,1-dichloro-, polymer with chloroethene. See Vinylidene chloride/ vinyl chloride copolymer
- 2,2'-(1,2-Ethenediyl) bis (5-aminobenzenesulfonic acid). See 4,4'-Diaminostilbene-2,2'-disulfonic acid
- Ethene, homopolymer. See Polyethylene
- Ethene, homopolymer, oxidized. See Polyethylene, oxidized
- Ethene oxide. See Ethylene oxide
- Ethene polymer. See Polyethylene
- Ethenol homopolymer. See Polyvinyl alcohol
- Ethenyl acetate. See Vinyl acetate
- Ethenýl acetate, homopólymer. See Polyvinyl acetate
- Ethenyl acetate, polymer with 2-butenoic acid. See VA/crotonates copolymer
- Ethenylbenzene homopolymer. See Polystyrene
- Ethenylbenzene polymer with 1,3-butadiene. See Styrene/butadiene polymer
- Ethenyl ethanoate. See Vinyl acetate
- 1-Ethenyl-2-pyrrolidinone homopolymer. See PVP
- 1-Ethenyl-2-pyrrolidinone, polymer with ethenylbenzene. See Styrene/ PVP copolymer
- 1-Ethenyl-2-pyrrolidinone polymers. See PVP
- Ethers, cyclic, epoxides, polymers. See Epoxy resin
- Ethiops iron. See Iron oxide black
- 3-Ethochloride of 9-o-carboxyphenyl-6-diethylamino-3-ethylimino-3isoxanthene. See Basic violet 10
- Ethol. See Cetyl alcohol
- Ethoxycarbonylethylene. See Ethyl acrylate
- 9-(2-Ethoxycarbonyl) phenyl-3,6-bis (ethylamino)-2,7-dimethylxanthylium molybdatetungstatephosphate. See Pigment red 81

Ethoxydiglycol

- CAS 111-90-0; EINECS/ELINCS 203-919-7
- Synonyms: DEGEE; 'Carbitol'; Diethylene glycol ethyl ether; Diethylene glycol monoethyl ether; Diglycol monoethyl ether; Ethanol, 2-(2-ethoxyethoxy); 2-(2-Ethoxyethoxy) ethanol; Ethyl diethylene glycol; Ethylene diglycol monoethyl ether
- Classification: Aliphatic ether alcohol

Empirical: C₆H₁₄O₃

Formula: CH₂OHCH₂OCH₂CH₂OC₂H₅

- Properties: Colorless liq., mild pleasant odor; sol. in water and org. solvs., e.g., acetone, benzene, chloroform, ethanol, ether; m.w. 134.20; dens. 0.990 (20 C); m.p. -76 C; b.p. 195-202 C; flash pt. (OC) 96.1 C; ref. index 1.425 (25 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5500 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 6310 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 2200 mg/kg, (skin, rat) 6000 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing., IP, IV, and other routes; mildly toxic by skin contact; skin and eye irritant; can be absorbed thru skin, but health effects unlikely; ing. may cause CNS depression, respiratory depression, sl. kidney injury, thirst, metabolic acidosis and cyanosis; high/repeated exposure may affect kidney; experimental reproductive

effects; mutation data; TSCA listed

- Precaution: Combustible liq. and vapor; peroxide former; can react with oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight; very hygroscopic
- Uses: Solvent for dyes, nitrocellulose, resins, paints, inks, textile printing, lacquers, quick-dry varnishes, enamels, wood stains, thinners, cosmetics; mutual solvent for mineral oil-soap and mineral oil-sulfonated oil mixts.; humectant; soaps; organic synthesis; brake fluid diluent; mfg. of plasticizers; solvent, thinner in nail enamels; solvent, solubilizer, cosurfactant for pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Eastman; Fluka; Great Western; M.M.P.; Occidental; Oxiteno; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Union Carbide
- Trade Names Containing: FC-520

2-(2-Ethoxyethoxy) ethanol. See Ethoxydiglycol

Ethoxyethoxyethyl acrylate. See 2-(2-Ethoxyethoxy) ethyl acrylate

2-(2-Ethoxyethoxy) ethyl acrylate

- Synonyms: EOEOEA; Ethoxyethoxyethyl acrylate
- Uses: Monomer, reactive diluent for radiation-curable ink and coating formulations
- Manuf./Distrib.: Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Morton Int'l. Trade Names Containing: CN 970 H75; CN 973 H85

Ethoxylated fatty alcohols (C16-18). See Ceteareth

Ethoxylated tridecyl alcohol. See Trideceth

8-((4´-((4-Ethoxyphenyl) azo)-3,3´-dimethyl (1,1´-biphenyl)-4-yl) azo)-7-hydroxy-1,3-naphthalenedisulfonic acid, disodium salt. See Direct red 39

Ethyl acetate

- CAS 141-78-6; EINECS/ELINCS 205-500-4; UN No. 1173 (DOT); FEMA 2414
- Synonyms: Acetic acid, ethyl ester; Acetic ester; Acetic ether; Acetoxyethane; Ethyl acetic ester; Ethyl ethanoate; Vinegar naphtha
- Classification: Sat. aliphatic carboxylic acid ester
- Definition: Ester of ethyl alcohol and acetic acid
- Empirical: C4H8O2
- Formula: CH₃COOC₂H₅
- Properties: Colorless liq., fragrant fruity odor, acetous burning taste; sol. in chloroform, alcohol, ether, acetone, benzene, fixed and volatile oils; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 88.12; dens. 0.902 (20/4 C); bulk dens. 0.8945 g/ml; f.p. -83.6 C; b.p. 77 C; flash pt. -4.4 C; ref. index 1.3723; surf. tens. 24 dynes/cm (20 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 400 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 5620 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 709 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 8 h) 1600 ppm; poison by inh.; mod. toxic by IP and subcut. routes; mildly toxic by ing.; irritant to eyes, skin, mucous membranes; human systemic effects by inh.; mildly narcotic; CNS depressant; can cause dermatitis; high concs. can cause liver/ kidney congestion; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Flamm. liq.; very dangerous fire hazard exposed to heat or flame; can react vigorously with oxidizers; incompat. with strong oxidizers, strong acids, bases, potassium t-butoxide
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Ethanol, acetic acid; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight, away from heat/ignition sources
- Uses: General solvent in automotive paints, coatings, plastics, lacquers, printing inks, adhesives, organic synthesis, smokeless powders, artificial leather, photographic films and plates, pharmaceuticals; vehicle in cosmetics; synthetic fruit essences; flavoring agent in foods/pharmaceuticals; fragrance ingred.; spotting solvent (dry cleaning); cleaning textiles; nail polish removers; color diluent, extraction solvent for food use; reagent; adjuvant in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in cellophane for food pkg.
- Use Level: 67 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 50-65 ppm (alcoholic bever-

ages), 99 ppm (ice cream, ices), 170 ppm (candy), 170 ppm (baked goods), 200 ppm (gelatins, puddings), 1400 ppm (chewing gum); ADI 0-25 mg/kg (FAO/WHO)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR § 73.1, 172.560, 173.228, 175.320, 177.1200, 182.60, GRAS; 27CFR §21.106; FEMA GRAS; Japan approved with restrictions; FDA approved for ophthalmics, orals, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfrebro; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BP Amoco; BP Chems. Ltd; Baychem; Berje; Brown; Celanese; Chemcentral; Chisso Am.; Degussa-Hüls AG; Eastman; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; Harcros; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; J.T. Baker; Lonza Ltd; Mallinckrodt Baker; Monsanto; Penta Mfg.; Punda Mercantile; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Samson; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sunnyside; Union Carbide; Van Waters & Rogers

Trade Names Containing: Metalure® L-55350

Ethyl acetic ester. See Ethyl acetate

Ethyl acrylate

- CAS 140-88-5; EINECS/ELINCS 205-438-8; UN No. 1917 (DOT); FEMA 2418
- Synonyms: Acrylic acid, ethyl ester; Ethoxycarbonylethylene; Ethyl propenoate; Ethyl 2-propenoate; 2-Propenoic acid, ethyl ester

Definition: Esterification of acrylic acid

Empirical: C₅H₈O₂

Formula: CH₂:CHCOOC₂H₅

- Properties: Colorless liq., penetrating and persistent odor; sol. in alcohol, ether, oxygenated solvs.; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 100.12; sp.gr. 0.918; m.p. -71 to -75 C; f.p. 60 F; b.p. 99-100 C; ref. index 1.4068
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 ppm; STEL 15 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 800 mg/ kg, (IP, rat) 450 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., mouse) 16,200 mg/m³; poison by ing. and inh.; mod. toxic by skin contact and IP routes; skin and eye irritant; human systemic effects by inh.; pulmonary changes; can severely irritate gastroenteric tract; may cause dyspnea, cyanosis, convulsions; migrates to food from pkg.; delisted as human carcinogen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm. liq.; very dangerous fire hazard exposed to heat/flame; can react vigorously with oxidizers; readily polymerized; violent reaction with chlorosulfonic acid
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Acrylic resin comonomer for paints, adhesives, textiles, leather, paper coatings; nitrile rubber comonomer; synthetic flavoring agent in foods and pharmaceuticals; nonwoven binder; modifier for oils/alkyds in food-contact coatings
- Use Level: 0.13-0.26 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 0.06-1 ppm (ice cream, ices), 1.1 ppm (candy), 1.1 ppm (baked goods), 0.1 ppm (chewing gum)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 175.300; FEMA GRAS; SARA reportable; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Bencorp Int'l.; Celanese; Filo; Fluka; G.J. Chem.; LG Chem. Am.; Union Carbide; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Trade Names: Rohamere® 84116

Trade Names Containing: Rohamere® 21; Rohamere® 61; Rohamere® 132; Rohamere® 568; Rohamere® 977; Rohamere® 1900-D; Rohamere® 1960-D; Rohamere® 3045; Rohamere® 8437; Rohamere® 8464; Rohamere® 8478; Rohamere® 8596; Rohamere® 8662; Rohamere® 9158; Rohamere® 84124; Rohamere® 87219

Ethyl acrylate/2-ethylhexylacrylate copolymer

CAS 26376-86-3

Uses: Defoamer, deaerator in lubricating oil dispersions

Trade Names: Modaflow® 2100; Modaflow® Resin

Trade Names Containing: Modaflow® Powder 2000; Modaflow® Powder III; Multiflow® Resin

Ethyl acrylate latex. See Polyethylacrylate

Ethyl acrylate resin. See Polyethylacrylate

Ethyl acrylate resin polymer. See Polyethylacrylate

Ethyl alcohol. See Alcohol

Ethyl alcohol, undenatured. See Alcohol

2-((6-Ethylamino)-3-ethylimino-2,7-dimethyl-3H-xanthene-9-yl) benzoic acid, ethyl ester with molybdenum tungsten hydroxide oxide phosphate. See Pigment red 81 2-(N-Ethylanilino) ethanol. See Phenylethylethanolamine Ethyl trans-2-butenoate. See Ethyl crotonate Ethyl carbinol. See Propyl alcohol Ethyl citrate. See Triethyl citrate

Ethyl crotonate

- CAS 623-70-1; 10544-63-5; EINECS/ELINCS 210-808-7; UN No. 1862 (DOT); FEMA 3486
- Synonyms: 2-Butenoic acid, ethyl ester; trans-2-Butenoic acid ethyl ester; Crotonic acid, ethyl ester; Ethyl trans-2-butenoate; Ethyl α -crotonate; Ethyl β -methylacrylate
- Definition: Obtained by esterification of crotonic acid with ethyl alcohol in presence of conc. H_2O_4

Empirical: C₆H₁₀O₂

- Formula: CH₃CH:CHCOOC₂H₅
- Properties: Water-wh. solid or liq., char. pungent persistent odor; sol. in alcohol, ether, oxygenated solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 114.15; dens. 0.916 (20/4 C); m.p. 45 C; b.p. 126 C (cis), 145 C (trans); flash pt. 2 C; ref. index 1.425 (20 C)
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 3 g/kg; corrosive; sl. toxic by ing.; lachrymator; strong irritant to eyes, skin, respiratory system; TSCA listed

Precaution: Highly flamm.; dangerous fire risk

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- *Storage:* Keep away from ignition sources
- Uses: Solvent; softening agent; lacquers; organic synthesis; fragrance ingred.; synthetic flavoring agent for foods and pharmaceuticals; mfg. of copolymers with vinyl acetate used in lacquers and paper sizing; mfg. of DLthreonine, vitamin A

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515; FEMA GRAS *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich: Fluka: Grau Aromatics

Ethyl α-crotonate. See Ethyl crotonate

Ethyl diethylene glycol. See Ethoxydiglycol

Ethyl 4-(dimethylamino) benzoate

CAS 10287-53-3; EINECS/ELINCS 233-634-3

- Synonyms: 4-Dimethylaminobenzoic acid, ethyl ester; Ethyl-p-(dimethylamino) benzoate
- Classification: Amine
- Empirical: C11H15NO2

Properties: Sol. in acrylates; m.w. 193.25; m.p. 61-64 C

- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: UV photoinitiator, photoactivator, synergist for UV-cured coatings, lacquers, printing inks
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; ChemFirst; Fluka; Hampford Research; Nordic Synthesis AB
- Trade Names: Esacure® EDB

Ethyl-p-(dimethylamino) benzoate. See Ethyl 4-(dimethylamino) benzoate N-Ethyl-N,N-dimethyl-3-[(1-oxoisooctadecyl) amino]-1-propanaminium ethyl sulfate. See Isostearamidopropyl ethyldimonium ethosulfate

Ethyldimethyl [3-[(1-oxoisooctadecyl) amino] propyl] ammonium ethyl sulfate. See Isostearamidopropyl ethyldimonium ethosulfate

Ethylene/acrylic acid copolymer

CAS 9010-77-9

Synonyms: EAA; Poly (ethylene-co-acrylic acid); 2-Propenoic acid with ethene; 2-Propenoic acid, polymer with ethene

Definition: Copolymer of ethylene and acrylic acid monomers

Formula: $(CH_2CH_2)_x[CH_2CH(CO_2H)]_y$

Properties: Solid; dens. 0.960

- Toxicology: Irritant; TSCA listed
- Uses: Binder for nonwoven fibers; lubricant and processing aid for plastics; pigment dispersant; gellant for cosmetic oils; anticorrosion agent; flatting/ antisettling agent in paints; emulsion stabilizer; film-former; adhesive film (carpet underlay); laminating adhesives (aluminum/plastic film); mold release; in polishes; coatings; in food pkg.; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; food-contact surfaces

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1310, 178.1005

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: A-C® 540; A-C® 540A; A-C® 580; A-C® 5120; A-C® 5180; Nucrel® 3990

Ethylene/acrylic acid/VA copolymer.	See Ethylene/acrylic acid/vinyl acetate
copolymer	

Ethylene/acrylic acid/vinyl acetate copolymer

CAS 26713-18-8

Synonyms: Ethylene/acrylic acid/VA copolymer; 2-Propenoic acid, polymer with ethene and ethenyl acetate

Definition: Copolymer of ethylene, acrylic acid, and vinyl acetate monomers Uses: Film-former for adhesives, floor finishes, general coatings; emulsions; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Trade Names: ACter® 1450

Ethylene alcohol. See Glycol

Ethylene aldehyde. See Acrolein Ethylene bis (bromoacetate). See 1,2-Bis (bromoacetoxy) ethane

Ethylenebis (dithiocarbamate) disodium salt. See Nabam

Ethylenebis (dithiocarbamic acid) disodium salt. See Nabam

Ethylenebis (iminodiacetic acid) tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium EDTA

N,N'-Ethylenebisoleamide. See Ethylene dioleamide

Ethylene bis (stearamide). See Ethylene distearamide

N,N'-Ethylene bisstearamide. See Ethylene distearamide

Ethylenebisstearoamide. See Ethylene distearamide

Ethylenebis (stearylamide). See Éthylene distearamide

Ethylene bromoacetate. See 1,2-Bis (bromoacetoxy) ethane

Ethylene/butyl acrylate copolymer

CAS 25750-84-9

Synonyms: Poly (ethylene-co-butyl acrylate)

Classification: Acrylic polymer

Definition: Copolymer of ethylene and butyl acrylate monomers

Formula: (CH₂CH₂)_x [CH₂CH[CO₂(CH₂)₃CH₃]]_y

- Properties: Pellets; melt index 35-45 g/10 min (35% butyl acrylate); sp.gr. 0.930
- Toxicology: May be harmful by inh., ing., or skin absorption; may cause eye/ skin irritation; may irritate mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents, acids; capable of creating a dust explosion in powd. form
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic fumes of CO, CO₂; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions

Storage: Store in cool, dry place; keep tightly closed

Uses: For extrusion coating, adhesives, food-pkg. adhesives; for coatings and laminations with oriented PP, PET, papers, clay-coated board and nylon substrates for specialty pkg.

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Enathene® EA 720-009

Ethylenecarboxamide. See Acrylamide

Ethylene carboxylic acid. See Acrylic acid

Ethylene, chloro-, polymer. See Polyvinyl chloride

Ethylene, chlorotrifluoro-, polymers. See Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer

Ethylenediamine

- CAS 107-15-3 (anhyd.); 6780-13-8 (monohydrate); EINECS/ELINCS 203-468-6; UN No. 1604 (DOT)
- Synonyms: EDA; 1,2-Diaminoethane; Dimethylenediamine; 1,2-Ethanediamine
- Classification: Aliphatic organic compd.; aliphatic polyamine

Empirical: C₂H₈N₂

- Formula: NH₂CH₂CH₂NH₂
- Properties: Colorless to sl. yel. clear volatile liq., ammonia-like odor; sol. in acetone, ethanol, dimethylsulfoxide, benzene, water; sl. sol. in diethyl ether, heptane; misc. with water, alcohol, oxygenated and aromatic solvs.; m.w. 60.12; dens. 0.8994 (20/4 C); m.p. 8.5 C; b.p. 117.2 C; flash pt. (CC) 42 C; ref. index 1.4565
- Toxicology: TLV/TWA 10 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 500 mg/kg; human irritant poison by inh.; mod. toxic by ingestion, skin contact; corrosive; severe skin and eye irritant; lachrymator; allergen, sensitizer; mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Precaution: DOT: Corrosive material; flamm. exposed to heat, flame, oxidizers; can react violently with acetic acid, acetic anhydride, acrylic acid, epichlorohydrin, many others; absorbs CO₂ from air to form the carbamate salt

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, hydrogen cyanide, volatile amines;

heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x and NH₃ NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0 *Storage:* Hygroscopic; air-sensitive

Uses: Chemical intermediate in mfg. of fungicides, chelating agents, polyamide resins, corrosion inhibitors, rubber chems., dimethylolethylene-urea resins, syn. waxes, fuel additives; solvent; emulsifier; textile lubricants; antifreeze inhibitor; agric.; ion-exchange resins; epoxy curing agent; thermoplastics lubricants; stabilizer for dyes; solvent for shellac; flume wash water additive for food processing; antimicrobial for cane-sugar/beet-sugar mills; stabilizer, buffer for pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; adjuvant in slimicides in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact animal glues

Use Level: Limitation 0.1 ppm (in wash water), zero tolerance (milk)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.315, 173.320 (1 ppm max.), 175.105, 176.300, 178.3120, 556.270, 181.30; FDA approved for IV, injectables, orals, rectals, topicals; USP, BP, Ph.Eur., JP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; BASF AG; BASF; Coyne; Diamines & Chems. Ltd; Dow; Fluka; Houghton Chem.; Nova Molecular Tech.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tosoh; Union Carbide

Ethylenediamine acetic acid trisodium salt. See Trisodium EDTA

Ethylenediamine bisstearamide. See Ethylene distearamide

- N,N⁻-Ethylenediaminediacetic acid tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium EDTA Ethylenediamine propoxylate/ethoxylate. See EO/PO ethylenediamine block copolymer
- Ethylenediamine steardiamide. See Ethylene distearamide
- Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid. See Edetic acid
- Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, calcium disodium salt. See Calcium disodium EDTA
- Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, disodium salt. See Disodium EDTA Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, sodium salt. See Tetrasodium EDTA Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium EDTA Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, trisodium salt. See Trisodium EDTA

Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid)

- CAS 1429-50-1
- Synonyms: EDTMPA; EDTPO; Editempa acid; (1,2-Ethanediylbis (nitrilobis (methylene))) tetrakisphosphonic acid; N,N,N',N'-Ethylenediamine tetra (methylenephosphonic acid); (Ethylenedinitrilo)-tetramethylenephosphonic acid; Phosphonic acid, (1,2-ethanediylbis (nitrilobis (methylene))) tetrakis-Empirical: C₆H₂₀N₂O₁₂P₄

Properties: Wh. cryst. solid; m.w. 436.13

- Uses: Electroplating bath additive; scale inhibitor/chelating agent for boilers, cooling towers, oil field water systems; sequestrant in laundry and industrial detergents; sequestrant, dispersant, scale inhibitor for I&I cleaning, detergents, metal cleaning, pulp and paper bleaching, dairy cleaners, bottle washing, electroplating, oil field water treatment, peroxide stabilization, textile applics, flash desalination
- Trade Names: Aquacid-109 EX; Dequest® 2041
- N,N,N[°],N⁻Ethylenediamine tetra (methylenephosphonic acid). See Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid)
- Ethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonic acid), pentasodium salt. See Pentasodium ethylene diamine tetramethylene phosphonate
- 1,2-Ethylenedicarboxylic acid. See Fumaric acid
- trans-1,2-Ethylenedicarboxylic acid. See Fumaric acid
- Ethylene, 1,1-dichloro-, polymer with chloroethylene. See Vinylidene chloride/vinyl chloride copolymer
- Ethylene diglycol monoethyl ether. See Ethoxydiglycol
- Ethylene dihydrate. See Glycol
- Ethylene dimethacrylate. See Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate
- (Ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetic acid. See Édetic acid
- (Ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetic acid, sodium salt. See Disodium EDTA
- (Ethýlenedinitrilo)-tetramethylenephosphonic acid. See Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid)

Ethylene dioleamide

- CAS 110-31-6; EINECS/ELINCS 203-756-1
- Synonyms: N,N⁻-Dioleoylethylenediamine; N,N⁻-1,2-Ethanediylbis-9octadecenamide; N,N⁻-Ethylenebisoleamide; 9-Octadecenamide, N,N⁻-1,2-ethanediylbis-

Classification: Diamide

Empirical: C₃₈H₇₂N₂O₂

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Syn. wax used as plastics processing lubricant and release agent, antistat, antiblock, slip agent, m.p. modifier for waxes, industrial asphalts and tar, pigment dispersant for resin systems; polyamide-paraffin coupling agent; visc. control agent; in adhesive tapes; coatings; food-pkg. materials; release agent in food-contact coatings, PVC films; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 177.1200, 178.3860 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Advawax® 240; Kemamide® W-20

Ethylene distearamide

CAS 110-30-5; 68955-45-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-755-6; 273-277-0

Synonyms: 1,2-Bis (octadecanamido) ethane; 1,2-Bis (stearoylamino) ethane; N,N-Bis-stearoylethylenediamide; N,N'-Distearoylethylenediamine; N,N'-1,2-Ethanediylbisoctadecanamide; Ethylene bis (stearamide); N,N -Ethylene bisstearamide; Ethylenebisstearoamide; Ethylenebis (stearylamide); Ethylenediamine bisstearamide; Ethylenediamine steardiamide; N,N -Ethylenedistearamide; N,N - Ethylene distearylamide; Octadecanamide, N,N⁻¹,2-ethanediylbis-; Octadecanamide, N,N⁻-ethylenebis-; Stearic acid, ethylenediamine diamide

Classification: Diamide

Empirical: C₃₈H₇₆N₂O₂

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆CONH(CH₂)₂NHCO(CH₂)₁₆CH₃

Properties: Solid; insol. in water; m.w. 593.04; bulk dens. 0.6 g/ml; m.p. 143 C; flash pt. (COC) 290 C; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Lubricant, processing aid for PVC, PS, ABS, nylon; mold release agent for plastics; peptizing agent and dispersant for tech. NR articles; paint raw material; defoamer for pulp/paper, water treatment; visc. control agent; release agent in food-contact coatings; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pka.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 177.1200

- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Am. Int'l.; Chemax; Eastech; Fabrichem; H & C Ind.; Hexagon Enterprises; Lipo; Lonza; Mercator; Rhodia HPCII; SCI Int'I. USA; Shen Enterprise; Thornley; Unigema N. Am.; Venus Ethoxyethers
- Trade Names: Acrawax® C; Advawax® 280; Advawax® 290; Alkamide® STEDA; Glycowax® 765; Kemamide® W-39; Kemamide® W-40; Kemamide[®] W-45; Lipowax C; Ross Wax #140

N,N⁻Ethylenedistearamide. See Ethylene distearamide

N,N'-Ethylene distearylamide. See Ethylene distearamide

Ethylene glycol. See Glycol

Ethylene glycol, acrylate. See 2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate

Ethylene glycol, bis (bromoacetate). See 1,2-Bis (bromoacetoxy) ethane

Ethylene glycol butyl ether. See Butoxyethanol

Ethylene glycol n-butyl ether. See Butoxyethanol

Ethylene glycol dilaurate. See Glycol dilaurate

Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate

CAS 97-90-5; EINECS/ELINCS 202-617-2

Synonyms: EDMA; 1,2-Bis (methacryloyloxy) ethane; 1,2-Ethanediol dimethacrylate; Ethylene dimethacrylate

Empirical: C₁₀H₁₄O₄

Formula: CH₂:C(CH₃)COOCH₂CH₂OCOC(CH₃):CH₂

Properties: Pale yel. liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 198.22; dens. 1.053 (20/4 C); b.p. 66-68 C; flash pt. (COC) 113 C; ref. index 1.545 (20 C)

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3300 mg/kg, (oral, mouse) 2 g/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal routes; irritating to eyes, respiratory system; lachrymator; mutagen; TSCA listed

Storage: Photosensitive; refrigerate

Uses: Crosslinker and modifier for ABS, acrylic sheet and rods, PVC; peroxide crosslinking agent (rubber); rubber modifier; comonomer for crosslinked acrylic/vinyl resins; ion exchange resins; glaze coatings; dental polymers; paper processing aids; adhesives; optical polymers; leather finishing; moisture barrier films

Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; CPS; Fluka; Hampford Research; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Rohm Tech; Sartomer; Sigma

Trade Names: Bisomer EGDMA

Trade Names Containing: Ageflex EGDMA

Ethylene glycol dioleate. See Glycol dioleate

Ethylene glycol distearate. See Glycol distearate

Ethylene glycol methacrylate. See 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate

Ethylene glycol monoacrylate. See 2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether. See Butoxyethanol

Ethylene glycol mono-n-butyl ether. See Butoxyethanol

Ethylene glycol monolaurate. See Glycol laurate

Ethylene glycol monomethacrylate. See 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate

Ethylene glycol monooleate. See Glycol oleate

Ethylene glycol monopalmitate. See Glycol palmitate

Ethylene glycol monopropyl ether. See Ethylene glycol propyl ether

Ethylene glycol mono-n-propyl ether. See Ethylene glycol propyl ether

Ethylene glycol monoricinoleate. See Glycol ricinoleate

Ethylene glycol monostearate. See Glycol stearate

Ethylene glycol monostearate SE. See Glycol stearate SE

Ethylene glycol nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-1

Ethylene glycol octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-1

Ethylene glycol/propylene glycol block copolymer. See EO/PO block polymer or copolymer

Ethylene glycol propyl ether

CAS 2807-30-9; EINECS/ELINCS 220-548-6

Synonyms: Ethanol, 2-propoxy; Ethylene glycol monopropyl ether; Ethylene glycol mono-n-propyl ether; Monopropyl ether of ethylene glycol; 2-Propoxyethanol; Propyl 'Cellosolve'

Empirical: C5H12O2

- Formula: CH₂OHCH₂OCH₂CH₂CH₃
- Properties: Liq.; sol. in water; m.w. 104.17; dens. 0.913 (20/20 C); f.p. -90 C; b.p. 149.5 C; flash pt. (TCC) 49 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3089 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 960 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., mouse, 7 h) 1530 ppm; mod. toxic by ing. and skin contact; mild toxicity by inh.; skin and severe eye irritant; experimental teratogen, reproductive effector; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; can react with oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Solvent for coatings, cosmetics, resins; coupling solvent for resin/ water systems

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; Eastman; Sal Chem. Trade Names Containing: Araldite® PZ 3901

Ethylene glycol stearate. See Glycol stearate Ethylene homopolymer. See Polyethylene

Ethyleneimine, homopolymer. See Polyethylenimine

Ethyleneimine polymer. See Polyethylenimine

Ethyleneimine resin. See Polyethylenimine

Ethylene latex. See Polyethylene

Ethylene/MA copolymer

CAS 9006-26-2

Synonyms: EMA; Ethylene/maleic anhydride copolymer; 2,5-Furandione, polymer with ethene; Maleic anhydride/polyethylene copolymer

Definition: Polymer of ethylene and maleic anhydride monomers

Formula: [CH₂CH₂]_x[CHCOOHCHCOOH]_y

Properties: Fine powd.; water-sol.

Precaution: Reacts readily with alcohols and amines

Uses: Binder; film-former; dispersant for detergents, oil-well drilling muds; thickener in textile printing pastes, cosmetics; textile sizes; printing inks; stabilizer, thickener in lig. detergents, cosmetics, paints; water-sol. films for pharmaceutical capsules; bonding/compatibilizing agent for substrates, polymers, and polymer blends for paper coatings, wood prods., adhesives/sealants, plastics (olefin blends and filled olefins); suspending agent; ceramic binders; food pkg.; closure-sealing gaskets for food containers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.1210, 177.1520

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Sigma

Ethylene/maleic anhydride copolymer. See Ethylene/MA copolymer

Ethylene/methacrylic acid copolymer

CAS 25053-53-6 Synonyms: EMAA; Poly (ethylene-co-methacrylic acid) Classification: Acrylic polymer Formula: $(CH_2CH_2)_x[CH_2C(CH_3)(CO_2H)]_y$ Properties: Pellets; dens. 0.970; m.p. 76-83 C; tens. str. 21.4-25 MPa Toxicology: May be harmful by inh., inq., or skin absorption; may cause eye/ skin irritation; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic fumes of CO, CO₂, acids, aldehydes, alcohols; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions

Storage: Store in cool, dry place; keep tightly closed

Uses: Copolymer for extrusion into sheet, film, and coatings; inj. molding; blow molding; thermoforming; hot-melt adhesives; sealants; food pkg. Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Nucrel® 0407; Nucrel® 0609HS; Nucrel® 0908HS; Nucrel® 0910HS; Nucrel® 1214

Ethylene/methyl acrylate/acrylic acid terpolymer

CAS 41525-41-1

Synonyms: Poly (ethylene-co-methyl acrylate-co-acrylic acid)

Classification: Olefin; acrylic

Formula: $(CH_2CH_2)_x[CH_2CH(CO_2CH_2)]_v[CH_2CH(CO_2H)]_z$

Properties: Pellets; dens. 0.942; m.p. 65 C; acid no. 45

- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (nuisance particulates); may be harmful by inh., ing., or skin absorption; may cause irritation to eyes, skin, respiratory system
- Precaution: In powd. form, capable of creating a dust explosion; static charge buildup can be a potential fire hazard when used in presence of volatile/ flamm. mixts.; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions

Storage: Keep tightly closed; store in cool dry place

Uses: Impact modifier for engineering thermoplastics; adhesion modifier for rubber compds., TPOs, adhesives; food-pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard; adhesive for biaxially oriented nylon and PC films

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Escor® AT-310; Escor® AT-320; Escor® AT-325

Ethylene oxide

- CAS 75-21-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-849-9; UN No. 1040 (DOT); FEMA 2433
- Synonyms: EO; ETO; Dihydrooxirene; Dimethylene oxide; Epoxyethane; 1,2-Epoxyethane; Ethene oxide; Oxacyclopropane; Oxane; Oxidoethane; α,β -Oxidoethane; Oxirane

Empirical: C₂H₄O

- Properties: Colorless gas or liq.; very sol. in ether; sol. in org. solvs.; misc. with water, alcohol, oxygenated solvs.; m.w. 44.06; dens. 0.8711 (20/20 C); m.p. -111.3 C; b.p. 10.73 C; flash pt. 0 F
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 1 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 72 mg/kg; poison by ing., IP, subcut., IV routes; mod. toxic by inh.; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory tract; human systemic effects by inh. (convulsions, nausea, vomiting, pulmonary changes); suspected human carcinogen; experimental tumorigen, neoplastigen, teratogen; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm.; severe explosion hazard exposed to flame; violent polymerization on contact with ammonia, alkali hydroxides, amines, acids, etc.
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Mfg. of ethylene glycol and higher glycols, surfactants, acrylonitrile, ethanolamines, ethoxylates; petroleum demulsifier; rocket propellant; industrial sterilant (medical plastic tubing); fungicide; fumigant in sizing for paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for ophthalmics, topicals; SARA reportable; BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; BASF; BP Amoco; Celanese; Cognis/Chems. Group; Degussa-Hüls AG; Dow; Eastman; Equistar; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Huntsman; MG Ind.; Occidental; Rhodia HPCII; Shell; Sunoco; Total Spec. Chems.; Union Carbide

Ethylene oxide adduct of 2,4,7,9-tetramethyl-5-decyn-4,7-diol. See PEG tetramethyl decynediol

Ethylene polymer. See Polyethylene

Ethylene polymers. See Polyethylene Ethylene resin. See Polyethylene

Ethylene/VA copolymer

CAS 24937-78-8

Synonyms: EVA; EVM; VAE; Acetic acid, ethenyl ester, polymer with

ethene; Ethylene vinyl acetate; Ethylene/vinyl acetate copolymer; EVA copolymer; Poly (ethylene-co-vinyl acetate); VA/ethylene copolymer; Vinyl acetate/ethylene copolymer

Classification: Elastomer

Definition: Thermoplastic copolymer of ethylene and vinyl acetate monomers Formula: $(CH_2CH_2)_x[CH_2CH(O_2CCH_3)]_y$

Properties: Dens. 0.930; m.p. 99 C

Toxicology: Suspected cancer agent, mutagen

- *Uses:* Syn. rubber for tech. moldings and extrudates, lamp seals, cable sheathings and insulations, cellular rubber goods, footwear soles, waterproof sheeting, hot-melt and pressure-sensitive hot-melt adhesives, coatings, inks, lacquers, sealants; impact modifier for PVC; coating binder and saturant for paper/paperboard, nonwovens, medical/surgical applics., fiber laminates; in thermoplastics; in pharmaceutical ophthalmics, otics, topicals, slow-release, microencapsulation; emulsion stabilizer; film-former; flatting and antisettling agent in paints/coatings; dispersant and color enhancer in color concs.; in food-contact coatings and surfaces; in closuresealing gaskets for food containers; in cellophane for food pkg
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 178.1005; FDA approved for ophthalmics, otics
- Manuf./Distrib.: Air Prods.; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Bayer; Chemcentral; Dow; Equistar; Focus; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Kingsfield; Marco Polo Int'l.; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Nat'l. Casein; Nat'l. Starch & Chem.; Tamms Ind.; Union Carbide
- Trade Names: A-C® 400; A-C® 400A; A-C® 405(M); A-C® 405(S); A-C® 405(T); A-C® 430; Airflex® 100 HS; Airflex® 105; Airflex® 108; Airflex® 110; Airflex® 124; Airflex® 144; Airflex® 300; Airflex® 320; Airflex® 323; Airflex® 400; Airflex® 426; Airflex® 440; Airflex® 440H; Airflex® 465; Airflex® 7200; Dur-O-Set® E-623; Dur-O-Set® E-646; Dur-O-Set® Elite 22; Dur-O-Set® Elite 33; Elvace® 731; Elvace® 733; Elvace® 734; Elvace® 735; Elvace® 736; Elvace® 739; Elvace® 40713-00; Elvace® 40722-00; Elvace® 40724-00; Elvace® 97955-00; Elvax® 310; Elvax® 350; Elvax® 360; Elvax® 550, 560; Hoechst Wax PE 890; Microthene® FE 532-00; Ultrathene® UE 631-04; Ultrathene® UE 634-04; Ultrathene® UE 634-67; Ultrathene® UE 639-67; Ultrathene® UE 649-04; Ultrathene® UE 653-67; Ultrathene® UE 654-67

Ethylene vinyl acetate. See Ethylene/VA copolymer

Ethylene/vinyl acetate copolymer. See Ethylene/VA copolymer

Ethylene/vinyl chloride copolymer

- Uses: Crosslinkable flexible binder and saturant for paper/paperboard applics. food-contact paper/paperboard; nonwoven binder for fiberfill and high loft stock requiring flame retardancy; imparts flexibility and water resist. to caulks, mastics, barrier coats in building applics; high build flexible coatings; low MVTR coatings
- Trade Names: Airflex® 4500; Airflex® 4514; Airflex® 4530; Vancryl® 600; Vancryl® 605; Vancryl® 610

Ethylenimine, polymers. See Polyethylenimine

Ethyl ethanoate. See Ethyl acetate

- Ethyl o-(6-(ethylamino)-3-(ethylimino)-2,7-dimethyl-3H-xanthen-9-yl) benzoate monohydrochloride. See Basic red 1
- Ethylethylene. See 1-Butene N-Ethyl-N-[4-[[4-[ethyl](3-sulfophenyl) methyl] amino] phenyl] (4sulfophenyl) methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-3-sulfobenzenemethanaminium inner salt, disodium salt. See Acid green 5
- 4-Ethyl-2-(8-heptadecenyl)-4,5-dihydro-4-oxazolemethanol. See Ethyl hydroxymethyl oleyl oxazoline
- 4-Ethyl-2-(8-heptadecenyl)-2-oxazoline-4-methanol. See Ethyl hydroxymethyl oleyl oxazoline

2-Ethylhexanol

CAS 104-76-7; EINECS/ELINCS 203-234-3; FEMA 3151

Synonyms: 2-EH; Alcohol C₈; 2-Ethyl-1-hexanol; 2-Ethylhexan-1-ol; 2-Ethylhexyl alcohol; 1-Hexanol, 2-ethyl

- Classification: Alcohol
- Empirical: C₈H₁₈O
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₃CHC₂H₅CH₂OH
- Properties: Colorless clear liq., mild oily sweet sl. rose fragrance; sol. in ethanol, ether, diethyl ether, DMSO, acetone, benzene, chloroform; misc. with most org. solvs.; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 130.26; dens. 0.83 (20 C); vapor pressure 0.05 mm Hg (20 C); f.p. -76 C; b.p. 183.5 C; flash pt. 81.1

C; ref. index 1.4300 (20 C); surf. tens. 27.6 dynes/cm (20 C)

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2049 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 500 mg/kg, (subcut., rat) 650 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 1970 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing., skin contact, IP, subcut., parenteral routes; severe eye irritant; moderate skin irritant; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; dangerous fire hazard exposed to heat or flame; can react vigorously with oxidizing materials; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents and strong acids
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store under ambient temps. away from oxidizing materials and acids
- Uses: Plasticizer for PVC resins; defoamer; wetting agent; organic synthesis; solvent for nitrocellulose, paints, waterborne coatings, dyes, resins, oils, antifoaming agents; penetrant for plasticizing inks, etc.; disinfectant; flotation frothing agent; in mercerizing textiles; in textile finishing compds.; in paint lacquers, baking finishes, inks, rubber, paper, lubricants, photography, dry cleaning; in food-pkg. adhesives; syn. flavoring agent for foods and pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.1200, 178.3480; FEMA GRAS
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Aristech; Ashland; BASF; BP Chems. Ltd; Bencorp Int'l.; Celanese; Chisso Am.; Coyne; Eastman; Expo Chem.; Fluka; GNC Group; Houghton Chem.; Ivanhoe Ind.; KIC Chems.; Penta Mfg.; Rhodia HPCII; Shell; Total Spec. Chems.; Union Carbide; Van Waters & Rogers

Trade Names Containing: Foambreaker; Surfynol® 104A

2-Ethyl-1-hexanol. See 2-Ethylhexanol

- 2-Ethylhexan-1-ol. See 2-Ethylhexanol
- 2-Ethyl-1-hexanol, hydrogen sulfate, sodium salt. See Sodium 2-ethylhexyl sulfate
- 2-Ethylhexanol phosphate. See Trioctyl phosphate
- 2-Ethyl-1-hexanol phosphate. See Trioctyl phosphate
- 2-Ethylhexanol, phosphate triester. See Trioctyl phosphate
- 2-Ethyl-1-hexanol sulfate sodium salt. See Sodium 2-ethylhexyl sulfate
- 2-Ethylhexyl acrylate. See Octyl acrylate

2-Ethylhexyl acrylate homopolymer

- Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180
- 2-Ethylhexyl alcohol. See 2-Ethylhexanol

2-Ethylhexyl hydrogenated tallowalkyl methosulfate

Properties: Cationic

Uses: Surfactant, dispersant for protective coatings, pigments, inks, textiles, agric., acid pickling baths, marine applics, metalworking, electroplating, fuel treatment, emulsion/plastic mfg., wastewater treatment, min. processing, paper

Regulatory: EPA listed

Trade Names: Arquad® HTL8(W) MS-85

2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate

- CAS 688-84-6; EINECS/ELINCS 211-708-6
- Synonyms: 2-EHMA; 2-Ethyl-1-hexyl methacrylate; Octyl methacrylate Empirical: C12H22O2
- Properties: M.w. 198.34
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 2614 mg/kg; mod. toxic by intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Comonomer for acrylic resins; dispersant; additive for lubricating oil; modifier for fibers; coating agent for paper; in paints, inks, adhesives; plasticizer for adhesives, resins, coatings
- Manuf./Distrib.: Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BASF; Celanese; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Rohm Tech; Union Carbide

Trade Names: Blemmer EHMA; Mhoromer® BM 713

2-Ethyl-1-hexyl methacrylate. See 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate 2-Ethylhexyl octadecanoate. See Octyl stearate

2-Ethylhexyl phosphate

CAS 12645-31-7 Synonyms: Octyl acid phosphate

- Properties: Anionic
- Uses: Detergent in dry-cleaning, emulsifier in formulation of metal cleaners, paints in emulsion polymerization; pesticide and cosmetic preparations; catalyst
- Trade Names: DePHOS HP-739; Servoxyl® VPTZ 100
- Ethylhexyl phthalate. See s-Dioctyl phthalate
- 2-Ethylhexyl phthalate. See s-Dioctyl phthalate
- 2-Ethylhexyl propenoate. See Octyl acrylate
- 2-Ethýlhexýl 2-propenoate. See Octyl acrylate
- 2-Ethylhexyl sodium sulfate. See Sodium 2-ethylhexyl sulfate
- 2-Ethylhexyl stearate. See Octyl stearate
- 2-Ethylhexyl sulfosuccinate sodium. See Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate
- Ethyl hydrate. See Alcohol
- Ethyl hydroxide. See Alcohol
- Ethyl (**B**-hydroxyethyl) aniline. See Phenylethylethanolamine
- N-Ethyl-N-(2-hydroxyethyl) aniline. See Phenylethylethanolamine
- N-Ethyl-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-m-toluidine. See N-Ethyl-N-hydroxyethyl-m-toluidine
- N-Ethyl-N-hydroxyethyl-m-toluidine
 - CAS 91-88-3; EINECS/ELINCS 202-105-9 Synonyms: Ethanol, 2-(N-ethyl-m-toluidino)-; N-Ethyl-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)m-toluidine; 2-(N-Ethyl-m-toluidino) ethanol; N-Hydroxyethyl-N-ethyl-mtoluidine
 - Classification: Aromatic amine
 - Empirical: C11H17NO
 - Formula: $CH_3C_6H_4N(C_2H_5)CH_2CH_2OH$
 - Properties: Solid or liq.; m.w. 179.26; dens. 1.019; m.p. 23 C; b.p. 237 C; flash pt. > 110 C; ref. index 1.5550 (20 C)
 - Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1370 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x Uses: Coupling agent for disperse dyes for syn. fibers; photosensitive chemical for paper coatings; accelerator for polyester resins; dye intermediate Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; ChemFirst

Ethyl hydroxymethyl oleyl oxazoline

- ČAŠ 68140-98-7; 88543-32-2; EINECS/ELINCS 268-820-3
- Synonyms: 4-Ethyl-2-(8-heptadecenyl)-4,5-dihydro-4-oxazolemethanol; 4-Ethyl-2-(8-heptadecenyl)-2-oxazoline-4-methanol
- Classification: Substituted heterocyclic compd.
- Empirical: C23H43NO2
- Properties: Yel. clear liq.; sol. in most org. solvs. and oils; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 365.60; dens. 0.93 kg/l; f.p. -31 C; amphoteric
- Uses: Emulsifier, corrosion inhibitor in sol. cutting oils; antifoam for antibiotic prod.; pigment grinding aid and dispersant; wetting agent for paper, textiles, metal cleaners; detergent; antioxidant; emulsion stabilizer; acid acceptor; in salts, soaps; antistat Trade Names: Alkaterge®-E
- 2-Ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol triacrylate. See 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane triacrylate
- Ethyllic acid. See Acetic acid

Ethyl methacrylate

- CAS 97-63-2; EINECS/ELINCS 202-597-5; UN No. 2277 (DOT) Synonyms: EMA; Ethyl- α -methyl acrylate; Ethyl-2-methylacrylate; Ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate; Methacrylic acid, ethyl ester; 2-Methyl-2-propenoic
 - acid, ethyl ester; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, ethyl ester
- Definition: Ester of ethyl alcohol and methacrylic acid
- Empirical: C₆H₁₀O₂
- Formula: H₂C:CCH₃COOC₂H₅
- Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in oxygenated solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 114.16; dens. 0.911; m.p. -75 C; b.p. 119 C; flash pt. (TOC) 21.1 C; ref. index 1.4116
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 14,800 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 1223 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) 8300 ppm; LDLo (subcut., rat) 25 g/kg; mod. toxic by ing., IP routes; mildly toxic by inh.; lachrymator; skin irritant; mutagen; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm. liq.; explosive; explosive limits 1.8% to saturation; can react with oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and acid irritating fumes Classification: Organic diphosphonic acid Storage: Heat-sensitive; refrigerate; protect from light Uses: Visc. control agent; polymers; chemical intermediates; acrylic acid Empirical: C₂H₈O₇P Formula: CH₃C(OH)(PO₃H₂)₂ comonomer; food pkg. Manuf./Distrib.: AccuStandard; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Fluka; Lancaster Synthesis; Pfaltz & Bauer; Rohm & Haas; TCI Am.; Whyte fumes Chems. Ltd Trade Names: Mhoromer® AM 101 listed Precaution: DOT: Corrosive; strong acid Ethyl-2-methylacrylate. See Ethyl methacrylate Ethyl-α-methyl acrylate. See Ethyl methacrylate Ethýl β-methýlacrylate. See Ethyl crotonate N-Ethyl-p-methylbenzene sulfonamide. See Ethyl toluenesulfonamide Ethylmethyl carbinol. See 2-Butanol Ethyl methyl ketone. See Methyl ethyl ketone Ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate. See Ethyl methacrylate questrant for radioactive pharmaceuticals Ethylolamine. See Ethanolamine 2-(N-Ethylperfluorooctanesulfonamido) ethyl acrylate Synonyms: 2-(N-Ethylperfluorooctylsulfonamido) ethyl acrylate Empirical: C15H12F17NO4S TCI Am. Formula: CH₂CHCOOCH₂CH₂NC₂H₅SO₂(CF₂)₇CF₃ Properties: M.w. 625.30 ETO. See Ethylene oxide Uses: Acrylic resin comonomer for textile finishes; comonomer for water-EtOH. See Alcohol resist. paper coatings; mfg. of paper sizes, surfactants, inert fluids; monomer for polymerization reactions; provides oil/water repellency, lubricity, EVA. See Ethylene/VA copolymer and release EVA copolymer. See Ethylene/VA copolymer Trade Names: Fluorad® FX-13 Evans blue. See Direct blue 53 Evans blue dye. See Direct blue 53 2-(N-Ethylperfluorooctylsulfonamido) ethyl acrylate. See 2-(N-Ethylper-EVM. See Ethylene/VA copolymer fluorooctanesulfonamido) ethyl acrylate 2-(Ethylphenylamino) ethanol. See Phenylethylethanolamine Expanded polyvinyl chloride. See Polyvinyl chloride Ethyl phenyl ethanolamine. See Phenylethylethanolamine Exsiccated alum. See Potassium alum anhydrous N,N-Ethylphenylethanolamine. See Phenylethylethanolamine N-Ethyl-N-phenylethanolamine. See Phenylethylethanolamine Ethyl propenoate. See Ethyl acrylate Exsiccated sodium sulfite. See Sodium sulfite Ext. D&C Green No. 1. See Acid green 1 Ethyl 2-propenoate. See Ethyl acrylate Ethyl purple 6B. See Basic violet 4 Ext. D&C Red No. 8. See Acid red 88 Ext. D&C Yellow No. 1. See Acid yellow 36 Ethyl toluenesulfonamide Fast blue. See Dianisidine CAS 80-39-7; 1077-56-1 ; EINECS/ELINCS 201-275-1; 214-073-3 Fast corinth base B. See Benzidine Synonyms: N-Ethyl-p-methylbenzene sulfonamide; Ethyl p-toluenesulfona-Fast red A. See Acid red 88; Pigment red 3 mide; N-Ethyltoluene-2-sulfonamide; Ethyl tosylamide; p-Toluene ethylsulfonamide; N-Tosyl ethylamine etable oil Classification: Mixture of isomers of aromatic amides Empirical: C9H13NO2S Fatty acids, coco. See Coconut acid Formula: C₂H₅NHSO₂C₆H₄CH₃ Properties: Colorless cryst.; sol. in alcohol; m.w. 199.27; dens. 1.190; m.p. 64 C; flash pt. 126 C; ref. index 1.540 Toxicology: Irritant Fatty acids, coco, methyl esters. See Methyl cocoate Precaution: Combustible Uses: Plasticizer for cellulosics, resins, adhesives, coatings, inks, PS, dicocoate PVAc, PVB, polyamide hot-melt adhesives, electroplating sol'ns., thermoplastics and thermosets, nitrocellulose lacquers, shellac, film-former; in food-pkg. adhesives; in side seam cements for food-contact containers Fatty acids, coconut oil, sodium salts. See Sodium cocoate Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300 Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; BASF; Charkit; F.T.L. Int'l.; Monsanto; Rit-Chem; Rütgers Org.; Seal Sands Chems. Ltd; Spectrum Quality Fatty acids, coco, sodium salts. See Sodium cocoate Prods.; Unitex Fatty acids, corn oil. See Corn acid Trade Names: Uniplex 108 Fatty acids, cottonseed oil. See Cottonseed acid N-Ethyltoluene-2-sulfonamide. See Ethyl toluenesulfonamide Ethyl p-toluenesulfonamide. See Ethyl toluenesulfonamide Fatty acids, linseed oil. See Linseed acid 2-(N-Ethyl-m-toluidino) ethanol. See N-Ethyl-N-hydroxyethyl-m-toluidine Ethyl tosylamide. See Ethyl toluenesulfonamide Ethyl violet. See Basic violet 4 acid Fatty acids, montan wax. See Montan acid wax Etidronic acid CAS 2809-21-4; EINECS/ELINCS 220-552-8; UN No. 1760 glycol montanate Synonyms: ADPA; HEDP; HEDPA; Acetodiphosphonic acid; Ethane-1hydroxy-1,1-diphosphonate; 1,1,1-Ethanetriol diphosphonate; 1-Hydroxy-

1,1-diphosphonoethane; Hydroxyethanediphosphonic acid; (1-Hydroxyethylidene) bisphosphonic acid; (1-Hydroxyethylidene) diphosphonic acid;

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1-Hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid; Oxyethylidenediphosphonic

- Properties: M.w. 206.03; heated above 200 C, dec. violently emitting toxic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 1800 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ingestion; TSCA
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated above 200 C, dec. violently to produce toxic fumes of phosphine, phosphoric acid, and PO,
- Uses: Chelating agent for heavy metal ions; corrosion inhibitor, scale inhibitor, and sequestrant for water treatment (cooling towers, water floods, boiler water); oil-drilling muds; dispersant in laundry detergents; photography; stabilizer, antioxidant for cosmetic/pharmaceutical hair/skin preps.; se-
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310; SARA immediate health hazard
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Albright & Wilson UK; Biddle Sawyer; Charkit; China Nat'l. Chem. Construction; Excel Ind.; Fluka; Sigma; Strem Chems.;
- Trade Names: Aquacid-105 EX; Briquest® ADPA-60AW; Dequest® 2010

Euphorbia cerifera wax. See Candelilla (Euphorbia cerifera) wax

Exsiccated ammonium alum. See Ammonium alum

Exsiccated sodium phosphate. See Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous

- Fats and glyceridic oils, vegetable, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated veg-
- Fatty acids, castor oil, potassium salts. See Potassium castorate

Fatty acids, coco, ester with propylene glycol. See Propylene glycol dicocoate

Fatty acids, coco, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated coconut acid

- Fatty acids, coco, magnesium salt. See Magnesium cocoate
- Fatty acids, coco, 1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl esters. See Propylene glycol
- Fatty acids, coconut oil, magnesium salt. See Magnesium cocoate
- Fatty acids, coconut oil, potassium salts. See Potassium cocoate
- Fatty acids, coconut oil, triethanolamine salts. See TEA cocoate
- Fatty acids, coco, potassium salts. See Potassium cocoate
- Fatty acids, corn oil, potassium salts. See Potassium cornate
- Fatty acids, C18, unsaturated, trimers. See Trilinoleic acid
- Fatty acids, menhaden oil, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated menhaden
- Fatty acids, montan wax, 1-methyl-1,3-propanediyl esters. See Butylene
- Fatty acids, soya, esters with propylene glycol. See Propylene glycol soyate
- Fatty acids, tall oil. See Tall oil acid
- Fatty acids, tall oil, ammonium salts. See Ammonium tallate

Ethyl-2-methylacrylate

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and acid irritating fumes Storage: Heat-sensitive; refrigerate; protect from light Uses: Visc. control agent; polymers; chemical intermediates; acrylic acid Empirical: C₂H₈O₇P comonomer; food pkg. Manuf./Distrib.: AccuStandard; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Fluka; Lancaster Synthesis; Pfaltz & Bauer; Rohm & Haas; TCI Am.; Whyte fumes Chems. Ltd Trade Names: Mhoromer® AM 101 listed Ethyl-2-methylacrylate. See Ethyl methacrylate Ethyl-α-methyl acrylate. See Ethyl methacrylate Ethýl β-methýlacrylate. See Ethyl crotonate N-Ethyl-p-methylbenzene sulfonamide. See Ethyl toluenesulfonamide Ethylmethyl carbinol. See 2-Butanol Ethyl methyl ketone. See Methyl ethyl ketone Ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate. See Ethyl methacrylate Ethylolamine. See Ethanolamine 2-(N-Ethylperfluorooctanesulfonamido) ethyl acrylate Synonyms: 2-(N-Ethylperfluorooctylsulfonamido) ethyl acrylate Empirical: C15H12F17NO4S TCI Am. Formula: CH₂CHCOOCH₂CH₂NC₂H₅SO₂(CF₂)₇CF₃ Properties: M.w. 625.30 ETO. See Ethylene oxide Uses: Acrylic resin comonomer for textile finishes; comonomer for water-EtOH. See Alcohol resist. paper coatings; mfg. of paper sizes, surfactants, inert fluids; monomer for polymerization reactions; provides oil/water repellency, lubricity, and release Trade Names: Fluorad® FX-13 2-(N-Ethylperfluorooctylsulfonamido) ethyl acrylate. See 2-(N-Ethylperfluorooctanesulfonamido) ethyl acrylate 2-(Ethylphenylamino) ethanol. See Phenylethylethanolamine Ethyl phenyl ethanolamine. See Phenylethylethanolamine N,N-Ethylphenylethanolamine. See Phenylethylethanolamine N-Ethyl-N-phenylethanolamine. See Phenylethylethanolamine Ethyl propenoate. See Ethyl acrylate Ethyl 2-propenoate. See Ethyl acrylate Ethyl purple 6B. See Basic violet 4 Ethyl toluenesulfonamide Fast blue. See Dianisidine CAS 80-39-7; 1077-56-1 ; EINECS/ELINCS 201-275-1; 214-073-3 Synonyms: N-Ethyl-p-methylbenzene sulfonamide; Ethyl p-toluenesulfonamide; N-Ethyltoluene-2-sulfonamide; Ethyl tosylamide; p-Toluene ethylsulfonamide; N-Tosyl ethylamine etable oil Classification: Mixture of isomers of aromatic amides Empirical: C9H13NO2S Fatty acids, coco. See Coconut acid Formula: C₂H₅NHSO₂C₆H₄CH₃ Properties: Colorless cryst.; sol. in alcohol; m.w. 199.27; dens. 1.190; m.p. 64 C; flash pt. 126 C; ref. index 1.540 Toxicology: Irritant Precaution: Combustible Uses: Plasticizer for cellulosics, resins, adhesives, coatings, inks, PS, dicocoate PVAc, PVB, polyamide hot-melt adhesives, electroplating sol'ns., thermoplastics and thermosets, nitrocellulose lacquers, shellac, film-former; in food-pkg. adhesives; in side seam cements for food-contact containers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300 Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; BASF; Charkit; F.T.L. Int'l.; Monsanto; Rit-Chem; Rütgers Org.; Seal Sands Chems. Ltd; Spectrum Quality Fatty acids, coco, sodium salts. See Sodium cocoate Prods.; Unitex Fatty acids, corn oil. See Corn acid Trade Names: Uniplex 108 N-Ethyltoluene-2-sulfonamide. See Ethyl toluenesulfonamide Ethyl p-toluenesulfonamide. See Ethyl toluenesulfonamide 2-(N-Ethyl-m-toluidino) ethanol. See N-Ethyl-N-hydroxyethyl-m-toluidine Ethyl tosylamide. See Ethyl toluenesulfonamide Ethyl violet. See Basic violet 4 acid Etidronic acid CAS 2809-21-4; EINECS/ELINCS 220-552-8; UN No. 1760 glycol montanate Synonyms: ADPA; HEDP; HEDPA; Acetodiphosphonic acid; Ethane-1hydroxy-1,1-diphosphonate; 1,1,1-Ethanetriol diphosphonate; 1-Hydroxysoyate

1,1-diphosphonoethane; Hydroxyethanediphosphonic acid; (1-Hydroxyethylidene) bisphosphonic acid; (1-Hydroxyethylidene) diphosphonic acid; 1-Hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid; Oxyethylidenediphosphonic

Classification: Organic diphosphonic acid

Formula: CH₃C(OH)(PO₃H₂)₂

Properties: M.w. 206.03; heated above 200 C, dec. violently emitting toxic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 1800 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ingestion; TSCA

Precaution: DOT: Corrosive; strong acid

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated above 200 C, dec. violently to produce toxic fumes of phosphine, phosphoric acid, and PO,

Uses: Chelating agent for heavy metal ions; corrosion inhibitor, scale inhibitor, and sequestrant for water treatment (cooling towers, water floods, boiler water); oil-drilling muds; dispersant in laundry detergents; photography; stabilizer, antioxidant for cosmetic/pharmaceutical hair/skin preps.; sequestrant for radioactive pharmaceuticals

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310; SARA immediate health hazard

Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Albright & Wilson UK; Biddle Sawyer; Charkit; China Nat'l. Chem. Construction; Excel Ind.; Fluka; Sigma; Strem Chems.;

Trade Names: Aquacid-105 EX; Briquest® ADPA-60AW; Dequest® 2010

Euphorbia cerifera wax. See Candelilla (Euphorbia cerifera) wax

EVA. See Ethylene/VA copolymer

EVA copolymer. See Ethylene/VA copolymer

Evans blue. See Direct blue 53

Evans blue dye. See Direct blue 53

EVM. See Ethylene/VA copolymer

Expanded polyvinyl chloride. See Polyvinyl chloride

Exsiccated alum. See Potassium alum anhydrous

Exsiccated ammonium alum. See Ammonium alum

Exsiccated sodium phosphate. See Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous

Exsiccated sodium sulfite. See Sodium sulfite

Ext. D&C Green No. 1. See Acid green 1

Ext. D&C Red No. 8. See Acid red 88

Ext. D&C Yellow No. 1. See Acid yellow 36

Fast corinth base B. See Benzidine

Fast red A. See Acid red 88; Pigment red 3

Fats and glyceridic oils, vegetable, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated veg-

Fatty acids, castor oil, potassium salts. See Potassium castorate

Fatty acids, coco, ester with propylene glycol. See Propylene glycol dicocoate

Fatty acids, coco, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated coconut acid

Fatty acids, coco, magnesium salt. See Magnesium cocoate

Fatty acids, coco, methyl esters. See Methyl cocoate

Fatty acids, coco, 1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl esters. See Propylene glycol

Fatty acids, coconut oil, magnesium salt. See Magnesium cocoate

Fatty acids, coconut oil, potassium salts. See Potassium cocoate

Fatty acids, coconut oil, sodium salts. See Sodium cocoate

Fatty acids, coconut oil, triethanolamine salts. See TEA cocoate

Fatty acids, coco, potassium salts. See Potassium cocoate

Fatty acids, corn oil, potassium salts. See Potassium cornate

Fatty acids, cottonseed oil. See Cottonseed acid

Fatty acids, C18, unsaturated, trimers. See Trilinoleic acid

Fatty acids, linseed oil. See Linseed acid

Fatty acids, menhaden oil, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated menhaden

Fatty acids, montan wax. See Montan acid wax

Fatty acids, montan wax, 1-methyl-1,3-propanediyl esters. See Butylene

Fatty acids, soya, esters with propylene glycol. See Propylene glycol

Fatty acids, tall oil. See Tall oil acid

Fatty acids, tall oil, ammonium salts. See Ammonium tallate

Fatty acids, tall oil, butyl esters, sulfated. See Sulfated butyl tallate Fatty acids, tall oil, potassium salts. See Potassium tallate Fatty acids, tall oil, sulfated, potassium salts. See Sulfated tall oil, potassium salt Fatty acids, tall oil, sulfated, sodium salts. See Sulfated tall oil, sodium salt Fatty acids, tallow. See Tallow acid Fatty acids, tallow, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated tallow acid Fatty acids, tallow, isobutyl esters. See Isobutyl tallowate Fatty acids, tallow, isopropyl esters. See Isopropyl tallowate Fatty acids, tallow, magnesium salt. See Magnesium tallowate Fatty acids, tallow, potassium salts. See Potassium tallowate FD&C Blue No. 1 aluminum lake CAS 15792-67-3; 53026-57-6; 68921-42-6; EINECS/ELINCS 272-939-6 Synonyms: Acid blue 9 aluminum lake; Blue no. 3; Blue no. 1; CI 42090:2 Definition: Aluminum salt of FD&C Blue No. 1 extended on an alumina substrate Empirical: C₃₇H₃₆N₂O₉S₃ • xAI Properties: Water-insol. Uses: Colorant for pharmaceuticals; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §81.1, 82.50, 82.51, 82.101, 176.180 Manuf./Distrib.: Costec; Crompton & Knowles; Warner-Jenkinson FD&C Green No. 2. See Acid green 5 FD&C Green No. 2 aluminum lake. See Acid green 5 FD&C Red No. 19. See Basic violet 10 FD&C Violet No. 1. See Acid violet 49 FD&C Yellow No. 5. See Tartrazine FD&C Yellow No. 10. See Acid yellow 3 FD&C Yellow No. 5 Aluminum Lake CAS 12225-21-7; 12227-69-9; 53026-63-4; EINECS/ELINCS 235-428-9 Synonyms: CI 19140:1 Definition: Insoluble pigment composed of the aluminum salt of FD&C Yellow No. 5 extended on an alumina substrate; noncertified batch known as Acid yellow 23 aluminum lake (INCI) Uses: Pigment in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard in contact with dry food, molded food-contact melamine-formaldehvde resins See also CI 77510 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §81.1, 82.51, 175.300, 176.180, 177.1460 Manuf./Distrib.: Costec; Warner-Jenkinson Ferrate(3-), hexacyano-, tripotassium. See Potassium ferricyanide Ferrate(4-), hexakis(cyano-C)-, iron(3+) (3:4). See Ferric ferrocyanide Ferrate(3-), tris [5,6-dihydro-5-(hydroxyimino)-6-oxo-2-naphthalenesulfonato(2-)-N⁵,O⁶]-, trisodium. See Acid green 1 Ferric chloride CAS 7705-08-0; EINECS/ELINCS 231-729-4; UN No. 1773 (DOT), 2582 (DOT) Synonyms: Ferric trichloride; Iron chloride; Iron (III) chloride; Iron chlorides; Iron trichloride Classification: Inorganic salt *Empirical:* Cl₃Fe Properties: Black-brown solid; sol. in water, alcohol, glycerol, methanol, ether, acetone; sl. sol. in CS₂; readily absorbs water in air to form hexahydrate; m.w. 162.21; dens. 2.898; vapor pressure 1 mm (194 C); m.p. 292

C: b.p. 319 C Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 1 mg (Fe)/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 450 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 58 mg/kg; poison by ing., IV routes; corrosive to skin, eyes, mucous membranes; reproductive effector; mutagen; TSCA listed

Precaution: DOT: Corrosive; catalyzes potentially explosive polymerization of ethylene oxide, chlorine + monomers; violent reaction with allyl chloride; reacts with water to form toxic and corrosive fumes

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits highly toxic fumes of HCI

Storage: Deliq.; very hygroscopic; keep well closed

Uses: Coagulant for treatment of water, sewage, industrial wastes; phosphate removal; sludge conditioning and dewatering; trace metal removal; odor control; precipitation and removal of sol. arsenic and selenium ions in mineral industry; mfg. of Fe salts; chlorination of Ag and Cu ores; etching agent; mordant; disinfectant; pigments; ink; oxidizing agent in dye mfg.; feed additive; catalyst in org. reactions; in photoengraving; photography;

foods (flavoring agent; dietary supplement (Japan)); in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 184.1297, GRAS; Japan approved
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; Am. Biorganics; Asahi Denka Kogyo; BASF; Coyne; DuPont; Eaglebrook; Eka Chems. AB; Fluka; Gulbrandsen; Lohmann; Mallinckrodt Baker; P.B. & S.; PVS; Penta Mfg.; Rasa Ind.; Sal Chem.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.S. Petrochem. Ind.

Ferric citrate

CAS 3522-50-7 (anhyd.); 2338-05-8 (monohydrate); EINECS/ELINCS 219-045-4

Synonyms: Iron (III) citrate; Iron citrate

Empirical: $C_6H_5FeO_7$ (anhyd.); $C_6H_5FeO_7 \cdot H_2O$ (monohydrate)

- Properties: Garnet-red transparent scales or pale brn. powd., odorless, sl. ferruginous taste; slowly but completely sol. in cold water, readily sol. in hot water; pract. insol. in alcohol; m.w. 244.95 (anhyd.), 262.97 (monohydrate)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Blueprint paper; nutrient supplement; may be used in infant formulas Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1298, GRAS; Japan approved Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Lohmann; Sigma

Ferric ferrocyanide

CAS 14038-43-8; EINECS/ELINCS 237-875-5

Synonyms: Bronze blue; Chinese blue; CI 77510; CI 77520; Ferrate(4-), hexakis(cyano-C)-, iron(3+) (3:4); Iron blue; Iron ferrocyanide; Milori blue; Non-bronze blue; Pigment blue 27; Potash blue; Prussian blue Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: C6FeN6 • 4/3Fe

Properties: M.w. 286.38

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Pigment in printing inks, paints, paper coatings; zinc green pigment component; blue pigment for cosmetics and toiletries; colorant for external pharmaceuticals

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1299, 73.2299; permanently listed Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Ferric ferrous oxide. See Iron oxide black

Ferric oxide

- CAS 1309-37-1 (anhyd.); EINECS/ELINCS 215-168-2
- Synonyms: Anhydrous iron oxide; CI 77491; Colloidal ferric oxide; Ferric oxide red; Ferrosoferric oxide; Iron (III) oxide; Iron oxide red; Iron sesquioxide; Natural iron oxides; Natural red oxide; Pigment brown 6; Pigment brown 7; Pigment red 101; Pigment red 102; Red iron oxide; Red iron trioxide; Yellow ferric oxide

Classification: Inorganic color; syn. iron oxide

Empirical: Fe₂O₃

- Properties: Red-brn. to blk. cryst.; sol. in acids; insol. in water, alcohol, ether; m.w. 159.69; dens. 5.240; m.p. 1538 C (dec.)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 mg (Fe)/m³ (vapor, dust); LD50 (IP, rat) 5500 mg/kg; LDLo (subcut., dog) 30 mg/kg; irritant; poison by subcut. route; avoid inhalation; suspected human carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Catalyzes the potentially explosive polymerization of ethylene oxide; explosive and violent reactions possible

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1

- Uses: Metallurgy; gas purification; in thermite; polishing compounds; mordant; laboratory reagent; catalyst; electronic pigments for TV; permanent magnets; memory cores for computers; magnetic tapes; polishing agent for glass, diamonds; pigment in paints/coatings, rubber, latexes, paper, linoleum, ceramics, glass, fabric coatings, cements/concrete; paint for ship hulls; colorant in cosmetics, food, feed, ingested pharmaceuticals; colloidal sol'ns. as stain for polysaccharides; colorant in food-grade polymers; in food pkg.; strong anti-ozone chars.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.200 (limitation 0.25%), 186.1300, 186.1374, GRAS as indirect food additive; FDA approved for orals; USP/NF compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Advance Research Chems.; Aldrich;

Atlantic Equip. Engrs.; BASF; Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber; Crompton & Knowles; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; Kerr-McGee; Pentad Group; Ruger; Spectrum Quality Prods. Trade Names: Octotint 825 Ferric oxide red. See Ferric oxide Ferric trichloride. See Ferric chloride Ferrite yellow. See Iron oxide yellow Ferrosoferric oxide. See Ferric oxide; Iron oxide black Ferrous ammonium sulfate CAS 10045-89-3 Synonyms: Mohr's salt; Salt of Mohr; Iron ammonium sulfate Empirical: FeH₈N₂O₈S₂ Formula: $Fe(SO_4) \cdot (NH_4)_2SO_4 \cdot 6H_2O$ (hexahydrate) Properties: Lt. green cryst.; sol. in water; insol. in alcohol; m.w. 284.07; dec. @ 100-110 C Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3.25 g/kg; TSCA listed Storage: Affected by light; keep well closed and protected from light Uses: Analytical standard in photography; polymerization catalyst; in dosimeters; metallurgy; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1200 Manuf./Distrib.: Aithaca; Allpro; Am. Int'l.; Barker Ind.; Crown Tech.; GFS; Lohmann; Ruger; Spectrum Quality Prods. Ferrous ferrite. See Iron oxide red Fiberglass. See Glass Fibrous glass. See Glass Fibrous grunerite. See Asbestos Fischer-Tropsch wax. See Synthetic wax Fischer-Tropsch wax, oxidized. See Synthetic wax Fish oil, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated fish oil Fish oil triglycerides Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 Flaming red. See 1-[(2-Chloro-4-nitrophenyl) azo]-2-naphthalenol Flavonic acid. See 4,4 - Diaminostilbene-2,2 - disulfonic acid Flaxseed oil. See Linseed (Linum usitatissimum) oil Fleshing grease, sulfated sodium salt. See Sodium tallow sulfate Flexible collodion. See Nitrocellulose Flour sulfur. See Sulfur Flowers of antimony. See Antimony trioxide Flowers of sulfur. See Sulfur Flowers of zinc. See Zinc oxide Fluorescein, 4´,5´-dibromo-. See Acid orange 11 Fluorescent brightener 140. See 7-Diethylamino-4-methylcoumarin Fluorothene. See Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer Fluxing lime. See Calcium oxide Food blue 3. See Acid blue 1 Food green 2. See Acid green 5 Food orange 4. See Acid orange 10 Food red 5. See Acid red 26 Food red 15. See Basic violet 10 Food red 106. See Acid red 52 Food violet 1. See Acid violet 17 Food violet 2. See Acid violet 49 Food yellow 3. See Acid yellow 3 Food yellow 4. See Tartrazine Food yellow 13. See Acid yellow 3 Formaldehyde CAS 50-00-0; EINECS/ELINCS 200-001-8; UN No. 1198 (DOT), 2209 (DOT) Synonyms: Aldehyde C-1; Formalin; Formic aldehyde; Formol; HOCH;

Methanal; Methyl aldehyde; Methylene glycol; Methyene oxide; Oxymethylene; Paraform; Polyoxymethylene glycols

Empirical: CH₂O

Formula: HCHO

Properties: Colorless gas, strong pungent odor; avail. commercially as aq. sol'ns. (37-50% in methanol); sol. in water, alcohol; m.w. 30.03; dens. 1.083; b.p. -19 C; f.p. -118 C; flash pt. 56 C; ref. index 1.3765

- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 1 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 800 mg/kg, (subcut., rat) 420 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 87 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat) 590 mg/m³; poison by ing., skin contact, inh., IV, IP, subcut. routes; human poison by ing., systemic effects, skin/eye irritant; vapor intensely irritating to mucous membranes; if ingested, causes violent vomiting and diarrhea and possible collapse; suspected human carcinogen; experimental tumorigen, teratogen; mutagenic data; common air contaminant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible when exposed to heat, or flame; mod. fire risk; mod. explosion hazard; explosive limits 7-73%; can react vigorously with oxidizers; violent reactions possible
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 2; Reactivity 1

- Uses: Urea/melamine resins; polyacetal resins; phenolic resins; fertilizers; preservative for hides/skins; reducing agent; corrosive inhibitor; intermediate for paints; antimicrobial preservative for pharmaceuticals; nickel plating brightener; disinfectant; crosslinker (paper waterproofing); latex coagulant; textile finishing agent; embalming fluids; methylation/chloromethylation reagent; preservative in food processing defoamers; animal glue adjuvant; sterilizer for kidney dialyzer membranes; in food-pkg. adhesives; preservative for coatings for paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; preservative for defoamers in food-contact coatings; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; preservative in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340 (1% of dimethicone content), 175.105, 175.210, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2410, 177.2800, 178.3120, 573.460; FDA approved for topicals; BP compliance (sol'n.); SARA reportable
- Manuf./Distrib.: Ashland; Borden; C.P. Hall; Celanese; Degussa-Hüls; DuPont; Farleyway Chem. Ltd; Fluka; Georgia-Pacific Resins; Hercules/Aqualon; Houghton Chem.; ISP; J.T. Baker; Mallinckrodt Baker; Miljac; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Monsanto; Perstorp Polyols; Praxair; Ruger; Sigma; Solutia; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.S. Chems.; Van Waters & Rogers; Veckridge; Wright
- Trade Names: Hercules® 37M6-8

p-Formaldehyde. See Paraformaldehyde

Formaldehyde copolymer with urea. See Urea/formaldehyde resin Formaldehyde hydrosulfite. See Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate Formaldehyde, polymer with 5,5-dimethyl-2,4-imidazolidinedione. See

Dimethyl hydantoin-formaldehyde polymer

Formaldehyde sodium bisulfite adduct. See Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxyl-

Formaldehyde sodium sulfoxylate. See Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate Formaldehyde/urea condensate. See Urea/formaldehyde resin Formaldehyde/urea copolymer. See Urea/formaldehyde resin Formaldehyde/urea polymer. See Urea/formaldehyde resin Formaldehyde/urea precondensate. See Urea/formaldehyde resin Formaldehyde/urea prepolymer. See Urea/formaldehyde resin Formaldehyde/urea resin. See Urea/formaldehyde resin Formalin. See Formaldehyde Formalin/urea copolymer. See Urea/formaldehyde resin

Formamidine sulfinic acid. See Thiourea dioxide

Formic acid

- CAS 64-18-6; EINECS/ELINCS 200-579-1; UN No. 1779 (DOT); FEMA 2487
- Synonyms: Aminic acid; Formylic acid; Hydrogen carboxylic acid; Methanoic acid

Classification: Organic acid

Empirical: CH₂O₂

Formula: HCOOH

- Properties: Colorless fuming liq., penetrating odor; sol. in water, alcohol, ether; m.w. 46.03; dens. 1.22 (20/4 C); m.p. 8.3 C; b.p. 100.8 C; flash pt. (OC) 69 C; ref. index 1.3714
- *Toxicology:* ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 ppm; STEL 10 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 1100 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 940 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 15 min) 15 g/m³; poison by inh., IV, IP routes; mod. toxic by ing.; corrosive; skin and severe eye irritant; migrates to food from pkg.; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm.; DOT: corrosive material; can react vigorously with oxidizers; explosive with furfuryl alcohol, nitromethane, etc.
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Reducing agent/pH control in dyeing, electroplating, pickling baths; dyeing and finishing of textiles; leather treatment; chemicals; mfg. of fumigants, insecticides, refrigerants; solvent for perfumes, lacquers; silvering glass; preservative; ore flotation; reagent; paper mfg. aid; latex coagulant; antibacterial preservative for foods; disinfectant; syn. flavoring adjunct for foods and pharmaceuticals; fragrance; in food pkg. paper/paperboard; silage fermentation additive
- Use Level: 1 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 5 ppm (ice cream, ices), 5-18 ppm (candy), 5-6.1 ppm (baked goods); ADI 0-3 mg/kg (EU)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 186.1316, GRAS as indirect additive, 573.480; FEMA GRAS; Europe listed; prohibited in UK
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Alfrebro; Ashland; BASF AG; BASF; BCH Brühl; BP Chems. Ltd; Celanese; Coyne; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; Grau Aromatics; Harcros; Houghton Chem.; Independent Chem.; Mallinckrodt Baker; Norsk Hydro AS; Rochem Int'I.; Romil Ltd; Sal Chem.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Varsal Instruments

Formic acid, aluminum salt. See Aluminum formate

Formic aldehyde. See Formaldehyde

Formol. See Formaldehyde

N-Formyldimethylamine. See Dimethyl formamide

Formylic acid. See Formic acid

Fossil flour. See Diatomaceous earth; Silica, fumed

Fossil wax. See Ozokerite

Franklin. See Calcium carbonate

French chalk. See Talc

 $\beta\text{-D-Fructofuranosyl-}\alpha\text{-D-glucopyranoside benzoate}. See Sucrose benzoate$

Fumaric acid

- CAS 110-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 203-743-0; UN No. 9126 (DOT); FEMA 2488
- Synonyms: Allomaleic acid; Boletic acid; 2-Butenedioic acid; trans-Butenedioic acid; (E)-Butenedioic acid; trans-1,2-Ethenedicarboxylic acid; trans-1,2-Ethylenedicarboxylic acid; 1,2-Ethylenedicarboxylic acid; Lichenic acid *Classification*: Unsat. aliphatic dicarboxylic acid

Empirical: C4H4O4

Formula: HOOCCH:CHCOOH

- Properties: Wh. cryst. solid; odorless; acidic taste; mod. sol. in ethanol and acetone @ 30 C; sl. sol. in water, ether, oxygenated solvs.; ; very sl. sol. in chloroform; m.w. 116.08; dens. 1.635 (20/4 C); vapor pressure 1.7 mm Hg; m.p. 287 C; b.p. 290 C; flash pt. 230 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, male rat) 10,700 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 587 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 20,000 mg/kg; poison by IP route; mildly toxic by ing. and skin contact; skin and eye irritant; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; can react vigorously with oxidizers; incompat. with bases, amines, reducing agents; can form explosive dust-air mixts.; sol'ns. react with metals (AI, Fe, Zn) releasing flamm. hydrogen gas
- *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* CO, CO₂; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heat and ignition sources
- Uses: Modifier for polyester, alkyd and phenolic resins; paper sizing resins; rosin esters and adducts; alkyd resin coatings; upgrading natural drying oils; mordant in dyeing; organic synthesis; printing inks; chem. intermediate for plasticizers; comonomer for alkyd and unsat. polyester resins; food additive (acidulant, flavoring agent, leavening agent, antioxidant, preservative); pharmaceuticals (acidulant, antidandruff ingred.; cleaning agent for dentures); in food-pkg. adhesives; in cellophane for food pkg.

Use Level: 50 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 1300 ppm (baked goods), 3600 ppm (gelatins, puddings); ADI 0-6 mg/kg (EU)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.350, 175.105, 177.1200; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; BATF 27CFR §240.1051, limitation 25 lb/1000 gal wine; FEMA GRAS; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals; USP/NF, BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: ADA Int'l.; Aceto; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allchem Ind.; Am. Biorganics; Ashland; BCH Brühl; Balchem; Bartek Ingreds.; Bayer/ Fiber, Addits., Rubber; Browning; Chemical; DSM Chemie Linz UK; Fluka; Gadot Biochem.; Haarmann & Reimer; Jungbunzlauer; Lonza;

Miljac; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Monsanto; NOF; Penta Mfg.; Ruger; Schweizerhall; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.S. Chems.; United Min. & Chem.; V.L. Clark; Van Waters & Rogers; Varsal Instruments; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Fumaric acid homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.180

Fumaric resin. See Maleic resin

Fumed silica. See Silica, fumed

- Fumed silicon dioxide. See Silica, fumed
- 2,5-Furandione. See Maleic anhydride
- 2,5-Furandione, dihydro-3-(octadecenyl)-. See Octadecenyl succinic anhydride
- 2,5-Furandione, 3-(docosenyl) dihydro. See Docosenylsuccinic anhydride
- 2,5-Furandione, 3-(dodecenyl) dihydro-. See Dodecenylsuccinic anhydride
- 2,5-Furandione, 3-(eicosenyl) dihydro. See Eicosenyl succinic anhydride
- 2,5-Furandione, 3-(hexadecenyl) dihydro-. See Hexadecenyl succinic anhydride
- 2,5-Furandione, homopolymer. See Maleic anhydride homopolymer
- 2,5-Furandione, polymer with ethene. See Ethylene/MA copolymer
- 2,5-Furandione, polymer with ethenylbenzene. See Styrene/MA copolymer
- 2,5-Furandione, polymer with methoxyethene. See PVM/MA copolymer
- 2,5-Furandione, polymer with methoxyethylene. See PVM/MA copolymer
- 2,5-Furandione, polymer with 2-methyl-1-propene. See Isobutylene/MA copolymer

Furanidine. See Tetrahydrofuran

Furan, tetrahydro-. See Tetrahydrofuran

Furcelleran

- CAS 9000-21-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-531-0
- Synonyms: Danish agar; Furcelleran gum
- Definition: Refined hydrocolloid obtained by aq. extraction of Furcellaria fastigiata of the class of red seaweed, Rodophyceae
- Properties: Wh. powd., odorless; sol. in warm water
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5000 mg/kg, (oral, mouse) 6 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ingestion; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Emulsifier, gellant, stabilizer, thickener in foods, toothpaste; bacterial culture media; pharmaceuticals; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.655, 176.170; Japan approved Manuf./Distrib.: P.L. Thomas

Furcelleran gum. See Furcelleran

Furnace black. See Carbon black

Gadidae oil. See Cod liver oil

Gadi lecur. See Cod liver oil

Galactasol. See Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum

Gallic acid

- CAS 149-91-7; 5995-86-8 (monohydrate); EINECS/ELINCS 205-749-9 Synonyms: 3,4,5-Trihydroxybenzoic acid
- *Empirical:* $C_7H_6O_5$ (anhyd.); $C_7H_6O_5 \cdot H_2O$ (monohydrate)
- Formula: $C_6H_2(OH)_3CO_2H$ (anhyd.) or $C_6H_2(OH)_3CO_2H \cdot H_2O$ (monohydrate)
- Properties: Wh. to pale fawn-colored cryst. or need.; odorless; sol. (1 g/ml): 87 ml water, 6 ml alcohol, 100 ml ether, 10 ml glycerin, 5 ml acetone; pract. insol. in benzene, chloroform, petroleum ether; m.w. 170.12 (anhyd.), 188.14 (monohydrate); dens. 1.694; m.p. 258-265 C (dec.)
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rabbit) 5 g/kg, (IP, mouse) 4300 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 320 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mod. toxic by IP route; irritant; mutagenic data; experimental reproductive effector; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from light
- Uses: Additive; photography; writing ink; dyeing; mfg. of pyrogallol, tannins, paper; tanning agent; pharmaceuticals (astringent, antioxidant); engraving; lithography; analytical reagent; food additive; food antioxidant (Japan)

Regulatory: Japan approved; BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; BCH Brühl; Fluka; Fuji Chem.

NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Reducing agent/pH control in dyeing, electroplating, pickling baths; dyeing and finishing of textiles; leather treatment; chemicals; mfg. of fumigants, insecticides, refrigerants; solvent for perfumes, lacquers; silvering glass; preservative; ore flotation; reagent; paper mfg. aid; latex coagulant; antibacterial preservative for foods; disinfectant; syn. flavoring adjunct for foods and pharmaceuticals; fragrance; in food pkg. paper/paperboard; silage fermentation additive
- Use Level: 1 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 5 ppm (ice cream, ices), 5-18 ppm (candy), 5-6.1 ppm (baked goods); ADI 0-3 mg/kg (EU)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 186.1316, GRAS as indirect additive, 573.480; FEMA GRAS; Europe listed; prohibited in UK
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Alfrebro; Ashland; BASF AG; BASF; BCH Brühl; BP Chems. Ltd; Celanese; Coyne; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; Grau Aromatics; Harcros; Houghton Chem.; Independent Chem.; Mallinckrodt Baker; Norsk Hydro AS; Rochem Int'I.; Romil Ltd; Sal Chem.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Varsal Instruments

Formic acid, aluminum salt. See Aluminum formate

Formic aldehyde. See Formaldehyde

Formol. See Formaldehyde

N-Formyldimethylamine. See Dimethyl formamide

Formylic acid. See Formic acid

Fossil flour. See Diatomaceous earth; Silica, fumed

Fossil wax. See Ozokerite

Franklin. See Calcium carbonate

French chalk. See Talc

 $\beta\text{-D-Fructofuranosyl-}\alpha\text{-D-glucopyranoside benzoate}. See Sucrose benzoate$

Fumaric acid

- CAS 110-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 203-743-0; UN No. 9126 (DOT); FEMA 2488
- Synonyms: Allomaleic acid; Boletic acid; 2-Butenedioic acid; trans-Butenedioic acid; (E)-Butenedioic acid; trans-1,2-Ethenedicarboxylic acid; trans-1,2-Ethylenedicarboxylic acid; 1,2-Ethylenedicarboxylic acid; Lichenic acid *Classification:* Unsat. aliphatic dicarboxylic acid

Empirical: C4H4O4

Formula: HOOCCH:CHCOOH

- Properties: Wh. cryst. solid; odorless; acidic taste; mod. sol. in ethanol and acetone @ 30 C; sl. sol. in water, ether, oxygenated solvs.; ; very sl. sol. in chloroform; m.w. 116.08; dens. 1.635 (20/4 C); vapor pressure 1.7 mm Hg; m.p. 287 C; b.p. 290 C; flash pt. 230 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, male rat) 10,700 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 587 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 20,000 mg/kg; poison by IP route; mildly toxic by ing. and skin contact; skin and eye irritant; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; can react vigorously with oxidizers; incompat. with bases, amines, reducing agents; can form explosive dust-air mixts.; sol'ns. react with metals (AI, Fe, Zn) releasing flamm. hydrogen gas
- *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* CO, CO₂; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heat and ignition sources
- Uses: Modifier for polyester, alkyd and phenolic resins; paper sizing resins; rosin esters and adducts; alkyd resin coatings; upgrading natural drying oils; mordant in dyeing; organic synthesis; printing inks; chem. intermediate for plasticizers; comonomer for alkyd and unsat. polyester resins; food additive (acidulant, flavoring agent, leavening agent, antioxidant, preservative); pharmaceuticals (acidulant, antidandruff ingred.; cleaning agent for dentures); in food-pkg. adhesives; in cellophane for food pkg.

Use Level: 50 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 1300 ppm (baked goods), 3600 ppm (gelatins, puddings); ADI 0-6 mg/kg (EU)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.350, 175.105, 177.1200; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; BATF 27CFR §240.1051, limitation 25 lb/1000 gal wine; FEMA GRAS; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals; USP/NF, BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: ADA Int'I.; Aceto; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allchem Ind.; Am. Biorganics; Ashland; BCH Brühl; Balchem; Bartek Ingreds.; Bayer/ Fiber, Addits., Rubber; Browning; Chemical; DSM Chemie Linz UK; Fluka; Gadot Biochem.; Haarmann & Reimer; Jungbunzlauer; Lonza;

Miljac; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Monsanto; NOF; Penta Mfg.; Ruger; Schweizerhall; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.S. Chems.; United Min. & Chem.; V.L. Clark; Van Waters & Rogers; Varsal Instruments; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Fumaric acid homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Fumaric resin. See Maleic resin

- Fumed silica. See Silica, fumed
- Fumed silicon dioxide. See Silica, fumed
- 2,5-Furandione. *See* Maleic anhydride
- 2,5-Furandione, dihydro-3-(octadecenyl)-. See Octadecenyl succinic anhydride
- 2,5-Furandione, 3-(docosenyl) dihydro. See Docosenylsuccinic anhydride
- 2,5-Furandione, 3-(dodecenyl) dihydro-. See Dodecenylsuccinic anhydride
- 2,5-Furandione, 3-(eicosenyl) dihydro. See Eicosenyl succinic anhydride
- 2,5-Furandione, 3-(hexadecenyl) dihydro-. See Hexadecenyl succinic anhydride
- 2,5-Furandione, homopolymer. See Maleic anhydride homopolymer
- 2,5-Furandione, polymer with ethene. See Ethylene/MA copolymer
- 2,5-Furandione, polymer with ethenylbenzene. See Styrene/MA copolymer
- 2,5-Furandione, polymer with methoxyethene. See PVM/MA copolymer
- 2,5-Furandione, polymer with methoxyethylene. See PVM/MA copolymer
- 2,5-Furandione, polymer with 2-methyl-1-propene. See Isobutylene/MA copolymer

Furanidine. See Tetrahydrofuran

Furan, tetrahydro-. See Tetrahydrofuran

Furcelleran

- CAS 9000-21-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-531-0
- *Synonyms:* Danish agar; Furcelleran gum
- Definition: Refined hydrocolloid obtained by aq. extraction of Furcellaria fastigiata of the class of red seaweed, Rodophyceae
- Properties: Wh. powd., odorless; sol. in warm water
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 5000 mg/kg, (oral, mouse) 6 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ingestion; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Emulsifier, gellant, stabilizer, thickener in foods, toothpaste; bacterial culture media; pharmaceuticals; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.655, 176.170; Japan approved Manuf./Distrib.: P.L. Thomas

Furcelleran gum. See Furcelleran

Furnace black. See Carbon black

Gadidae oil. See Cod liver oil

Gadi lecur. See Cod liver oil

Galactasol. See Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum

Gallic acid

- CAS 149-91-7; 5995-86-8 (monohydrate); EINECS/ELINCS 205-749-9 Synonyms: 3,4,5-Trihydroxybenzoic acid
- *Empirical:* $C_7H_6O_5$ (anhyd.); $C_7H_6O_5 \cdot H_2O$ (monohydrate)
- Formula: $C_6H_2(OH)_3CO_2H$ (anhyd.) or $C_6H_2(OH)_3CO_2H \cdot H_2O$ (monohydrate)
- Properties: Wh. to pale fawn-colored cryst. or need.; odorless; sol. (1 g/ml): 87 ml water, 6 ml alcohol, 100 ml ether, 10 ml glycerin, 5 ml acetone; pract. insol. in benzene, chloroform, petroleum ether; m.w. 170.12 (anhyd.), 188.14 (monohydrate); dens. 1.694; m.p. 258-265 C (dec.)
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rabbit) 5 g/kg, (IP, mouse) 4300 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 320 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mod. toxic by IP route; irritant; mutagenic data; experimental reproductive effector; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Hygroscopic; protect from light
- Uses: Additive; photography; writing ink; dyeing; mfg. of pyrogallol, tannins, paper; tanning agent; pharmaceuticals (astringent, antioxidant); engraving; lithography; analytical reagent; food additive; food antioxidant (Japan)

Regulatory: Japan approved; BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; BCH Brühl; Fluka; Fuji Chem.

Ind.; Integra; Lowenstein Dyes & Cosmetics; Mallinckrodt Baker; Nipa Labs; Penta Mfg.; Rochem Int'l.; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Triple Crown Am.; U.S. Biochemical

Gallotannic acid. See Tannic acid Gallotannin. See Tannic acid Garnet Iac. See Shellac GDO. See Glyceryl dioleate

Gelatin

- CAS 9000-70-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-554-6
- Synonyms: Gelatine; Gelatins; White gelatin
- Definition: Complex combination of proteins obtained from partial hydrolysis of collagen derived from animal skin, connective tissues, and bones; Type A is derived from acid-treated precursor, Type B from alkali-treated precursor
- Properties: Faint yel. or amber flake or powd., sl. char. bouillon-like odor in sol'n., tasteless; sol. in warm water, glycerol, acetic acid; insol. in org. solvs., alcohol, chloroform, ether, fixed and volatile oils; amphoteric
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5 g/kg; may cause anaphylactoid reactions; experimental teratogen, reproductive effector; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Stable in air when dry, but subject to microbic decomp. when moist or in sol'n.
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Visc. control agent; photographic film; sizing; textile and paper adhesives; cements; capsules for medications; matches; clarifying agent; protective colloid in ice cream; stabilizer, thickener, texturizer in food; dietary supplements; chewing gum base; extender; raw material in paints; pharmaceuticals (emulsifier, vehicle, binder, suspending agent, tablet binder/ coating, wound/burn healing, surgical sponges)

Use Level: ADI not specified (FAO/WHO)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.133, 133.134, 133.162, 133.178, 133.179, 182.70; GRAS; Japan approved; FDA approved for dentals, inhalants, intramuscular injectables, intravenous, IV (infusion), orals, topicals; USP/ NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Am. Gelatin; Ashland; Atlantic Gelatin; Browning; Croda Oleochems.; DynaGel; GMI Prods.; Hormel Foods; Int'I. Chem. Inc; Norland Prods.; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Triple Crown Am.; Vyse Gelatin; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Gelatine. See Gelatin

- Gelatins. See Gelatin
- Gentian violet. See Basic violet 3
- Ghatti gum. See Gum ghatti
- Gingelly oil. See Sesame (Sesamum indicum) oil
- Gingilli oil. See Sesame (Sesamum indicum) oil

Glass

- CAS 65997-17-3
- *Synonyms:* Fiberglass; Fibrous glass; Glass fiber; Glass fibers
- *Definition:* Ceramic material containing silica (sand) (75%), soda ash (20%), and lime (5%), often combined with metallic oxides; the blend is heated to fusion temps., then annealed to a rigid, friable state
- Properties: Plate, sheet, fiber, flakes, filament, fabric, rods, tubing, pipe, powd., beads, flakes, or hollow spheres; sp.gr. 2.5; hardness (Mohs) 5.5; high str., dimensional stability, heat and chem. resist.
- Toxicology: Fibrous glass: ACGÍH TLV 10 mg/m³ of air (fibers or dust); TDLo (IP, rat) 50 mg/kg; tumorigen; mutagen
- Uses: Windows; structural building blocks; chem. reaction equip.; pumps; piping; vacuum tubes; light bulbs; yarns; fabrics; containers; glass spheres with partial vacuum interior and treated exterior in compounding resins, potting compds., other composites; fibers as fillers for thermoplastics and thermosets, in thermal/acoustic/elec. insulation, fabrics, carpet backing, reinforcement for cement, tire cord, filter medium, reinforcement in foodcontact crosslinked polyesters
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2420
- Manuf./Distrib.: Cataphote; Ferro/Elec. & Spec. Glass; General Color & Chem.

Trade Names: A-Series Glass Beads

Glass fiber. See Glass

Glass fibers. See Glass

Glassy sodium. See Sodium hexametaphosphate

Glauber's salt. See Sodium sulfate

1,4-D-Glucan glucanohydrolase. See Amylase

Gluceptate, sodium. See Sodium glucoheptonate

Glucitol. See Sorbitol

D-Glucitol. See Sorbitol

Glucoheptonic acid, sodium salt. See Sodium glucoheptonate

D-Gluconic acid, compd. with n-[3-(dimethylamine) propyl] soyamide. See Soyamidopropyl dimethylamino gluconate

D-Gluconic acid monosodium salt. See Sodium gluconate

Gluconic acid sodium salt. See Sodium gluconate

Glue, animal. See Animal glue

Glutaral

- CAS 111-30-8; EINECS/ELINCS 203-856-5
- Synonyms: Glutaraldehyde; Glutaric dialdehyde; Pentanedial; 1,5-Pentanedial; Pentane-1,5-dial; 1,5-Pentanedione
- Classification: Aliphatic dialdehyde

Empirical: C5H8O2

Formula: OHC(CH₂)₃CHO

- Properties: Colorless oily liq.; pungent aldehyde odor; sol. in water, alcohol, benzene; m.w. 100.12; dens. 0.72; b.p. 188 C (dec.); f.p. -14 C; flash pt. none
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/CL 0.2 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 468 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 17,900 μg/kg, (subcut., rat) 2390 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) 795 mg/kg; poison by ing., IV, IP routes; mod. toxic by inh., skin contact, subcut. routes; severe eye and human skin irritant; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Corrosive
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Preservative, antimicrobial for cosmetic, toiletry, metalworking fluids, and chemical specialty prods.; biocide in water cooling towers, oil field applics.; intermediate; fixative for tissues; for crosslinking protein and polyhydroxy materials; tanning of soft leathers; gelatin hardener; in microcapsules that contain flavoring agents; antimicrobial in beet-sugar mills; fixing agent in immobilization of enzyme preps.; sterilant in medical/ dental equip., fiberoptic endoscopes; in food-pkg. adhesives; antimicrobial in pigment and filler slurries for mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard

Use Level: 0.02-0.2% (50%)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.230 (250 ppm max.), 173.357, 175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.300; EPA reg. 10352-39; Japan MITI; Europe provisional list 0.1% max.; BP compliance (sol'n.)
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; BASF; Charkit; Fabrichem; Fluka; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Transol Chems. UK Ltd; Triple Crown Am.; Union Carbide
- Trade Names: Metasol® 550; Paxgard GDA; Paxgard GT 10; Paxgard GT 20; Protectol® GDA

Glutaraldehyde. See Glutaral

Glutaric dialdehyde. See Glutaral

Glutaronitrile, 2-bromo-2-(bromomethyl). See Methyldibromo glutaronitrile Glycerides, coconut oil mono-. See Glyceryl cocoate

Glycerides, hydrogenated lard mono-. See Hydrogenated lard glyceride

Glycerides, hydrogenated tallow mono-. See Hydrogenated tallow glyceride

Glýcerides, hýdrogenated vegetable mono-. *Šee* Hydrogenated vegetable glyceride

Glycerides, lard mono-, di- and tri-, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated lard glycerides

Glycerides, lard mono-, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated lard glyceride

Glycerides, palm oil mono-, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated palm glyceride

Glycerides, soya mono-, di- and tri-, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated soy glycerides

Glycerides, soya mono-, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated soy glyceride Glycerides, soybean oil, hydrogenated, mono. See Hydrogenated soy glyceride

Glycerides, tall oil mono-, di- and tri-. See Tall oil glycerides

Glycerides, tallow, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated tallow glycerides

Glycerides, tallow mono-. See Tallow glyceride

Glycerides, tallow mono-, di- and tri-. See Tallow glycerides

Glycerides, tallow mono-, di- and tri-, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated

Glycerides, tallow mono-, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated tallow glycer-

- Glycerides, vegetable mono-, di-, and tri, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated vegetable glycerides
- Glycerides, vegetable mono-, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated vegetable glyceride
- Glycerides, vegetable oil, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated vegetable glycerides

Glycerine triacetate. See Triacetin

Glycerin monoleate. See Glyceryl oleate

Glycerin monostearate. See Glyceryl stearate

- Glycerite. See Tannic acid
- D-Glycero-D-gulo-heptonic acid, monosodium salt. See Sodium glucoheptonate
- Glycerol dioleate. See Glyceryl dioleate

Glycerol epichlorhydrin. See Epichlorohydrin

Glycerol mono coconut oil. See Glyceryl cocoate

Glycerol monolaurate. See Glyceryl laurate

Glycerol monoleate. See Glyceryl oleate

Giycerol monomethacrylate. See Glyceryl methacrylate

Glycerol monooleate. See Glyceryl oleate

Glycerol monoricinoleate. See Glyceryl ricinoleate

Glycerol 1-monoricinoleate. See Glyceryl ricinoleate

Glycerol monostearate. See Glyceryl stearate

Glycerol oleate. See Glyceryl oleate

Glycerol ricinoleate. See Glyceryl ricinoleate

Glycerol stearate. See Glyceryl stearate

Glycerol triacetate. See Triacetin

Glycerol trioleate. See Triolein

Glyceryl butyl ricinoleate

Synonyms: Glyceryl monobutyl ricinoleate Uses: In food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170

Glyceryl caprate

CAS 26402-22-2; EINECS/ELINCS 247-667-6 Synonyms: Glyceryl monocaprate; Decanoic acid, monoester with 1,2,3propanetriol

Definition: Monoester of glycerin and capric acid

Empirical: C13H26O4

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₈COOCH₂COHHCH₂OH

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Food emulsifier: solubilizer: absorption promoter: antimicrobial agent: moisturizer; emollient; refatting agent; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 176.210, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma

Glyceryl caprylate

CAS 26402-26-6; EINECS/ELINCS 247-668-1

Synonyms: Glyceryl monocaprylate; Octanoic acid, monoester with 1,2,3propanetriol; Monooctanoin

Definition: Monoester of glycerin and caprylic acid

Empirical: C11H22O4

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₆COOCH₂COHHCH₂OH

Properties: Crystals; m.p. 39.5-40.5 C; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Solubilizer, emulsifier for pharmaceutical drugs, cosmetics; carrier/ vehicle for drugs in capsules; antistat for syn. materials; solvent, solubilizer for active ingreds.; softener for chewing gum base; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2800

Glyceryl caprylate/caprate

Definition: Mixture of monoglycerides of caprylic and capric acids Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Cosolvent and coupler for org. compds.; w/o emulsifier; antistat and lubricant for syn. materials; emulsifier for cosmetics, foods, pharmaceuticals; solvent, dispersant, solubilizer, vehicle, penetrant for pharmaceuticals;

defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2800

Glyceryl cocoate

- CAS 61789-05-7; EINECS/ELINCS 263-027-9
- Synonyms: Glycerides, coconut oil mono-; Glycerol mono coconut oil; Glyceryl coconate
- Definition: Monoester of glycerin and coconut fatty acids
- Formula: RCO-OCH₂COHHCH₂OH, RCO- represents the fatty acids derived from coconut oil

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Food emulsifier; surfactant for pharmaceutical formulations; solubilizer; plasticizer; lubricant; refatting agent; penetrant; carrier; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2800

Glyceryl coconate. See Glyceryl cocoate

Glyceryl dilaurate

CAS 27638-00-2; EINECS/ELINCS 248-586-9 Synonyms: Dilaurin; Dodecanoic acid, diester with 1,2,3-propanetriol Definition: Diester of glycerin and lauric acid Empirical: C27H52O5 Formula: C₁₁H₂₃COOCH₂CHCH₂OHOCOC₁₁H₂₃ Properties: Wh. to off-wh. solid; sol. in min. oil, 95% ethanol, IPM, oleyl alcohol, castor oil; insol. in water, glycerin, propylene glycol; sapon. no. 219-229; ref. index 1.4520-1.4560 (35 C); nonionic *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; nonirritating to eyes and skin; TSCA listed HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Emollient lipid; coupling agent; plasticizer; emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 1876.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Ruger; Sigma **Glyceryl dilaurate SE** EINECS/ELINCS 248-586-9 Properties: Anionic Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals **Glyceryl dioleate** CAS 25637-84-7; EINECS/ELINCS 247-144-2 Synonyms: GDO; Glycerol dioleate; 9-Octadecenoic acid, diester with 1,2,3propanetriol

Definition: Diester of glycerin and oleic acid

Empirical: C39H72O5

Properties: Pale yel. lig.; HLB 1.8; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Uses: Surfactant for cosmetics, foods, pharmaceuticals, industrial applics.; emulsifier; thickener; stabilizer; emollient; lubricant for pharmaceuticals; internal processing lubricant for PVC; antifog for PVC film; solvent for dyes and pigments; defoamer for paints; emulsifier, lubricant for textile spin finishes, metalworking fluids; superfatting agent for soaps, hand cleaners; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.; Ruger; Sigma; Universal Preserv-A-Chem

Glyceryl distearate

CAS 1323-83-7; EINECS/ELINCS 215-359-0 Synonyms: Octadecanoic acid, diester with 1,2,3-propanetriol

Definition: Diester of glycerin and stearic acid

Empirical: C₃₉H₇₆O₅

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, coemulsifier, stabilizer, wetting agent, lubricant, and antistat used in cosmetic, pharmaceutical, industrial, food applics.; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2800; Europe listed; FDA approved for orals Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma

Glyceryl hydrogenated rosinate

Synonyms: Rosin, hydrogenated, glycerol ester

Definition: Monoester of glycerin and hydrogenated mixed long chain acids derived from rosin

Uses: Thermoplastic syn. resin; as softener/plasticizer for the masticatory agent in chewing gum bases; as resin modifier for film-formers, elastomers, and waxes in adhesive and protective coating compositions; as tackifier in adhesives, coatings; in food-pkg. and -processing operations *Trade Names:* Staybelite® Ester 10

Glyceryl hydroxystearate

CAS 1323-42-8; EINECS/ELINCS 215-355-9

Synonyms: Glyceryl 12-hydroxystearate; Glyceryl monohydroxy stearate; Glyceryl mono-12-hydroxystearate; Hydroxystearic acid, monoester with glycerol

Definition: Monoester of glycerin and hydroxystearic acid

Empirical: C₂₁H₄₂O₅

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, emollient, opacifier, bodying agent, thickener for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, household prods.; beeswax substitute; pigment wetting in paints, inks; paper industry; lubricant and mold release in plastics; textile and leather processing; detergency and cleaning prods.; in foodpkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 177.1210, 177.2800

Glyceryl 12-hydroxystearate. See Glyceryl hydroxystearate

Glyceryl lactostearate. See Glyceryl stearate lactate

Glyceryl laurate

CAS 142-18-7; EINECS/ELINCS 205-526-6

Synonyms: Dodecanoic acid, 2,3-dihydroxypropyl ester; Dodecanoic acid, monoester with 1,2,3-propanetriol; Glycerol monolaurate; Glyceryl monolaurate; 1-Monolaurin

Definition: Monoester of glycerin and lauric acid

Empirical: C15H30O4

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₀COOCH₂COHHCH₂OH

- Properties: Cream-colored paste, faint odor; disp. in water; sol. in methanol, ethanol, toluene, naphtha, min. oil; dens. 0.98; m.p. 23-27 C; HLB 5.2; pH 8-8.6; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 53 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; TSCA listed Precaution: Combustible
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant for food prods., oils, waxes, solvents; antifoaming agent; dry-cleaning soap base; plasticizer for PVC, PS, cellulosics; stabilizer/thickener/opacifier for skin creams/lotions, shampoos; emulsifier, stabilizer, solubilizer, carrier in pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles Use Level: 0.1-1.0%
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2800, GRAS; Japan approved; Europe listed
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; Cognis/Chems. Group; Danisco Ingreds.; Degussa-Hüls AG; Goldschmidt; Heterene; Inolex; Lanaetex Prods.; Lonza; PPG Ind.; Protameen; Ruger; Stepan; Thornley; Uniqema N. Am.; Van Waters & Rogers; Velsicol

Glyceryl methacrylate

CAS 5919-74-4

- Synonyms: Glycerol monomethacrylate
- Uses: Acrylic resin for paint, adhesive, soft contact lens, medical applics.; photosensitive resin; modifier for fiber and paper

Trade Names: Blemmer GLM

Glyceryl monobutyl ricinoleate. See Glyceryl butyl ricinoleate Glyceryl monocaprate. See Glyceryl caprate

Glyceryl monocaprylate. See Glyceryl caprylate Glyceryl 1-mono-12-hydroxy-cis-9-octadecenoate. See Glyceryl ricinoleate Glyceryl monohydroxy stearate. See Glyceryl hydroxystearate Glyceryl mono-12-hydroxystearate. See Glyceryl hydroxystearate Glyceryl monolaurate. See Glyceryl aurate Glyceryl monomyristate. See Glyceryl myristate Glyceryl monooleate. See Glyceryl oleate Glyceryl monoricinoleate. See Glyceryl ricinoleate Glyceryl 1-monoricinoleate. See Glyceryl ricinoleate Glyceryl monorosinate. See Glyceryl ricinoleate

Glyceryl monostearate SE. See Glyceryl stearate SE

Glyceryl monotristearate. See Tristearin

Glyceryl myristate

CAS 589-68-4; 27214-38-6; EINECS/ELINCS 248-329-0 Synonyms: Glyceryl monomyristate; Monomyristin; Tetradecanoic acid, monoester with 1,2,3-propanetriol

- Definition: Monoester of glycerin and myristic acid
- *Empirical:* C₁₇H₃₄O₄

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₂COOCH₂COHHCH₂OH

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Component in w/o and o/w creams; lubricant, antistat, antifogging agent in plastics; coemulsifier, solubilizer, carrier for lipophilic drugs; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2800

Glyceryl oleate

- CAS 111-03-5; 25496-72-4 (generic); 37220-82-9; 68424-61-3 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 203-827-7; 247-038-6; 253-407-2; FEMA 2526
- Synonyms: Glycerin monoleate; Glycerol monoleate; Glycerol monooleate; Glycerol oleate; Glyceryl monooleate; Monoglyceryl oleate; Monoolein; Monooleoylglycerol; 9-Octadecenoic acid, monoester with 1,2,3propanetriol; Oleic acid glycerol monoester; Oleic acid monoglyceride; Oleoylglycerol; Oleyl monoglyceride
- Definition: Monoester of glycerin and oleic acid

Empirical: C21H40O4

- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CH=CH(CH₂)₇CHOHOOCH₂CCH₂OH
- Properties: Yel. oil or soft solid; insol. in water; somewhat sol. in alcohol, most org. solvs.; m.w. 356.55; dens. 0.940-0.960; m.p. 149-19 C; HLB 3.4; acid no. 3 max.; iodine no. 65-80; sapon. no. 166-174; nonionic
- Toxicology: Skin and eye irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Emulsifier (hydrocarbon oils, textile spin finishes); coemulsifier; wetting agent; antistat; emollient/thickener/opacifier (cosmetics); mold release agent/processing lubricant in plastics; internal antistat for PE, PP, PVC; antifog/cling agent/lubricant for PVC film; visc. stabilizer (paints); rustpreventive oils; softener in textile finishes; flavor adjuvant/solvent/vehicle/defoamer/dispersant/emulsifier/plasticizer for foods, food pkg.; pharmaceutical excipient; plasticizer in food-contact coatings; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.210, 177.2800, 181.22, 181.27, 182.4505, 184.1323, GRAS; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for orals
- Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.; ABITEC; Am. Ingreds.; Cognis/Chems. Group; Croda Oleochems.; Danisco Ingreds.; Fallek; Ferro/Keil; Fluka; Inolex; Lambent Tech.; Lonza; Ruger; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stepan; Uniqema N. Am.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Uniqema; Venus Ethoxyethers

Trade Names: Lumulse™ GMO

Glyceryl palmitate/stearate

Synonyms: Glyceryl stearate palmitate

Classification: Triester

Definition: Monoester of glycerin and a blend of palmitic and stearic acids Empirical: $C_{63}H_{116}O_{12}$

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Stabilizer, emulsifier, dispersant for cosmetics; food emulsifier; starch

complexer; lubricant and binder in pharmaceuticals; suspending agent; thickener; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2800

Glyceryl ricinoleate

CAS 141-08-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-455-0

Synonyms: GMRO; Glycerol monoricinoleate; Glycerol 1-monoricinoleate; Glycerol ricinoleate; Glyceryl 1-mono-12-hydroxy-cis-9-octadecenoate; Glyceryl monoricinoleate; Glyceryl 1-monoricinoleate; 12-Hydroxy-9octadecenoic acid 2,3-dihydroxypropyl ester; 12-Hydroxy-9-octadecenoic acid, monoester with 1,2,3-propanetriol; Monoricinolein; α-Monoricinolein Classification: Fatty acid ester

Definition: Monoester of glycerin and ricinoleic acid

Empirical: C₂₁H₄₀O₅

Formula: C₃H₅(OOCC₁₆H₃₂OH)₃

- Properties: Lt. yel. oily liq.; sol. in ethanol, ether, acetone, benzene, cottonseed oil, ethyl acetate; sl. sol. in methanol; insol. in water, min. oil, aliphatic hydrocarbons; m.w. 372.55; dens. 1.028 (20 C); m.p. < -5 C; cloud pt. -10 C; HLB 2.1; flash pt. (COC) 265 C; ref. index 1.470; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) > 25 ml/kg; low oral toxicity; ing. of lg. amts. may cause nausea, vomiting, cramps, diarrhea; unlikely to cause skin irritation; inh. may cause sl. nose/throat irritation; exposure to vapors unlikely to occur; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Avoid generating mist; incompat. with acids and bases; decomp. (hydrolysis) can occur

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO2

- Storage: Store away from heat and ignition sources in suitable containers, protected from damage
- Uses: Emulsifier; plasticizer for PVB, cellulosics; emulsifier, solubilizer for cosmetic, pharmaceutical, household prods., coatings, and printing inks; antifoaming agent; antifogging agent for food pkg.; solvent; leather processing; lubricant for plastics processing; freeze-thaw stabilizer (latex paint); food emulsifier, stabilizer, wetting agent; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.210, 178.3130; FDA approved for orals, topicals

Manuf./Distrib.: AC Ind.; CasChem; Lambent Tech.; Lonza

Glyceryl rosinate

CAS 8050-31-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-482-5

- Synonyms: Glyceryl monorosinate; Rosin, glyceryl ester
- *Definition:* Monoester of glycerin and mixed long chain acids derived from rosin

Properties: Drop soften. pt. 88-96 C

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Thermoplastic resin gum; clouding agent in beverages; in chewing gums; inks; tackifier, softener, plasticizer, modifier for adhesives, coatings; processing aid for rubber; in food-contact articles and coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 172.735, limitation 100 ppm in finished beverage, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3120, 178.3800, 178.3870 Trade Names: Aquatac® 6085

Glyceryl stearate

- CAŚ 123-94-4 (pure grade); 11099-07-3 (crude grade); 31566-31-1 (generic); 85666-92-8 (generic); 85251-77-0; EINECS/ELINCS 204-664-4; 234-325-6; 250-705-4; 286-490-9; FEMA 2527
- Synonyms: GMS; 2,3-Dihydroxypropyl octadecanoate; Glycerin monostearate; Glycerol monostearate; Glycerol stearate; Glyceryl monostearate; Monostearin; Octadecanoic acid, monoester with 1,2,3-propanetriol; 1,2,3-Propanetriol octadecanoate; Stearic acid, monoester with glycerol; Stearic monoglyceride

Classification: Aliphatic carboxylic acid ester

Definition: Monoester of glycerin and stearic acid

Empirical: C21H42O4

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COOCH₂COHHCH₂OH

Properties: Wh. to cream wax-like flakes, sl. fatty odor and taste; sol. in hot org. solvs.; insol. in water, ethanol, glycerin, propylene glycol; disp. in min. oil; m.w. 358.57; sp.gr. 0.97; m.p. 56-59 C; b.p. 238-240 C; HLB 3.8; acid no. 6 max.; iodine no. 3 max.; sapon. no. 162-175; hyd. no. 300-330; flash pt. (OC) 230 C; pH 9.3 (3%); nonionic

Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/³ (stearates); LD50 (IP, mouse) 200 mg/kg; poison by IP route; TSCA listed

- Precaution: Combustible dust; incompat. with oxidizing materials (increased risk of fire and explosion)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight, away from heat/ignition sources; light-sensitive

- Uses: Emulsifier for cosmetics, toiletries, food, pharmaceuticals, oils, waxes, solvents; thickener, visc. builder for emulsions; plasticizer for cellulose nitrate; antistat, antifog, lubricant, processing aid for plastics; detackifier; stabilizer/thickener/opacifier (cosmetics); oil-well drilling mud lubricant; protective coating for hygroscopic powds.; softener (textile finishes); food additive (thickener, emulsifier, antisticking, antistalant, solvent); pharmaceutical excipient; surf. lubricant in food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §139.110, 139.115, 139.117, 139.120, 139.121, 139.122, 139.125, 139.135, 139.138, 139.140, 139.150, 139.155, 139.160, 139.165, 139.180, 175.105, 175.210, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800, 184.1324, GRAS; FEMA GRAS; Europe listed; FDA approved for orals, ophthalmics, otics, rectals, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.; ABITEC; Allan; Am. Ingreds./Patco; Atul Org. Pvt. Ltd; Cognis/Chems. Group; Croda Oleochems.; Danisco Ingreds.; Eastman; Fallek; Goldschmidt; Hart Prods.; ISP Van Dyk; Inolex; Jarchem Ind.; Koster Keunen; Lambent Tech.; Lanaetex Prods.; Lipo; Lonza; Protameen; Rhodia HPCII; Ruger; Seabrook Ind.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stepan; Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Venus Ethoxyethers Trade Names: Aldo® MS LG FG; Kemester® 5500; Petrac® GMS

Glyceryl stearate lactate

Synonyms: Glyceryl lactostearate

- Definition: Lactic acid ester of glyceryl stearate
- Empirical: C24H46O6
- Properties: Nonionic
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Food emulsifier; starch gelling agent in industrial processes; {improves aeration and foam stabilization; emulsion stabilizer; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147

Glyceryl stearate palmitate. See Glyceryl palmitate/stearate

Glyceryl stearate SE

CAŚ 31566-31-1 (generic); 11099-07-3; 85666-92-8 (generic); 977053-96-5; EINECS/ELINCS 234-325-6; 286-490-9

Synonyms: GMS-SE; Glyceryl monostearate SE

Definition: Self-emulsifying grade of glyceryl stearate contg. some sodium and/or potassium stearate

Empirical: C₂₁H₄₂O₄

Properties: Wh. to cream flakes; sol. in oleyl alcohol; partly sol. in water, veg. oil, ethanol, propylene glycol; m.w. 358.63; m.p. 57-59 C; HLB 11.0; sapon. no. 150-160; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 200 mg/kg; TSCA listed

- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Aux. emulsifier for soap o/w emulsions; emulsifier for polymers; lubricant, antistat, antifog for plastics prod.; thickener, emulsifier, stabilizer, wetting agent, flavoring in foods; aux. emulsifier in pharmaceutical topicals Regulatory: FDA approved for topicals

Manuf./Distrib.: Atul Org. Pvt. Ltd; Ruger

Trade Names: Kemester® 6000SE

Glyceryl triacetate. See Triacetin

Glyceryl tribenzoate

CAŠ 614-33-5; EINECS/ELINCS 210-379-6; FEMA 3398 Synonyms: GTB; 1,2,3-Propanetriol tribenzoate; Tribenzoin Definition: Benzoic acid triester with glycerin Empirical: $C_{24}H_{20}O_6$

Properties: Colorless liq.; insol. in water; sol. in alcohol, ether; m.w. 404.44; dens. 1.032; m.p. < -75 C; b.p. 305-309 C

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 11,700 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ingestion; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

- Uses: Processing aid, modifier for thermoplastics, hot-melt adhesives, lacquers; plasticizer in vinyl and acrylic systems; in food-pkg. adhesives; flavoring agent in pharmaceuticals; plasticizer in polymeric coatings for paper/paperboard in contact with dry food
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180; FEMA GRAS

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Unitex; Velsicol

Trade Names: Uniplex 260

Glyceryl trioleate. See Triolein

Glyceryl tristearate. See Tristearin

Glycidyl methacrylate

CAS 106-91-2; EINECS/ELINCS 203-441-9; UN No. 2810 (DOT)

Synonyms: GMA; 2,3-Epoxy-1-propanol, methacrylate; 2,3-Epoxypropyl methacrylate; Glycidyl α-methyl acrylate; Methacrylic acid 2,3-epoxypropyl ester; 2-Methyl-2-propenoic acid, oxiranylmethyl ester Empirical: C₁H₁₀O₃

- Properties: Colorless liq.; fruity odor; sol. in ethanol, acetone, diethyl ether, benzene; mod. sol. in water; m.w. 142.15; dens. 1.042; m.p. 79 C; b.p. 189 C; flash pt. 76 C; ref. index 1.450 (20 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 597 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 469 mg/kg; mod. toxic by skin contact and IP route; poison by ingestion; skin and eye irritant; readily absorbed thru skin; possible sensitizer; cancer suspect agent; mutagen; target organ: nerves; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Nonhazardous polymerization occurs when heated, on exposure to light, or in presence of peroxides or strong bases; usually contains an inhibitor
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Polyfunctional monomer; adhesion promoting/crosslinking comonomer for acrylic and vinyl resins; reactive diluent; modifier for paints, adhesives, and fibers; in hydrogels for contact lenses and membranes, molding and casting compds., impregnating paper, concrete, wood, coatings, printing inks, adhesives, sealants, elastomers, paints
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Aldrich; Estron; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Polysciences; Richman; San Esters; Sartomer; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Trade Names: SR 379

Glycidyl methacrylate homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.180

Glycidyl α -methyl acrylate. See Glycidyl methacrylate

Glycine, N,N-bis(carboxymethyl)-. See Nitrilotriacetic acid

- Glycine, N,N-bis (carboxymethyl)-, trisodium salt. See Trisodium NTA
- Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, disodium salt dihydrate. See Disodium EDTA

Glycine soja. See Soybean (Glycine soja) oil

Glycine soja oil. See Soybean (Glycine soja) oil

Glycinol. See Ethanolamine

Glycogenase. See Amylase

Glycol

- CAS 107-21-1; EINECS/ELINCS 203-473-3
- Synonyms: EG; MEG; 1,2-Dihydroxyethane; 1,2-Ethanediol; Ethane-1,2diol; Ethylene alcohol; Ethylene dihydrate; Ethylene glycol; Glycol alcohol; Monoethylene glycol
- Classification: Aliphatic dihydric alcohol
- *Empirical:* C₂H₆O₂

Formula: HOCH₂CH₂OH

- Properties: Colorless clear liq., sweet taste (poisonous); sol. in water, lower aliphatic alcohols, glycerol, glycol ethers, acetone, most org. solvs.; poor sol. in toluene, benzene, chloroform; m.w. 62.07; sp.gr. 1.1135 (20/4 C); visc. 17.3 cps; m.p. -13 C; b.p. 197.6 C; flash pt. (OC) 115 C; ref. index 1.43063
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/CL 50 ppm (vapor); LD50 (oral, rat) 4700 mg/kg; toxic by inh.; mod. toxic by ing., subcut., IV, IM routes; human poison by ing.; vapor can cause nose/throat irritation and burning; irritating to eyes, skin, mucous membranes; may be absorbed thru skin; human systemic effects by ing./inh. (lacrimation, anesthesia, headache, cough, nausea, vomiting, pulmonary/kidney/liver changes); lethal dose for humans 100

ml; experimental teratogen; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed

- Precaution: Combustible; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents, perchloric acid, strong bases, phosphorus (V) sulfide, strong acids, silvered copper wires carrying dc current; mod. explosion hazard; violent reactions possible
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Very hygroscopic; store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area
- Uses: Antifreeze (cooling/heating systems); in hydraulic brake fluids; humectant (starch adhesives); solvent in paints, plastics, printing inks; softener for cellophane; stabilizer; in explosives; alkyd resins; elastomers; waxes; asphalt; PU chain extender; wood stains; raw material for prod. of syn. polyester fibers, latex paints, polyester/alkyd resins; plasticizer (regenerated cellulose film); heat transfer agent; low-pressure laminates; textile processing; foam stabilizer; pharmaceutical solvent; in food-pkg. adhesives; adjuvant in slimicides in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.300; FDA approved for topicals; BP compliance
- Manuf. Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; Arch Chems.; Ashland; BASF; Baychem; C.P. Hall; CasChem; Celanese; Chemcentral; Cognis/ Chems. Group; Coyne; Degussa-Hüls AG; Dow; Eastman; Equistar; Fluka; Haltermann Prods. UK; Harcros; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; Huntsman; J.T. Baker; Lanaetex Prods.; Laporte Perf. Chems.; Mobil; Occidental; Oxiteno; Reliance Ind. Ltd; Rhodia; Robeco; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Shell; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sunnyside; Union Carbide; Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Van Waters & Rogers
- Trade Names Containing: Advantage® DF 110; Metasol® TK-100 Disp. W; Octowet 70D; Surfynol® 104E; Surfynol® 104H; Surfynol® TG

Glycol alcohol. See Glycol

Glycol/butylene glycol montanate

- CAS 73138-45-1
- Definition: Mixt. of diesters of montan acid wax with ethylene glycol and butylene glycol
- Uses: Lubricant for plastics compounding; release agent; antiblocking agent; wax for polishes, emulsions, citrus fruit coating

Trade Names: Hoechst Wax E; Hoechst Wax KSL

Glycol butyl ether. See Butoxyethanol

Glycol dilaurate

- CAS 624-04-4; EINECS/ELINCS 210-827-0
- Synonyms: Ethylene glycol dilaurate; Lauric acid, 1,2-ethanediyl ester; Dodecanoic acid 1,2-ethanediyl ester
- Definition: Diester of ethylene glycol and lauric acid
- Empirical: C26H50O4
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₀COOCH₂CH₂OCO(CH₂)₁₀CH₃
- Properties: Colorless amorphous mass; insol. in alcohol, ether; m.w. 426.66; m.p. 50-52 C; b.p. 188 C (20 mm); nonionic
- Uses: Plasticizer in lacquers and varnishes; emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants; emollient in cosmetics/pharmaceuticals

Glycol dilaurate SE

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants

Glycol dioleate

CAS 928-24-5

- Synonyms: Ethylene glycol dioleate; 9-Octadecenoic acid, 1,2-ethanediyl ester
- Definition: Diester of ethylene glycol and oleic acid
- Empirical: C₃₈H₇₀O₄
- Properties: Sp.gr. 0.950; m.p. 0 C; flash pt. (COC) 296 C; ref. index 1.461; nonionic
- Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, spreading agent, oil-phase ingred. for cosmetics; plasticizer for PVC, some cellulosics; emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, polishes, latexes, lubricants Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.

Glycol dioleate SE

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants Empirical: C₁₈H₃₆O₃ Glycol distearate CAS 627-83-8; 91031-31-1; EINECS/ELINCS 211-014-3 Synonyms: EGDS; Ethylene glycol distearate; Octadecanoic acid, 1,2ethanediyl ester paper/paperboard Definition: Diester of ethylene glycol and stearic acid Empirical: C₃₈H₇₄O₄ Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COOCH₂CH₂OCO(CH₂)₁₆CH₃ **Glycol ricinoleate** *Properties:* Wh. to yel. powd.; m.w. 595.00; dens. 0.97; m.p. 60 C; HLB 1.6; flash pt. (COC) 171 C; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Pearlescent; opacifier; thickener; intermediate; lubricant; emulsifier; emollient; for emulsion shampoos and foam baths; plasticizer, lubricant, Empirical: C20H38O antistat for plastics and rubber; surfactant in paints; pharmaceutical surfactant; specialized solvent; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.; Ashland; Cedar Concepts; Inolex; Lonza; PPG Ind.; Rhodia HPCII; Ruger Trade Names: Cithrol EGDS N/E; Lumulse™ EGDS; Mackester™ EGDS; Polypax EGDS **Glycol ricinoleate SE** Glycol distearate SE Properties: Anionic Properties: Anionic Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants Glycol laurate CAS 4219-48-1; EINECS/ELINCS 253-458-0 Synonyms: Ethylene glycol monolaurate Definition: Ester of ethylene glycol and lauric acid Properties: Nonionic See Octoxynol Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, Glycol stearate polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants **Glycol laurate SE** 886-9; 306-522-8 EINECS/ELINCS 237-725-9 Synonyms: Dodecanoic acid, ester with 1,2-ethanediol **Properties:** Anionic Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants Empirical: C20H40O3 Glycol methacrylate. See 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate Glycol monobutyl ether. See Butoxyethanol Glycol monomethacrylate. See 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate Glycol monooleate. See Glycol oleate nonionic Glycol monopalmitate. See Glycol palmitate Glycol monoricinoleate. See Glycol ricinoleate Glycol monostearate. See Glycol stearate Glycol oleate irritating fumes CAS 4500-01-0; EINECS/ELINCS 224-806-9 Synonyms: Ethylene glycol monooleate; Glycol monooleate; 2-Hydroxyethyl 9-octadecenoate Definition: Ester of ethylene glycol and oleic acid Empirical: C₂₀H₃₈O₃ Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CH=CH(CH₂)₇COOCH₂CH₂OH Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed per/paperboard Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.; AC Ind. Glycol oleate SE Properties: Anionic Glycol stearate SE Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, CAS 86418-55-5 polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants Glycol palmitate CAS 4219-49-2; EINECS/ELINCS 224-160-8

Synonyms: Ethylene glycol monopalmitate; Glycol monopalmitate; 2-Hydroxyethyl hexadecanoate

Definition: Ester of ethylene glycol and palmitic acid Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₄COOCH₂CH₂OH Properties: M.w. 300.54; nonionic Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 3 g/kg Uses: Emulsifier; cosmetic thickener and gellant; defoamer in food-contact Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 CAS 106-17-2; EINECS/ELINCS 203-369-8 Synonyms: Ethylene glycol monoricinoleate; Glycol monoricinoleate; 2-Hydroxyethyl 12-hydroxy-9-octadecenoate Definition: Ester of ethylene glycol and ricinoleic acid Formula: C₁₇H₃₂(OH)COO(CH₂)₂OH Properties: Clear, moderately visc. pale-yel. liq., mild odor; misc. with most org. solvs.; insol. in water; dens. 0.965 (25/25 C); nonionic Uses: Plasticizer, wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier, antistat for textiles, paper processing, greases, polishes, latexes; urethane polymers; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants Glycols, polyethylene, dimethyl ether. See PEG dimethyl ether Glycols, polyethylene, mono (nonylphenyl) ether. See Nonoxynol Glycols, polyethylene, monostearate. See PEG stearate Glycols, polyethylene, mono (p-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl) phenyl) ether. CAS 111-60-4; 9004-99-3 (generic); 97281-23-7; EINECS/ELINCS 203-Synonyms: EGMS; Ethylene glycol monostearate; Ethylene glycol stearate; Glycol monostearate; 2-Hydroxyethyl ester stearic acid; 2-Hydroxyethyl octadecanoate; PEG-1 stearate; POE (1) stearic acid; Stearic acid, monoester with ethylene glycol Definition: Ester of ethylene glycol and stearic acid Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COOCH₂CH₂OH Properties: Wh. to yel. waxy solid; sol. in alcohol, hot ether, acetone; insol. in water; m.w. 328.60; dens. 0.96 (25 C); m.p. 57-60 C; HLB 2.9; *Toxicology:* LD50 (IP, mouse) 200 mg/kg; poison by IP route; primary skin irritant; TSCA listed Precaution: Combustible Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 Uses: Opacifier/pearlescent/emulsifier/visc. modifier for cosmetics; plasticizer for cellulose nitrate; lubricant for plasticized PVC; surfactant for industrial and cosmetic applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives, water treatment; specialized solvent; pharmaceutical excipient; defoamer in food-contact pa-Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; FDA approved for topicals Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.; Alzo; Ashland; C.P. Hall; Costec; Fanning; Goldschmidt; ISP Van Dyk; Inolex; Lanaetex Prods.; Lipo; McIntyre; Norman, Fox; PPG Ind.; Phoenix; Protameen; R.I.T.A.; Rhodia HPCII; Ruger; Scher; Stepan; Thornley; Uniqema N. Am. Trade Names: Cithrol EGMS N/E; Mackester™ EGMS; Polypax EGMS Trade Names Containing: Mackester™ IP; Mackester™ SP Synonyms: Ethylene glycol monostearate SE Definition: Self-emulsifying grade of glycol stearate contg. some sodium and/ or potassium stearate Properties: Wh. to cream flakes; disp. in water, peanut oil, oleyl alcohol; insol.

in min. oil, ethanol, glycerin, propylene glycol, IPM; m.p. 57-60 C;

sapon. no. 181-191; anionic

Uses: Emulsifier for o/w creams and lotions; visc. builder, opacifier; base in topical pharmaceuticals Trade Names: Cithrol EGMS S/E

Glyco stearin. See PEG-2 stearate

Glyoxal

CAS 107-22-2; EINECS/ELINCS 203-474-9

Synonyms: Biformyl; Ethanedial; 1,2-Ethanedial; Oxalaldehyde

Classification: Aliphatic dialdehyde

Empirical: C₂H₂O₂ *Formula:* O=HCCH=O

- Properties: Yel. crystals or lt. yel. liq., mild odor; sol. in anhyd. solvs.; m.w. 58.04; dens. 1.14 (20/20 C); m.p. 15 C; b.p. 51 C; ref. index 1.3826 (20 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 7070 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 10 g/kg; low toxicity by ing., skin contact; skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Powerful reducing agent; mixts. with air may explode; violent polymerization in contact with water; violent reactions with chlorosulfonic acid, ethylene imine, NaOH, etc.; can explode during mfg.
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Storage: May spontaneously polymerize and ignite during storage

Uses: Insolubilizing agent; embalming fluids; reducing agent (textiles); organic synthesis; glues; biocides; leather tanning; wet resist. additive in paper coatings; in food-pkg. adhesives; crosslinking agent for vinyl acetate/acrylic resins; disinfectant; gelatin hardener; textile finishing agent (permanent-press fabrics); insolubilizer in starch- and protein-based foodcontact coatings; curing system additive for bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin epoxies for food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 177.2280

Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; BFGoodrich/Textile; Chisso Am.; Clariant; Fluka; Sigma; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Trade Names: Protectol® GL 40

Glyoxal/urea/formaldehyde condensate

CAS 27013-01-0

Uses: Starch insolubilizer in coatings for paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Glyoxal/urea polymer

CAS 53037-34-6 Uses: Starch insolubilizer for paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

GMA. See Glycidyl methacrylate; 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate GMRO. See Glyceryl ricinoleate

GMS. See Glyceryl stearate

GMS-SE. See Glyceryl stearate SE

Golden yellow. See Vat yellow 4

Gomenoleo oil. See Olive (Olea europaea) oil

Gossypimine. See Basic red 2

Gossypium. See Cottonseed (Gossypium) oil

Grain alcohol. See Alcohol

Graphite. See Carbon, activated

Green chrome oxide. See Chromium oxide (ic)

Green chromic oxide. See Chromium oxide (ic) Green cinnabar. See Chromium oxide (ic)

Green rouge. See Chromium oxide (ic)

Griffith's zinc white. See Lithopone

Groundnut oil. See Peanut (Arachis hypogaea) oil

GTB. See Glyceryl tribenzoate

p-Guaiacol. See Hydroquinone monomethyl ether

Guanidine, dodecyl-, monohydrochloride. See Dodecylguanidine hydrochloride

Guanidine hydrogen phosphate. See Guanidine phosphate, dibasic

Guanidine phosphate, dibasic

CAS 5423-23-4; EINECS/ELINCS 226-552-4

Synonyms: Diguanidine phosphate; Diguanidine hydrogen phosphate; Guanidine hydrogen phosphate

Empirical: C₂H₁₃N₆O₄P

Formula: [NH₂C(:NH)NH₂]₂ • H₃PO₄

Properties: Colorless solid; sol. in water; m.w. 216.13; dens. 1.48 kg/l; m.p. 246 C Toxicology: Harmful by ing., inh.; skin/eye irritant Uses: Fire retardant for wood, paper, and textiles

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka

Guanidine stearate

Empirical: C19H41N3O2 Properties: M.w. 343.56 Uses: Emulsifier and wetting agent for surface coatings, paper prod. Manuf./Distrib.: SKW Chems.

Guanidine sulfamate

Empirical: CH₈N₄O₃S Properties: M.w. 156.16 Uses: Fire retardant for Japanese paper screens Manuf./Distrib.: Austin; Chisso Am.; SKW Chems.

Guar. See Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum Guaran. See Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum

Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum

CAS 9000-30-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-536-8; FEMA 2537 Synonyms: Cyamopsis gum; Cyanopsis tetragonoloba; Cyanopsis tetragonoloba gum; Galactasol; Guar; Guaran; Guar flour; Gum cyanopsis;

- Gum guar; Jaguar gum Classification: Nonaromatic alcohol
- Definition: Natural material derived from the ground endosperms of Cyamopsis tetragonolobus; consists of high m.w. hydrocolloidal polysaccharide composed of galactomannan units
- Properties: Ylsh.-wh. free-flowing powd.; aq. sol'ns. tasteless, odorless; sol. in hot or cold water; insol. in oil, greases, hydrocarbons, ketones, esters; m.w. ≈ 220,000
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 8100 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; may cause contact dermatitis; tumorigen; mutagen; experimental reproductive effects; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Paper coating/sizing/dry str. additive; filter aid/flocculant in mining industry; coagulant in water treatment; viscosifier (oil-well fluids, slurry explosives); protective colloid/stabilizer/thickener/emulsifier for foods/pharmaceuticals/cosmetics; binder, emulsion stabilizer, film-former in cosmetics; dietary bulking agent; pharmaceutical tablet binder/disintegrant; as bulk laxative, appetite suppressant; pharmaceutical jelly formulations; treatment of peptic ulcers; 5-8 times the thickening power of starch
- Use Level: Limitation 0.35% (baked goods), 1.2% (cereal), 0.8% (cheese), 1% (dairy prods.), 2% (fats, oils), 1.2% (gravies), 1% (jams), 0.6% (milk prods.), 2% (processed vegetables), 0.8% (soups), 1% (sweet sauces), 0.5% (other foods)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.124, 133.133, 133.134, 133.162, 133.178, 133.179, 150.141, 150.161, 184.1339, GRAS; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for buccals, orals; USP/NF compliance; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; ADI not specified (WHO)

Manuf./Distrib.: AEP Colloids; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Ashland; CarboMer; Charkit; Chart; Colloides Naturels; Fabrichem; Folexco; Frutarom Meer; Gumix Int'l.; Hercules/Aqualon; Hercules; Houghton Chem.; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Multi-Kem; Nat'l. Starch & Chem.; P.L. Thomas; Penta Mfg.; Rhodia HPCII; Ruger; Sarcom; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stan Chem Int'l. Ltd; TIC Gums; Tomen Am.; V.L. Clark

Trade Names: Jaguar® 2100®; Jaguar® CB-11; Jaguar® CB-123; Jaguar® CP-13; Liporol SP; Lycoid® 260; Powdered Guar Gum Type A; Powdered Guar Gum Type AA; Powdered Guar Gum Type B; Powdered Guar Gum Type BB; Powdered Gum Guar NF Type 80 Mesh B/T; Powdered Gum Guar Type 140 Mesh B/T; Powdered Gum Guar Type ECM; Powdered Gum Guar Type M; Powdered Gum Guar Type MM FCC; Powdered Gum Guar Type MM (HV); Powdered Gum Guar Type MMM¹/₂; Powdered Gum Guar Type MMW; TIC Pretested[®] Guar Gum TICOLV

Guar flour. See Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum

Guar gum, carboxymethyl 2-hydroxypropyl ether, sodium salt. See Carboxymethyl hydroxypropyl guar

Guar gum, 2-hydroxypropyl ether. See Hydroxypropyl guar Gulf red. See Iron oxide red Gulitol. See Sorbitol Gum carrageenan. See Carrageenan (Chondrus crispus) Gum cyanopsis. See Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum Gum Damar. See Dammar Gum Dammar. See Dammar Gum elemi. See Elemi gum

Gum ghatti

CAS 9000-28-6; FEMA 2519

Synonyms: Ghatti gum; Indian gum

Classification: Water-soluble polysaccharide

Definition: Gummy exudate from wounds in the bark of Anogeissus latifolia Properties: Colorless to pale yel. solid; almost odorless and tasteless; partly sol. in water; can be solubilized by autoclaving; insol. in 90% alcohol

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 17 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; can cause allergy Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Thickener, stabilizer in soft drinks, cake mixes, glazes, confectionery; protective colloid; emulsifier for waxes, fats, and oils; stabilizer, emulsifier, binder for beverages, pharmaceuticals, coating and barrier applics.; substitute for acacia

Use Level: Limitation 0.2% (nonalcoholic beverages), 0.1% (other food)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1333, GRAS; FEMA GRAS; Japan approved
- Manuf./Distrib.: AEP Colloids; Houghton Chem.; P.L. Thomas; Sarcom; Sigma; V.L. Clark
- Trade Names: Granular Gum Ghatti #1; Powdered Gum Ghatti #1; Powdered Gum Ghatti #2; Staform P

Gum guar. See Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum Gum karaya. See Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum Gum lac. See Shellac Gum rosin. See Rosin Gum sandarac. See Sandarac (Callitris quadrivalvis) gum Gum, Shorea Robusta. See Dammar Gum sterculia. See Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum Gum turpentine. See Turpentine Guncotton. See Nitrocellulose Gypsum. See Calcium sulfate; Calcium sulfate dihydrate Gypsum hemihydrate. See Calcium sulfate hemihydrate Gypsum stone. See Calcium sulfate dihydrate HA. See Hydroquinone monomethyl ether Halane. See 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin Halite. See Sodium chloride Halowax. See Tetrachloronaphthalene Hard paraffin. See Paraffin HBD. See Tributyltin oxide HCB. See Hexachlorobenzene HCFC-141b. See Dichlorofluoroethane HCI. See Hydrochloric acid HDDA. See 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate HDODA. See 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate HDPE. See Polyethylene, high-density HDSA. See Hexadecenyl succinic anhydride n-HDSA. See Hexadecenyl succinic anhydride HEA. See 2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate Heavy mineral oil. See Mineral oil Heavy naphtha. See Naphtha Heavy spar. See Barium sulfate HEC. See Hydroxyethylcellulose HE cellulose. See Hydroxyethylcellulose HEDP. See Etidronic acid HEDPA. See Etidronic acid HEDTANa₃. See Trisodium HEDTA HEDTA, trisodium salt. See Trisodium HEDTA HEEDTANa₃. See Trisodium HEDTA HEEDTA, trisodium salt. See Trisodium HEDTA Helanthrene yellow. See Vat yellow 4 Helianthus annuus. See Sunflower (Helianthus annuus) seed oil Helianthus annuus oil. See Sunflower (Helianthus annuus) seed oil HEMA. See 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate

1-Heptadecanecarboxylic acid. See Stearic acid

Heptadecanoic acid, 16-methyl-. See Isostearic acid

- 2-(8-Heptadecenyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole-1-ethanol. See Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline
- 2-(8-Heptadecenyl)-2-imidazoline-1-ethanol. See Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline
- 2-Heptadecenyl-4-methyl-4-hydroxymethyl-2-oxazoline Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210
- 2-Heptadecyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole. See Stearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline
- 2-Heptadecyl-1-hydroxyethylimidazoline. See Stearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

2-Heptadecyl-2-imidazoline-1-ethanol. See Stearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline Heptane

CAS 142-82-5; 64742-89-8; EINECS/ELINCS 205-563-8; UN No. 1206 (DOT)

Synonyms: Alkane C₁; Dipropyl methane; n-Heptane; Heptyl hydride Classification: Sat. aliphatic hydrocarbon

Empirical: C7H16

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₅CH₃

- Properties: Volatile colorless lig.; gasoline-like odor; sol. in alcohol, ether, chloroform; misc. with oxygenated, chlorinated, and hydrocarbon solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 100.21; dens. 0.68368 (20 C); m.p. -91 C; b.p. 98.428 C; flash pt. (CC) -3.89 C; ref. index 1.38764 (20 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 400 ppm; STEL 500 ppm; LD50 (IV, mouse) 222 mg/kg; lethal conc. for mice 15,900 ppm in air; irritating to respiratory tract; narcotic in high concs.; poison by IV route; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, swelling of abdomen, headache, depression; relatively low oral toxicity unless aspirated into lungs; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm. when exposed to heat or flame; dangerous fire risk; can react vigorously with oxidizing materials; mod. explosive exposed to heat or flame; violent reaction with phosphorus + chlorine
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight

Uses: Standard for octane rating determinations; anesthetic; solvent for rubber compounding, cements/sealants, inks, fast-drying adhesives, lacquers, extraction of oils and fats; organic synthesis; replacement for n-hexane; reagent; major ingred. in gasoline, aviation fuel, petroleum solvents such as petroleum naphtha and rubber solvent; reaction diluent in polyolefin prod.; in food-pkg. adhesives; adjuvant for PC food-pkg. resins

Regulatory: FDA21CFR §175.105, 177.1580, 27CFR §21.111 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; Burdick & Jackson; ChevronPhillips; Coyne; Exxon; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; Great Western; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; Humphrey; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Triple Crown Am.

Trade Names Containing: Shell Sol B HT; Shell Tolu-Sol® W HT Solv.

n-Heptane. See Heptane

1-Heptanecarboxylic acid. See Caprylic acid

4-Heptanol, 2,6-dimethyl-. See 2,6-Dimethyl heptanol-4

3,6,9,12,15,18,21-Heptaoxatricosane-1,23-diol. See PEG-8

Heptyl hydride. See Heptane

Hetastarch. See Hydroxyethylcellulose

Hexa. See Hexamethylenetetramine

Hexabutyldistannoxane. See Tributyltin oxide Hexa C.B. See Hexachlorobenzene

Hexachlorobenzene

CAS 118-74-1; EINECS/ELINCS 204-273-9; UN No. 2729 Synonyms: HCB; Benzene, hexachloro-; Hexa C.B.; Pentachlorophenyl chloride; Perchlorobenzene; Phenyl perchloryl Empirical: C₆Cl₆

Properties: Wh. need. or gray powd.; sol. in chloroform, CS₂, ether, benzene; sol. 1-5 mg/ml in acetone, < 1 mg/ml in water, DMSO, 95% ethanol; sparingly sol. in CCl₄; m.w. 284.76; dens. 2.044 g/ml (23 C); vapor pressure 1 mm Hg (114.4 C); m.p. 227-229 C; b.p. 322 C (subl.); flash pt. 242 C

Guar gum, 2-hydroxypropyl ether. See Hydroxypropyl guar HEMA. See 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate 1-Heptadecanecarboxylic acid. See Stearic acid Gulf red. See Iron oxide red Heptadecanoic acid, 16-methyl-. See Isostearic acid Gulitol. See Sorbitol Gum carrageenan. See Carrageenan (Chondrus crispus) 2-(8-Heptadecenyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole-1-ethanol. See Oleyl hydroxy-Gum cyanopsis. See Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum ethyl imidazoline Gum Damar. See Dammar 2-(8-Heptadecenyl)-2-imidazoline-1-ethanol. See Oleyl hydroxyethyl imida-Gum Dammar. See Dammar zoline Gum elemi. See Elemi gum 2-Heptadecenyl-4-methyl-4-hydroxymethyl-2-oxazoline Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Gum ghatti Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 CAS 9000-28-6; FEMA 2519 Synonyms: Ghatti gum; Indian gum 2-Heptadecyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole. See Stearyl hydroxyethyl imidazo-Classification: Water-soluble polysaccharide line Definition: Gummy exudate from wounds in the bark of Anogeissus latifolia 2-Heptadecyl-1-hydroxyethylimidazoline. See Stearyl hydroxyethyl imida-Properties: Colorless to pale yel. solid; almost odorless and tasteless; partly zoline sol. in water; can be solubilized by autoclaving; insol. in 90% alcohol 2-Heptadecyl-2-imidazoline-1-ethanol. See Stearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 17 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; can cause allergy Heptane Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and CAS 142-82-5; 64742-89-8; EINECS/ELINCS 205-563-8; UN No. 1206 irritating fumes (DOT) Uses: Thickener, stabilizer in soft drinks, cake mixes, glazes, confectionery; Synonyms: Alkane C₇; Dipropyl methane; n-Heptane; Heptyl hydride protective colloid; emulsifier for waxes, fats, and oils; stabilizer, emulsifier, Classification: Sat. aliphatic hydrocarbon binder for beverages, pharmaceuticals, coating and barrier applics.; sub-Empirical: C7H16 stitute for acacia Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₅CH₃ Use Level: Limitation 0.2% (nonalcoholic beverages), 0.1% (other food) Properties: Volatile colorless lig.; gasoline-like odor; sol. in alcohol, ether, Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1333, GRAS; FEMA GRAS; Japan apchloroform; misc. with oxygenated, chlorinated, and hydrocarbon solvs.; proved insol. in water; m.w. 100.21; dens. 0.68368 (20 C); m.p. -91 C; b.p. 98.428 C; flash pt. (CC) -3.89 C; ref. index 1.38764 (20 C) Manuf./Distrib.: AEP Colloids; Houghton Chem.; P.L. Thomas; Sarcom; Sigma; V.L. Clark Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 400 ppm; STEL 500 ppm; LD50 (IV, mouse) Trade Names: Granular Gum Ghatti #1; Powdered Gum Ghatti #1; Pow-222 mg/kg; lethal conc. for mice 15,900 ppm in air; irritating to respiratory dered Gum Ghatti #2; Staform P tract; narcotic in high concs.; poison by IV route; ing. may cause nausea, Gum guar. See Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum vomiting, swelling of abdomen, headache, depression; relatively low oral Gum karaya. See Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum toxicity unless aspirated into lungs; TSCA listed Gum lac. See Shellac Precaution: Flamm. when exposed to heat or flame; dangerous fire risk; can Gum rosin. See Rosin react vigorously with oxidizing materials; mod. explosive exposed to heat Gum sandarac. See Sandarac (Callitris quadrivalvis) gum or flame; violent reaction with phosphorus + chlorine Gum, Shorea Robusta. See Dammar Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and Gum sterculia. See Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum fumes Gum turpentine. See Turpentine NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0 Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight Guncotton. See Nitrocellulose Gypsum. See Calcium sulfate; Calcium sulfate dihydrate Uses: Standard for octane rating determinations; anesthetic; solvent for rubber Gypsum hemihydrate. See Calcium sulfate hemihydrate compounding, cements/sealants, inks, fast-drying adhesives, lacquers, Gypsum stone. See Calcium sulfate dihydrate extraction of oils and fats; organic synthesis; replacement for n-hexane; HA. See Hydroquinone monomethyl ether reagent; major ingred. in gasoline, aviation fuel, petroleum solvents such Halane. See 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin as petroleum naphtha and rubber solvent; reaction diluent in polyolefin Halite. See Sodium chloride prod.; in food-pkg. adhesives; adjuvant for PC food-pkg. resins Regulatory: FDA21CFR §175.105, 177.1580, 27CFR §21.111 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; Burdick & Jackson; ChevronPhillips; Halowax. See Tetrachloronaphthalene Hard paraffin. See Paraffin HBD. See Tributyltin oxide Coyne; Exxon; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; Great Western; Houghton Chem.; HCB. See Hexachlorobenzene Hukill; Humphrey; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; HCFC-141b. See Dichlorofluoroethane Triple Crown Am. HCI. See Hydrochloric acid Trade Names Containing: Shell Sol B HT; Shell Tolu-Sol® W HT Solv. HDDA. See 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate n-Heptane. See Heptane HDODA. See 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate 1-Heptanecarboxylic acid. See Caprylic acid HDPE. See Polyethylene, high-density 4-Heptanol, 2,6-dimethyl-. See 2,6-Dimethyl heptanol-4 HDSA. See Hexadecenyl succinic anhydride 3,6,9,12,15,18,21-Heptaoxatricosane-1,23-diol. See PEG-8 n-HDSA. See Hexadecenyl succinic anhydride Heptyl hydride. See Heptane HEA. See 2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate Hetastarch. See Hydroxyethylcellulose Heavy mineral oil. See Mineral oil Hexa. See Hexamethylenetetramine Heavy naphtha. See Naphtha Hexabutyldistannoxane. See Tributyltin oxide Heavy spar. See Barium sulfate Hexa C.B. See Hexachlorobenzene HEC. See Hydroxyethylcellulose HE cellulose. See Hydroxyethylcellulose Hexachlorobenzene HEDP. See Etidronic acid CAS 118-74-1; EINECS/ELINCS 204-273-9; UN No. 2729 HEDPA. See Etidronic acid Synonyms: HCB; Benzene, hexachloro-; Hexa C.B.; Pentachlorophenyl HEDTANa₃. See Trisodium HEDTA chloride; Perchlorobenzene; Phenyl perchloryl HEDTA, trisodium salt. See Trisodium HEDTA Empirical: C₆Cl₆ HEEDTANa₃. See Trisodium HEDTA Properties: Wh. need. or gray powd.; sol. in chloroform, CS₂, ether, ben-HEEDTA, trisodium salt. See Trisodium HEDTA zene; sol. 1-5 mg/ml in acetone, < 1 mg/ml in water, DMSO, 95% Helanthrene yellow. See Vat yellow 4 ethanol; sparingly sol. in CCl₄; m.w. 284.76; dens. 2.044 g/ml (23 C); Helianthus annuus. See Sunflower (Helianthus annuus) seed oil vapor pressure 1 mm Hg (114.4 C); m.p. 227-229 C; b.p. 322 C (subl.); Helianthus annuus oil. See Sunflower (Helianthus annuus) seed oil flash pt. 242 C

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 10,000 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat) 3600 mg/m³; mod. toxic by ing.; irritating to eyes, skin, mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract; may cause corneal opacity, focal alopecia, atrophic hands, hypertrichosis, hepatomegaly, porphyria, anorexia, wt. loss, enlargement of thyroid and lymph nodes, skin photosensitization, abnormal growth of hair; experimental neoplastigen, carcinogen; equivocal tumorigen and teratogen; suspected human carcinogen; target organ: liver; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; reacts violently with dimethylformamide; easily sublimable; keep away from food
- *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of chlorides, CO, CO₂
- Storage: Sensitive to moisture; store at ambient temps., preferably under inert atmosphere; protect from moisture
- Uses: Organic synthesis; fungicide for seeds; wood preservative; mfg. of pentachlorophenol; prod. of aromatic fluorocarbons; in impregnation of paper
- Manuf./Distrib.: AccuStandard; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; ChemService; Fluka; Isotec; Lancaster Synthesis; Riedel-deHaën; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Supelco; TCI Am.

2,2,4,4,5,5-Hexachlorobiphenyl

- CAS 35065-27-1; EINECS/ELINCS 215-648-1; UN No. 2315
- Synonyms: 1,1-Biphenyl, 2,2',4,4',5,5'-hexachloro-; 2,2',4,4',5,5'-Hexachloro-1,1'-biphenyl; 2,4,5,2',4',5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl Classification: Polychlorinated biphenyl
- *Empirical:* C₁₂H₄Cl₆
- Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in oils, lipids, org. solvs.; sl. sol. in water, glycerol, glycols; m.w. 360.86; dens. 1.4-1.5 g/ml; m.p. 103-104 C; probably nonflamm.; thermally stable; very resist. to degradation; resist. to oxidation, acids, bases, other chem. agents
- Toxicology: Toxic by inh., ing., skin contact; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; may cause adenofibrosis, wt./hair loss, mouth/eyelid edema, acneform lesions, gastric mucosal ulceration, etc.; may cause in humans: skin hyperpigmentation, conjunctivitis, edema, hepatic hypertrophy, dec. hemoglobin, serum hyperlipidemia, leukocytosis, etc.; may cause nausea, lethargy, GI distress, jaundice, etc. on chronic exposure; experimental equivocal tumorigen; target organs: liver, skin

Environmental: Harmful, dangerous to the environment

- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; may react with sodium hydroxide under high temps.; may react with metal to cause corrosion under elevated temps.
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of CO, CO_2 , hydrogen chloride gas, CI^- ; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions
- Storage: Štore in cool, dry place; keep tightly closed; protect from light Uses: Capacitors; transformers; mfg. of plasticizers, hydraulic fluids, lubricants, surf. coatings, inks, sealants, adhesives; pesticide extenders; microencapsulation of dyes for carbonless duplicating paper; ingred. in lacquers, paints, varnishes; waterproofing compds.; vacuum pump fluids; air
- compressors Regulatory: Prod. and sale of PCB's were discontinued in 1977; however, they are still present in many transformers/capacitors now in use Manuf./Distrib.: Riedel-deHaën
- 2,2',4,4',5,5'-Hexachloro-1,1'-biphenyl. See 2,2',4,4',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl 2,4,5,2',4',5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl. See 2,2',4,4',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl
- Hexachlorocyclopentadiene dimer. See Perchloropentacyclodecane
- 1,2,3,4,5,5-Hexachloro-1,3-cyclopentadiene dimer. See Perchloropentacyclodecane
- Hexacyanoferrate (3-) tripotassium. See Potassium ferricyanide
- Hexadecanamide, N,N-bis (2-hydroxyethyl)-. See Palmitamide DEA 1-Hexadecanaminium, N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, hydroxide, inner
- salt. See Cetyl betaine
- Hexadecanaoic acid, magnesium salt. See Magnesium palmitate Hexadecanoic acid. See Palmitic acid
- Hexadecanoic acid aluminum salt. See Aluminum palmitate
- Hexadecanoic acid isopropyl ester. See Isopropyl palmitate
- Hexadecanoic acid, methyl ester. See Methyl palmitate
- Hexadecanoic acid, 1-methylethyl ester. See Isopropyl palmitate
- Hexadecanoic acid, 2-methylpropyl ester. See Isobutyl palmitate
- Hexadecanoic acid, potassium salt. See Potassium palmitate
- Hexadecanoic acid sodium salt. See Sodium palmitate
- Hexadecanoic acid, zinc salt. See Zinc palmitate
- 1-Hexadecanol. See Cetyl alcohol

Hexadecene-1

- CAS 629-73-2; EINECS/ELINCS 211-105-8 Synonyms: Linear C16 alpha olefin; Cetene; α-Hexadecylene
- *Empirical:* C₁₆H₃₂
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₃CH=CH₂
- Properties: Colorless liq., mild hydrocarbon odor; sol. in alcohol, ether, petrol, and coal-tar solvs.; sl. sol. in water; dens. 0.785; b.p. 518-554 F; m.p. 37 F; ref. index 1.4420; flash pt. (Seta) 272 F
- Toxicology: Irritating to skin and eyes; low acute inhalation toxicity; low acute ingestion toxicity but ingestion may cause vomiting, aspiration of vomitus Precaution: Combustible
- Uses: Organic synthesis; intermediate for surfactants and specialty industrial chemicals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Aldrich; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Shell; Sigma

Trade Names: Gulftene® 16

3-(Hexadecenyl) dihydro-2,5-furandione. See Hexadecenyl succinic anhydride

Hexadecenyl succinic acid anhydride. See Hexadecenyl succinic anhydride

Hexadecenyl succinic anhydride

- CAS 32072-96-1
- Synonyms: HDSA; n-HDSA; 2,5-Furandione, 3-(hexadecenyl) dihydro-; 3-(Hexadecenyl) dihydro-2,5-furandione; Hexadecenyl succinic acid anhydride
- Empirical: C₂₀H₃₄O₃
- Properties: M.w. 322.49
- Uses: Curing agent for epoxy resins; corrosion inhibitor for nonaq. lubricating oils, intermediate for prep. of alkyd or unsat. polyester resins, intermediate in chem. reactions; paper sizing agent Manuf./Distrib.: Dixie; Haltermann GmbH
- Trade Names Containing: Accosize® 100 Synthetic Size
- n-Hexadecoic acid. See Palmitic acid
- Hexadecyl alcohol. See Cetyl alcohol
- Hexadecylbetaine. See Cetyl betaine
- Hexadecyl eicosanol. See Cetylarachidol
- 2-Hexadecyl-1-eicosanol. See Cetylarachidol
- α-Hexadecylene. See Hexadecene-1
- Hexadecylic acid. See Palmitic acid
- Hexadecyl methacrylate. See Cetyl methacrylate
- Hexadecyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate. See Cetyl methacrylate

2-Hexadecyl-1 octadecanol

- CAS 69472-23-7 Manuf./Distrib.: Jarchem Ind. Trade Names Containing: Jarcol™ I-34T
- 2-[2-Hexadecyloxy)] ethanol. See Ceteth-2

2-[2-[2-(Hexadecyloxy) ethoxy] ethoxy] ethanol. See Ceteth-3 Hexadecyl trimethyl ammonium chloride. See Cetrimonium chloride 2,4-Hexadienoic acid, sodium salt. See Sodium sorbate Hexaethylene glycol. See PEG-6 Hexafluorosilicate (2-) magnesium (1:1). See Magnesium silicofluoride Hexahydrobenzene. See Cyclohexane Hexahydro-1,3,5-(2-hydroxyethyl)-s-triazine. See Hydroxyethyl-s-triazine Hexahydrophenol. See Cyclohexanol

Hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triethanol. See Hydroxyethyl-s-triazine

Hexahydro-1,3,5-triethyl-s-triazine

CAS 7779-27-3; EINECS/ELINCS 231-924-4

- *Synonyms:* 1,3,5-Triazine, 1,3,5-triethylhexahydro-; s-Triazine, 1,3,5-triethylhexahydro-; N,N^{*},N^{**}-Triethylhexahydrotriazine; 1,3,5-Triethylhexahydro-1,3,5-triazine; 1,3,5-Triethylhexahydro-s-triazine; Triethylhexahydro-s-triazine; Triethyl
- Empirical: C₉H₂₁N₃
- Properties: Colorless to It. yel. liq.; sol. in water; m.w. 171.33; dens. 0.894; b.p. 190-196 C; ref. index 1.4595
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 316 mg/kg; LDLo (skin, rabbit) 2000 mg/kg; poison by ing.; mod. toxic by skin contact; severe eye irritant; irritating to respiratory system; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Storage: Store in a cool, dry place; keep container closed when not in use Uses: Fungicide, biocide, industrial preservative for latex, adhesives, cutting fluids, marine lubricants; catalyst for PU foam; antimicrobial for coatings, binders, pigments, fillers, and sizings used in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; accelerator for food-contact rubber articles for repeated use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.2600; SARA nonreportable Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Hexahydro-1,3,5-tris (hydroxyethyl) triazine. See Hydroxyethyl-s-triazine Hexahydro-1,3,5-tris-(2-hydroxyethyl)-s-triazine. See Hydroxyethyl-s-triaz-

ine ine

- Hexakis (methoxymethyl) melamine. See Hexamethoxymethylmelamine
- Hexakis (methoxymethyl)-s-triazine-2,4,6-triamine. See Hexamethoxymethyl ylmelamine

Hexalin. See Cyclohexanol

Hexametaphosphate sodium salt. See Sodium hexametaphosphate

Hexamethoxymethylmelamine

- CAS 3089-11-0; 11098-24-1
- Synonyms: HMMM; Hexakis (methoxymethyl) melamine; Hexakis (methoxymethyl)-s-triazine-2,4,6-triamine; Hexamethylmethoxymelamine; Hexamethyl methylolmelamine; Malamine, hexakis (methoxymethyl); 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6-triamine, N,N,N[°], N[°],N^{°°}-hexakis (methoxymethyl)-
- Empirical: C₁₅H₃₀N₆O₆
- Properties: M.w. 390.51
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 17 g/kg, (IP, rat) 550 mg/kg; primary irritant; TSCA listed
- Uses: Crosslinking agent in melamine resin coating systems, sat. polyester resins, thermosetting acrylic resins, alkyd-amino resins, epoxy, cellulose resins, general industrial finishes, appliance finishes, stoving finishes; reinforcing agent for rubber compds.; condensation agent for resorcinol-type bonding systems; food-contact cellophane; resin-bonded filters for food contact

Trade Names: Resimene® 745; Resimene® 747

Hexamethylenamine. See Hexamethylenetetramine

Hexamethylene. See Cyclohexane

Hexamethyleneamine. See Hexamethylenetetramine

1,6-Hexamethylenebis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxycinnamate). See Hexameth-

ylenebis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxycinnamate)

Hexamethylenebis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxycinnamate)

CAS 35074-77-2

Synonyms: 1,6-Hexamethylenebis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxycinnamate); Hexamethylenebis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate); 1,6-Hexanediyl bis [3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate]

Empirical: C₄₀H₆₂O₆

- Properties: Wh. powd.; m.w. 638.93; dens. 1.08 kg/l; m.p.101 C
- Uses: Antioxidant, stabilizer for polyolefins, elastomers, styrenics, polyacetals, cellulosics, polyesters, PU, PVC, petroleum prods., org. substrates, food-grade polymers; antioxidant in lubricants for incidental food-contact use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.2010, 178.3570 Manuf./Distrib.: Ciba Spec. Chems./Addit. Trade Names: Irganox® 259

Hexamethylenebis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate). See Hexamethylenebis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxycinnamate)

Hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate)

Synonyms: HMDTMP; Hexamethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid)

Empirical: $C_{10}H_{28}N_2O_{12}P_4$

Properties: Wh. powd.; m.w. 492.23

- Uses: Scale and corrosion inhibitor for industrial water systems; aq. process additive for paper, textiles, and metals; industrial and commercial formulations for cleaning various substrates; chelant
- Hexamethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid). See Hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate)

Hexamethylene diamine tetramethylene phosphonic acid, potassium salt. See Potassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate) Hexamethylene glycol diacrylate. See 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate Hexamethylenetetraamine. See Hexamethylenetetramine

Hexamethylenetetramine

- CAS 100-97-0; EINECS/ELINCS 202-905-8; UN No. 1328 (DOT)
- Synonyms: HMT; HMTA; Aminoform; Ammonioformaldehyde; Hexa; Hexamethylenamine; Hexamethyleneamine; Hexamethylenetetraamine; Hexamine; Methamin; Methenamine; 1,3,5,7-Tetraazaadamantane; 1,3,5,7-Tetraazatricyclo [3,3,1,1] decane; Urotropine

Classification: Organic amine

Empirical: $C_6H_{12}N_4$

Formula: (CH₂)₆N₄

- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd. or colorless lustrous crystals, sl. amine odor; sol. in water, alcohol, chloroform; insol. in ether; m.w. 140.22; dens. 1.27 (25 C); subl. @ 263 C without melting and with partial decomp.
- Toxicology: LD50 (IV, rat) 9200 mg/kg, (subcut., mouse) 215 mg/kg; LDLo (oral, mouse) 512 mg/kg; poison by subcut. route; mod. toxic by ing., IP routes; skin, eye, and mucous membrane irritant; may cause skin rash in humans; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Flamm. solid; in contact with flame, readily burns with smokeless flame; can react with oxidizers; explosive reactions possible; reacts violently with Na₂O₂
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of formaldehyde and NO_x

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 3; Reactivity 1

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Accelerator; curing of phenolformaldehyde/resorcinolformaldehyde resins; crosslinking agent for vulcanizing rubber; adhesives; sealants; fungicide; antibacterial; intermediate for paints; antimicrobial preservative for foods; dye fixative; corrosion inhibitor for steel; in coatings; preservation of hides; camping stove fuel tablets; as stabilizer for lubricating/insulating oils, in photography; absorber of poison gases; reagent; neutralizer; preservative in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; polymerization crosslinking agent for protein in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; polymerization control agent for melamine-formaldehyde resins

Use Level: ADI 0-0.15 mg/kg (EU)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2410, 177.2600, 181.30; Europe listed; UK approved
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allchem Ind.; BCH Brühl; Browning; DSM Chem. N. Am.; Fluka; Harcros; Kowa Am.; Miljac; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; OxyChem/Durez; R.W. Greeff; Ruger; San Yuan; Schütz; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.S. Chems.; Van Waters & Rogers; Vanguard Chem. Int'l.; Wright

Hexamethylmethoxymelamine. See Hexamethoxymethylmelamine Hexamethyl methylolmelamine. See Hexamethoxymethylmelamine Hexamethylpararosaniline chloride. See Basic violet 3 Hexamethyl p-rosaniline chloride. See Basic violet 3 Hexamethyl p-rosaniline hydrochloride. See Basic violet 3 Hexamethyl violet. See Basic violet 3 Hexamine. See Hexamethylenetetramine Hexanaphthene. See Cyclohexane

Hexane

CAS 110-54-3; 64742-49-0; EINECS/ELINCS 203-777-6; UN No. 1208 (DOT)

Synonyms: Alkane C-6; n-Hexane; Hexyl hydride; Normal hexane *Classification:* Aliphatic hydrocarbon

Empirical: C₆H₁₄

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₄CH₃

- Properties: Colorless volatile liq., faint petrol. odor; sol. in alcohol, acetone, ether; misc. with oxygenated, chlorinated and hydrogenated solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 86.20; dens. 0.65937 (20/4 C); m.p. -95 C; b.p. 67-70 C; flash pt. (CC) -21.7 C; ref. index 1.37486 (20 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 50 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 28.710 mg/kg; sl. toxic by ing., inh.; human systemic effects by inh. (nausea, headache, dizziness, drowsiness); irritating to respiratory tract; skin and eye irritant; narcotic in high concs.; massive exposures can cause unconsciousness and death; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm.; very dangerous fire/explosion hazard exposed to heat or flame; can react vigorously with oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and

fumes

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight; limit quantities in use; avoid generating mists

Uses: Solvent and thinner for veg. oil and pharmaceutical extraction, compounding rubber cements, shoe, cosmetics industries; alcohol denaturant; paint diluent; polymerization reaction medium; filling for thermometers; cleaning agent for textiles, furniture, leather; in adhesives; cements; paints; laboratory reagent; extraction solvent for hops extract, spice oleoresins; processing desorbent; in food-pkg. adhesives; food processing aid (Japan); adjuvant in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings

Use Level: Limitation 25 ppm (spice oleoresins), 2.2% (hops extract)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.270, 175.105, 175.320, 176.200; Japan approved with restrictions

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Amyl; Ashland; BP Chems. Ltd; Burdick & Jackson; ChevronPhillips; Coyne; Exxon; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; Great Western; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; Humphrey; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Shell; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Trade Names Containing: Shell Sol B HT

n-Hexane. See Hexane

1,6-Hexanediamine, N,N⁻-bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)-, polymers with morpholine-2,4,6-trichloro-1,3,5-triazine

CAS 193098-40-7 Uses: Lt. stabilizer

Trade Names: Cyasorb® UV-3529

Hexanedioic acid. See Adipic acid

1,6-Hexanedioic acid. See Adipic acid

Hexanedioic acid, diisononyl ester. See Diisononyl adipate

Hexanedioic acid, dimethyl ester. See Dimethyl adipate Hexanedioic acid, polymer with N-(2-aminoethyl)-1,2-ethanediamine and (chloromethyl) oxirane. See Adipic acid/epoxypropyl diethylenetriamine copolymer

1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate

- CAS 13048-33-4; EINECS/ELINCS 235-921-9
- Synonyms: HDDA; HDODA; Acrylic acid, hexamethylene ester; Hexamethylene glycol diacrylate; 2-Propenoic acid 1,6-hexanediyl ester Classification: Nonaromatic ester

Empirical: C12H18O4

Formula: [H₂C=CHCO₂(CH₂)₃]₂

- Properties: Sol. in org. solvs.; difficulty sol.; m.w. 226.28; dens. 1.010; flash pt. > 110 C; ref. index 1.4560
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) 3600 mg/kg; mod. toxic by skin contact; low toxicity by ing.; severe skin and eye irritant; TSCA listed Precaution: Hygroscopic
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors

Storage: Light-sensitive; hygroscopic; store away from heat

- Uses: Crosslinking agent used in inks, coatings, adhesives, textile prod. modifiers, photoresists, modifiers for castings, polyesters, fiberglass, or radiation-cured prods.; reactive diluent for radiation-cured inks, lacquers, photosensitive resins
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; CPS; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; UCB Radcure

Trade Names: SR 238

Trade Names Containing: CN 104 B80; CN 120 B60; CN 120 B80; CN 953 B70; CN 963 B80; ČN 981 B88; CN 982 B88; CN 983 B88; CN 985 B88; Ebecryl® 3720-HD20; Ebecryl® 4849

1,6-Hexanediyl bis [3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate]. See Hexamethylenebis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxycinnamate)

(1,6-Hexanediylbis (nitrilobis (methylene))) tetrakisphosphonic acid potassium salt. See Potassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate)

1,2,6-Hexanetriol

CAS 106-69-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-424-6 Synonyms: Hexane-1,2,6-triol; 1,2,6-Trihydroxyhexane Classification: Aliphatic alcohol Empirical: C₆H₁₄O₃

Formula: HOCH₂CH(OH)CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂OH

- Properties: Water-wh. to pale yel. liq.; misc. with water and oxygenated solvs.; m.w. 134.20; dens. 1.1063; vapor pressure < 0.01 mm Hg (20 C); pour pt. -20 C; f.p. 32.8 C; b.p. 178 C (5 mm); flash pt. 380 F; ref. index 1.4760
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 15,500 mg/kg, (oral, mouse) 11,400 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; eye, skin irritant; TŠCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; can react with oxidizing materials
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Storage: Hygroscopic lig.

Uses: Alkyd/polyester/polyurethane resin comonomer; softener for tech. papers, printing inks; moistening agent; solvent; humectant, solvent, visc. control agent in cosmetics; ointment base for pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fabrichem; Fluka; Maypro Ind.; Penta Mfg.; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; TCI Am.
- Hexane-1,2,6-triol. See 1,2,6-Hexanetriol
- Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt. See Zinc 2-ethylhexanoate
- 1-Hexanol, 2-ethyl. Šee 2-Ethylhexanol
- 1-Hexanol, 2-ethyl-, acrylate. See Octyl acrylate
- 1-Hexanol, 2-ethyl-, phosphate. See Trioctyl phosphate

3,6,9,12,15,18-Hexaoxatetratricontan-1-ol. See Ceteth-6

Hexapotassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate). See Potassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate)

Hexasodium diethylenetriaminepenta (methylenephosphonate)

Synonyms: Na₆DTPMP Properties: Amber liq.; m.w. 705

Uses: Deflocculant, sequestrant, scale inhibitor for cooling water treatment, detergents, peroxide bleach stabilization, I&I cleaners, geothermal, oil field applics.

Trade Names: Dequest® 2066

Hexasodium metaphosphate. See Sodium hexametaphosphate

Hexene. See 1-Hexene Hexene-1. See 1-Hexene

1-Hexene

- CAS 592-41-6; EINECS/ELINCS 209-753-1; UN No. 2370 Synonyms: Butyl ethylene; C₆ linear alpha olefin; Hexene; Hexene-1;
 - Hexylene
- Empirical: C₆H₁₂
- Formula: CH₃CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH:CH₂
- Properties: Colorless liq., mild hydrocarbon odor; sol. in alcohol, most org. solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 84.16; dens. 0.678; f.p. -139.8 C; b.p. 62-63 C; flash pt. (Seta) -14 F; ref. index 1.3876 (20 C)
- Toxicology: Mod. toxic irritant to skin, eyes, and mucous membranes; sl. toxic by ing.; inh. may produce CNS depression; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Highly flamm.; dangerous fire and explosion risk exposed to heat, flame, or oxidizers; can react vigorously with oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Intermediate for surfactants and specialty industrial chemicals (flavors, perfumes, dyes, resins); prod. of oxo alcohols and syn. fatty acids; polymer modifier; comonomer in polyolefins
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Aldrich; ChevronPhillips; Fluka; Johnson Matthey; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Shell; Sigma Trade Names: Gulftene® 6

2-Hexyl decanoic acid

CÁS 25354-97-6

Synonyms: 7-Pentadecanecarboxylic acid

Classification: Nonaromatic carboxylic acid

- Empirical: C₁₆H₃₂O₂
- Properties: Visc. oil; sol. in water; m.w. 256.43; dens. 0.874; m.p. 18 C; b.p. 268 C; flash pt. (CC) 235 F; ref. index 1.4460
- Toxicology: LDLo (oral, rat) 300 mg/kg; poison by IP route; irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Emollient for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; sclerosing agent; metal-

working applics. Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Jarchem Ind. Trade Names: Jaric I-16

Hexyldecanol

CAS 2425-77-6; EINECS/ELINCS 219-370-1 Synonyms: 2-Hexyl-1-decanol Classification: Aliphatic alcohol Empirical: $C_{16}H_{34}O$

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CHCH₂OHCH₃(CH₂)₄CH₂

Uses: Extender and solvent for dyes and fragrance oils; intermediate for prod. of compds. for applics. in lubricants, emulsifiers, metal processing, and textiles; humectant; solubilizer for pharmaceuticals; emollient, carrier, dispersant, spreading agent *Trade Names:* JarcoI[™] I-16

2-Hexyl-1-decanol. See Hexyldecanol

Hexyl dodecanol

ČAS 110225-00-8

Trade Names Containing: Jarcol[™] I-18E; Jarcol[™] I-18T

Hexylene. See 1-Hexene

Hexylene glycol

- CAS 107-41-5; EINECS/ELINCS 203-489-0
- *Synonyms:* 2,4-Dihydroxy-2-methylpentane; 4-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol; 2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol; 2-Methylpentane-2,4-diol; 2,4-Pentanediol, 2methyl; α,α,α; -Trimethyltrimethyleneglycol

Classification: Aliphatic dihydric alcohol

- Empirical: C₆H₁₄O₂
- Formula: (CH₃)₂COHCH₂CHOHCH₃
- Properties: Colorless liq., nearly odorless; sol. in water, aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons, alcohols, ethers, fatty acids; m.w. 118.18; dens. 0.9216 (20/4 C); m.p. -50 C; sets to glass; b.p. 198.3 C; flash pt. (TCC) 98 C; ref. index 1.4276 (20 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/CL 25 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 4.70 g/kg, (dermal, rabbit) 7900-12,000 mg/kg; very low oral toxicity; mod. toxic by IP route; mildly toxic by skin contact; skin and eye irritant; inh. may cause nose/ respiratory irritation; very high concs. may cause headache, dizziness, nausea, incoordination; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; can react vigorously with oxidizing materials; incompat. with strong acids (decomp. occurs)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Store in cool, dry area away from heat and ignition sources; hygroscopic; avoid generating mists
- Uses: Coupling agent/penetrant for textiles, cosmetics; ice inhibitor in carburetors; fuel and lubricant emulsifier; solvent for hydraulic fluids, printing inks, textile dyes, in petroleum refining, agrochems., water-based paints, cosmetics; cement additive; component of soaps, cosmetics; intermediate in chem. prod.; defoamer; pharmaceutic aid, humectant, solvent; comonomer for unsat. polyester resins; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; in foodcontact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.2800; FDA approved for topicals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMC Chems.; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Altair Ind.; Ashland; Atofina SA; BP Chems. Ltd; Brown; Coyne; Duso; Fluka; G.J. Chem.; Great Western; Herdillia Chems. Ltd; Houghton Chem.; Innovative Processing; Penta Mfg.; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Shell; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Union Carbide; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Van Waters & Rogers Trade Names Containing: Monawet MT-70; Monawet MT-80H2W

Hexyl hydride. See Hexane

Hexyl methacrylate

CAS 142-09-6; EINECS/ELINCS 205-521-9 Synonyms: N-Hexyl methacrylate Empirical: C₁₀H₁₈O₂ Formula: C₆H₁₃OOCC(CH₃):CH₂ Properties: Liq.; dens. 0.88; b.p. 67-85 C (8 mm) Uses: Monomer for plastics, molding powder, etc.; emulsions for textile, leather, and paper finishing; internal plasticizer; leather, paint, textiles, paper applics.

Manuf./Distrib.: Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Rohm Tech Trade Names: Mhoromer® AM 107

N-Hexyl methacrylate. See Hexyl methacrylate

2-Hexyl-1-octanol

CĀS 19780-79-1 Synonyms: Isomyristyl alcohol Trade Names Containing: Jarcol™ I-14T

Hide glue. See Animal glue

HMDTMP. See Hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate); Potassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate)

HMMM. See Hexamethoxymethylmelamine

- HMP. See Sodium hexametaphosphate
- HMPP. See 2-Hydroxy 2-methyl 1-phenyl 1-propanone
- HMT. See Hexamethylenetetramine
- HMTA. See Hexamethylenetetramine
- HOCH. See Formaldehyde
- HPC. See Hydroxypropylcellulose
- HPMA. See 2-Hydroxypropyl methacrylate
- HQ. See Hydroquinone
- HQMEE. See Hydroquinone monomethyl ether
- HSA. See Hydroxystearic acid
- Huile de ricini. See Castor (Ricinus communis) oil

Hybrid sulfopolyester

Definition: Sulfopolyester with vinyl and/or acrylic polymers Uses: Ink resin/vehicle Trade Names: Eastek 2140

- Hydantoin, 1-bromo-3-chloro-5,5-dimethyl. See 1-Bromo-3-chloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin
- Hydantoin, 1,3-dichloro-5,5-dimethyl-. See 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin
- Hydrated alumina. See Aluminum hydroxide
- Hydrated aluminum oxide. See Aluminum hydroxide
- Hydrated aluminum silicate. See Kaolin
- Hydrated lime. See Calcium hydroxide
- Hydrated silica. See Silica, hydrated

Hydroabietyl alcohol

CAS 1333-89-7; 26266-77-3; EINECS/ELINCS 247-574-0 Synonyms: Dihydroabietyl alcohol; Dodecahydro-1,4a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethyl)-1-phenanthrenemethanol

Definition: Organic alcohol derived from wood rosin

- Empirical: C₂₀H₃₄O
- Formula: C₁₉H₃₁CH₂OH
- Properties: Colorless visc. liq. to solid; insol. in water; m.w. 290.49; dens. 1.007-1.008; m.p. 32-33 C; flash pt. (COC) 185 C; ref. index 1.526 (20 C)
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible
- Uses: Tackifier for adhesives; in food-pkg. adhesives; plasticizer for cellulose nitrate, ethylcelluose, PVC, paints; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; pharmaceutical excipient Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180
- Manuf./Distrib.: Hercules

Trade Names: Abitol®-E

Hydrobromic acid monoammoniate. See Ammonium bromide

Hydrochloric acid

- CAS 7647-01-0; EINECS/ELINCS 231-595-7; UN No. 1050 (DOT), 1789 (DOT), 2186 (DOT)
- Synonyms: HCl; Aqueous hydrogen chloride; Chlorhydric acid; Hydrogen chloride; Muriatic acid; Spirits of salt

Classification: Inorganic acid

Empirical: CIH

Formula: HCI

Properties: Colorless fuming gas or liq., pungent odor; sol. in water, alcohol, ether, benzene; insol. in hydrocarbons; m.w. 36.46; dens. 1.639 g/l (gas, 0 C), 1.194 (liq., -26 C); m.p. -114.3 C; b.p. -84.8 C; pH 1.1 (0.1 N sol'n.); nonflamm. gas

- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/CL 5 ppm; mod. toxic by ing.; human poison; mildly toxic to humans by inh.; corrosive irritant to skin, eyes, mucous membranes; mutagenic data; experimental teratogen; 35 ppm causes throat irritation on short exposure; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Corrosive material; explosive reaction with many chems.; potentially dangerous reaction with sulfuric acid releases HCI gas; strongly corrosive; incompat. with metals, bases, oxidizing/reducing agents, etc.

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Cl⁻ NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1

- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight; prevent release of vapor or mist
- Uses: Acidizing of petroleum wells; industrial acidizing; pH control (water treatment); water softener; boiler scale removal; chemical intermediate; ore reduction; pickling and metal cleaning; general cleaning; alcohol denaturant; laboratory reagent; leather deliming/tanning agent; textile scouring agent; neutralization of alkaline prods./waste materials; acid, buffer, neutralizer in foods/pharmaceuticals; food processing aid; hydrolysis of starch and protein; preservative for soft contact lens; scouring and cleaning in paper industry

Use Level: ADI no limit (EU)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §131.144, 131.129, 160.105, 160.185, 172, 172.560, 182.1057, GRAS; Japan restricted; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for injectables, parenterals, inhalants, intravenous, ophthalmics, orals, otics, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur., JP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Aldrich; Amyl; Arch Chems.; Asahi Denka Kogyo; Atofina SA; BASF; Bayer; Bilt Chems. Ltd; CXY Chems.; Condea Vista; Crompton/Witco; Degussa-Hüls AG; Dover; Dow; DuPont; Fabrichem; Finnish Chems. Oy; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; Harcros; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Independent Chem.; Lyondell; MG Ind.; Nissan Chem. Ind.; Occidental; Olin/Chlor Alkali; PPG Ind.; PVS; Rasa Ind.; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Schaefer Tech.; Showa Denko; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Vulcan Perf. Chems.

Trade Names Containing: TurboCLEAR™ PC-1

Hydrofuran. See Tetrahydrofuran

Hydrogenated castor oil

- CAS 8001-78-3; EINECS/ELINCS 232-292-2
- Synonyms: Castor oil, hydrogenated; Castorwax; Opalwax
- *Definition:* End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of castor oil, consisting mainly of the triglyceride of hydroxystearic acid
- Properties: Wh. hard wax; very insol. in water and in the more common org. solvs.; m.w. ≈ 932; m.p. 86-88 C; iodine no. 5 max.; sapon. no. 176-182; hyd. no. 154-162
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 10 g/kg; ingestion of large amts. may cause pelvic congestion; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant; emollient; emulsifier; visc. control agent; in water-repellent coatings, candles, polishes, ointments, cosmetics; impregnant for paper, wood, cloth; as lubricant, mold release in mfg. of formed plastics and rubber goods; thixotrope for aq. paints; wax for food applics., pharmaceutical ointments; solvent for pharmaceutical injectables; tablet coatings; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact crosslinked polyesters; lubricant for PVC food pkg.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2420, 177.2800, 178.3280; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Acme-Hardesty; Akzo Nobel; Allyson Enterprises; Alnor Oil; Amber Syn.; Arista Ind.; Artek; Ashland; Biddle Sawyer; Brook-Chem; Celanese; Collaborative Labs/Oleochems.; Condor; Hansotech; J.H. Calo; NorChem; Ruger; Sea-Land; Seegott; Southern Clay Prods.; Süd-Chemie Inc; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Vilax; Vliengenthart BV; Welch, Holme & Clark

Trade Names: Caster Wax A

Hydrogenated coconut acid

CAS 68938-15-8; EINECS/ELINCS 273-118-5

Synonyms: Acids, coconut, hydrogenated; Coconut acid, hydrogenated; Coconut oil fatty acids, hydrogenated; Fatty acids, coco, hydrogenated Definition: End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of coconut acid Uses: Surfactant; emollient; chemical intermediate; emulsifier for personal care prods., waxes, textile aux., pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact rubber articles; in lubricants for incidental food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Nottingham; Rhodia HPCII

Hydrogenated coconut oil

CAS 84836-98-6; EINECS/ELINCS 284-283-8

Synonyms: Coconut oil, hydrogenated

Definition: End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of coconut oil

- Uses: Emollient, superfatting agent in cosmetics; clouding agent in foods; lubricant, moisturizer, base in pharmaceutical coatings, gelatin capsules, suppositories; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Alnor Oil; Nottingham; Sea-Land; Welch, Holme & Clark

Hydrogenated cottonseed oil

CAS 68334-00-9; EINECS/ELINCS 269-804-9

Definition: End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of cottonseed oil

Properties: Pale yel.; dens. 0.915-0.921; flash pt. 486 F

Toxicology: May cause allergic reaction

Precaution: Combustible

Uses: Emollient; leather dressing; soap stock; lubricant; glycerol; base for cosmetic creams; hydrogenated to semisolid for use in food prods.; waterproofing compositions; dietary supplement; crystallization promoter, m.p. modifier, bodying agent, binder, vehicle, lubricant, moisturizer in pharmaceuticals; filler, binder, lubricant, disintegrant, solubilizer, carrier, emulsifier, emollient in capsules, tablets, suppositories; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Sea-Land

Hydrogenated ditallowamine

CAS 61789-79-5; EINECS/ELINCS 263-089-7

Synonyms: Amines, bis (hydrogenated tallow alkyl)-; Bis (hydrogenated tallow alkyl) amines; Dihydrogenated tallow amine

Definition: Sec. aliphatic amine derived from hydrogenated tallow acid Formula: R₂NH, R represents the alkyl groups derived from hydrogenated

- tallow
- Properties: Cationic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant; emulsifier; industrial use; grease; corrosion inhibitor; anticaking agent; chemical intermediate; antioxidant; flotation agent; cosmetics; surf. lubricant in mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3910
- Trade Names: Amine 2HBG; Amine 2 VT

Hydrogenated fish oil

CAS 8016-14-6; 91078-95-4; EINECS/ELINCS 293-379-9

Synonyms: Fish oil, hydrogenated; Oils, fish, hydrogenated

Definition: End prod. of the controlled hydrogenation of fish oil

Uses: Emollient in cosmetics; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.210, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Acme-Hardesty; Sea-Land; Werner G. Smith

Hydrogenated fish oil, potassium salt

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Hydrogenated lard glyceride

CAS 8040-05-9; 91744-55-7; EINECS/ELINCS 294-619-5

Synonyms: Glycerides, hydrogenated lard mono-; Glycerides, lard mono-, hydrogenated

Definition: End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of lard glyceride *Properties:* Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier, stabilizer, dispersant, opacifier for cosmetics, foods and drugs; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210

Hydrogenated lard glycerides

CAS 91744-48-8; ÉINECS/ELINCS 294-611-1

Synonyms: Hydrogenated lard mono-, di- and tri- glycerides; Glycerides, lard mono-, di- and tri-, hydrogenated *Definition:* End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of lard glycerides *Properties:* Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier, stabilizer, dispersant, opacifier for cosmetics, foods and drugs; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210

Hydrogenated lard mono-, di- and tri- glycerides. See Hydrogenated lard glycerides

Hydrogenated menhaden acid

Synonyms: Acids, menhaden, hydrogenated; Fatty acids, menhaden oil, hydrogenated; Menhaden acid, hydrogenated

Definition: End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of fatty acids obtained from menhaden oil

Uses: Chemical intermediate; surfactant; emulsifier, lubricant, mold release agent for personal care prods., waxes, textile aux., pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles; in lubricants for incidental food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2800, 178.3570

Hydrogenated menhaden oil

CAS 93572-53-3; 68002-72-2; EINECS/ELINCS 297-485-6 Synonyms: Menhaden oil, hydrogenated

Definition: End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of menhaden oil

- Properties: Wh. opaque solid, odorless; iodine no. 10 max.; sapon. no. 180-200
- Uses: Emollient; solvent; textile lubricant; pharmaceutical intermediate; emulsifier; mold release agent; buffing compd.; edible fats and oils; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact paper/paperboard; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.210, 177.2800, 184.1472, 186.1551

Hydrogenated methyl ester of rosin. See Methyl hydrogenated rosinate Hydrogenated methyl rosinate. See Methyl hydrogenated rosinate

Hydrogenated palm glyceride

CAS 67784-87-6; 91744-73-9; 97593-29-8; EINECS/ELINCS 294-638-9 Synonyms: Palm oil glyceride, hydrogenated; Glycerides, palm oil mono-, hydrogenated

Definition: End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of palm glyceride *Properties:* Nonionic

Uses: Emollient; emulsifier, stabilizer, dispersant, opacifier for cosmetics, foods and drugs; dispersant, mold release, processing aid, antistat, antifog, lubricant, antiblock for PS, polyolefins, PVC, PU; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2800

Hydrogenated palm oil

CAS 8033-29-2; 68514-74-9; EINECS/ELINCS 271-056-3

Synonyms: Oils, palm, hydrogenated; Palm oil, hydrogenated Definition: End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of palm oil

Uses: Hard wax used in cosmetic and pharmaceutical preparations; emollient; consistency regulator for fatty food preps.; coating fat; stabilizer in nut pastes; crystallization promoter, m.p. modifier, bodying agent, and moisturizer in pharmaceuticals; filler, binder, lubricant, disintegrant, solubilizer, carrier, emulsifier, emollient in tablets, capsules, suppositories; in foodpkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2800

Hydrogenated peanut oil

CAS 68425-36-5; EINECS/ELINCS 270-350-9

Synonyms: Oils, peanut, hydrogenated; Peanut oil, hydrogenated

- Definition: End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of peanut oil Uses: Emollient; emulsifier; filling fat for chocolate/confectionery prods.; per-
- sonal care applics.; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2800

Hydrogenated polybutene

CAS 68937-10-0

Synonyms: But-1-ene compd. with but-2-ene; Polybutene, hydrogenated *Classification:* Polymer

Properties: Dens. 0.830; flash pt. 235 C; ref. index 1.4581

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Cosmetics; metalworking lubricants; cable oils; thermoplastic modifier; rubber modifier and plasticizer; tackifier, strengthener, extender in adhesives; vehicle and fugitive binder in coatings; cling additive for films; release agent, plasticizer in food-contact polymers; in food-pkg. adhesives and pressure-sensitive adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; defoamer in food-contact paper; for fiber finishing for resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact coatings and textiles; in lubricants for incidental food-contact use; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of foodcontact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3740, 178.3570, 178.3740, 178.3860, 178.3910

Hydrogenated rice bran wax

Synonyms: Rice bran wax, hydrogenated Definition: End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of rice bran wax Uses: Visc. control agent in cosmetics; natural wax for use in lipsticks; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2800

Hydrogenated rosin

Synonyms: Rosin, hydrogenated

Classification: Thermoplastic acidic resin

Definition: Derived from hydrogenation of wood rosin

Properties: Solid; soften. pt. (R&B) 68 C; acid no. ≈ 160

Uses: Tackifier, modifier in adhesives and hot-melt-applied decorative, pressure-sensitive, and heat-sealable coatings; prod. of rosin ester gum; component of food-contact articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3870

Manuf./Distrib.: D.B. Becker; J.H. Calo; Loos & Dilworth; PDM; Resinas Sintéticas

Trade Names: Staybelite®

Hydrogenated shark liver oil

Synonyms: Oils, shark liver, hydrogenated; Shark liver oil, hydrogenated Definition: End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of shark liver oil Uses: Emollient in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; in food-contact paper/ paperboard; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.210, 177.2800

Hydrogenated soybean glyceride. See Hydrogenated soy glyceride Hydrogenated soybean glycerides. See Hydrogenated soy glycerides

Hydrogenated soybean oil

CAS 8016-70-4; EINECS/ELINCS 232-410-2

Synonyms: Soybean oil hydrogenated

Definition: End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of soybean oil

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emollient in cosmetics; textile lubricant; pharmaceutical intermediate, diluent; emulsifier; mold release agent; buffing compd.; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles; filler in capsules, tablets, and suppositories

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2800, 182.70, 182.170 Manuf./Distrib.: Alnor Oil; Arista Ind.; Ruger; Sea-Land; Welch, Holme & Clark

Hydrogenated soybean oil glycerides. See Hydrogenated soy glycerides Hydrogenated soybean oil mono-, di- and tri- glycerides. See Hydrogenated soy glycerides

Hydrogenated soybean oil monoglyceride. See Hydrogenated soy glyceride

Hydrogenated soy glyceride

CAS 61789-08-0; EINECS/ELINCS 263-030-5

Synonyms: Glycerides, soya mono-, hydrogenated; Glycerides, soybean oil, hydrogenated, mono; Hydrogenated soybean glyceride; Hydrogenated soybean oil monoglyceride

Definition: End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of soybean monoglycerides *Properties:* Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier, stabilizer, dispersant, opacifier for cosmetics, foods, drugs; lubricating greases, synthetic waxes, textile lubricants; antistat, lubricant, processing aid in plastics, nonwoven fibers; dispersant for color concs.; emollient; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2800

Hydrogenated soy glycerides

CAS 68201-48-9; 91745-04-9; EINECS/ELINCS 294-672-4

Synonyms: Glycerides, soya mono-, di- and tri-, hydrogenated; Hydrogenated soybean glycerides; Hydrogenated soybean oil glycerides; Hydrogenated soybean oil mono-, di- and tri- glycerides

Definition: End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of a mixture of mono, di and triglycerides derived from soybean oil

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emollient; emulsifier, stabilizer, dispersant, opacifier for cosmetics, foods and drugs; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2800

Hydrogenated tallow

CAS 8030-12-4; EINECS/ELINCS 232-442-7

Synonyms: Tallow, hardened; Tallow, hydrogenated

Definition: End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of tallow

- Uses: Emollient; emulsifier; plastics processing lubricant; raw material for food, pharmaceutical, and cosmetic applics.; hydrophobing agent for powds.; coating fat for salt, spices, citric acid; defoamer for beet sugar and yeast processing; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Regulatorý: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 176.170, 176.210, 177.2800, 182.70

Manuf./Distrib.: Acme-Hardesty; South Chicago Packing

Hydrogenated tallow acid

CAS 61790-38-3; EINECS/ELINCS 263-130-9

- Synonyms: Acids, tallow, hydrogenated; Fatty acids, tallow, hydrogenated; Tallow acid, hydrogenated
- Definition: End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of tallow acid

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Emollient; emulsifier; used in industrial prods. incl. syn. lubricants, bar soaps, cosmetics, rubber tires; emulsifier for polymerization of SBR, ABS, methyl methacrylate-butadiene-styrene polymers; lubricant, defoamer for foods; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570

Manuf./Distrib.: Sea-Land

Hydrogenated tallow alcohol

Synonyms: Alcohols, tallow, hydrogenated; Tallow alcohol, hydrogenated *Definition:* End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of tallow alcohol

Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, emollient, consistency agent for skin care prods.; intermediate for surfactant mfg.; defoamer for beet sugar and yeast processing; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 176.170, 176.210, 177.2800

Hydrogenated tallow glyceride

CAS 61789-09-1; ĔINECS/ELINCS 263-031-0

Synonyms: Glycerides, hydrogenated tallow mono-; Glycerides, tallow mono-, hydrogenated; Hydrogenated tallow monoglyceride

Definition: Monoglyceride of hydrogenated tallow

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emollient; emulsifier, stabilizer, thickener, dispersant, opacifier for cosmetics, foods and drugs; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2800

Trade Names Containing: Ross Synthetic Candelilla Wax

Hydrogenated tallow glycerides

CAŠ 67701-27-3; 68308-54-3; 92128-50-2; EINECS/ELINCS 269-658-6; 295-745-3

Synonyms: Glycerides, tallow, hydrogenated; Glycerides, tallow mono-, diand tri-, hydrogenated; Hydrogenated tallow mono-, di- and tri- glycerides Definition: Mixture of mono, di and triglycerides of hydrogenated tallow acid Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emollient; emulsifier, stabilizer, dispersant, opacifier for cosmetics,

foods, and drugs; lubricating greases, synthetic waxes, textile lubricants; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Anar

Trade Names Containing: Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 628/5

Hydrogenated tallow mono-, di- and tri- glycerides. See Hydrogenated tallow glycerides

Hydrogenated tallow monoglyceride. See Hydrogenated tallow glyceride

Hydrogenated vegetable glyceride

CAS 61789-08-0; EINECS/ELINCS 263-030-5

Synonyms: Glycerides, hydrogenated vegetable mono-; Glycerides, vegetable mono-, hydrogenated

Definition: End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of vegetable monoglyceride *Properties:* Nonionic

Uses: Emollient; visc. control agent; emulsifier for foods, cosmetics; emulsion stabilizer; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Hydrogenated vegetable glycerides

CAS 69028-36-0

Synonyms: Glycerides, vegetable mono-, di-, and tri, hydrogenated; Glycerides, vegetable oil, hydrogenated; Hydrogenated vegetable oil mono-, di-, and triglycerides

Definition: Mixture of hydrogenated mono-, di-, and triglycerides of vegetable oil

Uses: Emollient; emulsifier; food emulsifier and emulsion stabilizer; dispersant for coffee whiteners; aerator for shortenings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Hydrogenated vegetable oil

CAS 68334-28-1; 68938-37-4; EINECS/ELINCS 269-820-6

- Synonyms: Fats and glyceridic oils, vegetable, hydrogenated; Oils, vegetable, hydrogenated; Vegetable oil, hydrogenated
- Definition: End prod. of controlled hydrogenation of vegetable oil; mixt. of triglycerides of fatty acids

Properties: Wh. fine powd., pale yel. oily liq. above its m.p.; insol. in water; sol. in hot IPA, hexane, chloroform; Type I: m.p. 57-70 C; acid no. 4 max.; iodine no. 0-5; sapon. no. 175-205; Type II: m.p. 20-50 C; acid no. 4 max.; iodine no. 55-80; sapon. no.185-200; nonionic

Toxicology: May cause skin reactions

Uses: Emollient; emulsifier for food processing; binder, lubricant in pharmaceutical tableting, pressed powders; base, cocoa butter replacement in cosmetics and pharmaceuticals; wax; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210; USP/NF and JP compliance Manuf./Distrib.: A.E. Staley Mfg.; ABITEC; Arista Ind.; C & P Sales; Int'l. Flora Tech.; Lipo; Ruger

Hydrogenated vegetable oil mono-, di-, and triglycerides. See Hydrogenated vegetable glycerides

Hydrogen carboxylic acid. See Formic acid

Hydrogen chloride. See Hydrochloric acid

Hydrogen dioxide. See Hydrogen peroxide

Hydrogen oxide. See Water

Hydrogen peroxide

CAŠ 7722-84-1; EINECS/ELINCS 231-765-0; UN No. 2014 (DOT); 2984 Synonyms: Hydrogen dioxide; Hydrogen peroxide solution; Hydroperoxide Classification: Inorganic oxide

Empirical: H₂O₂

Formula: HOOH

Properties: Colorless visc. liq., cryst. solid at low temp.; sl. pungent irritating odor; bitter taste; sol. in ether, alcohol; misc. with water; dec. by many org. solvs.; m.w. 34.02; dens. (liq.) 1.450 g/cc (20 C); f.p. -0.41 C; b.p. 150.2 C; nonflamm.

Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 1 ppm; LD50 (oral, mouse) 2 g/kg, (skin, rat) 4060 mg/kg; mod. toxic by inh., ing., skin contact; corrosive irritant to skin, eyes, mucous membranes; tumorigenic; human mutagenic data

Environmental: LC50 (fish, 96 h) 16.4 mg/l; nonbioaccumulative Precaution: Dangerous fire hazard by chem. reaction with flamm. materials; explosion hazard; strong oxidizer; incompat. with acids, bases, metals, reducing agents, org. materials

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Oxygen and heat

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1

Storage: Store in cool, ventilated, noncombustible area away from incompat. materials

- Uses: Oxidizing, bleaching and deodorizing industrial/municipal water/wastewater, textiles, wood pulp, hair, fur, etc.; plasticizers; refining and cleaning metals; visc. control for starch and cellulose derivs.; intermediate for paints; flue gas treatment; sulfite removal in oil refineries, photo finishing, paper mills; removal of hypochlorite, nitrite, cyanide, formaldehyde, phenols, sulfides, SO₂, NO_x, Cl₂; foods; cosmetics; mining; electronics; pharmaceuticals (antiseptic, foamer in dentifrices); resin solubilizer; in food-pkg. adhesives; sterilizer for polymeric food-contact surfaces
- Use Level: Limitation 0.05⁶ (milk), 0.04% (whey), 0.15% (starch), 0.15% (corn syrup), 0.05% (annatto colored cheese whey), 1.25% (emulsifiers contg. fatty acid esters)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.133, 160.105, 160.145, 160.185, 172.814, 172.892, 175.105, 178.1005, 178.1005 (35% sol'n. max.), 178.1010, 184.1366, GRAS; BATF 27CFR §240.1051 (3 ppm max. in wine), 240.1051a (200 ppm max. in distilling materials); Japan restricted; FDA approved for topicals; BP compliance (sol'n.)
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Arch Chems.; Ashland; Atofina; Belinka; Browning; Burlington Chem.; C.P. Hall; Coyne; Degussa-Hüls; DuPont; Eka Chems. AB; FMC Foret; FMC; Farleyway Chem. Ltd; Fluka; Hansol; Harcros; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; ICC Ind.; Independent Chem.; J.T. Baker; Mallinckrodt Baker; O.C. Lugo; Oriental Chem. Ind.; Rochem Int'l.; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Schaefer Tech.; Seppic; Sigma; Solvay Interox; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tri-K Ind.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Van Waters & Rogers; Veckridge

Trade Names: Albone® 35; Albone® 50; Albone® 70; Albone® 70 DG; Tysul® WW 35; Tysul® WW 50; Tysul® WW 70 DG Trade Names Containing: Pericide® EF

Hydrogen peroxide solution. See Hydrogen peroxide Hydrogen sulfate. See Sulfuric acid

Hydrogen sulfide

CAS 7783-06-4; EINECS/ELINCS 231-977-3; UN No. 1053 (DOT) Synonyms: Hydrogen sulfuric acid; Hydrogen sulphide; Hydrosulfuric acid; Sewer gas; Sour gas; Stink damp; Sulfureted hydrogen; Sulfur hydride Classification: Sulfide

Empirical: H2S

- Properties: Colorless gas; colorless liq. at low temp. or high pressure; odor of rotten eggs from 0.13-100 ppm; paralyzes sense of smell > 100 ppm; sol. in hydrocarbon solvs., ether, alcohol, glycerol, carbon disulfide; sol. 437 ml of gas/100 ml water (0 C); m.w. 34.08; vapor pressure 20 atm (25.5 C); m.p. -85.5 C; b.p. -60.7 C; pH 4.1 (0.1N aq.)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 ppm; STEL-TLV 15 ppm; LC50 (inh., rat) 444 ppm; toxic by inh.; 200-250 ppm: severe irritation, headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness; prolonged exposure may cause lung damage; 4-8 h exposure can cause death; exposure above 500 ppm rapidly causes unconsciousness, death; gas may irritate the skin; liq. can cause frostbite; eye irritant; liq. may freeze the eye and cause severe damage or blindness; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm. gas; very dangerous fire hazard exposed to heat, flame, or oxidizers; mod. explosive; vigorous reaction with metal powds.
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits highly toxic fumes of SO_x; high concs. burn to water and sulfur; low concs. burn to water and sulfur dioxide

NFPA: Health 4; Flammability 4; Reactivity 0

Uses: Agricultural disinfectant, laboratory reagent, additive in extreme pressure lubricants and cutting oils; in prep. of heavy water for nuclear reactors; raw material in Kraft paper prod. Manuf./Distrib.: MG Ind.

Hydrogen sulfite sodium. See Sodium bisulfite

Hydrogen sulfuric acid. See Hydrogen sulfide

Hydrogen sulphide. See Hydrogen sulfide

α-Hydro-ω-hydroxypoly [oxy (methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)]. See Polypropylene glycol

α-Hydro-ω-hydroxypoly (oxypropylene). See Polypropylene glycol Hydrolyzed animal protein. See Hydrolyzed collagen

Hydrolyzed collagen

CAS 92113-31-0

- Synonyms: Collagen hydrolysates; Hydrolyzed animal protein; Protein hydrolysate; Proteins, collagen, hydrolysate
- Definition: Hydrolysate of animal collagen derived by acid, enzyme or other method of hydrolysis

Properties: Brn. liq.; anionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Surfactant; antistat; humectant; protective colloid, conditioner for skin and hair prods.; improves combing; emollient, conditioner in pharmaceuticals; film-former; dyeing aux.; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty foods
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §161.190, 176.170, 573.200; FDA approved for orals, topicals

Manuf./Distrib.: Nihon Surfactant; Seporga

Hydrolyzed polyacrylamide. See Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer

Hydrolyzed soy protein

CAŚ 68607-88-5; 70084-94-5; EINECS/ELINCS 271-770-5

Synonyms: Protein hydrolysates, soya; Soy protein, hydrolyzed

Definition: Hydrolysate of soy protein derived by acid, enzyme or other methods of hydrolysis

Properties: Pale yel. clear sol'n.; water-sol.

Uses: Antistat, humectant in cosmetics; substantive protein moisturizer, filmformer, conditioner for skin and hair care prods.; coating adhesive, pigment structuring agent, and fiber retention aid in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Use Level: 5-10%

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Manuf./Distrib.: Biosil Tech.; Brooks Ind.; Cascade; ChemMark Development; Croda Inc; Fabrichem; Hormel Foods; Lanaetex Prods.; Maybrook; McIntyre; MelChem; Thornley; Tri-K Ind.

Hydromagnesite. See Magnesium carbonate; Magnesium carbonate hydroxide

Hydroperoxide. See Hydrogen peroxide

7-Hydroperoxykumen. See Cumene hydroperoxide

2-Hydroperoxy-2-methylpropane. See t-Butyl hydroperoxide

Hydrophenol. See Cyclohexanol

Hydroquinol. *See* Hydroquinone

Hydroquinone

- CAS 123-31-9; EINECS/ELINCS 204-617-8; UN No. 2662 (DOT)
- Synonyms: HQ; Benzohydroquinone; Benzoquinone; 1,4-Benzenediol; p-Benzenediol; Dihydroxybenzene; 1,4-Dihydroxybenzene; p-Dihydroxybenzene; Hydroquinol; p-Hydroquinone; 1,4-Hydroxybenzene; p-Hydroxyphenol; Hydroxyquinone; Paradioxybenzene; Pyrogentistic acid; Quinol

Classification: Aromatic organic compd.; aromatic alcohol

Empirical: C₆H₆O₂

Formula: C₆H₄(OH)₂

- Properties: Wh. or colorless cryst. solid; odorless; discolored by light and air; sol. in water, alcohol, ether, CCl₄, oxygenated solvs.; mod. sol. in acetone; sl. sol. in benzene; m.w. 110.11; dens. 1.330; vapor pressure 0.00018 mm Hg; m.p.170 C; b.p. 285 C; flash pt. (TCC) 165 C; pH weakly acidic (aq. sol'ns.)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 2 mg/m³; PEL-TWA 2 mg/m³;LD50 (oral, rat) 320 mg/kg; toxic by ing., inh., IP, IV, subcut. routes; human poison by ing.; harmful if absorbed thru skin or swallowed; human systemic effects by ing. (cyanosis, coma); lachrymator; irritant to eyes, skin, respiratory tract; severe human skin irritant; skin sensitizer; active allergen; human mutagenic data; experimental reproductive data; questionable carcinogen; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible; dust may be ignited by static discharge; incompat. with strong bases (violent reactions may occur) and strong oxidizers (increased fire/explosion risk); may corrode copper and brass Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Sensitive to air and light; store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight, away from heat and ignition sources, work areas, and incompat. materials

Uses: Photographic developer and reducer (not for color film); dye intermedi-

ate; polymerization inhibitor (vinyl acetate, acrylic monomers); polyarylate comonomer; stabilizer in paints and varnishes, motor fuels and oils; hair dyes; bleaching agents; antioxidant for fats and oils, syn. latexes, polyester resins, in suntan lotions; oxygen scavenger in water treatment; reagent for phosphate determination; in food-pkg. adhesives; monomer inhibitor in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; inhibitor in food-contact crosslinked polyesters

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.2420; BP compliance

- Manuf./Distrib.: AMC Chems.; Aceto; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allchem Ind.; Charkit; Eastman; Fluka; Goodyear; Indofine; Kraeber GmbH; Penta Mfg.; Rhodia/Fine Orgs.; Rochem Int'l.; Ruger; San Yuan; Sigma; Sinochem Liaoning; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Whyte Chems. Ltd
- Trade Names Containing: Ageflex FM-68; Mhoromer® AM 414; SR 205; SR 209; SR 238; SR 268; SR 351; SR 379; SR 9003; SR 9209

o-Hydroquinone. See Pyrocatechol

p-Hydroquinone. See Hydroquinone

Hydroquinone, 2,5-di-t-butyl-. See Di-t-butylhydroquinone

Hydroquinone ethyl ether

Synonyms: Hydroquinone monoethyl ether Uses: Monomer inhibitor in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170 Manuf./Distrib.: Penta Mfg.

Hydroguinone methyl ether. See Hydroguinone monomethyl ether Hydroquinone monoethyl ether. See Hydroquinone ethyl ether

Hydroquinone monomethyl ether

CAS 150-76-5; EINECS/ELINCS 205-769-8

Synonyms: HA; HQMEE; MEHQ; MME; p-Guaiacol; Hydroguinone methyl ether; p-Hydroxyanisole; 4-Hydroxyanisole; 4-Methoxyphenol; p-Methoxyphenol; Monomethyl ether of hydroquinone; Phenol, 4-methoxy-Classification: Aromatic ether; substituted phenolic compd.

Definition: Monomethyl ether of hydroquinone

Empirical: C7H8O2

Formula: CH₃OC₆H₄OH

- Properties: Colorless to wh. waxy solid or cryst. powd.; caramel/phenol odor; sol. in water, benzene, ether, acetone, ethyl acetate, alcohol, oxygenated solvs.; m.w. 124.14; dens. 1.55 (20/20 C); vapor pressure < 0.01 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. 52.5 C; b.p. 243 C; flash pt. (COC) 132 C; pH 5.6 (aq. sol'n.)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 mg/m³; PEL-TWA 5 mg/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 1600 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 250 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 1000 mg/kg; poison by IP route; mildly toxic by ing.; severe skin and eye irritant; skin sensitizer; may cause allergic skin reaction; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; may form explosive dust-air mixts.; incompat. with strong oxidizers (increases fire/explosion risk), strong bases, acid chlorides, and acid anhydrides (vigorous exothermic reactions possible)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO2; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- NFPA: Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight, away from heat and ignition sources and work areas; hygroscopic
- Uses: Mfg. of antioxidants, pharmaceuticals, plasticizers, dyestuffs; stabilizer for chlorinated hydrocarbons, ethylcellulose, styrene monomer; UV inhibitor; inhibitor for acrylic and vinyl monomers and acrylonitrile; antioxidant for fats, oils, vitamins, and cosmetics; monomer inhibitor in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; antioxidant in acrylic food pkq.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1010

- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alemark; Alfa Chem; Allchem Ind.; Arenol; Borregaard Synthesis US; Charkit; ChemDesign; Eastman; Fluka; Kincaid Enterprises; Maypro Ind.; Mitsui & Co. USA; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Penta Mfg.; Rhodia/Fine Orgs.; Sigma; Skymart Enterprises; Specialty Chem Prods.; Spectrum Quality Prods.
- Trade Names Containing: Ageflex EGDMA; Ageflex FA-1Q80DMS; Ageflex FA-1Q80MC; Ageflex FA-2Q50DMS; Ageflex FM-1Q75MC; Ageflex FM-1Q80DMS; Ageflex FM-10; Bisomer EGDMA; Bisomer PEG 200DMA; CD 501; CN 111; CN 120; CN 120 A75; CN 120 B60; CN 120 B80; CN 120 C60; CN 120 C80; CN 120 D80; CN 120 E50; CN

120 M50; CN 292; CN 383; CN 384; CN 963 A80; CN 963 B80; CN 963 E75; CN 963 E80; CN 963 J85; CN 964 A85; CN 970 A60; CN 970 E60; CN 970 H75; CN 971 A80; CN 972; CN 973 A80; CN 973 H85; CN 973 J75; CN 980; CN 980 M50; CN 981; CN 981 A75; CN 981 B88; CN 982 A75; CN 982 B88; CN 982 E75; CN 982 P90; CN 983; CN 983 B88; CN 985 B88; Esacure® KB1; Mhoromer® AM 107; Mhoromer® AM 199; Mhoromer® AM 414; Mhoromer® AM 438; Mhoromer[®] BM 613; Mhoromer[®] BM 711; Mhoromer[®] BM 713; Mhoromer® BM 731; Mhoromer® BM 903; Mhoromer® BM 905; Mhoromer® BM 923; Mhoromer® BM 951; Mhoromer® BM 955; Rohamere® 6844-0; Rohamere® 6852-0; Sipomer® SEM 25; SR 268; SR 295; SR 306HP; SR 344; SR 351; SR 395; SR 399; SR 444; SR 454; SR 454HP; SR 492; SR 494; SR 495; SR 499; SR 502; SR 506; SR 9020; SR 9021; SR 9035; SR 9041

Hydrosilicic acid. See Silica, hydrated

Hydrosulfuric acid. See Hydrogen sulfide

Hydrotreated (mild) light naphthenic distillate. See Naphthenic oil

Hydrotreated (mild) light naphthenic distillates (petroleum). See Naphthenic oil

- Hydrotreated naphtha. See Naphtha
- Hydrous magnesium calcium silicate. See Talc
- Hydrous magnesium silicate. See Talc
- Hydroxyaluminum di (acetate). See Aluminum acetate
- Hydroxyaluminum distearate. See Aluminum distearate
- 4-Hydroxyanisole. See Hydroquinone monomethyl ether
- p-Hydroxyanisole. See Hydroquinone monomethyl ether

Hydroxyanisole, butylated. See BHA

Hydroxybenzene. See Phenol

1,4-Hydroxybenzene. See Hydroquinone

4-Hydroxybenzoic acid, 2-methylpropyl ester. See Isobutylparaben

- 2-Hydroxybenzoic-5-sulfonic acid. See 5-Sulfosalicylic acid
- 2-Hydroxybiphenyl. See o-Phenylphenol
- o-Hydroxybiphenyl. See o-Phenylphenol
- 2-Hydroxybiphenyl sodium salt. See Sodium o-phenylphenate
- 1-Hydroxybutane. *See* Butyl alcohol 2-Hydroxybutane. *See* 2-Butanol
- Hydroxycellulose. See Cellulose
- Hydroxycyclohexane. See Cyclohexanol
- 1-Hydroxydecane. See Decyl alcohol
- 4-Hydroxy-3,5-di-t-butylphenyl propionic acid thioglycolate. See Thiodiethylene bis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy) hydrocinnamate
- 2-Hydroxydiphenyl. See o-Phenylphenol
- o-Hydroxydiphenyl. See o-Phenylphenol

2-Hydroxydiphenyl sodium salt. See Sodium o-phenylphenate

1-Hydroxy-1,1-diphosphonoethane. See Etidronic acid

- Hydroxyethanediphosphonic acid. See Etidronic acid
- 2-[2-(2-(2-Hydroxyethoxy) ethoxy) ethoxy] ethanol. See PEG-4
- 2-[2-[2-(2-Hydroxyethoxy) ethoxy] ethoxy] ethyl dodecanoate. See PEG-4 laurate
- 2-[2-[2-(2-Hydroxyethoxy) ethoxy] ethoxy] ethyl octadecanoate. See PEG-4 stearate
- 2-(2-Hydroxyethoxy) ethyl ester stearic acid. See PEG-2 stearate
- 2-(2-Hydroxyethoxy) ethyl laurate. See PEG-2 laurate

2-(2-Hydroxyethoxy) ethyl oleate. See PEG-2 oleate

2-(2-Hydroxyethoxy) ethyl stearate. See PEG-2 stearate

Hydroxyethyl acrylate. See 2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate

2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate

CAS 818-61-1; EINECS/ELINCS 212-454-9

Synonyms: HEA; Acrylic acid 2-hydroxyethyl ester; Ethylene glycol, acrylate; Ethylene glycol monoacrylate; Hydroxyethyl acrylate; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-hydroxyethyl ester

Classification: Aromatic ester

- Empirical: C₅H₈O₃
- *Formula:* CH₂CHCOOCH₂CH₂OH
- Properties: Liq.; m.w. 116.12; dens. 1.011; b.p. 90-92 C (12 mm); flash pt. (CC) 209 F
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 650 µl/kg; highly toxic; readily absorbed thru skin; sensitizer; target organs: liver, kidneys; TSCA listed

Precaution: Corrosive

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and

fumes

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 2

Storage: Refrigerate; protect from light

- Uses: Reactive comonomer for acrylic, vinyl acetate, S/B, nitrile resins; reactive diluent for radiation-cured coatings; crosslinkable paint resin; binder for textiles and paper; adhesion promoter
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Lancaster Synthesis; Pfaltz & Bauer; TCI Am.
- Trade Names: Mhoromer® AM 414

2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.180

2-Hydroxyethylamine. See Ethanolamine

β-Hydroxyethylamine. See Ethanolamine

Hydroxyethylcellulose

CAS 9004-62-0

- Synonyms: HEC; Cellulose hydroxyethylate; Cellulose, 2-hydroxyethyl ether; Cellulose hydroxyethyl ether; HE cellulose; Hetastarch; 2-Hydroxyethyl cellulose; Hydroxyethyl cellulose ether; 2-Hydroxyethyl cellulose ether; Hydroxyethyl ether cellulose; Hydroxyethyl starch Definition: Partially substituted poly(hydroxyethyl) ether of cellulose
- *Empirical:* $C_8H_{14}O_6$

Formula: $C_6H_7O_2(OH)_2OCH_2CH_2OH$

- Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd., odorless, tasteless; nonionic; insol. in org. solvs.; sol. in hot or cold water; grease and oil resistant; bulk dens. 0.7 kg/l; m.p. 288-290 C (dec.); ref. index 1.336; pH 6.0-8.5 (1%)
- Toxicology: LDLo (IV, human female, 6 days intermittent) 5100 mg/kg; human systemic effects (change in plasma or blood volume, intracranial pressure inc., somnolence); eye and respiratory system irritant; target organs: blood, nerves; experimental reproductive effects; TSCA listed *Precaution:* Combustible
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors

Storage: Hygroscopic

- Uses: Suspending agent; stabilizer for vinyl polymerization; retards evaporation of water in mortars and cements; binder in ceramic glazes; in paper and textile sizing; latex paints; cast resins (water-sol. films); toothpaste/ cosmetics ingred.; thickener/protective colloid in paints, adhesives, paper coatings, latex prod.; viscosifier in drilling muds, building prods.; mineral flotation depressant; thickener, suspending agent, protective colloid, binder, stabilizer in pharmaceuticals; emulsion stabilizer; film-former; visc. control agent; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings; in cellophane for food pkg.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 177.1200, 177.1400; FDA approved for ophthalmics, orals, otics, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Amerchol Europe; Amerchol; CarboMer; Hercules/Aqualon; Kraft Chem.; Lowenstein Dyes & Cosmetics; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sumisho Plaschem; Union Carbide; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Trade Names: Natrosol® 250

2-Hydroxyethyl cellulose. See Hydroxyethylcellulose

Hydroxyethyl cellulose ether. See Hydroxyethylcellulose 2-Hydroxyethyl cellulose ether. See Hydroxyethylcellulose

- 1-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-1-(4-chlorobutyl)-2-alkyl (C6-17) imidazolinium chloride Uses: In food-contact paper/paperboard, food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 181.30
- **β-Hydroxyethyldimethylamine**. *See* Dimethylethanolamine

2-Hydroxyethyl ester methacrylic acid. See 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate 2-Hydroxyethyl ester stearic acid. See Glycol stearate

Hydroxyethyl ether cellulose. See Hydroxyethylcellulose

N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-N-ethylaniline. See Phenylethylethanolamine

- Hydroxyethylethylenediaminetriacetic acid, trisodium salt. See Trisodium HEDTA
- N-Hydroxyethyl-N-ethyl-m-toluidine. See N-Ethyl-N-hydroxyethyl-m-toluidine
- 1-Hydroxyethyl-2-heptadecenylglyoxalidine. See Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

- 1-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-2-heptadecenylglyoxalidine. See Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline
- 1-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-2-heptadecenyl-2-imidazoline. See Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline
- 1-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-2-N-heptadecenyl-2-imidazoline. See Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline
- 1-Hydroxyethyl-2-heptadecylimidazoline. See Stearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline
- 2-Hydroxyethyl hexadecanoate. See Glycol palmitate
- 2-Hydroxyethyl 12-hydroxy-9-octadecenoate. See Glycol ricinoleate
- (1-Hydroxyethylidene) bisphosphonic acid. See Etidronic acid
- (1-Hydroxyethylidene) bisphosphonic acid, tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium etidronate
- (1-Hydroxyethylidene) diphosphonic acid. See Etidronic acid
- 1-Hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid. See Etidronic acid
- (1-Hydroxyethylidene) diphosphonic acid, tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium etidronate
- 1-Hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid, tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium etidronate

Hydroxyethyl methacrylate. See 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate

2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate

- ČAS 868-77-9; EINEČS/ELINCS 212-782-2
 - Synonyms: GMA; HEMA; Ethylene glycol methacrylate; Ethylene glycol monomethacrylate; Glycol methacrylate; Glycol monomethacrylate; 2-Hydroxyethyl ester methacrylic acid; Hydroxyethyl methacrylate; β-Hydroxyethylmethacrylate; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxyethyl ester

Empirical: C₆H₁₀O₃

- Formula: CH₂:C(CH₃)COOCH₂CH₂OH
- Properties: Clear mobile liq.; sol. in common org. solvs.; misc. with water; m.w. 130.16; dens. 1.0644 (77/60 F); f.p. -2 C; b.p. 205-208 C; flash pt. (COC) 108 C; ref. index 1.4505
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (IP, rat) 1250 mg/kg, (oral, mouse) 5888 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP route; mildly toxic by ingestion; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm.; mod. fire risk

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- *Storage:* Moisture- and light-sensitive
- Uses: Monomer for creating and modifying wide range of polymers, acrylic resins; marine antifouling paint resin comonomer; reactive comonomer for acrylic and S/B resins; food-pkg. adhesives, polymers; binder for non-woven fabrics, enamels, adhesives; reactive thinner for radiation curing; rubber modifier
- Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BP Amoco; Electron Microscopy Sciences; Fluka; ICN Biomed. Research Prods.; Kessler; Lancaster Synthesis; Laporte Perf. Chems.; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Pfaltz & Bauer; Rohm & Haas; Rohm Tech; San Esters; Scientific Polymer Prods.; Sigma; TCI Am.; Ubichem plc; Whyte Chems. Ltd
- Trade Names: Blemmer E; Mhoromer® BM 903; Mhoromer® BM 905; Mhoromer® BM 923
- **β-Hydroxyethylmethacrylate**. *See* 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-N-methylaniline. *See* 2-(N-Methylanilino) ethanol N (2 Hydroxyethyl) octadecanamide. *See* Stoaramide MEA

N-(2-Hydroxyethyl) octadecanamide. See Stearamide MEA

2-Hydroxyethyl octadecanoate. See Glycol stearate 2-Hydroxyethyl 9-octadecenoate. See Glycol oleate

1-Hydroxyethyl-2-oleyl imidazoline. See Glych fielder 3-Hydroxyethyl-2-oleyl imidazoline. See Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

Hydroxyethyl starch. See Hydroxyethylcellulose

N-(2-Hydroxyethyl) stearamide. See Stearamide MEA

1-Hydroxyethyl-2-tall oil imidazoline. See Tall oil hydroxyethyl imidazoline

Hydroxyethyl-s-triazine

CAS 4719-04-4; EINECS/ELINCS 225-208-0

Synonyms: Hexahydro-1,3,5-(2-hydroxyethyl)-s-triazine; Hexahydro-1,3,5triazine-1,3,5-triethanol; Hexahydro-1,3,5-tris (hydroxyethyl) triazine; Hexahydro-1,3,5-tris-(2-hydroxyethyl)-s-triazine; 1,3,5-Triazine-1,3,5-(2H,4H,6H)-triethanol; s-Triazine-1,3,5 (2H,4H,6H)-triethanol; 1,3,5-Tris (2-hydroxyethyl) hexahydrotriazine; 1,3,5-Tris (2-hydroxyethyl) hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine; N,N´,N´´-Tris (β-hydroxyethyl) hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine; N,N´,N´´-Tris (2-hydroxyethyl) hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine; C₉H₂N₃O₃ Properties: Yel. visc. liq.; sol. > 10 mg/ml in water, DMSO, 95% ethanol; m.w. 219.33; flash pt. > 93.3 C

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 763 mg/kg, (skin, rat) > 2 g/kg; mod. toxic by ing. and skin contact; may cause somnolence, hypermotility, diarrhea; mutagenic; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Probably combustible
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x. Storage: Refrigerate
- Uses: Biocide for metalworking fluids, paper coatings, adhesives, paints; coolant preservative, biocide for water treatment applics.; organic synthesis; comonomer for high temp. plastics
- Trade Names: Paxgard EM

1-Hydroxyethyl 2-undecyl imidazoline. See Lauryl hydroxyethyl imidazoline 23-Hydroxy-3,6,9,12,15,18,21-heptaoxatricos-1-yl dodecanoate. See PEG-

- 8 laurate 23-Hydroxy-3,6,9,12,15,18,21-heptaoxatricos-1-yl octadecanoate. See PEG-
- 8 stearate **A Hydroxy, whydroxynoly (oxy, 1 2-ethanediyl)** See Polyethylene glycol
- **α-Hydroxy-ω-hydroxypoly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl)**. See Polyethylene glycol **α-Hydroxy ketone**

α-Hydroxy ketone

Synonyms: Alpha hydroxy ketone *Trade Names Containing:* Esacure® KIP100F; Esacure® KT37

Hydroxylated lecithin

CAS 8029-76-3; EINECS/ELINCS 232-440-6

Synonyms: Lecithin, hydroxylated

Definition: Prod. obtained by the controlled hydroxylation of lecithin

- Properties: Lt. yel. liq. to paste, char. odor; mod. sol. in water
- Toxicology: Nontoxic; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier for personal care products and pharmaceuticals; wetting agent and dispersant for air-drying and stoving paints; raw material for textile and leather compds.; emulsifier, clouding agent, defoamer in foods; hair/skin conditioner; release agent; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings

Use Level: ADI not specified (FAO/WHO)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §136.110, 136.115, 136.130, 136.160, 136.165, 136.180, 172.814, 173.340, 176.170, 176.200

Manuf./Distrib.: Barnet Prods.; Central Soya; Fanning; Lucas Meyer

2-Hydroxy 3-methacryl oxypropyl trimethyl ammoniumchloride. See 2-Hydroxy 3-methacryl oxypropyl trimoniumchloride

2-Hydroxy 3-methacryl oxypropyl trimoniumchloride

Synonyms: 2-Hydroxy 3-methacryl oxypropyl trimethyl ammoniumchloride Properties: Cationic

Uses: Antistat, electroconductive paper coatings, polyelectrolyte dispersant, flocculant acid dye receptive fibers, electrodeposition acrylic coatings *Trade Names:* Blemmer QA

- Hydroxymethanesulfinic acid monosodium salt. See Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate
- Hydroxymethanesulfinic acid sodium salt. See Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate
- 4-Hydroxy-3-(2-methoxyphenylazo) naphthalene-1-sulfonic acid, sodium salt. See Acid red 4

N-(Hydroxymethyl) acrylamide homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

- N-(Hydroxymethyl)-N-(1,3-dihydroxymethyl-2,5-dioxo-4-imidazolidinyl)-N⁻-(hydroxymethyl) urea. See Diazolidinyl urea
- (Hydroxymethyl) methyl-carbamodithioic acid, monopotassium salt. See Potassium N-hydroxymethyl-N-methyldithiocarbamate
- 2-(Hydroxymethyl)-2-((oleoyloxy) methyl]-1,3-propanediyl dioleate. See Pentaerythrityl trioleate

2-Hydroxy 2-methyl 1-phenyl 1-propanone

CAS 7473-98-5

Synonyms: HMPP; 2-Hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenone; 1-Phenyl-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-propan-1-one *Classification:* Aromatic ketone

Empirical: C₁₀H₁₂O₂

- *Formula:* C₆H₅COC(CH₃)₂OH
- *Properties:* M.w. 164.2; dens. 1.077; b.p. 102-103 C (4 mm); flash pt. > 110 C; ref. index 1.5330

Toxicology: Irritant to eyes, skin, respiratory system; TSCA listed

Precaution: Light sensitive

Uses: Photoinitiator in radiation-cured lacquers and inks

- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Sigma Trade Names Containing: Esacure® KIP100F
- Trade Names Containing: Esacure® KIPTU
- 1-Hydroxymethylpropane. See Isobutyl alcohol
- 2-Hýdroxý-2-methylpropiophenone. See 2-Hydroxy 2-methyl 1-phenyl 1propanone
- **2-Hydroxynaphthalene**. *See* β-Naphthol
- **β**-Hydroxynaphthalene. See β -Naphthol
- 4-[(2-Hydroxy-1-naphthalenyl) azo] benzenesulfonic acid monosodium salt. See Acid orange 7
- 4-(2-Hydroxynaphthalen-1-ylazo)-3-methylbenzenesulfonic acid, sodium salt. See Acid orange 8
- 4-(2-Hydroxynaphthalen-1-ylazo) naphthalene-1-sulfonic acid, sodium salt. See Acid red 88
- 4-((2-Hydroxy-1-naphthalenyl) azo)-1-naphthalene sulfonic acid sodium salt. See Acid red 88
- 4-(2-Hydroxy-1-naphthylazo) benzenesulfonic acid sodium salt. See Acid orange 7
- p-((2-Hydroxy-1-naphthyl) azo) benzenesulfonic acid sodium salt. See Acid orange 7
- 4-[(2-Hydroxy-1-naphthyl) azo]-3-methylbenzenesulfonic acid, monosodium salt. See Acid orange 8
- 12-Hydroxyoctadecanoic acid. See Hydroxystearic acid
- 12-Hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, methyl ester. See Methyl hydroxystearate
- 12-Hýdroxý-9-octadecenoic acid 2,3-dihydroxypropyl ester. See Glyceryl ricinoleate
- 12-Hydroxy-9-octadecenoic acid, methyl ester. See Methyl ricinoleate
- 12-Hydroxy-9-octadecenoic acid, monoester with 1,2,3-propanetriol. See Glyceryl ricinoleate
- p-Hydroxy-2-oxo-phenylacethydroxymic acid chloride. See 2-(p-Hydroxyphenyl) glyoxylohydroximoyl chloride
- 17-Hydroxy-3,6,9,12,15-pentaoxaheptadec-1-yl dodecanoate. See PEG-6 laurate
- 17-Hydroxy-3,6,9,12,15-pentaoxaheptadec-1-yl octadecanoate. See PEG-6 stearate
- 2-Hydroxyphenol. See Pyrocatechol
- o-Hydroxyphenol. See Pyrocatechol
- p-Hydroxyphenol. See Hydroquinone
- 7-Hydroxy-8-(phenylazo)-1,3-naphthalenedisulfonic acid, disodium salt. See Acid orange 10
- 1-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)-2-bromoethanone. See 2-Bromo-4´-hydroxyacetophenone

2-(p-Hydroxyphenyl) glyoxylohydroximoyl chloride

CAS 34911-46-1

Synonyms: Benzeneethanimidoyl chloride, N,4-dihydroxy-α-oxo-; 2-Chloro-4´-hydroxy-2-isonitrosoacetophenone; 2-(p-Hydroxyphenyl) oxoacetohydroximic chloride; p-Hydroxy-2-oxo-phenylacethydroxymic acid chloride

Empirical: C₈H₆CINO₃

Properties: M.w. 199.60 Uses: Slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300
- 2-(p-Hydroxyphenyl) oxoacetohydroximic chloride. See 2-(p-Hydroxyphenyl) glyoxylohydroximoyl chloride
- 1-Hydroxypropane. See Propyl alcohol
- 2-Hydroxy-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid. See Citric acid
- 2-Hydroxypropane-1,2,3-tricarboxylic acid. See Citric acid
- 2-Hydroxy-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid, monooctadecyl ester. See Stearyl citrate
- 2-Hydroxy-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid, triethyl ester. See Triethyl citrate

2-Hydroxypropanol. See Propylene glycol

Hydroxypropyl acrylate

CAS 25584-83-2; EINECS/ELINCS 247-118-0

- Synonyms: Acrylic acid, hydroxypropyl ester; Acrylic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol; 1,2(or 3)-Propanediol, 1-acrylate; 2-Propenoic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol; Propylene glycol acrylate; Propylene glycol monoacrylate
- Classification: Nonaromatic ester
- Empirical: C₆H₁₀O₃
- Properties: Liq.; m.w. 130.16; dens. 1.044; b.p. 77 C (5 mm); flash pt. (CC) 193 F
- Toxicology: Highly toxic; toxic by inh., ing., skin contact; irritant; causes burns; readily absorbed thru skin; may cause sensitization by skin contact: TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible
- Uses: Crosslinkable paint resin; binder for textiles, paper; reactive thinner; adhesion promoter
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Pfaltz & Bauer; Whyte Chems. Ltd Trade Names: Mhoromer® AM 438
- Hydroxypropyl alginate. See Propylene glycol alginate 2-Hydroxypropylamine. See Isopropanolamine

Hydroxypropylcellulose

CAS 9004-64-2

- Synonyms: HPC; Cellulose, 2-hydroxypropyl ether; Hydroxypropyl ether of cellulose; Hyprolose; Oxypropylated cellulose
- Definition: Partially substituted poly(hydroxypropyl) ether of cellulose
- Properties: Off-wh. gran. powd., odorless, tasteless; sol. in cold water, methanol, ethanol, many polar org. solvs.; insol. in water > 37.7 C; m.w. 80,000-1,150,000; thermoplastic; can be extruded and molded; softens at 130 C; visc. various; ref. index 1.337; pH 5-8.5 (1%); nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 10,200 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 250 mg/kg; poison by IV route; sl. toxic by ingestion; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Binder; emulsion stabilizer; visc. control agent; emulsifier, film-former, protective colloid, stabilizer, thickener in foods, cosmetics; thickener, protective colloid in emulsion paints, adhesives; suspending agent in PVC polymerization; binder in ceramics; protective colloid in suspension polymerization; mineral flotation depressant; hair preps.; in blow-molded bottles; tablet coating aid in pharmaceuticals; in cellophane for food pkg.

Use Level: ADI 0-25 mg/kg (FAO/WHO)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.870, 177.1200; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Barrington; CarboMer; Hercules/Aqualon; Shin-Etsu; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Whyte Chems. Ltd Trade Names: Klucel® E; Klucel® L

2-Hydroxypropyl dodecanoate. See Propylene glycol laurate Hydroxypropyl ether of cellulose. See Hydroxypropylcellulose Hydroxypropyl ether guar gum. See Hydroxypropyl guar

Hydroxypropyl guar

- CAS 39421-75-5; 68442-94-4; EINECS/ELINCS 270-497-9 Synonyms: Guar gum, 2-hydroxypropyl ether; Hydroxypropyl ether guar
- gum; Hydroxypropyl guar gum
- Definition: Propylene glycol ether of guar gum
- Formula: $R-O(CHCH_3CH_2O)_nH$, R = guar gum
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Antistat, binder, emulsion stabilizer, film-former, visc. control agent, thickener, suspending agent, stabilizer, slip agent, flocculant in cosmetics; mineral flotation depressant; textile auxiliaries; viscosifier for oil-well workover/completion fluids; binder, surfactant, lubricant, plasticizer in ceramics; dry str. and formation aid in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; CarboMer; Economy Polymers & Chems.; Fabrichem; Hercules/Aqualon; P.L. Thomas

Hydroxypropyl guar gum. See Hydroxypropyl guar

Hydroxypropyl methacrylate

CAS 27813-02-1; EINECS/ELINCS 248-666-3

Synonyms: Hydroxypropyl monomethacrylate; Methacrylic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol; 1,2-Propanediol, 2-methyl, monomethacrylate; 2Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxymethylethyl ester; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, monoester with 1,2-propanediol

- Classification: Nonaromatic ester
- Empirical: C7H12O3
- Formula: CH₃CHOHCH₂OOCC(CH₃):CH₂
- Properties: Clear mobile liq.; limited sol. in water; sol. in common org. solvs.; m.w. 144.17; sp.gr. 1.03; b.p. 205-209 C; flash pt. 96.6 C; ref. index 1.4447
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rats) > 5000 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbits) > 5000 mg/kg; severe eye irritant, mod. skin irritation; nontoxic by inhalation; TSCA listed Precaution: Combustible

Storage: Heat- and light-sensitive; refrigerate; protect from light

- Uses: Monomer for acrylic resins, nonwoven fabric binders, detergent lube oil additives, coatings, adhesives, contact lenses; modifier for paints, polymers, rubber, paper, adhesives; binder
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BP Amoco; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Rhodia; Rohm & Haas; Rohm Tech; Sigma; Whyte Chems. Ltd
- Trade Names: Mhoromer® BM 951; Mhoromer® BM 955

2-Hydroxypropyl methacrylate

CAS 923-26-2; EINECS/ELINCS 213-090-3

- Synonyms: HPMA; β-Hydroxypropyl methacrylate; 2-Hydroxypropyl 2methyl-2-propenoate; Methacrylic acid, 2-hydroxypropyl ester; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxypropyl ester
- Empirical: C7H12O3
- Formula: CH₂CCH₃COOCHCH₃CH₂OH
- Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in water, common org. solvs.; m.w. 144.19; dens. 1.03 kg/l; f.p. < -70 C; b.p. 240 C; flash pt. 121 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 7964 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; eye and skin irritant: TSCA listed Precaution: Avoid incompat. materials, strong oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors
- Storage: Light and heat sensitive; store in a cool, dry place
- Uses: Engineering adhesives; monomer for hydrophilic polymer synthesis; reactive comonomer for acrylic and S/B resins
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org. Trade Names: Blemmer P

β-Hydroxypropyl methacrylate. See 2-Hydroxypropyl methacrylate

2-Hydroxypropyl methanethiol sulfonate

Uses: Slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300

2-Hydroxypropyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate. See 2-Hydroxypropyl methacrylate

Hydroxypropyl monomethacrylate. See Hydroxypropyl methacrylate 8-Hydroxyquinoline copper complex. See Copper 8-quinolinolate Hydroxyquinone. See Hydroquinone

- Hydroxystearic acid
 - CAS 106-14-9; EINECS/ELINCS 203-366-1
 - Synonyms: HSA; 12-Hydroxyoctadecanoic acid; 12-Hydroxystearic acid; Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-
 - Classification: Fatty acid
 - Definition: C-18 straight chain fatty acid
 - Empirical: C18H36O3
 - Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₅(CHOH)(CH₂)₁₀COOH
 - Properties: Wh. flakes; sol. in alcohol; insol. in water; m.w. 300.49; sp.gr. . 1.021; m.p.79-82 C; acid no. 178-187; sapon. no. 180-190
 - Toxicology: Experimental carcinogen; TSCA listed
 - Precaution: Combustible
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
 - Uses: Emulsifier; major component in lithium greases; chemical intermediate; lubricant for PVC and plastics processing; in cosmetics; toiletries; wax blends; polishes; inks; hot-melt adhesives; paints; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in lubricants for incidental food-contact use
 - Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 178.3570
 - Manuf./Distrib.: Acme-Hardesty; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Alnor Oil; Amber Syn.; Brook-Chem; CasChem; Collaborative Labs/Oleochems.; Condor; Eastech; Fluka; Jarchem Ind.; Miljac; NOF Am.; NorChem; Penta

Mfg.; Sea-Land; Storchem; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Vilax Trade Names: Loxiol® G 21 12-Hydroxystearic acid. See Hydroxystearic acid 12-Hydroxystearic acid methyl ester. See Methyl hydroxystearate Hydroxystearic acid, monoester with glycerol. See Glyceryl hydroxystearate 2-Hydroxy-5-sulfobenzoic acid. See 5-Sulfosalicylic acid 2-Hydroxy-5-sulfobenzoic acid, dihydrate. See 5-Sulfosalicylic acid dihydrate Hydroxytoluene, butylated. See BHT **β**-Hydroxytricarballylic acid. See Citric acid 2-Hydroxytriethylamine. See Diethylaminoethanol 3-Hydroxy-4-(2,4-xylylazo)-3,7-naphthalenedisulfonic acid, disodium salt. See Acid red 26 Hypo. See Sodium thiosulfate anhydrous Hypochlorite sol'n. See Sodium hypochlorite Hypochlorous acid, calcium salt. See Calcium hypochlorite Hypochlorous acid, sodium salt. See Sodium hypochlorite Hyprolose. See Hydroxypropylcellulose **IBA.** See Isobutyl alcohol IBMA. See Isobutyl methacrylate IBOA. See Isobornyl acrylate IBVE. See Vinyl isobutyl ether Ice. See Water 3-Icosenyl succinic anhydride. See Eicosenyl succinic anhydride IDA. See Isodecyl acrylate IIR. See Isobutylene/isoprene copolymer 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol, 4,5-dihydro-2-docosanyl-. See Behenyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol, 4,5-dihydro-2-norcoco alkyl derivs. See Cocoyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol, 4,5-dihydro-2-norcocoyl-. See Cocoyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol, 4,5-dihydro-2-undecyl-. See Lauryl hydroxyethyl imidazoline 2,4-Imidazolidinedione, 1,3-dichloro-5-ethyl-5-methyl-. See 1,3-Dichloro-5ethyl-5-methylhydantoin 2,4-Imidazolidinedione, dimethyl-, polymer with formaldehyde. See Dimethyl hydantoin-formaldehyde polymer Imidazolidinyl urea 11. See Diazolidinyl urea Imidocarbonic acid, cyanodithio-, disodium salt. See Disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate 4,4'-(Imidocarbonyl) bis (N,N-dimethylaniline) monohydrochloride. See Basic yellow 2 2,2 - Iminobise thanol. See Diethanolamine 2,2 - Iminobisethylamine. See Diethylenetriamine 1,1 - Iminobis-2-propanol. See Diisopropanolamine 1,1 - Iminobis (propan-2-ol). See Diisopropanolamine 1,1 - Iminodipropan-2-ol. See Diisopropanolamine 2,2 - Iminodiethanol. See Diethanolamine 2,2 - Iminodiethylamine. See Diethylenetriamine 1,1 - Iminodi-2-propanol. See Diisopropanolamine Iminodisuccinate tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium iminodisuccinate IMS. See Alcohol Indanthrene golden yellow. See Vat yellow 4 Indene/coumarone resin. See Coumarone/indene resin 1H-Indene-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-(2-quinolinyl)-, sulfonated, sodium salts. See Acid yellow 3 Independence red. See Pigment red 3 Indian gum. See Gum ghatti Indian red. See Iron oxide red Indian tragacanth. See Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum India rubber. See Natural rubber India tragacanth. See Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum Indigenous peanut oil. See Peanut (Arachis hypogaea) oil Indigo blue 2B. See Direct blue 6 3H-Indolium, 1,3,3-trimethyl-2-(3-(1,3,3-trimethyl-2-indolinylidene) propenyl)-, chloride. See Basic red 12

Indulin B. See Acid blue 20

Industrial methylated spirit. See Alcohol

Industrial talc. See Talc

Infusorial earth. See Diatomaceous earth; Diatomaceous earth, amorphous Iodopropynyl butylcarbamate CAS 55406-53-6; EINECS/ELINCS 259-627-5 Synonyms: IPBC; Butyl-3-iodo-2-propynylcarbamate; Carbamic acid, butyl-3-iodo-2-propynyl ester; 3-iodopropynylbutylcarbamate; 3-iodo-2propynyl butyl carbamate; 3-lodo-2-propynyl-N-butyl carbamate Classification: Organic compd. *Empirical:* C₈H₁₂ĬNO₂ *Formula:* IC₂CH₂OCONH(CH₂)₃CH₃ Properties: Wh. to off-wh. powd.; m.w. 281.1; m.p. 65-67 C Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Fungicide, antimildew additive, wood preservative used in oil-based and latex paints, wood prods., cutting oils, textiles, paper coatings, inks, plastics, adhesives; antifungal preservative in food-pkg. adhesives Use Level: 0.1-1.0% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105; USA EPA registered; Japan approved; Europe listed Manuf./Distrib.: Arch Chems.; Troy Trade Names: Troysan® Polyphase® AF1; Troysan® Polyphase® EC17; Troysan® Polyphase® P-20T; Troysan® Polyphase® P-100 Trade Names Containing: Ipex[™]-400; Ipex[™]-1000; Troysan® Polyphase® CST 3-lodopropynylbutylcarbamate. See lodopropynyl butylcarbamate 3-lodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate. See lodopropynyl butylcarbamate 3-lodo-2-propynyl-N-butyl carbamate. See lodopropynyl butylcarbamate IPA. See Isopropyl alcohol IPBC. See lodopropynyl butylcarbamate IPM. See Isopropyl myristate IPP. See Diisopropyl perdicarbonate; Isopropyl palmitate IR. See Polyisoprene Irish gum. See Carrageenan (Chondrus crispus) Irish moss. See Carrageenan (Chondrus crispus) Iron ammonium sulfate. See Ferrous ammonium sulfate Iron blue. See Ferric ferrocyanide Iron chloride. See Ferric chloride Iron (III) chloride. See Ferric chloride Iron chlorides. See Ferric chloride Iron citrate. See Ferric citrate Iron (III) citrate. See Ferric citrate Iron ferrocyanide. *See* Ferric ferrocyanide Iron mass, spent. *See* Iron oxide red Iron oxide. See Iron oxide black; Iron oxide red Iron (III) oxide. See Ferric oxide; Iron oxide black Iron (II, III) oxide. See Iron oxide black Iron oxide black CAS 1317-61-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-277-5 Synonyms: Black magnetic oxide; Black oxide, precipitated; Black rouge; CI 77499; Ethiops iron; Ferric ferrous oxide; Ferrosoferric oxide; Iron oxide; Iron (II, III) oxide; Iron (III) oxide; Iron (II) oxide, black; Iron (II, III) oxide, black; Iron oxide magnetic; Iron oxides (Fe₃O₄); Magnetite; Pigment black 11; Triiron tetraoxide Classification: Syn. iron oxide Empirical: Fe₃O₄ Properties: Blk. powd.; sol. in acids; insol. in water, alcohol, ether, oils, solvs.; m.w. 231.54; dens. 4.7 kg/l; m.p. 1538 C (dec.); oxidized to Fe₂O₃ on heating in air Toxicology: Harmful by inh., ing., skin contact; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system Uses: Pigment for paints, plastics, caulks, sealants, printing inks; polishing compd.; metallurgy; magnetic inks; in ferrites for electronic industry; coatings for magnetic tape; catalyst; linoleum; colorant in food-grade polymers Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Aldrich; Costec; Fisher Scientific; Warner-Jenkinson Trade Names: Synox HB-1094 Iron (II) oxide, black. See Iron oxide black Iron (II, III) oxide, black. See Iron oxide black Iron oxide magnetic. See Iron oxide black

Iron oxide red

CAS 1332-37-2; UN No. 1376 Synonyms: Burnt sienna; CI 77491; Copperas red; Ferrous ferrite; Gulf red;



12-Hydroxystearic acid

Mfg.; Sea-Land; Storchem; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Vilax Trade Names: Loxiol® G 21 12-Hydroxystearic acid. See Hydroxystearic acid 12-Hydroxystearic acid methyl ester. See Methyl hydroxystearate Hydroxystearic acid, monoester with glycerol. See Glyceryl hydroxystearate 2-Hydroxy-5-sulfobenzoic acid. See 5-Sulfosalicylic acid 2-Hydroxy-5-sulfobenzoic acid, dihydrate. See 5-Sulfosalicylic acid dihydrate Hydroxytoluene, butylated. See BHT β-Hydroxytricarballylic acid. See Citric acid 2-Hydroxytriethylamine. See Diethylaminoethanol 3-Hydroxy-4-(2,4-xylylazo)-3,7-naphthalenedisulfonic acid, disodium salt. See Acid red 26 Hypo. See Sodium thiosulfate anhydrous Hypochlorite sol'n. See Sodium hypochlorite Hypochlorous acid, calcium salt. See Calcium hypochlorite Hypochlorous acid, sodium salt. See Sodium hypochlorite Hyprolose. See Hydroxypropylcellulose **IBA.** See Isobutyl alcohol IBMA. See Isobutyl methacrylate **IBOA**. See Isobornyl acrylate IBVE. See Vinyl isobutyl ether Ice. See Water 3-Icosenylsuccinic anhydride. See Eicosenyl succinic anhydride IDA. See Isodecyl acrylate IIR. See Isobutylene/isoprene copolymer 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol, 4,5-dihydro-2-docosanyl-. See Behenyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol, 4,5-dihydro-2-norcoco alkyl derivs. See Cocoyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol, 4,5-dihydro-2-norcocoyl-. See Cocoyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol, 4,5-dihydro-2-undecyl-. See Lauryl hydroxyethyl imidazoline 2,4-Imidazolidinedione, 1,3-dichloro-5-ethyl-5-methyl-. See 1,3-Dichloro-5ethyl-5-methylhydantoin 2,4-Imidazolidinedione, dimethyl-, polymer with formaldehyde. See Dimethyl hydantoin-formaldehyde polymer Imidazolidinyl urea 11. See Diazolidinyl urea Imidocarbonic acid, cyanodithio-, disodium salt. See Disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate 4,4'-(Imidocarbonyl) bis (N,N-dimethylaniline) monohydrochloride. See Basic yellow 2 2,2⁻Iminobisethanol. See Diethanolamine 2,2 - Iminobisethylamine. See Diethylenetriamine 1,1 - Iminobis-2-propanol. See Diisopropanolamine 1,1 - Iminobis (propan-2-ol). See Diisopropanolamine 1,1'-Iminodipropan-2-ol. See Diisopropanolamine 2,2 - Iminodiethanol. See Diethanolamine 2,2'-Iminodiethylamine. See Diethylenetriamine 1,1'-Iminodi-2-propanol. See Diisopropanolamine Iminodisuccinate tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium iminodisuccinate IMS. See Alcohol Indanthrene golden yellow. See Vat yellow 4 Indene/coumarone resin. See Coumarone/indene resin 1H-Indene-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-(2-quinolinyl)-, sulfonated, sodium salts. See Acid yellow 3 Independence red. See Pigment red 3 Indian gum. See Gum ghatti Indian red. See Iron oxide red Indian tragacanth. See Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum India rubber. See Natural rubber India tragacanth. See Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum Indigenous peanut oil. See Peanut (Arachis hypogaea) oil Indigo blue 2B. See Direct blue 6 3H-Indolium, 1,3,3-trimethyl-2-(3-(1,3,3-trimethyl-2-indolinylidene) propenyl)-, chloride. See Basic red 12 Indulin B. See Acid blue 20 Industrial methylated spirit. See Alcohol Industrial talc. See Talc

Infusorial earth. See Diatomaceous earth; Diatomaceous earth, amorphous

CAS 55406-53-6; EINECS/ELINCS 259-627-5
Synonymis: IPBC; Bulyi-3-1000-2-propynylcarbamate; Carbanic acid, bu- tyl-3-iodo-2-propynyl ester: 3-lodopropynylbutylcarbamate: 3-lodo-2-
propynyl butyl carbamate: 3-lodo-2-propynyl outyl carbamate
<i>Classification:</i> Organic compd.
<i>Empirical</i> : $C_8H_{12}INO_2$
Formula: IC ₂ CH ₂ OCONH(CH ₂) ₃ CH ₃
Properties: Wh. to off-wh. powd.; m.w. 281.1; m.p. 65-67 C
Ioxicology: I SCA listed
and latex paints, wood prods., cutting oils, textiles, paper coatings, inks, plastics, adhesives; antifungal preservative in food-pkg. adhesives
Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105; USA EPA registered; Japan approved; Furpe listed
Manuf./Distrib.: Arch Chems.: Trov
<i>Trade Names:</i> Troysan [®] Polyphase [®] AF1; Troysan [®] Polyphase [®] EC17;
Troysan [®] Polyphase [®] P-20T; Troysan [®] Polyphase [®] P-100
<i>Trade Names Containing:</i> Ipex [™] -400; Ipex [™] -1000; Troysan [®] Polyphase [®]
CST
3-lodopropynylbutylcarbamate. See lodopropynyl butylcarbamate 3-lodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate. See lodopropynyl butylcarbamate 3-lodo-2-propynyl-N-butyl carbamate. See lodopropynyl butylcarbamate
IPA. See Isopropyl alcohol
IPBC. See lodopropynyl butylcarbamate
IPM. See Isopropyl myristate
IPP. See Diisopropyl perdicarbonate; Isopropyl palmitate
IR. See Polyisoprene
Irish gum. See Carrageenan (Chondrus crispus)
Iron ammonium sulfate See Ferrous ammonium sulfate
Iron blue. See Ferric ferrocyanide
Iron chloride. See Ferric chloride
Iron (III) chloride. See Ferric chloride
Iron chlorides. See Ferric chloride
Iron citrate. See Ferric citrate
Iron (III) citrate. See Ferric citrate Iron ferroquanida - See Ferric ferroquanida
Iron mass spent. See Iron oxide red
Iron oxide. See Iron oxide black: Iron oxide red
Iron (III) oxide. See Ferric oxide: Iron oxide black
Iron (II, III) oxide. See Iron oxide black
Iron ovide black
CAS 1317-61-9' FINECS/FLINCS 215-277-5
<i>Synonyms:</i> Black magnetic oxide: Black oxide, precipitated: Black rouge:
CI 77499; Ethiops iron; Ferric ferrous oxide; Ferrosoferric oxide; Iron
oxide; Iron (II, III) oxide; Iron (III) oxide; Iron (II) oxide, black; Iron (II, III)
oxide, black; Iron oxide magnetic; Iron oxides (Fe ₃ O ₄); Magnetite; Pig-
ment black 11; Triiron tetraoxide
Classification: Syn. Iron oxide
Empirical: Fe ₃ U ₄ Droportios: Plk, powd i sol, in asids: insol, in water, alcohol, other, oils
solvs · m w 231.54· dens 4.7 ka/l· m n 1538 C. (dec.)· ovidized to
Fe_2O_2 on heating in air
Toxicology: Harmful by inh., inq., skin contact; irritating to eves, skin, respi-
ratory system
Uses: Pigment for paints, plastics, caulks, sealants, printing inks; polishing
compd.; metallurgy; magnetic inks; in ferrites for electronic industry; coat-
Ings for magnetic tape; catalyst; linoleum; colorant in food-grade polymers
ivianui./Distind.: Aduk; Alunich; Custec; Fisher Scientific; Warner-Jenkinson Trade Names: Suppy HB 1004

Iron (II) oxide, black. See Iron oxide black Iron (II, III) oxide, black. See Iron oxide black

Iron oxide magnetic. See Iron oxide black

Iron oxide red

CAS 1332-37-2; UN No. 1376 Synonyms: Burnt sienna; CI 77491; Copperas red; Ferrous ferrite; Gulf red; Indian red; Iron mass, spent; Iron oxide; Iron oxide, spent; Iron sponge, spent; Pigment red 101; Pigment red 102; Red haematite; Red iron oxide; Red oxide; Turkey red

Definition: Sienna, siderite, Persian red, Spanish red, and red ochre are natural iron oxide ores used as red pigments

Empirical: Fe₂O₃

- Properties: Red powd.; insol. in water, oils, and solvs.; m.w. 159.69; dens. 4.5-5.0 kg/l
- Toxicology: TSCA listed

Precaution: Spontaneously combustible

Uses: Colorant for ceramic tiles, sanitaryware; food colorant; pigment for concrete, roofing tiles, paving slabs, plaster, bitumen, stoving finishes, primer paints, marine paints, rubber, plastics, sealants, caulks, printing inks; polishing compds.; theatrical rouge

Manuf./Distrib.: Costec; Hammill & Gillespie; Warner-Jenkinson

Trade Names: Synox HR-1200; Synox HR-1201; Synox HR-1202; Synox HR-1203; Synox HR-1204; Synox HR-1205; Synox HR-1208; Synox HR-1209

See also Ferric oxide

Iron oxides

CAS 1309-37-1 (Fe₂O₃); 1345-25-1 (FeO); 1317-61-9 (Fe₃O₄); EINECS/ ELINCS 215-168-2 (Fe₂O₃); 215-721-8 (FeO); 215-277-5 (Fe₃O₄) Synonyms: CI 77489; CI 77491; CI 77492; CI 77499

Definition: Inorganic compd. consisting of any one or combinations of synthetically prepared iron oxides incl. the hydrated forms

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Pigment for cosmetics, toiletries, paints, rubber; colorant for ingested drugs, food-contact polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.200, 73.1200, 73.2250, 175.300, 176.170, 177.1460, 177.2600, 178.3297, 182.90, 186.1300, 186.1374, 522.940

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Cary; Costec; D.B. Becker; Elementis Pigments; Fluka; Ironics; Pea Ridge Iron Ore; R.E. Carroll; Robert I. Webber; Royale Pigments & Chems.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; TCR Ind.; Warner-Jenkinson; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Trade Names: Sicopur®

See also CI 77492; CI 77499; Ferric oxide; Iron oxide black; Iron oxide red; Iron oxide yellow

Iron oxides (Fe₃O₄). See Iron oxide black

Iron oxide, spent. See Iron oxide red

Iron oxide yellow

Synonyms: CI 77492; Ferrite yellow; Ochre; Sienna; Yellow ochre Definition: Limonite, yellow ochre, and sienna are natural iron oxide minerals

- used as yel. pigments
- *Empirical:* HFeO₂

Formula: FeOOH

- Properties: Yel. solid; insol. in water, oils, solvs.; m.w. 88.85; dens. 4.0 kg/ l; converts to red iron oxide on heating
- Uses: Pigment for concrete, roofing tiles, paving slabs, paints, plastics, caulks, sealants, printing inks

Manuf./Distrib.: Costec; Warner-Jenkinson

Trade Names: Synox HY-600M; Synox HY-605M; Synox HY-610M; Synox HY-620M

Iron sesquioxide. See Ferric oxide

Iron sponge, spent. See Iron oxide red

Iron trichloride. See Ferric chloride

Iron, tris (5,6-dihydro-5,6-dioxo-2-naphthalenesulfonic acid-5-oximato)-, trisodium salt. See Acid green 1

Isoarachidyl alcohol. See Octyldodecanol

1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-. See Tetrabromophthalic anhydride

Isobornyl acrylate

CAS 5888-33-5; EINECS/ELINCS 227-561-6 *Synonyms:* IBOA *Empirical:* C₁₃H₂₀O₂ *Properties:* M.w. 208.3; dens. 0.986; m.p. -60 C; b.p. 104 C (5 mm); flash pt. 97 C; ref. index 1.4760 (20 C) *Toxicology:* Irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Light sensitive

- Uses: Curing agent; reactive diluent monomer (UV EB resin) and modifier for radiation-cured coatings, inks, electronics applics., paints, textile finishes, adhesives, industrial and textile coatings; resists UV degradation
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; CPS; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Rhodia HPCII; San Esters; UCB Radcure Trade Names: SR 506

Trade Names Containing: CN 963 J85; CN 973 J75

Isobornyl methacrylate

- CAS 7534-94-3; EINECS/ELINCS 231-403-1
- Synonyms: Methacrylic acid isobornyl ester
- Empirical: C₁₄H₂₂O₂
- *Properties:* M.w. 222.33; dens. 0.983; b.p. 127-129 (15 mm); flash pt. 107 C; ref. index 1.4770 (20 C)

Toxicology: Irritant

Uses: Monomer for creating and modifying a wide range of polymers; for high-performance coatings; paints; textile finishes; adhesives; industrial and textile coatings; food pkg.; reactive diluent for radiation-cured coatings Manuf (finite in Advised CDC Manager Parliager 2) Pains laboration and textile coatings; food pkg.; reactive diluent for radiation-cured coatings

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; CPS; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Rhodia HPCII; Rohm Tech; San Esters

Trade Names: Mhoromer® BM 731

Isobutanol. See Isobutyl alcohol

Isobutanolamine. See Aminomethyl propanol Isobutanol-2 amine. See Aminomethyl propanol Isobutene homopolymer. See Polyisobutene Isobutene polymer. See Polyisobutene

Isobutyl acrylate homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.180

Isobutyl alcohol

- CAŚ 78-83-1; EINECS/ELINCS 201-148-0; UN No. 1212 (DOT), 1213; FEMA 2179
- Synonyms: IBA; 1-Hydroxymethylpropane; Isobutanol; Isopropylcarbinol; 2-Methyl-1-propanol; 2-Methylpropanol; 2-Methylpropan-1-ol; 2-Methylpropyl alcohol
- Classification: Primary aliphatic alcohol
- *Empirical:* C₄H₁₀O
- Formula: (CH₃)₂CHCH₂OH
- Properties: Colorless liq., sweet odor; sol. in alcohol, ether; misc. with most org. solvs.; partly sol. in water; m.w. 74.12; dens. 0.806 (15 C); f.p. -108 C; b.p. 106-109 C; flash pt. (TCC) 29 C; ref. index 1.396
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 50 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 2460 mg/kg; poison by IV, IP route; mod. toxic by ing., skin contact; severe skin/eye irritant; inh. of high concs. or ing. may cause CNS depression effects; collapse, coma, or death possible at higher doses; liver/kidney damage possible; experimental carcinogen, tumorigen; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm.; dangerous fire hazard with heat, flame; mod. explosive as vapor with heat, flame, oxidizers; also incompat. with chromium trioxide; explosion potential with various chems.
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in cool, dry, wéll-ventilated área, out of direct sunlight, away from heat/ignition sources
- Uses: Synthetic flavoring agent and fragrance for foods and pharmaceuticals; organic synthesis; latent solvent; intermediate; solvent for paints, lacquers, paint removers, cleaners, hydraulic fluids; fluorometric determinations; liq. chromatography; mfg. of isobutyl esters for use in solvents, plasticizers, flavorings, and perfumes; extraction agent for phosphoric acid purification; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles
- Use Level: 12 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 1 ppm (alcoholic beverages), 7 ppm (ice cream), 34 ppm (candy), 32 ppm (baked goods), 4 ppm (cream)
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.515, 175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800; FEMA GRAS
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfrebro; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BASF; CPS; Celanese; Eastman; Fluka; GNC Group; Grau Aromatics; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; Penta Mfg.; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Shell; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Union Carbide

Trade Names Containing: Beetle® 1032-10; Beetle® 1047; Cymel® 255-10; Nacure® 4054; Resimene® HM-2608; Resimene® U-933; Resimene® U-970

Isobutylene homopolymer. See Polyisobutene

Isobutylene/isoprene copolymer

CAS 9010-85-9

Synonyms: IIR; 1,3-Butadiene-2-methyl polymer with 2-methyl-1-propene; Butyl rubber; Isobutylene/isoprene copolymers; 3-Methyl-1,3-butadiene polymer with 2-methyl-1-propene; Poly (isobutylene-co-isoprene) Definition: Copolymer of isobutylene and isoprene monomers

Formula: $(C_5H_8 \cdot C_4H_8)_x$

Properties: Dens. 0.92; vulcanizates have tens. str. to 2000 psi (unreinforced); exc. resist. to aging, sunlight; exc. impermeability to gases; superior shock absorp.; good abrasion resist.; high dielec. const.

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Precaution: Will support combustion

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Butyl rubber used in tires, molded, extruded and calendered goods, mech. goods, dips, sealants, tapes, adhesives, membranes, dynamic parts, diaphragms, elec. wire insulation, paints, pharmaceuticals; visc. control agent; masticatory substance in chewing gum base; latex for paper coatings, textile/leather finishing, adhesives, air bags, tire vulcanization, self-curing cements, sealants; LDPE modifier; wax/plastic additive; in food-pkg. adhesives and pressure-sensitive adhesives; in food-contact coatings; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; in food-contact articles for repeated use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 177.1210, 177.1420, 177.2600, 178.3850

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Bayer; Exxon; Nichem; Sea-Land

Isobutylene/isoprene copolymers. See Isobutylene/isoprene copolymer

Isobutylene/MA copolymer

CAS 26426-80-2

- Synonyms: 2,5-Furandione, polymer with 2-methyl-1-propene; Isobutylene/ maleic anhydride copolymer; 2-Methyl-1-propene, polymer with 2,5furandione
- *Definition:* Copolymer of isobutylene and maleic anhydride monomers *Formula:* $(C_4H_8 \cdot C_4H_2O_3)_x$

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Visc. control agent; dispersant for dyes, pigments in cosmetics, latex paints, polymerization, leather tanning; antiscalant, surfactant for water treatment; food-pkg. adhesives, paper/paperboard

Trade Names: Tamol® 731A

Isobutylene/maleic anhydride copolymer. See Isobutylene/MA copolymer Isobutylene polymer. See Polyisobutene

Isobutylene resin. See Polyisobutene

Isobutyl 4-hydroxybenzoate. See Isobutylparaben

Isobutyl p-hydroxybenzoate. See Isobutyl paraben

Isobutyl methacrylate

CAS 97-86-9; EINECS/ELINCS 202-613-0; UN No. 2283 (DOT)

Synonyms: IBMA; IsobutyI-α-methacrylate; Methacrylic acid, isobutyl ester; 2-Methyl-2-propenoic acid 2-methylpropyl ester; 2-Methylpropyl methacrylate

Empirical: C₈H₁₄O₂

Formula: CH₂:C(CH₃)COOCH₂CH(CH₃)

- Properties: Colorless transparent liq.; ether-like odor; insol. in water; m.w. 142.22; dens. 0.886 (20/4 C); b.p. 155 C; flash pt. (TOC) 49 C; ref. index 1.420 (20 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 11,990 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 1340 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP route; mildly toxic by ing.; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm.; mod. fire risk

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Uses: Monomer for acrylic resins; thermoplastic resin for plastic coatings, printing inks, overprint varnishes, refinish lacquers; dispersant; lube oil additive; fiber modifier; coating agent for paper; heat-sealing raw material for pkg. of foods and pharmaceuticals

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Rohm Tech; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Trade Names: Blemmer IBMA; Degalan® LP 70/01; Mhoromer® AM 105H

IsobutyI-α-methacrylate. See Isobutyl methacrylate

Isobutyl oleate sulfate. See Sulfated isobutyl oleate

Isobutyl oleate, sulfated. See Sulfated isobutyl oleate

- Isobutyl oleate, sulfated, ammonium salt. See Ammonium isobutyl oleate sulfate
- Isobutyl oleate, sulfated, potassium salt. See Potassium isobutyl oleate sulfate

Isobutyl oleate, sulfated, sodium salt. See Sodium isobutyl oleate sulfate

Isobutyl palmitate

CAS 110-34-9; EINECS/ELINCS 203-758-2

Synonyms: Hexadecanoic acid, 2-methylpropyl ester; 2-Methylpropyl hexadecanoate; Palmitic acid, isobutyl ester

Definition: Ester of isobutyl alcohol and palmitic acid

- Empirical: C20H40O2
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₄COOCH₂CH(CH₃)₂
- Uses: Emollient, lubricant, solvent for cosmetics, textiles, metalworking; for fiber finishing for resin-bonded filters for food contact; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800

Isobutylparaben

CAS 4247-02-3; EINECS/ELINCS 224-208-8

Synonyms: Isobutyl p-hydroxybenzoate; Isobutyl 4-hydroxybenzoate; 4-Hydroxybenzoic acid, 2-methylpropyl ester; Isobutyl parahydroxybenzoate

Definition: Ester of isobutyl alcohol and p-hydroxybenzoic acid

Empirical: C₁₁H₁₄O₃ *Properties:* M.w. 194.25

Toxicology: LD50 (subcut., mouse) 2600 mg/kg; TSCA listed

Uses: Broad-spectrum preservative for foods, topical pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200; Japan approved *Manuf./Distrib.:* ISP; Schütz

Isobutyl parahydroxybenzoate. See Isobutylparaben

Isobutyl stearate

CAS 646-13-9; 85865-69-6; EINECS/ELINCS 211-466-1; 288-668-1 Synonyms: 2-Methylpropyl octadecanoate; Octadecanoic acid, 2-methylpropyl ester; Stearic acid, isobutyl ester; Stearic acid, 2-methylpropyl ester Definition: Ester of isobutyl alcohol and stearic acid

Empirical: C₂₂H₄₄O₂

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COOCH₂CH(CH₃)₂

Properties: Waxy cryst. solid; m.w. 340.57; m.p. 20 C

Toxicology: Primary skin irritant; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors

Uses: Emollient for cosmetics, topical pharmaceuticals; inks; waterproof coatings; polishes; ointments; rubber mfg.; dyes; plasticizer/lubricant for PVC, PS; for fiber finishing for resin-bonded filters for food contact; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3910 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Inolex; Uniqema N. Am.

Isobutyl tallowate

CAS 68526-50-1; EINECS/ELINCS 271-207-3

- Synonyms: Fatty acids, tallow, isobutyl esters; Tallow fatty acids, isobutyl esters
- Definition: Ester of isobutyl alcohol and tallow acid
- Uses: Emollient; lubricant for metalworking oils, syn. metalworking fluids, rolling, stamping and drawing oils, greases, motor oils, extrusion of ceramics; fatting agents in textile and leather auxs.; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2800

Isobutyl vinyl ether. See Vinyl isobutyl ether

Isobutyric acid, 1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene ester. See Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol, 2,2,4-diisobutyrate

Isodeceth-4

CAS 61827-42-7 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-4 isodecyl ether; PEG 200 isodecyl ether; POE (4) isodecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of isodecyl alcohol Empirical: C18H38O5 Formula: $C_{10}H_{21}(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 4 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent, penetrant for household and industrial cleaners, textile, paper, leather, agric. applics. Trade Names: Oxetal ID 104; Surfonic® DA-4 Isodeceth-6 CAS 61827-42-7 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-6 isodecyl ether; PEG 300 isodecyl ether; POE (6) isodecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of isodecyl alcohol Empirical: C22H46O7 Formula: $C_{10}H_{21}(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 6 *Properties:* HLB 12.5; nonionic Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, penetrant, foamer, detergent for textiles, household and industrial cleaners, metal degreasing, agric., waxes, resins, paper; emulsifier for defoamers; dyeing agent Trade Names: Surfonic® DA-6; Synperonic 10/6-100% Isodeceth-7 CAS 61827-42-7 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-7 isodecyl ether; POE (7) isodecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of isodecyl alcohol Properties: Nonionic Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, detergent, solubilizer, dye leveling agent for industrial cleaners and textile applics.; base for toxicant emulsifiers Trade Names: Synperonic 10/7-100% Isodeceth-6 phosphate Uses: Emulsifier in textile wetting/scouring; penetrant, coupling agent used in alkaline detergents and pulp/paper formulations Trade Names: Sipophos DA-6P Isodecyl acrylate CAS 1330-61-6; EINECS/ELINCS 215-542-5 Synonyms: IDA; Acrylic acid isodecyl ester; Isodecyl alcohol acrylate; Isodecyl propenoate; 2-Propenoic acid isodecyl ester Classification: Monomer Empirical: C13H24O2 Formula: CH₂=CHCOOC₁₀H₂₁ Properties: M.w. 212.33; dens. 0.875; b.p. 121 C (10 mm); ref. index 1.4420 Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 12 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) 3540 mg/kg; mod. toxic by skin contact; mildly toxic by ing.; skin irritant; TSCA listed Precaution: Combustible Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes Uses: Acrylic resin comonomer for pkg. adhesives, coatings; reactive diluent in radiation-cured inks, lacquers, and coatings; visc. index improver Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; CPS; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs Trade Names: SR 395 Isodecyl alcohol acrylate. See Isodecyl acrylate Isodecyl methacrylate CAS 29964-84-9; EINECS/ELINCS 249-978-2 Synonyms: Methacrylic acid, isodecyl ester; 2-Methyl acrylic acid decyl ester Classification: Monomer Empirical: C14H26O2 Formula: CH₂=C(CH₃)COOC₁₀H₂₁ Properties: Colorless liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 226.36; dens. 0.878; b.p. 126 C (10 mm); flash pt. (COC) 121 C; ref. index 1.4430 Toxicology: LD50 (IP, rat) 2467 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP; irritant; sensitizer; experimental teratogen, reproductive effector; TSCA listed

Precaution: Nonhazardous (DOT)

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Uses: Pressure-sensitive adhesives; coatings for leather, textiles, paper,

nonwoven fiber; polymer modifier and stabilizer; visc. index improver; dispersion for plastics and rubber; floor waxes; potting compds.; sealants Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; CPS; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Rohm & Haas; Sartomer Trade Names: Ageflex FM-10; Blemmer IDMA Isodecyl oleate CAS 59231-34-4; EINECS/ELINCS 261-673-6 Synonyms: 9-Octadecenoic acid, isodecyl ester Definition: Ester of branched chain decyl alcohols and oleic acid Empirical: C28H54O2 Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CH=CH(CH₂)₇COOC₁₀H₂₁ Properties: Wh. to straw liq., char. mild odor; sol. in peanut oil, 95% ethanol, IPM, oleyl alcohol; insol. in water, glycerin, propylene glycol; sp.gr. 0.858-0.864; ref. index 1.4540-1.4560; nonionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 40 ml/kg; nonirritating to eyes; mildly irritating to skin; TSCA listed Uses: Emollient, cosolvent for cosmetics, pharmaceutical topicals; emulsifier, lubricant, antistat, defoamer for metalworking, textiles, plastics, paper **Isodecyl propenoate**. See Isodecyl acrylate Isoeicosyl alcohol. See Octyldodecanol 1H-Isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 3a,4,7,7a-tetrahydro-2-((trichloromethyl) thio)-. See Captan Isolaureth-3 CAS 60828-78-6 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-3 isododecyl ether; PEG-3 isolauryl ether; POE (3) isododecyl ether; POE (3) isolauryl ether; 2,6,8-Trimethyl-4-nonyl polyethylene glycol ether Definition: PEG ether of branched chain aliphatic 12 carbon alcohols Empirical: C18H38O4 Formula: $C_{12}H_{25}(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 3 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5650 mg/kg; primary irritant; TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant for cleaning prods., industrial processes, textile processing, lubricants, water treatment, metalworking fluids, dry-cleaning, oil field chems., pulp/paper deinking; emulsifier, wetting agent, coupler, penetrant, leveling agent Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka: Sigma Trade Names: Tergitol® TMN-3 Isolaureth-6 CAS 60828-78-6 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-6 isododecyl ether; PEG-6 isolauryl ether; POE (6) isododecyl ether; POE (6) isolauryl ether; PEG 300 isolauryl ether Definition: PEG ether of branched chain aliphatic 12 carbon alcohols Empirical: C24H50O Formula: $C_{12}H_{25}(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 6 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5650 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 4780 µl/kg; primary irritant; TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant for cleaning prods., industrial processes, textile processing, lubricants, water treatment, metalworking fluids, dry-cleaning, oil field chems., pulp/paper deinking; emulsifier; wetting agent, penetrant, spreading agent, rewetting agent, detergent, dispersant, leveling agent Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma Isolaureth-10 CAS 60828-78-6 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-10 isododecyl ether; PEG-10 isolauryl ether; POE (10) isododecyl ether; POE (10) isolauryl ether; PEG 500 isolauryl ether Definition: PEG ether of branched chain aliphatic 12 carbon alcohols Empirical: C₃₂H₆₆O₁₁ Formula: $C_{12}H_{25}(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 10

Properties: Nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5650 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 4780 µl/kg; primary irritant; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, penetrant for high-temp. applics.; used in cleaning prods. and industrial processes, textile processing, lubricants, water treatment, metalworking fluids, dry-cleaning, oil field chems., pulp/ paper deinking; emulsifier, spreading agent, penetrant, detergent, leveling agent, fiber lubricant

Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Tergitol® TMN-10

Isolignoceryl alcohol. See 2-Decyl-1-tetradecanol
Isomelamine. See Melamine
Isomyristyl alcohol. See 2-Hexyl-1-octanol
Isonaphthol. See β-Naphthol
1-Isooctadecanaminium, N-ethyl-N,N-dimethyl-, ethyl sulfate (salt). See
Isostearyl ethylimidonium ethosulfate
Isooctadecanoic acid. See Isostearic acid
Isooctadecanoil. See Isostearyl alcohol

Isooctadecan-1-ol. See Isostearyl alcohol

Isooctyl acid phosphate

CAS 12645-53-3

Synonyms: Isooctyl phosphate; Isooctyl phosphoric acid; Phosphoric acid isooctyl ester

Empirical: C₈H₁₉O₄P

Properties: M.w. 210.21

Uses: Catalyst in solder fluxes; in coatings and inks (appliance, automotive, floor, furniture, paper, and other coatings); antistatic agents, corrosion inhibitors, tanning chems.; lubricity/detergent additive in textile lubricants, metalworking fluids

Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Albright & Wilson Am.; Dexter Trade Names: Albrite® Isooctyl Acid Phosphate

Isooctyl phosphate. See Isooctyl acid phosphate Isooctyl phosphoric acid. See Isooctyl acid phosphate Isooctyl phthalate. See Diisooctyl phthalate

Isooctyl stearate

CAS 91031-48-0; EINECS/ELINCS 292-951-5 Definition: Ester of isooctyl alcohol and stearic acid Empirical: $C_{26}H_{52}O_2$

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COOCH₂C₇H₁₅

Properties: Colorless nonvolatile liq.; sol. in hydrocarbon oils; insol. in water; m.w. 396.71; dens. 0.86 kg/l (20 C); sapon. no. 145-150

Uses: Emollient, solvent for cosmetics; plasticizer and lubricant for plastics, paper industry; lubricant for metalworking fluids, textile spin finishes; plasticizer, flow improver for plastics, rubber, lacquers; surfactant for industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, feed, food, textiles, agric., lubricants, metal treatment, and petroleum/mining/road construction industries

Isophthalic acid, dimethyl ester. See Dimethyl isophthalate Isoprene rubber. See Polyisoprene

Isopropanol. See Isopropyl alcohol

Isopropanolamine

CAS 78-96-6; EINECS/ELINCS 201-162-7

Synonyms: MIPA; α-Aminoisopropyl alcohol; 1-Amino-2-propanol; 1-Aminopropan-2-ol; 2-Hydroxypropylamine; Monoisopropanolamine *Classification:* Aliphatic amine

Empirical: C₃H₉NO

Formula: H₂NCH₂CHOHCH₃

- Properties: Colorless liq.; sl. ammonia odor; sol. in water; completely misc. with oxygenated solvs.; m.w. 75.13; dens. 0.969; m.p. 1.4 C; b.p. 159 C; flash pt. 171 F
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1715 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 1640 mg/kg; poison by intraperitoneal route; moderately toxic by ingestion and skin contact; skin and severe eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; mod. flamm. with heat, flame, strong oxidizers; ignites on contact with cellulose nitrate of high surf. area; catalyzes explosive polymerization of 2,4-hexadienal

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x

Uses: Emulsifier for polishes, cleaners, textile auxs., pesticides, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; solubilizer; neutralizer; buffering agent; corrosion inhibitor in metalworking fluids; dry-cleaning soaps; wax removers; metal cutting oils; plasticizers; insecticides; in shampoos; agric. and polymer curing chems.; adhesives; coatings; petroleum/rubber processing; gas conditioning chems.; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210; FDA approved for orals

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; BASF; Dow; Fluka; Sigma; Van Waters & Rogers

Isopropanolamine hydrochloride

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.180

Isopropyl acetate

CAS 108-21-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-561-1; UN No. 1220 (DOT); FEMA 2926

Synonyms: Acetic acid isopropyl ester; Acetic acid 1-methylethyl ester; 2-Acetoxypropane; 1-Methylethyl acetate; 2-Propyl acetate; 2-Propyl ethanoate

Classification: Sat. aliphatic carboxylic acid ester

Empirical: C5H10O2

Formula: CH₃COOCH(CH₃)2

- Properties: Colorless aromatic liq., fruity odor; sol. in acetone, most org. solvs.; mod. sol. in water; misc. with alcohol, ether, fixed oils; m.w. 102.15; dens. 0.874 (20/20 C); f.p. -73 C; b.p. 88.4 C; flash pt. 40 F; ref. index 1.377; surf. tens. 26 dynes/cm (20 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 250 ppm; STEL 310 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 3000 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; mildly toxic by inh.; high concs. of vapor irritating to nose and throat; human systemic effects on inh.; narcotic in high conc.; chronic exposure can cause liver damage; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Highly flamm.; dangerous fire hazard with heat, flame, oxidizers; mod. explosive with heat or flame; incompat. with strong oxidizers, strong acids, bases, potassium t-butoxide

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Isopropanol, acetic acid

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight, away from heat/ignition sources
- Uses: Solvent for paint mfg., syn. resins (nitrocellulose, ethylcellulose, CAB, some vinyl copolymers, PS, methacrylate resins), printing inks, gums, lacquers, plastics, oils and fats; organic synthesis; odorant in perfumes; recovery of acetic acid from dil. aq. sol'ns.; syn. flavoring agent for foods and pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; in cellophane for food pkg.
- Use Level: 16 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 17 ppm (ice cream, ices), 58 ppm (candy), 75 ppm (baked goods)
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.515, 175.105, 177.1200; FEMA GRAS
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BP Chems. Ltd; Celanese; Chemcentral; Coyne; Eastman; Fluka; Goldensun Mfg.; Harcros; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; Indofine; J.T. Baker; Samson; Sunnyside; Union Carbide; Van Waters & Rogers

Trade Names Containing: Metalure® L-54894

Isopropyl alcohol

- CAS 67-63-0; EINECS/ELINCS 200-661-7; UN No. 1219 (DOT); FEMA 2929
- Synonyms: IPA; Dimethyl carbinol; Isopropanol; Petrohol; 2-Propanol; Propan-2-ol; s-Propyl alcohol; Secondary propyl alcohol

Classification: Aliphatic alcohol

Empirical: C₃H₈Ò

Formula: (CH₃)₂CHOH

- Properties: Colorless volatile liq., pleasant odor, sl. bitter taste; sol. in water, alcohol, ether, chloroform, most org. solvs.; insol. in salt sol'ns.; m.w. 60.11; sp.gr. 0.7863 (20/20 C); f.p. -86 C; b.p. 82.4 C (760 mm); flash pt. (TOC) 11.7 C; ref. index 1.3756 (20 C)
- *Toxicology:* ACGIH TLV/TWA 400 ppm; STEL 500 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 5045 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 2735 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 1099 mg/kg; poison by ing., subcut. routes; mod. toxic by IV and IP routes; mildly toxic by skin contact; skin and eye irritant; human systemic effects by ing./inh. (head-ache, nausea, vomiting, narcosis); 100 ml can be fatal; may cause dry cracking skin; experimental teratogen, reproductive effector; mutagenic data; questionable carcinogen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Flamm. liq.; very dangerous fire hazard with heat, flame, oxidizers; reacts with air to form dangerous peroxides; incompat. with strong oxidizers, phosgene, iron salts, hydrogen-palladium, potassium t-butoxide, nitroform
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Store in tightly closed electrically grounded containers in a cool area separate from workplace; use in minimal quantities
- Uses: Solvent for essential oils, alkaloids, gums, resins, cellulose derivs., coatings; deicing agent for liq. fuels; lacquers; dehydrating agent; denatur-

ing ethyl alcohol; in cosmetics; mfg. of acetone, glycerol, isopropyl acetate; in quick-drying oils and inks; preservative in extraction processes; cosolvent for pesticides; syn. flavoring agent, in antifreezes; body rubs; after-shaves; color diluent for foods and pharmaceuticals; antiseptic in topical anti-infectives; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact textiles; surf. lubricant in mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

- Use Level: 25 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 10-75 ppm (candy), 75 ppm (baked goods); ADI not specified (FAO/WHO)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1 (no residue), 73.1001, 172.515, 172.560, 172.712, 173.240 (limitation 50 ppm in spice oleoresins, 6 ppm in lemon oil, 2% in hops extract), 173.340; 175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 178.1010, 178.3910; 27CFR §21.112; use in bread is permitted in Ireland and Japan; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for orals, topicals; USP/NF, BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Amyl; Arch Chems.; Ashland; BP Amoco; BP Chems. Ltd; Baychem; C.P. Hall; Chemcentral; Coyne; Degussa-Hüls AG; Eastman; Exxon; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; General Chem.; Haltermann Prods. UK; Harcros; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; J.T. Baker; Lyondell; Mallinckrodt Baker; Mitsui Chems.; Nippon Petrochems.; R.E. Carroll; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Samson; Schaefer Tech.; Shell; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Union Carbide; Van Waters & Rogers; Veckridge; Whyte Chems. Ltd
- Trade Names Containing: Ancamide® 220-IPA-73; Aromox® C/12; Arquad® 2C-70 Nitrite; Arquad® 2C-75; Arquad® 2HT-75; Arquad® 12-50; Arquad® 16-50; Arquad® 18-50; Arquad® 218-75; Arquad® C-50; Carboset® 514A; Carsoquat® SDQ-25; Celnax® CX-Z210 IP; Cerol® M Liq.; Cyastat® SN; K-Cure® 1040; Krytox® DF250/IPA; Krytox® DF/IPA; Metalure® L-54949; Monawet MM-80; MS-122DF; Nacure® 2530; Octowet 70D; Qemisoft 8075; Resimene® 730; Resimene® 735; Surfynol® 104PA

Isopropylamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate

CAS 26264-05-1; 68584-24-7; EINECS/ELINCS 247-556-2

Synonyms: Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid, compd. with isopropylamine (1:1); Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid, compd. with 2-propanamine (1:1); Isopropylamine salt of dodecylbenzene sulfonic acid

Classification: Aromatic compd.

Definition: Salt of isopropylamine and dodecylbenzene sulfonic acid

Empirical: C₂₁H₃₉NO₃S

Formula: $C_{18}H_{30}O_3S \cdot C_3H_9N$

Properties: Anionic

- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer, solvent, detergent, and wetting agent for oilbased systems; dispersant in oil and water-based systems; used in drycleaning surfactants; hydrotrope for liq. detergents; latex emulsifier; emulsion polymerization; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Trade Names: Calimulse PR; Calimulse PRS; POLYSTEP® A-11

- Isopropylamine salt of dodecylbenzene sulfonic acid. See Isopropylamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate
- Isopropylbenzene hydroperoxide. See Cumene hydroperoxide

Isopropylbiphenyl. See 1,1'-Biphenyl (1-methylethyl) Isopropylcarbinol. See Isobutyl alcohol

Isopropyl diphenyl. See 1,1 - Biphenyl (1-methylethyl)

Isopropyl hexadecanoate. See Isopropyl palmitate

Isopropyl n-hexadecanoate. See Isopropyl palmitate

4,4 - Isopropylidenediphenol diglycidyl ether. See Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether

Isopropyl laurate

CAS 10233-13-3; EINECS/ELINCS 233-560-1

Synonyms: Dodecanoic acid, 1-methylethyl ester; 1-Methylethyl dodecanoate Definition: Ester of isopropyl alcohol and lauric acid

Empirical: C15H30O2

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₀COOCH(CH₃)₂

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emollient, lubricant, plasticizer, and cosolvent in cosmetic and pharmaceutical industries; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in foodcontact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2800

Isopropyl myristate

CAS 110-27-0; EINECS/ELINCS 203-751-4; FEMA 3556

Synonyms: IPM; Isopropyl tetradecanoate; 1-Methylethyl tetradecanoate; Myristic acid isopropyl ester; Tetradecanoic acid isopropyl ester; Tetradecanoic acid, 1-methylethyl ester; 1-Tridecanecarboxylic acid, isopropyl ester

Classification: Synthetic fatty alcohol

Definition: Ester of isopropyl alcohol and myristic acid

Empirical: C₁₇H₃₄O₂

- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₂COOCH(CH₃)₂
- Properties: Colorless oily low-visc. liq., odorless; sol. in most org. solvs., acetone, chloroform, ethyl acetate, ethanol, min. oil, veg. oil; dissolves waxes; insol. in water; m.w. 270.44; dens. 0.850-0.860; f.p. 3 C; b.p. 192.6 C (20 mm); dec. 208 C; acid no. 1 max.; iodine no. 1 max.; sapon. no. 202-212; cloud pt. -3 to 5 C; ref. index 1.432-1.436 (20 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 49,700 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 5 g/kg; low toxicity by ing. and skin contact; human skin irritant; causes blackheads; suspected tumorigen; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic smoke and fumes
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Light-sensitive
- Uses: Emulsifier, emollient, lubricant, vehicle, solvent, solubilizer in cosmetic creams, topical medicinals, industrial applics.; plasticizer for cellulosics; pigment dispersant; sewing thread lubricant; binder; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2800; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allan; Alzo; Amerchol; Berje; Burdick & Jackson; C.P. Hall; Cognis/Chems. Group; Creative Fragrances; Fanning; Fluka; Givaudan-Roure; Goldschmidt; Haltermann GmbH; Haltermann Prods. UK; Inolex; Jarchem Ind.; Kraft Chem.; Lanaetex Prods.; Lipo; NOF Am.; Norman, Fox; Penta Mfg.; Phoenix; Protameen; R.I.T.A.; RTD; Robeco; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stepan; Thornley; U.S. Synthetics; Unigema N. Am.; Unigema/Oleochems.

Isopropyl oleate

CAS 112-11-8; 85116-87-6; EINECS/ELINCS 203-935-4; 285-540-7

Synonyms: 1-Methylethyl-9-octadecenoate; 9-Octadecenoic acid, 1-methylethyl ester

Definition: Ester of isopropyl alcohol and oleic acid

- Empirical: C₂₁H₄₀O₂
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CH=CH(CH₂)₇COOCH(CH₃)₂

Properties: Colorless liq.; odorless; misc. with paraffin oil; insol. in water; m.w. 324.55; dens. 0.87 kg/l (20 C); pour pt. -21 C; flash pt. (COC) 185

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Uses: Emollient, emulsifier, bodying agent, and spreading agent in cosmetics and toiletries; lubricant for makeup; lubricity additive for lubricants; plasticizer for rubber; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; surf. lubricant in mfq. of food-contact metallic articles; adjuvant to improve lubricity in mineral oil lubricants for incidental food-contact use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3910 Manuf./Distrib.: Inolex; Ruger; Uniqema N. Am.

Isopropyl palmitate

CAS 142-91-6; EINECS/ELINCS 205-571-1

- Synonyms: IPP; Hexadecanoic acid isopropyl ester; Hexadecanoic acid, 1methylethyl ester; Isopropyl n-hexadecanoate; Isopropyl hexadecanoate; 1-Methylethyl hexandecanoate
- Definition: Ester of isopropyl alcohol and palmitic acid

Empirical: C19H38O2

- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₄COOCH(CH₃)₂
- Properties: Colorless mobile liq., very sl. odor; sol. in 4 parts 90% alcohol, min. oil, fixed oils, acetone, castor oil, chloroform, cottonseed oil, ethyl acetate, oxygenated solvs.; insol. in water, glycerin, propylene glycol; m.w. 298.57; dens. 0.850-0.855; m.p. 14 C; acid no. 1 max.; iodine no. 1 max.; sapon. no. 183-193; cloud pt. 12-14 C; flash pt. > 230 F; ref. index 1.4350-1.4390 (20 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 100 mg/kg; poison by IP route; human skin irritant; TSCA listed

Isopropyl percarbonate

Precaution: Combustible

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Light-sensitive
- Uses: Antistat; emollient, lubricant, emulsifier, solvent, cosolvent, stabilizer in lotions, creams, similar cosmetics, deodorants, industrial applics.; vehicle in topical pharmaceuticals; plasticizer for cellulosics; extender for fragrances; binder; metal stamping oils; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2800; FDA approved for topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allan; Alzo; Amerchol; Berje; Cognis/Chems. Group; Fanning; Fluka; Givaudan-Roure; Goldschmidt; Haltermann Prods. UK; Inolex; Jarchem Ind.; Kraft Chem.; Lanaetex Prods.; Lipo; NOF Am.; Norman, Fox; Penta Mfg.; Phoenix; Protameen; R.I.T.A.; RTD; Robeco; Ruger; Sea-Land; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stepan; Thornley; U.S. Synthetics; Uniqema/Oleochems.

Isopropyl percarbonate. See Diisopropyl perdicarbonate Isopropyl peroxydicarbonate. See Diisopropyl perdicarbonate

Isopropyl phosphate

CAS 76483-21-1

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Base for formulating acid cleaners for glass, metal, and ceramics, flame retardants, mercerizing wetting agents and antistats; anticorrosive props.

Trade Names: Servoxyl® VPPZ 100

Isopropyl stearate

CAS 112-10-7; EINECS/ELINCS 203-934-9

Synonyms: 1-Methylethyl octadecanoate; Octadecanoic acid, 1-methylethyl ester; Stearic acid, isopropyl ester

Definition: Ester of isopropyl alcohol and stearic acid

Empirical: C₂₁H₄₂O₂

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COOCH(CH₃)₂

Properties: Pale yel. liq.; m.w. 326.63; m.p. 16-20 C

- Toxicology: LDLo (oral, rat) 8 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; primary skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors

Uses: Binder; emollient, cosolvent, and lubricant for cosmetics, toiletries, and topical pharmaceuticals; lubricant for textile processing; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2800; FDA approved for topicals *Manuf./Distrib.:* Cognis/Chems. Group

Isopropyl tallowate

CAS 92456-96-7; EINECS/ELINCS 296-275-1

Synonyms: Fatty acids, tallow, isopropyl esters; Tallow fatty acids, isopropyl esters

Definition: Ester of isopropyl alcohol and tallow acid

Uses: Emollient in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2800

Isopropyl tetradecanoate. See Isopropyl myristate

Isostearamidopropyl ethyldimonium ethosulfate

CAS 67633-63-0; EINECS/ELINCS 266-778-0

Synonyms: N-Ethyl-N,N-dimethyl-3-[(1-oxoisooctadecyl) amino]-1-propanaminium ethyl sulfate; Ethyldimethyl [3-[(1-oxoisooctadecyl) amino] propyl] ammonium ethyl sulfate; Isostearyl dimethylamidopropyl ethonium ethosulfate

Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt

Empirical: C27H58NO5S

Formula: $C_{25}H_{53}N_2O \cdot C_2H_5O_4S$

Properties: Amber liq., sweet odor; partly sol. in water; sp.gr. 0.855; b.p. 80 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 112 F; cationic

Toxicology: Nonhazardous; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizing agents

Storage: Store away from strong oxidizing agents; avoid excessive heat Uses: Surfactant, conditioner, substantivity agent, antistat for hair conditioners and shampoos; emulsifier for min. oil, veg. oil, esters, aromatic, aliphatic, and chlorinated hydrocarbons; emulsifier, dispersant, and flocculant for fibers, pulp and paper *Trade Names:* Schercoquat IAS

Isostearic acid

CAS 2724-58-5; 30399-84-9; EINECS/ELINCS 220-336-3; 250-178-0

Synonyms: Heptadecanoic acid, 16-methyl-; Isooctadecanoic acid; 16-Methylheptadecanoic acid

Definition: Mixture of branched chain C18 carbon aliphatic acids

- Empirical: C₁₈H₃₆O₂
- Formula: C₁₇H₃₅COOH
- Properties: Yel. liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 284.49; dens. 0.89 kg/l; cloud pt. 2 C; flash pt. (COC) 175 C

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Binder; emulsifier; surfactant; cosmetics emollient; chemicals; dispersant; softener in rubber compds., food packaging, suppositories, ointments; detergent intermediate; soap/shampoo ingred.; deleafing inhibitor (aerosol metallic paints)
- Manuf./Distrib.: Cognis/Chems. Group; Int'l. Paper; Jarchem Ind.; Lanaetex Prods.; Nissan Chem. Ind.; Rhodia; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Uniqema/Oleochems.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem Trade Names: Emersol® 869; Emersol® 872

Isostearyl alcohol

- CAS 27458-93-1; EINECS/ELINCS 248-470-8
- Synonyms: Isooctadecanol; Isooctadecan-1-ol
- *Definition:* Mixture of branched chain 18 carbon aliphatic alcohols
- *Empirical:* C₁₈H₃₈O
- Formula: C₁₈H₃₇OH
- Properties: Insol. in water; m.w. 270.50; flash pt. (COC) 170 C
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Visc. control agent; coemulsifier, lubricant, foam control agent, cosolvent, plasticizer, stabilizer, emollient, intermediate; for metal lubricants, inks, textiles, emulsions, paper, cosmetics, mineral processing, oil field chemicals, fabric softener
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Ashland; Fluka; Indofine; Jarchem Ind.; M. Michel; Uniqema N. Am.; Uniqema/Oleochems.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem
- Isostearyl dimethylamidopropyl ethonium ethosulfate. See Isostearamidopropyl ethyldimonium ethosulfate

Isostearyl ethylimidonium ethosulfate

CAS 67633-57-2; EINECS/ELINCS 266-778-0

Synonyms: 1-Isooctadecanaminium, N-ethyl-N,N-dimethyl-, ethyl sulfate (salt); Quaternium-32

- Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt
- Formula: C₂₇H₅₃N₂O₃ Č₂H₅O₄S
- Properties: Cationic

Uses: Antistat, lubricant, softener, conditioner, corrosion inhibitor, wetting agent for cosmetics, industrial applics., textiles, synthetic coolants, plastics; emulsifier, dispersant, flocculant for fibers, pulp and paper *Trade Names:* Schercoquat IIS

Isostearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

CAS 68966-38-1; EINECS/ELINCS 273-429-6 Synonyms: 4,5-Dihydro-2-isoheptadecyl-1H-imidazole-1-ethanol; Isostearyl imidazoline

Classification: Heterocyclic compd.

- *Empirical:* C₂₂H₄₄N₂O
- Properties: M.w. 352.60; cationic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, softener, antistat, corrosion inhibitor, lubricant

Trade Names: Schercozoline I

Isostearyl imidazoline. See Isostearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline Isotactic polypropylene. See Polypropylene A Isothiazolin 2 ono 5 chloro 2 methyl – Sec Methylchloroisothiazoli

4-Isothiazolin-3-one, 5-chloro-2-methyl-. See Methylchloroisothiazolinone 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-. See Methylisothiazolinone Isothiourea. See Thiourea

Isotridecanol ethoxylates. See Trideceth

Isotrideceth-7

Synonyms: PEG-7 isotridecyl ether; POE (7) isotridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of isotridecyl alcohol

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier for agric.; intermediate for carboxymethylate mfg., sulfation; filter cake dewatering agent; dust suppressant in coal industry; domestic and window cleaners; leather finishing; wetting agent for paper and cellulose, textiles

Trade Names: Teric™ 13A7

Isotrideceth-9

Synonyms: PEG-9 isotridecyl ether; POE (9) isotridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of isotridecyl alcohol

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: O/w emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent, detergent, degreaser for pigment disps., agric., hard surf. cleaners, textile processing, solv. emulsion cleaners, paper; pitch dispersant for pulp and paper processing; wool dye leveling agent

Trade Names: Surfonic® TDA-9; Teric™ 13A9

Isotrideceth-3 phosphate

Properties: Anionic Uses: Low foaming wetting agent; emulsifier and antistat for textiles in salt form

Trade Names: Servoxyl® VPDZ 3/100

Isotrideceth-6 phosphate

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Surfactant for textile, agric., paper, cleaning, and metal processing *Trade Names:* Servoxyl® VPDZ 6/100

Isoundeceth-3

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Intermediate for surfactants; emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent, foam builder, solubilizer; for cleaners, pulp and paper industry, textiles, corrosion inhibitors

Isoundeceth-6

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Intermediate for surfactants; emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent, foam builder, solubilizer; for cleaners, pulp and paper industry, textiles, corrosion inhibitors

Isoundeceth-9

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Intermediate for surfactants; emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent, foam builder, solubilizer; for cleaners, pulp and paper industry, textiles, corrosion inhibitors

Isoundeceth-12

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Intermediate for surfactants; emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent, foam builder, solubilizer; for cleaners, pulp and paper industry, textiles, corrosion inhibitors

Isourea. See Urea

Isourethane. See Polyurethane, thermoplastic

Itaconic acid

CAS 97-65-4; EINECS/ELINCS 202-599-6

Synonyms: Methylenesuccinic acid; Propylenedicarboxylic acid

Émpirical: C₅H₄Ŏ₄ *Formula:* HOOCCH₂C(:CH₂)COOH

Properties: Wh. cryst. powd., char. odor; sol. (1 g/ml): 12 ml water, 5 ml alcohol; very sl. sol. in benzene, chloroform, ether, CS₂, petroleum ether; m.w. 130.10; dens. 1.63; m.p. 165-167 C (dec.)

Storage: Hygroscopic; keep well closed

Uses: Intermediate for acrylic latex and S/B latex for paper coatings, carpet backings, nonwoven textiles, adhesives, and paints; reactive comonomer for acrylic, S/B, PVAc, nitrile latex; prep. of acrylic fibers; copolymerization of nylon (caprolactam base), resins, plasticizers, intermediates, paper additives; aluminum anodizing reagent; lube oil additive; in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-pkg. adhesives; natural food acid (Japan); in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 177.1200, 181.30; Japan approved (itaconic acid)

Manuf./Distrib.: AMC Chems.; Aceto; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Eastwest United Group; F.T.L. Int'l.; Fluka; GNC Group; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Maypro Ind.; Mays; Pacific West; Rambach; Rhodia HPCII; San Yuan; Sigma; United Min. & Chem.; Van Waters & Rogers; Varsal Instruments; Wego Chem. & Min.; Westpro; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Itaconic acid-bis-(3-sulfopropyl)-ester, dipotassium salt

CAS 93841-09-9 Empirical: C₁₁H₁₆K₂O₁₀S₂

Uses: Functional monomer for aq. dispersions, hydrogels, ion exchange resins, paper coatings, adhesives, photographic layers, antistatics, thickeners, and polyelectrolytes Trade Names: SPI

Itaconic acid homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.180

IVE. See Vinyl isobutyl ether

Jaguar gum. See Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum

Japan orange 201. See Acid orange 11

Japan (Rhus succedanea) wax

- CAS 8001-39-6
- Synonyms: Rhus succedanea wax; Rhus succedanea; Japan wax; Japan tallow; Sumac wax
- Definition: Fat expressed from the mesocarp of the fruit of Rhus succedanea, contg. 10-15% palmitin, stearin, olein, 1% japanic acid
- Properties: Pale yel. solid, greasy feel; tallow-like rancid odor and taste; sol. in benzene, naphtha, CS₂, ether, hot alcohol, alkalis; insol. in water, cold alcohol; dens. 0.97-0.98; m.p. 53.5-55 C; acid no. 22-23; iodine no. 10-15; sapon. no. 217-237

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Precaution: Combustible
- Uses: Substitute for beeswax in wax varnishes, candles; in plasters; ointments; floor waxes; furniture polish; lubricant for plastics processing; binder in Chinese lacquerware coatings; plasticizer in dental impression compds.; migrating to foods from cotton in dry food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 175.105, 175.350, 176.170, 182.70 Manuf./Distrib.: Alfa Chem; Barnet Prods.; Kobo; Koster Keunen; Kowa Am.; Robeco; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Stevenson Cooper; Strahl &

Pitsch Trade Names: Ross Japan Wax

nan tallow Soo Japan (Dhus succedanos

Japan tallow. See Japan (Rhus succedanea) wax Japan wax. See Japan (Rhus succedanea) wax

Japan wax. See Japan (Rhus Succeualiea) wax Jasuit/s balsam Saa Palsam consilha (Considera d

Jesuit's balsam. See Balsam copaiba (Copaifera officinalis) Judean pitch. See Asphalt

Jute

Classification: Cellulosic material

Definition: Fibers obtained from stems of Corchorus spp., esp. C. capularis Properties: Soft, lustrous fibers; loses str. when wet

Precaution: Combustible; not self-extinguishing; flamm. as dust, may ignite spontaneously when wet

Uses: Burlap; sacking; linoleum; twine; carpet backing; packing; coarse paper; filler

Kadaya gum. See Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum

Kalinite. See Potassium alum dodecahydrate

Kaolin

CAS 1332-58-7; EINECS/ELINCS 296-473-8; 310-127-6

Synonyms: Aluminum silicate dihydrate; Aluminum silicate hydrated; Aluminum silicate hydrous; Aluminum silicate hydroxide; Bolus alba; Bentone; China clay; CI 77004; Hydrated aluminum silicate; Pigment white 19; Porcelain clay

Definition: Native hydrated aluminum silicate

- Formula: $\approx Al_2O_3 \cdot 2SiO_2 \cdot 2H_2O$
- Properties: Wh. to yel. or grayish fine powd., clay-like odor when moist, earthy taste; insol. in water, dilute acids, alkali hydroxides; dens. 1.8-2.6; m.p. 0 C; high lubricity
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 2 mg/m³ (respirable fraction); TDLo (oral, female rat, 37 days prior to copulation) 590 g/kg; harmful by inh., ing., skin contact; nuisance dust; large doses may cause obstructions, perforations, or granuloma (tumor formation)

Precaution: Noncombustible; incompat. with strong oxidizers

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier for agric.; intermediate for carboxymethylate mfg., sulfation; filter cake dewatering agent; dust suppressant in coal industry; domestic and window cleaners; leather finishing; wetting agent for paper and cellulose textiles

Trade Names: Teric™ 13A7

Isotrideceth-9

Synonyms: PEG-9 isotridecyl ether; POE (9) isotridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of isotridecyl alcohol

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: O/w emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent, detergent, degreaser for pigment disps., agric., hard surf. cleaners, textile processing, solv. emulsion cleaners, paper; pitch dispersant for pulp and paper processing; wool dye leveling agent

Trade Names: Surfonic® TDA-9; Teric™ 13A9

Isotrideceth-3 phosphate

Properties: Anionic Uses: Low foaming wetting agent; emulsifier and antistat for textiles in salt form

Trade Names: Servoxyl® VPDZ 3/100

Isotrideceth-6 phosphate

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Surfactant for textile, agric., paper, cleaning, and metal processing Trade Names: Servoxyl® VPDZ 6/100

Isoundeceth-3

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Intermediate for surfactants; emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent, foam builder, solubilizer; for cleaners, pulp and paper industry, textiles, corrosion inhibitors

Isoundeceth-6

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Intermediate for surfactants; emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent, foam builder, solubilizer; for cleaners, pulp and paper industry, textiles, corrosion inhibitors

Isoundeceth-9

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Intermediate for surfactants; emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent, foam builder, solubilizer; for cleaners, pulp and paper industry, textiles, corrosion inhibitors

Isoundeceth-12

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Intermediate for surfactants; emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent, foam builder, solubilizer; for cleaners, pulp and paper industry, textiles, corrosion inhibitors

Isourea. See Urea

Isourethane. See Polyurethane, thermoplastic

Itaconic acid

CAS 97-65-4; EINECS/ELINCS 202-599-6

Synonyms: Methylenesuccinic acid; Propylenedicarboxylic acid

Empirical: C5H6O4 Formula: HOOCCH₂C(:CH₂)COOH

Properties: Wh. cryst. powd., char. odor; sol. (1 g/ml): 12 ml water, 5 ml alcohol; very sl. sol. in benzene, chloroform, ether, CS2, petroleum ether; m.w. 130.10; dens. 1.63; m.p. 165-167 C (dec.)

Storage: Hygroscopic; keep well closed

- Uses: Intermediate for acrylic latex and S/B latex for paper coatings, carpet backings, nonwoven textiles, adhesives, and paints; reactive comonomer for acrylic, S/B, PVAc, nitrile latex; prep. of acrylic fibers; copolymerization of nylon (caprolactam base), resins, plasticizers, intermediates, paper additives; aluminum anodizing reagent; lube oil additive; in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-pkg. adhesives; natural food acid (Japan); in cellophane for food pkg.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 177.1200, 181.30; Japan approved (itaconic acid)

Manuf./Distrib.: AMC Chems.; Aceto; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Eastwest United Group; F.T.L. Int'l.; Fluka; GNC Group; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Maypro Ind.; Mays; Pacific West; Rambach; Rhodia HPCII; San Yuan; Sigma; United Min. & Chem.; Van Waters & Rogers; Varsal Instruments; Wego Chem. & Min.; Westpro; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Itaconic acid-bis-(3-sulfopropyl)-ester, dipotassium salt

CAS 93841-09-9 Empirical: C₁₁H₁₆K₂O₁₀S₂

Uses: Functional monomer for aq. dispersions, hydrogels, ion exchange resins, paper coatings, adhesives, photographic layers, antistatics, thickeners, and polyelectrolytes Trade Names: SPI

Itaconic acid homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

IVE. See Vinyl isobutyl ether

Jaguar gum. See Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum

Japan orange 201. See Acid orange 11

Japan (Rhus succedanea) wax

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- Synonyms: Rhus succedanea wax; Rhus succedanea; Japan wax; Japan tallow; Sumac wax
- Definition: Fat expressed from the mesocarp of the fruit of Rhus succedanea, contg. 10-15% palmitin, stearin, olein, 1% japanic acid
- Properties: Pale yel, solid, greasy feel; tallow-like rancid odor and taste; sol. in benzene, naphtha, CS₂, ether, hot alcohol, alkalis; insol. in water, cold alcohol; dens. 0.97-0.98; m.p. 53.5-55 C; acid no. 22-23; iodine no. 10-15; sapon. no. 217-237
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible
- Uses: Substitute for beeswax in wax varnishes, candles; in plasters; ointments; floor waxes; furniture polish; lubricant for plastics processing; binder in Chinese lacquerware coatings; plasticizer in dental impression compds.; migrating to foods from cotton in dry food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 175.105, 175.350, 176.170, 182.70

Manuf./Distrib.: Alfa Chem; Barnet Prods.; Kobo; Koster Keunen; Kowa Am.; Robeco; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Stevenson Cooper; Strahl & Pitsch

Trade Names: Ross Japan Wax

Japan tallow. See Japan (Rhus succedanea) wax

Japan wax. See Japan (Rhus succedanea) wax

Jesuit's balsam. See Balsam copaiba (Copaifera officinalis)

Judean pitch. See Asphalt

Jute

Classification: Cellulosic material

Definition: Fibers obtained from stems of Corchorus spp., esp. C. capularis Properties: Soft, lustrous fibers; loses str. when wet

Precaution: Combustible; not self-extinguishing; flamm. as dust, may ignite spontaneously when wet

Uses: Burlap; sacking; linoleum; twine; carpet backing; packing; coarse paper; filler

Kadaya gum. See Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum

Kalinite. See Potassium alum dodecahydrate

Kaolin

CAS 1332-58-7; EINECS/ELINCS 296-473-8; 310-127-6

Synonyms: Aluminum silicate dihydrate; Aluminum silicate hydrated; Aluminum silicate hydrous; Aluminum silicate hydroxide; Bolus alba; Bentone; China clay; CI 77004; Hydrated aluminum silicate; Pigment white 19; Porcelain clay

Definition: Native hydrated aluminum silicate

- Formula: $\approx Al_2O_3 \cdot 2SiO_2 \cdot 2H_2O$
- Properties: Wh. to yel. or grayish fine powd., clay-like odor when moist, earthy taste; insol. in water, dilute acids, alkali hydroxides; dens. 1.8-2.6; m.p. 0 C; high lubricity
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 2 mg/m³ (respirable fraction); TDLo (oral, female rat, 37 days prior to copulation) 590 g/kg; harmful by inh., ing., skin contact; nuisance dust; large doses may cause obstructions, perforations, or granuloma (tumor formation)

Precaution: Noncombustible; incompat. with strong oxidizers

Kaolin

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier for agric.; intermediate for carboxymethylate mfg., sulfation; filter cake dewatering agent; dust suppressant in coal industry; domestic and window cleaners; leather finishing; wetting agent for paper and cellulose textiles

Trade Names: Teric™ 13A7

Isotrideceth-9

Synonyms: PEG-9 isotridecyl ether; POE (9) isotridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of isotridecyl alcohol

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: O/w emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent, detergent, degreaser for pigment disps., agric., hard surf. cleaners, textile processing, solv. emulsion cleaners, paper; pitch dispersant for pulp and paper processing; wool dye leveling agent

Trade Names: Surfonic® TDA-9; Teric™ 13A9

Isotrideceth-3 phosphate

Properties: Anionic Uses: Low foaming wetting agent; emulsifier and antistat for textiles in salt form

Trade Names: Servoxyl® VPDZ 3/100

Isotrideceth-6 phosphate

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Surfactant for textile, agric., paper, cleaning, and metal processing Trade Names: Servoxyl® VPDZ 6/100

Isoundeceth-3

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Intermediate for surfactants; emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent, foam builder, solubilizer; for cleaners, pulp and paper industry, textiles, corrosion inhibitors

Isoundeceth-6

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Intermediate for surfactants; emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent, foam builder, solubilizer; for cleaners, pulp and paper industry, textiles, corrosion inhibitors

Isoundeceth-9

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Intermediate for surfactants; emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent, foam builder, solubilizer; for cleaners, pulp and paper industry, textiles, corrosion inhibitors

Isoundeceth-12

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Intermediate for surfactants; emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent, foam builder, solubilizer; for cleaners, pulp and paper industry, textiles, corrosion inhibitors

Isourea. See Urea

Isourethane. See Polyurethane, thermoplastic

Itaconic acid

CAS 97-65-4; EINECS/ELINCS 202-599-6

Synonyms: Methylenesuccinic acid; Propylenedicarboxylic acid

Empirical: C5H6O4 Formula: HOOCCH₂C(:CH₂)COOH

Properties: Wh. cryst. powd., char. odor; sol. (1 g/ml): 12 ml water, 5 ml alcohol; very sl. sol. in benzene, chloroform, ether, CS2, petroleum ether; m.w. 130.10; dens. 1.63; m.p. 165-167 C (dec.)

Storage: Hygroscopic; keep well closed

- Uses: Intermediate for acrylic latex and S/B latex for paper coatings, carpet backings, nonwoven textiles, adhesives, and paints; reactive comonomer for acrylic, S/B, PVAc, nitrile latex; prep. of acrylic fibers; copolymerization of nylon (caprolactam base), resins, plasticizers, intermediates, paper additives; aluminum anodizing reagent; lube oil additive; in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-pkg. adhesives; natural food acid (Japan); in cellophane for food pkg.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 177.1200, 181.30; Japan approved (itaconic acid)

Manuf./Distrib.: AMC Chems.; Aceto; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Eastwest United Group; F.T.L. Int'l.; Fluka; GNC Group; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Maypro Ind.; Mays; Pacific West; Rambach; Rhodia HPCII; San Yuan; Sigma; United Min. & Chem.; Van Waters & Rogers; Varsal Instruments; Wego Chem. & Min.; Westpro; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Itaconic acid-bis-(3-sulfopropyl)-ester, dipotassium salt

CAS 93841-09-9 Empirical: C₁₁H₁₆K₂O₁₀S₂

Uses: Functional monomer for aq. dispersions, hydrogels, ion exchange resins, paper coatings, adhesives, photographic layers, antistatics, thickeners, and polyelectrolytes Trade Names: SPI

Itaconic acid homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

IVE. See Vinyl isobutyl ether

Jaguar gum. See Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum

Japan orange 201. See Acid orange 11

Japan (Rhus succedanea) wax

- CAS 8001-39-6
- Synonyms: Rhus succedanea wax; Rhus succedanea; Japan wax; Japan tallow; Sumac wax
- Definition: Fat expressed from the mesocarp of the fruit of Rhus succedanea, contg. 10-15% palmitin, stearin, olein, 1% japanic acid
- Properties: Pale yel, solid, greasy feel; tallow-like rancid odor and taste; sol. in benzene, naphtha, CS₂, ether, hot alcohol, alkalis; insol. in water, cold alcohol; dens. 0.97-0.98; m.p. 53.5-55 C; acid no. 22-23; iodine no. 10-15; sapon. no. 217-237
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible
- Uses: Substitute for beeswax in wax varnishes, candles; in plasters; ointments; floor waxes; furniture polish; lubricant for plastics processing; binder in Chinese lacquerware coatings; plasticizer in dental impression compds.; migrating to foods from cotton in dry food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 175.105, 175.350, 176.170, 182.70

Manuf./Distrib.: Alfa Chem; Barnet Prods.; Kobo; Koster Keunen; Kowa Am.; Robeco; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Stevenson Cooper; Strahl & Pitsch

Trade Names: Ross Japan Wax

Japan tallow. See Japan (Rhus succedanea) wax

Japan wax. See Japan (Rhus succedanea) wax

Jesuit's balsam. See Balsam copaiba (Copaifera officinalis)

Judean pitch. See Asphalt

Jute

Classification: Cellulosic material

Definition: Fibers obtained from stems of Corchorus spp., esp. C. capularis Properties: Soft, lustrous fibers; loses str. when wet

Precaution: Combustible; not self-extinguishing; flamm. as dust, may ignite spontaneously when wet

Uses: Burlap; sacking; linoleum; twine; carpet backing; packing; coarse paper; filler

Kadaya gum. See Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum

Kalinite. See Potassium alum dodecahydrate

Kaolin

CAS 1332-58-7; EINECS/ELINCS 296-473-8; 310-127-6

Synonyms: Aluminum silicate dihydrate; Aluminum silicate hydrated; Aluminum silicate hydrous; Aluminum silicate hydroxide; Bolus alba; Bentone; China clay; CI 77004; Hydrated aluminum silicate; Pigment white 19; Porcelain clay

Definition: Native hydrated aluminum silicate

- Formula: $\approx Al_2O_3 \cdot 2SiO_2 \cdot 2H_2O$
- Properties: Wh. to yel. or grayish fine powd., clay-like odor when moist, earthy taste; insol. in water, dilute acids, alkali hydroxides; dens. 1.8-2.6; m.p. 0 C; high lubricity
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 2 mg/m³ (respirable fraction); TDLo (oral, female rat, 37 days prior to copulation) 590 g/kg; harmful by inh., ing., skin contact; nuisance dust; large doses may cause obstructions, perforations, or granuloma (tumor formation)

Precaution: Noncombustible; incompat. with strong oxidizers

Kaolin

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, irritating and toxic fumes and gases Storage: Store in cool, dry place; keep containers closed when not in use Uses: Absorbent; filler/extender/pigment for paper sizing, paints/coatings,

rubber, refractories, ceramics, thermosetting resins; pigment for lacquers, printing inks; in anticaking preps.; adsorbent for clarification of liqs.; color laking base; porcelain/pottery/ceramics ingred.; anticaking/clarifying agent for wine; mfg. aid for food pkg. paper; food processing aid (Japan); pharmaceuticals (tablet/capsule diluent; adsorbent in antidiarrheal prods.; treatment for intestinal disorders); colorant in food-pkg. polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Use Level: ADI no limit (EU)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 178.3297, 178.3550, 182.2727, 182.2729, 186.1256, GRAS as indirect additive; BATF 27CFR §240.1051; Japan restricted (0.5% max. residual); Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals; USP/NF, BP compliance

 Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Burgess Pigment; CE Mins.; Costec; ECC Int'l.; Engelhard; Feldspar; H.M. Royal; Hammill & Gillespie; IMERYS; J.M. Huber/Chems.; Kaopolite; Landers-Segal Color; R.T. Vanderbilt; Ruger; San Yuan; Sigma; Southeastern Clay; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Süd-Chemie Inc; Thiele Kaolin; U.S. Silica; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Warner-Jenkinson; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Trade Names: Alphatex HP; ASP® 072; ASP® 100; Astra-Fil; Astraplate; Bilt-Plates® 145; Bilt-Plates® 156; DB-GLAZE™; DB-Kote-2; DB-SHEEN™; Opacitex; Peerless® No. 1; Peerless® No. 2; Peerless® No. 3; Premier; WW Filler™

Trade Names Containing: Digitex[™]; HP-95[™]; Luminex[™]; Miraclipse[™]; Mirafilm[™]; Miragloss[™]

See also Aluminum silicate dihydrate

Kaolin, calcined

Synonyms: Calcined kaolin; Calcined kaolin clay

Definition: Natural kaolin that has been upgraded by heating $@ \approx 1050 \text{ C}$; calcining removes water of hydration and changes particle shape making it whiter and brighter

Uses: TiO₂ extender, pigment for papermaking Trade Names: Ansilex®; Spectrafil® LA See also Kaolin

Karaya gum. See Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum

Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum

- CÁS 9000-36-6; EINÉČS/ELINCS 232-539-4; FEMA 2605
- Synonyms: Gum karaya; Gum sterculia; Kadaya gum; Karaya gum; Indian tragacanth; India tragacanth; Sterculia gum; Sterculia urens; Sterculia urens gum

Definition: Dried exudate from the tree, Sterculia urens

- *Properties:* Wh. fine powd., sl. acetic acid odor; insol. in alcohol; swells in water to a gel; produces highly stable emulsions, resist. to acids
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 9100 mg/kg; very mildly toxic by ing.; mild allergen causing hay fever, dermatitis, gastrointestinal diseases, and asthma; may cause intolerance; laxative effect, may reduce nutrient intake; TSCA listed
- Uses: Protective colloid; stabilizer, thickener, emulsifier in cosmetics, foods, pharmaceuticals; thickener for textile dyes; textile coatings; as denture adhesive; binder in paper mfg.; pharmaceuticals (tablet excipient, bulk laxative); substitute for gum tragacanth

Use Level: Limitation 0.3% (frozen dairy desserts), 0.02% (milk prods.), 0.9% (soft candy), 0.002% (other foods); ADI 0-20 mg/kg (EU)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.133, 133.134, 133.162, 133.178, 133.179, 150.141, 150.161, 184.1349, GRAS; FEMA GRAS; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: AEP Colloids; Frutarom Meer; Houghton Chem.; P.L. Thomas; Penta Mfg.; Ruger; Sarcom; Sigma; TIC Gums; V.L. Clark

Trade Names: Karaya Gum #1 FCC; Powdered Gum Karaya Superfine #1 FCC; Powdered Gum Karaya Superfine XXXX FCC

Katchung oil. See Peanut (Arachis hypogaea) oil

Kerosene

CAS 8008-20-6; EINECS/ELINCS 232-366-4; UN No. 1223 (DOT) Synonyms: Coal oil; Kerosine; Straight-run kerosene Classification: Petroleum hydrocarbon Definition: Mixt. of petroleum hydrocarbons, chiefly of the methane series having 10-16 carbon atoms per molecule

- Properties: Water-wh. to pale yel. oily liq.; mild char. petrol. odor; sol. in other petrol. solvs.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.8; vapor pressure 1.5 mm Hg (20 C); f.p. -45.6 C; b.p. 151-301 C; flash pt. 122 F; KB value 36
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rabbit) 28 g/kg, (IP, rabbit) 6600 mg/kg, (IV, rabbit) 180 mg/kg; LDLo (oral, human male) 500 mg/kg; poison by IV and intratracheal routes; primary irritant; mod. to severe skin irritant; human systemic effects by ing., IV routes; tumorigen, mutagen; TSCA listed Environmental: HAPs conta

Environmental: HAPs contg.

- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; mod. explosive as vapor exposed to heat or flame; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; risk of fire and explosion
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, away from heat/ignition sources
- Uses: Fuel for lamps, flares, stoves, rockets, jet engines; diesel fuel for automobiles; domestic heating; vehicle for paints, thinners, enamels, polishes, varnishes; carrier for pesticides; cleaning degreasing solvent; mold release agent for ceramics; solvent in asphalt coatings, cutback bitumens, printing inks; mineral flotation agent; lubricant for plastics processing; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Houghton Chem.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Kerosene, deodorized. See Deodorized kerosene

Kerosene, odorless. See Deodorized kerosene

Kerosine. See Kerosene

Ketone, dimethyl. See Acetone

Ketone propane. See Acetone

β-Ketopropane. *See* Acetone

- K₆HDTMP. See Potassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate)
- Kieselguhr. See Diatomaceous earth; Diatomaceous earth, amorphous Knockout drops. See Chloral hydrate

KTPP. See Potassium tripolyphosphate

- Labarrque's sol'n. See Sodium hypochlorite
- Lac. See Shellac

Lacca. See Shellac

Lactic acid, compd. with 9,12-octadecadienamide, n-[3-(dimethylamino) propyl] linoleamide. See Linoleamido dimethylamino lactate

Lactis proteinum. See Milk protein

Lake red 4R. See Pigment red 3

Lamp black. See Carbon black

Land plaster. See Calcium sulfate dihydrate

Lanolin

- CAS 8006-54-0 (anhyd.); 8020-84-6 (hyd.); EINECS/ELINCS 232-348-6 Synonyms: Anhydrous Ianolin; Adeps Ianae; Wool grease; Wool wax; Wool fat
 - Definition: Deriv. of unctuous fatty sebaceous secretion of sheep, Ovis aries, consisting of complex mixt. of esters of high m.w. aliphatic, steroid, or triterpenoid alcohol and fatty acids
 - Properties: Yel.-wh. semisolid to paste; sl. odor; sol. in chloroform, ether; insol. in water; m.p. 38-42 C; iodine no. 18-36; flash pt. > 230 F; nonionic
 - *Toxicology:* Can cause allergic reactions, contact dermatitis; TSCA listed *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and

irritating fumes NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Uses: Soaps; face creams; facial tissues; hair set and suntan preps.; plasticizer for rubber; lubricant for textiles, metalworking compds.; EP and slip agent for metalworking/rust preventative coatings; in printing inks; waterproofing agent for leather; chewing gum base; food glazing agent; pharmaceutical emollient, ointment base, filler, vehicle; protectant in diaper rash, hemorrhoidal, antibiotic ointments; cosolvent, emollient, plasticizer, emulsifier, wetting agent for cosmetics; antistat; surf. lubricant in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200,

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Kaolin, calcined

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂₁ irritating and toxic fumes and gases *Storage:* Store in cool, dry place; keep containers closed when not in use *Uses:* Absorbent; filler/extender/pigment for paper sizing, paints/coatings,

rubber, refractories, ceramics, thermosetting resins; pigment for lacquers, printing inks; in anticaking preps.; adsorbent for clarification of liqs.; color laking base; porcelain/pottery/ceramics ingred.; anticaking/clarifying agent for wine; mfg. aid for food pkg. paper; food processing aid (Japan); pharmaceuticals (tablet/capsule diluent; adsorbent in antidiarrheal prods.; treatment for intestinal disorders); colorant in food-pkg. polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

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See also Aluminum silicate dihydrate

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Karaya gum. See Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum

Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum

- CÁS 9000-36-6; EINÉČS/ELINCS 232-539-4; FEMA 2605
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Definition: Dried exudate from the tree, Sterculia urens

- *Properties:* Wh. fine powd., sl. acetic acid odor; insol. in alcohol; swells in water to a gel; produces highly stable emulsions, resist. to acids
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 9100 mg/kg; very mildly toxic by ing.; mild allergen causing hay fever, dermatitis, gastrointestinal diseases, and asthma; may cause intolerance; laxative effect, may reduce nutrient intake; TSCA listed
- Uses: Protective colloid; stabilizer, thickener, emulsifier in cosmetics, foods, pharmaceuticals; thickener for textile dyes; textile coatings; as denture adhesive; binder in paper mfg.; pharmaceuticals (tablet excipient, bulk laxative); substitute for gum tragacanth
- Use Level: Limitation 0.3% (frozen dairy desserts), 0.02% (milk prods.), 0.9% (soft candy), 0.002% (other foods); ADI 0-20 mg/kg (EU)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.133, 133.134, 133.162, 133.178, 133.179, 150.141, 150.161, 184.1349, GRAS; FEMA GRAS; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AEP Colloids; Frutarom Meer; Houghton Chem.; P.L. Thomas; Penta Mfg.; Ruger; Sarcom; Sigma; TIC Gums; V.L. Clark
- Trade Names: Karaya Gum #1 FCC; Powdered Gum Karaya Superfine #1 FCC; Powdered Gum Karaya Superfine XXXX FCC

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- Properties: Water-wh. to pale yel. oily liq.; mild char. petrol. odor; sol. in other petrol. solvs.; insol. in water; sp.gr. 0.8; vapor pressure 1.5 mm Hg (20 C); f.p. -45.6 C; b.p. 151-301 C; flash pt. 122 F; KB value 36
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rabbit) 28 g/kg, (IP, rabbit) 6600 mg/kg, (IV, rabbit) 180 mg/kg; LDLo (oral, human male) 500 mg/kg; poison by IV and intratracheal routes; primary irritant; mod. to severe skin irritant; human systemic effects by ing., IV routes; tumorigen, mutagen; TSCA listed

Environmental: HAPs contg.

- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; mod. explosive as vapor exposed to heat or flame; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; risk of fire and explosion
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, away from heat/ignition sources
- Uses: Fuel for lamps, flares, stoves, rockets, jet engines; diesel fuel for automobiles; domestic heating; vehicle for paints, thinners, enamels, polishes, varnishes; carrier for pesticides; cleaning degreasing solvent; mold release agent for ceramics; solvent in asphalt coatings, cutback bitumens, printing inks; mineral flotation agent; lubricant for plastics processing; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Houghton Chem.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Kerosene, deodorized. See Deodorized kerosene

Kerosene, odorless. See Deodorized kerosene

Kerosine. See Kerosene

Ketone, dimethyl. See Acetone

Ketone propane. See Acetone

β-Ketopropane. *See* Acetone

- K₆HDTMP. See Potassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate)
- Kieselguhr. See Diatomaceous earth; Diatomaceous earth, amorphous Knockout drops. See Chloral hydrate

KTPP. See Potassium tripolyphosphate

- Labarrque's sol'n. See Sodium hypochlorite
- Lac. See Shellac
- Lacca. See Shellac
- Lactic acid, compd. with 9,12-octadecadienamide, n-[3-(dimethylamino) propyl] linoleamide. See Linoleamido dimethylamino lactate

Lactis proteinum. See Milk protein

Lake red 4R. See Pigment red 3

Lamp black. See Carbon black

Land plaster. See Calcium sulfate dihydrate

Lanolin

- CAS 8006-54-0 (anhyd.); 8020-84-6 (hyd.); EINECS/ELINCS 232-348-6 Synonyms: Anhydrous Ianolin; Adeps Ianae; Wool grease; Wool wax; Wool fat
 - Definition: Deriv. of unctuous fatty sebaceous secretion of sheep, Ovis aries, consisting of complex mixt. of esters of high m.w. aliphatic, steroid, or triterpenoid alcohol and fatty acids
 - Properties: Yel.-wh. semisolid to paste; sl. odor; sol. in chloroform, ether; insol. in water; m.p. 38-42 C; iodine no. 18-36; flash pt. > 230 F; nonionic
 - *Toxicology:* Can cause allergic reactions, contact dermatitis; TSCA listed *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and
 - irritating fumes NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
 - Uses: Soaps; face creams; facial tissues; hair set and suntan preps.; plasticizer for rubber; lubricant for textiles, metalworking compds.; EP and slip agent for metalworking/rust preventative coatings; in printing inks; waterproofing agent for leather; chewing gum base; food glazing agent; pharmaceutical emollient, ointment base, filler, vehicle; protectant in diaper rash, hemorrhoidal, antibiotic ointments; cosolvent, emollient, plasticizer, emulsifier, wetting agent for cosmetics; antistat; surf. lubricant in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200,
177.2600, 178.3910; Japan approved; FDA approved for ophthalmics, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Am. Int'l.; Amerchol; Brooks Ind.; Charkit; ChemMark Development; Cognis/Chems. Group; Costec; Croda Inc; Fabrichem; Fanning; Fluka; Integra; Kraft Chem.; Lanaetex Prods.; Norman, Fox; O.C. Lugo; Penta Mfg.; Protameen; R.I.T.A.; Robeco; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stevenson Cooper; Thornley; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Westbrook Lanolin

Lard oil triglycerides

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Lauramide DEA

- CAS 120-40-1; 52725-64-1; 61971-31-9; EINECS/ELINCS 204-393-1
- *Synonyms:* N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) dodecanamide; Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) lauramide; N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) lauramide; N,N-Bis (β-hydroxyethyl) lauramide; Diethanolamine lauric acid amide; N,N-Diethanol lauramide; N,N-Diethanol lauric acid amide; Lauric acid diethanolamide; Lauric acid polydiethanolamide (2:1); Lauric acid superamide (1:1); Lauric diethanolamide; Lauric lauric acid diethanolamide; Lauric diethanolamide; Lauric hanolamide; Lauric

Definition: Mixture of ethanolamides of lauric acid

- Empirical: C16H33NO3
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₀CON(CH₂CH₂OH)₂
- Properties: M.w. 287.50; 1:1 type: wh. cryst. solid; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2700 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; may produce contact sensitivity; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x

- Uses: Foam booster/stabilizer, detergency and visc. builder, emulsifier, wetting agent for cosmetics, shaving soaps, household and I&I detergents; thickener/conditioner/stabilizer for shampoos and lotions; visc. control agent; antistat for thermoplastics and food pkg.; emulsifier in topical dermatological prods.; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.710, 173.315, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3130; FDA approved for topicals
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; Chemron; Clariant; Diamond Chem.; Jeen Int'l.; McIntyre; Norman, Fox; Pilot; Protameen; Rhodia HPCII; Scher; Stepan; Unigema
- *Trade Names:* DeMIDE LA-100; DeMIDE LLA-100; DeMIDE ML-100; DeMIDE MLY-100

Lauramine oxide

- CAS 1643-20-5; 70592-80-2
- EINECS/ELINCS 216-700-6; 274-687-2
- Synonyms: DDAO; LDAO; N,N-Dimethyl-1-dodecanamine-N-oxide; Dimethyldodecylamine-N-oxide; N,N-Dimethyldodecylamine-N-oxide; N,N-Dimethyldodecylamine oxide; Dimethyl lauramine oxide; Dimethyl laurylamine oxide; Dodecyldimethylamine oxide; N-Dodecyldimethylamine oxide; Lauryl dimethylamine oxide; Lauryldimethylamine-N-oxide *Classification:* Tertiary amine oxide

Empirical: C₁₄H₃₁NO

- *Formula:* CH₃(CH₂)₁₁NO(CH₃)₂
- Properties: Liq.; m.w. 229.41; dens. 0.966 (20/4 C); ref. index 1.379 (20 C) Toxicology: Severe skin and eye irritant; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x

Uses: Surfactant; visc. control agent; detergents, form boster/stabilizer, thickener, emollient in cosmetics, detergents, textile softeners, foam rubber, electroplating, paper coatings, bleach; antistat in textile spin finishes; thickener, emollient in pharmaceutical topicals; foaming agent for surgical scrubs *Regulatory*: FDA approved for topicals

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: DeMOX LAO; Rhodamox® LO

Laureth-3

- CAS 3055-94-5; 9002-92-0 (generic); 68002-97-1 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 221-280-2
- Synonyms: 2-[2-[2-(Dodecyloxy) ethoxy] ethoxy] ethoxy] ethanol; PEG-3 lauryl ether; Triethylene glycol dodecyl ether

Definition: PEG ether of lauryl alcohol

Empirical: C₁₈H₃₈O₄

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 3

Properties: Nonionic

- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; solubilizer for solvents; bases for prod. of sulfates; raw material for dishwashing, cleansing agent and cold cleaners; emulsion polymerization; emulsifier, solubilizer for pharmaceuticals; penetrant, thickener

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma *Trade Names:* Volpo L3

Laureth-4

- CAS 5274-68-0; 9002-92-0 (generic); 68002-97-1 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 226-097-1
- Synonyms: PEG-4 lauryl ether; PEG 200 lauryl ether; POE (4) lauryl alcohol; POE (4) lauryl ether; 3,6,9,12-Tetraoxatetracosan-1-ol

Definition: PEG ether of lauryl alcohol

Empirical: C₂₀H₄₂O₅

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 4

- Properties: HLB 9.5; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 8600 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 27 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 160 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing., IV, IP routes; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Surfactant; emulsifier, solubilizer, lubricant, detergent for cosmetics, silicone polish, mold releases; bases for prod. of sulfates; raw material for dishwashing, cleansing agent and cold cleaners; antistat for PE, PS; surfactant for pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives; food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3520; FDA approved for topicals

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma

Trade Names: DeTHOX LA-4; Nonionic L-4; Rhodasurf® L-4

Laureth-8

- CAS 3055-98-9; 9002-92-0 (generic)
- Synonyms: PEG-8 lauryl ether; POE (8) lauryl ether; 3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24-Octaoxahexatriacontan-1-ol
- Definition: PEG ether of lauryl alcohol
- Empirical: C₂₈H₅₈O₉
- Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 8

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Wetting agent, detergent, emulsifier, dispersant used for maintenance and institutional cleaners, in textile, paper, and paint industries; in foodcontact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma

Laureth-9

CAS 3055-99-0; 9002-92-0 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 221-284-4

Synonyms: PEG-9 lauryl ether; PEG-9 monododecyl ether; POE (9) lauryl ether; 3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27-Nonaoxanonatriacontan-1-ol

- Definition: PEG ether of lauryl alcohol
- Empirical: C₃₀H₆₂O₁₀

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 9

Properties: M.w. ≈ 600; sol. in water, ethanol, toluene; misc. with fats, fatty alcohols, and hot min., nat. and syn. oils; nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 1170 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 125 mg/kg; TSCA listed
- Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, detergent, dispersant used for maintenance and institutional cleaners, in textile, paper, and paint industries; emulsion polymerization; solvent; pharmaceutic aid (surfactant): spermaticide; penetrant; coupling agent; in food-contact textiles; antistat in food-pkg. materials

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2800, 178.3130

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma

Laureth-12

- CAS 3056-00-6; 9002-92-0 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 221-286-5 Synonyms: PEG-12 lauryl ether; POE (12) lauryl ether; PEG 600 lauryl ether
- Definition: PEG ether of lauryl alcohol
- Empirical: C₃₆H₆₄O₁₃
- Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 12
- *Properties:* M.w. 1199.57; m.p. 41-45 C; b.p. 100 C; HLB 14.5; flash pt. > 110 C; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Emulsifier for cosmetic, pharmaceutical, paints, and industrial uses; emollient, thickener for shampoos; emulsion polymerization; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma *Trade Names:* Nonionic L-12

Laureth-23

CAS 9002-92-0 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-23 lauryl ether; POE (23) lauryl ether

Definition: PEG ether of lauryl alcohol

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 23

Properties: HLB 16.9; nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 8600 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Emulsifier, stabilizer, solubilizer, surfactant, emollient, thickener, dispersant for cosmetics; post-ad stabilizer for syn. latexes; emollient, emulsifier, thickener, stabilizer in pharmaceutical topicals; anti-irritant in deodorants; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2800; FDA approved for topicals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma
- Trade Names: DeTHOX LA-23; Genapol® 26-L-23; Nonionic L-23; Rhodasurf® L-25

Lauric acid

- CAS 143-07-7; EINECS/ELINCS 205-582-1; FEMA 2614
- Synonyms: Dodecanoic acid; n-Dodecanoic acid; Dodecoic acid; Duodecylic acid; Laurostearic acid; 1-Undecanecarboxylic acid

Classification: Fatty acid

Empirical: C₁₂H₂₄O₂

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₀COOH

- Properties: Colorless needles; sl. bay oil odor; sol. in benzene, chloroform, alcohol, ether, petrol. ether; insol. in water; m.w. 200.36; dens. 0.833; vapor pressure 1 mm (121 C); m.p. 44 C; b.p. 225 C (100 mm); ref. index 1.4323 (45 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 12 g/kg, (IV, mouse) 131 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mildly toxic by ing.; skin and eye irritant; questionable carcinogen; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible when exposed to heat or flame; reactive with oxidizing materials
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Plasticizing alkyd resin comonomer; wetting agents; superfatting agent in soaps; detergents; cosmetics; insecticides; emulsifier/stabilizer for polymerization of nitrile rubbers/latex; plastics processing lubricant; fragrance; flavoring agent; food additives (defoamer, lubricant); lubricant, emulsifier in pharmaceuticals; pharmaceutical intermediate; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.860, 173.340, 175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3910; FEMA GRAS
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Brown; Cognis/Chems. Group; Condor; Fluka; Grau Aromatics; Jarchem Ind.; Kraft Chem.; Penta Mfg.; Protameen; Robeco; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Uniqema/Oleochems.; Welch, Holme & Clark
- Lauric acid diethanolamide. See Lauramide DEA
- Lauric acid, 1,2-ethanediyl ester. See Glycol dilaurate
- Lauric acid methyl ester. See Methyl laurate
- Lauric acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol. See Propylene glycol laurate
- Lauric acid polydiethanolamide (2:1). See Lauramide DEA
- Lauric acid sodium salt. See Sodium laurate
- Lauric acid superamide (1:1). See Lauramide DEA
- Lauric diethanolamide. See Lauramide DEA
- Laurostearic acid. See Lauric acid
- Lauroyl diethanolamide. See Lauramide DEA

Laurtrimonium chloride

CAS 112-00-5; EINECS/ELINCS 203-927-0 Synonyms: LTAC; Dodecyl trimethyl ammonium chloride; Lauryl trimethyl ammonium chloride; N,N,N-Trimethyl-1-dodecanaminium chloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt

- *Empirical:* C₁₅H₃₄N Cl
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₁N(CH₃)₃Cl
- Properties: Wh. liq.; sol. in water and alcohol; m.w. 263.89; surf. tens. 33 dynes/cm (0.1% aq.); cationic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Precaution: Nonflammable
- Uses: Preservative, germicide, fungicide, surfactant, corrosion inhibitor, antistat, emulsifier for plastics, textiles, paper, cosmetics; gel sensitizer in latex foam; bactericide for antiseptics; textile fiber softener; germicide (duckweed killer) for water treatment, petrol. industry; flotation reagents; mildewproofing

Use Level: 0.1% max.

Regulatory: USA permitted; JSCI, Europe listed

- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Fluka; Spectrum Quality Prods.
- Trade Names: Adogen® 412; Chemquat 12/33; Chemquat 12/50; Nissan Cation BB

Trade Names Containing: Arquad® 12-50

Lauryl ammonium sulfate. See Ammonium lauryl sulfate Laurylbenzenesulfonic acid. See Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid Lauryl diethanolamide. See Lauramide DEA Lauryl dimethylamine oxide. See Lauramine oxide Lauryldimethylamine-N-oxide. See Lauramine oxide Lauryl guanidine acetate. See Dodine

Lauryl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

- CAS 136-99-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-271-0
- Synonyms: 1-Hydroxyethyl 2-undecyl imidazoline; 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol, 4,5-dihydro-2-undecyl-; 2-Lauryl-1-(hydroxyethyl) imidazoline; Lauryl imidazoline
- Classification: Heterocyclic compd.
- *Empirical:* C₁₆H₃₂N₂O
- Properties: Solid; m.w. 268.45; m.p. 38 C; cationic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Antistat; corrosive inhibitor, emulsifier, dispersant and fluidizing agent for pigments, emulsions, cosmetics, polishes, textile, leather, and agric. prods.; acid detergent for food and dairy prods.; intermediate for quat. ammonium compds.; softener; dye assistant; shampoo ingred. *Trade Names:* LamChem C-100-L; Schercozoline L

2-Lauryl-1-(hydroxyethyl) imidazoline. See Lauryl hydroxyethyl imidazoline Lauryl imidazoline. See Lauryl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

Lauryl methacrylate

- CAS 142-90-5; EINECS/ELINCS 205-570-6
- Synonyms: Dodecyl methacrylate; n-Dodecyl methacrylate; Dodecyl 2methyl-2-propenoate; Methacrylic acid dodecyl ester; 2-Methacrylic acid dodecyl ester; Methacrylic acid lauryl ester
- Definition: Ester of lauryl alcohol and methacrylic acid
- Empirical: C₁₆H₃₀O₂
- Formula: $CH_2 = C(CH_3)COOC_{12}H_{25}$
- Properties: Pale yel. liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 254.43; dens. 0.868 kg/l; f.p. -22 C; b.p. 272-344 C; flash pt. (COC) 132 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, rat) 12 g/kg; skin and eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; DOT: nonhazardous
- *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Polymerizable monomer for plastics, molding powds., lube oil additives, solvent coatings for nonwoven fiber, floor waxes, paints, adhesives, varnishes, sealants, caulks; stabilizer in nonaq. disp. and inks; visc. control agent in cosmetics; emulsions for textile, leather, and paper finishing; internal plasticizer; modifier for deodorant
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albright & Wilson Am.; Aldrich; Atofina; CPS; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Rhodia; Rohm Tech
- Trade Names: Blemmer SLMA

Lauryl peroxide

Uses: Polymerization catalyst in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Lauryl sodium sulfate. See Sodium lauryl sulfate Lauryl sulfate ammonium salt. See Ammonium lauryl sulfate Lauryl sulfate sodium salt. See Sodium lauryl sulfate Lauryl trimethyl ammonium chloride. See Laurtrimonium chloride LDAO. See Lauramine oxide LDPE. See Polyethylene, low-density Leaf green. See Chromium oxide (ic) Leather blue G. See Acid blue 1

Leather green SF. See Acid green 5

Lecithin

- CAS 8002-43-5; 8030-76-0; 93685-90-6; 97281-47-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-307-2
- Synonyms: Soya lecithin
- Definition: Mixture of the diglycerides of stearic, palmitic and oleic acids linked to the choline ester of phosphoric acid; found in plants and animals Formula: C₈H₁₇O₅NRR², R and R² are fatty acid groups
- Properties: Nearly wh. to yel. or brn. waxy mass or thick fluid, nutlike odor, bland taste; sol. in chloroform, ether, petrol. ether, min. oils, fatty acids, hydrocarbon and chlorinated solvs.; insol. but swells in water and salt sol'ns.; insol. in veg. oils; dens. 1.0305 (24/4 C); HLB 8.0; acid no. 15-30; iodine no. 95; sapon. no. 196; nonionic
- Toxicology: May cause bronchoconstriction in people with asthma; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Storage: Refrigerate
- Uses: Edible surfactant and emulsifier for food use, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, animal feed, leather treatment, textiles; emulsifier for oil-based drilling fluids; release agent for silicone rubber molds; raw material for paints; dispersant; wetting agent; antistat; emollient; antioxidant; pigment/filler/ clay dispersant for sealants, caulks, pesticides; nutritional in pharmaceuticals; tablet binding agent; choline source in dementia; in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.169, 133.173, 133.179, 136.110, 136.115, 136.130, 137.160, 136.165, 136.180, 163.123, 163.130, 163.135, 163.140, 163.145, 163.150, 163.155, 166.40, 166.110, 169.115, 169.140, 169.150, 175.300, 184.1400, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 0.5% max. in oleomargarine, 381.147; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals, topicals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: ADM Lecithin; Alfa Chem; Am. Lecithin; Ashland; Barnet Prods.; Central Soya; ChemMark Development; Collaborative Labs; Cosan; Fabrichem; Fanning; Fluka; Great Western; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Kraft Chem.; Landers-Segal Color; Lipo; Lucas Meyer; Penta Mfg.; Premium Ingreds.; Reichhold; Ruger; Shea; Sigma; Solvay Duphar BV; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Spice King; Thornley; U.S. Biochemical; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Vliengenthart BV; W.A. Cleary; Welch, Holme & Clark; Whyte Chems. Ltd
- Trade Names: Lipotin SB; TLV 68-SB; TLV 68-UB; TLV 70-SB; TLV 70-UB; Yelkin® DS; Yelkin® SS; Yelkin® T; Yelkin® TS Trade Names Containing: Metasol® TK-100 Disp. W

Lecithin, hydroxylated. See Hydroxylated lecithin

- Leinoleic acid. See Linoleic acid
- Lichenic acid. See Fumaric acid
- Light green CF. See Acid green 5
- Light green SF yellowish. See Acid green 5
- Light green yellowish. See Acid green 5
- Light magnesium carbonate. See Magnesium carbonate Light mineral oil. See Mineral oil

Light petroleum hydrocarbons, odorless

- Synonyms: Odorless light petroleum hydrocarbons
- Properties: Liq., faint odor; b.p. 300-650 C
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Food coating agent, defoamer; froth-flotation cleaning; insecticides; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; component of nonfood articles for food-contact use
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.884, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3650

Light spar. See Calcium sulfate dihydrate

- Lignin calcium sulfonate. See Calcium lignosulfonate
- Lignin liquor. See Tall oil
- Lignin sodium sulfonate. See Sodium lignosulfonate

Lignin sulfonate

- CAS 8062-15-5
 - Synonyms: Ligninsulfonic acid; Lignosulfate; Lignosulfonate; Lignosulfonic acid; Poly (lignosulfonic acid); Sulfite lignin
- Definition: A metallic sulfonate salt
- Properties: Lt. tan to dark brn. powd.; no pronounced odor; nonhygroscopic; forms colloidal sol'ns. or disps. in water; pract. insol. in org. solvs.; m.w. 1000-20,000; dens. ≈ 1.5; dec. above 200 C
- *Toxicology:* TDLo (oral, mammal, 45 days intermittent) 90 g/kg; may cause changes in blood, enzyme inhibition
- Uses: Dispersant for concrete, carbon black-rubber mixes; extender for tanning agents; oil-well drilling mud additives; ore flotation agents; prod. of vanillin, industrial cleaners, gypsum slurries, dyestuffs, pesticides; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

- Manuf./Distrib.: Bencorp Int'l.; Continental Ind. Group; LignoTech USA; Los Angeles Chem.; R.T. Vanderbilt; Tetra; Van Waters & Rogers; Wesco Tech. Ltd; Westvaco
- Ligninsulfonic acid. See Lignin sulfonate
- Lignite wax. See Montan wax
- Lignoceric acid, myristyl ether. See Myristyl lignocerate
- Lignosulfate. See Lignin sulfonate
- Lignosulfonate. See Lignin sulfonate
- Lignosulfonic acid. See Lignin sulfonate
- Lignosulfonic acid, calcium salt. See Calcium lignosulfonate
- Lignosulfonic acid, sodium salt. See Sodium lignosulfonate
- Ligroin. See VM&P naphtha
- Ligroine. See VM&P naphtha
- Lime. See Calcium oxide
- Lime chloride. See Calcium hypochlorite
- Lime, chlorinated. See Calcium hypochlorite
 - Limed rosin. See Calcium resinate
 - Lime, hydrated. See Calcium hydroxide
- Lime milk. See Calcium hydroxide
- Lime, slaked. See Calcium hydroxide
- Limestone. See Calcium carbonate
- Lime water. See Calcium hydroxide
- Linear C10 alpha olefin. See Decene-1
- Linear C16 alpha olefin. See Hexadecene-1
- Linear C18 alpha olefin. See Octadecene-1
- Linear polyethyleneimine. See Polyethylene imine
- Linoleamide DEA
 - CAS 27883-12-1; 56863-02-6; EINECS/ELINCS 260-410-2
 - Synonyms: N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl)-9,12-octadecadienamide; (9Z,12Z)-N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) octadeca-9,12-dien-1-amide; Diethanolamine linoleic acid amide; Linoleic acid diethanolamide; Linoleic diethanolamide; 9,12-Octadecadienamide, N,N-bis (2-hydroxyethyl)-
 - *Classification:* Fatty acid alkanolamide
 - *Definition:* Mixt. of ethanolamides of linoleic acid
 - *Empirical:* C₂₂H₄₁NO₃
 - Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₄CH=CHCH₂CH=CH(CH₂)₇CON(CH₂CH₂OH)₂
 - Properties: Amber Iiq.; sol. in peanut oil, ethanol, propylene glycol, IPM, oleyl alcohol; gels in water; m.w. 367.58; dens. 0.972-0.982; nonionic *Toxicology:* TSCA listed
 - Uses: Antistat; visc. control agent; conditioner, foam stabilizer, thickener for hair care prods., shampoos; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, textiles; de-foamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
 - Trade Names: DeMIDE SBA-100

Linoleamido dimethylamino lactate

- Synonyms: Lactic acid, compd. with 9,12-octadecadienamide, n-[3-(dimethylamino) propyl] linoleamide; N-Linoleamido-N,N-dimethylamino lactate Properties: Cationic
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, conditioner for hair and skin care prods., paper and pulp industry
- Trade Names: Necon SOLC
- N-Linoleamido-N,N-dimethylamino lactate. See Linoleamido dimethylamino lactate

Linoleic acid

CAS 60-33-3; EINECS/ELINCS 200-470-9

Synonyms: Leinoleic acid; Linolic acid; 9,12-Linoleic acid; cis,cis-9,12-Octa- decadienoic acid; 9,12-Octadecadienoic acid; (Z,Z)-9,12-Octadecadienoic	
acid Classification: Unsaturated essential fatty acid	
 Empirical: C₁₈H₃₂O₂ Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₄=CHCH₂CH=CH(CH₂)₇COOH Properties: Colorless to pale yel. oil; freely sol. in ether; sol. in chloroform, abs. alcohol; misc. with dimethylformamide, fat solvs., oils; insol. in water; m.w. 280.44; dens. 0.9007 (22/4 C); m.p12 C; b.p. 230 C (16 mm); ref. index 1.4699 (20 C) Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 280 mg/kg; poison by IP route; human skin irritant; ing. can cause nausea and vomiting; TSCA listed Precaution: Combustible; easily oxidized by air Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes Storage: Store refrigerated Uses: Antistat; emollient; mfg. of paints, coatings, emulsifiers, vitamins; soaps; driers for protective coatings; feeds; biochemical research; dietary supplement, nutrient, flavoring agent, adjuvant; infant formulas; food-pkg. adhesives; drug delivery for pharmaceutical orals and topicals Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 182.5065, 184.1065, GRAS Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; Am. Biorganics; Arizona; Austin; CasChem; Cognis/Chems. Group; Fluka; Hercules; Langley-Smith Ltd; Penta Mfg.; Research Organics; Rhodia HPCII; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem Trade Names: Pamolyn® 200; Pamolyn® 240 	
9,12-Linoleic acid. See Linoleic acid Linoleic acid diethanolamide. See Linoleamide DEA Linoleic diethanolamide. See Linoleamide DEA	
CAS 506-43-4 <i>Synonyms:</i> Cis,cis-9,12-Octadecadien-1-ol <i>Definition:</i> Fatty alcohol derived from linoleic acid <i>Empirical:</i> C ₁₈ H ₃₄ O <i>Formula:</i> CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₄ CH:CHCH ₂ CH:CH(CH ₂) ₇ CH ₃ OH <i>Properties:</i> Colorless solid; m.w. 266.5; dens. 0.855; iodine no. 137; cloud pt. 15 C <i>Precaution:</i> Combustible <i>Uses:</i> Paints; flotation; paper; surfactants; resins; leather <i>Manuf./Distrib.:</i> Sigma	
Linolic acid. See Linoleic acid	
Linseed acid CAS 68424-45-3; EINECS/ELINCS 270-304-8 Synonyms: Acids, linseed; Fatty acids, linseed oil; Linseed fatty acids; Linseed oil fatty acid Definition: Mixture of fatty acids derived from linseed oil Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emollient; emulsifier; prod. of alkyd resins and epoxy ester resins; in food-pkg. adhesive; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/pa- perboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Acme-Hardesty; Alnor Oil; Sea-Land	L
Linseed fatty acids. See Linseed acid	
Linseed (Linum usitatissimum) oil CAS 8001-26-1; EINECS/ELINCS 232-278-6 <i>Synonyms:</i> VLO; Flaxseed oil; Linseed oil; Linseed oil, raw; Linum usitatis- simum; Raw linseed oil; Varnish linseed oil <i>Definition:</i> Expressed oil from the dried ripe seed of <i>Linum usitatissimum</i> <i>Properties:</i> Golden-yel., amber, or brown drying oil, peculiar odor, bland taste; sol. in ether, chloroform, carbon disulfide, turpentine; sl. sol. in alcohol; insol. in water; dens. 0.921-0.936; m.p19 C; b.p. 343 C; iodine no. 160-200; sapon. no. 188-195; flash pt. 222 C	
<i>Ioxicology:</i> Allergen and skin irritant to humans; TSCA listed	L

- Precaution: Combustible liq. exposed to heat or flame; can react with oxidizers; subject to spontaneous heating; violent reaction with Cl₂
- Uses: Drying/grinding oil for paints, varnishes, oil cloth, putty, printing inks, core oils, linings and packings, alkyd resins, soap, pharmaceuticals; hotmelt adhesives; binder in linoleum flooring; glazing putty; waterproofing

agent for paper, fabrics; purgative in veterinary medicine; pharmaceutical demulcent, emollient; medicinal soaps; drying oil in food-contact coatings *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 181.22, 181.26; BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: ADM; Acme-Hardesty; Aldrich; Alnor Oil; Arista Ind.; Ashland; C.P. Hall; Cargill Ind. Oils & Lubes; Chem. Distributors; Chemcentral; Degen; Eastech; Ferro/Bedford; Jesse S. Young; John L Seaton Ltd; Lomas Int'l.; Maypro Ind.; Penta Mfg.; Pokonobe Ind.; Reichhold; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Van Waters & Rogers; Vliengenthart BV; Welch, Holme & Clark

Linseed oil. See Linseed (Linum usitatissimum) oil Linseed oil fatty acid. See Linseed acid Linseed oil, raw. See Linseed (Linum usitatissimum) oil

Linseed oil triglycerides

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

- Linum usitatissimum. See Linseed (Linum usitatissimum) oil
 - Liquid bleach. See Sodium hypochlorite
 - Liquid paraffin. See Mineral oil
 - Liquid petrolatum. See Mineral oil
 - Liquid phenol. See Phenol
 - Liquid rosin. See Tall oil
 - Lithium hydrate. See Lithium hydroxide monohydrate
 - Lithium hydroxide monohydrate
 - CAS 1310-66-3; EINECS/ELINCS 215-183-4; UN No. 2680
 - Synonyms: Lithium hydrate
 - *Classification:* Lithium compd.
 - Empirical: H₃LiO₂
 - Formula: HLiO H₂O
 - Properties: Colorless cryst.; odorless; mod. sol. in water; sl. sol. in alcohol; insol. in ether; m.w. 41.96; nonflamm.
 - Toxicology: Corrosive; ing. can cause severe pain, burning of mouth/throat, vomiting, diarrhea, collapse, and death; inh. of dust or mist can probably cause severe irritation and corrosive tissue damage; severe exposure may cause pulmonary edema; mist or dust can cause skin and severe eye irritation incl. permanent eye damage

Precaution: Strong base

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Corrosive aerosols of lithium hydroxide and lithium carbonate
- Uses: Mfg. of lithium stearate and other lithium soaps; in alkaline batteries (electrolyte additive); corrosion inhibitor in steam boilers; dispersant in water-based alkyd paints; in tanning hides; in processing of paper, textiles, leather, and phosphors (stabilizes silica sol'ns.)
- Manuf./Distrib.: Am. Int'l.; Cyprus-Foote Min.; FMC/Lithium; Morre-Tec Ind.; Storchem

Lithium magnesium sodium silicate. See Smectite

Lithographic stone. See Calcium carbonate

Lithopone

CAS 1345-05-7

Synonyms: CI 77115; Griffith's zinc white; Pigment white 5; Zinc white Definition: Mixture of zinc sulfide (26-60%), barium sulfate, and zinc oxide Formula: BaSO₄ • nZnS

Properties: Wh. powd.

- Toxicology: Poison liberating hydrogen sulfide upon decomp. by heat, moisture, acids; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits highly toxic fumes of SO_{x_1} , ZnO, H_2S
- Uses: Wh. pigment in plastics, rubber goods, paints, paper, leather, printing inks; provides thixotropy, improves gloss and flow
- Manuf./Distrib.: D.N. Lukéns; H.M. Royal; Landers-Segal Color; Ore & Chem.; Primachem; Sachtleben Chemie GmbH; San Yuan; Van Waters & Rogers

LDPE. See Polyethylene, linear low density

Locust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) gum

CAS 9000-40-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-541-5; FEMA 2648 Synonyms: Algaroba; Carob bean gum; Carob flour; Carob gum; Ceratonia;

Ceratonia siliqua; Ceratonia siliqua gum; Locust bean gum; Locust gum;

St. John's bread

Classification: Polysaccharide plant mucilage

Definition: Ground seed of the ripe fruit of St. John's Bread (*Ceratonia siliqua*) Properties: Yel.-grn. powd., odorless, tasteless; swells in cold water; insol.

in org. solvs.; visc. increases when heated; m.w. ≈ 310,000 *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 13 g/kg; mildly toxic by ingestion; TSCA listed *Precaution:* Combustible

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Stabilizer, thickener, emulsifier, suspending agent, water-binder in foods, feeds, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; emollient, film-former in cosmetics; sizing and finishes for textiles; paints; fiber bonding agent in paper mfg.; drilling fluid; coffee, chocolate substitute; packaging material; pharmaceutical tablet excipient

Use Level: Limitation 0.15% (baked goods), 0.25% (beverages), 0.8% (cheese), 0.75% (gelatins, puddings), 0.75% (jams/jellies), 0.5% (other foods)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.133, 133.134, 133.162, 133.178, 133.179, 150.141, 150.161, 182.20, 184.1343, 240.1051, GRAS; FEMA GRAS; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; ADI not specified (JECFA)

- Manuf./Distrib.: AEP Colloids; Ashland; Bio-Botanica; Browning; CarboMer; Charkit; Chart; Colloides Naturels; Danisco Ingreds.; Fluka; Frutarom Meer; Gumix Int'l.; Hercules; Houghton Chem.; Lucas Meyer; P.L. Thomas; Rhodia Food Ingreds.; Sarcom; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; TIC Gums; V.L. Clark
- *Trade Names:* Locust Bean Gum Speckless Type D-200; Locust Bean Gum Type A-100; Locust Bean Gum Type A-250; Locust Bean Gum Type A-270; Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type D-200; Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type D-300; Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type P-100; Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type PP-100

Locust bean gum. See Locust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) gum Locust gum. See Locust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) gum

LTAC. See Laurtrimonium chloride Luna yellow. See Pigment yellow 74 Lye. See Sodium hydroxide MA. See Maleic anhydride MAA. See Maleic anhydride; Methacrylic acid Macrogol 200. See PEG-4 Macrogol 300. See PEG-6 Macrogol 400. See PEG-8 Macrogol 600. See PEG-12 Macrogol 1000. See PEG-20 Macrogol 1540. See PEG-32 Macrogol 4000. See PEG-75 Macrogol 6000. See PEG-150 Macrogol ester 400. See PEG-8 stearate Macrogol stearate 400. See PEG-8 stearate Macrogol stearate 2000. See PEG-40 stearate Magnesia. See Magnesium oxide Magnesia alba. See Magnesium carbonate; Magnesium carbonate hydroxide Magnesia, calcined. See Magnesium oxide Magnesia, caustic-calcined. See Magnesium oxide Magnesia clinker. See Magnesium oxide Magnesia, dead-burned. See Magnesium oxide Magnesia, fused. See Magnesium oxide Magnesia magma. See Magnesium hydroxide Magnesia oxide fume. See Magnesium oxide Magnesia, sintered. See Magnesium oxide Magnesia usta. See Magnesium oxide Magnesia white. See Calcium sulfate dihydrate Magnesite. See Magnesium carbonate Magnesite, caustic-calcined. See Magnesium oxide

Magnesium aluminum silicate

- CAS 1327-43-1; 12199-37-0; EINECS/ELINCS 235-374-6 *Synonyms:* Aluminum magnesium silicate; Aluminosilicic acid, magnesium salt
- Definition: Complex silicate refined from naturally occurring minerals (colerainite, leuchtenbergite, pyrope, saponite, sapphirine, sheridanite, zebedassite); blend of colloidal montmorillonite and saponite Empirical: Al₂MqO₈Si₂

Properties: Fine powd. or sm. flakes, odorless, tasteless; swells in water or glycerin; insol. in water or alcohol; m.w. 262.45; visc. 100-2200 cps; pH 9-10 (5% susp.)

Toxicology: Not harmful at presently used levels; WHO recommends further studies because of kidney damage in dogs that ingested it; TSCA listed HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Uses: Absorbent; opacifier; visc. control agent; thixotrope; emulsifier, thickener, suspending agent, disintegrant, binder, stabilizer for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; emulsion stabilizer; antacid

Regulatory: FDA approved for dentals, orals, rectals, topicals, vaginals; USP/NF, BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Am. Colloid; Chemisphere; ECC Int'l.; H.M. Royal; IMERYS; Kaopolite; Kraft Chem.; Landers-Segal Color; R.T. Vanderbilt; Reade Advanced Materials; Ruger; Smectite; Southern Clay Prods.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Volclay Ltd; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels *Trade Names:* Van Gel® B; Veegum® T

Magnesium-aluminum-zinc complex

Uses: Stabilizer for plastisol processing, artificial leather, wallpaper, conveyor belts, toys, automotive applics., food-contact applics.

Magnesium carbonate

- CAS 546-93-0 (anhyd.); 23389-33-5 (hydrate); EINECS/ELINCS 208-915-9
- Synonyms: Carbonate magnesium; Carbonic acid magnesium salt; Carbonic acid magnesium salt (1:1); Carbonic acid magnesium salt (2:1); CI 77713; Hydromagnesite; Light magnesium carbonate; Magnesia alba; Magnesite; Magnesium (II) carbonate (1:1); Magnesium carbonate precipitated

Classification: Crystalline salt

Definition: Basic dehydrated magnesium carbonate or normal hydrated magnesium carbonate; the naturally occurring mineral is magnesite

Empirical: CO₃ • Mg

- Properties: Light bulky wh. powd., odorless; sol. in acids; insol. in alcohol, water, NH₃; m.w. 84.32; dens. 3.04; bulking value 0.055 gal/lb; oil absorp. 80; dec. 350 C; ref. index 1.52; noncombustible
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (total dust); nuisance particulate; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with formaldehyde

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Magnesium salts; heat insulation and refractory; glass; cosmetics; table salt; filler in paper, plastics, rubber; rubber reinforcing agent; fire extinguishant; fireproofing agent; flatting agent in paints, printing inks; polishing compds.; filtering medium; plastics flame retardant and filler; in foods (drying agent, color retention agent, anticaking agent, alkali/acidity regulator, carrier); pharmaceuticals (anticaking agent, colorant, buffer, abrasive in dentifrices, antacid); absorbent; opacifier; activator in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use

Use Level: ADI not specified (EU)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.102, 133.106, 133.111, 133.141, 133.165, 133.181, 133.183, 133.195, 137.105, 137.155 137.160, 137.165, 137.170, 137.175, 137.180, 137.185, 163.110, 177.2600, 184.1425, GRAS; Japan approved (0.5% max.); Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals; BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Advance Research Chems.; Alfa Chem; Allan; Allchem Ind.; Am. Int'l.; Atlantic Equip. Engrs.; Baymag; Charkit; Chemisphere; EnerChem; Fluka; Gallard-Schlesinger Ind.; Generichem; H.M. Royal; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Lohmann; Lonza; Magnesia GmbH; Mallinckrodt Baker; Markinter; Martin Marietta Magnesia Spec.; Morton Int'l.; Poly Research; Premier Chems.; Robeco; Ruger; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tomita Pharmaceutical; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Wego Chem. & Min.; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Magnesium (II) carbonate (1:1). See Magnesium carbonate

Magnesium carbonate basic. See Magnesium carbonate hydroxide Magnesium carbonate basic, heavy. See Magnesium carbonate hydroxide

Magnesium carbonate hydroxide

CAS 7760-50-1; 12125-28-9; 39409-82-0; 56378-72-4 (pentahydrate); EINECS/ELINCS 231-851-8; 235-192-7

Synonyms: Basic magnesium carbonate; Hydromagnesite; Magnesia alba; Magnesium carbonate basic; Magnesium carbonate basic, heavy; Mag-

St. John's bread

Classification: Polysaccharide plant mucilage

- Definition: Ground seed of the ripe fruit of St. John's Bread (*Ceratonia siliqua*) Properties: Yel.-grn. powd., odorless, tasteless; swells in cold water; insol.
- in org. solvs.; visc. increases when heated; m.w. ≈ 310,000 *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 13 g/kg; mildly toxic by ingestion; TSCA listed *Precaution:* Combustible
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Stabilizer, thickener, emulsifier, suspending agent, water-binder in foods, feeds, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; emollient, film-former in cosmetics; sizing and finishes for textiles; paints; fiber bonding agent in paper mfg.; drilling fluid; coffee, chocolate substitute; packaging material; pharmaceutical tablet excipient
- Use Level: Limitation 0.15% (baked goods), 0.25% (beverages), 0.8% (cheese), 0.75% (gelatins, puddings), 0.75% (jams/jellies), 0.5% (other foods)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.133, 133.134, 133.162, 133.178, 133.179, 150.141, 150.161, 182.20, 184.1343, 240.1051, GRAS; FEMA GRAS; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; ADI not specified (JECFA)
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Locust bean gum. See Locust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) gum Locust gum. See Locust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) gum LTAC. See Laurtrimonium chloride

Luna yellow. See Pigment yellow 74 Lye. See Sodium hydroxide MA. See Maleic anhydride MAA. See Maleic anhydride; Methacrylic acid Macrogol 200. See PEG-4 Macrogol 300. See PEG-6 Macrogol 400. See PEG-8 Macrogol 600. See PEG-12 Macrogol 1000. See PEG-20 Macrogol 1540. See PEG-32 Macrogol 4000. See PEG-75 Macrogol 6000. See PEG-150 Macrogol ester 400. See PEG-8 stearate Macrogol stearate 400. See PEG-8 stearate Macrogol stearate 2000. See PEG-40 stearate Magnesia. See Magnesium oxide Magnesia alba. See Magnesium carbonate; Magnesium carbonate hydroxide Magnesia, calcined. See Magnesium oxide Magnesia, caustic-calcined. See Magnesium oxide Magnesia clinker. See Magnesium oxide Magnesia, dead-burned. See Magnesium oxide Magnesia, fused. See Magnesium oxide Magnesia magma. See Magnesium hydroxide Magnesia oxide fume. See Magnesium oxide Magnesia, sintered. See Magnesium oxide Magnesia usta. See Magnesium oxide Magnesia white. See Calcium sulfate dihydrate Magnesite. See Magnesium carbonate Magnesite, caustic-calcined. See Magnesium oxide

Magnesium aluminum silicate

- CAS 1327-43-1; 12199-37-0; EINECS/ELINCS 235-374-6 *Synonyms:* Aluminum magnesium silicate; Aluminosilicic acid, magnesium salt
- *Definition:* Complex silicate refined from naturally occurring minerals (colerainite, leuchtenbergite, pyrope, saponite, sapphirine, sheridanite, zebedassite); blend of colloidal montmorillonite and saponite *Empirical:* Al₂MqO₈Si₂

- Properties: Fine powd. or sm. flakes, odorless, tasteless; swells in water or glycerin; insol. in water or alcohol; m.w. 262.45; visc. 100-2200 cps; pH 9-10 (5% susp.)
- Toxicology: Not harmful at presently used levels; WHO recommends further studies because of kidney damage in dogs that ingested it; TSCA listed HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Absorbent; opacifier; visc. control agent; thixotrope; emulsifier, thickener, suspending agent, disintegrant, binder, stabilizer for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; emulsion stabilizer; antacid
- *Regulatory:* FDA approved for dentals, orals, rectals, topicals, vaginals; USP/NF, BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Am. Colloid; Chemisphere; ECC Int'l.; H.M. Royal; IMERYS; Kaopolite; Kraft Chem.; Landers-Segal Color; R.T. Vanderbilt; Reade Advanced Materials; Ruger; Smectite; Southern Clay Prods.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Volclay Ltd; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels *Trade Names*: Van Gel® B; Veegum® T

Magnesium-aluminum-zinc complex

Uses: Stabilizer for plastisol processing, artificial leather, wallpaper, conveyor belts, toys, automotive applics., food-contact applics.

Magnesium carbonate

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- Synonyms: Carbonate magnesium; Carbonic acid magnesium salt; Carbonic acid magnesium salt (1:1); Carbonic acid magnesium salt (2:1); CI 77713; Hydromagnesite; Light magnesium carbonate; Magnesia alba; Magnesite; Magnesium (II) carbonate (1:1); Magnesium carbonate precipitated

Classification: Crystalline salt

Definition: Basic dehydrated magnesium carbonate or normal hydrated magnesium carbonate; the naturally occurring mineral is magnesite

Empirical: CO₃ • Mg

- Properties: Light bulky wh. powd., odorless; sol. in acids; insol. in alcohol, water, NH₃; m.w. 84.32; dens. 3.04; bulking value 0.055 gal/lb; oil absorp. 80; dec. 350 C; ref. index 1.52; noncombustible
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (total dust); nuisance particulate; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with formaldehyde

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Magnesium salts; heat insulation and refractory; glass; cosmetics; table salt; filler in paper, plastics, rubber; rubber reinforcing agent; fire extinguishant; fireproofing agent; flatting agent in paints, printing inks; polishing compds.; filtering medium; plastics flame retardant and filler; in foods (drying agent, color retention agent, anticaking agent, alkali/acidity regulator, carrier); pharmaceuticals (anticaking agent, colorant, buffer, abrasive in dentifrices, antacid); absorbent; opacifier; activator in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use

Use Level: ADI not specified (EU)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.102, 133.106, 133.111, 133.141, 133.165, 133.181, 133.183, 133.195, 137.105, 137.155 137.160, 137.165, 137.170, 137.175, 137.180, 137.185, 163.110, 177.2600, 184.1425, GRAS; Japan approved (0.5% max.); Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals; BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Advance Research Chems.; Alfa Chem; Allan; Allchem Ind.; Am. Int'l.; Atlantic Equip. Engrs.; Baymag; Charkit; Chemisphere; EnerChem; Fluka; Gallard-Schlesinger Ind.; Generichem; H.M. Royal; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Lohmann; Lonza; Magnesia GmbH; Mallinckrodt Baker; Markinter; Martin Marietta Magnesia Spec.; Morton Int'l.; Poly Research; Premier Chems.; Robeco; Ruger; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tomita Pharmaceutical; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Wego Chem. & Min.; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Magnesium (II) carbonate (1:1). See Magnesium carbonate

Magnesium carbonate basic. See Magnesium carbonate hydroxide Magnesium carbonate basic, heavy. See Magnesium carbonate hydroxide

Magnesium carbonate hydroxide

CAS 7760-50-1; 12125-28-9; 39409-82-0; 56378-72-4 (pentahydrate); EINECS/ELINCS 231-851-8; 235-192-7

Synonyms: Basic magnesium carbonate; Hydromagnesite; Magnesia alba; Magnesium carbonate basic; Magnesium carbonate basic, heavy; Magnesium hydroxide carbonate; Magnesium, tetrakis[carbonato(2-)] dihydroxypenta-

Classification: Inorganic basic carbonate

Formula: Approx. (MgCO₃)₄ • Mg(OH)₂ • 5H₂O or (MgCO₃)₃ • Mg(OH)₂ • 3H₂O or MgCO₃ • Mg(OH)₂ • H₂O

Properties: Wh. bulky powd., odorless; sol. in about 3300 parts CO₂-free water; sol. in dil. acids with effervescence; insol. in alcohol; dec. > 700 C releasing CO₂

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Uses: Flame retardant filler for elastomers, plastics, paper; fireproofing; thermal insulation; prep. of effervescent magnesium citrate; clarifying liqs. by filtration; polishing compds.; mfg. min. waters, pigments; anticaking agent (salt); buffering agent; visc. control agent; nitric acid conc. reagent; foods (anticaking agent, flour treating agent, lubricant, release agent, nutrient supplement, pH control agent, processing aid, synergist); in tooth and face powds.; antacid

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1425, GRAS

Manuf./Distrib.: EM Ind.; Fluka; Lohmann; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Magnesium carbonate precipitated. See Magnesium carbonate

Magnesium chloride

CAS 7786-30-3; EINECS/ELINCS 232-094-6 Synonyms: Magnesium chloride anhydrous

Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: Cl₂Mg

Formula: MgCl₂

- Properties: Wh. to opaque gray gran. or flakes, odorless; sol. in water evolving heat, alcohol; m.w. 95.21; dens. 2.325; m.p. 708 C; b.p. 1412 C Tavicalogue L DE0 (cral rat) 2000 mg/l/g (IV mg/s) 14 mg/s; L DE0 (cral rat) 2000 mg/s; dense 2.325; m.p. 708 C; b.p. 1412 C
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 2800 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 14 mg/kg; LDLo (IP, rat) 225 mg/kg, (subcut., rat) 900 mg/kg; poison by IP and IV routes; mod. toxic by ing., subcut. routes; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; target organs: nerves, kidneys; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Precaution: Causes steel to rust very rapidly in humid environments Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Cl⁻

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Deliq., very hygroscopic; store under nitrogen

- Uses: Source of magnesium; disinfectants; fire extinguishers; fireproofing wood; cement; refrigerating brines; ceramics; cooling drilling tools; textile sizes and lubricants; paper mfg.; dust control on roads; flocculant; catalyst; thawing agent; curing agent (textile finishes); fertilizer granulation aid; foods (color retention aid, firming agent, flavor, tissue softener, processing aid, yeast nutrient); pharmaceuticals (electrolyte replenisher, in injectables and ophthalmics); in food-contact polysulfide polymer/polyepoxy resins Use Level: ADI not specified
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.560, 177.1650, 182.5446, 184.1426, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147, limitation ≤ 3% of 0.8 molar sol'n.; Japan approved; FDA approved for intramuscular injectables, intraocular injectables, ophthalmics; BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Advance Research Chems.; Aldrich; Alemark; Alfa Chem; Allan; Allchem Ind.; Atofina N. Am./Basic Chem.; Barker Ind.; Chemisphere; EnerChem; Fluka; Hickson Danchem; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Jarchem Ind.; Lohmann; Magnesia GmbH; Mallinckrodt Baker; Min. R&D; Oremet-Wah Chang; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tomita Pharmaceutical

Magnesium chloride anhydrous. See Magnesium chloride

Magnesium cocoate

Synonyms: Coconut fatty acids, magnesium salts; Fatty acids, coco, magnesium salt; Fatty acids, coconut oil, magnesium salt

Definition: Magnesium salt of coconut acid

- Uses: Emulsifier, surfactant in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives, foodcontact resinous/polymeric coatings for polyolefin films, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods, food-contact cellophane; defoamer in foodcontact coatings/paper; surf. lubricant in mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260; 178.3910

Magnesium dipalmitate. See Magnesium palmitate Magnesium distearate. See Magnesium stearate Magnesium dodecyl sulfate. See Magnesium lauryl sulfate Magnesium fluorosilicate. See Magnesium silicofluoride Magnesium fluosilicate. See Magnesium silicofluoride Magnesium hexadecanoate. See Magnesium palmitate Magnesium hexafluorosilicate. See Magnesium silicofluoride Magnesium hydrate. See Magnesium hydroxide Magnesium hydrogen metasilicate. See Talc

Magnesium hydroxide

CAS 1309-42-8; EINECS/ELINCS 215-170-3

- Synonyms: Brucite; Magnesia magma; Magnesium hydrate; Milk of magnesia
- Classification: Inorganic base

Empirical: H₂MgO₂

Formula: Mg(OH)2

- Properties: Wh. amorphous powd. or colorless hexagonal cryst., odorless; sol. in sol'n. of ammonium salts and dilute acids; almost insol. in water and alcohol; m.w. 58.33; dens. 2.36; m.p. 350 C (dec.)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 8500 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 2780 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP route; human systemic effects (general depressed activity, coma); toxic when inhaled; harmless to skin; TSCA listed

Precaution: Noncombustible; incompat. with maleic anhydride

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Absorbent; buffering agent; intermediate for obtaining magnesium metal; sugar refining; residual fuel oil additive; in foods as drying agent, alkali, nutrient supplement, color retention aid, pH control, processing aid; sulfite pulp; uranium processing; dentifrices; flame retardant filler in plastics/ rubber; extender pigment for flame retardant coatings; fluoride removal in water treatment; wastewater acid neutralization, desilication, heavy metals removal; medicine (antacid, laxative); milk of magnesia
- Use Level: ADI not specified (EU)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1428, GRAS; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals; BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Actrachem; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; AluChem; Am. Int'I.; AmeriBrom; Baymag; Chemisphere; Coyne; EM Ind.; Fluka; Generichem; Giles; J.M. Huber/Chems.; J.W.S. Delavau; Lohmann; Mallinckrodt Baker; Markinter; Martin Marietta Magnesia Spec.; Morton Int'I.; Nat'I. Magnesia; Ocean Chems.; Omya Croxton+Garry; Reheis; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tetra; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels; Zinkan Enterprises

Trade Names: MHT® 60 S; MHT® 60 XS

Magnesium hydroxide carbonate. See Magnesium carbonate hydroxide

Magnesium lauryl sulfate

- CAS 3097-08-3; 68081-97-0; EINECS/ELINCS 221-450-6
 - Synonyms: Magnesium dodecyl sulfate; Magnesium monododecyl sulfate; Sulfuric acid, monododecyl ester, magnesium salt
 - Definition: Magnesium salt of lauryl sulfate
 - Empirical: C₂₄H₅₀MgO₈S₂
 - *Formula:* [CH₃(CH₂)₁₀CH₂OSO₃]₂⁻Mg⁺⁺
 - Properties: Pale yel. liq., mild odor; sol. in methanol, acetone, water; insol. in kerosene; m.w. 555.09; anionic
 - Toxicology: TSCA listed
 - Precaution: Combustible
 - Uses: Surfactant, detergent, foaming, wetting agent, and emulsifier for toothpaste and shampoos; foaming agent in pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21ČFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1200 Manuf./Distrib.: Ashland; Rhodia HPCII

Magnesium lithium sodium silicate. See Smectite

Magnesium monododecyl sulfate. See Magnesium lauryl sulfate

Magnesium myristate

- CAS 4086-70-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-817-6
- Synonyms: Myristic acid, magnesium salt; Tetradecanoic acid, magnesium salt

Definition: Magnesium salt of myristic acid

Empirical: $C_{14}H_{28}O_2 \cdot \frac{1}{2}Mg$

Formula: [CH₃(CH₂)₁₂COO]⁻₂Mg⁺⁺

Uses: Opacifier, viscosity control agent in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.863, 175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 178.3910

Magnesium octadecanoate. See Magnesium stearate

Magnesium oxide

- CAS 1309-48-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-171-9
- Synonyms: Calcined magnesia; Calcined magnesite; Deadburned magnesite; Magnesia; Magnesia, calcined; Magnesia, caustic-calcined; Magnesia clinker; Magnesia, dead-burned; Magnesia, fused; Magnesia oxide fume; Magnesia, sintered; Magnesia usta; Magnesite, caustic-calcined; Magnesium oxide fume; Periclase; Seawater magnesia; White charcoal Classification: Inorganic oxide

Definition: Inorganic salt of magnesium

Empirical: MgŎ

- Properties: Wh. powd. or cryst., odorless; sol. in dil. acids, ammonium salt sol'ns.; very sl. sol. in water; insol. in alcohol; m.w. 40.31; dens. 3.65-3.75; bulking value 0.034 gal/lb; oil absorp. 70; m.p. 2800 C; b.p. 3600 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA (as magnesium) 10 mg/m³ (fume); TCLo (inh., human) 400 mg/m³; toxic by inhalation of fume; can cause febrile reaction and leukocytosis in humans; irritating to eyes and respiratory system; equivocal tumorigen; questionable carcinogen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Noncombustible; violent reaction or ignition with interhalogens; incandescent reaction with phosphorus pentachloride

Storage: Moisture-sensitive

- Uses: Refractories (steel furnace linings); polycrystalline ceramic for aircraft windshields; elec. insulations; cosmetics; inorg. rubber accelerator; paper mfg.; white color standard; reflector in optical instruments; filler/extender for paints, rubbers; thickener for polyester resins; fluoride removal in water treatment; acid neutralization; heavy metals removal; water desilication; foods (alkali, anticaking, lubricant, nutrient); pharmaceuticals (antacid, mild laxative, buffer, mineral nutrient); absorbent; opacifier; buffering agent; colorant in food-contact polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty foods; in perfluorocarbon cured elastomers for food contact; activator in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use
- Use Level: ADI not specified (FAO/WHO)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §163.110, 175.300, 176.170, 177.1460, 177.2400, 177.2600, 178.3297, 182.5431, 184.1431, GRAS; Japan restricted; Europe listed; FDA approved for orals; BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Alfa Chem; Allan; AluChem; Am. Int'l.; Atlantic Equip. Engrs.; Baymag; Cerac; Chemisphere; Crystran Ltd; EM Ind.; Fluka; Generichem; Harwick; J.W.S. Delavau; K3; Lohmann; Magnesia GmbH; Mallinckrodt Baker; Markinter; Martin Marietta Magnesia Spec.; Morton Int'l.; Nat'l. Magnesia; Premier Chems.; Reade Advanced Materials; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Sigma; Southeastern Mins.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tetra; Tomita Pharmaceutical; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Magnesium oxide fume. See Magnesium oxide

Magnesium palmitate

CAS 2601-98-1; EINECS/ELINCS 220-010-0

Synonyms: Hexadecanaoic acid, magnesium salt; Magnesium dipalmitate; Magnesium hexadecanoate

Definition: Magnesium salt of palmitic acid

Empirical: $C_{16}H_{32}O_2 \cdot \frac{1}{2}Mg$

Formula: $Mg(C_{16}H_{31}O_2)_2$

Properties: Cryst. needles or wh. lumps; insol. in water and alcohol; m.p. 121.5 C

Precaution: Combustible

- Uses: Opacifier; visc. control agent; lubricant for plastics; in food-pkg. adhesives; drier for varnishes, in food-contact coatings; defoamer in foodcontact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of foodcontact metallic articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.863, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 178.3910

Magnesium silicofluoride

CAS 16949-65-8; 18972-56-0; EINECS/ELINCS 241-022-2; UN No. 2853 (DOT)

Synonyms: Hexafluorosilicate (2-) magnesium (1:1); Magnesium fluorosilicate; Magnesium fluosilicate; Magnesium hexafluorosilicate; Silicate (2-), hexafluoro-, magnesium (1:1)

Definition: Avail. commercially as the hexahydrate

Empirical: F₆Si • Mg

- Formula: MgSiF₆
- Properties: Anhyd.: M.w. 166.40; Hexahydrate: Wh. efflorescent cryst., odorless; sol. in water; insol. in alcohol; m.w. 274.52; dens. 1.788; @ 120 C, loses SiF₄
- *Toxicology:* Anhyd.: Mod. toxic by ing.; Hexahydrate: OSHA PEL:TWA 2.5 mg (F)/m³; LD50 (oral, guinea pig) 200 mg/kg; poison by ingestion; mod. toxic by subcut. route; TSCA listed

Precaution: Keep away from food

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of F-
- Uses: Mothproofing agent for textiles, wool treatment; wood preservative; oral care agent
- Manuf./Distrib.: Atomergic Chemetals; Browning; Miljac; Peridot; Triple Crown Am.
- Trade Names Containing: Sylysia 435; Sylysia 445

Magnesium stearate

- CAS 557-04-0; EINECS/ELINCS 209-150-3
- Synonyms: Dibasic magnesium stearate; Magnesium distearate; Magnesium octadecanoate; Octadecanoic acid, magnesium salt; Stearic acid, magnesium salt
- Classification: Sat. aliphatic carboxylic acid salt

Definition: Magnesium salt of stearic acid

- Empirical: C₃₆H₇₀MgO₄
- Formula: [CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COO]₂Mg
- Properties: Wh. soft oily powd., tasteless, odorless; insol. in water, alcohol, ether; dec. by dilute acids; m.w. 591.27; dens. 1.028; m.p. 88.5 C (pure)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) > 10 g/kg (@ 25%); sl. toxic by ing.; ing. may cause vomiting; inh. of high concs. of dust may cause coughing and mild temporary irritation; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible dust; may form explosive dust-air mixts.; incompat. with acids (reacts vigorously)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and toxic fumes
- Storage: Store in cool area away from ignition sources
- Uses: Baby dusting powder; lubricant in making tablets; drier in paints and varnishes; release, stabilizer, and lubricant for plastics; amino resin processing lubricant; emulsifier for cosmetics; surfactant; cosmetic colorant; anticaking agent in fire extinguishers; food additive (anticaking, binder, emulsifier, stabilizer, defoamer); pharmaceuticals (colorant, tablet lubricant); in food-pkg. adhesives; drier in food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard
- Use Level: ADI not specified (FAO/WHO)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.863, 173.340; 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 178.3910, 179.45, 181.22, 181.29, 184.1440, GRAS; must conform to FDA specs for salts of fats or fatty acids derived from edible oils; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for buccals, parenterals, orals, vaginals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur., JP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allan; Am. Int'l.; Avrachem AG; Charkit; Chemisphere; Cometals; Crompton/Witco; EM Ind.; Fallek; Ferro/Grant; Ferro; Gallard-Schlesinger Ind.; H.M. Royal; Jarchem Ind.; Kraft Chem.; Lohmann; Magnesia GmbH; Mallinckrodt Baker; Miljac; NOF Am.; Norac; Norman, Fox; Ruger; San Yuan; Sea-Land; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Magnesium sulfate (1:1). See Magnesium sulfate anhydrous

Magnesium sulfate anhydrous

- CAS 7487-88-9; EINECS/ELINCS 231-298-2
- Synonyms: Epsom salts; Magnesium sulfate (1:1); Magnesium sulphate; Sulfuric acid magnesium salt (1:1)
- Classification: Inorganic salt
- Empirical: O₄S Mg

Formula: MgSO4

- Properties: Colorless crystals, odorless, saline bitter taste; sol. in water; slowly sol. in glycerin; sl. sol. in alcohol; m.w. 120.37; dens. 2.65; dec. at 1124 C
- Toxicology: LDLo (oral, mouse) 5 g/kg, (IV, mouse) 48 mg/kg; LD50 (subcut., rat) 1200 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mod. toxic by ing., IP, subcut. routes; human systemic effects; potential adverse reactions incl. drowsi-

ness, depressed reflexes, paralysis, low blood pressure, circulatory collapse; experimental teratogen; mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Precaution: Noncombustible; potentially explosive when heated with ethoxyethynyl alcohols

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic

- Uses: Fireproofing agent, warp sizing, dyeing/printing aux. for textiles; mineral waters; catalyst carrier; catalyst in process industries; paper sizing; cosmetic lotions; fertilizer ingred.; magnesia refractory brick raw material; ceramics; visc. control agent; detergent cake mfg.; micronutrient in agric.; nutrient, dietary supplement, flavor enhancer, processing aid, fermentation aid in foods; animal feed additive; pharmaceutical orals; medicine (cathartic, laxative, local painkiller, antidote)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §182.5443, 184.1443, GRAS; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals; BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Adheswara Chems. Pvt. Ltd.; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allan; Am. Int'l.; Barrington; Brøste; Charkit; Chemisphere; Fluka; Gallard-Schlesinger Ind.; Generichem; Giles; Harcros; Heico; Lohmann; Mallinckrodt Baker; Miljac; O.C. Lugo; PQ; Poly Research; Ruger; Sigma; Southern Ionics; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tomita Pharmaceutical; Wm. Blythe Ltd
- Trade Names: Magnabrite™

Magnesium sulfate heptahydrate

- ČAS 10034-99-8; EINEČS/ELINCS 231-298-8
- Synonyms: Bitter salts; Epsom salts; Sulfuric acid, magnesium salt (1:1) heptahydrate

Empirical: MgO₄S • 7H₂O

Formula: MgSO₄ • 7H₂O

- Properties: Efflorescent cryst. or powd., bitter saline cooling taste; sol. 71 g/ 100 ml in water (20 C); sl. sol. in alcohol; m.w. 246.48; dens. 1.670; pH 6-7; loses water of cryst. above 150 C
- *Toxicology:* TDLo (oral, man, 4 h intermittent) 183 mg/kg; mod. toxic by several routes; parenteral use or use in presence of renal insufficiency, may lead to magnesium intoxication; target organs: nerves, GI system

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0 Storage: Keep well closed; store @ R.T.

Uses: Nutrient magnesium source for horticulture; flavor enhancer, nutrient, dietary supplement, processing aid, firming agent in foods, beer-making; mfg. of Epsom salts; micronutrient in biosynthesis; in fertilizers, explosives; weighting cotton and silk; inc. bleaching action of chlorinated lime; maintains pulp visc. and quality in bleaching of kraft hard and soft wood pulps; fireproofing fabrics; anticonvulsant; cathartic; purgative

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1443, GRAS; Europe listed; UK approved Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aktiva Ltd; Aldrich; Allan; Fluka; Giles; Lohmann; Ruger; Sigma; Wm. Blythe Ltd Trade Names: PQ® Epsom Salt Tech.

Magnesium sulphate. See Magnesium sulfate anhydrous

Magnesium tallowate

- CAS 68953-41-3; EINECS/ELINCS 273-205-8 *Synonyms:* Fatty acids, tallow, magnesium salt *Definition:* Magnesium salt of tallow acid
- Uses: Emulsilier; surfactant; food pkg. adhesives; in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 178.3910
- Magnesium, tetrakis[carbonato(2-)] dihydroxypenta-. See Magnesium carbonate hydroxide

Magnetite. See Iron oxide black

Mahogany oil. See Sodium petroleum sulfonate

Maize oil. See Corn (Zea mays) oil

Maize starch. See Corn (Zea mays) starch

MALA. See Maleic anhydride

Malamine, hexakis (methoxymethyl). See Hexamethoxymethylmelamine Maleic acid anhydride. See Maleic anhydride

Maleic anhydride

CAS 108-31-6; EINECS/ELINCS 203-571-6; UN No. 2215 (DOT) Synonyms: MA; MAA; MALA; MAN; cis-Butenedioic anhydride; 2,5-Dihydrofuran-2,5-dione; Dihydro-2,5-dioxofuran; 2,5-Furandione; Maleic acid anhydride; Toxilic anhydride

Classification: Aliphatic carboxylic acid anhydride

Empirical: C4H2O3

- Properties: Colorless needles; irritating, acrid odor; sol. in water forming maleic acid; sol. in acetone, ethyl acetate, hydrocarbons, alcohol, dioxane, oxygenated solvs.; partly sol. in chloroform, benzene; m.w. 98.06; dens. 0.934 (20/4 C); m.p. 53 C; b.p. 200 C; flash pt. (CC) 102 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 0.25 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 481 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 97 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 2620 mg/kg; poison by ing., IP routes; mod. toxic by skin contact; corrosive irritant to tissues, eyes, skin; can cause pulmonary edema; may cause asthmatic reaction in sensitized individuals; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Corrosive material; combustible exposed to heat or flame; can react vigorously with oxidizing materials; explosive as vapor exposed to heat or flame; violent reaction with bases; reacts with water
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion prods.: CO, CO₂; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke, irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 1
- Uses: Mfg. of unsat. polyester resins, alkyd coating resins, herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, plant growth regulators, and malic, fumaric, and tartaric acids; a pesticide; preservative for oils and fats, pharmaceuticals; sizing agent for paper; stabilizer for vinyl chloride; plasticizer; paints; inks; permanent press fabrics; mfg. of lubricating oil additives

Regulatory: SARA reportable; BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Aristech; Ashland; Atofina SA; BCH
 Brühl; BP Amoco; Baychem; Brown; Browning; Chemical; DSM Chemie
 Linz GmbH; Degussa-Hüls AG; Fluka; Huntsman; J.T. Baker; Miljac;
 Monsanto; NOF; Occidental; Primachem; Punda Mercantile; Royale
 Pigments & Chems.; Schweizerhall; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.;
 U.S. Chems.; United Min. & Chem.; Van Waters & Rogers; Whyte
 Chems. Ltd

Trade Names Containing: Polybond® 3002; Polybond® 3150

- Maleic anhydride/diisobutylene copolymer, ammonium salt. See Ammonium maleic anhydride/diisobutylene copolymer
- Maleic anhydride/diisobutylene copolymer, sodium salt. See Sodium maleic anhydride/diisobutylene copolymer

Maleic anhydride homopolymer

CAS 24937-72-2

Synonyms: 2,5-Furandione, homopolymer; Maleic anhydride oligomer; Maleic anhydride polymer; Maleic anhydride, polymers; Poly (maleic anhydride)

Formula: (C₄H₂O₃)_x

Toxicology: LD50 (IV, mouse) 110 mg/kg; TSCA listed Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180 Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Callaway

Maleic anhydride oligomer. See Maleic anhydride homopolymer Maleic anhydride/polyethylene copolymer. See Ethylene/MA copolymer Maleic anhydride polymer. See Maleic anhydride homopolymer

Maleic anhydride, polymer with ethyl acrylate and vinyl acetate, hydrolyzed

ČAS 113221-69-5 *Toxicology:* TSCA listed *Uses:* Deposit control additive, scale inhibitor in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.170

Maleic anhydride, polymers. See Maleic anhydride homopolymer Maleic anhydride/styrene copolymer. See Styrene/MA copolymer Maleic anhydride/styrene polymer. See Styrene/MA copolymer

Maleic resin

Synonyms: Fumaric resin; Maleinic resin

Definition: Avail. commercially in several different grades depending on type and ratio of raw materials: glycol-sol., spirit-sol., hydrocarbon-sol. types Properties: Soften. pt. 120-160 C

Uses: Gloss/adhesion promoter and hardener in alkyd resins, nitrocellulose lacquers, varnishes, printing inks, emulsion floor polishes; dry-strength additive in paper; binder in varnishes, stoving lacquers, printing inks Manuf./Distrib.: Chemcentral; Chemical; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs

Maleinic resin. See Maleic resin MAN. See Maleic anhydride

- Manila elemi copal. See Elemi gum
- MAP. See Ammonium phosphate
- MAPTAC. See Methacrylamidopropyltrimethylammonium chloride
- Marble. See Calcium carbonate Mascagnite. See Ammonium sulfate

Matting acid. See Sulfuric acid

Maxatase. See Protease

- MBC. See Carbendazim
- MBT. See 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole; Methylenebis (thiocyanate)
- 2-MBT. See 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole
- MC. See Methylcellulose
- MDAC. See 7-Diethylamino-4-methylcoumarin MDPE. See Polyethylene, medium density
- MEA. See Ethanolamine
- MEG. See Glycol
- MEHQ. See Hydroquinone monomethyl ether
- MEK. See Methyl ethyl ketone
- MELA. See Ethanolamine

Melamine

- CAS 108-78-1; EINECS/ELINCS 203-615-4
- Synonyms: Cyanuramide; Cyanuric triamide; Cyanurotriamide; Cyanurotriamine; Isomelamine; 2,4,6-Triamino-s-triazine; 2,4,6-Triamino-1,3,5-triazine; 2,4,6-Triamino-sym-triazine; sym-Triaminotriazine; 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6-triamine; s-Triazine, 2,4,6-triamino-

Empirical: C₃H₆N₆

- Properties: Colorless monoclinic prisms; sl. sol. in water; very sl. sol. in hot alcohol; insol. in ether; m.w. 126.15; dens. 1.573 (250 C); m.p. < 250 C; flash pt. > 300 C; b.p. sublimes; nonflamm.
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3161 mg/kg; LDLo (IP, rat) 3200 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing., IP routes; eye, skin, and mucous membrane irritant; causes dermatitis in humans; experimental carcinogen, tumorigen; experimental reproductive effector; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x and CN⁻
- Uses: Forms synthetic resins with formaldehyde; melamine resins; organic synthesis; fire-retardant intumescent paint ingred.; mfg. of food-contact paper/paperboard; leather tanning; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 181.30

Manuf./Distrib.: Agrolinz Melamin; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Am. Melamine Ind.; Atofina; BASF; BCH Brühl; Browning; Brøste; Charkit; Chemical; Cytec Ind.; DSM Chem. N. Am.; Fallek; Fluka; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Melamine Chems.; Miliac: Mitsui Toatsu: Monsanto; Nissan Chem. Ind.; Punda Mercantile; Reichhold; San Yuan; Sigma; United Min. & Chem.; Varsal Instruments; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Melamine/formal copolymer. See Melamine-formaldehyde resin Melamine/formaldehyde copolymer. See Melamine-formaldehyde resin

Melamine-formaldehyde resin

CAS 9003-08-1

- Synonyms: Melamine/formal copolymer; Melamine/formaldehyde copolymer; Melamine, polymer with formaldehyde; Melamine resin; Polyoxymethylene melamine; 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6-triamine, polymer with formaldehyde
- Classification: Amino resin; triazine-formaldehyde resin
- Definition: Thermosetting resin formed by the condensation reaction of formaldehyde with melamine

Formula: (CH₃H₆N₆ • CH₂O)_x

- Properties: Syrup or insol. wh. powd.; sol. in water
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 10 g/kg, (IV, mouse) 1900 µg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 10 g/kg; mod. toxic by IV route; low toxicity by ing. and skin contact; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors
- Uses: Film-former; crosslinking agent for coatings; fiber and paper processing; in paper/paperboard for food pkg.; flame retardant for PU; as molding compds. with α -cellulose, wood flour, or mineral powds. as fillers; laminating; boil-proof adhesives; wet str. additive in papers; flame-retardant

textile treatment agent; textile/leather processing; dinnerware; decorative plastic items; concrete admixtures; binder for fiber webs; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard, molded articles; in cellophane for food pkg.; in resin-bonded filters for food contact

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1460, 177.2260, 177.2470, 181.22, 181.30
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Astro Ind.; BASF; BFGoodrich/Textile; Bakelite GmbH; Chemical; Cytec Ind.; DSM Chem. N. Am.; Eastech; Georgia-Pacific Resins; Harborchem; Hopton Tech.; Monsanto; Nat'l. Casein; Neste Resins; Reichhold; Solutia; Sybron Trade Names: GMF-B
- Trade Names Containing: Melmac® 243-3

Melamine-formaldehyde resin, butylated

CAS 68002-25-5

Synonyms: Poly (melamine-co-formaldehyde), butylated

Classification: Formaldehyde copolymer

- Definition: Commercial prods. are mixts. contg. 3-6 butylated methylol groups on each molecule
- Properties: Sol. in oil; dens. 1.030; ref. index 1.4900 (20 C)
- Toxicology: Harmful by inh., ing., skin contact; severe irritant; sensitizer; may cause burning sensation, coughing, wheezing, laryngitis, shortness of breath, headache, nausea, vomiting; may cause allergic skin reaction; exposure can cause dizziness, incoordination, anorexia, unconsciousness; cancer suspect agent; mutagen; target organs: CNS, ears, liver, kidneys, blood

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x, methanol, formaldehyde, butanol; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions

- Storage: Keep tightly closed; store in cool dry place
- Uses: Crosslinking agent for hydroxyl-terminated thermosetting acrylic resins; alkyd-amino resins for printing inks; alkyd-amino stoving resins (domestic equipment, vehicle finishes); food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich
- Trade Names Containing: Cymel® 245-8; Cymel® 247-10; Cymel® 248-8; Cymel® 1158; Resimene® BM-5901

Melamine-formaldehyde resin, etherified acrylated CAS 152143-20-9

Trade Names Containing: Santolink® AM-129

Melamine-formaldehyde resin, isobutylated

CAS 68002-21-1

Synonyms: Poly (melamine-co-formaldehyde), isobutylated

- Classification: Formaldehyde copolymer
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 5000 mg/kg; highly toxic; may be fatal if inh., ing., or absorbed thru skin; extremely destructive to tissues of mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract, eyes, skin; sensitizer; lachrymator; inh. may cause spasm, inflamm./edema of the larynx and bronchi, chem. pneumonitis, pulmonary edema; may cause dizziness, anorexia, unconsciousness; cancer suspect agent; mutagen; target organs: CNS; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO2, NOx, formaldehyde, isobutanol, melamine
- Storage: Keep tightly closed; store in cool dry place
- Uses: Crosslinking agent for fast curing finishes; food-contact coatings, paper/ paperboard

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names Containing: Cymel® 255-10

Melamine-formaldehyde resin, methylated

CAS 68002-20-0

- Synonyms: Poly (melamine-co-formaldehyde), methylated; 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6-triamine compd. with formaldehyde, methylated; 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6triamine, polymer with formaldehyde, methylated Classification: Formaldehyde copolymer
- Properties: Dens. 1.200; flash pt. 110 C; ref. index 1.5190 (20 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 12,300 µl/kg; harmful if ing., inh. or absorbed thru skin; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; sensitizer; may cause allergic skin reaction; can cause acute pulmonary edema, ulceration/ bleeding from stomach, liver changes; cancer suspect agent; mutagen;

TSCA listed

- Precaution: Avoid heat; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; container explosion may occur under fire conditions
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x, methanol, formaldehyde; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions

Storage: Keep tightly closed; store in a cool dry place

- Uses: Crosslinking agent for thermosetting surf. coatings; used in aq. coatings incl. metal, paper, automotive, coil, and wood furniture and cabinet coatings, inks; reinforcement for rubber compds., latex dips; enhances rubber adhesion to textiles, cord
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Monsanto
- Trade Names: Cymel® 300; Resimene® AQ-1616; Resimene® AQ-7550 Trade Names Containing: Modacure® Resin; Resimene® 717; Resimene®
- 730; Resimene® 735; Resimene® 797; Resimene® 7111; Resimene® 7112: Resimene® HM-2608

Melamine-formaldehyde resin, methylated-butylated

CAS 68036-97-5

Synonyms: Poly (melamine-co-formaldehyde), methylated/butylated Classification: Formaldehyde copolymer

Properties: Dens. 1.096; flash pt. 110 C; ref. index 1.5010 (20 C)

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5000 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 5000 mg/kg; toxic; harmful by ing. inh., skin absorption; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; sensitizer; may cause allergic skin reaction; cancer suspect agent; mutagen

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; avoid heat

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x, methanol, formaldehyde; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions

Storage: Keep tightly closed; store in cool dry place

Uses: Crosslinking agent for thermosetting surf. coatings; resist. to hydrolysis; for auto, can/container, metal, metal deco, appliance, and extrusion coatings, and inks

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Resimene® 757

Trade Names Containing: Resimene® CE-6517

Melamine orthophosphate. See Melamine phosphate

Melamine phosphate

CAS 20208-95-1; EINECS/ELINCS 243-601-5

Synonyms: Melamine orthophosphate

Empirical: C₃H₉N₆O₄P

Formula: $C_3H_6N_6 \cdot H_3O_4P$

- Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. 0.35 g/ml water; dens. 1.69 kg/l; dec. starts at 300 C
- Uses: Flame retardant additive for plastics, rubbers, latex intumescent coating formulations, paper; intumescent paint/mastic ingred.
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Albright & Wilson Am.; DSM Chem. N. Am.; Great Lakes; Miljac

Melamine, polymer with formaldehyde. See Melamine-formaldehyde resin Melamine resin. See Melamine-formaldehyde resin

Melaniline. See Diphenylguanidine

Menhaden acid, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated menhaden acid

Menhaden oil

CAS 8002-50-4; EINECS/ELINCS 232-311-4

Synonyms: Brevoortia tyrannus oil; Brevoortia; Pogy oil; Mossbunker oil Definition: Oil obtained from the small North Atlantic fish, Brevoortia tyrannus

Properties: Ylsh.-brown or reddish-brown oil, char. fishy odor and taste; sol. in ether, benzene, petrol. ether, naphtha, kerosene, CS_2 ; dens. 0.925-0.933; m.p. 38.5-47.2 C; iodine no. 115-160; sapon. no. 191-200; ref. index 1.480 (20 C)

Toxicology: No known toxicity; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Uses: Substitute for linseed oil; leather dressing; hydrogenated fats for cooking and industrial use; printing inks; animal feed; lubricants; paint drier; cleansers; lipstick; as tallow substitute in soap mfg.; rubber compounding; emollient, solvent in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in foodcontact textiles; nutritional supplements in pharmaceuticals

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; Alnor Oil; Arista Ind.; Croda Oleochems.; Sigma; Werner G. Smith

Menhaden oil, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated menhaden oil

2-Mercaptobenzothiazole

- CAS 149-30-4; EINECS/ELINCS 205-736-8
- Synonyms: MBT; 2-MBT; 2-Benzothiazolethiol; 2(3H)-Benzothiazolethione; 2-Benzothiazolyl mercaptan
- Classification: Benzothiazole
- Empirical: C7H5NS2
- Formula: CHCHCHCHCCSC(SN)N
- Properties: Yel. powd., distinctive unpleasant odor; sol. in dilute caustic, alcohol, acetone, benzene, chloroform; sl. sol. in oxygenated solvs.; pract. insol. in water, gasoline; m.w. 167.25; sp.gr. 1.42; m.p. 180-182 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 100 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 7940 mg/kg; poison by ing. and IP routes; tumorigen; mutagen; carcinogenic evidence in rats; experimental teratogenic and reproductive effects; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp. or on contact with acids or acid fumes, emits toxic SO_x and NO_x
- Uses: Vulcanization accelerator for rubber (requires stearic acid for full activation); tire treads; mech. specialties; fungicide; corrosion inhibitor in water treatment; petroleum prod.; extreme pressure additive in greases; flotation collector (sulfide ores); in food-pkg. adhesives; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard; accelerator for food-contact rubber articles for repeated use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.300, 177.2600; SARA reportable

Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Charkit; Cytec Ind.; Fluka; Monsanto; R.T. Vanderbilt; Sigma; Uniroyal Trade Names: Naugex® MBT

2-Mercaptobenzothiazole sodium deriv. See Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole

- 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole sodium salt. See Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole
- Mercuriphenyl acetate. See Phenylmercuric acetate
- Mercurous chloride. See Dimercury dichloride
- Mercury, (acetato) phenyl-. See Phenylmercuric acetate
- Mercury chloride. See Dimercury dichloride Mercury (I) chloride. See Dimercury dichloride
- Mercury subchloride. See Dimercury dichloride

Meroxapol 105

- CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)
- Classification: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene block polymer
- Formula: $HO(CHCH_3CH_2O)_x(CH_2CH_2O)_y(CH_2CHCH_3O)_z)H$, avg. x = 7, y = 22, z = 7

Properties: Nonionic liq.; nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing. and IP routes; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, binder, stabilizer, plasticizer, lubricant, solubilizer, dispersant, visc. control agent, defoamer, intermediate for hard surf. detergents, rinse aids, automatic dishwashing, textile processing, paper processing, paints; latexes, water treating systems, petrol. industries, pharmaceuticals

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Pluronic® 10R5

Meroxapol 108

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene block polymer

- Formula: HO(CHCH₃CH₂O)_x(CH₂CH₂O)_y(CH₂CHCH₃O)_z)H, avg. x = 7, y = 91, z = 7
- Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, binder, stabilizer, plasticizer, lubricant, solubilizer, dispersant, visc. control agent, defoamer, intermediate for hard surface detergents, rinse aids, automatic dishwashing, textile processing, paper processing, etc.

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Meroxapol 171

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene block polymer Formula: $HO(CHCH_3CH_2O)_x(CH_2CH_2O)_y(CH_2CHCH_3O)_z)H$, avg. x = 12, y = 4, z = 12Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, binder, stabilizer, plasticizer, lubricant, solubilizer, dispersant, visc. control agent, defoamer, intermediate for hard surface detergents, rinse aids, automatic dishwashing, textile processing, paper processing; paints, adhesives Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Nonionic 1017-R Meroxapol 172 CAS 9003-11-6 (generic) Classification: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene block polymer Formula: $HO(CHCH_3CH_2O)_x(CH_2CH_2O)_y(CH_2CHCH_3O)_y)H$, avg. x = 12, y = 9, z = 12 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, binder, stabilizer, plasticizer, lubricant, solubilizer, dispersant, visc. control agent, defoamer, intermediate for hard surface detergents, rinse aids, automatic dishwashing, textile processing, paper processing; paints, adhesives, pharmaceuticals Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Antarox® 17-R-2; Nonionic 2017-R; Pluronic® 17R2 Meroxapol 174 CAS 9003-11-6 (generic) Classification: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene block polymer Formula: $HO(CHCH_3CH_2O)_x(CH_2CH_2O)_y(CH_2CHCH_3O)_z)H$, avg. x = 12, y = 23, z = 12 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, binder, stabilizer, plasticizer, lubricant, solubilizer, dispersant, visc. control agent, defoamer, intermediate for hard surface detergents, rinse aids, automatic dishwashing, textile processing, paper processing, paints; pharmaceuticals Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Meroxapol 178 CAS 9003-11-6 (generic) Classification: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene block polymer Formula: $HO(CHCH_3CH_2O)_x(CH_2CH_2O)_y(CH_2CHCH_3O)_y)H$, avg. x = 12, y = 136, z = 12 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, binder, stabilizer, plasticizer, lubricant, solubilizer, dispersant, visc. control agent, defoamer, intermediate for hard surface detergents, rinse aids, automatic dishwashing, textile processing, paper processing Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Meroxapol 251 CAS 9003-11-6 (generic) Classification: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene block polymer Formula: HO(CHCH₃CH₂O)_x(CH₂CH₂O)_y(CH₂CHCH₃O)₂)H, avg. x = 18, y = 6, z = 18 Properties: Nonionic liq.; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, binder, stabilizer, plasticizer, lubricant, solubilizer, dispersant, visc. control agent, defoamer, intermediate for hard surface detergents, rinse aids, automatic dishwashing, textile processing, paper processing; pharmaceuticals Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Meroxapol 252 CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene block polymer Formula: $HO(CHCH_3CH_2O)_x(CH_2CH_2O)_y(CH_2CHCH_3O)_z)H$, avg. x=18, y=14, z=18

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, binder, stabilizer, plasticizer, lubricant, solubilizer, dispersant, visc. control agent, defoamer, intermediate for hard sur-

face detergents, rinse aids, automatic dishwashing, textile processing, paper processing; paints, latexes, pharmaceuticals

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Antarox[®] 25-R-2; Antarox[®] EGE 25-2; Pluronic[®] 25R2

Meroxapol 254

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene block polymer

Formula: $HO(CHCH_3CH_2O)_x(CH_2CH_2O)_y(CH_2CHCH_3O)_z)H$, avg. x =

18, y = 34, z = 18

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, binder, stabilizer, plasticizer, lubricant, solubilizer, dispersant, visc. control agent, defoamer, intermediate for hard surface detergents, rinse aids, automatic dishwashing, textile processing, paper processing; paints, latexes, pharmaceuticals Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Meroxapol 255

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene block polymer

Formula: $HO(CHCH_3CH_2O)_x(CH_2CH_2O)_y(CH_2CHCH_3O)_z)H$, avg. x = 18, y = 51, z = 18

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, binder, stabilizer, plasticizer, lubricant, solubilizer, dispersant, visc. control agent, defoamer, intermediate for hard surface detergents, rinse aids, automatic dishwashing, textile processing, paper processing

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Meroxapol 258

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene block polymer

Formula: $HO(CHCH_3CH_2O)_x(CH_2CH_2O)_y(CH_2CHCH_3O)_z)H$, avg. x = 18, y = 163, z = 18

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, binder, stabilizer, plasticizer, lubricant, solubilizer, dispersant, visc. control agent, defoamer, intermediate for hard surface detergents, rinse aids, automatic dishwashing, textile processing, paper processing; paints, latexes, pharmaceuticals

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Meroxapol 311

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene block polymer

Formula: $HO(CHCH_3CH_2O)_x(CH_2CH_2O)_y(CH_2CHCH_3O)_y)H$, avg. x = 21, y = 7, z = 21

Properties: Nonionic liq.; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, binder, stabilizer, plasticizer, lubricant, solubilizer, dispersant, visc. control agent, defoamer, intermediate for hard surface detergents, rinse aids, automatic dishwashing, textile processing, paper processing, paints; pharmaceuticals; antifreeze Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Antarox® 31-R-1

Meroxapol 312

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene block polymer

Formula: $HO(CHCH_3CH_2O)_x(CH_2CH_2O)_y(CH_2CHCH_3O)_z)H$, avg. x = 21, y = 15, z = 21

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, binder, stabilizer, plasticizer, lubricant, solubilizer, dispersant, visc. control agent, defoamer, intermediate for hard surface detergents, rinse aids, automatic dishwashing, textile processing, paper processing

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Meroxapol 314

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic) Classification: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene block polymer

Formula: HO(CHCH₃CH₂O)_x(CH₂CH₂O)_y(CH₂CHCH₃O)_y)H, avg. x =21, y = 39, z = 21 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, binder, stabilizer, plasticizer, lubricant, solubilizer, dispersant, visc. control agent, defoamer, intermediate for hard surface detergents, rinse aids, automatic dishwashing, textile processing, paper processing Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Meta black. See Direct black 38 Metanil yellow. See Acid yellow 36 Metaphosphoric acid, hexasodium salt. See Sodium hexametaphosphate Metaphoxide. See Tris [1-(2-methyl-aziridinyl) phosphine oxide] **Metepa**. See Tris [1-(2-methyl-aziridinyl) phosphine oxide] Methacrylamidopropyltrimethylammonium chloride CAS 51410-72-1; EINECS/ELINCS 257-182-1 Synonyms: MAPTAC; 3-(Methacrylamidopropyl) trimethyl ammonium chloride; Methacrylamidopropyl trimonium chloride; (3-(Methacryloylamino) propyl) trimethylammonium chloride Classification: Nonaromatic amide Empirical: C10H21CIN2O Formula: CH₂CH₃CCONHCH₂CH₂CH₂N(CH₃)₃⁺Cl⁻ Properties: M.w. 220.74; dens. 1.1053; ref. index 1.43 Toxicology: Irritant; TSCA listed Uses: Flocculating aid; paper sizes; ion exchange resins; antistatic finishing; hydrophilic glass fibers; superabsorbents; toner polymers; thickeners; cement additives; anticorrosives; adhesives; cosmetics; prod. of acrylamide copolymers Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich Trade Names: Mhoromer® BM 613 3-(Methacrylamidopropyl) trimethyl ammonium chloride. See Methacrylamidopropyltrimethylammonium chloride Methacrylamidopropyl trimonium chloride. See Methacrylamidopropyltrimethylammonium chloride Methacrylate copolymer. See Methacrylic acid copolymer Methacrylatochromic chloride Synonyms: Methacrylato chromic chloride hydroxide Empirical: C4H6CI5Cr2O3 Formula: CH₂:C(CH₃)C:OOCr₂Cl₅OH Properties: Solid; water-sol.; m.w. 383.34 Uses: Coupling agent for plastics; bonding agent and coupling agent for glassreinforced laminates; water repellent, nonadhesive, insolubilizer for vinyl polymer Trade Names: Volan®; Volan® L Methacrylato chromic chloride hydroxide. See Methacrylatochromic chloride Methacrylic acid CAS 79-41-4; EINECS/ELINCS 201-204-4; UN No. 2531 (inhibited) Synonyms: MAA; Acrylic acid, 2-methyl-; 2-Methylacrylic acid; α -Methylacrylic acid; α -Methylacrylic acid (monomer); 2-Methylene propionic acid; 2-Methylpropenoic acid; 2-Methyl-2-propenoic acid; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-; Propionic acid, 2-methylene-Empirical: C₄H₆O Formula: H₂C:C(CH₃)COOH Properties: Colorless liq., repulsive acrid odor; sol. in warm water, alcohol, ether, most org. solvs.; sol. > 10 mg/ml in water (17 C); m.w. 86.09; dens. 1.015 (20 C); vapor pressure 1 mm (25.5 C); m.p. 15-16 C; b.p. 163 C; flash pt. (OC) 76 C

- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 20 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 1060 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 48 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 500 mg/kg; poison by IP route; mod. toxic by ing., skin contact; corrosive; strong irritant to skin, eyes, mucous membranes; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; corrosive; flamm. exposed to heat, flame, oxidizers; a storage hazard; spontaneous exothermic polymerization can occur
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke, irritating fumes

Storage: Storage hazard

Uses: Monomer for large-volume resins and polymers, organic synthesis;

comonomer for thermosetting acrylic resins; carboxylated comonomer for S/B-nitrile latex; engineering adhesives; thickener for hair care prods.; paints; ion-exchange membrane; processing agent, binder for paper and textile; leather treatment; adhesion promoter; pharmaceutical ophthalmics *Regulatory:* FDA approved for ophthalmics

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Atofina; Brøste; Degussa-Hüls; Fluka; Kuraray; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Rohm & Haas; Rohm Tech; Sigma; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Trade Names: Mhoromer® AM 199 Trade Names Containing: Baypren Latex 4 R; Sipomer® SEM 25

Methacrylic acid/acrylic acid copolymer

CAS 25751-21-7 Uses: Boiler water additive in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Methacrylic acid butyl ester. See Butyl methacrylate

Methacrylic acid copolymer

Synonyms: Methacrylate copolymer

- Definition: Fully polymerized copolymer of methacrylic acid and an acrylic or methacrylic ester; Type C may contain surfactants
- Properties: Wh. powd., faint char. odor; sol. in dil. alkali, buffer sol'ns. of pH ≥ 7, methanol, alcohol, IPA, acetone; insol. in water, dil. acids; visc. 50-200 cps
- Uses: Prod. of enteric coated tablets; masks unpleasant taste/odors of pharmaceutical ingreds.; visc. index improver, pour pt. depressant, low temp. sludge dispersant; in hydraulic fluids; lt. stabilizer for PP, ABS, PS, nylon, LDPE, LLDPE, HDPE, acrylics, PC, thermoplastic polyester, SAN, thermoplastic elastomers, surf. coatings; flocculant; retention agent; dehydration accelerator; hair fixative

Regulatory: USP/NF compliance Trade Names: Floclair® DMR; Perglutin® K 418

Methacrylic acid, diester with tetraethylene glycol. See PEG-4 dimethacrylate

Methacrylic acid, 2-(diethylamino) ethyl ester. See Diethylaminoethyl methacrylate

Methacrylic acid dodecyl ester. See Lauryl methacrylate 2-Methacrylic acid dodecyl ester. See Lauryl methacrylate Methacrylic acid 2,3-epoxypropyl ester. See Glycidyl methacrylate Methacrylic acid, ethyl ester. See Ethyl methacrylate Methacrylic acid, hexadecyl ester. See Cetyl methacrylate

Methacrylic acid homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.180

Methacrylic acid, 2-hydroxypropyl ester. See 2-Hydroxypropyl methacrylate Methacrylic acid isobornyl ester. See Isobornyl methacrylate

Methacrylic acid, isobutyl ester. See Isobutyl methacrylate

Methacrylic acid, isodecyl ester. See Isodecyl methacrylate

Methacrylic acid lauryl ester. See Lauryl methacrylate

Methacrylic acid, methyl ester. See Methyl methacrylate

Methacrylic acid methyl ester polymers. See Polymethyl methacrylate Methacrylic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol. See Hydroxypropyl methacrylate

- 2-Methacryloxyethyltrimethyl ammonium chloride. See Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate methyl chloride guat.
- (3-(Methacryloylamino) propyl) trimethylammonium chloride. See Methacrylamidopropyltrimethylammonium chloride

N-(2-Methacryloyloxyethyl) ethylene urea

Uses: In plastics, paints, leather, paper, textiles; polymerization Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich Trade Names: Rohamere[®] 6852-0 Trade Names Containing: Rohamere[®] 6844-0

Methamin. See Hexamethylenetetramine

Metham potassium. See Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate Methanal. See Formaldehyde

Methanecarboxylic acid. See Acetic acid

Methanesulfinic acid, hydroxy-, monosodium salt. See Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate Methane, sulfonylbis trichloro-. *See* Bis (trichloromethyl) sulfone Methanoic acid. *See* Formic acid

Methanol. See Methyl alcohol

Methanone, (1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl phenyl)-. See p-Phenylbenzophenone Methenamine. See Hexamethylenetetramine

Methenamine 3-chloroallylochloride. See Quaternium-15

Methicone

CAS 9004-73-3

Synonyms: Poly [oxy(methylsilylene)] Classification: Linear monomethyl polysiloxane

Empirical: (CH₄OSi)_x

Properties: Colorless fluid; odorless; tasteless; dens. 1.006; ref. index 1.3980 Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Antistat; emollient; reactive fluid for modification of polyester and methacrylic resins; as waterproofing and impregnating agents for textiles, paper, leather; as hydrophobizing agents for powds., silicas, and other fillers; in food-pkg. adhesives; food-contact slimicide; ink transfer preventive for food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.130, 177.1200 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich: Fluka Trade Names: Masil® SF-MH

Methocel. See Methylcellulose

1-Methoxy-2-acetoxypropane. See Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate 2-(Methoxycarbonylamino) benzimidazol. See Carbendazim 2-(Methoxycarbonylamino) benzimidazole. See Carbendazim Methoxycarbonylethylene. See Methyl acrylate Methoxy dipropylene glycol. See PPG-2 methyl ether Methoxy ether of propylene glycol. See Methoxyisopropanol 1-Methoxy-2-hydroxypropane. See Methoxyisopropanol

Methoxyisopropanol

CAS 107-98-2; EINECS/ELINCS 203-539-1; UN No. 3092 (DOT)

Synonyms: MP; PGME; Methoxy ether of propylene glycol; 1-Methoxy-2hydroxypropane; 2-Methoxy-1-methylethanol; Methoxypropanol; 1-Methoxy-2-propanol; Monopropylene glycol methyl ether; Polypropylene glycol monomethyl ether; 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy; Propylene glycol methyl ether; Propylene glycol monomethyl ether; α-Propylene glycol monomethyl ether

Classification: Aliphatic ether alcohol

Empirical: C₄H₁₀O₂

- Formula: CH₃OCH₂CH(OH)CH₃
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; ether-like sweet odor; sol. in water, acetone, benzene, CCl₄, ethyl ether, petrol. ether, methanol; misc. with oxygenated solvs.; m.w. 90.14; dens. 0.919; m.p. -96.7 C; b.p. 120 C; flash pt. (CC) 32 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 100 ppm; STEL 150 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 5660 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 3720 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 4200 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) 13 g/kg; mod. toxic by IV route; mildly toxic by ing., inh., skin contact; vapor irritates eyes and causes tearing; skin irritant; human systemic effects by inh. (anesthesia, nausea); experimental teratogen; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm.; dangerous fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame; can react with oxidizing materials

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in cool, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight; hygroscopic

Uses: Antifreeze/coolant for diesel engines; coalescing solvent for paints, lacquers, resins, dyes, oils/greases, cellulosics, acrylics, cleaners, inks, electronics, textile dyes, agric. prods., cosmetics, floor polish, adhesives, fuel additives; solvent sealing of cellophane; oil field; mining; epoxy laminates; chem. intermediate applics.; heat transfer fluid; in food-pkg. adhesives; adjuvant in slimicides in food-contact paper/paperboard; solvent, coupling agent, wetting agent, penetrant for household/industrial cleaners *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.300, 181.22, 181.30

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BP Amoco; Fluka; Harcros; Norman, Fox; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Whyte Chems. Ltd

1-(2-Methoxyisopropoxy)-2-propanol. See PPG-2 methyl ether

2-Methoxy-1-methylethanol. See Methoxyisopropanol

(2-(2-Methoxymethylethoxy) methylethoxy) propanol. See PPG-3 methyl ether

1-(2-Methoxy-1-methylethoxy)-2-propanol. See PPG-2 methyl ether
(2-Methoxymethylethoxy) propanol. See PPG-2 methyl ether
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate. See Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate
2-((2-Methoxy-4-nitrophenyl) azo)-N-(2-methoxyphenyl)-3-oxobutanamide. See Pigment yellow 74
4-Methoxyphenol. See Hydroquinone monomethyl ether
p-Methoxyphenol. See Hydroquinone monomethyl ether
α, ω-Methoxypoly (ethylene oxide). See PEG dimethyl ether
Methoxypropanol. See Methoxyisopropanol
1-Methoxy-2-propanol. See Methoxyisopropanol
1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate. See Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate
Methoxypropoxypropanol. See PPG-2 methyl ether
3-(3-(3-Methoxypropoxy) propoxy) propan-1-ol. See PPG-3 methyl ether

1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate. See Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate 2-(1-Methoxy) propyl acetate. See Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate

Methoxy tripropylene glycol acrylate

Synonyms: Monomethoxy tripropylene glycol monoacrylate Uses: Reactive diluent with exc. solvating props.; exhibits good adhesion to aluminum, paper, paperboard, and selected plastics; useful in UV/EB

adhesives Trade Names: Photomer® 8061

Methurol. See Dimethylol urea Methyene oxide. See Formaldehyde

Methyl abietate, hydrogenated. See Methyl hydrogenated rosinate Methyl acetone. See Methyl ethyl ketone

Methyl acid phosphate

CAS 812-00-0

Synonyms: Methyl phosphoric acid; Methyl orthophosphoric acid; Phosphoric acid, monomethyl ester

- *Empirical:* CH₅O₄P
- Formula: CH₃H₂PO₄
- Properties: Straw-colored liq.; m.w. 112.03; dens. 1.42
- Toxicology: LD (oral, rat) > 250 mg/kg; mutagen; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic fumes of PO_x

Uses: Textile and paper processing compds.; catalyst in urea resin formulation; polymerizing agent for resins and oils; rust remover; soldering flux; chemical intermediate; solubilizer, hydrotrope for acid cleaners, detergents, industrial cleaning, water treatment

Methyl acrylate

- CAS 96-33-3; EINECS/ELINCS 202-500-6; UN No. 1919 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Acrylic acid methyl ester; Methoxycarbonylethylene; Methyl propenate; Methyl propenoate; Methyl 2-propenoate; Propenoic acid methyl ester; 2-Propenoic acid methyl ester
- *Classification:* Aliphatic organic compd.
- Definition: Ester of methyl alcohol and acrylic acid
- *Empirical:* C₄H₆O₂
- Formula: CH₂:CHCOOCH₃
- Properties: Colorless volatile liq.; acrid odor; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 86.1; dens. 0.9574 (20/20 C); m.p. -76.5 C; b.p. 79-80 C; flash pt. (TOC) 25 F; ref. index 1.401 (20 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 ppm (skin); LD50 (oral, rat) 0.3 g/kg, (IP, rat) 325 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 1243 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) 1350 ppm; poison by ing., IP routes; mod. toxic by skin contact; mildly toxic by inh.; human systemic effects by inh. (olfaction, eye, and respiratory changes); irritant to skin and eyes; chronic exposure may cause lung/liver/kidney injury; questionable carcinogen; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm.; dangerous fire and explosion risk; can react vigorously with oxidizers; may form peroxides which may initiate exothermic polymerization
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Storage: Štorage hazard

Uses: Monomer for acrylic polymers; amphoteric surfactants; chemical intermediate; leather finish resins; textile and paper coatings; plastic films; oral pharmaceuticals; vitamin B₁; modifier for oils/alkyds in food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300; FDA approved for orals

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Atofina; BASF; Celanese; Filo; Fluka; G.J. Chem.; LG Chem. Am.; Mitsubishi Chem.; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Showa Denko; Whyte Chems. Ltd Trade Names: Norsocryl® MA

Methyl acrylate polymer

Empirical: C4H6O2

Properties: Transparent elastic substance, pract. odorless; little adhesive power; resists the usual solvs.; m.w. 86.09; dens. 0.956; m.p. -75 C; b.p. 80 C; flash pt. 44 F

Precaution: Flamm. lig.

Uses: Used in mfg. of paper/paperboard for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §181.30

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; BASF; Celanese; Fluka

2-Methylacrylic acid. See Methacrylic acid

 α -Methylacrylic acid. See Methacrylic acid

2-Methyl acrylic acid decyl ester. See Isodecyl methacrylate

α-Methylacrylic acid (monomer). See Methacrylic acid

3-(2-Methylacryloyloxy)-propane-1-sulfonic acid, potassium salt. See Potassium sulfopropyl methacrylate

Methyl adipate. See Dimethyl adipate

Methyl alcohol

CÁS 67-56-1; EINECS/ELINCS 200-659-6; UN No. 1230 (DOT)

Synonyms: Carbinol; Colonial spirit; Columbian spirits; Methanol; Methyl hydrate; Methyl hydroxide; Methylol; Monohydroxymethane; Pyroxylic spirit; Wood alcohol; Wood naphtha; Wood spirit

Empirical: CH4O

Formula: CH₃OH

- Properties: Clear colorless liq., alcoholic odor (pure), pungent odor (crude); highly polar; misc. with water, alcohol, ether, benzene, ketones, most org. solvs.; m.w. 32.05; dens. 0.7924; m.p. -97.8 C; b.p. 64.5 C; flash pt.(CC) 6 C; ref. index 1.3292 (20 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 200 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 5628 mg/kg; toxic (causes blindness); poisonous by ing., inh., or percutaneous absorp.; eye/skin irritant; narcotic; acute effects: headache, fatigue, nausea, visual impairment, acidosis; convulsions, circulatory collapse, respiratory failure, death; usual fatal dose 100-250 ml; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; TSCA listed

Precaution: DOT: Flamm. liq.; dangerous fire risk; explosive limits 6.0-36.5% vol. in air; reacts vigorously with oxidizers; violent or explosive reactions possible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

Uses: Industrial solvent; mfg. of formaldehyde, acetic acid, dimethyl terephthalate, methyl esters; chemical synthesis; antifreeze; solvent for nitrocellulose, polyvinyl butyral, shellac, rosin, manila resin, dyes, paints, waterborne coatings; plastics softener; denaturant; octane booster in gasoline; as fuel for picnic stoves, soldering torches; extractant for animal/veg. oils; extraction solvent for hops extract, spice oleoresins (foods); pharmaceutical solvent, excipient; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; solvent in food-contact PPO resins

Use Level: Limitation 50 ppm (spice oleoresins), 2.2% (hops extract)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.560, 173.250, 173.385, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2420, 177.2460, 27CFR §21.115; FDA approved for orals; USP/NF, BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Air Prods.; Albright & Wilson Am.; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Amyl; Ashland; Baychem; Brown; C.P. Hall; CPS; Celanese; Chemcentral; Coastal Chem Inc; Coyne; DuPont; Eastman; Equistar; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; General Chem.; Georgia Gulf; Harcros; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; J.T. Baker; Miljac; Nissan Chem. Ind.; Norsk Hydro AS; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Samson; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sterling Chems.; Sunnyside; Van Waters & Rogers; Varsal Instruments; Veckridge

Trade Names Containing: Ancowet A-70; Ancowet S-60; Arquad® 2C-70 Nitrite; Celnax® CX-Z401M; Nacure® 2530

Methyl aldehyde. See Formaldehyde

2-Methyl-2-amino-1-propanol. See Aminomethyl propanol

2-(N-Methylanilino) ethanol

CAS 93-90-3

Synonyms: Ethanol, 2-(N-methylphenylamino); N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-Nmethylaniline; N-Methyl-N-hydroxyethylaniline; N-Methyl-N-β-hydroxyethylaniline; 2-(Methylphenylamino) ethanol; Methyl phenyl ethanolamine; Phenyl methyl ethanolamine

Empirical: C₉H₁₃NO

Properties: M.w. 151.23

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2830 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 3250 µl/kg; mod. toxic by ing. and skin contact; skin and severe eye irritant; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x Uses: Coupling agent for disperse dyes for syn. fibers; photosensitive chemical for paper coatings

Manuf./Distrib.: Frinton Labs; Pfaltz & Bauer; TCI Am.

Methyl aphoxide. See Tris [1-(2-methyl-aziridinyl) phosphine oxide]

Methylated poly (N-1,2-dihydroxyethylene-1,3-imidazolidin-2-one) Uses: Starch insolubilizer for paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

1-Methylazacyclopentan-2-one. See N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone 2-Methylazacyclopropane. See Propyleneimine 2-Methylaziridine. See Propyleneimine

Methylbenzene. See Toluene

4-Methylbenzenesulfonic acid. See p-Toluene sulfonic acid p-Methylbenzenesulfonic acid. See p-Toluene sulfonic acid

Methyl 2-benzimidazolecarbamate. See Carbendazim

Methyl benzimidazole-2-yl carbamate. See Carbendazim

Methyl benzimidazol-2-yl carbamate. See Carbendazim

Methylbenzol. See Toluene

4-Methylbenzophenone

CAS 134-84-9

- Synonyms: P-Benzophenone, methyl-; 4-Methyl-p-benzophenone; Phenyl p-tolyl ketone
- Empirical: C14H12O
- *Formula:* CH₃C₆H₄COC₆H₅

Properties: Colorless cryst.; sol. in alcohol, benzene, common org. solvs.; m.w. 196.26; m.p. 59 C; b.p. 326 C

Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 250 mg/kg; poison by IP route; TSCA listed *Precaution:* Flamm.

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Fixative in perfumes

Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Aldrich

Trade Names Containing: Esacure® KT37; Esacure® TZT

4-Methyl-p-benzophenone. See 4-Methylbenzophenone

2-Methyl-4,6-bis [(octylthio) methyl] phenol. See 2,4-Bis [(octylthio) methyl]o-cresol

2-Methyl-1,3-butadiene, homopolymer. See Polyisoprene

3-Methýl-1,3-butadiene polymer with 2-methyl-1-propene. See Isobutylene/isoprene copolymer

1-Methylbutyl acetate. See s-Amyl acetate

2-Methyl butylacrylate. See Butyl methacrylate

Methyl caprylate

CAS 111-11-5; EINECS/ELINCS 203-835-0; FEMA 2728

Synonyms: Caprylic acid, methyl ester; Methyl octanoate; Octanoic acid, methyl ester

Definition: Ester of methyl alcohol and caprylic acid

Empirical: C₉H₁₈O₂

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₆COOCH₃

Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in alcohol, ether; insol. in water; m.w. 158.24; dens. 0.875 (20/4 C); f.p. -37.3 C; b.p. 193-194 C; flash pt. 69 C; ref. index 1.417 (20 C)

Toxicology: LDLo (IV, mouse) 48 mg/kg; poison by IV route; TSCA listed *Precaution:* Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors

Uses: Emollient; intermediate for detergents, emulsifiers, wetting agents, stabilizers, resins, lubricants, plasticizers; synthetic flavoring agent for foods and pharmaceuticals; fragrance; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.225, 172.515, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800; FEMA GRAS

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfrebro; Fluka; Grau Aromatics; Penta Mfg.; Sigma

Methyl caprylate/caprate

CAS 67762-39-4, 68937-83-7

Synonyms: Mixed decanoic and octanoic acids, methyl esters

Definition: Mixture of esters of methyl alcohol and caprylic and capric acids Uses: Emollient; in lubricants for automotive, textile, metal rolling operations; food coatings; solvent for pesticides and herbicides; detergent intermediate; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in foodcontact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.225, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800

Methylcarbinol. See Alcohol

Methylcellulose

CAS 9004-67-5; FEMA 2696

Synonyms: MC; Cellulose methyl; Cellulose methylate; Cellulose methyl ether; Citrucel; Cologel; Methocel; Methyl cellulose ether

Definition: Methyl ether of cellulose

- Properties: Grayish-wh. fibrous powd., odorless, tasteless; aq. suspension swells in water to visc. colloidal sol'n.; sol. in cold water, glacial acetic acid, some org. solvs.; insol. in alcohol, ether, chloroform, warm water; m.w. 86,000-115,000
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 275 g/kg; LDLo (IV, mouse) 1 g/kg; poison by IP route; nonallergenic; may cause immune responses; TSCA listed *Precaution:* Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Protective colloid in water-based paints to prevent flocculation of pigment; film and sheeting; binder in ceramic glazes; leather tanning; dispersant; thickener; sizing agent; adhesive; paper greaseproofing; plasticizer (ceramic/refractory); emulsion stabilizer; visc. stabilizer for latex and emulsion paints; foods (thickener, stabilizer, emulsifier, bodying agent, bulking agent, film-former, binder); pharmaceuticals (tablet binder, coating agent, emulsifier, dispersant, bulk laxative); visc. control agent; in foodpkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact coatings

Use Level: ADI 0-25 mg/kg (FAO/WHO)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §150.141, 150.161, 175.105, 175.210, 175.300, 176.200, 182.1480, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7, limitation 0.15% in meat and vegetable prods.; FEMA GRAS; Japan restricted (2% max.); Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for buccals, injectables, ophthalmics, orals, topicals, vaginals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Akzo Nobel; Äldrich; Alfa Chem; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; CarboMer; Celanese; Chemcentral; Dow; Fluka; Hercules/Aqualon; J.H. Calo; Punda Mercantile; Ruger; Shin-Etsu; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Methyl cellulose ether. See Methylcellulose

Methylchloroisothiazolinone

CAS 26172-55-4; EINECS/ELINCS 247-500-7

Synonyms: Chloromethylisothiazolinone; 5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one; 5-Chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one; 4-Isothiazolin-3-one, 5chloro-2-methyl-

Classification: Heterocyclic organic compd.

Empirical: C4H4CINOS

Properties: M.w. 149.60

Toxicology: Danger of skin and respiratory sensitization

Uses: Antimicrobial, biocide, preservative for metalworking fluids, polymer emulsions, cooling tower water treatment, paints, topical pharmaceuticals; slimicide for paper mills; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170

Trade Names: Kathon® WT

Trade Names Containing: Acticide® HF; Acticide® SPX; Acticide® WT; Acticide® WTC; Amerstat® 251; Biochek® 430; Metasol® CMI-150; Nipacide® CBX A; Nipacide® CI; Nipacide® CI 15; Paxgard ST; Paxgard WT

3-Methyl-4-chlorophenol. See p-Chloro-m-cresol

Methylchrysoidine. See Basic orange 1

Methyl cocoate

- CAS 61788-59-8; EINECS/ELINCS 262-988-1
- Synonyms: Coconut acid methyl ester; Fatty acids, coco, methyl esters; Methyl ester of coconut oil fatty acids
- Definition: Ester of methyl alcohol and coconut fatty acids
- Formula: RCO–OCH₃, RCO– represents the fatty acids derived from coconut oil

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Emollient, plasticizer, lubricant for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, plastics, lubricating oils, textiles, leather, cutting oils; chemical and detergent intermediate; food coatings; solvent for pesticides and herbicides; in foodpkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; surf. lubricant in mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.225, 175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3910

N-Methyldiallylamine hydrochloride polymer with epichlorohydrin

Uses: Retention aid, flocculant, wet str. additive for mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Methyldibromo glutaronitrile

- CÁS 35691-65-7; EINECS/ELINCS 252-681-0
- Synonyms: 2-Bromo-2-(bromomethyl) glutaronitrile; 2-Bromo-2-(bromomethyl) pentanedinitrile; 1,2-Dibromo-2,4-dicyanobutane; Glutaronitrile, 2-bromo-2-(bromomethyl)
- Definition: Brominated methylene glutaronitrile

Empirical: C₆H₆Br₂N₂

- Formula: NCCBrCH₂BrCH₂CH₂CN
- Properties: Mildly pungent odor; sol. in methanol, ethanol, ether; insol. in water; m.w. 265.96; m.p. 51.2-52.5 C
- Toxicology: TDLo (oral, rat) 1750 mg/kg; TSCA listed
- Uses: Antimicrobial for preserving cosmetics, personal care prods., aq. systems incl. paints, emulsions, adhesives, joint cements, metalworking fluids, inks, polishes, waxes, dispersed pigments; preservative in foodpkg. adhesives; preservative in latexes used as pigment binders in coatings, pigment slurries used in coatings, and in coatings for food-contact paper/paperboard; preservative for defoamers in food-contact paper/paperboard; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.210, 176.300; USA not restricted; Europe listed
- Manuf./Distrib.: Schülke & Mayr
- Trade Names: Metasol® CB-225 L.C.; Tektamer® 38; Tektamer® 38 A.D.; Tektamer® 38 L.V.
- Trade Names Containing: Biochek® 410; Biochek® 430; Metasol® CB-220; Metasol® CB-225A.D.
- 4-Methyl-2,6-di-t-butylphenol. See BHT

Methyl di-t-butylphenol. See BHT

4-Methyl-7-(diethylamino) coumarin. See 7-Diethylamino-4-methylcoumarin 4-Methyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-one. See Propylene carbonate

Methyl dodecanoate. See Methyl laurate

Methyl n-dodecanoate. See Methyl laurate

Methyl dodecylate. See Methyl laurate

Methylenebisbutanethiolsulfonate

Uses: Slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.300

2,2⁻-Methylenebis (4-chlorophenol). See Dichlorophene

Methylenebis (thiocyanate)

CAS 6317-18-6

Synonyms: MBT; MTC; Methylene dithiocyanate; Thiocyanic acid, methylene ester

Classification: Organosulfur compd.

- *Empirical:* $C_3H_2N_2S_2$
- Formula: CH₂(SCN)₂
- Properties: Yel. to It. orange powd., irritating pungent odor; not very sol. in water; m.w. 130.19; m.p. 105-107 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 55 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 3600 µg/kg; LDLo (subcut., rabbit) 20 mg/kg; poison by ing., IV, subcut. routes; causes severe skin irritation; tumorigen; TSCA listed

Environmental: Toxic to fish; do not discharge into lakes, streams, or public waters; keep away from drinking water sources

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NOx and SOx

Uses: Biocide for water treatment, cooling water systems, evaporate condensers, pulp and paper, antifoulant paint, leather, timber preservation, oil well brines and drilling muds; wood preservative (stops wood rot, termite attack, mildew, and decay); algicide; fungicide; bactericide; slimicide in paper mills, food-contact paper/paperboard; preservative for paints, adhesives, syn. polymer latexes, latex emulsions; antimicrobial for aq. prods., thickeners, slurries

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300

Manuf./Distrib.: Albright & Wilson Am.; Aldrich; Aquapharm; Clearon; Dead Sea Bromine; Vinings Ind.

Trade Names: Amerstat® 282; Metasol® T-10WB; Microtrol 210; Paxgard MB 10; Paxgard MBT; Qemicide MBT-10; Taurine-MBT; Tolcide® MBT; Tolcide® MW10

Trade Names Containing: Busan® 1105; Paxgard BSL

Methylene dithiocyanate. See Methylenebis (thiocyanate)

Methylene glycol. See Formaldehyde

2-Methylene propionic acid. See Methacrylic acid

Methylenesuccinic acid. See Itaconic acid

Methyl ester of coconut oil fatty acids. See Methyl cocoate

Methyl esters of soybean oil. See Methyl soyate

Methyl ester stearic acid. See Methyl stearate

Methyl ester of wood rosin. See Methyl rosinate

1-Methylethyl acetate. See Isopropyl acetate (1-Methylethyl) 1,1 '-biphenyl. See 1,1 '-Biphenyl (1-methylethyl)

Methyl ethyl carbinol. See 2-Butanol

1-Methylethyl dodecanoate. See Isopropyl laurate

1-Methyl ethylene carbonate. See Propylene carbonate

Methyl ethylene glycol. See Propylene glycol

Methylethylenimine. See Propyleneimine

2-Methylethylenimine. See Propyleneimine

Methyl ethyl glycol. See Propylene glycol

1-Methylethyl hexandecanoate. See Isopropyl palmitate

2,2 - ((1-Methylethylidene) bis (4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)) bisoxirane. See Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether

Methyl ethyl ketone

CÁS 78-93-3; EINECS/ELINCS 201-159-0; UN No. 1193 (DOT); FEMA 2170

Synonyms: MEK; Butanone; 2-Butanone; 3-Butanone; Ethyl methyl ketone; Methyl acetone; Methyl-2-propanone; 2-Oxobutane

Classification: Sat. aliphatic ketone

Empirical: C4H8O

Formula: CH₃COCH₂CH₃

- Properties: Colorless liq., acetone-like odor; sol. in 4 parts water, benzene, alcohol, ether, oxygenated and chlorinated solvs.; misc. with fixed oils; m.w. 72.10; dens. 0.8255 (0/4 C); vapor pressure 71.2 mm (20 C); visc. 0.40 cp; m.p. -86 C; b.p. 79.6 C; flash pt. (TOC) 24 F; ref. index 1.3814 (15 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 200 ppm; STEL 300 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 2737 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 616 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing., skin contact, IP routes; toxic by inh.; strong irritant; mod. to severe eye irritant; human eye irritant @ 350 ppm; affects CNS; ing. of extremely high concs. may cause loss of consciousness or death; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; TSCA listed

Precaution: DOT: Flamm. liq; dangerous fire risk; explosive limits in air 2-10%; incompat. with oxidizers, strong acids, mixts. of haloforms and strong bases, mixts. of hydrogen peroxide and nitric acid

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Explosive peroxides; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in cool, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight, away from heat/ignition sources, away from corrosives

Uses: Solvent in nitrocellulose coatings, acrylic coatings, vinyl films, paint removers, paints, lacquers, varnishes, cements, adhesives, magnetic tapes, printing inks, polymerization, organic synthesis; process solvent; metal degreasing; syn. leathers; chem. intermediate; mfg. of smokeless powder; cleaning fluids; lube oil dewaxing; priming, catalyst carrier; ex-

traction solvent in food processing; in food-pkg. adhesives; syn. flavoring agent; adjuvant in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FĎA 21CFR §172.515, 175.105, 175.320, 177.1200

 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfrebro; Allchem Ind.; Amyl; Arch Chems.; Ashland; Atofina; BP Chems. Ltd; Baychem; C.P. Hall; Celanese; Chemcentral; Eastman; Exxon; Fluka; GNC Group; General Chem.; Harcros; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; ICC Ind.; J.T. Baker; Mallinckrodt Baker; Oxiteno; Penta Mfg.; Primachem; R.E. Carroll; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Samson; Shell; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sunnyside; Union Carbide; Van Waters & Rogers; Varsal Instruments
 Trade Names Containing: PAPHEN® PKHS-40

1-Methylethyl octadecanoate. See Isopropyl stearate 1-Methylethyl-9-octadecenoate. See Isopropyl oleate 1-Methylethyl tetradecanoate. See Isopropyl myristate Methyl glycol. See Propylene glycol 16-Methylheptadecanoic acid. See Isostearic acid Methyl hexadecanoate. See Methyl palmitate Methyl hydrate. See Methyl alcohol

Methyl hydrogenated rosinate

CAS 8050-13-3; 8050-15-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-476-2

Synonyms: Hydrogenated methyl ester of rosin; Hydrogenated methyl rosinate; Methyl abietate, hydrogenated; Methyl rosinate, hydrogenated; Resin acids and rosin acids, hydrogenated, methyl esters

Definition: Ester of methyl alcohol and the hydrogenated mixed long chain acids derived from rosin

Empirical: C₂₁H₃₆O₂

Properties: M.w. 320.52

Uses: Film-former; plasticizer and tackifier in lacquers, inks, adhesives, floor tiles, vinyl plastisols, artificial leather, and antifouling paints; fixative and carrier in perfumes and cosmetic preps.; visc. control agent; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, polymers *Trade Names*: Hercolyn® D

Methyl hydroxide. See Methyl alcohol

N-Methyl-N-hydroxyethylaniline. See 2-(N-Methylanilino) ethanol N-Methyl-N-β-hydroxyethylaniline. See 2-(N-Methylanilino) ethanol Methyl 12-hydroxyoctadecanoate. See Methyl hydroxystearate Methyl 12-hydroxy-9-octadecenoate. See Methyl ricinoleate Methyl 12-hydroxyoleate. See Methyl ricinoleate

Methyl hydroxystearate

CAS 141-23-1; EINECS/ELINCS 205-471-8

Synonyms: 12-Hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, methyl ester; 12-Hydroxystearic acid methyl ester; Methyl 12-hydroxyoctadecanoate; Methyl 12-hydroxystearate

Definition: Ester of methyl alcohol and hydroxystearic acid

Empirical: C₁₈H₃₈O₃

Formula: C₁₆H₃₄OHCOOCH₃

Properties: Wh. waxy solid, flat rods; insol. in water; sl. sol. in org. solvs.; m.w. 314.57; m.p. 48 C

Toxicology: Experimental tumorigen; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Uses: Emollient; lubricant, processing aid for butyl rubber, adhesives, inks, cosmetics, greases, paints; opacifier, pearlescent, emulsifier, visc. builder for surfactant systems; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Manuf./Distrib.: Acme-Hardesty; Alnor Oil; Artek; Brook-Chem; J.H. Calo

Methyl 12-hydroxystearate. See Methyl hydroxystearate

Methylisothiazolinone

CAS 2682-20-4; EINECS/ELINCS 220-239-6

Synonyms: 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-; 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one; 2-Methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone

Classification: Heterocyclic organic compd.

Empirical: C₄H₅NOS

Uses: Antimicrobial preservative for paints, topical pharmaceuticals, etc.; paper mill slimicide; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170

Trade Names Containing: Acticide® HF; Acticide® SPX; Acticide® WT; Acticide® WTC; Amerstat® 251; Biochek® 430; Metasol® CMI-150; Nipacide® CBX A; Nipacide® CI; Nipacide® CI 15; Paxgard ST; Paxgard WT

2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one. See Methylisothiazolinone 2-Methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone. See Methylisothiazolinone

Methyl ketone. See Acetone

Methyl lardate

Uses: Solvent, carrier for agric. spray prods.; defoaming component in metalworking; paper deinking; pharmaceutical fermentation; wetting agent, lubricant ingred. for metalworking and lubricating oils

Manuf./Distrib.: Anar; Chemol; Norman, Fox; Sea-Land

Methyl laurate

CAS 111-82-0; EINECS/ELINCS 203-911-3; FEMA 2715

Synonyms: Dodecanoic acid methyl ester; Lauric acid methyl ester; Methyl dodecanoate; Methyl n-dodecanoate; Methyl dodecylate; Methyl laurinate Definition: Ester of methyl alcohol and lauric acid

Empirical: C₁₃H₂₆O₂

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₀COOCH₃

- Properties: Water-wh. liq., fatty floral odor; insol. in water; m.w. 214.35; dens. 0.8702 (20/4 C); m.p. 4-5 C; b.p. 262 C (766 mm); flash pt. > 230 F; ref. index 1.4320
- *Toxicology:* LDLo (IV, mouse) 48 mg/kg; poison by IV route; may be harmful by inh., ing., or skin absorption; may cause irritation; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; noncorrosive; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents, strong bases
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors

Storage: Keep tightly closed; store in cool, dry place

- Uses: Intermediate for detergents, emulsifiers, wetting agents, stabilizers, lubricants, plasticizers, textiles, plastics, cosmetics; lubricant in textile spin finishes; syn. flavoring agent for foods, pharmaceuticals; fragrance ingred.; emollient; solvent for pesticides and herbicides; defoamer in foodcontact coatings and paper/paperboard; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles
- Use Level: 0.5-5 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 0.5-5 ppm (ice cream), 0.02-0.5 ppm (candy), 1 ppm (baked goods)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.225, 172.515, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800; FEMA GRAS; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Chemol; Cognis/Chems. Group; Fluka; Indofine; Jarchem Ind.; NOF Am.; Penta Mfg.; Pfaltz & Bauer; Procter & Gamble; Riedel-deHaën; Sigma; Stepan; Uniqema N. Am.; Uniqema/Oleochems.

Methyl laurinate. See Methyl laurate

Methyl methacrylate

CÁS 80-62-6; EINECS/ELINCS 201-297-1; UN No. NA 1247 (DOT)

Synonyms: MMA; MME; Acrylic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester; Nethacrylic acid, methyl ester; Methyl α-methacrylate; Methyl-2-propenoate; 2-Methyl-2-propenoic acid methyl ester; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester

Definition: Methyl ester of methacrylic acid

Empirical: C5H8O2

Formula: CH₂:C(CH₃)COOCH₃

- Properties: Colorless volatile liq.; sharp fruity odor; sol. in MEK, THF, esters, aromatic and chlorinated hydrocarbons; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 100.1; dens. 0.940 (25/25 C); vapor pressure 40 mm (25.5 C); f.p. -48.2 C; b.p. 99-100 C; flash pt. (TOC) 13 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 100 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 8.4 g/kg, (IP, rat) 1328 mg/kg, (subcut., rat) 7500 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat) 3750 ppm; mod. toxic by inh., IP routes; mildly toxic by ing.; human systemic effects by inh. (anorexia, blood pressure decrease); potent sensitizer; may cause contact dermatitis on handling, occupational asthma; irritating to skin, eyes, respiratory system; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen, teratogen, reproductive effector; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Highly flamm.; dangerous fire risk; explosive limits 2.1-12.5% in air; can react with oxidizers; explosive as vapor exposed to heat or flame; reacts in air to form heat-sensitive explosive prod.; violent reactions possible; common air contaminant

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Polymethyl methacrylate block bonding agent; monomer for polymethacrylate resins, paints, impregnation of concrete; nitrile resin comonomer; mfg. of acrylic sheet, molding compds.; marble-like surfaces for kitchen/ bath; engineering adhesives; industrial flooring compds.; precast concrete composites; reactive diluent for unsat. polyester resins; resin mortars for self-leveling floors, jointless wall/floor coatings; thickener for hair care prods.; binder for lacquers, inks; pigment wetter; modifier for oils/alkyds in food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300; SARA reportable

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Brøste; Cyro Ind.; Degussa-Hüls; FRP Services; Fluka; Ineos Acrylics; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Rohm & Haas; Sigma; Total Spec. Chems.; Transol Chems. UK Ltd; United Min. & Chem.; Van Waters & Rogers; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Trade Names: Mhoromer® MMA

Trade Names Containing: Rohamere® 21; Rohamere® 61; Rohamere® 568; Rohamere® 626; Rohamere® 977; Rohamere® 1410; Rohamere® 1960-D; Rohamere® 3045; Rohamere® 6844-0; Rohamere® 8478; Rohamere® 8662; Rohamere® 9158; Rohamere® 84124; Rohamere® FF-6; Rohamere® FF+40

Methyl α-methacrylate. See Methyl methacrylate

Methyl methacrylate homopolymer. See Polymethyl methacrylate Methyl methacrylate polymer. See Polymethyl methacrylate Methyl methacrylate polymers. See Polymethyl methacrylate Methyl methacrylate resin. See Polymethyl methacrylate α-Methyl-α-methoxypolydimethylsiloxane. See Dimethyl siloxane Methyl-2(methyl-2) oxybispropanol. See Dipropylene glycol Methyl-2-methyl-2-propenoate. See Methyl methacrylate

Methyl myristate

CAS 124-10-7; EINECS/ELINCS 204-680-1; FEMA 2722

Synonyms: Methyl tetradecanoate; Tetradecanoic acid, methyl ester

Definition: Ester of methyl alcohol and myristic acid

Empirical: C₁₅H₃₀O₂

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₂COOCH₃

Properties: Colorless liq., honey and orris-like odor; insol. in water; m.w. 242.40; dens. 0.866 (20/4 C); m.p. 17.8 C; b.p. 186.8 C (30 mm); flash pt. > 112 C; ref. index 1.438 (20 C)

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

- Uses: Emollient; intermediate for myristic acid detergents; emulsifiers; wetting agents; stabilizers; resins; lubricants; plasticizers; animal feeds; standard for gas chromatography; syn. flavoring agent for foods, pharmaceuticals; fragrance; solvent for pesticides and herbicides; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles
- Use Level: 0.25-0.5 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 0.25-5 ppm (ice cream), 2.4 ppm (candy), 0.3-2 ppm (baked goods), 0.24 ppm (gelatins, puddings)
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.225, 172.515, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800; FEMA GRAS; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Cognis/Chems. Group; Fluka; Grau Aromatics; Indofine; Jarchem Ind.; NOF Am.; Penta Mfg.; RTD; Sigma; Stepan; Uniqema N. Am.
- Methyl Namate. See Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate

1-((4-Methyl-2-nitrophenyl) azo)-2-naphthalenol. See Pigment red 3

Methyl octadecanoate. See Methyl stearate

Methyl n-octadecanoate. See Methyl stearate

Methyl 9-octadecenoate. See Methyl oleate

Methyl-cis-9-octadecenoate. See Methyl oleate

Methyl (Z)-9-octadecenoate. See Methyl oleate

Methyl octanoate. See Methyl caprylate

Methylol. See Methyl alcohol

Methyl oleate

- CAS 112-62-9; 67762-38-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-992-5; 267-015-4
- Synonyms: Methyl 9-octadecenoate; Methyl-cis-9-octadecenoate; Methyl (Z)-9-octadecenoate; 9-Octadecenoic acid, methyl ester; (Z)-9-Octadecenoic acid, methyl ester; Oleic acid, methyl ester, cis-; cis-Oleic acid, methyl ester

Definition: Ester of methyl alcohol and oleic acid

Empirical: C₁₉H₃₆O₂

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CH=CH(CH₂)₇COOCH₃

- Properties: Clear to amber liq., faint fatty odor; sol. in alcohols, most org. solvs.; misc. with oxygenated solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 296.55; dens. 0.8739 (20 C); f.p. -19.9 C; b.p. 218.5 C (20 mm); pour pt. -15 C; ref. index 1.4510 (26 C); nonionic
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (total dust); TDLo (skin, mouse, 45 wk intermittent) 54 g/kg; low oral toxicity; mildly irritating to skin; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen which causes leukemia and skin tumors by skin contact; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Emollient; intermediate for detergents, emulsifiers, wetting agents, stabilizers, paints, textile treatment, plasticizers for PS, cellulosics, duplicating inks, rubbers, waxes, etc.; chromatographic reference standard; in food-pkg. adhesives; lubricant for textile spin finishes, metalworking fluids, cosmetics, leather; plasticizer/softener for rubbers; extrusion aid; defoamer for pharmaceutical fermentation; solvent-carrier for pesticides and herbicides; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.225, 175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Anar; Ashland; Cognis/Chems. Group; Eastech; Ferro/Bedford; Fluka; Int'l. Paper; Lambent Tech.; NOF Am.; Norman, Fox; Sea-Land; Sigma; Stepan; Uniqema N. Am.; Uniqema/Oleochems. Trade Names: Emery® Methyl Oleate

N-Methyl-N-oleoyltaurine sodium salt. See Sodium methyl oleoyl taurate Methylolpropane. See Butyl alcohol

Methylolurea resin. See Urea/formaldehyde resin

Methyl orthophosphoric acid. See Methyl acid phosphate

Methyl oxirane polymers. See Poloxamer 101

2-[Methyl (1-oxo-9-octadecenyl) amino] ethanesulfonic acid, sodium salt. See Sodium methyl oleoyl taurate

2-(Methyloxycarbonylamino) benzimidazole. See Carbendazim

Methyl palmitate

CÁS 112-39-0; EINECS/ELINCS 203-966-3

Synonyms: Hexadecanoic acid, methyl ester; Methyl hexadecanoate Definition: Ester of methyl alcohol and palmitic acid

Empirical: $C_{17}H_{34}O_2$

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₄COOCH₃

Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in alcohol, ether, oxygenated, chlorinated, and aromatic solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 270.46; m.p. 29.5 C; b.p. 211.5 C (30 mm); ref. index 1.4310 (45 C)

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

- Uses: Emollient; intermediate for detergents, emulsifiers, wetting agents, stabilizers, resins, lubricants, plasticizers; chemical synthesis; lubricant in min., cutting, lamination, textile oils, and rust inhibitors; animal feeds; flavoring agent; fragrance; textile and leather applic.; solvent for pesticides and herbicides; medical research; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.225, 175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3910
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Cognis/Chems. Group; Fluka; Grau Aromatics; Indofine; Norman, Fox; Penta Mfg.; Sigma; Stepan; Uniqema N. Am.
- 2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol. See Hexylene glycol
- 2-Methylpentane-2,4-diol. See Hexylene glycol

4-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol. See Hexylene glycol

- 2-(Methylphenylamino) ethanol. See 2-(N-Methylanilino) ethanol
- Methyl phenyl ethanolamine. See 2-(N-Methylanilino) ethanol

p-Methylphenylsulfonic acid. See p-Toluene sulfonic acid

Methyl phosphoric acid. See Methyl acid phosphate

Methyl polysiloxane

Properties: Nonionic

- Uses: Hammer finish additive for solv.-based paints; masonry water repellent; hydrophobe for silicate paints; wetting and flow agent
- Trade Names Containing: Rhodorsil® Emulsion 865A; Rhodorsil® Emulsion 878

- 1-Methyl propanol. See 2-Butanol
- 2-Methylpropanol. See Isobutyl alcohol

2-Methyl-1-propanol. See Isobutyl alcohol

- 2-Methylpropan-1-ol. See Isobutyl alcohol
- 2-Methyl-2-propanol. Seet-Butyl alcohol
- 2-Methylpropan-2-ol. See t-Butyl alcohol

Methyl-2-propanone. See Methyl ethyl ketone

Methyl propenate. See Methyl acrylate

2-Methyl-1-propene, homopolymer. See Polyisobutene

2-Methylpropene polymer. See Polyisobutene

- 2-Methyl-1-propene, polymer with 2,5-furandione. See Isobutylene/MA copolymer
- Methyl propenoate. See Methyl acrylate
- Methyl 2-propenoate. See Methyl acrylate

2-Methylpropenoic acid. See Methacrylic acid

- 2-Methyl-2-propenoic acid. See Methacrylic acid
- 2-Methyl-2-propenoic acid, ethyl ester. See Ethyl methacrylate
- 2-Methyl-2-propenoic acid methyl ester. See Methyl methacrylate
- 2-Methyl-2-propenoic acid methyl ester homopolymer. See Polymethyl methacrylate
- 2-Methyl-2-propenoic acid 2-methylpropyl ester. See Isobutyl methacrylate 2-Methyl-2-propenoic acid, oxiranylmethyl ester. See Glycidyl methacrylate
- 1-Methylpropyl acetate. See s-Butyl acetate
- 2-Methylpropyl alcohol. See Isobutyl alcohol
- 2-Methylpropyl hexadecanoate. See Isobutyl palmitate
- 2-Methylpropyl methacrylate. See Isobutyl methacrylate
- 2-Methylpropyl octadecanoate. See Isobutyl stearate
- 1-Methylpyrrolidinone. See N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone
- 1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone. See N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone
- N-Methylpyrrolidinone. See N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone
- N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone. See N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone
- Methyl pyrrolidone. See N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone
- 1-Methylpyrrolidone. See N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone

1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone. See N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone

N-Methylpyrrolidone. See N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone

- CAŚ 872-50-4; EINECS/ELINCS 212-828-1; UN No. NA 1993 (DOT) Synonyms: NMP; 1-Methylazacyclopentan-2-one; 1-Methylpyrrolidinone; N-Methylpyrrolidinone; N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone; 1-Methylpyrrolidone; 1-Methylpyrrolidone; N-Methylpyrrolidone; 1-Methylpyrrolidone; 1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone
- Classification: Sat. nitrogen heterocyclic compd.
- Empirical: C5H9NO
- Properties: Colorless liq., mild amine odor; sol. in water, alcohols, ketones, ethers, ethyl acetate, aromatic hydrocarbons, most org. solvs.; mod. sol. in aliphatic hydrocarbons; misc. with castor oil; m.w. 99.13; dens. 1.032 (20/4 C); vapor pressure 0.3 mm Hg (20 C); f.p. -24 C; b.p. 202 C; flash pt. 95 C; ref. index 1.470 (20 C); pH 7.7-8.0 (10% aq.)
- *Toxicology*: LD50 (oral, rat) 7000 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 2472 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 54,500 μg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 8000 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mod. toxic by ing. and IP routes; mildly toxic by skin contact; severely irritating to eyes, skin; inh. of high concs. may cause fatigue, difficulty breathing; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting; not a skin absorption hazard; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- *Environmental:* Readily biodeg.; EC50 (rainbow trout, 96 h) \geq 500 mg/l, (algae, 72 h) \geq 500 mg/l
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat, open flame, powerful oxidizers; incompat. with oxidizing agents (may spontaneously ignite), strong acids and strong bases (can cause hydrolysis)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: May form hydroperoxides on exposure to air and sunlight; heated to decomp., emits CO, CO₂, toxic fumes of NO_x
- HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight; hygroscopic; photosensitive
- Uses: Solvent for resins, waxes, paints, acetylene, industrial cleaning, agric., mold cleaning; microelectronics industry plastic solvent; solvent for CO₂ removal in ammonia synthesis; aprotic process solvent; selective solvent; petrochem. and petroleum processing; spinning agent for PVC; veterinary pharmaceuticals; intermediate; pigment dispersant; pharmaceutical solvent; synthesis of vitamin E precursor; solubilizer for topicals; bioadhesive; adjuvant for slimicides in food-contact paper/paperboard;

solvent in food-contact polysulfone and PES resins

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300, 177.1655, 177.2440; SARA reportable Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Arch Chems.; Ashland; BASF; Coyne; Dynaloy; Fluka; Haltermann Prods. UK; ISP; Kessler; Lyondell; Romil Ltd; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Whyte Chems. Ltd
- Trade Names Containing: Troysan® Polyphase® CST; Upaco® 2956

Methyl ricinoleate

- CAS 141-24-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-472-3
- Synonyms: Castor oil acid, methyl ester; 12-Hydroxy-9-octadecenoic acid, methyl ester; Methyl 12-hydroxy-9-octadecenoate; Methyl 12hydroxyoleate

Definition: Ester of methyl alcohol and ricinoleic acid

Empirical: C19H36O3

- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₅COHHCH₂CH=CH(CH₂)₇COOCH₃
- Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in alcohol, ether, oxygenated solvs.; insol. in water; dens. 0.925; f.p. -4.5 C; b.p. 245 C (10 mm); flash pt. (COC) 190 C; ref. index 1.4620
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible
- Uses: Emollient; plasticizer for PVAc, PVB, cellulosics; lubricant for cutting oils; wetting agent; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210

Manuf./Distrib.: BFGoodrich/Textile; CasChem; Penta Mfg.; Sigma

Methylrosaniline chloride. See Basic violet 3

Methyl rosinate

CAS 68186-14-1; EINECS/ELINCS 269-035-9

Synonyms: Methyl ester of wood rosin; Resin acids and rosin acids, methyl esters; Rosin acid, methyl ester; Rosin, methyl ester

Definition: Methyl ester of acids recovered from rosin

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Film-former; resin with surf.-wetting properties, visc., and tack used in lacquers, inks, paper coatings, varnishes, adhesives, sealing compds., plastics, wood preservatives, and perfumes; softener, tackifier for rubbers; processing aid; tackifier for cements; in food-contact articles and coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2600, 178.3120, 178.3800, 178.3870 Trade Names: Abalyn®

Methyl rosinate, hydrogenated. See Methyl hydrogenated rosinate Methylsilanetriol sodium salt. See Sodium methyl siliconate Methyl silicone. See Polydimethylsiloxane

Methyl soyate

CAS 67784-80-9

Synonyms: Methyl esters of soybean oil

Definition: Ester of methyl alcohol and soya acid

Uses: Intermediate in prod. of superamides; in metalworking lubricants; as specialized solvent; opacifier; visc. control agent; agric. solvent and adjuvant; additive in adhesives for food production and/or pkg.

Trade Names: Soygold® 1000

Trade Names Containing: Soygold® 2000

Methyl stearate

- CAS 112-61-8; 85586-21-6; EINECS/ELINCS 203-990-4; 287-824-6 Synonyms: Methyl ester stearic acid; Methyl octadecanoate; Methyl noctadecanoate; Octadecanoic acid, methyl ester; Stearic acid, methyl
- ester Definition: Ester of methyl alcohol and stearic acid
- Empirical: C₁₉H₃₈O₂

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COOCH₃

- Properties: Wh. crystals; sol. in ether, alcohol; insol. in water; m.w. 298.57; m.p. 37.8 C; b.p. 234.5 C (30 mm); flash pt. 307 F
- Toxicology: TDLo (subcut., mouse, 26 wk intermittent) 5200 mg/kg; experimental tumorigen; questionable carcinogen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; can react with oxidizing materials
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Emollient; intermediate for stearic acid detergents, emulsifiers, wetting agents, stabilizers, resins, lubricants, plasticizers, paints; foam depres-

sant and nutrient in fermentation; topical pharmaceuticals; specialized solvent; solvent for pesticides and herbicides; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in foodcontact textiles; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles are textiles; in Surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.225, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3910; FDA approved for topicals; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.; Aldrich; Ashland; Charkit; Chemol; Cognis/Chems. Group; Ferro/Bedford; Fluka; George Uhe; Indofine; Int'l. Paper; Jarchem Ind.; Norman, Fox; Penta Mfg.; Rochem Int'l.; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Uniqema/Oleochems.

α -Methyl styrene/acrylic acid copolymer

Uses: In resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.170

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α-Methyl styrene/butyl acrylate copolymer Uses: In resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
Description: Contact Contact Coatings; in paper/paperboard in Contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.170

α-Methyl styrene/2-ethylhexylacrylate copolymer Uses: In resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.170

Methylstyrene homopolymer. See Poly- α -methylstyrene

α -Methyl styrene/methacrylic acid copolymer

Uses: In resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.170

α -Methyl styrene/methyl methacrylate copolymer

Uses: In resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.170

α -Methyl styrene polymer. See Poly- α -methylstyrene

Methylstyrene/vinyltoluene copolymer

- CAS 9017-27-0
- Synonyms: Benzene, ethenylmethyl-, polymer with (1-methylethenyl) benzene; α -Methylstyrene-vinyltoluene copolymer
- Definition: Polymer of methylstyrene and vinyltoluene monomers (molar ratio 1 α -methylstyrene to 3 vinyltoluene)
- Empirical: $(C_9H_{10} \cdot C_9H_{10})_x$
- Properties: Soften. pt. (R&B) 75-120 C
- Uses: Visc. control agent; tackifier and modifier resin for adhesives; in foodpkg. adhesives, resinous and polymeric coatings for polyolefin food pkg., paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg.; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use Pogulatory: EDA 21CED 5175 105 175 200 176 170 177 1200 177 2600

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 177.1200, 177.2600

- α-Methylstyrene-vinyltoluene copolymer. See Methylstyrene/vinyltoluene copolymer
- Methyl succinate. See Dimethyl succinate
- N-Methyl-N-(tall oil acyl) taurine, sodium salt. See Sodium methyl tall oil acid taurate
- Methyl tetradecanoate. See Methyl myristate

Methyl toluene. See Xylene

- o-Methyltoluene. See o-Xylene
- Methyl vinyl ether/maleic anhydride copolymer. See PVM/MA copolymer Methyl violet. See Basic violet 3

Mica

- CAS 12001-26-2; EINECS/ELINCS 310-127-6
- Synonyms: CI 77019; Mica silicate; Muscovite mica; Phlogopite; Sericite; Suzorite mica
- Classification: Silicate minerals
- Definition: Any of several silicates of varying chem. composition, but similar physical props. and crystalline structure

Properties: Colorless to sl. red, brown to greenish-yel. soft, translucent solid; odorless; dens. 2.6-3.2; bulking value 0.044 gal/lb; oil absorp. 40-65; GE brightness 80-88; ref. index 1.56.1.60; hardness (Mohs) 2.8-3.2; dielec. const. 6.5-8.7; heat resistant to 600 C; noncombustible

- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 3 mg/m³ (respirable dust); irritant by inhalation; may damage lungs (fibrosis); may cause abnormal chest x-ray, coughing, shortness of breath; nontoxic to skin
- Uses: Filler/extender/reinforcing agent for plastics, rubber, coatings, cosmetics, pearlescent pigments, glass, ceramics, roofing; binder/reinforcement in lipsticks; colorant for external pharmaceuticals; electrical insulation; incandescent lamps; asphalt shingles; prod. of vacuum tube spacers; dusting agent; lubricant; mold release agent; specialty papers for insulation and filtration; wallpaper/wallboard joint cement; oil-well drilling muds; film reinforcement; increases film flexibility; opacifier; colorant in food-contact polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; filler in foodcontact rubber articles for repeated use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1496, 73.2496, 175.300, 176.170, 177.1460, 177.2410, 177.2600, 178.3297; permanently listed

 Manuf./Distrib.: Brooks Ind.; C.P. Hall; Costec; D.N. Lukens; Engelhard; Feldspar; Franklin Ind. Mins.; Gelest; H.M. Royal; ISP Van Dyk; J.M. Huber/Chems.; Jesse S. Young; Landers-Segal Color; Lomas Int'l.; Mykroy/Mycalex Ceramics; Nyco Mins.; Oglebay Norton; Presperse; Punda Mercantile; Reade Advanced Materials; Rona; Sea-Land; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tamms Ind.; Thornley; U.S. Synthetics; Van Waters & Rogers; Warner-Jenkinson; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Trade Names Containing: Mearlin[®] Supersparkle

Mica silicate. See Mica

Microcrystalline wax

CAS 8063-08-9; 63231-60-7; 64742-42-3; EINECS/ELINCS 264-038-1 Synonyms: Cera microcristallina; Petroleum wax, microcrystalline; Waxes, microcrystalline

Classification: Hydrocarbon wax

- Definition: Wax derived from petroleum and char. by fineness of crystals; consists of high m.w. saturated aliphatic hydrocarbons
- Properties: Wh. or cream-colored waxy solid, odorless; sol. in chloroform, ether, volatile oils, most warm fixed oils; insol. in water; very sl. sol. in dehydrated alcohol; m.p. 54-102 C

Toxicology: May be carcinogenic; TSCA listed

- Uses: Wax used in hot-melt coatings and adhesives, paper coatings, printing inks, plastic modification (as lubricant and processing aid), lacquers, paints, and varnishes; as binder in ceramics; for elec. potting; candle wax; shoe/ car polish ingred.; elec. insulation impregnation wax; heat-seal/hot melt flow additive; slip aid (inks); antiozonant in rubber; binder, emulsion stabilizer, opacifier, thickener in cosmetics; chewing gum ingred.; food polish, release agent, stiffener, tablet coating; pharmaceutical coating agent; defoamer in food-contact coatings; food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings for polyolefin films; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in food-contact rubber articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.886, 173.340, 175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 177.2600; Europe listed; UK approved for restricted use; FDA approved for orals, topicals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Astor Corp.; BASF; Baker Petrolite; Barco Chem. Prods.; Biwax; C.P. Hall; Concord; Crompton/Witco; Dussek Campbell; Ferro; Frank B. Ross; Int'l. Group; Joy; Koster Keunen; Mobil; RTD; Rheox; Ruger; Scheel; Sea-Land; Shamrock Tech.; Shell; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Stevenson Cooper; Strahl & Pitsch; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Vivion; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Trade Names: Koster Keunen Microcrystalline Waxes; Microlube™ C; Multiwax® ML-445; Paracol® 404C; Starwax® 100

Trade Names Containing: Octowax 437

See also Petroleum wax

Microcrystalline wax, oxidized

CAS 97017-52-9

Synonyms: Oxidized microcrystalline wax

Definition: Reaction prod. of microcrystalline wax and oxygen

- Uses: Wax used in the formulation of emulsions, polishes, and coatings; modifier in solvent polish systems; carnauba substitute; lubricant, process aid, slip and antiblock agent in plastics
- *Trade Names:* Koster Keunen Oxidized Microcrystalline Wax

Milk of lime. See Calcium hydroxide

Milk of magnesia. See Magnesium hydroxide

Milk protein

CAS 9000-71-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-555-1

Synonyms: Casein; Lactis proteinum

Definition: Mixture of proteins obtained from cow's milk

Properties: Light-yel. powd.

- Uses: Cheesemaking; plastic items; paper coatings; water-dispersed paints; adhesives; textile sizing; foods and feeds; textile fibers; dietetic preps.; binder in foundry sands; thickener for pharmaceuticals; emulsifier/water binder for meat prods.
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Nat'l. Casein; Sigma; U.S. Biochemical; Worthington Biochemical
- See also Casein

Milk protein, casein. See Casein

Milori blue. See Ferric ferrocyanide

Mineral grease (petrolatum). See Petrolatum

Mineral jelly. See Petrolatum

Mineral oil

- CAS 8012-95-1; 8020-83-5 (wh.); 8042-47-5 (wh.); 39355-35-6; 79956-36-8; 83046-05-3; EINECS/ELINCS 232-384-2; 232-455-8
- Synonyms: Heavy mineral oil; Light mineral oil; Liquid paraffin; Liquid petrolatum; Mineral oil, white; Oil mist, mineral; Paraffin oil; Paraffinum liquidum; Petrolatum liquid; Petroleum oil; White mineral oil
- Definition: Liq. mixture of hydrocarbons obtained from petroleum
- Properties: Colorless transparent oily liq., odorless, tasteless; insol. in water, alcohol; sol. in benzene, chloroform, ether, petrol. ether, carbon disulfide, volatile oils; dens. 0.83-0.86 (light), 0.875-0.905 (heavy); flash pt. (OC) 444 F; surf. tens. < 35 dynes/cm</p>
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 mg/m³; STEL 10 mg/m³; LD50 (oral, mouse) 22 g/kg; skin and severe eye irritant; inh. of vapor or particulates may cause aspiration pneumonia; human carcinogen and teratogen by inhalation; tumorigen; highly purified food grades are of low toxicity; TSCA listed Precaution: Combustible
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Protectant; lubricant; binder; carrier; extender; foods (mold release, formulation aid, coating for fruits/vegetables); food-pkg. materials; plasticizer, lubricant for plastics; pharmaceutical vehicle, solvent, lubricant, laxative; cathartic; emollient, antistat, solvent in cosmetics; in plastics; agric.; paper; textiles; water treatment; floor treatment; in food-pkg. adhesives; in hot-melt strippable food coatings; surf. lubricant in food-contact coatings; in cellophane for food pkg.; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles; lubricant for incidental food-contact use
- Use Level: Limitation 0.6% (tablets contg. spices, nutrients, food for dietary use), 0.15% (baked goods), 0.02% (dried fruits/vegetables), 0.095% (frozen meat), 0.3% (molding starch), 0.15% (yeast), 0.25% (sorbic acid), 0.2% (confectionery), 0.02% (grain)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.878, 173.340 (limitation 0.008% in wash water for sliced potatoes, 150 ppm in yeast), 175.105, 175.210, 175.230, 175.300, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3620, 178.3740, 178.3910, 179.45; 573.680; ADI not specified (FAO/WHO); FDA approved for ophthalmics, orals, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Advanced Polymer Systems; Air-Scent Int'l.; Aldrich; BP Amoco; C.P. Hall; Charkit; Chemisphere; Condea Vista; Coyne; Crompton/Witco; Exxon; Fluka; Golden Bear Oil Spec.; Harcros; J.H. Calo; Jarchem Ind.; Magie Bros. Oil; Mobil; Norman, Fox; O.C. Lugo; Penreco; Penta Mfg.; RTD; Ruger; San Yuan; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stevenson Cooper; Strahl & Pitsch; Surco Prods.; Total Petrol.; U.S. Synthetics; Universal Preserv-A-Chem
- Trade Names: Britol® 6NF; Britol® 7NF; Britol® 9NF; Britol® 20USP; Britol® 35USP; Britol® 50USP; Drakeol® 9; Drakeol® 19; Drakeol® 35; Penreco 2259 Oil; Penreco 2260 Oil
- Trade Names Containing: Adekanate B-187; Adekanate B-505; Adekanate B-556; Adekanate B-748A; Adekanate B-925; Adekanate B-940; Adekanate B-970; Adekanate B-988; Adekanate B-1011; Adekanate B-3056A; Adekanol LG-150; Adekanol LG-163; Defoamer[™] C5B; Drewplus[®] L-108; Drewplus[®] L-131; Drewplus[®] L-139; Drewplus[®] L-175; Drewplus[®]

L-191; Drewplus[®] L-198; Drewplus[®] L-424; Drewplus[®] L-475; Drewplus[®] L-477; Drewplus[®] L-493; Drewplus[®] L-496; Drewplus[®] Y-250; Drewplus[®] Y-281; Drewplus[®] Y-601; Eldorado WT-50; Foamlex W-315; Foamlex W-320; Moussex[®] 3029 HL; PMO Ashless 150; PMO Ashless 220; PMO Ashless 320; PMO Ashless 460; Serdas[®] GBO; Serdas[®] GLN; Suntorl 311; Suntorl C-500

Mineral oil, petroleum distillates, hydrotreated. See Naphthenic oil

Mineral oil, petroleum distillates, hydrotreated (mild) light naphthenic. See Naphthenic oil

Mineral oil sulfonic acids, sodium salts. See Sodium petroleum sulfonate

Mineral oil, white. *See* Mineral oil Mineral pitch. *See* Asphalt

Mineral soap. See Bentonite

Mineral spirits

CAS 64475-85-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-453-7; UN No. 1271 (DOT) Synonyms: Petroleum spirits; Turpentine substitutes; White spirits

Definition: Nixture of hydrocarbons from petroleum with distillation range of 149-213 C and flash pts. above 38 C; avail. in type I (reg., incl. Stoddard), II (high flash). III (odorless). IV (low dry pt.)

- II (high flash), III (odorless), IV (low dry pt.) *Properties:* (I): Clear liq.; dens. 0.754-0.820 (15.6/15.6 C); i.b.p. 149 C; flash pt. 38 C min.; (II): dens. 0.768-0.820 (15.6/15.6 C); i.b.p. 177 C min.; flash pt. 60 C min.; (III): dens. 0.775 max. (15.6/15.6 C); i.b.p. 149 C min.; flash pt. 38 C min.; (IV): dens. 0.754-0.800 (15.6/15.6 C); i.b.p. 149 C; flash pt. 38 C min.
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 34,600 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 15,400 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) > 21,400 mg/m³; LDLo (IP, rat) 8560 mg/kg

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

Uses: Solvent; paint and varnish thinner; solvent in dry-cleaning, coatings, adhesives, agric., automotive, and chemical specialties, cleaning and polishing compds., pharmaceuticals, inks, textile coatings, asphalt, concrete curing; wood preservative for agric. prods. pkg.

Regulatory: FĎA 21CFR §178.3800

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Schaefer Tech.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sunoco

Trade Names Containing: GP-210 Šilicone Antifoam Emulsion; Monawet MO-70S

See also VM&P naphtha

Mineral wax. See Ceresin; Ozokerite Mineral white. See Calcium sulfate dihydrate MIPA. See Isopropanolamine

MIPA-dodecylbenzenesulfonate

CAS 42504-46-1; 54590-52-2; EINECS/ELINCS 255-854-9; 259-249-0
 Synonyms: Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid, compd. with 1-amino-2-propanol (1:1); Monoisopropanolamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate
 Classification: Substituted aromatic compd.
 Empirical: C₂₁H₃₉O₄S
 Formula: C₁₈H₃₀O₃S • C₃H₉NO
 Properties: Yel. visc. liq.; sol. in oils, org. solvs.; m.w. 401.61
 Toxicology: TSCA listed
 Uses: Surfactant; emulsifier for oils, solvents, waxes; surfactant and gelling agent for hand cleaners; wetting agent; dispersant; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210
 Mirex. See Perchloropentacyclodecane
 Mixed decanoic and octanoic acids, methyl esters. See Methyl caprylate/caprale

Mixed xylenes. See Xylene

MMA. See Methyl methacrylate

MME. See Hydroquinone monomethyl ether; Methyl methacrylate

Mohr's salt. See Ferrous ammonium sulfate

- Molybdenum tungsten hydroxide oxide phosphate, compd. with ethyl 2-(6-ethylamino)-3-(ethylimino)-2,7-dimethyl-3H-xanthen-9-yl) benzoate. See Pigment red 81
- Molybdotungstophosphoric acid, compd. with ethyl 2-(6-(ethylamino)-3-(ethylimino)-2,7-dimethyl-3H-xanthen-9-yl) benzoate. See Pigment red 81

Monoacetylcellulose. See Cellulose acetate

Monoammonium phosphate. See Ammonium phosphate

Monoammonium sulfamate. See Ammonium sulfamate

Monobasic chromium sulfate. See Chromium sulfate, basic Monobutyl glycol ether. See Butoxyethanol Monocalcium carbonate. See Calcium monocarbonate Monodehydrosorbitol monooleate. See Sorbitan oleate Monododecyl sodium sulfate. See Sodium lauryl sulfate Monoethanolamine. See Ethanolamine Monoethanolamine stearic acid amide. See Stearamide MEA Monoethylene glycol. See Glycol Mono (2-ethylhexyl) sulfate sodium salt. See Sodium 2-ethylhexyl sulfate Monoglyceride citrate Definition: Mixt. of glyceryl monooleate and its citric acid monoester Properties: Wh. to ivory-colored soft waxy solid, bland odor/taste; sol. in most common fat solvs., alcohol; insol. in water Uses: Food synergist and solubilizer for antioxidants added to fats and oils; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods Use Level: ADI 0-100 ppm (FAO/WHO) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180; FDA limitation 200 ppm (cured meats); WHO limitation 100 ppm (fats, oils, margarine) Monoglyceryl oleate. See Glyceryl oleate Monohydroxyaluminum distearate. See Aluminum distearate Monohydroxybenzene. See Phenol Monohydroxymethane. See Methyl alcohol Monoisopropanolamine. See Isopropanolamine Monoisopropanolamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate. See MIPA-dodecylbenzenesulfonate Monoisopropyl biphenyl. See 1,1⁻-Biphenyl (1-methylethyl) 1-Monolaurin. See Glyceryl laurate Monomethoxy tripropylene glycol monoacrylate. See Methoxy tripropylene glycol acrylate Monomethyl ether of hydroguinone. See Hydroguinone monomethyl ether Monomyristin. See Glyceryl myristate Monooctadecylamine. See Stearamine Monooctanoin. See Glyceryl caprylate Monoolein. See Glyceryl oleate Monooleoylglycerol. See Glyceryl oleate Monopalmitate sorbitan. See Sorbitan palmitate Monophenol. See Phenol Monopropylene glycol. See Propylene glycol Monopropylene glycol methyl ether. See Methoxyisopropanol Monopropyl ether of ethylene glycol. See Ethylene glycol propyl ether Monoricinolein. See Glyceryl ricinoleate α-Monoricinolein. See Glyceryl ricinoleate Monosodium carbonate. See Sodium bicarbonate Monosodium gluconate. See Sodium gluconate Monosodium hydroxymethane sulfinate. See Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate Monosodium D(-)-pentahydroxy capronate. See Sodium gluconate Monostearin. See Glyceryl stearate Monostearyl citrate. See Stearyl citrate Monostearyl trimethyl ammonium chloride. See Steartrimonium chloride Monosteol. See Propylene glycol stearate Monothiuram. See Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide **β-Monoxynaphthalene**. See β-Naphthol Montan acid, butylene glycol ester. See Butylene glycol montanate Montan acid, calcium salt. See Calcium montanate Montan acid wax CAS 68476-03-9; EINECS/ELINCS 270-664-6 Synonyms: Fatty acids, montan wax; Montanic acid; Waxes, montan fatty acids Definition: Prod. obtained by the oxidation of montan wax Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Antistat; binder; visc. control agent; emulsifying component for paraffin wax emulsions, polishes; water repellent for textiles; lubricant and release agent for plastics; retarding agent (pharmaceuticals) Trade Names: Hoechst Wax LP; Hoechst Wax S; Hoechst Wax UL

Montan cera. See Montan wax Montanic acid. See Montan acid wax

Montan wax

CAS 8002-53-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-313-5

Synonyms: Lignite wax; Montan cera; Waxes, montan

Definition: Wax obtained by solvent extraction of lignite

Properties: Dark brown lumps or wh. hard earth wax; sol. in CCl₄, benzene, chloroform, hot petrol. ether; insol. in water; m.p. 80-90 C; acid no. 32-48; sapon. no. 88-112

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Uses: Antistat; binder; opacifier; visc. control agent; substitute for carnauba and beeswax; shoe and furniture polishes; waterproof and roofing paints; adhesive pastes; candles; paper sizing compds.; carbon paper ink ingred.; wire coatings; internal processing lubricant for plastics, PVC, rubber; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2600

Manuf./Distrib.: Astor Corp.; BASF; Frank B. Ross; Michelman; Scheel; Shamrock Tech.; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Stevenson Cooper; Strahl & Pitsch

Trade Names: Luwax® E; Luwax® LG; Luwax® LGE; Ross Montan Wax

Montan wax acid, 1,3-butanediol diester. See Butylene glycol montanate

Montmorillonite

CAS 1318-93-0; EINECS/ELINCS 215-288-5

Classification: Complex silicate clay mineral

Formula: $Al_2O_5 \cdot 4SiO_2 \cdot 4H_2O$

Properties: Lt. yel. or green, cream, pink, gray to black; insol. in water and common org. solvs.

Toxicology: Poison by IV route; inh. of dust can cause respiratory irritation

Uses: Absorbent; emulsion stabilizer; visc. control agent; major component of bentonite and Fuller's earth; thickener and rheological modifier in inks, paints, sealants, cosmetics; thickener for lithographic, letterpress, metal deco and UV-cured inks; filler for coatings; water treatment; adsorbent for removal of dyes from industrial wastewater; pond/lake sealing; industrial chromatography; catalyst carrier; in petroleum industry

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Southern Clay Prods.

Trade Names: Suspengel 200; Suspengel 325; Suspengel Plus 200; Suspengel Plus 325

Morpholine

- ČAS 110-91-8; EINECS/ELINCS 203-815-1; UN No. 1760 (DOT), 2054 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Diethyleneimide oxide; Diethylene imidoxide; Diethylene oximide; Diethylenimide oxide; 1-Oxa-4-azacyclohexane; Tetrahydro-p-isoxazine; Tetrahydro-1,4-isoxazine; Tetrahydro-p-oxazine; Tetrahydro-1,4-oxazine; Tetrahydro-2H-1,4-oxazine; Tetrahydro-4H-1,4-oxazine

Classification: Heterocyclic sec. amine

Empirical: C4H9NO

Formula: C₄H₈ONH

- Properties: Colorless clear oily liq., amine-like odor; sol. in water, acetone, benzene, ether, ethyl acetate, chloroform, ethylene glycol, castor oil, alcohols; m.w. 87.14; sp.gr. 1.002 (20/20 C); vapor pressure 10 mm Hg (23 C); f.p. -4.9 C; b.p. 128.9 C; flash pt. (OC) 37.7 C; autoignition temp. 590 F; ref. index 1.4540 (20 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 20 ppm; STEL 30 ppm (skin); LD50 (oral, rat) 1050 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 500 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing., inh., skin contact, IP; corrosive irritant to skin, eyes, mucous membranes; overexposure may cause visual disturbance, nose and respiratory irritation, coughing, liver and kidney damage; very high concs. may be fatal; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Flamm. liq.; dangerous fire hazard exposed to flame, heat or oxidizers; reactive with oxidizers; explosive with nitromethane; incompat. with strong acids, acid anhydrides, nitrites, cellulose nitrate, isocyanates, org. peroxides, epoxides
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x, ammonia

NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight; hygroscopic
- Uses: Org. intermediate for vulcanization accelerators, textile lubricants, softeners, sizing agents, antioxidants, surfactants, plasticizers, insecticides, dyes, bactericides, analgesics, anesthetics; solvent for resins, waxes, casein, dyes; neutralizer; emulsifier for cosmetics, rubless waxes, polishes; defoamer; optical brightener for detergents; lubricant, coolant for

machine tools; solubilizer in printing inks; separating agent for volatile amines; protective food coatings; corrosion inhibitor in steam boiler systems, steel or tinplate food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.235, 173.310 (10 ppm max. in steam), 175.105, 176.210, 178.3300; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Air Prods.; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; BASF AG; BASF; Coyne; Fluka; Houghton Chem.; Huntsman; Independent Chem.; Nippon Nyukazai; PMC Spec.; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Varsal Instruments; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Morrhua oil. See Cod liver oil

Mossbunker oil. See Menhaden oil

MP. See Methoxyisopropanol

MPA. See Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate

MTC. See Methylenebis (thiocyanate)

Muriatic acid. See Hydrochloric acid Muscovite mica. See Mica

Mustardseed oil triglycerides

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.210

Mutton tallow. See Tallow

Myristalkonium chloride

CAS 139-08-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-352-0

Synonyms: Benzenemethanaminium, N,N-dimethyl-N-tetradecyl-, chloride; Dimethyl myristyl benzylammonium chloride; N,N-Dimethyl-Ntetradecylbenzenemethanaminium chloride; Myristyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride; Tetradecyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt

Empirical: C₂₃H₄₂N • Cl

Properties: Wh. free-flowing powd.; m.w. 368.11; m.p. 60-61 C; cationic

Toxicology: LD50 (IV, mouse) 18 mg/kg; skin and eye irritant; TSCA listed *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of

- NO_x, NH₃, and Cl⁻ Uses: Surfactant; detergent; bactericide; fungicide; germicide; disinfectant; antistat; sanitizer for food and beverage processing; antimicrobial in canesugar mills, industrial use, laundry prods., pharmaceuticals; preservative; biocide in disinfectant cleaners, sanitizers, deodorant blocks; algicide/ biocide in pools and cooling towers; conditioner; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.165 (limitation 3-12 ppm), 173.320 (limitation 0.6 ppm on wt. of raw sugar cane or raw beets), 175.105, 178.1010
- Manuf,/Distrib.: Amyl; Fluka; Jame Fine Chem.; Lonza; Mason; Schweizerhall; Sigma

Trade Names: Barquat® OJ-50; Barquat® OJ-80; Nissan Cation M2-100 Trade Names Containing: Barquat® 1552

Myristamide DEA

CAS 7545-23-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-426-7

Synonyms: N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) myristamide; N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) tetradecanamide; Myristic diethanolamide; Myristoyl diethanolamide

Definition: Mixture of ethanolamides of myristic acid

Empirical: C18H37NO3

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₂CON(CH₂CH₂OH)₂

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: May produce contact sensitivity; TSCA listed

- Uses: Antistat; visc. control agent; thickener, superfatting agent, foam booster/ stabilizer, emulsifier for cosmetics, topical dermatological prods.; in foodpkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800

Myristamine acetate

- Synonyms: Tetradecylamine acetate
- *Émpirical:* $C_{16}H_{35}NO_2$
- Formula: C₁₄H₂₉NH₂ HOOCCH₃
- Properties: Wh. to It. yel. flake; solid. pt. 60-72 C; cationic
- Uses: Corrosion inhibitor and germicide (duckweed killer) in water treatment and petrol. industries, duckweed killer, pigment dispersant, antistatic agent used in textile industry
- Trade Names: Nissan Cation MA

Myristic acid

- CAS 544-63-8; EINECS/ELINCS 208-875-2; FEMA 2764
- Synonyms: Tetradecanoic acid; n-Tetradecoic acid; 1-Tridecanecarboxylic acid
- Classification: Organic acid; aliphatic carboxylic acid
- *Empirical:* C₁₄H₂₈O₂ *Formula:* CH₃(CH₂)₁₂COOH
- Properties: Oily wh. cryst. solid; faint odor; sol. in acetone, alcohol, benzene, chloroform, ether, aromatic and chlorinated solvs.; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 228.36; dens. 0.8739 (80 C); m.p. 54.5 C; b.p. 326.2 C; flash pt. > 230 F
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 10 g/kg, (IV, mouse) 43 mg/kg; poison by IV route; eye and human skin irritant; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; incompat. with strong oxidizers (may react violently if heated, increased fire risk), reactive metals (may cause violent/ explosive reaction), strong bases (may generate heat)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight, away from incompat. materials; avoid generating dust; limit quantities in storage
- Uses: Emulsifier; soap ingred.; cosmetics ingred.; synthesis of esters for flavors and perfumes; nondrying oil for amino stoving resins; component of food-grade additives; food additive (defoamer, emulsifier, lubricant); plasticizer; pharmaceuticals (vaginals); in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in food-contact acrylics; in cellophane for food pkg.; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in foodcontact rubber articles, textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.860, 173.340, 175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3910; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for vaginals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Cognis/Chems. Group; Condor; Fluka; Genzyme; Grau Aromatics; Jarchem Ind.; Kraft Chem.; Penta Mfg.; Protameen; Robeco; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.S. Synthetics; Unigema/Oleochems.; United Coconut Chem.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Myristic acid isopropyl ester. See Isopropyl myristate

- Myristic acid, magnesium salt. See Magnesium myristate
- Myristic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol. See Propylene glycol myristate
- Myristic acid, palmitic acid, mixture, aluminum salt. See Aluminum myristates/palmitates
- Myristic acid, potassium salt. See Potassium myristate
- Myristic acid sodium salt. See Sodium myristate
- Myristic alcohol. See Myristyl alcohol
- Myristic diethanolamide. See Myristamide DEA
- Myristoyl diethanolamide. See Myristamide DEA

Myristyl alcohol

- CAS 112-72-1; EINECS/ELINCS 204-000-3
- Synonyms: Myristic alcohol; 1-Tetradecanol; N-Tetradecanol-1; Tetradecyl alcohol; N-Tetradecyl alcohol
- Empirical: C14H30O
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₂CH₂OH
- Properties: Colorless to wh. waxy solid flakes, waxy odor; sol. in ether; sl. sol. in alcohol; insol. in water; m.w. 214.38; dens. 0.8355 (20/20 C); vapor pressure 0.01 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. 38 C; b.p. 167 C; acid no. 2 max.; iodine no. 1 max.; hyd. no. 250-267; flash pt. 285 F
- Toxicology: TDLo (skin, mouse, 24 wk intermittent) 12 g/kg; nontoxic; human skin irritant; mod. eye irritant; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; can react with oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Surfactant intermediate; organic synthesis; antifoam agent; perfume fixative for soaps and cosmetics; specialty cleaning preparations; emollient for cold creams; emulsion polymerization; slip agent for plastics; emulsion stabilizer; visc. control agent; raw material for antioxidants; synthetic flavoring agent in foods; pharmaceutical oleaginous vehicle; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact

coatings and paper/paperboard

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.864, 175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, , 177.1010, 177.2800, 178.3480, 178.3910; FDA approved for orals; USP/ NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Aldrich; Barnet Prods.; Cognis/Chems. Group; Condea Vista; Condor; Fluka; Indofine; Jarchem Ind.; Kraft Chem.; Lipo; M. Michel; R.W. Greeff; Robeco; Ruger; Schweizerhall; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Myristyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride. See Myristalkonium chloride Myristyl eicosanol. See Tetradecyleicosanol

Myristyl lignocerate

CAS 42233-51-2 Synonyms: Lignoceric acid, myristyl ether; Tetracosanoic acid, tetradecyl ester; Tetradecyl tetracosanoate

Definition: Ester of myristyl alcohol and lignoceric acid Empirical: C₃₈H₇₆O₂

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₂₂COOCH₂(CH₂)₁₂CH₃

Uses: Emollient in cosmetics

Trade Names Containing: Ross Synthetic Candelilla Wax

Myristyloctadecanol. See 2-Tetradecyloctadecanol

Na₅ATMP. See Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate

Nabam

- CAS 142-59-6
- Synonyms: DSE; Disodium 1,2-ethanebis (carbamodithioate); Disodium ethylene bisdithiocarbamate; Disodium ethylene-1,2-bisdithiocarbamate; 1,2-Ethanediylbiscarbamodithioic acid disodium salt; Ethylenebis (dithiocarbamate) disodium salt; Ethylenebis (dithiocarbamic acid) disodium salt Classification: Organosulfur compd.
- *Empirical:* $C_4H_6N_2S_4 \cdot 2Na$
- Formula: NaSSCNHCH2CH2NHCSSNa
- Properties: Colorless crystals; sol. in water; m.w. 256.34
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 395 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 500 mg/kg; poison by ing.; mod. toxic by IP route; skin irritant; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Environmental: DOT regulated marine pollutant
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O, NO_{x} , SO_{x}
- Uses: Antimicrobial for water treatment; algicide; plant fungicide; biocide in paper prod.; cane-sugar and beet-sugar mills; starting material for pesticides; industrial applics.; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Use Level: Limitation 3 ppm (raw sugarcane or raw beets)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.320, 176.300; SARA reportable
- Manuf./Distrib.: Alco; FMC Foret
- Trade Names Containing: Amerstat® 272; Aquatreat® DNM-9; Aquatreat® DNM-30; Aquatreat® DNM-360; Metasol® 300; Qemicide DTC-35
- NaCMC. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium
- NaDBS. See Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate
- NaDOSS. See Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate
- Na₅DTPA. See Pentasodium pentetate
- Na₆DTPMP. See Hexasodium diethylenetriaminepenta (methylenephosphonate)
- Na₃DTPMP. See Octasodium diethylene triamine penta (methylene phosphonate)
- Na₅ EDTMPA. See Pentasodium ethylene diamine tetramethylene phosphonate Nafka. See Natural rubber
- Nafka crystal gum. See Natural rubber
- Na₄HEDP. See Tetrasodium etidronate
- NaMBT. See Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole
- 5-NAN. See 5-Nitroacenaphthene

Naphtha

- CAS 8030-30-6; 68920-06-9; 64742-95-6 (It. aromatic); UN No. 1255 (DOT), 1256 (DOT), 1270 (DOT), 2553 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Benzin; Benzine; Coal tar naphtha; Coal tar naphtha distillate; Heavy naphtha; Hydrotreated naphtha; Naphtha coal tar; Naphtha, heavy; Naphtha, hydrotreated; Naphtha, petroleum; Naphtha, solvent; Petroleum benzin; Petroleum-derived naphtha; Petroleum distillates (naphtha); Petroleum ether; Petroleum naphtha; Petroleum oil; Petroleum spirit; VM&P naphtha

Myristic acid

- CAS 544-63-8; EINECS/ELINCS 208-875-2; FEMA 2764
- Synonyms: Tetradecanoic acid; n-Tetradecoic acid; 1-Tridecanecarboxylic acid
- Classification: Organic acid; aliphatic carboxylic acid
- *Empirical:* C₁₄H₂₈O₂ *Formula:* CH₃(CH₂)₁₂COOH
- Properties: Oily wh. cryst. solid; faint odor; sol. in acetone, alcohol, benzene, chloroform, ether, aromatic and chlorinated solvs.; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 228.36; dens. 0.8739 (80 C); m.p. 54.5 C; b.p. 326.2 C; flash pt. > 230 F
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 10 g/kg, (IV, mouse) 43 mg/kg; poison by IV route; eye and human skin irritant; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; incompat. with strong oxidizers (may react violently if heated, increased fire risk), reactive metals (may cause violent/ explosive reaction), strong bases (may generate heat)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Combustion decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight, away from incompat. materials; avoid generating dust; limit quantities in storage
- Uses: Emulsifier; soap ingred.; cosmetics ingred.; synthesis of esters for flavors and perfumes; nondrying oil for amino stoving resins; component of food-grade additives; food additive (defoamer, emulsifier, lubricant); plasticizer; pharmaceuticals (vaginals); in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in food-contact acrylics; in cellophane for food pkg.; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in foodcontact rubber articles, textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.860, 173.340, 175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3910; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for vaginals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Cognis/Chems. Group; Condor; Fluka; Genzyme; Grau Aromatics; Jarchem Ind.; Kraft Chem.; Penta Mfg.; Protameen; Robeco; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.S. Synthetics; Unigema/Oleochems.; United Coconut Chem.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Myristic acid isopropyl ester. See Isopropyl myristate

- Myristic acid, magnesium salt. See Magnesium myristate
- Myristic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol. See Propylene glycol myristate
- Myristic acid, palmitic acid, mixture, aluminum salt. See Aluminum myristates/palmitates
- Myristic acid, potassium salt. See Potassium myristate
- Myristic acid sodium salt. See Sodium myristate
- Myristic alcohol. See Myristyl alcohol
- Myristic diethanolamide. See Myristamide DEA
- Myristoyl diethanolamide. See Myristamide DEA

Myristyl alcohol

- CAS 112-72-1; EINECS/ELINCS 204-000-3
- Synonyms: Myristic alcohol; 1-Tetradecanol; N-Tetradecanol-1; Tetradecyl alcohol; N-Tetradecyl alcohol
- Empirical: C14H30O
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₂CH₂OH
- Properties: Colorless to wh. waxy solid flakes, waxy odor; sol. in ether; sl. sol. in alcohol; insol. in water; m.w. 214.38; dens. 0.8355 (20/20 C); vapor pressure 0.01 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. 38 C; b.p. 167 C; acid no. 2 max.; iodine no. 1 max.; hyd. no. 250-267; flash pt. 285 F
- Toxicology: TDLo (skin, mouse, 24 wk intermittent) 12 g/kg; nontoxic; human skin irritant; mod. eye irritant; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; can react with oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Surfactant intermediate; organic synthesis; antifoam agent; perfume fixative for soaps and cosmetics; specialty cleaning preparations; emollient for cold creams; emulsion polymerization; slip agent for plastics; emulsion stabilizer; visc. control agent; raw material for antioxidants; synthetic flavoring agent in foods; pharmaceutical oleaginous vehicle; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact

coatings and paper/paperboard

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.864, 175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, , 177.1010, 177.2800, 178.3480, 178.3910; FDA approved for orals; USP/ NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Aldrich; Barnet Prods.; Cognis/Chems. Group; Condea Vista; Condor; Fluka; Indofine; Jarchem Ind.; Kraft Chem.; Lipo; M. Michel; R.W. Greeff; Robeco; Ruger; Schweizerhall; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Myristyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride. See Myristalkonium chloride Myristyl eicosanol. See Tetradecyleicosanol

Myristyl lignocerate

- CAS 42233-51-2 Synonyms: Lignoceric acid, myristyl ether; Tetracosanoic acid, tetradecyl ester; Tetradecyl tetracosanoate
- Definition: Ester of myristyl alcohol and lignoceric acid Empirical: C₃₈H₇₆O₂ Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₂₂COOCH₂(CH₂)₁₂CH₃ Uses: Emollient in cosmetics
- Trade Names Containing: Ross Synthetic Candelilla Wax

Myristyloctadecanol. See 2-Tetradecyloctadecanol

Na₅ATMP. See Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate

Nabam

- CAS 142-59-6 Synonyms: DSE; Disodium 1,2-ethanebis (carbamodithioate); Disodium ethylene bisdithiocarbamate; Disodium ethylene-1,2-bisdithiocarbamate; 1,2-Ethanediylbiscarbamodithioic acid disodium salt; Ethylenebis (dithiocarbamate) disodium salt; Ethylenebis (dithiocarbamic acid) disodium salt
- Classification: Organosulfur compd. *Empirical:* $C_4H_6N_2S_4 \cdot 2Na$
- Formula: NaSSCNHCH2CH2NHCSSNa
- Properties: Colorless crystals; sol. in water; m.w. 256.34
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 395 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 500 mg/kg; poison by ing.; mod. toxic by IP route; skin irritant; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Environmental: DOT regulated marine pollutant
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O, NO_{x} , SO_{x}
- Uses: Antimicrobial for water treatment; algicide; plant fungicide; biocide in paper prod.; cane-sugar and beet-sugar mills; starting material for pesticides; industrial applics.; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Use Level: Limitation 3 ppm (raw sugarcane or raw beets)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.320, 176.300; SARA reportable
- Manuf./Distrib.: Alco; FMC Foret
- Trade Names Containing: Amerstat® 272; Aquatreat® DNM-9; Aquatreat® DNM-30; Aquatreat® DNM-360; Metasol® 300; Qemicide DTC-35
- NaCMC. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium
- NaDBS. See Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate
- NaDOSS. See Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate
- Na₅DTPA. See Pentasodium pentetate
- Na, DTPMP. See Hexasodium diethylenetriaminepenta (methylenephosphonate)
- Na₃DTPMP. See Octasodium diethylene triamine penta (methylene phosphonate)
- Na₅ EDTMPA. See Pentasodium ethylene diamine tetramethylene phosphonate Nafka. See Natural rubber
- Nafka crystal gum. See Natural rubber
- Na₄HEDP. See Tetrasodium etidronate
- NaMBT. See Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole
- 5-NAN. See 5-Nitroacenaphthene

Naphtha

- CAS 8030-30-6; 68920-06-9; 64742-95-6 (It. aromatic); UN No. 1255 (DOT), 1256 (DOT), 1270 (DOT), 2553 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Benzin; Benzine; Coal tar naphtha; Coal tar naphtha distillate; Heavy naphtha; Hydrotreated naphtha; Naphtha coal tar; Naphtha, heavy; Naphtha, hydrotreated; Naphtha, petroleum; Naphtha, solvent; Petroleum benzin; Petroleum-derived naphtha; Petroleum distillates (naphtha); Petroleum ether; Petroleum naphtha; Petroleum oil; Petroleum spirit; VM&P naphtha

Definition: Petroleum distillate

- Properties: Dark straw-colored to colorless liq.; sol. in benzene, toluene, xylene; dens. 0.862-0.892; b.p. 149-216 C; flash pt. (CC) 107 F
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 300 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) 3 g/kg; LCLo (inh., rat, 6 h) 1600 ppm; mildly toxic by inh.; human poison and systemic effects by IV route (dyspnea, respiratory effects); irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory tract; vapor inh. may cause nausea, dizziness, unconsciousness; experimental carcinogen; tumorigen; common air contaminant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm. when exposed to heat or flame; dangerous fire risk; explosive limits in air 1-6%; sl. explosion hazard; can react with oxidizing materials; sl. explosion hazard

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

Storage: Keep containers tightly closed

- Uses: Source of gasoline, special naphthas, petroleum chems. esp. ethylene; solvent, thinner in paint, dry-cleaning fluid, rubber compounding, sealants, chem. absorption; blending with natural gas; aviation fuel blending component; color diluent, protective coating solvent in foods; in foodpkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 172.250, 175.105, 176.200, 176.210
- Manuf./Distrib.: Ashland; Baychem; Chemcentral; ChevronPhillips; Crowley Chem.; Exxon; Harcros; Houghton Chem.; J.T. Baker; Kerr-McGee; Mobil; Monsanto; Norsk Hydro AS; R.E. Carroll; Sal Chem.; Samson; Shell; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sunnyside; Van Waters & Rogers Trade Names Containing: Melmac® 243-3

See also VM&P naphtha

Naphtha coal tar. See Naphtha

Naphtha, heavy. See Naphtha

Naphtha, hydrotreated. See Naphtha

Naphthalene, bis (1-methylethyl)-. See Diisopropyl naphthalene

Naphthalene diisopropyl-. See Diisopropyl naphthalene

- 2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 4-amino-3-((4 ((2,4-diaminophenyl) azo) (1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl) azo)-5-hydroxy-6-(phenylazo)-, disodium salt. See Direct black 38
- 2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 4-amino-5-hydroxy-3-((4 -((4-hydroxyphenyl) azo (1,1 -biphenyl)-4-yl) azo)-6-(phénylazo)-, disödium salt. See Direct green 1
- 2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 4-amino-5-hydroxy-3-[(3-nitrophenyl) azo]-6-(phenylazo)-, disodium salt. See Acid blue 29
- 1,3-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 6,6 ((3,3 dimethyl-4,4 biphenylylene) bis (azo)) bis (4-amino-5-hydroxy-, tetrasodium salt. See Direct blue 53
- 1,3-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 7-hydroxy-8-(phenylazo)-, disodium salt. See Acid orange 10
- 2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 3-hydroxy-4-(2,4-xylylazo)-, disodium salt. See Acid red 26

Naphthalene green V. See Acid green 16

Naphthalene Orange G. See Acid orange 7

- 2-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 6-((7-amino-1-hydroxy-3-sulfo-2-naphthalenyl) azo)-3-((4-((4-amino-6 (or 7)-sulfo-1-naphthalenyl) azo) phenyl) azo)-4hydroxy-, trisodium salt. See Direct black 80
- Naphthalenesulfonic acid-formaldehyde condensate, sodium salt. See Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate
- 1-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 4-hydroxy-3-((2-methoxyphenyl) azo)-, monosodium salt. See Acid red 4
- 1-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 4-((2-hydroxy-1-naphthalenyl) azo)-, monosodium salt. See Acid red 88
- Naphthalenesulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt. See Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate

Naphthalene, tetrachloro. See Tetrachloronaphthalene

2-Naphthalenol. *See* β-Naphthol

2-Naphthalenol, 1-((4-methyl-2-nitrophenyl) azo)-. See Pigment red 3

Naphthamine dark green B. See Direct green 1

Naphtha, petroleum. See Naphtha; VM&P naphtha

Naphtha, solvent. See Naphtha

Naphtha, VM&P. See VM&P naphtha

Naphthenic oil

CAS 64742-53-6; 67254-74-4

Synonyms: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated (mild) light naphthenic; Hydrotreated (mild) light naphthenic distillate; Hydrotreated (mild) light naphthenic distillates (petroleum); Mineral oil, petroleum distillates, hydrotreated;

Mineral oil, petroleum distillates, hydrotreated (mild) light naphthenic Classification: Petroleum hydrocarbon

- Toxicology: LD (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 2 g/kg; low toxicity by ing. and skin contact; primary irritant; severe skin irritant by Draize test; confirmed carcinogen; tumorigen; experimental neoplastigen; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Extender/process oil offering color and heat stability for rubber compounding; plasticizer; softener; food-contact applics.
- Trade Names: Alcaid 10; Alcaid 13; Alcaid 19; Alcaid 32; Alcaid 46; Alcaid 60; Alcaid 100

2-Naphthol. *See* β-Naphthol

B-Naphthol

- CAS 135-19-3; EINECS/ELINCS 205-182-7
- Synonyms: CI 37500; CI azoic coupling component 1; 2-Hydroxynaphthalene; β-Hydroxynaphthalene; Isonaphthol; β-Monoxynaphthalene; 2-Naphthalenol; 2-Naphthol; β-Naphthyl alcohol; β-Naphthyl hydroxide
- Definition: Derived by fusing sodium β -naphthalene sulfonate with caustic soda

Empirical: C10H8O

Formula: C10H7OH

- Properties: Wh. to tan powd.; darkens with age; faint phenol-like odor; sol. in alcohol, ether, chloroform, glycerol, oils, alkaline sol'ns.; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 144.18; dens. 1.217; vapor pressure 10 mm (145.5 C); m.p.
- 122-123 C; b.p. 285-286 C; flash pt. 152.7 C Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1960 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 97,500 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 10 g/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 1 h) > 770 mg/m³; harmful by inh., ing., skin absorption; primary irritant; eye/skin/respiratory system irritant; may cause changes in salivary glands/kidney wt./blood count/liver, somnolence, convulsions; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Environmental: Very toxic to aquatic organisms; avoid release to environment
- Precaution: Combustible; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides, strong bases; stable in air, but darkens on exposure to sunlight
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions

Storage: Light-sensitive; keep container closed; store in cool, dry place

Uses: Dyes; pigments; antioxidant for rubber, fats, oils, insecticides; pharmaceuticals; perfumes; antiseptic; preservative for defoamers in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 176.210

Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Brook-Chem; EniChem Am.; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Pacific West; Penta Mfg.; Pfaltz & Bauer; S & D Chems. Canada; Sigma; Total Spec. Chems.

Naphthol green. See Acid green 1

Naphthol green B. See Acid green 1

Naphthol orange. See Acid orange 7

- β-Naphthol orange. See Acid orange 7
- **β-Naphthyl alcohol**. See β-Naphthol
- N-2-Naphthylaniline. See Phenyl-β-naphthylamine
- **β-Naphthyl hydroxide**. See β-Naphthol
- β-Naphthyl orange. See Acid orange 7
- 2-Naphthylphenylamine. See Phenyl-β-naphthylamine
- B-Naphthylphenylamine. See Phenyl-B-naphthylamine Native calcium sulfate. See Calcium sulfate dihydrate
- Natron. See Sodium carbonate
- Natural calcium carbonate. See Calcium carbonate
- Natural iron oxides. See Ferric oxide
- Natural red oxide. See Ferric oxide

Natural rubber

- CAS 9006-04-6
 - Synonyms: NR; Caoutchouc; India rubber; Nafka; Nafka crystal gum; Rubber; Rubber dust; Rubber, natural
 - Definition: Coagulated and dried exudate of the rubber tree, Hevea brasiliensis, natural rubber contains 89-92% elastomeric hydrocarbon (cis-1,4-polyisoprene)

Properties: Pale yel. to dk. brn. elastomeric solid; m.w. 200,000-400,000

Toxicology: Mutagen

Precaution: Fire hazard exposed to heat or flame

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x

- Uses: Adhesives (pressure-sensitive, solvent-based); molded materials; vehicle engine/suspension mounts; print rollers; road repair compds.; rubber bands; tank/container linings; vehicle tires; vulcanizing cement; dipping applics.; coating applics.; in food-contact coatings; in cellophane for food pkg.; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; latex applics.; foamed rubber; textiles; medical; asphalt; processing aid for blending with other rubber; in food-contact articles for repeated use
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.300, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600

Manuf./Distrib.: A. Schulman; Elementis Spec. Perf. Polymers; Firestone Syn. Rubber

Trade Names: Heveatex NR *See also* Polyisoprene

Natural smithsonite. See Zinc carbonate

NBR. See Butadiene/acrylonitrile copolymer

Nekal. See Sodium dibutyl naphthalene sulfonate

Neochromium. See Chromium sulfate, basic

Neopentyl glycol diglycidyl ether

CAS 17557-23-2; EINECS/ELINCS 241-536-7

- *Synonyms:* 1,3-Bis (2,3-epoxypropoxy)-2,2-dimethyl propane; Diglycidyl ether of neopentyl glycol; 2,2 -((2,2-Dimethyl-1,3-propanediyl) bis (oxymethylene)) bisoxirane
- Empirical: C₁₁H₂₀O₄
- *Properties:* M.w. 216.31; dens. 1.040; b.p. 103-107 (1 mm); ref. index 1.4570
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 4500 mg/kg; low toxicity by ing.; sensitizer; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Reactive epoxy diluent for civil engineering applics.; increases impregnation of resin systems, and level of filler loading; used in elec., laminating, casting, tooling, flooring, and coatings

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich Trade Names: Epiol NPG-100

Neoprene. See Polychloroprene

Neoprene rubber. See Polychloroprene

Nickel

CAS 7440-02-0; EINECS/ELINCS 231-111-4

Synonyms: CI 77775; Nickel catalysts; Nickel dust; Nickel particles; Nickel sponge; Raney alloy; Raney nickel

Classification: Metallic element

Empirical: Ni

- Properties: Silvery malleable metal; high ductility; insol. in water; at.wt. 58.69; dens. 8.9; m.p. 1452 C; b.p. 2900 C; corrosion resist.; resist. to strong alkalis
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA) 1 mg(Ni)/m³; LDLo (oral, rat) 5 g/kg, (IV, mouse) 50 mg/kg, (subcut., rat) 12,500 µg/kg, (IP, rabbit) 7 mg/kg; poison by ing., IV, IP, subcut. routes; hypersensitivity can cause dermatitis, pulmonary asthma, conjunctivitis; experimental carcinogen, neoplastigen, tumorigen, teratogen, reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm. as dust or fume; powders can ignite spontaneously in air; incompat. with oxidants; attacked sl. by hydrochloric and sulfuric acids, somewhat more by nitric acid; violent reactions possible

Uses: Alloys (low-alloy steel, stainless steel, copper, brass, permanent magnets, elec. resist. alloys); electroplating; electroformed coatings; catalyst for hydrogenation of veg. oils; catalyst for methanation of fuel gases; alkaline storage batteries; fuel cell electrodes; direct food additive; catalyst; food processing aid (Japan); in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 184.1537, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318 (must be eliminated during processing); Japan approved
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; All Chemie Ltd; Allied-Hunter; Atlantic Equip. Engrs.; Atomergic Chemetals; Carbochem; Cerac; Fluka; GFS; Inco Alloys Int'l.; OM Group; Powmet; Reade Advanced Materials; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tradewinds Int'l. Resources

Nickel catalysts. *See* Nickel Nickel dust. *See* Nickel Nickel particles. *See* Nickel Nickel sponge. See Nickel

Nitrate of ammonia. See Ammonium nitrate

Nitre cake. See Sodium bisulfate

Nitric acid ammonium salt. See Ammonium nitrate

Nitric acid silver (1+) salt. See Silver nitrate

Nitrile/butadiene rubber. See Butadiene/acrylonitrile copolymer

Nitrile elastomer. See Butadiene/acrylonitrile copolymer

- Nitrile rubber. See Butadiene/acrylonitrile copolymer
- Nitriloacetic acid trisodium salt. See Trisodium NTA

Nitrilotriacetic acid

CAS 139-13-9; EINECS/ELINCS 205-355-7

Synonyms: NTA; Aminotriacetic acid; Aminotriethanoic acid; N,N-Bis(carboxymethyl)glycine; Glycine, N,N-bis(carboxymethyl)-; Triglycine; Triglycollamic acid

Classification: Amino carboxylic acid

Empirical: C₆H₉NO₆

Formula: N(CH₂COOH)₃

- Properties: Wh. cryst. solid; sol. 1.28 g/l in water forming acidic sol'ns.; m.w. 191.16; m.p. 246 C (dec.); flash pt. 340 C; pH 2.3 (sat. sol'n.)
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 1100 mg/kg, (oral, mouse) 3160 mg/kg; poison by intraperitoneal route; corrosive to skin; confirmed carcinogen with experimental carcinogenic and neoplastigenic data; TSCA listed

Environmental: 70% biodeg.

Precaution: Combustible; corrosive

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x Uses: Synthesis; chelating and sequestering agent to complex and dissolve calcium and magnesium hardness in water treatment, detergents, pulp and paper processing; eluting agent in purification of rare earth elements; detergent builder

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; BASF; Charkit; Chemplex Chems.; Fluka; Hampshire; Lowenstein Dyes & Cosmetics; Monsanto; R.W. Greeff; Rhodia; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Nitrilotriacetic acid sodium salt. See Trisodium NTA

Nitrilotriacetic acid, trisodium salt. See Trisodium NTA

2,2´,2´´-Nitrilotriethanol. See Triethanolamine

Nitrilotrimethanephosphonic acid. See Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid Nitrilotrimethylenephosphonic acid. See Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid Nitrilotrimethylphosphonic acid. See Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid

1,1,1,1. Nitrilotri-2-propanol. See Triisopropanolamine

2,2´,2´´-Nitrilotris(ethanol). See Triethanolamine

Nitrilotris (methylenephosphonic) acid. See Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid

Nitrilotris (methylene) triphosphonic acid. See Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid

Nitrilotris (methylphosphonic acid). See Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid 1,1',1''-Nitrilotris-2-propanol. See Triisopropanolamine

5-Nitroacenaphthene

CAS 602-87-9; EINECS/ELINCS 210-025-0

- Synonyms: 5-NAN; Acenaphthene, 5-nitro-; Acenaphthylene, 1,2-dihydro-5nitro-; 1,2-Dihydro-5-nitroacenaphthylene; 5-Nitronaphthalene ethylene Empirical: C₁₂H₉NO₂
- Properties: Yel. powd.; sol. in ligroin, ether; sol. 50-100 mg/ml in acetone, DMSO; sol. < 1 mg/ml in water, 95% ethanol; m.w. 199.22; m.p. 100-104 C

Toxicology: Irritating to eyes, skin, mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract; harmful by inh., ing., skin contact; experimental carcinogen; equivocal tumorigen; may cause bladder tumors; mutation data; TSCA listed

Precaution: Probably combustible; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents, strong bases

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of CO, CO₂, NO₃; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions
- Storage: Store in cool, dry place; keep tightly closed

Uses: Chem. intermediate to produce naphthalimide dyes used as fluorescent whitening agents (Japan); prod. of a paper dye

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Lancaster Synthesis; Supelco; TCI Am.

2-Nitrobutyl bromoacetate

CAS 32815-96-6

Uses: Slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300

Nitrocellulose

- CAS 9004-70-0; EINECS/ELINCS 239-069-9; UN No. 2059 (DOT), 2555 (DOT), 2556 (DOT), 2557 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Celloidin; Celluloid; Cellulose nitrate; Cellulose tetranitrate; Collodion; Collodion cotton; Collodion wool; Colloxylin; Flexible collodion; Guncotton; Nitrocellulose, dry; Nitrocellulose sol'n.; Nitrocellulose, wetted; Nitrocotton; Nitron; Pyroxylin; Pyroxylin plastic; Pyroxylin rods; Soluble guncotton; Xyloidin

Classification: Cellulose deriv.

Empirical: C₁₂H₁₆N₄O₁₈

Formula: C₁₂H₁₆(ONO₂)₄O₆

- Properties: Colorless liq. or wh. amorphous solid; sol. in acetone, methanol, glac. acetic acid; insol. in water, ether-alcohol mixt.; m.w. 504.3; dens. 1.66; b.p. 83 C; flash pt. (CC) 40 F
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; very low oral toxicity; severe eye irritant; target organs: kidneys, nerves; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Explosive, flamm. liq., flamm. solid; highly dangerous exposed to heat, flame, strong oxidizers; ignites easily; mod. dangerous explosion hazard

Storage: Keep in well-closed containers; protect from light and moisture

- Uses: Thermoplastic resin; film-former; lacquer resin; high explosives; mfg. of collodions; rocket propellant; printing ink base; binder in flexographic inks; in adhesives; leather finishing; molded prods.; mfg. of 'Celluloid;' food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings; in cellophane for food pkg.; pharmaceutical creams; embedding sections in microscopy; in electrotechnics; photography; galvanoplasty
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 177.1200, 181.22, 181.30
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aarbor Int'l.; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; BCH Brühl; Bayer; CarboMer; Daicel Chem. Ind.; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; J.H. Calo; Punda Mercantile; SNPE Chimie; San Yuan; Sigma; Unicel; Vanguard Chem. Int'l.
- *Trade Names:* Dispercel-A; Dispercel-AS; ParCell[™] A; ParCell[™] R; ParCell[™] S

See also Collodion

Nitrocellulose, dry. See Nitrocellulose

Nitrocellulose sol⁷n. *See* Nitrocellulose Nitrocellulose, wetted. *See* Nitrocellulose Nitrocotton. *See* Nitrocellulose (2-Nitroethenyl) benzene. *See* β-Nitrostyrene

N-[α-(Nitroethyl) benzyl] ethylenediamine

Uses: Slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300

Nitrogen

CAS 7727-37-9; EINECS/ELINCS 231-783-9; UN No. 1066 (compressed), 1977 (refrig. lig.)

Synonyms: Nitrogen, compressed; Nitrogen gas; Nitrogen, refrigerated liquid *Classification:* Gaseous element

Definition: Gas that is 78% of the atmosphere by volume and essential to all living things

Empirical: N₂

- Properties: Colorless gas, odorless, tasteless; sol. in liq. ammonia, alcohol; sl. sol. in water; at. wt. 14.0067; m.w. 28.01; dens. 1.2506 g/l (0 C), 0.808 g/cm² (liq., -195.8 C); m.p. -210 C; b.p. -195.79 C; chemically nonreactive; noncombustible
- Toxicology: Low toxicity; simple asphyxiant in high concs.; toxic conc. 90 ppm in humans, 250 ppm in mice; narcotic at high conc. and pressure; narcotic effects and the bends are hazards of compressed air atmospheres such as found in underwater diving; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combines with oxygen and hydrogen on sparking forming nitric oxide and ammonia resp.
- Uses: Prod. of ammonia, acrylonitrile, nitrates, cyanamide, cyanides, nitrides; mfg. of explosives; inert purging/blanketing gas; electronics; propellant; bright annealing of steel; cryogenic preservation; inflating tires; fertilizers; hydraulic fluid; source of pressure in oil wells; direct food additive, antioxidant, propellant, aerating agent, processing aid in foods; liq. nitrogen in food refrigeration and freeze drying; propellant, diluent in pharmaceuticals
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §169.115, 169.140, 169.150, 184.1540, GRAS; Japan approved; USP/NF, BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; MG Ind.; Praxair *Trade Names Containing:* Dilurit 464 C; Dilurit 953

Nitrogen, compressed. See Nitrogen

Nitrogen gas. See Nitrogen

Nitrogen, refrigerated liquid. See Nitrogen

Nitron. See Nitrocellulose

5-Nitronaphthalene ethylene. See 5-Nitroacenaphthene

1-Nitro-2-phenylethylene. See β -Nitrostyrene

 β -Nitrophenylethylene. See β -Nitrostyrene

β-Nitrostyrene

- CAS 102-96-5; EINECS/ELINCS 203-066-0
- Synonyms: BNS; Benzene, (2-nitroethenyl)-; (2-Nitroethenyl) benzene; 1-Nitro-2-phenylethylene; β-Nitrophenylethylene; γ-Nitrostyrene; ω-Nitrostyrene; (2-Nitrovinyl) benzene; Styrene, β-nitro-

Empirical: C₈H₇NO₂

Formula: C₆H₅CH:CHNO

- Properties: Yel. liq. or prisms; sol. < 0.1 g/100 ml in water; m.w. 149.16; sp.gr. 0.971; vapor pressure ≈ 22 mm (20 C); m.p. 58 C; b.p. 250-260 C; flash pt. 8.88 C
- Toxicology: LDLo (oral, mouse) 710 mg/kg; toxic by inh., ing., skin contact; severe irritant; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; may cause burning sensation, coughing, laryngitis, shortness of breath, headache, nausea, vomiting; exposure can cause lung irritation, chest pain and edema which may be fatal; chronic exposure may cause CNS effects; target organs: bladder, liver, kidneys, brain; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm.; mod. fire and explosion risk; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

- *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* CO, CO₂, NO_x; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions
- Storage: Keep tightly closed; store in cool, dry place under nitrogen; keep away from heat, sparks, open flame
- Uses: Chain stopper in styrene-type polymerization; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180 Manuf./Distrib.: ANGUS; Riedel-deHaën

 γ -Nitrostyrene. See β -Nitrostyrene

ω-Nitrostyrene. *See* β-Nitrostyrene

Nitrous acid sodium salt. See Sodium nitrite

(2-Nitrovinyl) benzene. *See* β-Nitrostyrene

NMP. See N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone Nonane. See n-Nonane

n-Nonane

CAS 111-84-2; UN No. 1920 (DOT)

Synonyms: Nonane

Classification: Sat. aliphatic hydrocarbon

Empirical: C₉H₂₀

- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CH₃
- Properties: Colorless liq.; gasoline-like odor; misc. with most org. solvs.; sol. in abs. alcohol, ether; insol. in water; m.w. 128.26; sp.gr. 0.714; vapor pressure 10 mm Hg (38 C); m.p. -53.5 C; b.p. 151 C; flash pt. 31 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 200 ppm; LD50 (IV, mouse) 218 mg/kg; toxic; poison by IV route; skin irritant; conc. vapor probably irritating to eyes; inh. of conc. vapor may cause nose/throat irritation, headache, drowsiness, nausea, tremors, difficulty breathing; narcotic in high concs.; very high concs. may cause unconsciousness, death; ing. may cause nausea, vomiting, swelling of abdomen, headache, depression; relatively low oral toxicity unless aspirated into lungs; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm.; very dangerous fire hazard exposed to heat or flame; explosive as vapor exposed to heat or flame; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents (increases fire and explosion hazard)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight

Uses: Solvent; org. synthesis; component of gasoline and petrol. solvents such as VM&P naphtha and Stod. solvent; mfg. of paraffin prods.; paper processing; rubber industry; synthesis of biodeg. detergents; jet fuel research; distillation chaser Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Romil Ltd; Sigma

1-Nonanecarboxylic acid. See Capric acid

3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27-Nonaoxanonatriacontan-1-ol. See Laureth-9 Non-bronze blue. See Ferric ferrocyanide Noncarbinol. See Decyl alcohol

Nonoxynol

CAS 9016-45-9 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 68412-54-4 (generic) Synonyms: Glycols, polyethylene, mono (nonylphenyl) ether; Nonylphenol ethoxylates; Nonylphenol, polyoxyethylene ether; Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol; Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether; Polyethylene glycol nonyl phenyl ether; Polyoxyethylene nonylphenol

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $(C_2H_4O)_x \cdot C_{15}H_{24}O$

Properties: Pale yel. to wh.; liq. (4-7 EO), paste (13-15 EO), or solid (> 20 EO); oil-sol. (4-7 EO), rest water-sol.; HLB 8.9-18.2; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1310 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 2 ml/kg; primary irritant; mild skin and severe eye irritant; may cause cardiac changes, nausea, vomiting, reproductive system tumors; TSCA listed

Storage: Keep under argon

Uses: Crude oil demulsifier ingred.; defoamer; emulsifier for oils, solvents, waxes, pesticides; emulsifier/protective colloid in emulsion polymerization; spermicides; surfactant for dishwashing detergents; surfactant/wetting agent/dispersant for household/industrial cleaners; textile scouring agent; solubilizer; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

Trade Names: Atlas EMJ-C; Disponil® NP 4; Disponil® NP 6; Disponil® NP 10; Disponil® NP 11; Disponil® NP 12; Disponil® NP 20; Disponil® NP 307; Hyonic® PE-90; MAKON® NP-5570

Trade Names Containing: Soygold® 2000

Nonoxynol-1

CAŠ 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 27986-36-3; 37205-87-1 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 248-762-5

Synonyms: Ethylene glycol nonyl phenyl ether; PEG-1 nonyl phenyl ether; 2-(Nonylphenoxy) ethanol

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Empirical: C17H28O2

Formula: C₉H₁₉C₆H₄OCH₂CH₂OH

Properties: Yel. to almost colorless liq.; sol. in oil; HLB 4.6; nonionic

Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; emulsion polymerization; latex paints; emulsifier, solubilizer in pharmaceuticals; foodpkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Surfonic® N-10

Nonoxynol-2

CAŚ 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 27176-93-8 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 248-291-5

Synonyms: PEG² nonyl phenyl ether; POE (2) nonyl phenyl ether; PEG 100 nonyl phenyl ether

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Empirical: C19H32O3

Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 2

Properties: Yel. to almost colorless liq.; sol. in oil; nonionic

- Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; in metalworking; paints; emulsifier, solubilizer in pharmaceuticals; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Chemax NP-1.5; Imbentin-N/7 A; Imbentin-N/020 I; Teric™ N2

Nonoxynol-3

CAŚ 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 27176-95-0 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 51437-95-7 (generic); 84562-92-5 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-3 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (3) nonyl phenyl ether; 2-[2-(Nonylphenoxy)ethoxy]ethoxy]ethanol

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Empirical: C₂₁H₃₆O₄

Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 3

Properties: Yel. to almost colorless liq.; sol. in oil; nonionic

- Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; emulsion polymerization; latex paints; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; foodpkg, adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210

Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Surfonic® N-31.5

Nonoxynol-4

- CAS 7311-27-5; 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 27176-97-2; 68412-54-4 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 230-770-5
- Synonyms: PEG-4 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (4) nonyl phenyl ether; PEG 200 nonyl phenyl ether

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Empirical: $C_{23}H_{40}O_5$

- Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 4
- Properties: Yel. to almost colorless liq.; sol. in oil; HLB 8.9; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; pharmaceutic aids; plasticizer, antistat for plastics; in cosmetics; fat liquoring; cutting oils; agric.; petroleum oils; solvent cleaner; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer for food-contact paper/paperboard; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3400; FDA approved for ophthalmics, topicals, vaginals

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Chemax NP-4; DeSonic™ 4N; Imbentin-N/040; MAKON® 4; NP4; POLYSTEP® F-1; Surfonic® N-40; Tergitol® NP-4; Teric™ N4; Trycol® 6961

Nonoxynol-5

- CAŚ 9016-45-9 (generic); 20636-48-0; 26027-38-3 (generic); 26264-02-8; 37205-87-1 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 247-555-7
- Synonyms: PEG-5 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (5) nonylphenol; POE (5) nonyl phenyl ether; 14-(Nonylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12-tetraoxatetradecan-1-ol Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Empirical: C₂₅H₄₄O₆

Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 5

- Properties: Yel. to almost colorless liq.; sol. in oil; HLB 10.5; nonionic
- Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; emulsion polymerization; paint; pharmaceutical surfactant; solvent cleaner; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact paper/paperboard; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3400

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Imbentin-N/050; Teric™ N5

Nonoxynol-6

- CAS 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 27177-01-1; 27177-05-5 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 68412-54-4 (generic)
- Synonyms: PEG-6 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (6) nonyl phenyl ether; PEG 300 nonyl phenyl ether
- Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Empirical: C27H48O7

- Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 6
- Properties: Yel. to almost colorless liq.; HLB 10.9; nonionic

Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and

- fumes
- Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; plasticizer, antistat for plastics; prep. of emulsified paints; food and pharmaceutical applics.; solvent cleaner; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3400

- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma
- Trade Names: Chemax NP-6; Iconol NP-6; Igepal® CO-530; Imbentin-N/ 060: MAKON® 6: NP6: POLYSTEP® F-2: Surfonic® N-60: T-Det® N-6; Tergitol[®] NP-6; Teric[™] N6; Trycol[®] 6962

Nonoxynol-7

- CAS 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 27177-03-3; 37205-87-1 (generic); 68412-54-4 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 248-292-0
- Synonyms: PEG-7 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (7) nonyl phenyl ether; 20-(Nonylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18-hexaoxaeicosan-1-ol

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Empirical: C29H52O8

- Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 7
- Properties: Yel. to almost colorless liq.; nonionic
- Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; antistat, plasticizer for plastics; prod. of food-grade emulsifiers, lubricants, release agents, and binders; pharmaceutical emulsifier, solubilizer; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in paper/ paperboard in contact with dry foods; food-pkg. adhesives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3400
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Imbentin-N/40 A; Surfonic® N-70; Tergitol® NP-7

Nonoxynol-8

- CAS 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 26571-11-9 (generic); 27177-05-5 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 68412-54-4 (generic); EINECS/ ELINCS 248-293-6; 247-816-5
- Synonyms: PEG-8 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (8) nonyl phenyl ether; PEG 400 nonyl phenyl ether; 23-(Nonylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18,21-heptaoxatricosan-1-ol
- Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol
- Empirical: C₃₁H₅₆O₉
- Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 8
- Properties: Yel. to almost colorless liq.; HLB 12.3; nonionic
- Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; pigment dispersant, emulsifier for polymerization (styrene acrylic, acrylic, vinyl acrylic, S/B, paints, coatings); contributes mech. and freeze/thaw stability to latexes; emulsifier, solubilizer in pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3400 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Iconol NP-8; Igepal® CO-610; Imbentin-N/30; Imbentin-N/ 35; MAKON® 8; NP8; POLYSTEP® F-3; Surfonic® N-80; Surfonic® N-85; T-Det[®] N-8; Tergitol[®] NP-8; Teric[™] N8

Nonoxynol-9

- CAS 9016-45-9 (generic); 14409-72-4; 26027-38-3 (generic); 26571-11-9 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 68412-54-4 (generic)
- Synonyms: 26-(Nonylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24-octaoxahexacosan-1ol; PEG-9 nonyl phenyl ether; PEG 450 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (9) nonyl phenyl ether
- Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

- Empirical: $C_{33}H_{60}O_{10}$ Formula: $C_{9}H_{19}C_{6}H_{4}(OCH_{2}CH_{2})_{n}OH$, avg. n = 9
- Properties: Colorless to It. yel. clear visc. liq.; sol. in water, ethanol, ethylene glycol, xylene, corn oil; m.w. 617; dens. 1.06 (25/4 C); solid. pt. 26 F; pour pt. 37 F; flash pt. 535-555 F; cloud pt. 126-133 F (1% aq.); visc. 175-250 cps; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2590 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 2830 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing., skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; may cause human reproductive effects; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; spermaticide; plastics antistat; emulsion and suspension polymerization; paints; textiles; pesticides; pharmaceutical surfactant; adjuvant in slimicides in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 176.300, 178.3400; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma
- Trade Names: Ablunol NP9; Alkasurf® CO-630; Chemax NP-9; DeSonic™ 9N; Hyonic® NP-90; Iconol NP-9; Igepal® CO-630; Igepal® CO-630/ EP; Igepal® NP-9; Imbentin-N/44; Imbentin-N/55; NP9; Rewopal® HV 9; Tergitol[®] NP-9; Tergitol[®] NP-9.5; Teric[™] N9

Nonoxynol-10

- CAS 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 27177-08-8; 27942-26-3; 37205-87-1 (generic); 68412-54-4 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 248-294-
- Synonyms: PEG-10 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (10) nonyl phenyl ether; PEG 500 nonyl phenyl ether; 29-(Nonylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27nonaoxanonacosan-1-ol
- Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol
- Empirical: C35H64O11
- Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 10
- Properties: Colorless to It. amber visc. liq., aromatic odor; sol. in polar org. solvs., water: HLB 13.3; hvd. no. 81-97; nonionic
- Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans: TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; emulsifier for emulsion polymerization (styrene acrylic, acrylic, vinyl acrylic, S/B, paints, coatings); emulsifier, wetting agent, solubilizer for foods and pharmaceuticals; adjuvant in slimicides in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 176.300, 178.3400; USP/NF compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Chemax NP-10; DeSonic™ 10N; Hyonic® PE-100; Iconol NP-10; Igepal® CO-660; Imbentin-N/52; Imbentin-N/63; MAKON® 10; Nonipax X 100; NP10; POLYSTEP® F-4; Sipol NP-10; Surfonic® N-95; Surfonic® N-100; Surfonic® N-102; T-Det® N-9.5; Tergitol® NP-10; Teric[™] N10; Trycol[®] 6974

Nonoxynol-11

CAS 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 68412-54-4 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-11 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (11) nonyl phenyl ether

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 11

- Properties: Yel. to almost colorless liq.; nonionic
- Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild

skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; spermaticide; used in concrete mfg.; agric. sprays; solvent cleaners; paints; foods; detergents; adjuvant in slimicides in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 176.300, 178.3400 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Alkasurf[®] CO-710, DeSonic[™] 11N; Igepal[®] CO-710; Surfonic[®] N-110; Tergitol[®] NP-11; Teric[™] N11; Trycol[®] 6965

Nonoxynol-12

- CAŠ 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 68412-54-4 (generic)
- Synonyms: PEG-12 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (12) nonyl phenyl ether; PEG 600 nonyl phenyl ether

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 12

Properties: Yel. to almost colorless liq.; nonionic

- Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; emulsifier and stabilizer for emulsion polymerization (styrene acrylic, acrylic, vinyl acrylic, S/B); paints, coatings; foods coemulsifier, detergent, wetting agent; emulsifier, solubilizer in pharmaceuticals; adjuvant in slimicides in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 176.300, 178.3400 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Alkasurf® CO-720; Igepal® CO-720; Imbentin-N/82; MAKON® 12; NP12; POLYSTEP® F-5; Surfonic® N-120; Tergitol® NP-12; Teric™ N12

Nonoxynol-13

- CAŚ 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 68412-54-4 (generic)
- *Synonyms:* PEG-13 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (13) nonyl phenyl ether *Classification:* Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 13

Properties: Yel. to almost colorless liq.; nonionic

Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; emulsion polymerization; in concrete mfg.; agric. sprays; solvent cleaners; paints; detergents; emulsifier, solubilizer in pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3400

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: DeSonic[™] 13N; Imbentin-N/85; Tergitol[®] NP-13; Teric[™] N13

Nonoxynol-14

CAŠ 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 68412-54-4 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-14 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (14) nonyl phenyl ether

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: C₉H₁₉C₆H₄(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 14 *Properties:* Yel. to almost colorless liq.; HLB 14.4; nonionic

Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; emulsifier for emulsion polymerization (styrene acrylic, acrylic, vinyl acrylic, S/B, paints, coatings); solubilizer for essential oils and flavors in foods; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/ paperboard in contact with dry foods; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3400 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Iconol NP 14; Imbentin-N/91; MAKON® 14; POLYSTEP® F.6

Nonoxynol-15

CAS 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 68412-

54-4 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-15 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (15) nonyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 15

Properties: Nonionic $P_{2}C_{1}^{0}$

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, detergent, wetting agent, dispersant, solubilizer, coupling agent, defoamer for emulsion polymerization, latex carpet, textiles, metalworking, household, industrial, agric., paper, paint, and cosmetics industries; emulsifier, solubilizer in pharmaceuticals; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Chemax NP-15; Imbentin-N/98; Nonipax X 150; Surfonic® N-150; Tergitol® NP-15; Teric™ N15

Nonoxynol-18

CAS 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 68412-54-4 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-18 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (18) nonyl phenyl ether

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 18

- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Nonoxynol-20

- CAŚ 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 64812-54-4 (generic)
- Synonyms: PEG-20 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (20) nonyl phenyl ether; PEG 1000 nonyl phenyl ether

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 20

Properties: Pale yel. to off-wh. pastes or waxes; HLB 16.0; nonionic

- Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; emulsion polymerization; surfactant, detergent, wetting and rewetting agent, emulsifier in cosmetics, textile, leather, paper, paint, and metal processing; emulsifier, solubilizer in pharmaceuticals; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma

Trade Names: Chemax NP-20; Disponil® NP 208; Igepal® CO-850; Imbentin-N/200 80%; Surfonic® N-200; Teric™ N20

Nonoxynol-23

CAŚ 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 64812-54-4 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-23 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (23) nonyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 23

Properties: Pale yel. to off-wh. pastes or waxes; nonionic

- Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Nonoxynol-25

CAS 9016-45-9 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-25 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (25) nonyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)$, OH, avg. n = 25

Properties: Pale yel. to off-wh. pastes or waxes; nonionic

- Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Uses: Surfactant; as detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent, dispersant, stabilizer, defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; emulsion polymerization; post-stabilizer for syn. latexes; emulsifier, solubilizer in pharmaceuticals

Trade Names: Rewopal® HV 25

Nonoxynol-30

CAS 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 64812-54-4 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-30 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (30) nonyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 30

Properties: Pale yel. to off-wh. pastes or waxes; HLB 17.1; nonionic

Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; spreading agent; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; pharmaceutic aids, surfactant; pigment wetting and grinding agent for aq. systems; emulsifier for vinyl acetate and acrylate emulsion polymerization; in latex paints; floor finishes; paper coatings; textiles; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma

Trade Names: Ablunol NP30; Ablunol NP30 70%; Chemax NP-30; Chemax NP-30/70; Igepal® CO-880; Igepal® CO-887; Imbentin-N/300 G; MAKON® 30; POLYSTEP® F-9; POLYSTEP® F-9S; Surfonic® N-300; Surfonic® NB-307; Teric[™] N30; Teric[™] N30L

Nonoxynol-34

CAS 9016-45-9 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-34 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (34) nonyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier for emulsion polymerization (acrylics and vinyl acetate), paints and coatings; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Trade Names: POLYSTEP® F-95B

Nonoxynol-40

CAŚ 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 68412-54-4 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-40 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (40) nonyl phenyl ether; PEG 2000 nonyl phenyl ether

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 40

Properties: Pale yel. to off-wh. pastes or waxes; nonionic

Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and

fumes

Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; emulsion polymerization; in latex paints; floor finishes; paper coatings; textiles; foods; pharmaceuticals; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 178.3400

- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma
- Trade Names: Ablunol NP40; Ablunol NP40 70%; Igepal® CO-897; Imbentin-N/400 G; POLYSTEP® F-10; Surfonic® N-400; Surfonic® NB-407; Trycol® 6970

Nonoxynol-44

CAS 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 68412-54-4 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-44 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (44) nonyl phenyl ether

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)$, OH, avg. n = 44; Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 178.3400

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Nonoxynol-50

CAŚ 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 68412-54-4 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-50 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (50) nonyl phenyl ether

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

- Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)$, OH, avg. n = 50
- Properties: Pale yel. to off-wh. pastes or waxes; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; emulsion polymerization; in latex paints; floor finishes; paper coatings; textiles; foods, pharmaceuticals; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 178.3400

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma

Trade Names: Ablunol NP50; Ablunol NP50 70%; Igepal® CO-977; Surfonic® N-500

Nonoxynol-55

CAS 9016-45-9 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-55 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (55) nonyl phenyl ether

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant; o/w emulsifier; solubilizer; detergent; wetting agent; dispersant; emulsion polymerization; agric.; adhesives; pigments; polymers and resins; floor finishes; polishes; food-contact coatings, paper, cellophane, animal glues, polymers; defoamer in food-contact coatings Trade Names: Surfonic® N-550; Surfonic® NB-557

Nonoxynol-60

CAS 9016-45-9 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-60 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (60) nonyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 60

- Properties: Pale yel. to off-wh. pastes or waxes; nonionic
- Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Surfactant; as detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent, dispersant, stabilizer, defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants

Manuf./Distrib.: Ashland Trade Names: Imbentin-N/600 G 50%

Nonoxynol-70

CAS 9016-45-9 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-70 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (70) nonyl phenyl ether *Classification:* Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)$, OH, avg. n = 70

Properties: Pale yel. to off-wh. pastes or waxes; nonionic

Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; emulsion polymerization; emulsifier/stabilizer for floor waxes and polishes, paints; foodcontact coatings, paper, cellophane, animal glues; defoamer in food-contact coatings

Trade Names: Surfonic® N-700

Nonoxynol-100

CAS 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic); 68412-

54-4 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-100 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (100) nonyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 100

Properties: Pale yel. to off-wh. pastes or waxes; nonionic

- Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion, skin contact; severe eye and mild skin irritant in humans; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Uses: Surfactant; detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; dispersant; stabilizer; defoamer; intermediate in synthesis of anionic surfactants; emulsion polymerization; stabilizer for syn. latexes; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma

Trade Names: Surfonic® N-1000; Surfonic® NB-1007

Nonoxynol-120

CAS 9016-45-9 (generic); 26027-38-3 (generic); 37205-87-1 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-120 nonyl phenyl ether; POE (120) nonyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Formula: $C_9H_{19}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 120 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant), emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Nonoxynol-7 phosphate

Properties: Anionic

Uses: {Low foam wetting agent, dispersant, base for mfg. of cleaning agents, dry cleaning formulations, flame retardants, flotation aids *Trade Names:* Servoxyl® VPNZ 7/100

Nonoxynol-9 phosphate

- CAŚ 51609-41-7 (generic); 51811-79-1 (generic); 66197-78-2; 68412-53-3 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 266-231-6
- Synonyms: PEG-9 nonyl phenyl ether phosphate; 26-(Nonylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24-octaoxahexacosan-1-ol, dihydrogen phosphate; POE (9) nonyl phenyl ether phosphate; Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -(nonylphenyl)- ω -hydroxy-, phosphate; PEG 450 nonyl phenyl ether phosphate

Definition: Complex mixture of esters of phosphoric acid and nonoxynol-9 *Empirical:* $C_{33}H_{41}O_{13}P$

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, antistat, detergent, corrosion inhibitor for agric., industrial use; solvent, antisoil redeposition for dry-cleaning; emulsion polymerization; household and industrial detergents; fabric finishes; paints; textile wet processing; metals; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 178.3400

Trade Names: Rhodafac® RE-610

Nonoxynol-20 phosphate

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Surfactant for textiles, agric., paper, cleaning, metal processing *Trade Names:* Servoxyl® VPNZ 20/100 s-Nonyl alcohol. See 2,6-Dimethyl heptanol-4 Nonylcarbinol. See Decyl alcohol

Nonyl nonoxynol

CAS 9014-93-1 (generic)

Synonyms: Dinonylphenol ethoxylate

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Properties: Liq./paste; nonionic

Uses: Crude oil/lubricant demulsifier component; emulsifier in pesticides; low-foaming surfactant for household/industrial applics.; textile/paper processing aids

Nonyl nonoxynol-7

CAS 9014-93-1 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-7 dinonyl phenyl ether; POE (7) dinonyl phenyl ether

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier for agric., emulsion polymerization; leather fat liquoring; paints; food-pkg. coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich Trade Names: Surfonic® DNP-70

Nonyl nonoxynol-8

CAS 9014-93-1 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-8 dinonyl phenyl ether; POE (8) dinonyl phenyl ether *Classification*: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol *Formula*: (C₉H₁₉)₂C₆H₃(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 8 *Properties*: Nonionic *Uses*: Emulsifier in textile dye carrier applics., insecticides, wax emulsions;

Uses: Emulsiner in textile dye carrier applics., insecticides, wax emulsions; foam control agent; spreading agent in pigment printing; post-stabilizer in emulsion polymerization; intermediate; coupling agent, solubilizer for paints, paper, agric., textiles; food-contact coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Seabrook Ind.

Trade Names: Chemax DNP-8; Surfonic® DNP-80

Nonyl nonoxynol-10

CAS 9014-93-1 (generic)

- Synonyms: PEG-10 dinonyl phenyl ether; POE (10) dinonyl phenyl ether; PEG 500 dinonyl phenyl ether
- Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Empirical: C44H44O11

Formula: $(C_9H_{19})_2C_6H_3(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 10

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emollient, emulsifier, solubilizer, coupling agent, pigment dispersant, detergent used in cosmetics, household, textile industry; food-contact coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Surfonic® DNP-100

Nonyl nonoxynol-14

ČAS 9014-93-1 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-14 dinonyl phenyl ether; POE (14) dinonyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Formula: $(C_9H_{19})_2C_6H_3(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 14 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Surfactant Trade Names: Surfonic® DNP-140

Nonyl nonoxynol-15

ČAS 9014-93-1 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-15 dinonyl phenyl ether; POE (15) dinonyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Formula: (C₉H₁₉)₂C₆H₃(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 15 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, antistat for textiles, leather, metal cleaners, paper, latex, pesticides; coemulsifier for syn. latexes Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich Trade Names: Chemax DNP-15; Igepal[®] DM-710 Nonyl nonoxynol-16

CAS 9014-93-1 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-16 dinonyl phenyl ether; POE (16) dinonyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Properties: Nonionic Uses: Raw material for textile and paper auxs.; dispersant Nonyl nonoxynol-18 CAS 9014-93-1 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-18 dinonyl phenyl ether: POE (18) dinonyl phenyl ether	isomers) Definition: A mixture of isomeric monoalkyl phenols Empirical: C ₁₅ H ₂₄ O Formula: C ₉ H ₁₉ C ₆ H ₄ OH Properties: Straw-colored clear visc. liq.; sl. phenolic odor; sol. in benzene, chlorinated solvs., aniline, heptane, aliphatic alcohol, ethylene glycol, most org. solvs.; insol. in water, dil. aq. NaOH; m.w. 220.36; dens. 0.949
 Synonyms: PLS-16 untoff plengrenter, POL (16) untoff plengrenter Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Formula: (C₉H₁₉)₂C₆H₃(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 18 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Emulsifier, detergent, solubilizer, wetting agent, coupling agent for textiles, metalworking, household, industrial, agric., paper, paint, etc. Trade Names: Chemax DNP-18 	 (20/4 C); b.p. 293-297 C; flash pt. > 110 C; ref. index 1.5110 (20 C) <i>Toxicology:</i> LD50 (oral, rat) 1620 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 2140 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing. and skin contact; severe eye and skin irritant; TSCA listed <i>Precaution:</i> Combustible exposed to heat or flame <i>Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:</i> Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes <i>Uses:</i> Nonionic surfactant intermediate (nonbiodegradable); lube oil additives;
Nonyl nonoxynol-24 CAS 9014-93-1 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-24 dinonyl phenyl ether; POE (24) dinonyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Formula: (C ₉ H ₁₉) ₂ C ₆ H ₃ (OCH ₂ CH ₂) _n OH, avg. n = 24 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Detergent, emulsifier for textiles, leather, metal cleaners, paper, latex, pesticides, emulsion polymerization, latex stabilization; antistat for textiles Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich Trade Names: Igepal® DM-730	stabilizers; curing agents; petroleum demulsifiers; plasticizers; dyestuffs; aromatic oils; fungicides; antioxidants for plastics and rubber; nonreactive epoxy resin diluent; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paper- board <i>Regulatory</i> : FDA 21CFR §176.200, 176.210 <i>Manuf./Distrib.:</i> Akzo Nobel Surf. Chem. AB; Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Atofina; Bencorp Int'l.; Cognis/Chems. Group; Degussa- Hüls AG; Dover; Eastech; FRP Services; GE Spec.; Herdillia Chems. Ltd; Huntsman; Indofine; Kalama; Rhodia; Schenectady
Nonyl nonoxynol-30 CAS 9014-93-1 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-30 dinonyl phenyl ether; POE (30) dinonyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Properties: Nonionic Uses: Raw material for textile and paper auxs.; dispersant	Nonyiphenoi einoxyiates. See Nonoxynoi Nonyiphenoi (mixed isomers). See Nonoyiphenoi Nonyiphenoi, polyoxyethylene ether. See Nonoxynoi 2-(Nonyiphenoxy) ethanoi. See Nonoxynoi-1 2-[2-[2-(Nonyiphenoxy)ethoxy]ethoxy]ethanoi. See Nonoxynoi-3 23-(Nonyiphenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18,21-heptaoxatricosan-1-oi. See Nonoxy- noi-8
 Nonyl nonoxynol-70 CAS 9014-93-1 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-70 dinonyl phenyl ether; POE (70) dinonylphenol; POE (70) dinonyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Formula: (C₉H₁₉)₂C₆H₃(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 70 Properties: HLB 18.0; nonionic Uses: O/w emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent for cleaners, emulsion polymer- ization, hard surf. cleaners, agric., pulp/paper, textiles Trade Names: Surfonic[®] DNP-700 	 20-(Nonylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18-hexaoxaeicosan-1-ol. See Nonoxynol-7 29-(Nonylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27-nonaoxanonacosan-1-ol. See Nonoxynol-10 26-(Nonylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24-octaoxahexacosan-1-ol. See Nonoxynol-9 26-(Nonylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24-octaoxahexacosan-1-ol, dihydrogen phosphate. See Nonoxynol-9 phosphate 14-(Nonylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12-tetraoxatetradecan-1-ol. See Nonoxynol-5 Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol. See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether. See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether. See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether. See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether. See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether. See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether. See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether. See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether. See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether. See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether. See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether. See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether. See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether. See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether. See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether. See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether. See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl polyethylene glycol ether See Nonoxynol Nonyl phenyl li>
Nonyl nonoxynol-100 CAS 9014-93-1 (generic) <i>Synonyms</i> : PEG-100 dinonyl phenyl ether; POE (100) dinonyl phenyl ether <i>Classification</i> : Ethoxylated alkyl phenol <i>Formula</i> : (C ₃ H ₁₉) ₂ C ₄ H ₃ (OCH ₂ CH ₂) _n OH, avg. n = 100 <i>Properties</i> : Nonionic <i>Toxicology</i> : TSCA listed <i>Uses</i> : Surfactant for industrial and household cleaning; o/w emulsifier, solubi- lizer; intermediate for textile auxs.; emulsion polymerization; agric.; pulp/ paper processing <i>Manuf./Distrib.</i> : Aldrich <i>Trade Names</i> : Surfonic® DNP-1000	Norgine. See Alginic acid Normal hexane. See Hexane Normal propyl alcohol. See Propyl alcohol Norway saltpeter. See Ammonium nitrate Novolac resin. See Phenolic resin Novolak resin. See Phenolic resin NR. See Natural rubber NTA. See Nitrilotriacetic acid; Trisodium NTA NTANa ₃ . See Trisodium NTA NTF. See Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid NTMP. See Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid NTPA. See Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid
Nonyl nonoxynol-150 CAS 9014-93-1 (generic)	Nylon. See Polyamide
Synonyms: PEG-150 dinonyl phenyl ether; POE (150) dinonyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Formula: (C ₉ H ₁₉) ₂ C ₆ H ₃ (OCH ₂ CH ₂) _n OH, avg. n = 150 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, dispersant, wetter, stabilizer for laundry, house- hold, textile, hard-surface detergents, cosmetics, insecticides, paper, pe- troleum, paints; food-contact coatings, paper, cellophane; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Seabrook Ind. Trade Names: Chemax DNP-150; Chemax DNP-150/50; Igepal® DM-970 FLK; Surfonic® DNP-1500	 CAS 25038-74-8; 24937-16-4 <i>Synonyms:</i> PA 12; Azacyclotridecane-2-one, homopolymer; Azacyclotridecane-2-one polyamide; Polyamide 12; Poly (laurolactam) <i>Classification:</i> Thermoplastic; polyamide <i>Definition:</i> Polyamide derived from 12-aminododecanoic acid <i>Empirical:</i> (C₁₂H₂₂NO)_n <i>Formula:</i> (NH(CH₂)₁₁CO]_n <i>Properties:</i> Solid; dens. 1.010; m.p. 175 C; tens. str. 45 MPa; tens. mod. 1400 MPa; elong (@ break) 200%; exc. abrasion resist.; good elec. insulation props. <i>Uses:</i> Thermoplastic resin for inj. molding and extrusion applics.; for extrusion coatings for plastics films, metal foils, and paper; chemresist. powd.
Nonylphenol CAS 25154-52-3	coatings; automotive fuel/hydraulic hoses; gears; cams; bearings; raw material for pharmaceuticals; absorbent, carrier in personal hygiene prods.;

visc. control agent, opacifier in cosmetics; food pkg.; in side seam ce-

CAS 25154-52-3

Synonyms: 2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptylphenol (o and p); Nonyl phenol (mixed

ments for food-contact containers Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 177.1500, 177.2260 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashley Polymers; Atofina SA; Daicel-Hüls; Degussa-Hüls AG Oceol. See Oleyl alcohol Ochre. See Iron oxide yellow 9,12-Octadecadienamide, N,N-bis (2-hydroxyethyl)-. See Linoleamide DEA 9,12-Octadecadienoic acid. See Linoleic acid cis, cis-9, 12-Octadecadienoic acid. See Linoleic acid (Z,Z)-9,12-Octadecadienoic acid. See Linoleic acid 9,12-Octadecadienoic acid, dimer. See Dilinoleic acid 9,12-Octadecadienoic acid, trimer. See Trilinoleic acid cis, cis-9, 12-Octadecadien-1-ol. See Linoleyl alcohol Octadecanamide. See Stearamide Octadecanamide, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis-. See Ethylene distearamide Octadecanamide, N,N -ethylenebis-. See Ethylene distearamide 1-Octadecanamine. See Stearamine Octadecanamine acetate. See Stearamine acetate Octadecanaminium, N,N-dimethyl-N-octadecyl-, chloride. See Distearyldimonium chloride Octadecanoic acid. See Stearic acid n-Octadecanoic acid. See Stearic acid Octadecanoic acid, aluminum salt. See Aluminum stearate; Aluminum tristearate Octadecanoic acid, ammonium salt. See Ammonium stearate Octadecanoic acid, 2,2-bis (hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediyl ester. See Pentaerythrityl distearate Octadecanoic acid butyl ester. See Butyl stearate Octadecanoic acid calcium salt. See Calcium stearate Octadecanoic acid, 2-(1-carboxyethoxy)-1-methyl-2-oxoethyl ester, calcium salt. See Calcium stearoyl lactylate Octadecanoic acid, compd. with 2,2,2,2, -nitrilotris[ethanol] (1:1). See TEAstearate oleate Octadecanoic acid, diester with 1,2,3-propanetriol. See Glyceryl distearate Octadecanoic acid, 1,2-ethanediyl ester. See Glycol distearate Octadecanoic acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester. See Octyl stearate Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-. See Hydroxystearic acid Octadecanoic acid, magnesium salt. See Magnesium stearate Octadecanoic acid, methyl ester. See Methyl stearate Octadecanoic acid, 1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl ester. See Propylene glycol distearate Octadecanoic acid, 1-methylethyl ester. See Isopropyl stearate Octadecanoic acid, 2-methylpropyl ester. See Isobutyl stearate Octadecanoic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol. See Propylene glycol stearate Octadecanoic acid, monoester with 1,2,3-propanetriol. See Glyceryl stearate Octadecanoic acid, 2-[(1-oxooctadecyl) amino] ethyl ester. See Stearamide MEA-stearate Octadecanoic acid, potassium salt. See Potassium stearate Octadecanoic acid, 1,2,3-propanetriyl ester. See Tristearin Octadecanoic acid, sodium salt. See Sodium stearate Octadecanoic acid, zinc salt. See Zinc stearate Octadecanol. See Stearyl alcohol 1-Octadecanol. See Stearyl alcohol n-Octadecanol. See Stearyl alcohol 9-Octadecenamide. See Oleamide 9-Octadecenamide, N,N⁻¹,2-ethanediylbis-. See Ethylene dioleamide Octadecene-1 CAS 112-88-9; EINECS/ELINCS 204-012-9 Synonyms: Linear C18 alpha olefin; 1-Octadecene Empirical: C₁₈H₃₆ Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₅CH:CH₂ Properties: Colorless liq., mild hydrocarbon odor; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 252.49; sp.gr. 0.792; b.p. 586-615 F; m.p. 63 F; flash pt. (Seta) 312 F Toxicology: Irritating to skin and eyes; low acute inhalation toxicity; low acute ingestion toxicity, but ingestion may cause vomiting, aspiration of vomitus Precaution: Combustible

Uses: Organic synthesis; intermediate for surfactants and specialty industrial chemicals (polymers, plasticizers, lubricants, gasoline additives, paper

sizing, PVC lubricants) Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Aldrich; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Shell; Sigma Trade Names: Gulftene® 18 1-Octadecene. See Octadecene-1 9-Octadecenoic acid. See Oleic acid 9.10-Octadecenoic acid. See Oleic acid cis-9-Octadecenoic acid. See Oleic acid cis-Octadec-9-enoic acid. See Oleic acid 9-Octadecenoic acid, (2)-, aluminum salt (3:1). See Aluminum oleate 9-Octadecenoic acid, aluminum salt. See Aluminum oleate 9-Octadecenoic acid, ammonium salt. See Ammonium oleate 9-Octadecenoic acid, 2,2-bis (hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediyl ester. See Pentaerythrityl dioleate 9-Octadecenoic acid, butyl ester. See Butyl oleate 9-Octadecenoic acid, compd. with 2,2,2,"-nitrilotris[ethanol] (1:1). See **TEA-oleate** 9-Octadecenoic acid, diester with 1,2,3-propanetriol. See Glyceryl dioleate 9-Octadecenoic acid, 1,2-ethanediyl ester. See Glycol dioleate 9-Octadecenoic acid, 2-[2-[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy) ethoxy] ethoxy] ethyl ester. See PEG-4 oleate 9-Octadecenoic acid, 2-(2-hydroxyethoxy) ethyl ester. See PEG-2 oleate 9-Octadecenoic acid, 2-(hydroxymethyl)-2-[[(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl) oxy] methyl]-1,3-propanediyl ester. See Pentaerythrityl trioleate 9-Octadecenoic acid, 17-hydroxy-3,6,9,12,15-pentaoxaheptadec-1-yl ester. See PEG-6 oleate 9-Octadecenoic acid, isodecyl ester. See Isodecyl oleate 9-Octadecenoic acid, methyl ester. See Methyl oleate (Z)-9-Octadecenoic acid, methyl ester. See Methyl oleate 9-Octadecenoic acid, 1-methylethyl ester. See Isopropyl oleate 9-Octadecenoic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol. See Propylene glycol oleate 9-Octadecenoic acid, monoester with 1,2,3-propanetriol. See Glyceryl 9-Octadecenoic acid, oxybis (2,1-ethanediyloxy-2,1-ethanediyl) ester. See PEG-4 dioleate 9-Octadecenoic acid, potassium salt. See Potassium oleate 9-Octadecenoic acid (Z)-, potassium salt. See Potassium oleate 9-Octadecenoic acid, 1,2,3-propanetriyl ester. See Triolein 9-Octadecenoic acid, sodium salt. See Sodium oleate (Z)-9-Octadecenoic acid, tin (2+) salt. See Stannous oleate Octadecenol. See Oleyl alcohol 1-Octadecenol. See Oleyl alcohol Octadec-9-en-1-ol. See Oleyl alcohol 9-Octadecen-1-ol. See Oleyl alcohol cis-9-Octadecen-1-ol. See Oleyl alcohol (Z)-9-Octadecen-1-ol. See Oleyl alcohol 9-Octadecen-1-ol, hydrogen sulfate, sodium salt. See Sodium oleyl sulfate α-9-Octadecenyl-ω-hydroxypoly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), (Z). See Oleth-20 (Z)-α-9-Octadecenyl-ω-hydroxypoly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl). See Oleth-2 2-[2-(9-Octadecenyloxy) ethoxy] ethanol. See Oleth-2 2-[2-[2-(9-Octadecenyloxy)ethoxy]ethoxy]ethanol. See Oleth-3 Octadecenyl succinic anhydride CAS 19024-74-9; 28777-98-2; EINECS/ELINCS 249-210-6 Synonyms: ODSA; n-ODSA; C18-alkenyl succinic anhydride; Dihydro-3-(octadecenyl)-2,5-furandione; 2,5-Furandione, dihydro-3-(octadecenyl)-; 2-(1-Octadecenyl) succinic anhydride; n-Octadecenyl succinic anhydride Empirical: C22H38O3 Properties: Yel.-wh. waxy solid; m.w. 350.54; dens. 0.9428 (25 C); m.p. 63-65 C; b.p. 251 C (4 mm); sapon. no. 300-325; flash pt. 210 C Toxicology: Irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system Uses: Curing agent for epoxy resins; corrosion inhibitor, visc. improver for lubricants; intermediate for alkyd or unsat. polyester resins; alkyd resin modifier; in chem. reactions; chem. intermediate for esters, amides, imides, etc.; gellant in greases; surfactant; detergent; paper sizing agent; water repellents Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Cambrex; Dixie; Haltermann GmbH; Humphrey; Milliken; Pfaltz & Bauer; TCI Am. Trade Names: Milldride® ODSA; ODSA; Pentasize 8 Trade Names Containing: Accosize® 100 Synthetic Size

2-(1-Octadecenyl) succinic anhydride. See Octadecenyl succinic anhydride n-Octadecenyl succinic anhydride. See Octadecenyl succinic anhydride Octadecyl alcohol. See Stearyl alcohol n-Octadecyl alcohol. See Stearyl alcohol Octadecylamine. See Stearamine n-Octadecylamine. See Stearamine Octadecylamine acetate. See Stearamine acetate 1-Octadecylamine acetate. See Stearamine acetate 4-(Octadecylamino)-4-oxo-2-sulfobutanedioic acid, disodium salt. See Disodium stearyl sulfosuccinamate Octadecyl 3,5-bis (1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxybenzene propanoate. See Octadecyl 3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate Octadecyl citrate. See Stearyl citrate Octadecyl 3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate CAS 2082-79-3; EINECS/ELINCS 218-216-0 Synonyms: Octadecyl 3,5-bis (1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxybenzene propanoate; Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate; Stearyl-3-(3´,5´-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate *Classification:* Hindered phenol Empirical: C35H62O3 *Formula:* [(CH₃)₃C]₂C₆H₂(OH)CH₂CH₂CO₂(CH₂)₁₇CH₃ Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. in acetone, benzene, chloroform, ethyl acetate, hexane; m.w. 530.9; m.p. 50-52 C; f.p. > 230 F Toxicology: Irritant Uses: Antioxidant stabilizer for styrenics, polyolefins, polyamide, PVC, urethane and acrylic coatings, adhesives, elastomers, cellulosics; metal deactivator; replaces BHT in polyolefins; antioxidant, stabilizer in foodgrade polymers, acrylic food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.1010, 178.2010 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ciba Spec. Chems./Addit.; GE Spec. Trade Names: Anox® PP18 Octadecyl 3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate. See Octadecyl 3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate Octadecyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride. See Stearalkonium chloride 2,2'-(Octadecylimino) bisethanol. See PEG-2 stearamine Octadecyl methacrylate. See Stearyl methacrylate N-Octadecyl-N-(sulfosuccinyl) aspartic acid, tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl stearyl sulfosuccinamate Octadecyl trimethyl ammonium chloride. See Steartrimonium chloride Octakis (hydroxymethyl) phosphonium sulfate. See Tetrakis (hydroxymethyl) phosphonium sulfate Octanoic acid. See Caprylic acid n-Octanoic acid. See Caprylic acid Octanoic acid, aluminum salt. See Aluminum caprvlate Octanoic acid, methyl ester. See Methyl caprylate Octanoic acid, 1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl ester. See Propylene glycol dicaprylate Octanoic acid, mixed diesters with decanoic acid and propylene glycol. See Propylene glycol dicaprylate/dicaprate Octanoic acid, monoester with 1,2,3-propanetriol. See Glyceryl caprylate 3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24-Octaoxahexacosane-1,26-diol. See PEG-9 3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24-Octaoxahexatriacontan-1-ol. See Laureth-8 Octasodium diethylene triamine penta (methylene phosphonate) Synonyms: Na₈DTPMP Uses: Process additive for paper, textiles, and metals; industrial and commercial formulations for cleaning various substrates; scale and corrosion inhibitor in aq. systems Octene-1 CAS 111-66-0; EINECS/ELINCS 203-893-7; UN No. 1255 Synonyms: 1-Caprylene; C8 linear alpha olefin; 1-Octene; 1-Octylene Empirical: C₈H₁₆ Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₅CH:CH₂ Properties: Colorless liq., mild hydrocarbon odor; sol. in alcohol, acetone, ether, petrol. and coal tar solvs., hydrocarbon and chlorinated solvs.; sl.

etner, petrol. and coal tar solvs., hydrocarbon and chlorinated solvs.; si. sol. in water; m.w. 112.22; dens. 0.720; f.p. -102.4 C; b.p. 121.27 C; flash pt. (TOC) 21 C; ref. index 1.4088 (20 C)

Toxicology: LC50 (8050 ppm); low acute inhalation toxicity; sl. toxic by ingestion; irritating to eyes and skin; potential anesthesia hazard in en-

closed space

Precaution: Flamm. liq.; dangerous fire risk; avoid contact with air or oxygen (explosion danger, adverse effect on subsequent reactions) Storage: Stora and handle under nitrogen

Storage: Store and handle under nitrogen

- Uses: Organic synthesis; intermediate for surfactants and specialty industrial chemicals; prod. of oxo alcohols, syn. fatty acids, octyl mercaptans, hydrog. oligomers; comonomer for polyolefins; produces isononyl alcohol for DINP plasticizer mfg.
- Manuf./Distrib.: Air Prods.; Albemarle; Aldrich; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Shell; Sigma

Trade Names: Gulftene® 8

1-Octene. See Octene-1

Octhilinone. See 2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one

Octic acid. See Caprylic acid

Octoic acid. See Caprylic acid

n-Octoic acid. See Caprylic acid

Octoxynol

- CAS 9002-93-1 (generic); 9010-43-9 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 232-658-1
- Synonyms: Glycols, polyethylene, mono (p-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl) phenyl) ether; Octyl phenol EO condensate; Octyl phenol ethoxylates; p-t-Octylphenoxypolyethoxyethanol; PEG octyl phenyl ether; Polyethylene glycol monoether with p-t-octylphenyl; Polyethylene glycol mono (4octylphenyl) ether; Polyethylene glycol mono (p-t-octylphenyl) ether; Polyethylene glycol mono (4-t-octylphenyl) ether; Polyethylene glycol mono (p-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl) phenyl) ether; Polyethylene glycol octylphenol ether; Polyethylene glycol p-octylphenyl ether; Polyethylene glycol p-t-octylphenyl ether; Polyethylene glycol p-1,1,3,3tetramethylbutylphenyl ether; Polyoxyethylene mono (octylphenyl) ether

Classification: Aromatic phenol; ethoxylated alkyl phenol Formula: $(C_2H_4O)_n \cdot C_{14}H_{22}O$

- Properties: Pale yel. visc. liq.; faint odor; bitter taste; sol. in benzene, toluene; misc. with water, alcohol, acetone; insol. in petrol. ether, hexane; dens. 1.0595; HLB 11.0-17.3; ref. index 1.489; pH 7-9; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1800 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 1200 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing. and IV routes; primary irritant; eye and human skin irritant; experimental reproductive effector; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x. Storage: Store in cool, dry place in tightly closed container away from direct

sunlight Uses: Emulsifier for aromatic oils, solvents; nonionic detergent; emulsifier; wetting agent; surfactant/wetting agent for household/industrial cleaners; solubilizer of proteins; penetrant; food pkg., probably as a plasticizer for films; food-pkg. adhesives/paper; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles *Trade Names*: Disponil® AAP 307

Octoxynol-1

- CÁS 9002-93-1 (generic); 9004-87-9 (generic); 9036-19-5 (generic); 2315-67-5; EINECS/ELINCS 264-520-1
- Synonyms: Ethylene glycol octyl phenyl ether; PEG-1 octyl phenyl ether; 2-[p-(1,1,3,3-Tetramethylbutyl) phenoxy] ethanol

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Empirical: C₁₆H₂₆O₂

Formula: C₈H₁₇C₆H₄OCH₂CH₂OH

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1800 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ingestion and IV routes; experimental reproductive effects; human mutagenic data; eye and human skin irritant; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x

- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; detergent; dispersant; spermaticide; emulsion polymerization; industrial/household cleaners; agric.; latex stabilizer; topical pharmaceuticals; coupling agent; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.180; FDA approved for topicals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Surfonic® OP-15; Triton® X-15

Octoxynol-3

CAS 9002-93-1 (generic); 9004-87-9 (generic); 9036-19-5 (generic); 2315-62-0; 27176-94-9
Synonyms: Octyl phenol condensed with 3 moles ethylene oxide; Octylphenol EO (3); PEG-3 octyl phenyl ether; POE (3) octyl phenyl ether; 2-[2-[2-[p-(1,1,3,3-Tetramethylbuty]) phenoxy] ethoxy] ethoxy] ethoxy] ethoxol

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Empirical: $C_{20}H_{34}O_4$ *Formula:* $C_8H_{17}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_0OH$, avg. n = 3

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 4000 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; irritating to eyes; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; detergent; dispersant; spermaticide; industrial/household cleaners; emulsion polymerization; agric.; latex stabilizer; emulsifier, solubilizer in pharmaceuticals; coupling agent; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Surfonic® OP-35; Triton® X-35

Octoxynol-5

- CAS 9002-93-1 (generic); 9004-87-9 (generic); 9036-19-5 (generic); 2315-64-2; 27176-99-4
- Synonyms: Octyl phenol condensed with 5 moles ethylene oxide; Octyl phenol EO (5); 14-(Octylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12-tetraoxatetradecan-1-ol; PEG-5 octyl phenyl ether; POE (5) octyl phenyl ether

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Empirical: C24H42O6

Formula: $C_8H_{17}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 5

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3800 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; detergent; dispersant; stabilizer; spermaticide; for paints; anti-icing additive for gasoline; emulsifier for foods and pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3400 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Alkasurf® CA-520; DeIONIC OPE-5; Igepal® CA-520; Surfonic® OP-50; Triton® X-45

Octoxynol-7

- CAS 9002-93-1 (generic); 9004-87-9 (generic); 9036-19-5 (generic); 27177-02-2
- Synonyms: PEG-7 octyl phenyl ether; POE (7) octyl phenyl ether; 20-(Octylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18-hexaoxaeicosan-1-ol

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Empirical: C₂₈H₅₀O₈

Formula: $C_8H_{17}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 7

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; detergent; dispersant; spermaticide; textile lubricants, agric., latex paint; post-polymerization stabilizer; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3400 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Alkasurf® CA-620; DeIONIC OPE-7.5; Igepal® CA-620; Surfonic® OP-70

Octoxynol-8

CAS 2638-43-9; 3520-90-9; 9002-93-1 (generic); 9004-87-9 (generic); 9036-19-5 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-8 octyl phenyl ether; PEG 400 octyl phenyl ether; POE (8) octyl phenyl ether; 23-(4-Octylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18,21-heptaoxatricosan-1-ol

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Empirical: C₃₀H₅₄O₉

Formula: $C_8H_{17}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 8

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant for detergents, foods, pharmaceuticals, agric. formulations, oil-well drilling, leather processing, paints; biodispersant and oil emulsifier in cooling towers, paper and textile processing; surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods

Regulatory: FĎA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3400 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Synperonic OP7.5; Synperonic OP8; Triton® X-114

Octoxynol-9

- CAS 9002-93-1 (generic); 9004-87-9 (generic); 9010-43-9 (generic); 9036-19-5 (generic); 42173-90-0
- Synonyms: PEG-9 octyl phenyl ether; POE (9) octyl phenyl ether; PEG 450 octyl phenyl ether; 26-(Octyl phenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24-octaoxahexacosa-1-ol

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Empirical: C₃₂H₅₈O₁₀

- Formula: $C_8H_{17}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 9
- Properties: Pale yel. clear visc. liq., faint odor, bitter taste; sol. in benzene, toluene; misc. with water, alcohol, acetone; insol. in hexane; dens. 1.059-1.068; hyd. no. 85-101; cloud pt. 63-69 C; pH 6-8; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; detergent; dispersant; spermaticide; foods; topical pharmaceuticals; household/industrial cleaners; emulsion polymerization; paints and coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3400; FDA approved for topicals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma
- Trade Names: Hyonic® OP-100; Igepal® CA-630; POLYSTEP® OP-9; Serdox® NOP 9; Triton® X-100; Triton® X-120

Trade Names Containing: Foambreaker

Octoxynol-10

- CÁS 9002-93-1 (generic); 9004-87-9 (generic); 9036-19-5 (generic); 2315-66-4; 27177-07-7
- Synonyms: Octyl phenol EO (10); 29-(Octylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15, 18,21,24,27-nonaoxanonacosan-1-ol; PEG-10 octyl phenyl ether; PEG 500 octyl phenyl ether; POE (10) octyl phenyl ether

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Empirical: C₃₄H₆₂O₁₁

Formula: $C_8H_{17}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 10

Properties: Pale yel. visc. liq.; misc. with water, alcohol, acetone; sol. in benzene, toluene; m.w. 647; dens. 1.0595 (25/4 C); HLB 13.6; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1800 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and

- irritating fumes Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; detergent; dispersant; spermaticide; industrial/household cleaners; emulsion polymerization; latex stabilizer;
- industrial/household cleaners; emulsion polymerization; latex stabilizer; asphalt emulsions; emulsifier, solubilizer in pharmaceuticals; coupling agent; penetrant; food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3400 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Chemax OP-10; DelONIC OPE-10; Macol® OP-10 SP; Nonipax OP 10; Surfonic® OP-100; Synperonic OP10; Synperonic OP10.5

Octoxynol-11

- CÁS 9002-93-1 (generic); 9004-87-9 (generic); 9036-19-5 (generic); 108437-62-3
- Synonyms: PEG-11 octyl phenyl ether; POE (11) octyl phenyl ether; 32-[4-(1,1,3,3-Tetramethylbutyl)phenoxy]-3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27,30-decaoxadotriacontan-1-ol

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Empirical: C₃₆H₆₆O₁₂

Formula: $C_8H_{17}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 11

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; detergent; dispersant; spermaticide; emulsifier, solubilizer in pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; in foodcontact paper/paperboard; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3400 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Synperonic OP11

Octoxynol-12

CAS 9002-93-1 (generic); 9004-87-9 (generic); 9036-19-5 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-12 octyl phenyl ether; POE (12) octyl phenyl ether; PEG 600 octyl phenyl ether

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $C_8H_{17}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 12

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; detergent; wetting agent; dispersant; spermaticide; solubilizer; coupling agent; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3400 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma
- Trade Names: Surfonic® OP-120

Octoxynol-13

- CAS 9002-93-1 (generic); 9004-87-9 (generic); 9036-19-5 (generic); 108437-63-4
- Synonyms: PEG-13 octyl phenyl ether; POE (13) octyl phenyl ether; 38-[4-(1,1,3,3-Tetramethylbutyl)phenoxy]-3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27,30,33,36dodecaoxaoctatriacontan-1-ol

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Empirical: C₄₀H₇₄O₁₄

Formula: $C_8H_{17}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 13

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; detergent; dispersant; spermaticide; foam stabilizer at high temps., in presence of electrolytes; metal cleaning; industrial, household liq. detergents and cleaners; sanitizers; solubilizer of anionic detergents; hydrotrope; coupling agent; dedusting agent; paints and coatings; paper and textile processing; surfactant for foods and pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 178.3400 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: DeIONIC OPE-12, Triton® X-102

Octoxynol-16

CAS 9002-93-1 (generic); 9004-87-9 (generic); 9036-19-5 (generic)

Synonyms: Octyl phenol condensed with 16 moles ethylene oxide; Octyl phenol EO (16); PEG-16 octyl phenyl ether; POE (16) octyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $C_8H_{17}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 16

Properties: Nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2800 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; detergent; dispersant; costabilizer; spermaticide; household/industrial cleaners; emulsion polymerization; cosmetics; pharmaceuticals; latex stabilizer; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Surfonic® OPB-167; Triton® X-165-70%

Octoxynol-20

CAS 9002-93-1 (generic); 9004-87-9 (generic); 9036-19-5 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-20 octyl phenyl ether; POE (20) octyl phenyl ether; PEG 1000 octyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Formula: $C_8H_{17}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 20 Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; detergent; dispersant; spermaticide; emulsifier, solubilizer in pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; in foodcontact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Octoxynol-25

CAS 9002-93-1 (generic); 9004-87-9 (generic); 9036-19-5 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-25 octyl phenyl ether; POE (25) octyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Formula: $C_8H_{17}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 25 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier for emulsion polymerization, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; perfume solubilizer; latex post-stabilizer; dyeing assistant; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Octoxynol-30 CAS 9002-93-1 (generic); 9004-87-9 (generic); 9036-19-5 (generic); 9063-89-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-30 octyl phenyl ether; POE (30) octyl phenyl ether

Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $C_8H_{17}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 30

Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; detergent; dispersant; spermaticide; foods; pharmaceuticals; industrial/household cleaners; emulsion polymerization; asphalt; latex post-stabilizer; solubilizer, coupling agent; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.180, 178.3400 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Chemax OP-30/70; DeIONIC OPE-30; Igepal® CA-880; Igepal® CA-887; POLYSTEP® OP-3070; Triton® X-305-70%; Trycol® 6975

Octoxynol-33

CAS 9002-93-1 (generic); 9004-87-9 (generic); 9036-19-5 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-33 octyl phenyl ether; POE (33) octyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol Formula: $C_8H_{17}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 33 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant; emulsifier in cosmetics, mfg. of food-contact articles; foodpkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.180, 178.3400 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Trade Names Containing: Abex® VA 50

Octoxynol-40

CAS 9002-93-1 (generic); 9004-87-9 (generic); 9036-19-5 (generic); 9063-89-2 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-40 octyl phenyl ether; POE (40) octyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $C_8H_{17}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 40

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; detergent; dispersant; spermaticide; foods; pharmaceuticals; emulsion polymerization; industrial/household cleaners; asphalt; latex stabilizer; penetrant; solubilizer, coupling agent; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/ paperboard in contact with dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.180, 178.3400

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: DeIONIC OPE-40; Disponil® AAP 436; Igepal® CA-890; Igepal® CA-897; POLYSTEP® OP-4070; Surfonic® OPB-407; Triton® X-405-70%; Trycol® 6984

Octoxynol-70

CAS 9002-93-1 (generic); 9004-87-9 (generic); 9036-19-5 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-70 octyl phenyl ether; POE (70) octyl phenyl ether Classification: Ethoxylated alkyl phenol

Formula: $C_8H_{17}C_6H_4(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 70 Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; detergent; dispersant; spermaticide; food emulsifier; household/industrial cleaners; textiles; paints; inks; agric.; latex/emulsion polymerization; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 176.180 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Octyl acid phosphate. See 2-Ethylhexyl phosphate

Octyl acrylate

- CAS 103-11-7; EINECS/ELINCS 203-080-7; UN No. 8027
- Synonyms: EHA; Acrylic acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester; 2-Ethylhexyl acrylate; 2-Ethylhexyl propenoate; 2-Ethylhexyl 2-propenoate; 1-Hexanol, 2-ethyl-, acrylate; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester; 2-Propenoic acid, octyl ester

Empirical: C11H20O2

Formula: CH₂:CHCOOCH₂CH(C₂H₅)C₄H₉

- Properties: Pale yel. clear liq.; pleasant odor; sol. in 95% ethanol, acetone; sol. 10-50 mg/ml in DMSO; insol. in water; m.w. 184.31; dens. 0.8867 (20/20 C); vapor pressure 0.01 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. -90 C; b.p. 214-218 C; flash pt. (OC) 82.2 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5660 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 1670 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 8480 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing. and IP routes; very low toxicity by skin contact; severe skin and eye irritant; experimental tumorigen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm.; fire hazard exposed to heat or flame; heat-sensitive; can react with oxidizing materials; hydrolyzes; polymerizes readily
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 2; Reactivity 2

Storage: Store refrigerated away from light

Uses: Comonomer for acrylic/vinyl resins; monomer for plastics, protective coatings, paper treatment, water-based paints; comonomer for radical polymerization; modifier for flexibility; modifier for oils/alkyds in food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300

Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; BASF; Celanese; Fluka; G.J. Chem.; ICN Biomed. Research Prods.; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Pfaltz & Bauer; Pharmco Prods.; Sartomer; Sigma; Union Carbide; Whyte Chems. Ltd Trade Names: Norsocryl® 2EHA

Octyldecanol. See 2-Octyl-1-decanol

2-Octyl decanol. See 2-Octyl-1-decanol

2-Octyl-1-decanol

CAS 45235-48-1

Synonyms: 1-Decanol, 2-octyl; Octyldecanol; 2-Octyl decanol; Octyldecyl alcohol

Classification: Aliphatic alcohol

Empirical: C18H38O

Precaution: Combustible

Uses: Intermediate for plasticizers; raw material in the mfg. of alkyl phthalates, phosphoro diethionates, alkyl methacrylate monomers; defoaming agent in drilling muds and fermentation broths; emollient in cosmetics; cosmetic raw material

Manuf./Distrib.: Sea-Land; Whyte Chems. Ltd Trade Names Containing: Jarcol™ I-18E; Jarcol™ I-18T

Octyldecyl alcohol. See 2-Octyl-1-decanol

2-Octyl dodecanoic acid

CAS 40596-46-1; EINECS/ELINCS 254-992-7 Classification: Nonaromatic carboxylic acid Empirical: C₂₀H₄₀O₂ *Properties:* M.w. 312.54; dens. 0.846; m.p. 36-40 C Toxicology: May be harmful by inh., ing., or skin absorption; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; TSCA listed Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions Storage: Keep tightly closed; store in cool, dry place

Uses: Cosmetics; pharmaceuticals; detergents; lubricants; emulsifiers; solvs.;

rubber; plastics; polymers; metal processing; paper coatings; textiles Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich Trade Names: Jaric I-20

Octyldodecanol

- CAS 5333-42-6; EINECS/ELINCS 226-242-9
- Synonyms: 1-Dodecanol, 2-octyl-; Isoarachidyl alcohol; Isoeicosyl alcohol; 2-Octyl dodecanol; 2-Octyldodecyl alcohol
- Classification: Aliphatic alcohol
- Empirical: C₂₀H₄₂O
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₉CHCH₂OHCH₃(CH₂)₆CH₂
- Properties: Water-wh. clear liq.; sol. in alcohol, ether; insol. in water; m.w. 298.62; acid no. 0.5 max.; iodine no. 8 max.; sapon. no. 5 max.; hyd. no. 175-190; flash pt. (COC) 180 C
- Toxicology: Eye and severe skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors
- Uses: Carrier for oil-sol. prods.; lubricant, emollient, solvent for cosmetics and pharmaceuticals; pigment dispersant, solubilizer, coupling agent; intermediate for lubricants, emulsifiers, metal processing and textiles; pharmaceutical vehicle
- Regulatory: FDA approved for topicals, vaginal creams; USP/NF compliance

Trade Names: Jarcol[™] I-20

- 2-Octyl dodecanol. See Octyldodecanol
- 2-Octyldodecyl alcohol. See Octyldodecanol
- 1-Octylene. See Octene-1
- n-Octylic acid. See Caprylic acid
- 2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one
 - CAS 26530-20-1; 12673-72-2
 - Synonyms: Octhilinone; 2-Octyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone
 - Empirical: C11H19NOS
 - Properties: M.w. 213.37
 - Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 550 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) 690 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing. and skin contact; severe eye irritant; skin irritant; TSCA listed
 - Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of SO_x and NO_x
 - Uses: Antimicrobial, mildewcide, biocide for water treatment, paints, plastics, latexes; fungicide/wound protectant in fruit trees; preservative for fabrics, leather

Trade Names: Acticide® DW

- 2-Octyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone. See 2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one
- Octyl methacrylate. See 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate
- Octyl-octadecyl dimethyl ethylbenzyl ammonium chlorides. See Benza-Ikonium chloride
- Octyl phenol condensed with 3 moles ethylene oxide. See Octoxynol-3
- Octyl phenol condensed with 5 moles ethylene oxide. See Octoxynol-5
- Octyl phenol condensed with 16 moles ethylene oxide. See Octoxynol-16 Octylphenol EO (3). See Octoxynol-3
- Octyl phenol EO (5). See Octoxynol-5
- Octyl phenol EO (10). See Octoxynol-10 Octyl phenol EO (16). See Octoxynol-16
- Octyl phenol EO condensate. See Octoxynol
- Octyl phenol ethoxylates. See Octoxynol
- 2-[2-[2-Octylphenoxy)ethoxy]ethoxy]ethanesulfonic acid, sodium salt. See Sodium octoxynol-2 ethane sulfonate
- 23-(4-Octylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18,21-heptaoxatricosan-1-ol. See Octoxynol-8
- 20-(Octylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18-hexaoxaeicosan-1-ol. See Octoxynol-7
- 29-(Octylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27-nonaoxanonacosan-1-ol. See Octoxynol-10
- 26-(Octylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24-octaoxahexacosa-1-ol. See Octoxynol-9
- p-t-Octylphenoxypolyethoxyethanol. See Octoxynol
- 14-(Octylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12-tetraoxatetradecan-1-ol. See Octoxynol-5 Octyl phosphate. See Trioctyl phosphate
- Octyl sodium sulfate. See Sodium octyl sulfate
- **Octyl stearate**
 - CAS 22047-49-0; EINECS/ELINCS 244-754-0

Synonyms: 2-Ethylhexyl octadecanoate; 2-Ethylhexyl stearate; Octade-

canoic acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester; Stearic acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester Definition: Ester of 2-ethylhexyl alcohol and stearic acid Empirical: $C_{26}H_{s2}O_2$

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}COOCH_2(CH_2CH_3)CH(CH_2)_3CH_3$

Properties: Liq.; m.w. 396.71; cloud pt. 10-15 C

- Toxicology: Skin and eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors
- Uses: Emollient; superfatting oil; EP agent; lubricant for PVC, textile spin finishes, metalworking; plasticizer/solvent for paper coatings, metalworking fluids; emollient, moisturizer, lubricant, spreading agent, detackifier, solubilizer, gloss agent, pigment wetting agent/dispersant for cosmetics, pharmaceutical topicals; textile surfactant

Manuf./Distrib.: Seabrook Ind.

Octyl sulfate sodium salt. See Sodium octyl sulfate

Octyl tallate

Definition: Ester of 2-ethylhexyl alcohol and tall oil fatty acids

Properties: Sp.gr. 0.873; m.p. -10 C; flash pt. (COC) 213 C; ref. index 1.459 Uses: Transfer aid on correctable ribbon; penetration and tack agent for computer ribbons, carbon paper; plasticizer for vinyls, ethyl cellulose, SBR

Manuf./Distrib.: C.P. Hall; Int'l. Paper Trade Names: Plasthall® R-9

Odorless kerosene. See Deodorized kerosene

Odorless light petroleum hydrocarbons. See Light petroleum hydrocarbons, odorless

ODSA. *See* Octadecenyl succinic anhydride

n-ODSA. See Octadecenyl succinic anhydride

Oil-furnace black. See Carbon black

Oil mist, mineral. See Mineral oil

Oil of Palma Christi. See Castor (Ricinus communis) oil

Oils, fish, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated fish oil

Oils, palm. See Palm (Elaeis guineensis) oil

Oils, palm, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated palm oil

Oils, peanut, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated peanut oil

Oils, peanut, sulfated. See Sulfated peanut oil

Oils, rice bran. See Rice (Oryza sativa) bran oil

Oils, shark liver, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated shark liver oil

Oils, vegetable. See Vegetable oil

Oils, vegetable, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated vegetable oil

Oil of vitriol. *See* Sulfuric acid **Okenite**. *See* Calcium silicate

Olea europaea. See Olive (Olea europaea) oil

Olea europaea oil. *See* Olive (Olea europaea) oil

Oleamide

CAS 301-02-0; EINECS/ELINCS 206-103-9

Synonyms: 9-Octadecenamide; Oleic acid amide; Oleyl amide

Classification: Aliphatic amide

Empirical: C₁₈H₃₅NO

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CH:CH(CH₂)₇CONH₂

Properties: Wh. waxy beads or ivory-colored powd.; insol. in water; m.w. 281.49; dens. 0.94; m.p. 72 C; iodine no. 80-95

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Slip/antiblock agent for extrusion of polyethylene; wax additive; slip agent for printing inks; internal lubricant and slip agent for processed plastics, coatings, and films; solubilizer for oil-sol. dyestuffs; builder, foam visc. stabilizer, and foam booster in syn. detergent formulations; water repellent for textiles; opacifier, visc. control agent in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; release agent in food-contact coatings; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 178.3860, 178.3910, 179.45, 181.22, 181.28

Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Ashland; Chemax; Chemron; Cognis/Chems. Group; Croda Universal Ltd; Ferro; Pilot; Sigma; Uniqema N. Am.; Uniqema; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Vilax Trade Names: Armid[®] O: Struktol[®] TR 121

Oleamide DEA

CAS 93-83-4; EINECS/ELINCS 202-281-7

Synonyms: N,N-Bis(2-hydroxyethyl)-9-octadecenamide; N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) oleamide; Diethanolamine oleic acid amide; Oleic acid diethanolamide; Oleic diethanolamide

Definition: Mixture of ethanolamides of oleic acid

Empirical: C22H43NO3

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CH:CH(CH₂)₇CON(CH₂CH₂OH)₂

Properties: Amber to brn. liq.; m.w. 369.59

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emollient, superfatting agent, lubricant, foam stabilizer, thickener, emulsifier used in personal care prods., industrial applics.; emulsifier, corrosion inhibitor for sol. cutting oils; emulsifier, thickener for cleaners, household prods.; antistat, visc. control agent in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Ashland; McIntyre; Rhodia HPCII

Oleic acid

CAS 112-80-1; EINECS/ELINCS 204-007-1; FEMA 2815

Synonyms: Elaic acid; 9-Octadecenoic acid; cis-9-Octadecenoic acid; cis-Octadec-9-enoic acid; 9,10-Octadecenoic acid; Oleinic acid; Red oil

Classification: Aliphatic carboxylic acid; unsaturated fatty acid

Empirical: C18H34O2

- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CH:CH(CH₂)₇COOH
- Properties: Colorless liq., odorless; darkens when exposed to oxygen; sol. in alcohol, ether, benzene, chloroform, fixed/volatile oils, oxygenated, chlorinated, and aromatic solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 282.47; dens. 0.895; vapor pressure 1 mm (176.5 C); m.p. 6 C; b.p. 286 C (100 mm); HLB 1.0; acid no. 196-204; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 74 g/kg, (IV, rat) 2400 μg/kg; poison by IV route; mildly toxic by ing.; irritant to skin, mucous membranes; human eye and skin irritant; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible when exposed to heat or flame; incompat. with Al and perchloric acid
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Light-sensitive

- Uses: Soap base; mfg. of oleates, ointments, polishing compds., lubricants, food-grade additives, Turkey red oil, driers; intermediates for paints; waterproofing textiles; oiling wool; emollient, superfatting agent in cosmetics; flotation frothing agent; emulsifier in cosmetics, metalworking fluids, resins, surf. coatings; activator, plasticizer, softener, lube in rubbers; emulsifier/ solubilizer/stabilizer for foods, pharmaceuticals; flume wash water additive for food processing; pharmaceutic solvent; food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in food-contact acrylics, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles; in lubricants for incidental food contact
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.860, 172.862, 173.315 (0.1 ppm max. in wash water), 173.340, 175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3910, 182.70, 182.90; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for inhalants, orals, topicals; USP/NF, BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Actrachem; Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Am. Biorganics; Anar; Arizona; Ashland; Baychem; Brown; Browning; C.P. Hall; Cognis/ Chems. Group; Ferro/Keil; Fluka; Genzyme; Hercules; Int'l. Chem. Inc; J.T. Baker; Penta Mfg.; R.E. Carroll; Rhodia HPCII; Ruger; Schweizerhall; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Uniqema/Oleochems.; Van Waters & Rogers; Welch, Holme & Clark

Oleic acid aluminum salt. See Aluminum oleate Oleic acid amide. See Oleamide Oleic acid ammonium salt. See Ammonium oleate Oleic acid diethanolamide. See Oleamide DEA Oleic acid glycerol monoester. See Glyceryl oleate cis-Oleic acid, methyl ester. See Methyl oleate Oleic acid, methyl ester, cis-. See Methyl oleate Oleic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol. See Propylene glycol oleate Oleic acid monoglyceride. See Glyceryl oleate

Oleic acid potassium salt. See Potassium oleate Oleic acid, sulfated. See Sulfated oleic acid Oleic acid, sulfated, potassium salt. See Potassium oleic sulfate

Oleic amidoethylimidazoline

CAS 63441-26-9

Properties: Cationic

Uses: Corrosion inhibition, dispersants, dewatering, emulsification; for oil fields, metal working, paper, lubricants, road making, paints, inks, agric.; bitumen emulsification Trade Names: Imidazoline 18 DA

Oleic diethanolamide. See Oleamide DEA

Olein. See Triolein

Oleinic acid. See Oleic acid

Oleol. See Oleyl alcohol

Oleoylglycerol. See Glyceryl oleate

- OleoyImethyltaurine sodium salt. See Sodium methyl oleoyI taurate
- Oleoyl monoisopropanolamide disodium sulfosuccinate. See Disodium oleamido MIPA-sulfosuccinate

N-Oleoyl-N´-stearoyl ethylenediamine

Synonyms: N-(2-Stearoylaminoethyl) oleamide

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pka

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR§ 176.170, 177.1200

Oleth-2

- CAS 9004-98-2 (generic); 5274-65-7
- Synonyms: (Z)-α-9-Octadecenyl-ω-hydroxypoly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl); 2-[2-(9-Octadecenyloxy) ethoxy] ethanol; Oleyl alcohol EO (2); PEG-2 oleyl alcohol; PEG-2 oleyl ether; PEG 100 oleyl ether; POE (2) oleyl ether

Definition: PEG ether of oleyl alcohol

Empirical: C22H44O3

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 2 Properties: HLB 4.9; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 25,800 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Solubilizer, emulsifier, surfactant, dispersant, stabilizer, spreading agent, emollient, lipophilic cosolvent for cosmetics, detergents, fragrance prods., textile, leather, paper, pharmaceutical applics.

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma Trade Names: Genapol® O-020

Oleth-3

CAS 9004-98-2 (generic); 5274-66-8

Synonyms: PEG-3 oleyl ether; POE (3) oleyl ether; 2-[2-[2-(9-Octadecenyloxy)ethoxy]ethoxy]ethanol

Definition: PEG ether of oleyl alcohol

Empirical: C₂₄H₄₈O₄

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 3

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emollient, lubricant, emulsifier, solubilizer for cosmetics, topical pharmaceuticals; emulsifier in astringent creams and lotions; superfatting agent in shampoos; dispersant, detergent, stabilizer Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Volpo N3

Oleth-5

CAS 9004-98-2 (generic); 5353-27-5

Synonyms: PEG-5 oleyl ether; POE (5) oleyl ether; 3,6,9,12,15-Pentaoxatriacont-24-en-1-ol Definition: PEG ether of olevl alcohol

Empirical: C₂₈H₅₆O₆

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 5

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, solubilizer for pesticides, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, floor polishes; dispersant for paints; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma Trade Names: Genapol® O-050; Volpo N5

Oleth-6

CAS 9004-98-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-6 oleyl ether; POE (6) oleyl ether; PEG 300 oleyl ether Definition: PEG ether of oleyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 6 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier for mineral oils in cosmetics, detergent and wetting agents in textile industry; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Oleth-7

CAS 9004-98-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-7 oleyl ether; POE (7) oleyl ether Definition: PEG ether of oleyl alcohol Empirical: C32H4O8 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 7 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization, cosmetics, mineral oils; lubricant, softener, antistat, detergent in textiles; superfatting agent in hair care preps.; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Oleth-8

CAS 9004-98-2 (generic); 27040-03-5 Synonyms: PEG-8 oleyl ether; POE (8) oleyl ether; PEG 400 oleyl ether Definition: PEG ether of olevel alcohol Empirical: C34H68O9 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 8 *Properties:* Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact coatinas

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma Trade Names: Genapol® O-080; Oxetal O 108

Oleth-9

CAS 9004-98-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-9 oleyl ether; POE (9) oleyl ether; PEG 450 oleyl ether Definition: PEG ether of olevel alcohol Empirical: C₃₆H₇₂O₁₀ Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 9 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Coupling agent, solubilizer, emulsifier, emulsion stabilizer for cosmetics, hair care preps.; emulsion polymerization; textile spin finishes; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Genapol® O-090 Oleth-10 CAS 9004-98-2 (generic); 24871-34-9 Synonyms: Decaethoxy oleyl ether; 3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27,30-Decaoxaoctatetracont-39-en-1-ol; Oleyl alcohol EO (10); PEG-10 oleyl ether; PEG 500 oleyl ether; POE (10) oleyl ether; Polyethylene glycol monoleyl ether; Polyoxyl 10 oleyl ether

Definition: PEG ether of oleyl alcohol

Empirical: C₃₈H₇₆O₁₁

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 10

- Properties: Wh. soft semisolid or pale yel. liq., bland odor; sol. in water,
- alcohol; disp. in min. oil, propylene glycol; acid no. 1.0 max.; iodine no. 23-40; sapon. no. 3 max.; hyd. no. 75-95; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2700 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; irritating to skin and eyes; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke

Uses: Emulsifier, surfactant, stabilizer, gellant, wetting agent, solubilizer for cosmetics and toiletries, pharmaceuticals, fragrances; defoamer in foodcontact paper coatings; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 177.2800; USP/NF compliance Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma Trade Names: Genapol® O-100; Volpo N10 Oleth-12 CAS 9004-98-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-12 oleyl ether; POE (12) oleyl ether; PEG 600 oleyl ether Definition: PEG ether of oleyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 12 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, surfactant in cosmetics; raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics; emulsifier for pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Genapol® 0-120; Oxetal 0 112 Oleth-15 CAS 9004-98-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-15 oleyl ether; POE (15) oleyl ether Definition: PEG ether of oleyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 15 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, surfactant in cosmetics; raw material for mfg. of textile, leather, paper auxs., detergents, emulsifiers, cosmetics; emulsifier; dispersant; wetting agent; gellant; scouring agent; solubilizer; defoamer in food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Genapol® O-150 Oleth-16 CAS 9004-98-2 (generic); 25190-05-0 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-16 oleyl ether; POE (16) oleyl ether Definition: PEG ether of olevl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 16 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, surfactant for cosmetics and pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Oleth-18 CAS 9004-98-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-18 oleyl ether; POE (18) oleyl ether Definition: PEG ether of oleyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 18 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Solubilizer for hydroalcoholic cosmetic and toiletries; emulsifier; dispersant; detergent; dyeing assistant; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Oleth-20 CAS 9004-98-2 (generic); 25190-05-0 (generic) Synonyms: α-9-Octadecenyl-ω-hydroxypoly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), (Z); Oleyl alcohol EO (20); PEG-20 oleyl ether; PEG 1000 oleyl ether; POE (20) olevl ether Definition: PEG ether of oleyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 20 Properties: HLB 15.3; nonionic Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2770 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; irritating to eyes; may cause human reproductive effects; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes Uses: Surfactant, coupling agent, solubilizer, emulsion stabilizer for cosmet-

ics, pharmaceuticals, polishes, leather, plastics, dye dispersant, metalworking; stabilizer for rubber latex; defoamer in food-contact coatings; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma Trade Names: Genapol® O-200; Volpo N20 Oleth-23 CAS 9004-98-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-23 oleyl ether; POE (23) oleyl ether Definition: PEG ether of olevel alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 23 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, dispersant, solubilizer, detergent, stabilizer, anticoagulant, dyeing assistant, lubricant used in textiles, cosmetics and processing of animal fibers; emulsifier in fruit coating waxes; defoamer in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 176.200, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma Trade Names: Genapol® 0-230 Oleth-25 CAS 9004-98-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-25 oleyl ether; POE (25) oleyl ether Definition: PEG ether of oleyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 25 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier for polymerization; stabilizer for latexes; dispersant in PU foam; textile industry; foamer for latex; floor waxes; pharmaceutical emulsions; metal cleaning; leather industry; surfactant in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 176.200, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Oleth-30 CAS 9004-98-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-30 oleyl ether; POE (30) oleyl ether Definition: PEG ether of oleyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 30 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; surfactant for mfg. of washing powds., textile auxs.; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Oleth-40 CAS 9004-98-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-40 oleyl ether; POE (40) oleyl ether; PEG 2000 oleyl ether Definition: PEG ether of olevel alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 40 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, leveling agent, intermediate used for cosmetics, household formulations, silicone emulsification, textile processing; defoamer in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 176.200, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Oleth-44 CAS 9004-98-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-44 oleyl ether; POE (44) oleyl ether Definition: PEG ether of oleyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 44 Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier; surfactant in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 176.200, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210, 177.2800;

FDA approved for topicals

Oleth-50

CAS 9004-98-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-50 oleyl ether; POE (50) oleyl ether Definition: PEG ether of oleyl alcohol

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CH=CH(CH₂)₇CH₂(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 50 *Properties:* Nonionic *Toxicology:* TSCA listed *Uses:* Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, dispersant for cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180, 176.200, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Oleth-80

CAS 9004-98-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-80 oleyl ether; POE (80) oleyl ether Definition: PEG ether of oleyl alcohol Properties: Nonionic Uses: Surfactant for mfg. of washing powds., textile auxs.; defoamer in foodcontact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200

Oleth-7 phosphate

CAS 39464-69-2 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-7 oleyl ether phosphate; POE (7) oleyl ether phosphate Definition: Complex mixture of esters of phosphoric acid and oleth-7 Properties: Anionic

Uses: Surfactant for textile, agric., paper, cleaning, metal processing industries

Trade Names: Servoxyl® VPFZ 7/100

Oleum abietis. See Pine (Pinus palustris) oil

Oleum Gossypii seminis. See Cottonseed (Gossypium) oil

Oleum olivae. See Olive (Olea europaea) oil

Oleum ricini. See Castor (Ricinus communis) oil

Oleyl alcohol

ČAS 143-28-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-597-3

Synonyms: Octadecenol; 1-Octadecenol; Octadec-9-en-1-ol; 9-Octadecen-1-ol; (Z)-9-Octadecen-1-ol; cis-9-Octadecen-1-ol; Oceol; Oleol; Oleyl fatty alcohol

Classification: Unsaturated fatty alcohol

Empirical: C18H36O

- *Formula:* CH₃(CH₂)₇CH=CH(CH₂)₈OH
- Properties: Colorless to pale yel. oily visc. liq., faint char. odor, bland taste; sol. in alcohol, ether; insol. in water; m.w. 268.49; dens. 0.84; m.p. 13-19 C; b.p. 207 C (13 mm); acid no. 1 max.; iodine no. 85-95; hyd. no. 205-215; cloud pt. ≤ 10 C; flash pt. > 110 C; ref. index 1.4582 (27.5 C); nonionic

Toxicology: Human skin irritant; TSCA listed

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Plasticizer, emulsion stabilizer, antifoam, coupler, cosolvent, pigment dispersant, detergent in cutting oils, inks, textile finishing, petrochem., pulp/paper, paints, plastics, food applics., pharmaceuticals, cosmetics; metal cutting lubricant; softener, lubricant in textile processing; mfg. of sulfuric esters used as surfactants; emollient, emulsifier, opacifier, visc. control agent in cosmetics; carrier for medicaments; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers

Regulatory: FDA 21ČFR §176.170, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.1210, 177.2800, 178.3910; FDA approved for topicals; USP/NF compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Cognis/Chems. Group; Croda Inc; Fluka; Hickson & Welch Ltd; Jarchem Ind.; Lanaetex Prods.; M. Michel; R.W. Greeff; Rhodia HPCII; Sea-Land; Sigma; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Oleyl alcohol EO (2). See Oleth-2 Oleyl alcohol EO (10). See Oleth-10 Oleyl alcohol EO (20). See Oleth-20 Oleyl amide. See Oleamide Oleyl fatty alcohol. See Oleyl alcohol

Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

- ČAŠ 95-38-5; Ž1652-27-7; 27136-73-8; EINECS/ELINCS 202-414-9; 244-501-4; 248-248-0
- Synonyms: Amine 220; 2-(8-Heptadecenyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole-1-ethanol; 2-(8-Heptadecenyl)-2-imidazoline-1-ethanol; 1-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-2heptadecenylglyoxalidine; 1-Hydroxyethyl-2-heptadecenylglyoxalidine;

1-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-2-heptadecenyl-2-imidazoline; 1-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-2-N-heptadecenyl-2-imidazoline; 1-Hydroxyethyl-2-oleyl imidazoline; Oleyl imidazoline; 2-Oleyl-1-(hydroxyethyl) imidazoline *Classification:* Heterocyclic compd.

Empirical: C₂₂H₄₂N₂O

- Formula: $C_{17}H_{33}C:NC_2H_4NC_2H_4OH$
- *Properties:* Liq.; cationic; m.w. 350.66; dens. 0.9300 (20/20 C); bulk dens. 7.76 lb/gal (20 C); b.p. 235 C (1 mm); flash pt. (OC) 240 C; cationic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 3130 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 88 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; can react with oxidizing materials
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x. Uses: Emulsifier, corrosion inhibitor, antistat, wetting agent, flocculant, lubricant used in car wax emulsions, cleaners, paint mfg., agric. applics., syn. coolants; dispersant for clay and pigments in solvent systems; antistat in cosmetics; penetrant; coupling agent; raw material for quat. reactions; leather; metalworking; fungicide; soil stabilizer; demulsifier; recovery of tar from water-gas process emulsions; flotation processes; in lubricants for incidental food-contact use
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3570
- Trade Names: Burco® Imidazoline O; Imidazoline 18OH; LamChem C-100-O; Nopcogen 22-O; Schercozoline O

2-Oleyl-1-(hydroxyethyl) imidazoline. See Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

Oleyl imidazoline. See Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline Oleyl methyl tauride. See Sodium methyl oleoyl taurate

Oleyl monoglyceride. See Glyceryl oleate

Olive oil. See Olive (Olea europaea) oil

Olive (Olea europaea) oil

CAS 8001-25-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-277-0

- Synonyms: Olea europaea; Olea europaea oil; Gomenoleo oil; Azeite; Olive oil; Oleum olivae
- *Definition:* Fixed oil obtained from the ripe fruit of *Olea europaea*, contg. glycerides of oleic acid, palmitic acid, linoleic acid, stearic acid, and arachidic acid
- Properties: Yel. to It. grnsh. liq., sl. olive odor, sl. char. taste; sl. sol. in alcohol; misc. with ether, chloroform, carbon disulfide; insol. in water; dens. 0.909-0.915 (25/25 C); m.p. -6 C; solid. pt. 17-26 C; iodine no. 79-88; sapon. no. 187-196; flash pt. (CC) 437 F; ref. index 1.466-1.468; becomes rancid on exposure to air
- Toxicology: LD50 (IV, mouse) 1320 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP route; human skin irritant; devoid of side effects; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; can react with oxidizers; some spontaneous heating
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods. Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Photosensitive

- Uses: Lubricant, emollient, cosolvent, conditioner in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; pharmaceutical vehicle, solvent for ointments, liniments; castile soaps; textile soaps; sulfonated oils; salad dressing and other foods; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/ paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, GRAS; Japan approved (olive); USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur., JP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; Aldrich; Alnor Oil; Arista Ind.; BFGoodrich/Textile; Cascade; Charkit; Croda Inc; Croda Oleochems.; F.H. Taussig; Fanning; Fluka; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Int'l. Sourcing; Lipo; Mutchler; Penta Mfg.; Pokonobe Ind.; Ruger; Scher; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Thornley; Tri-K Ind.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Welch, Holme & Clark

OMT. See Sodium methyl oleoyl taurate

One-stage resin. See Phenolic resin

Opalwax. See Hydrogenated castor oil

OPP. See o-Phenylphenol Optal. See Propyl alcohol

Orange G. See Acid orange 10

Orange II. See Acid orange 7

Organosiloxane. See Silicone

Organosiloxanes. See Silicone

Orthoboric acid. See Boric acid

Orthohydroxydiphenyl. See o-Phenylphenol

Orthophenylphenol. See o-Phenylphenol Orthophosphoric acid. See Phosphoric acid Orthophosphorous acid. See Phosphonic acid Orthophosphorus acid. See Phosphonic acid Oryza sativa. See Rice (Oryza sativa) bran oil; Rice (Oryza sativa) starch Oryza sativa starch. See Rice (Oryza sativa) starch 1-Oxa-4-azacyclohexane. See Morpholine Oxacyclopentane. See Tetrahydrofuran Oxacyclopropane. See Ethylene oxide 3-Oxa-1-heptanol. See Butoxyethanol Oxalaldehyde. See Glyoxal Oxane. See Ethylene oxide Oxazolidine A. See Dimethyl oxazolidine **Oxide of chromium**. See Chromium oxide (ic) Oxidized microcrystalline wax. See Microcrystalline wax, oxidized Oxidized polyethylene. See Polyethylene, oxidized Oxidoethane. See Ethylene oxide α , **β**-Oxidoethane. See Ethylene oxide Oxime copper. See Copper 8-quinolinolate Oxine copper. See Copper 8-quinolinolate Oxirane. See Ethylene oxide Oxirane, methyl-, homopolymer. See Polypropylene glycol Oxirane, methyl, polymer and oxibane, butyl ether. See PPG-2-buteth-3 2-Oxobutane. See Methyl ethyl ketone **α-Oxodiphenylmethane**. *See* Benzophenone Oxolane. See Tetrahydrofuran 2-[(1-Oxooctadecyl) amino] ethyl octadecanoate. See Stearamide MEAstearate α-1-(Oxooctadecyl)-ω-hydroxypoly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl). See PEG stearate 5-Oxo-L-proline. See PCA 5-Oxo-DL-proline, sodium salt. See Sodium PCA Oxosilane. See Polysiloxane Oxybenzene. See Phenol 2,2 -[Oxybis (2,1-ethanediyloxy)] bisethanol. See PEG-4 2,2'-(Oxybis (ethyleneoxy)) diethanol. See PEG-4 1,1 - Oxybis-2-propanol. See Dipropylene glycol Oxybis (tributyltin). See Tributyltin oxide Oxydi-2,1-ethanediyl dodecanoate. See PEG-2 dilaurate 1,1 - Oxydi-2-propanol. See Dipropylene glycol 1,1 - Oxydipropan-2-ol. See Dipropylene glycol 3,3 - Oxydi-1-propanol dibenzoate. See Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate Oxydipropyl dibenzoate. See Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate 3,3 - Oxydyl-1-propanol dibenzoate. See Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate Oxyethylidenediphosphonic acid. See Etidronic acid Oxymethurea. See Dimethylol urea Oxymethylene. See Formaldehyde Oxyphenic acid. See Pyrocatechol Oxypropylated cellulose. See Hydroxypropylcellulose Oxy (salicylato) bismuth. See Bismuth subsalicylate Oxystearin Definition: Mixt. of the glycerides of partially oxidized stearic and other fatty acids Properties: Tan to It. brn. waxy solid, bland taste; sol. in ether, hexane, chloroform; acid no. 15 max.; iodine no. 15 max.; sapon. no. 225-240; hyd. no. 30-45; ref. index 1.465

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Crystallization inhibitor, release agent in foods; sequestrant; defoamer for beet sugar and yeast processing; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Use Level: ADI -25 mg/kg (FAO/WHO)
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.818 (limitation 0.125% of oils; must conform to FDA specs for fats or fatty acids derived from edible oils), 173.340, 176.170
- Ozocerite. See Ozokerite

Ozokerite

CAS 8021-55-4; 12198-93-5; EINECS/ELINCS 265-134-6 Synonyms: Ceresin: Fossil way: Mineral way: Ozocerite: Ozo

Synonyms: Ceresin; Fossil wax; Mineral wax; Ozocerite; Ozokerite wax Classification: Hydrocarbon wax Definition: Hydrocarbon wax derived from mineral or petroleum sources

Properties: Yel.-brown to black or green translucent (pure), noxious odor; sol. in It. petrol. hydrocarbons, benzene, turpentine, kerosene, ether, carbon disulfide; sl. sol. in alcohol; insol. in water; dens. 0.85-0.95; m.p. 55-110 C (usually 70 C)

Toxicology: No known toxicity; skin and eye irritant

Precaution: Combustible

Uses: Filler for electrical insulation, rubber prods., paints, leather prods., printing inks, floor and furniture polishes, cosmetics, ointments; substitute for carnauba and beeswax; natural chewing gum base; binder, emulsion stabilizer, opacifier, visc. control agent, gellant, thickener, emollient in cosmetics; thickener in pharmaceuticals; food-pkg. adhesives *Regulatory:* Japan approved; FDA approved for orals

Manuf./Distrib.: Eastman; Fanning; Frank B. Ross; ISP; Koster Keunen; Ruger; Strahl & Pitsch; U.S. Synthetics; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels Trade Names: Koster Keunen Ozokerite

Ozokerite wax. See Ozokerite

Ozone

CAS 10028-15-6 Synonyms: Triatomic oxygen

Classification: Inorganic gas

Empirical: O₃

- Properties: Unstable colorless gas or dk. blue liq., pungent char. odor; m.w. 48.00; dens. 2.144 g/l (gas), 1.614 g/ml (liq., -195.4 C); m.p. -193 C; b.p. -111.9 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA CL 0.1 ppm; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) 4800 ppm; primary irritant; skin, eye, upper respiratory, mucous membrane irritant; human poison by inh., systemic effects (lacrimation, headache, dec. pulse rate, dec. blood pressure, dermatitis, cough, dyspnea, pulmonary changes); questionable carcinogen; experimental neoplastigen, tumorigen, teratogen, reproductive effects; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Powerful highly reactive oxidizing agent; severe explosion hazard in liq. form when shocked, exposed to heat or flame, or in conc. form by reaction with powerful reducing agents; incompat. with rubber
- Uses: Oxidizer in chem. processes; antimicrobial, color removal, disinfection, taste/odor control for water treatment, bottled drinking water; bleaching waxes, oils, wet paper, textiles; swimming pool disinfectant; prod. of peroxides; bactericide; wastewater disinfection for pulp/paper; removal of chlorine from nitric acid; oxidation of phenols and cyanides; ozonolysis reagent; processing aid for foods (Japan)

Use Level: Limitation 0.4 mg/L residual of bottled water Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1563, GRAS; Japan approved

PA 12. See Nylon 12

PAA. See Peracetic acid; Polyacrylamide; Polyacrylic acid

PAC. See Polyaluminum chloride

Pacific green No. 6491. See Phthalocyanine green

Painters naphtha. See VM&P naphtha

Palmamide DEA

Synonyms: Amides, palm oil, N,N-bis (2-hydroxyethyl)-

Definition: Mixt. of ethanolamides of the fatty acids derived from palm oil *Formula:* RCON(CH₂CH₂OH)₂, where RCO- rep. fatty acids derived from palm oil

Uses: Emulsifier, emulsion stabilizer, surfactant, visc. control agent in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2800

Palm butter. See Palm (Elaeis guineensis) oil

Palm (Elaeis guineensis) kernel oil

CAS 8023-79-8; EINÉCS/ELINCS 232-425-4

Synonyms: Elaeis guineensis; Elaeis guineensis seed oil; Palm kernel oil *Definition:* Oil obtained from seeds of *Elaeis guineensis*

- Properties: Ylsh. fatty solid, char. sweet nutty flavor; dens. 0.95 kg/l; m.p. 26-30 C; iodine no. 14-19; sapon. no. 240-250
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Soap ingred.; hard oil for confectionery use; margarine ingred.; coating agent, emulsifier, formulation aid, texturizer in foods; in pharmaceutical waxes; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings,

Orthophenylphenol

Orthophenylphenol. See o-Phenylphenol Orthophosphoric acid. See Phosphoric acid Orthophosphorous acid. See Phosphonic acid Orthophosphorus acid. See Phosphonic acid Oryza sativa. See Rice (Oryza sativa) bran oil; Rice (Oryza sativa) starch Oryza sativa starch. See Rice (Oryza sativa) starch 1-Oxa-4-azacyclohexane. See Morpholine Oxacyclopentane. See Tetrahydrofuran Oxacyclopropane. See Ethylene oxide 3-Oxa-1-heptanol. See Butoxyethanol Oxalaldehyde. See Glyoxal Oxane. See Ethylene oxide Oxazolidine A. See Dimethyl oxazolidine Oxide of chromium. See Chromium oxide (ic) Oxidized microcrystalline wax. See Microcrystalline wax, oxidized Oxidized polyethylene. See Polyethylene, oxidized Oxidoethane. See Ethylene oxide α , **β**-Oxidoethane. See Ethylene oxide Oxime copper. See Copper 8-quinolinolate Oxine copper. See Copper 8-quinolinolate Oxirane. See Ethylene oxide Oxirane, methyl-, homopolymer. See Polypropylene glycol Oxirane, methyl, polymer and oxibane, butyl ether. See PPG-2-buteth-3 2-Oxobutane. See Methyl ethyl ketone **α-Oxodiphenylmethane**. *See* Benzophenone Oxolane. See Tetrahydrofuran 2-[(1-Oxooctadecyl) amino] ethyl octadecanoate. See Stearamide MEAstearate α-1-(Oxooctadecyl)-ω-hydroxypoly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl). See PEG stearate 5-Oxo-L-proline. See PCA 5-Oxo-DL-proline, sodium salt. See Sodium PCA Oxosilane. See Polysiloxane Oxybenzene. See Phenol 2,2-[Oxybis (2,1-ethanediyloxy)] bisethanol. See PEG-4 2,2'-(Oxybis (ethyleneoxy)) diethanol. See PEG-4 1,1 - Oxybis-2-propanol. See Dipropylene glycol Oxybis (tributyltin). See Tributyltin oxide Oxydi-2,1-ethanediyl dodecanoate. See PEG-2 dilaurate 1,1 - Oxydi-2-propanol. See Dipropylene glycol 1,1 - Oxydipropan-2-ol. See Dipropylene glycol 3,3 - Oxydi-1-propanol dibenzoate. See Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate Oxydipropyl dibenzoate. See Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate 3,3 - Oxydyl-1-propanol dibenzoate. See Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate Oxyethylidenediphosphonic acid. See Etidronic acid Oxymethurea. See Dimethylol urea Oxymethylene. See Formaldehyde Oxyphenic acid. See Pyrocatechol Oxypropylated cellulose. See Hydroxypropylcellulose Oxy (salicylato) bismuth. See Bismuth subsalicylate Oxystearin Definition: Mixt. of the glycerides of partially oxidized stearic and other fatty acids Properties: Tan to It. brn. waxy solid, bland taste; sol. in ether, hexane, chloroform; acid no. 15 max.; iodine no. 15 max.; sapon. no. 225-240; hyd. no. 30-45; ref. index 1.465 Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

- Uses: Crystallization inhibitor, release agent in foods; sequestrant; defoamer for beet sugar and yeast processing; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Use Level: ADI -25 mg/kg (FAO/WHO)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.818 (limitation 0.125% of oils; must conform to FDA specs for fats or fatty acids derived from edible oils), 173.340, 176.170
- Ozocerite. See Ozokerite

Ozokerite

CAS 8021-55-4; 12198-93-5; EINECS/ELINCS 265-134-6 Synonyms: Ceresin; Fossil wax; Mineral wax; Ozocerite; Ozokerite wax

Classification: Hydrocarbon wax

Definition: Hydrocarbon wax derived from mineral or petroleum sources

Properties: Yel.-brown to black or green translucent (pure), noxious odor; sol. in It. petrol. hydrocarbons, benzene, turpentine, kerosene, ether, carbon disulfide; sl. sol. in alcohol; insol. in water; dens. 0.85-0.95; m.p. 55-110 C (usually 70 C)

Toxicology: No known toxicity; skin and eye irritant

- Precaution: Combustible
- Uses: Filler for electrical insulation, rubber prods., paints, leather prods., printing inks, floor and furniture polishes, cosmetics, ointments; substitute for carnauba and beeswax; natural chewing gum base; binder, emulsion stabilizer, opacifier, visc. control agent, gellant, thickener, emollient in cosmetics; thickener in pharmaceuticals; food-pkg. adhesives *Regulatory:* Japan approved; FDA approved for orals

Manuf./Distrib.: Eastman; Fanning; Frank B. Ross; ISP; Koster Keunen; Ruger; Strahl & Pitsch; U.S. Synthetics; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels Trade Names: Koster Keunen Ozokerite

Ozokerite wax. See Ozokerite

Ozone

CAS 10028-15-6 *Synonyms:* Triatomic oxygen

Classification: Inorganic gas

Empirical: O₃

- Properties: Unstable colorless gas or dk. blue liq., pungent char. odor; m.w. 48.00; dens. 2.144 g/l (gas), 1.614 g/ml (liq., -195.4 C); m.p. -193 C; b.p. -111.9 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA CL 0.1 ppm; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) 4800 ppm; primary irritant; skin, eye, upper respiratory, mucous membrane irritant; human poison by inh., systemic effects (lacrimation, headache, dec. pulse rate, dec. blood pressure, dermatitis, cough, dyspnea, pulmonary changes); questionable carcinogen; experimental neoplastigen, tumorigen, teratogen, reproductive effects; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Powerful highly reactive oxidizing agent; severe explosion hazard in liq. form when shocked, exposed to heat or flame, or in conc. form by reaction with powerful reducing agents; incompat. with rubber
- Uses: Oxidizer in chem. processes; antimicrobial, color removal, disinfection, taste/odor control for water treatment, bottled drinking water; bleaching waxes, oils, wet paper, textiles; swimming pool disinfectant; prod. of peroxides; bactericide; wastewater disinfection for pulp/paper; removal of chlorine from nitric acid; oxidation of phenols and cyanides; ozonolysis reagent; processing aid for foods (Japan)

Use Level: Limitation 0.4 mg/L residual of bottled water Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1563, GRAS; Japan approved

PA 12. See Nylon 12

PAA. See Peracetic acid; Polyacrylamide; Polyacrylic acid

PAC. See Polyaluminum chloride

Pacific green No. 6491. See Phthalocyanine green Painters naphtha. See VM&P naphtha

Palmamide DEA

Synonyms: Amides, palm oil, N,N-bis (2-hydroxyethyl)-

Definition: Mixt. of ethanolamides of the fatty acids derived from palm oil *Formula:* RCON(CH₂CH₂OH)₂, where RCO- rep. fatty acids derived from palm oil

Uses: Emulsifier, emulsion stabilizer, surfactant, visc. control agent in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2800

Palm butter. See Palm (Elaeis guineensis) oil

Palm (Elaeis guineensis) kernel oil

CAS 8023-79-8; EINÉCS/ELINCS 232-425-4

Synonyms: Elaeis guineensis; Elaeis guineensis seed oil; Palm kernel oil *Definition:* Oil obtained from seeds of *Elaeis guineensis*

- Properties: Ylsh. fatty solid, char. sweet nutty flavor; dens. 0.95 kg/l; m.p. 26-30 C; iodine no. 14-19; sapon. no. 240-250
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Soap ingred.; hard oil for confectionery use; margarine ingred.; coating agent, emulsifier, formulation aid, texturizer in foods; in pharmaceutical waxes; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings,

paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, GRAS; BP compliance (fractionated)

Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; Alba Int'l.; Alnor Oil; Jarchem Ind.; Penta Mfg.; Stevenson Cooper

Palm (Elaeis guineensis) oil

CAS 8002-75-3; EINECS/ELINCS 232-316-1

- Synonyms: Elaeis guineensis; Elaeis guineensis oil; Oils, palm; Palm butter; Palm grease; Palm oil
- Definition: Natural oil obtained from pulp of the fruit of *Elaeis guineensis*; chiefly palmitin with some stearin, linolein
- Properties: Yel.-brown buttery, edible solid at R.T.; faint odor of violet; sol. in alcohol, ether, chloroform, carbon disulfide; dens. 0.952; m.p. 26-30 C; iodine no. ≈ 15; sapon. no. ≈ 247; ref. index 1.453-1.459
- Toxicology: TDLo (oral, rat) 55 g/kg; experimental teratogen, reproductive effector; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Soap ingred.; cutting tool lubricant; cosmetics; plasticizer, softener in rubber processing; steel cold-rolling oil; cotton goods finishing; mold release agent; emollient; candles; food shortening, coating agent, emulsifier, lubricant, formulation aid, texturizer; pharmaceutical waxes; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; surf. lubricant in food-contact coatings; in food-contact textiles
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800, GRAS
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; Aarhus Oliefabrik A/S; Alba Int'l.; Alban Muller; Alnor Oil; Arista Ind.; Charkit; Jarchem Ind.; Lambent Tech.; Natural Oils Int'l.; Penta Mfg.; Sea-Land; Stevenson Cooper; Welch, Holme & Clark

Palm grease. See Palm (Elaeis guineensis) oil

Palmitamide DEA

- CAS 7545-24-6; EINECS/ELINCS 231-427-2
- Synonyms: N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) hexadecanamide; N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) hexadecan-1-amide; N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) palmitamide; Diethanolamine palmitic acid amide; Hexadecanamide, N,N-bis (2-hydroxyethyl)-; Palmitic diethanolamide
- Definition: Mixture of ethanolamides of palmitic acid

Empirical: C₂₀H₄₁NO₃

- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₄CON(CH₂CH₂OH)₂
- Uses: Antistat, visc. control agent in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800

Palmitic acid

CAS 57-10-3; EINECS/ELINCS 200-312-9; FEMA 2832

- Synonyms: Cetylic acid; Hexadecanoic acid; n-Hexadecoic acid; Hexadecylic acid; 1-Pentadecanecarboxylic acid
- Classification: Aliphatic organic compd.; saturated fatty acid

Definition: A mixt. of solid organic acids

Empirical: C16H32O2

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₄COOH

- Properties: Wh. cryst. scales, sl. char. odor/taste; sol. in hot alcohol, ether, propyl alcohol, chloroform, oxygenated, aromatic, and chlorinated solvs.; sl. sol. in cold alcohol, petrol. ether; insol. in water; m.w. 256.42; dens. 0.853 (62/4 C); m.p. 63-64 C; b.p. 215 C (15 mm); ref. index 1.4273 (80 C)
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (IV, mouse) 57 mg/kg; acute poison by IV route; human skin irritant; questionable carcinogen; experimental neoplastigen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Uses: Mfg. of metallic palmitates, lube oils, paints, waterproofing, food-grade additives; intermediate for surfactants, soaps, and cosmetics; texturizer for shampoos, soaps, shaving creams; nondrying oil for surf. coatings; defoamer; lubricant; emollient in cosmetics; grinding agent; emulsifier for food, cosmetics, and polymerization; slip agent for plastics; activator, dispersant, stabilizer, internal lubricant for rubber compding.; pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in food-contact acrylics, cellophane, rubber articles, textiles; in lubricants for incidental food contact

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.860, 173.340, 175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3910; must conform to FDA specs for fats or fatty acids derived from edible oils; FEMA GRAS; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Allan; Am. Biorganics; Ashland; Baychem; Brown; Browning; Cognis/Chems. Group; Collaborative Labs/ Oleochems.; Condor; Fluka; Genzyme; Grau Aromatics; Jarchem Ind.; Kraft Chem.; Norman, Fox; Penta Mfg.; Protameen; Research Organics; Robeco; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Uniqema/Oleochems.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Palmitic acid aluminum salt. See Aluminum palmitate Palmitic acid, isobutyl ester. See Isobutyl palmitate Palmitic acid sodium salt. See Sodium palmitate Palmitic acid, zinc salt. See Zinc palmitate Palmitic diethanolamide. See Palmitamide DEA Palmityl alcohol. See Cetyl alcohol Palmityl methacrylate. See Cetyl methacrylate Palmityl trimethyl ammonium chloride. See Cetrimonium chloride Palm kernel oil. See Palm (Elaeis guineensis) kernel oil Palm oil. See Palm (Elaeis guineensis) oil Palm oil glyceride, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated palm glyceride Palm oil, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated palm oil

Palm oil triglycerides

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

PAMAM. See Polyamidoamine

- PAN resin. See Polyacrylonitrile
- Paper black T. See Direct black 38
- Papermakers' alum. See Aluminum sulfate
- Parachlorometacresol. See p-Chloro-m-cresol
- Paradioxybenzene. See Hydroquinone

Paraffin

- CAS 8002-74-2; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6; UN No. 1223; FEMA 3216 Synonyms: Hard paraffin; Paraffin wax; Paraffin waxes; Paraffin wax fume; Petroleum wax, crystalline; Poly (methylene) wax
- Classification: Aliphatic organic compd.; hydrocarbon
- Definition: Solid mixture of hydrocarbons obtained from petroleum; characterized by relatively large crystals
- Empirical: C_nH_{2n+2}
- Properties: Colorless to wh. cryst. solid; odorless; tasteless; greasy feel; sol. in benzene, gasoline, chloroform, ether, carbon disulfide, oils; misc. with fats; insol. in water, alcohol; dens. ≈ 0.9; m.p. 50-57 C; flash pt. (CC) 190 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 2 mg/m³ (fume); TDLo (implant, rat) 120 mg/ kg; primary irritant; skin and eye irritant; anesthetic effect; chronic skin exposure can cause dermatitis, abnormal pigmentation, etc.; fumes cause lung damage; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen by implantation; many paraffin waxes contain carcinogens; TSCA listed

Precaution: Dangerous fire hazard; will burn above 198 C; burns with luminous flame; when heated, produces irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store away from heat; store in cool, dry place; refrigerate

- Uses: Candles; paper coating; protective sealant for food prods.; food coatings; plastics lubricants; hot-melt carpet backing; floor polishes; chewing gum base; raising m.p. of ointments; antiozonant for rubber; mfg. of varnishes; in elec. insulators; perfume extraction (from flowers); paper sizing agent; waterproofing agent for textiles, leather, paper, cork, wood; solvent for inks; emollient, visc. control agent, moisturizer, stabilizer for cosmetics; pharmaceuticals (stiffening agent, tablet coating); surf. lubricant in foodcontact coatings; in cellophane for food pkg.; wood preservative for agric. prods. pkg.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.181, 172.615, 173.3210, 175.105, 175.210, 175.250, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.2420, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3710, 178.3800, 178.3910, 179.45; FEMA GRAS; Canada, Japan approved; FDA approved for implants, orals,

topicals; USP/NF, BP compliance

- Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aldrich; Ashland; Astor Corp.; BP Amoco; Baker Petrolite; Barco Chem. Prods.; Chemcor; ChevronPhillips; Condea Vista; Dussek Campbell; EM Ind.; Exxon; Fisher Scientific; Frank B. Ross; Humphrey; Int'l. Group; Koster Keunen; Michelman; Micro Powders; Mobil; Penreco; Penta Mfg.; Polygon; RTD; Rheox; Ruger; Scheel; Sea-Land; Shamrock Tech.; Shell; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stevenson Cooper; Strahl & Pitsch; U.S. Synthetics; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels
- Trade Names: Koster Keunen Paraffin Wax; Loxiol® G 23; Loxiol® HOB 7169; Microlube™ N; Octowax 321; Octowax 695; Paracol® 404G; Paracol® 802A; Paracol® 802N; Paracol® 2370; Sequapel® 417; Sequapel® NS; Shamrock Hydrocer EP 91; Suntorl WP; TH-44
- Trade Names Containing: Basophob®; Octowax 437; Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 628/5; Ross Synthetic Candelilla Wax; Sequapel® 414; Shamrock Hydrocer EEP 16; Shamrock Hydrocer EEP 33; Sunsize® 4134 See also Petroleum wax; Synthetic wax

Paraffin, chlorinated

CAS 63449-39-8

- Synonyms: Chlorcosane; Chlorinated paraffin; Chlorocosane; Chloroparaffin; Paraffin waxes and hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated; Wax, chlorinated Definition: Paraffin hydrocarbons treated with chlorine; contains about 50%
- CI Properties: Pale to amber, neutral, light viscous oils or soft waxes; sol. in benzene, chloroform, most org. solvs.; sl. sol. in alcohol; insol. in water;
- dens. 0.900-1.50; nonflamm. *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) > 4000 mg/kg (liq. or resinous, 70% Cl); primary
- irritant, confirmed carcinogen; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: In mfg. of textiles, draperies, etc.; solvent for dichloramine-T; highpressure lubricants; flame retardant in plastics, rubber, adhesives, textiles, inks, paper; leather fat-liquoring agent; plasticizer and flame retardants in paints; plasticizer for PVC, sealants, PVAc, syn. rubber; EP additive in lubricants, metalworking fluids; tackifier for rubbers, adhesives, sealants; in food-pkg. adhesives; textile backcoating; extender in rubber and plastic compds.; in detergents; crosslinking agent in food-contact polysulfide polymer/polyepoxy resins
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105 (for chain lengths of C₁₀.C₁₇, contg. 40-70% CI by wt.), 177.1650
- Manuf./Distrib.: AC Ind.; Allchem Ind.; Atofina; C.P. Hall; Celanese; Charlotte Chem.; Chemcentral; Crompton/Witco; Dover; Eastech; Ferro/Keil; Harwick; Morton Int'l.; Occidental; Punda Mercantile; R.E. Carroll; S & S Chem.; Sea-Land; StanChem; Tosoh; Tri-Iso
- Trade Names: Chlorez® 700; Chlorez® 700-DF; Chlorez® 700-S; Chlorez® 700-SS; Chlorez® 700-SSNP; Chlorez® 725-S; Chlorez® 760

Paraffin jelly. See Petrolatum Paraffin oil. See Mineral oil

Paraffin-rosin emulsion

Uses: Sizing agent for paper and paperboard, food-pkg. grades of paper/ paperboard

Paraffinum liquidum. See Mineral oil

Paraffin wax. See Paraffin

Paraffin waxes. See Paraffin

Paraffin waxes and hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated. See Paraffin, chlorinated

Paraffin wax fume. See Paraffin

Paraform. See Formaldehyde; Paraformaldehyde

Paraformaldehyde

CAS 30525-89-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-001-8; UN No. 2213 (DOT) Synonyms: P-Formaldehyde; Paraform; Paraformic aldehyde; Polyoxy-

methylene; Trioxylmethylene; Trioxymethylene *Classification:* A polymer of formaldehyde in which n= 8-100

Empirical: (CH₂O)_n

- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; formaldehyde odor; sol. in strong alkalis; mod. sol. in hot water (yielding formaldehyde); sl. sol. in cold water; insol. in ethanol; m.w. (30.03), dens. 0.880; m.p. 132-136 C; flash pt. 158 F
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 800 mg/kg; LDLo (skin, rabbit) 10,000 mg/kg; toxic; mod. toxic by ing.; primary irritant; severe eye and skin irritant;

- sensitizer; may cause allergic response; mutagen; TSCA listed *Precaution:* Flamm. solid; can react with oxidizers; incompat. with liq. oxy-
- gen Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic formaldehyde gas
- HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Moisture-sensitive; store @ 2-8 C under argon or nitrogen

- Uses: Fungicides; bactericides; disinfectant; adhesives; hardener and waterproofing agent for gelatin contraceptive creams; soil fungicide; seed treatment; mfg. of syn. resins and artificial horn or ivory; as fumigant; resorcinol-formaldehyde resin curing agent; amino/phenolic resin formaldehyde substitute; chloromethylation reagent; formaldehyde-releasing preservative in root canal filling pastes; in food-pkg. adhesives; setting agent for protein in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1210; SARA reportable
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Bencorp Int'l.; Brook-Chem; Browning; Celanese; Chemical; Degussa-Hüls; Fluka; Houghton Chem.; M. Arens; Miljac; Nemesis Int'l.; Perry; Ruger; Sego Int'l.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Storchem; Technichem; Total Spec. Chems.; Tryline; U.S. Chems.; Van Waters & Rogers

Paraformaldehyde/urea polymer. See Urea/formaldehyde resin

- Paraformaldehyde/urea resin. See Urea/formaldehyde resin
- Paraformic aldehyde. See Paraformaldehyde

Paranitroaniline red, chlorinated. See 1-[(2-Chloro-4-nitrophenyl) azo]-2naphthalenol

Pararosaniline, N,N,N',N',N'',N''-hexamethyl-, chloride. See Basic violet 3 Pareth-15-3. See C11-15 pareth-3

Pareth-15-5. See C11-15 pareth-5 Pareth-15-7. See C11-15 pareth-7 Pareth-15-9. See C11-15 pareth-9 Pareth-15-12. See C11-15 pareth-12 Pareth-15-15. See C11-15 pareth-15 Pareth-23-7. See C12-13 pareth-7 Pareth-25-3. See C12-15 pareth-3 Pareth-25-5. See C12-15 pareth-5 Pareth-25-6. See C12-15 pareth-6 Pareth-25-7. See C12-15 pareth-7 Pareth-25-8. See C12-15 pareth-8 Pareth-25-9. See C12-15 pareth-9 Pareth-25-10. See C12-15 pareth-10 Pareth-25-12. See C12-15 pareth-12 Pareth-25-13. See C12-15 pareth-13 Pareth-25-23. See C12-15 pareth-23 Pareth-45-3. See C14-15 pareth-3 Pareth-45-4. See C14-15 pareth-4 Pareth 45-7. See C14-15 pareth-7 Pareth-45-8. See C14-15 pareth-8 Pareth-45-11. See C14-15 pareth-11 Pareth-91-2. See C9-11 pareth-2 Pareth-91-3. See C9-11 pareth-3 Pareth-91-4. See C9-11 pareth-4 Pareth-91-5. See C9-11 pareth-5 Pareth-91-6. See C9-11 pareth-6 Pareth-91-8. See C9-11 pareth-8 Paris white. See Calcium carbonate; Whiting Patent alum. See Aluminum sulfate Patent blue. See Acid blue 1 Patent blue VF. See Acid blue 1 **PB.** See Polybutene **PBN.** See Phenyl- β -naphthylamine **PBNA**. See Phenyl- β -naphthylamine PBT. See Polybutylene terephthalate PBTC. See 2-Phosphono butane tricarboxylic acid-1,2,4 PBTP. See Polybutylene terephthalate

PBT polyester. *See* Polybutylene terephthalate

PCA

CAS 98-79-3; EINECS/ELINCS 202-700-3 *Synonyms:* 5-Oxo-L-proline; L-Pyroglutamic acid; Pyrrolidonecarboxylic acid; 2-Pyrrolidone-5-carboxylic acid

- Classification: Cyclic organic compd.
- Empirical: C₅H₇NO₃
- Properties: Wh. crystal, odorless, sl. acidic taste, nonhygroscopic; sol. in water; m.w. 129.11; m.p. 181 C
- Toxicology: SI. irritating to skin; very irritating to eyes; TSCA listed
- Uses: Humectant for cosmetics for skin and hair care, tobacco, cellulose film, paper prods., fiber prods., paints; dyeing agent, softening agent, finishing agent, and antistatic agent; intermediate for synthesis
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma
- Trade Names: Ajidew A-100
- Trade Names Containing: Ajidew SP-100
- PCA-Na. See Sodium PCA
- PCA Soda. See Sodium PCA
- PCMC. See p-Chloro-m-cresol
- PCTFE. See Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer
- PE. See Polyethylene
- PEA. See 2-Phenoxyethyl acrylate

Peanut (Arachis hypogaea) oil

- CAS 8002-03-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-296-4
- Synonyms: Arachis oil; Arachis hypogaea; Groundnut oil; Indigenous peanut oil; Katchung oil; Earthnut oil; Pecan shell powder; Peanut oil
- Definition: Refined fixed oil obtained from seed kernels of one or more cultivated varieties of Arachis hypogaea
- Properties: Colorless to pale yel. liq., nutty odor, bland taste; sol. in benzene, ether, chloroform, CCl₄, oils; misc. with carbon disulfide; sl. sol. in alcohol; insol. in alkalis; dens. 0.916-0.922; solid. pt. -5 C; iodine no. 84-100; sapon. no. 185-195; flash pt. 540 F; ref. index 1.466-1.470
- Toxicology: TDLo (oral, mouse, 1 yr intermittent) 952 g/kg; human skin irritant, mild allergen; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; can react with oxidizing materials; sl. spontaneous heating
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Light-sensitive
- Uses: Drying oil for paints; soap ingred.; emollient, solvent in cosmetics; heat transfer medium in laboratory; edible oil; ingred. in margarine, mayonnaise, salad oil, shortening, baked goods; substitute for olive oil; dietary supplement; food coatings; pharmaceutical solvent, vehicle; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800, 182.70; GRAS; FDA approved for injectables, orals, vaginals; USP/NF, BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; Alnor Oil; Arista Ind.; Ashland; Berje; Brutanicals; Cascade; Charkit; Croda Inc; Croda Oleochems.; Jarchem Ind.; Maypro Ind.; Natural Oils Int'l.; Penta Mfg.; Pokonobe Ind.; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tri-K Ind.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Welch, Holme & Clark

Peanut oil. See Peanut (Arachis hypogaea) oil Peanut oil, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated peanut oil Peanut oil, sulfated. See Sulfated peanut oil

Peanut oil triglycerides

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Pearl alum. See Aluminum sulfate Pearl stearic. See Stearic acid Pebble lime. See Calcium oxide Pecan shell powder. See Peanut (Arachis hypogaea) oil PEEA. See 2-Phenoxyethyl acrylate; Phenylethylethanolamine PEG. See Polyethylene glycol

PEG-4

CAS 112-60-7; 25322-68-3 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9 Synonyms: TEG; Bis [2-(2-hydroxyethoxy) ethyl] ether; 2-[2-(2-(2-Hydroxyethoxy) ethoxy) ethoxy] ethanol; Macrogol 200; 2,2⁻[Oxybis (2,1-ethanediyloxy)] bisethanol; 2,2⁻(Oxybis (ethyleneoxy)) diethanol; PEG 200; POE (4); Tetraethylene glycol; Tetraglycol

Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide

- Empirical: C₈H₁₈O₅
- Formula: H(OCH₂CH₂)₄OH
- Properties: Colorless to pale straw visc. liq., sl. char. odor; sol. in water; misc. with methanol; insol. in benzene, toluene, gasoline; m.w. 194.23; dens. 1.127 (25/25 C); vapor pressure > 0.001 mm Hg (20 C); f.p. -4 C; b.p. 327.3 C; flash pt. (COC) 185 C; ref. index 1.4577 (20 C); supercools on freezing; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 28,900 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 7500 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; reproductive hazard; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; can react with oxidizers; solvent action on some plastics
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic

- Uses: Lubricant for rubber molds, textile fibers, metalworking fluids; in food and food pkg.; humectant, solvent in cosmetics; hair preps.; in gas chromatography; in lacquers; paints; paper coatings; polishes; solvent for nitrocellulose; plasticizer; binder in ceramic pastes, printing inks; softener for paper tissue; food coating, binder, plasticizer, lubricant, defoamer; pharmaceutic aid; pharmaceutical solvent, vehicle, bulking agent; in food-pkg. adhesives
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §73.1, 172.210, 172.770, 172.820, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3750; FDA approved for topicals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; C.P. Hall; Cognis; Fluka; Harwick; NOF Am.; Ruger; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Union Carbide; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK
- Trade Names: Adeka PEG-200; DePEG 200; Nopalcol 200; Poly-G[®] 200; Teric[™] PEG 200

PEG-6

- CAS 2615-15-8; 25322-68-3 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9; 220-045-1
- Synonyms: Hexaethylene glycol; Macrogol 300; PEG 300; 3,6,9,12,15-Pentaoxaheptadecane-1,17-diol; Polyethylene glycol 300
- Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide
- Empirical: C12H26O7
- *Formula:* $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 6
- Properties: Sp.gr. 1.124-1.127; Visc. 5.4-6.4 cSt (99 C); pour pt. -15 to -8 C; flash pt. (COC) 196 C; ref. index 1.463-1.4641 (20 C); pH 4.5-7.5 (5%); nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 27,500 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 17,000 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Lubricant for rubber molds, textile fibers, metalworking; in food and food pkg.; humectant, solvent in cosmetics; hair preps.; pharmaceutic aid; in gas chromatography; in paints; paper coatings; polishes; ceramics; plasticizer for cellulose nitrate; food coating, binder, plasticizer, lubricant, flavor adjuvant, bodying agent, defoamer; pharmaceutical coating, suppository base, lubricant, solvent; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Use Level: Limitation zero tolerance (milk)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.770, 172.820, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3750, 178.3910; FDA approved for parenterals, ophthalmics, topicals; USP/NF, BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; Cognis; Fluka; Harwick; NOF Am.; Ruger; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Union Carbide; Uniqema/ ICI Surf. UK
- Trade Names: Adeka PEG-300; Carbowax[®] PEG 300; DePEG 300; Imbentin-PEG/300; Teric[™] PEG 300
- *Trade Names Containing:* Carbowax[®] PEG 540 Blend; Lumulse[™] PEG 540

PEG-8

CAS 5117-19-1; 25322-68-3 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 225-856-4 Synonyms: 3,6,9,12,15,18,21-Heptaoxatricosane-1,23-diol; Macrogol 400; PEG 400; POE (8); Polyethylene glycol 400 Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide Empirical: $C_{16}H_{34}O_{9}$

- Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 8
- Properties: Visc. liq., sl. char. odor, minimal taste; m.w. 380-420; dens. 1.128 (25/25 C); visc. 7.3 cSt (210 F); m.p. 4-8 C; pH 4.5-7.5 (5%); nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 30 ml/kg, (IP, rat) 9708 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 7313 mg/kg; low toxicity by ing., IV, IP routes; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: SI. hygroscopic

- Uses: Lubricant for rubber molds, textile fibers, metalworking; in food and food pkg.; humectant, solvent in cosmetics; hair preps.; pharmaceutic aid; in gas chromatography; in paints; paper coatings; polishes; ceramics; plasticizer for cellulose nitrate; food coating, binder, plasticizer, lubricant, flavor adjuvant, bodying agent, defoamer; pharmaceutical coating, suppository base, bulking agent, solvent; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Use Level: Limitation zero tolerance (milk)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.770, 172.820, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3750, 178.3910, 181.22, 181.30; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; C.P. Hall; Cognis; Fluka; Harwick; NOF Am.; Ruger; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Union Carbide; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK
- Trade Names: Adeka PEG-400; DePEG 400; Imbentin-PEG/400; Nopalcol 400; Pluracol® E400 NF; Rhodasurf® E 400; Teric™ PEG 400

PEG-9

- CAS 3386-18-3; 25322-68-3 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 222-206-1
- Synonyms: PEG 450; POE (9); 3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24-Octaoxahexacosane-1,26-diol
- Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide

Empirical: C₁₈H₃₈O₁₀

- *Formula:* $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 9
- Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Lubricant for rubber molds, textile fibers, metalworking; in food and food pkg.; humectant, solvent in cosmetics; hair preps.; pharmaceutic aid; in gas chromatography; in paints; paper coatings; polishes; ceramics; food coating, binder, plasticizer, lubricant, flavor adjuvant, bodying agent, defoamer; pharmaceutical bulking agent, solvent; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.770, 172.820, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3750, 178.3910
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

PEG-12

- CAS 6790-09-6; 25322-68-3 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 229-859-1 Synonyms: Macrogol 600; PEG 600; POE (12); Polyethylene glycol 600; 3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27,3,33-Undecaoxapentatriacontane-1,35-diol
- *Definition:* Polymer of ethylene oxide

Empirical: C₂₄H₅₀O₁₃

- Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 12
- Properties: Visc. liq., char. odor; m.w. 570-630; dens. 1.128 (25/25 C); m.p. 20-25 C; visc. 10.5 cSt (210 F); pH 4.5-7.5 (5%); nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 38,100 mg/kg; low toxicity by ing.; eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: SI. hygroscopic

Uses: Lubricant for rubber molds, textile fibers, metalworking; in food and food pkg.; humectant, solvent in cosmetics; hair preps.; pharmaceutic aid; in gas chromatography; in paints; paper coatings; polishes; ceramics; plasticizer for cellulose nitrate; food coating, binder, plasticizer, lubricant, flavor adjuvant, bodying agent, defoamer; pharmaceutical coating, suppository base, bulking agent, solvent; in food-pkg. adhesives

Use Level: Limitation zero tolerance (milk)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.770, 172.820, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3750, 178.3910; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; C.P. Hall; Fluka; Harwick; NOF Am.; Ruger; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Union Carbide; Unigema/ICI Surf. UK
- Trade Names: Adeka PEG-600; DePEG 600; Imbentin-PEG/600; Nopalcol 600; Pluracol® E600 NF; Pogol® 600; Rhodasurf® E 600; Teric™ PEG 600

PEG-14

- CAS 25322-68-3 (generic)
- Synonyms: POE (14); PEG 700
- Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide
- *Properties:* Visc. 11.5-13.0 cSt; nonionic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- IOXICOIOGY: ISCAI
- Uses: Lubricant for rubber molds, textile fibers, metalworking; in food and food pkg.; humectant, solvent in cosmetics; hair preps.; pharmaceutic aid; in gas chromatography; in paints; paper coatings; polishes; ceramics; food coating, binder, plasticizer, lubricant, flavor adjuvant, bodying agent, defoamer; pharmaceutical bulking agent, solvent; in food-pkg, adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.770, 172.820, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3750, 178.3910

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

PEG-16

- CAS 25322-68-3 (generic)
- Synonyms: PEG 800; POE (16)
- Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide
- *Empirical:* C₃₂H₆₆O₁₇
- Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 16
- *Properties:* Visc. 12.5-14.5 cSt; nonionic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Lubricant for rubber molds, textile fibers, metalworking; in food and food pkg.; humectant, solvent in cosmetics; hair preps.; pharmaceutic aid; in gas chromatography; in paints; paper coatings; polishes; ceramics; food coating, binder, plasticizer, lubricant, flavor adjuvant, bodying agent, defoamer; pharmaceutical bulking agent, solvent; in food-pkg. adhesives
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.770, 172.820, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3750, 178.3910
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma

PEG-20

- CAS 25322-68-3 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9
- Synonyms: Macrogol 1000; PEG 1000; POE (20); Polyethylene glycol 1000; Polyglycol 1000
- *Definition:* Polymer of ethylene oxide
- Empirical: C₄₀H₈₂O₂₁
- Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 20
- Properties: Solid; sp.gr. 1.085; visc. 16-19 cSt (99 C); pour pt. 37-40 C; flash pt. (COC) 265 C; pH 4.5-7.5 (5%); nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 32 g/kg, (IP, rat) 15,570 mg/kg; LDLo (IV, dog) 3000 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP, IV routes; mildly toxic by ing.; question-able carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Lubricant for rubber molds, textile fibers, metalworking; in food and food pkg.; humectant, solvent in cosmetics; hair preps.; pharmaceutic aid; in gas chromatography; in paints; paper coatings; polishes; ceramics; plasticizer for cellulose nitrate; food coating, binder, plasticizer, lubricant, flavor adjuvant, bodying agent, defoamer; pharmaceutical coating, ointment and suppository base, bulking agent, solvent, plasticizer, lubricant; in foodpkg. adhesives
- Use Level: Limitation zero tolerance (milk)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.770, 172.820, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3750, 178.3910; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; Fluka; Harwick; NOF Am.; Ruger; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Union Carbide; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK

Trade Names: Adeka PEG-1000; Lumulse™ PEG 1000

PEG-32

CAS 25322-68-3 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9 Synonyms: Macrogol 1540; PEG 1540; POE (32) Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide Empirical: $C_{64}H_{130}O_{33}$ Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 32

Properties: Wh. powd.; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 44,200 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ingestion; human

skin irritant; TSCA listed

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Lubricant for rubber molds, textile fibers, metalworking; in food and food pkg.; humectant, solvent in cosmetics; hair preps.; pharmaceutic aid; in gas chromatography; in paints; paper coatings; polishes; ceramics; food coating, binder, plasticizer, lubricant, flavor adjuvant, bodying agent, defoamer; pharmaceutical coating, ointment base, bulking agent; solvent; solubilizer; emulsifier; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Use Level: Limitation zero tolerance (milk)
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.770, 172.820, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3750, 178.3910; FDA approved for dentals, orals, rectals, topicals; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; NOF Am.; Sigma
- Trade Names: Imbentin-PEG/1500 G; Pluracol® E1450
- *Trade Names Containing:* Carbowax[®] PEG 540 Blend; Lumulse[™] PEG 540

PEG-40

- CAS 25322-68-3 (generic)
- Synonyms: PEG 2000; POE (40)
- Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide
- Empirical: C₈₀H₁₆₂O₄₁
- Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 40
- *Properties:* Solid; dens. 1.127; visc. 38-49 cSt; ref. index 1.4590 (20 C); nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Lubricant for rubber molds, textile fibers, metalworking; in food and food pkg.; humectant, solvent in cosmetics; hair preps.; pharmaceutic aid; in gas chromatography; in paints; paper coatings; polishes; ceramics; food coating, binder, plasticizer, lubricant, flavor adjuvant, bodying agent, defoamer; pharmaceutical coating, ointment base, bulking agent; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.770, 172.820, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3750, 178.3910; FDA approved for parenterals Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; NOF Am. Trade Names: Pluracol® E2000

PEG-75

- CAS 25322-68-3 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9
- Synonyms: Macrogol 4000; PEG 4000; POE (75); Polyethylene glycol 4000; Polyglycol 4000
- Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide
- Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 75
- Properties: Wh. powd. or creamy-wh. flakes; m.w. 3000-3700; dens. 1.212 (25/25 C); visc. 76-110 cSt (210 F); m.p. 54-58 C; pH 4.5-7.5 (5%); nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 50 g/kg, (IP, rat) 11,550 mg/kg, (subcut., mouse) 18 g/kg, (IV, mouse) 16 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Uses: Lubricant for rubber molds, textile fibers, metalworking; in food and food pkg.; binder, humectant, solvent in cosmetics; hair preps.; pharmaceutic aid; in gas chromatography; in paints; paper coatings; polishes; ceramics; food coating, binder, plasticizer, lubricant, flavor adjuvant, bodying agent, defoamer; pharmaceutical coating, ointment and suppository base, bulking agent, solvent, plasticizer; in food-pkg. adhesives

Use Level: Limitation zero tolerance (milk)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.770, 172.820, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3750, 178.3910; FDA approved for injectables, orals, rectals, topicals, vaginals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Uniqema/ ICI Surf. UK

Trade Names: Lumulse™ PEG 3350; Teric™ PEG 4000

PEG-100

CAS 25322-68-3 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9 *Synonyms:* PEG (100); POE (100) *Definition:* Polymer of ethylene oxide *Formula:* H(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 100 *Properties:* Nonionic

- Uses: Lubricant for rubber molds, textile fibers, metalworking; in food and food pkg.; humectant in cosmetics; hair preps.; pharmaceutic aid; in gas chromatography; in paints; paper coatings; polishes; ceramics; food coating, binder, plasticizer, lubricant, flavor adjuvant, bodying agent, defoamer; pharmaceutical coating, ointment base, bulking agent, tablet binder; solvent; vehicle; in food-pkg. adhesives
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.770, 172.820, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3750, 178.3910

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

PEG (100). See PEG-100

PEG-135

CAS 25322-68-3 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9

Synonyms: PEG (135); POE (135)

Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide

Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 135

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Humectant, solvent in cosmetics; surfactant intermediate; humectant for printing inks; plasticizer; binder; lubricant; rubber molds; water softener; paper additive; coupling agent in creams and lotions; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

PEG (135). See PEG-135

PEG-150

- CAS 25322-68-3 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 203-989-9
- *Synonyms:* Macrogol 6000; PEG 6000; POE (150)
- *Definition:* Polymer of ethylene oxide
- Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 150
- Properties: Powd. or creamy-wh. flakes; water-sol.; m.w. 7000-9000; dens. 1.21 (25/25 C); visc. 470-900 cSt (210 F); m.p. 56-63 C; flash pt. > 887 F; nonionic
- Toxicology: LDLo (oral, rat) 50 g/kg; LD50 (IP, rat) 6790 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; skin irritant; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Lubricant for rubber molds, textile fibers, metalworking; in food and food pkg.; binder, humectant, solvent in cosmetics; hair preps.; pharmaceutic aid; in gas chromatography; in paints; paper coatings; polishes; ceramics; food coating, binder, plasticizer, lubricant, flavor adjuvant, bodying agent, defoamer; pharmaceutical coating, ointment and suppository base, bulking agent, solvent, plasticizer; in food-pkg, adhesives
- Use Level: Limitation zero tolerance (milk)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.770, 172.820, 173.310, 173.340, 175.300, 177.2420, 178.3750, 178.3910
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; NOF Am.; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. UK
- Trade Names: Lumulse[™] 8000; Pluracol® E8000

PEG-180

- CAS 25322-68-3 (generic)
- Synonyms: PEG (180); POE (180)
- Classification: Polymer of ethylene oxide
- *Formula:* $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 180
- Properties: Nonionic
- Uses: Surfactant; coupling agent in creams and lotions; paper softener and additive; printing ink humectant; plasticizer for starch pastes, PE sheets; binder, lubricant for compressed tablets; lubricant for rubber molds; textile processing; humectant in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.21, 172.770, 172,820, 173.31, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3750, 178.3910

PEG (180). See PEG-180

PEG-200

CAS 25322-68-3 (generic) Synonyms: PEG 9000; POE (200) Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide Formula: H(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 200 Properties: Solid; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Lubricant for rubber molds, textile fibers, metalworking; in food and food pkg.; humectant, solvent in cosmetics; hair preps.; pharmaceutic aid; in gas chromatography; in paints; paper coatings; polishes; ceramics; food coating, binder, plasticizer, lubricant, flavor adjuvant, bodying agent, defoamer; pharmaceutical coating, ointment base, bulking agent, tablet binder; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.770, 172.820, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3750, 178.3910; FDA approved for intramuscular injectables, orals, topicals

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

PEG 200. See PEG-4

PEG 300. See PEG-6

PEG-350

CAS 25322-68-3 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG 20000; POE (350)

Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide

Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 350

Uses: Lubricant for rubber molds, textile fibers, metalworking; in food and food pkg.; binder, solvent in cosmetics; hair preps.; pharmaceutic aid; in gas chromatography; in paints; paper coatings; polishes; ceramics; in foodpkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.770, 173.310, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3910 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; NOF Am.; Sigma

PEG 400. See PEG-8

PEG 450. See PEG-9 PEG 600. See PEG-12 PEG 700. See PEG-14 PEG 800. See PEG-16 PEG 1000. See PEG-20 PEG 1540. See PEG-32 PEG 2000. See PEG-40 PEG-2000. See PEG-2M PEG 4000. See PEG-75 PEG-4000. See PEG-4M PEG-5000. See PEG-5M PEG 6000. See PEG-150 PEG-6000. See PEG-6M PEG-7000. See PEG-7M PEG 9000. See PEG-200 PEG-9000. See PEG-9M PEG-10000. See PEG-10M PEG-14000. See PEG-14M PEG 20000. See PEG-350 PEG-23000. See PEG-23M PEG-35000. See PEG-35M PEG-45000. See PEG-45M PEG-90000. See PEG-90M PEG-115000. See PEG-115M PEG (160000). See PEG-160M PEG 300,000. See PEG-7M PEG 600,000. See PEG-14M

PEG-2M

CAS 25322-68-3 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-2000; POE (2000) Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 2000 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Water-sol. thermoplastic resin; thickener; lubricant; binder; flocculant; wet adhesive; dispersant for vinyl polymerization; mold release agent; agric.; binder, emulsion stabilizer, visc. control agent in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; tablet coating; emulsifier, dispersant, antisettling agent in calamine lotion; lubricant for rubbing alcohol; controlled-release drugs; contact lens fluid; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.770, 173.310, 175.300, 178.3910 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Polyox® WSR N-10

PEG-4M

- CAS 25322-68-3 (generic)
- Synonyms: PEG-4000; POE (4000)
- Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide
- Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 4000

Properties: Nonionic

- Uses: Low foam wetting agent in paper pulping; emulsifier for metal degreasing; bottle cleaner defoamer; binder for ceramics, tobacco; in depilatories, agric.; pharmaceuticals, dentals
- Regulatory: FDA approved for dentals, injectables, orals, rectals, topicals, vaginals; BP compliance

PEG-5M

CAS 25322-68-3 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-5000; POE (5000)

Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide

Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 5000

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) > 4 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 20 g/kg; TSCA listed

Uses: Water-sol. thermoplastic resin, thickener, lubricant, binder, flocculant, wet adhesive for agric., paper mfg., wastewater treatment, ceramic and glass treatment, adhesive and paint industries; dispersant for vinyl polymerization; binder, emulsion stabilizer, visc. control agent in cosmetics; tablet coating; dispersant, antisettling agent in calamine lotion; lubricant for rubbing alcohol; controlled-release drugs; contact lens fluid; in resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.770, 173.310, 175.300, 178.3910 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Polyox® WSR N-80; RITA PEO-1

PEG-6M

CAS 25322-68-3 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-6000; POE (6000)

Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 6000

- Properties: Nonionic
- Uses: Low foam wetting agent in paper pulping; emulsifier for metal degreasing; bottle cleaner defoamer; binder for ceramics; dispersant; cement plasticizer; pharmaceuticals

Regulatory: FDA approved for orals, rectals, topicals, vaginals

PEG-7M

CAS 25322-68-3 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-7000; PEG 300,000; POE (7000)

Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide

Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 7000 Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Water-sol. thermoplastic resin, thickener, lubricant, binder, flocculant, wet adhesive for agric., elec., paper; binder, emulsion stabilizer, visc. control agent, emollient in cosmetics; dispersant for vinyl polymerization; tablet coating; dispersant, antisettling agent in calamine lotion; lubricant for rubbing alcohol; controlled-release drugs; contact lens fluid; in resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.770, 173.310, 175.300, 178.3910 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Polyox® WSR N-750

PEG-9M

CAS 25322-68-3 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-9000; POE (9000)

Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide

Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 9000

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) > 4 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 20 g/kg

Uses: Water-sol. thermoplastic resin, thickener, lubricant, binder, flocculant, wet adhesive in papermaking, wastewater treatment, ceramic and glass treatment, adhesive and paint industries; dispersant for vinyl polymerization; binder, emulsion stabilizer, visc. control agent, thickener, suspending agent, friction reducer, coagulant, skin slip agent in cosmetics; tablet coating; dispersant, antisettling agent in calamine lotion; lubricant for rubbing alcohol; controlled-release drugs; contact lens fluid; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.770, 173.310, 175.300, 178.3910 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma *Trade Names:* Polyox® WSR 3333; RITA PEO-2

PEG-10M

CAS 25322-68-3 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-10000; POE (10000) *Definition:* Polymer of ethylene oxide

Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 10,000

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Low foam wetting agent in paper pulping; emulsifier for metal degreasing; bottle cleaner defoamer; binder for ceramics; in agric., cosmetics, pharmaceuticals

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

PEG-14M

CAS 25322-68-3 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-14000; PEG 600,000; POE (14000) *Definition:* Polymer of ethylene oxide

Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 14,000

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Water-sol. thermoplastic resin, thickener, lubricant, binder, flocculant, wet adhesive for ceramics, papermaking; dispersant for vinyl polymerization; binder, emulsion stabilizer, visc. control agent in cosmetics; tablet coating; dispersant, antisettling agent in calamine lotion; lubricant for rubbing alcohol; controlled-release drugs; contact lens fluid; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.770, 173.310, 175.300, 178.3910

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Polyox® WSR 205; Polyox® WSR N-3000

PEG-23M

CAS 25322-68-3 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-23000; POE (23000)

Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide

Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 23000

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) > 4 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 20 g/kg

Uses: Water-sol. thermoplastic resin, thickener, lubricant, binder, flocculant, wet adhesive in paper mfg., wastewater treatment, ceramic and glass treatment, adhesive and paint industries; dispersant for vinyl polymerization; binder, emulsion stabilizer, visc. control agent in cosmetics; tablet coating; dispersant, antisettling agent in calamine lotion; lubricant for rubbing alcohol; controlled-release drugs; contact lens fluid; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.770, 173.310, 175.300, 178.3910 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Polyox® WSR N-12K; RITA PEO-3

PEG-35M

CAS 25322-68-3 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-35000; POE (35000)

Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide

Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 35,000

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Low foam wetting agent in paper pulping; emulsifier for metal degreasing; bottle cleaner defoamer; binder for ceramics; cement plasticizer; in agric., cosmetics, pharmaceuticals Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

PEG-45M

CAS 25322-68-3 (generic) *Synonyms:* PEG-45000; POE (45000) *Definition:* Polymer of ethylene oxide *Formula:* H(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 45,000 *Properties:* Nonionic *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, mouse) > 4 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 20 g/kg *Uses:* Water-sol. thermoplastic resin, thickener, lubricant, binder, flocculant, wet adhesive in paper mfg., wastewater treatment, ceramic and glass treatment, adhesives, paints; lubricant, emollient, humectant in cosmetics; dispersant for vinyl polymerization; tablet coating; dispersant, antisettling agent in calamine lotion; lubricant for rubbing alcohol; controlled-release drugs; contact lens fluid; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.770, 173.310, 175.300, 178.3910 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Trade Mames: Polyoy® WSP N-60K: PITA PEO-8

Trade Names: Polyox[®] WSR N-60K; RITA PEO-8

PEG-90M

CAS 25322-68-3 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-90000; POE (90000) Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide Formula: H(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 90,000 Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) > 4 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 20 g/kg; TSCA listed Uses: Water-sol. thermoplastic resin; thickener; lubricant; binder; flocculant; wet adhesive; dispersant for vinyl polymerization; agric.; mining; construction; paper mfg.; wastewater treatment; ceramic and glass treatment; adhesives; paints; binder, emulsion stabilizer, visc. control agent in cosmetics; foam stabilizer in malt beverages; tablet coating; dispersant, antisettling agent in calamine lotion; lubricant for rubbing alcohol; controlledrelease drugs; contact lens fluid; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.770, 173.310, 175.300, 178.3910 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Polyox® WSR 301; RITA PEO-18

PEG-115M

CAS 25322-68-3 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-115000; POE (115000) Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide

Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 115,000

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Water-sol. thermoplastic resin; thickener; film-former; flocculant; dispersant for vinyl polymerization; mining; papermaking; binder, emulsion stabilizer, visc. control agent in cosmetics; foam stabilizer in malt beverages; tablet coating; dispersant, antisettling agent in calamine lotion; lubricant for rubbing alcohol; controlled-release drugs; contact lens fluid; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.770, 173.310, 175.300, 178.3910 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Polyox® WSR Coagulant

PEG-160M

CAS 25322-68-3 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG (160000); POE (160000)

Definition: Polymer of ethylene oxide

Formula: $H(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 160,000

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Polymer providing lubricity on tack to many formulations; for paper mfg., wastewater treatment, ceramic and glass treatment, adhesives, paints; cosmetic thickener, suspension agent, friction reducer, coagulant, skin slip agent; resist. to bacterial degradation *Trade Names*: RITA PEO-27

PEG-4 alkyl C9-11 alcohol. See C9-11 pareth-4 PEG-5 alkyl C9-11 alcohol. See C9-11 pareth-5 PEG-2 butyl ether. See Butoxydiglycol PEG-1 C12-14 alcohol. See C12-14 pareth-1 PEG-2 C12-14 alcohol. See C12-14 pareth-2 PEG-3 C12-14 alcohol. See C12-14 pareth-3 PEG-4 C12-14 alcohol. See C12-14 pareth-5 PEG-5 C10-12 alcohol. See C12-14 pareth-5 PEG-6 C12-14 alcohol. See C12-14 pareth-5 PEG-6 C12-14 alcohol. See C12-14 pareth-6 PEG-6 C12-15 alcohol. See C12-14 pareth-7 PEG-7 C12-18 alcohol. See C12-14 pareth-7 PEG-7 C12-14 alcohol. See C12-14 pareth-7 PEG-8 C12-14 alcohol. See C12-14 pareth-7 PEG-8 C12-14 alcohol. See C12-14 pareth-8 PEG-9 C12-14 alcohol. See C12-14 pareth-8

PEG-9 C12-15 alcohol. See C12-15 pareth-9 PEG-10 C12-15 alcohol. See C12-15 pareth-10 PEG-11 C12-14 alcohol. See C12-14 pareth-11 PEG-12 C12-15 alcohol. See C12-15 pareth-12 PEG-13 C12-15 alcohol. See C12-15 pareth-13 **PEG-17 C12-14 alcohol.** *See* C12-14 pareth-17 **PEG-22 C12-14 alcohol.** *See* C12-14 pareth-22 PEG-23 C12-14 alcohol. See C12-14 pareth-23 PEG-23 C12-15 alcohol. See C12-15 pareth-23 PEG-2 C9-11 alcohol ether. See C9-11 pareth-2 PEG-3 C9-11 alcohol ether. See C9-11 pareth-3 PEG-3 C14-15 alcohol ether. See C14-15 pareth-3 PEG-4 C14-15 alcohol ether. See C14-15 pareth-4 PEG-6 C9-11 alcohol ether. See C9-11 pareth-6 PEG-7 C14-15 alcohol ether. See C14-15 pareth-7 PEG-8 C14-15 alcohol ether. See C14-15 pareth-8 PEG-11 C14-15 alcohol ether. See C14-15 pareth-11 PEG-5 C12-15 alkyl ether. See C12-15 pareth-5 PEG-8 C12-15 alkyl ether. See C12-15 pareth-8

PEG castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic)

- Synonyms: Castor oil ethoxylate
- Properties: Pale yel. liq. to wh. solid (5-100 EO); HLB 3.8-16.5 (5-100 EO); nonionic

Toxicology: Harmful; may cause sensitization by inh. and skin contact Storage: Store and use with adequate ventilation

Uses: Emulsifier for cosmetics, pesticides, metalworking fluids, household prods., detergents, dye carriers, textile spin finishes; antistat, dispersant, dyeing aux. in textile processing; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105 (for 4-84 moles EO)

Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma

Trade Names: Nopalcol 12-CO; Nopalcol 19-CO

PEG-2 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic)

- Synonyms: PEG 100 castor oil; POE (2) castor oil
- *Definition:* PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 2 moles of EO *Properties:* Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCAlisted

Uses: Emollient, surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, pigment dispersant, detergent in cosmetics, household applics., textiles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in foodcontact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2800 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Fluka; Sigma

PEG-4 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic) Synonyms: PEG 200 castor oil; POE (4) castor oil Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 4 moles of EO Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Surfactant, w/o emulsifier, coemulsifier for industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, feed, food, textiles, leather, agric., emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicone and wax emulsions, and metal treatment; in foodpkg. adhesives and resinous/polymeric coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR§ 175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.2800

PEG-5 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (5) castor oil

Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 5 moles of EO

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant used as emulsifier, dispersant, solubilizer, visc. control agent for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, and industrial applics.; emulsifier in lubricants for plastics, metals, textiles; paper; textiles; leather; pigment dispersant in latex paints; in food-pkg, adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300

Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma

Trade Names: Chemax CO-5

PEG-6 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic) Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 6 moles of EO Properties: Nonionic Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, dye leveler, antistat, and dispersant for textile applics.; mfg. of PU foams; softener and rewetting agent for paper; in foodpkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105 Trade Names: DeSonic[™] 6C **PEG-8 castor oil** CAS 61791-12-6 (generic) Synonyms: PEG 400 castor oil; POE (8) castor oil Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 8 moles of EO

Properties: Nonionic

- *Toxicology:* TSCA listed *Uses:* Surfactant used as emulsifier, dispersant, solubilizer, visc. control
- agent for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, and industrial applics.; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma

PEG-15 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (15) castor oil

Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 15 moles of EO

- Properties: Nonionic
- Uses: Surfactant used as emulsifier, lubricant, dispersant, solubilizer, visc. control agent for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, and industrial applics.; coemulsifier for herbicides, metalworking, hydraulic fluids, rayon delustrants, paint; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Surfonic[®] CO-15

PEG-16 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (16) castor oil

Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 16 moles of EO

Properties: Nonionic

- Uses: Lubricant additive, emulsifier in lubricants for plastics, metals, textiles; clay and pigment dispersants, rewetting agent, softener, dyeing assistant for paint, paper, textile, and leather industries; in food-pkg. adhesives *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.105
- Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma
- Trade Names: Chemax CO-16

PEG-17 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic) Synonyms: POE (17) castor oil

Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 17 moles of EO Properties: Nonionic Uses: Textiles; phytopharmaceuticals; leather; paper; cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105 Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Servirox® OEG 45

PEG-20 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic) Synonyms: PEG 1000 castor oil; POE (20) castor oil Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 20 moles of EO Properties: Pale yel. oil; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; emulsifier, solubilizer for leather, metal, textile processing, paints, paper, ink, rubber, polishes, pharmaceuticals, and agric. applics; lubricant; emollient; pigment dispersant; textile softener; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Surfonic® CO-20; T-Det® C-20

PEG-25 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (25) castor oil

Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 25 moles of EO Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Lubricant additive, emulsifier in lubricants for plastics, metals, textiles; clay and pigment dispersants, rewetting agent, softener, dyeing assistant for paints, paper, textiles, and leather industries; surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma Trade Names: Nonionic GR-25; Surfonic® CO-25

PEG-26 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic) Synonyms: POE (26) castor oil Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 26 moles of EO Properties: Nonionic Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, solubilizer in textiles, pharmaceuticals, leather, paper, and cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105 Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Servirox® OEG 55

PEG-28 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic) Synonyms: POE (28) castor oil Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 28 moles of EO Properties: Nonionic Uses: Emulsifier; pigment dispersant in textiles, paint, paper, leather; in foodpkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105 Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma

PEG-30 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic) Synonyms: POE (30) castor oil Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 30 moles of EO Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Lubricant additive, emulsifier in lubricants for plastics, metals, textiles; clay and pigment dispersants, rewetting agent, softener, dyeing assistant for paints, paper, textiles, and leather; in food-pkg. adhesives; surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; emulsifier, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma

Trade Names: Alkamuls® EL-620; Chemax CO-30; DePEG 30-CO; DeSonic™ 30C; Surfonic® CO-30; Trylox® 5906

PEG-33 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (33) castor oil

Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 33 moles of EO Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; solvent, emulsifier for pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma

PEG-36 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (36) castor oil; PEG 1800 castor oil

Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 36 moles of EO Properties: Liq.; sol. in water, xylene; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, softener, lubricant, rewetting agent, dye leveler/assistant, antistat, pigment dispersant in textiles, leather, paper, polyurethane foams, paints; lubricant additive/emulsifier in lubricants for plastics, metals, textiles; surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; emulsifier, dispersant, solubilizer

in pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma

Trade Names: DeSonic[™] 36C

PEG-40 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (40) castor oil; PEG 2000 castor oil; Polyoxyl 40 castor oil Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 40 moles of EO

Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Lubricant additive, emulsifier in lubricants for plastics, metals, textiles; clay and pigment dispersant, rewetting agent, softener, dyeing assistant for paints, paper, textiles, and leather; surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; emulsifier, solubilizer, dispersant for vitamins and pharmaceuticals; in foodpkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2800; FDA approved for parenterals

Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma Trade Names: Alkamuls® EL-719; Chemax CO-40; DePEG 40-CO; DeSonic[™] 40C; Nonionic GR-40; Paxonic CO 40; T-Det[®] C-40

PEG-42 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic)

Synonyms: Castor oil, polyoxyethylated (42 moles EO); PEG (42) castor oil; POE (42) castor oil

Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 42 moles of EO Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier in nitrocellulose coatings for paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Trade Names: Surfonic® CO-42

PEG (42) castor oil. See PEG-42 castor oil

PEG-52 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic) Synonyms: POE (52) castor oil Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 52 moles of EO Properties: Nonionic Uses: Surfactant for industrial and cosmetic applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives; in foodpkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105 Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Nonionic GR-52

PEG-54 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (54) castor oil

Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 54 moles of EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, dye leveler, antistat, dispersant for textiles; emulsifier for cosmetics, PU foams; softener/rewetter for wet-strength paper; in food-pkg. adhesives, resinous/polymeric coatings; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: DeSonic[™] 54C

PEG-60 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic) Synonyms: POE (60) castor oil Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 60 moles of EO Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; solubilizer; lubricant; emollient; superfatting agent; antistat; softener; detergent; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Paxonic CO 60

PEG-80 castor oil

CAS 61791-12-6 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (80) castor oil

Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 80 moles of EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: O/w emulsifier; solubilizer; emulsifier for industrial lubricants, fiber finish; textile/leather lubricant; pigment dispersant in textiles, paint, paper,

leather; softener; dyeing assistant; in food-pkg. adhesives; antistat; emulsion stabilizer Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105 Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma PEG-100 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 (generic) Synonyms: POE (100) castor oil; PEG (100) castor oil Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 100 moles of EO Properties: Pale yel. solid; sol. in water, ethanol, naphtha, MEK; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, lubricant, emollient in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric foodcontact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma PEG 100 castor oil. See PEG-2 castor oil PEG (100) castor oil. See PEG-100 castor oil PEG-180 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 (generic) Synonyms: POE (180) castor oil Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 180 moles of EO Properties: Nonionic Uses: {Emulsifier, dispersant, solubilizer for textiles, pharmaceutical, leather, paper, and cosmetic industries Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Servirox® OEG 90; Servirox® OEG 90/50 PEG-200 castor oil CAS 61791-12-6 (generic) Synonyms: POE (200) castor oil; PEG (200) castor oil Definition: PEG deriv. of castor oil with avg. 200 moles of EO Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Lubricant additive, emulsifier in lubricants for plastics, metals, textiles; clay and pigment dispersants, rewetting agent, softener, dyeing assistant for paints, paper, textiles, and leather industries; surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; emulsifier, dispersant, solubilizer in pharmaceuticals; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300 Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma PEG 200 castor oil. See PEG-4 castor oil PEG (200) castor oil. See PEG-200 castor oil PEG 400 castor oil. See PEG-8 castor oil PEG 1000 castor oil. See PEG-20 castor oil PEG 1800 castor oil. See PEG-36 castor oil PEG 2000 castor oil. See PEG-40 castor oil PEG-3 C12, C14, C16 alcohols. See C12-16 pareth-3 PEG-2 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-2 PEG-3 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-3 PEG-4 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-4 PEG-5 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-5 PEG-6 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-6 PEG-7 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-7 PEG-10 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-10 PEG-11 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-11 PEG-12 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-12 PEG-14 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-14 PEG-15 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-15 PEG-16 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-16 PEG-17 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-17 PEG-20 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-20 PEG-23 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-23 PEG-24 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-24 PEG-25 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-25 PEG-30 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-30 PEG-40 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-40 PEG-45 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-45 PEG 100 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-2 PEG 300 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-6 PEG 500 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-10

PEG 600 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-12 PEG 1000 cetyl ether. See Ceteth-20 PEG-2 cetyl/oleyl ether. See Cetoleth-2 PEG-3 cetyl/oleyl ether. See Cetoleth-3 PEG-6 cetyl/oleyl ether. See Cetoleth-6 PEG-8 cetyl/oleyl ether. See Cetoleth-8 PEG-10 cetyl/oleyl ether. See Cetoleth-10 PEG-13 cetyl/oleyl ether. See Cetoleth-13 PEG (13) cetyl/oleyl ether. See Cetoleth-13 PEG-25 cetyl/oleyl ether. See Cetoleth-25 PEG-2 cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-2 PEG-5 cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-5 PEG-10 cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-10 PEG-11 cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-11 PEG-14 cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-14 PEG-15 cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-15 PEG-18 cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-18 PEG-20 cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-20 PEG-50 cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-50 PEG-60 cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-60 PEG 100 cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-2 PEG 500 cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-10 PEG-8 C12-14 fatty alcohol. See C12-14 pareth-8 PEG-9 C12-14 fatty alcohol. See C12-14 pareth-9 PEG-3 C12-15 fatty alcohol ether. See C12-15 pareth-3 PEG-7 C12-13 fatty alcohol ether. See C12-13 pareth-7 PEG-7 C12-15 fatty alcohol ether. See C12-15 pareth-7

PEG cocamine

CAS 61791-14-8 (generic) Svnonvms: Cocoamine ethoxylates

Formula: $RN(CH_2CH_2O)_mH(CH_2CH_2O)_nH$, R = coco, m+n = 5-15

Properties: Liq.; HLB 17.9-19.3 (5-15 EO); cationic/nonionic

Uses: Corrosion inhibitor; emulsifier for waxes, sol. oils, pesticides, cleaners, bitumen, silicone oils; antistat for textile spin finishes, paper processing, plastics; wetting agent, dispersant in electrostatic paints, inks, dyes, pigments; food pkg.

PEG-2 cocamine

CAS 61791-14-8 (generic)

Synonyms: Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) cocamine; Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) cocoamine; PEG 100 coconut amine; POE (2) coconut amine

Empirical: C16H35NO2

Formula: R-N(CH₂CH₂O)_xH(CH₂CH₂O)_yH, R rep. alkyl groups from coconut oil, avg. (x+y) = 2

Properties: Liq.; m.w. 273.47; dens. 0.87 kg/l; m.p. -2 C; HLB 10.2; cationic/ nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Hydrophilic emulsifier; textile dyeing agent, dye leveler, antiprecipitant, stripping agent; antistat for plastics, food-grade polymers; intermediate for quats.; agric.; metalworking; plastics; textiles; inks; emulsifier in cosmetics

Trade Names: Imbentin-CAM/020; Teric[™] 12M2

PEG-5 cocamine

CAS 61791-14-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (5) coconut amine

Definition: PEG deriv. of cocamine

Formula: R-N(CH₂CH₂O)_xH(CH₂CH₂O)_yH, R rep. alkyl groups from coconut oil, avg. (x+y) = 5

Properties: Cationic/nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 750 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; eye irritant; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Hydrophilic emulsifier in cosmetics; textile dyeing agent, dye leveler, antiprecipitant, stripping agent; agric.; plastics antistat; intermediate for quats.

Trade Names: Teric[™] 12M5

PEG-10 cocamine

CAS 61791-14-8 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG 500 coconut amine; POE (10) coconut amine

Definition:	PEG deriv.	of cocamine
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Formula: R-N(CH₂CH₂O)_xH(CH₂CH₂O)_yH, R rep. alkyl groups from coconut oil, avg. (x+y) = 10

Properties: Cationic/nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Coemulsifier, antistat for textiles and plastics; dispersant; surfactant, emulsifier in industrial lubricants, agric., inks, cosmetics; wetting agent for acid or alkaline metal cleaners, stripping of surf. coatings; oil emulsifier with anticorrosive properties; antistat for syn. fibers with PS Trade Names: Varonic® K-210

PEG-15 cocamine

CAS 8051-52-3 (generic); 61791-14-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (15) coconut amine

Definition: PEG deriv. of cocamine

Formula: R–N(CH₂CH₂O)_xH(CH₂CH₂O)_yH, R rep. alkyl groups from coconut oil, avg. (x+y) = 15

Properties: Cationic/nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Hydrophilic emulsifier; textile dyeing agent, dye leveler, antiprecipitant, stripping agent; agric.; plastics/fiber antistat; intermediate for quats.; wetting agent for metal cleaning, stripping of surf. coatings, textiles, paints, agric., polishes; emulsifier, surfactant in cosmetics; emulsifier for topical pharmaceuticals

Manuf./Distrib.: Seabrook Ind.

Trade Names: Teric[™] 12M15

PEG-8 cocoate

CAS 61791-29-5 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (8) monococoate; PEG 400 monococoate

Definition: PEG ester of coconut acid

Formula: RCO–(OCH $_2$ CH $_2$)nOH, RCO– rep. fatty acids from coconut oil, avg. n = 8

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry-cleaning, leather, paper, emulsions; emulsifier in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/ paperboard; food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in foodcontact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.2260, 177.2800

Trade Names: Nopalcol 4-C; Nopalcol 4-CH

PEG-15 cocoate

CAS 61791-29-5 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (15) monococoate

Definition: PEG ester of coconut acid

Formula: RCO-(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, RCO- rep. fatty acids from coconut oil, avg. n = 15

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, detergent, wetting agent, dispersant, suspending agent for textiles, cosmetics, agric., metal and leather treating; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800

PEG-5 coconut alcohol. See Coceth-5

PEG-8 coconut alcohol. See Coceth-8

PEG-10 coconut alcohol. See Coceth-10

PEG-15 coconut alcohol. See Coceth-15

PEG-20 coconut alcohol. See Coceth-20

PEG 100 coconut amine. See PEG-2 cocamine

PEG 500 coconut amine. See PEG-10 cocamine

PEG 400 coconut ether. See Coceth-8

PEG 500 coconut ether. See Coceth-10

PEG-8 coconut oil esters

Synonyms: PEG (400) esters of coconut oil fatty acids Definition: PEG deriv. of coconut oil with avg. 8 moles EO Uses: Defoamer in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.200

PEG-20 corn glycerides

Synonyms: PEG 1000 corn glycerides; POE (20) corn glycerides Definition: PEG deriv. of corn glycerides, avg. 20 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic Uses: Emulsifier, coemulsifier, superfatting agent, emollient, counterirritant, wotting agent solubilizer dispersant for personal care prods, pharmacou

wetting agent, solubilizer, dispersant for personal care prods., pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210

PEG-60 corn glycerides

Synonyms: PEG 3000 corn glycerides; POE (60) corn glycerides Definition: PEG deriv. of corn glycerides, avg. 60 moles EO Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; anti-irritant; wetting agent; fragrance solubilizer; emulsifier, wetting agent for pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210

PEG 1000 corn glycerides. See PEG-20 corn glycerides

PEG 3000 corn glycerides. See PEG-60 corn glycerides

PEG-4 decyl ether. See Deceth-4

PEG 200 decyl ether. See Deceth-4

PEG-4 decyl ether phosphate. *See* Deceth-4 phosphate

PEG 200 decyl ether phosphate. See Deceth-4 phosphate

PEG-4 decyl phosphate

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

PEG-4 diacrylate

CAS 17831-71-9

Synonyms: Acrylic acid, diester with tetraethylene glycol; Acrylic acid, oxybis (ethyleneoxyethylene) ester; PEG 200 diacrylate; 2-Propenoic acid, oxybis (2,1-ethanediyloxy-2,1-ethanediyl) ester; Tetraethylene glycol diacrylate

Empirical: C₁₄H₂₂O₇

Formula: CH₂=CHCO(OCH₂CH₂)₄OCOCH=CH₂

Properties: M.w. 302.32; b.p. > 120 (0.3 mm)

Toxicology: Primary irritant; moderate skin and severe eye irritant; questionable carcinogen; tumorigen; mutagen; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Crosslinking agent for radiation-cured coatings, inks, adhesives, textile prods.; reactive diluent; comonomer for crosslinked acrylic resin

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs

Trade Names: SR 268 Trade Names Containing: CN 982 P90; Ebecryl® 4830

made Marines Containing. CN 902 F

PEG-8 diacrylate

Uses: Curing agent; reactive diluent Trade Names: SR 344

PEG 200 diacrylate. See PEG-4 diacrylate

PEG-2 dibenzoate. See Diethylene glycol dibenzoate

PEG 100 dibenzoate. See Diethylene glycol dibenzoate

PEG-4 dicocoate

Synonyms: PEG 200 dicocoate; Tetraethylene dicocoate

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Lubricant for textile and industrial applics.; emulsifier, wetting agent, lubricant, defoamer additive; effluent defoamer; pulp and paper additive *Manuf./Distrib.*: Seabrook Ind.

PEG-8 dicocoate

Synonyms: PEG 400 dicocoate; POE (8) dicocoate

Definition: PEG diester of coconut acid

Formula: RCO-(OCH₂CH₂)_nO-CRO, avg. n = 8, RCO- rep. fatty acids from coconut oil

Uses: Emulsifier, thickener, emollient for cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.2260, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Seabrook Ind. PEG 200 dicocoate. See PEG-4 dicocoate PEG 400 dicocoate. See PEG-8 dicocoate PEG-3 di-2-ethylhexanoate. See PEG-3 di-2-ethylhexoate PEG-4 di (2-ethylhexanoate) PEG-8 dilaurate Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 PEG-3 di-2-ethylhexoate CAS 94-28-0; EINECS/ELINCS 202-319-2 Synonyms: Bis (ethylhexanoate) triethylene glycol; PEG-3 di-2-ethylhexanoate; Triethylene glycol di-2-ethylhexanoate; Triethylene glycol di-2-ethylhexoate 1.459; nonionic Properties: Lt. colored liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 402.64; dens. 0.9679 (20/20 C); vapor pressure 5.8 mm Hg (200 C); b.p. 385 C; flash pt. (COC) 216 C; ref. index 1.4450 Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 31 g/kg, (oral, mouse) > 3200 mg/kg; mild skin irritant; TSCA listed Precaution: Combustible Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes Uses: Plasticizer for rubber, plastics, adhesives; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard PEG-12 dilaurate Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210 CAS 9005-02-1 (generic) Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; C.P. Hall; Ferro/Keil; Harwick; Inolex Definition: PEG diester of lauric acid PEG-2 dilaurate Empirical: C48H94O15 CAS 9005-02-1 (generic); 6281-04-5; EINECS/ELINCS 228-486-1 Synonyms: PEG 100 dilaurate; POE (2) dilaurate; Oxydi-2,1-ethanediyl dodecanoate Definition: PEG diester of lauric acid Empirical: C₂₈H₅₄O₅ *Formula:* $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOCO(CH_2)_{10}CH_3$, avg. n = 2 Properties: Sp.gr. 0.960; m.p. 9-11 C; nonionic Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textiles, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants; plasticizer for cellulosics; emulsifier in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in foodcontact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Crompton/Witco PEG-20 dilaurate PEG-4 dilaurate CAS 9005-02-1 (generic) CAS 9005-02-1 (generic) Synonyms: PEG (4) dilaurate; PEG 200 dilaurate; POE (4) dilaurate; Polyoxyl 4 dilaurate Definition: PEG diester of lauric acid Empirical: C32H62O7 Properties: Nonionic Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOCO(CH_2)_{10}CH_3$, avg. n = 4 Toxicology: TSCA listed Properties: Sol. in alcohol; sol. warm in veg. and min. oils; disp. in water; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Surfactant used as emulsifier, dispersant, solubilizer, visc. control agent, defoamer, lubricant, wetting agent, cosolvent for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, plastics, textiles, metalworking, agric., food, water treatment; in food-pkg. adhesives; adjuvant in mfg. of paper/paperboard in PEG-32 dilaurate contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210; FDA approved for topicals Manuf./Distrib.: Mosselman NV; Ruger PEG (4) dilaurate. See PEG-4 dilaurate PEG-6 dilaurate CAS 9005-02-1 (generic)

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, thickener, emollient, opacifier, spreading agent, wetting agent, dispersant for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, perfume, food, agric., plastics, other industries; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210

CAS 9005-02-1 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG 400 dilaurate; POE (8) dilaurate

Definition: PEG diester of lauric acid

Empirical: C40H78O11

- Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOCO(CH_2)_{10}CH_3$, avg. n = 8
- Properties: Sol. in alcohol; sol. warm in veg. and min. oils; disp. in water; sp.gr. 1.030; m.p. 15 C; HLB 10.4; flash pt. (COC) 249 C; ref. index

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer, cosolvent, dispersant, wetting agent, lubricant, softener, release agent, coupling agent used in personal care prods., pharmaceutical, industrial applics., agric. chemical sprays, industrial and textile lubricants; plasticizer; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; in closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.2260, 177.2800.178.3520

Manuf./Distrib.: C.P. Hall; Inolex; Mosselman NV; Ruger; Velsicol

Synonyms: PEG 600 dilaurate; POE (12) dilaurate

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOCO(CH_2)_{10}CH_3$, avg. n = 12

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Uses: Dispersant and emulsifier for metalworking lubricants, fiber lubricants and softeners, solubilizers, defoamers, antistats, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, plastics, agric., and chemical intermediates; cosolvent; emollient; opacifier; spreading agent; thickener; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Ruger

Synonyms: PEG 1000 dilaurate; POE (20) dilaurate

Definition: PEG diester of lauric acid

Uses: Dispersant, emulsifier, wetting agent, cosolvent, solubilizer, thickener, emollient, opacifier, spreading agent in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, food, agric., plastics, other industries; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Ruger

CAS 9005-02-1 (generic) Synonyms: PEG 1540 dilaurate; POE (32) dilaurate *Definition:* PEG diester of lauric acid Empirical: C₈₈H₁₇₄O₃₅ Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}^{*}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOCO(CH_2)_{10}CH_3$, avg. n = 32 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, thickener, emollient, opacifier, spreading agent, wetting agent, dispersant for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, perfume, food, agric., plastics, other industries; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in resinbonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Ruger

PEG 100 dilaurate. See PEG-2 dilaurate PEG 200 dilaurate. See PEG-4 dilaurate PEG 300 dilaurate. See PEG-6 dilaurate PEG 400 dilaurate. See PEG-8 dilaurate PEG 600 dilaurate. See PEG-12 dilaurate PEG 1000 dilaurate. See PEG-20 dilaurate

PEG 1540 dilaurate. See PEG-32 dilaurate

PEG-2 dilaurate SE

CAS 9005-02-1 (generic)

Definition: PEG diester of lauric acid

Properties: Anionic

Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants

PEG-3 dimethacrylate

CAS 109-16-0; 102770-39-8; EINECS/ELINCS 203-652-6

Synonyms: TEDMA; TEGMA; TGM3; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1,2ethanediylbis (oxy-2,1-ethanediyl) ester; Triethylene glycol dimethacrylate

Empirical: C₁₄H₂₂O₆

- Formula: $[H_2C=C(CH_3)CO_2CH_2CH_2OCH_2]_2$
- Properties: Colorless liq.; ester-like odor; m.w. 286.32; b.p. 162 C (1.2 mm)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 10,837 mg/kg, (oral, mouse) 10,750 mg/kg; sl. toxic by ing.; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Hazardou's Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors
- Uses: Crosslinking agent for acrylic/vinyl resins; PVC plastisol comonomer (reduces initial visc. and oil extractability, and improves ultimate hardness, heat distort., hot tear strength, and stain resistance); adhesion promoter; hardener
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; CPS; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Rohm Tech; Sigma

Trade Names: SR 205

PEG-4 dimethacrylate

CAS 109-17-1; 25852-47-5 (generic)

Synonyms: Methacrylic acid, diester with tetraethylene glycol; PEG 200 dimethacrylate; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, oxybis (2,1-ethanediyloxy-2,1-ethanediyl) ester; Tetraethylene glycol dimethacrylate

Empirical: C16H26O7

- *Formula:* CH₂C(CH₃)CO(OCH₂CH₂)₄OCOC(CH₃)CH₂
- *Properties:* M.w. 330.42; dens. 1.080; b.p. 220 (1.0 mm); flash pt. > 110 C; ref. index 1.4630

Toxicology: Skin irritant; mutagenic data; TSCA listed

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors
- Storage: Light-sensitive

Uses: Crosslinking agent used in castings, plastisols, coatings, fibers, papers, etc.; resin modifier; crosslinked acrylic resin comonomer Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs

Trade Names: Bisomer PEG 200DMA; SR 209

PEG 200 dimethacrylate. See PEG-4 dimethacrylate

PEG dimethyl ether

CAS 24991-55-7 (generic)

- Synonyms: Dimethoxy polyethylene glycol; Glycols, polyethylene, dimethyl ether; α,ω-Methoxypoly (ethylene oxide); Polyethylene glycol dimethyl ether; Poly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-methyl-ω-methoxy-
- Formula: $(C_2H_4O)_2C_2H_6O$
- *Toxicology:* TDLo (oral, male rabbit, 1 day premating) 2500 mg/kg; reproductive effector; TSCA listed

Uses: Solvent; brake fluid component

Trade Names: Polyglyme

PEG-7 dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-7

PEG-8 dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-8

- PEG-10 dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-10
- PEG-14 dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-14

- PEG-15 dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-15 PEG-16 dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-16 PEG-18 dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-18 PEG-24 dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-24 PEG-30 dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-30 PEG-70 dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-70 PEG-100 dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-100
- PEG-150 dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-150

PEG 500 dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-10

PEG-3 dioctoate

Synonyms: Triethylene glycol dioctoate

Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, antistat, defoamer for metalworking, textile lubricants, plastics, paper; cosmetic emollient and pearlescent

PEG-2 dioleate

CAS 9005-07-6 (generic); 52668-97-0 (generic)

Synonyms: Diethylene glycol dioleate; POE (2) dioleate; PEG 100 dioleate Definition: PEG diester of oleic acid

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1900 mg/kg

Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.

PEG-4 dioleate

CAS 9005-07-6 (generic); 52688-97-0 (generic); 134141-38-1

Synonyms: 9-Octadecenoic acid, oxybis (2,1-ethanediyloxy-2,1-ethanediyl) ester; PEG 200 dioleate; POE (4) dioleate

Definition: PEG diester of oleic acid

Empirical: C44H82O7

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1900 mg/kg; TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, coemulsifier, thickener, solubilizer, cosolvent, emollient, opacifier, spreading agent, wetting agent, dispersant for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, food, agric., plastics, etc.; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.210 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Ruger

PEG-6 dioleate

CAS 9005-07-6 (generic); 52688-97-0 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG 300 dioleate; POE (6) dioleate

- Definition: PEG diester of oleic acid
- Empirical: C48H90O9

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1900 mg/kg; TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, thickener, emullient, opacifier, spreading agent, wetting agent, dispersant for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, perfume, food, agric., plastics, other industries; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210

PEG-8 dioleate

CAS 9005-07-6 (generic); 52688-97-0 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG 400 dioleate; POE (8) dioleate

Definition: PEG diester of oleic acid

Empirical: C₅₂H₉₈O₁₁

Properties: Sol. in veg. and min. oils; partly sol. in alcohol; disp. in water; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1900 mg/kg; TSCA listed

- Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer, cosolvent, lubricant, dispersant, defoamer, anticorrosive, wetting agent for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, textiles, metalworking, agric., plastics, foods, water treatment; defoamer for beet sugar and yeast processing; defoamer in food-contact coatings; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.2260, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Mosselman NV; Ruger; Seabrook Ind.

PEG-12 dioleate

- CAS 9005-07-6 (generic); 52688-97-0 (generic); 85736-49-8; EINECS/ ELINCS 288-459-5
- Synonyms: PEG 600 dioleate; POE (12) dioleate

Definition: PEG diester of oleic acid

- Properties: Sol. in alcohol, veg. and min. oils; disp. in water; m.p. 15-20 C; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1900 mg/kg; TSCA listed
- HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Emulsifier; dispersant; additive for cutting oils; component of paper defoamers, softeners, lubricants; emulsifier in cosmetics; pharmaceuticals; foods; agric.; plastics; solvent and solventless coatings; lubricant for textile spin finishes; thickener; superfatting agent; leveling agent; defoamer for beet sugar and yeast processing; cosolvent; food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in foodcontact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Mosselman NV; Ruger; Seabrook Ind. Trade Names: Nopalcol 6-DO; Pegosperse® 600 DO

PEG-20 dioleate

CAS 9005-07-6 (generic); 52688-97-0 (generic)

- Synonyms: PEG 1000 dioleate; POE (20) dioleate
- Definition: PEG diester of oleic acid

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1900 mg/kg; TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, cosolvent, thickener, emollient, opacifier, spreading agent, wetting agent, dispersant for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, perfumes, food, agric., plastics, other industries; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Ruger

PEG-32 dioleate

- CAS 9005-07-6 (generic); 52688-97-0 (generic)
- Synonyms: PEG 1540 dioleate; POE (32) dioleate

Definition: PEG diester of oleic acid Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1900 mg/kg; TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, thickener, emollient, opacifier, spreading agent, wetting agent, dispersant for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, perfume, food, agric., plastics, other industries; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in resinbonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Ruger

PEG 100 dioleate. See PEG-2 dioleate PEG 200 dioleate. See PEG-4 dioleate

PEG 300 dioleate. See PEG-6 dioleate

- PEG 400 dioleate. See PEG-8 dioleate
- PEG 600 dioleate. See PEG-12 dioleate
- PEG 1000 dioleate. See PEG-20 dioleate
- PEG 1540 dioleate. See PEG-32 dioleate

PEG-2 dioleate SE

CAS 9005-07-6 (generic)

Definition: PEG diester of oleic acid

Properties: Anionic

Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants

PEG-2 distearate

CAS 109-30-8; 9005-08-7 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 203-663-6

Synonyms: POE (2) distearate; PEG 100 distearate; Diethylene glycol distearate

Definition: PEG diester of stearic acid

Empirical: C₄₀H₇₈O₅

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOCO(CH_2)_{16}CH_3$, avg. n = 2

Properties: Sp.gr. 0.96; m.p. 48 C; nonionic *Toxicology:* TSCA listed

Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textiles, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants; plasticizer for cellulosics; emulsifier in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in food-

contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 175.300, 176.210, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: CasChem; Crompton/Witco; Ruger

PEG-4 distearate

CAS 142-20-1; 9005-08-7 (generic) Synonyms: POE (4) distearate; PEG 200 distearate Definition: PEG diester of stearic acid Empirical: C44H86O7 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOCO(CH_2)_{16}CH_3$, avg. n = 4 Properties: M.p. 35-37 C; HLB 5.0; flash pt. > 110 C; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Emollient, detergent, emulsifier, opacifier, visc. builder for cosmetics; lubricant and softener for textiles; pharmaceuticals; food; agric.; plastics; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ruger; Sigma **PEG-6 distearate** CAS 9005-08-7 (generic) Synonyms: POE (6) distearate; PEG 300 distearate Definition: PEG diester of stearic acid Empirical: C48H94O9 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOCO(CH_2)_{16}CH_{31}$ avg. n = 6 Properties: M.p. 35-37 C; flash pt. > 110 C; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, thickener, emollient, opacifier, spreading agent, wetting agent, dispersant for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, perfume, food, agric., plastics, water treatment, other industries; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma **PEG-8 distearate** CAS 9005-08-7 (generic) Synonyms: POE (8) distearate; PEG 400 distearate Definition: PEG diester of stearic acid Empirical: C₅₂H₁₀₂O₁₁ Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOCO(CH_2)_{16}CH_3$, avg. n = 8 Properties: M.p. 35-37 C; HLB 7.2; flash pt. > 110 C; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Emulsifier, opacifier, and thickener for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, and industrial emulsions; lubricant and softener in textiles; plasticizer for plastics; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.2260, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ruger; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma PEG-12 distearate CAS 9005-08-7 (generic) Synonyms: POE (12) distearate; PEG 600 distearate Definition: PEG diester of stearic acid Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOCO(CH_2)_{16}CH_3$, avg. n = 12 Properties: M.p. 35-37 C; flash pt. > 110 C; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Emollient, detergent, emulsifier, visc. builder for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, food, agric., textiles, metalworking; plasticizer for plastics; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinbonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ruger; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma PEG-20 distearate CAS 9005-08-7 (generic) Synonyms: POE (20) distearate; PEG 1000 distearate Definition: PEG diester of stearic acid Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOCO(CH_2)_{16}CH_3$, avg. n = 20 Properties: M.p. 35-37 C; flash pt. > 110 C; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, thickener, emollient, opacifier, spread- ing agent, wetting agent, dispersant for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, per- fumes, food, agric., plastics, other industries; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in resin- bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ruger; Sigma	PEG-12 ditallowate Definition: PEG diester of tallow acid Properties: Nonionic Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, thick- ener for emulsion polymerization, dry-cleaning, leather, paper, emulsions Trade Names: Nopalcol 6-DTW PEC 9 ditrizionalogate
PEG-32 distearate CAS 9005-08-7 (generic) Synonyms: POE (32) distearate; PEG 1540 distearate Definition: PEG diester of stearic acid Formula: CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₁₆ CO(OCH ₂ CH ₂) _n OCO(CH ₂) ₁₆ CH ₃ , avg. n = 32 Properties: M.p. 35-37 C; flash pt. > 110 C; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, thickener, emollient, opacifier, spread- ing agent, wetting agent, dispersant for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, per- fume, food, agric., plastics, other industries; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in resin- bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ruger; Sigma	 Synonyms: POE (8) di-tri-ricinoleate; PEG 400 di-tri-ricinoleate Definition: PEG ester of a mixture of dimer and trimer acids derived from ricinoleic acid Properties: Nonionic Uses: Dispersant, emulsifier for o/w emulsions; emulsifier in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.2800 PEG 400 di-tri-ricinoleate. See PEG-8 di/triricinoleate PEG-4 dodecyl phenyl ether. See Dodoxynol-4 PEG-5 dodecyl phenyl ether. See Dodoxynol-6 PEG-6 dodecyl phenyl ether. See Dodoxynol-6
PEG 100 distearate. See PEG-2 distearate PEG 200 distearate. See PEG-4 distearate PEG 300 distearate. See PEG-6 distearate PEG 400 distearate. See PEG-8 distearate PEG 600 distearate. See PEG-12 distearate PEG 1000 distearate. See PEG-20 distearate PEG 1540 distearate. See PEG-32 distearate	PEG-7 dodecyl phenyl ether. See Dodoxynol-7 PEG-9 dodecyl phenyl ether. See Dodoxynol-9 PEG-10 dodecyl phenyl ether. See Dodoxynol-10 PEG-12 dodecyl phenyl ether. See Dodoxynol-12 PEG 300 dodecyl phenyl ether. See Dodoxynol-6 PEG 450 dodecyl phenyl ether. See Dodoxynol-9 PEG 600 dodecyl phenyl ether. See Dodoxynol-12 PEG (400) esters of coconut oil fatty acids. See PEG-8 coconut oil esters PEG 42 othylbergenetic. See Ded contexts
PEG-2 distearate SE CAS 9005-08-7 (generic) Definition: PEG diester of stearic acid Properties: Anionic Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants	PEG-4 2-ethylnexanoate. See PEG-4 octanoate PEG-40 glyceryl cocoate CAS 68201-46-7 (generic) Synonyms: POE (40) glyceryl cocoate; PEG 2000 glyceryl cocoate Definition: PEG ether of glyceryl cocoate Formula: RCOOCH ₂ CHOHCH ₂ (OCH ₂ CH ₂) _n OH, avg. n = 40 Properties: Nonionic
CAS 61791-01-3 (generic) Synonyms: POE (8) ditallate; PEG 400 ditallate Definition: PEG diester of tall oil acid Formula: RCO-(OCH ₂ CH ₂) _n OCOR, RCO- rep. tall oil fatty radicals, avg.	Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2800 PEG 2000 glyceryl cocoate. See PEG-40 glyceryl cocoate
n = 8 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Industrial detergent; emulsifier in cosmetics; solubilizer for mineral oils, fats, solvs.; for latex paints; metalworking fluids; industrial lubricants; textile specialties; paper; water treatment; pharmaceuticals; household prods.; lubricant; EP agent; dispersant; opacifier; visc. control agent; defoamer; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Seabrook Ind. Trade Names: Pegosperse® 400 DOT	 PEG-12 glyceryl dioleate CAS 57107-97-8 Synonyms: PEG 600 glyceryl dioleate; POE (12) glyceryl dioleate Definition: PEG ether of glyceryl dioleate Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; codispersant for bath oils; hair conditioner; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food- contact coatings; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2800 PEG 600 glyceryl dioleate. See PEG-12 glyceryl dioleate
PEG-12 ditallate CAS 61791-01-3 (generic) Synonyms: PEG 600 ditallate; POE (12) ditallate Definition: PEG diester of tall oil acid Formula: RCO-(OCH ₂ CH ₂) _n OCOR, RCO- rep. tall oil fatty radicals, avg. n = 12 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier and solubilizer for mineral oils, fats, solvs.; emulsifier in cosmetics; latex paints; metalworking fluids; industrial lubri- cants; textile specialties; water treatment; paper; pharmaceuticals; house-	 PEG-12 glyceryl laurate CAS 59070-56-3 (generic); 51248-32-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG 600 glyceryl monolaurate; POE (12) glyceryl laurate; POE (12) glyceryl monolaurate Definition: PEG ether of glyceryl laurate Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₀COOCH₂COHHCH₂(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 12 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Solubilizer and emulsifier for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2800
 hold prods.; lubricant; EP agent; emulsifier; dispersant; opacifier; visc. control agent; defoamer; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Seabrook Ind. Trade Names: Pegosperse® 600 DOT PEG 400 ditallate. See PEG-8 ditallate PEG 600 ditallate. See PEG-12 ditallate 	PEG-20 glyceryl laurate CAS 59070-56-3 (generic); 51248-32-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG 1000 glyceryl monolaurate; POE (20) glyceryl laurate; POE (20) glyceryl monolaurate Definition: PEG ether of glyceryl laurate Formula: CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₁₀ COOCH ₂ COHHCH ₂ (OCH ₂ CH ₂) _n OH, avg. n = 20 Properties: Nonionic

PEG 600 glyceryl monolaurate	
Toxicology: TSCA listed	Trade Names:
Uses: Solubilizer for essential oils in aq./alcoholic systems, for foods, phar- maceuticals; dispersant; antistat; emulsifier in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coat- ings; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2800	PEG-5 hydrogena CAS 61788-85- Synonyms: PO Definition: PEC Properties: Nor
PEG 600 glyceryl monolaurate. See PEG-12 glyceryl laurate PEG 1000 glyceryl monolaurate. See PEG-20 glyceryl laurate PEG-20 glyceryl monooleate. See PEG-20 glyceryl oleate PEG 1000 glyceryl monooleate. See PEG-20 glyceryl oleate PEG 1000 glyceryl monoricinoleate. See PEG-20 glyceryl ricinoleate	Toxicology: TS Uses: Lubricani clay and pigr paints, pape emulsifier, h
PEG-15 glyceryl oleate CAS 68889-49-6 (generic) Synonyms: POE (15) glyceryl monoleate; POE (15) glyceryl oleate Definition: PEG ether of glyceryl oleate Formula: CH(CH ₂) ₇ CH ₃ CH(CH ₂) ₇ COOCH ₂ CHOHCH ₂ (OCH ₂ CH ₂) _n OH, avg. n = 15 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Hydrophilic emulsifier and dispersant for cosmetics; defoamer in food- contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: EDA 21CEP 6175 300, 176 210, 177 2800	PEG-16 hydrogena CAS 61788-85- Synonyms: PO Definition: PEC Properties: Nor Toxicology: TS Uses: Lubricani clay and pig for paint, pa
Regulatory: FDA 21CFR § 1/5.300, 1/6.210, 1/7.2800 PEG-20 glyceryl oleate CAS 68889-49-6 (generic); 51192-09-7 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-20 glyceryl monooleate; PEG 1000 glyceryl monooleate; POE (20) glyceryl oleate Definition: PEG ether of glyceryl oleate Formula: CH ₃ [CH(CH ₂) ₇] ₂ COOCH ₂ CHOHCH ₂ (OCH ₂ CH ₂) _n OH, avg. n = 20 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; prep. of o/w emulsions; solubilizer for flavors, perfumes, vitamin oils; dispersant; antistat; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in food-contact textiles	Cosmetics; II Regulatory: FD Trade Names: PEG-20 hydrogena CAS 61788-85- Synonyms: PO Definition: PEG Properties: Nor Toxicology: TS Uses: Surfactar dispersant, leather, pap tact textiles Regulatory: FD Toxicology
Manuf./Distrib.: Seabrook Ind. PEG-15 glyceryl ricinoleate CAS 51142-51-9 (generic); 39310-72-0 <i>Synonyms</i> : POE (15) glyceryl monoricinoleate <i>Definition</i> : PEG ether of glyceryl ricinoleate <i>Toxicology</i> : TSCAlisted <i>Uses</i> : Emulsifier in cosmetics; prep. of o/w emulsions; solubilizer for flavors, perfumes, vitamin oils; dispersant; antistat; defoamer in food-contact pa- per/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in food-con- tact textiles <i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2800	PEG-25 hydrogen: CAS 61788-85- Synonyms: PO Definition: PEG Properties: Nor Toxicology: TS Uses: Lubricani clay and pig for paints, p cosmetics; e tiles
 PEG-20 glyceryl ricinoleate CAS 51142-51-9 (generic) Synonyms: POE (20) glyceryl monoricinoleate; PEG 1000 glyceryl monoricinoleate Definition: PEG ether of glyceryl ricinoleate Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Solubilizer, emulsifier for cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2800 	Regulatory: FD Manuf./Distrib.: Trade Names: PEG-200 hydroget CAS 61788-85- Synonyms: PO castor oil Definition: PEG Properties: Not Toxicology: TS Uses: Lubrican
PEG hydrogenated castor oil CAS 61788-85-0 (generic) Synonyms: Castor oil, hydrogenated, ethoxylated; POE hydrogenated cas- tor oil	clay and pig for paints, pa cosmetics Manuf./Distrib

Definition: PEG deriv. of hydrogenated castor oil

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry cleaning, leather, min. oil emulsions, paper industry, wall-tile mastics, solvent emulsions, aq. systems; solubilizer

Manuf./Distrib.: Nihon Surfactant

Nopalcol 12-COH

ted castor oil

0 (generic)

E (5) hydrogenated castor oil

G deriv. of hydrogenated castor oil with avg. 5 moles of EO nionic

CA listed

t additive; emulsifier in lubricants for plastics, metals, textiles; ment dispersant, rewetting agent, softener, dyeing assistant for er, textiles, and leather; surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; ydrotrope in pharmaceuticals Chemax HCO-5

ated castor oil

0 (generic)

E (16) hydrogenated castor oil

G deriv. of hydrogenated castor oil with avg. 16 moles of EO nionic

CA listed

t additive, emulsifier in lubricants for plastics, metals, textiles; ment dispersants, rewetting agent, softener, dyeing assistant per, textiles, and leather industries; emulsifier, surfactant in n food-contact textiles A 21CFR §177.2800

Chemax HCO-16

ated castor oil

0 (generic)

E (20) hydrogenated castor oil G deriv. of hydrogenated castor oil with avg. 20 moles of EO nionic

CA listed

nt, emulsifier, plasticizer, hydrotrope, lubricant, wetting agent, binder, thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry-cleaning, er, emulsions, cosmetics, and pharmaceuticals; in food-con-

A 21CFR §177.2800 Nopalcol 10-COH

ated castor oil

0 (generic)

E (25) hydrogenated castor oil

G deriv. of hydrogenated castor oil with avg. 25 moles of EO nionic

CA listed

at additive; emulsifier in lubricants for plastics, metals, textiles; ment dispersants, rewetting agent, softener, dyeing assistant aper, textiles, and leather industries; surfactant, emulsifier in emulsifier, solubilizer in pharmaceuticals; in food-contact tex-

A 21CFR §177.2800 Seabrook Ind.

Chemax HCO-25

nated castor oil

0 (generic)

DE (200) hydrogenated castor oil; PEG (200) hydrogenated

G deriv. of hydrogenated castor oil with avg. 200 moles of EO nionic

CA listed

t additive, emulsifier in lubricants for plastics, metals, textiles; ment dispersants, rewetting agent, softener, dyeing assistant aper, textiles, and leather industries; emulsifier, surfactant in

Manuf./Distrib.: Seabrook Ind.

Trade Names: Chemax HCO-200/50

PEG (200) hydrogenated castor oil. See PEG-200 hydrogenated castor oil

PEG-60 hydrogenated tallowate

Formula: R-N(CH₂CH₂O)_xH(CH₂CH₂O)_yH, R rep. alkyl groups from hydrog. tallow, avg. (x+y) = 60Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry-cleaning, leather, paper, emulsions Trade Names: Nopalcol 30-TWH solubilizer; plasticizer Trade Names: Solan X PEG-4 isodecyl ether. See Isodeceth-4 PEG-6 isodecyl ether. See Isodeceth-6 PEG-7 isodecyl ether. See Isodeceth-7 PEG 200 isodecyl ether. See Isodeceth-4 PFG-2 laurate PEG 300 isodecyl ether. See Isodeceth-6 PEG-3 isododecyl ether. See Isolaureth-3 PEG-6 isododecyl ether. See Isolaureth-6 PEG-10 isododecyl ether. See Isolaureth-10 PEG-3 isolauryl ether. See Isolaureth-3 laurate PEG-6 isolauryl ether. See Isolaureth-6 PEG-10 isolauryl ether. See Isolaureth-10 Empirical: C16H32O4 PEG 300 isolauryl ether. See Isolaureth-6 PEG 500 isolauryl ether. See Isolaureth-10 PEG-6 isolauryl thioether CAS 9004-83-5 (generic) Synonyms: POE (6) isolauryl thioether; PEG 300 isolauryl thioether Definition: PEG ether of a branched chain dodecyl mercaptan Toxicology: TSCA listed Empirical: C24H50O6S Formula: $C_{12}H_{25}$.S-(CH₂CH₂O)_nH, avg. n = 6 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent for metal cleaning, steel processing, textile treatment, cosmetics, agric. formulations, wood pulp and paper 178.3910 industries Trade Names: Alcodet® 260 Lonza; Stepan; Unigema PEG-8 isolauryl thioether CAS 9004-83-5 (generic) Synonyms: PEG 400 isolauryl thioether; POE (8) isolauryl thioether Definition: PEG ether of a branched chain dodecyl mercaptan **PEG-4** laurate Empirical: C28H58O8S Formula: $C_{12}H_{25}$ -S-(CH₂CH₂O)_nH, avg. n = 8 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Wetting agent; metal cleaning; heavy duty detergent; inhibitor in steel Definition: PEG ester of lauric acid processing; scouring of textiles; agric. formulations; antiskinning agent for Empirical: C20H40O6 paints; emulsifier in cosmetics; hair prods.; wood and paper industry Trade Names: Alcodet® SK PEG-10 isolauryl thioether nonionic CAS 9004-83-5 (generic); 13081-34-0 Toxicology: TSCA listed Synonyms: POE (10) isolauryl thioether; PEG 500 isolauryl thioether Definition: PEG ether of a branched chain dodecyl mercaptan Empirical: C32H66O10S Formula: $C_{12}H_{25}$ -S-(CH₂CH₂O)_nH, avg. n = 10 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent for metal cleaning, steel processing, textile treatment, cosmetics, agric. formulations, wood pulp and paper industries PEG-5 laurate Trade Names: Alcodet® 218 CAS 9004-81-3 (generic) PEG 300 isolauryl thioether. See PEG-6 isolauryl thioether Synonyms: POE (5) monolaurate PEG 400 isolauryl thioether. See PEG-8 isolauryl thioether Definition: PEG ester of lauric acid PEG 500 isolauryl thioether. See PEG-10 isolauryl thioether PEG-7 isotridecyl ether. See Isotrideceth-7 Properties: Nonionic PEG-9 isotridecyl ether. See Isotrideceth-9 Toxicology: TSCA listed PEG-75 lanolin CAS 8039-09-6; 61790-81-6 (generic) tions; paper softener Synonyms: POE (75) Ianolin; PEG 4000 Ianolin; Polyoxyl 75 Ianolin Definition: PEG deriv. of lanolin with avg. 75 moles of EO PEG-6 laurate Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, emollient for cosmetics, pharmaceutical emulsions; solvent, emollient, superfatting agent, conditioner for skin and hair care prods., household detergents; solubilizer; wetting agent; dispersant Empirical: C24H48O8 Regulatory: FDA approved for topicals Trade Names: Solan E Properties: Nonionic

PEG-150 lanolin

CAS 61790-81-6 (generic) Synonyms: PEG (6000) Ianolin; POE (150) Ianolin Definition: PEG deriv. of lanolin with avg. 150 moles of EO Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; emollient; superfatting agent; conditioner;

PEG 4000 lanolin. See PEG-75 lanolin

PEG (6000) lanolin. See PEG-150 lanolin

- CAS 141-20-8; 9004-81-3 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 205-468-1
- Synonyms: Diethylene glycol laurate; Diethylene glycol monolaurate; Diglycol laurate; Dodecanoic acid 2-(2-hydroxyethoxy) ethyl ester; 2-(2-Hydroxyethoxy) ethyl laurate; PEG (2) laurate; PEG 100 monolaurate; POE (2)
- Definition: PEG ester of lauric acid
- Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 2
- Properties: Pale yel. oily liq.; sol. in methanol, ethanol, benzene, toluene, chlorinated hydrocarbons, acetone, ethyl acetate, cottonseed oil; sl. sol. in petrol. naphtha; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 288.43; sp.gr. 0.9572 (25/4 C); m.p. 17-18 C; b.p. 270 C (some decomp.); HLB 6.2; nonionic
- Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat, defoamer for textiles, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, emulsion polymerization, rubber latex, wool lubricants, paints; emulsifier in cosmetics; plasticizer; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800,
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; Cognis/Chems. Group; Crompton/Witco; Inolex;

Trade Names: Cithrol DGML N/E; Lumulse™ DGL; Nopalcol 1-L

PEG (2) laurate. See PEG-2 laurate

- CAS 9004-81-3 (generic); 10108-24-4 Synonyms: 2-[2-[2-(2-Hydroxyethoxy) ethoxy] ethoxy] ethyl dodecanoate; PEG 200 monolaurate; POE (4) monolaurate
- Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 4
- Properties: Sol. in alcohol; sol. warm in veg. and min. oils; disp. in water;
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, lubricant, dispersant, leveling agent, coupling agent, solubilizer, wetting agent, thickener, defoamer in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, textiles, plastics, paints, other industrial uses; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 178.3910 Manuf./Distrib.: Mosselman NV; Ruger

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 5

Uses: Emulsifier and coupling agent; defoamer in water-based coatings; visc. depressant in vinyl plastic sol'ns.; control additive in hair rinse formula-

CAS 2370-64-1; 9004-81-3 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 219-136-9 Synonyms: 17-Hydroxy-3,6,9,12,15-pentaoxaheptadec-1-yl dodecanoate; PEG 300 monolaurate; POE (6) monolaurate Definition: PEG ester of lauric acid Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 6 Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Hydrophilic emulsifier in cosmetics; lubricant component and scrooping agent for textile fibers and yarns; visc. control agent for plastisols; emulsi-

fier, thickener, solubilizer, emollient, spreading and wetting agent in pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 178.3910

PEG-8 laurate

- CAS 9004-81-3 (generic); 35179-86-3; 37318-14-2; EINECS/ELINCS 253-458-0
- Synonyms: 23-Hydroxy-3,6,9,12,15,18,21-heptaoxatricos-1-yl dodecanoate; PEG 400 monolaurate; POE (8) lauric acid monoester; POE (8) monolaurate
- Definition: PEG ester of lauric acid
- Empirical: C28H56O10
- Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 8
- Properties: Sol. in alcohol; partly sol. in veg. and min. oils; insol. in water; HLB 12.8-13.1; nonionic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, lubricant, dispersant, leveling agent, solubilizer, visc. control agent, defoamer in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, textiles, paints, other industrial uses; antiblock in vinyls; plasticizer; in paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg.; in twine for tying meat
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3520, 178.3760, 178.3910
- Manuf./Distrib.: Mosselman NV; Ruger
- Trade Names: DeTHOX ACID L-9; Nopalcol 4-L

PEG-12 laurate

CAS 9004-81-3 (generic)

- Synonyms: PEG 600 monolaurate; POE (12) monolaurate
- Definition: PEG ester of lauric acid
- Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 12
- Properties: Sol. in water, alcohol, veg. oils; partly sol. in min. oils; m.p. 20-, 25 C; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, dispersant, leveling agent, solubilizer in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, textiles, paints, and other industrial uses; plastics antistat; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3910

Manuf./Distrib.: Mosselman NV; Ruger

Trade Names: Nopalcol 6-L

PEG-20 laurate

CAS 9004-81-3 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG 1000 monolaurate; POE (20) monolaurate Definition: PEG ester of lauric acid

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 20 Properties: Insol. in water; HLB 16.5; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, thickener, solubilizer, emollient, opacifier, spreading agent, wetting agent, dispersant for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, food, agric., plastics; solubilizer for perfumes; dye assistant; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles; in surf. Jubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3910 Manuf./Distrib.: Ruger

PEG-32 laurate

CAS 9004-81-3 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG 1540 monolaurate; POE (32) monolaurate Definition: PEG ester of lauric acid Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 32

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, solubilizer, thickener, emollient, opacifier, spreading agent, wetting agent, dispersant for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, perfume, food, agric., plastics, other industries; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of foodcontact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3910 Manuf./Distrib.: Ruger

PEG-2 laurate SE

CAS 141-20-8; 9004-81-3 (generic)

- Synonyms: Diethylene glycol monolaurate self-emulsifying; PEG 100 monolaurate self-emulsifying; POE (2) monolaurate self-emulsifying
- Definition: Self-emulsifying grade of PEG-2 laurate containing some sodium and/or potassium laurate
- Properties: Anionic
- Uses: Spreading agent, w/o emulsifier, dispersant, lubricant, opacifier, emulsion stabilizer, emollient, visc. builder, antistat in cosmetics, textiles, paints, adhesives, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, rubber latex; defoamer for process applics.; indirect food additive

Trade Names: Pegosperse® 100 L

- PEG-3 lauryl ether. See Laureth-3
- PEG-4 lauryl ether. See Laureth-4
- PEG-8 lauryl ether. See Laureth-8
- PEG-9 lauryl ether. See Laureth-9
- PEG-12 lauryl ether. See Laureth-12
- PEG-23 lauryl ether. See Laureth-23
- PEG 200 lauryl ether. See Laureth-4
- PEG 600 lauryl ether. See Laureth-12
- PEG (1-4) lauryl ether sulfate, ammonium salt. See Ammonium laureth sulfate
- PEG-12 lauryl ether sulfate, ammonium salt. See Ammonium laureth-12 sulfate
- PEG (12) lauryl ether sulfate, ammonium salt. See Ammonium laureth-12 sulfate
- PEG (1-4) lauryl ether sulfate, sodium salt. See Sodium laureth sulfate
- PEG (12) lauryl ether sulfate, sodium salt. See Sodium laureth-12 sulfate
- PEG 600 lauryl ether sulfate, sodium salt. See Sodium laureth-12 sulfate
- PEG 1000 monocetyl ether. See Ceteth-20
- PEG monocetyloleyl ether. See Cetoleth
- PEG 400 monococoate. See PEG-8 cocoate
- PEG-9 monododecyl ether. See Laureth-9
- PEG 100 monolaurate. See PEG-2 laurate
- PEG 200 monolaurate. See PEG-4 laurate
- PEG 300 monolaurate. See PEG-6 laurate PEG 400 monolaurate. See PEG-8 laurate
- PEG 600 monolaurate. See PEG-12 laurate
- PEG 1000 monolaurate. See PEG-20 laurate
- PEG 1540 monolaurate. See PEG-32 laurate
- PEG 100 monolaurate self-emulsifying. See PEG-2 laurate SE
- PEG 200 monooctanoate. See PEG-4 octanoate
- PEG 100 monooleate. See PEG-2 oleate
- PEG 200 monooleate. See PEG-4 oleate
- PEG 300 monooleate. See PEG-6 oleate
- PEG 400 monooleate. See PEG-8 oleate
- PEG 450 monooleate. See PEG-9 oleate
- PEG 500 monooleate. See PEG-10 oleate
- PEG 600 monooleate. See PEG-12 oleate
- PEG 1000 monooleate. See PEG-20 oleate
- PEG 1540 monooleate. See PEG-32 oleate PEG 1800 monooleate. See PEG-36 oleate
- PEG 4000 monooleate. See PEG-75 oleate
- PEG 6000 monooleate. See PEG-150 oleate
- PEG 100 monooleate self-emulsifying. See PEG-2 oleate SE
- PEG 1000 monopalmitate. See PEG-20 palmitate
- PEG 600 monoricinoleate. See PEG-12 ricinoleate
- PEG 100 monostearate. See PEG-2 stearate
- PEG (100) monostearate. See PEG-100 stearate
- PEG 200 monostearate. See PEG-4 stearate
- PEG 300 monostearate. See PEG-6 stearate PEG 400 monostearate. See PEG-8 stearate
- PEG 600 monostearate. See PEG-12 stearate
- PEG 1000 monostearate. See PEG-20 stearate
- PEG 1540 monostearate. See PEG-32 stearate
- PEG 2000 monostearate. See PEG-40 stearate

PEG (5) monotallate. See PEG-5 tallate noxynol-30 sulfate PEG 200 monotallate. See PEG-4 tallate PEG 200 nonyl phenyl ether sulfate, ammonium salt. See Ammonium PEG 300 monotallate. See PEG-6 tallate nonoxynol-4 sulfate PEG 400 monotallate. See PEG-8 tallate PEG-2 octadecylamine. See PEG-2 stearamine PEG 500 monotallate. See PEG-10 tallate PEG-10 octadecylamine. See PEG-10 stearamine PEG 600 monotallate. See PEG-12 tallate PEG-4 octanoate PEG 1000 monotallate. See PEG-20 tallate Synonyms: PEG-4 2-ethylhexanoate; PEG 200 monooctanoate; POE (4) monooctanoate PEG-8 myristate Synonyms: PEG 400 myristate; POE (8) myristate Definition: PEG ester of 2-ethylhexanoic acid Definition: PEG ester of myristic acid Empirical: C16H32O5 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{12}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 8 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_3CHCH_3CH_2CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nH$, avg. n = 4 Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; resinous/polymeric Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in clofood-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard sures with sealing gaskets for food containers; in resin-bonded filters for Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210 food contact; in food-contact textiles PEG octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.2260, PEG-1 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-1 177.2800 PEG-3 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-3 PEG-20 myristate PEG-5 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-5 Synonyms: PEG 1000 myristate; POE (20) myristate PEG-7 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-7 Definition: PEG ester of myristic acid PEG-8 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-8 PEG-9 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-9 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{12}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 20 PEG-10 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-10 Uses: Emulsifier, surfactant in cosmetics; resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resin-bonded fil-PEG-11 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-11 ters for food contact; in food-contact textiles PEG-12 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-12 Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800 PEG-13 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-13 PEG-16 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-16 PEG 400 myristate. See PEG-8 myristate PEG-20 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-20 PEG 1000 myristate. See PEG-20 myristate PEG-25 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-25 PEG-1 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-1 PEG-30 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-30 PEG-2 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-2 PEG-33 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-33 PEG-3 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-3 PEG-40 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-40 PEG-4 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-4 PEG-70 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-70 PEG-5 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-5 PEG 400 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-8 PEG-6 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-6 PEG 450 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-9 PEG-7 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-7 PEG 500 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-10 PEG-8 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-8 PEG 600 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-12 PEG-9 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-9 PEG 1000 octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-20 PEG-10 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-10 PEG-11 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-11 PEG-2 oleamine CAS 13127-82-7; 25307-17-9; 26635-93-8 (generic) PEG-12 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-12 PEG-13 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-13 PEG-14 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-14 Synonyms: Bis-2-hydroxyethyl oleamine; Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) oleylamine; N,N-Di (2-hydroxyethyl) oleylamine; PEG-2 oleyl amine; PEG 100 PEG-15 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-15 oleyl amine; POE (2) oleyl amine Definition: PEG amine of oleic acid PEG-18 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-18 Empirical: C22H45NO2 PEG-20 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-20 PEG-23 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-23 Properties: Visc. liq.; m.w. 355.61; HLB 9.9 PEG-25 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-25 Toxicology: TSCA listed PEG-30 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-30 Uses: Hydrophilic emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent, corrosion inhibitor for PEG-34 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-34 agric., leather, metalworking, plastics; textile dyeing agent, dye leveler, PEG-40 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-40 antiprecipitant, stripping agent; intermediate for quats.; emulsifier for wax, PEG-44 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-44 sol. oils, cosmetics, pesticides, cleaners, bitumen, silicone oils; antistat for PEG-50 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-50 textile spin finishes, paper processing, plastics, food-grade polymers; PEG-55 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-55 wetting agent, dispersant for electrostatic paints, inks, dyes, and pigments PEG-60 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-60 Trade Names: Imbentin-OAM/020 PEG-70 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-70 PEG-20 oleamine PEG 100 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-2 CAS 71786-60-2 (generic) PEG-100 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-100 Synonyms: POE (20) oleyl amine PEG-120 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-120 Definition: PEG amine of oleic acid PEG 200 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-4 Uses: Surfactant for prod. of acid cleaners, textile auxs. PEG 300 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-6 Trade Names: Imbentin-OAM/200 PEG 400 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-8 PEG 450 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-9 PEG-2 oleate PEG 500 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-10 CAS 106-12-7; 9004-96-0 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 203-364-0 PEG 600 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-12 Synonyms: Diethylene glycol monooleate; Diglycol oleate; 2-(2-Hydroxy-PEG 1000 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-20 ethoxy) ethyl oleate; 9-Octadecenoic acid, 2-(2-hydroxyethoxy) ethyl ester; PEG 100 monooleate; POE (2) monooleate PEG 2000 nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-40 PEG-9 nonyl phenyl ether phosphate. See Nonoxynol-9 phosphate Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid PEG 450 nonyl phenyl ether phosphate. See Nonoxynol-9 phosphate Empirical: C₂₂H₄₂O₄ PEG-4 nonyl phenyl ether sulfate, ammonium salt. See Ammonium no-Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CHCH(CH_2)_7CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 2 noxynol-4 sulfate Properties: Amber liq.; m.w. 370.58; m.p. < 0 C; HLB 5.2; nonionic PEG-30 nonyl phenyl ether sulfate, ammonium salt. See Ammonium no-Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Low-foaming emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for cosmetics, textile lubricants, paper processing, cutting oils, emulsion paints, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants, pesticides; leather softener; lubricant for paints, adhesives; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.2800
- Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.; ABITEC; Cognis/Chems. Group; Crompton/Witco; Inolex; Lipo; Lonza; Uniqema Trade Names: Lumulse™ DGO

PEG-4 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic); 10108-25-5; EINECS/ELINCS 233-293-0 Synonyms: 9-Octadecenoic acid, 2-[2-[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy) ethoxy] ethoxy] ethyl ester; PEG 200 monooleate; POE (4) monooleate

Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid

Empirical: C26H50O6

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CHCH(CH_2)_7CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 4 Properties: Sol. in alcohol; partly sol. in veg. and min. oils; disp. in water; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Wetting agent, penetrant, spreading agent, defoamer, detergent, emulsifier, solubilizer, thickener, dispersant, textile aux., softener, lubricant for textiles, cosmetics, metalworking, food, pharmaceuticals, agric., plastics; solvent in metal cleaning, degreasing; in food-pkg. adhesives; resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210

Manuf./Distrib.: Mosselman NV; Ruger

Trade Names: Teric™ OF4

PEG-6 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic); 60344-26-5

Synonyms: POE (6) monooleate; PEG 300 monooleate; 9-Octadecenoic acid, 17-hydroxy-3,6,9,12,15-pentaoxaheptadec-1-yl ester

Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid

Empirical: C₃₀H₅₈O₈

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CHCH(CH_2)_7CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 6

Properties: Sol. in alcohol, min. oils; disp. in water; m.p. 0 C; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, lubricant, antifoam, dispersant for cosmetics, food, pharmaceuticals, agric., plastics, textiles; chemical intermediate; solvent for lipids; in food-pkg. adhesives; resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Mosselman NV

Trade Names: Teric™ OF6

PEG-8 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (8) monooleate; PEG 400 monooleate

Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid

Empirical: C₃₄H₆₆O₁₀

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CHCH(CH_2)_7CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 8

Properties: Dk. red oil; sol. in alcohol; disp. in water; misc. with cottonseed

oil; nonionic Toxicology: LD50 (IV, mouse) 1080 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IV route; eye

irritant; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and

irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, lubricant, chemical intermediate, solubilizer, solvent, visc. control agent for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, food, agric., plastics, coatings; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2260, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Mosselman NV; Ruger

Trade Names: Cithrol A; DeTHOX ACID O-9; Nopalcol 4-0; Teric™ OF8

PEG-9 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic) Synonyms: PEG 450 monooleate; POE (9) monooleate Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid

Empirical: C₃₆H₇₀O₁₁

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CHCH(CH_2)_7CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 9 Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Detergent, dispersant, emulsifier, lubricant, softener, wetting agent for cosmetics, dairy industry, cleaners, metal cleaning, leather processing, agricultural oils; in food-pkg. adhesives; resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 177.2260, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Seabrook Ind.

PEG-10 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG 500 monooleate; POE (10) monooleate; POE (10) oleic acid

Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid

Empirical: C38H74O12

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CHCH(CH_2)_7CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 10

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, detergent, emulsifier, lubricant, dispersant, defoamer for textiles, ceramics, chem. tech. industries; emulsifier in cosmetics; in foodpkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in foodcontact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 177.2260, 177.2800 Trade Names: Trydet 2676

PEG-11 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic) Synonyms: POE (11) monooleate Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 11 Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200

PEG-12 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic) Synonyms: POE (12) monooleate: PEG 600 monooleate Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CHCH(CH_2)_7CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 12 Properties: Sol. in water, alcohol; sol. warm in veg. and min. oils; m.p. 20 C; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Dispersant, emulsifier, solubilizer, detergent, dye leveling agent for cosmetic and industrial applics.; plastics antistat; emulsifier for pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings; in cellophane for food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Mosselman NV; Ruger

PEG-13 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (13) monooleate

Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid

- Uses: Emulsifier for cosmetics; lubricant, softener, antistat, emulsifier, detergent, pigment wetting agent, stabilizer, visc. control agent, mold release agent in textiles; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200

PEG-14 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (14) monooleate

Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CHCH(CH_2)_7CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 14

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant in cutting oils, degreasing solvs., metal cleaners; dyeing assistant; emulsifier in cosmetics; textile processing; defoamer and leveling agent in latex paints; dye leveler; lubricant; softener; in food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in foodcontact paper coatings; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in foodcontact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 177.2260, 177.2800 *Trade Names:* DeTHOX ACID O-14

PEG-15 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (15) monooleate

Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 15

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Raw material for finishing agents in the syn. fiber industry; emulsifier for cosmetics, crude and veg. oils; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800

PEG-16 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (16) monooleate

Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: O/w emulsifier for cosmetics, lubricants, pesticides; leveling agent in dyes and latex paints; detergent for metal cleaners; dispersant; lubricant; softener; antistat; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.200

Trade Names: DeTHOX ACID 0-16

PEG-20 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (20) monooleate; PEG 1000 monooleate

Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CHCH(CH_2)_7CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 20

Properties: HLB 15.4; nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (IV, mouse) 500 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IV route; skin and eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Raw material for finishing agents in the syn. fiber industry; nonionic surfactant, emulsifier, thickener, solubilizer, solvent, emollient, opacifier, wetting agent, dispersant for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, food, agric., plastics, paints, etc.; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.200, 177.2260, 177.2800 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Ruger

PEG-23 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (23) monooleate; POE (23) oleate

Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CHCH(CH_2)_7CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 23 *Properties:* Nonionic

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier for cosmetics; lubricant, softener, antistat, detergent, pigment wetting agent, stabilizer, visc. control agent, mold release agent in textiles; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings *Pegulatany:* EDA 21/CEP 8176 200

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200

PEG-24 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic) Synonyms: POE (24) monooleate Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid Properties: Nonionic Uses: Surfactant for cosmetics and industrial applics.; defoamer in foodcontact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200

PEG-32 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic) Synonyms: POE (32) monooleate; PEG 1540 monooleate Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CHCH(CH₂)₇CO(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 32 Properties: Dk. red oil; sol. in alcohol; disp. in water; misc. with cottonseed oil; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, thickener, emollient, opacifier, spreading agent, wetting agent, dispersant for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, perfume, food, agric., plastics, other industries; in resinous/polymeric foodcontact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.200, 177.2260, 177.2800 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Ruger

PEG-36 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG 1800 monooleate; POE (36) monooleate

Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid *Uses:* Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; in resinous/polymeric food-contact

coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.200, 177.2260, 177.2800

PEG-40 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (40) monooleate

Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Surfactant for cosmetics and industrial applics.; defoamer in foodcontact paper coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200

PEG-75 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (75) monooleate; PEG 4000 monooleate

Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CHCH(CH₂)₇CO(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 75 *Properties:* Dk. red oil; sol. in alcohol; disp. in water; misc. with cottonseed

oil; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, solubilizer, thickener, emollient, opacifier, spreading agent, wetting agent, dispersant for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, perfume, food, agric., plastics, other industries; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.200

Manuf./Distrib.: Ruger

PEG-100 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic) Synonyms: POE (100) monooleate Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid Properties: Nonionic Uses: Surfactant for cosmetics and industrial applics.; defoamer in foodcontact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200

PEG-150 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic) Synonyms: POE (150) monooleate; PEG 6000 monooleate Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid Formula: CH₃(CH₂),CHCH(CH₂),CO(OCH₂CH₂),OH, avg. n = 150 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Strongly hydrophilic emulsifier, surfactant, stabilizer, lubricant, solubilizer, emollient, wetting agent, dispersant for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, food, agric., plastics; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Ruger **PEG-200 oleate** CAS 9004-96-0 (generic) Synonyms: POE (200) monooleate

Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CHCH(CH_2)_7CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 200

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Spreading agent, defoamer, dispersant; emulsifier for kerosene and mineral oil; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21 CFR §176.200

PEG-300 oleate

CAS 9004-96-0 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (300) monooleate Definition: PEG ester of oleic acid Properties: Nonionic Uses: Wetting agent, lubricant, opacifier, antistat, dispersant, o/w emulsifier, scouring and detergent aid, defoamer, plasticizer, rust inhibitor, visc. modifier, antifog for cosmetics and pharmaceuticals, lubricating and cutting oils; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200

PEG-2 oleate SE

CAS 106-12-7; 9004-96-0 (generic)

Synonyms: Diethylene glycol monooleate self-emulsifying; PEG 100 monooleate self-emulsifying; POE (2) monooleate self-emulsifying

Definition: Self-emulsifying grade of PEG-2 oleate containing some sodium and/or potassium oleate

Properties: Anionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textiles, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants; w/o and aux. o/w emulsifier for latex and aq. paints; emulsifier in cosmetics

PEG-2 oleyl alcohol. See Oleth-2

PEG-2 oleyl amine. See PEG-2 oleamine PEG 100 oleyl amine. See PEG-2 oleamine PEG-2 oleyl ether. See Oleth-2 PEG-3 oleyl ether. See Oleth-3 PEG-5 oleyl ether. See Oleth-5 PEG-6 oleyl ether. See Oleth-6 PEG-7 oleyl ether. See Oleth-7 PEG-8 oleyl ether. See Oleth-8 PEG-9 oleyl ether. See Oleth-9 PEG-10 oleyl ether. See Oleth-10 PEG-12 oleyl ether. See Oleth-12 PEG-15 oleyl ether. See Oleth-15 PEG-16 oleyl ether. See Oleth-16 PEG-18 oleyl ether. See Oleth-18 PEG-20 oleyl ether. See Oleth-20 PEG-23 oleyl ether. See Oleth-23 PEG-25 oleyl ether. See Oleth-25 PEG-30 oleyl ether. See Oleth-30 PEG-40 oleyl ether. See Oleth-40 PEG-44 oleyl ether. See Oleth-44 PEG-50 oleyl ether. See Oleth-50 PEG-80 oleyl ether. See Oleth-80 PEG 100 oleyl ether. See Oleth-2 PEG 300 oleyl ether. See Oleth-6 PEG 400 oleyl ether. See Oleth-8 PEG 450 oleyl ether. See Oleth-9 PEG 500 oleyl ether. See Oleth-10 PEG 600 oleyl ether. See Oleth-12 PEG 1000 oleyl ether. See Oleth-20 PEG 2000 olevil ether. See Oleth-40 PEG-7 oleyl ether phosphate. See Oleth-7 phosphate

PEG-20 palmitate

CAS 9004-94-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (20) monopalmitate; PEG 1000 monopalmitate

Definition: PEG ester of palmitic acid

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{14}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 20

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800

PEG/PPG-17/6 copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Definition: Random copolymer produced by interaction of 17 moles ethylene oxide with 6 moles of propylene oxide

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Solvent in cosmetics; lubricant for antiperspirants; emollient; bodying agent; lubricant for textile spin finishes; intermediate for prep. of resins,

plasticizers, modifiers, and surfactants; demulsifier; food-pkg. adhesives, animal glues; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Ucon® 75-H-450

PEG/PPG-35/9 copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Definition: Random copolymer produced by interaction of 35 moles ethylene oxide with 9 moles propylene oxide

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emollient in cosmetics; lubricant for textile spin finishes; intermediate in prep. of resins, plasticizers, modifiers, surfactants; demulsifier; food-pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane, animal glues; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper; in lubricants for incidental food contact Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Ucon® 75-H-1400

PEG/PPG-125/30 copolymer

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Definition: Random copolymer produced by interaction of 35 moles ethylene oxide with 9 moles of propylene oxide

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emollient in cosmetics; lubricant for textile spin finishes; intermediate in prep. of resins, plasticizers, modifiers, surfactants; demulsifier; food-pkg. adhesives, paper, cellophane, animal glues; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper; in lubricants for incidental food contact Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Ucon® 75-H-90000

PEG-8 ricinoleate

CAS 9004-97-1 (generic); 42426-59-5 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG 400 ricinoleate; POE (8) ricinoleate

Definition: PEG ester of ricinoleic acid

Empirical: C₃₄H₆₆O₁₁

- Formula: CHCH₂COHH(CH₂)₅CH₃CH(CH₂)₇CO(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 8
- Properties: Sol. in alcohol; partly sol. in veg. and min. oils; insol. in water; m.p. 2 C; nonionic
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, wetting agent, plasticizer for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Mosselman NV

PEG-12 ricinoleate

CAS 9004-97-1 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG 600 monoricinoleate; POE (12) monoricinoleate

Definition: PEG ester of ricinoleic acid

- Formula: CHCH₂COHH(CH₂)₅CH₃CH(CH₂)₇CO(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 12
- Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, dispersant, binder, thickener for emulsion polymerization, dry-cleaning, leather, paper, emulsions; defoamer for beet sugar and yeast processing; defoamer in food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 176.200 Trade Names: Nopalcol 6-R

PEG 400 ricinoleate. See PEG-8 ricinoleate

PEG-15 rosinate

Synonyms: POE (15) ester of rosin

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier, detergent for acid cleaners; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210

PEG-11 sat. C16-18 alcohol. See C16-18 pareth-11

PEG 400 sesquilarate. See PEG-8 sesquilaurate

PEG-8 sesquilaurate

Synonyms: PEG 400 sesquilarate; POE (8) sesquilaruate Definition: Mixt. of PEG mono and diesters of lauric acid with avg. 8 moles ΕO

- Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.2260, 177.2800

PEG-8 sesquioleate

Synonyms: PEG 400 sesquioleate; POE (8) sesquioleate

Definition: Mixture of the PEG mono and diesters of oleic acid with avg. 8 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

- Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; wetting agent; emollient; textile softener; lubricant; defoamer; stabilizer; visc. control agent; pigment wetting agent; mold release agent; agric. formulations; in food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in closures with sealing gaskets for food containers; in resinbonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.2260, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Seabrook Ind.

PEG 400 sesquioleate. See PEG-8 sesquioleate

PEG-40 sorbitan hexaoleate

CAS 9011-29-4; 57171-56-9 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-40 sorbitol hexaoleate; PEG 2000 sorbitol hexaoleate; POE (40) sorbitol hexaoleate

Definition: Óleic acid hexaester of ethoxylated sorbitol with avg. 40 moles EO

Properties: HLB 10.2; nonionic

Uses: Surfactant, o/w emulsifier for metal lubricants, textiles, cosmetics, polymerization; coupling agent; lubricant; plasticizer; solubilizer; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210

PEG-4 sorbitan laurate. See Polysorbate 21

PEG-20 sorbitan laurate. See Polysorbate 20

PEG-40 sorbitan laurate

CAS 9005-64-5 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG 2000 sorbitan laurate; POE (40) sorbitan laurate Definition: Ethoxylated sorbitan ester of lauric acid with avg. 40 moles EO Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

PEG-80 sorbitan laurate

CAS 9005-64-5 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG (80) sorbitan monolaurate; POE (80) sorbitan monolaurate Definition: Ethoxylated sorbitan ester of lauric acid with avg. 80 moles EO Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, wetting agent, dispersant, mild cleanser for cosmetics, shampoos, baby prods., pharmaceuticals, agric., paints, pulp/paper, etc.; counterirritant; foaming agent; food emulsifier, dispersant; solubilizer for essential oils; visc. modifier; antistat; stabilizer; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Lumisorb[™] PSML-80

PEG 2000 sorbitan laurate. See PEG-40 sorbitan laurate

PEG (80) sorbitan monolaurate. See PEG-80 sorbitan laurate

PEG (3) sorbitan monooleate. See PEG-3 sorbitan oleate

PEG 300 sorbitan monooleate. See PEG-6 sorbitan oleate

PEG 300 sorbitan monostearate. See PEG-6 sorbitan stearate

PEG-3 sorbitan oleate

CAS 9005-65-6 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG(3) sorbitan monooleate; POE (3) sorbitan monooleate Definition: Ethoxylated sorbitan ester of oleic acid with avg. 3 moles EO Empirical: $C_{30}H_{50}O_8$ Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1001, 172.515, 172.623, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.180, 178.3400, 573.860

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

PEG-5 sorbitan oleate. See Polysorbate 81

PEG-6 sorbitan oleate

CAS 9005-65-6 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG 300 sorbitan monooleate; POE (6) sorbitan oleate

Definition: Ethoxylated sorbitan ester of oleic acid with avg. 6 moles EO

Empirical: C₃₆H₆₈O₁₁

Properties: Nonionic

- Toxicology: Moderately toxic by intravenous route; mildly toxic by ingestion; TSCA listed
- Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

PEG-20 sorbitan oleate. See Polysorbate 80

PEG-40 sorbitan peroleate

- Synonyms: POE (40) sorbitan peroleate; PEG 2000 sorbitan peroleate; POE (40) sorbitol septaoleate
- Definition: Mixture of oleic acid esters of sorbitol condensed with avg. 40 moles EO

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; emulsifier, solubilizer, antistat, lubricant for bath oils, textiles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210

PEG 2000 sorbitan peroleate. See PEG-40 sorbitan peroleate PEG-4 sorbitan stearate. See Polysorbate 61

PEG-6 sorbitan stearate

CAS 9005-67-8 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG 300 sorbitan monostearate; POE (6) sorbitan monostearate Definition: Ethoxylated sorbitan ester of stearic acid with avg. 6 moles EO Empirical: $C_{36}H_{70}O_{12}$

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

PEG-20 sorbitan stearate. See Polysorbate 60

PEG-40 sorbitan stearate

CAS 9005-67-8 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG 2000 sorbitan stearate; POE (40) sorbitan stearate

Definition: Ethoxylated sorbitan ester of stearic acid with an avg. of 40 moles EO

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210

PEG 2000 sorbitan stearate. See PEG-40 sorbitan stearate

PEG-40 sorbitan tetraoleate

CAS 63089-86-1 (generic) Synonyms: POE (40) sorbitan tetraoleate; PEG 2000 sorbitan tetraoleate Definition: Tetraester of oleic acid and a PEG ether of sorbitol, avg. 40 moles

EO

Formula: $(C_3H_6O \cdot C_2H_4O)_x$

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion and intraperitoneal route

Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer, superfatting agent in pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, emulsion polymerization, agric., printing inks; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

- PEG 2000 sorbitan tetraoleate. See PEG-40 sorbitan tetraoleate PEG-20 sorbitan trioleate. See Polysorbate 85
- PEG-20 sorbitan tristearate. See Polysorbate 65
- PEG-40 sorbitol hexaoleate. See PEG-40 sorbitan hexaoleate
- PEG 2000 sorbitol hexaoleate. See PEG-40 sorbitan hexaoleate
- PEG 100 soya amine. See PEG-2 soyamine
- PEG 500 soya amine. See PEG-10 soyamine

PEG-2 soyamine

- CAS 61791-24-0 (generic)
- Synonyms: POE (2) soya amine; PEG 100 soya amine; Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) soya amine
- Classification: Ethoxylated amine
- Definition: PEG amine of soya acid
- Formula: R-N(CH₂CH₂O)_xH(CH₂CH₂O)_yH, R rep. alkyl groups from soy, avg. (x+y)=2
- Properties: Cationic/nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1500 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ingestion; eye irritant; **TSCA** listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Emulsifier, surfactant in cosmetics; wetting agent; dispersant; antistat; lubricant; leather dressings; metal cleaning compds.; fiber lubricants; in the bldg. industry; plastics antistat
- Trade Names: Teric™ 16M2

PEG-10 soyamine

- CAS 61791-24-0 (generic)
- Synonyms: POE (10) soya amine; PEG 500 soya amine
- Definition: PEG amine of soya acid
- Formula: R-N(CH₂CH₂O)_xH(CH₂CH₂O)_yH, R rep. alkyl groups from soy, avg. (x+y)=10
- Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion; eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant, emulsifier, antistat in leather dressing compds.; fiber lubricant; wax emulsions for fiber board pkg. and particle board for bldg. industry; plastics antistat; emulsifier, surfactant in cosmetics Trade Names: Teric™ 16M10
- PEG-15 soyamine

- CAS 61791-24-0 (generic) Synonyms: POE (15) soya amine
- Definition: PEG amine of soya acid
- Formula: R-N(CH₂CH₂O)_xH(CH₂CH₂O)_yH, R rep. alkyl groups from soy, avg. (x+y)=15
- Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion; eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Uses: Desizing agent; emulsifier, surfactant in cosmetics; emulsifier in agric., waxes and oils, leather processing, and metal cleaning industries; water repellent and wet spinning assistant in textiles; plastics antistat Trade Names: Teric[™] 16M15

PEG stearamine

- CAS 9003-93-4 (generic); 26635-92-7 (generic)
- Synonyms: Stearylamine ethoxylates
- Formula: $R(CH_2CH_2O)_mH(CH_2CH_2O)_nH$, R = stearyl, m+n = 2-15 Properties: Liqs.; HLB 15-19 (5-30 EO)
- Uses: Corrosion inhibitor; emulsifier for waxes, sol. oils, pesticides, cleaners, bitumen, silicone oils; antistat for textile spin finishes, paper processing, plastics; wetting/dispersing agent for electrostatic paints, inks, dyes, pigments

PEG-2 stearamine

- CAS 9003-93-4 (generic); 10213-78-2; 26635-92-7 (generic); EINECS/ ELINCS 233-520-3
- Synonyms: N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) octadecylamine; Bis-2-hydroxyethyl stearamine; Bis-2-hydroxyethyl stearylamine; N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) stearyl amine; 2,2 - (Octadecylimino) bisethanol; PEG-2 octadecylamine; PEG-2 stearyl amine; PEG 100 stearyl amine
- Definition: PEG deriv. of stearyl amine
- Empirical: C22H46NO2
- Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CH_2N(CH_2CH_2O)_xH(CH_2CH_2O)_yH$, avg. (x+y)=2Properties: Cationic/nonionic

- Uses: Hydrophilic emulsifier, antistat in cosmetics, textiles, metal buffing, rubber compds., agric.; lubricant for fiberglass; intermediate for guats.; textile dyeing agent, dye leveler, antiprecipitant, stripping agent; antistat in plastics and food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3130
- Manuf./Distrib.: Crompton/Witco Trade Names: Teric[™] 18M2

PEG-5 stearamine

- CAS 9003-93-4 (generic); 26635-92-7 (generic)
- Synonyms: POE (5) stearyl amine
- Definition: PEG deriv. of stearyl amine
- Empirical: C28H59NO5
- Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CH_2N(CH_2CH_2O)_xH(CH_2CH_2O)_yH$, avg. (x+y)=5
- Uses: Hydrophilic emulsifier, antistat for cosmetics, textiles, metal, plastics, agric.; textile dyeing agent, dye leveler, antiprecipitant, stripping agent; intermediate for quats.
- Trade Names: Imbentin-SAM/050; Teric™ 18M5

PEG-10 stearamine

- CAS 9003-93-4 (generic); 26635-92-7 (generic)
- Synonyms: POE (10) stearyl amine; PEG-10 octadecylamine; PEG 500 stearyl amine
- Definition: PEG amine of stearic acid
- Empirical: C₃₈H₇₉NO₁₀
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆CH₂N(CH₂CH₂O)_xH(CH₂CH₂O)_yH, avg. (x+y)=10 Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant used in textile processing, agric., paper, leather; softener, antistat for plastics; antistat, emulsifier in cosmetics
- Trade Names: Teric[™] 18M10

PEG-20 stearamine

CAS 9003-93-4 (generic); 26635-92-7 (generic) Synonyms: POE (20) stearyl amine Definition: PEG amine of stearic acid Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆CH₂N(CH₂CH₂O)_xH(CH₂CH₂O)_yH, avg. (x+y)=20 Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant; emulsion stabilizer; emulsifier used in agric. toxicants and processing of textiles, paper, leather and bldg. board; corrosion inhibitor in lubricants and greases Trade Names: Teric™ 18M20

PEG-25 stearamine

CAS 9003-93-4 (generic); 26635-92-7 (generic) Uses: Base material for chemo-tech. prods.; solubilizer, detergent for industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, metal treatment, plastics, petroleum/mining industries, paper processing; detergent for textile auxiliaries Trade Names: Imbentin-SAM/250

PEG-30 stearamine

CAS 9003-93-4 (generic); 26635-92-7 (generic) Synonyms: POE (30) stearyl amine Definition: PEG amine of stearic acid Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CH_2N(CH_2CH_2O)_xH(CH_2CH_2O)_yH$, avg. (x+y)=30 Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Wetting agent, dispersant; emulsion stabilizer; emulsifier used in agric. toxicants and processing of textiles, paper, leather and bldg. board; corrosion inhibitor in lubricants and greases

Trade Names: Teric™ 18M30

PEG-40 stearamine

CAS 9003-93-4 (generic); 26635-92-7 (generic) Uses: Detergent for industrial cleaners, textile auxs. Trade Names: Imbentin-SAM/400

PEG stearate

CAS 9004-99-3 (generic)

- Synonyms: Glycols, polyethylene, monostearate; α-1-(Oxooctadecyl)-ωhydroxypoly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl); Polyethylene glycol monostearate; Polyethylene glycols monostearate; Polyethylene glycol stearate; Poly $(0xy-1,2-ethanediyl), \alpha-(1-0x00ctadecyl)-\omega-hydroxy-; Polyoxyethylene$ monostearate
- Definition: PEG ester of stearic acid
- Formula: $(C_2H_4O)_n \cdot C_{18}H_{36}O_2$
- Properties: Wh. or yel. paste to solid; insol. in water (@ < 8 EO); m.p. 31-

33 C; HLB 7.5-18.0 (4-100 EO); nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 53 ml/kg; very sl. toxic by ing.; may cause Gl changes, liver changes, spleen changes; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen, reproductive effects; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Surfactant for textile scouring, hard surf. cleaners, metal cleaners, concrete cleaners; emulsifier for pesticides, metalworking fluids; foam booster/antiredeposition agent in shampoos; emulsifier/thickener in cosmetics; antistat for textile spin finishes, paper tissue
- PEG-1 stearate. See Glycol stearate

PEG-2 stearate

- CAS 106-11-6; 9004-99-3 (generic); 85116-97-8; EINECS/ELINCS 203-363-5; 285-550-1
- Synonyms: Diethylene glycol, monoester with stearic acid; Diethylene glycol monostearate; Diethylene glycol stearate; Diglycol monostearate; Diglycol stearate; Glyco stearin; 2-(2-Hydroxyethoxy) ethyl ester stearic acid; 2-(2-Hydroxyethoxy) ethyl stearate; PEG 100 monostearate; Polyoxyl 2 stearate; Stearic acid, 2-(2-hydroxyethoxy) ethyl ester
- Definition: PEG ester of stearic acid
- *Empirical:* C₂₂H₄₄O₄
- Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 2
- Properties: Wh. wax-like solid; faint fatty odor; sol. in hot alcohol, oils; m.w. 372.66; m.p. 45-55 C; HLB 4.3; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 200 mg/kg; poison by IV, IP routes; mildly toxic by ing.; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes
- Uses: Emulsifier, plasticizer, lubricant, wetting agent, binder, thickener, dispersant, antistat, opacifier, pearlescent, stabilizer used in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, dry-cleaning, leather, textile industries, paper processing, rubber; metal drawing lubricants; protective coating for hygroscopic materials (tablets); mold release lubricant for die casting; binder for ceramics and grinding wheels; defoamer in food-contact coatings
- *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800; FDA approved for topicals
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; Cognis/Chems. Group; Crompton/Witco; Inolex; Lipo; Lonza; Ruger; Sigma; Stepan
- *Trade Names:* Cithrol DGMS N/E; Lumulse™ DGS *Trade Names Containing:* Lumulse™ DGS-N

PEG-4 stearate

- CAS 106-07-0; 9004-99-3 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 203-358-8
- Synonyms: 2-[2-[2-(2-Hydroxyethoxy) ethoxy] ethoxy] ethyl octadecanoate; PEG 200 monostearate; POE (4) stearate
- Definition: PEG ester of stearic acid
- Empirical: C₂₆H₅₂O₆
- Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 4
- Properties: Sol. in alcohol; partly sol. in min. oils; disp. warm in water; m.p. 30-40 C; HLB 8.0; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* Poison by IV, IP route; mildly toxic by ing.; TSCA listed
- Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, dispersant, leveling agent, solubilizer, thickener, softener in cosmetics, textiles, paints, agric., plastics, food, pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210
- Manuf./Distrib.: Mosselman NV; Ruger; Sigma

PEG-6 stearate

- CAS 9004-99-3 (generic); 10108-28-8
- Synonyms: 17-Hydroxy-3,6,9,12,15-pentaoxaheptadec-1-yl octadecanoate; PEG 300 monostearate; POE (6) stearate
- Definition: PEG ester of stearic acid
- Empirical: C₃₀H₆₀O₈
- Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 6
- Properties: Sol. in alcohol; sol. warm in veg. and min. oils; disp. in water; nonionic
- Toxicology: Poison by IV, IP route; mildly toxic by ing.; TSCA listed
- Uses: Waxy emulsifier for oils and fats in industrial lubricants; softener and lubricant in textiles and leather; emulsifier in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals,

food, agric., plastics; base for cosmetic lotions; in food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Mosselman NV; Ruger; Sigma

PEG-8 stearate

- CAS 9004-99-3 (generic); 70802-40-3
- Synonyms: 23-Hydroxy-3,6,9,12,15,18,21-heptaoxatricos-1-yl octadecanoate; Macrogol stearate 400; Macrogol ester 400; PEG 400 monostearate; POE (8) stearate; Polyoxyl 8 stearate
- Definition: PEG ester of stearic acid
- Empirical: C₃₄H₆₈O₁₀
- Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 8
- *Properties:* Sol. in alcohol; partly sol. in veg. and min. oils; disp. warm in water; HLB 11.1-11.7; nonionic
- Toxicology: Poison by intravenous, intraperitoneal route; mildly toxic by ingestion; TSCA listed
- HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, dispersant, leveling agent in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, textiles, paints, other industrial uses; surfactant, humectant in cosmetics; plastics antistat; emulsifier in bakery prods.; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings; in cellophane for food pkg.; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Use Level: ADI 0-25 mg/kg body wt.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3910; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for topicals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Mosselman NV; Ruger; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma
- Trade Names: Alkamuls® S-8; DeTHOXACID S-8; Emerest® 2640; Nopalcol 4-S; Pegosperse® 400 MS

PEG-12 stearate

- CAS 9004-99-3 (generic)
- Synonyms: PEG 600 monostearate; POE (12) stearate
- Definition: PEG ester of stearic acid
- Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 12
- Properties: Sol. in alcohol; partly sol. in veg. and min. oils; m.p. 35 C; HLB 13.6; nonionic
- Toxicology: Poison by intravenous, intraperitoneal route; mildly toxic by ingestion; TSCA listed
- HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Emulsifier, lubricant, dispersant, defoamer, leveling agent, visc. modifier in cosmetics, textiles, paints, food, agric., plastics, pharmaceuticals; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2800
- Manuf./Distrib.: Mosselman NV; Ruger; Sigma
- Trade Names: Nopalcol 6-S

PEG-20 stearate

- CAS 9004-99-3 (generic)
- Synonyms: PEĞ 1000 monostearate; POE (20) stearate; Polyoxyl 20 stearate
- Definition: PEG ester of stearic acid
- Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 20
- Properties: Sol. in ethanol; partly sol. in propylene glycol; disp. in glycerin; insol. in water; m.p. 39.5-42.5 C; sapon. no. 40-50; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* Poison by IV, IP routes; mildly toxic by ing.; TSCA listed HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, humectant, thickener, solubilizer, emollient, opacifier, wetting agent, dispersant for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, food, agric., plastics, paints; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800; FDA approved for orals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Ruger; Sigma

PEG-32 stearate

CAS 9004-99-3 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG 1540 monostearate; PEG 1540 stearate; POE (32) monostearate

Definition: PEG ester of stearic acid

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 32

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: Poison by IV, IP route; mildly toxic by ing.; TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solubilizer, thickener, emollient, opacifier, spreading agent, wetting agent, dispersant for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, perfume, food, agric., plastics, other industries; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in resinbonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Ruger; Sigma

PEG-40 stearate

CAS 9004-99-3 (generic); 31791-00-2

Synonyms: Macrogol stearate 2000; PEG 2000 monostearate; POE (40) monostearate; POE (40) stearate; Polyoxyl 40 stearate; Stearethate 40 Definition: PEG ester of stearic acid

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 40

- Properties: Wh. to cream waxy solid; nearly odorless to faint fatty odor; sol. in water, ether, alcohol, acetone; insol. in min. and veg. oils; m.p. 37-47 C; HLB 16.9; acid no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 25-35; hyd. no. 25-40; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 53 ml/kg; poison by IV, IP routes; mildly toxic by ing.; TSCA listed
- Uses: Emulsifier, stabilizer, antigellant, lubricant for cosmetics, creams/lotions, ointments, shampoos, deodorants, makeup; food emulsifier, defoamer; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals; in foodpkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles

Use Level: ADI 0-25 mg/kg (EU)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for dentals, ophthalmics, orals, otics, topicals; USP/NF compliance Manuf./Distrib.: Seabrook Ind.; Sigma

PEG-100 stearate

CAS 9004-99-3 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG (100) monostearate; POE (100) stearate

Definition: PEG ester of stearic acid

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CO(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 100

Properties: Nonionic

- Toxicology: Poison by intravenous, intraperitoneal route; mildly toxic by ingestion; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, emollient for cosmetics, hair preps., creams and lotions: solubilizer for bath oils and fragrances: in foods and pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Seabrook Ind.; Sigma

PEG 1540 stearate. See PEG-32 stearate

PEG-2 stearate SE

CAS 106-11-6; 9004-99-3 (generic)

Synonyms: Diethylene glycol monostearate self-emulsifying; PEG 100 monostearate self-emulsifying; POE (2) monostearate self-emulsifying

Definition: Self-emulsifying grade of PEG-2 stearate

Properties: HLB 5.4; anionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textiles, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants; emulsifier in cosmetics; protective coating for hygroscopic materials (tablets) Trade Names Containing: Lumulse™ DGS-C

PEG-2 stearyl amine. See PEG-2 stearamine PEG 100 stearyl amine. See PEG-2 stearamine PEG 500 stearyl amine. See PEG-10 stearamine PEG-2 stearyl ether. See Steareth-2 PEG-10 stearyl ether. See Steareth-10 PEG-20 stearyl ether. See Steareth-20 PEG 100 stearyl ether. See Steareth-2 PEG 500 stearyl ether. See Steareth-10

PEG 1000 stearyl ether. See Steareth-20

PEG tallate

CAS 61791-00-2 (generic) Synonyms: Polyethylene glycol monotallate Classification: Ethoxylated fatty acid ester Definition: PEG ester of tall oil acid Formula: RCO(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, R = tall oil, n = 3-10 Properties: Lig. to waxy solid; nonionic Uses: Low-foaming surfactant for hard surf. cleaners; paper desliming aid;

emulsifier and wetting agent in pesticides

PEG-4 tallate

CAS 61791-00-2 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG 200 monotallate; POE (4) monotallate

Classification: Ethoxylated fatty acid ester

Definition: PEG ester of tall oil acid

Formula: RCO-(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, RCO- rep. fatty acids from tall oil, avg. n = 4

Properties: Liq.; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, lubricant, softener, wetting agent in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, cleaners, dyeing, metal cleaning, leather processing; in food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210

PEG-5 tallate

CAS 61791-00-2 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG (5) monotallate; POE (5) monotallate

Classification: Ethoxylated fatty acid ester

Definition: PEG ester of tall oil acid

Formula: RCO-(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, RCO- rep. fatty acids from tall oil, avg. n = 5

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Wetting agent and dispersant for oil-based systems; emulsifier, detergent, grinding aid for wet milling of pigments and resins; mfg. of lubricants for metal and textile industries, solvent cleaners, and powd. detergents; emulsifier in cosmetics; lubricant; softener; coupling agent; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300

Trade Names: Surfonic® TOFA-5; Teric™ T5

PEG-6 tallate

CAS 61791-00-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG 300 monotallate; POE 300 monotallate Classification: Ethoxylated fatty acid ester Definition: PEG ester of tall oil acid Properties: Nonionic Uses: Emulsifier for min. oil; codetergent for industrial use Trade Names: Surfonic® TOFA-6

PEG-8 tallate

CAS 61791-00-2 (generic) Synonyms: POE (8) monotallate; PEG 400 monotallate

Classification: Ethoxylated fatty acid ester

Definition: PEG ester of tall oil acid

Formula: RCO-(OCH2CH2),OH, RCO- rep. fatty acids from tall oil, avg. n = 8

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, textiles, leather, industrial use; lubricant; dye assistant; leveling agent for polyester; food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.2800 Trade Names: DeTHOX ACID TO-8.5

PEG-10 tallate

CAS 61791-00-2 (generic) Synonyms: POE (10) monotallate; PEG 500 monotallate Classification: Ethoxylated fatty acid ester Definition: PEG ester of tall oil acid

Formula: RCO-(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, RCO- rep. fatty acids from tall oil, avg. n = 10

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier, surfactant for built detergent systems, industrial lubricants and degreasers; emulsifier in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 177.2800

Trade Names: Surfonic® TOFA-X10; Teric™ T10

PEG-12 tallate

CAS 61791-00-2 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (12) monotallate; PEG 600 monotallate

Classification: Ethoxylated fatty acid ester

Definition: PEG ester of tall oil acid

Formula: RCO-(OCH2CH2)nOH, RCO- rep. fatty acids from tall oil, avg. n

= 12

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, defoamer for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, household prods., textiles, leather, paper, coatings, water treatment, metalworking fluids, plastics; leveling agent for polyester; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2800

PEG-14 tallate

CAS 61791-00-2 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (14) monotallate

Classification: Ethoxylated fatty acid ester

Definition: PEG ester of tall oil acid

Formula: RCO-(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, RCO- rep. fatty acids derived from tall oil, avg. n = 14

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, dispersant for acid cleaners, textiles, metalworking, cosmetics; emulsifier in defoamers; visc. control agent in plastisols; lubricant in skin preps.; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, textiles, animal glue; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Manuf./Distrib.: Seabrook Ind

Trade Names: DeTHOX ACID TO-14

PEG-16 tallate

CAS 61791-00-2 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (16) monotallate

Classification: Ethoxylated fatty acid ester

Definition: PEG ester of tall oil acid

Formula: RCO-(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, RCO- rep. fatty acids from tall oil, avg. n = 16

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Foam detergent, emulsifier, lubricant, dye assistant, detergent for home laundry, textile scouring, rug shampoos; emulsifier in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Seabrook Ind.

Trade Names: DeTHOX ACID TO-16.5

PEG-20 tallate

CAS 61791-00-2 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (20) monotallate; PEG 1000 monotallate

Classification: Ethoxylated fatty acid ester

Definition: PEG ester of tall oil acid

Formula: RCO-(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, RCO- rep. fatty acids from tall oil, avg. n = 20

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, detergent, emulsifier, lubricant, softener for cosmetics, textiles, leather, metal cleaning; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.180, 176.210, 177.2800 Trade Names: Surfonic® TOFA-20

PEG-2 tallowamine

CAS 61791-44-4 (generic); 90367-28-5 (generic) Synonyms: Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) tallowamine; POE (2) tallowamine Definition: PEG amine of tallow

Empirical: C22H47NO2

Formula: R-N(CH₂CH₂O)_xH(CH₂CH₂O)_yH, where R rep. alkyl groups derived from tallow and avg. (x+y) = 2

Properties: Lig./paste; m.w. 357.63; dens. 0.92 kg/l; m.p. 23 C; HLB 9.8; cationic

Uses: Hydrophilic emulsifier, wetting agent, antistat, anticorrosive for agric., leather, textiles, metalworking, plastics; intermediate for quats.; textile dyeing agent, dye leveler, antiprecipitant, stripping agent; lubricant, softener, scouring aid, dye leveler and antistat for textiles; in syn. latex paints; emulsifier for latex, dyes, and oils; antistat for food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3130

Trade Names: Imbentin-TAM/020

PEG-5 tallowamine

CAS 61791-44-4 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (5) tallowamine

Definition: PEG amine of tallow

Formula: R-N(CH₂CH₂O)_xH(CH₂CH₂O)_yH, where R rep. alkyl groups derived from tallow and avg. (x+y) = 5

Uses: Hydrophilic emulsifier, wetting agent, antistat, anticorrosive for agric., leather, textiles, metalworking, plastics; intermediate for quats.; textile dyeing agent, dye leveler, antiprecipitant, stripping agent; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3910 Trade Names: Imbentin-TAM/050

PEG-20 tallowamine

CAS 61790-82-7 (generic); 61791-44-4 (generic); 90367-28-5 (generic) Synonyms: POE (20) tallowamine

Definition: PEG amine of tallow

Formula: R-N(CH₂CH₂O)_xH(CH₂CH₂O)_yH, where R rep. alkyl groups derived from tallow and avg. (x+y) = 20

Properties: HLB 15.5; cationic

Uses: Hydrophilic emulsifier, wetting agent, antistat, anticorrosive for agric., leather, textiles, metalworking, plastics; intermediate for quats.; textile dyeing agent, dye leveler, antiprecipitant, stripping agent Manuf./Distrib.: Seabrook Ind.

Trade Names: Imbentin-TAM/200 N

PEG-35 tallowamine

CAS 61791-44-4 (generic) Synonyms: POE (35) tallowamine

Definition: PEG amine of tallow

Formula: R-N(CH₂CH₂O)_xH(CH₂CH₂O)_yH, where R rep. alkyl groups derived from tallow and avg. (x+y) = 35

Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, metal treatment, plastics, petroleum/mining industries, paper processing Trade Names: Imbentin-TAM/350

PEG-10 tallow aminopropylamine

CAS 61790-85-0 (generic)

- Synonyms: PEG 500 tallow aminopropylamine; PEG-10 N-tallow-1,3-diaminopropane; PEG-10 tallow propylenediamine; POE (10) tallow aminopropylamine
- Classification: Ethoxylated diamine
- Formula: $RN(CH_2CH_2O)_2H(CH_2)_3N(CH_2CH_2O)_xH(CH_2CH_2O)_yH$, R = alkyl groups from tallow, avg. (x+y+z) = 10
- Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; emulsifier, dispersant, wetting agent used in coating preparation on paperboard; corrosion inhibitor

Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma

Trade Names: Ethoduomeen® T/20

PEG-25 tallow aminopropylamine

Classification: Ethoxylated diamine

Uses: Solubilizer, cleaning agent for industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, metal treatment, plastics, petroleum/mining industries, paper processing Trade Names: Imbentin-DT/250

PEG 500 tallow aminopropylamine. See PEG-10 tallow aminopropylamine PEG-10 N-tallow-1,3-diaminopropane. See PEG-10 tallow aminopropylamine PEG-6 tallow ether. See Talloweth-6
PEG 300 tallow ether. See Talloweth-6

PEG-10 tallow propylenediamine. See PEG-10 tallow aminopropylamine

PEG tetramethyl decynediol

- CAS 9014-85-1 (generic)
- Synonyms: Ethylene oxide adduct of 2,4,7,9-tetramethyl-5-decyn-4,7-diol; Tetramethyl decynediol ethoxylate; 2,4,7,9-Tetramethyl-5-decyne-4,7-diol ethoxylate

Classification: Nonionic surfactants

Formula: CH₃(CH₃)₂CHCH₂CCOH(OCH₂CH₂)_mCH₃(CH₃)₂CHCH₂C-COH(OCH₂CH₂)_n

Uses: Defoamer; wetting agent for electroplating, metal cleaning, adhesives, paper coatings; surfactant in food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300

PEG-1.3 tetramethyl decynediol

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Wetting agent, defoamer, dispersant for aq. coatings, inks, adhesives, agric., electroplating, oil field chems., paper coatings, food-pkg. adhesives/coatings/paper Trade Names: Surfynol® 420

PEG-3.5 tetramethyl decynediol

CAS 9014-85-1 (generic)

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Defoamer, rewetting, and leveling agent for paperboard coatings, agric. formulations, water-based industrial finishes; metal cleaning and plating bath additive; food-pkg. adhesives/coatings/paper Trade Names: Surfynol® 440

PEG-10 tetramethyl decynediol

CAS 9014-85-1 (generic)

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Wetting agent, defoamer for ag. coatings, inks, adhesives; surfactant for emulsion polymerization; electroplating additive; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact coatings

Trade Names: Surfynol® 465

PEG-30 tetramethyl decynediol

CAS 9014-85-1 (generic)

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Wetting agent, defoamer for aq. coatings, inks, adhesives, agric., electroplating, oil field chems., paper coatings, emulsion polymerization; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper, closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact coatings

Trade Names: Surfynol® 485

PEG-3 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-3
PEG (3) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-3
PEG-4 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-4
PEG-5 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-5
PEG-6 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-6
PEG-7 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-7
PEG-8 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-8
PEG-9 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-9
PEG-10 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-10
PEG-11 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-11
PEG-12 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-12
PEG-14 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-14
PEG-15 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-15
PEG-18 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-18
PEG-20 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-20
PEG-23 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-23
PEG-25 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-25
PEG-29 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-29
PEG-30 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-30
PEG-40 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-40
PEG-50 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-50
PEG 100 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-2
PEG-100 tridecyl ether. See Irideceth-100
PEG-150 tridecyl ether. See Irideceth-150
PEG 300 tridecyl ether. See Irideceth-6
PEG 400 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-8

PEG 450 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-9

PEG 500 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-10

PEG 600 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-12

- PEG 1000 tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-20
- PEG-6 tridecyl ether phosphate. See Trideceth-6 phosphate

PEG-10 tridecyl ether phosphate. See Trideceth-10 phosphate

- PEG 300 tridecyl ether phosphate. See Trideceth-6 phosphate
- PEG 500 tridecyl ether phosphate. See Trideceth-10 phosphate

PEG-3 trimethylolpropane triacrylate

Uses: Monomer for electronics coating, wood/paper coatings, flooring, solder masks, dry films, adhesives, inks, paints, photopolymers; curing agent Trade Names: SR 454; SR 454HP Trade Names Containing: CN 963 E80; CN 970 E60; CN 982 E75

PEG-6 trimethylolpropane triacrylate

Uses: Monomer for acrylics, adhesives, coatings, electronics, inks, paints, photopolymers

Trade Names: SR 499

PEG-9 trimethylolpropane triacrylate

Uses: Monomer for acrylics, adhesives, coatings, electronics, inks, paints, photopolymers

Trade Names: SR 502

PEG-15 trimethylolpropane triacrylate

Uses: Monomer for acrylics, adhesives, coatings, electronics, inks, paints, photopolymers

Trade Names: SR 9035

- PEG (3) undecyl ether. See Undeceth-3
- PEG (5) undecyl ether. See Undeceth-5
- PEG (6) undecyl ether. See Undeceth-6
- PEG (7) undecyl ether. See Undeceth-7
- PEG (8) undecyl ether. See Undeceth-8 PEG (11) undecyl ether. See Undeceth-11
- PEI. See Polyethylenimine

PEI-15 CAS 9002-98-6 (generic) Synonyms: Polyethylenimine 15 *Definition:* Polymer of ethylenimine Formula: $(CH_2CH_2NH)_n$, avg. n = 15 Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Visc. control agent in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings for polyolefin films; in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 177.1200 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

PEI-30

CAS 9002-98-6 (generic) Synonyms: Polyethylenimine 30 Definition: Polymer of ethylenimine Formula: $(CH_2CH_2NH)_n$, avg. n = 30 Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Visc. control agent in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings for polyolefin films; in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 177.1200 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma **PEI-275** CAS 9002-98-6 (generic) Synonyms: Polyethylenimine 275 Definition: Polymer of ethylenimine Formula: $(CH_2CH_2NH)_n$, avg. n = 275 Uses: Visc. control agent in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; in resinous/

polymeric food-contact coatings for polyolefin films; in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 177.1200

PEI-700

CAS 9002-98-6 (generic) Synonyms: Polyethylenimine 700 Definition: Polymer of ethylenimine

Formula: $(CH_2CH_2NH)_n$, avg. n = 700 Pentadecyl methacrylate CAS 6140-74-5 Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Visc. control agent in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; in resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings for polyolefin films; in food-contact paper/ agent for paper paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 177.1200 **PEI-1000** rosinate CAS 9002-98-6 (generic) Synonyms: Polyethylenimine 1000 Definition: Polymer of ethylenimine Formula: $(CH_2CH_2NH)_n$, avg. n = 1000 Uses: Visc. control agent in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; in resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings for polyolefin films; in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 177.1200 **PEI-1400** CAS 9002-98-6 (generic) Synonyms: Polyethylenimine 1400 Definition: Polymer of ethylenimine Pentaerythrityl dioleate Formula: $(CH_2CH_2NH)_n$, avg. n = 1400 *Toxicology:* TSCA listed Uses: Visc. control agent in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings for polyolefin films; in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg. Empirical: C41H76O Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 177.1200 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma cal PEI-1500 CAS 9002-98-6 (generic) Pentaerythrityl distearate Synonyms: Polyethylenimine 1500 Definition: Polymer of ethylenimine Formula: $(CH_2CH_2NH)_n$, avg. n = 1500 ester Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Visc. control agent in cosmetics; surface modifier for cosmetic powds.; Empirical: C41H80O skin softener/protectant/conditioner; complexing agent for heavy metal ions; food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in acid radical paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food Properties: Nonionic pkq. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 177.1200 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma mers **PEI-1750** CAS 9002-98-6 (generic) Synonyms: Polyethylenimine 1750 Definition: Polymer of ethylenimine Formula: $(CH_2CH_2NH)_n$, avg. n = 1750 Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Visc. control agent in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings for polyolefin films; in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 177.1200 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

PEI-2500

CAS 9002-98-6 (generic)

Synonyms: Polyethylenimine 2500

Definition: Polymer of ethylenimine

Formula: $(CH_2CH_2NH)_n$, avg. n = 2500

Uses: Visc. control agent in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; in resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings for polyolefin films; in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 177.1200

1,4,7,10,13-Pentaazatridecane. See Tetraethylenepentamine Pentacarboxymethyl diethylenetriamine. See Pentetic acid Pentachlorophenate sodium. See Sodium pentachlorophenate Pentachlorophenol, sodium salt. See Sodium pentachlorophenate Pentachlorophenoxy sodium. See Sodium pentachlorophenate Pentachlorophenyl chloride. See Hexachlorobenzene 1-Pentadecanecarboxylic acid. See Palmitic acid

7-Pentadecanecarboxylic acid. See 2-Hexyl decanoic acid

Uses: Additive for lubricating oil, paint, adhesives; modifier for fibers; coating

Trade Names: Blemmer PMA

Pentaerythritol ester of rosin. See Pentaerythrityl rosinate Pentaerythritol hydrogenated rosinate. See Pentaerythrityl hydrogenated

Pentaerythritol rosinate. See Pentaerythrityl rosinate Pentaerythritol tetraacrylate. See Pentaerythrityl tetraacrylate Pentaerythritol tetracocoate. See Pentaerythrityl tetracocoate Pentaerythritol tetrakis (3,5-di-t-butyl)-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate. See

Pentaerythrityl tetrakis [3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate] Pentaerythritol tetrakis [3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate]. See

Pentaerythrityl tetrakis [3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate] Pentaerythritol tetralaurate. See Pentaerythrityl tetralaurate Pentaerythritol tetraoleate. See Pentaerythrityl tetraoleate Pentaerythritol tetrastearate. See Pentaerythrityl tetrastearate Pentaerythritol triacrylate. See Pentaerythrityl triacrylate

CAS 25151-96-6; EINECS/ELINCS 246-665-2 Synonyms: 2,2-Bis (hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediyl dioleate; 9-Octadecenoic acid, 2,2-bis (hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediyl ester Definition: Diester of pentaerythritol and oleic acid Formula: RCO-OCH₂C(CH₂OH)₂CH₂O-RCO, RCO- rep. oleic acid radi-

Uses: Emollient in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

CAS 13081-97-5; EINECS/ELINCS 235-991-0

Synonyms: Octadecanoic acid, 2,2-bis (hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediyl

Definition: Diester of pentaerythritol and stearic acid

Formula: RCO–OCH₂C(CH₂OH)₂CH₂O–OCR, where RCO– rep. stearic

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier for cosmetics, general industrial use; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; antioxidant/stabilizer in food-contact poly-

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 178.2010

Pentaerythrityl hydrogenated rosinate

CAS 64365-17-9; ĔINECS/ELINCS 264-848-5

Synonyms: Pentaerythritol hydrogenated rosinate

Definition: Ester of pentaerythritol and hydrogenated acids from rosin

Uses: Thermoplastic resin as tackifier for adhesives; in protective and barriertype coatings; film-former in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in food-contact animal glue; in wood preservatives for food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 178.3120, 178.3800, 178.3870 Trade Names: Pentalyn® H

Pentaerythrityl rosinate

CAS 8050-26-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-479-9

Synonyms: Pentaerythritol rosinate; Pentaerythritol ester of rosin; Resin acids and rosin acids, esters with pentaerythritol; Rosin pentaerythritol ester

Classification: Thermoplastic resin

Definition: Ester of rosin acids with the polyol, pentaerythritol

Properties: Amber hard solid; sol. in acetone, benzene; insol. in water; soften. pt. (R&B) 110-115 C

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Tackifier for rubbers, lacquers, ink vehicles, varnishes, adhesives; extender for shellac in water-based inks, paints, coatings, paper coatings, adhesives, wax emulsions; film-former in cosmetics; masticatory substance in chewing gum; in food-contact articles and coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 176.2600, 178.3120, 178.3800, 178.3870

Trade Names: Pentalyn® 856; Pentalyn® A; Zonester® 100

Pentaerythrityl tetraacrylate

CAS 4986-89-4 Synonyms: Pentaerythritol tetraacrylate

- Empirical: C17H20O8
- Formula: C[CH₂OCOCH=CH₂]₄
- Properties: M.w. 352.34; dens. 1.190; m.p. 18 C; flash pt. > 110 C; ref. index 1.4870 (20 C)
- Uses: Crosslinking agent in adhesives, coatings, inks, textile prods., photoresists, castings; reactive diluent for radiation-cured inks, lacquers Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich Trade Names: SR 295

Pentaerythrityl tetracocoate

Synonyms: Pentaerythritol tetracocoate

Definition: Tetraester of pentaerythritol and coconut fatty acid

Uses: Emollient in cosmetics; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210

Pentaerythrityl tetrakis [3-(3´,5´-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate] CAS 6683-19-8; EINECS/ELINCS 229-722-6

Synonyms: Benzenepropanoic acid, 3,5-bis (1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxy-; 2,2-Bis ((3-(3,5-bis (1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenol)-1-oxopropoxy) methyl)-1,3-propanediyl ester; Pentaerythritol tetrakis (3,5-di-t-butyl)-4hydroxyhydrocinnamate; Pentaerythritol tetrakis [3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate]; Tetrakis [methylene (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate)] methane; Tetrakis [methylene-3(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate] methane

Classification: Sterically hindered phenol

Empirical: C73H108O12

- [HOC₆H₂[C(CH₃)₃]₂CH₂CH₂CO₂CH₂]₄C Formula:
- Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. in acetone, benzene, chloroform, ethyl acetate; insol. in water; m.w. 1177.7; dens. 1.05 (20 C); m.p. 110-125 C; flash pt. 299 C

Toxicology: LD50 (mammal) 10 g/mg; TSCA listed

Uses: Antioxidant for cellulosics, polyamides, polyesters, polyolefins, POM, PU, PS, rubbers, adhesives, lubricants, oils, latex, varnishes; in foodpkg. adhesives; in side seam cements for food-contact containers; antioxidant/stabilizer for food-grade polymers; stabilizer in food-contact PU resins; antioxidant in lubricants for incidental food-contact use; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 177.1680, 178.2010, 178.3570, 178.3910

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ciba Spec. Chems./Addit.

Trade Names: BNX® 1010; Irganox® 1010; Naugard® 10

Pentaerythrityl tetralaurate

CAS 13057-50-6; EINECS/ELINCS 235-946-5

Synonyms: 2,2-Bis [[(1-oxododecyl) oxy] methyl]-1,3-propanediyl dodecanoate; Dodecanoic acid, 2,2-bis [[(1-oxododecyl) oxy] methyl-1,3-propanediyl ester; Pentaerythritol tetralaurate

Definition: Tetraester of pentaerythritol and lauric acid

Empirical: C₅₃H₁₀₀O₈

Uses: Emulsifier, emollient, conditioner, antistat for personal care prods., pharmaceutical topicals; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Pentaerythrityl tetraoleate

CAS 19321-40-5; 68604-44-4; EINECS/ELINCS 242-960-5; 271-694-2 Synonyms: 2,2-Bis [[(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl) oxy] methyl]-1,3-propanediyl 9octadecenoate; Pentaerythritol tetraoleate

Definition: Tetraester of pentaerythritol and oleic acid

Empirical: C77H140O8

Formula: C[CH₂OCO(CH₂)₇CH=CH(CH₂)₇CH₃]₄

Properties: M.w. 1193.96

Uses: Emollient, thickener, visc. control agent for cosmetics, plastics, lubricants, cutting oils; chemical intermediate; corrosion inhibitors; chemical synthesis; lubricant for hot rolling, forming, and drawing lubricants; emollient, thickener, visc. control agent, pigment dispersant for cosmetic creams/ lotions, bath preps.; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Manuf./Distrib.: Hatco: Inolex

Pentaerythrityl tetrastearate

- CAS 115-83-3; 8045-34-9; 91050-82-7; EINECS/ELINCS 204-110-1; 293-029-5
- Synonyms: 2,2-Bis [[(1-oxooctadecyl) oxy] methyl]-1,3-propanediyl octadecanoate; Pentaerythritol tetrastearate

Definition: Tetraester of pentaerythritol and stearic acid

- Empirical: C77H148O8
- Formula: C[CH₂OCO(CH₂)₁₆CH₃]₄
- Properties: Ivory-colored hard, high melting wax; m.w. 1202.02; m.p. 62 C; soften. pt. 67 C; acid no. 1; essentially neutral

Toxicology: TSCA listed *Precaution:* Combustible

- Uses: Processing aid, lubricant for rubbers, plastics; polishes; coatings; textile finishes; lubricant wax; emulsifier for nat. waxes in cosmetics; emollient, visc. control agent in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg.; adjuvant for PC food-pkg. resins
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1580, 178.2010
- Manuf./Distrib.: AC Ind.; Chem. Group; Hercules; Hexagon Enterprises; Jarchem Ind.; Lambent Tech.; Lipo; Lonza; SCI Int'l. USA

Pentaerythrityl triacrylate

- CAS 3524-68-3; EINECS/ELINCS 222-540-8
- Synonyms: PETA; Acrylic acid, pentaerithritol triester; Pentaerythritol triacrylate; 2-Propenoic acid-2-(hydroxymethyl)-2-(((1-oxo-2-propenyl) oxy) methyl)-1,3-propanediyl ester Empirical: C14H18O7
- Formula: (H₂C:CHCO₂CH₂)₃CCH₂OH
- Properties: M.w. 298.30; dens. 1.167 (20C); ref. index 1.143 (20C); flash pt.> 110C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2460 µl/kg, (skin, rabbit) 4 ml/kg; harmful lig.; mod. toxic by ing. and skin contact; severe eye irritant; avoid skin contact; handle with gloves; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Storage: Hygroscopic; light-sensitive

Uses: Crosslinking agent used in adhesives, coatings, inks, textile prods., photoresists, castings, modifiers for polyester, fiberglass, or polymers; reactive diluent for radiation-cured inks, lacquers, photosensitive resins

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Sartomer; **UCB** Radcure

Trade Names: SR 444

Pentaerythrityl trioleate

CAS 39874-62-9; EINECS/ELINCS 254-664-3

Synonyms: 2-(Hydroxymethyl)-2-[(oleoyloxy) methyl]-1,3-propanediyl dioleate; 9-Octadecenoic acid, 2-(hydroxymethyl)-2-[[(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl) oxy] methyl]-1,3-propanediyl ester

Definition: Triester of pentaerythritol and oleic acid

Empirical: C₅₉H₁₀₈O₇

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emollient in cosmetics; w/o emulsifier; plasticizer for PU foams; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Pentanedial. See Glutaral

1,5-Pentanedial. See Glutaral

Pentane-1,5-dial. See Glutaral

Pentanedioic acid, dimethyl ester. See Dimethyl glutarate

2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl. See Hexylene glycol

1,5-Pentanedione. See Glutaral

Pentanol-1. See n-Amyl alcohol

1-Pentanol. See n-Amyl alcohol

- Pentan-1-ol. See n-Amyl alcohol
- n-Pentanol. See n-Amyl alcohol

2-Pentanol acetate. See s-Amyl acetate

3,6,9,12,15-Pentaoxahentriacontan-1-ol. See Ceteth-5 3,6,9,12,15-Pentaoxaheptadecane-1,17-diol. See PEG-6

3,6,9,12,15-Pentaoxatriacont-24-en-1-ol. See Oleth-5 Pentaphenate. See Sodium pentachlorophenate

Pentapotassium triphosphate. See Potassium tripolyphosphate

Pentapotassium tripolyphosphate. See Potassium tripolyphosphate

Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate

CAS 2235-43-0; EINECS/ELINCS 218-791-8

- Synonyms: Na₅ATMP; Aminotri (methylenephosphonic acid) pentasodium salt; Pentasodium nitrilotris (methylenephosphonate); Pentasodium [nitrilotris (methylene) trisphosphonate]; Phosphonic acid, (nitrilotris (methylene)) tri-, pentasodium salt
- Classification: Organic compd.
- *Empirical:* $C_3H_{12}NO_9P_3 \cdot 5Na$
- Properties: M.w. 414.02
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 17,800 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 15,800 mg/kg; low toxicity by ing. and skin contact; TSCA listed
- Hazardou's Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x and PO_x
- Uses: Dispersant, scale inhibitor, deflocculant, sequestrant for cooling water treatment, boiler and oil field treatment, process waters, I&I cleaners, metal cleaners, bottle washing, paper, textiles; chelating agent in cosmetics

Trade Names: Dequest® 2006

Pentasodium (carboxylatomethyl) iminobis (ethylenenitrilo) tetraacetate. See Pentasodium pentetate

Pentasodium diethylene triamine pentaacetate. See Pentasodium pentetate

Pentasodium diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonate

Synonyms: Diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonic acid), pentasodium salt; Phosphonic acid, [(phosphonomethyl) imino] bis [2,1-ethanediyl nitrilobis (methylene)] tetrakis, pentasodium salt Empirical: C₉H₂₁N₃O₁₅P₅Na₇

Properties: M.w. 727; sp.gr. 1.38-1.40; f.p. -13 C

Uses: Sequestrant; dispersant; scale inhibitor

Trade Names: Dequest® 2066C2

Pentasodium DTPA. See Pentasodium pentetate

Pentasodium ethylene diamine tetramethylene phosphonate CAS 7651-99-2 Synanyme: Ethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonic acid)

Synonyms: Ethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonic acid), pentasodium salt; Na_s EDTMPA; Sodium EDTMPA

Empirical: C₆H₁₅N₂O₁₂P₄Na₅

Properties: Wh. to pale yel. clear liq.; m.w. 546; sp.gr. 1.30; f.p. -14 C; pH 6-8 (1%)

Uses: Sequestrant; dispersant; scale inhibitor

Trade Names: Dequest® 2046

Pentasodium nitrilotris (methylenephosphonate). See Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate

Pentasodium [nitrilotris (methylene) trisphosphonate]. See Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate

Pentasodium pentetate

CAS 140-01-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-391-3

Synonyms: DTPAN; DTPANa5; Na₅DTPA; N,N-Bis[2-[bis (carboxymethyl) amino] ethyl] glycine, pentasodium salt; Diethylenetriaminepentaacetic acid, pentasodium salt; Pentasodium (carboxylatomethyl) iminobis (ethylenenitrilo) tetraacetate; Pentasodium diethylene triamine pentaacetate; Pentasodium DTPA; Pentetate pentasodium; Sodium DTPA

Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: $C_{14}H_{18}N_3Na_5O_{10}$

Formula: C₁₄H₁₈N₃O₁₀ • 5Na

Properties: M.w. 503.25

Toxicology: Mod. irritating to skin and mucous membranes; ing. can cause violent purging; TSCA listed

Uses: Chelating agent/sequestrant for cosmetics, detergents, textiles, polymerization, paper deinking, water treatment, metal finishing, pulp/paper, photography, chem. cleaning, enhanced oil recovery, pharmaceuticals, food-contact paper/paperboard; reagent for wood pulp pretreatment; drug stabilization; antibiotic mfg.; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.150; FDA approved for intravenous *Trade Names:* Trilon[®] C Liq.; Trilon[®] PC; Versenex 80

Pentasodium triphosphate

CAS 7758-29-4; 13573-18-7; EINECS/ELINCS 213-837-7; 231-694-5 Synonyms: STP; STPP; Pentasodium tripolyphosphate; Sodium triphosphate; Sodium tripolyphosphate; Triphosphoric acid pentasodium salt; Triphosphoric acid sodium salt; Tripolyphosphate

Classification: Inorganic phosphate salt

- Definition: Exists in two crystal modifications, depending on production conditions: high-temp. modification (STP-I), low-temp. modification (STP-II) Empirical: Na₅O₁₀P₃
- *Formula:* Na₅(PO₃OPO₂OPO₃)
- Properties: Wh. gran. or fine powd.; odorless; sol. 20 g/100 ml water; m.w. 367.91; bulk dens. ≈ 1.0 kg/l (powd.), ≈- 0.8 kg/l (gran.); m.p. dec. 552-622 C; pH 9.7-9.9 (1%)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 6.5 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 7940 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 525 mg/kg, (subcut., mouse) 900 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mod. toxic by ing., subcut., IP routes; mod. irritating to skin, mucous membranes; ing. can cause violent purging; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with strong acids (may react violently); hydrolyzes to phosphate under acidic conditions; hydrolyzes slowly in neutral ag. sol'n.

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of PO_x and Na_2O
- Storage: SI. hygroscopic; store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight, away from incompat. materials, in dust-tight containers; avoid generating mist
- Uses: Peptizing agent; emulsifier; preservative; texturizer; corrosion/scale control; in water softening, drinking water treatment; boiler water additive for food processing; softener/conditioner (cleaners, textile processing); starch crosslinking agent; builder, sequestrant, dispersant for detergents; deflocculant for paper, ceramics, oil drilling; dye dispersant in textiles; buffering agent, chelating agent in cosmetics; food additive (sequestrant, hog/poultry scald agent, texturizer); curing agent for processed meats; food pkg.
- Use Level: Limitation 5% (pickle for meat prods.), 0.5% (meat prods.), 0.5% (total poultry prod.); ADI 0-70 mg/kg (EU, total phosphates)
- Regulatory: FĎA 21ĆFR §172.892, Ť73.310, 182.70, 182.90, 182.1810, 182.6810, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; Europe listed; UK approved
- Manuf./Distrib.: ADA Int'l.; Albright & Wilson Am.; Aldrich; BCH Brühl; Browning; FMC Foret; FMC; Fluka; Kemira Kemi AB; Monsanto; Rhodia; Sal Chem.; Sigma; Sinochem Liaoning; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Varsal Instruments
- Trade Names: Empiphos STP; Empiphos STP/1L; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/D; Empiphos STP/D16; Empiphos STP/DMST; Empiphos STP/E; Empiphos STP/L16; Empiphos STP/M; Empiphos STP/MST; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/P

Pentasodium tripolyphosphate. See Pentasodium triphosphate Pentetate pentasodium. See Pentasodium pentetate

Pentetic acid

CAS 67-43-6; EINECS/ELINCS 200-652-8

- Synonyms: DTPA; N,N-Bis [2-[bis (carboxymethyl) amino] ethyl] glycine; N-Carboxymethyliminobis (ethylenenitrilo) tetra (acetic acid); Diethylene triamine pentaacetic acid; Pentacarboxymethyl diethylenetriamine; 1,1,4,7,7-Diethylenetriaminepentaacetic acid
- *Classification:* Substituted amine

Empirical: $C_{14}H_{23}N_3O_{10}$

- *Formula:* HOOCCH₂N[CH₂CH₂N(CH₂COOH)₂]₂
- Properties: Wh. cryst. solid; sol. in hot water; sl. sol. in cold water; m.w. 393.35; m.p. 230 C (dec.)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 4840 mg/kg; moderately toxic by intraperitoneal route; mildly toxic by ingestion and others; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x Uses: Chelating agent for cosmetics, detergents (stabilizing peroxides); microbiological control for water treatment, cutting fluids, sec. recovery; textiles; scale control/removal; rare earth separations Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma
- Trade Names: Masquol® DTPA Liq.

2-Pentyl acetate. See s-Amyl acetate

Pentyl alcohol. See n-Amyl alcohol n-Pentyl alcohol. See n-Amyl alcohol PEO. See Polyethylene glycol

Peracetic acid

CAS 79-21-0; EINECS/ELINCS 201-186-8; UN No. 3149 (DOT)

Synonyms: PAA; Acetyl hydroperoxide; Ethaneperoxic acid; Peroxyacetic acid

Classification: Nonaromatic carboxylic acids Empirical: $C_2H_4O_3$

Formula: CH₃COOOH

Properties: Colorless liq.; strong acrid odor; sol. in water, alcohol, sulfuric acid, oxygenated solvs.; m.w. 76.06; dens. 1.15 (20 C); f.p. - 30 C; b.p. 105 C; flash pt. 40.5 C; ref. index 1.3876

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1540 µl/ kg, (oral, mouse) 210 mg/kg; poison by ing.; mod. toxic by inh. and skin contact; strong irritant to skin, mucous membranes; inh. can cause coughing, burning sensation; ing. causes burning, irritation; tumorigen; TSCA listed

Environmental: No environmental hazards; rapidly dec. to acetic acid, oxygen, and water; non-bioaccumulative

Precaution: Flamm.; strong oxidizing agent; dangerous in contact with organic materials; explodes on heating above 110 C; incompat. with strong oxidizers, reducing agents, heavy metal salts

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Oxygen (enhances combustion); heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Storage: Store in original container in cool, dry, ventilated area; keep container closed when not in use

Uses: Bleaching textiles, paper, oils, waxes, starch; polymerization catalyst; bactericide and fungicide, esp. in food processing; biocide in paper prod.; epoxidation of fatty acid esters and epoxy resin precursors; reagent in making caprolactam, synthetic glycerol; disinfectant for food/beverage equipment, hospitals, veterinary; antiseptic, oxidant in pharmaceuticals; starch modifier in pulp/paper; laundry cleaning/bleaching/disinfecting; oxygen source

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Belinka; Brenntag (UK) Ltd.; Degussa-Hüls Ltd; FMC Foret; Fluka; Kleencare Hygiene; Lambson Ltd; Resource Chem. Ltd; Solvay Interox UK

Trade Names Containing: Pericide® EF

Perchlorobenzene. See Hexachlorobenzene

Perchlorodihomocubane. See Perchloropentacyclodecane

Perchloropentacyclodecane

CAS 2385-85-5; UN No. 2761

Synonyms: Bichlorendo; Dechlorane; Dodecachlorooctahydro-1,3,4-metheno-1H-cyclobuta (c,d) pentalene; Dodecachlorooctahydro-1,3,4-metheno-2Hcyclobuta (c,d) pentalene; 1,1a,2,2,3,3a,4,5,5,5a,5b,6-Dodecachlorooctahydro-1,3,4-metheno-1H-cyclobuta (cd) pentalene; Dodecachloropentacyclodecane; Hexachlorocyclopentadiene dimer; 1,2,3,4,5,5-Hexachloro-1,3-cyclopentadiene dimer; Mirex; Perchlorodihomocubane

Empirical: C₁₀Cl₁₂

- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; odorless; sol. in aliphatic amines; sol. 14.3% in xylene, 15.3% in dioxane, 12.2% in benzene, 7.2% in CCl₄; sol. 10-50 mg/ml in DMSO, acetone; sol. 1-10 mg/ml in 95% ethanol; sol. < 1 mg/ml in water; m.w. 545.55; vapor pressure 0.0000003 mm Hg (25 C); m.p. 485 C (dec.); b.p. 485 C (1 atm), subl. with decomp.; nonflamm.</p>
- *Toxicology*: LD50 (oral, rat) 235 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 800 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., bird) 1400 ppm; poison by ing.; mod. toxic by inh. and skin contact; may cause CNS stimulation, tremors, convulsions, hepatic injury, testicular atrophy, reduced sperm prod., rashes, mental changes, congestion, edema, ataxia, anuria, respiratory failure, GI irritation, wt. loss, etc.; possible human carcinogen; experimental carcinogen, tumorigen, teratogen, reproductive effector; mutagenic data

Environmental: Can bioaccumulate

- Precaution: Supports combustion; may react with strong oxidizers; reacts with lithium and t-butyl alcohol; sensitive to exposure to sunlight; keep away from food
- *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of CO, CO₂, hydrogen chloride gas, chlorine, CCl₄, phosgene
- Storage: Store under ambient temps.; protect from light; keep away from oxidizing materials
- Uses: Flame retardant for plastics, rubber, thermoplastic, thermosetting, and elastomeric resin systems, paints, paper, adhesives, textiles, and elec. goods; in antifouling paints; in rodenticides; antioxidant, flame retardant in stabilized polymers, ablative compositions, anthelmintic compositions, lubricants; formerly as insecticide for fire ants; pesticide

Perfluoroalkyl acrylate copolymer

CAS 92265-81-1

Uses: Oil/water repellent in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Perfluorooctanesulfonyl fluoride

CAS 307-35-7; EINECS/ELINCS 206-200-6 *Classification:* Nonaromatic sulfur-oxygen compd. *Empirical:* C₉F₁₈O₂S *Properties:* M.w. 502.12; dens. 1.824; b.p. 154-155 C; ref. index 1.3010 *Toxicology:* Corrosive; TSCA listed *Storage:* Moisture-sensitive *Uses:* Intermediate in prep. of monomers and surfactants for textile treatment, paper sizes, inert fluids *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich *Trade Names:* Fluorad® FX-8

Periclase. See Magnesium oxide

Periodic acid

CAS 10450-60-9

- Empirical: H₅IO₆
- Properties: Wh. cryst.; sol. in water, alcohol; sl. sol. in ether; m.w. 227.94; m.p. 122 C; loses 2H₂O @ 100 C; dec. @ 130 C forming I₂O₅, H₂O and O₂

Toxicology: Irritant

Precaution: Dangerous in contact with organic materials; oxidizer; corrosive *Storage:* Hygroscopic

- Uses: Oxidizing agent for org. material, pharmaceuticals; increases wet strength of paper, photographic paper; cleaning agent for silk screen stencils; in org. synthesis
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allan; Atomergic Chemetals; EM Ind.; Fluka; Nipa Labs; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Wm. Blythe Ltd

Permanent red 4R. See Pigment red 3

Permanent red R. See 1-[(2-Chloro-4-nitrophenyl) azo]-2-naphthalenol

Permanent white. See Barium sulfate; Zinc oxide

Permanent yellow, lead free. See Pigment yellow 74

Peroxyacetic acid. See Peracetic acid

Peroxydicarbonic acid, bis (1-methylethyl) ester. See Diisopropyl perdicarbonate

Peroxydisulfuric acid diammonium salt. See Ammonium persulfate Peroxydisulfuric acid dipotassium salt. See Potassium persulfate Peroxydisulfuric acid, disodium salt. See Sodium persulfate

Persian orange. *See* Acid orange 7 **PETA**. *See* Pentaerythrityl triacrylate

- Petrohol. See Isopropyl alcohol
- Petrolatum

CAS 8009-03-8 (NF); 8027-32-5 (USP); EINECS/ELINCS 232-373-2

Synonyms: Mineral grease (petrolatum); Mineral jelly; Paraffin jelly; Petrolatum amber; Petrolatum white; Petroleum jelly; Vaseline; White petrolatum; White soft paraffin

Classification: Petroleum hydrocarbons

- Definition: Semisolid mixture of hydrocarbons obtained from petroleum
- Properties: Ylsh. to It. amber or wh. semisolid, unctuous mass; pract. odorless and tasteless; sol. in benzene, chloroform, ether, petrol. ether, oils; pract. insol. in water; insol. in alcohol; dens. 0.820-0.865 (60/25 C); m.p. 38-54 C; soften. pt. 65-70 C; ref. index 1.460-1.474 (60 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) > 50 g/kg; can cause allergic skin reactions in hypersensitive persons; generally nontoxic; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Uses: Laxative; dispersant; as ointment base, emollient, antistat, solvent in pharmaceuticals, cosmetics; leather grease; shoe polish; rust preventives; plastics, rubber, textiles lubricant; cable lubricants; elec. insulation impregnation wax; detackifier in printing inks; protective food coatings; release agent/lubricant in bakery prods., confectionery; chewing gum ingred.; defoamer in beet sugar and yeast processing; pharmaceutical ointment base, filler, emollient, skin protectant; adhesive diluent; in food-pkg. adhesives, pressure-sensitive adhesives; release agent and surf. lubricant in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard

Use Level: Limitation 0.15% (with wh. min. oil, bakery prods.), 0.2%

(confections), 0.02% (dehydrated fruits/vegetables), 0.1% (egg white solids)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.880, 172.884, 173.340, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3700, 178.3910, 573.720; FDA approved for ophthalmics, orals, topicals, otics; USP/NF, BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Am. Int'l.; Ashland; BP Amoco; Barco Chem. Prods.; C.P. Hall; Charkit; Crompton/Witco; Exxon; Harcros; Jarchem Ind.; Magie Bros. Oil; Mobil; Penreco; RTD; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sinochem Tianjin; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stevenson Cooper; Strahl & Pitsch; Universal Preserv-A-Chem
- Trade Names: Penreco Amber; Penreco Blond; Penreco Cream; Penreco Lily; Penreco Red; Penreco Regent; Penreco Royal; Penreco Snow; Penreco Super; Penreco Ultima; Petrolatum RPB; Tech Pet F™

Petrolatum amber. See Petrolatum Petrolatum liquid. See Mineral oil Petrolatum white. See Petrolatum Petroleum asphalt. See Asphalt Petroleum benzin. See Asphalt Petroleum bitumen. See Asphalt Petroleum-derived naphtha. See Naphtha Petroleum distillate. See Petroleum distillates Petroleum distillate light. See Petroleum distillates

Petroleum distillates

CAS 8002-05-9; 64742-14-9; 64742-47-8; 64742-56-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-298-5; UN No. 1268 (DOT)

Synonyms: Petroleum distillate; Petroleum distillate light

Classification: Petroleum hydrocarbons

Definition: Mixture of volatile hydrocarbons obtained from petroleum

Toxicology: OSHA PEL TWA 400 ppm; TDLo (parenteral, man) 57 mg/kg; human systemic effects by parenteral route (cough, dyspnea, nausea, vomiting); mildly toxic by inh., ing.; mod. skin/eye irritant; skin contact may cause defatting; vapor inh. can cause CNS depression, headache, unconsciousness; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Hydrocarbon processing solvent, foam control agent in waterless hand cleaners, polishes, fruit and veg. processing, cleaning oils; antifoamer, solvent in cosmetics; vehicle for pesticides; diluent for agric. sprays; fuel conditioner; food pkg. paper, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Trade Names: Cynol® 760 Softener; Exxsol® D 40; Exxsol® D 60; Exxsol® D 80; Exxsol® D 110; Exxsol® D 130; PD-25; PD-28; Penreco 2251 Oil; Penreco 2263 Oil

Trade Names Containing: Hartfloc® A-414

Petroleum distillates (naphtha). See Naphtha

Petroleum ether. See Naphtha; VM&P naphtha

- Petroleum jelly. See Petrolatum
- Petroleum naphtha. See Naphtha; VM&P naphtha

Petroleum oil. See Mineral oil; Naphtha

Petroleum pitch. See Asphalt

Petroleum roofing tar. See Asphalt

Petroleum spirit. See Naphtha; VM&P naphtha

Petroleum spirits. See Mineral spirits; VM&P naphtha

- Petroleum sulfonates, sodium salts. See Sodium petroleum sulfonate Petroleum sulfonic acid, monosodium salt. See Sodium petroleum sul-
- fonate

Petroleum thinner. See VM&P naphtha

Petroleum wax

UN No. 1223 (DOT)

Synonyms: Microcrystalline wax; Petroleum wax, synthetic; Refined petroleum wax

Classification: Petroleum hydrocarbon

Definition: Hydrocarbon derived from petroleum; three types: paraffin waxes, microcrystalline waxes, and petrolatum waxes

Properties: Translucent wax, odorless, tasteless; very sl. sol. in org. solvs.; insol. in water; m.p. 48-93 C

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Lubricant for formulating PVC and elec. wire and cable compds.; antisunchecking protectant for elastomers; masticatory substance in chewing gum; protective food coatings; defoamer for beet sugar and yeast processing; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in flavoring microcapsules; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact crosslinked polyesters; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; in food-contact textiles; component of nonfood articles for food-contact use; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.230, 172.615, 172.886 (1050 ppm max. of poly(alkylacrylate) as an antioxidant), 172.888, 173.340, 175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.2420, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3710, 178.3720, 178.3850, 178.3910

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Crompton/Witco; Exxon; Koster Keunen; Mobil; Penreco; Shell

See also Microcrystalline wax; Paraffin; Synthetic wax

Petroleum wax, crystalline. See Paraffin

Petroleum wax, microcrystalline. See Microcrystalline wax

Petroleum wax, oxidized

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Petroleum wax, synthetic. See Petroleum wax

PF. See Phenolic resin

PGME. See Methoxyisopropanol

PGMEA. See Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate

PGML. See Propylene glycol laurate

PGMS. See Propylene glycol stearate

Phenamine blue 2B. See Direct blue 6

Phenamine brown MB. See Direct brown 2

- Phenamine scarlet 3B. See Direct red 39
- 1-Phenanthrenecarboxylic acid, 1,2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,10,10a-decahydro-1,4adimetyl-7-(1-metylethyl)-, sodium salt, (1R-(1α,4aβ,4bα,10aα))-. See Sodium rosinate
- Phenazo black OB. See Direct black 80

Phenic acid. See Phenol

Phenol

- CAS 108-95-2; EINECS/ELINCS 203-632-7; UN No. 1671 (solid), 2312 (fused), 2821 (sol'n.); FEMA 3223
- Synonyms: Benzenol; 'Carbolic acid'; Hydroxybenzene; Liquid phenol; Monohydroxybenzene; Monophenol; Oxybenzene; Phenic acid; Phenol alcohol; Phenyl hydrate; Phenyl hydroxide; Phenylic acid; Phenylic alcohol

Classification: Aromatic organic compd.; carbolic acid

Empirical: C₆H₆O

Formula: C₆H₅OH

- Properties: Colorless to It. pink needle-shaped cryst.; char. odor of coal tar and wood; burning taste; sol. in alcohol, glycerin, chloroform, ether, water; misc. with oxygenated and chlorinated solvs.; sl. sol. in min. oil; m.w. 94.11; dens. 1.07; m.p. 40-42 C; b.p. 182 C; flash pt. 79 C; darkens on exposure to It., air
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 ppm (skin); LD50 (oral, rat) 317 mg/kg, (subcut., rat) 460 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 112 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 850 mg/kg; poison by ing., subcut., IV, IP routes; human poison by ing.; mod. toxic by skin contact; severe eye/skin irritant; ing. of even sm. amts. may cause vomiting, circulatory collapse, paralysis, convulsions, coma, grnsh. urine, necrosis of mouth and GI tract; death results from respiratory failure; may cause serious skin burns; possible carcinogen; human mutagen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; vapor is flamm.; DOT: poisonous material; explosive and violent reactions possible; polymerizes violently when combined with isocyanates
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 4; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic; deliq.; moisture- and light-sensitive; store frozen

Uses: Phenolic adhesives and resins; epoxy resins; pesticide intermediates; paints; lubricant additives; chem. deriv. intermediates; as fuel oil sludge inhibitors; as solvent; selective solvent in lubricating oil dearomatization; as rubber chemicals; isocyanate blocking agent; antimicrobial preservative for pharmaceuticals; antimicrobial, denaturant, deodorant agent in cosmetics; disinfectant anesthetic for skin; deodorant soaps; mouthwash; preservative in food-pkg. adhesives; adjuvant for PC food-pkg. resins; in food-contact paper/paperboard; in closures with sealing gaskets for food containers

Use Level: 0.5% (topicals), 0.2-5% (parenterals)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR \$175.105, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 177.1210, 177.1580, 177.2410, 27CFR \$21.65, 21.151; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for injectables, parenterals, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance; SARA reportable
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Aristech; Ashland; Barker Ind.; Chemical; Dakota Gasification; Dow; Fluka; GE Plastics; Georgia Gulf; Herdillia Chems. Ltd; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Integra; J.T. Baker; Kalama; Kessler; Miljac; PMC Spec.; Penta Mfg.; Phenolchemie; R.W. Greeff; Research Organics; Rhodia; Royale Pigments & Chems.; Ruger; Shell; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sunoco; Texaco; U.S. Chems.; Van Waters & Rogers

Phenol alcohol. See Phenol

Phenol-formaldehyde. See Phenolic resin

Phenol-formaldehyde resin. See Phenolic resin

Phenol-furfural resin. See Phenolic resin

Phenolic resin

CAS 9003-35-4

- Synonyms: PF; Alkyl-phenol formaldehyde resin; Phenol-formaldehyde; Phenol-formaldehyde resin; Phenol-furfural resin; A-stage resin; One-stage resin; Resole; Resole resin; Resol resin; Novolac resin; Novolak resin; Two-stage resin
- Definition: Heat-cured thermosetting resin from condensation of phenol or substituted phenol with aldehydes such as formaldehyde, acetaldehyde, and furfural

Properties: Gray to blk. hard solid when cured; noncombustible

Precaution: Dec. by oxidizing acids

- Uses: Thermosetting resin for applics. requiring heat resistance; molded and cast articles; exhaust duct systems, wiring devices, switch gears, ovens, toasters, pot handles, elec. devices, coil bobbins; coatings; machine housings; bonding powds.; laminating and impregnating; plywood and glass-fiber composites; ablative coatings; binder for oil-well sands; thermal/acoustic insulation; brake linings; tackifier, plasticizer, hardening and reinforcing agent for rubber; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300(b)(3)(vi), 177.2260, 177.2410, 177.2600
- Manuf./Distrib.: 3M/Spec. Chems.; Akrochem; Akzo Nobel; Am. Gilsonite; Arakawa USA; Arizona; Ashland; Atofina; BP Chems. Ltd; Bakelite GmbH; Borden; Cardolite; Chemical; Chems. Inc; Ciba Spec. Chems./ Addit.; Degussa-Hüls AG; Dujodwala Resins & Terpenes; Eastech; Encal Spec.; FRP Services; Fabrichem; Focus; Georgia-Pacific Resins; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Int'l. Paper; Loos & Dilworth; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Nemesis Int'l.; Neste Resins; PMC Spec.; Raschig; Seegott; Solutia; Tembec
- *Trade Names Containing:* GPRI[™] 4000; GPRI[™] 7550; GPRI[™] 7590; GPRI[™] 7597; GPRI[™] BKS-2600; GPRI[™] BKS-2900; GPRI[™] BKS-2901

Phenol, 4-methoxy-. See Hydroquinone monomethyl ether

Phenol, pentachloro-, potassium salt. See Potassium pentachlorphenate Phenol, 2,4,5-trichloro-, sodium salt. See Sodium-2,4,5-trichlorophenate Phenomercuric acetate. See Phenylmercuric acetate

Phenothiazine

CAS 92-84-2; EINECS/ELINCS 202-196-5

Synonyms: PTZ; Dibenzoparathiazine; Dibenzothiazine; Dibenzo-1,4-thiazine; Phenthiazine; Thiodiphenylamine

Empirical: C12H9NS

Formula: C₆H₄NHC₆H₄S

Properties: Grayish-green to greenish-yel. powd., gran., or flakes; sl. odor; tasteless; sol. in benzene, ether, hot acetic acid, 21% in acetone, 15% in ethyl amyl ketone, 11% in ethyl acetate, aromatic solvs.; sl. sol. in

alcohol, min. oils; pract. insol. in water, chloroform, petrol. ether; m.w. 199.26; m.p. 185 C; subl. @ 130 C (1 mm Hg); b.p. 371 C

Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 mg/m³ (skin); LD50 (oral, mouse) 5000 mg/ kg, (IV, mouse) 178 mg/kg; poison by IV route; toxic by ing. and inh.; mod. toxic to humans by ing.; ing. may lead to headache, jaundice, or hemolytic anemia; may cause liver damage; can cause skin irritation and photosensitization; experimental reproductive effector; TSCA listed *Precaution*: Dangerous: incompate with acid or acid fumos

Precaution: Dangerous; incompat. with acid or acid fumes

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp. or on contact with acid or acid fumes, emits highly toxic fumes of SOx and NOx
- Uses: Antioxidant for lubricants, rubber, waxes; monomer stabilizer; insecticide; mfg. of dyes; polymerization inhibitor for acrylic ester monomers; chain transfer agent in rubber prod.; polymerization control agent in foodpkg. adhesives; food and feed additive; treatment of food-producing animals; mfg. of chlorpromazine and related antipsychotic drugs; anthelmintic drug; antioxidant in dry rosin size in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.2600
- Manuf./Distrib.: AC Ind.; Aldrich; Alemark; Clariant; Fluka; Schweizerhall; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Trade Names Containing: Rohamere® 6852-0

2-Phenoxyethanol acrylate. See 2-Phenoxyethyl acrylate

Phenoxyethyl acrylate. See 2-Phenoxyethyl acrylate

2-Phenoxyethyl acrylate

CAS 48145-04-6

Synonyms: PEA; PEEA; 2-Phenoxyethanol acrylate; Phenoxyethyl acrylate; Phenyl 'Cellosolve' acrylate; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-phenoxyethyl ester

Classification: Monomer

Empirical: C₁₁H₁₂O₃

- *Properties:* M.w. 192.22; b.p. 103-104 (0.6 mm)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 4660 µl/kg, (skin, rabbit) 2540 µl/kg; mod. toxic by skin contact; mildly toxic by ing.; primary skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Reactive diluent for radiation-hardenable systems, inks, lacquers, coatings, adhesives; visc. index improver
- Manuf./Distrib.: CPS; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs

Trade Names Containing: CN 120 M50; CN 980 M50

Phenoxy resin

Definition: High m.w. thermoplastic copolymer of bisphenol A and epichlorohydrin

Empirical: (C₁₈H₂₀O₃)_n

Formula: $-[OC_6H_4C(CH_3)_2C_6H_4OCH_2CH(OH)CH_2]_n$

Properties: Sol. in MEK

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Coatings and adhesives; blow-molded containers, pipe, ventilating ducts, and other molded parts; plastics modifier; food-contact adhesives, coatings, paper, closure-sealing gaskets for food containers

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Eastech; Matteson-Ridolfi; Sigma; Union Carbide

- Trade Names: PAPHEN® PKFE; PAPHEN® PKHC®; PAPHEN® PKHH; PAPHEN® PKHJ; PAPHEN® PKHM-301; PAPHEN® PKHW-35
- Trade Names Containing: PAPHEN® PKHS-40

Phenthiazine. See Phenothiazine

Phenyl acid phosphate

CAS 701-64-4

Uses: Catalyst used in coatings, chem. reactions; coupling agents and solubilizers in heavy-duty liq. detergents; curing agents in solder fluxes; binder for foundry prods; in food-contact paper/paperboard; polymerization catalyst in melamine-formaldehyde-modified alkyd coatings for food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Manuf./Distrib.: Albright & Wilson Am. Trade Names Containing: Albrite® PA-75

- 3-[[4-(Phenylamino) phenyl] azo] benzenesulfonic acid monosodium salt. See Acid yellow 36
- 3-(4-Phenylaminophenylazo) benzenesulfonic acid, sodium salt. See Acid

N-Phenylaniline. See Diphenylamine

- 1-Phenýlazo-2-naphthol-6,8-disulfonic acid, disodium salt. See Acid orange 10
- 5-(Phenylazo) toluene-3,4-diamine monohydrochloride. See Basic orange 1

N-Phenylbenzeneamine. See Diphenylamine

4-Phenylbenzophenone. See p-Phenylbenzophenone

p-Phenylbenzophenone

- CAŚ 2128-93-0; EINECS/ELINCS 218-345-2
- Synonyms: Benzophenone, 4-phenyl-; 4-Benzoylbiphenyl; p-Benzoylbiphenyl; 4-Biphenylyl phenyl ketone; p-Biphenylyl phenyl ketone; Biphenyl-4yl-phenylmethanone; ((1,1'-Biphenyl)-4-yl) phenylmethanone; 4-Diphenylphenyl ketone; Methanone, (1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl phenyl)-; 4-Phenylbenzophenone; Phenyl p-biphenylyl ketone
- Classification: Aromatic ketone
- Empirical: C₁₉H₁₄O
- Properties: Pinkish-beige to lt. brn. powd.; m.w. 258.32; m.p. 100-103 C; b.p. 419-420 C
- Toxicology: LD (IP, mouse) > 2 g/kg; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Avoid incompat. materials, strong oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, irritating and toxic fumes and gases Storage: Store in cool, dry place; keep container closed when not in use Uses: Photoinitiator for radiation-cured lacquers and printing inks Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Salor

Trade Names: Trigonal® 12

Phenyl p-biphenylyl ketone. See p-Phenylbenzophenone

Phenyl 'Cellosolve' acrylate. See 2-Phenoxyethyl acrylate

N-Phenyl-4-((2,5-dichlorophenyl) azo)-3-hydroxy-2-naphthalenecarboxamide. See Pigment red 2

p-Phenylenedicarbonyl dichloride. *See* Terephthaloyl chloride **o-Phenylenediol**. *See* Pyrocatechol

Phenylethylethanolamine

- CÁS 92-50-2; EINECS/ELINCS 202-160-9
- Synonyms: PEEA; Ethanol, 2-(ethylphenylamino)-; 2-(N-Ethylanilino) ethanol; N-Ethyl-N-(2-hydroxyethyl) aniline; Ethyl (β-hydroxyethyl) aniline; 2-(Ethylphenylamino) ethanol; Ethyl phenyl ethanolamine; N,N-Ethylphenylethanolamine; N-Ethyl-N-phenylethanolamine; N-(2-Hydroxy-ethyl)-N-ethylaniline

Classification: Áromatic amine

Empirical: C10H15NO

- *Formula:* $C_6H_5N(C_2H_5)C_2H_4OH$
- Properties: Solid; sol. in alcohol, acetone, benzene; very sl. sol. in water; m.w. 165.26; dens. 1.104 (20/20 C); m.p. 37.2 C; b.p. 268 C (740 mm) Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1640 mg/kg, (oral, mouse) 2360 mg/kg; harmful;

irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

- Uses: Dye intermediate; polyester cure promoter; solvents; chemical intermediates; laboratory reagent; organic synthesis; coupling agent for dyes for syn. fibers; cure promoter for polyester resins; photosensitive chemical for paper coatings
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Phenyl hydrate. See Phenol

Phenyl hydroxide. See Phenol

1-Phenyl-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-propan-1-one. See 2-Hydroxy 2-methyl 1-phenyl 1-propanone

Phenylic acid. See Phenol

Phenylic alcohol. See Phenol

Phenyl ketone. See Benzophenone

Phenylmercuri acetate. See Phenylmercuric acetate

Phenylmercuric acetate

- CAS 62-38-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-532-5; UN No. 1674 (DOT)
- Synonyms: PMA; PMAC; PMAS; (Acetato) phenylmercury; (Acetoxymercuri) benzene; Acetoxyphenylmercury; Mercuriphenyl acetate; Mercury, (acetato) phenyl-; Phenomercuric acetate; Phenylmercuri acetate; Phenylmercury acetate

Classification: Metallo-organic compd.

Empirical: C₈H₈HgO₂

Formula: C₆H₅HgOCOCH₃

- Properties: Wh. to cream prisms or clear sol'n.; odorless; sol. in 600 parts water; sol. in alcohol, benzene, acetone, glacial acetic acid; m.w. 336.75; m.p. 148-150 C
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 22 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 13 mg/kg; ACGIH TLV/ TWA 0.1 mg(Hg)/m³ (skin); toxic by ingestion, inhalation, IV, IP, subcut., skin absorption; strong irritant; eye and severe human skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Environmental: Toxic to fish; nontoxic to bees
- Precaution: Inactivated by sulfides, thioglycolates

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Hg

NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Light-sensitive

- Uses: Fungicide, mildewcide for paints, cosmetics, agric. seed dressing; preservative in paints, cosmetics; herbicide; insecticide; slimicide in paper mills; laboratory reagent; antimicrobial preservative, antibacterial, antifungal in pharmaceuticals; spermicide
- Use Level: 0.0065%; 0.001% (parenterals); 0.002-0.004% (ophthalmics)
- Regulatory: USA EPA reg., limited to eye cosmetics/pharmaceuticals; USP/ NF compliance; SARA reportable; Europe listed
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Atomergic Chemetals; Cosan; EM Ind.; Noah; Ruger; Spectrum Quality Prods.; W.A. Cleary
- Phenylmercury acetate. See Phenylmercuric acetate Phenylmethane. See Toluene

Phenyl methyl ethanolamine. See 2-(N-Methylanilino) ethanol Phenylmethyl 4-hydroxybenzoate. See Benzylparaben Phenyl-2-naphthylamine. See Phenyl-β-naphthylamine

Phenyl-^β-naphthylamine

- CÁS 135-88-6; EINECS/ELINCS 205-223-9
- Synonyms: PBN; PBNA; Anilinonaphthalene; 2-Anilinonaphthalene; N-2-Naphthylaniline; β-Naphthylphenylamine; 2-Naphthylphenylamine; Phenyl-2-naphthylamine; N-Phenyl-2-naphthylamine; N-Phenyl-β-naphthylamine
- Empirical: C₁₆H₁₃N
- Formula: C10H7NHC6H5
- Properties: Lt. gray powd. or rhombic cryst.; very sol. in hot alcohol, ether, acetone; sol. in hot benzene; insol. in water; m.w. 219.30; dens. 1.24; m.p. 107-108 C; b.p. 395.5 C
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 8730 mg/kg; TDLo (subcut., mouse) 464 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; irritant; experimental carcinogen, neoplastigen, and tumorigen; suspected human carcinogen; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x Uses: Rubber antioxidant, lubricant, inhibitor (butadiene); antioxidant for lubricants; in food-pkg. adhesives; antioxidant in dry rosin size in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; antioxidant in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; antioxidant in mineral oil lubricants for incidental food-contact use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.2600, 178.3570 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

N-Phenyl-2-naphthylamine. See Phenyl- β -naphthylamine N-Phenyl- β -naphthylamine. See Phenyl- β -naphthylamine Phenyl perchloryl. See Hexachlorobenzene

2-Phenylphenol. See o-Phenylphenol

o-Phenylphenol

- CAŚ 90-43-7; EINECS/ELINCS 201-993-5
- Synonyms: OPP; o-Biphenylol; 2-Biphenylol; (1,1'-Biphenyl)-2-ol; o-Diphenylol; 2-Hydroxybiphenyl; o-Hydroxybiphenyl; 2-Hydroxydiphenyl; o-Hydroxydiphenyl; Orthohydroxydiphenyl; Orthophenylphenol; 2-Phenylphenol; o-Xenol

Classification: Substituted aromatic compd.

Empirical: C₁₂H₁₀O

Formula: C₆H₅C₆H₄OH

Properties: Nearly wh. or It. buff crystals, mild char. sweetish odor; sol. in alcohol, sodium hydroxide sol'n., aq. alkali, oxygenated solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 170.22; dens. 1.217 (25/25 C); m.p. 56-58 C; b.p. 280-284 C

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2.48 g/kg, (IP, mouse) 50 mg/kg; poison by IP route; mod. toxic by ing., others; irritating to eyes, skin; experimental

teratogen, reproductive effects; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed Uses: Intermediate for dyes, germicides, fungicides, rubber chemicals; dye carrier; biocide for adhesives, paper, building prods., leather; laboratory reagent; disinfectant; antiseptic; cosmetic preservative; antibacterial preservative for foods; agric. fungicide; in rubber industry; preservative in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; fungicide for finish coating materials for poly(phenyleneterephthalamide) resin food pkg.; antioxidant in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use Use Level: 0.05-0.5% Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.1632, 177.2600; USA EPA reg.; SARA reportable; Japan approved; Europe listed 0.2% max. as phenol; UK approved Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Aldrich; Ashland; Coalite Chems.; Fluka; Howard Hall; Nipa Labs; Sigma Trade Names: Nipacide® OPP 2-Phenylphenol sodium salt. See Sodium o-phenylphenate o-Phenylphenol sodium salt. See Sodium o-phenylphenate Phenyl p-tolyl ketone. See 4-Methylbenzophenone Phenyltrimethoxysilane CAS 2996-92-1; EINECS/ELINCS 221-066-9 Synonyms: Trimethoxyphenylsilane; (Trimethoxysilyl) benzene *Classification:* Silane Empirical: C₉H₁₄O₃Si Formula: C6H5Si(OCH3)3 Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in oxygenated, chlorinated, and aromatic solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 198.30; dens. 1.062 (20/4 C); vapor pressure 20 mm (108 C); b.p. 211 C; flash pt. 86 C; ref. index 1.472 (20 C); dielec. const. 4.44 Toxicology: LD50 (IV, mouse) 180 mg/kg; poison by IV route; skin, eyes, and respiratory tract irritant; TSCA listed Precaution: Combustible liq. Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 2; Reactivity 1 Storage: Moisture-sensitive; store under nitrogen Uses: Coupling agent for plastics; release agent; lubricant; blocking agent; chemical intermediate; surf. treatment for paints, inks, adhesives; in polymers to be applied to powds., glass, paper, and fabrics Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Archimica Florida; Fluka; Gelest; Sivento Philosopher's wool. See Zinc oxide Phlogopite. See Mica Phosphate, sodium hexameta-. See Sodium hexametaphosphate Phosphinic acid, compd. with 2-(4-thiazolyl)-1H-benzimidazole (1:1). See Thiabendazole hypophosphite salt Phosphinopolycarboxylic acid Uses: Scale inhibitor and dispersant for water treatment (boiler and cooling water, pulp and papermaking systems); food-contact paper/paperboard Trade Names: Acumer® 4161 Phosphonic acid CAS 13598-36-2; EINECS/ELINCS 237-066-7; UN No. 2834 (DOT) Synonyms: Orthophosphorous acid; Orthophosphorus acid; Phosphorous acid; Phosphorous acid, ortho-; Phosphorus trihydroxide; Trihydroxyphosphine Classification: Acid Empirical: H₃O₃P Properties: Wh. or ylsh. cryst. mass, garlic-like taste; very sol. in alcohol, water; m.w. 82.00; dens. 1.651; m.p. 73 C; b.p. 200 C (dec.) Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1895 mg/kg, (oral, mouse) 2172 mg/kg; harmful; mod. toxic by ing.; corrosive; causes burns; TSCA listed Precaution: DOT: Corrosive material; absorbs oxygen very readily with formation of orthophosphoric acid Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of PO_x

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic tumes of PO_x and phosphine which may ignite

Storage: Very hygroscopic and deliq.; air-sensitive; store under nitrogen

Uses: Intermediate for mfg. of diphosphonic acids and phosphite salts used as pesticides, chelates, plastic additives, water treatment chems.; restricts color formation in esterification and condensation reactions (in small quantities); resin decolorization agent; chemical reducing agent; analysis (testing for mercury) Trade Names Containing: Bekaperg 834

- Phosphonic acid, ((bis(2-(bis (phosphonomethyl) amino) ethyl) amino) methyl)-, sodium salt. See Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate)
- Phosphonic acid, (1,2-ethanediylbis (nitrilobis (methylene))) tetrakis-. See Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid)
- Phosphonic acid, [1,6-hexanediylbis [nitrilobis (methylene)]] tetrakis potassium salt. See Potassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate)
- Phosphonic acid, (1-hydroxyethylidene) bis-, tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium etidronate
- Phosphonic acid, (nitrilotris (methylene)) tri-. See Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid
- Phosphonic acid, (nitrilotris (methylene)) tri-, pentasodium salt. See Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate
- Phosphonic acid, (((phosphonomethyl)imini) bis (2,1-ethanediylnitrilobis (methylene))) tetrakis-, sodium salt. See Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate)
- Phosphonic acid, [[(phosphonomethyl) imino] bis [2,1-ethanediyInitrilobis (methylene)]] tetrakis-. See Diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonic acid
- Phosphonic acid, [(phosphonomethyl) imino] bis [2,1-ethanediyl nitrilobis (methylene)] tetrakis, pentasodium salt. See Pentasodium diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonate
- Phosphonium, tetrakis (hydroxymethyl)-, sulfate (2:1). See Tetrakis (hydroxymethyl) phosphonium sulfate

2-Phosphono butane tricarboxylic acid-1,2,4

CAS 37971-36-1 *Synonyms:* PBTC; 1,2,4-Butanetricarboxylic acid, 2-phosphono-; 2-Phosphonobutane-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid

- *Empirical:* C₇H₁₁O₉P
- Properties: M.w. 270.13

Uses: Corrosion and scale inhibitor in cooling systems; deflocculant for ceramic slips and oil drilling sludges; stabilizer for pigment suspensions; formulation of cleaning agents; pickling and cleaning agent for oxidized metal surfs.; sequestrant; dispersant

Trade Names: Dequest® 7000

- 2-Phosphonobutane-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid. See 2-Phosphono butane tricarboxylic acid-1,2,4
- [[(Phosphonomethyl) imino] bis [ethane-2,1-diylnitrilobis (methylene)] tetrakisphosphonic acid. See Diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonic acid

Phosphoric acid

- CÅS 7664-38-2; EINECS/ELINCS 231-633-2; UN No. 1805 (DOT); FEMA 2900
- Synonyms: Orthophosphoric acid; Phosphoric acid, pure
- Classification: Inorganic mineral acid
- Empirical: H₃O₄P

Formula: H₃PO₄

- Properties: Colorless liq. or rhombic crystals, odorless; sol. in water, alcohol; misc. with many org. solvs.; m.w. 97.99; dens. 1.70 (20/4 C); vapor pressure 0.0285 mm (20 C); m.p. 42.4 C; b.p. 158 C; starts to dec. above 200 C forming polyphosphoric acids
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 1 mg/m³; STEL 3 mg/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 1530 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 2740 mg/kg; mod. toxic by skin contact; human poison by ing.; corrosive irritant to eyes, skin, mucous membranes; systemic irritant by inh.; common air contaminant; TSCA listed

Environmental: Environmentally hazardous

Precaution: DOT: Corrosive material; strong acid; mixts. with nitromethane are explosive; incompat. with alkalis; corrosive to many metals; violent reaction possible with sodium tetrahydroborate

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of PO_x NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Uses: In mfg. of inorganic phosphates, fertilizers, detergents, chemical polishing, paints, priming metals, petroleum refining; acid catalyst; as acidulant, flavor, antioxidant, sequestrant in food; pharmaceutic acid, buffering agent in cosmetics; in dental cements; in analytical chem.; corrosion/scale control in drinking water treatment; bonding agent (ceramics); metal cleaning; electropolishing; dil. as tonic for treatment of nausea/vomiting; in resinbonded filters for food contact; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings *Use Level:* ADI 0-70 mg/kg (EU)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §131.144, 133, 175.300, 177.2260, 178.3520, 182.1073, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147 (0.01% max. in lard, shortening, poultry fat); FEMA GRAS; SARA reportable; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for parenterals, intramuscular injectables, orals, topicals, vaginals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Agrium; Albright & Wilson Am.; Albright & Wilson UK; Aldrich; Amyl; Arch Chems.; Ashland; Bilt Chems. Ltd; Coyne; FMC Foret; FMC; Farleyway Chem. Ltd; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; General Chem.; Houghton Chem.; Mallinckrodt Baker; Monsanto; Occidental; Oriental Chem. Ind.; Rasa Ind.; Rhodia HPCII; Ruger; Schaefer Tech.; Sigma; Sinochem Liaoning; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tekchem; Varsal Instruments

Trade Names: Degal S

Phosphoric acid, aluminum salt (1:1). See Aluminum orthophosphate Phosphoric acid, butyl ester. See Butyl acid phosphate Phosphoric acid diammonium salt. See Ammonium phosphate, dibasic Phosphoric acid dipotassium salt. See Potassium phosphate dibasic Phosphoric acid disodium salt. See Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous Phosphoric acid isooctyl ester. See Isooctyl acid phosphate Phosphoric acid, monomethyl ester. See Methyl acid phosphate Phosphoric acid, pure. See Phosphoric acid Phosphoric acid, tributyl ester. See Tributyl phosphate Phosphoric acid, tri-n-butyl ester. See Tributyl phosphate Phosphoric acid, trilauryl ester. See Tributyl phosphate Phosphoric acid, trilauryl ester. See Tributyl phosphate Phosphoric acid, tris (2-ethylhexyl) ester. See Tributyl phosphate Phosphoric acid trisodium salt. See Sodium phosphate tribasic Phosphoric acid trisodium salt. See Sodium phosphate tribasic Phosphorous acid. See Phosphonic acid

Phosphorous acid, cyclic neopentanetetrayl bis (2,4-di-t-butylphenyl) ester. See Bis (2,4-di-t-butylphenyl) pentaerythritol diphosphite Phosphorous acid, ortho-. See Phosphonic acid Phosphorus trihydroxide. See Phosphonic acid Phthalic acid, bis (2-ethylhexyl) ester. See s-Dioctyl phthalate Phthalic acid, diallyl ester. See Diallyl phthalate o-Phthalic acid, diallyl ester. See Diallyl phthalate Phthalic acid, dicyclohexyl ester. See Dicyclohexyl phthalate Phthalic acid, didecyl ester. See Didecyl phthalate Phthalic acid, dihexyl ester. See Dihexyl phthalate Phthalic acid, diisobutyl ester. See Diisobutyl phthalate Phthalic acid, diisononyl ester. See Diisononyl phthalate Phthalic acid, diisooctyl ester. See Diisooctyl phthalate Phthalic acid, dioctyl ester. See s-Dioctyl phthalate Phthalocyanine blue. See Copper phthalocyanine blue Phthalocyanine brilliant green. See Phthalocyanine green

Phthalocyanine green

CAS 1328-53-6; EINECS/ELINCS 215-524-7

Synonyms: Brilliant green phthalocyanine; CI 74260; Copper phthalocyanine green; Cyanine green toner; Pacific green No. 6491; Phthalocyanine brilliant green; Pigment green 7; Pigment green phthalocyanine; Polychloro copper phthalocyanine; Thalo green No. 1

Classification: Phthalocyanine color

Empirical: C₃₂Cl₁₆CuN₈

Properties: Grn. powd.; sol. in conc. H₂SO₄; sol. (mg/ml): < 1 mg in water, DMSO, 95% ethanol, acetone (21 C); m.w. 1127.21

Toxicology: Mutagen; TSCA listed

Precaution: Probably combustible

Storage: Refrigerate

Uses: Colorant for paints/coatings, plastics, printing inks, lacquers, leather and book cloth, paper surfacing, chalks, colored pencils, food-contact polymers, hair dyes

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3297

Manuf./Distrib.: Aarbor Int'I.; Aceto; Ashland; Ciba Spec. Chems./Colors; Landers-Segal Color; Mitsui & Co. USA; Rainbow; Revelli; Robert I. Webber; Royale Pigments & Chems.; Southern Texas Chem.; Wego Chem. & Min.

p-Phthaloyl chloride. See Terephthaloyl chloride

p-Phthaloyl dichloride. See Terephthaloyl chloride

PIB. See Polyisobutene

Pigment black 6. See Carbon black Pigment black 7. See Carbon black Pigment black 9. See Bone black Pigment black 10. See Carbon, activated Pigment black 11. See Iron oxide black Pigment blue 15. See Copper phthalocyanine blue Pigment blue 15:3 Synonyms: CI 74160:3 Classification: Copper phthalocyanine color Empirical: C₃₂H₁₆CuN₈ Uses: Colorant for coatings, inks, plastics Trade Names: Ponolith™ Supra Blue HM Liq. Pigment blue 27. See Ferric ferrocyanide Pigment blue 29. See Ultramarine blue Pigment brown 6. See Ferric oxide Pigment brown 7. See Ferric oxide Pigment green 7. See Phthalocyanine green Pigment green 12. See Acid green 1 Pigment green 17. See Chromium oxide (ic) Pigment green phthalocyanine. See Phthalocyanine green Pigment metal 1. See Aluminum Piament red 2 CAS 6041-94-7 Synonyms: CI 12310; CI pigment red 2; N-Phenyl-4-((2,5-dichlorophenyl) azo)-3-hydroxy-2-naphthalenecarboxamide Empirical: C₂₃H₁₅Cl₂N₃O₂ Properties: YIsh. red to dk. red powd.; sol. < 1 mg/ml in water, DMSO, 95% ethanol, acetone; m.w. 187.67; m.p. 310-311 C Precaution: Probably combustible Storage: Store refrigerated Uses: Pigment in paints, printing inks, alkyd resin enamels, lacquers, emulsion paints, paper, linoleum, plastics, vinyl prods., rubber, textile printing pastes Manuf./Distrib.: Zhuhai Skyhigh Chems. Pigment red 3 CAS 2425-85-6; EINECS/ELINCS 219-372-2 Synonyms: CI 12120; CI pigment red 3; D&C Red No. 35; Fast red A; Independence red; Lake red 4R; 1-((4-Methyl-2-nitrophenyl) azo)-2naphthalenol; 2-Naphthalenol, 1-((4-methyl-2-nitrophenyl) azo)-; Permanent red 4R; Pigment scarlet; Scarlet pigment RN; Toluidine red; Toluidine toner Empirical: C17H13N3O3 Properties: Ylsh.-red to red powd.; sol. < 1 mg/ml in water, DMSO, 95% ethanol, methanol, acetone, toluene; sl. sol. in benzene; m.w. 307.33; m.p. 270-272 C Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 10 g/kg; harmful by ing., inh., or skin absorp.; may cause irritation; may be absorbed thru skin; prolonged/repeated exposure may cause allergic reactions in sensitive individuals; may cause pronounced coloring of skin and blockage of the upper respiratory tract; risk of irreversible effects; possible carcinogen; mutagenic data; target organs: bone marrow, kidneys, liver, spleen, thyroid, adrenal medulla;

TSCA listed *Precaution:* Probably combustible; sensitive to moisture and temps. over 150 C

- *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of CO, CO₂, NO₃, emits toxic fumes under fire conditions
- Storage: Store refrigerated; keep tightly closed; store under inert atmosphere if possible; protect from moisture
- Uses: Dye in paints, printing inks, emulsion paints, wallpaper, linoleum, carbon papers, student-grade artist materials, syn. resin lacquers and leather finishes, inks for foil and tinplate printing, paper coating and dyeing, typewriter ribbons, rubber, celluloid, cellulose acetate, P/F, U/F, styrene, protein plastics, and textile printing *Manuf./Distrib.*: Acros Org.; Aldrich; ICN Biomed. Research Prods.

Pigment red 4. See 1-[(2-Chloro-4-nitrophenyl) azo]-2-naphthalenol

Diamont rod 01

Pigment red 81 CAS 12224-98-5

Synonyms: CI 45160 lake; 9-(2-Ethoxycarbonyl) phenyl-3,6-bis (ethylamino)-

2,7-dimethylxanthylium molybdatetungstatephosphate; 2-((6-Ethylamino)-3-ethylimino-2,7-dimethyl-3H-xanthene-9-yl) benzoic acid, ethyl ester with molybdenum tungsten hydroxide oxide phosphate; Molybdenum tungsten hydroxide oxide phosphate, compd. with ethyl 2-(6-ethylamino)-3-(ethylimino)-2,7-dimethyl-3H-xanthen-9-yl) benzoate; Molybdotungstophosphoric acid, compd. with ethyl 2-(6-(ethylamino)-3-(ethylimino)-2,7-dimethyl-3H-xanthen-9-yl) benzoate *Empirical:* $C_{28}H_{31}N_2O_3 \cdot x$ (unspecified) Properties: Dk. pink powd.; very sol. in aliphatic petrol., esters, xylene, 5% HCl, linseed oil, oleic acid; sol. 1-5 mg/ml in water; sol. < 1 mg/ml in DMSO, 95% ethanol, acetone; sl. sol. in Cellosolve, ketones, NC solvs. Precaution: Probably combustible Storage: Store refrigerated Uses: Pigment in printing inks, paper coating/staining, crayons, colored pencils, typewriter ribbons, copying papers, enamels, lacquers, emulsion paints, plastics, vinyl prods., textile printing Manuf./Distrib.: Zhuhai Skyhigh Chems. Pigment red 101. See Ferric oxide; Iron oxide red Pigment red 102. See Ferric oxide; Iron oxide red Pigment red 122. See Pigment violet 19 Pigment scarlet. See Pigment red 3 Pigment violet 19 CAS 1047-16-1; EINECS/ELINCS 213-879-2 Synonyms: CI 46500; 5,12-Dihydroquino [2,3-b] acridine-7,14-dione; Pigment red 122; Quinacridone; Quinacridone red; Quinacridone violet; Quino (2,3-b) acridine-7,14-dione, 5,12-dihydro-Classification: Quinacridone colorant Empirical: C₂₀H₁₂N₂O₂ Properties: Reddish-brn. cryst.; insol. in water; m.w. 312.33 Toxicology: May be harmful by inh., ing., or skin absorption; causes eye/ skin/mucous membrane/upper respiratory tract irritation; TSCA listed Precaution: Avoid heat, sunlight, high temps.; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Decomp. may produce toxic fumes of CO, CO₂, NO_x; fire may produce irritating or poisonous gases Storage: Store in a cool, dry place; keep tightly closed Uses: Colorant/pigment for plastics, paints/coatings, inks, enamels, lacquers; colorant in food-contact polymers, hair dyes Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3297 Manuf./Distrib.: Dojindo Labs Trade Names: Ponolith™ Supra Red CD Lig. Pigment violet 23 CAS 6358-30-1; EINECS/ELINCS 228-767-9 Synonyms: CI 51319; Carbazole violet; 8,18-Dichloro-5,15-diethyl-5,15dihydrodiindolo [3,2-b:3,2-m] triphenodioxazine; Dioxazine violet RL Classification: Oxazine color Empirical: C₃₄H₂₂Cl₂N₄O₂ Properties: M.w. 589.49 Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Colorant/pigment for plastics, paints/coatings, inks, lacquers, hair dyes Trade Names: Ponolith™ Supra Violet EB Lig. Pigment white 4. See Zinc oxide Pigment white 5. See Lithopone Pigment white 6. See Titanium dioxide Pigment white 7. See Zinc sulfide Pigment white 11. See Antimony trioxide Pigment white 18. See Calcium carbonate; Calcium monocarbonate; Whiting **Pigment white 19**. *See* Kaolin **Pigment white 21**. *See* Barium sulfate Pigment white 25. See Calcium sulfate dihydrate Pigment white 26. See Talc Pigment white 27. See Silica, fumed Pigment yellow 14 CAS 5468-75-7 Synonyms: Benzidine yellow AAOT; Benzidine yellow G; Butanamide, 2,2'-((3,3'-dichloro (1,1'-biphenyl)-4,4'-diyl) bis (azo)) bis (N-(2-methylphen-FEMA 2907 yl)-3-oxo-; Cl 21095; 2,2 - ((3,3 - Dichloro (1,1 - biphenyl)-4,4 - diyl) bis (azo)) bis (N-(2-methylphenyl)-3-oxobutamide; Radiant yellow

Empirical: C₃₄H₃₀Cl₂N₆O₄

Properties: M.w. 657.60

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg; low toxicity by ing.; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x and Cl

Uses: Colorant/pigment for printing inks, resins, plastics, rubber Trade Names: Octotint 150

Pigment yellow 65

Synonyms: Arylamide yellow RN; CI 11740

- Empirical: C₁₈H₁₈N₄O₆
- Properties: M.w. 386.36

Uses: Colorant/pigment for emulsion paints, papers, inks

Trade Names: Ponolith™ Supra Yellow RD Liq.

Pigment yellow 74

CAS 6358-31-2

Synonyms: CI 11741; CI pigment yellow 74; Dalamar yellow; Luna yellow; 2-((2-Methoxy-4-nitrophenyl) azo)-N-(2-methoxyphenyl)-3-oxobutanamide; Permanent yellow, lead free; Ponolith yellow Y

Empirical: C₁₈H₁₈N₄O₆

- Properties: Bright yel. powd.; sol. < 1 mg/ml in water, DMSO, 95% ethanol, methanol, acetone, toluene; m.w. 386.37; m.p. 293 C (tech.); considerable tendency to sublime when heated to m.p.
- Toxicology: May be harmful by inh., ing., or skin absorp.; may cause irritation; prolonged/repeated exposure may cause allergic reactions in sensitive individuals

Precaution: Probably combustible

Storage: Store at ambient temps.

- Uses: Pigment in paints, emulsion paints, toy enamels, printing inks; pigment for coloring and tinting of paper
- Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma

Pigment yellow 150

Synonyms: CI 12764 Classification: Azo colorant

Uses: Colorant for plastics, coatings, papers, inks Trade Names: Ponolith™ Supra Yellow GY Liq.

Pine balsam. See Turpentine

Pine gum. See Turpentine

Pine oil. See Pine (Pinus palustris) oil

Pine (Pinus palustris) oil

CAS 8002-09-3; UN No. 1272 (DOT)

Synonyms: Oleum abietis; Pine oil; Yarmor; Yarmor pine oil

- Definition: Volatile oil obtained from distillation of the species Pinus
- Properties: Colorless to pale yel. liq., penetrating pine odor; sol. in org. solvs.; insol. in water; dens. 0.86; b.p. 200-220 C; flash pt. (CC) 172 F
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3200 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 5 g/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; mildly toxic by skin contact; irritating to eyes, skin, mucous membranes; weak allergen; human systemic effects by ing. (excitement, ataxia, headache); large doses may cause CNS depression; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm. exposed to heat or flame; can react with oxidizers; mod. spontaneous heating

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Odorant; disinfectant; sanitizer ingred.; penetrant; wetting agent; solvent; flotation frothing agent; preservative (textiles, papers); nonreactive epoxy resin diluent; laboratory reagent; fragrance ingred.; natural flavoring agent for foods; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.510, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800; 27CFR §21.65, 21.151
- Manuf./Distrib.: Alfa Chem; Allchem Ind.; Andrea Aromatics; Arizona; Ashland; Berje; Charabot USA; Dujodwala Resins & Terpenes; George Uhe; Givaudan-Roure; Harcros; Hercules; J.H. Calo; Langley-Smith Ltd; Lebermuth; MelChem; Millennium Spec. Chems.; Penta Mfg.; Polarome Int'l.; Ruger; Schaefer Tech.; Sea-Land; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Spectrum Quality Prods.; T&R Chem.; Technichem; U.S. Synthetics; Ultra Int'l.; Wego Chem. & Min.; Welch, Holme & Clark

Pine (Pinus palustris) tar oil

Synonyms: Tar oil; Tar oil, wood

Definition: Volatile oil from steam distillation of pine tar, Pinus palustris or other spp Properties: Almost colorless liq. when freshly distilled; turns dk. reddish-brn.; strong odor and taste; sol. in ether, chloroform, alcohol, carbon disulfide; dens. 0.862-0.872; flash pt. 62.2 C Precaution: Combustible Uses: Paints, varnishes, stains; waterproofing paper; rubber reclaiming; ore flotation; cattle dips; insecticides; natural flavoring agent in foods and pharmaceuticals Use Level: 2.0 ppm (ice cream, ices), 10 ppm (candy) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515; FEMA GRAS Pine rosin. See Rosin Plaster of Paris. See Calcium sulfate; Calcium sulfate hemihydrate Plastics, epoxy. See Epoxy resin Plastic sponge. See Polyurethane, thermoplastic Platy talc. See Talc Pliofilm. See Rubber hydrochloride PMA. See Phenylmercuric acetate; Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate PMAA, sodium salt. See Sodium polymethacrylate PMAC. See Phenylmercuric acetate PM acetate. See Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate PMAS. See Phenylmercuric acetate PMM. See Polymethyl methacrylate PMMA. See Polymethyl methacrylate POE (4). See PEG-4 POE (8). See PEG-8 POE (9). See PEG-9 POE (12). See PEG-12 POE (14). See PEG-14 POE (16). See PEG-16 POE (20). See PEG-20 POE (32). See PEG-32 POE (40). See PEG-40 POE (75). See PEG-75 POE (100). See PEG-100 POE (135). See PEG-135 POE (150). See PEG-150 POE (180). See PEG-180 **POE (200)**. *See* PEG-200 **POE (350)**. *See* PEG-350 POE (2000). See PEG-2M POE (4000). See PEG-4M POE (5000). See PEG-5M POE (6000). See PEG-6M POE (7000). See PEG-7M POE (9000). See PEG-9M POE (10000). See PEG-10M POE (14000). See PEG-14M **POE (23000)**. See PEG-23M **POE (35000)**. See PEG-35M POE (45000). See PEG-45M POE (90000). See PEG-90M POE (115000). See PEG-115M POE (160000). See PEG-160M POE (6) alkyl (13) ether. See Trideceth-6 POE (17) C12-14 alkyl. See C12-14 pareth-17 POE (2) castor oil. See PEG-2 castor oil POE (4) castor oil. See PEG-4 castor oil POE (5) castor oil. See PEG-5 castor oil POE (8) castor oil. See PEG-8 castor oil POE (15) castor oil. See PEG-15 castor oil POE (16) castor oil. See PEG-16 castor oil POE (17) castor oil. See PEG-17 castor oil POE (20) castor oil. See PEG-20 castor oil POE (25) castor oil. See PEG-25 castor oil POE (26) castor oil. See PEG-26 castor oil POE (28) castor oil. See PEG-28 castor oil POE (30) castor oil. See PEG-30 castor oil POE (33) castor oil. See PEG-33 castor oil POE (36) castor oil. See PEG-36 castor oil POE (40) castor oil. See PEG-40 castor oil

POE (42) castor oil. See PEG-42 castor oil POE (52) castor oil. See PEG-52 castor oil POE (54) castor oil. See PEG-54 castor oil POE (60) castor oil. See PEG-60 castor oil POE (80) castor oil. See PEG-80 castor oil POE (100) castor oil. See PEG-100 castor oil POE (180) castor oil. See PEG-180 castor oil POE (200) castor oil. See PEG-200 castor oil POE (10) cetyl alcohol. See Ceteth-10 POE (2) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-2 POE (3) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-3 POE (4) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-4 POE (5) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-5 POE (6) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-6 POE (7) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-7 POE (10) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-10 POE (11) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-11 POE (12) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-12 POE (14) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-14 POE (15) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-15 POE (16) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-16 POE (17) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-17 POE (20) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-20 POE (23) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-23 POE (24) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-24 POE (25) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-25 POE (30) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-30 POE (40) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-40 POE (45) cetyl ether. See Ceteth-45 POE (2) cetyl/oleyl ether. See Cetoleth-2 POE (3) cetyl/oleyl ether. See Cetoleth-3 POE (6) cetyl/oleyl ether. See Cetoleth-6 POE (8) cetyl/oleyl ether. See Cetoleth-8 POE (10) cetyl/oleyl ether. See Cetoleth-10 POE (25) cetyl/oleyl ether. See Cetoleth-25 POE (2) cetyl/stearyl ether. See Cetoareth-2 POE (5) cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-5 POE (10) cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-10 POE (11) cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-11 POE (14) cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-14 POE (15) cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-15 POE (18) cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-18 POE (20) cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-20 POE (50) cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-50 POE (60) cetyl/stearyl ether. See Ceteareth-60 POE (2) coconut amine. See PEG-2 cocamine **POE** (5) coconut amine. See PEG-5 cocamine POE (10) coconut amine. See PEG-10 cocamine POE (15) coconut amine. See PEG-15 cocamine POE (5) coconut ether. See Coceth-5 POE (8) coconut ether. See Coceth-8 POE (10) coconut ether. See Coceth-10 POE (15) coconut ether. See Coceth-15 POE (20) coconut ether. See Coceth-20 POE (20) corn glycerides. See PEG-20 corn glycerides POE (60) corn glycerides. See PEG-60 corn glycerides POE (4) decyl ether. See Deceth-4 POE (4) decyl ether phosphate. See Deceth-4 phosphate POE (2) dibenzoate. See Diethylene glycol dibenzoate POE (8) dicocoate. See PEG-8 dicocoate POE (2) dilaurate. See PEG-2 dilaurate POE (4) dilaurate. See PEG-4 dilaurate POE (6) dilaurate. See PEG-6 dilaurate POE (8) dilaurate. See PEG-8 dilaurate POE (12) dilaurate. See PEG-12 dilaurate POE (20) dilaurate. See PEG-20 dilaurate POE (32) dilaurate. See PEG-32 dilaurate POE (70) dinonylphenol. See Nonyl nonoxynol-70 POE (7) dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-7 POE (8) dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-8 POE (10) dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-10 POE (14) dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-14

POE (15) dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-15 POE (16) dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-16 POE (18) dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-18 POE (24) dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-24 POE (30) dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-30 POE (70) dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-70 POE (100) dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-100 POE (150) dinonyl phenyl ether. See Nonyl nonoxynol-150 POE (2) dioleate. See PEG-2 dioleate POE (4) dioleate. See PEG-4 dioleate POE (6) dioleate. See PEG-6 dioleate POE (8) dioleate. See PEG-8 dioleate POE (12) dioleate. See PEG-12 dioleate POE (20) dioleate. See PEG-20 dioleate POE (32) dioleate. See PEG-32 dioleate POE (2) distearate. See PEG-2 distearate POE (4) distearate. See PEG-4 distearate POE (6) distearate. See PEG-6 distearate POE (8) distearate. See PEG-8 distearate POE (12) distearate. See PEG-12 distearate POE (20) distearate. See PEG-20 distearate POE (32) distearate. See PEG-32 distearate POE (8) ditallate. See PEG-8 ditallate POE (12) ditallate. See PEG-12 ditallate POE (8) di-tri-ricinoleate. See PEG-8 di/triricinoleate POE (4) dodecyl phenyl ether. See Dodoxynol-4 POE (5) dodecyl phenyl ether. See Dodoxynol-5 POE (6) dodecyl phenyl ether. See Dodoxynol-6 POE (7) dodecyl phenyl ether. See Dodoxynol-7 POE (9) dodecyl phenyl ether. See Dodoxynol-9 POE (10) dodecyl phenyl ether. See Dodoxynol-10 POE (12) dodecyl phenyl ether. See Dodoxynol-12 POE (15) ester of rosin. See PEG-15 rosinate POE (40) glyceryl cocoate. See PEG-40 glyceryl cocoate POE (12) glyceryl dioleate. See PEG-12 glyceryl dioleate POE (12) glyceryl laurate. See PEG-12 glyceryl laurate POE (20) glyceryl laurate. See PEG-20 glyceryl laurate POE (12) glyceryl monolaurate. See PEG-12 glyceryl laurate POE (20) glyceryl monolaurate. See PEG-20 glyceryl laurate POE (15) glyceryl monoleate. See PEG-15 glyceryl oleate POE (15) glyceryl monoricinoleate. See PEG-15 glyceryl ricinoleate POE (20) glyceryl monoricinoleate. See PEG-20 glyceryl ricinoleate POE (15) glyceryl oleate. See PEG-15 glyceryl oleate POE (20) glyceryl oleate. See PEG-20 glyceryl oleate POE hydrogenated castor oil. See PEG hydrogenated castor oil POE (5) hydrogenated castor oil. See PEG-5 hydrogenated castor oil POE (16) hydrogenated castor oil. See PEG-16 hydrogenated castor oil POE (20) hydrogenated castor oil. See PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil POE (25) hydrogenated castor oil. See PEG-25 hydrogenated castor oil POE (200) hydrogenated castor oil. See PEG-200 hydrogenated castor oil POE (4) isodecyl ether. See Isodeceth-4 POE (6) isodecyl ether. See Isodeceth-6 POE (7) isodecyl ether. See Isodeceth-7 POE (3) isododecyl ether. See Isolaureth-3 POE (6) isododecyl ether. See Isolaureth-6 POE (10) isododecyl ether. See Isolaureth-10 POE (3) isolauryl ether. See Isolaureth-3 POE (6) isolauryl ether. See Isolaureth-6 POE (10) isolauryl ether. See Isolaureth-10 POE (6) isolauryl thioether. See PEG-6 isolauryl thioether POE (8) isolauryl thioether. See PEG-8 isolauryl thioether POE (10) isolauryl thioether. See PEG-10 isolauryl thioether POE (7) isotridecyl ether. See Isotrideceth-7 POE (9) isotridecyl ether. See Isotrideceth-9 POE (75) Ianolin. See PEG-75 Ianolin POE (150) Ianolin. See PEG-150 Ianolin POE (2) laurate. See PEG-2 laurate POE (8) lauric acid monoester. See PEG-8 laurate POE (4) lauryl alcohol. See Laureth-4 POE (4) lauryl ether. See Laureth-4 POE (8) lauryl ether. See Laureth-8 POE (9) lauryl ether. See Laureth-9

POE (12) lauryl ether. See Laureth-12 POE (23) lauryl ether. See Laureth-23 POE (1-4) lauryl ether sulfate, ammonium salt. See Ammonium laureth sulfate POE (12) lauryl ether sulfate, ammonium salt. See Ammonium laureth-12 sulfate POE (8) monococoate. See PEG-8 cocoate POE (15) monococoate. See PEG-15 cocoate POE (4) monolaurate. See PEG-4 laurate POE (5) monolaurate. See PEG-5 laurate POE (6) monolaurate. See PEG-6 laurate POE (8) monolaurate. See PEG-8 laurate POE (12) monolaurate. See PEG-12 laurate POE (20) monolaurate. See PEG-20 laurate POE (32) monolaurate. See PEG-32 laurate POE (2) monolaurate self-emulsifying. See PEG-2 laurate SE POE (4) monooctanoate. See PEG-4 octanoate POE (2) monooleate. See PEG-2 oleate POE (4) monooleate. See PEG-4 oleate POE (6) monooleate. See PEG-6 oleate POE (8) monooleate. See PEG-8 oleate POE (9) monooleate. See PEG-9 oleate POE (10) monooleate. See PEG-10 oleate POE (11) monooleate. See PEG-11 oleate POE (12) monooleate. See PEG-12 oleate POE (13) monooleate. See PEG-13 oleate POE (14) monooleate. See PEG-14 oleate POE (15) monooleate. See PEG-15 oleate POE (16) monooleate. See PEG-16 oleate POE (20) monooleate. See PEG-20 oleate POE (23) monooleate. See PEG-23 oleate POE (24) monooleate. See PEG-24 oleate POE (32) monooleate. See PEG-32 oleate POE (36) monooleate. See PEG-36 oleate POE (40) monooleate. See PEG-40 oleate POE (75) monooleate. See PEG-75 oleate POE (100) monooleate. See PEG-100 oleate POE (150) monooleate. See PEG-150 oleate POE (200) monooleate. See PEG-200 oleate POE (300) monooleate. See PEG-300 oleate POE (2) monooleate self-emulsifying. See PEG-2 oleate SE POE (20) monopalmitate. See PEG-20 palmitate POE (12) monoricinoleate. See PEG-12 ricinoleate POE (32) monostearate. See PEG-32 stearate POE (40) monostearate. See PEG-40 stearate POE (2) monostearate self-emulsifying. See PEG-2 stearate SE POE (4) monotallate. See PEG-4 tallate POE (5) monotallate. See PEG-5 tallate POE (8) monotallate. See PEG-8 tallate POE (10) monotallate. See PEG-10 tallate POE (12) monotallate. See PEG-12 tallate POE (14) monotallate. See PEG-14 tallate POE (16) monotallate. See PEG-16 tallate POE (20) monotallate. See PEG-20 tallate POE 300 monotallate. See PEG-6 tallate POE (8) myristate. See PEG-8 myristate POE (20) myristate. See PEG-20 myristate POE (5) nonylphenol. See Nonoxynol-5 POE (2) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-2 POE (3) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-3 POE (4) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-4 POE (5) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-5 POE (6) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-6 POE (7) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-7 POE (8) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-8 POE (9) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-9 POE (10) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-10 POE (11) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-11 POE (12) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-12 POE (13) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-13 POE (14) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-14 POE (15) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-15

POE (18) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-18 POE (20) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-20 POE (23) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-23 POE (25) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-25 POE (30) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-30 POE (34) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-34 POE (40) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-40 POE (44) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-44 POE (50) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-50 POE (55) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-55 POE (60) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-60 POE (70) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-70 POE (100) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-100 POE (120) nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol-120 POE (9) nonyl phenyl ether phosphate. See Nonoxynol-9 phosphate POE (4) nonyl phenyl ether sulfate, ammonium salt. See Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate POE (30) nonyl phenyl ether sulfate, ammonium salt. See Ammonium nonoxynol-30 sulfate POE (3) octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-3 POE (5) octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-5 POE (7) octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-7 POE (8) octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-8 POE (9) octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-9 POE (10) octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-10 POE (11) octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-11 POE (12) octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-12 POE (13) octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-13 POE (16) octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-16 POE (20) octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-20 POE (25) octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-25 POE (30) octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-30 POE (33) octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-33 POE (40) octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-40 POE (70) octyl phenyl ether. See Octoxynol-70 POE (23) oleate. See PEG-23 oleate POE (10) oleic acid. See PEG-10 oleate POE (2) oleyl amine. See PEG-2 oleamine POE (20) oleyl amine. See PEG-20 oleamine POE (2) oleyl ether. See Oleth-2 POE (3) oleyl ether. See Oleth-3 POE (5) oleyl ether. See Oleth-5 POE (6) oleyl ether. See Oleth-6 POE (7) oleyl ether. See Oleth-7 POE (8) oleyl ether. See Oleth-8 POE (9) oleyl ether. See Oleth-9 POE (10) oleyl ether. See Oleth-10 POE (12) oleyl ether. See Oleth-12 POE (15) oleyl ether. See Oleth-15 POE (16) oleyl ether. See Oleth-16 POE (18) oleyl ether. See Oleth-18 POE (20) oleyl ether. See Oleth-20 POE (23) olevi ether. See Oleth-23 POE (25) oleyl ether. See Oleth-25 POE (30) oleyl ether. See Oleth-30 POE (40) oleyl ether. See Oleth-40 POE (44) oleyl ether. See Oleth-44 POE (50) oleyl ether. See Oleth-50 POE (80) oleyl ether. See Oleth-80 POE (7) oleyl ether phosphate. See Oleth-7 phosphate POE/POP copolymer. See EO/PO block polymer or copolymer POE (2) POP (2) monobutyl ether. See PPG-2-buteth-2 POE (3) POP (2) monobutyl ether. See PPG-2-buteth-3 POE (5) POP (3) monobutyl ether. See PPG-3-buteth-5 POE (7) POP (5) monobutyl ether. See PPG-5-buteth-7 POE (10) POP (7) monobutyl ether. See PPG-7-buteth-10 POE (12) POP (9) monobutyl ether. See PPG-9-buteth-12 POE (16) POP (12) monobutyl ether. See PPG-12-buteth-16 POE (20) POP (15) monobutyl ether. See PPG-15-buteth-20 POE (26) POP (26) monobutyl ether. See PPG-26-buteth-26 POE (27) POP (24) monobutyl ether. See PPG-24-buteth-27 POE (30) POP (20) monobutyl ether. See PPG-20-buteth-30

POE (35) POP (28) monobutyl ether. See PPG-28-buteth-35 POE (45) POP (33) monobutyl ether. See PPG-33-buteth-45 POE (8) ricinoleate. See PEG-8 ricinoleate POE (8) sesquilaruate. See PEG-8 sesquilaurate POE (8) sesquioleate. See PEG-8 sesquioleate POE (40) sorbitan laurate. See PEG-40 sorbitan laurate POE (4) sorbitan monolaurate. See Polysorbate 21 POE (20) sorbitan monolaurate. See Polysorbate 20 POE (80) sorbitan monolaurate. See PEG-80 sorbitan laurate POE (3) sorbitan monooleate. See PEG-3 sorbitan oleate POE (5) sorbitan monooleate. See Polysorbate 81 POE (20) sorbitan monooleate. See Polysorbate 80 POE (20) sorbitan monopalmitate. See Polysorbate 40 POE (4) sorbitan monostearate. See Polysorbate 61 POE (6) sorbitan monostearate. See PEG-6 sorbitan stearate POE (20) sorbitan monostearate. See Polysorbate 60 POE (6) sorbitan oleate. See PEG-6 sorbitan oleate POE (40) sorbitan peroleate. See PEG-40 sorbitan peroleate POE (40) sorbitan stearate. See PEG-40 sorbitan stearate POE (40) sorbitan tetraoleate. See PEG-40 sorbitan tetraoleate POE (20) sorbitan trioleate. See Polysorbate 85 POE (20) sorbitan tristearate. See Polysorbate 65 POE (40) sorbitol hexaoleate. See PEG-40 sorbitan hexaoleate POE (40) sorbitol septaoleate. See PEG-40 sorbitan peroleate POE (2) soya amine. See PEG-2 soyamine POE (10) soya amine. See PEG-10 soyamine POE (15) soya amine. See PEG-15 soyamine POE (4) stearate. See PEG-4 stearate POE (6) stearate. See PEG-6 stearate POE (8) stearate. See PEG-8 stearate POE (12) stearate. See PEG-12 stearate POE (20) stearate. See PEG-20 stearate POE (40) stearate. See PEG-40 stearate POE (100) stearate. See PEG-100 stearate POE (1) stearic acid. See Glycol stearate POE (10) stearyl alcohol. See Steareth-10 POE (20) stearyl alcohol. See Steareth-20 POE (5) stearyl amine. See PEG-5 stearamine POE (10) stearyl amine. See PEG-10 stearamine POE (20) stearyl amine. See PEG-20 stearamine POE (30) stearyl amine. See PEG-30 stearamine POE stearyl ether. See Steareth POE (2) stearyl ether. See Steareth-2 POE (10) stearyl ether. See Steareth-10 POE (20) stearyl ether. See Steareth-20 POE (2) tallowamine. See PEG-2 tallowamine POE (5) tallowamine. See PEG-5 tallowamine POE (20) tallowamine. See PEG-20 tallowamine POE (35) tallowamine. See PEG-35 tallowamine POE (10) tallow aminopropylamine. See PEG-10 tallow aminopropylamine POE (6) tallow ether. See Talloweth-6 POE (4) tridecyl alcohol. See Trideceth-4 POE (8) tridecyl alcohol. See Trideceth-8 POE (2) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-2 POE (3) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-3 POE (4) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-4 POE (5) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-5 POE (6) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-6 POE (7) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-7 POE (8) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-8 POE (9) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-9 POE (10) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-10 POE (11) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-11 POE (12) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-12 POE (14) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-14 POE (15) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-15 POE (18) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-18 POE (20) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-20 POE (23) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-23 POE (25) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-25 POE (29) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-29 POE (30) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-30

- POE (40) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-40
- POE (50) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-50
- POE (100) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-100
- POE (150) tridecyl ether. See Trideceth-150
- POE (6) tridecyl ether phosphate. See Trideceth-6 phosphate
- POE (10) tridecyl ether phosphate. See Trideceth-10 phosphate POE (3) undecyl ether. See Undeceth-3
- POE (3) undecyl ether. See Undeceth-5
- POE (6) undecyl ether. See Undeceth-6
- POE (7) undecyl ether. See Undeceth-7
- POE (8) undecyl ether. See Undeceth-8
- POE (11) undecyl ether. See Undeceth-11
- Pogy oil. See Menhaden oil
- Poloxalene. See Poloxamer 188

Poloxamer 101

- CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)
- Synonyms: Methyl oxirane polymers; Polyethylenepolypropylene glycols, polymers
- Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer
- Formula: $HO(CH_2CH_2O)_x(CH(CH_3)CH_2O)_y(CH_2CH_2O)_zH$, avg. x = 2, y = 16, z = 2
- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; water treatment; paints; latexes; surfactant for pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma
- Trade Names: Pluronic® L31

Poloxamer 105

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

- Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer
- Formula: $HO(CH_2CH_2O)_x(CCH_3HCH_2O)_y(CH_2CH_2O)_zH$, avg. x = 11, y =
- 16, z = 11
- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; water treatment; paints; latexes; surfactant for pharmaceuticals; in foodpkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma
- *Trade Names:* Nonionic 1035-L; Pluronic® L35

Poloxamer 108

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

Formula: $HO(CH_2CH_2O)_x(CCH_3HCH_2O)_y(CH_2CH_2O)_zH$, avg. x = 46, y =

- 16, z = 46
- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; water treatment; paints; surfactant for pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg;; in closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
- *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma
- Trade Names: Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic® L62D; Pluronic® L62LF

Poloxamer 122

- CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)
- Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

Formula: $HO(CH_2CH_2O)_x(CCH_3HCH_2O)_y(CH_2CH_2O)_zH$, avg. x = 5, y = 21, z = 5

- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.
- *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Poloxamer 123

- CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)
- *Classification:* Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer
- Formula: $HO(CH_2CH_2O)_x(CCH_3HCH_2O)_y(CH_2CH_2O)_zH$, avg. x = 7, y = 21, z = 7

Properties: Nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; water treatment; paints; latexes; surfactant for pharmaceuticals; in foodpkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma
- Trade Names: Pluronic® L43

Poloxamer 124

- CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)
- Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer
- *Formula:* HO(CH₂CH₂O)_x(CCH₃HCH₂O)_y(CH₂CH₂O)_xH, avg. x = 11, y = 21, z = 11
- Properties: Colorless liq., mild odor; sol. in water, alcohol, IPA, propylene glycol, xylene; m.w. 2090-2360; m.p. 16 C; pH 5.0-7.5 (1 in 40); nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; paints; paper; pharmaceuticals; metalworking; agric.; water treatment; surfactant in pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma
- Trade Names: Nonionic 1044-L; Pluronic® L44

Poloxamer 181

- CAS 9003-11-6 (generic); 53637-25-5
- *Classification:* Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer
- Formula: $HO(CH_2CH_2O)_x(CCH_3HCH_2O)_y(CH_2CH_2O)_zH$, avg. x = 3, y = 30, z = 3
- *Properties:* Nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; paints; paper; agric.; foods; pharmaceuticals; water treatment; provides solvency, low odor, low irritation, low toxicity to personal care prods.; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods; in cellophane for food pkg.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma
- Trade Names: Acclaim® 3201; Čhemal BP 261; Dow EP530; Nonionic 1061-L; Pluronic® L61; Synperonic PE/L61

Poloxamer 182

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

Formula: $HO(CH_2CH_2O)_x(CCH_3HCH_2O)_y(CH_2CH_2O)_zH$, avg. x = 8, y = 30, z = 8

Properties: Low-foaming liq.; m.w. 2450; dens. 1.035; cloud pt. 22 C (10% aq.); flash pt. > 110 C; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; emulsion polymerization; lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Chemal BP-262; Nonionic 1062-L; Pluronic® L62

Poloxamer 183

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

Formula: HO(CH₂CH₂O)_x(CCH₃HCH₂O)_y(CH₂CH₂O)_xH, avg. x = 10, y = 30, z = 10

Properties: Nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; solubilizer, stabilizer in flavor concs.; food processing aid; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Poloxamer 184

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

Formula: $HO(CH_2CH_2O)_x(CCH_3HCH_2O)_y(CH_2CH_2O)_zH$, avg. x = 13, y = 30, z = 13

Properties: Dens. 1.018; flash pt. > 110 C; nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; emulsion polymerization; resin plasticizer; defoamer in paper coatings; water treatment; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Antarox® L-64; Nonionic 1064-L; Pluronic® L64

Poloxamer 185

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

Formula: HO(CH₂CH₂O), (CCH₃HCH₂O), (CH₂CH₂O), H, avg. x = 19, y = 30, z = 19

Properties: Nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Poloxamer 188

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic) *Synonyms:* Poloxalene Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

- *Formula:* HO(CH₂CH₂O)_x(CCH₃HCH₂O)_y(CH₂CH₂O)₂H, avg. x = 75, y = 30, z = 75
- Properties: Wh. flakeable solid, nearly odorless; sol. in water, alcohol; m.w. 8350; m.p. 50 C min.; cloud pt. > 100 C (10% aq.); pH 5.0-7.5 (1 in 40); nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; latex stabilizer; lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints; surfactant for pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives
- *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210; FDA approved for intravenous, orals; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Nonionic 1068-F; Pluronic® F68

Poloxamer 212

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

Formula: $HO(CH_2CH_2O)_x(CCH_3HCH_2O)_y(CH_2CH_2O)_zH$, avg. x = 8, y = 35, z = 8

- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; solubilizer, stabilizer for flavors; food processing aid; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Poloxamer 215

- CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)
- Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer
- *Formula*: HO(CH₂CH₂O),(CCH₃HCH₂O),(CH₂CH₂O),H, avg. x = 24, y = 35, z = 24
- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; solubilizer, stabilizer in flavors; food processing aid; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in closures with sealing gaskets for food containers *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200,
- 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Poloxamer 217

- CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)
- Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer
- Formula: $HO(CH_2CH_2O)_x(CCH_3HCH_2O)_y(CH_2CH_2O)_zH$, avg. x = 52, y = 35, z = 52
- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer, antistat, demulsifier, detergent, wetting agent, gellant, emulsifier, dispersant, dye leveler in textiles, agric., paints, adhesives, water treatment; solubilizer, stabilizer in food concs.; food processing aid; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods; in cellophane for food pkg.; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Nonionic 1077-F; Pluronic® F77

Poloxamer 231

Poloxamer 231

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer *Empirical:* $(C_3H_4O \cdot C_2H_4O)_x$

Formula: $HO(CH_2CH_2O)_x(CCH_3HCH_2O)_y(CH_2CH_2O)_zH$, avg. x = 6, y =

39, z = 6 *Properties:* Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 1140 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing., IP route; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment; paints, latexes; solubilizer, stabilizer in flavor concs.; food processing aid; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg, adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Pluronic® L81; Synperonic PE/L81

Poloxamer 234

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

Formula: $HO(CH_2CH_2O)_x(CCH_3HCH_2O)_y(CH_2CH_2O)_zH$, avg. x = 22, y =

39, z = 22

Properties: Nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment; paints, latexes; solubilizer, stabilizer in flavor concs.; food processing aid; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Pluronic® P84

Poloxamer 235

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

Formula: HO(CH₂CH₂O)_x(CCH₃HCH₂O)_y(CH₂CH₂O)_xH, avg. x = 27, y = 39, z = 27

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment; paints, latexes; solubilizer, stabilizer in flavor concs.; food processing aid; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg, adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Pluronic® P85

Poloxamer 237

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

Formula: HO(CH₂CH₂O)_x(CCH₃HCH₂O)_y(CH₂CH₂O)_xH, avg. x = 62, y = 39, z = 62

- Properties: Wh. prilled or cast solid, odorless to mild odor; sol. in water, alcohol; sparingly sol. in IPA, xylene; m.w. 6840-8830; m.p. 49 C; pH 5.0-7.5 (1 in 40); nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; surfactant for personal care applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metal-

working, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives, water treatment; solubilizer, stabilizer in flavor concs.; food processing aid; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods; in cellophane for food pkg.; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Antarox® PGP 23-7; Nonionic 1087-F; Pluronic® F87

Poloxamer 238

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

- Formula: $HO(CH_2CH_2O)_x(CCH_3HCH_2O)_y(CH_2CH_2O)_zH$, avg. x = 97, y = 39, z = 97
- Properties: Dens. 1.018; flash pt. > 110 C; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; latex stabilizer; in food-pkg. adhesives; lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes; solubilizer, stabilizer in flavor concs.; food processing aid; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Nonionic 1088-F; Pluronic® F88

Poloxamer 282

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

- Formula: $HO(CH_2CH_2O)_x(CCH_3HCH_2O)_y(CH_2CH_2O)_zH$, avg. x = 10, y = 47, z = 10
- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; in food-pkg. adhesives; lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/ paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes; solubilizer, stabilizer in flavor concs.; food processing aid; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma
- Trade Names: Pluronic® L92

Poloxamer 284

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

Formula: HO(CH₂CH₂O), (CCH₃HCH₂O), (CH₂CH₂O), H, avg. x = 21, y = 47, z = 21

- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; solubilizer, stabilizer in flavor concs.; food processing aid; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in closures with sealing gaskets for food containers
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Poloxamer 288

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

Formula: HO(CH₂CH₂O), (CCH₃HCH₂O), (CH₂CH₂O), H, avg. x = 122, y = 47, z = 122

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion,

intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed

- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; in food-pkg. adhesives; lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/ paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes; solubilizer, stabilizer in flavor concs.; food processing aid; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals
- *Regulatory*[:] FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Pluronic® F98

Poloxamer 331

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

- Formula: $HO(CH_2CH_2O)_x(CCH_3HCH_2O)_y(CH_2CH_2O)_zH$, avg. x = 7, y = 54, z = 7
- Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in alcohol; very sl. sol. in water; m.w. 3800; dens. 1.018 (25/25 C); visc. 756 cp; cloud pt. 11 C (10% aq.); nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes; solubilizer, stabilizer in flavor concs.; food processing aid; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg, adhesives
- Use Level: Limitation 0.05% (scald baths for poultry), 5 g/hog (in dehairing machines), 0.5% on wt. of flour (dough)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210; 9CFR §381.147; FDA approved for orals Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Chemal BP-2101; Pluronic® L101; Synperonic PE/L101

Poloxamer 333

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

Formula: HO(CH₂CH₂O)_x(CCH₃HCH₂O)_y(CH₂CH₂O)_zH, avg. x = 20, y = 54, z = 20

Properties: Nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; in food-pkg. adhesives; lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/ paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes; solubilizer, stabilizer in flavor concs.; food processing aid; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Pluronic® P103

Poloxamer 334

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

- Formula: $HO(CH_2CH_2O)_x(CCH_3HCH_2O)_y(CH_2CH_2O)_zH$, avg. x = 31, y = 54, z = 31
- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; in food-pkg. adhesives; lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/ paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes; solubilizer, stabilizer in flavor concs.; food processing aid; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Pluronic® P104

Poloxamer 335

- CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)
- Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

Formula: HO(CH₂CH₂O),(CCH₃HCH₂O),(CH₂CH₂O),H, avg. x = 38, y = 54, z = 38

Properties: Nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; in food-pkg. adhesives; lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/ paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes; solubilizer, stabilizer in flavor concs.; food processing aid; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals
- *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Pluronic® P105

Poloxamer 338

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

- *Formula:* HO(CH₂CH₂O)_x(CCH₃HCH₂O)_y(CH₂CH₂O)₂H, avg. x = 128, y = 54, z = 128
- Properties: Wh. prilled or cast solid, odorless to mild odor; sol. in water, alcohol; sparingly sol. in propylene glycol; m.w. 12,700-17,400; m.p. 57 C; pH 5.0-7.5 (1 in 40); nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes; solubilizer, stabilizer in flavor concs.; food processing aid; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods; in cellophane for food pkg.; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Nonionic 1108-F; Pluronic® F108

Poloxamer 401

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

- Formula: $HO(CH_2CH_2O)_x(CCH_3HCH_2O)_y(CH_2CH_2O)_zH$, avg. x = 6, y = 67, z = 6
- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; in food-pkg. adhesives; lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/ paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes; solubilizer, stabilizer in flavor concs.; food processing aid; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma
- Trade Names: Pluronic® L121; Synperonic PE/L121

Poloxamer 402

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

- Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer
- Formula: $HO(CH_2CH_2O)_x(CCH_3HCH_2O)_y(CH_2CH_2O)_zH$, avg. x = 13, y = 67, z = 13
- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; in food-pkg. adhesives; lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/ paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes; solubilizer, stabi-

lizer in flavor concs.; food processing aid; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200,

176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Poloxamer 403

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

Formula: $HO(CH_2CH_2O)_x(CCH_3HCH_2O)_y(CH_2CH_2O)_2H$, avg. x = 21, y =

67, z = 21

Properties: Nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; in food-pkg. adhesives; lubricant for agric., cosmetics, metal cleaning, pulp/ paper, textile scouring, water treatment, paints, latexes; solubilizer, stabilizer in flavor concs.; food processing aid; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Pluronic® P123

Poloxamer 407

CAS 9003-11-6 (generic)

Classification: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer

- *Formula*: HO(CH₂CH₂O)_x(CCH₃HCH₂O)_y(CH₂CH₂O)_zH, avg. x = 98, y = 67, z = 98
- Properties: Wh. prilled or cast solid, odorless to mild odor; sol. in water and alcohol; m.w. 9840-14,600; m.p. ≈ 56 C; pH 5.0-7.5 (1 in 40); nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2300 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion, intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food additive; defoamer; antistat; demulsifier; detergent; wetting agent; gellant; dispersant; dye levelers; for paints; metal cleaning; water treatment; textile scouring; solubilizer, stabilizer in flavor concs.; food processing aid; emulsifier, solubilizer, wetting agent in pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/ paperboard; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods; in cellophane for food pkg.; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.808, 173.340, 175.105, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Ruger; Sigma

Trade Names: Nonionic 1127-F; Pluronic® F127

Poloxamine 701

CAS 11111-34-5 (generic)

Definition: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer of ethylene diamine

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, thickener, wetting agent, dispersant, solubilizer, stabilizer for cosmetics and pharmaceuticals; demulsifier in petrol. industry; detergent ingred.; antistat for polyethylene and resin molding powds.; polymerization; used in latex-based paints, aq.-based syn. cutting fluids and vulcanization of rubber

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Synperonic T/701

See also EO/PO ethylenediamine block copolymer

Poloxamine 1301

CAS 11111-34-5 (generic)

Definition: Polyoxyethylene, polyoxypropylene block polymer of ethylene diamine

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, thickener, wetting agent, dispersant, solubilizer, stabilizer for cosmetics and pharmaceuticals; demulsifier in petrol. industry; detergent ingred.; antistat for polyethylene and resin molding powds.

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Synperonic T/1301

See also EO/PO ethylenediamine block copolymer

Polyacrolein-sodium bisulfite adduct

Uses: Starch modifier in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Polyacrylamide

- CAS 9003-05-8
- Synonyms: PAA; Acrylamide homopolymer; Acrylamide, polymers; 2-Propenamide, homopolymer
- Definition: Polyamide of acrylic monomers contg. not more than 0.2% acrylamide monomer
- *Empirical:* (C₃H₅NO)_x
- Formula: [CH₂CHCONH₂]_x
- Properties: Wh. solid; water-sol. high polymer; m.w. 10,000-18,000,000; dens. 1.302
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 12,950 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 3600 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP route; low toxicity by ing.; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

- Uses: Thickener, dispersant, antiprecipitant, solubilizer, binder, sizing agent, flocculant, suspending agent, crosslinking agent, filtering aid, lubricant used in adhesives, agric., cement, coatings, cosmetics, detergents, latex mfg., plaster, printing inks, water treatment; film-former in imprinting gelatin capsules, cosmetics; antistat in cosmetics; flocculant in beet or cane sugar juice clarification; washing/lye peeling of fruits/vegetables; retention aid during wet end processing and in wet strength additives to paper/pulp mfg.; in antibiotic gels; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.255, 173.10, 173.315 (10 ppm in wash water), 175.105, 176.180; BP compliance (gel)
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Callaway; Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment; Complex Quimica SA; Cytec Ind.; Dow; Expo Chem.; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Rhodia HPCII
- Trade Names: Ambond® 1505; Ambond® 1590; Cartaretin® 5CP Powd.; Cartaretin® 10AE Liq.; Cartaretin® 10AP Powd.; Cartaretin® 10CE Liq.; Cartaretin® 10CP Powd.; Cartaretin® 20AE Liq.; Cartaretin® 20AP Powd.; Cartaretin® 20CE Liq.; Cartaretin® 30AE Liq.; Cartaretin® 30AP Powd.; Cartaretin® 30CP Powd.; Cartaretin® 40CE Liq.; Cydrain® 145 Drainage Aid; Eldorado PA-755; Floclair® DA-7; Floclair® DA-15; Floclair® DA-30; Floclair® DK-20; Floclair® DK-40; Floclair® DK-65; Floclair® DK-65 H; Floclair® DK-65 L; Floclair® DK-65 S; Floclair® DK-95; Floclair® VP 3678; MPD-7; MS-290; MSG-329; Polyflex® 300 Retention Aid; Polymin® KE 78 PF; Polymin® KE 84; Polymin® PR 266 L; Polymin® PR 973; Polymin® PR 8578; CEMI DSR 8117A; Qemifloc CEPG 164; Torez Resin P-215-A; Tramfloc™ 290

Trade Names Containing: Accurac® 105 Retention Aid

Poly [acrylamide-acrylic acid-N-(dimethylaminomethyl) acrylamide] CAS 53800-41-2

Uses: Drainage aid, retention aid, dry str. agent in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Poly (acrylamide-co-acrylic acid). See Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer Poly (acrylamide-co-diallyldimethyl ammonium chloride). See Polyquaternium-7

Polyacrylamide, hydrolyzed. See Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer Polyacrylate. See Polyacrylic acid

Polyacrylic acid

CAS 9003-01-4 (generic)

Synonyms: PAA; Acrylic acid homopolymer; Acrylic acid polymer; Acrylic acid, polymers; Acrylic acid resin; Acrylic polymer; Acrylic polymer resins; Acrylic resin; Atactic poly(acrylic acid); Polyacrylate; Poly (acrylic acid); 2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer; Propenoic acid polymer; Propenoic acid, polymers, homopolymer

Definition: Polymer of acrylic acid

Empirical: (C₃H₄O₂)_x

Formula: [CH2CHCOOH]x

- *Properties:* M.w. 50,000-250,000; dens. 1.02 kg/l; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2500 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 39 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 70 mg/kg; poison by IV and IP routes; mod. toxic by ing.; tumorigen;

possible carcinogen; mutagen; target organs: blood, bone marrow; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Emulsifier; thickener; suspending agent; coupler; moisturizer; emollient; sequestrant; thickener; gellant; for latexes; emulsion paints; drilling muds; photosensitive emulsions; water treatment; adhesives; dispersant (heavy-duty laundry cleaners); nickel plating reagent; glass coatings; hydrazine rocket fuel binder; polyamide/polyester textile sizing; stabilizer (PS, methyl methacrylate organosols); binder, emulsion stabilizer, filmformer, visc. control agent in cosmetics; topical pharmaceuticals; foodpkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings and coatings for polyolefin films; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.180

- Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Alco; Aldrich; BFGoodrich; CPS; Callaway; Ciba Spec. Chems./Water Treatment; Hampshire; Johnston Polymer; Nat'l. Starch & Chem.; Polacryl; Prosel S.A. de C.V.; Rhodia HPCII; Synthron
- Trade Names: Acriflow 050-S; Acumer® 1020; Acumer® 1510; Alcogum® L-15; Alcosperse® 404; Carbopol® 907; Good-Rite® K-702 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-732 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-752 Polymer; Orlene® 1340
- Trade Names Containing: Carbopol® ETD 2001; Carbopol® ETD 2020; Carbopol® ETD 2050; Good-Rite® K-7028 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7028N Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7058 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7058N Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7600N Polymer

See also Acrylic resin; Carbomer

Poly (acrylic acid). See Polyacrylic acid

Poly (acrylic acid-acrylamide). See Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer Poly (acrylic acid), ammonium salt. See Ammonium polyacrylate

Polyacrylic acid, sodium salt. See Sodium polyacrylate

Polyacrylonitrile

CAS 25014-41-9; EINECS/ELINCS 262-706-7

Synonyms: Acrylic fiber; Acrylonitrile homopolymer; Acrylonitrile polymer; Acrylonitrile, polymeric; Acrylonitrile, polymers; PAN resin; Poly (acrylonitrile), fibers; 2-Propenenitrile, homopolymer

Classification: Thermoplastic polymer

Definition: Polymer of acrylonitrile; high impermeability to gases Empirical: $(C_3H_3N)_x$

Properties: M.w. 25,000-1,000,000; dens. 1.184; ref. index 1.5140

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 3 g/kg; LC (inh., rat) > 25 g/m³; poison by inh.; may cause changes in liver and adrenal wt., fatty liver degeneration, acute renal failure, acute tubular necrosis, thyroid hypofunction; cancer suspect agent; TSCA listed

Storage: Keep tightly closed in cool area

Uses: Mfg. of synthetic fibers, bottles and sheet, moldings, shoe soling, wall panels; fibers for textiles, household furnishings, industrial applics.; foodcontact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aldrich; Complex Quimica SA

Poly (acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene). See Acrylonitrile/butadiene/styrene copolymer

Poly (acrylonitrile-co-butadiene-co-styrene). See Acrylonitrile/butadiene/styrene copolymer

Poly (acrylonitrile), fibers. See Polyacrylonitrile

Polyaluminum chloride

CAS 1327-41-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-477-2

Synonyms: PAC; Aluminum chlorhydroxide; Aluminum chloride basic; Aluminum chloride hydroxide; Aluminum chlorohydrate; Aluminum chlorohydroxide; Aluminum hydroxychloride; Basic aluminum chloride; Polyaluminum hydroxychloride; Polyhydroxoaluminum chloride

Definition: Basic aluminum chloride with OH:AI ratio of 0.5-2.5 *Formula:* $AI_2(OH)_nCI$, n = 1-5

Uses: Coagulant and flocculant for industrial water, wastewater, potable water treatment, sewage/plant effluent treatment, paper processing applics.; alum replacement in alkaline papermaking processes; fire-resist. ceramic paste binder; alumina fiber raw material; catalyst raw material; textile finishing agent; food-contact applics.

Manuf./Distrib.: Holland; Sal Chem.

Trade Names: Aquapac[™]; Ekoflock[™]; Hyper+Ion[™] 1050; PAC-300;

Sachtoklar[®] 37; Sachtoklar[®] 39

Trade Names Containing: Aquacoll 30 PA; Hyper+Ion[™] 1050A; Sachtofloc[®] 46.3; Sachtofloc[®] 46.6; Sachtofloc[®] 46.12; Sachtofloc[®] 46.18; Sachtofloc[®] 46.24; Sachtofloc[®] 46.60; TurboCLEAR[™] PC-1 See also Aluminum chlorohydrate

Polyaluminum chlorosulfate

Uses: Coagulant and flocculant for industrial and potable water treatment Manuf./Distrib.: Gulbrandsen Mfg. Trade Names: WAC® Paper

Polyaluminum hydroxide chloride sulfate

CAS 39290-78-3; EINECS/ELINCS 254-400-7 *Empirical:* Al(OH),Cl(SO₄)₂ *Uses:* Coagulant in wastewater treatment; flocculant, fixing agent, alum replacement for neutral sizing process of paper and cardboard mfg. *Trade Names:* Paper-PAC-N®

Polyaluminum hydroxychloride. See Polyaluminum chloride

Polyaluminum silicate sulfate. See Aluminum hydroxide sulfate

Polyamide

- CAS 25038-54-4; 9012-24-2
- Synonyms: Nylon
- Classification: Polymer
- Definition: A high m.w. polymer in which amide linkages (-CONH) occur along the molecular chain; may be either natural or synthetic Empirical: $(C_6H_{11}NO)_x$
- *Properties:* M.w. 22,000-45,000; dens. 1.20; m.p. 283-319 C

Toxicology: Poison by inhalation; tumorigen; TSCA listed

Uses: Natural polyamides include casein, soybean and peanut proteins, zein; synthetic polyamides typified by various nylons; used for paints; plastics; textile fibers; adhesives; epoxy curing agent, hardener, emulsifier; thixotrope; in side seam cements for food-contact containers; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 177.1200

- Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aldrich; Arizona; Ashley Polymers; Atofina; Avachem; BASF; Bayer; Chemcentral; Ciba Spec. Chems./Addit.; Cray Valley; D.B. Becker; DSM Chem. N. Am.; Degussa-Hüls AG; Diamines & Chems. Ltd; Dujodwala Resins & Terpenes; EMS-AM. GRILON; Eastech; Georgia-Pacific Resins; Henkel Adhesives; Int'I. Paper; K&S Ind.; Lawter Int'I.; Matteson-Ridolfi; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Monsanto; Reichhold; Rit-Chem; Samson; Ticona; Wego Chem. & Min.; Zimmer AG
- *Trade Names:* Amres® 8855; Amres® 8870; Amres® C12; Amres® C20; Amres® C25; Amres® C28; Amres® HP-25; Amres® HS-30; Amres® LA-12-2; Amres® MOC-3066; Amres® X-184; Ancamide® 220; Araldite® HZ 340; Prox® AC 553 L; Prox® V P 137; Reactopaque® 100; Reactopaque® 150; Reactopaque® 175; Torez Resin P-1012; Torez Resin P-1025; Unicrepe® C77
- Trade Names Containing: Ancamide® 220-IPA-73; Ancamide® 220-X-70; Ancamide® 700-B-75

Polyamide 12. See Nylon 12

Polyamideamine-epichlorohydrin resin

Uses: Wet str. agent for paper and board mfg. Trade Names: Giluton 1100/28 N; Giluton HP; Giluton NL 15

Polyamide/epichlorohydrin polymer

Uses: Wool shrinkproofing, antistat finishing; printing pretreatment; crosslinking agent for polymers; also gives water resist. to starch-based adhesives and coatings; flocculant, setting aid, clarifier for industrial processing and wastewater; retention aid, flocculant in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Trade Names: Delfloc® 763; Hercules® 2043; Polycup® 172; Polycup® 1884

Polyamide-ethyleneimine-epichlorohydrin resin

CAS 115340-77-7

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Polyamide-polyamine-epichlorohydrin resin. See Adipic acid/dimethylaminohydroxypropyl diethylenetriamine copolymer

Polyamidoamine

Synonyms: PAMAM

Úses: Retention aid, drainage aid for paper and board mfg., fiber recovery, backwater clarification; linking agent; carrier for biological and chemical materials, cosmetic actives; crosslinking agent for polymers (epoxies, nylons); controlled release agent; modifier; nucleating agent; catalyst; water resist. aid, adhesion aid for ink jet inks and toners onto paper, glass, plastic, and metal substrates; reduces surfactant irritancy in personal care cleansers; adsorbent producing monolayer film layers for use as chem. sensor to detect hazardous chem. vapors or as corrosion inhibitors; size standard for analytical instruments, membrane prod., silica gel *Trade Names*: Cartaretin[®] F Liq.

Trade Names Containing: Polymin® 978 L

Polyamidoamine-epichlorohydrin

Uses: For increasing wet and dry strength of papers Trade Names: Luresin®

Poly (2-aminoethyl acrylate nitrate-co-2-hydroxypropyl acrylate)

Synonyms: 2-Aminoethyl acrylate nitrate/2-hydroxypropyl acrylate copolymer

Uses: Drainage aid, retention aid in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Polyaspartic acid homopolymer, sodium salt

Uses: Antiscalant; CO₂ corrosion inhibitor; dispersant for min. slurries; controls redeposition of soil in laundry

Trade Names: Donlar C-20C; Donlar C-30D; Donlar C-50D

Polyaziridine. See Polyethylenimine

Polybutadiene

- CAS 9003-17-2; 69102-90-5
- Synonyms: BR; Atactic butadiene polymer; Buta-1,3-diene; Butadiene homopolymer; 1,3-Butadiene, homopolymer; Butadiene oligomer; Butadiene polymer; 1,3-Butadiene, polymers; Butadiene resin; Butadiene rubber; cis-Polybutadiene; Poly-1,3-butadiene; Polybutadiene latex; Polybutadiene resin; Polybutadiene rubber

Classification: Polymer; elastomer; latex

Empirical: (C4H6)n

Formula: (CH₂CH=CHCH₂)_n

Properties: M.w. 1000-233,000

Toxicology: Liq. is hazardous by ing. and inh.; skin irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible; may explode > 337 C

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Thermoplastic elastomer for tire industry, footwear, molded goods, conveyor belts, drive belts, bumpers, shock absorber pads; blending ingred. in SBR; impact modifier, additive for plastics; coating resin in liq. form; latex as binder in paper sizing; drying oil in food-contact coatings; adjuvant in vinylidene chloride coatings for food-contact cellophane; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; in food-contact articles for repeated use; food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600

Manuf./Distrib.: A. Schulman; ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Ameripol Synpol; Atofina; BASF; ChevronPhillips; Firestone Syn. Rubber; Goodyear; Huntsman; Lyondell; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Reichhold/Emulsion Polymers; Revertex Chems. Ltd; Ricon Resins; Scientific Polymer Prods.

Poly-1,3-butadiene. See Polybutadiene

cis-Polybutadiene. See Polybutadiene

Polybutadiene latex. See Polybutadiene

Polybutadiene/polystyrene copolymer. See Styrene/butadiene polymer Polybutadiene resin. See Polybutadiene Polybutadiene rubber. See Polybutadiene

rorybulaulerie rubber. Seerorybulaulerie

1,2-Polybutadiene-styrene-divinyl benzene terpolymer Uses: Thermosetting resin for glass and paper laminates, radomes, prepregs

Uses: I hermosetting resin for glass and paper laminates, radomes, prepregs

Polybutene

CAS 9003-28-5; 9003-29-6

Synonyms: PB; Butene, homopolymer; 1-Butene, homopolymer; Butene polymer; Butene, polymers; Polybutene resin; Poly-1-butene; Polybutene1; Poly-1-butene resin; Polybutenes; Polybutylene; Polybutylene resin; Polymerized 1-butene

Classification: Polymer

- Definition: A semicrystalline thermoplastic formed by polymerization of 1butene
- *Empirical:* (C₄H₈)_x

Formula: [CH₂CH(C₂H₅)]

Properties: Colorless visc. liq.; misc. with min. oil; insol. in water; m.w. 500-75,000; dens. 0.910; pour pt. -60 to 50 C

Toxicology: May asphyxiate; TSCA listed

- Precaution: Combustible
- Uses: Thermoplastic resin; tackifier, strengthener, and extender in adhesives; plasticizer for rubber; vehicle and fugitive binder for coatings; cling additive for LLDPE stretch wrap films; reactive intermediate for specialty chemicals; visc. modifier in lubricating oils; visc. index improvers; polymer modifier; insulating agent; cable insulation; lubricant; metalworking oils; compressor oils; binder, visc. control agent in cosmetics; plasticizer (pharmaceuticals); in food-pkg. adhesives and pressure-sensitive adhesives; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; in lubricants for incidental food-contact use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 177.1570, 177.2600, 178.3570 *Manuf./Distrib.:* ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BP

- Amoco; BP Chems. Ltd; Chemcentral; D.B. Becker; FRP Services; H.M. Royal; Harcros; Loos & Dilworth; Lubrizol; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; NOF; Nichem; Punda Mercantile; S & S Chem.; Sanyo Corp. of Am.; Shell; Soltex; Van Waters & Rogers; Vilax
- Trade Names: Amoco® H-15; Amoco® L-14; Amoco® L-50; Indopol® H-100; Indopol® H-1500; Indopol® L-10
- Polybutene-1. See Polybutene

Poly-1-butene. See Polybutene

Polybutene, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated polybutene

Polybutene resin. See Polybutene

Poly-1-butene resin. *See* Polybutene

Polybutenes. See Polybutene

Polybutylene. See Polybutene

Polybutylene resin. See Polybutene

Polybutylene terephthalate

CAS 26062-94-2

- Synonyms: PBT; PBTP; PTMT; 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, polymer with 1,4-butanediol; Poly (tetramethylene terephthalate); PBT polyester *Classification:* Organic compd.
- Definition: Crystalline thermoplastic polyester resin formed in a transesterification reaction between 1,4-butanediol and dimethyl terephthalate; good heat stability, mech. props., elec. insulation, surf. finish, water absorption and grease/oil/petrol. resist.

Formula: $(C_8H_6O_4 \cdot C_4H_{10}O_2)_x$

Properties: Cryst.; dens. 1.310; tens. str. 56 MPa; Vicat soften. pt. 175 C

Uses: Engineering plastic; domestic power tools; cooker components; elec. plugs/sockets/switches/circuit breaker housings; automotive parts; blends with PC; pump housings; impellers; gears; hinges; antistat, film-former, visc. control agent in cosmetics

Manuf./Distrib.: Äldrich; BASF; GE Plastics; Ticona; Whyte Chems. Ltd Trade Names: Ultradur® B 2550

Poly (2-chlorobutadiene). See Polychloroprene

Poly (2-chloro-1,3-butadiene). See Polychloroprene

Polychloro copper phthalocyanine. See Phthalocyanine green

Poly (chloroethylene). See Polyvinyl chloride

Polychloroprene

CAS 9010-98-4

Synonyms: CR; 1,3-Butadiene, 2-chloro-, polymers; 2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene homopolymer; Chlorobutadiene polymer; 2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene polymer; Chloroprene polymer; Chloroprene resin; Chloroprene rubber; Neoprene; Neoprene rubber; Poly (2-chlorobutadiene); Poly (2-chloro-1,3butadiene); Poly (chloroprene)

Classification: Polymer; synthetic elastomer

Definition: Unsaturated polymer of chloroprene

Empirical: (C₄H₅Cl)_x

Formula: [CH₂CH=CCICH₂]_x

Properties: As solid, latex, or flexible foam; m.w. 100,000-300,000; dens.

1.23-1.35; brittle pt. -35 C; softens. ≈ 80 C; ref. index 1.5512 (20 C); high tens. str.; resilient; resistant to oils, oxygen, ozone, elec. current, abrasion *Toxicology:* LC50 (inh., mouse, 30 min) 26 g/m³; questionable carcinogen; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible; incompat. with strong oxidants

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of Cl Storage: Store in cool, dry place; keep container closed when not in use

Uses: Syn. elastomer for molding, extrusion, and calendering for mech. rubber goods, adhesive compounding, construction, automotive, hose and cable jackets, conveyor belts, closed cell sponge, binder for rocket fuels, fibers; roof coatings; vulcanizing plasticizer for elastomers; liq. for specialty items made by dipping or electrophoresis from the latex; foam for adhesive tape, seat cushions, carpet backing, sealant; in food-contact coatings; in food-contact articles for repeated use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 177.2600

Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich

Trade Names: Baypren Latex B; Baypren Latex GK; Baypren Latex L 200A; Baypren Latex L 300; Baypren Latex L 345; Baypren Latex MKB; Baypren Latex SK; Baypren Latex T; Neoprene Latex 654; Neoprene Latex 735A; Neoprene Latex 842A

Trade Names Containing: Baypren Latex 4 R

Poly (chloroprene). See Polychloroprene

Poly(chlorotrifluoroethene). See Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer

Polychlorotrifluoroethylene. See Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer

Poly (coumarone-co-indene). See Coumarone/indene resin

Poly ((o-cresyl glycidyl ether)-co-formaldehyde). See Epoxy cresol novolac Poly (diallyldimethylammoniumn chloride). See Polyguaternium-6

Poly [2-(diethylamino) ethyl methacrylate] phosphate

Uses: Surfactant in food-contact coatings; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/ paperboard in contact with dry food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.180

- Poly (dimethylamine-co-epichlorohydrin). See Dimethylamine/epichlorohydrin copolymer
- Poly (dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride). See Polyquaternium-6

Polydimethylsiloxane

CAS 9016-00-6

Synonyms: Dimethylpolysiloxane; Methyl silicone; Poly (oxy (dimethylsilylene))

Classification: Polymer

Empirical: (C₂H₆OSi)_x

- Properties: Clear visc. liq.; insol. in water; m.w. (74.15)_x; dens. 0.980; flash pt. 235 F; ref. index 1.4040
- Toxicology: LD (IP, rat) > 2 g/kg; TDLo (implant, rat) 1500 mg/kg; may cause eye, skin, respiratory and digestive tract irritation; questionable carcinogen; tumorigen; experimental neoplastigen; experimental reproductive effector; mutagenic data
- Precaution: Flamm.; incompat. with strong oxidizers, strong acids, strong bases, boiling water
- *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* CO, CO₂, silicon oxide; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Storage: Store in cool, dry place in tightly closed container

Uses: Release material; foam preventative; surfactant; food processing and pkg.; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper

Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aldrich; Sigma

Trade Names: AF 10 IND; AF 60; Foam Blast 102; Foam Blast 106; GP-223 *Trade Names Containing:* Dehydran® 1293; Foamaster® DS; Pulpsil® 160 C; Pulpsil® 760 E; TEGO® Foamex 835; TEGO® Foamex N *See also* Dimethicone

Polydimethylsiloxane, methyl end-blocked. See Dimethyl siloxane

Poly (1,2-dimethyl-5-vinylpyridinium methyl sulfate)

Uses: Adjuvant in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.170

PolyDMDAAC. See Polyquaternium-6 Poly DMDAC. See Polyquaternium-6

Polyester acrylate resin

Definition: Complex acrylate-terminated polyester prepolymers *Formula:* $CH_2CRCOOR'OCOCRCH_2$, R = H, methyl-, R' = polyester Uses: Binder for radiation-cured printing inks, wood/textile finishes, paper-foil lacquers; diluent for offset inks, overprint varnishes, coatings (paper, plastics, cardboard), paper upgrading; improves hardness and solv. resist. Trade Names: CN 292; Ebecryl® 2047; Photomer® 5018

Polyester adipate

Uses: Plasticizer for PVC, NC, CAP, chlorinated rubber; pigment grinding medium; nonmigratory in paper coatings; plasticizer in pharmaceuticals; skin patch drug delivery Manuf./Distrib.: C.P. Hall

Trade Names: Admex[®] 515; Admex[®] 6996

Polyester resin, thermosetting

Synonyms: UPR; Polyester resin, unsaturated; Polyester, unsaturated; Unsaturated polyester resin

Definition: Unsaturated polyester resin, the condensation product of an unsaturated dibasic acid and a glycol

Uses: Thermoset resin for reinforced plastics, automotive parts, protective coatings, ducts, housings, flues, laminates, pipes, terrazzo tiles, cultured marble sinks, spas; vehicle for pigment grinding; binder in industrial floor-ing/coatings; in food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300

Manuf./Distrib.: Advance Coatings; Aristech; Ashland; BASF; Bayer; Chemical; Crompton/Witco; DSM Chem. N. Am.; I.C. Trading; Lawter Int'l.; McWhorter Tech.; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Owens-Corning Fiberglas; Ranbar Tech.; Reichhold; Shell; Synray Trade Names: Atlac® 382-05; Atlac® 382-05A; Atlac® 382-05AC

Trade Names: Atlac® 382-05; Atlac® 382-05A; Atlac® 382-05AC *See also* Alkyd resin

Polyester resin, unsaturated. See Polyester resin, thermosetting

Polyester tetraacrylate

Uses: Used in wet lithographic inks and coatings on paper, metal, and plastic; exc. pigment wetting

Polyester, unsaturated. See Polyester resin, thermosetting Polyether glycol. See Polyethylene glycol

Polyethers, epoxy resins. See Epoxy resin

Polyethylacrylate

CAS 9003-32-1

Synonyms: Ethyl acrylate latex; Ethyl acrylate resin; Ethyl acrylate resin polymer; 2-Propenoic acid, ethyl ester, homopolymer

- Classification: Acrylate ester
- Definition: Polymer of ethyl acrylate

Empirical: (C₅H₈O₂)_x

- Formula: [CH₂CHCOOC₂H₅]_x
- Properties: Colorless liq.; sp.gr. 1.21
- *Toxicology:* Toxic by inh., ing., skin contact; severe irritant; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; may cause burning sensation, coughing, wheezing, laryngitis, shortness of breath, headache, nausea, vomiting, lung irritation, chest pain, edema, death; chronic effects incl. CNS disturbances; target organs: liver, kidneys, bladder, brain; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm.; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

- *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Toxic fumes of CO, CO₂; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions
- Storage: Store in cool, dry place; keep tightly closed; keep away from ignition sources
- Uses: Antistat, binder, film-former in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact acrylics; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; polymer modifier in food-contact rigid/semirigid PVC
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.180, 177.1010, 177.2260, 178.3790

Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich

Polyethylene

- CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- *Synonyms:* PE; Ethene, homopolymer; Ethene polymer; Ethylene homopolymer; Ethylene latex; Ethylene polymer; Ethylene polymers; Ethylene resin; Polyethylene resins; Polyethylene wax; Polythene

Definition: Thermoplastic resin obtained by polymerizing ethylene *Empirical:* $(C_2H_4)_x$

Formula: [CH₂CH₂]_x

Properties: Wh. translucent partially cryst./partially amorphous plastic solid,

odorless; sol. in hot benzene; insol. in water; m.w. 1500-100,000; dens. 0.92 (20/4 C); m.p. 85-110 C

- Toxicology: LC50 (inh., mouse, 30M) 12 g/m³; TDLo (implant, rat) 33 mg/kg; no known skin toxicity; ing. of lg. oral doses has produced kidney and liver damage; suspected carcinogen and tumorigen by implants; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible; reacts violently with F2
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- *Storage:* Štore in well closed containers
- Uses: Laboratory tubing; prostheses; elec. insulation; pkg. materials; kitchenware; tank and pipe linings; textile stiffeners; additive in inks, adhesives, paper coatings, floor finishes, plastics, rubber, textiles; vehicle for pigment pastes; textile softener, binder; abrasive; flow additive; latex emulsions; masticatory substance in chewing gum; protective fruit coatings; pharmaceutical excipient; thickener for gels; surfactant; dispersant; antistat, binder, emulsion stabilizer, film-former, visc. control agent in cosmetics; in food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; lubricant in food-contact rubber articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.260, 172.615 (m.w. 2000-21,000), 173.20, 175.105, 175.300, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1520, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3850; FDA approved for dentals, ophthalmics, orals, topicals, vaginals
- Manuf./Distrib.: A. Sčhulman; ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Ashland; Atofina SA; CarboMer; ChevronPhillips; Chisso Am.; Cognis; Coz; DSM Chem. N. Am.; Eastman; Equistar; Exxon; Fabrichem; Fluka; Huntsman; LNP; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Rohm & Haas; Solvay Polymers; Union Carbide; Westlake Plastics
- *Trade Names*: A-C[®] 6; A-C[®] 6A; A-C[®] 8; A-C[®] 8A; A-C[®] 9, 9A, 9F; A-C[®] 15; A-C[®] 16; A-C[®] 617; A-C[®] 617A; A-C[®] 712; A-C[®] 715; A-C[®] 725; A-C[®] 735; A-C[®] 1702; ACumist[®] C-5; ACumist[®] C-9; ACumist[®] C-12; ACumist[®] C-18; ACumist[®] C-30; Epolene[®] C-18; Epolene[®] N-10; Polywax[®] 500; Polywax[®] 600; Polywax[®] 655; Polywax[®] 850; Polywax[®] 1000; Polywax[®] 2000; Polywax[®] 3000; Shamrock Neptune 5038; Shamrock S-395 N2; Shamrock S-395 SP5; Shamrock Taber Tiger 5512; Sunkem[®] 301; Sunkem[®] 329
- Trade Names Containing: Eldorado PA-300; Sunkote® 460; Unicid™ 700 Acid

Poly (ethylene-co-acrylic acid). See Ethylene/acrylic acid copolymer

Poly (ethylene-co-butyl acrylate). See Ethylene/butyl acrylate copolymer

- Polý (ethýlene-co-meťhacrylic acid). See Éthylene/methácrylic acid copolymer
- Poly (ethylene-co-methyl acrylate-co-acrylic acid). See Ethylene/methyl acrylate/acrylic acid terpolymer

Poly (ethylene-co-vinyl acetate). See Ethylene/VA copolymer

Polyethylene glycol

- CAS 25322-68-3 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 203-473-3
- Synonyms: PEG; PEO; α-Hydroxy-ω-hydroxypoly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl); Polyether glycol; Poly (ethylene oxide); Polyglycol; Polyox; Poly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-hydro-ω-hydroxy-

Classification: Aliphatic organic compd.

Definition: Condensation polymer of ethylene glycol

Empirical: $(C_2H_4O)_n \cdot H_2O$

Formula: $H(OC_2H_4)_nOH$, $n \ge 4$

- Properties: Clear visc. liq. or wh. solid; sol. in water, org. solvs., aromatic hydrocarbons; dens. 1.110-1.140 (20 C); m.p. 4-10 C; flash pt. 471 F; ref. index 1.4590
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 33,750 mg/kg; LDLo (IV, rat) 22 g/kg; mod. toxic by IV route; sl. toxic by ing.; skin and eye irritant; contact dermatitis sensitization; may cause hives; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flames

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Chemical intermediates; plasticizers; softeners; humectants; ointments; polishes; paper coating; mold lubricants; bases for cosmetics and pharmaceuticals; solvents; binders; metal and rubber processing; food additives; laboratory reagent; antistat; nickel plating brightening agent; crude oil demulsifier component; paints; textile fibers; food pkg.; in food-contact coatings; boiler water additive for food processing; pharmaceutical ointment/

suppository base, coating agent, plasticizer, solvent *Use Level:* Limitation zero tolerance (milk)

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.820, 173.340, 175.300; FDA approved for orals, topicals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Arch Chems.; Ashland; BASF; BCH Brühl; BP Chems. Ltd; Celanese; Chemax; Cognis/Chems. Group; Degussa-Hüls AG; Dow; DuPont; Eastman; Ferro/Grant; Fluka; Harcros; Huntsman; Inolex; Lambent Tech.; Norman, Fox; Protameen; Rhodia HPCII; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Sigma; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Surfactants Inc; Thornley; Union Carbide; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Varsal Instruments; Whyte Chems. Ltd
- Trade Names: Cartaretin® E Powd.

Trade Names Containing: Vazo® 56 WSW

- See also PEG...
- Polyethylene glycol 300. See PEG-6
- Polyethylene glycol 400. See PEG-8
- Polyethylene glycol 600. See PEG-12
- Polyethylene glycol 1000. See PEG-20
- Polyethylene glycol 4000. See PEG-75
- Polyethylene glycol dimethyl ether. See PEG dimethyl ether
- Polyethylene glycol monoether with p-t-octylphenyl. See Octoxynol
- Polyethylene glycol monoleyl ether. See Oleth-10
- Polyethylene glycol mono (4-octylphenyl) ether. See Octoxynol

Polyethylene glycol mono (4-t-octylphenyl) ether. See Octoxynol

- Polýethýlene glýcol mono (p-t-octylphenýl) ether. See Octoxynol
- Polyethylene glycol monostearate. See PEG stearate
- Polyethylene glycol monotallate. See PEG tallate
- Polyethylene glycol mono (p-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl) phenyl) ether. See Octoxynol
- Polyethylene glycol nonyl phenyl ether. See Nonoxynol
- Polyethylene glycol octylphenol ether. See Octoxynol
- Polyethylene glycol p-octylphenyl ether. See Octoxynol
- Polyethylene glycol p-t-octylphenyl ether. See Octoxynol
- Polyethylene glycols monostearate. See PEG stearate
- Polyethylene glycol stearate. See PEG stearate
- Polyethylene glycol p-1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutylphenyl ether. See Octoxynol

Polyethylene, high-density

- CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Synonyms: HDPE
- Definition: Thermoplastic linear polyethylene
- Empirical: (C₂H₄)_x
- Formula: [CH₂CH₂]_x
- Properties: Beads; swollen by hydrocarbon and chlorinated solvs.; insol. in water, cold org. solvs.; m.w. ≈ 50,000; tens. str. 24-28 MPa; tens. mod. 1050-1500 MPa; elong. 350-400% (break)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 3 g/kg; LC50 (inh., mouse, 30 min) 12 g/m³; cancer suspect agent; TSCA listed
- Uses: Blow- and inj.-molded goods (household/food containers, toys, tubs); sheet; pipe/profile extrusions; rotationally molded goods; fibers; gasoline and oil containers; cable/wire jacketing; pkg. film (carrier bags, food wrap); additive for inks; lubricant in plastics processing; flatting/antisettling agent in paints; dispersant in color concs.; hardener in waxes
- Manuf./Distrib.: A. Schulman; Acros Org.; Ampacet; Asahi Chem. Ind.; Atofina Bruxelles; BP Chems. Ltd; Borealis A/S; ChevronPhillips; Chisso Am.; Coz; Dow; DuPont; Equistar; Exxon; Formosa Plastics; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Idemitsu Petrochem.; Kingsfield; LG Petrochem. Co. Ltd; Mobil; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Nova Ltd; Occidental; Solvay Polymers; Tosoh; Union Carbide; Westlake Plastics; Whyte Chems. Ltd
- Trade Names: ACumist® B-6; ACumist® B-9; ACumist® B-12; ACumist® B-18; Alathon® L 5845; Alathon® L 5845-1; Chevron HiD 9660; Microthene® FA 700-00; Microthene® FA 709-00; Octowax 518; Polyset® 2015; Sclair® 58G (High Gloss); Sclair® 69A; Sclair® 2607; Sclair® 2607-UV10; Sclair® 2908, 2908-UV8A; Sclair® 2909; Vestolen® A5016

Polyethylene imine

- CAS 26913-06-4
- Synonyms: Linear polyethyleneimine; Polyethylenimin; Poly (imino (1,2ethanediyl))
- Empirical: (C₂H₈N₂)_n

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3300 mg/kg, (unreported, mammal) 30 mg/kg; poison by unspecified route; mod. toxic by ing.; primary irritant; eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x Uses: Dispersant for printing inks; inc. adhesion of pigments to cellulose fibers; clarification of municipal drinking water; enzyme catalyst; oil field applics.; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane

Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.

Trade Names: lonac Corcat® P-12; lonac Corcat® P-600 See also Polyethylenimine

Polyethyleneimine octadecyl carbamide

Uses: Release coating for adhesive tapes and labels *Trade Names:* Mayzo RA-60R; Mayzo RA-100W

Polyethylene, linear low density

CAS 9002-88-4

Synonyms: LLDPE

Definition: Thermoplastic with linear structure with short side-chains produced by the comonomer

Formula: [CH₂CH₂]_x

- Properties: Beads; swollen by hydrocarbon and chlorinated solvs.; insol. in water, cold org. solvs.; m.w. varies widely; dens. 0.91-0.94 kg/l; m.p. 122-124 C; tens. str. 18-25 MPa; tens. mod. 350-500 MPa; elong. 300-400% (break)
- Uses: Compatibilizer in blends and alloys; polymeric coupling agents in reinforced or recycled PE or PP, adhesives, sealants; extrusion coating resin; cable/wire jacketing; pipe/profile extrusions; film (sacks, food wrap, carrier bags); inj. molded goods (toys, elec. fittings, bushes, seals, components); rotationally molded tanks, boats
- Manuf./Distrib.: BP Chems. Ltd; Borealis A/S; ChevronPhillips; Dow Plastics; Eastman; Equistar; Exxon; Formosa Plastics; Huntsman; Idemitsu Petrochem.; Mobil; Montell N. Am.; Nippon Petrochems.; Nova Ltd; Tosoh; Ube Ind.; Union Carbide; Westlake Plastics
- Trade Names: Nipolon-L; Nipolon®-Z; Novapol® PD-2115-A; Novapol® PF-Y821-BP; Novapol® PF-Y821-CP; Novapol® TF-Y822-BP; Novapol® TF-Y822-CP; Sclair® 11B4; Sclair® 11P2; Sclair® 11P3; Sclair® 11P4; Sclair® 61C; Sclair® 8107; Sclair® 8107 UV8D, 8107G UV8D

Polyethylene, linear low-density, high α-olefin content. See Polyethylene, very low-density

Polyethylene, low-density

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Synonyms: LDPE

Definition: Thermoplastic branched chain polyethylene

Formula: [CH2CH2]x

- Properties: Beads; swollen by hydrocarbon and chlorinated solvs.; insol. in water, cold org. solvs.; m.w. ≤ 70,000; dens. ≤ 0.92 kg/l; m.p. 107-115 C; tens. str. 12-15 MPa; tens. mod. 140 MPa; elong. 550-650% (break) Toxicology: Cancer suspect agent; TSCA listed
- Uses: Film (general pkg., shrink film, food pkg., carrier bags, waste bags, construction/agric. film, pallet wrapping); extrusion coatings; paper coating; cable/wire insulation; fibers; cordage; blow molded squeeze bottles, drum linings; elec. insulation; inj. molded goods (toys, elec. fittings, bushes, seals, components); piping; powd. coatings; processing aid in rubbers; flatting, antisettling agent in paints; dispersant; color enhancer; abrasive for cosmetics; chewing gum base
- Manuf./Distrib.: A. Schulman; Acros Org.; Ampacet; Atofina Bruxelles; ChevronPhillips; Coz; Eastman; Equistar; Exxon; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; LG Petrochem. Co. Ltd; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Union Carbide; Westlake Plastics; Whyte Chems. Ltd
- Trade Names: Chevron PE 4517; Eastacoat 808P; Microthene® FN 500-00; Microthene® FN 502-18; Microthene® FN 510-00; Microthene® FN 514-00; Microthene® FN 517-00; Microthene® FN 519-00; Microthene® MN 701-00; Microthene® MN 710-20; Nipolon; Nopcote® 3560; Novapol® LC-0522-A; Novapol® LC-0717-A; Novapol® LF-0717-A; Petrothene® NA 204-000; Petrothene® NA 214-000; Petrothene® NA 216-000; Petrothene® NA 217-000; Petrothene® NA 219-000; Petrothene® NA 957; Rexene® PE 5000 Series

Polyethylene, medium density

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

Synonyms: MDPE

Formula: [CH2CH2]x

- Uses: Extrusion coating resin; food pkg.; food-contact paper/paperboard, polymer
- Manuf./Distrib.: Equistar; Union Carbide
- Trade Names: Novapol® HD-2100-A; Novapol® TF-Y534-IP; Novapol® TR-0338-U; Novapol® TR-0338-UG; Novapol® TR-0535-U; Novapol® TR-0535-UG; Sclair® 8306 UV8D, 8306G UV8D; Sclair® 8405 UV8D, 8405G UV8D

Poly (ethylene oxide). See Polyethylene glycol

Polyethylene, oxidized

- CAS 68441-17-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3
- Synonyms: Ethene, homopolymer, oxidized; Oxidized polyethylene; Poly (ethylene), oxidized

Definition: Reaction prod. of polyethylene and oxygen

Properties: Dens. 0.930; m.p. 8-140 C

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Wax for polishes, finishes, adhesives, and emulsions; processing lubricant; mold release aid; textile lubricant; PVC lubricant; protective fruit/ vegetable coatings; in food-pkg. adhesives and pressure-sensitive adhesives; slip agent; hardener; dispersion aid, coupling agent for plastics; in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact textiles; films; profiles; inj. molding; dry-bright wax emulsions for floor maintenance and leather finishes; visc. control agent in cosmetics
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.260, 175.105, 175.125, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1620, 177.2800
- Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aldrich
- *Trade Names*: A-C® 316; A-C® 316A; A-C® 325; A-C® 330; A-C® 392; A-C® 395, 395A; A-C® 629; A-C® 629A; A-C® 655; A-C® 656; A-C® 680; A-C® 6702; ACumist® A-12; ACumist® A-18; Cardipol® LP 0-25; Epolene® E-10; Epolene® E-15; Epolene® E-20; Esi-CryI[™] 316N; Hoechst Wax PED 121; Hoechst Wax PED 153; Hoechst Wax PED 522; Hoechst Wax PED 821; Hoechst Wax PED 822; Luwax® OA; Luwax® OA 3; Luwax® OA 5; Petrolite® C-7500; Petrolite® C-9500; Petrolite® E-1040; Petrolite® E-202; Vestowax® AO 1535; Vestowax® AO 1539

Poly (ethylene), oxidized. See Polyethylene, oxidized

Polyethylenepolypropylene glycols, polymers. See Poloxamer 101

Polyethylene resin. See Polyethylene wax Polyethylene resins. See Polyethylene

Poly (ethylene tetrafluoride). See Polytetrafluoroethylene

Polyethylene, ultrahigh m.w.

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3

- Classification: Polymer
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Fiber; surface-modified particles producing cast elastomer composites with high abrasion resist. and low coeff. of friction; imparts improved abrasion, corrosion and chem. resist. in coatings
- Trade Names: Tivar®-1000; 1900 UHMW Polymers; Utec® 3040; Utec® 6540

Polyethylene, very low-density

- Synonyms: ULDPE; VLDPE; Polyethylene, linear low-density, high αolefin content
- Definition: Rubbery thermoplastic consisting of long chain ethylene copolymers with up to 10% comonomers; high impact and tens. str. with elong. at break close to 900%
- Uses: Elasticity improver in polyolefin compds.; heavy-duty stretch pkg. film; food-contact paper/paperboard, polymers

Trade Names: Lumitac®; Sclair® 10A; Sclair® 10B; Sclair® 10C

Polyethylene wax

CAS 9002-88-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-815-3 Synonyms: Polyethylene resin Empirical: (C₂H₄)_n Formula: (-CH₂CH₂)_n Uses: Wax for polishes, plastics and rubber processing, printing inks, pigment master batches, hot-melt adhesives; lubricant for plastics processing, PVC; mold release; thickener for solv.-based polishes, inks, paints, lacquers, pharmaceutical gels; textile antistat/lubricant (spin finishes); rubproofing additive in printing inks; processing aid; slip agent; carrier; lubricant; antiblock; surfactant; pigment dispersant; release agent in foodcontact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300

- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; Astor Corp.; BASF; Baker Petrolite; Barco Chem. Prods.; Chemcor; Degussa-Hüls AG; Eastman; Ferro; Fluka; Frank B. Ross; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Int'l. Group; Koster Keunen; Michelman; Micro Powders; Morton Int'l.; Presperse; Rheox; Royce Assoc.; Sartomer; Scheel; Shamrock Tech.; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Stanson; Stevenson Cooper; Strahl & Pitsch; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels
- Trade Names: A-C[®] 7; A-C[®] 7A; Aqua Superslip 6550; Epolene[®] C-10; Epolene® C-13; Epolene® C-14; Epolene® C-15; Epolene® C-15P; Epolene® C-16; Epolene® C-17; Epolene® N-10P; Epolene® N-11; Epolene[®] N-14; Epolene[®] N-20; Epolene[®] N-21; Epolene[®] N-34; Hoechst Wax PED 521; Shamrock Neptune I N1; Shamrock Neptune I SP5; Shamrock S-379 H; Shamrock S-379 N; Shamrock S-379 N3; Shamrock S-381 N1; Shamrock S-381 N5; Shamrock S-394 N1; Shamrock S-394 N5; Shamrock S-394 SP5; Shamrock S-483; Struktol® PE H-100; Struktol® PE H-100 PL; Suntorl P-40; Vestowax® AO 2733

Trade Names Containing: Basophob®; Shamrock Hydrocer EEP 16; Shamrock Hydrocer EEP 33 See also Polyethylene

Polyethylenimine

CAS 9002-98-6 (generic)

Synonyms: PEI; Aziridine, homopolymer; Ethyleneimine, homopolymer; Ethyleneimine polymer; Ethylenimine, polymers; Ethyleneimine resin; Polyaziridine; Polyethyleneimine; Poly (ethylenimine)

Classification: Cationic polyelectrolyte

Definition: Polymer with varying m.w.

Empirical: (C2H5N),

Formula: (CH₂CH₂NH)_n

- Properties: Misc. with water; m.w. (43.07),
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3300 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; harmful if swallowed; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; may cause GI upset; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x, irritating and toxic fumes and gases; heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x
- Storage: Store in cool, dry place; store under nitrogen; keep container closed when not in use
- Uses: Cationic polyelectrolytes (paper retention aid, wet str. additive, pigment dispersion); flocculant (water treatment); adhesion promotion agent; ionexchange media; textile dyeing/printing aux.; in food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; adjuvant in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; to anchor coatings to substrate; impregnant in food-contact surf. of cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 177.1200

- Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma; TCI Am. Trade Names: Catiofast® GM; Catiofast® NB-DF; Catiofast® NB-PD; Catiofast® PL; Polymin® PL; Polymin® PR 971 L; Polymin® SKA; Polymin[®] SNA

Trade Names Containing: Polymin® 978 L See also Polyethylene imine

Poly (ethylenimine). See Polyethylenimine

Polyethylenimine 15. See PEI-15

Polyethylenimine 30. See PEI-30

Polyethylenimine 275. See PEI-275

Polyethylenimine 700. See PEI-700

- Polyethylenimine 1000. See PEI-1000
- Polyethylenimine 1400. See PEI-1400
- Polyethylenimine 1500. See PEI-1500

Polyethylenimine 1750. See PEI-1750

Polyethylenimine 2500. See PEI-2500

Polyethylenimine-silica. See Silica, amorphous Polyfoam. See Polyurethane, thermoplastic

Poly (glycidyltrimethyl ammonium chloride)

CAS 51838-31-4

Uses: Cationic polyelectrolytes for water and sewage clarification; retention

aid and drainage aid in paper prod.

Polyglycol. See Polyethylene glycol Polyglycol 1000. See PEG-20 Polyglycol 4000. See PEG-75 Polyhydroxoaluminum chloride. See Polyaluminum chloride

Poly (2-hydroxypropyl-N,N-dimethyl ammonium chloride)

- CAS 39660-17-8; 42751-79-1
- Classification: Quat. polymer
- Formula: $[CH_2CHOHCH_2(CH_3)_2N^+Cl^-]_n$
- Properties: M.w. < 500,000; Cationic
- Precaution: Nonhazardous (DOT); mildly corrosive
- Uses: Flocculant and coagulant for wastewater treatment, potable water treatment, coal clarification; food-contact paper/paperboard Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich
- Trade Names: Agefloc A50HV-P; Agefloc A50LV-P; Agefloc A50-P; Agefloc B50-P; Hartfloc® 425

Poly (imino (1,2-ethanediyl)). See Polyethylene imine

Polyindene resin. See Coumarone/indene resin

Polyisobutene

- CAS 9003-27-4
 - Synonyms: PIB; Isobutene homopolymer; Isobutene polymer; Isobutylene homopolymer; Isobutylene polymer; Isobutylene resin; 2-Methyl-1-propene, homopolymer; 2-Methylpropene polymer; Polyisobutylene; Polymerized 2-methylpropene; 1-Propene, 2-methyl-, homopolymer; Propene, 2-methyl-, polymers
 - Classification: Polymer
 - Definition: Homopolymer of isobutylene

Empirical: (C4H8)x

- Formula: [CH₂C(CH₃)HCH₂]_x
- Properties: M.w. (56.11),; dens. 0.920; ref. index 1.5045
- Toxicology: May cause eye/skin/digestive/respiratory tract irritation; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂
- Storage: Store in cool, dry place in tightly closed container
- Uses: Syn. rubber; stabilizer for rubber; thickener for lubricating oils; adhesives; sealants; paints; elec. insulating oils; prod. of damp-proof courses containing fillers in construction industry; binder, film-former, visc. control agent in cosmetics; gloss aid in lipsticks; emulsion stabilizer; base for chewing gum; pharmaceutical excipient/emollient/carrier; cosolubilizer; plasticizer in food-contact polymers; food-pkg. adhesives and pressuresensitive adhesives; in food-contact paper coatings; in cellophane for food pkg.; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; food-contact surfaces; thickener in mineral oil lubricants for incidental food-contact use; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Regulatory: FDA2ICFR §172.615 (min. m.w. 37,000), 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1420, 178.1005, 178.3570, 178.3740, 178.3910; Japan approved; FDA approved for injectables

Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich; BASF; ChevronPhillips; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Rit-Chem; Texas Petrochem.

Poly (isobutene)/maleic anhydride adduct, diethanolamine reaction prod. Uses: Surfactant for dispersions of polyacrylamide retention and drainage aids used in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Polyisobutylene. See Polyisobutene Poly (isobutylene-co-isoprene). See Isobutylene/isoprene copolymer

Polyisoprene

CAS 9003-31-0

Synonyms: IR; 1,3-Butadiene, 2-methyl-, homopolymer; Isoprene rubber; 2-Methyl-1,3-butadiene, homopolymer; cis-1,4-Polyisoprene; trans-Polyisoprene; cis-1,4-Polyisoprene rubber

Classification: Thermoplastic elastomer

Definition: Polymer of isoprene; major component of natural rubber, also made synthetically; avail. in range of std., oil-extended and carbon blk.filled grades; props. vary with catalysts used in mfg. (lithium, titanium) Empirical: (C5H8)x

Formula: [CH₂C(CH₃)CHCH₂]_x

Properties: M.w. (68.118),; dens. 0.90-0.94 kg/l

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Precaution: Supports combustion

- Uses: Elastomer for light colored goods, adhesives, footwear, sponge prods., tires, pharmaceutical goods, rubber bands, molded and mech. goods; emollient in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives and pressure-sensitive adhesives, food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact articles for repeated use
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 176.180, 177.2600
- Manuf./Distrib.: A. Schulman; ABCR; Acros Org.; E.L. Puskas; Fluka; Goodyear; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs See also Natural rubber
- cis-1,4-Polyisoprene. See Polyisoprene
- trans-Polyisoprene. See Polyisoprene
- cis-1,4-Polyisoprene rubber. See Polyisoprene
- Poly (laurolactam). See Nylon 12
- Poly (lignosulfonic acid). See Lignin sulfonate
- Poly (maleic anhydride). See Maleic anhydride homopolymer
- Poly (maleic anhydride-methyl vinyl ether). See PVM/MA copolymer
- Polymannuronic acid. See Alginic acid
- Poly (melamine-co-formaldehyde), butylated. See Melamine-formaldehyde resin, butylated
- Poly (melamine-co-formaldehyde), isobutylated. See Melamine-formaldehyde resin, isobutylated
- Poly (melamine-co-formaldehyde), methylated. See Melamine-formaldehyde resin, methylated
- Poly (melamine-co-formaldehyde), methylated/butylated. See Melamineformaldehyde resin, methylated-butylated
- Polymerized 1-butene. See Polybutene
- Polymerized 2-methylpropene. See Polyisobutene
- Poly (methacrylic acid) sodium salt. See Sodium polymethacrylate
- Poly (methylene) wax. See Paraffin

Poly [(methylimino) (2-hydroxytrimethylene) hydrochloride]

Uses: Retention aid in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Polymethyl methacrylate

CAS 9011-14-7

Synonyms: PMM; PMMA; Methacrylic acid methyl ester polymers; Methyl methacrylate homopolymer; Methyl methacrylate polymer; Methyl methacrylate polymers; Methyl methacrylate resin; 2-Methyl-2-propenoic acid methyl ester homopolymer; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, homopolymer

Classification: Thermoplastic polymer

- Definition: Polymer of methyl methacrylate; hard transparent amorphous material
- Empirical: (C5H8O2)x
- Formula: [CH₂CCH₃COOCH₃]_n
- Properties: Powd., gran., cast sheet and block; sol. in ethyl acetate, chlorinated solvs.; m.w. 60,000 (molding grades), 1,000,000 (cast sheet); dens. 1.188; ref. index 1.4100; tens. str. 72 MPa; tens. mod. 2400 MPa
- Toxicology: TDLo (implant, rat) 127 mg/kg; toxic; severe irritant; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen by implant; target organ: liver, kidneys, bladder; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Thermoplastic used as main constituent of acrylic sheet, molding and extrusion compds., coatings, barrier coatings for PS, vinyl topcoats, prod. finishes, printing inks; tubing for food processing/chem./medical equip. components; processing aid for PVC; modifier for alkyds; film-former, visc. control agent in cosmetics; filler, lubricant, adsorbent for cosmetic powds.; thickener for hair care preps.; food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods; acrylic plastic for food pkg.; polymer modifier in food-contact rigid/ semirigid PVC

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.180, 177.1010, 178.3790 Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aldrich; Aristech; Atofina SA; Coz; Cyro Ind.; Cytec Ind.; Degussa-Hüls; Esschem; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Shuman Plastics; Sigma; StanChem; Sybron; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Poly-α-methylstyrene

CAS 25014-31-7

Synonyms: Benzene, (1-methylethenyl)-, homopolymer; Methylstyrene homopolymer; α -Methyl styrene polymer

- Empirical: $(C_{11}H_{10})_n$
- Formula: $[CH_2C(CH_3)(C_8H_5)]_n$
- *Properties:* M.w. 685-960; dens.1.075 (15.6 C); m.p. 118-141 C; ref. index 1.61 (20 C)
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Plasticizer, extrusion and molding process aid in ABS, PVC, CPVC, and semirigid vinyl, thermoplastic urethanes, molded rubbers, and thermoplastic elastomers; modifier and reinforcer in adhesives, thermoplastic powd. coatings, hot-melt coatings; in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.180 Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Fluka

Poly (methyl vinyl ether-alt-maleic anhydride). See PVM/MA copolymer Poly(methyl vinyl ether/maleic anhydride). See PVM/MA copolymer Poly (monochlorotrifluoroethylene). See Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer Polynoxylin. See Urea/formaldehyde resin

- Polyorthosilicic acid. See Silica, hydrated
- Polyox. See Polyethylene glycol
- Poly[1-(2-oxo-1-pyrrolidinyl) ethylene]. See PVP
- Poly (oxy (dimethylsilylene)). See Dimethyl siloxane; Polydimethylsiloxane
- Poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)], α-hydro-ω-hydroxy-. See Dimethiconol
- **Polyoxy (dimethylsilylene)**, **α**-(trimethylsilyl)-**ω**-hydroxy. *See* Dimethyl siloxane
- Poly (oxy (dimethylsilylene)), α-(trimethylsilyl)-ω-methyl-. See Dimethicone
- Poly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-hexadecyl-ω-hydroxy-, mixt. with (Z)-α-9octadecenyl-ω-hydroxypoly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl). See Cetoleth

Poly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-hydro-ω-hydroxy-. See Polyethylene glycol

Poly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -methyl- ω -methoxy-. See PEG dimethyl ether

- Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(nonylphenyl)-ω-hydroxy-, phosphate. See Nonoxynol-9 phosphate
- Poly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(1-oxooctadecyl)-ω-hydroxy-. See PEG stearate
- Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-sulfo-ω-(dodecyloxy)-, sodium salt. See Sodium laureth sulfate
- Polyoxyethylene-grafted polydimethylsiloxane. See Polysiloxane polyether copolymer

Polyoxyethylene mono (octylphenyl) ether. See Octoxynol

Polyoxyethylene monostearate. See PEG stearate

Polyoxyethylene nonylphenol. See Nonoxynol

Polyoxyethylene/polyoxypropylene copolymer. See EO/PO block polymer or copolymer

Polyoxy 40 castor oil. See PEG-40 castor oil

Polyoxyl cetostearyl ether. See Ceteareth

Polyoxyl 20 cetostearyl ether. See Ceteareth-20

Polyoxyl 4 dilaurate. See PEG-4 dilaurate

Polyoxyl 75 Ianolin. See PEG-75 Ianolin

Polyoxyl 10 oleyl ether. See Oleth-10

Polyoxyl 2 stearate. See PEG-2 stearate

Polyoxyl 8 stearate. See PEG-8 stearate

Polyoxyl 20 stearate. See PEG-20 stearate

Polyoxyl 40 stearate. See PEG-40 stearate

Polyoxymethylene. See Paraformaldehyde

Polyoxymethylene glycols. See Formaldehyde

Polyoxymethylene melamine. See Melamine-formaldehyde resin

Polyoxymethylene urea. See Urea/formaldehyde resin

- Poly [oxy(methylsilylene)]. See Methicone
- Polyoxypropylene (9). See PPG-9
- Polyoxypropylene (12). See PPG-12
- Polyoxypropylene (17). See PPG-17 Polyoxypropylene (20). See PPG-20
- Polyoxypropylene (26). See PPG-26
- Polyoxypropylene (30). See PPG-30
- Polyoxypropylene (34). See PPG-34
- Polyoxypropylene (3) methyl ether. See PPG-3 methyl ether
- Polyoxypropylene/polyoxyethylene block polymer. See EO/PO block polymer or copolymer
- Polyoxypropyléne/polyoxyethylene copolymer. See EO/PO block polymer or copolymer

Poly-1,4,7,10,13-pentaaza-15-hydroxyhexadecane

Uses: Retention aid in mfg. of food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.250

Polyphosphoric acid, ammonium salt. See Ammonium polyphosphate Polypropene. See Polypropylene

Polypropylene

CAS 9003-07-0

Synonyms: PP; Atactic polypropylene; Isotactic polypropylene; Polypropene; Propathene; 1-Propene, homopolymer; Propene polymer; Propene polymers; Propylene polymer; Syndiotactic polypropylene

- Classification: Thermoplastic polymer
- Definition: Polymer of propylene monomers; three forms: isotactic (fiberforming), syndiotactic, atactic (amorphous)

Empirical: (C₃H₆)_x

Formula: [CH2(CH3)CH]x

- Properties: Wh. translucent solid; m.w. > 40,000; dens. 0.90; m.p. 168-171 C; Isotactic: solid; pract. insol. in cold org. solvs.; sol. in hot decalin, hot tetralin, boiling tetrachloroethane; dens. 0.090-0.92; m.p. 165 C; tens. str. 28-35 MPa; flex. mod. 1000-1700 MPa
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 3200 mg/kg, (IP, rat) > 110 g/kg, (IV, rat) > 99 g/kg; mod. toxic by ing. and IP routes; questionable carcinogen; tumorigen; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Mfg. of paints; film (food/tobacco/display pkg.); inj. and blow-molded parts; automotive components; housings; wire/cable coating; bottles; artificial grass; plastic pipe; fish nets; surgical gear; strapping; syn. paper; reinforced plastics; flame retardant in PP homopolymers; dispersant for pigments, minerals, and glass-filled plastics, compatibilizers, and adhesion promoters; pharmaceutical excipient; film-former, visc. control agent in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings; in cellophane for food pkg.; Isotactic: fishing gear, ropes, filter cloths, laundry bags, protective clothing, blankets, fabrics, carpets, yarns; Amorphous: plastics lubricant

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 177.1200, 177.1520, 179.45; FDA approved for injectables; BP compliance (stockinette)

Manuf./Distrib.: A. Schulman; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ampacet; Aristech; Ashland; Atofina Bruxelles; BASF; BP Amoco Polymers; Bencorp Int'l.; Celanese; Chisso Am.; Continental Ind. Group; Cray Valley; DSM Chem. N. Am.; Eastman; Equistar; Exxon; GE Plastics; Huntsman; Int'l. Commodities Export; LNP; Marco Polo Int'l.; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Montell N. Am.; Nichem; Shell; Solvay Polymers; Sumitomo Chem.; Union Carbide; Westlake Plastics; Whyte Chems. Ltd Trade Names: Eastone™ 147 Wax; Microthene® FP 800-00

Trade Names Containing: Polybond® 3002; Polybond® 3150

Polypropylene, amorphous

Synonyms: APP; Atactic polypropylene; Polypropylene, atactic

Definition: Tacky rubbery solid consistg. of amorphous PP with small degree of crystallinity

Formula: [CH2(CH3)CH]x

Properties: M.w. 20,000-80,000; dens. 0.86 kg/l; soften. pt. (R&B) 155 C

Uses: Hot-melt adhesives for paper lamination; road marking compds.; bitumen sealant/roofing sheet ingred.; vehicle vibration damping material; corrosion protection wrappings; back-coating compositions (carpet tiles)

Polypropylene, atactic. See Polypropylene, amorphous

Polypropylene, chlorinated

CAS 68442-33-1

Synonyms: Chlorinated polypropylene; Chlorinated PP; PP, chlorinated Properties: Wh. powd.; odorless; nonflamm.

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Film-forming polymer used in coatings, inks, adhesives, paper coatings; adhesion promoter for PP and blends; adhesion modifier for coatings, adhesives, and inks

Manuf./Distrib.: Advanced Polymer; Aldrich

Polypropylene glycol

CAS 25322-69-4 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 200-338-0 Synonyms: PPG; α-Hydro-ω-hydroxypoly [oxy (methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)];

 α -Hydro- ω -hydroxypoly (oxypropylene); Oxirane, methyl-, homopolymer; Poly (propylene oxide); Propylene oxide homopolymer

Classification: Aliphatic organic compd. Empirical: (C₃H₈O₂)_n

- Formula: $HO(C_3H_6O)_nH$, n = 4-70
- Properties: Colorless clear visc. liq., sl. bitter taste; sol. in water, aliphatic ketones, alcohol; insol. in ether, aliphatic hydrocarbons; m.w. 400-2000; dens. 1.001-1.007; m.p. does not cryst.; flash pt. > 390 F
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 4190 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ingestion; skin and eye irritant; linked to sensitive reactions; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; reactive with oxidizers Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

- Uses: Aq. fire-resist. hydraulic fluids; rubber processing lubricant; high-temp. lubricants for furnaces; antifoam agents; PU chain extender; intermediates for urethane foams, adhesives, coatings, elastomers, plasticizers, paint formulations; lab reagent; flotation frothing agent; defoamer for beet sugar and yeast processing, foods; pharmaceutical solvent for fats, oils, waxes, resins; plasticizer in food-contact polymers; in food-pkg. adhesives; in side seam cements for food-contact containers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3740; FDA approved for ophthalmics, orals, topicals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Arch Chems.; Ashland; BASF; BP Chems. Ltd; Bayer; Coyne; Degussa-Hüls AG; Dow; Eastman; Fluka; Harcros; Lambent Tech.; Lyondell; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; PPG Ind.; Rhodia HPCII; Sal Chem.

Trade Names: Acclaim® 2200; Acclaim® 4200; Acclaim® 8200 Trade Names Containing: Trans-278 See also PPG ...

Polypropylene glycol (9). See PPG-9

- Polypropylene glycol (12). See PPG-12
- Polypropylene glycol (17). See PPG-17
- Polypropylene glycol (20). See PPG-20
- Polypropylene glycol (26). See PPG-26
- Polypropylene glycol (30). See PPG-30
- Polypropylene glycol (34). See PPG-34

Polypropylene glycol 1200. See PPG-20

- Polypropylene glycol monomethyl ether. See Methoxyisopropanol
- Poly (propylene oxide). See Polypropylene glycol

Polyguaternium-5

CAS 26006-22-4

- Acrylamide-B-methacrylyloxyethyltrimethyl ammonium methyl sulfate copolymer; Ethanaminium, N,N,N-trimethyl-2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl) oxy]-, methyl sulfate, polymer with 2-propenamide; Quaternium-39
- Definition: Copolymer of acrylamide and β-methacrylyloxyethyl trimethyl ammonium methosulfate
- Uses: Flocculant and retention aid for pulp and paper industry; retention aid for paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; slip agent, thickener, antistat, adhesive, film-former, solids-suspending agent, and/or chemical crosslinking agent; antistat, film-former in cosmetics

Regulatory: FĎA 21CFR §176.170

Trade Names Containing: Hartfloc® C-470

Polyquaternium-6

CAS 26062-79-3 Synonyms: PDADMAC; PolyDMDAAC; Poly DMDAC; Ammonium, diallyl dimethyl-, chloride, polymers; N,N-Dimethyl-N-2-propenyl-2-propen-1aminium chloride, homopolymer; Poly (diallyldimethylammoniumn chloride); Poly (dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride); 2-Propen-1-aminium, N,N-dimethyl-N-2-propenyl-, chloride, homopolymer; Quaternium-40

Definition: Polymer of dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride

Empirical: (C₈H₁₆N • Cl)_x

- Properties: M.w. 100,000-1,000,000; cationic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3 g/kg, (oral, mouse) 1720 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Nonhazardous (DOT); mildly corrosive
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x and Cl
- Uses: Conditioner, antistat, film-former, emollient for cosmetics, hair shampoos, conditioners, rinses, moisturizing creams, lotions, bath prods., skin

care; flocculant/coagulant for water clarification, potable water treatment, wastewater treatment, oil field, flotation enhancement, mining filtration aid; flocculant, pigment dispersant, retention aid in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Agefloc PC20HV; Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206; Agequat C1405; Agequat C3204; Agestat 41T; Hartfloc® 401; Sumaclear P30, P35

Polyquaternium-7

CAS 9022-17-7; 26590-05-6

Synonyms: Acrylamide-diallyldimethyl ammonium chloride; Acrylamide/dimethyldiallyl ammonium chloride copolymer; Diallyldimethyl ammonium chloride with acrylamide; N,N-Dimethyl-N-2-propenyl-2-propen-1-aminium chloride, polymer with 2-propenamide; Poly (acrylamide-co-diallyldimethyl ammonium chloride); 2-Propen-1-aminium, N,N-dimethyl-N-2-propenyl-, chloride, polymer with 2-propenamide; Quaternium-41

Classification: Polymeric quaternary ammonium salt

Definition: Polymeric quaternary ammonium salt consisting of acrylamide and dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride monomers

Formula: $(C_8H_{16}N \cdot C_3H_5NO \cdot Cl)_x$

Properties: Dens. 1.020; ref. index 1.350 (20 C); cationic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Foam stabilizer, antistat, film-former, conditioner for cosmetics, shampoos; imparts lubricity, slip, detangling to hair prods.; drainage and retention aid in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; sludge dewatering

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Agequat C505

Polysilicic acid

Uses: Retention aid, drainage aid for papermaking; flocculant for water treatment

Trade Names: Particol[®] *See also* Silica, hydrated

Polysiloxane

CAS 9011-19-2

Synonyms: Oxosilane; Siloxane

Definition: A straight-chain compd. consistg. of silicon atoms single-bonded to oxygen and arranged so that each silicon atom is linked with four oxygen atoms

Properties: Nonionic

- Uses: Industrial foam control agent for high-solids coatings and water-reducible coatings, polyester/epoxy coatings, primers, and varnishes, floor coatings, top coats, solv.- and water-based printing inks, food-contact coatings; hydrophobing agent; marl and slip agent
- Trade Names Containing: Agitan® 731; TEGO® Airex 901 W; TEGO® Airex 960; TEGO® Airex 970

Polysiloxane polyether copolymer

CAS 68937-54-2

Synonyms: Dimethicone copolyol; Polyoxyethylene-grafted polydimethylsiloxane

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Defoamer for emulsion paints, adhesives, polymer dispersions; slip, flow, mar resist., and leveling agent for paints; extrusion aid in prod. of polyolefins for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1520

Trade Names: Silwet® L-7657; TEGO® Foamex 800; TEGO® Foamex 805; TEGO® Foamex 810; TEGO® Foamex 815; TEGO® Foamex 815; TEGO® Glide 403; TEGO® Glide 404; TEGO® Wet 260

Trade Names Containing: TEGO® Foamex 1495; TEGO® Foamex 8030

Polysodium vinyl sulfonate

Synonyms: PSVS; Sodium vinyl sulfonate polymerized Classification: Polymer Definition: Polymer of sodium vinyl sulfonate

Properties: M.w. 10,000

Uses: As dispersant and deflocculant for calcium carbonate and other pigment slurries used in paints, coatings, inks, and paper coatings; in paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.170 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Air Prods.

Polysorbate 20

- CAS 9005-64-5 (generic); 68154-33-6; FEMA 2915
- Synonyms: POE (20) sorbitan monolaurate; PEG-20 sorbitan laurate; Sorbimacrogol laurate 300; Sorbitan, monododecanoate, poly(oxy-1,2ethanediyl) derivs.
- Definition: Mixture of laurate esters of sorbitol and sorbitol anhydrides, with ≈ 20 moles ethylene oxide
- Empirical: C₅₈H₁₁₄O₂₆
- Properties: Lemon to amber liq., char. odor, bitter taste; sol. in water, alcohol, ethyl acetate, methanol, dioxane; insol. in min. oil, min. spirits; m.w. 1227.72; HLB 16.9; acid no. 0-2; sapon. no. 40-50; hyd. no. 60-108; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 37 g/kg, (IV, mouse) 1420 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 3850 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP, IV route; mildly toxic by ing.; human skin irritant; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Surfactant, o/w emulsifier, solubilizer used in agric., cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, leather, metalworking, textiles, paints, emulsion polymerization; antistat for rigid PVC; in food-pkg. adhesives; food emulsifier, stabilizer, flavoring agent, dispersant; emulsifier in food pkg.

Use Level: ADI 0-25 mg/kg (EU); 1-15% (emulsifier for pharmaceuticals)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3400; FEMA GRAS; Europe listed; FDA approved for intravenous, parenterals, ophthalmics, orals, topicals, vaginals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Rhodia HPCII; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma

Trade Names: Crillet 1 HP; Crillet 1 NF; DeMULS PSML-20; Paxsorbate 20

Polysorbate 21

- CAS 9005-64-5 (generic)
- Synonyms: POE (4) sorbitan monolaurate; PEG-4 sorbitan laurate
- \vec{D} efinition: Mixture of laurate esters of sorbitol and sorbitol anhydrides, with \approx 4 moles ethylene oxide

Properties: HLB 13.3; nonionic

- *Toxicology:* Moderately toxic by intraperitoneal, intravenous routes; mildly toxic by ingestion; skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Uses: Emulsifier for PVC polymerization; solubilizer for colorants; dye leveling agent; emulsifier for cosmetics, food, and pharmaceuticals; corrosion inhibitor; antistat, fiber lubricant for textiles; in resinous/polymeric foodcontact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300

- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma
- Trade Names: Crillet 11

Polysorbate 40

CAS 9005-66-7 (generic)

- Synonyms: POE (20) sorbitan monopalmitate; Sorbimacrogol palmitate 300; Sorbitan, monohexadecanoate, poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivs.
- Definition: Mixture of palmitate esters of sorbitol and sorbitol anhydrides, with \approx 20 moles of ethylene oxide

Empirical: C₆₂H₁₂₂O₂₆

- Properties: Yel. liq., faint char. odor; sol. in water, alcohol; insol. in min. and veg. oils; m.w. 1283.84; HLB 15.6; acid no. 2.2 max.; sapon. no. 41-52; hyd. no. 89-105; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (IV, rat) 1580 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IV route; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: O/w emulsifier, solubilizer used in agric., cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, leather, metalworking, textiles, paints, polymerization; polymer additives; food emulsifier, dough improver, crystallization retarder, solubilizer, flavor dispersant; surfactant, lubricant, antistat for cosmetics; veg./fruit coatings; yeast/sugar defoamer; emulsifier in food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives Use Level: ADI 0-25 mg/kg (EU)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 178.3400; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for parenterals, intramuscular injectables, orals, topicals; USP/NF compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Crillet 2; Lumisorb[™] PSMP-20

Polysorbate 60

CAS 9005-67-8 (generic); FEMA 2916

- Synonyms: PEG-20 sorbitan stearate; POE (20) sorbitan monostearate; Sorbitan, monooctadecanoate, poly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivs.; Sorbimacrogol stearate 300
- Definition: Mixture of stearate esters of sorbitol and sorbitol anhydrides, with ≈ 20 moles ethylene oxide
- *Empirical:* C₆₄H₁₂₆O₂₆
- Properties: Lemon to orange oily liq., faint char. odor, bitter taste; sol. in water, alcohol, aniline, ethyl acetate, toluene; insol. in min. and veg. oils; m.w. 1311.90; HLB 14.9; acid no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 45-55; hyd. no. 81-96; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (IV, rat) 1220 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IV route; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen, reproductive effects; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, solvent for polymerization, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, industrial chemicals, pesticides, textiles, plastics additive, paints, pulp/paper, polish, dyes; solubilizer; textile lubricant/antistat (spin finishes); dye penetrant/leveling aid; lubricant; softener; food emulsifier, protective coating, dough conditioner, stabilizer; foaming agent in beverage mixes; pharmaceutical and veterinary drug; emulsifier in food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Use Level: Limitation 0.4% (whipped edible oil topping), 0.46% (cake), 0.5% (confectionery coating), 0.3% (dressing), 1% (shortening), 0.4% (milk), 4.5% (nonalcoholic beverage mix), 0.5% (baked goods, gelatin desserts); ADI 0-25 mg/kg (EU)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1001, 172.515, 172.836, 172.878, 172.886, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3400; USDA CFR9 §318.7, 381.147 (limitation 1% max., 1% total combined with polysorbate 80, 0.0175% in scald water); FEMA GRAS; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals, rectals, topicals, vaginals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Rhodia HPCII; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.
- *Trade Names:* Alkamuls® PSMS-20; Crillet 3; DeMULS PSMS-60; Lumisorb™ PSMS-20; Paxsorbate 60

Polysorbate 61

CAS 9005-67-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (4) sorbitan monostearate; PEG-4 sorbitan stearate

- $\vec{Definition}$: Mixture of stearate esters of sorbitol and sorbitol anhydrides, with \approx 4 moles EO
- Empirical: C64H126O26
- Properties: M.w. 1311.70; dens. 1.044; flash pt. > 110 C; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* Moderately toxic by intravenous route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer, lubricant for flavors, vitamins, textile use, household formulations, suppositories in pharmaceuticals, emulsion polymerization, hydraulic fluids, metal treatment, paints; color dispersants for plastics, cosmetics, leather; emulsifier in cosmetics; lubricant for fibers; antistat; stabilizer; visc. modifier; suspending agent; in resinous/polymeric foodcontact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Crillet 31

Polysorbate 65

CAS 9005-71-4

- Synonyms: POE (20) sorbitan tristearate; PEG-20 sorbitan tristearate; Sorbimacrogol tristearate 300; Sorbitan, trioctadecanoate, poly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivs.
- Definition: \dot{M} ixture of stearate esters of sorbitol and sorbitol anhydrides, with \approx 20 moles EO
- Properties: Tan waxy solid, faint odor, bitter taste; sol. in min. and veg. oils, min. spirits, acetone, ether, dioxane, alcohol, methanol; disp. in water, CCl₄; HLB 10.5; pour pt. 33 C; acid no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 88-98; hyd. no. 44-60; nonionic
- Toxicology: TDLo (oral, rat) 635 g/kg; experimental reproductive effector; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Surfactant, o/w emulsifier, solubilizer used in agric., cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, leather, metalworking, textiles, polymerization, paints, pulp/

paper; emulsifier for food processing, food pkg.; softener, lubricant, antistat for textiles; thickener, lubricant for cosmetics; corrosion inhibitor

- Use Level: Limitation 0.1% (ice cream), 0.32% (cakes), 0.4% (whipped topping); ADI 0-25 mg/kg (EU)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1001, 172.838, 173.340, 175.300, 178.3400; Europe listed; UK approved

Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma

Trade Names: Crillet 35; DeMULS PSTS-65; Lumisorb™ PSTS-20

Polysorbate 80

- CAS 9005-65-6 (generic); 37200-49-0; 61790-86-1; FEMA 2917
- Synonyms: PEG-20 sorbitan oleate; POE (20) sorbitan monooleate; Sorbimacrogol oleate 300
- Definition: Mixture of oleate esters of sorbitol and sorbitol anhydrides, with ≈ 20 moles EO
- Properties: Amber visc. liq.; faint odor; bitter taste; nonionic; very sol. in water; sol. in alcohol, fixed oils, cottonseed oil, corn oil, ethyl acetate, methanol, toluene; insol. in min. oil; dens. 1.06-1.10; visc. 270-430 cSt; HLB 15.0; acid no. 2 max.; sapon. no. 45-55; hyd. no. 65-80; pH 5-7 (5% aq.); nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 25 g/kg, (IP, rats) 6.3 ml/kg, (IV, rat) 179 mg/ kg; mod. toxic by IV route; mildly toxic by ing.; eye irritant; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen, reproductive effects; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; pharmaceutic aid (surfactant); emulsifier and dispersant in medicinal prods.; defoamer and emulsifier in foods; adjuvant in herbicides; polymerization; paints; color diluent, flavoring; emulsifier in food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Use Level: Limitation 0.1% (ice cream), 4% (yeast defoamers), 500 ppm (pickles), 300-475 mg/day (vitamin/mineral preps.); ADI 0-25 mg/kg (EU)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 73.1001, 172.515, 172.840, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 178.3400; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147 (limitation 1% alone, 1% total combined with polysorbate 60); FEMA GRAS; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for buccals, intramuscular injectables, intravenous, parenterals, ophthalmics, orals, otics, rectals, topicals, vaginals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.
- Trade Names: Crillet 4; DeMULS PSMO-80; Lumisorb[™] PSMO-20; Paxsorbate 80

Polysorbate 81

CAS 9005-65-6 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-5 sorbitan oleate; POE (5) sorbitan monooleate

 $\vec{Definition}$: Mixture of oleate esters of sorbitol and sorbitol anhydrides, with ≈ 5 moles EO

Properties: HLB 10.0; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: O/w emulsifier, solubilizer, emollient used in agric., food, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, leather, textiles, emulsion polymerization, metalworking, metal treatment, paint, insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, cutting oils; lubricant, antistat; color dispersant in plastics; food emulsifier, suspending agent, visc. modifier; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300

Manuf./Distrib.: Seabrook Ind.

Trade Names: Crillet 41; Lumisorb™ PSMO-5

Polysorbate 85

CAS 9005-70-3 (generic)

- Synonyms: PEG-20 sorbitan trioleate; POE (20) sorbitan trioleate; Sorbimacrogol trioleate 300
- Definition: Mixture of oleate esters of sorbitol and sorbitol anhydrides, with \approx 20 moles ethylene oxide

Properties: HLB 11.0; nonionic

Toxicology: Human skin irritant; TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier for polymerization, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, agric., textiles, paints, pulp/paper, metalworking; plastic additives; solubilizer for perfume, flavors, essential oils; food emulsifier, stabilizer; lubricant, antistat; visc. modifier; suspending agent; emulsifier in food pkg. *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.300, 178.3400

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality

Prods.

Trade Names: Crillet 45; Lumisorb[™] PSTO-20

Polystyrene

- CAS 9003-53-6; EINECS/ELINCS 202-851-5; UN No. 2211
- Synonyms: PS; Atactic polystyrene; Benzene, ethenyl-, homopolymer; Ethenylbenzene homopolymer; Polystyrene latex; Polystyrene resin; Polystyrol; Styrene polymer; Styrene, polymerized; Vinylbenzene polymer
- Classification: Hydrocarbon polymer
- Definition: High molecular weight thermoplastic resin produced by free radical polymerization of styrene; grades: crystal, impact, expandable
- Empirical: (C₈H₈)_x
- Formula: (CH(C₆H₅)CH₂)_x
- Properties: Colorless to yish. glassy solid or soft colorless foam, penetrating odor; sol. in alcohol; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 2500-250,000; dens. 1.047 kg/ l; m.p. 86-91 C; soften. pt. 80-102 C; ref. index 1.5916; tens. str. 52 MPa; tens. mod. 3900 MPa
- Toxicology: TDLo (IV, rat, 2 wk intermittent) 200 mg/kg, (implant, rat) 1 mg/kg; severe eye irritant; may cause irritation to mucous membranes; can be narcotic in high concs.; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen by implant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Inj. molded goods; extruded goods; pill bottles; food-pkg. film; appliance/electronics/machine housings; toys; household equip.; recreation equip.; construction equip.; plastic pigments for emulsion paints; in polyarylene ether blends; expandable foam for insulation, protective pkg., ice buckets, water coolers, construction, fillers in shipping containers, egg carton foam; modifier for S/B latexes; adsorbent resin for water treatment; opacifier; pharmaceutical excipient; stiffener for carpet backings and fabrics; film-former in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives and pressure-sensitive adhesives; in food-contact coatings, paper; in cellophane for food pkg.; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1640, 177.2600, 178.1005
- Manuf./Distrib.: A. Schulman; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Ampacet; Ashland; Atofina Bruxelles; Atofina SA; BASF; BFGoodrich; BP Amoco; Bencorp Int'l.; ChevronPhillips; Coz; Degussa-Hüls AG; Dow Plastics; Fluka; GE Plastics; Huntsman; Int'l. Commodities Export; LNP; Lyondell; Marco Polo Int'l.; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Nova Ltd; Reichhold; Royce Assoc.; Scott Bader; Sigma; Westlake Plastics; Whyte Chems. Ltd Trade Names: Lytron® 2203
- Poly (styrene-co-allyl alcohol). See Styrene/allyl alcohol copolymer
- Poly (styrene-co-butadiene). See Styrene/butadiene polymer
- Poly (styrene-co-maleic anhydride). See Styrene/MA copolymer
- Poly (styrene-co-methyl methacrylate). See Styrene/methyl methacrylate copolymer

Polystyrene latex. See Polystyrene

Polystyrene resin. See Polystyrene

Polystyrol. See Polystyrene

Polytef. See Polytetrafluoroethylene

Polyterpene resin. See Terpene resin

Polytetrafluoroethene. See Polytetrafluoroethylene

Polytetrafluoroethylene

CAS 9002-84-0; EINECS/ELINCS 204-126-9

- Synonyms: PTFE; Poly (ethylene tetrafluoride); Polytef; Polytetrafluoroethene; Polytetrafluoroethylene resin; Tetrafluoroethene homopolymer; Tetrafluoroethylene polymer; Tetrafluoroethylene polymers; Tetrafluoroethylene resin
- *Classification:* Thermoplastic homopolymer
- Definition: Polymer of tetrafluoroethylene

Empirical: (C2F4)x

Formula: $[CF_2CF_2]_{x_1} x \approx 20,000$

- Properties: Wh. translucent to opaque solid; m.w. 400,000-9,000,000; dens. 2.2; useful temp. range cryogenic to 260 C; melts to visc. gel @ 327 C; Shore hardness 55-56; tens. str. 3500-4500 psi; elong. 200-300% (@ break); chem. inert; exc. thermal/chem. resist.; low coeff. of friction; high elec. insulation; nonflamm.
- Toxicology: TDLo (implant, rat) 80 mg/kg; highly toxic; severe eye irritant; polymer fume fever reported under conditions of inadequate ventilation;

inert as finished compd.; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen by implant; target organs: liver, bone marrow, kidneys, pancreas, male reproductive organs; TSCA listed

- Precaution: Incompat. with fluorine, sodium potassium alloy; may undergo hazardous reaction with boron, magnesium, or titanium
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated above 750 F, dec. to yield highly toxic fumes of F⁻
- Uses: As tubing or sheeting for chemical laboratory and process work; gaskets and pump packings; as elec. insulators esp. in high frequency applics.; filtration fabrics; protective clothing; prosthetic aid; plastics lubricant, release agent; industrial fibers; rubproofing additive in printing inks; paint raw material and texturing agent; ablative coatings for rockets; wire coating; antistick coatings for cookware, packings, and bearings; reinforcing filler; binder in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; release agent in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300
- Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Fluka; Rochem Int'I.; Shamrock Tech.
- Trade Names: Krytox® DF/W
- Trade Names Containing: Krytox® DF; Krytox® DF250/IPA; Krytox® DF/ IPA

Polytetrafluoroethylene resin. See Polytetrafluoroethylene

Poly (tetramethylene terephthalate). See Polybutylene terephthalate Polythene. See Polyethylene

- Poly (p-toluenesulfonamide-co-formaldehyde). See Tosylamide/formaldehyde resin
- Polytrifluorochloroethylene. See Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer
- Poly (trifluoroethylene chloride). See Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer
- Poly (trifluoromonochloroethylene). See Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer
- Poly(trifluorovinyl chloride). See Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer
- Poly (urea-co-formaldehyde), butylated. See Urea/formaldehyde resin, butylated
- Poly (urea-co-formaldehyde), isobutylated. See Urea/formaldehyde resin, isobutylated
- Poly (urea-co-formaldehyde), methylated. See Urea-formaldehyde resin, methylated
- Polyurethane-acrylic. See Urethane-acrylate resin

Polyurethane methacrylate

Uses: Adhesives; paper; wood; ink; metal coatings

Polyurethane, polyester

- Uses: Adhesion promoter, bonding agent in metal/plastic composite structures, textile and leather coatings, primers for rigid surface coatings; adhesive for food pkg.
- Trade Names: Desmocoll® 526; Q-Thane® QW20-1; Q-Thane® QW28

Polyurethane, polyether

Uses: Calendering; extrusion; thickener for latex paints and adhesives *Trade Names:* AL 1701; AL 4190; Upaco® 5430

Polyurethane resin

- Synonyms: PU
- Classification: Urethane
- Definition: Produced from condensation reaction of isocyanates and a hydroxyl-containing material
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: In food-pkg. adhesives; as food-contact surf. of articles for contact with dry food; rubber for food-contact articles for repeated use
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.1680, 177.2600
- Manuf./Distrib.: Air Prods.; Aldrich; Ashland; Bayer; Cytec Ind.; Deeks; Eastech; Encal Spec.; Hexagon Enterprises; Hinton & Hillman; Kane Int'l.; Lomas Int'l.; McWhorter Tech.; Merquinsa N. Am.; P.A.T. Prods.; Polyad; Ranbar Tech.; Renosol
- Trade Names: Solucote® 1003

Polyurethane sponge. See Polyurethane, thermoplastic

Polyurethane, thermoplastic

- CAS 9009-54-5
 - *Synonyms:* TPU; Isourethane; Plastic sponge; Polyfoam; Polyurethane sponge
 - Classification: Thermoplastic polymer

Toxicology: Experimental carcinogen and tumorigen

Uses: Thermoplastic polymer (can be made thermosetting) for inj. molding, extrusion, vacuum forming, calendering, and blow molding; in adhesives; coated fabrics and films; automotive parts; cable jacketing; scuba equip.; shoe soles; ski boots, etc.; fibers for structural textiles; coatings; elastomer for sealants, caulks, adhesives, shoes, encapsulation of electronic parts; binders for rocket propellants; abrasive wheels; bonding agent; plasticizer; impact modifier; food-pkg. adhesives

Trade Names Containing: Estane® 5715

Polyurethane, thermoset

Uses: Thermoset polymer for casting and potting systems, conformal coatings, adhesives, insulating coatings, cable molding, automotive fascia, etc.; flame retardant

Trade Names: Witcobond® W-213

Polyvidone. See PVP

Polyvidonum. See PVP

Polyvinol. See Polyvinyl alcohol

Polyvinyl acetate

CAS 9003-20-7

Synonyms: PVA; PVAc; Acetic acid, ethenyl ester, homopolymer; Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer; Acetic acid vinyl ester polymers; Ethenyl acetate, homopolymer; Poly (vinylacetate); Polyvinyl acetate homopolymer; Polyvinyl acetate resin; Vinyl acetate homopolymer; Vinyl acetate resin

Classification: Homopolymer

Definition: Homopolymer of vinyl acetate

Empirical: (C₄H₆O₂),

Formula: [CH2CHOOCOCH3],

- Properties: Water-wh. clear solid resin; sol. in benzene, acetone; insol. in water; dens. 1.191; ref. index 1.4670
- Toxicology: LD (oral, rat) > 25 g/kg, (oral, mouse) > 25 g/kg; very low toxicity by ing.; tumorigen; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Storage: Refrigerate

Uses: Resin with weathering resistance; binder in paints; adhesives for food pkg., paper, wood, glass, and metals; primer sealers; dry wall cement; intermediate for conversion to polyvinyl alcohol and acetals; component of lacquers, inks; paper coating/sizing; textile stiffening/finishing; nonwoven fabric binder/sizing; suspending agent in PVC mfg; dispersant; stabilizer; color diluent in foods; antistat, binder, emulsion stabilizer, film-former in cosmetics; binder, emulsion stabilizer, film-former for oral pharmaceuticals; masticatory in chewing gums; in food-contact coatings; in paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA21CFR §73.1, 172.615 (m.w. 2000 min.), 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.2800, 181.22, 181.30; Japan approved; FDA approved for orals

- Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Air Prods.; Aldrich; Ashland; Callaway; CarboMer; Gehring Montgomery; H.B. Fuller; Hampshire; Lenape Ind.; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Monsanto; Nat'l. Starch & Chem.; Reichhold; Rhodia; Rohm & Haas; StanChem; Union Carbide; VYN-AC; Wacker Chems.; Wacker-Chemie GmbH
- *Trade Names*: Daratak® 56L; Daratak® 61L; Daratak® 65L; Daratak® RP2000; Daratak® SP1012; Everflex® GT; Flexbond® 149; Flexbond® 150; Flexbond® 153; Flexbond® 165; Plyamul® 40305-00; Plyamul® 40315-00; Plyamul® 40351-00; Plyamul® 40354-00; Plyamul® 40359-00; Plyamul® 97825-00; Plyamul® 97897-00; Resyn® 25-1103; Resyn® 25-1114; Resyn® 25-1120; Resyn® 25-1190; Resyn® 1090; Sunbond® 936; Synthemul® 447; Synthemul® 883; Synthemul® 40503-00; Synthemul® 97883-01; Vancryl® 650; Vinac® 285; Vinac® 828; Vinac® 828M; Vinac® 884; Vinac® 1000; Vinac® A50; Vinac® H 60; Vinac® M 503; Vinac® XX-211; Vinac® XX-241; Vinac® Z 50
- *Trade Names Containing:* Pace[®] 381; Pace[®] 382; Pace[®] 383; Pace[®] 385; Plyamul[®] 40656-00

Poly (vinylacetate). See Polyvinyl acetate

Poly (vinyl acetate-co-crotonic acid). See Vinyl acetate/crotonic acid copolymer

Poly (vinyl acetate-crotonic acid). See Vinyl acetate/crotonic acid copolymer Polyvinyl acetate homopolymer. See Polyvinyl acetate

Polyvinyl acetate resin. See Polyvinyl acetate

Polyvinyl alcohol

- CAS 9002-89-5 (super and fully hydrolyzed); EINECS/ELINCS 209-183-3 Synonyms: PVA; PVAL; PVOH; Ethenol homopolymer; Polyvinol; Polyvinyl alcohol, hydrolyzed; Polyvinyl alcohol resin; Poval; PVAL, hydrolyzed; Vinyl alcohol polymer
- Classification: Polymer; aliphatic organic compd.
- Definition: Water-sol. synthetic thermoplastic avail. as cast film, fiber or aq. sol'n.; film is characterized by oil resist., toughness, and high tens. str.
- Empirical: (C₂H₄O)_x
- Formula: $[CH_2CHOH]_x$, avg. x = 500-5000
- Properties: Wh. to cream amorphous powd. or gran., odorless; sol. in water; insol. in petrol. solvs.; m.w. (44.05)_x, avg. 120,000; dens. 1.329; softens at 200 C with dec.; flash pt. (OC) 175 F; ref. index 1.49-1.53; pH 5-8 (4%)
- Toxicology: TDLo (subcut., rat) 2500 mg/kg, (implant, rat) 10 g/kg; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen by implant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm. exposed to heat or flame; reactive with oxidizers; dust exposed to flame presents sl. explosion hazard
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 2; Reactivity 1
- Uses: In plastics industry in molding compds.; surface coatings; films resistant to gasoline; textile sizes; for elastomers (artificial sponges, fuel hoses); printing inks; pharmaceutical finishing; cosmetics; film and sheeting; ophthalmic lubricant; dispersant (PVC suspension polymerization); emulsion polymerization; release agent; color diluent for egg shells; artificial tear prods.; binder for cosmetics, leather, ceramics, cloth, paper; thickener; stabilizer; photosensitive films; film-former, visc. control agent in cosmetics; emulsifier; in food-contact coatings and films; dispersant in resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty/dry foods; in cellophane for food pkg.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200, 177.1670, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3910, 181.22, 181.30; FDA approved for ophthalmics, orals, injectables, topicals, vaginals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Air Prods.; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allchem Ind.; British Traders & Shippers; CarboMer; Celanese; Fluka; GCA; Honeywill & Stein; Hunt; Itochu Spec. Chems.; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Perry; Polysciences; Rhodia; Rochem Int'I.; Ruger; San Yuan; Shin-Etsu; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Wacker-Chemie GmbH; Wego Chem. & Min.
- *Trade Names:* Airvol® 103; Airvol® 107; Airvol® 125; Airvol® 165; Airvol® 165SF; Airvol® 203S; Airvol® 305; Airvol® 321; Airvol® 325; Airvol® 350; Airvol® 805; Airvol® 823; Airvol® 840; Airvol® MH-82; Airvol® MM-14; Airvol® MM-51; Airvol® MM-81; Bovlon; Elvanol® 50-42; Elvanol® 51-05; Elvanol® 52-22; Elvanol® 70-06; Elvanol® 71-30; Elvanol® 75-15; Elvanol® 85-30; Elvanol® 85-82; Elvanol® 90-50; Elvanol® HV; Gohsenal; Gohsenol; Gohseran; Hi Selon; Mewlon; Rhodoviol® 4/125; Unisize® HA-25
- Trade Names Containing: Pace® 381; Pace® 382; Pace® 383; Pace® 385; Plyamul® 40656-00; Unisize® HA-26; Unisize® HA-70

Polyvinyl alcohol, hydrolyzed. See Polyvinyl alcohol

Polyvinyl alcohol (partially hydrolyzed)

- CAS 25213-24-5 Uses: Binder, carrier, compounding agent, dispersant, stabilizer, protective colloid in polymerizations; for textiles, paper, adhesives, cement/plaster additive, peelable caulks, ceramics, strippable coatings, mold release, nonwovens
- Trade Names: Airvol® 203; Airvol® 205; Airvol® 205S; Airvol® 425; Airvol® 502; Airvol® 523; Airvol® 540

Polyvinyl alcohol resin. See Polyvinyl alcohol

Polyvinyl butyral

CAS 9003-62-7; 63148-65-2

- Synonyms: PVB; Polyvinyl butyral resin; Vinyl acetal polymers, butyrals; Vinyl acetyl polymers, butyrates
- *Definition:* Thermoplastic polymer produced by condensation of polyvinyl alcohol and butyraldehyde
- Formula: $H_2 \cdot (C_8H_{14}O_2)_n$

Properties: Wh. powd., aq. disp. or film; m.w. 38,000-270,000; dens. 1.0830; ref. index 1.4850

Toxicology: Severe eye irritant; TSCA listed

- Uses: Extrusion, molding, coating, and casting applics.; modifying resin for surf. coatings, printing inks; hot-melt/structural adhesives; paints; lacquers; films; as sheet interlayer in safety glass and shatter-resistant protection in aircraft; water/abrasion-resist. textile finishes; antistat, binder, film-former, visc. control agent in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170
- Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Celanese; Eastech; Gehring Montgomery; H & C Ind.; Monsanto; Sigma; Solutia; StanChem; Union Carbide; Wacker Chems.; Wacker-Chemie GmbH

Polyvinyl butyral resin. See Polyvinyl butyral

Polyvinyl butyrate

CAS 24991-31-9 Synonyms: Vinyl butyrate homopolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180 Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR

Poly (n-vinylbutyrolactam). See PVP

Polyvinyl chloride

- CAS 9002-86-2; 8063-94-3; 51248-43-2; 93050-82-9; EINECS/ELINCS 208-750-2
- Synonyms: PVC; Atactic poly (vinyl chloride); Chloroethene homopolymer; Chloroethylene polymer; Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer; Ethylene, chloro-, polymer; Expanded polyvinyl chloride; Poly (chloroethylene); Polyvinyl chloride latex; Polyvinyl chloride resin; Vinyl chloride homopolymer; Vinyl chloride polymer; Vinyl chloride resin; Vinyon
- Definition: Synthetic thermoplastic high polymer in rigid, plasticized, std. and high impact grades; resist. to weathering, moisture, most acids, fats, petrol. hydrocarbons, fungus; dimensionally stable; good dielec. props. *Empirical:* (C₂H₃Cl)_n *Formula:* [CH₂CHCICH₂CHCI]_n

- Properties: Wh. powd. or colorless gran.; m.w. 60,000-200,000; dens. 1.406; ref. index 1.54; Rigid: dens 1.35 kg/l; soften. pt. 58-80 C; tens. str. 35-50 MPa; elong. 35-40% (break); Plasticized: pellets; dens. 1.15-1.50 kg/l; tens. str. 10-25 MPa
- Toxicology: LC50 (inh., rat, 2 h) 171 g/m³; TDLo (oral, rat, 30 wks continuous) 210 mg/kg, (implant, rat) 75 mg/kg; irritant; chronic inh. of dusts can cause pulmonary changes, blood effects, abnormal liver function; may cause necrotizing or contact dermatitis; questionable carcinogen; suspected tumorigen by ing. and implant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents, heat, light; reacts violently with F₂
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, hydrogen chloride, irritating/toxic fumes and gases; heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Cl⁻ and phosgene

Storage: Store in cool, dry place; keep container closed when not in use

Uses: Rubber substitutes; elec. wire and cable coatings; pliable thin sheeting; film finishes for textiles; nonflamm. upholstery; raincoats; tubing; belting; gaskets; shoe soles; plumbing and piping; containers; plastisols and organosols; paper coatings; phono records; fuel in pyrotechnic devices; pharmaceutical excipient; copolymers for latex emulsions; calendered film; compounding; blending resin, extender, reinforcing agent in rubber; adhesive and bonding agent; in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.180, 177.1200; FDA approved for parenterals

Manuf./Distrib.: A. Schulman; ABCR; Abadan Petrochem.; Acros Org.; Air Prods.; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Atofina SA; BASF AG; BFGoodrich; Bencorp Int'l.; Borden; Celanese; Chisso Am.; Chisso; Colorite Plastics; Condea Vista; Continental Ind. Group; E-A-R; Fluka; Georgia Gulf; Goodyear; Hummel Croton; Int'l. Commodities Export; LG Petrochem. Co. Ltd; Magna-Kron; Marco Polo Int'l.; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Nat'l. Starch & Chem.; Nippon Zeon; Norsk Hydro AS; Occidental; PolyOne/Geon; Renosol; Shin-Etsu; Sigma; Teknor Apex; Wacker-Chemie GmbH; Westchem; Westlake Plastics; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Poly (vinyl chloride-co-vinyl acetate). See Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer

Polyvinyl chloride latex. See Polyvinyl chloride

- Polyvinyl chloride/polyvinyl acetate. See Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer
- Polyvinyl chloride resin. See Polyvinyl chloride
- Poly (vinyl chloride-vinyl acetate). See Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer

Polyvinyl formal

Synonyms: PVF; PVFM

Definition: Contains 5-9% vinyl alcohol, 9-50% vinyl acetate monomers

Properties: Wh. amorphous powd.; sol. in phenols, alcohols, aromatic and certain chlorinated solvs.; m.w. 24,000-40,000

Uses: Phenolic/polyvinyl formal resins (wire enamels, can coatings); mfq. of paints, adhesives, and films; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170

Manuf./Distrib.: Chisso Am.; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Monsanto

Polyvinylidene chloride

CAS 9002-85-1

Synonyms: PVDC; Ethene, 1,1-dichloro-, homopolymer; Saran; Vinylidene chloride homopolymer; Vinylidene chloride latex

Classification: Stereoregular thermoplastic polymer

Empirical: (C2H2CI2)x

- Properties: Odorless; tasteless; sol. in cyclohexanone, dioxane; softened by chlorinated hydrocarbons; highly inert to chemical attack; abrasion resist.; low vapor transmission; m.w. (96.94),
- Precaution: Combustible but self-extinguishing
- Uses: Thermoplastic polymer for extrusion or inj. or blow molding; in adhesion coatings for paper; food pkg.; pipes for chemical processing; upholstery; fibers; bristles; latex coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180

Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; BFGoodrich; Dow Plastics; Hampshire; Matteson-Ridolfi; Rhodia; Scott Bader; Solvay Polymers; Van Leer Flexibles See also Vinylidene chloride copolymer

- Poly (vinylidene chloride-co-acrylonitrile). See Vinylidene chloride/acry-Ionitrile copolymer
- Poly (vinylidene chloride-co-methyl acrylate). See Vinylidene chloride/methyl acrylate copolymer
- Poly (vinylidene chloride-co-vinyl chloride). See Vinylidene chloride/vinyl chloride copolymer

Poly (vinylidene fluoride) homopolymer. See Polyvinylidene fluoride resin

Polyvinylidene fluoride resin

CAS 24937-79-9 Synonyms: PVDF; 1,1-Difluoroethene homopolymer; Poly (vinylidene fluoride) homopolymer

- Definition: Thermoplastic polymer with str., toughness, and flexibility; resist. to oxidative degradation, electricity, acids, alkalis, oxidizers, halogens Formula: [CH₂CF₂]_x
- Properties: Cryst.; somewhat sol. in dimethylacetamide; m.w. 144.17; m.p. 171 C; ref. index 1.42; thermally stable @ -62 to 148 C
- Precaution: Combustible but self-extinguishing; distillation residue explodes violently when heated to 130 C; attacked by hot conc. sulfuric acid or nbutylamine
- Uses: Inj. and compr. molding; extrusion; as insulation for high-temp. wire, tank linings, chemical tanks and tubing; bonded liners for steel machinery/ equip.; chemically resist. piping/equip.; pyroelectric device housings; paints and coatings with high resistance to weathering and UV light; processing aid for polyolefins used for food pkg.; in food-contact articles for repeated use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1520, 177.2510 Manuf./Distrib.: Ausimont USA Trade Names: Dykor® 204

Poly(vinyl isobutyl ether). See Vinyl isobutyl ether Polyvinyl methyl ether-maleic anhydride. See PVM/MA copolymer

Polyvinyl octadecyl carbamate

CAS 36671-85-9

Synonyms: Carbamic acid, homopolymer, octadecyl-ethenyl ester; Poly (vinyl N-octadecylcarbamate)

Classification: Polymer; urethanes

- *Empirical:* $(C_{21}H_{41}NO_2)_x$
- Properties: Sol. in hydrocarbons, chlorinated hydrocarbons, esters; insol. in alcohols; m.p. 85-95 C

Toxicology: Harmful if inh., ing., absorbed thru skin; corrosive; causes burns; target organs: liver, kidneys, bladder; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents, acids

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions

- Storage: Keep tightly closed; store in cool, dry place away from heat and open flame
- Uses: Release coating for films and tapes
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Polyad
- Trade Names: Mayzo RA-75; Mayzo RA-95H; Mayzo RA-95HS; Mayzo RA-150W

Poly (vinyl N-octadecylcarbamate). See Polyvinyl octadecyl carbamate

Poly (vinyl propionate)

CAS 25035-84-1

Synonyms: Vinyl propionate homopolymer

Classification: Polymer; vinyl ester

Formula: [CH₂CH(OCOC₂H₅)]_x

Properties: Dens. 1.020; ref. index 1.4660

Toxicology: Toxic by inh., ing., skin contact; severe irritant; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; may cause burning sensation, coughing, wheezing, laryngitis, shortness of breath, headache, nausea, vomiting; target organs: liver, kidneys, bladder, brain; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions

Storage: Keep tightly closed in cool, dry place

Uses: Binder for alkali-resist. surf. coatings; in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Poly (1-vinyl-2-pyrrolidinone) homopolymer. See PVP Polyvinylpyrrolidone. See PVP

Polyvinyl stearate

CAS 9003-95-6

Synonyms: Vinyl stearate homopolymer

Classification: Polymer; vinyl ester

Properties: Wh. beads

Toxicology: May be harmful by inh., ing., skin absorption; may cause skin/ eye irritation; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions

Storage: Keep tightly closed; store in cool, dry place

Uses: In food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1200

Manuf./Distrib.: Polyad

Polyvinyl sulfonic acid. See Vinyl sulfonic acid homopolymer Ponceau MX. See Acid red 26 Ponceau red. See Acid red 26 Ponolith yellow Y. See Pigment yellow 74 Pontamine green S. See Direct green 1 POP (15). See PPG-15 POP (5) butyl ether. See PPG-5 butyl ether POP (9) butyl ether. See PPG-9 butyl ether POP (15) butyl ether. See PPG-15 butyl ether POP (15) butyl ether. See PPG-18 butyl ether POP (20) butyl ether. See PPG-22 butyl ether POP (24) butyl ether. See PPG-24 butyl ether POP (30) butyl ether. See PPG-30 butyl ether POP (30) butyl ether. See PPG-30 butyl ether

POP (33) butyl ether. See PPG-33 butyl ether POP (40) butyl ether. See PPG-40 butyl ether

POP (53) butyl ether. See PPG-53 butyl ether

POP (2) dibenzoate. See Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate POP (17) dioleate. See PPG-17 dioleate POP (2) methyl ether. See PPG-2 methyl ether POP (2) monolaurate. See PPG-2 laurate POP (2) monooleate. See PPG-2 oleate POP (26) monooleate. See PPG-26 oleate POP (36) monooleate. See PPG-36 oleate POP (2) monostearate. See PPG-2 stearate POP/POE copolymer. See EO/PO block polymer or copolymer POP (2) POE (2) monobutyl ether. See PPG-2-buteth-2 POP (2) POE (3) monobutyl ether. See PPG-2-buteth-3 POP (3) POE (5) monobutyl ether. See PPG-3-buteth-5 POP (5) POE (6) monobutyl ether. See PPG-5-buteth-7 POP (7) POE (10) monobutyl ether. See PPG-7-buteth-10 POP (9) POE (12) monobutyl ether. See PPG-9-buteth-12 POP (12) POE (16) monobutyl ether. See PPG-12-buteth-16 POP (15) POE (20) monobutyl ether. See PPG-15-buteth-20 POP (20) POE (30) monobutyl ether. See PPG-20-buteth-30 POP (24) POE (27) monobutyl ether. See PPG-24-buteth-27 POP (26) POE (26) monobutyl ether. See PPG-26-buteth-26 POP (28) POE (35) monobutyl ether. See PPG-28-buteth-35 POP (33) POE (45) monobutyl ether. See PPG-33-buteth-45 Porcelain clay. See Kaolin Portland stone. See Calcium carbonate Potash alum. See Potassium alum anhydrous; Potassium alum dodecahydrate Potash blue. See Ferric ferrocyanide

Potassium acetate

CAS 127-08-2; EINECS/ELINCS 204-822-2; FEMA 2920

Synonyms: Acetic acid potassium salt; Diuretic salt

- *Člassification:* Aliphatic organic compd.
- Definition: Potassium salt of acetic acid

Empirical: C₂H₃KO₂

- Formula: CH₃COOK
- Properties: Colorless lustrous cryst. or wh. cryst. powd. or flakes, odorless or faint acetous odor, saline taste; sol. in water, alcohol, oxygenated solvs.; insol. in ether; m.w. 98.14; dens. 1.57; m.p. 292 C; dec. on heating

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3.25 g/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of K_2O HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Deliq.; keep tightly closed; store @ R.T.

- Uses: Dehydrating agent; textile conditioner; analytical reagent; raw material for pharmaceuticals, medicine, organic synthesis, cacodylic derivatives, crystal glass; PU foam catalyst; softener for paper, textiles; film-former in cosmetics; food preservative, buffer, neutralizer, color fixative; synthetic flavoring agent for foods and pharmaceuticals; diuretic drug; penicillin purification reagent
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515; FEMA GRAS; Europe listed; FDA approved for ophthalmics, rectals; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.; ADA Int'I.; AMRESCO; Aldrich; Allan; Am. Int'I.; Celanese; Charkit; EM Ind.; FBC Ind.; Fluka; General Chem.; Heico; Honeywill & Stein; Ikoma Fine Chem.; Integra; Jarchem Ind.; Lohmann; Mallinckrodt Baker; Niacet; Poly Research; Robeco; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem

Potassium alum. See Potassium alum anhydrous; Potassium alum dodecahydrate

Potassium alum anhydrous

CAS 10043-67-1; EINECS/ELINCS 233-141-3

Synonyms: Alum; Aluminum potassium alum; Aluminum potassium disulfate; Aluminum potassium sulfate; Aluminum potassium sulfate alum; Aluminum potassium sulfate, anhydrous; Alum, potassium; Burnt alum; Burnt potassium alum; Dialuminum dipotassium sulfate; Exsiccated alum; Potash alum; Potassium alum; Potassium aluminum sulfate; Potassium aluminum sulfate (1:1:2); Sulfuric acid, aluminum potassium salt (2:1:1) Classification: Inorganic aluminum compd.

Empirical: AIKO₈S₂

Formula: KAI(SO₄)₂

Properties: Wh. powd. or colorless cryst.; odorless; sweet styptic taste; freely sol. in glycerol, dil. acid; sol. 1 g/10 ml cold water, 1 ml boiling water, usually incompletely; pract. insol. in alcohol; m.w. 258.20; dens. 1.725; becomes anhyd. @ 200 C; pH 3.3 (0.2 molar aq.); noncombustible

Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA2 mg/m³ (sol. salts, as Al); TDLo (oral, rat, 26 wks intermittent) 4355 mg/kg; nuisance dust; inh. of dust may irritate nose and throat; ing. of large doses of solid or conc. sol'n. may cause GI irritation, stomach burns, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, diarrhea; causes redness and irritation to eyes and skin; mutation data; TSCA listed *Precaution:* Dust can react with moisture to form weak sulfuric acid mists

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Dec. above 200 C to form corrosive sulfuric acid fumes

Storage: Keep well closed

Uses: Dyeing (mordant): tanning; flocculant (water treatment, sugar clarification); electroplating; cement/plaster hardener; explosives; waterproofing agent; matches; paints; catalyst in prod. of ammonia; aluminum salts; reagent in pulp/paper prod.; clarifier; hardener for gelatin/protein glues, in microscopy; mfg. of dyes, lakes, veg. glue, marble cement, porcelain cement, explosives; antiperspirant agent, deodorant agent in cosmetics; in food-contact animal glues; food additive; baking powd. ingred.; astringent; antiseptic

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3120

Manuf./Distrib.: AC Ind.; Aerchem; Aithaca; Allchem Ind.; Am. Int'l.; EM Ind.; Holland; Lohmann; Mutchler; Riedel-deHaën; Skymart Enterprises; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Van Waters & Rogers; Wego Chem. & Min.; Westco

Potassium alum dodecahydrate

CAS 7784-24-9; EINEČS/ELINCS 233-141-3

Synonyms: Alum; Alum flour; Aluminum potassium sulfate; Alum meal; Alum, potassium; Cube alum; Kalinite; Potash alum; Potassium alum; Potassium aluminum sulfate; Sulfuric acid, aluminum potassium salt (2:1:1), dodecahydrate

Classification: Inorganic aluminum salt

Empirical: AIH₂₄KÕ₂₀S₂

Formula: KAI(SO₄)₂ • 12H₂O (dodecahydrate)

Properties: Transparent cryst. or wh. cryst. powd., odorless, sweetish astringent taste; sol. glycerin; sol. 1 g/7.2 ml water; insol. in alcohol; m.w. 474.38; dens. 1.725; m.p. 92.5 C; b.p. loses 18 H₂O @ 64.5 C; pH 3.3 (0.2M aq.)

Toxicology: TDLo (oral, rat) 1120 mg/kg; irritant; nuisance dust

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Active ingred. in OTC drug prods. (established name: Alum); astringent; reagent; burnt alum; dyes, pigments; paper mfg.; photography; glue; purifying water, coagulant for water treatment; food additive (buffer, neutralizer, firming agent; clarifying sugar; hardening gelatin); in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.102, 133.106, 133.111, 133.141, 133.165, 133.181, 133.183, 133.195, 137.105, 137.155, 137.160, 137.165, 137.170, 137.175, 137.180, 137. 185. 178.3120, 182.90, 182.1129, GRAS; Japan approved except for miso; BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aktiva Ltd; Aldrich; Am. Int'l.; Cater Chems.; Fluka; Noah; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Potassium aluminate

CAS 12003-63-3 *Formula:* K₂Al₂O₄•3H₂O *Properties:* Hard cryst.; sol. in water; insol. in alcohol *Uses:* Dyeing, printing (mordant). lakes, paper sizing

Potassium aluminum sulfate. See Potassium alum anhydrous; Potassium alum dodecahydrate

Potassium aluminum sulfate (1:1:2). See Potassium alum anhydrous

Potassium carrageenan

CAS 64366-24-1

Synonyms: Carrageenan, potassium salt

Definition: Potassium salt of carrageenan

- Toxicology: LDLo (IP, mouse) 40 mg/kg; may cause structural changes in vascular vessels, changes to liver, kidney, ureter, and bladder; mutagen
- Uses: Binder, emulsion stabilizer, film-former, visc. control agent in cosmetics; emulsifier, stabilizer, and thickener for foods; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.623, 172.626, 176.170

Potassium castorate

CAS 8013-05-6; EINECS/ELINCS 232-388-4

Synonyms: Castor oil, potassium salt; Fatty acids, castor oil, potassium salts Definition: Potassium salt of fatty acids derived from castor oil Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant in cosmetics; emulsifier; dispersant; mild germicide; glycerized rubber lubricant; emulsifier, foam stabilizer for foamed rubber; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact rubber articles, textiles; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3910

Potassium castor oil sulfate

Synonyms: Castor oil, sulfated, potassium salt Properties: Anionic Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 177.2800

Trade Names: Freedom SCO-75K

Potassium chrome alum. See Chromium potassium sulfate

Potassium chromium sulfate. See Chromium potassium sulfate

Potassium cocoate

- CAS 61789-30-8; EINECS/ELINCS 263-049-9
- Synonyms: Coco fatty acids, potassium salts; Coconut acid, potassium salt; Fatty acids, coconut oil, potassium salts; Fatty acids, coco, potassium salts; Potassium coconate
- Definition: Potassium salt of coconut acid

Properties: Anionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, detergent, flash foamer in cosmetics, shampoo base, liq. hand soaps, medicinal soaps; lubricant for conveyors; coupling agent; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact rubber articles, textiles; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200,
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105,176.170,176.200,176.210,177.1200, 177.2600,177.2800,178.3910

Potassium coconate. See Potassium cocoate

Potassium corn acid soap. See Potassium cornate

Potassium cornate

CAS 61789-23-9; EINECS/ELINCS 263-044-1

Synonyms: Corn oil acids, potassium salt; Corn oil fatty acids, potassium salts; Fatty acids, corn oil, potassium salts; Potassium corn acid soap Definition: Potassium salt of corn acid

- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 178.3910

Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate

CAS 128-03-0

- Synonyms: Carbamic acid, dimethyldithio-, potassium salt, hydrate; Carbamodithioic acid, dimethyl-, potassium salt
- *Empirical:* $C_3H_6NS_2 \cdot K \cdot H_2O$
- Properties: M.w. 177.34
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 350 mg/kg; poison by intraperitoneal route; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of $K_{2}O$, $NO_{x_{1}}$ and SO_{x}
- Uses: Biocide, fungicide, and algicide used in water treatment, paper, sugar, and petrol. applics.; polymerization shortstop
- Regulatory: SARA reportable
- Manuf./Distrib.: Venus Ethoxyethers

Trade Names: Aquatreat® KM; Paxgard PDC; Qemicide DTC-1050

Potassium diphosphate. See Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate

Potassium distearyl phosphate

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Potassium dodecanoate. See Potassium laurate

Potassium dodecylbenzene sulfonate

CAS 27177-77-1; EINECS/ELINCS 248-296-2 Synonyms: Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid, potassium salt Classification: Substituted aromatic compd. Empirical: C18H30O3S · K Properties: Anionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant for S/B, vinyl chloride, VDC latexes, cosmetics; emulsifier in food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3400 Trade Names: POLYSTEP® A-15-30K

Potassium dodecyl sulfate. See Potassium lauryl sulfate Potassium ferricyanate. See Potassium ferricyanide

Potassium ferricyanide

CAS 13746-66-2; EINECS/ELINCS 237-323-3

Synonyms: Ferrate(3-), hexacyano-, tripotassium; Hexacyanoferrate (3-) tripotassium; Potassium ferricyanate; Potassium ferrocyanide; Potassium hexacyanoferrate (III); Red prussiate of potash; Tripotassium hexacyanoferrate; Tripotassium hexakis (cyano-C) ferrate (3-) *Empirical*: C₆FeK₃N₆

- Formula: K₃Fe(CN)₆
- Properties: Yel. to ruby-red cryst.; sol. 460 g/l in water (20 C); sl. sol. in alcohol; dec. by acids; m.w. 329.27; dens. 1.85 kg/l; m.p. loses $3H_2O$ @ 70 C; b.p. dec.; the aq. sol'n. slowly dec. on standing
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/CL 5 mg(CN)/m3 (skin); LDLo (oral, rat) 1600 mg/ kq; mod. toxic by ing.; harmful by inh., skin contact; may cause changes in urine, blood; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Explosive reaction with ammonia, chromium trioxide (above 196 C), sodium nitrite + heat; violent reaction with Cu(NO₃)₂; avoid contact with acid

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., or in contact with acid or acid fumes, emits highly toxic fumes of K₂O and CN⁻

Storage: Light-sensitive; protect from light

Uses: Blueprint paper prod.; etchant; flotation depressant; photographic fixative, bleaching/reducing agent; rust conversion agent; metal cleaner; glass coatings; staining wood; dyeing wool; calico printing; tempering iron and steel; in electroplating; mild oxidizing agent in org. synthesis; in analytical chemistry; polymerization control agent in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105

Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; AC Ind.; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allan; Allchem Ind.; BCH Brühl; Charkit; Dastech Int'l.; F.H. Taussig; Fabrichem; Fluka; Graymor; Mallinckrodt Baker; Mays; Noah; RIA Int'l.; Seachem; Sigma; Sinochem Liaoning; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.P.T. Chems.; United Min. & Chem.; Wego Chem. & Min.; Westco

Potassium ferrocyanide. See Potassium ferricyanide Potassium hexacyanoferrate (III). See Potassium ferricyanide

Potassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate) CAS 38820-59-6

Synonyms: HMDTMP; K₆HDTMP; Hexamethylene diamine tetramethylene phosphonic acid, potassium salt; Hexapotassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate); (1,6-Hexanediylbis (nitrilobis (methylene))) tetrakisphosphonic acid potassium salt; Phosphonic acid, [1,6hexanediylbis [nitrilobis (methylene)]] tetrakis potassium salt

Classification: Phosphonate

Empirical: $C_{10}H_{28}N_2O_{12}P_4 \cdot xK$

Properties: M.w. 765.98

- Toxicology: LDLo (oral, rat) 10 g/kg; LD50 (dermal, rabbit) > 7940 mg/kg; **TSCA** listed
- Uses: Process additive for paper, textiles, and metals; industrial and commercial formulations for cleaning various substrates; scale and corrosion inhibitor in ag. systems; deflocculant, sequestrant, scale/corrosion inhibitor, metal ion control in water treatment, boiler treatments, reverse osmosis, desalination; crystal growth modifier

Trade Names: Dequest® 2054

Potassium N-hydroxymethyl-N-methyldithiocarbamate

CAS 51026-28-9

Synonyms: Carbamic acid, N-hydroxymethyl-n-methyldithio-, potassium

salt; Carbamodithioic acid, N-methyl-N-hydroxymethyl-, potassium salt; (Hydroxymethyl) methyl-carbamodithioic acid, monopotassium salt Empirical: C₃H₆NOS₂ • K Properties: M.w. 175.31 Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 590 mg/kg Uses: Agric. chem.; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300

Potassium isobutyl oleate sulfate

Synonyms: Isobutyl oleate, sulfated, potassium salt Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Potassium isothiocyanate. See Potassium thiocyanate

Potassium laurate

CAS 10124-65-9; EINECS/ELINCS 233-344-7 Synonyms: Dodecanoic acid, potassium salt; Potassium dodecanoate Definition: Potassium salt of lauric acid Empirical: C₁₂H₂₃O₂ • K

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₀COOK

Properties: Lt. tan paste; sol. in water and alcohol; m.w. 238.45

Toxicology: Primary irritant; TSCA listed

- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; base for liq. soaps and shampoos; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/ paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact rubber articles, textiles; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.863, 175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3910

Potassium lauryl sulfate

CAS 4706-78-9; EINECS/ELINCS 225-190-4

- Synonyms: Potassium dodecyl sulfate; Sulfuric acid, monododecyl ester, potassium salt
- Definition: Potassium salt of lauryl sulfate
- Empirical: C12H26O4S · K
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₀CH₂OSO₃K
- Properties: M.w. 304.49; anionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; detergent; foaming agent; in foodpkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1200, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma

Potassium lignosulfonate

Uses: Dispersant; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Manuf./Distrib.: Wesco Tech. Ltd

Potassium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole

Uses: Slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300

Potassium metasilicate. See Potassium silicate

Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate

- CAS 137-41-7
- Synonyms: Metham potassium

Empirical: C₂H₄S₂ • K Properties: M.w. 131.28

- Uses: Antimicrobial for use in cane-sugar and beet-sugar mills; biocide for paper industry; disinfectant for soil treatment; fungicide; nematicide; insecticide; herbicide; in paper for food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard; preservative in food-contact animal glues
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.320, 175.105, 176.300, 178.3120, 181.30; SARA reportable

Manuf./Distrib.: FMC Foret

Potassium myristate

CAS 13429-27-1; EINECS/ELINCS 236-550-5 Synonyms: Myristic acid, potassium salt; Potassium tetradecanoate; Potassium n-tetradecanoate; Tetradecanoic acid, potassium salt Definition: Potassium salt of myristic acid Empirical: C14H28O2 • K

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₂COOK *Properties:* M.w. 267.47

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact rubber articles, textiles; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.863, 175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210,
- 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3910

Potassium octadecanoate. See Potassium stearate Potassium 9-octadecenoate. See Potassium oleate Potassium cis-9-octadecenoic acid. See Potassium oleate

Potassium oleate

- CAS 143-18-0; EINECS/ELINCS 205-590-5
- Synonyms: 9-Octadecenoic acid, potassium salt; 9-Octadecenoic acid (Z)-, potassium salt; Oleic acid potassium salt; Potassium 9-octadecenoate; Potassium cis-9-octadecenoic acid
- Definition: Potassium salt of oleic acid
- *Empirical:* C₁₈H₃₃O₂ K
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CH=CH(CH₂)₇COOK
- Properties: Ylsh., gray-tan, or brownish paste; sol. in water, alcohol; m.w. 320.56; HLB 20.0; anionic
- Toxicology: Eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of K₂O Uses: Detergent; surfactant for textile detergents; liq. soap for hand cleaners; tire mounting lubricant; emulsifier and corrosion control in paint strippers; emulsifier in latexes; frothing aid in gelled latex foam compds.; surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; foods (anticaking agent, binder, emulsifier); stabilizer in food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact rubber articles, textiles; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.863, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3910, 181.22, 181.29
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Concord; Emkay; Fluka; Independent Chem.; Norman, Fox; Original Bradford Soap Works; RTD

Potassium oleic acid sulfate. See Potassium oleic sulfate

Potassium oleic sulfate

Synonyms: Oleic acid, sulfated, potassium salt; Potassium oleic acid sulfate; Sulfated oleic acid, potassium salt

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Mold release agent; lubricant, emulsifier for pigment flushing, cleaners, textiles, paper processing; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.200 Trade Names: Actrasol SRK 75

Potassium palmitate

- CAS 2624-31-9; EINECS/ELINCS 220-088-6 Synonyms: Hexadecanoic acid, potassium salt Definition: Potassium salt of palmitic acid Empirical: C1₁₆H₃₁O₂ • K Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₄COOK Properties: M.w. 294.52 Toxicology: Primary irritant; TSCA listed Precaution: Highly flamm. Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.;
- in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.863, 175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210,
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.863, 175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3910 Manuf./Distrib.: Riedel-deHaën

Potassium pentachlorophenate. See Potassium pentachlorphenate

Potassium pentachlorphenate

CAS 7778-73-6

Synonyms: Phenol, pentachloro-, potassium salt; Potassium pentachloro-

phenate

Empirical: C₆HCI₅O • K *Properties:* M.w. 305.42

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Slime control agent in mfg. of food-contact paper/paperboard; preservative in food-pkg. adhesives and animal glues; preservative for defoamers in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers Pogulatory: EDA 21CED 8175 105 176 200 176 210 176 200 177 1210
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.1210, 178.3120, 181.30

Potassium peroxodisulfate. See Potassium persulfate Potassium peroxydisulfate. See Potassium persulfate

Potassium persulfate

CAS 7727-21-1; EINECS/ELINCS 231-781-8; UN No. 1492 (DOT) Synonyms: Dipotassium persulfate; Peroxydisulfuric acid dipotassium salt; Potassium peroxydisulfate; Potassium peroxydisulfate

Empirical: $K_2O_8S_2$

Formula: K_2O_8

- Properties: Colorless or wh. cryst., odorless; sol. in 50 parts water with gradual decomp.; insol. in alcohol; m.w. 270.33; dens. 2.477; m.p. 100 C (dec.)
- *Toxicology:* ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 mg(S₂O₈)/m³; mod. toxic; irritant; allergen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Powerful oxidizer; flamm. when exposed to heat or by chemical reaction; reactive with reducing materials; liberates oxygen above 100 C (dry), 50 C (sol'n.)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits highly toxic fumes of SO_x and K_2O
- Storage: Keep well closed in cool place
- Uses: Bleaching; oxidizing agent in cosmetics; reducing agent; in photography; antiseptic; soap mfg.; analytical reagent; polymerization initiator; pharmaceuticals; starch modifier; flour-maturing agent; textile desizing; foods (defoamer, dispersing adjuvant, poultry scald agent); in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in closuresealing gaskets for food containers; in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 175.105, 175.210, 176.170, 177.1210, 177.2600; USDA 9CFR §381.147; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMC Chems.; AMRESCO; Aceto; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allchem Ind.; Am. Int'l.; BCH Brühl; DuPont; FMC; Fluka; Independent Chem.; Mallinckrodt Baker; Miljac; Pacific West; Primachem; Rochem Int'l.; San Yuan; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Transol Chems. UK Ltd

Potassium phosphate dibasic

- CAS 7758-11-4 (anhyd.); 16788-57-1 (trihydrate); EINECS/ELINCS 231-834-5
- Synonyms: DKP; Dibasic potassium phosphate; Dipotassium hydrogen orthophosphate; Dipotassium hydrogen phosphate; Dipotassium monophosphate; Dipotassium orthophosphate; Dipotassium phosphate; Phosphoric acid dipotassium salt

Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: HK₂O₄P

Formula: K₂HPO₄

- Properties: Colorless or wh. cryst. or powd.; odorless; sol. in water; sl. sol. in alcohol; m.w. 174.18 (anhyd.), 228.23 (trihydrate); pH 8.5-9.6 (5%)
- Toxicology: No known toxicity; nuisance dust

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Phosphorous oxides may be released in fire

- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Deliq., hygroscopic; store @ R.T.
- Uses: Automotive industry; corrosion inhibitor, buffer in antifreeze; corrosion/ scale inhibitor, sequestrant for water and potable water treatment; laboratory reagent; reagent in enamel prod., paper processing; potassium/phosphorus source in fertilizers; food additive (buffer, pH control agent, sequestrant, yeast food, emulsifier, flavorings, humectant; nutrient in antibiotic prod.); in food-pkg. adhesives; pharmaceuticals (buffer; urinary acidifier)
- Use Level: Limitation 5% (pickle for meat prods.), 0.5% (meat prods.), 0.5% (total poultry)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.169, 133.173, 133.179, 175.105, 182.6285, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; FDA approved for intramuscular injectables, orals; Europe listed; UK approved; Japan approved
Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Albright & Wilson Am.; Aldrich; Allan; Astaris; FBC Ind.; FMC; Fluka; Heico; Monsanto; Rhodia Food Ingreds.; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.S. Biochemical

Potassium polysilicate. See Potassium silicate

Potassium pyrophosphate. See Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate Potassium pyrophosphate, normal. See Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate Potassium rhodanate. See Potassium thiocyanate Potassium rhodanide. See Potassium thiocyanate

Potassium ricinoleic sulfate

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Pigment wetting and dispersing agent; lubricant, emulsifier for pigment flushing, cleaners, textiles, paper processing *Trade Names:* Actrasol PSR

Potassium rosinate

CAS 61790-50-9; 61790-51-0; EINECS/ELINCS 263-144-5 *Synonyms:* Potassium rosin salt; Potassium soap of rosin

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Emulsifier, stabilizer, detergent, wetting agent, dispersant, foaming agent for polymerization of ABS, SBR, other elastomers, metalworking and drilling oils, adhesives; in food-pkg. adhesives; component of food-contact articles; process/polymerization aid

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 178.3870

Trade Names: Arizona DRS-40; Arizona DRS-42

Potassium rosin salt. See Potassium rosinate

Potassium silicate

- CAS 1312-76-1; EINECS/ELINCS 215-199-1
- Synonyms: Potassium metasilicate; Potassium polysilicate; Silicic acid, potassium salt

Definition: Potassium salt of silicic acid

Formula: K₂O • nSiO₂, n = 2.25-3.90

- Properties: Colorless anhyd. lump; sol. in water @ high temp. and pressure; insol. in alcohol
- Uses: Mfg. of glass/refractory materials; binder in carbon arc-light electrodes; binder improving rheology of paints and coatings for cementitious surfs., outdoor and indoor bldg. paints, plasters, primers, industrial construction, insulation board coating; detergent builder for household/industrial cleaners; catalyst; adhesives (paper tubes, drums); visc. control agent in cosmetics

Manuf./Distrib.: Ashland; Crosfield; FMC Foret; Harcros; Independent Chem.; PQ; U.S. Synthetics; Welch, Holme & Clark; Zaclon

Potassium soap of rosin. See Potassium rosinate

Potassium stearate

CAS 593-29-3; EINECS/ELINCS 209-786-1

Synonyms: Octadecanoic acid, potassium salt; Potassium octadecanoate; Stearic acid, potassium salt

Classification: Sat. aliphatic carboxylic acid salt

Definition: Potassium salt of stearic acid

Empirical: C₁₈H₃₅KO₂

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COOK

- Properties: Wh. powd., sl. fatty odor; readily sol. in hot water producing alkaline sol'ns.; sol. in diethyl ether, ethanol, chloroform, carbon disulfide; slowly sol. in cold water; m.w. 322.63
- Toxicology: Essentially nontoxic; inh. of high concs. of dust may cause coughing, mild temporary irritation; sl. eye irritant; ing. may cause irritation, nausea, diarrhea; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Probable combustible dust; may form explosive dust-air mixts.; incompat. with acids (reacts vigorously)
- Hazardou's Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Storage: Štore in cool area away from ignition sources

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in soaps, cosmetics, toiletries, pharmaceutical ointments, household and industrial cleaners; in mfg. of textile softeners; food additive (binder, emulsifier, anticaking agent, defoamer); masticatory substance in chewing gum; stabilizer in food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact rubber articles, textiles; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 172.863, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3910, 179.45, 181.22, 181.29

Manuf./Distrib.: Am. Int'l.; Ashland; Eastech; Ferro/Grant; Jarchem Ind.; Norac; Original Bradford Soap Works; RTD; Rhodia HPCII; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Van Waters & Rogers

Potassium sulfocyanate. See Potassium thiocyanate

Potassium (3-sulfopropyl) acrylate

CAS 31098-20-1; EINECS/ELINCS 250-465-0 Synonyms: Acrylic acid-(3-sulfopropyl) ester, potassium salt; 3-Acryloyloxypropane-1-sulfonic acid, potassium salt; 3-Sulfopropyl acrylate, potassium salt

Classification: Nonaromatic sulfur-oxygen compd.

Empirical: C6H9KO5S

Properties: M.w. 232.30; m.p. 302 C (dec.)

Toxicology: Irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system

Uses: Functional monomer for aq. dispersions, hydrogels, ion exchange resins, paper coatings, adhesives, photographic layers, antistatics, thick-eners and polyelectrolytes

Manuf./Distrib.: Áldrich

Trade Names: SPA

Potassium sulfopropyl methacrylate

CAS 31098-21-2; EINECS/ELINCS 250-466-6

- Synonyms: 3-(2-Methylacryloyloxy)-propane-1-sulfonic acid, potassium salt; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl, 3-sulfopropyl ester, potassium salt; Sulfopropyl methacrylate, K salt; 3-Sulfopropyl methacrylate, potassium salt Empirical: C₇H₁₁KO₅S
- *Formula:* H₂C=CCH₃COOCH₂CH₂CH₂SO₃K
- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; sol. in water, methanol; m.w. 246.3; m.p. > 300 C (dec.)

Toxicology: Irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system

Uses: Functional monomer for applics. such as ion exchange resins, flocculants, thickeners, emulsions; emulsion polymerization; emulsion stabilizer Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich Trade Names: SPM

Potassium tallate

CAS 61790-44-1; EINECS/ELINCS 263-136-1

Synonyms: Fatty acids, tall oil, potassium salts; Tall oil acid, potassium salt Definition: Potassium salt of tall acid

Uses: Detergent, emulsifier for petroleum and agric. prods.; antistat in cosmetics; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; in food-contact textiles; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1200, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3910

Potassium tallowate

CAS 61790-32-7; EINECS/ELINCS 263-124-6

Synonyms: Fatty acids, tallow, potassium salts; Tallow fatty acids, potassium salts

Definition: Potassium salt of tallow acid

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in cellophane for food pkg.; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact rubber articles, textiles; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3910

Potassium tallow sulfate

Synonyms: Tallow sulfated, potassium salt

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.200

Potassium tetradecanoate. See Potassium myristate Potassium n-tetradecanoate. See Potassium myristate

Potassium thiocyanate

CAS 333-20-0; EINECS/ELINCS 206-370-1

Synonyms: Potassium isothiocyanate; Potassium rhodanate; Potassium rhodanide; Potassium sulfocyanate; Potassium thiocyanide; Rhodanide;

Thiocyanic acid potassium salt

Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: CKNS

Formula: KSC≡N

Properties: Colorless to wh. transparent cryst. powd., odorless; sol. in cold water, acetone, ethanol, amyl alcohol; m.w. 97.19; dens. 1.886; m.p. 173 C; dec. 500 C; pH 5.3-8.7 (5%)

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 854 mg/kg; LDLo (subcut., rabbit) 55 mg/kg, (IV, rabbit) 150 mg/kg, (oral, human) 80 mg/kg (hallucinations, convulsions, muscle weakness); poison by IV route; mod. toxic by subcut. and ing.; human poison by ing.; Ig. doses may cause skin eruptions, psychoses, collapse; experimental teratogen; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with calcium chlorite and perchloryl fluoride

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of CN⁻, K₂O, SO_x, and NO_x

Storage: Hygroscopic; deliq.; moisture-sensitive

Uses: Intermediate for pharmaceuticals; insecticides; herbicides; slimicides for paper; dye and printing assistant in textiles; analytical reagent; electroplating bath ingred.; corrosion inhibitor in water treatment; mfg. of sulfocyanides, thioureas; photography; chelating agent in metal purification; syn. dyestuffs; cosmetic additive; medicine (hypotensive)

Regulatory: BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel bv; Aldrich; Allan; Crompton/Witco; Fluka; Katayama Chem. Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Toyo Kasei Kogyo

Potassium thiocyanide. See Potassium thiocyanate

Potassium trichlorophenate

Empirical: C₆H₃ĊI₃O

- *Formula:* Cl₃C₆H₂OH
- Properties: Dens. 1.3; f.p. -9 C
- Uses: Slime control agent in mfg. of food-contact paper/paperboard; preservative in defoamers for food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 181.30

Potassium triphosphate. See Potassium tripolyphosphate

Potassium tripolyphosphate

- CAS 13845-36-8; EINECS/ELINCS 237-574-9
- Synonyms: KTPP; Pentapotassium triphosphate; Pentapotassium tripolyphosphate; Potassium triphosphate; Triphosphoric acid pentapotassium salt

Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: K₅O₁₀P₃

Formula: K₅P₃O₁₀

Properties: Wh. cryst. solid; sol. in water; m.w. 448.42; dens. 2.54 kg/l; m.p. 620-640 C

Toxicology: Nuisance dust; irritant; TSCA listed

Storage: Hygroscopic

- Uses: Detergents; dispersant, sequestrant for liq. cleaners; paints; specialty fertilizers; sequestrant; dispersant, corrosion/scale inhibitor, sequestrant for water treatment; buffering agent, chelating agent in cosmetics; food emulsifier, suspending agent, texturizer, buffer, sequestrant, stabilizer; boiler water additive for food contact; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Use Level: Limitation 5% (pickle for meat prods.), 0.5% (meat prods.), 0.5% (total poultry); ADI 0-70 mg/kg (EU, total phosphates)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 182.1810, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7 (with limitation), 381.147 (limitation 0.5% of total poultry prod.); Europe listed
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albright & Wilson Am.; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Browning; Coyne; FMC; Gallard-Schlesinger Ind.; Harcros; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Janus Resources; Lidochem; Quadra; S & G Resources; Spectrum Quality Prods.; T.P.P. Chems.; Van Waters & Rogers; Westco *Trade Names:* Kalipol[™] KTP

Potato (Solanum tuberosum) starch

CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-679-6

Synonyms: Solanum tuberosum

Definition: Natural substance obtained from potatoes, *Solanum tuberosum*, contg. amylose and amylopectin

Empirical: $(C_6H_{10}O_5)_n$

Properties: Irreg. ovoid or spherical gran.; swells in hot water to form a gel on

cooling

- Toxicology: May cause allergic reactions and stuffy nose in hypersensitive persons; TSCA listed
- Uses: Demulcent used in dusting powds.; emollient in dry shampoos and baby powd.; thickener, emulsion stabilizer for cosmetics; migrating from cotton in dry food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives; pharmaceuticals (with glycerin to form protectant for eczema, skin rash, chapped skin)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 178.3520, 182.70; BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Avebe Am.; Chemstar Prods.; Generichem; Houghton Chem.; Lance Prods.; Process Prods.; Quadra; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.
- *Trade Names:* Accosize[®] 60R Cationic Starch; Astro[®] X Cationic Starches; Astrocote[™] 75 Starch; Sta-Jel[®] 141; Sta-Jel[®] 142; Sta-Lok[®] 400, 410, 430, 440; Sta-Lok[®] 480; Sta-Lok[®] 600

Potato starch. See Starch

- Poval. See Polyvinyl alcohol
- Povidone. See PVP

Powdered cellulose. See Cellulose

PP. See Polypropylene

PP, chlorinated. See Polypropylene, chlorinated

PPG. See Polypropylene glycol

PPG-9

CAS 25322-69-4 (generic)

Synonyms: Polyoxypropylene (9); Polypropylene glycol (9); PPG 400 Definition: Polymer of propylene oxide

Formula: $H(OCH_2CHCH_3)_nOH$, avg. n = 9

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Chemical intermediate; antifoam agent in fermentation and in paint formulations; antiblooming agent for pentachlorophenol-treated wood; binder and lubricant for ceramics; plasticizer of resin-treated papers; mold release applics.; emollient in cosmetics; provides solvency, low odor, low irritation, low toxicity to personal care prods.; in food-pkg. adhesives *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.200, 176.210
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.200, 176.21 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka

C 10

PPG-12

CAS 25322-69-4 (generic)

Synonyms: Polyoxypropylene (12); Polypropylene glycol (12)

Definition: Polymer of propylene oxide

Formula: $H(OCH_2CHCH_3)_nOH$, avg. n = 12

- Properties: Nonionic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Chemical intermediate; antifoam agent in fermentation and paints; antiblooming agent for pentachlorophenol-treated wood; binder and lubricant for ceramics; plasticizer of resin-treated papers; emollient in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA Ž1CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.200, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka

PPG-15

CAS 25322-69-4 (generic) Synonyms: POP (15) Definition: Polymer or propylene oxide Formula: H(OCH₂CHCH₃)_nOH, avg. n = 15 Uses: Emollient in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210 G-17

PPG-17

CAS 25322-69-4 (generic) Synonyms: Polyoxypropylene (17); Polypropylene glycol (17)

Definition: Polymer of propylene oxide *Formula:* H(OCH₂CHCH₃)_nOH, avg. n = 17

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Chemical intermediate; antifoam agent in fermentation and paints; antiblooming agent for pentachlorophenol-treated wood; binder and lubricant for ceramics; plasticizer of resin-treated papers; defoamer for foodgrade coatings and paper prods.; emollient in cosmetics; provides solvency, low odor, low irritation, low toxicity to personal care prods.; in foodpkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka Trade Names: Dow P1000TB

PPG-20

CAS 25322-69-4 (generic)

Synonyms: Polyoxypropylene (20); Polypropylene glycol (20); Polypropylene glycol 1200; PPG 1200

Definition: Polymer of propylene oxide

Formula: $H(OCH_2CHCH_3)_nOH$, avg. n = 20

Properties: Nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 113 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 10 g/kg; LDLo (IV, dog) 20 mg/kg; poison by IV and IP routes; irritating to skin and eyes; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Defoamer; mold release applics.; chemical intermediates for fatty acid esters; components for urethane resins; textile lubricants; metalworking compds.; paints; urethane foams; brake and hydraulic fluids; plasticizers; release agents; lubricating oils/greases; rubber processing; emollient in cosmetics; provides solvency, low odor, low irritation, low toxicity to personal care prods.; boiler water additive; defoamer for beet sugar and yeast processing; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; plasticizer in food-contact polymers
- *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3740

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka

Trade Names: Dow P1200

PPG-26

CAS 25322-69-4 (generic)

Synonyms: Polyoxypropylene (26); Polypropylene glycol (26); PPG 2000 Definition: Polymer of propylene oxide

Formula: $H(OCH_2CHCH_3)_nOH$, avg. n = 26

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Defoamer; mold release applics.; chemical intermediates for fatty acid esters; components for urethane resins; boiler water additive for prep. of steam that will contact food; defoamer for beet sugar and yeast processing; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; emollient in cosmetics; provides solvency, low odor, low irritation, low toxicity to personal care prods.; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty foods; plasticizer in food-contact polymers

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3740

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka

Trade Names: Dow P2000; Pluronic® P-2000

PPG-30

CAS 25322-69-4 (generic)

Synonyms: Polyoxypropylene (30); Polypropylene glycol (30); PPG 4000 *Definition:* Polymer of propylene oxide

Formula: $H(OCH_2CHCH_3)_nOH$, avg. n = 30

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Defoamer; mold release applics.; chemical intermediates for fatty acid esters; components for urethane resins; antifoam agent in fermentation and in paint formulations, antiblooming agent for pentachlorophenol-treated wood; binder and lubricant for ceramics; plasticizer of resin-treated papers; emollient in cosmetics; provides solvency, low odor, low irritation, low toxicity to personal care prods.; boiler water additive; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 178.3740

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka *Trade Names:* Dow P4000

PPG-34

CAS 25322-69-4 (generic) Synonyms: Polyoxypropylene (34); Polypropylene glycol (34) Definition: Polymer of propylene oxide Formula: H(OCH₂CHCH₃)_nOH, avg. n = 34 Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Emollient, antistat, emulsifier for cosmetics, personal care prods.; syn. lubricant oil and foam modifier for aerosol formulations; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; plasticizer in food-contact polymers
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 178.3740

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka

PPG 400. See PPG-9

PPG 1200. See PPG-20

PPG 2000. See PPG-26

PPG 4000. *See* PPG-30

PPG-2-buteth-2

CAS 9038-95-3 (generic); 9065-63-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (2) POP (2) monobutyl ether; POP (2) POE (2) monobutyl ether

Definition: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene ether of butyl alcohol Empirical: $C_{14}H_{30}O_5$

Formula: C₄H₉(OCH₃CHCH₂)_x(OCH₂CH₂)_yOH, avg. x = 2, avg. y = 2 Uses: Emollient in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in lubricants for incidental food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3570

PPG-2-buteth-3

CAS 9038-95-3 (generic); 9065-63-8 (generic)

Synonyms: Oxirane, methyl, polymer and oxibane, butyl ether; POE (3) POP (2) monobutyl ether; POP (2) POE (3) monobutyl ether

Definition: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene ether of butyl alcohol Empirical: $C_{16}H_{34}O_6$

- *Formula:* $C_4H_9(OCHCH_3CH_2)_x(OCH_2CH_2)_yOH$, avg. x = 2, avg. y = 3 *Properties:* Nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 8530 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; skin and severe eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Antistat, emollient, emulsifier in cosmetics; lubricant for compressor, rubber, greases, textiles; intermediate for prep. of resins, plasticizers, surfactants; solvent for inks and dyes; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators; food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in lubricants for incidental food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3570 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Ucon® 50-HB-55

PPG-3-buteth-5

CAS 9038-95-3 (generic); 9065-63-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (5) POP (3) monobutyl ether; POP (3) POE (5) monobutyl ether

Definition: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene ether of butyl alcohol Empirical: $C_{23}H_{48}O_9$

Formula: $C_{231} T_{48} O_{9}$ Formula: $C_{4} H_{9} (OCHCH_{3} CH_{2})_{x} (OCH_{2} CH_{2})_{y} OH, avg. x = 3, avg. y = 5$ Properties: Nonionic

- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 9170 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 14 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing. and skin contact; skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Antistat, emulsifier, emollient for cosmetics; lubricant for compressor, rubber, greases, textiles; intermediate for prep. of resins, plasticizers, surfactants; solvent for inks and dyes; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators; food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in lubricants for incidental food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3570 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Ucon® 50-HB-100

PPG-5-buteth-7

- CAS 9038-95-3 (generic); 9065-63-8 (generic); 74623-31-7 (generic) Synonyms: POE (7) POP (5) monobutyl ether; POP (5) POE (6) monobutyl ether
- Definition: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene ether of butyl alcohol

Empirical: C₃₃H₆₈O₁₃

Formula:	C ₄ H ₉ (OCH ₃ CHCH	I2)x(OCH2CH2)yOF	l, avg.	x = 5,	avg.	y =	7
Properties	: Nonionic		•		•	•	

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5370 mg/kg; TSCA listed

Uses: Emollient; component in demulsifying and wetting formulations; brake and metalworking fluids; rubber and fiber lubricant; textile applics.; defoamer for hot and cold applics., foods, and chemical processing; antistat, emulsifier in cosmetics; boiler water additive for food processing; solvent for inks and dyes; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators; food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in lubricants for incidental food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3570 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Ucon® 50-HB-170

PPG-7-buteth-10

CAS 9038-95-3 (generic); 9065-63-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (10) POP (7) monobutyl ether; POP (7) POE (10) monobutyl ether

Definition: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene ether of butyl alcohol Empirical: $C_{45}H_{92}O_{18}$

Formula: $C_4H_9(OCHCH_3CH_2)_x(OCH_2CH_2)_yOH$, avg. x = 7, avg. y = 10 *Properties:* Nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 4000 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing. and skin contact; skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Uses: Detergent for toilet cleaners, laundry detergents, emulsion polymerization, metalworking fluids, hydraulic fluids; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators; antistat, emulsifier, emollient for cosmetics; lubricant for compressor, rubber, greases, textiles; intermediate for prep. of resins, plasticizers, surfactants; solvent for inks and dyes; food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; in lubricants for incidental food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3570

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Ucon® 50-HB-260

PPG-9-buteth-12

CAS 9038-95-3 (generic); 9065-63-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (12) POP (9) monobutyl ether; POP (9) POE (12) monobutyl ether

Definition: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene ether of butyl alcohol *Empirical:* $(C_7H_{14}O_2 \cdot C_6H_{12}O_2)_x$

Formula: $C_4H_9(OCH_3CHCH_2)_x(OCH_2CH_2)_yOH$, avg. x = 9, avg. y = 12*Properties:* Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5370 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; skin irritant; TSCA listed

Uses: Antistat, emulsifier, emollient in cosmetics; lubricant for compressor, rubber, greases, textiles; intermediate for prep. of resins, plasticizers, surfactants; solvent for inks and dyes; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators; food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in lubricants for incidental food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3570 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Ucon® 50-HB-400

PPG-12-buteth-16

CAS 9038-95-3 (generic); 9065-63-8 (generic); 74623-31-7 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (16) POP (12) monobutyl ether; POP (12) POE (16) monobutyl ether

Definition: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene ether of butyl alcohol

Empirical: $(C_7H_{14}O_2 \bullet C_6H_{12}O_2)_x$

Formula: $C_4H_9(OCH_3CHCH_2)_x(OCH_2CH_2)_yOH$, avg. x = 12, avg. y = 16 *Properties:* Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 18 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; skin irritant; TSCA listed

Uses: Defoamer; lubricant; emollient; in demulsifying and wetting formulations; brake fluids; metalworking; rubber lubricant; textiles; fiber lubricant; chemical processing; antistat, emulsifier in cosmetics; boiler water additive for food processing; solvent for inks and dyes; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators; food-pkg, adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in lubricants for incidental food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3570 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma *Trade Names:* Ucon® 50-HB-660

PPG-15-buteth-20

CAS 9038-95-3 (generic); 9065-63-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POP (15) POE (20) monobutyl ether; POE (20) POP (15) monobutyl ether

Definition: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene ether of butyl alcohol Empirical: $(C_7H_{14}O_2 \cdot C_6H_{12}O_2)_x$

Formula: $C_{4}H_{9}(OCHCH_{3}CH_{2})_{x}(OCH_{2}CH_{2})_{y}OH$, avg. x = 15, avg. y = 20 Toxicology: Irritant; TSCA listed

Uses: Antistat, emulsifier in cosmetics; emollient; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in lubricants for incidental food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3570 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

PPG-20-buteth-30

CAS 9038-95-3 (generic); 9065-63-8 (generic); 74623-31-7 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (30) POP (20) monobutyl ether; POP (20) POE (30) monobutyl ether

Definition: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene ether of butyl alcohol *Empirical:* $(C_7H_{14}O_2 \bullet C_8H_{12}O_2)_x$

Formula: $C_{x}H_{9}(OCH_{3}CHCH_{2})_{x}(OCH_{2}CH_{2})_{y}OH$, avg. x = 20, avg. y = 30 *Properties:* Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 21 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; skin irritant; TSCA listed

Uses: Emollient; antistat, emulsifier in cosmetics; defoamer for food processing; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators; lubricant for compressor, rubber, greases, textiles; intermediate for prep. of resins, plasticizers, surfactants; solvent for inks and dyes; food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in lubricants for incidental food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3570 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Ucon® 50-HB-2000

PPG-24-buteth-27

CAS 9038-95-3 (generic); 9065-63-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (27) POP (24) monobutyl ether; POP (24) POE (27) monobutyl ether

Definition: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene ether of butyl alcohol

Empirical: $(C_7H_{14}O_2 \cdot C_6H_{12}O_2)_x$

Formula: $C_4H_0(OCH_3CHCH_2)_x(OCH_2CH_2)_yOH$, avg. x = 24, avg. y = 27 *Properties:* Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, dispersant for agric. concs., latex polymerization, mfg. of iodophors for germicidal cleaners; antistat, emulsifier in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in lubricants for incidental food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3570

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

PPG-26-buteth-26

CAS 9038-95-3 (generic); 9065-63-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (26) POP (26) monobutyl ether; POP (26) POE (26) monobutyl ether

Definition: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene ether of butyl alcohol *Empirical:* $(C_7H_{14}O_2 \cdot C_6H_{12}O_2)_x$

Formula: $C_4H_9(OCH_3CHCH_2)_x(OCH_2CH_2)_yOH$, avg. x = 26, avg. y = 26

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: Irritant; TSCA listed

Uses: Antistat, emulsifier in cosmetics; emollient; superfatting agent; skin lubricant; perfume solubilizer; vehicle for suntan oils and lotions; in foodpkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

PPG-28-buteth-35

CAS 9038-95-3 (generic); 9065-63-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (35) POP (28) monobutyl ether; POP (28) POE (35) monobutyl ether

Definition: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene ether of butyl alcohol *Empirical:* $(C_7H_{14}O_2 \cdot C_6H_{12}O_2)_x$

Formula: $C_4H_9(OCH_3CHCH_2)_x(OCH_2CH_2)_yOH$, avg. x = 28, avg. y = 35 Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 38 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; skin irritant; TSCA listed

Uses: Emollient; detergent; defoamer; metalworking and hydraulic fluids; mold release agent; emulsion polymerization; defoamer for food processing; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators; lubricant for compressor, rubber, greases, textiles; intermediate for prep. of resins, plasticizers, surfactants; solvent for inks and dyes; antistat, emulsifier in cosmetics; food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in lubricants for incidental food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3570 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: Ucon® 50-HB-3520

PPG-33-buteth-45

CAS 9038-95-3 (generic); 9065-63-8 (generic); 74623-31-7 (generic)

Synonyms: POE (45) POP (33) monobutyl ether; POP (33) POE (45) monobutyl ether

Definition: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene ether of butyl alcohol Empirical: $(C_7H_{14}O_2 \cdot C_6H_{12}O_2)_x$

Formula: $C_4H_9(OCH_3CHCH_2)_x(OCH_2CH_2)_yOH$, avg. x = 33, avg. y = 45 Properties: Nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 49 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Uses: Defoamer; lubricant; emollient; in demulsifying and wetting formulations; brake fluids; metalworking; rubber lubricant; textiles; fiber lubricant; defoamer in food processing; chemical processing; antistat, emulsifier in cosmetics; boiler water additive for food processing; solvent for inks and dyes; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing, washing sol'ns., paints, adhesives, salt water evaporators; food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in lubricants for incidental food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 176.210, 178.3570 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma Trade Names: Ucon® 50-HB-5100

PPG-5 butyl ether

CAS 9003-13-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POP (5) butyl ether

Definition: Polypropylene glycol ether of butyl alcohol Formula: $C_4H_9(OCH_3CHCH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 5

Properties: Nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 9160 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ingestion and skin contact; skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Lubricant for two-stroke cycle engines, rubber, greases, textiles; reactive intermediate for resins, plasticizers, surfactants; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing; solvent for inks and dyes; insect repellent; antistat in cosmetics

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Ucon® LB-65

PPG-9 butyl ether

CAS 9003-13-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POP (9) butyl ether

Definition: Polypropylene glycol ether of butyl alcohol *Formula:* $C_4H_9(OCH_3CHCH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 9

Properties: Nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 9160 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ingestion and skin contact; skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Lubricant for two-stroke cycle engines, rubber, greases, textiles; reactive intermediate for resins, plasticizers, surfactants; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing; solvent for inks and dyes; antistat in cosmetics Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Ucon® LB-135

PPG-15 butyl ether

CAS 9003-13-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POP (15) butyl ether

Definition: Polypropylene glycol ether of butyl alcohol

Formula: $C_4H_9(OCH_3CHCH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 15

Properties: Nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 9160 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ingestion and skin contact; skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Lubricant for two-stroke cycle engines, rubber, greases, textiles; reactive intermediate for resins, plasticizers, surfactants; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing; solvent for inks and dyes; antistat in cosmetics; food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer for food contact

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Ucon® LB-285

PPG-18 butyl ether

CAS 9003-13-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POP (18) butyl ether; PPG (18) butyl ether

- Definition: Polypropylene glycol ether of butyl alcohol
- Formula: $C_4 H_9 (OCH_3 CHCH_2)_n OH$, avg. n = 18

Properties: Liq.; insol. in water; sol. in alcohol; nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 9160 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ingestion and skin contact; skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Emollient; lubricant for two-stroke cycle engines, rubber, greases, textiles; reactive intermediate for resins, plasticizers, surfactants; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing; solvent for inks and dyes; antistat in cosmetics; food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Ucon® LB-385

PPG (18) butyl ether. See PPG-18 butyl ether

PPG-22 butyl ether

CAS 9003-13-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POP (22) butyl ether

Definition: Polypropylene glycol ether of butyl alcohol

Formula: $C_4H_9(OCH_3CHCH_2)_0OH$, avg. n = 22

Properties: Nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 9160 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ingestion and skin contact; skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Lubricant for two-stroke cycle engines, rubber, greases, textiles; reactive intermediate for resins, plasticizers, surfactants; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing; solvent for inks and dyes; antistat in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/ paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Ucon® LB-525

PPG-24 butyl ether

CAS 9003-13-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POP (24) butyl ether

Definition: Polypropylene glycol ether of butyl alcohol

Formula: $C_4H_9(OCH_3CHCH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 24

Properties: Liq.; insol. in water; sol. in alcohol; nonionic

- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 9160 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ingestion and skin contact; skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Emollient; lubricant for two-stroke cycle engines, rubber, greases, textiles; reactive intermediate for resins, plasticizers, surfactants; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing; solvent for inks and dyes; surfactant in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3570 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Ucon® LB-625

PPG-30 butyl ether

CAS 9003-13-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POP (30) butyl ether

Definition: Polypropylene glycol ether of butyl alcohol Formula: $C_4H_9(OCH_3CHCH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 30

- Uses: Antistat in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in lubricants for incidental food contact
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 178.3570

PPG-33 butyl ether

CAS 9003-13-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POP (33) butyl ether; PPG (33) butyl ether

- *Properties:* Liq.; insol. in water; sol. in alcohol; nonionic *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 9160 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ingestion and skin contact; skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Emollient; lubricant for two-stroke cycle engines, rubber, greases, textiles; reactive intermediate for resins, plasticizers, surfactants; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing; solvent for inks and dyes; antistat in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §166.110, 172.615, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.1210, 177.1350, 184.1660, 178.3570 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Ucon® LB-1145

PPG (33) butyl ether. See PPG-33 butyl ether

PPG-40 butyl ether

CAS 9003-13-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POP (40) butyl ether; PPG (40) butyl ether

Definition: Polypropylene glycol ether of butyl alcohol

Formula: $C_4H_9(OCH_3CHCH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 40

Properties: Liq.; insol. in water; sol. in alcohol; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 9160 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ingestion and skin contact: skin irritant: TSCA listed

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Emollient; lubricant for two-stroke cycle engines, rubber, greases, textiles; reactive intermediate for resins, plasticizers, surfactants; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing; solvent for inks and dyes; antistat in cosmetics; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 178.3570 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich Trade Names: Ucon® LB-1715

PPG (40) butyl ether. See PPG-40 butyl ether

PPG-53 butvl ether

CAS 9003-13-8 (generic)

Synonyms: POP (53) butyl ether; PPG (53) butyl ether

Definition: Polypropylene glycol ether of butyl alcohol

Formula: $C_4H_9(OCH_3CHCH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 53

Properties: Lig.; insol. in water; sol. in alcohol; nonionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 9160 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ingestion and skin contact; skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Emollient; lubricant for two-stroke cycle engines, rubber, greases, textiles; reactive intermediate for resins, plasticizers, surfactants; antifoam in boiler water, latex processing; solvent for inks and dyes; antistat in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in lubricants for incidental food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 178.3570

Manuf./Distrib .: Aldrich

Trade Names: Ucon® LB-3000

PPG (53) butyl ether. See PPG-53 butyl ether

PPG-3 diacrylate

CAS 68901-05-3; 42978-66-5; EINECS/ELINCS 256-032-2

- Synonyms: TPGDA; TRPGDA; Acrylic acid, propylenebis (oxypropylene) ester; 2-Propenoic acid, (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis(oxy(methyl-2,1ethanediyl)) ester; Tripropylene glycol diacrylate
- Empirical: $C_{15}H_{24}O_6$ Formula: $H_2C=CHCO(OC_3H_6)_3O_2CCH=CH_2$

Properties: M.w. 300.39; dens. 1.030; b.p. > 120 C (1 mm); flash pt. 110 C;

ref. index 1.4500 Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 6800 mg/kg; low toxicity by ing.; skin irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Hygroscopic

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors
- Uses: Reactive diluent for radiation-curing systems, inks, coatings, lacquers, floor tiles, wood coatings and fillers, adhesives, textile finishes, rubber compds.

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; CPS

Trade Names: SR 306HP

- Trade Names Containing: CN 104 A80; CN 120 A75; CN 963 A80; CN 964 A85; CN 970 A60; ČN 971 A80; CN 973 A80; CN 981 A75; CN 982 A75; Ebecryl® 585; Photomer® 3038; Santolink® AM-129
- PPG-2 dibenzoate. See Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate

PPG (2) dibenzoate. See Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate

PPG-17 dioleate

CAS 26571-49-3 (generic)

Synonyms: POP (17) dioleate

Definition: Polypropylene glycol diester of oleic acid

- Formula: CH(CH₂)₇CH₃CH(CH₂)₇CO(OCHCH₃CH₂)_nOCO(CH₂)₇CH- $CHCH_3(CH_2)_7$, avg. n = 17
- Uses: Emollient in cosmetics; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210

PPG-66-glycereth-12

CAS 9082-00-2 (generic); 51258-15-2 (generic)

Definition: Polyoxypropylene, polyoxyethylene ether of glycerin

Formula: $C_3H_7O_2(OCHCH_3CH_2)_{x}(OCH_2CH_2)_{y}OH$, avg. $\tilde{x} = 66$, avg. y =12

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier in cosmetics; provides solvency, low odor, low irritation, low toxicity to personal care prods.; defoamer for cutting and drilling fluids, fermentation, chem. mfg., acid gas treatment, pulp and paper, and textiles Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

PPG-2 laurate

Synonyms: PPG (2) laurate; POP (2) monolaurate

Definition: Polypropylene glycol ester of lauric acid Properties: Nonionic

Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants

PPG (2) laurate. See PPG-2 laurate

PPG-2 laurate SE

Properties: Anionic

Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants

PPG-2 methyl ether

CAS 13429-07-7; 34590-94-8; EINECS/ELINCS 236-547-9; 252-104-2

Synonyms: DPGME; DPM; DPMG; 1,4-Dimethyl-3,6-dioxa-1-heptanol; Dipropylene glycol methyl ether; Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether; Methoxy dipropylene glýcol; 1-(2-Methoxyisopropoxy)-2-propanol; (2-Methoxymethylethoxy) propanol; 1-(2-Methoxy-1-methylethoxy)-2-propanol; Methoxypropoxypropanol; POP (2) methyl ether

Classification: Aliphatic ether alcohol

Definition: Polypropylene glycol ether of methyl alcohol

Empirical: C7H16O3

Formula: $CH_3(OCHCH_3CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 2

Properties: Colorless clear liq.; mild ethereal sweet odor; sol. in water, acetone, ethanol, benzene, CCl₄, ether, methanol, monochlorobenzene,

petrol, ether, VM&P naphtha; misc. with most org. solvs.; m.w. 148.23; dens. 0.951; f.p. -83 C; b.p. 190 C; flash pt. (CC) 86 C; ref. index 1.4205

- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 100 ppm (skin); STEL 150 ppm (skin); LD50 (oral, rat) 5660 mg/kg, (skin, rat) 9500 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing. and skin contact; skin and eye irritant; human eye irritant; causes tears; mild allergen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; can react with oxidizing materials
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke, irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight
- Uses: Solvent for paints, lacquers, resins, dyes, oils/greases, cellulose, cleaners, inks, cosmetics, agric., epoxy laminates, adhesives, floor polish, fuel additives, antifreeze, oil field, mining, and electronic chems.; chem. intermediate applics.; heat transfer fluid; wetting agent, soil penetrant in cleaners; in food-pkg. adhesives; adjuvant in slimicides in foodcontact paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.300, 181.22, 181.30
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; Celanese; Fluka; Oxiteno; Van Waters & Rogers

Trade Names Containing: Surfynol® 104DPM

PPG-3 methyl ether

- CAS 25498-49-1; EINECS/ELINCS 243-734-9
- Synonyms: TPGME; TPM; (2-(2-Methoxymethylethoxy) methylethoxy) propanol; 3-(3-(3-Methoxypropoxy) propoxy) propan-1-ol; Polyoxypropylene (3) methyl ether; PPG (3) methyl ether; Propanol, 3-(3-(3-methoxypropoxy) propoxy)-; Propanol, (2-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) methylethoxy)-; Tripropylene glycol methyl ether; Tripropylene glycol monomethyl ether

Classification: Aliphatic ether alcohol

- Definition: Polypropylene glycol ether of methyl alcohol
- Empirical: C₁₀H₂₂O₄

Formula: $CH_3(OCHCH_3CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 3

- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; sl. sweetish ether odor; sol. in water, acetone, ethanol, benzene, CCl₄, ether, methanol, monochlorobenzene, VM&P naphtha; misc. with most org. solvs.; m.w. 206.32; dens. 0.967; f.p. -60 C; b.p. 243 C; pour pt. -78 C; flash pt. (CC) 121 C; ref. index 1.4300
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3200 mg/kg; LDLo (skin, rabbit) 14,505 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; mild eye irritant; vapor inh. nonirritating; high concs. of mists can irritate nose/throat, cause CNS depression, nausea, headache, weakness, fatigue; may cause wt. loss, sleepiness; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizing agents; increases risk of fire and explosion
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in a cool, dry area, out of direct sunlight

Uses: High-boiling solvent for paints, lacquers, resins, dyes, oils, greases, cellulose, cleaners, inks, functional fluids, agric., cosmetics, epoxy laminates, adhesives, floor polish, fuel additives, antifreeze, oil field, mining, and electronic chems.; chemical intermediate; component of hydraulic brake fluids; flotation frothing agent; wetting agent, soil penetrant in cleaners; in food-pkg. adhesives; adjuvant in slimicides in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.300, 181.22, 181.30 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Oxiteno Trade Names Containing: Metasol® CB-220

PPG (3) methyl ether. See PPG-3 methyl ether

PPG (2) monooleate. See PPG-2 oleate

PPG (26) monooleate. See PPG-26 oleate

PPG (36) monooleate. See PPG-36 oleate

PPG (2) monostearate. See PPG-2 stearate

PPG-2 oleate

Synonyms: Dipropylene glycol monooleate; POP (2) monooleate; PPG (2) monooleate

Definition: Polypropylene glycol ester of oleic acid

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting

oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants

PPG-26 oleate

CAS 31394-71-5 (generic)

Synonyms: POP (26) monooleate; PPG (26) monooleate

Definition: Polypropylene glycol ester of oleic acid

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_7CH=CH(CH_2)_7CO(OCHCH_3CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 26 *Properties:* Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emollient, lubricant, defoamer, viscosity control agent, dispersant, spreading agent in cosmetics and topical pharmaceuticals; in resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210; FDA approved for topicals

PPG-36 oleate

CAS 31394-71-5 (generic)

Synonyms: POP (36) monooleate; PPG (36) monooleate

Definition: Polypropylene glycol ester of oleic acid

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CH=CH(CH₂)₇CO(OCHCH₃CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 36 *Properties*: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emollient, dispersant, spreading agent in cosmetics, industrial lubricants, hydraulic fluids; oil-based coatings; visc. depressant for PVC; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.210

PPG-2 oleate SE

Properties: Anionic

Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants

PPG-2 stearate

Synonyms: Dipropylene glycol monostearate; POP (2) monostearate; PPG (2) monostearate

Definition: Polypropylene glycol ester of stearic acid

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants

PPG-2 stearate SE

Properties: Anionic

Uses: W/o emulsifier, dispersant, antistat for textile, paper processing, cutting oils, polishes, emulsion cleaners, rubber latex, wool lubricants

PPG-3 trimethylolpropane triacrylate

Synonyms: Propoxylated 3 trimethylolpropane triacrylate Uses: In acrylics, adhesives, glass/metal/paper/release/textile/wood coatings, electronics, inks Trade Names: SR 492

PPG-6 trimethylolpropane triacrylate

Synonyms: Propoxylated 6 trimethylolpropane triacrylate Uses: In acrylics, adhesives, glass/metal/paper/release/textile/wood coatings, electronics, inks, paints, photopolymers Trade Names: CD 501

Precipitated barium sulfate. See Barium sulfate Precipitated calcium carbonate. See Calcium monocarbonate Precipitated calcium sulfate. See Calcium sulfate dihydrate Precipitated chalk. See Calcium monocarbonate Precipitated silica. See Silica, amorphous; Silica, hydrated Precipitated sulfur. See Sulfur Precipitated zinc sulfide. See Zinc sulfide Prepared chalk. See Calcium monocarbonate; Whiting Primary ammonium phosphate. See Ammonium phosphate Primary amyl alcohol. See n-Amyl alcohol Primary decyl alcohol. See Decyl alcohol Process white. See Barium sulfate Propanal, 2,3-dibromo-. See 2,3-Dibromopropionaldehyde 1-Propanaminium, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-3-(1-oxooctadecyl) amino]-, nitrate. See Stearamidopropyl dimethyl-2-hydroxyethyl ammonium nitrate

Propane, 2,2-bis (p-(2,3-epoxypropoxy) phenyl)-. See Bisphenol A diglycidyl

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- 1,2-Propanediol. See Propylene glycol
- Propane-1,2-diol. See Propylene glycol
- 1,2(or 3)-Propanediol, 1-acrylate. See Hydroxypropyl acrylate
- Propane-1,2-diol alginate. See Propylene glycol alginate
- 1,3-Propanediol, 2-bromo-2-nitro. See 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol
- 1,2-Propanediol carbonate. See Propylene carbonate
- 1,2-Propanediol, 2-methyl, monomethacrylate. See Hydroxypropyl methacrylate
- 1,2-Propanediol monomethyl ether acetate. See Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate
- 1,2-Propanediol monostearate. See Propylene glycol stearate
- 1,2-Propanediyl carbonate. See Propylene carbonate
- Propanenitrile, 2,2⁻-azobis (2-methyl-. See 2,2⁻-Azobisisobutyronitrile 1-Propanesulfonic acid, 2-hydroxy-3-(2-propenyloxy)-, monosodium salt. See Sodium 2-hydroxy-3-(2-propenyloxy) 1-propanesulfonate
- 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-(acetyloxy)-, tributyl ester. See Acetyl tributyl citrate
- 1,2,3-Propanetriol octadecanoate. See Glyceryl stearate
- 1,2,3-Propanetriol triacetate. See Triacetin
- 1,2,3-Propanetriol tribenzoate. See Glyceryl tribenzoate
- 1,2,3-Propanetriol trioctadecanoate. See Tristearin
- Propanol-1. See Propyl alcohol
- 1-Propanol. See Propyl alcohol
- Propan-1-ol. See Propyl alcohol
- 2-Propanol. See Isopropyl alcohol
- Propan-2-ol. See Isopropyl alcohol
- n-Propanol. See Propyl alcohol
- 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy. See Methoxyisopropanol
- Propanol, (2-(2-methoxymethylethoxy) methylethoxy)-. See PPG-3 methyl ether
- Propanol, 3-(3-(3-methoxypropoxy) propoxy)-. See PPG-3 methyl ether 2-Propanol, 2-methyl-. See t-Butyl alcohol
- 2-Propanol, 1,1 '-oxydi-. See Dipropylene glycol
- Propanone. See Acetone
- 2-Propanone. See Acetone
- Propathene. See Polypropylene
- Prop-2-enal. See Acrolein
- 2-Propenal. See Acrolein
- Propenamide. See Acrylamide
- 2-Propenamide. See Acrylamide
- 2-Propenamide, homopolymer. See Polyacrylamide
- 2-Propenamide, polymer with 2-butenamide and/or alkylpropenamide. See Acrylamides copolymer
- 2-Propenamide, polymer with 2-propenoic acid. See Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer
- Propenamide, polymer with propenoic acid, butenoic acid, and/or alkyl propenoates. See Acrylates/acrylamide copolymer
- 2-Propenamide-2-propenoic acid polymer. See Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer
- 2-Propen-1-aminium, N,N-dimethyl-N-2-propenyl-, chloride. See Dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride
- 2-Propen-1-aminium, N,N-dimethyl-N-2-propenyl-, chloride, homopolymer. See Polyquaternium-6
- 2-Propen-1-aminium, N,N-dimethyl-N-2-propenyl-, chloride, polymer with 2-propenamide. See Polyquaternium-7
- Propene acid. See Acrylic acid
- 1-Propene, homopolymer. See Polypropylene
- 1-Propene, 2-methyl-, homopolymer. See Polyisobutene
- Propene, 2-methyl-, polymers. See Polyisobutene
- Propenenitrile. See Acrylonitrile
- 2-Propenenitrile. See Acrylonitrile
- Propenenitrile copolymer. See Acrylonitrile copolymer
- 2-Propenenitrile, homopolymer. See Polyacrylonitrile
- 2-Propenenitrile, polymer with 1,3-butadiene. See Butadiene/acrylonitrile copolymer
- Propene polymer. See Polypropylene
- Propene polymers. See Polypropylene
- Propenoic acid. See Acrylic acid
- 2-Propenoic acid. See Acrylic acid Propenoic acid amide. See Acrylamide
- 2-Propenoic acid, n-butyl ester. See Butyl acrylate

- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-(diethylamino)ethyl ester. See Diethylaminoethyl acrylate 2-Propenoic acid, 2-(dimethylamino) ethyl ester. See Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid with ethene. See Ethylene/acrylic acid copolymer
- 2-Propenoic acid, ethyl ester. See Ethyl acrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, ethyl ester, homopolymer. See Polyethylacrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester. See Octyl acrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid 1,6-hexanediyl ester. See 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer. See Polyacrylic acid
- 2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer, ammonium salt. See Ammonium polyacrvlate
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-hydroxyethyl ester. See 2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid-2-(hydroxymethyl)-2-(((1-oxo-2-propenyl) oxy) methyl)-1,3-propanediyl ester. See Pentaerythrityl triacrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid isodecyl ester. See Isodecyl acrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-. See Methacrylic acid
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-(diethylamino) ethyl ester. See Diethylaminoethyl methacrylate
- Propenoic acid methyl ester. See Methyl acrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid methyl ester. See Methyl acrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1,2-ethanediylbis (oxy-2,1-ethanediyl) ester. See PEG-3 dimethacrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, (1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis(oxy(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)) ester. See PPG-3 diacrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, ethyl ester. See Ethyl methacrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, hexadecyl ester. See Cetyl methacrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, homopolymer, sodium salt. See Sodium polymethacrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxyethyl ester. See 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrvlate
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxymethylethyl ester. See Hydroxypropyl methacrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxypropyl ester. See 2-Hydroxypropyl methacrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester. See Methyl methacrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, homopolymer. See Polymethyl methacrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, monoester with 1,2-propanediol. See Hydroxypropyl methacrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, oxybis (2,1-ethanediyloxy-2,1-ethanediyl) ester. See PEG-4 dimethacrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 1-ethenyl-2-pyrrolidinone and ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate. See Acrylates/PVP copolymer
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with ethyl 2-propenoate and methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate. See Acrylates copolymer
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-sulfoethyl ester, sodium salt. See Sodium 2-sulfoethyl methacrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl, 3-sulfopropyl ester, potassium salt. See Potassium sulfopropyl methacrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol. See Hydroxypropyl acrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, octyl ester. See Octyl acrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, oxybis (2,1-ethanediyloxy-2,1-ethanediyl) ester. See PEG-4 diacrylate
- 2-Propenoic acid, 2-phenoxyethyl ester. See 2-Phenoxyethyl acrylate
- Propenoic acid polymer. See Polyacrylic acid
- 2-Propenoic acid, polymer with ethene. See Ethylene/acrylic acid copolymer
- 2-Propenoic acid, polymer with ethene and ethenyl acetate. See Ethylene/ acrylic acid/vinyl acetate copolymer
- 2-Propenoic acid, polymer with 2-propenamide. See Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer

Propoxylated 3 trimethylolpropane triacrylate. See PPG-3 trimethylolpro-

Propoxylated 6 trimethylolpropane triacrylate. See PPG-6 trimethylolpro-

CHEMICAL COMPONENT CROSS-REFERENCE • 671

- Propenoic acid, polymers, homopolymer. See Polyacrylic acid
- Propionaldehyde, 2,3-dibromo-. See 2,3-Dibromopropionaldehyde Propionic acid, 2-methylene-. See Methacrylic acid Propionitrile, 2,2 - azobis (2-methyl). See 2,2 - Azobisisobutyronitrile

2-Propoxyethanol. See Ethylene glycol propyl ether

pane triacrylate

pane triacrylate

Propyl acetate

CAS 109-60-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-686-1; UN No. 1276 (DOT); FEMA 2925

Synonyms: Acetic acid n-propyl ester; Acetic acid propyl ester; 1-Acetoxypropane; n-Propyl acetate; 1-Propyl acetate; n-Propyl ethanoate Classification: Sat. aliphatic carboxylic acid ester

Definition: Ester of propyl alcohol and acetic acid

Empirical: C₅H₁₀O₂

Formula: CH₃COOCH₂CH₂CH₃

- Properties: Colorless liq., pear-like odor; sol. in alcohols, ketones, esters, hydrocarbons, diethyl ether, castor oil, linseed oil; mod. sol. in water; m.w. 102.14; dens. 0.887 (20/20 C); vapor pressure 40 mm (28.8 C); m.p. -92 C; b.p. 99-102 C; flash pt. (CC) 14 C; ref. index 1.384 (20 C); surf. tens. 24.3 dynes/cm (20 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 200 ppm; STEL 250 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 9370 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 1420 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP and subcut. routes; mildly toxic by ing., inh.; may be irritating to skin, mucous membranes; narcotic in high concs.; human systemic effects by inh. (lacrimation, cough); TSCA listed
- Precaution: Highly flamm.; dangerous fire hazard exposed to heat, flame, oxidizers; explosive as vapor exposed to heat, flame; incompat. with oxidizing agents, strong acids, potassium t-butoxide, reactive nitrogen compds.
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: N-Propanol, acetic acid; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight and away from heat and ignition sources
- Uses: Syn. flavoring agent for foods, pharmaceuticals; solvent for nitrocellulose and other cellulose derivs., natural and syn. resins, lacquers, plastics, printing inks, chlorinated rubber, heat-reactive phenolics, cosmetics; fragrance ingred. in perfumes; organic synthesis; lab reagent; in recovery of acetic acid from dil. aq. sol'ns.; in cellophane for food pkg.
- Use Level: 4 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 16 ppm (ice cream), 12 ppm (candy), 14 ppm (baked goods)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 177.1200; FEMA GRAS

Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.; Aldrich; Alfrebro; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BASF; BP Chems. Ltd; Bencorp Int'l.; Berje; Celanese; Coyne; Eastman; Fluka; G.J. Chem.; Grau Aromatics; HCH Marketing; HCI Chemtech Distribution; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; JLM Marketing; Penta Mfg.; Quaker City; Union Carbide; Van Waters & Rogers

Trade Names Containing: Metalure® L-54893

1-Propyl acetate. See Propyl acetate

2-Propyl acetate. See Isopropyl acetate

n-Propyl acetate. See Propyl acetate

Propyl alcohol

- CAS 71-23-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-746-9; UN No. 1274 (DOT); FEMA 2928
- Synonyms: Albacol; Alcohol C-3; Ethyl carbinol; 1-Hydroxypropane; Normal propyl alcohol; Optal; 1-Propanol; Propanol-1; Propan-1-ol; n-Propanol; n-Propyl alcohol; 1-Propyl alcohol; Propylic alcohol Classification: Aliphatic alcohol

Empirical: C₃H₈O

Formula: CH₃CH₂CH₂OH

- Properties: Colorless clear liq., alcoholic and sl. stupefying odor; very sol. in benzene; sol. in water, ethyl alcohol, ether, acetone, propylene glycol; misc. with oxygenated solvs.; dissolves fat; m.w. 60.10; sp.gr. 0.804 (20/4 C); vapor pressure 10 mm Hg (14.7 C); m.p. -127 C; b.p. 97-98 C; flash pt. (TCC) 23 C; ref. index 1.385 (20 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 200 ppm; STEL 250 ppm (skin); LD50 (oral, rat) 1.87 g/kg, (IP, rat) 2164 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 590 mg/kg; poison by subcut. route; mod. toxic by inh., ing., IP, IV routes; toxic by skin absorption; skin and severe eye irritant; drying effect on skin may lead to cracking, fissuring, and infections; mildly irritating to mucous membranes; questionable carcinogen; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Highly flamm.; dangerous fire hazard exposed to heat, flame, oxidizers; explosive limits in air 2-13%; incompat. with oxidizing agents (increases risk of fire and explosion); ignites on contact with potassium t-butoxide

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Store in tightly closed containers in cool, well-ventilated area separate from work place; limit quantities in use
- Uses: Solvent for natural and syn. resins, cellulose esters and ethers, paints, printing inks, waxes, veg. oils; organic synthesis; chemical intermediate; in polishes; brake fluids; degreasing solvent; antiseptic; antifoam, solvent in cosmetics; syn. flavoring for foods, pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; in cellophane for food pkg.
- Use Level: 0.50-5.0 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 0.50 ppm (ice cream, ices, candy), 0.65 ppm (baked goods)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 175.105, 177.1200, 573.880; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for topicals; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfrebro; Allchem Ind.; Amyl; Ashland; Baychem; Burdick & Jackson; Celanese; Chemcentral; Coyne; Eastman; Fluka; Grau Aromatics; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; J.T. Baker; Lyondell; Mallinckrodt Baker; Penta Mfg.; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Samson; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sunnyside; Union Carbide; Van Waters & Rogers Trade Names Containing: Surfynol® 104NP
- 1-Propyl alcohol. See Propyl alcohol
- **n-Propyl alcohol.** See Propyl alcohol
- s-Propyl alcohol. See Isopropyl alcohol
- Propyl carbinol. See Butyl alcohol
- Propyl 'Cellosolve'. See Ethylene glycol propyl ether

Propylene aldehyde. See Acrolein

- Propylene carbonate
 - CAS 108-32-7; EINECS/ELINCS 203-572-1
 - Synonyms: Carbonic acid, cyclic propylene ester; Carbonic acid, 1,2-propylene glycol ester; 1,3-Carbonyl dioxypropane; Cyclic methylethylene carbonate; Cyclic propylene carbonate; Cyclic 1,2-propylene carbonate; 1,3-Dioxolan-2-one, 4-methyl; Dipropylene carbonate; 4-Methyl-1,3dioxolan-2-one; 1-Methyl ethylene carbonate; 1,2-Propanediol carbonate; 1,2-Propanediyl carbonate; 1,2-Propylene carbonate; Propylene glycol cyclic carbonate

Classification: Organic compd.; carbonic acid ester

Empirical: C4H6O3

- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; odorless; very sol. in water; misc. with acetone, benzene, chloroform, ether, ethyl acetate; m.w. 102.10; dens. 1.2069 (20/20 C); vapor pressure 0.03 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. -48.8 C; b.p. 242.1 C; flash pt. (OC) 135 C; ref. index 1.422 (20 C); pH 8.8; can remain liq. (supercools) below its f.p.
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, raf) 29 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) 20 ml/kg; mildly toxic by ingestion; human skin irritant; eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents (increases fire risk), acids, bases, reducing agents (decomp. can occur)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: May produce propylene oxide if an acid, base, or salt is present in an aq. sol'n. of propylene carbonate; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight; avoid generating mist
- Uses: Solvent for inorg. salts, plasticizers, syn. fibers, polymers, pigments, dyes, paints; extraction solvent; polar process solvent; intermediate for organic syntheses; reactive diluent for urethane foams and coatings; foundry sand binders; textiles; natural gas purification; bentonite/montmorillonite gellant (greases, cosmetics); hydraulic fluid additive; plasticizer; cosmetics lubricant, solvent; flavoring agent for pharmaceuticals; antifoam for antifreeze; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105; FDA approved for topicals

Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BASF AG; Bencorp Int'l.; Degussa-Hüls AG; Ferro/Grant; Fluka; Great Western; Huntsman; Itochu Spec. Chems.; Loos & Dilworth; Lyondell; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Van Waters & Rogers Trade Names Containing: SR-1010; SR-1011

nade Names Containing. SK-1010, SK-1011

1,2-Propylene carbonate. See Propylene carbonate Propylenedicarboxylic acid. See Itaconic acid

Propylene glycol

ČÁS 57-55-6; 4254-15-3 (+); 4254-14-2 (-); 4254-16-4 (±); EINECS/ELINCS 200-338-0; FEMA 2940

- Synonyms: 1,2-Dihydroxypropane; 2-Hydroxypropanol; Methyl ethylene glycol; Methyl ethyl glycol; Methyl glycol; Monopropylene glycol; 1,2-Propanediol; Propane-1,2-diol; α-Propylene glycol; 1,2-Propylene glycol; Trimethyl glycol
- Classification: Aliphatic dihydric alcohol
- *Empirical:* C₃H₈O₂ *Formula:* CH₃CHOHCH₂OH
- Properties: Colorless clear visc. liq., odorless, sl. acrid taste; sol. in water, essential oils, acetone, chloroform, ether, ethanol; misc. with oxygenated solvs.; m.w. 76.11; dens. 1.0362; vapor pressure 0.08 mm (20 C); m.p. -60 C; b.p. 188.2 C; flash pt. (OC) 99 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 25 ml/kg, (IP, rat) 6660 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 6423 mg/ kg, (skin, rabbit) 20,800 mg/kg; sl. toxic by ing., skin contact, IP,IV, subcut. routes; eye and human skin irritant; human systemic effects by ing. (anesthesia, convulsions, EEG changes); experimental teratogen, reproductive effector; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; explosive as vapor exposed to heat or flames; explosive limits 2.6-12.6%; reactive with oxidizers; can increase risk of fire and explosion
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in cool, dry area; hygroscopic

- Uses: Intermediate in synthesis of org. compds., polyester and alkyd resins, polypropylene glycol; solvent, emulsifier in paints, foods, pharmaceuticals; substitute for ethylene glycol and glycerol; hygroscopic agent; energy source in animal feed; plasticizer for adhesives, cork, paper prods.; mold growth and fermentation inhibitor; bactericide (air sterilization); component of antifreeze, hydraulic and brake fluids; humectant, solvent in cosmetics; pharmaceutical vehicle, solvent; protectant in hemorrhoidal prods.; plasticizer in food-contact coatings and rubber articles for repeated LISE
- Use Level: Limitation 5% (alcoholic beverages), 24% (confections), 2.5% (frozen dairy prods.), 97% (seasonings), 5% (nuts), 2% (other food), 40 ppm (wine); ADI 25 mg/kg (FAO/WHO); 10-25% (oral sol'ns.), 10-80% (parenterals), 5-80% (topicals)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §169.175, 169.176, 169.177, 169.178, 169.180, 169.181, 175.300, 177.2600, 178.3300, 184.1666, 582.4666, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; BATF 27CFR §240.1051; EPA reg., approved for some drugs; Japan approved with limitations; Europe listed; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for orals, parenterals, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur., JP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: ADA Int'l.; AMRESCO; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Arch Chems./ Perf. Urethanes; Asahi Denka Kogyo; Ashland; BP Chems. Ltd; Baychem; C.P. Hall; Chemcentral; Coyne; Degussa-Hüls AG; Dow; Eastman; Fluka; Focus; Harcros; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; Huntsman; J.T. Baker; Lyondell Petrochem.; Lyondell; Miljac; Primachem; R.I.T.A.; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Samson; Schaefer Tech.; Seeler Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sunnyside; Union Carbide; Van Waters & Rogers; Veckridge; Westco; Whyte Chems. Ltd
- Trade Names Containing: Aerosol® OT-70 PG; Aerosol® OT-75-PG; Ancowet S-70PG; Arquad® 2HT-75PG; Burcosoft LEQ; DeWET SDO-70PG; Geropon® 99; Geropon® SS-O-70PG; Monawet MO-70R; Monawet MO-84R2W; Nipacide® BIT 20; Pentasol DO-70PG; Proxel® XL2; Rhodorsil® Emulsion 865A; Rhodorsil® Emulsion 878; Surfynol® 104PG-50; Surfynol[®] PG-50; Troysan[®] 586

1,2-Propylene glycol. See Propylene glycol **α-Propylene glycol**. See Propylene glycol

Propylene glycol acrylate. See Hydroxypropyl acrylate

Propylene glycol alginate

CAS 9005-37-2; FEMA 2941

Synonyms: Alginic acid, ester with 1,2-propanediol; Hydroxypropyl alginate; Propane-1,2-diol alginate

Definition: Mixture of propylene glycol esters of alginic acid

Empirical: C₇₂H₁₁₂O₅₆

- Formula: (C₉H₁₄O₇)₈
- Properties: Wh. to ylsh. fibrous or gran. powd., pract. odorless and tasteless; sol. in water, dil. organic acids, hydroalcoholic mixts.; m.w. 1873.6; DE 0.75-0.85

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 7200 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

- Uses: Food additive (emulsifier, flavoring adjuvant, formulation aid, stabilizer, surfactant, thickener, solvent); gellant; film-former; emulsifier; suspending agent; reactive with milk; binder, visc. control agent in cosmetics; cosmetics/pharmaceuticals (lotions, vitamin suspension); industrial (paper coatings, adhesives, textile printing, dyeing, explosives); pharmaceutical solvent; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Use Level: Limitation 0.5% (frozen dairy desserts), 0.5% (baked goods), 0.9% (cheese), 1.1% (fats/oils), 0.6% (gelatins, puddings), 0.5% (gravies), 0.4% (jams/jellies), 0.6% (condiments), 1.7% (seasonings), 0.3% (other foods); ADI 0-25 mg/kg (EU)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.133, 133.134, 133.162, 133.178. 133.179, 172.210, 172.820, 172.858, 173.340, 176.170, GRAS; FEMA GRAS; Japan approved (1% max.); Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Ashland; B2E; CarboMer; FMC Biopolymer; Frutarom Meer; Monsanto; Spectrum Quality Prods.
- Trade Names: Colloid 602; KELCÓLOID® DH; KELCOLOID® HVF; KELCOLOID® LVF; KELCOLOID® O; KELCOLOID® S

Propylene glycol, caprylate caprate diester. See Propylene glycol dicaprylate/dicaprate

Propylene glycol cyclic carbonate. See Propylene carbonate

Propylene glycol dicaprylate

CAS 7384-98-7; EINECS/ELINCS 230-962-9 Synonyms: Octanoic acid, 1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl ester Definition: Diester of propylene glycol and caprylic acid Empirical: C19H36O4

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₆COOCH₂CHCH₃OCO(CH₂)₆CH₃ Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Emollient, visc. control agent, solvent, solubilizer for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.856, 173.340, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.2800
- Propylene glycol dicaprylate-caprate. See Propylene glycol dicaprylate/ dicaprate

Propylene glycol dicaprylate/dicaprate

CAS 58748-27-9; 68583-51-7; 68988-72-7; EINECS/ELINCS 271-516-3 Synonyms: Caprylic, capric acid, propylene glycol diester; Decanoic acid, 1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl ester mixed with 1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl dioctanoate; Decanoic acid, mixed diesters with octanoic acid and propylene glycol; Octanoic acid, mixed diesters with decanoic acid and propy-

lene glycol; Propylene glycol, caprylate caprate diester; Propylene glycol dicaprylate-caprate

- Definition: Mixture of the propylene glycol diesters of caprylic and capric acids
- *Formula:* $C_{10}H_{20}O_2 \cdot C_8H_{16}O_2 \cdot C_3H_8O_2$
- Properties: Liq.; insol. in water; dens. 0.92 kg/l; pour pt. -40 C; flash pt. (COC) 184 C; nonionic
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Coupling agent, solvent for flavors, fragrance oil, sol. colorants, vitamins, medicinals, cosmetics; emollient for cosmetics, creams, lotions, makeup; food additive, emulsifier, stabilizer, defoamer; pharmaceutical emollient; cosolvent for toiletries; vehicle/diluent/carrier for vitamins, drugs, flavors, colors, fragrances; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.856, 173.340, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Ashland; M.M.P.

Propylene glycol dicocoate

CAS 68953-19-5; EINECS/ELINCS 273-191-3

Synonyms: Coconut fatty acids, 1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl ester; Fatty acids, coco, ester with propylene glycol; Fatty acids, coco, 1-methyl-1,2ethanediyl esters; Propylene glycol dicoconate; Propylene glycol diester coconut acids

Definition: Diester of propylene glycol and coconut acid

Formula: RCO-OCH₂CHCH₃O-RCO, RCO- rep. fatty acids from coconut oil Uses: Emollient, emulsifier in cosmetics; food pkg. adhesives; in resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.856, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.2800 Propylene glycol dicoconate. See Propylene glycol dicocoate Propylene glycol diester coconut acids. See Propylene glycol dicocoate Propylene glycol dilaurate CAS 22788-19-8; EINECS/ELINCS 245-217-3 Synonyms: Dodecanoic acid, 1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl ester Definition: Diester of propylene glycol and lauric acid Empirical: C27H52O4 Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₀COOCH₂CHCH₃OCO(CH₂)₁₀CH₃ Uses: Emollient, visc. control agent in cosmetics; in resinous/polymeric foodcontact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR§172.856, 173.340, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.2800 Propylene glycol distearate CAS 6182-11-2; EINECS/ELINCS 228-229-3 Synonyms: Octadecanoic acid, 1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl ester Definition: Diester of propylene glycol and stearic acid Empirical: C₃₉H₇₆O₄ Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COOCH₂CHCH₃OCO(CH₂)₁₆CH₃ Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emollient, visc. control agent in cosmetics; opacifier; emulsifier; stabilizer; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.856, 173.340, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Ruger Propylene glycol laurate CAS 142-55-2; 27194-74-7; EINECS/ELINCS 205-542-3 Synonyms: PGML; Dodecanoic acid, 2-hydroxypropyl ester; Dodecanoic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol; 2-Hydroxypropyl dodecanoate; Lauric acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol; Propylene glycol monolaurate Definition: Ester of propylene glycol and lauric acid Empirical: C15H30O3 Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₀COOCH₂CHCH₃OH Properties: Pale amber liq.; m.w. 258.40; dens. 0.911; m.p. 0-12 C; HLB 4.5; flash pt. (COC) 188 C; nonionic Toxicology: Nontoxic but can cause allergic reactions in hypersensitive persons; TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, coemulsifier, stabilizer, wetting agent, lubricant, plasticizer, emollient, solvent, and antistat used in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, industrial, food applics., pulp/paper, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints; adhesives; food additive, emulsifier, stabilizer, defoamer; pharmaceutical emulsifier, stabilizer, lubricant, solvent, excipient, permeation enhancer; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.856, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: Inolex; Lambent Tech.; Ruger; Stepan; Velsicol Trade Names: Lumulse™ PGML Propylene glycol methyl ether. See Methoxyisopropanol Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate

CÁS 108-65-6; EINÉCS/ELINCS 203-603-9; UN No. 1993 (DOT)

Synonyms: MPA; PGMEA; PMA; Acetic acid, 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ester; 2-Acetoxy-1-methoxypropane; 1-Methoxy-2-acetoxypropane; 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate; 1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate; Methoxypropyl acetate; 1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate; 2-(1-Methoxy) propyl acetate; PM acetate; 1,2-Propanediol monomethyl ether acetate; Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate

Classification: Aliphatic ether alcohol

Empirical: C₆H₁₂O₃

Formula: CH₃COOCHCH₃CH₂OCH₃

- Properties: Colorless liq.; mild fruity odor; sol. 20% in water; misc. with most org. solvs.; m.w. 132.17; dens. 0.97 (20/20 C); m.p. < -67 C; b.p. 146 C; flash pt. (Seta) 45 C; ref. index 1.402 (20 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 8532 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 5 g/kg, (IP, mouse) 750 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP route; sl. toxic by ing. and skin contact; inh. of vapor may cause nose/throat irritation; very high exposures unlikely but may cause CNS depression; low toxicity by skin absorption; may cause eye irritation on direct contact; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm.; incompat. with oxidizing agents (increases fire/explosion hazard)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors
- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight; hygroscopic
- Uses: Solvent for electronics, printing inks, acrylics, nitrocellulose, paints, urethane coatings, lacquers, water-based paints, oils, gums; solvent, coupling agent, wetting agent, soil penetrant in cleaners
- Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BP Amoco; Fluka; Harcros; Oxiteno; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Van Waters & Rogers; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Trade Names Containing: Metalure® L-55700

Propylene glycol monoacrylate. See Hydroxypropyl acrylate

- Propylene glycol monoester of soybean oil fatty acids. See Propylene glycol soyate
- Propylene glycol monolaurate. See Propylene glycol laurate
- Propylene glycol monomethyl ether. See Methoxyisopropanol

α-Propylene glycol monomethyl ether. See Methoxyisopropanol

Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate. See Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate

Propylene glycol monomyristate. See Propylene glycol myristate Propylene glycol monostearate. See Propylene glycol stearate

Propylene glycol myristate

CAS 29059-24-3; EINECS/ELINCS 249-395-3

Synonyms: Myristic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol; Propylene glycol monomyristate; Tetradecanoic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol

- Definition: Ester of propylene glycol and myristic acid
- Empirical: C17H34O3
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₂COOCH₂CHCH₃OH

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Wetting agent, lubricant, opacifier, antistat, dispersant, w/o emulsifier, scouring and detergent aid, defoamer, emollient, plasticizer, rust inhibitor in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, lubricating and cutting oils, pigment grinding, paints, inks, plastics, waxes, insecticides; in resinous/polymeric foodcontact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.856, 173.340, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.2800

Propylene glycol octadecanoate. See Propylene glycol stearate

Propylene glycol oleate

- CAS 1330-80-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-549-3
- Synonyms: 9-Octadecenoic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol; Oleic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol

Definition: Ester of propylene glycol and oleic acid

Empirical: C21H40O3

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CH=CH(CH₂)₇COOCH₂CHCH₃OH

Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emollient, emulsifier, coemulsifier, stabilizer, wetting agent, lubricant, and antistat in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, industrial, food applics.; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.856, 173.340, 175.300, 176.210, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.; Lambent Tech.

Propylene glycol palmitate

Definition: Ester of propylene glycol and palmitic acid

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Surfactant for industrial and cosmetic applics., pulp/paper, pharmaceuticals, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives; food emulsifier

Trade Names: Lumulse™ PGMP

Propylene glycol soyate

CAS 67784-79-6; EINECS/ELINCS 267-054-7

Synonyms: Fatty acids, soya, esters with propylene glycol; Propylene glycol monoester of soybean oil fatty acids; Soy fatty acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol

Definition: Ester of propylene glycol and soy acid

- Uses: Surfactant, emollient in cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in food-contact adhesives; in food-contact resinous/polymeric coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in textiles/textile fibers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.856, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800

Propylene glycol stearate

AS 1323-39-3; EINECS/ELINCS 215-354-3; FEMA 2942

- Synonyms: PGMS; Monosteol; Octadecanoic acid, monoester with 1,2propanediol; 1,2-Propanediol monostearate; Propylene glycol monostearate; Propylene glycol octadecanoate; Prostearin; Stearic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol
- Definition: Ester of propylene glycol and stearic acid

Empirical: C₂₁H₄₂O₃

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COOCH₂CHCH₃OH

- Properties: Wh. to cream flakes, bland typ. fatty odor and taste; sol. in min. oil, IPM, oleyl alcohol; insol. in water, glycerin, propylene glycol; m.w. 342.63; m.p. 35-38 C; HLB 3.4; acid no. 4 max.; iodine no. 3 max.; sapon. no. 155-165; hyd. no. 160-175; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 200 mg/kg; poison by IP route; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Emulsifier for lotions, soft creams, makeup, paints, adhesives; emollient, emulsifier, viscosifier for cosmetics; plasticizer for cellulose nitrate; food additive, emulsifier, stabilizer, defoamer, viscosifier; pharmaceutical surfactant, dispersant, solubilizer, lubricant, humectant, excipient, thickener, vehicle; in food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Use Level: Limitation 2% (margarine)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.856, 172.860, 172.862, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.2800; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for rectals, vaginals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.; ABITEC; Ashland; Crompton/Witco; Danisco Ingreds.; Eastman; ISP Van Dyk; Inolex; Lambent Tech.; Lipo; Lonza; Ruger; Sea-Land; Stepan; Universal Preserv-A-Chem

Trade Names: Lumulse™ PGMS

Propylene glycol tallowate

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200

Propyleneimine

CAS 75-55-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-878-7; UN No. 1921

Synonyms: Aziridine, 2-methyl-; 2-Methylazacyclopropane; 2-Methylaziridine; Methylethylenimine; 2-Methylethylenimine; 1,2-Propyleneimine; Propyleneimine, inhibited; Propylenimine; 1,2-Propylenimine

Empirical: C₃H₇N

- Properties: Colorless to It. yel. oily fuming liq.; strong ammonia-like odor; sol. in water, DMSO, 95% ethanol, acetone, petrol. ether, most org. solvs.; m.w. 57.10; sp.gr. 0.802; vapor pressure 112 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. -65 C; b.p. 66-67 C; flash pt. -15 C; ref. index 1.4084
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 2 ppm (skin); LD50 (oral, rat) 19 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 335 mg/kg, (skin, guinea pig) 43 mg/kg; LCLo (inh., rat, 4 h) 500 ppm; highly toxic by ing., ing., skin routes; corrosive; eye/nose/throat irritant; may cause nausea, vomiting, difficulty breathing, skin/eye burns, eye damage, CNS effects, etc.; readily absorbed thru skin; may be fatal; mutation data; experimental carcinogen; has been implicated as brain carcinogen; suspected human carcinogen; target organ: blood, nerves; **TSCA** listed
- Precaution: Flamm.; vapor may flash back; uninhibited, polymerizes easily; may polymerize explosively with acids/fumes; incompat. with strong oxidizers; reacts with quinones, sulfonyl halides; attacks some plastics,

rubber; may dec. in air; hydrolyzes in HCI

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x; heated to decomp., emits irritating vapors and toxic fumes of NO_x, emits toxic fumes under fire conditions
- Storage: Ship under argon; moisture/heat-sensitive; store in tightly closed containers under inert atmosphere in explosion-proof refrigerator; keep away from acids, ignition sources
- Uses: Org. intermediate in prod. of polymers for use as coatings and adhesives in paper/textiles industries; derivs. used in rubber and pharmaceutical industries; modifier for latex surf. coating resins to improve adhesion Regulatory: SARA §313 reportable

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Dixie; Pfaltz & Bauer; TCI Am.; Whyte Chems. Ltd

1,2-Propyleneimine. See Propyleneimine

Propyleneimine, inhibited. See Propyleneimine

Propylene oxide homopolymer. See Polypropylene glycol

Propylene polymer. See Polypropylene

Propylenimine. See Propyleneimine

1,2-Propylenimine. See Propyleneimine

2-Propyl ethanoate. See Isopropyl acetate

- n-Propyl ethanoate. See Propyl acetate
- Propylic alcohol. See Propyl alcohol
- Propylmethanol. See Butyl alcohol

Prostearin. See Propylene glycol stearate

Protease

- CAS 9014-01-1; EINECS/ELINCS 232-752-2
- Synonyms: Alcalase; Bacillus subtilis Carlsberg; Detergent enzyme; Maxatase; Protease, bacterial, alkaline; Proteinase; Proteolytic enzymes; Subtilisin; Subtilisin Carlsberg; Subtilisins

Classification: Enzyme

Properties: Gran.; sol. in water; m.w. $\approx 27,000$ Toxicology: TWA 0.00006 mg/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 3700 mg/kg; mod. toxic by

ingestion; primary irritant to eyes, skin, respiratory tract; sensitizer; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x Storage: Hygroscopic; packaged under argon; freeze

Uses: Enzyme for breakdown of protein; used in detergent compositions, industrial laundry use, food processing, tanning, protein hydrolysis, desizing textiles, wastewater treatment, industrial cleaning; digestive aids; wound debriding agent; blood typing aid

Regulatory: Canada, Japan approved

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Am. Biorganics; Fluka; PMP Fermentation Prods.; Schweizerhall; Sigma; U.S. Biochemical

Trade Names: HT-Proteolytic® 200

Protease, bacterial, alkaline. See Protease

Proteinase. See Protease Protein hydrolysate. See Hydrolyzed collagen

Protein hydrolysates, soya. See Hydrolyzed soy protein

Proteins, collagen, hydrolysate. See Hydrolyzed collagen

Proteins, milk. See Casein

Proteolytic enzymes. See Protease

Prussian blue. See Ferric ferrocyanide

PS. See Polystyrene

Pseudothiourea. See Thiourea

Pseudourea. See Urea

PSVS. See Polysodium vinyl sulfonate

PTFE. See Polytetrafluoroethylene

PTMT. See Polybutylene terephthalate

PTSA. See p-Toluene sulfonic acid

PTZ. See Phenothiazine

PU. See Polyurethane resin

Purified gum spirits. See Turpentine Purified water. See Water

PVA. See Polyvinyl acetate; Polyvinyl alcohol

PVAc. See Polyvinyl acetate

PVAL. See Polyvinyl alcohol **PVAL**, hydrolyzed. See Polyvinyl alcohol

PVB. See Polyvinyl butyral

PVC. See Polyvinyl chloride

PVCA. See Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer

PVC/VA copolymer. See Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer

PVDC. See Polyvinylidene chloride PVDF. See Polyvinylidene fluoride resin PVF. See Polyvinyl formal PVFM. See Polyvinyl formal PVM/MA. See PVM/MA copolymer

PVM/MA copolymer

CAS 9011-16-9; 52229-50-2

Synonyms: PVM/MA; 2,5-Furandione, polymer with methoxyethene; 2,5-Furandione, polymer with methoxyethylene; Methyl vinyl ether/maleic anhydride copolymer; Poly (maleic anhydride-methyl vinyl ether); Poly (methyl vinyl ether-alt-maleic anhydride); Poly(methyl vinyl ether/maleic anhydride); Polyvinyl methyl ether-maleic anhydride

Definition: Copolymer of methyl vinyl ether and maleic anhydride

Empirical: $(C_4H_2O_3 \cdot C_3H_6O)_x$

Formula: [-CH₂CHOCH₃CHCOOCOCH-]_n

Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. in water, oxygenated solvs.; m.w. 20,000-67,000; anionic

Toxicology: Toxic; cancer suspect agent; TSCA listed

Uses: Dispersant, coupling, stabilizer, thickener, emulsifier, solubilizer, corrosion inhibitor, film-former, antistat used in agric., paper and textile industries, chemical processing, industrial products, detergents, cosmetics, emulsion polymerization; binder, emulsion stabilizer, oral care agent in cosmetics; protective colloid; sequestrant for demineralization (water treatment); pharmaceuticals (dispersant, coupling agent, stabilizer, thickener; film-former in spray bandages; bioadhesives; complexing agent for sustained-release iron preps.; dentifices)

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Sigma

PVOH. See Polyvinyl alcohol

PVP

CAS 9003-39-8

Synonyms: PVPP; 1-Ethenyl-2-pyrrolidinone homopolymer; 1-Ethenyl-2pyrrolidinone polymers; Poly[1-(2-oxo-1-pyrrolidinyl) ethylene]; Polyvidone; Polyvidonum; Poly (n-vinylbutyrolactam); Poly (1-vinyl-2pyrrolidinone) homopolymer; Polyvinylpyrrolidone; Povidone; N-Vinylbutyrolactam polymer; Vinyl pyrrolidone homopolymer; 1-Vinyl-2pyrrolidinone polymer; N-Vinylpyrrolidone polymer

Classification: Synthetic linear polymer

Definition: Polymer of 1-vinyl-2-pyrrolidone monomers

Empirical: (C₆H₉NO)_x

- Properties: Wh. to It. yel. amorphous powd., odorless; sol. in water, chlorinated hydrocarbons, alcohol, chloroform, amines, nitroparaffins, lower m.w. fatty acids, org. solvs.; m.w. ≈ 10,000, ≈ 24,000, ≈ 40,000 (food use), ≈ 160,000, ≈ 360,000 (beer); dens. 1.23-1.29; pH 3.0-7.0 (5% aq.)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 100 g/kg, (IP, mouse) 12 g/kg; mildly toxic by IP and IV routes; potent histamine-releasing agent in animals; questionable carcinogen; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic; store @ R.T.

- Uses: Film-former, thickener, protective colloid, suspending agent, and dispersant for cosmetics, tech. applics., paints; in adhesives; in detergents; cast films; detoxification; photography; dye stripping; textiles; hair fixative, antistat, binder, emulsion stabilizer in cosmetics; water/waste treatment; clarifying agent for beer, wine, vinegar; food stabilizer, bodying agent, dispersant, color diluent; drug vehicle and retardant; tablet binder, pharmaceutical excipient; artificial tear prods.; transdermal patches; blood plasma expander; in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard
- Use Level: Limitation 10 ppm residual (beer), 40 ppm residual (vinegar), 60 ppm residual (wine); ADI 0-25 mg/kg (JECFA); 3-5%; 0.03-0.9% (inject-able drug prods.); 1-50 mg (oral dosage forms)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 73.1001, 172.210, 173.50, 173.55, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210; BATF 27CFR §240.1051; FDA approved for parenterals, intramuscular injectables, orals, topicals; USP/ NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BASF; CarboMer; Fluka; Great Western; Hickson Danchem; ISP; Jarchem Ind.; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Research Organics; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tri-K Ind.

Trade Names: Luviskol® K12; Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol®

K60; Luviskol® K80; Luviskol® K90; Peregal® ST; PVP K-15; PVP K-15 Sol'n.; PVP K-30; PVP K-60 Sol'n.; PVP K-90; PVP K-90 Sol'n.; PVP K-120

PVP/acrylic acid copolymer

Synonyms: Vinylpyrrolidone/acrylic acid copolymer

Uses: {Surface-act. anti-soil redeposition agent in laundry detergents; stabilizer for colloidal disps.

Trade Names: Acrylidone® Resins

PVPP. See PVP

PVP/styrene copolymer. See Styrene/PVP copolymer

1H-Pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid, 4,5-dihydro-5-oxo-1-(4-sulfophenyl)-4-[(4-sulfophenyl) azo]-, trisodium salt. See Tartrazine

Pyrethrin I

CAS 121-21-1; EINECS/ELINCS 204-455-8; UN No. 2902

Synonyms: Chrysanthemum monocarboxylic acid pyrethrolone ester; Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methylpropenyl)-, ester with 4-hydroxy-3-methyl-2-(2,4-pentadienyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-one; Pyrethrolone, chrysanthemum monocarboxylic acid ester; (+)-Pyrethronyl (+)-trans-chrysanthemate

Classification: Pyrethrins (natural)

Empirical: C21H28O3

- Properties: Visc. Iiq. or oil; pract. insol. in water; sol. in ethyl alcohol, petroleum ether, kerosene, carbon tetrachloride, ethylene dichloride, nitromethane; m.w. 328.45; b.p. 146-150 C (0.0005 mm Hg)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 260 mg/kg; LDLo (IV, rat) 5 mg/kg; may cause some degree of eye irritation; may cause somnolence, tremor, convulsions, ataxia, acute pulmonary edema; ing. of large amts. may cause nausea, vomiting, convulsions, other CNS effects

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp. emits CO, CO₂

Storage: Protect from air and light

Uses: Research on pyrethroid insecticides; ingred. in insecticides; treatment of paper bags for shipping cereals, etc.

Pyrethrolone, chrysanthemum monocarboxylic acid ester. See Pyrethrin I (+)-Pyrethronyl (+)-trans-chrysanthemate. See Pyrethrin I

Pyroacetic acid. See Acetone

Pyroacetic ether. See Acetone

Pyrocatechin. See Pyrocatechol

Pyrocatechinic acid. See Pyrocatechol

Pyrocatechol

- CAS 120-80-9; EINECS/ELINCS 204-427-5
- Synonyms: O-Benzenediol; 1,2-Benzenediol; Catechol; Cl 76500; 1,2-Dihydroxybenzene; o-Dihydroxybenzene; o-Dioxybenzene; o-Diphenol; o-Hydroquinone; o-Hydroxyphenol; 2-Hydroxyphenol; Oxyphenic acid; o-Phenylenediol; Pyrocatechin; Pyrocatechinic acid; Pyrocatechuic acid *Classification*: Phenol

Empirical: C₆H₆O₂

Formula: C₆H₄(OH)₂

- Properties: Colorless monocl. leaflets; discolored by It. and air; sol. in water, oxygenated solvs., chloroform, alcohol, benzene, ether; m.w. 110.11; dens. 1.371 (15 C); vapor pressure 10 mm (118.3 C); m.p. 105 C; b.p. 240 C; flash pt. (CC) 261 F
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 260 mg/kg, (subcut., mouse) 247 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 800 mg/kg; toxic; poison by ing., subcut., IP, IV, parental routes; mod. toxic by skin contact; corrosive; skin irritant; allergen; readily absorbed thru skin; tumorigen; experimental reproductive effects; human mutagenic data; target organs: liver, kidneys, nerves; TSCA listed

Precaution: Oxygen-sensitive; combustible exposed to heat or flame; can react vigorously with oxidizers; hypergolic reaction with conc. nitric acid

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Storage: Light- and air-sensitive; store under nitrogen

Uses: Reagent; synthesis of rubber chems., resins, antioxidants, adhesives, insecticides; electroplating; flavors and fragrances, pharmaceuticals; fax papers; dyes; photographic chems.; fur/leather dyeing reagent; antiseptic; specialty inks; antioxidant for perfumes, essential oils

Regulatory: BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Coalite Chems.; Fluka; Int'l. Fiber; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods. Pyrocatechuic acid. See Pyrocatechol

Pyrocellulose. See Cellulose

Pyrodextrin. See Dextrin

Pyrogentistic acid. See Hydroquinone L-Pyroglutamic acid. See PCA

Pyroligneus acid. See Acetic acid

Pyrophyllite. See Aluminum silicate

Pyrosulfurous acid disodium salt. See Sodium metabisulfite

Pyroxylic spirit. See Methyl alcohol

Pyroxylin. See Nitrocellulose

Pyroxylin plastic. See Nitrocellulose

Pyroxylin rods. See Nitrocellulose

2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-ethenyl-, polymer with ethenylbenzene. See Styrene/ PVP copolymer

2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-vinyl-, polymer with styrene. See Styrene/PVP copolymer

Pyrrolidonecarboxylic acid. See PCA

2-Pyrrolidone-5-carboxylic acid. See PCA

Quassia

Synonyms: Bitter ash; Bitter wood

- *Definition:* Wood of *Picrasma excelsa* or *Quassia amara*, contg. bitter principle quassin
- *Properties:* Ylsh-wh. to bright yel. chips or fibrous coarse grains, sl. odor, very bitter taste

Uses: Natural flavoring in foods and pharmaceuticals; bitter; tonic; medicine (anthelmintic); extract as fly poison on flypaper; surrogate for hops; hair lotion; alcohol denaturant

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.510; Japan approved

Quaternary ammonium compds., benzyl-C8-18-alkyldimethyl, chlorides. See Benzalkonium chloride

- Quaternary ammonium compds., benzylcoco alkyldimethyl, chlorides. See Cocoalkonium chloride
- Quaternary ammonium compds., bis (hydrogenated tallow alkyl) dimethyl chlorides. See Quaternium-18
- Quaternary ammonium compds., carboxymethyl (coco alkyl) dimethyl hydroxides, inner salts. See Coco-betaine

Quaternary ammonium compds., coco alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Cocotrimonium chloride

Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride

Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride

Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride

Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride

Quaternium-15

CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0

Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Methenamine 3-chloroallylochloride

Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt

Empirical: C₉H₁₆CIN₄ • Cl

Formula: C₆H₁₂N₄(CH₂CHCHCI)CI

Properties: Cationic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Formaldehyde-releasing antimicrobial preservative for adhesives, latex emulsions, paints, cutting fluids, topical pharmaceuticals; preservative in cosmetics, food-pkg. adhesives, food-contact PU resins; preservative for pigment slurries and latexes used as pigment binders in food-contact paper/paperboard

Use Level: 0.02-03%; 0.02% (topicals)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1680; CIR approved; Europe listed; Japan not approved; FDA approved for topicals Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma

Trade Names Containing: Dowicil[®] 75

Quaternium-18

CAS 61789-80-8; 68002-59-5; EINECS/ELINCS 263-090-2

Synonyms: Bis (hydrogenated tallowalkyl) dimethyl ammonium chloride; Dihydrogenated tallow dimethyl ammonium chloride; Dihydrogenated tallowdimonium chloride; Dimethyl di (hydrogenated tallow) ammonium chloride; Quaternary ammonium compds., bis (hydrogenated tallow alkyl) dimethyl chlorides

Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt

Formula: R(CH,)₂NR]'Cl⁻, R rep. hydrogenated tallow fatty radicals *Properties:* Cationic

- *Toxicology*: LD50 (oral, rat) > 9850 mg/kg; low toxicity by ing.; skin and eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NH₄ and Cl⁻
- Uses: Surfactant, fabric antistat, conditioner for household, industrial, textile, hair applics.; antistatic coating for cellulose acetate, polyacetal, PE, PP; surfactant, antistat in cosmetics
- Manuf./Distrib.: Ruger Trade Names: Querton 442; Querton 442-11; Querton 442-82; Querton 442E; Querton 442H

Trade Names Containing: Arquad® 2HT-75; Arquad® 2HT-75PG

Quaternium-32. See Isostearyl ethylimidonium ethosulfate

Quaternium-34. See Dicocodimonium chloride

Quaternium-39. See Polyquaternium-5

Quaternium-40. See Polyquaternium-6

Quaternium-41. See Polyquaternium-7

Quicklime. See Calcium oxide

Quinacridone. See Pigment violet 19

Quinacridone red. See Pigment violet 19

Quinacridone violet. See Pigment violet 19

Quino (2,3-b) acridine-7,14-dione, 5,12-dihydro-. See Pigment violet 19

Quinol. See Hydroquinone

Quinoline yellow. See Acid yellow 3

2-(2-Quinolyl)-1,3-indandione disulfonic acid disodium salt. See Acid yellow 3

R 141b. See Dichlorofluoroethane

Radiant yellow. See Pigment yellow 14

Raney alloy. See Nickel

Raney nickel. See Nickel

Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil

CAS 8002-13-9; 120962-03-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-299-0 Synonyms: Brassica campestris oil; Brassica oleifera; Canola oil (low erucic acid rapeseed oil); Colza oil; Rapeseed oil; Rapeseed oil, blown Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of *Brassica campestris*

Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752

Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions

Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Uses: Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films; emollient in cosmetics; edible oil for salad dressings, margarine; pharmaceutical excipient; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 184.1555; Japan approved (extract); FDA approved for orals; BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; Actrachem; Alfa Aesar; Alnor Oil; Anar; Arista Ind.; BFGoodrich/Textile; Degen; Industrial Oil Prods.; Jarchem Ind.; Lambent Tech.; Penta Mfg.; Sea-Land; Stevenson Cooper; Vliengenthart BV; Welch, Holme & Clark; Werner G. Smith

Rapeseed oil. See Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil Rapeseed oil, blown. See Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil

Rapeseed oil triglycerides

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Raw linseed oil. See Linseed (Linum usitatissimum) oil Rayon. See Cellophane Rayon flock. See Cellophane Red 106. See Acid red 52 Red haematite. See Iron oxide red Red iron oxide. See Ferric oxide; Iron oxide red Red iron trioxide. See Ferric oxide Copyrighted Materials Copyright © 2001; 2013 Synapse Information Resources, Inc. Retrieved from www.knovel.com

Pyrocatechuic acid. See Pyrocatechol	dimethyl chlorides
Pyrocellulose. See Cellulose	Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt
Pyrodextrin. See Dextrin	Formula: R(CH ₃) ₂ NR] ⁺ Cl ⁻ , R rep. hydrogenated tallow fatty radicals
Pyrogentistic acid. See Hydroquinone	Properties: Cationic
L-Pyroglutamic acid. See PCA	<i>loxicology:</i> LD50 (oral, rat) > 9850 mg/kg; low toxicity by ing.; skin and eye
Pyroligneus acid. See Acetic acid	irritant; I SCA listed
Pyrophyllite. See Aluminum silicate	Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NH ₄
Pyrosullurous acid disodium sait. See Sodium metabisullite	and Cl Visco, Surfactant fabric antistat conditionar for boundable industrial toutile
Pyroxylic Spirit. See Methyl alconol Dyroxylin Soo Nitrocolluloco	Uses: Sunaciani, Tabric antistatic conditioner for nousenoid, industrial, textile,
Durovulin plastic Saa Nitrocolluloso	surfactant antistatic cosmotics
Pyroxylin rods See Nitrocellulose	Manuf /Distrih · Ruger
2-Pyrrolidinone 1-ethenyl- polymer with ethenylbenzene See Styrene/	Trade Names: Ouerton 442: Ouerton 442-11: Ouerton 442-82: Ouerton 442F
PVP copolymer	Querton 442H
2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-vinyl-, polymer with styrene. See Styrene/PVP copoly-	Trade Names Containing: Arguad® 2HT-75; Arguad® 2HT-75PG
mer	Quatornium 22 Sociestoanul othylimidonium othosulfato
Pyrrolidonecarboxylic acid. See PCA	Quaternium-32. See Isosteal yi etityiiniuuni etitosuilate
2-Pyrrolidone-5-carboxylic acid. See PCA	Quaternium-34. See Dicocountonium chionae
Quassia	Quaternium-40 See Polyquaternium-6
Synonyms: Bitter ash: Bitter wood	Quaternium-41. See Polyquaternium-7
Definition: Wood of Picrasma excelsa or Quassia amara, contg. bitter prin-	Quicklime. See Calcium oxide
ciple quassin	Quinacridone. See Pigment violet 19
Properties: Ylsh-wh. to bright yel. chips or fibrous coarse grains, sl. odor,	Quinacridone red. See Pigment violet 19
very bitter taste	Quinacridone violet. See Pigment violet 19
Uses: Natural flavoring in foods and pharmaceuticals; bitter; tonic; medicine	Quino (2,3-b) acridine-7,14-dione, 5,12-dihydro See Pigment violet 19
(anthelmintic); extract as fly poison on flypaper; surrogate for hops; hair	Quinol. See Hydroquinone
lotion; alcohol denaturant	Quinoline yellow. See Acid yellow 3
Regulatory: FDA 21CFR \$172.510; Japan approved	2-(2-Quinoiyi)-1,3-indandione disulionic acid disodium sail. See Acid
Quaternary ammonium compds., benzyl-C8-18-alkyldimethyl, chlorides.	P1/1h See Dichlorofluoroethane
See Benzalkonium chloride	Radiant vellow See Pigment vellow 14
Quaternary ammonium compds., benzylcoco alkyldimethyl, chlorides.	Ranev allov. See Nickel
See Cocoalkonium chloride	Raney nickel. See Nickel
Quaternary ammonium compds., bis (hydrogenated tallow alkyl) dimethyl	Democrad (Dreasies commentais) sil
Chiondes. See Qualemium-18 Quaternary ammonium compde carbonymothyl (coco alkyl) dimothyl	CAS 2002 12 0. 120042 02 0. EINECS/ELINCS 222 200 0
bydrovides inpersalts. SeeCoco bataino	CAS 0002-13-9, 120902-03-0, EINEUS/ELINUS 232-299-0 Supponyme: Brassica compositis oil: Brassica alaifara: Capala oil (low orugic
Quaternary ammonium compose coco alkul trimethyl chlorides See	acid rangesed oil): Colza oil: Paneseed oil: Paneseed oil: blown
Cocotrimonium chloride	add tabeseed oil, Coiza oil, Rapeseed oil, Rapeseed oil, Nowin
	Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See	Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous lig., vel. when refined, noxious odor: sol. in chloro-
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride	Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloro- form, ether, CS ₂ ; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride	Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloro- form, ether, CS ₂ ; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride	Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloro- form, ether, CS ₂ ; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720- 1.4752
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3: 51229-78-8: EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Svnonvms: N-(3-Chloroallvl) hexaminium chloride: Chlorallvl methenamine	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; guarching all blown allow coff coarse: toxilo finiching agent draine all for
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Meth-	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints: leather fat liquoring agent; lubricant wetting agent for continuous
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-15. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Methenamine 3-chloroallylochloride	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films: empllient in cosmetics: edible oil for salad dressings.
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Methenamine 3-chloroallylochloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films; emollient in cosmetics; edible oil for salad dressings, margarine; pharmaceutical excipient: in food-oka, adhesives; defoamer in food-con-
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Methenamine 3-chloroallylochloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt Empirical: C ₃ H ₁₄ CIN ₄ • Cl	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films; emollient in cosmetics; edible oil for salad dressings, margarine; pharmaceutical excipient; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact textiles
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Methenamine 3-chloroallylochloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt Empirical: C ₉ H ₁₀ CIN ₄ • Cl Formula: C ₄ H ₁₂ N ₄ (CH ₂ CHCHCI)CI	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films; emollient in cosmetics; edible oil for salad dressings, margarine; pharmaceutical excipient; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 184.1555;
 Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15 CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Meth- enamine 3-chloroallylochloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt Empirical: C₉H₁₀CIN₄ • Cl Formula: C₆H₁₂N₄(CH₂CHCHCI)Cl Properties: Cationic 	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films; emollient in cosmetics; edible oil for salad dressings, margarine; pharmaceutical excipient; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 184.1555; Japan approved (extract); FDA approved for orals; BP compliance
 Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15 CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Meth- enamine 3-chloroallylochloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt Empirical: C₉H₁₀CIN₄ • Cl Formula: C₄H₁₂N₄(CH₂CHCHCI)Cl Properties: Cationic Toxicology: TSCA listed Ulcos: Formaldobudo releasing antimiscobial preservative for adhesives. In 	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films; emollient in cosmetics; edible oil for salad dressings, margarine; pharmaceutical excipient; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 184.1555; Japan approved (extract); FDA approved for orals; BP compliance Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; Actrachem; Alfa Aesar; Alnor Oil; Anar; Arista Ind.;
 Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15 CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Meth- enamine 3-chloroallyl)chloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt Empirical: C₉H₁₀CIN₄ • Cl Formula: C₆H₁₂N₄(CH₂CHCHCI)Cl Properties: Cationic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Formaldehyde-releasing antimicrobial preservative for adhesives, la- tox omiticans. 	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films; emollient in cosmetics; edible oil for salad dressings, margarine; pharmaceutical excipient; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 184.1555; Japan approved (extract); FDA approved for orals; BP compliance Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; Actrachem; Alfa Aesar; Alnor Oil; Anar; Arista Ind.; BFGoodrich/Textile; Degen; Industrial Oil Prods.; Jarchem Ind.; Lambent
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 Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-15. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl) as, 5, 7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Meth- enamine 3-chloroallyl)-3, 5, 7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Meth- enamine 3-chloroallylochloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt Empirical: C₉H₁₆CIN₄ • Cl Formula: C₆H₁₂N₄(CH₂CHCHCI)Cl Properties: Cationic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Formaldehyde-releasing antimicrobial preservative for adhesives, la- tex emulsions, paints, cutting fluids, topical pharmaceuticals; preservative in cosmetics, food-pkg. adhesives, food-contact PU resins; preservative for pigment slurries and latexes used as pigment binders in food-contact paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.02-03%; 0.02% (topicals) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1680; CIR approved; Europe listed; Japan not approved; FDA approved for topicals 	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloro- form, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720- 1.4752 <i>Toxicology:</i> Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions <i>Precaution:</i> Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 <i>Uses:</i> Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films; emollient in cosmetics; edible oil for salad dressings, margarine; pharmaceutical excipient; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-con- tact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact textiles <i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 184.1555; Japan approved (extract); FDA approved for orals; BP compliance <i>Manuf./Distrib.:</i> ABITEC; Actrachem; Alfa Aesar; Alnor Oil; Anar; Arista Ind.; BFGoodrich/Textile; Degen; Industrial Oil Prods.; Jarchem Ind.; Lambent Tech.; Penta Mfg.; Sea-Land; Stevenson Cooper; Vliengenthart BV; Welch, Holme & Clark; Werner G. Smith Rapeseed oil. <i>See</i> Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil Rapeseed oil triglycerides Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard <i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §176.210
 Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-15. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Meth- enamine 3-chloroallylochloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt Empirical: C₉H₁₆CIN₄ • Cl Formula: C₆H₁₂N₄(CH₂CHCHCI)Cl Properties: Cationic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Formaldehyde-releasing antimicrobial preservative for adhesives, la- tex emulsions, paints, cutting fluids, topical pharmaceuticals; preservative in cosmetics, food-pkg. adhesives, food-contact PU resins; preservative for pigment slurries and latexes used as pigment binders in food-contact paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.02-03%; 0.02% (topicals) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1680; CIR approved; Europe listed; Japan not approved; FDA approved for topicals Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma Trade Names Containing: Dowicil® 75 	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 <i>Toxicology:</i> Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions <i>Precaution:</i> Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 <i>Uses:</i> Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films; emollient in cosmetics; edible oil for salad dressings, margarine; pharmaceutical excipient; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact textiles <i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 184.1555; Japan approved (extract); FDA approved for orals; BP compliance <i>Manuf./Distrib.:</i> ABITEC; Actrachem; Alfa Aesar; Alnor Oil; Anar; Arista Ind.; BFGoodrich/Textile; Degen; Industrial Oil Prods.; Jarchem Ind.; Lambent Tech.; Penta Mfg.; Sea-Land; Stevenson Cooper; Vliengenthart BV; Welch, Holme & Clark; Werner G. Smith Rapeseed oil. See Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil Rapeseed oil triglycerides <i>Uses:</i> Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard <i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §176.210
 Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-15. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Meth- enamine 3-chloroallylochloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt <i>Empirical:</i> C₉H₁₆CIN₄ • Cl Formula: C₄H₁₂N₄(CH₂CHCHCI)Cl Properties: Cationic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Formaldehyde-releasing antimicrobial preservative for adhesives, la- tex emulsions, paints, cutting fluids, topical pharmaceuticals; preservative in cosmetics, food-pkg. adhesives, food-contact PU resins; preservative for pigment slurries and latexes used as pigment binders in food-contact paper/paperboard Use Levei: 0.02-03%; 0.02% (topicals) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1680; CIR approved; Europe listed; Japan not approved; FDA approved for topicals Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma Trade Names Containing: Dowicil® 75 	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 <i>Toxicology:</i> Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions <i>Precaution:</i> Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 <i>Uses:</i> Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films; emollient in cosmetics; edible oil for salad dressings, margarine; pharmaceutical excipient; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact textiles <i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 184.1555; Japan approved (extract); FDA approved for orals; BP compliance <i>Manuf</i>./Distrib.: ABITEC; Actrachem; Alfa Aesar; Alnor Oil; Anar; Arista Ind.; BFGoodrich/Textile; Degen; Industrial Oil Prods.; Jarchem Ind.; Lambent Tech.; Penta Mfg.; Sea-Land; Stevenson Cooper; Vliengenthart BV; Welch, Holme & Clark; Werner G. Smith Rapeseed oil. See Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil Rapeseed oil triglycerides <i>Uses</i>: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard <i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §176.210 Raw linseed oil. See Linseed (Linum usitatissimum) oil
 Ouaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-15. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Meth- enamine 3-chloroallylochloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt <i>Empirical:</i> C₉H₁₆CIN₄ • Cl Formula: C₉H₁₀CIN₄ • Cl Formula: C₄H₁₂N₄(CH₂CHCHCI)Cl Properties: Cationic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Formaldehyde-releasing antimicrobial preservative for adhesives, la- tex emulsions, paints, cutting fluids, topical pharmaceuticals; preservative in cosmetics, food-pkg. adhesives, food-contact PU resins; preservative for pigment slurries and latexes used as pigment binders in food-contact paper/paperboard Use Levei: 0.02-03%; 0.02% (topicals) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1680; CIR approved; Europe listed; Japan not approved; FDA approved for topicals Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma Trade Names Containing: Dowicil® 75 Quaternium-18 CAS 61789 80.8: 68002 59.5: EINECS/EU INCS 262.000.2 	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 <i>Toxicology:</i> Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions <i>Precaution:</i> Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 <i>Uses:</i> Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films; emollient in cosmetics; edible oil for salad dressings, margarine; pharmaceutical excipient; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact textiles <i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 184.1555; Japan approved (extract); FDA approved for orals; BP compliance <i>Manuf</i>./Distrib.: ABITEC; Actrachem; Alfa Aesar; Alnor Oil; Anar; Arista Ind.; BFGoodrich/Textile; Degen; Industrial Oil Prods.; Jarchem Ind.; Lambent Tech.; Penta Mfg; Sea-Land; Stevenson Cooper; Vliengenthart BV; Welch, Holme & Clark; Werner G. Smith Rapeseed oil. See Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil Rapeseed oil. See Linseed (Brassica campestris) oil Rapeseed oil. See Linseed (Linum usitatissimum) oil Rayon. See Cellophane

Synonyms: Bis (hydrogenated tallowalkyl) dimethyl ammonium chloride; Dihydrogenated tallow dimethyl ammonium chloride; Dihydrogenated tallowdimonium chloride; Dimethyl di (hydrogenated tallow) ammonium chloride; Quaternary ammonium compds., bis (hydrogenated tallow alkyl)

Red 106. See Acid red 52

Red haematite. See Iron oxide red

Red iron trioxide. See Ferric oxide

Red iron oxide. See Ferric oxide; Iron oxide red

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Pyrocatechuic acid. See Pyrocatechol	dimethyl chlorides
Pyrocellulose. See Cellulose	Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt
Pyrodextrin. See Dextrin	Formula: R(CH ₃) ₂ NR] ⁺ Cl ⁻ , R rep. hydrogenated tallow fatty radicals
Pyrogentistic acid. See Hydroquinone	Properties: Cationic
L-Pyroglutamic acid. See PCA	<i>loxicology:</i> LD50 (oral, rat) > 9850 mg/kg; low toxicity by ing.; skin and eye
Pyroligneus acid. See Acetic acid	irritant; I SCA listed
Pyrophyllite. See Aluminum silicate	Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NH ₄
Pyrosullurous acid disodium sait. See Sodium metabisullite	and Cl Visco, Surfactant fabric antistat conditionar for boundable industrial toutile
Pyroxylic Spirit. See Methyl alconol Dyroxylin Soo Nitrocolluloco	Uses: Sunaciani, Tabric antistatic conditioner for nousenoid, industrial, textile,
Durovulin plastic Saa Nitrocolluloso	surfactant antistatic cosmotics
Pyroxylin rods See Nitrocellulose	Manuf /Distrih · Ruger
2-Pyrrolidinone 1-ethenyl- polymer with ethenylbenzene See Styrene/	Trade Names: Ouerton 442: Ouerton 442-11: Ouerton 442-82: Ouerton 442F
PVP copolymer	Querton 442H
2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-vinyl-, polymer with styrene. See Styrene/PVP copoly-	Trade Names Containing: Arguad® 2HT-75; Arguad® 2HT-75PG
mer	Quatornium 22 Sociestoanul othylimidonium othosulfato
Pyrrolidonecarboxylic acid. See PCA	Quaternium-32. See Isosteal yi etityiiniuuni etitosuilate
2-Pyrrolidone-5-carboxylic acid. See PCA	Quaternium-34. See Dicocountonium chionae
Quassia	Quaternium-40 See Polyquaternium-6
Synonyms: Bitter ash: Bitter wood	Quaternium-41. See Polyquaternium-7
Definition: Wood of Picrasma excelsa or Quassia amara, contg. bitter prin-	Quicklime. See Calcium oxide
ciple quassin	Quinacridone. See Pigment violet 19
Properties: Ylsh-wh. to bright yel. chips or fibrous coarse grains, sl. odor,	Quinacridone red. See Pigment violet 19
very bitter taste	Quinacridone violet. See Pigment violet 19
Uses: Natural flavoring in foods and pharmaceuticals; bitter; tonic; medicine	Quino (2,3-b) acridine-7,14-dione, 5,12-dihydro See Pigment violet 19
(anthelmintic); extract as fly poison on flypaper; surrogate for hops; hair	Quinol. See Hydroquinone
lotion; alcohol denaturant	Quinoline yellow. See Acid yellow 3
Regulatory: FDA 21CFR \$172.510; Japan approved	2-(2-Quinoiyi)-1,3-indandione disulionic acid disodium sail. See Acid
Quaternary ammonium compds., benzyl-C8-18-alkyldimethyl, chlorides.	P1/1h See Dichlorofluoroethane
See Benzalkonium chloride	Radiant vellow See Pigment vellow 14
Quaternary ammonium compds., benzylcoco alkyldimethyl, chlorides.	Ranev allov. See Nickel
See Cocoalkonium chloride	Raney nickel. See Nickel
Quaternary ammonium compds., bis (hydrogenated tallow alkyl) dimethyl	Democrad (Dreasies commentais) sil
Chiondes. See Qualemium-18 Quaternary ammonium compde carbonymothyl (coco alkyl) dimothyl	CAS 2002 12 0. 120042 02 0. EINECS/ELINCS 222 200 0
bydrovides inpersalts. SeeCoco bataino	CAS 0002-13-9, 120902-03-0, EINEUS/ELINUS 232-299-0 Supponyme: Brassica compositis oil: Brassica alaifara: Capala oil (low orugic
Quaternary ammonium compose coco alkul trimethyl chlorides See	acid rangesed oil): Colza oil: Paneseed oil: Paneseed oil: blown
Cocotrimonium chloride	add tabeseed oil, Coiza oil, Rapeseed oil, Rapeseed oil, Nowin
	Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See	Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous lig., vel. when refined, noxious odor: sol. in chloro-
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride	Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloro- form, ether, CS ₂ ; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride	Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloro- form, ether, CS ₂ ; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3: 51229-78-8: EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Svnonvms: N-(3-Chloroallvl) hexaminium chloride: Chlorallvl methenamine	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; guarching all blown allow coff coarse: toxilo finiching agent draina all for
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Meth-	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints: leather fat liquoring agent; lubricant wetting agent for continuous
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-15. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Methenamine 3-chloroallylochloride	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films: empllient in cosmetics: edible oil for salad dressings.
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Methenamine 3-chloroallylochloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films; emollient in cosmetics; edible oil for salad dressings, margarine; pharmaceutical excipient: in food-oka, adhesives; defoamer in food-con-
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Methenamine 3-chloroallylochloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt Empirical: C ₃ H ₁₄ CIN ₄ • Cl	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films; emollient in cosmetics; edible oil for salad dressings, margarine; pharmaceutical excipient; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact textiles
Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Methenamine 3-chloroallylochloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt Empirical: C ₉ H ₁₀ CIN ₄ • Cl Formula: C ₄ H ₁₂ N ₄ (CH ₂ CHCHCI)CI	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films; emollient in cosmetics; edible oil for salad dressings, margarine; pharmaceutical excipient; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 184.1555;
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 Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-5. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-10. See Steartrimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15 CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Meth- enamine 3-chloroallylochloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt Empirical: C₉H₁₀CIN₄ • Cl Formula: C₆H₁₂N₄(CH₂CHCHCI)Cl Properties: Cationic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Formaldehyde-releasing antimicrobial preservative for adhesives, la- tex emulsions, paints, cutting fluids, topical pharmaceuticals; preservative in cosmetics, food-pkg. adhesives, food-contact PU resins; preservative for pigment slurries and latexes used as pigment binders in food-contact paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.02-03%; 0.02% (topicals) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1680; CIR approved; 	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films; emollient in cosmetics; edible oil for salad dressings, margarine; pharmaceutical excipient; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 184.1555; Japan approved (extract); FDA approved for orals; BP compliance Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; Actrachem; Alfa Aesar; Alnor Oil; Anar; Arista Ind.; BFGoodrich/Textile; Degen; Industrial Oil Prods.; Jarchem Ind.; Lambent Tech.; Penta Mfg.; Sea-Land; Stevenson Cooper; Vliengenthart BV; Welch, Holme & Clark; Werner G. Smith Rapeseed oil. See Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil Rapeseed oil triplycarides
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 Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-15. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl) as, 5, 7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Meth- enamine 3-chloroallyl)-3, 5, 7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Meth- enamine 3-chloroallylochloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt Empirical: C₉H₁₆CIN₄ • Cl Formula: C₆H₁₂N₄(CH₂CHCHCI)Cl Properties: Cationic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Formaldehyde-releasing antimicrobial preservative for adhesives, la- tex emulsions, paints, cutting fluids, topical pharmaceuticals; preservative in cosmetics, food-pkg. adhesives, food-contact PU resins; preservative for pigment slurries and latexes used as pigment binders in food-contact paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.02-03%; 0.02% (topicals) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1680; CIR approved; Europe listed; Japan not approved; FDA approved for topicals 	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloro- form, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720- 1.4752 <i>Toxicology:</i> Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions <i>Precaution:</i> Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 <i>Uses:</i> Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films; emollient in cosmetics; edible oil for salad dressings, margarine; pharmaceutical excipient; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-con- tact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact textiles <i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 184.1555; Japan approved (extract); FDA approved for orals; BP compliance <i>Manuf./Distrib.:</i> ABITEC; Actrachem; Alfa Aesar; Alnor Oil; Anar; Arista Ind.; BFGoodrich/Textile; Degen; Industrial Oil Prods.; Jarchem Ind.; Lambent Tech.; Penta Mfg.; Sea-Land; Stevenson Cooper; Vliengenthart BV; Welch, Holme & Clark; Werner G. Smith Rapeseed oil. <i>See</i> Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil Rapeseed oil triglycerides Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard <i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §176.210
 Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-15. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Meth- enamine 3-chloroallylochloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt Empirical: C₉H₁₆CIN₄ • Cl Formula: C₆H₁₂N₄(CH₂CHCHCI)Cl Properties: Cationic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Formaldehyde-releasing antimicrobial preservative for adhesives, la- tex emulsions, paints, cutting fluids, topical pharmaceuticals; preservative in cosmetics, food-pkg. adhesives, food-contact PU resins; preservative for pigment slurries and latexes used as pigment binders in food-contact paper/paperboard Use Level: 0.02-03%; 0.02% (topicals) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1680; CIR approved; Europe listed; Japan not approved; FDA approved for topicals Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma Trade Names Containing: Dowicil® 75 	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 <i>Toxicology:</i> Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions <i>Precaution:</i> Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 <i>Uses:</i> Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films; emollient in cosmetics; edible oil for salad dressings, margarine; pharmaceutical excipient; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact textiles <i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 184.1555; Japan approved (extract); FDA approved for orals; BP compliance <i>Manuf./Distrib.:</i> ABITEC; Actrachem; Alfa Aesar; Alnor Oil; Anar; Arista Ind.; BFGoodrich/Textile; Degen; Industrial Oil Prods.; Jarchem Ind.; Lambent Tech.; Penta Mfg.; Sea-Land; Stevenson Cooper; Vliengenthart BV; Welch, Holme & Clark; Werner G. Smith Rapeseed oil. See Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil Rapeseed oil triglycerides <i>Uses:</i> Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard <i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §176.210
 Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-15. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Meth- enamine 3-chloroallylochloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt <i>Empirical:</i> C₉H₁₆CIN₄ • Cl Formula: C₄H₁₂N₄(CH₂CHCHCI)Cl Properties: Cationic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Formaldehyde-releasing antimicrobial preservative for adhesives, la- tex emulsions, paints, cutting fluids, topical pharmaceuticals; preservative in cosmetics, food-pkg. adhesives, food-contact PU resins; preservative for pigment slurries and latexes used as pigment binders in food-contact paper/paperboard Use Levei: 0.02-03%; 0.02% (topicals) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1680; CIR approved; Europe listed; Japan not approved; FDA approved for topicals Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma Trade Names Containing: Dowicil® 75 	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 Toxicology: Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions Precaution: Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Uses: Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films; emollient in cosmetics; edible oil for salad dressings, margarine; pharmaceutical excipient; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 184.1555; Japan approved (extract); FDA approved for orals; BP compliance Manuf /Distrib.: ABITEC; Actrachem; Alfa Aesar; Alnor Oil; Anar; Arista Ind.; BFGoodrich/Textile; Degen; Industrial Oil Prods.; Jarchem Ind.; Lambent Tech.; Penta Mfg.; Sea-Land; Stevenson Cooper; Vliengenthart BV; Welch, Holme & Clark; Werner G. Smith Rapeseed oil. See Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil Rapeseed oil. See Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil Rapeseed oil triglycerides Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 Raw linseed oil. See Linseed (Linum usitatissimum) oil
 Ouaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides. See Tallowtrimonium chloride Quaternium-15. See Distearyldimonium chloride Quaternium-12. See Didecyldimonium chloride Quaternium-15. CAS 4080-31-3; 51229-78-8; EINECS/ELINCS 223-805-0 Synonyms: N-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl) hexaminium chloride; Chlorallyl methenamine chloride; 1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-azoniaadamantane chloride; Meth- enamine 3-chloroallylochloride Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt <i>Empirical:</i> C₉H₁₆CIN₄ • Cl Formula: C₉H₁₀CIN₄ • Cl Formula: C₄H₁₂N₄(CH₂CHCHCI)Cl Properties: Cationic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Formaldehyde-releasing antimicrobial preservative for adhesives, la- tex emulsions, paints, cutting fluids, topical pharmaceuticals; preservative in cosmetics, food-pkg. adhesives, food-contact PU resins; preservative for pigment slurries and latexes used as pigment binders in food-contact paper/paperboard Use Levei: 0.02-03%; 0.02% (topicals) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1680; CIR approved; Europe listed; Japan not approved; FDA approved for topicals Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma Trade Names Containing: Dowicil® 75 Quaternium-18 CAS 61789 80.8: 68002 59.5: EINECS/EU INCS 262.000.2 	 Definition: Vegetable oil expressed from seeds of Brassica campestris Properties: Brn. viscous liq., yel. when refined, noxious odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, CS₂; dens. 0.913-0.916; m.p. 17-22 C; solidifies at 0 C; iodine no. 97-105; sapon. no. 170-177 C; flash pt. 162 C; ref. index 1.4720-1.4752 <i>Toxicology:</i> Toxic; allergic potential; can cause acne-like skin eruptions <i>Precaution:</i> Subject to spontaneous heating NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 <i>Uses:</i> Lubricant and slip agent for plastics, polymers, rubber, metal lubricants; quenching oil; blown oils; soft soaps; textile finishing agent; drying oil for paints; leather fat-liquoring agent; lubricant, wetting agent for continuous films; emollient in cosmetics; edible oil for salad dressings, margarine; pharmaceutical excipient; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact textiles <i>Regulatory:</i> FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2800, 184.1555; Japan approved (extract); FDA approved for orals; BP compliance <i>Manuf</i>./Distrib.: ABITEC; Actrachem; Alfa Aesar; Alnor Oil; Anar; Arista Ind.; BFGoodrich/Textile; Degen; Industrial Oil Prods.; Jarchem Ind.; Lambent Tech.; Penta Mfg; Sea-Land; Stevenson Cooper; Vliengenthart BV; Welch, Holme & Clark; Werner G. Smith Rapeseed oil. See Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil Rapeseed oil. See Linseed (Brassica campestris) oil Rapeseed oil. See Linseed (Linum usitatissimum) oil Rayon. See Cellophane

Synonyms: Bis (hydrogenated tallowalkyl) dimethyl ammonium chloride; Dihydrogenated tallow dimethyl ammonium chloride; Dihydrogenated tallowdimonium chloride; Dimethyl di (hydrogenated tallow) ammonium chloride; Quaternary ammonium compds., bis (hydrogenated tallow alkyl)

Red 106. See Acid red 52

Red haematite. See Iron oxide red

Red iron trioxide. See Ferric oxide

Red iron oxide. See Ferric oxide; Iron oxide red

Red No. 506. See Acid red 88 Red oil. See Oleic acid; Sulfated castor oil Red oil, sulfated. See Sulfated oleic acid Red oxide. See Iron oxide red Red prussiate of potash. See Potassium ferricyanide Refined petroleum wax. See Petroleum wax Refined solvent naphtha. See VM&P naphtha Regenerated cellulose. See Cellophane Resin. See Rosin Resin acids and rosin acids, esters with pentaerythritol. See Pentaerythritvl rosinate Resin acids and rosin acids, hydrogenated, methyl esters. See Methyl hydrogenated rosinate Resin acids and rosin acids, methyl esters. See Methyl rosinate Resin acid, zinc salt. See Zinc rosinate Resins, Manila elemi. See Elemi gum Resole. See Phenolic resin Resole resin. See Phenolic resin Resol resin. See Phenolic resin Rhodamine 6G. See Basic red 1 Rhodamine B. See Basic violet 10 Rhodamine, tetraethyl-. See Basic violet 10 Rhodanide. See Potassium thiocyanate Rhus succedanea. See Japan (Rhus succedanea) wax Rhus succedanea wax. See Japan (Rhus succedanea) wax Rice bran oil. See Rice (Oryza sativa) bran oil **Ricebran oil triglycerides**

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Rice bran wax, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated rice bran wax Rice oil. See Rice (Oryza sativa) bran oil

Rice (Oryza sativa) bran oil

CÁS 68553-81-1; 84696-37-7; EINECS/ELINCS 271-397-8 Synonyms: Oils, rice bran; Rice oil; Rice bran oil; Oryza sativa Definition: Oil expressed from rice bran, Oryza sativa

Properties: Golden yel. oil; misc. with hexane and other fat solvs.; negligible sol. in water; dens. 0.916-0.921; vapor pressure very low; cloud pt. < -7 C; acid no. < 2; iodine no. 92-115; sapon. no. 180-190; ref. index 1.470-1.473

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO2 from combustion

Uses: Soap raw material; hydrogenated shortening ingred.; edible oil; skin conditioner, solvent, emollient for cosmetics; pharmaceutical emollient, ointment solvent; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; for fiber finishing for resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Arista Ind.; Ashland; B&D Nutritional Ingreds.; Barnet Prods.; Chugai Boyeki Am.; Fabrichem; Freeman Ind.; Int'l. Sourcing; Maypro Ind.; Natural Oils Int'l.; Oilseeds Int'l.; Penta Mfg.; Pokonobe Ind.; Seltzer; Tri-K Ind.; Welch, Holme & Clark

Rice (Oryza sativa) starch

CAS 9005-25-8; 53112-52-0; 75138-75-9

Synonyms: Oryza sativa; Oryza sativa starch; Rice starch

Definition: Starch obtained from rice, *Oryza sativa*

Empirical: (C₆H₁₀O₅)_n

Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 6600 mg/kg; primary irritant; may cause mechanical irritation by blocking pores and putrefying; may cause allergic reaction; TSCA listed

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Uses: Demulcent and emollient forming a soothing and protective film in baby powds. and dusting powds.; binder for meat processing, dairy, chocolate, candy, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, paper industry; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 178.3520; BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Penta Mfg.; Rhodia HPCII; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.S. Synthetics

Rice starch. See Rice (Oryza sativa) starch; Starch Ricini oleum. See Castor (Ricinus communis) oil

Ricinus communis oil. See Castor (Ricinus communis) oil

Ricinus oil. See Castor (Ricinus communis) oil Road asphalt. See Asphalt Road tar. See Asphalt Rocceline. See Acid red 88 Roccelline. See Acid red 88 Rock salt. See Sodium chloride

Rosin

CAS 8050-09-7; 8052-10-6; EINECS/ELINCS 232-475-7

Synonyms: Colophane; Colophonium; Colophony; Disproportionated rosin; Gum rosin; Pine rosin; Resin; Rosin gum; Wood rosin; Yellow pine rosin; Yellow resin

Classification: Nonaromatic anhydride

Definition: Residue from distilling off the volatile oil from the oleoresin obtained from *Pinus palustris* and other species of *Pinaceae*

Empirical: C₂₀H₃₀O₂

- Properties: Pale yel. to amber translucent solid; sl. turpentine odor and taste; sol. in alcohol, benzene, ether, glacial acetic acid, oils, carbon disulfide; insol. in water; m.w. 302.46; dens. 1.07-1.09; soften. pt. (R&B) 78 C; m.p. 100-150 C; flash pt. 187 C; anionic
- Toxicology: May be harmful by inh., ing., or skin absorption; may cause eye/ skin irritation; may cause contact dermatitis; may cause sensitization by inh., skin contact; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store away from heat; keep tightly closed

- Uses: Mfg. of paint driers, printing inks, cements, soap, sealing wax, wood polishes, paper, plastics, fireworks; waterproofing paper, walls; paper sizing ingred.; tackifier for rubber, adhesives; in food-pkg. adhesives and pressure-sensitive adhesives; tung oil/rosin varnish ingred.; emulsifier for SBR polymerization; tackifier resin in adhesives, sealants; natural flavoring in foods; food coatings; masticatory substance in chewing gum; pharmaceutic aid, stiffening agent; film-former in cosmetics; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §73.1, 172.210, 172.510, 172.615, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3120, 178.3800, 178.3850, 178.3870; Japan approved; FDA approved for orals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Arakawa USA; Arizona; Browning; Chemcentral; Cytec Ind.; Dastech Int'l.; Dujodwala Resins & Terpenes; Fluka; Focus; Frutarom Meer; Georgia-Pacific Resins; Hercules BV; J.H. Calo; Natrochem; Pfaltz & Bauer; Punda Mercantile; Resinas Sintéticas; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stevenson Cooper; Technichem; Veitsiluoto Oy; Welch, Holme & Clark; Westvaco
- Trade Names: Acintol® R Type S; Arizona DR-22; DynaCoat[™] XA; DynaCoat[™] XC; Dynakoll; Malros[®]; NeuRoz[®] 426; NeuRoz[®] 540; NeuRoz[®] 700; NeuRoz[®] XC-7; Neutros[®]; Neutros[®] Extra; NovaFlo[®] 50; NovaFlo[®] HW; NovaPlus[®]; NovaPlus[®] HS; NovaSize, Dark Fortified; NovaSize, Dark Unfortified; NovaSize, Pale Fortified; NovaSperse[™]; Plasmine[®] N-750-P; Plasmine[®] PLH-50; Plasmine[®] PLH-55; Polystix[®] 90 Resin; Resin 731D; Roscol[®]; Sugum 300 NS; Sugum 300 WR; Sugum 500; Sugum 700; Super 50; Uni-Tac[®] 70; Westvaco[®] Rosin T
- Trade Names Containing: Aquacoll 30 CC; Aquacoll 30 PA; Aquacoll 300; Aquacoll 400; Aquacoll 433 S; Aquacoll P 231

Rosin acid, methyl ester. See Methyl rosinate

Rosin, glyceryl ester. See Glyceryl rosinate

Rosin gum. See Rosin

Rosin, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated rosin

Rosin, hýdrogenated, glycerol ester. See Glyceryl hydrogenated rosinate Rosin, lime-hardened. See Calcium resinate

Rosin, maleated

Uses: Intermediate for rosin derivs., printing ink binders; tackifier resin in sealants and mastics; mfg. paper sizes; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, rubber articles, wood preservatives

Rosin, methyl ester. See Methyl rosinate Rosin pentaerythritol ester. See Pentaerythrityl rosinate

Rosin, polymerized

Definition: Various grades avail. depending on degree of polymerization

Properties: 'Dimerized' grades: soften. pt. 150-170 C; 'Polymerized' grades: soften. pt. (R&B) 95 C

Uses: Binder for printing inks, lacquers; mfg. of paints; tackifier for polyamide hot-melt adhesives; adhesion promoter; food-pkg. adhesives, pressuresensitive adhesives, paper, closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard

Manuf./Distrib.: Arizona; Chemcentral; Matteson-Ridolfi; S & S Chem.; T&R Chem.; U.S. Polymers

Trade Names: Sylvaros® R; Sylvatac® 295; Sylvatac® R85; Sylvatac® RX

Rosin soap. See Sodium abietate; Sodium rosinate Rubber. See Natural rubber

Rubber, chlorinated

CAS 9006-03-5

Synonyms: Chlorinated rubber

Classification: Elastomer

Definition: Rubber deriv. mfg. by passing chlorine into sol'n. of rubber in chloroform, CCI₄, etc.; characterized by good film-forming and elec./ thermal insulation props.; good resist. to acids, alkalis

Properties: Wh. amorphous powd.; sol. in aromatic and chlorinated solvs.; insol. in aliphatics and alcohol; dec. @ 125 C; nonflamm.

Toxicology: Nontoxic

Precaution: Violent reactions @ 216 C if dry-milled with zinc oxide

Uses: Film-former for printing inks, overprint varnishes, maintenance paints (marine, swimming pool, traffic, masonry); fire-resist. textile coatings; heat-seal coatings; syn. rubber adhesives; binder in printing inks, paper coatings, and in anticorrosion, chem.- and fire-resist., swimming pool, marine, road-marking, and concrete paints; in food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.125, 175.300

Manuf./Distrib.: Am. Tartaric Prods.; Bayer; Chemcentral; Darwin; Eastech; Mitsubishi Int'l./Plastics; NeoResins; Revelli; Rit-Chem; Seegott; Service Chem.; Tartaric Chems.; Van Waters & Rogers

Rubber dust. See Natural rubber

Rubber hydrochloride

CAS 9006-00-2

Synonyms: Pliofilm; Rubber hydrochloride polymer

Definition: A hydrochloride deriv.; chlorine content 29-30.5%

Empirical: (C₃H₅CI)_n

- Properties: Thermoplastic, wh. powd. or clear film; odorless; tasteless; sol. in aromatic hydrocarbons; softens @ 110-120 C; films are highly resist. to moisture, oils, acids, and alkalis; nonflamm.
- Toxicology: TDLo (implant, rat) 18 mg/kg; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Cl⁻ Uses: Mfg. of paper/paperboard for food contact; in pressure-sensitive food pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.125, 175.300, 181.30

Rubber hydrochloride polymer. See Rubber hydrochloride

Rubber, natural. See Natural rubber

SAA. See Styrene/acrylic acid copolymer

Safflower (Carthamus tinctorius) oil

CAS 8001-23-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-276-5

- Synonyms: Carthamus tinctorius; Carthanus tinctorious oil; Safflower oil; Safflower oil (unhydrogenated)
- Definition: Oily liq. obtained from seeds of Carthanus tinctorius consisting principally of triglycerides of linoleic acid
- Properties: Lt. yel. oily liq.; sl. veg. odor; sol. in oil and fat solvs.; misc. with ether, chloroform; insol. in water; dens. 0.9211-0.9215 (25/25 C); iodine no. 135-150; sapon. no. 188-194; ref. index 1.472-1.475
- Toxicology: Human skin and eye irritant; ing. in large volumes produces vomiting; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO_2 from combustion; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Light-sensitive; becomes rancid on exposure to air

- Uses: Drying oil for paints, varnishes, alkyd resins; emollient in cosmetics; salad oil blends; margarine/shortening; food coatings; food emulsifier, texturizer, flavoring agent; medicine (laxative, diaphoretic); pharmaceutical emollient, vehicle, solvent; in food-pkg. adhesives; drying oil in foodcontact coatings; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, GRAS; Japan approved (safflower); USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; Alban Muller; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Alnor Oil; Arista Ind.; Biosil Tech.; Cascade; Charkit; Croda Inc; Int'l. Sourcing; Lambent Tech.; Lipo; Penta Mfg.; Protameen; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Thornley; Tri-K Ind.; Vliengenthart BV; Welch, Holme & Clark

Safflower oil. See Safflower (Carthamus tinctorius) oil

Safflower oil (unhydrogenated). See Safflower (Carthamus tinctorius) oil

Safranin A. See Basic red 2

Safranin Y. See Basic red 2

Sago starch. See Starch

Salicylic acid, bismuth basic salt. See Bismuth subsalicylate

SalicyIsulfonic acid. See 5-Sulfosalicylic acid

Saline. See Sodium chloride

Sal soda. See Sodium carbonate

Salt. See Sodium chloride

Salt cake. See Sodium sulfate

Salt of Mohr. See Ferrous ammonium sulfate

Sandarac. See Sandarac (Callitris quadrivalvis) gum

Sandarac (Callitris quadrivalvis) gum

- CAS 9000-57-1; ÉINECS/ELINČS 232-547-8
- Synonyms: Callitris quadrivalvis; Callitris quadrivalvis gum; Gum sandarac; Sandarac; Sandarac gum
- Definition: Exuded oleoresin from Callitris quadrivalvis, contg. approx. 80% pimaric acid, 10% callitrolic acid
- Properties: Yel. brittle amorphous lumps or powd.; turpentine-like fresh resinous odor; sol. in alcohol, acetone; insol. in benzene, aryl and aliphatic hydrocarbons, water; sp.gr. 1.05-1.09; m.p. 135-150 C; soften. pt. 100-130 C; iodine no. 112-141; sapon. no. 145-157; ref. index 1.545
- Uses: Binder in lacquers and paper/picture varnishes; emulsion stabilizer in cosmetics; natural flavoring agent in foods; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.510, 175.105, 175.300 *Manuf./Distrib.:* P.L. Thomas

Sandarac gum. See Sandarac (Callitris quadrivalvis) gum

Saran. See Polyvinylidene chloride

SAS. See Sodium alum

S/B. See Styrene/butadiene polymer

SBA. See 2-Butanol

SBH. See Sodium borohydride

SBR. See Styrene/butadiene polymer

Scarlet pigment RN. See Pigment red 3

SCMC. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium

SDBS. See Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate

SDDC. See Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate

SDS. See Sodium lauryl sulfate

Sea salt. See Sodium chloride

Seawater magnesia. See Magnesium oxide

Sebacic acid, dibutyl ester. See Dibutyl sebacate

Secondary ammonium phosphate. See Ammonium phosphate, dibasic

Secondary butyl alcohol. See 2-Butanol

Secondary cellulose acetate. See Cellulose acetate

Secondary propyl alcohol. See Isopropyl alcohol

Sericite. See Mica

Serpentine asbestos. See Asbestos

Sesame oil. See Sesame (Sesamum indicum) oil Sesame seed oil. See Sesame (Sesamum indicum) oil

Sesame (Sesamum indicum) oil

CAS 8008-74-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-370-6 Synonyms: Benne oil; Gingelli oil; Gingelly oil; Sesame oil; Sesame seed oil; Copyrighted Materials Copyright © 2001; 2013 Synapse Information Resources, Inc. Retrieved from www.knovel.com

Rosin, methyl ester. See Methyl rosinate Rosin pentaerythritol ester. See Pentaerythrityl rosinate

Rosin, polymerized

- Definition: Various grades avail. depending on degree of polymerization
- Properties: 'Dimerized' grades: soften. pt. 150-170 C; 'Polymerized' grades: soften. pt. (R&B) 95 C
- Uses: Binder for printing inks, lacquers; mfg. of paints; tackifier for polyamide hot-melt adhesives; adhesion promoter; food-pkg. adhesives, pressuresensitive adhesives, paper, closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Manuf./Distrib.: Arizona; Chemcentral; Matteson-Ridolfi; S & S Chem.; T&R Chem.; U.S. Polymers
- Trade Names: Sylvaros® R; Sylvatac® 295; Sylvatac® R85; Sylvatac® RX

Rosin soap. See Sodium abietate; Sodium rosinate Rubber. See Natural rubber

Rubber, chlorinated

CAS 9006-03-5

Synonyms: Chlorinated rubber

Classification: Elastomer

- Definition: Rubber deriv. mfg. by passing chlorine into sol'n. of rubber in chloroform, CCI₄, etc.; characterized by good film-forming and elec./ thermal insulation props.; good resist. to acids, alkalis
- Properties: Wh. amorphous powd.; sol. in aromatic and chlorinated solvs.; insol. in aliphatics and alcohol; dec. @ 125 C; nonflamm.

Toxicology: Nontoxic

Precaution: Violent reactions @ 216 C if dry-milled with zinc oxide

Uses: Film-former for printing inks, overprint varnishes, maintenance paints (marine, swimming pool, traffic, masonry); fire-resist. textile coatings; heat-seal coatings; syn. rubber adhesives; binder in printing inks, paper coatings, and in anticorrosion, chem.- and fire-resist., swimming pool, marine, road-marking, and concrete paints; in food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.125, 175.300

Manuf./Distrib.: Am. Tartaric Prods.; Bayer; Chemcentral; Darwin; Eastech; Mitsubishi Int'l./Plastics; NeoResins; Revelli; Rit-Chem; Seegott; Service Chem.; Tartaric Chems.; Van Waters & Rogers

Rubber dust. See Natural rubber

Rubber hydrochloride

CAS 9006-00-2

Synonyms: Pliofilm; Rubber hydrochloride polymer

Definition: A hydrochloride deriv.; chlorine content 29-30.5%

Empirical: (C₃H₅CI)_n

- Properties: Thermoplastic, wh. powd. or clear film; odorless; tasteless; sol. in aromatic hydrocarbons; softens @ 110-120 C; films are highly resist. to moisture, oils, acids, and alkalis; nonflamm.
- Toxicology: TDLo (implant, rat) 18 mg/kg; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of CF Uses: Mfg. of paper/paperboard for food contact; in pressure-sensitive food pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.125, 175.300, 181.30

Rubber hydrochloride polymer. See Rubber hydrochloride

Rubber, natural. See Natural rubber

SAA. See Styrene/acrylic acid copolymer

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- Definition: Oily liq. obtained from seeds of Carthanus tinctorius consisting principally of triglycerides of linoleic acid
- Properties: Lt. yel. oily liq.; sl. veg. odor; sol. in oil and fat solvs.; misc. with ether, chloroform; insol. in water; dens. 0.9211-0.9215 (25/25 C); iodine no. 135-150; sapon. no. 188-194; ref. index 1.472-1.475
- Toxicology: Human skin and eye irritant; ing. in large volumes produces vomiting; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO_2 from combustion; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Light-sensitive; becomes rancid on exposure to air

- Uses: Drying oil for paints, varnishes, alkyd resins; emollient in cosmetics; salad oil blends; margarine/shortening; food coatings; food emulsifier, texturizer, flavoring agent; medicine (laxative, diaphoretic); pharmaceutical emollient, vehicle, solvent; in food-pkg. adhesives; drying oil in foodcontact coatings; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, GRAS; Japan approved (safflower); USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; Alban Muller; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Alnor Oil; Arista Ind.; Biosil Tech.; Cascade; Charkit; Croda Inc; Int'l. Sourcing; Lambent Tech.; Lipo; Penta Mfg.; Protameen; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Thornley; Tri-K Ind.; Vliengenthart BV; Welch, Holme & Clark

Safflower oil. See Safflower (Carthamus tinctorius) oil

Safflower oil (unhydrogenated). See Safflower (Carthamus tinctorius) oil

Safranin A. See Basic red 2

Safranin Y. See Basic red 2

Sago starch. See Starch

Salicylic acid, bismuth basic salt. See Bismuth subsalicylate

Salicylsulfonic acid. See 5-Sulfosalicylic acid

Saline. See Sodium chloride

Sal soda. See Sodium carbonate

Salt. See Sodium chloride

Salt cake. See Sodium sulfate

Salt of Mohr. See Ferrous ammonium sulfate

Sandarac. See Sandarac (Callitris quadrivalvis) gum

Sandarac (Callitris quadrivalvis) gum

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- Synonyms: Callitris quadrivalvis; Callitris quadrivalvis gum; Gum sandarac; Sandarac; Sandarac gum
- Definition: Exuded oleoresin from Callitris quadrivalvis, contg. approx. 80% pimaric acid, 10% callitrolic acid
- Properties: Yel. brittle amorphous lumps or powd.; turpentine-like fresh resinous odor; sol. in alcohol, acetone; insol. in benzene, aryl and aliphatic hydrocarbons, water; sp.gr. 1.05-1.09; m.p. 135-150 C; soften. pt. 100-130 C; iodine no. 112-141; sapon. no. 145-157; ref. index 1.545
- Uses: Binder in lacquers and paper/picture varnishes; emulsion stabilizer in cosmetics; natural flavoring agent in foods; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.510, 175.105, 175.300 *Manuf./Distrib.:* P.L. Thomas

Sandarac gum. See Sandarac (Callitris quadrivalvis) gum

Saran. See Polyvinylidene chloride

SAS. See Sodium alum

S/B. See Styrene/butadiene polymer

SBA. See 2-Butanol

SBH. See Sodium borohydride

SBR. See Styrene/butadiene polymer

Scarlet pigment RN. See Pigment red 3

SCMC. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium

SDBS. See Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate

SDDC. See Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate

SDS. See Sodium lauryl sulfate

Sea salt. See Sodium chloride

Seawater magnesia. See Magnesium oxide

Sebacic acid, dibutyl ester. See Dibutyl sebacate

Secondary ammonium phosphate. See Ammonium phosphate, dibasic

Secondary butyl alcohol. See 2-Butanol

Secondary cellulose acetate. See Cellulose acetate

Secondary propyl alcohol. See Isopropyl alcohol

Sericite. See Mica

Serpentine asbestos. See Asbestos

Sesame oil. See Sesame (Sesamum indicum) oil Sesame seed oil. See Sesame (Sesamum indicum) oil

Sesame (Sesamum indicum) oil

CAS 8008-74-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-370-6 Synonyms: Benne oil; Gingelli oil; Gingelly oil; Sesame oil; Sesame seed oil; Sesamum indicum; Sesamum indicum oil; Teel oil

- Definition: Refined fixed oil obtained from the seeds of Sesamum indicum
- Properties: Bland ylsh. oily liq., pract. odorless, bland taste; sl. sol. in alcohol; misc. with ether, chloroform, hexane, carbon disulfide; negligible sol. in water; dens. 0.916-0.921; vapor pressure very low; iodine no. 103-116; sapon. no. 188-195; flash pt. 491 F; ref. index 1.4575-1.4598 (60 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) > 50 g/kg, (IV, rabbit) 678 µg/kg; poison by IV route; primary irritant; human skin irritant; may cause allergic reactions, primarily contact dermatitis; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO2 from combustion; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Light-sensitive
- Uses: Cosmetics; lotions; injectables; natural flavorant for foods; mfg. of oleomargarine, iodized oil; pharmaceutical solvent, vehicle, keratin softener; emollient; in food-pkg. adhesives; drying oil in food-contact coatings; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210; FDA approved for parenterals, orals, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur., JP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Alban Muller; Arista Ind.; Cascade; Charkit; Chart; Croda Inc; Fanning; Fluka; Int'l. Sourcing; Jarchem Ind.; Lipo; Penta Mfg.; Pokonobe Ind.; Protameen; Quest Int'l.; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Thornley; Tri-K Ind.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Vitamins, Inc; Welch, Holme & Clark

Sesamum indicum. See Sesame (Sesamum indicum) oil

Sesamum indicum oil. See Sesame (Sesamum indicum) oil

Sewer gas. See Hydrogen sulfide

SFS. See Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate

Shark liver oil

- CAS 68990-63-6; EINECS/ELINCS 273-616-2 Definition: Oil expressed from fresh livers of sharks and other Elasmobranchii species
- Properties: Yel. to red-brown liq., strong odor; sol. in ether, chloroform, benzene, carbon disulfide, oxygenated and chlorinated solvs.; dens. 0.917-0.928; iodine no. 125-155; sapon. no. 170-187; ref. index 1.4784 (20 C)
- Uses: Nutritive additive in foods; source of vitamin A and squalene; biochemical research; emollient; moisture repellent; skin protectant; topical protectant (hemorrhoidal preps.); in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2800
- Manuf./Distrib.: Alfa Chem; Am. Roland; Arista Ind.; F.H. Taussig; Gemchem; Infinity Marketing Group; Marine Bio-Prods.; Maypro Ind.; R.W. Greeff; Ruger; Sigma; Traco Labs

Shark liver oil, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated shark liver oil

Shellac

- CAS 9000-59-3; EINECS/ELINCS 232-549-9
- Synonyms: Bleached shellac; Button lac; Garnet lac; Gum lac; Lac; Lacca; Shellac orange S-40; Stick lac; White shellac

Classification: Fatty acid

- Definition: Resinous secretion of the insect Laccifer (Tachardia) lacca
- Properties: Off-wh. to brn. amorphous gran. solid, very little odor; slowly sol. in alcohol; sl. sol. in acetone, ether, benzene, petrol. ether; insol. in water; dens. ≈ 1.15 kg/l; m.p. 115-120 C; acid no. 73-89 (reg.), 75-91 (refined) *Toxicology:* Nonallergenic; may cause contact dermatitis
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 2; Reactivity 0

Uses: Resin for paints; lacquers; varnishes; sealer coat under varnish; finish coat for floors, furniture; dielectric coatings; cement; mfg. of buttons, grinding wheels, sealing wax, cements, inks, phonograph records, paper; stiffener for hats; binder for knot-sealing paints; finishing leather; foods (coating agent, color diluent, surface-finishing agent, glazing/polishing agent); chewing gum base; pharmaceutical enteric coating for tablets; dental impression compds.; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings

Use Level: 0.4% max. (EU)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 175.105, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 182.99; 27CFR §21.126, 212.61, 212.90; 40CFR §180.1001; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals; USP/NF compliance; JP compliance (purified shellac and white shellac)
- Manuf./Distrib.: Colony Ind.; Houghton Chem.; Kane Int'l.; Mantrose Bradshaw Zinnser; Nichimen Am.; P.L. Thomas; Punda Mercantile; Ruger; Sarcom; Stevenson Cooper; Wm. Zinsser

Shellac orange S-40. See Shellac

SHMP. See Sodium hexametaphosphate

Shorea robusta gum. See Dammar

Sienna. See Iron oxide yellow

Silica

Synonyms: Silicic anhydride; Silicon dioxide

- Classification: Inorganic oxide
- Definition: Occurs in nature as agate, amethyst, chalcedony, cristobalite, flint, quartz, sand, tridymite, diatomite. The designation silica (silicon dioxide) incl. cryst., amorphous forms which are hydrated or hydroxylated Empirical: 0,Si

Formula: SiO₂

- Properties: Transparent crystals or amorphous very fine powd.; pract. insol. in water, alcohol, and acids except hydrofluoric; m.w. 60.09; dens. 2.2 (amorphous), 2.65 (quartz, 0 C); vapor pressure 10 mm Hg (1732 C); m.p. 1710 C; b.p. 2230 C; lowest coeff. of heat expansion; melts to a glass; pH 3.5-4.4
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3160 mg/kg; poison by IP, IV, intratracheal routes; mod. toxic by ing.; prolonged inh. of dust can cause silicosis; suspected human carcinogen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Reacts violently with CIF₃; MNF₃; OF₂
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic

- Uses: Mfg. of glass, water glass, refractories, abrasives, ceramics, enamels, petroleum prods.; filler in paints, cosmetics; rubber reinforcing agent; anticaking agent; defoamer; abrasive in dentifrices; thickener; decolorizer, purifier; ferrosilicon; adsorbent for removal of dyes from wastewater; in scouring/grinding compds.; foods (anticaking, carrier, thickener, color diluent; chillproofing in beer; clarifier in wine); pharmaceuticals (thickener, glidant, carrier, suspending agent); in food-pkg. adhesives; colorant in food-contact polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact crosslinked polyesters
- Use Level: Limitation 2% (of ink solids), 4% (in dry tocopherol-contg. bacon curing agent); ADI not specified (EU)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 172.230, 172.480 (limitation 2%), 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1460, 177.2420, 177.2600, 178.3297, 182.90, 182.1711, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7; Japan approved (2% max. as anticaking), other restrictions; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals, rectals, vaginals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Atlantic Equip. Engrs.; BYK-Chemie GmbH; Cabot Carbon Ltd; Celite; Chisso Am.; Crosfield; Degussa-Hüls; DuPont; Engelhard; Fluka; Gelest; J.M. Huber/Chems.; Nissan Chem. Ind.; PPG Ind.; PQ; Presperse; Reade Advanced Materials; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Triple Crown Am.; Unimin; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels
- Trade Names: Patcote® 801; Patcote® 806; Patcote® 814; Patcote® 8060 Trade Names Containing: Advantage® 91WW; Advantage® 357 Defoamer; Advantage® Eff-101 Defoamer; Agitan® 260; Agitan® 280; Agitan® 281; Agitan® 295; Agitan® 315; Agitan® 380; Dapro® DF 2162; Defoamer CK-55; Drewplus® L-108; Drewplus® L-131; Drewplus® L-139; Drewplus® L-175; Drewplus® L-191; Drewplus® L-198; Drewplus® L-418; Drewplus® L-419; Drewplus® L-424; Drewplus® L-474; Drewplus® L-475; Drewplus® L-477; Drewplus® L-493; Drewplus® L-496; Drewplus® L-768; Drewplus® Y-250; Drewplus® Y-281; Foamaster® AP; Foamaster® DS; Foamaster® G; Foamaster® R; Foamaster® RD; Foamaster® S; Foamaster® V; Foamlex W-315; Halocarbon Grease 19; Halocarbon Grease 25-5S; Halocarbon Grease 28; Halocarbon Grease 28LT; Halocarbon Grease 32; Larostat® 902 AS; Larostat® FPE-S; Sag 730; TEGO® Foamex 835; TEGO® Foamex 1495; TEGO® Foamex N
- See also Diatomaceous earth; Silica, amorphous; Silica, amorphous hydrated; Silica, colloidal; Silica, fumed; Silica, hydrated

Silica acid. See Silica, hydrated

Silica, amorphous

CAS 112926-00-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

Synonyms: Polyethylenimine-silica; Precipitated silica; Silica, amorphous precipitated; Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel

- Classification: Mineral
- Properties: Sp.gr. 2-2.3; oil absorp. 28; GE brightness 90-94; ref. index 1.45; hardness (Mohs) 5-6

Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (total dust); harmful dust; avoid inh. *Storage:* Hygroscopic

- Uses: Reinforcing filler for rubber goods, tires, adhesives, footwear; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, cellophane, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Am. Int'I.; Cabot/Cab-O-Sil; Celite; Crosfield; Degussa-Hüls; J.M. Huber/Chems.; Kaopolite; Nalco; PPG Ind.; Reade Advanced Materials; Sigma; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels
- Trade Names: San-Sil® AN 45; San-Sil® CG-102; San-Sil® KU 33; Sipernat® 22; Sipernat® 50S; Sipernat® 500LS; Sylophobic; Sylysia 250; Sylysia 250N; Sylysia 310; Sylysia 320; Sylysia 350; Sylysia 430; Sylysia 440; Sylysia 450; Sylysia 470; Sylysia 530; Sylysia 540; Sylysia 550; Sylysia 730; Sylysia 740; Sylysia 770
- Trade Names Containing: Modaflow® Powder 2000; Sylysia 256N; Sylysia 435; Sylysia 436; Sylysia 445; Sylysia 456

See also Silica, amorphous hydrated; Silica, fumed

Silica, amorphous fumed. See Silica, fumed

Silica, amorphous hydrated

CAS 7631-86-9; ÉINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

Synonyms: Amorphous silica; Silica, amorphous

- Empirical: O₂Si
- Properties: Transparent cryst. or amorphous powd.; tasteless; sol. in HF; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 60.09; dens. 2.2; m.p. 1716-1736 C; b.p. 2230 C; ref. index 1.46; melts to glass at ordinary temps.; chem. resist. to most reagents
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (total dust), when toxic impurities absent; nuisance particulate; transient dermatitis which causes skin dehydration and loss of skin oils

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Filler and reinforcing material in rubber and plastics; to improve ink retention on paper; as pigment and filler in paints and coatings; as an abrasive, adsorbent, desiccant and catalyst base
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Archway Sales; CR Mins.; Cabot/Cab-O-Sil; Chem-Materials; Crosfield; D.N. Lukens; Degussa-Hüls; H.M. Royal; J.M. Huber/Chems.; Jesse S. Young; Lenape Ind.; Lomas Int'l.; Millennium Inorg. Chems.; Nalco; PPG Ind.; PQ; Seegott; Tamms Ind.; Tulco; Van Waters & Rogers; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Trade Names: San-Sil® BD-73

Trade Names Containing: Modaflow[®] Powder III *See also* Silica

Silica, amorphous precipitated. See Silica, amorphous Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel. See Silica, amorphous Silic acid (polyortho). See Silica, hydrated

Silica, colloidal

EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

Synonyms: Colloidal silica; Silica sol

- *Definition:* A stable dispersion of discrete, colloid-size particles of amorphous silica in aq. sol'n.
- Uses: Antislip agent for paper; fiber binder for metal casting and refractory materials; catalyst carrier; reinforcing material for adhesives and paints; food pkg.
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Cabot/Cab-O-Sil; Degussa-Hüls; H.M. Royal; Nalco; Reade Advanced Materials; Sigma; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels
- Trade Names: Adelite; Bindzil® 15/500; Bindzil® 30/80; Bindzil® 30/220; Bindzil® 30/360; Bindzil® 30NH₃/220; Bindzil® 40/130; Bindzil® 40/220; Bindzil® 50/80; Bindzil® 305; Bindzil® CAT80; Bindzil® F45; Ludox® CL-X; Nyacol® 215; Nyacol® 830; Nyacol® 1430; Nyacol® 1440; Nyacol® 2034DI; Nyacol® 2040; Nyacol® 2040NH₄; Nyacol® 2050; Nyacol® 9950; Snowtex 20L; Snowtex 40; Snowtex 50; Snowtex C; Snowtex 0; Snowtex OL; Snowtex PS-L; Snowtex ST-S0; Snowtex ST-C; Snowtex ST-20L; Snowtex ST-40; Snowtex ST-50; Snowtex ST-C; Snowtex ST-N; Snowtex ST-0; Snowtex ST-O-30; Snowtex ST-O-40;

Snowtex ST-OL; Snowtex ST-OL-40; Snowtex ST-OS; Snowtex ST-S; Snowtex ST-UP; Snowtex ST-XS; Snowtex ST-ZL; Snowtex XS *Trade Names Containing:* Snowtex N *See also* Silica; Silica, amorphous

Silica, fumed

CAS 112945-52-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-545-4

- Synonyms: Amorphous silica dust; CI 77711; Colloidal silica; Colloidal silicon dioxide; Fossil flour; Fumed silica; Fumed silicon dioxide; Pigment white 27; Silica, amorphous; Silica, amorphous fumed; Silica, pyrogenic; Silicic anhydride; Silicon dioxide
- Definition: High surface area aggregate particles of silica, with min. 89.5% SiO_2 content

Empirical: O2Si

Formula: SiO2

- Properties: Wh. to gray fine dusty powd.; odorless; sol. in hydrofluoric acid; insol. in water; m.w. 60.09; sp.gr. 2.1; dens. ≈ 2 lb/ft³ (unpacked); BET suff. area 200-300 m²/g; m.p. 1600 C; ref. index 1.46; hydrophilic
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m³; nuisance dust; LD50 (oral, rat) 3160 mg/ kg, (IV, rat) 15 mg/kg; LDLo (IP, rat) 50 mg/kg; poison by IP, IV, and intratracheal routes; mod. toxic by ing.; hazard by inh.; silica fume may cause drying of skin after prolonged exposure; contact lenses should not be worn for handling material; much less toxic than crystalline forms; does not cause silicosis; guestionable carcinogen; mutagenic data; tumorigen
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers, fluorine, oxygen difluoride, chlorine trifluoride

Storage: Hygroscopic

- Uses: Thickener, thixotropic and reinforcing agent in inks, resins, paints, and cosmetics; filler for plastics, rubber, caulks, sealants; flatting agent, pigment in paints, printing inks; viscosifier for paints, adhesives, cosmetics; base material for high-temp. mortars; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard, cellophane, film, rubber articles; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; AluChem; Cabot/Cab-O-Sil; Degussa-Hüls; Fluka; H.M. Royal; Reade Advanced Materials; Sigma; Wacker Silicones; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels
- Trade Names: Acematt[™] TS100; Aerosil® 200; Aerosil® K315; Aerosil® K328; Aerosil® K330; Aerosil® K342; Cab-O-Sil® EH-5; Cab-O-Sil® H-5; Cab-O-Sil® HS-5; Cab-O-Sil® L-90; Cab-O-Sil® LM-130; Cab-O-Sil® LM-150; Cab-O-Sil® LM-150D; Cab-O-Sil® M-5P; Cab-O-Sil® M-7D; Cab-O-Sil® MS-75D; Cab-O-Sil® PTG; Wacker HDK® N20
- Trade Names Containing: TEGO® Airex 901 W; TEGO® Foamex 8030; TEGO® Foamex 826

See also Silica; Silica, amorphous

Silica hydrate. See Silica, hydrated

Silica, hydrated

- CAS 1343-98-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-683-2
- Synonyms: Hydrated silica; Hydrosilicic acid; Polyorthosilicic acid; Polysilicic acid; Precipitated silica; Silica acid; Silica hydrate; Silica, precipitated; Silicic acid; Silicic acid hydrate; Silicic acid hydrate; Silicic acid (polyortho); Silicon hydroxide

Classification: Inorganic oxide

Definition: Occurs in nature as opal; jelly-like precipitate obtained when sodium silicate sol'n. is acidified

Empirical: \approx H₂O₃Si

- Formula: SiO₂ xH₂O, x varies with method of precipitation and extent of drying
- Properties: Wh. amorphous powd. or lumps; sol. in hot fixed alkaline hydroxide sol'ns.; insol. in water or acids except hydrofluoric; m.w. 60.08 + water
- Toxicology: TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (total dust); eye irritant; poison by IV route; TSCA listed
- Uses: Insecticide; pesticide carrier; for absorption of vapors; laboratory reagent; reinforcing filler in rubber, plastics, sealants, cleaners, grease; extender in paints; flow conditioner/anticaking agent in fire extinguisher powds., foodstuffs; prevents ink migration in paper coatings; adsorbent in foods and pharmaceuticals; beer clarifying agent; anticaking agent for table salt and powd. sweeteners; abrasive, thickener in dentifrices; free-flow agent; food-pkg. adhesives; opacifier; visc. control agent; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry

foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 160.105, 160.185, 172.480, 173.340, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2420, 177.2600, 182.90, 573.940
- Manuf./Distrib.: Crosfield; Fluka; J.M. Huber/Chems.; Osram Sylvania; PPG Ind.; PQ; Spectrum Quality Prods.
- Trade Names: Quso® G35, G38, WR55, WR83; Sipernat® 22LS; Sipernat® 22S; Sipernat® 50; Sipernat® 300DS; Sipernat® 310; Sipernat® 320DS
- Silica, precipitated. See Silica, hydrated
- Silica, pyrogenic. See Silica, fumed
- Silica sol. See Silica, colloidal

Silicate (2-), hexafluoro-, magnesium (1:1). See Magnesium silicofluoride

- Siliceous earth. See Diatomaceous earth
- Silicic acid. See Silica, hydrated
- Silicic acid, calcium salt. See Calcium metasilicate; Calcium silicate
- Silicic acid, calcium salt (1:1). See Calcium metasilicate
- Silicic acid, disodium salt. See Sodium metasilicate
- Silicic acid hydrate. See Silica, hydrated
- Silicic acid hydrated. See Silica, hydrated
- Silicic acid, lithium, magnesium, sodium salt. See Smectite
- Silicic acid, potassium salt. See Potassium silicate

Silicic acid (H₂SiO₃), calcium salt (1:1). See Calcium metasilicate

- Silicic acid, sodium salt. See Sodium silicate
- Silicic anhydride. See Silica; Silica, fumed

Silicon

- CAS 7440-21-3; EINECS/ELINCS 231-130-8; UN No. 1346 (DOT) Synonyms: Silicon powder, amorphous
- *Classification:* Nonmetallic element
- Definition: Does not occur freely in nature; found as silica (quartz, sand) or as silicate (feldspar, kaolinite); 27.6% of earth's crust
- Empirical: Si
- Properties: Blk. to gray cryst. or dk. brn. powd. (amorphous form); pract. insol. in water; at. no. 14; m.w. 28.086; dens. 2.330 (20/4 C); m.p. 1420 C; b.p. 2680 C; hardness (Mohs) 7.0; sp. heat 0.162 cal/g/C; dielec. const. 12
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (total dust), when toxic impurities are not present; LD50 (oral, rat) 3160 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; nuisance dust; eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Flamm. solid; violent reactions with alkali carbonates, oxidants, etc.; heated, reacts with water to produce H₂; can react with oxidizers; attacked by hydrofluoric or hydrofluoric/nitric acids; burns in fluorine, chlorine
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Semiconductor in solid-state devices; organosilicon compounds; silanes and silicones; silicon carbide; alloying agent in steels, aluminum, copper, bronze, iron; cermets, refractories; halogenated silanes; deoxidizer in steel mfg.; nutrient; reducing agent; pharmaceuticals (orals, topicals)
- *Regulatory:* FDA approved for orals, topicals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Atlantic Equip. Engrs.; Atomergic Chemetals; Atramet; Cerac; Crystran Ltd; Dow Corning; Eagle-Picher; Fluka; Gelest; Shin-Etsu; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.
- Trade Names Containing: Kronos® 2081; Kronos® 2101; Kronos® 2160; Kronos® 2220; Kronos® 2310

Silicon dioxide. See Silica; Silica, fumed

Silicon dioxide, diatomaceous. See Diatomaceous earth

- Silicone
 - *Synonyms:* Organosiloxane; Organosiloxanes; Siloxane; Siloxanes *Classification:* Siloxane polymers
 - Definition: Family of syn. polymers contg. a repeating silicon-oxygen backbone with org. side groups attached via carbon-silicon bonds; classified as fluids, resins, and elastomers
 - Properties: Liq., semisolid, or solid; cis 1 to >1,000,000 cs; water repellent; sol. in most organic solvents
 - Toxicology: Silicone-related diseases can occur, e.g., silicone-induced synovitis and lymphadenopathy, acute and chronic pneumonitis from 'bleeding' from ruptured bag-gel breast implants, pulmonary lesions, granulomatous

Precaution: Unhalogenated types combustible

- Uses: Thermosetting siloxane polymers used as mold release for plastics and rubber; defoamers for mining, latex, ink, soaps, agric., food processing, pulp/paper, effluent, antifreeze, textiles; wetting agent; surfactant; hydraulic and dielec. oils; adhesives; caulking compds.; water repellents for textile, paper, masonry, concrete; damping fluids; as lubricants, conditioners, and emollients in personal care prods.; molding compds.; encapsulants; medical implants; release agent in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300
- Manuf./Distrib.: Ashland; Bayer; Chemcentral; Clariant; Crucible; D.N. Lukens; Dow Corning; GE Silicones; Genesee Polymers; Goldschmidt; Harcros; Reichhold; Rhodia HPCII; Ruger; Seegott; Shin-Etsu; Sivento; Tego GmbH; Transene; Union Carbide; Van Waters & Rogers; Veckridge; Wacker Silicones; Wacker-Chemie GmbH
- Trade Names: Adekanol G-683; Chemax DF-100; Dow Corning® 26 Additive; Dow Corning® 163 Additive; EXP-58 Silicone Wax; EXP-77 Mercapto Functional Silicone Wax; Foamkill® 618; Foamkill® 639J-F; Foamkill® MSF Conc.; GP-300-I Antifoam Compd.; No Stik 806; Polysynth SD; Sag 100; Silicone Antifoam Agent S 203; Silicone Antifoam Agent S 204; Silicone Antifoam Agent S 670; Silicone Antifoam Compound S 204; Surfynol® SM-740; TEGO® RC 704; Trans-290
- Trade Names Containing: Adekanate B-190; Adekanate B-192; Adekanate B-1012; Adekanate B-1015; Adekanate B-1016; Agitan® 217; Agitan® 218; Agitan® 301; Agitan® 760; Colloid™ 1010; Dapro® DF 1161; Drewplus® L-418; Drewplus® L-419; Drewplus® L-768; Foam Blast 240; Foamlex E-585K; GP-262 Defoamer; Hi-Mar DFP-203; Oakite® Defoamant RC; Suntorl C-500; Surfynol® SM-745

See also Dimethicone; Methicone; Polysiloxane; Simethicone

Silicone acrylate

- Uses: For release coatings to be cured by electron beam or UV-radiation in the paper and film industries
- Trade Names: TEGO® RC 705; TEGO® RC 706; TEGO® RC 708; TEGO® RC 711; TEGO® RC 726; TEGO® Silicone Acrylate RC

Silicone emulsions

- Classification: Organosiloxane
- Toxicology: No known toxicity
- Uses: Lubricant, release agent, extender, modifier for plastics and rubber; defoamer for food processing, pharmaceuticals, paints, adhesives, polymerization processes, boiler water, waste treatment; textile waterproofing agent; antiadherence coatings; mold release agents; pharmaceuticals (desiccant, water repellent, film-former); defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard; food-pkg. adhesives
- *Regulatory:* FDA approved for orals, topicals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Atla's Refinery; CNC Int'l.; Clariant; Crompton/Witco; Crucible; Dow Corning; Genesee Polymers; Great Western; Harwick; Lambent Tech.; PPG Ind.; ROSS Chem; Ruger; Sivento; Soluol; Taylor; Wacker Silicones
- Trade Names: Adekanate B-1019; Chemax DF-10; Chemax DF-10A; Chemax DF-30; CNC Antifoam 10-FG; CNC Antifoam 30-FG; CNC Antifoam 495, 495-M; CS-10; CS-10A; CS-20; CS-30; CS-420; Dow Corning® 1430 Emulsion; Dow Corning® Antifoam 1520-US; Dow Corning® Antifoam FG-10; Dow Corning® Antifoam H-10; Dow Corning® Antifoam Y-30; Drewplus® L-407; EXP-24-LS Silicone Wax Emulsion; Foamkill® 400A; Foamkill® 679; Foamkill® 830; Foamkill® 836A; Foamkill® 836B; Foamkill® 852; Foamkill® MS-1; GP-310-I Antifoam Emulsion; Masil® EM 501; Mazu® DF 210SX; Mazu® DF 230SX; Moussex[®] 904 SE; NuDry[™] 30; Polysynth SI 40; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 21; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 23; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 25; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 26; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SRE; SM 2128; Surfynol® DF-695; TEGO® Antifoam 1-60; TEGO® Antifoam 1-62; TEGO® Antifoam 2-18; TEGO® Antifoam 2-57; TEGO® Antifoam 2-67; TEGO® Antifoam 2-80; TEGO® Antifoam 2-82; TEGO® Antifoam 2-89; TEGO® Antifoam 2-92; TEGO® Antifoam 1488; TEGO® Antifoam MR 1015; TEGO® Antifoam MR 1016; TEGO® Antifoam N; TEGO® Foamex 1435; Trans-10; Trans-20; Trans-30; Webnix 69C; Webnix 1065-3; Webnix 5113; Webnix 5116
- Trade Names Containing: Advantage® 91WW; GP-210 Silicone Antifoam Emulsion; Trans-278
- See also Dimethicone; Methicone; Polysiloxane; Simethicone

Silicone glycol copolymer

CAS 67674-67-3; 68937-55-3; 68938-54-5

- Uses: Surfactant for use in MDI-based polyurethane foam systems; mar resist. additive used for water-based, solv.-based, high-solids and solventless org. paints, inks, and coatings; slip aid; enhances flow-out, wetting, and leveling; aids pigment disp.; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard
- Trade Names: Silwet® L-7200; Silwet® L-7210; Silwet® L-7220; Silwet® L-7230; Silwet[®] L-7608

Silicone hexaacrylate

Uses: Slip, wetting agent, flow improver for coatings on paper, plastics, and metal

Trade Names: Ebecryl® 1360

Silicone oil. See Dimethyl siloxane

Silicone oils. See Dimethyl siloxane

Silicon hydroxide. See Silica, hydrated

Silicon powder, amorphous. See Silicon

Siloxane. See Polysiloxane; Silicone Siloxane, dimethyl-. See Dimethyl siloxane

Siloxanes. See Silicone

Siloxanes and silicones, dimethyl-. See Dimethyl siloxane

Siloxanes and silicones, dimethyl, hydroxy-terminated. See Dimethiconol Siloxanes and silicones, dimethyl, hydroxy-terminated, ethoxylated

propoxylated. See Dimethicone copolyol

Silver fluoride

CAS 7775-41-9; EINECS/ELINCS 231-895-8

Synonyms: Silver (I) fluoride; Silver monofluoride

Empirical: AgF

Properties: Yel. or brnsh. cryst. mass; darkens on exposure to light; sol. in water; m.w. 126.87; dens. 5.852; m.p. 435 C; b.p. 1150 C

Toxicology: TLV 0.01 mg/m³ of air; strong irritant

Storage: Very hygroscopic; light-sensitive

Uses: Medicine (antiseptic); substitution of fluorine for bromine and chlorine in org. compds.; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300

Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Atofina; Colonial Metals; Noah; Ozark-Mahoning; Pfaltz & Bauer; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Silver (I) fluoride. See Silver fluoride

Silver monofluoride. See Silver fluoride

Silver nitrate

CAS 7761-88-8; EINECS/ELINCS 231-853-9; UN No. 1493 (DOT) Synonyms: Nitric acid silver (1+) salt; Silver (I) nitrate (1:1); Silver (1+) nitrate

Empirical: AqNO3

- Properties: Colorless or wh. cryst.; becomes gray or grayish blk. on exposure to light in presence of org. matter; very sol. in water, ammonia; sol. in boiling alcohol; sparingly sol. in alcohol; sl. sol. in ether; m.w.169.88; dens. 4.352 (19 C); m.p. 212 C; b.p. 444 C (dec.); pH 5.5 (sol'n.)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 0.01 mg(Ag)/m³; LD50 (IP, mouse) 23,783 µg/kg; LDLo (oral, rabbit) 800 mg/kg, (IV, rabbit) 8800 µg/kg; poison by ing., IV, subcut., IP routes; human poison; ing. can cause severe or fatal gastroenteritis; irritating to eyes (severe), skin, and respiratory tract; chronic exposure causes argyria; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen, reproductive effector; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Strong oxidizer that reacts dangerously with many acids and phosphorus derivs.; incompat. with alkalis, AI, antimony salts, arsenic, bromides, C, carbonates, chlorides, copper, ethanol, ferrous salts, oils, phosphates, sulfur, etc.
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic Ag and fumes of NO_x

HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 3

Storage: Store @ R.T.

Uses: Photographic film raw material; catalyst for ethylene oxide; indelible inks; silver plating; silver salts; silvering mirrors; germicide; hair dyeing; antiseptic; laboratory reagent; ophthalmic sol'ns.; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300

Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Accurate Chem. & Scientific; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Amend Drug & Chem.; Atlantic Equip. Engrs.; Brand-Nu Labs;

Cater Chems.; Columbus Chem. Ind.; Cooper Chem.; D.F. Goldsmith Chem. & Metal; Degussa-Hüls; Doe & Ingalls; Fluka; GFS; Johnson Matthey plc; Mays; Quimica Sagal; Reagents; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Silver (1+) nitrate. See Silver nitrate Silver (I) nitrate (1:1). See Silver nitrate

Simethicone

- CAS 8050-81-5
- Synonyms: α -(Trimethylsilyl)- ω -methylpoly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)], mixt. with silicon dioxide
- Definition: Mixture of dimethicone with an avg. chain length of 200-350 dimethylsiloxane units and hydrated silica gel
- Formula: (CH₃)₃SiO[SI(CH₃)₂O]_nSi(CH₃)₃, n = 200-350
- Properties: Hazy translucent visc. fluid; sol. in chloroform, ether; insol. in water and alcohol; dens. 0.965-0.970; ref. index \approx 1.404; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (IV, dog) 900 mg/kg
- HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Foam control agent, processing aid for foods, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, fermentation, pesticide/fertilizer, paper/printing, textile, adhesives/ coatings industries, in mfg. of plastics in contact with food, for degassing of monomers; defoamer for waste treatment, latex processing; chewing gum base; skin protectant; foods (water repellent, anticaking agent); in brewing; pharmaceutical coating agent; topical drug vehicle; ointment base ingred.; anti-flatulence oral dosages

Use Level: ADI 0-1.5 mg/kg (EU)

- Regulatory: Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals, rectals, topicals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Biosil Tech.; C.P. Hall; Crompton/Witco; Dow Corning; Lanaetex Prods.; PPG Ind.; Ruger; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Wacker Silicones
- Trade Names: Antifoam F-1; Dow Corning® Antifoam A Compd.; Dow Corning® Antifoam C Emulsion

Slaked lime. See Calcium hydroxide

SLS. See Sodium lauryl sulfate

SMA. See Styrene/MA copolymer

Smectite

- CAS 53320-86-8; EINECS/ELINCS 258-476-2
- Synonyms: Lithium magnesium sodium silicate; Magnesium lithium sodium silicate; Silicic acid, lithium, magnesium, sodium salt; Sodium lithium magnesium silicate
- Definition: Synthetic silicate clay consisting mainly of lithium, magnesium, and sodium silicates
- Properties: Wh. powd.
- Uses: Visc. control agent; thickener, thixotrope, antisettling agent for trade sales and industrial solv.-based coatings, cosmetics, adhesives, caulks, agric., inks, paper, rubber, waste treatment, refractory, foundry, greases, oil field chems.
- Manuf./Distrib.: Southern Clay Prods.

Trade Names: Claytone® 2000; Claytone® LMW; Claytone® SO

- SMO. See Sorbitan oleate
- SMS. See Sorbitan stearate
- Soap clay. See Bentonite
- Soda alum. See Sodium alum
- Soda ash. See Sodium carbonate
- Soda calcined. See Sodium carbonate
- Soda chlorate. See Sodium chlorate
- Soda lye. See Sodium hydroxide Soda mint. See Sodium bicarbonate

Soda phosphate. See Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous

Sodium abietate

Synonyms: Rosin soap; Sodium resinate Formula: C₁₉H₂₉COOONa Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. in water Precaution: Combustible Uses: Soap making, paper coating See also Sodium rosinate

Sodium acid carbonate. See Sodium bicarbonate Sodium acid sulfate. See Sodium bisulfate

Sodium acid sulfate solid. See Sodium bisulfate Sodium acid sulfite. See Sodium bisulfite

Sodium alginate. See Algin

Sodium alkylbenzene sulfonate, branched. See Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate

Sodium alkyl (C9-C15) benzenesulfonate

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Ashland; Chem. Distribution; Davidson Labs; Intertrade Holdings; Rhodia HPCII

Sodium 3-(allyloxy)-2-hydroxypropanesulfonate. See Sodium 2-hydroxy-3-(2-propenyloxy) 1-propanesulfonate

Sodium allyloxy hydroxypropyl sulfonate

Synonyms: Sodium 1-allyloxy-2-hydroxypropyl sulfonate

Empirical: C6H11NaO5S

Formula: CH₂=CHCH₂OCH₂CHOHCH₂SO₃Na

Properties: M.w. 218; anionic

Uses: Monomer for emulsion polymerization; copolymerizable surfactant/ stabilizer; improves latex props.; for paints, adhesives, paper and textile coatings

Manuf./Distrib.: Rhodia

Trade Names: Sipomer® COPS 1

Sodium 1-allyloxy-2-hydroxypropyl sulfonate. See Sodium allyloxy hydroxypropyl sulfonate

Sodium alum

CAS 10102-71-3; EINECS/ELINCS 233-277-3

Synonyms: SAS; Alum; Aluminum sodium sulfate; Soda alum; Sodium aluminum sulfate; Sulfuric acid, aluminum sodium salt (2:1:1) Classification: Inorganic salt

Definition: Avail. commercially as the dodecahydrate

Empirical: AINaO₈S₂; AINaO₈S₂ \cdot 12H₂O

- Formula: AINaO₈S₂ (anhyd.), NaAI(SO₄)₂ 12H₂O (dodecahydrate)
- Properties: Anhyd.: Sol. in alcohol; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 242.10; Dodecahydrate: Colorless cryst. or wh. gran. or powd.; highly sol. in water; pract. insol. in alcohol; m.w. 458.29; dens. 1.675; m.p. 61 C; noncombustible
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 2 mg/m³ (sol. salts, as Al); weak sensitizer; local contact may cause dermatitis; irritant; dust may react with moisture in air to form weak sulfuric acid mists (nose/throat irritant); ing. of lg. doses may cause GI irritation, stomach burns, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, diarrhea
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x and Na₂O
- Uses: Dyeing; paper; tanning; purifying water; electroplating; prod. of cement, explosives; hardener; waterproofing agent; catalyst in prod. of ammonia; textiles (mordant, waterproofing); dry colors; ceramics; paper size precipitant; matches; inks; engraving; sugar refining; food additive (buffer, firming agent, neutralizer, leavening agent); migrating to food from paper/paperboard; medicine; astringent; antiseptic; in food-pkg. adhesives; in foodcontact animal glues

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 178.3120, 182.90, 182.1131, GRAS

Manuf./Distrib.: Am. Int'l.; FPC Int'l.; General Chem.; Real Commerce; Sego Int'l.

Sodium aluminate

CAS 1302-42-7; 11138-49-1; EINECS/ELINCS 215-100-1; UN No. 1819 (DOT), 2812 (DOT)

Synonyms: Aluminate, sodium; Aluminum sodium oxide; Sodium aluminum oxide; Sodium polyaluminate

Classification: Inorganic compd.

Empirical: AlO₂ • Na

Formula: $AINaO_2$ or $Na_2O \cdot AI_2O_3 \cdot 3H_2O$

- Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. in water forming alkaline sol'ns.; insol. in alcohol; m.w. 81.97 (anhyd.); m.p. 1650 C
- Toxicology: TLV/TWA 2 mg(AI)/m³; mod. irritant to skin, eyes, mucous membranes; corrosive substance

Precaution: DOT: Corrosive material

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Coagulant, flocculant for water treatment; boiler water additive for food processing; color and silica removal; mordant; zeolites; sizing/retention aid for paper; textile aux.; mfg. of milk glass, soap, cleaning compds.; curing agent (tiles); aluminosilicate catalyst raw material; reagent (titanium dioxide post-treatment); migrating to food from paper/paperboard *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 182.90

Manuf./Distrib.: BK Giulini Chemie; Delta; General Alum & Chem.; Holland; Southern Ionics; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Trade Names: Han-Floc 45®

Sodium aluminosilicate. See Sodium silicoaluminate Sodium aluminum oxide. See Sodium aluminate Sodium aluminum silicate. See Sodium silicoaluminate Sodium aluminum sulfate. See Sodium alum

Sodium 3-[(4-anilino) phenylazo] benzenesulfonate. See Acid yellow 36

Sodium benzoate

- CAS 532-32-1; EINECS/ELINCS 208-534-8; FEMA 3025
- Synonyms: Benzoate of soda; Benzoate sodium; Benzoic acid sodium salt; Sodium benzoic acid
- Classification: Aromatic carboxylic acid salt

Definition: Sodium salt of benzoic acid

Empirical: C₇H₅NaO₂

Formula: C₆H₅COONa

- Properties: Wh. gran. or cryst. powd., odorless, sweetish astringent taste; very sol. in water; sparingly sol. in alcohol; m.w. 144.11; m.p. > 300 C; $pH \approx 8$; stable in air
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 4.07 g/kg, (IV, rat) 1714 μg/kg, (intramuscular, mouse) 2306 mg/kg; poison by subcut., IV routes; mod. toxic by ing., IP, intramuscular routes; may cause human intolerance reaction, asthma, rashes, hyperactivity, nausea, vomiting; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible when exposed to heat or flame; incompat. with acids, ferric salts

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic

- Uses: Fungičide; antimicrobial preservative in pharmaceuticals and foods, esp. in sl. acidic media; clinical reagent (bilirubin assay); nucleating agent for plastics; corrosion inhibitor for antifreeze coolants; tobacco; mfg. of dyes; rust and mildew inhibitor; flavoring agent, adjuvant; antimycotic migrating from food pkg.; medicine; antiseptic
- Use Level: 0.5% max.; 0.1% max. in food; 0.1% (in distilling materials); ADI 0-5 mg/kg (EU); 0.1% (parenterals), 0.08% (dentifrices), 4.75-5% (injectables), 0.02-0.5% (orals)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §146.152, 146.154, 150.141, 150.161, 166.40, 166.110, 181.22, 181.23, 184.1733; GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7; BATF 27CFR §240.1051; EPA reg.; FEMA GRAS; Japan approved with limitations; Europe listed 0.5% as acid; FDA approved for dentals, orals, rectals, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: ADA Int'l.; AMC Chems.; Aceto; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allan; Allchem Ind.; Am. Int'l.; Atomergic Chemetals; BCH Brühl; Bayer; Danisco Cultor; Dastech Int'l.; FBC Ind.; Fallek; Fluka; Gallard-Schlesinger Ind.; Haarmann & Reimer; Haltermann GmbH; Int'l. Sourcing; Jan Dekker BV; Jarchem Ind.; Jungbunzlauer; Kalama; Kraft Chem.; Lohmann; Mallinckrodt Baker; Merck KGaA; O.C. Lugo; R.W. Greeff; Rochem Int'l.; Ruger; Sal Chem.; San Yuan; Sigma; Sinochem Liaoning; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tri-K Ind.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; V.L. Clark; Varsal Instruments; Velsicol; Wego Chem. & Min.; Whyte Chems. Ltd Trade Names Containing: Aerosol® OT-B; Monawet MO-85P

Sodium benzoic acid. See Sodium benzoate

Sodium biborate decahydrate. See Sodium borate decahydrate

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Sodium bicarbonate CAS 144-55-8; EINECS/ELINCS 205-633-8

Synonyms: Baking soda; Bicarbonate of soda; Carbonic acid monosodium salt; Monosodium carbonate; Soda mint; Sodium acid carbonate; Sodium hydrogen carbonate

Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: CHNaO₃

Formula: NaHCO₃

Properties: Wh. powd. or cryst. lumps, sl. alkaline taste; sol. in water; sl. sol.

in ethanol; m.w. 84.01; dens. 2.159; stable in dry air, slowly dec. in moist air; pH 8.3 (0.1M sol'n.)

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 4220 mg/kg; low toxicity by ing.; irritant; harmless to the skin; leaves an alkaline residue that may cause irritation; nuisance dust; human systemic effects (potassium/sodium level changes, inc. urine volume, metabolic acidosis; nausea, vomiting, respiratory changes); excessive ing. of sodium may be detrimental to certain persons; experimental teratogen; mutagen; TSCA listed

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Moisture-sensitive; store in cool, dry place; keep containers sealed

- Uses: Mfg. of effervescent salts and beverages, artificial mineral water; prevention of timber mold; cleaning preparations; lab reagent; antacid; mouthwash; OTC drug active; blowing/nucleating agent for thermoplastics; in fire extinguishers; leaching agent (uranium ores); pH control and activation of silica in water treatment; foods (alkali, leavening agent, aerator, diluent, pH control, poultry scald agent); pharmaceuticals (pH adjuster; abrasive in dentifrices; antibiotic mfg.); food pkg.; animal feed
- Use Level: ADI no limit (EU)
- Regulatory: FDA21CFR §137.180, 137.270, 163.110, 173.385, 182.1736, 184.1736, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; Japan approved; Europe listed; FDA approved for injectables, parenterals, ophthalmics, orals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Balchem; Captree; Charkit; Church & Dwight; Coyne; EM Ind.; FMC; Farleyway Chem. Ltd; Fluka; General Chem.; Harcros; Hummel Croton; IMC Global; Independent Chem.; Kraft Chem.; Lohmann; Melchemie bv; Natrium Prods.; Oriental Chem. Ind.; Quest Int'l. Fragrances; Robeco; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Schaefer Tech.; Sigma; Solvay SA; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Varsal Instruments; Vivion Trade Names Containing: Dowicil® 75

Sodium 2-biphenylolate. See Sodium o-phenylphenate

Sodium biphenyl-2-yl oxide. See Sodium o-phenylphenate

- Sodium 1,4-bis(2-ethylhexyl) sulfosuccinate. See Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate
- Sodium bis (2-ethylhexyl) sulfosuccinate. See Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate Sodium 1,2-bis (tridecyloxycarbonyl) ethanesulfonate. See Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate

Sodium bistridecyl sulfosuccinate. See Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate

Sodium bisulfate

- CAS 7681-38-1; EINECS/ELINCS 231-665-7; UN No. 1821 (solid) (DOT), 2837 (sol'n.) (DOT)
- Synonyms: Nitre cake; Sodium acid sulfate; Sodium acid sulfate solid; Sodium bisulfate, fused; Sodium bisulfate solid; Sodium hydrogen sulfate; Sodium pyrosulfate; Sulfuric acid monosodium salt

Empirical: HNaO₄S

- Formula: NaHSO4
- Properties: Colorless cryst. or wh. fused lumps; sol. in water; dec. by ethanol; m.w. 120.07; dens. 2.435 (13 C); m.p. > 315 C (dec.)
- Toxicology: Corrosive irritant to respiratory system, mucous membranes, skin, and eyes; causes burns; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- *Precaution:* Corrosive; reacts with moisture to form sulfuric acid; incompat. with calcium hypochlorite
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x and Na₂O

Storage: Hygroscopic; keep well closed

- Uses: Scale control in cooling water treatment; pH control in pool and spa water; flux for decomposing minerals; substitute for sulfuric acid in dyeing; disinfectant; mfg. of chemicals; liberating CO₂ in carbonic acid baths; wool carbonizing agent; leather bleaching; swelling agent; mfg. of magnesia cements, paper, soap, perfumes, industrial cleaners; metal pickling agent; laboratory reagent; food acidulant; pharmaceuticals (inhalants, ophthalmics, orals); in food-pkg. adhesives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 182.3739, GRAS (not for use in meats, vitamin B₁ sources, raw fruits and vegetables); FDA approved for inhalants, ophthalmics, orals
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; Ashland; Brown; Charkit; Chem. Distribution; Coyne; Fluka; Harcros; Independent Chem.; Jones Hamilton; Kraft Chem.; Lowenstein Dyes & Cosmetics; O.C. Lugo; Penta Mfg.; Ruger; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Van Waters & Rogers

Sodium bisulfate, fused. See Sodium bisulfate

Sodium bisulfate solid. See Sodium bisulfate

Sodium bisulfide

- CAS 16721-80-5; EINECS/ELINCS 240-778-0; UN No. 2318 (DOT), NA 2922 (DOT), NA 2949 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Sodium hydrogen sulfide; Sodium hydrosulfide; Sodium hydrosulfide, sol'n.; Sodium hydrosulfide, solid; Sodium mercaptan; Sodium mercaptide; Sodium sulfhydrate
- Classification: Inorganic sulfide

Empirical: HNaS

Formula: NaSH

- Properties: Wh. to colorless cryst. solid; turns yel. on heating; odor of hydrogen sulfide; very sol. in water; sol. in alcohol, ether; m.w. 56.06; dens. 1.79; m.p. 350 C, forming a blk. liq.; aq. sol'ns. are strongly alkaline
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 18 mg/kg, (subcut., mouse) 200 mg/kg; toxic; poison by IP and subcut. routes; corrosive irritant to eyes, skin, mucous membranes; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm.; corrosive; spontaneous combustion; reacts violently with diazonium salts; readily yields H₂S; avoid contact with acid
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: ŠÕ₂, HS, NaOH; heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x and Na₂O

Storage: Hygroscopic; store under nitrogen

Uses: Dyestuffs processing reagent; rayon and cellophane desulfurizing; dehairing hides; bleaching reagent; textile bleaching; corrosion inhibitor for metal protection; sulfidity control in Kraft paper processes; reaction intermediate for thio compds.; paper pulping; leather tanning; flotation agent in iron processing; flotation depressant for copper ores; sulfur dyes; sulfur dye reducing agent in textiles; in food-contact polysulfide polymer/polyepoxy resins

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1650

Manuf./Distrib.: Chem. Prods.; Crompton/Witco; FMC Foret; Fluka; Jupiter; Nissan Chem. Ind.; PPG Ind.; Tessenderlo Kerley

Sodium bisulfite

- CAS 7631-90-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-548-0; UN No. 2693 (sol'n.) (DOT), 2949
- Synonyms: Acid sodium sulfite; Hydrogen sulfite sodium; Sodium acid sulfite; Sodium bisulfite (1:1); Sodium bisulfite, solid; Sodium bisulfite, solution; Sodium hydrogen sulfite; Sodium sulfhydrate; Sulfurous acid monosodium salt

Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: HO₃S • Na

Formula: NaHSO3

- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd., SO₂ odor, disagreeable taste; very sol. in hot or cold water; sl. sol. in alcohol; m.w. 104.06; dens. 1.48; m.p. 315 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 mg/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 2000 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 475 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 115 mg/kg; poison by IV and IP routes; mod. toxic by ing.; corrosive irritant to skin, eyes, mucous membranes; allergen; mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Precaution: Corrosive

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x and Na₂O
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Fusion of minerals to make sol'ns. for analysis; pickling metals; bleaching/carbonizing wool; dechlorination and oxygen scavenger in water treatment, oil extraction; corrosion inhibitors; textiles; copper and brass plating; wood pulp digestion; analytical reagent; color preservative (rubber); reducing agent; mfg. of dyestuff intermediates; cask sterilization (brewing); antiseptic; fermentation; acid, preservative, and bleach in food; pharmaceutic aid, antioxidant, stabilizer; reducing agent in chromium tanning, effluent treatment; reducing agent, fixative preservative in photography; reducing agent for polymerization initiators; dechlorination agent in textiles, paper
- Use Level: ADI 0-0.7 mg/kg (EU); 0.3-0.75% (sympathomimetic/ aminoglycoside medications)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §161.173, 173.310, 182.3739, GRAS; Europe listed; FDA approved for parenterals, inhalants, ophthalmics, orals, topicals; SARA reportable

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; BASF; Browning; Calabrian; Celanese; Charkit; Degussa-Hüls AG; DuPont; Fluka; General Chem.; Harcros; ICC Ind.; Independent Chem.; PVS; Penreco; Penta Mfg.; Primachem; Rhodia; Robeco; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Schaefer Tech.; Sigma; Southern $\label{eq:lonics} \mbox{Ionics; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Wm. Blythe Ltd$

See also Sodium metabisulfite

Sodium bisulfite (1:1). *See* Sodium bisulfite Sodium bisulfite, solid. *See* Sodium bisulfite Sodium bisulfite, solution. *See* Sodium bisulfite

Sodium borate

- CAS 1330-43-4 (anhyd.); 1332-28-1; EINECS/ELINCS 215-540-4
- Synonyms: Borates, tetra, sodium salt, anhydrous; Borax, fused; Sodium pyroborate anhydrous; Sodium borate anhydrous; Sodium tetraborate anhydrous

Classification: Borate/sodium salt

Empirical: B₄Na₂O₇

Formula: Na₂B₄O₇

- Properties: Colorless to wh. cryst. or powd., odorless; mod. sol. in water, glycerol; insol. in alcohol; m.w. 201.22; dens. 1.730; m.p. 741 C; b.p. 1575 C (dec.)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 1 mg/m³; TDLo (oral, male rate, 30 days) 16,750 μg/kg; harmful solid; inh. hazard; irritant; experimental reproductive effects; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O, boron

Storage: Hygroscopic; keep tightly closed

- Uses: Heat-resist. glass; porcelain enamel; detergents; herbicides; fertilizers; rust inhibitors; leather; photography; bleaches; paint; boron compds.; flux for smelting; flame-retardant fungicide for wood; soldering flux; cleaning preps.; laboratory reagent; in adhesives, sizes, and paper coatings for food contact; alkalizing agent, preservative, emulsifier for pharmaceuticals; food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact acrylate ester copolymer coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry foods; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.210, 176.180, 177.2800, 181.22, 181.30; FDA approved for ophthalmics; USP/NF, BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; Charkit; Coyne; E-Chemicals; Fluka; IMC Chems.; Independent Chem.; Noah; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.S. Borax; Universal Preserv-A-Chem

Sodium borate anhydrous. See Sodium borate

Sodium borate decahydrate

- CAS 1303-96-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-540-4
- Synonyms: Borax; Borax decahydrate; Boric acid disodium salt; Sodium biborate decahydrate; Sodium pyroborate decahydrate; Sodium tetraborate decahydrate
- Classification: Borate

Empirical: $B_4Na_2O_7 \cdot 10H_2O$

Formula: Na₂B₄O₇ • 10H₂O

- $\begin{array}{l} \textit{Properties:} \ \text{Wh. hard crystals, granules, or cryst. powd.; odorless; efflorescent; sol. 1 g/16 ml water, 1 ml glycerol; insol. in alcohol; m.w. 381.37; dens. 1.73; m.p. 75 C; b.p. 320 C (becomes anhyd.); decomp. pt. 1575 C; pH <math display="inline">\approx$ 9.5 \\ \end{array}
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 mg/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 2660 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 2711 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 1320 mg/kg; poison by subcut. route; mod. toxic by ing., IV, IP routes; mod. toxic to humans by ing.; irritant; effect on seizure threshold; ing. of 5-10 g by children can cause severe vomiting, diarrhea, shock, and death; experimental reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with acids, alkaloidal and metallic salts; explosive reaction with zirconium when heated
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O, boron

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in tightly closed container away from incompat. materials

Uses: Dispersant, wetting agent for NR, SR latexes; mold lubricant for dry rubber; in ant poisons; soldering metals; nonselective herbicide; larvicide; heat-resist. glass; porcelain enamel; detergents; fertilizers; rust inhibitors; mfg. of glazes; cleaning compds.; fly control; pharmaceuticals (alkalizer, preservative, emulsifier); leather; photography; bleaches; paint; boron compds.; soldering flux; flame-retardant fungicide for wood; flame retardant for cellulose; lab reagent; in food-pkg. adhesives; preservative in coatings for paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; preservative in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.210, 176.180, 177.2800, 181.22, 181.30; BP, Ph.Eur. compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; Ashland; BCH Brühl; Belinka; E-Chemicals; Fluka; IMC Chems.; Noah; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Sigma; Sinochem Liaoning; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.S. Borax *Trade Names:* Borax

Sodium borohydride

CAS 16940-66-2; EINECS/ELINCS 241-004-4; UN No. 1325; 1426 (DOT) Synonyms: SBH; Sodium tetrahydridoborate; Sodium tetrahydroborate Empirical: H₄BNa

Formula: NaBH4

- Properties: Wh. to grayish-wh. cryst. powd.; sol. in water, ammonia, amines, pyridine, diethylene glycol dimethyl ether; insol. in other ethers, hydrocarbons, alkyl chlorides; stable in dry air to 300 C; dec. in moist air; m.w. 37.83; m.p. 497 C (dec.)
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, rat) 18 mg/kg; LDLo (oral, rat) 160 mg/kg; poison by ing. and IP routes; corrosive; strong alkali; severe eye, skin, and mucous membrane irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flammable; dangerous fire risk; ignites in air above 288 C when exposed to spark; reacts with water to evolve hydrogen and sodium hydroxide; explosive and violent reactions possible; emits flamm. vapors on contact with acid fumes

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O Storage: Hygroscopic; store out of contact with water; do not store in glass containers

- Uses: Source of H₂ and other borohydrides; bleaching wood pulp; blowing agent for plastics; process stream purification; reducing agent; organic synthesis; formaldehyde scavenger for textile finishing; carbonyl reduction agent; catalyst; color purification in epoxy resins, plasticizers, curing amines for coatings, laminates, adhesives, elec. coatings, tooling, casting, and molding resins; storage tank purification; trace metal scavenger in effluent treatment; magnetic tape prod.
- Manuf./Distrib.: AC Ind.; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allan; Atomergic Chemetals; Charkit; Fabrichem; Fluka; Morton Int'l.; Sigma Trade Names: Borino®

Sodium bromide

CAS 7647-15-6; EINECS/ELINCS 231-599-9

Definition: Bromide salt of sodium

Empirical: BrNa

- Formula: NaBr
- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd. or gran.; bitter saline taste; sol. in water, ethanol; m.w. 102.90; sp.gr. 3.21; m.p. 755 C; b.p. 1390 C; pH 5.0-8.8 (5%)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3500 mg/kg, (subcut., rat) 2900 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; harmful, irritant; experimental reproductive effects; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Volatilizes at high temps.; incompat. with acids, alkaloidal and heavy metal salts
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Brand Na₂O

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic

- Uses: Photography; preparation of bromides; biocide precursor for cooling water treatment; biocide in pulp/paper industry; oil-well drilling fluids; medicine (sedative)
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Aldrich; BCH Brühl; Dead Sea Bromine; Fluka; Great Lakes; Hawks Chem. Co Ltd; Morre-Tec Ind.; Morton Int'l.; Ocean Chems.; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Schütz; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods. *Trade Names*: Metasol® 940; Sanibrom™ 40; Sanibrom™ 45

Sodium butyl oleate sulfate

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Lubricant, emulsifier in pigment flushing, cleaners, textiles, paper processing; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Trade Names: Actrasol SBO; Freedom SBO-65

Sodium butyl oleate sulfonate

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Lubricant, emulsifier in pigment flushing, cleaners, textiles, paper processing; textile dye assistant; lubricant, wetting agent/rewetting agent, penetrant in textile dyeing, leather dyeing, fat liquors, metal cutting oils, paper mfg.; leveling agent for acid dyes; detergent

Sodium butyl phosphate

Definition: Butyl ester of phosphoric acid, sodium salt

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Surfactant for textiles, agric., paper, cleaners, metal processing; fiber antistat

Trade Names: Servoxyl® VPI 55

Sodium butyl tallate sulfate

Uses: Dye assistant; wetting agent, rewetter for textiles; rewetting agent for paper; penetrant in leather dyeing; leveling agent for acid dyes; lubricant in textiles, leather, metalworking, paper mfg.

Trade Names: Freedom SBT-65

Sodium calcium edetate. See Calcium disodium EDTA

Sodium capryl sulfate. See Sodium octyl sulfate

Sodium carbonate

- CAS 497-19-8 (anhyd.); 5968-11-6 (monohydrate); 6132-02-1 (decahydrate); EINECS/ELINCS 207-838-8
- Synonyms: Bisodium carbonate; Calcined soda; Carbonic acid disodium salt; Crystol carbonate; Disodium carbonate; Natron; Sal soda; Soda ash; Soda calcined; Sodium carbonate (2:1); Washing soda

Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: CO₃ • 2Na

Formula: Na₂CO₃

- Properties: Colorless to wh. cryst. or cryst. powd., odorless, alkaline taste; sol. in water, glycerol; insol. in alcohol; m.w. 105.99 (anhyd.), 124.00 (monohydrate); dens. 2.509 (0 C); m.p. 109 C (loses water 851 C); b.p. dec., does not form vapor; pH 11.5 (1% aq.)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 4090 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 117 mg/kg, (subcut., mouse) 2210 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 2 h) 2300 mg/m³; poison by IP route; mod. toxic by inh. and subcut. routes; mildly toxic by ing.; skin and eye irritant; experimental reproductive effects; migrates to food from pkg. materials; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Violent reactions with AI, P₂O₅, H₂SO₄, F₂, Li, 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Detergent and cleaning prods.; intermediate in thermochemical reactions; food additive; mfg. of glass, pulp/paper, chemicals, sodium compds.; analytical reagent; corrosion/scale control, pH control, softener, water and waste treatment; aluminum prod.; textile processing; petroleum refining; sealing ponds from leakage; catalyst in coal liquefaction; intermediate for corn sweeteners, sodium bicarbonate, phosphates for improving foods and toiletries; pharmaceuticals

Use Level: ADI no limit (EU)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 184.1742, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; Japan approved; Europe listed; FDA approved for injectables, parenterals, ophthalmics, orals, rectals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur., JP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Albright & Wilson Am.; Aldrich; Amyl; Charkit; EM Ind.; FMC; Fluka; General Chem.; Harcros; IMC Chems.; Independent Chem.; Lohmann; Mallinckrodt Baker; Norsk Hydro AS; Oriental Chem. Ind.; Rhodia; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Schaefer Tech.; Sigma; Solvay Mins.; Solvay SA; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Varsal Instruments

Trade Names Containing: Calgon PTH

Sodium carbonate (2:1). See Sodium carbonate Sodium carboxymethylcellulose. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium

Sodium carboxymethyl corn starch

Uses: Visc. builder and water retention aid in aq. pigment coatings, paper coatings

Trade Names: Vandrox® 185F

Sodium carboxymethyl guar gum

Uses: Dry str. agent and formation aid in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Sodium carrageenan

CAS 9061-82-9; 60616-95-7

- Synonyms: Carrageenan, sodium salt; Sodium carrageenate; Sodium carragenate
- Definition: Sodium salt of carrageenan; mixt. of highly sulfated polygalactosides extracted from seaweed
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5650 mg/kg, (oral, mouse) 8730 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x and Na₂O
- Uses: Emulsifier, stabilizer, and thickener in foods and pharmaceuticals; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §136.110, 136.115, 136.130, 136.160, 136.180, 139.121, 139.122, 150.141, 150.161, 172.626, 176.170; FDA approved for orals

Sodium carrageenate. See Sodium carrageenan

Sodium carragenate. See Sodium carrageenan

Sodium caseinate

- CAS 9005-46-3; 9004-36-3
- Synonyms: Casein-sodium; Casein-sodium complex; Casein sodium salt; Caseins, sodium complexes
- Definition: Sodium salt of casein
- Properties: Wh. coarse powd., odorless, tasteless; insol. in water, alcohol Toxicology: TDLo (subcut., mouse, 15 days intermittent) 45 g/kg; question-
- able carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O

- Uses: Beer bottle label adhesives; foil-paper laminating adhesives; binder in paper coatings; protective colloid in emulsion polymerization; food additive, binder, extender, emulsifier, stabilizer, gellant, clarifying agent, coffee whiteners; food processing aid (Japan)
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §135.110, 135.140, 166.110, 182.1748, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; BATF 27CFR §240.1051, GRAS; Japan approved
- Manuf./Distrib.: Alfa Chem; Am. Casein; Premium Ingreds.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Spice King

Sodium castorate

CAS 8013-06-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-390-5

Synonyms: Castor oil, sodium salt

Definition: Sodium salt of the fatty acids derived from castor oil

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Softener and finishing oil; pasting oil for dyestuffs; defoamer in foodcontact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in food-contact rubber articles, textiles; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 176.210, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3910

Sodium castor oil sulfate

Synonyms: Castor oil, sulfated, sodium salt

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Acid etching additive; pigment wetter/dispersant; lubricant, emulsifier for metalworking fluids; textile softener/finishing oil; defoamer in food-contact paper coalings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200

Trade Names: Actrasol C-50; Actrasol C-75; Actrasol C-85

Sodium cellulose glycolate. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium

Sodium chlorate

CAS 7775-09-9; EINECS/ELINCS 231-887-4; UN No. 1495 (DOT), 2428 (DOT)

Synonyms: Chlorate of soda; Chloric acid sodium salt; Soda chlorate; Sodium chlorate, aqueous sol'n.

Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: CINaO₃

Formula: NaClO3

Properties: Colorless cryst. powd.; odorless; cooling saline taste; sol. in water, alcohol; m.w. 106.45; dens. 2.490 (15 C); m.p. 248-261 C; b.p. dec. above 300 C releasing oxygen

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1200 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 596 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing. and IP routes; human poison by unspecified routes; human systemic effects by ing.: blood hemolysis, pulmonary changes; damages red blood corpuscles (humans); skin, eye, and mucous membrane irritant;

mutagenic data; TSCA listed

- Precaution: DOT: Oxidizer; dangerous fire risk; contact with organic materials may cause fire; corrosive; may react explosively with agric. materials, ammonium salts, grease, leather, powd. metals, nonmetals, etc.; violent reactions or ignition possible
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Cl and Na₂O
- Uses: Oxidizing agent for dyestuffs, pulp bleaching; ore processing; defoliant; herbicide; leather tanning and finishing; textile mordant; matches ingred.; explosives ingred.; flares; pyrotechnics; mfg. of perchlorates; uranium extraction agent; pharmaceuticals; astringent; in food-pkg. adhesives and animal glues

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 178.3120; FDA approved for injectables Manuf./Distrib.: Albright & Wilson Am.; Aldrich; Atofina SA; Atofina; CXY Chems.; Chemical; Coyne; Eka Chems. AB; Eka Chems.; Finnish Chems. Oy; Fluka; Georgia Gulf; Huron Tech; J.F. Henry; Kerr-McGee; Occidental; PPG Ind.; Pacific West; Seidler; Sigma; Solvay SA; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sterling Pulp; Van Waters & Rogers

Sodium chlorate, aqueous sol'n. See Sodium chlorate

Sodium chloride

CAS 7647-14-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-598-3

Synonyms: Brine; Common salt; Halite; Rock salt; Saline; Salt; Sea salt; Sodum chloride, natural; Sodium chloride, refined; Table salt; White crystal

Classification: Inorganic salt

Definition: Occurs in nature as the mineral halite

Empirical: CINa

Formula: NaCl

- Properties: Colorless transparent cryst. or wh. cryst. powd., saline taste; sol. 1 g/2.8 ml water; sol. in glycerin; very sl. sol. in alcohol; m.w. 58.45; dens. 2.17; m.p. 804 C; f.p. -20.5 C (23% aq.); pH 6.7-7.3
- dens. 2.17; m.p. 804 C; f.p. -20.5 C (23% aq.); pH 6.7-7.3 *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 3.75 g/kg, (IP, rat) 6614 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 645 mg/kg; poison by IP and intracervical routes; mod. toxic by ing., IV, subcut. routes; human systemic effects (blood pressure increase); skin/ eye irritant; ing. of Ig. amts. can irritate stomach; terminates human pregnancy by intraplacental route; experimental teratogen; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Explosive reaction possible with dichloromaleic anhydride + urea; reaction with burning lithium forms dangerously reactive Na; molten salt reacts explosively with water @ 1100 C; violent reaction with BrF₃
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Cland Na₂O
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic; store @ R.T.

Uses: Source of chlorine and sodium; mfg. of soaps, dyes; in freezing mixtures; dyeing/printing fabrics; glazing pottery; curing hides; metallurgy; mineral processing agent; herbicide; electrolyte replenisher; oil-well drilling fluids; fertilizer ingred.; road de-icing agent; diluent; water softening by regeneration of ion exchange materials; filler in sanitary cleaners; preservative, flavoring for foods and pharmaceuticals; food curing; nutrient; feed supplement; topical anti-inflammatory; emetic

Use Level: Limitation 700 lb/10,000 gal water (poultry chilling)

- Regulatory: FDA 2CFR §163.153; 21CFR §131.111, 131.112, 131.136, 131.138, 131.144, 131.146, 131.162, 131.170, 131.185, 131.187, 133.123, 133.124, 133.169, 133.173, 133.179, 133.187, 133.188, 133.189, 133.190, 133.195, 136.110, 136.115, 136.130, 136.160, 136.180; 145.110, 145.130, 155, 156, 158, 161.170, 161.173, 161.190, 163.111, 163.112, 163.113, 163.114, 163.117, 163.123, 163.130, 163.135, 163.140, 163.145, 163.150, 163.155, 166.110, 169.115, 169.140, 169.150, 182.1, 182.70, 182.90; 9CFR 381.147; BP, PhEur
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Akzo Nobel Salt; Aldrich; Atofina; Bilt Chems. Ltd; CXY Chems.; Charkit; Crystran Ltd; EM Ind.; Fluka; Heico; Independent Chem.; Kraft Chem.; Mallinckrodt Baker; Morton Salt; O.C. Lugo; Olin/Chlor Alkali; PPG Ind.; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Sigma; Solvay SA; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stan Chem Int'l. Ltd; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Vivion

Trade Names Containing: Texapon® K-1296 Powd.; Texapon® VHC Needles

Sodium chloride oxide. See Sodium hypochlorite Sodium chloride, refined. See Sodium chloride

Sodium chlorite

CAS 7758-19-2; EINECS/ELINCS 231-836-6; UN No. 1496 (DOT), 1908 (DOT)

- Synonyms: Chlorous acid, sodium salt
- *Classification:* Chlorite salt

Empirical: CINaO2

Formula: NaClO2

- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; odorless; sol. 1 g/10 ml water; m.w. 90.45; sp.gr. 2.47; dens. 53 lb/ft³; cryst. pt. -7 C; m.p. dec. 180-200 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 165 mg/kg; poison by ing.; corrosive; strong irritant to skin and tissue; questionable carcinogen; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Oxidizer; ignited by friction, heat or shock; an explosive sensitive to impact or heating to 200 C; explosive reactions possible with acids, oils, org. matter, zinc, etc.; violent reaction or ignition possible; reactive with reducing agents
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits highly toxic fumes of Cl⁻ and Na₂O

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1

Storage: Deliq.; sl. hygroscopic

- Uses: Oxidizing agent improving taste and odor of potable water; color removal, disinfection, Fe/Mn removal in water treatment; oxidizing agent, bleaching agent for textiles, paper pulp, disinfecting; prod. of chlorine dioxide; food processing; antimicrobial effective against bacteria, algae, fungi, and viruses; electronics (oxidizer of copper layer in circuit boards); industrial air/flue gas treatment; oil field stimulation; process and wastewater treatment; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 186.1750, GRAS as indirect food additive
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMC Chems.; Albright & Wilson Am.; Aldrich; Arch Chems.; Atofina; Coyne; Fluka; ICC Ind.; Independent Chem.; Int'l. Dioxcide; Oriental Chem. Ind.; Sal Chem.; Seeler Ind.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Veckridge; Vivion; Vulcan Perf. Chems.; Westco
- Trade Names: Adox 3125; Adox 8125; C2® Sodium Chlorite; Drewchlor®; Sodium Chlorite Sol'n. 50, Tech.; Sodium Chlorite, Tech.

Sodium CMC. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium

Sodium CM-cellulose. See Carboxymethylcellulose sodium

Sodium cocoate

- CAS 61789-31-9; EINECS/ELINCS 263-050-4
- Synonyms: Coconut fatty acid, sodium salt; Coconut oil fatty acids, sodium salt; Fatty acids, coconut oil, sodium salts; Fatty acids, coco, sodium salts; Sodium coconate; Sodium coconut oil soap

Definition: Sodium salt of coconut acid

Properties: Anionic

- Toxicology: May cause allergic skin rash; TSCA listed
- Uses: Soap base; stabilizer; gelling agent; ointment base for pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings for polyolefin films; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact rubber articles, textiles; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of foodcontact metallic articles
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3910

Manuf./Distrib.: Norman, Fox

Sodium coconate. See Sodium cocoate

Sodium coconut oil soap. See Sodium cocoate

Sodium decylbenzenesulfonamide. See Sodium decylbenzene sulfonate

Sodium decylbenzene sulfonate

CAS 1322-98-1; EINECS/ELINCS 215-347-5

Synonyms: Decylbenzenesulfonic acid, sodium salt; Decylbenzene sodium sulfonate; Sodium decylbenzenesulfonamide

Classification: Substituted aromatic compd.

Empirical: $C_{16}H_{25}O_3S \cdot Na$

Properties: M.w. 320.46; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 2000 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 115 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mod. toxic by ing.; severe eye irritant; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x Uses: Detergent, foaming agent, wetting agent for personal care prods.; defoamer, dispersant, adjuvant in foods; in food-pkg. adhesives; can end cement for food contact; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; emulsifier in foodcontact rubber articles for repeated use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3130, 178.3400

Sodium dibutyl naphthalene sulfonate

CAS 25417-20-3

Synonyms: Nekal

Empirical: C18H24O3S · Na

Properties: M.w. 343.47; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1250 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic fumes of SO, and Na,O

Uses: Dispersant, wetting agent, penetrant, emulsifier for pesticides, industrial cleaning, textiles, dyeing, leather, paper, dyes, rubber, latex polymerization; wetting agent in food-contact polysulfide polymer/polyepoxy resins Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1650

Trade Names: Rhodacal® BX-78

Sodium diethylenetriaminepentakis (methylenephosphonate)

Uses: Sequestrant for water treatment, detergent industries for scale and corrosion inhibition, metal ion control; crystal growth modifier; also for pulp/ paper, textile processing, bleach stabilization; sec. oil recovery; desalination

Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate)

CAS 22042-96-2

Synonyms: Diethylene triamine penta (methylene phosphonic acid) sodium salt; Phosphonic acid, ((bis(2-(bis (phosphonomethyl) amino) ethyl) amino) methyl)-, sodium salt; Phosphonic acid, (((phosphonomethyl)imini) bis (2,1-ethanediylnitrilobis (methylene))) tetrakis-, sodium salt

Classification: Substituted amine

Empirical: C₉H₂₈N₃O₁₅P₅ • xNa *Properties:* M.w. 734.18

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 5 g/kg; low toxicity by ing. and skin contact; TSCA listed
- Environmental: LD50 (oral, quail) > 2510 mg/kg, (oral, duck) > 2510 mg/kg Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x, NaO, and PO_x
- Uses: Deflocculant and sequestrant for cooling water treatment, textile and pulp bleach stabilization, oil fields, deinking, liq. detergents; desalination antiscalant; sequestrant, dispersant, scale inhibitor for I&I cleaning, detergents, metal cleaning, pulp and paper bleaching, dairy cleaners, bottle washing, electroplating, oil field water treatment, peroxide stabilization, textile applics., flash desalination

Trade Names: Briquest® 543-33S; Dequest® 2066A

Sodium di(2-ethylhexyl) sulfosuccinate. See Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate Sodium dihexyl sulfosuccinate. See Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate

Sodium 1,2-diisobutoxycarbonylethanesulfonate. See Diisobutyl sodium sulfosuccinate

Sodium diisobutylphenoxy diethoxyethyl sulfonate

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Sodium diisobutylphenoxy monoethoxyethyl sulfonate

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Sodium diisobutyl sulfosuccinate. See Diisobutyl sodium sulfosuccinate

Sodium diisooctyl sulfosuccinate

Synonyms: Diisooctyl sodium sulfosuccinate Empirical: C20H37NaO7S

Properties: M.w. 444.56; anionic

Uses: Mold release agent for plastics; wetting agent for pesticides, textile processing, dry cleaning, household/industrial cleaners, ceramics, varnishes; wetting agent, penetrant for paper strippers, solder flux; pigment dispersant for lacquers, paints, plastics; wetting agent, emulsifier for glass/ metal cleaners, dust repellents, firefighting foams

Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate

CAS 128-04-1 (hydrate); EINECS/ELINCS 204-876-7 (hydrate); UN No. 1760

Synonyms: SDDC; Carbamodithioic acid, dimethyl-, sodium salt; Dibam; Dimethyldithiocarbamic acid sodium salt; Methyl Namate; Sodium N,Ndimethyl dithiocarbamate

Empirical: $C_3H_6NS_2 \cdot Na; C_3H_6NNaS_2 \cdot nH_2O$

Formula: (CH₃)₂NCS₂Na

- Properties: Crystals; sol. in water; m.w. 143.19 + aq.; dens. 1.1 (20/20 C); m.p. 95 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1000 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 1000 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing., IP and subcut. routes; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NOx, SO_x, and Na₂O
- Uses: Intermediate; pesticide; fungicide; corrosion inhibitor; rubber accelerator; biocide, fungicide, and algicide in water treatment; heavy metal precipitant to remove metals from wastewater streams; biocide in paper sizing, adhesives, cutting fluids; polymerization shortstop; termination agent for S/B rubber prod.; antimicrobial for cane-sugar and beet-sugar mills; in food-pkg. adhesives; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard; accelerator for food-contact rubber articles for repeated use
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.320 (3 ppm max.), 175.105, 176.300, 177.2600; SARA reportable
- Manuf./Distrib.: Alco; Complex Quimica SA; FMC Foret; Fluka; Novachem Corp.; R.T. Vanderbilt; Tessenderlo Kerley; Uniroyal; Venus Ethoxyethers; Vinings Ind.; Wall Chem.

Trade Names: Aquatreat® SDM; Paxgard SDC; Thiostop® N

Trade Names Containing: Amerstat® 272; Aquatreat® DNM-9; Aquatreat® DNM-30; Aquatreat[®] DNM-360; Metasol[®] 300; Qemicide DTC-35; Vancide® 51

Sodium N,N-dimethyl dithiocarbamate. See Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate

- Sodium di-(2-methylpentyl) sulfosuccinate. See Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate
- Sodium dioctyl sulfosuccinate. See Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate
- Sodium dioxide. See Sodium peroxide
- Sodium diphenyl-4,4 bis-azo-2 8 amino-1 naphthol-3 ,6 disulfonate. See Direct blue 6

Sodium diphenyl ether disulfonate

CAS 70191-76-3

- Properties: Anionic
- Uses: Surfactant for paper, textiles, metalworking, industrial and household cleaners

Sodium diphosphate. See Tetrasodium pyrophosphate

Sodium distearyl phosphate

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Sodium dithionate. See Sodium hydrosulfite

Sodium dithionite. See Sodium hydrosulfite

Sodium ditridecyl sulfosuccinate. See Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate Sodium dodecanoate. See Sodium laurate

Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate

- CAS 25155-30-0; 68081-81-2; 68608-89-9; 85117-50-6; EINECS/ELINCS 246-680-4
- Synonyms: SDBS; NaDBS; Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, sodium salt; Dodecylbenzene sodium sulfonate; Dodecylbenzenesulfonate, sodium salt; Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid sodium salt; Sodium alkylbenzene sulfonate, branched; Sodium lauryl benzene sulfonate
- Classification: Substituted aromatic compd.

Empirical: $C_{18}H_{29}O_3S \cdot Na$

- Properties: Wh. to It. yel. flakes, granules, or powd.; m.w. 348.52; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 438 mg/kg, (oral, mouse) 1330 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 105 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mod. toxic by ing.; skin and severe eye irritant; ing. can cause vomiting; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na2O Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, wetting agent for emulsion polymerization, industrial cleaning, cosmetics, textiles, laundry, paints; emulsifier for metalworking fluids, pesticides; penetrant; dye leveling; grinding aid; plasticizer; cement admixture; anticaking agent; washing water agent for washing/lye peeling of fruits/vegetables; denuding agent; poultry scald agent; animal glue adjuvant; surfactant in topical pharmaceuticals; food-contact paper coatings, acrylic food pkg.; emulsifier in prod. of polyethylene phthalate polymers for food pkg.; in cellophane for food pkg.; emulsifier in foodcontact rubber articles for repeated use; in food-contact textiles; as sanitizing solution for food contact and milk bottles

Use Level: Limitation 0.2% (in wash water)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.315, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.1200, 177.1630, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.1010, 178.3120, 178.3130, 178.3400; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; FDA approved for topicals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albright & Wilson Am.; Aldrich; Ashland; Chem-Tex Labs; DuPont; Emkay; Fluka; Intertrade Holdings; Lidochem; Norman, Fox; Pilot; Rhodia HPCII; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stepan; Tokyo Kasei Kogyo; Unger Fabrikker AS
- Trade Names: Calimulse EM-22; Calimulse EM-30; Calimulse EM-96F; Maranil® A 25 IS; Maranil® Paste A 55; NACCONOL® 40G; NACCO-NOL® 90G; Nansa® HS80S; Nansa® HS85/S; Newrex Paste H; Newrex Powd. F; Newrex R; Norfox® 90; POLYSTEP® A-7; POLY-STEP® A-15; POLYSTEP® A-16; POLYSTEP® A-16-22; POLYSTEP® LAS-50; Rhodacal® DS/4-E25; Rhodacal® DS-10; Ufaryl DB 80; Ufaryl DL 80 CW; Ufaryl DL 85; Ufaryl DL 90 C
- Sodium n-dodecylpolyethoxy (50 moles) sulfate. See Sodium laureth-50 sulfate
- Sodium dodecyl sulfate. See Sodium lauryl sulfate
- Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate. See Sodium lauryl sulfate
- Sodium DTPA. *See* Pentasodium pentetate
- Sodium EDTMPA. See Pentasodium ethylene diamine tetramethylene phosphonate
- Sodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate. See Tetrasodium EDTA
- Sodium (2-ethylhexyl) alcohol sulfate. See Sodium 2-ethylhexyl sulfate

Sodium 2-ethylhexyl sulfate

CAS 126-92-1; ÉINECS/ELINCS 204-812-8

- Synonyms: 2-Ethylhexyl sodium sulfate; 2-Ethyl-1-hexanol, hydrogen sulfate, sodium salt; 2-Ethyl-1-hexanol sulfate sodium salt; Sulfuric acid, mono (2-ethylhexyl) ester sodium salt; Sodium (2-ethylhexyl) alcohol sulfate; Mono (2-ethylhexyl) sulfate sodium salt
- Definition: Sodium salt of 2-ethylhexyl sulfate

Empirical: $C_8H_{17}O_4S \cdot Na$

- Properties: M.w. 232.28; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 4 g/kg, (oral, mouse) 1550 mg/kg; poison by IP route; mod. toxic by ing., skin contact; skin and eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of SO, and Na₂O
- Uses: Electroplating bath additive; wetting agent for alkaline textile processing aids, industrial cleaners; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; low-foaming detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, penetrant, stabilizer for cosmetics, textiles, household and industrial cleaners, metal cleaning, paints, plastics, rubber, food pkg. and processing, adhesives; coemulsifier for polymerization
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albright & Wilson Am.; Chemron; Niacet; Rhodia HPCII; Sigma
- Trade Names: Avirol® SA 4106; DeSULF SEH-40; Sintrex EHR; Sulfotex OA; Texapon® EHS

Sodium feldspar. See Sodium silicoaluminate

Sodium ferrocyanide

CAS 13601-19-9; EINECS/ELINCS 237-081-9

Synonyms: Sodium ferrocyanide decahydrate; Sodium hexacyanoferrate (II); Yellow prussiate of soda

Definition: Avail. as the decahydrate

Empirical: C₆FeN₆Na₄ • 10H₂O

Formula: Na₄Fe(CN)₆ • 10H₂O

- Properties: Yel. cryst. or cryst. powd.; sol. in water; pract. insol. in most org. solvs.; m.w. 303.92 (anhyd.), 484.06 (decahydrate); dens. 1.458; dec. 435 C; loses water on heating above 50 C
- Precaution: Do not mix with hot or conc. acids; protect from sunlight to avoid generation of hydrogen cyanide

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of CN-Storage: Protect from sunlight Uses: Mfg. of sodium ferricyanide, blue pigments, blueprint paper; flotation depressant for copper ores; heavy metal scavenger; pickling metals; polymerization catalyst; photographic oxidizing agent/fixative; anticaking agent for table salt; food processing aid, cryst. modifier; in wine

Use Level: ADI 0-0.025 mg/kg (EU)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.490 (13 ppm max.), GRAS; BATF 27CFR §240.1051 (1 ppm max. residue in finished wine); Europe listed; UK approved
- Manuf./Distrib.: ADA Int'l.; AMC Chems.; Atomergic Chemetals; Degussa-Hüls Ltd; Fluka; Rit-Chem; Sinochem Liaoning

Sodium ferrocyanide decahydrate. See Sodium ferrocyanide

Sodium formaldehyde hydrosulfite. See Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate

Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate

- CAS 149-44-0; 6035-47-8 (dihydrate); EINECS/ELINCS 295-739-4
- Synonyms: SFS; Formaldehyde hydrosulfite; Formaldehyde sodium bisulfite adduct; Formaldehyde sodium sulfoxylate; Hydroxymethanesulfinic acid monosodium salt; Hydroxymethanesulfinic acid sodium salt; Methanesulfinic acid, hydroxy-, monosodium salt; Monosodium hydroxymethane sulfinate; Sodium formaldehyde hydrosulfite; Sodium hydroxymethane sulfinate; Sodium methanalsulfoxylate; Sodium sulfoxylate formaldehyde
- Definition: Avail. as the dihydrate
- *Empirical:* CH_3NaO_3S ; $CH_3NaO_3S \cdot 2H_2O$
- Formula: HOCH₂SOONa or HOCH₂SOONa 2H₂O
- Properties: Wh. cryst., garlic odor; sol. in water; sl. sol. in alcohol, ether, chloroform, benzene; readily dec. by dil. acids; m.w. 118.09 (anhyd.), 154.11 (dihydrate); m.p. 64-68 C (dihydrate); pH 9.5-10.5 (2%)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2 g/kg; LDLo (subcut., mouse) 3000 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing. and subcut. routes; irritating to respiratory system; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_{x_1} Na₂O
- HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 1
- *Storage:* Keep well closed in cool place
- Uses: Catalyst/polymerization regulator for plastics; redox activator in S/B rubber prod.; reducing agent for redox-catalyzed polymerization; paint raw material; stripping and discharge agent for textiles; in food-pkg. adhesives; reducing agent in vat dyeing; bleaching agent for molasses, soap; antioxidant in pharmaceuticals; treatment of mercury poisoning; polymerization catalyst in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1210, 177.2600; FDA approved for parenterals, topicals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AC Ind.; Aceto; Aldrich; Benco; CP PhibroChem; Cognis/ Coatings & Inks; Fluka; J.A. Gross; L. Bruggemann; Passaic Color & Chem.; Phibrochem; Royce Assoc.; Ruger; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Van Waters & Rogers; Wang Trading Enterprises; Whyte Chems. Ltd Trade Names: Hydrosulfite® AWC

Sodium fructoheptonate

Uses: Chelating agent in food-contact paper/paperboard mfg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.150

Sodium gluceptate. See Sodium glucoheptonate

Sodium glucoheptonate

- CAS 13007-85-7; EINECS/ELINCS 235-849-8
- Synonyms: Gluceptate, sodium; Glucoheptonic acid, sodium salt; D-Glycero-D-gulo-heptonic acid, monosodium salt; Sodium gluceptate
- Classification: Organic salt

Empirical: C7H13NaO8

- Formula: HOCH₂(CHOH)₅COO⁻ Na⁺
- Properties: Lt. tan cryst. powd.; m.w. 248.16
- Uses: Chelating agent in dairy cleaners, bottle cleaners, food-contact paper/ paperboard mfg.; metal cleaning; kier boiling; caustic boiloff; paint stripping; boiler water additive for food processing; aluminum etchant ingred.; sequestrant; latex stabilizer; intravenous pharmaceuticals
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §173.315 (limitation < 1 ppm cyanide), 176.150; FDA approved for intravenous
- Manuf./Distrib.: Atomergic Chemetals; Brook-Chem; Burlington Chem.; Callaway; Chem. Distribution; Encee Chem. Sales; Hickson Danchem;

Jarchem Ind.; Lowenstein Dyes & Cosmetics; Milport Enterprises; O.C. Lugo; Pfanstiehl Labs; Quaker City; RussTech; Seppic; Surfactants Inc; Van Waters & Rogers

Sodium gluconate

- CAS 527-07-1; EINECS/ELINCS 208-407-7
- Synonyms: D-Gluconic acid monosodium salt; Gluconic acid sodium salt; Monosodium gluconate; Monosodium D(-)-pentahydroxy capronate; Sodium d-gluconate
- Classification: Nonaromatic acid salt
- Definition: Sodium salt of gluconic acid
- Empirical: C₆H₁₁NaO7
- *Formula:* HOCH₂CHOHCHOHCHOHCHOHCOONa
- Properties: Wh. to ylsh. cryst. powd., pleasant odor; sol. 59 g/100 ml water; sl. sol. in alcohol; insol. in ether; m.w. 218.16; m.p. 206 C (dec.)
- Toxicology: LDLo (IV, rabbit) 7630 mg/kg; low toxicity by IV route; TSCA listed Environmental: Easily degraded biologically; presents no waste problem
- *Precaution:* Avoid dust formation
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Storage: Keep in well-closed container in dry place

Uses: Sequestering agent and chelant in metal plating, derusting, bottlewashing formulations; metal cleaners; tanning of hides; mordants for fabrics; paints; paint stripper; aluminum deoxidizer; chrome tanning; rust remover; nutrient, mineral source in foods and pharmaceuticals

Use Level: ADI 0-50 mg/kg (EU, as total gluconic acid)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR \$182.6757, GRAS; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals

Manuf./Distrib.: ADA Int'l.; Akzo Nobel; Albright & Wilson Am.; Aldrich; Am. Biorganics; Charkit; Faesy & Besthoff; Fluka; Glucona Am.; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Jarchem Ind.; Jungbunzlauer; Lohmann; PMP Fermentation Prods.; Pfizer Int'l.; Rit-Chem; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Seppic; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Vivion; Wego Chem. & Min.

Trade Names: Gluconal® NG-C

Sodium d-gluconate. See Sodium gluconate

Sodium glyceryl trioleate sulfate

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Lubricant, emulsifier in pigment flushing, cleaners, textiles, paper processing

Sodium hexacyanoferrate (II). See Sodium ferrocyanide

Sodium hexadecanoate. See Sodium palmitate

Sodium 2,4-hexadienoate. See Sodium sorbate

Sodium hexametaphosphate

- CAS 10124-56-8; EINECS/ELINCS 233-343-1; FEMA 3027
- Synonyms: HMP; SHMP; Glassy sodium; Hexametaphosphate sodium salt; Hexasodium metaphosphate; Metaphosphoric acid, hexasodium salt; Phosphate, sodium hexameta-; Sodium polymetaphosphate
- Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: O₁₈P₆ • 6Na

Formula: (NaPO₃)₆

- Properties: Colorless to wh. powd. or flakes; odorless; sol. in water; m.w. 611.76; sp.gr. 2.181; m.p. 1184 F; pH 6.0-7.7; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 6200 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 870 mg/kg, (subcut., mouse) 1300 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 62 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mod. toxic by IP, subcut. routes; mildly toxic by ing.; may cause skin/eye/ respiratory/digestive tract irritation; may cause flaccid paralysis, somnolence, convulsions, changes in tubules (incl. acute renal failure); TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of PO_x and Na₂O

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in cool, dry place in a tightly closed container

Uses: Sequestrant, dispersant, emulsifier, suspending agent, corrosion/scale control in personal care prods., water treatment, drinking water treatment, cleaning formulations; water softener; binder in refractory bricks; textile scouring/Kier boiling agent; reagent; deflocculant in paper, paint, ceramics, oil drilling; foods (emulsifier, stabilizer, sequestrant, texturizer, dietary supplement, water binding agent; hog/poultry scald agent); milk scale control agent; pharmaceuticals (buccals)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 182.90, 182.6760, 182.6769, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for buccals

Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; ADA Int'l.; Albright & Wilson Am.; Albright & Wilson UK; Am. Int'l.; BCH Brühl; Browning; Dastech Int'l.; FMC; Farleyway Chem. Ltd; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; Monsanto; Rhodia; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Sinochem Liaoning; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Wego Chem. & Min. Trade Mamoe; KalipelW 200.

Trade Names: Kalipol™ 20

Sodium hydrate. See Sodium hydroxide

Sodium hýdrogen carbonate. *Šee* Sodium bicarbonate Sodium hydrogen phosphate. *See* Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous Sodium hydrogen sulfate. *See* Sodium bisulfate

Sodium hydrogen sulfide. See Sodium bisulfide Sodium hydrogen sulfite. See Sodium bisulfite

Sodium hydrosulfide. See Sodium bisulfide

Sodium hydrosulfide, solid. See Sodium bisulfide

Sodium hydrosulfide, sol'n. See Sodium bisulfide

Sodium hydrosulfite

CAS 7775-14-6 (anhyd.); EINECS/ELINCS 231-890-0; UN No. 1384 (DOT) Synonyms: Disodium dithionate; Disodium dithionite; Dithionous acid disodium salt; Sodium dithionate; Sodium dithionite; Sodium hyposulfite; Sodium sulfoxylate

Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: Na₂O₄S₂

Formula: NaO₂SSO₂Na

- Properties: Wh. or yel.-wh. large transparent cryst., bitter taste; sl. sol. in cold water; insol. in alcohol, conc. HCl; dec. in hot water; m.w. 174.10; dens. 2.189; m.p. 55 C; dec. 267 C
- *Toxicology:* Toxic, irritant to skin; allergen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Flamm. solid; fire risk; spontaneously combustible; ignites on contact with water or sodium chlorite
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Dec. violently when heated to 190 C, emitting toxic fumes of SO_x and Na₂O
- NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 2

Storage: Moisture-sensitive

- Uses: Chemical reagent for the reduction of aldehydes and ketones to alcohols; vat dyeing of fibers and textiles; stripping agent for dyes; wood pulp bleaching; bleaching food, sugar, soap, oils, paper, clay, textiles; oxygen scavenger for syn. rubbers; polymerization terminator (S/B rubber prod.); photography; paint raw material; gas analysis; rust remover; migrating to food from paper/paperboard; pharmaceuticals (reducing agent; salvarsan; urine tests for detection of paraquat poisoning); reducing agent in textile dyeing; chromium reducing agent in effluent treatment; kaolin bleaching in mining; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2800, 182.90; Japan approved (0.03-5 g/kg residual as sulfur dioxide), not permitted in certain foods; FDA approved for parenterals; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Arch Chems.; BCH Brühl; Brown; Burlington Chem.; Celanese; Clariant; Cognis/Coatings & Inks; Coyne; Dastech Int'l.; FMC Foret; Farleyway Chem. Ltd; Fluka; ICC Ind.; Independent Chem.; Int'l. Chem. Inc; LaRoche Ind.; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Morton Int'l.; Nissan Chem. Ind.; Olin/Chlor Alkali; PPG Ind.; Robeco; Schaefer Tech.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sumitomo Chem.; Vulcan Perf. Chems.; Whyte Chems. Ltd
- Trade Names: Blankit®; Hydrolin; Hydrosulfite of Soda, 70%; Hydrosulfite of Soda Conc.; Hydrosulphite®

Sodium hydroxide

CAS 1310-73-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-185-5; UN No. 1823 (DOT); 1824 (DOT)

Synonyms: Caustic soda; Lye; Soda lye; Sodium hydrate; White caustic Classification: Alkali hydroxide

Empirical: HNaO

Formula: NaOH

- Properties: Wh. solid beads or pellets; absorbs water and CO₂ from air; sol. in water, alcohol, methanol, glycerin; m.w. 40.00; dens. 2.12 (20/4 C); vapor pressure 1 mm (739 C); m.p. 318 C; b.p. 1390 C
- *Toxicology:* ACGIH TLV/CL 2 mg/m³ of air; LD50 (IP, mouse) 40 mg/kg; LDLo (oral, rabbit) 500 mg/kg; poison by IP route; mod. toxic by ing.; corrosive irritant to eyes, skin, mucous membrane; mists and dusts cause

small burns; inh. can damage upper respiratory tract and lungs; mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Precaution: DOT: Corrosive material; strong base; incompat. with acids and water; may ignite or react violently with many org. compds.; dangerous material to handle

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na2O NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1

Storage: Delig.

Uses: Chemical mfg.; rayon; cellophane; neutralizing agent in petrol. refining; textile processing; pulp and paper bleaching; deinking and water treatment at pulp mills; soaps; vegetable oil refining reagent; reclaiming rubber; solvent for colorants; processing aid in petrol. mfg.; prod. of alumina; etching and electroplating; boiler water treatment, coagulation, corrosion/ scale control, pH control, softening; industrial cleaner ingred.; ion-exchange resin regeneration; dyes; pharmaceutical alkalizing agent, buffering agent; food additive; pH control; dispersant for suspended material such as silt and metal oxides

Use Level: ADI no limit (EU)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §163.110, 172.560, 172.814, 172.892, 173.310, 184.1763, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; BATF 27CFR §21.101, 240.1051a; Japan restricted; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for injectables, dentals, parenterals, inhalants, ophthalmics, orals, rectals, topicals, vaginals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance; SARA reportable
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Advance Research Chems.; Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Allied Universal; Altivia; Am. Biorganics; Arch Chems.; Asahi Denka Kogyo; Atofina; BCH Brühl; Bilt Chems. Ltd; CXY Chems.; Degussa-Hüls AG; Dow; EM Ind.; FMC; Fluka; GE Plastics; General Chem.; Georgia Gulf; Georgia-Pacific Resins; Harcros; HoltraChem; Hydrite; Kuehne Chem.; LaRoche Ind.; Nissan Chem. Ind.; Norsk Hydro AS; Occidental; Olin/Chlor Alkali; PPG Ind.; PVS; Primachem; Rasa Ind.; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Schaefer Tech.; Sigma; Solvay Mins.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Van Waters & Rogers; Varsal Instruments; Vulcan Perf. Chems.; Weyerhaeuser
- Trade Names Containing: Degal BP; Neonal™-HSC

Sodium 2-hydroxydiphenyl. See Sodium o-phenylphenate

Sodium hydroxymethane sulfinate. See Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate Sodium 4-[(2-hydroxy-1-naphthyl) azo] benzenesulfonate. See Acid orange

Sodium 2-hydroxy-3-(2-propenyloxy) 1-propanesulfonate CAS 52556-42-0; EINECS/ELINCS 258-004-5

Synonyms: 3-Allyloxy-2-hydroxy-1-propanesulfonic acid, sodium salt; 1-Propanesulfonic acid, 2-hydroxy-3-(2-propenyloxy)-, monosodium salt; Sodium 3-(allyloxy)-2-hydroxypropanesulfonate

Classification: Sulfonic acids and salts

Empirical: C₆H₁₂NaO₅S

Properties: M.w. 218.21; dens. 1.170; ref. index 1.3940

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Storage: Air-sensitive

Uses: Polymerizable surfactant for vinylic systems; antistatic props.; promotes adhesion of pigments; used for emulsion polymerization in paper, textile, fiber, and adhesives industries

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich Trade Names: SPAE

Sodium hypochlorite

CAS 7681-52-9; EINECS/ELINCS 231-668-3; UN No. 1791 (DOT)

Synonyms: Bleaching sol'n.; Dakins sol'n.; Hypochlorite sol'n.; Hypochlorous acid, sodium salt; Labarrque's sol'n.; Liquid bleach; Sodium chloride oxide; Sodium oxychloride

Classification: Hypochlorous acid salt

Empirical: CINaÖ

Formula: NaOCI

- Properties: Pale greenish to yel. liq., chlorine bleach odor; sol. in water; reacts with many org. solvs.; m.w. 74.45; sp.gr. 1.1 (6% sol'n.); m.p. -6 C (5%); dec. above 40 C; pH ≈ 11
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 5800 mg/kg; TDLo (IV, man) 45 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; strong irritant to tissue; highly irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory tract; human systemic effects by ing. (somnolence, blood pressure decrease, nausea, vomiting); tumorigen; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Environmental: Hazardous to environment

- Precaution: Corrosive; strong oxidizer capable of igniting combustibles; highly explosive, sensitive to heat or friction; forms explosive prods. with amines; unstable in air; fire risk
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O and Cl
- HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1
- Uses: Bleaching paper, pulp, and textiles; household bleach; intermediate; organic chemicals; water disinfection/purification/treatment, taste/odor control, slime control, effluent treatment; swimming pool disinfectant; laundering; reagent; fungicide; germicide; seed treatment; chlorinating agent; medicine (antiseptic for wounds); disinfection, deodorization in foods, beverages; washing/lye peeling of fruits/vegetables; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty food; in food-contact textiles; as sanitizing solution for food contact
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.315, 175.105, 176.170, 177.2800, 178.1010; Japan approved as bleaching agent, restricted as sterilizing agent; BP compliance (sol'n.)
- Manuf./Distrib.: Ajinomoto; Albemarle; Aldrich; Allied Universal; Arch Chems.; Asahi Denka Kogyo; Atofina; Bio-Lab; Degussa-Hüls AG; Delta; Fluka; George Mann; Harcros; Hydrite; KIK Int'l.; Kuehne Chem.; Mitsubishi Chem.; Norsk Hydro AS; Occidental; Olin/Chlor Alkali; P.B. & S.; Robeco; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Showa Denko; Sigma; Solvay SA; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem Trade Names: Adeka Hypote

Sodium hyposulfite. See Sodium hydrosulfite; Sodium thiosulfate anhydrous Sodium hyposulfite pentahydrate. See Sodium thiosulfate pentahydrate

Sodium isobutyl oleate sulfate

Synonyms: Isobutyl oleate, sulfated, sodium salt Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Sodium isothiocyanate. See Sodium thiocyanate

Sodium laurate

- CAS 629-25-4; EINECS/ELINCS 211-082-4 Synonyms: Dodecanoic acid sodium salt; Lauric acid sodium salt; Sodium
- dodecanoate Definition: Sodium salt of lauric acid
- Empirical: C₁₂H₂₃O₂ Na
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₀COONa

Properties: M.w. 222.31

- Toxicology: LDLo (unreported, mouse) 400 mg/kg; poison by unspecified route; severe skin irritant; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O
- Uses: Binder, emulsifier, and anticaking agent in foods; food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings for polyolefin films; in paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact coating's and paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; in food-contact textiles; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.863, 175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3910

Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma

Trade Names: EW-POL 7902 NaC 12

Sodium laureth sulfate

- CAS 1335-72-4; 3088-31-1; 9004-82-4 (generic); 13150-00-0; 15826-16-1; 68585-34-2; EINECS/ELINCS 221-416-0
- Synonyms: PEG (1-4) lauryl ether sulfate, sodium salt; Poly(oxy-1,2ethanediyl), α -sulfo- ω -(dodecyloxy)-, sodium salt; Sodium lauryl ether sulfate; Sodium POE lauryl sulfate
- Definition: Sodium salt of sulfated ethoxylated lauryl alcohol
- Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOSO_3Na$, avg. n = 1-4
- Properties: Yel. lig. or paste; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1600 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; irritating to eyes and skin; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x and Na₂O
- Uses: Foam stabilizer, detergent, flash foamer, wetter, visc. builder for detergent systems, personal care prods.; emulsifier for emulsion polymerization (vinyl acetate, acrylates, methacrylates, styrene, butadiene); textile

aux.; dispersant in plasterboard prod.; concrete air-entrainment agent; coupling agent; leveling agent; pearlizing agent; for paper coatings; textile coatings; paints; adhesives; industrial coatings; shampoo base; topical pharmaceuticals; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA approved for topicals

- Manuf./Distrib.: Chemron; Clariant; Condea Vista; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Lonza; Norman, Fox; Pilot; Rhodia HPCII; Sea-Land; Stepan; U.S. Synthetics; Unger Fabrikker AS
- Trade Names: Abex® 23S; Paxnol LES; POLYSTEP® B-330S; Stanfax 1066

Trade Names Containing: Abex® VA 50

Sodium laureth-12 sulfate

CAS 9004-82-4 (generic); 66161-57-7; EINECS/ELINCS 221-416-0

Synonyms: PEG (12) lauryl ether sulfate, sodium salt; PEG 600 lauryl ether

sulfate, sodium salt; Sodium POE (12) lauryl ether sulfate

Definition: Sodium salt of the sulfate ester of the PEG ether of lauryl alcohol Empirical: $C_{36}H_{74}O_{16}S \cdot Na$

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOSO_3Na$, avg. n = 12

Properties: Anionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Detergent, foaming agent for cosmetics; emulsion polymerization; foodpkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard *Trade Names*: POLYSTEP® B-23

Sodium laureth-50 sulfate

Synonyms: Sodium n-dodecylpolyethoxy (50 moles) sulfate *Uses:* In food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180

Sodium lauryl benzene sulfonate. See Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate Sodium lauryl ether sulfate. See Sodium laureth sulfate

Sodium lauryl sulfate

- CAS 151-21-3; 68585-47-7; 68955-19-1; EINECS/ELINCS 205-788-1; 271-557-7; 273-257-1
- Synonyms: SDS; SLS; Dodecyl alcohol, hydrogen sulfate, sodium salt; Dodecyl sodium sulfate; Dodecylsulfate sodium salt; Lauryl sodium sulfate; Lauryl sulfate sodium salt; Monododecyl sodium sulfate; Sodium dodecyl sulfate; Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate; Sodium monododecyl sulfate; Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt

Classification: Alkyl sulfate salt

Definition: Sodium salt of lauryl sulfate

- Empirical: $C_{12}H_{25}O_4S \cdot Na$
- *Formula:* CH₃(CH₂)₁₀CH₂OSO₃Na
- Properties: Wh. to cream crystals, flakes, or powd., faint fatty odor; mod. sol. in water; m.w. 288.38; sp.gr. > 1.1 (20 C); m.p. 204-207 C; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1288 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 210 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 118 mg/kg; poison by IV, IP routes; mod. toxic by ing.; human skin irritant; experimental eye, severe skin irritant; mild allergen; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Burns above 93.3 C; incompat. with strong oxidizers (increases fire risk)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂, SO₂, H₂S; heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x and Na₂O
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight, away from incompat. materials
- Uses: Detergent; surface tension depressant; wetting agent in textile industry, in toothpaste; emulsifier for emulsion polymerization (vinyl chloride, S/B, acrylic), paints, coatings, printing inks, fats; flotation collector; lubricant; pearlescent; visc. builder; penetrant; food additive (thickener, emulsifier); dispersant in creams, lotions, medical preps.; foaming agent (foamed rubber/carpetbacking latex); electrophoretic separation of proteins and lipids; surfactant in food-contact coatings; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers
- Use Level: Limitation 1000 ppm (egg white solids), 125 ppm (liq. or frozen egg whites), 0.5% (marshmallows), 10 ppm (vegetable oils, animal fats), 25 ppm (fruit juice drink); 0.004-0.6 mg (oral solids); 0.01-0.02% (oral liqs.); 0.1-12.7% (topical pharmaceuticals)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.822, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1630, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.1010, 178.3400; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; FDA approved for dentals, orals, topicals, vaginals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Accurate Chem. & Scientific; Aceto; Albright & Wilson UK; Aldrich; Am. Biorganics; Chemron; Clariant; Cognis/Chems. Group; Costec; DeForest Enterprises; Degussa-Hüls AG; DuPont; Fluka; Kraft Chem.; Lonza; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Norman, Fox; Patco Chem. Ind.; Pilot; Rhodia HPCII; Rochem Int'l.; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stepan; Thornley; U.S. Synthetics; Unger Fabrikker AS; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Vivion
- *Trade Names:* Avirol® SL 2010; Avirol® SL 2020 G; Calimulse SLS; DeSULF SLS-30LC; DeSULF SLS-30LS; Paxnol PSLS; Paxnol SLS Liq.; Paxnol SLS Powd.; Paxnol SLS Pure; POLYSTEP® B-3; POLY-STEP® B-5; POLYSTEP® B-24; Rhodapon® LCP; Rhodapon® LSB; Rhodapon® SM; Rhodapon® UB/E-30; Rhodapon® UB/E-N; Stanfax 234; Stanfax 234LCP; Stanfax 996; Stanfax 997; STEPANOL® LCP; Sulfopon® 101; Sulfopon® 101 Special; Sulfopon® 101 Special RHD; Texapon® K-12 C Powd.; Texapon® K-12 Granules; Texapon® K-12 Needles; Texapon® K-12PA 15; Texapon® K-1296 C Needles; Texapon® LS Highly Conc. Needles; Texapon® OT Highly Conc. Needles; Texapon® ZHC Needles; Texapon® ZHC Powder

Trade Names Containing: Texapon® K-1296 Powd.; Texapon® VHC Needles

Sodium ligninsulfonate. See Sodium lignosulfonate

Sodium lignosulfonate

CAS 8061-51-6

- Synonyms: Lignin sodium sulfonate; Lignosulfonic acid, sodium salt; Sodium ligninsulfonate; Sodium polignate
- Definition: Sodium salt of polysulfonated lignin, a dark brown polymeric material from wood
- Properties: Tan free-flowing powd.; sol. in water; anionic

Toxicology: LDLo (IV, mouse) 500 mg/kg; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Uses: Dispersant, emulsion stabilizer, chelating agent for rubber, water treatment; boiler water additive for food contact; sequestrant for micronutrient systems, cleaning compds.; dispersant for mineral flotation, electrolytic refining, disperse dyes; emulsifier/protective colloid for emulsion polymerization; leather tanning aux.; emulsifier for asphalt, pigments, dyes, pesticides, waxes; dye dispersant extender; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1210

- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; LignoTech USA; Los Angeles Chem.; R.T. Vanderbilt; Tembec; Van Waters & Rogers; Varsal Instruments; Wesco Tech. Ltd; Westvaco
- Trade Names: Dyqex®; Lignosite® 260; Lignosite® 431; Lignosite® 458; Lignosite® 823; Maracarb N-1; Marasperse 52 CP

Sodium lithium magnesium silicate. See Smectite

Sodium magnesium fluorosilicate

Sodium maleic anhydride/diisobutylene copolymer

Synonyms: Maleic anhydride/diisobutylene copolymer, sodium salt Uses: Dispersant for pigments and extenders in aq. systems; agric. applics.; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180

Sodium MBT. See Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole

Sodium mercaptan. See Sodium bisulfide

Sodium mercaptide. See Sodium bisulfide

Sodium mercaptobenzothiazole. See Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole

Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole

- CAS 2492-26-4
- Synonyms: NaMBT; 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole sodium deriv.; 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole sodium salt; Sodium MBT; Sodium mercaptobenzothiazole *Empirical:* C₁H₄NS₂ • Na

Properties: M.w. 189.23

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3120 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NO_x, SO_x, and Na₂O

Uses: Preservative and mildew inhibitor for paper, textiles, food-pkg. adhesives; biocide for rubber, wax; corrosion inhibitor for nonferrous metals, antifreeze, hydraulic fluid, coolants; metal deactivator; flotation collector; chemical intermediate; copper corrosion inhibitor in water treatment; protects starch and casein coatings from bacterial or fungal activity; preservative for defoamers in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard; preservative in food-contact textiles and animal glues

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 177.2800, 178.3120, 181.30

Manuf./Distrib.: Allchem Ind.; PMC Spec.; R.T. Vanderbilt; Uniroyal; Wall Chem.

Trade Names: Sodium MBT

Trade Names Containing: Vancide® 51

Sodium metabisulfite

CAS 7681-57-4; EINECS/ELINCS 231-673-0; UN No. NA 2693 (DOT) Synonyms: Disodium disulfite; Disodium pyrosulfite; Disulfurous acid disodium salt; Pyrosulfurous acid disodium salt; Sodium bisulfite; Sodium matcheau fite; Codium purpoulfite;

metabosulfite; Sodium pyrosulfite

Classification: Inorganic salt Empirical: $O_5S_2 \cdot 2Na$

Formula: $Na_2S_2O_5$

- Properties: Colorless cryst. or wh. to ylsh. powd.; pungent SO₂ odor; sol. in water forming acidic sol'ns.; sol. in glycerin; sl. sol. in alcohol, oxygenated solvs.; m.w. 190.10; dens. 1.480
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 mg/m³; LD50 (IV, rat) 115 mg/kg, (parenteral, mouse) 910 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mod. toxic by parenteral route; experimental reproductive effects; mutagen; tumorigen; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x and Na₂O

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1

Storage: Moisture-sensitive; store @ R.T.

Uses: Laboratory reagent; foods (preservative, antioxidant, flavoring); boiler water additive for food processing; latex anticoagulant; mfg. of sulfosuccinates and sodium formaldehyde bisulfite; dechlorination reagent (drinking water, effluent, textiles); flotation depressant; reduction of chrome effluents from chrome plating systems; in chrome pigments mfg.; photographic fixing sol'ns.; pharmaceuticals (antioxidant, reducing agent; sympathomimetic and aminoglycoside medications); solubilizer of tanning extracts; bleaching of paper pulp; purification of aldehydes; in cellophane for food pkg.

Use Level: ADI 0-0.7 mg/kg (EU); 0.3-0.75% (sympathomimetic/ aminoglycoside medications)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 177.1200, 182.3766, GRAS; Europe listed; FDA approved for inhalants, injectables, parenterals, ophthalmics, orals; USP/NF, BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allchem Ind.; Am. Int'l.; Amalgamet; Artek; Ashland; BASF; Brown; Browning; Calabrian; Charkit; Chem One; Coyne; EM Ind.; Esseco SpA; FMC Foret; Filo; Fluka; General Chem.; HCI Chemtech Distribution; J.F. Henry; JTS Enterprises; Kaltron/Pettibone; Los Angeles Chem.; Mallinckrodt Baker; Mutchler; Primachem; Ruger; Seeler Ind.; Sigma; Solvay Mins.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Van Waters & Rogers; Vivion; Westco; Wm. Blythe Ltd

Sodium metabosulfite. See Sodium metabisulfite

Sodium metasilicate

CAS 6834-92-0; EINECS/ELINCS 229-912-9

Synonyms: Disodium metasilicate; Disodium monosilicate; Silicic acid, disodium salt; Sodium metasilicate anhydrous; Sodium silicate; Soluble glass; Water glass

Classification: Inorganic salt; metasilicate

Empirical: Na₂O₃Si

Formula: Na₂SiO₃

- Properties: Wh. or green gran. or vitreous lumps, dustless; sol. in water forming alkaline sol'ns.; insol. in alcohol, acids, salt sol'ns.; m.w. 122.07; sp.gr. 2.614; m.p. 1089 C; pH 12.6 (1%); ref. index 1.520 (glass, 25 C)

- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 1153 mg/kg; LDLo (IP, guinea pig) 200 mg/kg; poison by ing., IP routes; severe eye, skin, mucous membrane irritant; ing. causes GI tract upset; experimental reproductive effects; TSCA listed *Precaution:* Strongly alkaline; caustic material; violent reaction with F₂
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O Uses: Cosmetics; detergent builder in laundry, dairy, and metal cleaning, automatic dishwash, household cleaners; bleaching agent; as flocculant and dispersant in metallurgy and mining; buffer; stabilizer for peroxide bleaches; corrosion inhibitor in paints and ceramic glazes; boiler water additive for food processing; food additive, processing aid; washing/lye peeling of fruits, vegetables, nuts; denuding agent in tripe; hog scald agent Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 184.1769a, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allan; Am. Int'l.; Coyne; Crosfield; Eka Chems. AB; Fluka; Harcros; Independent Chem.; Occidental; PQ; Rhodia; Sal Chem.; Veckridge; Vivion

Trade Names: Drymet® 59; Drymet® Fines; Metso Beads® 2048 See also Sodium silicate

Sodium metasilicate anhydrous. See Sodium metasilicate

Sodium metasilicate pentahydrate

CAS 10213-79-3; EINECS/ELINCS 229-912-9

- *Empirical:* Na₂O₃Si 5H₂O
- Formula: Na₂OSiO₂ 5H₂O

Properties: Wh. gran.; m.w. 212.14

- *Toxicology:* Harmful substance; irritating to respiratory system
- Uses: Ingredient in detergents for food processing equipment and general cleaning in dairies, bakeries, packing houses, in laundry, textile, paper, oil, metal industries; buffer; corrosion inhibitor protecting metal surfs. and org. finishes such as paints or ceramic glazes; stabilizer for hydrogen peroxide bleaches in textiles; setting accelerator for refractories; clay deflocculant in ceramics
- Manuf./Distrib.: Ashland; Crosfield; FMC Foret; Fluka; Occidental; PQ; Rhodia; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Trade Names: Metso Pentabead® 20

Sodium methanalsulfoxylate. See Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate

Sodium methane naphthalene sulfonate. See Sodium methylnaphthalenesulfonate

Sodium methylnaphthalenesulfonate

CAS 26264-58-4; EINECS/ELINCS 247-561-6

Synonyms: Sodium methane naphthalene sulfonate

Definition: Mixture of mono- and dimethyl substituted naphthalene sulfonates *Empirical:* C₁₁H₉NaO₃S

Properties: M.w. 244.24; anionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Dispersant, suspending agent for pesticide wettable powds., paints/ coatings; fluidizing and plasticizing agent for concrete and mortar; emulsifier, dispersant in emulsion polymerization, inks; wetting agent in textile, leather, and pesticide auxs.; crystallization agent for use in potable water systems; washing water agent for washing/lye peeling of fruits/vegetables; anticaking agent in sodium nitrite used in cured foods; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.824, 173.315 (0.2% in wash water), 175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210

Sodium methyl naphthalene sulfonic acid-formaldehyde condensate Uses: Adjuvant to control pulp absorbency and pitch content in mfg. of paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Sodium-2-(N-methyloleamido) ethane-1-sulfonate. See Sodium methyl oleoyl taurate

Sodium methyl oleoyl taurate

CAS 137-20-2; EINECS/ELINCS 205-285-7

Synonyms: OMT; N-Methyl-N-oleoyltaurine sodium salt; 2-[Methyl (1-oxo-9-octadecenyl) amino] ethanesulfonic acid, sodium salt; Oleoylmethyltaurine sodium salt; Oleyl methyl tauride; Sodium-2-(N-methyloleamido) ethane-1-sulfonate; Sodium N-methyl-N-oleoyl taurate; Sodium N-methyl-N-oleyltaurate; Sodium N-oleoyl-N-methyl taurate; Sodium N-oleoyl-Nmethyl taurine

Definition: Sodium salt of the oleic acid amide of N-methyl taurine Empirical: $C_{21}H_{40}NO_4S \cdot Na$

Formula: (CH₂)₇CH₃(CH)₂(CH₂)₇CONCH₃CH₂CH₂SO₃Na

Properties: Wh. fine powd., sweet odor; m.w. 425.67; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1700 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 350 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mod. toxic by ing.; severe eye irritant; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NO_x, SO_x, and Na₂O

Uses: Detergent; pesticide aid; textile/dyeing auxs.; dye assistant/leveling agent; wetting agent, emulsifier, foamer, dispersant for cosmetics and industrial use; agric. adjuvant; adjuvant to control pulp absorbency and pitch content in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180, 176.210

Manuf./Distrib.: Finetex; Rhodia HPCII

Trade Names: Geropon® T-33; Geropon® T-43; Geropon® T-51; Geropon® T-77

Sodium N-methyl-N-oleoyl taurate. See Sodium methyl oleoyl taurate Sodium N-methyl-N-oleyltaurate. See Sodium methyl oleoyl taurate

Sodium methyl siliconate

CAS 16589-43-8

Synonyms: Methylsilanetriol sodium salt

Definition: Reaction prod. of aq. sodium hydroxide and resinous silicone *Empirical:* CH₄O₃Si • xNa

Properties: M.w. 116.12; dens. 1.24

Toxicology: TSCA listed

HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Uses: Water repellent and cleaner for limestone, concrete, and masonry; material additive or surf. treatment for coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180 Manuf./Distrib.: Gelest

Sodium methyl tall oil acid taurate

CAS 61791-41-1

Synonyms: N-Methyl-N-(tall oil acyl) taurine, sodium salt; Sodium methyl tall oil taurate; Sodium tall oil N-methyltaurate

Definition: Sodium salt of the tall oil acid amide of N-methyl taurine Formula: $RC(O)N(CH_3)CH_2CH_2SO_3^-Na^+$, R = tall-

Properties: Liq.

Uses: Scale inhibitor for oil field applics.; detergent, suspending agent, dispersant, precipitation inhibitor for petroleum industry; scale inhibitor in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Sodium methyl tall oil taurate. See Sodium methyl tall oil acid taurate Sodium monododecyl sulfate. See Sodium lauryl sulfate

Sodium monohydrogen phosphate (2:1:1). See Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous

Sodium monosulfide. See Sodium sulfide

Sodium myristate

CAS 822-12-8; EINECS/ELINCS 212-487-9

Synonyms: Myristic acid sodium salt; Sodium tetradecanoate; Tetradecanoic acid sodium salt

Definition: Sodium salt of myristic acid

Empirical: $C_{14}H_{27}O_2 \cdot Na$

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₂COONa

Properties: M.w. 250.36

- Toxicology: LDLo (IV, dog) 10 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors
- Uses: Binder, emulsifier, anticaking agent in foods; in food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings for polyolefin films; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact rubber articles, textiles; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.863, 175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3910 Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma

Sodium naphthalene-formaldehyde sulfonate. See Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate

Sodium naphthalene-formaldehyde sulfonate polymers. See Sodium poly-

naphthalene sulfonate

Sodium naphthalene sulfonate

CAS 1321-69-3 Empirical: C₁₀H₂NaO₃S Formula: C₁₀H₂SO₃Na Properties: Ylsh. cryst. plates or wh. scales; odorless; sol. in water; insol. in alcohol Precaution: Combustible Uses: Organic synthesis; liquefying agent in animal glue preps.; naphthols Manuf./Distrib.: Rhodia HPCII

Trade Names: Supragil RM/77 DL

Sodium naphtha sulfonate. See Sodium petroleum sulfonate

Sodium nitrate-urea complex

Uses: Plasticizer in food-contact glassine and greaseproof paper Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.320

Sodium nitrilotriacetate. See Trisodium NTA

Sodium nitrite

CAS 7632-00-0; EINECS/ELINCS 231-555-9; UN No. 1500 (DOT) Synonyms: Diazotizing salts; Nitrous acid sodium salt

Empirical: NNaO₂ *Formula:* NaNO₂

- Properties: SI. ylsh. or wh. cryst. or powd., bitter sl. saline taste; sol. in water, sl. sol. in alcohol, ether, oxygenated solvs.; slowly oxidized by air; m.w. 69.00; dens. 2.168; m.p. 271 C; b.p. dec. @ 320 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 85 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 65 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 158 mg/ kg; poison by ing., inh., subcut., IV, and IP routes; human poison by ing.; human systemic effects (coma, blood pressure changes, nausea, vomiting, methemoglobinemia); eye irritant; can reduce blood oxygen levels; questionable carcinogen; can produce nitrosamines associated with cancers; experimental neoplastigen, tumorigen, teratogen, reproductive effects; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- *Precaution:* Flamm.; strong oxidizing agent; ignites by friction in contact with org. matter; may explode when heated above 100 F or on contact with cyanides, NH₄* salts, cellulose, etc.; incompat. with butadiene, phthalic acid and anhydride, reducers, etc.
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x and Na₂O

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 3

Storage: Hygroscopic; deliq. in air; oxygen-sensitive; store @ R.T.

- Uses: Diazotization/nitrosation/oxidation reagent; rubber accelerators; photographic chemical; analytical reagent; dye mfg.; heat-treatment agents; phosphating accelerator; blowing agent; gold plating reagent; in food-pkg. adhesives; flocculant in cooling/boiler treatment; corrosion inhibitor for ferrous metals in water treatment, metalworking fluids; color fixative and preservative in cured foods; pharmaceuticals (antidote for cyanide poisoning); can end cement for food contact; anticorrosion agent in internal sizes in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; in closuresealing gaskets for food containers; in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; rust preventive in food-contact lubricants
- Use Level: Limitation 10 ppm (smoked cured tunafish), 200 ppm (smoked cooked salmon, shad, meat curing), 2 lb/100 gal (pickle), 1 oz/100 lb (meat), 0.25 oz/100 lb (chopped meat); ADI 0-0.2 mg/kg (EU)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172,175, 172,177, 175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1210, 177.2600, 178.3570, 178.3910, 181.34; USDA 9CFR §318.79, 381.147; Japan approved (0.005-0.07 g/kg); Europe listed; UK approved; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; BASF; BCH Brühl; DuPont; EM Ind.; Farleyway Chem. Ltd; Fluka; General Chem.; Harcros; ICC Ind.; Independent Chem.; Mitsubishi Chem.; PMC Spec.; Rochem Int'l.; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Schaefer Tech.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tomiyama Pure Chem. Ind.; Ube Ind.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Varsal Instruments

Sodium octadecanoate. See Sodium stearate Sodium 9-octadecenoate. See Sodium oleate

Sodium octoxynol-2 ethane sulfonate

CAS 2917-94-4; 67923-87-9; EINECS/ELINCS 220-851-3; 267-791-4 Synonyms: 2-[2-[2-Octylphenoxy]ethoxy]ethoxy]ethanesulfonic acid, sodium salt; Entsufon; Entsufon sodium Classification: Organic compd.

Empirical: $C_{20}H_{34}O_6S \cdot Na$

Formula: C₈H₁₇C₆H₄O(CH₂CH₂O)₂CH₂CH₂SO₃Na

Properties: M.w. 425.54; anionic

Uses: Detergent for metal cleaning, household cleaning; polymerization emulsifier; latex post-stabilizer; wetting agent; dispersant; dye leveling agent; topical pharmaceuticals; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §176.180; FDA approved for topicals

Sodium octoxynol-3 sulfate

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Emulsifier for vinyl acetate specialty copolymers; emulsion polymerization in paints and coatings; food-contact paper/paperboard *Trade Names:* POLYSTEP® C-OP3S

Sodium octyl sulfate

CAS 142-31-4; EINECS/ELINCS 205-535-5

Synonyms: SOS; Octyl sodium sulfate; Octyl sulfate sodium salt; Sodium capryl sulfate; Sulfuric acid, monooctyl ester, sodium salt

Empirical: C₈H₁₇NaO₄S

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇OSO₃Na

Properties: M.w. 232.27; m.p. 210 C (dec.); anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3200 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 396 mg/kg; poison by IP route; mod. toxic by ing.; irritant

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of SO_x Uses: Detergent, wetting, dispersing, and emulsifying agent, stabilizer for plastics, rubber, adhesives, food contact paper, pharmaceuticals, textiles, household/industrial cleaners; emulsion polymerization in paints and coatings; washing water agent for washing/lye peeling of fruits/vegetables; poultry scald agent

Use Level: Limitation 0.2% (in wash water)

Regulatory: USDA 9CFR §381.147; BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Trade Names: Texapon® 842

Sodium oleate

CAS 143-19-1; EINECS/ELINCS 205-591-0

Synonyms: 9-Octadecenoic acid, sodium salt; Sodium 9-octadecenoate Definition: Sodium salt of oleic acid

Empirical: $C_{18}H_{33}O_2 \cdot Na$

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CH=CH(CH₂)₇COONa

- Properties: Wh. powd., sl. tallow-like odor; sol. in ≈ 10 parts water, ≈ 20 parts alcohol; m.w. 304.50; m.p. 232-235 C; HLB 18.0; nonionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (IV, mouse) 152 mg/kg; poison by IV route; migrates to food from pkg. materials; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible when exposed to heat or flame

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid toxic fumes of Na2O

- Uses: Surfactant for foods, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, electronics; ore flotation; textile waterproofing, scouring, dye leveling; emulsifier of oil/ water systems; emulsifier for S/B latex prod.; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings; food stabilizer, anticaking agent, binder, emulsifier; paper mfg. aid; food coating material (Japan)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.863, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3910, 181.29, 186.1770, GRAS as indirect food additive; Japan approved
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Concord; Fluka; Hart Prods.; Independent Chem.; Nat'l. Purity; Norman, Fox; Quimica Sagal; RTD; Ruger; Schweizerhall; Sigma

Sodium oleic acid sulfate. See Sodium oleic sulfate

Sodium oleic sulfate

CAS 65151-76-0; 68331-91-9

Synonyms: Disodium 9-(sulfonatooxy) octadecanoate; Sodium oleic acid sulfate; Sodium sulfated oleate; Sulfated oleic acid, sodium salt; 9-(Sulfooxy) octadecanoate acid, disodium salt

Empirical: C18H36O6S • 2Na

Properties: M.w. 424.51; anionic

Uses: Detergent; coupling agent; wetting agent; emulsifier; penetrant; lubricant; dye dispersant; scouring aid; antistat; industrial surfactant for alkaline systems; metal processing; textile surfactant; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200

Trade Names: Dymsol® 2031

Sodium oleoyl isopropanolamide sulfosuccinate

Uses: In food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170

Sodium N-oleoyl-N-methyl taurate. See Sodium methyl oleoyl taurate Sodium N-oleoyl-N-methyl taurine. See Sodium methyl oleoyl taurate

Sodium oleyl sulfate

CAS 1847-55-8; EINECS/ELINCS 217-430-1 Synonyms: 9-Octadecen-1-ol, hydrogen sulfate, sodium salt Definition: Sodium salt of oleyl sulfate Empirical: C₁₈H₃₆O₄S • Na Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₇CH=CH(CH₂)₇CH₂OSO₃Na Properties: M.w. 371.54; anionic Uses: Scouring agent in textile and leather industries; rewetting agent for paper; emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 177.1200 Trade Names: Duponol® LS Paste

Sodium oleyl sulfosuccinamate

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; foaming agent for latex emulsions; antigelling and cleaning agents for paper mill felts *Trade Names:* Cosmopon BN

Sodium oxychloride. See Sodium hypochlorite

Sodium palmitate

CAS 408-35-5; EINECS/ELINCS 206-988-1

- Synonyms: Hexadecanoic acid sodium salt; Palmitic acid sodium salt; Sodium hexadecanoate; Sodium pentadecanecarboxylate
- Definition: Sodium salt of palmitic acid

Sodium oxide. See Sodium peroxide

Empirical: C₁₆H₃₁O₂ • Na

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₄COONa

Properties: Wh. to yel. powd.; m.w. 278.47; m.p. 283-290 C

Toxicology: LDLo (IV, dog) 10 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mutagen; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Emulsifier; polymerization catalyst for syn. rubbers; laundry and toilet soaps; detergents; cosmetics; printing inks; binder, emulsifier, stabilizer, anticaking agent in foods; in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-pkg. adhesives; pharmaceuticals
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.863, 175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3910, 186.1771, GRAS Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Sodium PCA

CAS 28874-51-3; 54571-67-4; EINECS/ELINCS 249-277-1

Synonyms: PCA-Na; PCA Soda; 5-Oxo-DL-proline, sodium salt; Sodium pyroglutamate

Definition: Sodium salt of pyroglutamic acid

Empirical: C5H7NO3 • Na

Properties: Colorless liq., odorless, sl. salty taste; m.w. 151.1

Toxicology: No known toxicity; nonirritant to skin, eye mucosa; TSCA listed Storage: Extremely hygroscopic

Uses: Humectant, moisturizer for cosmetics, dermatological soap, medicinals, shampoo, nutritive creams and lotions, hair balms, dentifrices, tobacco, cellulose film, paper, fibers, paints; dyeing agent, softening agent, finishing agent, antistat; intermediate for synthesis; thickener for shampoos *Trade Names:* Ajidew N-50

Trade Names Containing: Ajidew SP-100

Sodium PCP. See Sodium pentachlorophenate

Sodium pentachlorophenate

CAS 131-52-2; UN No. 2567 (DOT)

Synonyms: Pentachlorophenate sodium; Pentachlorophenol, sodium salt; Pentachlorophenoxy sodium; Pentaphenate; Sodium PCP; Sodium pentachlorophenol; Sodium pentachlorophenolate; Sodium pentachlorophenoxide
Empirical: C6CI5O · Na

- Properties: Wh. cryst. to tan powd.; sol. in water, ethanol, acetone; insol. in benzene; m.w. 288.30
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 126 mg/kg, (inh., rat) 11,700 μg/kg, (subcut., rat) 66 mg/kg, (skin, mouse) 124 mg/kg; poison by ing., inh., skin contact, IV, IP, subcut. routes; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; mutagenic data

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Cland Na₂O

Uses: Bactericide; fungicide; herbicide; biocide, preservative for pulp/paper, leather, drilling muds, rubber latex, aq. paints; algicide and slimicide in water treatment, food-contact paper/paperboard; fermentation disinfectant; wood preservative; preservative in food-pkg. adhesives, can end cements for food contact, coatings for food-contact paper/paperboard; preservative for defoamers in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; antioxidant in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; preservative in food-contact textiles, animal glues, wood for agric. prods. pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 176.300, 177.1210, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3120, 178.3800, 178.3900 (for use as preservative only), 181.30; SARA reportable Manuf (Dictrib - Even Ind - Eluka: Zopeca Agreehome

Manuf./Distrib.: Excel Ind.; Fluka; Zeneca Agrochems.

Sodium pentachlorophenol. *See* Sodium pentachlorophenate Sodium pentachlorophenolate. *See* Sodium pentachlorophenate Sodium pentachlorophenoxide. *See* Sodium pentachlorophenate Sodium pentadecanecarboxylate. *See* Sodium palmitate

Sodium peroxide

CAS 1313-60-6; UN No. 1504 (DOT)

Synonyms: Disodium dioxide; Disodium peroxide; Sodium dioxide; Sodium oxide

Empirical: Na₂O₂

Properties: Ylsh.-wh. powd.; sol. in cold water; m.w. 77.98; dens. 2.805; m.p. 460 C; b.p. 657 C (dec.); dec. on heating with loss of O₂

Toxicology: Severe irritant to eyes, skin, mucous membranes; TSCA listed Precaution: Dangerous fire and explosion risk in contact with water, alcohols, acide peudoced metals and explosion risk in contact with water, alcohols,

acids, powdered metals and organic materials; strong oxidizing agent Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O Storage: Moisture-sensitive; keep dry

Uses: Oxidizing agent; bleaching of materials incl. paper and textiles; deodorant; antiseptic; organic chemicals; water purification; pharmaceuticals; oxygen generation for diving bells, submarines, etc.; textile dyeing and printing; ore processing; analytical reagent in mineral assay; reagent for precious metal and aluminothermic refining; calorimetry; germicidal soaps Manuf./Distrib.: Allan; Callery; M.W. Hardy; Noah; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Sodium peroxydisulfate. See Sodium persulfate

Sodium persulfate

CAS 7775-27-1; EINECS/ELINCS 231-892-1; UN No. 1505 (DOT) Synonyms: Peroxydisulfuric acid, disodium salt; Sodium peroxydisulfate Empirical: Na₂O₈S₂

Formula: Na₂S₂O₈

- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; sol. 700 g/l in water (20 C) with gradual decomp.; dec. by alcohol; m.w. 238.10; dens. 2.400; dec. on heating
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 226 mg/kg; LDLo (IV, rabbit) 178 mg/kg; poison by IP, IV routes; TSCA listed

Precaution: Powerful oxidizer; can cause fires

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x and Na_2O

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 2

Uses: Bleaching agent (fats, oils, hair bleach formulations, fabrics, soaps); battery depolarizers; emulsion polymerization; denuding agent for tripe; etchant for printed circuit boards; photographic bleach bath component; polymerization initiator; org. synthesis; starch modifier in foods; accelerator, bleaching agent in cosmetics; oxidizing agent, cleaning agent in metal treatment; extracting gas and petroleum; oxygen source; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in closuresealing gaskets for food containers

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.1210; USDA 9CFR §318.7 Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Am. Int'l.; Austin; BCH Brühl; Brown; Browning; Chem One; Dastech Int'l.; Degussa-Hüls; Economy Polymers & Chems.; FMC Foret; FMC; Fluka; Howard Ind.; Hydrite; Independent Chem.; Int'l. Chem. Inc; JTS Enterprises; Los Angeles Chem.; Miljac; Mitsubishi Int'l.; Pacific West; Primachem; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Total Spec. Chems.; Van Waters & Rogers; Westco

Sodium petroleum sulfonate

CAS 68608-26-4; 78330-12-8

- Synonyms: Mahogany oil; Mineral oil sulfonic acids, sodium salts; Petroleum sulfonates, sodium salts; Petroleum sulfonic acid, monosodium salt; Sodium naphtha sulfonate; Sulfonated petroleum, sodium salt
- Definition: 'Natural' oil-sol. mixed surfactants contg. 61-63% sulfonates and with equiv. wts. of 415-540 g

Properties: Anionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, and corrosion inhibitor for metalworking fluids, dry-cleaning solvs., leather processing, printing inks, oil-well drilling fluids, water-based emulsions contg. oil-based ingreds.; emulsifier/wetting agent for solv.-based cleaners, sol. cutting fluids; flotation collector; for use in semi-finished coatings where wetting, rewetting, suspending, emulsifying, and corrosion resist. props. are desired; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 178.3910 Manuf./Distrib.: Sea-Land

Sodium 3-[(4-N-phenylamino) phenylazo] benzenesulfonate. See Acid yellow 36

Sodium o-phenylphenate

- CAS 132-27-4; EINECS/ELINCS 205-055-6
- Synonyms: SOPP; 2-Biphenylol, sodium salt; (1,1 -Biphenyl)-2-ol, sodium salt; 2-Hydroxybiphenyl sodium salt; 2-Hydroxydiphenyl sodium salt; o-Phenylphenol sodium salt; 2-Phenylphenol sodium salt; Sodium 2biphenylolate; Sodium biphenyl-2-yl oxide; Sodium 2-hydroxydiphenyl; Sodium o-phenylphenol; Sodium o-phenylphenolate; Sodium ophenylphenoxide
- Definition: Sodium salt of o-phenylphenol; avail. commercially as the tetrahydrate
- Empirical: C12H9O · Na
- Formula: C₆H₄(C₆H₅)ONa 4HOH
- Properties: Wh. flakes; sol. in water, oxygenated solvs.; sol./100 g solvent: 122 g water, 156 g acetone, 138 g methanol, 28 g propylene glycol; sparingly sol. in toluene, veg. oils; pract. insol. in petrol. fractions, pine oil; m.w. 192.20
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 656 mg/kg; moderately toxic by ingestion; human skin irritant; suspected carcinogen; experimental tumorigen, teratogen, reproductive effects; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O Uses: Antimicrobial, bactericide, fungicide, mold inhibitor for apples, etc.; industrial preservative; disinfectant; biocide for adhesives, gums, latexes, paper, hides, leather, timber; preservative in food-pkg. adhesives, coatings for food-contact paper, in food-contact animal glues; can end cement for food contact; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in closuresealing gaskets for food containers

Use Level: 0.05-0.5%; ADI 0-0.02 mg/kg (EU)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.210, 177.1210, 178.3120; USA not restricted; Europe listed; Japan approved (0.01 g/kg residual)

Manuf./Distrib.: Ashland; Fluka *Trade Names:* Dowicide[®] A

Sodium o-phenylphenol. See Sodium o-phenylphenate

Sodium o-phenylphenolate. See Sodium o-phenylphenate

Sodium o-phenylphenoxide. See Sodium o-phenylphenate

Sodium phosphate dibasic. See Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous

Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous

- CAS 7558-79-4; EINECS/ELÍNCS 231-448-7; UN No. NA 9147 (DOT); FEMA 2398
- Synonyms: DSP; DSP-O; Dibasic sodium phosphate; Disodium acid phosphate; Disodium hydrogen orthophosphate; Disodium hydrogen phosphate; Disodium monohydrogen orthophosphate; Disodium monohydro-

gen phosphate; Disodium orthophosphate; Disodium phosphate; Disodium phosphoric acid; Exsiccated sodium phosphate; Phosphoric acid disodium salt; Soda phosphate; Sodium hydrogen phosphate; Sodium monohydrogen phosphate (2:1:1); Sodium phosphate dibasic

Classification: Inorganic salt Definition: Phosphoric acid, disodium salt

Empirical: HNa₂O₄P

Formula: Na₂HPO₄

- Properties: Colorless translucent cryst. or wh. powd., odorless, saline taste; sol. in water; very sol. in alcohol; m.w. 141.97; dens. 1.5235; vapor pressure 0 mm Hg; m.p. 35 C; converted to pyrophosphate @ 240 C; pH 9.1 (1%); noncombustible
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 17 g/kg, (IP, rat) 1 g/kg; poison by IV route, mod. toxic by IP, subcut., and intramuscular routes; mildly toxic by ing.; ing. of Ig. amts. may cause diarrhea, nausea, vomiting, cramps; skin and eye irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with strong acids (may react violently)

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of PO_x and Na₂O

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1

- Storage: Hygroscopic; store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight, away from incompatibles; keep tightly closed when not in use; limit quantities in storage
- Uses: Buffer; controls pH in mildly alkaline sol'ns.; softener, water hardness precipitation, corrosion/scale control in water treatment, boiler waters; textiles; pharmaceuticals; chemicals; fertilizers; detergents; ceramic glazes; soldering enamel; buffer, dietary supplement, emulsifier, hog/poultry scald agent, nutrient, sequestrant, stabilizer, texturizer in foods, animal feed; fireproofing wood and paper; tanning; mordant in dyeing; reagent and buffer in analytical chemistry; in food-contact coatings
- in analytical chemistry; in food-contact coatings *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §133.169, 133.173, 133.179, 135.110, 137.305, 139.110, 139.115, 139.117, 139.135, 150.141, 150.161, 173.310, 175.210, 175.300, 181.22, 181.29, 182.1778, 182.5778, 182.6290, 182.6778, 182.8778, 182.8890, GRAS; USDA 9CFR 318.7, 381.147; FEMA GRAS; SARA reportable; Japan approved; FDA approved for buccals, parenterals, ophthalmics, vaginals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMREŠCO; Albright & Wilson Am.; Aldrich; Allan; Browning; FBC Ind.; FMC; Fluka; Gadot Biochem.; Monsanto; Peter Whiting Ltd; Rhodia Food Ingreds.; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; U.S. Biochemical; Varsal Instruments

Sodium phosphate tribasic

CAS 7601-54-9; EINECS/ELINCS 231-509-8

Synonyms: TSP; TSP-0; Phosphoric acid trisodium salt; Tribasic sodium phosphate; Trisodium orthophosphate; Trisodium phosphate

Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: Na₃O₄P

Formula: (NaO)₃PO

- Properties: Wh. cryst., cryst. powd., gran., odorless; sol. 14 g/100 g water; insol. in alcohol; m.w. 163.97; dens. 1.62; m.p. 73 C; does not boil; does not form vapor; pH 12 (1%)
- Toxicology: LD50 (dermal, rabbit) > 300 mg/kg; LDLo (IV, rabbit) 1580 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IV route; inh. of dusts or mist can cause irritation; sol'ns. can cause skin burns; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Corrosive; strong caustic material; reacts violently with water to generate heat
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O and PO_x
- Storage: Hygroscopic
- Uses: Corrosion/scale control in drinking water treatment; boiler water additive for food processing; softens water by precipitation; wool scouring in textiles; degreaser in household/heavy duty industrial cleaners; builder (industrial cleaners); metal phosphatizing reagent; abrasive metal cleaner ingred.; degreasing agent in metallurgy; food additive (sequestrant, nutrient, dietary supplement, emulsifier in processed cheese, denuding agent, fat rendering aid, hog/poultry scald agent) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.169, 133.173, 133.179, 150.141, 150.161,
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.169, 133.173, 133.179, 150.141, 150.161, 173.310, 182.1778, 182.5778, 182.6778, 182.8778, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; Japan approved
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albright & Wilson Am.; Aldrich; Allan; Browning; FBC Ind.; FMC Foret; FMC; Fluka; Rhodia HPCII; Sal Chem.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Varsal Instruments

Trade Names Containing: Degal BP

Sodium phosphoaluminate

CAS 1344-06-5

Definition: Primarily sodium aluminate (hydrated), sodium phosphate (ortho), and sm. amts. of sodium carbonate and sodium silicate

Properties: Wh. powd.

Uses: Paper sizing; aids retention of filler and fiber; aids pH control; boiler water treatment; food additive; migrating to foods from paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §182.90, GRAS

Sodium POE (12) lauryl ether sulfate. *See* Sodium laureth-12 sulfate Sodium POE lauryl sulfate. *See* Sodium laureth sulfate Sodium polignate. *See* Sodium lignosulfonate

Sodium polyacrylate

CAS 9003-04-7

Synonyms: Polyacrylic acid, sodium salt

- *Empirical:* $(C_3H_4O_2)_x \cdot xNa$
- Properties: M.w. 2000-2300; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 40 g/kg; eye and skin irritant; TSCA listed *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O *Storage:* Hygroscopic

- Uses: Thickener, stabilizer, protective colloid for natural and syn. latexes for paints, films, coatings, and adhesives; antiredeposition agents; dispersant, antiscalant for boiler and cooling water treatment, oil prod., laundry detergents, I&I cleaners; pigment/filler/clay dispersant in ceramics, paint, paper; film-former in hairsprays; textile soil-release finishes; cement grinding aid; mineral scale control in beet/sugar cane processing; stabilizer, thickener in food defoamers contg. dimethicone; in food-pkg. adhesives; thickener for natural rubber latex food-contact coatings; pigment dispersant for food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers
- Use Level: 3.6 ppm max. of raw juice
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §173.73, 173.310, 173.340, 175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 177.1210; Japan approved (0.2% max.)
- Manuf./Distrib.: 3V; Alco; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Arakawa USA; Atofina; Callaway; Complex Quimica SA; Dixie; Fluka; Hampshire; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Polacryl; Prosel S.A. de C.V.; Rhodia HPCII; Synthron
- Trade Names: Ablusol SEP40; Acriflow 041-S; Acriflow 141 S; Acriflow 241-M; Acriflow 241-SA; Acumer® 1000; Acumer® 1100; Acumer® 1110; Acumer® 9000; Acumer® 9141; Acumer® 9300; Acumer® 9400; Acumer® 9460; Alcosperse® 149; Alcosperse® 602-N; Aquaquest 2130; Calnox® 214; Calnox® 214 DN; Colloid[™] 202; Darvan® 811; Daxad® 37LN7; Daxad® 37LN10-35; Dumasperse 540; Good-Rite® K-739 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-759 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7058D Polymer; Gradol 400; Lastaron 891; Nopcosperse® 44; Polysynth RRE; Polywet® ND-2; Polywet® ND-35; Polywet® WTC 6512; Polywet® Z1766; Serpol QPA 160
- Trade Names Containing: Good-Rite® K-7028 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7028N Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7058 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7058N Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7600N Polymer

Sodium polyaluminate. See Sodium aluminate

Sodium polycarboxylate

- CAS 37199-81-8
- Properties: Anionic
- Uses: Polymer for water treatment, scale inhibition, sludge control; pigment dispersant; food-pkg. adhesives, coatings, paper/paperboard Trade Names: Acumer® 1850; Geropon® T/36DF; Geropon® TA/72/S

Sodium poly (isopropenylphosphonate)

CAS 118632-18-1 Uses: In paper mill boilers in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Sodium polymannuronate. See Algin

Sodium polymetaphosphate. See Sodium hexametaphosphate

Sodium polymethacrylate

CAS 25086-62-8; 54193-36-1; 156436-88-3; 156559-16-9 Synonyms: PMAA, sodium salt; Poly (methacrylic acid) sodium salt; 2Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, homopolymer, sodium salt

Classification: Polymer

Empirical: (C₄H₆O₂)_x • xNa

Formula: [CH₃CHCHCOONa]_x

Properties: Anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 700 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 250 mg/kg; TSCA listed

Uses: Dispersant for pigments, in paint formulations, emulsion polymerization, water treatment, sludge conditioning, agriculture, cosmetics, industrial cleaners, large particle suspensions; in food-pkg. adhesives; scale inhibitor for boiler and cooling water treatment; coating adjuvant for visc. control in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 175.105, 176.170

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Hampshire

Trade Names: Darvan® 7; Daxad® 34N10; Good-Rite® K-765 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-766 Polymer; Tamol® 808; Tamol® 850; Tamol® 960 Trade Names Containing: Metasol® TK-100 Disp. W

Sodium polynaphthalenemethane sulfonate. See Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate

Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate

CAS 9084-06-4

Synonyms: Naphthalenesulfonic acid-formaldehyde condensate, sodium salt; Naphthalenesulfonic acid, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt; Sodium naphthalene-formaldehyde sulfonate; Sodium naphthalene-formaldehyde sulfonate polymers; Sodium polynaphthalenemethane sulfonate; Sodium salt of sulfonated naphthalene-formaldehyde condensate

Definition: Sodium salt of the prod. obtained by condensation polymerization of naphthalene sulfonic acid and formaldehyde

Formula: $(C_{10}H_8O_3S \cdot CH_2O)_x \cdot xNa$

Properties: Anionic

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3800 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 460 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 435 mg/kg, (subcut., mouse) 1275 mg/kg; poison by IV and IP routes; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of SO_x and Na₂O

Uses: Dispersant for pigments, extenders, and fillers; dyeing syn. and natural fibers; ceramics; emulsion polymerization; gypsum board; printing; rubber; food-pkg. adhesives; agric.; plasticizer for concrete; stabilizer; dispersant for syn. latex prod.; milling agent/dispersant for pigments and dyes; syn. tanning agent; can end cement for food contact; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; emulsifier in cellophane for food pkg.; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; in food-contact polysulfide polymer/polyepoxy resins; emulsifier in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1550, 177.1650, 177.2600, 178.3910

Manuf./Distrib.: Varsal Instruments

- Trade Names: Crisotan R-5M; Darvan® 1; Daxad® 11G; Daxad® 13; Daxad® 15; Daxad® 16; Daxad® 17; Harol RG-71L; Rhodacal® N; Tamol® 819; Tamol® L Conc.
- Trade Names Containing: Crisotan NN; Crisotan NR; Crisotan R-5; Lomar® LS-1; Lomar® LS Liq.; Lomar® PL; Lomar® PW

Sodium pyroborate anhydrous. See Sodium borate

Sodium pyroborate decahydrate. See Sodium borate decahydrate

Sodium pyroglutamate. See Sodium PCA

Sodium pyrophosphate. See Tetrasodium pyrophosphate

n-Sodium pyrophosphate. See Tetrasodium pyrophosphate

Sodium pyrosulfate. See Sodium bisulfate

Sodium pyrosulfite. See Sodium metabisulfite

Sodium resinate. See Sodium abietate; Sodium rosinate

Sodium rhodanate. See Sodium thiocyanate

Sodium rhodanide. See Sodium thiocyanate

Sodium rosinate

CAS 14351-66-7

Synonyms: Abietic acid sodium salt; 1-Phenanthrenecarboxylic acid, 1,2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,10,10a-decahydro-1,4a-dimetyl-7-(1-metylethyl)-, sodium salt, (1R-(1α,4aβ,4bα,10aα))-; Rosin soap; Sodium abietate; Sodium resinate; Sodium soap of pale rosin

Definition: Sodium soap of pale rosin; mixed prod. with sodium abietate as

main constituent

Empirical: C₂₀H₂₉NaO₂

Properties: Wh. powd.; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 324.44

Uses: Emulsifier, detergent, wetting agent, stabilizer in ABS, SBR, syn. elastomers, metalworking, disinfectants, oil-well drilling muds, drawing and grinding compds.; plasticizer; emulsifier in emulsion polymerization; in food-pkg. adhesives; component of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 178.3870

Trade Names: Arizona DRS-43; Arizona DRS-44

Sodium salt of sulfonated naphthalene-formaldehyde condensate. See Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate

Sodium silicate

CAS 1344-09-8; EINECS/ELINCS 215-687-4

Synonyms: Silicic acid, sodium salt; Soluble glass; Water glass

Definition: Sodium salt of silicic acid

Empirical: Na₆O₇Si₂; Na₂O₇Si₃

Formula: Various incl. Na₆Si₂O₇ and Na₂Si₃O₇ with variable amts. of water Properties: Whitish to greenish cryst. lumps, wh. powd., or cloudy to clear liqs; sol. in steam under pressure; very sl. sol. in cold water

Toxicology: Corrosive; irritating and caustic to skin, mucous membranes; if swallowed, causes vomiting and diarrhea; TSCA listed

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Uses: Lining Bessemer converters; acid concentrators; as binder in mfg. of grindstones, abrasive wheels; catalysts; silica gels; soaps and detergents; adhesives; bleaching/sizing textiles and paper pulp; ore treatment; soil solidification; glass foam; catalysts; pigments; drilling fluids; corrosion/ scale inhibitor in potable water systems; boiler water additive; activated silica coagulation aid; as adhesive; waterproofing walls; extender in cements, paints; foundry binder; accelerator for cement, refractories; deflocculant in ceramics; stabilizer for hydrogen peroxide bleaches in textiles, paper; as sol'n.: preserving eggs; fireproofing fabrics; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21ČFR §173.310, 177.1200, 182.70, 182.90

- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Am. Int'l.; Asahi Denka Kogyo; Celanese; Coyne; Crosfield; DuPont; FMC Foret; Fluka; Harcros; Hydrite; Independent Chem.; Occidental; PPG Ind.; PQ; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Sigma; Solvay SA; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stanson; Van Waters & Rogers; Vinings Ind.; Welch, Holme & Clark
- Trade Names: Crystal[™] 78; Crystal[™] 82; D[®] Sodium Silicate; K[®] Sodium Silicate; N[®] Clear Sodium Silicate; N[®] Sodium Silicate; O[®] Sodium Silicate; Star® Sodium Silicate; Stixso[®] RR

See also Sodium metasilicate

Sodium silicoaluminate

CAS 1344-00-9; EINECS/ELINCS 215-684-8

Synonyms: Aluminosilicic acid, sodium salt; Aluminum sodium silicate; Sodium aluminosilicate; Sodium aluminum silicate; Sodium feldspar; Zeolite; Zeolites

Definition: Series of hydrated sodium aluminum silicates; produced by reaction of sodium silicate and kaolinite clay

Formula: $Na_2O : Al_2O_3 : SiO_2$ with mole ratio $\approx 1:1:13.2$

Properties: Wh. fine amorphous powd. or beads, odorless and tasteless; insol. in water, alcohol, org. solvs.; partly sol. in strong acids and alkali hydroxides @ 80-100 C; pH 6.5-10.5 (20% slurry)

Toxicology: Irritant to skin, eyes, mucous membranes, mutagen; TSCA listed *Precaution:* Noncombustible

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O Uses: Anticaking agent in detergents, desiccants, food preps.; reinforcing filler for rubbers; extender for paints; oral pharmaceuticals; solvent; detergent builder; gas separation; white pigment in paper, paint, plastics; ion exchange and selective absorp./adsorp.; removes hardness ions from wash water; in coatings for paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Use Level: ADI no limit (EU)
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §133.146, 160.105, 160.185, 176.170, 182.2727 (2% max.), 582.2727, GRAS; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Am. Colloid; Am. Int'I.; Crosfield; Fluka; J.M. Huber/Chems.; Kraft Chem.; PPG Ind.; PQ; Punda Mercantile; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Trade Names: EZA®; Zeolex® 23P

See also Zeolite

Sodium soap of pale rosin. See Sodium rosinate

Sodium sorbate

CAS 7757-81-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-819-3

- Synonyms: 2,4-Hexadienoic acid, sodium salt; Sodium 2,4-hexadienoate; Sorbic acid sodium salt
- Definition: Sodium salt of sorbic acid
- Empirical: C6H7O2 · Na
- Formula: CH₃CH:CHCH:CHCOONa

Properties: M.w. 134.12

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 7160 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 2500 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP route; mildly toxic by ing.; mutagenic data; migrates to food from pkg. materials

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O Uses: Food preservative; migrating to foods from paper/paperboard

- Use Level: Limitation 0.1% (alone) or 0.2% (in combination with its salts or benzoic acid or salts, of finished prod.)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §182.90, 182.3795, GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7; Europe listed

Manuf./Distrib.: FBC Ind.

Sodium soybean oil sulfate

Uses: Lubricant, emulsifier in pigment flushing, cleaners, textiles, paper processing

Trade Names: Actrasol OY-75

Sodium stannate

- CAS 12058-66-1; EINECS/ELINCS 235-030-5
- *Synonyms:* Disodium tin trioxide; Sodium tin oxide; Tin sodium oxide *Classification:* Inorganic salt
- *Definition:* Avail. commercially as the trihydrate
- *Empirical:* $Na_2O_3Sn \cdot 3H_2O; H_6Na_2O_6Sn$
- Formula: $Na_2SnO_3 \cdot 3H_2O$ or $Na_2Sn(OH)_6$
- Properties: Wh. to It. tan hexagonal cryst.; sol. in water forming alkaline sol'ns.; insol. in alcohol, acetone; m.w. 212.67 (anhyd.), 266.71 (trihydrate); dec. in air; loses 3H₂O @ 140 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3457 mg/kg; TLV 2 mg/m³ of air; mutagen; TSCA listed

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Dyeing mordant; ceramics; glass; tin plating reagent; textile fireproofing agent; stabilizer for hydrogen peroxide; blueprint paper; laboratory reagent; pharmaceuticals (orals)

Regulatory: FDA approved for orals

Manuf./Distrib.: Atofina; Atomergic Chemetals; Atotech USA; Esprit; Goldschmidt Ind. Chems.; Kimson; Mason Corp.; Ruger; Scher; Showa Denko; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Wm. Blythe Ltd

Sodium stearate

CAS 822-16-2; EINECS/ELINCS 212-490-5

Synonyms: Octadecanoic acid, sodium salt; Sodium octadecanoate; Stearic acid, sodium salt

Classification: Sat. aliphatic carboxylic acid salt

Definition: Sodium salt of stearic acid

Empirical: C₁₈H₃₅NaO₂

- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COONa
- Properties: Wh. fine powd., fatty (tallow) odor; sol. in hot water and hot alcohol; slowly sol. in cold water and cold alcohol; insol. in many org. solvs.; m.w. 306.47
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV-TWA 10 mg/m³ (stearates); LD50 (oral, rat) > 5 g/kg (@ 25%), (skin, rabbit) > 3 g/kg (@ 10-25%); LDLo (IV, dog) 10 mg/kg; poison by IV and other routes; inh. of high concs. of dust may cause coughing, mild temporary irritation; nonirritating to skin; sl. eye irritant; ing. may cause irritation, nausea, diarrhea; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible dust; may form explosive dust-air mixts.; incompat. with acids (reacts vigorously)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂; heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Na₂O

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Light-sensitive; store in cool area away from ignition sources

Uses: Soap ingred.; waterproofing and gelling agent in toothpaste, cosmetics; stabilizer in plastics; emulsifier in cosmetics; emulsifier and stiffener in pharmaceuticals; in glycerol suppositories; mold release; lubricant for thermoplastics; wire-drawing lubricant; paper sizing ingred.; thickener/ gellant in cleansing lotions, shampoos; food additive (anticaking agent, binder, emulsifier); stabilizer in food pkg.; masticatory substance in chewing gum; in food-pkg. adhesives; lubricant in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; in food-contact coatings

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 172.863, 175.105, 175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3910, 179.45, 181.22, 181.29; FDA approved for orals, topicals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Allan; Am. Int'l.; Atofina; Cometals; Ferro/Grant; Fluka; H.M. Royal; Independent Chem.; Integra; Jarchem Ind.; Kraft Chem.; Lambent Tech.; Magnesia GmbH; Norman, Fox; Original Bradford Soap Works; RTD; Rambach; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem Trade Names: Cecavon® NA 61

Sodium p-styrenesulfonate

CAS 2695-37-6; EINECS/ELINCS 220-266-3

Synonyms: P-Sodium styrenesulfonate

- *Émpirical:* C₈H₇NaO₃S
- *Formula:* CH:CH₂C₆H₄SO₃Na
- Properties: Wh. to pale yel. cryst. powd., odorless; sol. in water; insol. in aromatics, high alcohols; m.w. 206.20; sp.gr. 5.5; m.p. 330 C Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Emulsifier producing acrylic, vinyl acetate, and SBR latexes; in dyeing; flocculant; scale inhibitor; sludge conditioner; dispersant for cosmetics; hair fixing agent; for polyion complex; antistat; photochemical metal plating brightener; pharmaceutical ingred.
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Aldrich; Fluka; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Polysciences; Tosoh; Wako Pure Chem. Ind.

Trade Names: Spinomar NaSS

p-Sodium styrenesulfonate. See Sodium p-styrenesulfonate

Sodium subsulfite. See Sodium thiosulfate anhydrous

Sodium sulfate

- CAS 7757-82-6; EINECS/ELINCS 231-820-9
- Synonyms: Disodium sulfate; Glauber's salt; Salt cake; Sodium sulfate (2:1); Sodium sulfate anhydrous; Sulfuric acid, disodium salt
- Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: Na2O4S

Formula: Na₂SO₄

- Properties: Wh. cryst. or powd., odorless, bitter saline taste; sol. in water, glycerol; insol. in alcohol; m.w. 142.04; dens. 2.671; m.p. 888 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 5989 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 1220 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IV route; mildly toxic by ing.; irritant; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen, teratogen, reproductive effects; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Violent reaction with Al
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x and Na₂O
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Hygroscopic; store @ R.T.
- Uses: Mfg. of Kraft paper, paperboard; filler in synthetic detergents; detergent builder (laundry powds.); sodium salts; ceramic glazes; processing textile fibers; dyeing/textile aux.; tanning; pharmaceuticals; clarifying agent in glass prod.; chrome plating reagent; laboratory reagent; freezing mixts.; heat storage medium; drying agent; food additive (prod. of caramel, hog/ poultry scald agent, processing aid, diluent, boiler water additive, in beermaking); animal feed ingred.; in cellophane for food pkg.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 173.310, 177.1200, 186.1797, GRAS as indirect food additive; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for parenterals, ophthalmics, orals, topicals; BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Akzo Nobel Salt; Aldrich; Allan; Atofina; BASF; Charkit; Degussa-Hüls AG; FMC Foret; Fluka; General Chem.; Giles; Harcros; Hoffmann-LaRoche; ICC Ind.; Independent Chem.; Indspec; Inspec Fibres GmbH; J.M. Huber/Chems.; Kemira Kemi AB; Lohmann; Luigi Stoppani; Mallinckrodt Baker; Morton Int'l.; O.C. Lugo; Occidental; Oriental Chem. Ind.; Prior; Robeco; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Saskatchewan Mins.; Schaefer Tech.; Sigma; Sinochem Liaoning; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem

Trade Names Containing: Crisotan NN; Crisotan NR; Crisotan R-5; Lomar® LS-1; Lomar® LS Liq.; Lomar® PL; Lomar® PW; Texapon® K-1296 Powd.; Texapon® VHC Needles

Sodium sulfate (2:1). See Sodium sulfate Sodium sulfate anhydrous. See Sodium sulfate Sodium sulfated oleate. See Sodium oleic sulfate Sodium sulfhydrate. See Sodium bisulfide; Sodium bisulfite

Sodium sulfide

CAS 1313-82-2 (anhyd.); 1313-84-4 (nonahydrate); EINECS/ELINCS 215-211-5; UN No. 1385 (anhyd., DOT); 1849

Synonyms: Sodium monosulfide; Sodium sulfide anhydrous

Classification: Inorg. salt

Empirical: Na2S

Formula: Na₂ \tilde{S} or Na₂S • 9H₂O (nonahydrate)

- *Properties:* Anhyd.: Yel.-pink or wh. amorphous cryst., deliq.; m.w. 78.04; dens. 1.856 (14 C); m.p. 1180 C; Nonahydrate: m.w. 240.18; dens. 1.427
- Toxicology: Anhyd.: LD50 (oral, rat) 208 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 147 mg/kg; toxic; poison by ing., IP routes; corrosive; target organs: nerves, cardiovascular; Hydrate: LD50 (IP, mouse) 53 mg/kg; toxic; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Corrosive material; flamm. solid; flamm. when exposed to heat or flame; unstable; explosion hazard on rapid heating or percussion; reacts violently with carbon, water; avoid contact with acid
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x and Na₂O

Storage: Deliq.; hygroscopic; air- and light-sensitive; refrigerate

Uses: Organic chemicals; intermediates; viscose rayon; skin/hide/leather depilatory; flotation depressant for sulfide ores; hydrometallurgy of gold ores; sulfiding oxidized lead and copper ores; sheep dips; photographic reagent; engraving and lithography; analytical reagent; raw material for Kraft paper prod.; metal refining agent; reagent for sulfur dye prod.; sulfur dye reducing agent in textiles; in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2600

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Am. Int'l.; Ashland; BCH Brühl; CP PhibroChem; Cerac; Chem One; Chem. Prods.; Cooper Chem.; Coyne; FMC Foret; Farleyway Chem. Ltd; Fluka; Los Angeles Chem.; PPG Ind.; Prior; Sal Chem.; Sigma; Sinochem Liaoning; Solvay SA; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Van Waters & Rogers; Varsal Instruments; Wego Chem. & Min.

Sodium sulfide anhydrous. See Sodium sulfide

Sodium sulfite

CAS 7757-83-7; EINECS/ELINCS 231-821-4

Synonyms: Disodium sulfite; Exsiccated sodium sulfite; Sodium sulfite (2:1); Sodium sulfite anhydrous; Sulfurous acid disodium salt; Sulfurous acid sodium salt (1:2)

Classification: Inorganic salt

Empirical: Na2O3S

Formula: Na2SO3

- *Properties:* Wh. to tan or pink powd. or hexagonal crystals, odorless, salty sulfurous taste; sol. in 3.2 parts water; sol. in glycerol; pract. insol. in alcohol; m.w. 126.04; dens. 2.633 (15.4 C); b.p. dec.; $pH \approx 9$
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, mouse) 820 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 950 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 115 mg/kg; poison by IV, subcut. routes; mod. toxic by ing., IP routes; may provoke asthma; destroys vitamin B₁; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Precaution: Reducing agent

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of Na₂O and SO_x

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1

Storage: Moisture-sensitive

Uses: Paper industry; reducing agent (dyes, pharmaceuticals); bleaching agent for textiles, cellulose fibers; photographic developers preservative/ fixative; oxygen scavenger in boiler water treatment; corrosion control; flotation depressant for copper ores; latex anticoagulant; preservative and antioxidant in foods, wine, beer, and pharmaceuticals; antiseptic; topical antifungal agent; in sympathomimetic and aminoglycoside medications; dechlorination reagent in drinking water, effluent, textiles, pulp/paper; oil recovery; in cellophane for food pkg.

Use Level: ADI 0-0.7 mg/kg (EU); 0.3-0.75% (symphathomimetic/

aminoglycoside medications)

- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §172.615, 173.310, 177.1200, 182.3798, GRAS; Japan approved (0.03-5 g/kg max. residual as sulfur dioxide); Europe listed; FDA approved for injectables, inhalants, orals, topicals; BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; BASF; BCH Brühl; Calabrian; EM Ind.; Esseco SpA; FMC Foret; Ferro/Grant; Fluka; General Chem.; Harcros; Independent Chem.; Indspec; Mallinckrodt Baker; Nissan Chem. Ind.; O.C. Lugo; Olympic Chem.; Prior; Rhodia; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Schaefer Tech.; Sigma; Solvay Mins.; Southern Ionics; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Vivion; Wm. Blythe Ltd

Sodium sulfite (2:1). See Sodium sulfite

Sodium sulfite anhydrous. See Sodium sulfite Sodium sulfocyanate. See Sodium thiocyanate Sodium sulfocyanide. See Sodium thiocyanate

Sodium 2-sulfoethyl methacrylate

CAS 1804-87-1

Synonyms: 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-sulfoethyl ester, sodium salt; 2-Sulfoethyl methacrylate, sodium salt

Empirical: C₆H₁₀O₅S • Na

Properties: M.w. 217.20

Uses: In copolymer food-contact coatings on metal; in coatings for paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; emulsifier for copolymer coatings on food-grade polyethylene phthalate film Pagulatan: EDA 210 EP \$175 200 176 170 177 1620

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 177.1630

Sodium sulfoxylate. See Sodium hydrosulfite

Sodium sulfoxýlate formaldehyde. See Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate Sodium tall oil N-methyltaurate. See Sodium methyl tall oil acid taurate Sodium tallow alcohol sulfate. See Sodium tallow sulfate

Sodium tallowate

CAS 8052-48-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-491-4

Synonyms: Tallow, sodium salt

Definition: Sodium salt of tallow acid

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Defoamer for agric. formulations; topical pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings for polyolefin films; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in food-contact rubber articles, textiles; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3910; FDA approved for topicals *Trade Names:* Norfox® 92 Granules

Sodium tallow sulfate

CAS 8052-50-4; 68140-10-3; EINECS/ELINCS 232-494-0

Synonyms: Fleshing grease, sulfated sodium salt; Sodium tallow alcohol sulfate; Sulfated tallow, sodium salt; Sulfuric acid, monotallow alkyl esters, sodium salts; Tallow, sulfated, sodium salt

Definition: Mixture of sodium alkyl sulfates

Formula: ROSO₃Na, R rep. alkyl groups from tallow

Properties: Brn. paste (as 55% act. matter in water)

Uses: Heavy-duty detergent; wetting agent; emulsifier; cofoaming agent for latex foams; ore flotation agent; fabric scouring and sizing agent; in foodpkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800

Sodium tetraborate anhydrous. See Sodium borate

Sodium tetraborate decahydrate. See Sodium borate decahydrate

Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate

- CAS 12179-04-3; EINECS/ELINCS 215-540-4
- Synonyms: Borates, tetra, sodium salts, pentahydrate; Boric acid, disodium salt, pentahydrate; Boron sodium oxide, pentahydrate; Tetraborate, pentahydrate

Empirical: $B_4O_7 \cdot 2Na \cdot 5H_2O$

Properties: Solid; m.w. 360.29

- *Toxicology:* OSHATLV/TWA1 mg/m³; REL1 mg/m³; mod. irritating to nose, throat, and skin
- Uses: Source of boric oxide for insulation fiber glass, borosilicate glasses; flame retardant for cellulosics; peptizing agent in adhesives; pH buffering

agent, gentle abrasive in cleaners; wax and oil emulsifier; laundry bleaching agent; water softener; visc. control; corrosion inhibitor; enzyme stabilizer; lubricant carrier in wire drawing; food pkg. *Trade Names:* Neobor®

Sodium tetradecanoate. See Sodium myristate Sodium tetrahydridoborate. See Sodium borohydride Sodium tetrahydroborate. See Sodium borohydride Sodium tetrapyrophosphate. See Tetrasodium pyrophosphate

Sodium thiocyanate

CAS 540-72-7; EINECS/ELINCS 208-754-4

- Synonyms: Sodium isothiocyanate; Sodium rhodanate; Sodium rhodanide; Sodium sulfocyanate; Sodium sulfocyanide; Sodium thiocyanide; Thiocyanate sodium; Thiocyanic acid, sodium salt
- Classification: Inorganic compd.

Empirical: CNNaS

Formula: NaSCN

Properties: Colorless cryst.; sol. in water, alcohol, acetone; m.w. 81.07; m.p. 287 C

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 764 mg/kg, (IP, rat), 540 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 484 mg/kg; poison by ing., IV, subcut. routes; mod. toxic by IP route; irritant; ing. of large doses may cause vomiting, convulsions; chronic exposure causes weakness, confusion, diarrhea, skin rashes; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NO_x, SO_x, Na₂O

Storage: Hygroscopic, deliq.; light-sensitive

Uses: Intermediate for agric. chems., slimicides for paper, pharmaceuticals; brightener in electroplating; analytical reagent; photographic emulsion stabilizer; textile dye and printing assistant; fiber swelling agent; in food-pkg. adhesives; acrylic fiber spinning solvent additive; corrosion inhibitor for water treatment; solvent for polyacrylates, textile baths; extraction solvent for metals; mfg. of other thiocyanate salts and artificial mustard oil; medicine (antihypertensive)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105

Manuf./Distrib.: AC Ind.; Akzo Nobel bv; Aldrich; Alemark; Allan; Allchem Ind.; Am. Int'l.; Amber Syn.; Austin; Barker Ind.; Crompton/Witco; Degussa-Hüls; EM Ind.; Fluka; Pacific West; Richman; Sanko Kagaku; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Toyo Kasei Kogyo; Van Waters & Rogers; Westco

Sodium thiocyanide. See Sodium thiocyanate

Sodium thiosulfate. See Sodium thiosulfate anhydrous

Sodium thiosulfate anhydrous

CAS 7772-98-7; EINÉCS/ELINCS 231-867-5

Synonyms: Disodium thiosulfate; Hypo; Sodium hyposulfite; Sodium subsulfite; Sodium thiosulfate; Thiosulfuric acid disodium salt

Classification: Inorganic salt

Definition: Avail. as the anhyd. or pentahydrate salts

Empirical: Na₂O₃S₂

Formula: Na₂S₂O₃

- *Properties:* Colorless cryst. or cryst. powd.; sol. in water; pract. insol. in alcohol; m.w. 158.11; dens. 1.667; dec. on heating
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 5200 mg/kg; LDLo (dermal, rabbit) 4 g/kg; mod. toxic by subcut. route; mildly irritating to respiratory tract and skin (may cause dermatitis); TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with oxidizers, metal nitrates, sodium nitrite; slowly dec. at R.T. and more rapidly in presence of light and heat
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of Na₂O and SO_x

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1

Storage: Hygroscopic; deliq. in moist air

Uses: Photographic fixative; chrome tanning; chlorine removal in bleaching and papermaking; extraction of silver; dechlorination reagent for drinking water, effluent; mordant; reagent; bleaching, reducing agent in chrome dyeing; sequestrant in salt; flotation depressant for copper ores; flue gas desulfurization agent; textile/leather processing aux.; food antioxidant, formulation aid, reducing agent, sequestrant; antioxidant in pharmaceuticals; antidote for cyanide poisoning

Use Level: Limitation 0.0005% (alcoholic beverages), 0.1% (table salt) Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1807, GRAS; FDA approved for intravenous, ophthalmics, orals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allan; Am. Int'l.; Calabrian; Charkit; Dastech Int'l.; Ferro/Grant; Fluka; General Chem.; Kimson; Mallinckrodt Baker; Nissan Chem. Ind.; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Sigma; Southern Ionics; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Vivion; Wego Chem. & Min.; Wm. Blythe Ltd

Sodium thiosulfate pentahydrate

CAS 10102-17-7; EINEČS/ELINCS 231-867-5

Synonyms: Sodium hyposulfite pentahydrate; Thiosulfuric acid disodium salt pentahydrate

- Empirical: Na2O3S2 5H2O
- Formula: $Na_2S_2O_3 \cdot 5H_2O$
- Properties: Colorless cryst. or gran., odorless; sol. in water; insol. in alcohol; m.w. 248.18; dens. 1.69; m.p. 48 C; pH 6.5-8.0; loses water of cryst. @ 100 C and dec. at higher temps.
- Toxicology: LD50 (IV, rat) > 2.5 g/kg, (IP, mouse) 5600 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IV route; ing. may cause cyanosis in humans; lg. internal doses have cathartic action; irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with iodine, acids, lead, mercury, and silver salts; violent reaction with NaNO₂
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of SO_x, Na₂O
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1
- Storage: Hygroscopic; sl. deliq. in moist air; store @ R.T.
- Uses: Photographic fixative; dechlorination reagent for drinking water, effluent, textiles, pulp/paper; flotation depressant for copper ores; flue gas desulfurization agent; textile/leather processing aux.; dichromate reducing agent in tanning; antioxidant, sequestrant, formulation aid, reducing agent, emulsifier, pH control agent for foods and beverages

Use Level: Limitation 0.00005% (alcoholic beverages), 0.1% (table salt)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §184.1807, GRAS

Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; Calabrian; FMC Foret; Fluka; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Wm. Blythe Ltd

Sodium tin oxide. See Sodium stannate

Sodium trichlorophenate. See Sodium-2,4,5-trichlorophenate

Sodium-2,4,5-trichlorophenate

- CAS 136-32-3
- Synonyms: Phenol, 2,4,5-trichloro-, sodium salt; Sodium trichlorophenate; 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol, sodium salt; (2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy) sodium Empirical: C₆H₂Cl₃NaO
- Properties: Buff to it. brown flakes; sol. in water, methanol, acetone; m.w. 219.42; pH 11-13 (water-sat. sol'n.)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1620 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Cl⁻ and Na₂O

Uses: Industrial preservative (bactericide, fungicide); fungicide for pulp/paper mill wet-end systems; preservative for defoamers in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.200, 176.210, 176.300, 181.30

Sodium tridecylbenzene sulfonate

- CAS 26248-24-8; EINECS/ELINCS 247-536-3
- Synonyms: Tridecylbenzenesulfonic acid, sodium salt
- *Classification:* Substituted aromatic compd.

Empirical: C₁₉H₃₂O₃S · Na

- Properties: Anionic
- Uses: Detergent, emulsifier, foamer, and wetting agent for the detergent and personal care industries; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; antistat/antifog in food pkg.; emulsifier in mfg. of foodcontact articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 178.3130, 178.3400

Sodium triphosphate. See Pentasodium triphosphate

Sodium tripolyphosphate. See Pentasodium triphosphate

Sodium tris (1,2-naphthalenedione 1-oximato-O,O) ferrate (II). See Acid green 1

Sodium vinyl sulfonate polymerized. See Polysodium vinyl sulfonate

Sodium xylenesulfonate

CAS 1300-72-7; EINECS/ELINCS 215-090-9 Synonyms: SXS; Dimethylbenzene sulfonic acid, sodium salt Definition: Sodium salt of ring sulfonated mixed xylene isomers Empirical: $C_8H_9O_3S \cdot Na$

Formula: (CH₃)₂C₆H₃SO₃Na

Properties: M.w. 208.21; anionic

Toxicology: No known toxicity; irritant; TSCA listed

- Uses: Hydrotrope, solvent in heavy-duty detergents, shampoos; coupling agent; stabilizer; dispersant; visc. reducer; processing aid; pharmaceutical solubilizer; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180; FDA approved for topicals Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; Browning; Burlington Chem.; Fluka; Howard Hall; Huntsman; J.F. Henry; Pilot; Rütgers Org.; Stepan Trade Names: Pilot® SXS-40

Sodium zinc potassium polyphosphate

Toxicology: Irritant

Uses: Pigment dispersant in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 See also Borosilicate glass

Sodum chloride, natural. See Sodium chloride

Solanum tuberosum. See Potato (Solanum tuberosum) starch Solid red A. See Acid red 88

Soluble glass. See Sodium metasilicate; Sodium silicate

Soluble guncotton. See Nitrocellulose

Soluble sulfur. See Sulfur

Solvent naphtha. See VM&P naphtha

Solvent red 72. See Acid orange 11

SOPP. See Sodium o-phenylphenate

Sorbic acid sodium salt. See Sodium sorbate

Sorbimacrogol laurate 300. See Polysorbate 20

Sorbimacrogol oleate 300. See Polysorbate 80

Sorbimacrogol palmitate 300. See Polysorbate 40

Sorbimacrogol stearate 300. See Polysorbate 60

Sorbimacrogol trioleate 300. See Polysorbate 85 Sorbimacrogol tristearate 300. See Polysorbate 65

Sorbimacrogol tristea Sorbit. See Sorbitol

Sorbitan, esters, monododecanoate. See Sorbitan laurate Sorbitan, esters, monohexadecanoate. See Sorbitan palmitate Sorbitan, esters, monooctadecanoate. See Sorbitan stearate

Sorbitan laurate

- CAS 1338-39-2; 5959-89-7; EINECS/ELINCS 215-663-3; 227-729-9 Synonyms: Anhydrosorbitol monolaurate; Sorbitan, esters, monododeca-
- noate; Sorbitan monododecanoate; Sorbitan monolaurate Definition: Monoester of lauric acid and hexitol anhydrides derived from
- sorbitol

Empirical: C18H34O6

- Properties: Yel. to amber oily liq., bland char. odor; sol. in methanol, alcohol, min. oil; sl. sol. in cottonseed oil, ethyl acetate; insol. in water; m.w. 346.47; dens. 1.032; m.p. 18 C; HLB 8.6; acid no. 8 max.; sapon. no. 158-170; hyd. no. 330-358; flash pt. > 230 F; ref. index 1.4740; nonionic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 33,600 mg/kg; TDLo (skin, mouse, 24 wk intermittent) 1350 mg/kg; sl. toxic by ing.; questionable carcinogen; experimental neoplastigen, reproductive effects; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Emulsifier, solubilizer for foods, cosmetics, household prods., industrial applics., coatings, household (polishes, cleaners), pharmaceutical uses; lubricant, antifog, antistat for PVC and other plastics; antifog for food-pkg. films; polymerization emulsifier for thermoplastics; emulsifier in food pkg.; emollient for skin care prods.; lubricant, emulsifier in textile spin finishes; cosolvent; foods (crystallization retarder, dough improver)

Use Level: ADI 0-25 mg/kg (EU, total sorbitan esters)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.320, 178.3400; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for ophthalmics, orals; USP/NF, BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.; Aldrich; Ashland; Fluka; Jeen Int'l.; Lonza; Mosselman NV; Protameen; Rhodia HPCII; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem

Trade Names: Crill 1; DeMULS SML; Lumisorb[™] SML

Sorbitan monododecanoate. See Sorbitan laurate

Sorbitan, monododecanoate, poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivs. See Polysorbate 20

Sorbitan, monohexadecanoate, poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivs. See

Polysorbate 40

Sorbitan monolaurate. See Sorbitan laurate

Sorbitan monooctadecanoate. See Sorbitan stearate

Sorbitan, monooctadecanoate, poly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivs. See Polysorbate 60

Sorbitan mono-9-octadecenoate. See Sorbitan oleate

Sorbitan monooleate. See Sorbitan oleate

Sorbitan monooleic acid ester. See Sorbitan oleate

Sorbitan monopalmitate. See Sorbitan palmitate

Sorbitan monostearate. See Sorbitan stearate

Sorbitan, 9-octadecenoate (2:3). See Sorbitan sesquioleate

Sorbitan oleate

- CAS 1338-43-8; 5938-38-5; EINECS/ELINCS 215-665-4
- Synonyms: SMO; Anhydrosorbitol monooleate; Monodehydrosorbitol monooleate; Sorbitan mono-9-octadecenoate; Sorbitan monooleate; Sorbitan monooleic acid ester
- Definition: Monoester of oleic acid and hexitol anhydrides derived from sorbitol

Empirical: C24H44O6

Properties: Yel. to amber visc. liq., char. bland odor; misc. with min. and veg. oils; sl. sol. in ether; insol. in water, acetone, propylene glycol; m.w. 428.62; dens. 0.986; HLB 4.3; acid no. 8 max.; iodine no. 62-76; sapon. no. 145-160; hyd. no. 193-210; flash pt. > 230 F; ref. index 1.4800; nonionic

Toxicology: Skin irritant; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Emulsifier for foods, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, household prods., industrial applics., polymerization, pulp/paper, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives; antifog, antistat, cling additive for plastic films; oil additive; corrosion inhibitor; clarification of beet or cane sugar liquor; food stabilizer; emulsifier in food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Use Level: 0.7 ppm max. (sugar juice), 1.4 ppm max. (sugar liquor); ADI 0-25 mg/kg (EU, total sorbitan esters)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1001, 173.75, 175.105, 175.320, 178.3400; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals, topicals; USP/NF, BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.; ABITEC; Aldrich; Ashland; Fluka; Heterene; Jeen Int'l.; Lambent Tech.; Lonza; Mosselman NV; Norman, Fox; Protameen; Rhodia HPCII; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Uniqema/ ICI Surf. Am.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem

Trade Names: Crill 4; DeMULS SMO; Lumisorb[™] SMO

Sorbitan palmitate

CAS 26266-57-9; EINECS/ELINCS 247-568-8

Synonyms: 1,4-Anhydro-D-glucitol, 6-hexadecanoate; Monopalmitate sorbitan; Sorbitan, esters, monohexadecanoate; Sorbitan monopalmitate

Definition: Partial ester of palmitic acid with sorbitol mono- and dianhydrides Empirical: $C_{\rm 22}H_{\rm 42}O_6$

Properties: Tan gran. waxy solid, faint tallow-like odor; sol. in ethyl acetate, warm abs. alcohol; sol. hazy in warm peanut or min. oil; insol. in water; m.w. 402.57; dens. 0.989; HLB 6.7; acid no. 8 max.; sapon. no. 140-150; hyd. no. 275-305; flash pt. > 230 F; ref. index 1.4780; nonionic

Toxicology: No known toxicity; skin and eye irritant; TSCA listed

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors
- Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier for foods, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, household prods., industrial applics., polymerization, pulp/paper, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives; emulsifier in food pkg.; oil additive; corrosion inhibitor; cosolvent

Use Level: ADI 0-25 mg/kg (EU, total sorbitan esters)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.320, 178.3400; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for intramuscular injectables; USP/NF compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; Fluka; Jeen Int'l.; Lonza; Protameen; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem

Trade Names: Crill 2; Lumisorb[™] SMP

Sorbitan sesquioleate

CAS 8007-43-0; EINECS/ELINCS 232-360-1

Synonyms: Anhydrohexitol sesquioleate; Anhydrosorbitol sesquioleate; Sorbitan, 9-octadecenoate (2:3) Definition: Mixture of mono and diesters of oleic acid and hexitol anhydrides derived from sorbitol

Properties: Yel. to amber thick oily liq.; sol. in alcohol, IPA, min. oil, cottonseed oil; insol. in water, propylene glycol; HLB 3.7; acid no. 14 max.; iodine no. 65-75; sapon. no. 143-165; hyd. no. 182-220; nonionic

- Toxicology: Skin and eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors

Uses: W/o emulsifier, wetting agent, pigment dispersant, lubricant, coupling agent, solubilizer, antifoam for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, explosives, household aerosols, polymerization; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings for polyolefin films

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.320; FDA approved for topicals

- Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.; Aldrich; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.
- Trade Names: Crill 43

Sorbitan stearate

CAS 1338-41-6; 69005-67-8; EINECS/ELINCS 215-664-9; FEMA 3028

Synonyms: SMS; Anhydro-d-glucitol monooctadecanoate; Anhydrosorbitol monostearate; Anhydrosorbitol stearate; Sorbitan, esters, monooctadecanoate; Sorbitan monooctadecanoate; Sorbitan monostearate

Definition: Monoester of stearic acid and hexitol anhydrides derived from sorbitol

Empirical: C₂₄H₄₆O₆

Properties: Cream to tan waxy beads, bland odor and taste; sol. in ethyl acetate, veg. and min. oils; insol. in water, acetone, alcohol, propylene glycol; m.w. 430.70; m.p. 49-65 C; pour pt. 51-54 C; HLB 4.7; acid no. 5-10; sapon. no. 147-157; hyd. no. 235-260; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 31 g/kg; very mildly toxic by ing.; primary skin irritant; experimental reproductive effects; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Emulsifier, stabilizer, coupling agent, defoamer for foods, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, household prods., industrial applics., polymerization; emulsifier in food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives; to prepare silicone defoamer emulsions for industrial applics., paraffin wax emulsions for processing paper coatings; textile process lubricant; internal PVC film lubricant

Use Level: Limitation 0.4% (whipped toppings), 1% (confectionery coatings), 0.4% (milk substitute), 0.7% (cake icings), 1% (active dry yeast); ADI 0-25 mg/kg (EU, total sorbitan esters)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1001, 163.123, 163.130, 163.135, 163.140, 163.145, 163.150, 163.153, 163.155, 172.515, 172.842, 173.340, 175.105, 175.320, 178.3400, 573.960; FEMA GRAS; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for topicals, vaginals, orals; USP/NF, BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.; Aldrich; Ashland; Fluka; Jeen Int'l.; Lambent Tech.; Lonza; Norman, Fox; Protameen; Rhodia HPCII; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem

Trade Names: Crill 3; DeMULS SMS; Emsorb[®] 2505; Lumisorb[™] SMS; Polypax SMS

Sorbitan trioctadecanoate. See Sorbitan tristearate

Sorbitan, trioctadecanoate, poly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivs. See Polysorbate 65

Sorbitan tri-9-octadecenoate. See Sorbitan trioleate

Sorbitan trioleate

CAS 26266-58-0; 85186-88-5; EINECS/ELINCS 247-569-3; 286-074-7 Synonyms: STO; Anhydrosorbitol trioleate; Sorbitan tri-9-octadecenoate Definition: Triester of oleic acid and hexitol anhydrides derived from sorbitol Empirical: $C_{40}H_{108}O_8$

Properties: Yel. to amber oily liq.; sol. in alcohol, veg. oil, min. oil; insol. in water, ethylene glycol, propylene glycol; m.w. 957.52; dens. 0.956; HLB 1.8; acid no. 17 max.; iodine no. 77-85; sapon. no. 170-190; hyd. no. 50-75; flash pt. > 230 F; ref. index 1.4760; nonionic

Toxicology: Irritant; TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier for foods, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, household prods., industrial applics., polymerization; antifog, lubricant, cling additive for plastic film; emulsifier in food pkg.; emollient; solvent; oil phase regulator; antirust

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.320, 178.3400; FDA approved for inhalants,

orals, topicals

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; Fluka; Jeen Int'l.; Lonza; Nihon Surfactant; Pfaltz & Bauer; Protameen; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; TCI Am.

Trade Names: Crill 45; Lumisorb™ STO

Sorbitan tristearate

CAS 26658-19-5; 72869-62-6; EINECS/ELINCS 247-891-4; 276-951-2 Synonyms: STS; Anhydrosorbitol tristearate; Sorbitan trioctadecanoate Definition: Triester of stearic acid and hexitol anhydrides derived from sorbitol Empirical: $C_{60}H_{114}O_8$

Properties: Wh. to tan waxy beads; sol. in IPA; insol. in water; m.w. 963.56; pour pt. 48 C; HLB 2.1; acid no. 12-15; sapon. no. 176-188; nonionic *Toxicology:* No known toxicity; TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier for foods, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, household prods., industrial applics., polymerization, pulp/paper, metalworking, lubricants, textiles, agric., paints, adhesives; emulsifier in food pkg.; coupling agent; lubricant; softener; antistat; corrosion inhibitor; process defoamer; solubilizer; dispersant; suspending agent; crystallization control in foods

Use Level: ADI 0-25 mg/kg (EŬ, total sorbitan esters)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.320, 178.3400; Europe listed; UK approved Manuf./Distrib.: Ashland; Cognis/Chems. Group; Fluka; Lambent Tech.; Lonza; Rhodia HPCII; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Uniqema/ICI Surf. Am.

Trade Names: Crill 41; Lumisorb[™] STS

Sorbite. See Sorbitol

D-Sorbite. *See* Sorbitol

Sorbitol

CAS 50-70-4; EINECS/ELINCS 200-061-5; FEMA 3029

Synonyms: Glucitol; D-Glucitol; Gulitol; Sorbit; Sorbite; D-Sorbite; γ-Sorbitol; D-Sorbitol; Sorbo; Sorbol

Classification: Hexahydric alcohol

Empirical: C₆H₁₄O₆

- Formula: CH₂OHHCOHHOCHHCOHHCOHCH₂OH
- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd., gran. or flakes, odorless, sweet taste; sol. in water, hot alcohol, methanol, IPA, DMF, acetic acid, phenol, acetamide sol'ns., oxygenated solvs.; insol. in veg. and min. oils; m.w. 182.20; dens. 1.47 (-5 C); m.p. 93-97.5 C; b.p. 105 C; pH ≈ 7.0
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 15,900 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; excess consumption may have laxative effect; intolerance manifested by abdominal pain, bloating, diarrhea; no known toxicity if used externally; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Storage: Hygroscopic

- Uses: Bodying agent for paper, textile, liq. pharmaceuticals; in mfg. of sorbose, ascorbic acid, propylene glycol, synthetic plasticizers, resins, paints; as sequestrant; pharmaceuticals (humectant, plasticizer, nutritive sweetener, vehicle, excipient); tablet diluent; food additive (nutrient, dietary supplement, anticaking agent, curing/pickling, firming agent, flavoring, emulsifier, formulation aid, humectant, sequestrant, stabilizer, thickener, surface-finisher, texturizer); as humectant on printing rolls, leather, tobacco; in writing inks; in antifreeze mixts.; sugar substitute for diabetics; sugar cryst. inhibitor; PVC heat costabilizer; plasticizer in food-contact coatings
- Use Level: Limitation 99% (hard candy), 75% (chewing gum), 98% (soft candy), 30% (jams, jellies), 30% (baked goods), 17% (frozen dairy desserts), 12% (other foods); up to 7% (nutrient, dietary supplement); ADI not specified (FAO/WHO); 70-72% (suspensions); 6-35% (sol'ns.); 5-25% (syrups); 5-20% (elixirs)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 182.90, 184.1835, GRAS; FEMA GRAS; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for dentals, intramuscular injectables, orals, rectals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf,/Distrib.: ADA Int'l.; ADM; AMRESCO; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allchem Ind.; Am. Biorganics; Ashland; Baychem; Boehle; Brown; Browning; CarboMer; Cerestar UK; Coyne; Danisco Cultor; EM Ind.; Fabrichem; Fanning; Fluka; George Uhe; Harcros; Hoffmann-LaRoche; Independent Chem.; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Int'l. Sourcing; Jungbunzlauer; Lipo; Lonza; Mallinckrodt Baker; O.C. Lugo; Primachem; R.W. Greeff; Research Organics; Rochem Int'l.; Roquette Am.; Ruger; SPI Polyols; San Yuan; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Thornley; Unigema/

ICI Surf. Am.; Van Waters & Rogers; Vivion; Whyte Chems. Ltd *Trade Names:* Liponic 70-NC; Liponic 76-NC; Sorbitol Sol'n. High Mannitol *Trade Names Containing:* Sorbitol Sol'n. Noncrystallizing

D-Sorbitol. *See* Sorbitol γ-Sorbitol. *See* Sorbitol Sorbo. *See* Sorbitol

Sorbol. See Sorbitol

Sorghum gum. See Starch

SOS. *See* Sodium octyl sulfate

Sour gas. *See* Hydrogen sulfide

Southern bentonite. See Bentonite

- Soya-(3-amidopropyl)-N,N-dimethylamine glycolate. See Soyamidopropyl dimethylamino glycolate
- Soya-(3-amidopropyl)-N,N-dimethylamino gluconate. See Soyamidopropyl dimethylamino gluconate

Soyabean meal. See Soybean (Glycine soja) meal

Soya bean oil. See Soybean (Glycine soja) oil

Soya diethanolamide. See Soyamide DEA

Soya lecithin. See Lecithin

Soyamide DEA

CAS 68425-47-8; EINECS/ELINCS 270-355-6 Synonyms: Soya diethanolamide; N,N-Bis(hydroxyethyl)soya amides Definition: Mixture of ethanolamides of soy acid Formula: RCO–N(CH₂CH₂OH)₂, RCO– rep. fatty acids from soy Properties: Nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Foam stabilizer, visc. builder, superfatting agent, thickener, emulsifier, conditioner, emollient for toiletries, cutting and sol. oils, textiles, household and industrial cleaners, corrosion inhibitor; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.710, 175.105, 176.210

Soyamidopropyl dimethylamino gluconate

Synonyms: D-Gluconic acid, compd. with n-[3-(dimethylamine) propyl] soyamide; Soya-(3-amidopropyl)-N,N-dimethylamino gluconate Properties: Cationic

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, conditioning agent for hair care prods., industrial use

Trade Names: Necon SOGU

Soyamidopropyl dimethylamino glycolate

Synonyms: Acetic acid, hydroxy-, compd. with N-[3-(dimethylamine) propyl] soyamide; Soya-(3-amidopropyl)-N,N-dimethylamine glycolate Properties: Cationic

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier, conditioner, softener for hair care prods.; emulsifier for paper/pulp

Trade Names: Necon SOG

Soya oil. See Soybean (Glycine soja) oil

Soybean (Glycine soja) meal

Synonyms: Soyabean meal; Soybean meal

Definition: Crushed residue obtained from soybeans after expressing the oil Uses: Source of protein for feedstuffs; organic filler; casein-based wood adhesives; binder for paper coatings; plastics; microbial fermentation nutrient; medium for bacitracin prod.

Soybean (Glycine soja) oil

CAS 8001-22-7; EINECS/ELINCS 232-274-4

Synonyms: Chinese bean oil; Glycine soja; Glycine soja oil; Soya bean oil; Soya oil; Soybean oil; Soy oil

Classification: Fixed oil

- Definition: Oil obtained from seeds of soya plant, *Glycine soja*, by extraction or expression; consists of triglycerides of oleic, linoleic, linolenic, and saturated acids
- Properties: Pale yel. to brnsh. yel. oil, sl. char. odor and taste; sol. in alcohol, ether, chloroform, carbon disulfide; insol. in water; dens. 0.924-0.929; visc. 50.09 cps; vapor pressure very low; m.p. 22-31 C; iodine no. 120-141; sapon. no. 189-195; flash pt. 540 F; ref. index 1.471
- *Toxicology:* May cause allergic reactions incl. hair damage and acne-like pimples; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO2 from combustion; heated to decomp.,

emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 *Storage:* Light-sensitive

Uses: Soap mfg.; plasticizer (epoxidized); plasticizer for rubber; high-protein foods; edible cooking oil; drying oil for inks, paints, varnishes, in foodcontact coatings; alkyd resins; cattle feeds; pesticide carrier; dietary supplement; food coatings, emulsifier, texturizer, lubricant; microbial fermentation nutrient; pharmaceutical vehicle, solvent; in food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800, GRAS; FDA approved for orals, topicals; USP/NF, BP compliance

Manuf /Distrib.: ABITEC; ADM; Akzo Nobel; Alba Int'I.; Alban Muller; Aldrich; Alnor Oil; Arista Ind.; Ashland; Atofina; Cargill Ind. Oils & Lubes; Central Soya; Charkit; Croda Chem. Ltd; Degen; Eastman; Lomas Int'I.; Reichhold; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Stevenson Cooper; Thornley; Tri-K Ind.; U.S. Synthetics; Vivion; Vliengenthart BV; Welch, Holme & Clark; Werner G. Smith

Soybean meal. See Soybean (Glycine soja) meal Soybean oil. See Soybean (Glycine soja) oil

Soybean oil hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated soybean oil

Soybean oil triglycerides

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Soy fatty acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol. See Propylene glycol soyate

Soy oil. See Soybean (Glycine soja) oil Soy protein, hydrolyzed. See Hydrolyzed soy protein

Sperm oil triglycerides

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

- Spirit of Hartshorn. See Ammonium hydroxide
- Spirits of salt. See Hydrochloric acid

Spirits of turpentine. See Turpentine

Spirits of wine. See Alcohol

Spirit of turpentine. See Turpentine

Spiro (isobenzofuran-1(3H),9 - (9H) xanthen)-3-one, 4 ,5 - dibromo-3 ,6 dihydroxy-. See Acid orange 11

Spiro [isobenzofuran-1(3H),9⁻[9H] xanthen]-3-one, 2['],4['],5['],7[']-tetrabromo-3['],6[']-dihydroxy-, disodium salt. See Acid red 87

STAC. See Steartrimonium chloride

Stannic chloride

CAS 7646-78-8 (anhyd.); EINECS/ELINCS 231-588-9; UN No. 1827 Synonyms: Stannic chloride anhydrous; Tin chloride; Tin chloride, fuming; Tin chloride (ic); Tin (IV) chloride; Tin (IV) chloride (1:4); Tin (IV) chloride anhydrous; Tin perchloride; Tin tetrachloride; Tin tetrachloride, anhydrous Empirical: Cl₄Sn

Formula: SnCl4

- Properties: Colorless fuming liq.; water converts to a cryst. solid (SnCl₄ · 5H₂O); sol. in cold water, alcohol, carbon disulfide, most org. solvs.; dec. by hot water; m.w. 260.50; dens. 2.217 (20/4 C); f.p. -33 C; b.p. 114 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 2 mg(Sn)/m³; LD50 (IP, mouse) 101 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 10 min) 2300 mg/m³; poison by IP route; mod. toxic by inh.; corrosive irritant to skin, eyes, mucous membranes; causes burns; irritating to respiratory system; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Corrosive material; evolves heat on contact with moisture; liberates HCI on contact with moisture or heat; violent reaction with K, Na, turpentine, ethylene oxide, or alkyl nitrates

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of Cl-Storage: Moisture-sensitive; keep well stoppered

Uses: Electroconductive/electroluminescent coatings; textile dye mordant; perfume stabilizer for soaps; mfg. of fuchsin, blueprint paper, color lakes, ceramic coatings; bleaching agent for sugar; stabilizer for resins; tin salts; organotin compds.; Friedel-Crafts reaction/polymerization catalyst; soap bactericide/fungicide; glass coatings/surf. treatment agent; sheepskin wool flame-resist. treatment; ABS electroplating activator; mfg. of pharmaceuticals

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Atofina; Atotech USA; Brandeis; Cardi-

nal; Chemisphere Ltd; Crompton/Witco; Esprit; Fluka; Mason Corp.; Noah; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Wm. Blythe Ltd

Stannic chloride anhydrous. See Stannic chloride

Stannous oleate

CAS 1912-84-1

Synonyms: (Z)-9-Octadecenoic acid, tin (2+) salt; Tin oleate

Classification: Organometallic compd.

Empirical: C₃₆H₆₆O₄Sn

Formula: [CH₃(CH₂)₇CH=CH(CH₂)₇COO]₂Sn

Properties: M.w. 681.62

- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 2 mg(Sn)/m³; LD50 (IV, mouse) 100 mg/kg; poison by IV route; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Esterification catalyst; ink transfer preventive in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg.; accelerator for food-contact silicone rubber articles for repeated use
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.130, 176.170, 177.1200, 177.2600

Starch

CAS 9005-25-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-686-4

Synonyms: Arrowroot starch; Corn starch; Potato starch; Rice starch; Sago starch; Sorghum gum; α -Starch; Starch, converted; Starch, corn; Starch dust; Tapioca starch; Wheat starch

Classification: Carbohydrate polymer

Definition: Complex polysaccharide composed of units of glucose consisting of about one quarter amylose and three quarters amylopectin; derived from corn, wheat, polatoes, or tapioca

Empirical: (C₆H₁₀O₅)_n

- *Properties:* Wh. amorphous powd. or gran., odorless, sl. char. taste; insol. in cold water, alcohol; forms gels in hot water; m.w. 162.14,
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA10 mg/m³ of total dust (when toxic impurities not present); LD50 (IP, mouse) 6600 mg/kg; nuisance dust; mildly toxic by IP route; skin irritant; allergen; may cause contact dermatitis, peritonitis; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm. exposed to flame; can react with oxidizers; mod. explosive exposed to flame
- Uses: In food-pkg. adhesives; machine-coated paper; textile filler and sizing agent; filler in baking powd.; urea-formaldehyde resin adhesive; paint raw material; chelating agent, sequestrant, gelling agent for foods; pharmaceutical filler, binder, disintegrant, adsorbent, diluent, carrier for tablets; rubber glove powd.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 182.90, GRAS; FDA approved for buccals, parenterals, orals, rectals, topicals, vaginals; USP/NF, BP compliance

- Manuf./Distrib.: A.E. Staley Mfg.; ADM Corn Processing; Alco; Aldrich; Avebe Am.; Brøste; Cerestar Int'l.; Cerestar USA; Colorcon; Eka Chems. AB; Fluka; Grain Processing; Nalco; Nat'l. Starch & Chem.; Penford Prods.; Penta Mfg.; Roquette Am.; Sigma; U.S. Synthetics; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Vivion
- Trade Names: Liquistrength™ Bonding Agent; Pen-cote® Starch; PenFilm™ Binder; Pen-sprae® Starch

Trade Names Containing: PenCP® Binder; Pensize® Binder

α-Starch. See Starch

Starch, converted. See Starch

Starch, corn. See Corn (Zea mays) starch; Starch

Starch dust. See Starch

Starch gum. See Dextrin

Starch, pregelatinized

Classification: Carbohydrate polymer

- Definition: Starch that has been chemically or mechanically processed to rupture all or part of the gran. in the presence of water, and then dried
- Properties: Wh. to off-wh. fine to coarse powd., odorless, sl. char. taste; sl. sol. to sol. in cold water; insol. in alcohol; pH 4.5-7
- Uses: Adhesives (corrugated cardboard, multiwall paper bags, wallpaper, posters); internal paper sizing; pie/pudding filling ingred.; pharmaceutical tablet/capsule binder, diluent, disintegrant

Regulatory: USP/NF compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Avebe Am.; Chemstar Prods.

Starch, zea mays. See Corn (Zea mays) starch Steam. See Water

Stearalkonium chloride

- CAS 122-19-0; EINECS/ELINCS 204-527-9; UN No. 1993 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Ammonium, benzyldimethyloctadecyl-, chloride; Benzyldimethylstearyl ammonium chloride; Benzylstearyl dimethylammonium chloride; Dimethylbenzyloctadecylammonium chloride; N,N-Dimethyl-Noctadecylbenzenemethanaminium chloride; Dimethyloctadecylbenzyl ammonium chloride; Dimethyl stearyl benzyl ammonium chloride; Octadecyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride; Stearyl benzyl dimethyl ammonium chloride; Stearyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride

Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt

Empirical: C27H50N · CI

Formula: C₁₈H₃₇(CH₃)₂(C₆H₅CH₂)NCI

- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; sol. in water, chloroform, benzene, acetone, xylene; m.w. 424.23; m.p. 35-40 C; cationic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1250 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 280 mg/kg; poison by IP route; mod. toxic by ing.; human skin and severe eye irritant; TSCA listed *Precaution:* DOT: Flamm. liq.
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NO_{x1} NH₃₁ and Cl⁻
- Uses: Intermediate for cationic surfactants; softener/antistat in hair conditioners; germicide in food prep., water treatment (duckweed killer), petroleum, textiles; dispersant in paints; antistat/disinfectant in plastics, pulp/paper; dye leveling agent; antimicrobial in cane-sugar mills, pharmaceutical topicals; organophilic surf. treatment agent in bentonite; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.165 (limitation 1.5-6 ppm), 173.320 (limitation 0.05 ppm raw sugarcane or raw beets), 175.105; FDA approved for topicals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Ashland; Biosil Tech.; Croda Inc; Fanning; Int'l. Sourcing; Lonza; Mason; McIntyre; Norman, Fox; RTD; Rhodia HPCII; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Surfactants Inc; Universal Preserv-A-Chem
- Trade Names: Incroquat SDQ-25; Nissan Cation S2-100
- Trade Names Containing: Carsoquat® SDQ-25

Stearamide

- CAS 124-26-5; EINECS/ELINCS 204-693-2
- Synonyms: Amide C-18; Octadecanamide; Stearic acid amide
- Classification: Aliphatic amide
- Empirical: C₁₈H₃₇NO
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆CONH₂
- Properties: Colorless leaflets; sl. sol. in alcohol, ether; insol. in water; m.w. 283.56; m.p. 98-102 C; b.p. 250-251 C (12 mm)
- Toxicology: TDLo (implant, mouse) 1000 mg/kg; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x Uses: Slip/antiblock agent for LDPE, HDPE, PP; mold release agent, internal lubricant for coatings, films; builder, foam visc. stabilizer, and foam
- internal lubricant for coatings, films; builder, foam visc. stabilizer, and foam booster in syn. detergent formulations, cosmetics; water repellent for textiles; oil-well corrosion inhibitor; improves dye solubility in printing inks, dyes, carbon paper coatings, and fusible coatings for glassware and ceramics; intermediate for syn. waxes; pigment dispersant; thickener for paint; release agent in food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives; in closuresealing gaskets for food containers; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of foodcontact metallic articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.1210, 178.3860, 178.3910, 179.45, 181.22, 181.28
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Chemax; Cognis/Chems. Group; Croda Universal Ltd; Eastech; Ferro; Fluka; Lutianhua; Uniqema N. Am. Trade Names: Armid® 18

Stearamide DEA

CAS 93-82-3; EINECS/ELINCS 202-280-1

Synonyms: N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) octadecanamide; N,N-Bis (2-hydroxyethyl) stearamide; Diethanolamine stearic acid amide; Stearic acid diethanolamide; Stearic acid polydiethanolamide; Stearoyl diethanolamide Definition: Mixture of ethanolamides of stearic acid

Empirical: C₂₂H₄₅NO₃

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆CON(CH₂CH₂OH)₂

Properties: M.w. 371.61; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, opacifier, thickener, emulsion stabilizer, lubricant, condi-

tioner, softener, pearlescent, dye carrier, gelling agent, lubricant used in skin and hair care prods., dermatologicals, textiles, metal treatment; petroleum anti-icing additive; emulsifier/corrosion inhibitor in sol. cutting oils; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 177.2260, 177.2800

Stearamide MEA

CAS 111-57-9; EINECS/ELINCS 203-883-2

Synonyms: N-(2-Hydroxyethyl) octadecanamide; N-(2-Hydroxyethyl) stearamide; Monoethanolamine stearic acid amide; Stearic acid monoethanolamide; Stearoyl monoethanolamide

Definition: Mixture of ethanolamides of stearic acid

Empirical: C₂₀H₄₁NO₂

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆CONHCH₂CH₂OH

Properties: Wh. to yel. flakes; m.w. 327.55; nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Opacifier, pearlescent, conditioner, lubricant, thickener, gelling agent, mold release agent, binder, detergent, superfatting agent; base for antiperspirant and makeup sticks; emulsion stabilizer; emulsifier/pearlescent/ thickener for soaps, toiletries, cosmetics; foam stabilizer for laundry detergents

Trade Names Containing: Mackester[™] SP

Stearamide MEA-stearate

CAS 14351-40-7; EINECS/ELINCS 238-310-5

Synonyms: Octadecanoic acid, 2-[(1-oxooctadecyl) amino] ethyl ester; Stearic monoethanolamide stearate; 2-[(1-Oxooctadecyl) amino] ethyl octadecanoate

Classification: Substituted ethanolamide

Empirical: C₃₈H₇₅NO₃

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆CONH(CH₂)₂OCO(CH₂)₁₆CH₃

Properties: Flakes; insol. in water; gels in min. oil, IPM; m.p. 76-82 C; sapon. no. 97-107; nonionic

Toxicology: No known toxicity

Uses: Thickener, opacifier, conditioner, lubricant, gellant for cosmetics, household, institutional liq. soaps; aux. emulsifier for hydrocarbon propellant gas in aq. aerosol systems; in polishes; coating agent for paper and textiles; mold release agent for industrial processing; additive for raising melting pts. of petrol. waxes or glyceride waxes and fats; ingred. of insulating coatings or barriers, and of water-repellent compds.; pharmaceutical emulsifier

Trade Names: Witcamide® MAS

Stearamidopropyl dimethyl-2-hydroxyethyl ammonium nitrate CAS 2764-13-8; EINECS/ELINCS 220-432-5

Synonyms: Stearamidopropyl dimethyl-β-hydroxyethylammonium nitrate; 1-Propanaminium, N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-3-(1-oxooctadecyl) amino]-, nitrate

Empirical: C₂₅H₅₃N₃O₅

Formula: $C_{25}H_{53}N_2O_2 \cdot NO_3$

Properties: M.w. 475

Uses: Antistat for polymers, paper, glass, other materials Trade Names Containing: Cyastat® SN

Stearamidopropyl dimethyl- β -hydroxyethylammonium nitrate. See Stearamidopropyl dimethyl-2-hydroxyethyl ammonium nitrate

Stearamine

CAS 124-30-1; EINECS/ELINCS 204-695-3

Synonyms: 1-Aminooctadecane; Monooctadecylamine; 1-Octadecanamine; Octadecylamine; n-Octadecylamine; Stearylamine; n-Stearylamine *Classification:* Aliphatic amine

Empirical: C₁₈H₃₉N

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆CH₂NH₂

- Properties: Cryst. solid; m.w. 269.58; m.p. 55-57 C; b.p. 183 C (5 mm); flash pt. > 230 F; cationic
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 2395 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 250 mg/kg; poison by IP route; skin irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Corrosive

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x

Uses: Flotation agent for potash ores; anticorrosive agent; germicide; wetting agent; softener; emulsifier; intermediate; corrosion inhibitor; in textiles, water treatment, boiler water treatment, concrete, asphalt, agriculture; filler dispersant in paper prod.; pigment grinding/dispersing agent; bitumen adhesion promoter; anticaking agent in fertilizers; ceramics; plastics antistat; mold release agent for rubber and plastics; processing aid for rubber *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §173.310 (3 ppm max. in steam) *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

Stearamine acetate

CAS 2190-04-7

Synonyms: Octadecanamine acetate; Octadecylamine acetate; 1-Octadecylamine acetate; Stearyl amine acetate; Stearylammonium acetate

Empirical: C20H43NO2

- Formula: C₁₈H₃₇NH₂ HOOCCH₃
- Properties: Wh. to It. yel. flake; m.w. 329.64; m.p. 60 C; solid. pt. 72-82 C; HLB 10.7; cationic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 1 g/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x Uses: Wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant, corrosion inhibitor, flotation agent for pigment flushing, froth flotation of mins., flocculation; anticaking agent for fertilizers; dispersant, drainage aid, pitch emulsifier in paper prod.; corrosion inhibitor, germicide (duckweed killer) in water treatment and petrol. industries; dispersant in paints; anticorrosive in metals; organophilic surf. treatment agent for china clay

Trade Names: Nissan Cation SA

Steareth

CAS 9005-00-9 (generic)

Synonyms: POE stearyl ether; Stearyl alcohol ethoxylates

Definition: PEG ether of stearyl alcohol

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{17}(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, n = 2-100

Properties: Wh. solids; sol. in alcohol; disp. in water (higher EO); HLB 4.0-15.3 (2-20 EO); nonionic

Uses: Emollient, lubricant, emulsifier in cosmetics and pharmaceuticals *Trade Names:* Genapol® S-020

Steareth-2

CAS 9005-00-9 (generic); 16057-43-5

Synonyms: PEG-2 stearyl ether; POE (2) stearyl ether; PEG 100 stearyl ether

Definition: PEG ether of stearyl alcohol

Empirical: C₂₂H₄₆O₃

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 2

Properties: Oily liq.; HLB 4.9; nonionic

Toxicology: Moderately toxic by ingestion; TSCA listed

Uses: Intermediate in the mfg. of high-foaming surfactants; emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent; pulp and paper industry, textiles, paints, adhesives, corrosion inhibitors, petrol. oils; surfactant and emulsifier in topical pharmaceuticals; thickener; emollient; solubilizer, coupling agent; stabilizer

Regulatory: FDA approved for topicals

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma

Trade Names: Nonionic S-2; Volpo S2

Steareth-10

- CAS 9005-00-9 (generic); 13149-86-5
- Synonyms: 3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27,30-Dexaoxaoctatetracontan-1-ol; PEG-10 stearyl ether; PEG 500 stearyl ether; POE (10) stearyl alcohol; POE (10) stearyl ether; Stearyl alcohol EO (10)

Definition: PEG ether of stearyl alcohol

Empirical: C₃₈H₇₈O₁₁

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 10

Properties: HLB 12.4; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2900 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Intermediate in the mfg. of high-foaming surfactants; emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent in pulp and paper industry, textiles, paints, adhesives, corrosion inhibitors, petroleum oils; solubilizer, coupling agent; antistat; surfactant and emulsifier in pharmaceuticals; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2800; FDA approved for rectals, topicals Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma Trade Names: Nonionic S-10; Volpo S10

Steareth-20

CAS 9005-00-9 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-20 stearyl ether; PEG 1000 stearyl ether; POE (20) stearyl alcohol; POE (20) stearyl ether; Stearyl alcohol EO (20)

Definition: PEG ether of stearyl alcohol

Empirical: $C_{58}H_{118}O_{21}$ Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 20

Properties: HLB 15.3; nonionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2900 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Intermediate in the mfg. of high-foaming surfactants; emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent in pulp and paper industry, textiles, paints, adhesives, corrosion inhibitors, petroleum oils; emulsifier for wax in fruit coatings; visc. modifier, emollient for cosmetics; emulsifier, gellant, stabilizer in pharmaceuticals; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka; Seabrook Ind.; Sigma Trade Names: Nonionic S-20; Volpo S20

Stearethate 40. See PEG-40 stearate

Stearic acid

CAS 57-11-4: 67701-03-5

EINECS/ELINCS 200-313-4; 266-928-5; FEMA 3035

Synonyms: Carboxylic acid C18; 1-Heptadecanecarboxylic acid; Octadecanoic acid; n-Octadecanoic acid; Pearl stearic; Stearophanic acid Classification: Fatty acid

Empirical: C18H36O2

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COOH₉

- Properties: Wh. to ylsh.-wh. amorphous waxy solid, tallow-like odor and taste; very sl. sol. in water; sol. in alcohol, ether, acetone, CCl4; m.w. 284.47; dens. 0.847 (70 C); m.p. 69.3 C; b.p. 383 C; acid no. 195-200; iodine no. 4 max.; flash pt. (CC) 385 F; ref. index 1.4299 (80 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (IV, rat) 21.5 ± 1.8 mg/kg; poison by IV route; human skin irritant; possible sensitizer for allergic persons; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen by implant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible when exposed to heat or flame; heats spontaneously
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Candles; chemicals; dispersant; softener in rubber compds., food packaging, suppositories, ointments; PVC lubricant/heat costabilizer; direct food additive (flavoring, lubricant, defoamer, anticaking agent); clarifying agent (wine); textile aux.; intermediate for paints; emollient/superfatting agent in cosmetics; paper sizing ingred.; masticatory substance in chewing gum; pharmaceuticals (tablet and suppository lubricant, emulsifier, solubilizer); sunscreens; stearates as pharmaceutical aids; in food-pkg. adhesives; surf. lubricant in food-contact coatings
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.210, 172.615, 172.860, 175.105, 175.300, . 175.320, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.1200, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3910, 184.1090, GRAS; FEMA GRAS; Europe listed; FDA approved for buccals, implants, orals, topicals, vaginals; USP/NF, BP, JP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib .: ADA Int'l.; Akrochem; Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allchem Ind.; Am. Int'l.; Anar; Ashland; BCH Brühl; Browning; C.P. Hall; Cognis/Chems. Group; Collaborative Labs/Oleochems.; Condor; Ferro; Fluka; Frank B. Ross; Generichem; Genzyme; Grau Aromatics; Great Western; Inchema; Independent Chem.; Int'l. Paper; J.T. Baker; Jarchem Ind.; Kraft Chem.; Lonza; Norman, Fox; O.C. Lugo; Penta Mfg.; Protameen; R.E. Carroll; Robeco; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Stevenson Cooper; Uniqema/Oleochems.; Van Waters & Rogers; Varsal Instruments; Vivion; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Trade Names: Loxiol® G 20

Trade Names Containing: Kotamite®; Lumulse™ DGS-C; Lumulse™ DGS-N; Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 628/5; Ross Synthetic Candelilla Wax

Stearic acid, aluminum dihydroxide salt. See Aluminum stearate Stearic acid, aluminum salt. See Aluminum stearate; Aluminum tristearate Stearic acid amide. See Stearamide Stearic acid, ammonium salt. See Ammonium stearate Stearic acid, calcium salt. See Calcium stearate

Stearic acid diethanolamide. See Stearamide DEA

Stearic acid ester with lactate of lactic acid calcium salt. See Calcium stearoyl lactylate

Stearic acid, ethylenediamine diamide. See Ethylene distearamide

Stearic acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester. See Octyl stearate

Stearic acid, 2-(2-hydroxyethoxy) ethyl ester. See PEG-2 stearate

- Stearic acid, isobutyl ester. See Isobutyl stearate
- Stearic acid, isopropyl ester. See Isopropyl stearate

Stearic acid, magnesium salt. See Magnesium stearate

- Stearic acid, methyl ester. See Methyl stearate Stearic acid, 2-methylpropyl ester. See Isobutyl stearate
- Stearic acid, monoester with ethylene glycol. See Glycol stearate
- Stearic acid, monoester with glycerol. See Glyceryl stearate
- Stearic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol. See Propylene glycol stearate
- Stearic acid monoethanolamide. See Stearamide MEA
- Stearic acid polydiethanolamide. See Stearamide DEA
- Stearic acid, potassium salt. See Potassium stearate
- Stearic acid, sodium salt. See Sodium stearate

Stearic acid, zinc salt. See Zinc stearate

Stearic monoethanolamide stearate. See Stearamide MEA-stearate

Stearic monoglyceride. See Glyceryl stearate

Stearin. See Tristearin

Stearol. See Stearyl alcohol

- Stearophanic acid. See Stearic acid
- N-(2-Stearoylaminoethyl) oleamide. See N-Oleoyl-N´-stearoyl ethylenediamine
- Stearoyl diethanolamide. See Stearamide DEA

Stearoyl lactylic acid

Synonyms: Stearyl-2-lactylic acid

- Definition: Ester of stearic acid and lactyl lactate
- Empirical: C24H44O5
- Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COOCHCH₃COOCHCH₃COOH
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: O/w emulsifier; emulsifier for food shortenings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Use Level: Limitation 3% (shortening for cake icings/fillings)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170; USDA 9CFR §318.7

Stearoyl monoethanolamide. See Stearamide MEA

Steartrimonium chloride

- CAS 112-03-8; EINECS/ELINCS 203-929-1 Synonyms: STAC; Ammonium, trimethyloctadecyl-, chloride; Monostearyl trimethyl ammonium chloride; Octadecyl trimethyl ammonium chloride; Quaternium-10; Stearyl trimethyl ammonium chloride; N,N,N-Trimethyl-1-octadecanaminium chloride; Trimethyl octadecyl ammonium chloride; Trimethyl stearyl ammonium chloride
- Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt
- *Empirical:* C₂₁H₄₆N Cl
- Formula: $[CH_3(CH_2)_{16}CH_2N(CH_3)_3]^*CI^-$
- Properties: M.w. 348.13; cationic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 536 mg/kg, (skin, mouse) 1600 mg/kg; poison by ing.; mod. toxic by skin contact; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NO_x, NH₃, Cl
- Uses: Germicide in water treatment, petrol., paper, foods and textile industries; antistat in plastics, pulp and paper industries; rinse agent; pigment coating agent; dispersant; coagulant; softener; hair rinse base; conditioner, antistat, and softener in cosmetics

Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka

- Trade Names: Nissan Cation AB
- Trade Names Containing: Arquad® 18-50

Stearyl alcohol

- CÁS 112-92-5; EINECS/ELINCS 204-017-6
- Synonyms: C18 linear alcohol; Decyl octyl alcohol; Octadecanol; 1-Octadecanol; n-Octadecanol; Octadecyl alcohol; n-Octadecyl alcohol; Stearol Classification: Fatty alcohol

Empirical: C18H38Ó

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₆CH₂OH

- Properties: Wh. unctuous flakes or gran., faint odor, bland taste; sol. in alcohol, acetone, ether; insol. in water; m.w. 270.56; dens. 0.8124 (59/4 C); m.p. 55-60 C; b.p. 210.5 C (15 mm); acid no. 2 max.; iodine no. 2 max.; hyd. no. 195-220
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 20 g/kg; TDLo (implant, mouse) 1000 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; irritating to skin and eyes; may cause skin sensitivity; nonallergenic; questionable carcinogen; experimental neoplastigen; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm. when exposed to heat or flame; can react with oxidizers Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Perfumery; cosmetics; intermediate; surface active agents; lubricant for plastics processing; resins; antifoam agent; food additive; intermediate in mfg. of food additives; pharmaceutical surfactant, emulsion stabilizer, emulsifier, astringent; cosolvent; emollient; thickener; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.755, 172.864, 175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1010, 177.1200, 177.2800, 178.3480, 178.3910; FDA approved for orals, topicals, vaginals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf, Distrib.: AC Ind.; Aarhus Oliefabrik A/S; Albemarle; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Amerchol; Brown; Chemron; Cognis/Chems. Group; Condea Vista; Croda Inc; Fluka; Jarchem Ind.; Kraft Chem.; Lipo; Lonza; M. Michel; Procter & Gamble; Protameen; R.W. Greeff; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Whyte Chems. Ltd
- Trade Names Containing: Carsoquat® SDQ-25; Nafol® 1822; Nafol® 1822 B; Nafol® 1822 C

Stearyl alcohol EO (10). See Steareth-10 Stearyl alcohol EO (20). See Steareth-20 Stearyl alcohol ethoxylates. See Steareth Stearylamine. See Stearamine n-Stearylamine. See Stearamine Stearyl amine acetate. See Stearamine acetate Stearylamine ethoxylates. See PEG stearamine

Stearyl/aminopropyl methicone copolymer

CAS 110720-64-4

Classification: Silicone polymer

Formula: (CH₃)₃SiO[CH₃SiO(CH₂)₁₇CH₃]_x[CH₃SiO(CH₂)₃NH₂]_ySi(CH₃)₃ Uses: Lubricant, water repellent, antiblocking agent, processing aid, release agent for plastics, rubber, paper, textiles, inks, candles, glass bottle molding, aluminum prod.

Trade Names: EXP-61 Amine Functional Silicone Wax

Stearylammonium acetate. See Stearamine acetate

Stearyl benzyl dimethyl ammonium chloride. See Stearalkonium chloride Stearyl-cetyl alcohol. See Cetearyl alcohol

Stearyl citrate

CÁS 1337-33-3; EINECS/ELINCS 215-654-4

Synonyms: Citric acid, octadecyl ester; 2-Hydroxy-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid, monooctadecyl ester; Monostearyl citrate; Octadecyl citrate *Definition:* Ester of stearyl alcohol and citric acid

Empirical: C₂₄H₄₄O₇

Formula: HOCH₂COOHCCOOHCH₂COOCH₂(CH₂)₁₆CH₃

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Storage: Moisture-sensitive

- Uses: Chelating agent; stabilizer for oils; synergistic with antioxidants; sequestrant in food and feed applics.; flavor preservative; plasticizer or component in food-pkg. materials; pharmaceutical creams and ointments; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §166.40, 166.110, 175.300, 178.3910, 181.22, 181.27, 182.6851 (0.15% max. as sequestrant), GRAS, 582.6851

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Monostearyl Citrate (MSC)

StearyI-3-(3',5'-di-t-butyI-4-hydroxyphenyI) propionate. See Octadecyl 3,5di-t-butyI-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate

Stearyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride. See Stearalkonium chloride

Stearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

CÁS 95-19-2; 68937-01-9; EINECS/ELINCS 202-397-8

Synonyms: 2-Heptadecyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazole; 2-Heptadecyl-1-hydroxyethylimidazoline; 2-Heptadecyl-2-imidazoline-1-ethanol; 1-Hydroxyethyl-2-heptadecylimidazoline; Stearyl imidazoline *Classification*: Heterocyclic compd.

Empirical: C₂₂H₄₄N₂O

Properties: Dissolves readily in nonpolar solvs.; m.w. 352.60; cationic *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 3800 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x

Uses: Oil-sol. emulsifier for industrial detergents, adhesives, pesticides; dispersant; detergent; intermediate for quat. ammonium compds.; strongly absorbed on textiles, paper, many metal surfs.; for asphalt, cleaners, demulsifiers, metalworking, paints; corrosion inhibitor for lubricant additives, oil field chems.; flotation collector for sulfide ores; petrol. anti-icing additive; pigment grinding; inks, wax emulsions; softener, antistat for syn. fabrics, textile finishes

Trade Names: Imidazoline SOH; LamChem C-100-S; Schercozoline S

Stearyl imidazoline. See Stearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline Stearyl-2-lactylic acid. See Stearoyl lactylic acid

Stearyl methacrylate

CAS 32360-05-7

Synonyms: Alkyl (C16-C18) methacrylate; Octadecyl methacrylate Empirical: $C_{22}H_{42}O_2$

Formula: CH₂.C(CH₃)COOC₁₈H₃₇

Properties: Liq.; insol. in water; m.w. 338.58; dens. 0.864 (25/15 C); f.p. 15 C; b.p. 310-370 C

Precaution: DOT: Nonhazardous

Uses: Monomer for plastics, molding powds.; lube oil additive; pour pt. depressant; paper coatings; textile finishes; paints, varnishes; pressuresensitive adhesives; emulsions for textile, leather, paper finishing; modifier for fibers; coating agent for papers

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; CPS; Rohm & Haas; Rohm Tech; Sartomer Trade Names: Ageflex FM-68; Blemmer SMA

Stearyl trimethyl ammonium chloride. See Steartrimonium chloride

Sterculia gum. See Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum

Sterculia urens. See Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum

Sterculia urens gum. See Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum

Stibic anhydride. See Antimony pentoxide

Stick lac. See Shellac

- 2,2⁻Stilbenedisulfonic acid, 4,4⁻-bis ((4-anilino-6-bis (2-hydroxyethyl) amino-s-triazinyl) amino)-, disodium salt. See Disodium 2,2⁻-(1,2-ethenediyl) bis [5-[[4-[bis (2-hydroxyethyl) amino]-6-(phenylamine)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl] amino] benzenesulfonate
- 2,2´-Štilbenedisulfonic acid, 4,4´-bis ((4-bis (2-hydroxyethyl) amino)-6-(p-sulfoanilino)-s-triazin-2-yl) amino)-, tetrasodium salt. See Benzenesulfonic acid, 2,2´-(1,2-ethenediyl) bis [5-[[4-[bis (2-hydroxyethyl) amino]-6-[(4-sulfophenyl) amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl] amino]-, tetrasodium salt
- 2,2 Stilbenedisulfonic acid, 4,4 diamino-. See 4,4 Diaminostilbene-2,2 disulfonic acid

Stink damp. See Hydrogen sulfide

St. John's bread. See Locust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) gum

STO. See Sorbitan trioleate

STP. See Pentasodium triphosphate

STPP. See Pentasodium triphosphate

Straight-run kerosene. See Kerosene

Strong ammonia solution. See Ammonium hydroxide

Strontium sulfate

CAS 7759-02-6; EINECS/ELINCS 231-850-2

Classification: Sulfate

Definition: Occurs in nature as the mineral celestine or celestite

Empirical: O₄SSr

Formula: SrSO4

Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; odorless; 1 g dissolves in ≈ 8800 ml water, 800 ml 2% HCl, 700 ml 3% HNO₃; appreciably sol. in alkali chloride sol'ns.; insol. in alcohol, dil. sulfuric acid; m.w. 183.68; dens. 3.96; m.p. 1605 C

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Filler, extender for coatings, ceramics, rubber, plastics, adhesives,

caulks, and refractories; in pyrotechnics; paper mfg. Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Barium & Chems.; Fluka; R.E. Carroll

STS. See Sorbitan tristearate

Styrene/acrylate copolymer. See Styrene/acrylates copolymer

Styrene/acrylates copolymer

CAS 9010-92-8

Synonyms: Styrene/acrylate copolymer; Styrene/acrylic; Styrene/acrylic copolymer; Styrene/acrylic resin

Definition: Polymer of styrene and a monomer consisting of acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, or their simple esters Formula: $(C_6H_8 \cdot C_3H_5NO)_x$

Toxicology: Strong irritant; TSCA listed

Uses: For inj. molding and extrusion applics.; specialty medical, pharmaceutical, food, and cosmetic pkg.; advertising displays; high-str. toys; binder for floor coverings, concrete roof tiles; binder in paints; in mastics; thermal insulation; adhesives; pigment grinding vehicle and dispersant; paper sizing agent; thickener; vehicle for latex, coatings; extender vehicle for coatings and inks; opacifier in liq. detergents, pharmaceutical preps.; in food-contact coatings; in coatings for paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 177.1010, 177.1830 Manuf./Distrib.: Air Prods.; Dianal Am.; Dock Resins; Frank E. Dempsey; Goodyear; McWhorter Tech.; Polysat; Reichhold; Seegott

Trade Names: Basoplast® 400 DS; Cartacol® SI Liq.; Cartacol® XP Liq.; Cypres® 310 Surface Size; DSP 15; DSP 70; DSP 80; DynaCoat XL; Jetsize® Emulsion; NC Size C-25; NovaCote[™] 1933; Perglutin® 204; Perglutin® 395; Perglutin® 450/220; Perglutin® 450/240; Perglutin® 450/ 280; Perglutin® A 281; Perglutin® K 333; Perglutin® K 440; Perglutin® K 485; Pliolite® AC; Pliolite® AC-L; PSA-28; PSA-34; Rhoplex® NW-1715K; Rhoplex® NW-1845K; Rhoplex® P-308; Rhoplex® P-322; Rhoplex® P-376; Ropaque® BC-643; Ropaque® HP-1055; Ropaque® HP-543P; Sequabond® 7880; Sequabond® TR 7830; Sequatone® 2000; Starcote[®]; Synthamin 7000; Synthemul[®] 40430-20; Unig-Print[®] 8000; XZ 26001.00; XZ 26005.00

Styrene/acrylic. See Styrene/acrylates copolymer

Styrene/acrylic acid copolymer

Svnonvms: SAA

Uses: In resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.170

Trade Names Containing: Jetsize® Sol'n.

Styrene/acrylic copolymer. See Styrene/acrylates copolymer

Styrene/acrylic copolymer ammonium salt

CAS 35209-54-2

Classification: Polystryrene emulsion

Uses: Opacifier, surf. size for acid or alkaline papermaking, food-contact paper

Trade Names: Plasmine KN-500

Styrene/acrylic resin. See Styrene/acrylates copolymer

Styrene/allyl alcohol copolymer

CAS 25119-62-4

Synonyms: Poly (styrene-co-allyl alcohol); Vinylbenzene, compd. with prop-2-en-1-ol

Definition: Copolymer of styrene and allyl alcohol

Formula: $[CH_2CH(C_6H_5)]_x[CH_2CH(CH_2OH)]_y$

Properties: M.w. 2200 avg.; dens. 1.050; hyd. no. 255; flash pt. > 110 C *Toxicology:* TSCA listed

Uses: Hard thermoplastic material; additive to improve adhesion, heighten gloss, improve weatherability, increase water and chem. resist. in coatings; carrier in inks; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Salor

Trade Names Containing: Modacure® Resin

Styrene, **β**-bromo-**β**-nitro-. *See* β-Bromo-β-nitrostyrene

Styrene/butadiene/acrylic copolymer

Uses: Binder for coating paper and board

Trade Names: Styronal[™] NX 4626

Styrene/butadiene copolymer. See Styrene/butadiene polymer Styrene/1,3-butadiene copolymer. See Styrene/butadiene polymer

Styrene/butadiene polymer

CAS 9003-55-8

- Synonyms: S/B; B/S; SBR; Benzene, ethenyl-, polymer with 1,3-butadiene; Butadiene/styrene copolymer; 1,3-Butadiene/styrene copolymer; Butadiene/styrene polymer; 1,3-Butadiene/styrene polymer; Butadiene/ styrene resin; 1,3-Butadiene/styrene resin; Butadiene/styrene rubber; Ethenylbenzene polymer with 1,3-butadiene; Polybutadiene/polystyrene copolymer; Poly (styrene-co-butadiene); Styrene/butadiene copolymer; Styrene/1,3-butadiene copolymer; Styrene polymer with 1,3 butadiene Classification: Polymer; synthetic rubber
- Formula: $PCH_2CH(C_6H_5)]_x(CH_2CH=CHCH_2)_y$
- Properties: Amorphous solid; odorless; insol. in water and most org. solvs.; dens. 0.965
- Toxicology: Eye irritant; may cause irritation; questionable carcinogen; tumorigen; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Inj. and blow molding, extrusion, thermoforming resin for housings, blister packs, tubes, toys, containers, medical devices, bottles, tech. parts; reinforcing agent for rubber; extrusion aid; binder for zinc-rich coatings; latex as binder, for coatings, paper/paperboard, sealants, adhesives, carpet backing; SBR for tires, footwear, mech. goods; processing aid, modifier; masticatory substance in chewing gum base; food containers; paper/paperboard used in food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives and pressuresensitive adhesives; in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in food-contact articles for repeated use; in foodcontact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.170, , 177.1810, 177.2600, 177.2800, 181.30
- Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Aldrich; Anderson Development; Ashland; BASF; BFGoodrich; ChevronPhillips; Dow Plastics; E.L. Puskas; Firestone Syn. Rubber; Goodyear; Hampshire; Huntsman; Mitsubishi Int'l./Plastics; Polyad; Reichhold; Rhodia; Salor; Shell; Van Waters & Rogers
- Trade Names: Ameripol Synpol 1013; Bayer SBR Latex 310 C; Darex® 620L; Good-Rite® 2570X59; Pliolite® S-5D; Pliolite® S-5E; Ricon 100; Styrofan®; Tylac® 037; Tylac® 692; Tylac® 757; Tylac® 820; Tylac® 936; Tylac[®] 979-RG; Tylac[®] 68217-00; Tylac[®] 97936-00 Trade Names Containing: Pensize® Binder

Styrene/butadiene/vinylidene chloride copolymer

Uses: In coatings for paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Styrene/butyl acrylate copolymer

Uses: In resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.170

Trade Names: Acronal® NX 4786; Acronal® S 728

Styrene/dimethylstyrene/ α -methylstyrene copolymer

Uses: In coatings for paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Styrene/2-ethylhexyl acrylate copolymer

Uses: In resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.170

Styrene/isobutylene copolymer

Uses: In food-contact coatings; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in coatings for paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.170

Styrene/MA copolymer

CAS 9011-13-6

Synonyms: SMA; 2,5-Furandione, polymer with ethenylbenzene; Maleic anhydride/styrene copolymer; Maleic anhydride/styrene polymer; Poly (styrene-co-maleic anhydride); Styrene/maleic anhydride copolymer; Styrene/maleic anhydride polymer; Styrene/maleic anhydride resin

Classification: Engineering thermoplastic; styrene polymer

Definition: Polymer of styrene and maleic anhydride monomers, with varying ratios of styrene : MA of 1:1 to 3:1

Formula: $(C_8H_8 \bullet C_4H_2O_3)_x$

Properties: Dens. 1.100-1.270; ref. index 1.5810

Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 50 ppm (styrene), STEL 100 ppm (skin, styrene); LD50 (oral, rat) 21 g/kg, (IP, mouse) 800 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP route; mildly toxic by ing.; harmful if ing., inh., or absorbed thru skin; may be irritating to eyes, skin, mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract; cancer suspect agent; mutagen; may cause heritable genetic damage; target organ: CNS; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions

Storage: Keep tightly closed; store in cool, dry place

Uses: Inj. molding (mech. and automotive parts, appliance and electronic housings); adhesion promoter; floor wax ingred.; sizing ingred. for paper, textiles; processing aid for PVC; binder, thickener for aq. paints, printing inks; emulsion polymerization; emulsifier; stabilizer; pigment dispersant; protective colloid; leveling agent; adhesives; coatings; polishes; in coatings for paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1820

- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Atofina; Bayer; Celanese Canada; Chemical; Focus; Lyondell; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Monsanto; Sigma
- Trade Names: Cartacol® ASN Liq.; Cartacol® NP Liq.; Intacol S-22; Intacol S-24; Intacol S-26; Intacol S-28; Intacol S-2240; Intacol S-2252; Intacol S-2425; NovaCote™ 1936; NovaCote™ 2000; Scripset® 520; Scripset® 540; Scripset® 542; Scripset® 550; Scripset® 640; Scripset® 700; Scripset® 720; Scripset® 740; Scripset® 742; Scripset® 745; Scripset® 746; Scripset® 747; SMA® 1000; SMA® 2000; SMA® 3000 Trade Names Containing: Jetsize® Sol'n.

Styrene/MA copolymer, sodium salt

Uses: Emulsifier; dispersant; thickener; thickener for food-contact coatings; as surf. size in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Trade Names: Scripset® 500

Styrene/maleic anhydride copolymer. See Styrene/MA copolymer Styrene/maleic anhydride polymer. See Styrene/MA copolymer Styrene/maleic anhydride resin. See Styrene/MA copolymer

Styrene/methacrylate copolymer

Uses: Surface sizing agent for graphic papers Trade Names: Perglutin® A 200

Styrene/methacrylic acid copolymer

Uses: In resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.170

Styrene/methacrylic acid copolymer, potassium salt

Uses: In food-pkg. adhesives; thickener for food-contact coatings; in paper/ paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180

Styrene/methyl methacrylate copolymer

CAS 25034-86-0

Synonyms: Poly (styrene-co-methyl methacrylate)

Classification: Styrene/acrylic polymer

Definition: Copolymer of styrene and methyl methacrylate

Formula: $[CH_2C(CH_3)(CO_2CH_3)]_x[CH_2CH(C_6H_5)]_y$

Properties: Pellets; m.w. ≈ 100,000-150,000

- Toxicology: May be harmful by inh., ing., or skin absorption; eye irritant; may cause irritation to skin, mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; capable of creating a dust explosion; may dec. on heating; do not heat above 300 C

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic fumes of CO, CO₂, acrylic, butadiene, and styrene monomers; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions

Storage: Keep tightly closed; store in a cool, dry place

Uses: For medical applics. (catheter tubes, closures, IV flow regulators, thermoformed medical pkg.); meter covers; brush blocks; clarity applics.;

in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.170, 177.1830 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich

Styrene, β -nitro-. See β -Nitrostyrene

Styrene polymer. See Polystyrene

Styrene polymer with 1,3 butadiene. See Styrene/butadiene polymer Styrene, polymerized. See Polystyrene

Styrene/PVP copolymer

CAS 25086-29-7

Synonyms: 1-Ethenyl-2-pyrrolidinone, polymer with ethenylbenzene; PVP/ styrene copolymer; 2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-ethenyl-, polymer with ethenylbenzene; 2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-vinyl-, polymer with styrene; Styrene-vinylpyrrolidinone polymer; Styrene-vinylpyrrolidinone copolymer; Styrene-N-vinylpyrrolidinone polymer; 1-Vinyl-2-pyrrolidinone polymer with styrene; Vinylpyrrolidinone-styrene polymer; Vinylpyrrolidone/styrene copolymer

Definition: Copolymer from vinylpyrrolidone and styrene monomers *Empirical*: $(C_8H_8 \cdot C_6H_9NO)_x$

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 40 g/kg; low toxicity by ing.; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x and Cl⁻

Uses: Binder and adhesive for wood, cotton, paper, glass fiber, flour, concrete; stabilizer and opacifier; laundry processing; stabilizer for detergents, textiles, paper coatings, latex rug backings, floor wax emulsions, and cosmetics

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Polectron® 430

Styrene/vinylidene chloride copolymer

Uses: In coatings for paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Styrene-vinylpyrrolidinone polymer. See Styrene/PVP copolymer Styrene-vinylpyrrolidone copolymer. See Styrene/PVP copolymer Styrene-N-vinylpyrrolidone polymer. See Styrene/PVP copolymer Sublimed sulfur. See Sulfur

Subtilisin. See Protease

Subtilisin Carlsberg. See Protease

Subtilisins. See Protease

Succinic acid, dimethyl ester. See Dimethyl succinate

Sucrose benzoate

CAS 12738-64-6; EINECS/ELINCS 235-795-5

Synonyms: β -D-Fructofuranosyl- α -D-glucopyranoside benzoate

Classification: Disaccharide ester

Empirical: C₁₉H₂₆O₁₂

Properties: Dens. 1.25; m.p. 98 C; flash pt. (COC) 260 C; ref. index 1.577 Uses: Plasticizer for PVC, PVAc, VCA, PS, cellulosics; modifier for coatings; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105

Manuf./Distrib.: Century Multech; Synasia Fine Chem.; Unitex; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Velsicol

Trade Names: Sucrose Benzoate Regular and Coatings Grade; Uniplex 280 C G

Sulfamic acid

CAS 5329-14-6; EINECS/ELINCS 226-218-8; UN No. 2967 (DOT)

Synonyms: Amidosulfonic acid; Amidosulfuric acid; Aminosulfonic acid; Sulfamidic acid; Sulphamic acid

Empirical: H₃NO₃S

Formula: NH2SO3H

- Properties: Wh. cryst.; odorless; very sol. in water, liq. NH₃, formamide; sl. sol. in org. solvs.; m.w. 97.09; dens. 2.13 kg/l; m.p. 200 C (dec.); b.p. dec.
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3160 mg/kg; LDLo (IP, rat) 100 mg/kg; harmful; poison by IP route; mod. toxic by ing.; human skin irritant; corrosive irritant to skin, eyes, and mucous membranes; migrates to food from pkg. materials; TSCA listed
- *Precaution:* DOT: Corrosive material; combustible; violent or explosive reactions with chlorine; metal nitrates + heat; fuming HNO₃
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of SO, and NO,

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 2

Uses: Metal/ceramic cleaning; nitrite removal in azo-dyeing; gas-liberating compositions; organic synthesis; analytical standard; chlorine stabilizer; bleaching paper pulp and textiles; catalyst for urea-formaldehyde resins; sulfation reagent; electroplating bath ingred.; industrial cleaning/boiler descaling agent; pH control, corrosion/scale control in cooling water treatment; mfg. aid for food-pkg. paper

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §186.1093, GRAS

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allan; Am. Int'l.; BCH Brühl; Dastech Int'l.; Dharamsi Morarji; Fallek; Fluka; General Chem.; Harcros; Indofine; Jarchem Ind.; Kimson; Miljac; Morre-Tec Ind.; PMC Spec.; Ruger; Schaefer Tech.; Schweizerhall; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Transol Chems. UK Ltd; Vivion; Wego Chem. & Min.; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Sulfamic acid, monoammonium salt. See Ammonium sulfamate Sulfamidic acid. See Sulfamic acid Sulfan blue. See Acid blue 1

Sulfate of ammonia. See Ammonium sulfate

Sulfated butyl oleate

CAS 101975-70-6

Synonyms: Butyl oleate sulfate; Butyl oleate, sulfated

Properties: Anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (IV, mouse) 63 mg/kg; poison by IV route; irritating to eyes Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x Uses: Detergent, wetting and leveling agent, emulsifier, softener, industrial

- lubricant for textiles, metalworking; to dehydrate grapes in raisin prod.; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in food-contact textiles
- Use Level: 2% max. aq. emulsion for dehydrating grapes, 100 ppm residue on raisins

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.270, 176.170, 177.2800 Manuf./Distrib.: BFGoodrich/Textile; Sun-Chem Int'l.

Sulfated butyl tallate

CAS 42808-36-6; EINECS/ELINCS 287-533-4

Synonyms: Fatty acids, tall oil, butyl esters, sulfated

Úses: Wetting and rewetting agent, lubricant, penetrant for textiles, leather, paper; industrial lubricant; emulsifier in textiles; dye assistant

Sulfated castor oil

CAS 8002-33-3; 68187-76-8; EINECS/ELINCS 232-306-7

- Synonyms: Alizarin oil; Castor oil sulfated; Castor oil, sulfonated; Red oil; Sulfonated castor oil; Turkey-red oil
- Definition: Oil consisting primarily of sodium salt of the sulfated triglyceride of ricinoleic acid
- Properties: Reddish visc. liq.; char. odor; sol. in water; dens. 0.95; acid no. 175-180; flash pt. (CC) 476 F; anionic

Toxicology: Irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 1

Uses: Wetting agent; emulsifier; plasticizer; dispersant; scouring agent; textile softener; in textile dyeing; adhesives; cleaning formulations; emulsifier for raw oils/solvs., water-based paints, metalworking fluids, latex; lubricant for fibers, amino resins, starch adhesives; cosmetics superfatting agent; shampoos; antisag/antisettling agent in paints; flotation collector (phosphate ores); surfactant in pharmaceuticals; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 177.1200

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Atlas Refinery; Fluka; Graden; Rhodia HPCII; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sun-Chem Int'I.; Welch, Holme & Clark

Trade Names: Cuirol® RZ 80; Freedom SCO-50; Freedom SCO-70; Freedom SCO-75; Leukonöl LBA-2; Norfox® C-75; Norfox® Sulfated Castor Oil #75

Sulfated isobutyl oleate

Synonyms: Isobutyl oleate sulfate; Isobutyl oleate, sulfated

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty food; in food-contact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.2800 *Manuf./Distrib.:* Uniqema N. Am.

Sulfated mustardseed oil

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.200 *Manuf./Distrib.*: BFGoodrich/Textile

Sulfated oleic acid

Synonyms: Oleic acid, sulfated; Red oil, sulfated

Úses: Intermediate used in textile and industrial cleaning; defoamer in foodcontact coatings; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Actrachem; Atlas Refinery; BFGoodrich/Textile

Sulfated oleic acid, potassium salt. See Potassium oleic sulfate Sulfated oleic acid, sodium salt. See Sodium oleic sulfate

Sulfated peanut oil

CAS 73138-79-1; EINECS/ELINCS 277-298-6 Synonyms: Oils, peanut, sulfated; Peanut oil, sulfated Definition: Prod. obtained by sulfation of peanut oil Properties: Anionic Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent, dispersant, antistat for nylon finishes; in foodpkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200

Sulfated rapeseed oil

CAS 617788-68-9

Uses: Lubricant, emulsifier in pigment flushing, cleaners, textiles, paper processing, metalworking, extreme pressure lubricants; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Trade Names: Actrasol 6092

Sulfated ricebran oil

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in foodcontact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.200

Manuf./Distrib.: BFGoodrich/Textile

Sulfated sperm oil

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.200

Sulfated tall oil, potassium salt

EINECS/ELINCS 272-349-9 Synonyms: Fatty acids, tall oil, sulfated, potassium salts Properties: Anionic Uses: Lubricant, emulsifier for pigment flushing, cleaners, textiles, paper processing Trade Names: Actrasol SP 175K

- Sulfated tall oil, sodium salt
 - EINECS/ELINCS 268-372-9

Synonyms: Fatty acids, tall oil, sulfated, sodium salts *Properties:* Anionic

Uses: Wet process phosphoric acid defoamer; lubricant, emulsifier for pigment flushing, cleaners, textiles, paper processing *Trade Names*: Actrasol SP

Sulfated tallow

Synonyms: Tallow, sulfated

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Softener for cotton goods; defoamer for beet sugar and yeast processing; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; plasticizer for starches; furniture polish base *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §173.340, 176.200, 177.1210 *Manuf./Distrib.:* BFGoodrich/Textile

Sulfated tallow acid

Synonyms: Tallow fatty acids, sulfated Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: BFGoodrich/Textile

Sulfated tallow, sodium salt. See Sodium tallow sulfate

Sulfated vegetable oil, sodium salt

Uses: Rheology additive for coating colors Trade Names: Leukoglanzöl® BPA 50

Sulfite lignin. See Lignin sulfonate

- Sulfobutanedioic acid 1,4-bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester sodium salt. See Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate
- Sulfobutanedioic acid, 1,4-ditridecyl ester, sodium salt. See Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate
- Sulfobutanedioic acid, 4-[1-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl) amino] ethyl] ester, disodium salt. See Disodium oleamido MIPA-sulfosuccinate
- Sulfobutanedioic acid, monooctadecyl ester, disodium salt. See Disodium stearyl sulfosuccinamate
- 2-Sulfoethyl methacrylate, sodium salt. See Sodium 2-sulfoethyl methacrylate

Sulfonated castor oil. See Sulfated castor oil

- Sulfonated petroleum, sodium salt. See Sodium petroleum sulfonate
- Sulfonylbis (trichloromethane). See Bis (trichloromethyl) sulfone
- 9-(Sulfooxy) octadecanoate acid, disodium salt. See Sodium oleic sulfate

Sulfopolyester

- Definition: Derived by polycondensation reaction of selected dicarboxylic acids and glycols
- Uses: Coresin for improving film-forming chars. of other polyester polymers and acrylic ink resins; pigment dispersing/grinding; preprint primer for film; processing aid for cigarette liner pkg.

Trade Names: Eastek 1200

3-Sulfopropyl acrylate, potassium salt. See Potassium (3-sulfopropyl) acrylate

Sulfopropyl methacrylate, K salt. See Potassium sulfopropyl methacrylate 3-Sulfopropyl methacrylate, potassium salt. See Potassium sulfopropyl methacrylate

Sulfosalicylic acid. See 5-Sulfosalicylic acid

5-Sulfosalicylic acid

- CAS 97-05-2; EINECS/ELINCS 202-555-6; UN No. 1759
- Synonyms: 3-Carboxy-4-hydroxybenzenesulfonic acid; 2-Hydroxybenzoic-5-sulfonic acid; 2-Hydroxy-5-sulfobenzoic acid; Salicylsulfonic acid; Sulfosalicylic acid

Classification: Aromatic organic compd.

- Definition: Avail. as the dihydrate
- Empirical: C7H6O6S
- Formula: HOC₆H₃(COOH)SO₃H
- Properties: Wh. or pink cryst. powd.; sol. in water, ethanol, ether, oxygenated solvs.; m.w. 218.19; m.p. 113 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2450 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; skin and mucous membrane irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Corrosive material

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x Storage: Light-sensitive; store @ R.T.

Uses: Colorimetric reagent for iron; in urine testing for bilirubin; intermediate for dyes, surfactants, catalysts, grease additives; solubilizer for vitamin B₂; mfg. of antibiotics, reprographic paper; electrolyte in metal finishing; aluminum etching; colored aluminum anodizing reagent

Regulatory: BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; Croda Colloids Ltd; Fallek; Fluka; Jarchem Ind.; Sigma

5-Sulfosalicylic acid dihydrate

CAS 5965-83-3; EINÉCS/ELINCS 202-555-6

Synonyms: 3-Carboxy-4-hydroxybenzenesulfonic acid, dihydrate; 2-Hydroxy-5-sulfobenzoic acid, dihydrate

Classification: Aromatic organic compd.

Empirical: C₇H₆O₆S • 2H₂O

Formula: HOC₆H₃(COOH)SO₃H • 2H₂O

Properties: Wh. cryst. solid; very sol. in water, ethanol; sol. in ether, polar solvs.; m.w. 254.22; m.p. 113 C

Toxicology: Irritating to skin and mucous membranes; TSCA listed

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 0; Reactivity 1

Storage: Protect from light; keep well closed

Uses: Colorimetric reagent for iron; in urine testing for bilirubin; intermediate for dyes, surfactants, catalysts, grease additives; solubilizer for vitamin B₂; mfg. of antibiotics, reprographic paper; electrolyte in metal finishing; aluminum etching; metal chelating agent

Regulatory: BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Aldrich; Croda Colloids Ltd; Fluka; Jarchem Ind.; Ruger; Sigma

- Sulfosuccinic acid 1,4-bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester sodium salt. See Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate
- Sulfosuccinic acid diisobutyl ester, sodium salt. See Diisobutyl sodium sulfosuccinate
- Sulfosuccinic acid, sulfo-, 1,4-dihexyl ester, sodium salt. See Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate

Sulfourea. See Thiourea

Sulfur

CAS 7704-34-9; EINECS/ELINCS 231-722-6; UN No. NA 1350 (DOT); NA 2448 (DOT)

Synonyms: Brimstone; Flour sulfur; Flowers of sulfur; Precipitated sulfur; Soluble sulfur; Sublimed sulfur; Sulfur flower; Sulfur flowers; Sulfur soluble; Sulfur sublimed; Sulphur; Wettable powder sulfur

Classification: Nonmetallic element

Empirical: S

Properties: Sol. in carbon disulfide, CCl4, benzene, chlorinated and aromatic solvs.; sl. sol. in alcohol, ether; insol. in water; at.wt. 32.064; α: rhombic yel. crystals; dens. 2.06; β : monoclinic pale yel. crystals; dens. 1.96; vapor pressure 1 mm Hg (183.8 C); m.p. 119 C; b.p. 444.6 C; flash pt. 405 F

Toxicology: LD (oral, rat) > 8437 mg/kg; LDLo (IV, rat) 8 mg/kg, (IP, guinea pig) 55 mg/kg; poison by ing., IV, and IP routes; skin, eye, mucous membrane irritant; human eye irritant; TSCA listed

Environmental: Nontoxic to fish and bees

- Precaution: DOT: Flamm. solid; explosive as dust exposed to flame; reactive with oxidizers; violent reactions possible with halogens, carbides, zinc, uranium, tin, Na, lithium, nickel, phosphorus, potassium, aluminum, ammonia, etc.
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: When heated, it burns and emits highly toxic fumes of SO_x
- NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Sulfuric acid mfg.; petroleum refining; dyes; chemicals; fungicide; acaricide; insecticide; explosives; gunpowder; matches; detergents; plastics; rubber vulcanizer/processing aid; pulp and paper mfg.; soil conditioner; bleaching wood pulp, textiles; nucleating agent for photographic film; enamels; cement sealant, binder; asphalt extender; mortars; precipitant for heavy metal removal in wastewater treatment; keratolytic in dermatitis and psoriasis preps.; pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; vulcanizing agent in vulcanized nat. or syn. rubber closure-sealing gaskets for food containers

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.1210, 177.2600 Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Akrochem; Aldrich; Allan; Ashland; Atofina; BP Amoco; Cuproquim; Dow; Drexel; Exxon; Fluka; H.M. Royal; Helm AG; Kraft Chem.; Lohmann; Lyondell/Perf. Chems.; Norsk Hydro AS; Reade Advanced Materials; Rhodia; Riedel-deHaën; Ruger; San Yuan; Shell; Skylighter; Solvay GmbH; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Uniroyal; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Wilbur-Ellis

Trade Names Containing: Dilurit 464 C; Dilurit 953

Sulfur dioxide

- CAS 7446-09-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-195-2; UN No. 1079 (DOT); FEMA
- Synonyms: Bisulfate; Bisulfite; Sulfurous acid anhydride; Sulfurous anhydride; Sulfurous oxide; Sulfur oxide; Sulphur dioxide, liquefied

Classification: Inorganic sulfur compd.

Empirical: O₂S

Formula: 0=S=0

- Properties: Colorless gas, strong suffocating odor; condenses @ -10 C to colorless liq.; sol. 8.5% in water, 25% in alcohol, 32% in methanol; sol. in ether, chloroform, oxygenated solvs.; m.w. 64.06; dens. 1.5 (liq.); vapor pressure 2538 mm Hg (21.1 C); m.p. -72 C; b.p. -10 C (liq.); nonflamm.
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 2 ppm; STEL 5 ppm; LCLo (inh., human, 5 min) 3000 ppm; poison gas; mildly toxic to humans by inh.; corrosive irritant to eyes, respiratory tract; gas causes skin irritation, liq. may cause burns due to freezing; human systemic effects by inh. (pulmonary changes); causes upper respiratory/bronchi effects; can cause respiratory paralysis;

questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen, teratogen, reproductive effects; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed

- Precaution: Incompat. with bases, chlorates, fluorine, interhalogens, powd. metals, metal oxides, metal acetylides, sodium hydroxide, diethyl zinc; violent reactions, ignition, explosions possible; common air contaminant Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Forms an acid sol'n. (sulfurous acid) on contact
- with moisture; heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x
- NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store cylinders in cool, dry, well-ventilated, fireproof area away from flamm. materials and corrosive atmospheres, out of direct sunlight
- Uses: Chem. intermediate; bleaching of paper pulp; ore and metal refining; soybean protein; extraction solvent; catalyst; bleaching oils and starch; sulfonation of oils; reducing agent; antioxidant; fungicide; oxygen scavenger; disinfectant in breweries; dechlorination and silica activation in water treatment (potable, sewage, effluent); bleaching agent, antimicrobial, fumigant, preservative for foods; corn processing; antioxidant, preservative for pharmaceuticals; air pollutant, major contributor to acid rain
- Use Level: Up to 0.05%; ADI 0-0.7 mg/kg (EU)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §182.3862, GRAS; BATF 27CFR §240.1051; FEMA GRAS; Japan approved (0.03-5 g/kg); Europe listed; UK approved; USP/NF, BP compliance; SARA reportable
- Manuf./Distrib.: Air Prods.; Aldrich; Alexander; Boliden Intertrade; Calabrian; Celanese; Clariant; Coyne; Kuehne Chem.; MG Ind.; Olin/Chlor Alkali; Outokumpu Mintec Oy; PVS; Peridot; Rhodia; Scott Spec. Gases; Thatcher

Sulfur dioxide sol'n. See Sulfurous acid

Sulfureted hydrogen. See Hydrogen sulfide

Sulfur flower. See Sulfur

- Sulfur flowers. See Sulfur
- Sulfur hydride. See Hydrogen sulfide

Sulfuric acid

- CAS 7664-93-9; EINECS/ELINCS 231-639-5; UN No. 1830 (DOT), 1832 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Battery acid; Dihydrogen sulfate; Dipping acid; Electrolyte acid; Hydrogen sulfate; Matting acid; Nordhausen acid; Oil of vitriol; Sulphuric acid; Vitriol brown oil; Vitriol, oil of

Classification: Inorganic acid

- *Empirical:* H₂O₄S
- Formula: $(HO)_2S(=O)_2$
- Properties: Colorless to dk. brn. dense oily liq.; misc. with water and alcohol; m.w. 98.08; dens. 1.84; vapor pressure 1 mm (145.8 C); m.p. 10.4 C; b.p. 290 C; dec. 340 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 1 mg/m³; STEL 3 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 2.14 g/ kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 2 h) 510 mg/m³; poison by inh.; mod. toxic by ing.; human poison; strongly corrosive; strong irritant to tissue, eyes; can cause severe burns, chronic bronchitis; inh. of conc. vapors from hot acid can cause serious lung damage and unconsciousness; severe exposure causes chem. pneumonitis, tooth effects; experimental teratogen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Caustic; corrosive; powerful acidic oxidizer; ignites or explodes on contact with many materials; reacts with water to produce heat; reactive with oxidizing/reducing materials

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 0; Reactivity 2

Uses: Fertilizers; chemicals; dyes and pigments; laboratory reagents; electroplating baths; aluminum brightening agent; steel pickling agent; battery electrolyte; pH control, scale control in cooling water treatment; silica activation; sizing paper; petroleum refining reagent; dehydration agent (chlorine); leaching agent (uranium/copper ores, zinc/copper prod.); bleaching, carbonizing, mercerizing textiles; dehydrating agent; catalyst in alkylation process for high octane gasoline mfg.; foods (acidulant, pH control, processing aid); pharmaceuticals (acidifier; astringent; diarrhea treatment; appetite stimulants); in sanitizing sol'ns. for food contact

Use Level: Limitation 0.014% (alcoholic beverages), 0.0003% (cheeses)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.560, 172.892, 173.385, 178.1010, 184.1095, GRAS; BATF 27CFR §240.1051a; Japan restricted; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for parenterals, inhalants, injectables, ophthalmics, orals; USP/NF, BP compliance; SARA reportable
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Altivia; Amyl; Arch Chems.; Asarco; Atofina; Boliden Intertrade; DuPont; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; General

Chem.; Harcros; Integra; Mallinckrodt Baker; Metallgesellschaft AG; Moss Soap & Chem.; Nissan Chem. Ind.; Occidental; Olin/Chlor Alkali; PVS; Phelps Dodge Refining; Rasa Ind.; Rhodia; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Technichem; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Van Waters & Rogers

Trade Names Containing: Neocin™-HSC; TurboCLEAR™ PC-1

- Sulfuric acid, aluminum ammonium salt (2:1:1), dodecahydrate. See Ammonium alum
- Sulfuric acid, aluminum potassium salt (2:1:1). See Potassium alum anhydrous
- Sulfuric acid, aluminum potassium salt (2:1:1), dodecahydrate. See Potassium alum dodecahydrate
- Sulfuric acid aluminum salt. See Aluminum sulfate
- Sulfuric acid, aluminum salt (3:2). See Aluminum sulfate
- Sulfuric acid, aluminum sodium salt (2:1:1). See Sodium alum
- Sulfuric acid barium salt (1:1). See Barium sulfate

Sulfuric acid, chromium salt, basic. See Chromium sulfate, basic

Sulfuric acid, copper salt. See Cupric sulfate anhydrous

- Sulfuric acid diammonium salt. See Ammonium sulfate
- Sulfuric acid, disodium salt. See Sodium sulfate

Sulfuric acid, dodecyl ester, triethanolamine salt. See TEA-lauryl sulfate

- Sulfuric acid, lauryl ester, ammonium salt. See Ammonium lauryl sulfate
- Sulfuric acid magnesium salt (1:1). See Magnesium sulfate anhydrous
- Sulfuric acid, magnesium salt (1:1) heptahydrate. See Magnesium sulfate heptahydrate
- Sulfuric acid, monododecyl ester, ammonium salt. See Ammonium lauryl sulfate
- Sulfuric acid, monododecyl ester, compd. with 2,2',2''-nitrilotris [ethanol] (1:1). See TEA-lauryl sulfate
- Sulfuric acid, monododecyl ester, magnesium salt. See Magnesium lauryl sulfate
- Sulfuric acid, monododecyl ester, potassium salt. See Potassium lauryl sulfate
- Sulfuric acid monododecyl ester sodium salt. See Sodium lauryl sulfate
- Sulfuric acid, mono (2-ethylhexyl) ester sodium salt. See Sodium 2-ethylhexyl sulfate
- Sulfuric acid, monooctyl ester, sodium salt. See Sodium octyl sulfate
- Sulfuric acid monosodium salt. See Sodium bisulfate
- Sulfuric acid, monotallow alkyl esters, sodium salts. See Sodium tallow sulfate

Sulfurous acid

- CAS 7782-99-2; EINECS/ELINCS 231-973-1; UN No. 1833 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Sulfur dioxide sol'n.
- Definition: A sol'n. of sulfur dioxide in water
- *Empirical:* H₂O₃S
- Formula: H₂SO₃
- Properties: Colorless liq.; suffocating sulfur odor (in sol'n.); sol. in water; m.w. 82.08; dens. 1.03; unstable; oxidizes in air to sulfuric acid
- *Toxicology:* TDLo (oral, human) 500 µg/kg; poison by ing. and inh.; corrosive irritant to skin, eyes, mucous membranes; human systemic effects by ing. (nausea, vomiting, hypermotility, diarrhea, other GI effects); TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Corrosive material; reacts violently with water
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits highly toxic fumes of SO_x

Storage: Air-sensitive; handle under nitrogen

- Uses: Organic synthesis; bleaching textiles; paper mfg.; wine mfg., brewing; metallurgy; ore flotation; medicine (antiseptic); analytical reagent; sulfites as preservative for fruits, nuts, foods, wines; dental bleach
- *Regulatory:* FDA approved for injectables; BP compliance *Manuf./Distrib.:* Aldrich; Fisher Scientific; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Sulfurous acid anhydride. See Sulfur dioxide

Sulfurous acid, calcium salt (1:1). See Calcium sulfite

Sulfurous acid disodium salt. See Sodium sulfite

Sulfurous acid monosodium salt. See Sodium sulfite

Sulfurous acid sodium salt (1:2). See Sodium sulfite

Sulfurous anhydride. See Sulfur dioxide

Sulfurous oxide. See Sulfur dioxide

Sulfur oxide. See Sulfur dioxide

Sulfur soluble. See Sulfur

Sulfur sublimed. See Sulfur

Sulphamic acid. See Sulfamic acid Sulphur. See Sulfur Sulphur dioxide, liquefied. See Sulfur dioxide Sulphuric acid. See Sulfuric acid

Sumac wax. See Japan (Rhus succedanea) wax

Sunflower (Helianthus annuus) seed oil

CAS 8001-21-6; EINECS/ELINCS 232-273-9 Synonyms: Helianthus annuus; Helianthus annuus oil; Sunflower oil; Sunflower seed oil

Definition: Oil expressed from seeds of the sunflower, Helianthus annuus

Properties: Amber liq., pleasant odor, mild taste; sol. in alcohol, ether, chloroform, CS₂; negligible sol. in water; dens. 0.924-0.926; vapor pressure very low; m.p. -18 C; iodine no. 125-140; sapon. no.188-194; ref. index 1.4611

Toxicology: No known toxicity; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO2 from combustion; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Uses: Raw material in plastics, polymers, alkyd resins, rubbers, soaps, pharmaceuticals; drying oil for paints, alkyd resins; emollient for cosmetics; edible oil; in prep. of margarine; food coating agent, emulsifier, formulation aid, texturizer; dietary supplement; pharmaceuticals (diluent, carrier, emulsifier, emollient, tablet binder; diuretic; expectorant); soybean oil replacement; drying oil, defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.200, GRAS; BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; ADM; Alnor Oil; Arista Ind.; Cargill Ind. Oils & Lubes; Charkit; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Int'l. Flora Tech.; Lipo; Penta Mfg.; Protameen; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Tri-K Ind.; Welch, Holme & Clark; Werner G. Smith

Sunflower oil. See Sunflower (Helianthus annuus) seed oil

Sunflower seed oil. See Sunflower (Helianthus annuus) seed oil

Suzorite mica. See Mica

SXS. See Sodium xylenesulfonate

Syndiotactic polypropylene. See Polypropylene

Synthetic beeswax

CAS 71243-51-1; 97026-94-0; EINECS/ELINCS 275-286-5

Synonyms: Beeswax, synthetic

- Definition: Synthetic wax with composition and properties generally indistinguishable from natural beeswax
- Uses: Lipophilic emulsifier; suspending agent for anhyd. systems; w/o emulsifier, thickener, gellant; emollient; opacifier; emulsion stabilizer; used where pure beeswax not required; for creams, lotions, lipstick, makeup; depilatories; ointments, salves; sustained-release pharmaceuticals; furniture, wood, and leather polishes; leather, textile, wood, and paper finishes

Synthetic wax

CAS 8002-74-2; 123237-14-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6

Synonyms: Fischer-Tropsch wax; Fischer-Tropsch wax, oxidized

Definition: Hydrocarbon wax derived by Fischer-Tropsch or ethylene polymerization processes

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: As ingredient, finish or processing aid, release agent, lubricant in adhesives, ammunition, asphalt, explosives, paints, paper, pyrotechnics, lubricants, powd. metallurgy, floor wax, candles, hot melts, inks; color dispersant; elec. insulation; anticorrosion prods.; processing lubricant for PVC; textile finishing agent; modifier wax; binder for pressed powds.; masticatory substance in chewing gum; protective coating on fruits/vegetables; food defoamer; food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 172.888, 173.340, 175.105, 175.250,

176.170, 177.1200, 178.3720, 1778.3850

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Astor Corp.; Baker Petrolite; Degussa-Hüls AG; Frank B. Ross; Micro Powders; Presperse; Rheox; Shamrock Tech.; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Strahl & Pitsch; Vivion

Trade Names: MP-12; MP-22; MP-22C; MP-22VF; MP-22XF; MP-26; MP-26VF; MP-28C; Ross Wax #160; Shamrock Hydrocer 145; Shamrock Neptune 968; Shamrock S-400 N1; Shamrock S-400 N5; Shamrock S-400 SP5; Vestowax® C 60; Vybar® 103; Vybar® 260 See also Paraffin; Petroleum wax

Table salt. See Sodium chloride Tabular alumina. See Alumina

Talc

CAS 14807-96-6; EINECS/ELINCS 238-877-9

- Synonyms: CI 77019; CI 77718; Cosmetic talc; French chalk; Hydrous magnesium calcium silicate; Hydrous magnesium silicate; Industrial talc; Magnesium hydrogen metasilicate; Pigment white 26; Platy talc; Talcum
- Definition: Native, hydrous magnesium silicate sometimes containing small portion of aluminum silicate and containing < 1% cryst. silica Empirical: MgO • nSiO₂
- Formula: $Mg_3Si_4O_{10}(OH)_2$ or $3MgO \cdot 4SiO_2 \cdot HOH$
- Properties: Wh., apple green, gray or gray fine powd., pearly or greasy luster, greasy feel; odorless, tasteless; insol. in water, cold acids or in alkalis; dens. 2.7-2.8; bulking value 0.044 gal/lb; oil absorp. 30-55; GE brightness 75-94; ref. index 1.59-1.60; hardness (Mohs) 1.0-1.5
- Toxicology: ACGIHTLV/TWA2mg/m³ (respirable dust); TCLo (inh., rat, 1 yr, intermittent) 11 mg/m³; toxic by inhalation; talc with < 1% asbestos is nuisance dust, > 1% may be human carcinogen; human skin irritant; prolonged/repeated exposure can produce talc pneumoconiosis; talc-based powds. linked to ovarian cancer; experimental tumorigen; common air contaminant; TSCA listed
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Reinforcing agent, filler, pigment in rubber, paints, plastics, paper, soaps, ceramics, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; flatting agent (paints, printing inks); dusting agent; lubricant; electrical insulation; antiblocking agent for plastic film; polishes; filtration aid; foods (anticaking agent, coating agent, texturizer, lubricant, release agent, surface-finisher, filter aid); pharmaceuticals (glidant, anticaking, tablet lubricant, color additive, dusting powd.); lubricant for surgical gloves; colorant in food-contact polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Use Level: 0.003-220.4 mg (oral solids)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1550, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1460, 178.3297, 182.70, 182.90; GRAS; Japan restricted (5000 ppm); Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals, rectals, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Archway Sales; Brooks Ind.; Celite; Chem-Materials; Costec; D.N. Lukens; Fluka; H.M. Royal; Hammill & Gillespie; Harcros; Kraft Chem.; L.A. Salomon; Landers-Segal Color; Lomas Int'l.; Luzenac Am.; Mins. Tech.; O.C. Lugo; Pfizer Int'l.; Presperse; Punda Mercantile; R.T. Vanderbilt; Reade Advanced Materials; Ruger; Seegott; Sigma; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Specialty Mins.; Tamms Ind.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Van Waters & Rogers; Warner-Jenkinson; Wego Chem. & Min.; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels
- Trade Names: Celkate® T-21; Mistrofil®; Mistron® 100; Mistron® 102; Mistron[®] Slurry; Mistron[®] Vapor; Vantalc[®] 6H

Talcum. See Talc

Tallamide DEA

- CAS 68153-57-1; 68155-20-4; EINECS/ELINCS 268-949-5
- Synonyms: Diethanolamine tall oil acid amide; Tall oil acid diethanolamide; Tall oil diethanolamide; Tall oil fatty acid diethanolamide; Tall oil fatty acid polydiethanolamide

Definition: Mixture of ethanolamides of fatty acids derived from tall oil acid Formula: RCO–N(CH₂CH₂OH)₂, RCO– rep. fatty acids from tall oil Properties: Amber clear liq.; anionic/nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier in hard-surf. cleaners; emulsifier/corrosion inhibitor in sol. cutting oils; corrosion inhibitor, lubricant, emulsifier, detergent for syn. coolants, chain lubricants, emulsion cleaners; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2800

Talleol. See Tall oil

Tall oil

- CAS 8002-26-4; EINECS/ELINCS 232-304-6
- Synonyms: Lignin liquor; Liquid rosin; Talleol; Tallol
- Definition: Byprod. of wood pulp contg. rosin acids, oleic and linoleic acids, and long chain alcohols
- Properties: Dk. brn. liq., acrid odor; dens. 0.95; acid no. 178 min.; flash pt. 182 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (unreported, mouse) 7300 mg/kg; mild allergen; may cause

Sulphamic acid. See Sulfamic acid Sulphur. See Sulfur Sulphur dioxide, liquefied. See Sulfur dioxide Sulphuric acid. See Sulfuric acid Sumac wax. See Japan (Rhus succedanea) wax

Sunflower (Helianthus annuus) seed oil

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Definition: Oil expressed from seeds of the sunflower, Helianthus annuus

Properties: Amber liq., pleasant odor, mild taste; sol. in alcohol, ether, chloroform, CS₂; negligible sol. in water; dens. 0.924-0.926; vapor pressure very low; m.p. -18 C; iodine no. 125-140; sapon. no.188-194; ref. index 1.4611

Toxicology: No known toxicity; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO2 from combustion; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Uses: Raw material in plastics, polymers, alkyd resins, rubbers, soaps, pharmaceuticals; drying oil for paints, alkyd resins; emollient for cosmetics; edible oil; in prep. of margarine; food coating agent, emulsifier, formulation aid, texturizer; dietary supplement; pharmaceuticals (diluent, carrier, emulsifier, emollient, tablet binder; diuretic; expectorant); soybean oil replacement; drying oil, defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.200, GRAS; BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; ADM; Alnor Oil; Arista Ind.; Cargill Ind. Oils & Lubes; Charkit; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Int'l. Flora Tech.; Lipo; Penta Mfg.; Protameen; Ruger; Sea-Land; Sigma; Tri-K Ind.; Welch, Holme & Clark; Werner G. Smith

Sunflower oil. See Sunflower (Helianthus annuus) seed oil

Sunflower seed oil. See Sunflower (Helianthus annuus) seed oil

Suzorite mica. See Mica

SXS. See Sodium xylenesulfonate

Syndiotactic polypropylene. See Polypropylene

Synthetic beeswax

CAS 71243-51-1; 97026-94-0; EINECS/ELINCS 275-286-5

Synonyms: Beeswax, synthetic

- Definition: Synthetic wax with composition and properties generally indistinguishable from natural beeswax
- Uses: Lipophilic emulsifier; suspending agent for anhyd. systems; w/o emulsifier, thickener, gellant; emollient; opacifier; emulsion stabilizer; used where pure beeswax not required; for creams, lotions, lipstick, makeup; depilatories; ointments, salves; sustained-release pharmaceuticals; furniture, wood, and leather polishes; leather, textile, wood, and paper finishes

Synthetic wax

CAS 8002-74-2; 123237-14-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-315-6

Synonyms: Fischer-Tropsch wax; Fischer-Tropsch wax, oxidized

Definition: Hydrocarbon wax derived by Fischer-Tropsch or ethylene polymerization processes

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: As ingredient, finish or processing aid, release agent, lubricant in adhesives, ammunition, asphalt, explosives, paints, paper, pyrotechnics, lubricants, powd. metallurgy, floor wax, candles, hot melts, inks; color dispersant; elec. insulation; anticorrosion prods.; processing lubricant for PVC; textile finishing agent; modifier wax; binder for pressed powds.; masticatory substance in chewing gum; protective coating on fruits/vegetables; food defoamer; food pkg.; in food-pkg. adhesives Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.615, 172.888, 173.340, 175.105, 175.250,

176.170, 177.1200, 178.3720, 1778.3850

- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Astor Corp.; Baker Petrolite; Degussa-Hüls AG; Frank B. Ross; Micro Powders; Presperse; Rheox; Shamrock Tech.; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Strahl & Pitsch; Vivion
- Trade Names: MP-12; MP-22; MP-22C; MP-22VF; MP-22XF; MP-26; MP-26VF; MP-28C; Ross Wax #160; Shamrock Hydrocer 145; Shamrock Neptune 968; Shamrock S-400 N1; Shamrock S-400 N5; Shamrock S-400 SP5; Vestowax® C 60; Vybar® 103; Vybar® 260

See also Paraffin; Petroleum wax

Table salt. See Sodium chloride Tabular alumina. See Alumina

Talc

CAS 14807-96-6; EINECS/ELINCS 238-877-9

- Synonyms: CI 77019; CI 77718; Cosmetic talc; French chalk; Hydrous magnesium calcium silicate; Hydrous magnesium silicate; Industrial talc; Magnesium hydrogen metasilicate; Pigment white 26; Platy talc; Talcum
- Definition: Native, hydrous magnesium silicate sometimes containing small portion of aluminum silicate and containing < 1% cryst. silica Empirical: MgO • nSiO₂
- Formula: $Mg_3Si_4O_{10}(OH)_2$ or $3MgO \cdot 4SiO_2 \cdot HOH$
- Properties: Wh., apple green, gray or gray fine powd., pearly or greasy luster, greasy feel; odorless, tasteless; insol. in water, cold acids or in alkalis; dens. 2.7-2.8; bulking value 0.044 gal/lb; oil absorp. 30-55; GE brightness 75-94; ref. index 1.59-1.60; hardness (Mohs) 1.0-1.5
- Toxicology: ACGIHTLV/TWA2mg/m³ (respirable dust); TCLo (inh., rat, 1 yr, intermittent) 11 mg/m³; toxic by inhalation; talc with < 1% asbestos is nuisance dust, > 1% may be human carcinogen; human skin irritant; prolonged/repeated exposure can produce talc pneumoconiosis; talc-based powds. linked to ovarian cancer; experimental tumorigen; common air contaminant; TSCA listed
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Reinforcing agent, filler, pigment in rubber, paints, plastics, paper, soaps, ceramics, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; flatting agent (paints, printing inks); dusting agent; lubricant; electrical insulation; antiblocking agent for plastic film; polishes; filtration aid; foods (anticaking agent, coating agent, texturizer, lubricant, release agent, surface-finisher, filter aid); pharmaceuticals (glidant, anticaking, tablet lubricant, color additive, dusting powd.); lubricant for surgical gloves; colorant in food-contact polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Use Level: 0.003-220.4 mg (oral solids)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1550, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, , 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1460, 178.3297, 182.70, 182.90; GRAS; Japan restricted (5000 ppm); Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for orals, rectals, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Archway Sales; Brooks Ind.; Celite; Chem-Materials; Costec; D.N. Lukens; Fluka; H.M. Royal; Hammill & Gillespie; Harcros; Kraft Chem.; L.A. Salomon; Landers-Segal Color; Lomas Int'l.; Luzenac Am.; Mins. Tech.; O.C. Lugo; Pfizer Int'l.; Presperse; Punda Mercantile; R.T. Vanderbilt; Reade Advanced Materials; Ruger; Seegott; Sigma; Spec. Ingreds. & Perfume; Specialty Mins.; Tamms Ind.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Van Waters & Rogers; Warner-Jenkinson; Wego Chem. & Min.; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels
- Trade Names: Celkate® T-21; Mistrofil®; Mistron® 100; Mistron® 102; Mistron® Slurry; Mistron® Vapor; Vantalc® 6H

Talcum. See Talc

Tallamide DEA

- CAS 68153-57-1; 68155-20-4; EINECS/ELINCS 268-949-5
- Synonyms: Diethanolamine tall oil acid amide; Tall oil acid diethanolamide; Tall oil diethanolamide; Tall oil fatty acid diethanolamide; Tall oil fatty acid polydiethanolamide

Definition: Mixture of ethanolamides of fatty acids derived from tall oil acid Formula: RCO–N(CH₂CH₂OH)₂, RCO– rep. fatty acids from tall oil Properties: Amber clear liq.; anionic/nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier in hard-surf. cleaners; emulsifier/corrosion inhibitor in sol. cutting oils; corrosion inhibitor, lubricant, emulsifier, detergent for syn. coolants, chain lubricants, emulsion cleaners; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2800

Talleol. See Tall oil

Tall oil

- CAS 8002-26-4; EINECS/ELINCS 232-304-6
- Synonyms: Lignin liquor; Liquid rosin; Talleol; Tallol
- Definition: Byprod. of wood pulp contg. rosin acids, oleic and linoleic acids, and long chain alcohols
- Properties: Dk. brn. liq., acrid odor; dens. 0.95; acid no. 178 min.; flash pt. 182 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (unreported, mouse) 7300 mg/kg; mild allergen; may cause

wt. loss, blood changes; migrates to food from pkg. materials

- Precaution: Combustible when exposed to heat or flame; can react with oxidizing materials
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Drying oil for paints, in food-contact coatings; paint vehicles; source of rosin; alkyd resins; soaps; cutting oils; flotation agents; core oils; lubricants and greases; asphalt derivs.; rubber reclaiming; chemical intermediate; emulsifier in oil-based drilling fluids; fungicide for topical pharmaceuticals; synthesis of cortisone and sex hormones; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; in food-contact textiles; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings, paper/paperboard
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2600, 177.2800, 181.22, 181.26, 182.70, 186.1557, GRAS as indirect food additive; FDA approved for topicals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Actrachem; Arakawa USA; Arizona; Bencorp Int'l.; Chemcentral; Chemical; Eastech; Geo. Pfau's Sons; Georgia-Pacific Resins; Harcros; Int'l. Paper; Lomas Int'l.; Nat'l. Purity; Norman, Fox; Nottingham; Sea-Land; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Total Spec. Chems.; Union Carbide; Van Waters & Rogers; Welch, Holme & Clark; Westvaco

Tall oil acid

- CAS 61790-12-3; EINECS/ELINCS 263-107-3
- Synonyms: TOFA; Acids, tall oil; Disproportionated tall oil fatty acid; Fatty acids, tall oil; Tall oil acids; Tall oil fatty acid; Tall oil fatty acids
- Definition: Mixture of rosin acids and fatty acids recovered from the hydrolysis of tall oil
- Properties: Lig.; anionic
- Toxicology: Mildly irritating to skin; repeated skin contact may result in allergic reactions such as rash or dermatitis; inh. of mists can cause irritation; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible
- Uses: Polymerization emulsifier; emulsifier for metalworking fluids; mfg. of surfactants, soaps, amines, imidazolines; cosmetics; dyes; leather; coatings; petroleum industry; latex stabilizer; dispersant (as soap) for pigments and fillers; flotation collector; plasticizer for rubber; in food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; activator in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3910
- Manuf./Distrib.: Acme-Hardesty; Actrachem; Akzo Nobel; Allchem Ind.; Arizona; C.P. Hall; D.B. Becker; Darwin; Eastech; Geo. Pfau's Sons; J.H. Calo; Nat'l. Purity; Nottingham; Rhodia; S & S Chem.; Sea-Land; Stanson; Technichem; Welch, Holme & Clark; Westvaco
- Tall oil acid diethanolamide.See Tallamide DEATall oil acid, potassium salt.See Potassium tallate
- Tall oil acids. See Tall oil acid
- Tall oil diethanolamide. See Tallamide DEA
- Tall oil fatty acid. See Tall oil acid
- Tall oil fatty acid diethanolamide. See Tallamide DEA
- Tall oil fatty acid polydiethanolamide. See Tallamide DEA
- Tall oil fatty acids. See Tall oil acid
- Tall oil fatty acids, ammonium salts. See Ammonium tallate

Tall oil glycerides

- CAS 97722-02-6; EINECS/ELINCS 307-751-6
- Synonyms: Glycerides, tall oil mono-, di- and tri-
- Definition: Mixt. of the mono, di, and triglycerides derived from tall oil Uses: Thermoplastic resin ester for chewing gums, adhesives, contact ce-
- ments, and coatings; tackifier for rubber; food-pkg. adhesives, pressuresensitive adhesives, coatings, paper, closure-sealing gaskets for food containers; defoamer in food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Trade Names: Zonester® 85

Tall oil hydroxyethyl imidazoline

- CAS 61791-39-7; EINECS/ELINCS 263-171-2
- Synonyms: 4,5-Dihydro-7-nortall oil-1H-imidazole-1-ethanol; 1-Hydroxyethyl-2-tall oil imidazoline; Tall oil imidazoline; 2-Talloyl-1-(hydroxyethyl) imidazoline

Classification: Heterocyclic compd.

Toxicology: TSCA listed

- Uses: Emulsifier, corrosion inhibitor in oil burning systems, pickling bath operations, asphalt emulsions, oil-based drilling fluids, industrial detergents; dispersant for clay and pigments; in protective metal coatings, printing ink additive
- Trade Names: Burco® Imidazoline T; LamChem C-100-T

Tall oil imidazoline. See Tall oil hydroxyethyl imidazoline

Tall oil triglycerides

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

Tallol. See Tall oil

Tallow

- CAS 61789-97-7; EINECS/ELINCS 263-099-1
- Synonyms: Adeps bovis; Beef tallow; Bleached deodorized tallow; Mutton tallow; Tallow, beef; Tallow, mutton
- Definition: Fat derived from fatty tissue of sheep or cattle; consists primarily of fatty acid glycerides
- Properties: Off-wh. to pale yel. fat; insol. in water; iodine no. 40-55; sapon. no. 282-286
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Lubricity additive in lubricants; lubricant for steel cold-rolling; softener for textile warp sizing; soap stock; leather dressing; candles; greases; mfg. of stearic and oleic acids; adherent in tire molds; chewing gum base; food coating agent, emulsifier, formulation aid, texturizer; animal feeds; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.210, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2800, 182.70, GRAS
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABITEC; Atlas Refinery; BFGoodrich/Textile; Geo. Pfau's Sons: Norman, Fox: Sea-Land

Tallow acid

- CAS 61790-37-2; 67701-06-8; EINECS/ELINCS 263-129-3
- Synonyms: Acids, tallow; Fatty acids, tallow; Tallow fatty acid
- Definition: Mixture of fatty acids derived from tallow
- Formula: RCOOH, R = tallow-
- Properties: Wh. to yel. solid; insol. in water; m.p. 38-42 C; acid no. 200-205; iodine no. 50-62
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Uses: Chemical intermediate in alkyd resins, polishes, soaps, abrasives, cutting oils, candles, crayons, emulsifiers; food lubricant, release agent, binder, defoamer; intermediate for food emulsifiers; in food-contact textiles; food-pkg. adhesives; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings for polyolefin films; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; grinding agent; waterproofing agent; plasticizer; activator in rubber compding.; in pharmaceutical pastes; in resin-bonded filters for food contact; in lubricants for incidental food contact; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.200, 176.210, 177.2260, 177.2800, 178.3570, 178.3910
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Anar; Ashland; Eastech; Geo. Pfau's Sons; Norman, Fox; Sea-Land

Tallow acid diethanolamide. See Tallowamide DEA

Tallow acid, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated tallow acid

Tallow alcohol

EINECS/ELINCS 308-980-4

Synonyms: Alcohols, tallow; Tallow fatty alcohols

Definition: Mixt. of fatty alcohols derived from tallow

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)_nOH, n = 16, 18

Properties: Waxy solid; m.p. 46 C

Uses: Emollient, consistency giving agent, cosolvent for cosmetics, skin creams and lotions; defoamer; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.210

Manuf./Distrib.: Ashland; Cognis/Care Chems.; Condea Vista; Goldschmidt; Indofine; Jarchem Ind.; Lipo; Procter & Gamble; RTD

Tallow alcohol, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated tallow alcohol

Tallow amide

EINECS/ELINCS 297-355-9 Synonyms: Amides, tallow Classification: Amide Definition: Mixt. of amides Formula: RCO-NH₂, RCO- rep. fatty acids derived from tallow Uses: In food-pkg. adhesives, food contact coatings; defoamer for food

contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.210

Tallowamide DEA

CAS 68140-08-9; EINECS/ELINCS 268-772-3

Synonyms: Tallow diethanolamide; Tallow acid diethanolamide; Diethanolamine tallow acid amide; N,N-Bis(2-hydroxyethyl)tallow amides; N,N-Bis(2-hydroxyethyl)tallow acid amide

Definition: Mixture of ethanolamides of tallow acid

Formula: RCO-N(CH₂CH₂OH)₂, RCO- rep. fatty acids from tallow

Properties: Anionic/nonionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: W/o emulsifier; detergent for laundry and specialty cleaners; visc. builder; lubricant; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard; in food-contact textiles; antistat/antifog in food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210, 177.2800, 178.3130

Tallow, beef. See Tallow

Tallow diethanolamide. See Tallowamide DEA

Tallow diisopropanolamide

Synonyms: N,N-Diisopropanolamide of tallow fatty acids Uses: Adjuvant to control pulp absorbency and pitch content in mfg. of paper/

paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180 Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Anar; Ashland; Eastern Chem.; Geo. Pfau's

Sons

Talloweth-6

CAS 61791-28-4 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-6 tallow ether; PEG 300 tallow ether; POE (6) tallow ether Definition: PEG ether of tallow alcohol

Formula: $R(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, R rep. alkyl groups from tallow, avg. n = 6 *Properties:* Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/ paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210

Talloweth-6 phosphate

Properties: Anionic

Uses: Surfactant for prod. of textile and dyeing auxs., antistats, dry cleaning detergents

Trade Names: Servoxyl[®] VPRZ 006/100

Talloweth-11 phosphate

Uses: Surfactant for prod. of dry cleaning detergents with antistatic props., textile and dyeing auxiliaries; o/w emulsifier for cosmetic creams, lotions, and gels; aux. for textiles, agric., paper, cleaning, and metal processing industries; emulsifier; antistat; hydrotrope *Trade Names:* Servoxyl[®] VPRZ 0011/100

Tallow fatty acid. See Tallow acid

Tallow fatty acids, isobutyl esters. See Isobutyl tallowate Tallow fatty acids, isopropyl esters. See Isopropyl tallowate Tallow fatty acids, potassium salts. See Potassium tallowate Tallow fatty acids, sulfated. See Sulfated tallow acid Tallow fatty alcohols. See Tallow alcohol

Tallow glyceride

CAS 61789-13-7; EINECS/ELINCS 263-035-2 Synonyms: Tallow monoglyceride; Glycerides, tallow mono-Definition: Monoglyceride derived from tallow Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier, stabilizer, dispersant, opacifier for foods, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210

Tallow glycerides

Synonyms: Tallow mono, di and tri glycerides; Glycerides, tallow mono-, diand tri-

Definition: Mixture of mono, di and triglycerides derived from tallow Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Emulsifier, stabilizer, dispersant, emollient, opacifier for cosmetics, foods and drugs; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210

Tallow, hardened. See Hydrogenated tallow Tallow, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated tallow Tallow mono, di and tri glycerides. See Tallow glycerides Tallow monoglyceride. See Tallow glyceride Tallow, mutton. See Tallow

Tallow phosphate

Properties: Anionic *Uses:* Surfactant for textiles, agric., paper, cleaning, metal processing *Trade Names:* Servoxyl® VPRZ 100

Tallow, sodium salt. See Sodium tallowate Tallow, sulfated. See Sulfated tallow

Tallow sulfated, ammonium salt. See Ammonium tallow sulfate

Tallow sulfated, potassium salt. See Potassium tallow sulfate

Tallow, sulfated, sodium salt. See Sodium tallow sulfate

Tallow trimethyl ammonium chloride. See Tallowtrimonium chloride

Tallowtrimonium chloride

CAS 8030-78-2; 7491-05-2; 68002-61-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-447-4 Synonyms: Quaternary ammonium compds., tallow alkyl trimethyl, chlorides; Tallow trimethyl ammonium chloride; Trimethyl tallow ammonium chloride

Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt

Formula: [R-N(CH₃)₃]*Cl², R rep. alkyl groups derived from tallow Properties: Cationic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Dispersant; external antistat for plastics; emulsifier; used in corrosion inhibitor formulations for oil field brines and HCl acidizing systems; textile softener, dyeing aid; base for hair conditioners, cream rinses; in textiles, paper, cosmetics, agric., plastics, petrol., industrial applics.; pharmaceutical emulsifier

Trade Names: Arquad® T-27W

2-Talloyl-1-(hydroxyethyl) imidazoline. See Tall oil hydroxyethyl imidazoline

Tamarind (Tamarindus indica) seed kernel powder

Uses: In food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.350 Manuf./Distrib.: Dr. Madis Labs

Tangantangan oil. See Castor (Ricinus communis) oil

Tannic acid

CAS 1401-55-4; 72401-53-7; EINECS/ELINCS 215-753-2; 276-638-0; FEMA 3042

Synonyms: Gallotannic acid; Gallotannin; Glycerite; Tannin

Definition: Mixt. of organic acids occurring in the bark and fruit of many plants, e.g., oak species, sumac

Empirical: C76H52O46

- Properties: YIsh.-wh. to It. brn. powd. or flakes, faint char. odor, strongly astringent taste; very sol. in alcohol, acetone; pract. insol. in benzene, chloroform, ether, petrol. ether, carbon disulfide, CCl₄; m.w. 1701.23; m.p. 200 C; dec. 210-215 C; flash pt. (OC) 390 F
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2260 mg/kg, (intramuscular, mouse) 350 mg/kg; LDLo (subcut., mouse) 75 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 10 mg/kg; poison by ing., intramuscular, IV, subcut. routes; mod. toxic by parenteral route; may cause liver damage; experimental carcinogen, tumorigen, reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; incompat. with salts of heavy metals, alkaloids, gelatin, starch, oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Keep well closed, protect from light

- Uses: Mordant in dyeing; mfg. of ink, imitation tortoise shell; sizing paper; mordant, fixative, printing textiles; tanning; in photography; as coagulant in rubber; analytical chemistry reagent; alcohol denaturant; electroplating; deodorizing crude oil; enzyme immobilization; protein adsorption; boiler water additive for food processing; food additive (flavoring, pH control, processing aid, fat rendering aid; clarifying beer and wine); pharmaceuticals; astringent; minor burns treatment
- Use Level: Limitation 0.01% (baked goods/mixes), 0.015% (alcoholic beverages), 0.005% (nonalcoholic beverages), 0.4% (frozen dairy desserts), 0.013% (hard candy), 0.001% (meat prods.), 3 g/L (apple juice, wine), 0.8 g/L (white wine); ADI 0-0.6 mg/kg (FAO/WHO)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310, 184.1097, GRAS; 9CFR §318.7; BATF 27CFR §240.1051; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for rectals; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Am. Roland; Atomergic Chemetals; Burlington Bio-Medical; Burlington Chem.; Charkit; Crompton & Knowles; Fuji Chem. Ind.; Independent Chem.; Int'l. Sourcing; Integra; Mallinckrodt Baker; Penta Mfg.; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem

Tannin. See Tannic acid

Tapioca. See Dextrin

Tapioca starch. See Starch

Tar oil. See Pine (Pinus palustris) tar oil

Tar oil, wood. See Pine (Pinus palustris) tar oil

Tartrazine

- CAS 1934-21-0; EINECS/ELINCS 217-699-5
- Synonyms: Acid yellow 23; Acid yellow 23 trisodium salt; 3-Carboxy-5hydroxy-1-p-sulfophenyl-4-p-sulfophenylazopyrazole trisodium salt; CI 19140; D&C Yellow No. 5; 4,5-Dihydro-5-oxo-1-(4-sulfophenyl)-4-[(4sulfophenyl) azo]-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid trisodium salt; FD&C Yellow No. 5; Food yellow 4; 1H-Pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid, 4,5-dihydro-5-oxo-1-(4-sulfophenyl)-4-[(4-sulfophenyl) azo]-, trisodium salt; Tartrazine yellow; Trisodium-3-carboxy-5-hydroxy-1-p-sulfophenyl-4-p-sulfophenvlazopyrazole

Classification: Pyrazole color

Empirical: C16H9N4Na3O9S2

Formula: $C_{16}H_9N_4O_9S_2 \cdot 3Na$

- Properties: Bright orange-yel. powd., gran.; greenish-yel. in sol'n.; sol. in water, conc. sulfuric acid; sol. (oz/gal): 28 oz glycerin, 12 oz propylene glycol; m.w. 534.37
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, mouse) 12,750 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 3800 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; allergen; those allergic to aspirin are often allergic to tartrazine; may cause urticaria, anaphylactoid reactions, angioedema, rhinitis, bronchial asthma, contact dermatitis, hyperactivity, thyroid tumors; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NO_x, SO_x, and Na₂O

Storage: Hygroscopic

- Uses: Dye for polyamide fibers; pigment in printing inks; colorant for cosmetics, hair dyes, foods, and pharmaceutical orals and topicals; colorant in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Regulatory: FD&C Yellow No. 5: FDA 21CFR §74.705, 74.1705, 74.2705, 82.705, 176.170; Europe listed; banned in Norway, Austria; UK approved; FDA approved for buccals, orals, topicals, vaginals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Chem; BFGoodrich Hilton Davis; Costec; Crompton & Knowles; Fluka; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tricon Colors; Warner-Jenkinson

Tartrazine yellow. See Tartrazine

TBA. See t-Butyl alcohol

- TBEP. See Tributoxyethyl phosphate
- TBHP. See t-Butyl hydroperoxide
- TBP. See Tributyl phosphate
- TBPA. See Tetrabromophthalic anhydride
- TBT. See Tributyltin oxide TBTO. See Tributyltin oxide
- TBZ. See Thiabendazole

TCI. See Terephthaloyl chloride

TCMTB. See 2-Thiocyanomethylthiobenzothiazole

TEA. See Triethanolamine

TEA cocoate

CAS 61790-64-5; EINECS/ELINCS 263-155-5

- Synonyms: Fatty acids, coconut oil, triethanolamine salts; Triethanolamine coconut acid
- Definition: Triethanolamine soap derived from coconut fatty acids
- Uses: Surfactant for cosmetics; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resin-bonded filters for food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2260

TEA-lauryl sulfate

CAS 139-96-8; 68908-44-1; EINECS/ELINCS 205-388-7

Synonyms: Sulfuric acid, dodecyl ester, triethanolamine salt; Sulfuric acid, monododecyl ester, compd. with 2,2,2,2, -nitrilotris [ethanol] (1:1); Triethanolamine dodecyl sulfate; Triethanolamine lauryl sulfate; Triethanolammonium lauryl sulfate; Trolamine lauryl sulfate

Definition: Triethanolamine salt of lauryl sulfuric acid

Empirical: C18H41NO7S

Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₀CH₂OSO₃H • N(CH₂CH₂OH)₃

Properties: Liq. or paste; m.w. 415.66; HLB 34.0; anionic

- Toxicology: Skin and eye irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NO_x, SO_x, and CN¹
- HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Emulsifier, detergent, wetting agent, dispersant, visc. builder, foaming agent used for industrial and household cleaning prods., cosmetics (shampoos, bubble baths), toothpaste, emulsion polymerization, topical pharmaceuticals; industrial firefighting foams; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA approved for topicals

Manuf./Distrib.: Chemron; Clariant; Lonza; Norman, Fox; Ruger; Stepan Trade Names: Paxnol TLS; Texapon® T 42

TEA-oleate

CAS 2717-15-9; EINECS/ELINCS 220-311-7

Synonyms: 9-Octadecenoic acid, compd. with 2,2,2,2, -nitrilotris[ethanol] (1:1); Triethanolamine monooleate ester; Triethanolamine oleate; Triethanolamine oleate soap; Trihydroxyethylamine oleate

Classification: Salt of oleic acid

Empirical: C24H49NO5

Formula: C₁₈H₃₄O₂ • C₆H₁₅NO₃

Properties: HLB 12.0; anionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed *Precaution:* Combustible

Uses: W/o emulsifier, surfactant for electronics, lubricants, polishes, wax emulsions, cosmetics, foods, pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resin-bonded filters for food contact Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2260

TEA-stearate

CAS 4568-28-9; EINECS/ELINCS 224-945-5

Synonyms: Triethanolamine stearate; Trihydroxyethylamine stearate; Octadecanoic acid, compd. with 2,2²,2²-nitrilotris[ethanol] (1:1)

Definition: Triethanolamine salt of stearic acid

Empirical: C23H51NO5

Formula: (HOCH₂CH₂)₃N • HOOCC₁₆H₃₅

Properties: Cream-colored wax-like solid; faint fatty odor; sol. in methanol, ethanol, min. and veg. oils; disp. in hot water; dens. 0.968; m.p. 42-44 C; pH 8.8-9.2 (5% aq. disp.)

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Uses: Dispersant, emulsifier for waxes, paraffins, bitumen; film-former; adhesion aid for hot-melts; emulsifier, solubilizer for cosmetics and pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in resin-bonded filters for food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210, 177.2260

TEBAC. See Benzyltriethyl ammonium chloride TEC. See Triethyl citrate TEDMA. See PEG-3 dimethacrylate Teel oil. See Sesame (Sesamum indicum) oil TEG. See PEG-4 TEGMA. See PEG-3 dimethacrylate TELA. See Triethanolamine

TEPA. See Tetraethylenepentamine

Terebenthine. See Turpentine

Terephthalic acid chloride. See Terephthaloyl chloride Terephthalic acid dichloride. See Terephthaloyl chloride Terephthalic dichloride. See Terephthaloyl chloride

Terephthaloyl chloride

CAS 100-20-9; EINECS/ELINCS 202-829-5

Synonyms: TCI; 1,4-Benzenedicarbonyl chloride; 1,4-Benzenedicarbonyl dichloride; p-Phenylenedicarbonyl dichloride; p-Phthaloyl chloride; p-Phthaloyl dichloride; Terephthalic acid chloride; Terephthalic acid dichloride; Terephthalic dichloride; Terephthaloyl dichloride

Classification: Difunctional acid chloride

Empirical: C₈H₄Cl₂O₂

Formula: C₆H₄(COCI)₂

- Properties: Colorless cryst.; char. odor; m.w. 203.02; vapor pressure 0.02 mm; m.p. 79-83 C; b.p. 266 C; flash pt. 180 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2500 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) 700 mg/m³; toxic by inh.; inh. may cause cough, nausea, vomiting, spasm/inflamm./ edema of larynx/bronchi, chem. pneumonitis, pulmonary edema; corrosive; causes burns; lachrymator; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory tract; eye contact may cause redness, pain; ing. may cause burning sensation, cough, nausea; may cause sensitization by skin contact; may cause somnolence, dyspnea
- Precaution: Combustible; finely dispersed particles form explosive mixts. in air; incompat. with water, alcohols, strong oxidizers, strong bases; reacts violently with water (water hydrolyzes material liberating acidic acid gas)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: ĆO, ĆO₂, hydrogen chloride gas, phosgene gas; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions; dec. on warming, producing corrosive gas (hydrogen chloride); reacts with water and moisture producing corrosive fumes (hydrogen chloride)

NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Moisture-sensitive; keep tightly closed; store in cool, dry, wellventilated area
- Uses: Chem. intermediate for polycarbonates, aramid fibers, carbonless paper, performance polymers, encapsulants; in automotive, chem. processing, composites, computer industries; imparts flame resistance, chemical resistance, temp. stability
- Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Acros Org.; Aldrich; Bayer; DuPont; Fluka; ICN Biomed. Research Prods.; Ihara Nikkei; Isotec; Lancaster Synthesis; Pfaltz & Bauer; Spectrum Quality Prods.; TCI Am.

Terephthaloyl dichloride. See Terephthaloyl chloride

Terpene-phenolic resin

Uses: Tackifier for adhesives; adhesive tapes; in food-pkg. adhesives and pressure-sensitive adhesives; rubber industry; surgical tapes; plywood planks; printing inks; surf. coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.125

Manuf./Distrib.: Allchem Ind.; Arakawa USA; Arizona; Dujodwala Resins & Terpenes

Trade Names: Nirez® 7042

Terpene polymer resin. See Terpene resin

Terpene resin

CAS 9003-74-1

Synonyms: Polyterpene resin; Terpene polymer resin

Classification: Unsat. hydrocarbon; thermoplastic resin

- Definition: Thermoplastic resin obtained by polymerization of turpentine in presence of cataysts
- Properties: Sol. in most org. solvs.
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 15 g/kg; somnolent effect; general depressed activity; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Tackifier in hot-melt and pressure-sensitive adhesives; modifier resin in rubber compounding, coatings, laminations, waxes; extender for paints; binder in printing inks; impregnating paper; reinforcing agent; tires; imparts tack and adhesion to elastomers, polymers, adhesives, coatings, concrete-curing compds.; foods (color diluent, moisture barrier; as masticatory agents and solvent for elastomers in chewing gum); antiseptic in oral pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives and pressure-sensitive adhesives; plasticizer in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; in food-

contact PP film; in food-contact coatings; in cellophane for food pkg. Use Level: Limitation 0.07% (of wt. of capsule) 7% (of ascorbic acid and salts)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1, 172.280, 172.615, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 175.320, 177.1200, 177.2600, 178.3930; FDA approved for orals Manuf./Distrib.: Arizona; Cardolite; Chemcentral; Dujodwala Resins & Ter-
- penes; Hercules; Langley-Smith Ltd; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs Trade Names: Nevtac® 10°; Nevtac® 80; Nevtac® 100; Nevtac® 115;
- *Trade Names:* Nevtac® 10'; Nevtac® 80; Nevtac® 100; Nevtac® 115; Super Nevtac® 99; Zonarez® 1040; Zonarez® 1085; Zonarez® 11157; Zonarez® 1125; Zonarez® 1135; Zonarez® 7115; Zonarez® 7115 LT; Zonarez® 7125; Zonarez® 7125 LT; Zonarez® A-25; Zonarez® B-115; Zonarez® B-125; Zonarez® M-1115; Zonarez® T-4115; Zonatac® 105; Zonatac® 105L; Zonatac® 115L; Zonatac® 501; Zonatac® 501L; Zonatac® M-105

Terra alba. See Calcium sulfate dihydrate

TET. See Triethylenetetramine

TETA. See Triethylenetetramine

Tetraammonium EDTA

Uses: Chelating agent in photographic developer baths, replenishment of blix baths, water treatment, boiler cleaning, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, textiles, soaps, metal cleaning/protection, polymer prod., enhanced oil recovery; drug stabilization; treatment for heavy metal poisoning *Trade Names:* Versene Tetraammonium EDTA

- 1,3,5,7-Tetraazaadamantane. See Hexamethylenetetramine
- 1,4,7,10-Tetraazadecane. See Triethylenetetramine
- 1,3,5,7-Tetraazatricyclo [3,3,1,1] decane. See Hexamethylenetetramine
- 1,3,6,8-Tetraazatricyclo (6.2.1.13,6) dodecane

Uses: Slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300

Tetraborate, pentahydrate. See Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate

2',4',5',7'-Tetrabromo-3',6'-dihydroxyspiro [isobenzofuran-1(3H),9'-[9H] xanthen]-3-one disodium salt. See Acid red 87

Tetrabromofluorescein. See Acid red 87

- Tetrabromophthalic anhydride
 - CAS 632-79-1; EINECS/ELINCS 211-185-4
 - Synonyms: TBPA; Bromphthal; 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-Empirical: $C_8Br_4O_3$
 - Formula: C₆Br₄C₂O₃
 - Properties: Wh. to pale yel. cryst. solid; sl. sol. in ketone, chlorinated, and aromatic solvs.; insol. in water, alcohol; m.w. 463.72; dens. 2.91; m.p. 280 C
 - Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 10,000 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 10,000 mg/kg; irritant; TSCA listed
 - Storage: Moisture-sensitive
 - Uses: Reactive flame retardant filler for plastics (unsat. polyesters), paper, textiles; reactive intermediate for the preparation of polyols, esters and imides, paints

Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Aldrich; Ceca SA; Great Lakes; Ocean Chems.

Tetrachloronaphthalene

CAS 1335-88-2

Synonyms: Halowax; Naphthalene, tetrachloro

Formula: C₁₀H₄Cl₄

- Properties: Colorless to pale yel. solid; aromatic odor; insol. in water; m.w. 265.96; sp. gr. 1.59-1.65; m.p. 115 C; b.p. 311.5-360 C; flash pt. 210 C
- Toxicology: NIOSH TWA/TLV: 2 mg/m³ (in air, 10 h); toxic by inh. and skin contact; TSCA listed
- *Precaution:* Combustible; incompat. with strong oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp. emits highly toxic fumes of CI-
- Uses: Electrical insulating materials; in resins and polymers for coating textiles, wood, and paper; additive in cutting oils
- 3,3,4,4-Tetrachlorotetrahydrothiophene-1,1-dioxide Uses: Slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300

Tetracosanoic acid, tetradecyl ester. See Myristyl lignocerate Tetradecanoic acid. See Myristic acid Tetradecanoic acid, butyl ester. See Butyl myristate Tetradecanoic acid isopropyl ester. See Isopropyl myristate

Tetradecanoic acid, magnesium salt. See Magnesium myristate

Tetradecanoic acid, methyl ester. See Methyl myristate

Tetradecanoic acid, 1-methylethyl ester. See Isopropyl myristate

Tetradecanoic acid, monoester with 1,2-propanediol. See Propylene glycol myristate

- Tetradecanoic acid, monoester with 1,2,3-propanetriol. See Glyceryl myristate
- Tetradecanoic acid, potassium salt. See Potassium myristate

Tetradecanoic acid sodium salt. See Sodium myristate

1-Tetradecanol. See Myristyl alcohol

1-Tetradecanol, 2-decyl-. See 2-Decyl-1-tetradecanol

N-Tetradecanol-1. See Myristyl alcohol

Tetradecene. See Tetradecene-1

Tetradecene-1

CAS 1120-36-1; EINECS/ELINCS 272-493-2

Synonyms: C14 linear alpha olefin; Tetradecene; 1-Tetradecene; α-Tetradecylene

Empirical: C₁₄H₂₈ Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₁₁CH:CH₂

- Properties: Colorless liq., mild hydrocarbon odor; sl. sol. in alcohol, ether; insol. in water; m.w. 196.38; dens. 0.775; m.p. -13 C; pour pt. -18 C; b.p. 251 C; flash pt. (Seta) 226 F; ref. index 1.4360
- Toxicology: Irritating to eyes and skin; low acute inhalation toxicity; low acute ingestion toxicity but ingestion may cause vomiting, aspiration of vomitus

Precaution: Combustible; avoid contact with air or oxygen; explosion danger from peroxide formation

Storage: Store under nitrogen blanket

- Uses: Intermediate for surfactants and specialty industrial chemicals (polymers, plasticizers, lubricants, gasoline additives, paper sizing, PVC lubricants); prod. of amines, amine oxides, oxo alcohols, alkylated aromatics, tanning oils, alpha olefin sulfonates, epoxides, syn. fatty acids; solvent in perfumes, flavors, medicines, dyes, oils, resins
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Aldrich; BP Amoco; Fluka; Shell; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Trade Names: Gulftene® 14

1-Tetradecene. See Tetradecene-1

n-Tetradecoic acid. See Myristic acid

Tetradecyl alcohol. See Myristyl alcohol

N-Tetradecyl alcohol. See Myristyl alcohol

Tetradecylamine acetate. See Myristamine acetate

Tetradecyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride. See Myristalkonium chloride

Tetradecyleicosanol

CAS 68187-86-0

Synonyms: 1-Eicosanol, 2-tetradecyl-; Myristyl eicosanol; 2-Tetradecyl-1eicosanol

Classification: Aliphatic alcohol

Empirical: C₃₄H₇₀O

Properties: Lt. colored soft wax; sol. in min. oil, isopropyl myristate, oleyl alcohol, castor oil; m.p. 33-40 C

Uses: Emollient wax for cosmetic and pharmaceutical topical preps.; opacifier and emollient in specialty bath oils

Trade Names Containing: Jarcol™ I-34T

2-Tetradecyl-1-eicosanol. See Tetradecyleicosanol α-Tetradecylene. See Tetradecene-1

2-Tetradecyloctadecanol

CAS 32582-32-4; EINECS/ELINCS 251-110-2 Synonyms: Myristyloctadecanol; 2-Tetradecyl-1-octadecanol Classification: Aliphatic alcohol Empirical: C32H66O Uses: Skin softener in personal care stick formulations Manuf./Distrib.: Jarchem Ind. Trade Names: Jarcol™ I-32 Trade Names Containing: Jarcol™ I-34T

2-Tetradecyl-1-octadecanol. See 2-Tetradecyloctadecanol Tetradecyl tetracosanoate. See Myristyl lignocerate

Tetraethyldiamino-o-carboxyphenyl xanthenyl chloride. See Basic violet 10

Tetraethylene dicocoate. See PEG-4 dicocoate Tetraethylene glycol. See PEG-4

Tetraethylene glycol diacrylate. See PEG-4 diacrylate

Tetraethylene glycol dimethacrylate. See PEG-4 dimethacrylate

Tetraethylenepentamine

- CAS 112-57-2; EINECS/ELINCS 203-986-2; UN No. 2320 (DOT) Synonyms: TEPA; 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-(2-aminoethyl)-N⁻(2-((2-aminoethyl)) amino) ethyl)-; 1,4,7,10,13-Pentaazatridecane
- Empirical: C₈H₂₃N₅
- Formula: NH₂(CH₂CH₂NH)₃CH₂CH₂NH₂
- Properties: Amber visc. liq.; sol. in most org. solvs. and water; m.w. 189.31; dens. 0.9980 (20/20 C); vapor pressure < 0.01 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. -30 C; b.p. 340 C (dec.); flash pt. (OC) 325 F; ref. index 1.5055
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3990 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) 660 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 320 mg./kg; poison by ing. and IV route; mod. toxic by skin contact; corrosive; strong primary irritant to skin, eyes, mucous membranes; causes burns; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; corrosive; can react with oxidizing materials

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x Storage: Hygroscopic

- Uses: Solvent for sulfur, acid gases, various resins and dyes; saponifying agent for acidic materials; mfg. of syn. rubber; dispersant in motor oils; intermediate for oil additives; ion-exchange resins; surfactants; in foodpkg. adhesives; R.T. curing agent in two-pkg. protective coating systems; nickel plating brightening agent; amino resin modifier in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; polymerization crosslinking agent in paper/ paperboard in contact with dry food; catalyst activator in acrylic food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 177.1010
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Artek; Ashland; Brook-Chem; Coyne; Diamines & Chems. Ltd; Fluka; Great Western; Houghton Chem.; J.H. Calo; Loos & Dilworth; Tosoh; Union Carbide Trade Names: Ancamine® TEPA

Tetraethylrhodamine. See Basic violet 10 Tetrafluoroethene homopolymer. See Polytetrafluoroethylene Tetrafluoroethylene polymer. See Polytetrafluoroethylene Tetrafluoroethylene polymers. See Polytetrafluoroethylene Tetrafluoroethylene resin. See Polytetrafluoroethylene

Tetrafluoroethylene telomer

CAS 65530-85-0; 79070-11-4 Uses: Release agent for molds for plastics and elastomers Trade Names Containing: MS-122DF

Tetraglycol. See PEG-4

1,4,4a,9a-Tetrahydro-9,10-anthracenedione

CAS 56136-14-2; EINECS/ELINCS 260-009-2 Synonyms: 1,4,4a,9a-Tetrahydroanthraquinone Classification: Aromatic ketone Empirical: C14H12O2 Properties: M.w. 212.25; m.p. 99-101 C Toxicology: Irritant Uses: Catalyst in alkaline pulping of lignocellulosics in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

- 1,4,4a,9a-Tetrahydroanthraquinone. See 1,4,4a,9a-Tetrahydro-9,10-anthracenedione
- Tetrahydro-3,5-dimethyl-1,3,5-thiadiazine-2-thione. See 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2-thione
- Tetrahydro-3,5-dimethyl-2H-1,3,5-thiadiazine-2-thione. See 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2-thione

Tetrahydrofuran

CAS 109-99-9; EINECS/ELINCS 203-726-8; UN No. 2056 (DOT) Synonyms: THF; Butane, 1,4-epoxy-; Butylene oxide; Cyclotetramethylene oxide; Diethylene oxide; 1,4-Epoxybutane; Furanidine; Furan, tetrahydro-; Hydrofuran; Oxacyclopentane; Oxolane; Tetramethylene oxide Classification: Sat. cyclic aliphatic ether

Empirical: C4H8O

Formula: CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂O

- Properties: Water-wh. liq.; ethereal odor; very sol. in water; sol. in alcohols, ketones, esters, ethers, hydrocarbons, oxygenated solvs.; m.w. 72.11; dens. 0.888 (20/4 C); vapor pressure 114 mm (15 C); f.p. -65 C; m.p. -108.5 C; b.p. 66 C; flash pt. (OC) -15 C; ref. index 1.4070
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 200 ppm; STEL 250 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 1650 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 2900 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 3 h) 21,000 ppm; mod. toxic by ing., IP; mildly toxic by inh.; eye/mucous membrane irritant; essentially nonirritating to skin; CNS depressant; narcotic, anesthetic at high concs.; may injure liver and kidneys; 25,000 ppm reported lethal in humans; tumorigen; mutagen; reproductive effects; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Extremely flamm.; flamm. limits in air 2-11.8%; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents (increases fire/explosion risk), bromine (reacts vigorously with gas evolution), caustic alkalis (violent reactions possible)
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Peroxides may form and accumulate on exposure to air and light, in the absence of inhibitors; heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 3; Reactivity 1

Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight

- Uses: Solvent for Grignard reactions, reductions, polymerizations, sol'n. S/ B prod., resins, paints, adhesives, magnetic tapes, printing inks; chemical intermediate; polyacetal resin comonomer; extraction solvent (pharmaceuticals); pharmaceutical intermediate; steroid hormone prod. for use in birth control pills; preservative for histological samples; in food-pkg. adhesives; adjuvant in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; adjuvant in slimicides in food-contact paper; in cellophane for food pkg.; solvent in casting of food-contact film
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.300, 177.1200, 178.3950; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BASF; Burdick & Jackson; Chemcentral; Coyne; DuPont; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; Great Lakes; Haltermann Prods. UK; Harcros; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; ISP; J.T. Baker; Kessler; Lyondell Europe; Lyondell; Richman; Romil Ltd; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Van Waters & Rogers; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Tetrahydro-2-furancarbinol. See Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol Tetrahydro-2-furanmethanol. See Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol

Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol

- CAS 97-99-4; EINECS/ELINCS 202-625-6; FEMA 3056
- Synonyms: THFA; Tetrahydro-2-furancarbinol; Tetrahydro-2-furanmethanol; Tetrahydro-2-furylmethanol
- Classification: Cyclic alcohol
- Empirical: C₅H₁₀O₂
- Formula: C₄H₇OCH₂OH
- Properties: Colorless liq., mild odor; misc. with water, alcohol, ether, acetone, chloroform, benzene, oxygenated solvs.; m.w. 102.14; dens. 1.053 (20/4 C); visc. 6.24 cp (20 C); m.p. < -80 C; b.p. 173-177 C; flash pt. (TOC) 84 C; ref. index 1.453 (20 C); surf. tens. 37 dyne/cm
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2500 mg/kg; (IV, rabbit) 725 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing., IV, IP routes; severe eye irritant; mod. irritating to skin, mucous membranes; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat, flame; explosive limit 1.5-9.7% by vol.; explosive as vapor exposed to heat or flame; incompat. with oxidizing materials; violent or explosive reaction with 3-nitro-N-bromophthalimide
- Hazardou's Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Storage: Hygroscopic
- Uses: Solvent for vinyl resins, paints, paint strippers, cleaners, dyes for leather, chlorinated rubber, cellulose esters; coupling agent; coupling solvent for pesticides, textile auxs.; solvent-softener for nylon; in food-pkg. adhesives; syn. flavoring agent for foods and pharmaceuticals; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.515, 175.105, 176.210; FEMA GRAS

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Bencorp Int'I.; Continental Ind. Group; Fluka; Great Lakes; Great Western; Int'I. Furan Chems. USA; Penta Mfg.; Schweizerhall; Sigma; Van Waters & Rogers; Westpro Trade Names: QO® Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol (THFA®)

Tetrahydro-2-furylmethanol. See Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol Tetrahydro-1,4-isoxazine. See Morpholine Tetrahydro-p-isoxazine. See Morpholine

Tetrahydro-1,4-oxazine. See Morpholine

Tetrahydro-2H-1,4-oxazine. See Morpholine

Tetrahydro-4H-1,4-oxazine. See Morpholine

Tetrahydro-p-oxazine. See Morpholine

1,2,3,6-Tetrahydro-N-(trichloromethylthio) phthalimide. See Captan

Tetrakis (hydroxymethyl) phosphonium sulfate

- CAS 55566-30-8; EINECS/ELINCS 259-709-0; UN No. 2810 Synanyme: THPS: TMPS: Bis tatrakis (bydroxymathyl) phosphon
- Synonyms: THPS; TMPS; Bis tetrakis (hydroxymethyl) phosphonium sulfate; Octakis (hydroxymethyl) phosphonium sulfate; Phosphonium, tetrakis (hydroxymethyl)-, sulfate (2:1)

Empirical: C₈H₂₄O₁₂P₂S

Formula: C₈H₂₄O₈P₂ • O₄S

- Properties: M.w. 406.32
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 248 mg/kg; poison by ing.; questionable carcinogen; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Environmental: Degrades to a virtually nontoxic compd.
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of POx and SOx
- Uses: Biocide for water treatment, sec. oil field recovery; flame retardant for cellulosic fabrics and blends
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albright & Wilson Am.; Cytec Ind.

Trade Names: Tolcide® PS; Tolcide® PS25; Tolcide® PS 75; Tolcide® PS 75LT; Tolcide® PS75M; Tolcide® PS 200; Tolcide® PS352CM

Trade Names Containing: Tolcide® PS 352C; Tolcide® PS 355A

Tetrakis [methylene (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate)] methane. See Pentaerythrityl tetrakis [3-(3',5'-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate]

- Tetrakis [methylene-3(3',5'-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate] methane. See Pentaerythrityl tetrakis [3-(3',5'-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate]
- 32-[4-(1,1,3,3-Tetramethylbutyl)phenoxy]-3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27,30decaoxadotriacontan-1-ol. See Octoxynol-11
- 38-[4-(1,1,3,3-Tetramethylbutyl)phenoxy]-3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27,30,33,36dodecaoxaoctatriacontan-1-ol. See Octoxynol-13
- 2-[p-(1,1,3,3-Tetramethylbutyl) phenoxy] ethanol. See Octoxynol-1
- 2-[2-[2-[2-[p-(1,1,3,3-Tetramethylbutyl) phenoxy] ethoxy] ethoxy] ethoxy] ethanol. See Octoxynol-3
- 2,4,7,9-Tetramethyl-5-decyn-4,7-diol. See Tetramethyl decynediol
- Tetramethyl decynediol
 - CAS 126-86-3; EINECS/ELINCS 204-809-1
 - Synonyms: Acetylenic glycol; 2,4,7,9-Tetramethyl-5-decyn-4,7-diol; 2,4,7,9-Tetramethyl-5-decyne-4,7-diol
 - Classification: Unsaturated alcohol
 - Empirical: C14H26O2

Formula: (CH₃)₂CHCH₂CCH₃OHCCCOHCH₃CH₂CH(CH₃)₂

- Properties: Wh. waxy solid or pale yel. sol'ns.; m.w. 226.36; m.p. 42-44 C; b.p. 255 C; flash pt. > 230 F; nonionic
- Toxicology: Irritant; TSCA listed
- Uses: Defoamer and dye dispersant in paints, printing inks, dyestuffs; defoamer for cement additives, pesticides; defoamer, antishock agent for paper coatings; surfactant in food-contact coatings; wetting agent for pesticides, rinse aids, metal cleaners; substrate pigment wetting agent for industrial coatings and adhesives; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

- Trade Names: Surfynol® PC
- Trade Names Containing: Surfynol® 104A; Surfynol® 104BC; Surfynol® 104DPM; Surfynol® 104E; Surfynol® 104H; Surfynol® 104PA; Surfynol® 104PG-50; Surfynol® DF-110D; Surfynol® DF-110L; Surfynol® PG-50; Surfynol® SE; Surfynol® TG

2,4,7,9-Tetramethyl-5-decyne-4,7-diol. See Tetramethyl decynediol

Tetramethyl decynediol ethoxylate. See PEG tetramethyl decynediol

2,4,7,9-Tetramethyl-5-decyne-4,7-diol ethoxylate. See PEG tetramethyl decynediol

Tetramethylene oxide. See Tetrahydrofuran

Tetramethylthiurammonium sulfide. See Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide

Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide CAS 97-74-5

Synonyms: TMTM; Bis (dimethylthiocarbamoyl) sulfide; Bis (dimethylthio-

carbamyl) monosulfide; Carbamic acid, dimethyldithio-, anhydrosulfide; Monothiuram; Tetramethylthiurammonium sulfide; Tetramethyltrithio carbamic anhydride; 1,1[°]-Thiobis (N,N-dimethylthio) formamide *Empirical:* C₆H₁₂N₂S₃

- Properties: Yel. powd.; odorless; sol. in acetone, benzene, ethylene dichloride, aromatic solvs.; insol. in water, gasoline; m.w. 208.37; dens. 1.40; m.p. 104-107 C; flash pt. 156 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1250-1390 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 383 mg/kg; poison by ing. and IP routes; harmful if swallowed; may cause skin sensitization on repeated exposure; questionable carcinogen, tumorigen; mutagenic data; experimental teratogen; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible; avoid strong acids and oxidizers

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NO_x and SO_x
- Uses: Ultra-accelerator for rubber; accelerator for food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; retarder in CR; activator for thiazoles; fungicide, insecticide; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.2600
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Akzo Nobel; Micro S.A. de C.V.; R.T. Vanderbilt Trade Names: Monex®
- Tetramethyltrithio carbamic anhydride. See Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide
- 2,4,8,10-Tétraoxa-3,9-diphospháspiro (5.5) undecane, 3,9-bis (2,4-bis (1,1dimethylethyl) phenoxy)-. See Bis (2,4-di-t-butylphenyl) pentaerythritol diphosphite
- 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro (5.5) undecane, 3,9-bis (octadecyloxy)-. See Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite
- 3,6,9,12-Tetraoxadocosan-1-ol. See Deceth-4
- 3,6,9,12-Tetraoxatetracosan-1-ol. See Laureth-4
- Tetrapotassium diphosphate. See Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate

Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate

- CAS 7320-34-5; EINECS/ELINCS 230-785-7
- Synonyms: TKPP; Diphosphoric acid tetrapotassium salt; Potassium diphosphate; Potassium pyrophosphate; Potassium pyrophosphate, normal; Tetrapotassium diphosphate
- Classification: Inorganic phosphate salt
- Empirical: K407P2
- Formula: K₄(PO₃OPO₃)
- Properties: Wh. gran. or colorless cryst.; odorless; very sol. in water forming alkaline sol'ns.; insol. in alcohol; m.w. 330.4; sp.gr. 2.33; m.p. 1090 C; pH 10.5 (1%)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2980 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 7940 mg/kg; nuisance dust; can cause skin and eye irritation; ing. may cause diarrhea, nausea, vomiting, cramps, abdominal pain; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong acids (may react violently); hydrolyzes to phosphate under acidic conditions; hydrolyzes slowly in neutral ag. sol'n.
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. can produce toxic fumes of PO_x and potassium oxide
- Storage: Deliq., hygroscopic; store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight, away from incompat. materials, in dust-tight containers; avoid generating mists
- Uses: Soap and detergent builder; sequestering agent (Ca, Mg, Fe); peptizer; dispersing agent; pigment dispersant and stabilizer in emulsion paints; clarifying agent in liq. soaps; mfg. of syn. rubber; clay thinner in drilling muds; deflocculant; dispersant; corrosion/scale control in drinking water treatment; flume wash water additive for sugar beets; boiler water treatment; foods (sequestrant, emulsifier, suspending agent, texturizer, moisture binder, alkaline agent)
- Use Level: Limitation 5% (pickle for meat prods.), 0.5% (meat prods.), 0.5% (total poultry)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.315; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albright & Wilson Am.; Aldrich; Atofina; Browning; FMC; Monsanto; Rhodia; Sal Chem.; Seeler Ind.; Sigma; Solutia; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Telechem Int'l.

Trade Names: Kalipol™ 4KP

Tetrapropylene. See Dodecene-1

- Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl octadecyl sulfosuccinamate. See Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl stearyl sulfosuccinamate
- Tetrasodium N-(1,2-dicarboxyethyl)-N-octadecylsulfosuccinamate. See Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl stearyl sulfosuccinamate

Tetrasodium N-(1,2-dicarboxyethyl)-N-octadecyl sulfosuccinate. See Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl stearyl sulfosuccinamate

Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl stearyl sulfosuccinamate

- CAS 3401-73-8; 37767-39-8; 38916-42-6; EINECS/ELINCS 222-273-7 Synonyms: L-Aspartic acid, N-(3-carboxy-1-oxosulfopropyl)-N-octadecyl-, tetrasodium salt; L-Aspartic acid, N-(3-carboxy-1-oxo-2-sulfopropyl)-N-
- tetrasodium sait; L-Aspartic acid, N-(3-Carboxy-1-oxo-2-Sulfopropy)-Noctadecyl-, tetrasodium salt; N-(3-Carboxy-1-oxosulfopropl)-N-octadecyl-L-aspartic acid, tetrasodium salt; N-Octadecyl-N-(sulfosuccinyl) aspartic acid, tetrasodium salt; Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl octadecyl sulfosuccinamate; Tetrasodium N-(1,2-dicarboxyethyl)-N-octadecyl sulfosuccinamate; Tetrasodium N-(1,2-dicarboxyethyl)-N-octadecyl sulfosuccinate

Classification: Organic compd.

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Properties: M.w. 653.65; anionic
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- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- *Uses:* Emulsifier, dispersant, solubilizer, surfactant for textile, cosmetics, agric. applics.; dispersant/solubilizer for industrial, household, metal cleaners; flotation collector for cassiterite ores; emulsion polymerization; polishing waxes; surf. tension depressant for inks; demulsifier; in food-pkg. adhesives; emulsifier in rosin size aq. disps. and resin latex coatings for mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.180, 178.3400

Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma

Trade Names: Aerosol® 22; Monawet SNO-35; Rewopol® B 2003

Tetrasodium diphosphate. See Tetrasodium pyrophosphate Tetrasodium edetate. See Tetrasodium EDTA

Tetrasodium EDTA

- CAS 64-02-8; EINECS/ELINCS 200-573-9
- Synonyms: EDTA Na,; Acetic acid, (ethylenedinitrilo) tetra-, tetrasodium salt; Edathanil tetrasodium; Edetate sodium; Edetic acid tetrasodium salt; EDTA sodium salt; EDTA tetrasodium salt; N,N'-1,2-Ethanediylbis (N-(carboxymethyl)) glycine tetrasodium salt; Ethylenebis (iminodiacetic acid) tetrasodium salt; N,N'-Ethylenediaminediacetic acid tetrasodium salt; Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, sodium salt; Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, tetrasodium salt; Sodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate; Tetrasodium ethylenediamine tetraacetate; Tetrasodium ethylenediamine tetraacetate; Tetrasodium (ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetate
- Classification: Substituted amine
- *Definition:* Powdered sodium salt that reacts with metals
- Empirical: C10H12N2O8 4Na
- *Formula:* (NaOOCCH₂)₂NCH₂CH₂N(CH₂COONa)₂
- Properties: Wh. amorphous powd.; freely sol. in water; m.w. 380.20; dens. 6.9 lb/gal; m.p. > 300 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 330 mg/kg; poison by IP route; primary irritant; skin and eye irritant; can deplete the body of calcium if taken internally; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x and Na_zO
- HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Sequestrant/chelating agent for water softening, enhanced oil recovery, pharmaceuticals, soaps, cleaning, cosmetics, photography, textile, paper, leather, metal treatment, rubber, plastics; catalyst in SBR mfg.; antioxidant in cosmetics; redox activator (S/B rubber); descaling agent (industrial metal cleaners); scale inhibitor (boiler water); boiler water additive for food contact; flume wash water additive; poultry scald agent; drug stabilization; heavy metal poisoning treatment; detergent builder; in food-pkg. adhesives and pressure-sensitive adhesives; can end cement for food contact; chelating agent in food-contact paper/paperboard mfg.; defoamer in foodcontact paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles
- Use Level: Limitation 0.1 ppm (in wash water)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR \$173.310, 173.315, 175.105, 175.125, 175.300, 176.150, 176.170, 176.210, 177.2800, 178.3120, 178.3910; USDA 9CFR \$381.147; FDA approved for injectables (IM, IV), inhalants, ophthalmics, orals, topicals
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Am. Int'l.; Burlington Chem.; Charkit; Chemplex Chems.; Ciba Spec. Chems. Switzerland; Complex Quimica SA; GFS; Great Western; Hampshire; Huntsman; Int'l. Sourcing; Jarchem Ind.; Jungbunzlauer; Kraft Chem.; Lowenstein Dyes & Cosmetics; RTD; Rhodia; Ruger; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Surfactants Inc; Tri-K Ind.;

Universal Preserv-A-Chem; V.L. Clark

Trade Names: Sequestrene[®] 30A; Trilon[®] B; Versene 100; Versene 100 EP; Versene 100 LS; Versene 100 SRG; Versene 100 XL; Versene 220 Trade Names Containing: Trilon[®] BVT

Tetrasodium ethylenediamine tetraacetate. See Tetrasodium EDTA Tetrasodium (ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetate. See Tetrasodium EDTA

Tetrasodium etidronate

CAS 3794-83-0; EINECS/ELINCS 223-267-7

Synonyms: Na₄HEDP; Ethane-1-hydroxy-1,1-diphosphonic acid, tetrasodium salt; (1-Hydroxyethylidene) bisphosphonic acid, tetrasodium salt; (1-Hydroxyethylidene) diphosphonic acid, tetrasodium salt; 1-Hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid, tetrasodium salt; Phosphonic acid, (1hydroxyethylidene) bis-, tetrasodium salt; Tetrasodium 1-hydroxyethane-1,1-diphosphonate

Classification: Diphosphonic acid deriv.

Empirical: C₂H₄O₇P₂ • 4Na

Properties: M.w. 293.96

- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 990 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of PO_x
- and Na₂O Uses: Chelating agent for heavy metal ions; deflocculant and sequestrant for water treatment, I&I cleaners, personal care prods.; stabilizer for cosmetic
- water treatment, 1& cleaners, personal care prods.; stabilizer for cosmetic hair/skin preps., topical pharmaceuticals; sequestrant, dispersant, scale inhibitor for I&I cleaning, detergents, metal cleaning, pulp and paper bleaching, dairy cleaners, bottle washing, electroplating, oil field water treatment, peroxide stabilization, textile applics., flash desalination *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §173.310

Trade Names: Dequest® 2016 D Powder; SPE 9528

Tetrasodium 1-hydroxyethane-1,1-diphosphonate. See Tetrasodium etidronate

Tetrasodium iminodisuccinate

Synonyms: Iminodisuccinate tetrasodium salt

Úses: Chelating agent for metal ions for detergent, agric., oil, pharmaceutical, pulp/paper, and textile industries; water hardness reducing agent; stabilizer for oxidation agents in aq. sol'n. *Manuf./Distrib.:* Bayer

Trade Names: TP OC 370

Tetrasodium pyrophosphate

CAS 7722-88-5; 13472-36-1 (decahydrate); EINECS/ELINCS 231-767-1 Synonyms: TSPP; Diphosphoric acid tetrasodium salt; Sodium diphosphate; Sodium pyrophosphate; n-Sodium pyrophosphate; Sodium tetrapyrophos-

phate; Tetrasodium diphosphate

Classification: Inorganic phosphate salt

Empirical: Na₄O₇P₂

Formula: Na₄ • (PO₃OPO₃)

- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd., gran.; sol. 8 g/100 g water; insol. in alcohol; m.w. 265.91; dens. 2.534; m.p. 988 C; pH 10.2 (1%)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 mg/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 4000 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 59 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 100 mg/kg; poison by ing., IP, IV, subcut. routes; not a cholinesterase inhibitor; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong acids (may react violently); may attack aluminum, iron, and other reactive metals; hydrolyzes under acidic conditions; slowly hydrolyzes in neutral aq. sol'n.
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of PO_x, phosphine, and/or Na₂O
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight in dusttight containers; avoid generating mist or dust
- Uses: Syn. detergent builder; emulsifier; metal cleaner; viscosifier for drilling muds; deinking newsprint; synthetic rubber; textile dyeing; wool scouring; deflocculant in paper, ceramics, oil drilling; stabilizer in food pkg.; water softener, boiler water treatment, drinking water treatment, corrosion/scale inhibitor, sequestrant; degreasing agent in metallurgy; sequestrant, dispersant in detergents; dye dispersant; foods (sequestrant, emulsifier, buffer, nutrient, dispersant, coagulant, cryst. inhibitor); pharmaceuticals (buccals, dentals); in food-contact coatings

Use Level: Up to 3% (cheese); ADI 0-70 mg/kg (EU, total phosphates)

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.169, 133.173, 133.179, 173.310, 175.210, 175.300, 181.22, 181.29, 182.70, 182.6787, 182.6789, GRAS; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; FDA approved for buccals, dentals

Manuf./Distrib.: Albright & Wilson Am.; Aldrich; Browning; FMC Foret; FMC; Farleyway Chem. Ltd; Fluka; Lohmann; Monsanto; Rhodia; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Seeler Ind.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Veckridge; Yoneyama Chem. Ind.

Trade Names Containing: Laponite® JS

- TGM3. See PEG-3 dimethacrylate
- Thalo green No. 1. See Phthalocyanine green
- Thermal acetylene black. See Carbon black
- Thermal atomic black. See Carbon black

Thermal black. See Carbon black

- THF. See Tetrahydrofuran
- THFA. See Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol Thiaben. See Thiabendazole
- Thiabendazole
 - CAS 148-79-8; EINECS/ELINCS 205-725-8

Synonyms: TBZ; 4-(2-Benzimidazolyl) thiazol; Thiaben; 2-(4-Thiazolyl) benzimidazole; 2-(Thiazol-4-yl) benzimidazole

- Empirical: C₁₀H₇N₃S
- Properties: Colorless cryst. powd.; sol. in DMF, DMSO; sl. sol. in alcohol, esters, chlorinated hydrocarbons, water, oxygenated solvs.; m.w. 201.25; m.p. 300 C (subl.)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3100 mg/kg; toxic; harmful if swallowed; may irritate skin; experimental teratogen; TSCA listed

Uses: Systemic fungicide for citrus fruits; preservative for paints; food preservative, fungicide; anthelmintic drug

Regulatory: SARA reportable; Europe listed; UK approved

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Merck KGaA; Sigma

Trade Names Containing: Metasol® TK-100 Disp. W

Thiabendazole hypophosphite salt

CAS 28558-32-9

Synonyms: Benzimidazole, 2-(4-thiazolyl)-, monophosphinate; Phosphinic acid, compd. with 2-(4-thiazolyl)-1H-benzimidazole (1:1)

- *Empirical:* C₁₀H₁₀N₃O₂PS
- Formula: C₁₀H₇N₃S H₃O₂P

Properties: M.w. 267.26

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3100 mg/kg

Uses: Fungicide for mildew control in adhesive films, interior/exterior paint films, paper and paperboard prods. (for nonfood use such as soap wrappers), hard surfaces, and natural and syn. fibers such as canvas textiles and nylon carpets

2H-1,3,5-Thiadiazine-2-thione, tetrahydro-3,5-dimethyl-. See 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2-thione

2-(4-Thiazolyl) benzimidazole. See Thiabendazole

2-(Thiazol-4-yl) benzimidazole. See Thiabendazole

4,4 - Thiobis-6-(t-butyl-m-cresol)

CAS 96-69-5

Synonyms: Bis (3-t-butyl-4-hydroxy-6-methylphenyl) sulfide; Bis (4-hydroxy-5-t-butyl-2-methylphenyl) sulfide; 4,4 ´-Thiobis (2-t-butyl-5-methylphenol); 4,4 ´-Thiobis (6-t-butyl-3-methylphenol); 4,4 ´-Thiobis (6-t-butyl-3,3-methylphenol); 4,4 ´-Thiobis (3-methyl-6-t-butylphenol); 1,1 ´-Thiobis (2-methyl-4hydroxy-5-t-butylbenzene)

Classification: Hindered phenol

- Empirical: C₂₂H₃₀O₂S
- Formula: [(CH₃)₂CC₆H₂(CH₃)OH]₂S
- Properties: Wh. to tan powd.; m.w. 358.58; dens. 1.10; m.p. 163-165 C; flash pt. (COC) 205 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 2345 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 50 mg/kg; poison by IP route and probably by ing. and inh.; irritant; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits highly toxic fumes of SO_x
- Uses: Antioxidant for latexes, adhesives, rubber, plastics, crosslinked polymers, polyamide, polyesters, polyolefins, PVC, PS, lubricants; protects light-colored rubber from oxidation and nonstaining neoprene compds. against deterioration; antiscorching agent in PU; in food-pkg. adhesives; antioxidant in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; antioxidant/ stabilizer for food-grade polymers

Regulatory: FDA 21ČFR §175.105, 177.2600, 178.2010

Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Aldrich; Ft. James Spec. Chems.; Great Lakes; Int'l.

Fiber; Monsanto

Trade Names: Santonox® TBMC

- 4,4 Thiobis (2-t-butyl-5-methylphenol). See 4,4 Thiobis-6-(t-butyl-m-cresol)
- 4,4 Thiobis (6-t-butyl-3-methylphenol). See 4,4 Thiobis-6-(t-butyl-m-cresol)
- 4,4 Thiobis (6-t-butyl-3,3-methylphenol). See 4,4 Thiobis-6-(t-butyl-m-cresol)
- 1,1 Thiobis (N,N-dimethylthio) formamide. See Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide
- 4,4 Thiobis (3-methyl-6-t-butylphenol). See 4,4 Thiobis-6-(t-butyl-m-cresol)
- 1,1 Thiobis (2-methyl-4-hydroxy-5-t-butylbenzene). See 4,4 Thiobis-6-(tbutyl-m-cresol)
- Thiocarbamide. See Thiourea
- Thiocyanate sodium. See Sodium thiocyanate
- Thiocyanic acid, 2-(benzothiazolylthio) methyl ester. See 2-Thiocyanomethylthiobenzothiazole
- Thiocyanic acid, 1-chloro-1,2-ethanediyl ester. See Chloroethylenebisthiocyanate
- Thiocyanic acid, chloroethylene ester. See Chloroethylenebisthiocyanate
- Thiocyanic acid, 1,2-ethanediyl ester. See Vinylene bisthiocyanate
- Thiocyanic acid, methylene ester. See Methylenebis (thiocyanate)
- Thiocyanic acid potassium salt. See Potassium thiocyanate
- Thiocyanic acid, sodium salt. See Sodium thiocyanate
- Thiocyanic acid, vinylene ester. See Vinylene bisthiocyanate

2-Thiocyanomethylthiobenzothiazole

CAS 21564-17-0

- Synonyms: TCMTB; 2-(Benzothiazolylthio) methyl ester; (2-Benzothiazolylthio) methyl isocyanate; Thiocyanic acid, 2-(benzothiazolylthio) methyl ester
- Empirical: C₉H₆N₂S₃
- Properties: M.w. 238.35
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1590 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 73 mg/kg, (subcut., rat) 1300 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 10 g/kg; poison by IP, subcut. routes; mod. toxic by ing.
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x and NO_x
- Uses: Microbicide, fungicide, preservative in paints, adhesives, and metalworking; fungicide for wood; slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.300
- *Trade Names:* Busan® 1118; Paxgard BU 30; Paxgard BU 30 L; Paxgard BU 60; Paxgard TC

Trade Names Containing: Busan® 1105; Paxgard BSL

- 2,2 Thiodiethyl bis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy) hydrocinnamate. See Thiodiethylene bis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy) hydrocinnamate
- Thiodiethyl bis-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate. See Thiodiethylene bis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy) hydrocinnamate

Thiodiethylene bis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy) hydrocinnamate

CAS 41484-35-9

- Synonyms: Benzenepropanoic acid, 3,5-bis (1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxy-, thiodi-2,1-, ethanediyl ester; 4-Hydroxy-3,5-di-t-butylphenyl propionic acid thioglycolate; 2,2 - Thiodiethyl bis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy) hydrocinnamate; Thiodiethyl bis-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate; Thiodiglycol bis [3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate
- Empirical: C₃₈H₅₈O₆S
- Properties: M.w. 643.02
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 6300 mg/kg; TSCA listed
- Uses: Antioxidant/stabilizer for polyolefins, polyamides, PU, PVC, PS, rubbers, cellulosics, food-grade polymers, food-pkg. adhesives; antioxidant in lubricants for incidental food-contact use; metal deactivator *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 178.2010, 178.3570

Manuf./Distrib.: Ciba Spec. Chems./Addit.

Trade Names: Irganox® 1035

- Thiodiglycol bis [3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate. See Thiodiethylene bis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy) hydrocinnamate
- 2-Thio-3,5-dimethyltetrahydro-1,3,5-thiadiazine. See 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2-thione
- Thiodiphenylamine. See Phenothiazine
- **β-Thiopseudourea**. *See* Thiourea
- Thiosulfuric acid, diammonium salt. See Ammonium thiosulfate Thiosulfuric acid disodium salt. See Sodium thiosulfate anhydrous Thiosulfuric acid disodium salt pentahydrate. See Sodium thiosulfate penta-

hydrate

- Thiourea
 - CAS 62-56-6; EINECS/ELINCS 200-543-5; UN No. 2811 (DOT), 2877 (DOT)
 - *Synonyms:* Isothiourea; Pseudothiourea; Sulfourea; Thiocarbamide; β-Thiopseudourea; 2-Thiourea
 - Empirical: CH4N2S

Formula: NH2CSNH2

- Properties: Wh. cryst. solid; bitter taste; sol. in water, alcohol; m.w. 76.12; dens. 1.406; m.p. 180 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 125 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 436 mg/kg; LDLo (subcut., guinea pig) 4000 mg/kg; experimental poison by ing., IP routes; human poison; skin irritant, allergenic; human systemic effects by ing.: hemorrhage, cell count changes; chronic doses cause hepatic tumors; experimental carcinogen, neoplastigen, tumorigen, teratogenic and reproductive effects; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: May react violently with acrolein; incompat. with acrylaldehyde, H₂O₂, HNO₃
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NO_x and SO_x
- HMIS: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 1
- Uses: Photographic chem.; photocopy papers; organic synthesis (intermediate, dyes, drugs, hair preps.); rubber accelerator; analytical reagent; amino resins; mold inhibitor; corrosion inhibitor; agrochemicals; surfactant; dispersant in animal glue, proteins; chrome/nickel plating reagent; thiolation reagent; pharmaceutical synthesis
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §189.190 (prohibited from direct addition or use in human food); SARA reportable; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMC Chems.; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allchem Ind.; Am. Int'l.; Atofina; Dastech Int'l.; Fairmount; Fluka; ICC Ind.; Independent Chem.; Kimson; Miljac; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; R.W. Greeff; Rambach; Rochem Int'l.; Ruger; Sakai Chem. Ind.; Sal Chem.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Technichem; U.S. Chems.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Varsal Instruments; Wego Chem. & Min.; Whyte Chems. Ltd

2-Thiourea. See Thiourea

Thiourea dioxide

- CAS 1758-73-2; EINECS/ELINCS 217-157-8
- Synonyms: Aminoiminomethane sulfinic acid; Formamidine sulfinic acid; Thiourea S,S-dioxide
- Empirical: CH₄N₂O₂S
- Formula: NH₂C(:NH)SO₂H
- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; sol. 30 g/l in water (20 C); insol. in most org. solvs.; m.w. 108.12; m.p. 124-127 dec.
- Toxicology: Irritant
- Storage: Moisture-sensitive
- Uses: Disperse dye reducing agent for textile printing, blueprint papermaking; restripping of dyeings; reductive bleaching of cotton and polyamide; reagent for reduction of ketones to sec. alcohols; redox catalyst component (melamine resins)
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMC Chems.; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allchem Ind.; Arol Chem. Prods.; Burlington Chem.; Degussa-Hüls; Fluka; Independent Chem.; Kimson; Miljac; Rochem Int'I.; Sigma; Varsal Instruments; Wego Chem. & Min.; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Thiourea S,S-dioxide. See Thiourea dioxide

THPS. See Tetrakis (hydroxymethyl) phosphonium sulfate

Tiger orange. See 1-[(2-Chloro-4-nitrophenyl) azo]-2-naphthalenol

Tin chloride. See Stannic chloride

- Tin (IV) chloride. See Stannic chloride
- Tin (IV) chloride (1:4). See Stannic chloride
- Tin (IV) chloride anhydrous. See Stannic chloride
- Tin chloride, fuming. See Stannic chloride
- Tin chloride (ic). See Stannic chloride
- Tin oleate. See Stannous oleate
- Tin perchloride. See Stannic chloride
- Tin sodium oxide. See Sodium stannate
- Tin tetrachloride. See Stannic chloride

Tin tetrachloride, anhydrous. See Stannic chloride

TIPA. See Triisopropanolamine Titania. See Titanium dioxide Titanic acid anhydride. See Titanium dioxide Titanic anhydride. See Titanium dioxide Titanic earth. See Titanium dioxide Titanic oxide. See Titanium dioxide

Titanium dioxide

CAS 1317-80-2; 13463-67-7; EINECS/ELINCS 236-675-5

Synonyms: CI 77891; Pigment white 6; Titania; Titanic acid anhydride; Titanic anhydride; Titanic earth; Titanic oxide; Titanium oxide; Titanium peroxide; Titanium white

Classification: Inorganic oxide

Definition: Two crystalline forms: anatase and rutile

Empirical: O2Ti

- Formula: TiO₂
- Properties: Wh. amorphous powd., odorless, tasteless; sol. in HF, hot conc. H_2SO_4 ; insol. in water, HCl, HNO₃, dil. H_2SO_4 ; m.w. 79.90; dens. 3.90 (anatase), 4.23 (rutile); m.p. 1855 C; Anatase: dens. 3.90; bulking value 0.031 gal/lb; oil absorp. 24; Rutile: dens. 4.23
- *Toxicology:* ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ of total dust (when toxic impurities not present); TCLo (inh., rat) 250 mg/m3; nuisance dust; common air contaminant; human skin irritant; questionable carcinogen; experimental carcinogen, neoplastigen, tumorigen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Violent or incandescent reaction with metals (e.g., aluminum, calcium, magnesium, potassium, sodium, zinc, lithium)
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Wh. pigment, filler, opacifier in paints, paper, rubber, plastics, sealants, caulks, foods, pharmaceuticals (tableted drugs), cosmetics (lipsticks, nail enamels, face powds., eye makeup, rouge); pigment in printing inks, polishes, ceramics; floor coverings; glassware; enamel frits; delustering syn. fibers; welding rods; pharmaceutical coating agent; sunscreen agent; radioactive decontamination of skin; antiperspirants; in food-pkg. adhesives; in cellophane for food pkg.; colorant in food-contact polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; filler in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; in food-contact textiles; strong anti-ozone chars
- Use Level: Limitation 1% (in food), 0.5% (canned ham salad spread, creamed canned prods.), 0.5% (poultry salads)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.575, 73.1575, 73.2575, 175.105, 175.210, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 177.1200, 177.1210, 177.1350, 177.1400, 177.1460, 177.1650, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3297, 181.22, 181.30; USDA 9CFR §318.7, 381.147; Japan restricted as colorant; Europe listed; UK approved; prohibited in Germany; FDA approved for ophthalmics, orals, topicals; USP/NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Aldrich; Ashland; Atlantic Equip. Engrs.; BCH Brühl; BFGoodrich Hilton Davis; Bayer NV; British Traders & Shippers; Brøste; Chemcentral; Chemical; Costec; D.N. Lukens; Degussa-Hüls; DuPont; Engelhard; Ferro/Transelco; Fluka; Hammill & Gillespie; Harcros; ICC Chem.; J.T. Baker; Kerr-McGee; Lambent Tech.; Landers-Segal Color; Lenape Ind.; Millennium Inorg. Chems.; Ore & Chem.; Royale Pigments & Chems.; Ruger; Sachtleben Chemie GmbH; Seegott; Spectrum Quality Prods.; TOR Mins.; Tioxide Am.; Titan Kogyo; Tricon Colors; Van Waters & Rogers; Varsal Instruments; Warner-Jenkinson; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels
- Trade Names: Hitox[®]; Hombitan[®] R 610 L; Kronos[®] 1000; Kronos[®] 1070; Kronos® 1072; Kronos® 1074; Kronos® 2090; Kronos® 2131; Octotint 138; Octotint 601; Tiona® A-2000; Tiona® A-3000; Tiona® RCS-P; Ti-Pure® R-794; Ti-Pure® R-795; Ti-Pure® RPD Vantage®; Ti-Pure® RPS Vantage[®]; Tronox A-X; Tronox R-PL-1
- Trade Names Containing: Kronos® 2020; Kronos® 2073; Kronos® 2081; Kronos® 2101; Kronos® 2160; Kronos® 2200; Kronos® 2210; Kronos® 2220; Kronos® 2230; Kronos® 2310

Titanium oxide. See Titanium dioxide

Titanium peroxide. See Titanium dioxide

Titanium white. See Titanium dioxide

- TKPP. See Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate
- TMAEMC. See Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate methyl chloride quat.
- TMPS. See Tetrakis (hydroxymethyl) phosphonium sulfate
- TMPTA. See 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane triacrylate

TMTM. See Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide

- **TOF.** See Trioctyl phosphate
- TOFA. See Tall oil acid

Toluene

CAS 108-88-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-625-9; UN No. 1294 (DOT) Synonyms: Methylbenzene; Methylbenzol; Phenylmethane; Toluol Classification: Aromatic hydrocarbon Empirical: C7H8

- Formula: C₆H₅CH₃
- Properties: Colorless clear liq., benzene odor; sol. in alcohol, benzene, ether, acetone, chloroform, petrol. ether, ethyl acetate; misc. with most org. solvs.; very sl. sol. in water; m.w. 92.13; dens. 0.866 (20/4 C); vapor pressure 36.7 mm Hg (30 C); m.p. -94.5 C; b.p. 110.7 C; flash pt. (CC) 4.4 C; ref. index 1.4967 (20 C); KB value 105
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 100 ppm; STEL 150 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 7.53 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) 12,124 mg/kg; toxic by ing., inh., IP, and skin absorption; irritant to eyes, skin, respiratory tract; severe dermatitis on direct contact; ing. may cause lung aspiration; overexposure by inh. may cause CNS excitation/depression; high concs. may cause paresthesia, vision disturbances, dizziness, nausea, headache, narcosis, death; experimental teratogen, reproductive effector; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Highly flamm.; incompat. with strong oxidizers, nitric acid, sulfuric acid, nitrogen tetroxide, silver perchlorate, sulfur dichloride, etc.; fire and explosion risk; potential violent reactions; common air contaminant
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Store in cool well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight, away from heat/ignition sources, away from corrosives
- Uses: Aviation gasoline additive; octane booster in gasoline; solvent for paints, gums, resins, rubber, inks, cleaners, adhesives; diluent and thinner in nitrocellulose lacquers; thinner for perfumes, dyes; alcohol denaturant; process solvent; adhesive solvent in plastic toys; in extraction of various principles from plants; mfg. of benzene, benzoic acid, benzaldehyde, toluene diisocyanate for PU resins, dyes, TNT for explosives, toluene sulfonates for detergents and dyestuffs; adjuvant in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; in acrylic food pkg.; in cellophane for food pkg.; adjuvant for PC food-pkg. resins; solvent in food-contact PPO resins; in food-pkg. adhesives
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.320, 176.180, 177.1010, 177.1200, 177.1440, 177.1580, 177.1650, 177.2460, 178.3010, 27CFR §21.131; SARA reportable
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Amyl; Arch Chems.; Ashland; Atofina Bruxelles; BASF AG; BP Amoco; BP Chems. Ltd; Baychem; Burdick & Jackson; Chemcentral; ChevronPhillips; Condea Chemie GmbH; Coyne; EniChem Elastomeri SpA; Equistar; Exxon; Ferro/Grant; Fisher Scientific; Fluka; Harcros; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; Huntsman; Idemitsu Petrochem.; J.T. Baker; Koch Ind.; LG Petrochem. Co. Ltd; Lyondell; Marathon Ashland Petrol.; Maruzen Petrochem.; Miljac; Mitsubishi Oil; Mitsui Chems.; Mobil; Nova Ltd; R.E. Carroll; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Shell; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sunoco; Tonen Chem.; Triple Crown Am.; Van Waters & Rogers

Trade Names Containing: Metalure® L-53520

Toluene-2,4-diamine, 5-(phenylazo)-, monohydrochloride. See Basic orange 1

p-Toluene ethylsulfonamide. See Ethyl toluenesulfonamide

p-Toluenesulfonamide, N-cyclohexyl-. See N-Cyclohexyl-p-toluenesulfonamide

Toluenesulfonamide/epoxy resin. See Tosylamide/epoxy resin

Toluenesulfonamide/formaldehyde resin. See Tosylamide/formaldehyde resin Toluene sulfonic acid. See p-Toluene sulfonic acid

4-Toluenesulfonic acid. See p-Toluene sulfonic acid

Toluene-4-sulfonic acid. See p-Toluene sulfonic acid

- p-Toluene sulfonic acid
 - CAS 104-15-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-180-0; UN No. 2585
 - Synonyms: PTSA; p-TSA; 4-Methylbenzenesulfonic acid; p-Methylbenzenesulfonic acid; p-Methylphenylsulfonic acid; Toluene sulfonic acid; 4-Toluenesulfonic acid; Toluene-4-sulfonic acid; Toluene-p-sulfonic acid; p-Tolylsulfonic acid; Tosic acid

Classification: Substituted aromatic acid; sulfonic acid

- Empirical: C7H8O3S
- Formula: C₆H₄(SO₃H)(CH₃)

Properties: Colorless leaflets; pungent odor; very sol. in water; sol. in

alcohol, ether, diethyl ether; m.w. 172.21; m.p. 107 C; b.p. 140 C (20 mm); flash pt. (CC) 184 C; strong acid; anionic

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2480 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; strong skin and mucous membrane irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: DOT: Corrosive material; combustible; potentially explosive reaction with acetic anhydride + water

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂; heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of SO_x

NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 1

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Curing agent for amino/phenolic/acrylic resins, furan foundry resins; esterification/condensation/acetylation catalyst; acid catalyst for resins in foundry cores; descaling agent (industrial metal cleaners); electroplating bath additive; neutralizer in acrylonitrile prod.; plastics; coatings; dyes; organic synthesis; pharmaceutical intermediate; hydrotrope; coupling agent; wetting agent; anticaking agent; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105; BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Albright & Wilson Am.; Alchemie USA; Allan; Allchem Ind.; BCH Brühl; BYK-Chemie GmbH; Bayer/Fiber, Addits., Rubber; Biddle Sawyer; Boliden Intertrade; Brook-Chem; C & P Sales; Charkit; Chugai Boyeki Am.; Eastman; Ferro/Grant; Hexagon Enterprises; Hinton & Hillman; Howard Hall; Intertrade Holdings; Itochu Spec. Chems.; Kaltron/Pettibone; Miljac; Nissan Chem. Ind.; PMC Spec.; Rütgers Org.; Schweizerhall; Sloss Ind.; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Trade Names: Cycat® 4040; K-Cure® 1040W; Nacure® 2522; Nacure® XC-2211; Nacure® XC-8224; Nacure® XP-386

Trade Names Containing: K-Cure® 1040; Nacure® 2530

Toluene-p-sulfonic acid. See p-Toluene sulfonic acid

Toluidine red. See Pigment red 3

Toluidine toner. See Pigment red 3

Toluol. See Toluene

p-TolyIsulfonic acid. See p-Toluene sulfonic acid

TOP. See Trioctyl phosphate Tosic acid. See p-Toluene sulfonic acid

Tosylamide/epoxy resin

Synonyms: Toluenesulfonamide/epoxy resin

Definition: Toluenesulfonamide of the condensation prod. of 4,4 - isopropylidenediphenol with epichlorohydrin, also known as the diglycidyl ether of bisphenol A

Uses: Nail enamel resin; plasticizer for nitrocellulose Trade Names: Lustrabrite® S; Nagellite® 3050

Tosylamide/formaldehyde resin

CAS 1338-51-8; 25035-71-6; EINECS/ELINCS 215-667-5

- Synonyms: Benzenesulfonamide, 4-methyl-, polymer with formaldehyde; Poly (p-toluenesulfonamide-co-formaldehyde); Toluenesulfonamide/formaldehyde resin
- Definition: Polymer derived from toluenesulfonamide and formaldehyde *Properties:* Solid

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Modifier and adhesion promoter for resins in adhesives and coatings; extender in polyamide resins; in side seam cements for food-contact containers; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; adjuvant for SAN copolymer food pkg.; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FĎA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 177.1040, 177.1200, 177.2260

Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Allchem Ind. *Trade Names:* Uniplex 600

N-Tosyl ethylamine. See Ethyl toluenesulfonamide Toxilic anhydride. See Maleic anhydride TPGDA. See PPG-3 diacrylate TPGME. See PPG-3 methyl ether

TPM. See PPG-3 methyl ether

TPP. See Triphenyl phosphate

TPU. See Polyurethane, thermoplastic

Triacetin

CAS 102-76-1; EINECS/ELINCS 203-051-9; FEMA 2007 Synonyms: Acetic, 1,2,3-propanetriyl ester; Acetin; Enzactin; Glycerine triacetate; Glycerol triacetate; Glyceryl triacetate; 1,2,3-Propanetriol triacetate; Triacetyl glycerol; Triacetyl glycerin Definition: Triester of glycerin and acetic acid

Empirical: C₉H₁₄O₆

Formula: C₃H₅(OCOCH₃)₃

- Properties: Colorless or pale yel. oily liq., sl. fatty odor, bitter taste; sol. in water, alcohol, ether, other org. solvs.; sl. sol. in CS₂; m.w. 218.20; dens. 1.160 (20 C); m.p. -78 C; b.p. 258-260 C; sapon. no. 765-775; flash pt. 300 F; ref. index 1.4307 (20 C)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3000 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 1600 ± 81 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 2100 mg/kg, (subcut., rat) 2800 mg/kg; poison by ing.; mod. toxic by IP, IV, subcut. routes; eye irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat, flame, or powerful oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

- NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0
- Uses: Plasticizer for vinyl, cellulosic, and acrylic resins, in food-contact coatings; fixative in perfumery; mfg. of cosmetics; specialty solvent; solvent for dyes; mfg. of celluloid, photographic films; adhesives; coatings; paper; setting agent for sodium silicate foundry mold/soil consolidation binders; syn. flavoring agent in foods, pharmaceuticals; food additive, nutrient, solvent, vehicle, humectant, formulation aid; OTC drug; topical antifungal
- Use Level: 190 ppm (nonalcoholic beverages), 60-2000 ppm (ice cream), 560 ppm (candy), 1000 ppm (baked goods), 4100 ppm (chewing gum); ADI not specified (JECFA)
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFŔ §175.300, 175.320, 181.22, 181.27, 184.1901, GRAS; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for orals; USP/NF, BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.; Aceto; Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Allan; Ashland; B&D Nutritional Ingreds.; Bayer AG; Brown; CTC Orgs.; ChemUSA; Chemial SpA; Eastman; Fluka; Industrias Monfel; K3; Penta Mfg.; Ruger; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Uniqema/Oleochems.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem
- Triacetyl glycerin. See Triacetin
- Triacetyl glycerol. See Triacetin
- 2,4,6-Triamino-1,3,5-triazine. See Melamine
- 2,4,6-Triamino-s-triazine. See Melamine
- 2,4,6-Triamino-sym-triazine. See Melamine
- sym-Triaminotriazine. See Melamine

Triaryl phosphate

- Empirical: C₉H₁₅O₄P
- Formula: (CH₂:CHCH₂O)₃PO
- *Properties:* Water-wh. liq.; dens. 1.064 (25/15 C); f.p. -50 C; b.p. 80 C (0.5 mm); ref. index 1.448 (25 C)
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible
- Uses: Flame-retardant plasticizer for PVC, NC lacquers and coatings; compatibilizing agent; intermediate; catalyst carrier and pigment vehicle for polyurethane; processing aid in rubber belting and mech. goods; as flameretardant hydraulic fluids, lubricants; antiwear, EP agent, lubricant additive; dispersing media for peroxide catalysts
- Manuf./Distrib.: Åkzo Nobel; Albright & Wilson Am.; Ashland; C.P. Hall; FMC; Harwick; Monsanto; Velsicol

Trade Names: Durad® 220B; Reofos® 1884

Triaryl sulfonium hexafluoroantimonate

Properties: Dens. 1.390; ref. index 1.4960
Toxicology: Irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; sensitizer; possible mutagen; TSCA listed
Storage: Light-sensitive
Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich
Trade Names Containing: SR-1010

Triaryl sulfonium hexafluorophosphate

Properties: Dens. 1.320; ref. index 1.5000 Toxicology: Irritant; possible sensitizer; TSCA listed Storage: Light-sensitive Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich Trade Names Containing: SR-1011

Triatomic oxygen. See Ozone

1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6-triamine. See Melamine

1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6-triamine compd. with formaldehyde, methylated. See

Melamine-formaldehyde resin, methylated

- 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6-triamine, N,N,N´, N´,N´´,N´´-hexakis (methoxymethyl)-. See Hexamethoxymethylmelamine
- 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6-triamine, polymer with formaldehyde. See Melamineformaldehyde resin
- 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6-triamine, polymer with formaldehyde, methylated. See Melamine-formaldehyde resin, methylated
- s-Triazine, 2,4,6-triamino-. See Melamine
- 1,3,5-Triazine-1,3,5-(2H,4H,6H)-triethanol. See Hydroxyethyl-s-triazine
- s-Triazine-1,3,5 (2H,4H,6H)-triethanol. See Hydroxyethyl-s-triazine
- 1,3,5-Triazine, 1,3,5-triethylhexahydro-. See Hexahydro-1,3,5-triethyl-s-triazine

s-Triazine, 1,3,5-triethylhexahydro-. See Hexahydro-1,3,5-triethyl-s-triazine Triazol fast scarlet 3B. See Direct red 39

Tribasic aluminum stearate. See Aluminum tristearate

Tribasic sodium phosphate. See Sodium phosphate tribasic

Tribenzoin. See Glyceryl tribenzoate

Tributoxyethyl phosphate

CAS 78-51-3; EINECS/ELINCS 201-122-9

Synonyms: TBEP; 2-Butoxyethanol phosphate; Ethanol, 2-butoxy-, phosphate (3:1); Tris (2-butoxyethyl) phosphate

Empirical: C₁₈H₃₉O₇P

Formula: [CH₃(CH₂)₃O(CH₂)₂O]₃PO

- Properties: SI. yel. oily liq.; sol. in most org. liqs.; insol. or limited sol. in glycerol, glycols, certain amines; m.w. 398.48; dens. 1.020 (20 C); vapor pressure 0.03 mm Hg (150 C); m.p. -70 C; b.p. 215-228 C (4 mm); flash pt. 438 F; ref. index 1.4380
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 3000 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 180 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 16 ml/kg; mod. toxic by ing.; poison by IV route; irritant; TSCA listed *Precaution:* Combustible; can react with oxidizing materials

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of PO_x

Uses: Primary plasticizer for most resins and elastomers; coalescing solvent/plasticizer for acrylic-based polish, gloss paints, adhesives; leveling agent in floor finishes and waxes; flame-retarding agent for plastics; in food-pkg. adhesives; lubricant; antiwear additive; defoamer for drilling muds, cements, fracturing fluids, plasters, paper coatings, pulp bleaching, aq. emulsion paints, adhesives, textiles, mercerizing liquors/dye baths, antifreeze, fermentation, detergents; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210

Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Albright & Wilson Am.; Aldrich; Ashland; C.P. Hall; Celanese; Chemcor; FMC; Harwick; Houghton Chem.; Rhodia HPCII; Surfactants Inc; Velsicol

Trade Names: Amgard® TBEP; KP-140®; Phosflex® TBEP

Tributyl acetyl citrate. See Acetyl tributyl citrate

Tri-n-butyl O-acetylcitrate. See Acetyl tributyl citrate

Tributyl Ó-acetylcitrate. See Acetyl tributyl citrate

Tributyl 2-(acetyloxy)-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylate. See Acetyl tributyl citrate

Tributyl citrate acetate. See Acetyl tributyl citrate

Tri-n-butyl citrate acetate. See Acetyl tributyl citrate

(Tributyl) peroxide. See Di-t-butyl peroxide

Tributyl phosphate

- CAS 126-73-8; EINECS/ELINCS 204-800-2
- Synonyms: TBP; Butyl phosphate; n-Butyl phosphate; Phosphoric acid tributyl ester; Phosphoric acid, tri-n-butyl ester; Tri-n-butyl phosphate Classification: Organophosphate

Empirical: C₁₂H₂₇O₄P

Formula: (C₄H₉)₃PO₄

Properties: Stable colorless liq., odorless; misc. with alcohol, ether, most org. solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 266.32; dens. 0.978 (20/20 C); m.p. < -80 C; b.p. 292 C (dec.); flash pt. (COC) 146 C; ref. index 1.4215 (25 C)</p>

Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 0.2 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 1400 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 251 mg/kg; LDLo (IV, rat) 100 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., mouse) 1300 mg/m³; poison by IP, IV routes; mod. toxic by ing., inh., subcut. routes; irritant to skin, mucous membranes, eyes; experimental reproductive effects; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of PO_x NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Uses: Heat-exchange medium; extraction agent (rare earths, uranium, pluto-

nium, phosphoric acid); plasticizer for cellulose esters, lacquers, plastics, vinyl resins; dielectric; flame retardant for plastics, cellulosics, coatings; fire-resist. hydraulic fluid; plasticizer; {lubricant; antiwear additive; defoamer for drilling muds, cements, paper coatings, pulp bleaching, mold coating, aq. paints, adhesives, mercerizing liquors/dye baths, antifreeze, fermentation, detergents; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210

Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; AC Ind.; Acros Org.; Akzo Nobel; Albright & Wilson Am.; Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Bayer; C.P. Hall; Chemron; EM Ind.; F.T.L. Int'l.; FMC; Fluka; Harwick; Houghton Chem.; Independent Chem.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Van Waters & Rogers; Velsicol Trade Names: Kronitex® TBP; Phosflex® 4; Reomol® TBP; TBP

Tri-n-butyl phosphate. See Tributyl phosphate

Tri-n-butyl-stannane oxide. See Tributyltin oxide

Tributyltin oxide

CÁS 56-35-9; EINECS/ELINCS 200-268-0

Synonyms: BTO; HBD; TBT; TBTO; Bis (tributylstannyl) oxide; Bis(tributyltin) oxide; Bis (tri-n-butyltin) oxide; Hexabutyldistannoxane; Oxybis (tributyltin); Tri-n-butyl-stannane oxide

Empirical: C₂₄H₅₄OSn₂

- Formula: (CH₃CH₂CH₂CH₂)₃SnOSn(CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₃)₃
- Properties: Colorless to pale yel. liq.; sol. in many org. solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 596.08; dens. 1.17; solidifies < -45 C; b.p. 180 C (2 mm)</p>
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 0.1 mg(Sn)/m³ (skin); LD50 (oral, rat) 87 mg/ kg, (IP, rat) 7210 mg/kg, (dermal, rat) 11,700 mg/kg; poison by ing., IP, IV routes; mod. toxic by skin contact; severe eye irritant; experimental teratogen and reproductive effects; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Storage: Air-sensitive

Uses: Biocide, bactericide, fungicide, mildewcide, (preservative in underwater and antifouling paints, pesticides, plastics, cooling water, sec. oil recovery, hospital use, textiles, paper preservation; paper mill slimicide; biostabilizer for plastics and adhesives; wood preservative; intermediate; PVAc latex paints; preservative in food-pkg, adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105; SARA reportable

Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Atofina; Fluka; KMZ Chem. Ltd *Trade Names:* bioMeT TBTO

Tricarballylic acid-\beta-acetoxytributyl ester. See Acetyl triethyl citrate

Tricetylmonium chloride

CÁS 52467-63-7; 71060-72-5

Synonyms: Tricetyl monomethyl ammonium chloride

Classification: Quaternary ammonium salt

Empirical: $C_{49}H_{102}N \cdot CI$

Formula: [CH₃(CH₂)₁₄CH₂N[CH₂(CH₂)₁₄CH₃]₂CH₃]⁺Cl⁻

Uses: Industrial surfactant for pigment dispersing, coatings, inks, paper processing; hair conditioner, antistat

Tricetyl monomethyl ammonium chloride. See Tricetylmonium chloride Trichloroacetaldehyde hydrate. See Chloral hydrate Trichloroacetaldehyde, hydrated. See Chloral hydrate

Trichloroacetaldehyde monohydrate. See Chloral hydrate

1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2-dihydroxyethane. See Chloral hydrate

1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2-ethanediol. See Chloral hydrate

2,2,2-Trichloro-1,1-ethanediol. See Chloral hydrate

Trichloro ethylidene glycol. See Chloral hydrate

N-Trichloromethylmercapto-4-cyclohexene-1,2-dicarboximide. See Captan

N-Trichloromethylthio-4-cyclohexene-1,2-dicarboximide. See Captan

N-(Trichloromethylthio) cyclohex-4-ene-1,2-dicarboximide. See Captan

N-Trichloromethylthiotetrahydrophthalimide. See Captan

2,4,5-Trichlorophenol, sodium salt. See Sodium-2,4,5-trichlorophenate

(2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy) sodium. See Sodium-2,4,5-trichlorophenate

1-Tridecanecarboxylic acid. See Myristic acid

1-Tridecanecarboxylic acid, isopropyl ester. See Isopropyl myristate Tridecanol. See Tridecyl alcohol

1-Tridecanol. See Tridecyl alcohol

n-Tridecanol. See Tridecyl alcohol

Tridecanol condensed with 6 moles ethylene oxide. See Trideceth-6

Trideceth CAS 24938-91-8 (generic) Synonyms: Ethoxylated tridecyl alcohol; Isotridecanol ethoxylates Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol; commercial prods. contain 3-20 moles EO Formula: $(C_2H_4O)_xC_{13}H_{28}O, x = 3-20$ Properties: Liq. to paste; HLB 8-16.3 (3-20 moles EO); nonionic Toxicology: TDLo (oral, rat, 13 wk continuous) 45 g/kg; primary irritant; TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier for olein, oils, solvs., waxes; foam booster for detergents; low-temp. scouring/wetting agent for household/industrial cleaners; wetting agent for metal pickling baths Trade Names: Merpol[®] SH; Rhodasurf[®] TR15/40 Trideceth-2 CAS 678213-23-0 (generic) Synonyms: PEG 100 tridecyl ether; POE (2) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Empirical: C₁₇H₃₆O₃ Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 2 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Detergent; emulsifier; coemulsifier; base for emulsifiers, textile antistats, scouring and wetting agents, and specialty cleaners; intermediate for sulfation used in personal care prods.; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Trideceth-3 CAS 4403-12-7; 24938-91-8 (generic); EINECS/ELINCS 224-540-3 Synonyms: PEG-3 tridecyl ether; PEG (3) tridecyl ether; POE (3) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Empirical: C19H40O4 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 3 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Intermediate in the mfg. of high-foaming surfactants; emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent in pulp and paper industry, textiles, corrosion inhibitors, petroleum oils; penetrant; scouring/dye leveling in textiles; coupling agent; stabilizer; gellant; homogenizing agent; defoamer in foodcontact coatings and paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CRR §176.200, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma Trade Names: Imbentin-T/030 Trideceth-4 CAS 24938-91-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-4 tridecyl ether; POE (4) tridecyl alcohol; POE (4) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 4 Properties: HLB 9.3; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant; dispersant; wetting agent; cleaner; soil suspending agent; emulsifier for textiles; homogenizing agent; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma Trade Names: Imbentin-T/040 Trideceth-5 CAS 24938-91-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-5 tridecyl ether; POE (5) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Empirical: C23H48O Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 5 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, gellant, solubilizer for cosmetics, industrial cleaners, metal degreasing, agric., textile processing; in foodpkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210

Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma

Trade Names: Imbentin-T/050 I; Volpo T5

Trideceth-6

- CAS 24938-91-8 (generic); 78330-21-9 (generic) Synonyms: Alkyl (C-13) polyethoxylates (ethoxy 5); PEG-6 tridecyl ether;
- PEG 300 tridecyl ether; POE (6) alkyl (13) ether; POE (6) tridecyl ether; Tridecanol condensed with 6 moles ethylene oxide
- Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol
- Empirical: C25H52O7

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 6

Properties: HLB 11.4; nonionic

- Toxicology: Skin irritant; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Intermediate in the mfg. of high-foaming surfactants; emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent in pulp and paper industry, textiles, corrosion inhibitors, petroleum oils, paints, adhesives; penetrant; leveling agent; stabilizer; coupling agent; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210

Manuf./Distrib.: Seabrook Ind.; Sigma Trade Names: DeSonic™ 6T; DeTHOX TDA-6; Imbentin-T/060; Nonionic TD-6

Trideceth-7

CAS 24938-91-8 (generic); 78330-21-9 (generic); 68213-23-0 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-7 tridecyl ether; POE (7) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Empirical: C27H56O8 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 7 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Detergent; wetting agent; dispersant; homogenizing agent; textile emulsifier; for cleaning food handling equip.; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma Trade Names: Imbentin-T/070; T-Det® A467

Trideceth-8

CAS 24938-91-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-8 tridecyl ether; PEG 400 tridecyl ether; POE (8) tridecyl alcohol; POE (8) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Empirical: C29H60O9 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 8 *Properties:* HLB 12.7; nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Foam builder; solubilizer; coemulsifier; homogenizing agent; textile

emulsifier; scouring and dye leveling agent; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Seabrook Ind.; Sigma Trade Names: Imbentin-T/080

Trideceth-9

CAS 24938-91-8 (generic); 78330-21-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-9 tridecyl ether; PEG 450 tridecyl ether; POE (9) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Empirical: C₃₁H₆₄O₁₀ Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 9 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Intermediate in the mfg. of high-foaming surfactants; emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent in pulp and paper industry, textiles, corrosion inhibitors, petroleum oils; in food-pkg. adhesives; penetrant; scouring/ dye leveling in textiles; homogenizing agent; emollient, lubricant for skin care; solubilizer for fragrances and oils; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Seabrook Ind.; Sigma

Trade Names: DeTHOX TDA-8.5; Imbentin-T/090; Rhodasurf® TDA-8.5;

Synperonic 13/9; Trycol® 5941

Trideceth-10 CAS 24938-91-8 (generic); 78330-21-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-10 tridecyl ether; PEG 500 tridecyl ether; POE (10) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Empirical: C₃₃H₆₈O₁₁ Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 10 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, detergent, wetting agent, foam builder, solubilizer used for household, industrial cleaners, textile processing, paper industry, topical pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives; homogenizing agent; stabilizer; scouring/dye leveling agent; gellant; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210; FDA approved for topicals Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma Trade Names: Carsonon® TD-10; Imbentin-T/65 100%; Imbentin-T/100 90%; Synperonic 13/10; Volpo T10 Trideceth-11 CAS 24938-91-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-11 tridecyl ether; POE (11) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Empirical: C₃₅H₇₁O₁₂ Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 11 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Detergent, foam builder, emulsifier, wetting agent for household and industrial cleaners; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma Trideceth-12 CAS 24938-91-8 (generic); 78330-21-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-12 tridecyl ether; PEG 600 tridecyl ether; POE (12) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Empirical: C₃₇H₇₅O₁₃ Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 12 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Intermediate in the mfg. of high-foaming surfactants; emulsifier, detergent, dispersant, wetting agent in pulp and paper industry, textiles, corrosion inhibitors, petroleum oils, paints, adhesives; in food-pkg. adhesives; dye leveling agent; penetrant; stabilizer; coupling agent; defoamer in foodcontact coatings and paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma Trade Names: Imbentin-T/120; Nonionic TD-12 Trideceth-14 CAS 24938-91-8 (generic); 78330-21-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-14 tridecyl ether; POE (14) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Empirical: C41H83O15 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 14 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, stabilizer for syn. latexes, textile wetting; solubilizer for essential oils, solvs., fats, waxes; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma Trideceth-15 CAS 24938-91-8 (generic); 78330-21-9 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-15 tridecyl ether; POE (15) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Empirical: C43H87O16 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 15

Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Solubilizer; foam builder; detergent; emulsifier and stabilizer for syn. latexes; leveling and scouring agent; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Seabrook Ind.; Sigma Trade Names: DeTHOX TDA-15; Imbentin-T/150; Nonionic TD-15; Volpo T15 Trideceth-18 CAS 24938-91-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-18 tridecyl ether; POE (18) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Empirical: C49H99O19 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 18 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, dispersant, detergent, wetting agent used in paper and textile industries; leveling agent; solubilizer; foam stabilizer; intermediate; defoamer in food-contact coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma Trideceth-20 CAS 24938-91-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-20 tridecyl ether; PEG 1000 tridecyl ether; POE (20) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Empirical: C53H107O21 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 20 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Detergent; solubilizer; dispersant; stabilizer; gellant; defoamer in foodcontact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma Trideceth-23 CAS 24938-91-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-23 tridecyl ether; POE (23) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 23 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Emulsifier; wetting agent; scouring agent; raw material for sulfation and phosphation; dispersant for essential oils; dye leveling agent; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Trideceth-25 CAS 24938-91-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-25 tridecyl ether; POE (25) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Empirical: C63H127O26 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 25 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Wetting agent, surfactant, solubilizer for cosmetics and industrial use; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma Trideceth-29 CAS 24938-91-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-29 tridecyl ether; POE (29) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol *Empirical:* C₇₁H₁₄₃O₃₀ Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 29 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200

Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma

Trideceth-30

CAS 24938-91-8 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-30 tridecyl ether; POE (30) tridecyl ether *Definition:* PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 30 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Trideceth-40 CAS 24938-91-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-40 tridecyl ether; POE (40) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 40 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Trade Names: Imbentin-T/400 G Trideceth-50 CAS 24938-91-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-50 tridecyl ether; POE (50) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Empirical: C113H227O51 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 50 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier for emulsion polymerization; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma

Trideceth-100

CAS 24938-91-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-100 tridecyl ether; POE (100) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Empirical: C213H427O101 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 100 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Emulsifier, wetting agent for cosmetic, pharmaceutical, and industrial applics.; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma

Trideceth-150

CAS 24938-91-8 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-150 tridecyl ether; POE (150) tridecyl ether Definition: PEG ether of tridecyl alcohol Empirical: C313H627O151 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 150 Properties: Nonionic Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: Surfactant for hard surface cleaners; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200 Manuf./Distrib.: Sigma

Trideceth-6 phosphate

CAS 9046-01-9 (generic); 73070-47-0 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG-6 tridecyl ether phosphate; PEG 300 tridecyl ether phosphate; POE (6) tridecyl ether phosphate

Definition: Complex mixture of esters of phosphoric acid and trideceth-6 Properties: Anionic

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Pesticide emulsifier; dry-cleaning detergent; textile wetting agent, antistat; penetrant, lubricant for fiber and metal treatment; emulsion polymerization; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles; in lubricants for incidental food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3400, 178.3570 Trade Names: Rhodafac® RS-610

Trideceth-10 phosphate

CAS 9046-01-9 (generic); 73070-47-0 (generic) Synonyms: PEG-10 tridecyl ether phosphate; PEG 500 tridecyl ether phosphate; POE (10) tridecyl ether phosphate Definition: Complex mixture of esters of phosphoric acid and trideceth-10 Properties: Anionic Uses: Detergent, wetting agent, emulsifier, dispersant for textile wet processing, industrial cleaners, pesticides, dry-cleaning, metal treatment; antistat for plastics; emulsifier in mfg. of food-contact articles Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3400 Trade Names: Rhodafac® RS-710 Tridecyl alcohol CAS 112-70-9; EINECS/ELINCS 203-998-8 Synonyms: C13 linear primary alcohol; Tridecanol; 1-Tridecanol; n-Tridecanol; n-Tridecyl alcohol Classification: Synthetic alcohol; commercial mixt. of isomers Empirical: C13H28O Formula: C12H25CH2OH Properties: Low melting wh. solid, pleasant odor; insol. in water; m.w. 200.41; dens. 0.845 (20/20 C); m.p. 31 C; b.p. 274 C; flash pt. (PMCC) 118 C Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 17,200 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 5600 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ingestion and skin contact; skin irritant; TSCA listed Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes Uses: Esters for synthetic lubricants, detergents, antifoam agents, other tridecyl compds.; perfumery; solvent for paints; metal extraction solvent; oiliness additive for lubricants; in food-pkg. adhesives; processing aid in PVC food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; Bencorp Int'l.; Berje; Browning; Celanese; Chemcentral; Exxon; Fluka; ICC Ind.; Indofine; Jarchem Ind.; Kyowa Hakko USA; Penta Mfg.; Sigma n-Tridecyl alcohol. See Tridecyl alcohol Tridecylbenzenesulfonic acid, sodium salt. See Sodium tridecylbenzene sulfonate Trien. See Triethylenetetramine Trientine. See Triethylenetetramine Triethanolamine CAS 102-71-6; EINECS/ELINCS 203-049-8 2,2,2,2,-Trihydroxytriethylamine; Trolamine; Triethylolamine; Trihydroxytriethylamine; Tris (2-hydroxyethyl) amine; Tri (2-hydroxyethyl)amine Classification: Aliphatic amino alcohol; alkanolamine Empirical: C6H15NO3 Formula: N(CH₂CH₂OH)₃ Properties: Colorless to pale yel. visc. liq., sl. ammoniacal odor; sol. in water, alcohol, acetone, chloroform; sl. sol. in benzene, ether; m.w. 149.19; dens. 1.126; m.p. 21.2 C; b.p. 335 C (dec.); flash pt. (OC) 375 F; ref. index 1.4835; pH 10.5 (0.1N aq.) Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 mg/m³; LD50 (oral, rat) 8 g/kg; mod. toxic by IP; mildly toxic by ing. (irritation of mouth, abdominal pain, vomiting, diarrhea); human skin irritant; eye irritant; skin sensitizer; TSCA listed Precaution: Combustible when exposed to heat or flame; incompat. with oxidizers, strong acids; can react vigorously with oxidizing materials; increased risk of fire or explosion Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x and CN NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 1 Storage: Very hygroscopic; light-sensitive; store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heat/ignition sources Uses: Intermediate in mfg. of surfactants, textile specialties, waxes, polishes, toiletries, herbicides, cutting oils, fatty acid soaps (dry-cleaning), cosmetics, household detergents, emulsions; solvent for casein, shellac, dyes; water repellent; electroplating; corrosion inhibitor; dispersant for dyes, casein, shellac, rubber latex; activator; neutralizer; grinding aid; seques-

trant; rubber accelerator; emulsifier for pharmaceuticals; flume wash water

additive (foods); food coating; in food-pkg. adhesives; pH adjuster for

amino resins in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with ag./fatty/dry

foods; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; curing agent in food-contact PU resins

Use Level: Limitation 2 ppm (in wash water)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.315, 175.105, 175.300, 175.380, 175.390, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1210, 177.1680, 177.2260, 177.2600, 177.2800, 178.3120, 178.3910; FDA approved for orals, topicals, vaginals; USP/NF, BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BASF AG; Bencorp Int'l.; Brown; Bruchem; Coyne; Degussa-Hüls AG; Dow; Duso; Expo Chem.; Fluka; HCI Chemtech Distribution; Harcros; Harwick; Houghton Chem.; Huntsman; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Kramer; Mays; Mutchler; Occidental; Oxiteno; Research Organics; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Schweizerhall; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Union Carbide; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Van Waters & Rogers; Varsal Instruments; Venus Ethoxyethers; Whyte Chems I td

Triethanolamine coconut acid. See TEA cocoate

Triethanolamine dodecyl sulfate. See TEA-lauryl sulfate

Triethanolamine lauryl sulfate. See TEA-lauryl sulfate

Triethanolamine monooleate ester. See TEA-oleate

Triethanolamine oleate. See TEA-oleate

Triethanolamine oleate soap. See TEA-oleate

Triethanolamine stearate. See TEA-stearate

Triethanolammonium lauryl sulfate. See TEA-lauryl sulfate

Triethyl acetylcitrate. See Acetyl triethyl citrate

Triethyl o-acetylcitrate. See Acetyl triethyl citrate

N,N,N-Triethylbenzenemethanaminium chloride. See Benzyltriethyl ammonium chloride

Triethyl benzyl ammonium chloride. See Benzyltriethyl ammonium chloride

Triethyl citrate

CAS 77-93-0; EINECS/ELINCS 201-070-7; FEMA 3083

Synonyms: TEC; Ethyl citrate; 2-Hydroxy-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid, triethyl ester

Definition: Triester of ethyl alcohol and citric acid

Empirical: C12H20O7

Formula: C₃H₅O(COOC₂H₅)₃

Properties: Colorless mobile oily liq., odorless, bitter taste; sol. 65 g/100 cc water; sol. 0.8 g/100 cc oil; sol. in oxygenated solvs.; misc. with alcohol, ether; m.w. 276.32; dens. 1.136 (25 Č); vapor pressure 1 mm Hg (107 C); b.p. 294 C; flash pt. (COC) 303 F; ref. index 1.4420

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5900 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 1750 mg/kg, (subcut., rat) 6600 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 6 h) 1300 ppm; mod. toxic by IP route; mildly toxic by ing., inh.; no known skin toxicity; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

Uses: Solvent and plasticizer for nitrocellulose and natural resins; plasticizer for lacquers, printing inks, cigarette filters; softener; paint removers; agglutinant; perfume base/fixative; food additive, sequestrant; flavoring agent, plasticizer in pharm; deodorant active; plasticizer in food-contact coatings *Use Level:* Limitation 0.25% (in dried egg whites) *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 181.22, 181.27, 182.1911,

GRAS; FEMA GRAS; FDA approved for orals; USP/NF compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Chemial SpA; Fluka; Great Western; H&R Florasynth; Int'l. Chem. Inc; Jungbunzlauer; Morflex; Penta Mfg.; Unitex; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Wilshire Trade Names: Citroflex® 2; TEC

Triethylene glycol di-2-ethylhexanoate. See PEG-3 di-2-ethylhexoate Triethylene glycol di-2-ethylhexoate. See PEG-3 di-2-ethylhexoate Triethylene glycol dimethacrylate. See PEG-3 dimethacrylate Triethylene glycol dioctoate. See PEG-3 dioctoate Triethylene glycol dodecyl ether. See Laureth-3

Triethylenetetramine

CAS 112-24-3; EINECS/ELINCS 203-950-6; UN No. 2259 (DOT) Synonyms: TET; TETA; N,N'-Bis (2-aminoethyl)-1,2-diaminoethane; N,N'-Bis (2-aminoethyl)-1,2-ethanediamine; N,N -Bis (2-aminoethyl) ethylenediamine; N,N -Bis (2-aminoethyl)-1,2-ethylenediamine; 3,6-Diazaoctane-1,8-diamine; 1,4,7,10-Tetraazadecane; Trien; Trientine Classification: Aliphatic polyamine Empirical: C₆H₁₈N₄

Formula: $NH_2(C_2H_4NH)_2C_2H_4NH_2$

- Properties: YIsh. mod. visc. oily liq.; weak ammoniacal odor; sol. in water, alcohol, acetone, benzene, ethyl ether; misc. with oxygenated and aromatic solvs.; sl. sol. in heptane; immisc. with aliphatic solvs.; m.w. 146.23; dens. 0.9818 (20/20 C); m.p. 12 C; b.p. 277.5 C; pour pt. < -40 C; flash pt. (CC) 275 F; ref. index 1.4971 (20 C); pH 14 *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 2.5 g/kg, (IV, mouse) 350 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit)
- 805 mg/kg; poison by IV route; mod. toxic by ing. and skin contact; strong irritant to tissue, mucous membranes; skin burns, eye damage; causes skin sensitization; experimental teratogen, reproductive effector; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Corrosive material; combustible exposed to heat or flame; can react with oxidizers; ignites on contact with cellulose nitrate (high surf. area); may absorb CO₂ from air to form carbamate salts
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, hydrogen cyanide, ammonia, volatile amines, irritating aldehydes and ketones; heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x

NFPA: Health 3; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Detergents and softeners; synthesis of dyestuffs, pharmaceuticals; rubber accelerator; as thermosetting resin; lubricating oil additive; analytical reagent for Cu, Ni; paper additive; surfactants; lubricating oil additive; curing agent, hardener, stabilizer for epoxy resins; for civil engineering; protective coatings; adhesives; biomaterial in pharmaceutical topicals, slow-release, and microencapsulation prods.; treatment of Wilson's disease; amino resin modifier in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./ fatty foods; polymerization crosslinking agent in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.2600

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Artek; Ashland; Bencorp Int'l.; Brook-Chem; Coyne; Diamines & Chems. Ltd; Fluka; Great Western; Houghton Chem.; J.H. Calo; Loos & Dilworth; Rit-Chem; Sigma; Sumitomo Seika; Tosoh; Union Carbide

Trade Names: Ancamine® TETA

1,3,5-Triethylhexahydro-1,3,5-triazine. See Hexahydro-1,3,5-triethyl-s-triaz-

1,3,5-Triethylhexahydro-s-triazine. See Hexahydro-1,3,5-triethyl-s-triazine N,N´,N´´-Triethylhexahydrotriazine. See Hexahydro-1,3,5-triethyl-s-triazine Triethylhexahydro-s-triazine. See Hexahydro-1,3,5-triethyl-s-triazine Triethylhexyl phosphate. See Trioctyl phosphate Tri (2-ethylhexyl) phosphate. See Trioctyl phosphate Triethylolamine. See Triethanolamine Triethyltrimethylenetriamine. See Hexahydro-1,3,5-triethyl-s-triazine Trifluorochloroethylene polymer. See Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer

Trifluoromethanesulfonic acid amine salt

Trade Names Containing: FC-520

- Triglycine. See Nitrilotriacetic acid
- Triglycollamic acid. See Nitrilotriacetic acid
- Trihydrated alumina. See Aluminum hydroxide

3,4,5-Trihydroxybenzoic acid. See Gallic acid

Tri (2-hydroxyethyl)amine. See Triethanolamine

Trihydroxyethylamine oleate. See TEA-oleate

- Trihydroxyethylamine stearate. See TEA-stearate
- 1,2,6-Trihydroxyhexane. See 1,2,6-Hexanetriol
- 1,1,1-(Trihydroxymethyl) propane triester acrylic acid. See 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane triacrylate

Trihydroxyphosphine. See Phosphonic acid

Trihydroxytriethylamine. See Triethanolamine

Triiron tetraoxide. See Iron oxide black

Triisopropanolamine

CAS 122-20-3; EINECS/ELINCS 204-528-4

Synonyms: TIPA; 1,1[°],1^{°°}-Nitrilotri-2-propanol; 1,1[°],1^{°°}-Nitrilotris-2-propanol; Tri-2-propanolamine; Tris (2-hydroxypropyl) amine; Tris (2-propanol) amine Classification: Aliphatic amine; amino alcohol

Empirical: C₉H₂₁NO₃

Formula: N(CH₂CHOHCH₃)₃

Properties: Wh. cryst. solid; ammoniacal odor; very sol. in water; sol. in ethanol, oxygenated and aromatic solvs.; m.w. 191.27; dens. 0.9996 (50/
20 C); vapor pressure < 0.01 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. 45 C; b.p. 305 C; flash pt. (OC) 160 C Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 6500 mg/kg; LDLo (skin, rabbit) 10 g/kg; mod. toxic by ingestion; mildly toxic by skin contact; skin and severe eye irritant: TSCA listed Precaution: Combustible; can burn if strongly heated; corrosive Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Thermal decomp. prods.: CO, CO₂, NO_x, CN⁻ NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0 Storage: Hygroscopic; avoid temps. above 160 C Uses: Crosslinking agent for rubber; emulsifier, corrosion inhibitor for metalworking fluids; surfactant; solubilizer; in food-pkg. adhesives; defoamer in food-contact coatings and paper/paperboard; cyanide-free zinc plating; emulsifier for soaps, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, textile specialties, agric., polymer curing chems., adhesives, antistats, coatings, rubber, gas conditioning chems.; catalyst deactivator and antioxidant in prod. of polyolefin for food pkg.; curing agent in food-contact PU resins Regulatory: FĎA 21CFR §175.105, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1520, 177.1680 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Ashland; BASF AG; Continental Trading; Dow; Fluka; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem Triisopropylbenzene. See 1,3,5-Triisopropylbenzene 1,3,5-Triisopropylbenzene CAS 717-74-8; EINECS/ELINCS 211-941-3 Synonyms: Triisopropylbenzene Classification: Aromatic hydrocarbon Empirical: C15H24 Properties: Liq.; m.w. 204.36; dens. 0.845; b.p. 232-236 C; flash pt. (CC) 188 F; ref. index 1.4880 Toxicology: TSCA listed Precaution: Combustible Uses: Carbonless paper; elec. industry Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Fluka Trade Names: Sure Sol®-450 Trilauryl phosphate Synonyms: Phosphoric acid, trilauryl ester

Definition: Triester of lauryl alcohol and phosphoric acid Uses: Wetting agent, antistat, conditioning base for textiles, paper, cosmetics; dry cleaning detergent

Trilinoleic acid

- CAS 7049-66-3; 68937-90-6
- Synonyms: Fatty acids, C18, unsaturated, trimers; 9,12-Octadecadienoic acid, trimer; Trimer acid
- Definition: 54-carbon tricarboxylic acid formed by the catalytic trimerization of linoleic acid

Empirical: C54H96O6

Properties: Visc. liq.; dens. 1.0 kg/l; acid no. 180-190; sapon. no. 195-205 Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Corrosion inhibitor; lubricant; epoxy curing agent/flexibilizer; alkyd resin/epoxy ester resin comonomer; polymer building block; used in polyamino-amides for PVC plastisols to be used as car underbody coatings and in water-sol. alkyd resins; surfactant for industrial applics., lubricants; intermediate for mfg. of soaps, emulsions, ethoxylates, buffing compds., lubricants; defoamer in food-contact paper coatings; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.200, 178.3910 Manuf./Distrib.: Int'l. Paper; Unigema N. Am.

Trimer acid. See Trilinoleic acid

Trimethoxyphenylsilane. See Phenyltrimethoxysilane

- (Trimethoxysilyl) benzene. See Phenyltrimethoxysilane
- Trimethylammoniumethyl methacrylate chloride. See Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate methyl chloride quat.
- 2-Trimethylammoniumethyl methacrylate chloride. See Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate methyl chloride quat.
- 2-Trimethylammoniumethyl methacrylic chloride. See Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate methyl chloride quat.

2,4,6-Trimethylbenzophenone

CAS 954-16-5 Empirical: C16H16O Manuf./Distrib.: Salor Trade Names Containing: Esacure® KT37; Esacure® TZT

Trimethyl carbinol. See t-Butyl alcohol

- N,N,N-Trimethyl-1-docosanaminium chloride. See Behentrimonium chloride
- N,N,N-Trimethyl-1-dodecanaminium chloride. See Laurtrimonium chloride Trimethyl glycol. See Propylene glycol

N,N,N-Trimethyl-1-hexadecanaminium chloride. See Cetrimonium chloride 2,6,8-Trimethyl-4-nonyl polyethylene glycol ether. See Isolaureth-3

N,N,N-Trimethyl-1-octadecanaminium chloride. See Steartrimonium chloride

Trimethyl octadecyl ammonium chloride. See Steartrimonium chloride Trimethylolpropane triacrylate. See 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane triacrylate

1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane triacrylate

CAS 15625-89-5; EINECS/ELINCS 239-701-3

- Synonyms: TMPTA; 2-Ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol triacrylate; 1,1,1-(Trihydroxymethyl) propane triester acrylic acid; Trimethylolpropane triacrylate
- Empirical: C15H20O6

Formula: (H₂C=CHCO₂CH₂)₃CC₂H₅

- Properties: M.w. 296.31; dens. 1.100; flash pt. > 230 F; ref. index 1.4740 Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 5190 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) 5170 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing. and skin contact; primary irritant; human skin irritant; tumorigen; mutagen; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Storage: Hygroscopic; light-sensitive; store away from heat
- Uses: Crosslinker, reactive diluent for UV-cured adhesives, wood fillers, coatings, lacquers, inks, vinyl acrylic latex paint, highly crosslinked polybutadiene rubber
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; CPS; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Rhodia; UCB Radcure
- Trade Names: SR 351

Trade Names Containing: CN 112 C60; CN 120 C60; CN 120 C80; Ebecryl® 586; Ebecryl® 3701-20T; Ebecryl® 3720-TH20

Trimethylolpropane triglycidyl ether

- CAS 30499-70-8 Empirical: C15H26O6
- Properties: M.w. 302.37; dens. 1.570; ref. index 1.4770
- Toxicology: Severe eye irritant; irritating to skin, respiratory system; possible mutagen; TSCA listed

Uses: Epoxy resin diluent, modifier

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich Trade Names: Epiol TMP-100

2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol bis (2-methylpropanoate). See Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol, 2,2,4-diisobutyrate

Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol, 2,2,4-diisobutyrate

CAS 6846-50-0; EINECS/ELINCS 229-934-9

Synonyms: Isobutyric acid, 1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene ester; 2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol bis (2-methylpropanoate); 2,2,4-Trimethylpentanediol-1,3-diisobutyrate; 2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutyrate Empirical: C16H30O4

- Formula: $(CH_3)_2CHCH[O_2CCH(CH_3)_2]C(CH_3)_2CH_2O_2CCH(CH_3)_2$
- Properties: Colorless liq.; m.w. 286.4; dens. 0.945; f.p. -70 C; b.p. 280 C; flash pt. (COC) 143 C; ref. index 1.4300
- Toxicology: Skin irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Plasticizer for PVC, PS, cellulosics; primary plasticizer used in surf. coatings, vinyl floorings, moldings, and vinyl prods.; compatible with filmforming vehicles used in lacquers for wood, paper, and metals; plasticizer in food-contact cellulosic plastics; in food-pkg. adhesives; in cellophane coatings for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.1200, 178.3740

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Chisso Am.; Eastman; Houghton Chem. Trade Names: Eastman® TXIB

2,2,4-Trimethylpentanediol-1,3-diisobutyrate. See Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol, 2,2,4-diisobutyrate

- 2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol diisobutyrate. See Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol, 2,2,4-diisobutyrate
- α-(Trimethylsilyl)-ω-methylpoly [oxy (dimethylsilylene)]. See Dimethicone α -(Trimethylsilyl)- ω -methylpoly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)], mixt. with silicon
- dioxide. See Simethicone **α-(Trimethylsilyl) poly (oxy (dimethylsilylene))-ω-methyl**. See Dimethyl
- siloxane

α-(Trimethylsilyl)-ω-((trimethylsilyl) oxy). See Dimethyl siloxane Trimethyl stearyl ammonium chloride. See Steartrimonium chloride Trimethyl tallow ammonium chloride. See Tallowtrimonium chloride α,α,α⁻Trimethyltrimethyleneglycol. See Hexylene glycol Trinidad pitch. See Asphalt

Trioctyl phosphate

CAS 78-42-2; EINECS/ELINCS 201-116-6

Synonyms: TOF; TOP; 2-Ethylhexanol phosphate; 2-Ethyl-1-hexanol phosphate; 2-Ethylhexanol, phosphate triester; 1-Hexanol, 2-ethyl-, phosphate; Octyl phosphate; Phosphoric acid, tris (2-ethylhexyl) ester; Triethylhexyl phosphate; Tri (2-ethylhexyl) phosphate; Tris (2-ethylhexyl) phosphate Classification: Phosphoric acid ester

Empirical: C₂₄H₅₁O₄P

Formula: $[CH_3(CH_2)_3CH(C_2H_5)CH_2O]_3PO$

- Properties: Colorless to pale yel. clear liq.; sl. sharp odor; sol. in alcohol, acetone, ether, min. oil, gasoline; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 434.72; dens. 0.924 (26 C); vapor pressure 1.9 mm Hg (20 C); f.p. -90 C (sets to glass); pour pt. -74 C; b.p. 190-233 C (dec.); flash pt.(OC) 207 C; ref. index 1.4440; anionic
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 37 g/kg, (dermal, rabbit) 20 g/kg; mildly toxic by ing., skin contact; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; suspected carcinogen; tumorigen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; can react with oxidizing materials; may soften or deteriorate certain plastics/elastomers; incompat. with cellulose acetate, cellulose acetate butyrate
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of PO_x, CO_1 , CO_2 , phosphoric acid

Storage: Store under ambient temps.

Uses: Solvent, antifoaming agent for paints; flame-retardant plasticizer for vinyl resins, rubbers, nitrocellulose; imparts fungus resist.; cosolvent for hydrogen peroxide prod.; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in food pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.210

Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Albright & Wilson Am.; Aldrich; Ashland; Bayer; FMC; Ferro/Keil; Fluka; Rhodia HPCII; Sigma

Triolein

CAS 122-32-7; 67701-30-8; EINECS/ELINCS 204-534-7; 266-948-4

Synonyms: Glycerol trioleate; Glyceryl trioleate; Olein; 9-Octadecenoic acid, 1,2,3-propanetriyl ester

Definition: Triester of glycerin and oleic acid

Empirical: C₅₇H₁₀₄O₆

Formula: (CH₂O)2CHO[CO(CH₂)₇CH=CH(CH₂)₇CH₃]₃

Properties: Colorless to yish. oily liq., tasteless, odorless; sol. in chloroform, ether, CCI₄, chlorinated solvs.; sl. sol. in alcohol; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 885.40; dens. 0.915 (15/4 C); m.p. -4 to -5 C; b.p. 235-240 C (15 mm); HLB 0.8; sapon. no. 188-195; cloud pt. -10 C; ref. index 1.4676 (20 C); nonionic

Toxicology: No known toxicity; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Uses: Lubricant, emollient, emulsifier for cosmetics, metals, leather, textiles; carbon source in antibiotic culture broths; raw material for engineering plastics; impact modifier; plasticizer; stabilizer; solvent for carbon paper, printing ink dyes; food emulsifier/stabilizer; solubilizer for flavors, vitamin oils; pharmaceutical lubricant, emollient, solubilizer, stabilizer; in foodcontact textiles

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2800

Manuf./Distrib.: A.P.; ABITEC; Ashland; Fluka; Sigma; Uniqema N. Am.

Trioxylmethylene. See Paraformaldehyde Trioxymethylene. See Paraformaldehyde

Triphenyl phosphate

CAS 115-86-6; EINECS/ELINCS 204-112-2 Synonyms: TPP; Phosphoric acid, triphenyl ester Classification: Phosphate

Empirical: C₁₈H₁₅O₄P

Formula: PO(OC₆H₅)₃

- Properties: Colorless cryst. powd. or needles, odorless; sol. in benzene, chloroform, ether, acetone, lacquers, solvent, thinners, oil; insol. in water; m.w. 326.28; dens. 1.268 (60 C); m.p. 50 C; b.p. 245 C (11 mm); flash pt. (CC) 220 C; ref. index 1.550
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 3 mg/m3; LD50 (oral, rat) 3500 mg/kg, (subcut., cat) 100 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) > 7900 mg/kg; poison by subcut. route; mod. toxic by ing.; toxic by inhalation; absorbed slowly, esp. by skin contact; not a potent cholinesterase inhibitor; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of PO_x NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Flame retardant plasticizer for cellulosics, coatings, triacetate film and sheet, engineering thermoplastics (PPO, HIPS, ABS-PC); noncombustible substitute for camphor in celluloid; extreme pressure additive in lubricants; in lacquers; varnishes; impregnating roofing paper; in food-pkg. adhesives; solvent for adjuvants in food-contact crosslinked polyesters Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.2420
- Manuf./Distrib.: AC Ind.; Akzo Nobel; Alchemie USA; Aldrich; Ashland; Bayer; FMC; Fluka; Harwick; Monsanto

Triphosphoric acid pentapotassium salt. See Potassium tripolyphosphate Triphosphoric acid pentasodium salt. See Pentasodium triphosphate

Triphosphoric acid sodium salt. See Pentasodium triphosphate

Tripolyphosphate. See Pentasodium triphosphate

Tripotassium hexacyanoferrate. See Potassium ferricyanide

Tripotassium hexakis (cyano-C) ferrate (3-). See Potassium ferricyanide

Tri-2-propanolamine. See Triisopropanolamine Tripropylene glycol diacrylate. See PPG-3 diacrylate

Tripropylene glycol methyl ether. See PPG-3 methyl ether

Tripropylene glycol monomethyl ether. See PPG-3 methyl ether

- Tris (2-butoxyethyl) phosphate. See Tributoxyethyl phosphate
- Tris [5,6-dihydro-5-(hydroxyimino)-6-oxo-2-naphthalenesulfonato(2-)-N⁵,O⁶] ferrate (3), trisodium. See Acid green 1

Tris (2-ethylhexyl) phosphate. See Trioctyl phosphate

- Tris (2-hydroxyethyl) amine. See Triethanolamine
- 1,3,5-Tris (2-hydroxyethyl) hexahydrotriazine. See Hydroxyethyl-s-triazine 1,3,5-Tris (2-hydroxyethyl) hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine. See Hydroxyethyl-striazine
- N,N´,N´´-Tris (2-hydroxyethyl) hexahydrotriazine. See Hydroxyethyl-s-triazine
- N,N´,N´´-Tris (B-hydroxyethyl) hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine. See Hydroxyethyls-triazine
- Tris (2-hydroxypropyl) amine. See Triisopropanolamine
- Tris [1-(2-methyl-aziridinyl) phosphine oxide]
 - CAS 57-39-6

Synonyms: Metepa; Methyl aphoxide; Metaphoxide

Empirical: C₉H₁₈N₃OP

Formula: (C₃H₆N)₃PO

- Properties: Amber liq.; amine odor; misc. with water and org. solvs.; m.w. 215.27; dens. 1.079; b.p. 118-125 C (1 mm)
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 136 mg/kg; toxic by ing., skin absorption, IP and subcut. routes; strong irritant to skin; tumorigen; mutagen; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Very toxic fumes of NO_x and PO_x
- Uses: Textile treatments; resin raw material; crosslinker; adhesion promoter; insect chemosterilant; adhesives; paper; rubber processing; crosslinking agent in polymer systems

Trisodium β-alanine diacetate

Environmental: Readily biodeg.

Uses: Chelating agent for detergents, pulp/paper, electroplating, water softening, textiles

Trisodium-3-carboxy-5-hydroxy-1-p-sulfophenyl-4-p-sulfophenylazopyrazole. See Tartrazine

Trisodium edetate. See Trisodium EDTA

Trisodium EDTA

CAS 150-38-9; EINECS/ELINCS 205-758-8

Synonyms: Acetic acid, (ethylenedinitrilo) tetra-, trisodium salt; Edetate trisodium; EDTA trisodium; EDTA trisodium salt; N,N -1,2-Ethanediylbis [N-

(carboxymethyl) glycine], trisodium salt; Ethylenediamine acetic acid trisodium salt; Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, trisodium salt; Trisodium edetate; Trisodium ethylenediamine tetraacetate; Trisodium hydrogen ethylene diaminetetraacetate; Trisodium hydrogen (ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetate; Trisodium versenate

Classification: Substituted amine

Empirical: $C_{10}H_{13}N_2O_8 \cdot 3Na$

Formula: (NaOOCCH₂)₃NCH₂CH₂NCH₂COOH

Properties: Wh. powd.; sol. in water; m.w. 358.22

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 2150 mg/kg, (IP, mouse) 300 mg/kg; poison by IP route; mod. toxic by ing.; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of $NO_{\rm x}$ and $Na_{\rm 2}O$

HMIS: Health 2; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Uses: Chelating agent in cosmetics, topical pharmaceuticals, textile processing; stabilizer for resin systems; photographic baths; metal finishing; water treatment (controls hardness, boiler water treatment); catalyst in SBR mfg.; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact paper/paperboard; in foodcontact textiles; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 177.2800, 178.3910; FDA approved for topicals; BP compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Am. Int'L; Chemplex Chems.; Eastech; Fluka; Hampshire; Ruger; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Surfactants Inc; Universal Preserv-A-Chem

Trisodium ethylenediamine tetraacetate. See Trisodium EDTA

Trisodium HEDTA

- CAS 139-89-9; EINECS/ELINCS 205-381-9
- Synonyms: HEDTANa₃; HEEDTANa₃; N-[2-[Bis(carboxymethyl) amino] ethyl]-N-(2-hydroxyethyl) glycine, trisodium salt; N-(Carboxymethyl)-N'-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N,N'-ethylenedi-, trisodium salt; HEDTA, trisodium salt; HEEDTA, trisodium salt; Hydroxyethylethylenediaminetriacetic acid, trisodium salt; Trisodium hydroxyethyl ethylenediaminetriacetate; Trisodium N-hydroxyethyl ethylenediamine triacetate

Classification: Substituted amine

Empirical: C₁₀H₁₈N₂O₇ • 3Na

Formula: (CH₂COONa)₃NCH₂CH₂NHOCH₂CH₂

Properties: Lt. yel. liq.; sol. in water forming alkaline sol'ns.; m.w. 347.27; dens. 1.285; f.p. < -5 C; b.p. 107 C

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Chelating agent for alkaline industrial cleaners, latex prod., cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, water treatment, textiles, electroless copper plating, polymer prod., disinfectants, pulp/paper, photography, metal finishing, enhanced oil recovery; complexing agent for rare earth separation; drug stabilization; heavy metal poisoning treatment; in food-pkg. adhesives; chelating agent in food-contact paper/paperboard mfg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.150; FDA approved for topicals

Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Chemplex Chems.; Eastech; Fluka; Hampshire; Rhodia Phosphorus Prods.; Sigma

Trade Names: Versenol 120

Trisodium hydrogen ethylene diaminetetraacetate. See Trisodium EDTA Trisodium hydrogen (ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetate. See Trisodium EDTA Trisodium hydroxyethyl ethylenediaminetriacetate. See Trisodium HEDTA Trisodium N-hydroxyethyl ethylenediamine triacetate. See Trisodium HEDTA Trisodium nitrilotriacetate. See Trisodium NTA Trisodium nitrilotriacetic acid. See Trisodium NTA

Trisodium NTA

CAS 5064-31-3; EINECS/ELINCS 225-768-6

Synonyms: NTA; NTANa₃; N,N-Bis (carboxymethyl) glycine trisodium salt; Glycine, N,N-bis (carboxymethyl)-, trisodium salt; Nitriloacetic acid trisodium salt; Nitrilotriacetic acid sodium salt; Nitrilotriacetic acid, trisodium salt; Sodium nitrilotriacetate; Trisodium nitrilotriacetate; Trisodium nitrilotriacetic acid

Definition: Trisodium salt of nitrilotriacetic acid

Empirical: C₆H₆NO₆ • 3Na

Formula: NaOOCCH₂N(CH₂COONa)₂

Properties: Solid; m.w. 257.10

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 1100 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 254 mg/kg; poison by IP route; mod. toxic by ing.; questionable carcinogen; experimental neoplastigen, reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of $NO_{\rm x}$ and Na_2O

Uses: Chelating agent in household and industrial detergents, laundry detergents, specialty cleaning prods., water treatment, textiles, metal finishing, pulp and paper processing, and petrol. industry; nonphosphate detergent builder; scale inhibitor; controls hardness ions; antifoam; boiler water additive for food contact except milk prods.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §173.310 (5 ppm max. in boiler feedwater) *Manuf./Distrib.:* Sigma

Trade Names: Hampshire® NTA 150; Trilon® A-92; Trilon® A Liq.

Trisodium orthophosphate. See Sodium phosphate tribasic

Trisodium phosphate. See Sodium phosphate tribasic

Trisodium versenate. See Trisodium EDTA

Tris (phosphonomethyl) amine. See Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid

Tris (2-propanol) amine. See Triisopropanolamine

Tristearin

- CAS 555-43-1; EINECS/ELINCS 209-097-6
- Synonyms: Glyceryl monotristearate; Glyceryl tristearate; Octadecanoic acid, 1,2,3-propanetriyl ester; 1,2,3-Propanetriol trioctadecanoate; Stearin *Definition:* Triester of glycerin and stearic acid

Empirical: C57H110O6

- Formula: [CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COOCH₂]₂CHOCO(CH₂)₁₆CH₃
- Properties: Colorless to wh. crystals or powd., odorless, tasteless; sol. in hot alcohol, benzene, chloroform, carbon disulfide, chlorinated and aromatic solvs.; pract. insol. in cold alcohol, ether, petrol. ether; insol. in water; m.w. 891.45; dens. 0.943 (65 C); m.p. 71.6 C; ref. index 1.4385 (80 C); nonionic
- Toxicology: No known toxicity; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Soap; candles; adhesive pastes; metal polishes; waterproofing paper; textile sizes; leather stuffing; mfg. of stearic acid; processing aid for EPS; dispersant/lubricant for colorants; lubricant for PVC, textile processing; plastics mold release agent; polishing/grinding pastes; crystallization accelerator, fermentation aid, formulation aid, lubricant, release agent, surface-finishing agent for foods; pharmaceuticals (lubricant, mold release, binder, retarding agent in tablets); in food-contact textiles

Use Level: Limitation 1% (cocoa), 0.5% (formulation aid, lubricant, release), 3% (confections), 1% (formulation aid in fats, oils)

Regulatory: FDA21CFR §172.811, 177.2800; FDA approved for orals Manuf./Distrib.: Fluka; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Tristearyl phosphate

Uses: Defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.210

- Trolamine. See Triethanolamine
- Trolamine lauryl sulfate. See TEA-lauryl sulfate

TRPGDA. See PPG-3 diacrylate

p-TSA. See p-Toluene sulfonic acid

TSP. See Sodium phosphate tribasic

TSP-0. See Sodium phosphate tribasic

- TSPP. See Tetrasodium pyrophosphate
- Tung nut oil. See Tung oil

Tung oil

ČAS 8001-20-5

Synonyms: Chinawood oil; Chinese tung oil; Tung nut oil

- Definition: Drying oil from seeds of Aleurites cordata
- *Properties:* Pale yel. liq., char. disagreeable odor; sol. in chloroform, ether, carbon disulfide, oils; dens. 0.936-0.943; iodine no. 163-171; sapon. no. 190-197; flash pt. 288.9 C; ref. index 1.5030
- Toxicology: Toxic by ing.; ing. causes nausea, vomiting, cramps, diarrhea, dizziness, lethargy, disorientation; large doses can cause fever, tachycardia, respiratory effects; contact causes dermatitis
- Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; can react with oxidizing materials

Uses: Mfg. of quick-drying wood varnishes, exterior paint, linoleum, floor cloth; in India rubber substitutes; insulating masses; for waterproofing paper, etc.; drying oil for printing inks; drying oil in resins for food pkg. *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.300, 181.26 Manuf./Distrib.: Acme-Hardesty; Aldrich; Alnor Oil; Degen; Industrial Oil Prods.; Lomas Int'l.; Sea-Land; Van Waters & Rogers; Vliengenthart BV; Walltrade; Welch, Holme & Clark

Turkey red. See Iron oxide red

Turkey-red oil. See Sulfated castor oil

Turpentine

- CAS 8006-64-2; 8052-14-0; 9005-90-7; UN No. 1299 (DOT); 1300 (DOT); **FEMA 3088**
- Synonyms: Gum turpentine; Pine balsam; Pine gum; Purified gum spirits; Spirit of turpentine; Spirits of turpentine; Terebenthine; Turpentine gum; Turpentine oil; Turpentine oil, rectified; Turpentine oil, rectifier; Turpentine, purified; Turpentine, rectified; Turpentine steam distilled; Wood turpentine Classification: Unsat. alicyclic hydrocarbon

Definition: Volatile essential oil obtained by distillation and rectification from turpentine, an oleoresin obtained from *Pinus* spp., contg. pinene and diterpene Formula: $\approx C_{10}H_{16}$

- Properties: Colorless sticky visc. balsamic liq.; sharp penetrating piney odor; sol. in alcohol, benzene, CS2, CS2, petrol. ether, ether, chloroform, glac. acetic acid; insol. in water; m.w. ≈ 136; dens. 0.854-0.868; b.p. 154-170 C; m.p. -50 to -60 C; flash pt. (CC) 32-46 C; ref. index 1.463-1.483 (20 C)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 100 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 5760 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 1180 µg/kg; LC50 (inh., mouse, 2 h) 29 g/m³; poison by IV route; mildly toxic by ing., inh.; mod. toxic to humans by ing.; irritating to skin, eyes, respiratory tract; allergen; skin absorp. and inh. can cause CNS depression, headaches, confusion, delirium, convulsions, and death due to respiratory failure; serious kidney irritant; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; common air contaminant
- Precaution: Highly flamm.; mod. explosive hazard as vapor; lower explosive limit 0.8%; incompat. with oxidizers, halogens, stannic chloride, hexachloromelamine, diatomaceous earth; violent reactions possible; avoid impregnation of combustibles with turpentine
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heat/ignition sources; protect from light

Uses: Source of turpentine oil and gum rosin; natural flavoring agent in foods and pharmaceuticals; solvent in shoe polishes, printing inks, cleaning compds., waxes, paper prods.; solvent, thinner for paints, lacquers; solvent, reclaiming agent for rubber; synthesis of camphor and menthol; medicines (liniments); perfumery; pesticide mfg.; pharmaceutical solvent; rubefacient; diuretic; preps. for respiratory tract disorders; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.510, 175.105; FDA approved for inhalants; FEMA GRAS; BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Ascona; Bencorp Int'l.; Berje; Dujodwala Resins & Terpenes; George Uhe; J.H. Calo; J.H. Hinz; Mutchler; PDM; Penta Mfg.; Polarome Int'l.; Quest Int'l. Fragrances; Ruger; Sea-Land; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Technichem; Vliengenthart BV

Turpentine gum. See Turpentine Turpentine oil. See Turpentine Turpentine oil, rectified. See Turpentine Turpentine oil, rectifier. See Turpentine Turpentine, purified. See Turpentine Turpentine, rectified. See Turpentine Turpentine steam distilled. See Turpentine Turpentine substitutes. See Mineral spirits Two-stage resin. See Phenolic resin UF. See Urea/formaldehyde resin ULDPE. See Polyethylene, very low-density

Ultramarine blue

CAS 1317-97-1; 57455-37-5 EINECS/ELINCS 309-928-3 Synonyms: CI 77007; Pigment blue 29 Classification: Inorganic pigment Definition: Calcined mixt. of kaolin, sulfur, sodium carbonate, and carbon over 700 C Empirical: Al₆Na₇O₂₄S₃Si₆

Formula: Na₇Al₆Si₆O₂₄S₃

Properties: Blue powd.; m.w. 971.50; dens. 2.35 kg/l

Toxicology: Nuisance dust

Precaution: Noncombustible

- Uses: Pigment for printing inks, thermoplastics, rubber compds., paints, soaps and laundry blues, cosmetics, textile printing; in food-contact textiles; strong anti-ozone chars.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2800
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aarbor Int'l.; BFGoodrich Hilton Davis; Browning; Cleveland Pigment & Color; Costec; D.N. Lukens; Fallek; Ferro/Color; Landers-Segal Color; PMC Spec.; Quadra; Royale Pigments & Chems.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tamms Ind.; Tiarco; Universal Color Disps.; Warner-Jenkinson; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels Trade Names: Octotint 120; Octotint 572

- Ultramarine green. See Chromium oxide (ic)
- 1-Undecanecarboxylic acid. See Lauric acid
- 3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27,3,33-Undecaoxapentatriacontane-1,35-diol. See **PFG-12**

Undeceth-3

CAS 127036-24-2 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG (3) undecyl ether; POE (3) undecyl ether Definition: PEG deriv. of undecyl alcohol

Empirical: C17H36O4

- Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_9CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 3
- *Properties:* Nonionic
- Uses: Detergent intermediate, emulsifier for general industrial use, hard surf. cleaning

Trade Names: Imbentin-U/030

Undeceth-5

CAS 34398-01-1; 127036-24-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG (5) undecyl ether; POE (5) undecyl ether Definition: PEG deriv. of undecyl alcohol Empirical: C21H44O6 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_9CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 5 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Detergent intermediate, surfactant Trade Names: Imbentin-U/050

Undeceth-6

CAS 127036-24-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG (6) undecyl ether; POE (6) undecyl ether Definition: PEG deriv. of undecyl alcohol Empirical: C₂₃H₄₈O₇ Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_9CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 6 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Emulsifier for agric., cleaning, metal processing Trade Names: Imbentin-U/060

Undeceth-7

CAS 127036-24-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG (7) undecyl ether; POE (7) undecyl ether Definition: PEG deriv. of undecyl alcohol Empirical: C25H52O8 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_9CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 7 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Detergent, wetting agent for general industrial use, hard surf. cleaners, laundry and liq. detergents Trade Names: Genapol® UD-070; Genapol® UD-079; Imbentin-U/070 Undeceth-8 CAS 127036-24-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG (8) undecyl ether; POE (8) undecyl ether Definition: PEG deriv. of undecyl alcohol

Empirical: C27H56O9 Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_9CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 8

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier for household/industrial detergents, textiles, leather, agric., paper processing, metal cleaning, cosmetics, toiletries, metalworking fluids and lubricants, paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization Trade Names: Genapol® UD-080; Imbentin-U/080

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Undeceth-8

Manuf./Distrib.: Acme-Hardesty; Aldrich; Alnor Oil; Degen; Industrial Oil Prods.; Lomas Int'I.; Sea-Land; Van Waters & Rogers; Vliengenthart BV; Walltrade; Welch, Holme & Clark

Turkey red. See Iron oxide red

Turkey-red oil. See Sulfated castor oil

Turpentine

CAS 8006-64-2; 8052-14-0; 9005-90-7; UN No. 1299 (DOT); 1300 (DOT); FEMA 3088

Synonyms: Gum turpentine; Pine balsam; Pine gum; Purified gum spirits; Spirit of turpentine; Spirits of turpentine; Terebenthine; Turpentine gum; Turpentine oil; Turpentine oil, rectified; Turpentine oil, rectifier; Turpentine, purified; Turpentine, rectified; Turpentine steam distilled; Wood turpentine Classification: Unsat. alicyclic hydrocarbon

Definition: Volatile essential oil obtained by distillation and rectification from turpentine, an oleoresin obtained from *Pinus* spp., contg. pinene and diterpene *Formula:* $\approx C_{10}H_{16}$

Properties: Colorless sticky visc. balsamic liq.; sharp penetrating piney odor; sol. in alcohol, benzene, CS₂, CS₂, petrol. ether, ether, chloroform, glac. acetic acid; insol. in water; m.w. ≈ 136; dens. 0.854-0.868; b.p. 154-170 C; m.p. -50 to -60 C; flash pt. (CC) 32-46 C; ref. index 1.463-1.483 (20 C)

- *Toxicology*: ACGIH TLV/TWA 100 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 5760 mg/kg, (IV, mouse) 1180 μg/kg; LC50 (inh., mouse, 2 h) 29 g/m³; poison by IV route; mildly toxic by ing., inh.; mod. toxic to humans by ing.; irritating to skin, eyes, respiratory tract; allergen; skin absorp. and inh. can cause CNS depression, headaches, confusion, delirium, convulsions, and death due to respiratory failure; serious kidney irritant; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; common air contaminant
- Precaution: Highly flamm.; mod. explosive hazard as vapor; lower explosive limit 0.8%; incompat. with oxidizers, halogens, stannic chloride, hexachloromelamine, diatomaceous earth; violent reactions possible; avoid impregnation of combustibles with turpentine
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heat/ignition sources; protect from light

Uses: Source of turpentine oil and gum rosin; natural flavoring agent in foods and pharmaceuticals; solvent in shoe polishes, printing inks, cleaning compds., waxes, paper prods.; solvent, thinner for paints, lacquers; solvent, reclaiming agent for rubber; synthesis of camphor and menthol; medicines (liniments); perfumery; pesticide mfg.; pharmaceutical solvent; rubefacient; diuretic; preps. for respiratory tract disorders; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.510, 175.105; FDA approved for inhalants; FEMA GRAS; BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: Ascona; Bencorp Int'l.; Berje; Dujodwala Resins & Terpenes; George Uhe; J.H. Calo; J.H. Hinz; Mutchler; PDM; Penta Mfg.; Polarome Int'l.; Quest Int'l. Fragrances; Ruger; Sea-Land; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Technichem; Vliengenthart BV

Turpentine gum. See Turpentine Turpentine oil. See Turpentine Turpentine oil, rectified. See Turpentine Turpentine, purified. See Turpentine Turpentine, rectified. See Turpentine Turpentine steam distilled. See Turpentine Turpentine substitutes. See Mineral spirits Two-stage resin. See Phenolic resin UF. See Urea/formaldehyde resin ULDPE. See Polyethylene, very low-density

Ultramarine blue

CAS 1317-97-1; 57455-37-5 EINECS/ELINCS 309-928-3 Synonyms: CI 77007; Pigment blue 29 Classification: Inorganic pigment Definition: Calcined mixt. of kaolin, sulfur, sodium carbonate, and carbon over 700 C Empirical: Al₆Na₇O₂₄S₃Si₆ Formula: Na7AI6Si6O24S3

Properties: Blue powd.; m.w. 971.50; dens. 2.35 kg/l

Toxicology: Nuisance dust

Precaution: Noncombustible

- Uses: Pigment for printing inks, thermoplastics, rubber compds., paints, soaps and laundry blues, cosmetics, textile printing; in food-contact textiles; strong anti-ozone chars.
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2800
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aarbor Int'l.; BFGoodrich Hilton Davis; Browning; Cleveland Pigment & Color; Costec; D.N. Lukens; Fallek; Ferro/Color; Landers-Segal Color; PMC Spec.; Quadra; Royale Pigments & Chems.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Tamms Ind.; Tiarco; Universal Color Disps.; Warner-Jenkinson; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels Trade Names: Octotint 120; Octotint 572

Ultramarine green. See Chromium oxide (ic)

1-Undecanecarboxylic acid. See Lauric acid

3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27,3,33-Undecaoxapentatriacontane-1,35-diol. See PEG-12

Undeceth-3

CAS 127036-24-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG (3) undecyl ether; POE (3) undecyl ether

Definition: PEG deriv. of undecyl alcohol
 Empirical: C₁₇H₃₆O₄
 Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₉CH₂(OCH₂CH₂)_nOH, avg. n = 3
 Properties: Nonionic
 Uses: Detergent intermediate, emulsifier for general industrial use, hard surf. cleaning

Trade Names: Imbentin-U/030

Undeceth-5

CAS 34398-01-1; 127036-24-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG (5) undecyl ether; POE (5) undecyl ether Definition: PEG deriv. of undecyl alcohol Empirical: $C_{21}H_{44}O_6$ Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_9CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 5 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Detergent intermediate, surfactant Trade Names: Imbentin-U/050

Undeceth-6

CAS 127036-24-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG (6) undecyl ether; POE (6) undecyl ether Definition: PEG deriv. of undecyl alcohol Empirical: $C_{23}H_{48}O_7$ Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_9CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 6 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Emulsifier for agric., cleaning, metal processing Trade Names: Imbentin-U/060

Undeceth-7

CAS 127036-24-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG (7) undecyl ether; POE (7) undecyl ether Definition: PEG deriv. of undecyl alcohol Empirical: C₂₅H₅₂O₈ Formula: CH₃(CH₂)₅CH₂(OCH₂CH₂)₁OH, avg. n = 7 Properties: Nonionic Uses: Detergent, wetting agent for general industrial use, hard surf. cleaners, laundry and liq. detergents Trade Names: Genapol® UD-070; Genapol® UD-079; Imbentin-U/070 Undeceth-8 CAS 127036-24-2 (generic) Synonyms: PEG (8) undecyl ether; POE (8) undecyl ether

Definition: PEG deriv. of undecyl alcohol

Empirical: C27H56O9

Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_9CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 8 *Properties:* Nonionic

Uses: Surfactant, emulsifier for household/industrial detergents, textiles, leather, agric., paper processing, metal cleaning, cosmetics, toiletries, metalworking fluids and lubricants, paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization *Trade Names*: Genapol® UD-080; Imbentin-U/080

Undeceth-10

CAS 127036-24-2 (generic)

Properties: Nonionic

Uses: O/w emulsifier for household/industrial detergents, cosmetics, toiletries, textiles, leather, agric., paints/coatings, emulsion polymerization, lubricants, silicon and wax emulsions, metal treatment Trade Names: Imbentin-U/100

Undeceth-11

CAS 127036-24-2 (generic)

Synonyms: PEG (11) undecyl ether; POE (11) undecyl ether Definition: PEG deriv. of undecyl alcohol Empirical: C₃₃H₆₈O₁₂ Formula: $CH_3(CH_2)_9CH_2(OCH_2CH_2)_nOH$, avg. n = 11

- Properties: Nonionic
- Uses: Surfactant for household cleaners, textile wet processing, paper processing, metal cleaning, detergents, hard-surf. cleaners, metalworking fluids and lubricants

Trade Names: Genapol® UD-110

Unsaturated polyester resin. See Polyester resin, thermosetting Unslaked lime. See Calcium oxide UPR. See Polyester resin, thermosetting

Urea

CAS 57-13-6; EINECS/ELINCS 200-315-5

Synonyms: Carbamide; Carbamide resin; Carbamidic acid; Carbamimidic acid; Carbonyl diamide; Carbonyldiamine; Isourea; Pseudourea

Classification: Organic compd.

Definition: Prod. of protein metabolism excreted from human urine

Empirical: CH4N2O

Formula: NH₂CONH₂

- Properties: Colorless to wh. cryst. or powd., almost odorless; sl. ammonia odor on standing; sol. in water, boiling alcohol, benzene, oxygenated solvs.; sl. sol. in ether; insol. in chloroform; m.w. 60.06; dens. 1.335; m.p. 132.7 C; b.p. dec.
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 14,300 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 5300 mg/kg, (subcut., rat) 8200 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing., IV, subcut. routes; human skin irritant; experimental carcinogen, neoplastigen, reproductive effects; human reproductive effects by intraplacental route; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with NaNO2, P2CI5, nitrosyl perchlorate; reacts with sodium or calcium hypochlorite to form explosive nitrogen trichloride; prep. of ¹⁵N urea is hazardous

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NOx NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

Storage: Store @ R.T.

Uses: Fertilizer; animal feed supplement; stabilizer for resins, plastics, explosives; in paper industry to soften cellulose; deodorizer; penetrant; cure accelerator and activator; airport runway deicing agent; dispersant (animal glue, proteins); plasticizer for starch adhesives; food additive, yeast nutrient, fermentation aid; diuretic, antiseptic in pharmaceuticals; keratin softener for dry skin prods.; in ammoniated dentifrices; in side seam cements for food-contact containers

Use Level: Limitation 2 lb/1000 gal (wine)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 177.1200, 184.1923, GRAS; BATF 27CFR §240.1051; FDA approved for injectables, orals; BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AMRESCO; Agrium U.S.; Air Prods.; Aldrich; Am. Biorganics; Am. Int'l.; Atofina SA; Bio-Rad Labs; Brøste; Chemical; Chisso Am.; Costec; Coyne; EM Ind.; Fluka; Harcros; Heico; LaRoche Ind.; Lutianhua; Mallinckrodt Baker; Miljac; Nissan Chem. Ind.; Norsk Hydro AS; O.C. Lugo; Occidental; Research Organics; Rit-Chem; Robeco; Rona; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Showa Denko; Šigma; Southeastern Mins.; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Terra Int'l.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Veckridge

Trade Names Containing: Optiblanc® NL

Urea, N-[1,3-bis(hydroxymethyl)-2,5-dioxo-4-imidazolidinyl-N,N´-bis (hydroxymethyl)-. See Diazolidinyl urea

Urea/ethanedial/formaldehyde/propionaldehyde polymer CAS 106569-82-8

Uses: Starch/protein reactant in paper/paperboard coatings in contact with dry

food

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Urea/formaldehyde adduct. See Urea/formaldehyde resin Urea/formaldehyde condensate. See Urea/formaldehyde resin Urea/formaldehyde copolymer. See Urea/formaldehyde resin Urea/formaldehyde oligomer. See Urea/formaldehyde resin Urea/formaldehyde polymer. See Urea/formaldehyde resin Urea/formaldehyde precondensate. See Urea/formaldehyde resin Urea/formaldehyde prepolymer. See Urea/formaldehyde resin

Urea/formaldehyde resin

CAS 9011-05-6

Synonyms: UF; Formaldehyde copolymer with urea; Formaldehyde/urea condensate; Formaldehyde/urea copolymer; Formaldehyde/urea polymer; Formaldehyde/urea precondensate; Formaldehyde/urea prepolymer; Formaldehyde/urea resin; Formalin/urea copolymer; Methylolurea resin; Paraformaldehyde/urea polymer; Paraformaldehyde/urea resin; Polynoxylin; Polyoxymethylene urea; Urea/formaldehyde adduct; Urea/ formaldehyde condensate; Urea/formaldehyde copolymer; Urea/formaldehyde oligomer; Urea/formaldehyde polymer; Urea/formaldehyde precondensate; Urea/formaldehyde prepolymer; Urea, polymer with formaldehyde

Classification: Amino resin; thermosetting resin

- Definition: Thermosetting resin formed from condensation reaction of formaldehyde with urea
- Formula: (CH₄N₂O · CH₂O),
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 8394 mg/kg; low toxicity by ing.; mutagenic data; **TSCA** listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of NO_x Uses: Pigment-grinding medium; adhesion promoter, toughener, binder for coatings; wet strength additive in paper, starch adhesives; dinnerware; foundry core binder; flexible foams; insulation; adhesives (chipboard, plywood, furniture); molding compds.; textile finishing agent; fabric stiffener; in automotive enamels and primers, metal decorating finishes; modifier for water-sol. polymers; visc. control agent in cosmetics; in foodcontact paper/paperboard; in food-pkg. adhesives; in food-contact coatings; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact polysulfide polymer/ polyepoxy resins; as food-contact surf. in molded articles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 177.1200, 177.1650, 177.1900, 181.30
- Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; BASF; BFGoodrich/Textile; Bakelite GmbH; Chemical; Cytec Ind.; DSM UK; EMCO Chem. Distributors; Georgia-Pacific Resins; Harborchem; Hercules; McWhorter Tech.; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Monsanto; Nemesis Int'l.; Neste Resins; Reichhold; Sybron
- Trade Names: Amres® C382; Amres® LOPR; Amres® PR-247 HV; Amres® PR-335 CU; Kaurit®; Pergopak M2; Prox® 923

Trade Names Containing: Beetle® 216-8; Beetle® 227-8

Urea/formaldehyde resin, butylated

CAS 68002-19-7; 93686-54-5; EINECS/ELINCS 297-708-7

Synonyms: Butylated polyoxymethylene urea; Poly (urea-co-formaldehyde), butylated; Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, butylated; Urea, reaction prods. with butyl alcohol and formaldehyde

Classification: Formaldehyde copolymer

Definition: Amino resin reaction prod. of butylated urea and formaldehyde Properties: Colorless liq.; sol. in hydrocarbon solvs.; insol. in water

Toxicology: Highly toxic; may be fatal if inh., ing., or absorbed thru skin; lachrymator; sensitizer; readily absorbed thru skin; cancer suspect agent; mutagen; reproductive hazard; target organs: CNS, ears, liver, kidneys, blood; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents *Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:* CO, CO₂, NO_x, formaldehyde, methanol; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions

Storage: Keep tightly closed; store in cool dry place

Uses: Alkyd-amino acid-cured resins for industrial and clear wood finishes; alkyd-amino stoving resins for domestic equip. finishes; binder in printing inks; film-former in cosmetics; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

Manuf./Distrib .: Aldrich

Trade Names Containing: Beetle® 1050; Resimene® U-901; Resimene® U-918: Resimene® U-920

 Urea/formaldehyde resin, isobutylated <i>Synonyms</i>: Poly (urea-co-formaldehyde), isobutylated <i>Classification</i>: Formaldehyde copolymer <i>Uses</i>: Crosslinking agent for pigmented enamels; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard <i>Trade Names Containing</i>: Beetle® 1032-10; Beetle® 1047 Urea-formaldehyde resin, methylated CAS 68071-45-4 <i>Synonyms</i>: Poly (urea-co-formaldehyde), methylated <i>Classification</i>: Formaldehyde copolymer <i>Properties</i>: Colorless liq.; dens. 1.217; flash pt. > 110 C; ref. index 1.4840 (20 C) <i>Toxicology</i>: Toxic; harmful if ing., inh. or absorbed thru skin; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; sensitizer; may cause allergic skin reaction; cancer suspect agent; mutagen; TSCA listed <i>Precaution</i>: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; avoid heat Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: <i>CO</i>, <i>Co</i>, <i>NO</i>, methanol, formaldehyde; 	
 <i>Classification:</i> Formaldehyde copolymer <i>Uses:</i> Crosslinking agent for pigmented enamels; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard <i>Trade Names Containing:</i> Beetle® 1032-10; Beetle® 1047 Urea-formaldehyde resin, methylated CAS 68071-45-4 <i>Synonyms:</i> Poly (urea-co-formaldehyde), methylated <i>Classification:</i> Formaldehyde copolymer <i>Properties:</i> Colorless liq.; dens. 1.217; flash pt. > 110 C; ref. index 1.4840 (20 C) <i>Toxicology:</i> Toxic; harmful if ing., inh. or absorbed thru skin; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; sensitizer; may cause allergic skin reaction; cancer suspect agent; mutagen; TSCA listed <i>Precaution:</i> Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; avoid heat Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, NO₄, methanol, formaldehyde; 	
 Uses: Crosslinking agent for pigmented enamels; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Trade Names Containing: Beetle® 1032-10; Beetle® 1047 Urea-formaldehyde resin, methylated CAS 68071-45-4 Synonyms: Poly (urea-co-formaldehyde), methylated Classification: Formaldehyde copolymer Properties: Colorless liq.; dens. 1.217; flash pt. > 110 C; ref. index 1.4840 (20 C) Toxicology: Toxic; harmful if ing., inh. or absorbed thru skin; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; sensitizer; may cause allergic skin reaction: cancer suspect agent; mutagen; TSCA listed Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; avoid heat Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO, NO, methanol, formaldehyde; 	
<i>Trade Names Containing:</i> Beetle® 1032-10; Beetle® 1047 <i>Trade Names Containing:</i> Beetle® 1032-10; Beetle® 1047 <i>Synonyms:</i> Vinyl acetate/crotonic acid/vinyl propionate copolymer <i>CAS 68071-45-4</i> <i>Synonyms:</i> Poly (urea-co-formaldehyde), methylated <i>Classification:</i> Formaldehyde copolymer <i>Properties:</i> Colorless liq.; dens. 1.217; flash pt. > 110 C; ref. index 1.4840 (20 C) <i>Toxicology:</i> Toxic; harmful if ing., inh. or absorbed thru skin; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; sensitizer; may cause allergic skin reaction; cancer suspect agent; mutagen; TSCA listed <i>Precaution:</i> Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; avoid heat <i>Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:</i> CO, CO, NO, methanol, formaldehyde;	
 rea-formaldehyde resin, methylated CAS 68071-45-4 Synonyms: Poly (urea-co-formaldehyde), methylated Classification: Formaldehyde copolymer Properties: Colorless liq.; dens. 1.217; flash pt. > 110 C; ref. index 1.4840 (20 C) Toxicology: Toxic; harmful if ing., inh. or absorbed thru skin; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; sensitizer; may cause allergic skin reaction; cancer suspect agent; mutagen; TSCA listed Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; avoid heat Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, NO₄, methanol, formaldehyde; 	1d one or
 CAS 0607143-4 Synonyms: Poly (urea-co-formaldehyde), methylated Classification: Formaldehyde copolymer Properties: Colorless liq.; dens. 1.217; flash pt. > 110 C; ref. index 1.4840 (20 C) Toxicology: Toxic; harmful if ing., inh. or absorbed thru skin; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; sensitizer; may cause allergic skin reaction; cancer suspect agent; mutagen; TSCA listed Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; avoid heat Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO, NO, methanol, formaldehyde; 	esters
 Classification: Formaldehyde copolymer Properties: Colorless liq.; dens. 1.217; flash pt. > 110 C; ref. index 1.4840 (20 C) Toxicology: Toxic; harmful if ing., inh. or absorbed thru skin; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; sensitizer; may cause allergic skin reaction; cancer suspect agent; mutagen; TSCA listed Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; avoid heat Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, NO₂, methanol, formaldehyde; Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180 VAE. See Ethylene/VA copolymer VAM. See Vinyl acetate Varnish Makers naphtha. See VM&P naphtha Varnish Makers and Painters naphtha. See VM&P naphtha 	in paper/
 Properties: Coloriess IIq.; dens. 1.217; flash pt. > 110 C; ref. index 1.4840 (20 C) <i>Toxicology:</i> Toxic; harmful if ing., inh. or absorbed thru skin; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; sensitizer; may cause allergic skin reaction; cancer suspect agent; mutagen; TSCA listed <i>Precaution:</i> Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; avoid heat Hazardous Decomp. Prods.; CO, CO, NO, methanol, formaldehyde; VAE. See Ethylene/VA copolymer VA/ethylene copolymer. See Ethylene/VA copolymer VAM. See Vinyl acetate Varnish linseed oil. See Linseed (Linum usitatissimum) oil Varnish Makers naphtha. See VM&P naphtha 	
 Toxicology: Toxic; harmful if ing., inh. or absorbed thru skin; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; sensitizer; may cause allergic skin reaction; cancer suspect agent; mutagen; TSCA listed Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; avoid heat Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO, NO, methanol, formaldehyde; Va/ethylene copolymer. See Ethylene/VA copolymer VAM. See Vinyl acetate Varnish linseed oil. See Linseed (Linum usitatissimum) oil Varnish Makers and Painters naphtha. See VM&P naphtha 	
skin, respiratory system; sensitizer; may cause allergic skin reaction; cancer suspect agent; mutagen; TSCA listed <i>Precaution:</i> Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; avoid heat <i>Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:</i> CO, CO, NO, methanol, formaldehyde;	
<i>Precaution:</i> Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; avoid heat <i>Hazardous Decomp. Prods.:</i> CO, CO ₂ , NO ₂ , methanol, formaldehyde;	
Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO, NO, methanol, formaldehyde; Variation Makets and Pantina. See Vivae hapitula	
omite toying turned under fire conditions	
Storage: Keep tightly closed: store in a cool dry place	
Uses: Crosslinking agent for coatings	
Manut./Distrib.: Aldrich Vat yellow 4 Trade Names: Resimene® II-975: Resimene® II-980 CAS 128-66-5	
<i>Trade Names Containing:</i> Resimene® U-933; Resimene® U-970 <i>Synonyms:</i> Amanthrene golden yellow; CI 59100; CI vat yellow	Dibenzo
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde. See Urea/formaldehyde resin (b,def) chrysene-7,14-dione; Dibenzo (a,b) pyrene-7,14-dione; Dibenzo (; 2,3,7,8-
Jrea, polymer with formaldehyde, butylated. See Ureal formaldehyde resin, Golden vellow: Helanthrene vellow: Indanthrene golden vellow: N	at golden
butylated Irea, reaction prods with butyl alcohol and formaldebyde See Urea/	argenaen
formaldehyde resin, butylated	nanhtha.
Urethane-acrylate. See Urethane-acrylate resin lene, xylene; sl. sol. in alcohol, chloroform, o-chlorophenol,	pyridine,
Jrethane-acrylate resin benzene; sol. < 1 mg/ml in DMSO, 95% ethanol, acetone; m.v	. 332.36;
Synonyms: Polyuretnane-acrylic; Uretnane-acrylic; Uretnane-acrylic; Uretnane-acrylic flash pt. > 93.3 C Definition: Acrylate-terminated PU prepolymers, producing inks and coatings <i>Toxicology</i> : Experimental carcinogen and tumorigen: TSCA listed	
characterized by toughness and good chem. resist. <i>Precaution:</i> Probably combustible	
Uses: Binder for radiation-cured wood/textile finishes, printing inks, paper-foil lagrups: as additive to other prods to reduce cost add touchpass and irritation fumors	ioke and
anti-skid props.; in architectural coatings such as floor and brushing var- Storage: Store under ambient temps.	
nish; curing agent used for anaerobic adhesives, tile coatings, flexible Uses: Dye for textiles and paper; military smokescreen and signa	ng agent
overprint varnisnes, outdoor applics., liber optic coatings Manuf /Distrib : LICB Radcure	
Trade Names: CN 972; CN 978; CN 980; CN 981; CN 983; Ebecryl [®] VC/VAC. See Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer	
6700 Trade Names Containing: CN 052 B70: CN 062 A90: CN 062 P00: CN 062	
E75; CN 963 E80; CN 963 J85; CN 964 A85; CN 970 A60; CN 970 A60; CN 970	
E60; CN 970 H75; CN 971 A80; CN 973 A80; CN 973 H85; CN 973 Vegetable oil	
J/5; CN 980 M50; CN 981 A/5; CN 981 B88; CN 982 A/5; CN 982 B88: CN 982 F75: CN 982 P90: CN 983 B88: CN 985 B88: Eherryl®	
4830; Upaco [®] 2956	trialvcer-
Urethane-acrylic. See Urethane-acrylate resin ides of fatty acids	
Jrethane diacrylate Toxicology: OSHA PEL/TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total dust), 5 mg/m ³ (r	espirable
Uses: Additive improving flexibility of epoxy and urethane formulations; film- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid sr	loke and
tormer for inks, coatings for plastic and metal, laminating adhesives irritating fumes	
Trade Names Containing: Ebecryl® 4849	shorten-
Jrotropine. See Hexamethylenetetramine ing, salad dressings; rubber softeners; pesticide carriers; dieta	y supple-
VA/crotonates copolymer Regulatory: FDA approved for orals, topicals	
CAS 25609-89-6 Sugarums: 2 Putopois acid, polymor with otherwil acetate: Etherwil ac	ra Tech.;
polymer with 2-butenoic acid; Vinyl acetate/crotonates copolymer; Vinyl	; Welch,
acetate/crotonic acid copolymer	
Deminiuum: Polymer of vinyl acetate and one or more monomers consisting of crotonic acid or any of its simple esters.	
Formula: $(C_4H_6O_2 \cdot C_4H_6O_2)_x$	
Properties: Dens. 1.170 Tayloologue LD50 (oral, rat) > 1850 ul/kg	
Storage: Hygroscopic Victoria blue. See Basic blue 7	
Uses: Film-former; hair fixative for aerosols, hair sprays, setting lotions, Vinegar acid. See Acetic acid	
conditioners; in tood pkg.; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry Vinegar naphtha. See Ethyl acetate	

Urea/formaldehyde resin, isobutylated

Synonyms: Poly (urea-co-formaldehyde), isobutylated

Classification: Formaldehyde copolymer

Uses: Crosslinking agent for pigmented enamels; food-contact coatings, paper/paperboard Trade Names Containing: Bootle® 1022 10: Bootle® 1047

Trade Names Containing: Beetle® 1032-10; Beetle® 1047

Urea-formaldehyde resin, methylated

CAS 68071-45-4

Synonyms: Poly (urea-co-formaldehyde), methylated

Classification: Formaldehyde copolymer

Properties: Colorless liq.; dens. 1.217; flash pt. > 110 C; ref. index 1.4840 (20 C)

Toxicology: Toxic; harmful if ing., inh. or absorbed thru skin; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; sensitizer; may cause allergic skin reaction; cancer suspect agent; mutagen; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; avoid heat

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: ČO, CO₂, NO_x, methanol, formaldehyde; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions

Storage: Keep tightly closed; store in a cool dry place

Uses: Crosslinking agent for coatings

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Trade Names: Resimene[®] U-975; Resimene[®] U-980

Trade Names Containing: Resimene® U-933; Resimene® U-970

Urea, polymer with formaldehyde. See Urea/formaldehyde resin

- Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, butylated. See Urea/formaldehyde resin, butylated
- Urea, reaction prods. with butyl alcohol and formaldehyde. See Urea/ formaldehyde resin, butylated

Urethane-acrylate. See Urethane-acrylate resin

Urethane-acrylate resin

Synonyms: Polyurethane-acrylic; Urethane-acrylate; Urethane-acrylic

Definition: Acrylate-terminated PU prepolymers, producing inks and coatings characterized by toughness and good chem. resist.

Uses: Binder for radiation-cured wood/textile finishes, printing inks, paper-foil lacquers; as additive to other prods. to reduce cost, add toughness and anti-skid props.; in architectural coatings such as floor and brushing varnish; curing agent used for anaerobic adhesives, tile coatings, flexible overprint varnishes, outdoor applics., fiber optic coatings

Manuf./Distrib.: UCB Radcure

- Trade Names: CN 972; CN 978; CN 980; CN 981; CN 983; Ebecryl® 6700
- Trade Names Containing: CN 953 B70; CN 963 A80; CN 963 B80; CN 963 E75; CN 963 E80; CN 963 J85; CN 964 A85; CN 970 A60; CN 970 E60; CN 970 H75; CN 971 A80; CN 973 A80; CN 973 H85; CN 973 J75; CN 980 M50; CN 981 A75; CN 981 B88; CN 982 A75; CN 982 B88; CN 982 E75; CN 982 P90; CN 983 B88; CN 985 B88; Ebecryl® 4830; Upaco® 2956

Urethane-acrylic. See Urethane-acrylate resin

Urethane diacrylate

Uses: Additive improving flexibility of epoxy and urethane formulations; filmformer for inks, coatings for plastic and metal, laminating adhesives *Trade Names*: Photomer[®] 6010; Photomer[®] 6140; Photomer[®] 6210 *Trade Names Containing:* Ebecryl[®] 4849

Urotropine. See Hexamethylenetetramine

VA/crotonates copolymer

CAS 25609-89-6

- Synonyms: 2-Butenoic acid, polymer with ethenyl acetate; Ethenyl acetate, polymer with 2-butenoic acid; Vinyl acetate/crotonates copolymer; Vinyl acetate/crotonic acid copolymer
- Definition: Polymer of vinyl acetate and one or more monomers consisting of crotonic acid or any of its simple esters

Formula: $(C_4H_6O_2 \cdot \acute{C}_4H_6O_2)_x$

Properties: Dens. 1.170

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 1850 µl/kg

Storage: Hygroscopic

Uses: Film-former; hair fixative for aerosols, hair sprays, setting lotions, conditioners; in food pkg.; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.350, 176.170, 176.180 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich See also Vinyl acetate/crotonic acid copolymer

VA/crotonates/vinyl propionate copolymer

Synonyms: Vinyl acetate/crotonic acid/vinyl propionate copolymer Definition: Polymer formed from vinyl acetate, vinyl propionate, and one or more monomers consisting of crotonic acid or one of its simple esters Uses: Film-former, hair fixative for hair-sprays and fixing lotions; in paper/ paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

VAE. See Ethylene/VA copolymer

VA/ethylene copolymer. See Ethylene/VA copolymer

VAM. See Vinyl acetate

Varnish linseed oil. See Linseed (Linum usitatissimum) oil

Varnish Makers naphtha. See VM&P naphtha

Varnish Makers and Painters naphtha. See VM&P naphtha

Vaseline. See Petrolatum

Vaterite. See Calcium carbonate

Vat golden yellow. See Vat yellow 4

Vat yellow 4

ČAS 128-66-5

Synonyms: Amanthrene golden yellow; Cl 59100; Cl vat yellow; Dibenzo (b,def) chrysene-7,14-dione; Dibenzo (a,b) pyrene-7,14-dione; 2,3,7,8-Dibenzopyrene-1,6-quinone; 1',2',6',7'-Dibenzpyrene-7,14-quinone; Golden yellow; Helanthrene yellow; Indanthrene golden yellow; Vat golden yellow

Empirical: C24H12O2

Properties: Orange visc. liq.; sol. in water, nitrobenzene, tetrahydronaphthalene, xylene; sl. sol. in alcohol, chloroform, o-chlorophenol, pyridine, benzene; sol. < 1 mg/ml in DMSO, 95% ethanol, acetone; m.w. 332.36; flash pt. > 93.3 C

Toxicology: Experimental carcinogen and tumorigen; TSCA listed

Precaution: Probably combustible Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritation fumos

irritating fumes Starage: Store under ambient to

Storage: Store under ambient temps. Uses: Dye for textiles and paper; military smokescreen and signaling agent

VBT. See Vinylene bisthiocyanate

VC/VAC. See Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer

VdC. See Vinylidene chloride copolymer

Vegetable carbon. See Carbon black

Vegetable gum. See Dextrin

Vegetable oil

CAS 68956-68-3; 68938-35-2; EINECS/ELINCS 273-313-5

Synonyms: Oils, vegetable; Vegetable oil mist; Viscoleo oil

- Definition: Expressed oil of vegetable origin consisting primarily of triglycerides of fatty acids
- *Toxicology:* ÓSHA PEL/TWA 15 mg/m³ (total dust), 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction); nuisance mist; may cause contact dermatitis; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Drying oils in paints; printing oil; lubricant and visc. modifier for engine lubricants, hydraulic fluids, greases, paints, plastics, textiles; in shortening, salad dressings; rubber softeners; pesticide carriers; dietary supplements; pharmaceutical filler

Regulatory: FDA approved for orals, topicals

Manuf./Distrib.: A.E. Staley Mfg.; ABITEC; Arista Ind.; Int'l. Flora Tech.; Koster Keunen; Lipo; Penwest Pharmaceuticals; Terry Labs; Welch, Holme & Clark

Trade Names Containing: Agitan® 301

Vegetable oil, hydrogenated. See Hydrogenated vegetable oil Vegetable oil mist. See Vegetable oil Verona paper red. See Basic red 12 Victoria blue. See Basic blue 7 Vienna white. See Calcium monocarbonate Vinegar acid. See Acetic acid Vinegar naphtha. See Ethyl acetate Vinyl acetal polymers, butyrals. See Polyvinyl butyral

Vinyl acetate

CAS 108-05-4; EINECS/ELINCS 203-545-4; UN No. 1301 (DOT)

- Synonyms: VAM; Acetic acid, ethenyl ester; Acetic acid, ethylene ether; Acetic acid, vinyl ester; 1-Acetoxyethylene; Ethanoic acid, ethenyl ester; Ethenyl acetate; Ethenyl ethanoate; Vinyl acetate, inhibited; Vinyl acetate monomer; Vinyl ethanoate
- Classification: Unsaturated carboxylic acid ester

Empirical: C4H6O2

Formula: CH₃COOCH=CH₂

- Properties: Colorless liq.; char. odor; polymerizes in light to a colorless transparent mass; sol. 1 g/50 ml water (20 C); sol. in ethanol, ether, acetone, benzene, chloroform, most org. solvs.; m.w. 86.09; dens. 0.932 (20/4 C); vapor pressure 100 mm (21.5 C); m.p. -93 C; b.p. 71-73 C; flash pt. (CC) -8 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 ppm; STEL 20 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 2.92 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) 2335 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., mouse, 4 h) 1550 ppm; mod. toxic by ing., inh., IP routes; skin and eye irritant; lachrymator; suspected carcinogen; experimental tumorigen, reproductive effector; human mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm.; dangerous fire risk exposed to heat, flame, or oxidizers; flamm. limits in air 2.6-13.4%; storage hazard, may undergo spontaneous exothermic polymerization; reactions with air or water can trigger explosions

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, acrid fumes

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 3; Reactivity 2

Uses: Monomer for synthesis of nitrile rubber, PVAc emulsions, PVOH, EVA copolymers, vinyl chloride-vinyl acetate copolymers, PVBI, and vinyl acetate-acrylonitrile copolymers; in polymerized form for plastic masses, films, lacquers, latex paints, adhesives, textile finishing, safety glass interlayers; textile hand modifier; binder for paper coatings

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §172.892

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Allchem Ind.; Ashland; BP Chems. Ltd; Celanese; Equistar; Fluka; Multichem; Sigma; Union Carbide; Wacker-Chemie GmbH

Trade Names: Resyn® 25-1151; Synthemul® 97635; Synthemul® 97635-00

Vinyl acetate/acrylamide copolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Vinyl acetate/acrylate copolymer

Uses: Used in interior, exterior, and semigloss paints, paper saturating, wallpaper topcoats, textile adhesives; binder for fabrics, glass fiber Trade Names: Synthemul® 550; Synthemul® 551; Synthemul® 552; Synthemul® 40550-00; Synthemul® 40552-00

Vinyl acetate/acrylic acid copolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Vinyl acetate-acrylic copolymer. See Acrylates/VA copolymer

Vinyl acetate/acrylonitrile copolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Vinyl acetate/butyl acrylate copolymer

Definition: Latex contg. 45-55% solids

Uses: Binder in emulsion paints, paper sizing, textured coatings, wallpaper coatings, fabric wadding; impregnant for blinds, upholstery fabrics, knitted fabrics; heat-seal coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Vinyl acetate/crotonates copolymer. See VA/crotonates copolymer

Vinyl acetate/crotonic acid copolymer

CAS 25609-89-6

Synonyms: 2-Butenoic acid, polymer with ethenyl acetate; Crotonic acid, polymer with vinyl acetate; Poly (vinyl acetate-co-crotonic acid); Poly (vinyl acetate-crotonic acid)

Classification: Vinyl ester copolymer

Formula: $(C_4H_6O_2 \cdot C_4H_6O_2)_x$

Properties: Beads; sol. in anhyd. ethanol; salt form sol. in water; dens. 1.170; soften. pt. 80-100 C

- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 18150 μl/kg; may be harmful by inh., ing., or skin absorption; may cause irritation to eyes, skin, mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents; capable of creating a dust explosion
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic fumes of CO, CO₂; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions
- Storage: Hygroscopic; keep tightly closed; protect from moisture; store in cool, dry place

Uses: Adhesives; fixative and film-former in hair care prods.; coating or coating component in food-contact polyolefin films; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.350, 176.170

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

See also VA/crotonates copolymer

Vinyl acetate/crotonic acid/vinyl propionate copolymer. See VA/crotonates/ vinyl propionate copolymer

Vinyl acetate/decyl acrylate copolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

- Vinyl acetate/diallyl fumarate copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170
- Vinyl acetate/diallyl maleate copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170
- Vinyl acetate/diallyl phthalate copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170
- Vinyl acetate/dibutyl maleate copolymer

Uses: In coatings for metal foil in contact with dry food; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170

- Vinyl acetate/divinylbenzene copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170
- Vinyl acetate/ethylacrylate copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Vinyl acetate/ethylene copolymer. See Ethylene/VA copolymer

Vinyl acetate/ethylene/N-(hydroxymethyl) acrylamide copolymer Uses: In coatings for paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Vinyl acetate-ethylene-vinyl chloride copolymer. See Vinyl acetate/ethylene/vinyl chloride terpolymer

Vinyl acetate/ethylene/vinyl chloride terpolymer

Synonyms: Vinyl acetate-ethylene-vinyl chloride copolymer; Vinyl chloride/ ethylene vinyl acetate copolymer

Uses: Binder, vehicle for emulsion paints, paper coatings, textured finishes, fabric coatings, flame retardant fabrics, construction adhesives, and thermal insulation systems; adhesive for flooring, walls, foam, tiles, paper/ paperboard; binder for fabrics, glass fiber; textile auxiliary and coating; paper coatings

Trade Names: Airflex® 430; Airflex® 456; Airflex® CE35

Vinyl acetate/fumaric acid copolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Vinyl acetate homopolymer. See Polyvinyl acetate Vinyl acetate, inhibited. See Vinyl acetate

Vinyl acetate/maleic acid copolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Vinyl acetate/methacrylic acid copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Vinyl acetate/methyl acrylate copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Vinyl acetate/methyl methacrylate copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Vinyl acetate monomer. See Vinyl acetate Vinyl acetate polymer. See Polyvinyl acetate Vinyl acetate resin. See Polyvinyl acetate Vinyl acetate/styrene copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Vinyl acetate/vinyl butyrate copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Vinyl acetate/vinyl chloride copolymer. See Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer Vinyl acetate/vinyl chloride polymer. See Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer Vinyl acetate/vinyl crotonate copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Vinyl acetate/vinylidene chloride copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Vinyl acetate/vinyl propionate copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Vinyl acetate/vinyl pyrrolidone copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Vinyl acetate/vinyl stearate copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Vinyl acetate/vinyl sulfonic acid copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Vinyl acetyl polymers, butyrates. See Polyvinyl butyral Vinyl acrylate CAS 2177-18-6; EINECS/ELINCS 218-538-1 Synonyms: Acrylic acid vinyl ester Empirical: C5H6O2 Properties: Liq.; m.w. 98.1; dens. 0.942; b.p. 91-92 C; ref. index 1.4320 Precaution: Flamm. Storage: Heat and light-sensitive; refrigerate Uses: Coating binder for rotogravure coatings, board coatings, size press sol'ns., food-contact paper Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich Trade Names: Resyn® 25-1140; Resyn® 25-1152 Vinyl acrylic copolymer Uses: Binder, vehicle for paints, factory finishes, roof, paper, textile and industrial coatings, adhesives, caulks, sealants, tiles Manuf./Distrib.: Air Prods.; Ashland; Hampshire; Nat'l. Starch & Chem.;

- NeoResins; Reichhold; Rhodia; Rohm & Haas; StanChem; Thibaut & Walker; Tri-Iso; Union Carbide; VYN-AC Trade Names: Everflex® MA: Polyco® 3250: Sunbond® 925: SunCryl®
- *Trade Names:* Everflex® MA; Polyco® 3250; Sunbond® 925; SunCryl® CP-50; SunCryl® CP-75; Synthemul® 40551-03; Synthemul® 40554-00; X-Link 2833; X-Link 2893; X-Link 5627
- Trade Names Containing: Sunbond® 853; Sunbond® 857; Sunbond® CP-58

Vinyl alcohol polymer. See Polyvinyl alcohol Vinyl amide. See Acrylamide Vinylbenzene, compd. with prop-2-en-1-ol. See Styrene/allyl alcohol copolymer Vinylbenzene polymer. See Polystyrene Vinyl butyrate homopolymer. See Polyvinyl butyrate N-Vinylbutyrolactam polymer. See PVP N-Vinyl-2-caprolactam CÁS 2235-00-9; EINECS/ELINCS 218-787-6 Classification: Nonaromatic amide Empirical: C₈H₁₃NO Properties: Cryst. solid; m.w. 139.20; dens. 1.29; vapor pressure < 0.1 mm (20 C), 1.2 mm (70 C); m.p. 35 C; b.p. 116 C 910 mm) Storage: Refrigerate Uses: Reactive diluent for free radical radiation-curable systems (inks, coatings, adhesives) Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich Trade Names: V-Cap™/RC Vinyl chloride/acrylonitrile copolymer Uses: In food-contact coatings; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320, 176.170 Manuf./Distrib.: Air Prods.; Eastern Chem.; Union Carbide Vinyl chloride copolymer with vinylidene chloride. See Vinylidene chloride/vinyl chloride copolymer Vinyl chloride-1,1-dichloroethylene copolymer. See Vinylidene chloride/ vinyl chloride copolymer Vinyl chloride/ethylene copolymer Definition: Copolymer of vinyl chloride and ethylene Formula: [CH₂CHCl]_x[CH₂CH₂] Uses: Carpetbacking latex; binder in water-based inks, industrial/barrier coatings, paper sizing; food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.1950 Vinyl chloride/ethylene vinyl acetate copolymer. See Vinyl acetate/ethylene/vinyl chloride terpolymer Vinyl chloride homopolymer. See Polyvinyl chloride Vinyl chloride polymer. See Polyvinyl chloride Vinyl chloride resin. See Polyvinyl chloride Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer CAS 9003-22-9; 39433-77-7 Synonyms: PVCA; VC/VAC; Acetic acid, vinyl ester compd. with chloroethene; Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer with chloroethylene; Acetic acid ethenyl ester polymer with chlorethene; Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with chloroethene; Chloroethylenevinyl acetate polymer; Poly (vinyl chloride-co-vinyl acetate); Polyvinyl chloride/polyvinyl acetate; Poly (vinyl chloride-vinyl acetate); PVC/VA copolymer; Vinyl acetate/ vinyl chloride copolymer; Vinyl acetate/vinyl chloride polymer; Vinyl

- chloride/vinyl acetate copolymers; Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate polymer Classification: Polymer
- Definition: Thermoplastic contg. 5-20% vinyl acetate
- Formula: [CH₂CH(Cl)]_x[CH₂ČH(O₂CCH₃]_y
- Properties: M.w. (148.59),; dens. 1.360
- Toxicology: TDLo (implant, mouse) 1200 mg/kg; harmful by inh., ing., skin contact; irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory system; cancer suspect agent; may cause heritable genetic damage; tumorigen; mutagen; target organs: liver, kidneys; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of HCI
- Uses: Binder for fabrics, glass fiber, marine antifouling paints, metal/plaster/ concrete paints; textile auxiliary and coating; paste processing of floor coverings, carpet backings, adhesives/laminating coatings, spray coating, paper coatings; industrial fibers; plasticized compds. (flooring, sheet); rigid compds. (records, drawing equip., stencils); in food-contact coatings *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.300, 175.320

Manuf./Distrib.: ABCR; Aldrich; Fluka; Sigma

- Trade Names: Airflex® CF50; Ucar® VAGD; Ucar® VAGH; Ucar® VMCA; Ucar® VMCC; Ucar® VMCH
- Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymers. See Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer

Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate polymer. See Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer

- Vinyl chloride/vinylidene chloride copolymer. See Vinylidene chloride/ vinyl chloride copolymer
- Vinyl chloride/vinylidene chloride polymer. See Vinylidene chloride/vinyl chloride copolymer

Vinyl crotonate homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180 Manuf./Distrib.: Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs

Vinyl cyanide. See Acrylonitrile

Vinyl cyanide copolymer. See Acrylonitrile copolymer

Vinylene bisthiocyanate

CAS 14150-71-1
Synonyms: VBT; Thiocyanic acid, 1,2-ethanediyl ester; Thiocyanic acid, vinylene ester
Empirical: C₄H₂N₂S₂
Properties: M.w. 142.2
Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 77 mg/kg
Uses: Slimicide in food-contact paper/paperboard
Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.300

Vinyl ester resin

- Definition: Liq. comprising methacrylate-terminated epoxy resin prepolymers dissolved in styrene; cured with peroxide catalysts; high str. and elong.; resist. to attack by acids and solvs.
- Uses: Thermoset used in chem. processing industry, pulp and paper mills, corrosive-resist. applics., coatings, chemically-resist./fiber-reinforced piping/tanks; food-contact crosslinked polyester resins
- Manuf./Distrib.: Alpha/Owens-Corning; Ashland; Chemcentral; Cook Composites & Polymers; Dow; Eastech; ISP; Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs; Union Carbide
- Trade Names: Derakane® 411-35; Derakane® 411-350

Vinyl ethanoate. See Vinyl acetate

Vinylformic acid. See Acrylic acid

Vinyl hexoate homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.180

Vinylidene chloride/acrylamide copolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Vinylidene chloride/acrylic acid copolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1200

Vinylidene chloride/acrylonitrile copolymer

CAS 9010-76-8

Synonyms: Poly (vinylidene chloride-co-acrylonitrile) Classification: Acrylic polymer Formula: (CH₂CCl₂)_{*}[CH₂CH(CN)]_y Properties: Dens. 1.330 Toxicology: TSCA listed Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1210 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Vinylidene chloride/butyl acrylate copolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1210

Vinylidene chloride/butyl methacrylate copolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1200

Vinylidene chloride copolymer

Synonyms: VdC; Vinylidene chloride latex

Uses: Binder for pigments, nonwovens, fire-retardant fabrics, textile backcoating, wallpaper coatings; base emulsion for fire-resist. paints, paper coatings, caulks, sealants, roof coatings; barrier coatings (paper, film, aluminum foil and board); impregnant and adhesive for papers; film and sheet extrusion for medicine, foods, cosmetics; coatings for food-contact nylon or PC film Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.360, 175.365, 181.30 Manuf./Distrib.: BFGoodrich; Hampshire; Matteson-Ridolfi; NeoResins; Scott Bader Trade Names: Darex® 550L; Polidene® 33-031 See also Polyvinylidene chloride Vinylidene chloride/ethyl acrylate copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1210 Vinylidene chloride/ethyl methacrylate copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1210 Vinylidene chloride/fumaric acid copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170 Vinylidene chloride homopolymer. See Polyvinylidene chloride Vinylidene chloride latex. See Polyvinylidene chloride; Vinylidene chloride copolymer Vinylidene chloride/methacrylic acid copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1200 Vinylidene chloride/methyl acrylate copolymer CAS 25038-72-6 Synonyms: Poly (vinylidene chloride-co-methyl acrylate) Classification: Vinylidene chloride Formula: (CH₂CCl₂)_x[CH₂CH(CO₂CH₃)]_y Properties: Gran.; m.w. ≈ 90,000 avg.; dens. 1.780; m.p. 152 C Toxicology: May be harmful by inh., ing., or skin absorp.; may cause eye/ skin/respiratory tract irritation; avoid inh., contact with eyes, skin, clothing; avoid prolonged/repeated exposure; TSCA listed Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents, strong bases, iron/iron salts, copper, zinc, aluminum; capable of creating a dust explosion Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, hydrogen chloride gas; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions Storage: Store in cool, dry place; keep tightly closed Uses: Gas and moisture barrier; food-pkg. film; flexible pkg. films; monofilament fibers; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkq.; foodcontact surfaces Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.320, 176.170, 177.1210, 177.1990, 178.1005 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich Vinylidene chloride/methyl methacrylate copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1210 Vinylidene chloride/propyl acrylate copolymer Uses: Food pkg. film; in resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings; in paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.320, 176.170, 177.1210 Vinylidene chloride/propyl methacrylate copolymer Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg. Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1210

Definition: Latex emulsion contg. vinylidene chloride and 7-50% comonomer

Vinylidene chloride/vinyl chloride copolymer

CAS 9011-06-7

Synonyms: Chloroethylene-1,1-dichloroethylene polymer; 1,1-Dichloroethene polymer with chloroethene; 1,1-Dichloroethylene-monochloroethylene

polymer; 1,1-Dichloroethylene polymer with chloroethylene; Ethene, 1,1dichloro-, polymer with chloroethene; Ethylene, 1,1-dichloro-, polymer with chloroethylene; Poly (vinylidene chloride-co-vinyl chloride); Vinyl chloride copolymer with vinylidene chloride; Vinyl chloride-1,1-dichloroethylene copolymer; Vinyl chloride/vinylidene chloride copolymer; Vinyl chloride/vinylidene chloride polymer; Vinylidene chloride/vinyl chloride polymer

Classification: Vinyl/vinylidene chloride

Empirical: $(C_2H_3CI \cdot C_2H_2CI_2)_x$

Formula: (CH₂CCl₂)_x(CH₂CHCl)_y

Properties: Solid; dens. 1.690-1.730; m.p. 163 C

- Toxicology: May be harmful by inh., ing., or skin absorption; may cause irritation to eyes, skin, mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents and bases, iron and iron salts, zinc, copper; avoid heat; capable of creating a dust explosion
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic fumes of CO, CO₂, hydrogen chloride gas; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions

Storage: Keep tightly closed; store in cool, dry place

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1210 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Vinylidene chloride/vinyl chloride polymer. See Vinylidene chloride/vinyl chloride copolymer

Vinylidene chloride/vinyl sulfonic acid copolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.170

Vinyl isobutyl ether

CAS 109⁵53-5; EINECS/ELINCS 203-678-8; UN No. 1304 (DOT) *Synonyms:* IBVE; IVE; Isobutyl vinyl ether; Poly(vinyl isobutyl ether) *Empirical:* C₆H₁₂O

Formula: CH₂=CHOCH₂CH(CH₃)₂

- *Properties:* Colorless liq.; sol. in alcohol, ether, most org. solvs.; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 100.17; dens. 0.7706 (20/20 C); vapor pressure 68 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. -132 C; b.p. 83.3 C; flash pt. (OC) 15 F; ref. index 1.396 (20 C)
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 17 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) 20 g/kg; very mildly toxic by ing., inh., and skin contact; irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Highly flamm.; dangerous fire risk; severe explosion hazard exposed to sparks or open flame; can react vigorously with oxidizing materials
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits arid smoke and fumes

Storage: Keep away from ignition sources

Uses: Polymer and copolymers in surgical adhesives, coatings, and lacquers; acrylic resin comonomer in adhesives, textiles, leather, paper coatings; plasticizer for nitrocellulose and other plastics; modifier for alkyd and polystyrene resins; chemical intermediate

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; BASF AG; Fluka

Vinyl pelargonate homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

- Vinylphosphonic acid bis (2-chloroethyl) ester. See Bis (β-chloroethyl) vinyl phosphonate
- 1,2-Vinylpolybutadiene

Uses: Thermosetting resin used in elec. potting and impregnation of transformers, capacitors, motors laminates, molding compds. and castings, rubber modifiers, mica paper binder, nuclear heat shield; for food pkg.; coagent for rubbers; peptizing agent; plasticizer; processing aid *Trade Names*: Ricon 150

Vinyl propionate homopolymer. See Poly (vinyl propionate)

- 1-Vinyl-2-pyrrolidinone polymer. See PVP
- 1-Vinyl-2-pyrrolidinone polymer with styrene. See Styrene/PVP copolymer

Vinylpyrrolidinone-styrene polymer. See Styrene/PVP copolymer Vinylpyrrolidone/acrylic acid copolymer. See PVP/acrylic acid copolymer Vinyl pyrrolidone homopolymer. See PVP N-Vinylpyrrolidone polymer. See PVP Vinylpyrrolidone/styrene copolymer. See Styrene/PVP copolymer Vinyl stearate homopolymer. See Polyvinyl stearate

Vinyl sulfonic acid homopolymer

Synonyms: Polyvinyl sulfonic acid *Uses:* In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.180

Vinyl-toluene/acrylate copolymer

Uses: Rheological modifier for paints, paper coatings, inks Trade Names: Pliolite® AC-3; Pliolite® VTAC

Vinyl-toluene/butadiene copolymer

Uses: Film-former for paints, paper coatings, adhesives, laminates, inks, hot melts

Trade Names: Pliolite® VT; Pliolite® VT-L

- Vinyon. See Polyvinyl chloride
- Violet 2. See Acid violet 49
- Violet BNP. See Acid violet 17
- Viscoleo oil. See Vegetable oil
- Viscose rayon. See Cellophane
- Vitriol brown oil. See Sulfuric acid

Vitriol, oil of. See Sulfuric acid

- VLDPE. See Polyethylene, very low-density
- VLO. See Linseed (Linum usitatissimum) oil

VM&P naphtha

- CAS 8032-32-4; EINECS/ELINCS 232-453-7; UN No. 1255 (DOT); 1271 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Benzin; Benzine (light petroleum distillate); Ligroin; Ligroine; Mineral spirits; Naphtha, petroleum; Naphtha, VM&P; Painters naphtha; Petroleum ether; Petroleum naphtha; Petroleum spirit; Petroleum spirits; Petroleum thinner; Refined solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha; Varnish Makers naphtha; Varnish Makers and Painters naphtha; White spirit
- Definition: Narrow boiling fraction of petroleum with distillation range 119-143 C
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; nonfluorescent; volatile; dens. 0.850-0.870 (15.6/15.6 C); pour pt. -56 C; b.p. 93-204 C; flash pt. (TCC) -6.6 C; ref. index 1.3630
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 300 ppm; LD50 (IV, mouse) 40 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) 3400 ppm; poison by IV; mildly toxic by inh.; eye, skin, and respiratory irritant; ing. can cause vomiting, diarrhea, drowsiness, pulmonary edema in severe cases; inh. of vapor can cause intoxication, headache; target organ: nerves; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm.; dangerous fire hazard exposed to heat, flame, sparks, or oxidizers; explosive as vapor exposed to heat or flame

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Solvent; thinner in paints and varnish; in wood preservatives for food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Amyl; Romil Ltd; Sigma Trade Names: Shell VM&P Naphtha HT

See also Mineral spirits; Naphtha

Vulcan red R. See 1-[(2-Chloro-4-nitrophenyl) azo]-2-naphthalenol Washing soda. See Sodium carbonate

Water

CAS 7732-18-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-791-2

Synonyms: Aqua; Deionized water; Distilled water; Hydrogen oxide; Ice; Purified water; Steam

Classification: Polar liq.

Empirical: H₂O

- Properties: Colorless liq.; odorless; tasteless; m.w. 18.02; dens. 1.00 (4 C); vapor pressure 760 mm Hg (100 C); f.p. 0 C; b.p. 100 C; ref. index 1.333; surf. tens. 73 dynes/cm (20 C); high dielec. const.; weak electrolyte
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 190 g/kg, (IV, mouse) 25 g/kg; human systemic effects by ing. of very large amts. (body temp. inc., convulsions, diarrhea, fever, hypermotility, muscle contraction/spasticity, nausea, vomiting, tremors); human and experimental death reported at sufficiently large doses; TSCA listed

polymer; 1,1-Dichloroethylene polymer with chloroethylene; Ethene, 1,1dichloro-, polymer with chloroethene; Ethylene, 1,1-dichloro-, polymer with chloroethylene; Poly (vinylidene chloride-co-vinyl chloride); Vinyl chloride copolymer with vinylidene chloride; Vinyl chloride-1,1-dichloroethylene copolymer; Vinyl chloride/vinylidene chloride copolymer; Vinyl chloride/vinylidene chloride polymer; Vinylidene chloride/vinyl chloride polymer

Classification: Vinyl/vinylidene chloride

Empirical: $(C_2H_3CI \cdot C_2H_2Cl_2)_x$

Formula: (CH2CCI2)x(CH2CHCI)y

Properties: Solid; dens. 1.690-1.730; m.p. 163 C

- *Toxicology:* May be harmful by inh., ing., or skin absorption; may cause irritation to eyes, skin, mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract; TSCA listed
- *Precaution:* Incompat. with strong oxidizing agents and bases, iron and iron salts, zinc, copper; avoid heat; capable of creating a dust explosion
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Toxic fumes of CO, CO₂, hydrogen chloride gas; emits toxic fumes under fire conditions

Storage: Keep tightly closed; store in cool, dry place

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; in cellophane for food pkg.

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 177.1210 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich

Vinylidene chloride/vinyl chloride polymer. See Vinylidene chloride/vinyl chloride copolymer

Vinylidene chloride/vinyl sulfonic acid copolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170

Vinyl isobutyl ether

CAS 109-53-5; EINECS/ELINCS 203-678-8; UN No. 1304 (DOT) Synonyms: IBVE; IVE; Isobutyl vinyl ether; Poly(vinyl isobutyl ether) Empirical: C₆H₁₂O

Formula: CH₂=CHOCH₂CH(CH₃)₂

- *Properties:* Colorless liq.; sol. in alcohol, ether, most org. solvs.; sl. sol. in water; m.w. 100.17; dens. 0.7706 (20/20 C); vapor pressure 68 mm Hg (20 C); m.p. -132 C; b.p. 83.3 C; flash pt. (OC) 15 F; ref. index 1.396 (20 C)
- *Toxicology:* LD50 (oral, rat) 17 g/kg, (skin, rabbit) 20 g/kg; very mildly toxic by ing., inh., and skin contact; irritant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Highly flamm.; dangerous fire risk; severe explosion hazard exposed to sparks or open flame; can react vigorously with oxidizing materials
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits arid smoke and fumes

Storage: Keep away from ignition sources

Uses: Polymer and copolymers in surgical adhesives, coatings, and lacquers; acrylic resin comonomer in adhesives, textiles, leather, paper coatings; plasticizer for nitrocellulose and other plastics; modifier for alkyd and polystyrene resins; chemical intermediate Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; BASF AG; Fluka

Wanu.,Distrib.. Aldrich, DASI AG, Th

Vinyl pelargonate homopolymer

Uses: In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.180

- Vinylphosphonic acid bis (2-chloroethyl) ester. See Bis (β-chloroethyl) vinyl phosphonate
- 1,2-Vinylpolybutadiene

Uses: Thermosetting resin used in elec. potting and impregnation of transformers, capacitors, motors laminates, molding compds. and castings, rubber modifiers, mica paper binder, nuclear heat shield; for food pkg.; coagent for rubbers; peptizing agent; plasticizer; processing aid *Trade Names*: Ricon 150

Vinyl propionate homopolymer. See Poly (vinyl propionate)

- 1-Vinyl-2-pyrrolidinone polymer. See PVP
- 1-Vinyl-2-pyrrolidinone polymer with styrene. See Styrene/PVP copolymer

Vinylpyrrolidinone-styrene polymer. See Styrene/PVP copolymer Vinylpyrrolidone/acrylic acid copolymer. See PVP/acrylic acid copolymer Vinyl pyrrolidone homopolymer. See PVP N-Vinylpyrrolidone polymer. See PVP Vinylpyrrolidone/styrene copolymer. See Styrene/PVP copolymer Vinyl stearate homopolymer. See Polyvinyl stearate

Vinyl sulfonic acid homopolymer

Synonyms: Polyvinyl sulfonic acid *Uses:* In paper/paperboard in contact with dry food *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.180

Vinyl-toluene/acrylate copolymer

Uses: Rheological modifier for paints, paper coatings, inks Trade Names: Pliolite® AC-3; Pliolite® VTAC

Vinyl-toluene/butadiene copolymer

Uses: Film-former for paints, paper coatings, adhesives, laminates, inks, hot melts

Trade Names: Pliolite® VT; Pliolite® VT-L

- Vinyon. See Polyvinyl chloride
- Violet 2. See Acid violet 49
- Violet BNP. See Acid violet 17
- Viscoleo oil. See Vegetable oil
- Viscose rayon. See Cellophane
- Vitriol brown oil. See Sulfuric acid
- Vitriol, oil of. See Sulfuric acid
- VLDPE. See Polyethylene, very low-density
- VLO. See Linseed (Linum usitatissimum) oil

VM&P naphtha

- CAS 8032-32-4; EINECS/ELINCS 232-453-7; UN No. 1255 (DOT); 1271 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Benzin; Benzine (light petroleum distillate); Ligroin; Ligroine; Mineral spirits; Naphtha, petroleum; Naphtha, VM&P; Painters naphtha; Petroleum ether; Petroleum naphtha; Petroleum spirit; Petroleum spirits; Petroleum thinner; Refined solvent naphtha; Solvent naphtha; Varnish Makers naphtha; Varnish Makers and Painters naphtha; White spirit
- Definition: Narrow boiling fraction of petroleum with distillation range 119-143 C
- Properties: Colorless clear liq.; nonfluorescent; volatile; dens. 0.850-0.870 (15.6/15.6 C); pour pt. -56 C; b.p. 93-204 C; flash pt. (TCC) -6.6 C; ref. index 1.3630
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 300 ppm; LD50 (IV, mouse) 40 mg/kg; LC50 (inh., rat, 4 h) 3400 ppm; poison by IV; mildly toxic by inh.; eye, skin, and respiratory irritant; ing. can cause vomiting, diarrhea, drowsiness, pulmonary edema in severe cases; inh. of vapor can cause intoxication, headache; target organ: nerves; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm.; dangerous fire hazard exposed to heat, flame, sparks, or oxidizers; explosive as vapor exposed to heat or flame

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Solvent; thinner in paints and varnish; in wood preservatives for food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §178.3800 Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Amyl; Romil Ltd; Sigma Trade Names: Shell VM&P Naphtha HT See also Mineral spirits; Naphtha

Vulcan red R. See 1-[(2-Chloro-4-nitrophenyl) azo]-2-naphthalenol Washing soda. See Sodium carbonate

Water

- CAS 7732-18-5; EINECS/ELINCS 231-791-2
- Synonyms: Aqua; Deionized water; Distilled water; Hydrogen oxide; Ice; Purified water; Steam

Classification: Polar liq.

Empirical: H₂O

- Properties: Colorless liq.; odorless; tasteless; m.w. 18.02; dens. 1.00 (4 C); vapor pressure 760 mm Hg (100 C); f.p. 0 C; b.p. 100 C; ref. index 1.333; surf. tens. 73 dynes/cm (20 C); high dielec. const.; weak electrolyte
- Toxicology: LD50 (IP, mouse) 190 g/kg, (IV, mouse) 25 g/kg; human systemic effects by ing. of very large amts. (body temp. inc., convulsions, diarrhea, fever, hypermotility, muscle contraction/spasticity, nausea, vomiting, tremors); human and experimental death reported at sufficiently large doses; TSCA listed

Uses: Suspending agent (papermaking, coal slurries); extraction solvent; diluent; hydration of lime; paper coatings; textile processing; industrial coolant; filtration; washing/scouring; sulfur mining; hydrolysis; Portland cement; hydraulic systems; power source; steam generation; hydrogen source; solvent in critical chromatography, semiconductor processing, pharmaceutical mfg., spectrophotometry, scintillation counting, spectrofluorescence, high purity org. synthesis, precision cleaning, etc. *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §103.35

Manuf./Distrib.: Ruger

Water glass. See Sodium metasilicate; Sodium silicate Wax, chlorinated. See Paraffin, chlorinated Waxes, carnauba. See Carnauba (Copernica cerifera) wax Waxes, microcrystalline. See Microcrystalline wax Waxes, montan. See Montan wax Waxes, montan fatty acids. See Montan acid wax Wettable powder sulfur. See Sulfur Wheat starch. See Starch White asbestos. See Asbestos White beeswax. See Beeswax White caustic. See Sodium hydroxide White ceresin wax. See Ceresin White charcoal. See Magnesium oxide White crystal. See Sodium chloride White dextrin. See Dextrin White gelatin. See Gelatin White mineral oil. See Mineral oil White ozokerite wax. See Ceresin White petrolatum. See Petrolatum White powder. See Calcium monocarbonate White shellac. See Shellac White soft paraffin. See Petrolatum White spirit. See VM&P naphtha White spirits. See Mineral spirits White wax. See Beeswax

Whiting

CAŠ 471-34-1

- Synonyms: Calcium carbonate, prepared; Calcium monocarbonate; Carbonic acid calcium salt; Drop chalk; English white; Paris white; Pigment white 18; Prepared chalk
- Definition: Naturally occurring finely ground calcium carbonate with traces of silica, iron, aluminum, or magnesium

Empirical: CCaO3

Properties: Wh. to off-wh. powd.; odorless; tasteless; sol. in acids; insol. in water; m.w. 100.09; dens. 2.7; bulking value 0.044 gal/lb; oil absorp. 5-6 (dry ground), 15 (wet ground)

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 6450 mg/kg; primary irritant; TSCA listed

Uses: Filler in rubber, thermoplastics and thermosets, and paper coatings; in putties (with linseed oil); whitewashes; sealants

Trade Names: Snowcal 75E (Export)

See also Calcium carbonate; Calcium monocarbonate

Wilkinite. See Bentonite

Willinite. See Aluminum silicate

Wollastonite

CAS 13983-17-0

Definition: A natural calcium silicate mineral found in metamorphic rock

Empirical: (1) O₃Si • Ca; (2) CaH₂O₃Si

- Properties: Wh. to brn., red, gray, or yel. cryst. solid, luster vitreous to pearly; m.w. 116.17 (1); dens. 2.8-2.9; bulking value 0.041 gal/lb; oil absorp. 22-45; GE brightness 85-93; ref. index 1.63; hardness (Mohs) 4.5-5.0
- Toxicology: TDLo (implant, rat) 200 mg/kg; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; mutagen
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Extender, filler, pigment for paints, plastics, rubber, friction, refractory, cements, wallboard, ceramics, construction, sealants, adhesives, welding rod coatings, silica gels, paper coatings; mineral wool; soil conditioner; flatting agent in powd. coatings

Manuf./Distrib.: Am. Colloid; Hammill & Gillespie; Nyco Mins.; R.T. Vanderbilt;

Reade Advanced Materials See also Calcium metasilicate

Wood alcohol. See Methyl alcohol Wood flock. See Wood flour

Wood flour

Synonyms: Wood flock

Classification: Cellulosic material

Definition: Pulverized dried wood from soft or hardwood wastes Properties: Lt. brn. fibers; sp.gr. 0.7; bulking value 0.088 gal/lb; low aspect ratio

- Precaution: Flamm.; dangerous fire risk, esp. suspended in air
- Uses: Extender/filler in dynamite, thermoset plastics, rubber, paperboard; fur cleaning; polishing agents; Sorel cement

Wood naphtha. See Methyl alcohol

Wood pulp, bleached. See Cellulose

Wood rosin. See Rosin

Wood spirit. See Methyl alcohol

Wood turpentine. See Turpentine

Wool fat. See Lanolin

Wool grease. See Lanolin

Wool orange G. See Acid orange 10

Wool violet. See Acid violet 49

Wool wax. See Lanolin

Xanthan. See Xanthan gum

Xanthan gum

CAS 11138-66-2; EINECS/ELINCS 234-394-2

Synonyms: Corn sugar gum; Xanthan

- Classification: Polysaccharide gum
- Definition: High m.w. hetero polysaccharide gum produced by a pure-culture fermentation of a carbohydrate with Xanthomonas campestris; contains D-glucose, D-mannose, and D-glucuronic acid and is prepared as the sodium, potassium, or calcium salt

Properties: Wh. to cream-colored powd., sl. organic odor, tasteless; sol. in hot or cold water producing visc. highly-pseudoplastic sol'ns.; insol. in oils, most org. solvs.; visc. 600 cps min.; unaffected by high or low pH *Toxicology:* No known toxicity; TSCA listed

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Very hygroscopic

Uses: Thickener, suspending agent, stabilizer, emulsifier, extender in ore flotation, foods, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; conditioner/stabilizer in toiletries; viscosifier for oil-well workover fluids, cleaners, adhesives, pesticides, paints; lubricant for industrial applics. incl. abrasives, adhesives, herbicides, fertilizers, ceramics, cleaners, emulsions, gels, mining, thixotropic paints, paper, petroleum, pigments; stabilizer for foods; suspending agent, stabilizer for aq. pigment slurries used in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Use Level: 0.1-0.5%; ADI 0-10 mg/kg (EU)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.124, 133.133, 133.134, 133.162, 133.178, 133.179, 172.695, 176.170; USDA 9CFR §318.7 (limitation 8%), 381.147; Japan, JCID, Europe, UK approvals; FDA approved for orals, rectals, topicals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: ADA Int'l.; ADM; AEP Colloids; Alban Muller; Aldrich; Browning; CarboMer; Charkit; Chart; Colony Ind.; Costec; Fluka; Folexco; Frutarom Meer; Gumix Int'l.; Independent Chem.; Jungbunzlauer; Monsanto; P.L. Thomas; Penta Mfg.; R.T. Vanderbilt; Rambach; Rhodia HPCII; Ruger; Sarcom; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; TIC Gums; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; V.L. Clark
- Trade Names: KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer; Ticaxan® Regular; Xanthan Gum
- Xanthylium, 3,6-bis (diethylamino)-9-(2,4-disulfophenyl)-, hydroxide, inner salt, sodium salt. See Acid red 52

Xanthylium, 9-(2-(ethoxycarbonyl) phenyl)-3,6-bis (ethylamino)-2,7-dimethyl-, chloride. See Basic red 1

o-Xenol. See o-Phenylphenol

Xylene

CAS 1330-20-7; EINECS/ELINCS 215-535-7; UN No. 1307 (DOT)

Water glass

Uses: Suspending agent (papermaking, coal slurries); extraction solvent; diluent; hydration of lime; paper coatings; textile processing; industrial coolant; filtration; washing/scouring; sulfur mining; hydrolysis; Portland cement; hydraulic systems; power source; steam generation; hydrogen source; solvent in critical chromatography, semiconductor processing, pharmaceutical mfg., spectrophotometry, scintillation counting, spectrofluorescence, high purity org. synthesis, precision cleaning, etc. *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §103.35

Manuf./Distrib.: Ruger

Water glass. See Sodium metasilicate; Sodium silicate Wax, chlorinated. See Paraffin, chlorinated Waxes, carnauba. See Carnauba (Copernica cerifera) wax Waxes, microcrystalline. See Microcrystalline wax Waxes, montan. See Montan wax Waxes, montan fatty acids. See Montan acid wax Wettable powder sulfur. See Sulfur Wheat starch. See Starch White asbestos. See Asbestos White beeswax. See Beeswax White caustic. See Sodium hydroxide White ceresin wax. See Ceresin White charcoal. See Magnesium oxide White crystal. See Sodium chloride White dextrin. See Dextrin White gelatin. See Gelatin White mineral oil. See Mineral oil White ozokerite wax. See Ceresin White petrolatum. See Petrolatum White powder. See Calcium monocarbonate White shellac. See Shellac White soft paraffin. See Petrolatum White spirit. See VM&P naphtha White spirits. See Mineral spirits White wax. See Beeswax

Whiting

CAŠ 471-34-1

- Synonyms: Calcium carbonate, prepared; Calcium monocarbonate; Carbonic acid calcium salt; Drop chalk; English white; Paris white; Pigment white 18; Prepared chalk
- Definition: Naturally occurring finely ground calcium carbonate with traces of silica, iron, aluminum, or magnesium

Empirical: CCaO3

Properties: Wh. to off-wh. powd.; odorless; tasteless; sol. in acids; insol. in water; m.w. 100.09; dens. 2.7; bulking value 0.044 gal/lb; oil absorp. 5-6 (dry ground), 15 (wet ground)

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 6450 mg/kg; primary irritant; TSCA listed

Uses: Filler in rubber, thermoplastics and thermosets, and paper coatings; in putties (with linseed oil); whitewashes; sealants

Trade Names: Snowcal 75E (Export)

See also Calcium carbonate; Calcium monocarbonate

Wilkinite. See Bentonite

Willinite. See Aluminum silicate

Wollastonite

CAS 13983-17-0

Definition: A natural calcium silicate mineral found in metamorphic rock

Empirical: (1) O₃Si • Ca; (2) CaH₂O₃Si

- Properties: Wh. to brn., red, gray, or yel. cryst. solid, luster vitreous to pearly; m.w. 116.17 (1); dens. 2.8-2.9; bulking value 0.041 gal/lb; oil absorp. 22-45; GE brightness 85-93; ref. index 1.63; hardness (Mohs) 4.5-5.0
- Toxicology: TDLo (implant, rat) 200 mg/kg; questionable carcinogen; experimental tumorigen; mutagen
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Extender, filler, pigment for paints, plastics, rubber, friction, refractory, cements, wallboard, ceramics, construction, sealants, adhesives, welding rod coatings, silica gels, paper coatings; mineral wool; soil conditioner; flatting agent in powd. coatings

Manuf./Distrib.: Am. Colloid; Hammill & Gillespie; Nyco Mins.; R.T. Vanderbilt;

Reade Advanced Materials See also Calcium metasilicate

Wood alcohol. See Methyl alcohol Wood flock. See Wood flour

Wood flour

Synonyms: Wood flock

Classification: Cellulosic material

Definition: Pulverized dried wood from soft or hardwood wastes Properties: Lt. brn. fibers; sp.gr. 0.7; bulking value 0.088 gal/lb; low aspect ratio

Precaution: Flamm.; dangerous fire risk, esp. suspended in air

Uses: Extender/filler in dynamite, thermoset plastics, rubber, paperboard; fur cleaning; polishing agents; Sorel cement

Wood naphtha. See Methyl alcohol

Wood pulp, bleached. See Cellulose

Wood rosin. See Rosin

Wood spirit. See Methyl alcohol

Wood turpentine. See Turpentine

Wool fat. See Lanolin

Wool grease. See Lanolin

Wool orange G. See Acid orange 10

Wool violet. See Acid violet 49

Wool wax. See Lanolin

Xanthan. See Xanthan gum

Xanthan gum

CAS 11138-66-2; EINECS/ELINCS 234-394-2

Synonyms: Corn sugar gum; Xanthan

- Classification: Polysaccharide gum
- Definition: High m.w. hetero polysaccharide gum produced by a pure-culture fermentation of a carbohydrate with Xanthomonas campestris; contains D-glucose, D-mannose, and D-glucuronic acid and is prepared as the sodium, potassium, or calcium salt

Properties: Wh. to cream-colored powd., sl. organic odor, tasteless; sol. in hot or cold water producing visc. highly-pseudoplastic sol'ns.; insol. in oils, most org. solvs.; visc. 600 cps min.; unaffected by high or low pH *Toxicology*: No known toxicity; TSCA listed

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

Storage: Very hygroscopic

Uses: Thickener, suspending agent, stabilizer, emulsifier, extender in ore flotation, foods, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals; conditioner/stabilizer in toiletries; viscosifier for oil-well workover fluids, cleaners, adhesives, pesticides, paints; lubricant for industrial applics. incl. abrasives, adhesives, herbicides, fertilizers, ceramics, cleaners, emulsions, gels, mining, thixotropic paints, paper, petroleum, pigments; stabilizer for foods; suspending agent, stabilizer for aq. pigment slurries used in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods

Use Level: 0.1-0.5%; ADI 0-10 mg/kg (EU)

- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §133.124, 133.133, 133.134, 133.162, 133.178, 133.179, 172.695, 176.170; USDA 9CFR §318.7 (limitation 8%), 381.147; Japan, JCID, Europe, UK approvals; FDA approved for orals, rectals, topicals; USP/NF compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: ADA Int'l.; ADM; AEP Colloids; Alban Muller; Aldrich; Browning; CarboMer; Charkit; Chart; Colony Ind.; Costec; Fluka; Folexco; Frutarom Meer; Gumix Int'l.; Independent Chem.; Jungbunzlauer; Monsanto; P.L. Thomas; Penta Mfg.; R.T. Vanderbilt; Rambach; Rhodia HPCII; Ruger; Sarcom; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; TIC Gums; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; V.L. Clark
- Trade Names: KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer; Ticaxan® Regular; Xanthan Gum
- Xanthylium, 3,6-bis (diethylamino)-9-(2,4-disulfophenyl)-, hydroxide, inner salt, sodium salt. See Acid red 52

Xanthylium, 9-(2-(ethoxycarbonyl) phenyl)-3,6-bis (ethylamino)-2,7-dimethyl-, chloride. See Basic red 1

o-Xenol. See o-Phenylphenol

Xylene

CAS 1330-20-7; EINECS/ELINCS 215-535-7; UN No. 1307 (DOT)

Synonyms: C_ $_{\rm 8}$ aromatics; Dimethylbenzene; Methyl toluene; Mixed xylenes; Xylene, mixed; Xylol

Classification: Aromatic hydrocarbon

Definition: Commercial mixture of 3 isomers: o-, m-, and p-xylene (1,3dimethylbenzene, 1,2-dimethylbenzene, 1,4-dimethylbenzene)

Empirical: C₈H₁₀

Formula: C₆H₄(CH₃)₂

- Properties: Colorless clear liq., char. sweet odor; sol. in abs. alcohol, ethanol, diethyl ether, many org. liqs.; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 106.16; dens. 0.86; vapor pressure 6.72 mm Hg (21 C); b.p. 137-144 C; flash pt. (CC) 29 C; ref. index 1.4970; KB value 98
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 100 ppm; STEL 150 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 4300 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 2459 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP and subcut. routes; mildly toxic by ing., inh.; irritant to eyes (severe), skin, respiratory tract; human systemic effects; may be narcotic in high concs. causing CNS depression, dizziness, nausea, unconsciousness; repeated skin contact causes defatting, dermatitis; possible liver damage; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Highly flamm.; moderate fire risk; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents, nitric acid, dichlorohydantoin; increased fire and explosion risk
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in cool well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight, away from heat/ignition sources
- Uses: Solvent for alkyd resins, lacquers, enamels, rubber cements, paints, printing inks, leather, gums, acrylic resins, rubber, adhesives, castor/ linseed oils; raw material for prod. of benzoic acid, phthalic anhydride, dyes, paints, other organics; insecticide carrier; aviation gasoline; protective coating; degreaser, cleaning agent; carrier in epoxy resin prod.; chem. synthesis; mfg. of quartz crystal oscillators, perfumes, insect repellents; liq. scintillation; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; in acrylic food pkg.
- *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 177.1010, 177.1650; SARA reportable
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Amyl; Arch Chems.; Ashland; Atofina Bruxelles; BP Chems. Ltd; Baychem; Chemcentral; ChevronPhillips; Coyne; Crowley Chem.; Exxon; Fluka; General Chem.; Harcros; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; J.T. Baker; LG Petrochem. Co. Ltd; Lyondell; Mallinckrodt Baker; Marathon Ashland Petrol.; Mobil; Nova Ltd; R.E. Carroll; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Samson; Shell; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sunoco; Van Waters & Rogers

Trade Name's Containing: Ancamide® 220-X-70; Beetle® 216-8; Beetle® 227-8; Beetle® 1047; Beetle® 1050; Cymel® 245-8; Cymel® 248-8; Multiflow® Resin; Resimene® U-901; Resimene® U-920; Resimene® U-933; TEGO® Airex 960; TEGO® Airex 970

1,2-Xylene. See o-Xylene

o-Xylene

- CAS 95-47-6; EINECS/ELINCS 202-422-2; UN No. 1307 (DOT) Synonyms: Benzene, 1,2-dimethyl; o-Dimethylbenzene; 1,2-Dimethylbenzene; o-Methyltoluene; 1,2-Xylene; o-Xylol
- Empirical: C₈H₁₀
- Formula: $C_6H_4(CH_3)_2$
- Properties: Colorless liq.; misc. with abs. alcohol, ether, most org. solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 106.17; dens. 0.8802 (20 C); m.p. -25 C; b.p. 141.5-144.5 C; flash pt. (TOC) 30 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 100 ppm; STEL 150 ppm; LDLo (oral, rat) 8800 mg/kg; LD50 (IP, mouse) 1364 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP route; mildly toxic by ing., inh.; experimental teratogen; common air contaminant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Flamm. liq.; dangerous fire hazard exposed to heat or flame; explosive as vapor exposed to heat or flame; incompat. with oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

Uses: Solvent for paints; mfg. of phthalic anhydride, vitamins, pharmaceuticals, dyes, insecticides; motor fuels; prod. of plasticizers

Manuf./Distrib.: Equistar; Exxon; Mobil; Shell; Spectrum Quality Prods. *Trade Names Containing*: Uniplex 280 CG

Xylene, mixed. See Xylene Xylene red B. See Acid red 52

Xylene sulfonic acid-formaldehyde condensate, sodium salt

Uses: Adjuvant to control pulp absorbency and pitch content in mfg. of paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Xylidine ponceau. See Acid red 26

Xylidine red. See Acid red 26

Xyloidin. See Nitrocellulose

Xylol. See Xylene

o-Xylol. See o-Xylene

1-Xylylazo-2-naphthol-3,6-disulfonic acid, disodium salt. See Acid red 26 1-(2,4-Xylylazo)-2-naphthol-3,6-disulfonic acid, disodium salt. See Acid red 26

Yarmor. See Pine (Pinus palustris) oil

Yarmor pine oil. See Pine (Pinus palustris) oil

Yellow beeswax. See Beeswax

Yellow dextrin. See Dextrin

Yellow ferric oxide. See Ferric oxide

Yellow ochre. See Iron oxide yellow

Yellow pine rosin. See Rosin

Yellow prussiate of soda. See Sodium ferrocyanide

Yellow resin. See Rosin

Yellow wax. See Beeswax

ZDMC. See Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate

Zea mays. See Corn (Zea mays) oil; Corn (Zea mays) starch

Zea mays oil. See Corn (Zea mays) oil

Zea mays starch. See Corn (Zea mays) starch

Zeolite

CAS 1318-02-1; EINECS/ELINCS 215-283-8

Synonyms: Aluminosilicates, zeolites

Definition: Hydrated alkali aluminum silicate

- Formula: $Na_2O \cdot Al_2O_3 \cdot xSiO_2 \cdot yH_2O$
- Properties: Dens. 0.58-0.75; pH 5-12

Toxicology: Irritant; mutagen; TSCA listed

Storage: Hygroscopic

- Uses: Cryst. molecular sieve which selectively adsorbs molecules and exchange ions; pollution and odor adsorbent; detergent builder; in desiccant systems; to separate gases; white pigment in paper, paint, and plastics; carpet cleaners; dentifrices; flame retardants; for making catalysts used in petroleum refining and petrochemicals; dispersants; ionexchange medium; construction material; filler; food-pkg. materials
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Am. Colloid; Atofina; Bayer; Crosfield; Degussa-Hüls; FMC Foret; Fluka; PQ; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; UOP; Zeochem

Trade Names: Abscents® 1000; Abscents® 2000; Abscents® 3000 *See also* Sodium silicoaluminate

Zeolites. See Sodium silicoaluminate

Zeolite synthetic

CAS 68989-22-0

Definition: Produced by gel process (sodium silicate and alumina) or a clay process (kaolin) which forms a matrix to which the zeolite is added

- Uses: Water softener; detergent builder; cracking catalyst; adsorbents; desiccants; in solar collectors (as heating and cooling agents); pigment extender in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Bayer; Crosfield BV; PQ; Selecto Scientific; Sybron; Zeolyst Int'l.

Zinc abietate. See Zinc rosinate

Zinc bis (dimethyldithiocarbamate). See Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate Zinc bis (dimethylthiocarbamoyl) disulfide. See Zinc dimethyldithiocarba-

mate

Zinc carbonate

CAS 3486-35-9; EINECS/ELINCS 222-477-6; UN No. 9157 (NA) Synonyms: Carbonic acid, zinc salt (1:1); CI 77950; Natural smithsonite; Zinc carbonate (1:1); Zinc monocarbonate Classification: Inorganic zinc salt

Definition: Occurs in nature as the minerals smithsonite, zincspar

Synonyms: C₈ aromatics; Dimethylbenzene; Methyl toluene; Mixed xylenes; Xylene, mixed; Xylol

Classification: Aromatic hydrocarbon

Definition: Commercial mixture of 3 isomers: o-, m-, and p-xylene (1,3dimethylbenzene, 1,2-dimethylbenzene, 1,4-dimethylbenzene)

Empirical: C₈H₁₀

Formula: C₆H₄(CH₃)₂

- Properties: Colorless clear liq., char. sweet odor; sol. in abs. alcohol, ethanol, diethyl ether, many org. liqs.; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 106.16; dens. 0.86; vapor pressure 6.72 mm Hg (21 C); b.p. 137-144 C; flash pt. (CC) 29 C; ref. index 1.4970; KB value 98
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 100 ppm; STEL 150 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 4300 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 2459 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP and subcut. routes; mildly toxic by ing., inh.; irritant to eyes (severe), skin, respiratory tract; human systemic effects; may be narcotic in high concs. causing CNS depression, dizziness, nausea, unconsciousness; repeated skin contact causes defatting, dermatitis; possible liver damage; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Highly flamm.; moderate fire risk; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents, nitric acid, dichlorohydantoin; increased fire and explosion risk
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in cool well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight, away from heat/ignition sources
- Uses: Solvent for alkyd resins, lacquers, enamels, rubber cements, paints, printing inks, leather, gums, acrylic resins, rubber, adhesives, castor/ linseed oils; raw material for prod. of benzoic acid, phthalic anhydride, dyes, paints, other organics; insecticide carrier; aviation gasoline; protective coating; degreaser, cleaning agent; carrier in epoxy resin prod.; chem. synthesis; mfg. of quartz crystal oscillators, perfumes, insect repellents; liq. scintillation; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; in acrylic food pkg.
- *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 177.1010, 177.1650; SARA reportable
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Amyl; Arch Chems.; Ashland; Atofina Bruxelles; BP Chems. Ltd; Baychem; Chemcentral; ChevronPhillips; Coyne; Crowley Chem.; Exxon; Fluka; General Chem.; Harcros; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; J.T. Baker; LG Petrochem. Co. Ltd; Lyondell; Mallinckrodt Baker; Marathon Ashland Petrol.; Mobil; Nova Ltd; R.E. Carroll; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Samson; Shell; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sunoco; Van Waters & Rogers

Trade Name's Containing: Ancamide® 220-X-70; Beetle® 216-8; Beetle® 227-8; Beetle® 1047; Beetle® 1050; Cymel® 245-8; Cymel® 248-8; Multiflow® Resin; Resimene® U-901; Resimene® U-920; Resimene® U-933; TEGO® Airex 960; TEGO® Airex 970

1,2-Xylene. See o-Xylene

o-Xylene

- CAS 95-47-6; EINECS/ELINCS 202-422-2; UN No. 1307 (DOT) Synonyms: Benzene, 1,2-dimethyl; o-Dimethylbenzene; 1,2-Dimethylbenzene; o-Methyltoluene; 1,2-Xylene; o-Xylol
- Empirical: C₈H₁₀
- Formula: $C_6H_4(CH_3)_2$
- Properties: Colorless liq.; misc. with abs. alcohol, ether, most org. solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 106.17; dens. 0.8802 (20 C); m.p. -25 C; b.p. 141.5-144.5 C; flash pt. (TOC) 30 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 100 ppm; STEL 150 ppm; LDLo (oral, rat) 8800 mg/kg; LD50 (IP, mouse) 1364 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP route; mildly toxic by ing., inh.; experimental teratogen; common air contaminant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Flamm. liq.; dangerous fire hazard exposed to heat or flame; explosive as vapor exposed to heat or flame; incompat. with oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

Uses: Solvent for paints; mfg. of phthalic anhydride, vitamins, pharmaceuticals, dyes, insecticides; motor fuels; prod. of plasticizers

Manuf./Distrib.: Equistar; Exxon; Mobil; Shell; Spectrum Quality Prods. *Trade Names Containing*: Uniplex 280 CG

Xylene, mixed. See Xylene Xylene red B. See Acid red 52

Xylene sulfonic acid-formaldehyde condensate, sodium salt

Uses: Adjuvant to control pulp absorbency and pitch content in mfg. of paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Xylidine ponceau. See Acid red 26

Xylidine red. See Acid red 26

Xyloidin. See Nitrocellulose

Xylol. See Xylene

o-Xylol. See o-Xylene

1-Xylylazo-2-naphthol-3,6-disulfonic acid, disodium salt. See Acid red 26 1-(2,4-Xylylazo)-2-naphthol-3,6-disulfonic acid, disodium salt. See Acid red 26

Yarmor. See Pine (Pinus palustris) oil

Yarmor pine oil. See Pine (Pinus palustris) oil

Yellow beeswax. See Beeswax

Yellow dextrin. See Dextrin

Yellow ferric oxide. See Ferric oxide

Yellow ochre. See Iron oxide yellow

Yellow pine rosin. See Rosin

Yellow prussiate of soda. See Sodium ferrocyanide

Yellow resin. See Rosin

Yellow wax. See Beeswax

ZDMC. See Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate

Zea mays. See Corn (Zea mays) oil; Corn (Zea mays) starch

Zea mays oil. See Corn (Zea mays) oil

Zea mays starch. See Corn (Zea mays) starch

Zeolite

CAS 1318-02-1; EINECS/ELINCS 215-283-8

Synonyms: Aluminosilicates, zeolites

Definition: Hydrated alkali aluminum silicate

- Formula: $Na_2O \cdot Al_2O_3 \cdot xSiO_2 \cdot yH_2O$
- Properties: Dens. 0.58-0.75; pH 5-12

Toxicology: Irritant; mutagen; TSCA listed

Storage: Hygroscopic

- Uses: Cryst. molecular sieve which selectively adsorbs molecules and exchange ions; pollution and odor adsorbent; detergent builder; in desiccant systems; to separate gases; white pigment in paper, paint, and plastics; carpet cleaners; dentifrices; flame retardants; for making catalysts used in petroleum refining and petrochemicals; dispersants; ionexchange medium; construction material; filler; food-pkg. materials
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Am. Colloid; Atofina; Bayer; Crosfield; Degussa-Hüls; FMC Foret; Fluka; PQ; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; UOP; Zeochem

Trade Names: Abscents® 1000; Abscents® 2000; Abscents® 3000 *See also* Sodium silicoaluminate

Zeolites. See Sodium silicoaluminate

Zeolite synthetic

CAS 68989-22-0

Definition: Produced by gel process (sodium silicate and alumina) or a clay process (kaolin) which forms a matrix to which the zeolite is added

- Uses: Water softener; detergent builder; cracking catalyst; adsorbents; desiccants; in solar collectors (as heating and cooling agents); pigment extender in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Bayer; Crosfield BV; PQ; Selecto Scientific; Sybron; Zeolyst Int'l.

Zinc abietate. See Zinc rosinate

Zinc bis (dimethyldithiocarbamate). See Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate Zinc bis (dimethylthiocarbamoyl) disulfide. See Zinc dimethyldithiocarba-

Zinc carbonate

mate

CAS 3486-35-9; EINECS/ELINCS 222-477-6; UN No. 9157 (NA) Synonyms: Carbonic acid, zinc salt (1:1); CI 77950; Natural smithsonite; Zinc carbonate (1:1); Zinc monocarbonate Classification: Inorganic zinc salt

Definition: Occurs in nature as the minerals smithsonite, zincspar

Synonyms: C₈ aromatics; Dimethylbenzene; Methyl toluene; Mixed xylenes; Xylene, mixed; Xylol

Classification: Aromatic hydrocarbon

Definition: Commercial mixture of 3 isomers: o-, m-, and p-xylene (1,3dimethylbenzene, 1,2-dimethylbenzene, 1,4-dimethylbenzene)

Empirical: C₈H₁₀

Formula: C₆H₄(CH₃)₂

- Properties: Colorless clear liq., char. sweet odor; sol. in abs. alcohol, ethanol, diethyl ether, many org. liqs.; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 106.16; dens. 0.86; vapor pressure 6.72 mm Hg (21 C); b.p. 137-144 C; flash pt. (CC) 29 C; ref. index 1.4970; KB value 98
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 100 ppm; STEL 150 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 4300 mg/kg, (IP, rat) 2459 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP and subcut. routes; mildly toxic by ing., inh.; irritant to eyes (severe), skin, respiratory tract; human systemic effects; may be narcotic in high concs. causing CNS depression, dizziness, nausea, unconsciousness; repeated skin contact causes defatting, dermatitis; possible liver damage; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Highly flamm.; moderate fire risk; incompat. with strong oxidizing agents, nitric acid, dichlorohydantoin; increased fire and explosion risk
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0
- Storage: Store in cool well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight, away from heat/ignition sources
- Uses: Solvent for alkyd resins, lacquers, enamels, rubber cements, paints, printing inks, leather, gums, acrylic resins, rubber, adhesives, castor/ linseed oils; raw material for prod. of benzoic acid, phthalic anhydride, dyes, paints, other organics; insecticide carrier; aviation gasoline; protective coating; degreaser, cleaning agent; carrier in epoxy resin prod.; chem. synthesis; mfg. of quartz crystal oscillators, perfumes, insect repellents; liq. scintillation; in food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; in acrylic food pkg.
- *Regulatory*: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.180, 177.1010, 177.1650; SARA reportable
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Amyl; Arch Chems.; Ashland; Atofina Bruxelles; BP Chems. Ltd; Baychem; Chemcentral; ChevronPhillips; Coyne; Crowley Chem.; Exxon; Fluka; General Chem.; Harcros; Honeywell Perf. Polymers; Houghton Chem.; Hukill; J.T. Baker; LG Petrochem. Co. Ltd; Lyondell; Mallinckrodt Baker; Marathon Ashland Petrol.; Mobil; Nova Ltd; R.E. Carroll; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Sal Chem.; Samson; Shell; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sunoco; Van Waters & Rogers

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1,2-Xylene. See o-Xylene

o-Xylene

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- Empirical: C₈H₁₀
- Formula: $C_6H_4(CH_3)_2$
- Properties: Colorless liq.; misc. with abs. alcohol, ether, most org. solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 106.17; dens. 0.8802 (20 C); m.p. -25 C; b.p. 141.5-144.5 C; flash pt. (TOC) 30 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 100 ppm; STEL 150 ppm; LDLo (oral, rat) 8800 mg/kg; LD50 (IP, mouse) 1364 mg/kg; mod. toxic by IP route; mildly toxic by ing., inh.; experimental teratogen; common air contaminant; TSCA listed
- Precaution: DOT: Flamm. liq.; dangerous fire hazard exposed to heat or flame; explosive as vapor exposed to heat or flame; incompat. with oxidizers
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 2; Flammability 3; Reactivity 0

Uses: Solvent for paints; mfg. of phthalic anhydride, vitamins, pharmaceuticals, dyes, insecticides; motor fuels; prod. of plasticizers

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Xylene, mixed. See Xylene Xylene red B. See Acid red 52

Xylene sulfonic acid-formaldehyde condensate, sodium salt

Uses: Adjuvant to control pulp absorbency and pitch content in mfg. of paper/ paperboard in contact with aq./fatty/dry foods Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170, 176.180

Xylidine ponceau. See Acid red 26

Xylidine red. See Acid red 26

Xyloidin. See Nitrocellulose

Xylol. See Xylene

o-Xylol. See o-Xylene

1-Xylylazo-2-naphthol-3,6-disulfonic acid, disodium salt. See Acid red 26 1-(2,4-Xylylazo)-2-naphthol-3,6-disulfonic acid, disodium salt. See Acid red 26

Yarmor. See Pine (Pinus palustris) oil

Yarmor pine oil. See Pine (Pinus palustris) oil

Yellow beeswax. See Beeswax

Yellow dextrin. See Dextrin

Yellow ferric oxide. See Ferric oxide

Yellow ochre. See Iron oxide yellow

Yellow pine rosin. See Rosin

Yellow prussiate of soda. See Sodium ferrocyanide

Yellow resin. See Rosin

Yellow wax. See Beeswax

ZDMC. See Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate

Zea mays. See Corn (Zea mays) oil; Corn (Zea mays) starch

Zea mays oil. See Corn (Zea mays) oil

Zea mays starch. See Corn (Zea mays) starch

Zeolite

CAS 1318-02-1; EINECS/ELINCS 215-283-8

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- Properties: Dens. 0.58-0.75; pH 5-12

Toxicology: Irritant; mutagen; TSCA listed

Storage: Hygroscopic

- Uses: Cryst. molecular sieve which selectively adsorbs molecules and exchange ions; pollution and odor adsorbent; detergent builder; in desiccant systems; to separate gases; white pigment in paper, paint, and plastics; carpet cleaners; dentifrices; flame retardants; for making catalysts used in petroleum refining and petrochemicals; dispersants; ionexchange medium; construction material; filler; food-pkg. materials
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Am. Colloid; Atofina; Bayer; Crosfield; Degussa-Hüls; FMC Foret; Fluka; PQ; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; UOP; Zeochem

Trade Names: Abscents® 1000; Abscents® 2000; Abscents® 3000 *See also* Sodium silicoaluminate

Zeolites. See Sodium silicoaluminate

Zeolite synthetic

CAS 68989-22-0

Definition: Produced by gel process (sodium silicate and alumina) or a clay process (kaolin) which forms a matrix to which the zeolite is added

- Uses: Water softener; detergent builder; cracking catalyst; adsorbents; desiccants; in solar collectors (as heating and cooling agents); pigment extender in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170
- Manuf./Distrib.: Albemarle; Bayer; Crosfield BV; PQ; Selecto Scientific; Sybron; Zeolyst Int'l.

Zinc abietate. See Zinc rosinate

Zinc bis (dimethyldithiocarbamate). See Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate Zinc bis (dimethylthiocarbamoyl) disulfide. See Zinc dimethyldithiocarba-

Zinc carbonate

mate

CAS 3486-35-9; EINECS/ELINCS 222-477-6; UN No. 9157 (NA) Synonyms: Carbonic acid, zinc salt (1:1); CI 77950; Natural smithsonite; Zinc carbonate (1:1); Zinc monocarbonate Classification: Inorganic zinc salt

Definition: Occurs in nature as the minerals smithsonite, zincspar

Empirical: CO3 • Zn

Formula: ZnCO3

- Properties: Wh. cryst. powd.; sol. in dil. acids, alkalis, ammonium salt sol'ns.; insol. in water; m.w. 125.38; dens. 4.42-4.45
- Toxicology: TDLo (oral, mouse) 2800 mg/kg; experimental teratogen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Evolves CO₂ @ 300 C
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of CO and Zn
- Uses: Accelerator-activator for transparent nat. and syn. rubber goods, adhesives; as pigment; fireproofing filler for rubber and plastics; ceramics; porcelains; pottery; topical antiseptics; pharmaceuticals (ointments, dusting powds.); cosmetics; lotions; zinc salts; colorant in food-contact polymers, paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; filler in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 176.170, 177.1460, 177.2600, 178.3297, 582.80
- Manuf./Distrib.: Allchem Ind.; Cater Chems.; Century Multech; Elementis Spec.; Hummel Croton; L. Bruggemann; Lohmann; Min. R&D; Pacific West; Poly Research; Spectrum Quality Prods.

Zinc carbonate (1:1). See Zinc carbonate

Zinc diethyl. See Diethyl zinc

Zinc di-2-ethylhexoate. See Zinc 2-ethylhexanoate

Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate

- CAS 137-30-4; EINECS/ELINCS 205-288-3
- Synonyms: ZDMC; Bis (dimethylcarbamodithioato,S,S') zinc; Carbamic acid, dimethyldithio-, zinc salt (2:1); Dimethylcarbamodithioic acid, zinc salt; Dimethyldithiocarbamate zinc salt; Zinc bis (dimethyldithiocarbamate); Zinc bis (dimethylthiocarbamoyl) disulfide; Ziram
- Classification: Metal dithiocarbamate
- Empirical: C₆H₁₂N₂S₄Zn
- Formula: Zn(SCSNCH₃CH₃)₂
- Properties: Wh. cryst. solid; odorless when pure; sol. in chloroform, dil. caustic sol'ns., acetone, carbon disulfide, chloroform, conc. HCl, aq. alkali, oxygenated and chlorinated solvs.; pract. insol. in water; m.w. 305.82; dens. 1.66; m.p. 246 C
- Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 267 mg/kg, (dermal, rabbit) > 2 g/kg; poison by ing., IP, and IV routes; mod. toxic by inh.; strong irritant to skin and mucous membranes; carcinogen, tumorigen, mutagen; experimental teratogen, reproductive effects; TSCA listed
- Environmental: Mod. toxic to fish; nontoxic to bees
- Precaution: Can form a flamm. dust
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits very toxic fumes of NOx and SOx
- Uses: Rubber vulcanization accelerator; agric. fungicide; biocide for water treatment, paper sizing, adhesives; preservative for starch and syn. latex adhesives, food-pkg. adhesives, food-contact animal glues; mold inhibitor for unmodified latex paints; accelerator in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.2600, 178.3120

Manuf./Distrib.: Akzo Nobel; Aldrich; Atofina Agri; FMC Foret; Fluka; Helm AG; Micro S.A. de C.V.; R.T. Vanderbilt; UCB; Uniroyal Trade Names: Vancide® MZ-96; Vancide® MZ-96 Disp.

Zinc distearate. See Zinc stearate

Zinc dithionite. See Zinc hydrosulfite

Zinc ethide. See Diethyl zinc

Zinc ethyl. See Diethyl zinc

Zinc 2-ethylhexanoate

CAS 136-53-8

- Synonyms: Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt; Zinc di-2-ethylhexoate; Zinc octoate
- *Empirical:* C₁₆H₃₀O₄Zn

Formula: [CH₃(CH₂)₃C₂H₅CHCOO]₂Zn

Properties: Lt. straw-colored visc. liq.; sol. in hydrocarbon solvs.; insol. in water; m.w. 351.79; dens. 0.90 kg/l

Precaution: Combustible

Uses: Activator for natural and syn. rubbers; drier for paints, in food-contact coatings; stabilizer for foam processing; catalyst; in food-pkg. adhesives; ink transfer preventive in food-contact paper/paperboard

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.130, 176.170 Manuf./Distrib.: AC Ind.; Aceto; Archway Sales; Baychem; Boehle; CasChem; D.N. Lukens; Dussek Campbell; Ferro/Bedford; Lomas Int'l.; OM Group; R.T. Vanderbilt; Shepherd; Troy; Vliengenthart BV

Zinc formaldehyde sulfoxylate

- CAS 24887-06-7; EINECS/ELINCS 246-515-6
- Synonyms: Bis(hydroxymethanesulfinato-O,O') zinc; Zinc sulfoxylate formaldehyde
- *Empirical*: C₂H₆O₆S₂Zn
- Formula: Zn(HSO₂ CH₂O)₂ (normal) or Zn(OH)(HSO₂ CH₂O) (basic)
- Properties: Rhombic prisms; very sol. in water (normal); insol. in water (basic); insol. in alcohol; dec. in acid; m.w. 255.59
- *Toxicology:* Toxic by ingestion
- Uses: Stripping and discharging agent for textiles; reducing agent for redoxcatalyzed polymerization; in food-pkg. adhesives; polymerization catalyst in mfg. of paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170

Manuf./Distrib.: AC Ind.; Phibrochem; Whyte Chems. Ltd

Zinc hexadecanoate. See Zinc palmitate

Zinc hydrosulfite

- CAS 7779-86-4; UN No. 1931 (DOT)
 - Synonyms: Dithionous acid, zinc salt (1:1); Zinc dithionite
 - *Empirical:* O₄S₂Zn
- , Formula: ZnS₂O₄
- Properties: Wh. amorphous solid; sol. in water; m.w. 193.49
- Toxicology: Probably a poison; TSCA listed
- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic vapors of zinc and SO_x
- Uses: Brightening groundwork, kraft, and other paper pulps; treatment of beet and cane sugar juices; depressant in mining flotation; bleaching textiles, veg. oils, straw, hemp, veg. tannins, animal glue; migrating to foods from paper/paperboard; in food-contact textiles
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2800, 182.90, GRAS

Zincite. See Zinc oxide

Zinc laurate

- CAS 2452-01-9; EINECS/ELINCS 219-518-5
- Synonyms: Dodecanoic acid, zinc salt
- Definition: Zinc salt of lauric acid
- Empirical: C₂₄H₄₆O₄Zn
- Formula: $Zn(C_{12}H_{23}O_2)_2$
- Properties: Wh. powd.; pract. insol. in water and alcohol; m.w. 463.99; m.p. 128 C
- Toxicology: TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible
- Uses: Softener, activator for rubber compounding; heat stabilizer for rubber and PVC, paints, varnishes; lubricant; slip agent; stabilizer; thickener; mold release agent; grease; cosmetics base; food-pkg. adhesives; in paper/paperboard in contact with aq./fatty foods; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; in cellophane for food pkg.; in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; in surf. lubricants for mfg. of food-contact metallic articles
- *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §175.105, 176.170, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.2600, 178.3910

Manuf./Distrib.: NOF Am.

Zinc monocarbonate. See Zinc carbonate

Zinc monosulfide. See Zinc sulfide

Zinc monoxide. See Zinc oxide

Zinc octadecanoate. See Zinc stearate

Zinc octoate. See Zinc 2-ethylhexanoate

Zincoid. See Zinc oxide

Zinc oxide

- CAS 1314-13-2; EINECS/ELINCS 215-222-5
- Synonyms: Chinese white; CI 77947; Flowers of zinc; Permanent white; Philosopher's wool; Pigment white 4; Zincite; Zinc monoxide; Zincoid; Zinc white
- Classification: Inorganic oxide
- Empirical: OZn

Formula: ZnO

- Properties: Wh. to gray amorphous powd. or crystals, odorless, bitter taste; sol. in dil. acetic or min. acids, alkalis, ammonia; insol. in water, alcohol; m.w. 81.38; dens. 5.67; bulking value 0.021 gal/lb; oil absorp. 13; m.p. 1975 C; ref. index 2.0041-2.0203; pH 6.95 (Amer. process), 7.37 (French process)
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 mg/m³ (fume), STEL 10 mg/m³ (fume); 10 mg/m³ (total dust); nuisance particulate; LD50 (oral, mouse) 7950 mg/kg; (IP, rat) 240 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ing. (humans); poison by IP route; skin/ eye irritant; harmful dust; inh. of fumes may cause metal fume fever with chills, fever, tightness in chest, cough, leukocytes; experimental teratogen; mutagenic data; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Powd. reacts violently with chlorinated rubber @ 215 C; violent reaction with Mg, linseed oil

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of ZnO HMIS: Health 1; Flammability 0; Reactivity 0

- Uses: UV absorber; accelerator activator for rubber; lithopone; pigment in white paints, cosmetics; filler; driers; dental cements; mold inhibitor in paints; in mfg. of opaque glass, enamels, tires, printing inks, porcelains; analytical reagent; photoconductor; as flame retardant; nutrient, dietary supplement (foods); antiseptic, astringent, protectant in skin treatment, hemorrhoidal prods.; colorant for external pharmaceuticals; sunscreen agent; seed treatment; colorant in food-contact polymers, paper/paper-board in contact with aq./fatty foods
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.1991, 73.2991, 175.300, 176.170, 177.1460, 178.3297, 182.5991, 182.8991, 582.80, GRAS; FDA approved for parenterals, rectals; BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Aldrich; Am. Chemet; Asarco; Ashland; Atlantic Equip. Engrs.; BCH Brühl; Bayer; Browning; C.P. Hall; Chemcor; Chemical; D.N. Lukens; Eagle Zinc; Elementis Spec.; Fluka; General Chem.; Gredmann USA; H.M. Royal; Hummel Croton; Landers-Segal Color; Lohmann; Mallinckrodt Baker; Midwest Zinc; Miljac; R.E. Carroll; Reade Advanced Materials; Royale Pigments & Chems.; Ruger; Sachtleben Chemie GmbH; Sigma; Sinochem Liaoning; Tamms Ind.; Toho Zinc; Van Waters & Rogers; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels; ZOCHEM; Zinc Corp. of Am.

Trade Names Containing: Protec ZZA *See also* CI 77947

Zinc palmitate

CAS 4991-47-3; EINECS/ELINCS 225-565-2

Synonyms: Hexadecanoic acid, zinc salt; Palmitic acid, zinc salt; Zinc hexadecanoate

Definition: Zinc salt of palmitic acid

Empirical: $C_{16}H_{32}O_2 \cdot \frac{1}{2}Zn$

Formula: [CH₃(CH₂)₁₄COO]₂Zn

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Drier in food-contact coatings; antioxidant/stabilizer for food-grade polymers

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.300, 178.2010 Trade Names Containing: Dymsol® B

Zinc resinate. See Zinc rosinate

Zinc rosinate

CAS 9010-69-9; EINECS/ELINCS 232-723-4

Synonyms: Resin acid, zinc salt; Zinc abietate; Zinc resinate

Definition: Zinc salt of rosin

Properties: Powd., clear amber lumps, or ylsh. liq.; sol. in ether, amyl alcohol; soften. pt. 130-150 C; zinc content 2-9%

Precaution: Combustible

- Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes
- Uses: Binder for printing inks, oil-based wood varnishes; stabilizer in food pkg.; wetting agent; dispersant; hardener; drier in paints, varnishes, and resins; in food-pkg. adhesives; drier in food-contact coatings; in resinous/ polymeric food-contact coatings; defoamer in food-contact paper/paperboard; food-contact animal glue; in wood preservatives for food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.210, 178.3120, 178.3800, 178.3870, 181.22, 181.29 (50 ppm max. in finished food) Manuf./Distrib.: Resinas Sintéticas

Zinc soap. See Zinc stearate

Zinc stearate

CAS 557-05-1; EINECS/ELINCS 209-151-9

Synonyms: Dibasic zinc stearate; Octadecanoic acid, zinc salt; Stearic acid, zinc salt; Zinc distearate; Zinc octadecanoate; Zinc soap

Classification: Sat. aliphatic carboxylic acid salt

Definition: Zinc salt of stearic acid

Empirical: $C_{36}H_{70}O_4Zn$

Formula: Zn(C₁₈H₃₅O₂)₂

- Properties: Wh. powd., faint char. odor; sol. in acids, aromatic solvs.; insol. in water, alcohol, ether, oxygenated solvs.; dec. by dil. acids; m.w. 632.33; dens. 1.095; m.p. 130 C
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 mg/m³ (total dust when toxic impurities not present); LDLo (intratracheal, rat) 250 mg/kg; poison by intratracheal route; nuisance dust; no known toxicity to skin; inh. of powd. may cause pulmonary fibrosis and produce death in infants from pneumonitis, with lesions resembling those caused by talc but more severe; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Combustible dust; incompat. with acids and alkalis (may react vigorously)

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO, CO₂, ZnO, stearic acid

NFPA: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0

- Storage: Store in cool, dry area away from ignition sources; mechanical exhaust required
- Uses: In cosmetics; pharmaceuticals; lacquers; ointments; mold release agent for plastic; filler; antifoamer; flatting agent in lacquers; as a drying lubricant and dusting agent for rubber; peptizing agent/processing aid for rubber; processing lubricant; vulcanization activator; waterproofing agent for concrete, paper, textiles; antifoaming agent; heat/light stabilizer for PVC; foods (dietary supplement, nutrient); pharmaceutical tablet lubricant, filler; protectant in diaper rash/prickly heat preps.; drier in food-contact coatings; in paper/paperboard in contact with dry food; lubricant for melamine-formaldehyde resins for food pkg.; antioxidant/stabilizer for food-grade polymers
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 175.300, 176.170, 176.180, 176.200, 176.210, 177.1200, 177.1460, 177.1900, 177.2410, 177.2600, 178.2010, 178.3910, 182.5994, 182.8994, GRAS; FDA approved for orals; USP/ NF, BP, Ph.Eur. compliance
- Manuf./Distrib.: AC Ind.; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Allan; Allchem Ind.; Am. Int'l.; BCH Brühl; Chemisphere; Crompton/Witco; Fallek; Ferro/Grant; Ferro; Harwick; Hummel Croton; Indofine; Jarchem Ind.; Kraft Chem.; Lohmann; Magnesia GmbH; Mallinckrodt Baker; Miljac; NOF Am.; Norac; Norman, Fox; Ruger; Sea-Land; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; Whittaker, Clark & Daniels
- Trade Names: Cecavon® ZN 70; Cecavon® ZN 735; Haro® Chem ZPR-2; Liquazinc AQ-90
- Trade Names Containing: Dymsol® B

Zinc sulfide

CAS 1314-98-3; EINECS/ELINCS 215-251-3

Synonyms: CI 77975; Pigment white 7; Precipitated zinc sulfide; Zinc monosulfide

Classification: Inorganic salt

Definition: Occurs in nature as the minerals wurtzite, sphalerite

Empirical: SZn

Formula: ZnS

Properties: Ylsh.-wh. powd.; sol. in dil. min. acids; insol. in water, alkalis; m.w. 97.45 dens. 3.98; subl. @ 1180 C

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) > 2 g/kg; irritant; TSCA listed

Storage: Moisture-sensitive

Uses: Pigment in white and opaque glass, plastics, rubber, dyeing, paints, linoleum, leather, dental rubber; fluorescent pigment in paints and plastics; ingred. of lithopone; fungicide; anhydrous in x-ray screens, TV screens; flotation depressant for sphalerite ores; flame retardant in plastics, elastomers, textiles, paper; in food-pkg. adhesives; filler in food-contact rubber articles for repeated use; colorant in food-contact polymers; in lubricants for incidental food-contact use

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105, 177.2600, 178.3297, 178.3570

Manuf./Distrib.: Aceto; Aldrich; Atofina; Cerac; Chemson Ltd; Crystran Ltd; D.N. Lukens; Eagle-Picher; Fluka; H.M. Royal; Nichem; Noah; Ore & Chem.; Reade Advanced Materials; Sachtleben Chemie GmbH; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Ulysses

Trade Names: Sachtolith® HD-S; Sachtolith® L

Zinc sulfoxylate formaldehyde. See Zinc formaldehyde sulfoxylate

Zinc white. See Lithopone; Zinc oxide

Ziram. See Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate

Zircat. See Zirconium

- Zirconate (2-), bis[carbonate (2-)-0] dihydroxy-diammonium. SeeAmmonium zirconium carbonate
- Zirconate (3-), tris (carbonato (2-)-O) hydroxy-, triammonium, (T-4)-. See Zirconyl ammonium carbonate
- Zirconia. See Zirconium oxide

Zirconic anhydride. See Zirconium oxide

Zirconium

- CAS 7440-67-7; UN No. 1308 (DOT), 1358 (DOT), 2008 (DOT), 2009 (DOT), 2858 (DOT)
- Synonyms: Zircat; Zirconium metal; Zirconium metal powder; Zirconium metal, dry; Zirconium powder; Zirconium shavings; Zirconium sheets; Zirconium turnings

Classification: Metallic element

Empirical: Zr

- Properties: Grayish hard lustrous cryst. scales or powd.; very sl. radioactive; sol. in hot conc. acids; insol. in water, cold acids; at.wt. 91.22; dens. 6.4; m.p. 1850 C; b.p. 4377 C; corrosion-resist.
- Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 5 mg/m³; STEL 10 mg/m³; suspected carcinogen; TSCA listed
- Precaution: Flamm. and explosive as dust or powd. exposed to heat, flame, or oxidizers; may ignite spontaneously; dangerous explosion risk as dust with air, alkali hydroxides, dichromates, molybdates, sulfates, etc.
- NFPA: Health 1; Flammability 4; Reactivity 1
- Storage: Powd. should be kept wet in storage; keep away from heat, sparks, open flame
- Uses: Coating nuclear fuel rods; corrosion-resist. alloys; pyrotechnics; special welding fluxes; getter in vacuum tubes; explosive primers; deoxidizer and scavenger in steel mfg.; lab crucibles; photoflash bulbs; magnesium alloying ingred.; protective cladding (nuclear fuel rods)
- Manut./Distrib.: Aldrich; Atlantic Equip. Engrs.; Carbochem; Fluka Trade Names Containing: Kronos® 2310

Zirconium acetate

CAS 7585-20-8

- Synonyms: Acetic acid, zirconium salt; Zirconyl acetate
- *Empirical:* C₂H₇O₂Zr
- Properties: Clear or sl. milk liq.; m.w. 154.80; dens. 1.279
- Toxicology: TLV 5 mg(Zr)/m³ of air; harmful by ing., inh., skin contact; irritant; causes burns; TSCA listed
- Uses: Crosslinking agent; catalyst for curing silicone resins; in water repellent treatments for paper, textiles, and leather; retanning leather; refractory binder; mfg. of other zirconium compds.; stabilizer for catalysts Manuf,/Distrib.: Aldrich; Hall Chem.; Southern Ionics

Trade Names: ZAA

Zirconium ammonium carbonate. See Ammonium zirconium carbonate Zirconium anhydride. See Zirconium oxide

Zirconium butoxide

Synonyms: Zirconium butylate; Zirconium tetrabutoxide Empirical: $C_{16}H_{36}O_4Zr$ Formula: (CH₃CH₂CH₂CH₂CH₂O)₄Zr Properties: M.w. 383.69; hydrolyzed by water Uses: Catalyst for esterification, condensation, and polymerization; insolubilizer for textile/leather/paper finishing agents; glass surf. treatment agent

- Zirconium butylate. See Zirconium butoxide
- Zirconium dioxide. See Zirconium oxide

Zirconium metal. See Zirconium

Zirconium metal, dry. See Zirconium

Zirconium metal powder. See Zirconium

Zirconium oxide

- CAS 1314-23-4; EINECS/ELINCS 215-227-2
- Synonyms: Zirconia; Zirconic anhydride; Zirconium anhydride; Zirconium dioxide
- Classification: Inorganic oxide

Empirical: O₂Zr

Formula: ZrO2

- Properties: Wh. heavy amorphous powd.; sol. in nitric acid, hot conc. hydrochloric, hydrofluoric, and sulfuric acids; insol. in water, most acids or alkalis @ R.T.; m.w. 123.22; dens. 5.73; m.p. 2700 C (pure); ref. index 2.2; hardness (Mohs) 6.5
- Toxicology: TLV 5 mg(Zr)/m³ of air; dust inh. is irritating to respiratory tract; overexposure may cause lung granulomas; ointments contg. ZrO₂ may cause skin lesions in some individuals; TSCA listed
- Uses: In waterproof coatings for food-contact paper/paperboard; Unstabilized: Prod. of piezoelectric crystals; high-frequency induction coils; colorant for ceramic tiles, sanitaryware; ceramic glazes; photochromic glass raw material; grinding wheel abrasive; heat-resist. fibers; High purity: Capacitors; thermoelec. devices; catalyst raw material; Hydrous: Odor absorbent; poison ivy treatment; Stabilized with CaO or MgO: Refractory furnace linings; crucibles; elec. heating elements; solid electrolyte for hightemp. batteries
- Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §176.170
- Manuf./Distrib.: Aithaca; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Am. Vermiculite; Atlantic Equip. Engrs.; Atomergic Chemetals; F.T.L. Int'l.; Ferro/Transelco; Fluka; Noah; Oremet-Wah Chang; Pacific West; Rochem Int'l.; Selecto Scientific; Sigma; Zircar Prods.

Trade Names Containing: Protec ZA7

Zirconium powder. See Zirconium Zirconium shavings. See Zirconium Zirconium sheets. See Zirconium Zirconium tetrabutoxide. See Zirconium butoxide Zirconium turnings. See Zirconium Zirconyl acetate. See Zirconium acetate

Zirconyl ammonium carbonate

CAS 32535-84-5 Synonyms: Zirconate (3-), tris (carbonato (2-)-O) hydroxy-, triammonium, (T-4)-

Empirical: C₂H₁₀N₂O₈Zr *Properties:* M.w. 281.33 *Toxicology:* TSCA listed *Uses:* In food-contact paper/paperboard *Regulatory:* FDA 21CFR §176.170

Part III Functional/Application Index

Functional/Application Index

acid acceptor, polyolefins

Calcium stearoyl lactylate

abrasion resistance agent, ag. systems Shamrock Neptune 968 abrasion resistance agent, coatings Snowtex 20L; Snowtex 40; Snowtex 50; Snowtex C; Snowtex N; Snowtex O; Snowtex OL; Snowtex ST-UP; Snowtex ST-ZL abrasion resistance agent, industrial coatings Shamrock S-483 abrasion resistance agent, neutral paper coatings GMF-B abrasion resistance agent, overprint varnishes Esi-Cryl[™] 316N abrasion resistance agent, paper coatings MP-12; MP-26; MP-26VF; MP-28C abrasion resistance agent, sl. alkaline paper coatings GMF-B abrasive Aluminum hydroxide; Silica, amorphous hydrated absorbent Dextrin; Kaolin; Magnesium aluminum silicate; Magnesium carbonate; Magnesium hydroxide; Magnesium oxide; Montmorillonite absorbent, formaldehyde: paper coatings Synthro®-Stab TF absorbent, formaldehyde: paper sticking applics. Synthro®-Stab TF absorbent, paper Micro-Cel® T-26; Micro-Cel® T-49 absorbent, paper coatings Calcium metasilicate absorbent, paperboard Micro-Cel® T-26 absorbent, tissue grades Wickit™ absorbent, tissue paper Hartosoft[™] ABS-6000 absorbent, towel grades Wickit™ absorption promoter Glyceryl caprate accelerator Hexamethylenetetramine accelerator, curing Citric acid: Urea accelerator, dehydration: fibrous material recovery Floclair® DMR; Floclair® PAR accelerator, sizing development Catiofast® NB-PD acetate fiber Cellulose acetate acetone prod. Cumene hydroperoxide acid acceptor, flame retardants Calcium stearoyl lactylate acid acceptor, pigments Calcium stearoyl lactylate

acid boilout cleaning chemical, papermaking Emulsan[™] LV; Sanstrip[™] CA acid dye, paper Acid blue 20 acid neutralization Magnesium oxide acid neutralization, wastewater Magnesium hydroxide acidifier Acetic acid acidulant, paper auxiliaries Liquinat® acrylic resin comonomer, paper coatings Ethyl acrylate; Vinyl isobutyl ether activator, curing Urea activator, fluorescent brighteners: coatings Acrosol™ C 50 L activator, silica: water treatment Sodium bicarbonate adhesion control auxiliary, cylinder: creped paper Cartaflex[®] K Liq. adhesion control auxiliary, cylinder: creped tissue Cartaflex[®] K Liq. adhesion control auxiliary, cylinder: flower wrapping tissue Cartaflex[®] K Liq. adhesion control auxiliary, cylinder: lightweight paper Cartaflex[®] K Liq. adhesion control auxiliary, cylinder: one-way carbon paper Cartaflex[®] K Lig. adhesion modifier, coatings Polypropylene, chlorinated adhesion promoter Burco® Imidazoline O; Burco® Imidazoline T; Calcium-zinc complex; DiaFil® 520; DiaFil® 525; DiaFil[®] 530; DiaFil[®] 570; DiaFil[®] 590; Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate methyl chloride quat.; Epolene® C-18; Escor® AT-325; 2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate; Hydroxypropyl acrylate; Imidazoline 18OH; Maleic resin; Methacrylic acid; Mhoromer® AM 199; PEG-3 dimethacrylate; Polyethylenimine; Polypropylene, chlorinated; Polyurethane, polyester, Rosin, polymerized; Sarbox[®] SB 510 E35; Stearamine; Styrene/MA copolymer; Sylvaros® R; Sylvatac® 295; Sylvatac® R85; Sylvatac® RX; TEGO® RC 711; Tris [1-(2-methylaziridinyl) phosphine oxide]; Unicid™ 350; Unicid™ 425; Unicid™ 550; Unicid™ 700 Acid adhesion promoter, aq. emulsions Aerosil® K315; Aerosil® K328; Aerosil® K330; Aerosil[®] K342 adhesion promoter, cardboard

Aerosil® K315: Aerosil® K328: Aerosil® K330: Aerosil[®] K342 adhesion promoter, coatings Snowtex 20L; Snowtex 40; Snowtex 50; Snowtex C; Snowtex N; Snowtex O; Snowtex OL; Snowtex ST-UP; Snowtex ST-ZL; Styrene/allyl alcohol copolymer, Terpene resin; Urea/formaldehyde resin adhesion promoter, coatings applics. Uniplex 600 adhesion promoter, drier: thin paper Niccadine 400 adhesion promoter, drier: tissues Niccadine 400 adhesion promoter, drier: toilet rolls Niccadine 400 adhesion promoter, filled/reinforced polyolefins Polybond[®] 3002; Polybond[®] 3150 adhesion promoter, intercoat: paper coatings CAB-381-0.1; CAB-381-0.5 adhesion promoter, lacquers: cellulose nitrate Dammar adhesion promoter, paper Aerosil® K315; Aerosil® K328; Aerosil® K330; Aerosil® K342; Ageflex FA-1; Airvol® 103; Airvol® 107; Airvol® 125; Airvol® 165; Airvol® 205S; Airvol® 305; Airvol® 321; Airvol® 325; Airvol® 350; SarCat® K126 adhesion promoter, paper coatings CN 111; Pentalyn® 856 adhesion promoter, paper converting operations Aqualon® CMC-T adhesion promoter, paper varnishes CA adhesion promoter, pigments Sodium 2-hydroxy-3-(2-propenyloxy) 1-propanesulfonate; SPAE adhesion promoter, pigments-to-cellulose fiber Ionac Corcat® P-12; Ionac Corcat® P-600; Polyethylene imine adhesion promoter, polymers Mhoromer[®] AM 414; Mhoromer[®] AM 438; Mhoromer® BM 903; Mhoromer® BM 905; Mhoromer[®] BM 923: Mhoromer[®] BM 951: Mhoromer® BM 955; Terpene resin adhesion promoter, resins Uniplex 600 adhesion promoter, special coated paper **grades** Resyn® 25-1151 adhesion promoter, tissue Crepetrol adhesion promoter, tissue paper: Yankee dryer Berocell® 1431 adhesion promoter, towel

Crepetrol®

adhesion promoter, UV/EB-cured paper coatings Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate adhesion promoter, wax emulsions Pentalyn® 856 adhesion promoter, Yankee dryers Unicrepe® 315D54; Unicrepe® 457T20; Unicrepe® C77 adjuvant, coatings Acumer[®] 9000; Acumer[®] 9141 adjuvant, coatings: food-contact Acetone; Butyl alcohol; Candelilla (Euphorbia cerifera) wax; Carnauba (Copernica cerifera) wax; Ethyl acetate; Hexane; Methyl ethyl ketone; Tetrahydrofuran; Toluene adjuvant, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty foodcontact Poly (1,2-dimethyl-5-vinylpyridinium methyl sulfate); Polyethylenimine adjuvant, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty/dry foodcontact PEG-4 dilaurate adjuvant, paper: food-contact Alkyl ketene dimer adjuvant, paperboard: food-contact Alkyl ketene dimer adjuvant, pitch content: paper, aq./fatty/dry food-contact Xylene sulfonic acid-formaldehyde condensate, sodium salt adjuvant, pitch content: paper/paperboard, aq./fatty/dry food-contact Diethanolamine; Sodium methyl naphthalene sulfonic acid-formaldehyde condensate; Sodium methyl oleoyl faurate; Tallow diisopropanolamide adjuvant, pulp absorbency: paper, aq./fatty/dry food-contact Xylene sulfonic acid-formaldehyde condensate, sodium salt adjuvant, pulp absorbency: paper/paperboard, aq./fatty/dry food-contact Diethanolamine; Sodium methyl naphthalene sulfonic acid-formaldehyde condensate; Sodium methyl oleoyl taurate; Tallow diisopropanolamide adjuvant, slimicides: paper, food-contact Ethylenediamine; Nonoxynol-9; Tetrahydrofuran adjuvant, slimicides: paper/paperboard, foodcontact Acetone; Dibutyl phthalate; Didecyl phthalate; Dimethyl formamide; Dodecyl phthalate; Ethanolamine; Glycol; Methoxyisopropanol; N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone; Nonoxynol-10; Nonoxy-nol-11; Nonoxynol-12; PPG-2 methyl ether; PPG-3 methyl ether adjuvant, viscosity control: paper/paperboard coatings, aq./fatty food-contact Sodium polymethacrylate adsorbent Alumina; Aluminum hydroxide; Carbon, activated; Zeolite synthetic adsorbent, dye removal from industrial wastewater Montmorillonite adsorbent, dye removal from wastewater Silica adsorbent, liquid clarification Kaolin adsorbent, paper Micro-Cel® T-26 adsorbent, paperboard Micro-Cel® T-26 adsorbent, volatile compounds: paper Actitex® adsorbent, water treatment Polystyrene aerating agent Glyceryl stearate lactate aggregation agent, polymer

Dimethylethanolamine air entraining agent Avirol[®] SL 2010; Avirol[®] SL 2020 G; Stafoam F; Stafoam FK; Texapon[®] ZHC Needles air release aid Multiflow® Resin algicide Acrolein; Acticide® DW; Amine D®; Arguad® 2C-75; Arquad[®] 12-50; Arquad[®] 16-50; Arquad[®] 18-50; Arquad[®] 18-50; Arquad[®] C-50; Arquad[®] T-27W; Barquat® MB-50; Calcium hypochlorite; Dialkyl dimethyl ammonium chloride: Methylenebis (thiocyanate); Nabam; Paxgard BK 20; Paxgard BKC; Sodium chlorite algicide, cooling towers Adox 8125; Barquat® OJ-50; Dantobrom® RW Briquette; Hyamine® 3500 50%; Myristalkonium chloride; Sodium Chlorite Sol'n. 50, Tech.; Sodium Chlorite, Tech. algicide, cooling water systems Sanibrom™ 40; Sanibrom™ 45 algicide, evaporative condensers Aquatreat[®] KM; Aquatreat[®] SDM; Dantobrom[®] **RW** Briquette algicide, industrial recirculating water cooling towers Aquatreat[®] KM; Aquatreat[®] SDM algicide, industrial water Benzalkonium chloride; Hyamine® 3500 50%; Paxgard MBT algicide, industrial wet scrubber systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette algicide, influent systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette algicide, once-thru cooling water systems Stabrom® 909 algicide, paper Aquatreat® DNM-9; Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate algicide, paper coatings Nuosept® 166 algicide, paper mills Aquatreat[®] KM; Aquatreat[®] SDM; Induclor[®]; Paxgard TC; Pittclor®; Tolcide® MW10 algicide, paper/paperboard: food-contact Sodium pentachlorophenate algicide, pulp/paper Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette; Paxgard DB 10; Paxgard DB 20; Paxgard DB 99; Paxgard PDC; Paxgard SDC algicide, pulp/paper mills Sanibrom™ 40; Sanibrom™ 45; Stabrom® 909 algicide, recirculating cooling towers Aquatreat® DNM-30; Barquat® 1552; Tolcide® **MW10** algicide, recirculating cooling water systems Drewchlor®; Stabrom® 909 algicide, recirculating water systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette algicide, wastewater systems Sanibrom™ 40; Sanibrom™ 45; Stabrom® 909 algicide, wastewater treatment Benzalkonium chloride algicide, water treatment Aquatreat[®] DNM-9; Aquatreat[®] KM; Aquatreat[®] SDM; Barquat® OJ-80; 1-Bromo-3-chloro-5,5dimethyl hydantoin; Paxgard TC; Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate; Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate; Sodium pentachlorophenate algicide, wet-state preservation: aq. systems Paxgard BD 20; Paxgard BD 88 alkaline agent, paper stock deinking D[®] Sodium Silicate; K[®] Sodium Silicate; N[®] Clear Sodium Silicate; N® Sodium Silicate; O® Sodium Silicate; Star® Sodium Silicate; Stixso® RR alkaline boilout cleaning chemical, papermakina Alkapen[™] 50; Alkasolv[™] BP; Sanstrip[™] FP alkyd resin modifier

K-Flex® UD-320 alkyd resin prod. Linseed acid alkyd resins raw material Glycol alkylated aromatics prod. Decene-1 alum substitute, alkaline papermaking Polvaluminum chloride alum substitute, neutral sizing: cardboard Paper-PAC-N®; Polyaluminum hydroxide chloride sulfate alum substitute, neutral sizing: paper Paper-PAC-N® alum substitute, neutral sizing: papermaking Polyaluminum hydroxide chloride sulfate alum substitute, rosin size fixation Praestafix[®] amino resin modifier, starch/protein paper coatings, food-contact Dicyandiamide amino resin modifier, starch/protein paperboard coatings, food-contact Dicyandiamide animal glues, food-contact Nonoxynol-55; Nonoxynol-70 antibacterial Hexamethylenetetramine antibleeding agent, printing paper Sylophobic antiblocking agent Acrawax® C; Crill 1; Crill 2; DiaFil® 110; DiaFil® 190; DiaFil® 520; DiaFil® 525; DiaFil® 530; DiaFil® 570; DiaFil® 590; Dimethicone copolyol; Epolene® N-11; Epolene® N-14; EXP-61 Amine Functional Silicone Wax; *Glycol/ butylene glycol montanate*; Lumulse[™] GMO; Paracol® 404C; Petrolite® E-2020; Polyethylene wax; Polyset® 2015; Stearyl/aminopropyl methicone copolymer; Sylophobic; Sylysia 310; Sylysia 320; Sylysia 430; Sylysia 436; Sylysia 440; Sylysia 450; Sylysia 456; Sylysia 470; Sylysia 530; Sylysia 540; Sylysia 550; Sylysia 730; Sylysia 740; Sylysia 770 antiblocking agent, ABS Lipowax C antiblocking agent, aq. coatings Shamrock Hydrocer EEP 33 antiblocking agent, aq. systems Shamrock Neptune 968 antiblocking agent, board coatings TEGO® Glide 403 antiblocking agent, calendering Alkamide® STEDA antiblocking agent, cardboard Luwax® E antiblocking agent, coatings Silwet® L-7001; Silwet® L-7220 antiblocking agent, extrusion Alkamide® STEDA antiblocking agent, fiber Silwet[®] L-7220 antiblocking agent, foodstuff pkgs. Luwax[®] E antiblocking agent, HDPE Stearamide antiblocking agent, hot-melt coatings Acrawax[®] C antiblocking agent, LDPE Stearamide antiblocking agent, OPP Sylysia 435; Sylysia 445 antiblocking agent, paper EXP-24-LS Silicone Wax Emulsion; EXP-58 Silicone Wax; EXP-61 Amine Functional Silicone Wax; EXP-77 Mercapto Functional Silicone Wax; Luwax® E; Silwet® L-7001; Silwet® L-7087; Silwet® L-7220 antiblocking agent, paper coatings

antifoam, mech. pulp

Paracol® 802A; Pentalyn® 856; TEGO® Glide 403 antiblocking agent, PE Erucamide; Lipowax C antiblocking agent, pigments Silwet® L-7220 antiblocking agent, plastic films Talc antiblocking agent, polyolefins Hydrogenated palm glyceride antiblocking agent, PP Stearamide antiblocking agent, PS Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Lipowax C antibločking agent, PVC Hydrogenated palm glyceride antiblocking agent, PVC inj. molding Alkamide® STEDA antiblocking agent, surface sizing Nopcote® DC-1153 antiblocking agent, vinyl Lipowax Č antiblocking agent, wax emulsions Pentalyn® 856 antiblocking agent, waxes Ethylene dioleamide anticaking agent Cecavon® CA 31; EZA®; Good-Rite® K-7600N Polymer; Newrex Paste H; Newrex Powd. F; Newrex R; Safacid 20/22 CD; Safacid 20/22 DF; Safacid 20/22 HF; Safacid 20/22 LF; Silwet[®] L-720 AP; Sipernat[®] 22; Sipernat[®] 22S; Sipernat[®] 50; Sipernat[®] 50S; Struktol[®] Calcium Stearate; Sylysia 250; Sylysia 250; Sylysia 310; Sylysia 320; Sylysia 350; Sylysia 430; Sylysia 440; Sylysia 450; Sylysia 470; Sylysia 530; Sylysia 540; Sylysia 550; Sylysia 730; Sylysia 740; Sylysia 770; Vybar® 103 anticaking agent, coatings Cab-O-Sil® L-90; Cab-O-Sil® LM-130; Cab-O-Sil® LM-150 anticaking agent, paper Aerosil® 200; Micro-Cel® T-26; Micro-Cel® T-49; Ufaryl DL 80 CW; Ufaryl DL 85; Ufaryl DL 90 C anticaking agent, paperboard Micro-Cel® T-26 anticoagulant, colloidal pitch: paper machines Prosorb® anticoagulant, pitch Crisotan NN; Crisotan NR anticratering agent, board coatings TEGO® Flow 354; TEGO® Glide 403; TEGO® Glide 404 anticratering agent, paper coatings CAB-381-0.1; CAB-381-0.5; TEGO® Flow 354; TEGO® Glide 403; TEGO® Glide 404 anticratering agent, preprint applics. TEGO® Glide 403 antideposition agent, pitch DM-1735-D; Hi-Mar DFP-413 antidusting agent, printing Nopcote® 6510 Free; Nopcote C-104; Nopcote® C-104-HS; Nopcote® C-104-HS Free antidusting agent, slitting Nopcote[®] 6510 Free; Nopcote C-104; Nopcote[®] C-104-HS; Nopcote[®] C-104-HS Free antidusting agent, supercalenders Nopcote[®] 6510 Free; Nopcote C-104; Nopcote[®] C-104-HS; Nopcote® C-104-HS Free antiemulsifier Crisanol FH-1400 antifoam AF 585M; Bubreak[®] 448; Colloid[™] 679; Crill 1; Crill 2; Crill 4; Crisanol FB-625; Crisanol FB-1715; CS-10; Decyl alcohol; Dimethicone; Dimethiconol; 2,6-Dimethyl heptanol-4; Dimethyl siloxane; 2-Ethylhexanol; Foam Blast 441; Foamkill® 639; Glyceryl laurate; Glyceryl ricinoleate; Myristyl alcohol; Petroleum

distillates; Polydimethylsiloxane; Polypropylene glycol; Pulpsil® 160 C; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 26; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SRE; Silwet® L-7210; *Stearyl alcohol*; TEGO® Antifoam 2-18; TEGO® Antifoam 2-67; TEGO® Antifoam 81; TEGOPREN[®] 5852; Teric[™] 127; Trioctyl phosphate; Trisodium NTA; Zinc stearate antifoam, abrasive slurries AF 10 IND antifoam, alkaline papermaking Advantage® 357 Defoamer antifoam, aq. coatings Bubreak® 454C; Bubreak® 4400; Bubreak® 4419 antifoam, aq. paper coating colors Geo FM® VF antifoam, aq. process systems: paper Antifoam 7800 New antifoam, aq. process systems: paper coatings Antifoam FD-62; Antifoam FD-82 antifoam, aq. process systems: paper/ paperboard Trans-1741 antifoam, aq. process systems: pulp/paper Amergel® 100; Amergel® 200; Amergel® 500; Antifoam FD-62; Antifoam FD-82 antifoam, aq. systems AF 10 IND; Colloid™ 60 antifoam, aq. systems: paper coatings Antifoam F-1 antifoam, aq. systems: pulp/paper Antifoam F-1 antifoam, bleaching Antifoam 20WB antifoam, blow down TEGO[®] Antifoam KE 600 antifoam, calender boxes Geo FM® VFS antifoam, casein sol'ns. Kronitex® TBP; TBP antifoam, coatings Antifoam 20WB; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 23; Silwet[®] L-7500 antifoam, coatings: food-contact Foam Blast 106 antifoam, cooling tower reformulations CS-10A; CS-20; CS-30; CS-100 antifoam, corrugated paperboard Trans-220 antifoam, deaeration: paper/paperboard: foodcontact Contraspum T 50 antifoam, deaeration: size presses Contraspum T 50 antifoam, deinking Moussex[®] 904 SE antifoam, demonomerization TEGO® Antifoam KE 600 antifoam, effluent AF 10 IND; AF GN-11-P; AF GN-23 antifoam, effluent treatment Amergel® 100; Amergel® 200; Amergel® 500; Chemax DF-10; Chemax DF-10A; Chemax DF-30; Chemax DF-100; CS-10A; CS-20; CS-30; CS-100 antifoam, emulsion polymerization Plonon 102; Plonon 104; Plonon 201; Plonon 204; Plonon 208 antifoam, emulsion-based systems Bubreak® 4400; Bubreak® 4419 antifoam, fiber Silwet® L-7220 antifoam, food pkg. paper/paperboard Silicone Antifoam Compound S 204 antifoam, high-gloss coatings Dapro® DF 1161 antifoam, hot aq. systems Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 23 antifoam, latex Antifoam 20WB

Moussex[®] 904 SE antifoam, nonaq. systems Silicone Antifoam Compound S 204 antifoam, nonaq. systems: pulp/paper Antifoam F-1 antifoam, nonpigmented surface applics. Geo FM® VFS antifoam, paper Adekanol G-135, G-145; AF 60; AF HL-40; Alkaterge®-E; CNC Antifoam 10-FG; CNC Antifoam 30-FG: CS-10A: CS-20: CS-30: CS-100; CS-420; Nonionic 1044-L; Nonionic 1061-L; Nonionic 1062-L; Nonionic 1064-L; Nonionic 1068-F; Nonionic 1088-F; Plonon 102; Plonon 104; Plonon 201; Plonon 204; Plonon 208; Propetal 99; Propetal 241; Silicone Antifoam Agent S 670; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 21; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 23; Silwet® L-7220; Silwet® L-7500; TEGO® Antifoam 200; Zonyl® FSP antifoam, paper coating colors Ablupol AF antifoam, paper coatings AF HL-40; AF HL-52; Foam Blast 106; Kronitex® TBP; Phosflex[®] 4; Phosflex[®] TBEP; Serdas[®] GBO; TBP antifoam, paper deinking Tergitol[®] Min-Foam 2X antifoam, paper finishing Etingal® A antifoam, paper industry pigment coatings Zonyl® A antifoam, paper machine TEGO® Antifoam 105; TEGO® Antifoam 201; TEGO® Antifoam 202; TEGO® Antifoam KE 600; TEGO® Antifoam KS 1100 antifoam, paper machines Antifoam 20WB antifoam, paper mill stock chest cleaners Rhodaterge[®] BCC antifoam, paper stock preparation TEGO® Antifoam 105; TEGO® Antifoam 201; TEGO® Antifoam 202; TEGO® Antifoam KE 600; TEGO® Antifoam KS 1100 antifoam, paper: food-contact Foam Blast 106; Sag 100; Trans-278; Trans-290 antifoam, paperboard Trans-290 antifoam, paperboard: food-contact Sag 100; Trans-278 Adekanol KS-220; Etingal® A; GP-310-I Antifoam Emulsion; Paracum® 56; Paracum® 66 antifoam, pigmented paper coatings Geo FM® 1220; Geo FM® 1224; Geo FM® DF-122; Geo FM® DF-122-NS; Geo FM® VFS antifoam, pigments Silwet® L-7220 antifoam, polymer dispersions TEGO® Antifoam 2-57; TEGO® Antifoam 2-80; TEGO® Antifoam 2-82; TEGO® Antifoam 2-89; TEGO® Antifoam 2-92; TEGO® Antifoam 1488; TEGO® Antifoam KE 400; TEGO® Antifoam KS 53; TEGO® Antifoam KS 95; TEGO® Antifoam MR 1015; TEGO® Antifoam MR 1016 antifoam, polymerization Sorbitan sesquioleate; TEGO® Antifoam KS 6; TEGO[®] Antifoam KS 10; Zonyl[®] FSP antifoam, pulp Pulpsil® 760 E antifoam, pulp deinking Moussex® 3029 HL antifoam, pulp slurries AF 10 IND antifoam, pulp washing Pulpsil® 760 E antifoam, pulp/paper Adekanate B-590; Adekanate B-1019; Adekanol LG-109; Adekanol LG-121; Adekanol LG-126;

antifoam, pulp/paper mills

Adekanol LG-131N; Adekanol LG-135; Adekanol LG-139; Adekanol LG-141; Adekanol LG-142: Adekanol LG-145: Adekanol LG-150: Adekanol LG-163; Adekanol LG-200B; Adekanol LG-294; Adekanol LG-295S; Adekanol LG-297; Adekanol LG-674; Adekanol LG-805; AF GN-23; Chemax DF-10; Chemax DF-10A; Chemax DF-30; Chemax DF-100; CNC Defoamer 403A; Foamgard® 1332; Nonionic 1025-R; Nonionic 1035-L; Nonionic 2017-R; Nonionic 2025-R; Nonionic 4017-R; Nonionic 4025-R; Nonionic S025-R; *Oleyl alcohol*; Synperonic PE/L61; Synperonic PE/L62LF; Synperonic PE/L81; Synperonic PE/L101; Synperonic PE/L121; Synperonic T/701; Synperonic T/1301; Ukanil 2111; Ukanil 2265; Ukanil 3500; Ukanil 3501; Webnix CAL-183; Webnix FreeSil 581; Webnix FreeSil 622; Webnix FreeSil 642; Webnix FreeSil A; Webnix FreeSil B; Webnix FreeSil C; Webnix FreeSil G; Webnix FreeSil H antifoam, pulp/paper mills Spectrum X 6L antifoam, PVC TEGO® Antifoam KE 400; TEGO® Antifoam KE 600; TEGO® Antifoam KS 6; TEGO® Antifoam KS 10; TEGO® Antifoam KS 53; TEGO® Antifoam KS 95 antifoam, resins Bubreak® 454C; Bubreak® 4400; Bubreak® 4419 antifoam, screen rooms Antifoam 20WB antifoam, screening Pulpsil® 760 E antifoam, sheet coatings TEGO® Antifoam KE 600; TEGO® Antifoam 105; TEGO® Antifoam 201; TEGO® Antifoam 202; TEGO® Antifoam KS 1100 antifoam, size press sol'ns. Geo FM® 1220; Geo FM® 1224; Geo FM® DF-122; Geo FM® DF-122-NS; Geo FM® VF; Geo FM® VFS antifoam, slurry compaction TEGO® Antifoam 1-62; TEGO® Antifoam MR 1016; TEGO® Antifoam WM 20 antifoam, solvents AF 112 antifoam, starch coatings Foam Blast 106 antifoam, starch processing AF 10 IND antifoam, surfactant concs. TEGO® Antifoam KE 600 antifoam, vinyl-acrylic polymerization Colloid™ 681F antifoam, waste treatment Foam Blast 106 antifoam, wastewater Adekanate B-590; Adekanate B-1019; TEGO® Antifoam 105; TEGO® Antifoam 201; TEGO® Antifoam 202; TEGO® Antifoam KE 600; TEGO® Antifoam KS 1100; Trans-278 antifoam, wastewater treatment Adekanol KS-220; Adekanol LG-109; Adekanol LG-121; Adekanol LG-126; Adekanol LG-131N; Adekanol LG-135; Adekanol LG-139; Adekanol LG-141; Adekanol LG-142; Adekanol LG-145; Adekanol LG-150: Adekanol LG-163: Adekanol LG-200B; Adekanol LG-294; Adekanol LG-295S; Adekanol LG-297; Adekanol LG-674; Adekanol LG-805; AF GN-23; Antifoam 20WB; Paracum® 56; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 21; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 25; TEGO® Antifoam 1-60; TEGO® Antifoam 1-62; TEGO® Antifoam KS 6; TEGO® Antifoam KS 53; TEGO® Antifoam KS 100; TEGO® Antifoam KS 911; TEGO® Antifoam MR 1016; Webnix CAL-183; Webnix FreeSil 581; Webnix FreeSil 622; Webnix FreeSil 642; Webnix FreeSil A; Webnix FreeSil B; Webnix FreeSil C; Webnix FreeSil G; Webnix FreeSil H

antifoam, wastewater: pulp/paper FoamTrol™ antifoam, water treatment Nonionic 1025-R; Nonionic 2017-R; Nonionic 4025-R; Nonionic 5025-R; Synperonic PE/L61; Synperonic PE/L62LF; Synperonic PE/L81; Synperonic PE/L101; Synperonic PE/L121; Synperonic T/701; Synperonic T/1301; Tergitol[®] Min-Foam 2X antifoam, waterborne coatings TEGO® Foamex 8020 antifoam, wet-end acid papermaking Advantage® 357 Defoamer antifoam, wet-end paper Moussex® 9101 GE antifog Dimethicone copolyol; Glyceryl myristate; Glyceryl ricinoleate antifog, coatings Silwet® L-77; Silwet® L-7001 antifog, food pkg. Sodium tridecylbenzene sulfonate; Tallowamide DEA antifog, paper Silwet® L-77; Silwet® L-7001 antifog, plastic films Sorbitan oleate; Sorbitan trioleate antifog, polyolefins Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Petrac® GMS antifog, PS Hydrogenated palm glyceride antifog, PVC Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Sorbitan laurate antifog, PVC films Glyceryl dioleate; Glyceryl oleate antifoulant Krytox® DF; Krytox® DF250/IPA; Krytox® DF/ IPA; Krytox® DF/W antifoulant, pulp/paper Paxgard MBT antigellant Sabopon SAM antigellant, drying oils Permanax[™] PTBC; Santowhite[®] BBMC antigellant, paper mill felts Cosmopon BN; Rewopol® B 2003; Sodium oleyl sulfosuccinamate antigellant, starch sol'ns .: paper Pegosperse® 400 MS antilinting agent, newsprint Imprint[®] antilinting agent, paperboard Imprint[®] antilinting agent, thick stock systems: newsprint PolyWeb® 5000 antimicrobial Basic violet 3; β-Bromo-β-nitrostyrene; Caprylic acid; Chloroacetamide; Dimethyl hydantoin-formaldehyde polymer; Dowicil® 75; Glyceryl caprate; Myristalkonium chloride; Proxél® GXL; Sodium chlorite; Sodium o-phenylphenate; Tektamer® 38; Tektamer® 38 A.D.; Tektamer® 38 L.V. antimicrobial preservative, aq. slurries Proxel® DL antimicrobial preservative, fillers 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol antimicrobial preservative, latex coatings: paper/paperboard food-contact 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol antimicrobial preservative, paper coatings Proxel® DL antimicrobial preservative, pigment slurries 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol antimicrobial preservative, starch sizing sol'ns. 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol antimicrobial, aq. prods. Dichlorophene: Methylenebis (thiocyanate)

antimicrobial, aq. systems Methyldibromo glutaronitrile antimicrobial, bleaching: pulp/paper Adox 8125 antimicrobial, broad spectrum: antifoam emulsions 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol antimicrobial, broad spectrum: coatings 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol antimicrobial, broad spectrum: cooling towers 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol antimicrobial, broad spectrum: extender slurries 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol antimicrobial, broad spectrum: latexes 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol antimicrobial, broad spectrum: pigment slurries 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol antimicrobial, broad spectrum: starch 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1.3-diol antimicrobial, cherry bleaching Adox 3125 antimicrobial, coatings Dimethyl oxazolidine antimicrobial, cooling tower water Kathon® WT antimicrobial, cooling tower water treatment Methylchloroisothiazolinone antimicrobial, cooling towers Myacide® AS Plus antimicrobial, cooling water systems Dichlorophene antimicrobial, evaporate condensers Dichlorophene antimicrobial, filler slurries: paper, aq./fatty food-contact Glutaral antimicrobial, filler slurries: paperboard, aq./ fatty food-contact Glutara antimicrobial, food pkg. paper Troysan® 142 antimicrobial, industrial cooling water bioMeT TBTO antimicrobial, industrial water systems Amerstat® 233; Amerstat® 282 antimicrobial, mineral slurries Amerstat® 300 antimicrobial, paper Amerstat® 251 antimicrobial, paper coatings Dowicide® A; Dowicil® 150 antimicrobial, paper mill slime control bioMeT TBTO antimicrobial, paper preservation bioMeT TBTO antimicrobial, paper/paperboard binders: aq./ fatty food-contact Hexahydro-1,3,5-triethyl-s-triazine antimicrobial, paper/paperboard coatings: aq./ fatty food-contact Hexahydro-1,3,5-triethyl-s-triazine antimicrobial, paper/paperboard fillers: aq./ fatty food-contact Hexahydro-1,3,5-triethyl-s-triazine antimicrobial, paper/paperboard pigments: aq./fatty food-contact Hexahydro-1,3,5-triethyl-s-triazine antimicrobial, paper/paperboard sizings: aq./ fatty food-contact Hexahydro-1,3,5-triethyl-s-triazine antimicrobial, paper/paperboard: nonalcoholic/dry food-contact Dodecylquanidine hydrochloride; Dodine antimicrobial, paperboard Cunilate® 2419-75 antimicrobial, papermaking Myacide® AS Plus

antimicrobial, pigment slurries: paper, aq./

fatty food-contact Glutaral antimicrobial, pigment slurries: paperboard, aq./fatty food-contact Glutaral antimicrobial, polymer emulsions Methylchloroisothiazolinone antimicrobial, process waters Mvacide[®] AS Plus antimicrobial, pulp slurries Cunilate® 2419-75 antimicrobial, pulp/paper Mvacide[®] antimicrobial, recirculating water systems Dimethyl oxazolidine antimicrobial, slurries Dichlorophene; Methylenebis (thiocyanate) antimicrobial, starch Vancide® MZ-96 antimicrobial, starch bleaching Adox 3125 antimicrobial, thickeners Dichlorophene; Methylenebis (thiocyanate) antimicrobial, waste treatment Adox 3125 antimicrobial, water treatment Adox 3125; 1-Bromo-3-chloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin; 2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilopropionamide; Nabam; Nissan Cation S2-100; 2-n-Octyl-4isothiazolin-3-one; Ozone antimicrobial, whitewater Slimex® antioxidant C20-40 alcohols; Hydrogenated ditallowamine; Irganox® 1035; Naugard® 10; Santonox® TBMC; Santowhite[®] BBMC; *Sulfur dioxide*; Unilin[®] 425 Alcohol antioxidant, ABS Alkanox[®] P-24; Naugard[®] 10; Permanax[™] PTBC: Weston® 618 antioxidant, acetal Naugard® 10 antioxidant, AS resin BNX® 1010 antioxidant, base stabilization: elastomers Irganox® 1520 D/L antioxidant, blocked copolymers Anox[®] PP18 antioxidant, butadiene resin BNX® 1010 antioxidant, cellulosics 4,4 -Butylidenebis (6-t-butyl-m-cresol); Hexamethylenebis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxycinnamate); Naugard® 10; Octadecyl 3,5-di-tbutyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate; Pentaerythrityl tetrakis [3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate]; Thiodiethylene bis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4hydroxy) hydrocinnamate antioxidant, coatings Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite antioxidant, coatings: food-contact BHT antioxidant, dry rosin size: paper, aq./fatty food-contact Phenothiazine; Phenyl- β -naphthylamine antioxidant, dry rosin size: paperboard, aq./ fatty food-contact *Phenothiazine*; *Phenyl-β-naphthylamine* antioxidant, elastomers Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite; Irganox® 259; Naugard® 10 antioxidant, EPD BNX® 1010 antioxidant, EPDM Naugard[®] 10; Weston[®] 618 antioxidant, EPM BNX® 1010 antioxidant, EVA 4,4 - Butylidenebis (6-t-butyl-m-cresol); Naugard® 10

antioxidant, fatty-based coating adjuvants: paper, aq./fatty/dry food-contact Diphenvlamine antioxidant, fatty-based coating adjuvants: paper, food-contact Di-t-butylhydroquinone antioxidant, fatty-based coating adjuvants: paperboard, aq./fatty/dry food-contact Diphenvlamine antioxidant, fatty-based coating adjuvants: paperboard, food-contact Di-t-butylhydroquinone antioxidant, fiber finish oils Permanax™ PTBC antioxidant, flex-resistant: polyolefins N,N⁻-Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine antioxidant, HDPE Naugard[®] 10 antioxidant, HIPS Naugard® 10 antioxidant, LDPE Naugard® 10 antioxidant, LLDPE Naugard® 10 antioxidant, lubricants Diphenylamine; N,N´-Diphenyl-p-phenylenedi-amine; Naugard® 10; Phenyl-β-naphthylamine antioxidant, methacrylic resin BNX® 1010 antioxidant, mineral oil lubricants: incidental food-contact *Phenyl-β-naphthylamine* antioxidant, nondiscoloring/nonstaining: coatings, food-contact Irganox[®] 1010 antioxidant, nondiscoloring/nonstaining: paper, food-contact Irganox® 1010 antioxidant, NR 4,4'-Butylidenebis (6-t-butyl-m-cresol) antioxidant, org. substrates Irganox® 259 antioxidant, paper Alkaterge®-E antioxidant, paper coatings Santowhite® BBMC antioxidant, paper film coatings Santonox[®] TBMC antioxidant, PC Alkanox® P-24; BNX® 1010 antioxidant, PE BNX[®] 1010; Permanax[™] PTBC; Weston[®] 618 antioxidant, polyacetals BNX® 1010; Hexamethylenebis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxycinnamate); Irganox® 259 antioxidant, polybutadiene Weston® 618 antioxidant, polybutene-1 BNX® 1010 antioxidant, polyesters BNX® 1010; Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphos-phite; Naugard® 10; Weston® 618 antioxidant, polymer processing Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite antioxidant, polymers: food-contact Pentaerythrityl distearate antioxidant, polymers: food-grade Boric acid; 4,4 - Butylidenebis (6-t-butyl-m-cresol); Dicyandiamide; Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite; Octadecyl 3,5-di-t-butyl-4hydroxyhydrocinnamate; Pentaerythrityl tetrakis [3-(3',5'-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate]; Struktol® TR 044; 4,4 -Thiobis-6-(tbutyl-m-cresol); Thiodiethylene bis (3,5-di-tbutyl-4-hydroxy) hydrocinnamate; Zinc palmitate; Zinc stearate Alkanox® P-24; Anox® PP18; Bis (2,4-di-t-buty/phenyl) pentaerythritol diphosphite; 4,4'-Butylidenebis (6-t-butyl-m-cresol); Distearyl

pentaerythrityl diphosphite; Hexamethylenebis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxycinnamate); Irganox® 259; Naugard® 10; Octadecyl 3,5-di-t-butyl-4hydroxyhydrocinnamate; Pentaerythrityl tetrakis [3-(3',5'-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate]; 4,4'-Thiobis-6-(t-butyl-m-cresol); Thiodiethylene bis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy) hydrocinnamate antioxidant, polyolefins: food pkg. Triisopropanolamine antioxidant, PP BNX[®] 1010; Naugard[®] 10; Permanax[™] PTBC; Weston® 618 antioxidant, PS Bis (2,4-di-t-butylphenyl) pentaerythritol diphosphite; BNX® 1010; 4,4'-Butylidenebis (6t-butyl-m-cresol); Naugard® 10; Pentaerythrityl tetrakis [3-(3',5'-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate]; 4,4'-Thiobis-6-(t-butyl-m-cresol); Thiodiethylene bis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy) hydrocinnamate; Weston® 618 antioxidant, PU Naugard[®] 10 antioxidant, pulp/paper stabilization Santonox® TBMC antioxidant, PVC Alkanox® P-24; Anox® PP18; Bis (2,4-di-t-butylphenyl) pentaerythritol diphosphite; BNX® 1010; 4,4 -Butylidenebis (6-t-butyl-m-cresol); Hexamethylenebis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxycin-namate); Naugard® 10; Octadecyl 3,5-di-tbutyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate; Permanax™ PTBC; 4,4 - Thiobis-6-(t-butyl-m-cresol); Thiodiethylene bis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy) hydrocinnamate; Weston® 618 antioxidant, stabilized polymers Perchloropentacyclodecane antioxidant, styrenics Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite; Hexameth-ylenebis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxycinnamate); Irganox[®] 259; Naugard[®] 10; Octadecyl 3,5-dit-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate antioxidant, thermal fax paper Santowhite® BBMC antioxidant, varnishes BNX® 1010 antioxidant, waxes BNX® 1010; Phenothiazine antiozonant Octotint 120; Octotint 138; Octotint 150; Octotint 155; Octotint 572; Octotint 601; Octotint 825; Octowax 321; Octowax 518 antiozonant, flex-resistant: polyolefins N,N'-Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine antiozonant, lubricants *N*,*N*⁻*Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine* antipicking agent, surface sizing Nopcote® DC-1153 antiplate out agent, PVC calendered films Sipernat® 500LS antiprecipitant Tamol[®] 808; Tamol[®] 850; Tamol[®] 960 antiprecipitant, coatings Polyacrylamide antiprecipitant, water treatment Polyacrylamide antiredeposition agent Sodium polyacrylate antiredeposition agent, coatings Alcosperse® 149 antiredeposition agent, high solids slurries Alcosperse® 602-N antiredeposition agent, paper Alcofix antiredeposition agent, paper coatings Alcosperse® 602-N antiredeposition agent, paperboard Alcofix antiredeposition agent, pigments Alcosperse® 149; Alcosperse® 602-N

antiredeposition agent, pulp Alcofix® antisettling agent Luwax® OA; Luwax® OA 3; Luwax® OA 5; Veegum® T; Vestowax® AO 1535; Vestowax® AO 2733 antisettling agent, coatings Ethylene/VA copolymer antisettling agent, diazo paper Wacker HDK® N20 antisettling agent, paper Smectite antisettling agent, waste treatment Smectite antisettling agent, water-reducible alkyd systems Rheolate® 2001 antisettling agent, water-reducible coating systems Rheolate® 2001 antisettling agent, water-reducible epoxy systems Rheolate® 2001 antisettling agent, water-reducible systems Rheolate® 2001 antishock agent, paper coatings Surfynol® PC; Tetramethyl decynediol antiskid agent, paper: frictionize corrugated board Noslip® antiskid agent, paper: frictionize linerboard, from recycled fiber Nyacol® 215; Nyacol® 830; Nyacol® 1430; Nyacol® 1440; Nyacol® 2034DI; Nyacol® 2040; Nyacol® 2040NH4; Nyacol® 2050; Nvacol[®] 9950 antiskid agent, paper: frictionize newsprint Noslip[®] NP antiskid agent, paper: frictionize recycled linerboard Noslip® antislip agent, aq. coatings Shamrock Hydrocer EEP 33 antislip agent, aq. emulsions Aerosil® K315; Aerosil® K328; Aerosil® K330; Aerosil® K342 antislip agent, cardboard Aerosil® K315; Aerosil® K328; Aerosil® K330; Aerosil® K342 antislip agent, coatings Silwet® L-722; Silwet® L-7002 antislip agent, copy paper Sylysia 250; Sylysia 250N; Sylysia 310; Sylysia 320; Sylysia 350; Sylysia 430; Sylysia 435; Sylysia 440; Sylysia 445; Sylysia 450; Sylysia 470; Sylysia 530; Sylysia 540; Sylysia 550; Sylysia 730; Sylysia 740; Sylysia 770 antislip agent, fiber Silwet® L-722 antislip agent, paper Adelite; Aerosil® K315; Aerosil® K328; Aerosil® K330; Aerosil[®] K342; *Silica, colloidal*; Silwet[®] L-722; Silwet® L-7002 antislip agent, thermal paper Sylysia 250; Sylysia 2501; Sylysia 310; Sylysia 320; Sylysia 350; Sylysia 430; Sylysia 435; Sylysia 440; Sylysia 445; Sylysia 450; Sylysia 470; Sylysia 530; Sylysia 540; Sylysia 550; Sylysia 730; Sylysia 740; Sylysia 770 antisludging agent Polywet® ND-2 antisoiling aid, coatings Zonyl[®] FSN antistaining agent, tannin Barium metaborate antistat Aerosol® C-61; Ajidew N-50; Ajidew SP-100; Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate; Blemmer QA;

Burco® Imidazoline O; Burco® Imidazoline T; Butyl acid phosphate; Butyl phosphate; Carbon black: Ceresin: Conductive Polymer 261® RV: Crill 1; Crill 2; Crill 3; Crillet 3; Crillet 4; Deceth-4 phosphate; DeMULS PSMO-80; DeMULS PSMS-60; DeMULS PSTS-65; DeMULS SML; Dimethicone copolyol; Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate; Dimethyl glutarate; Disodium oleamido MIPA-sulfosuccinate; Emulsifier K 30 40%; Emulsifier K 30 68%; Emulsifier K 30 76%; Emulsifier K 30 95%; Ethyl hydroxymethyl olevl oxazoline: Glycervl distearate: Glycervl oleate; Isooctyl acid phosphate; Isostearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Lanolin; Lauryl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Lecithin; Linoleamide DEA; Linoleic acid; Masil® EM 501; Methicone; Montan acid wax; Montan wax; Myristalkonium chloride; Myristamide DEA; Myristamine acetate; Nonoxynol-9 phosphate; Palmitamide DEA; PCA; PEG-60 castor oil; PEG-80 castor oil; PEG-20 glyceryl laurate; PEG-20 glyceryl oleate; PEG-15 glyceryl ricinoleate; PEG-16 oleate; PEG-80 sorbitan laurate; Pluronic® 17R2; Poloxamer 101; Poloxamer 105; Poloxamer 108; Poloxamer 122; Poloxamer 123; Poloxamer 124; Poloxamer 181; Poloxamer 182: Poloxamer 183: Poloxamer 184; Poloxamer 185; Poloxamer 188; Poloxamer 212; Poloxamer 215; Poloxamer 231; Poloxamer 234; Poloxamer 235; Poloxamer 237; Poloxamer 238; Poloxamer 282; Poloxamer 284; Poloxamer 288; Poloxamer 331; Poloxamer 333; Poloxamer 334; Poloxamer 335; Poloxamer 338; Poloxamer 401; Poloxamer 402; Poloxamer 403; Poloxamer 407; Poloxamine 701; Polysorbate 61; Polysorbate 81; Polysorbate 85; Polyvinyl acetate; Servoxyl® VPBZ 5/100; Servoxyl® VPDZ 6/100; Servoxyl® VPFZ 7/ 100; Servoxyl® VPGZ 6/100; Servoxyl® VPIZ 100; Servoxyl® VPNZ 7/100; Servoxyl® VPPZ 100; Servoxyl® VPRZ 006/100; Servoxyl® VPRZ 0011/100; Servoxyl® VPTZ 003/100; Servoxyl® VPTZ 100; Servoxyl® VPVZ 12/100; Snowtex S; Snowtex ST-20L; Snowtex ST-40; Snowtex ST-50; Snowtex ST-C; Snowtex ST-N; Snowtex ST-O; Snowtex ST-O-30; Snowtex ST-O-40; Snowtex ST-OL; Snowtex ST-OL-40; Snowtex ST-OS; Snowtex ST-S; Snowtex ST-XS; Snowtex XS; Sodium 2-hydroxy-3-(2-propenyloxy) 1-propanesulfonate; Sodium oleic sulfate; Sodium PCA; Sodium p-styrenesulfonate; Sorbitan tristearate; SPAE; Talloweth-11 phosphate; TEBAC; Teric™ N4; Teric™ N5; Tricetylmonium chloride; Trideceth-6 phosphate antistat finishing Methacrvlamidopropyltrimethylammonium chloride; Mhoromer® BM 613 antistat, ABS Lipowax C antistat, acidic systems Varonic[®] K-210 antistat, coatings Silwet[®] L-77; Silwet[®] L-722 antistat, dust control Volpo C2: Volpo C20: Volpo CS50: Volpo L3 antistat, electroconductive paper coatings 2-Hydroxy 3-methacryl oxypropyl trimoniumchloride antistat, emulsion polymerization PEG-2 laurate; PVM/MA copolymer; Wayfos® D-10N antistat, emulsions Aerosol® OT-75% antistat, facsimile paper Chemistat 6300 H antistat, fiber Carsoquat[®] SDQ-25; Celnax[®] CX-Z210 IP; Celnax[®] CX-Z300H; Celnax[®] CX-Z401M;

Incroquat SDQ-25; PEG-15 cocamine; Silwet® L-722; Sodium butyl phosphate; Spinomar NaSS antistat, films Celnax® CX-Z210 IP; Celnax® CX-Z300H; Celnax® CX-Z401M antistat, food pkg. Lauramide DEA; Laureth-9; PEG-2 stearamine; PEG-2 tallowamine; Sodium tridecylbenzene sulfonate; Tallowamide DEA antistat, internal: paper, food pkg. Larostat® FPE-S antistat, internal: PE Glyceryl oleate antistat, internal: polyolefins Larostat® 902 AS antistat, internal: PP Glyceryl oleate; Pegosperse® 100 L antistat, internal: PS Alkamuls® S-8; Pegosperse® 400 MS antistat, internal: PVC Glyceryl oleate antistat, paper Alkamuls® EL-620; Aromox® C/12; Aromox® C/ 12-W; Arguad® 2C-75; Arguad® 12-50; Arquad® 16-50; Arquad® 18-50; Arquad® C-50; Arquad® T-27W; Celnax® CX-Z210 IP; Celnax® CX-Z300H; Celnax® CX-Z401M; Chimin P45; Igepal® DM-710; Isodecyl oleate; Laurtrimonium chloride; Mackester™ EGDS; Mackester™ EGMS; Mackester™ IP Mackester™ SP; Merpol® HCS; Nonionic 1044-L; Nonionic 1061-L; Nonionic 1062-L; Nonionic 1064-L; Nonionic 1068-F; Nonionic 1088-F; Nonyl nonoxynol-15; PEG-36 castor oil; PEG-3 dioctoate; Pluracol® E400 NF; Pluracol® E600 NF; Pluracol® E1450; Pluracol® E2000; Pluracol® E4500; Pluracol® E8000; PVM/MA copolymer; Qemisoft 8075; Schercozoline I; Schercozoline L; Schercozoline O; Schercozoline S; Silwet® L-77; Silwet® L-722; Spinomar NaSS; Stearamidopropyl dimethyl-2hydroxyethyl ammonium nitrate; Tetronic® 90R4; Trilauryl phosphate antistat, paper chemicals Querton 442; Querton 442-11; Querton 442-82; Querton 442E; Querton 442H; Querton 442P; Querton 442P-11 antistat, paper depitching Adekamine 4DAC-80; Adekamine 4DAC-85; Adekamine 4MAC-30; Adekamine ADG-30; Adekamine E Series; Adekamine LDM; Adekamine MD-30; Adekamine MT-50; Adekamine PMS-100 antistat, paper finishing Teric™ OF8 antistat, paper softening Arquad® 2HT-75; Arquad® 2HT-75PG antistat, paper surface treatment: high speed copier paper Elfugin® AKT Liq. antistat, paper surface treatment: noncontact printing paper Elfugin® AKT Liq. antistat, paper surface treatment: punch tape paper Elfugin[®] AKT Liq. antistat, paper tissues PEG stearate antistat, paper treatment Snowtex 20L; Snowtex 40; Snowtex 50; Snowtex C; Snowtex N; Snowtex O; Snowtex OL; Snowtex ST-UP; Snowtex ST-ZL antistat, papermaking Cithrol A; Cithrol DGML N/E; Cithrol DGMS N/E; Cithrol EGDS N/E; Cithrol EGMS N/E; Cithrol EGMS S/E; Glyceryl dilaurate; Glyceryl dilaurate SE; Glycol dilaurate; Glycol dilaurate SE; Glycol dioleate; Glycol dioleate SE; Glycol

distearate SE; Glycol laurate; Glycol laurate

SE; Glycol oleate; Glycol oleate SE; Glycol ricinoleate; Glycol ricinoleate SE; PEG cocamine; PEG-2 dilaurate; PEG-2 dilaurate SE; PEG-2 dioleate; PEG-2 dioleate SE; PEG-2 distearate; PEG-2 distearate SE; PEG-2 laurate; PEG-2 oleamine; PEG-2 oleate; PEG-2 oleate SE; PEG stearamine; PEG-2 stearate; PEG-2 stearate SE; PPG-2 laurate; PPG-2 laurate SE; PPG-2 oleate; PPG-2 oleate SE; PPG-2 stearate; PPG-2 stearate SE; Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo CS50; Volpo L3; Wayfos® D-10Ń antistat, PE Laureth-4; Lipowax C antistat, pigment grinding Propylene glycol myristate antistat, plastic films Cetyl betaine; Sorbitan oleate antistat, polymers Cyastat® SN; Stearamidopropyl dimethyl-2hvdroxvethvl ammonium nitrate antistat, polymers: food-grade PEG-2 oleamine antistat, polyolefins Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Petrac® GMS antistat, polyurethane foams PEG-36 castor oil antistat, PS Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Laureth-4; Lipowax C antistat, pulp/paper Monafax 1293; Nissan Cation AB; Nissan Cation BB; Nissan Cation F2-20R; Nissan Cation F2-40E; Nissan Cation F2-50; Nissan Cation F2-50E; Nissan Cation F2-CONC.; Nissan Cation FB; Nissan Cation M2-100; Nissan Cation PB-40; Nissan Cation PB-300; Nissan Cation S2-100; Nonionic 1035-L; Paxogen COB; Paxogen LAO; Paxsorbate 20; Paxsorbate 60; Paxsorbate 80: Pluronic® F38: Pluronic® F68: Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic® F77; Pluronic® F87; Pluronic® F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic® F127; Pluronic® L31; Pluronic[®] L35; Pluronic[®] L43; Pluronic[®] L44; Pluronic[®] L64; Pluronic[®] P84; Pluronic[®] P85; Pluronic[®] P103; Pluronic[®] P104; Pluronic[®] P105; Pluronic® P123; Polypax EGDS; Polypax EGMS; Polyquat 2 C; Polyquat 188; Polyquat PR; Polystar OM; Polystar OMP; Propylene glycol laurate; Stearalkonium chloride; Steartrimonium chloride; Surfonic® CO-15; Surfonic® CO-20; Surfonic® CO-25; Surfonic® CO-30; Surfonic® CO-42 antistat, PVC DeMULS SML; Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Sorbitan laurate antistat, resins Alkamide[®] STEDA antistat, sanitized paper Hyamine[®] 3500 50% antistat, suspension polymerization Aerosol® OT-75% antistat, syn. fiber Cocotrimonium chloride; Rhodapex® CO-436; Servoxyl® VPI 55 antistat, syn. fibers with PS PEG-10 cocamine antistat, syn. materials Glyceryl caprylate; Glyceryl caprylate/caprate antistat, water treatment Pluronic[®] F38; Pluronic[®] F68; Pluronic[®] F68LF; Pluronic® F77; Pluronic® F87; Pluronic® F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic® F127; Pluronic® L31; Pluronic® L35; Pluronic® L43; Pluronic® L44; Pluronic® L64; Pluronic® P84; Pluronic[®] P85; Pluronic[®] P103; Pluronic[®] P104; Pluronic® P105; Pluronic® P123; Poloxamer 217 antistat, waxes

Advawax® 240; Advawax® 280; Ethylene

dioleamide; Propylene glycol myristate antistatic coatings, ABS Distearvldimonium chloride antistatic coatings, cellulose acetate Quaternium-18 antistatic coatings, cellulosics Distearyldimonium chloride antistatic coatings, PE Quaternium-18 antistatic coatings, polyacetal Quaternium-18 antistatic coatings, PP Distearyldimonium chloride; Quaternium-18 antistatic coatings, PS Distearyldimonium chloride antistatic coatings, PVC Distearyldimonium chloride antistatic finish, polyester fiber Ageflex FA-1Q80DMS; Ageflex FA-1Q80MC; Ageflex FA-2Q50DMS; Ageflex FM-1Q75MC; Ageflex FM-1Q80DMS antisticking agent Pogol® 600 antisticking agent, paper coatings Synthro®-Pel SCR antisticking agent, paper sticking Synthro®-Pel SCR antisticking agent, PVC melts-to-hot machine parts Hoechst Wax PED 521 antisticking agent, surface sizing Nopcote® DC-1153 antitackifier Lumulse[™] DGS; Lumulse[™] DGS-C; Lumulse[™] DGS-N antitackifier, ABS Lipowax C antitackifier, PE Lipowax C antitackifier, PS Lipowax C antitackifier, solvent coatings Aldo® MS LG FG antitackifier, solventless coatings Aldo® MS LG FG antitackifier, surface: aq. emulsions Aerosil® K315; Aerosil® K328; Aerosil® K330; Aerosil® K342 antitackifier, surface: cardboard Aerosil® K315; Aerosil® K328; Aerosil® K330; Aerosil® K342 antitackifier, surface: paper Aerosil® K315; Aerosil® K328; Aerosil® K330; Aerosil® K342 antiwear agent t-Butylphenyl phosphate; Triaryl phosphate; Tributoxyethyl phosphate; Tributyl phosphate antiwear agent, paper machine oils Durad® 110B; Durad® 150B; Durad® 220B; Durad® 620B antiwear circulating oil, paper machine lubrication systems PMO Ashless 150; PMO Ashless 220; PMO Ashless 320; PMO Ashless 460 antiwebbing agent, coating compds. Octosperse 662 aq. process additive, paper Dequest[®] 2000; Dequest[®] 2010; Dequest[®] 2054 bacterial inoculant system, environmental: pulp/paper mills Munox® XL Series 1; Munox® XL Series 2; Munox[®] XL Series 5 bacterial inoculant system, environmental: wastewater Munox[®] XL Series 1; Munox[®] XL Series 2; Munox[®] XL Series 5 bactericide Arquad® 2C-75; Arquad® 12-50; Arquad® 16-50; Arquad® 18-50; Arquad® C-50; Arquad® T-27W; Busan® 90; Busan® 1130; Calcium

hypochlorite; Coco-betaine; Methylenebis (thiocyanate); Morpholine; Myristalkonium chloride; Nipacide® BKX; Nipacide® FC; Nipacide[®] XRP; Ozone; Paraformaldehyde; Proxel® DL; Proxel® XL2; Sodium MBT; Sodium chlorite; Sodium pentachlorophenate; Tolcide[®] PS 75LT; Tolcide[®] PS 200 bactericide, air sterilization Propylene glycol bactericide, broad-spectrum Busan® 1059; Busan® 1059-WS bactericide, casein dispersions Nipacide® BIT 20 bactericide, cooling tower systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette bactericide, cooling water Tributyltin oxide bactericide, cooling water systems Sanibrom™ 40; Sanibrom™ 45 bactericide, evaporative condensers Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette bactericide, food pkg. paper Troysan® 142 bactericide, glue casein 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2thione bactericide, industrial Sodium-2,4,5-trichlorophenate bactericide, industrial recirculating water cooling towers Qemicide DTC-1050 bactericide, industrial wet scrubber systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette bactericide, industrial: aq. prods. Nipacide® BIT 10; Nipacide BIT 10A; Nipacide® BIT AS; Nipacide® CBX A; Nipacide® CFX2; Nipacide® CFX3; Nipacide® CI; Nipacide® CI 15 bactericide, influent systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briguette bactericide, mineral slurries Nipacide[®] BIT 20 bactericide, o/w emulsions Nipacide[®] BIT 20 bactericide, paper 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2thione; Tributyltin oxide bactericide, paper machine wet-end Busan® 1223 bactericide, paper mills Acticide® WT; Metasol® RB-20; Paxgard WT; Qemicide DTC-35; Qemicide DTC-1050; Taurine-DBNPA; Tolcide® MW10 bactericide, papermaking Busan® 1210 bactericide, pigment dispersions Nipacide[®] BIT 20 bactericide, polymer emulsions Nipacide® BIT 20 bactericide, pulp mills Qemicide DTC-35; Qemicide DTC-1050 bactericide, pulp/paper Acticide® DW; Acticide® HF; Acticide® SPX; Acticide® WTC; Dantobrom® RW Briquette; Paxgard BD 20; Paxgard BD 88; Paxgard BK 20; Paxgard BKC; Paxgard BSL; Paxgard BU 30; Paxgard BU 30 L; Paxgard BU 60; Paxgard DB 10; Paxgard DB 20; Paxgard DB 99; Paxgard EM; Paxgard GDA; Paxgard GT 10; Paxgard GT 20; Paxgard MB 10; Paxgard MBT; Paxgard PDC; Paxgard SDC; Paxgard ST; Paxgard TC; Polyquat 2 C; Polyquat 188 bactericide, pulp/paper mills Aquatreat[®] DNM-30; Sanibrom[™] 40; Sanibrom[™] 45 bactericide, recirculating cooling towers Tolcide® MW10 bactericide, recirculating water systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette

bactericide, rosin dispersions

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SE; Glycol oleate; Glycol oleate SE; Glycol ricinoleate; Glycol ricinoleate SE; PEG cocamine; PEG-2 dilaurate; PEG-2 dilaurate SE; PEG-2 dioleate; PEG-2 dioleate SE; PEG-2 distearate; PEG-2 distearate SE; PEG-2 laurate; PEG-2 oleamine; PEG-2 oleate; PEG-2 oleate SE; PEG stearamine; PEG-2 stearate; PEG-2 stearate SE; PPG-2 laurate; PPG-2 laurate SE; PPG-2 oleate; PPG-2 oleate SE; PPG-2 stearate; PPG-2 stearate SE; Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo CS50; Volpo L3; Wayfos® D-10Ń antistat, PE Laureth-4; Lipowax C antistat, pigment grinding Propylene glycol myristate antistat, plastic films Cetyl betaine; Sorbitan oleate antistat, polymers Cyastat® SN; Stearamidopropyl dimethyl-2hydroxyethyl ammonium nitrate antistat, polymers: food-grade PEG-2 oleamine antistat, polyolefins Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Petrac® GMS antistat, polyurethane foams PEG-36 castor oil antistat, PS Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Laureth-4; Lipowax C antistat, pulp/paper Monafax 1293; Nissan Cation AB; Nissan Cation BB; Nissan Cation F2-20R; Nissan Cation F2-40E; Nissan Cation F2-50; Nissan Cation F2-50E; Nissan Cation F2-CONC.; Nissan Cation FB; Nissan Cation M2-100; Nissan Cation PB-40; Nissan Cation PB-300; Nissan Cation S2-100; Nonionic 1035-L; Paxogen COB; Paxogen LAO; Paxsorbate 20; Paxsorbate 60; Paxsorbate 80; Pluronic[®] F38; Pluronic[®] F68; Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic® F77; Pluronic® F87; Pluronic® F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic® F127; Pluronic® L31; Pluronic® L35; Pluronic® L43; Pluronic® L44; Pluronic® L64; Pluronic® P84; Pluronic® P85; Pluronic® P103; Pluronic® P104; Pluronic® P105; Pluronic® P123; Polypax EGDS; Polypax EGMS; Polyquat 2 C; Polyquat 188; Polyquat PR; Polystar OM; Polystar OMP; Propylene glycol laurate; Stearalkonium chloride; Steartrimonium chloride; Surfonic® CO-15; Surfonic® CO-20; Surfonic® CO-25; Surfonic® CO-30; Surfonic® CO-42 antistat, PVC DeMULS SML; Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Sorbitan laurate antistat, resins Alkamide[®] STEDA antistat, sanitized paper Hyamine[®] 3500 50% antistat, suspension polymerization Aerosol® OT-75%

- antistat, syn. fiber
- Cocotrimonium chloride; Rhodapex[®] CO-436; Servoxyl[®] VPI 55
- antistat, syn. fibers with PS
- PEG-10 cocamine
- antistat, syn. materials
- Glyceryl caprylate; Glyceryl caprylate/caprate antistat, water treatment
- Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic® F77; Pluronic® F87; Pluronic® F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic® F127; Pluronic® L31; Pluronic® L35; Pluronic® L43; Pluronic® L44; Pluronic® L64; Pluronic® P84; Pluronic® P85; Pluronic® P103; Pluronic®
 - P104; Pluronic[®] P105; Pluronic[®] P123; Poloxamer 217
- antistat, waxes
- Advawax® 240; Advawax® 280; Ethylene

dioleamide; Propylene glycol myristate antistatic coatings, ABS Distearvldimonium chloride antistatic coatings, cellulose acetate Quaternium-18 antistatic coatings, cellulosics Distearyldimonium chloride antistatic coatings, PE Quaternium-18 antistatic coatings, polyacetal Quaternium-18 antistatic coatings, PP Distearyldimonium chloride; Quaternium-18 antistatic coatings, PS Distearyldimonium chloride antistatic coatings, PVC Distearyldimonium chloride antistatic finish, polyester fiber Ageflex FA-1Q80DMS; Ageflex FA-1Q80MC; Ageflex FA-2Q50DMS; Ageflex FM-1Q75MC; Ageflex FM-1Q80DMS antisticking agent Pogol® 600 antisticking agent, paper coatings Synthro®-Pel SCR antisticking agent, paper sticking Synthro®-Pel SCR antisticking agent, PVC melts-to-hot machine parts Hoechst Wax PED 521 antisticking agent, surface sizing Nopcote® DC-1153 antitackifier Lumulse[™] DGS; Lumulse[™] DGS-C; Lumulse[™] DGS-N antitackifier, ABS Lipowax C antitackifier, PE Lipowax C antitackifier, PS Lipowax C antitackifier, solvent coatings Aldo® MS LG FG antitackifier, solventless coatings Aldo® MS LG FG antitackifier, surface: aq. emulsions Aerosil® K315; Aerosil® K328; Aerosil® K330; Aerosil® K342 antitackifier, surface: cardboard Aerosil® K315; Aerosil® K328; Aerosil® K330; Aerosil® K342 antitackifier, surface: paper Aerosil® K315; Aerosil® K328; Aerosil® K330; Aerosil® K342 antiwear agent t-Butylphenyl phosphate; Triaryl phosphate; Tributoxyethyl phosphate; Tributyl phosphate antiwear agent, paper machine oils Durad® 110B; Durad® 150B; Durad® 220B; Durad® 620B antiwear circulating oil, paper machine lubrication systems PMO Ashless 150; PMO Ashless 220; PMO Ashless 320; PMO Ashless 460 antiwebbing agent, coating compds. Octosperse 662 aq. process additive, paper Dequest[®] 2000; Dequest[®] 2010; Dequest[®] 2054 bacterial inoculant system, environmental: pulp/paper mills Munox® XL Series 1; Munox® XL Series 2; Munox[®] XL Series 5 bacterial inoculant system, environmental: wastewater Munox[®] XL Series 1; Munox[®] XL Series 2; Munox[®] XL Series 5 bactericide Arquad® 2C-75; Arquad® 12-50; Arquad® 16-50; Arquad® 18-50; Arquad® C-50; Arquad® T-27W; Busan® 90; Busan® 1130; Calcium

hypochlorite; Coco-betaine; Methylenebis (thiocyanate); Morpholine; Myristalkonium *chloride*; Nipacide® BKX; Nipacide® FC; Nipacide® XRP; *Ozone*; *Paraformaldehyde*; Proxel[®] DL; Proxel[®] XL2; Sodium MBT; Sodium chlorite; Sodium pentachlorophenate; Tolcide[®] PS 75LT; Tolcide[®] PS 200 bactericide, air sterilization Propylene glycol bactericide, broad-spectrum Busan® 1059; Busan® 1059-WS bactericide, casein dispersions Nipacide® BIT 20 bactericide, cooling tower systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette bactericide, cooling water Tributyltin oxide bactericide, cooling water systems Sanibrom™ 40; Sanibrom™ 45 bactericide, evaporative condensers Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette bactericide, food pkg. paper Troysan® 142 bactericide, glue casein 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2thione bactericide, industrial Sodium-2,4,5-trichlorophenate bactericide, industrial recirculating water cooling towers Qemicide DTC-1050 bactericide, industrial wet scrubber systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette bactericide, industrial: aq. prods. Nipacide® BIT 10; Nipacide BIT 10A; Nipacide® BIT AS; Nipacide® CBX A; Nipacide® CFX2; Nipacide® CFX3; Nipacide® CI; Nipacide® CI 15 bactericide, influent systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briguette bactericide, mineral slurries Nipacide[®] BIT 20 bactericide, o/w emulsions Nipacide[®] BIT 20 bactericide, paper 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2thione; Tributyltin oxide bactericide, paper machine wet-end Busan® 1223 bactericide, paper mills Acticide[®] WT; Metasol[®] RB-20; Paxgard WT; Qemicide DTC-35; Qemicide DTC-1050; Taurine-DBNPA; Tolcide® MW10 bactericide, papermaking Busan® 1210 bactericide, pigment dispersions Nipacide[®] BIT 20 bactericide, polymer emulsions Nipacide® BIT 20 bactericide, pulp mills Qemicide DTC-35; Qemicide DTC-1050 bactericide, pulp/paper Acticide® DW; Acticide® HF; Acticide® SPX; Acticide® WTC; Dantobrom® RW Briquette; Paxgard BD 20; Paxgard BD 88; Paxgard BK 20; Paxgard BKC; Paxgard BSL; Paxgard BU 30; Paxgard BU 30 L; Paxgard BU 60; Paxgard DB 10; Paxgard DB 20; Paxgard DB 99; Paxgard EM; Paxgard GDA; Paxgard GT 10; Paxgard GT 20; Paxgard MB 10; Paxgard MBT; Paxgard PDC; Paxgard SDC; Paxgard ST; Paxgard TC; Polyquat 2 C; Polyquat 188 bactericide, pulp/paper mills Aquatreat[®] DNM-30; Sanibrom[™] 40; Sanibrom[™] 45 bactericide, recirculating cooling towers Tolcide® MW10

- bactericide, recirculating water systems Dantobrom® RW Briquette
- bactericide, rosin dispersions

Nipacide[®] BIT 20 bactericide, starch 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2thione bactericide, starch/casein coatings Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole bactericide, sulfate-reducing bacteria Metasol® 350 bactericide, wastewater systems Sanibrom[™] 40; Sanibrom[™] 45 bactericide, water purification Chlorine dioxide bactericide, water treatment Acticide® WT; 1-Bromo-3-chloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin; 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5thiadiazone-2-thione; Nipacide® BIT 20; Paxgard WT bactericide, waxes 2-Bromo-4´-hydroxyacetophenone bacteriostat, paper softening Arquad[®] 2HT-75; Arquad[®] 2HT-75PG bacteriostat, plants Captan bacteriostat, sanitized paper Hyamine® 3500 50% bacteriostat, solvent-based coatings Captan barium sulfate inhibitor, paper machines Belsperse® 164 barrier coating, basecoat: paper coatings Tykote Base; Tykote Base II barrier coating, basecoat: paper coatings, food pkg. Tykote Base; Tykote Base II barrier coatings, paper Vinylidene chloride copolymer base additive, sandpaper Darex[®] 110L base coating, boxboard: 'double-bump' coating operations NovaCote® PC 1906 base coating, high gloss: boxboard NovaCote® PC 1911 base coating, mod.-low gloss: boxboard NovaCote® PC 3050 base emulsion, paper coatings Vinylidene chloride copolymer base material, paper Propetal 99 base polymer, color concs. Epolene® C-13; Epolene® C-14; Epolene® C-17 base resin, food pkg. paper coatings Tykote 1004 base resin, paper coatings Tykote 1004 base resin, radiation-curing overprint varnishes: paper/board Photomer® 3016 base, adhesive: bag seam Vinac[®] 285 base, adhesive: bookbinding Airflex® 465 base, adhesive: bottle labels Daratak® RP2000 base, adhesive: coated paper Airflex[®] 300; Airflex[®] 7200; Elvace[®] 733; Elvace® 40713-00; Plvamul® 40305-00 base, adhesive: coated paperboard Daratak[®] RP2000 base, adhesive: corrugated board Elvace[®] 731; Elvace[®] 733; Elvace[®] 734; Elvace[®] 735; Elvace[®] 736; Elvace[®] 739; Elvace[®] 40713-00; Elvace[®] 40724-00; Elvace® 97955-00; Pace® 381; Pace® 382; Pace® 383; Plyamul® 40305-00; Plyamul® 40315-00; Plyamul® 40351-00; Plyamul® 40354-00; Plyamul® 40359-00 base, adhesive: decorative paper-to-particle board lamination Elvace® 734

base, adhesive: film overlay lamination Airflex® 465 base, adhesive: fire retardant: coated paper substrates Airflex[®] 430 base, adhesive: fire retardant: kraft paper substrates Airflex[®] 430 base, adhesive: high-speed pkg. Airflex® 465 base, adhesive: kraft paper Airflex® 7200: Vinac® 1000 base, adhesive: kraft/coated paper Airflex[®] 440: Airflex[®] 440H base, adhesive: paper Airflex® 465; Plyamul® 40656-00; Vinac® 285 base, adhesive: paper-to-foil laminations Daratak[®] RP2000 base, adhesive: paper-to-paper laminations Daratak® RP2000 base, adhesive: pkg. Plyamul® 40656-00 base, adhesive: uncoated paper Elvace® 731; Elvace® 733; Elvace® 734; Elvace® 735; Elvace® 736; Elvace® 739; Elvace® 40713-00; Elvace® 40724-00; Elvace® 97955-00; Pace® 381; Pace® 382; Pace® 383; Plyamul® 40305-00; Plyamul® 40315-00; Plyamul[®] 40351-00; Plyamul[®] 40354-00; Plyamul[®] 40359-00; Synthemul[®] 40430-20; Synthemul® 97982-00 base, cleaners Nonoxynol-7 phosphate base, coated paper surfaces Airflex® 320 base, coatings Mhoromer® AM 103H; Mhoromer® AM 105H base, color laking Kaolin base, detergent: paper Norfox[®] DCS base, emulsifiers Trideceth-2 base, flame retardants Nonoxynol-7 phosphate base, flotation aids Nonoxynol-7 phosphate base, lubricant: paper Pluronic® P-2000 base, methacrylates Mhoromer® AM 199 base, methacrylic esters Mhoromer® MMA base, paper Carbowax[®] PEG 300; Mhoromer[®] AM 101; Pluracol® E400 NF; Pluracol® E600 NF; Pluracol® E1450; Pluracol® E2000; Pluracol® E4500: Pluracol® E8000 base, pigment: paper T-2005A; T-9087A base, rust inhibitors Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate base, uncoated paper Plyamul® 97825-00 base, wetting agents Capric acid basic material, paper Oxetal 800/85 batch washing, off-machine FeltECCel™ 905 batts, bonded Neoprene Latex 654; Neoprene Latex 735A beater addition, paper Rohamere® 977 beeswax substitute Glyceryl hydroxystearate BHT substitute, polyolefins Octadecyl 3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate binder

Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer, Acrylic/ styrene; Albumen; Butadiene/acrylonitrile copolymer; Calcium lignosulfonate; Calcium stearate; Carboset® 514A; Carboset® 514H; Carboset® 515; Carboset® 525; Carboset® 531; Ceteareth-11; C16-18 pareth-25; C16-18 pareth-50; Ethylene/MA copolymer; Hydroxypropylcellulose; Hydroxypropyl guar; Hydroxypropyl methacrylate; Isopropyl myristate; Isopropyl palmitate; Isopropyl stearate; Isostearic acid; Mineral oil; Montan acid wax; Montan wax; PEG-90M; PEG-115M; Pluronic[®] P-2000; *Polyethylene glycol*; Polyox® WSR 301; Polyox® WSR 3333; Polyox® WSR N-10; Polyox® WSR N-12K; Polyox[®] WSR N-60K; *Rosin, polymerized; Sodium hexametaphosphate; Sodium oleate;* Tylose[®] C-G1; Witcobond[®] W-213 binder, anionic: fines-to-paper fibers, before sheet formation Hydraid® 7607 binder, aq. systems PEG hydrogenated castor oil binder, barrier applics. Gum ghatti binder, base coat: bleached board Synthemul® 447; Synthemul® 883 binder, base coat: free-sheet paper coatings Synthemul® 447; Synthemul® 883 binder, base coat: unbleached board Synthemul® 447; Synthemul® 883 binder, bleached board coatings Resyn® 25-1103; Resyn® 25-1120 binder, board coatings Acronal®; Prox® ASN 165 R; Resyn® 25-1190; Styronal[™] NX 4489 X; Styronal[™] NX 4515 X; Styronal[™] NX 4626; Styronal[™] NX 4680; Sunbond® 925 binder, bookbinding fabrics Rohatol® D 471 binder, boxboard coatings Resyn® 25-1114 binder, cardboard Rhodoviol® 4/125 binder, cast paper coatings Tylac® 692 binder, catalyst Snowtex S; Snowtex ST-O; Snowtex ST-O-30; Snowtex ST-O-40; Snowtex ST-OL-40; Snowtex ST-OS; Snowtex XS binder, cellulosics Fyrol[®] 51 binder, clear formulations: conventional size presses Pensize[®] Binder binder, clear formulations: metering size presses Pensize® Binder binder, coated natural grades Tylac® 037 binder, coated paper Hitex-S107; Hitex-S108; Hitex-S301 binder, coated paperboard GenFlo® 557; GenFlo® 559; GenFlo® 576 binder, coated recycled grades Tylac[®] 037 binder, coated rotogravure paper Styronal[™] BN 4204; Tylac[®] 979-RG binder, coating: bleached kraft applics. Resyn® 25-1114 binder, coating: board coatings Resyn® 25-1152 binder, coating: coated linerboard Vinac[®] 828M binder, coating: double blade coated SBS paperboard Vinac[®] 828M binder, coating: high-solids blade coatings Vinac[®] 828M binder, coating: offset coatings

binder, offset

Resyn® 25-1151 binder, coating: paper Airflex® 100 HS; Airflex® 456; Airflex® 4514; Airflex® 4530; Vinac® 828M; Vinac® 884 binder, coating: paperboard Airflex® 100 HS; Airflex® 456; Airflex® 4514; Airflex® 4530; Vinac® 828M; Vinac® 884 binder, coating: pigmented size press sol'ns. Resyn® 25-1140 binder, coating: rotogravure coatings Resyn® 25-1140; Resyn® 25-1151 binder, coating: saturant, paper Airflex® 4500 binder, coating: size press, paper Airflex[®] 4500 binder, coating: size presses Airflex® 100 HS; Resyn® 25-1114; Vinac® 828M; Vinac® 884 binder, coating: unpigmented size press sol'ns. Resyn® 25-1140 binder, coatings Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate; Gum ghatti; Polyacrylamide; Styrene/butadiene polymer, Tylose® CBR Grades; Tylose® CR; Urea/ formaldehyde resin binder, crosslinkable/flexible: paper Ethylene/vinyl chloride copolymer binder, crosslinkable/flexible: paperboard Ethylene/vinyl chloride copolymer binder, dissolved org. substances-to-paper fiber Polymin[®] SKA binder, emulsion polymerization Nopalcol 1-L; Nopalcol 4-C; Nopalcol 4-CH; Nopalcol 4-L; Nopalcol 4-S; Nopalcol 6-DO; Nopalcol 6-DTW; Nopalcol 6-L; Nopalcol 6-R; Nopalcol 6-S; Nopalcol 10-COH; Nopalcol 12-CO; Nopalcol 12-COH; Nopalcol 19-CO; Nopalcol 30-TWH; Nopalcol 200; Nopalcol 400; Nopalcol 600; PEG-8 cocoate; PEG-12 ditallowate; PEG hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-60 hydrogenated tallowate; PEG-12 ricinoleate binder, emulsions PEG-8 cocoate; PEG-12 ditallowate; PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-60 hydrogenated tallowate; PEG-12 ricinoleate binder, fiber Baypren Latex 4 R; Baypren Latex B; Baypren Latex GK; Baypren Latex MKB; Baypren Latex SK; Baypren Latex T; Microthene® FA 700-00; Microthene® FA 709-00; Microthene® FE 532-00; Microthene[®] FN 500-00; Microthene[®] FN 502-18; Microthene[®] FN 510-00; Microthene[®] FN 514-00; Microthene® FN 517-00; Microthene® FN 519-00; Microthene® FP 800-00: Microthene® MN 701-00: Microthene® MN 710-20 binder, fiber webs Melamine-formaldehyde resin binder, fillers: paper stock Polymin[®] PR 971 L binder, fillers-to-paper fiber Polymin[®] SKA binder, film-forming: coatings Elvanol® 71-30 binder, film-forming: paper Elvanol® 71-30 binder, film-forming: paperboard Elvanol® 71-30 binder, film-forming: sizing Elvanol® 71-30 binder, filters Airflex® 4530 binder, fines: on fiber Polymin[®] SNA binder, fines: paper stock Polymin® PR 971 L

binder, fines-to-paper fiber

Polymin[®] SKA binder, flexible: paper Ecco Rez U-21 binder, food pkg. paper coatings Acronal[®] S 504 binder, food pkg. paperboard coatings Acronal® S 504 binder, food wrap Rohatol® M 630 binder, free-sheet applics. Tylac® 757 binder, free-sheet processes Tylac[®] 979-RG binder, fugitive: coatings Amoco® H-15; Amoco® L-14; Amoco® L-50; Hydrogenated polybutene; Polybutene binder, gloss: paper/board coatings Styrofan binder, glossy coatings Tylac[®]757 binder, hot-water-soluble films Elvanol® 90-50 binder, impregnations Rohamere® 2 binder, industrial/barrier coatings Vinyl chloride/ethylene copolymer binder, ink jet printing paper PenExcel™ Sizing Agent binder, inorg. films Snowtex S; Snowtex ST-O; Snowtex ST-O-30; Snowtex ST-O-40; Snowtex ST-OL-40; Snowtex ST-OS; Snowtex XS binder, label paper coatings Acronal® NX 4786 binder, lacquers Sandarac (Callitris quadrivalvis) gum binder, lightfast paper varnishes Phthalopal® binder, lightweight sheet-offset printing coated paper Hitex-S103 binder, LWC applics. Tylac[®] 757 binder, LWC paper formulations SNAP 2054 binder, LWC processes Tylac[®] 979-RG binder, matte coatings Tylac® 757 binder, mica paper Ricon 100; Ricon 150 binder, mottle-resist. paper coatings Rhoplex[®] P-308; Rhoplex[®] P-322 binder, multipurpose paper coatings Tylac® 757 binder, needle felt reinforcement Bayer SBR Latex 310 C binder, nonwoven Ethyl acrylate; Ethylene/vinyl chloride copolymer; Foam Blast 102; Hycar® 1577; Hycar® 1578X1; Hycar® 26138; Hycar® 26322; Resimene® AQ-1616; Rovene® 4305 binder, nonwoven bonding Rohatol® D 471; Rohatol® DV 544; Rohatol® M 630; Rohatol® M 712 binder, nonwoven: cover stock Airflex® 323 binder, nonwoven: fiberfill Airflex[®] 4500 binder, nonwoven: high loft stock Airflex® 4500 binder, nonwoven: lightweight cover stock Airflex® 105 binder, nonwoven: towels Airflex® 105; Airflex® 323 binder, nonwoven: wipes Airflex® 105; Airflex® 323 binder, o/w emulsions Granular Gum Ghatti #1; Powdered Gum Ghatti #1; Powdered Gum Ghatti #2; Staform P

Styronal[™] ND 656 binder, offset formulations Tylac® 757 binder, offset printing paper GenCryl® 9705; GenCryl® 9715 binder, org. substances: paper stock Polymin[®] PR 971 L binder, paper Airvol® 205; Airvol® 523; Airvol® 540; Aqualon® CMC-T; Bayer SBR Latex 310 C; Baypren Latex L 300; Bayprint[™] Binder E-1030; Carbowax® PEG 300; Chemal BP 261; Chemal BP-262; Chemal BP-2101; Elvanol® 70-06; Elvanol® 90-50; Granular Gum Ghatti #1; 2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate; Hydroxypropyl acrylate; Karaya Gum #1 FCC; *Methacrylic acid*; Mhoromer® AM 199; Mhoromer® AM 414; Mhoromer® AM 438; Nopalcol 1-L; Nopalcol 4-C; Nopalcol 4-CH; Nopalcol 4-L; Nopalcol 4-S; Nopalcol 6-DO; Nopalcol 6-DTW; Nopalcol 6-L; Nopalcol 6-R; Nopalcol 6-S; Nopalcol 10-COH; Nopalcol 12-CO; Nopalcol 12-COH; Nopalcol 19-CO; Nopalcol 30-TWH; Nopalcol 200; Nopalcol 400; Nopalcol 600; PEG-8 cocoate; PEG-12 ditallowate; PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-60 hydrogenated tallowate; PEG-7M; PEG-9M; PEG-14M; PEG-23M; PEG-45M; PEG-12 ricinoleate; Petrolatum RPB; Pluronic® L10; Polectron® 430; Polyvinyl alcohol; Powdered Gum Ghatti #1; Powdered Gum Ghatti #2; Powdered Gum Karaya Superfine #1 FCC; Powdered Gum Karaya Superfine XXXX FCC; PVP K-15; PVP K-15 Sol'n.; PVP K-30; PVP K-60 Sol'n.; PVP K-90; PVP K-90 Sol'n.; PVP K-120; Rhodoviol® 4/ 125; Rhoplex® B-15J; Rhoplex® GL-618; Rhoplex® GL-623; Rhoplex® NW-1845K; Rhoplex® TR-520; *Rice (Oryza sativa) starch;* Ropaque® BC-643; Staform P; *Styrene/* butadiene polymer, Styrene/PVP copolymer, Tech Pet F™; TIC Pretested® Guar Gum TICOLV; Vinyl acrylic copolymer binder, paper clear coatings Acronal® NX 4786 binder, paper coating colors Acrosol™ B 37 D binder, paper coatings Acronal®; Acronal® S 504; Acronal® S 728; Ammonium caseinate; Butofan®; Butyl acrylate/acrylonitrile/styrene copolymer; Carboxylated styrene butadiene; Carboxymethylcellulose sodium; Casein; Elvanol® 70-06; Elvanol® 85-30; Elvanol® 85-82; Elvanol® 90-50; ICB® 3000, 3100, 3200; ICB® 3000D; Koldex[®] 50, 60; PenCP[®] Binder; Polyco[®] 3250; Polyco® 6108NP; Prox® ASN 165 R; Resyn® 25-1190; Rhoplex® B-60A; Rhoplex® B-85; Rhoplex® B-88; Rhoplex® B-959; Rhoplex® E-1691; Rhoplex® P-376; Rohatol® D 471; Rohatol® D 541; Rohatol® DV 440; Rohatol® DV 544; Rohatol® M 600; Rohatol® M 630; Rubber, chlorinated; Sodium caseinate; Soybean (Glycine soja) meal; Sta-Jel® 141; Sta-Jel® 142; Staramic® 105; Staramic® 747; Star*pol® 136; Star*pol® 410; Star*pol® 468, 469, 600; Star*pol® 700, 800; Styrene/ butadiene/acrylic copolymer, Styronal™ BN 4606X; Styronal™ ND 430; Styronal™ ND 656; Styronal™ NX 4489 X; Styronal™ NX 4515 X; Styronal[™] NX 4626; Styronal[™] NX 4680; Sunbond® 925; Synthemul® 40503-00; Synthemul® 40550-00; Synthemul® 40551-03; Synthemul® 40552-00; Synthemul® 97883-01; Tylac® 97936-00; Vinyl acetate; Vinyl acetate/ ethylene/vinyl chloride terpolymer binder, paper coatings/sizing Alginic acid binder, paper finishing Degalan[®] LP 70/01; Rohatol[®] BV 411; Rohatol[®]

BV 596; Rohatol® D 362; Rohatol® DV 242; Rohatol® DV 477; Rohatol® DV 571 binder, paper industry PEG hydrogenated castor oil binder, paper laminates Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether binder, paper saturation Rovene® 4305 binder, paper sizing Elvanol® 70-06; Elvanol® 90-50; Natrosol® 250; Polybutadiene; Ticaxan® Regular; Vinyl acetate/butyl acrylate copolymer; Vinyl chloride/ethylene copolymer binder, paper stock fillers Catiofast® GM; Catiofast® PL; Polymin® PL binder, paper stock fines Catiofast® GM; Catiofast® PL; Polymin® PL binder, paper stock slimy colloids Catiofast® GM; Catiofast® PL; Polymin® PL binder, paper surface treatments Aluminasol 100; Aluminasol 200 binder, paper treatment Snowtex 20L; Snowtex 40; Snowtex 50; Snowtex C; Snowtex N; Snowtex O; Snowtex OL; Snowtex ST-UP; Snowtex ST-ZL binder, paper varnishes Dammar binder, paperboard Elvanol® 70-06; Elvanol® 90-50; Sequabond® 7880; Sequabond® TR 7830; Stixso® RR; *Styrene/butadiene polymer*; Synthemul® 550; Synthemul® 551; Synthemul® 552 binder, paperboard coatings Acronal® S 504; Acronal® S 728; Butyl acrylate/ acrylonitrile/styrene copolymer, Elvanol® 90-50; Polyco® 3250; Polyco® 6108NP; Rhoplex® B-60A; Rhoplex® B-85; Rhoplex® B-88; Rhoplex® B-959; Rhoplex® E-1691; Rhoplex® P-308; Rhoplex® P-322; Rhoplex® N-176; Styrene/butadiene/acrylic copolymer, Styronal™ ND 656; Sunbond® 936; Synthemul® 97883-01; Tylac® 037 binder, paperboard sizing Elvanol® 90-50 binder, paper-foil lacquers Epoxy acrylate; Polyester acrylate resin; Urethane-acrylate resin binder, papermaking Antarox[®] 17-R-2; Antarox[®] 25-R-2; Antarox[®] 31-R-1; Britol[®] 6NF; Britol[®] 7NF; Britol[®] 9NF; Britol® 20USP; Britol® 35USP; Britol® 50USP; Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum; Meroxapol 105; Meroxapol 108; Meroxapol 171; Meroxapol 172; Meroxapol 174; Meroxapol 178; Meroxapol 251; Meroxapol 252; Meroxapol 254; Meroxapol 255; Meroxapol 258; Meroxapol 311; Meroxapol 312; Meroxapol 314; PEG-5M; PEG-2 stearate; Polyox[®] WSR 205; Polyox[®] WSR 303; Polyox® WSR N-750; Rohamere® 21; Rohamere® 61; Rohamere® 132; Rohamere® 568; Rohamere® 587; Rohamere® 626; Rohamere® 977; Rohamere® 1410; Rohamere® 1900-D; Rohamere® 1960-D; Rohamere® 3045; Rohamere® 8437; Rohamere® 8464; Rohamere® 8478; Rohamere® 8596; Rohamere® 8662; Rohamere® 9158: Rohamere® 84116: Rohamere® 84124; Rohamere® 87219; Rohamere® FF-6; Rohamere® FF-20; Rohamere® FF+40; Rohatol® BV 411; Rohatol® BV 596; Rohatol® D 471; Rohatol® D 541; Rohatol® DV 242; Rohatol® DV 440; Rohatol[®] DV 477; Rohatol[®] DV 544; Rohatol[®] DV 571; Rohatol® M 600; Rohatol® M 630; Rohatol® M 712 binder, pigment printing Ecco Rez U-8 binder, pigmented formulations: conventional size presses

binder, pigmented formulations: metering size presses Pensize[®] Binder binder, pigmented paper coatings Berbond® 8980; Elvanol® 50-42; Elvanol® 51-05; Elvanol® 52-22 binder, pigments Elvanol[®] 70-06; Elvanol[®] 71-30; Elvanol[®] 90-50; Scripset[®] 500; Scripset[®] 520; Scripset[®] 540; Scripset® 542; Scripset® 550; Scripset® 640; Scripset® 700; Scripset® 720; Scripset® 740; Scripset[®] 742; Scripset[®] 745; Scripset[®] 746; Scripset® 747; Scripset® 808; Vinylidene chloride copolymer binder, pigments: on fiber Polymin[®] SNA binder, pkg. Petrolatum RPB; Tech Pet F™ binder, polymerization Polyvinyl alcohol (partially hydrolyzed) binder, printing paper Carboxylated styrene-butadiene-acrylonitrile binder, publication paper GenFlo® 557; GenFlo® 576 binder, pulp/paper Glypax 200; Glypax 400; Glypax 600; Glypax 1000; Glypax 3000; Glypax 4000; Glypax 6000; Pluronic® 10R5; Repolem® binder, roto applics. SNAP 2042; SNAP 2054; Tylac® 757 binder, rotogravure printing paper GenCryl® 9705; GenCryl® 9715 binder, sheet paper GenFlo® 576 binder, sheetfed offset paper SNAP 2042; SNAP 2048 binder, size press board PenFilm[™] Binder binder, size press paper PenFilm™ Binder binder, size press stability: offset applics. Styronal™ NX 4680 binder, size presses Pen-cote[®] Starch; Styronal[™] ND 430 binder, slimy colloids: fiber Polymin[®] ŠNA binder, slimy colloids: paper fiber Polymin[®] SKA binder, slimy colloids: paper stock Polymin® PR 971 L binder, solid bleached sulfate Tylac® 037 binder, solvent emulsions PEG hydrogenated castor oil binder, specialty paper Mewlon; Rhoplex® NW-1715K binder, specialty paper coatings Pen-cote® Starch binder, surface coatings Epoxy, bisphenol A; Poly (vinyl propionate) binder, synthetically bound paper coatings SNAP 2042; SNAP 2048 binder, temporary Elvacite® 2008, 2009, 2010, 2021, 2041, 6010; Elvacite® 2013, 2014, 2016, 2028, 2614, 2550, 2552, 6016; Elvacite® 2042, 2043; Elvacite® 2044, 2045, 2046 binder, thermoset paper Fyrol[®] 51 binder, wall-tile mastics PEG hydrogenated castor oil binder, waste treatment N[®] Sodium Silicate binder, wastewater treatment PEG-5M; PEG-9M; PEG-23M; PEG-45M binder, water treatment Pluronic[®] 10R5; Polyacrylamide binder, web grades: glossy finishes Tylac® 820; Tylac® 936 binder, web grades: matte finishes

Tylac® 820; Tylac® 936 binder, web grades: offset formulations Tylac[®] 820; Tylac[®] 936 binder, web grades: offset printing Tylac® 820; Tylac® 936 binder, web grades: roto formulations Tylac[®] 820; Tylac[®] 936 binder, web offset applics. SNAP 2054 binder, web offset coatings Resyn® 25-1114 binder, web offset paper GenFlo® 576; SNAP 2042; SNAP 2048 binder, web offset printing coated paper Hitex-S103 binder, wet pick stability: offset applics. Styronal™ NX 4680 binder, zinc-rich coatings Styrene/butadiene polymer binding pigments Hycar[®] 1552; Hycar[®] 1562; Hycar[®] 1572; Hycar[®] 1572X64 biocide Acticide® DW; Acticide® SPX; 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one; Chlorine dioxide; p-Chloro-m-cresol; Coco-betaine; Dialkyl methyl benzyl ammonium chloride; 1,2-Éthanediylbis (oxy) bismethanol; Glyoxal; Hexáhydro-1,3,5-triethyls-triazine; Myristalkonium chloride; Nipacide BKX; Nipacide® FC; Nipacide® XRP; Paxgard BK 20; Paxgard BKC; Protectol® TOE Granules; Sodium MBT; TEBAC; Tetrakis (hydroxymethyl) phosphonium sulfate biocide precursor, cooling water treatment Sodium bromide biocide, air washers Formula 37 biocide, alkaline pulps Taurine-913 biocide, aq. prods. Tolcide[®] MW10 biocide, aq. systems Protectol® GDA; Protectol® TOE; Troysan® 586 biocide, cartons Protectol® BCM; Protectol® BCM-FL biocide, coatings Dimethyl oxazolidine biocide, cooling tower systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette biocide, cooling towers Biobrom C-103L; Biobrom C-103 Tech.; Formula 37; Formula 315; Methylchloroisothiazolinone; Myristalkonium chloride biocide, cooling water systems Methylenebis (thiocyanate); Qemicide MBT-10; Sanibrom™ 40; Sanibrom™ 45; Spectrus™; Tolcide® PS 200; Tributyltin oxide biocide, evaporate condensers Methylenebis (thiocyanate) biocide, evaporative condensers Aquatreat® KM; Aquatreat® SDM; Dantobrom® RW Briquette; Formula 37; Formula 315 biocide, fillers Taurine-KWT biocide, food processing flumes Drewchlor® biocide, gums Sodium o-phenylphenate biocide, industrial formulations Polyquat 2 C biocide, industrial recirculating water cooling towers Aquatreat[®] KM; Aquatreat[®] SDM biocide, industrial water systems Ammonium bromide; 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol; Formula 37; Formula 315; Paxgard MB 10; Paxgard MBT biocide, industrial water treatment Tolcide® PS biocide, industrial wet scrubber systems

Pensize[®] Binder

Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette biocide, industrial: aq. prods. Nipacide® BIT 10; Nipacide BIT 10A; Nipacide® BIT AS; Nipacide® CBX A; Nipacide® CFX2; Nipacide® CFX3; Nipacide® CI; Nipacide® CI 15 biocide, influent systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette biocide, latexes Sodium o-phenylphenate biocide, mill water treatment Taurine-913 biocide, mineral slurries AMA® biocide, once-thru cooling water systems Stabrom® 909 biocide, paper Alkaquat® DMB-451-50, DMB-451-80; Aquatreat® DNM-9; o-Phenylphenol; Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate; Potassium N-methyldithiocar*bamate*; Protectol® BCM; Protectol® BCM-FL; Qemicide MBT-10; *Sodium o-phenylphenate*; Tolcide® MBT; Tolcide® PS; Tolcide® PS25; Tolcide® PS 75; Tolcide® PS75M; Tolcide® PS 200; Tolcide® PS 352C; Tolcide® PS352CM; Tolcide[®] PS 355A; Tributyltin oxide biocide, paper coatings Hydroxyethyl-s-triazine; Troysan® Polyphase® P-100 biocide, paper mill wastewater treatment 1,4-Bis (bromoacetoxy)-2-butene biocide, paper mills Acticide[®] WT; Ammonium bromide; Aquatreat[®] KM; Aquatreat® SDM; Formula 37; Formula 315; Metasol® 300; Paxgard WT; Qemibrom L-27; Qemibrom L-56 biocide, paper sizing Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate; Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate biocide, paper stocks Taurine-KWT; Taurine-MBT biocide, paperboard mills Qemibrom L-27; Qemibrom L-56 biocide, papermaking DS-S1; Nabam; Peracetic acid biocide, papermaking water system treatment Dilurit 189 E biocide, polymer emulsions Methylchloroisothiazolinone biocide, preservatives Carbendazim biocide, pulp mills Qemibrom L-27; Qemibrom L-56 biocide, pulp/paper Acticide® DW; Acticide® HF; Acticide® SPX; Acticide® WTC; AMA®; 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol; Dantobrom® RW Briquette; Diazolidinyl urea; Dodecylguanidine hydrochloride; Methylenebis (thiocyanate); Microtrol 210; Microtrol 215; Microtrol 230; Paxgard BSL; Paxgard BU 30; Paxgard BU 30 L; Paxgard BU 60; Paxgard DB 10; Paxgard DB 20; Paxgard DB 99; Paxgard EM; Paxgard GDA; Paxgard GT 10; Paxgard GT 20; Paxgard MB 10; Paxgard MBT; Paxgard PDC; Paxgard SDC; Paxgard ST; Paxgard TC; Pericide® EF; Polyquat 188; Sodium bromide; Sodium pentachlorophenate biocide, pulp/paper mill effluents Biobrom C-103L; Biobrom C-103 Tech. biocide, pulp/paper mills Sanibrom™ 40; Sanibrom™ 45; Stabrom® 909 biocide, pulp/paper processing equip. Metasol® T-10WB biocide, recirculating cooling water systems Stabrom® 909 biocide, recirculating water systems Dantobrom® RW Briquette; Dimethyl oxazolidine biocide, recycled waters

Drewchlor®

biocide, slime growth control: mineral slurries Metasol® 350 biocide, soap wrappers Protectol® BCM; Protectol® BCM-FL biocide, spray ponds Formula 37; Formula 315 biocide, starch slurries AMA® biocide, wastewater Stabrom® 909 biocide, wastewater systems Sanibrom™ 40; Sanibrom™ 45 biocide, water cooling towers Glutaral biocide, water systems Biobrom C-103L; Biobrom C-103 Tech. biocide, water treatment Acticide[®] WT; Aquatreat[®] DNM-9; Aquatreat[®] KM; Aquatreat® SDM; 1-Bromo-3-chloro-5,5dimethyl hydantoin; Dodecylguanidine hydrochloride; Hydroxyethyl-s-triazine; Methylenebis (thiocyanate); 2-n-Octyl-4isothiazolin-3-one; Paxgard WT; Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate; Sodium dimethyldi-thiocarbamate; Tolcide® MBT; Tolcide® PS 352C; Tolcide® PS 355A; Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate biocide, waxes Diazolidinyl urea; Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole biocide, wet-end paper Aquaprox[®] TM biocide, wet-state preservation: aq. prods. Acticide[®] HF biocide, wet-state preservation: aq. systems Paxgard BD 20; Paxgard BD 88 biocide, wet-state protection: aq. formulations Paxgard GDA; Paxgard GT 10; Paxgard GT 20; Paxgard ST biodispersant, cooling towers Triton[®] X-114 biodispersant, papermaking Octoxynol-8 biological degrader, cellulose Micro Pro™ DP biological degrader, cooking liquor constituents Micro Pro[™] DP biological degrader, heavy starch: pulp/paper Micro Pro™ DP biological degrader, paper fiber Micro Pro™ DP biological degrader, tall oils Micro Pro™ DP biostabilizer, paper Copper 8-quinolinolate blade coating formation Rovene® 4100 bleaches Sodium borate; Sodium borate decahydrate bleaching agent Ammonium persulfate; Benzoyl peroxide; Calcium hypochlorite; Chlorine dioxide; 4,4 -Diaminostilbene-2,2'-disulfonic acid; 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin; Hydroquinone; Magnesium sulfate heptahydrate; Potassium ferricyanide; Potassium persulfate; Sodium metasilicate; Sodium persulfate; Sulfur dioxide bleaching agent, cellulose fiber Sodium sulfite bleaching agent, chrome dyeing Sodium thiosulfate anhydrous bleaching agent, clay

biocide, recycled white water treatment:

biocide, slime growth control: aq. industrial

papermaking

papermaking systems

Taurine-QFD

Metasol® 350

Hydrolin bleaching agent, fiber Adeka Hypote; *Bromine* bleaching agent, groundwood Hydrolin bleaching agent, industrial wastewater Hydrogen peroxide bleaching agent, oils Ozone; Peracetic acid; Sulfur dioxide bleaching agent, optical: paper coatings 7-Diethylamino-4-methylcoumarin bleaching agent, paper Calcium hypochlorite; Peracetic acid; Sodium hydrosulfite; Sodium peroxide bleaching agent, pulp/paper Adeka Hypote; Albone[®] 35; Albone[®] 50; Albone[®] 70; Albone[®] 70 DG; Blankit[®]; *Sodium* chlorite; Sodium hypochlorite; Sodium metabisulfite; Sulfamic acid; Sulfur dioxide bleaching agent, recycled pulp/paper Dequest[®] 2066 bleaching agent, starch Peracetic acid; Sulfur dioxide bleaching agent, thermomech. pulp Hydrolin bleaching agent, waxes Ozone; Peracetic acid bleaching agent, wet paper Ozone bleaching agent, wood pulp Chlorine dioxide; Hydrogen peroxide; Sodium borohydride; Sulfur bleaching assistant Freedom SCO-50; Freedom SCO-70; Freedom SCO-75; Freedom SCO-75K bleaching assistant, dyeing Freedom SCO-50; Freedom SCO-70; Freedom SCO-75; Freedom SCO-75K bleaching enhancer, paper stock deinking D[®] Sodium Silicate; K[®] Sodium Silicate; N[®] Clear Sodium Silicate; N® Sodium Silicate; O® Sodium Silicate; Star® Sodium Silicate; Stixso® RR bleaching paper Sodium hvdroxide bleaching peroxide Crystal[™] 78; Crystal[™] 82; Eldorado Peroxide Stabilizer; N[®] Clear Sodium Silicate; Star® Sodium Silicate bleaching pulp Sodium hydroxide bleaching pulp/paper Sodium silicate bleaching reagent Sodium bisulfide bleaching systems, alkaline peroxide Cetyl betaine bleedfastness improver Hercules® 2043 bleedfastness improver, substantive dyes Catiofast® NB-DI blending agent, waxes Elvax® 310; Elvax® 350; Elvax® 360 blocking agent Diphenyldimethoxysilane; Phenyltrimethoxysilane blocking agent, isocyanate Phenol blood resistance aid, butcher paper Paracol® 404G blood resistance aid, meat trays Paracol® 404G blood resistance aid, picnic plates Paracol® 404G blow molding, blister packs Styrene/butadiene polymer blown film, coextrusions Alathon® L 5845; Alathon® L 5845-1 blown film, food pkg.

blown film, laminations

Alathon® L 5845; Alathon® L 5845-1 blown film, paper replacement Alathon® L 5845; Alathon® L 5845-1 blue pigments Sodium ferrocyanide blueprint paper Ferric citrate; Potassium ferricyanide; Sodium ferrocyanide; Sodium stannate bodying agent, paper Sorbitol boilout additive, paper machines Vinspel® boilout additive, pulp mills Vinspel® boilout cleaner, coating kitchen: papermaking Alkasolv[™] BQ boilout cleaner, dandy rolls Eldorado FCD-5050 boilout cleaner, dryer felts Eldorado FCD-5050 boilout cleaner, paper machine systems Eldorado FCD-5050 boilout cleaner, paper: food-contact Eldorado FCD-5050 boilout cleaner, suction rolls Eldorado FCD-5050 boilout cleaner, wet felts Eldorado FCD-5050 bonding agent Polyurethane, thermoplastic; Polyvinyl chloride bonding agent, dirty systems Topcat™ Cationic Additive bonding agent, fiber-to-fiber Jaguar® 8707 bonding agent, film-tearing Elvax® 310; Elvax® 350; Elvax® 360 bonding agent, groundwood-containing systems Topcat™ Cationic Additive bonding agent, paper Desmocoll® 526 bonding agent, paper substrates Elvax® 310; Elvax® 350; Elvax® 360 bonding agent, polymers/blends for paper coatings Ethylene/MA copolymer bonding agent, substrates for paper coatings Ethylene/MA copolymer bonding agent, unbleached systems Topcat™ Cationic Additive bonding agent, wet-end: board Liquistrength™ Bonding Agent bonding agent, wet-end: food pkg. Liquistrength[™] Bonding Agent bonding agent, wet-end: paper Liquistrength[™] Bonding Agent bookbinding Airflex® 426; Airvol® 203; Airvol® 205; Airvol® 425; Airvol® 523; Airvol® 540; Sol-U-Tein EA; Uniplex 108 boxboard coating modifier Rovene® 4100 brightener Aluminum hydroxide brightener, base stock coatings Albacar® PCC brightener, fluorescent: paper 7-Diethylamino-4-methylcoumarin brightener, fluorescent: pulp/paper Samshin White AS; Samshin White HL; Samshin White PL; Samshin White PR brightener, groundwork Zinc hvdrosulfite brightener, kraft Zinc hydrosulfite brightener, paper Ropaque® BC-643; Ultrapaque® PCC brightener, paper coatings Albaglos® PCC; Alcan Superfine SF 4; Alcan Superfine SF 7; Alcan Superfine SF 11;

Opacarb® PCC brightener, paper pulps Zinc hvdrosulfite brightener, paper/paperboard coatings Ropaque® HP-1055; Ropaque® HP-543P brightener, paperboard Ropaque® BC-643 brightener, pulp Busperse[®] 379; Hartasperse[™] DI-4900 Series brightener, pulp bleaching Eco-Brite brightener, recycled grade: uncoated freesheet paper Luminex™ brightener, specialty printing grade: uncoated freesheet paper Luminex™ brightener, uncoated fine paper Albacar® PCC brightener, wet-end: coated paper base sheets Vantalc® 6H brightener, wet-end: papermaking Vantalc® 6H brightener, wet-end: uncoated bond paper Vantalc® 6H brightener, writing grade: uncoated freesheet paper Luminex™ buffer Adipic acid; Ethanolamine; Isopropanolamine; Magnesium carbonate hydroxide; Magnesium hydroxide; Magnesium oxide; Pentasodium triphosphate; Sodium metasilicate pentahydrate; Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous buffer, paper machine felt cleaning Eldorado ALK-6100; Eldorado ALK-6156 buffer, paper machine steam cleaning Eldorado ALK-6100; Eldorado ALK-6156 buffer, paper reclamation Drymet® 59; Drymet® Fines buffer, pH Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate buffer, pulp bleaching Drymet® 59; Drymet® Fines bulking agent, paper Micro-Cel® T-26 bulking agent, paperboard Micro-Cel® T-26 bulking agent, papermaking Secoren™-VE bulking agent, slow draining stock Celite® 263; Celite® 321; Celite® 388 butylated thermosetting resin, food pkg. coatings GPRI™ 7597 butylated thermosetting resin, food pkg. paper GPRI™ 7597 calender operation improver, paper surfaces Microlube[™] N calendered films Polyvinyl chloride calomel paper Dimercury dichloride carnauba substitute Microcrystalline wax, oxidized carrier Glyceryl cocoate; Hexyldecanol; Hydrogenated palm oil; Mineral oil; Polyethylene wax carrier, catalyst Adelite; Aluminasol 100; Aluminasol 200; DiaFil® 110; DiaFil® 190; DiaFil® 520; DiaFil® 525; DiaFil® 530; DiaFil® 570; DiaFil® 590; Diatomaceous earth; Drakeol® 19; Drakeol® 35; Magnesium sulfate anhydrous; Methyl ethyl ketone; Montmorillonite; Silica, colloidal; Sylysia 250N; Sylysia 310; Sylysia 320; Sylysia 350; Sylysia 430; Sylysia 440; Sylysia 450; Sylysia 470; Triaryl phosphate carrier, dye Cyclohexanol; o-Phenylphenol; Stearamide DEA

carrier, fluorescent dyes CAP-482-0.5 carrier, fluorescent pigments CAP-482-0.5 carrier, fluorochems. Elvanol® 50-42; Elvanol® 51-05; Elvanol® 52-22; Elvanol® 70-06 carrier, inert: paper Micro-Cel® T-49 carrier, metallic dyes CAP-482-0.5 carrier, metallic pigments CAP-482-0.5 carrier, optical brighteners Elvanol® 50-42; Elvanol® 51-05; Elvanol® 52-22; Elvanol® 70-06; Elvanol® 71-30; Elvanol® 90-50 carrier, optical brighteners: paper Airvol® 203S carrier, paper Airvol[®] 205; Airvol[®] 523; Airvol[®] 540; Petrolatum RPB; Tech Pet F™ carrier, paper coatings Jarcol™ I-20 carrier, papermaking Britol® 6NF; Britol® 7NF; Britol® 9NF; Britol® 20USP: Britol® 35USP: Britol® 50USP carrier, pigment concentrates Hoechst Wax PE 890 carrier, pigments: carbon paper Penreco Amber carrier, pkg. Petrolatum RPB; Tech Pet F™ carrier, polymerization Polyvinyl alcohol (partially hydrolyzed) carrier/delivery system, pigments Microthene® FA 700-00; Microthene® FA 709-00; Microthene® FE 532-00; Microthene® FN 500-00; Microthene® FN 502-18; Microthene® FN 510-00: Microthene® FN 514-00: Microthene® FN 517-00; Microthene® FN 519-00; Microthene® FP 800-00; Microthene® MN 701-00; Microthene® MN 710-20 carton sealing applics. Airvol® 203; Airvol® 205; Airvol® 425; Airvol® 523; Airvol® 540 cartons, hot-filled Nucrel[®] 0910HS cartons, liq.: aseptic Nucrel® 0609HS cartons, liq.: hot-filled Nucrel® 0609HS casein-based systems p-Chloro-m-cresol catalyst Ammonium polyphosphate; Ammonium zirconyl carbonate; Antimony trioxide; Benzyltriethyl ammonium chloride; Cobalt acetate (ous); Copper hydroxide (ic); Cyclohexyl methacrylate; 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin; 2-Ethylhexyl phosphate; Ferric oxide; Iron oxide black; Polyamidoamine; Potassium silicate; Sodium borohydride; Sulfur dioxide; Zinc 2ethylhexanoate catalyst base Silica, amorphous hydrated catalyst deactivator, polyolefin: food pkg. Triisopropanolamine catalyst raw material Polyaluminum chloride; Sodium aluminate; Žirconium oxide catalyst, acetylation p-Toluene sulfonic acid catalyst, acid: resin curing Albrite® PA-75 catalyst, acid-catalyzed reactions Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid; POLYSTEP® A-13; SULFONIC 100 catalyst, alkaline pulp: kraft pulp delignification

blown film, paper replacement

Alathon® L 5845; Alathon® L 5845-1 blown film, paper replacement Alathon® L 5845; Alathon® L 5845-1 blue pigments Sodium ferrocyanide blueprint paper Ferric citrate; Potassium ferricyanide; Sodium ferrocyanide; Sodium stannate bodying agent, paper Sorbitol boilout additive, paper machines Vinspel® boilout additive, pulp mills Vinspel® boilout cleaner, coating kitchen: papermaking Alkasolv[™] BQ boilout cleaner, dandy rolls Eldorado FCD-5050 boilout cleaner, dryer felts Eldorado FCD-5050 boilout cleaner, paper machine systems Eldorado FCD-5050 boilout cleaner, paper: food-contact Eldorado FCD-5050 boilout cleaner, suction rolls Eldorado FCD-5050 boilout cleaner, wet felts Eldorado FCD-5050 bonding agent Polyurethane, thermoplastic; Polyvinyl chloride bonding agent, dirty systems Topcat™ Cationic Additive bonding agent, fiber-to-fiber Jaguar® 8707 bonding agent, film-tearing Elvax® 310; Elvax® 350; Elvax® 360 bonding agent, groundwood-containing systems Topcat™ Cationic Additive bonding agent, paper Desmocoll® 526 bonding agent, paper substrates Elvax® 310; Elvax® 350; Elvax® 360 bonding agent, polymers/blends for paper coatings Ethylene/MA copolymer bonding agent, substrates for paper coatings Ethylene/MA copolymer bonding agent, unbleached systems Topcat™ Cationic Additive bonding agent, wet-end: board Liquistrength™ Bonding Agent bonding agent, wet-end: food pkg. Liquistrength[™] Bonding Agent bonding agent, wet-end: paper Liquistrength[™] Bonding Agent bookbinding Airflex® 426; Airvol® 203; Airvol® 205; Airvol® 425; Airvol® 523; Airvol® 540; Sol-U-Tein EA; Uniplex 108 boxboard coating modifier Rovene® 4100 brightener Aluminum hydroxide brightener, base stock coatings Albacar® PCC brightener, fluorescent: paper 7-Diethylamino-4-methylcoumarin brightener, fluorescent: pulp/paper Samshin White AS; Samshin White HL; Samshin White PL; Samshin White PR brightener, groundwork Zinc hydrosulfite brightener, kraft Zinc hydrosulfite brightener, paper Ropaque® BC-643; Ultrapaque® PCC brightener, paper coatings Albaglos® PCC; Alcan Superfine SF 4; Alcan Superfine SF 7; Alcan Superfine SF 11;

Opacarb® PCC brightener, paper pulps Zinc hvdrosulfite brightener, paper/paperboard coatings Ropaque® HP-1055; Ropaque® HP-543P brightener, paperboard Ropaque® BC-643 brightener, pulp Busperse® 379; Hartasperse™ DI-4900 Series brightener, pulp bleaching Eco-Brite brightener, recycled grade: uncoated freesheet paper Luminex™ brightener, specialty printing grade: uncoated freesheet paper Luminex™ brightener, uncoated fine paper Albacar® PCC brightener, wet-end: coated paper base sheets Vantalc® 6H brightener, wet-end: papermaking Vantalc® 6H brightener, wet-end: uncoated bond paper Vantalc® 6H brightener, writing grade: uncoated freesheet paper Luminex™ buffer Adipic acid; Ethanolamine; Isopropanolamine; Magnesium carbonate hydroxide; Magnesium hydroxide; Magnesium oxide; Pentasodium triphosphate; Sodium metasilicate pentahydrate; Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous buffer, paper machine felt cleaning Eldorado ALK-6100; Eldorado ALK-6156 buffer, paper machine steam cleaning Eldorado ALK-6100; Eldorado ALK-6156 buffer, paper reclamation Drymet® 59; Drymet® Fines buffer, pH Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate buffer, pulp bleaching Drymet® 59; Drymet® Fines bulking agent, paper Micro-Cel® T-26 bulking agent, paperboard Micro-Cel® T-26 bulking agent, papermaking Secoren™-VE bulking agent, slow draining stock Celite® 263; Celite® 321; Celite® 388 butylated thermosetting resin, food pkg. coatings GPRI™ 7597 butylated thermosetting resin, food pkg. paper GPRI™ 7597 calender operation improver, paper surfaces Microlube[™] N calendered films Polyvinyl chloride calomel paper Dimercury dichloride carnauba substitute Microcrystalline wax, oxidized carrier Glyceryl cocoate; Hexyldecanol; Hydrogenated palm oil; Mineral oil; Polyethylene wax carrier, catalyst Adelite; Aluminasol 100; Aluminasol 200; DiaFil® 110; DiaFil® 190; DiaFil® 520; DiaFil® 525; DiaFil® 530; DiaFil® 570; DiaFil® 590; Diatomaceous earth; Drakeol® 19; Drakeol® 35; Magnesium sulfate anhydrous; Methyl ethyl ketone; Montmorillonite; Silica, colloidal; Sylysia 250N; Sylysia 310; Sylysia 320; Sylysia 350; Sylysia 430; Sylysia 440; Sylysia 450; Sylysia 470; Triaryl phosphate carrier, dye Cyclohexanol; o-Phenylphenol; Stearamide DEA

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> carrier, fluorescent dyes CAP-482-0.5 carrier, fluorescent pigments CAP-482-0.5 carrier, fluorochems. Elvanol® 50-42; Elvanol® 51-05; Elvanol® 52-22; Elvanol® 70-06 carrier, inert: paper Micro-Cel® T-49 carrier, metallic dyes CAP-482-0.5 carrier, metallic pigments CAP-482-0.5 carrier, optical brighteners Elvanol® 50-42; Elvanol® 51-05; Elvanol® 52-22; Elvanol® 70-06; Elvanol® 71-30; Elvanol® 90-50 carrier, optical brighteners: paper Airvol® 203S carrier, paper Airvol[®] 205; Airvol[®] 523; Airvol[®] 540; Petrolatum RPB; Tech Pet F™ carrier, paper coatings Jarcol™ I-20 carrier, papermaking Britol® 6NF; Britol® 7NF; Britol® 9NF; Britol® 20USP; Britol® 35USP; Britol® 50USP carrier, pigment concentrates Hoechst Wax PE 890 carrier, pigments: carbon paper Penreco Amber carrier, pkg. Petrolatum RPB; Tech Pet F™ carrier, polymerization Polyvinyl alcohol (partially hydrolyzed) carrier/delivery system, pigments Microthene® FA 700-00; Microthene® FA 709-00; Microthene® FE 532-00; Microthene® FN 500-00; Microthene® FN 502-18; Microthene® FN 510-00: Microthene® FN 514-00: Microthene® FN 517-00; Microthene® FN 519-00; Microthene® FP 800-00; Microthene® MN 701-00; Microthene® MN 710-20 carton sealing applics. Airvol® 203; Airvol® 205; Airvol® 425; Airvol® 523; Airvol® 540 cartons, hot-filled Nucrel[®] 0910HS cartons, liq.: aseptic Nucrel® 0609HS cartons, liq.: hot-filled Nucrel® 0609HS casein-based systems p-Chloro-m-cresol catalyst Ammonium polyphosphate; Ammonium zirconyl carbonate; Antimony trioxide; Benzyltriethyl ammonium chloride; Cobalt acetate (ous); Copper hydroxide (ic); Cyclohexyl methacrylate; 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin; 2-Ethylhexyl phosphate; Ferric oxide; Iron oxide black; Polyamidoamine; Potassium silicate; Sodium borohydride; Sulfur dioxide; Zinc 2ethylhexanoate catalyst base Silica, amorphous hydrated catalyst deactivator, polyolefin: food pkg. Triisopropanolamine catalyst raw material Polyaluminum chloride; Sodium aluminate; Žirconium oxide catalyst, acetylation p-Toluene sulfonic acid catalyst, acid: resin curing Albrite® PA-75 catalyst, acid-catalyzed reactions Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid; POLYSTEP® A-13; SULFONIC 100 catalyst, alkaline pulp: kraft pulp delignification
chelating agent, cooling towers

Diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonic

QEMI Q-AQ-60 catalyst, aq. intumescent coatings FRCROS 484 catalyst, blocked acid: paper coatings Nacure® 2522; Nacure® XC-2211; Nacure® XPcatalyst, blocked: laminates Nacure® XC-8224 catalyst, blocked: paper Nacure® 2530 catalyst, blocked: paper coatings Nacure® XC-8224 catalyst, coatings Phenyl acid phosphate catalyst, condensation Ammonia; p-Toluene sulfonic acid; Zirconium butoxide catalyst, cracking Zeolite synthetic catalyst, cure acceleration: paper coatings Cycat® 4040 catalyst, curing silicone resins Zirconium acetate catalyst, curing unsaturated polyester resins 2,2 Azobisisobutyronitrile catalyst, emulsion polymerization T-Hydro® Sol'n. catalyst, enzymes Ionac Corcat® P-12; Ionac Corcat® P-600; Polyethylene imine catalyst, epoxidation Diethyl zinc catalyst, epoxy resins Diethylaminoethyl acrylate catalyst, esterification Stannous oleate; p-Toluene sulfonic acid; Zirconium butoxide catalyst, ethylene oxide Silver nitrate catalyst, high reactivity: coatings Butyl acid phosphate catalyst, latex t-Butyl hydroperoxide catalyst, lignocellulosic pulping: paper/ paperboard, aq./fatty food-contact Disodium 1,4-dihydro-9,10-dihydroxyanthracene; 1,4,4a,9a-Tetrahydro-9,10-anthracenedione catalyst, paper Albrite® N-Butyl Acid Phosphate catalyst, paper coatings K-Cure® 129B; Nacure® 4054 catalyst, phase transfer TEBAC catalyst, polymerization t-Butyl hydroperoxide; Cumene hydroperoxide; Ferrous ammonium sulfate; Peracetic acid; Sodium ferrocyanide; Stannic chloride; Zirconium butoxide catalyst, polymerization: alkyd coatings, foodcontact Phenyl acid phosphate catalyst, polymerization: low-temp. Diisopropyl perdicarbonate catalyst, polymerization: olefins Di-t-butyl peroxide catalyst, polymerization: paper FireShield[®] HPM catalyst, polymerization: paper, aq./fatty food Acetyl peroxide; 2,2 - Azobisisobutyronitrile catalyst, polymerization: paper, aq./fatty foodcontact t-Butyl hydroperoxide; Cobalt acetate (ous); Cumene hydroperoxide; Di-t-butyl peroxide; Diisopropyl perdicarbonate; Lauryl peroxide; Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate; Zinc formaldehyde sulfoxylate catalyst, polymerization: paperboard, aq./fatty food

Acetyl peroxide; 2,2'-Azobisisobutyronitrile catalyst, polymerization: paperboard, aq./fatty

food-contact t-Butyl hydroperoxide; Cobalt acetate (ous); Cumene hydroperoxide; Di-t-butyl peroxide; Diisopropyl perdicarbonate; Lauryl peroxide; Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate; Zinc formaldehyde sulfoxylate catalyst, polymerization: PET fiber FireShield® H; FireShield® I catalyst, polymerization: PET resins FireShield® H; FireShield® L catalyst, polymerization: resins Di-t-butyl peroxide catalyst, polymerization: silicones Di-t-butyl peroxide catalyst, polymerization: styrenated alkyds Di-t-butyl peroxide catalyst, polymerization: styrene Di-t-butyl peroxide catalyst, pulp/paper Microcat[®] H catalyst, pulping Raisaccel 2510-L3 catalyst, pulping: papermaking Fleetquest QH-3 catalyst, resins Acetyl peroxide catalyst, SBR prod. Tetrasodium EDTA; Trisodium EDTA catalyst, solvent-based intumescent coatings FRČROS 481 catalyst, unsaturated polyester resins T-Hydro® Sol'n catalyst, vinyl polymerization 2,2 Azobisisobutyronitrile cationic demand management resin, acid paper SizeXcel® 1790 cationic demand management resin, alkaline paper SizeXcel® 1790 cationic demand management resin, thick paper stock systems SizeXcel[®] 1790; SizeXcel[®] 1799 cationic demand management resin, thin paper stock systems SizeXcel® 1790; SizeXcel® 1799 cationic donor, internal sizes Eldorado PA-755 cationizing agent, paper starch Pentonium S70 cellulose Disponil[®] SUS IC 875; Jaguar[®] CP-4; Jaguar[®] CP-13; Levacell® Scarlet KS BP Lig.; Neoprene Latex 735A; Pluriol® E 6000 charge control agent, pulp/paper Retek® charge control agent, toner applics. Unicid™ 350; Unicid™ 425; Unicid™ 550; Unicid[™] 700 Acid charge control agent, wet end of stock feeding paper machine Hartfloc® 401 charge modifier, contaminated systems Polymin® PR 971 L charge modifier, contaminated/high hardness systems Polymin[®] PL charge promoter resin Ambond® 1590 chelating agent N-(3-Aminopropyl) diethanolamine; Basic yellow 2; BHMT Amine; BHMT-HP; Bis-hexamethyl-enetriamine; Diammonium EDTA; Diethylenetriamine; Disodium EDTA; Edetic acid; Ethylenediamine; Etidronic acid; Good-Rite® K-7058 Polymer; Hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate); Lastabil 928 OE; Maracarb N-1; Monostearyl Citrate (MSC); Stearyl citrate; Tetrasodium etidronate; Versene

100 SRG

acid; Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid) chelating agent, cooling water treatment Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid chelating agent, paper Citric acid, Tetrasodium EDTA; Trilon® BVT chelating agent, paper deinking Hanwet CA-1; Pentasodium pentetate chelating agent, paper: food-contact Ammonium fructoheptonate; Ammonium glucoheptonate; Disodium EDTA; Pentasodium pentetate; Sodium fructoheptonate; Sodium glucoheptonate; Tetrasodium EDTA; Trisodium ĥfdta chelating agent, paperboard: food-contact Ammonium fructoheptonate; Ammonium glucoheptonate; Disodium EDTA; Pentasodium pentetate; Sodium fructoheptonate; Sodium glucoheptonate; Tetrasodium EDTA; Trisodium HEDTA chelating agent, peroxide bleach systems Trilon® C Liq. chelating agent, polymer prod. Calcium disodium EDTA; Trisodium HEDTA chelating agent, polymerization Pentasodium pentetate chelating agent, pulp bleaching: paper Trilon[®] PC chelating agent, pulp/paper β-Alanine diacetic acid; Calcium disodium EDTA; Hampshire® NTA 150; Pentasodium pentetate; Sequestrene® 30A; Tetrasodium iminodisuccinate; TP OC 370; Trilon® A-92; Trilon[®] A Liq.; Trilon[®] BS; Trilon[®] C Liq.; Trisodium β-alanine diacetate; Trisodium HEDTA; Versene 100; Versene 100 EP; Versene 100 LS; Versene 100 XL; Versene 220; Versene Acid; Versene CA; Versene Diammonium EDTA; Versene NA; Versene Tetraammonium EDTA; Versenex 80; Versenol 120 chelating agent, pulp/paper bleaching Trilon® B chelating agent, pulp/paper mill bleaching Busperse® 379 chelating agent, pulp/paper processing Nitrilotriacetic acid; Trisodium NTA chelating agent, water softening Tetrasodium EDTA chelating agent, water treatment Calcium disodium EDTA; Hampshire® NTA 150; Nitrilotriacetic acid; Pentasodium pentetate; Sequestrene® 30A; Sodium lignosulfonate; Tetraammonium EDTA; Trilon® A-92; Trilon® A Lig.; Trilon[®] B; Trilon[®] BS; Trilon[®] C Lig.; Trisodium HEDTA; Trisodium NTA; Versene 100; Versene 100 EP; Versene 100 LS; Versene 100 XL; Versene 220; Versene Acid; Versene CA; Versene Diammonium EDTA; Versene NA; Versene Tetraammonium EDTA; Versenex 80; Versenol 120 chemical resistance booster, coatings Styrene/allyl alcohol copolymer chemical, photosensitive: paper coatings N-Ethyl-N-hydroxyethyl-m-toluidine; 2-(N-Methylanilino) ethanol; Phenylethylethanolamine chlorinating agent, mild 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin chlorine dioxide generation, biological control: cooling towers Adox 3125 chlorine dioxide generation, biological control: paper mills Adox 3125 chlorine dioxide generation, biological control: water treatment

Adox 3125

chlorine dioxide precursor, recirculating cooling water systems Drewchlor® chlorine dioxide prod. Sodium chlorite chlorine removal, bleaching Sodium thiosulfate anhydrous chlorine removal, papermaking Sodium thiosulfate anhydrous chroma value enhancer, paper coloration Mialo™ chrome pigment prod. Sodium metabisulfite chromium electroplating Carbon, activated cigarette filters Cellulose acetate circulating oil, calender stacks Chevron Clarity[®] Paper Machine Oils ISO 100; Chevron Clarity[®] Paper Machine Oils ISO 150; Chevron Clarity[®] Paper Machine Oils ISO 220; Chevron Clarity[®] Paper Machine Oils ISO 320; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 460 circulating oil, dryer bearings Chevron Clarity[®] Paper Machine Oils ISO 100; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 150; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 220; Chevron Clarity[®] Paper Machine Oils ISO 320; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 460 circulating oil, pulp/paper machines Chevron Clarity[®] Paper Machine Oils ISO 100; Chevron Clarity[®] Paper Machine Oils ISO 150; Chevron Clarity[®] Paper Machine Oils ISO 220; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 320; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 460 circulating oil, wet-end systems Chevron Clarity[®] Paper Machine Oils ISO 100; Chevron Clarity[®] Paper Machine Oils ISO 150; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 220; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 320; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 460 clarification, raw water Agefloc PC20HV clarification, wastewater Agefloc PC20HV clarifier Ammonium alum; Gelatin; Kaolin; Potassium alum anhydrous; PVP; Silica, hydrated; Sodium caseinate; Sodium sulfate; Stearic acid; Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate clarifier, air treatment Carbon, activated clarifier, effluent Qemifloc CEPG 164 clarifier, hot-melt coatings Ultrathene® UE 631-04; Ultrathene® UE 634-04; Ultrathene® UE 639-67; Ultrathene® UE 649-04; Ultrathene® UE 653-67; Ultrathene® UE 654-67 clarifier, industrial processing Polyamide/epichlorohydrin polymer clarifier, industrial water treatment processes Oemifloc 8086 clarifier, low turbidity water: water treatment, paper Agefloc A4506; Agefloc A4510 clarifier, paper Delfloc® 763 clarifier, paper mill effluent treatment Qemifloc 8086 clarifier, paperboard PerForm clarifier, pulp/paper PerForm[™] clarifier, wastewater Cat-Floc® 8151; Cat-Floc® 8959; Polyamide/ epichlorohydrin polymer clarifier, wastewater treatment Carbon, activated clarifier, water treatment

Carbon, activated; Diatomaceous earth clarifier, water: air flotation Hartfloc® A-414 clarifier, water: papermaking water treatment Agefloc B4508P clay, coated board Hydrasperse[®]; Hydrasperse[®] 90 clay, coated paper Hydrasperse[®]; Hydrasperse[®] 90 clay, coating: board Hydragloss clay, coating: paper Hydragloss clay, gelcoats Claytone® 2000 clay, high glossing: paper Covergloss™; Hydrafine[®] 90; Hydragloss[®]; Hydragloss[®] 90; Hydragloss[®] 92 clay, high glossing: paperboard Covergloss™; Hydrafine[®] 90; Hydragloss[®]; Hydragloss[®] 90; Hydragloss[®] 92 clay, high glossing: premium sheet Hydragloss[®] 90 clay, laminates Claytone® 2000 clay, LWC grade paper Hydraprint® clay, matte paper grades Hydramatte clay, merchant grade paper Hydraprint® clay, paper Chemax CO-16; Chemax CO-30; Chemax CO-40; Claytone® 2000; Claytone® LMW; Hydraprint®; Hydrasperse®; Hydrasperse® 90; I ithoprint® clay, paper coatings Astraplate; DB-GLAZE™ clay, paper coatings: boxboard Premier clay, paper coatings: enamel paper Premie clay, paperboard Hydraprint®; Hydrasperse®; Hydrasperse® 90; Lithoprint® clay, pitch deposit control: paper Huber PK 102® clay, pitch deposit control: paperboard Huber PK 102 clay, structured: filler Hycal® clay, structured: paper Hycal® clay, structured: paper coatings Hycal® clay, structured: paperboard Hycal® clay, waste treatment Claytone® 2000; Claytone® LMW cleaner **Xvlene** cleaner, acid: papermaking colorants Emulsan™ MP-24 cleaner, alkaline: boiling out dye systems Alkasan[™] Dyestrip X cleaner, alkaline: paper machine boilout, colored grades of paper Alkasan™ Dyestrip X cleaner, alkaline: size presses Alkasan™ Dyestrip X cleaner, coatings *C16-18 pareth-20*; Imbentin-AG/124S/230 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/200 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/ 250 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/300 G; Imbentin-AG/ 168S/330 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/360 G Imbentin-AG/168S/500 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/ 600 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/800 G; Imbentin-DE/ 300; Imbentin-DT/250; Imbentin-EAM/300; Imbentin-OAM/200; Imbentin-SAM/250; Imbentin-SAM/400; Imbentin-TAM/200 N;

Imbentin-TAM/350; PEG-35 tallowamine; PEG-25 tallow aminopropylamine cleaner, dandy rolls Eldorado ALK-6000; Eldorado ALK-6031 cleaner, deposits: papermaking Neonal[™]-HSC cleaner, dryer felts Eldorado ALK-6000; Eldorado ALK-6031 cleaner, emulsion polymerization C12-14 pareth-23; C16-18 pareth-20; PEG-35 tallowamine; PEG-25 tallow aminopropylamine cleaner, extractor surfaces: bleaching processes Sansperse™ WTC cleaner, extractor surfaces: pulping processes Sansperse[™] WTC cleaner, fabric/felt: paperboard Presstige[™] cleaner, fabric/felt: press section roll treatment Presstige™ cleaner, fabric/felt: pulp/paper Presstige™ cleaner, felt Agefloc A4506; Agefloc A4510; Agefloc B4508P; Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206; Alkasan[™] Dyestrip X; FeltECCel[™] 905 cleaner, felt papermaking Eldorado FCD-142 cleaner, felt/fabric: pulp/paper, batch treatments Vinfelt® cleaner, felt/fabric: pulp/paper, continuous treatments Vinfelt® cleaner, felt: continuous press papermaking Emulsan™ MR; Fabrisan™ LW; Feltsan™ Batch HF cleaner, felt: papermaking Fabrisan™ 1596; Feltsan™ JW cleaner, industrial Aerosol® OT-100%; DeSULF SLS-30LC; Igepal® CO-660; Igepal® CO-720; Igepal® CO-850; Igepal® CO-880; Igepal® CO-887; Igepal® NP-9; Lignosite® 458; Maracarb N-1; Newrex Paste H; Newrex Powd. F; Newrex R; Petrac® Calcium Stearate CP-11; Petrac® Calcium Stearate CP-11 LS; Rhodacal® N; Rhodafac® RS-710; Sulfotex OA; T-Det® A467; Tergitol[®] 15-S-15; Teric[™] N11; Triton[®] X-100; Triton® X-305-70%; Triton® X-405-70%; Zusolat 1004 cleaner, paper C12-14 pareth-23; C16-18 pareth-20; Hydrochloric acid; PEG-35 tallowamine; PEG-25 tallow aminopropylamine cleaner, paper machine felt cleaning Eldorado ALK-6100; Eldorado ALK-6156 cleaner, paper machine steam cleaning Eldorado ALK-6100; Eldorado ALK-6156 cleaner, paper machine systems Eldorado ALK-6000; Eldorado ALK-6031 cleaner, paper machines DF-40; Taurine-DCS cleaner, paper mill felts Aerosol[®] 22; Cosmopon BN; Rewopol[®] B 2003; Sabopon SAM; Sodium oleyl sulfosuccinamate cleaner, paper mill stock systems Eldorado Boilout No. 1 cleaner, paper stock system: two-step boilout Eldorado FCA-810 cleaner, papermaking Imbentin-AG/124S/230 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/200 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/250 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/ 300 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/330 G; Imbentin-AG/ 168S/360 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/500 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/600 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/ 800 G; Imbentin-C/91/080 OFA; Imbentin-DE/ 300; Imbentin-DT/250; Imbentin-EAM/300;

Imbentin-N/200 80%; Imbentin-N/300 G;

Imbentin-N/400 G; Imbentin-N/600 G 50%; Imbentin-OAM/200; Imbentin-SAM/250; Imbentin-SAM/400: Imbentin-TAM/200 N: Imbentin-TAM/350 cleaner, pulp/paper Nonipax AAO; Nonipax OP 10; Nonipax X 100; Nonipax X 150 cleaner, pulp/paper processing Alfonic® 1412-9 cleaner, rolls Eldorado ALK-6000; Eldorado ALK-6031 cleaner, scrubber systems Sansperse[™] WTC cleaner, solvent Nonoxynol-4; Nonoxynol-5; Nonoxynol-6; Nonoxynol-11; Nonoxynol-13; PEG-5 tallate; T-Det® N-6 cleaner, stock: pulping Eldorado DIC-100 cleaner, suction Eldorado ALK-6000; Eldorado ALK-6031 cleaner, washer surfaces: bleaching processes Sansperse[™] WTC cleaner, washer surfaces: pulping processes Sansperse[™] WTC cleaner, wax emulsions Imbentin-AG/124S/230 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/200 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/250 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/ 300 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/330 G; Imbentin-AG/ 168S/360 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/500 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/600 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/ 800 G cleaner, wet felts Eldorado ALK-6000; Eldorado ALK-6031 cleaner, wire Agefloc A4506; Agefloc A4510; Agefloc B4508P; Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206 cleaning chemical, general purpose: papermaking Alkafoam™ 20; Alkasan™ GNF cleaning starch processing equip. Cellulase cleaning, froth-flotation Light petroleum hydrocarbons, odorless cleanser, paper auxiliaries Zusolat 1008/85; Zusolat 1010/85 clear coatings, paper Bisphenol A epoxy diacrylate cling agent, films Hydrogenated polybutene cling agent, plastic films Sorbitan oleate: Sorbitan trioleate cling agent, PVC films Glyceryl oleate coagulant Ageflex FA-2; Albumen; Aluminasol 100; Aluminasol 200; Bufloc® 5551; Bufloc® 5554; DA-4; Diethylaminoethyl acrylate; Hartfloc® 207; Hydraid® 8105; PEG-160M; Poly (2hydroxypropyl-N,N-dimethyl ammonium chloride); Qemifloc 8086; Qemifloc CEPG 164; Qemifloc FL 81; Steartrimonium chloride coagulant, activated silica Sodium silicate coagulant, calcium carbonate-starch fine paper furnishes Densefloc 30 coagulant, color removal Qemireten 8015 coagulant, dewatering industrial slurries Drewfloc® 2270 coagulant, effluent treatment: aq. systems Bubreak® 401D; Bubreak® 403 coagulant, effluent treatment: paper Magnafloc® coagulant, emulsion breaking Clar+lon™ A405P; Clar+lon™ A410P; Clar+lon™ A415P; Clar+lon™ A420P; Hyper+lon™ 1050; Hyper+Ion[™] 1050A; Hyper+Ion[™] 2050A

coagulant, flotation enhancement Polyquaternium-6 coagulant, industrial lig.-solid separation processes Qemireten 8015 coagulant, industrial process water treatment Ageflex FA-1Q80DMS; Ageflex FA-1Q80MC; Ageflex FA-2Q50DMS; Ageflex FM-1Q75MC; Ageflex FM-1Q80DMS coagulant, industrial waste treatment Ferric chloride coagulant, industrial wastewater Pass[®]-55; Pass[®]-70; Pass[®]-80; PASS[®]-100 coagulant, industrial wastewater treatment Clar+Ion[™] 603; Clar+Ion[™] 605; Clar+Ion[™] 610; Clar+lon[™] 610M; Clar+lon[™] A405P; Clar+lon[™] A405P; Clar+lon[™] A410P; Clar+lon[™] A415P; Clar+lon[™] A420P; Hyper+lon™ 1050; Hyper+lon™ 1050A; Hyper+lon™ 2050A; TurboCLEAR™ PC-1 coagulant, industrial water WAC[®] Paper coagulant, industrial water treatment Clar+lon[™] A405P; Clar+lon[™] A410P; Clar+lon[™] A415P; Clar+lon[™] A420P; Hyper+lon[™] 1050; Hyper+Ion[™] 1050A; Hyper+Ion[™] 2050A; Polyaluminum chloride; Polyaluminum chlorosulfate; TurboCLEAR™ PC-1 coagulant, influent clarification Qemireten 8015 coagulant, inorg. sludge filtration Drewfloc® 2270 coagulant, lagoon treatment Clar+lon™ A405P; Clar+lon™ A410P; Clar+lon™ A415P; Clar+lon™ A420P; Hyper+lon™ 1050; Hyper+Ion[™] 1050A; Hyper+Ion[™] 2050A coagulant, liq.-solids separation processes Qemifloc FL 71 coagulant, mill water treatment: pulp/paper Hartfloc® 207; Hartfloc® Cationic Series coagulant, oily waste treatment Drewfloc® 2270 coagulant, oily wastewater demulsification Amerfloc® 485 coagulant, oily wastewater separation Qemireten 8015 coagulant, oily/greasy effluents Qemifloc 707 coagulant, paper Amerfloc[®] 275; Clar+Ion[™] 603; Clar+Ion[™] 605; Clar+lon[™] 610; Clar+lon[™] 610H; Clar+lon[™] A405P; Clar+lon[™] A410P; Clar+lon[™] A415P; Clar+lon[™] A420P; Hyper+lon[™] 1050; Hyper+Ion[™] 1050A; Hyper+Ion[™] 2050A; Nissan Cation AB; Sumaclear 2000; Sumaclear P10, P20; Sumaclear P30, P35; Sumalchlor 100, 200 coagulant, paper mill/air scrubber water clarification Drewfloc® 2270 coagulant, paper recycle clarification Qemireten 8015 coagulant, paper wastewater Qemifloc 707 coagulant, paper: food-contact WAC[®] Paper coagulant, paperboard Amerfloc® 275 coagulant, papermaking Aluminum hydroxide sulfate; Dimethylamine/ epichlorohydrin copolymer; Papermaker's Alum; Polyaluminum chloride; TurboCLEAR™ PC-1; WAC® Paper coagulant, papermaking makeup water treatment Densefloc 30 coagulant, papermaking water treatment Agefloc B4508P coagulant, pitch control Qemireten 8015 coagulant, preconditioning of raw waters:

industrial process feedstocks TurboCLEAR™ PC-1 coagulant, primary: greasy tower treatment Chargepac® 8 coagulant, primary: oily wastewater demulsification Chargepac[®] 8 coagulant, primary: paper, food-contact Cat-Floc[®] DL; Cat-Floc[®] L; Cat-Floc[®] LS; Cat-Floc® TL coagulant, primary: paperboard, food-contact Cat-Floc[®] DL; Cat-Floc[®] L; Cat-Floc[®] LS; Cat-Floc® TL coagulant, primary: raw water clarification Cat-Floc® L; Cat-Floc® LS; Cat-Floc® TL coagulant, primary: wastewater clarification Cat-Floc[®] L; Cat-Floc[®] LS; Cat-Floc[®] TL; Chargepac® 8 coagulant, primary: water clarification Cat-Floc® 8959; Cat-Floc® DL; Chargepac® 8 coagulant, process treatment Bufloc® 5551; Bufloc® 5554 coagulant, pulp Aluminum hydroxide sulfate coagulant, pulp/paper mills Alcan Aluminum Sulphate Solid; Alcan Aluminum Sulphate Sol'n.; Aluminum sulfate coagulant, raw water clarification Qemifloc FL 61 coagulant, raw water: paper Magnafloc® coagulant, save-all clarification Amerfloc® 485 coagulant, save-all: paper Magnafloc® coagulant, sludge conditioning Drewfloc® 2270 coagulant, sludge dewatering Qemireten 8015 coagulant, stickies control Qemireten 8015 coagulant, upstream retention prods. WAC[®] Paper coagulant, waste minimization programs: aq. systems Bubreak[®] 401D; Bubreak[®] 403 coagulant, waste sludges Agefloc A50HV-P; Agefloc A50LV-P; Agefloc A50-P; Agefloc B50-P coagulant, wastewater Aluminum hydroxide sulfate; Polyaluminum chloride; WAC® Paper coagulant, wastewater clarification Amerfloc® 485 coagulant, wastewater treatment Acrylates/acrylamide copolymer, Aquapac™; Bufloc[®] 5551; Bufloc[®] 5554; *Polyaluminum* hydroxide chloride sulfate; Polyquaternium-6; Qemifloc FL 61; Sumaclear 800B; Sumaclear 801B; Sumaclear 802B; Sumaclear 803B; Sumaclear 804B; Sumaclear 805B; Sumaclear 820B; Sumaclear 1000; Sumaclear 2000; Sumaclear P10, P20; Sumaclear P30, P35; Sumalchlor 50; Sumalchlor 100, 200 coagulant, wastewater treatment: paper mills Densefloc 30 coagulant, wastewater: pulp/paper PAC-300 coagulant, water clarification Polyquaternium-6; Qemifloc FL 71 coagulant, water purification Ammonium alum coagulant, water treatment Acrylates/acrylamide copolymer; Alcan Aluminum Sulphate Solid; Alcan Aluminum Sulphate Sol'n.; Bentonite; Calcium hydroxide; Calcium monocarbonate; Calcium oxide; Cetrimonium chloride; Diethylaminoethyl acrylate dimethyl sulfate quat.; Dimethylamine/epichlorohydrin

copolymer; Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate

dimethyl sulfate; Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate methyl chloride quat.; Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate dimethyl sulfate quat.; Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate methyl chloride quat; Ferric chloride; Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum; Nissan Cation AB; Nissan Cation PB-40; Nissan Cation PB-300; Potassium alum dodecahydrate; Sodium aluminate coagulant, wet-end papermaking Pass®-55; Pass®-70; Pass®-80 coagulation Sodium hydroxide coagulation, latex Benzalkonium chloride coalescing agent, resin films Pycal 94 coalescing solvent, cellulosics Methoxyisopropanol coalescing solvent, dyes Methoxyisopropanol coalescing solvent, oils/greases Methoxyisopropanol coalescing solvent, resins Methoxyisopropanol coating agent, paper Behenyl methacrylate; Blemmer BMA; Blemmer CMA; Blemmer EHMA; Blemmer IBMA; Blemmer IDMA; Blemmer PMA; Blemmer SLMA; Blemmer SMA; Blemmer VMA; Butyl *methacrylate;* Caster Wax A; Cetyl methacry-late; Cuirol[®] RZ 80; 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate; Haricoat; Isobutyl methacrylate; Leukonöl LBA-2; Pentadecyl methacrylate; Polyox® WSR 205; Stearamide MEA-stearate; Stearyl methacrylate; Witcamide® MAS coating agent, pigment Nissan Cation AB; Nissan Cation BB; Nissan Cation FB; Steartrimonium chloride coating binder, board coatings Vinyl acrylate coating binder, fiber laminates Ethylene/VA copolymer coating binder, paper Ethylene/VA copolymer coating binder, paper: food-contact Vinyl acrylate coating binder, paperboard Ethylene/VA copolymer coating binder, size press sol'ns. Vinyl acrylate coating modifier Sucrose benzoate coating modifier, paper Sucrose Benzoate Regular and Coatings Grade coating polymer, thermosetting Alkyd resin coating resin Atlac® 382-05; Atlac® 382-05A; Atlac® 382-05AC; Hercolite® 240; Hercolite® 290; PAPHEN® PKHC®; PAPHEN® PKHJ coating resin, board: convenience food pkg. Ultradur® B 2550 coating resin, board: oven-ready deep-freeze food pkg. Ultradur® B 2550 coating resin, hot-melt/solvent-based Ultrathene[®] UE 631-04; Ultrathene[®] UE 634-04; Ultrathene® UE 639-67; Ultrathene® UE 649-04; Ultrathene[®] UE 653-67; Ultrathene[®] UE 654-67 coating resin, liq. form Polybutadiene coating resin, paper PAPHEN® PKHH; Pliolite® AC-L; Pliolite® S-5D; Pliolite® S-5E; Pliolite® VTAC; Tetrachloronaphthalene coating resin, paper: carton stock coating Chevron PE 4517 coating resin, paper: convenience food pkg. Ultradur® B 2550

coating resin, paper: gloss overlacquers Pliolite® VT-L coating resin, paper: oven-ready deep-freeze food pkg. Ultradur® B 2550 coating resin, photographic paper Chevron PE 4517 coating, papermaking Polyox[®] WSR N-750 coatings Butyl oleate; Cellulose; Cellulose acetate butyrate; Cellulose acetate propionate; Corn (Zea mays) starch; C20-40 pareth-3; C20-40 pareth-40; C30-50 pareth-3; Deodorized kerosene; Di/tri-isopropylbiphenyl; Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid; Epoxy, bisphenol A; Epoxy cresol novolac; 2-(2-Ethoxyethoxy) ethyl acrylate; Ethylene/acrylic acid copolymer; Ethylene dioleamide; Ethylene/methacrylic acid copolymer; Hexamethylenetetramine; Hydrogenated castor oil; Hydroxypropyl methacrylate; Isopropanolamine; Kaolin; Linoleic acid; Melamine-formaldehyde resin, methylated; Mica; Nonoxynol-12; Octoxynol-9; Octoxynol-13; PEG-10 tetramethyl decynediol; Pentaerythrityl tetrastearate; Phenolic resin; Phenoxy resin; Pigment violet 19; Pigment violet 23; Polyurethane, thermoplastic; Polyvinylidene fluoride resin; Propylene carbonate; Silicone glycol copolymer, Sodium methylnaphthalenesulfonate; Styrene/MA copolymer, Tall oil acid; p-Toluene sulfonic acid; Triacetin; Vinyl isobutyl ether coatings additive Aluminum distearate coatings additive, conductive: computer readout printer paper Conductive Polymer 261® RV coatings additive, conductive: electrostatic copy machine paper Conductive Polymer 261® RV coatings additive, conductive: nonimpact reproduction device paper Conductive Polymer 261® RV coatings modifier Hoechst Wax PE 890; Hoechst Wax PED 821; Hoechst Wax PED 822; Uniplex 600 coatings, acrylate ester copolymer: foodcontact Sodium borate coatings, adhesion: paper Polyvinylidene chloride coatings, antiadhesion Dimethicone; Silicone emulsions coatings, aq. Alcohol; Shamrock Hydrocer 145 coatings, barrier CAB-553-0.4; Pentaerythrityl hydrogenated rosinate; Scripset® 500; Scripset® 520; Scripset® 540; Scripset® 542; Scripset® 550; Scripset® 640; Scripset® 700; Scripset® 720; Scripset® 740; Scripset® 742; Scripset® 745; Scripset® 746; Scripset® 747; Scripset® 808 coatings, barrier: hot-melt-applied Staybelite® Ester 10 coatings, board Coatmaster® K50F coatings, board AP conversions B20F; B200 coatings, calender: curl control, recycled paperboard Vandrox® 185F coatings, clay Ammonium polymethacrylate coatings, clear: laminates Ebecryl® 3502; Ebecryl® 3720-TH20 coatings, clear: paper Ebecryl® 3500; Ebecryl® 3502; Ebecryl® 3701; Ebecryl® 3701-20T; Ebecryl® 3720-TH20; Ebecryl® 4830; Ebecryl® 4849; Ebecryl® 6700

coatings, dry: paper Microthene® FA 709-00 coatings, emulsion polymerization Sodium octoxynol-3 sulfate; Sodium octyl sulfate coatings, extrusion Erucamide; Escor® AT-310; Melamineformaldehyde resin, methylated-butylated; Polyethylene, low-density coatings, extrusion: board trays Petrothene® NA 219-000 coatings, extrusion: box liners Lumitac[®]: Nipolon[®]-Z coatings, extrusion: corrugated boxes Petrothene® NA 219-000 coatings, extrusion: critical specialty coatings Rexene® PE 5000 Series coatings, extrusion: fiber drums Petrothene® NA 219-000 coatings, extrusion: fiberboard containers Petrothene® NA 219-000 coatings, extrusion: films Petrothene® NA 219-000 coatings, extrusion: flexible pkg. base stocks Petrothene® NA 219-000 coatings, extrusion: food pkg. Sclair® 69A coatings, extrusion: food-contact applics. Petrothene® NA 204-000 coatings, extrusion: kraft paper Lumitac[®]; Nipolon[®]-Z coatings, extrusion: laminations Petrothene® NA 214-000 coatings, extrusion: milk carton stocks Lumitac®; Nipolon®-Z coatings, extrusion: milk cartons Petrothene® NA 219-000 coatings, extrusion: multiwall bags Petrothene® NA 214-000 coatings, extrusion: paper Petrothene® NA 219-000; Sclair® 69A coatings, extrusion: paper, food-contact Petrothene® NA 219-000 coatings, extrusion: photographic paper Rexene® PE 5000 Series coatings, extrusion: polymer films Sclair[®] 69A coatings, extrusion: polymeric films Lumitac[®]; Nipolon[®]-Z coatings, extrusion: single-ply bags Petrothene® NA 219-000 coatings, extrusion: sugar pouches Petrothene® NA 214-000 coatings, extrusion: treated/primed films Petrothene® NA 214-000 coatings, extrusion: woven scrim Sclair® 69A coatings, food pkg. A-C® 6; A-C® 6A; A-C® 7; A-C® 7A; A-C® 8; A-C® 8A; A-C® 9, 9A, 9F; A-C® 15; A-C® 16; A-C® 2014 C® 316; A-C® 316A; A-C® 400; A-C® 400A; A-C® 405(M); A-C® 405(S); A-C® 405(T); A-C® 430; A-C® 540; A-C® 540A; A-C® 580; A-C® 617; A-C® 617A; A-C® 629; A-C® 629A; A-C® 655; A-C® 5120; A-C® 5180; Acintol® R Type S; Acrylates/C10-30 alkyl acrylate crosspolymer; Acumer® 1850; ACumist® B-6; ACumist® B-9; ACumist® B-12; ACumist® B-18; ACumist® C-5; ACumist® C-9; ACumist® C-12; ACumist[®] C-18; ACumist[®] C-30; Advawax® 280; Aerosol® OT-70 PG; Aerosol® OT-75%; Aerosol® OT-100%; Aerosol® OT-B; Aerosol® OT-S; Airvol® 805; Airvol® 823; Airvol® 840; Alcosperse® 149; Ancamide® 220; Ancamide® 220-IPA-73; Ancamide® 220-X-70; Ancamide® 260A; Ancamide[®] 260TN; Ancamide[®] 350A; Ancamide® 375A; Ancamide® 500; Ancamide®

501; Ancamide[®] 502; Ancamide[®] 503; Ancamide[®] 506; Ancamide[®] 507; Ancamide[®] 700-B-75; Ancamine[®] DETA; Ancamine[®] TEPA; Ancamine® TETA; Arizona DR-22; ATBC; ATEC; Busperse® 203; CAB-171-15; CAB-321-0.1: CAB-381-0.1: CAB-381-0.5: CAB-381-2; CAB-381-2BP; CAB-381-20; CAB 500-1; CAB-500-5; CAB-531-1; CAB-551-0.01; CAB-551-0.2; Cab-O-Sil® EH-5; Cab-O-Sil® H-5; Cab-O-Sil® HS-5; Cab-O-Sil® L-90; Cab-O-Sil® LM-130; Cab-O-Sil® LM-150; Cab-O-Sil® LM-150D; Cab-O-Sil® M-5; Cab-O-Sil® M-5P; Cab-O-Sil® M-7D; Cab-O-Sil® MS-75D; Cab-O-Sil® PTG; Candelilla Wax SP 24A; Candelilla Wax SP 50; Candelilla Wax SP 75; Candelilla Wax SP 76; Candelilla Wax SP 78 Prime Quality Crude; Candelilla Wax SP 99; Candelilla Wax SP 350; Candelilla Wax SP 803; Candelilla Wax Fine; CAP-482-0.5; CAP-482-20; CAP-504-0.2; Carbomer; Carbopol® 907; Carbopol® 910; Carbopol® 934; Carbopol® 934P; Carbopol® 940; Carbopol® 941; Carbopol® 971P; Carbopol® 974P; Carbopol[®] 980; Carbopol[®] 981; Carbopol[®] 1342; Carbopol® 1382; Carbopol® 2984; Carbopol® 5984; Carbopol® ETD 2001; Carbopol® ETD 2020; Carbopol® ETD 2050; Ceteareth; Citroflex® A-4; Citroflex® A-4 Special; Colloid™ 202; Cottonseed acid; C10-12 pareth-3; C10-12 pareth-6; C10-12 pareth-8; C12-14 pareth-1; C12-14 pareth-3; C12-14 pareth-4; C12-14 pareth-7; C12-14 pareth-8; C12-14 pareth-11; C14-16 pareth-7; Crill 1; Crill 4; Cumar® LX®-509; Cumar® R-3; Cumar® R-11; Cumar® R-12 (V-2, V-21/2); Cumar® R-13; Cumar® R-17; Dapro® DF 3163; Daratak® SP1012; DeMULS PSML-20; DeMULS PSMO-80; DeMULS SMS; DePEG 40-CO; DeSULF SLS-30LS; DeTHOX ACID TO-8.5; DeTHOX ACID TO-14; DeTHOX ACID TO-16.5; DeWET SDO-70PG; DeWET SDO-75E; Disponil® SUS IC 875; Drewplus® L-140; Drewplus® L-493; Elvanol® 50-42; Elvanol® 51-05; Elvanol® 52-22; Elvanol® 70-06; Elvanol® 90-50; Empol® 1004; Empol® 1007; Empol® 1008; Empol® 1016; Empol® 1018; Empol® 1020; Empol® 1022; Empol® 1024; Empol® 1026; Epolene® C-10; Epolene® C-13; Epolene® C-14; Epolene® C-15; Epolene® C-17; Epolene® N-10; Epolene® N-11; Epolene® N-14; Epolene® N-20; Epolene® N-21; Epolene® N-34; EPON® Resin 825; EPON[®] Resin 826; EPON[®] Resin 828; EPON® Resin 1001F; EPON® Resin 1004F; EPON® Resin 1007F; EPON® Resin 1009F; EPON® Resin 2002-FC-10; Foam Blast 106; Good-Rite® K-702 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-732 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-739 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-752 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-765 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-766 Polymer; Good-Rite[®] K-7028 Polymer; Good-Rite[®] K-7058 Polymer; GPRI[™] 4000; GPRI[™] 7550; GPRI[™] 7590; GPRI™ BKS-2600; GPRI™ BKS-2900; GPRI™ BKS-2901; Hercolite[®] 240; Hercolite[®] 290; Hercolyn® D; Hycar® 26138; Ionac Corcat® P-12; Ionac Corcat® P-600; Irganox® 259; Irganox[®] 1520 D/L; Jayflex[®] DHP; Kemamide® W-39; Kemamide® W-40; Kemamide[®] W-45; Koster Keunen Candelilla; Koster Keunen Paraffin Wax; Linoleamide DEA; Loxiol[®] G 20: Lucidene[®] 5030: Lucidene[®] 5040; Lumulse™ GMO; Metasol® CB-225 L.C.; Methyl hydrogenated rosinate; Modaflow® Powder III; Modaflow® Resin; Monawet MO-70; Monawet MO-70E; Monawet MO-70R; Monawet MO-70S; Monawet MO-75E; Monawet MO-84R2W; Monawet MO-85P; Nonyl nonoxynol-7; Ombrelub® CD; Pamolyn® 200; Pamolyn[®] 240; ParCell[™] A; ParCell[™] R; ParCell[™] S; Patcote[®] 801; Patcote[®] 806; Patcote® 814; Patcote® 8060; PEG-14 tallate; PEG-1.3 tetramethyl decynediol; PEG-3.5 tetramethyl decynediol; PEG-10 tetramethyl decynediol; PEG-30 tetramethyl decynediol;

Pluronic® P-2000; Polydimethylsiloxane; Polyethylene imine; PÓLYSTEP® B-3; POLYSTEP® B-5; POLYSTEP® B-7; POLYSTEP® B-24; Polystix® 90 Resin; Polywax® 500; Polywax® 600; Polywax® 655; Polywax[®] 850; Polywax[®] 1000; Polywax[®] 2000; Polywax[®] 3000; Polywet[®] ND-35; Polywet[®] WTC 6512; Polywet[®] Z1766; Rheolate[®] 2001; Rhodapon[®] L-22; Rhodapon® LCP; Rhodapon® LSB; Rhodapon® SM; Rosin, maleated; Ross Candelilla Wax; Ross Japan Wax; Ross Wax #140; Shamrock Hydrocer 145; Shamrock Hydrocer EEP 33; Shamrock Hydrocer EP 91; Shamrock Neptune 968; Shamrock Neptune 5038; Shamrock Neptune I N1; Shamrock Neptune I SP5; Shamrock S-232 MG; Shamrock S-232 N1; Shamrock S-232 N5; Shamrock S-236; Shamrock S-379 H; Shamrock S-379 N; Shamrock S-379 N3; Shamrock S-381 N1; Shamrock S-381 N5; Shamrock S-394 N1; Shamrock S-394 N5; Shamrock S-394 SP5; Shamrock S-395 N2; Shamrock S-395 N5; Shamrock S-395 SP5; Shamrock S-400 N1; Shamrock S-400 N5; Shamrock S-400 SP5; Shamrock S-483; Shamrock S-Nauba 5021; Shamrock Taber Tiger 5512; *Silica, amorphous; Silica, fumed*; Sipernat® 50S; Slip-Ayd® SL 555; Sodium polycarboxylate; Struktol® TR 121; Struktol® TR 131; Super Nevtac® 99; Surfonic® DNP-70; Surfonic® DNP-80; Surfonic[®] DNP-100; Surfonic[®] DNP-1500; Surfonic® L12-3; Surfonic® L12-6; Surfonic® L12-8; Surfonic[®] L24-1.3; Surfonic[®] L24-3; Surfonic® L24-4; Surfonic® L24-7; Surfonic® L24-9; Surfonic® L24-12; Surfonic® L46-7; Surfonic® L68-18; Surfonic® L610-3; Surfonic® L1270-2; Surfonic® L1285-2; Surfonic® N-10; Surfonic® N-31.5; Surfonic® N-40; Surfonic® N-60: Surfonic® N-85: Surfonic® N-95: Surfonic® N-100; Surfonic® N-102; Surfonic® N-120; Surfonic® N-150; Surfonic® N-200; Surfonic® N-300; Surfonic® N-400; Surfonic® NB-307; Surfonic® NB-407; Surfonic® NB-557; Surfonic® OP-15; Surfonic® OP-35; Surfonic® OP-50; Surfonic[®] OP-70; Surfonic[®] OP-100; Surfonic® OP-120; Surfonic® OPB-407; Surfynol® 420; Surfynol® 440; Surfynol® 465; Surfynol® 485; Surfynol® 504; Surfynol® DF-37; Surfynol® DF-70; Surfynol® DF-695; Surfynol® PSA-336; Surfynol® SE-F; Surfynol® SM-740; Surfynol® SM-745; Sylvaros® R; Sylvatac® 40N; Sylvatac® 80N; Sylvatac® 100NS; Sylvatac® 105NS; Sylvatac® 295; Sylvatac® 1085; Sylvatac® 1100; Sylvatac® 1103; Sylvatac® 2110; Tall oil glycerides; Tamol® 850; Tamol® 960; T-Det® A126; T-Det® A243; T-Det® A247; T-Det® A249; T-Det® A467; T-Det® A2412; Teric™ N2; Teric™ N4; Teric™ N5; Teric™ N6; Teric™ N9; Teric™ N10; Teric™ N12; Teric™ N13; Teric™ N15; Teric[™] N20; Teric[™] N30; Ucarfloc[®] Polymer 300; Ucarfloc® Polymer 302; Ucarfloc® Polymer 304; Ucarfloc® Polymer 309; Uniplex 84; Uniplex 108; Uniplex 150; Uniplex 155 Uniplex 260; Vinac® XX-211; Vinac® XX-241; Zonarez® 7115; Zonarez® 7115 LT; Zonarez® 7125; Zonarez® 7125 LT; Zonarez® A-25; Zonarez[®] B-115; Zonarez[®] B-125; Zonarez[®] M-1115; Zonatac® 105; Zonatac® 105L; Zonatac® 115L; Zonester® 85; Zonester® 100

coatings, food-contact Araldite® PY 302-2; Cellulose acetate; Cetyl alcohol; Coconut (Cocos nucifera) oil; Coumarone/indene resin; Dammar, Decyl alcohol; DeMULS SML; DeTHOX ACID O-9; DeTHOX ACID O-14; DeTHOX ACID O-16; Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate; DK-230 Nonsilicone Defoamer; Elemi gum; Epoxy, bisphenol A; Epoxy, bisphenol F; Epoxy resin;

Ethylene/VA copolymer; Glyceryl rosinate; Hydrogenated castor oil; Hydrogenated polybutene; Hydroxyethylcellulose; Isobutylene/isoprene copolymer; Jayflex® DINA; Jayflex® DINP; Lecithin; Leukonöl LBA-2; Loxiol® G 10; Loxiol® G 15; Loxiol® G 23; Loxiol® HOB 7111; Loxiol® HOB 7169; Melamine-formaldehyde resin; Melamineformaldehyde resin, butylated; Melamineformaldehyde resin, isobutylated; Methylcellulose; Methyl rosinate; Myristyl alcohol; Natural rubber: Naugard® 10: Nitrocellulose: Nonoxynol-55; Nonoxynol-70; Nonyl nonoxynol-8; Nonyl nonoxynol-10; Nonyl nonoxynol-150; PEG tetramethyl decynediol, Pentaerythrityl rosinate; Phenolic resin; Phenoxy resin; Polybond® 3002; Polybond® 3150; Polychloroprene; Poly [2-(diethylamino) ethyl methacrylate] phosphate; Polyester resin, thermosetting; Polyethylene; Polyethylene glycol; Polyethyl*ene, oxidized; Poly-α-methylstyrene;* Polyox[®] WSR 205; Polyox[®] WSR 301; Polyox[®] WSR 303; Polyox® WSR 308; Polyox® WSR 3333; Polyox® WSR Coagulant; Polyox® WSR N-10; Polyox[®] WSR N-12K; Polyox[®] WSR N-60K; Polyox® WSR N-80; Polyox® WSR N-750; Polyox® WSR N-3000; Polypropylene; Polystyrene; Polyvinyl acetate; Polyvinyl alcohol; Polyvinyl butyral; Polyvinyl chloride; Polyvinyl formal, Polyvinyl stearate; PVP; Rubber, chlorinated; Rubber hydrochloride; Sandarac (Callitris quadrivalvis) gum; Shellac; Sodium lauryl sulfate; Sodium oleate; Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous; Sodium polyacrylate; Sodium stearate; Sodium 2sulfoethyl methacrylate; Stearyl alcohol; Styrene/acrylates copolymer, Styrene/ butadiene polymer, Styrene/isobutylene copolymer; Styrene/methyl methacrylate copolymer; Surfonic® N-550; Surfonic® N-700; Surfonic® N-1000; Tallow amide; TEC; TEGO® Airex 960; TEGO® Airex 970; Terpene resin; Tetramethyl decynediol; Tetrasodium pyrophosphate; Troysperse W; Urea/ formaldehyde resin; Urea/formaldehyde resin, butylated; Urea/formaldehyde resin, isobutylated; Vantalc® 6H; Vinyl chloride/ acrylonitrile copolymer, Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer; Webnix CAL-183 coatings, food-contact polyolefin films Vinyl acetate/crotonic acid copolymer coatings, grease-resistant Hycar® 1578X1 coatings, heat-seal Rubber, chlorinated; Vinyl acetate/butyl acrylate copolymer coatings, heat-seal: paper Microthene® FA 709-00 coatings, heat-sealable barrier Elvax® 310; Elvax® 350; Elvax® 360 coatings, high-gloss: paper NeoCryl® A-630 coatings, hot-melt: paper Epolene® C-16; Epolene® C-18 coatings, impregnating hydrogel Glycidyl methacrylate coatings, industrial

- Ageflex FA-2; Ammonium nonoxynol-9 sulfate; Ammonium nonoxynol-30 sulfate; Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate; Sodium laureth sulfate; Tetramethyl decynediol; Vinyl acrylic copolymer
- coatings, nonporous substrates
- Novapol® LC-0717-A
- coatings, oil-based PPG-36 oleate
- coatings, paper
- Abalyn[®]; Acronal[®] S 728; Admex[®] 515; Ageflex FM-10; Airflex® CE35; Airflex® CF50; Albrite® Isooctyl Acid Phosphate; Amylase; Barium

sulfate; Beetle® 1047; Bis(methylethyl)-1,1'biphenyl; Butofan[®]; s-Butyl acetate; 2-Butyl octanoic acid: CA-398-3: CA-398-6: CA-398-10: CAB-553-0.4; Calcium resinate; Calcium sulfate; CD-401; CD-406; CD 501; Cellulase; Cellulose acetate propionate; Cetylarachidol; Chempol 13-1905; CN 104; CN 104 A80; CN 112 C60; CN 117; CN 118; CN 120; CN 120 A75; CN 120 B60; CN 120 B80; CN 120 C60; CN 120 C80; CN 120 D80; CN 120 E50; CN 120 M50; CN 124; CN 292; CN 953 B70; CN 963 A80: CN 963 B80: CN 963 E75: CN 963 E80; CN 963 J85; CN 964 A85; CN 970 A60; CN 970 E60; CN 970 H75; CN 972; CN 973 A80; CN 973 H85; CN 973 J75; CN 978; CN 980; CN 980 M50; CN 981 A75; CN 982 A75; CN 982 B88; CN 982 E75; CN 982 P90; CN 983; CN 983 B88; CN 985 B88; Coatmaster® K50F; Coatmaster® K500; Crisanol FH-1400; Cumar® LX®-509; Dammar; 2-Decyl tetradecanoic acid; 2-Decyl-1-tetradecanol; Desmocap®; Desmolac®; Desmotherm®; Dibutyl phthalate; Diisobutyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Dodecylhexadecanol; Ebecryl® 600; Ebecryl® 3720-HD20; Elemi gum; Emersol® 869; Emersol® 872; Epolene® N-10; Epolene® N-10P; Estane® 5715; Ethylene/butyl acrylate copolymer; FC-520; Foamkill[®] 618; Foamkill[®] 830; Harol D; Heveatex NR; Hi-Mar DFC-21; Hycar® 1552; Hycar® 1561; Hycar® 1562; Hycar® 1572; Hycar® 1572X64; Hycar® 1577; Hycar® 1578X1; Hycar® 26084; *Isodecyl* methacrylate; Isooctyl acid phosphate; K-Cure® 1040; K-Cure® 1040W; K-Flex® UD-320; K-Flex® UD-320-100; Masil® SFR 100; Masil® SFR 750; Masil® SFR 2000; Masil® SFR 3500; Masil® SFR 50,000; *Melamine*formaldehyde resin, methylated; Methyl acrylate; Microthene® FA 700-00; Microthene® FE 532-00: Microthene® FN 500-00: Microthene® FN 502-18; Microthene® FN 510-00; Microthene® FN 514-00; Microthene® FN 517-00; Microthene® FN 519-00; Microthene® FP 800-00; Microthene® MN 701-00; Microthene® MN 710-20; *Milk protein*; MP-22; MP-22C; MP-22VF; MP-22XF; MT 15-120; MT 1970-D; Nevchem® 70; Nevchem® 100; Nevchem® 110; Nevchem® 120; Nevchem® 130; Nevchem® 140; Nevchem® 150; Nevex® 100; Nonoxynol-30; Nonoxynol-40; Nonoxynol-50; N® Sodium Silicate; Octomer DOM; Octowax 437; 2-Octyl dodecanoic acid; Paraffin; PEG-4; PEG-6; PEG-8; PEG-9; PEG-12; PEG-14; PEG-16; PEG-20; PEG-32; PEG-40; PEG-75; PEG-100; PEG-150; PEG-200; PEG-350; Perbunan N Latex 2818; Perbunan N Latex 3310; Perbunan N Latex 3415 M; Perbunan N Latex T: Perbunan N Latex VT: Photomer® 3016-40R; Photomer® 4158; Photomer® 6210; Polectron® 430; Polyester tetraacrylate; Polyethylene; Polyethylene glycol; Polyethylene, low-density; Polysol®; Polyvinyl acetate; Polyvinyl chloride; PPG-3 trimethylolpropane triacrylate; PPG-6 trimethylolpropane triacrylate; Propylene glycol alginate; Q-Thane® QW20-1; Q-Thane® QW28; Q-Thane® TE2028: Rohamere® 132: Rohamere® 977; Ross Candelilla Wax; Sancure® 1511; Sarbox® SB 500 E50; Sarbox® SB 500 K60; Sarbox® SB 510 E35; Sarbox® SB 520 E35; Sarbox® SB 520 M35; SMA® 1000; SMA® 2000; SMA® 3000; Sodium abietate; Sodium allyloxy hydroxypropyl sulfonate; Sodium laureth sulfate; SPA; SPI; SPM; SR 205; SR 268; SR 306HP; SR 399; SR 454HP; SR 492; SR 499; SR 502; SR 9003; SR 9020; SR 9020HP; SR 9021; SR 9035; SR 9209; Starwax® 100; *Stearyl methacrylate*; Styronal™ BN 4204; Suprapal®; Tiona® A-2000; TLV 68-SB; TLV 68-UB; TLV

70-SB; TLV 70-UB; Upaco® 2956; Vinac® A50; Vinac® Z 50; Vinyl acetate/butyl acrylate copolymer, Vinyl acetate/ethylene/vinyl chloride terpolymer, Vinylidene chloride copolymer, Water, W.G.S. Hydrogenated Fish Glyceride 128; Yelkin[®] DS; Yelkin[®] SS; Yelkin[®] T; Yelkin[®] TS coatings, paper AP conversions B20F; B200 coatings, paper plate coatings, paraffin copolymer Tykote 2400C Epolene® C-16; Epolene® C-18 coatings, paper: aq./fatty food-contact Sodium silicoaluminate; Sodium 2-sulfoethyl methacrylate; Styrene/acrylates copolymer; Styrene/butadiene/vinylidene chloride copolymer; Styrene/dimethylstyrene/ α methylstyrene copolymer, Styrene/isobutylene copolymer; Styrene/MA copolymer; Styrene/ vinylidene chloride copolymer, Vinyl acetate/ ethylene/N-(hydroxymethyl) acrylamide copolymer coatings, paper: concrete bags Tykote WTR-3; Tykote WTR-AF coatings, paper: conductive Diethylaminoethyl acrylate coatings, paper: detergent boxes Tykote WTR-3; Tykote WTR-AF coatings, paper: dry-mix bags Tykote WTR-3; Tykote WTR-AF coatings, paper: electroconductive Blemmer OA coatings, paper: food pkg. PolyFree; PolyFree OC coatings, paper: food-contact Aqua Superslip 6550; Beetle® 216-8; Beetle® 227-8; Beetle[®] 1032-10; Beetle[®] 1047; Beetle[®] 1050; CA-394-60S; CA-398-3; CA-398-6; CA-398-10; CA-398-30; Cymel® 245-8; Cymel® 247-10; Cymel® 248-8; Cymel® 255-10; Cymel® 1158; Melmac® 243-3; *Polyisobutene*; Sodium borate; Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate coatings, paper: grease-resistance Michem[®] Coat 50 Series; Michem[®] Coat 500 Series coatings, paper: heat transfer printing applics. RC 8003 coatings, paper: heat-seal Nucrel® 0407; Nucrel® 0609HS; Nucrel® 0908HS; Nucrel® 0910HS; Nucrel® 1214; Nucrel® 3990 coatings, paper: liq. Microthene® FA 709-00 coatings, paper: oil-resistance Michem® Coat 50 Series; Michem® Coat 500 Series coatings, paper: paper wraps Tykote WTR-3; Tykote WTR-AF coatings, paper: paperboard wraps Tykote WTR-3; Tykote WTR-AF coatings, paper: tie layer Nucrel® 0407; Nucrel® 0609HS; Nucrel® 0908HS; Nucrel® 0910HS; Nucrel® 1214; Nucrel® 3990 coatings, paper: UV-curable RC 8005 coatings, paper: water-resistance Michem® Coat 50 Series; Michem® Coat 500 Series coatings, paperboard Coatmaster® K500; Ebecryl® 600; Photomer® 3016-40R coatings, paperboard: aq./fatty food-contact Sodium silicoaluminate; Sodium 2-sulfoethyl methacrylate; Styrene/acrylates copolymer; Styrene/butadiene/vinylidene chloride copolymer; Styrene/dimethylstyrene/α-

methylstyrene copolymer; Styrene/isobutylene

copolymer; Styrene/MA copolymer; Styrene/

vinylidene chloride copolymer, Vinyl acetate/

ethylene/N-(hydroxymethyl) acrylamide copolymer coatings, paperboard: food-contact Aqua Superslip 6550; Beetle® 216-8; Beetle® 227-8; Beetle® 1032-10; Beetle® 1047; Beetle® 1050; CA-394-60S; CA-398-3; CA-398-6; CA-398-10; CA-398-30; Cymel® 245-8; Cymel® 247-10; Cymel® 248-8; Cymel® 255-10; Cymel® 1158; Melmac® 243-3

- coatings, paraffin wax Epolene® C-16; Epolene® C-18 coatings, PC film: food-contact Vinylidene chloride copolymer coatings, photographic paper Vestolen® A5016 coatings, photosensitive Elvanol® 50-42; Elvanol® 51-05; Elvanol® 52-22; Elvanol® 85-30; Elvanol® 85-82 coatings, pigmented paper Geo FM® DF-122; Geo FM® DF-122-NS coatings, polymeric: food-contact Hoechst Wax PE 890 coatings, polymerization Ammonium polymethacrylate coatings, protective Candelilla (Euphorbia cerifera) wax; Castor (Ricinus communis) oil; Cellulose acetate butyrate; Coumarone/indene resin; Elvanol® 50-42; Elvanol[®] 51-05; Elvanol[®] 52-22; *Glyceryl stearate*; HB-40[®]; Multiwax[®] ML-445; Naphtha; Paracol® 404G; PEG-2 stearate; PEG-2 stearate SE; Pentaerythrityl hydroge
 - nated rosinate; Polyester resin, thermosetting; Polysorbate 60; Polystix® 90 Resin; Ross Carnauba Wax; Synthetic wax; Triethylenetetramine; Vybar® 103; Xylene
- coatings, protective paper: food pkg. Tykote 2200C; Tykote 2300C
- coatings, protective paper: food wraps Tykote 2300C
- coatings, protective paper: liners Tykote 2300C
- coatings, protective paper: multiwall bags Tykote 2300C
- coatings, protective: paper
- Caprolactone acrylate monomer; SR 495; Witcobond® W-213
- coatings, protective: pulp/paper mill bleaching operations
 - Dykor[®] 204
- coatings, pulp/paper mills Araldite® PY 302-2
- coatings, release: paper TEGO® RC 704; TEGO® RC 705; TEGO® RC 706; TEGO® RC 708; TEGO® RC 711; TEGO® RC 726
- coatings, release: syn. films TEGO® RC 704; TEGO® RC 705; TEGO® RC 706; TEGO® RC 708; TEGO® RC 711; TEGO® RC 726
- coatings, resinous/polymeric food-contact
- AF 645:35; Agitan[®] 650; Agitan[®] B 13; Disponil[®] SUS IC 865; Esi-Rez[™] 50; Esi-Rez[™] 53; Formasil® 45; Hoechst Wax PED 121; L-45 Series; Shamrock Hydrocer EC 98; Sodium MBT; Struktol® PE H-100
- coatings, resinous/polymeric: food pkg. PEG-4 castor oil; PEG-54 castor oil
- coatings, resinous/polymeric: food-contact AF 645:35; Agitan[®] 650; Agitan[®] B 13; Aluminum stearates; Behenyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Calcium monocarbonate; Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Disponil® SUS IC 865; Esi-Rez™ 50; Esi-Rez™ 53; Formasil® 45; Hoechst Wax PED 121; L-45 Series; Menhaden oil; α -Methyl styrene/acrylic acid copolymer; α -Methyl styrene/butyl acrylate copolymer, α -Methyl styrene/2-ethylhexylacrylate copolymer,

 α -Methyl styrene/methacrylic acid copolymer; α-Methyl styrene/methyl methacrylate copolymer, PEG-2 castor oil; PEG-100 castor oil; PEG-200 castor oil; PEG-8 cocoate; PEG-15 cocoate; PEG-20 corn glycerides; PEG-60 corn glycerides; PEG-2 dilaurate; PEG-20 dilaurate; PEG-32 dilaurate; PEG-12 dioleate; PEG-20 dioleate; PEG-32 dioleate; PEG-2 distearate; PEG-20 distearate; PEG-32 distearate; PEG-8 di/triricinoleate; PEG-40 glyceryl cocoate; PEG-12 glyceryl dioleate; PEG-12 glyceryl laurate; PEG-20 glyceryl laurate; PEG-15 glyceryl oleate; PEG-20 glyceryl oleate; PEG-15 glyceryl ricinoleate; PEG-20 glyceryl ricinoleate; PEG-20 laurate; PEG-32 laurate; PEG-2M; PEG-5M; PEG-7M; PEG-9M; PEG-14M; PEG-23M; PEG-45M; PEG-90M; PEG-115M; PEG-8 myristate; PEG-20 myristate; PEG-4 octanoate; PEG-4 oleate; PEG-6 oleate; PEG-9 oleate; PEG-10 oleate; PEG-14 oleate; PEG-20 oleate; PEG-32 oleate; PEG-36 oleate; PEG-75 oleate; PEG-150 oleate; PEG-20 palmitate; PEG-8 ricinoleate; PEG-8 sesquilaurate; PEG-8 sesquioleate; PEG-40 sorbitan hexaoleate; PEG-40 sorbitan laurate; PEG-80 sorbitan laurate; PEG-3 sorbitan oleate; PEG-6 sorbitan oleate; PEG-40 sorbitan peroleate; PEG-6 sorbitan stearate; PEG-40 sorbitan stearate; PEG-40 sorbitan tetraoleate; PEG-4 stearate; PEG-6 stearate; PEG-20 stearate; PEG-32 stearate; PEG-40 stearate; PEG-100 stearate; PEG-4 tallate; PEG-8 tallate; PEG-16 tallate; PEG-20 tallate; PEI-1500; Pentaerythrityl tetracocoate; Phosphoric acid; Polyacrylic acid; Polyethylacrylate; Polyethylenimine; Polym-ethyl methacrylate; Polysorbate 21; Polysorbate 61; Polysorbate 81; Potassium stearate; PPG-17 dioleate; PPG-26 oleate; PPG-36 oleate; Propylene glycol dicaprylate; Propylene glycol dicaprylate/dicaprate; Propylene glycol dicocoate; Propylene glycol dilaurate; Propylene glycol distearate; Propylene glycol myristate; Propylene glycol oleate; Propylene glycol soyate; Propylene glycol stearate; Safflower (Carthamus tinctorius) oil; Sesame (Sesamum indicum) oil; Silica, hydrated; Sodium MBT; Soybean (Glycine soja) oil; Struktol® PE H-100; Styrene/acrylic acid copolymer, Styrene/butyl acrylate copolymer, Styrene/2-ethylhexyl acrylate copolymer; Styrene/isobutylene copolymer, Styrene/ methacrylic acid copolymer; Sunflower (Helianthus annuus) seed oil; Tall oil acid; Vinyl chloride/acrylonitrile copolymer; Vinylidene chloride/methyl acrylate copolymer, Vinylidene chloride/propyl acrylate copolymer, Zinc rosinate

coatings, resinous/polymeric: food-contact, for polyolefin films

PEI-1400

coatings, resinous/polymeric: polyolefin films, food-contact

Aluminum myristates/palmitates; Ammonium oleate; Ammonium stearate; Ammonium tallate; Magnesium cocoate; Microcrystalline wax; PEI-15; PEI-30; PEI-275; PEI-1000; PEI-1750; PEI-2500; Polyacrylic acid; Sodium cocoate; Sodium laurate; Sodium myristate; Sodium tallowate; Sorbitan sesquioleate; Tallow acid coatings, resinous/polymeric: polyolefin

films, food-contacts PEI-700

- coatings, resinous/polymeric: polyolefin food pkg. Methylstyrene/vinyltoluene copolymer
- coatings, solvent

Butyl acrylate; Butyl methacrylate; PEG-12 dioleate

coatings, solventless

PEG-12 dioleate coatings, special paper Etopol 62-L: Etopol 63-L coatings, specialty PAPHEN® PKHM-301 coatings, specialty: films Elvacite® 2008, 2009, 2010, 2021, 2041, 6010; Elvacite[®] 2013, 2014, 2016, 2028, 2614, 2550, 2552, 6016; Elvacite[®] 2042, 2043; Elvacite[®] 2044, 2045, 2046 coatings, specialty: reproduction paper Elvacite[®] 2008, 2009, 2010, 2021, 2041, 6010; Elvacite[®] 2013, 2014, 2016, 2028, 2614, 2550, 2552, 6016; Elvacite[®] 2042, 2043; Elvacite[®] 2044, 2045, 2046 coatings, surface Acrylamide; Acrylates copolymer, Crill 4; Diethylaminoethanol; Dimer acid, hydrogenated; Epoxy, bisphenol F; 2,2,4,4,5,5-Hexachlorobiphenyl; Polyurethane, polyester; Polyvinyl alcohol, Terpene-phenolic resin coatings, surface: paper Cyastat[®] SN coatings, surface: paperboard Vinsol® Resin coatings, top: films Shamrock Neptune I N1; Shamrock Neptune I SP5 coatings, top: paper Shamrock Neptune I N1; Shamrock Neptune I SP5 coatings, UV light reflecting ZAA coatings, UV/EB-curable: paper CN 981; CN 981 B88 coatings, waterproof Isobutyl stearate coatings, waterproofing Multiwax® ML-445 coatings, waterproofing heat-seal: paper Microthene® FA 700-00; Microthene® FE 532-00; Microthene® FN 500-00; Microthene® FN 502-18; Microthene® FN 510-00; Microthene® FN 514-00; Microthene® FN 517-00; Microthene® FN 519-00: Microthene® FP 800-00 coatings, water-resistant Hycar® 1578X1 coatings, white: multiwall paper bags Bag White 9 coatings, white: paper ColorCoat White 2A[™]; Max White 5R[™]; Mill White 5[™]; Rod White 950[™] coatings, Yankee dryer Unisoft® Yankee Dryer Coating coatings: pigment: paper/board Hydrocarb 60-ME 78%; Hydrocarb 75-ME 78%; , Hydrocarb 90-ME 78% cobinder, board coatings Acrosol™ C 50 L cobinder, paper Pro-Cote cobinder, paper coatings Acrosol®; Acrosol™ C 50 L cobinder, paper saturation Styronal[™] ND 834 cobinder, paperboard Pro-Cote cobinder, paperboard coatings Acrosol[™] PR 8720 X coefficient of friction reducer, board Nopcote® DC-1153 coefficient of friction reducer, paper Nopcote® DC-1153 coefficient of friction reducer, rigid pkg. coatings Shamrock S-400 N1; Shamrock S-400 N5; Shamrock S-400 SP5 coemulsifier

Alkamuls® EL-620; Antarox® PGP 23-7; Cetoleth-2; Cetoleth-3; Cetoleth-6; Glyceryl

distearate; Hyonic® OP-100; Isostearyl alcohol; Propylene glycol oleate; Teric[™] N30; Trideceth-2; Trideceth-8; Trycol® 5941; Trycol® 6970 coemulsifier, acrylate-vinyl acetate copolymers Disponil® AAP 307; Disponil® AAP 436 coemulsifier, coatings C20-40 alcohols; Imbentin-N/7 A; Imbentin-N/020 I; Imbentin-OAM/020; Imbentin-TAM/020 coemulsifier, emulsion polymerization Imbentin-N/7 A; Imbentin-N/020 I; PEG-4 castor oil coemulsifier, mineral oils Teric[™] 127 coemulsifier, papermaking Imbentin-N/7 A; Imbentin-N/020 I; Imbentin-OAM/ 020; Imbentin-TAM/020 coemulsifier, paraffinic waxes Teric™ 127 coemulsifier, polyacrylates Disponil® AAP 307; Disponil® AAP 436 coemulsifier, polymerization Sodium 2-ethylhexyl sulfate coemulsifier, pulp/paper Propylene glycol laurate coemulsifier, silicone emulsions PEG-4 castor oil coemulsifier, solvents Teric[™] 127 coemulsifier, syn. esters Chemax HCO-5 coemulsifier, syn. latexes Nonyl nonoxynol-15 coemulsifier, vinyl acetate copolymers Avirol® SA 4106 coemulsifier, vinyl chloride Avirol® SA 4106 coemulsifier, wax emulsions Imbentin-N/7 A; Imbentin-N/020 I; PEG-4 castor oil cofoam builder, latex foams Sodium tallow sulfate color base Hoechst Wax LP; Hoechst Wax S; Hoechst Wax UL color concs Polywet® ND-2 color developer, carbonless copy paper Copisil color developer, chemical test paper Copisil® color developer, heat-sensitive recording paper Nipabenzyl color developer, thermoreactive paper Copisil® color dispersion, paper Octotint 120; Octotint 138; Octotint 150; Octotint 155; Octotint 572; Octotint 601; Octotint 825 color enhancer Cetyl alcohol; Polyethylene, low-density color enhancer, color concs. Ethylene/VA copolymer; Luwax® OA; Luwax® OA 3; Luwax[®] ÓA 5 color purification, coatings Sodium borohydride color purification, laminates Sodium borohydride color removal, influent/effluent waters Bufloc® 5551; Bufloc® 5554 color remover Sodium aluminate color remover, water treatment Calcium hydroxide; Calcium oxide; Ozone colorant, carbon paper Black Pearls[®] L; Carbon black; Mogul[®] L colorant, cigarette paper Tronox A-X; Tronox R-PL-1 colorant, coatings

Pigment yellow 150; Ponolith™ Supra Black B Liq.; Ponolith™ Supra Yellow GY Liq.; Ponolith™ Supra Yellow RD Liq. colorant, dry toners Black Pearls® L colorant, fine paper Levacell® Scarlet KS BP Liq ; Levacell® Yellow 2GNX; Pontamine[™] Black LFS; Pontamine[™] Brilliant Blue A; Pontamine[™] Billiant Blue A2G Liq.; Pontamine[™] Brilliant Blue A Liq.; Pontamine[™] Brilliant Violet 6B Liq. 50; Pontamine™ Fast Red 8BLX; Pontamine™ Fast Red BA Liq. New; Pontamine[™] Fast Scarlet 4BA; Pontamine[™] Fast Yellow 5GF Liq.; Pontamine™ Fast Yellow E-2G Liq.; Pontamine™ Grey K-CGL; Pontamine[™] Kraft Brown JCC Liq.; Pontamine[™] Orange OCC Liq.; Pontamine[™] Violet BBN Liq.; Pontamine[™] Yellow 3GRC; Pontamine[™] Yellow GFB Liq.; Pontamine[™] Yellow GG-N Liq.; Pontamine[™] Yellow GX; Tronox A-X: Tronox R-PL-1 colorant, finishes Copper phthalocyanine blue colorant, food pkg. polymers Aluminum; Aluminum distearate; Aluminum hydroxide; Aluminum stearate; Aluminum tristearate; Kaolin colorant, food-contact polymers Barium sulfate; Bentonite; Calcium monocarbonate; Calcium silicate; Calcium sulfate; Carbon black; Chromium oxide (ic); Cobalt aluminate; Copper phthalocyanine blue; Diatomaceous earth; Iron oxides; Magnesium oxide; Mica; Pigment violet 19; Silica; Talc; Titanium dioxide; Zinc carbonate; Zinc oxide; Zinc sulfide colorant, food-grade polymers Ferric oxide; Iron oxide black colorant, gravure Regal[®] SRF-S; Sterling[®] R colorant, ligneous pulp Vernoa™ Basic Black S Liq.; Vernoa™ Basic Blue GS Liq.; Vernoa™ Basic Blue RFK Liq.; Vernoa[™] Basic Brown Y Liq.; Verona[™] Basic Green M Powd.; Vernoa™ Basic Red 4B Liq.; Vernoa™ Basic Red 4G Liq.; Vernoa™ Basic Violet 2B Liq.; Vernoa™ Basic Yellow 7GLL Liq.; Vernoa™ Basic Yellow 10G Liq. Colorant, newsprint paper Vernoa™ Basic Black S Liq.; Vernoa™ Basic Blue GS Liq.; Vernoa™ Basic Blue RFK Liq.; Vernoa[™] Basic Brown Y Lig.; Verona[™] Basic Green M Powd.; Vernoa™ Basic Red 4B Liq.; Vernoa™ Basic Red 4G Liq.; Vernoa™ Basic Violet 2B Liq.; Vernoa™ Basic Yellow 7GLL Liq.; Vernoa™ Basic Yellow 10G Liq. colorant, paper Acid violet 49; Acilan[™] W Lig.; Aquis[®]; Black Pearls® 450; Copper phthalocyanine blue; Pigment yellow 65; Pigment yellow 150; Regal® 300R; Regal® 330; Regal® 330R colorant, paper coatings Copper phthalocyanine blue; Stabiloid® 833-0042; Stabiloid® 833-0048; Stabiloid® 833-0549; Stabiloid® 20075; Stabiloid® 833-0549; Stabiloid® 833-0575; Stabiloid® 833-0665; Stabiloid® 833-1022; Stabiloid® 833-1833; Stabiloid® 833-2826; Stabiloid® 833-9919 colorant, paper coatings Stabiloid[®] 833-9927 colorant, paper saturation Stabiloid® 833-0042; Stabiloid® 833-0048; Stabiloid® 833-0549; Stabiloid® 833-0575; Stabiloid® 833-0665; Stabiloid® 833-1022; Stabiloid® 833-1833; Stabiloid® 833-2826; Stabiloid® 833-9919; Stabiloid® 833-9927 colorant, paper surfacing Phthalocyanine green colorant, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty foodcontact Aluminum; Aluminum distearate; Aluminum

hydroxide; Aluminum stearate; Aluminum tristearate; Barium sulfate; Bentonite; Calcium silicate; Calcium sulfate; Cobalt aluminate; Copper phthalocyanine blue; Diatomaceous earth; Iron oxides; Kaolin; Magnesium oxide; Mica; Silica; Talc; Tartrazine; Titanium dioxide; Zinc carbonate; Zinc oxide colorant, resins Copper phthalocyanine blue colorant, sizing Copper phthalocyanine blue colorant, specialty paper Levacell® Scarlet KS BP Liq.; Levacell® Yellow 2GNX; Pontamine™ Beige FX Liq.; Pontamine[™] Black LFS; Pontamine[™] Brilliant Blue A; Pontamine[™] Brilliant Blue A2G Liq.; Pontamine[™] Brilliant Blue A Liq.; Pontamine[™] Brilliant Violet 6B Liq. 50; Pontamine™ Fast Red 8BLX; Pontamine™ Fast Red BA Liq. New; Pontamine[™] Fast Scarlet 4BA; Pontamine[™] Fast Yellow 5GF Liq.; Pontamine™ Fast Yellow E-2G Liq.; Pontamine™ Grey K-CGL; Pontamine[™] Kraft Brown JCC Liq.; Pontamine[™] Orange OCC Liq.; Pontamine[™] Vellow 3GRC; Pontamine[™] Yellow GFB Liq.; Pontamine[™] Yellow GG-N Liq.; Pontamine[™] Yellow GX; Tronox A-X; Tronox R-PL-1 colorant, tissue paper Levacell[®] Scarlet KS BP Liq.; Levacell[®] Yellow 2GNX; Pontamine™ Beige FX Liq.; Pontamine™ Black LFS; Pontamine™ Brilliant Blue A; Pontamine[™] Brilliant Blue A2G Liq.; Pontamine[™] Brilliant Blue A Liq.; Pontamine[™] Brilliant Violet 6B Lig. 50; Pontamine™ Fast Red 8BLX; Pontamine™ Fast Red BA Lig. New; Pontamine™ Fast Scarlet 4BA; Pontamine™ Fast Yellow 5GF Liq.; Pontamine™ Fast Yellow E-2G Liq.; Pontamine[™] Grey K-CGL; Pontamine[™] Kraft Brown JCC Lig.; Pontamine[™] Orange OCC Liq.; Pontamine[™] Violet BBN Liq.; Pontamine[™] Yellow 3GRC; Pontamine[™] Yellow GFB Liq.; Pontamine[™] Yellow GG-N Liq.; Pontamine[™] Yellow GX colorant, water systems Stabiloid® 833-0042; Stabiloid® 833-0048; Stabiloid[®] 833-0549; Stabiloid[®] 833-0575; Stabiloid[®] 833-0665; Stabiloid[®] 833-1022; Stabiloid[®] 833-1833; Stabiloid[®] 833-2826; Stabiloid[®] 833-9919; Stabiloid[®] 833-9927 colorant, waxes Arachidic acid; Behenic acid; Candelilla (Euphorbia cerifera) wax; Glycol colorant, wood coatings Copper phthalocyanine blue colorant, wood-containing printing paper Vernoa™ Basic Black S Liq.; Vernoa™ Basic Blue GS Liq.; Vernoa™ Basic Blue RFK Liq.; Vernoa[™] Basic Brown Y Liq.; Verona[™] Basic Green M Powd.; Vernoa[™] Basic Red 4B Liq.; Vernoa[™] Basic Red 4G Liq.; Vernoa[™] Basic Violet 2B Liq.; Vernoa™ Basic Yellow 7GLL Liq.; Vernoa™ Basic Yellow 10G Liq. coloring, highly lightfast paper Pigmosol® compatibilizer Epolene® C-16; Epolene® C-18; Polybond® 3002; Polybond® 3150; Triaryl phosphate compatibilizer, ethylene-vinyl acetate systems Nevex® 100 compatibilizer, hot-melt coatings Acrawax[®] C compatibilizer, polymers Escor® AT-310; Escor® AT-320; Escor® AT-325 compatibilizer, polymers/blends for paper coatings Ethylene/MA copolymer compatibilizer, substrates for paper coatings Ethylene/MA copolymer compatibilizer, wax systems

Nevex® 100 complexing agent, heavy metal ions PFI-1500 complexing agent, iron: cooling water systems Citric acid complexing agent, paper PVP K-15; PVP K-15 Sol'n.; PVP K-30; PVP K-60 Sol'n.; PVP K-90; PVP K-90 Sol'n.; PVP K-120 complexing agent, pulp bleaching: paper Trilon® P complexing agent, starch Glyceryl palmitate/stearate compounding agent, paper Airvol® 205; Airvol® 523; Airvol® 540 compounding agent, polymerization Polyvinyl alcohol (partially hydrolyzed) condensate protectant, pulp/paper mill boiler systems OptiGuard™ conditioner Calcium stearate; Diatomaceous earth; Solan E; Solan X; Soyamidopropyl dimethylamino gluconate conditioner, alkaline Felt Cleaner P-70155 conditioner, felt FeltECCel[™] 905 conditioner, felt/fabric: pulp/paper, batch treatments Vinfelt® conditioner, felt/fabric: pulp/paper, continuous treatments Vinfelt® conditioner, felt: paperboard Presstige conditioner, felt: press section roll treatment Presstige™ conditioner, felt: pulp/paper Presstige™ conditioner, industrial Quaternium-18 conditioner, paper Carsoquat® SDQ-25; Micro-Cel® T-26; Micro-Cel® T-49; Pluracol® E400 NF; Pluracol® E600 NF; Pluracol[®] E1450; Pluracol[®] E2000; Pluracol® E4500; Pluracol® E8000 conditioner, paperboard Micro-Cel® T-26 conditioner, papermaking Britol[®] 6NF; Britol[®] 7NF; Britol[®] 9NF; Britol[®] 20USP; Britol[®] 35USP; Britol[®] 50USP conditioner, pulp/paper Linoleamido dimethylamino lactate; Paxogen COB; Paxogen LAO; Polypax EGDS; Polypax EGMS; Polyquat 188 conditioner, silicone emulsification Ceteth-2 conditioner, sludge Ferric chloride; Floclair® HKL; Floclair® LP 15; Floclair® LP 25; Sodium p-styrenesulfonate; Spinomar NaSS conditioning base, paper Trilauryl phosphate conductor, pulp/paper Adeka Catioace DM-30A containers, paper Polyset® 2015 converting/printing improver, woodcontaining paper grades Keydime[®] NU cooling water treatment Calcium hypochlorite; Dequest® 2060 copolymerization, paper Itaconic acid copolymerization, plasticizers İtaconic acid copolymerization, PVC

Dioctyl maleate copolymerization, resins

Itaconic acid

copolymerization, vinyl acetates

Dioctyl maleate

copper deposits removal

Citric acid

- corrosion inhibition
- Oleic amidoethylimidazoline; Sodium diethylenetriaminepentakis (methylenephosphonate) corrosion inhibitor

Ageflex FM-1; Albrite® N-Butyl Acid Phosphate; Albrite® Isooctyl Acid Phosphate; Alkasurf® CO-630; Alkasurf® CO-710; Alkasurf® CO-720; *Alkenyl succinic anhydride*; Alkenyl Succinic Anhydride C1618 (ASA); Amine D[®]; *Amino*methyl propanol; Ammonium bromide; Armeen[®] 2C; ASA 100; Baypren Latex 4 R; Baypren Latex B; Baypren Latex GK; Baypren Latex MKB; Baypren Latex SK; Baypren Latex T; BHMT Amine; BHMT-HP; *Bis-hexamethyl*enetriamine; Borax; Burco® Imidazoline O; Burco[®] Imidazoline T; *Butyl acid phosphate*; Chemquat 12/33; Chemquat 12/50; Chemquat 16/50; Cocoalkonium chloride; Cocotrimonium chloride; Cocoyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Crill 1; Crill 2; Deceth-4 phosphate; DeMIDE SBA-100; DeMULS SMO; DePHOS HP-739; DeTHOX TDA-8.5; Dicocamine; Dicocodimonium chloride; Diethylaminoethanol; Diethylenetriamine; Diisopropanolamine; Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate; Dimethylethanolamine; Eldorado FCD-142; Empiphos STP; Empiphos STP/1L; Empiphos STP/1P; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/D; Empiphos STP/D16; Empiphos STP/DMST; Empiphos STP/E; Empiphos STP/L16; Empiphos STP/M; Empiphos STP/MST; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/P; Ethanolamine; Ethoduomeen® T/20; Ethylene/acrylic acid copolymer, Ethylenediamine; Ethyl hydroxymethyl oleyl oxazoline; Formaldehyde; Hexamethylenetetramine; Hoechst Wax LP; Hydrogenated ditallowamine; Igepal® CA-630; Igepal® CO-630/EP; Imidazoline 18OH; Isoocty/ acid phosphate; Isopropanolamine; Isopropyl phosphate; Isostearyl ethylimidonium ethosulfate; Isostearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Isoundeceth-3; Isoundeceth-6; Isoundeceth-9; Isoundeceth-12; LamChem C-100-L; LamChem C-100-O; LamChem C-100-S; LamChem C-100-T; Lithium hydroxide monohydrate; Lumisorb[™] STO; Lumisorb[™] STS; Methacrylamidopropyltrimethylammonium chloride; Metso Beads® 2048; Metso Pentabead® 20; Mhoromer® BM 613; Milldride® ODSA; Miramine® CC; Morpholine; Neobor®; Nissan Cation MA; Nissan Cation SA; Nonoxynol-9 phosphate; Nopcote® DC-1153; N[®] Sodium Silicate; Octadecenyl succinic anhydride; Oleamide DEA; Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; PEG cocamine; PEG-10 cocamine; PEG-2 oleamine; PEG stearamine; PEG-10 tallow aminopropylamine; Penreco Red; Pentaerythrityl tetraoleate; Pentasodium triphosphate; Phosphoric acid; Polyamidoamine; Polyaspartic acid homopolymer, sodium salt; Polysorbate 21; Polysorbate 65; Potassium oleate; Potassium phosphate dibasic; Rhodafac® RE-610; Rhodafac® RS-610; Rhodafac® RS-710; Schercozoline I Schercozoline L; Schercozoline S; Sipol NP-10; Sodium benzoate; Sodium bisulfide; Sodium bisulfite; Sodium borate; Sodium borate decahydrate; Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate; Sodium hydroxide; Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole; Sodium metasilicate; Sodium metasilicate pentahydrate; Sodium phosphate tribasic; Sodium silicate; Sodium sulfite; Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate; Sorbitan oleate; Sorbitan palmitate; Sorbitan tristearate; Soyamide DEA; Stearamide; Stearamide DEA;

Stearamine; Steareth-2; Steareth-10; Steareth-20; Stearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Tallamide DEA; Tall oil hydroxyethyl imidazoline; *Tallowtrimonium chloride*; Teric™ 18M2; Teric™ 18M5; Teric[™] 18M10; Teric[™] 18M20; Teric[™] 18M30; Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate; Tetrasodium pyrophosphate; Thiourea; TLV 68-SB; TLV 68-UB; TLV 70-SB; TLV 70-UB; Tolcide® PS 352C; Tolcide® PS 355A; Trideceth-3; Trideceth-6; Trideceth-9; Trideceth-12; Triethanolamine; Triisopropanolamine; Trilinoleic acid; Trycol® 6961; Tysul® WW 35; Tysul® WW 50; Tysul® WW 70 DG; Vestowax® AO 1535; Vestowax® AO 2733; Wayfos® M-100; Yelkin® DS; Yelkin® SS; Yelkin® T; Yelkin® TS corrosion inhibitor, alkaline/acid soak

- cleaners
- Wayfos® D-10N
- corrosion inhibitor, aq. emulsions containing oil-based ingreds.
- Sodium petroleum sulfonate
- corrosion inhibitor, aq. systems Dequest® 2010; Dequest® 2054; Dequest® 2060; D[®] Sodium Silicate; Octasodium diethylene triamine penta (methylene phosphonate); Potassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate); Sodium MBT; Tamol® 731A; Tamol® 808
- corrosion inhibitor, bleach stabilization Briquest® 543-45AS
- corrosion inhibitor, coatings
- Busan® 11-M2; Polyethylene, ultrahigh m.w. corrosion inhibitor, condensate Ammonia
- corrosion inhibitor, condensate: paper mills Formula 44
- corrosion inhibitor, coolants
- Tallamide DEA
- corrosion inhibitor, cooling systems 2-Phosphono butane tricarboxylic acid-1,2,4
- corrosion inhibitor, cooling water treatment Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid; Dequest® 2000; Dequest® 2006; Dequest® 2066; Sulfamic acid
- corrosion inhibitor, copper: water treatment Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole
- corrosion inhibitor, emulsions
- Lauryl hydroxyethyl imidazoline corrosion inhibitor, flocculation
- Stearamine acetate corrosion inhibitor, flotation frothing agent: minerals
- Stearamine acetate
- corrosion inhibitor, industrial water systems Hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate)
- corrosion inhibitor, kaolin clay slurries Dequest® 2016 D Powder
- corrosion inhibitor, kraft pulp paper mills: cooling water
- Belclene® 283
- corrosion inhibitor, kraft pulp paper mills: industrial water
- Belclene® 283
- corrosion inhibitor, lubricants PEG-20 stearamine; PEG-30 stearamine
- corrosion inhibitor, lubricating oils Dodecenylsuccinic anhydride; Hexadecenyl succinic anhydride
- corrosion inhibitor, paper
- Arquad® 2C-75; Arquad® 12-50; Arquad® 16-50; Arquad® 18-50; Arquad® C-50; Arquad® T-27W; Igepal® CO-630; Igepal® CO-660; Igepal[®] CO-710; Igepal[®] CO-720; Laurtrimonium chloride; Nopcogen 22-O; PVM/MA copolymer; Schercozoline O; Zonyl® FSA; Zonyl® FSB; Zonyl® FSC; Zonyl® FSN; Zonyl® FSP
- corrosion inhibitor, paper machine lubrica-

- tion systems
- PMO Ashless 150; PMO Ashless 220; PMO Ashless 320: PMO Ashless 460 corrosion inhibitor, paper reclamation
- Drymet[®] 59; Drymet[®] Fines corrosion inhibitor, paper softening
- Arguad® 2HT-75; Arguad® 2HT-75PG
- corrosion inhibitor, paper surface treatment: high speed copier paper
- Elfugin[®] AKT Lig.
- corrosion inhibitor, paper surface treatment: noncontact printing paper Elfugin® AKT Liq.
- corrosion inhibitor, paper surface treatment: punch tape paper
- Elfugin® AKT Lig.
- corrosion inhibitor, paper/paperboard internal sizes: aq./fatty/dry food-contact Sodium nitrite
- corrosion inhibitor, papermaking
- Eldorado WT-30; OptiSperse[™]; Wayfos[®] D-10N corrosion inhibitor, peroxide bleach
- stabilization
- Unihib® 905
- corrosion inhibitor, pigment flushing Stearamine acetate
- corrosion inhibitor, pigment grinding Zonyl® FSA; Zonyl® FSB; Zonyl® FSC; Zonyl® FŚN; Zonyl® FŚP
- corrosion inhibitor, pigments
- Lauryl hydroxyethyl imidazoline
- corrosion inhibitor, polymerization Zonyl[®] FSA; Zonyl[®] FSB; Zonyl[®] FSC; Zonyl[®]
- FŚN; Zonyl[®] FŚP corrosion inhibitor, protective coatings
- Dilinoleic acid
- corrosion inhibitor, pulp bleaching
- Drymet[®] 59; Drymet[®] Fines
- corrosion inhibitor, pulp/paper Briquest® 543-45AS; Lumisorb™ SML;
 - Lumisorb[™] SMO; Lumisorb[™] SMP; Polyquat 2
- C; Polyguat PR corrosion inhibitor, pulp/paper bleaching
- Unihib® 905
- corrosion inhibitor, pulp/paper chemicals Aquacid-105 EX
- corrosion inhibitor, pulp/paper mill boiler systems
 - OptiGuard™
- corrosion inhibitor, pulp/paper mill condensate systems
- Formula 435; Steamate™
- corrosion inhibitor, recirculated cooling water Tamol[®] 731A; Tamol[®] 808
- corrosion inhibitor, steam generating systems Ammonium hydroxide
- corrosion inhibitor, waste treatment Sodium carbonate
- corrosion inhibitor, water systems Acrylic resin; N® Clear Sodium Silicate
- corrosion inhibitor, water treatment Aquacid-105 EX; Briquest® 543-45AS; Calcium oxide; Dequest® 2016 D Powder; D® Sodium Silicate; Empiphos STP; Empiphos STP/1L; Empiphos STP/1P; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/D; Empiphos STP/D16; Empiphos STP/DMST; Empiphos STP/E; Empiphos STP/L16; Empiphos STP/M; Empiphos STP/MST; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/P; Etidronic acid; 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole; Myristamine acetate; Nissan Cation MA; Nissan Cation SA; N[®] Sodium Silicate; *PEG-8 dioleate; Potassium hexameth*ylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate); Potassium phosphate dibasic; Potassium thiocyanate; Potassium tripolyphosphate; Sodium carbonate; Sodium hexametaphos-
- phate; Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous; Sodium thiocyanate; Stearamine acetate cosolubilizer

cosolvent Polyisobutene cosolvent Behenyl alcohol; Butoxyethanol; Castor (Ricinus communis) oil; Cetyl alcohol; Crill 1; Crill 2; PEG-8 dilaurate; PEG-12 dilaurate; PEG-12 dioleate; PEG-20 dioleate; Sorbitan laurate; Sorbitan palmitate; Stearyl alcohol cosolvent, dyes Alcohol cosolvent, hydrogen peroxide prod. Trioctyl phosphate cosolvent, lipophilic: paper Oleth-2 cosolvent, pulp/paper Oleyl alcohol cosolvent, water treatment PEG-4 dilaurate; PEG-8 dioleate costabilizer Cetoleth-10; Cetoleth-25; C12-14 pareth-3; C16-18 pareth-11; Octoxynol-16 costabilizer, heat: PVC Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether, Sorbitol; Stearic acid costabilizer, polymer dispersions C16-18 pareth-30; Disponil® AAP 43; Disponil® AAP 307; Disponil® AAP 436; Disponil® NP 4; Disponil® NP 6; Disponil® NP 10; Disponil® NP 11; Disponil[®] NP 12; Disponil[®] NP 20; Disponil® NP 208; Disponil® NP 307; Disponil® 0 250 coupling agent Ceteareth-2; Cetyl alcohol; C9-11 pareth-6; C12-15 pareth-12; DePEG 200; DePEG 300; DeTHOX TDA-6; Dicocodimonium chloride; Diethylaminoethyl acrylate; Diphenyldimethoxysilane; Ethylene dioleamide; Glyceryl dilaurate; Isolaureth-3; Laureth-9; Macol® OP-10 SP; Nonyl nonoxynol-10; Octoxynol-1; Octoxynol-3; Octoxynol-10; Octoxynol-12; Octoxynol-13; Octoxynol-30; Octoxynol-40; Octyldodecanol; Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; PEG-135; PEG-4 laurate; PÉG-5 laurate; PEG-40 sorbitan hexaoleate; Polyethylene, linear low density; Potassium cocoate; Sodium laureth sulfate; Sodium oleic sulfate; Sodium xylenesulfonate; Sorbitan tristearate; Steareth-2; Steareth-10; Struktol® TR 016; Tergitol® TMN-3; Tetrahydro-

furfuryl alcohol; p-Toluene sulfonic acid; Trideceth-3; Trideceth-6; Trideceth-12; Triton® X-405-70%

coupling agent, aq. coatings

t-Butyl alcohol coupling agent, cleaners

Alcohol

- coupling agent, coatings Alcohol; Triton® X-15; Triton® X-35
- coupling agent, disperse dyes: syn. fiber N-Ethyl-N-hydroxyethyl-m-toluidine; 2-(N-Methylanilino) ethanol
- coupling agent, dyes: syn. fiber
- Phenylethylethanolamine coupling agent, emulsion polymerization
- Nonoxynol-15; PVM/MA copolymer; Triton® X-15; Triton® X-35
- coupling agent, fiber lubricants
- Tergitol[®] 15-S-12; Triton[®] XL-80N
- coupling agent, industrial

Sorbitan stearate

- coupling agent, paper
- Carbowax® PEG 300; Chemax DNP-18; Chemax DNP-150/50; Chemax NP-1.5; Chemax NP-4; Chemax NP-6; Chemax NP-9; Chemax NP-10; Chemax OP-10; Chemax OP-30/70; Nonoxynol-15; Nonyl nonoxynol-8; Nonyl nonoxynol-18; Pluracol® E400 NF; Pluracol® E600 NF; Pluracol® E1450; Pluracol® E2000; Pluracol® E4500; Pluracol® E8000; PVM/MA copolymer; Tergitol® 15-S-7; Tergitol® 15-S-9; Tergitol® 15-S-12 coupling agent, paper deinking
- Triton® XL-80N

- coupling agent, papermaking Triton® X-15; Triton® X-35 coupling agent, polyamide-paraffin Advawax[®] 240; Advawax[®] 280 coupling agent, polymerization Sorbitan sesquioleate; Sorbitan stearate coupling agent, pulp/paper Glypax 200; Glypax 400; Glypax 600; Glypax 1000; Glypax 3000; Glypax 4000; Glypax 6000; Isodeceth-6 phosphate; Oleyl alcohol; Sipophos DA-6P coupling agent, pulping Pilot® SXS-40 coupling agent, water treatment Tergitol[®] 15-S-7; Tergitol[®] 15-S-9; Tergitol[®] 15-S-12; Triton[®] XL-80N creping aid, handtowel crepe Cartaflex[®] RW Liq. creping aid, tissue Cartaflex® RW Liq ; Crepetrol® creping aid, tissue paper ProSoft™ creping aid, towel Crepetrol® creping aid, Yankee dryers Unicrepe® 315D54; Unicrepe® 457T20; Unicrepe® C77 crosslinking agent Acrylamide; Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer; Ageflex FA-1; Ageflex FA-2; Ammonium persulfate; Beetle® 216-8; Beetle® 227-8; Beetle® 1032-10; Beetle® 1047; Beetle® 1050; Curesan[™] 199; Curesan[™] 200; Cymel[®] 245-8; Cymel[®] 247-10; Cymel[®] 248-8; Cymel[®] 255-10; Cymel® 1158; Diethylaminoethyl acrylate; Épiol NPG-100; Epiol TMP-100; Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate; Hexamethylenetetramine; Melamine-formaldehyde resin, butylated; Melmac® 243-3; Polyamide/ epichlorohydrin polymer; Polyamidoamine; Polyquaternium-5; Triisopropanolamine; Urea/ formaldehyde resin, isobutylated; Zirconium acetate crosslinking agent, ABS Ageflex EGDMA; Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate crosslinking agent, binders: paper Cartabond® TSI Liq. crosslinking agent, board coatings Synthro®-Stab Z crosslinking agent, board sticking applics. Synthro®-Stab Z
 - crosslinking agent, calender stack water box treatments Eldorado PA-500
 - crosslinking agent, carboxylated SBR latexes Polycup® 172; Polycup® 1884
 - crosslinking agent, carboxymethyl cellulose Polycup® 172; Polycup® 1884
 - crosslinking agent, cellulose fiber Acrolein
 - crosslinking agent, cellulose resins Hexamethoxymethylmelamine

 - crosslinking agent, coatings Bisomer PEG 200DMA; 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate; Melamine-formaldehyde resin; PEG-4 dimethacrylate; Pentaerythrityl tetraacrylate; Pentaerythrityl triacrylate; Polyacrylamide; SR 209; 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane triacrylate; Ureaformaldehyde resin, methylated
 - crosslinking agent, fast-curing finishes Melamine-formaldehyde resin, isobutylated
 - crosslinking agent, fiber Bisomer PEG 200DMA; PEG-4 dimethacrylate; SR 209
 - crosslinking agent, high-solids pigmented coatings
 - Eldorado PA-500
 - crosslinking agent, moisture barrier films Ageflex EGDMA
 - crosslinking agent, paper

PEG-4 dimethacrylate; SR 209 crosslinking agent, paper coatings Cymel[®] 300; Eldorado PA-500; Resimene[®] 717; Resimene[®] 730; Resimene[®] 735; Resimene[®] 745; Resimene® 747; Resimene® 757; Resimene® 797; Resimene® 7111; Resimene® 7112; Resimene® AQ-1616; Resimene® AQ-7550; Resimene® BM-5901; Resimene® CE-6517; Resimene® HM-2608; Resimene® U-901; Resimene[®] U-918; Resimene[®] U-920; Resimene® U-933; Resimene® U-970; Resimene® U-975; Resimene® U-980; SR 295; SR 444; SR 494; SR 9041; Synthro®-Stab Z crosslinking agent, paper sticking Synthro®-Stab Z crosslinking agent, paper waterproofing Formaldehvde crosslinking agent, paperboard coatings Eldorado PA-500; Resimene® AQ-1616 crosslinking agent, papermaking aids Ageflex EGDMA crosslinking agent, pigmented size presses Eldorado PA-500 crosslinking agent, plastisols Bisomer PEG 200DMA; PEG-4 dimethacrylate; SR 209 crosslinking agent, polymer systems Tris [1-(2-methyl-aziridinyl) phosphine oxide] crosslinking agent, polymerization: paper/ paperboard protein, aq./fatty/dry foodcontact Hexamethylenetetramine crosslinking agent, polymerization: paper/ paperboard, dry food-contact Tetraethylenepentamine; Triethylenetetramine crosslinking agent, polymers: water-sol. Polycup® 172; Polycup® 1884 crosslinking agent, polysulfide polymer/ polyepoxy resins: food-contact Paraffin, chlorinated crosslinking agent, PVA Polycup® 172; Polycup® 1884 crosslinking agent, PVC Ageflex EĞDMA; Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate crosslinking agent, radiation-cured coatings PEG-4 diacrylate crosslinking agent, resins Di-t-butyl peroxide crosslinking agent, starch Adipic acid; Epichlorohydrin; Pentasodium triphosphate crosslinking agent, thermosetting surface coatings Melamine-formaldehyde resin, methylated; Melamine-formaldehyde resin, methylatedbutylated crosslinking agent, unsaturated polyester resins Cumene hydroperoxide crosslinking agent, vinyl acetate/acrylic resins Glvoxal crosslinking agent, water treatment Polyacrylamide crosslinking agent, wax emulsification Borax crosslinking coactivator, peroxide Diallyl phthalate crosslinking monomer, papermaking Bisomer EĞDMA crosslinking monomer, surface coatings Bisomer EGDMA crystal growth modifier, papermaking Eldorado WT-30 cups Parvan® 131; Parvan® 137 cups, paper Polyset® 2015 cure improver, pigmented systems Dipentaerythrityl pentaacrylate

treatment

curing agent Dipentaerythrityl pentaacrylate; Isobornyl acrylate; Nonylphenol; Paraformaldehyde; PEG-8 diacrylate; PEG-3 trimethylolpropane triacrylate curing agent, adhesive paper Epoxy acrylate curing agent, epoxies Bis(aminopropyl) piperazine; Dicyandiamide; Dimethylethanolamine; Dodecenylsuccinic anhydride; Ethylenediamine; Polyamide curing agent, epoxy resins Bis-hexamethylenetriamine; Hexadecenyl succinic anhydride; Octadecenyl succinic anhydride; Triethylenetetramine curing agent, epoxy: hardener Diethylenetriamine curing agent, paper clear coatings Epoxy acrylate curing agent, paper coatings Basocoll® OV; Modacure® Resin; SR 344; SR 351; SR 395; SR 454; SR 506 curing agent, polyester Phenylethylethanolamine curing agent, polyester resins Phenylethylethanolamine curing agent, polyethylene coatings Epoxy acrylate curing agent, polymers DL-Diepoxybutane curing agent, PU Dimethylethanolamine curing agent, PU resins: food-contact Triethanolamine; Triisopropanolamine curing agent, R.T. epoxy: coatings Ancamine® 1916 curing agent, R.T. epoxy: food pkg. coatings Ancamine® 1916 curing agent, R.T. epoxy: paper/paperboard Ancamine® 1916 curing agent, R.T.: protective coating systems, two-pkg. Tetraethylenepentamine curing agent, resins Di-t-butyl peroxide; Diethylaminoethanol curing agent, two-pkg. protective coatings Diethylenetriamine curing agent, unsaturated polyester resins Cumene hydroperoxide curing catalyst/accelerator, coatings Butyl acid phosphate curing catalyst/accelerator, resins Butyl acid phosphate curl control agent, paper at calender Aqualon® CMC-T curl control agent, paper at size presses Aqualon® CMC-T deaerating agent, alkaline papermaking Eldorado DEF-795 deaerating agent, chemical pulp Afranil® SLC deaerating agent, coating colors Etingal® L deaerating agent, effluent treating plants Agitan® 63 deaerating agent, liq. stock: board Afranil® I deaerating agent, liq. stock: fibrous materials Afranil® | deaerating agent, liq. stock: paper Afranil® F deaerating agent, paper Agitan® 634 deaerating agent, paper coatings Antispumin deaerating agent, paper stock Afranil® MG; Afranil® SLO; Eldorado DEF-795 deaerating agent, paper/board Agitan® 960-R deaerating agent, paper: food-contact

Agitan[®] 960-R; Eldorado DEF-795 deaerating agent, pigment slurries Etingal® L deaerating agent, pulp Agitan[®] 634; Antispumin[®] deaerating agent, pulp prod. Agitan[®] VP 4/180 deaerating agent, pulp/paper Agitan® 92-N; Agitan® 94-N deaerating agent, strong alkaline systems Agitan® 960-R deaerating agent, surface sizing preps. Etingal® L deaerating agent, wastewater clarification Antispumin deaerating agent, wastewater treatment Agitan® 960-R deaerating agent, wastewater/effluent treatment Agitan® 92-N; Agitan® 94-N deaerating agent, wet-end paper Moussex[®] 9101 GE de-air entrainment aid, aq. coatings Surfynol® DF-110D; Surfynol® DF-110L de-air entrainment aid, emulsion polymerization Surfynol® DF-110D; Surfynol® DF-110L de-air entrainment aid, highly pigmented systems: paper coatings Surfynol® DF-110D; Surfynol® DF-110L de-air entrainment aid, PVC Surfynol® DF-110D; Surfynol® DF-110L debonding agent Hartosoft™ 333CP debonding agent, fluff pulp Berocell® 509; Berocell® 509HA; Berocell® 582; Berocell® 584; Berocell® 587K; Berocell® 614 debonding agent, paper Hartosoft™ 85S debonding agent, pulp: disposable diapers AMV 100 debonding agent, pulp: facial tissue AMV 100 AMV 100 debonding agent, recycled fiber systems ReChem® Ablupol PD100; Ablusol PD100; ProSoft™ dechlorinating agent, air treatment Carbon, activated Sulfur dioxide Sodium bisulfite Drew[™] 6123 Sulfur dioxide dechlorinating agent, waste treatment Ammonium thiosulfate dechlorinating agent, wastewater treatment Carbon, activated dechlorinating agent, water treatment Carbon, activated; Sodium bisulfite; Sulfur dioxide Bentonite; Bone black; Dialkyl dimethyl ammonium chloride; Dimethylamine/ epichlorohydrin copolymer, Śilica Carbon, activated Agefloc B50LV decolorizer, papermaking water treatment

Agefloc B4508P decolorizer, raw/in-process water: paper Agefloc A4506; Agefloc A4510 decolorizer, resin Phosphonic acid decolorizer, wastewater treatment Carbon, activated decolorizer, water treatment Carbon, activated; Diatomaceous earth deduster DeIONIC OPE-10: DeIONIC OPE-12: Dodoxvnol-10; Octoxynol-13; Pluronic® 17R2 deduster, paper Nonionic 1044-L; Nonionic 1061-L; Nonionic 1062-L; Nonionic 1064-L; Nonionic 1068-F; Nonionic 1088-F deduster, papermaking Poly-Tergent® P-32A deduster, pulp/paper Nonionic 1035-L defibering agent, stock: pulping Eldorado DIC-100 defibering agent, wet-strengthened paper Bekaperg 67 defibering agent, wet-strengthened waste paper Bekaperg 203; Bekaperg 825; Bekaperg 830 deflocculant Darvan® 811; Dequest® 2006; Diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonic acid; Empiphos STP; Empiphos STP/1L; Empiphos STP/1P; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/D; Empiphos STP/D16; Empiphos STP/DMST; Empiphos STP/E; Empiphos STP/L16; Empiphos STP/M; Empiphos STP/EIG, Empiphos STP/M; Empiphos STP/MST; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/P; Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate deflocculant, calcium carbonate Polysodium vinyl sulfonate deflocculant, carbonless copy paper Alpha-Cel deflocculant, clay slurries: paper coatings Daxad® 37LN7 deflocculant, coatings Polysodium vinyl sulfonate deflocculant, cooling water treatment Hexasodium diethylenetriaminepenta (methylenephosphonate); Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate; Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate) deflocculant, deinking Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate) deflocculant, paper Dequest® 2000; Dequest® 2010; Dequest® 2054; Dequest® 2066; Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate; Pentasodium triphosphate; Sodium hexametaphosphate; Tetrasodium pyrophosphate deflocculant, paper coatings Daxad® 37LN10-35; Polysodium vinyl sulfonate deflocculant, paper stock deinking D® Sodium Silicate; K® Sodium Silicate; N® Clear Sodium Silicate; N® Sodium Silicate; O® Sodium Silicate; Star® Sodium Silicate; Stixso® RR deflocculant, papermaking Eldorado WT-30 deflocculant, peroxide bleach stabilization Hexasodium diethylenetriaminepenta (methylenephosphonate) deflocculant, pigment slurries Gradol 400; Polysodium vinyl sulfonate deflocculant, pigments Daxad® 37LN10-35

- Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate
- deflocculant, pulp bleach stabilization

debonding agent, pulp: toweling debonding agent, tissue paper debonding inhibitor, fluff pulp Berocell® 569 dechlorinating agent, effluent dechlorinating agent, paper dechlorinating agent, pulp mills dechlorinating agent, sewage decolorizer decolorizer, air treatment decolorizer, paper Agefloc B4508P decolorizer, process effluent Agequat C1405; Agequat C3204 decolorizer, raw water: papermaking water

Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene

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curing agent Dipentaerythrityl pentaacrylate; Isobornyl acrylate; Nonylphenol; Paraformaldehyde; PEG-8 diacrylate; PEG-3 trimethylolpropane triacrylate curing agent, adhesive paper Epoxy acrylate curing agent, epoxies Bis(aminopropyl) piperazine; Dicyandiamide; Dimethylethanolamine; Dodecenylsuccinic anhydride; Ethylenediamine; Polyamide curing agent, epoxy resins Bis-hexamethylenetriamine; Hexadecenyl succinic anhydride; Octadecenyl succinic anhydride; Triethylenetetramine curing agent, epoxy: hardener Diethylenetriamine curing agent, paper clear coatings Epoxy acrylate curing agent, paper coatings Basocoll® OV; Modacure® Resin; SR 344; SR 351; SR 395; SR 454; SR 506 curing agent, polyester Phenylethylethanolamine curing agent, polyester resins Phenylethylethanolamine curing agent, polyethylene coatings Epoxy acrylate curing agent, polymers DL-Diepoxybutane curing agent, PU Dimethylethanolamine curing agent, PU resins: food-contact Triethanolamine; Triisopropanolamine curing agent, R.T. epoxy: coatings Ancamine® 1916 curing agent, R.T. epoxy: food pkg. coatings Ancamine® 1916 curing agent, R.T. epoxy: paper/paperboard Ancamine® 1916 curing agent, R.T.: protective coating systems, two-pkg. Tetraethylenepentamine curing agent, resins Di-t-butyl peroxide; Diethylaminoethanol curing agent, two-pkg. protective coatings Diethylenetriamine curing agent, unsaturated polyester resins Cumene hydroperoxide curing catalyst/accelerator, coatings Butyl acid phosphate curing catalyst/accelerator, resins Butyl acid phosphate curl control agent, paper at calender Aqualon® CMC-T curl control agent, paper at size presses Aqualon® CMC-T deaerating agent, alkaline papermaking Eldorado DEF-795 deaerating agent, chemical pulp Afranil® SLC deaerating agent, coating colors Etingal® L deaerating agent, effluent treating plants Agitan® 63 deaerating agent, liq. stock: board Afranil® I deaerating agent, liq. stock: fibrous materials Afranil® | deaerating agent, liq. stock: paper Afranil® F deaerating agent, paper Agitan[®] 634 deaerating agent, paper coatings Antispumin deaerating agent, paper stock Afranil® MG; Afranil® SLO; Eldorado DEF-795 deaerating agent, paper/board Agitan® 960-R deaerating agent, paper: food-contact

Agitan[®] 960-R; Eldorado DEF-795 deaerating agent, pigment slurries Etingal® L deaerating agent, pulp Agitan[®] 634; Antispumin[®] deaerating agent, pulp prod. Agitan[®] VP 4/180 deaerating agent, pulp/paper Agitan® 92-N; Agitan® 94-N deaerating agent, strong alkaline systems Agitan® 960-R deaerating agent, surface sizing preps. Etingal[®] L deaerating agent, wastewater clarification Antispumin deaerating agent, wastewater treatment Agitan® 960-R deaerating agent, wastewater/effluent treatment Agitan® 92-N; Agitan® 94-N deaerating agent, wet-end paper Moussex[®] 9101 GE de-air entrainment aid, aq. coatings Surfynol® DF-110D; Surfynol® DF-110L de-air entrainment aid, emulsion polymerization Surfynol® DF-110D; Surfynol® DF-110L de-air entrainment aid, highly pigmented systems: paper coatings Surfynol® DF-110D; Surfynol® DF-110L de-air entrainment aid, PVC Surfynol® DF-110D; Surfynol® DF-110L debonding agent Hartosoft™ 333CP debonding agent, fluff pulp Berocell® 509; Berocell® 509HA; Berocell® 582; Berocell® 584; Berocell® 587K; Berocell® 614 debonding agent, paper Hartosoft™ 85S debonding agent, pulp: disposable diapers AMV 100 debonding agent, pulp: facial tissue AMV 100 debonding agent, pulp: toweling AMV 100 debonding agent, recycled fiber systems ReChem® debonding agent, tissue paper Ablupol PD100; Ablusol PD100; ProSoft™ debonding inhibitor, fluff pulp Berocell® 569 dechlorinating agent, air treatment Carbon, activated dechlorinating agent, effluent Sulfur dioxide dechlorinating agent, paper Sodium bisulfite dechlorinating agent, pulp mills Drew[™] 6123 dechlorinating agent, sewage Sulfur dioxide dechlorinating agent, waste treatment Ammonium thiosulfate dechlorinating agent, wastewater treatment Carbon, activated dechlorinating agent, water treatment Carbon, activated; Sodium bisulfite; Sulfur dioxide decolorizer Bentonite; Bone black; Dialkyl dimethyl ammonium chloride; Dimethylamine/ epichlorohydrin copolymer, Śilica decolorizer, air treatment Carbon, activated decolorizer, paper Agefloc B50LV decolorizer, papermaking water treatment Agefloc B4508P decolorizer, process effluent Agequat C1405; Agequat C3204

decolorizer, raw water: papermaking water

treatment Agefloc B4508P decolorizer, raw/in-process water: paper Agefloc A4506; Agefloc A4510 decolorizer, resin Phosphonic acid decolorizer, wastewater treatment Carbon, activated decolorizer, water treatment Carbon, activated; Diatomaceous earth deduster DeIONIC OPE-10: DeIONIC OPE-12: Dodoxvnol-10; Octoxynol-13; Pluronic® 17R2 deduster, paper Nonionic 1044-L; Nonionic 1061-L; Nonionic 1062-L; Nonionic 1064-L; Nonionic 1068-F; Nonionic 1088-F deduster, papermaking Poly-Tergent® P-32A deduster, pulp/paper Nonionic 1035-L defibering agent, stock: pulping Eldorado DIC-100 defibering agent, wet-strengthened paper Bekaperg 67 defibering agent, wet-strengthened waste paper Bekaperg 203; Bekaperg 825; Bekaperg 830 deflocculant Darvan® 811; Dequest® 2006; Diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonic acid; Empiphos STP; Empiphos STP/1L; Empiphos STP/1P; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/D; Empiphos STP/D16; Empiphos STP/DMST; Empiphos STP/E; Empiphos STP/L16; Empiphos STP/M; Empiphos STP/L16; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/MST; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/P; Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate deflocculant, calcium carbonate Polysodium vinyl sulfonate deflocculant, carbonless copy paper Alpha-Cel deflocculant, clay slurries: paper coatings Daxad® 37LN7 deflocculant, coatings Polysodium vinyl sulfonate deflocculant, cooling water treatment Hexasodium diethylenetriaminepenta (methylenephosphonate); Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate; Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate) deflocculant, deinking Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate) deflocculant, paper Dequest® 2000; Dequest® 2010; Dequest® 2054; Dequest® 2066; Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate; Pentasodium triphosphate; Sodium hexametaphosphate; Tetrasodium pyrophosphate deflocculant, paper coatings Daxad® 37LN10-35; Polysodium vinyl sulfonate deflocculant, paper stock deinking D® Sodium Silicate; K® Sodium Silicate; N® Clear Sodium Silicate; N® Sodium Silicate; O® Sodium Silicate; Star® Sodium Silicate; Stixso® RR deflocculant, papermaking Eldorado WT-30 deflocculant, peroxide bleach stabilization Hexasodium diethylenetriaminepenta (methylenephosphonate) deflocculant, pigment slurries Gradol 400; Polysodium vinyl sulfonate deflocculant, pigments Daxad® 37LN10-35 deflocculant, process waters Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate deflocculant, pulp bleach stabilization

Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene

phosphonate)

deflocculant, pulp/paper bleaching Dequest® 2000LC

deflocculant, pulp/paper chems.

Aquacid-105 EX; Aquacid-106 EX; Aquacid-108 EX; Aquacid-109 EX deflocculant, water treatment

Aquacid-105 EX; Aquacid-106 EX; Aquacid-108 EX; Aquacid-109 EX; *Potassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate); Tetrasodium etidronate*

defoamer

A-C® 6A; A-C® 7; A-C® 7A; A-C® 8; A-C® 9, 9A, 9F; A-C[®] 15; A-C[®] 16; A-C[®] 316; A-C[®] 316A; A-C[®] 405(T); A-C[®] 540A; Afranil[®] SLO; Alfol® 22+; Bubreak® 448; Caprylic acid; Ceteth-20; Chemax DFO-155; Chemax DFO-199M; DeWET SDO-70PG; 2-Ethylhexanol; Foamaster® 111; Foamkill® 618; Foamkill® 830; Kemamide® W-20; Kemamide® W-39; Kemamide® W-40; Kemamide® W-45; Mazu® DF 230SX; Multiflow[®] Resin; Nonoxynol; Nonoxynol-1; Nonoxynol-2; Nonoxynol-3; Nonoxynol-4; Nonoxynol-5; Nonoxynol-8; Nonoxynol-9; Nonoxynol-10; Nonoxynol-11; Nonoxynol-12; Nonoxynol-13; Nonoxynol-14; Nonoxynol-18; Nonoxynol-20; Nonoxynol-23; Nonoxynol-25; Nonoxynol-30; Nonoxynol-40; Nonoxynol-50; Nonoxynol-60; Nonoxynol-70; Nonoxynol-100; Palmitic acid; Patcote® 806; Patcote® 814; PEG-4; PEG-6; PEG-8; PEG-9; PEG-12; PEG-14; PEG-16; PEG-20; PEG-32; PEG-40; PEG-75; PEG-100; PEG-150; PEG-200; PEG-4 dicocoate; PEG-8 ditallate; PEG-12 ditallate; PEG-4 laurate; PEG-4M; PEG-8 sesquioleate; PEG tetramethyl decynediol; PEG-10 tetramethyl decynediol; Pluronic® 17R2; Poloxamer 101; Poloxamer 105; Poloxamer 108; Poloxamer 122; Poloxamer 124: Poloxamer 181: Poloxamer 182: Poloxamer 185; Poloxamer 188; Poloxamer 212; Poloxamer 215; Poloxamer 231; Poloxamer 234; Poloxamer 235; Poloxamer 237; Poloxamer 238; Poloxamer 282; Poloxamer 284; Poloxamer 288; Poloxamer 331; Poloxamer 333; Poloxamer 334; Poloxamer 335; Poloxamer 338; Poloxamer 401; Poloxamer 402; Poloxamer 403; Poloxamer 407; Polypropylene glycol; PPG-20; PPG-26; PPG-30; PPG-5-buteth-7; PPG-12buteth-16; PPG-28-buteth-35; PPG-33-buteth-45; Propylene glycol dicaprylate/dicaprate; Propylene glycol laurate; Rheolate® 2001; *Silica*; Silicone Antifoam Agent S 203; Surfonic® LF-17; *Tallow alcohol*; T-Det® C-40; TEGO® Foamex 815; TEGO® Foamex 825; TEGO® Foamex 835; Ucon® LB-285; Ucon® LB-385; Ucon® LB-525; Ucon® LB-625; Ucon® LB-1145; Ucon® LB-1715; Ucon® LB-3000 defoamer booster TEGOPREN® 5803; TEGOPREN® 5863 defoamer component, paper Crisanol FA-260; Crisanol FA-660 defoamer component, paperboard Crisanol FA-260; Crisanol FA-660 defoamer emulsions Chemax DF-100 defoamer, acid media Agitan[®] 290 defoamer, acid papermaking operations Advantage® 494 defoamer, acid papermaking systems Advantage® 5 Defoamer; Advantage® 6 Defoamer; Advantage® 7EH Defoamer; Advantage® 388 Defoamer; Hercules® 4 Defoamer defoamer, acid system coating colors Agitan[®] 285

defoamer, acid-catalyzed systems Agitan® 731

FoamBrake[™] 1697 defoamer, alkaline papermaking systems Advantage[®] 5 Defoamer; Advantage[®] 6 Defoamer; Advantage® 7EH Defoamer; Advantage® 388 Defoamer; Advantage® 494; Eldorado DEF-795; Hercules® 4 Defoamer defoamer, amide/silica brownstock: hardwood Hi-Mar DFP-405 defoamer, amide/silica brownstock: paper machine applics., high temp. linerboard Hi-Mar DFP-201 defoamer, amide/silica brownstock: softwood Hi-Mar DFP-405 defoamer, animal glues: food-contact Drewplus® L-474 defoamer, aq. coatings Agitan® 218; Bubreak® 454C; Bubreak® 4400; Bubreak® 4419; PEG-5 laurate; PEG-1.3 tetramethyl decynediol; PEG-30 tetramethyl decynediol; Surfynol® 465; Surfynol® DF-110D; Surfynol® DF-110L; Surfynol® DF-695; TEGO® Foamex 1495; Troykyd® USM DP336 defoamer, aq. epoxy resins Agitan® 260 defoamer, aq. foaming systems Advantage® 388 Defoamer; Advantage® 494 defoamer, aq. industrial systems AF 60 defoamer, aq. paper coating colors Geo FM® VF defoamer, aq. paper coatings Bubble Breaker® 259, 260, 613-M, 622, 730, 737, 746, 748, 900, 913, 917 defoamer, aq. pulp mill screen: sulfate pulps CNC Defoamer 30 Series defoamer, aq. pulp mill screen: sulfite pulps CNC Defoamer 30 Series defoamer, aq. resins Troykyd® D55 defoamer, aq. slurries Alfol® 20+ defoamer, aq. systems Agitan[®] 281; Colloid[™] 60; Colloid[™] 796; Colloid[™] 999; DK-100 Nonsilicone Defoamer; DK-230 Nonsilicone Defoamer; Drewplus® L-419; Drewplus® L-768; Foamkill® 639; Foamkill® 649; Foamkill® 836B; GP-262 Defoamer; GP-295 Defoamer; Pluronic® P-2000; Silicone Antifoam Agent S 204; Surfynol® 104A; Surfynol® 104NP; Surfynol® DF-70; Surfynol[®] DF-75; Tergitol[®] 15-S-3; Tergitol[®] 15-S-5; Tergitol® TMN-3; Trans-10; Trans-20; Trans-30 defoamer, aq.: food container liner CNC Defoamer 69 defoamer, aq.: food pkg. coatings CNC Defoamer 69 defoamer, aq.: min.-filled paper coatings CNC Defoamer 69 defoamer, aq.: paper CNC Defoamer 69 defoamer, aq.: paper mill effluents CNC Defoamer 67 defoamer, aq.: paper mill waste treatment systems CNC Defoamer 59 defoamer, aq.: paperboard CNC Defoamer 69 defoamer, aq.: paperboard mill effluents CNC Defoamer 67 defoamer, aq.: pigment-filled paper coatings CNC Defoamer 69

defoamer, alkaline paper machine systems

defoamer, aq.: pulp/paper mill effluents CNC Defoamer 141

defoamer, aq.: waste treatment systems CNC Defoamer 59

- defoamer, B/S
- Drewplus® Y-601
- defoamer, bleach plant applics.

defoamer, bleaching Hi-Mar DFP-213 defoamer, board Afranil® F; PD-25; PD-28 defoamer, boil-out treatments CNC Defoamer 403A defoamer, brownstock Hi-Mar DFP-203 defoamer, brownstock screening CNC Defoamer 28: CNC Defoamer 226 defoamer, brownstock washer drainage: paper CNC Defoamer 1037; CNC Defoamer 1066; CNC Defoamer 1090 defoamer, brownstock washing CA 1124XD; CNC Defoamer 28; CNC Defoamer 226; FL 1124DD; FL 1124XD; MA 1124B; QEMI BSW 8131; QEMI BSW 8133; SM 1124XD defoamer, brownstock: bleach plants AU 122; Batch Defoamer 111; CS 116; FL 112A; GT 122; Kamyr Defoamer 121; MA 115H; RC 503 defoamer, brownstock: deckers Hi-Mar DFP-411 defoamer, brownstock: hardwood DM-1735-D; DM-2184; Hi-Mar DFP-401; Hi-Mar DFP-403; Hi-Mar DFP-411; Hi-Mar DFP-413 defoamer, brownstock: kraft washing AU 122; Batch Defoamer 111; CS 116; FL 112A; GT 122; Kamyr Defoamer 121; MA 115H; RC 503 defoamer, brownstock: pulp/paper Mazu® DF 255 defoamer, brownstock: screen room operations AU 122; Batch Defoamer 111; CS 116; FL 112A; GT 122; Kamyr Defoamer 121; MA 115H; RC 503 defoamer, brownstock: semi-chemical pulp washing AU 122; Batch Defoamer 111; CS 116; FL 112A; GT 122; Kamyr Defoamer 121; MA 115H; RC 503 defoamer, brownstock: softwood DM-1735-D; DM-2184; Hi-Mar DFP-401; Hi-Mar DFP-403; Hi-Mar DFP-411; Hi-Mar DFP-413 defoamer, brownstock: sulfite washing AU 122; Batch Defoamer 111; CS 116; FL 112A; GT 122; Kamyr Defoamer 121; MA 115H; RC 503 defoamer, brownstock: washing AU 122; Batch Defoamer 111; CŠ 116; FL 112A; GT 122; Kamyr Defoamer 121; MA 115H; RC 503 defoamer, calender boxes Geo FM® VFS defoamer, calender press sol'ns. Advantage® 494 defoamer, casein/protein-based coatings Colloid™ 929 defoamer, casein-based coatings Colloid™ 797 defoamer, caustic treatment Foamkill® CMP defoamer, cellulosics Colloid™ 985; Colloid™ 999 defoamer, chemical pulp Afranil[®] SLO defoamer, clay CNC Defoamer 97 defoamer, clear coatings Colloid™ 999 defoamer, clear coats Colloid™ 646 defoamer, coating applics. FoamBrake[™] 1697 defoamer, coating colors Agitan® 217; Agitan® 281; Agitan® 301; Etingal® A; Etingal[®] L; Etingal[®] S

CA 1124XD; FL 1124DD; FL 1124XD; MA 1124B;

SM 1124XD

defoamer, coating colors: folding boxboard Agitan® 731; Agitan® 760 defoamer, coating colors: paper Agitan® 218; Agitan® 232; Agitan® 260; Agitan® 280; Agitan® 305; Agitan® 380; Agitan® 620; Agitan[®] 650; Agitan[®] 760 defoamer, coating colors: self-copying paper Agitan® 655 defoamer, coating systems QEMI MDF 8023 defoamer, coating: pulp/paper Mazu® DF 204 defoamer, coatings Advantage[®] 136Z Defoamer; Colloid[™] 985; Colloid[™] 991; DK-100 Nonsilicone Defoamer; DK-230 Nonsilicone Defoamer; Dow Corning® 163 Additive; Drewplus® L-108; Drewplus® L-175; Drewplus® L-768; Foamaster® PL; Foam Blast 240; Foamkill® 639; Foamkill® 649; Foamkill® 836B; Pegosperse® 600 DOT; PEG-12 tallate; Penreco 2251 Oil; Penreco 2257 Oil; Rexfoam 301-A; Silwet® L-7002 defoamer, coatings: food pkg. Agitan® 301 defoamer, coatings: food-contact A-C® 6; A-C® 325; A-C® 330; A-C® 392; A-C® 395, 395A; A-C® 400; A-C® 400A; A-C® 405(M); A-C[®] 405(S); A-C[®] 430; A-C[®] 580; A-C® 617; A-C® 617A; A-C® 629; A-C® 629A; A-C® 655; A-C® 656; A-C® 680; A-C® 712; A-C® 715; A-C® 725; A-C® 735; A-C® 5120; A-C® 5180; Acrylates/C10-30 alkyl acrylate crosspolymer; Advantage® 10 Defoamer; Advantage® 136Z Defoamer; AF 112; AF 585M; AF GN-11-P; AF HL-27; AF HL-40; AF HL-52; Alcohol; Aluminum myristates/ palmitates; Aluminum stearates; Ammonium oleate; Ammonium stearate; Ammonium tallow sulfate; Arcol® 11-34; Arcol® PPG-425; Arcol® PPG-725: Arcol® PPG-1025: Arcol® PPG-2025: Arcol® PPG-3025; Bubreak® 454C; Bubreak® 4419; Busan® 90; Butyl stearate; Cab-O-Sil® EH-5; Cab-O-Sil® H-5; Cab-O-Sil® HS-5; Cab-O-Sil® L-90; Cab-O-Sil® LM-130; Cab-O-Sil® LM-150; Cab-O-Sil® LM-150D; Cab-O-Sil® M-5; Cab-O-Sil® M-5P; Cab-O-Sil® M-7D; Cab-O-Sil® MS-75D; Cab-O-Sil® PTG; Carbomer; Carbopol® 907; Carbopol® 910; Carbopol® 934; Carbopol® 934P; Carbopol® 940; Carbopol[®] 941; Carbopol[®] 971P; Carbopol[®] 974P; Carbopol® 980; Carbopol® 981; Carbopol® 1342; Carbopol® 1382; Carbopol® 2984; Carbopol® 5984; Carbopol® ETD 2001; Carbopol® ETD 2020; Carbopol® ETD 2050; Ceteareth; p-Chloro-m-cresol; Colloid™ 60; Colloid[™] 581B; Colloid[™] 643; Colloid[™] 646; Colloid[™] 677; Colloid[™] 679; Colloid[™] 680; Colloid[™] 681F; Colloid[™] 685; Colloid[™] 796; Colloid[™] 797; Colloid[™] 929; Colloid[™] 962; ColloidTM 991; ColloidTM 999; C10-12 pareth-3; C10-12 pareth-6; C10-12 pareth-8; C12-14 pareth-1; C12-14 pareth-3; C12-14 pareth-4; C12-14 pareth-4; C12-14 pareth-7; C12-14 pareth-8; C12-14 pareth-11; C14-16 pareth-7; Cyclohexanol; Dapro® DF 1161; Dapro® DF 2162; Dapro® DF 3163; Dapro® DF 4164; Dapro® DF 5165; DeMULS SMS: Deodorized kerosene: DeTHOX ACID O-9; DeTHOX ACID O-14; DeTHOX ACID O-16; DeTHOX ACID S-8; DeTHOX TDA-6; DeTHOX TDA-15; Dilinoleic acid; Dimethicone; Dipropylene glycol; Dow EP530; Dow P1000TB; Dow P1200; Dow P2000; Drewplus® L-131; Drewplus® L-139; Drewplus® L-140; Drewplus® L-175; Drewplus® L-191; Drewplus® L-198; Drewplus® L-419; Drewplus® L-424; Drewplus® L-435; Drewplus® L-466; Drewplus® L-477; Drewplus® L-493; Drewplus® L-496; Drewplus® L-523; Drewplus® L-768; Drewplus® T-4202; Drewplus® Y-125;

Drewplus® Y-250; Drewplus® Y-281; Dymsol® 2031; Dymsol® B; Empol® 1004; Empol® 1007; Empol® 1008; Empol® 1016; Empol® 1018; Empol® 1020; Empol® 1022; Empol® 1024; Empol® 1026; Epolene® C-10; Epolene® C-13; Epolene® C-14; Epolene® C-15; Epolene® C-17; Epolene® N-10; Epolene® N-11; Epolene® N-14; Epolene® N-20; Epolene® N-21; Epolene® N-34; Foamaster® 111; Foamaster® AP; Foamaster® JMY; Foamaster® NS-1; Foamaster® S; Foamaster® VC: Foam Blast 240: Foam Blast 433FW: Foam Blast 441; Foam Blast 476; Foamkill® MSF Conc.; Glyceryl hydroxystearate; Good-Rite® K-739 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-759 Polymer; Good-Řite® K-7028N Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7058D Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7058N Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7600N Polymer; GP-295 Defoamer; Hexylene glycol; Hydrogenated tallow acid; Hydroxylated lecithin; Isobutyl alcohol; Isopropyl alcohol; Kerosene; Leukonöl LBA-2; Light petroleum hydrocarbons, odorless; Loxiol® HOB 7169; Magnesium cocoate; Menhaden oil; Methyl alcohol; Methyl caprylate; Methyl caprylate/caprate; Methylcellulose; Methyl laurate; Methyl myristate; Methyl stearate; Microcrystalline wax; Mineral oil; Myristyl alcohol; Naphtha; Nonoxynol-55; Nonoxynol-70; Nonyl nonoxynol-7; Nonyl nonoxynol-8; Nonyl nonoxynol-10; Nonyl nonoxynol-150; Nonylphenol; Nopco® NDW; Oleth-8; Oleth-12; Óleth-15; Oleth-20; Oleth-23; Oleth-25; Oleth-40; Oleth-50; Ombrelub® CD; Pamolyn[®] 200; Pamolyn[®] 240; Patcote[®] 801; Patcote® 814; Patcote® 8060; PEG-8 cocoate; PEG-8 coconut oil esters; PEG-4 dilaurate; PEG-8 dioleate; PEG-12 dioleate; PEG-2 laurate; PEG-8 oleate; PEG-12 oleate; PEG-15 oleate; PEG/PPG-35/9 copolymer; PEG/PPG-125/30 copolymer, PEG-12 ricinoleate; PEG-15 rosinate; PEG-2 stearate; PEG-8 stearate; PEG-10 tetramethyl decynediol; PEG-30 tetramethyl decynediol; Petrolatum; Petroleum wax; Petrolite® C-7500; Petrolite® C-9500; Petrolite® E-1040; Petrolite® E-2020; Pine (Pinus palustris) oil; Poloxamer 181; Poloxamer 182; Poloxamer 217; Poloxamer 237; Poloxamer 338; Poloxamer 407; Polyethylene; Polyethylene, oxidized; Polywax® 500; Polywax® 600; Polywax® 655; Polywax® 850; Polywax® 1000; Polywax® 2000; Polywax[®] 3000; Polywet[®] ND-35; Polywet[®] WTC 6512; Polywet® Z1766; Potassium oleic sulfate; Potassium tallow sulfate; PPG-17; PPG-26; PPG-24 butyl ether, PPG-33 butyl ether, PPG-40 butyl ether, Propylene glycol soyate; Rosin; Rosin, polymerized; Sag 275D; Shamrock Neptune 5038; Shamrock Neptune I N1; Shamrock Neptune I SP5; Shamrock S-232 MG; Shamrock S-232 N1; Shamrock S-232 N5; Shamrock S-394 N1; Shamrock S-394 N5; Shamrock S-394 SP5; Shamrock S-395 N2; Shamrock S-395 N5; Shamrock S-395 SP5; Shamrock S-483; Shamrock S-Nauba 5021; Silica; Silica, amorphous; Silica, fumed; Silica, hydrated; Silicone Antifoam Agent S 203; Silicone Antifoam Agent S 204; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 21; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 23; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 25; Silicone emulsions; Sipernat® 22; Sipernat® 22S; Sipernat[®] 50; Sipernat[®] 50S; Slip-Ayd[®] SL 555; Sodium laurate; Sodium tallow sulfate; Stearyl alcohol; Sulfated castor oil; Sulfated mustardseed oil; Sulfated oleic acid; Sulfated ricebran oil; Sulfated sperm oil; Surfonic® DNP-70; Surfonic® DNP-80; Surfonic® DNP-100; Surfonic® DNP-1500; Surfonic® L12-3 Surfonic® L12-6; Surfonic® L12-8; Surfonic® L24-1.3; Surfonic® L24-3; Surfonic® L24-4; Surfonic® L24-7; Surfonic® L24-9; Surfonic®

L24-12; Surfonic® L46-7; Surfonic® L68-18; Surfonic® L610-3; Surfonic® L1270-2; Surfonic® L1285-2: Surfonic® N-10: Surfonic® N-31.5; Surfonic® N-40; Surfonic® N-60; Surfonic® N-85; Surfonic® N-95; Surfonic® N-100; Surfonic® N-102; Surfonic® N-120; Surfonic® N-150; Surfonic® N-200; Surfonic® N-300; Surfonic® N-400; Surfonic® N-550; Surfonic® N-700; Surfonic® N-1000; Surfonic® NB-307; Surfonic® NB-407; Surfonic® NB-557; Surfonic® OP-15; Surfonic® OP-35; Surfonic® OP-50: Surfonic[®] OP-70: Surfonic[®] OP-100: Surfonic® OP-120; Surfonic® OPB-407; Surfynol® 465; Surfynol® 485; Surfynol® DF-70; Surfynol® DF-75; Surfynol® DF-695; Surfynol[®] SE-F; SWS-101 Dimethyl Fluids; Sylvaros® R; Sylvatac® 80N; Sylvatac® 295; Sylvatac[®] 1085; Sylvatac[®] R85; Sylvatac[®] RX; *Tall oil acid*; *Tall oil glycerides*; *Tallow acid*; T-Det[®] EPO-104; Teric[™] N2; Teric[™] N4; Teric[™] N5; Teric[™] N6; Teric[™] N9; Teric[™] N10; Teric[™] N12; Teric[™] N13; Teric[™] N15; Teric[™] N20; Teric[™] N30; Trideceth-3; Trideceth-4; Trideceth-5; Trideceth-6; Trideceth-7; Trideceth-8; Trideceth-9; Trideceth-10; Trideceth-11; Trideceth-12; Trideceth-14; Trideceth-15; Trideceth-18; Triethanolamine; *Triisopropanolamine*; Ucon[®] 75-H-1400; Ucon[®] 75-H-9500; Ucon® 75-H-90000; Vista LPA; Vista LPA-142; Vista LPA-170; Zonester® 85 defoamer, coatings: paper/paperboard Crisanol FB-625; Crisanol FB-1715 defoamer, cold-stock systems Advantage® 91WW defoamer, cooling towers Foam Blast 240 defoamer, cooling water CNC Defoamer 403A defoamer, corrugated paper grades CNC Defoamer 28 defoamer, coters QEMI SSDF 8013 defoamer, deaeration on paper machines: food pkg. Eldorado DEF-731 defoamer, degassing Drewplus® L-139 defoamer, deinking FoamBrake™ SW-54 M 50 defoamer, deinking systems Advantage® 5 Defoamer; Advantage® 6 Defoamer; Advantage® 7EH Defoamer; Hercules[®] 4 Defoamer defoamer, deliming agents Agitan[®] 290 defoamer, dispersions Agitan® 305 defoamer, dyes Adekanate B-556; Norfox® C-75; Surfynol® 104E defoamer, dyestuffs Tetramethyl decynediol defoamer, effluent CA 1124XD; Colloid™ 797; FL 1124DD; FL 1124XD; Foam Blast 443; Foam Blast 476; Mazu® DF 255; PEG-4 dicocoate; Silicone; SM 1124XD defoamer, effluent treating plants Agitan® 633; Agitan® 634 defoamer, effluent treatment Advantage® M201 Defoamer; Chemax DF-10; Chemax DF-10A; Chemax DF-30; Chemax DF-100; Chemax DFO-155; Colloid™ 796; FoamBrake™ SW-54 M 50; Surfonic® TOFA-5; Surfonic® TOFA-6; Surfonic® TOFA-X10; Surfonic[®] TOFA-20; Teric[™] T5; Teric[™] T10 defoamer, effluent wastewater treatment Webnix 69C; Webnix 1065-3; Webnix 5113;

Webnix 54C; webnix 1055-3; webnix 5113; Webnix 5116 defoamer, effluent: kraft/sulfite screen rooms

Hi-Mar DFP-101

defoamer, effluent: paper

defoamer, effluent: paper Foam Blast 433C; Foam Blast 433FW defoamer, emulsion polymerization Nonoxynol-15; PEG-2 laurate; PEG-30 tetramethyl decynediol; Pluronic® L81; Surfynol® 104A; Surfynol® 104DPM; Surfynol® 104É; Surfynol® 104PA; Surfynol® 104PG-50; Surfynol® 485; Surfynol® DF-110D; Surfynol® DF-110L defoamer, emulsion polymers Agitan[®] 217; Agitan[®] 280; Agitan[®] 281; Agitan[®] 301; Agitan[®] 305; Agitan[®] 655; Agitan[®] 655 defoamer, emulsion: deaeration Contraspum LPE defoamer, emulsion: paper/board Contraspum E 509 defoamer, emulsion: size presses Contraspum LPE defoamer, emulsion: stuff-deaeration Contraspum E 509 defoamer, emulsion-based systems Bubreak® 4400; Bubreak® 4419 defoamer, emulsions TEGO® Foamex 1495 defoamer, EVA Drewplus® L-523 defoamer, evaporators Foamkill® 660F defoamer, fats Norfox® C-75 defoamer, fiber lubricants PD-25; PD-28 defoamer, fiber processing FoamBrake[™] WB-40 defoamer, fibrous materials Afranil[®] F defoamer, food-contact A-C® 540; DeIONIC OPE-12; DeMULS PSML-20; DeMULS PSMO-80; DeMULS PSMS-60 defoamer, food-contact coatings Advantage® 491A Defoamer; DK-100 Nonsilicone Defoamer defoamer, general purpose Pluronic[®] 25R2 defoamer, general purpose: coatings Colloid™ 677 defoamer, general purpose: resin emulsions Colloid™ 677 defoamer, ground wood QEMI BSW 8131; QEMI BSW 8133; QEMI SSDF 8013 defoamer, groundwood Afranil® F defoamer, groundwood pulping CNC Defoamer 177 defoamer, heavy weight paper grades CNC Defoamer 28; CNC Defoamer 1030 defoamer, high resin content coating systems CNC Defoamer 34 defoamer, highly pigmented systems: paper coatings Surfynol[®] DF-110D; Surfynol[®] DF-110L defoamer, high-solids coating systems CNC Defoamer 34 defoamer, high-temp. surfactant-stabilized foam systems Advantage[®] 52-B; Advantage[®] 52EH Defoamer; Advantage[®] 52-JS defoamer, hydropulpers Defoamer CK-55; Defoamer CK-75; QEMI BSW 8131; QEMI BSW 8133; QEMI SSDF 8013 defoamer, impregnations Agitan® 633 defoamer, industrial Sorbitan stearate defoamer, industrial effluents CNC Defoamer 403A defoamer, industrial wastes Emka® Defoam BC defoamer, influent wastewater treatment

Webnix 69C; Webnix 1065-3; Webnix 5113; Webnix 5116 defoamer, Japanese paper Foamlex 372 defoamer, kraft brownstock: pulp/paper Glycowax® 765 defoamer, kraft mill screen rooms Hi-Mar DFP-153 defoamer, kraft mills Hi-Mar DFP-301 defoamer, kraft mills: bleach plants CNC Defoamer 10B: FL 413 defoamer, kraft mills: paper machines FL 413 defoamer, kraft mills: screenroom CNC Defoamer 10B; FL 413 defoamer, kraft mills: waste treatment FI 413 defoamer, kraft paper machine systems Advantage® M201 Defoamer defoamer, kraft pulp mill brownstock washing operations Advantage® 91WW; Advantage® 136Z Defoamer; Advantage® 187Z Defoamer; Advantage® 951 Defoamer; Advantage® 1512 Defoamer; Advantage[®] M104Z Defoamer defoamer, kraft pulp mill screening operations Advantage® 7EH Defoamer defoamer, kraft pulp mill screening/bleaching Advantage® 388 Defoamer defoamer, kraft pulp/paper CA 1124XD; FL 1124DD; FL 1124XD; MA 1124B; SM 1124XD defoamer, kraft pulp/paper: bleach plant CA 1124B defoamer, kraft pulp/paper: brownstock washing CA 1124B defoamer, kraft pulp/paper: effluent CA 1124B defoamer, kraft pulp/paper: paper machine CA 1124B defoamer, kraft pulp/paper: screenroom CA 1124B defoamer, kraft screen room operations Hi-Mar DFP-203 defoamer, latex stripping: paper coatings: food-contact Foamaster® G defoamer, linear board CNC Defoamer 1030 defoamer, liner board CNC Defoamer 28 defoamer, machine: coters QEMI MDF 8019; QEMI MDF 8021 defoamer, machine: effluent treatment QEMI MDF 8831 defoamer, machine: ground wood QEMI MDF 8019; QEMI MDF 8021 defoamer, machine: hydropulpers QEMI MDF 8019; QEMI MDF 8021 defoamer, machine: paper QEMI MDF 8831 defoamer, machine: starch systems QEMI MDF 8019; QEMI MDF 8021 defoamer, machine: wastewater QEMI MDF 8019: QEMI MDF 8021 defoamer, machine: white paper white water loops QEMI MDF 8019; QEMI MDF 8021 defoamer, mill effluent Defoamer[™] 230 defoamer, mill effluent/waste treatment systems Advantage® 388 Defoamer defoamer, min.-filled paper grades CNC Defoamer 28 defoamer, multipurpose: effluent treatment Advantage® Eff-101 Defoamer defoamer, multipurpose: industrial operations

Advantage® Eff-101 Defoamer defoamer, multipurpose: paper machines Advantage® Eff-101 Defoamer defoamer, multipurpose: pulp mills Advantage® Eff-101 Defoamer defoamer, multipurpose: wastewater treatment Advantage® Eff-101 Defoamer defoamer, natural/syn. binders Agitan® 620 defoamer, nonaq. systems Drewplus® L-768; Silicone Antifoam Agent S 204 defoamer, nonpigmented surface applics. Geo FM® VFS defoamer, oil-base: bleach plant applic. CNC Defoamer 309 defoamer, oil-base: kraft screen room CNC Defoamer 309 defoamer, oil-based: aq. systems CNC Defoamer 1191 defoamer, oil-based: heavy weight grades CNC Defoamer 1191 defoamer, oil-based: liner board CNC Defoamer 1191 defoamer, oil-based: paper machines CNC Defoamer 1191 defoamer, oils Norfox® C-75 defoamer, paper A-C® 6; Adekanol G-135, G-145; Afranil® F; Agitan[®] 634; Alfol[®] 20+; Amgard[®] TBEP; Burcomul DFE-45; Chemal BP 235; Chemal BP 261; Chemal BP 261PO; Chemal BP-262; Chemal BP 268; Chemal BP-2101; Chemal BP 3172P; Chemal BP 3174; Chemal BP 3252 Chemax DFO-155; CNC Antifoam 10-FG; CNC Antifoam 30-FG; CNC Defoamer 12; CNC Defoamer 34; CNC Defoamer 407; Contraspum 1105; Crisanol FH-1400; Defoamer/Drainage Aid CK-25; DeSonic[™] 4N; DeSonic[™] 13N; DK-100 Nonsilicone Defoamer; DK-230 Nonsilicone Defoamer; Eldorado DEF-741; EO/PO block polymer or copolymer; Foamaster® 1320; Foam Blast 443; Foamkill® 649; Foamkill® 836B; Isodecyl oleate; Kemamide® W-20; Lipowax C; Mackester™ EGDS; Mackester™ EGMS; Mackester™ IP; Mackester™ SP; Mazu® DF 210SX; Meroxapol 108; Meroxapol 171; Meroxapol 172; Meroxapol 174; Meroxapol 178; Meroxapol 251; Meroxapol 252; Meroxapol 254; Meroxapol 255; Meroxapol 258; Meroxapol 311; Meroxapol 312; Meroxapol 314; Nonoxynol-15; PD-23; PD-25; PD-28; PEG-3 dioctoate; Pegosperse® 400 DOT; Pegosperse® 600 DOT; PEG/PPG-35/9 copolymer, PEG/PPG-125/30 copolymer, PEG-12 tallate; Penreco 2251 Oil; Penreco 2257 Oil; Pluracol® E400 NF; Pluracol® E600 NF; Pluracol® E1450; Pluracol® E2000; Pluracol® E4500; Pluracol® E8000; Pluronic® L10; Protocol™; Safacid 20/22 CD; Safacid 20/22 DF; Safacid 20/22 HF; Safacid 20/22 LF; Serdas® GLN; Silwet® L-7002; Surfonic® N-40; T-Det® EPO-61; T-Det® EPO-62L; T-Det® EPO-64L; Teric™ 164; Teric™ 165; Teric™ 167; Teric[™] 168; Teric[™] 170; Teric[™] 171; Teric[™] 173; Teric[™] N4; Teric[™] N5; Tetronic[®] 90R4: Tetronic® 150R1: Trans-10: Trans-20: Trans-30; Ucon® 75-H-1400; Ucon® 75-H-9500; Ucon® 75-H-90000 defoamer, paper coating pigments Contraspum 1217 defoamer, paper coatings Advantage® 831 Defoamer; Advantage® 833 Defoamer; Antarox® L-64; Antispumin®; BYK®-045; Colloid[™] 796; Colloid[™] 962; Drewplus[®] L-131; Drewplus® L-139; Drewplus® L-140; Drewplus® L-198; Drewplus® L-475; Drewplus® Y-601; Foam Blast 102; Foamkill® 608; Foamkill® 639J-F; Hi-Mar DFC-21; Hi-Mar DFC-26; Hi-Mar DFI-51; Hi-Mar DFI-51-S; KP-

140®; Nopalcol 4-O; Norfox® C-75; Norfox® Sulfated Castor Oil #75; *PEG-1.3 tetramethyl decynediol; PEG-30 tetramethyl decynediol; Poloxamer 184*; Reomol® TBP; Sodium MBT; Surfynol® 104A; Surfynol® 104BC; Surfynol® 104DPM; Surfynol® 104E; Surfynol® 104H; Surfynol® 104NP; Surfynol® 104PA; Surfynol® 104PG-50; Surfynol® 420; Surfynol® 485; Surfynol® 502; Surfynol® DF-37; Surfynol® DF-70; Surfynol® DF-75; Surfynol® PC; Surfynol® PG-50; Tetramethyl decynediol; Tributoxyethyl phosphate; Tributyl phosphate; Troykyd® D55; Troykyd® D666

defoamer, paper coatings: food-contact

Abex[®] 2005; Adekanate B-3056A; Advantage[®] 494; Aluminum caprylate; Ammonium castor oil sulfate; Ammonium oleic acid sulfate; Bevaloid 581B; Bevaloid 2512; Bevaloid 2514; Bevaloid 6624; Bevaloid 6683; Bubreak® 448; Bubreak® 453; Butyl alcohol; t-Butyl alcohol; Capric acid; Caprylic acid; Cardipol® LP 0-25; Ceteth-3; Ceteth-4; Ceteth-5; Ceteth-6; Ceteth-7; Ceteth-10; Ceteth-11; Ceteth-12; Ceteth-14; Ceteth-15; Ceteth-16; Ceteth-17; Ceteth-20; Ceteth-23; Ceteth-24; Ceteth-25; Ceteth-30; Ceteth-40; Ceteth-45; Cetyl alcohol; Coconut acid; Coconut (Cocos nucifera) oil; Cod liver oil; Colloid™ 985; Corn acid; Corn (Zea mays) oil; Cottonseed acid; Cottonseed (Gossypium) *ali, Cyclohexane*; Dow Corning® 163 Additive; Drewplus® L-418; Dymsol® 2031; Foamaster® 333; Foamaster® 1320; Foamaster® A-7; Foamaster® DS; Foamaster® O; Foamaster® PD-1 Powd.; Foamaster® PL; Foamaster® R; Foamaster® RD; Foamaster® SA-5; Foamaster[®] V: Foamaster[®] VF: Foamaster[®] WBA; Foamkill[®] 810F; Foamkill[®] 830F; Foamkill® 836A; Geo FM® 1220; Geo FM® 1224; Geo FM® DF-122; Geo FM® DF-122-NS; Geo FM® VF; Geo FM® VFS; Glyceryl stearate; Hexane; Isobutylparaben; Kessco® Cetyl Alcohol NF; Lauric acid; Linseed acid; Magnesium myristate; Magnesium palmitate; Magnesium stearate; Methyl cocoate; Methyl oleate; Methyl palmitate; Modicol® S; Monex®; Myristic acid; Nopco® NXZ; Nopco® Color-Sperse® 188A; Nopcosperse® 44; Nopcote® 3560; Oleic acid; Oleth-5; Oleth-6; Oleth-7: Oleth-9: Oleth-10: Oleth-16: Oleth-18: Oleth-30; Oleth-44; Oleth-80; Olive (Olea europaea) oil; Palmitic acid; Palm (Elaeis guineensis) kernel oil, Palm (Elaeis guineensis) oil; Peanut (Arachis hypogaea) oil; PEG-9 oleate; PEG-10 oleate; PEG-11 oleate; PEG-13 oleate; PEG-14 oleate; PEG-16 oleate; PEG-20 oleate; PEG-23 oleate; PEG-24 oleate; PEG-32 oleate; PEG-36 oleate; PEG-40 oleate; PEG-75 oleate: PEG-100 oleate: PEG-150 oleate: PEG-200 oleate; PEG-300 oleate; PEG-40 stearate; Poloxamer 105; Poloxamer 108; Poloxamer 122; Poloxamer 123; Poloxamer 183; Poloxamer 212; Poloxamer 215; Poloxamer 284; Potassium castorate; Potassium castor oil sulfate; Potassium cocoate; Potassium cornate; Potassium laurate; Potassium myristate; Potassium oleate; Potassium palmitate; Potassium stearate; Potassium tallowate; PPG-15; PPG-20; PPG-34; PPG-22 butyl ether; PPG-53 butyl ether; Propylene glycol tallowate; Rexfoam PI-53; Rhodapon® L-22; Rhodasurf[®] 870H2O; Rhodasurf[®] A-60; Rhodasurf® CET/20; Rhodasurf® CET/55; Rhodasurf® TR15/40; *Rice (Oryza sativa) bran* oil; Safflower (Carthamus tinctorius) oil; Sesame (Sesamum indicum) oil; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 26; Sodium castorate; Sodium castor oil sulfate; Sodium cocoate; Sodium myristate; Sodium oleic sulfate; Sodium tallowate; Soybean (Glycine soja) oil; Soygold® 1000; Soygold® 2000; Sulfated

Trideceth-2; Trideceth-20; Trideceth-23; Trideceth-25; Trideceth-29; Trideceth-30; Trideceth-40; Trideceth-50; Trideceth-100; Trideceth-150; Trilinoleic acid defoamer, paper coatings: food-grade Dow P4000 defoamer, paper deinking Emery[®] Methyl Oleate defoamer, paper machine white water loops Qemiban defoamer, paper machine: tissues Defoamer™ PM defoamer, paper machine: towels Defoamer™ PM defoamer, paper machines CA 1124XD; CNC Defoamer 28; CNC Defoamer 127; CNC Defoamer 505; CNC Defoamer 546; Defoamer CK-35; Defoamer CK-55; Defoamer CK-75; DM-2146; FL 1124DD; FL 1124XD; Foam Blast 433C: Foam Blast 433FW: Foam Blast 441; Foam Blast 445; Foam Blast 448; Foam Blast 469; Hi-Mar DFP-213; QEMI MDF 8023; SM 1124XD defoamer, paper machines: filled grades CNC Defoamer 403; CNC Defoamer 477 defoamer, paper machines: resin-sized grades CNC Defoamer 403; CNC Defoamer 477 defoamer, paper machines: starch-sized grades CNC Defoamer 403; CNC Defoamer 477 defoamer, paper pulp Alfol® 22 defoamer, paper reclaiming Foamkill[®] CMP defoamer, paper sizing Agitan® 290; Safacid 20/22 CD; Safacid 20/22 DF; Safacid 20/22 HF; Safacid 20/22 LF defoamer, paper stock Afranil® MG; Afranil® SLO; Eldorado DEF-795 defoamer, paper/board Agitan® 633; Agitan® 960-R defoamer, paper/paperboard A-C® 656; A-C® 680; A-C® 712; A-C® 715; A-C® 725; A-C® 735; A-C® 5120; A-C® 5180; Advantage® 136Z Defoamer; AF 112; AF 585M; AF GN-11-P; AF HL-27; AF HL-40; AF HL-52; Aluminum caprylate; Aluminum stearates; Arcol® 11-34; Arcol® PPG-425; Arcol® PPG-725; Arcol® PPG-1025; Arcol® PPG-2025; Bubreak® 454C; Cab-O-Sil® EH-5; Cab-O-Sil® H-5; Cab-O-Sil® HS-5; Cab-O-Sil® L-90; Cab-O-Sil® LM-130; Cab-O-Sil® LM-150; Cab-O-Sil® LM-150D; Cab-O-Sil® M-5; Cab-O-Sil® M-5P; Cab-O-Sil® M-7D; Cab-O-Sil® MS-75D; Cab-O-Sil® PTG; Capric acid; Caprylic acid: Ceteareth: Chemax DFO-199M: Coconut acid; Coconut (Cocos nucifera) oil; Cod liver oil; Colloid™ 60; Colloid™ 581B; Colloid™ 643; Colloid[™] 677; Colloid[™] 679; Colloid[™] 680; Colloid[™] 681F; Colloid[™] 685; Corn acid; Corn (Zea mays) oil; Cottonseed acid; Cottonseed (Gossypium) oil; C12-14 pareth-3; C12-14 pareth-4; C12-14 pareth-7; C12-14 pareth-8; C12-14 pareth-11; C14-16 pareth-7; Cyclohexanol; Dapro® DF 2162; Dapro® DF 4164; Dapro® DF 5165; DeMULS SMS; Drewplus® L-131; Drewplus® L-139; Drewplus® L-140; Drewplus® L-424; Drewplus® L-435; Drewplus® L-477; Drewplus® L-496; Drewplus® L-523; Drewplus® L-768; Drewplus® T-4202; Drewplus® Y-125; Drewplus® Y-250; Drewplus® Y-281; Dymsol® B; Empol® 1004; Empol® 1007; Empol® 1008; Empol® 1016; Empol® 1018; Empol® 1020; Empol® 1022; Empol® 1024; Empol® 1026; Epolene® C-10; Epolene® C-13; Epolene® C-14; Epolene® C-15; Epolene® C-17; Epolene® N-10; Epolene® N-11; Epolene® N-14;

peanut oil; Sulfated tallow; Sulfated tallow acid;

Sunflower (Helianthus annuus) seed oil; Tall oil;

Epolene® N-20; Epolene® N-21; Epolene® N-34; Foamaster® 111; Foam Blast 240; Foam Blast 441; Foamkill® MSF Conc.; *Glyceryl stearate*; GP-262 Defoamer; *Lauric acid*; Linseed acid; Magnesium myristate; Magnesium palmitate; Magnesium stearate; Methyl cocoate; Methyl oleate; Methyl palmitate; Myristic acid; Oleic acid; Ólive (Olea europaea) oil; Ombrelub® CD; Palmitic acid; Palm (Elaeis guineensis) kernel oil, Palm (Elaeis guineensis) oil; Peanut (Arachis hypogaea) oil: PEG-40 stearate: Petrolite® C-7500; Petrolite® C-9500; Petrolite® E-1040; Petrolite® E-2020; Poloxamer 105; Poloxamer 108; Poloxamer 122; Poloxamer 123; Poloxamer 183; Poloxamer 212; Poloxamer 215; Poloxamer 284; Polywax® 600; Polywax[®] 1000; Polywax[®] 2000; Polywax[®] 3000; Potassium castorate; Potassium cocoate; Potassium cornate; Potassium laurate: Potassium myristate: Potassium oleate; Potassium palmitate; Potassium stearate; PPG-15; PPG-20; PPG-22 butyl ether, Rice (Oryza sativa) bran oil; Rosin, polymerized; Safflower (Carthamus tinctorius) oil; Sag 275D; Sesame (Sesamum indicum) oil; Shamrock S-483; Silica, amorphous; Silica, fumed; Silicone Antifoam Agent S 203; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 21; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 23; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 25; Silicone emulsions; Sipernat® 22; Sipernat® 22S; Sipernat® 50; Sipernat® 50S; Sodium castorate; Sodium cocoate; Sodium myristate; Soybean (Glycine soja) oil; Surfonic® L24-3; Surfonic® L24-4; Surfonic® L24-7; Surfonic® L24-9; Surfonic® L24-12; Surfonic® L46-7; Surfonic® L68-18; Surfonic® L610-3; Surfonic® L1270-2; Surfonic® L1285-2; Surfonic® N-31.5; Surfonic® N-60; Surfonic® N-85; Surfonic® N-95: Surfonic[®] N-100: Surfonic[®] N-102: Surfonic® N-120; Surfonic® N-150; Surfynol® DF-70; Surfynol® DF-75; SWS-101 Dimethyl Fluids; Sylvaros® R; Sylvatac® 80N; Sylvatac[®] 295; Sylvatac[®] 1085; Sylvatac[®] R85; Sylvatac[®] RX; *Tall oil, Tall oil glycerides*; Teric[™] N2; Teric[™] N6; Teric[™] N10; Teric[™] N12; Teric[™] N13; Teric[™] N15; Teric[™] N20; Vista LPA; Vista LPA-142; Vista LPA-170; Zonester® 85

defoamer, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty/dry food-contact

Advantage[®] 187Z Defoamer; Advawax[®] 290 defoamer, paper/paperboard: food-contact

Abitol®-E; Acrylates/PVP copolymer, Advantage® DF 285; Alcohol; Aluminum caprylate; Aluminum myristates/palmitates; Ammonium laureth-30 sulfate; Ammonium oleate; Ammonium stearate; n-Amyl alcohol; Beef tallow *triglycerides; Behenyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; BHA; BHT*; Bubreak® 4419; Busperse® 288; Butoxyethanol; Butyl myristate; Butyl oleate; Calcium lignosulfonate; Capramide DEA; Capric acid; Caprylic acid; Castor oil triglycerides; p-Chloro-m-cresol; C10-11 isoparaffin; C11-12 isoparaffin; C11-13 isoparaffin; C13-14 isoparaffin; Cocamide; Cocamide DEA; Coceth-8; Coconut acid; Coconut alcohol; Coconut (Cocos nucifera) oil; Coconut oil triglycerides; Cod liver oil; Colloid™ 796; Colloid[™] 797; Colloid[™] 929; Colloid[™] 962; Colloid[™] 991; Colloid[™] 999; *Corn acid*; Corn (Zea mays) oil; Corn oil triglycerides; Cottonseed acid; Cottonseed (Gossypium) oil; Cottonseed oil triglycerides; Deceth-4 phosphate; Deodorized kerosene; DeTHOX TDA-6; DeTHOX TDA-15; Diacetylated tallow monoglyceride, tartaric acid ester, Di-tbutylhydroquinone; Diethanolamine; Diethylenetriamine; Diisopropanolamine; Dilinoleic acid; Dimethicone; Dimethicone copolyol; 2,6Dimethyl heptanol-4; s-Dioctyl phthalate; Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid; Dodoxynol-5; Dodoxynol-7; Dodoxynol-9; Dodoxynol-12; Drewplus® L-198; Ethanolamine; 2-Ethylhexanol; Fish oil triglycerides; Formaldehyde; Glyceryl caprylate; Glyceryl caprylate/caprate; Glyceryl cocoate; Glyceryl dioleate; Glyceryl distearate; Glyceryl laurate; Glyceryl myristate; Glyceryl oleate; Glyceryl palmitate/stearate; Glyceryl stearate; Glycol distearate; Glycol oleate; Glycol palmitate; Glycol ricinoleate; Glycol stearate; 2-Heptadecenyl-4-methyl-4hydroxymethyl-2-oxazoline; Hexylene glycol; Hydrogenated coconut acid; Hydrogenated coconut oil; Hydrogenated cottonseed oil; Hydrogenated lard glyceride; Hydrogenated lard glycerides; Hydrogenated menhaden acid; Hydrogenated menhaden oil; Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Hydrogenated palm oil; Hydrogenated peanut oil; Hydrogenated rice bran wax; Hydrogenated shark liver oil; Hydrogenated soybean oil; Hydrogenated soy glyceride; Hydrogenated soy glycerides; Hydrogenated tallow acid; Hydrogenated tallow glyceride; Hydrogenated tallow glycerides; Hydrogenated vegetable glyceride; Hydroge-nated vegetable glycerides; Hydrogenated vegetable oil; Hydroxystearic acid; Isobutyl alcohol; Isobutyl palmitate; Isobutyl stearate; Isobutyl tallowate; Isopropanolamine; Isopropyl alcohol; Isopropylamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate; Isopropyl laurate; Isopropyl myristate; Isopropyl oleate; Isopropyl palmitate; Isopropyl stearate; Isopropyl tallowate; Kerosene; Lanolin; Lard oil triglycerides; Lauric acid; Light petroleum hydrocarbons, odorless; Linoleamide DEA; Linseed acid; Linseed oil triglycerides; Magnesium myristate; Magnesium palmitate; Magnesium stearate; Menhaden oil; Methyl alcohol; Methyl caprylate; Methyl caprylate/ caprate; Methyl cocoate; Methyl hydroxystearate; Methyl laurate; Methyl myristate; Methyl oleate; Methyl palmitate; Methyl ricinoleate; Methyl stearate; Mineral oil; MIPA-dodecylbenzenesulfonate; Montan wax; Morpholine; Mustardseed oil triglycerides; Myristamide DEA; Myristic acid; Myristyl alcohol; Naphtha; Nonoxynol-2; Nonoxynol-3; Nonoxynol-4; Nonoxynol-5; Nonoxynol-6; Nonoxynol-7; Nonoxynol-1, Nonoxynol-1, Nonoxynol-1, Nonoxynol-8; Nonoxynol-13; Nonoxynol-14; Nonoxynol-15; Nonylphenol; Octoxynol-3; Octoxynol-5; Octoxynol-7; Octoxynol-8; Octoxynol-9; Octoxynol-10; Octoxynol-11; Octoxynol-12; Octoxynol-13; Oleamide DEA; Oleic acid; Oleyl alcohol; Olive (Olea europaea) oil; Palmamide DEA; Palmitamide DEA; Palmitic acid; Palm (Elaeis guineensis) kernel oil; Palm (Elaeis guineensis) oil; Palm oil triglycerides; Peanut (Arachis hypogaea) oil; Peanut oil triglycerides; PEG-2 castor oil; PEG-4 castor oil; PEG-8 castor oil; PEG-15 castor oli; PEG-33 castor oli; PEG-100 castor oli; PEG-8 cocoate; PEG-15 cocoate; PEG-20 corn glycerides; PEG-60 corn glycerides; PEG-4 decyl phosphate; PEG-8 dicocoate; PEG-4 di (2-ethylhexanoate); PEG-3 di-2-ethylhexoate; PEG-2 dilaurate; PEG-6 dilaurate; PEG-8 dilaurate; PEG-12 dilaurate; PEG-20 dilaurate; PEG-32 dilaurate; PEG-4 dioleate; PEG-6 dioleate; PEG-12 dioleate; PEG-20 dioleate; PEG-32 dioleate; PEG-2 distearate; PEG-4 distearate; PEG-6 distearate; PEG-8 distearate; PEG-12 distearate; PEG-20 distearate; PEG-32 distearate; PEG-8 di/triricinoleate; PEG-40 glyceryl cocoate; PEG-12 glyceryl dioleate; PEG-12 glyceryl laurate; PEG-20 glyceryl laurate; PEG-15 glyceryl oleate; PEG-20 glyceryl oleate; PEG-15 glyceryl ricinoleate; PEG-20 glyceryl ricinoleate; PEG-4 laurate;

PEG-6 laurate; PEG-20 laurate; PEG-32 laurate; PEG-8 myristate; PEG-20 myristate; PEG-4 octanoate; PEG-4 oleate; PEG-6 oleate; PEG-15 oleate; PEG-20 palmitate; PEG/PPG-17/6 copolymer; PEG-8 ricinoleate; PEG-15 rosinate; PEG-8 sesquilaurate; PEG-8 sesquioleate; PEG-40 sorbitan hexaoleate; PEG-40 sorbitan laurate; PEG-6 sorbitan oleate; PEG-40 sorbitan peroleate; PEG-6 sorbitan stearate; PEG-40 sorbitan stearate; PEG-40 sorbitan tetraoleate; PEG-4 stearate; PEG-6 stearate: PEG-20 stearate: PEG-32 stearate; PEG-40 stearate; PEG-100 stearate; PEG-4 tallate; PEG-8 tallate; PEG-14 tallate; PEG-16 tallate; PEG-20 tallate; Pentaerythrityl dioleate; Pentaerythrityl distearate; Pentaerythrityl hydrogenated rosinate; Pentaerythrityl tetracocoate; Pentaerythrityl tetralaurate; Pentaerythrityl tetraoleate; Pentaerythrityl trioleate; Petrolatum; Petroleum distillates; Petroleum wax; Petroleum wax, oxidized; o-Phenylphenol; Pine (Pinus palustris) oil; Poloxamer 101; Poloxamer 105; Poloxamer 108; Poloxamer 122; Poloxamer 123; Poloxamer 181; Poloxamer 182; Poloxamer 183; Poloxamer 212; Poloxamer 215; Poloxamer 217; Poloxamer 237; Poloxamer 284; Poloxamer 338; Poloxamer 407; Polyethylene; Polyethylene, oxidized; Potassium castorate; Potassium cocoate; Potassium cornate; Potassium distearyl phosphate; Potassium laurate; Potassium myristate; Potassium oleate; Potassium palmitate; Potassium stearate; PPG-15; PPG-20; PPG-26; PPG-2-buteth-2; PPG-2-buteth-3; PPG-3-buteth-5; PPG-5-buteth-7; PPG-7buteth-10; PPG-9-buteth-12; PPG-12-buteth-16; PPG-15-buteth-20; PPG-20-buteth-30; PPG-24buteth-27; PPG-26-buteth-26; PPG-28-buteth-35: PPG-33-buteth-45: PPG-18 butvl ether: PPG-22 butyl ether, PPG-24 butyl ether, PPG-30 butyl ether, PPG-33 butyl ether, PPG-40 butyl ether; PPG-17 dioleate; PPG-26 oleate; PPG-36 oleate; Propylene glycol dicaprylate; Propylene glycol dicaprylate/dicaprate; Propylene glycol dicocoate; Propylene glycol dilaurate; Propylene glycol distearate; Propylene glycol myristate; Propylene glycol oleate; Propylene glycol soyate; Propylene glycol stearate; PVP; Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil; Rapeseed oil triglycerides; Rice (Oryza sativa) bran oil; Ricebran oil triglycerides; Rosin; Safflower (Carthamus tinctorius) oil; Sesame (Sesamum indicum) oil; Shark liver oil; Silica; Silicone glycol copolymer; Sodium alkyl (C9-C15) benzenesulfonate; Sodium castorate; Sodium cocoate; Sodium distearyl phosphate; Sodium laurate; Sodium laureth sulfate; Sodium laureth-12 sulfate; Sodium lauryl sulfate; Sodium lignosulfonate; Sodium myristate; Sodium petroleum sulfonate; Sodium o-phenylphenate; Sodium polynaphtha-lene sulfonate; Sodium tallow sulfate; Sodium tridecylbenzene sulfonate; Soyamide DEA; Soybean (Glycine soja) oil; Soybean oil triglycerides; Sperm oil triglycerides; Stearyl alcohol; Tallamide DEA; Tall oil; Tall oil acid; Tall oil triglycerides; Tallow acid; Tallow amide; Tallowamide DEA; Talloweth-6; Tallow glyceride; Tallow glycerides; TEA cocoate; TEA-oleate; TEA-stearate; TEGO® Antifoam 2-18; TEGO® Foamex 1435; TEGO® Foamex 3062; TEGO® Foamex 826; Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol; Tetrasodium EDTA; Tributoxyethyl phosphate; Tributyl phosphate; Trideceth-3; Trideceth-4; Trideceth-5; Trideceth-6; Trideceth-7; Trideceth-8; Trideceth-9; Trideceth-10; Trideceth-11; Trideceth-12; Trideceth-14; Trideceth-15; Triethanolamine; Triisopropanolamine; Trioctyl phosphate; Tristearyl phosphate; Zinc laurate;

Zinc rosinate

- defoamer, paper: food grade
- Dow EP530
 - defoamer, paper: food pkg.
 - Agitan[®] 301; Agitan[®] 305

defoamer, paper: food-contact A-C® 325; A-C® 330; A-C® 392; A-C® 395, 395A; A-C® 400; A-C® 400A; A-C® 405(M); A-C® 405(S); A-C® 430; A-C® 580; A-C® 617 A-C[®] 617A; A-C[®] 629; A-C[®] 629A; A-C[®] 655; Acrylates/PVP copolymer; Advantage® 10 Defoamer: Advantage® 344 Defoamer: Advantage® 388 Defoamer; Advantage® 491A Defoamer; Advantage® DF 110; Advantage® M1251 Production Aid; AF 645:35; Agitan® 285; Agitan[®] 295; Agitan[®] 960-R; Agitan[®] B 13; Amergel[®] 100; Amergel[®] 200; Amergel[®] 500; Ammonium laureth-30 sulfate; n-Amyl alcohol; Aquatac® 6025; Aquatac® 6085; Aquatac® 6085B-1; Aquatac® 6085B-7; Arizona DR-22; Arizona DRS-40; Arizona DRS-42; Arizona DRS-43; Arizona DRS-44; Armeen® 2C; Bevaloid 581B; Bevaloid 2512; Bevaloid 2514; Bevaloid 6624; Bevaloid 6683; BHA; BHT; BIO-SOFT® S-120; Bubreak® 4400; Busperse® 229; Butoxyethanol; Butyl myristate; Butyl oleate; Calcium lignosulfonate; Calimulse EM-22; Calimulse EM-30; Calimulse EM-96F; Calimulse EM-99; Calimulse L-22; Calimulse L-30; Calimulse L-50; Calimulse PR; Calimulse PRS; Calimulse SLS; Calsoft® LAS-99; Capramide DEA; Cardipol® LP 0-25; Castor oil triglycerides; C10-11 isoparaffin; C11-12 isoparaffin; C11-13 isoparaffin; C13-14 isoparaffin; CNC Antifoam 10-FG; CNC Antifoam 30-FG; Cocamide; Cocamide DEA; Coceth-8; Coconut alcohot; Coconut oil triglycerides; Colloid[™] 646; Colloid[™] 675; Corn oil triglycerides; Cottonseed oil triglycerides; Crill 2; Crill 3; Crill 41; Crill 43; Crill 45; Crillet 1 HP; Crillet 1 NF; Crillet 2; Crillet 3; Crillet 11; Crillet 31; Crillet 35; Crillet 41; Crillet 45; Deceth-4 phosphate; Dehydran® 1293; DeIONIC OPE-5; DeIONIC OPE-7.5; DeIONIC OPE-10; DeIONIC OPE-30; DeIONIC OPE-40; DeMIDE MFM-200; DeMIDE MFS-200; DeMIDE RCN-100; DeMIDE RCN-100HV; DeMIDE RCN-200; DeMIDE RCN-276; DeMIDE RCN-MCY-100; DeMIDE RCN-ME-100; DeMIDE SBA-100; DeMULS PSTS-65; DeMULS SML; DeMULS SMO; DePEG 30-CO; DePHOS RA-40; DeSULF SLS-30LC; DeSULF SLS-30LS DeTHOX ACID TO-8.5; DeTHOX ACID TO-14; DeTHOX ACID TO-16.5; DeTHOX LA-4; DeTHOX LA-23; DeWET SMA-80; Diacetylated tallow monoglyceride, tartaric acid ester, Di-tbutylhydroquinone; Diethanolamine; Diethylenétriamine; Diisopropanolamine; Dimethicone copolyol; 2,6-Dimethyl heptanol-4; s-Dioctyl phthalate; Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Disponil® SUS IC 865; Disponil® SUS IC 875; Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid; Dodoxynol-5; Dodoxynol-7; Dodoxynol-9; Dodoxynol-12; Dow Corning[®] 26 Additive; Dow Corning[®] 163 Additive; Drewplus® L-175; Drewplus® L-191; Drewplus® L-407; Drewplus® L-419; Drewplus® L-466; Drewplus® L-474; Drewplus® L-493; Eldorado DEF-741; Eldorado DEF-795; *Ethanolamine*; *2-Ethylhexanol*; Exxsol® D 60; Exxsol® D 80; Exxsol® D 110; Exxsol® D 130; Fish oil triglycerides; Foamaster® AP; Foamaster® JMY; Foamaster[®] NS-1; Foamaster[®] S; Foamaster[®] VC; Foam Blast 433FW; Foam Blast 445; Foam Blast 448; Foam Blast 469; Foam Blast 476; Formaldehyde; Geo FM® 1220; Geo FM® 1224; Geo FM® 1425; Geo FM® DF-122; Geo FM® DF-122-NS; Geo FM® VF; Geo FM® VFS; Glyceryl caprylate; Glyceryl caprylate/ caprate; Glyceryl cocoate; Glyceryl dioleate;

Glyceryl distearate; Glyceryl laurate; Glyceryl myristate; Glyceryl oleate; Glyceryl palmitate/ stearate; Glycol distearate; Glycol oleate; Glycol palmitate; Glycol ricinoleate; Glycol stearate; 2-Heptadecenyl-4-methyl-4hydroxymethyl-2-oxazoline; Hydrogenated coconut acid; Hydrogenated coconut oil; Hydrogenated cottonseed oil; Hydrogenated lard glyceride; Hydrogenated lard glycerides; Hydrogenated menhaden acid; Hydrogenated menhaden oil; Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Hydrogenated palm oil; Hydrogenated peanut oil; Hydrogenated polybutene; Hydrogenated rice bran wax; Hydrogenated shark liver oil; Hydrogenated soybean oil; Hydrogenated soy glyceride; Hydrogenated soy glycerides; Hydrogenated tallow glyceride; Hydrogenated tallow glycerides; Hydrogenated vegetable glyceride; Hydrogenated vegetable glycerides; Hydrogenated vegetable oil, Hydroxystearic acid; Igepal® CA-630; Igepal® CA-897; Igepal® CO-897; Igepal® CO-977; Isobutyl palmitate; Isobutyl stearate; Isobutyl tallowate; Isopar® G; Isopar® H; Isopar® K; Isopar® L; Isopar® M; Isopar® V; Isopropanolamine; Isopropylamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate; Isopropyl laurate; Isopropyl myristate; Isopropyl oleate; Isopropyl palmitate; Isopropyl stearate; Isopropyl tallowate; Lanolin; Lard oil triglycerides; Larostat® 902 A; Larostat® 902 AS; Lignosite® 260; Lignosite® 431; Lignosite® 458; Lignosite® 823; Lignosite® AC; *Linoleamide DEA*; *Linseed oil triglycerides*; Loxiol® G 11; Loxiol® G 13; Loxiol® G 16; Loxiol® G 20; Loxiol® G 53; Loxiol® HOB 7121; Lumulse™ GMO; Magnesium cocoate; Methyl hydroxy-stearate; Methyl ricinoleate; MIPA-dodecylbenzenesulfonate; Monawet MO-70; Monawet MO-70E; Monawet MO-70R; Monawet MO-70S; Monawet MO-75E; Monawet MO-84R2W; Monawet MO-85P; Montan wax; Morpholine; Moussex® 9101 GE; Mustardseed oil triglycerides; Myristamide DEA; Nonoxynol-2; Nonoxynol-3; Nonoxynol-5; Nonoxynol-6; Nonoxynol-7; Nonoxynol-8; Nonoxynol-13; Nonoxynol-14; Nonoxynol-15; Nopcote® 3560; Nopcote® DC-1153; Norpar® 12; Norpar® 13; Norpar® 15; Octowet 70D; Octoxynol-3; Octoxynol-5; Octoxynol-7; Octoxynol-8; Octoxynol-9; Octoxynol-10; Octoxynol-11; Octoxynol-12; Octoxynol-13; Oleamide DEA; Oleyl alcohol; Palmamide DEA; Palmitamide DEA; Palm oil triglycerides; Peanut oil triglycerides; PEG-2 castor oil; PEG-4 castor oil; PEG-8 castor oil; PEG-15 castor oil; PEG-33 castor oil; PEG-100 castor oil; PEG-15 cocoate; PEG-20 corn glycerides; PEG-60 corn glycerides; PEG-4 decyl phosphate; PEG-8 dicocoate; PEG-4 di (2-ethylhexanoate); PEG-3 di-2-ethylhexoate; PEG-2 dilaurate; PEG-6 dilaurate; PEG-8 dilaurate; PEG-12 dilaurate; PEG-20 dilaurate; PEG-32 dilaurate; PEG-4 dioleate; PEG-6 dioleate; PEG-20 dioleate; PEG-32 dioleate; PEG-2 distearate; PEG-4 distearate; PEG-6 distearate; PEG-8 distearate; PEG-12 distearate; PEG-20 distearate; PEG-32 distearate: PEG-8 di/triricinoleate: PEG-40 glyceryl cocoate; PEG-12 glyceryl dioleate; PEG-12 glyceryl laurate; PEG-20 glyceryl laurate; PEG-15 glyceryl oleate; PEG-20 glyceryl oleate; PEG-15 glyceryl ricinoleate; PEG-20 glyceryl ricinoleate; PEG-4 laurate; PEG-6 laurate; PEG-20 laurate; PEG-32 laurate; PEG-8 myristate; PEG-20 myristate; PEG-4 octanoate; PEG-4 oleate; PEG-6 oleate; PEG-20 palmitate; PEG/PPG-17/6 copolymer; PEG-8 ricinoleate; PEG-8 sesquilaurate; PEG-8 sesquioleate; PEG-40 sorbitan hexaoleate; PEG-40 sorbitan laurate; PEG-6 sorbitan oleate; PEG-40 sorbitan peroleate; PEG-6

sorbitan stearate; PEG-40 sorbitan stearate; PEG-40 sorbitan tetraoleate; PEG-4 stearate; PEG-6 stearate: PEG-20 stearate: PEG-32 stearate; PEG-100 stearate; PEG-4 tallate; PEG-8 tallate; PEG-14 tallate; PEG-16 tallate; PEG-20 tallate; Pentaerythrityl dioleate; Pentaerythrityl distearate; Pentaerythrityl hydrogenated rosinate; Pentaerythrityl tetracocoate; Pentaerythrityl tetralaurate; Pentaerythrityl tetraoleate; Pentaerythrityl trioleate; Petroleum distillates; Petroleum wax, oxidized: Petrolite® C-3500: o-Phenylphenol: Poloxamer 101: POLYSTEP® A-7: POLY-STEP® A-11; POLYSTEP® A-13; POLYSTEP® A-15; POLYSTEP® A-15-30K; POLYSTEP® A-16; POLYSTEP® A-16-22; POLYSTEP® A-17; POLYSTEP® AE-120; POLYSTEP® AE-307; POLYSTEP® B-3; POLYSTEP® B-5; POLYSTEP® B-7; POLYSTEP® B-11; POLYSTEP® B-20; POLYSTEP® B-22; POLYSTEP® B-23; POLYSTEP® B-24; POLYSTEP® B-330S; POLYSTEP® LAS-50; POLYSTEP® OP-9; Polystix® 90 Resin; Polywet® ND-2; Potassium distearyl phosphate; PPG-2-buteth-2; PPG-2-buteth-3; PPG-3-buteth-5; PPG-5-buteth-7; PPG-7buteth-10; PPG-9-buteth-12; PPG-12-buteth-16; PPG-15-buteth-20; PPG-20-buteth-30; PPG-24buteth-27; PPG-26-buteth-26; PPG-28-buteth-35; PPG-33-buteth-45; PPG-18 butyl ether; PPG-30 butyl ether; PPG-17 dioleate; PPG-26 oleate; PPG-36 oleate; Propylene glycol dicaprylate; Propylene glycol dicaprylate/ dicaprate; Propylene glycol dicocoate; Propylene glycol dilaurate; Propylene glycol distearate; Propylene glycol myristate; Propylene glycol stearate; Protectol® PP; Prox®-Amine CE 9122 AL; Pulpsil® 160 C; Pulpsil® 760 E; PVP; QEMI BSW 8131; QEMI BSW 8133; QEMI MDF 8019; QEMI MDF 8021; QEMI MDF 8023; QEMI SSDF 8013; Qemiban; Qemidink 8001; Qemidink 8002; Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil; Rapeseed oil triglycerides; Rexfoam 301-A; Rhodacal® DS-10; Rhodafac[®] RE-610; Rhodafac[®] RS-610; Rhodafac® RS-710; Rhodapex® CO-436; Rhodapon® LCP; Rhodapon® LSB; Rhodapon® SM; Rhodapon® UB/E-30; Rhodapon® UB/E-N; Ricebran oil triglycerides; Ross Montan Wax; Shark liver oil; Silicone Antifoam Agent S 204; *Silicone glycol copolymer*, Silwet® L-7200; Silwet® L-7210; Silwet® L-7220; Silwet® L-7230; Sodium MBT; Sodium alkyl (C9-C15) benzenesulfonate; Sodium distearyl phosphate; Sodium laureth sulfate; Sodium laureth-12 sulfate; Sodium lauryl sulfate; Sodium lignosulfonate; Sodium petroleum sulfonate; Sodium o-phenylphenate; Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate; Sodium tridecylbenzene sulfonate; Sorbitol Sol'n. High Mannitol; Sorbitol Sol'n. Noncrystallizing; Soyamide DEA; Soybean oil triglycerides; Sperm oil triglycerides; Stanfax 996; Stanfax 997; STEPANOL® LCP; Struktol® TR 044; SULFONIC 100; Sylvatac® 5N; Sylvatac® 40N; Sylvatac® 100NS; Sylvatac® 105NS; Sylvatac® 1100; Sylvatac® 1103; Sylvatac® 2110; Sylvatac® 4083; Sylvatac® 4105; Sylvatac® 4136; Sylvatac® 4203; Sylvatac® 4216; Tallamide DEA; Tall oil triglycerides; Tallowamide DEA; Talloweth-6; Tallow glyceride; Tallowamide DEA; Talloweth-6; Tallow glyceride; Tallow glycerides; T-Det® A126; T-Det® A243; T-Det® A247; T-Det® A249; T-Det® A467; TEA cocoate; TEA-oleate; TEA-stearate; TEGO® Airex 901 W; TEGO® Airex 960; TEGO® Airex 970; TEGO® Antifoam 1-60; TEGO® Antifoam 1-62; TEGO® Antifoam 2-57; TEGO® Antifoam 2-67; TEGO® Antifoam 2-80; TEGO® Antifoam 2-82; TEGO® Antifoam 2-89; TEGO® Antifoam 2-92; TEGO® Antifoam 14; TEGO® Antifoam

28; TEGO® Antifoam 81; TEGO® Antifoam 93; TEGO® Antifoam 105; TEGO® Antifoam 200; TEGO® Antifoam 201; TEGO® Antifoam 202; TEGO® Antifoam 793; TEGO® Antifoam 1488; TEGO® Antifoam 3062; TEGO® Antifoam KE 400; TEGO® Antifoam KE 600; TEGO® Antifoam KS 6; TEGO® Antifoam KS 10; TEGO® Antifoam KS 53; TEGO® Antifoam KS 95; TEGO® Antifoam KS 100; TEGO® Antifoam KS 911; TEGO® Antifoam KS 1100; TEGO® Antifoam MR 1000; TEGO® Antifoam MR 1015; TEGO® Antifoam MR 1016: TEGO® Antifoam N; TEGO® Antifoam WM 20; TEGO® Dispers 740 W; TEGO® Foamex 800; TEGO® Foamex 805; TEGO® Foamex 810; TEGO® Foamex 815; TEGO® Foamex 825; TEGO® Foamex 835; TEGO® Foamex 1488; TEGO® Foamex 1495; TEGO[®] Foamex 7447; TEGO[®] Foamex 8020; TEGO[®] Foamex 8030; TEGO[®] Foamex 8030; TEGO[®] Foamex KS 4; TEGO® Foamex N; TEGO® Glide 100; TEGO® Glide 403; TEGO® Glide B 1484; TEGO® Glide ZG 400; TEGOPREN® 5803; TEGOPREN® 5852; TEGOPREN® 5863; TEGOPREN® 5884; Tergitol® NP-4; Tergitol® NP-6; Teric™ N9; *Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol*; Tetrasodium EDTA; Tributoxyethyl phosphate; Tributyl phosphate; Trioctyl phosphate; Tristearyl phosphate; Triton® X-15; Triton® X-45; Triton® X-100; Triton® X-102; Triton® X-114; Triton® X-120; Triton® X-305-70%; Triton® X-405-70%; Troykyd® USM DP336; Ucon® 50-HB-260; Ucon® 50-HB-400; Ucon® 75-H-450; Uni-Tac® 70; Zinc laurate; Zinc rosinate; Zonarez® A-25; Zonester® 25; Zonester® 100 defoamer, paper: food-grade Dow P1000TB; Dow P1200; Dow P2000; PPG-17 defoamer, paperboard Chemax DFO-155; Crisanol FH-1400; DK-100 Nonsilicone Defoamer; DK-230 Nonsilicone Defoamer: PD-23: Protocol™ defoamer, paperboard coatings PEG-3.5 tetramethyl decynediol; Surfynol® 440 defoamer, paperboard: food-contact Acrylates/PVP copolymer, Advantage® 344 Defoamer; Advantage® 388 Defoamer; Advantage® DF 110; Advantage® M1251 Production Aid; Agitan[®] 285; Agitan[®] 295; Agitan[®] B 13; Amergel[®] 100; Amergel[®] 200; Amergel® 500; Ammonium laureth-30 sulfate; n-Amyl alcohol; Aquatac® 6025; Aquatac® 6085; Aquatac[®] 6085B-1; Aquatac[®] 6085B-7 Arizona DR-22; Arizona DRS-40; Arizona DRS-42; Arizona DRS-43; Arizona DRS-44; Armeen® 2C; Beef tallow triglycerides; Bevaloid 581B; Bevaloid 2512; Bevaloid 2514; Bevaloid 6624; Bevaloid 6683; BHA; BHT; BIO-SOFT® S-120; Bubreak® 4400; Busperse® 229; Butoxyethanol; Butyl myristate; Butyl oleate; Calcium lignosulfonate; Calimulse EM-22; Calimulse EM-30; Calimulse EM-96F; Calimulse EM-99; Calimulse L-22; Calimulse L-30; Calimulse L-50; Calimulse PR; Calimulse PRS; Calimulse SLS; Calsoft® LAS-99; Capramide DEA; Cardipol® LP 0-25; Castor oil triglycerides; C10-11 isoparaffin; C11-12 isoparaffin; C11-13 isoparaffin; C13-14 isoparaffin; CNC Antifoam 10-FG; CNC Antifoam 30-FG; Cocamide; Cocamide DEA; Coceth-8; Coconut alcohol; Coconut oil triglycerides; Colloid™ 675; Corn oil triglycerides; Cottonseed oil triglycerides; Crill 2; Crill 41; Crill 43; Crill 45; Crillet 1 HP; Crillet 1 NF; Crillet 2; Crillet 3; Crillet 11; Crillet 31; Crillet 35; Crillet 41; Crillet 45; Deceth-4 phosphate; Dehydran® 1293; DeIONIC OPE-5; DeIONIC OPE-7.5; DeIONIC OPE-10; DeIONIC OPE-30; DeIONIC OPE-40; DeMIDE MFM-200; DeMIDE MFS-200; DeMIDE RCN-100; DeMIDE RCN-100HV; DeMIDE RCN-200; DeMIDE RCN-276; DeMIDE RCN-MCY-100; DeMIDE RCN-ME-

100; DeMIDE SBA-100; DeMULS PSTS-65; DeMULS SML; DeMULS SMO; DePEG 30-CO; DePHOS RA-40: DeSULF SLS-30LC: DeSULF SLS-30LS; DeTHOX ACID TO-8.5; DeTHOX ACID TO-14; DeTHOX ACID TO-16.5; DeTHOX LA-4; DeTHOX LA-23; DeWET SMA-80; Diacetylated tallow monoglyceride, tartaric acid ester; Di-t-butylhydroquinone; Diethanolamine; Diethylenetriamine; Diisopropanolamine; Dimethicone copolyol; 2,6-Dimethyl heptanol-4; s-Dioctyl phthalate; Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Disponil® SUS IC 865; Disponil® SUS IC 875; Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid; Dodoxynol-5; Dodoxynol-7; Dodoxynol-9; Dodoxynol-12; Dow Corning® 26 Additive; Dow Corning[®] 163 Additive; Drewplus[®] L-407; Drewplus® L-493; Ethanolamine; 2-Ethylhexanol; Exxsol® D 60; Exxsol® D 80; Exxsol® D 110; Exxsol® D 130; Fish oil triglycerides; Foam Blast 443; Formaldehyde; Geo FM® 1220: Geo FM® 1224: Geo FM® 1425: Geo FM® DF-122; Geo FM® DF-122-NS; Geo FM® VF; Geo FM® VFS; Glyceryl caprylate; Glyceryl caprylate/caprate; Glyceryl cocoate; Glyceryl dioleate; Glyceryl distearate; Glyceryl laurate; Glyceryl myristate; Glyceryl oleate; Glyceryl palmitate/stearate; Glycol distearate; Glycol oleate; Glycol palmitate; Glycol ricinoleate; Glycol stearate; 2-Heptadecenyl-4methyl-4-hydroxymethyl-2-oxazoline; Hydrogenated coconut acid; Hydrogenated coconut oil; Hydrogenated cottonseed oil; Hydrogenated lard glyceride; Hydrogenated lard glycerides; Hydrogenated menhaden acid; Hydrogenated menhaden oil; Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Hydrogenated palm oil; Hydrogenated peanut oil; Hydrogenated rice bran wax; Hydrogenated shark liver oil; Hydrogenated soybean oil; Hydrogenated soy glyceride; Hydrogenated soy glycerides; Hydrogenated tallow glyceride; Hydrogenated tallow glycerides; Hydrogenated vegetable glyceride; Hydrogenated vegetable glycerides; Hydrogenated vegetable oil; Hydroxystearic acid; Igepal® CA-630; Igepal® CA-897; Igepal® CO-897; Igepal® CO-977; Isobutyl palmitate; Isobutyl stearate; Isobutyl tallowate; Isopar® G; Isopar[®] H; Isopar[®] K; Isopar[®] L; Isopar[®] M; Isopar® V; Isopropanolamine; Isopropylamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate; Isopropyl laurate; Isopropyl myristate; Isopropyl oleate; Isopropyl palmitate; Isopropyl stearate; Isopropyl tallowate; Lanolin; Lard oil triglycer*ides*; Larostat® 902 A; Larostat® 902 AS; Lignosite® 260; Lignosite® 431; Lignosite® 458; Lignosite® 823; Lignosite® AC; Linoleamide *DEA*; *Linseed oil triglycerides*; Loxiol® G 11; Loxiol® G 13; Loxiol® G 16; Loxiol® G 20; Loxiol® G 53; Loxiol® HOB 7121; Lumulse™ GMO; Methyl hydroxystearate; Methyl ricinoleate; MIPA-dodecylbenzenesulfonate; Monawet MO-70; Monawet MO-70E; Monawet MO-70R; Monawet MO-70S; Monawet MO-75E; Monawet MO-84R2W; Monawet MO-85P; Montan wax; Morpholine; Moussex® 9101 GE; Mustardseed oil Irigiycerides; Myristamide DEA; Nonoxynol-2; Nonoxynol-3; Nonoxynol-5; Nonoxynol-6; Nonoxynol-7; Nonoxynol-8; Nonoxynol-13; Nonoxynol-14; Nonoxynol-15; Nopcote® 3560; Nopcote® DC-1153; Norpar® 12; Norpar® 13; Norpar® 15; Octowet 70D; Octoxynol-3; Octoxynol-5; Octoxynol-7; Octoxynol-8; Octoxynol-9; Octoxynol-10; Octoxynol-11; Octoxynol-12; Octoxynol-13; Oleamide DEA; Oleyl alcohol; Palmamide DEA; Palmitamide DEA; Palm oil triglycerides; Peanut oil triglycerides; PEG-2 castor oil; PEG-4 castor oil; PEG-8 castor oil; PEG-15 castor oil; PEG-33 castor oil; PEG-100 castor oil; PEG-15 cocoate; PEG-20 corn glycerides;

PEG-60 corn glycerides; PEG-4 decyl phosphate; PEG-8 dicocoate; PEG-4 di (2ethylhexanoate); PEG-3 di-2-ethylhexoate; PEG-2 dilaurate; PEG-6 dilaurate; PEG-8 dilaurate; PEG-12 dilaurate; PEG-20 dilaurate; PEG-32 dilaurate; PEG-4 dioleate; PEG-6 dioleate; PEG-20 dioleate; PEG-32 dioleate; PEG-2 distearate; PEG-4 distearate; PEG-6 distearate; PEG-8 distearate; PEG-12 distearate; PEG-20 distearate; PEG-32 distearate; PEG-8 di/triricinoleate; PEG-40 glyceryl cocoate; PEG-12 glyceryl dioleate; PEG-12 glyceryl laurate; PEG-20 glyceryl laurate; PEG-15 glyceryl oleate; PEG-20 glyceryl oleate; PEG-15 glyceryl ricinoleate; PEG-20 glyceryl ricinoleate; PEG-4 laurate; PEG-6 laurate; PEG-20 laurate; PEG-32 laurate; PEG-8 myristate; PEG-20 myristate; PEG-4 octanoate; PEG-4 oleate; PEG-6 oleate; PEG-20 palmitate; PEG/PPG-17/6 copolymer; PEG-8 ricinoleate: PEG-8 sesquilaurate: PEG-8 sesquioleate; PEG-40 sorbitan hexaoleate; PEG-40 sorbitan laurate; PEG-6 sorbitan oleate; PEG-40 sorbitan peroleate; PEG-6 sorbitan stearate; PEG-40 sorbitan stearate; PEG-40 sorbitan tetraoleate; PEG-4 stearate; PEG-6 stearate; PEG-20 stearate; PEG-32 stearate; PEG-100 stearate; PEG-4 tallate; PEG-8 tallate; PEG-14 tallate; PEG-16 tallate; PEG-20 tallate; Pentaerythrityl dioleate; Pentaerythrityl distearate; Pentaerythrityl hydrogenated rosinate; Pentaerythrityl tetracocoate; Pentaerythrityl tetralaurate; Pentaerythrityl tetraoleate; Pentaerythrityl trioleate; Petroleum distillates; Petroleum wax, oxidized; Petrolite® C-3500; o-Phenylphenol; Poloxamer 101; POLYSTEP® A-7; POLY-STEP® A-11; POLYSTEP® A-13; POLYSTEP® A-15; POLYSTEP® A-15-30K; POLYSTEP® A-16; POLYSTEP® A-16-22; POLYSTEP® A-17; POLYSTEP® AE-120; POLYSTEP® AE-307; POLYSTEP® B-3; POLYSTEP® B-5; POLYSTEP® B-7; POLYSTEP® B-11; POLYSTEP® B-20; POLYSTEP® B-22; POLYSTEP® B-23; POLYSTEP® B-24; POLYSTEP® B-330S; POLYSTEP® LAS-50; POLYSTEP® OP-9; Polystix® 90 Resin; Potassium distearyl phosphate; PPG-2-buteth-2; PPG-2-buteth-3; PPG-3-buteth-5; PPG-5buteth-7; PPG-7-buteth-10; PPG-9-buteth-12; PPG-12-buteth-16; PPG-15-buteth-20; PPG-20buteth-30; PPG-24-buteth-27; PPG-26-buteth-26; PPG-28-buteth-35; PPG-33-buteth-45; PPG-18 butyl ether, PPG-30 butyl ether, PPG-17 dioleate; PPG-26 oleate; PPG-36 oleate; Propylene glycol dicaprylate; Propylene glycol dicaprylate/dicaprate; Propylene glycol dicocoate; Propylene glycol dilaurate; Propylene glycol distearate; Propylene glycol myristate; Propylene glycol oleate; Propylene *glycol stearate*; Protectol® PP; Prox®-Amine CE 9122 AL; Pulpsil® 160 C; Pulpsil® 760 E; *PVP*; QEMI BSW 8131; QEMI BSW 8133; QEMI MDF 8019; QEMI MDF 8021; QEMI MDF 8023; QEMI SSDF 8013; Qemiban; Qemidink 8001; Qemidink 8002; Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil; Rapeseed oil triglycerides; Rexfoam 301-A; Rhodacal® DS-10; Rhodapex[®] CO-436; Rhodapon[®] LCP; Rhodapon[®] LSB; Rhodapon[®] SM; Rhodapon[®] UB/E-30; Rhodapon® UB/E-N; Ricebran oil *triglycerides;* Ross Montan Wax; *Shark liver oil; Silicone glycol copolymer;* Silwet® L-7200; Silwet® L-7210; Silwet® L-7220; Silwet® L-7230; Sodium alkyl (C9-C15) benzenesulfonate; Sodium distearyl phosphate; Sodium laureth sulfate; Sodium laureth-12 sulfate; Sodium lauryl sulfate; Sodium lignosulfonate; Sodium petroleum sulfonate; Sodium ophenylphenate; Sodium polynaphthalene

sulfonate; Sodium tridecylbenzene sulfonate; Sorbitol Sol'n. High Mannitol; Sorbitol Sol'n. Noncrystallizing; *Soyamide DEA; Soybean oil triglycerides; Sperm oil triglycerides;* Stanfax 996; Stanfax 997; STEPANOL® LCP; Struktol® TR 044; SULFONIC 100; Sylvatac® 5N; Sylvatac® 40N; Sylvatac® 100NS; Sylvatac® 105NS; Sylvatac® 1100; Sylvatac® 1103; Sylvatac® 2110; Sylvatac® 4083; Sylvatac® 4105; Sylvatac® 4136; Sylvatac® 4203; Sylvatac® 4216; Tallamide DEA; Tall oil triglycerides: Tallowamide DEA: Talloweth-6: Tallow glyceride; Tallow glycerides; T-Det® A126; T-Det® A243; T-Det® A247; T-Det® A249; T-Det® A467; TEA cocoate; TEA-oleate; TEA-stearate; TEGO® Airex 901 W; TEGO® Airex 960; TEGO® Airex 970; TEGO® Antifoam 1-60; TEGO[®] Antifoam 1-62; TEGO[®] Antifoam 2-57; TEGO[®] Antifoam 2-67; TEGO[®] Antifoam 2-80; TEGO® Antifoam 2-82; TEGO® Antifoam 2-89: TEGO® Antifoam 2-92: TEGO® Antifoam 14; TEGO® Antifoam 28; TEGO® Antifoam 81; TEGO® Antifoam 93; TEGO® Antifoam 105; TEGO® Antifoam 200; TEGO® Antifoam 201; TEGO® Antifoam 202; TEGO® Antifoam 793; TEGO® Antifoam 1488; TEGO® Antifoam 3062; TEGO® Antifoam KE 400; TEGO® Antifoam KE 600; TEGO® Antifoam KS 6; TEGO® Antifoam KS 10; TEGO® Antifoam KS 53; TEGO® Antifoam KS 95; TEGO® Antifoam KS 100; TEGO® Antifoam KS 911; TEGO® Antifoam KS 1100; TEGO® Antifoam MR 1000; TEGO® Antifoam MR 1015; TEGO® Antifoam MR 1016; TEGO® Antifoam N; TEGO[®] Antifoam WM 20; TEGO[®] Dispers 740 W; TEGO[®] Foamex 800; TEGO[®] Foamex 805; TEGO® Foamex 810; TEGO® Foamex 815; TEGO® Foamex 825; TEGO® Foamex 835; TEGO® Foamex 1488; TEGO® Foamex 1495; TEGO® Foamex 7447; TEGO® Foamex 8020; TEGO® Foamex 8030; TEGO® Foamex KS 4; TEGO[®] Foamex N; TEGO[®] Glide 100; TEGO[®] Glide 403; TEGO[®] Glide B 1484; TEGO® Glide ZG 400; TEGOPREN® 5803; TEGOPREN® 5852; TEGOPREN® 5863; TEGOPREN® 5884; Tergitol® NP-4; Tergitol® NP-6; Teric™ N9; *Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol*; Tetrasodium EDTA; Tributoxyethyl phosphate; Tributyl phosphate; Trioctyl phosphate; Tristearyl phosphate; Triton® X-15; Triton® X-45; Triton[®] X-100; Triton[®] X-102; Triton[®] X-114; Triton® X-120; Triton® X-305-70%; Triton® X-405-70%; Ucon® 75-H-450; Uni-Tac® 70; Zinc laurate; Zinc rosinate; Zonarez® A-25; Zonester® 25; Zonester® 100 defoamer, papermaking Adekanate B-107F; Adekanol G-683; Advantage® DF 110; Advantage® DF 285; Advantage® M1251 Production Aid; Antarox® 17-R-2; Antarox[®] 25-R-2; Antarox[®] 31-R-1; Britol[®] 6NF; Britol[®] 7NF; Britol[®] 9NF; Britol[®] 20USP; Britol® 35USP; Britol® 50USP; Drewplus® L-108; Emka[®] Defoam BC; Etingal[®] L; Etingal[®] S; Foambreaker; Foamlex 372; Foamlex 711;

Foamlex 747; Foamlex 797; Foamlex E-585K; Foamlex W-315; Foamlex W-320; GP-210 Silicone Antifoam Emulsion; GP-300-I Antifoam Compd.; *Meroxapol 105; PEG-2 laurate*

- defoamer, papermaking: thin paper Foamlex 400; Foamlex 760; Foamlex 770
- defoamer, papermaking: tissues
- Foamlex 760; Foamlex 770
- defoamer, papermaking: toilet rolls Foamlex 760; Foamlex 770
- defoamer, papermaking: wood free paper Foamlex 400
- defoamer, PCA emulsions
- Drewplus[®] Y-125
- defoamer, pigment grinding Propylene glycol myristate

defoamer, pigment slurries Etingal® L defoamer, pigmented paper coatings Geo FM® 1425; Geo FM® VFS defoamer, pigmented systems Agitan[®] 650; Agitan[®] 655 defoamer, pigment-filled paper coatings CNC Defoamer 97 defoamer, pigments Nopco® NDW; Norfox® C-75; Surfynol® 104E; Surfynol® 104PG-50 defoamer, plant effluent systems Advantage® 494 defoamer, polybutadiene Drewplus[®] L-139 defoamer, polymer dispersions Polysiloxane polyether copolymer, TEGO® Foamex 800; TEGO® Foamex 805; TEGO® Foamex 7447 defoamer, polymer emulsions TEGO® Foamex 1488 defoamer, polymer stripping Colloid™ 991 defoamer, polymer synthesis Colloid™ 991 defoamer, polymerization Drewplus® L-198; Nopco® NDW; Silicone emulsions; Sorbitan stearate defoamer, polyvinyl alcohol sol'ns. Agitan[®] 290 defoamer, process Sorbitan tristearate defoamer, process: pulp/paper Unicid™ 350; Unicid™ 425; Unicid™ 550; Unicid[™] 700 Acid defoamer, protein Colloid™ 999; Rhodaterge® BCC defoamer, protein systems Foam Blast 102; Foam Blast 443 defoamer, protein-based coatings Colloid™ 797 defoamer, pulp Agitan[®] 633; Agitan[®] 634; Antispumin[®]; Disfoam C Series; Foamkill® D-1; Foamlex 372; Protocol™ defoamer, pulp bleaching KP-140[®]; Reomol[®] TBP; *Tributoxyethyl* phosphate; Tributyl phosphate defoamer, pulp mill bleaching Advantage® 91WW defoamer, pulp mill brownstock washing operations Advantage® 52-B; Advantage® 52EH Defoamer; Advantage® 52-JS defoamer, pulp mill effluent Hi-Mar DFP-31; Hi-Mar DFP-203; Hi-Mar DFP-205; Hi-Mar DFP-213; Hi-Mar DFP-503 defoamer, pulp mill screen rooms FoamBrake™ JF-2; FoamBrake™ SW-54 M 50; FoamBrake™ WB-40 defoamer, pulp mill screening Advantage® 91WW defoamer, pulp prod. Agitan[®] VP 4/180 defoamer, pulp/paper Actrafoam C; Adekanate B-187; Adekanate B-190; Adekanate B-192: Adekanate B-505: Adekanate B-748A; Adekanate B-925; Adekanate B-940; Adekanate B-970; Adekanate B-988; Adekanate B-1011; Adekanate B-1012; Adekanate B-1015; Adekanate B-1016; Adekanol L-61; Adekanol TR-701; Aerotech®; Agitan® 92-N; Agitan® 94-N; Agitan® B 13; Antarox® EGE 25-2; Chemax DF-10; Chemax DF-10A; Chemax DF-30; Chemax DF-100; CNC Defoamer 403A; Defoamer[™] 230; Defoamer[™] 1418; DeTHOX ACID O-14; *Ethylene distearamide*; Etopol 31-L; Etopol 101-L; Fleetcol; Foamgard® 1332; Foamkill® 400A; Foamkill® 639; Foamkill® 660F; Foamkill® 679; Foamkill® 810F;

Foamkill® 852; Foamkill® MS-1; Foamkill® NSP-1, NSP-3, NSP-4, NSP-5; Glypax 200; Glypax 400; Glypax 600; Glypax 1000; Glypax 3000; Glypax 4000; Glypax 6000; Pluronic® 10R5; Pluronic® L81; Pluronic® L101; Polypax IC; Polypax SMS; Polysynth NDW; Polysynth SD; PPG-66-glycereth-12; Quso® G35, G38, WR55, WR83; Rai-X-Foam; Silicone; Surfonic® POA-25R2; Surfonic® POA-L42; Surfonic® POA-L44; Surfonic® POA-L61; Surfonic® POA-L62; Surfonic® POA-L62LF; Surfonic® POA-L64; Surfonic® POA-L81; Surfonic® POA-L101; Surfonic® POA-LF1; Surfonic® POA-LF2; Surfonic® POA-LF5; Surfonic® POA-S38; Surfonic® TOFA-5; Surfonic® TOFA-6; Surfonic® TOFA-X10; Surfonic® TOFA-20; Teric™ PE 61; Teric™ PE 62; Teric[™] PE 64; Teric[™] PE 68; Teric[™] PE 75; Teric[™] PE 87; Teric[™] T5; Teric[™] T10; Unilin® 425 Alcohol; Webnix 69C; Webnix 1065-3; Webnix 5113; Webnix 5116 defoamer, pulp/paper effluents Defoamer[™] C5B defoamer, pulp/paper machine applics.: brownstock washers De-Airex® defoamer, pulp/paper machines: coating systems De-Airex® defoamer, pulp/paper machines: starch systems De-Airex® defoamer, pulp/paper machines: wastewater treatment De-Airex® defoamer, pulp/paper mill effluent CNC Defoamer 9-W defoamer, pulp/paper mills Spectrum X 6L defoamer, pulp/paper: bleaching Defoamer[™] KCE/S defoamer, pulp/paper: effluent Defoamer™ KCE/S defoamer, pulp/paper: screen room Defoamer™ KCE/S defoamer, pulp-deaeration: paper/board Contraspum 211/2 defoamer, pulp-deaeration: paper/board, foodcontact Contraspum 211/2 defoamer, pulping liquor recovery Adekanate B-556 defoamer, PVA Colloid™ 999; Drewplus® L-131; Drewplus® L-139; Foamkill® 639 defoamer, PVA-acrylic copolymers emulsions Patcote[®] 801 defoamer, PVA-acrylic terpolymer emulsions Patcote® 801 defoamer, PVAc Colloid™ 646; Drewplus® L-108; Drewplus® L-131; Drewplus® L-139; Drewplus® L-175; Drewplus® L-475; Drewplus® Y-601; Foamaster® AP; Foamaster® JMY; Foamaster® VF; Nopco® NDW defoamer, PVAc emulsions Drewplus® L-493; Drewplus® Y-125 defoamer, PVAL Foamaster® V defoamer, PVC Drewplus® L-108; Drewplus® L-139; Drewplus® Y-601; Foamkill® 639; Surfynol® 104E; Surfynol® 104PA; Surfynol® DF-110D; Surfynol® DF-110L defoamer, PVC emulsions Bevaloid 2512; Bevaloid 2514; Bevaloid 6624; Colloid™ 685 defoamer, PVC suspensions Bevaloid 581B; Bevaloid 2514; Bevaloid 6624; Bevaloid 6683

defoamer, PVC/PVdC Foamaster® AP defoamer, PVdC Drewplus[®] L-175; Drewplus[®] L-475 defoamer, recycled fiber furnishes Foam Blast 433C; Foam Blast 433FW defoamer, resin systems Agitan® 633 defoamer, resins Bubreak® 454C; Bubreak® 4400; Bubreak® 4419 defoamer, S/B Foamaster® AP: Foamaster® VF defoamer, SBR Drewplus® L-108; Drewplus® L-131; Drewplus® L-139; Drewplus® L-191; Drewplus® L-523; Drewplus® Y-601; Foamaster® 1320; Foamaster® VF; Nopco® NDW defoamer, SBR emulsions Colloid™ 685; Drewplus® Y-125 defoamer, screen rooms CA 1124XD; FL 1124DD; FL 1124XD; MA 1124B; SM 1124XD defoamer, screening Hi-Mar DFP-213 defoamer, silicone emulsion: industrial applics. Sorbitan stearate defoamer, silicone-free: aq. systems Agitan® 315 defoamer, silicone-free: paper coating colors Agitan® 315 defoamer, size press sol'ns. Advantage® 494; Geo FM® 1425; Geo FM® VF defoamer, size presses Advantage[®] 833 Defoamer; FoamBrake[™] 1697; Geo FM® VFS defoamer, size-protective emulsion: paper Contraspum E 640 defoamer, slurries Mazu[®] DF 210SX defoamer, specialty coatings CNC Defoamer 127; CNC Defoamer 505; CNC Defoamer 546 defoamer, starch coatings Foam Blast 240 defoamer, starch modification Trans-1741 defoamer, starch processing Trans-10; Trans-20; Trans-30 defoamer, starch recovery Trans-1741 defoamer, starch systems Foam Blast 102; Foam Blast 443; QEMI BSW 8131; QEMI BSW 8133; QEMI MDF 8023; QEMI SSDF 8013 defoamer, starch: paper, food-contact Agitan® 281 defoamer, starch: size presses Rexfoam 301-A defoamer, starch-based operations Trans-1741 defoamer, starches AF 60; Colloid™ 985; Colloid™ 999 defoamer, stock Eldorado PA-780; Eldorado Lube-20 defoamer, strong alkaline systems Agitan® 960-R defoamer, styrene-acrylics Drewplus® L-175; Foamaster® AP defoamer, sulfate pulp systems CNC Defoamer 28; CNC Defoamer 226 defoamer, sulfite pulp Afranil® F defoamer, sulfite pulp bleaching Etopol 61-L defoamer, sulfite pulp systems CNC Defoamer 28; CNC Defoamer 226 defoamer, sulfite screen room operations Hi-Mar DFP-203 defoamer, surface-sized sheet

CNC Defoamer 44 Series defoamer, surface-sizing preps. Etingal[®] L defoamer, syn. resin emulsions Adekanate B-187; Adekanate B-190; Adekanate B-192; Adekanate B-505; Adekanate B-556; Adekanate B-748A; Adekanate B-925; Adekanate B-940; Adekanate B-970; Adekanate B-988; Adekanate B-1011; Adekanate B-1012; Adekanate B-1015; Adekanate B-1016 defoamer, syn. soluble polymers Foam Blast 443 defoamer, tissue machines Eldorado DEF-741 defoamer, toweling machines Eldorado DEF-741 defoamer, unpigmented systems Agitan[®] 650; Agitan[®] 655 defoamer, warp sizes Troykyd® D666 defoamer, waste treatment Dimethicone; FoamBrake™ JF-2; FoamBrake™ WB-40; Foamkill® 836B; Foamkill® CMP; Silicone emulsions; Simethicone; Trans-10; Trans-20; Trans-30 defoamer, waste treatment systems Foam Blast 240 defoamer, waste/effluent treatment Advantage® M1251 Production Aid defoamer, wastewater Adekanate B-107F; Adekanate B-187; Adekanate B-190; Adekanate B-192; Adekanate B-505; Adekanate B-748A; Adekanate B-925; Adekanate B-940; Adekanate B-970; Adekanate B-988; Adekanate B-1011; Adekanate B-1012; Adekanate B-1015; Adekanate B-1016; Foamlex 711; QEMI BSW 8131; QEMI BSW 8133; QEMI MDF 8023; QEMI SSDF 8013; Qemiban defoamer, wastewater clarification Antispumin® defoamer, wastewater treatment Agitan[®] 232; Agitan[®] 260; Agitan[®] 301; Agitan[®] 380; Agitan® 731; Agitan® 960-R; DK-100 Nonsilicone Defoamer; FoamBrake™ SW-54 M 50; GP-262 Defoamer; Sag 730 defoamer, wastewater/effluent treatment Agitan® 92-N; Agitan® 94-N defoamer, water cooling towers Foamkill® 660F defoamer, water treatment Burcomul DFE-45; CNC Defoamer 403A; Dimethicone; EO/PO block polymer or copolymer; Ethylene distearamide; Foam Blast 240; PD-23; PEG-4 dilaurate; PEG-8 dioleate; Pegosperse® 400 DOT; Pegosperse® 600 DOT; PEG-12 tallate; Pluronic® 10R5; Pluronic[®] L81: Pluronic[®] L101: *Poloxamer 217*: T-Det® EPO-61; Teric™ 164; Teric™ 165; Teric™ 167; Teric™ 168; Teric™ 170; Teric™ 171; Teric™ 173 defoamer, waterborne coatings Sag 275D; TEGO® Foamex 8020 defoamer, water-dilutable systems Agitan® 650; Agitan® 655 defoamer, water-extended: furnishes CNC Defoamer 297 defoamer, water-extended: paper machines CNC Defoamer 297 defoamer, water-reducible coatings Drewplus® L-419 defoamer, water-reducible emulsion systems Agitan® 731 defoamer, water-reducible systems Troykyd[®] D666; Troykyd[®] D999 defoamer, water-soluble resins Nopco[®] NDW defoamer, water-thinnable systems TEGO® Foamex 805; TEGO® Foamex 1488; TEGO® Foamex 3062

defoamer, waxes Norfox® C-75 defoamer, wet process phosphoric acid Actrasol SP; Sulfated tall oil, sodium salt defoamer, wet-end FoamBrake[™] 1697; FoamBrake[™] JF-2; FoamBrake[™] WB-40 defoamer, wet-end: acid papermaking systems Advantage® 344 Defoamer defoamer, wet-end: alkaline papermaking systems Advantage® 344 Defoamer defoamer, wet-end: pulp mill effluents Advantage® 344 Defoamer defoamer, wet-end: pulp/paper Mazu® DF 204 defoamer, wet-end: wastewater/effluent treatment Advantage® 344 Defoamer defoamer, white paper white water loops QEMI SSDF 8013 defoamer, white water loops QEMI BSW 8131; QEMI BSW 8133 defoamer, wood-free paper Foamlex 372 degreaser Acetone; C9-11 pareth-8; Dodoxynol-4; Sodium phosphate tribasic; Tetrasodium pyrophosphate degreaser, emulsion cleaners Isotrideceth-9 degreaser, paper Isotrideceth-9; Synperonic 10/6-100%; T-Det® C-40; Trylox® 5906 degreaser, pigment dispersions Isotrideceth-9 degreaser, pulp/paper Nonipax AAO; Nonipax OP 10; Nonipax X 100; Nonipax X 150; Paxnol ALES; Paxnol ALS; Paxnol LES; Paxnol PLES; Paxnol PSLS; Paxnol SLS Liq.; Paxnol SLS Powd.; Paxnol SLS Pure; Paxnol TLS; Paxonic CO 40; Paxonic CO 60; Surfonic® DA-4; Surfonic® DA-6; Surfonic® L108/85-5 degreasing DePHOS HP-739 dehydrating agent Butyl alcohol; t-Butyl alcohol; Isopropyl alcohol; Potassium acetate; Sulfuric acid dehydrating agent, chlorine Sulfuric acid dehydration accelerator Methacrylic acid copolymer deinking agent Berocell Displector 210, 213, 5025; Deatron WB; Hartasperse[™] DI-6; Hartasperse[™] SE 6440; Lipotol LH-200; Resolution[™] 5029 deinking agent, coters Qemidink 8002 deinking agent, flotation Hartaflot™ FA-5164; Hartaflot™ FA-7451; Hartaflot™ G-5000; Hartaflot™ P-621; Hartaflot™ SE-6250; Hartaflot™ SE-6400-1; Hartaflot™ SE-6405; Hartaflot™ SE-6500; Hartaflot™ SE-6600; Hartaflot™ SE-6620 deinking agent, flotation process: waste newspaper Lipotol FA deinking agent, flotation systems Hartasperse™ SE 6412; Hartasperse™ SE 7311 deinking agent, flotation: pulp Synthro®-Pon DI 237 deinking agent, flotation: waste paper reproduction Ablupol D1101 deinking agent, flotation: wood-free waste paper Berocell Displector 204; Berocell Displector 5024 deinking agent, ground wood Qemidink 8002 deinking agent, hydropulpers

Qemidink 8002 deinking agent, newsprint GOD-119; Resolution™ 5030; Wetsan™ DI284-1 deinking agent, paper Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206; Aquagel Gold Seal™ 200; Aquagel Gold Seal™ 325; Carbodash 103; Qemidink 8787; T-Det® N-8; T-Det® N-9.5 deinking agent, paper recycling Teric[™] 128 deinking agent, paper stock Eldorado DIC-107 deinking agent, papermaking Eldorado DIC-100; Lionsurf®; SansInk SB 301 deinking agent, pulp Synthro®-Pon DI 215; Synthro®-Sol DC 856 L deinking agent, pulp/paper Adekanol RP-807; Adekanol RP-870; Adekanol RP-882; Nonipax AAO; Nonipax OP 10; Nonipax X 100; Nonipax X 150; Rapisol B-30, B-80, B-90, C-70; Spectrum DI; T-Det® N-6 deinking agent, pulping process Qemidink 8001 deinking agent, reclaimed paper Tonerclean 208, 209 deinking agent, recycled fiber systems ReChem® deinking agent, recycled paper Haritop deinking agent, recycled paper pulp Dequest® 2066 deinking agent, repulping process BRD 2340 deinking agent, starch systems Qemidink 8002 deinking agent, stock: pulping Eldorado DIC-100 deinking agent, wash Hartasperse[™] DI-2609; Hartasperse[™] DI-2805; Hartasperse[™] DI-2915; Hartasperse[™] DI-2920; Hartasperse™ DI-2940; Hartasperse™ DI-3670; Hartasperse™ DI-4670; Hartasperse™ DI-4900 Series; Hartasperse[™] DI-6660 deinking agent, wash: ledger paper Hartasperse™ DI-2710 deinking agent, wash: pulp Synthro®-Pon DI 237 deinking agent, wash: pulp/paper Surfonic® JL-80X; Surfonic® N-85 deinking agent, wash: tissue from recycled mixed office waste Hartasperse™ T-502; Hartasperse™ T-503 deinking agent, wash: white grade paper Hartasperse™ DI-2710 deinking agent, waste newspaper Lipotol LH-900 deinking agent, waste paper Adekanol RP-605D deinking agent, wastewater Qemidink 8002 deinking agent, white leisure paper Lipotol LH-900 deinking agent, white paper grade Surfonic® L24-1280 deinking agent, white paper white water loops Qemidink 8002 deinking agent, wood-free paper Wetsan™ DI284-1 deinking newsprint Tetrasodium pyrophosphate deinking paper DePHOS HP-739; *Methyl lardate*; Tergitol® TMN-3; Teric™ G9A6; Teric™ G9A8 deinking plants Opazil deinking pulp mills Sodium hydroxide deinking pulp/paper Isolaureth-10 deinking tissue

DM-25100-C

- delamination resistance aid, paper saturation: tag stock Nacrylic X 4280; X-Link 2833
- delignification rate improver, white liquors Anthraquinone
- delivery/absorption enhancement
- Coconut (Cocos nucifera) oil delustering agent, cellulose acetate fiber
- Acetone
- delustering agent, fiber

Titanium dioxide demulsifier

Norfox® DCS; Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; PEG/PPG-17/6 copolymer, PEG/PPG-35/9 copolymer, PEG/PPG-125/30 copolymer, Pluronic® 17R2; Poloxamer 101; Poloxamer 105; Poloxamer 108; Poloxamer 122; Poloxamer 123; Poloxamer 124; Poloxamer 181; Poloxamer 182; Poloxamer 183; Poloxamer 184: Poloxamer 185: Poloxamer 188: Poloxamer 212: Poloxamer 215: Poloxamer 231; Poloxamer 234; Poloxamer 235; Poloxamer 237; Poloxamer 238; Poloxamer 282; Poloxamer 284; Poloxamer 288; Poloxamer 331; Poloxamer 333; Poloxamer 334; Poloxamer 335; Poloxamer 338; Poloxamer 401; Poloxamer 402; Poloxamer 403; Poloxamer 407; Poloxamine 701; Poloxamine 1301; Surfonic® DNP-140; Synperonic PE/L61; T-Det® EPO-64L; Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl stearyl sulfosuccinamate; Ucon® 50-HB-55; Ucon® 50-HB-100; Ucon® 50-HB-170; Ucon® 50-HB-260; Ucon® 50-HB-400; Ucon® 50-HB-660; Ucon® 50-HB-2000; Ucon® 50-HB-3520; Ucon® 50-HB-5100; Ucon® 75-H-450; Ucon® 75-H-1400; Ucon® 75-H-9500; Ucon® 75-H-90000; Ucon® LB-65; Ucon® LB-135; Ucon® LB-165; Ucon® LB-285; Ucon® LB-385; Ucon® LB-525; Ucon® LB-625; Ucon® LB-1145; Ucon® LB-1715; Ucon® LB-3000

demulsifier, antistatic additives and coatings Dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride

- demulsifier, elec. conductive paper and coatings
- Dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride
- demulsifier, hydrocarbons
- Benzalkonium chloride: Cocoalkonium chloride demulsifier, paper
- Chemal BP 261; Chemal BP-262; Chemal BP-2101; Nonionic 1044-L; Nonionic 1061-L; Nonionic 1062-L; Nonionic 1064-L; Nonionic 1068-F; Nonionic 1088-F; Pluronic® L10; Tetronic® 90R4

demulsifier, paper machine oils K-Corr® 100A2; K-Corr® 181CA; K-Corr® 182CA demulsifier, papermaking

Antarox[®] 17-R-2; Antarox[®] 25-R-2; Antarox[®] 31-R-1; Poly-Tergent® P-32A

- demulsifier, pulp/paper Nonionic 1025-R; Nonionic 1035-L; Nonionic 2017-R; Nonionic 2025-R; Nonionic 4017-R; Nonionic 4025-R; Nonionic 5025-R; Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68LF Pluronic[®] F77; Pluronic[®] F87; Pluronic[®] F88; Pluronic[®] F98: Pluronic[®] F108: Pluronic[®] F127; Pluronic® L31; Pluronic® L35; Pluronic® L43; Pluronic® L44; Pluronic® L64; Pluronic® P84; Pluronic® P85; Pluronic® P103; Pluronic® P104; Pluronic[®] P105; Pluronic[®] P123; Polyguat PR demulsifier, water treatment
- Dioctyl ammonium sulfosuccinate; Nonionic 1025-R; Nonionic 2017-R; Nonionic 4025-R; Nonionic 5025-R; Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic® F77; Pluronic[®] F87; Pluronic[®] F88; Pluronic[®] F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic® F127; Pluronic® L31; Pluronic® L35; Pluronic® L43; Pluronic®
- L44; Pluronic® L64; Pluronic® P84; Pluronic® P85; Pluronic® P103; Pluronic® P104; Pluronic® P105: Pluronic® P123: Poloxamer 217 demulsifier, wet/dry strength resins Dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride demulsifying formulation component PPG-5-buteth-7 deodorizer, air treatment Carbon, activated deodorizer, formaldehyde: paper coatings Synthro®-Stab TF deodorizer, formaldehyde: paper sticking applics. Synthro®-Stab TF deodorizer, industrial/municipal water/ wastewater Hydrogen peroxide deodorizer, wastewater treatment Carbon, activated deodorizer, water treatment Carbon, activated deodorizer, wood pulp Hydrogen peroxide deposit control agent FeltECCel™ 905 deposit control agent, alkaline papermaking Eldorado PA-742 deposit control agent, kraft digesters Drewfax® 342 deposit control agent, paper: aq./fatty foodcontact Maleic anhydride, polymer with ethyl acrylate and vinyl acetate, hydrolyzed deposit control agent, paperboard Presstige™; Zenix™ deposit control agent, paperboard: aq./fatty food-contact Maleic anhydride, polymer with ethyl acrylate and vinyl acetate, hydrolyzed deposit control agent, papermaking DeTac™ deposit control agent, press section roll treatment Presstige™ deposit control agent, pulp/paper Presstige™; Zenix™ deposit control agent, water treatment Good-Rite[®] K-702 Polymer; Good-Rite[®] K-732 Polymer; Good-Rite[®] K-739 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-752 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-759 Polymer; Good-Řite® K-765 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7028 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7028N Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7058D Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7058N Polymer deposit control agent, wet felts: acid papermaking Eldorado PA-742 deposit control agent, wet felts: papermaking Eldorado PA-700 deposit control agent, wet-end papermaking Ammonium zirconium carbonate; Bacote™ 20; Protec 7A7 deposit inhibitor, pulp/paper mill boiler systems OptiGuard™ depressant, mineral flotation Hydroxyethylcellulose; Hydroxypropylcellulose; Hydroxypropyl guar depressant, viscosity Ammonium naphthalene sulfonate; C20-40 alcohols deresinator, papermaking Berocell 451
- descaling agent
- Pentetic acid; Polyaspartic acid homopolymer, sodium salt, Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate)
- descaling agent, bleaching: pulp/paper Magnabrite

descaling agent, carbonate: paper stock systems Eldorado FCD-5050 descaling agent, deinking: pulp/paper Magnabrite™ descaling agent, inorg. Donlar C-20C; Donlar C-30D descaling agent, polymer processing Zonyl® FSF desiccant Alumina; Calcium sulfate; Silica, amorphous hydrated; Zeolite; Zeolite synthetic desilication, wastewater Magnesium hydroxide desizing agent FeltECCel™ 905; PEG-15 soyamine desliming agent, paper PEG tallate desorbent, processing Hexane detackifier Paracol® 404C detackifier, contaminants: pulp/paper mills Mistron® 100; Mistron® 102 detackifier, cylinder: creped paper Cartaflex® K Liq. detackifier, cylinder: creped tissue Cartaflex® K Liq. detackifier, cylinder: flower wrapping tissue Cartaflex® K Liq. detackifier, cylinder: lightweight paper Cartaflex® K Liq. detackifier, cylinder: one-way carbon paper Cartaflex® K Liq. detackifier, cylinder: paper Cartaflex® RW Liq. detackifier, pitch Prosorb® detackifier, pitch: pulp/paper mills Mistron® 100; Mistron® 102; Mistron® Slurry detackifier, stickies Prosorb® detackifier, stickies: pulp/paper mills Mistron[®] 100; Mistron[®] 102; Mistron[®] Slurry detergent Adekanol RP-605D; Adekanol RP-807; Adekanol RP-870; Adekanol RP-882; Alkanol® 189-S; Ammonium oleate; Arizona DR-22; Benzalkonium chloride: Burco® Imidazoline O: Burco® Imidazoline T; Ceteareth-2; Ceteareth-5; Ceteareth-20; Ceteareth-50; Ceteth-20; Cetyl betaine; Chemax DNP-8; Chemax DNP-15; Chemax DNP-150; Coco-betaine; C9-11 pareth-8; C10-12 pareth-5; C12-14 pareth-9; C12-15 pareth-12; C12-18 pareth-7; C13-15 pareth-9; Deceth-4; Deceth-4 phosphate; DeIONIC LF-EP-20; DeIONIC LF-EP-30; DeIONIC OPE-5; Dicocodimonium chloride; Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Empilan® KA5; Empilan® KA5/90; Empilan® KA8/80; Empilan® KA10/80; EO/PO block polymer or copolymer; Ethyl hydroxymethyl oleyl oxazoline; Geropon[®] 99; Geropon[®] T-33; Geropon® T-43; Geropon® T-51; Igepal® CO-530; Isolaureth-6; Isolaureth-10; Isoundeceth-3; Isoundeceth-6; Isoundeceth-9; Isoundeceth-12; Laureth-3: Myristalkonium chloride: Nonoxynol-1; Nonoxynol-2; Nonoxynol-3; Nonoxynol-4; Nonoxynol-5; Nonoxynol-6; Nonoxynol-7; Nonoxynol-8; Nonoxynol-9; Nonoxynol-10; Nonoxynol-11; Nonoxynol-12; Nonoxynol-13; Nonoxynol-14; Nonoxynol-18; Nonoxynol-20; Nonoxynol-23; Nonoxynol-25; Nonoxynol-30; Nonoxynol-40; Nonoxynol-50; Nonoxynol-55; Nonoxynol-60; Nonoxynol-70; Nonoxynol-100; Nonoxynol-9 phosphate; Octadecenyl succinic anhydride; Octoxynol; Octoxynol-1; Octoxynol-3; Octoxynol-5; Octoxynol-7; Octoxynol-9; Octoxynol-10; Octoxynol-11; Octoxynol-12;

Octoxynol-13; Octoxynol-16; Octoxynol-20;

detergent aid, pigment grinding

Octoxynol-30; Octoxynol-40; Octoxynol-70; Oleth-3; Oleth-18; Oleth-23; Oleth-40; Persoft NK-60, NK-100; Poloxamer 105; Poloxamer 108; Poloxamer 122; Poloxamer 123; Poloxamer 124; Poloxamer 181; Poloxamer 182; Poloxamer 183; Poloxamer 184; Poloxamer 185; Poloxamer 188; Poloxamer 212; Poloxamer 215; Poloxamer 231; Poloxamer 234; Poloxamer 235; Poloxamer 237; Poloxamer 238; Poloxamer 282; Poloxamer 284; Poloxamer 288; Poloxamer 331: Poloxamer 333: Poloxamer 334: Poloxamer 335; Poloxamer 338; Poloxamer 401; Poloxamer 402; Poloxamer 403; Poloxamer 407; Poloxamine 701; Poloxamine 1301; PPG-7-buteth-10; Sabofos PP 75; Sodium butyl oleate sulfonate; Sodium methyl tall oil acid taurate; Sodium oleic sulfate; Sodium tallow sulfate; Steareth-2; Stearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Surfonic® JL-80X; Synperonic OP10; Trideceth-2; Trideceth-7; Trideceth-15; Trideceth-20; Triton® X-305-70%; Triton® X-405-70%; Trycol® 6970; Undeceth-7 detergent aid, pigment grinding Propylene glycol myristate detergent aid, waxes Propylene glycol myristate detergent polymer Acrylates copolymer detergent, ABS Arizona DRS-40; Arizona DRS-42; Arizona DRS-43; Sodium rosinate detergent, ABS polymerization Potassium rosinate detergent, acrylate polymerization Abex® 18S; Abex® 22S detergent, alkaline Monafax 1214 detergent, alkaline cleaners Aerosol® 18 detergent, aq. systems C12-14 pareth-17; C12-14 pareth-22; Surfonic® L12-2.6; Surfonic[®] L24-5; Surfonic[®] L24-17; Surfonic® L24-22; Surfonic® LF-17 detergent, bleach stabilization Briquest® 543-45AS detergent, bleaching Rhodafac® BG-510 detergent, bleaching operations Atlas EMJ-C detergent, butadiene polymerization Abex® 18S detergent, coatings Ammonium lauryl sulfate; DeIONIC 100-VLF; Diethanolamine; PEG-25 stearamine; Triton® X-102; Triton® X-165-70% detergent, dispersions Lutensol® TO 3; Lutensol® TO 5; Lutensol® TO 6; Lutensol® TO 7; Lutensol® TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389 detergent, dust control Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo CS50; Volpo L3 detergent, emulsion polymers Antarox® PGP 18-2LF detergent, emulsions Lutensol® TO 3; Lutensol® TO 5; Lutensol® TO 6; Lutensol® TO 7; Lutensol® TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389 detergent, felt: paper machines Ablupol FD101 detergent, felt: papermaking process Niccasunclean FP-100; Niccasunclean TA detergent, fiber lubricants Tergitol® 15-S-12; Triton® XL-80N detergent, industrial cleaners Isodeceth-6 detergent, low-foaming Pluronic® 25R2 detergent, low-foaming: paper Dodoxvnol-10

detergent, low-foaming: pulp/paper Pluronic® L61; Pluronic® L62; Pluronic® L62D detergent, low-foaming: water treatment Pluronic® L61; Pluronic® L62; Pluronic® L62D detergent, oil-based systems Isopropylamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate detergent, oils Ceteareth-15 detergent, paper Ablunol NP9; Alcodet® SK; Alkamuls® EL-620; Alkaterge®-E; Atlas EMJ-C; Carsonon® TD-10; Chemax DNP-18: Chemax DNP-150/50: Chemax NP-1.5; Chemax NP-4; Chemax NP-6; Chemax NP-9; Chemax NP-10; Chemax NP-15; Chemax NP-20; Chemax NP-30; Chemax NP-30/70; Chemax OP-10; Chemax OP-30/70; Chimin P40; Chimin P45; DeSonic™ 4N; DeSonic™ 9N; DeSonic™ 10N; DeSonic™ 11N; DeSonic[™] 13N; Iconol NP-6; Iconol NP-8; Iconol NP-9; Iconol NP-10; Iconol NP 14; Igepal® CA-620; Igepal® CO-630; Igepal® CO-630/EP; Igepal® CO-660; Igepal® CO-710; Igepal® CO-720; Igepal® DM-710; Igepal® DM-720; Igepal® DM-710; Igepal® DM-730; Igepal® DM-970 FLK; Isodeceth-4; Isodeceth-6; Isotrideceth-9; Laureth-8; Laureth-9; MAKON® 4; MAKON® 6; MAKON® 8; MAKON® 10; MAKON® 12; MAKON® 14; MAKON® 30; MAKON® NP-5570; Merpol® HCS; Merpol® SH; NACCONOL® 40G; NACCONOL® 90G; Nonionic 1044-L; Nonionic 1061-L; Nonionic 1062-L; Nonionic 1064-L; Nonionic 1068-F; Nonionic 1088-F; *Nonoxynol*-15; Nonoxynol-20; Nonyl nonoxynol-15; Nonyl nonoxynol-18; Nonyl nonoxynol-24; Nonyl nonoxynol-150; Oxetal 500/85; Oxetal D 104; Oxetal ID 104; Oxetal O 108; Oxetal O 112; Oxetal TG 111; Oxetal TG 118; PEG-25 stearamine; Plonon 102; Plonon 104; Plonon 201; Plonon 204; Plonon 208; Pluronic® L10; Propetal 99; Propetal 241; Stafoam F; Stafoam FK; Surfonic® LF-17; Surfonic® LF-37 Syntergent K; T-Det® DD-10; Tergitol® 15-S-7; Tergitol[®] 15-S-9; Tergitol[®] 15-S-12; Teric[™] 13A9; Tetronic® 150R1; Trideceth-10; Trideceth-18; Triton® X-45; Ufaryl DL 80 CW; Ufaryl DL 85; Ufaryl DL 90 C detergent, paper coatings Lauramine oxide; Monawet MM-80 detergent, paper contaminants: press felts Eldorado FCD-141 detergent, paper deinking Igepal® CO-610; Metso Beads® 2048; Metso Pentabead® 20; Synperonic 91/6; Synperonic 91/8; Synperonic 91/8T; Tergitol® Min-Foam 1X; Tergitol® Min-Foam 2X; Tergitol® TMN-10; Triton® XL-80N detergent, paper deresination Rhodafac® BG-510 detergent, paper felt washing Surmax[®] CS-504; Surmax[®] CS-515; Surmax[®] CS-521; Surmax[®] CS-522; Surmax[®] CS-555; Surmax® CS-586 detergent, paper reclamation Synperonic A9; Synperonic A11 detergent, paper separation: PET recycling systems Rhodaterge® PRC detergent, paper stock deinking D® Sodium Silicate; K® Sodium Silicate; N® Clear Sodium Silicate; N® Sodium Silicate; O® Sodium Silicate; Star® Sodium Silicate; Stixso® RR detergent, paper towels Hyonic® PE-100; Trycol® 5941 detergent, paper: food-contact Sodium octyl sulfate detergent, papermaking Alkasurf® CO-630; Alkasurf® CO-710; Alkasurf® CO-720; Antarox® 25-R-2; Antarox® 31-R-1; Hyonic® PE-90; Sipol LAL-7; Synperonic

Synperonic OP11; Triton® DF-16; Triton® X-102; Triton® X-114; Triton® X-165-70%; Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo CS50; Volpo L3 detergent, pigment dispersants DeMOX CAPO; DeMOX LAO detergent, pigment dispersions Isotrideceth-9; Texapon® VHC Needles detergent, pigment grinding DeIONIC 100-VLF detergent, pigment/resin wet milling PEG-5 tallate; Teric™ T5; Teric™ T10 detergent, pigments Lutensol® TO 3; Lutensol® TO 5; Lutensol® TO 6; Lutensol® TO 7; Lutensol® TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389 detergent, polymer dispersions Texapon[®] VHC Needles detergent, polymeric coatings Rhodapon® LSB detergent, pulp bleaching Metso Beads® 2048; Metso Pentabead® 20 detergent, pulp processing C12-16 pareth-1; C12-16 pareth-2; C12-16 pareth-3; C12-16 pareth-5; C12-16 pareth-6; C12-16 pareth-7; C12-16 pareth-8; C12-16 pareth-11 detergent, pulp/paper Adekahope DES-3025; Adekahope DS-25; Adekahope HAN-40; Adekahope LS-35; Adekahope LS-90; Adekahope LST; Adekahope MS-30C; Adekahope MS-90P; Adekahope NES-60N; Adekahope SAN-40PD; Adekahope TR-45; Adekahope YES-25; Adekanol 25R-1; Adekanol 25R-2; Adekanol B-608; Adekanol B-713; Adekanol B-714; Adekanol B-722; Adekanol B-733; Adekanol B-750; Adekanol B-762; Adekanol B-786; Adekanol B-795; Adekanol B-797; Adekanol B-2020; Adekanol B-2030; Adekanol B-4001; Adekanol B-4009; Adekanol F-68; Adekanol F-88; Adekanol F-108; Adekanol F-127; Adekanol L-31; Adekanol L-34; Adekanol L-44; Adekanol L-61; Adekanol L-62; Adekanol L-64; Adekanol L-71; Adekanol L-72: Adekanol L-101: Adekanol L-121: Adekanol L-122; Adekanol P-84; Adekanol P-85; Adekanol P-103; Adekatol SO-105; Adekatol SO-120; Adekatol SO-135; Adekatol SO-145; Adekatol SO-160; Alcodet® 218; Alcodet® 260; Briquest® 543-45AS; C12-14 pareth-17; C12-14 pareth-22; DeIONIC 100-VLF; DeSonic™ 6T; Igepal[®] CA-520; Igepal[®] CO-610; Lutensol[®] TO 3; Lutensol® TO 5; Lutensol® TO 6; Lutensol® TO 7; Lutensol® TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389; Nonionic 1025-R; Nonionic 1035-L; Nonionic 2017-R; Nonionic 2025-R; Nonionic 4017-R; Nonionic 4025-R: Nonionic 5025-R: Nonipax AAO; Nonipax OP 10; Nonipax X 100; Nonipax X 150; Nonyl nonoxynol-70; Oleyl alcohol; Paxnol ALES; Paxnol ALS; Paxnol LES Paxnol PLES; Paxnol PSLS; Paxnol SLS Lig.; Paxnol SLS Powd.; Paxnol SLS Pure; Paxnol TLS; Pluronic® L62LF; Pluronic® L81; Pluronic[®] L92; Pluronic[®] L101; Pluronic[®] L121; Steareth-10; Steareth-20; Surfonic® DA-4: Surfonic® DA-6: Surfonic® L12-2.6: Surfonic® L24-5; Surfonic® L24-17; Surfonic® L24-22; Surfonic® L28-890; Surfonic® L108/85-5; Surfonic® N-70; Surfonic® N-110; Surfonic® N-500; Surfonic[®] NB-1007; Teric[™] N6; Teric[™] N8; Teric[™] N11; Teric[™] N30L; Trideceth-3; Trideceth-6; Trideceth-9; Trideceth-12 detergent, pulp/paper deinking Tergitol® 15-S-5 detergent, pulp/paper processing Alfonic® 1012-5.5; Sipol NP-10 detergent, pulping Rhodafac® BG-510 detergent, resins

OP7.5; Synperonic OP8; Synperonic OP10.5;

Coconut (Cocos nucifera) oil; Epoxy resin; Ethyl

acetate; Exxsol® D 40; Exxsol® D 60;

Exxsol® D 80; Exxsol® D 110; Sodium

chloride: Water

diluent, board

diluent, color

PD-25; PD-28

Isodeceth-6 detergent, surface treatment Lutensol[®] TO 3; Lutensol[®] TO 5; Lutensol[®] TO 6; Lutensol[®] TO 7; Lutensol[®] TO 8; Lutensol[®] TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389 detergent, suspension polymerization Monawet MM-80 detergent, syn. elastomers Arizona DRS-40; Arizona DRS-42; Arizona DRS-43 detergent, vinyl acetate polymerization Abex® 18S: Abex® 22S detergent, water treatment Briquest® 543-45AS; C12-14 pareth-17; C12-14 pareth-22; Monawet MM-80; Nonionic 1025-R; Nonionic 2017-R; Nonionic 4025-R; Nonionic 5025-R; Pluronic[®] L62LF; Pluronic[®] L81; Pluronic® L101; Pluronic® L121; Surfonic® L12-2.6; Surfonic® L24-5; Surfonic® L24-17; Surfonic® L24-22; Tergitol® 15-S-3; Tergitol® 15-S-5; Tergitol® 15-S-7; Tergitol® 15-S-9; Tergitol® 15-S-12; Tergitol® Min-Foam 2X; Tergitol® TMN-10; Triton® XL-80N detergent, waxes Ceteareth-15; Isodeceth-6 detergent, wood pulp/paper PEG-6 isolauryl thioether, PEG-10 isolauryl thioether detoxicant, paper PVP K-15; PVP K-15 Sol'n.; PVP K-30; PVP K-60 Sol'n.; PVP K-90; PVP K-90 Sol'n.; PVP K-120 developer, paper: heat-sensitive BPS-24; BPS-P; 2,4 - Dihydroxydiphenyl sulfone developer, paper: thermal print DPG dewatering agent Agequat C1405; Agequat C3204; Imidazoline 18 DA; Imidazoline 180H; Imidazoline SOH; Oleic amidoethylimidazoline; Perglutin® K 418; Polymin® PR 971 L; Tylose® C-G1 dewatering agent, acidic papermaking Hanwet HCD-31 dewatering agent, alkaline papermaking Hanwet HCD-31 dewatering agent, fiber: paper Agefloc PC20HV; Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206 dewatering agent, filter cake C9-11 pareth-6; C13-15 pareth-3; Isotrideceth-7; Teric™ 13A7; Teric™ G9A6 dewatering agent, flotation concs. Geropon® DOS dewatering agent, industrial slurries Amerfloc® 285 dewatering agent, lime mud Surfonic® DOS-70MS; Unidri™ 4717; Unidri™ P-0820 dewatering agent, papermaking Secoren[™]-VE dewatering agent, pulp/paper Percol® 368; Percol® 370; Percol® 402; Percol® 403; Percol® 406; Percol® 710; Percol® 712; Percol® 721; Percol® 722; Percol® 728; Percol® 734; Percol® 736; Percol® 737 Percol® 737HL; Percol® 742; Percol® 744; Percol® 745; Percol® 747; Percol® 748; Percol® 750: Percol® 751: Percol® 753: Percol[®] 755; Percol[®] 757; Percol[®] 759; Percol® 763; Percol® 764; Percol® 765; Percol® 766; Percol® 767; Percol® 775; Percol® 775 FS25; Percol® 775 FS40; Percol® 778; Percol® 778 FS25; Percol® 778 FS40; Percol® 780; Percol® 787; Percol® 788N; Percol® 790; Percol® 919; Percol® E24 dewatering agent, secondary: waste treatment Percol® 368; Percol® 370; Percol® 402; Percol® 403; Percol® 406; Percol® 710; Percol® 712; Percol® 721; Percol® 722; Percol® 728; Percol® 734; Percol® 736; Percol® 737;

Percol® 737HL; Percol® 742; Percol® 744;

Percol® 745; Percol® 747; Percol® 748; Percol® 750; Percol® 751; Percol® 753; Percol® 755; Percol® 757; Percol® 759; Percol[®] 763; Percol[®] 764; Percol[®] 765; Percol® 766; Percol® 767; Percol® 775; Percol® 775 FS25; Percol® 775 FS40; Percol® 778; Percol® 778 FS25; Percol® 778 FS40; Percol® 780; Percol® 787; Percol® 788N; Percol® 790; Percol® 919; Percol® E24 dewatering agent, sludge Bufloc[®] 5551; Bufloc[®] 5554; Novus[™]; Polymin[®] KE 78 PF; Polymin[®] KE 84; *Polyquaternium-7* dewatering agent, sludge: industrial water treatment Qemifloc 8086 dewatering agent, sludge: paper mill effluent treatment Qemifloc 8086 dewatering agent, sludge: papermaking Agequat C505 dewatering agent, sludge: papermaking water treatment Agefloc B4508P dewatering agent, sludge: pulp/paper Pura-Chem® dewatering agent, sludge: water treatment, paper Agefloc A4506; Agefloc A4510 dewatering agent, vacuum filtration of minerals Unidri™ M-40 dewatering agent, waste sludges Agefloc A50HV-P; Agefloc A50LV-P; Agefloc A50-P; Agefloc B50-P dewatering agent, wastewater clarification Amerfloc® 285 dewatering agent, water treatment Percol[®] 368; Percol[®] 370; Percol[®] 402; Percol[®] 403; Percol® 406; Percol® 710; Percol® 712; Percol® 721; Percol® 722; Percol® 728; Percol® 734; Percol® 736; Percol® 737; Percol® 737HL; Percol® 742; Percol® 744; Percol® 745; Percol® 747; Percol® 748; Percol® 750; Percol® 751; Percol® 753; Percol® 755; Percol® 757; Percol® 759; Percol® 763; Percol® 764; Percol® 765; Percol® 766; Percol® 767; Percol® 775; Percol® 775 FS25; Percol® 775 FS40; Percol® 778; Percol® 778 FS25; Percol® 778 FS40; Percol® 780; Percol® 787; Percol® 788N; Percol® 790; Percol® 919; Percol® E24 dewatering agent, wet-end furnishes Topcat[™] Cationic Additive dewatering, sludge Ferric chloride dewebber Surfynol® DF-37 dewebber, pulp/paper Webnix FreeSil 581; Webnix FreeSil 622; Webnix FreeSil 642; Webnix FreeSil A; Webnix FreeSil B; Webnix FreeSil C; Webnix FreeSil G; Webnix FreeSil H dewebber, wastewater treatment Webnix FreeSil 581; Webnix FreeSil 622; Webnix FreeSil 642; Webnix FreeSil A; Webnix FreeSil B; Webnix FreeSil C; Webnix FreeSil G; Webnix FreeSil H diazo compound, light-sensitive: reproductive paper coatings p-Diazodiphenylamine sulfate digester additive, alkali consumption reduction Diag 60; Fleetquest 8800 digester additive, papermaking Fleetquest QH-37 digester additive, pulp yield improvement Diaq 60; Fleetquest 8800 digester additive, pulping Fleetquest 8009 diluent

Acetic acid; Cetyl alcohol; Naphtha; Polysorbate 80: PVP diluent, epoxy resin Trimethylolpropane triglycidyl ether diluent, fiber lubricants PD-25; PD-28 diluent, nonreactive epoxy resin Dibutyl phthalate; s-Dioctyl phthalate; Nonylphenol, Pine (Pinus palustris) oil diluent, overprint varnishes Polyester acrylate resin diluent, paper Micro-Cel® T-26; Micro-Cel® T-49; PD-23; PD-25; PD-28 diluent, paper coatings Ebecryl® 2047; Polyester acrylate resin diluent, paper upgrading Ebecryl® 2047; Polyester acrylate resin diluent, paperboard Micro-Cel® T-26; PD-23 diluent, plastic coatings Polyester acrylate resin diluent, polymer processing Vista LPA-142 diluent, reactive Diallyl phthalate; EPON® Resin 826; 2-(2-Ethoxyethoxy) ethyl acrylate; Glycidyl methacrylate; Methoxy tripropylene glycol acrylate; Methyl methacrylate; Mhoromer® BM 903; Mhoromer® BM 905; Mhoromer® BM 923; Mhoromer® BM 951; Mhoromer® BM 955; PEG-4 diacrylate; PEG-8 diacrylate; Photomer® 8061; Propylene carbonate; SR 379 diluent, reactive: coatings Isodecyl acrylate; 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane triacrylate; V-Cap™/RC diluent, reactive: lacquers 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate; Isodecyl acrylate; Pentaerythrityl tetraacrylate; Pentaerythrityl triacrylate diluent, reactive: paper V-Cap™/RC diluent, reactive: paper coatings SR 506 diluent, reactive: peroxide cures SR 395 diluent, reactive: radiation cures Mhoromer® AM 414; Mhoromer® AM 438; SR 395 diluent, reactive: radiation-cured coatings 2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate; Isobornyl acrylate; Isobornyl methacrylate; 2-Phenoxyethyl acrylate; PPG-3 diacrylate; N-Vinyl-2caprolactam diluent, water treatment PD-23 disinfectant Alcohol; Barquat® MB-50; t-Butyl alcohol; Calcium hydrogen sulfite; Calcium hydroxide; p-Chloro-m-cresol; Cocotrimonium chloride; Didecyldimonium chloride; Disodium EDTA; 2-Ethylhexanol; Ferric chloride; Formaldehyde; Formic acid; Glyoxal; Magnesium chloride; Myristalkonium chloride; Paraformaldehyde; Pine (Pinus palustris) oil; Protectol® GL 40; Protectol® KLC 50; Sodium bisulfate; Sodium o-phenylphenate disinfectant, cooling towers Protectol® GDA disinfectant, cooling water systems Sanibrom™ 40; Sanibrom™ 45

disinfectant, once-thru cooling water systems Stabrom® 909 disinfectant, paper Alkaquat® DMB-451-50, DMB-451-80; Nipacide® OPP; Protectol® GDA; Varicid BCD disinfectant, plant wastes Drewchlor® disinfectant, pulp/paper Paxgard BK 20; Paxgard BKC; Paxgard EM; Stearalkonium chloride disinfectant, pulp/paper mills Sanibrom™ 40; Sanibrom™ 45; Stabrom® 909 disinfectant, recirculating cooling water systems Stabrom® 909 disinfectant, wastewater Chlorine dioxide; Stabrom® 909 disinfectant, wastewater systems Sanibrom[™] 40; Sanibrom[™] 45 disinfectant, water treatment Ozone; Sodium chlorite disinfection, water Bromine disinfection, water treatment Diatomaceous earth dispersant Acumer® 9000; Acumer® 9141; Acumer® 9400; Acumer® 9460; Aerosol® MA-80; Alfonic® 1412-9; Aluminasol 100; Aluminasol 200; Antarox® PGP 23-7; Behenyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Behenyl methacrylate; Blemmer BMA; Blemmer EHMA; Blemmer IBMA; Blemmer VMA; Busperse® 39; Butyl *methacrylate; Calcium lignosulfonate;* Calnox[®] 214; Calnox[®] 214 DN; Carboset[®] 514A; Carboset® 514H; Carboset® 515; Carboset® 525; Carboset® 531; Ceteareth-2; Ceteareth-18; Ceteareth-20; Cetoleth-8; Cetoleth-10; Cetoleth-25; Cetrimonium chloride; Cetyl betaine; C13-14 isoparaffin; Citric acid; Cocotrimonium chloride; C9-11 pareth-3; C9-11 pareth-6; C9-11 pareth-8; C9-11 pareth-12; C10-12 pareth-5; C12-14 pareth-5; C12-14 pareth-9; C12-15 pareth-3; C12-15 pareth-5; C12-15 pareth-6; C12-15 pareth-10; C13-15 pareth-20; C16-18 pareth-80; Crillet 1 NF; Daxad® 15; Deceth-4 phosphate; DeMULS SML; Dequest® 2006; DeTHOX ACID O-9; DeTHOX ACID O-16; Dimethicone copolyol; Disponil® O 250; Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Empilan® KA3; Empilan® KA5; Empilan® KA5/90; Empilan® KA8/80; Empilan® KA10/80; Empiphos STP; Empiphos STP/1L; Empiphos STP/1P; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/D; Empiphos STP/D16; Empiphos STP/DMST; Empiphos STP/E; Empiphos STP/L16; Empiphos STP/M; Empiphos STP/MST; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/P; 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate; Hexyldecanol; Hydrogenated tallow glycerides; 2-Hydroxy 3methacryl oxypropyl trimoniumchloride; Imidazoline 18OH; Isobutyl methacrylate; Isolaureth-6; Isopar® M; Isotrideceth-9; Isoundeceth-3; Isoundeceth-6; Isoundeceth-9; Isoundeceth-12; Lecithin; Lignosite® AC; Lomar® LS-1; Methylcellulose; MIPAdodecylbenzenesulfonate; Monawet MT-70; Monawet SNO-35; Nonoxynol-1; Nonoxynol-2; Nonoxynol-3; Nonoxynol-4; Nonoxynol-5; Nonoxynol-6; Nonoxynol-7; Nonoxynol-8; Nonoxynol-9; Nonoxynol-10; Nonoxynol-11; Nonoxynol-12; Nonoxynol-13; Nonoxynol-14; Nonoxynol-18; Nonoxynol-20; Nonoxynol-23; Nonoxynol-25; Nonoxynol-30; Nonoxynol-40; Nonoxynol-50; Nonoxynol-55; Nonoxynol-60; Nonoxynol-70; Nonoxynol-100; Nonyl nonoxynol-16; Nonyl nonoxynol-30; Octoxynol-1; Octoxynol-3; Octoxynol-5; Octoxynol-7; Octoxynol-9; Octoxynol-10; Octoxynol-11; Octoxynol-12; Octoxynol-13; Octoxynol-16;

Octoxynol-20; Octoxynol-30; Octoxynol-40; Octoxynol-70; Oleic amidoethylimidazoline; Oleth-3; Oleth-5; Oleth-15; Oleth-18; Oleth-23; Paxogen LAO; Paxonic CO 40; Paxonic CO 60; PEG castor oil; PEG-5 castor oil; PEG-8 castor oil; PEG-15 castor oil; PEG-6 dilaurate; PEG-8 dilaurate; PEG-20 dilaurate; PEG-32 dilaurate; PEG-6 dioleate; PEG-20 dioleate; PEG-32 dioleate; PEG-20 distearate; PEG-32 distearate; PEG-8 ditallate; PEG-12 ditallate; PEG-20 glyceryl laurate; PEG-20 glyceryl oleate; PEG-15 glyceryl ricinoleate; PEG-75 lanolin; PEG-2 laurate SE; PEG-4 laurate; PEG-8 laurate; PEG-12 laurate; PEG-32 laurate; PEG-6M; PEG-7M; PEG-9M; PEG-14M; PEG-23M; PEG-45M; PEG-90M; PEG-115M; PEG-4 oleate; PEG-12 oleate; PEG-16 oleate; PEG-20 oleate; PEG-32 oleate; PEG-75 oleate; PEG-200 oleate; PEG-80 sorbitan laurate; PEG-2 soyamine; PEG-20 stearamine; PEG-30 stearamine; PEG-8 stearate; PEG-32 stearate; Pentasodium diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonate; Pentasodium ethylene diamine tetramethylene phosphonate; Petrolatum; 2-Phosphono butane tricarboxylic acid-1,2,4; Pluronic® 17R2; Pluronic® P-2000; Poloxamer 101; Poloxamer 105; Poloxamer 108; Poloxamer 122; Poloxamer 123; Poloxamer 124; Poloxamer 181; Poloxamer 182; Poloxamer 183; Poloxamer 184; Poloxamer 185: Poloxamer 188: Poloxamer 212; Poloxamer 215; Poloxamer 231; Poloxamer 234; Poloxamer 235; Poloxamer 237; Poloxamer 238; Poloxamer 282; Poloxamer 284; Poloxamer 288; Poloxamer 331: Poloxamer 333: Poloxamer 334: Poloxamer 335; Poloxamer 338; Poloxamer 401; Poloxamer 402; Poloxamer 403; Poloxamer 407; Polyethylene, low-density; Polysorbate 20; Polyvinyl acetate; Polywet® WTC 6512; Potassium castorate; Potassium lignosulfonate; Propylene glycol stearate; Rhodacal® 3594; Rhodacal® DS/4-E25; Rhodapon® UB/E-30; Rhodapon® UB/E-N; Servoxyl® VPNZ 7/100; Silwet® L-7200; Silwet® L-7210; Silwet® L-7230; Sodium methyl oleoyl taurate; Sodium octoxynol-2 ethane sulfonate; Sodium xylenesulfonate; Sorbitan tristearate; Steareth-2; Stearic acid; Steartrimonium chloride; Stearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Struktol® TR 121; Styrene/MA copolymer, sodium salt; Sulfated castor oil; Sulfated peanut oil; Surfonic® CO-15; Surfonic® CO-20; Surfonic® CO-25; Surfonic® CO-30; Surfonic® CO-42; Surfonic® JL-80X; Tamol[®] 808; TEGO[®] Dispers 740 W; Teric[™] 16M10; Teric™ 18M2; Teric™ 18M5; Teric™ 18M10; Teric™ 18M20; Teric™ 18M30; Teric™ G9A6; Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate; Trideceth-4; Trideceth-7; Trideceth-20; Trycol® 6970; Trycol® 6984; Ucarfloc® Polymer 300; Ucarfloc[®] Polymer 302; Ucarfloc[®] Polymer 304; Ucarfloc[®] Polymer 309; Urea; Zeolite; Zinc rosinate dispersant, ABS polymerization Potassium rosinate dispersant, acrylate emulsion polymerization Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate dispersant, acrylates Avirol® SL 2010 dispersant, adhesion promoters Polypropylene dispersant, alkaline cleaners Aerosol® 18 dispersant, alkaline deinking systems: papermaking Sansperse™ WTC

- dispersant, anionic
- 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid dispersant, aq. coatings

PEG-1.3 tetramethyl decynediol dispersant, aq. systems

C12-14 pareth-17; C12-14 pareth-22; C16-18 pareth-16; C16-18 pareth-22; C16-18 pareth-29; Daxad® 37LN10-35; Isopropylamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate; Nopcosant® L; PEG hydrogenated castor oil; Surfonic® L12-2.6; Surfonic® L24-5; Surfonic® L24-17; Surfonic® L24-22; Surfynol® 104NP; TEGOPREN® 5852; Troysperse W

dispersant, bleaching

- Atlas EMJ-C: Freedom SCO-50: Freedom SCO-70; Freedom SCO-75; Freedom SCO-75K; Rhodafac[®] BG-510
- dispersant, butadiene emulsion polymerization
- Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate
- dispersant, calcium carbonate
- Acumer® 2100; Polysodium vinyl sulfonate dispersant, calcium carbonate dispersions
- Harol D dispersant, calcium carbonate slurries: papermaking
- . Darvan® 811
- dispersant, calcium carbonate: board coatings Esi-Cryl[™] 1056
- dispersant, calcium carbonate: corrugated coatings
- Esi-Cryl™ 1056
- dispersant, calcium carbonate: newsprint coatings Esi-Cryl™ 1056
- dispersant, calcium carbonate: paper coatings Esi-Cryl™ 1056
- dispersant, carbon black
- Harol D; Tamol® 819
- dispersant, carbon black: gypsum slurries Lomar® PWA Liq.
- dispersant, carbonless paper microcapsules Acrylidone® Resins
- dispersant, casein
- Triethanolamine
- dispersant, chemical pulping
- Aquaprox® TD 1100; Dilurit 853 T dispersant, chemical specialties
- Ammonium lauryl sulfate
- dispersant, clay
- Tall oil hydroxyethyl imidazoline
- dispersant, clay dispersions Daxad® 16; Harol D
- dispersant, clay slurries: paper coatings
- Daxad® 37LN7 dispersant, clay slurries: papermaking
- Darvan® 7; Darvan® 811
- dispersant, clay: board coatings Esi-Cryl™ 1056
- dispersant, clay: corrugated coatings Esi-Cryl™ 1056
- dispersant, clay: newsprint coatings Esi-Cryl™ 1056
- dispersant, clay: paper Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid; Ammonium polymethacrylate; PEG-16 castor oil; PEG-25 castor oil; PEG-30 castor oil; PEG-40 castor oil; PEG-200 castor oil; PEG-5 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-16 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-25 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-200 hydrogenated castor oil; Sodium polyacrylate
- dispersant, clay: paper coating colors
- Daxad® 34N10
- dispersant, clay: paper coatings Esi-Cryl™ 1056
- dispersant, clay: solvents
- Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline dispersant, clays
- Daxad® 17; Daxad® 37LN7; Daxad® 37LN10-
- 35; Gradol 400; Polystar OM; Polystar OMP
- dispersant, coating pigments Polywet® Z1766
- dispersant, coatings

Alkaterge®-E; Ammonium lauryl sulfate; Cab-O-Sil® L-90; Cab-O-Sil® LM-130; Cab-O-Sil® LM-150; Cyastat® SN; Diethanolamine; Distearyldimonium chloride; Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90; PEG-8 oleate; Pegosperse® 600 DOT; PEG-12 tallate; Polyacrylamide; Polysodium vinyl sulfonate; Silwet® L-77; Silwet® L-722; Silwet® L-7001; Silwet® L-7500 dispersant, color concs. Epolene® C-10; Epolene® C-15; Epolene® C-15P; Epolene® N-20; Epolene® N-21; *Ethylene/VA copolymer, Hydrogenated soy glyceride;* Luwax[®] OA; Luwax[®] OA 3; Luwax[®] OA 5; Polyethylene, high-density; Struktol® TR 131 dispersant, colorants Polysorbate 61; Polysorbate 81; Synthetic wax; Tristearin dispersant, colorants: hot melts Vestowax® C 60 dispersant, colorants: wax compds. Vestowax® C 60 dispersant, compatibilizers Polypropylene dispersant, cooling towers Polywet® ND-2 dispersant, cooling water Phosphinopolycarboxylic acid dispersant, cooling water treatment Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate; Sodium polyacrylate dispersant, deinking Daxad[®] 16; Daxad[®] 17; Radiaflot[®] dispersant, deinking processes Berocel® 283; Berocell® 286 dispersant, deinking sec. fiber: laser printed office waste Busperse[®] 288 dispersant, deinking sec. fiber: magazine stock Busperse[®] 288 dispersant, deinking sec. fiber: papermaking Busperse® 288 dispersant, deinking: pulp/paper Belsperse® 164 dispersant, deposits: papermaking Neonal[™]-HSC dispersant, disperse dyes Marasperse 52 CP; Sodium lignosulfonate dispersant, dispersions Lutensol® TO 3; Lutensol® TO 5; Lutensol® TO 6; Lutensol® TO 7; Lutensol® TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389 dispersant, drainage aids Stabilex® dispersant, dust control Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo CS5; Volpo CS10; Volpo CS15; Volpo CS20; Volpo CS50; Volpo L3; Volpo N3; Volpo N5; Volpo N10; Volpo N20; Volpo T5; Volpo T10; Volpo T15 dispersant, dye leveling compds. Teric[™] 16M15 dispersant, dye wet grinding Daxad® 16 dispersant, dye: coatings DeIONIC 100-VLF dispersant, dye: dyestuffs Tetramethyl decynediol dispersant, dye: emulsion polymerization DeIONIC 100 VLF dispersant, dye: pigment grinding DeIONIC 100-VLF dispersant, dye: polymerization Isobutylene/MA copolymer dispersant, dye: pulp/paper DeIONIC 100-VLF dispersant, dyeing

Freedom SCO-50; Freedom SCO-70; Freedom SCO-75; Freedom SCO-75; Freedom SCO-75K; Product BCO;

Sodium dibutyl naphthalene sulfonate dispersant, dyes Ammonium lauryl sulfate: DeTHOX LA-4: Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Geropon® 99; Iconol NP-6; Iconol NP-8; Iconol NP-9; Iconol NP-10; Iconol NP 14; Lutensol® TO 3; Lutensol® TO 5; Lutensol® TO 6; Lutensol® TO 7; Lutensol® TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389; Norfox® DCS; Oleth-20; PEG cocamine; PEG-2 oleamine; Peregal® ST; Pluriol® E 1500; Pluriol[®] E 4000; Pluriol[®] E 6000; Pluriol[®] E 8000; Pluriol[®] E 9000; Polystar OM; Polystar OMP; Rhodacal® BX-78; Sodium oleic sulfate; Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate; Surfynol® 104E; Tamol® 731A; Tetrasodium pyrophosphate; Triethanolamine dispersant, dyes/pigments DeTHOX ACID L-9; Pluriol® E 200 dispersant, dyes: electrostatic PEG stearamine dispersant, dyes: org. systems Aerosol® TR-70 dispersant, dyes: papermaking Taurine-DFX dispersant, dyestuff pastes Maracarb N-1 dispersant, dyestuffs Carsoquat® SDQ-25; Daxad® 17; DeWET SDO-70PG; DeWET SDO-75E; Incroquat SDQ-25; Lignosite® 823; Newrex Paste H dispersant, elastomers Supragil RM/77 DL dispersant, emulsification PVAc Tergitol® NP-4; Tergitol® NP-6 dispersant, emulsion coatings Busperse® 275; Busperse® 282 dispersant, emulsion polymerization Aerosol® OT-100%; Ammonium lauryl sulfate; Daxad® 17; DeWET SDTD-70; Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate; EO/PO block polymer or copolymer; Geropon® WT-27; Igepal® CO-630; Lutensol® TO 3; Lutensol[®] TO 5; Lutensol[®] TO 6; Lutensol[®] TO 7; Lutensol[®] TO 8; Lutensol[®] TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389; Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90; Monawet MB-45; Monawet MO-70; NACCONOL® 40G; NACCONOL® 90G; Nonoxynol-15; Nopalcol 1-L; Nopalcol 4-C; Nopalcol 4-CH; Nopalcol 4-L; Nopalcol 4-S; Nopalcol 6-DO; Nopalcol 6-DTW; Nopalcol 6-L; Nopalcol 6-R; Nopalcol 6-S; Nopalcol 10-COH; Nopalcol 12-CO; Nopalcol 12-COH; Nopalcol 19-CO; Nopalcol 30-TWH; Nopalcol 200; Nopalcol 400; Nopalcol 600; PEG hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-2 laurate; Plonon 102; Plonon 104; Plonon 201; Plonon 204; Plonon 208; PVM/MA copolymer; Sodium methylnaphthalenesulfonate; Surfonic® DNP-80; Surfonic® DNP-100; Surfonic® N-70; Surfonic® N-110; Surfonic® N-200; Surfonic® N-300; Surfonic® N-500; Surfonic® NB-1007; Surfynol® 104E; TEA-lauryl sulfate; Teric[™] N8; Teric[™] N9; Teric[™] N10; Teric[™] N12; Teric[™] N13; Teric[™] N15; Teric[™] N30; Teric[™] N30L; Texapon[®] ZHC Powder; Wayfos® D-10N dispersant, emulsion polymerization: SBRs Aerosol® 18 dispersant, emulsion polymerization: vinyl chloride Aerosol® 18 dispersant, emulsions

Ispersant, emulsions Acritamer[®] 504E; 2-Ethylhexyl hydrogenated tallowalkyl methosulfate; Lauryl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Lutensol[®] TO 3; Lutensol[®] TO 5; Lutensol[®] TO 6; Lutensol[®] TO 7; Lutensol[®] TO 8; Lutensol[®] TO 12; Lutensol[®] TO 89; Lutensol[®] TO 389

dispersant, extenders Polysalt; Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate dispersant, extenders in aq. systems Sodium maleic anhydride/diisobutylene copolymer dispersant, extenders: aq. systems Lomar® PL; Lomar® PW dispersant, fiber Celite® 263; Celite® 321; Celite® 388; Isostearamidopropyl ethyldimonium ethosulfate; Isostearyl ethylimidonium ethosulfate; Schercoquat IAS; Schercoquat IIS; Silwet® L-722 dispersant, fiber lubricants Tergitol® 15-S-12; Triton® XL-80N dispersant, fiber processing Acritamer® 501E dispersant, fiber suspensions Acritamer® 504E dispersant, filled compositions Epolene[®] C-18 dispersant, filled systems Struktol® TR 016 dispersant, fillers Gradol 400; Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate; Tall oil acid dispersant, fillers: aq. systems Lomar® PL; Lomar® PW dispersant, fillers: paper Ammonium polymethacrylate; Stearamine dispersant, flame retardants Nonoxynol-7 phosphate dispersant, flocculation Stearamine acetate dispersant, flotation aids Nonoxynol-7 phosphate dispersant, flotation frothing agent: minerals Stearamine acetate dispersant, food-contact coatings Polyvinyl alcohol dispersant, fuel treatment 2-Ethylhexyl hydrogenated tallowalkyl methosulfate dispersant, high-gloss pigment: coatings Esi-Rez™ 50 dispersant, highly filled compositions Epolene® C-16 dispersant, high-solids slurries Alcosperse® 602-N dispersant, industrial cleaners Lignosite® 431; Sodium dibutyl naphthalene sulfonate dispersant, inorg. deposits: pulp/paper mills Orlene® 1340 dispersant, inorg. pigment dispersions Acriflow 041-S; Acriflow 050-S; Acriflow 141 S; Acriflow 241-M; Acriflow 241-SA dispersant, inorg. pigments Lastaron 891; Tamol® 850 dispersant, low color applics. Daxad® 16 dispersant, low-dusting applics. Daxad® 17 dispersant, methacrylate emulsion polymerization Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate dispersant, mineral slurries Donlar C-20C; Donlar C-30D; Polyaspartic acid homopolymer, sodium salt dispersant, mineral slurries: papermaking Darvan® 811 dispersant, mineral: coatings Alcosperse® 149 dispersant, mineral: pigments Alcosperse® 149 dispersant, minerals Polypropylene dispersant, newsprint Wetsan™ DI284-1 dispersant, nonaq. systems

Alkaterge®-E dispersant, nonfoaming: extenders Polvwet[®] ND-2 dispersant, nonfoaming: extenders in aq. systems Polywet® ND-35 dispersant, nonfoaming: fillers in aq. systems Polywet® ND-2; Polywet® ND-35 dispersant, nonfoaming: minerals Polywet[®] ND-2 dispersant, nonfoaming: pigments Polywet[®] ND-2 dispersant, nonfoaming: pigments in aq. systems Polywet® ND-35 dispersant, nonwovens Schercopol DSB dispersant, NR Borax; Sodium borate decahydrate dispersant, o/w emulsions DeWET SDTD-70; Merpol® SE; PEG-8 di/ triricinoleate dispersant, oil-based systems C16-18 pareth-16; C16-18 pareth-22; C16-18 pareth-29; Isopropylamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate; PEG-5 tallate; Teric™ T5; Teric™ T10 dispersant, org. systems TEGOPREN® 5852 dispersant, paper Acritamer® 501E; Aerosol® OT-75%; Aerosol® OT-75-PG; Airvol® 205; Airvol® 523; Airvol® 540; Arquad[®] 2C-70 Nitrite; Arquad[®] 2C-75; Arquad® 12-50; Arquad® 16-50; Arquad® 18-50; Arquad® 210-50; Arquad® 218-75; Arquad® C-50; Arquad® H1(W) MS-85; Arquad® T-27W; Atlas EMJ-C; Chemal BP 261; Chemal BP-262; Chemal BP-2101; Chemax DNP-18; Chemax DNP-150/50; Chemax HCO-5; Chemax HCO-16; Chemax NP-1.5; Chemax NP-4: Chemax NP-6: Chemax NP-9: Chemax NP-10; Chemax OP-10; Chemax OP-30/70; Dilurit 853 T; Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Drewfax® 0007; 2-Ethylhexyl hydrogenated tallowalkyl methosulfate; Freedom SCO-50; Freedom SCO-70; Freedom SCO-75; Freedom SCO-75K; Geropon® WT-27; Iconol NP-6; Iconol NP-8; Iconol NP-9; Iconol NP-10; Iconol NP 14; Igepal® CO-530; Igepal® CO-630; Igepal® CO-720; Igepal® DM-710; Igepal® DM-970 FLK; *Isodeceth-4; Laureth-8; Laureth-9;* Luviskol® K12; Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K80; Luviskol® K90; Meroxapol 108; Meroxapol 171; Meroxapol 172; Meroxapol 174; Meroxapol 178; Meroxapol 251; Meroxapol 252; Meroxapol 254; Meroxapol 255; Meroxapol 258; Meroxapol 311; Meroxapol 312; Meroxapol 314; Merol® SE; NACCONOL® 40G; NACCONOL® 90G; Nissan Cation AB; Nonionic 1044-L; Nonionic 1061-L; Nonionic 1062-L; Nonionic 1064-L; Nonionic 1068-F; Nonionic 1088-F; Nonoxynol-15; Nonyl nonoxynol-150; Nopalcol 1-L; Nopalcol 4-C; Nopalcol 4-CH; Nopalcol 4-L; Nopalcol 4-S; Nopalcol 6-DO; Nopalcol 6-DTW; Nopalcol 6-L; Nopalcol 6-R; Nopalcol 6-S; Nopalcol 10-COH; Nopalcol 12-CO; Nopalcol 12-COH; Nopalcol 19-CO; Nopalcol 30-TWH; Nopalcol 200; Nopalcol 400; Nopalcol 600; Oleth-2; Oxetal 500/85; Oxetal D 104; Oxetal ID 104; Oxetal O 108; Oxetal O 112; Oxetal TG 111; Oxetal TG 118; PEG-26 castor oil; PEG-180 castor oil; Pegosperse[®] 400 DOT; Pegosperse[®] 600 DOT; *PEG-10 stearamine*; *PEG-12 tallate*; Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate; Plonon 102; Plonon 104; Plonon 201; Plonon 204; Plonon 208; Pluracol® E400 NF; Pluracol® E600 NF; Pluracol® E1450; Pluracol® E2000; Pluracol® E4500; Pluracol® E8000; Pluronic® L10; PVM/MA copolymer, Rhodacal® BX-78; Schercopol DSB; Serpol

QPA 160; Servirox® OEG 55; Servirox® OEG 90; Silwet® L-77; Silwet® L-722; Silwet® L-7001; Silwet® L-7500; Sodium dibutyl naphthalene sulfonate; Stearamine acetate; Tamol[®] 819; Tamol[®] 850; T-Det[®] C-40; Tergitol[®] 15-S-7; Tergitol[®] 15-S-12; Teric[™] 13A9; Tetronic® 90R4; Trideceth-18; Triton® X-45; Varonic® K-210; Zohar ZDB; Zonyl® FSA; Zonyl® FSB; Zonyl® FSC; Zonyl® FSN; Zonyl® FSP dispersant, paper auxiliary Zusolat 1005/85 dispersant, paper bleaching Alkanol® XC dispersant, paper coating fillers Lastaron 891 dispersant, paper coating pigments Polysalt dispersant, paper coatings Ablusol SEP40; Alcosperse® 404; Alcosperse® 602-N; Cecavon® CA 350 P; Daxad® 37LN10-35; Gradol 400; Monawet MB-45; Nopcosant® L; PEG-1.3 tetramethyl decynediol; Polysodium vinyl sulfonate; Surfynol® 104E; Surfynol® 104NP; Surfynol® 420 dispersant, paper deinking Triton[®] XL-80N dispersant, paper depitching Adekamine 4DAC-80; Adekamine 4DAC-85; Adekamine 4MAC-30; Adekamine ADG-30; Adekamine LDM; Adekamine MD-30; Adekamine MT-50; Adekamine PMS-100 dispersant, paper deresination Rhodafac® BG-510 dispersant, paper dyeing Alkanol[®] XC dispersant, paper finishing Rohagit[®] SL 252 dispersant, paper industry PEG hydrogenated castor oil dispersant, paper mill slime control Daxad® 13 dispersant, paper softening Arquad® 2HT-75; Arquad® 2HT-75PG dispersant, paper stock Eldorado DIC-107 dispersant, paper stock deinking Stixso[®] RR dispersant, paper suspensions Acritamer® 504E dispersant, paper treatment Acritamer® 501E dispersant, paper: aq./fatty food-contact Aminomethyl propanol dispersant, paper: emulsions PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil dispersant, paper: food-contact Acrylic acid/sulfonic acid copolymer, Good-Rite® K-776 Polymer; Sodium octyl sulfate dispersant, paperboard coatings Ethoduomeen® T/20; PEG-10 tallow aminopropylamine dispersant, paperboard: aq./fatty food-contact Aminomethyl propanol dispersant, paperboard: food-contact Acrylic acid/sulfonic acid copolymer, Good-Rite® K-776 Polymer dispersant, papermaking Acriflow 041-S; Acriflow 050-S; Acriflow 141 S; Acriflow 241-M; Acriflow 241-SA; Antarox® 17-R-2; Antarox[®] 25-R-2; Antarox[®] 31-R-1; Britol[®] 6NF; Britol[®] 7NF; Britol[®] 9NF; Britol[®] 20USP; Britol[®] 35USP; Britol[®] 50USP; Cithrol A; Cithrol DGML N/E; Cithrol DGMS N/E; Cithrol EGDS N/E; Cithrol EGMS N/E; Cithrol EGMS S/E; Eldorado WT-30; Glyceryl dilaurate; Glyceryl dilaurate SE; Glycol dilaurate; Glycol dilaurate SE; Glycol dioleate; Glycol dioleate SE; Glycol distearate SE; Glycol laurate; Glycol laurate SE; Glycol oleate; Glycol oleate SE;

Meroxapol 105; PEG-2 dilaurate; PEG-2 dilaurate SE; PEG-2 dioleate; PEG-2 dioleate SE; PEG-2 distearate; PEG-2 distearate SE; PEG-2 laurate; PEG-2 oleate; PEG-2 oleate SE; PEG-2 stearate; PEG-2 stearate SE; Poly-Tergent® E-17A; Poly-Tergent® E-17B; Poly-Tergent® E-25B; Poly-Tergent® P-32A; PPG-2 laurate; PPG-2 laurate SE; PPG-2 oleate; PPG-2 oleate SE; PPG-2 stearate; PPG-2 stearate SE; Rohagit® SL 252; Teric™ 12M2; Teric™ 12M5; Teric™ 12M15; Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo CS5; Volpo CS10; Volpo CS15; Volpo CS20; Volpo CS50; Volpo L3; Volpo N3; Volpo N5; Volpo N10; Volpo N20; Volpo T5; Volpo T10; Volpo T15; Wayfos® D-10N dispersant, papermaking operations Daxad® 13 dispersant, paraffins TEA-stearate dispersant, peroxide bleach stabilization Unihib® 905 dispersant, peroxide stabilization Dequest[®] 2041; Dequest[®] 2046; Dequest[®] 2066A; Dequest[®] 2066C2; Dequest[®] 2086; Dequest® 3000S; Dequest® 7000; Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid); Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate); SPE 9528; Tetrasodium etidronate dispersant, pigment Abalyn®; A-C® 7; A-C® 7A; A-C® 8; A-C® 8A; A-C® 9, 9A, 9F; A-C® 400A; A-C® 540; A-C® 540A; Actrasol PSR; Aerosol® C-61; Aerosol® OT-B; Aerosol® TR-70; Alcosperse® 149; Aminomethyl propanol; Armid[®] 18; Busperse[®] 229; Butyl stearate; Calcium sulfate; Calimulse PR; Calimulse PRS; Crill 1; Crill 2; Crill 43; Crill 45; DeMULS SMO; DePEG 30-CO; DePEG 40-CO; DeWET SDO-70PG; DeWET SDO-75E; DeWET SMA-80; Diethylaminoethanol; Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Dodoxynol-10; Drakeol[®] 9; Empiphos STP; Empiphos STP/1L; Empiphos STP/1P; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/D; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/D; Empiphos STP/D16; Empiphos STP/DMST; Empiphos STP/E; Empiphos STP/L16; Empiphos STP/M; Empiphos STP/MST; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/P; Ethylene/acrylic acid copolymer, Ethyl hydroxymethyl oleyl oxazoline; Hercolyn[®] D; Isopropyl myristate; Kronitex[®] TBP; Merpol[®] HCS; N-Methyl-2pyrrolidone; Microthene® MN 701-00; Microthene® MN 710-20; Modaflow® 2100; Modaflow® Powder 2000; Modaflow® Resin; Multiflow® Resin; Myristamine acetate; Nissan Cation MA; Nissan Cation S2-100; Nissan Cation SA; Nonyl nonoxynol-10; Nopco® Color-Sperse® 188A; Nopcosperse® 44; Nuosept® 166; Octyldodecanol; Octyl stearate; Paradene® No. 2; PEG-2 castor oil; PEG-5 castor oil; PEG-20 castor oil; Pentaerythrityl tetraoleate; Polyethylene wax; POLYSTEP® A-11; POLYSTEP® F-1; POLYSTEP® F-2; POLYSTEP® F-3; Potassium ricinoleic sulfate; Reomol® TBP; Scripset® 500; Scripset® 520; Scripset® 540; Scripset® 542; Scripset® 550; Scripset® 640; Scripset® 700; Scripset® 722; Scripset[®] 740; Scripset[®] 742; Scripset[®] 745; Scripset® 746; Scripset® 747; Scripset® 808; Silicone glycol copolymer, SMA® 1000; SMA® 2000; SMA® 3000; Sodium castor oil sulfate; Sodium diisooctyl sulfosuccinate; Sodium polycarboxylate; Stearamide; Stearamine; Styrene/acrylates copolymer, Styrene/MA copolymer, Sulfopolyester, Tamol® 960; T-Det® N.9, T.Det® N.9.5; Tergitol® NP-7; Tergitol® NP-8; Tergitol® NP-9; Tergitol® NP-9.5; Tergitol® NP-10; Tergitol® NP-11; Tergitol® NP-12; Tergitol® NP-13; Tergitol® NP-15;

Glycol ricinoleate; Glycol ricinoleate SE;

Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate; Veegum® T dispersant, pigment dispersions Daxad® 13: DeWET SDTD-70 dispersant, pigment flushing Stearamine acetate dispersant, pigment grinding Propylene glycol myristate; Zonyl® FSA; Zonyl® FSB; Zonyl® FSC; Zonyl® FSN; Zonyl® FSP dispersant, pignent slurries Alcosperse[®] 404; Busperse[®] 275; Busperse[®] 282; Daxad® 13; Gradol 400; Polysodium vinyl sulfonate: Polywet® ND-35 dispersant, pigment slurries: papermaking Polystabil® dispersant, pigment wet grinding Daxad® 16 dispersant, pigment: aq. coatings SER-AD® FA 620; SER-AD® FX 504 dispersant, pigment: aq. systems Adeka Catioace DM-30A dispersant, pigment: bleached wood pulp Fastusol® P dispersant, pigment: clays Dumasperse 540 dispersant, pigment: coatings Acumer® 9400; Acumer® 9460; Ammonium polyacrylate; Ammonium polycarboxylate; DeIONIC 100-VLF; Morcryl® 535; Nonoxynol-8 dispersant, pigment: coatings: food-contact Sodium zinc potassium polyphosphate dispersant, pigment: emulsion polymerization Ancowet A-70, DeIONIC 100-VLF; Rhodasurf® L-25; Sodium polymethacrylate dispersant, pigment: emulsions Rhodasurf® L-25 dispersant, pigment: fluorescent: aq. coatings Glo-Sperse™ EPX Fine Grind Disps. dispersant, pigment: fluorescent: paper coatings Glo-Sperse[™] EPX Fine Grind Disps. dispersant, pigment: food-contact coatings Sodium polyacrylate dispersant, pigment: hot-melt coatings Acrawax® (dispersant, pigment: inorg. fillers Vybar® 103 dispersant, pigment: inorg. pigments Vybar® 103 dispersant, pigment: kaolin clay slurries Dequest[®] 2016 D Powder dispersant, pigment: paper Agefloc PC20HV; Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206; Alkamuls® EL-620; Ammonium polyacrylate; Ammonium polymethacrylate; Chemax CO-5; Chemax CO-16; Chemax CO-30; Chemax CO-40; Dumasperse 540; Morcryl® 535; Morez® 500; PEG-16 castor oil; PEG-25 castor oil; PEG-28 castor oil; PEG-30 castor oil; PEG-36 castor oil; PEG-40 castor oil; PEG-80 castor oil; PEG-200 castor oil; PEG-5 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-16 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-25 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-200 hydrogenated castor oil; Trylox® 5906 dispersant, pigment: paper coatings Dispex[®]; SER-AD[®] FA 620; SER-AD[®] FX 504; SER-AD® FX 505 dispersant, pigment: paper finishes Rhodasurf[®] L-4; Rhodasurf[®] L-25 dispersant, pigment: paper finishing Calgon PTH dispersant, pigment: paper wax coatings DeMULS SMS dispersant, pigment: paper: aq./fatty foodcontact

- Polyquaternium-6
- dispersant, pigment: paper: food-contact
- Sodium zinc potassium polyphosphate dispersant, pigment: paperboard: aq./fatty food-contact

Polyquaternium-6 dispersant, pigment: paperboard: food-contact Sodium zinc potassium polyphosphate dispersant, pigment: papermaking Actrasol C-50; Actrasol C-75; Actrasol C-85; Darvan® 1 dispersant, pigment: pigment flushing Actrasol C-50; Actrasol C-75; Actrasol C-85 dispersant, pigment: pigment grinding DeIONIC 100-VLF dispersant, pigment: pigment slurries Busperse[®] 203 dispersant, pigment: polymerization Isobutylene/MA copolymer; Nonoxynol-8; Sorbitan sesquioleate dispersant, pigment: polyolefin color concs. Epolene® N-10; Epolene® N-10P dispersant, pigment: pulp/paper Ancowet A-70; Ancowet S-60; Ancowet S-70PG; DeIONIC 100-VLF; Oleyl alcohol dispersant, pigment: resin systems Advawax® 240; Advawax® 280; Advawax® 290; Ethylene dioleamide dispersant, pigment: resins Alkamide® STEDA dispersant, pigment: S/B polymerization Nonoxvnol-8 dispersant, pigment: sludge conditioning Sodium polymethacrylate dispersant, pigment: styrene acrylic polymerization Nonoxvnol-8 dispersant, pigment: vinyl acrylic polymerization Nonoxvnol-8 dispersant, pigment: water treatment Ancowet A-70; Dequest® 2016 D Powder; Sodium polymethacrylate dispersant, pigmented paper coatings Aquaquest 2130 dispersant, pigments Adekamine 4DAC-80; Adekamine 4DAC-85; Adekamine 4MAC-30; Adekamine ADG-30; Adekamine E Series; Adekamine LDM; Adekamine MD-30; Adekamine MT-50; Adekamine PMS-100; Alcosperse® 602-N; Alkamuls® EL-719; Ammonium naphthalene sulfonate; Carsoquat® SDQ-25; Daxad® 17; Daxad® 37LN10-35; Distearyldimonium chloride; Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate; 2-Ethylhexyl hydrogenated tallowalkyl methosulfate; Gradol 400; Incroquat SDQ-25; Lauryl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Lignosite® 260; Lignosite[®] 431; Lignosite[®] 458; Lignosite[®] 823; Lutensol[®] TO 3; Lutensol[®] TO 5; Lutensol[®] TO 6; Lutensol® TO 7; Lutensol® TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389: Newrex Paste H: OlevI hydroxyethyl imidazoline; PEG cocamine; PEG-2 oleamine; Pluriol® E 1500; Pluriol® E 4000; Pluriol® E 6000; Pluriol® E 8000; Pluriol® E 9000; Polypropylene; Polystar OM; Polystar OMP; Rhodacal[®] BX-78; Serwet[®] WH 170; Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate; Surfynol® 104E; Tall oil acid; Tall oil hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Tamol® 731A; Tamol® 819; T-Det® C-40 dispersant, pigments: aq. media Daxad® 11G dispersant, pigments: aq. systems Lomar® PL; Lomar® PW; Sodium maleic anhydride/diisobutylene copolymer dispersant, pigments: electrostatic PEG stearamine dispersant, pigments: org. systems

- dispersant, pigments: org. systems Aerosol® TR-70
- dispersant, pigments: paper coating dispersions
- Daxad[®] 11G
- dispersant, pigments: paper mill slime control Daxad® 11G

dispersant, pigments: pigment dispersions Daxad® 11G dispersant, pigments: pigment slurries Daxad® 11G dispersant, pigments: pitch control Daxad® 11C dispersant, pigments: pulp digestion Daxad® 11C dispersant, pitch Daxad® 17; Rapisol B-30, B-80, B-90, C-70 dispersant, pitch control Daxad® 13 dispersant, pitch: kraft furnish systems Qemisperse 8845 dispersant, pitch: newsprint furnish systems Qemisperse 8845 dispersant, pitch: paper Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206 dispersant, pitch: paper mills Marasperse 52 CF dispersant, pitch: pulp Igepal® NP-9 dispersant, pitch: pulp machine Dispersant LF-88 dispersant, pitch: pulp/paper Dispersant 1084; Dispersant 3000E; Harol RG-71L; Isotrideceth-9; Wayfos® M-100 dispersant, pitch: pulp/paper mills Surfonic[®] N-95; Teric[™] N9 dispersant, pitch: pulp/paper processing C12-14 pareth-7; Surfonic® L24-7; Surfonic® TDA-9 dispersant, pitch: thick stock Qemisperse 8845 dispersant, pitch: water treatment, paper Agequat C1405; Agequat C3204; Agestat 41T dispersant, plastic prod. 2-Ethylhexyl hydrogenated tallowalkyl methosulfate dispersant, polymerization Polyvinyl alcohol (partially hydrolyzed); Supragil RM/77 DL; Zonyl® FSA; Zonyl® FSB; Zonyl® FSC; Zonyl® FSN; Zonyl® FSP dispersant, polymers Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Tergitol® NP-7; Tergitol® NP-8; Tergitol® NP-9; Tergitol® NP-9.5; Tergitol[®] NP-10; Tergitol[®] NP-11; Tergitol[®] NP-12; Tergitol® NP-13; Tergitol® NP-15; Volpo T10; Volpo T15 dispersant, polymers: org. systems Aerosol® TR-70 dispersant, polyolefins Hydrogenated palm glyceride dispersant, powder materials Struktol® TR 044 dispersant, process waters Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate dispersant, protective coatings 2-Ethylhexyl hydrogenated tallowalkyl methosulfate dispersant, proteins Thiourea dispersant, PS Hydrogenated palm glyceride dispersant, pulp Radiaflot[®]; Synthro[®]-Sol DC 856 L; Taurine-DEI dispersant, pulp digestion Daxad® 13 dispersant, pulp pitch Persoft NK-60, NK-100 dispersant, pulp processing C12-16 pareth-1; C12-16 pareth-2; C12-16 pareth-3; C12-16 pareth-5; C12-16 pareth-6; C12-16 pareth-7; C12-16 pareth-8; C12-16 pareth-11 dispersant, pulp quality improvement Stabilex® dispersant, pulp/paper

Adekanol 25R-1; Adekanol 25R-2; Adekanol F-

dispersant, pulp/paper bleaching

68; Adekanol F-88; Adekanol F-108; Adekanol F-127; Adekanol L-31; Adekanol L-34; Adekanol L-44; Adekanol L-61; Adekanol L-62; Adekanol L-64; Adekanol L-71; Adekanol L-72; Adekanol L-101; Adekanol L-121; Adekanol L-122; Adekanol P-84; Adekanol P-85; Adekanol P-103; C12-14 pareth-17; C12-14 pareth-22; C16-18 pareth-16; C16-18 pareth-22; C16-18 pareth-29; Igepal[®] CA-520; Isostearamidopropyl ethyldimonium ethosulfate; Isostearyl ethylimidonium ethosulfate; Lutensol® TO 3; Lutensol[®] TO 5: Lutensol[®] TO 6: Lutensol[®] TO 7; Lutensol® TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389; Monafax 1293; Newrex Paste H; Newrex Powd. F Newrex R; Nonionic 1025-R; Nonionic 1035-L; Nonionic 2017-R; Nonionic 2025-R; Nonionic 4017-R; Nonionic 4025-R; Nonionic 5025-R; Nonipax AAO; Nonipax OP 10; Nonipax X 100; Nonipax X 150; Paxnol ALES; Paxnol ALS; Paxnol LES; Paxnol PLES; Paxnol PSLS; Paxnol SLS Liq.; Paxnol SLS Powd.; Paxnol SLS Pure; Paxnol TLS; PEG-80 sorbitan laurate; Phosphinopolycarboxylic acid; Pluronic[®] 10R5; Pluronic[®] F38; Pluronic[®] F68; Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic® F77; Pluronic® F87; Pluronic® F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic® F127; Pluronic® L31; Pluronic® L35; Pluronic® L43; Pluronic® L44; Pluronic[®] L64; Pluronic[®] P84; Pluronic[®] P85; Pluronic® P103; Pluronic® P104; Pluronic® P105; Pluronic[®] P123; Polypax IC; Polypax SMS; Polyquat PR; Polysynth RRE; Rhodacal® N; Schercoquat IAS; Schercoquat IIS; Sintrex EHR; Steareth-10; Steareth-20; Surfonic® L12-2.6; Surfonic® L24-5; Surfonic® L24-17; Surfonic® L24-22; Surfonic® L108/85-5; Surfonic® N-70; Surfonic® N-110; Surfonic® N-500; Surfonic[®] NB-1007; Teric[™] 12A3; Teric[™] 12A9; Teric[™] 12A23; Teric[™] 16A16; Teric[™] 16A22; Teric[™] 16A29; Teric[™] 17A2; Teric[™] 17A3; Teric[™] 17A6; Teric[™] 17A8; Teric[™] 17A10; Teric[™] 17A13; Teric[™] 17A25; Teric[™] BL8; Teric[™] G9A2; Teric[™] G9A10; Teric[™] G12A6; Teric™ G12A12; Teric™ N6; Teric™ N8; Teric™ N11; Teric™ N30L; *Trideceth-3*; Trideceth-6; Trideceth-9; Trideceth-12 dispersant, pulp/paper bleaching Dequest® 2000LC; Dequest® 2041; Dequest® 2046; Dequest® 2066A; Dequest® 2066C2; Dequest® 2086; Dequest® 3000S; Dequest® 7000; Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid); Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate); SPE 9528; Tetrasodium etidronate; Unihib® 905 dispersant, pulp/paper processing systems Acumer® 4161 dispersant, pulp/paper slurries Tamol[®] L Conc dispersant, pulping Rhodafac® BG-510 dispersant, PVAc Nopcosperse® 44

- dispersant, PVC
- Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Surfynol® 104E dispersant, PVC suspension polymerization
- Polyvinyl alcohol
- dispersant, PVC systems
- Nopcosperse® 44
- dispersant, PVdC systems
- Nopcosperse® 44 dispersant, repulping sec. fiber: laser printed office waste
- Busperse[®] 288
- dispersant, repulping sec. fiber: magazine stock
 - Busperse[®] 288
- dispersant, repulping sec. fiber: papermaking Busperse[®] 288 dispersant, resins

dispersant, resins: org. systems Aerosol® TR-70 dispersant, S/B Nopcosperse® 44 dispersant, SBR polymerization Potassium rosinate dispersant, scale deposits: pulp/paper mills Orlene® 1340 dispersant, screen room pitch: pulp/paper **Dispersant LF-89** dispersant, silt Sodium hydroxide dispersant, size presses Cecavon[®] CA 350 P dispersant, sludge Methacrylic acid copolymer dispersant, sludge: oil drilling Cocoalkonium chloride dispersant, sludge: wastewater treatment Cocoalkonium chloride dispersant, solvent emulsions PEG hydrogenated castor oil dispersant, specialized paper coatings Dumasperse 543 dispersant, SR latexes Borax; Sodium borate decahydrate dispersant, styrene acrylic Avirol® SL 2010 dispersant, styrene emulsion polymerization Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate dispersant, surface treatment Lutensol® TO 3; Lutensol® TO 5; Lutensol® TO 6; Lutensol® TO 7; Lutensol® TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389 dispersant, surface-active Cetyl alcohol dispersant, surfactants Aerosol® 18 dispersant, suspended matter in water Good-Rite® K-732 Polymer dispersant, suspension polymerization Aerosol® OT-100%; DeWET SDTD-70; Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90: Monawet MO-70 dispersant, syn. fiber Schercopol DSB dispersant, tall oil separation Daxad® 13 dispersant, titanium dioxide Polywet® Z1766 dispersant, titanium dioxide slurries: papermaking Darvan® 7; Darvan® 811 dispersant, titanium dioxide: board coatings Esi-Cryl™ 1056 dispersant, titanium dioxide: corrugated coatings Esi-Cryl[™] 1056 dispersant, titanium dioxide: newsprint coatings Esi-Cryl[™] 1056 dispersant, titanium dioxide: paper coatings Esi-CryI™ 1056 dispersant, trash: waste treatment Agequat C1405; Agequat C3204 dispersant, trash: water treatment, paper Agequat C1405; Agequat C3204; Agestat 41T dispersant, vinyl acetate copolymers Avirol® SL 2010 dispersant, vinyl acetate emulsion polymerization Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate dispersant, vinyl polymerization PEG-2M; PEG-5M; PEG-7M; PEG-9M; PEG-14M; PEG-23M; PEG-45M; PEG-90M; PEG-115M

dispersant, vinylidene chloride copolymers

Avirol® SL 2010

dispersant, w/o emulsions

Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate

dispersant, wastewater treatment Arguad® 2C-70 Nitrite; Arguad® 210-50; Arguad® 218-75; Arquad® HTL8(W) MS-85; 2-Ethylhexyl hydrogenated tallowalkyl methosulfate dispersant, water systems Acrylic resin dispersant, water treatment Acrylic acid/sulfonic acid copolymer; Acumer® 1510; Acumer® 4161; Calcium lignosulfonate; Cetrimonium chloride; C12-14 pareth-17; C12-14 pareth-22; C16-18 pareth-16; C16-18 pareth-22; C16-18 pareth-29; Dequest® 2041; Dequest® 2046; Dequest® 2066A; Dequest® 2066C2; Dequest® 2086; Dequest® 3000S; Dequest® 7000; Diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonic acid; Good-Rite® K-776 Polymer; Monawet MB-45; Monawet MO-70; Monawet MO-70R; Nissan Cation AB; Nissan Cation PB-40; Nissan Cation PB-300; Nonionic 1025-R; Nonionic 2017-R; Nonionic 4025-R; Nonionic 5025-R; PEG-4 dilaurate; PEG-8 dioleate; PEG-6 distearate; Pegosperse® 400 DOT; Pegosperse® 600 DOT; PEG-12 tallate; Phosphinopolycarboxylic acid, Pluronic® 10R5; Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic® F77; Pluronic® F87; Pluronic® F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic® F127; Pluronic® L31; Pluronic® L35; Pluronic[®] L43; Pluronic[®] L44; Pluronic[®] L64; Pluronic[®] P84; Pluronic[®] P85; Pluronic[®] P103; Pluronic® P104; Pluronic® P105; Pluronic® P123; Poloxamer 217; Polyacrylamide; Poly-Tergent® E-17A; Poly-Tergent® E-17B; Poly-Tergent® E-25B; Polywet® ND-2; Potassium tripolyphosphate; Sodium hexametaphosphate; Sodium lignosulfonate; SPE 9528; Surfonic® L12-2.6; Surfonic® L24-5; Surfonic® L24-17; Surfonic® L24-22; Tergitol® 15-S-7; Tergitol® 15-S-12; Teric[™] 12A3; Teric[™] 12A9; Teric[™] 12A23; Teric[™] 16A16; Teric[™] 16A22; Teric[™] 16A29; Teric[™] 17A2; Teric[™] 17A3; Teric[™] 17A6; Teric[™] 17A8; Teric[™] 17A10; Teric[™] 17A13; Teric™ 17A25; Teric™ BL8; Teric™ G9A2; Teric™ G9A10; Teric™ G12A6; Teric™ G12A12; Triton® XL-80N dispersant, water-reducible coatings Busperse® 275; Busperse® 282 dispersant, wax emulsions Lignosite® 431; Lignosite® 458; Lignosite® 823; Surfonic® DNP-100 dispersant, waxes Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Glyceryl laurate; Propylene glycol myristate; TEA-stearate; Teric™ 16M2 dispersant, wet-end paper Synthro®-Sol DC 819 L dispersant, wettable powds. Lignosite® 431 dispersant, white trash: paper Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206 dispersant, wood-free paper Wetsan™ DI284-1 dispersant-collector, flotation deinking: waste paper Floatsan™ 209 dispersing media, peroxide catalysts Triaryl phosphate dispersion aid, pigment Rhodapon® L-22 dispersion, paper Norsocryl® MA donor face prod., noncarbon copying paper Micronal® drainage aid Cartaretin® F Liq.; Cartaretin® K Liq.; Catiofast® GM; Catiofast® PL; CNC Defoamer 28; CNC Defoamer 1191; Dimethylamine/epichlorohydrin

copolymer; Eldorado PA-755; Polymin® PL

DeWET SDTD-70

- drainage aid, acid papermaking wet-end Sta-Lok® 156; Sta-Lok® 356 drainage aid, acidic papermaking Hanwet HCD-31 drainage aid, acidified pulp: paper Drainaid GL-73 drainage aid, alkaline fine paper Compozil™ P BMA 780; Compozil™ P BMB drainage aid, alkaline papermaking Eldorado DEF-795; Hanwet HCD-31 drainage aid, backwater clarification Cartaretin® F Liq.; Cartaretin® K Liq.; Polyamidoamine drainage aid, belt press operations Hartfloc® C-470 drainage aid, bleach plant operations CA 1124XD; FL 1124DD; FL 1124XD; MA 1124B; SM 1124XD drainage aid, bleaching Pulpsil® 760 E drainage aid, board Cartaretin® 5CP Powd.; Cartaretin® 10AE Liq.; Cartaretin® 10AP Powd.; Cartaretin® 10CE Liq.; Cartaretin® 10CP Powd.; Cartaretin® 20AE Lig.; Cartaretin® 20AP Powd.; Cartaretin® 20CE Liq.; Cartaretin® 30AE Liq.; Cartaretin® 30AP Powd.; Cartaretin® 30CP Powd.; Cartaretin® 40CE Liq.; Cartaretin® DS Liq.; Cartaretin® Dual System; Cartaretin® F Liq.; Cartaretin® K Liq.; Cartaretin® U Liq.; Compozil™ BMA 0; Compozil™ BMA 9; Compozil[™] P BMA 780; Compozil[™] P BMB; Compozil™ S BMA 670; Compozil™ S BMA 890; DA-4; Jaguar[®] CP-4; Jaguar[®] CP-13; Polyamidoamine; Polymin® 978 L; Polymin® PL; Polymin® SNA drainage aid, board paper Torez Resin P-1020R drainage aid, brownstock washing CA 1124XD; FL 1124DD; FL 1124XD; MA 1124B; SM 1124XD drainage aid, closed loop recycle paper machines Sta-Lok® 480 drainage aid, coatings Advantage® 136Z Defoamer drainage aid, cold-stock systems Advantage® 91WW drainage aid, effluent Advantage® M201 Defoamer; CA 1124XD; FL 1124DD; FL 1124XD; SM 1124XD drainage aid, fiber recovery operations Cartaretin® 5CP Powd.; Cartaretin® 10AE Liq.; Cartaretin® 10AP Powd.; Cartaretin® 10CE Liq.; Cartaretin® 10CP Powd.; Cartaretin® 20AE Liq.; Cartaretin® 20AP Powd.; Cartaretin® 20CE Liq.; Cartaretin® 30AE Liq.; Cartaretin® 30AP Powd.; Cartaretin® 30CP Powd.; Cartaretin® 40CE Liq.; Polyamidoamine drainage aid, filtering processes Advantage® 357 Defoamer drainage aid, fine paper Compozil™ BMA 0; Compozil™ BMA 9; Compozil™ S BMA 670; Compozil™ S BMA 890; Jaguar® CB-123 drainage aid, heavier paper Cvdrain® 145 Drainage Aid drainage aid, high conductivity/cationic demand systems Compozil™ P BMA 780 drainage aid, high-temp. surfactant-stabilized foam systems Advantage® 52-B; Advantage® 52EH Defoamer; Advantage[®] 52-JS drainage aid, kraft mill screen rooms Hi-Mar DFP-153 drainage aid, kraft mills Hi-Mar DFP-301 drainage aid, kraft paper machines
- Advantage ald, kraft paper machi Advantage® M201 Defoamer
- drainage aid, kraft pulp mill brownstock washing operations Advantage® 91WW; Advantage® 136Z Defoamer; Advantage® 187Z Defoamer; Advantage® 951 Defoamer; Advantage® 1512 Defoamer; Advantage® M104Z Defoamer drainage aid, kraft pulp/paper CA 1124XD; FL 1124DD; FL 1124XD; MA 1124B; SM 1124XD drainage aid, kraft pulp/paper: bleach plant CA 1124B drainage aid, kraft pulp/paper: brownstock washing CA 1124B drainage aid, kraft pulp/paper: effluent CA 1124B drainage aid, kraft pulp/paper: paper machine CA 1124B drainage aid, kraft pulp/paper: screenroom CA 1124B drainage aid, kraft screen room operation Hi-Mar DFP-203 drainage aid, liner DA-4 drainage aid, liner paper Torez Resin P-1020R drainage aid, linerboard Jaguar® CB-123 drainage aid, mech. furnishes: groundwood specialties Organopol® drainage aid, mech. furnishes: newsprint Organopol® drainage aid, mech. furnishes: paperboard Organopol® drainage aid, microparticle: paper Hvdrocol® drainage aid, microparticle: paperboard Hydrocol® drainage aid, microparticle: pulp Hydrocol® drainage aid, mill water clarification: pulp/ paper Hydraid[®] 2010; Hydraid[®] 8105 drainage aid, paper Acrylamides copolymer, Agefloc PC20HV; Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PČ40HV; Agefloc PC2206; Amerfloc® 485; Cartaretin® 5CP Powd.; Cartaretin® 10AE Liq.; Cartaretin® 10AP Powd.; Cartaretin® 10CE Liq.; Cartaretin® 10CP Powd.; Cartaretin® 20AE Liq.; Cartaretin® 20AP Powd.; Cartaretin® 20CE Liq.; Cartaretin® 30AE Liq.; Cartaretin[®] 30AP Powd.; Cartaretin[®] 30CP Powd.; Cartaretin[®] 40CE Liq.; Cartaretin[®] DS Liq.; Cartaretin® Dual System; Cartaretin® F Liq.; Cartaretin® K Liq.; Cartaretin® U Liq.; Defoamer/Drainage Aid CK-25; Jaguar® CP-4; Jaguar® CP-13; Polymin® 978 L; Polymin® KE 78 PF; Polymin® KE 84; Polymin® PL; Polymin® PR 266 L; Polymin® PR 973; Polymin® PR 8578; Polymin® SNA; Polysilicic acid; QEMI BSW 8131; QEMI BSW 8133; Stearamine acetate drainage aid, paper machine web formation Polymin[®] KE 78 PF; Polymin[®] KE 84 drainage aid, paper machine wire Polymin® PR 973; Polymin® PR 8578 drainage aid, paper machines CA 1124XD; DM-2146; FL 1124DD; FL 1124XD; SM 1124XD drainage aid, paper prod. Polyamidoamine; Poly (glycidyltrimethyl ammonium chloride) drainage aid, paper stock Eldorado DEF-795; Polymin® SO drainage aid, paper: aq./fatty food-contact Polyquaternium-7 drainage aid, paper: aq./fatty/dry food-contact Poly [acrylamide-acrylic acid-N-(dimethylamino-
- methyl) acrylamide]; Poly (2-aminoethyl acrylate nitrate-co-2-hydroxypropyl acrylate) drainage aid, paper: food-contact Cartaretin® F Liq.; Cartaretin® K Liq.; Eldorado **DEF-795** drainage aid, paperboard Cydrain[®] 145 Drainage Aid; PerForm[™] drainage aid, paperboard: aq./fatty foodcontact Polyguaternium-7 drainage aid, paperboard: aq./fatty/dry foodcontact Poly [acrylamide-acrylic acid-N-(dimethylaminomethyl) acrylamide]; Poly (2-aminoethyl acrylate nitrate-co-2-hydroxypropyl acrylate) drainage aid, papermaking Accurac® T-100 Retention/Drainage Aid; Agequat C505; Chargemaster® R415; Chargemaster® R515; Chargemaster® R615; Jaguar® 8707; Particol®; Polymin® 978 L; Secoren™-VE; Torez Resin P-1020R; Ultimer™ 1460 drainage aid, papermaking water treatment Agefloc B4508F drainage aid, papermaking wet-end Interbond® C; Sta-Lok® 120, 160, 180, 182; Sta-Lok® 140; Sta-Lok® 300, 310, 330; Sta-Lok® 400, 410, 430, 440; Sta-Lok® 480; Sta-Lok® 600 drainage aid, papermaking: presses MPD-7 drainage aid, papermaking: wire MPD-7 drainage aid, pulp machine Drainaid PM-85 drainage aid, pulp mill bleaching Advantage® 91WW drainage aid, pulp mill brownstock washing Advantage[®] 52-B; Advantage[®] 52EH Defoamer; Advantage® 52-JS drainage aid, pulp mill effluent Hi-Mar DFP-203; Hi-Mar DFP-205 drainage aid, pulp mill screening Advantage® 91WW drainage aid, pulp screening Pulpsil[®] 760 E drainage aid, pulp washing Pulpsil[®] 760 E drainage aid, pulp/paper Etopol 61-L; Hydraid[®] 7736 EZ; Hydraid[®] 7871; Hydraid[®] 8182 EZ; PerForm[™]; Retek[®]; Unidri™ M-40 drainage aid, recycled board Interbond® C; Sta-Lok® 300, 310, 330; Sta-Lok® 400, 410, 430, 440; Sta-Lok® 600 drainage aid, save-all operation: pulp/paper Hydraid[®] 2010; Hydraid[®] 8105 drainage aid, screen room CA 1124XD; FL 1124DD; FL 1124XD; MA 1124B; SM 1124XD drainage aid, slow draining stock Celite[®] 263; Celite[®] 321; Celite[®] 388 drainage aid, sludge Hartomer[™] N40V drainage aid, sulfite screen room Hi-Mar DFP-203 drainage aid, tissue paper Jaquar[®] CB-123 drainage aid, waste treatment Agequat C1405; Agequat C3204 drainage aid, water treatment: paper Agefloc A4506; Agefloc A4510; Agequat C1405; Agequat C3204; Agestat 41T drainage aid, wet-end paper Synthro®-Pac 812 L drainage aid, wet-end: alkaline papermaking Sta-Lok® 374, 376 drainage aid, wood-containing paper Compozil™ P BMA 780; Compozil™ P BMB drier
 - Tylose[®] C-G1

drier, fine paper Jaguar® CB-123 drier, food-contact coatings Zinc 2-ethylhexanoate drier, linerboard Jaguar® CB-123 drier, papermaking Suntorl 311; Suntorl C-500; Suntorl KL; Suntorl P-40 drier, tissue paper Jaguar[®] CB-123 drier, varnish Aluminum stearate; Aluminum tristearate; Cobalt acetate (ous) dry colors Sodium alum drying agent Alumina; Sodium sulfate drying agent, board Jaguar[®] CP-4; Jaguar[®] CP-13 drying agent, food-contact coatings Aluminum caprylate; Aluminum oleate; Aluminum palmitate; Aluminum stearate; Calcium resinate; Calcium stearate; Magnesium palmitate; Magnesium stearate; Zinc palmitate; Zinc rosinate; Zinc stearate drying agent, paper Jaguar® CP-4; Jaguar® CP-13 drying agent, papermaking Jaquar® 8707 drying agent, protective coatings Linoleic acid drying agent, resins Zinc rosinate drying agent, varnishes Magnesium palmitate; Magnesium stearate; Zinc rosinate drying oil Castor (Ricinus communis) oil; Dilinoleic acid; Fumaric acid; Safflower (Carthamus tinctorius) oil drying oil, alkyd resins Sunflower (Helianthus annuus) seed oil drying oil, coatings: food-contact Castor (Ricinus communis) oil; Corn (Zea mays) oil; Cottonseed (Gossypium) oil; Linseed (Linum usitatissimum) oil; Polybutadiene; Safflower (Carthamus tinctorius) oil; Sesame (Sesamum indicum) oil; Soybean (Glycine soja) oil: Tall oil drying oil, paper coatings: food-contact Sunflower (Helianthus annuus) seed oil drying oil, resins: food pkg. Tung oil drying oil, varnishes Soybean (Glycine soja) oil dry-strength agent Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum; Hydroxypropyl guar dry-strength agent papermaking wet-end Šta-Lok® 600 dry-strength agent recycled board Sta-Lok® 600 dry-strength agent, alkaline fine paper Compozil™ P BMA 780; Compozil™ P BMB dry-strength agent, alkaline papermaking wetend Sta-Lok® 374, 376 dry-strength agent, board Compozil™ BMA 0; Compozil™ BMA 9; Compozil™ P BMA 780; Compozil™ P BMB; Compozil™ S BMA 670; Compozil™ S BMA 890; Luredur® AS 10, 60%; Luredur® JP 2; Luredur® NB-25 dry-strength agent, carton Praestamin® dry-strength agent, closed loop recycle paper machines Sta-Lok® 480 dry-strength agent, fine paper

Compozil[™] BMA 0; Compozil[™] BMA 9; Compozil™ S BMA 670; Compozil™ S BMA 890 dry-strength agent, high conductivity/cationic demand systems Compozil™ P BMA 780 dry-strength agent, paper Carboxymethylcellulose sodium; Chargemaster® R415; Chargemaster® R515; Chargemaster® R615; Eldorado PA-650; Jaguar[®] CB-11; Luredur® AS 10, 60%; Luredur® JP 2; Luredur® NB-25: Luresin®: Maleic resin: Polyamidoamine-epichlorohydrin; Praestamin®; Prox[®] AC 553 L dry-strength agent, paper saturation Dur-O-Set® E-646; X-Link 2893 dry-strength agent, paper saturation: filtration Dur-O-Set® E-623; Dur-O-Set® Elite 22; Dur-O-Set® Elite 33; Resyn® 1090; X-Link 5627 dry-strength agent, paper saturation: label stock Aerosol® 18; Dur-O-Set® Elite 22; Dur-O-Set® Elite 33 dry-strength agent, paper saturation: tag stock Aerosol[®] 18; Dur-O-Set[®] Elite 22; Dur-O-Set[®] Elite 33 dry-strength agent, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty food-contact Sodium carboxymethyl guar gum dry-strength agent, paper/paperboard: aq./ fatty/dry food-contact Poly [acrylamide-acrylic acid-N-(dimethylaminomethyl) acrylamide] dry-strength agent, paperboard Eldorado PA-650; Jaguar® 2100® dry-strength agent, papermaking Accostrength® 1000 Dry Strength Resin; Hanwet HW-96E; Harmide; Hercobond®; Lycoid® 260; MPD-7 dry-strength agent, papermaking wet-end Interbond® C; Sta-Lok® 120, 160, 180, 182; Sta-Lok® 140; Sta-Lok® 156; Sta-Lok® 300, 310, 330; Sta-Lok® 356; Sta-Lok® 400, 410, 430, 440; Sta-Lok® 480 dry-strength agent, recycled board Interbond[®] C; Sta-Lok[®] 300, 310, 330; Sta-Lok[®] 400, 410, 430, 440 dry-strength agent, recycled pulp MS-290; MSG-329 dry-strength agent, roto applics. **ŠNAP 2042** dry-strength agent, secondary fiber-containing furnishes Luredur® JP 2 dry-strength agent, secondary fiber-containing stocks Luredur® AS 10, 60%; Luredur® NB-25 dry-strength agent, sheetfed offset paper ŠNAP 2042; ŠNAP 2048 dry-strength agent, short fiber/recycled furnishes Eldorado PA-650 dry-strength agent, short-fibered containing furnishes Luredur[®] JP 2 dry-strength agent, short-fibered containing stocks Luredur® AS 10, 60%; Luredur® NB-25 dry-strength agent, starches Hanwet HW-96E dry-strength agent, sulfite pulp MS-290 dry-strength agent, sulfuric acid pulp MS-290 dry-strength agent, synthetically bound paper ćoatings SNAP 2042; SNAP 2048 dry-strength agent, web offset paper ŠNAP 2042; ŠNAP 2048 dry-strength agent, wet-end furnishes

Topcat[™] Cationic Additive dry-strength agent, wood-containing paper Compozil[™] P BMA 780: Compozil[™] P BMB dry-strength resin, board paper Torez Resin P-4010 dry-strength resin, corrugated board Torez Resin P-215-A dry-strength resin, liner paper Torez Resin P-4010 dry-strength resin, paper QEMI DSR 8116A; QEMI DSR 8117A dry-strength resin, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty food-contact QEMI DSR 8116A; QEMI DSR 8117A dry-strength resin, paperboard QEMI DSR 8116A; QEMI DSR 8117A dry-strength resin, printing paper Torez Resin P-215-A; Torez Resin P-4010 dry-strength resin, thick paper stock systems Ambond® 1505; Ambond® 1590 dry-strength resin, thin paper stock systems Ambond® 1505; Ambond® 1590 dry-strength resin, tissue paper Hartomer[™] RB-25 dry-strength resin, wrapping paper Torez Resin P-215-A; Torez Resin P-4010 duckweed killer, water treatment Cetrimonium chloride; Nissan Cation MA; Nissan Cation PB-40; Nissan Cation PB-300; Nissan Cation SA durability improver, paper saturation: label stock Nacrylic X 4280; X-Link 2833 durability improver, paper saturation: tag stock Nacrylic X 4280; X-Link 2833 dust control agent Acintol® R Type S; Armul™ 910; Deodorized kerosene; PD-25; PD-28; TLV 68-SB; TLV 68-UB; TLV 70-SB; TLV 70-UB; Yelkin® DS; Yelkin® SS; Yelkin® T; Yelkin® TS dust control agent, coated paper surface finish: calendering process Sequaflow® 502; Sequaflow® 566 dust control agent, coated paperboard surface finish: calendering process Sequaflow[®] 502; Sequaflow[®] 566 dust control agent, fiber lubricants PD-25: PD-28 dust control agent, paper PD-23 dust control agent, paperboard PD-23 dust control agent, polymers Volpo T10; Volpo T15 dust control agent, water treatment PD-23 dust control oil Dicocodimonium chloride dust settling agent DeWET SDO-70PG; DeWET SDO-75E dusting agent Hubercarb[®] Q 1; Hubercarb[®] Q 3; Hubercarb[®] Q 4; Hubercarb® Q 6; Hubercarb® Q 200T; Hubercarb® Q 325; Mica; Talc dustproofing agent, pigmented paper: size presses Prox[®]-Amine AP dye Isobutyl stearate; β-Naphthol; Potassium alum dodecahydrate; Sodium benzoate; Sodium hydroxide; Sulfur; Sulfuric acid; Tall oil acid; p-Toluene sulfonic acid dye acceptor Acrylamide dye additive Ageflex FA-2; Ageflex FM-2; *Diethylaminoethyl* acrylate; Diethylaminoethyl methacrylate;

- Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate
- dye mordant, paper

Sol-U-Tein EA dye pastes, thickening Dextrin dye prod. Sodium nitrite dye retardant Harol RG-71L dye retention aid, cellulosic fiber Agefloc A4506; Agefloc A4510; Agefloc B4508P dye, acetate Direct red 39 dye, acid: calender press dyeing, papermaking Anthosin dye, acid: size press dyeing, papermaking Anthosin® dye, acid: specialty paper Intracid® dye, aniline Ammonium persulfate dye, basic: coarse paper . Sevron® dye, basic: egg cartons Sevron® dye, basic: industrial tissues Sevron® dye, basic: kraft specialties Sevron® dye, basic: newsprint Sevron® dye, basic: paper Basazol®; Basazol® C; Basic blue 7; Basic violet 10 dye, basic: purple: paper Basic violet 3 dye, basic: recycled paper Sevron® dye, basic: saturation paper grades Sevron® dye, basic: unbleached paper Sevron® dye, black: beater applic., acid-sized paper Ponolith™ Supra Black B Liq. dye, black: beater applic., alkaline-sized paper Ponolith[™] Supra Black B Liq. dye, black: beater applic., neutral-sized paper Ponolith™ Supra Black B Liq. dye, board: fine paper Cartasol[®] Brilliant Orange 2RFN Liq.; Cartasol[®] Red 2GFN Lia. dye, board: tissue Cartasol[®] Brilliant Orange 2RFN Liq.; Cartasol[®] Red 2GFN Liq. dye, board: white grade Cartasol[®] Blue 3RFN Liq.; Cartasol[®] Brilliant Violet 5BFN Liq. dye, brilliant green-shade blue: acid paper Pontamine™ Fast Turquoise 8GL Liq. dye, brilliant green-shade blue: alkaline paper Pontamine[™] Fast Turquoise 8GL Liq. dye, brilliant green-shade blue: sized paper Pontamine™ Fast Turquoise 8GL Liq. dye, brilliant green-shade blue: tissue paper Pontamine™ Fast Turquoise 8GL Liq. dye, carbon paper Pigment red 3 dye, cationic aq. coating systems Cartasol K dye, cationic: carbon paper coatings Basonyl[®] Dyes dye, cellulose acetate Pigment red 3 dye, cellulosics Direct black 38; Direct blue 6 dye, cotton Basic red 1; Basic violet 4; Direct red 39 dye, direct: alkaline white paper Pontamine™ Black LD Liq. dye, direct: alkaline white paper Pontamine[™] Black LD Liq. dye, direct: board

Pergasol® dye, direct: cover stocks Intrabond®: Intralite®: Sol-Agua-Fast® dye, direct: fine paper Intrabond®; Intralite®; Sol-Aqua-Fast® dye, direct: paper Pergasol® dye, direct: paperboard Intrabond®; Intralite®; Sol-Aqua-Fast® dye, direct: pkg. paper Fastusol®; Fastusol® C dye, direct: printing paper Fastusol®; Fastusol® C dye, direct: sized white paper Pontamine™ Black LD Liq. dye, direct: specialty paper Fastusol®; Fastusol® C dye, direct: tissue grades Intrabond®; Intralite®; Sol-Aqua-Fast® dye, direct: toweling Intrabond®; Intralite®; Sol-Aqua-Fast® dye, direct: wood-free board Cartasol[®] Yellow 3GSFN Liq. dye, direct: wood-free paper Cartasol® Yellow 3GSFN Liq.; Fastusol®; Fastusol® C dye, direct: writing paper Fastusol®; Fastusol® C dye, fiber Lomar[®] PL; Lomar[®] PW dye, orange: paper Acid orange 7 dye, paper Acid blue 1; Acid blue 29; Acid blue 40; Acid green 1; Acid green 5; Acid green 9; Acid green 16; Acid green 20; Acid green 25; Acid orange 8; Acid orange 10; Acid orange 11; Acid orange 51; Acid red 4; Acid red 26; Acid red 37; Acid red 52; Acid red 87; Acid red 88; Acid red 97; Acid red 137; Acid violet 12; Acid violet 17; Acid violet 49; Acid yellow 3; Acid yellow 36; Basic orange 1; Basic red 1; Basic red 2; Basic red 12; Basic yellow 2; Basic yellow 37; Carbon black; Cartasol® Brilliant Blue 3GF Liq.; Cartasol® Red 3BFN Liq.; Cartasol® Turquoise RF Liq.; Cartasol® Yellow 3GF Liq.; 4.4 -Diaminostilbene-2,2 -disulfonic acid Dianisidine; Direct black 38; Direct blue 6; Direct brown 2; Direct green 1; Direct red 39; Vat yellow 4 dye, paper coatings Pigment red 3 dye, paper: deep shades Cartasol[®] Brilliant Violet 5BFN Lig. dye, paper: fine paper Cartasol[®] Brilliant Orange 2RFN Liq.; Cartasol[®] Red 2GFN Liq. dye, paper: low wood content Cartasol[®] Blue 3RFN Liq.; Cartasol[®] Brilliant Orange 2RFN Liq.; Cartasol® Brilliant Violet 5BFN Liq.; Cartasol® Red 2GFN Liq. dye, paper: tissue Cartasol® Brilliant Orange 2RFN Liq.; Cartasol® Red 2GFN Liq. dye, paper: white grade Cartasol[®] Blue 3RFN Lig.; Cartasol[®] Brilliant Violet 5BFN Lig. dye, photochromic p-Diazodiphenylamine sulfate dye, polyamide Acid blue 29; Acid blue 40; Acid green 5; Acid green 9; Acid green 20; Acid orange 8; Acid red 52; Acid violet 12 dye, polyamide fiber Tartrazine dye, red-blue: acid paper Pontamine[™] Blue BT Liq.; Pontamine[™] Blue SP Liq.; Pontamine[™] Blue SP-N Liq. dye, red-blue: alkaline paper Pontamine[™] Blue BT Liq.; Pontamine[™] Blue SP

Lig.; Pontamine[™] Blue SP-N Lig. dye, red-blue: paper Pontamine[™] Blue BT Liq.; Pontamine[™] Blue SP Liq.; Pontamine[™] Blue SP-N Liq. dye, red-blue: sized paper Pontamine™ Blue BT Liq.; Pontamine™ Blue SP Liq.; Pontamine™ Blue SP-N Liq. dye, red-blue: tissue paper Pontamine™ Blue BT Liq.; Pontamine™ Blue SP Liq.; Pontamine™ Blue SP-N Liq. dye, red-brown: acid paper Pontamine[™] Kraft Brown ES Lig. dye, red-brown: alkaline paper Pontamine™ Kraft Brown ES Liq. dye, red-brown: molded paper Pontamine[™] Kraft Brown ES Liq. dye, red-brown: paper Pontamine[™] Kraft Brown ES Liq. dye, red-brown: sized paper Pontamine[™] Kraft Brown ES Liq. dye, red-brown: tissue paper Pontamine[™] Kraft Brown ES Lig. dye, reddish-yel.: acid paper Pontamine™ Golden Yellow RB Liq. dye, reddish-yel.: alkaline paper Pontamine™ Golden Yellow RB Liq. dye, reddish-yel.: paper Pontamine™ Golden Yellow RB Liq. dye, reddish-yel.: sized paper Pontamine™ Golden Yellow RB Liq. dye, reddish-yel.: tissue paper Pontamine[™] Golden Yellow RB Liq. dye, red-yel.: acid paper Levacell[®] Fast Yellow KS-R Liq.; Pontamine™ Yellow GXG Liq.; Pontamine[™] Yellow GXW Liq. dye, red-yel.: alkaline paper Pontamine™ Yellow GXG Liq.; Pontamine™ Yellow GXW Liq. dye, red-yel.: alkaline-sized paper Levacell[®] Fast Yellow KS-R Liq. dye, red-yel.: paper Levacell[®] Fast Yellow KS-R Liq.; Pontamine[™] Yellow GXG Liq.; Pontamine[™] Yellow GXW Liq. dye, red-yel.: sized paper Pontamine™ Yellow GXG Liq.; Pontamine™ Yellow GXW Liq. dye, red-yel .: tissue paper Levacell[®] Fast Yellow KS-R Liq.; Pontamine[™] Yellow GXG Liq.; Pontamine[™] Yellow GXW Liq. dye, security paper Check Dye AS Liq. dye, silk Acid blue 1; Acid blue 29, Acid blue 40, Acid green 5; Acid green 9; Acid green 20; Acid orange 8; Acid orange 11; Acid red 52; Acid violet 12; Basic red 1; Direct red 39 dye, sl. greener-shade blue direct: alkalinesized paper Pontamine[™] Blue GTB Liq. dye, sl. greener-shade blue direct: sized paper Pontamine[™] Blue GTB Liq. dye, sl. greener-shade blue direct: tissue **paper** Pontamine™ Blue GTB Liq. dye, tissue printing Cartasol[®] Turquoise K-ZL Lig. dye, white grade board Cartasol® Blue 3RF Liq. dye, white grade paper Cartasol® Blue 3RF Liq. dye, wood-free paper Cartasol[®] Blue 3RF Liq.; Cartasol K; Cartasol[®] Turquoise K-ZL Liq. dye, wood-free pulp: board Cartasol[®] Blue K-5R Liq. dye, wood-free pulp: paper Cartasol[®] Blue K-5R Liq. dye, yel.: acid-sized paper beaters Ponolith[™] Supra Yellow GY Liq.; Ponolith[™] Supra Yellow RD Lig.

- dyeing
- Butoxyethanol; Calcium sulfate; Cetyl betaine; Gallic acid: Potassium aluminate: Sodium alum; Sodium p-styrenesulfonate

dyeing assistant

Ajidew A-100; Ajidew N-50; Ajidew SP-100; Alkanol[®] 189-S; Alkanol[®] 1009C; Alkanol[®] 6112; Alkanol® A-CN; Alkanol® ND; Alkanol® SB; Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate; Ammonium phosphate; Ceteareth-10; Ceteareth-11; Ceteareth-14; Ceteareth-18; Cetyl betaine; DeTHOX ACID O-9; Geropon® T-33; Geropon® T-43; Geropon® T-51; Geropon® T-77; *Hydrolyzed collagen*; Igepal® CA-880; Igepal[®] CA-887; Igepal[®] CA-890; Igepal[®] CA-897; Igepal[®] CO-897; *Isodeceth-6*; Lauryl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Octoxynol-25; Oleth-18; Oleth-23; PCA; PEG-80 castor oil; PEG-20 laurate; PEG-14 oleate; PEG-8 tallate; PEG-16 tallate; Persoft NK-60, NK-100; Polyguat 188: Product BCO: Rapisol B-30, B-80, B-90, C-70; Sodium butyl oleate sulfonate; Sodium butyl tallate sulfate; Sodium methyl oleoyl taurate; Sodium PCA; Stafoam F; Sulfated butyl tallate; Surfonic® OPB-407; Trydet 2676

dyeing assistant, acid dyes: paper Avitex® 6311; Avitex® DN-100; Avitex® E; Avitex[®] R

- dyeing assistant, acid/azo dyes
- Igepal® CO-977
- dyeing assistant, cationic direct dyes: paper Cartafix[®] F Liq.

dyeing assistant, direct dyes: paper Avitex[®] 6311; Avitex[®] DN-100; Avitex[®] E; Avitex[®] R

- dyeing assistant, paper
- Arguad® 2C-75; Arguad® 12-50; Arguad® 16-50; Arguad® 18-50; Arguad® C-50; Arguad® T-27W; Chemax CO-16; Chemax CO-30; Chemax CO-40; Merpol® HCS; PEG-16 castor oil; PEG-25 castor oil; PEG-30 castor oil; PEG-36 castor oil; PEG-40 castor oil; PEG-200 castor oil; PEG-5 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-16 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-25 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-200 hydrogenated castor oil; Schercozoline I; Schercozoline L; Schercozoline O; Schercozoline S dyeing assistant, polyurethane foams
- PEG-36 castor oil

dyeing assistant, pulp/paper

- Glypax 200; Glypax 400; Glypax 600; Glypax 1000; Glypax 3000; Glypax 4000; Glypax 6000; Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F77; Pluronic® F87; Pluronic® F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic[®] F127; Pluronic[®] L31; Pluronic[®] L35; Pluronic[®] L43; Pluronic[®] L44; Pluronic[®] L64; Pluronic® P84; Pluronic® P85; Pluronic® P103; Pluronic® P104; Pluronic® P105; Pluronic® P123 dyeing, beater: paper Direct black 80 dyeing, fiber Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate dyeing, paper Direct blue 53 dye-receptive resin, paper PVP K-15; PVP K-15 Sol'n.; PVP K-30; PVP K-60 Sol'n.; PVP K-90; PVP K-90 Sol'n.; PVP K-120 dyestuff, black: molded, tissue Pontamine[™] Black SP Lig. dyestuff, black: paper
- Pontamine[™] Black SP Liq. dyestuff, black: paperboard
- Pontamine[™] Black SP Liq.
- dyestuff, bluer-shade red: paper
- Levacell[®] Red KS-4BE Conc.
- dyestuff, bluer-shade red: tissue
- Levacell[®] Red KS-4BE Conc.

- dyestuff, blue-shade green direct: alkaline paper
- Pontamine[™] Green 2B
- dyestuff, blue-shade green direct: sized paper Pontamine[™] Green 2B
- dyestuff, blue-shade green direct: tissue paper Pontamine[™] Green 2B
- dyestuff, blue-shade red: acid paper Pontamine™ Fast Red 8BF Liq.; Pontamine™ Fast Red 8BLX Liq.; Pontamine™ Fast Red 9BL Lia.
- dyestuff, blue-shade red: alkaline paper Pontamine[™] Fast Red 8BF Liq.; Pontamine[™] Fast Red 8BLX Liq.; Pontamine™ Fast Red 9BL Lia.
- dyestuff, blue-shade red: sized paper Pontamine[™] Fast Red 8BF Liq.; Pontamine[™] Fast Red 8BLX Liq.; Pontamine[™] Fast Red 9BL Liq.
- dyestuff, blue-shade red: tissue paper Pontamine[™] Fast Red 8BF Liq.; Pontamine[™] Fast Red 8BLX Liq.; Pontamine[™] Fast Red 9BL Liq.
- dyestuff, bright green-shade blue: acid paper Levacell[®] Blue 6GLL Liq.
- dyestuff, bright green-shade blue: alkaline paper
- Levacell[®] Blue 6GLL Liq.
- dyestuff, bright green-shade blue: sized paper Levacell® Blue 6GLL Liq.
- dyestuff, bright green-shade blue: tissue paper Levacell[®] Blue 6GLL Liq.
- dyestuff, bright grn.-shade, fluorescent yel.: acid paper
- Pontamine[™] Brilliant Flavine 6G-N Sol'n. dyestuff, bright grn.-shade, fluorescent yel.: alkaline paper
- Pontamine[™] Brilliant Flavine 6G-N Sol'n.
- dyestuff, bright grn.-shade, fluorescent yel.: sized paper
- Pontamine[™] Brilliant Flavine 6G-N Sol'n. dyestuff, bright grn.-shade, fluorescent yel.: tissue paper
- Pontamine[™] Brilliant Flavine 6G-N Sol'n.
- dyestuff, bright neutral-shade blue: internal paper coloration, acid
- Pontamine[™] Blue BN Liq. 200% dyestuff, bright neutral-shade blue: internal paper coloration, alkaline Pontamine™ Blue BN Liq. 200%
- dyestuff, bright neutral-shade blue: internal
- paper coloration, sized
- Pontamine[™] Blue BN Liq. 200% dyestuff, bright neutral-shade blue: internal
- paper coloration, tissue Pontamine[™] Blue BN Liq. 200%
- dyestuff, bright reddish-shade yel.: acid paper Pontamine[™] Yellow 2RF Lig.
- dyestuff, bright reddish-shade yel.: alkaline paper Pontamine™ Yellow 2RF Liq.
- dyestuff, bright reddish-shade yel.: sized paper Pontamine[™] Yellow 2RF Liq.
- dyestuff, bright reddish-shade yel.: tissue paper
- Pontamine[™] Yellow 2RF Lig.
- dyestuff, bright red-shade blue: acid paper Pontamine[™] Blue WE-N Liq.
- dyestuff, bright red-shade blue: alkaline paper Pontamine[™] Blue WE-N Liq.
- dyestuff, bright red-shade blue: sized paper Pontamine™ Blue WE-N Liq.
- dyestuff, bright red-shade blue: tissue paper Pontamine[™] Blue WE-N Liq.
- dyestuff, bright red-shade orange direct: alkaline-sized paper Pontamine™ Brilliant Orange 2R Liq.
- dyestuff, bright red-shade orange direct: sized paper
- Pontamine[™] Brilliant Orange 2R Lig. dyestuff, bright red-shade orange direct: tissue paper Pontamine™ Brilliant Orange 2R Liq. dyestuff, brilliant blue basic: acid paper Verona™ Basic Blue GE Liq.; Verona™ Basic Blue R Liq.; Verona™ Basic Violet M Liq. dyestuff, brilliant blue basic: directory paper Verona™ Basic Blue GE Liq.; Verona™ Basic Blue R Liq.; Verona™ Basic Violet M Liq. dyestuff, brilliant blue basic: newsprint paper Verona™ Basic Blue GE Liq.; Verona™ Basic Blue R Liq.; Verona[™] Basic Violet M Liq. dyestuff, brilliant blue basic: publication paper Verona[™] Basic Blue GE Lig.; Verona[™] Basic Blue R Lig.; Verona[™] Basic Violet M Lig. dyestuff, brilliant blue basic: sized paper Verona™ Basic Blue GE Liq.; Verona™ Basic Blue R Liq.; Verona[™] Basic Violet M Liq. dyestuff, brilliant blue basic: white paper tintina Verona[™] Basic Blue GE Liq.; Verona[™] Basic Blue R Liq.; Verona[™] Basic Violet M Liq. dyestuff, brilliant blue-shade red basic: acid paper Verona[™] Basic Red P Liq. dyestuff, brilliant blue-shade red basic: directory paper Verona™ Basic Red P Liq. dyestuff, brilliant blue-shade red basic: newsprint paper Verona[™] Basic Red P Liq. dyestuff, brilliant blue-shade red basic: publication paper Verona™ Basic Red P Lig dyestuff, brilliant blue-shade red basic: sized paper Verona™ Basic Red P Liq. dyestuff, brilliant blue-shade red basic: white paper tinting Verona™ Basic Red P Liq. dyestuff, brilliant blue-shade red direct: alkaline paper Pontamine[™] Red Sern Liq. dyestuff, brilliant blue-shade red direct: sized paper Pontamine[™] Red Sern Liq. dyestuff, brilliant blue-shade red: acid paper Pontamine[™] Bordeaux 8B Liq. dyestuff, brilliant blue-shade red: alkaline paper Pontamine[™] Bordeaux 8B Liq. dyestuff, brilliant blue-shade red: sized paper Pontamine™ Bordeaux 8B Liq. dyestuff, brilliant blue-shade red: tissue paper Pontamine[™] Bordeaux 8B Liq. dyestuff, brilliant green basic: acid paper Verona[™] Basic Green M Liq. dyestuff, brilliant green basic: decorative paper Verona™ Basic Green M Liq. dyestuff, brilliant green basic: directory paper Verona[™] Basic Green M Liq. dyestuff, brilliant green basic: lignin pulp Verona[™] Basic Green M Liq. dyestuff, brilliant green basic: newsprint paper Verona[™] Basic Green M Liq. dyestuff, brilliant green basic: publication paper Verona™ Basic Green M Lig. dyestuff, brilliant green basic: sized paper Verona™ Basic Green M Liq. dyestuff, brilliant grn.-shade blue: acid paper Pontamine[™] Brilliant Bond Blue A Liq. dyestuff, brilliant grn.-shade blue: alkaline paper
- Pontamine[™] Brilliant Bond Blue A Liq.
- dyestuff, brilliant grn.-shade blue: sized paper Pontamine[™] Brilliant Bond Blue A Lig.

dyestuff, brilliant grn.-shade blue: tissue paper Pontamine[™] Brilliant Bond Blue A Lig. dyestuff, brilliant grnsh.-shade yel. basic: directory grade paper Verona™ Basic Yellow 4GN Liq. 125 dyestuff, brilliant grnsh.-shade yel. basic: lignin pulp grade paper Verona™ Basic Yellow 4GN Liq. 125 dyestuff, brilliant grnsh.-shade yel. basic: newsprint grade paper Verona[™] Basic Yellow 4GN Lig. 125 dyestuff, brilliant grnsh.-shade yel. basic: paper Verona[™] Basic Yellow 4GN Liq. 125 dyestuff, brilliant grnsh.-shade yel. basic: publication grade paper Verona[™] Basic Yellow 4GN Liq 125 dyestuff, brilliant orange basic: acid paper Verona[™] Basic Orange G Liq. dyestuff, brilliant orange basic: sized paper Verona[™] Basic Orange G Liq. dyestuff, brilliant red-shade orange: acid **paper** Pontamine™ Fast Orange WN Liq. dyestuff, brilliant red-shade orange: alkaline **paper** Pontamine™ Fast Orange WN Liq. dyestuff, brilliant red-shade orange: sized paper Pontamine[™] Fast Orange WN Liq. dyestuff, brilliant red-shade orange: tissue **paper** Pontamine™ Fast Orange WN Liq. dyestuff, brilliant scarlet: acid paper Pontamine™ Fast Scarlet 4B Liq. dyestuff, brilliant scarlet: alkaline paper Pontamine[™] Fast Scarlet 4B Liq. dyestuff, brilliant scarlet: sized paper Pontamine[™] Fast Scarlet 4B Lig. dyestuff, brilliant scarlet: tissue paper Pontamine[™] Fast Scarlet 4B Liq. dyestuff, direct blk .: acid-sized paper Pontamine[™] Black LFS Liq. dyestuff, direct blk.: alkaline-sized paper Pontamine™ Black LFS Liq. dyestuff, direct blk .: tissue Pontamine[™] Black LFS Lig. dyestuff, grn. shade yel.: paper Pontamine™ Brilliant Yellow 5GA Liq. dyestuff, sl. green shade/fluorescent yel.: acid paper Pontamine[™] Bond Yellow 303 Lig. dyestuff, sl. green shade/fluorescent yel.: alkaline paper Pontamine™ Bond Yellow 303 Liq. dyestuff, sl. green shade/fluorescent yel.: sized paper Pontamine[™] Bond Yellow 303 Liq. dyestuff, sl. green shade/fluorescent yel .: tissue paper Pontamine[™] Bond Yellow 303 Liq. dyestuff, sl. grn.-shade: acid fine paper Pontamine™ Bond Blue B Liq. dyestuff, sl. grn.-shade: alkaline fine paper Pontamine[™] Bond Blue B Liq. dyestuff, sl. grn.-shade: sized fine paper Pontamine™ Bond Blue B Liq. dyestuff, sl. reddish shade fluorescent yel .: acid paper Pontamine[™] Yellow 711 Lig. dyestuff, sl. reddish shade fluorescent yel.: alkaline paper Pontamine™ Yellow 711 Liq. dyestuff, sl. reddish shade fluorescent yel .: sized paper Pontamine[™] Yellow 711 Liq. dyestuff, sl. reddish shade fluorescent yel .: tissue paper

Pontamine[™] Yellow 711 Liq.

dyestuff, violet: acid paper Pontamine[™] Brilliant Violet BRW Liq. dvestuff, violet: alkaline paper Pontamine[™] Brilliant Violet BRW Liq. dyestuff, violet: sized paper Pontamine[™] Brilliant Violet BRW Lig. dyestuff, violet: tissue paper Pontamine[™] Brilliant Violet BRW Liq. dyestuff, yel.: acid paper Pontamine™ Brilliant Paper Yellow Liq.; Pontamine[™] Yellow EM Liq.; Pontamine[™] Yellow G Lia. dyestuff, yel.: acid-sized paper Pontamine™ Fast Yellow 3GF Liq. dyestuff, yel.: alkaline paper Pontamine™ Yellow EM Liq.; Pontamine™ Yellow G Lig. dyestuff, yel.: alkaline-sized paper Pontamine™ Fast Yellow 3GF Liq. dyestuff, yel.: sized paper Pontamine[™] Brilliant Paper Yellow Lig.: Pontamine[™] Yellow EM Liq.; Pontamine[™] Yellow G Liq. dyestuff, yel.: tissue Pontamine™ Yellow EM Liq.; Pontamine™ Yellow G Liq. dyestuff, yel.: tissue paper Pontamine™ Fast Yellow 3GF Liq. dyestuff, yel.-shade orange: acid paper Pontamine[™] Kraft Orange A Lig. dyestuff, yel.-shade orange: alkaline paper Pontamine™ Kraft Orange A Liq. dyestuff, yel.-shade orange: sized paper Pontamine[™] Kraft Orange A Liq. dyestuff, yel.-shade orange: tissue paper Pontamine[™] Kraft Orange A Liq. dyestuffs Ammonium naphthalene sulfonate; Bis(aminopropyl) piperazine; Bromine; Hydroquinone monomethyl ether; Nonylphenol; Potassium thiocyanate effluent treatment CS-10; Induclor®; Pittclor®; Polymin® PR 266 L; Polymin® PR 973; Polymin® PR 8578; Sodium hypochlorite elastomer, perfluorocarbon cured: foodcontact Magnesium oxide elec. conductive film, paper Laponite® JS electroconductive agent, electrofax paper Chemistat 6300 H emollient, waxes Propylene glycol myristate emulsifier Abex[®] JKB; Aerosol[®] 22; Aerosol[®] MA-80; Aerosol® OT-70 PG; *Algin; Alkenyl succinic* anhydride; Aluminasol 100; Aluminasol 200; Aluminum distearate; Aluminum hydroxide; Ammonium oleic sulfate; Antarox® L-64; Arizona DR-22; Armeen® 2C; Behenyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Calcium carrageenan; Calcium lignosulfonate; Calcium stearate; Calimulse PRS; Carbomer; Carbomer 910; Carboxymethylcellulose sodium; Ceteareth; Ceteareth-2; Ceteareth-5; Ceteareth-20; Ceteth-20; Cetoleth-25; Cetyl betaine; Coco-betaine; Cocotrimonium chloride; C9-11 pareth-5; C9-11 pareth-12; C10-12 pareth-3; C10-12 pareth-5; C12-14 pareth-5; C12-14 pareth-9; C12-15 pareth-3; C12-15 pareth-10; C12-15 pareth-12; C12-18 pareth-7; C13-15 pareth-3; C13-15 pareth-7; C13-15 pareth-7; C13-15 pareth-9; C13-15 pareth-11; C13-15 pareth-20; Crill 1; Crill 2; Crill 3; Crill 43; Crillet 1 HP; Crillet 1 NF; Crillet 2; Crillet 4; Crillet 11; Crillet 31; Crillet 35; Crillet 41; Crillet 45; Cuirol® RZ 80; DeIONIC OPE-12; DeMIDE RCN-276; Dicocamine; Dicocodimonium chloride; Dimethicone copolyol; Ditridecyl

sodium sulfosuccinate; Dodoxynol-7;

Dodoxynol-10; Eldorado FCD-142; Elvanol® 75-15; Empilan® KA3; Empilan® KA5; Empilan® KA5/90; Empilan® KA8/80; Empilan® KA10/80; Emsorb® 2505; Epolene® E-20; *Glyceryl distearate; Glyceryl ricinoleate; Glycol palmitate;* Hoechst Wax LP; *Hydrogenated* castor oil; Hydrogenated ditallowamine; Hydrogenated menhaden oil; Hydrogenated tallow, Hydrogenated tallow acid, Hydrogenated tallow glycerides; Hydrogenated vegetable glycerides; Isolaureth-3; Isolaureth-6; Isolaureth-10; Isopropyl myristate; Isopropyl palmitate; Isoundeceth-3; Isoundeceth-6; Isoundeceth-9; Isoundeceth-12; KELACID®; KELCOLOID® DH; KELCOLOID® HVF; KELCOLOID® LVF; KELCOLOID® O; KELCOLOID® S; KELCOSOL®; KELGIN® F; KELGIN® HV; KELGIN® LV; KELGIN® MV; KELGIN® XL; KELSET®; Kemester® 5500; Lanolin; Laureth-3; Laureth-12; Lignosite® AC; Linseed acid; Lomar® PL; Mazu® DF 210SX; Mazu® DF 230SX; Monawet MT-70; Monawet SNO-35; Nonoxynol-5; Nonoxynol-6; Nonoxynol-7; Nonoxynol-8; Nonoxynol-9; Nonoxynol-10; Nonoxynol-11; Nonoxynol-12; Nonoxynol-13; Nonoxynol-14; Nonoxynol-18; Nonoxynol-20; Nonoxynol-23; Nonoxynol-25; Nonoxynol-30; Nonoxynol-100; Nonoxynol-9 phosphate; Nonyl nonoxynol-100; Nopalcol 4-O; Octoxynol; Oleth-15; Oleth-18; Oleth-23; Oleth-40; Paxsorbate 20; Paxsorbate 60; Paxsorbate 80; PEG-5 castor oil; PEG-8 castor oil; PEG-15 castor oil; PEG-28 castor oil; PEG-2 cocamine; PEG-15 cocamine; PEG-4 dicocoate; PEG-6 dilaurate; PEG-8 dilaurate; PEG-20 dilaurate; PEG-32 dilaurate; PEG-6 dioleate; PEG-20 dioleate; PEG-32 dioleate; PEG-20 distearate; PEG-32 distearate; PEG-8 ditallate; PEG-12 ditallate; PEG-4 laurate; PEG-5 laurate; PEG-8 laurate; PEG-12 laurate; PEG-12 oleate; PEG-20 oleate; PEG-32 oleate; PEG-8 stearate; PEG-32 stearate; PEG-8 tallate; Pentasodium triphosphate; Persoft NK-60, NK-100; Pluronic® P-2000; Polysorbate 20; POLYSTEP® A-17; POLYSTEP® AE-120; POLYSTEP® AE-307; POLYSTEP® B-3; POLYSTEP® B-5; POLYSTEP® B-7; POLYSTEP® B-11; POLYSTEP® B-20; POLYSTEP® B-22; POLYSTEP® B-24; POLYSTEP® B-330S; POLYSTEP® F-1; POLYSTEP® F-2; POLYSTEP® F-3; POLYSTEP® F-4; POLYSTEP® F-5; POLYSTEP® F-6; POLYSTEP® F-9; POLYSTEP® F-9S; POLYSTEP® F-10; POLYSTEP® F-95B; POLYSTEP® LAS-50; POLYSTEP® OP-9; POLYSTEP® OP-3070; POLYSTEP® OP-4070; Polyvinyl alcohol; Propylene glycol distearate; Propylene glycol oleate; PVM/MA copolymer; Pycal 94; Rhodacal® 3594; Rhodacal® DS/4-E25; Rhodacal® DS-10; Rhodafac® RE-610; Rhodafac® RS-610; Rhodafac® RS-710; Rhodapex® CO-436; Rhodapon® LSB; Rhodapon® SM; Rhodapon® UB/E-30; Rhodapon® UB/E-N; Scripset® 500; Scripset® 220; Scripset® 540; Scripset® 542; Scripset® 550; Scripset® 640; Scripset® 700; Scripset® 720; Scripset® 740; Scripset® 742; Scripset® 745; Scripset® 746; Scripset® 747; Scripset® 808; Servoxyl® VPDZ 6/100; Servoxyl® VPFZ 7/100; Servoxyl® VPIZ 100; Servoxyl® VPNZ 7/100; Servoxyl® VPPZ 100; Servoxyl® VPRZ 006/100; Servoxyl® VPRZ 0011/100; Servoxyl® VPTZ 100; Servoxyl® VPVZ 12/ Servoxyl® VPTZ 100; Servoxyl® VPVZ 12/ 100; Silwet® L-7200; Silwet® L-7210; Silwet® L-7230; Sintrex EHR; Sipophos DA-6P; Sodium methyl oleoyl taurate; Sodium oleic sulfate; Sodium tallow sulfate; Sorbitan laurate; Soyamidopropyl dimethylamino gluconate;

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paper Pontamine[™] Brilliant Bond Blue A Lig. dyestuff, brilliant grnsh.-shade yel. basic: directory grade paper Verona™ Basic Yellow 4GN Liq. 125 dyestuff, brilliant grnsh.-shade yel. basic: lignin pulp grade paper Verona™ Basic Yellow 4GN Liq. 125 dyestuff, brilliant grnsh.-shade yel. basic: newsprint grade paper Verona™ Basic Yellow 4GN Liq. 125 dyestuff, brilliant grnsh.-shade yel. basic: paper Verona[™] Basic Yellow 4GN Liq. 125 dyestuff, brilliant grnsh.-shade yel. basic: publication grade paper Verona[™] Basic Yellow 4GN Liq 125 dyestuff, brilliant orange basic: acid paper Verona[™] Basic Orange G Liq. dyestuff, brilliant orange basic: sized paper Verona™ Basic Orange G Liq. dyestuff, brilliant red-shade orange: acid **paper** Pontamine™ Fast Orange WN Liq. dyestuff, brilliant red-shade orange: alkaline **paper** Pontamine™ Fast Orange WN Liq. dyestuff, brilliant red-shade orange: sized paper Pontamine[™] Fast Orange WN Lig. dyestuff, brilliant red-shade orange: tissue **paper** Pontamine™ Fast Orange WN Liq. dyestuff, brilliant scarlet: acid paper Pontamine™ Fast Scarlet 4B Liq. dyestuff, brilliant scarlet: alkaline paper Pontamine[™] Fast Scarlet 4B Liq. dyestuff, brilliant scarlet: sized paper Pontamine™ Fast Scarlet 4B Liq. dyestuff, brilliant scarlet: tissue paper Pontamine[™] Fast Scarlet 4B Liq. dyestuff, direct blk .: acid-sized paper Pontamine[™] Black LFS Liq. dyestuff, direct blk.: alkaline-sized paper Pontamine™ Black LFS Liq. dyestuff, direct blk .: tissue Pontamine[™] Black LFS Lig. dyestuff, grn. shade yel.: paper Pontamine™ Brilliant Yellow 5GA Liq. dyestuff, sl. green shade/fluorescent yel.: acid paper Pontamine[™] Bond Yellow 303 Lig. dyestuff, sl. green shade/fluorescent yel.: alkaline paper Pontamine™ Bond Yellow 303 Liq. dyestuff, sl. green shade/fluorescent yel.: sized paper Pontamine[™] Bond Yellow 303 Liq. dyestuff, sl. green shade/fluorescent yel.: tissue paper Pontamine™ Bond Yellow 303 Liq. dyestuff, sl. grn.-shade: acid fine paper Pontamine™ Bond Blue B Liq. dyestuff, sl. grn.-shade: alkaline fine paper Pontamine[™] Bond Blue B Liq. dyestuff, sl. grn.-shade: sized fine paper Pontamine™ Bond Blue B Liq. dyestuff, sl. reddish shade fluorescent yel .: acid paper Pontamine[™] Yellow 711 Lig. dyestuff, sl. reddish shade fluorescent yel.: alkaline paper Pontamine™ Yellow 711 Liq. dyestuff, sl. reddish shade fluorescent yel .: sized paper Pontamine[™] Yellow 711 Liq. dyestuff, sl. reddish shade fluorescent yel .: tissue paper

dyestuff, brilliant grn.-shade blue: tissue

Pontamine[™] Yellow 711 Liq.

dyestuff, violet: acid paper Pontamine[™] Brilliant Violet BRW Liq. dyestuff, violet: alkaline paper Pontamine[™] Brilliant Violet BRW Liq. dyestuff, violet: sized paper Pontamine™ Brilliant Violet BRW Liq. dyestuff, violet: tissue paper Pontamine[™] Brilliant Violet BRW Liq. dyestuff, yel.: acid paper Pontamine™ Brilliant Paper Yellow Liq.; Pontamine[™] Yellow EM Liq.; Pontamine[™] Yellow G Lia. dyestuff, yel.: acid-sized paper Pontamine™ Fast Yellow 3GF Liq. dyestuff, yel.: alkaline paper Pontamine™ Yellow EM Liq.; Pontamine™ Yellow G Liq. dyestuff, yel.: alkaline-sized paper Pontamine™ Fast Yellow 3GF Liq. dyestuff, yel.: sized paper Pontamine[™] Brilliant Paper Yellow Lig.: Pontamine[™] Yellow EM Liq.; Pontamine[™] Yellow G Liq. dyestuff, yel.: tissue Pontamine™ Yellow EM Liq.; Pontamine™ Yellow G Liq. dyestuff, yel.: tissue paper Pontamine™ Fast Yellow 3GF Liq. dyestuff, yel.-shade orange: acid paper Pontamine[™] Kraft Orange A Lig. dyestuff, yel.-shade orange: alkaline paper Pontamine™ Kraft Orange A Liq. dyestuff, yel.-shade orange: sized paper Pontamine[™] Kraft Orange A Liq. dyestuff, yel.-shade orange: tissue paper Pontamine[™] Kraft Orange A Liq. dyestuffs Ammonium naphthalene sulfonate; Bis(aminopropyl) piperazine; Bromine; Hydroquinone monomethyl ether; Nonylphenol; Potassium thiocyanate effluent treatment CS-10; Induclor®; Pittclor®; Polymin® PR 266 L; Polymin® PR 973; Polymin® PR 8578; Sodium hypochlorite elastomer, perfluorocarbon cured: foodcontact Magnesium oxide elec. conductive film, paper Laponite® JS electroconductive agent, electrofax paper Chemistat 6300 H emollient, waxes Propylene glycol myristate emulsifier Abex[®] JKB; Aerosol[®] 22; Aerosol[®] MA-80; Aerosol® OT-70 PG; *Algin; Alkenyl succinic* anhydride; Aluminasol 100; Aluminasol 200; Aluminum distearate; Aluminum hydroxide; Ammonium oleic sulfate; Antarox® L-64; Arizona DR-22; Armeen® 2C; Behenyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Calcium carrageenan; Calcium lignosulfonate; Calcium stearate; Calimulse PRS; Carbomer; Carbomer 910; Carboxymethylcellulose sodium; Ceteareth; Ceteareth-2; Ceteareth-5; Ceteareth-20; Ceteth-20; Cetoleth-25; Cetyl betaine; Coco-betaine; Cocotrimonium chloride; C9-11 pareth-5; C9-11 pareth-12; C10-12 pareth-3; C10-12 pareth-3; C10-12 pareth-5; C12-14 pareth-9; C12-15 pareth-3; C12-15 pareth-10; C12-15 pareth-12; C12-18 pareth-7; C13-15 pareth-3; C13-15 pareth-7; C13-15 pareth-7; C13-15 pareth-9; C13-15 pareth-11; C13-15 pareth-20; Crill 1; Crill 2; Crill 3; Crill 43; Crillet 1 HP; Crillet 1 NF; Crillet 2; Crillet 4; Crillet 11; Crillet 31; Crillet 35; Crillet 41; Crillet 45; Cuirol® RZ 80; DeIONIC OPE-12; DeMIDE RCN-276; Dicocamine; Dicocodimonium chloride; Dimethicone copolyol; Ditridecyl

sodium sulfosuccinate; Dodoxynol-7;

Dodoxynol-10; Eldorado FCD-142; Elvanol® 75-15; Empilan® KA3; Empilan® KA5; Empilan® KA5/90; Empilan® KA8/80; Empilan® KA10/80; Emsorb® 2505; Epolene® E-20; *Glyceryl distearate; Glyceryl ricinoleate; Glycol palmitate;* Hoechst Wax LP; *Hydrogenated* castor oil; Hydrogenated ditallowamine; Hydrogenated menhaden oil; Hydrogenated tallow; Hydrogenated tallow acid; Hydrogenated tallow glycerides; Hydrogenated vegetable glycerides; Isolaureth-3; Isolaureth-6; Isolaureth-10; Isopropyl myristate; Isopropyl palmitate; Isoundeceth-3; Isoundeceth-6; Isoundeceth-9; Isoundeceth-12; KELACID®; KELCOLOID® DH; KELCOLOID® HVF; KELCOLOID® LVF; KELCOLOID® O; KELCOLOID® S; KELCOSOL®; KELGIN® F; KELGIN® HV; KELGIN® LV; KELGIN® MV; KELGIN® XL; KELSET®; Kemester® 5500; Lanolin; Laureth-3; Laureth-12; Lignosite® AC; Linseed acid; Lomar® PL; Mazu® DF 210SX; Mazu® DF 230SX; Monawet MT-70; Monawet SNO-35; Nonoxynol-5; Nonoxynol-6; Nonoxynol-7; Nonoxynol-8; Nonoxynol-9; Nonoxynol-10; Nonoxynol-11; Nonoxynol-12; Nonoxynol-13; Nonoxynol-14; Nonoxynol-18; Nonoxynol-20; Nonoxynol-23; Nonoxynol-25; Nonoxynol-30; Nonoxynol-100; Nonoxynol-9 phosphate; Nonyl nonoxynol-100; Nopalcol 4-O; Octoxynol; Oleth-15; Oleth-18; Oleth-23; *Oleth-40*; Paxsorbate 20; Paxsorbate 60; Paxsorbate 80; *PEG-5 castor oil; PEG-8 castor* oil; PEG-15 castor oil; PEG-28 castor oil; PEG-2 cocamine; PEG-15 cocamine; PEG-4 dicocoate; PEG-6 dilaurate; PEG-8 dilaurate; PEG-20 dilaurate; PEG-32 dilaurate; PEG-6 dioleate; PEG-20 dioleate; PEG-32 dioleate; PEG-20 distearate; PEG-32 distearate; PEG-8 ditallate; PEG-12 ditallate; PEG-4 laurate; PEG-5 laurate; PEG-8 laurate; PEG-12 laurate; PEG-12 oleate; PEG-20 oleate; PEG-32 oleate; PEG-8 stearate; PEG-32 stearate; PEG-8 tallate; Pentasodium triphosphate; Persoft NK-60, NK-100; Pluronic® P-2000; Polysorbate 20; POLYSTEP® A-17; POLYSTEP® AE-120; POLYSTEP® AE-307; POLYSTEP® B-3; POLYSTEP® B-5; POLYSTEP® B-7; POLYSTEP® B-11; POLYSTEP® B-20; POLYSTEP® B-22; POLYSTEP® B-24; POLYSTEP® B-330S; POLYSTEP® F-1; POLYSTEP® F-2; POLYSTEP® F-3; POLYSTEP® F-4; POLYSTEP® F-5; POLYSTEP® F-6; POLYSTEP® F-9; POLYSTEP® F-9S; POLYSTEP® F-10; POLYSTEP® F-95B; POLYSTEP® LAS-50; POLYSTEP® OP-9; POLYSTEP® OP-3070; POLYSTEP® OP-4070; Polyvinyl alcohol; Propylene glycol distearate; Propylene glycol oleate; PVM/MA copolymer; Pycal 94; Rhodacal® 3594; Rhodacal® DS/4-E25; Rhodacal® DS-10; Rhodafac® RE-610; Rhodafac® RS-610; Rhodafac® RS-710; Rhodapon[®] SM; Rhodapon[®] UB/E-30; Rhodapon® UB/E-N; Scripset® 500; Scripset® 220; Scripset® 540; Scripset® 542; Scripset® 550; Scripset® 640; Scripset® 700; Scripset® 720; Scripset® 740; Scripset® 742; Scripset® 745; Scripset® 746; Scripset® 747; Scripset® 808; Servoxyl® VPDZ 6/100; Servoxyl® VPFZ 7/100; Servoxyl® VPIZ 100; Servoxyl® VPNZ 7/100; Servoxyl® VPPZ 100; Servoxyl® VPRZ 006/100; Servoxyl® VPRZ 0011/100; Servoxyl® VPTZ 100; Servoxyl® VPTZ 100; Servoxyl® VPTZ 100; Servoxyl® VPTZ 12/ 100; Silwet® L-7200; Silwet® L-7210; Silwet® L-7230; Sintrex EHR; Sipophos DA-6P; Sodium methyl oleoyl taurate; Sodium oleic sulfate; Sodium tallow sulfate; Sorbitan laurate; Soyamidopropyl dimethylamino gluconate;

emulsifier, abrasive slurries

Stanfax 996; Stanfax 997; Stearamine; Steareth-2; STEPANOL® LCP; Styrene/MA copolymer; Styrene/MA copolymer, sodium salt; Sulfated castor oil; SULFONIC 100; Sulfopon® 101; Sulfopon® 101 Special; Sulfopon® 101 Special RHD; Surfonic® CO-15; Surfonic® CO-20; Surfonic® CO-25; Surfonic® CO-30; Surfonic[®] CO-42; Surfonic[®] DNP-100; Surfonic® DNP-1500; Surfonic® JL-80X; Surfonic® L12-3; Surfonic® L12-6; Surfonic® L12-8; Surfonic® L24-1.3; Surfonic® L24-3; Surfonic® L24-4: Surfonic® L24-7: Surfonic® L24-9; Surfonic® L24-12; Surfonic® L46-7; Surfonic® L68-18; Surfonic® L610-3; Surfonic® L1270-2; Surfonic® L1285-2; Surfonic® N-40; Surfonic[®] N-60; Surfonic[®] N-85; Surfonic[®] N-95; Surfonic® N-100; Surfonic® N-102; Surfonic[®] N-120; Surfonic[®] N-300; Surfonic[®] N-400; Surfonic[®] NB-307; Surfonic[®] NB-407; Surfonic® OP-50; Surfonic® OP-70; Surfonic® OP-100; Surfonic® OP-120; Surfonic® OPB-407; Synperonic 10/7-100%; Synperonic 13/10; Synperonic A7; Synperonic OP10; Talloweth-11 phosphate; Tallowtrimonium chloride; T-Det® A126; T-Det® A243; T-Det® A247; T-Det® A249; T-Det® A467; T-Det® A2412; T-Det® DD-10; T-Det[®] N-6; T-Det[®] N-8; T-Det[®] N-9.5; Tergitol® NP-4; Tergitol® NP-6; Tergitol® TMN-3; Teric™ 127; Teric™ 128; Teric™ N9; Teric™ N10; Teric[™] N12; Teric[™] N13; Teric[™] N30; Teric[™] OF8; Texapon[®] K-12 C Powd.; Texapon[®] K-12 Granules; Texapon[®] K-12 Needles; Texapon® K-12 PA 15; Texapon® K-1296 C Needles; Texapon® K-1296 Powd.; Texapon[®] LS Highly Conc. Needles; Texapon® OT Highly Conc. Needles; Texapon® T 42; Texapon® VHC Needles; Texapon[®] ZHC Needles; Texapon[®] ZHC Powder; Trideceth-100; Triton® X-45; Triton® X-100: Triton® X-102: Triton® X-114: Triton® X-120; Triton® X-305-70%; Triton® X-405-70%; Troysperse W; Trycol® 6965; Trycol® 6970; Trycol® 6974; Trycol® 6975; Trycol® 6984; Undeceth-3; Zonyl® A emulsifier, abrasive slurries AF 10 IND emulsifier, ABS Arizona DRS-40; Arizona DRS-42; Arizona DRS-43; Arizona DRS-44; Hydrogenated tallow acid; Sodium rosinate emulsifier, ABS polymerization Potassium rosinate emulsifier, acid media Diethvlaminoethanol emulsifier, acidic systems Nopcogen 22-O emulsifier, acrylate copolymers Disponil® AES 21 IS; Disponil® AES 60 IS emulsifier, acrylate emulsion polymerization Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate; Nonoxynol-30 emulsifier, acrylate homopolymers Disponil® AES 21 IS; Disponil® AES 60 IS emulsifier, acrylate polymerization

- Abex® 18S; Abex® 22S; Igepal® CA-880 emulsifier, acrylates
- Avirol[®] SL 2010
- emulsifier, aliphatics
- Isostearamidopropyl ethyldimonium ethosulfate emulsifier, alkaline cleaners
- Aerosol® 18
- emulsifier, alkaline/acid soak cleaners
- Wayfos® D-10N
- emulsifier, amides
- Ceteareth
- emulsifier, aq. emulsions containing oil-based ingreds.
- Sodium petroleum sulfonate
- emulsifier, aq. systems
- AF 10 IND; C12-14 pareth-17; C12-14 pareth-22; C16-18 pareth-16; C16-18 pareth-22; C16-18

castor oil; Surfonic® L12-2.6; Surfonic® L24-5;	
Surfonic [®] L24-17; Surfonic [®] L24-22	е
emuisitier, ASA sizes: tood pkg. paper	۵
emulsifier. ASA sizes: papermaking	C
Liquisize™ Emulsifier	е
emulsifier, barrier applics.	
Gum ghatti	
Atlas EMI C: Froodom SCO 50: Froodom SCO	
70: Freedom SCO-75: Freedom SCO-75K	
Rhodafac® BG-510	
emulsifier, butadiene emulsion polymeriza-	
tion	
Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate	
Abov® 198	
emulsifier, cationic	
Bis-hexamethylenetriamine	
emulsifier, chĺorinated hydrocarbons	
Isostearamidopropyl ethyldimonium ethosulfate	
emulsifier, chlorinated solvents	
Alcodel® SK	
Actrasol 6002: Actrasol OV-75: Actrasol SBO:	
Ancowet A-70: Ancowet S-60: Ancowet S-	
70PG; Potassium oleic sulfate; Potassium	
ricinoleic sulfate; Sodium butyl oleate sulfate;	
Sodium butyl oleate sulfonate; Sodium glyceryl	
trioleate sulfate; Sodium soybean oil sulfate;	
Sultated rapeseed oil; Sultated tall oil,	
polassium sail; Sullaled Iali oli, sodium sail mulsifier, cleaning naner mill felts	
Aerosol [®] 18	
emulsifier, coatings	
Ammonium laureth sulfate; Ammonium laureth-12	
sulfate; Ammonium laureth-30 sulfate;	
Ammonium lauryl sulfate; Diethanolamine;	
Dimethyletnanolamine; Glyceryl ricinoleate;	
Nonovynol-8: Nonovynol-34: Octowet 60-1:	
Octowet 70: Octowet 70BC: Octowet 75: PFG-	
<i>8 oleate</i> ; Pegosperse [®] 600 DO; Pegosperse [®]	
600 DOT; PEG-12 tallate; POLYSTEP® B-5;	
POLYSTEP® C-OP3S; Powdered Gum Ghatti	
#1; Powdered Gum Ghatti #2; Silwet® L-722;	
SIIWet [®] L-7001; SIIWet [®] L-7500; Sodium lauryi	
Triton® X-165-70%: Undeceth-8	
emulsifier conclymer coatings: polyethylene	
phthalate film, food-grade	
Sodium 2-sulfoethyl methacrylate	
emulsifier, dispersions	
Lutensol [®] IO 3; Lutensol [®] IO 5; Lutensol [®] TO	
6; Lutensol® TO 7; Lutensol® TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 90; Lutensol® TO 200	
emulsifier. dust control	
Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo CS2; Volpo CS5;	
Volpo CS10; Volpo CS15; Volpo CS20; Volpo	
CS50; Volpo L3; Volpo N3; Volpo N5; Volpo	
N10; Volpo N20; Volpo S2; Volpo T5; Volpo	
110; Volpo 115	
PEC castor oil	
emulsifier dveing	
Freedom SCO-50; Freedom SCO-70; Freedom	
SCO-75; Freedom SCO-75K; Product BCO;	
Sodium dibutyl naphthalene sulfonate	
emulsifier, dyes	
Ammonium lauryl sultate; Ceteareth-15; Iconol	
INF-0; ICUTUL INF-8; ICUTUL INF-9; ICUTUL INF-10; Iconol NP 1/: Lutansol® TO 3: Lutansol® TO 5:	
Lutensol® TO 6. Lutensol® TO 7. Lutensol®	۵
TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89:	
Lutensol® TO 389; Marasperse 52 CP; PEG-2	e
tallowamine; Polysorbate 60; Rhodacal® BX-	
78; Sodium lignosulfonate	е
emuisifier, ayestuffs	
ะเนาเบรแซ 025	

- pareth-29; Leukonöl LBA-2; PEG hydrogenated | emulsifier, effluents
 - AF 10 IND
 - emulsifier, emulsification/dispersion PVAc Tergitol® NP-4; Tergitol® NP-6
 - emulsifier, emulsion cleaners

Tallamide DEA

mulsifier, emulsion polymerization Aerosol® OT-100%; Aerosol® TR-70; Ammonium laureth sulfate; Ammonium laureth-12 sulfate; Ammonium lauryl sulfate; Ammonium nonoxynol-9 sulfate; Ammonium nonoxynol-30 sulfate: Ancowet A-70: Ancowet S-60: Ancowet S-70PG; Avirol[®] SL 2020 G; Benzalkonium chloride; Calimulse EM-30; Calimulse SLS; Cosmopon BN; DeWET SDTD-70; Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Disponil® O 250; Disponil® SUS IC 865; Disponil® SUS IC 875; Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid; Elvanol® 85-30; Elvanol® 85-82; Emulsifier K 30 40%; Emulsifier K 30 68%; Emulsifier K 30 76%; Emulsifier K 30 95%; *EO*/ PO block polymer or copolymer, Geropon® SS-O-70PG; Geropon® WT-27; Igepal® CA-890; Igepal® CO-630; Igepal® CO-710; Igepal® DM-730; Igepal® NP-9; Lomar® LS-1; Lomar® PW; Lutensol[®] TO 3; Lutensol[®] TO 5; Lutensol[®] TO 8; TO 6; Lutensol[®] TO 7; Lutensol[®] TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389; Monawet MB-45; Monawet MO-70; Nonoxynol; Nonoxynol-12; Nonoxynol-15; Nonoxynol-34; Nonoxynol-120; Nonyl nonoxynol-7; Nonyl nonoxynol-24; Nopalcol 1-L; Nopalcol 4-C; Nopalcol 4-CH; Nopalcol 4-L; Nopalcol 4-S; Nopalcol 6-DO; Nopalcol 6-DTW; Nopalcol 6-L; Nopalcol 6-R; Nopalcol 6-S; Nopalcol 10-COH; Nopalcol 12-CO; Nopalcol 12-COH; Nopalcol 19-CO; Nopalcol 30-TWH; Nopalcol 200; Nopalcol 400; Nopalcol 600; NP4; NP6; NP8; NP9; NP10; NP12; Octoxynol-25; Oleth-7; PEG-8 cocoate; PEG-12 ditallowate; PEG hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-60 hydrogenated tallowate; PEG-12 ricinoleate; PEG-40 sorbitan tetraoleate; Plonon 102; Plonon 104; Plonon 201; Plonon 204; Plonon 208; Polysorbate 61; POLYSTEP® A-15; POLY-STÉP® A-16-22; POLYSTEP® B-11; POLY-STEP® B-20; POLYSTEP® B-22; POLYSTEP® B-24; POLYSTEP® C-OP3S; POLYSTEP® F-1; POLYSTEP® F-4; POLYSTEP® F-6; POLYSTEP® F-9; POLYSTEP® F-10; POLYSTEP® F-95B; Ralufon® N3.5; Ralufon® N6; Ralufon® N9; Ralufon® N10; Ralufon® N20-90; Ralufon® NAPE 14-90; Resin 731D; Rewopol® B 2003; Rhodacal® 3594; Rhodacal® DS/4-E25; Rhodacal® DS-10; Rhodafac® RE-610; Rhodafac® RS-610; Rhodapex® CO-436; Rhodapon® UB/E-30; Rhodapon® UB/E-N; Rhodasurf® A-60; Rhodasurf® CET/20; Rhodasurf® CET/55 Rhodasurf® TR15/40; Sabopon SAM; Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate; Sodium lauryl sulfate; Sodium lignosulfonate; Sodium methylnaphthalenesulfonate; Sodium oleyl sulfate; Sodium oleyl sulfosuccinamate; Sodium rosinate; Sulfopon® 101 Special; Surfonic® NB-557; Surfonic® OPB-167; TEA*lauryl sulfate*; Teric[™] N8; Texapon[®] OT Highly Conc. Needles; Texapon[®] VHC Needles; Trideceth-30; Trideceth-40; Trideceth-50; Triton® X-15; Triton® X-35; Triton® X-165-70%; Trycol® 6984; *Undeceth-8*; Wayfos® D-10N mulsifier, emulsion polymerization of PVC

- Geropon[®] BIS/SODICO-2
- emulsifier, emulsion polymerization: acrylates Sodium laureth sulfate
- emulsifier, emulsion polymerization: butadiene
 - Sodium laureth sulfate
emulsifier, emulsion polymerization: coatings Nonoxynol-10; Nonoxynol-14; POLYSTEP® A-7; POLÝSTEP® A-11 emulsifier, emulsion polymerization: methacrylates Sodium laureth sulfate emulsifier, emulsion polymerization: paper Abex® EP-120; Abex® EP-277 emulsifier, emulsion polymerization: paper coatings Abex® 23S; Abex® 26S; Abex® 33S; Abex® AAE-301; Abex® EP-100 emulsifier, emulsion polymerization: S/B Nonoxynol-10; Nonoxynol-14; POLYSTEP® A-7; POLÝSTEP® B-3 emulsifier, emulsion polymerization: SBR Aerosol® 18 emulsifier, emulsion polymerization: styrene Sodium laureth sulfate emulsifier, emulsion polymerization: styreneacrylics Nonoxynol-10; Nonoxynol-14 emulsifier, emulsion polymerization: vinyl acetate Sodium laureth sulfate emulsifier, emulsion polymerization: vinyl acrylics Nonoxynol-10; Nonoxynol-14 emulsifier, emulsion polymers Antarox® PGP 18-2LF; Leukonöl LBA-2; POLYSTEP® B-5 emulsifier, emulsions Elvanol® 71-30; Lauryl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Lutensol[®] TO 3; Lutensol[®] TO 5; Lutensol[®] TO 6; Lutensol® TO 7; Lutensol® TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389 emulsifier, E-PVC EW-POL 7902 NaC 12 emulsifier, ethylene vinyl acetate copolymers Abex[®] 2515; Abex[®] 2525; Abex[®] 2535; Abex[®] 2545 emulsifier, fiber Alkamuls® S-8; Isostearamidopropyl ethyldimonium ethosulfate; Isostearyl ethylimidonium ethosulfate; Schercoquat IAS; Schercoquat IIS; Silwet® L-722 emulsifier, fiber lubricants Chemax CO-16; Tergitol® 15-S-12; Triton® XL-80N emulsifier, fiber suspensions Carbopol[®] 934 emulsifier, films Spinomar NaSS emulsifier, flocculation Stearamine acetate emulsifier, flotation frothing agent: minerals Stearamine acetate emulsifier, food pkg. Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Diisobutyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid; Polysor-bate 20; Polysorbate 40; Polysorbate 60; Polysorbate 65; Polysorbate 80; Polysorbate 85; Potassium dodecylbenzene sulfonate; Sorbitan laurate: Sorbitan oleate: Sorbitan palmitate; Sorbitan stearate; Sorbitan trioleate; Sorbitan tristearate emulsifier, food-contact DeMULS PSML-20; DeMULS PSMO-80; DeMULS PSMS-60 emulsifier, food-contact articles Octoxynol-33 emulsifier, germicides Aerosol® OT-75% emulsifier, high active: emulsion polymerization POLYSTEP® B-23 emulsifier, industrial

Sorbitan stearate; Sorbitan trioleate emulsifier, industrial cleaners Isodeceth-6; Sodium dibutyl naphthalene sulfonate: Trideceth-11 emulsifier, industrial emulsions PEG-8 distearate emulsifier, industrial lubricants PEG-80 castor oil emulsifier, lipophilic Synthetic beeswax emulsifier, low-foaming Nopco[®] Color-Sperse[®] 188A emulsifier, low-foaming: acrylate homo/ copolymers Disponil® AES 72 IS emulsifier, low-foaming: papermaking PEG-2 oleate emulsifier, low-foaming: PVdC Disponil® AES 72 IS emulsifier, low-foaming: S/B latexes Disponil® AES 72 IS emulsifier, low-foaming: styrene-acrylate Disponil® AES 72 IS emulsifier, low-foaming: vinyl acetate homo/ copolymers Disponil® AES 72 IS emulsifier, low-foaming: vinyl chloride homo/ copolymer latexes Disponil® AES 72 IS emulsifier, low-foaming: vinyl propionate copolymers Disponil® AES 72 IS emulsifier, methacrylate emulsion polymerization Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate emulsifier, methyl methacrylate-butadienestyrene Hydrogenated tallow acid emulsifier, nitrile polymerization Lauric acid emulsifier, nitrocellulose coatings: paper/ paperboard, aq./fatty food-contact PEG-42 castor oil emulsifier, NR latex Octowet 75E emulsifier, o/w C12-14 pareth-4; Nonoxynol-55; PEG-80 castor oil; PEG-300 oleate; Stearoyl lactylic acid; **TEGOPREN® 5863** emulsifier, o/w emulsions DeWET SDTD-70; Disponil[®] NP 4; Disponil[®] NP 6; Disponil[®] NP 10; Disponil[®] NP 11; Disponil[®] NP 12; Disponil[®] NP 20; Disponil[®] NP 208; Disponil® NP 307; Disponil® O 250; Granular Gum Ghatti #1; Merpol® SE; *PEG-8 di*/ triricinoleate; Powdered Gum Ghatti #1; Powdered Gum Ghatti #2; Staform P; Teric™ OF4: Teric[™] OF6 emulsifier, o/w: coatings C9-11 pareth-9; C12-15 pareth-13; C12-18 pareth-11; C14-15 pareth-8; C16-18 pareth-8; Imbentin-N/30; Imbentin-N/35; Imbentin-N/40 A; Imbentin-N/44; Imbentin-N/52; Imbentin-N/55; Imbentin-N/060; Imbentin-N/63; Imbentin-N/82; Imbentin-N/85; Imbentin-N/91; Imbentin-N/98; Imbentin-OA/030; Imbentin-OA/050; Imbentin-OA/080: Undeceth-10 emulsifier, o/w: dust control Volpo S10; Volpo S20 emulsifier, o/w: dye assistant Surfonic® NB-307; Surfonic® NB-407 emulsifier, o/w: emulsion polymerization C9-11 pareth-9; C12-15 pareth-13; C12-18 pareth-11; C14-15 pareth-8; C16-18 pareth-8; Imbentin-AG/124/050; Imbentin-AG/124/075 90%; Imbentin-AG/124PG/070; Imbentin-AG/ 124S/045; Imbentin-AG/124S/060; Imbentin-AG/ 124S/065; Imbentin-AG/124S/070; Imbentin-AG/ 124S/080 90%; Imbentin-AG/124S/110 90%; Imbentin-AG/128/070 90%; Imbentin-AG/128/110

90%; Imbentin-AG/146/070; Imbentin-AG/200/ 120; Imbentin-C/91/35; Imbentin-C/91/040; Imbentin-C/91/060: Imbentin-C/91/080 I: Imbentin-C/91/85; Imbentin-C/123/065; Imbentin-C/125/050; Imbentin-C/125/55 90%; Imbentin-C/125/070; Imbentin-C/125/85; Imbentin-C/125/090; Imbentin-C/125/130 80%; Imbentin-C/135/070; Imbentin-C/135/090; Imbentin-C/135/110 85%; Imbentin-C/145/070; Imbentin-C/145/110; Imbentin-L/145/080; Imbentin-N/30; Imbentin-N/35; Imbentin-N/40 A; Imbentin-N/44: Imbentin-N/52: Imbentin-N/55: Imbentin-N/060; Imbentin-N/63; Imbentin-N/82; Imbentin-N/85; Imbentin-N/91; Imbentin-N/98; Imbentin-POA/080 90%; Imbentin-POA/180; Imbentin-T/050 I; Imbentin-T/060; Imbentin-T/65 100%; Imbentin-T/070; Imbentin-T/080; Imbentin-T/090; Imbentin-T/100 90%; Imbentin-T/120; Imbentin-U/050; Imbentin-U/060; Imbentin-U/070; Imbentin-U/080; Imbentin-U/ 100; Nonyl nonoxynol-70; Polysorbate 20; Polysorbate 81; Surfonic® DNP-100; Surfonic® DNP-700; Surfonic® DNP-1000; Surfonic® DNP-1500; Surfonic® N-200; Surfonic® N-300; Surfonic® N-400; Surfonic® N-1000; Surfonic® NB-307; Surfonic[®] NB-407; Teric[™] N9; Teric[™] N10; Teric[™] N12; Teric[™] N13; Teric[™] N15; Teric[™] N30; Undeceth-10 emulsifier, o/w: lubricants C12-18 pareth-11; C14-15 pareth-8; C16-18 pareth-8 emulsifier, o/w: paper C12-18 pareth-11; C16-18 pareth-8; Isotridecethemulsifier, o/w: paper defoamer formulations Pegosperse[®] 100 L emulsifier, o/w: papermaking Imbentin-AG/124/050; Imbentin-AG/124/075 90%; Imbentin-AG/124PG/070; Imbentin-AG/124S/ 045: Imbentin-AG/124S/060: Imbentin-AG/124S/ 065; Imbentin-AG/124S/070; Imbentin-AG/124S/ 080 90%; Imbentin-AG/124S/110 90%; Imbentin-AG/128/070 90%; Imbentin-AG/128/110 90%; Imbentin-AG/146/070; Imbentin-AG/200/120; Imbentin-C/91/35: Imbentin-C/91/040: Imbentin-C/91/060; Imbentin-C/91/080 I; Imbentin-C/91/ 85; Imbentin-C/123/065; Imbentin-C/125/050; Imbentin-C/125/55 90%; Imbentin-C/125/070; Imbentin-C/125/85: Imbentin-C/125/090: Imbentin-C/125/130 80%; Imbentin-C/135/070; Imbentin-C/135/090; Imbentin-C/135/110 85%; Imbentin-C/145/070; Imbentin-C/145/110; Imbentin-L/145/080; Imbentin-N/30; Imbentin-N/ 35; Imbentin-N/40 A; Imbentin-N/44; Imbentin-N/ 52; Imbentin-N/55; Imbentin-N/060; Imbentin-N/ 63; Imbentin-N/82; Imbentin-N/85; Imbentin-N/ 91; Imbentin-N/98; Imbentin-OA/030; Imbentin-OA/050: Imbentin-OA/080: Imbentin-POA/080 90%; Imbentin-POA/180; Imbentin-T/050 I; Imbentin-T/060; Imbentin-T/65 100%; Imbentin-T/070; Imbentin-T/080; Imbentin-T/090; Imbentin-T/100 90%; Imbentin-T/120; Imbentin-U/050; Imbentin-U/060; Imbentin-U/070; Imbentin-U/080; Imbentin-U/100; Volpo S10; Volpo S20 emulsifier, o/w: pigment dispersions Isotrideceth-9 emulsifier, o/w: pigments Lignosite® 260 emulsifier, o/w: polymerization PEG-40 sorbitan hexaoleate; Polysorbate 40; Polysorbate 65 emulsifier, o/w: polymers Surfonic® NB-307; Surfonic® NB-407; Surfonic® OPB-407 emulsifier, o/w: pulp/paper Nonyl nonoxynol-70, Polysorbate 65; Surfonic® DA-4; Surfonic® DA-6; Surfonic® L108/85-5; Teric[™] N6

emulsifier, o/w: pulp/paper processing

Surfonic[®] DNP-700; Surfonic[®] DNP-1000; Surfonic® DNP-1500 emulsifier, o/w: solvent emulsion cleaners Isotrideceth-9 emulsifier, o/w: solventless coatings Pegosperse® 100 L emulsifier, o/w: wax emulsification Surfonic® DNP-100 emulsifier, o/w: wax emulsions C9-11 pareth-9; C12-15 pareth-13; C12-18 pareth-11; C14-15 pareth-8; C16-18 pareth-8; Imbentin-AG/124/050: Imbentin-AG/124/075 90%; Imbentin-AG/124PG/070; Imbentin-AG/ 124S/045; Imbentin-AG/124S/060; Imbentin-AG/ 124S/065; Imbentin-AG/124S/070; Imbentin-AG/ 124S/080 90%; Imbentin-AG/124S/110 90%; Imbentin-AG/128/070 90%; Imbentin-AG/128/110 90%; Imbentin-AG/146/070; Imbentin-AG/200/ 120; Imbentin-C/91/35; Imbentin-C/91/040; Imbentin-C/91/060; Imbentin-C/91/080 I; Imbentin-C/91/85; Imbentin-C/123/065; Imbentin-C/125/050; Imbentin-C/125/55 90%; Imbentin-C/125/070; Imbentin-C/125/85; Imbentin-C/125/090; Imbentin-C/125/130 80%; Imbentin-C/135/070; Imbentin-C/135/090; Imbentin-C/135/110 85%; Imbentin-C/145/070; Imbentin-C/145/110; Imbentin-L/145/080; Imbentin-N/30; Imbentin-N/35; Imbentin-N/40 A; Imbentin-N/44; Imbentin-N/52; Imbentin-N/55; Imbentin-N/060; Imbentin-N/63; Imbentin-N/82; Imbentin-N/85; Imbentin-N/91; Imbentin-N/98; Imbentin-POA/080 90%; Imbentin-POA/180; Imbentin-T/050 I; Imbentin-T/060; Imbentin-T/65 100%; Imbentin-T/070; Imbentin-T/080; Imbentin-T/090; Imbentin-T/100 90%; Imbentin-T/120: Imbentin-U/050: Imbentin-U/060: Imbentin-U/070; Imbentin-U/080; Imbentin-U/ 100; Undeceth-10 emulsifier, o/w: waxes Surfonic® OPB-407 emulsifier, oil PEG-10 cocamine; Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate emulsifier, oil/water systems Sodium oleate emulsifier, oil: cooling towers Triton® X-114 emulsifier, oil: emulsion polymerization Pluronic® L81; Pluronic® L121 emulsifier, oil: general purpose Pluronic[®] 25R2 emulsifier, oil: paper Tetronic[®] 150R1 emulsifier, oil: papermaking Octoxvnol-8 emulsifier, oil: pulp/paper Pluronic[®] L61; Pluronic[®] L62; Pluronic[®] L62D; Pluronic[®] L62LF: Pluronic[®] L81: Pluronic[®] L92; Pluronic® L101; Pluronic® L121 emulsifier, oil: water treatment Pluronic® L61; Pluronic® L62; Pluronic® L62D; Pluronic® L62LF; Pluronic® L81; Pluronic® L92; Pluronic[®] L101; Pluronic[®] L121 emulsifier, oil-based systems C16-18 pareth-16; C16-18 pareth-22; C16-18 pareth-29; Isopropylamine dodecylbenzenesul-, fonate emulsifier, olein Trideceth emulsifier, paper Ablunol NP9; Alcodet® SK; Aldo® MS LG FG; Alkamuls® EL-620; Alkamuls® EL-719; Alkaquat® DMB-451-50, DMB-451-80; Alkaterge®-E; Ammonium nonoxynol-30 sulfate; Aromox[®] C/12; Aromox[®] C/12-W; Arguad[®] 2C-75; Arquad® 12-50; Arquad® 16-50; Arquad® 18-50; Arquad® C-50; Arquad® T-27W; Atlas EMJ-C; Burcomul DFE-45; 1,2,4-Butanetriol; Carsonon® TD-10; Chemal BP 261; Chemal BP-262; Chemal BP-2101;

Chemax DNP-18; Chemax DNP-150/50; Chemax HCO-5; Chemax HCO-16; Chemax HCO-25: Chemax HCO-200/50: Chemax NP-1.5; Chemax NP-4; Chemax NP-6; Chemax NP-9; Chemax NP-10; Chemax NP-15; Chemax NP-20; Chemax NP-30; Chemax NP-30/70; Chemax OP-10; Chemax OP-30/70; DeSonic[™] 4N; DeSonic[™] 9N; DeSonic[™] 10N; DeSonic[™] 11N; DeSonic[™] 13N; *Dodoxynol-6*; Geropon[®] WT-27; *Guanidine stearate*; Iconol NP-6; Iconol NP-8; Iconol NP-9; Iconol NP-10; Iconol NP 14; Igepal® CA-620; Igepal® CO-630; Igepal® CO-630/EP; Igepal® CO-660; Igepal® CO-710; Igepal® CO-720; Igepal® DM-710; Igepal® DM-730; Isodeceth-4; Isodeceth-6; Isodecyl oleate; Kemester® 6000SE Laureth-8; Laureth-9; Laurtrimonium chloride; Mackester™ EGDS; Mackester™ EGMS; Mackester™ IP; Mackester™ SP; MAKON® 4; MAKON® 6; MAKON® 8; MAKON® 10; MAKON® 12: MAKON® 14: MAKON® 30: MAKON[®] NP-5570; *Meroxapol 108; Meroxapol* 171; Meroxapol 172; Meroxapol 174; Meroxapol 178; Meroxapol 251; Meroxapol 252; Meroxapol 254; Meroxapol 255; Meroxapol 258; Meroxapol *311; Meroxapol 312; Meroxapol 314;* Merpol® HCS; Merpol® SE; Mulsifan RT 110; Nonionic 1044-L; Nonionic 1061-L; Nonionic 1062-L; Nonionic 1064-L; Nonionic 1068-F; Nonionic 1088-F; Nonoxynol-15; Nonoxynol-20; Nonyl nonoxynol-15; Nonyl nonoxynol-18; Nonyl nonoxynol-24; Nonyl nonoxynol-150; Nopalcol 1-L; Nopalcol 4-C; Nopalcol 4-CH; Nopalcol 4-L; Nopalcol 4-S; Nopalcol 6-DO; Nopalcol 6-DTW; Nopalcol 6-L; Nopalcol 6-R; Nopalcol 6-S; Nopalcol 10-COH; Nopalcol 12-CO; Nopalcol 12-CO; Nopalcol 12-COH; Nopalcol 12-COH; Nopalcol 19-CO; Nopalcol 30-TWH; Nopalcol 200; Nopalcol 400; Nopalcol 600; Octowet 40; Octowet 55; Octowet 60; Octowet 60-I: Octowet 65: Octowet 70: Octowet 70BC: Octowet 70PG; Octowet 75; Octowet 75E; Oleth-2; Oxetal 500/85; Oxetal D 104; Oxetal ID 104; Oxetal O 108; Oxetal O 112; Oxetal TG 111; Oxetal TG 118; PEG-20 castor oil; PEG-26 castor oil; PEG-36 castor oil; PEG-180 castor oil; PEG-8 cocoate; PEG-3 dioctoate; PEG-12 ditallowate; PEG hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-60 hydrogenated tallowate; Pegosperse® 400 DOT; Pegosperse[®] 600 DO; Pegosperse[®] 600 DOT; PEG-12 ricinoleate; PEG-10 stearamine; PEG-12 tallate; Plonon 102; Plonon 104; Plonon 201; Plonon 204; Plonon 208; Pluronic® L10; Propetal 99; Propetal 241; PVM/MA copolymer; Ralufon® N3.5; Ralufon® N6; Ralufon® N9; Ralufon® N10; Ralufon® N20-90; Ralufon® NAPE 14-90; Rhodacal® BX-78; Rhodasurf® TDA-8.5; Safacid 20/22 CD; Safacid 20/22 DF; Safacid 20/22 HF; Safacid 20/22 LF; Servirox® OEG 55; Servirox® OEG 90; Silwet® L-722; Silwet® L-7001; Silwet® L-7500; Sodium dibutyl naphthalene sulfonate; Synperonic 10/6-100%; T-Det® C-20; T-Det® C-40; T-Det® EPO-62L; Tergitol[®] 15-S-7; Tergitol[®] 15-S-9; Tergitol[®] 15-S-12; Terci[™] 13A9; Teric[™] 18M10; Trideceth-10; Trideceth-18; Triton® X-45; Trylox® 5906; Ufaryl DL 85; Ufaryl DL 90 C; *Undeceth-8*; Zonyl® FSA; Zonyl® FSB; Zonyl® FSC; Zonyl® FSN; Zonyl® FSP emulsifier, paper auxiliaries Zusolat 1005/85 emulsifier, paper coating waxes Wax Emulsifier 4106 emulsifier, paper coatings Abex® 3594; Ablunol NP30; Ablunol NP30 70%; Ablunol NP40; Ablunol NP40 70%; Ablunol NP50; Ablunol NP50 70%; Alkamuls® PSMS-20; DeMULS PSMS-60; Monawet MB-45; Serdas[®] GBO

Adekamine 4MAC-30; Adekamine ADG-30; Adekamine E Series; Adekamine LDM; Adekamine MD-30; Adekamine MT-50; Adekamine PMS-100 emulsifier, paper deresination Rhodafac® BG-510 emulsifier, paper finishes Koster Keunen Beeswax: Rhodasurf® L-4 emulsifier, paper reclamation Synperonic A9; Synperonic A11 emulsifier, paper sizing Safacid 20/22 CD; Safacid 20/22 DF; Safacid 20/ 22 HF; Safacid 20/22 LF; Ticaxan® Regular emulsifier, paper softening Arquad® 2HT-75; Arquad® 2HT-75PG emulsifier, paper stock deinking Stixso® RR emulsifier, paper suspensions Carbopol® 934 emulsifier, paper toweling Hyonic® PE-100 emulsifier, paper towels Densol P-82; Igepal[®] RC-520 emulsifier, paper, emulsions PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil emulsifier, paper: food-contact Sodium octyl sulfate emulsifier, paperboard coatings Ethoduomeen® T/20; PEG-10 tallow aminopropylamine emulsifier, papermaking Actrasol 6092; Actrasol OY-75; Actrasol PSR; Actrasol SBO; Actrasol SP; Actrasol SP 175K; Actrasol SR 75; Actrasol SRK 75; Alkasurf® CO-630; Alkasurf[®] CO-710; Alkasurf[®] CO-720; Antarox[®] 17-R-2; Antarox[®] 25-R-2; Antarox[®] 31-R-1; Eldorado DIC-100; Geropon® SS-O-70PG; Glyceryl dilaurate; Glycol dilaurate; Glycol dilaurate SE; Glycol dioleate; Glycol dioleate SE; Glycol distearate SE; Glycol laurate; Glycol laurate SE; Glycol oleate; Glycol oleate SE; Glycol ricinoleate; Glycol ricinoleate SE; Hyonic® PE-90; Meroxapol 105; PEG-2 oleate SE; PEG-20 stearamine; PEG-30 stearamine: PEG-2 stearate: PEG-2 stearate SE; Potassium oleic sulfate; Potassium ricinoleic sulfate; Sipol LAL-7; Sodium butyl oleate sulfate; Sodium butyl oleate sulfonate; Sodium glyceryl trioleate sulfate; Sodium soybean oil sulfate; Sulfated rapeseed oil; Sulfated tall oil, potassium salt, Sulfated tall oil, sodium salt; Surfonic® OP-50; Surfonic® OP-70; Teric[™] 12M2; Teric[™] 12M5; Teric[™] 12M15: Teric[™] 18M2: Teric[™] 18M5: Teric[™] 18M20; Teric[™] 18M30; Triton[®] X-15; Triton[®] X-35; Triton® X-165-70%; Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo CS2; Volpo CS5; Volpo CS10; Volpo CS15; Volpo CS20; Volpo CS50; Volpo L3; Volpo N3; Volpo N5; Volpo N10; Volpo N20; Volpo S2; Volpo T5; Volpo T10; Volpo T15; Wayfos® D-10N emulsifier, paraffin wax emulsions Montan acid wax emulsifier, paraffins DeMULS PSMS-60; Mulsifan RT 110; TEAstearate emulsifier, paraffins: paper Lamacit® AP 6; Mulsifan RT 258; Serdox® NKL 6 emulsifier, PC emulsions Disponil® MGS 65 IS emulsifier, PE emulsions Deceth-4 emulsifier, PE phthalate polymer prod.: food

91/8; Synperonic 91/8T; Tergitol® TMN-10;

Adekamine 4DAC-80; Adekamine 4DAC-85;

Triton® XL-80N

emulsifier, paper depitching

emulsifier, paper deinking

Igepal® CO-610; Synperonic 91/6; Synperonic

emulsifier, pigment dispersions DeWET SDTD-70; Texapon® VHC Needles emulsifier, pigment flushing Actrasol 6092; Actrasol OY-75; Actrasol PSR; Actrasol SBO; Actrasol SP; Actrasol SP 175K; Actrasol SR 75; Actrasol SRK 75; Potassium oleic sulfate; Potassium ricinoleic sulfate; Sodium butyl oleate sulfate; Sodium butyl oleate sulfonate; Sodium glyceryl trioleate sulfate; Sodium soybean oil sulfate; Stearamine acetate; Sulfated rapeseed oil; Sulfated tall oil, potassium salt; Sulfated tall oil, sodium salt emulsifier, pigment grinding Zonyl[®] FSA; Zonyl[®] FSB; Zonyl[®] FSC; Zonyl[®] FŚN; Zonyl® FŚP emulsifier, pigment/resin wet milling PEG-5 tallate; Teric™ T5; Teric™ T10 emulsifier, pigments Lauryl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Lignosite® 458; Lignosite® 823; Lutensol® TO 3; Lutensol® TO 5; Lutensol® TO 6; Lutensol® TO 7; Lutensol® TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389; Marasperse 52 CP; Rhodacal® BX-78; Sodium lignosulfonate emulsifier, pitch: paper Stearamine acetate emulsifier, polyester resins DePEG 40-CO emulsifier, polymer dispersions Sulfopon® 101 Special; Texapon® VHC Needles emulsifier, polymeric coatings Rhodapon[®] LSB emulsifier, polymerization Adekahope DES-3025; Adekahope DS-25; Adekahope LS-35; Adekahope LS-90; Adekahope LST; Adekahope NES-60N; Adekahope YES-25; Adekanol F-68; Adekanol F-88; Adekanol F-108; Adekanol F-127; Adekanol L-61; Adekanol L-62; Adekanol L-64; Adekanol P-84; Adekanol P-85; Adekanol P-103; Ammonium laureth-30 sulfate; DeIONIC OPE-30; DeIONIC OPE-40; Hydrogenated tallow acid; Nonoxynol-8; Octowet 70BC; Oleth-25; Palmitic acid; Polysorbate 60; Polysorbate 85; Sodium octoxynol-2 ethane sulfonate; Sorbitan laurate; Sorbitan oleate; Sorbitan palmitate; Sorbitan stearate; Sorbitan trioleate; Sorbitan tristearate; Tall oil acid; Zonyl® FSA; Zonyl® FSB; Zonyl® FSC; Zonyl® FSN; Zonyl® FSP emulsifier, polymerization: coatings POLYSTEP® F-3 emulsifier, polymerization: paper coatings Abex® 12 emulsifier, polymerization: SBR Rosin emulsifier, polymerization: styrene POLYSTEP® A-16 emulsifier, polymers Glyceryl stearate SE; Volpo T10; Volpo T15 emulsifier, primary: acrylate polymerization Chemax OP-10 emulsifier, primary: emulsion polymerization Dymsol® 2031; Lomar® LS Liq. emulsifier, primary: PVC Dymsol® 2031 emulsifier, primary: S/B emulsion copolymers Abex® EP-110 emulsifier, primary: SBR Dymsol[®] 2031 emulsifier, primary: vinyl acetate Abex® EP-110; Chemax OP-10 emulsifier, primary: vinyl acrylate polymerization Igepal® CA-887; Igepal® CA-897 emulsifier, pulp processing C12-16 pareth-1; C12-16 pareth-2; C12-16 pareth-3; C12-16 pareth-5; C12-16 pareth-6; C12-16 pareth-7; C12-16 pareth-8; C12-16

pareth-11 emulsifier, pulp slurries AF 10 IND emulsifier, pulp/paper Adekahope DES-3025; Adekahope DS-25; Adekahope HAN-40; Adekahope LS-35; Adekahope LS-90; Adekahope LST; Adekahope MS-30C; Adekahope MS-90P; Adekahope NES-60N; Adekahope SAN-40PD; Adekahope TR-45; Adekahope YES-25; Adekanol 25R-1; Adekanol 25R-2; Adekanol F-68; Adekanol F-88: Adekanol F-108: Adekanol F-127: Adekanol L-31; Adekanol L-34; Adekanol L-44; Adekanol L-61; Adekanol L-62; Adekanol L-64; Adekanol L-71; Adekanol L-72; Adekanol L-101; Adekanol L-121; Adekanol L-122; Adekanol P-84 Adekanol P-85; Adekanol P-103; Alcodet® 218; Alcodet® 260; Alkasurf® CA-620; Ancowet A-70; Ancowet S-60; Ancowet S-70PG; C12-14 pareth-17; C12-14 pareth-22; C16-18 pareth-16; *C16-18 pareth-22; C16-18 pareth-29;* Igepal® CA-520; Igepal® CO-610; *Isostearamidopropyl* ethyldimonium ethosulfate; Isostearyl ethylimidonium ethosulfate; Linoleamido dimethylamino lactate; Lumisorb™ PSML-80; Lumisorb[™] PSMO-5; Lumisorb[™] PSMO-20; Lumisorb[™] PSMP-20; Lumisorb[™] PSMS-20; Lumisorb[™] PSTO-20; Lumisorb[™] PSTS-20; Lumisorb[™] SML; Lumisorb[™] SMO; Lumisorb[™] SMP; Lumisorb[™] STO; Lumisorb[™] STS; Lumulse™ DGL; Lutensol® TO 3; Lutensol® TO 5; Lutensol® TO 6; Lutensol® TO 7; Lutensol® TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389; Necon SOG; Necon SOGU; Necon SOLC; Nonionic 1035-L; Nonipax AAO; Nonipax OP 10; Nonipax X 100; Nonipax X 150; Paxnol ALES; Paxnol ALS; Paxnol LES; Paxnol PLES; Paxnol PSLS; Paxnol SLS Lig.; Paxnol SLS Powd.; Paxnol SLS Pure; Paxnol TLS; Pluronic® 10R5; Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic® F77; Pluronic® F87; Pluronic® F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic® F127; Pluronic® L31; Pluronic[®] L35; Pluronic[®] L43; Pluronic[®] L44; Pluronic[®] L64; Pluronic[®] P84; Pluronic[®] P85; Pluronic® P103; Pluronic® P104; Pluronic® P105; Pluronic® P123; Polypax IC; Polypax SMS; Polyquat 2 C; Polyquat 188; Polysorbate 60; Polysorbate 85; Propylene glycol laurate; Schercoquat IAS; Schercoquat IIS; Sorbitan oleate; Sorbitan palmitate; Sorbitan tristearate; Soyamidopropyl dimethylamino glycolate; *Steareth-10; Steareth-20;* Surfonic® L12-2.6; Surfonic® L24-5; Surfonic® L24-17; Surfonic® L24-22; Teric[™] 12A3; Teric[™] 12A9; Teric[™] 12A23; Teric™ 16A16; Teric™ 16A22; Teric™ 16A29; Teric™ 17A2; Teric™ 17A3; Teric™ 17A6; Teric[™] 17A8; Teric[™] 17A10; Teric[™] 17A13; Teric[™] 17A25; Teric[™] BL8; Teric[™] G9A2; Teric™ G9A10; Teric™ G12A6; Teric™ G12A12; Teric[™] N8; Trideceth-3; Trideceth-6; Trideceth-9; Trideceth-12 emulsifier, pulp/paper deinking Tergitol[®] 15-S-3; Tergitol[®] 15-S-5 emulsifier, pulp/paper processing Alfonic® 1012-5.5; Alfonic® 1412-9; Sipol NP-10 emulsifier, pulping Rhodafac® BG-510 emulsifier, PVAc emulsions Disponil® MGS 65 IS emulsifier, PVC emulsions Emulgator E 30; Rhodacal® 3594 emulsifier, PVC polymerization Polysorbate 21 emulsifier, PVdC Disponil® AES 21 IS; Disponil® AES 60 IS emulsifier, resin latex coatings: paper/ paperboard, aq./fatty/dry food-contact Disodium stearyl sulfosuccinamate; Tetrasodium

dicarboxyethyl stearyl sulfosuccinamate emulsifier, resins Isodeceth-6: Oleic acid emulsifier, rosin size aq. dispersions: paper/ paperboard, aq./fatty/dry food-contact Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl stearyl sulfosuccinamate emulsifier, S/B Nonoxynol-12; POLYSTEP® B-5 emulsifier, S/B emulsion polymerization POLYSTEP® F-5 emulsifier, S/B emulsions Calimulse SLS emulsifier, S/B latex Disponil® AES 21 IS; Disponil® AES 60 IS emulsifier, S/B polymerization Nonoxynol-8 emulsifier, S/B systems Emulgator E 30 emulsifier, SBR Arizona DRS-40; Arizona DRS-42; Arizona DRS-43; Arizona DRS-44; Hydrogenated tallow acid; Sodium rosinate; Sodium p-styrenesulfonate emulsifier, SBR latex POLYSTEP® A-17; Spinomar NaSS emulsifier, SBR polymerization Arizona DR-22; Potassium rosinate emulsifier, secondary: elastomers Supragil RM/77 DL emulsifier, secondary: emulsion polymerization Dymsol® 2031 emulsifier, secondary: polymerization Supragil RM/77 DL emulsifier, secondary: PVC Dymsol® 2031 emulsifier, secondary: SBR Dymsol® 2031 emulsifier, silicone defoamers DeMULS SMS emulsifier, silicone emulsification Ceteareth-15; Ceteth-2 emulsifier, silicone emulsions Carbopol® 934 emulsifier, silicone oils: paper Serdox[®] NKL 6 emulsifier, silicones Alcodet® SK; DeTHOX TDA-6; Igepal® CO-530; T-Det® N-6 emulsifier, silicones/mineral oils Tergitol® NP-4; Tergitol® NP-6 emulsifier, sizing: alkaline papermaking systems NovaSize® EML emulsifier, sizing: neutral papermaking systems NovaSize® EML emulsifier, sludge: oil drilling Cocoalkonium chloride emulsifier, sludge: wastewater treatment Cocoalkonium chloride emulsifier, solvent coatings Pegosperse[®] 400 DOT emulsifier, solvent emulsions PEG hydrogenated castor oil emulsifier, solventless coatings Pegosperse[®] 400 DOT emulsifier, solvents Ceteareth; DeTHOX ACID L-9; MIPA-dodecylbenzenesulfonate; Nonoxynol; Octoxynol; Trideceth emulsifier, SR latex Octowet 75E emulsifier, starch processing AF 10 IND emulsifier, stock: pulping Eldorado DIC-100 emulsifier, styrene emulsion polymerization Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate

emulsifier, styrene polymerization

Abex® 18S; POLYSTEP® A-15 emulsifier, styrene-acrylates Disponil® AES 21 IS: Disponil® AES 60 IS emulsifier, styrene-acrylic emulsion polymerization Aerosol® NPES 3030; POLYSTEP® F-5 emulsifier, styrene-acrylic latexes Abex® 2020 emulsifier, styrene-acrylic polymerization Ammonium laureth-30 sulfate; Nonoxynol-8 emulsifier, styrene-acrylics Abex® 2515; Abex® 2525; Abex® 2535; Abex® 2545; Avirol® SL 2010; *Nonoxynol-12* emulsifier, surface coatings Guanidine stearate; Oleic acid emulsifier, surface treatment Lutensol® TO 3; Lutensol® TO 5; Lutensol® TO 6; Lutensol® TO 7; Lutensol® TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389 emulsifier, suspension polymerization Aerosol® OT-100%; DeWET SDTD-70; Monawet MO-70 emulsifier, syn. elastomer emulsion polymerization Lomar® PWA emulsifier, syn. elastomers Arizona DRS-40; Arizona DRS-42; Arizona DRS-43; Arizona DRS-44 emulsifier, syn. latex Trideceth-15 emulsifier, tissues Igepal® RC-520 emulsifier, vinyl acetate Sodium p-styrenesulfonate emulsifier, vinyl acetate emulsion polymerization Aerosol® NPES 930; Aerosol® NPES 3030; Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate emulsifier, vinyl acetate emulsions Abex[®] VA 50 emulsifier, vinyl acetate homopolymers Disponil® AES 21 IS; Disponil® AES 60 IS emulsifier, vinyl acetate polymerization Abex® 18S; Abex® 22S; Igepal® CA-880 emulsifier, vinyl acetate specialty copolymers Sodium octoxynol-3 sulfate emulsifier, vinyl acetates Avirol® SL 2010; Disponil® AES 21 IS; Disponil® AES 60 IS; Emulgator E 30; Nonoxynol-30; Nonoxynol-34; Spinomar NaSS emulsifier, vinyl acrylic emulsion polymerization POLYSTEP® F-5 emulsifier, vinyl acrylic polymerization Ammonium laureth-30 sulfate; Nonoxynol-8 emulsifier, vinyl acrylics Abex® 2515; Abex® 2525; Abex® 2535; Abex® 2545; Nonoxynol-12 emulsifier, w/o Crill 4; Crill 45; DeMULS SMO; Glyceryl caprylate/caprate; Lipotin SB; PÉG-2 laurate SE; Pentaerythrityl trioleate; Synthetic beeswax: Tallowamide DEA emulsifier, w/o emulsions Aerosol[®] 22; DeWET SDTD-70; Yelkin[®] DS; Yelkin® SS; Yelkin® T; Yelkin® TS emulsifier, w/o: coatings Imbentin-N/7 A; Imbentin-N/020 I; Imbentin-OAM/ 020; Imbentin-POA/020 5055; Imbentin-POA/024 5055; Imbentin-TAM/020 emulsifier, w/o: emulsion polymerization C16-18 pareth-2; Imbentin-N/7 A; Imbentin-N/020 I; Imbentin-POA/020 5055; Imbentin-POA/024 5055; PEG-4 castor oil; PEG-2 laurate; Surfonic® DNP-70; Surfonic® DNP-80; Surfonic® DNP-100 emulsifier, w/o: industrial detergents C16-18 pareth-2 emulsifier, w/o: lubricants C16-18 pareth-2

emulsifier, w/o: paper Dodoxynol-4; Schercozoline O; Surfonic® DDP-40: Surfonic[®] DDP-50 emulsifier, w/o: paper defoamer formulations Pegosperse® 100 L emulsifier, w/o: paper towels Surfonic® DDP-40; Surfonic® DDP-50 emulsifier, w/o: papermaking Cithrol A; Cithrol DGML N/E; Cithrol DGMS N/E; Cithrol EGDS N/E; Cithrol EGMS N/E; Cithrol EGMS S/E; C16-18 pareth-2; Glyceryl dilaurate SE: Imbentin-N/7 A: Imbentin-N/020 I: Imbentin-OAM/020; Imbentin-POA/020 5055; Imbentin-POA/024 5055; Imbentin-TAM/020; PEG-2 dilaurate; PEG-2 dilaurate SE; PEG-2 dioleate; PEG-2 dioleate SE; PEG-2 distearate; PEG-2 distearate SE; PEG-2 laurate; PPG-2 laurate; PPG-2 laurate SE; PPG-2 oleate; PPG-2 oleate SE; PPG-2 stearate; PPG-2 stearate SE emulsifier, w/o: pigment grinding Propylene glycol myristate emulsifier, w/o: polymerization Sorbitan sesquioleate emulsifier, w/o: pulp/paper Surfonic[®] DA-4; Teric[™] N6 emulsifier, w/o: silicone emulsions PEG-4 castor oil emulsifier, w/o: solvent coatings Pegosperse® 100 L emulsifier, w/o: solventless coatings Pegosperse® 100 L emulsifier, w/o: tissues Surfonic® DDP-40; Surfonic® DDP-50 emulsifier, w/o: wax emulsification Surfonic® DNP-100 emulsifier, w/o: wax emulsions C16-18 pareth-2; Imbentin-N/7 A; Imbentin-N/020 I; Imbentin-POA/020 5055; Imbentin-POA/024 5055; PEG-4 castor oil; TEA-oleate emulsifier, w/o: waxes Propylene glycol myristate emulsifier, water treatment Ancowet A-70; Ancowet S-60; Ancowet S-70PG; Burcomul DFE-45; C12-14 pareth-17; C12-14 pareth-22; C16-18 pareth-16; C16-18 pareth-22; C16-18 pareth-22; C16-18 pareth-29; Dioctyl ammonium sulfosuccinate; Monawet MB-45; Monawet MO-70; Monawet MO-70R; Monawet MO-70S; PEG-4 dilaurate; PEG-8 dioleate; PEG-6 distearate; Pegosperse® 400 DOT; Pegosperse® 600 DOT; PEG-12 tallate; Pluronic® 10R5; Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic® F77; Pluronic® F87; Pluronic® F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic[®] F127; Pluronic[®] L31; Pluronic® L35; Pluronic® L43; Pluronic® L44; Pluronic® L64; Pluronic® P84; Pluronic® P85; Pluronic[®] P103: Pluronic[®] P104: Pluronic[®] P105; Pluronic® P123; Poloxamer 217; Sodium hexametaphosphate; Surfonic® L12-2.6; Surfonic® L24-5; Surfonic® L24-17; Surfonic® L24-22; Tergitol® 15-S-3; Tergitol® 15-S-5; Tergitol® 15-S-7; Tergitol® 15-S-9; Tergitol® 15-S-12; Tergitol® TMN-10; Teric™ 12A3; Teric™ 12A9; Teric[™] 12A23; Teric[™] 16A16; Teric[™] 16A22; Teric[™] 16A29; Teric[™] 17A2; Teric[™] 17A3; Teric[™] 17A6; Teric[™] 17A8; Teric[™] 17A10; Teric[™] 17A13; Teric[™] 17A25; Teric[™] BL8; Teric[™] G9A2; Teric[™] G9A10; Teric[™] G12A6; Teric[™] G12A12; Triton[®] XL-80N emulsifier, water-soluble: waxes DePEG 40-CO emulsifier, wax Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate emulsifier, wax emulsions Lignosite® 458; Lignosite® 823; Marasperse 52 CP; Nonyl nonoxynol-8 emulsifier, wax removers Wayfos® D-10N emulsifier, wax/oil emulsions

DeMULS SMS emulsifier, waxes Aerosol® OT-100%: Aminomethyl propanol: Ceteareth; Ceteareth-15; Cetoleth; DeIONIC OPE-30; DeIONIC OPE-40; DePEG 30-CO; DeTHOX TDA-8.5; Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Glyceryl laurate; Glyceryl stearate; Granular Gum Ghatti #1; Gum ghatti; Hydrogenated coconut acid; Hydrogenated menhaden acid; Igepal® CA-887; Igepal® CA-897; Isodeceth-6; MIPA-dodecylbenzenesulfonate; Neobor®; Nonoxynol; PEG cocamine; PEG-15 soyamine; PEG stearamine; Powdered Gum Ghatti #1; Powdered Gum Ghatti #2; Sodium lignosulfonate; Staform P; Surfonic® N-200; Synperonic 13/9; TEA-stearate; Tergitol® NP-7; Tergitol® NP-8; Tergitol® NP-9; Tergitol® NP-9, 5; Tergitol® NP-10; Tergitol® NP-11; Tergitol® NP-12; Tergitol® NP-13; Tergitol® NP-15; Teric™ 16M2; Teric™ 16M10; Teric™ 16M15; Teric™ N20; Trideceth; Wax Emulsifier 4106 emulsifier, waxes: paper Serdox[®] NKL 6 emulsifier, waxy: oils/fats, industrial lubricants PEG-6 stearate emulsifier, wood pulp/paper PEG-6 isolauryl thioether, PEG-10 isolauryl thioether emulsifier, xylene DeIONIC OPE-7.5; DeIONIC OPE-10; DeIONIC OPE-12 emulsifiers Alkenyl succinic anhydride emulsion breaker, papermaking water treatment Agefloc B4508P emulsion breaker, water treatment: paper Agefloc A4506; Agefloc A4510 emulsion cleaning Dodoxynol-7 emulsion polymerization Aerosol® 22; Aerosol® MA-80; Ageflex EGDMA; Airvol® 805; Airvol® 823; Airvol® 840; Ammonium naphthalene sulfonate; Antarox® L-64; Aquatreat® DNM-9; Aquatreat® DNM-30; Aquatreat® KM; Aquatreat® SDM; Ceteareth-10; Ceteareth-14; Ceteareth-20; Ceteareth-50; Cetoleth-10; Cetoleth-13; Cetoleth-25; Cetrimonium chloride; Cetyl alcohol; Daxad® 15; Deceth-4 phosphate; Decyl alcohol; DeIONIC OPE-7.5; DeIONIC OPE-10; DeIONIC OPE-12; DePHOS HP-739; DeTHOX LA-23; DeWET SDO-75E; Disodium oleamido MIPAsulfosuccinate; Drewplus® T-4202; 2-Ethylhexyl phosphate; Geropon® 99; Geropon® SDS; Igepal® CO-850; Igepal® CO-880; Igepal® CO-887; Isopropylamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate; Laureth-3; Laureth-9; Laureth-12; Lomar® PL; Merpol® HCS; Monafax 1293; Monawet MO-70E; Monawet SNO-35; Myristyl alcohol; Nonoxynol-1; Nonoxynol-3; Nonoxynol-5; Nonoxynol-13; Nonoxynol-20; Nonoxynol-25; Nonoxynol-40; Nonoxynol-50; Nonoxynol-55; Nonoxynol-70; Nonoxynol-100; Nonoxynol-9 phosphate; Nonyl nonoxynol-100; Nopalcol 4-O; Octoxynol-1; Octoxynol-3; Octoxynol-9; Octoxynol-10; Octoxynol-16; Octoxynol-30; Octoxynol-40; Octoxynol-70; Oleth-9; Poloxamer 182; Poloxamer 184; POLYSTEP® A-15-30K; POLYSTEP® A-17; POLYSTEP® F-2; Polyvinyl alcohol; Potassium sulfopropyl methacrylate; PPG-7-buteth-10; PPG-28buteth-35; Rewopal® HV 9; Rewopal® HV 25; Servoxyl® VPTZ 003/100; SMA® 1000; SMA® 2000; ŚMA® 3000; Sodium allyloxy hydroxypropyl sulfonate; Sodium laureth-12 sulfate; Sodium persulfate; Sodium polynaphthalene

sulfonate; Styrene/MA copolymer; Teric™ N6;

Teric[™] N11; Teric[™] N20; Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl stearyl sulfosuccinamate; Texapon[®] EHS; *Trideceth-6 phosphate*; Triton[®] X-305-70%; Triton[®] X-405-70%; Trycol[®] 6970; Tryfac® 5556 emulsion polymerization agent Rhodapon[®] L-22 emulsion polymerization, paper Sodium 2-hydroxy-3-(2-propenyloxy) 1propanesulfonate emulsion polymerization, SBR Disodium stearvl sulfosuccinamate emulsion polymerization, styrene, butadiene, and copolymers Diisobutyl sodium sulfosuccinate emulsion polymerization, vinyl chloride Disodium stearyl sulfosuccinamate emulsions, film finishing Luwax[®] LG emulsions, industrial wax: paper Hoechst Wax LP; Hoechst Wax S; Hoechst Wax UL emulsions, paper Hoechst Wax PED 521; Hoechst Wax PED 522; Luwax® OA; Luwax® OA 3 emulsions, paper finishing Luwax[®] LG emulsions, polymerization Nonoxynol-9 enzyme immobilization Tannic acid enzyme, paper HT-Proteolytic® 200 enzyme, paper coatings Tenase® 1200 enzyme, paper sizes Tenase® 1200 enzyme, protein breakdown Protease enzyme, specialized: papermaking by-product degradation Microcat® XP enzyme, specialized: pulping by-product degradation Microcat® XP enzyme, starch liquefying: paper coatings Amizyme DTX-11; Amizyme TX-8 enzyme, starch liquefying: paper sizes Amizyme DTX-11; Amizyme TX-8 enzyme, starch-converting: papermaking Vanzyme[®] 191; Vanzyme[®] Powd. enzyme, starch-converting: wastewater treatment Vanzyme® 191 enzyme, waste treatment HT-Proteolytic® 200 EP agent t-Butylphenyl phosphate; Octyl stearate; PEG-8 ditallate; PEG-12 ditallate; Triaryl phosphate EP agent, aerospace Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer EP agent, chemicals Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer EP agent, greases 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole EP agent, lubricants Paraffin, chlorinated; Triphenyl phosphate EP agent, paper machine oils Durad® 110B; Durad® 150B; Durad® 220B; Durad® 620B EP agent, pulp/paper Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer epoxidation, epoxy resin precursors Peracetic acid epoxidation, fatty acid esters Peracetic acid epoxides prod. Decene-1 epoxy curing agent, hardener Diethylenetriamine

Trilinoleic acid epoxy ester resin prod. Linseed acid epoxy laminates Methoxyisopropanol; PPG-2 methyl ether epoxy resin diluent Trimethylolpropane triglycidyl ether epoxy resin modifier Trimethylolpropane triglycidyl ether extender Gelatin; Mica; Mineral oil; Polyvinyl chloride extender oil, carbon paper Alcaid 10; Alcaid 13; Alcaid 19; Alcaid 32; Alcaid 46; Alcaid 60; Alcaid 100 extender pigment Barium sulfate extender pigment, flame retardant coatings Magnesium hydroxide extender vehicle, coatings Styrene/acrylates copolymer extender, binder systems Calcium lignosulfonate extender, catalyst Diallyl phthalate extender, coatings Calcium carbonate; Dolomite; Hubercarb® Optifil; Hubercarb® Optifil T; Hubercarb® W 3N; Morcryl® 535; Path® 9; Strontium sulfate extender, color Hubercarb® Q 1; Hubercarb® Q 3; Hubercarb® Q 4; Hubercarb[®] Q 6; Hubercarb[®] Q 325 extender, colored pigments Calwhite® extender, dyes Hexyldecanol extender, EPDM ASP® 072 extender, fiber: linerboard Fiberex® extender, fluorinated resin: oilproofing props., paper Synthro®-Pel XF extender, fluorochems. Elvanol® 50-42; Elvanol® 51-05; Elvanol® 52-22 extender, friction paper DiaFil® 210; DiaFil® 215; DiaFil® 230; DiaFil® 270; DiaFil® 290; DiaFil® 295 extender, friction prods. Wollastonite extender, functional: coatings G-White; H-White extender, functional: paper G-White; H-White extender, greases Microthene® FA 700-00; Microthene® FA 709-00; Microthene[®] FE 532-00; Microthene[®] FN 500-00; Microthene[®] FN 502-18; Microthene[®] FN 510-00; Microthene® FN 514-00; Microthene® FN 517-00; Microthene® FN 519-00; Microthene® FP 800-00; Microthene® MN 701-00; Microthene® MN 710-20 extender, high polymeric systems Dilinoleic acid extender, lubricants Microthene® FA 700-00; Microthene® FA 709-00; Microthene® FE 532-00; Microthene® FN 500-00; Microthene[®] FN 502-18; Microthene[®] FN 510-00; Microthene® FN 514-00; Microthene® FN 517-00; Microthene® FN 519-00; Microthene® FP 800-00; Microthene® MN 701-00; Microthene® MN 710-20 extender, paper Calcium sulfate dihydrate; Dualite® M6050AE; Dualite® MS7000; Dualite® MS7020; Hubercarb® Optifil; Hubercarb® Optifil T; Hubercarb® Q 1; Hubercarb® Q 1T; Hubercarb[®] Q 2; Hubercarb[®] Q 2T; Hubercarb[®] Q 3; Hubercarb® Q 3T; Hubercarb® Q 4; Hubercarb® Q 6; Hubercarb® Q 6-20; Hubercarb® Q

epoxy curing agent/flexibilizer

20-60; Hubercarb® Q 40-200; Hubercarb® Q 60; Hubercarb® Q 100; Hubercarb® Q 200; Hubercarb® Q 200T; Hubercarb® Q 325; Hubercarb® W 2; Hubercarb® W 2T; Hubercarb® W 3; Hubercarb® W 3N; Hubercarb® W 3T; Hubercarb® W 4; Morcryl® 535; Morez® 500; Q-Cel® 6019 extender, paper coatings HB-40®; Hydral® PGA; Jarcol™ I-16; *Wollasto*nite extender, paper sizes Kaolin extender, paperboard Wood flour extender, papermaking Britol[®] 6NF; Britol[®] 7NF; Britol[®] 9NF; Britol[®] 20USP; Britol® 35USP; Britol® 50USP extender, pigment: paper/paperboard, aq./fatty food-contact Zeolite synthetic extender, polymers ASP® 072 extender, reinforcing: dielectric paper Translink® 7 extender, SBR ASP® 072 extender, shellac: coatings Pentaerythrityl rosinate extender, shellac: paper coatings Pentaerythrityl rosinate extender, shellac: wax emulsions Pentaerythrityl rosinate extender, silica gels Wollastonite extender, titanium dioxide Alphatex HP; *Aluminum silicate* extender, titanium dioxide, paper Kaolin, calcined extender, titanium dioxide: coatings Bilt-Plates® 156 extender, titanium dioxide: paper Sampaque® 5002; Ultrapaque® PCC extender, titanium dioxide: paper coatings Icecap® k extender, titanium dioxide: paper wet-end systems Astra-Fil extender, titanium dioxide: paperboard Sampaque® 5002 extender, titanium dioxide: papermaking HP-95™ extender, titanium dioxide: wet-end: coated paper base sheets Vantalc® 6H extender, titanium dioxide: wet-end: papermaking Vantalc® 6H extender, titanium dioxide: wet-end: uncoated bond paper Vantalc[®] 6H extender, white pigments Borosilicate glass; Calwhite® extending resin, high gloss: coatings Esi-Rez[™] 53; Esi-Rez[™] 60; Esi-Rez[™] 65 extrusion aid, polyolefins: food pkg. Polysiloxane polyether copolymer extrusion coating resin Polyethylene, linear low density; Polyethylene, medium density extrusion coating resin, board trays Petrothene® NA 217-000 extrusion coating resin, corrugated boxes Petrothene® NA 217-000 extrusion coating resin, fiber drums Petrothene® NA 217-000 extrusion coating resin, fiberboard containers Petrothene® NA 217-000 extrusion coating resin, flexible pkg. Petrothene® NA 216-000; Petrothene® NA 217-

extrusion coating resin, food boards Petrothene® NA 216-000 extrusion coating resin, milk cartons Petrothene® NA 216-000; Petrothene® NA 217-000 extrusion coating resin, paper: food-contact Petrothene® NA 216-000; Petrothene® NA 217-000 extrusion coating resin, pouch bags Petrothene® NA 217-000 extrusion coating resin, set-up cartons Petrothene® NA 216-000 extrusion coating resin, single-ply bags Petrothene[®] NA 217-000 extrusion coatings Erucamide; Melamine-formaldehyde resin, methylated-butylated; Polyethylene, lowdensity extrusion coatings, paper Nylon 12 extrusion resin, flexible food pkg. Novapol® LC-0717-A; Novapol® LF-0717-A extrusion resin, food pkg. Sclair® 61C extrusion resin, heavy-duty bags Novapol® LC-0522-A extrusion resin, high-speed/low coating wt. paper coatings Novapol® LF-0717-A extrusion resin, milk cartons Sclair® 61C extrusion resin, multiwall bags Novapol® LC-0717-A; Novapol® LF-0717-A extrusion resin, nonporous substrate coatings Novapol® LF-0717-A extrusion resin, paper coatings Novapol® LC-0717-A extrusion resin, paperboard containers Novapol® LC-0522-A; Sclair® 61C extrusion resin, popsicle wraps Novapol® LC-0717-A; Novapol® LF-0717-A extrusion resin, snack food pkg. Novapol® LC-0717-A; Novapol® LF-0717-A extrusion resin, sugar pouch stock Novapol® LC-0717-A; Novapol® LF-0717-A extrusion, blister packs Styrene/butadiene polymer fabric passivator, wet felts: acid papermaking Fldorado PA-742 fabric passivator, wet felts: alkaline papermaking Eldorado PA-742 fatty acids prod. Decene-1 fax paper Pyrocatechol Fe/Mn removal, water treatment Diatomaceous earth Fe/Mn remover, water treatment Calcium oxide felt cleaner, alkaline Felt Cleaner P-70155 felt saturation emulsion Everflex[®] GT felt washing, paper T-Det[®] N-8; T-Det[®] N-9.5 fiber Polyethylene, ultrahigh m.w.; Sodium 2-hydroxy-3-(2-propenyloxy) 1-propanesulfonate fiber bonding agent, paper prod. Locust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) qum fiber finishing, resin-bonded filters: foodcontact Hydrogenated polybutene; Isobutyl palmitate; Isobutyl stearate; Rice (Oryza sativa) bran oil fiber modifier Blemmer BMA; Blemmer CMA; Blemmer EHMA; Blemmer GLM; Blemmer IBMA; Blemmer IDMA; Blemmer PMA; Blemmer SLMA; Blemmer SMA; Blemmer VMA; Epiol NPG-100;

Epiol TMP-100 fiber paper modifier Blemmer E: Blemmer P fiber processing Melamine-formaldehyde resin fiber retention agent, dry food-contact Hydrolyzed soy protein fiber retention agent, paper/paperboard Hydrolyzed soy protein fiber suspensions Carbomer fibers, industrial Polytetrafluoroethylene; Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer fibers, monofilament Vinylidene chloride/methyl acrylate copolymer fibers, syn. Behenyl alcohol; Polyacrylonitrile filler Aluminum hydroxide; Calcium carbonate; Calcium hydroxide: Calcium oxide: DiaFil® 520; DiaFil® 525; DiaFil® 530; DiaFil® 570; DiaFil® 590; Hanwet HCD-31; Jute; Martinal® OL-104; Mica; Paradene® No. 2; Rhodoviol® 4/125 filler clay, low-cost basecoats DB-Kote-2 filler clay, paper coatings DB-Kotefiller clay, pigmented size presses DB-Kote-2 filler, aq. coatings Camel-CAL®; Camel-CAL® Slurry; Camel-CAL® filler, base stock coatings Albacar® PCC filler, coatings Alcoa® Grade C-231; Alcoa® Grade C-333; Antimony trioxide; Atomite®; Calcium carbonate: Calcium silicate: Dolomite: Hubercarb® Optifil; Hubercarb® Optifil T; Hubercarb® W 3N; Micro-White® 10 Slurry; Montmorillonite; SB-332; SB-805; Silica, amorphous hydrated; Strontium sulfate filler, color concs. Camel-CAL®; Camel-CAL® ST filler, construction prods. Wollastonite filler, dull coatings Carbital® 35 filler, elastomers Calcium silicate filler, films Aluminum silicate dihydrate; Camel-CAL®; Camel-CAL® ST filler, fine printing paper Hydral® 710; Hydral® 716 filler, fire retardant/smoke suppressant: paper coatings Alcan Superfine SF 2; Alcan Superfine SF 4; Alcan Superfine SF 7; Alcan Superfine SF 9; Alcan Superfine SF 11 filler, fire retardant/smoke suppressant: paper filling Alcan Superfine SF 2; Alcan Superfine SF 4; Alcan Superfine SF 7; Alcan Superfine SF 9; Alcan Superfine SF 11 filler, flame retardant Alcoa[®] KB30; UFH16 filler, flame retardant/smoke suppressant: paper coatings Alcan Ultrafine UF15; Alcan Ultrafine UF25; Alcan Ultrafine UF35 filler, flame retardant: coatings Micral® 916; Micral® 932 filler, flame retardant: paper Magnesium carbonate hydroxide; Micral® 916; Micral[®] 932 filler, flame retardant: paper coatings Micral[®] 916; Micral[®] 932

filler, flame retardant: polymer systems UFH16 filler, friction prods. Wollastonite filler, functional: coatings G-White; H-White filler, functional: paper Albacar® 5970; Celkate® T-21; G-White; H-White; Micro-Cel® T-49 filler, functional: specialty paper Celite® 263; Celite® 321; Celite® 388 filler, functional: wet-laid prods. Celite® 263; Celite® 321; Celite® 388 filler, furnish: paper brightness USG[®] Paper Filler #1 filler, glossing: glossy cover stock coatings DB-SHEEN™ filler, glossing: label stock coatings DB-SHEEN^T filler, glossing: merchant grade paper coatings DB-SHEEN™ filler, glossing: paper coatings DB-SHEEN" filler, high-loading: paper Micral® 532 filler, low-pressure laminates: paper Diallyl phthalate filler, matte coatings Carbital® 35 filler, nonimpact printing paper coatings Jetcoat™ PCC filler, paper Albafil® PCC; Alcoa® Grade C-231; Alcoa® Grade C-333; Aluminasol 100; Aluminasol 200; Aluminum silicate; Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid; Atomite®; Barium hydroxide lime; Calcium sulfate; Calcium sulfate dihydrate; Camel-CAL®; Camel-CAL® Slurry Camel-CAL® ST; Camel-FINE; Camel-WITE®; Camel-WITE® Slurry; Camel-WITE® ST; Carbital® 35; Carbital® 75; Carbital® 90; CC™-103; *Cellulose*; Clarcel®; DiaFil® 110; DiaFil® 190; DiaFil® 520; DiaFil® 525; DiaFil® 530; DiaFil® 570; DiaFil® 590; Diatomaceous earth; Diatomaceous earth, amorphous; Fibrox 030-E; Fibrox 030-ES; Fibrox 300; Hubercarb® Optifil; Hubercarb® Optifil T; Hubercarb® Q 1; Hubercarb® Q 1T; Hubercarb® Q 2; Hubercarb® Q 2T; Hubercarb® Q 3; Hubercarb® Q 3T; Hubercarb® Q 4; Hubercarb® Q 6; Hubercarb® Q 6-20; Hubercarb® Q 20-60; Hubercarb® Q 40-200; Hubercarb® Q 60; Hubercarb® Q 100; Hubercarb® Q 200; Hubercarb® Q 200T; Hubercarb® Q 325; Hubercarb® W 2; Hubercarb® W 2T; Hubercarb® W 3; Hubercarb® W 3N; Hubercarb® W 3T; Hubercarb[®] W 4; Huberfil[®] 96; Hydrafil[®]; Hydrafil® 90; Kotamite®; *Magnesium* carbonate; Megafil® PCC; Micro-Cel® T-26; Micro-White® 10 Slurry; Mistrofil®; Peerless® No. 1; Peerless® No. 2; Peerless® No. 3; Q-Cel® 6019; RO-40; SB-332; SB-805; Sipernat® 300DS; Sipernat® 310; Sipernat® 320DS Snowcal 75E (Export); Sodium polyacrylate; Suspengel 200; Suspengel 325; Suspengel Plus 200; Suspengel Plus 325; *Titanium dioxide*; WW Filler™; Zeolex® 23P filler, paper coatings Aluminum silicate dihydrate; Bentonite; Calcitem S; Calcium metasilicate; Camel-CAL®; Camel-CAL[®] Slurry; Camel-CAL[®] ST; Camel-WITE[®]; Camel-WITE[®] Slurry; Camel-WITE[®] ST; Gamaco®; Gama-Sperse® 80; Gama-Sperse® 255; Hydral[®] PGA; Microtem 95; Opacarb[®] PCC; Opacimite[™]; Suspengel 200; Suspengel 325; Suspengel Plus 200; Suspengel Plus 325; Whiting; Wollastonite filler, paper sizes Kaolin

extrusion coating resin, food boards

extrusion coating resin, food boards Petrothene® NA 216-000 extrusion coating resin, milk cartons Petrothene® NA 216-000; Petrothene® NA 217-000 extrusion coating resin, paper: food-contact Petrothene® NA 216-000; Petrothene® NA 217-000 extrusion coating resin, pouch bags Petrothene® NA 217-000 extrusion coating resin, set-up cartons Petrothene® NA 216-000 extrusion coating resin, single-ply bags Petrothene[®] NA 217-000 extrusion coatings Erucamide; Melamine-formaldehyde resin, methylated-butylated; Polyethylene, lowdensitv extrusion coatings, paper Nylon 12 extrusion resin, flexible food pkg. Novapol® LC-0717-A; Novapol® LF-0717-A extrusion resin, food pkg. Sclair® 61C extrusion resin, heavy-duty bags Novapol® LC-0522-A extrusion resin, high-speed/low coating wt. paper coatings Novapol® LF-0717-A extrusion resin, milk cartons Sclair® 61C extrusion resin, multiwall bags Novapol® LC-0717-A; Novapol® LF-0717-A extrusion resin, nonporous substrate coatings Novapol® LF-0717-A extrusion resin, paper coatings Novapol® LC-0717-A extrusion resin, paperboard containers Novapol® LC-0522-A; Sclair® 61C extrusion resin, popsicle wraps Novapol® LC-0717-A; Novapol® LF-0717-A extrusion resin, snack food pkg. Novapol® LC-0717-A; Novapol® LF-0717-A extrusion resin, sugar pouch stock Novapol® LC-0717-A; Novapol® LF-0717-A extrusion, blister packs Styrene/butadiene polymer fabric passivator, wet felts: acid papermaking Fldorado PA-742 fabric passivator, wet felts: alkaline papermaking Eldorado PA-742 fatty acids prod. Decene-1 fax paper Pyrocatechol Fe/Mn removal, water treatment Diatomaceous earth Fe/Mn remover, water treatment Calcium oxide felt cleaner, alkaline Felt Cleaner P-70155 felt saturation emulsion Everflex[®] GT felt washing, paper T-Det® N-8; T-Det® N-9.5 fiber Polyethylene, ultrahigh m.w.; Sodium 2-hydroxy-3-(2-propenyloxy) 1-propanesulfonate fiber bonding agent, paper prod. Locust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) qum fiber finishing, resin-bonded filters: foodcontact Hydrogenated polybutene; Isobutyl palmitate; Isobutyl stearate; Rice (Oryza sativa) bran oil fiber modifier Blemmer BMA; Blemmer CMA; Blemmer EHMA; Blemmer GLM; Blemmer IBMA; Blemmer IDMA; Blemmer PMA; Blemmer SLMA; Blemmer SMA; Blemmer VMA; Epiol NPG-100;

Epiol TMP-100 fiber paper modifier Blemmer E: Blemmer P fiber processing Melamine-formaldehyde resin fiber retention agent, dry food-contact Hydrolyzed soy protein fiber retention agent, paper/paperboard Hydrolyzed soy protein fiber suspensions Carbomer fibers, industrial Polytetrafluoroethylene; Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer fibers, monofilament Vinylidene chloride/methyl acrylate copolymer fibers, syn. Behenyl alcohol; Polyacrylonitrile filler Aluminum hydroxide; Calcium carbonate; Calcium hydroxide; Calcium oxide; DiaFil® 520; DiaFil® 525; DiaFil® 530; DiaFil® 570; DiaFil® 590; Hanwet HCD-31; Jute; Martinal® OL-104; Mica; Paradene® No. 2; Rhodoviol® 4/125 filler clay, low-cost basecoats DB-Kote-2 filler clay, paper coatings DB-Kotefiller clay, pigmented size presses DB-Kote-2 filler, aq. coatings Camel-CAL®; Camel-CAL® Slurry; Camel-CAL® ST filler, base stock coatings Albacar® PCC filler, coatings Alcoa[®] Grade C-231; Alcoa[®] Grade C-333; Antimony trioxide; Atomite®; Calcium carbonate; Calcium silicate; Dolomite; Hubercarb® Optifil; Hubercarb® Optifil T; Hubercarb® W 3N; Micro-White® 10 Slurry; Montmorillonite; SB-332; SB-805; Silica, amorphous hydrated; Strontium sulfate filler, color concs. Camel-CAL®; Camel-CAL® ST filler, construction prods. Wollastonite filler, dull coatings Carbital® 35 filler, elastomers Calcium silicate filler, films Aluminum silicate dihydrate; Camel-CAL®; Camel-CAL® ST filler, fine printing paper Hydral® 710; Hydral® 716 filler, fire retardant/smoke suppressant: paper coatings Alcan Superfine SF 2; Alcan Superfine SF 4; Alcan Superfine SF 7; Alcan Superfine SF 9; Alcan Superfine SF 11 filler, fire retardant/smoke suppressant: paper filling Alcan Superfine SF 2; Alcan Superfine SF 4; Alcan Superfine SF 7; Alcan Superfine SF 9; Alcan Superfine SF 11 filler, flame retardant Alcoa[®] KB30; UFH16 filler, flame retardant/smoke suppressant: paper coatings Alcan Ultrafine UF15; Alcan Ultrafine UF25; Alcan Ultrafine UF35 filler, flame retardant: coatings Micral® 916; Micral® 932 filler, flame retardant: paper Magnesium carbonate hydroxide; Micral® 916; Micral[®] 932 filler, flame retardant: paper coatings

Micral[®] 916; Micral[®] 932

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> filler, flame retardant: polymer systems UFH16 filler, friction prods. Wollastonite filler, functional: coatings G-White; H-White filler, functional: paper Albacar® 5970; Celkate® T-21; G-White; H-White; Micro-Cel® T-49 filler, functional: specialty paper Celite® 263; Celite® 321; Celite® 388 filler, functional: wet-laid prods. Celite® 263; Celite® 321; Celite® 388 filler, furnish: paper brightness USG[®] Paper Filler #1 filler, glossing: glossy cover stock coatings DB-SHEEN™ filler, glossing: label stock coatings DB-SHEEN™ filler, glossing: merchant grade paper coatings DB-SHEEN™ filler, glossing: paper coatings DB-SHEEN" filler, high-loading: paper Micral® 532 filler, low-pressure laminates: paper Diallyl phthalate filler, matte coatings Carbital® 35 filler, nonimpact printing paper coatings Jetcoat™ PCC filler, paper Albafil® PCC; Alcoa® Grade C-231; Alcoa® Grade C-333; Aluminasol 100; Aluminasol 200; Aluminum silicate; Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid; Atomite®; Barium hydroxide lime; Calcium sulfate; Calcium sulfate dihydrate; Camel-CAL®; Camel-CAL® Slurry Camel-CAL® ST; Camel-FINE; Camel-WITE®; Camel-WITE® Slurry; Camel-WITE® ST; Carbital® 35; Carbital® 75; Carbital® 90; CC™-103; *Cellulose*; Clarcel®; DiaFil® 110; DiaFil® 190; DiaFil® 520; DiaFil® 525; DiaFil® 530; DiaFil® 570; DiaFil® 590; Diatomaceous earth; Diatomaceous earth, amorphous; Fibrox 030-E; Fibrox 030-ES; Fibrox 300; Hubercarb® Optifil; Hubercarb® Optifil T; Hubercarb® Q 1; Hubercarb® Q 1T; Hubercarb® Q 2; Hubercarb® Q 2T; Hubercarb® Q 3; Hubercarb® Q 3T; Hubercarb® Q 4; Hubercarb® Q 6; Hubercarb® Q 6-20; Hubercarb® Q 20-60; Hubercarb® Q 40-200; Hubercarb® Q 60; Hubercarb® Q 100; Hubercarb® Q 200; Hubercarb® Q 200T; Hubercarb® Q 325; Hubercarb® W 2; Hubercarb® W 2T; Hubercarb® W 3; Hubercarb® W 3N; Hubercarb® W 3T; Hubercarb[®] W 4; Huberfil[®] 96; Hydrafil[®]; Hydrafil® 90; Kotamite®; *Magnesium* carbonate; Megafil® PCC; Micro-Cel® T-26; Micro-White[®] 10 Slurry; Mistrofil[®]; Peerless[®] No. 1; Peerless[®] No. 2; Peerless[®] No. 3; Q-Cel® 6019; RO-40; SB-332; SB-805; Sipernat® 300DS; Sipernat® 310; Sipernat® 320DS Snowcal 75E (Export); Sodium polyacrylate; Suspengel 200; Suspengel 325; Suspengel Plus 325; Suspengel Plus 325; *Talc; Titanium dioxide;* WW Filler™; Zeolex® 23P filler, paper coatings Aluminum silicate dihydrate; Bentonite; Calcitem S; Calcium metasilicate; Camel-CAL®; Camel-CAL® Slurry; Camel-CAL® ST; Camel-WITE®; Camel-WITE® Slurry; Camel-WITE® ST; Gamaco®; Gama-Sperse® 80; Gama-Sperse® 255; Hydral[®] PGA; Microtem 95; Opacarb[®] PCC; Opacimite[™]; Suspengel 200; Suspengel 325; Suspengel Plus 200; Suspengel Plus 325;

- Whiting; Wollastonite filler, paper sizes
- Kaolin

filler, paper wet-end systems Astra-Fil filler, paperboard Hydrafil®; Hydrafil® 90; Micro-Cel® T-26; Wood flour filler, photographic paper Barium carbonate filler, polyolefins Camel-FINE filler, porous conductive: conductor insulation paper Printex[®] XE 2 filler, PVC Camel-FINE filler, reactive: paper Tetrabromophthalic anhydride filler, reinforcing Polytetrafluoroethylene; Silica, amorphous; Silica, hydrated; Sodium silicoaluminate filler, reinforcing: paper coatings Calwhite® filler, smoke suppressant: coatings KC-350; KC-500; KC-750; KC-900 filler, smoke suppressant: paper KC-350; KC-500; KC-750; KC-900 filler, thin films Gama-Sperse® 80 filler, unbleached kraft liner board Bilt-Plates® 145 filler, uncoated fine paper Albacar® PCC filler, waste treatment Suspengel 200; Suspengel 325; Suspengel Plus 200; Suspengel Plus 325 filler, water treatment Suspengel 200; Suspengel 325; Suspengel Plus 200; Suspengel Plus 325 filling inhibitor, paper mill felts FeltECCel[™] 905 film builder, clear water resistance: corrugated board Plyamul® 97897-00 film builder, clear water resistance: uncoated paper . Plyamul® 97897-00 film improver, paper coatings Sipomer® COPS 1 film resin, bakery films Chevron HiD 9660 film resin, barrier pkg. Chevron HiD 9660 film resin, bread bags Novapol[®] PF-Y821-BP film resin, cereal box liners Chevron HiD 9660 film resin, general purpose pkg. Novapol® PF-Y821-BP film resin, heavy duty sacks Novapol® PF-Y821-CP; Novapol® TF-Y822-CP film resin, high strength liners Novapol® TF-Y822-B film resin, high strength pkg. Novapol® TF-Y822-CP film resin, industrial pkg. Novapol® PF-Y821-CI film resin, lamination Sclair® 10C film resin, liner: food containers Petrothene® NA 957 film resin, liner: general pkg. Petrothene® NA 957 film resin, liner: industrial liners Petrothene® NA 957 film resin, liner: multiwall paper bag liners Petrothene® NA 957 film resin, liner: trash bags Petrothene® NA 957 film resin, moderate clarity bags Novapol® PF-Y821-BP film resin, overwrap

Novapol® TF-Y534-IP film resin, specialty blending Sclair® 10C film resin, specialty lamination Sclair® 11B4; Sclair® 11P2; Sclair® 11P3; Sclair® 11P4 film resin, tissue paper substitute Chevron HiD 9660 film substrates, cellulose acetate Airflex[®] 300; Airflex[®] 320 film substrates, paper Airflex[®] 300 film, blown: diaper backings Lumitac[®]; Nipolon[®]-Z film, blown: general purpose pkg. Lumitac®; Nipolon®film, blown: heavy duty bags Lumitac®; Nipolon®-Z film, blown: shrink films Lumitac®; Nipolon®-Z film, blown: stretch films Lumitac®; Nipolon®-Z film, carrier bags Polyethylene, linear low density; Polyethylene, low-density film, cellulose regenerated Direct green 1 film, display pkg. Polypropylene film, food pkg. Polyethylene, low-density; Polypropylene; Polystyrene; Silica, fumed; Sorbitan laurate; Vinylidene chloride/methyl acrylate copolymer film, food wrap Polyethylene, linear low density film, paper Bovlon film, pkg. Polyethylene, low-density film, PP: food-contact Terpene resin film, sacks Polyethylene, linear low density film, tobacco pkg. Polypropylene film, wrapping: fabricated articles Cellophane film, wrapping: food Cellophane film, wrapping: industrial Cellophane film, wrapping: tobacco Cellophane film-former A-C® 6; A-C® 6A; A-C® 8; A-C® 8A; A-C® 9, 9A, 9F; A-C® 15; A-C® 16; A-C® 316; A-C® 316A; A-C® 400; A-C® 400A; A-C® 405(T); A-C® 430; A-C® 540; A-C® 540A; A-C® 580; A-C® 617; A-C® 617A; A-C® 629; A-C® 629A; A-C® 1702; A-C® 6702; Acrylamides copolymer; Acrylates/C10-30 alkyl acrylate crosspolymer; Acrylates/VA copolymer; Acusol® 842; Algin; C40-60 pareth-3; Dimethyl hydantoin-formaldehyde polymer; Elemi gum; Elvanol® 85-30; Elvanol® 85-82; Ethylene/ acrylic acid copolymer; Ethylene/VA copolymer; Ethyl toluenesulfonamide: Hydrolyzed collagen: Hydrolyzed soy protein; Hydroxyethylcellulose; Hydroxypropylcellulose; Hydroxypropyl guar; Melamine-formaldehyde résin; Methyl hydrogenated rosinate; Methyl rosinate; Nitrocellulose; NovaCote™ 1905; PEG-115M; Photomer® 4155; Polyacrylic acid; Propylene glycol alginate; PVP; Rohamere® 8662; Scogin™ LV; Scogin™ QH; Scogin™ QL; Scogin™ QM; Scripset® 500; Scripset® 520; Scripset® 540; Scripset® 542; Scripset® 550; Scripset® 640; Scripset® 700; Scripset® 720; Scripset® 740; Scripset® 742; Scripset® 745; Scripset® 746; Scripset® 747; Scripset® 808;

VA/crotonates copolymer; VA/crotonates/vinyl propionate copolymer film-former, aq. systems Polyox[®] WSR Coagulant film-former, coatings Acetyl tributyl citrate; Acetyl triethyl citrate; Citroflex® 2; Citroflex® A-4; Klucel® E; Klucel® L; Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90 film-former, emulsion polymerization Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90: PVM/MA copolymer film-former, food pkg. coatings Citroflex® A-2 film-former, food pkg. paper Citroflex® A-2 film-former, food pkg. paperboard Citroflex® A-2 film-former, laminates Pliolite® VT film-former, overprint varnishes: paper/ paperboard Photomer® 4028 film-former, paper Aqualon® CMC-T; Klucel® E; Klucel® L; Luviskol® K12; Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K80; Luviskol® K90; Photomer® 4025; Photomer® 4160; Photomer® 6010; PVM/MA copolymer; PVP K-15; PVP K-15 Sol'n.; PVP K-30; PVP K-60 Sol'n.; PVP K-90; PVP K-90 Sol'n.; PVP K-120; Rohamere® 84124; TIC Pretested® Guar Gum TICOLV film-former, paper coatings CAP-482-0.5; CAP-482-20; Cleer-Cote® 625; Colloid 4881; Colloid 602; Ethylex® 2005, 2015, 2020, 2025, 2035, 2040, 2065, 2075, 2095; Photomer® 4155; Pliolite® VT; *Vinyl*toluene/butadiene copolymer film-former, paper impregnation Rohamere® 1960-D; Rohamere® 8478 film-former, paper lacquers CAB 500-1; CAB-500-5 film-former, paper surface treatment Scogin™ F; Scogin™ HV; Scogin™ MV film-former, paperboard Photomer® 4025; Photomer® 4160 film-former, paperboard coatings Photomer® 4155 film-former, paperboard substrates Rohamere® 3045 film-former, papermaking size presses Cleer-Cote® 625; Ethylex® 2005, 2015, 2020, 2025, 2035, 2040, 2065, 2075, 2095 film-former, pigmented size presses Cleer-Cote® 625 film-former, polymer Aluminasol 100; Aluminasol 200 film-former, stock Eldorado PA-780; Eldorado Lube-20 film-former, suspension polymerization Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90 film-forming resin, thermoplastic: paper Carboset® 514A; Carboset® 514H; Carboset® 515; Carboset® 525 film-forming resin, thermoset: paper Carboset® 531 films Aerosil® 200; AL 4190; Alkanol® 189-S; CAB-171-15; CAB-321-0.1; CAB-381-0.1; CAB-381-0.5; CAB-381-2; CAB-381-2BP; CAB-381-20; CAB 500-1; CAB-500-5; CAB-531-1; CAB-551-0.01; CAB-551-0.2; Cab-O-Sil® EH-5; Cab-O-Sil® H-5; Cab-O-Sil® HS-5; Cab-O-Sil® L-90; Cab-O-Sil® LM-130; Cab-O-Sil® LM-150; Cab-O-Sil® LM-150D; Cab-O-Sil® M-5; Cab-O-Sil® M-5P; Cab-O-Sil® M-7D; Cab-O-Sil® MS-75D; Cab-O-Sil® PTG; Camel-CAL® Slurry; Darex® 550L; Eastek 1200; Flexbond® 165; Flexbond® 185; GP-223; Loxiol® HOB 7169;

films, food-contact

Melthene®-M5001; Melthene®-M5002D; Melthene®-M5311; Melthene®-M5321; Modacure® Resin: MT 1970-D: NeoCrvl® BT-175; Nipolon; Nipolon-L; Nucrel® 0407; Nucrel® 0609HS; Nucrel® 0908HS; Nucrel® 0910HS; Nucrel® 1214; Nucrel® 3990; Pluriol® E 6000; Polyethylene, oxidized; Polyvinyl butyral; Sclair® 10A; Sipernat® 22LS; Sipernat[®] 300DS; Sipernat[®] 320DS; Teric[™] PEG 200; Teric[™] PEG 300; Teric[™] PEG 400; Teric[™] PEG 600; Teric[™] PEG 1500; Teric[™] PEG 4000; TL 4190; Upaco® 5430 films, food-contact Polyvinyl alcohol films, water-sol.: pkg. Elvanol® 85-30; Elvanol® 85-82 films, water-sol.: release applics Elvanol® 85-30; Elvanol® 85-82 filter aid Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer; DeWET SDO-70PG; DeWET SDO-75E; Diatomaceous earth; Talc filter aid, air treatment Carbon, activated filter aid, coatings Polyacrylamide filter aid, wastewater treatment Carbon, activated filter aid, water treatment Carbon, activated; Polyacrylamide filter medium Alumina; Aluminum hydroxide; Bone black; Magnesium carbonate filter, resin-bonded: food-contact Aluminum myristates/palmitates; Aluminum stearates; Ammonium oleate; Ammonium stearate; Ammonium tallate; Capramide DEA; Cellulose; CNC Antifoam 10-FG; CNC Antifoam 30-FG; Dur-O-Set® E-623; Dur-O-Set® E-646; Hexamethoxymethylmelamine; Hycar® 1577; L-45 Series; Magnesium myristate; Magnesium palmitate; Melamine-formaldehyde resin; Methyl laurate; Methyl myristate; Methyl stearate; Myristamide DEA; Myristic acid; Oleamide DEA; Palmitamide DEA; PEG-8 cocoate; PEG-15 cocoate; PEG-8 dicocoate; PEG-8 dilaurate; PEG-12 dilaurate; PEG-20 dilaurate; PEG-32 dilaurate; PEG-12 dioleate; PEG-20 dioleate; PEG-32 dioleate; PEG-8 distearate; PEG-12 distearate; PEG-20 distearate; PEG-32 distearate; PEG-20 laurate; PEG-32 laurate; PEG-8 myristate; PEG-20 myristate; PEG-9 oleate; PEG-10 oleate; PEG-14 oleate; PEG-20 oleate; PEG-32 oleate; PEG-36 oleate; PEG-20 palmitate; PEG-8 sesquilaurate; PEG-8 sesquioleate; PEG-20 stearate; PEG-32 stearate; PEG-40 stearate; Phenolic resin; Phosphoric acid; Polyethylacrylate; Potassium cornate; Potassium laurate; Potassium myristate; Potassium palmitate; Potassium tallowate; Resyn® 1090; Sodium cocoate; Sodium laurate; Sodium myristate; Soygold® 1000; Soygold[®] 2000; Stearamide DEA; Tallow acid; TEA cocoate; TEA-oleate; TEA-stearate filtrate, water/wastewater treatment Aquagel Gold Seal[™] 200; Aquagel Gold Seal[™] 325 filtration, water treatment Diatomaceous earth fines collector, anionic: pulp/paper Hydraid® 7607 finishes Butyl acid phosphate finishes, functional: paper QS 1162 finishes, functional: paperboard QS 1162 finishes, paper Beeswax; Ceteareth-10; Ceteareth-14;

Dimethylol urea; Ross Beeswax; Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 11; Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 30: Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 145; Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 628/5; Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 662; Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 776; Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 909; Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 1595; Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 1623; Ross Beeswax Substitute No. 1892; Synthetic beeswax; Teric™ OF4; Teric™ OF6 finishes, waterproof: paper Picconol® A100 finishing agent Ajidew A-100; Ajidew N-50; Ajidew SP-100; Carnauba (Copernica cerifera) wax; DeTHOX ACID O-9; PCA; Rohamere® 1410; Sodium PCA; Synthetic wax finishing agent, fiber Aluminasol 100; Aluminasol 200 finishing agent, food pkg. resins: poly (phenyleneterephthalamide) 4,4 -Butylidenebis (6-t-butyl-m-cresol) finishing agent, paper Avitone® A; Rohamere® 8662; Ross Wax #160 finishing, paper Polysol®; Tivar®-1000 finishing, surface: superlight-coated paper Printosil® fire retardant, fiber Antimony pentoxide fire retardant, Japanese paper screens Guanidine sulfamate fire retardant, paper Guanidine phosphate, dibasic; Necco Fire Retardant 2750; Necco Fire Retardant 2758; Necco Fire Retardant 2762; Necco Fire Retardant K-6 fireproofing Bentonite; Magnesium carbonate hydroxide fireproofing agent Ammonium alum; Magnesium carbonate; Magnesium sulfate anhydrous; Sodium stannate fireproofing agent, coatings Synthro®-Nyl NS 1920 P; Synthro®-Nyl PN 912 fireproofing agent, paper Ammonium sulfate; Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous fireproofing agent, paper sticking Synthro®-Nyl NS 1920 P; Synthro®-Nyl PN 912 fireproofing agent, wood Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous fireproofing compds. Dicyandiamide fixation agent, starch Eldorado PA-755 fixing agent Cartafix® F Liq.; Catiofast® GM; Catiofast® PL; Polymin[®] PL fixing agent, acid dyes: papermaking MPD-7 fixing agent, acid-free paper Altriform® fixing agent, anionic colloids Polymin[®] 978 L fixing agent, anionic colloids: papermaking Catiofast[®] NB-PD fixing agent, anionic direct dyestuffs: paper Levogen® E-1062; Levogen® E-1063; Levogen® F; Levogen® G; Mesitol®; Mesitol® NBS fixing agent, anionic dyestuffs Levogen® PM; Levogen® PM-N fixing agent, anionic pigments Levogen[®] PM; Levogen[®] PM-N fixing agent, calcium carbonate containing paper Aquacoll 30 CC; Aquacoll 30 PA fixing agent, cardboard

Aquacoll 30 CC; Aquacoll 30 PA fixing agent, colloidal substances: paper fiber Polymin[®] SO fixing agent, color: paper Tinofix[®] ECO-N; Tinofix[®] WSP fixing agent, color: paper coloration Tinofix[®] AP fixing agent, color: paper, food-contact Tinofix[®] AP fixing agent, direct dyes Polymin[®] 978 L fixing agent, direct dyes: papermaking Catiofast® NB-PD fixing agent, dye Hexamethylenetetramine; Polymin® PR 971 L fixing agent, dye: colored paper Synthro®-Fix WF fixing agent, dye: paper Taurine-DFX fixing agent, dye: temporary, nondurable Ecco Aluminum Formate fixing agent, dye: wet-end papermaking Catiofast[®] NB-DF fixing agent, dyes: acidic papermaking Hanwet HF-59 fixing agent, dyes: neutral papermaking Hanwet HF-59 fixing agent, fillers Polymin® 978 L fixing agent, fillers: acidic papermaking Hanwet HF-59 fixing agent, fillers: neutral papermaking Hanwet HF-59 fixing agent, fillers: papermaking Catiofast® NB-PD fixing agent, fines Polymin[®] 978 L fixing agent, fines: paper fiber Polymin[®] SO fixing agent, fines: papermaking Catiofast® NB-PD fixing agent, food pkg. paper Aquacoll 30 CC; Aquacoll 30 PA fixing agent, neutral sizing cardboard Polyaluminum hydroxide chloride sulfate fixing agent, neutral sizing papermaking Polyaluminum hydroxide chloride sulfate fixing agent, neutral sizing process: paper/ cardboard Paper-PAC-N® fixing agent, nonionic colloids Polymin[®] 978 L fixing agent, nonionic colloids: papermaking Catiofast® NB-PD fixing agent, paper Aquacoll 30 CC; Aquacoll 30 PA; Gilufloc®; . Intrafix® fixing agent, papermaking Catiofast® PL fixing agent, pigment dyes Polymin[®] 978 fixing agent, pigment dyes: papermaking Catiofast® NB-PD fixing agent, pigments: paper fiber Polymin[®] SO fixing agent, pitch Polymin[®] 978 L fixing agent, pitch: paper Alcofix® fixing agent, pitch: paperboard Alcofix® fixing agent, pitch: papermaking Catiofast[®] GM; Catiofast[®] NB-PD fixing agent, pitch: pulp Alcofix fixing agent, recycled paper Aquacoll 30 CC; Aquacoll 30 PA fixing agent, resin treatments

- MPD-7 fixing agent, rosin size: wet-end papermaking FX-704: FX-706 fixing agent, sizes: acidic papermaking Hanwet HF-59 fixing agent, sizes: neutral papermaking Hanwet HF-59 fixing agent, slimy colloids: paper fiber Polymin[®] SO fixing agent, starch: acidic papermaking Hanwet HF-59 fixing agent, starch: neutral papermaking Hanwet HF-59 fixing agent, starch: papermaking MPD-7 fixing agent, stickies: papermaking Catiofast® GM fixing agent, strength agents: acidic papermaking Hanwet HF-59 fixing agent, strength agents: neutral papermaking Hanwet HF-59 fixing agent, trash: pitch control: wet-end papermaking Aquaprox[®] MFC 1490; Aquaprox[®] MFC 3320; Synthro®-Fix WF fixing agent, trash: stickies control: wet-end papermaking Aquaprox[®] MFC 1490; Aquaprox[®] MFC 3320; Synthro®-Fix WF fixing agent, trash: wet-end paper Synthro®-Sol DC 819 L fixing agent, trash: wet-end papermaking Synthro®-Pac 812 L flame resist. Terephthaloyl chloride flame retardant Airflex[®] 4500; Airflex[®] 4514; Alumina; Epoxy, bisphenol A; EZA®; Isopropyl phosphate; Paraffin, chlorinated; Path® 9; Servoxyl® VPIZ 100; Servoxyl® VPNZ 7/100; Servoxyl® VPPZ 100; Tetrakis (hydroxymethyl) phosphonium sulfate; Zeolite; Zinc oxide flame retardant, ABS Chlorez® 700 flame retardant, ABS-PC Triphenyl phosphate flame retardant, aq. coatings Doversperse 3; Doversperse A-1 flame retardant, aq. systems Fyrol® 51 flame retardant, cellulose Sodium borate decahydrate flame retardant, cellulosic insulation Boric acid flame retardant, cellulosics Ammonium phosphate, dibasic; Ammonium pyrophosphate; Antimony trioxide; Borax; t-Butylphenyl diphenyl phosphate; FRCROS 334; FRCROS 349; FRCROS 481; Neobor®; Phosflex® 61B; Phosflex® TBEP; Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate; TBP; Tributyl phosphate; Triphenyl phosphate flame retardant, coatings Aluminum hydroxide; Busan® 11-M2; Chlorez® 700; Chlorez[®] 700-SS; Chlorez[®] 700-SSNP; Chlorez[®] 725-S; Chlorez[®] 760; Hydrax[™] H-
- 312; Hydrax[™] H-470; Hydrax[™] H-490;
 Hydrax[™] H-550; Hydrax[™] H-636; Hydrax[™] H-910; KC-350; KC-500; KC-750; KC-900; SB-332; SB-805; *Tributyl phosphate; Triphenyl phosphate* flame retardant, decorative crepe
- Necco Fire Retardant 3000DM flame retardant, decorative tissue Necco Fire Retardant 3000DM flame retardant, fiber Antimony pentoxide

flame retardant, ground paper

- Spartan FR-48 flame retardant, HIPS Triphenyl phosphate flame retardant, intumescent coatings Ammonium polyphosphate; Dimelamine phosphate; Melapur® MPH flame retardant, intumescent coatings: corrugated sheet PyroCide[™] II flame retardant, intumescent coatings: paper PyroCide[™] II flame retardant, intumescent coatings: paperboard PyroCide[™] II flame retardant, latex intumescent coatings Melamine phosphate flame retardant, LDPE Chlorez® 700 flame retardant, NC coatings/lacquers Triaryl phosphate flame retardant, paper Aluminum hydroxide; Ammonium bromide; Ammonium phosphate, dibasic; Ammonium polyphosphate; Ammonium pyrophosphate; Antiblaze® 100; Antiblaze® CL.; Antiblaze® TR; Antiblaze® V6; Antimony trioxide; Barium metaborate; Boric acid; Chlorez® 700; Chlorez® 700-DF; Chlorez® 700-SS; Chlorez® 700-SSNP; Chlorez® 725-S; Chlorez® 760; Dimelamine phosphate; FR-11; FRCROS 334; FRCROS 349; FRCROS 481; FRCROS 484; Hydrad™ 10; Hydrad™ 10W; Hydrad™ 15; Hydrad[™] 15W; Hydrad[™] 20; Hydrax[™] H-312; Hydrax[™] H-470; Hydrax[™] H-490; Hydrax[™] H-550; Hydrax[™] H-636; Hydrax[™] H-910; KC-350; KC-500; KC-750; KC-900; *Melamine* phosphate; Melapur® MPH; Melapur® WP; Micral® 532; Necco Fire Retardant 3000DM; Necco FR 682; Necco FR 7065D; Nyacol® A-1530; Nyacol® A-1550; Paraffin, chlorinated; Perchloropentacyclodecane; Pyrex AMN; Pyrex FA; Sachtolith[®] HD-S; Sachtolith[®] L; SB-332; SB-805; Spartan CM; Spartan FR-48; Spartan X-12; Thermoguard® S; Thermoguard® UF: Zinc sulfide flame retardant, paper coatings Doversperse 3; Doversperse A-1; Phosflex® 61B flame retardant, paperboard Spartan CM; Spartan FR-48; Spartan X-12 flame retardant, pigmented coatings FRCROS 484 flame retardant, plastisols Phosflex® TBEP flame retardant, PP homopolymers Polypropylene flame retardant, PPO Triphenyl phosphate flame retardant, PS TRP flame retardant, PU foams Ammonium polyphosphate flame retardant, PVAc Phosflex® TBEP; TBP flame retardant, PVAc emulsions t-Butylphenyl diphenyl phosphate flame retardant, PVAc polymers Phosflex[®] 61B flame retardant, PVC Antimony trioxide; t-Butylphenyl diphenyl phosphate; Phosflex® 61B; TBP; Thermoquard[®] S; Triaryl phosphate flame retardant, reactive: paper Bis (β-chloroethyl) vinyl phosphonate; Tetrabromophthalic anhydride flame retardant, resins Antimony pentoxide flame retardant, SBR Chlorez[®] 700 flame retardant, stabilized polymers
- Perchloropentacyclodecane

flame retardant, triacetate film/sheet Triphenyl phosphate flameproofing agent, paper Ammonium phosphate; Ammonium sulfamate; Ammonium sulfate; Calcium sulfamate flash agent, dyes/pigments Rapisol B-30, B-80, B-90, C-70 flattening agent, paper Rohamere® 61 flatting agent Aluminum stearate; Aluminum tristearate; Diatomaceous earth: Silica, fumed flatting agent, coatings Ethylene/VA copolymer flatting agent, emulsions Calcium stearate flatting agent, lacquers Zinc stearate flatting agent, paper Diatomaceous earth, amorphous; Sylysia 250; Sylysia 250N; Sylysia 310; Sylysia 320; Sylysia 350; Sylysia 430; Sylysia 435; Sýlýsia 440; Sýlýsia 445; Sýlýsia 450 flatting agent, paper coatings Acematt™ TS100 flexibility modifier Octyl acrylate flexibilizer, films Mica flexibilizer, hot-melt coatings Ultrathene® UE 631-04; Ultrathene® UE 634-04; Ultrathene® UE 639-67; Ultrathene® UE 649-04; Ultrathene® UE 653-67; Ultrathene® UE 654-67 flexibilizer, paper coatings Cecavon® CA 350 P; CN 104 B80; CN 111; Photomer® 4015 flexibilizer, wet-strength paper applics. BHMT-HP flocculant Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer; Ageflex FA-2; Aluminum sulfate; Amerfloc® 285; BHMT Amine; BHMT-HP; Bis-hexamethylenetriamine; Diethylaminoethyl acrylate; Gluconal® GA-50; Gluconal® NG-C; 2-Hydroxy 3-methacryl oxypropyl trimoniumchloride; Magnesium chloride; Methacrylamidopropyltrimethylammonium chloride; Methacrylic acid copolymer; Mhoromer® BM 613; PEG-2M; PEG-90M; PEG-115M; Polyox® WSR 301; Polyox® WSR N-10; Polyox® WSR N-12K; Polyox® WSR N-60K; Qemifloc CEPG 164; Sodium p-styrenesulfonate; Spinomar NaSS; SPM flocculant, acid dye receptive fiber Blemmer QA flocculant, anionic 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid flocculant, anionic stable suspensions Floclair® HKL; Floclair® LP 15; Floclair® LP 25 flocculant, belt presses Floclair® DK-40; Floclair® DK-65; Floclair® DK-65 H; Floclair® DK-65 L; Floclair® DK-65 S; Floclair® DK-90; Floclair® VP 3678 flocculant, calcium carbonate-starch fine paper furnishes Densefloc 30 flocculant, chamber filter presses Floclair® DK-40; Floclair® DK-65; Floclair® DK-65 H; Floclair® DK-65 L; Floclair® DK-65 S; Floclair® DK-90; Floclair® VP 3678 flocculant, clarification Tramfloc™ 290 flocculant, coatings Polyacrylamide flocculant, colloidal substances: paper fiber Polymin[®] SO flocculant, cooling treatment Sodium nitrite

flocculant, decolorizing

Floclair[®] LP 25 flocculant, dewatering industrial slurries Drewfloc® 2270 flocculant, dewatering of sludges Floclair® DK-90 flocculant, effluent sludge dewatering: paper Zetag® flocculant, effluent treatment: aq. systems Bubreak® 401D; Bubreak® 403 flocculant, effluent treatment: paper Magnafloc[®] flocculant, emulsion breaking Clar+lon™ A405P; Clar+lon™ A410P; Clar+lon™ A415P; Clar+lon™ A420P; Hyper+lon™ 1050; Hyper+Ion[™] 1050A; Hyper+Ion[™] 2050A flocculant, emulsion decolorizing Floclair® HKL flocculant, emulsion splitting Floclair® HKL; Floclair® LP 15; Floclair® LP 25 flocculant, emulsions KELZAN®: KELZAN® XC Polymer flocculant, fiber Isostearyl ethylimidonium ethosulfate; Schercoquat IAS; Schercoquat IIS flocculant, fibrous material recovery Floclair® DMR; Floclair® PAR flocculant, filter press Qemifloc 8086 flocculant, filtration: paper fiber reclamation Polymin[®] KE 78 PF; Polymin[®] KE 84 flocculant, fine paper Han-Floc 45® flocculant, fines: paper fiber Polymin[®] SO flocculant, flotation Floclair[®] DK-90 flocculant, flotation enhancement Polyquaternium-6 flocculant, flotation: paper fiber reclamation Polymin[®] KE 78 PF; Polymin[®] KE 84 flocculant, industrial process water treatment Ageflex FA-1Q80DMS; Ageflex FA-1Q80MC; Ageflex FA-2Q50DMS; Ageflex FM-1Q75MC; Ageflex FM-1Q80DMS flocculant, industrial processing Polyamide/epichlorohydrin polymer flocculant, industrial wastewater treatment Clar+Ion[™] 603; Clar+Ion[™] 605; Clar+Ion[™] 610; Clar+lon™ 610M; Clar+lon™ 605; Clar+lon™ 610, Clar+lon™ 610M; Clar+lon™ A405P; Clar+lon™ A420P; Floclair® HKL; Hyper+lon™ 1050; Hyper+lon™ 1050A; Hyper+lon™ 2050A flocculant, industrial water Powdered Guar Gum Type A; Powdered Guar Gum Type AA; Powdered Guar Gum Type B; Powdered Guar Gum Type BB flocculant, industrial water treatment Clar+lon™ A405P; Clar+lon™ A410P; Clar+lon™ A415P; Clar+lon™ A420P; Hyper+lon™ 1050; Hyper+lon™ 1050A; Hyper+lon™ 2050A; Polyaluminum chloride flocculant, inorg. sludge filtration Drewfloc[®] 2270 flocculant, kraft paper Han-Floc 45® flocculant, lagoon treatment Clar+lon[™] A405P; Clar+lon[™] A410P; Clar+lon[™] A410P; Clar+lon[™] A415P; Clar+lon[™] A420P; Hyper+lon[™] 1050; Hyper+Ion[™] 1050A; Hyper+Ion[™] 2050A flocculant, neutral sizing cardboard Polyaluminum hydroxide chloride sulfate flocculant, neutral sizing papermaking Polyaluminum hydroxide chloride sulfate flocculant, neutral sizing process: paper/ cardboard Paper-PAC-N® flocculant, newsprint Han-Floc 45® flocculant, paper Chromium potassium sulfate; Clar+Ion[™] 603;

Clar+Ion[™] 605; Clar+Ion[™] 610; Clar+Ion[™] 610M; Clar+Ion[™] A405P; Clar+Ion[™] A410P; Clar+Ion[™] A415P; Clar+Ion[™] A420P; Delfloc[®] 763; Gilufloc®; Hyper+Ion™ 1050; Hyper+Ion™ 1050A; Hyper+Ion™ 2050A; KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer; PEG-5M; PEG-7M; PEG-9M; PEG-14M; PEG-23M; PEG-45M; Polyguaternium-5; Qemifloc AH 1000; Qemifloc AH 1054; Sumaclear 2000; Sumaclear P10, P20; Sumaclear P30, P35; Sumalchlor 100, 200 flocculant, paper mill wastewater treatment Harifloc flocculant, paper mill/air scrubber water clarification Drewfloc® 2270 flocculant, paper/paperboard Amerfloc[®] 275 flocculant, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty foodcontact N-Methyldiallylamine hydrochloride polymer with epichlorohydrin; Polyamide/epichlorohydrin polymer, Polyquaternium-6 flocculant, papermaking Dimethylamine/epichlorohydrin copolymer; Han-Floc 45®; Papermaker's Alum; Polyaluminum *chloride*; Polyox[®] WSR 205; Polyox[®] WSR 303; Polyox[®] WSR Coagulant; Polyox[®] WSR N-750; Tramfloc™ 290; Ultimer™ 1460 flocculant, papermaking water treatment Agefloc B4508P flocculant, pigments KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer flocculant, pigments: paper fiber Polymin® flocculant, primary: papermaking Sachtoklar® 37; Sachtoklar® 39 flocculant, primary: wastewater treatment Sachtoklar® 37; Sachtoklar® 39 flocculant, process water treatment Floclair® DA-7; Floclair® DA-15; Floclair® DA-30 flocculant, pulp Eldorado WT-50; Polyquaternium-5 flocculant, pulp/paper Isostearamidopropyl ethyldimonium ethosulfate; Isostearyl ethylimidonium ethosulfate; Micro Floc™; Polyquat 2 C; Polyquat 188; Polyquat PR; Polysynth RRE; Schercoquat IAS; Schercoquat IIS; Sumaclear 800B; Sumaclear 801B; Sumaclear 802B; Sumaclear 803B; Sumaclear 804B; Sumaclear 805B; Sumaclear 820B; Sumaclear 1000; Sumalchlor 50 flocculant, pulp/paper mill water treatment Hartfloc® 210; Hartfloc® Anionic Series flocculant, pulp/paper mills Alcan Aluminum Sulphate Solid; Alcan Aluminum Sulphate Sol'n. flocculant, raw water clarification Qemifloc FL 61 flocculant, raw water: paper Magnafloc® flocculant, save-all: paper Magnafloc® flocculant, sedimentation: paper fiber reclamation Polymin[®] KE 78 PF; Polymin[®] KE 84 flocculant, sewage/plant effluent treatment Polvaluminum chloride flocculant, slimy colloids: paper fiber Polymin[®] SO flocculant, sludge conditioning Drewfloc[®] 2270; Han-Floc 45[®]; Tramfloc[™] 290 flocculant, sludge draining Floclair® DA-7; Floclair® DA-15; Floclair® DA-30; Floclair® DK-20 flocculant, sludge treatment Floclair® DK-40; Floclair® DK-65; Floclair® DK-65 H; Floclair® DK-65 L; Floclair® DK-65 S; Floclair® VP 3678 flocculant, solid-liq. separation systems: pulp/ flotation agent, coters Qemidink 8002 paper

Sufloc Flocculants flocculant, waste minimization programs: aq. systems Bubreak[®] 401D: Bubreak[®] 403 flocculant, waste sludges Agefloc A50HV-P; Agefloc A50LV-P; Agefloc A50-P; Agefloc B50-P flocculant, waste treatment Eldorado WT-50 flocculant, wastewater Polyaluminum chloride; Polyamide/epichlorohydrin polymer flocculant, wastewater clarification: pulp/paper PolyFloc™ flocculant, wastewater treatment Acrylates/acrylamide copolymer; Ageflex FM-1; Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate; Floclair® DA-7; Floclair® DA-15; Floclair® DA-30; Floclair® DK-20; Floclair® DK-40; Floclair® DK-65; Floclair® DK-65 H; Floclair® DK-65 L Floclair® DK-65 S: Floclair® DK-90: Floclair® LP 15; Floclair® LP 25; Floclair® VP 3678; Han-Floc 45®; PEG-5M; PEG-9M; PEG-23M; PEG-45M; Poly (2-hydroxypropyl-N,N-dimethyl ammonium chloride); Polyguaternium-6; Qemifloc FL 61; Sumaclear 800B; Sumaclear 801B; Sumaclear 802B; Sumaclear 803B; Sumaclear 804B; Sumaclear 805B; Sumaclear 820B; Sumaclear 1000; Sumaclear 2000; Sumaclear P10, P20; Sumaclear P30, P35; Sumalchlor 50; Sumalchlor 100, 200 flocculant, wastewater treatment: paper mills Densefloc 30 flocculant, wastewater: paper Sachtofloc® 46.3; Sachtofloc® 46.6; Sachtofloc® 46.12; Sachtofloc® 46.18; Sachtofloc® 46.24; Sachtofloc® 46.60 flocculant, wastewater: pulp/paper PAC-300 flocculant, water clarification Polyguaternium-6 flocculant, water clarification: pulp/paper PolvFloc™ flocculant, water processing treatment Floclair® HKL flocculant, water treatment Acrylates/acrylamide copolymer; Alcan Aluminum Sulphate Solid; Alcan Aluminum Sulphate Sol'n.; Calcium monocarbonate; Diethylaminoethyl acrylate dimethyl sulfate quat.; Dimethylamine/ epichlorohydrin copolymer; Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate dimethyl sulfate; Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate methyl chloride quat.; Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate dimethyl sulfate quat .; Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate methyl chloride quat.; Dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride; Floclair® DA-7; Floclair® DA-15; Floclair® DA-30; Floclair® DK-20; Floclair® DK-40; Floclair® DK-65; Floclair® DK-65 H; Floclair® DK-65 L; Floclair® DK-65 S; Floclair® DK-90; Floclair® VP 3678; Han-Floc 45®; N® Sodium Silicate; Particol®; Polyacrylamide; Polyethylenimine; Polysilicic acid; Potassium alum anhydrous; Sodium aluminate flocculant, water treatment: pulp/paper Fiberfloc™ flocculation Imidazoline 18OH; Imidazoline SOH flotation Cocoalkonium chloride flotation agent Armeen® 2C; Burco® Imidazoline O; Burco® Imidazoline T; C10 alcohols; C20-24 alcohols; 2,6-Dimethyl heptanol-4; Hydrogenated ditallowamine; Lignin sulfonate; Novus™; Servoxyl® VPNZ 7/100; Tall oil flotation agent, coatings Silwet® L-77

flotation agent, flocculation Stearamine acetate flotation agent, flotation frothing agent: minerals Stearamine acetate flotation agent, ground wood, hydropulpers Qemidink 8002 flotation agent, iron processing Sodium bisulfide flotation agent, mineral Citric acid; Kerosene flotation agent, paper Silwet® L-77 flotation agent, pigment flushing Stearamine acetate flotation agent, pulp/paper Percol® 368; Percol® 370; Percol® 402; Percol® 403; Percol® 406; Percol® 710; Percol® 712; Percol® 721; Percol® 722; Percol® 728; Percol® 734; Percol® 736; Percol® 737; Percol® 737HL; Percol® 742; Percol® 744; Percol® 745; Percol® 747; Percol® 748; Percol® 750; Percol® 751; Percol® 753; Percol® 755; Percol® 757; Percol® 759; Percol® 763; Percol® 764; Percol® 765; Percol® 766; Percol® 767; Percol® 775; Percol® 775 FS25; Percol® 775 FS40; Percol® 778; Percol® 778 FS25; Percol® 778 FS40; Percol[®] 780; Percol[®] 787; Percol[®] 788N; Percol[®] 790; Percol[®] 919; Percol[®] E24 flotation agent, recycled fiber systems ReChem® flotation agent, secondary: waste treatment Percol® 368; Percol® 370; Percol® 402; Percol® 403; Percol® 406; Percol® 710; Percol® 712; Percol® 721; Percol® 722; Percol® 728; Percol® 734; Percol® 736; Percol® 737; Percol® 737HL; Percol® 742; Percol® 744; Percol® 745; Percol® 747; Percol® 748; Percol® 750; Percol® 751; Percol® 753; Percol® 755; Percol® 757; Percol® 755; Percol® 763; Percol® 754; Percol® 755; Percol® 766; Percol® 767; Percol® 775; Percol® 775 FS25; Percol® 775 FS40; Percol® 778; Percol® 778 FS25; Percol® 778 FS40; Percol® 780; Percol® 787; Percol® 788N; Percol® 790; Percol® 919; Percol® E24 flotation agent, starch systems Qemidink 8002 flotation agent, wastewater Qemidink 8002 flotation agent, water treatment Percol® 368; Percol® 370; Percol® 402; Percol® 403; Percol® 406; Percol® 710; Percol® 712; Percol® 721; Percol® 722; Percol® 728; Percol® 734; Percol® 736; Percol® 737; Percol® 737HL; Percol® 742; Percol® 744; Percol® 745; Percol® 747; Percol® 748; Percol® 750; Percol® 751; Percol® 753; Percol® 755; Percol® 757; Percol® 759; Percol® 763; Percol® 764; Percol® 765; Percol® 766; Percol® 767; Percol® 775; Percol® 775 FS25; Percol® 775 FS40; Percol® 778; Percol® 778 FS25; Percol® 778 FS40; Percol® 780; Percol® 787; Percol® 788N; Percol[®] 790; Percol[®] 919; Percol[®] E24 flotation agent, white paper white water loops Qemidink 8002 flotation agent, wood-containing fiber Berocell® 8000 Series flotation agent, wood-free fiber Berocell® 8000 Series flotation collector BHMT Amine; Bis-hexamethylenetriamine; Hartaflot[™] FA-5164; Hartaflot[™] P-621; Hartaflot[™] SE-6600; Hartaflot[™] SE-6620; *2*-Mercaptobenzothiazole; Radiaflot®; Sodium lauryl sulfate; Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole; Sodium petroleum sulfonate; Stearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Sulfated castor oil;

Tall oil acid; Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl stearyl sulfosuccinamate flotation collector, deinking Surfonic® POA-25R2; Surfonic® POA-L42; Surfonic® POA-L44; Surfonic® POA-L61; Surfonic® POA-L62; Surfonic® POA-L62LF; Surfonic® POA-L64; Surfonic® POA-L81; Surfonic® POA-L101; Surfonic® POA-LF1; Surfonic® POA-LF2; Surfonic® POA-LF5; Surfonic® POA-S38; Teric™ PE 61; Teric™ PE 62; Teric[™] PE 64; Teric[™] PE 68; Teric[™] PE 75: Teric™ PE 87 flotation collector, waste paper recycling Surfonic® POA-25R2; Surfonic® POA-L42; Surfonic® POA-L44; Surfonic® POA-L61 Surfonic® POA-L62; Surfonic® POA-L62LF; Surfonic® POA-L64; Surfonic® POA-L81; Surfonic® POA-L101; Surfonic® POA-LF1; Surfonic® POA-LF2; Surfonic® POA-LF5; Surfonic[®] POA-S38; Teric[™] PE 61; Teric[™] PE 62; Teric[™] PE 64; Teric[™] PE 68; Teric[™] PE 75; Teric™ PE 87 flotation processing Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline flotation systems Adekanol RP-605D; Adekanol RP-807; Adekanol RP-870; Adekanol RP-882 flow aid Benaqua® 1000; Isopar® G; Isopar® H; Isopar® K; Isopar® L; Isopar® M; Lithopone; Lucidene® 602; Pluriol® E 200; Safacid 20/22 CD; Safacid 20/22 DF; Safacid 20/22 HF; Safacid 20/22 LF; Silicone glycol copolymer flow aid, coatings Van Gel® B flow aid, fine powds. Quso® G35, G38, WR55, WR83 flow aid, gran. powds. TEGOPREN® 5863 flow aid, hot-melt coatings Acrawax® C flow aid, lacquers Butyl stearate; Isooctyl stearate flow aid, paper coatings Calsan™ 55; Calsan™ 65; Lubracal® 48; Lubracal® 53; Lubracal® 60 flow control agent CAB 500-1; CAB-500-5; Cab-O-Sil® M-5P; C10-11 isoparaffin; C11-12 isoparaffin; C11-13 isoparaffin; C13-14 isoparaffin; Dimethicone copolyol; Foamkill® MS-1; Methyl polysiloxane; Petrac® Calcium Stearate CP-11; Petrac® Calcium Stearate CP-11 LS; Polyethylene; Silwet® L-7200; Silwet® L-7210; Silwet® L-7230; Sipernat® 22; Sipernat® 22S; Sipernat® 50; Sipernat® 50S; TEGO® Glide 100 flow control agent, ABS Hercolite[®] 240; Hercolite[®] 290 flow control agent, coatings Cab-O-Sil® EH-5; Cab-O-Sil® M-5; Cab-O-Sil® PTG; Lodyne®; Silwet® L-77; Silwet® L-722; Silwet® L-7001; Silwet® L-7002; Silwet® L-7220; Silwet[®] L-7500; Silwet[®] L-7608 flow control agent, fiber Silwet® L-722; Silwet® L-7220; Silwet® L-7608 flow control agent, paper Silwet® L-77; Silwet® L-722; Silwet® L-7001; Silwet[®] L-7002; Silwet[®] L-7087; Silwet[®] L-7220; Silwet® L-7500; Silwet® L-7608 flow control agent, paper clear coatings Ebecryl® 1360; Ebecryl® 3702 flow control agent, paper coatings Silicone hexaacrylate; Surfynol® 502; TEGO® Glide 403; TEGO® Glide 404 flow control agent, paper/board coatings TEGO® Flow 354 flow control agent, pigmented paper coatings Nopcote® 6510 Free; Nopcote C-104; Nopcote® C-104-HS; Nopcote® C-104-HS Free

flow control agent, pigments

Silwet® L-7220; Wacker HDK® N20 flow control agent, preprint applics. TEGO[®] Glide 403 flow control agent, PVC Hercolite[®] 240; Hercolite[®] 290 fluidizing agent, emulsions Lauryl hydroxyethyl imidazoline fluidizing agent, pigments Lauryl hydroxyethyl imidazoline fluidizing agent, protein paper/paperboard coatings: food-contact Dicvandiamide fluidizing agent, starch paper/paperboard coatings: food-contact Dicyandiamide fluorescence quencher, backwater Nofluor fluorescence quencher, fluorescent whitenercontaining paper Quenchophor[™] AK 01 Liq.; Quenchophor[™] E1006 Lia.: Quenchophor™ E1025 Lia. fluorescence quencher, nonbrightened paper stock DF-40 fluorescence quencher, recycled paper Nofluor; Nofluor CA; Nofluor N fluorescence quencher, size-press sol'ns. Nofluor fluorescence quencher, sizes Nofluor CA; Nofluor N fluorescence quencher, stock prep. equipment: paper Cartarex® 2L Liq.; Cartarex® NT Liq. fluorescence quencher, wastewater DF-40 fluorescence quencher, water circulation equipment: paper Cartarex[®] 2L Liq.; Cartarex[®] NT Liq. fluoride removal, water treatment Magnesium hydroxide; Magnesium oxide fluoridizer, paper Zonyl® NF; Zonyl® RP fluoridizer, paperboard Zonyl® NF; Zonyl® RP fluorochemicals, grease-resistant paper Bersize® 6409 fluorochemicals, oil-resistant paper Bersize® 6409 fluorochemicals, water-resistant paper Bersize® 6409 flushing agent Aerosol® C-61 foam booster/stabilizer, paper coatings Lauramine oxide foam builder Aerosol® C-61; Alkanol® 189-S; Coco-betaine; C10-12 pareth-5; C12-14 pareth-7; Deceth-4 phosphate: DeMOX CAPO: DeMOX LAO: Geropon® T-77; Isoundeceth-3; Isoundeceth-6; Isoundeceth-9; Isoundeceth-12; PEG-80 sorbitan laurate; Rhodacal® 3594; Rhodacal® DS/4-E25; Rhodapon® UB/E-30; Rhodapon® UB/E-N; Sodium methyl oleoyl taurate; Sodium oleyl sulfosuccinamate; Sulfotex OA; Texapon[®] K-12 Needles; Texapon[®] VHC Needles; Trideceth-8; Trideceth-15 foam builder, alkaline cleaners Aerosol® 18 foam builder, coatings Ammonium lauryl sulfate foam builder, dyes Ammonium lauryl sulfate foam builder, emulsion polymerization Ammonium lauryl sulfate; NACCONOL® 40G; NACCONOL® 90G; Stanfax 238; Texapon® ZHC Powder foam builder, emulsion polymerization: SBRs Aerosol[®] 18 foam builder, emulsion polymerization: vinyl chloride



foam control agent, paper CNC Antifoam 495, 495-M; Dow Corning® Antifoam A Compd.; Dow Corning® Antifoam H-10; Dow Corning[®] Antifoam Y-30; Sag 770; Simethicone; Teric™ 127 foam control agent, paper coatings Dow Corning® 1430 Emulsion; Dow Corning® Antifoam C Emulsion; Dow Corning® Antifoam FG-10; Surfynol® SE; Surfynol® SE-F foam control agent, paper mill stocks Oakite® Defoamant foam control agent, paper/printing: resin sizes Dow Corning® Antifoam Y-30 foam control agent, paper: food-contact Colloid[™] 1010 foam control agent, paperboard Sag 770 foam control agent, paperboard: food-contact Colloid™ 1010 foam control agent, papermaking Poly-Tergent[®] E-17A; Poly-Tergent[®] E-17B; Poly-Tergent® E-25B foam control agent, pulp/paper Antarox® EGE 25-2; Oakite® Defoamant RC; Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic® F77; Pluronic® F87; Pluronic® F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic® F127; Pluronic® L31; Pluronic® L35; Pluronic® L43; Pluronic® L44; Pluronic® L64; Pluronic[®] P84; Pluronic[®] P85; Pluronic[®] P103; Pluronic® P104; Pluronic® P105; Pluronic® P123 foam control agent, pulp/paper chems. Teric™ T5; Teric™ T10 foam control agent, resin sizes Dow Corning® Antifoam H-10 foam control agent, sizing Dow Corning® 1430 Emulsion foam control agent, starch coatings Foam Blast 433FW foam control agent, starches Dow Corning® 1430 Emulsion; Foam Blast 433C foam control agent, wastewater treatment Dow Corning® 1430 Emulsion; Dow Corning® Antifoam 1520-US; Dow Corning® Antifoam FG-10; Dow Corning® Antifoam H-10 foam control agent, water treatment Dow Corning® 1430 Emulsion; Dow Corning® Antifoam 1520-US; Dow Corning® Antifoam FG-10; Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic® F77; Pluronic® F87; Pluronic® F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic[®] F127; Pluronic[®] L31; Pluronic[®] L35; Pluronic[®] L43; Pluronic[®] L44; Pluronic[®] L64; Pluronic[®] P84; Pluronic[®] P85; Pluronic[®] P103; Pluronic® P104; Pluronic® P105; Pluronic® P123; Poly-Tergent® E-17A; Poly-Tergent® E-17B: Poly-Tergent® E-25B foam control agent, water-reducible coatings Drewplus® L-496 foam control agent, wax coatings Foam Blast 433FW foam control agent, waxes Foam Blast 433C foam depressant, paper deinking Tergitol[®] Min-Foam 1X foaming agent, ABS polymerization Potassium rosinate foaming agent, emulsion polymerization TEA-lauryl sulfate foaming agent, paper Carsonon® TD-10; Stafoam F foaming agent, pulp processing C12-16 pareth-1; C12-16 pareth-2; C12-16 pareth-3; C12-16 pareth-5; C12-16 pareth-6; C12-16 pareth-7; C12-16 pareth-8; C12-16 pareth-11 foaming agent, SBR polymerization Potassium rosinate fold endurance improver, paper saturation:

Nacrylic X 4280; X-Link 2833 fold endurance improver, paper saturation: tag stock Nacrylic X 4280; X-Link 2833 food additive, indirect: paper/paperboard Trans-278 food pkg. materials Abscents® 3000; Dimethyl siloxane; Drakeol® 9; *Ethylene dioleamide*; Formasil[®] 45; Lipowax C; Mineral oil; Penreco Amber; Zeolite food pkg. paper/paperboard Formic acid; Shamrock Hydrocer EEP 16 food-contact applics. Acrawax® C; Atlac® 382-05; Atlac® 382-05A; Atlac® 382-05AC; Indopol® H-100; Indopol® H-1500; Indopol® L-10; Koster Keunen Microcrystalline Waxes; MP-22; MP-22VF; MP-22XF; Multiwax® ML-445; PD-23; PD-25; PD-28; Penreco 2251 Oil; Penreco 2257 Oil; Penreco 2259 Oil: Penreco 2260 Oil: Penreco 2263 Oil: Penreco Blond; Penreco Cream; Penreco Lily; Penreco Regent; Penreco Royal; Penreco Snow; Penreco Super; Pentalyn® 856; Sachtoklar® 37; Sachtoklar® 39 formation aid Eldorado PA-755 formation aid, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty food-contact Hydroxypropyl guar; Sodium carboxymethyl guar gum formation aid, papermaking Jaguar® 418; Lycoid® 260 formation aid, specialty paper Jaguar® 2100® free radical initiator, UV curable systems: paper coatings Esacure® KIP100F free radical initiator, UV curing: paper BPO; Esacure® EDB; Esacure® KT37; Esacure® TZT free-flow agent Silica, hydrated free-flow agent, paper Aerosil® 200 friction material, clutch paper Celite[®] 263; Celite[®] 321; Celite[®] 388 frictionizing agent, corrugated boxes Ludox® CL-X frictionizing agent, fine paper Printplus 500 frictionizing agent, multiwall paper bags Ludox[®] CL-X frictionizing agent, specialty paper Printplus 500 froth flotation Deodorized kerosene frothing agent, flotation Disodium oleamido MIPA-sulfosuccinate; 2-Ethylhexanol; Oleic acid; Pine (Pinus palustris) oil; Polypropylene glycol; PPG-3 methyl ether fulling assistant Ceteareth-10; Ceteareth-14 fumigant, paper/paperboard sizing: dry foodcontact Ethylene oxide functional additive, paper Megafil® PCC functional monomer, paper coatings Itaconic acid-bis-(3-sulfopropyl)-ester, dipotassium salt, Potassium (3-sulfopropyl) acrylate fungicidal formulations Cyclohexane fungicide Acticide® DW; Ammonium thiosulfate; Barquat® MB-50; Basic yellow 2; β-Bromo-βnitrostyrene; Čalcium oxide; Cocoalkonium chloride; Cocotrimonium chloride; Cocoyl

hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Copper hydroxide

(ic); Copper nitrate (ic); Copper 8-quinolinolate;

label stock

Cupric sulfate anhydrous; Dichlorophene; Dodine; Ethylenediamine; Ethylene oxide; Hexamethylenetetramine; Maleic anhydride; 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole; Methylenebis (thiocyanate); Myristalkonium chloride; Nipabenzyl; Nipacide® BKX; Nipacide® FC; Nipacide® XRP; Nonylphenol; Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Paraformaldehyde; Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate; Proxel® DL; Proxel® XL2; Sodium MBT; Sodium benzoate; Sodium chlorite; Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate; Sodium hypochlorite; Sodium pentachlorophenate; Sulfur, Sulfur dioxide; Thiabendazole; Thiabendazole hypophosphite salt; Zinc sulfide fungicide, alkaline pulps Taurine-913 fungicide, aq. coatings Busan® 1223 fungicide, aq. systems Nipacide[®] BIT 20 fungicide, broad-spectrum Busan® 1105; Busan® 1118 fungicide, casein dispersions Nipacide® BIT 20 fungicide, coatings: food-contact Captan fungicide, cooling tower systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette fungicide, cooling water systems Sanibrom™ 40; Sanibrom™ 45; *Tributyltin oxide* fungicide, evaporative condensers Aquatreat[®] KM; Aquatreat[®] SDM; Dantobrom[®] **RW** Briquette fungicide, fillers Taurine-KWT fungicide, finish coating materials: food pkg. o-Phenylphenol fungicide, glue casein 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2thione fungicide, industrial Sodium-2,4,5-trichlorophenate fungicide, industrial recirculating water cooling towers Aquatreat® KM; Aquatreat® SDM; Qemicide DTC-1050 fungicide, industrial water systems Paxgard MB 10; Paxgard MBT fungicide, industrial wet scrubber systems Dantobrom® RW Briquette fungicide, industrial: ag. prods. Nipacide® BIT 10; Nipacide BIT 10A; Nipacide® BIT AS; Nipacide® CBX A; Nipacide® CFX2; Nipacide® CFX3; Nipacide® CI; Nipacide® CI 15 fungicide, influent systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette fungicide, latex paste Vancide® 51 fungicide, mill water treatment Taurine-913 fungicide, mineral slurries Nipacide[®] BIT 20 fungicide, o/w emulsions Nipacide[®] BIT 20 fungicide, once-thru cooling water systems Stabrom® 909 fungicide, paper Aquatreat[®] DNM-9; Copper 8-quinolinolate; 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2thione; Laurtrimonium chloride; Metasol® TK-100 Disp. W; Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate; Tributyltin oxide; Vancide® 51 Indic, Haby The State of the S Polyphase[®] EC17; Troysan[®] Polyphase[®] P-

fungicide, paper glues Dimethylol urea: Protectol® DMU fungicide, paper mills Acticide® WT; Aquatreat® KM; Aquatreat® SDM; Metasol® RB-20; Paxgard WT; Qemicide DTC-35; Qemicide DTC-1050; Taurine-DBNPA; Tolcide® MW10 fungicide, paper stocks Taurine-KWT fungicide, paper/paperboard Thiabendazole hypophosphite salt fungicide, paper: food pkg. Troysan® 142 fungicide, paperboard Metasol® TK-100 Disp. W; Vancide® 51 fungicide, papermaking Busan® 1210 fungicide, pigment dispersions Nipacide[®] BIT 20 fungicide, pigment slurries Dimethylol urea; Protectol® DMU fungicide, polymer emulsions Nipacide[®] BIT 20 fungicide, pulp mills Qemicide DTC-35; Qemicide DTC-1050 fungicide, pulp/paper Acticide[®] DW; Acticide[®] HF; Acticide[®] SPX; Acticide® WTC; Dantobrom® RW Briquette; Paxqard BD 20; Paxqard BD 88; Paxqard BK 20; Paxgard BKC; Paxgard BSL; Paxgard BU 30; Paxgard BU 30 L; Paxgard BU 60; Paxgard DB 10; Paxgard DB 20; Paxgard DB 99; Paxgard EM; Paxgard MB 10; Paxgard MBT; Paxgard PDC; Paxgard SDC; Paxgard ST; Paxgard TC; Polyquat 2 C fungicide, pulp/paper mill wet-end systems Sodium-2,4,5-trichlorophenate fungicide, pulp/paper mills Aquatreat[®] DNM-30; Sanibrom[™] 40; Sanibrom[™] 45; Stabrom® 909 fungicide, PVC Barium metaborate fungicide, recirculating cooling towers Tolcide® MW10; Vancide® 51 fungicide, recirculating cooling water systems Stabrom® 909 fungicide, recirculating water systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette fungicide, rosin dispersions Nipacide[®] BIT 20 fungicide, soap wrappers Metasol® TK-100 Disp. W; Thiabendazole hypophosphite salt fungicide, solvent-based coatings Busan® 1223; Captan fungicide, starch 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2thione fungicide, starch/casein coatings Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole fungicide, wastewater Stabrom[®] 909 fungicide, wastewater systems Sanibrom[™] 40; Sanibrom[™] 45 fungicide, water treatment Acticide® WT; Aquatreat® DNM-9; Aquatreat® KM; Aquatreat[®] SDM; *1-Bromo-3-chloro-5,5*dimethyl hydantoin; 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2-thione; Nipacide® BIT 20; Paxgard WT; Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate; Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate fungicide, wet-state protection: aq. formulations Paxgard GDA; Paxgard GT 10; Paxgard GT 20; Paxgard ST fungistat, paper treatment Dilurit 876 furnish, bond paper St. Croix Hardwood

100; Troysan® Polyphase® P-20T

furnish, carbonless paper St. Croix Hardwood furnish, coated paper St. Croix Hardwood furnish, copy paper St. Croix Hardwood furnish, machine glazed paper St. Croix Hardwood furnish, photographic paper St. Croix Hardwood gellant Cecavon® CA 31; C12-15 pareth-5; C12-15 Pareth-10; EO/PO block polymer or copolymer, KELACID®; KELCOLOID® DH; KELCOLOID® HVF; KELCOLOID® LVF; KELCOLOID® 0; KELCOLOID® S; KELCOSOL®; KELGIN® F; KELGIN® HV; KELGIN® LV; KELGIN® MV; KELGIN® XL; KELSET®; Oleth-15; Pluronic® 17R2; Poloxamer 101; Poloxamer 105; Poloxamer 108; Poloxamer 122; Poloxamer 123: Poloxamer 124: Poloxamer 181: Poloxamer 182: Poloxamer 183: Poloxamer 184; Poloxamer 185; Poloxamer 188; Poloxamer 212; Poloxamer 215; Poloxamer 231; Poloxamer 234; Poloxamer 235; Poloxamer 237; Poloxamer 238; Poloxamer 282; Poloxamer 284; Poloxamer 288; Poloxamer 331; Poloxamer 333; Poloxamer 334; Poloxamer 335; Poloxamer 338; Poloxamer 401; Poloxamer 402; Poloxamer 403; Poloxamer 407; Polyacrylic acid; Propylene glycol alginate; Scogin™ HVF; Scogin™ LV; Scogin™ QH; Scogin™ QL; Scogin™ QM; Sodium cocoate; Stearamide MEĂ; Sylysia 250; Sylysia 250N; Sylysia 310; Sylysia 320; Sylysia 350; Synthetic beeswax; Trideceth-3; Trideceth-10; Trideceth-20 gellant, aq. systems Laponite® JS gellant, emulsions KELZAN[®]; KELZAN[®] XC Polymer gellant, hydroalcoholic systems Carbopol® 1342; Carbopol® 1382; Carbopol® ETD 2020 gellant, oil: paper finishes Koster Keunen Beeswax gellant, paper A-C® 715; Cecavon® NA 61; Cecavon® ZN 70; Cecavon® ZN 735; KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer; Nonionic 1044-L; Nonionic 1061-L; Nonionic 1062-L; Nonionic 1064-L; Nonionic 1068-F; Nonionic 1088-F; Pluronic® L10 gellant, paper coatings Colloid 488T; Colloid 602 gellant, paper surface treatment Scogin[™] F; Scogin[™] HV; Scogin[™] MV gellant, paper treatment Snowtex 20L; Snowtex 40; Snowtex 50; Snowtex C; Snowtex N; Snowtex O; Snowtex OL; Snowtex ST-UP; Snowtex ST-ZL gellant, papermaking Antarox[®] 17-R-2; Antarox[®] 25-R-2; Antarox[®] 31-R-1; Volpo CS5; Volpo CS10; Volpo CS15; Volpo CS20; Volpo N3; Volpo N5; Volpo N10; Volpo N20; Volpo T5; Volpo T10; Volpo T15 gellant, pigments KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer gellant, pulp/paper Nonionic 1035-L; Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic® F77; Pluronic® F87; Pluronic® F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic® F127; Pluronic® L31; Pluronic[®] L35; Pluronic[®] L43; Pluronic[®] L44; Pluronic® L64; Pluronic® P84; Pluronic® P85; Pluronic® P103; Pluronic® P104; Pluronic® P105; Pluronic® P123 gellant, starch: industrial processes Glyceryl stearate lactate gellant, water

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fungicide, paper mills Acticide® WT; Aquatreat® KM; Aquatreat® SDM;

35; Qemicide DTC-1050; Taurine-DBNPA;

Metasol® RB-20; Paxgard WT; Qemicide DTC-

100; Troysan® Polyphase® P-20T

Dimethylol urea: Protectol® DMU

fungicide, paper glues

Tolcide® MW10

Taurine-KWT

Busan® 1210

Nipacide[®] BIT 20

Nipacide[®] BIT 20

fungicide, pulp mills

fungicide, paper stocks

fungicide, paper/paperboard

fungicide, paper: food pkg. Troysan® 142

fungicide, papermaking

fungicide, pigment dispersions

fungicide, pigment slurries Dimethylol urea; Protectol® DMU

fungicide, polymer emulsions

Qemicide DTC-35; Qemicide DTC-1050

fungicide, pulp/paper Acticide[®] DW; Acticide[®] HF; Acticide[®] SPX;

Acticide® WTC; Dantobrom® RW Briquette;

Paxqard BD 20; Paxqard BD 88; Paxqard BK

20; Paxgard BKC; Paxgard BSL; Paxgard BU 30; Paxgard BU 30 L; Paxgard BU 60;

Paxgard DB 10; Paxgard DB 20; Paxgard DB

99; Paxgard EM; Paxgard MB 10; Paxgard MBT; Paxgard PDC; Paxgard SDC; Paxgard ST; Paxgard TC; Polyquat 2 C

fungicide, pulp/paper mill wet-end systems

fungicide, recirculating cooling towers

fungicide, recirculating water systems

Metasol® TK-100 Disp. W; Thiabendazole

3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2-

fungicide, solvent-based coatings

fungicide, starch/casein coatings

Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole

fungicide, wastewater systems

fungicide, water treatment

Sanibrom[™] 40; Sanibrom[™] 45

fungicide, pulp/paper mills Aquatreat[®] DNM-30; Sanibrom[™] 40; Sanibrom[™]

fungicide, recirculating cooling water systems

Sodium-2,4,5-trichlorophenate

Tolcide® MW10; Vancide® 51

Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette

fungicide, soap wrappers

hypophosphite salt

Busan® 1223; Captan

fungicide, wastewater Stabrom[®] 909

fungicide, starch

thione

fungicide, rosin dispersions

45; Stabrom® 909

Barium metaborate

fungicide, PVC

Stabrom® 909

Nipacide[®] BIT 20

Thiabendazole hypophosphite salt

fungicide, paperboard Metasol® TK-100 Disp. W; Vancide® 51

Cupric sulfate anhydrous; Dichlorophene; Dodine; Ethylenediamine; Ethylene oxide; Hexamethylenetetramine; Maleic anhydride; 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole; Methylenebis (thiocyanate); Myristalkonium chloride; Nipabenzyl; Nipacide® BKX; Nipacide® FC; Nipacide® XRP; Nonylphenol; Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Paraformaldehyde; Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate; Proxel® DL; Proxel® XL2; Sodium MBT; Sodium benzoate; Sodium chlorite; Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate; Sodium hypochlorite; Sodium pentachlorophenate; Sulfur, Sulfur dioxide; Thiabendazole; Thiabendazole hypophosphite salt; Zinc sulfide fungicide, alkaline pulps Taurine-913 fungicide, aq. coatings Busan® 1223 fungicide, aq. systems Nipacide[®] BIT 20 fungicide, broad-spectrum Busan® 1105; Busan® 1118 fungicide, casein dispersions Nipacide® BIT 20 fungicide, coatings: food-contact Captan fungicide, cooling tower systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette fungicide, cooling water systems Sanibrom™ 40; Sanibrom™ 45; *Tributyltin oxide* fungicide, evaporative condensers Aquatreat[®] KM; Aquatreat[®] SDM; Dantobrom[®] **RW** Briquette fungicide, fillers Taurine-KWT fungicide, finish coating materials: food pkg. o-Phenylphenol fungicide, glue casein 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2thione fungicide, industrial Sodium-2,4,5-trichlorophenate fungicide, industrial recirculating water cooling towers Aquatreat® KM; Aquatreat® SDM; Qemicide DTC-1050 fungicide, industrial water systems Paxgard MB 10; Paxgard MBT fungicide, industrial wet scrubber systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette fungicide, industrial: aq. prods. Nipacide® BIT 10; Nipacide BIT 10A; Nipacide® BIT AS; Nipacide® CBX A; Nipacide® CFX2; Nipacide® CFX3; Nipacide® CI; Nipacide® CI 15 fungicide, influent systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette fungicide, latex paste Vancide® 51 fungicide, mill water treatment Taurine-913 fungicide, mineral slurries Nipacide[®] BIT 20 fungicide, o/w emulsions Nipacide[®] BIT 20 fungicide, once-thru cooling water systems Stabrom® 909 fungicide, paper Aquatreat[®] DNM-9; Copper 8-quinolinolate; 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2thione; Laurtrimonium chloride; Metasol® TK-100 Disp. W; Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate; Tributyltin oxide; Vancide® 51 Indic, Haby The State of the S

Polyphase[®] EC17; Troysan[®] Polyphase[®] P-

Acticide® WT; Aquatreat® DNM-9; Aquatreat® KM; Aquatreat® SDM; *1-Bromo-3-chloro-5,5dimethyl hydantoin; 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2-thione*; Nipacide® BIT 20; Paxgard WT; *Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate* **fungicide**, wet-state protection: aq. formulations Paxgard GDA; Paxgard GT 10; Paxgard GT 20; Paxgard ST **fungistat**, paper treatment Dilurit 876 **furnish**, bond paper St. Croix Hardwood

St. Croix Hardwood furnish, coated paper St. Croix Hardwood furnish, copy paper St. Croix Hardwood furnish, machine glazed paper St. Croix Hardwood furnish, photographic paper St. Croix Hardwood gellant Cecavon® CA 31; C12-15 pareth-5; C12-15 Pareth-10; EO/PO block polymer or copolymer, KELACID®; KELCOLOID® DH; KELCOLOID® HVF; KELCOLOID® LVF; KELCOLOID® 0; KELCOLOID® S; KELCOSOL®; KELGIN® F; KELGIN® HV; KELGIN® LV; KELGIN® MV; KELGIN® XL; KELSET®; Oleth-15; Pluronic® 17R2; Poloxamer 101; Poloxamer 105; Poloxamer 108; Poloxamer 122; Poloxamer 123; Poloxamer 124; Poloxamer 181; Poloxamer 182; Poloxamer 183; Poloxamer 184; Poloxamer 185; Poloxamer 188; Poloxamer 212; Poloxamer 215; Poloxamer 231; Poloxamer 234; Poloxamer 235; Poloxamer 237; Poloxamer 238; Poloxamer 282; Poloxamer 284; Poloxamer 288; Poloxamer 331; Poloxamer 333; Poloxamer 334; Poloxamer 335; Poloxamer 338; Poloxamer 401; Poloxamer 402; Poloxamer 403, Polosamer 407, Polyactylic acid, Propylene glycol alginate; Scogin™ HVF; Scogin™ LV; Scogin™ QH; Scogin™ QL; Scogin™ QM; Sodium cocoate; Stearamide MEA; Sylysia 250; Sylysia 250N; Sylysia 310; Sylysia 320; Sylysia 350; Synthetic beeswax; Trideceth-3; Trideceth-10; Trideceth-20 gellant, aq. systems Laponite® JS gellant, emulsions KELZAN[®]; KELZAN[®] XC Polymer gellant, hydroalcoholic systems Carbopol® 1342; Carbopol® 1382; Carbopol® ETD 2020 gellant, oil: paper finishes Koster Keunen Beeswax gellant, paper A-C® 715; Cecavon® NA 61; Cecavon® ZN 70; Cecavon® ZN 735; KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer; Nonionic 1044-L; Nonionic 1061-L; Nonionic 1062-L; Nonionic 1064-L; Nonionic 1068-F; Nonionic 1088-F; Pluronic® L10 gellant, paper coatings Colloid 488T; Colloid 602 gellant, paper surface treatment Scogin[™] F; Scogin[™] HV; Scogin[™] MV gellant, paper treatment Snowtex 20L; Snowtex 40; Snowtex 50; Snowtex C; Snowtex N; Snowtex O; Snowtex OL; Snowtex ST-UP; Snowtex ST-ZL gellant, papermaking Antarox[®] 17-R-2; Antarox[®] 25-R-2; Antarox[®] 31-R-1; Volpo CS5; Volpo CS10; Volpo CS15; Volpo CS20; Volpo N3; Volpo N5; Volpo N10; Volpo N20; Volpo T5; Volpo T10; Volpo T15 gellant, pigments KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer gellant, pulp/paper Nonionic 1035-L; Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic® F77; Pluronic® F87; Pluronic® F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic® F127; Pluronic® L31; Pluronic® L35; Pluronic® L43; Pluronic® L44; Pluronic® L64; Pluronic® P84; Pluronic® P85; Pluronic® P103; Pluronic® P104; Pluronic® P105; Pluronic® P123 gellant, starch: industrial processes Glyceryl stearate lactate gellant, water Carbopol® 1342; Carbopol® 1382; Carbopol®

furnish, carbonless paper

ETD 2020 gellant, water treatment Pluronic[®] F38: Pluronic[®] F68: Pluronic[®] F68LF: Pluronic[®] F77; Pluronic[®] F87; Pluronic[®] F88; Pluronic[®] F98; Pluronic[®] F108; Pluronic[®] F127; Pluronic® L31; Pluronic® L35; Pluronic® L43; Pluronic® L44; Pluronic® L64; Pluronic® P84; Pluronic® P85; Pluronic® P103; Pluronic® P104; Pluronic® P105; Pluronic® P123; Poloxamer 217 germicide Aerosol® MA-80: Barguat® MB-50: Calcium hydrogen sulfite; Cupric sulfate anhydrous; Cyclohexanol; Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Hyamine® 3500 50%; Myristalkonium chloride; Potassium castorate; Silver nitrate; Sodium hypochlorite; Stearamine germicide, duckweed killer: paper Cocoalkonium chloride; Nissan Cation AB germicide, duckweed killer: water treatment Behentrimonium chloride; Cetrimonium chloride; Cocoalkonium chloride; Coco alkyl isoquinolinium bromide; Cocotrimonium chloride; Firet Q; Laurtrimonium chloride; Myristamine acetate; Nissan Cation AB; Nissan Cation BB; Nissan Cation F2-20R; Nissan Cation F2-40E; Nissan Cation F2-50; Nissan Cation F2-50E; Nissan Cation F2-CONC.; Nissan Cation FB; Nissan Cation M2-100; Nissan Cation PB-40; Nissan Cation PB-300; Nissan Cation VB; Stearalkonium chloride; Stearamine acetate germicide, external p-Chloro-m-cresol germicide, paper Laurtrimonium chloride; Nissan Cation F2-20R; Nissan Cation F2-40E; Nissan Cation F2-50; Nissan Cation F2-50E; Nissan Cation F2-CONC.; Nissan Cation M2-100; Steartrimonium chloride germicide, pulp/paper Behentrimonium chloride; Coco alkyl isoquinolinium bromide; Firet Q; Nissan Cation MA; Nissan Cation PB-40; Nissan Cation PB-300; Nissan Cation SA; Nissan Cation VB germicide, water treatment Nissan Cation MA; Nissan Cation SA; Steartrimonium chloride glaze, paper Calcium sulfate dihydrate glazing, paper Koster Keunen Carnauba gloss aid Amgard[®] TBEP; *Lithopone*; Ombrelub[®] CD; Silwet[®] L-7200; Silwet[®] L-7210; Silwet[®] L-7230; Zonyl® FSP gloss aid, clear coatings: paper Uniplex 280 CG gloss aid, coated paper surface finish Sunkem[®] 301; Sunkem[®] 329 gloss aid, coated paperboard GenFlo® 557 gloss aid, coated paperboard surface finish Sunkem® 301; Sunkem® 329 gloss aid, coating systems Carboset® 514H gloss aid, coatings Micro-White® Superamide; Morcryl® 535; Silwet® L-7220; Silwet® L-7608; Styrene/allyl alcohol copolymer; Zonyl® FSN gloss aid, fiber Silwet® L-7220; Silwet® L-7608 gloss aid, hot-melt coatings Ultrathene® UE 631-04; Ultrathene® UE 634-04; Ultrathene® UE 639-67; Ultrathene® UE 649-04; Ultrathene® UE 653-67; Ultrathene® UE 654-67 gloss aid, lacquers: cellulose nitrate Dammar gloss aid, LWC paper formulations

gloss aid, paper Aluminum palmitate; Micro-White® Superamide; Morcryl® 535; Morez® 500; Nopcote® 3560; Ropaque® BC-643; Silwet® L-7087; Silwet® L-7220; Silwet® L-7608 gloss aid, paper coatings Cecavon® CA 350 P; Lubracal® 48; Lubracal® 53; Lubracal[®] 60; Pentalyn[®] 856; Petrac[®] Calcium Stearate CP-11; Petrac[®] Calcium Stearate CP-11 LS; Petrac® GMS; Ropaque® HP-1055: Ropague® HP-543P: Santolink® AM-129; Styrofan[®] BN 4901 X; Styronal[™] ND 810; Styronal[™] ND 834 gloss aid, paper varnishes CA gloss aid, paper wet-strength resins Lumulse[™] PEG 1000 gloss aid, paperboard Ropaque® BC-643 gloss aid, paperboard coatings Ropaque® HP-1055; Ropaque® HP-543P; Styrofan[®] BN 4901 X; Styronal[™] ND 810 gloss aid, papermaking Mirafilm™ gloss aid, pigmented paper coatings Berbond[®] 8980 gloss aid, pigments Silwet® L-7220 gloss aid, publication paper GenFlo® 557 gloss aid, sheet: paper coatings Rovene® 4106 gloss aid, sheetfed offset paper SNAP 2042; SNAP 2048 gloss aid, synthetically bound paper coatings SNAP 2042; SNAP 2048 gloss aid, wax emulsions Pentalyn® 856 gloss aid, web grades: glossy finishes Tylac® 820; Tylac® 936 gloss aid, web grades: matte finishes Tylac[®] 820; Tylac[®] 936 gloss aid, web grades: offset formulations Tylac[®] 820; Tylac[®] 936 gloss aid, web grades: offset printing Tylac[®] 820; Tylac[®] 936 gloss aid, web grades: roto formulations Tylac[®] 820; Tylac[®] 936 gloss aid, web offset applics. SNAP 2054 gloss aid, web offset paper SNAP 2042; SNAP 2048 gloss control agent, coatings Vantalc® 6H gloss finish, adhesive props.: paper Consoplast NY gloss polymer, coatings Acrylic/styrene gloss polymer, paper/paperboard Acrylic/styrene gluability improver, coated paperboards Acrosol™ PR 8720 X glue, animal: food-contact Chromium potassium sulfate graphic arts polymer, aq.: high gloss coatings Vancryl[®] 600; Vancryl[®] 605; Vancryl[®] 610 graphic arts polymer, press-applied paper coatings Vancryl[®] 650 grease holdout improver, paper at calender Aqualon® CMC-T grease holdout improver, paper at size presses Aqualon® CMC-T grease repellent, paper Zonyl® NF; Zonyl® RP grease repellent, paperboard Zonyl® NF; Zonyl® RP

grease resistance aid, paper

SNAP 2054

Lodyne® grease resistance aid, paperboard Lodvne® greaseproofing agent, specialty paper Aquafilm greaseproofing prods. Hycar[®] 1572 greaseproofing, paper Methvlcellulose grinding aid Daxad® 15; Daxad® 17; Palmitic acid; Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate; Tallow acid; Triethanolamine grinding aid, aq. systems Nonoxynol-30; Surfynol® TG grinding aid, paper coatings Surfynol® TG grinding aid, pigment Ethyl hydroxymethyl oleyl oxazoline; Sulfopolyester grinding aid, pigment slurries: papermaking Polystabil® grinding aid, pigment/resin wet milling PEG-5 tallate; Teric™ T5; Teric™ T10 grinding aid, pigment: coatings Alkaterge®-E grinding aid, pigment: nonaq. systems Alkaterge®-E grinding aid, pulp Synthro®-Sol DC 856 L grinding aid, wet Zohar ZDB grinding media, paper A-Series Glass Beads grinding resin, high gloss: coatings Esi-Rez[™] 60 grinding, org. pigments Esi-Rez™ 50 groundwood control agent Oemidink 8001 hand modifier, paper coatings Rovene® 4106 hardener Glutaral; Glyoxal; Maleic resin; PEG-3 dimethacrylate; Polyamide; Polyester acrylate resin; Sodium alum; Zinc rosinate hardener, fiber sizing Epoxy cresol novolac hardener, gelatin/protein glues Potassium alum anhydrous hardener, high solids coatings: paper mill concrete pulp tanks Hardener HY 3100 hardener, paper coatings Polyset® 2015; Santolink® AM-129 hardener, paper treatment Araldite[®] 93-100; Araldite[®] 94-105; Araldite[®] HZ 340: Epoxy cresol novolac hardener, paper varnishes СА hardener, paraffin Vybar® 103 hardener, stocks Kotamite® hardener, wax compds. Luwax[®] OA; Luwax[®] OA 3; Luwax[®] OA 5 hardener, waxes Candelilla (Euphorbia cerifera) wax; Polyethylene, high-density heat transfer agent Dimethicone; Glycol heat transfer agent, papermaking Britol[®] 6NF; Britol[®] 7NF; Britol[®] 9NF; Britol[®] 20USP; Britol® 35USP; Britol® 50USP heat-seal additive Ceresin; Microcrystalline wax heat-seal coatings Rubber, chlorinated; Vinyl acetate/butyl acrylate copolymer

heat-treatment agent

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Aluminum palmitate; Micro-White® Superamide; Morcryl® 535; Morez® 500; Nopcote® 3560;

Cecavon® CA 350 P; Lubracal® 48; Lubracal® 53; Lubracal® 60; Pentalyn® 856; Petrac® Calcium Stearate CP-11; Petrac® Calcium

Stearate CP-11 LS; Petrac® GMS; Ropaque®

SNAP 2054

gloss aid, paper

7220; Silwet® L-7608

gloss aid, paper coatings

Styronal[™] ND 834

gloss aid, paperboard

gloss aid, papermaking

gloss aid, pigments

gloss aid, publication paper GenFlo® 557

gloss aid, sheet: paper coatings

gloss aid, sheetfed offset paper

SNAP 2042; SNAP 2048

gloss aid, wax emulsions

Tylac® 820; Tylac® 936

Tylac[®] 820; Tylac[®] 936

Tylac[®] 820; Tylac[®] 936

Tylac[®] 820; Tylac[®] 936

gloss aid, web offset paper

SNAP 2042; SNAP 2048

gloss polymer, coatings Acrylic/styrene

glue, animal: food-contact

Chromium potassium sulfate

SNAP 2054

Vantalc® 6H

Consoplast NY

Acrylic/styrene

coatings Vancryl® 650

presses

Aqualon® CMC-T

Aqualon® CMC-T

gloss aid, web offset applics.

gloss control agent, coatings

gloss finish, adhesive props.: paper

gloss polymer, paper/paperboard

gluability improver, coated paperboards Acrosol™ PR 8720 X

graphic arts polymer, press-applied paper

grease holdout improver, paper at calender

grease holdout improver, paper at size

Silwet® L-7220

Rovene® 4106

Pentalyn® 856

Mirafilm™

Ropaque® BC-643

CA

gloss aid, paper varnishes

gloss aid, paper wet-strength resins Lumulse™ PEG 1000

gloss aid, paperboard coatings Ropaque® HP-1055; Ropaque® HP-543P;

gloss aid, pigmented paper coatings Berbond® 8980

Styrofan[®] BN 4901 X; Styronal[™] ND 810

gloss aid, synthetically bound paper coatings SNAP 2042; SNAP 2048

gloss aid, web grades: glossy finishes

gloss aid, web grades: matte finishes

gloss aid, web grades: offset printing

gloss aid, web grades: offset formulations Tylac[®] 820; Tylac[®] 936

gloss aid, web grades: roto formulations

gellant, water treatment

ETD 2020

gellant, water treatment Pluronic[®] F38: Pluronic[®] F68: Pluronic[®] F68LF: Pluronic[®] F77; Pluronic[®] F87; Pluronic[®] F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic® F127; Pluronic® L31; Pluronic® L35; Pluronic® L43; Pluronic® L44; Pluronic® L64; Pluronic® P84; Pluronic® P85; Pluronic® P103; Pluronic® P104; Pluronic® P105; Pluronic® P123;

Poloxamer 217 germicide

Aerosol® MA-80; Barquat® MB-50; Calcium hydrogen sulfite; Cupric sulfate anhydrous; Cyclohexanol; Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Hyamine® 3500 50%; Myristalkonium chloride; Potassium castorate; Silver nitrate; Sodium hypochlorite; Stearamine

germicide, duckweed killer: paper Cocoalkonium chloride; Nissan Cation AB germicide, duckweed killer: water treatment

Behentrimonium chloride; Cetrimonium chloride; Cocoalkonium chloride; Coco alkyl isoquinolinium bromide; Cocotrimonium chloride; Firet Q; Laurtrimonium chloride; Myristamine acetate; Nissan Cation AB; Nissan Cation BB; Nissan Cation F2-20R; Nissan Cation F2-40E; Nissan Cation F2-50; Nissan Cation F2-50E; Nissan Cation F2-CONC.; Nissan Cation FB; Nissan Cation M2-100; Nissan Cation PB-40; Nissan Cation PB-300; Nissan Cation VB; Stearalkonium chloride; Stearamine acetate germicide, external

p-Chloro-m-cresol

- germicide, paper
- Laurtrimonium chloride; Nissan Cation F2-20R; Nissan Cation F2-40E; Nissan Cation F2-50; Nissan Cation F2-50E; Nissan Cation F2-CONC.; Nissan Cation M2-100; Steartrimonium chloride

germicide, pulp/paper

- Behentrimonium chloride; Coco alkyl isoquinolinium bromide; Firet Q; Nissan Cation MA; Nissan Cation PB-40; Nissan Cation PB-300; Nissan Cation SA; Nissan Cation VB germicide, water treatment
- Nissan Cation MA; Nissan Cation SA; Steartrimonium chloride

glaze, paper

Calcium sulfate dihydrate

glazing, paper Koster Keunen Carnauba

gloss aid

- Amgard[®] TBEP; *Lithopone*; Ombrelub[®] CD; Silwet[®] L-7200; Silwet[®] L-7210; Silwet[®] L-7230; Zonyl® FSP
- gloss aid, clear coatings: paper Uniplex 280 CG gloss aid, coated paper surface finish
- Sunkem[®] 301; Sunkem[®] 329
- gloss aid, coated paperboard
- GenFlo® 557
- gloss aid, coated paperboard surface finish Sunkem® 301; Sunkem® 329
- gloss aid, coating systems

Carboset® 514H

- gloss aid, coatings
- Micro-White® Superamide; Morcryl® 535; Silwet® L-7220; Silwet® L-7608; Styrene/allyl alcohol copolymer; Zonyl® FSN
- gloss aid, fiber
- Silwet® L-7220; Silwet® L-7608 gloss aid, hot-melt coatings Ultrathene® UE 631-04; Ultrathene® UE 634-04; Ultrathene® UE 639-67; Ultrathene® UE 649-
- 04; Ultrathene® UE 653-67; Ultrathene® UE 654-67 gloss aid, lacquers: cellulose nitrate
- Dammar gloss aid, LWC paper formulations

grease repellent, paper Zonyl® NF; Zonyl® RP grease repellent, paperboard Zonyl® NF; Zonyl® RP

grease resistance aid, paper

Lodyne® grease resistance aid, paperboard Lodvne® greaseproofing agent, specialty paper Ropaque® BC-643; Silwet® L-7087; Silwet® L-Aquafilm greaseproofing prods. Hycar[®] 1572 greaseproofing, paper Methvlcellulose grinding aid Daxad® 15; Daxad® 17; Palmitic acid; Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate; Tallow acid; HP-1055: Ropague® HP-543P: Santolink® AM-129; Styrofan[®] BN 4901 X; Styronal[™] ND 810; Triethanolamine grinding aid, aq. systems Nonoxynol-30; Surfynol® TG grinding aid, paper coatings Surfynol® TG grinding aid, pigment Ethyl hydroxymethyl oleyl oxazoline; Sulfopolyester grinding aid, pigment slurries: papermaking Polystabil® grinding aid, pigment/resin wet milling PEG-5 tallate; Teric™ T5; Teric™ T10 grinding aid, pigment: coatings Alkaterge®-E grinding aid, pigment: nonaq. systems Alkaterge®-E grinding aid, pulp Synthro®-Sol DC 856 L grinding aid, wet Zohar ZDB grinding media, paper A-Series Glass Beads grinding resin, high gloss: coatings Esi-Rez[™] 60 grinding, org. pigments Esi-Rez™ 50 groundwood control agent Qemidink 8001 hand modifier, paper coatings Rovene® 4106 hardener Glutaral; Glyoxal; Maleic resin; PEG-3 dimethacrylate; Polyamide; Polyester acrylate resin; Sodium alum; Zinc rosinate hardener, fiber sizing Epoxy cresol novolac hardener, gelatin/protein glues Potassium alum anhydrous hardener, high solids coatings: paper mill concrete pulp tanks Hardener HY 3100 hardener, paper coatings Polyset® 2015; Santolink® AM-129 hardener, paper treatment Araldite[®] 93-100; Araldite[®] 94-105; Araldite[®] HZ 340; Epoxy cresol novolac hardener, paper varnishes СА hardener, paraffin Vybar® 103 hardener, stocks **Kotamite**® hardener, wax compds. graphic arts polymer, aq.: high gloss coatings Vancryl® 600; Vancryl® 605; Vancryl® 610 Luwax[®] OA; Luwax[®] OA 3; Luwax[®] OA 5 hardener, waxes Candelilla (Euphorbia cerifera) wax; Polyethylene, high-density heat transfer agent Dimethicone; Glycol heat transfer agent, papermaking Britol[®] 6NF; Britol[®] 7NF; Britol[®] 9NF; Britol[®] 20USP; Britol® 35USP; Britol® 50USP heat-seal additive Ceresin; Microcrystalline wax heat-seal coatings Rubber, chlorinated; Vinyl acetate/butyl acrylate copolymer

heat-treatment agent

Sodium nitrite heavy metal scavenger Sodium ferrocvanide heavy metals removal, wastewater Magnesium hydroxide hemostatic agent **KELACID**® high charge polymer, water clarification Hartfloc® 425 holdout improver, aq. coatings Cartacol[®] ASN Liq.; Cartacol[®] NP Liq.; Cartacol[®] SI Liq.; Cartacol[®] XP Liq. homogenizer Trideceth-3; Trideceth-4; Trideceth-7; Trideceth-8; Trideceth-9; Trideceth-10 hot melt flow additive Ceresin; Microcrystalline wax hot-melt coating modifier Poly-α-methylstyrene hot-melts modifier Hoechst Wax PED 821; Hoechst Wax PED 822 humectant Diethanolamine; Ethoxydiglycol; Hydrolyzed collagen; Pluriol® E 200; Polyethylene glycol; Potassium phosphate dibasic; Sorbitol Sol'n. Noncrystallizing humectant, cellulose films Ajidew A-100; Ajidew N-50; Ajidew SP-100; PCA; Sodium PCA humectant, dyestuff pastes Maracarb N-1 humectant, fiber Ajidew N-50; Ajidew SP-100 humectant, fiber prods. Ajidew A-100 humectant, paper Ajidew A-100; Ajidew N-50; Ajidew SP-100; Carbowax® PEG 300; PCA; Sodium PCA humectant, paper coatings Liponic 70-NC; Liponic 76-NC humectant, pulp/paper Glypax 200; Glypax 400; Glypax 600; Glypax 1000; Glypax 3000; Glypax 4000; Glypax 6000; Polyquat 188 hydrolysis resist. Melamine-formaldehyde resin, methylatedbutylated hydrophobing agent Hydrogenated tallow; Polysiloxane hydrophobing agent, fillers Masil® SF-MH; Methicone hydrophobing agent, internal treatment: paper Basophob® hydrophobing agent, paper surface strength Nopcote® 1675 hydrophobing agent, paper surfaces Starcote® hydrophobing agent, silica treatment Masil[®] SFR 50,000 hydrophobing agent, surface treatment: paper Basophob hydrophobing agent, w/o emulsion stabilization Etopol 31-L; Etopol 61-L; Etopol 101-L hydrotrope Octoxynol-13; Servoxyl® VPBZ 5/100; Servoxyl® VPDZ 3/100; Servoxyl® VPDZ 6/ 100; Servoxyl® VPFZ 7/100; Servoxyl® VPGZ 6/100; Servoxyl® VPIZ 100; Servoxyl® VPNZ 7/100; Servoxyl® VPPZ 100; Servoxyl® VPRZ 006/100; Servoxyl® VPRZ 0011/100; Servoxyl® VPTZ 003/100; Servoxyl® VPTZ 100; Servoxyl® VPVZ 12/ 100; Talloweth-11 phosphate; p-Toluene sulfonic acid hydrotrope, acid cleaners Methyl acid phosphate hydrotrope, alkalines Monafax 1214 hydrotrope, bleaching

Rhodafac® BG-510 hydrotrope, emulsion polymerization PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil hydrotrope, emulsions PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil hydrotrope, industrial cleaning Methyl acid phosphate hydrotrope, paper PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil hydrotrope, paper deresination Rhodafac® BG-510 hydrotrope, pulping Pilot® SXS-40; Rhodafac® BG-510 hydrotrope, water treatment Methyl acid phosphate hygroscopic agent Propylene glycol impregnating agent Koster Keunen Ceresine; Luwax® LG; Phenolic resin; Pluriol® E 200 impregnating agent, paper Acrylates/VA copolymer; Hexachlorobenzene; Hydrogenated castor oil; Masil® SF-MH; Methicone; Polidene® 33-031; Terpene resin; Vinylidene chloride copolymer impregnating agent, resin systems Neopentyl glycol diglycidyl ether impregnating agent, roofing paper Triphenyl phosphate impregnating paper SR 379 impregnating resin, decorative paper Kauramin®; Kaurit® impregnating resin, overlay paper Kauramin® impregnation Rohamere® 132 impregnation, paper Butofan®; Rohamere® 977 inert carrier, paper Micro-Cel® T-26 inert carrier, paperboard Micro-Cel® T-26 inhibitor, ink transfer: paper/paperboard, food-contact Methicone; Stannous oleate; Zinc 2-ethylhexanoate inhibitor, polymerization Cumene hydroperoxide initiator, curing unsaturated polyester resins 2,2 - Azobisisobutyronitrile initiator, fire-retardant: polymethyl methacrylate polymerization Benzoyl peroxide initiator, fire-retardant: PVC polymerization Benzoyl peroxide initiator, latex t-Butvl hvdroperoxide initiator, polymerization t-Butyl hydroperoxide; Cumene hydroperoxide; Potassium persulfate; Sodium persulfate initiator, polymerization of unsaturated monomers Diisopropyl perdicarbonate initiator, polymerization: PVC Diisopropyl perdicarbonate initiator, pulp/paper: binders Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP initiator, pulp/paper: coagulants Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP initiator, pulp/paper: drainage aids Vazo[®] 56 WSP; Vazo[®] 56 WSW; Vazo[®] 68 WSP initiator, pulp/paper: dry-strength agents Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP initiator, pulp/paper: filler retention aids Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP initiator, pulp/paper: flocculants Vazo[®] 56 WSP; Vazo[®] 56 WSW; Vazo[®] 68 WSP initiator, pulp/paper: paper coatings Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP

initiator, resins Acetyl peroxide initiator, super absorbent polymers: diapers Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP initiator, super absorbent polymers: feminine hygiene pads Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP initiator, super absorbent polymers: incontinence pads Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP initiator, vinyl polymerization 2.2 Azobisisobutvronitrile initiator, water treatment: coagulants Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP initiator, water treatment: flocculants Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP inj. molding, blister packs Styrene/butadiene polymer ink migration inhibitor, paper coatings Silica, hydrated, Sipernat® 500LS ink retention aid, paper Silica, amorphous hydrated inks Crill 4 insolubilizer Glyoxal insolubilizer, amyloids: paper coatings Prox[®]-Coat FF insolubilizer, amyloids: paper sticking Prox[®]-Coat FF insolubilizer, binder: coatings, board Cartabond® TSI Liq. insolubilizer, binder: coatings, paper Cartabond® TSI Lig. insolubilizer, binder: film press, paper Cartabond® TSI Liq. insolubilizer, binder: size press, paper Cartabond® TSI Liq. insolubilizer, binders: board coatings Ammonium zirconium carbonate; Bacote™ 20; Protec ZA7 insolubilizer, binders: paper coatings Ammonium zirconium carbonate; Bacote™ 20; Protec ZA7 insolubilizer, board coatings Synthro®-Stab Z insolubilizer, board sticking applics. Synthro®-Stab Z insolubilizer, brightness: paper coatings Super Wet 102R; Super Wet EXP-1 insolubilizer, casein Ammonium zirconyl carbonate insolubilizer, coating: pigmented paper coatings Nopcote® 1675; Nopcote® 1680 insolubilizer, coating: size presses Nopcote® 1675; Nopcote® 1680 insolubilizer, coatings: food-contact Glyoxal insolubilizer, finishing agents: paper Zirconium butoxide insolubilizer, gloss: paper coatings Super Wet 102R; Super Wet EXP-1 insolubilizer, high-solids pigmented coatings Eldorado PA-500 insolubilizer, high-solids/pigmented paper coatings Curesan™ 199; Curesan™ 200 insolubilizer, high-solids/pigmented paperboard coatings Curesan™ 200 insolubilizer, ink: paper coatings Super Wet 102R; Super Wet EXP-1 insolubilizer, opacity: paper coatings Super Wet 102R; Super Wet EXP-1 insolubilizer, org. binders: paper coatings Prox®-Coat FF insolubilizer, org. binders: paper sticking applics.

Prox[®]-Coat FF

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Sodium nitrite heavy metal scavenger Sodium ferrocvanide heavy metals removal, wastewater Magnesium hydroxide hemostatic agent **KELACID**® high charge polymer, water clarification Hartfloc® 425 holdout improver, aq. coatings Cartacol[®] ASN Liq.; Cartacol[®] NP Liq.; Cartacol[®] SI Liq.; Cartacol[®] XP Liq. homogenizer Trideceth-3; Trideceth-4; Trideceth-7; Trideceth-8; Trideceth-9; Trideceth-10 hot melt flow additive Ceresin; Microcrystalline wax hot-melt coating modifier Poly-α-methylstyrene hot-melts modifier Hoechst Wax PED 821; Hoechst Wax PED 822 humectant Diethanolamine; Ethoxydiglycol; Hydrolyzed collagen; Pluriol® E 200; Polyethylene glycol; Potassium phosphate dibasic; Sorbitol Sol'n. Noncrystallizing humectant, cellulose films Ajidew A-100; Ajidew N-50; Ajidew SP-100; PCA; Sodium PCA humectant, dyestuff pastes Maracarb N-1 humectant, fiber Ajidew N-50; Ajidew SP-100 humectant, fiber prods. Ajidew A-100 humectant, paper Ajidew A-100; Ajidew N-50; Ajidew SP-100; Carbowax[®] PEG 300; *PCA*; *Sodium PCA* humectant, paper coatings Liponic 70-NC; Liponic 76-NC humectant, pulp/paper Glypax 200; Glypax 400; Glypax 600; Glypax 1000; Glypax 3000; Glypax 4000; Glypax 6000; Polyquat 188 hydrolysis resist. Melamine-formaldehyde resin, methylatedbutylated hydrophobing agent Hydrogenated tallow; Polysiloxane hydrophobing agent, fillers Masil® SF-MH; Methicone hydrophobing agent, internal treatment: paper Basophob® hydrophobing agent, paper surface strength Nopcote® 1675 hydrophobing agent, paper surfaces Starcote® hydrophobing agent, silica treatment Masil® SFR 50,000 hydrophobing agent, surface treatment: paper Basophob hydrophobing agent, w/o emulsion stabilization Etopol 31-L; Etopol 61-L; Etopol 101-L hydrotrope Octoxynol-13; Servoxyl® VPBZ 5/100; Servoxyl® VPDZ 3/100; Servoxyl® VPDZ 6/ 100; Servoxyl® VPFZ 7/100; Servoxyl® VPGZ 6/100; Servoxyl® VPIZ 100; Servoxyl® VPNZ 7/100; Servoxyl® VPPZ 100; Servoxyl® VPRZ 006/100; Servoxyl® VPRZ 0011/100; Servoxyl® VPTZ 003/100; Servoxyl® VPTZ 100; Servoxyl® VPVZ 12/ 100; Talloweth-11 phosphate; p-Toluene sulfonic acid hydrotrope, acid cleaners Methyl acid phosphate hydrotrope, alkalines Monafax 1214 hydrotrope, bleaching

Rhodafac® BG-510 hydrotrope, emulsion polymerization PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil hydrotrope, emulsions PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil hydrotrope, industrial cleaning Methyl acid phosphate hydrotrope, paper PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil hydrotrope, paper deresination Rhodafac® BG-510 hydrotrope, pulping Pilot® SXS-40; Rhodafac® BG-510 hydrotrope, water treatment Methyl acid phosphate hygroscopic agent Propylene glycol impregnating agent Koster Keunen Ceresine; Luwax® LG; Phenolic resin; Pluriol® E 200 impregnating agent, paper Acrylates/VA copolymer, Hexachlorobenzene; Hydrogenated castor oil; Masil® SF-MH; Methicone; Polidene® 33-031; Terpene resin; Vinylidene chloride copolymer impregnating agent, resin systems Neopentyl glycol diglycidyl ether impregnating agent, roofing paper Triphenyl phosphate impregnating paper SR 379 impregnating resin, decorative paper Kauramin®; Kaurit® impregnating resin, overlay paper Kauramin® impregnation Rohamere® 132 impregnation, paper Butofan®; Rohamere® 977 inert carrier, paper Micro-Cel® T-26 inert carrier, paperboard Micro-Cel® T-26 inhibitor, ink transfer: paper/paperboard, food-contact Methicone; Stannous oleate; Zinc 2-ethylhexanoate inhibitor, polymerization Cumene hydroperoxide initiator, curing unsaturated polyester resins 2,2 - Azobisisobutyronitrile initiator, fire-retardant: polymethyl methacrylate polymerization Benzoyl peroxide initiator, fire-retardant: PVC polymerization Benzoyl peroxide initiator, latex t-Butyl hydroperoxide initiator, polymerization t-Butyl hydroperoxide; Cumene hydroperoxide; Potassium persulfate; Sodium persulfate initiator, polymerization of unsaturated monomers Diisopropyl perdicarbonate initiator, polymerization: PVC Diisopropyl perdicarbonate initiator, pulp/paper: binders Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP initiator, pulp/paper: coagulants Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP initiator, pulp/paper: drainage aids Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP initiator, pulp/paper: dry-strength agents Vazo[®] 56 WSP; Vazo[®] 56 WSW; Vazo[®] 68 WSP initiator, pulp/paper: filler retention aids Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP initiator, pulp/paper: flocculants Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP initiator, pulp/paper: paper coatings Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP

initiator, resins Acetyl peroxide initiator, super absorbent polymers: diapers Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP initiator, super absorbent polymers: feminine hygiene pads Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP initiator, super absorbent polymers: incontinence pads Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP initiator, vinyl polymerization 2.2 Azobisisobutvronitrile initiator, water treatment: coagulants Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP initiator, water treatment: flocculants Vazo® 56 WSP; Vazo® 56 WSW; Vazo® 68 WSP inj. molding, blister packs Styrene/butadiene polymer ink migration inhibitor, paper coatings Silica, hydrated, Sipernat® 500LS ink retention aid, paper Silica, amorphous hydrated inks Crill 4 insolubilizer Glyoxal insolubilizer, amyloids: paper coatings Prox[®]-Coat FF insolubilizer, amyloids: paper sticking Prox[®]-Coat FF insolubilizer, binder: coatings, board Cartabond® TSI Liq. insolubilizer, binder: coatings, paper Cartabond® TSI Lig. insolubilizer, binder: film press, paper Cartabond® TSI Liq. insolubilizer, binder: size press, paper Cartabond® TSI Liq. insolubilizer, binders: board coatings Ammonium zirconium carbonate; Bacote™ 20; Protec ZA7 insolubilizer, binders: paper coatings Ammonium zirconium carbonate; Bacote™ 20; Protec ZA7 insolubilizer, board coatings Synthro®-Stab Z insolubilizer, board sticking applics. Synthro®-Stab Z insolubilizer, brightness: paper coatings Super Wet 102R; Super Wet EXP-1 insolubilizer, casein Ammonium zirconyl carbonate insolubilizer, coating: pigmented paper coatings Nopcote® 1675; Nopcote® 1680 insolubilizer, coating: size presses Nopcote® 1675; Nopcote® 1680 insolubilizer, coatings: food-contact Glyoxal insolubilizer, finishing agents: paper Zirconium butoxide insolubilizer, gloss: paper coatings Super Wet 102R; Super Wet EXP-1 insolubilizer, high-solids pigmented coatings Eldorado PA-500 insolubilizer, high-solids/pigmented paper coatings Curesan™ 199; Curesan™ 200 insolubilizer, high-solids/pigmented paperboard coatings Curesan™ 200 insolubilizer, ink: paper coatings Super Wet 102R; Super Wet EXP-1 insolubilizer, opacity: paper coatings Super Wet 102R; Super Wet EXP-1 insolubilizer, org. binders: paper coatings Prox®-Coat FF

insolubilizer, org. binders: paper sticking applics.

Prox[®]-Coat FF

insolubilizer, paper coatings Eldorado PA-500; Quilon® C; Sequarez 82; Sequarez 755; Sunrez® 700C; Sunrez® 700M; Sunrez® 747; Synthro®-Stab Z insolubilizer, paper coatings: food-contact Sequarez 82; Sequarez 755; Sunrez® 700C; Sunrez® 700M; Sunrez® 747 insolubilizer, paper sticking Synthro®-Stab Z insolubilizer, paperboard coatings Eldorado PA-500 insolubilizer, pigmented size presses Eldorado PA-500 insolubilizer, printability: paper coatings Super Wet 102R; Super Wet EXP-1 insolubilizer, protein binders Quilon® H; Quilon® S insolubilizer, receptivity: paper coatings Super Wet 102R; Super Wet EXP-1 insolubilizer, size presses Curesan[™] 199; Curesan[™] 200 insolubilizer, specialty calender stack water box treatments Eldorado PA-500 insolubilizer, starch Ammonium zirconyl carbonate insolubilizer, starch: paper/paperboard, dry food-contact Glyoxal/urea/formaldehyde condensate; Glyoxal/ urea polymer; Methylated poly (N-1,2dihydroxyethylene-1,3-imidazolidin-2-one) insolubilizer, starch-based binders: paper coatings Prox[®] DLF Double Conc. insolubilizer, starch-based binders: paper sticking Prox[®] DLF Double Conc. insolubilizer, vinyl polymer Methacrylatochromic chloride insulating agent Polybutene intermediate 1-Butene; Butyl myristate; Butyl phosphate; C8-10 alcohols; C20-40 alcohols; Carbon dioxide; Cetyl alcohol; C9-11 pareth-6; C9-11 pareth-8; C10-12 pareth-5; C12-14 pareth-1; C12-15 pareth-6; Cyclohexane; Diallyl phthalate; Dianisidine; Di-t-butyl peroxide; Dicocamine; DL-Diepoxybutane; Dimethyl adipate; Dimethyl glutarate; Dimethyl hydantoin-formaldehyde polymer; Dimethyl isophthalate; Dimethyl succinate; Dioctyl maleate; Diphenyldimethoxysilane; Ethanolamine; Ethylenediamine; Ethyl methacrylate; Glutaral; Glycol distearate; Hydrochloric acid; Hydrogenated coconut acid; Hydrogenated ditallowamine; Hydrogenated menhaden acid; Hydroxystearic acid; Isobutyl alcohol; Isostearyl alcohol; Methyl acid phosphate; Methyl acrylate; Methyl ethyl ketone; N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone; Nonyl nonoxynol-8; PEG-12 dilaurate; PEG-6 oleate; Pentaerythrityl tetraoleate; Phenylethylethanolamine; Phenyltrimethoxysilane; Polyethylene glycol; PPG-9; PPG-12; PPG-17; PPG-20; PPG-26; PPG-30; PPG-3 methyl ether; Propyl alcohol; Sodium hypochlorite; Sodium 2mercaptobenzothiazole; Sodium PCA; Stearamine; Stearyl alcohol; Sulfur dioxide; Tall oil; Tallow acid; Tetrahydrofuran; Triaryl phosphate; Tributyltin oxide; Trideceth-18; Vinyl isobutyl ether intermediate, acrylic latex: paper coatings

Itaconic acid intermediate, aramid fiber

Terephthaloyl chloride

intermediate, carbonless paper Terephthaloyl chloride

intermediate, conductive paper coatings Ageflex FA-1; Ageflex FA-2 intermediate, detergent: papermaking

Genapol® 26-L-5; Genapol® 26-L-23; Genapol® 26-L-45; Genapol® 26-L-50; Genapol® 26-L-60; Genapol® 26-L-80 intermediate, dyes Ceteareth-15; N-Ethyl-N-hydroxyethyl-mtoluidine; Hydroquinone; Morpholine; Phenylethylethanolamine intermediate, emulsifiers Alfol® 20+ intermediate, fibers: no-tear envelopes Morflex® 1129 intermediate, flocculant: paper N-(3-Aminopropyl) diethanolamine intermediate, flocculant: wastewater treatment N-(3-Aminopropyl) diethanolamine intermediate, monomers: paper sizes Perfluorooctanesulfonyl fluoride intermediate, oils Ceteareth-15 intermediate, paper Meroxapol 108; Meroxapol 171; Meroxapol 172; Meroxapol 174; Meroxapol 178; Meroxapol 251; Meroxapol 252; Meroxapol 254; Meroxapol 255; Meroxapol 258; Meroxapol 311; Meroxapol 312; Meroxapol 314; Pluracol® E1450; Pluronic® L10; Poly-G® 200; Poly-G® B1530; Propetal 241 intermediate, paper auxiliaries Amine 2 VT intermediate, paper defoamers C10 alcohols; C20-24 alcohols; Nafol® 10 D; Nafol® 20+; Nafol® 810 D; Nafol® 1014; Nafol® 1218 intermediate, paper sizes Fluorad® FX-8; Neodene® 15/18; Octadecene-1; Tetradecene-1 intermediate, paper treating resins Bis(aminopropyl) piperazine intermediate, paper treatment chemicals Jeffamine[®] EDR-148; Jeffamine[®] T-3000; Jeffamine® T-5000 intermediate, papermaking Meroxapol 105 intermediate, polymer: paper coatings Propyleneimine intermediate, polymer: polyester polyols, wetstrength paper resins DBE; DBE-2, -2SPG; DBE-3; DBE-4; DBE-5; DBE-6; DBE-9; Dimethyl adipate; Dimethyl glutarate; Dimethyl succinate intermediate, polymers Octadecene-1; Tetradecene-1 intermediate, pulp processing C12-16 pareth-1; C12-16 pareth-2; C12-16 pareth-3; C12-16 pareth-5; C12-16 pareth-6; C12-16 pareth-7; C12-16 pareth-8; C12-16 pareth-11 intermediate, pulp/paper Pluronic® 10R5 intermediate, pulp/paper deinking Tergitol® 15-S-3; Tergitol® 15-S-5 intermediate, PVC lubricants Octadecene-1; Tetradecene-1 intermediate, S/B latex: paper coatings Itaconic acid intermediate, silicone emulsification Ceteareth-15 intermediate, sizing agents Morpholine intermediate, sulfation Neodene® 16/18; Neodene® 20/22/24 intermediate, surfactants: paper sizes Perfluorooctanesulfonyl fluoride intermediate, water treatment Ageflex FA-1; Ageflex FA-2 iron oxide removal Citric acid iron/manganese removal, water treatment

Calcium hydroxide

knife coating formation modifier

Rovene® 4100 kraft paper prod. Sodium sulfate kraft paper prod. raw material Hydrogen sulfide; Sodium sulfide lacquer resin Cellulose acetate propionate; Nitrocellulose lacquers Acid red 37; s-Amyl acetate; 2-Butanol; s-Butyl acetate; Cellulose acetate; Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate; Elemi gum; Ethyl crotonate; Isopropyl alcohol; Pigment violet 19; Pigment violet 23; Polyvinyl butyral; Shellac; Sodium diisooctyl sulfosuccinate; Trimethyl-1,3pentanediol, 2,2,4-diisobutyrate; Triphenyl phosphate; Vinyl isobutyl ether; Zinc stearate lacquers, paper CAB-381-2; CAB-381-20 lacquers, top: paper Lucidene® 600 lacquers, top: paperboard Lucidene® 600 lactic acid resistance aid, milk cartons Paracol® 404G laminating Melamine-formaldehyde resin; Phenolic resin laminating agent, films Multiwax® ML-445 laminating agent, paper Multiwax[®] ML-445 laminating box liners Lumitac®; Nipolon; Nipolon-L; Nipolon®-Z laminating extrusion Escor® AT-310 laminating kraft paper Lumitac®; Nipolon; Nipolon-L; Nipolon®-Z laminating milk carton stock Lumitac[®]; Nipolon; Nipolon-L; Nipolon[®]-Z laminating paper Baypren Latex 4 R; Baypren Latex B; Baypren Latex GK; Baypren Latex MKB; Baypren Latex SK; Baypren Latex T; Ethylene/butyl acrylate copolymer; Koster Keunen Microcrystalline Waxes: Staybelite® Ester 10 laminating polymeric films Lumitac[®]; Nipolon[®]-Z laminating resin, carton stock coating paper Chevron PE 4517 laminating resin, critical specialty coatings Rexene® PE 5000 Series laminating resin, photographic paper Chevron PE 4517; Rexene® PE 5000 Series latex, film-forming: clay-coated paper Lucidene® 602 latex, paper coatings Isobutylene/isoprene copolymer latex, paperboard AcryPrint™ 2115; AcryPrint™ 2129 latex, papermaking Carboxylated styrene-butadiene-acrylonitrile latex, self-crosslinking: paper coatings Hycar[®] 26138 latex, self-crosslinking: paper saturation Hycar® 26138 leveling agent Amgard® TBEP; Antarox® L-64; Beetle® 216-8; Benaqua® 1000; Carboset® 514A; Carboset® 515; Carboset® 525; Carboset® 531; Ceteareth-5; Ceteth-10; Crillet 3; DePEG 600; DeTHOX TDA-6; Dimethicone copolyol, Dow Corning® 26 Additive; Harol RG-71L; *Isolaureth-3; Isolaureth-6; Isolaureth-10;* Lucidene® 602; Modaflow® Resin; *Oleth-40;* PEG-12 dioleate; PEG-4 laurate; PEG-8 laurate; PEG-12 laurate; PEG-16 oleate; PEG-4 stearate; PEG-8 stearate; PEG-12 stearate; Polysorbate 60; Rheolate® 2001; Silicone glycol copolymer; Silwet® L-7210; Silwet® L-7230; Sodium butyl oleate sulfonate; Sodium

butyl tallate sulfate; Sodium laureth sulfate;

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insolubilizer, paper coatings

insolubilizer, paper coatings Eldorado PA-500; Quilon® C; Sequarez 82; Sequarez 755; Sunrez® 700C; Sunrez® 700M; Sunrez® 747; Synthro®-Stab Z insolubilizer, paper coatings: food-contact Sequarez 82; Sequarez 755; Sunrez® 700C; Sunrez® 700M; Sunrez® 747 insolubilizer, paper sticking Synthro®-Stab Z insolubilizer, paperboard coatings Eldorado PA-500 insolubilizer, pigmented size presses Eldorado PA-500 insolubilizer, printability: paper coatings Super Wet 102R; Super Wet EXP-1 insolubilizer, protein binders Quilon® H; Quilon® S insolubilizer, receptivity: paper coatings Super Wet 102R; Super Wet EXP-1 insolubilizer, size presses Curesan™ 199; Curesan™ 200 insolubilizer, specialty calender stack water box treatments Eldorado PA-500 insolubilizer, starch Ammonium zirconyl carbonate insolubilizer, starch: paper/paperboard, dry food-contact Glyoxal/urea/formaldehyde condensate; Glyoxal/ urea polymer; Methylated poly (N-1,2dihydroxyethylene-1,3-imidazolidin-2-one) insolubilizer, starch-based binders: paper coatings Prox[®] DLF Double Conc. insolubilizer, starch-based binders: paper sticking Prox[®] DLF Double Conc. insolubilizer, vinyl polymer Methacrylatochromic chloride insulating agent Polybutene intermediate 1-Butene; Butyl myristate; Butyl phosphate; C8-10 alcohols; C20-40 alcohols; Carbon dioxide; Cetyl alcohol; C9-11 pareth-6; C9-11 pareth-8; C10-12 pareth-5; C12-14 pareth-1; C12-15 pareth-6; Cyclohexane; Diallyl phthalate; Dianisidine; Di-t-butyl peroxide; Dicocamine; DL-Diepoxybutane; Dimethyl adipate; Dimethyl glutarate; Dimethyl hydantoin-formaldehyde polymer; Dimethyl isophthalate; Dimethyl succinate; Dioctyl maleate; Diphenyldimethoxysilane; Ethanolamine; Ethylenediamine; Ethyl methacrylate; Glutaral; Glycol distearate; Hydrochloric acid; Hydrogenated coconut acid; Hydrogenated ditallowamine; Hydrogenated menhaden acid; Hydroxystearic acid; Isobutyl alcohol; Isostearyl alcohol; Methyl acid phosphate; Methyl acrylate; Methyl ethyl ketone; N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone; Nonyl nonoxynol-8; PEG-12 dilaurate; PEG-6 oleate; Pentaerythrityl tetraoleate; Phenylethylethanolamine; Phenyltrimethoxysilane; Polyethylene glycol; PPG-9; PPG-12; PPG-17; PPG-20; PPG-26; PPG-30; PPG-3 methyl ether; Propyl alcohol; Sodium hypochlorite; Sodium 2mercaptobenzothiazole; Sodium PCA; Stearamine; Stearyl alcohol; Sulfur dioxide; Tall oil; Tallow acid; Tetrahydrofuran; Triaryl phosphate; Tributyltin oxide; Trideceth-18; Vinyl isobutyl ether intermediate, acrylic latex: paper coatings

Intermediate, acrylic latex: paper coatings Itaconic acid

intermediate, aramid fiber

Terephthaloyl chloride

intermediate, carbonless paper

Terephthaloyl chloride

intermediate, conductive paper coatings Ageflex FA-1; Ageflex FA-2 intermediate, detergent: papermaking

Genapol[®] 26-L-5; Genapol[®] 26-L-23; Genapol[®] 26-L-45; Genapol® 26-L-50; Genapol® 26-L-60; Genapol® 26-L-80 intermediate, dyes Ceteareth-15; N-Ethyl-N-hydroxyethyl-mtoluidine; Hydroquinone; Morpholine; Phenylethylethanolamine intermediate, emulsifiers Alfol® 20+ intermediate, fibers: no-tear envelopes Morflex® 1129 intermediate, flocculant: paper N-(3-Aminopropyl) diethanolamine intermediate, flocculant: wastewater treatment N-(3-Aminopropyl) diethanolamine intermediate, monomers: paper sizes Perfluorooctanesulfonyl fluoride intermediate, oils Ceteareth-15 intermediate, paper Meroxapol 108; Meroxapol 171; Meroxapol 172; Meroxapol 174; Meroxapol 178; Meroxapol 251; Meroxapol 252; Meroxapol 254; Meroxapol 255; Meroxapol 258; Meroxapol 311; Meroxapol 312; Meroxapol 314; Pluracol® E1450; Pluronic® L10; Poly-G® 200; Poly-G® B1530; Propetal 241 intermediate, paper auxiliaries Amine 2 VT intermediate, paper defoamers C10 alcohols; C20-24 alcohols; Nafol® 10 D; Nafol® 20+; Nafol® 810 D; Nafol® 1014; Nafol® 1218 intermediate, paper sizes Fluorad® FX-8; Neodene® 15/18; Octadecene-1; Tetradecene-1 intermediate, paper treating resins Bis(aminopropyl) piperazine intermediate, paper treatment chemicals Jeffamine[®] EDR-148; Jeffamine[®] T-3000; Jeffamine® T-5000 intermediate, papermaking Meroxapol 105 intermediate, polymer: paper coatings Propyleneimine intermediate, polymer: polyester polyols, wetstrength paper resins DBE; DBE-2, -2SPG; DBE-3; DBE-4; DBE-5; DBE-6; DBE-9; Dimethyl adipate; Dimethyl glutarate; Dimethyl succinate intermediate, polymers Octadecene-1; Tetradecene-1 intermediate, pulp processing C12-16 pareth-1; C12-16 pareth-2; C12-16 pareth-3; C12-16 pareth-5; C12-16 pareth-6; C12-16 pareth-7; C12-16 pareth-8; C12-16 pareth-11 intermediate, pulp/paper Pluronic® 10R5 intermediate, pulp/paper deinking Tergitol® 15-S-3; Tergitol® 15-S-5 intermediate, PVC lubricants Octadecene-1; Tetradecene-1 intermediate, S/B latex: paper coatings Itaconic acid intermediate, silicone emulsification Ceteareth-15 intermediate, sizing agents Morpholine intermediate, sulfation Neodene® 16/18; Neodene® 20/22/24 intermediate, surfactants: paper sizes Perfluorooctanesulfonyl fluoride intermediate, water treatment Ageflex FA-1; Ageflex FA-2 iron oxide removal Citric acid

iron/manganese removal, water treatment Calcium hydroxide

knife coating formation modifier

kraft paper prod. Sodium sulfate kraft paper prod. raw material Hydrogen sulfide; Sodium sulfide lacquer resin Cellulose acetate propionate; Nitrocellulose lacquers Acid red 37; s-Amyl acetate; 2-Butanol; s-Butyl acetate; Cellulose acetate; Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate; Elemi gum; Ethyl crotonate; Isopropyl alcohol; Pigment violet 19; Pigment violet 23; Polyvinyl butyral; Shellac; Sodium diisooctyl sulfosuccinate; Trimethyl-1,3pentanediol, 2,2,4-diisobutyrate; Triphenyl phosphate; Vinyl isobutyl ether; Zinc stearate lacquers, paper CAB-381-2; CAB-381-20 lacquers, top: paper Lucidene® 600 lacquers, top: paperboard Lucidene® 600 lactic acid resistance aid, milk cartons Paracol® 404G laminating Melamine-formaldehyde resin; Phenolic resin laminating agent, films Multiwax® ML-445 laminating agent, paper Multiwax[®] ML-445 laminating box liners Lumitac®; Nipolon; Nipolon-L; Nipolon®-Z laminating extrusion Escor® AT-310 laminating kraft paper Lumitac®; Nipolon; Nipolon-L; Nipolon®-Z laminating milk carton stock Lumitac[®]; Nipolon; Nipolon-L; Nipolon[®]-Z laminating paper Baypren Latex 4 R; Baypren Latex B; Baypren Latex GK; Baypren Latex MKB; Baypren Latex SK; Baypren Latex T; Ethylene/butyl acrylate copolymer; Koster Keunen Microcrystalline Waxes: Staybelite® Ester 10 laminating polymeric films Lumitac[®]; Nipolon[®]-Z laminating resin, carton stock coating paper Chevron PE 4517 laminating resin, critical specialty coatings Rexene® PE 5000 Series laminating resin, photographic paper Chevron PE 4517; Rexene® PE 5000 Series latex, film-forming: clay-coated paper Lucidene® 602 latex, paper coatings Isobutylene/isoprene copolymer latex, paperboard AcryPrint™ 2115; AcryPrint™ 2129 latex, papermaking Carboxylated styrene-butadiene-acrylonitrile latex, self-crosslinking: paper coatings Hycar[®] 26138 latex, self-crosslinking: paper saturation Hycar® 26138 leveling agent Amgard® TBEP; Antarox® L-64; Beetle® 216-8; Benaqua® 1000; Carboset® 514A; Carboset® 515; Carboset® 525; Carboset® 531; Ceteareth-5; Ceteth-10; Crillet 3; DePEG 600; DeTHOX TDA-6; Dimethicone copolyol; Dow Corning® 26 Additive; Harol RG-71L; *Isolaureth-3; Isolaureth-6; Isolaureth-10;* Lucidene® 602; Modaflow® Resin; *Oleth-40;* PEG-12 dioleate; PEG-4 laurate; PEG-8 laurate; PEG-12 laurate; PEG-16 oleate; PEG-4 stearate; PEG-8 stearate; PEG-12 stearate; Polysorbate 60; Rheolate® 2001; Silicone glycol copolymer; Silwet® L-7210; Silwet® L-

Rovene® 4100

7230; Sodium butyl oleate sulfonate; Sodium butyl tallate sulfate; Sodium laureth sulfate;

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insolubilizer, paper coatings

insolubilizer, paper coatings Eldorado PA-500; Quilon® C; Sequarez 82; Sequarez 755; Sunrez® 700C; Sunrez® 700M; Sunrez® 747; Synthro®-Stab Z insolubilizer, paper coatings: food-contact Sequarez 82; Sequarez 755; Sunrez® 700C; Sunrez® 700M; Sunrez® 747 insolubilizer, paper sticking Synthro®-Stab Z insolubilizer, paperboard coatings Eldorado PA-500 insolubilizer, pigmented size presses Eldorado PA-500 insolubilizer, printability: paper coatings Super Wet 102R; Super Wet EXP-1 insolubilizer, protein binders Quilon® H; Quilon® S insolubilizer, receptivity: paper coatings Super Wet 102R; Super Wet EXP-1 insolubilizer, size presses Curesan™ 199; Curesan™ 200 insolubilizer, specialty calender stack water box treatments Eldorado PA-500 insolubilizer, starch Ammonium zirconyl carbonate insolubilizer, starch: paper/paperboard, dry food-contact Glyoxal/urea/formaldehyde condensate; Glyoxal/ urea polymer; Methylated poly (N-1,2dihydroxyethylene-1,3-imidazolidin-2-one) insolubilizer, starch-based binders: paper coatings Prox[®] DLF Double Conc. insolubilizer, starch-based binders: paper sticking Prox[®] DLF Double Conc. insolubilizer, vinyl polymer Methacrylatochromic chloride insulating agent Polybutene intermediate 1-Butene; Butyl myristate; Butyl phosphate; C8-10 alcohols; C20-40 alcohols; Carbon dioxide; Cetyl alcohol; C9-11 pareth-6; C9-11 pareth-8; C10-12 pareth-5; C12-14 pareth-1; C12-15 pareth-6; Cyclohexane; Diallyl phthalate; Dianisidine; Di-t-butyl peroxide; Dicocamine; DL-Diepoxybutane; Dimethyl adipate; Dimethyl glutarate; Dimethyl hydantoin-formaldehyde polymer; Dimethyl isophthalate; Dimethyl succinate; Dioctyl maleate; Diphenyldimethoxysilane; Ethanolamine; Ethylenediamine; Ethyl methacrylate; Glutaral; Glycol distearate; Hydrochloric acid; Hydrogenated coconut acid; Hydrogenated ditallowamine; Hydrogenated menhaden acid; Hydroxystearic acid; Isobutyl alcohol; Isostearyl alcohol; Methyl acid phosphate; Methyl acrylate; Methyl ethyl ketone; N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone; Nonyl nonoxynol-8; PEG-12 dilaurate; PEG-6 oleate; Pentaerythrityl tetraoleate; Phenylethylethanolamine; Phenyltrimethoxysilane; Polyethylene glycol; PPG-9; PPG-12; PPG-17; PPG-20; PPG-26; PPG-30; PPG-3 methyl ether; Propyl alcohol; Sodium hypochlorite; Sodium 2mercaptobenzothiazole; Sodium PCA; Stearamine; Stearyl alcohol; Sulfur dioxide; Tall oil; Tallow acid; Tetrahydrofuran; Triaryl phosphate; Tributyltin oxide; Trideceth-18; Vinyl isobutyl ether intermediate, acrylic latex: paper coatings

Intermediate, acrylic latex: paper coatings Itaconic acid

intermediate, aramid fiber

Terephthaloyl chloride

intermediate, carbonless paper

Terephthaloyl chloride

intermediate, conductive paper coatings Ageflex FA-1; Ageflex FA-2 intermediate, detergent: papermaking

Genapol[®] 26-L-5; Genapol[®] 26-L-23; Genapol[®] 26-L-45; Genapol® 26-L-50; Genapol® 26-L-60; Genapol® 26-L-80 intermediate, dyes Ceteareth-15; N-Ethyl-N-hydroxyethyl-mtoluidine; Hydroquinone; Morpholine; Phenylethylethanolamine intermediate, emulsifiers Alfol® 20+ intermediate, fibers: no-tear envelopes Morflex® 1129 intermediate, flocculant: paper N-(3-Aminopropyl) diethanolamine intermediate, flocculant: wastewater treatment N-(3-Aminopropyl) diethanolamine intermediate, monomers: paper sizes Perfluorooctanesulfonyl fluoride intermediate, oils Ceteareth-15 intermediate, paper Meroxapol 108; Meroxapol 171; Meroxapol 172; Meroxapol 174; Meroxapol 178; Meroxapol 251; Meroxapol 252; Meroxapol 254; Meroxapol 255; Meroxapol 258; Meroxapol 311; Meroxapol 312; Meroxapol 314; Pluracol® E1450; Pluronic® L10; Poly-G® 200; Poly-G® B1530; Propetal 241 intermediate, paper auxiliaries Amine 2 VT intermediate, paper defoamers C10 alcohols; C20-24 alcohols; Nafol® 10 D; Nafol® 20+; Nafol® 810 D; Nafol® 1014; Nafol® 1218 intermediate, paper sizes Fluorad® FX-8; Neodene® 15/18; Octadecene-1; Tetradecene-1 intermediate, paper treating resins Bis(aminopropyl) piperazine intermediate, paper treatment chemicals Jeffamine[®] EDR-148; Jeffamine[®] T-3000; Jeffamine® T-5000 intermediate, papermaking Meroxapol 105 intermediate, polymer: paper coatings Propyleneimine intermediate, polymer: polyester polyols, wetstrength paper resins DBE; DBE-2, -2SPG; DBE-3; DBE-4; DBE-5; DBE-6; DBE-9; Dimethyl adipate; Dimethyl glutarate; Dimethyl succinate intermediate, polymers Octadecene-1; Tetradecene-1 intermediate, pulp processing C12-16 pareth-1; C12-16 pareth-2; C12-16 pareth-3; C12-16 pareth-5; C12-16 pareth-6; C12-16 pareth-7; C12-16 pareth-8; C12-16 pareth-11 intermediate, pulp/paper Pluronic® 10R5 intermediate, pulp/paper deinking Tergitol® 15-S-3; Tergitol® 15-S-5 intermediate, PVC lubricants Octadecene-1; Tetradecene-1 intermediate, S/B latex: paper coatings Itaconic acid intermediate, silicone emulsification Ceteareth-15 intermediate, sizing agents Morpholine intermediate, sulfation Neodene® 16/18; Neodene® 20/22/24 intermediate, surfactants: paper sizes Perfluorooctanesulfonyl fluoride intermediate, water treatment Ageflex FA-1; Ageflex FA-2 iron oxide removal Citric acid

iron/manganese removal, water treatment Calcium hydroxide

knife coating formation modifier

kraft paper prod. Sodium sulfate kraft paper prod. raw material Hydrogen sulfide; Sodium sulfide lacquer resin Cellulose acetate propionate; Nitrocellulose lacquers Acid red 37; s-Amyl acetate; 2-Butanol; s-Butyl acetate; Cellulose acetate; Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate; Elemi gum; Ethyl crotonate; Isopropyl alcohol; Pigment violet 19; Pigment violet 23; Polyvinyl butyral; Shellac; Sodium diisooctyl sulfosuccinate; Trimethyl-1,3pentanediol, 2,2,4-diisobutyrate; Triphenyl phosphate; Vinyl isobutyl ether; Zinc stearate lacquers, paper CAB-381-2; CAB-381-20 lacquers, top: paper Lucidene® 600 lacquers, top: paperboard Lucidene® 600 lactic acid resistance aid, milk cartons Paracol® 404G laminating Melamine-formaldehyde resin; Phenolic resin laminating agent, films Multiwax® ML-445 laminating agent, paper Multiwax[®] ML-445 laminating box liners Lumitac®; Nipolon; Nipolon-L; Nipolon®-Z laminating extrusion Escor® AT-310 laminating kraft paper Lumitac®; Nipolon; Nipolon-L; Nipolon®-Z laminating milk carton stock Lumitac[®]; Nipolon; Nipolon-L; Nipolon[®]-Z laminating paper Baypren Latex 4 R; Baypren Latex B; Baypren Latex GK; Baypren Latex MKB; Baypren Latex SK; Baypren Latex T; Ethylene/butyl acrylate copolymer; Koster Keunen Microcrystalline Waxes: Staybelite® Ester 10 laminating polymeric films Lumitac[®]; Nipolon[®]-Z laminating resin, carton stock coating paper Chevron PE 4517 laminating resin, critical specialty coatings Rexene® PE 5000 Series laminating resin, photographic paper Chevron PE 4517; Rexene® PE 5000 Series latex, film-forming: clay-coated paper Lucidene® 602 latex, paper coatings Isobutylene/isoprene copolymer latex, paperboard AcryPrint™ 2115; AcryPrint™ 2129 latex, papermaking Carboxylated styrene-butadiene-acrylonitrile latex, self-crosslinking: paper coatings Hycar[®] 26138 latex, self-crosslinking: paper saturation Hycar® 26138 leveling agent Amgard® TBEP; Antarox® L-64; Beetle® 216-8; Benaqua® 1000; Carboset® 514A; Carboset® 515; Carboset® 525; Carboset® 531; Ceteareth-5; Ceteth-10; Crillet 3; DePEG 600; DeTHOX TDA-6; Dimethicone copolyol; Dow Corning® 26 Additive; Harol RG-71L; *Isolaureth-3; Isolaureth-6; Isolaureth-10;* Lucidene® 602; Modaflow® Resin; *Oleth-40;* PEG-12 dioleate; PEG-4 laurate; PEG-8 laurate; PEG-12 laurate; PEG-16 oleate; PEG-4 stearate; PEG-8 stearate; PEG-12 stearate; Polysorbate 60; Rheolate® 2001; Silicone glycol copolymer; Silwet® L-7210; Silwet® L-

Rovene® 4100

7230; Sodium butyl oleate sulfonate; Sodium butyl tallate sulfate; Sodium laureth sulfate;

Sodium methyl oleoyl taurate; Styrene/MA copolymer; Sulfated butyl oleate; T-Det® C-40; TEGO® Glide B 1484; Tergitol® TMN-3; Trideceth-6; Trideceth-15; Trideceth-18; Zonyl® FSA; Zonyl® FSP leveling agent, acid dyes Alkanol® 189-S; Alkanol® 1009C; Alkanol® 6112; Alkanol® ND; Alkanol® SB; Freedom SBO-65; Freedom SBT-65 leveling agent, coated paperboard surface finish: calendering process Sunkote® 450: Sunkote® 452: Sunkote® 455 leveling agent, coatings Silwet® L-77; Silwet® L-722; Silwet® L-7001; Silwet® L-7002; Silwet® L-7220; Silwet® L-7500; Silwet® L-7608; Van Gel® B; Zonyl® FSN leveling agent, dust control Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo CS50; Volpo L3 leveling agent, dye Antarox® EGE 25-2; Arquad® 18-50; Ceteareth-15; Cetoleth-13; C11-15 pareth-7; C11-15 pareth-9; C11-15 pareth-12; C13-15 pareth-7; C13-15 pareth-9; C13-15 pareth-11; Crisotan NN; DeSonic[™] 6C; DeSonic[™] 30C; DeSonic[™] 36C; DeSonic[™] 40C; DeSonic[™] 54C; DeTHOX ACID 0-16; Empilan[®] KA3; Empilan[®] KA5; Empilan® KA5/90; Empilan® KA8/80; Empilan® KA10/80; Isodeceth-7; Isotrideceth-9; Paxonic CO 40; Paxonic CO 60; Paxsorbate 20; Paxsorbate 60; Paxsorbate 80; PEG-12 oleate; PEG-14 oleate; PEG-5 stearamine; PEG-2 tallowamine; PEG-5 tallowamine; PEG-20 tallowamine; Pluronic® 17R2; Poloxamer 101; Poloxamer 105; Poloxamer 108; Poloxamer 122: Poloxamer 123: Poloxamer 124: Poloxamer 181; Poloxamer 182; Poloxamer 183; Poloxamer 184; Poloxamer 185; Poloxamer 188; Poloxamer 212; Poloxamer 215: Poloxamer 231: Poloxamer 234: Poloxamer 235; Poloxamer 237; Poloxamer 238; Poloxamer 282; Poloxamer 284; Poloxamer 288; Poloxamer 331; Poloxamer 333; Poloxamer 334; Poloxamer 335; Poloxamer 338; Poloxamer 401; Poloxamer 402; Poloxamer 403; Poloxamer 407; Polysorbate 21; Rhodacal® N; Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate; Sodium octoxynol-2 ethane sulfonate; Sodium oleate; Stearalkonium chloride; Synperonic 10/7-100%; Synperonic 13/9; Synperonic 13/10; Synperonic A7; Teric™ 13A9; Trideceth-8; Trideceth-10; Trideceth-12; Trideceth-23 leveling agent, dye: fiber Lomar® LS-1 leveling agent, dye: fiber lubricants Tergitol® 15-S-12 leveling agent, dye: paper PEG-36 castor oil; Tergitol® 15-S-7; Tergitol® 15-S-9; Tergitol® 15-S-12; Varonic® K-210 leveling agent, dye: paper reclamation Synperonic A9; Synperonic A11 leveling agent, dye: water treatment Poloxamer 217 leveling agent, effluent treating plants Agitan® 633 leveling agent, fiber Silwet® L-722; Silwet® L-7220; Silwet® L-7608 leveling agent, impregnations Agitan[®] 633 leveling agent, paper Cetyl betaine; Merpol® HCS; Product BCO; Silwet® L-77; Silwet® L-722; Silwet® L-7001; Silwet® L-7002; Silwet® L-7087; Silwet® L-7220; Silwet® L-7500; Silwet® L-7608; T-Det® N-8; T-Det[®] N-9.5; Zonyl[®] FSA; Zonyl[®] FSB; Zonyl® FSC; Zonyl® FSN; Zonyl® FSP leveling agent, paper clear coatings Ebecryl® 3702

leveling agent, paper coating waxes

Wax Emulsifier 4106

leveling agent, paper coatings

- Calsan™ 55; Calsan™ 65; Lubracal® 48; Lubracal® 53; Lubracal® 60; Nopalcol 4-0; Norfox[®] Sulfated Castor Oil #75; Pluronic[®] 25R2; Surfynol® 502; TEGO® Glide 403 leveling agent, paper deinking
- Tergitol® TMN-10; Triton® XL-80N

leveling agent, paper pigment coatings

- Zonyl[®] A leveling agent, paper/board
- Agitan[®] 633
- leveling agent, paper/board coatings TEGO® Flow 354
- leveling agent, paperboard coatings
- PEG-3.5 tetramethyl decynediol; Surfynol® 440 leveling agent, papermaking
- Antarox[®] 17-R-2; Antarox[®] 25-R-2; Antarox[®] 31-R-1; Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo CS50; Volpo L3
- Ieveling agent, pigment grinding Zonyl® FSA; Zonyl® FSB; Zonyl® FSC; Zonyl® FŚN; Zonyl® FŚP
- leveling agent, pigmented paper coatings Nopcote® 6510 Free; Nopcote C-104; Nopcote® C-104-HS; Nopcote® C-104-HS Free
- leveling agent, pigments
- Silwet® L-7220
- leveling agent, preprint applics. TEGO[®] Glide 403
- leveling agent, pulp Agitan® 633
- leveling agent, pulp/paper Paxsolv PC; Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic[®] F68LF; Pluronic[®] F77; Pluronic[®] F87; Pluronic® F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic® F127; Pluronic® L31; Pluronic® L35; Pluronic® L43; Pluronic® L44; Pluronic[®] L64; Pluronic[®] P84; Pluronic[®] P85; Pluronic[®] P103: Pluronic[®] P104: Pluronic[®] P105; Pluronic® P123; Polypax IC; Polyquat 188; Surfonic[®] CO-15; Surfonic[®] CO-20; Surfonic® CO-25; Surfonic® CO-30; Surfonic® CO-42
- leveling agent, silicone emulsification Ceteareth-15; Ceteth-2
- leveling agent, transfer paper printing CHT Rapidoprint M-4
- leveling agent, water treatment Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic® F77; Pluronic® F87; Pluronic® F88; Pluronic[®] F98; Pluronic[®] F108; Pluronic[®] F127; Pluronic® L31; Pluronic® L35; Pluronic® L43; Pluronic® L44; Pluronic® L64; Pluronic® P84; Pluronic® P85; Pluronic® P103; Pluronic® P104; Pluronic[®] P105; Pluronic[®] P123; Tergitol® TMN-10; Triton® XL-80N leveling agent, waxes Ceteareth-15; Wax Emulsifier 4106 lightener, lacquers 7-Diethylamino-4-methylcoumarin lightener, resins 7-Diethylamino-4-methylcoumarin lightener, varnishes 7-Diethylamino-4-methylcoumarin lightfastness improver, paper saturation: label stock Nacrylic X 4280; X-Link 2833
- lightfastness improver, paper saturation: tag stock
- Nacrylic X 4280; X-Link 2833
- light-sensitive paper
- Copper nitrate (ic)
- liner, preprint
- Lucidene® 600
- liq./solids separator, water treatment: paper Agefloc A4506; Agefloc A4510 liquor, spent cooling
- Poly-Tergent® E-20B
- lube oil additives

Ageflex FA-2; Butyl methacrylate; C8-10 alcohols; Diethylaminoethyl acrylate; Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate; Hydroxypropyl methacrylate; Isobutyl methacrylate; Itaconic acid; Nonylphenol; Stearyl methacrylate

lubricant

Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer, Alfol® 22+; Alkenyl Succinic Anhydride C1618 (ASA); Aluminum orthophosphate; Ammonium oleic sulfate; Aqua Superslip 6550; Arachidyl alcohol; Behenyl alcohol; Calcium hydroxide; Calcium stearate; Caprylic acid; Ceteareth-10; Ceteareth-14; Ceteth-20; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 100; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 150; Chevron Clarity[®] Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 220; Chevron Clarity[®] Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 320; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 460; Cottonseed (Gossypium) oil; Crill 1; Crill 2; Crill 3; Crillet 3; Decene-1; Deceth-4 phosphate; DeMIDE RCN-276; DeMIDE RCN-MCY-100; DeMIDE RCN-ME-100; DeMULS PSMS-60; DeTHOX TDA-6; Dimethicone copolyol; Diphenyldimethoxysilane; Dymsol® B; 2-(N-Ethylperfluorooctanesulfonamido) ethyl acrylate; EXP-61 Amine Functional Silicone Wax; Glyceryl cocoate; Glyceryl distearate; Hydrogenated cottonseed oil, Indopol® H-100; Indopol® H-1500; Indopol® L-10; Isostearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Koster Keunen Candelilla; Koster Keunen Ceresine; Koster Keunen Microcrystalline Waxes; Koster Keunen Ozokerite; Koster Keunen Synthetic Candelilla; Menhaden oil; Mica; Neodene® 12/14; Neodene® 14/16; Nonoxynol-9 phosphate; 2-Octyl dodecanoic acid; Oleamide DEA; Oleic amidoethylimidazoline; Paxonic CO 40; Paxonic CO 60; PEG-15 castor oil; PEG-20 castor oil; PEG-60 castor oil; PEG-80 castor oil; PEG-4 dicocoate; PEG-8 dilaurate; PEG-8 ditallate; PEG-12 ditallate; PEG-2 laurate SE; PEG-4 laurate; PEG-8 laurate; PEG-12 laurate; PEG-2M; PEG-90M; PEG-160M; PEG-14 oleate; PEG-16 oleate; PEG-40 sorbitan hexaoleate; PEG-2 soyamine; PEG-8 stearate; Phenyltrimethoxysilane; Polybutene; Polyethylene wax; Polyox® WSR 301; Polyox® WSR 3333; Polyox® WSR N-10; Polyox® WSR N-12K; Polyox® WSR N-60K; Polysorbate 81; Polysorbate 85; Polytetrafluoroethylene; PPG-12-buteth-16; PPG-33-buteth-45; Propylene glycol oleate; Sodium lauryl sulfate; Sodium oleic sulfate; Sorbitan stearate; Sorbitan tristearate; Talc; Tallowamide DEA; Teric[™] N4; Teric[™] N5; *Triaryl phosphate*; Tributoxyethyl phosphate; Tributyl phosphate; Trilinoleic acid; Vybar® 103; Yelkin® DS; Yelkin® SS; Yelkin® T; Yelkin® TS; Zinc laurate; Zonyl® A lubricant additives Alkenyl succinic anhydride; Behenyl methacrylate; 2,6-Dimethyl heptanol-4; PEG-16 castor oil; PEG-25 castor oil; PEG-30 castor oil; PEG-36 castor oil; PEG-40 castor oil; PEG-200 castor oil; PEG-5 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-16 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-25

- hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-200 hydrogenated castor oil; Phenol; Stearyl hydroxyethyl
- imidazoline; Triaryl phosphate
- lubricant base, paper coatings Norfox® 92 Granules
- lubricant oil additive
- Surfonic® DNP-140
- lubricant wax
- Pentaerythrityl tetrastearate
- lubricant, abrasive paper
- Liquazinc AQ-90
- lubricant, ABS

Ethylene distearamide lubricant, calender box Nopcote® 3560 lubricant, calender stacks Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 100; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 150; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 220; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 320; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 460; Nopcote® DC-1153 lubricant, calendering Alkamide[®] STEDA lubricant, calendering process: paper Sunkote® 460 lubricant, calendering process: paperboard Sunkote® 460 lubricant, carbon paper Alcaid 10; Alcaid 13; Alcaid 19; Alcaid 32; Alcaid 46; Alcaid 60; Alcaid 100 lubricant, clay coatings: paper Epolene[®] E-10; Epolene[®] E-15; Epolene[®] E-20 lubricant, coated paper surface finish Sunkem[®] 301; Sunkem[®] 329 lubricant, coated paper surface finish: calendering process Seguaflow® 502 lubricant, coated paper surface finishes: calendering process Sequaflow® 566; Sunkote® 450; Sunkote® 452; Sunkote® 455 lubricant, coated paperboard surface finishes Sunkem® 301; Sunkem® 329 lubricant, coated paperboard surface finishes: calendering process Sequaflow[®] 502; Sequaflow[®] 566 Iubricant, coating s Prox®-Lube SC 5060 lubricant, coating: high-speed papermaking machines Eldorado PA-300 lubricant, coatings Butyl stearate; PEG-8 oleate; Polyacrylamide; Silwet® L-722; Silwet® L-7001; Silwet® L-7500; Silwet® L-7608; Silwet® L-7657; Surfynol® SM-745 lubricant, colorants Tristearin lubricant, continuous films Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil lubricant, coolants Tallamide DEA lubricant, corrugator Jetslide lubricant, dry Polyset® 2015; Sachtolith® HD-S; Sachtolith® L lubricant, dry: paper MS-122DF lubricant, dryer bearings Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 100; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 150; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 220; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 320; Chevron Clarity[®] Paper Machine Oils ISO 460 lubricant, emulsion cleaners Tallamide DEA lubricant, emulsion polymerization Aerosol® OT-100%; Nopalcol 1-L; Nopalcol 4-C; Nopalcol 4-CH; Nopalcol 4-L; Nopalcol 4-S; Nopalcol 6-DO; Nopalcol 6-DTW; Nopalcol 6-L; Nopalcol 6-R; Nopalcol 6-S; Nopalcol 10-COH; Nopalcol 12-CO; Nopalcol 12-COH; Nopalcol 10-COH 19-CO; Nopalcol 30-TWH; Nopalcol 200; Nopalcol 400; Nopalcol 600; PEG hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil; Polysorbate 61; Rhodasurf® L-25 lubricant, emulsions KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer; Rhodasurf® L-25; Xanthan gum lubricant, external Petrolite® E-2020

lubricant, external: color concs. A-C® 7; A-C® 7A; A-C® 8; A-C® 8A; A-C® 9, 9A, 9F lubricant, external: polyolefin flow modifiers A-C[®] 7; A-C[®] 7A; A-C[®] 8; A-C[®] 8A; A-C[®] 9, 9A, 9F lubricant, external: PVC A-C® 7; A-C® 7A; A-C® 8; A-C® 8A; A-C® 9, 9A, 9F lubricant, extrusion Alkamide® STEDA lubricant, fiber Alkamuls® PSMS-20; Alkamuls® S-8; Avitex® 6311; Avitex[®] DN-100; Avitex[®] E; Avitex[®] R; **DeTHOX ACID S-8** lubricant, fiber Isolaureth-10 lubricant, fiber Isolaureth-10; PEG-12 dilaurate; PEG-2 soyamine lubricant, fiber PEG-10 soyamine lubricant, fiber PEG-10 soyamine; Polysorbate 61 lubricant, fiber PPG-5-buteth-7 lubricant, fiber PPG-5-buteth-7 lubricant, fiber PPG-12-buteth-16 lubricant, fiber PPG-12-buteth-16 lubricant, fiber PPG-33-buteth-45 lubricant, fiber PPG-33-buteth-45; Silwet® L-722; Silwet® L-7608; Sulfated castor oil lubricant, fiber Teric[™] 16M10 lubricant, fiber Teric[™] 16M10 lubricant, fiber Teric[™] 16M15 lubricant, fiber Teric[™] 16M15; *Trideceth-6 phosphate* lubricant, fiber treatment Rhodafac[®] RS-610 lubricant, food-contact Mineral oil lubricant, hydrophobic fiber Ceteareth lubricant, incidental food-contact Amoco® H-15; Amoco® L-14; Amoco® L-50; Polywax[®] 2000; Polywax[®] 3000; Struktol[®] PE H-100; Ucon® 75-H-1400; Ucon® 75-H-9500; Ucon® 75-H-90000 lubricant, industrial PEG-10 cocamine; PEG-8 ditallate; PEG-12 ditallate; PEG-10 tallate; PPG-36 oleate; Sulfated butyl oleate; Sulfated butyl tallate lubricant, inert: pulp/paper Halocarbon Grease 19; Halocarbon Grease 25-5S; Halocarbon Grease 25-10M; Halocarbon Grease 25-20M; Halocarbon Grease 28; Halocarbon Grease 28LT; Halocarbon Grease 32; Halocarbon Grease X90-10M; Halocarbon Oil 0.8; Halocarbon Oil 1.8; Halocarbon Oil 4.2; Halocarbon Oil 6.3: Halocarbon Oil 27: Halocarbon Oil 56; Halocarbon Oil 95; Halocarbon Oil 200; Halocarbon Oil 400; Halocarbon Oil 700; Halocarbon Oil 1000N; Halocarbon Wax 40; Halocarbon Wax 600; Halocarbon Wax 1200; Halocarbon Wax 1500 lubricant, internal Petrolite® E-2020 lubricant, internal processing: PVC Glyceryl dioleate; Montan wax lubricant, internal/external: ABS Kemamide[®] W-20 lubricant, internal/external: cellulose acetate Kemamide® W-20

lubricant, internal/external: PE Kemamide® W-20 lubricant, internal/external: PP Kemamide[®] W-20 lubricant, internal/external: PS Kemamide® W-20 lubricant, internal/external: PVAc Kemamide[®] W-20 lubricant, internal/external: PVC Kemamide[®] W-20 lubricant, internal/surface: ABS Acrawax[®] C lubricant, internal/surface: acetal Acrawax[®] C lubricant, internal/surface: PE Acrawax[®] C lubricant, internal/surface: PP Acrawax[®] C lubricant, internal/surface: PS Acrawax® C lubricant, internal/surface: PU Acrawax[®] C lubricant, internal/surface: PVC Acrawax® C lubricant, internal: ABS Struktol® TR 016 Iubricant, internal: coatings Armid® 18; Armid® O; Cocamide; Oleamide; Stearamide lubricant, internal: films Armid[®] 18; Armid[®] O; Cocamide; Oleamide; Stearamide lubricant, internal: polyolefins Struktol[®] TR 016 lubricant, internal: PS Struktol[®] TR 016 Iubricant, internal: PVC A-C® 540; A-C® 540A; Loxiol® G 10; Loxiol® G 11; Struktol® TR 016 lubricant, internal: PVC films Sorbitan stearate lubricant, lamination Butyl myristate; Methyl palmitate lubricant, melamine Ross Carnauba Wax lubricant, nonpigmented surface applics.: calender box Nopcote® 3560 lubricant, nonpigmented surface applics .: size presses . Nopcote® 3560 lubricant, nuclear Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer lubricant, PA Hoechst Wax PED 521 lubricant, paper Adeka PEG-200; Adeka PEG-300; Adeka PEG-400; Adeka PEG-600; Adeka PEG-1000; Adeka PEG-1500; Adeka PEG-4000; Adeka PEG-6000; Adeka PEG-20,000; Alkamuls® EL-620; Avitone® A; Bersize® 6200; Carbowax® PEG 300; Cecavon® NA 61; Cecavon® ZN 70; Cecavon® ZN 735; Chemax HCO-5; Chemax HCO-16; Chemax HCO-25; Chemax HCO-200/ 50; Drakeol® 9; Drakeol® 19; Freedom SBO-65; Freedom SBT-65; Hartosoft[™] 1500-78; Hartosoft™ 1540B1; *Isodecyl oleate*; *Isooctyl stearate*; KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer; Kemester[®] 5500; Kemester[®] 6000SE; Lumulse[™] DGS; Lumulse[™] DGS-C; Lumulse[™] DGS-N; Mackester™ EGDS; Mackester™ EGDS; Mackester™ IP; Mackester™ SP; Nopalcol 1-L; Nopalcol 4-C; Nopalcol 4-CH; Nopalcol 4-L; Nopalcol 4-S; Nopalcol 6-DO; Nopalcol 6-DTW; Nopalcol 6-L; Nopalcol 6-R; Nopalcol 6-S; Nopalcol 10-COH; Nopalcol 12-CO; Nopalcol 12-COH; Nopalcol 19-CO; Nopalcol 30-TWH; Nopalcol 200; Nopalcol 400; Nopalcol 600; PEG-36 castor oil; PEG-3 dioctoate; PEG hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-

Polyethylene wax; Sorbitan laurate; Stearic

acid; Tristearin; Vestowax® AO 1535; Vestowax[®] AO 1539; Vestowax[®] AO 2733; Vestowax[®] C 60

lubricant, PVC extrusion

5M; PEG-7M; PEG-9M; PEG-14M; PEG-23M; PEG-45M; Penreco Amber; Penreco Blond; Penreco Cream; Penreco Lily; Penreco Regent; Penreco Royal; Penreco Snow; Penreco Super; Penreco Ultima; Petrolatum RPB; Pluracol® E400 NF; Pluracol® E600 NF; Pluracol® E1450; Pluracol® E2000; Pluracol® E4500; Pluracol® E8000; RITA PEO-1; RITA PEO-2; RITA PEO-3; RITA PEO-8; RITA PEO-18; RITA PEO-27; Safacid 20/22 CD; Safacid 20/22 DF; Safacid 20/22 HF; Safacid 20/22 LF; Silwet® L-722: Silwet® L-7001: Silwet® L-7087; Silwet® L-7500; Silwet® L-7608; Silwet® L-7657 lubricant, paper Sodium butyl oleate sulfonate lubricant, paper Sodium butyl tallate sulfate; Stearyl/aminopropyl *methicone copolymer; Sulfated butyl tallate;* T-Det[®] C-40; Tech Pet F™; Trylox[®] 5906; Xanthan gum lubricant, paper coatings Calcium stearate; Calsan™ 50; Calsan™ 55; Calsan[™] 65; Jarcol[™] I-20; Liponic 70-NC; Liponic 76-NC; Lubracal® 48; Lubracal® 53; Lubracal[®] 60; Petrac[®] GMS; Pluronic[®] 25R2; Pogol® 600; Prox®-Lube SN 5070 lubricant, paper deinking Igepal® CO-610 lubricant, paper emulsions PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil lubricant, paper finishes Rhodasurf® L-4; Rhodasurf® L-25 lubricant, paper sizes Fluorad[®] FX-13; Lumulse[™] 8000; Lumulse[™] PEG 540; Safacid 20/22 CD; Safacid 20/22 DF; Safacid 20/22 HF; Safacid 20/22 LF Iubricant, paper sticking Prox®-Lube SC 5060; Prox®-Lube SN 5070 lubricant, paperboard Bersize® 6200 lubricant, papermaking Actrasol 6092; Actrasol OY-75; Actrasol PSR; Actrasol SBO; Actrasol SP; Actrasol SP 175K; Actrasol SR 75; Actrasol SRK 75; Britol® 6NF; Britol® 7NF; Britol® 9NF; Britol® 20USP; Britol® 35USP; Britol® 50USP; Meroxapol 105; Meroxapol 108; Meroxapol 171; Meroxapol 172; Meroxapol 174, Meroxapol 178, Meroxapol 251; Meroxapol 252; Meroxapol 254, Meroxapol 255; Meroxapol 258; Meroxapol 311; Meroxapol 312; Meroxapol 314; PEG-2 stearate; Polyox® WSR 205; Polyox® WSR 303; Polyox® WSR N-750; Potassium oleic sulfate; Potassium ricinoleic sulfate; Powdered Guar Gum Type A; Powdered Guar Gum Type AA; Powdered Guar Gum Type B; Powdered Guar Gum Type BB; Sodium butyl oleate sulfate; Sodium butyl oleate sulfonate; Sodium glyceryl trioleate sulfate; Sodium soybean oil sulfate; Sulfated rapeseed oil; Sulfated tall oil, potassium salt; Sulfated tall oil, sodium salt lubricant, paper-mill felt washing Rhodafac® RS-610

lubricant, pigment flushing

Actrasol 6092; Actrasol OY 75; Actrasol PSR; Actrasol SBO; Actrasol SP; Actrasol SP 175K; Actrasol SR 75; Actrasol SRK 75; Potassium oleic sulfate; Potassium ricinoleic sulfate; Sodium butyl oleate sulfate; Sodium butyl oleate sulfonate; Sodium glyceryl trioleate sulfate; Sodium soybean oil sulfate; Sulfated rapeseed oil; Sulfated tall oil, potassium salt; Sulfated tall oil, sodium salt

lubricant, pigment grinding Propylene glycol myristate

- Iubricant, pigmented paper coatings Microlube™ C; Nopcote® 3560; Nopcote® 6510 Free; Nopcote C-104; Nopcote® C-104-HS; Nopcote® C-104-HS Free

lubricant, pigmented paper: size presses Prox®-Amine AP

- lubricant, pkg. Petrolatum RPB; Tech Pet F™
- lubricant, polyolefins
- Hoechst Wax E; Hoechst Wax OP; Hoechst Wax S; Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Petrac® GMS lubricant, polyurethane foams
- PEG-36 castor oil
- lubricant, processing
- A-C® 7; A-C® 7A; A-C® 8; A-C® 8A; A-C® 9, 9A, 9F; A-C® 629; A-C® 629A; Advawax® 240; Advawax[®] 280; Advawax[®] 290; Aluminum distearate; Ethylene dioleamide; Glyceryl oleate; Hydrogenated tallow; Lauric acid; Magnesium stearate; Polyethylene, oxidized; Polypropylene glycol; Zinc stearate lubricant, processing: PVC
- Synthetic wax
- lubricant, protective coatings
- Dilinoleic acid lubricant, PS
 - Drakeol® 35; Ethylene distearamide; Hoechst Wax E; Hoechst Wax OP; Hoechst Wax S; Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Isobutyl stearate; Vestowax[®] AO 1535; Vestowax[®] AO 1539; Vestowax[®] C
- 60 lubricant, pulp processing
- C12-16 pareth-1; C12-16 pareth-2; C12-16 pareth-3; C12-16 pareth-5; C12-16 pareth-6; C12-16 pareth-7; C12-16 pareth-8; C12-16 pareth-11

- lubricant, pulp/paper Adekanol 25R-1; Adekanol 25R-2; Adekanol F-68; Adekanol F-88; Adekanol F-108; Adekanol F-127; Adekanol L-31; Adekanol L-34; Adekanol L-44; Adekanol L-61; Adekanol L-62; Adekanol L-64; Adekanol L-71; Adekanol L-72; Adekanol L-101; Adekanol L-121; Adekanol L-122; Adekanol P-84; Adekanol P-85; Adekanol P-103; Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer; Glypax 200; Glypax 400; Glypax 600; Glypax 1000; Glypax 3000; Glypax 4000; Glypax 6600; Igepal® CO-610; Lumulse™ DGO; Paxonic CO 40; Paxonic CO 60; Paxsolv PC; Paxsorbate 20; Paxsorbate 60; Paxsorbate 80; Pluronic® 10R5; Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68LF: Pluronic[®] F77: Pluronic[®] F87: Pluronic® F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108: Pluronic[®] F127; Pluronic[®] L31; Pluronic[®] L35; Pluronic® L43; Pluronic® L44; Pluronic® L64; Pluronic[®] P84; Pluronic[®] P85; Pluronic[®] P103; Pluronic[®] P104: Pluronic[®] P105: Pluronic[®] P123; Poloxamer 182; Poloxamer 185; Poloxamer 188; Poloxamer 231; Poloxamer 234; Poloxamer 235; Poloxamer 238; Poloxamer 282: Poloxamer 288: Poloxamer 331; Poloxamer 333; Poloxamer 334; Poloxamer 335; Poloxamer 338; Poloxamer 401; Poloxamer 402; Poloxamer 403; Polypax EGDS; Polypax EGMS; Polypax IC; Polypax SMS; Polyquat PR; Propylene glycol laurate
- lubricant, pulp/paper machines Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 100; Chevron Clarity[®] Paper Machine Oils ISO 150; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 220; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 220; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 320; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 320; Lumulse™ PEG 3350
- lubricant, PVC
 - 1-Butene; Calcium montanate; Calcium stearoyl lactylate; C20-24 alpha olefin; C24-28 alpha olefin; C30 alpha olefin; Dodecene-1; Drakeol® 35; Ethylene distearamide; Hoechst Wax E; Hoechst Wax OP; Hoechst Wax PED 521; Hoechst Wax S; Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Hydroxystearic acid; Isobutyl stearate; Luwax® E; Octyl stearate; Penreco Amber; Penreco Snow; Polyethylene, oxidized;

- Petrolite® C-3500 lubricant, PVC films Glyceryl oleate lubricant, PVC food pkg. Hydrogenated castor oil lubricant, PVC: plasticized Glvcol stearate lubricant, size presses Nopcote® 3560; Nopcote® DC-1153 lubricant, solid: corrugated board Epolene® N-11 lubricant, solvent emulsions PEG hydrogenated castor oil lubricant, surface: food-contact coatings Cottonseed (Gossypium) oil; Dibutyl sebacate; Glyceryl stearate; Lanolin; Mineral oil; Palm (Elaeis guineensis) oil; Paraffin; Petrolatum; Stearic acid lubricant, surface: paperboard Lubrol 90 lubricant, surface: tabulator card stock Lubrol 90 lubricant, suspension polymerization Aerosol® OT-100% lubricant, syn. 1-Butene; C20-24 alpha olefin; C24-28 alpha olefin; C30 alpha olefin; Decyl alcohol; Dodecene-1; Gulftene® 4; Gulftene® 6; Gulftene® 8; Gulftene® 10; Gulftene® 12; Gulftene® 14; Gulftene® 16; Gulftene® 18; Gulftene[®] 20-24; Gulftene[®] 24-28; Gulftene[®] 30+; Hydrogenated tallow acid lubricant, syn. fiber Cocotrimonium chloride lubricant, syn. materials Glyceryl caprylate/caprate lubricant, thickening Aluminum tristearate lubricant, waxes Hydrogenated menhaden acid; Propylene glycol mvristate lubricant, wet-end systems
- Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 100; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 150; Chevron Clarity[®] Paper Machine Oils ISO 220; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 320; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 320; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 460
- m.p. booster, fats
- Witcamide® MAS
- m.p. booster, waxes
- Witcamide[®] MAS
- m.p. modifier, resin blends
- Advawax[®] 290
- m.p. modifier, waxes Advawax[®] 240; Advawax[®] 280; Advawax[®]
- 290; Ethylene dioleamide
- machine-coated paper
- Starch
- mar resistance aid
- MP-22; MP-22C; MP-22VF; MP-22XF; Vybar® 103
- mar resistance aid, coatings
 - Silwet® L-722; Silwet® L-7002; Surfynol® SM-745
- mar resistance aid, fiber
- Silwet® L-722
- mar resistance aid, low pH polymers Shamrock Hydrocer EC 98
- mar resistance aid, paper
- Silwet® L-722; Silwet® L-7002; Silwet® L-7087 mar resistance aid, PVAc
- Shamrock Hydrocer EC 98
- mar resistance aid, PVC
- Shamrock Hydrocer EC 98
- mar resistance aid, PVdC

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5M; PEG-7M; PEG-9M; PEG-14M; PEG-23M; PEG-45M; Penreco Amber; Penreco Blond; Penreco Cream; Penreco Lily; Penreco Regent; Penreco Royal; Penreco Snow; Penreco Super; Penreco Ultima; Petrolatum RPB; Pluracol® E400 NF; Pluracol® E600 NF; Pluracol® E1450; Pluracol® E2000; Pluracol® E4500; Pluracol® E8000; RITA PEO-1; RITA PEO-2; RITA PEO-3; RITA PEO-8; RITA PEO-18; RITA PEO-27; Safacid 20/22 CD; Safacid 20/22 DF; Safacid 20/22 HF; Safacid 20/22 LF; Silwet® L-722: Silwet® L-7001: Silwet® L-7087; Silwet® L-7500; Silwet® L-7608; Silwet® L-7657 lubricant, paper Sodium butyl oleate sulfonate lubricant, paper Sodium butyl tallate sulfate; Stearyl/aminopropyl *methicone copolymer; Sulfated butyl tallate;* T-Det[®] C-40; Tech Pet F™; Trylox[®] 5906; Xanthan gum lubricant, paper coatings Calcium stearate; Calsan™ 50; Calsan™ 55; Calsan[™] 65; Jarcol[™] I-20; Liponic 70-NC; Liponic 76-NC; Lubracal® 48; Lubracal® 53; Lubracal[®] 60; Petrac[®] GMS; Pluronic[®] 25R2; Pogol® 600; Prox®-Lube SN 5070 lubricant, paper deinking Igepal® CO-610 lubricant, paper emulsions PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil lubricant, paper finishes Rhodasurf® L-4; Rhodasurf® L-25 lubricant, paper sizes Fluorad[®] FX-13; Lumulse[™] 8000; Lumulse[™] PEG 540; Safacid 20/22 CD; Safacid 20/22 DF; Safacid 20/22 HF; Safacid 20/22 LF Iubricant, paper sticking Prox®-Lube SC 5060; Prox®-Lube SN 5070 lubricant, paperboard Bersize® 6200 lubricant, papermaking Actrasol 6092; Actrasol OY-75; Actrasol PSR; Actrasol SBO; Actrasol SP; Actrasol SP 175K; Actrasol SR 75; Actrasol SRK 75; Britol® 6NF; Britol® 7NF; Britol® 9NF; Britol® 20USP; Britol® 35USP; Britol® 50USP; Meroxapol 105; Meroxapol 108; Meroxapol 171; Meroxapol 172; Meroxapol 174, Meroxapol 178, Meroxapol 251; Meroxapol 252; Meroxapol 254, Meroxapol 255; Meroxapol 258; Meroxapol 311; Meroxapol 312; Meroxapol 314; PEG-2 stearate; Polyox® WSR 205; Polyox® WSR 303; Polyox® WSR N-750; Potassium oleic sulfate; Potassium ricinoleic sulfate; Powdered Guar Gum Type A; Powdered Guar Gum Type AA; Powdered Guar Gum Type B; Powdered Guar Gum Type BB; Sodium butyl oleate sulfate; Sodium butyl oleate sulfonate; Sodium glyceryl trioleate sulfate; Sodium soybean oil sulfate; Sulfated rapeseed oil; Sulfated tall oil, potassium salt; Sulfated tall oil, sodium salt lubricant, paper-mill felt washing Rhodafac® RS-610

- lubricant, pigment flushing
- Actrasol 6092; Actrasol OY 75; Actrasol PSR; Actrasol SBO; Actrasol SP; Actrasol SP 175; Actrasol SR 75; Actrasol SRK 75; *Potassium* oleic sulfate; Potassium ricinoleic sulfate; Sodium butyl oleate sulfate; Sodium butyl oleate sulfonate; Sodium glyceryl trioleate sulfate; Sodium soybean oil sulfate; Sulfated rapeseed oil; Sulfated tall oil, potassium salt; Sulfated tall oil, sodium salt

lubricant, pigment grinding Propylene glycol myristate

Iubricant, pigmented paper coatings Microlube™ C; Nopcote® 3560; Nopcote® 6510 Free; Nopcote C-104; Nopcote® C-104-HS; Nopcote® C-104-HS Free

lubricant, pigmented paper: size presses Prox®-Amine AP Iubricant, pkg. Petrolatum RPB; Tech Pet F™ lubricant, polyolefins Hoechst Wax E; Hoechst Wax OP; Hoechst Wax S; Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Petrac® GMS lubricant, polyurethane foams PEG-36 castor oil lubricant, processing A-C® 7; A-C® 7A; A-C® 8; A-C® 8A; A-C® 9, 9A, 9F; A-C® 629; A-C® 629A; Advawax® 240; Advawax[®] 280; Advawax[®] 290; Aluminum distearate; Ethylene dioleamide; Glyceryl oleate; Hydrogenated tallow; Lauric acid; Magnesium stearate; Polyethylene, oxidized; Polypropylene glycol; Zinc stearate lubricant, processing: PVC Synthetic wax lubricant, protective coatings Dilinoleic acid lubricant, PS Drakeol® 35; Ethylene distearamide; Hoechst Wax E; Hoechst Wax OP; Hoechst Wax S; Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Isobutyl stearate; Vestowax[®] AO 1535; Vestowax[®] AO 1539; Vestowax[®] C 60 lubricant, pulp processing C12-16 pareth-1; C12-16 pareth-2; C12-16 pareth-3; C12-16 pareth-5; C12-16 pareth-6; C12-16 pareth-7; C12-16 pareth-8; C12-16 pareth-11 lubricant, pulp/paper Adekanol 25R-1; Adekanol 25R-2; Adekanol F-68; Adekanol F-88; Adekanol F-108; Adekanol F-127; Adekanol L-31; Adekanol L-34; Adekanol L-44; Adekanol L-61; Adekanol L-62; Adekanol L-64; Adekanol L-71; Adekanol L-72; Adekanol L-101; Adekanol L-121; Adekanol L-122; Adekanol P-84; Adekanol P-85; Adekanol P-103; Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer; Glypax 200; Glypax 400; Glypax 600; Glypax 1000; Glypax 3000; Glypax 4000; Glypax 6600; Igepal® CO-610; Lumulse™ DGO; Paxonic CO 40; Paxonic CO 60; Paxsolv PC; Paxsorbate 20; Paxsorbate 60; Paxsorbate 80; Pluronic®

10R5; Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68LF: Pluronic[®] F77: Pluronic[®] F87: Pluronic® F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic[®] F127; Pluronic[®] L31; Pluronic[®] L35; Pluronic® L43; Pluronic® L44; Pluronic® L64; Pluronic[®] P84; Pluronic[®] P85; Pluronic[®] P103; Pluronic[®] P104; Pluronic[®] P105; Pluronic[®] P123; Poloxamer 182; Poloxamer 185; Poloxamer 188; Poloxamer 231; Poloxamer 234; Poloxamer 235; Poloxamer 238; Poloxamer 282: Poloxamer 288: Poloxamer 331; Poloxamer 333; Poloxamer 334; Poloxamer 335; Poloxamer 338; Poloxamer 401; Poloxamer 402; Poloxamer 403; Polypax EGDS; Polypax EGMS; Polypax IC; Polypax SMS; Polyquat PR; Propylene glycol laurate

lubricant, pulp/paper machines Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 100; Chevron Clarity[®] Paper Machine Oils ISO 150; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 220; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 320; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 320; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 460; Lumulse™ PEG 3350

lubricant, PVC

1-Butene; Calcium montanate; Calcium stearoyl lactylate; C20-24 alpha olefin; C24-28 alpha olefin; C30 alpha olefin; Dodecene-1; Drakeol® 35; Ethylene distearamide; Hoechst Wax E; Hoechst Wax OP; Hoechst Wax PED 521; Hoechst Wax S; Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Hydroxystearic acid; Isobutyl stearate; Luwax® E; Octyl stearate; Penreco Amber; Penreco Snow; Polyethylene, oxidized;

- Polyethylene wax; Sorbitan laurate; Stearic acid; Tristearin; Vestowax® AO 1535; Vestowax[®] AO 1539; Vestowax[®] AO 2733; Vestowax[®] C 60 lubricant, PVC extrusion Petrolite® C-3500
- lubricant, PVC films
- Glyceryl oleate
- lubricant, PVC food pkg.
- Hydrogenated castor oil
- lubricant, PVC: plasticized Glvcol stearate
- lubricant, size presses Nopcote® 3560; Nopcote® DC-1153
- lubricant, solid: corrugated board
- Epolene® N-11
- lubricant, solvent emulsions
- PEG hydrogenated castor oil
- lubricant, surface: food-contact coatings Cottonseed (Gossypium) oil; Dibutyl sebacate; Glyceryl stearate; Lanolin; Mineral oil; Palm (Elaeis guineensis) oil; Paraffin; Petrolatum; Stearic acid
- lubricant, surface: paperboard
- Lubrol 90
- lubricant, surface: tabulator card stock Lubrol 90
- lubricant, suspension polymerization Aerosol® OT-100%
- lubricant, syn. 1-Butene; C20-24 alpha olefin; C24-28 alpha olefin; C30 alpha olefin; Decyl alcohol; Dodecene-1; Gulftene® 4; Gulftene® 6; Gulftene® 8; Gulftene® 10; Gulftene® 12; Gulftene® 14; Gulftene® 16; Gulftene® 18; Gulftene® 20-24; Gulftene® 24-28; Gulftene® 30+; Hydrogenated tallow acid
- lubricant, syn. fiber
- Cocotrimonium chloride
- lubricant, syn. materials
- Glyceryl caprylate/caprate
- lubricant, thickening
- Aluminum tristearate
- lubricant, waxes
 - Hydrogenated menhaden acid; Propylene glycol myristate
- lubricant, wet-end systems
 - Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 100; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 150; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 220; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 220, Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 320; Chevron Clarity® Paper Machine Oils ISO 460
- m.p. booster, fats
- Witcamide[®] MAS
- m.p. booster, waxes
- Witcamide[®] MAS
- m.p. modifier, resin blends
- Advawax[®] 290
- m.p. modifier, waxes
- Advawax[®] 240; Advawax[®] 280; Advawax[®] 290; Ethylene dioleamide
- machine-coated paper
- Starch
- mar resistance aid
- MP-22; MP-22C; MP-22VF; MP-22XF; Vybar® 103
- mar resistance aid, coatings
 - Silwet® L-722; Silwet® L-7002; Surfynol® SM-745
- mar resistance aid, fiber
- Silwet® L-722
- mar resistance aid, low pH polymers Shamrock Hydrocer EC 98
- mar resistance aid, paper
- Silwet® L-722; Silwet® L-7002; Silwet® L-7087 mar resistance aid, PVAc
- Shamrock Hydrocer EC 98
- mar resistance aid, PVC
- Shamrock Hydrocer EC 98
- mar resistance aid, PVdC

Shamrock Hydrocer EC 98 marking agent, fluorescent: coating slips, stamp/security paper Cartax[®] DP Lig marking agent, fluorescent: size press, stamp/ security paper Cartax® DP Liq. marking agent, fluorescent: stock, stamp/ security paper Cartax[®] DP Liq. matting agent, copy paper Sylysia 310; Sylysia 320; Sylysia 350; Sylysia 430; Sylysia 440; Sylysia 445; Sylysia 450; Sylysia 470; Sylysia 530; Sylysia 540; Sylysia 550; Sylysia 730; Sylysia 740; Sylysia 770 matting agent, thermal paper Sylysia 310; Sylysia 320; Sylysia 350; Sylysia 430; Sylysia 440; Sylysia 445; Sylysia 450; Sylysia 470; Sylysia 530; Sylysia 540; Sylysia 550; Sylysia 730; Sylysia 740; Sylysia 770 matting agent, thermal/copy paper Sylysia 250; Sylysia 250N; Sylysia 435 mechanical action resistance improver, paper surface Basoplast® 335 D melt flow aid, coatings Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite melt index modifier A-C® 7; A-C® 7A; A-C® 8; A-C® 8A; A-C® 9, 9A, 9F metal deactivator, pulp bleaching Magnabrite™; N[®] Sodium Silicate metal ion control, water treatment Potassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate) microbe, specialized: papermaking by-product degradation Microcat[®] XP microbe, specialized: pulping by-product degradation Microcat® XP microbial spoilage inhibitor DL-Diepoxybutane microbicide Behenyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; 2,2-Dibromo-3nitrilopropionamide microbicide, cooling towers Aquatreat[®] DNM-360 microbicide, industrial waters Amerstat® 272 microbicide, mineral slurries Bis (trichloromethyl) sulfone microbicide, paper 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2thione microbicide, paper machine wet-end Busan® 1223 microbicide, paper mill Paxgard TC microbicide, papermaking Busan® 1210; Metasol® 550; Tolcide® MW10 microbicide, pulp/paper mills Aquatreat® DNM-360; Metasol® 940 microbicide, starch 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2thione microbicide, wastewater treatment systems Metasol® 940 microbicide, water treatment Acticide® WTC; Bis (trichloromethyl) sulfone; 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2-thione; Paxgard TC; Pentetic acid; Tolcide® **MW10** microbicide, wet-state protection: ag. formulations Acticide[®] WTC microcapsule, bill paper Hancap MC-40

microcapsule, carbonless copying paper Baymicron® 2107; Baymicron® 2109 Baymicron[®] Black C 200; Baymicron[®] Black R 200; Baymicron[®] Blue R 200; Baymicron[®] Defoamer 50; Baymicron® OXA WM 22; Baymicron[®] OXA WM 33 microcapsule, carbonless paper Hancap MC-40 microcapsule, pressure-sensitive paper Hancap MC-40 microencapsulation, dyes: carbonless duplicating paper 2,2´,4,4´,5,5´-Hexachlorobiphenyl microsphere, wet, unexpanded: paper Expancel® 091 WU; Expancel® 551 WU; Expancel® 642 WU microspheres, board Expancel[®] 820 DU microspheres, paper Expancel® 820 DU microspheres, unexpanded: blowing agent, paper Expancel® 091 DE; Expancel® 091 DE 80; Expancel[®] 461 DE; Expancel[®] 461 DE 20; Expancel[®] 551 DE 20; Expancel[®] 551 WE 20 mildew inhibitor Sodium benzoate mildewcide, coatings: food-contact Captan mildewcide, cooling water Tributvltin oxide mildewcide, nonfood uses Thiabendazole hypophosphite salt mildewcide, paper Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole; Tributyltin oxide mildewcide, paper coatings Amical[®] 48; Iodopropynyl butylcarbamate; Troysan® Polyphase® EC17; Troysan® Polyphase® P-20T mildewcide, paper/paperboard Thiabendazole hypophosphite salt mildewcide, soap wrappers Thiabendazole hypophosphite salt mildewcide, solvent-based coatings Captan mildewcide, water treatment 2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one mildewproofing Laurtrimonium chloride mildewproofing agent Dichlorophene mildewproofing agent, paper Copper 8-quinolinolate mildness additive, protective coatings Dilinoleic acid mill scale removal Citric acid milling agent, dyes Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate milling agent, paper Freedom SCO-50; Freedom SCO-70; Freedom SCO-75; Freedom SCO-75K milling agent, pigments Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate mineral slurries 2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilopropionamide modifier Polyamidoamine; Styrene/butadiene polymer modifier resin, coatings Terpene resin modifier resin, laminations Terpene resin modifier resin, waxes Terpene resin modifier, ABS Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate modifier, alkyd resins Fumaric acid modifier, amino resin: paper/paperboard, aq./

fatty food-contact Tetraethylenepentamine modifier, amino resins: paper/paperboard, aq./fatty food-contact Triethylenetetramine modifier, amino resins: paper/paperboard, food-contact Diethylenetriamine modifier, coatings A-C® 580; A-C® 5120; Glyceryl rosinate modifier, coatings: heat-sealable Hvdrogenated rosin modifier, coatings: hot-melt-applied decorative Hydrogenated rosin modifier, coatings: pressure-sensitive Hydrogenated rosin modifier, dyestuff pastes Maracarb N-1 modifier, fiber Behenyl methacrylate; Butyl methacrylate; Cetyl methacrylate; 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate; Glyceryl methacrylate; Glycidyl methacrylate; Isobutyl methacrylate; Pentadecyl methacrylate; Stearyl methacrylate modifier, hand builders Avitex® R modifier, imidazoline: corrosion inhibitors Acintol® R Type S modifier, lacquers Glyceryl tribenzoate modifier, latex surface coating resins Propyleneimine modifier, LDPE Isobutylene/isoprene copolymer modifier, paper Glyceryl methacrylate; Hydroxypropyl methacrylate modifier, paraffin Vybar® 103 modifier, paraffin waxes Carnauba (Copernica cerifera) wax; Multiwax® ML-445; Vybar® 260 modifier, paraffin waxes: paper coatings Epolene® C-13; Epolene® C-14; Epolene® C-17 modifier, resins: film-formers, protective coatings Glyceryl hydrogenated rosinate modifier, resins: waxes, protective coatings Glyceryl hydrogenated rosinate modifier, S/B latexes Polystyrene modifier, starches Dicyandiamide; Potassium persulfate modifier, UV-cured coatings CAB-551-0.01; CAB-551-0.2 modifying resin, surface coatings Polyvinyl butyral moisture barrier Airflex[®] 4500; Airflex[®] 4514; Airflex[®] 4530; Paracol® 802A; Sclair® 69A moisture barrier films Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate moisture barrier, coatings Paracol® 404G moisture barrier, paper Paracol[®] 2370: Penreco Amber: Penreco Blond: Penreco Regent; Petrolatum RPB; Tech Pet F™ moisture barrier, paperboard Paracol® 2370 moisture barrier, papermaking Britol® 6NF; Britol® 7NF; Britol® 9NF; Britol® 20USP; Britol® 35USP; Britol® 50USP moisture barrier, pkg. Petrolatum RPB; Tech Pet F™ moisture control agent, paper sizing Ticaxan[®] Regular moisture repellent Shark liver oil moisture retention aid, aq. pigment coatings

Carboxymethyl corn starch; Sodium carboxymethyl corn starch moisture retention aid, cardboard Rhodoviol® 4/125 moisture retention aid, coating colors Acrosol[™] C 50 L; Sterocoll[®] F moisture retention aid, paper Aqualon® CMC-T; Rhodoviol® 4/125 moisture retention aid, paper coatings Carboxymethyl corn starch; Prox® A 899 E; Rheovis®; Sodium carboxymethyl corn starch; Vandrox® 185F: Vandrox® 186 moisture retention aid, papermaking Locust Bean Gum Type A-100; Locust Bean Gum Type A-250; Locust Bean Gum Type A-270; Powdered Guar Gum Type A; Powdered Guar Gum Type AA; Powdered Guar Gum Type B; Powdered Guar Gum Type BB moisture retention aid, size presses Pen-cote® Starch moisture retention aid, specialty paper coatings Pen-cote[®] Starch moisturizer Acrylates/C10-30 alkyl acrylate crosspolymer; 1,2,6-Hexanetriol; Hydrolyzed soy protein moisturizer, cellulose films Sodium PCA moisturizer, paper Sodium PCA mold inhibitor Thiourea mold inhibitor, paper Barium metaborate mold inhibitor, paperboard Vancide[®] MZ-96 Disp. mold inhibitor, soap wraps Vancide[®] MZ-96 Disp. mold release agent A-C® 7; A-C® 7A; A-C® 8; A-C® 8A; A-C® 9, 9A, 9F; A-C® 629; A-C® 629A; Acrawax® C; Actrasol SR 75; Actrasol SRK 75; Ammonium oleic sulfate; C20-40 pareth-10; DeTHOX ACID S-8; Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Epolene® C-13; Epolene[®] C-14; Epolene[®] C-17; Epolene® E-10; Epolene® E-15; Epolene® E-20; Epolene® N-11; Epolene® N-14; Epolene® N-20; Epolene® N-21; Epolene® N-34; Ethylene distearamide; EXP-58 Silicone Wax; Glyceryl oleate; GP-223; Halocarbon Grease 19; Halocarbon Grease 25-5S; Halocarbon Grease 25-10M; Halocarbon Grease 25-20M; Halocarbon Grease 28; Halocarbon Grease 28LT: Halocarbon Grease 32: Halocarbon Grease X90-10M; Halocarbon Oil 0.8; Halocarbon Oil 1.8; Halocarbon Oil 4.2; Halocarbon Oil 6.3; Halocarbon Oil 27; Halocarbon Oil 56: Halocarbon Oil 95: Halocarbon Oil 200; Halocarbon Oil 400; Halocarbon Oil 700; Halocarbon Oil 1000N; Halocarbon Wax 40; Halocarbon Wax 600; Halocarbon Wax 1200; Halocarbon Wax 1500; Hubercarb® Q 200T; Hydrogenated menhaden oil; Hydrogenated soybean oil; Igepal® CO-850; Kemamide® W-20; Kemamide® W-39; Kemamide® W-40; Kemamide® W-45; *Kerosene*; Krytox[®] DF; Krytox[®] DF250/IPA; Krytox[®] DF/IPA; Krytox[®] DF/W; Lipowax C; Lumulse[™] GMO; Luwax[®] LGE; Mica; Microthene® FN 502-18; Microthene® FN 517-00; Microthene® FN 519-00; Palm (Elaeis guineensis) oil; PEG-2M; PEG-13 oleate; PEG-23 oleate; PEG-8 sesquioleate; Petrac® Calcium Stearate CP-11; Petrac® Calcium Stearate CP-11 LS; Petrolite® E-2020; Pluriol® E 200; Polyethylene, oxidized; Polyset® 2015; Potassium oleic sulfate; PPG-28-buteth-35; Silicone emulsions; Sodium diisooctyl sulfosuccinate; Stearamide MEA; Stearamide MEA-stearate; Stearamine; Tristearin;

Unithox[®] 450; Vestowax[®] C 60; Witcamide[®] MAS; Zinc laurate; Zinc stearate mold release agent, calendering Alkamide[®] STEDA mold release agent, coatings Stearamide mold release agent, extrusion Alkamide[®] STEDA mold release agent, films Stearamide mold release agent, food-contact molded articles No Stik 806 mold release agent, paper No Stik 806; Pluracol® E400 NF; Pluracol® E600 NF; Pluracol® E1450; Pluracol® E2000; Pluracol® E4500; Pluracol® E8000 molluscicide, cooling water systems Sanibrom™ 40; Sanibrom™ 45 molluscicide, pulp/paper mills Sanibrom[™] 40; Sanibrom[™] 45 molluscicide, wastewater systems Sanibrom™ 40; Sanibrom™ 45 monomer inhibitor, paper/paperboard: aq./ fatty food-contact Hydroquinone; Hydroquinone ethyl ether; Hydroquinone monomethyl ether monomer, paper coatings Ageflex FM-68; Cyclohexane dimethanol diacrylate; Cyclohexane dimethanol dimethacrylate; PEG-3 trimethylolpropane triacrylate monomer, paper treatment Octyl acrylate monomer, polymerizable: solvent coatings for nonwoven fiber Lauryl methacrylate monomer, protective coatings Octyl acrylate mordant Antimony trioxide; Copper hydroxide (ic); Ferric chloride; Ferric oxide; Sodium aluminate; Sodium thiosulfate anhydrous mordant, dye Aluminum formate; Aluminum hydroxide; Aluminum sulfate; Ammonium alum; Copper nitrate (ic); Ecco Aluminum Formate; Fumaric acid; Potassium alum anhydrous; Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous; Sodium stannate; Tannic acid mordant, thickening Dextrin neutralization, alkaline prods. Hydrochloric acid neutralization, waste materials Hvdrochloric acid neutralizer Ammonia; Calcium carbonate; Calcium monocarbonate; Hexamethylenetetramine; Isopropanolamine; Morpholine; Potassium acetate; Varonic® K-210 neutralizer, acid: flame retardants Calcium stearoyl lactylate neutralizer, acid: pigments Calcium stearoyl lactylate neutralizer, anionic surfaces: stock Eldorado PA-780; Eldorado Lube-20 neutralizer, cardboard EkaZeolite BMH neutralizer, pitch: papermaking Catiofast® GM neutralizer, pulp EkaZeolite BMH neutralizer, stickies: papermaking Catiofast® GM noncook additive, paper coating color formulations Airvol® 165SF nonmigratory, paper coatings Polyester adipate nonstick agent, paper coatings: box covering

Prox®-Ad WA 138 E nonstick agent, paper coatings: flat board covering Prox®-Ad WA 138 E nonstick agent, paper coatings: food pkg. Prox®-Ad WA 138 E nonstick agent, paper sticking: box covering Prox®-Ad WA 138 E nonstick agent, paper sticking: flat board covering Prox[®]-Ad WA 138 E nonstick agent, paper sticking: food pkg. Prox®-Ad WA 138 E odor adsorbent, adult incontinence prods. Abscents® 1000 odor adsorbent, baby diapers Abscents® 1000 odor adsorbent, feminine protection prods. Abscents® 1000 odor adsorbent, nonwoven wipes Abscents® 1000 odor adsorbent, ostomy prods. Abscents® 1000 odor control agent, hydrogen sulfide: pulp/ paper mills . ProSweet™ odor control agent, mercaptan: pulp/paper mills ProSweet™ odor control agent, sewage treatment Ammonium alum odor control agent, water purification Ammonium alum odor control agent, water treatment Ammonia; Ammonium hydroxide; Ammonium sulfate: Ozone odor control agent, water treatment/purification Chlorine dioxide odor control, water treatment Diatomaceous earth odor inhibitor Calcium hypochlorite; Ferric chloride; Sodium hypochlorite odor neutralizer, pulp/paper mills Liquid Water (WS) & Oil Soluble oil additive, pulp/paper Lumisorb™ SML; Lumisorb™ SMO; Lumisorb™ SMP oil holdout improver, paper at calender Aqualon® CMC-1 oil holdout improver, paper at size presses Aqualon[®] CMC-T oil repellent 2-(N-Ethylperfluorooctanesulfonamido) ethyl acrylate oil repellent, paper Zonyl® NF; Zonyl® RP oil repellent, paper sizes Fluorad[®] FX-13 oil repellent, paper: aq./fatty food-contact Perfluoroalkyl acrylate copolymer oil repellent, paper: food pkg. Foraperle® 321 oil repellent, paperboard Zonyl® NF; Zonyl® RP oil repellent, paperboard: aq./fatty foodcontact Perfluoroalkyl acrylate copolymer oil repellent, paperboard: food pkg. Foraperle® 321 oil resistance aid, paper Lodvne® oil resistance aid, paperboard Lodyne® oilproofing agent, food pkg. paper Synthro®-Pel FOX 505 oilproofing agent, greaseproof paper Synthro®-Pel FOX; Synthro®-Pel FOX 505 oilproofing agent, paper

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Carboxymethyl corn starch; Sodium carboxymethyl corn starch moisture retention aid, cardboard Rhodoviol® 4/125 moisture retention aid, coating colors Acrosol[™] C 50 L; Sterocoll[®] F moisture retention aid, paper Aqualon® CMC-T; Rhodoviol® 4/125 moisture retention aid, paper coatings Carboxymethyl corn starch; Prox® A 899 E; Rheovis®; Sodium carboxymethyl corn starch; Vandrox[®] 185F: Vandrox[®] 186 moisture retention aid, papermaking Locust Bean Gum Type A-100; Locust Bean Gum Type A-250; Locust Bean Gum Type A-270; Powdered Guar Gum Type A; Powdered Guar Gum Type AA; Powdered Guar Gum Type B; Powdered Guar Gum Type BB moisture retention aid, size presses Pen-cote® Starch moisture retention aid, specialty paper coatings Pen-cote® Starch moisturizer Acrylates/C10-30 alkyl acrylate crosspolymer; 1,2,6-Hexanetriol; Hydrolyzed soy protein moisturizer, cellulose films Sodium PCA moisturizer, paper Sodium PCA mold inhibitor Thiourea mold inhibitor, paper Barium metaborate mold inhibitor, paperboard Vancide[®] MZ-96 Disp. mold inhibitor, soap wraps Vancide[®] MZ-96 Disp. mold release agent A-C® 7; A-C® 7A; A-C® 8; A-C® 8A; A-C® 9, 9A, 9F; A-C[®] 629; A-C[®] 629A; Acrawax[®] C; Actrasol SR 75; Actrasol SRK 75; Ammonium oleic sulfate; C20-40 pareth-10; DeTHOX ACID S-8; Diactyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Epolene® C-13; Epolene® C-14; Epolene® C-17; Epolene® E-10; Epolene® E-15; Epolene® E-20; Epolene® N-11; Epolene® N-14; Epolene® N-20; Epolene® N-21; Epolene® N-34; Ethylene distearamide; EXP-58 Silicone Wax; Glyceryl oleate; GP-223; Halocarbon Grease 19; Halocarbon Grease 25-5S; Halocarbon Grease 25-10M; Halocarbon Grease 25-20M; Halocarbon Grease 28; Halocarbon Grease 28LT: Halocarbon Grease 32: Halocarbon Grease X90-10M; Halocarbon Oil 0.8; Halocarbon Oil 1.8; Halocarbon Oil 4.2; Halocarbon Oil 6.3; Halocarbon Oil 27; Halocarbon Oil 56: Halocarbon Oil 95: Halocarbon Oil 200; Halocarbon Oil 400; Halocarbon Oil 700; Halocarbon Oil 1000N; Halocarbon Wax 40; Halocarbon Wax 600; Halocarbon Wax 1200; Halocarbon Wax 1500; Hubercarb® Q 200T; Hydrogenated menhaden oil; Hydrogenated soybean oil; Igepal® CO-850; Kemamide® W-20; Kemamide® W-39; Kemamide® W-40; Kemamide® W-45; *Kerosene*; Krytox[®] DF; Krytox[®] DF250/IPA; Krytox[®] DF/IPA; Krytox[®] DF/W; Lipowax C; Lumulse™ GMO; Luwax® LGE; Mica; Microthene® FN 502-18; Microthene® FN 517-00; Microthene® FN 519-00; Palm (Elaeis guineensis) oil; PEG-2M; PEG-13 oleate; PEG-23 oleate; PEG-8 sesquioleate; Petrac® Calcium Stearate CP-11; Petrac® Calcium Stearate CP-11 LS; Petrolite® E-2020; Pluriol® E 200; Polyethylene, oxidized; Polyset® 2015; Potassium oleic sulfate; PPG-28-buteth-35; Silicone emulsions; Sodium diisooctyl sulfosuccinate; Stearamide MEA; Stearamide MEA-stearate; Stearamine; Tristearin;

Unithox[®] 450; Vestowax[®] C 60; Witcamide[®] MAS; Zinc laurate; Zinc stearate mold release agent, calendering Alkamide[®] STEDA mold release agent, coatings Stearamide mold release agent, extrusion Alkamide® STEDA mold release agent, films Stearamide mold release agent, food-contact molded articles No Stik 806 mold release agent, paper No Stik 806; Pluracol® E400 NF; Pluracol® E600 NF; Pluracol® E1450; Pluracol® E2000; Pluracol® E4500; Pluracol® E8000 molluscicide, cooling water systems Sanibrom™ 40; Sanibrom™ 45 molluscicide, pulp/paper mills Sanibrom[™] 40; Sanibrom[™] 45 molluscicide, wastewater systems Sanibrom™ 40; Sanibrom™ 45 monomer inhibitor, paper/paperboard: aq./ fatty food-contact Hydroquinone; Hydroquinone ethyl ether; Hydroquinone monomethyl ether monomer, paper coatings Ageflex FM-68; Cyclohexane dimethanol diacrylate; Cyclohexane dimethanol dimethac-rylate; PEG-3 trimethylolpropane triacrylate monomer, paper treatment Octyl acrylate monomer, polymerizable: solvent coatings for nonwoven fiber Lauryl methacrylate monomer, protective coatings Octyl acrylate mordant Antimony trioxide; Copper hydroxide (ic); Ferric chloride; Ferric oxide; Sodium aluminate; Sodium thiosulfate anhydrous mordant, dye Aluminum formate; Aluminum hydroxide; Aluminum sulfate; Ammonium alum; Copper nitrate (ic); Ecco Aluminum Formate; Fumaric acid; Potassium alum anhydrous; Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous; Sodium stannate; Tannic acid mordant, thickening Dextrin neutralization, alkaline prods. Hydrochloric acid neutralization, waste materials Hvdrochloric acid neutralizer Ammonia; Calcium carbonate; Calcium monocarbonate; Hexamethylenetetramine; Isopropanolamine; Morpholine; Potassium acetate; Varonic® K-210 neutralizer, acid: flame retardants Calcium stearoyl lactylate neutralizer, acid: pigments Calcium stearoyl lactylate neutralizer, anionic surfaces: stock Eldorado PA-780; Eldorado Lube-20 neutralizer, cardboard EkaZeolite BMH neutralizer, pitch: papermaking Catiofast® GM neutralizer, pulp EkaZeolite BMH neutralizer, stickies: papermaking Catiofast® GM noncook additive, paper coating color formulations Airvol® 165SF nonmigratory, paper coatings Polyester adipate nonstick agent, paper coatings: box covering

Prox®-Ad WA 138 E nonstick agent, paper coatings: flat board covering Prox®-Ad WA 138 E nonstick agent, paper coatings: food pkg. Prox®-Ad WA 138 E nonstick agent, paper sticking: box covering Prox®-Ad WA 138 E nonstick agent, paper sticking: flat board covering Prox®-Ad WA 138 E nonstick agent, paper sticking: food pkg. Prox®-Ad WA 138 E odor adsorbent, adult incontinence prods. Abscents® 1000 odor adsorbent, baby diapers Abscents® 1000 odor adsorbent, feminine protection prods. Abscents® 1000 odor adsorbent, nonwoven wipes Abscents® 1000 odor adsorbent, ostomy prods. Abscents® 1000 odor control agent, hydrogen sulfide: pulp/ paper mills . ProSweet™ odor control agent, mercaptan: pulp/paper mills ProSweet™ odor control agent, sewage treatment Ammonium alum odor control agent, water purification Ammonium alum odor control agent, water treatment Ammonia; Ammonium hydroxide; Ammonium sulfate: Ozone odor control agent, water treatment/purification Chlorine dioxide odor control, water treatment Diatomaceous earth odor inhibitor Calcium hypochlorite; Ferric chloride; Sodium hypochlorite odor neutralizer, pulp/paper mills Liquid Water (WS) & Oil Soluble oil additive, pulp/paper Lumisorb™ SML; Lumisorb™ SMO; Lumisorb™ SMP oil holdout improver, paper at calender Aqualon® CMC-1 oil holdout improver, paper at size presses Aqualon[®] CMC-T oil repellent 2-(N-Ethylperfluorooctanesulfonamido) ethyl acrylate oil repellent, paper Zonyl[®] NF; Zonyl[®] RP oil repellent, paper sizes Fluorad[®] FX-13 oil repellent, paper: aq./fatty food-contact Perfluoroalkyl acrylate copolymer oil repellent, paper: food pkg. Foraperle® 321 oil repellent, paperboard Zonyl® NF; Zonyl® RP oil repellent, paperboard: aq./fatty foodcontact Perfluoroalkyl acrylate copolymer oil repellent, paperboard: food pkg. Foraperle® 321 oil resistance aid, paper Lodvne® oil resistance aid, paperboard Lodyne® oilproofing agent, food pkg. paper Synthro®-Pel FOX 505 oilproofing agent, greaseproof paper Synthro®-Pel FOX; Synthro®-Pel FOX 505

oilproofing agent, paper

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Carboxymethyl corn starch; Sodium carboxymethyl corn starch moisture retention aid, cardboard Rhodoviol® 4/125 moisture retention aid, coating colors Acrosol[™] C 50 L; Sterocoll[®] F moisture retention aid, paper Aqualon® CMC-T; Rhodoviol® 4/125 moisture retention aid, paper coatings Carboxymethyl corn starch; Prox® A 899 E; Rheovis®; Sodium carboxymethyl corn starch; Vandrox[®] 185F: Vandrox[®] 186 moisture retention aid, papermaking Locust Bean Gum Type A-100; Locust Bean Gum Type A-250; Locust Bean Gum Type A-270; Powdered Guar Gum Type A; Powdered Guar Gum Type AA; Powdered Guar Gum Type B; Powdered Guar Gum Type BB moisture retention aid, size presses Pen-cote® Starch moisture retention aid, specialty paper coatings Pen-cote® Starch moisturizer Acrylates/C10-30 alkyl acrylate crosspolymer; 1,2,6-Hexanetriol; Hydrolyzed soy protein moisturizer, cellulose films Sodium PCA moisturizer, paper Sodium PCA mold inhibitor Thiourea mold inhibitor, paper Barium metaborate mold inhibitor, paperboard Vancide[®] MZ-96 Disp. mold inhibitor, soap wraps Vancide[®] MZ-96 Disp. mold release agent A-C® 7; A-C® 7A; A-C® 8; A-C® 8A; A-C® 9, 9A, 9F; A-C[®] 629; A-C[®] 629A; Acrawax[®] C; Actrasol SR 75; Actrasol SRK 75; Ammonium oleic sulfate; C20-40 pareth-10; DeTHOX ACID S-8; Diactyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Epolene® C-13; Epolene® C-14; Epolene® C-17; Epolene® E-10; Epolene® E-15; Epolene® E-20; Epolene® N-11; Epolene® N-14; Epolene® N-20; Epolene® N-21; Epolene® N-34; Ethylene distearamide; EXP-58 Silicone Wax; Glyceryl oleate; GP-223; Halocarbon Grease 19; Halocarbon Grease 25-5S; Halocarbon Grease 25-10M; Halocarbon Grease 25-20M; Halocarbon Grease 28; Halocarbon Grease 28LT: Halocarbon Grease 32: Halocarbon Grease X90-10M; Halocarbon Oil 0.8; Halocarbon Oil 1.8; Halocarbon Oil 4.2; Halocarbon Oil 6.3; Halocarbon Oil 27; Halocarbon Oil 56: Halocarbon Oil 95: Halocarbon Oil 200; Halocarbon Oil 400; Halocarbon Oil 700; Halocarbon Oil 1000N; Halocarbon Wax 40; Halocarbon Wax 600; Halocarbon Wax 1200; Halocarbon Wax 1500; Hubercarb® Q 200T; Hydrogenated menhaden oil; Hydrogenated soybean oil; Igepal® CO-850; Kemamide® W-20; Kemamide® W-39; Kemamide® W-40; Kemamide® W-45; *Kerosene*; Krytox[®] DF; Krytox[®] DF250/IPA; Krytox[®] DF/IPA; Krytox[®] DF/W; Lipowax C; Lumulse™ GMO; Luwax® LGE; Mica; Microthene® FN 502-18; Microthene® FN 517-00; Microthene® FN 519-00; Palm (Elaeis guineensis) oil; PEG-2M; PEG-13 oleate; PEG-23 oleate; PEG-8 sesquioleate; Petrac® Calcium Stearate CP-11; Petrac® Calcium Stearate CP-11 LS; Petrolite® E-2020; Pluriol® E 200; Polyethylene, oxidized; Polyset® 2015; Potassium oleic sulfate; PPG-28-buteth-35; Silicone emulsions; Sodium diisooctyl sulfosuccinate; Stearamide MEA; Stearamide MEA-stearate; Stearamine; Tristearin;

Unithox[®] 450; Vestowax[®] C 60; Witcamide[®] MAS; Zinc laurate; Zinc stearate mold release agent, calendering Alkamide[®] STEDA mold release agent, coatings Stearamide mold release agent, extrusion Alkamide® STEDA mold release agent, films Stearamide mold release agent, food-contact molded articles No Stik 806 mold release agent, paper No Stik 806; Pluracol® E400 NF; Pluracol® E600 NF; Pluracol® E1450; Pluracol® E2000; Pluracol® E4500; Pluracol® E8000 molluscicide, cooling water systems Sanibrom™ 40; Sanibrom™ 45 molluscicide, pulp/paper mills Sanibrom[™] 40; Sanibrom[™] 45 molluscicide, wastewater systems Sanibrom™ 40; Sanibrom™ 45 monomer inhibitor, paper/paperboard: aq./ fatty food-contact Hydroquinone; Hydroquinone ethyl ether; Hydroquinone monomethyl ether monomer, paper coatings Ageflex FM-68; Cyclohexane dimethanol diacrylate; Cyclohexane dimethanol dimethac-rylate; PEG-3 trimethylolpropane triacrylate monomer, paper treatment Octyl acrylate monomer, polymerizable: solvent coatings for nonwoven fiber Lauryl methacrylate monomer, protective coatings Octyl acrylate mordant Antimony trioxide; Copper hydroxide (ic); Ferric chloride; Ferric oxide; Sodium aluminate; Sodium thiosulfate anhydrous mordant, dye Aluminum formate; Aluminum hydroxide; Aluminum sulfate; Ammonium alum; Copper nitrate (ic); Ecco Aluminum Formate; Fumaric acid; Potassium alum anhydrous; Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous; Sodium stannate; Tannic acid mordant, thickening Dextrin neutralization, alkaline prods. Hydrochloric acid neutralization, waste materials Hvdrochloric acid neutralizer Ammonia; Calcium carbonate; Calcium monocarbonate; Hexamethylenetetramine; Isopropanolamine; Morpholine; Potassium acetate; Varonic® K-210 neutralizer, acid: flame retardants Calcium stearoyl lactylate neutralizer, acid: pigments Calcium stearoyl lactylate neutralizer, anionic surfaces: stock Eldorado PA-780; Eldorado Lube-20 neutralizer, cardboard EkaZeolite BMH neutralizer, pitch: papermaking Catiofast® GM neutralizer, pulp EkaZeolite BMH neutralizer, stickies: papermaking Catiofast® GM noncook additive, paper coating color formulations Airvol® 165SF nonmigratory, paper coatings Polyester adipate nonstick agent, paper coatings: box covering

Prox®-Ad WA 138 E nonstick agent, paper coatings: flat board covering Prox®-Ad WA 138 E nonstick agent, paper coatings: food pkg. Prox®-Ad WA 138 E nonstick agent, paper sticking: box covering Prox®-Ad WA 138 E nonstick agent, paper sticking: flat board covering Prox®-Ad WA 138 E nonstick agent, paper sticking: food pkg. Prox®-Ad WA 138 E odor adsorbent, adult incontinence prods. Abscents® 1000 odor adsorbent, baby diapers Abscents® 1000 odor adsorbent, feminine protection prods. Abscents® 1000 odor adsorbent, nonwoven wipes Abscents® 1000 odor adsorbent, ostomy prods. Abscents® 1000 odor control agent, hydrogen sulfide: pulp/ paper mills . ProSweet™ odor control agent, mercaptan: pulp/paper mills ProSweet™ odor control agent, sewage treatment Ammonium alum odor control agent, water purification Ammonium alum odor control agent, water treatment Ammonia; Ammonium hydroxide; Ammonium sulfate: Ozone odor control agent, water treatment/purification Chlorine dioxide odor control, water treatment Diatomaceous earth odor inhibitor Calcium hypochlorite; Ferric chloride; Sodium hypochlorite odor neutralizer, pulp/paper mills Liquid Water (WS) & Oil Soluble oil additive, pulp/paper Lumisorb™ SML; Lumisorb™ SMO; Lumisorb™ SMP oil holdout improver, paper at calender Aqualon® CMC-1 oil holdout improver, paper at size presses Aqualon[®] CMC-T oil repellent 2-(N-Ethylperfluorooctanesulfonamido) ethyl acrylate oil repellent, paper Zonyl[®] NF; Zonyl[®] RP oil repellent, paper sizes Fluorad[®] FX-13 oil repellent, paper: aq./fatty food-contact Perfluoroalkyl acrylate copolymer oil repellent, paper: food pkg. Foraperle® 321 oil repellent, paperboard Zonyl® NF; Zonyl® RP oil repellent, paperboard: aq./fatty foodcontact Perfluoroalkyl acrylate copolymer oil repellent, paperboard: food pkg. Foraperle® 321 oil resistance aid, paper Lodvne® oil resistance aid, paperboard Lodyne® oilproofing agent, food pkg. paper Synthro®-Pel FOX 505 oilproofing agent, greaseproof paper Synthro®-Pel FOX; Synthro®-Pel FOX 505

oilproofing agent, paper

Synthro®-Pel FOX; Synthro®-Pel FOX 505 oil-proofing prods. Hycar[®] 1572 opacifier Carbon black; Cetyl alcohol; Erucamide; Magnesium oxide; Methyl soyate; Mica; Montan wax; PEG-6 dilaurate; PEG-12 dilaurate; PEG-32 dilaurate; PEG-6 dioleate; PEG-20 dioleate; PEG-32 dioleate; PEG-20 distearate; PEG-32 distearate; PEG-8 ditallate; PEG-12 ditallate; PEG-2 laurate SE; PEG-32 laurate: PEG-20 oleate: PEG-32 oleate: PEG-75 oleate; PEG-32 stearate; Polystyrene; Propylene glycol distearate; Sachtolith® HD-S; Sachtolith® L; Silica, hydrated; Styrene/PVP copolymer, Synthetic beeswax opacifier, base stock coatings Albacar® PCC opacifier, clutch paper Celite® 263; Celite® 321; Celite® 388 opacifier, coated free sheets Reactopaque® 100; Reactopaque® 150; Reactopaque® 175 opacifier, coated printing paper Ti-Pure® R-794; Ti-Pure® R-795; Ti-Pure® RPS Vantage® opacifier, coated writing paper Ti-Pure[®] R-794; Ti-Pure[®] R-795; Ti-Pure[®] RPS Vantage® opacifier, coatings Micro-White® Superamide; Pegosperse® 600 DOT; Ti-Pure® RPD Vantage® opacifier, fine printing paper Hydral® 710; Hydral® 716 opacifier, groundwood specialties Opacitex opacifier, industrial emulsions PEG-8 distearate opacifier, LWC Reactopaque® 100; Reactopaque® 150; Reactopaque® 175 opacifier, newsprint Reactopaque® 100; Reactopaque® 150; Reactopaque® 175 opacifier, newsprint filling Opacitex opacifier, paper Calcium carbonate; Calcium monocarbonate; Cecavon® NA 61; Cecavon® ZN 70; Cecavon[®] ZN 735; Lumulse[™] DGS; Lumulse[™] DGS-C; Lumulse[™] DGS-N; Micro-White® Superamide; Pegosperse® 400 DOT; Pegosperse[®] 600 DOT; Reacopague 100; Ropaque® BC-643; *Titanium dioxide*; Ultrapaque® PCC; WW Filler™ opacifier, paper coatings Albaglos® PCC; Alphatex HP; Microblanc 1; Opacarb® PCC; Opacitex; Ropaque® HP-1055; Ropaque® HP-543P; Ti-Pure® R-794; Ti-Pure[®] R-795; Ti-Pure[®] RPS Vantage[®] opacifier, paper filling Alphatex HP opacifier, paper finishes Koster Keunen Beeswax opacifier, paper: food-contact Styrene/acrylic copolymer ammonium salt opacifier, paperboard Ropaque® BC-643 opacifier, paperboard Ti-Pure® R-794; Ti-Pure® R-795; Ti-Pure® RPS Vantage® opacifier, paperboard coatings Ropaque® HP-1055; Ropaque® HP-543P opacifier, papermaking PEG-2 stearate opacifier, papermaking: acid/alkaline Styrene/acrylic copolymer ammonium salt opacifier, paraffin Vybar® 103 opacifier, pigment grinding

Propylene glycol myristate opacifier, pulp/paper Polypax EGDS; Polypax EGMS opacifier, saturating paper Ti-Pure® R-794; Ti-Pure® R-795; Ti-Pure® RPS Vantage® opacifier, surfactant systems Methyl hydroxystearate opacifier, tissue grades Reactopaque[®] 100; Reactopaque[®] 150; Reactopaque® 175 opacifier, uncoated fine paper Albacar® PCC opacifier, uncoated free sheets Reactopaque® 100; Reactopaque® 150; Reactopaque® 175 opacifier, uncoated printing paper Ti-Pure[®] R-794; Ti-Pure[®] R-795; Ti-Pure[®] RPS Vantage® opacifier, water treatment PEG-6 distearate; Pegosperse® 400 DOT; Pegosperse® 600 DOT opacifier, waxes Propylene glycol myristate opacifier, wet-end papermaking Ti-Pure[®] RPD Vantage[®] opacifier, wet-end: coated paper base sheets Vantalc[®] 6H opacifier, wet-end: papermaking Vantalc[®] 6H opacifier, wet-end: uncoated bond paper Vantalc[®] 6H opacifier, white fine paper Pontamine[™] Black SP Liq. optical brightener 4,4 - Diaminostilbene-2,2 - disulfonic acid; Disodium 2,2 -(1,2-ethenediyl) bis [5-[[4-[bis (2hydroxyethyl) amino]-6-(phenylamine)-1,3,5triazin-2-yl] amino] benzenesulfonate; Morpholine optical brightener, alkaline paper stock conditions Optiblanc[®] NL; Optiblanc[®] NL 70 optical brightener, calcium carbonate-filled paper Leucophor® AP Liq. optical brightener, casein-based paper coatings Leucophor® AP Liq. optical brightener, coatings Optiblanc[®] RL 140 optical brightener, neutrally sized paper Leucophor® AP Liq. optical brightener, paper Leucophor[®] NS Liq.; Optiblanc[®] HL 400; Optiblanc® KLN; Optiblanc® PLC; Optiblanc® RL 120; Optiblanc® RL 140; Optiblanc® RL 140T; Optiblanc® RL 200; Optiblanc® XL 30; Optiblanc® XLN optical brightener, paper coating colors Optiblanc[®] CL 300 optical brightener, paper coatings 7-Diethylamino-4-methylcoumarin; Leucophor® U Liq.; Leucophor® UKO Liq.; Leucophor® UO Liq.; Optiblanc® NL; Optiblanc® NL 70; Optiblanc[®] RL 200; Optiblanc[®] SL 250 optical brightener, paper mills Optiblanc® NF 120 optical brightener, paper stock Leucophor® U Liq.; Leucophor® UKO Liq.; Leucophor® UO Liq.; Optiblanc® NF 120; Optiblanc[®] NF 140; Optiblanc[®] NF 200 optical brightener, paper stock Optiblanc[®] RL 200 optical brightener, paper surface treatment Leucophor® SHR Liq. optical brightener, paper surfaces Optiblanc[®] BRC; Optiblanc[®] BRC 70; Optiblanc[®] NF 120; Optiblanc[®] NF 140; Optiblanc[®] NF 200

optical brightener, paper/paperboard: foodcontact Benzenesulfonic acid, 2,2'-(1,2-ethenediyl) bis [5-[[4-[bis (2-hydroxyethyl) amino]-6-[(4sulfophenyl) amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl] amino]-, tetrasodium salt optical brightener, paper: dry food Leucophor® U Liq. optical brightener, paper: fatty food Leucophor® U Liq. optical brightener, paperboard: dry food Leucophor[®] U Liq. optical brightener, paperboard: fatty food Leucophor® U Liq. optical brightener, photographic paper Leucophor® BCF Ultra Powd.; Tinopal® SFP optical brightener, photographic paper: coating formulation Leucophor® CN Liq. optical brightener, photographic paper: size presses Leucophor® CN Liq. optical brightener, photographic paper: stock Leucophor® CN Lig. optical brightener, photographic prints Tinopal[®] SFP optical brightener, size press coatings Leucophor® NS Liq. optical brightener, size presses Leucophor[®] U Liq.; Leucophor[®] UKO Liq.; Leucophor® UO Liq.; Optiblanc® RL 140; Optiblanc® RL 200 optical brightener, sized paper stock Leucophor[®] AP Liq. optical brightener, unsized paper stock Leucophor[®] AP Liq. optical brightener, water-borne coatings Tinopal[®] SFP optical polymers Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate oxidizing agent t-Butyl hydroperoxide; Calcium hypochlorite; Chlorine dioxide; Sodium peroxide; T-Hydro® Sol'n. oxidizing agent, bleaching fats Benzoyl peroxide oxidizing agent, bleaching flours Benzoyl peroxide oxidizing agent, bleaching oils Benzoyl peroxide oxidizing agent, bleaching waxes Benzoyl peroxide oxidizing agent, dyes Ferric chloride oxidizing agent, dyestuffs Ammonium persulfate; Sodium chlorate oxidizing agent, industrial/municipal water/ wastewater Hydrogen peroxide oxidizing agent, paper pulp Sodium chlorite oxidizing agent, pulp bleaching Sodium chlorate oxidizing agent, pulp/paper Albone[®] 35; Albone[®] 50; Albone[®] 70; Albone[®] 70 DG; Tysul® WW 35; Tysul® WW 50; Tysul® WW 70 DG oxidizing agent, wastewater Adox 8125 oxidizing agent, wastewater treatment Tysul® WW 35; Tysul® WW 50; Tysul® WW 70 DG oxidizing agent, wood pulp Hydrogen peroxide oxo alcohols prod. Decene-1 oxygen control agent, pulp/paper mill boiler systems OptiGuard™ oxygen scavenger

oxygen scavenger, utility boiler feedwater systems: pulp/paper CorTrol™

oxygen scavenger, water treatment Hydroquinone; Sodium bisulfite oxygen source, pulp/paper bleaching

t-Butyl hydroperoxide; T-Hydro® Sol'n.

paper

Acrawax[®] C; Aerosol[®] C-61; Airflex[®] 320; Airflex® 323; Airflex® 426; Airflex® 4500; Airvol[®] 125; Airvol[®] 203; Airvol[®] 425; Airvol[®] 502; Airvol® MH-82; Airvol® MM-14; Airvol® MM-51; Airvol® MM-81; AL 1701; AL 4190; AL 4781; AL 6919; Alumina; Aluminum hydroxide; Aluminum oleate; Aluminum palmitate; Ammonium caseinate; Ammonium nonoxynol-9 sulfate; Antarox[®] 25-R-2; Antarox[®] 31-R-1; Aquaquest 2130; Asbestos; ASP[®] 072; Bafixan[®] Dyes; Basoplast[®] 265 D; Bayprint[™] Blue Tint Base E-1031; Bayprint™ Red Tint Base E-1032; Bayprint™ Yellow Tint Base E-1033; Belsperse® 164; Bersize® 6205; Bersoft® 4600; Busan® 1223; Butyl acid phosphate; Bynel® CXA; Calcium oxide; Calcium sulfate hemihydrate; Calcium sulfite; Caprolactone acrylate monomer; Carbowax® PEG 540 Blend; Casein; Catiofast® PL; Cellulose acetate; Charlab™ CHT Rapidoprint MS 30; Chromium sulfate, basic; CN 383; CN 384; Continex® LH-10; Continex® N351; C11-15 pareth-7; C11-15 pareth-9; C11-15 pareth-12; C12-15 pareth-7; Crill 1; Crillet 4; CS-10; Daratak® 61L; Daratak® 89L; Darex® 550L; n-Decane; Digitex™; Dihydroxyethyl cocamine oxide; Diphenyldimethoxysilane; Dispercel-A; Dispercel-AS; Eastek 2140; Eastman® TXIB; Ebecryl® 585; Ebecryl® 586; Ebecryl® 588; Ebecryl® 2047; Eccobond Adhesive 201 (Joyco Adhesive M1616); Eccopuff; Eldorado ALK-6000; Eldorado ALK-6031; Eldorado DEF-795; Eldorado DIC-107; Eldorado FCD-142; Eldorado FCD-5050; Elvanol® 50-42; Elvanol® 51-05; Elvanol® 52-22; Elvanol® 85-30; Elvanol[®] 85-82; Elvanol[®] HV; Empilan[®] KA3; Empilan® KA5; Empilan® KA5/90; Empilan® KA8/80; Empilan® KA10/80; Empiphos STP; Empiphos STP/1L; Empiphos STP/1P; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/D; Empiphos STP/D16; Empiphos STP/DMST; Empiphos STP/E; Empiphos STP/L16; Empiphos STP/M; Empiphos STP/MST; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/P; Epotuf® 3000; Epotuf® 3020-20 HDDA; Epotuf® 3020-25 TPGDA; Epotuf® 3210; Epotuf® 3230; Estalol®; Ethylex® 2005, 2015, 2020, 2025, 2035, 2040, 2065, 2075, 2095; 2-Ethylhexanol; Flexbond® 149: Flexbond® 150: Flexbond® 153: Flexbond® 165; Flexbond® 185; Flexcryl® 1625; Flexcryl® 1685; Foamkill® 830; Gallic acid; Gelatin; Geropon® T-33; Geropon® T-43; Geropon® T-51; Geropon® T-77; Glyceryl hydroxystearate; Hexyl methacrylate; Hi Selon; Hoechst Wax PED 821; Hoechst Wax PED 822; Imidazoline 18 DA; Imidazoline 18OH; Imidazoline SOH; Interbond® C; Isostearyl alcohol; Jaquar[®] CB-11; Jarcol[™] I-12; Jarcol[™] I-14T; Jarcol™ I-18E; Jarcol™ I-18T; Jarcol™ I-24; Jarcol[™] I-28; Jarcol[™] I-32; Jarcol[™] I-34T; Jarcol[™] I-36; Jaric I-12; Jaric I-14T; Jaric I-16; Jaric I-18T; Jaric I-20; Jaric I-24; Kevlar® 29, 49; Korad Klear; Koster Keunen Paraffin Wax; Krytox® DF; Krytox® DF250/IPA; Krytox® DF/ IPA; Krytox® DF/W; LamChem C-100-L; LamChem C-100-O; LamChem C-100-S LamChem C-100-T; Leaf River 90 Softwood; Leucophor® BCF Ultra Powd.; Levacell® Blue 6GLL Liq.; Levacell® Fast Yellow KS-R Liq.; Levacell® Red KS-4BE Conc.; Linoleyl alcohol; Magnesium chloride; Magnesium oxide;

Martinal® OL-104; Masil® EM 501; Mazu® DF 230SX; N-(2-Methacryloyloxyethyl) ethylene urea: Mhoromer® AM 103H: Mhoromer® AM 105H; Mhoromer[®] BM 711; Mhoromer[®] BM 713; Mhoromer® BM 731; Mhoromer® BM 903; Mhoromer® MMA; Microblanc 3; Mineral oil; MT 1971-D; Nafol® 1822; Nafol® 1822 B; Nafol® 1822 C; NeoCryl® B-728; NeoCryl® BT-175; Norfox® 90; ODSA; Oleic amidoethylimidazoline; Optiblanc® NF 140; Optiblanc® NF 200; PAPHEN® PKHC®; PAPHEN® PKHJ; PEG-5 castor oil: PEG-17 castor oil: PEG-8 ditallate; PEG-12 ditallate; PEG-8 isolauryl thioether; PEG-90M; PEG-115M; PEG-160M; Pergopak M2; Petroleum distillates; Photomer® 3016-20T; Photomer® 3016-40T; Photomer® 5018; Photomer[®] 6140; Photomer[®] 8061; Poloxamer 124; Poloxamer 181; Polyamidoamine; Polyurethane methacrylate; Polyvinyl acetate; Polyvinyl alcohol (partially hydrolyzed); Pontamine™ Black LFS Liq.; Pontamine™ Brilliant Orange 2R Liq.; Potassium alum dodecahydrate; Potassium silicate; Proxel® XL2; QEMI DSR 8117A; Rad-Cure 106A; Rad-Cure 106B; Rad-Cure 106S; Raven® H2O; Rohamere® 6844-0; Rohamere® 6852-0; Rohamere® 8437; Rosin; Ross Carnauba Wax; Servirox® OEG 45; Shellac; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SRE; Sodium alum; Sodium aluminate; Sodium bisulfate; Sodium caseinate; Sodium hydrosulfite; Sodium metasilicate pentahydrate; Sodium phosphoaluminate; Sodium sorbate; Sodium sulfite; SR 238; Starch, pregelatinized; Stearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Strontium sulfate; Sulfotex OA; Sulfurous acid; Syncol®; Synthemul® 40554-00; Synthetic wax; T-1133A; Tallowtrimonium chloride; TEGO® Wet 260; Teric™ PEG 200; Teric[™] PEG 300; Teric[™] PEG 400; Teric[™] PEG 600; Teric[™] PEG 1500; Teric[™] PEG 4000; Tiona® A-3000; Tiona® RCS-P; TL 4190; Triacetin; Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol, 2,2,4-diisobutyrate; Tris [1-(2-methyl-aziridinyl) phosphine oxide]; Tylac® 68321-00; Tylac® 68327-00; 1900 UHMW Polymers; Uniplex 250; Unisize® HA-26; Valtac 56; Valtac F-66; Vinac® 828; Vinac® 884; Vinac® H 60; Vinyl acetate/ ethylene/vinyl chloride terpolymer; Volan®; Volan® L: Zelec® ECP-1410-M: Zelec® ECP-1410-T; Zelec® ECP-1610-S; Zelec® ECP-1703-S; Zelec® ECP-2610-S; Zelec® ECP-2703-S; Zelec® ECP-3005-XC; Zelec® ECP-3010-XC; Zelec® ECP-3410-T; Zelec® ECP-3610-S; Zinc hydrosulfite paper additive A-C® 16; A-C® 712; A-C® 725; A-C® 735; A-C®

1702; A-C® 6702; Formic acid; Krytox® DF; Krytox® DF250/IPA: Krytox® DF/IPA: Krytox® DF/W; PEG-135; PEG-180; Pluronic® 17R2; Sodium oleate; TEBAC; Triethylenetetramine paper additive, calender stack Penford® Gum paper additive, coatings Penford[®] Gum paper additive, erasable bond paper Astrocote[™] 75 Starch paper additive, parchment paper Astrocote[™] 75 Starch paper additive, size press: clear sizes Penford® Gum paper additive, size press: pigmented formulas Penford® Gum

paper additive, specialty paper

Astrocote[™] 75 Starch

- paper additives
- Lipotin SB
- paper aq. dispersion
- Norsocryl® 2EHA; Norsocryl® BA; Norsocryl® MA

paper aq. process additive

- Dequest® 2006 paper auxiliary
- Diethylaminoethanol; Dimethylethanolamine; Genapol® X Grades; Praestaret®; Servoxyl® VPBZ 5/100; Servoxyl® VPDZ 3/100; Servoxyl® VPGZ 6/100; Servoxyl® VPIZ 100; Servoxyl® VPNZ 7/100; Servoxyl® VPPZ 100; Servoxyl® VPRZ 006/100; Servoxyl® VPRZ 0011/100; Servoxyl® VPTZ 003/100; Servoxyl® VPTZ 100; Servoxyl® VPVZ 12/ 100; Talloweth-11 phosphate; Teric[™] OF8; Vestowax[®] AO 1535; Vestowax[®] AO 1539; Vestowax[®] AO 2733; Vestowax[®] C 60; Zusolat 1004
- paper auxiliary raw material
- Coceth-5; Coceth-8; Coceth-10; Coceth-15; Coceth-20; Nonyl nonoxynol-16; Nonyl nonoxynol-30; Óleth-8; Óleth-12; Oleťh-15 paper auxiliary, acid papermaking
- Praestaret®
- paper auxiliary, cardboard
- Praestamin®
- paper auxiliary, carton Praestamin®
- paper auxiliary, copying paper
- Samstat-350
- paper auxiliary, heavily printed paper deinking Taurine-DEI
- paper auxiliary, paper **P**raestamin®
- paper auxiliary, paper coatings
- Pearl; Pearl AP, F
- paper auxiliary, pulp
- Praestafix®
- paper auxiliary, rosin consumption control: board sizing
- Suwax
- paper auxiliary, rosin consumption control: paper sizing
- Suwax
- paper auxiliary, size presses
- Pearl; Pearl AP, R
- paper auxiliary, tissue paper
- Samstat-350
- paper bag treatment, shipping cereals Pyrethrin I
- paper clear systems Photomer® 3015
- paper coating additive
- Eastone™ 147 Wax; Guar (Cyanopsis tetragono-loba) gum; Krytox® DF; Krytox® DF250/IPA; Krytox[®] DF/IPA; Krytox[®] DF/W
- paper coating component
- Staybelite[®]
- paper coating component, aq./fatty/dry foodcontact
 - Abex[®] 26S: Pulpsil[®] 160 C
- paper coating modifier
- K-Flex® UD-320W
- paper component, aq./fatty food-contact Qemiban; Qemireten 8015
- paper component, aq./fatty/dry food-contact AcryPrint[™] 2115; AcryPrint[™] 2129; AcryPrint[™] 2163; Aquaquest 2130; Belclene® 283; Crisotan R-5; Crisotan R-5M; Dur-O-Set® E-623; Dur-O-Set® E-646; DynaCoat™ XA; DynaCoat™ XC; Esi-Rez™ 50; Esi-Rez™ 53; Esi-Rez™ 60; Esi-Rez[™] 65; GenFlo[®] 557; GenFlo[®] 559; Jaguar® 2100®; Jaguar® 8707; Jaguar® CB-11; Jaguar® CB-123; Jaguar® CP-4; Jaguar® CP-13; Lycoid[®] 260; NeuRoz[®] 426; NeuRoz[®] 540; NeuRoz[®] 700; NeuRoz[®] XC-7; Nopcote[®] 1680; Nopcote® 3560; Nopcote® 6510 Free; Nopcote C-104; Nopcote® C-104-HS; Nopcote® C-104-HS Free; Plasmine KN-500; Plasmine® N-750-P; Plasmine® PLH-50; Plasmine® PLH-55; Prox®-Ad WA 138 E; Prox®-Size A 925 E; Pulpsil® 760 E; QEMI BSW 8131; QEMI BSW 8133; QEMI MDF 8019;

Sodium hydrosulfite; Sulfur dioxide

oxygen scavenger, utility boiler feedwater systems: pulp/paper CorTrol™

oxygen scavenger, water treatment Hydroquinone; Sodium bisulfite

oxygen source, pulp/paper bleaching t-Butyl hydroperoxide; T-Hydro® Sol'n.

paper

Acrawax[®] C; Aerosol[®] C-61; Airflex[®] 320; Airflex® 323; Airflex® 426; Airflex® 4500; Airvol® 125; Airvol® 203; Airvol® 425; Airvol® 502; Airvol® MH-82; Airvol® MM-14; Airvol® MM-51; Airvol® MM-81; AL 1701; AL 4190; AL 4781; AL 6919; Alumina; Aluminum hydroxide; Aluminum oleate; Aluminum palmitate; Ammonium caseinate; Ammonium nonoxynol-9 sulfate; Antarox[®] 25-R-2; Antarox[®] 31-R-1; Aquaquest 2130; Asbestos; ASP[®] 072; Bafixan[®] Dyes; Basoplast[®] 265 D; Bayprint[™] Blue Tint Base E-1031; Bayprint™ Red Tint Base E-1032; Bayprint™ Yellow Tint Base E-1033; Belsperse® 164; Bersize® 6205; Bersoft[®] 4600; Busan[®] 1223; Butyl acid phosphate; Bynel[®] CXA; Calcium oxide; Calcium sulfate hemihydrate; Calcium sulfite; Caprolactone acrylate monomer; Carbowax® PEG 540 Blend; Casein; Catiofast® PL; Cellulose acetate; Charlab™ CHT Rapidoprint MS 30; Chromium sulfate, basic; CN 383; CN 384; Continex® LH-10; Continex® N351; C11-15 pareth-7; C11-15 pareth-9; C11-15 pareth-12; C12-15 pareth-7; Crill 1; Crillet 4; CS-10; Daratak® 61L; Daratak® 89L; Darex® 550L; n-Decane; Digitex™; Dihydroxyethyl cocamine oxide; Diphenyldimethoxysilane; Dispercel-A; Dispercel-AS; Eastek 2140; Eastman® TXIB; Ebecryl® 585; Ebecryl® 586; Ebecryl® 588; Ebecryl® 2047; Eccobond Adhesive 201 (Joyco Adhesive M1616); Eccopuff; Eldorado ALK-6000; Eldorado ALK-6031; Eldorado DEF-795; Eldorado DIC-107; Eldorado FCD-142; Eldorado FCD-5050; Elvanol® 50-42; Elvanol® 51-05; Elvanol® 52-22; Elvanol® 85-30; Elvanol[®] 85-82; Elvanol[®] HV; Empilan[®] KA3; Empilan® KA5; Empilan® KA5/90; Empilan® KA8/80; Empilan® KA10/80; Empiphos STP; Empiphos STP/1L; Empiphos STP/1P; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/D; Empiphos STP/D16; Empiphos STP/DMST; Empiphos STP/E; Empiphos STP/L16; Empiphos STP/M; Empiphos STP/MST; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/P; Epotuf® 3000; Epotuf® 3020-20 HDDA; Epotuf® 3020-25 TPGDA; Epotuf® 3210; Epotuf® 3230; Estalol®; Ethylex® 2005, 2015, 2020, 2025, 2035, 2040, 2065, 2075, 2095; 2-Ethylhexanol; Flexbond® 149; Flexbond® 150; Flexbond® 153; Flexbond® 165; Flexbond® 185; Flexcryl® 1625; Flexcryl® 1685; Foamkill® 830; Gallic acid; Gelatin; Geropon® T-33; Geropon® T-43; Geropon® T-51; Geropon® T-77; Glyceryl *hydroxystearate; Hexyl methacrylate;* Hi Selon; Hoechst Wax PED 821; Hoechst Wax PED 822; Imidazoline 18 DA; Imidazoline 180H; Imidazoline SOH; Interbond® C; Isostearyl alcohol; Jaguar® CB-11; Jarcol™ I-12; Jarcol™ I-14T; Jarcol™ I-18E; Jarcol™ I-18T; Jarcol™ I-24; Jarcol[™] I-28; Jarcol[™] I-32; Jarcol[™] I-34T; Jarcol[™] I-36; Jaric I-12; Jaric I-14T; Jaric I-16; Jaric I-18T; Jaric I-20; Jaric I-24; Kevlar® 29, 49; Korad Klear; Koster Keunen Paraffin Wax; Krytox® DF; Krytox® DF250/IPA; Krytox® DF/ IPA; Krytox® DF/W; LamChem C-100-L; LamChem C-100-O; LamChem C-100-S LamChem C-100-T; Leaf River 90 Softwood; Leucophor® BCF Ultra Powd.; Levacell® Blue 6GLL Liq.; Levacell® Fast Yellow KS-R Liq.; Levacell® Red KS-4BE Conc.; Linoleyl alcohol; Magnesium chloride; Magnesium oxide;

Martinal® OL-104; Masil® EM 501; Mazu® DF 230SX; N-(2-Methacryloyloxyethyl) ethylene urea; Mhoromer® AM 103H; Mhoromer® AM 105H; Mhoromer[®] BM 711; Mhoromer[®] BM 713; Mhoromer® BM 731; Mhoromer® BM 903; Mhoromer® MMA; Microblanc 3; Mineral oil; MT 1971-D; Nafol® 1822; Nafol® 1822 B; Nafol® 1822 C; NeoCryl® B-728; NeoCryl® BT-175; Norfox® 90; ODSA; Oleic amidoethylimidazoline; Optiblanc® NF 140; Optiblanc® NF 200; PAPHEN® PKHC®; PAPHEN® PKHJ; PEG-5 castor oil; PEG-17 castor oil; PEG-8 ditallate; PEG-12 ditallate; PEG-8 isolauryl thioether; PEG-90M; PEG-115M; PEG-160M; Pergopak M2; Petroleum distillates; Photomer® 3016-20T; Photomer® 3016-40T; Photomer® 5018; Photomer[®] 6140; Photomer[®] 8061; Poloxamer 124; Poloxamer 181; Polyamidoamine; Polyurethane methacrylate; Polyvinyl acetate: Polyvinyl alcohol (partially hydrolyzed); Pontamine™ Black LFS Liq.; Pontamine™ Brilliant Orange 2R Liq.; Potassium alum dodecahydrate; Potassium silicate; Proxel® XL2; QEMI DSR 8117A; Rad-Cure 106A; Rad-Cure 106B; Rad-Cure 106S; Raven® H2O; Rohamere® 6844-0; Rohamere® 6852-0; Rohamere® 8437; Rosin; Ross Carnauba Wax; Servirox® OEG 45; Shellac; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SRE; Sodium alum; Sodium aluminate; Sodium bisulfate; Sodium caseinate; Sodium hydrosulfite; Sodium metasilicate pentahydrate; Sodium phosphoaluminate; Sodium sorbate; Sodium sulfite; SR 238; Starch, pregelatinized; Stearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Strontium sulfate; Sulfotex OA; Sulfurous acid; Syncol®; Synthemul® 40554-00; Synthetic wax; T-1133A; Tallowtrimonium chloride; TEGO® Wet 260; Teric™ PEG 200; Teric[™] PEG 300; Teric[™] PEG 400; Teric[™] PEG 600; Teric[™] PEG 1500; Teric[™] PEG 4000; Tiona® A-3000; Tiona® RCS-P; TL 4190; Triacetin; Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol, 2,2,4-diisobutyrate; Tris [1-(2-methyl-aziridinyl) phosphine oxide]; Tylac® 68321-00; Tylac® 68327-00; 1900 UHMW Polymers; Uniplex 250; Unisize® HA-26; Valtac 56; Valtac F-66; Vinac® 828; Vinac® 884; Vinac® H 60; Vinyl acetate/ ethylene/vinyl chloride terpolymer; Volan®; Volan® L: Zelec® ECP-1410-M: Zelec® ECP-1410-T; Zelec® ECP-1610-S; Zelec® ECP-1703-S; Zelec® ECP-2610-S; Zelec® ECP-2703-S; Zelec® ECP-3005-XC; Zelec® ECP-3010-XC; Zelec® ECP-3410-T; Zelec® ECP-3610-S: Zinc hvdrosulfite paper additive

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- A-C® 16; A-C® 712; A-C® 725; A-C® 735; A-C® 1702; A-C[®] 6702; Formic acid; Krytox[®] DF; Krytox® DF250/IPA: Krytox® DF/IPA: Krytox® DF/W; PEG-135; PEG-180; Pluronic® 17R2; Sodium oleate; TEBAC; Triethylenetetramine paper additive, calender stack Penford® Gum paper additive, coatings
- Penford[®] Gum
- paper additive, erasable bond paper Astrocote[™] 75 Starch
- paper additive, parchment paper Astrocote™ 75 Starch
- paper additive, size press: clear sizes Penford® Gum
- paper additive, size press: pigmented formulas Penford[®] Gum
- paper additive, specialty paper
- Astrocote[™] 75 Starch
- paper additives
- Lipotin SB
- paper aq. dispersion
- Norsocryl® 2EHA; Norsocryl® BA; Norsocryl® MA

paper aq. process additive

Dequest® 2006

- paper auxiliary Diethylaminoethanol; Dimethylethanolamine; Genapol® X Grades; Praestaret®; Servoxyl® VPBZ 5/100; Servoxyl® VPDZ 3/100; Servoxyl® VPGZ 6/100; Servoxyl® VPIZ 100; Servoxyl® VPNZ 7/100; Servoxyl® VPPZ 100; Servoxyl® VPRZ 006/100; Servoxyl® VPRZ 0011/100; Servoxyl® VPTZ 003/100; Servoxyl® VPTZ 100; Servoxyl® VPVZ 12/ 100; Talloweth-11 phosphate; Teric[™] OF8; Vestowax[®] AO 1535; Vestowax[®] AO 1539; Vestowax[®] AO 2733; Vestowax[®] C 60; Zusolat 1004 paper auxiliary raw material Coceth-5; Coceth-8; Coceth-10; Coceth-15; Coceth-20; Nonyl nonoxynol-16; Nonyl
- nonoxynol-30; Óleth-8; Óleth-12; Oleťh-15 paper auxiliary, acid papermaking
- Praestaret®
- paper auxiliary, cardboard
- Praestamin®
- paper auxiliary, carton Praestamin®
- paper auxiliary, copying paper
- Samstat-350
 - paper auxiliary, heavily printed paper deinking . Taurine-DEI
- paper auxiliary, paper **P**raestamin®
- paper auxiliary, paper coatings
- Pearl; Pearl AP, F
- paper auxiliary, pulp
- Praestafix®
- paper auxiliary, rosin consumption control: board sizing
- Suwax
- paper auxiliary, rosin consumption control: paper sizing
- Suwax
- paper auxiliary, size presses
- Pearl; Pearl AP, R
- paper auxiliary, tissue paper
- Samstat-350
- paper bag treatment, shipping cereals Pyrethrin I
- paper clear systems Photomer® 3015
- paper coating additive
 - Eastone™ 147 Wax; Guar (Cyanopsis tetragono-loba) gum; Krytox® DF; Krytox® DF250/IPA; Krytox[®] DF/IPA; Krytox[®] DF/W
- paper coating component
- Staybelite[®]
- paper coating component, aq./fatty/dry foodcontact
- Abex[®] 26S: Pulpsil[®] 160 C
- paper coating modifier K-Flex® UD-320W
- paper component, aq./fatty food-contact Qemiban; Qemireten 8015
- paper component, aq./fatty/dry food-contact AcryPrint[™] 2115; AcryPrint[™] 2129; AcryPrint[™] 2163; Aquaquest 2130; Belclene® 283; Crisotan R-5; Crisotan R-5M; Dur-O-Set® E-623; Dur-O-Set® E-646; DynaCoat™ XA; DynaCoat™ XC; Esi-Rez™ 50; Esi-Rez™ 53; Esi-Rez™ 60; Esi-Rez[™] 65; GenFlo[®] 557; GenFlo[®] 559; Jaguar® 2100®; Jaguar® 8707; Jaguar® CB-11; Jaguar® CB-123; Jaguar® CP-4; Jaguar® CP-13; Lycoid[®] 260; NeuRoz[®] 426; NeuRoz[®] 540; NeuRoz[®] 700; NeuRoz[®] XC-7; Nopcote[®] 1680; Nopcote® 3560; Nopcote® 6510 Free; Nopcote C-104; Nopcote® C-104-HS; Nopcote® C-104-HS Free; Plasmine KN-500; Plasmine[®] N-750-P; Plasmine[®] PLH-50; Plasmine[®] PLH-55; Prox[®]-Ad WA 138 E; Prox®-Size A 925 E; Pulpsil® 760 E; QEMI BSW 8131; QEMI BSW 8133; QEMI MDF 8019;

QEMI MDF 8021; QEMI MDF 8023; QEMI SSDF 8013; Qemidink 8001; Qemidink 8002; Resyn® 25-1103; Resyn® 25-1114; Resyn® 25-1120; Resyn® 25-1140; Resyn® 25-1151; Resyn® 25-1152; Resyn® 25-1150; Resyn® 1090; Sequabond® 7880; Sequabond® TR 7830; Starcote®; Synthro®-Pel WA 491; Ti-Pure[®] RPD Vantage[®]; Ti-Pure[®] RPS Vantage[®] paper component, dry food-contact Abex[®] EP-110; Geropon[®] T/36DF; Geropon[®] TA/72/S; Nacrylic X 4280; Nopcote® 1675; Nopcote[®] DC-1153 paper component, food-contact Indopol® H-100; Indopol® H-1500; Indopol® L-10; Rhodorsil® Emulsion 865A; Rhodorsil® Emulsion 878; Stanfax 238; Stanfax 560; Stanfax 968 paper defoamer component PEG-12 dioleate paper deinking Methyl lardate paper dispersions Hoechst Wax PED 153 paper dye prod. 5-Nitroacenaphthene paper films, heat sealable Epolene® C-16; Epolene® C-18 paper finishes Acrylates copolymer paper finishing Dimethyl hydantoin-formaldehyde polymer paper finishing emulsions Butyl methacrylate; Hexyl methacrylate; Lauryl methacrylate; Stearyl methacrylate paper gaskets Animal glue paper impregnants/sizes Ross Ceresine Wax paper impregnating hydrogel Ġlycidyl methacrylate paper machine retention **Ö**pazil® paper mill boilers, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty food-contact Sodium poly (isopropenylphosphonate) paper modifier Blemmer GLM; Epiol NPG-100; Epiol TMP-100; K-Flex® XM-2304 paper pigmented systems Photomer® 3015 paper plates Parvan® 154 paper pulp Calcium hydroxide paper pulping Sodium bisulfide paper saturation emulsion Everflex[®] GT paper sizing additive Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum paper sizing resins Fumaric acid paper sizing, internal Starch, pregelatinized paper suspensions Ċarbomer paper treatment Amoco® H-15; Amoco® L-14; Amoco® L-50; Araldite® 95-101; Araldite® ECN 1400; Araldite® PY 323; Araldite® PZ 3901; Araldite® PZ 3917; Araldite[®] XU 3900; Araldite[®] XU 3903; DL-Diepoxybutane; Diphenyldimethoxysilane; Snowtex S; Snowtex ST-20L; Snowtex ST-40; Snowtex ST-50; Snowtex ST-C; Snowtex ST-N; Snowtex ST-O; Snowtex ST-O-30; Snowtex ST-O-40; Snowtex ST-OL; Snowtex ST-OL-40; Snowtex ST-OS; Snowtex ST-S; Snowtex ST-XS; Snowtex XS paper upgrading Ebecryl® 600

paper, aq./fatty food-contact Eldorado WT-30 paper, blueprint Stannic chloride paper, carbon Butyl stearate; Carnauba (Copernica cerifera) wax; Hoechst Wax E; Hoechst Wax OP; Koster Keunen Oxidized Microcrystalline Wax; Penreco Red paper, carbonless s-Butylbiphenyl; Di/tri-isopropylbiphenyl; Sure Sol®-290: Sure Sol®-300: Sure Sol®-330: Sure Sol®-333; Sure Sol®-450; Sure Sol®-480; 1,3,5-Triisopropylbenzene paper, carbonless copying Thermosil® paper, coarse lute paper, coated Airflex® 400; s-Amyl acetate; HM-0814; Leaf River 90 Softwood; Metalure® L-53520; Metalure® L-54893; Metalure® L-54894; Metalure® L-54949; Metalure® L-55350; Metalure® L-55700; Metalure® L-56161; Metalure® L-56716; Shamrock Hydrocer 100; Shamrock Hydrocer 200; Thermosil®; Tylac® 68217-00; Tylac® 68219-00 paper, coated: food-contact Busan® 1058 paper, copying Bismuth subsalicylate paper, dry food-contact Eldorado WT-30 paper, filtration Mica paper, food pkg. Abex® EP-120; Abex® JKB; Advawax® 240; Ammonium naphthalene sulfonate; Bevaloid 581B; Bevaloid 2512; Bevaloid 2514; Bevaloid 6624; Bevaloid 6683; Blankophor® P01; Blankophor® P167; BNX® 1010; Borax; Carboxylated styrene butadiene; Ceteareth; Citroflex[®] A-4; Citroflex[®] A-4 Special; Colloid[™] 685; C10-12 pareth-3; C10-12 pareth-6; C10-12 pareth-6; C10-12 pareth-8; C12-14 pareth-1; C12-14 pareth-3; C12-14 pareth-4; C12-14 pareth-7; C12-14 pareth-8; C12-14 pareth-11; C14-16 pareth-7; Crill 1; Crill 4; Cumar® LX®-509; Cumar® R-3; Cumar® R-11; Cumar® R-12 (V-2, V-2½); Cumar® R-13; Cumar® R-17; DelONIC OPE-5; DeIONIC OPE-7.5; DeIONIC OPE-10; DeIONIC OPE-12; DeIONIC OPE-30; DeIONIC OPE-40; DeMIDE LA-100; DeMIDE LLA-100; DeMIDE MFM-200; DeMIDE MFS-200; DeMIDE ML-100; DeMIDE MLY-100; DeMIDE RCN-100; DeMIDE RCN-100HV; DeMIDE RCN-200; DeMIDE RCN-276; DeMIDE RCN-MCY-100; DeMIDE RCN-ME-100; DeMULS PSML-20; DeMULS PSMO-80; DeMULS PSMS-60; DeMULS SMS; DePEG 40-CO; DeSULF SEH-40; DeSULF SLS-30LC; DeSULF SLS-30LS; DeTHOX ACID S-8; DeTHOX ACID TO-8.5; DeTHOX ACID TO-14; DeTHOX ACID TO-16.5; DeWET SDO-70PG; DeWET SDO-75E; DeWET SMA-80; Disponil® SUS IC 875; Drewplus® L-108; Drewplus® L-140; Drewplus[®] L-407; Drewplus[®] L-493; Drewplus® L-768; Drewplus® Y-250; Dymsol® B; Elvace[®] 40722-00; Elvanol[®] 50-42; Elvanol® 51-05; Elvanol® 52-22; Elvanol® 70-06; Elvanol® 90-50; Empol® 1004; Empol® 1007; Empol® 1008; Empol® 1016; Empol® 1018; Empol® 1020; Empol® 1022; Empol® 1024; Empol® 1026; Emulgator E 30; Epolene® C-10; Epolene® C-13; Epolene® C-14; Epolene® C-15; Epolene® C-17; Epolene® C-18; Epolene® N-10; Epolene® N-11; Epolene® N-14; Epolene® N-20; Epolene® N-21 Epolene[®] N-34; EPON[®] Resin 825; EPON[®] Resin 826; EPON® Resin 828; EPON® Resin 1001F; EPON® Resin 1004F; EPON® Resin

1007F; EPON® Resin 1009F; EPON® Resin 2002-FC-10; Exxsol® D 80; Exxsol® D 110; Exxsol® D 130: Foam Blast 106: Foam Blast 240; Geropon[®] BIS/SODICO-2; Geropon[®] CYA/ DEP; Geropon® DOS; Good-Rite® K-702 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-732 Polymer; Good-Rite[®] K-739 Polymer; Good-Rite[®] K-752 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-759 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-765 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-766 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7028 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7028N Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7058 Polymer: Good-Rite® K-7058D Polymer: Good-Rite® K-7058N Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7600N Polymer; GPRI[™] 4000; GPRI[™] 7550; GPRI[™] 7590; GPRI™ BKS-2600; GPRI™ BKS-2900; GPRI[™] BKS-2901; Hercolite[®] 240; Hercolite[®] 290; Hercolyn® D; Hycar® 26138; Hydrosulfite® AWC; Igepal® CA-630; Igepal® CO-850; Igepal® CO-880; Igepal® CO-887; Igepal® CO-897; Igepal® CO-977; Irganox® 259; Irganox[®] 1035; Irganox[®] 1520 D/L; Jayflex[®] DHP; Kemamide[®] W-39; Kemamide[®] W-40; Kemamide® W-45; Koster Keunen Candelilla; Lignosite® 260; Lomar® LS-1; Lomar® LS Liq.; Lomar[®] PL; Lomar[®] PWA; Lomar[®] PWA Lig.; Loxiol® G 11; Loxiol® G 13; Loxiol® G 20; Loxiol[®] G 21; Loxiol[®] G 53; Lucidene[®] 5030; Lucidene[®] 5040; Maranil[®] A 25 IS; Maranil[®] Paste A 55; Methyl hydrogenated rosinate; Modaflow[®] 2100; Modaflow[®] Powder 2000; Modaflow[®] Powder III; Modaflow[®] Resin; Monawet MM-80; Monawet MO-70; Monawet MO-70E; Monawet MO-70R; Monawet MO-70S; Monawet MO-75E; Monawet MO-84R2W; Monawet MO-85P; Monawet SNO-35; Multiflow[®] Resin; Nevtac[®] 10°; Nevtac[®] 80; Nevtac[®] 100; Nevtac[®] 115; Nipacide[®] BIT 20; Nonyl nonoxynol-7; Nuosept® 95; Octoxynol; Ombrelub® CD; Pamolyn® 200; Pamolyn® 240; Patcote® 801; PEG/PPG-35/9 copolymer; PEG/PPG-125/30 copolymer; PEG-14 tallate; PEG-1.3 tetramethyl decynediol; PEG-3.5 tetramethyl decynediol; PEG-10 tetramethyl decynediol; PEG-30 tetramethyl decynediol; Pluronic[®] P-2000; *Polydimethylsiloxane*; POLYSTEP® B-3; POLYSTEP® B-5; POLYSTEP® B-7; POLYSTEP® B-24; POLYSTEP® F-1; POLYSTEP® F-2; POLYSTEP® F-3: POLYSTEP® F-4: POLYSTEP® F-5; POLYSTEP® F-6; POLYSTEP® F-9; POLYSTEP® F-95; POLYSTEP® F-10; POLYSTEP® F-95B; POLYSTEP® OP-9; POLYSTEP® OP-3070; POLYSTEP® OP-4070; Polystix® 90 Resin; Polywax® 500; Polywax® 600; Polywax® 655; Polywax[®] 850; Polywax[®] 1000; Polywax[®] 2000; Polywax[®] 3000; Polywet[®] ND-35; Polywet® WTC 6512; Polywet® Z1766; Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate; Protectol® GDA; Protectol® GL 40; Protectol® TOE; Protectol® TOE Granules; Proxel® BD 20; Proxel® DL; Proxel® XL2; Rheolate® 2001; Rhodacal[®] 3594; Rhodacal[®] DS/4-E25; Rhodacal® DS-10; Rhodafac® RE-610; Rhodafac® RS-610; Rhodafac® RS-710; Rhodapon[®] LCP; Rhodapon[®] LSB; Rhodapon® UB/E-30; Rhodapon® UB/E-N; Rosin, polymerized; Ross Candelilla Wax; Ross Japan Wax; Ross Wax #140; Shamrock Hydrocer 145; Shamrock Neptune 5038; Shamrock Neptune I N1; Shamrock Neptune I SP5; Shamrock S-232 MG; Shamrock S-232 N1; Shamrock S-232 N5; Shamrock S-236; Shamrock S-379 H; Shamrock S-379 N; Shamrock S-379 N3; Shamrock S-381 N1; Shamrock S-381 N5; Shamrock S-394 N1; Shamrock S-394 N5; Shamrock S-394 SP5; Shamrock S-395 N2; Shamrock S-395 N5; Shamrock S-395 SP5; Shamrock S-400 N1; Shamrock S-400 N5; Shamrock S-400 SP5;

Shamrock S-483; Shamrock S-Nauba 5021; Shamrock Taber Tiger 5512; Sipernat® 50S; Slip-Ayd[®] SL 555; Struktol[®] Calcium Stearate; Struktol[®] TR 044; Struktol[®] TR 121; Struktol[®] TR 131; Super Nevtac® 99; Surfonic® DNP-70; Surfonic® DNP-80; Surfonic® DNP-100; Surfonic® DNP-1500; Surfonic® L12-3; Surfonic® L12-6; Surfonic® L12-8; Surfonic® L24-1.3; Surfonic[®] L24-3; Surfonic[®] L24-4; Surfonic® L24-7; Surfonic® L24-9; Surfonic® L24-12; Surfonic® L46-7; Surfonic® L68-18; Surfonic[®] L610-3; Surfonic[®] L1270-2; Surfonic® L1285-2; Surfonic® N-10; Surfonic® N-31.5; Surfonic® N-40; Surfonic® N-60; Surfonic® N-85; Surfonic® N-95; Surfonic® N-100; Surfonic® N-102; Surfonic® N-120; Surfonic® N-150; Surfonic® N-200; Surfonic® N-300; Surfonic[®] N-400; Surfonic[®] NB-307; Surfonic[®] NB-407; Surfonic[®] NB-557; Surfonic® OP-15; Surfonic® OP-35; Surfonic® OP-50; Surfonic® OP-70; Surfonic® OP-100; Surfonic® OP-120; Surfonic® OPB-407; Surfynol® 420; Surfynol® 440; Surfynol® 465; Surfynol® 485; Surfynol® 504; Surfynol® DF-37; Surfynol® DF-70; Surfynol® DF-695; Surfynol® PSA-336; Surfynol® SE-F; Surfynol® SM-740; Surfynol® SM-745; Sylvaros® R; Sylvatac® 40N; Sylvatac® 80N; Sylvatac® 100NS; Sylvatac® 105NS; Sylvatac® 295; Sylvatac® 1085; Sylvatac® 1100; Sylvatac® 1103; Sylvatac[®] 2110; Sylvatac[®] R85; Sylvatac® RX; Tall oil glycerides; Tamol® 850; Tamol® 960; T-Det® A126; T-Det® A243; T-Det® A247; T-Det® A249; T-Det® A467; T-Det® A2412; T-Det® EPO-61; T-Det® EPO-62L; T-Det® EPO-64L; T-Det® EPO-104; Tektamer® 38; Tektamer® 38 A.D.; Tektamer® 38 L.V.; Teric[™] N2; Teric[™] N4; Teric[™] N5; Teric[™] N6; Teric[™] N9; Teric[™] N10; Teric[™] N12; Teric[™] N13; Teric[™] N15; Teric[™] N20; Teric[™] N30; Texapon® K-12 PA 15; Troysan® 586; Trycol® 6961; Trycol® 6962; Trycol® 6970; Trycol® 6974; Trycol® 6975; Trycol® 6984; Tryfac® 5556; Tylac® 68219-00; Ucarfloc® Polymer 300; Ucarfloc® Polymer 302; Ucarfloc® Polymer 304; Ucarfloc® Polymer 309; Ucon® 75-H-1400; Ucon® 75-H-9500; Ucon® 75-H-90000; Ultrathene® UE 631-04; Ultrathene® UE 634-04; Ultrathene® UE 634-67; Ultrathene® UE 639-67; Ultrathene® UE 649-04; Ultrathene® UE 653-67; Ultrathene® UE 654-67; Uniplex 84; Uniplex 108; Uniplex 150; Uniplex 155; Uniplex 250; Uniplex 260; Uniplex 600; Vinac® XX-211; Vinac® XX-241; Vista LPA; Vista LPA-142; Vista LPA-170; Vybar® 103; Vybar® 260; Zonarez® 7115; Zonarez® 7115 LT; Zonarez[®] 7125; Zonarez[®] 7125 LT; Zonarez® A-25: Zonarez® B-115: Zonarez® B-125; Zonarez® M-1115; Zonatac® 105; Zonatac[®] 105L; Zonatac[®] 115L; Zonester[®] 85; Zonester® 100

paper, food-contact

Abitol®-E; Acriflow 041-S; Acriflow 050-S; Acriflow 141 S; Acriflow 241-M; Acriflow 241-SA; Acumer® 1110; Acumer® 2100; Acumer® 4161; Acumer® 9000; Acumer® 9141; Acumer® 9300; Acumer® 9400; Acumer® 9400; Acusol® 820; Acusol® 823; Acusol® 830; Acusol® 842; Aerosol® 18; Ageflex FA-1Q80DMS; Ageflex FA-1Q80MC; Ageflex FA-2Q50DMS; Ageflex FA-1Q80MC; Ageflex FA-2Q50DMS; Ageflex FM-1Q75MC; Ageflex FM-1Q80DMS; Agefloc A50HV-P; Agefloc A50LV-P; Agefloc A50-P; Agefloc A4506; Agefloc A4510; Agefloc B50-P; Agefloc PC20HV; Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206; Agequat C505; Agestat 41T; Agitan® 650; Amerfloc® 275; Amerfloc® 285; Amerfloc® 485; AMPS® 2401 Monomer; AMPS® 2404 Monomer; Avirol® SL 2010; Avirol® SL 2020 G; B20F; B200; Bubreak®

401D; Bubreak® 403; Bufloc® 5551; Bufloc® 5554; Busan® 11-M2; Busan® 1059; Busan® 1059-WS; Busan® 1130; Busperse® 39; Busperse® 275; Busperse® 282; Castor (Ricinus communis) oil; Cat-Floc® 8151; Cat-Floc® 8959; Chargemaster® R415; Chargemaster® R462; Chargemaster® R515; Chargemaster® R615; Chargepac® 8; C10-11 isoparaffin; C11-12 isoparaffin; C11-13 isoparaffin; C13-14 isoparaffin; Citroflex® 2; Coatmaster[®] K50F; Coatmaster[®] K61F; Coatmaster[®] K500; Colloid[™] 985; Cyasorb[®] UV-3529; Dapro® DF 1161; DeTHOX ACID L-9; DeTHOX ACID O-9; DeTHOX ACID O-14; DeTHOX ACID O-16; Disponil® O 250; Dow Corning[®] Antifoam 1520-US; Dymsol[®] 2031; Dyqex[®]; Emulsifier K 30 40%; Emulsifier K 30 68%; Emulsifier K 30 76%; Emulsifier K 30 95%; Esi-CryI™ 316N; Exxsol® D 40; Exxsol® D 60; Fascat® 9100; Fascat® 9102; Fascat® 9201; Formasil® 45; Hercules® 2043; Hydraid® 7607; Hydraid® 7736 EZ; Hydraid® 7871; Hydraid® 8105; Hydraid® 8182 EZ; Hydrosulfite of Soda, 70%; Hydrosulfite of Soda Conc.; Isopar[®] G; Isopar[®] H; Isopar[®] K; Isopar® L; Isopar® M; Isopar® V; Jayflex® DINA; Jayflex® DINP; Jayflex® DIOP; L-45 Series; Leukonöl LBA-2; Lignosite® 431; Lignosite® 458; Lignosite® 823; Lignosite® AC; Loxiol[®] G 10; Loxiol[®] G 15; Loxiol[®] G 23; Loxiol® HOB 7111; Loxiol® HOB 7169; Lustrabrite® S; LX-685®,125; LX-685®,135; LX-782®; LX®-973; LX®-1035; LX®-1082; LX®-1082,280; LXR-1122; LX®-1127; LX®-1200; LX®-1200,130; Mayzo RA-120W; Mergal® K 7; Mergal® K 9N; Mergal® K 10N; Metasol® 350; Microlube™ C; Monawet MT-70; Monawet MT-80H2W; Nagellite® 3050; Naugard® 10; Neobor®; Nevex® 100; Nevpene® 9500; Nonoxynol-55; Nonoxynol-70; Nonyl nonoxynol-8; Nonyl nonoxynol-10; Nonyl nonoxynol-150; Norpar® 12; Norpar® 15; Novapol® HD-2100-A; Novapol® PD-2115-A; Novapol® PF-Y821-BP; Novapol[®] PF-Y821-CP; Novapol[®] TF-Y534-IP; Novapol[®] TF-Y822-BP; Novapol[®] TF-Y822-CP; Novapol® TR-0338-U; Novapol® TR-0338-UG; Novapol® TR-0535-U; Novapol® TR-0535-UG; Octosperse 662; Octowet 70D; Orlene® 1340: PAPHEN® PKFE: PAPHEN® PKHC®; PAPHEN® PKHH; PAPHEN® PKHJ; PAPHEN® PKHM-301; PAPHEN® PKHS-40; PAPHEN® PKHW-35; Paracol® 404C Paradene® No. 2; Petrothene® NA 204-000; Petrothene® NA 214-000; Phenoxy resin; PM 3082; Polycup® 172; Polycup® 1884; Polyethylene, medium density; POLYSTEP® C-OP3S; Polystyrene; Polywet® ND-2; Proxel® GXL; Sag 730; Sclair® 10A; Sclair® 10B; Sclair® 10C; Sclair® 11B4; Sclair® 11P2; Sclair® 11P3; Sclair® 11P4; Sclair® 58G (High Gloss); Sclair® 61C; Sclair® 2607; Sclair® 2607-UV10; Sclair® 2908, 2908-UV8A; Sclair® 2909; Sclair® 8107; Sclair® 8107 UV8D, 8107G UV8D; Sclair® 8306 UV8D, 8306G UV8D; Sclair® 8405 UV8D, 8405G UV8D; Shamrock Hydrocer EC 98; Stanfax 320; Stanfax 388; Stanfax 1012; Stanfax 1066; STEPANOL® LCP; Struktol® PE H-100; Struktol® PE H-100 PL; Struktol® TR 016; Sulfopon® 101; Sulfopon® 101 Special; Sulfopon® 101 Special RHD; Surfonic[®] N-550; Surfonic[®] N-700; Surfonic® N-1000; Sylysia 256N; Sylysia 436; Sylysia 456; TEC; Texapon® 842; Texapon® EHS; Texapon® K-12 C Powd.; Texapon® K-12 Granules; Texapon® K-12 Needles; Texapon® K-1296 C Needles; Texapon® K-1296 Powd.; Texapon[®] LS Highly Conc. Needles; Texapon[®] OT Highly Conc. Needles; Texapon® T 42; Texapon® VHC Needles; Texapon[®] ZHC Needles; Texapon[®] ZHC

Powder; Tolcide® MBT; Troysperse W; Trycol® 5941; Ucar® VAGD; Ucar® VAGH; Ucar® VMCA; Ucar® VMCC; Ucar® VMCH; Vancryl® 600; Vancryl® 605; Vancryl® 610; Weston® 618; Xanthan Gum; XC-33 paper, impregnated Neoprene Latex 654 paper, insulation Mica paper, light-sensitive Copper nitrate (ic) paper, machine-coated Starch paper, photocopy Thiourea paper, radiation-curable Photomer® 3038 paper, reprographic 5-Sulfosalicylic acid; 5-Sulfosalicylic acid dihydrate paper, saturated cellulose Neoprene Latex 842A paper, security DPG paper, silicone-treated Disponil[®] SUS IC 875 paper, specialty Tiona® RCS-P; Unisize® HA-25; Unisize® HA-70 paper, syn. Polypropylene paper, thermal Gohsenol paper, thermoreactive Thermosil® paper, waxed Koster Keunen Ceresine; Koster Keunen Ozokerite; Parvan® 131; Parvan® 137; Pycal 94 paper, wet-strength Catiofast® PL; Polymin® PL paper/paperboard, aq./fatty food-contact Abex® 18S; Abex® 22S; Abex® 2515; Abex® 2525; Abex® 2535; Abex® 2545; Abex® VA 50; Acrylates/VA copolymer; Adipic acid/ dimethylaminohydroxypropyl diethylenetriamine copolymer, Adipic acid/epoxypropyl diethylenetriamine copolymer; Aluminum acetate; Aluminum myristates/palmitates; Ammonium isobutyl oleate sulfate; Ammonium lauryl sulfate; Ammonium oleate; Ammonium persulfate; Ammonium stearate; Ammonium tallow sulfate; Ammonium thiosulfate; Anthraquinone; Butyl benzyl phthalate; n-Butyraldehyde; Calcium carrageenan; Calcium disodium ÉDTA; Calcium lignosulfonate; Calcium stearoyl lactylate; Carrageenan (Chondrus crispus); Cellophane; Dibutyl phthalate; Dibutyl sebacate; Di (C7, C9-alkyl) adipate; Dicyclohexyl phthalate; Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Dimethicone; Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Dipropylene glycol; Edetic acid; EO/PO block polymer or copolymer, Ethylene/acrylic acid copolymer, Ethylene dioleamide; Ethylene distearamide; Ferric chloride; Ferrous ammonium sulfate; Furcelleran; Glyceryl butyl ricinoleate; Glyceryl hydroxystearate; Glyceryl ricinoleate; Glyceryl stearate lactate; Hoechst Wax PED 121; Hydrogenated castor oil; Hydrogenated fish oil; Hydrogenated fish oil, potassium salt; Hydrogenated polybutene; Hydrogenated tallow, Hydrogenated tallow acid, Hydrogenated tallow alcohol; Hydrolyzed collagen; Hydroxylated lecithin; Hydroxypropyl guar; Japan (Rhus succedanea) wax; Lanolin; Lignin sulfonate; Magnesium cocoate; Magnesium lauryl sulfate; Methylchloroisothiazolinone; Methylisothiazolinone; α -Methyl styrene/acrylic

acid copolymer; α-Methyl styrene/butyl

acrylate copolymer; α -Methyl styrene/2-

ethylhexylacrylate copolymer; α -Methyl styrene/methacrylic acid copolymer, α -Methyl styrene/methyl methacrylate copolymer; Methylstyrene/vinyltoluene copolymer; Microcrystalline wax; Mineral oil; Monoglyceride citrate; N-Oleoyl-N'-stearoyl ethylenediamine; Oleyl alcohol; Oxystearin; PEG-8 cocoate; PEG-8 coconut oil esters; PEG-8 dioleate; PEG-8 laurate; PEG-12 laurate; PEG-8 oleate; PEG-12 oleate; PEG-8 stearate; PEG-12 stearate; PEG-12 tallate; PEI-1500; Pentaervthrityl tetrastearate: Petrolatum: Petroleum wax; Polyethylene, oxidized; Polysodium vinyl sulfonate; Polyvinyl acetate; Polyvinyl alcohol; Polyvinyl butyral; Polyvinyl formal; Polyvinylidene chloride; Polyvinyl stearate; Potassium carrageenan; Potassium isobutyl oleate sulfate; Potassium lauryl sulfate; Potassium lignosulfonate; Potassium oleic sulfate; Potassium persulfate; Potassium tallate; Potassium tallow sulfate; PPG-26; Propylene glycol alginate; Propylene glycol dicaprylate; Propylene glycol dicaprylate/ dicaprate; Propylene glycol distearate; soyate; PVP; Rosin; Silica, hydrated; Sodium butyl oleate sulfate; Sodium carrageenan; Sodium decylbenzene sulfonate; Šodium 2ethylhexyl sulfate; Sodium hypochlorite; Sodium isobutyl oleate sulfate; Sodium laurate; Sodium Isobalyi siette sailate, Sodium lignosulfonate; Sodium methylnaphthalenesulfonate; Sodium oleoyl isopropanolamide sulfosuccinate; Sodium persulfate; Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate; Sodium tallow sulfate; Stannous oleate; Stearoyl lactylic acid; Styrene/acrylic acid copolymer; Styrene/butadiene polymer; Styrene/butyl acrylate copolymer; Styrene/2ethylhexyl acrylate copolymer, Styrene/ methacrylic acid copolymer; Styrene/methyl methacrylate copolymer; Sulfated butyl oleate; Sulfated castor oil; Sulfated isobutyl oleate; Sulfated mustardseed oil; Sulfated oleic acid; Sulfated rapeseed oil; Sulfated ricebran oil; Sulfated sperm oil; Tallow; Tallow alcohol; Tosylamide/formaldehyde resin; VA/crotonates copolymer; Vinyl acetate/acrylamide copolymer; Vinyl acetate/acrylic acid copolymer; Vinyl acetate/acrylonitrile copolymer; Vinyl acetate/butyl acrylate copolymer; Vinyl acetate/crotonic acid copolymer; Vinyl acetate/decyl acrylate copolymer, Vinyl acetate/diallyl fumarate copolymer; Vinyl acetate/diallyl maleate copolymer; Vinyl acetate/diallyl phthalate copolymer; Vinyl acetate/dibutyl maleate copolymer, Vinyl acetate/divinylbenzene copolymer; Vinyl acetate/ethylacrylate copolymer; Vinyl acetate/fumaric acid copolymer, Vinyl acetate/maleic acid copolymer; Vinyl acetate/methacrylic acid copolymer; Vinyl acetate/methyl acrylate copolymer, Vinyl acetate/methyl methacrylate copolymer; Vinyl acetate/styrene copolymer; Vinyl acetate/vinyl butyrate copolymer; Vinyl acetate/vinyl crotonate copolymer; Vinyl acetate/vinylidene chloride copolymer, Vinyl acetate/vinyl propionate copolymer; Vinyl acetate/vinyl pyrrolidone copolymer; Vinyl acetate/vinyl stearate copolymer; Vinyl acetate/vinyl sulfonic acid copolymer, Vinyl chloride/acrylonitrile copolymer, Vinylidene chloride/acrylamide copolymer, Vinylidene chloride/acrylic acid copolymer; Vinylidene chloride/acrylonitrile copolymer, Vinylidene chloride/butyl acrylate copolymer, Vinylidene chloride/butyl methacrylate copolymer; Vinylidene chloride/ethyl acrylate copolymer; Vinylidene chloride/ethyl methacrylate copolymer; Vinylidene chloride/fumaric acid

copolymer; Vinylidene chloride/methacrylic acid copolymer, Vinylidene chloride/methyl acrylate copolymer; Vinylidene chloride/methyl methacrylate copolymer; Vinylidene chloride/ propyl acrylate copolymer, Vinylidene chloride/ propyl methacrylate copolymer, Vinylidene chloride/vinyl chloride copolymer; Vinylidene chloride/vinyl sulfonic acid copolymer; Zinc laurate

paper/paperboard, dry food-contact Abex® 2020; Acrylamides copolymer; Acrylates copolymer: ACter® 1450: Alkenyl succinic anhydride; Ammonium maleic anhydride/ diisobutylene copolymer; Ammonium nitrate; Amylose; 2-Butanol; Butoxydiglycol; Candelilla (Euphorbia cerifera) wax; Crotonic acid homopolymer; N-Cyclohexyl-p-toluenesulfonamide; Decyl acrylate homopolymer; Diallyl fumarate homopolymer; Diallyl maleate homopolymer, Diallyl phthalate homopolymer, Dibutyl fumarate homopolymer; Di-tbutylhydroquinone; Dibutyl itaconate homopolymer, Dibutyl maleate homopolymer, Diethylenetriamine; Dioctyl fumarate homopolymer; Dioctyl maleate homopolymer; Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Divinylbenzene homopolymer; Erucamide; Ethoxydiglycol; Ethylene/acrylic acid/vinyl acetate copolymer; 2-Ethylhexyl acrylate homopolymer; FD&C Blue No. 1 aluminum lake; Fumaric acid homopolymer, Glyceryl caprate; Glycidyl methacrylate homopolymer; Hexylene glycol; Hydroabietyl alcohol; 2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate homopolymer, N-(Hydroxymethyl) acrylamide homopolymer; Isobutyl acrylate homopolymer; Isopropanolamine hydrochloride; Itaconic acid homopolymer; Lauramide DEA; Maleic anhydride homopolymer, Methacrylic acid homopolymer, Methyl alcohol; Nickel; B-Nitrostyrene; Nonoxynol-1; Nonoxynol-2; Nonoxynol-3; Nonoxynol-4; Nonoxynol-6; Nonoxynol-7; Nonoxynol-8; Nonoxynol-13; Nonoxynol-14; Nonoxynol-15; Nonoxynol-18; Nonoxynol-20; Nonoxynol-23; Nonoxynol-30; Nonoxynol-40; Nonoxynol-44; Nonoxynol-50; Nonoxynol-100; Nonoxynol-120; Octoxynol-1; Octoxynol-3; Octoxynol-5; Octoxynol-7 Octoxynol-8; Octoxynol-9; Octoxynol-10; Octoxynol-12; Octoxynol-13; Octoxynol-30; Octoxynol-33; Octoxynol-40; Octoxynol-70; Oleth-20; Oleth-23; Oleth-25; Oleth-40; Oleth-50; PEG-42 castor oil; PEG-16 tallate; Pine (Pinus palustris) oil; Poloxamer 181; Poloxamer 182; Poloxamer 217; Poloxamer 237; Poloxamer 338; Poloxamer 407; Polyacrylamide; Polyacrylic acid; Polyamideethyleneimine-epichlorohydrin resin; Poly [2-(diethylamino) ethyl methacrylate] phosphate; Polymethyl methacrylate; Polyvinyl butyrate; Polyvinyl chloride; Sodium borate; Sodium diisobutylphenoxy diethoxyethyl sulfonate; Sodium diisobutylphenoxy monoethoxyethyl sulfonate; Sodium laureth-50 sulfate; Sodium maleic anhydride/diisobutylene copolymer, Sodium methyl siliconate; Sodium octoxynol-2 ethane sulfonate; Sodium polyacrylate; Sodium xylenesulfonate; Styrene/allyl alcohol copolymer; Styrene/methacrylic acid copolymer, potassium salt; Toluene; VA/ crotonates/vinyl propionate copolymer; Vinyl crotonate homopolymer, Vinyl hexoate homopolymer; Vinyl pelargonate homopolymer; Vinyl sulfonic acid homopolymer; Xylene; Zinc stearate

paper/paperboard, food pkg. A-C® 6; A-C® 6A; A-C® 7; A-C® 7A; A-C® 8; A-C[®] 8A; A-C[®] 9, 9A, 9F; A-C[®] 15; A-C[®] 16; A-C[®] 316A; A-C[®] 325; A-C[®] 330; A-C[®] 392; A-C[®] 395, 395A; A-C[®] 400; A-C[®] 400A; A-C® 405(M); A-C® 405(S); A-C®

405(T); A-C® 430; A-C® 540; A-C® 540A; A-C® 580; A-C® 617; A-C® 617A; A-C® 629; A-C® 629A; A-C® 655; A-C® 5120; A-C® 5180; Acclaim[®] 2200; Acclaim[®] 3201; Acclaim[®] 4200; Acclaim® 6300; Acclaim® 8200; Acintol® R Type S; Acrylates/C10-30 alkyl acrylate crosspolymer; Acumer® 1000; Acumer® 1020; Acumer® 1100; Acumer® 1510; Acumer® 1850; ACumist® A-12; ACumist® A-18; ACumist[®] B-6; ACumist[®] B-9; ACumist[®] B-12; ACumist® B-18; ACumist® C-5; ACumist® C-9; ACumist[®] C-12; ACumist[®] C-18; ACumist[®] C-30; Acusol® 810; Advantage® 340F Advantage® 357 Defoamer; Advawax® 280; Aerosol® 22; Aerosol® MA-80; Aerosol® NPES 930; Aerosol® NPES 3030; Aerosol® OT-70 PG; Aerosol® OT-75%; Aerosol® OT-100%; Aerosol® OT-B; Aerosol® OT-S; Aerosol® TR-70; Airflex® 426; Airvol® 805; Airvol® 823; Airvol® 840; Alcosperse® 149; Alkamuls® EL-620; Alkamuls® EL-719; Alkanox® P-24; Ancamide® 220; Ancamide® 220-IPA-73; Ancamide® 220-X-70; Ancamide® 260A; Ancamide® 260TN; Ancamide® 350A; Ancamide[®] 375A; Ancamide[®] 500; Ancamide[®] 501; Ancamide® 502; Ancamide® 503; Ancamide[®] 506; Ancamide[®] 507; Ancamide[®] 700-B-75; Ancamine® DETA; Ancamine® TEPA; Ancamine® TETA; Anox® PP18; Arcol® PPG-3025; Arizona DR-22; Arizona DRS-40; Arizona DRS-42; Arizona DRS-43; Arizona DRS-44; Arkon M-90; Arkon M-100; Arkon M-115; Arkon M-135; Arkon P-70; Arkon P-90; Arkon P-100; Arkon P-115; Arkon P-125; Arkon P-140; ATBC; ATEC; Benzoflex® 2-45; Benzoflex® 9-88; Benzoflex® 50; Busperse® 203; CAB-171-15; CAB-321-0.1; CAB-381-0.1; CAB-381-0.5; CAB-381-2; CAB-381-2BP; CAB-381-20; CAB 500-1; CAB-500-5; CAB-531-1; CAB-551-0.01; CAB-551-0.2; Cab-O-Sil® EH-5; Cab-O-Sil® H-5; Cab-O-Sil® HS-5; Cab-O-Sil® L-90; Cab-O-Sil® LM-130; Cab-O-Sil® LM-150; Cab-O-Sil® LM-150D; Cab-O-Sil® M-5; Cab-O-Sil® M-5P; Cab-O-Sil® M-7D; Cab-O-Sil® MS-75D; Cab-O-Sil® PTG; Candelilla Wax SP 24A; Candelilla Wax SP 50; Candelilla Wax SP 75; Candelilla Wax SP 76; Candelilla Wax SP 78 Prime Quality Crude; Candelilla Wax SP 99; Candelilla Wax SP 350: Candelilla Wax SP 803; Candelilla Wax Fine; CAP-482-0.5; CAP-482-20; CAP-504-0.2; Carbomer; Carbopol® 907; Carbopol® 910; Carbopol® 934 Carbopol® 934P; Carbopol® 940; Carbopol® 941; Carbopol[®] 971P; Carbopol[®] 974P; Carbopol[®] 980; Carbopol[®] 981; Carbopol[®] 1342; Carbopol® 1382; Carbopol® 2984; Carbopol® 5984; Carbopol® ETD 2001; Carbopol® ETD 2020; Carbopol® ETD 2050; *C5 hydrocarbon resin*; Colloid[™] 60; Colloid[™] 202; Colloid[™] 681F; Dapro[®] DF 3163; Daratak[®] SP1012; DeWET SDTD-70; Disponil[®] AAP 43; Disponil® AAP 307; Disponil® AAP 436; Disponil[®] AES 21 IS; Disponil[®] AES 60 IS; Disponil[®] AES 72 IS; Disponil[®] MGS 65 IS; Disponil® NP 4; Disponil® NP 6; Disponil® NP 10; Disponil[®] NP 11; Disponil[®] NP 12; Disponil® NP 20; Disponil® NP 208; Disponil® NP 307; Dowicil® 75; Epolene® C-16; Escor® AT-310; Escor® AT-320; Escor® AT-325; Ethylene/methyl acrylate/acrylic acid terpolymer; EW-POL 7902 NaC 12; EW-POL 9110; Igepal® CA-880; Igepal® CA-887; Igepal® CA-890; Igepal® CA-897; Igepal® CO-630; Ionac Corcat[®] P-12; Ionac Corcat[®] P-600; *Isobutylene/MA copolymer*; Lucidene[®] 600; Lucidene[®] 602; Lumulse[™] GMO; *Melamine*formaldehyde resin; Metasol® CB-220; Metasol® CB-225 L.C.; Metasol® RB-20; Methyl acrylate polymer, Paracol® 404G; ParCell[™] A; ParCell[™] R; ParCell[™] S;
Patcote® 806; Patcote® 814; Patcote® 8060; Piccotac® 95T; *Polyethylene imine*; Rexfoam 301-A; Rhodapon® SM; *Rosin, maleated*; Shamrock Hydrocer EEP 33; Shamrock Hydrocer EP 91; Shamrock Neptune 968; *Silica, fumed; Sodium polycarboxylate; Styrene/butadiene polymer*; Supragil RM/77 DL; Tacolyn® 3085; Tamol® 731A; Tamol® 808

paper/paperboard, food-contact

Acrylamide/ethylene/vinyl chloride copolymer, 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid; Acrylates/acrylamide copolymer; Aluminum stearates; Ammonium tallate; Capric acid; Caprylic acid; Captan; Cetoleth-25; Diethylaminoethyl acrylate dimethyl sulfate quat; Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate dimethyl sulfate; Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate methyl chloride quat; Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate dimethyl sulfate quat.; Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate methyl chloride quat.; N,N Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine; Disodium cyanodithioimidocarbamate; Disodium oleamido MIPA-sulfosuccinate; Ethylene/vinyl chloride copolymer; Hydrogenated menhaden oil; Hydrogenated shark liver oil; 1-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-1-(4-chlorobutyl)-2-alkyl (C6-17) imidazolinium chloride; Itaconic acid; Magnesium tallowate; Melamine; Melamineformaldehyde resin; Melamine-formaldehyde resin, butylated; Melamine-formaldehyde resin, isobutylated; Nitrocellulose; Nonoxynol-5; Octoxynol-11; Octoxynol-16; Octoxynol-20; Octoxynol-25; PEG-3 sorbitan oleate; PEI-15; PEI-30; PEI-275; PEI-700; PEI-1000; PEI-1400; PEI-1750; PEI-2500; Phenol; Phenyl acid phosphate; Phosphinopolycarboxylic acid; Polyacrylonitrile; Polybond® 3002; Polybond® 3150; Polybutadiene; Polyethylacrylate; Polyethylene, very low-density; Poly (2hydroxypropyl-N,N-dimethyl ammonium *chloride); Polyisoprene; Poly-α-methylstyrene;* Polyox[®] WSR 205; Polyox[®] WSR 301; Polyox[®] WSR 303; Polyox[®] WSR 308; Polyox® WSR 3333; Polyox® WSR Coagulant; Polyox® WSR N-10; Polyox® WSR N-12K; Polyox® WSR N-60K; Polyox® WSR N-80; Polyox[®] WSR N-750; Polyox[®] WSR N-3000; Poly (vinyl propionate); Potassium alum dodecahydrate; Rubber hydrochloride; Sodium octoxynol-3 sulfate; Sodium palmitate; Stearamide DEA; Tamarind (Tamarindus indica) seed kernel powder; TEA-lauryl sulfate; Trisodium EDTA; Urea/formaldehyde resin; Urea/formaldehyde resin, butylated; Urea/ formaldehyde resin, isobutylated; Zirconyl ammonium carbonate

paperboard

Daratak® 89L; Eastacoat 808P; Eccobond Adhesive Special #2; Epotuf® 3000; Epotuf® 3020-20 HDDA; Epotuf® 3020-25 TPGDA; Epotuf® 3210; Epotuf® 3230; Huber BC®; Photomer® 3016-20T; Photomer® 3016-40T; Photomer® 8061; Sulfotex OA; Tiona® RCS-P; Unisize® HA-26; Vinac® 828

paperboard clear systems

Photomer® 3015

paperboard component, aq./fatty food-contact Qemiban; Qemireten 8015

paperboard component, aq./fatty/dry foodcontact

AcryPrint[™] 2115; AcryPrint[™] 2129; AcryPrint[™] 2163; Aquaquest 2130; Belclene® 283; Crisotan R-5; Crisotan R-5M; Dur-O-Set® E-623; Dur-O-Set® E-646; DynaCoat[™] XA; DynaCoat[™] XC; Esi-Rez[™] 65; Esi-Rez[™] 65; GenFlo® 557; GenFlo® 559; Jaguar® 2100®; Jaguar® 577; Jaguar® CB-11; Jaguar® CB-12; Jaguar® CP-4; Jaguar® CP-13; Lycoid® 260; NeuRoz® 426; NeuRoz® 540; NeuRoz® 700; NeuRoz® XC-7; Nopcote®

1680; Nopcote® 3560; Nopcote® 6510 Free; Nopcote C-104; Nopcote® C-104-HS; Nopcote[®] C-104-HS Free: Plasmine KN-500: Plasmine[®] N-750-P; Plasmine[®] PLH-50; Plasmine® PLH-55; Prox®-Ad WA 138 E; Prox®-Size A 925 E; Pulpsil® 760 E; QEMI BSW 8131; QEMI BSW 8133; QEMI MDF 8019; QEMI MDF 8021; QEMI MDF 8023; QEMI SSDF 8013; Qemidink 8001; Qemidink 8002; Resyn® 25-1103; Resyn® 25-1114; Resyn® 25-1120; Resyn® 25-1140; Resyn® 25-1151; Resyn® 25-1152; Resyn® 25-1190; Resyn® 1090; Sequabond® 7880; Sequabond® TR 7830; Starcote®; Synthro®-Pel WA 491; Ti-Pure® RPD Vantage®; Ti-Pure® RPS Vantage® paperboard component, dry food-contact Abex® EP-110; Geropon® T/36DF; Geropon® TA/72/S; Nacrylic X 4280; Nopcote® 1675; Nopcote[®] DC-1153 paperboard component, food-contact Rhodorsil® Emulsion 865A; Rhodorsil® Emulsion 878; Stanfax 238; Stanfax 560; Stanfax 968 paperboard pigmented systems Photomer® 3015 paperboard prod. Sodium sulfate paperboard, coated: food-contact Busan® 1058 paperboard, corrugated Parvan® 127; Parvan® 131; Parvan® 137 paperboard, food-contact Abitol®-E; Acriflow 041-S; Acriflow 050-S; Acriflow 141 S; Acriflow 241-M; Acriflow 241-SA; Acumer® 1110; Acumer® 2100; Acumer® 4161; Acumer® 9000; Acumer® 9141; Acumer® 9300: Acumer® 9400: Acumer® 9460; Acusol® 820; Acusol® 823; Acusol® 830; Acusol® 842; Aerosol® 18; Ageflex FA-1Q80DMS; Ageflex FA-1Q80MC; Ageflex FA-2Q50DMS; Ageflex FM-1Q75MC; Ageflex FM-1Q80DMS; Agefloc A50HV-P; Agefloc A50LV-P; Agefloc A50-P; Agefloc A4506; Agefloc A4510; Agefloc B50-P; Agefloc PC20HV; Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206; Agequat C505; Agestat 41T; Agitan[®] 650; Amerfloc[®] 275; Amerfloc[®] 285; Amerfloc[®] 485; AMPS[®] 2401 Monomer; AMPS® 2404 Monomer; Avirol® SL 2010; Avirol® SL 2020 G; B20F; B200; Bubreak® 401D; Bubreak® 403; Bufloc® 5551; Bufloc® 5554; Busan® 11-M2; Busan® 1059; Busan® 1059-WS; Busan® 1130; Busperse® 39; Busperse® 275; Busperse® 282; Cat-Floc® 8151; Cat-Floc® 8959; Chargemaster® R415; Chargemaster® R462; Chargemaster® R515; Chargemaster® R615; Chargepac® 8; Citroflex[®] 2; Coatmaster[®] K50F; Coatmaster[®] K61F: Coatmaster[®] K500: Colloid[™] 985: Cyasorb® UV-3529; Dapro® DF 1161; Disponil® O 250; Dow Corning® Antifoam 1520-US; Dymsol[®] 2031; Dyqex[®]; Emulsifier K 30 40%; Émulsifier K 30 68%; Emulsifier K 30 76%; Emulsifier K 30 95%; Esi-Cryl™ 316N; Exxsol® D 40; Fascat® 9100; Fascat® 9102; Fascat® 9201; Formasil® 45; Hercules® 2043; Hydraid® 7607; Hydraid® 7736 EZ; Hydraid® 7871; Hydraid® 8105; Hydraid® 8182 EZ; Hydrosulfite of Soda, 70%; Hydrosulfite of Soda Conc.; L-45 Series; Lignosite® 431; Lignosite® 458; Lignosite[®] 823; Lignosite[®] AC; Lustrabrite[®] S; Mayzo RA-120W; Mergal[®] K 7; Mergal® K 9N; Mergal® K 10N; Metasol® 350; Microlube™ C; Monawet MT-80H2W; Nagellite® 3050; Norpar® 12; Novapol® PF-Y821-BP; Novapol® PF-Y821-CP; Octosperse 662; Orlene® 1340; Paracol® 404C; Paradene® No. 2; Petrothene® NA 204-000; Polycup® 172; Polycup® 1884; Polyethylene, medium density; POLYSTEP® C-OP3S; Polywet[®] ND-2; Proxel[®] GXL; Sag 730;

Sclair® 10A; Sclair® 10B; Sclair® 10C; Sclair® 11B4; Sclair® 11P2; Sclair® 11P3; Sclair® 11P4; Sclair® 58G (High Gloss); Sclair® 61C; Sclair® 2607; Sclair® 2607-UV10; Sclair® 2908, 2908-UV8A; Sclair® 2909; Sclair® 8107; Sclair® 8107 UV8D, 8107G UV8D; Sclair® 8306 UV8D, 8306G UV8D; Sclair® 8405 UV8D, 8405G UV8D; Shamrock Hydrocer EC 98; Stanfax 320; Stanfax 388; STEPANOL® LCP; Struktol® PE H-100; Sulfopon® 101; Sulfopon® 101 Special; Sulfopon® 101 Special RHD; Sylysia 256N; Sylysia 436; Sylysia 456; Texapon® 842; Texapon® EHS; Texapon® K-12 C Powd.; Texapon® K-12 Granules; Texapon® K-12 Needles; Texapon® K-1296 C Needles; Texapon® K-1296 Powd.; Texapon® LS Highly Conc. Needles; Texapon® OT Highly Conc. Needles; Texapon® T 42; Texapon® VHC Needles; Texapon® ZHC Needles; Texapon® ZHC Powder; Trycol® 5941; Ucar® VAGD; Ucar® VAGH; Ucar® VMCA; Ucar® VMCC; Ucar® VMCH; Vancryl® 600; Vancryl® 605; Vancryl® 610; Weston® 618; Xanthan Gum; XC-33 paperboard, food-contact: aq./fatty foods Eldorado WT-30 paperboard, food-contact: dry foods Éldorado WT-30 paperboard, radiation-curable Photomer® 3038 paperboard, uncoated: food-contact Busan® 1058 papermaking Emsorb® 2505; Imbentin-AG/C/75; Imbentin-AGM 90%; Imbentin-AGM/050; Imbentin-AGM/128; Imbentin-AGM/136 G; Lithium hydroxide monohydrate; Melamine-formaldehyde resin; Nansa® HS80S; Nansa® HS85/S; n-Nonane; Octoxynol-13; PEG-2 laurate SE; Poly-Tergent[®] E-20B; Synperonic OP10 papermaking, FDA approved QO® Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol (THFA®) paraffin wax coatings Epolene® C-16; Epolene® C-18 paraffin wax emulsion, paper coatings processing Sorbitan stearate paraffin wax modifier Stavbelite[®] Ester 10 paraffin-copolymer coatings Epolene® C-16; Epolene® C-18 particle size reducer, calcium carbonate: paper A-Series Glass Beads particle size reducer, titanium dioxide: paper A-Series Glass Beads paste processing, paper coatings Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer pasting oil, dyestuffs Sodium castorate PE modifier Unilin® 425 Alcohol pearlescent, papermaking PEG-2 stearate pearlescent, surfactant systems Methyl hydroxystearate penetrant Adekanol RP-605D; Adekanol RP-807; Adekanol RP-870; Adekanol RP-882; Aerosol® MA-80; Alkanol® 189-S; Avitex® R; Crillet 3; Glyceryl cocoate; Hyonic® OP-100; Isolaureth-3; Isolaureth-6; Isolaureth-10; Laureth-3; Laureth-9; Monawet MT-70; Octoxynol; Octoxynol-10; Octoxynol-40; Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Pine (Pinus palustris) oil; Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate; Sodium lauryl sulfate; Sodium oleic sulfate; Trideceth-3; Trideceth-6; Trideceth-9; Trideceth-12; Urea penetrant, alkaline detergents Isodeceth-6 phosphate; Sipophos DA-6P

penetrant, bleaching Atlas EMJ-C penetrant, carbon paper Octyl tallate; Plasthall[®] 7041; Plasthall[®] 7049; Plasthall® R-9 penetrant, chip: pulping Fleetquest 8009 penetrant, coatings Octowet 60-I; Octowet 70; Octowet 70BC; Octowet 75 penetrant, computer ribbons Octvl tallate penetrant, dye Polysorbate 60 penetrant, dyeing Sodium dibutyl naphthalene sulfonate penetrant, dyes Rhodacal® BX-78 penetrant, emulsion polymerization DeWET SDTD-70; Geropon® WT-27; Igepal® CO-630; Igepal® CO-710; Monawet MB-45; Monawet MO-70; Surfonic® N-70; Surfonic® N-110; Surfonic® N-200; Surfonic® N-300; Surfonic® N-500; Surfonic® NB-1007; Teric™ N9; Teric™ N10; Teric™ N12; Teric™ N13; Teric[™] N15; Teric[™] N30; Teric[™] N30L penetrant, fat liquors Sodium butyl oleate sulfonate penetrant, fiber Trideceth-6 phosphate penetrant, industrial cleaners Isodeceth-6 penetrant, industrial cleaning Sodium dibutyl naphthalene sulfonate penetrant, latex polymerization Rhodacal® BX-78; Sodium dibutyl naphthalene sulfonate penetrant, o/w emulsions DeWET SDTD-70 penetrant, paper Armid® O; Atlas EMJ-C; Drewfax® 0007; Freedom SBO-65; Freedom SBT-65; Geropon® WT-27; Igepal® CO-630; Igepal® CO-660; Igepal® CO-710; Igepal® CO-720; *Isodeceth-4*; *Isodeceth-6*; Merpol® HCS; Octowet 40; Octowet 55; Octowet 60; Octowet 60-I; Octowet 65; Octowet 70; Octowet 70A; Octowet 70BC; Octowet 70PG; Octowet 75; Octowet 75E; Penetron OT-30; Rhodacal® BX-78; Sodium butyl oleate sulfonate; Sodium dibutyl naphthalene sulfonate; Stafoam F; Sulfated butyl tallate; T-Det® C-40; Tetronic® 90R4 penetrant, paper bleaching Alkanol® XC penetrant, paper coatings Ethylex[®] 2005, 2015, 2020, 2025, 2035, 2040, 2065, 2075, 2095; Monawet MB-45 penetrant, paper deinking Tergitol® TMN-10 penetrant, paper dyeing Alkanol® XC penetrant, paper machine felt cleaning Eldorado ALK-6100; Eldorado ALK-6156 penetrant, paper machine steam cleaning Eldorado ALK-6100; Eldorado ALK-6156 penetrant, paper strippers Sodium diisooctvl sulfosuccinate penetrant, paper toweling Hyonic[®] PE-100 penetrant, papermaking size presses Ethylex® 2005, 2015, 2020, 2025, 2035, 2040, 2065, 2075, 2095 penetrant, pigment dispersion DeWET SDTD-70 penetrant, pigments Rhodacal® BX-78 penetrant, polymerization Octowet 70BC penetrant, pulp/paper Isodeceth-6 phosphate; Sipophos DA-6P;

Surfonic® N-70; Surfonic® N-110; Surfonic® N-500; Surfonic[®] NB-1007; Teric[™] N6; Teric[™] N11: Teric[™] N30L penetrant, resins Isodeceth-6 penetrant, suspension polymerization DeWET SDTD-70; Monawet MO-70 penetrant, w/o emulsions DeWET SDTD-70 penetrant, water treatment Monawet MB-45; Monawet MO-70; Monawet MO-70R: Teraitol® TMN-10 penetrant, waxes Isodeceth-6 peptizing agent Empiphos STP/1L; Empiphos STP/1P; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/D; Empiphos STP/ D16; Empiphos STP/DMST; Empiphos STP/E; Empiphos STP/L16; Empiphos STP/M; Empiphos STP/MST; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/P; Pentasodium triphosphate; Plasthall® 7041; Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate; 1,2-Vinylpolybutadiene performance enhancer, alkaline sizes Catiofast® NB-PD peroxide prod. Ozone pH adjuster Adi-pure®; Ammonium hydroxide; Calcium sulfate; Carbon dioxide; Dimethylethanolamine; Magnesium carbonate hydroxide; Magnesium hydroxide; Neobor®; Potassium phosphate dibasic; Sodium hydroxide; Sodium phosphoaluminate; Sodium thiosulfate pentahydrate pH adjuster, amino resins: paper/paperboard, aq./fatty/dry food-contact Triethanolamine pH adjuster, cooling water treatment Sulfamic acid; Sulfuric acid pH adjuster, dyeing Formic acid pH adjuster, mildly alkaline solutions Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous pH adjuster, paper Aluminum sulfate pH adjuster, paper auxiliaries Liquinat® pH adjuster, waste treatment Sodium carbonate pH adjuster, water treatment Calcium hydroxide; Calcium oxide; Hydrochloric acid; Sodium bicarbonate; Sodium carbonate pH stabilizer, alkaline: aq. systems Dimethyl oxazolidine phenol prod. Cumene hydroperoxide phosphate substitute, detergents Dumasperse 540 photoactivator, UV-cured coatings Ethyl 4-(dimethylamino) benzoate photoactivator, UV-cured lacquers Ethyl 4 (dimethylamino) benzoate photographic chemicals prod. Acetic acid photographic paper prod. Balsam copaiba (Copaifera officinalis) photoinitiator synergist, paper coatings CN 381 photoinitiator, paper SR-1010; SR-1011; SR-1012 photoinitiator, paper coatings Diaryl iodonium hexafluoroantimonate photoinitiator, UV-cured coatings 2,2-Dimethoxy-2-phenylacetophenone; Ethyl 4-(dimethylamino) benzoate photoinitiator, UV-cured coatings: paper Esacure® KB1; Photomer® 51 photoinitiator, UV-cured lacquers Ethyl 4-(dimethylamino) benzoate photosensitive emulsions

Polyacrylic acid photosensitive films Polyvinyl alcohol pigment Alcoa[®] Grade C-231; Alcoa[®] Grade C-333; Aluminum silicate; Ammonium alum; Barium metaborate; Calcium carbonate; Calcium silicate; Copper hydroxide (ic); Cupric sulfate anhydrous; Digitex™; Ferric chloride; Magnesium carbonate hydroxide; β -Naphthol; Nonoxynol-55; Pigment yellow 14; Potassium alum dodecahvdrate: Rheolate® 2001: Sodium silicate; Sulfuric acid; Xanthan gum; Zinc carbonate pigment control agent, paper coatings ČAB-381-0.1; CAB-381-0.5 pigment dispersion, coatings Šolar® pigment dispersion, wood-free paper Šolar® pigment extender Calcium silicate pigment flushing Polyset[®] 2015; Rhodapon[®] SM pigment grinding Stearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline pigment grinding aid Stearamine pigment, ABS Kronos[®] 2230 pigment, acid paper Ponolith™ Blue PT Liq.; Ponolith™ Blue RDC Liq.; Ponolith™ Blue RT Liq.; Ponolith™ Fast Black P Lig.; Ponolith[™] Fast Blue C Lig.; Ponolith™ Fast Violet 4RN Liq.; Ponolith™ Red BWSC Liq.; Ponolith™ Yellow 2GBW Liq. pigment, acid paper tinting Ponolith™ Blue RDC Liq.; Ponolith™ Fast Black P Lig.; Ponolith[™] Fast Blue C Lig. pigment, acid paperboard Ponolith™ Fast Violet 4RN Liq. pigment, acid white paper tinting Ponolith™ Blue RT Liq pigment, alkaline paper Ponolith™ Blue PT Liq.; Ponolith™ Blue RDC Liq.; Ponolith™ Blue RT Liq.; Ponolith™ Fast Black P Liq.; Ponolith™ Fast Blue C Liq.; Ponolith™ Fast Violet 4RN Liq.; Ponolith™ Red BWSC Liq.; Ponolith™ Yellow 2GBW Liq. pigment, alkaline paper tinting Ponolith™ Blue RDC Liq.; Ponolith™ Fast Black P Liq.; Ponolith™ Fast Blue C Liq. pigment, alkaline paperboard Ponolith[™] Fast Violet 4RN Liq. pigment, alkaline white paper tinting Ponolith[™] Blue RT Lig. pigment, artists colors Cosmic Black D-2 pigment, beater applic.: acid-sized paper Ponolith™ Supra Red CD Liq. pigment, beater applic .: alkaline-sized paper Ponolith[™] Supra Red CD Liq. pigment, beater applic.: neutral-sized paper Ponolith™ Supra Red CD Liq. pigment, blue: beater applic., acid-sized paper Ponolith™ Supra Blue HM Liq.; Ponolith™ Supra Blue RB Lia pigment, blue: beater applic., alkaline-sized paper Ponolith™ Supra Blue HM Liq.; Ponolith™ Supra Blue RB Lig. pigment, blue: beater applic., neutral-sized paper Ponolith™ Supra Blue HM Liq.; Ponolith™ Supra Blue RB Liq. pigment, blue-shade violet: acid paper Halopont[™] Violet NM Liq. pigment, blue-shade violet: alkaline paper Halopont[™] Violet NM Liq.

pigment, blue-shade violet: sized paper

Halopont[™] Violet NM Liq. pigment, brilliant green-shade yel .: acid paper Ponolith™ Tinting Yellow 2GND Liq.; Ponolith™ Yellow 2GN-P Liq. pigment, brilliant green-shade yel.: alkaline paper Ponolith™ Tinting Yellow 2GND Liq.; Ponolith™ Yellow 2GN-P Liq. pigment, brilliant green-shade yel.: sized paper Ponolith™ Tinting Yellow 2GND Liq.; Ponolith™ Yellow 2GN-P Lia. pigment, brilliant green-shade yel.: tinting applics. Ponolith™ Tinting Yellow 2GND Liq. pigment, brilliant red-shade blue: acid paper Halopont[™] Blue RNM Liq.; Halopont[™] Tinting Blue RND Liq. pigment, brilliant red-shade blue: alkaline paper Halopont[™] Blue RNM Liq.; Halopont[™] Tinting Blue RND Liq. pigment, brilliant red-shade blue: sized paper Halopont[™] Blue RNM Liq.; Halopont[™] Tinting Blue RND Liq. pigment, brilliant scarlet: alkaline-sized paper Ponolith[™] Supra Red MY Liq. pigment, brilliant scarlet: fine paper Ponolith[™] Supra Red MY Liq. pigment, brilliant scarlet: sized paper Ponolith™ Supra Red MY Liq. pigment, brilliant: coatings Ponolith[™] Blue NPEF Liq.; Ponolith[™] Fast Black PLD Liq.; Ponolith[™] Fast Blue PT Liq.; Ponolith[™] Green BN Liq.; Ponolith[™] Print Yellow FGRN-2 Liq.; Ponolith™ Red BRN Liq.; Ponolith™ Supra Yellow BG Liq.; Ponolith™ Violet FFR Liq.; Ponolith™ Yellow WY-7724 pigment, brilliant: colored paper coatings Ponolith™ Supra Yellow BG Liq. pigment, brilliant: internal paper coloring Ponolith[™] Blue NPEF Liq.; Ponolith[™] Fast Black PLD Liq.; Ponolith[™] Fast Blue PT Liq.; Ponolith[™] Green BN Liq.; Ponolith[™] Print Yellow FGRN-2 Liq.; Ponolith™ Red BRN Liq.; Ponolith™ Supra Yellow BG Liq.; Ponolith™ Violet FFR Liq.; Ponolith™ Yellow WY-7724 pigment, brilliant: stock additions Onolith[™] Blue NPEF Liq.; Ponolith[™] Fast Black PLD Liq.; Ponolith[™] Fast Blue PT Liq.; Ponolith[™] Green BN Liq.; Ponolith[™] Print Yellow FGRN-2 Liq.; Ponolith™ Red BRN Liq.; Ponolith[™] Supra Yellow BG Liq.; Ponolith[™] Violet FFR Liq.; Ponolith[™] Yellow WY-7724 pigment, brilliant: tinting paper Ponolith[™] Supra Yellow BG Liq. pigment, coated paper Cosmic Black D-2; Ponolith™ Red BWSC Liq. pigment, coated printing paper Ti-Pure® R-794; Ti-Pure® R-795; Ti-Pure® RPS Vantage® pigment, coated writing paper Ti-Pure® R-794; Ti-Pure® R-795; Ti-Pure® RPS Vantage® pigment, coating: coated paper Magnum Gloss pigment, coating: fine printing paper Hydral® 710; Hydral® 716 pigment, coatings Atomite[®]; Bilt-Plates[®] 156; Busan[®] 11-M2; Cosmic Black 8-S; Cosmic Black AP; Cosmic Black D-2; *Ferric oxide*; Hycar® 26092; Kronos® 1000; Kronos® 1070; Kronos® 1072; Kronos® 1074; Kronos® 2160; Kronos® 2310; Micro-White® 10 Slurry; Micro-White® Superamide; Silica, amorphous hydrated; Sucrose Benzoate Regular and Coatings Grade; Synox HB-1094; Synox HG-5040; Synox HG-5050; Synox HG-5060; Synox HG-5080;

paper Cartax[®] DP Liq. pigment, friction prods. Wollastonite pigment, groundwood specialties Opacitex pigment, high brightness: paper coatings Čarbital® 90 pigment, high hiding: paper coatings Tisvn® pigment, kraft paper Heucosperse[™] I pigment, label stock coatings DB-SHEEN™ pigment, lacquers Basic red 1; Pigment red 81 pigment, laminate-based paper Bayferrox[®] 56-AC; Bayferrox[®] 3950; Bayferrox[®] Black 318; Bayferrox[®] Black 318M; Bayferrox® Black 330; Bayferrox® Brown 686; Bayferrox® Red 110M; Bayferrox® Synox HR-1200; Synox HR-1201; Synox HR-

1202; Synox HR-1203; Synox HR-1204;

1209: Svnox HY-600M: Svnox HY-605M:

pigment, coatings: food-contact

Kronos[®] 2310

pigment, copying paper

pigment, corrugated board

pigment, decorative paper

pigment, envelope grade paper

pigment, extender: paper bag seams

pigment, filler: high-whiteness paper

Kronos[®] 1000; Kronos[®] 1070; Kronos[®] 1072;

pigment, filler: uncoated publication paper

pigment, fluorescent: coating slips, stamp/

pigment, fluorescent: size press: stamp/

pigment, fluorescent: stock, stamp/security

pigment, extender: paper coatings

pigment, extender: paper tubes ASP® 100

Ponolith[™] Red BWSC Liq.

pigment, extender: paper

Hombitan® R 610 L

pigment, dull coatings Carbital® 35

Pigment red 81

Heucosperse™

contact

Irgalite®

Iceberg[®]

ÅSP® 100

Gamaco®

pigment, fiber

ŬFH16

Kronos® 1074

pigment, filler: paper

Spectrafil[®] LA

Hydral[®] PGA

security paper Cartax[®] DP Liq.

security paper Cartax[®] DP Liq.

pigment, finishes

Micro-White® 25 Slurry

Hydral[®] Brite 100 Slurry

pigment, filler: paper coatings

Copper phthalocyanine blue

pigment, flame retardant

Synox HY-610M; Synox HY-620M; Ti-Pure®

Kronos[®] 1000; Kronos[®] 1070; Kronos[®] 1072;

pigment, coatings: paper, food-contact Kronos[®] 2101

FD&C Yellow No. 5 Aluminum Lake

pigment, decorative laminate paper

pigment, coatings: resinous/polymeric food-

Red 115M; Bayferrox[®] Red 120M; Bayferrox[®] Synox HR-1205; Synox HR-1208; Synox HR-Red 130M; Bayferrox® Red 180M; Bayferrox® Red 320: Bayferrox® Red 330: Bayferrox® Red 610; Bayferrox® Yellow 1410; Bayferrox® RPD Vantage®; Uniplex 280 CG; Vantalc® 6H Yellow 1420M; Bayferrox® Yellow 3420; Bayferrox[®] Yellow 3910 pigment, laminated paper coloring Kronos® 1074; Kronos® 2020; Kronos® 2073; Sicomin Kronos® 2081; Kronos® 2090; Kronos® 2101; pigment, laundry tags Kronos[®] 2131; Kronos[®] 2160; Kronos[®] 2200; Irgalite® pigment, liq. colors Kronos® 2220 Kronos® 2210; Kronos® 2220; Kronos® 2230; pigment, LLDPE Kronos[®] 2230 pigment, luster: surface coatings Mearlin[®] Supersparkle pigment, matte coatings Carbital® 35 pigment, merchant grade paper coatings ĎB-SHEEN™ pigment, newsprint filling **O**pacitex pigment, paper Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid; Atomite®; Basic violet 4; Carbital® 35; Carbital® 75; Carbital[®] 90; CC[™]-103; 1-[(2-Chloro-4nitrophenyl) azo]-2-naphthalenol; Copper phthalocyanine blue; Ferric oxide; Hydrafine®; Irgalite[®]; *Kaolin, calcined*; Kotamite[®]; Kronos[®] 1000; Kronos® 1070; Kronos® 1072; Kronos® 1074; Kronos® 2073; Kronos® 2200; Micro-White® 10 Slurry; Micro-White® Superamide; Pigment red 2; Pigment yellow 65; Ponolith™ Fast Violet 4RN Lig.; Ponolith™ Red BWSC Lig.; RO-40; Ropaque® BC-643; Sachtolith® HD-S; Sachtolith® L; *Sodium polyacrylate;* Synox HB-1094; Synox HG-5040; Synox HG-5050; Synox HG-5060; Synox HG-5080; Synox HR-1200; Synox HR-1201; Synox HR-1202; Synox HR-1203; Synox HR-1204; Synox HR-1205; Synox HR-1208; Synox HR-1209; Synox HY-600M; Synox HY-605M; Synox HY-610M; Synox HY-620M; Talc; Zetafil 2; Zetafil 3 pigment, paper coating/staining Pigment red 81 pigment, paper coatings Albaglos® PCC; Alphatex HP; Basic red 1; *Copper phthalocyanine blue*; DB-SHEEN™; Hitox®; Hydral[®] Coat 2; Hydral[®] Coat 5; Hydral[®] Coat 7; Lytron[®] 2203; Opacimite[™]; Opacitex; Optiwhite[®]; Ponolith[™] Blue BW Liq.; Ponolith[™] Blue PT Liq.; Ponolith[™] Blue RDC Liq.; Ponolith™ Fast Black P Liq.; Ponolith™ Fast Blue C Liq.; Ponolith™ Yellow 2GBW Liq.; Ropaque® HP-1055; Ropaque® HP-543P; San-Sil® BD-73; San-Sil® CG-102; San-Sil® KU 33; Ti-Pure® R-794; Ti-Pure® R-795; Ti-Pure® RPS Vantage®; Wollastonite; Zetafil 1 pigment, paper coatings: size press treated grades San-Sil® BD-73; San-Sil® KU 33 pigment, paper coloration Irgalite[®]; Unisperse[®] pigment, paper coloring Pigment yellow 74 pigment, paper filling Alphatex HP pigment, paper laminates Kronos® 2081 pigment, paper refiners Sicopur pigment, paper sizing Kaolin pigment, paper tinting Pigment yellow 74; Ponolith™ Yellow 2GBW Liq. pigment, paper wet-end filler additions San-Sil® CG-102

pigment, paper: dry food-contact

FD&C Yellow No. 5 Aluminum Lake

pigment, paper: food-contact Kronos[®] 1000; Kronos[®] 1070; Kronos[®] 1072; Kronos® 1074; Kronos® 2020; Kronos® 2081; Kronos® 2090; Kronos® 2131; Kronos® 2160; Kronos® 2210; Kronos® 2220; Kronos® 2230; Kronos® 2310 pigment, paperboard Ebonex SC-5; Hydrafine®; Ponolith™ Fast Violet 4RN Liq. pigment, paperboard Ropaque® BC-643 pigment, paperboard Ti-Pure® R-794; Ti-Pure® R-795; Ti-Pure® RPS Vantage® pigment, paperboard coatings San-Sil® CG-102 pigment, paperboard: dry food-contact FD&C Yellow No. 5 Aluminum Lake pigment, papermaking Ansilex[®]; HP-95[™]; Miraclipse[™]; Mirafilm[™]; Miragloss™ pigment, PC Kronos® 2210; Kronos® 2220; Kronos® 2230 pigment, PE Kronos[®] 2230 pigment, polyolefin fiber Kronos[®] 2220 pigment, polyolefins Kronos® 2210 pigment, poster paper Irgalite® pigment, printing paper Ti-Pure® R-794; Ti-Pure® R-795; Ti-Pure® RPS Vantage® pigment, PS Kronos[®] 2230 pigment, PS/copolymers Kronos® 2210; Kronos® 2220 pigment, pulp colors Ebonex SC-5 pigment, PVC Thermoguard[®] S pigment, recycled grade: uncoated freesheet paper Luminex™ pigment, red: acid paper Halopont™ Pink 2BM Liq pigment, red: alkaline paper Halopont[™] Pink 2BM Liq. pigment, red: sized paper Halopont[™] Pink 2BM Liq. pigment, reinforcing: paper Albacar® 5970 pigment, resins 1-[(2-Chloro-4-nitrophenyl) azo]-2-naphthalenol; Copper phthalocyanine blue pigment, rigid PVC outdoor applics. Kronos[®] 2081 pigment, saturating paper Ti-Pure® R-794; Ti-Pure® R-795; Ti-Pure® RPS Vantage® pigment, saturating paper: coatings San-Sil® AN 45 pigment, saturating paper: decorative laminates San-Sil® AN 45 pigment, silica gels Wollastonite pigment, size press treated paper grades Šan-Sil® BD-73; San-Sil® KU 33 pigment, size presses San-Sil[®] CG-102 pigment, sized paper Ponolith[™] Blue PT Liq.; Ponolith[™] Blue RDC Liq.; Ponolith[™] Blue RT Liq.; Ponolith[™] Fast Black P Liq.; Ponolith[™] Fast Blue C Liq.; Ponolith[™] Fast Violet 4RN Liq.; Ponolith[™] Red BWSC Liq.; Ponolith[™] Yellow 2GBW Liq. pigment, sized paperboard Ponolith[™] Fast Violet 4RN Lig.

pigment, sizing Copper phthalocyanine blue pigment, specialty paper Bayferrox® 56-AC; Bayferrox® 3950; Bayferrox® Black 318; Bayferrox® Black 318M; Bayferrox® Black 330; Bayferrox® Brown 686; Bayferrox[®] Red 110M; Bayferrox[®] Red 115M; Bayferrox® Red 120M; Bayferrox® Red 130M; Bayferrox® Red 180M; Bayferrox® Red 320; Bayferrox[®] Red 330; Bayferrox[®] Red 610; Bayferrox® Yellow 1410; Bayferrox® Yellow 1420M: Bayferrox® Yellow 3420: Bayferrox® Yellow 3910 pigment, specialty printing grade: uncoated freesheet paper Luminex™ pigment, structured: paper Sampaque® 5002 pigment, structured: paperboard Sampaque® 5002 pigment, structured: paperboard coatings Huber BC® pigment, surface coatings Šicomin® pigment, tinting: acid paper Ponolith[™] Red WC Liq pigment, tinting: alkaline paper Ponolith[™] Red WC Liq. pigment, tinting: sized paper Ponolith[™] Red WC Liq. pigment, uncoated Ti-Pure® R-794; Ti-Pure® R-795; Ti-Pure® RPS Vantage® pigment, uncoated writing paper Ti-Pure® R-794; Ti-Pure® R-795; Ti-Pure® RPS Vantage® pigment, vinyl coated paper Cosmic Black AP pigment, vinyl prods. Pigment red 81 pigment, violet: beater applic., acid-sized paper Ponolith™ Supra Violet EB Liq. pigment, violet: beater applic., alkaline-sized paper Ponolith™ Supra Violet EB Liq. pigment, violet: beater applic., neutral-sized paper Ponolith[™] Supra Violet EB Lig. pigment, wet-end paper applics. Ti-Pure[®] RPD Vantage[®] pigment, white paper tinting Irgalite[®]; Ponolith[™] Blue PT Lig. pigment, white: board Pergopak M2 pigment, white: paper Calcium sulfate dihydrate; EZA®; Lithopone; Pergopak M2; Sodium silicoaluminate; Titanium dioxide; Zeolite pigment, white: paper coatings Hydrad™ 10; Hydrad™ 10W; Hydrad™ 15; Hydrad™ 15W; Hydrad™ 20; Hydrad™ C; Hydrad™ F; Hydrad™ HBC; Hydrad™ HBF pigment, white: paper filling Hydrad™ 10; Hydrad™ 10W; Hydrad™ 15; Hydrad™ 15W; Hydrad™ 20; Hydrad™ C Hvdrad[™] F: Hvdrad[™] HBC: Hvdrad[™] HBF pigment, writing grade: uncoated freesheet paper Luminex™ pitch control agent Catiofast[®] PL; Polymin[®] PL; Polymin[®] PR 971 L; QEMI BSW 8131; QEMI BSW 8133 pitch control agent, bleached chem. pulps: papermaking Bilt-Plates® 156 pitch control agent, coated paper Cartafix[®] CB Liq. pitch control agent, groundwood pulps: papermaking

Bilt-Plates® 156 pitch control agent, kraft Qemidink 8001 pitch control agent, kraft furnish systems Qemisperse 8845 pitch control agent, newsprint furnish systems Qemisperse 8845 pitch control agent, paper Cartafix® CB Liq. pitch control agent, paper: food-contact Cartafix® CB Liq. pitch control agent, papermaking Atarol K; Darvan[®] 1; Prosorb[®] pitch control agent, pulp mills Vanzak® 112; Vanzak® 165 pitch control agent, pulp/paper Bekaperg 834; Mistron® Vapor pitch control agent, pulp-making Niccasolt FT-1; Niccasolt O-2; Niccasolt PTOL pitch control agent, thick stock Qemisperse 8845 pitch control agent, unbleached kraft liner board Bilt-Plates® 145 pitch control agent, unbleached pulps: papermaking Bilt-Plates® 145 pitch control agent, white: fixing anionic substances FX-704; FX-706 pitch dispersion Crisotan NN; Crisotan NR pkg. *Čellulose acetate butyrate; Cellulose acetate* propionate; Hi Selon pkg. film, carrier bags Polyethylene, high-density pkg. film, food wrap Polyethylene, high-density pkg., protective: fabricated articles Cellophane pkg., protective: food Čellophane pkg., protective: industrial Cellophane pkg., protective: tobacco Cellophane plasticizer Acintol® R Type S; Alkenyl Succinic Anhydride C1618 (ASA); Behenic acid; Behenyl alcohol; 1,2,4-Butanetriol; 1-Butene; Butyl myristate; n-Butyraldehyde; C8-10 alcohols; C20-24 alpha olefin; C24-28 alpha olefin; C30 alpha olefin; Capric acid; Caprylic acid; Chlorotrifluoroethyl-ene polymer; Crisanol FH-1400; Cyclohexanol; DBE-9; Dipropylene glycol; Dodecene-1; Elemi *gum; Glyceryl cocoate; Glyceryl dilaurate;* Gulftene® 4; Gulftene® 6; Gulftene® 8; Gulftene® 10; Gulftene® 12; Gulftene® 14; Gulftene® 16; Gulftene® 18; Gulftene® 20-24; Gulftene® 24-28; Gulftene® 30+; Hydrogen peroxide; Isopropanolamine; Isostearyl alcohol; Jayflex[®] DHP; Jayflex[®] DINA; Jayflex[®] DIOP; KP-140[®]; LX-685[®],125; *Maleic anhydride*; Methyl caprylate; Methyl myristate; Methyl oleate; Morflex® 1129; Myristic acid; Naphthenic oil; Nonoxynol-4; Nonylphenol; Octoxynol; PEG-4; PEG-180; PEG-8 dilaurate; PEG-150 lanolin; PEG-2 laurate; PEG-8 laurate; PEG-40 sorbitan hexaoleate; Pluriol® E 6000; Polyethylene glycol; Polyurethane, thermoplas*tic; PPG-20; Propylenc carbonate;* Pycal 94; QO® Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol (THFA®); Resin 731D; Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate; Sodium rosinate; Sorbitol Sol'n. Noncrystallizing; Surfonic® DNP-140; Tallow acid; TEBAC; *Tributyl phosphate; Triolein;* Tylose[®] C-G1; Varonic[®] K-210; *1,2-Vinylpolybutadiene;* Zonarez[®] A-25 plasticizer, ABS

plasticizer, PE films

Poly- α -methylstyrene plasticizer, ABS-PC Triphenyl phosphate plasticizer, acrylate resins Diisooctyl phthalate plasticizer, aq. coatings Doversperse 3; Doversperse A-1 plasticizer, aq. systems PEG hydrogenated castor oil plasticizer, cellulose acetate Citroflex® 2; TBP; Uniplex 108 plasticizer, cellulose esters Tributyl phosphate plasticizer, cellulose films Glycol; Pluriol® E 200; Pluriol® E 1500; Pluriol® É 4000; Pluriol® E 8000; Pluriol® E 9000 plasticizer, cellulosics Acetyl tributyl citrate; Acetyl triethyl citrate; Butyl oleate; Citroflex® A-2; Diisobutyl phthalate; Diisononyl adipate; Diisononyl phthalate; Diisooctyl phthalate; Dimethyl isophthalate; Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate; Ethyl toluenesulfonamide; Glyceryl laurate; Glyceryl ricinoleate; Glycol dioleate; Isopropyl myristate; Isopropyl palmitate; Methyl ricinoleate; PEG-2 *dilaurate; PEG-2 distearate;* Phosflex® 61B; Phosflex® TBEP; *Sucrose benzoate; Triacetin;* Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol, 2,2,4-diisobutyrate; Triphenyl phosphate plasticizer, cigarette filters Triethyl citrate plasticizer, clear coatings: paper Uniplex 280 CG plasticizer, coatings Acetyl tributyl citrate; Acetyl triethyl citrate; Citroflex[®] 2; Citroflex[®] A-2; Citroflex[®] A-4; Citroflex[®] A-4 Special; *2-Ethylhexyl methacry*late; Ethyl toluenesulfonamide; Glyceryl rosinate; Jayflex® DINP; Triphenyl phosphate plasticizer, coatings: food pkg. Citroflex® A-2; Monostearyl Citrate (MSC) plasticizer, coatings: food-contact n-Butyl phthalyl-n-butyl glycolate; Dibutyl sebacate; s-Dioctyl phthalate; Glyceryl oleate; Propylene glycol; Sorbitol; Triacetin; Triethyl citrate plasticizer, dairy prod. cartons Uniplex 84 plasticizer, dammar Citroflex[®] 2 plasticizer, dust control Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo CS50; Volpo L3 plasticizer, elastomers s-Dioctyl phthalate plasticizer, emulsion polymerization Nopalcol 1-L; Nopalcol 4-C; Nopalcol 4-CH; Nopalcol 4-L; Nopalcol 4-S; Nopalcol 6-DO; Nopalcol 6-DTW; Nopalcol 6-L; Nopalcol 6-R; Nopalcol 6-S; Nopalcol 10-COH; Nopalcol 12-CO; Nopalcol 12-COH; Nopalcol 19-CO; Nopalcol 30-TWH; Nopalcol 200; Nopalcol 400; Nopalcol 600; PEG-8 cocoate; PEG-12 ditallowate; PEG hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-60 hydrogenated tallowate; PEG-12 ricinoleate plasticizer, emulsions PEG-8 cocoate: PEG-12 ditallowate: PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-60 hydrogenated tallowate; PEG-12 ricinoleate plasticizer, flame retardant: ABS Phosflex® 71B plasticizer, flame retardant: cellulosics t-Butylphenyl diphenyl phosphate; Phosflex® 71B plasticizer, flame retardant: paper Phosflex® 71B

- plasticizer, flame retardant: PS Phosflex[®] 71B
- plasticizer, flame retardant: PVAc emulsions t-Butylphenyl diphenyl phosphate; Phosflex® 71B plasticizer, flame retardant: PVC

t-Butylphenyl diphenyl phosphate; Phosflex® 71B plasticizer, food films Citroflex® A-4 plasticizer, food labels Uniplex 250 plasticizer, food pkg. Acetyl tributyl citrate; Acetyl triethyl citrate; n-Butyl phthalyl-n-butyl glycolate; Dibutyl sebacate; Diisooctyl phthalate plasticizer, food pkg. materials Butyl stearate; Stearyl citrate plasticizer, food wrappers Uniplex 250 plasticizer, glassine paper: food-contact Sodium nitrate-urea complex plasticizer, greaseproof paper: food-contact Sodium nitrate-urea complex plasticizer, heat-seal applics. Uniplex 250 plasticizer, high-solvating: cellulosic resins Butyl benzyl phthalate plasticizer, high-solvating: NC lacquers/films Butyl benzyl phthalate plasticizer, high-solvating: polyvinyl resins Butyl benzyl phthalate plasticizer, HIPS Triphenyl phosphate plasticizer, hot-melt coatings Acrawax[®] C plasticizer, internal Blemmer IDMA; Blemmer SLMA; Hexyl methacrylate; Lauryl methacrylate; Mhoromer® AM 107; Mhoromer® BM 713 plasticizer, internal: copolymer films Octomer DOM plasticizer, lacquers Butyl stearate; Castor (Ricinus communis) oil; s-Dioctyl phthalate; Glycol dilaurate; Isooctyl stearate; Tributyl phosphate; Triethyl citrate plasticizer, latex coatings Diethylene glycol dibenzoate plasticizer, paper Isooctyl stearate; Kemester® 5500; Kemester® 6000SE; Meroxapol 108; Meroxapol 171; Meroxapol 172; Meroxapol 174; Meroxapol 178; Meroxapol 251; Meroxapol 252; Meroxapol 254; Meroxapol 255; Meroxapol 258; Meroxapol 311; Meroxapol 312; Meroxapol 314; Monostearyl Citrate (MSC); Nopalcol 1-L; Nopalcol 4-C; Nopalcol 4-CH; Nopalcol 4-L; Nopalcol 4-S; Nopalcol 6-DO; Nopalcol 6-DTW; Nopalcol 6-L; Nopalcol 6-R; Nopalcol 6-S; Nopalcol 10-COH; Nopalcol 12-CO; Nopalcol 12-COH; Nopalcol 19-CO; Nopalcol 30-TWH; Nopalcol 200; Nopalcol 400; Nopalcol 600; *PEG-8 cocoate*; PEG-12 ditallowate; PEG hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-60 hydrogenated tallowate: PEG-12 ricinoleate: Petrolatum RPB; *Propylene glycol*; Tech Pet F[™]; Tetronic® 90R4 plasticizer, paper coatings Admex® 515; Admex® 6996; Cecavon® CA 350 P; Doversperse 3; Doversperse A-1; HB-40®; Liponic 70-NC; Liponic 76-NC; Lubracal® 48; Lubracal® 53; Lubracal® 60; Nevpene® 9500; Nopalcol 4-O; Nopcote[®] 6510 Free; Nopcote C-104; Nopcote[®] C-104-HS; Nopcote[®] C-104-

HS Free; Octyl stearate; Phosflex® 61B

W.G.S. Hydrogenated Fish Glyceride 117

plasticizer, paper/paperboard: food pkg.

plasticizer, papermaking Bersoft® 4600; Britol® 6NF; Britol® 7NF; Britol®

9NF; Britol® 20USP; Britol® 35USP; Britol®

50USP; Glycol ricinoleate; Meroxapol 105;

PEG-2 stearate; Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo

plasticizer, paper coatings

plasticizer, paper coatings

Uniplex 84

Citroflex® A-2

CS50; Volpo L3

Rhodasurf® E 400; Rhodasurf® E 600 plasticizer, pigment grinding Propylene glycol myristate plasticizer, pkg. Petrolatum RPB; Tech Pet F™ plasticizer, polyacrylates Citroflex® A-2 plasticizer, polymeric coatings: paper/ paperboard: dry food-contact Glyceryl tribenzoate plasticizer, polymers Diethylene glycol dibenzoate plasticizer, polymers: food-contact Butyl benzyl phthalate; Di (C7, C9-alkyl) adipate; Dicyclohexyl phthalate; Dihexyl phthalate; Diisononyl adipate; Diisononyl phthalate; Hydrogenated polybutene; Polyisobutene; Polypropylene glycol; PPG-20; PPG-26; PPG-34 plasticizer, polymers: paper/paperboard, dry food-contact Diethylene glycol dibenzoate; Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate plasticizer, polyvinyl butyral Dibutyl sebacate plasticizer, primary Diallyl phthalate; Reomol® TBP; Tributoxyethyl phosphate plasticizer, primary: cellulose acetate Kronitex® TBP plasticizer, primary: ethyl cellulose Drakeol® 19 plasticizer, primary: NC Kronitex® TBP plasticizer, primary: surface coatings Eastman® TXIB; Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol, 2,2,4diisobutyrate plasticizer, PS Butyl oleate; Diisobutyl phthalate; Diisononyl adipate; Diisononyl phthalate; Dimethyl isophthalate; Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate; Drakeol® 9; Drakeol® 35; Ethyl toluenesulfonamide; Glyceryl laurate; Isobutyl stearate; Sucrose benzoate; Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol, 2,2,4-diisobutyrate plasticizer, pulp/paper Glypax 200; Glypax 400; Glypax 600; Glypax 1000; Glypax 3000; Glypax 4000; Glypax 6000; Oleyl alcohol; Paxsolv PC; Puronic® 10R5; Polypax EGDS; Polypax EGMS; Propylene glycol laurate plasticizer, PVAc Butyl oleate; Citroflex® A-2; Citroflex® A-4; Dicyclohexyl phthalate; Diisobutyl phthalate; Ethyl toluenesulfonamide; Methyl ricinoleate; Paraffin, chlorinated; Phosflex® TBEP; Sucrose benzoate plasticizer, PVAc polymers Phosflex® 61B plasticizer, PVAc: paper/paperboard, foodcontact Diethylene glycol dibenzoate; Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate plasticizer, PVB Butyl oleate; Citroflex® 2; Citroflex® A-4; Diisobutyl phthalate; Dimethyl isophthalate; Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate; Ethyl toluenesulfonamide; Glyceryl ricinoleate; Methyl ricinoleate plasticizer, PVC Butyl oleate; n-Butyl phthalyl-n-butyl glycolate; Citroflex[®] 2; Citroflex[®] A-2; Citroflex[®] A-4; Coumarone/indene resin; Diallyl phthalate;

Coumarone/indene resin; Diallyl phthalate; Dicyclohexyl phthalate; Diisobutyl phthalate; Diisononyl adipate; Diisooctyl phthalate; Dimethyl isophthalate; Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate; Drakeol® 35; Glyceryl laurate; Glycol dioleate; Hydroabietyl alcohol; Isobutyl stearate; Paraffin, chlorinated; Phosflex® 61B;

Polyester adipate; Poly-α-methylstyrene; Sucrose benzoate; Triaryl phosphate; Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol, 2,2,4-diisobutyrate plasticizer, PVC cable compds. Diisononyl phthalate plasticizer, PVC foams Phosflex® 61B plasticizer, PVC resins 2-Ethvlhexanol plasticizer, PVdC Citroflex® 2; Citroflex® A-2; Citroflex® A-4 plasticizer, resin compositions Antarox® 1-64 plasticizer, resin-treated paper PPG-9; PPG-12; PPG-17; PPG-30 plasticizer, resins Alkamide® STEDA; s-Dioctyl phthalate; 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate; Ethyl toluenesulfonamide; Poloxamer 184 plasticizer, SBR Octyl tallate plasticizer, secondary Marlican® plasticizer, shellac Uniplex 108 plasticizer, silicone elastomers Dimethiconol plasticizer, solvent emulsions PEG hydrogenated castor oil plasticizer, solvent systems Carboset® 515 plasticizer, starch Norfox® C-75; Norfox® Sulfated Castor Oil #75; Sulfated tallow plasticizer, starch films Basoplast® 335 D plasticizer, starch pastes DePEG 200; DePEG 300; DePEG 400; DePEG 600; Rhodasurf® E 400; Rhodasurf® E 600 plasticizer, surface coatings Butyl oleate; Epoxy resin plasticizer, varnishes Glycol dilaurate plasticizer, vinyl acetate resins Diethylene glycol dibenzoate plasticizer, vinyl resins Acetyl tributyl citrate; Octomer DOM plasticizer, vinyl: food pkg. coatings Morflex[®] 190 plasticizer, vinyl: food pkg. paper Morflex® 190 plasticizer, water repellents Dimethiconol plasticizer, waterborne systems Carboset® 515 plasticizer, waxes Propylene glycol myristate polishing, paper Boron carbide polyacrylamide prod, water-sol.: pulp/paper Acrvlamide polyacrylamide prod, water-sol.: sewage treatment Acrylamide polyacrylamide prod, water-sol.: water treatment Acrvlamide polyelectrolyte, cationic: effluent treatment Acrylamides copolymer polyelectrolyte, cationic: paper retention aid Polyethylenimine polyelectrolyte, cationic: pigment dispersion Polvethylenimine polyelectrolyte, cationic: wet-strength additive Polyethylenimine polymer treatment DL-Diepoxybutane polymer, film-forming: coatings Polypropylene, chlorinated polymer, film-forming: paper coatings

Polypropylene, chlorinated polymer, food-contact Novapol® TF-Y534-IP; Novapol® TF-Y822-BP; Novapol[®] TF-Y822-CP; Novapol[®] TR-0338-U; Novapol® TR-0338-UG; Novapol® TR-0535-U; Novapol® TR-0535-UG; Petrothene® NA 214-000 polymer, paper Phenyltrimethoxysilane polymer, paper coatings Tetrachloronaphthalene polymer, scale inhibition Sodium polycarboxylate polymer, sludge control Sodium polycarboxylate polymer, water treatment Sodium polycarboxylate polymerization aid Potassium rosinate polymerization control agent, melamineformaldehyde resins Hexamethylenetetramine polymerization control agent, paper/ paperboard in contact with dry food Chloral hydrate polymerization control agent, paper/ paperboard: aq./fatty food-contact Chloroacetamide polymerization inhibitor Benzophenone; Di-t-butylhydroquinone; N,N'-Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine polymerization inhibitor, 2-sulfoethyl methacrylate: food pkg. N,N⁻-Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine polymerization inhibitor, vinyl acetate Hydroauinone polymerization initiator, latex Ammonium persulfate polymerization initiator, olefins Di-t-butvl peroxide polymerization initiator, polyacrylonitrile Ammonium persulfate polymerization initiator, resins Di-t-butyl peroxide polymerization initiator, silicones Di-t-butyl peroxide polymerization initiator, styrenated alkyds Di-t-butyl peroxide polymerization initiator, styrene Di-t-butyl peroxide polymerization initiator, styrene copolymers Ammonium persulfate polymerization, condensation Ammonium hydroxide polymerizing agent Butyl acid phosphate polymerizing agent, oils Methyl acid phosphate polymerizing agent, resins Methyl acid phosphate polymers, food pkg. Acrylates/C10-30 alkyl acrylate crosspolymer; Carbomer; 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate; Shamrock Taber Tiger 5512 polymers, food-contact Nonoxynol-55; Novapol® HD-2100-A; Novapol® PD-2115-A; Polybond® 3002; Polybond® 3150; Polyethylene, medium density, Polyethylene, very low-density; Polyox® WSR 205; Polyox® WSR 301; Polyox® WSR 303; Polyox® WSR 308; Polyox® WSR 3333; Polyox® WSR Coagulant; Polyox[®] WSR N-10; Polyox[®] WSR N-12K; Polyox[®] WSR N-60K; Polyox[®] WSR N-80; Polyox® WSR N-750; Polyox® WSR N-3000 polymethyl methacrylate block bonding agent Methyl methacrylate polysulfide polymer/polyepoxy resins, foodcontact Epoxy resin; Magnesium chloride; Sodium

bisulfide; Sodium dibutyl naphthalene sulfonate; Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate; Urea/ formaldehvde resin pour pt. depressant DeMOX LAO; Methacrylic acid copolymer; Milldride® ODSA; Stearyl methacrylate powder detergent prod. Ceteareth-18 PP modifier Unilin® 425 Alcohol precipitant, acid-free paper Altriform® precipitant, cationic Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate precipitant, heavy metal: wastewater streams Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate precipitant, heavy metal: wastewater treatment Sulfu precipitant, paper size Sodium alum precipitant, reclaims fiber Polymin[®] PR 973 precipitant, solids Polymin® PR 973 precipitant, waste stream treatment Carbon dioxide precipitant, waste treatment Calcium carbonate; Calcium monocarbonate precipitant, water hardness: water treatment Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous precoater, board Lightcoat precoater, paper Lightcoat precursor, synthesis of dyes and pigments: color lacquers Benzidine precursor, synthesis of dyes and pigments: color paper Benzidine preservative Ammonia; Benzalkonium chloride; 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one; Benzylparaben; Caprylic acid; Carbon dioxide; Chloroacetamide; Copper 8-quinolinolate; Diiodomethyl tolylsulfone; Formic acid; Glutaral; Hyamine® 3500 50%; Iodopropynyl butylcarbamate; Koster Keunen Ceresine; Methyldibromo glutaronitrile; Myacide® Pharma® BP; Nipabenzyl; Pentasodium triphosphate; Phenol; Phenylmercuric acetate; o-Phenylphenol; Potassium pentachlorphenate; Protectol® KLC 50; Protectol® TOE Granules; Sodium borate; Sodium chloride; Tektamer® 38; Tektamer® 38 A.D.; Tektamer® 38 L.V.; Tributyltin oxide preservative, antifoam emulsions 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol preservative, antimicrobial finishing: paper/ paperboard, food-contact Dilurit 464 C preservative, antimicrobial finishing: paperboard Dilurit 464 C preservative, antimicrobial paper/paperboard finishing Dilurit 464 C preservative, aq. coatings Nuosept® 95 preservative, aq. end prods. Dowicil® 75 preservative, aq. systems Amerstat® 233; Protectol® GDA; Protectol® TOE preservative, archival paper Diethyl zinc preservative, binders 2-Bromo-4²-hydroxyacetophenone preservative, broad-spectrum: aq. systems Troysan® 586 preservative, broke

Busan® 1210

preservative, casein 2,6-Bis (dimethylaminomethyl) cyclohexanone preservative, casein-based systems Nuosept® S preservative, chemical pulping Dilurit 850; Dilurit 946; Dilurit 974 preservative, coatings Amerstat® 282; Biochek® 430; 2-Bromo-4 hydroxyacetophenone; 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol; Dimethyl oxazolidine; Nuosept® 120; Nuosept® S preservative, coatings, food-contact Potassium trichlorophenate preservative, coatings: food-contact Formaldehyde; β-Naphthol; Potassium pentachlorphenate; Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole; Sodium pentachlorophenate; Sodium-2,4,5-trichlorophenate preservative, coatings: paper Metasol® CB-220; Metasol® CB-225A.D.; Metasol® CB-225 L.C. preservative, coatings: paperboard Metasol[®] CB-220; Metasol[®] CB-225A.D.; Metasol® CB-225 L.C preservative, coolant: water treatment Hydroxyethyl-s-triazine preservative, cooling tower water treatment Methylchloroisothiazolinone preservative, cooling towers 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol; Myacide® AS Plus preservative, cooling water Tributyltin oxide preservative, disinfectants Calcium disodium EDTA preservative, electroless copper plating Calcium disodium EDTA preservative, extender slurries 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol preservative, felt Amine D® preservative, food Calcium disodium EDTA; Koster Keunen Paraffin Wax preservative, high-viscosity suspensions: paper Metasol® CB-220; Metasol® CB-225A.D.; Metasol® CB-225 L.C. preservative, high-viscosity suspensions: paperboard Metasol[®] CB-220; Metasol[®] CB-225A.D.; Metasol® CB-225 L.C. preservative, industrial Hexahydro-1,3,5-triethyl-s-triazine; Sodium ophenylphenate; Sodium-2,4,5-trichlorophenate preservative, industrial: aq. prods. Nipacide® BIT 10; Nipacide BIT 10A; Nipacide® BIT AS; Nipacide® CBX A; Nipacide® CFX2; Nipacide® CFX3; Nipacide® CI; Nipacide® CI 15 preservative, latex emulsions Biochek® 430 preservative, latex emulsions: paper Metasol[®] CB-220; Metasol[®] CB-225A.D.; Metasol® CB-225 L.C preservative, latex emulsions: paperboard Metasol® CB-220; Metasol® CB-225A.D.; Metasol® CB-225 L.C. preservative, microbiostat: aq. compositions Proxel® BD 20 preservative, microbiostat: aq. slurries Proxel® BD 20 preservative, microbiostat: aq. systems Nipacide® BIT 20 preservative, microbiostat: casein dispersions Nipacide[®] BIT 20; Proxel[®] BD 20 preservative, microbiostat: mineral slurries Nipacide[®] BIT 20 preservative, microbiostat: o/w emulsions Nipacide[®] BIT 20; Proxel[®] BD 20

preservative, microbiostat: pigment dispersions Nipacide[®] BIT 20 preservative, microbiostat: polymer emulsions Nipacide[®] BIT 20 preservative, microbiostat: rosin dispersions Nipacide® BIT 20; Proxel® BD 20 preservative, microbiostat: titanium dioxide slurries Proxel® BD 20 preservative, microbiostat: water treatment Nipacide[®] BIT 20 preservative, mineral slurries Amerstat® 233 preservative, paper Amerstat[®] 233; Amerstat[®] 251; Amine D[®]; Biochek® 430; Dilurit 850; Dilurit 946; Dilurit 974; Laurtrimonium chloride; Nipacide® OPP; Pine (Pinus palustris) oil; Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole; Tolcide® MBT; Tributyltin oxide preservative, paper coatings Amerstat® 282; Dowicil® 75; Iodopropynyl butylcarbamate; Protectol® GDA; Troysan® Polyphase® AF1 preservative, paper coatings: food-contact Sodium o-phenylphenate preservative, paper pulp Calcium hydrogen sulfite preservative, paper/paperboard coatings: aq./ fatty food-contact Dichlorophene preservative, paper/paperboard coatings: aq./ fatty/dry food-contact Formaldehyde preservative, paper/paperboard coatings: dry food-contact Barium metaborate; Bis (trichloromethyl) sulfone; Boric acid; Sodium borate decahydrate preservative, paper/paperboard coatings: food-contact Copper 8-quinolinolate; Methyldibromo glutaronitrile preservative, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty foodcontact Benzoyl peroxide preservative, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty/dry food-contact 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one preservative, paper/paperboard: food-contact 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2thione; Methyldibromo glutaronitrile; β-Naphthol; Potassium pentachlorphenate; Potassium trichlorophenate; Sodium 2mercaptobenzothiazole; Sodium pentachlorophenate; Sodium-2,4,5-trichlorophenate preservative, paper: food pkg. Troysan® 142 preservative, paper: food-contact Dilurit 850; Nipacide® BIT 10; Nipacide BIT 10A; Nipacide® BIT AS; Nipacide® BKX; Nipacide® CBX A; Nipacide® CI; Nipacide® CI 15; Nipacide[®] XRP preservative, papermakers felt Solucote® 1003 preservative, papermaking Myacide[®] AS Plus preservative, pigment binders: paper/ paperboard, food-contact Quaternium-15 preservative, pigment dispersions 2,6-Bis (dimethylaminomethyl) cyclohexanone preservative, pigment slurries Biochek® 430; 2-Bromo-4 -hydroxyacetophenone; 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol; Busan® 1058; 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5thiadiazone-2-thione; Protectol® GDA; Ouaternium-15 preservative, pigment slurries: coatings Methyldibromo glutaronitrile Cartacol[®] ASN Lig.; Cartacol[®] NP Lig.; preservative, pigment slurries: paper

Cartacol[®] SI Liq.; Cartacol[®] XP Liq. printability aid, offset printing paper Cartacol® ASN Liq.; Cartacol® NP Liq. printability aid, paper Cartacol[®] ASN Liq.; Cartacol[®] NP Liq.; Cartacol[®] SI Liq.; Cartacol[®] XP Liq. printability aid, paper coatings Lubracal® 48; Lubracal® 53; Lubracal® 60 printability aid, paper: dry food-contact Cartacol® ASN Liq.; Cartacol® NP Liq. printability aid, specialty food wrap, dry foodcontact Cartacol® SI Liq. printability aid, specialty paper Cartacol® NP Liq.; Cartacol® XP Liq. printability, high-speed blade coatings: LWC paper Rovene® 4112 process aid, aq.: paper Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid; Hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate) process oil, carbon paper Alcaid 10; Alcaid 13; Alcaid 19; Alcaid 32; Alcaid 46; Alcaid 60; Alcaid 100 process treatment Sodium chlorite processing aid Abalyn[®]; A-C[®] 1702; Aerosol[®] OT-75%; Aerosol® OT-75-PG; Algin; Ammonium hydroxide; Calcium hydroxide; Calcium sulfate; Cumar® R-12 (V-2, V-2½); Cumar® R-13; Cumar® R-17; Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Methyl rosinate; Paradene® No. 2; Polyethylene wax; Potassium rosinate; Ricon 100; Sipernat® 22; Sodium metasilicate; Sodium sulfate; Sodium xylenesulfonate; Struktol® TR 044; Styrene/butadiene polymer; Synthetic wax; TEGO® Antifoam KE 400; 1,2-Vinylpolybutadiene processing aid, ABS Ethylene distearamide; Struktol® TR 016 processing aid, aq. coatings t-Butyl alcohol processing aid, cigarette inner liner pkg. applic. Eastek 1200 processing aid, cigarette liner pkg. Sulfopolyester processing aid, dyes Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate processing aid, elastomers C5 hydrocarbon resin processing aid, extrusion/molding: ABS *Poly-\alpha-methylstyrene* processing aid, extrusion/molding: PVC Poly- α -methylstyrene processing aid, fumaric acid Etopol 101-L processing aid, high solids slurries Alcosperse® 602-N processing aid, internal EXP-61 Amine Functional Silicone Wax; EXP-77 Mercapto Functional Silicone Wax processing aid, lacquers Glyceryl tribenzoate processing aid, mineral Sodium chloride processing aid, paper Dequest® 2060; Dequest® 2066; Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate; Methacrylic acid; Methyl acid phosphate; Nonyl nonoxynol; Octasodium diethylene triamine penta (methylene phosphonate); Potassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate); Rhodacal® N; Ross Wax #160; Stearyl/ aminopropyl methicone copolymer processing aid, paper coatings Alcosperse® 602-N; Nevpene® 9500 processing aid, paper/paperboard: foodcontact

Tridecyl alcohol processing aid, paper/printing Simethicone processing aid, paper: food pkg. Kaolin; Sulfamic acid processing aid, pigments Alcosperse® 602-N; Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate processing aid, polymer processes Microthene® FA 709-00 processing aid, polymers C5 hydrocarbon resin; Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate processing aid, polyolefin color concs. Epolene® N-10; Epolene® N-10P processing aid, polyolefins Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Struktol® TR 016 processing aid, polyolefins: food pkg. Polyvinylidene fluoride resin processing aid, PS Ethylene distearamide; Hydrogenated palm glyceride; Struktol® TR 016 processing aid, pulp/paper C11-15 pareth-15; Defoamer™ 230; Defoamer™ 1418; Defoamer[™] KCE/S; Defoamer[™] WL500; Tergitol® 15-S-15 processing aid, PVC Acrylic resin; Acrylonitrile/butadiene/styrene copolymer; Ethylene distearamide; Hydroge nated palm glyceride; Microthene® FA 700-00; Microthene® FA 709-00; Microthene® FE 532-00; Microthene[®] FN 500-00; Microthene[®] FN 502-18; Microthene® FN 510-00; Microthene® FN 514-00; Microthene® FN 517-00; Microthene® FN 519-00; Microthene® FP 800-00; Polymethyl methacrylate; Struktol® TR 016; Styrene/MA copolymer processing aid, PVC coatings: food-contact Tridecyl alcohol processing aid, PVC resins DeMULS SML processing aid, resins Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate processing aid, silicone elastomers Dimethiconol processing aid, water repellents Dimethiconol processing chemical, paper Baysynthol® AGP; Baysynthol® BMP; Retaminol® 043S; Retaminol® E; Retaminol® H01; Retaminol® K production aid, calender stack Advantage® 1280PD production aid, effluent systems Advantage® 1280PD production aid, paper: food-contact Advantage® 1280PD production aid, paperboard: food-contact Advantage® 1280PD production aid, papermaking Accurac[®] 105 Retention Aid; Accurac[®] T-100 Retention/Drainage Aid; Advantage® M1251 Production Aid production aid, pulp/paper Advantage® 1280PD production aid, size press sol'ns. Advantage® 1280PD production aid, waste treatment Advantage® 1280PD production aid, waste/effluent treatment Advantage® M1251 Production Aid production aid, wet-end processes Advantage® 1280PD promoter, alkaline papermaking systems Hydraid[®] 7607 promoter, papermaking Catiofast® PL protectant, paper Petrolatum RPB; Tech Pet F™ protectant, papermaking

Britol® 6NF; Britol® 7NF; Britol® 9NF; Britol® 20USP; Britol® 35USP; Britol® 50USP protectant, pkg. Petrolatum RPB; Tech Pet F™ protectant, UV: polymers Benzophenone protectant, water repellent treatment: food pkg. paper Foraperle® 325 protectant, water repellent treatment: food pkg. paperboard Foraperle® 325 protective colloid 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid; Albumen; Alginic acid; AMPS® 2401 Monomer; AMPS® 2404 Monomer; Carboxymethylcellulose sodium; Carrageenan (Chondrus crispus); Elvanol[®] 50-42; Elvanol[®] 51-05; Elvanol[®] 52-22; Gelatin; Gohseran; Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum; Gum ghatti; Hydrolyzed collagen; Hydroxyethylcellulose; Hydroxypro-pylcellulose; Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum; Methylcellulose; PVM/MA copolymer; PVP; Scripset® 500; Scripset® 520; Scripset® 540; Scripset® 542; Scripset® 550; Scripset® 640; Scripset® 700; Scripset® 720; Scripset® 740; Scripset® 742; Scripset® 745; Scripset® 746; Scripset® 747; Scripset® 808; Styrene/MA copolymer protective colloid, coatings Klucel[®] E; Klucel[®] L; Luviskol[®] K17; Luviskol[®] K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90; Sodium polyacrylate protective colloid, elastomers Supragil RM/77 DL protective colloid, emulsion polymerization Ammonium caseinate; Casein; Elvanol® 85-30; Elvanol[®] 85-82; Luviskol[®] K17; Luviskol[®] K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90; Nonoxynol; Sodium caseinate; Sodium lignosulfonate protective colloid, emulsions Gohsenol protective colloid, films Sodium polyacrylate protective colloid, paper Airvol® 205; Airvol® 523; Airvol® 540; Klucel® E; Klucel® L; Luviskol® K12; Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K80; Luviskol® K90; PVP K-15; PVP K-15 Sol'n.; PVP K-30; PVP K-60 Sol'n.; PVP K-90; PVP K-90 Sol'n.; PVP K-120 protective colloid, paper coatings Hydroxyethylcellulose protective colloid, paper sizing Natrosol® 250 protective colloid, polymerization Polyvinyl alcohol (partially hydrolyzed); Supragil RM/77 DL protective colloid, PS Gohsenol protective colloid, PVC Gohsenol protective colloid, suspension polymerization Hydroxypropylcellulose; Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90 protein adsorption Tannic acid protein substitute, paper Airvol® 203S protein substitute, paperboard coatings Acrosol™ PR 8720 X protein substitute, plaster additives Airvol® 203S protein substitute, stucco finishes Airvol® 203S PS modifier Unilin[®] 425 Alcohol publication grade paper modifier

Rovene® 4100

pulp additive Pluronic® 17R2 pulp bleaching Sodium hydrosulfite pulp digestion Sodium bisulfite pulp yield improver Anthraquinone pulp, fluff: adult incontinence prods. Golden Isles® EF-100 pulp, fluff: air laid nonwovens Golden Isles® EF-100 pulp, fluff: disposable baby diapers Golden Isles® EF-100 pulp, fluff: feminine hygiene prods. Golden Isles® EF-100 pulp, fluff: meat/poultry pkg. Golden Isles® EF-100 pulp, long fiber: calendars Leaf River 90 Softwood pulp, long fiber: coffee filters Leaf River 90 Softwood pulp, long fiber: fine writing paper Leaf River 90 Softwood pulp, long fiber: postage stamps Leaf River 90 Softwood pulp, long fiber: printing paper Leaf River 90 Softwood pulp, market St. Croix Hardwood pulp, short fiber: cast coated paper Leaf River 90 Hardwood pulp, short fiber: coated paper Leaf River 90 Hardwood pulp, short fiber: computer paper Leaf River 90 Hardwood pulp, short fiber: copy paper Leaf River 90 Hardwood pulp, short fiber: printing paper Leaf River 90 Hardwood pulp, short fiber: writing paper Leaf River 90 Hardwood pulp/paper Aluminum orthophosphate; Antarox® PGP 23-7; Armul™ 910; Belsperse® 164; Briquest® ADPA-60AW; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 100; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 150; Chevron Clarity[®] Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 220; Chevron Clarity[®] Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 320; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 460; Crystal[™] 78; Crystal[™] 82; Derakane® 411-350; Diammonium EDTA; Disodium EDTA; Isoundeceth-3; Isoundeceth-6; Isoundeceth-9; Isoundeceth-12; Lumisorb™ SMS; Nonionic L-4; Novus™; Sodium carbonate; Sodium diethylenetriaminepentakis (methylenephosphonate); Steareth-2; Sulfur; Surfonic® TOFA-5; Surfonic® TOFA-6; Surfonic® TOFA-X10; Surfonic® TOFA-20; Unithox[®] 420; Unithox[®] 450; Unithox[®] 480; Unithox® 520; Unithox® 550; Unithox® 720; Unithox® 750; Utec® 3040; Utec® 6540; Versene 100 SRG pulp/paper additive PEG-4 dicocoate pulp/paper auxiliary TEGOPREN® 5852; TEGOPREN® 5863 pulp/paper defoamer additive Alkamide[®] STEDA pulp/paper mills Derakane® 411-35 pulp/paper processing C20-40 pareth-3; C20-40 pareth-10; C20-40 pareth-40; C30-50 pareth-3; C30-50 pareth-10; C40-60 pareth-3; C40-60 pareth-10; Nonyl nonoxynol-100 pulp/paper processing additive Acumer® 2100

pulp/paper processing, aq.

Alkasurf® CA-520 pulping aid, bleached paper Drew™ KPA 300 pulping aid, brown paper Drew[™] KPA 300 pulping aid, kraft paper Drew™ KPA 300 pulping aid, oxygen delignification: kraft hard wood pulp bleaching PQ® Epsom Salt Tech. pulping aid, oxygen delignification: soft wood pulp bleaching PQ® Epsom Salt Tech. pulping aid, paper Drew™ KPA 300 pulping aid, recycled fiber systems ReChem® pulping, kraft Poly-Tergent® E-20B pulping, paper Tivar®-1000 pulping, sulfite MHT® 60 S; MHT® 60 XS pulping, wood MEA Commercial Grade; MEA Low Freeze Grade; MEA Low Iron Grade; MEA Low Iron-Low Freeze Grade; MEA NF Grade purifier Silica purifier, water: water treatment Potassium alum dodecahydrate **PVC modifier** Unilin® 425 Alcohol quench oil, board PD-25; PD-28 quench oil, fiber lubricants PD-25; PD-28 quench oil, paper PD-23; PD-25; PD-28 quench oil, paperboard PD-23 quench oil, water treatment PD-23 quencher, fluorescence: deinked pulps Cartarex[®] 2L Liq.; Cartarex[®] NT Liq quencher, fluorescence: recycled fiber Cartarex[®] 2L Liq.; Cartarex[®] NT Liq. quencher, fluorescence: waste paper Cartarex[®] 2L Liq.; Cartarex[®] NT Liq. radiation-curable coating modifier, papermaking Bisomer PEG 200DMA rag stock cooking, paper Etopol 62-L; Etopol 63-L rag-stripping assistant, paper Peregal[®] S rapid diazotype coupler, coatings: lightsensitive paper p-Diazodimethylaniline zinc chloride double salt raw material, catalyst Polyaluminum chloride; Sodium aluminate; Źirconium oxide raw material, finishing agents: syn. fiber PEG-15 oleate; PEG-20 oleate raw material, paper auxiliaries Genapol® C-050; Genapol® C-080; Genapol® C-100; Genapol[®] C-150; Genapol[®] C-200; Genapol[®] O-020; Genapol[®] O-050; Genapol[®] O-080; Genapol® O-090; Genapol® O-100; Genapol® O-120; Genapol® O-150; Genapol® O-200; Genapol® O-230; Genapol® S-020; Nonyl nonoxynol-16; Nonyl nonoxynol-30 raw material, paper coatings Dimethiconol; Masil® SFR 70 raw material, unfortified paper size Westvaco® Rosin T reactant, security paper Chlorostain™ Blue RR Powd.; Chlorostain BR; Chlorostain™ BR Liq.; Chlorostain OR Liq.

readhesion inhibitor, carbon

Adekanol RP-605D; Adekanol RP-807; Adekanol RP-870; Adekanol RP-882 reagent, bleaching Sodium bisulfide reagent, dechlorination: effluent Sodium metabisulfite; Sodium sulfite; Sodium thiosulfate anhydrous; Sodium thiosulfate pentahydrate reagent, dechlorination: pulp/paper Sodium sulfite; Sodium thiosulfate pentahydrate reagent, dyestuffs processing Sodium bisulfide reagent, flotation Amine D®; Laurtrimonium chloride; Rewopol® B 2003 reagent, paper size pretreatment α -Amylase reagent, papermaking Potassium phosphate dibasic reagent, pulp/paper Potassium alum anhydrous reagent, pulping Anthraquinone reagent, solvent Acetic acid reagent, sulfur dye prod. Sodium sulfide reagent, wood pulp pretreatment Pentasodium pentetate rebonding agent, tissue paper Hartomer™ RB-25 recirculating water systems Nuosept® 166 reclaiming agent, fiber: excess white water Catiofast[®] GM; Catiofast[®] PL; Polymin[®] 978 L; Polymin[®] PL; Polymin[®] PR 266 L; Polymin[®] PR 8578 reclaiming agent, fiber: wastewater Polymin® 978 L recovery aid, fines: paper machine white water Polymin[®] SNA recycling t-Butyl hydroperoxide; T-Hydro® Sol'n. recycling, furnishes QEMI DSR 8117A reducing agent Ammonium sulfate; Ammonium thiosulfate; Diphenyldimethoxysilane; Formaldehyde; Phosphonic acid; Potassium ferricyanide; Potassium persulfate; Silicon; Sodium bisulfite; Sodium borohydride; Sodium thiosulfate pentahydrate; Sulfur dioxide reducing agent, chromium: effluent treatment Sodium hydrosulfite reducing agent, disperse dye: blueprint papermaking Thiourea dioxide reducing agent, dyeing Formic acid reducing agent, dyes Sodium sulfite reducing agent, effluent treatment Sodium bisulfite reducing agent, polymerization Hydrosulfite of Soda, 70%; Hydrosulfite of Soda Conc. reducing agent, polymerization initiators Sodium bisulfite reducing agent, pulp/paper Tysul® WW 35; Tysul® WW 50 reducing agent, redox-catalyzed polymerization Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate; Zinc formaldehyde sulfoxylate reducing agent, wastewater treatment Tysul® WW 35; Tysul® WW 50 reducing bleaching agent, wood pulps Hydrosulphite® reducing bleaching agent, wood-based old

paper

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pulp additive Pluronic® 17R2 pulp bleaching Sodium hydrosulfite pulp digestion Sodium bisulfite pulp yield improver Anthraquinone pulp, fluff: adult incontinence prods. Golden Isles® EF-100 pulp, fluff: air laid nonwovens Golden Isles® EF-100 pulp, fluff: disposable baby diapers Golden Isles® EF-100 pulp, fluff: feminine hygiene prods. Golden Isles® EF-100 pulp, fluff: meat/poultry pkg. Golden Isles® EF-100 pulp, long fiber: calendars Leaf River 90 Softwood pulp, long fiber: coffee filters Leaf River 90 Softwood pulp, long fiber: fine writing paper Leaf River 90 Softwood pulp, long fiber: postage stamps Leaf River 90 Softwood pulp, long fiber: printing paper Leaf River 90 Softwood pulp, market St. Croix Hardwood pulp, short fiber: cast coated paper Leaf River 90 Hardwood pulp, short fiber: coated paper Leaf River 90 Hardwood pulp, short fiber: computer paper Leaf River 90 Hardwood pulp, short fiber: copy paper Leaf River 90 Hardwood pulp, short fiber: printing paper Leaf River 90 Hardwood pulp, short fiber: writing paper Leaf River 90 Hardwood pulp/paper Aluminum orthophosphate; Antarox® PGP 23-7; Armul™ 910; Belsperse® 164; Briquest® ADPA-60AW; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 100; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 150; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 220; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 320; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 460; Crystal[™] 78; Crystal[™] 82; Derakane® 411-350; Diammonium EDTA Disodium EDTA; Isoundeceth-3; Isoundeceth-6; Isoundeceth-9; Isoundeceth-12; Lumisorb™ SMS; Nonionic L-4; Novus™; Sodium carbonate; Sodium diethylenetriaminepentakis (methylenephosphonate); Steareth-2; Sulfur; Surfonic® TOFA-5; Surfonic® TOFA-6; Surfonic® TOFA-X10; Surfonic® TOFA-20; Unithox[®] 420; Unithox[®] 450; Unithox[®] 480; Unithox® 520; Unithox® 550; Unithox® 720; Unithox® 750; Utec® 3040; Utec® 6540; Versene 100 SRG pulp/paper additive PEG-4 dicocoate pulp/paper auxiliary TEGOPREN® 5852; TEGOPREN® 5863 pulp/paper defoamer additive Alkamide[®] STEDA pulp/paper mills Derakane® 411-35

pulp/paper processing C20-40 pareth-3; C20-40 pareth-10; C20-40 pareth-40; C30-50 pareth-3; C30-50 pareth-10; C40-60 pareth-3; C40-60 pareth-10; Nonyl nonoxynol-100

pulp/paper processing additive Acumer® 2100

pulp/paper processing, aq.

Alkasurf® CA-520 pulping aid, bleached paper Drew[™] KPA 300 pulping aid, brown paper Drew[™] KPA 300 pulping aid, kraft paper Drew™ KPA 300 pulping aid, oxygen delignification: kraft hard wood pulp bleaching PQ® Epsom Salt Tech. pulping aid, oxygen delignification: soft wood pulp bleaching PQ® Epsom Salt Tech. pulping aid, paper Drew™ KPA 300 pulping aid, recycled fiber systems ReChem® pulping, kraft Poly-Tergent® E-20B pulping, paper Tivar®-1000 pulping, sulfite MHT® 60 S; MHT® 60 XS pulping, wood MEA Commercial Grade; MEA Low Freeze Grade; MEA Low Iron Grade; MEA Low Iron-Low Freeze Grade; MEA NF Grade purifier Silica purifier, water: water treatment Potassium alum dodecahydrate **PVC modifier** Unilin® 425 Alcohol quench oil, board PD-25; PD-28 quench oil, fiber lubricants PD-25; PD-28 quench oil, paper PD-23; PD-25; PD-28 quench oil, paperboard PD-23 quench oil, water treatment PD-23 quencher, fluorescence: deinked pulps Cartarex[®] 2L Liq.; Cartarex[®] NT Liq quencher, fluorescence: recycled fiber Cartarex[®] 2L Liq.; Cartarex[®] NT Liq. quencher, fluorescence: waste paper Cartarex[®] 2L Liq.; Cartarex[®] NT Liq. radiation-curable coating modifier, papermaking Bisomer PEG 200DMA rag stock cooking, paper Etopol 62-L; Etopol 63-L rag-stripping assistant, paper Peregal[®] S rapid diazotype coupler, coatings: lightsensitive paper p-Diazodimethylaniline zinc chloride double salt raw material, catalyst Polyaluminum chloride; Sodium aluminate; Źirconium oxide raw material, finishing agents: syn. fiber PEG-15 oleate; PEG-20 oleate raw material, paper auxiliaries Genapol® C-050; Genapol® C-080; Genapol® C-100; Genapol[®] C-150; Genapol[®] C-200; Genapol[®] O-020; Genapol[®] O-050; Genapol[®] O-080; Genapol® O-090; Genapol® O-100; Genapol® O-120; Genapol® O-150; Genapol® O-200; Genapol® O-230; Genapol® S-020; Nonyl nonoxynol-16; Nonyl nonoxynol-30 raw material, paper coatings Dimethiconol; Masil® SFR 70 raw material, unfortified paper size Westvaco® Rosin T reactant, security paper Chlorostain™ Blue RR Powd.; Chlorostain BR; Chlorostain™ BR Liq.; Chlorostain OR Liq.

readhesion inhibitor, carbon

reducing bleaching agent, wood-based old paper

Adekanol RP-605D; Adekanol RP-807; Adekanol RP-870; Adekanol RP-882 reagent, bleaching Sodium bisulfide reagent, dechlorination: effluent Sodium metabisulfite; Sodium sulfite; Sodium thiosulfate anhydrous; Sodium thiosulfate pentahydrate reagent, dechlorination: pulp/paper Sodium sulfite; Sodium thiosulfate pentahydrate reagent, dyestuffs processing Sodium bisulfide reagent, flotation Amine D®; Laurtrimonium chloride; Rewopol® B 2003 reagent, paper size pretreatment α -Amylase reagent, papermaking Potassium phosphate dibasic reagent, pulp/paper Potassium alum anhydrous reagent, pulping Anthraquinone reagent, solvent Acetic acid reagent, sulfur dye prod. Sodium sulfide reagent, wood pulp pretreatment Pentasodium pentetate rebonding agent, tissue paper Hartomer™ RB-25 recirculating water systems Nuosept® 166 reclaiming agent, fiber: excess white water Catiofast[®] GM; Catiofast[®] PL; Polymin[®] 978 L; Polymin® PL; Polymin® PR 266 L; Polymin® PR 8578 reclaiming agent, fiber: wastewater Polymin® 978 L recovery aid, fines: paper machine white water Polymin[®] SNA recycling *t-Butyl hydroperoxide;* T-Hydro[®] Sol'n. recycling, furnishes QEMI DSR 8117A reducing agent Ammonium sulfate; Ammonium thiosulfate; Diphenyldimethoxysilane; Formaldehyde; Phosphonic acid; Potassium ferricyanide; Potassium persulfate; Silicon; Sodium bisulfite; Sodium borohydride; Sodium thiosulfate pentahydrate; Sulfur dioxide reducing agent, chromium: effluent treatment Sodium hydrosulfite reducing agent, disperse dye: blueprint papermaking Thiourea dioxide reducing agent, dyeing Formic acid reducing agent, dyes Sodium sulfite reducing agent, effluent treatment Sodium bisulfite reducing agent, polymerization Hydrosulfite of Soda, 70%; Hydrosulfite of Soda Conc. reducing agent, polymerization initiators Sodium bisulfite reducing agent, pulp/paper Tysul® WW 35; Tysul® WW 50 reducing agent, redox-catalyzed polymerization Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate; Zinc formaldehyde sulfoxylate reducing agent, wastewater treatment Tysul® WW 35; Tysul® WW 50 reducing bleaching agent, wood pulps Hydrosulphite[®] reducing bleaching agent, wood-based old paper

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pulp additive Pluronic® 17R2 pulp bleaching Sodium hydrosulfite pulp digestion Sodium bisulfite pulp yield improver Anthraquinone pulp, fluff: adult incontinence prods. Golden Isles® EF-100 pulp, fluff: air laid nonwovens Golden Isles® EF-100 pulp, fluff: disposable baby diapers Golden Isles® EF-100 pulp, fluff: feminine hygiene prods. Golden Isles® EF-100 pulp, fluff: meat/poultry pkg. Golden Isles® EF-100 pulp, long fiber: calendars Leaf River 90 Softwood pulp, long fiber: coffee filters Leaf River 90 Softwood pulp, long fiber: fine writing paper Leaf River 90 Softwood pulp, long fiber: postage stamps Leaf River 90 Softwood pulp, long fiber: printing paper Leaf River 90 Softwood pulp, market St. Croix Hardwood pulp, short fiber: cast coated paper Leaf River 90 Hardwood pulp, short fiber: coated paper Leaf River 90 Hardwood pulp, short fiber: computer paper Leaf River 90 Hardwood pulp, short fiber: copy paper Leaf River 90 Hardwood pulp, short fiber: printing paper Leaf River 90 Hardwood pulp, short fiber: writing paper Leaf River 90 Hardwood pulp/paper Aluminum orthophosphate; Antarox® PGP 23-7; Armul™ 910; Belsperse® 164; Briquest® ADPA-60AW; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 100; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 150; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 220; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 320; Chevron Clarity® Synthetic Paper Machine Oil ISO 460; Crystal[™] 78; Crystal[™] 82; Derakane® 411-350; Diammonium EDTA Disodium EDTA; Isoundeceth-3; Isoundeceth-6; Isoundeceth-9; Isoundeceth-12; Lumisorb™ SMS; Nonionic L-4; Novus™; Sodium carbonate; Sodium diethylenetriaminepentakis (methylenephosphonate); Steareth-2; Sulfur; Surfonic® TOFA-5; Surfonic® TOFA-6; Surfonic® TOFA-X10; Surfonic® TOFA-20; Unithox[®] 420; Unithox[®] 450; Unithox[®] 480; Unithox® 520; Unithox® 550; Unithox® 720; Unithox® 750; Utec® 3040; Utec® 6540; Versene 100 SRG pulp/paper additive PEG-4 dicocoate pulp/paper auxiliary TEGOPREN® 5852; TEGOPREN® 5863 pulp/paper defoamer additive Alkamide[®] STEDA pulp/paper mills Derakane® 411-35

pulp/paper processing C20-40 pareth-3; C20-40 pareth-10; C20-40 pareth-40; C30-50 pareth-3; C30-50 pareth-10; C40-60 pareth-3; C40-60 pareth-10; Nonyl nonoxynol-100

pulp/paper processing additive Acumer® 2100

pulp/paper processing, aq.

Alkasurf® CA-520 pulping aid, bleached paper Drew[™] KPA 300 pulping aid, brown paper Drew[™] KPA 300 pulping aid, kraft paper Drew™ KPA 300 pulping aid, oxygen delignification: kraft hard wood pulp bleaching PQ® Epsom Salt Tech. pulping aid, oxygen delignification: soft wood pulp bleaching PQ® Epsom Salt Tech. pulping aid, paper Drew™ KPA 300 pulping aid, recycled fiber systems ReChem® pulping, kraft Poly-Tergent® E-20B pulping, paper Tivar®-1000 pulping, sulfite MHT® 60 S; MHT® 60 XS pulping, wood MEA Commercial Grade; MEA Low Freeze Grade; MEA Low Iron Grade; MEA Low Iron-Low Freeze Grade; MEA NF Grade purifier Silica purifier, water: water treatment Potassium alum dodecahydrate **PVC modifier** Unilin® 425 Alcohol quench oil, board PD-25; PD-28 quench oil, fiber lubricants PD-25; PD-28 quench oil, paper PD-23; PD-25; PD-28 quench oil, paperboard PD-23 quench oil, water treatment PD-23 quencher, fluorescence: deinked pulps Cartarex[®] 2L Liq.; Cartarex[®] NT Liq quencher, fluorescence: recycled fiber Cartarex[®] 2L Liq.; Cartarex[®] NT Liq. quencher, fluorescence: waste paper Cartarex[®] 2L Liq.; Cartarex[®] NT Liq. radiation-curable coating modifier, papermaking Bisomer PEG 200DMA rag stock cooking, paper Etopol 62-L; Etopol 63-L rag-stripping assistant, paper Peregal[®] S rapid diazotype coupler, coatings: lightsensitive paper p-Diazodimethylaniline zinc chloride double salt raw material, catalyst Polyaluminum chloride; Sodium aluminate; Źirconium oxide raw material, finishing agents: syn. fiber PEG-15 oleate; PEG-20 oleate raw material, paper auxiliaries Genapol® C-050; Genapol® C-080; Genapol® C-100; Genapol[®] C-150; Genapol[®] C-200; Genapol[®] O-020; Genapol[®] O-050; Genapol[®] O-080; Genapol® O-090; Genapol® O-100; Genapol® O-120; Genapol® O-150; Genapol® O-200; Genapol® O-230; Genapol® S-020; Nonyl nonoxynol-16; Nonyl nonoxynol-30 raw material, paper coatings Dimethiconol; Masil® SFR 70 raw material, unfortified paper size Westvaco® Rosin T reactant, security paper Chlorostain™ Blue RR Powd.; Chlorostain BR; Chlorostain™ BR Liq.; Chlorostain OR Liq.

readhesion inhibitor, carbon

reducing bleaching agent, wood-based old paper

Adekanol RP-605D; Adekanol RP-807; Adekanol RP-870; Adekanol RP-882 reagent, bleaching Sodium bisulfide reagent, dechlorination: effluent Sodium metabisulfite; Sodium sulfite; Sodium thiosulfate anhydrous; Sodium thiosulfate pentahydrate reagent, dechlorination: pulp/paper Sodium sulfite; Sodium thiosulfate pentahydrate reagent, dyestuffs processing Sodium bisulfide reagent, flotation Amine D®; Laurtrimonium chloride; Rewopol® B 2003 reagent, paper size pretreatment α -Amylase reagent, papermaking Potassium phosphate dibasic reagent, pulp/paper Potassium alum anhydrous reagent, pulping Anthraquinone reagent, solvent Acetic acid reagent, sulfur dye prod. Sodium sulfide reagent, wood pulp pretreatment Pentasodium pentetate rebonding agent, tissue paper Hartomer™ RB-25 recirculating water systems Nuosept® 166 reclaiming agent, fiber: excess white water Catiofast[®] GM; Catiofast[®] PL; Polymin[®] 978 L; Polymin® PL; Polymin® PR 266 L; Polymin® PR 8578 reclaiming agent, fiber: wastewater Polymin[®] 978 L recovery aid, fines: paper machine white water Polymin[®] SNA recycling *t-Butyl hydroperoxide;* T-Hydro[®] Sol'n. recycling, furnishes QEMI DSR 8117A reducing agent Ammonium sulfate; Ammonium thiosulfate; Diphenyldimethoxysilane; Formaldehyde; Phosphonic acid; Potassium ferricyanide; Potassium persulfate; Silicon; Sodium bisulfite; Sodium borohydride; Sodium thiosulfate pentahydrate; Sulfur dioxide reducing agent, chromium: effluent treatment Sodium hydrosulfite reducing agent, disperse dye: blueprint papermaking Thiourea dioxide reducing agent, dyeing Formic acid reducing agent, dyes Sodium sulfite reducing agent, effluent treatment Sodium bisulfite reducing agent, polymerization Hydrosulfite of Soda, 70%; Hydrosulfite of Soda Conc. reducing agent, polymerization initiators Sodium bisulfite reducing agent, pulp/paper Tysul® WW 35; Tysul® WW 50 reducing agent, redox-catalyzed polymerization Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate; Zinc formaldehyde sulfoxylate reducing agent, wastewater treatment Tysul® WW 35; Tysul® WW 50 reducing bleaching agent, wood pulps Hydrosulphite[®] reducing bleaching agent, wood-based old paper

reinforcing agent

Hydrosulphite[®] reinforcing agent Aluminum hydroxide; Asbestos; Bilt-Plates® 156; Boron carbide; Carbon black; Continex® LH-10; Continex® N351; Hexamethoxymethylmelamine; Kevlar® 29, 49; LX-782®; Magnesium carbonate; Mica; Phenolic resin; Polyvinyl chloride; Silica; Silica, fumed; Styrene/ butadiene polymer; Terpene resin reinforcing agent, aq. emulsions Aerosil® K315; Aerosil® K328; Aerosil® K330; Aerosil® K342 reinforcing agent, cardboard Aerosil® K315; Aerosil® K328; Aerosil® K330; Aerosil® K342 reinforcing agent, coatings Atomite®; Cab-O-Sil® EH-5; Cab-O-Sil® H-5; Cab-O-Sil® HS-5; Cab-O-Sil® L-90; Cab-O-Sil® LM-130; Cab-O-Sil® LM-150; Cab-O-Sil® M-5; Cab-O-Sil® M-7D; Calcium silicate; Micro-White® 10 Slurry reinforcing agent, defoamers Cab-O-Sil® H-5 reinforcing agent, dry paper Cogum® reinforcing agent, dull coatings Carbital® 35 reinforcing agent, elastomers Cab-O-Sil® H-5; Cab-O-Sil® M-7D; Cab-O-Sil® MS-75D; Calcium silicate reinforcing agent, EPDM ASP® 072 reinforcing agent, films Mica reinforcing agent, hot-melt coatings Poly-α-methylstyrene reinforcing agent, lubricants Cab-O-Sil® H-5 reinforcing agent, matte coatings Carbital® 35 reinforcing agent, nitrile ASP® 072 reinforcing agent, paper Aerosil® 200; Aerosil® K315; Aerosil® K328; Aerosil® K330; Aerosil® K342; Atomite® Carbital[®] 35; Carbital[®] 75; Carbital[®] 90; CC[™]-103; Cellulose; Fibrox 030-E; Fibrox 030-ES; Fibrox 300; Kotamite[®]; Micro-White[®] 10 Slurry; Micro-White® 25 Slurry; RO-40; Talc reinforcing agent, paper coatings Opacimite[™] reinforcing agent, polymers ASP® 072 reinforcing agent, resins Cab-O-Sil® H-5 reinforcing agent, SBR ASP® 072 reinforcing agent, silicones Cab-O-Sil® H-5; Cab-O-Sil® HS-5; Cab-O-Sil® LM-150D; Cab-O-Sil® M-7D; Cab-O-Sil® MS-75D reinforcing agent, specialized paper Mewlon reinforcing agent, wet paper Polyfix® release agent Calcium stearate; Carnauba (Copernica cerifera) wax; Castor (Ricinus communis) oil; Dimethicone; Diphenyldimethoxysilane; 2-(N-Ethylperfluorooctanesulfonamido) ethyl acrylate; Glycol/butylene glycol montanate; Hydroxylated lecithin; Microcrystalline wax; Nonoxynol-7; PEG-8 dilaurate; Phenyltrimethoxysilane; Polyamidoamine; Polytetrafluoroethylene; Polyvinyl alcohol; PPG-20; Silicone emulsions; Synthetic wax; TLV 68-SB; TLV 68-UB; TLV 70-SB; TLV 70-UB; Yelkin® DS; Yelkin® SS; Yelkin® T; Yelkin® TS release agent, abrasive paper Liquazinc AQ-90

release agent, board coatings TEGO® Glide 403 release agent, coated paper surface finish Sunkem® 301; Sunkem® 329 release agent, coated paperboard surface finish Sunkem® 301; Sunkem® 329 release agent, coating colors Ombrelub® CD release agent, coatings: food-contact Dimethicone; Ethylene dioleamide; Ethylene distearamide: Oleamide: Petrolatum: Polyethylene wax; Polytetrafluoroethylene; Silicone release agent, food pkg. Quilon[®] C; Quilon[®] H; Quilon[®] L; Quilon[®] S; Stearamide release agent, food-contact Advawax® 240 release agent, grease-crawl-resistant paper Quilon® S release agent, grease-resistant coatings Quilon[®] L release agent, grease-resistant paper Quilon[®] C; Quilon[®] H; Quilon[®] S release agent, industrial release sheets Ouilon® S release agent, internal: polyolefins Hoechst Wax S release agent, internal: PS Hoechst Wax S release agent, internal: PVC Hoechst Wax S release agent, mold: paper Lambent E-2140; Lambent E-2140 35% Food Grade release agent, mold: pulp/paper Polysynth SI 40 release agent, pan liners Quilon[®] L; Quilon[®] S release agent, paper Bersize® 6400; MS-122DF; Qemisoft 8075; Quilon® H; Quilon® L; Safacid 20/22 CD; Safacid 20/22 DF; Safacid 20/22 HF; Safacid 20/22 LF; Stearyl/aminopropyl methicone copolymer release agent, paper coatings TEGO® Glide 403 release agent, paper prods. SM 2128 release agent, paper sizes Fluorad® FX-13; Safacid 20/22 CD; Safacid 20/22 DF; Safacid 20/22 HF; Safacid 20/22 LF release agent, paper surface finishing: dry food-contact Cerol® M Liq. release agent, paperboard Bersize® 6400; Quilon® H; Quilon® L release agent, papermaking Britol[®] 6NF; Britol[®] 7NF; Britol[®] 9NF; Britol[®] 20USP; Britol[®] 35USP; Britol[®] 50USP; Sanpeg^T release agent, pkg. materials Quilon® C; Quilon® H; Quilon® S release agent, polymer systems Struktol® TR 131 release agent, polymers: food-contact Erucamide; Hydrogenated polybutene release agent, polyolefins Hoechst Wax E; Hoechst Wax OP release agent, preprint applics. TEGO® Glide 403 release agent, press: rubber roll release problems, pulp/paper Lubrol 90 release agent, pressure-sensitive tape/label separator sheets Quilon[®] L release agent, pressure-sensitive tapes/labels separator sheets

Quilon[®] S release agent, PS Hoechst Wax E: Hoechst Wax OP release agent, PVC Hoechst Wax E; Hoechst Wax OP release agent, PVC films Ethylene dioleamide release agent, rayon paper Suntorl KI release agent, release paper Quilon® C; Quilon® H; Quilon® S release agent, solvent: paper coatings Pentalyn® 856 release agent, solvent: wax emulsions Pentalyn® 856 release agent, surface finishing: board Cerol® M Liq.; Cerol® MN Liq. release agent, surface finishing: paper Cerol® M Liq.; Cerol® MN Liq. release agent, thin paper Suntorl 311; Suntorl C-500; Suntorl KL; Suntorl P-40 release agent, tissue machines Qemidink 8001 release agent, tissue paper ProSoft™; Suntorl KL release agent, tissues Suntorl 311 release agent, toilet roll paper Suntorl KL release agent, toilet rolls Suntorl 311 release agent, water-repellent coatings Quilon® release agent, water-repellent pkg. materials Quilon® L release agent, Yankee dryers Cynol® 760 Softener; Nopcote® DC-1153 release coating, cellulose acetate Synthemul® 97635; Synthemul® 97635-00 release coating, films Polyvinyl octadecyl carbamate release coating, paper Mayzo RA-120W release coating, paper labels Mayzo RA-60R; Mayzo RA-75; Mayzo RA-95H; Mayzo RA-95HS; Mayzo RA-100W; Mayzo RA-150W release coating, papermaking equip. McLube 1829 release coating, pressure-sensitive films Mayzo RA-120W release coating, pressure-sensitive paper labels Mayzo RA-120W release coating, pressure-sensitive paper tapes Mayzo RA-120W release coating, uncoated paper Synthemul® 97635; Synthemul® 97635-00 release coatings, EB/UV-curable: films Silicone acrylate release coatings, EB/UV-curable: paper Silicone acrvlate release coatings, EB/UV-radiation cured: paper TEGO[®] Silicone Acrylate RC release paper Gohsenal; Gohseran removal aid, color: water treatment Sodium chlorite removal aid, color: water treatment/purification Chlorine dioxide removal aid, Fe/Mn: water treatment Sodium chlorite removal aid, Fe/Mn: water treatment/ purification Chlorine dioxide repulping aid, decolorize: paper Kvbreak[®] repulping aid, decolorize: paperboard

Kybreak® repulping aid, defiber: paper Kybreak repulping aid, defiber: paperboard **Kybreak**® repulping aid, paper Qemisoft 8075 rescue agent Hi-Mar DFP-503 rescue agent, microbiological foam Hi-Mar DFP-31 rescue agent, wastewater systems Hi-Mar DFI-51; Hi-Mar DFI-51-S resin adhesion promoter, coatings Tosylamide/formaldehyde resin resin ester, thermoplastic: coatings Tall oil glycerides resin modifier, coatings Sucrose Benzoate Regular and Coatings Grade; Tosylamide/formaldehyde resin resin, extrusion coatings Enathene® EA 720-009 resin, laminations Enathene® EA 720-009 resin, overprint lacquers Hercolite® 240; Hercolite® 290 resin, paper Norsocryl® MA resin, polymer modification Hercolite® 240; Hercolite® 290 resin, pulp/paper Atlac® 382-05; Atlac® 382-05A; Atlac® 382-05AC resin, specialty pkg. Enathene® EA 720-009 resin, surface wetting: paper coatings Methyl rosinate resin, thermoplastic acidic: paper sizes Pexite[®] Wood Rosins resin, thermoplastic: paper coatings Resin 731D resin, thermoplastic: paperboard coatings Resin 731D resin, thermoplastic: papermaking Polyox[®] WSR N-750 resin, viscosifier: paper coatings Methyl rosinate retention aid Agefloc B50LV; Dimethylamine/epichlorohydrin copolymer; Hartfloc® 425; Methacrylic acid copolymer retention aid, acid papermaking Hanwet HCD-31; Praestaret® retention aid, alkaline fine paper Compozil™ P BMA 780; Compozil™ P BMB retention aid, alkaline papermaking Apollo® 4200 Cationic Starches; Hanwet HCD-31 retention aid, alkaline papermaking wet-end Sta-Lok® 374, 376 retention aid, alkaline sizes Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206 retention aid, backwater clarification Cartaretin® F Liq.; Cartaretin® K Liq.; Polyamidoamine retention aid, belt filter dewatering Qemifloc CEPG 164 retention aid, board paper Torez Resin P-1020R retention aid, board prod. Polyamidoamine retention aid, centrifuge dewatering Qemifloc CEPG 164 retention aid, colloidal substances: paper fiber Polymin[®] SO retention aid, color removal Qemireten 8015 retention aid, dissolved air flotation Qemifloc CEPG 164 retention aid, fiber Sodium phosphoaluminate

retention aid, fiber fines/trash removal: papermaking systems Jaquar® 8707 retention aid, fiber recovery Cartaretin® 5CP Powd.; Cartaretin® 10AE Liq.; Cartaretin® 10AP Powd.; Cartaretin® 10CE Liq.; Cartaretin® 10CP Powd.; Cartaretin® 20AE Liq.; Cartaretin® 20AP Powd.; Cartaretin® 20CE Liq.; Cartaretin® 30AE Liq.; Cartaretin® 30AP Powd.; Cartaretin® 30CE Powd.; Cartaretin® 40CE Liq.; Cartaretin® F Liq.; Cartaretin® K Liq.; Polyamidoamine retention aid, fibers DA-4; MPD-7; MS-290; MSG-329 retention aid, fibers: paper machine wire Polymin® PR 8578 retention aid, fibers: papermaking Polymin® 978 I retention aid, fibrous material recovery Floclair® DMR; Floclair® PAR retention aid, fillers DA-4; MPD-7; MS-290; MSG-329; Sodium phosphoaluminate retention aid, fillers: paper machine web formation Polymin[®] KE 78 PF; Polymin[®] KE 84 retention aid, fillers: paper machine wires Polymin® PR 973; Polymin® PR 8578 retention aid, fillers: papermaking Polymin[®] 978 L retention aid, fine paper Compozil™ BMA 0; Compozil™ BMA 9; Compozil™ S BMA 670; Compozil™ S BMA 890; Jaquar® CB-123 retention aid, fines: paper Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206 retention aid, fines: paper fiber Polymin[®] SO retention aid, fines: paper machine web formation Polymin® KE 78 PF; Polymin® KE 84 retention aid, fines: paper machine wires Polymin[®] PR 973 retention aid, gravity settling Qemifloc CEPG 164 retention aid, high conductivity/cationic demand systems Compozil™ P BMA 780 retention aid, industrial liq.-solid separation processes Qemireten 8015 retention aid, influent clarification Qemireten 8015 retention aid, liner paper Torez Resin P-1020R retention aid, linerboard Jaquar® CB-123 retention aid, liq.-solid separation processes Qemifloc CEPG 164 retention aid, mech. furnishes: groundwood specialties **Organopol**[®] retention aid, mech. furnishes: newsprint Organopol® retention aid, mech. furnishes: paperboard Organopol retention aid, microparticle: paper Hydrocol® retention aid, microparticle: paperboard Hydrocol® retention aid, microparticle: pulp Hvdrocol® retention aid, mill water clarification: pulp/ paper Hydraid[®] 2010; Hydraid[®] 8105 retention aid, neutral papermaking Praestaret[®] retention aid, neutral/alkaline paper

Polyflex[®] 300 Retention Aid

retention aid, newsprint Oxicol®; Oxirez® retention aid, oily wastewater separation Qemireten 8015 retention aid, paper Acrylamides copolymer; Ageflex FA-1Q80DMS; Ageflex FA-1Q80MC; Ageflex FA-2; Ageflex FA-2050DMS; Ageflex FM-1; Ageflex FM-1Q75MC; Ageflex FM-1Q80DMS; Ageflex FM-2; Agefloc PC20HV; Amerfloc® 485; Apollo® 4200 Cationic Starches; Apollo® Cationic Starches; Aquagel Gold Seal™ 200; Aquagel Gold Seal™ 325; Cartafen ZFN Liq.; Cartaretin® 5CP Powd.; Cartaretin® 10AE Liq.; Cartaretin® 10AP Powd.; Cartaretin® 10CE Liq.; Cartaretin[®] 10CP Powd.; Cartaretin[®] 20AE Liq.; Cartaretin[®] 20AP Powd.; Cartaretin® 20CE Liq.; Cartaretin® 30AE Liq.; Cartaretin® 30AP Powd.; Cartaretin® 30CP Powd.; Cartaretin® 40CE Liq.; Cartaretin® DS Liq.; Cartaretin[®] Dual System; Cartaretin[®] E Powd.; Cartaretin[®] F Liq.; Cartaretin[®] K Liq.; Diethylaminoethyl acrylate; Diethylaminoethyl acrylate dimethyl sulfate quat.; Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate dimethyl sulfate; Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate methyl chloride quat.; Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate; Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate dimethyl sulfate quat.; Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate methyl chloride quat .; Dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride; Intaria®; Jaguar® CP-4; Jaguar® CP-13; Pencat® Cationic Starches; Polyamidoamine; Polyfix®; Poly (glycidyltrimethyl ammonium chloride); Pateric® 270 (Polymin[®] 978 L; Polymin[®] KE 78 PF; Polymin[®] KE 84; Polymin[®] PL; Polymin[®] PR 266 L; Polymin® PR 973; Polymin® PR 8578; Polymin® SNA; *Polyquaternium-5; Polysilicic* acid; Qemifloc CEPG 164; Sodium aluminate retention aid, paper coatings Admiral[®] Water Soluble Polymer retention aid, paper recycle clarification Qemireten 8015 retention aid, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty food-contact Acrylamide/methacrylic acid/maleic anhydride copolymer; Dimethylamine/epichlorohydrin copolymer, N-Methyldiallylamine hydrochloride polymer with epichlorohydrin; Polyamide/ epichlorohydrin polymer, Poly [(methylimino) (2-hydroxytrimethylene) hydrochloride]; Polyquaternium-5; Polyquaternium-6; Polyquaternium-7 retention aid, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty/dry food-contact Poly [acrylamide-acrylic acid-N-(dimethylaminomethyl) acrylamide]; Poly (2-aminoethyl acrylate nitrate-co-2-hydroxypropyl acrylate) retention aid, paper/paperboard: food-contact Poly-1,4,7,10,13-pentaaza-15-hydroxyhexadecane retention aid, paper: food-contact Cartaretin® F Liq.; Cartaretin® K Liq. retention aid, paperboard Apollo® 4200 Cationic Starches; Apollo® Cationic Starches; Oxicol®; Oxirez®; Pencat® Cationic Starches; PerForm[™]; Polyflex[®] 300 Retention Aid retention aid, papermaking Accurac® 105 Retention Aid; Accurac® T-100 Retention/Drainage Aid; Agequat C505; Astro® X Cationic Starches; Chargemaster[®] R415; Chargemaster® R515; Chargemaster® R615; Jaguar® 8707; Particol®; Torez Resin P-1020R; Ultimer™ 1460 retention aid, papermaking size presses Electra® 7458; Lok-Size® 30; Staysize® 140

Electra® 7458; Lok-Size® 30; Staysize® 140 retention aid, papermaking water treatment Agefloc B4508P

- retention aid, papermaking wet-end
 - Interbond[®] C; Sta-Lok[®] 120, 160, 180, 182; Sta-

Lok® 140; Sta-Lok® 300, 310, 330; Sta-Lok® 400, 410, 430, 440 retention aid, pigments: paper fiber Polymin[®] SO retention aid, pitch control Qemireten 8015 retention aid, pulp Polyauaternium-5 retention aid, pulp/paper Aquapac™; Hydraid® 7736 EZ; Hydraid® 7871; Hydraid® 8182 EZ; PerForm™; Retek® retention aid, raw clarification Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206 retention aid, recycled board Interbond[®] C; Sta-Lok[®] 300, 310, 330; Sta-Lok[®] 400, 410, 430, 440 retention aid, recycled waste board Cartafen ZFN Liq.; Cartaretin® E Powd. retention aid, recycled waste newsprint Cartafen ZFN Liq.; Cartaretin® E Powd. retention aid, recycled waste paper Cartafen ZFN Liq.; Cartaretin[®] E Powd. retention aid, recycling operations Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206 retention aid, save-all operation: pulp/paper Hydraid[®] 2010; Hydraid[®] 8105 retention aid, screw press dewatering Qemifloc CEPG 164 retention aid, slimy colloids: paper fiber Polymin[®] SO retention aid, sludge dewatering Qemireten 8015 retention aid, solid-liq. separation processes Oemifloc 8086 retention aid, stickies control Qemireten 8015 retention aid, tissue paper Jaguar® CB-123 retention aid, wastewater clarification Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206 retention aid, water treatment: paper Agefloc A4506; Agefloc A4510 retention aid, water: paper coatings Modarez[®] WR; Vandrox[®] 184 retention aid, water: paper sticking Modarez[®] WR retention aid, wet-end papermaking Synthro®-Pac 812 L retention aid, wet-end processing: pulp/paper Polvacrvlamide retention aid, wet-strength additives: pulp/ paper Polyacrylamide retention aid, wood-containing paper Compozil™ P BMA 780; Compozil™ P BMB retention control system, closed-loop: paper Alcotech® RCS retention control system, closed-loop: paperboard Alcotech® RCS rewetting agent Abex® 18S; Abex® 22S; Isolaureth-6; Surfonic® DDP-40; Surfonic® DDP-50; Tergitol® NP-7 rewetting agent, coatings Morcryl® 535 rewetting agent, coatings: food pkg. Lucidene® 5010 rewetting agent, emulsion polymerization Geropon® WT-27; Igepal® CO-630; Igepal® CO-710 rewetting agent, o/w emulsions Merpol® SE rewetting agent, paper Alkanol® 1009C; Alkanol® SB; Cetyl betaine; Chemax CO-16; Chemax CO-30; Chemax CO-40; Chemax NP-15; Chemax NP-20; Chemax NP-30; Chemax NP-30/70; C10-12

pareth-6; C12-14 pareth-3; DeIONIC LF-EP-20; DeSonic[™] 6C; *Dodoxynol-6*; Duponol[®] LS Paste; Eldorado DEF-741; Etopol 81-L; Freedom SBO-65; Freedom SBT-65; Geropon® SDS; Geropon® WT-27; Igepal® CO-630; Igepal® CO-660; Igepal® CO-710; Igepal® CO-720; Merpol[®] SE; Morcryl[®] 535; Morez[®] 500; Nonoxynol-20; PEG-6 castor oil; PEG-16 castor oil; PEG-25 castor oil; PEG-30 castor oil; PEG-36 castor oil; PEG-40 castor oil; PEG-200 castor oil; PEG-5 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-16 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-25 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-200 hydrogenated castor oil; Product BCO; Rhodasurf® TDA-8.5; Sodium butyl oleate sulfonate; Sodium butyl tallate sulfate; Sodium oleyl sulfate; Sulfated butyl tallate; T-Det® N-8; T-Det® N-9.5; Trydet 2676 rewetting agent, paper towels DeIONIC LF-EP-30; Densol P-82; DeTHOX TDA-8.5; Igepal® RC-520; Poly-Tergent® S-205LF; Serdox® NOP 9; Trycol® 5941 rewetting agent, paper: corrugated Surfonic® L12-6; Surfonic® L24-3 rewetting agent, paper: food pkg. Lucidene® 5010 rewetting agent, paper: food-contact Eldorado DEF-741 rewetting agent, paper: liner board Surfonic® L12-6; Surfonic® L24-3 rewetting agent, paperboard coatings PEG-3.5 tetramethyl decynediol; Surfynol® 440 rewetting agent, papermaking Eldorado DEF-710; Sanfac" rewetting agent, semichemical corrugated media Igepal[®] RC-520 rewetting agent, tissue machines Eldorado DEF-741 rewetting agent, tissues Igepal[®] RC-520; Serdox[®] NOP 9 rewetting agent, toweling machines Eldorado DEF-741 rewetting agent, wet-strength paper DePEG 30-CO; DePEG 40-CO; DeSonic[™] 30C; DeSonic[™] 36C; DeSonic[™] 40C; DeSonic[™] 54C; PEG-54 castor oil rheology control agent Foamaster[®] PL; Imidazoline 18OH rheology control agent, aq. systems Tafigel® PUR 40 rheology control agent, barrier paper coatings Pliolite[®] AC-3 rheology control agent, coating colors Acrosol™ C 50 L; Leukoglanzöl® BPA 50; Sterocoll® FS; Sulfated vegetable oil, sodium salt rheology control agent, coatings Aquagel Gold Seal[™] 200; Aquagel Gold Seal[™] 325; Cab-O-Sil® EH-5; Cab-O-Sil® HS-5; Cab-O-Sil® L-90; Cab-O-Sil® LM-130; Cab-O-Sil® LM-150; Cab-O-Sil® M-5; Cab-O-Sil® PTG rheology control agent, emulsions KELZĂN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer rheology control agent, fiber suspensions Carbopol® 934 rheology control agent, flow: coatings Zonyl® FSN rheology control agent, gloss overlacquer paper coatings Pliolite® AC-3 rheology control agent, heavy paper coatings Rhoplex® E-2961 rheology control agent, heavy paperboard coatings Rhoplex® E-2961 rheology control agent, lightweight coatings Rhoplex® TT-935 rheology control agent, paper

Aqualon® CMC-T; Diatomaceous earth,

amorphous; Pro-Cote®; Tafigel® PUR 40 rheology control agent, paper coatings Admiral® Water Soluble Polymer; Benaqua® 1000; Leukoglanzöl[®] BPA 50; Pliolite[®] AC-3; Rheovis®; Rhoplex® ASE-75; Rhoplex® ASE-95NP; Rhoplex® ASE-108NP; Rhoplex® E-2961; Rhoplex® RM-232D; Rhoplex® TT-935; Vandrox® 184; Vinyl-toluene/acrylate copolymer; Viscalex® rheology control agent, paper suspensions Carbopol® 934 rheology control agent, paperboard Pro-Cote® rheology control agent, paperboard coatings Rhoplex[®] ASE-75; Rhoplex[®] ASE-95NP; Rhoplex[®] ASE-108NP; Rhoplex[®] E-2961; Rhoplex® RM-232D; Rhoplex® TT-935 rheology control agent, pigment slurries: papermaking Polystabil® rheology control agent, pigments Amgard® TBEP; KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer rheology control agent, silicone emulsions Carbopol® 934 rheology control agent, silicones Cab-O-Sil® HS-5; Cab-O-Sil® LM-150D rheology wax, coatings A-C® 405(M); A-C® 405(S); A-C® 405(T) rinse aid Pluronic[®] 25R2 rinse aid, paper Pluronic[®] L10 rinse aid, paper machine felt washing Serdox[®] NOP 9 roll wrap, paper Elvax® 550, 560 roller coverings, copier Epichlorohydrin/ethylene oxide copolymer roller coverings, paper Epichlorohydrin/ethylene oxide copolymer roller coverings, printing Epichlorohydrin/ethylene oxide copolymer rosin ester gum prod. Hydrogenated rosin rub resistance aid Hercules® 2043 runnability aid, metered size presses Acrosol™ C 50 L; Sterocoll® BL runnability aid, papermaking Chargemaster® R615; Hydrofix® runnability, high speed blade coatings: LWC paper Rovene® 4112 rust conversion agent Potassium ferricyanide rust inhibitor Aerosol® OT-75%; Aerosol® OT-75-PG; Aerosol® TR-70; Albrite® PA-75; Butyl phosphate; Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Lanolin; Petrolatum; Sodium benzoate; Sodium borate; Sodium borate decahydrate; Sorbitan trioleate; Surfonic[®] N-60; Teric[™] N6; TLV 68-SB; TLV 68-UB; TLV 70-SB; TLV 70-UB; Yelkin® DS; Yelkin® SS; Yelkin® T; Yelkin® TS rust inhibitor oils Glyceryl oleate rust inhibitor, lubricants: food-contact Sodium nitrite rust inhibitor, paper Stafoam F rust inhibitor, paper machine lubrication systems PMO Ashless 150; PMO Ashless 220; PMO Ashless 320; PMO Ashless 460 rust inhibitor, paper machine oils K-Corr® 100A2; K-Corr® 181CA; K-Corr® 182CA rust inhibitor, pigment grinding Propylene glycol myristate

rust inhibitor, waxes

scale inhibitor, paper machines

Hartfloc® A-40

Propylene glycol myristate rustproofing compds. Multiwax® ML-445 sag control agent, paper Čellulose sanitizer Barquat® MB-50; Barquat® OJ-80; Cocoalkonium chloride; Cocotrimonium chloride; Octoxynol-13 sanitizer ingred. Pine (Pinus palustris) oil sanitizer, food-contact Acetic acid sanitizer, water treatment Calcium hypochlorite saturant Colloid[™] 60; Neoprene Latex 735A saturant, fiber laminates Ethylene/VA copolymer saturant, filter media Stanfax 388 saturant, flame retardant: natural fiber PryoBreak[™] EX-13; PryoBreak[™] EX-18 saturant, flame retardant: paper treatment PryoBreak[™] EX-13; PryoBreak[™] EX-18 saturant, flame retardant: paperboard PryoBreak[™] EX-13; PryoBreak[™] EX-18 saturant, flame retardant: paperboard pkg. wood PryoBreak[™] EX-13; PryoBreak[™] EX-18 saturant, paper Airflex® 100 HS; Airflex® 108; Airflex® 110; Airflex® 144; Airflex® 456; Airflex® 4514; Airflex® 4530; Baypren Latex L 200A; Laminating Adhesive #5110; Piccopale® 100; Piccopale[®] 100-70M66; Piccotac[®] 95T; Rovene® 5005; Tylac® 68513-00; Tylac® 68520-00; *Vinyl acetate/acrylate copolymer* saturant, paper/paperboard Ethylene/VA copolymer, Ethylene/vinyl chloride copolymer saturant, paperboard Airflex® 100 HS; Airflex® 110; Airflex® 456; Airflex® 4514; Airflex® 4530; Piccotac® 95T saturant, papermaking Berbond® 8200 saturant, reprographic applics. Airflex[®] 110 saturant, size presses Airflex® 100 HS; SunCryl® CP-50; SunCryl® CP-75 saturant, size presses: label grades Sunbond® 853; Sunbond® 857; Sunbond® CP-58 saturant, specialty paper Airflex® 124; Airflex® 144 saturant, web Tylac® 68513-00; Tylac® 68520-00 saturation Hycar[®] 1552; Hycar[®] 1562; Hycar[®] 1572; Hycar® 1577; Nacrylic X 4280; X-Link 2833; X-Link 2893; X-Link 5627 saturation, felt Darex® 110L saturation, paper Ameripol Synpol 1013; Baypren Latex L 345; Darex[®] 110L; Darex[®] 620L; Good-Rite[®] 2570X59; Hycar® 1561; Hycar® 1571; Hycar® 2671; Hycar® 2679; Hycar® 26084; Hycar® 26092; Hycar[®] 26106; Hycar[®] 26322; MT 1970-D; Rohamere® 84116; Rovene® 4402 scale control Pentetic acid scale control agent, alkaline deinking systems: papermaking Sansperse[™] WTC scale control agent, milk Sodium hexametaphosphate scale control agent, paperboard Zenix™ scale control agent, pulp/paper Zenix™

Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous scale control, cooling water treatment Sulfuric acid scale inhibitor Acumer® 2100; BHMT Amine; BHMT-HP; Bishexamethylenetriamine; Empiphos STP; Empiphos STP/1L; Empiphos STP/1P; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/D; Empiphos STP/D16; Empiphos STP/DMST; Empiphos STP/E; Empiphos STP/L16; Empiphos STP/M; Empiphos STP/MST; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/P; Hanwet CA-1; Mhoromer® BM 903; Mhoromer® BM 905; Mhoromer[®] BM 923; Mhoromer[®] BM 951; Mhoromer® BM 955; Pentasodium diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonate; Pentasodium ethylene diamine tetramethylene phosphonate; Sodium silicate; Sodium pstyrenesulfonate; Spinomar NaSS; Tetrasodium pyrophosphate; Tolcide® PS 352C; Tolcide® PS 355A; Trisodium NTA scale inhibitor, aq. systems Dequest® 2010; Dequest® 2054; Dequest® 2060; Octasodium diethylene triamine penta (methylene phosphonate); Potassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene *phosphonate)*; Tamol® 731A; Tamol® 808; Tamol® 850; Tamol® 960 scale inhibitor, bleach stabilization Briquest® 543-45AS scale inhibitor, caustic makeup systems Hartfloc® A-40 scale inhibitor, chemical pulp Aquaprox® TD 2000 scale inhibitor, chemical pulping Aquaprox® TD 1100 scale inhibitor, cooling systems 2-Phosphono butane tricarboxylic acid-1,2,4 scale inhibitor, cooling towers Diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonic acid; Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid); Polywet® ND-2 scale inhibitor, cooling water Hartfloc® A-40; Phosphinopolycarboxylic acid scale inhibitor, cooling water treatment Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid; Dequest® 2000; Dequest® 2006; Dequest® 2066; Hexasodium diethylenetriaminepenta (methylenephosphonate); Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate; Sodium bisulfate; Sodium polyacrylate; Sodium polymethacrylate; Sulfamic acid; Tamol® 850; Tamol® 960 scale inhibitor, deink plant Hartfloc® A-40 scale inhibitor, hard water Donlar C-20C; Donlar C-30D scale inhibitor, industrial water systems Hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate) scale inhibitor, inorg. pigment dispersions Acriflow 041-S; Acriflow 050-S; Acriflow 141 S; Acriflow 241-M; Acriflow 241-SA scale inhibitor, kaolin clay slurries Dequest[®] 2016 D Powder scale inhibitor, kraft digesters Drewfax® 342 scale inhibitor, kraft pulp paper mills: cooling water Belclene® 283 scale inhibitor, kraft pulp paper mills: industrial water Belclene® 283 scale inhibitor, minerals Acrylates/acrylamide copolymer scale inhibitor, paper Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate scale inhibitor, paper machine circuit Tallofin®

scale control agent, water treatment

scale inhibitor, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty food-contact Maleic anhydride, polymer with ethyl acrylate and vinyl acetate, hydrolyzed; Sodium methyl tall oil acid taurate scale inhibitor, paper/paperboard: foodcontact Acrylic acid/sulfonic acid copolymer, Good-Rite® K-776 Polymer scale inhibitor, papermaking Acriflow 041-S; Acriflow 050-S; Acriflow 141 S; Acriflow 241-M; Acriflow 241-SA; Dispel® scale inhibitor, peroxide bleach stabilization Hexasodium diethylenetriaminepenta (methylenephosphonate); Unihib® 905 scale inhibitor, peroxide stabilization Dequest® 2041; Dequest® 2046; Dequest® 2066A; Dequest® 2066C2; Dequest® 2086; Dequest[®] 3000S; Dequest[®] 7000; Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid); Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate); SPE 9528; Tetrasodium etidronate scale inhibitor, process waters Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate scale inhibitor, pulp/paper Briquest® 543-45AS; Phosphinopolycarboxylic acid; Polysynth RRE scale inhibitor, pulp/paper bleaching Dequest® 2000LC; Dequest® 2041; Dequest® 2046; Dequest® 2066A; Dequest® 2066C2; Dequest[®] 2086; Dequest[®] 3000S; Dequest[®] 7000; Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid); Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate); SPE 9528; Tetrasodium etidronate; Unihib® 905 scale inhibitor, pulp/paper chemicals Aquacid-105 EX scale inhibitor, pulp/paper processing systems Acumer® 4161 scale inhibitor, recirculated cooling water Tamol® 731A; Tamol® 808 scale inhibitor, threshold effect Calnox® 214; Calnox® 214 DN scale inhibitor, threshold effect: papermaking Eldorado WT-30 scale inhibitor, waste treatment Sodium carbonate scale inhibitor, water systems Acrylic resin scale inhibitor, water treatment Acrylic acid/sulfonic acid copolymer; Acumer® 1000; Acumer® 1020; Acumer® 1100; Acumer® 4161; Acumer® 9300; Aquacid-105 EX; Briquest® 543-45AS; *Calcium disodium EDTA*; Dequest® 2016 D Powder; Dequest® 2041; Dequest® 2046; Dequest® 2066A; Dequest® 2066C2; Dequest® 2086; Dequest® 3000S; Dequest® 7000; Empiphos STP; Empiphos STP/1L; Empiphos STP/1P; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/D; Empiphos STP/D16; Empiphos STP/DMST; Empiphos STP/E; Empiphos STP/L16; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/MST; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/P; *Etidronic acid*; Good-Rite® K-702 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-732 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-739 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-752 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-759 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-765 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-776 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7028 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7028N Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7058D Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7058N Polymer; Isobutylene/MA copolymer; Phosphinopolycarboxylic acid; Polywet® ND-2; Polywet® ND-35; Potassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate); Potassium phosphate dibasic; Potassium

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scale inhibitor, paper machines

scale inhibitor, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty

Hartfloc® A-40

Propylene glycol myristate rustproofing compds. Multiwax® ML-445 sag control agent, paper Čellulose sanitizer Barquat® MB-50; Barquat® OJ-80; Cocoalkonium chloride; Cocotrimonium chloride; Octoxynol-13 sanitizer ingred. Pine (Pinus palustris) oil sanitizer, food-contact Acetic acid sanitizer, water treatment Calcium hypochlorite saturant Colloid[™] 60; Neoprene Latex 735A saturant, fiber laminates Ethylene/VA copolymer saturant, filter media Stanfax 388 saturant, flame retardant: natural fiber PryoBreak[™] EX-13; PryoBreak[™] EX-18 saturant, flame retardant: paper treatment PryoBreak[™] EX-13; PryoBreak[™] EX-18 saturant, flame retardant: paperboard PryoBreak[™] EX-13; PryoBreak[™] EX-18 saturant, flame retardant: paperboard pkg. wood PryoBreak[™] EX-13; PryoBreak[™] EX-18 saturant, paper Airflex® 100 HS; Airflex® 108; Airflex® 110; Airflex® 144; Airflex® 456; Airflex® 4514; Airflex® 4530; Baypren Latex L 200A; Laminating Adhesive #5110; Piccopale® 100; Piccopale® 100-70M66; Piccotac® 95T; Rovene® 5005; Tylac® 68513-00; Tylac® 68520-00; Vinyl acetate/acrylate copolymer saturant, paper/paperboard Ethylene/VA copolymer, Ethylene/vinyl chloride copolymer saturant, paperboard Airflex® 100 HS; Airflex® 110; Airflex® 456; Airflex® 4514; Airflex® 4530; Piccotac® 95T saturant, papermaking Berbond® 8200 saturant, reprographic applics. Airflex[®] 110 saturant, size presses Airflex® 100 HS; SunCryl® CP-50; SunCryl® CP-75 saturant, size presses: label grades Sunbond® 853; Sunbond® 857; Sunbond® CP-58 saturant, specialty paper Airflex® 124; Airflex® 144 saturant, web Tylac® 68513-00; Tylac® 68520-00 saturation Hycar[®] 1552; Hycar[®] 1562; Hycar[®] 1572; Hycar® 1577; Nacrylic X 4280; X-Link 2833; X-Link 2893; X-Link 5627 saturation, felt Darex® 110L saturation, paper Ameripol Synpol 1013; Baypren Latex L 345; Darex[®] 110L; Darex[®] 620L; Good-Rite[®] 2570X59; Hycar® 1561; Hycar® 1571; Hycar® 2671; Hycar® 2679; Hycar® 26084; Hycar® 26092; Hycar® 26106; Hycar® 26322; MT 1970-D; Rohamere® 84116; Rovene® 4402 scale control Pentetic acid scale control agent, alkaline deinking systems: papermaking Sansperse[™] WTC scale control agent, milk Sodium hexametaphosphate scale control agent, paperboard Zenix™ scale control agent, pulp/paper Zenix™

scale control agent, water treatment Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous scale control, cooling water treatment Sulfuric acid scale inhibitor Acumer® 2100; BHMT Amine; BHMT-HP; Bishexamethylenetriamine; Empiphos STP; Empiphos STP/1L; Empiphos STP/1P; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/D16; Empiphos STP/DMST; Empiphos STP/E; Empiphos STP/L16; Empiphos STP/M; Empiphos STP/MST; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/P; Hanwet CA-1; Mhoromer® BM 903; Mhoromer® BM 905; Mhoromer[®] BM 923; Mhoromer[®] BM 951; Mhoromer® BM 955; Pentasodium diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonate; Pentasodium ethylene diamine tetramethylene phosphonate; Sodium silicate; Sodium pstyrenesulfonate; Spinomar NaSS; Tetrasodium pyrophosphate; Tolcide® PS 352C; Tolcide® PS 355A; Trisodium NTA scale inhibitor, aq. systems Dequest® 2010; Dequest® 2054; Dequest® 2060; Octasodium diethylene triamine penta (methylene phosphonate); Potassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene *phosphonate)*; Tamol® 731A; Tamol® 808; Tamol® 850; Tamol® 960 scale inhibitor, bleach stabilization Briquest® 543-45AS scale inhibitor, caustic makeup systems Hartfloc® A-40 scale inhibitor, chemical pulp Aquaprox® TD 2000 scale inhibitor, chemical pulping Aquaprox® TD 1100 scale inhibitor, cooling systems 2-Phosphono butane tricarboxylic acid-1,2,4 scale inhibitor, cooling towers Diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonic acid; Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid); Polywet® ND-2 scale inhibitor, cooling water Hartfloc® A-40; Phosphinopolycarboxylic acid scale inhibitor, cooling water treatment Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid; Dequest® 2000; Dequest® 2006; Dequest® 2066; Hexasodium diethylenetriaminepenta (methylenephosphonate); Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate; Sodium bisulfate; Sodium polyacrylate; Sodium polymethacrylate; Sulfamic acid; Tamol® 850; Tamol® 960 scale inhibitor, deink plant Hartfloc® A-40 scale inhibitor, hard water Donlar C-20C; Donlar C-30D scale inhibitor, industrial water systems Hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate) scale inhibitor, inorg. pigment dispersions Acriflow 041-S; Acriflow 050-S; Acriflow 141 S; Acriflow 241-M; Acriflow 241-SA scale inhibitor, kaolin clay slurries Dequest[®] 2016 D Powder scale inhibitor, kraft digesters Drewfax[®] 342 scale inhibitor, kraft pulp paper mills: cooling water Belclene® 283 scale inhibitor, kraft pulp paper mills: industrial water Belclene® 283 scale inhibitor, minerals Acrylates/acrylamide copolymer scale inhibitor, paper Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate scale inhibitor, paper machine circuit Tallofin®

food-contact Maleic anhydride, polymer with ethyl acrylate and vinyl acetate, hydrolyzed; Sodium methyl tall oil acid taurate scale inhibitor, paper/paperboard: foodcontact Acrylic acid/sulfonic acid copolymer; Good-Rite® K-776 Polymer scale inhibitor, papermaking Acriflow 041-S; Acriflow 050-S; Acriflow 141 S; Acriflow 241-M; Acriflow 241-SA; Dispel® scale inhibitor, peroxide bleach stabilization Hexasodium diethylenetriaminepenta (methylenephosphonate); Unihib® 905 2066A; Dequest® 2066C2; Dequest® 2086; Dequest® 3000S; Dequest® 7000; Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid); Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate); SPE 9528; Tetrasodium etidronate scale inhibitor, process waters Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate scale inhibitor, pulp/paper Briquest[®] 543-45AS; *Phosphinopolycarboxylic acid*; Polysynth RRE scale inhibitor, pulp/paper bleaching Dequest® 2000LC; Dequest® 2041; Dequest® 2046; Dequest® 2066A; Dequest® 2066C2; Dequest[®] 2086; Dequest[®] 3000S; Dequest[®] 7000; Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid); Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate); SPE 9528; Tetrasodium etidronate; Unihib® 905 scale inhibitor, pulp/paper chemicals Aquacid-105 EX scale inhibitor, pulp/paper processing systems Acumer® 4161 scale inhibitor, recirculated cooling water Tamol® 731A; Tamol® 808 scale inhibitor, threshold effect Calnox® 214; Calnox® 214 DN scale inhibitor, threshold effect: papermaking Eldorado WT-30 scale inhibitor, waste treatment Sodium carbonate scale inhibitor, water systems Acrylic resin scale inhibitor, water treatment Acrylic acid/sulfonic acid copolymer; Acumer® 1000; Acumer® 1020; Acumer® 1100; Acumer® 4161; Acumer® 9300; Aquacid-105 EX; Briquest® 543-45AS; *Calcium disodium* EDTA: Dequest® 2016 D Powder; Dequest® 2041; Dequest® 2046; Dequest® 2066A; Dequest® 2066C2; Dequest® 2086; Dequest® 30005; Dequeste 7000; Empiphos STP/ Empiphos STP/1L; Empiphos STP/1P; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/D; Empiphos STP/D16; Empiphos STP/DMST; Empiphos STP/E; Empiphos STP/L16; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/MST; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/P; *Etidronic acid*; Good-Rite® K-702 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-732 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-739 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-752 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-759 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-755 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-765 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7028 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7028N R Rite® K-7058D Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7058N Polymer; Isobutylene/MA copolymer; Phosphinopolycarboxylic acid; Polywet® ND-2; Polywet® ND-35; Potassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate);

Potassium phosphate dibasic; Potassium

tripolyphosphate; Sodium carbonate; Sodium hexametaphosphate; SPE 9528 scavenger, acid: flame retardants Calcium stearoyl lactylate scavenger, acid: pigments Calcium stearoyl lactylate scavenger, acid: polyolefins Calcium stearoyl lactylate scavenger, heavy metal Sodium ferrocyanide scouring agent Ceteareth-5; C12-15 pareth-10; C13-15 pareth-9; Oleth-15; Sodium oleic sulfate; Sulfated castor oil; Trideceth-8; Trideceth-10; Trideceth-15; Trideceth-23; Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo CS50; Volpo L3; Volpo N3; Volpo N5; Volpo N10; Volpo N20; Volpo T5; Volpo T10; Volpo T15 scouring agent, paper Hydrochloric acid scouring agent, paper deinking Synperonic 91/6; Synperonic 91/8; Synperonic 91/8T scouring agent, paper reclamation Synperonic A9; Synperonic A11 scouring agent, papermaking Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo CS50; Volpo L3 scouring agent, papermaking Volpo N3; Volpo N5; Volpo N10; Volpo N20; Volpo T5; Volpo T10; Volpo T15 scouring agent, pigment grinding Propylene glycol myristate scouring agent, waxes Propylene glycol myristate scratch resistance aid, coatings Surfynol[®] SM-745 scuff resistance aid, offset/opaque communication paper grades NovaBond® 150 scuff resistance aid, printing board uncoated sides NovaBond® 150 scuff resistance aid, printing paper uncoated sides NovaBond® 150 security chemicals, paper Sappco Spa Securigard security paper **Benzidine** sedimentation aid, secondary: pulp/paper Percol® 368; Percol® 370; Percol® 402; Percol® 403; Percol® 406; Percol® 710; Percol® 712; Percol® 721; Percol® 722; Percol® 728; Percol® 734; Percol® 736; Percol® 737; Percol® 737HL; Percol® 742; Percol® 744; Percol® 745; Percol® 747; Percol® 748; Percol® 750; Percol® 751; Percol® 753; Percol[®] 755; Percol[®] 757; Percol[®] 759; Percol® 763; Percol® 764; Percol® 765; Percol® 766; Percol® 767; Percol® 775; Percol® 775 FS25; Percol® 775 FS40; Percol® 778; Percol® 778 FS25; Percol® 778 FS40; Percol[®] 780; Percol[®] 787; Percol[®] 788N; Percol[®] 790; Percol[®] 919; Percol[®] E24 sedimentation aid, secondary: waste treatment Percol® 368; Percol® 370; Percol® 402; Percol® 403: Percol[®] 406: Percol[®] 710: Percol[®] 712: Percol[®] 721; Percol[®] 722; Percol[®] 728; Percol® 734; Percol® 736; Percol® 737; Percol® 737HL; Percol® 742; Percol® 744; Percol[®] 745; Percol[®] 747; Percol[®] 748; Percol® 750; Percol® 751; Percol® 753; Percol® 755; Percol® 757; Percol® 759; Percol® 763; Percol® 764; Percol® 765; Percol® 766; Percol® 767; Percol® 775; Percol® 775 FS25; Percol® 775 FS40; Percol® 778; Percol® 778 FS25; Percol® 778 FS40; Percol® 780; Percol® 787; Percol® 788N; Percol® 790; Percol® 919; Percol® E24 sedimentation aid, secondary: water treatment

Percol® 368; Percol® 370; Percol® 402; Percol® 403; Percol® 406; Percol® 710; Percol® 712; Percol® 721; Percol® 722; Percol® 728; Percol® 734; Percol® 736; Percol® 737; Percol® 737HL; Percol® 742; Percol® 744; Percol® 745; Percol® 747; Percol® 748; Percol® 750; Percol® 751; Percol® 753; Percol® 755; Percol® 757; Percol® 757; Percol® 763; Percol® 757; Percol® 755; Percol® 766; Percol® 767; Percol® 765; Percol® 775 FS25; Percol® 775 FS40; Percol® 778: Percol® 778 FS25: Percol® 778 FS40: Percol® 780; Percol® 787; Percol® 788N; Percol® 790; Percol® 919; Percol® E24 separation agent, ink from fiber: pulp/paper mill water streams Hartfloc® 409 separation agent, solid/liq.: coatings Amerfloc[®] 485 sequestrant Calnox[®] 214; Calnox[®] 214 DN; Colloid[™] 202; Dequest[®] 2006; Dequest[®] 2060; Empiphos STP; Empiphos STP/1L; Empiphos STP/1P; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/D; Empiphos STP/D16; Empiphos STP/DMST; Empiphos STP/E; Empiphos STP/L16; Empiphos STP/M; Empiphos STP/L16; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/MST; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/P; Oxystearin; Pentasodium diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonate; Pentasodium ethylene diamine tetramethylene phosphonate; Potassium tripolyphosphate; Sodium glucoheptonate; Sodium thiosulfate anhydrous; Sorbitol; Triethanolamine; Triethyl citrate sequestrant, bleach stabilization Briquest[®] 543-45AS sequestrant, calcium Good-Rite® K-702 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-732 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-739 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-752 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-759 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7058D Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7058N Polymer; Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate sequestrant, chemical cleaning Pentasodium pentetate sequestrant, cleaning compds. Sodium lignosulfonate sequestrant, coatings Alcosperse[®] 149 sequestrant, cooling water treatment Hexasodium diethylenetriaminepenta (methylenephosphonate); Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate; Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate) sequestrant, deinking Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate) sequestrant, disinfectants Calcium disodium EDTA sequestrant, high solids slurries Alcosperse® 602-N Sequestrant, iron Good-Rite[®] K-702 Polymer; Good-Rite[®] K-732 Polymer; Good-Rite[®] K-739 Polymer; Good-Rite[®] K-752 Polymer; Good-Rite[®] K-759 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7058D Polymer; Good-Rite[®] K-7058N Polymer; Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate sequestrant, kaolin clay slurries Dequest® 2016 D Powder sequestrant, magnesium Good-Rite[®] K-702 Polymer; Good-Rite[®] K-732 Polymer; Good-Rite[®] K-739 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-752 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-759 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7058D Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7058N Polymer; Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate sequestrant, micronutrient systems Sodium lignosulfonate sequestrant, paper

Dequest[®] 2066; Kalipol[™] 4KP; Kalipol[™] 20; Kalipol[™] KTP; Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate; Tetrasodium EDTA sequestrant, paper coatings Alcosperse® 602-N sequestrant, paper deinking Pentasodium pentetate sequestrant, paper machine felt cleaning Eldorado ALK-6100; Eldorado ALK-6156 sequestrant, paper machine steam cleaning Eldorado ALK-6100; Eldorado ALK-6156 sequestrant, paper/paperboard: food-contact Pentasodium pentetate sequestrant, peroxide bleach stabilization Hexasodium diethylenetriaminepenta (methylenephosphonate) sequestrant, peroxide stabilization Dequest® 2041; Dequest® 2046; Dequest® 2066A; Dequest® 2066C2; Dequest® 2086; Dequest® 3000S; Dequest® 7000; *Ethylenedi*aminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid); Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate); SPE 9528; Tetrasodium etidronate sequestrant, pigments Alcosperse® 149; Alcosperse® 602-N sequestrant, polymerization Pentasodium pentetate sequestrant, polymers Calcium disodium EDTA sequestrant, pretreatment: mech. pulp before bleaching Masquol® DTPA Liq. sequestrant, process waters Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate sequestrant, pulp bleach stabilization Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate) sequestrant, pulp bleaching Briquest® 543-33S sequestrant, pulp/paper Briquest® 543-45AS; Calcium disodium EDTA; Pentasodium pentetate sequestrant, pulp/paper bleaching Dequest® 2000LC; Dequest® 2041; Dequest® 2046; Dequest[®] 2066A; Dequest[®] 2066C2; Dequest[®] 2086; Dequest[®] 3000S; Dequest[®] 7000; Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid); Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate); SPE 9528; Tetrasodium etidronate sequestrant, pulp/paper chemicals Aquacid-105 EX sequestrant, pulp/paper chems. Aquacid-106 EX; Aquacid-108 EX; Aquacid-109 ΕX sequestrant, pulp/paper processing Nitrilotriacetic acid sequestrant, pulp: pre-bleaching Tetralon® sequestrant, water demineralization PVM/MA copolymer sequestrant, water softening Tetrasodium EDTA sequestrant, water treatment Aquacid-105 EX; Aquacid-106 EX; Aquacid-108 EX; Aquacid-109 EX; Briquest® 543-33S Briquest® 543-45AS; Briquest® ADPA-60AW; Calcium disodium EDTA; Dequest® 2016 D Powder; Dequest® 2041; Dequest® 2046; Dequest® 2066A; Dequest® 2066C2; Dequest® 2086; Dequest® 3000S; Dequest® 7000; Empiphos STP; Empiphos STP/1L; Empiphos STP/1P; Empiphos STP/2P; Empiphos STP/D; Empiphos STP/D16; Empiphos STP/DMST; Empiphos STP/E; Empiphos STP/L16; Empiphos STP/M; Empiphos STP/MST; Empiphos STP/N; Empiphos STP/P; *Etidronic*

acid; Nitrilotriacetic acid; Pentasodium

Dequest[®] 2000; Dequest[®] 2010; Dequest[®] 2054;

pentetate; Potassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate); Potassium phosphate dibasic; Potassium tripolyphosphate; Sodium diethylenetriaminepentakis (methylenephosphonate); Sodium hexametaphosphate; SPE 9528; Tetrasodium etidronate setting agent, industrial processing Polyamide/epichlorohydrin polymer setting agent, protein: paper/paperboard, aq./ fatty food-contact Paraformaldehyde setting agent, wastewater Polyamide/epichlorohydrin polymer settling agent Aerosol® C-61 settling agent, paper Delfloc® 763 settling agent, pulp/paper Pura-Chem® shear-sensitive structure, aq. formulations Sodium magnesium fluorosilicate sheet property improver, paper surface applic. Microlube[™] N short stop, polymerization: SBR Thiostop® N silica activation, effluent Sulfur dioxide silica activation, water treatment Sulfur dioxide silica removal Sodium aluminate silicone RTV systems, raw material Dimethiconol size press sol'ns. Geo FM® DF-122; Geo FM® DF-122-NS size press, board Coatmaster® K50F size press, paper Coatmaster® K50F; Coatmaster® K500 size press, paperboard Coatmaster® K500 size presses Berbond[®] 8032; Berbond[®] 8200; Blankophor[®] P150 Liq.; Blankophor® P Liq.; Coatmaster® K61F; Douglas® Starches; Dur-O-Set® E-623; Dur-O-Set[®] E-646; Dur-O-Set[®] Elite 22; Dur-O-Set[®] Elite 33; DynaCoat[™] XA; DynaCoat[™] XC; Luredur[®] JP 2; Mirafilm[™]; Pro-Cote[®]; Sunkote® 460; Synthamin 3000; Vanzyme® Powd.; Vinac® 828; X-Link 2833; X-Link 2893 sizes Sodium borate sizes, paper Amylase; 1-Butene; C20-24 alpha olefin; C24-28 alpha olefin; C30 alpha olefin; Dodecene-1; Ethyl crotonate; 2-(N-Ethylperfluorooctanesulfonamido) ethyl acrylate; Hydroxyethylcellulose; Magnesium sulfate anhydrous; Methacrylamidopropyltrimethylammonium chloride; Polyvinyl acetate; Potassium aluminate; Rosin, maleated; Sodium phosphoaluminate sizing Dimethyl hydantoin-formaldehyde polymer, Dimethylol urea; Gelatin sizing agent Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer, Methylcellulose; Sodium tallow sulfate sizing agent, acid papermaking NeuRoz® 540 sizing agent, alkaline Polymin[®] PR 971 L sizing agent, alkaline fine paper LASAR™ sizing agent, alkaline paper ASĂ 100; ODSA sizing agent, alkaline papermaking Bersize® 6900; Bersize® 6918; Sugum 300 NS sizing agent, alkaline reactive: papermaking systems

sizing agent, alkaline reactive: papermaking systems, alkaline NovaSize® ASA sizing agent, alkaline reactive: papermaking systems, neutral NovaSize[®] ASA sizing agent, alkaline reactive: recycled OCC NovaSize® AKD sizing agent, alkaline reactive: specialty grades NovaSize[®] AKD sizing agent, bleached sulfate pulp Plasmine® PLH-55 sizing agent, board Cartacol[®] ASN Liq.; Cartacol[®] NP Liq.; Cartacol[®] SI Liq.; Cartacol[®] XP Liq. sizing agent, calcium carbonate containing paper Aquacoll 30 CC; Aquacoll 30 PA sizing agent, cardboard Aquacoll 30 CC; Aquacoll 30 PA; Aquacoll 300; Aquacoll 400; Aquacoll 433 S; Aquacoll P 231; Super 50 sizing agent, coating base Cartacol[®] ASN Liq.; Cartacol[®] NP Liq.; Cartacol[®] SI Liq.; Cartacol[®] XP Liq. sizing agent, coating base paper Aquacoll 433 S; Aquacoll P 231 sizing agent, coatings PenFilm™ Binder; *Polyacrylamide* sizing agent, deep colored paper NeuRoz® 426 sizing agent, fine paper Accosize® 100 Synthetic Size sizing agent, food pkg. Aquacoll 300; Aquacoll 400; Aquacoll 433 S; Aquacoll P 231; PenFilm[™] Binder; Super 50 sizing agent, ink jet printing paper Cartacol® SI Liq.; Cartacol® XP Liq.; PenExcel™ Sizing Agent sizing agent, internal: acid papermaking systems NovaPlus®; NovaPlus® HS sizing agent, internal: bleached paper NovaFlo® 50; NovaFlo® HW; NovaSperse™ sizing agent, internal: cardboard Opticoll 23 sizing agent, internal: dispersed fillers Keydime® D Series sizing agent, internal: fine paper systems Keydime® E Series sizing agent, internal: food pkg. Opticoll 23 sizing agent, internal: neutral papermaking NeuRoz® 700; NovaPlus®; NovaPlus® HS sizing agent, internal: neutral pH range Perglutin® 450/220; Perglutin® 450/240 sizing agent, internal: paper Bersize[®] 6409; Bersize[®] 6482; Keydime[®] A Series; Keydime[®] C Series; Keydime[®] D Series; Keydime® E Series; Malros® Neutros[®]; Neutros[®] Extra; Opticoll 23; Perglutin® 450/280; Perglutin® K 418; Roscol® sizing agent, internal: paper, aq./fatty foodcontact NovaFlo[®] 50; NovaSperse[™] sizing agent, internal: paper/paperboard, water resist. NovaSize, Dark Fortified; NovaSize, Dark Unfortified; NovaSize, Pale Fortified sizing agent, internal: paper: food-contact Paracol® 802A sizing agent, internal: paperboard Bersize[®] 6409; Bersize[®] 6482; Integral[®]; NovaFlo[®] 50; NovaFlo[®] HW; NovaSperse[™]; Opticoll 23 sizing agent, internal: paperboard: foodcontact Paracol® 802A

NovaSize[®] AKD

sizing agent, internal: papermaking NeuRoz[®] XC-7; Ultra-pHase™ sizing agent, internal: pulp/paper Integral sizing agent, internal: recycled fiber Keydime® D Series; NeuRoz® 700 sizing agent, internal: recycled fine paper NovaPlus®; NovaPlus® HS sizing agent, internal: unbleached paper NovaFlo® HW sizing agent, neutral papermaking Bersize[®] 6900; Bersize[®] 6918; Sugum 300 NS; Sugum 300 WR sizing agent, neutral pH range Ekoflock™ sizing agent, OCC furnishes NeuRoz® 426 sizing agent, office stationery Cartacol® ASN Liq.; Cartacol® NP Liq.; Cartacol® SI Liq.; Cartacol® XP Liq. sizing agent, offset printing paper Cartacol® ASN Liq.; Cartacol® NP Liq. sizing agent, paper Acintol® R Type S; Alcan Aluminum Sulphate Solid; Alcan Aluminum Sulphate Sol'n.; Alcoa® KB30; Alcoproof®; Alkenyl Succinic Anhydride C1618 (ASA); Aluminum sulfate; Ammonium alum; Aquacoll 30 CC; Aquacoll 30 PA; Aquacoll 300; Aquacoll 400; Aquacoll 433 S; Aquacoll P 231; Bersize® 6103; Bersize® 6155; Bersize[®] 6200; Bersize[®] 6205; Bersize[®] 6400; Bersize[®] 6900; Bersize[®] 6918; Candelilla (Euphorbia cerifera) wax; Cartacol® ASN Liq.; Cartacol® NP Liq.; Cartacol® SI Liq. sizing agent, paper Cartacol® XP Liq. sizing agent, paper Dextrin; Dimethicone; Donlar C-20C; Donlar C-30D; Donlar C-50D; Elvanol® 85-30; Elvanol® 85-82; Gluconal® GA-50; Gluconal® NG-C; Gohsenol; Gulftene® 4; Gulftene® 6; Gulftene® 8; Gulftene[®] 10; Gulftene[®] 12; Gulftene[®] 14; Gulftene[®] 16; Gulftene[®] 18; Gulftene[®] 20-24; Gulftene® 24-28; Gulftene® 30+; Hexadecenyl succinic anhydride; Koster Keunen Candelilla; Koster Keunen Ceresine; Koster Keunen Synthetic Candelilla; Maleic anhydride; Milldride® ODSA; Neodene® 12/14; Neodene® 14/16; Newpelt-1000; Octadecenyl succinic anhydride; Paracol® 404G; Paraffin; Pentasize 8; Pentasize 68; Pluracol® E400 NF; Pluracol® E600 NF; Pluracol® E1450; Pluracol® E2000; Pluracol® E4500; Pluracol® E8000; Pristerene 4909; Pristerene 4912; Pristerene 4913; Pristerene 4916; Pristerene 4931; Pristerene 4943; Pristerene 4945; Pristerene 4963; SMA® 1000; SMA® 2000; SMA® 3000; Sodium Alginate HV NF/FCC; Sodium Alginate LV; Sodium Alginate LVC; Sodium Alginate MV NF/ FCC; Sodium aluminate; Styrene/acrylates copolymer; Styrene/MA copolymer; Sulfuric acid; Super 50; Tannic acid; Tylose® CBR Grades; Tylose® CR sizing agent, paper coatings Prox®-Size C 902 E sizing agent, paper sticking Prox®-Size C 902 E sizing agent, paper surface finishing Cerol[®] M Liq.; Cerol[®] MN Liq. sizing agent, paper surface finishing: dry food-contact Cerol® M Liq. sizing agent, paper/paperboard

- Paraffin-rosin emulsion
- sizing agent, paper/paperboard surfaces: food-contact
- Paracol® 802A
- sizing agent, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty foodcontact
 - Alkenyl succinic anhydride

sizing agent, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty foods contact Dialkyl (C16-C18) carbamoyl chloride sizing agent, paper/paperboard: food pkg. Paraffin-rosin emulsion sizing agent, paper: dry food-contact Cartacol® ASN Lig.; Cartacol® NP Lig. sizing agent, paper: food pkg. Aquacoll 30 CC; Aquacoll 30 PA sizing agent, paperboard Alcoproof®; Bersize® 6103; Bersize® 6155; Bersize[®] 6200; Bersize[®] 6205; Bersize[®] 6400; Bersize[®] 6900; Bersize[®] 6918; Elvanol[®] 85-30; Elvanol® 85-82; Paracol® 404G sizing agent, papermaking Accosize[®] 60R Cationic Starch; Aquapel[®] Reactive Size; Hanwet HW-96E; Harsize; NeuRoz[®] 426; Plasmine[®] N-750-P; Plasmine[®] PLH-50; Plasmine[®] PLH-55; Sequel[™] ASA; Sugum 500; Sugum 700 sizing agent, pulp/paper Aquapac™ sizing agent, recycled fiber Cartacol[®] SI Liq.; Cartacol[®] XP Liq. sizing agent, recycled fiber furnish Plasmine® PLH-55 sizing agent, recycled paper Aquacoll 30 CC; Aquacoll 30 PA; Aquacoll 433 S; Aquacoll P 231 sizing agent, recycled paperboard Prelude sizing agent, size press paper PenFilm[™] Binder sizing agent, specialty food wrap, dry foodcontact Cartacol® SI Lig sizing agent, specialty paper Cartacol® NP Liq.; Cartacol® XP Liq. sizing agent, starches Hanwet HW-96E sizing agent, surface: acid paper DSP 15; DSP 70; DSP 80; XZ 26001.00; XZ 26005.00 sizing agent, surface: acid papermaking, calender operations Plasmine KN-500 sizing agent, surface: acid papermaking, size presses Plasmine KN-500 sizing agent, surface: alkaline paper DSP 15; DSP 70; DSP 80; XZ 26001.00; XZ 26005.00 sizing agent, surface: alkaline papermaking, calender operations Plasmine KN-500 sizing agent, surface: alkaline papermaking, size presses Plasmine KN-500 sizing agent, surface: bleached fine paper NovaCote™ 1905; NovaCote™ 1933; NovaCote[™] 1936; NovaCote[™] 2000; NovaCote[™] SCD sizing agent, surface: cardboard Intacol S-22; Intacol S-24; Intacol S-26; Intacol S-28; Intacol S-2240; Intacol S-2252; Intacol S-2425; Synthamin 3000; Synthamin 7000 sizing agent, surface: checks Piosafe 30 sizing agent, surface: coated paper NovaCote™ 1905; NovaCote™ 1933; NovaCote[™] 1936; NovaCote[™] 2000; NovaCote[™] SCD sizing agent, surface: coated paperboard NovaCote[™] 1905; NovaCote[™] 1933; NovaCote[™] 1936; NovaCote[™] 2000; NovaCote[™] SCD

sizing agent, surface: coating holdout NovaCote™ 1905; NovaCote™ 1933; NovaCote™ 1936; NovaCote™ 2000; NovaCote™ SCD

sizing agent, surface: coatings Prox®-Size A 925 E sizing agent, surface: communication paper NovaCote™ 1905; NovaCote™ 1933; NovaCote[™] 1936; NovaCote[™] 2000; NovaCote[™] SCD sizing agent, surface: copier toner adhesion NovaCote[™] 1905; NovaCote[™] 1933; NovaCote[™] 1936; NovaCote[™] 2000; NovaCote[™] SCD sizing agent, surface: copy paper Laserbond; NovaCote™ 1905; NovaCote™ 1933; NovaCote[™] 1936; NovaCote[™] 2000; NovaCote[™] SCD sizing agent, surface: copying paper Synthamin 7000 sizing agent, surface: digital printing applics. Sequatone® 2000 sizing agent, surface: fine paper Bersize® 6385 sizing agent, surface: food pkg. Synthamin 3000 sizing agent, surface: frictionize linerboard Bindzil® 15/500; Bindzil® 30/80; Bindzil® 30/220; Bindzil® 30/360; Bindzil® 30NH₃/220; Bindzil® 40/130; Bindzil® 40/220; Bindzil® 50/80; Bindzil[®] 305; Bindzil[®] CAT80; Bindzil[®] F45 sizing agent, surface: graphic paper Perglutin® A 200; Perglutin® A 281; Styrene/ methacrylate copolymer; Synthamin 3000; Synthamin 7000 sizing agent, surface: highly filled alkaline paper DynaCoat™ XC sizing agent, surface: highly loaded press circulations Perglutin® 204; Perglutin® 395 sizing agent, surface: ink jet paper Intacol S-22; Intacol S-24; Intacol S-26; Intacol S-28; Intacol S-2240; Intacol S-2252; Intacol S-20, Indc0 5-2240, Indc0 5-2252, Indc0 5-2425; NovaCote™ 1905; NovaCote™ 1933; NovaCote™ 1936; NovaCote™ 2000; NovaCote™ SCD; Synthamin 7000 sizing agent, surface: laser paper Intacol S-22; Intacol S-24; Intacol S-26; Intacol S-28; Intacol S-2240; Intacol S-2252; Intacol S-2425; Laserbond; Synthamin 7000 sizing agent, surface: laser printing Uniq-Print® 8000 sizing agent, surface: neutral paper DSP 15; DSP 70; DSP 80; XZ 26001.00; XZ 26005.00 sizing agent, surface: offset paper NovaCote™ 1905; NovaCote™ 193 1933 NovaCote[™] 1936; NovaCote[™] 2000; NovaCote[™] SCD sizing agent, surface: offset printing on paper Basoplast® 250 D sizing agent, surface: paper Basoplast® 265 D; Basoplast® 335 D; Bersize® 6385; Bersize[®] 6500; DynaCoat[™] XA; DynaCoat XL; Graphsize[®]; Intacol S-22; Intacol S-24; Intacol S-26; Intacol S-28; Intacol S-2240; Intacol S-2252; Intacol S-2425 sizing agent, surface: paper Jetsize[®] Emulsion sizing agent, surface: paper Laserbond; Paracol® 404C; Perglutin® K 333; Perglutin[®] K 485; Synthamin 3000; Synthamin 7000; Tylose® C, CB Series sizing agent, surface: paper coatings NC Size C-25 sizing agent, surface: paper impregnation NC Size C-25 sizing agent, surface: paper ink jet printing Basoplast® 400 DS sizing agent, surface: paper sticking Prox®-Size A 925 E

- sizing agent, surface: paper toner adhesion Basoplast[®] 400 DS
- sizing agent, surface: paper, aq./fatty foodcontact Styrene/MA copolymer, sodium salt sizing agent, surface: paper: food-contact Styrene/acrylic copolymer ammonium salt sizing agent, surface: paperboard Bersize[®] 6385; Bersize[®] 6500; Integral[®]; Paracol® 404C sizing agent, surface: papermaking Cypres® 310 Surface Size; PSA-28; PSA-34 sizing agent, surface: papermaking, acid/ alkaline Styrene/acrylic copolymer ammonium salt sizing agent, surface: photocopying Uniq-Print® 8000 sizing agent, surface: printing paper Intacol S-22; Intacol S-24; Intacol S-26; Intacol S-28; Intacol S-2240; Intacol S-2252; Intacol S-2425; Suresize®; Synthamin 7000 sizing agent, surface: pulp/paper Integral® sizing agent, surface: raw paper Perglutin[®] K 175 EP; Perglutin[®] K 440 sizing agent, surface: recycled fiber linerboard Bindzil[®] 15/500; Bindzil[®] 30/80; Bindzil[®] 30/220; Bindzil® 30/360; Bindzil® 30NH₃/220; Bindzil® 40/130; Bindzil® 40/220; Bindzil® 50/80; Bindzil® 305; Bindzil® CAT80; Bindzil® F45 sizing agent, surface: safety paper Piosafe 30 sizing agent, surface: security paper Piosafe 30 sizing agent, surface: size press paper coatings Sequapel® 1415 sizing agent, surface: size presses Sequapel® 403; Sequapel® 409; Sequapel® 414; Sequapel® 417; Sequapel® NS; Sunsize® 4133; Sunsize® 4134 sizing agent, surface: stock certificates Piosafe 30 sizing agent, surface: total office paper Perglutin® A 281 sizing agent, surface: uncoated paper NovaCote™ 1905; NovaCote™ 1933; NovaCote™ 1936; NovaCote™ 2000; NovaCote™ SCD sizing agent, surface: uncoated paperboard NovaCote[™] 1905; NovaCote[™] 1933 NovaCote[™] 1936; NovaCote[™] 2000; NovaCote[™] SCD sizing agent, surface: unsized paper DSP 15; DSP 70; DSP 80; XZ 26001.00; XZ 26005.00 sizing agent, surface: writing paper Intacol S-22; Intacol S-24; Intacol S-26; Intacol S-28; Intacol S-2240; Intacol S-2252; Intacol S-2425: Suresize® sizing agent, unbleached sulfate pulp Plasmine® PLH-55 sizing agent, virgin linerboard NeuRoz® 426 sizing agent, water treatment Polyacrylamide sizing agent, wax: paper Starwax® 100 sizing agent, wet-end: gravure printing on paper Basoplast® 250 D sizing agent, wet-end: paper Basoplast® 265 D; Basoplast® 335 D sizing agent, white paper NeuRoz® 426 sizing agent, wood-containing paper grades Keydime® NU sizing auxiliary, papermaking Suntorl WP

sizing fiber

Araldite® PY 323; Araldite® PZ 3917; Araldite®

XU 3900; Araldite® XU 3903

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Paxgard BD 88; Paxgard BK 20; Paxgard BKC;

Paxgard BSL; Paxgard BU 30; Paxgard BU 30 L; Paxgard BU 60; Paxgard EM; Paxgard MB 10; Paxgard MBT; Paxgard ST; Paxgard TC

sizing paper Animal glue; Cellulase; Dodecenylsuccinic anhvdride; Emerest® 2640; Gohsenal; Gohseran; Mhoromer[®] BM 613; *Montan wax*; Octowax 437; Polyvinyl acetate; Rosin; Ross Candelilla Wax; Sodium stearate; Stearic acid sizing, internal: paper/paperboard, aq./fatty food-contact Asphalt sizing, internal: wet processing Paracol® 2370 sizing, pulp/paper Sodium silicate sizing, surface: board AP conversions B20F; B200 sizing, surface: paper AP conversions B20F; B200 slimicide Adox 8125; Busan® 1058; Busan® 1059; Busan® 1059-WS; Busan® 1130; Calcium hypochlorite; Crisotan NN; Crisotan NR; Dicocodimonium chloride; Metasol® 300; Metasol® 350; Protectol® GDA; Proxel® BD 20; Proxel® DL; Proxel® GXL; Proxel® XL2; Surfonic® L24-3; Tektamer® 38 A.D.; Tolcide® MBT: Troysan® 586 slimicide, air washers Formula 37 slimicide, alkaline pulps Taurine-913 slimicide, aq. slurries Proxel[®] DL slimicide, chemical pulp Dilurit 189 E; Dilurit 850; Dilurit 953 slimicide, chemical pulping Dilurit 853 T; Dilurit 946; Dilurit 974 slimicide, cooling towers Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette; Formula 37; Hyamine[®] 3500 50% slimicide, cooling water systems Sanibrom[™] 40; Sanibrom[™] 45 slimicide, evaporative condensers Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette; Formula 37 slimicide, food-contact C12-14 pareth-3; Methicone slimicide, glue casein 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2thione slimicide, industrial water Amerstat® 272; Hyamine® 3500 50% slimicide, industrial water systems Formula 37 slimicide, industrial water treatment Benzalkonium chloride slimicide, industrial wet scrubber systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette slimicide, influent systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briguette slimicide, mill water treatment Taurine-913 slimicide, once-thru cooling water systems Stabrom[®] 909 slimicide, paper Dilurit 189 E; Dilurit 850; Dilurit 853 T; Dilurit 946; Dilurit 953; Dilurit 974; 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2-thione; Potassium thiocyanate; Sodium thiocyanate; Tolcide® MRT slimicide, paper coatings Proxel® DL slimicide, paper machine circuit Tallofin® slimicide, paper machine wet-end Busan® 1223 slimicide, paper mill systems Maracarb N-1 slimicide, paper mill wastewater treatment 1,4-Bis (bromoacetoxy)-2-butene slimicide, paper mills Amerstat® 300; Bis (trichloromethyl) sulfone;

Drewchlor®; Formula 37; Kathon® WT; Metasol® 300; Methylchloroisothiazolinone; Methylenebis (thiocyanate); Methylisothiazolinone; Phenylmercuric acetate; Qemicide MBT-10; Sodium Chlorite Sol'n. 50, Tech.; Sodium Chlorite, Tech.; Tributyltin oxide; Vancide® 51 slimicide, paper/paperboard: food-contact Acrolein; Benzalkonium chloride; 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one; 1,4-Bis (bromoacetoxy)-2-butene; 1,2-Bis (bromoacetoxy) ethane; 5,5-Bis (bromoacetoxymethyl) m-dioxane; 2,6-Bis (dimethylaminomethyl) cyclohexanone; Bis (trichloromethyl) sulfone; 4-Bromoacetoxymethyl-m-dioxolane; 2-Bromo-4 -hydroxyacetophenone; 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol; β-Bromo-β-nitrostyrene; Chloroethylenebisthiocyanate; Chloromethyl butanethiolsulfonate; Copper nitrate (ic); Dialkyl methyl benzyl ammonium chloride; 2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilopropionamide; 2,3-Dibromopropionaldehyde; 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2thione; Dipotassium ethylenebis dithiocarbamate; Disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate; Dodecylguanidine hydrochloride; Glutaral; 2-(p-Hydroxyphenyl) glyoxylohydroximoyl chloride; 2-Hydroxypropyl methanethiol sulfonate; 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole; Methyldibromo glutaronitrile; Methylenebisbutanethiolsulfonate; Methylenebis (thiocyanate); Nabam; 2-Nitrobutyl bromoacetate; N-[α-(Nitroethyl) benzyl] ethylenediamine; Potassium Nhydroxymethyl-N-methyldithiocarbamate; Potassium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole; Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate; Potassium pentachlorphenate; Potassium trichlorophenate; Silver fluoride; Silver nitrate; Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate; Sodium 2mercaptobenzothiazole; Sodium pentachlorophenate; Sodium-2,4,5-trichlorophenate; 1,3,6,8-Tetraazatricyclo (6.2.1.13,6) dodecane; 3,3,4,4-Tetrachlorotetrahydrothiophene-1,1dioxide; 2-Thiocyanomethylthiobenzothiazole; Vinylene bisthiocyanate slimicide, paper: food-contact Biochek[®] 410; Biochek[®] 430; Busan[®] 90; Busan[®] 1105; Busan[®] 1118; Busan[®] 1210; Dilurit 189 E; Dilurit 850; Dilurit 953; Mergal® K 7; Mergal® K 9N; Mergal® K 10N; Metasol® T-10WB; Myacide® Pharma® BP; Naugex® MBT; Nipacide® BIT 10; Nipacide BIT 10A; Nipacide® BIT 20; Nipacide® BIT AS; Nipacide® BKX; Nipacide® CBX A; Nipacide® CFX2; Nipacide® CFX3; Nipacide® CI; Nipacide[®] CI 15; Nipacide[®] FC; Nipacide[®] XRP; Nuosept® 120; Nuosept® S; Protectol® KLC 50; Protectol® KLC 80; Proxel® GXL; Sodium MBT; Thiostop® N slimicide, paperboard Miramine® CC slimicide, paperboard: food-contact Biochek® 410; Biochek® 430; Dilurit 953; Mergal[®] K 7; Mergal[®] K 9N; Mergal[®] K 10N; Myacide[®] Pharma[®] BP; Naugex[®] MBT slimicide, papermaking Adox 3125; Busan® 1210; DS-S1; Metasol® 550 slimicide, papermaking machines: food pkg. paper/paperboard Qemicide DTC-35 slimicide, prod., paper/paperboard: foodcontact Potassium pentachlorphenate; Potassium trichlorophenate slimicide, pulp/paper Acticide[®] DW; Acticide[®] HF; Acticide[®] SPX;

C2® Sodium Chlorite; 2,2-Dibromo-3-

nitrilopropionamide; Dichlorophene;

Acticide® WTC; Dantobrom® PG Briquette; Dantobrom[®] PG Granular; Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette; Dantochlor® PG Briquette; Dantochlor® PG Granular; Paxgard BD 20;

- slimicide, pulp/paper mills Metasol® CB-220; Metasol® CB-225A.D.; Metasol® CB-225 L.C.; Metasol® CMI-150; Sanibrom[™] 40; Sanibrom[™] 45; Stabrom[®] 909 slimicide, pulp/paper waters Barquat® 1552; Barquat® MB-50; Barquat® OJ-50; Barquat® OJ-80 slimicide, pulps Slimex® slimicide, recirculating cooling water systems Stabrom® 909 slimicide, recirculating water systems Dantobrom[®] RW Briquette slimicide, spray ponds Formula 37 slimicide, starches 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2thione slimicide, swimming pool Hyamine[®] 3500 50% slimicide, wastewater Benzalkonium chloride; Sanibrom[™] 40; Sanibrom[™] 45; Stabrom[®] 909 slimicide, water Sodium hypochlorite slimicide, water treatment 1-Bromo-3-chloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin; 3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2thione; Sodium pentachlorophenate; Tolcide® MBT slimicide, water treatment: paper Protectol® TOE; Protectol® TOE Granules slimicide, wet-end paper Aquaprox[®] TM slip agent Dihydroxyethyl cocamine oxide; Dimethicone copolyol; Polyethylene wax; Polyquaternium-5; Polysiloxane; Silicone glycol copolymer; Vybar® 103; Zinc laurate slip agent, board coatings TEGO® Glide 403; TEGO® Glide 404 slip agent, coatings Armid[®] 18; Armid[®] O; Butyl stearate; Cocamide; Oleamide; Silwet® L-7001; Silwet® L-7500; Silwet® L-7608; Surfynol® SM-745 slip agent, fiber Silwet® L-7608 slip agent, films Cocamide; Oleamide
 - slip agent, HDPE
 - Stearamide
 - slip agent, hot-melt coatings
 - Acrawax® C
 - slip agent, industrial coatings
 - Shamrock S-483
 - slip agent, LDPE
 - Stearamide

 - slip agent, paper Ebecryl® 350; Silwet® L-720 AP; Silwet® L-7001; Silwet[®] L-7087; Silwet[®] L-7500; Silwet[®] L-7608
 - slip agent, paper clear coatings Ebecryl® 1360

 - slip agent, paper coatings
 - Lumiten® P; MP-12; MP-26; MP-26VF; MP-28C; Silicone hexaacrylate; TEGO® Glide 403;
 - TEGO® Glide 404
 - slip agent, paper finishing Epotal® 181 D

 - slip agent, PE

 - Erucamide
 - slip agent, PP
 - Stearamide
 - slip agent, preprint applics. TEGO® Glide 403
 - slip agent, pulp/paper

Polysynth SI 40 slip agent, PVAc Shamrock Hydrocer EC 98 slip agent, PVC Shamrock Hydrocer EC 98 slip agent, PVdC Shamrock Hydrocer EC 98 slip agent, solvent coatings Áldo® MS LG FG slip agent, solventless coatings Aldo® MS LG FG slip agent, waxes Ethylene dioleamide slip control agent, paper treatment Snowtex 20L; Snowtex 40; Snowtex 50; Snowtex C; Snowtex N; Snowtex O; Snowtex OL; Snowtex ST-UP slip control, paper treatment Snowtex ST-ZL slipcoat, gravure: cigarette inner liner pkg. applic. Eastek 1200 smoke suppressant, coatings Hydrax[™] H-312; Hydrax[™] H-470; Hydrax[™] H-490; Hydrax[™] H-550; Hydrax[™] H-636; Hydrax[™] H-910; Micral[®] 916; Micral[®] 932; SB-332: SB-805 smoke suppressant, elastomers Hydral[®] 716 Hydrax[™] H-312; Hydrax[™] H-470; Hydrax[™] H-490; Hydrax[™] H-550; Hydrax[™] H-636; Hydrax[™] H-910; Micral[®] 532; SB-332; SB-805 smoke suppressant, paper coatings Micral® 916; Micral® 932 smoke suppressant, paper fillers Micral® 916; Micral® 932 sodium dithionite generator, bleaching: mech. glug Borino® soft component, emulsions Mhoromer® AM 107 soft component, paper Mhoromer® AM 107 softener Ajidew A-100; Ajidew N-50; Ajidew SP-100; Crisanol FH-1400; DeMULS PSTS-65; DeMULS SML; Dialkyl dimethyl ammonium chloride; Diethanolamine; Ethyl crotonate; Hartosoft™ 333CP; Imidazoline 18OH; Imidazoline SOH; Incroquat SDQ-25; Isostearyl ethylimidonium ethosulfate; Isostearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Lauryl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; LX-685[®],125; LX-782[®]; Methyl rosinate; Naphthenic oil; PCA; PEG-60 castor oil; PEG-80 castor oil; PEG-12 dilaurate; PEG-12 dioleate; PEG-14 oleate; PEG-16 oleate; PEG-8 sesquioleate; Polyethylene glycol; Polysorbate 60; Sodium castorate; Sodium hydroxide; Sorbitan tristearate; Stearamine; Steartrimonium chloride; Triethyl citrate; Triethylenetetramine; Trisodium NTA; Zonarez® A-25 softener, absorbent paper Cynol® 760 Softener softener, cellulose: paper industry Urea softener, coatings Glyceryl rosinate softener, EVA Abalyn® softener, fiber Alkamuls® S-8; DeTHOX ACID S-8 softener, handtowel crepe Cartaflex® K Liq.; Cartaflex® RW Liq. softener, hydrophilic **TEGOPREN® 5863** softener, hydrophilizing: wadding Prox®-Amine CH 66 softener, hydrophilizing: wet-end paper Prox®-Amine CH 66

softener, paper

Adogen® 412; Arquad® 2C-75; Arquad® 12-50; Arguad® 16-50; Arguad® 18-50; Arguad® C-50; Arquad[®] T-27W; Avitone[®] A; Carsoquat[®] SDQ-25; Chemax CO-16; Chemax CO-30; Chemax CO-40; Chemax HCO-5; Chemax HCO-16; Chemax HCO-25; DeSonic[™] 6C; Hartosoft[™] 1500-78; Hartosoft[™] 1540B1; PEG-180; PEG-6 castor oil; PEG-16 castor oil; PEG-25 castor oil; PEG-30 castor oil; PEG-36 castor oil; PEG-40 castor oil; PEG-200 castor oil; PEG-5 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-16 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-25 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-200 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-5 laurate; Petrolatum RPB; Pluracol® E400 NF; Pluracol® E600 NF; Pluracol® E1450; Pluracol® E2000; Pluracol® E4500; Pluracol® E8000; Pluriol® E 200; Pluriol® E 1500; Pluriol[®] E 4000; Pluriol[®] E 6000; Pluriol[®] E 8000; Pluriol® E 9000; Potassium acetate; Rhodasurf[®] E 400: Rhodasurf[®] E 600: Schercozoline I; Schercozoline L; Schercozoline O; Schercozoline S; Tech Pet F™ softener, paper coatings Liponic 70-NC; Liponic 76-NC; Nevpene® 9500; Prox[®]-Lube SN 5070; W.G.S. Hydrogenated Fish Glyceride 117 softener, paper depitching Adekamine 4DAC-80; Adekamine 4DAC-85; Adekamine 4MAC-30; Adekamine ADG-30; Adekamine E Series; Adekamine LDM; Adekamine MD-30; Adekamine MT-50; Adekamine PMS-100 softener, paper sticking Prox®-Lube SN 5070 softener, paper tissue Berocell® 564; PEG-4; Solan E; Solan X softener, paper wadding Prox®-Amine CE 9122 AL softener, papermaking Britol[®] 6NF; Britol[®] 7NF; Britol[®] 9NF; Britol[®] 20USP; Britol® 35USP; Britol® 50USP softener, pkg. Petrolatum RPB; Tech Pet F™ softener, polyisobutylene Abalyn® softener, polyurethane foams PEG-36 castor oil softener, PS Abalvn® softener, pulp/paper Nissan Cation MA; Nissan Cation SA; Paxsorbate 20; Paxsorbate 60; Paxsorbate 80; Polypax IC; Polyquat 2 C; Polyquat 188; Polyquat PR; Polysynth SI 40 softener, pulp: disposable diapers AMV 100 softener, pulp: facial tissue AMV 100 softener, pulp: toweling AMV 100 softener, PVC Coumarone/indene resin softener, SBR Abalyn[®]; Acintol[®] R Type S softener, tech. paper 1,2,6-Hexanetriol softener, tissue Cartaflex[®] RW Liq. softener, tissue crepe Cartaflex® K Lig. softener, tissue paper Ablupol PD100; Ablusol PD100; Berocell® 596; Burcosoft LEQ; Cynol® 760 Softener; ProSoft™; Qemidink 8002; Qemisoft 8075; Qemisoft 8100; SanSoft™ softener, waste treatment Sodium carbonate softener, water treatment

Calcium hydroxide; Calcium oxide; Sodium

carbonate; Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous

- softener, water: papermaking DePEG 200; DePEG 300; DePEG 400; DePEG 600
- softener, wet-end paper: wadding Prox®-Amine CH 6
- softener, wet-strength paper
 - DePEG 30-CO; DePEG 40-CO; DeSonic[™] 30C; DeSonic[™] 36C; DeSonic[™] 40C; DeSonic[™] 54C; PEG-54 castor oil
- solids removal, influent/effluent waters
- Bufloc® 5551; Bufloc® 5554
- sol'n. coatings, paperboard Citroflex® A-4

solubilizer Aerosol® 22; Aerosol® MA-80; Calimulse PRS; Ceteareth-20; Ceteth-20; Coco-betaine; C9-11 pareth-6; C9-11 pareth-8; C9-11 pareth-12; C12-15 pareth-5; C12-15 pareth-10; C12-15 *pareth-12*; Crillet 1 HP; Crillet 1 NF; Crillet 2; Crillet 31; *2-Decyl-1-tetradecanol*; DePEG 200; DePEG 300; DeWET SDO-70PG; DeWET SDO-75E; Disponil® O 250; Eldorado FCD-142; EO/ PO block polymer or copolymer, Glyceryl caprate; Glyceryl caprylate; Glyceryl cocoate; Isopropyl myristate; Isoundeceth-6; Isoundeceth-12; Marlican®; Monawet MT-70; Monawet SNO-35; Nonoxynol; Nonoxynol-55; Nonyl nonoxynol-100; Octoxynol-12; Octyldodecanol; Oleth-15; Paxsorbate 20; Paxsorbate 60; Paxsorbate 80; PEG-32; PEG-5 castor oil; PEG-8 castor oil; PEG-15 castor oil; PEG-60 castor oil; PEG-80 castor oil; PEG-20 corn glycerides; PEG-60 corn glycerides; PEG-32 dilaurate; PEG-6 dioleate; PEG-20 dioleate; PEG-32 dioleate; PEG-20 distearate; PEG-32 distearate; PEG hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-75 Ianolin; PEG-150 Ianolin; PEG-4 laurate; PEG-8 laurate: PEG-12 laurate: PEG-32 laurate; PEG-12 oleate; PEG-20 oleate; PEG-32 oleate; PEG-75 oleate; PEG-40 sorbitan hexaoleate; PEG-32 stearate; Pluriol® E 200; Polysorbate 60; Rewopal® HV 9; Rewopal® HV 25; Rhodacal® 3594; Rhodacal® DS/4-E25; Rhodapon® UB/E-30; Rhodapon® UB/E-N; Sorbitan laurate; Steareth-2; Surfonic® NB-307; Surfonic® NB-407; Surfonic® NB-557; Surfonic® OPB-407; Trideceth-8; Trideceth-15; Trideceth-18; Trideceth-20; Triisopropanolamine solubilizer, alkylaryl sulfonates **DeTHOX TDA-15** solubilizer, aq./alcoholic systems PEG-20 glyceryl laurate solubilizer, aq./aq.-alcoholic systems Solan E; Solan X solubilizer, bleaching Rhodafac® BG-510 solubilizer, coatings C12-14 pareth-23; C16-18 pareth-20; C16-18 pareth-31; C16-18 pareth-33; C16-18 pareth-36; *C16-18 pareth-60; Glyceryl ricinoleate;* Imbentin-AG/124S/230 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/ 200 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/250 G; Imbentin-AG/ 168S/300 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/330 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/360 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/ 500 G: Imbentin-AG/168S/600 G: Imbentin-AG/ 168S/800 G; Imbentin-C/91/080 OFA; Imbentin-C/91/120; Imbentin-C/135/200; Imbentin-DE/ 300; Imbentin-DT/250; Imbentin-EAM/300; Imbentin-N/200 80%; Imbentin-N/300 G; Imbentin-N/400 G; Imbentin-N/600 G 50%; Imbentin-OAM/200; Imbentin-POA/220 6065 G; Imbentin-POA/220 G; Imbentin-POA/310 G; Imbentin-POA/800 G; Imbentin-SAM/250; Imbentin-SAM/400; Imbentin-T/150; Imbentin-T/ 400 G; Imbentin-TAM/200 N; Imbentin-TAM/350; PEG-8 oleate; PEG-25 stearamine; PEG-35 tallowamine; PEG-25 tallow aminopropylamine; Polyacrylamide

Methyl acid phosphate; Monawet MB-45;

Pluronic® 10R5; Polyacrylamide; Poly-Tergent® E-17A; Poly-Tergent® E-17B; Poly-

168S/360 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/500 G;

Tergent® E-25B

T/400 G

solvating agent

HB-40

solvent

solubilizer, waxes

solubilizer, wax emulsions

Monawet MO-70; Monawet MO-70R; PEG-4

dilaurate: PEG-8 dioleate: PEG-6 distearate:

Imbentin-AG/124S/230 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/200 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/250 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/

300 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/330 G; Imbentin-AG/

Imbentin-AG/168S/600 G: Imbentin-AG/168S/

800 G; Imbentin-C/91/080 OFA; Imbentin-C/91/

120; Imbentin-C/135/200; Imbentin-N/200 80%;

Imbentin-N/300 G; Imbentin-N/400 G; Imbentin-N/600 G 50%; Imbentin-POA/220 6065 G;

Imbentin-POA/800 G; Imbentin-T/150; Imbentin-

DeTHOX TDA-8.5; Synperonic 13/9; Trideceth-14

n-Amyl alcohol; Bis(methylethyl)-1,1'-biphenyl;

Bromine; n-Butyraldehyde; Crisanol FH-1400;

Methoxy tripropylene glycol acrylate

solvating agent, resin: paper coatings

Imbentin-POA/220 G; Imbentin-POA/310 G;

- solubilizer, colorants
- Polysorbate 21
- solubilizer, deinking pulp/paper Eldorado ED-550
- solubilizer, detergents
- Methyl acid phosphate solubilizer, dust control
- Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo CS2; Volpo CS50; Volpo L3; Volpo N20; Volpo T5; Volpo T10; Volpo T15
- solubilizer, dye: carbon paper coatings Armid[®] 18: Stearamide
- solubilizer, emulsion polymerization
- C12-14 pareth-23; C16-18 pareth-20; C16-18 pareth-31; C16-18 pareth-33; C16-18 pareth-36; C16-18 pareth-60; DeWET SDTD-70; Imbentin-AG/124S/230 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/200 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/250 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/ 300 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/330 G; Imbentin-AG/ 168S/360 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/500 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/600 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/ 800 G; Imbentin-C/91/080 OFA; Imbentin-C/91/ 120; Imbentin-C/135/200; Imbentin-N/200 80%; Imbentin-N/300 G; Imbentin-N/400 G; Imbentin-N/600 G 50%; Imbentin-POA/220 6065 G; Imbentin-POA/220 G; Imbentin-POA/310 G; Imbentin-POA/800 G; Imbentin-T/150; Imbentin-T/400 G; Monawet MB-45; Monawet MO-70; Nonoxynol-15; Nonyl nonoxynol-70; PEG-40 sorbitan tetraoleate; PEG-35 tallowamine; PEG-*25 tallow aminopropylamine*; Plonon 102; Plonon 104; Plonon 201; Plonon 204; Plonon 208; Polysorbate 20; Polysorbate 61; Polysorbate 81; PVM/MA copolymer; Rhodasurf® L-25; Surfonic® DNP-700; Surfonic® DNP-1000; Surfonic® DNP-1500; Surfonic® N-200; Surfonic® N-300; Surfonic® N-400; Surfonic® N-1000; Surfonic® NB-307; Surfonic® NB-407; Teric™ N8; Teric™ N9; Teric™ N10; Teric™ N12; Teric™ N13; Teric™ N15; Teric[™] N30; Wayfos[®] D-10N solubilizer, emulsion polymerization: SBR
- Aerosol® 18
- solubilizer, emulsion polymerization: vinyl chloride
 - Aerosol® 18
- solubilizer, emulsions
- Rhodasurf® L-25 solubilizer, nonionic surfactants
- DePHOS RA-40
- solubilizer, o/w emulsions
- DeWET SDTD-70
- solubilizer, oil-based systems
- Isopropylamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate solubilizer, oil-soluble dyestuffs
- Oleamide
- solubilizer, paper Alkamuls® EL-620; Carsonon® TD-10; Chemax DNP-8; Chemax DNP-15; Chemax DNP-18; Chemax DNP-150; Chemax DNP-150/50; Chemax NP-1.5; Chemax NP-4; Chemax NP-6; Chemax NP-9; Chemax NP-10; Chemax OP-10; Chemax OP-30/70; C12-14 pareth-23; C16-18 pareth-20; C16-18 pareth-31; C16-18 pareth-33; C16-18 pareth-36; C16-18 pareth-60; Meroxapol 108; Meroxapol 171; Meroxapol 172; Meroxapol 174; Meroxapol 178; Meroxapol 251; Meroxapol 252; Meroxapol 254; Meroxapol 255; Meroxapol 258; Meroxapol 311; Meroxapol 312; Meroxapol 314; Nonoxynol-15; Nonyl nonoxynol-8; Nonyl nonoxynol-18; Octowet 70A; Oleth-2; PEG-20 castor oil; PEG-26 castor oil; PEG-180 castor oil; PEG-25 stearamine; PEG-35 tallowamine; PEG-25 tallow aminopropylamine; Plonon 102; Plonon 104; Plonon 201; Plonon 204; Plonon 208; Pluronic® L10; Polyglyme; *PVIMA copolymer*; Rewopol® SBDO 70; Servirox® OEG 55; Servirox® OEG 90; Servirox® OEG 90/50; T-Det® C-40; Tetronic® 90R4; Trideceth-10

EO/PO ethylenediamine block copolymer solubilizer, paper coating mixes Pogol® 600 solubilizer, paper coatings Jarcol[™] I-20; Monawet MB-45; Ucon[®] 50-HB-55; Ucon[®] 50-HB-100; Ucon[®] 50-HB-170; Ucon[®] 50-HB-260; Ucon® 50-HB-400; Ucon® 50-HB-660; Ucon® 50-HB-2000; Ucon® 50-HB-3520; Ucon® 50-HB-5100; Ucon® 75-H-450; Ucon® LB-65; Ucon® LB-135; Ucon® LB-165; Ucon® LB-285: Ucon® LB-385: Ucon® LB-525: Ucon® LB-625; Ucon® LB-1145; Ucon® LB-1715; Ucon[®] LB-3000 solubilizer, paper deresination Rhodafac® BG-510 solubilizer, paper finishes Rhodasurf® L-4; Rhodasurf® L-25 solubilizer, papermaking Imbentin-AG/124S/230 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/200 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/250 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/ 300 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/330 G; Imbentin-AG/ 168S/360 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/500 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/600 G; Imbentin-AG/168S/ 800 G; Imbentin-C/91/080 OFA; Imbentin-C/91/ 120; Imbentin-C/135/200; Imbentin-DE/300; Imbentin-DT/250; Imbentin-EAM/300; Imbentin-N/200 80%; Imbentin-N/300 G; Imbentin-N/400 G; Imbentin-N/600 G 50%; Imbentin-OAM/200; Imbentin-POA/220 6065 G; Imbentin-POA/220 G; Imbentin-POA/310 G; Imbentin-POA/800 G; Imbentin-SAM/250; Imbentin-SAM/400; Imbentin-T/150; Imbentin-T/400 G; Imbentin-TAM/200 N; Imbentin-TAM/350; Meroxapol 105; Poly-Tergent® E-17A; Poly-Tergent® E-17B; Poly-Tergent[®] E-25B; Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo CŠ2; Volpo CS50; Volpo L3; Volpo N20; Volpo T5; Volpo T10; Volpo T15; Wayfos® D-10Ń solubilizer, pigment dispersion

solubilizer, paper auxiliary

- **DeWET SDTD-70**
- solubilizer, polymerization Polysorbate 40, Polysorbate 65, Sorbitan
- sesquioleate
- solubilizer, polymers Surfonic® NB-307; Surfonic® NB-407; Volpo T10; Volpo T15
- solubilizer, proteins
- Octoxynol
- solubilizer, pulp/paper Adekanol 25R-1; Adekanol 25R-2; Adekanol F-68; Adekanol F-88; Adekanol F-108; Adekanol F-127; Adekanol L-31; Adekanol L-34; Adekanol L-44; Adekanol L-61; Adekanol L-62; Adekanol L-64; Adekanol L-71; Adekanol L-72; Adekanol L-101; Adekanol L-121; Adekanol L-122; Adekanol P-84; Adekanol P-85; Adekanol P-103; Glypax 200; Glypax 400; Glypax 600; Glypax 1000; Glypax 3000; Glypax 4000; Glypax 6000; Nonipax AAO; Nonipax OP 10; Nonipax X 100; Nonipax X 150; Nonyl *nonoxynol-70*; Paxogen COB; Paxonic CO 40; Paxonic CO 60; Paxsolv PC; Paxsorbate 20; Paxsorbate 60; Paxsorbate 80; Pluronic® 10R5; *Polysorbate 65*; Surfonic[®] DNP-700; Surfonic[®] DNP-1000; Surfonic[®] DNP-1500; Teric[™] N6: Teric[™] N8 solubilizer, pulping Pilot® SXS-40; Rhodafac® BG-510
- solubilizer, radiation-cured coatings Dimethylethanolamine
- solubilizer, resins
- Aminomethyl propanol; Hydrogen peroxide solubilizer, silicone emulsification Ceteth-2
- solubilizer, suspension polymerization
- DeWET SDTD-70; Monawet MO-70
- solubilizer, w/o emulsions **DeWET SDTD-70**
- solubilizer, water treatment

- Cyclohexanol; DBE-2, -2SPG; DBE-3; DBE-4; DBE-5; DBE-6; DBE-9; n-Decane; Decyl alcohol; Deodorized kerosene; Dimethyl formamide; Ethyl crotonate; Ethylenediamine; Exxsol® D 40; Exxsol® D 60; Exxsol® D 80; Exxsol® D 110; EZA®; *Glyceryl caprylate; Glyceryl ricinoleate; 1,2,6-Hexanetriol;* Hexylene glycol; Isobutyl alcohol; Isopar® G; Isopar® H; Isopar® K; Isopropyl myristate; Isopropyl palmitate; Laureth-9; Lumulse™
 - GMO; Methyl ethyl ketone; N-Methyl-2pyrrolidone; Mineral spirits; PEG-12; PEG dimethyl ether, PEG-20 oleate; Phenol; Phenylethylethanolamine; Pine (Pinus palustris) oil; Polyethylene glycol; Propylene glycol alginate; Sodium silicoaluminate; Sorbitan *trioleate*; Teric[™] PEG 300; Ucon[®] 75-H-450; Uniplex 150; VM&P naphtha; Xylene
 - solvent cleaning
 - Dodoxynol-7
 - solvent, acid gases
 - Diethylenetriamine; Tetraethylenepentamine
 - solvent, alkaloids
 - Isopropyl alcohol
 - solvent, aq. coatings
 - t-Butyl alcohol; 2-Ethylhexanol
 - solvent, CAB
 - Isopropyl acetate
 - solvent, carbon paper
 - Triolein
 - solvent, carbonless copy paper
 - Diisopropyl naphthalene; Marlican®
 - solvent, carbonless copy paper: office forms Penreco 2251 Oil; Penreco 2257 Oil; Penreco
 - 2259 Oil; Penreco 2260 Oil; Penreco 2263 Oil solvent, casein
 - Morpholine; Triethanolamine
 - solvent, casting: food-contact films
 - Tetrahydrofuran
 - solvent, cellulose
 - Benzyltriethyl ammonium chloride; PPG-2 methyl ether
 - solvent, cellulose acetate
 - TBP
 - solvent, cellulose esters
 - Epichlorohydrin; Propyl alcohol; Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol
 - solvent, cellulose ethers
 - Cyclohexane; Epichlorohydrin; Propyl alcohol
 - solvent, cellulose resins Acetone
 - solvent, cellulosics

Diisobutyl phthalate; Isopropyl alcohol solvent, cleaners Alcohol; Isobutyl alcohol; Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol solvent, coatings Acetyl tributyl citrate; Acetyl triethyl citrate; Alcohol; 2-Butanol; C10-11 isoparaffin; C11-12 isoparaffin; C11-13 isoparaffin; Citroflex® 2; Citroflex® A-2; Citroflex® A-4; Cyclohexane; Dimethyl adipate; Dimethyl glutarate; Dimethyl succinate; Ethyl acetate; Ethylene glycol propyl ether, Isopropyl alcohol; Mineral spirits; Morcryl® 535; PEG-8 oleate; Vista LPA; Vista LPA-142; Vista LPA-210 solvent, colorants Sodium hydroxide solvent, coupling: resin/water systems Ethylene glycol propyl ether solvent, degreasing Kerosene; Propyl alcohol solvent, diluent: carbonless copy paper Norpar® 12; Norpar® 13; Norpar® 15 solvent, dyes Alcohol; Cyclohexanol; Diethylenetriamine; Ethoxydiglycol; 2-Ethylhexanol; Glyceryl dioleate; Hexyldecanol; Methyl alcohol; Morpholine; Polysorbate 60; PPG-2-buteth-3; PPG-3-buteth-5, PPG-5-buteth-7, PPG-7buteth-10; PPG-9-buteth-12; PPG-12-buteth-16; PPG-20-buteth-30; PPG-28-buteth-35; PPG-33buteth-45; PPG-5 butyl ether, PPG-9 butyl ether, PPG-15 butyl ether, PPG-18 butyl ether, PPG-22 butyl ether, PPG-24 butyl ether, PPG-33 butyl ether, PPG-40 butyl ether, PPG-53 butyl ether, PPG-2 methyl ether, Propylene carbonate; Tetradecene-1; Tetraethylenepentamine; Triacetin; Triethanolamine solvent, emulsions Erucamide solvent, extraction: mineral processing n-Amyl alcohol; Butyl alcohol solvent, fiber lubricants PD-25; PD-28 solvent, food pkg. paper Citroflex® A-2 solvent, food pkg. paperboard Citroflex® A-2 solvent, high-boiling: cellulose PPG-3 methyl ether solvent, high-boiling: dyes PPG-3 methyl ether solvent, high-boiling: resins PPG-3 methyl ether solvent, industrial Methvl alcohol solvent, industrial cleaning 1,1 -Biphenyl, butenylated; 1,1 -Biphenyl (1methylethyl) solvent, lacquers Acetone; Butoxyethanol; Cyclohexane; Formic acid; Heptane; Isobutyl alcohol; Isopropyl acetate; Methyl ethyl ketone; PPG-2 methyl ether; Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate; Turpentine solvent, manila resin Methyl alcohol solvent, methacrylate resins Isopropyl acetate solvent, natural resins Triethyl citrate solvent, NC TBP solvent, oil-based systems Isopropylamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate solvent, oils Cyclohexane; Tetradecene-1 solvent, paper Carbowax[®] PEG 300; Morcryl[®] 535; PD-23; PD-25; PD-28; Turpentine; Vista LPA-142; Vista LPA-170; Vista LPA-210 solvent, vinyl films

solvent, paper chems. Vista LPA solvent, paper coatings 1,1'-Biphenyl, butenylated; 1,1'-Biphenyl (1-methylethyl); Jarcol™ I-16; Octyl stearate; Shell Sol B HT; Shell Tolu-Sol® W HT Solv.; Shell VM&P Naphtha HT solvent, paperboard PD-23 solvent, PES: food-contact N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone solvent, pigments Glyceryl dioleate; Propylene carbonate solvent, polar process Propylene carbonate solvent, polymerization Methyl ethyl ketone; Polysorbate 60; Tetrahydrofuran solvent, polymers Propylene carbonate solvent, polysulfide polymer/polyepoxy resins: food-contact Butoxyethanol; Butyl alcohol solvent, polysulfone: food-contact N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone solvent, polyvinyl butyral Methyl alcohol solvent, PPO: food-contact Methyl alcohol; Toluene solvent, primary Reomol[®] TBP solvent, PS Diisobutyl phthalate; Isopropyl acetate solvent, pulp/paper Paxsolv PC; Polysorbate 60; Propylene glycol laurate solvent, pulping Pilot® SXS-40 solvent, PVAc Diisobutyl phthalate; Pycal 94 solvent, PVB Diisobutyl phthalate solvent, PVC Diisobutyl phthalate solvent, reductions Tetrahydrofuran solvent, resins Acetone; Butoxyethanol; Butyl alcohol; Cyclohexane; Dibutyl phthalate; Diethylenetri-amine; Erucamide; Ethoxydiglycol; Isopropyl alcohol; N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone; Morpholine; PPG-2 methyl ether; Propyl alcohol; Tetradecene-1; Tetraethylenepentamine; Tetrahydrofuran solvent, rosin Methyl alcohol solvent, S/B prod. Tetrahvdrofuran solvent, selective N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone solvent, selective: lubricating oil dearomatization Phenol solvent, shellac Butyl alcohol; Methyl alcohol; Triethanolamine solvent, soluble oils Butoxyethanol solvent, specialty Glycol distearate; Glycol stearate; Methyl soyate; Methyl stearate; Triacetin solvent, specialty coatings Vista LPA-170 solvent, syn. fiber Propylene carbonate solvent, syn. resins Isopropyl acetate; TBP solvent, varnishes Acetone; Butoxyethanol; Butyl alcohol; Methyl ethyl ketone

solvent, waterborne coatings Methyl alcohol solvent, waxes Acetone; Butyl alcohol; Cyclohexane; Dioctyl maleate; Erucamide; N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone; Morpholine; Norpar® 15; Propyl alcohol; Turpentine solvent, wet felt continuous cleaning: brown paper machine press section Oemifeltwash 8020N solvent, wet felt continuous cleaning: linerboard paper machine press sections Qemifeltwash 8020N solvent, wet felt continuous cleaning: paper machine press sections Qemifeltwash 8020A; Qemifeltwash 8020N sorbent Diatomaceous earth spreading agent Hexyldecanol; Isolaureth-6; Isolaureth-10; Nonoxynol-30; PEG-6 dilaurate; PEG-12 dilaurate; PEG-32 dilaurate; PEG-6 dioleate; PEG-20 dioleate; PEG-32 dioleate; PEG-20 distearate; PEG-32 distearate; PEG-2 laurate SE; PEG-32 laurate; PEG-4 oleate; PEG-32 oleate; PEG-75 oleate; PEG-200 oleate; PEG-32 stearate spreading agent, coatings Lodyne[®]; Silwet[®] L-77 spreading agent, paper Oleth-2; Silwet® L-77 spreading agent, paper deinking Tergitol® TMN-10 spreading agent, papermaking Poly-Tergent® E-17A; Poly-Tergent® E-17B; Poly-Tergent® E-25B spreading agent, pulp processing C12-16 pareth-1; C12-16 pareth-2; C12-16 pareth-3; C12-16 pareth-5; C12-16 pareth-6; C12-16 pareth-7; C12-16 pareth-8; C12-16 pareth-11 spreading agent, water treatment PEG-6 distearate; Poly-Tergent® E-17A; Poly-Tergent® E-17B; Poly-Tergent® E-25B; Tergitol® TMN-10 stabilizer Abex® EP-120; Ablunol NP30; Ablunol NP30 70%; Ablunol NP40; Ablunol NP40 70%; Ablunol NP50; Ablunol NP50 70%; Acumer® 9000; Acumer® 9141; Acumer® 9400; Acumer® 9460; Agefloc B50LV; BNX® 1010; Calcium stearate; Calcium stearoyl lactylate; Carbomer; Carbomer 910; Cuirol® RZ 80; DeIONIC OPE-30; DeIONIC OPE-40; DeMOX CAPO; DeMOX LAO; Dihydroxyethyl cocamine oxide; N,N'-Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine; Disodium EDTA; Glyceryl distearate; Glyceryl ricinoleate; Harol D; Hydroguinone; Igepal® CO-897; Irganox® 1035; Isostearyl alcohol; KELACID®; KELCOLOID® DH; KELCOLOID® HVF; KELCOLOID® LVF; KELCOLOID® C KELCOLOID® S; KELCOSOL®; KELGIN® F; KELGIN® HV; KELGIN® LV; KELGIN® MV; KELGIN® XL; KELSET®; Nonylphenol; Oleth-3; Oleth-23; PEG-80 sorbitan laurate; Polysorbate 61; Polysorbate 85; Polyvinyl acetate; Polyvinyl alcohol, Potassium tripolyphosphate; Propylene glycol distearate; Propylene glycol oleate; Sodium cocoate; Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate; Sodium xylenesulfonate; Stabilizer 7000; Stannic chloride; Steareth-2; Styrene/MA copolymer; Styrene/PVP copolymer; Surfonic® DNP-140; T-Det® C-40; *Trideceth-3; Trideceth-6; Trideceth-10; Trideceth-12; Trideceth-20;*

Triolein; Trisodium EDTA; Trycol® 6970; Urea;

Xanthan Gum; Zinc laurate; Zonarez® B-115;

Methyl ethyl ketone

210

solvent, water treatment

PD-23: Vista LPA-142: Vista LPA-170: Vista LPA-

Zonarez® B-125 stabilizer, ABS Santonox® TBMC: Sodium rosinate stabilizer, ABS polymerization Potassium rosinate stabilizer, alkaline size emulsions Astro® X Cationic Starches; Pencat® Cationic Starches stabilizer, alkaline sizes Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206 stabilizer, aq. emulsions Aerosil® K315; Aerosil® K328; Aerosil® K330; Aerosil® K342 stabilizer, aq. pigment slurries: paper/ paperboard, aq./fatty food-contact Xanthan gum stabilizer, aq. slurries Proxel® DL stabilizer, aq. systems Tafigel® PUR 40 stabilizer, barrier applics. Gum ghatti stabilizer, bleaches Sodium diethylenetriaminepentakis (methylenephosphonate) stabilizer, blocked copolymers Anox[®] PP18 stabilizer, butadiene emulsion polymers Rhodapon® LCP stabilizer, calcium stearate dispersions: paper/ paperboard coatings, food-contact Decyl alcohol stabilizer, calcium stearate dispersions: paper/ paperboard, aq./fatty foods contact Calcium isostearate stabilizer, cardboard Aerosil[®] K315; Aerosil[®] K328; Aerosil[®] K330; Aerosil® K342 stabilizer, cellulosics Octadecyl 3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate; Thiodiethylene bis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4hydroxy) hydrocinnamate stabilizer, chlorinated organic compds. Dimethyl hexynol stabilizer, chlorinated polymers Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate stabilizer, chlorine Sulfamic acid stabilizer, clays Polystar OM; Polystar OMP stabilizer, coating mixtures Polysalt stabilizer, coating slurries Polysalt stabilizer, coatings Albrite® PA-75; Gum ghatti; Klucel® E; Klucel® L; Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90; Sodium polyacrylate stabilizer, colloidal dispersions PVP/acrylic acid copolymer stabilizer, color Alkanox® P-24; DePEG 600; Rhodasurf® E 600 stabilizer, color: coatings Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite stabilizer, color: elastomers Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite stabilizer, color: polyesters Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite stabilizer, color: polymer processing Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite stabilizer, color: polyolefins Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite stabilizer, color: styrenics Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite stabilizer, copolymerizable Sodium allyloxy hydroxypropyl sulfonate stabilizer, dimensional: paper wet-strength

resins Lumulse[™] PEG 1000

Stabilizer 7000 stabilizer, drying oils Permanax™ PTBC; Santowhite® BBMC stabilizer, dyes Ethylenediamine; Polystar OM; Polystar OMP; Surfonic® NB-307; Surfonic® NB-407 stabilizer, elastomer Irganox[®] 259 stabilizer, electrostatic: emulsion polymerization Abex[®] 2005 stabilizer, emulsion Acrylates/C10-30 alkyl acrylate crosspolymer; Aldo® MS LG FG; Alkaterge®-E; Aluminum caprylate; Aluminum distearate; Aluminum myristates/palmitates; Aluminum stearates; Aluminum tristearate; Bentonite; Calcium carrageenan; Calcium lignosulfonate; Carbomer; Carbopol® 941; Carbopol® 1342; Carbopol[®] 1382: Carbopol[®] ETD 2020: Carboxymethylcellulose sodium; Carboxymethyl hydroxypropyl guar; Ceresin; Ceteareth-50; Cetearyl alcohol; Ceteth-20; Cocamide; Cocamide DEA; C16-18 pareth-25; C16-18 pareth-50; Crill 3; Crill 4; Crillet 3; DelONIC OPE-5; DePEG 40-CO; Dihydroxyethyl cocamine oxide; Ethylene/acrylic acid copolymer; Ethylene/VA copolymer; Ethyl hydroxymethyl oleyl oxazoline; Glyceryl stearate lactate; Gohsenol; Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum; Hydrogenated vegetable glyceride; Hydrogenated vegetable glycerides; Hydroxyethylcellulose; Hydroxypropylcellulose; Hydroxypropyl guar; Kessco® Cetyl Alcohol NF; Lignosite® AC; Liporol SP; Magnesium aluminum silicate; Methylcellulose; Microcrystalline wax; Montmorillonite; Myristyl alcohol; Oleth-9; Oleth-20; Ozokerite; Palmamide DEA; Paxonic CO 40; Paxonic CO 60; PEG-80 castor oil; PEG-2 laurate SE; PEG-2M; PEG-5M; PEG-7M; PEG-9M; PEG-14M; PEG-23M; PEG-90M; PEG-115M; PEG-20 stearamine; PEG-30 stearamine; Polyacrylic acid; Polyethylene; Polyisobutene; Polyvinyl acetate; Potassium carrageenan; Potassium sulfopropyl methacrylate; Potato (Solanum tuberosum) starch; PVM/MA copolymer, PVP; Sandarac (Callitris quadrivalvis) gum; Scogin™ HVF; Scogin™ LV; Scogin™ QH; Scogin™ QL; Scogin™ QM; Sodium thiocyanate; Stearamide DEA; Stearamide MEA; Stearyl alcohol; Synthetic beeswax; Teric[™] 12M2; Teric[™] 12M5; Teric™ 12M15; Teric™ 16M2; Teric™ 16M10; Teric™ 16M15; Teric™ 18M2; Teric™ 18M5; Teric[™] 18M10; Teric[™] 18M20; Teric[™] 18M30; Trylox[®] 5906; Veegum[®] T stabilizer, emulsion polymerization Ammonium nonoxynol-9 sulfate; Ammonium polyacrylate; Cetearyl alcohol; Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Igepal® NP-9;

stabilizer, dryer felts: paper

- Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90; Nonoxynol-12; Nonyl nonoxynol-8; PVM/MA copolymer, Sipomer® COPS 1; Surfonic® DNP-700; Surfonic® DNP-1000; Surfonic® DNP-1500; Surfonic® NB-307; Surfonic® NB-407; Wayfos® D-10N stabilizer, emulsion polymers
- Rhodasurf® L-25
- stabilizer, emulsion: aq. systems Van Gel® B
- stabilizer, emulsion: board surface treatment Scogin™ F; Scogin™ HV; Scogin™ MV stabilizer, emulsion: dyestuffs
- Lignosite® 823
- stabilizer, emulsion: emulsion polymerization SPM
- stabilizer, emulsion: paper
- Tetronic® 90R4
- stabilizer, emulsion: paper surface treatment

Lianosite® 458; Lignosite® 823 stabilizer, emulsion: pulp/paper Oleyl alcohol stabilizer, emulsion: syn. latexes DeIONIC OPE-30; DeIONIC OPE-40 stabilizer, emulsion: water treatment Sodium lianosulfonate stabilizer, emulsion: wax emulsions Lignosite® 458; Lignosite® 823 stabilizer, enzyme Borax; Neobor®; Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate stabilizer, EPM Santonox® TBMC stabilizer, epoxy resins Triethylenetetramine stabilizer, fiber lubricants Tergitol® 15-S-12; Triton® XL-80N stabilizer, fiber suspensions Carbopol® 934 stabilizer, films Sodium polyacrylate stabilizer, foam Acusol® 820; Acusol® 842; Ammonium stearate; Capramide DEA; Cobalt acetate (ous); Cocamide; Cocamide DEA; Cocamidopropylamine oxide; DeIONIC OPE-12; Erucamide Glyceryl stearate lactate; Glycol; Lauramide DÉA; Myristamide DEA; Oleamide DEA; Polyquaternium-7; Sodium laureth sulfate; Trideceth-18 stabilizer, foam: coatings Bubreak® 453; Triton® X-102 stabilizer, foam: emulsions KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer stabilizer, foam: paper KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer stabilizer, foam: paper coatings Cocamidopropylamine oxide; DeMOX CAPO; DeMOX LAO; Rhodamox® LO stabilizer, foam: papermaking Triton[®] X-102 stabilizer, foam: pigments KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer stabilizer, foam: pulp/paper Paxnol ALES; Paxnol ALS; Paxnol LES; Paxnol PLES; Paxnol PSLS; Paxnol SLS Lig.; Paxnol SLS Powd.; Paxnol SLS Pure; Paxnol TLS stabilizer, foam: sanitizers Triton® X-102 stabilizer, foam: SBR latex systems Ammonium stearate stabilizer, food defoamers containing dimethicone Sodium polyacrylate stabilizer, food pkg. Potassium oleate; Potassium stearate; Sodium stearate; Tetrasodium pyrophosphate; Zinc rosinate stabilizer, food-contact polymers

Scogin[™] F; Scogin[™] HV; Scogin[™] MV

stabilizer, emulsion: pigments

- Pentaerythrityl distearate
- stabilizer, food-grade polymers
- Boric acid; 4,4 Butylidenebis (6-t-butyl-m-cresol); Dicyandiamide; Loxiol® HOB 7121; Octadecyl 3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate; Pentaerythrityl tetrakis [3-(3,5-di-t-butyl-4hydroxyphenyl) propionate]; Struktol® TR 044; 4,4 - Thiobis-6-(t-butyl-m-cresol); Thiodiethylene bis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy) hydrocinnamate; Zinc palmitate; Zinc stearate
- stabilizer, heat
 - A-C® 6; A-C® 6A; A-C® 8; A-C® 9, 9A, 9F; A-C® 15; A-C® 16; A-C® 316; A-C® 316A; A-C® 400; A-C® 400A; A-C® 405(T); A-C® 430; A-C® 540; A-C® 540A; A-C® 580; A-C® 617; A-C® 617A; A-C® 629; A-C® 629A; A-C® 1702; A-C® 6702; C20-40 alcohols; Unilin® 425 Alcohol

stabilizer, heat: ABS polymer systems Dimethyl succinate stabilizer, heat: flexible PVC Dimethyl succinate stabilizer, heat: food-contact coatings Irganox® 1010 stabilizer, heat: food-grade polymers Calcium-zinc complex stabilizer, heat: paper Haro[®] Chem ZPR-2 stabilizer, heat: paper, food-contact Irganox[®] 1010 stabilizer, heat: polyolefins Dimethyl succinate stabilizer, heat: PVC Epoxy, bisphenol A; Zinc laurate; Zinc stearate stabilizer, heat: PVC, rigid/plasticized Calcium-zinc complex stabilizer, heat: varnishes Zinc laurate stabilizer, hydrogen peroxide Hartfloc® A-40; Sodium metasilicate pentahydrate; Sodium stannate stabilizer, hydrogen peroxide bleaches: paper Sodium silicate stabilizer, hydrogen peroxide: pulp bleaching Hanwet CA-1 stabilizer, hydrophilic colloids Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate stabilizer, hydrosulfite: mech. pulp Actiron® DTF 021 stabilizer, industrial Sorbitan stearate stabilizer, light Celnax® CX-Z210 IP; Celnax® CX-Z300H; Celnax® CX-Z401M; 1,6-Hexanediamine, N,N⁻-bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) polymers with morpholine-2,4,6-trichloro-1,3,5triazine stabilizer, light: ABS Methacrylic acid copolymer stabilizer, light: ABS polymer systems Dimethyl succinate stabilizer, light: carbon paper Black Pearls® L; Mogul® L stabilizer, light: coatings Black Pearls® L stabilizer, light: dry toners Black Pearls® L stabilizer, light: flexible PVC Dimethyl succinate stabilizer, light: food pkg. Dimethyl succinate stabilizer, light: HDPE Methacrylic acid copolymer stabilizer, light: LDPE Methacrylic acid copolymer stabilizer, light: LLDPÉ Methacrylic acid copolymer stabilizer, light: paper Regal® 330; Regal® 330R stabilizer, light: PC Methacrylic acid copolymer stabilizer, light: polyolefins Dimethyl succinate stabilizer, light: PP Methacrylic acid copolymer stabilizer, light: PS Methacrylic acid copolymer stabilizer, light: PVC Zinc stearate stabilizer, light: surface coatings Methacrylic acid copolymer stabilizer, lubricant: fiber Santonox® TBMC stabilizer, m.w.: coatings Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite stabilizer, m.w.: styrenics Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite stabilizer, neutral sizes

Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206 stabilizer, nitrocellulose Dicvandiamide stabilizer, NR latex Octowet 75E stabilizer, o/w emulsions Granular Gum Ghatti #1; Powdered Gum Ghatti #1; Powdered Gum Ghatti #2; Staform P stabilizer, org. substrates Irganox® 25 stabilizer, paper Aerosil® K315; Aerosil® K328; Aerosil® K330; Aerosil[®] K342; Airvol[®] 205; Airvol[®] 523; Airvol® 540; Aqualon® CMC-T; Aromox® C/ 12; Aromox® C/12-W; Chemal BP 261; Chemal BP-262; Chemal BP-2101; Igepal® DM-970 FLK; KELACID®; KELCOLOID® DH; KELCOLOID® HVF; KELCOLOID® LVF; KELCOLOID® O; KELCOLOID® S; KELCO-SOL®; KELGIN® F; KELGIN® HV; KELGIN® LV; KELGIN® MV; KELGIN® XL; KELSET®; Kemester® 5500; Klucel® E; Klucel® L; Lomar® PW; Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90; Meroxapol 108; Meroxapol 171; Meroxapol 172; Meroxapol 174; Meroxapol 178; Meroxapol 251; Meroxapol 252; Meroxapol 254; Meroxapol 255; Meroxapol 258; Meroxapol 311; Meroxapol 312; Meroxapol 314; Merpol® HCS; Nonyl nonoxynol-150; Oleth-2; Pluronic® L10; PVM/MA copolymer; PVP K-15; PVP K-15 Sol'n.; PVP K-30; PVP K-60 Sol'n.; PVP K-90; PVP K-90 Sol'n.; PVP K-120; Tafigel[®] PUR 40; Tergitol[®] 15-S-7; Tergitol[®] 15-Š-12 stabilizer, paper aq. systems Liporol SP stabilizer, paper coatings Alcosperse® 404; Proxel® DL; Santowhite® BBMC; Styrene/PVP copolymer stabilizer, paper deinking Triton[®] XL-80N stabilizer, paper sizing Natrosol® 250; Ticaxan® Regular stabilizer, paper starch coatings DeTHOX ACID S-8; Emerest® 2640 stabilizer, paper suspensions Carbopol® 934 stabilizer, paper: food-contact Avirol® SA 4106; Sodium octyl sulfate stabilizer, paperboard: food-contact Avirol® SA 4106 stabilizer, papermaking Antarox® 17-R-2; Antarox® 25-R-2; Antarox® 31-R-1; Hyonic® PE-90; Jungbunzlauer Xanthan Gum, Technical Grade; Locust Bean Gum Type A-100; Locust Bean Gum Type A-250; Locust Bean Gum Type A-270; Meroxapol 105; PEG-2 stearate; Powdered Guar Gum Type A; Powdered Guar Gum Type AA; Powdered Guar Gum Type B; Powdered Guar Gum Type BB; Teric™ 12M2; Teric™ 12M5; Teric™ 12M15; Wayfos® D-10N stabilizer, PE Santonox® TBMC stabilizer, peroxide Briquest® ADPA-60AW; Dequest® 2000LC stabilizer, peroxide bleach Dequest® 2060; Sodium metasilicate stabilizer, peroxide bleaching liquors: cellulose Lastabil 923 stabilizer, peroxide bleaching liquors: mechanical pulp Lastabil 923 stabilizer, peroxide bleaching liquors: secondary fiber Lastabil 923 stabilizer, peroxide bleaching: pulp Eldorado Peroxide Stabilizer

stabilizer, peroxide bleaching: pulp/paper Dequest® 2006; Dequest® 2016 D Powder; Dequest® 2066; Diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonic acid stabilizer, peroxide: bleaching process Bekaflex 2000 V stabilizer, peroxide: deinking Actiron® NS; Bekaflex 2000 V stabilizer, peroxide: deinking process Lastabil 928 OE stabilizer, peroxide: mechanical pulp Actiron[®] NS; Actiron[®] PME stabilizer, peroxide: postbleaching D[®] Sodium Silicate; K[®] Sodium Silicate; N[®] Clear Sodium Silicate; O® Sodium Silicate; Star® Sodium Silicate; Stixso® RR stabilizer, peroxide: pulp deinking Actiron® DTP 298 stabilizer, peroxide: repulping D® Sodium Silicate; K® Sodium Silicate; N® Clear Sodium Silicate; O® Sodium Silicate; Star® Sodium Silicate; Stixso® RR stabilizer, pigment slurries Alcosperse[®] 404 stabilizer, pigment suspensions 2-Phosphono butane tricarboxylic acid-1,2,4 stabilizer, pigments Polystar OM; Polystar OMP stabilizer, polyacetal Irganox[®] 259 stabilizer, polymerization Polyvinyl alcohol (partially hydrolyzed); Sorbitan stearate stabilizer, polymers Ageflex FM-10; 4,4 -Butylidenebis (6-t-butyl-m*cresol); Isodecyl methacrylate;* Surfonic[®] NB-307; Surfonic[®] NB-407; Surfonic[®] OPB-407 stabilizer, polyolefins Anox® PP18; Irganox® 259; Octadecyl 3,5-di-tbutyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate; Thiodiethylene bis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy) hydrocinnamate stabilizer, post-emulsion Darvan® 7 stabilizer, PP Santonox® TBMC stabilizer, primary: S/B emulsion copolymers Abex® EP-110 stabilizer, primary: vinyl acetate Abex® EP-110 stabilizer, PS Thiodiethylene bis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy) hydrocinnamate stabilizer, PS emulsions Elvanol® 50-42; Elvanol® 51-05; Elvanol® 52-22 stabilizer, pulp/paper Paxsorbate 20; Paxsorbate 60; Paxsorbate 80; Pluronic® 10R5; Polypax SMS; Polysynth RRE; Propylene glycol laurate stabilizer, pulp/paper processing Surfonic® DNP-700; Surfonic® DNP-1000; Surfonic® DNP-1500 stabilizer, PVC Anox® PP18; Octadecyl 3,5-di-t-butyl-4hydroxyhydrocinnamate; Thiodiethylene bis (3,5-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxy) hydrocinnamate stabilizer, PVC resins Calcium stearate; Elvanol® 50-42; Elvanol® 51-05; Elvanol® 52-22 stabilizer, raw water clarification Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206 stabilizer, recycling operations Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206 stabilizer, resins Epoxy resin; Santowhite® BBMC stabilizer, rosin paper sizes Casein stabilizer, rosin size emulsions: papermaking Taurine-DFX

stabilizer, S/B Nonoxynol-12 stabilizer, S/B emulsion polymerization POLYSTEP® F-5 stabilizer, SBR Sodium rosinate stabilizer, SBR polymerization Potassium rosinate stabilizer, secondary: SBR Lomar[®] LS-1; Lomar[®] LS Liq.; Lomar[®] PWA; Lomar® PWA Liq. stabilizer, silicone emulsification Ceteth-2 stabilizer, silicone emulsions Carbopol® 934 stabilizer, size presses Pen-cote® Starch stabilizer, sizes Crisotan NN; Crisotan NR stabilizer, sizes: paper Agefloc PC20HV stabilizer, sodium aluminate sol'ns .: water treatment Gluconal® GA-50; Gluconal® NG-C stabilizer, specialty paper coatings Pen-cote® Starch stabilizer, SR latex Octowet 75E stabilizer, starch-based paper coatings Alkamuls® S-8 stabilizer, steric: emulsion polymerization Abex[®] 2005 stabilizer, storage: coatings Albrite® Isooctyl Acid Phosphate stabilizer, styrene acrylic emulsion polymerization POLYSTEP® F-5 stabilizer, styrene emulsion polymers Rhodapon® LCP stabilizer, styrene-acrylics Nonoxynol-12 stabilizer, styrenics Irganox® 259; Octadecyl 3,5-di-t-butyl-4hydroxyhydrocinnamate stabilizer, surface active agents Dimethyl hexynol stabilizer, suspension polymerization Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90 stabilizer, syn. polymers Santowhite® BBMC stabilizer, thermal fax paper Santowhite® BBMC stabilizer, UV Unilin[®] 425 Alcohol stabilizer, UV light: coatings Busan® 11-M2 stabilizer, UV: food-grade polymers Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite stabilizer, UV: polyolefins Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite stabilizer, varnishes BNX® 1010 stabilizer, vinyl acetate Elvanol® 50-42; Elvanol® 51-05; Elvanol® 52-22 stabilizer, vinyl chloride emulsion polymers Rhodapon[®] LCI stabilizer, vinyl polymerization Hydroxyethylcellulose stabilizer, viscosity Ammonium polyacrylate; Armid® 18; Armid® O; Arquad® 18-50; Calcium sulfate; Cocamide; DePEG 30-CO; DePEG 40-CO; Glyceryl oleate; Kessco® Cetyl Alcohol NF; Methylcellulose; Oleamide; Stearamide stabilizer, viscosity: aq. systems Surfynol® 104NP; Van Gel® B stabilizer, viscosity: calender stack water box treatments Eldorado PA-500

stabilizer, viscosity: coatings Prox®-Lube SC 5060 stabilizer, viscosity: dyes Surfynol® 104E stabilizer, viscosity: emulsion polymerization Surfynol® 104E stabilizer, viscosity: films Elvanol® 75-15 stabilizer, viscosity: high-solids pigmented coatings Eldorado PA-500 stabilizer, viscosity: paper Elvanol® 75-15 stabilizer, viscosity: paper coatings Eldorado PA-500; Surfynol® 104E; Surfynol® 104NP stabilizer, viscosity: paper sticking Prox®-Lube SC 5060 stabilizer, viscosity: paperboard coatings Eldorado PA-500 stabilizer, viscosity: pigmented size presses Eldorado PA-500 stabilizer, viscosity: pigments Surfynol® 104E stabilizer, viscosity: PVC Surfynol[®] 104E stabilizer, wastewater clarification Agefloc PC20VHV; Agefloc PC40; Agefloc PC40HV; Agefloc PC2206 stabilizer, water treatment Dioctyl ammonium sulfosuccinate; Edetic acid; Pluronic® 10R5; Tergitol® 15-S-7; Tergitol® 15-S-12; Triton® XL-80Ň stabilizer, waxes Acrylates copolymer; BNX® 1010; Surfonic® **OPB-407** stain blocker, tannin: coatings Busan® 11-M2 stain resistance aid, paper coatings Santolink® AM-129 staining, paper Copper hydroxide (ic) starch hydrolysis Hydrochloric acid starch modifier Polyquat 188; Potassium persulfate starch modifier, paper sizing Scripset® 500; Scripset® 520; Scripset® 540; Scripset® 542; Scripset® 550; Scripset® 640; Scripset® 700; Scripset® 720; Scripset® 740; Scripset® 742; Scripset® 745; Scripset® 746; Scripset® 747; Scripset® 808 starch modifier, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty food-contact Polyacrolein-sodium bisulfite adduct starch modifier, pulp/paper Peracetic acid starch prod. Dimethicone starch reducer Nopcote® 1675 starch, size-press Chargemaster® R462 starch/protein reactant, paper/paperboard coatings: dry food-contact Urea/ethanedial/formaldehyde/propionaldehyde polvmer starch-based systems p-Chloro-m-cresol stencils, paper Butyl myristate sterilant, pulp/paper Paxgard BK 20; Paxgard BKC; Paxgard EM stickies control agent, paper stock Eldorado DIC-107 stickies control agent, papermaking Atarol K; Prosorb® stickies control agent, stock Eldorado PA-780; Eldorado Lube-20 stickies control agent, wet-end

FX-704; FX-706 stiffener, heat-seal paper coatings Microthene® MN 701-00: Microthene® MN 710-20 stiffener, paper Eldorado PA-650 stiffener, paper coatings Resyn® 25-1190 stiffener, paperboard AcryPrint™ 2163; Eldorado PA-650 stiffener, short fiber, recycled furnishes Eldorado PA-650 stiffener, soft waxes Koster Keunen Candelilla; Koster Keunen Synthetic Candelilla stiffener, stocks Kotamite® stock deaerator, papermaking Etingal® L straws, drinking Parvan® 131 strength agent, alkaline papermaking Apollo® 4200 Cationic Starches strength agent, alkaline-sized paper Ammonium zirconium carbonate; Bacote™ 20; Protec ZZA strength agent, bleached sulfate Tylac® 037 strength agent, cast paper coatings Tylac® 692 strength agent, coated natural grades Tylac® 037 strength agent, coated recycled grades Tylac® 03 strength agent, fine paper Jaguar® CB-123 strength agent, linerboard Jaguar® CB-123 strength agent, paper Apollo® 4200 Cationic Starches; Megafil® PCC strength agent, paperboard Apollo® 4200 Cationic Starches strength agent, paperboard coatings Tylac® 037 strength agent, papermaking Berbond® 8200; Jaguar® 418 strength agent, secondary fiber systems Jaquar® CP-13 strength agent, tissue paper Jaguar® CB-123 strength agent, web grades: glossy finishes Tylac® 820; Tylac® 936 strength agent, web grades: matte finishes Tylac® 820; Tylac® 936 strength agent, web grades: offset formulations Tylac[®] 820; Tylac[®] 936 strength agent, web grades: offset printing Tylac® 820; Tylac® 936 strength agent, web grades: roto formulations Tylac® 820; Tylac® 936 strength resin, corrugating medium kraft paper Torez Resin P-2000; Torez Resin P-2010 strength resin, liner paper Torez Resin P-2000; Torez Resin P-2010 strengthener, hot-melt coatings Ultrathene® UE 631-04; Ultrathene® UE 634-04; Ultrathene® UE 639-67; Ultrathene® UE 649-04; Ultrathene® UE 653-67; Ultrathene® UE 654-67 stretch pkg. film, heavy-duty Polyethylene, very low-density stripping agent, dyes Sodium hydrosulfite stripping assistant, dyes Peregal® ST structuring agent, coatings: paper Pro-Cote structuring agent, coatings: paperboard

Pro-Cote® structuring agent, pigment: dry food-contact Hydrolyzed soy protein structuring agent, pigment: paper/paperboard Hydrolyzed soy protein substantive dye, turquoise: alkaline-sized paper Pontamine[™] Substantive Turquoise 6G Liq. substantive dye, turquoise: hardwood kraft pulps Pontamine[™] Substantive Turquoise 6G Liq. substantive dye, turquoise: softwood kraft pulps Pontamine[™] Substantive Turquoise 6G Liq. substantive dye, turquoise: tissue paper Pontamine™ Substantive Turquoise 6G Liq. substantivity agent, paper Burco® Imidazoline Ö; Burco® Imidazoline T sulfidity control agent, Kraft paper process Sodium bisulfide sulfite control agent Qemidink 8001 sulfite pulp Magnesium hydroxide sulfite pulp process raw material, papermaking Dolomite sulfite removal, paper mills Hydrogen peroxide superabsorbent . Methacrylamidopropyltrimethylammonium chloride; Mhoromer® BM 613 superfatting agent Coconut alcohol; Coconut (Cocos nucifera) oil; Glyceryl dioleate; Hydrogenated coconut oil; Lauric acid; Myristamide DEA; Oleamide DEA; Oleic acid; Oleth-3; Oleth-7; PEG-60 castor oil; PEG-20 corn glycerides; PEG-12 dioleate; PEG-75 Ianolin; PEG-150 Ianolin; PPG-26 buteth-26; Soyamide DEA; Stearamide MEA; Stearic acid; Sulfated castor oil superfatting agent, aq./aq.-alcoholic systems Solan E; Solan X superfatting agent, emulsion polymerization PEG-40 sorbitan tetraoleate superfatting oil Octyl stearate surface property improver, paper Douglas[®] Starches surface strength agent, carbonless paper Cartabond® TSI Liq. surface strength agent, coated board Cartabond® TSI Liq. surface strength agent, coatings PenFilm™ Binder surface strength agent, food pkg. Cartabond® TSI Liq.; PenFilm™ Binder surface strength agent, labels Cartabond® TSI Liq. surface strength agent, offset printing paper Cartabond® TSI Liq. surface strength agent, offset/opaque communication paper grades NovaBond® 150 surface strength agent, pkg. paper Cartabond® TSI Lig. surface strength agent, printed paper Cartabond® TSI Liq. surface strength agent, printing board uncoated sides NovaBond® 150 surface strength agent, printing paper uncoated sides NovaBond® 150 surface strength agent, self adhesive paper Cartabond® TSI Liq. surface strength agent, silicon release paper Cartabond[®] TSI Liq. surface strength agent, size press board PenFilm[™] Binder

surface strength agent, size press paper PenFilm™ Binder surface tension reducer Aerosol® OT-70 PG; Aerosol® OT-S; C10-11 isoparaffin; C11-12 isoparaffin; C11-13 isoparaffin; DeWET SDO-70PG; DeWET SDO-75É; Lodyne[®]; Rhodaterge[®] BCC surface tension reducer, board coatings TEGO® Glide 404 surface tension reducer, emulsion polymerization Surfonic® N-70: Surfonic® N-110: Surfonic® N-500; Surfonic[®] NB-1007; Teric[™] N30L surface tension reducer, paper Aerosol® OT-75%; Aerosol® OT-75-PG; Drewfax® 0007; Merpol® A; Penetron OT-30 surface tension reducer, paper coatings TEGO® Glide 404 surface tension reducer, paper/board coatings TEGO® Flow 354 surface tension reducer, pulp/paper Surfonic[®] N-70; Surfonic[®] N-110; Surfonic[®] N-500; Surfonic[®] NB-1007; Teric[™] N6; Teric[™] N11; Teric[™] N30L surface tension reducer, pulp/paper bleaching Monafax 1214 surface treatment Behenyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline surface treatment agent, fiber Snowtex PS-L; Snowtex PS-M surface treatment agent, paper Snowtex PS-L; Snowtex PS-M surface treatment, alkaline sized paper: film press . Cartacol[®] SI Lig. surface treatment, alkaline sized paper: size presses Cartacol[®] SI Liq. surface treatment, coatings Sodium methyl siliconate surface treatment, film presses Cartacol® ASN Liq.; Cartacol® NP Liq.; Cartacol® XP Liq. surface treatment, neutral sized paper: film press Cartacol® SI Liq. surface treatment, neutral sized paper: size presses Cartacol® SI Liq. surface treatment, paper Jetsize® Colloidal Disp.; Jetsize® Sol'n.; Scogin™ HVF; Scogin™ LV; Scogin™ QH; Scogin[™] QL; Scogin[™] QM; Tylose[®] C-G1; Witcobond® W-213 surface treatment, paper at calender Aqualon® CMC-1 surface treatment, paper at size presses Aqualon® CMC-T surface treatment, recycled board: calender stack PenStack[™] Calender Size surface treatment, size presses Cartacol® ASN Liq.; Cartacol® NP Liq.; Cartacol® XP Liq. surface treatment, water box formulations: calender stack PenStack[™] Calender Size surfaces, paper/paperboard: food-contact C110; D12F; D120 surfactant Abalyn[®]; Abex[®] 2005; Abex[®] 2020; Abex[®] 2515; Abex® 2525; Abex® 2535; Abex® 2545; Ablupol D1101; Ablupol FD101; Ablusol PD100; Ablusol SEP40; Adekanol RP-807; Adekanol RP-870; Adekanol RP-882; Aerosol® 22; Aerosol® OT-70 PG; Algin; Benzalkonium chloride; Burco® Imidazoline O; Burco® Imidazoline T; Butyl phosphate; Caster Wax A; Castor (Ricinus communis) oil; Ceteareth-20; Ceteth-20; Cetyl betaine; Coco-betaine; C9-11

pareth-3; C9-11 pareth-6; C10-12 pareth-3; C12-14 pareth-1; C12-14 pareth-5; C12-15 pareth-23; C16-18 pareth-30; Deceth-4 phosphate; DePEG 200; DePEG 300; DePEG 400; DePEG 600; Dimethicone; 2,6-Dimethyl heptanol-4; Dioctyl maleate; Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Disponil® AAP 43; Disponil® NP 4; Disponil® NP 6; Disponil® NP 10; Disponil® NP 11; Disponil® NP 12; Disponil® NP 20; Disponil® NP 208; Disponil® NP 307; Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Dodoxynol-9; Dodoxynol-12; Empol® 1004; Empol® 1007; Empol[®] 1016; Empol[®] 1018; Empol[®] 1020; Empol® 1022; Empol® 1026; EO/PO block polymer or copolymer, Glyceryl dioleate; Hydrogenated castor oil; Hydrogenated coconut acid; Hydrogenated ditallowamine; Hydrogenated menhaden acid; Isostearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Lauramine oxide; Laureth-3; Laureth-4; Magnesium stearate; Magnesium tallowate; MIPA-dodecylbenzenesulfonate; Myristalkonium chloride; Nonionic L-4; Nonoxynol-1; Nonoxynol-2; Nonoxynol-3; Nonoxynol-4; Nonoxynol-5; Nonoxynol-6; Nonoxynol-7; Nonoxynol-8; Nonoxynol-9; Nonoxynol-10; Nonoxynol-11; Nonoxynol-12; Nonoxynol-13; Nonoxynol-14; Nonoxynol-18; Nonoxynol-20; Nonoxynol-23; Nonoxynol-25; Nonoxynol-30; Nonoxynol-40; Nonoxynol-44; Nonoxynol-50; Nonoxynol-55; Nonoxynol-60; Nonoxynol-70; Nonoxynol-100; Nonyl nonoxynol; Nonyl nonoxynol-14; Nonyl nonoxynol-100; Octadecenyl succinic anhydride; Octoxynol-33; Oleth-23; Paxogen LAÓ; Paxonic CÓ 40; Paxonic CO 60; PEG-180; PEG-5 castor oil; PEG-8 castor oil; PEG-15 castor oil; PEG-6 dilaurate; PEG-32 dilaurate; PEG-6 dioleate; PEG-20 dioleate; PEG-32 dioleate; PEG-20 distearate; PEG-32 distearate; PEG-4 laurate; PEG-8 laurate; PEG-32 laurate; PEG-20 oleate; PEG-24 oleate; PEG-32 oleate; PEG-75 oleate; PEG-100 oleate; Pegosperse® 600 DO; PEG-32 stearate; PEG tetramethyl decynediol; Poly [2-(diethylamino) ethyl methacrylate] phosphate; Polydimethylsiloxane; Polyethylene; Polyethylene wax; Polysorbate 60; POLYSTEP® AE-120; POLYSTEP® AE-307; Rhodasurf® A-60; Silicone; Silwet® L-720 AP; Sodium lauryl sulfate; Surfonic® JL-80X; Surfynol® SM-740; Synperonic PE/L61; Tergitol® NP-7; Tergitol® NP-8; Tergitol® NP-9; Tergitol® NP-9.5; Tergitol® NP-10; Tergitol® NP-11; Tergitol® NP-12; Tergitol® NP-13; Tergitol® NP-15; *Thiourea*; *Trideceth-4*; *Trideceth-25*; *Trideceth-29*; Triisopropanolamine; Trilinoleic acid; Undecethsurfactant concs. TEGO® Antifoam 2-67; TEGO® Antifoam 14; TEGO® Antifoam 28; TEGO® Antifoam 93; TEGO® Antifoam 1488; TEGO® Antifoam MR 1015 surfactant, acid pickling baths 2-Ethylhexyl hydrogenated tallowalkyl methosulfate surfactant, amphoteric Methyl acrylate

- surfactant, antifoams
- Nonionic 1017-R
- surfactant, aq. systems
- Adeka Catioace DM-30A; Surfynol® 104NP
- surfactant, cellulose fluff Berocell® 564
- surfactant, cellulose prods.
- Berocell® 564
- surfactant, cleaners
- Isolaureth-3; Isolaureth-6
- surfactant, closed systems
- Stanfax 560 surfactant, coatings

surfactant, polyacrylamide drainage aids: paper/paperboard, aq./fatty food-contact

Ammonium laureth sulfate; Ammonium laureth-12 sulfate; Imbentin-CMEA/100; Imbentin-OAD/500 70%: Imbentin-PEG/300: Imbentin-PEG/400: Imbentin-PEG/600; Imbentin-PEG/1500 G; Nonoxynol-34; POLYSTEP® F-9S; POLY-STEP® LAS-50; POLYSTEP® OP-9; POLYSTEP® OP-3070; POLYSTEP® OP-4070; Silwet® L-77; Silwet® L-722; Silwet® L-7001; Silwet® L-7002; Silwet® L-7500; Silwet® L-7608; Silwet® L-7657; Tricetylmonium chloride; Triton® X-15; Triton® X-35; Undeceth-8 surfactant, copolymerizable Sodium allyloxy hydroxypropyl sulfonate surfactant, debonding: tissue paper Hartosoft™ DBS-1527; Hartosoft™ DBS-5080; Hartosoft™ DBS-7374 surfactant, dedusters Nonionic 1017-R surfactant, deinking Nonatell[™] 1061, 1075, 1088, 1089, 1092 surfactant, deinking: groundwood finish Nonatell™ 1052 surfactant, deinking: magazine Nonatell™ 1123 surfactant, deinking: newsprint Nonatell[™] 1123 surfactant, deinking: pulp/paper Nonatell[™] 1123 surfactant, deinking: telephone directory furnishes Nonatell[™] 1123 surfactant, demulsifiers Nonionic 1017-R surfactant, dust control Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo CS50; Volpo L3 surfactant, dyeing auxiliaries Talloweth-11 phosphate surfactant, dyes Adekanate B-556; Ceteareth-15; Polysorbate 60; Product BCO surfactant, effluent stream waste treatment Triton[®] SP-135; Triton[®] SP-140; Triton[®] SP-160; Triton® SP-175; Triton® SP-190 surfactant, emulsion polymerization Aerosol® TR-70; Ammonium laureth sulfate; Ammonium laureth-12 sulfate; Calimulse EM-22; Calimulse EM-96F; Calimulse L-22; Calimulse L-30; Calimulse L-50; Calimulse PR; Calimulse PRS; Calimulse SLS; DeSULF SLS-30LC; Igepal® CO-897; *Nonoxynol-15*; Nonoxynol-34; Nonoxynol-120; Octoxynol-25; PEG-4 castor oil; PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-10 tetramethyl decynediol; Pentasol DO-70PG; Pentex® 99; *Polysorbate 20*; POLYSTEP® A-13; POLYSTEP® B-7; POLYSTEP® B-330S; POLYSTEP® F-9S; POLYSTEP® LAS-50; POLYSTEP® OP-9; POLYSTEP® OP-3070: POLYSTEP® OP-4070: Ralufon® F4-I; Ralufon® F5-13I; Ralufon® F7 13; Ralufon® F11-13; Ralufon® N3.5; Ralufon® N6; Ralufon® N9; Ralufon® N10; Ralufon® N20-90; Ralufon® NAPE 14-90; Rhodapon® LCP; Rhodasurf® L-25; Sipomer® COPS 1; Stanfax 238; Stanfax 560; Stanfax 997; Stanfax 1012; Stanfax 1066; Surfonic® DNP-70; Surfonic® DNP-140; Surfonic® DNP-700; Surfonic® DNP-1000: Surfonic® DNP-1500: Surfonic® N-70; Surfonic® N-110; Surfonic® N-500; Surfonic® NB-1007; Surfynol® 465; Teric[™] N30L; Texapon[®] 842; Triton[®] X-15; Triton[®] X-35; Trycol[®] 6965; *Undeceth-8* surfactant, emulsion polymerization: paper SPAF surfactant, emulsion polymers Antarox® PGP 18-2LF surfactant, emulsions

2-Ethylhexyl hydrogenated tallowalkyl methosulfate; PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil; Rhodasurf® L-25; Trycol® 6965 surfactant, felt washing

Geropon® 99 surfactant, fiber Silwet® L-722; Silwet® L-7220; Silwet® L-7608 surfactant, filler coatings Stanfax 320 surfactant, filter media saturants Stanfax 320 surfactant, flotation deinking: newsprint paper Floatsan™ 209 surfactant, flotation deinking: paper Floatsan™ 210 surfactant, flotation deinking: wood-free paper Floatsan[™] 209 surfactant, fluff pulp Berocell® 509; Berocell® 509HA; Berocell® 584; Berocell® 587K surfactant, food pkg. paper Trycol® 6965 surfactant, fuel treatment 2-Ethylhexyl hydrogenated tallowalkyl methosulfate surfactant, high-foaming Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate surfactant, high-foaming: acrylate emulsion polymerization Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate surfactant, high-foaming: butadiene emulsion polymerization Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate surfactant, high-foaming: latex emulsion polymerization Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate surfactant, high-foaming: It. duty cleaners Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate surfactant, high-foaming: methacrylate emulsion polymerization Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate surfactant, high-foaming: paper Stanfax 234; Stanfax 234LCF surfactant, high-foaming: polymeric coatings Stanfax 234; Stanfax 234LCP surfactant, high-foaming: styrene emulsion polymerization Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate surfactant, high-foaming: vinyl acetate emulsion polymerization Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate surfactant, high-solids dispersions Darvan® 7 surfactant, industrial Glycol stearate; Quaternium-18; Stanfax 968 surfactant, industrial chemicals Polysorbate 60 surfactant, industrial processes Isolaureth-3; Isolaureth-6 surfactant, industrial: alkaline systems Sodium oleic sulfate surfactant, low-foaming Nopco® Color-Sperse® 188A surfactant, low-foaming: paper Dodoxynol-4 surfactant, newsprint Wetsan™ DI284-1 surfactant, paper Abex® EP-110; Abluhide LB660; Adeka PEG-200; Adeka PEG-300; Adeka PEG-400; Adeka PEG-600: Adeka PEG-1000: Adeka PEG-1500: Adeka PEG-4000; Adeka PEG-6000; Adeka PEG-20,000; Adekanate B-556; Aromox® C/12-W; Arquad® 2C-70 Nitrite; Arquad® 210-50; Arquad® 218-75; Arquad® HTL8(W) MS-85; Carsoquat® SDQ-25; Chemax NP-15; Chemax NP-20; Chemax NP-30; Chemax NP-30; Chemax NP-30/70; C12-15 pareth-9; 2-Ethylhexyl hydrogenated tallowalkyl methosulfate; Igepal® CO-630/EP; Incroquat SDQ-25; Isotrideceth-6 phosphate; Istemul 710; Istemul 770; Istemul 775; Laurtrimonium chloride; Nonoxynol-15;

Nonoxynol-20; Nonoxynol-20 phosphate; Oleth-2; Oleth-7 phosphate; PEG-20 hydrogenated

castor oil; Pentex® 99; Pluronic® L10; Qemidink 8787; Ralufon® EA 15-90; Ralufon® F3-13: Ralufon[®] F4-I: Ralufon[®] F5-13I: Ralufon® F7-13; Ralufon® F11-13; Ralufon® N3.5; Ralufon® N6; Ralufon® N9; Ralufon® N10; Ralufon® N20-90; Ralufon® NAPE 14-90; Schercozoline I; Schercozoline L; Schercozoline O; Schercozoline S; Servoxyl® VPDZ 6/ 100; Servoxyl® VPFZ 7/100; Servoxyl® VPI 55; Servoxyl[®] VPNZ 20/100; Servoxyl[®] VPRZ 100; Silwet® L-77; Silwet® L-722; Silwet® L-7001: Silwet® L-7002: Silwet® L-7087; Silwet® L-7220; Silwet® L-7500; Silwet® L-7608; Silwet® L-7657; Sodium butyl phosphate; Sodium diphenyl ether disulfonate; Surfonic[®] DDP-40; Surfonic[®] DDP-50; Surfonic® LF-18; Surfonic® LF-37; Surfonic® LF-40; Surfonic[®] LF-41; Surfonic[®] LF-47; Surfonic[®] LF-68; Surfonic[®] LF-0312; Surfonic[®] P-1; Surfonic® P-3; Surfonic® P-5; Surfonic® P-6; *Tallow phosphate*; T-Det[®] C-20; T-Det[®] EPO-62L; T-Det[®] EPO-64L; Teric[™] 164; Teric[™] 165; Teric[™] 167; Teric[™] 168; Teric[™] 170; Teric[™] 171; Teric[™] 173; Tetronic[®] 90R4; Undeceth-8 surfactant, paper auxiliary products Propetal 387 surfactant, paper coatings Abex® 18S; Abex® 22S; Abex® 3594; Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate; Dimethyl hexynol; Dynol™ 604; Surfynol® 61; Surfynol® 104NP surfactant, paper defoamers Pegosperse[®] 100 L; Pegosperse[®] 400 DOT surfactant, paper deinking Tergitol® Min-Foam 1X; Tergitol® Min-Foam 2X surfactant, paper depitching Adekamine 4DAC-80; Adekamine 4DAC-85; Adekamine 4MAC-30; Adekamine ADG-30; Adekamine E Series; Adekamine LDM; Adekamine MD-30; Adekamine MT-50; Adekamine PMS-100 surfactant, paper finishes Rhodasurf® L-25 surfactant, paper mill stock chest cleaners Rhodaterge® BCC surfactant, paper rewetting Geropon[®] 99 surfactant, paper separation: PET recycling systems Rhodaterge® PRC surfactant, paper towels Surfonic® DDP-40; Surfonic® DDP-50 surfactant, paperboard Rhodapon® LCP surfactant, papermaking Genapol® UD-070; Genapol® UD-079; Genapol® UD-080; Genapol® UD-110; Imbentin-CM/125; Imbentin-CM/145; Imbentin-CM/935; Imbentin-CMEA/100; Imbentin-OAD/500 70%; Imbentin-PAP/6100; Imbentin-PAP/6200; Imbentin-PAP/ 10200; Imbentin-PEG/300; Imbentin-PEG/400; Imbentin-PEG/600; Imbentin-PEG/1500 G; Poly-Tergent® E-17A; Poly-Tergent® E-17B; Poly-Tergent[®] E-25B; Poly-Tergent[®] P-32A; Sanfac[™]; SansInk SB 301; Surfonic[®] OP-50; Teric™ G12A7; *Tricetylmonium chloride*; Triton® X-15; Triton® X-35; *Undeceth-11*; Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo CS50; Volpo L3 surfactant, pigment binders Abex[®] 22S surfactant, pigment dispersing Tricetvlmonium chloride surfactant, pigments 2-Ethylhexyl hydrogenated tallowalkyl methosul-fate; Silwet® L-7220 surfactant, pitch control: papermaking Berocell® 25; Berocell® 535; Berocell® 537;

Berocell[®] 1025 surfactant, polyacrylamide drainage aids:

paper/paperboard, aq./fatty food-contact Poly (isobutene)/maleic anhydride adduct, diethanolamine reaction prod. surfactant, polyacrylamide retention aids: paper/paperboard, aq./fatty food-contact Poly (isobutene)/maleic anhydride adduct, diethanolamine reaction prod. surfactant, polymer dispersions Sulfopon® 101; Sulfopon® 101 Special RHD; Texapon® K-12 C Powd.; Texapon® K-1296 C Needles; Texapon® LS Highly Conc. Needles; Texapon[®] T 42: Texapon[®] ZHC Needles surfactant, polymerization Behenyl alcohol; Loxiol® G 53; PEG-40 sorbitan hexaoleate; Polysorbate 60; Polysorbate 65; Polysorbate 85; Sorbitan palmitate; Trycol® 59**4**1 surfactant, polymerization: polymer dispersions Texapon[®] K-12 PA 15 surfactant, polymerization: vinyl acetate emulsions Igepal® CO-977 surfactant, protective coatings 2-Ethylhexyl hydrogenated tallowalkyl methosulfate surfactant, pulp processing C12-16 pareth-1; C12-16 pareth-2; C12-16 pareth-3; C12-16 pareth-5; C12-16 pareth-6; C12-16 pareth-7; C12-16 pareth-8; C12-16 pareth-11 surfactant, pulp/paper Adekanol 25R-1; Adekanol 25R-2; Adekanol B-608; Adekanol B-713; Adekanol B-714; Adekanol B-722; Adekanol B-733; Adekanol B-750; Adekanol B-762; Adekanol B-786; Adekanol B-795; Adekanol B-797; Adekanol B-2020; Adekanol B-2030; Adekanol B-4001; Adekanol B-4009; Adekanol F-68; Adekanol F-88: Adekanol F-108: Adekanol F-127: Adekanol L-31; Adekanol L-34; Adekanol L-44; Adekanol L-61; Adekanol L-62; Adekanol L-64; Adekanol L-71; Adekanol L-72; Adekanol L-101; Adekanol L-121; Adekanol L-122; Adekanol P-84; Adekanol P-85; Adekanol P-103; Adekanol TR-701; Adekanol TR-702; Adekanol TR-704; Adekanol TR-913; Adekanol TS-401; Adekanol TS-403A; Adekanol TS-406; Adekanol TS-415A; Adekanol TS-661; Adekanol TS-751; Adekanol TS-780; Adekanol TS-800; Adekanol TS-800C; Adekanol TS-801C; Adekanol TS-830; Adekanol TS-840; Adekanol TS-843; Adekanol TS-845; Adekatol LO-3; Adekatol LO-7; Adekatol LO-9; Adekatol SO-105; Adekatol SO-120; Adekatol SO-135; Adekatol SO-145; Adekatol SO-160; Antarox® EGE 25-2; Glycol stearate; Gradonic LFA Series; Hartaflot[™] FA-5164; Hartaflot[™] FA-7451; Hartaflot[™] G-5000; Hartaflot™ P-621; Hartaflot™ SE-6250; Hartaflot™ SE-6400-1; Hartaflot™ SE-6405; Hartaflot™ SE-6500; Hartaflot™ SE-6600; Hartaflot[™] SE-6620; Hartasperse[™] DI-6; Hartasperse[™] DI-2609; Hartasperse[™] DI-2710; Hartasperse[™] DI-2805; Hartasperse[™] DI-2915; Hartasperse[™] DI-2920; Hartasperse[™] DI-2940; Hartasperse[™] DI-3670; Hartasperse[™] DI-4670; Hartasperse™ DI-4900 Series; Hartasperse™ DI-6660; Hartasperse™ SE 6412; Hartasperse™ SE 6440; Hartasperse™ SE 7311; Hartfloc® 207; Hartfloc® 210; Hartfloc® 409; Hartfloc® Anionic Series; Hartfloc® Cationic Series; Laureth-4; Linoleamido dimethylamino lactate; Lumulse™ EGDS; Lumulse™ PGML; Lumulse[™] PGMP; Lumulse[™] PGMS; Monafax 1293; Nonionic 1017-R; Nonionic 1025-R; Nonionic 1077-F; Nonionic 1087-F; Nonionic 1108-F; Nonionic 1127-F; Nonionic 8017R; Nonionic GR-25; Nonionic GR-40; Nonionic GR-52; Nonionic L-12; Nonionic L-23; Nonionic S-2; Nonionic S-10; Nonionic S-20; Nonionic

TD-6; Nonionic TD-12; Nonionic TD-15; Nonipax AAO; Nonipax OP 10; Nonipax X 100; surfactant, waste paper deinking Nonipax X 150; Paxnol ALES; Paxnol ALS; Paxnol LES; Paxnol PLES; Paxnol PSLS; surfactant, wastewater Paxnol SLS Liq.; Paxnol SLS Powd.; Paxnol SLS Pure; Paxnol TLS; Paxogen COB; Paxogen LAO; Paxonic CO 40; Paxonic CO 60; Paxsorbate 20; Paxsorbate 60; Paxsorbate 80; PEG-52 castor oil; PEG-80 sorbitan laurate; Poloxamer 237; Polypax SMS; Polyquat 2 C; Polyquat 188; Polysorbate 60; Polysorbate 65; Polysorbate 85; Propylene glycol laurate; Propylene glycol palmitate; Sorbitan palmitate; Surfonic® CO-15; Surfonic® CO-20; Surfonic® CO-25; Surfonic® CO-30; Surfonic® CO-42; Surfonic® DNP-140; Surfonic® DNP-700; Surfonic® DNP-1000; Surfonic® DNP-1500; Surfonic[®] N-70; Surfonic[®] N-110; Surfonic[®] N-500; Surfonic[®] NB-1007; Surfonic[®] OPB-167; Teric[™] N11; Teric[™] N30L; Triton[®] SP-135; Triton® SP-140; Triton® SP-160; Triton® SP-175; Triton® SP-190; Ukanil 3500; Ukanil 3501 surfactant, pulp/paper bleaching Monafax 1214 surfactant, pulp/paper deinking C11-15 pareth-3; Isolaureth-3; Isolaureth-6 surfactant, pulp/paper: wash/flotation Hartaflot™ G-5000 surfactant, pulping liquor recovery Adekanate B-556 surfactant, PVC Emulgator E 30 surfactant, PVC dispersions Maranil® Paste A 55 surfactant, PVC emulsion Emulgator E 30 surfactant, recycled paper Haritop surfactant, S/B POLYSTEP® A-15-30K; Potassium dodecylbenzene sulfonate surfactant, S/B dispersions Maranil® Paste A 55 surfactant, S/B emulsions Calimulse SLS surfactant, S/B systems Emulgator E 30 surfactant, silicone Dimethicone copolyol; Dimethiconol surfactant, silicone emulsification Ceteareth-15 surfactant, silicone emulsions PEG-4 castor oil surfactant, soft paper Berocell[®] 564 surfactant, solvent coatings Peqosperse[®] 100 L; Peqosperse[®] 400 DOT surfactant, solventless coatings Pegosperse® 100 L; Pegosperse® 400 DOT surfactant, sulfite pulp deresination Mazawet® 77 surfactant, surface modifying: paper deinking Igepal® CO-610 surfactant, surface modifying: pulp/paper Igepal® CO-610 surfactant, syn. resin emulsions Adekanate B-556 surfactant, tissue Surfonic[®] DDP-40; Surfonic[®] DDP-50 surfactant, tissue paper Ablupol PD100 surfactant, VDC latex Potassium dodecylbenzene sulfonate surfactant, vinyl acetate Emulgator E 30; Nonoxynol-34 surfactant, vinyl acetate emulsions Abex[®] VA 50 surfactant, vinyl chloride Potassium dodecylbenzene sulfonate surfactant, waste paper

Adekanate B-556 surfactant, wastewater treatment Arguad® 2C-70 Nitrite; Arguad® 210-50; Arguad® 218-75; Arguad® HTL8(W) MS-85; 2-Ethylhexyl hydrogenated tallowalkyl methosulfate surfactant, water repellent treatment: food pkg. paper Foraperle® 325 surfactant, water repellent treatment: food pkg. paperboard Foraperle® 325 surfactant, water treatment C11-15 pareth-3; Glycol stearate; Isobutylene/MA copolymer, Isolaureth-3; Isolaureth-6; Nonionic 1017-R; Nonionic 1025-R; Nonionic 8017R; Nonionic 8025R; PEG-4 dilaurate; PEG-6 *distearate; Poloxamer 237;* Poly-Tergent® E-17A; Poly-Tergent® E-17B; Poly-Tergent® E-25B; Tergitol® Min-Foam 2X; Teric™ 164; Teric™ 155; Teric™ 167; Teric™ 168; Teric™ 170; Teric™ 171; Teric™ 173 surfactant, water-free systems Aerosol® OT-100% surfactant, wax emulsions PEG-4 castor oil; TEA-oleate surfactant, waxes Ceteareth-15 surfactant, wet felt continuous cleaning: brown paper machine press section Qemifeltwash 8020N surfactant, wet felt continuous cleaning: linerboard paper machine press sections Qemifeltwash 8020N surfactant, wet felt continuous cleaning: paper machine press sections Qemifeltwash 8020A; Qemifeltwash 8020N surfactant, wood-free paper Wetsan™ DI284-1 surfactants Stearyl alcohol suspending agent A-C® 430; Acrylamides copolymer; Aerosil® 200; Algin; Aluminum palmitate; Bentonite; Calcium silicate; Carbomer; Carbomer 910; Carbomer 934; Carbomer 934P; Carbomer 940; Carbomer 941; Carbomer 941; Carbopol® 907; Carbopol® 910; Carbopol[®] 934P; Carbopol[®] 940; Carbopol[®] 971P; Carbopol[®] 974P; Carbopol[®] 2984; Carbopol® 5984; Carbopol® ETD 2001; Carboxymethylcellulose sodium; Carboxymethyl guar, Carboxymethyl hydroxypropyl guar, DeWET SMA-80; Dextrin; Ethylene/MA copolymer; Gelatin; Geropon® T-33; Geropon® TA/72/S; Glyceryl palmitate/stearate; Hydroxyethylcellulose; Hydroxypropyl guar; KELCOSOL®; Locust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) gum; Locust Bean Gum Speckless Type D-200; Magnesium aluminum silicate; PEG-15 cocoate; PEG-9M; Peregal® ST; Petrac® Calcium Stearate CP-11; Petrac[®] Calcium Stearate CP-11 LS; Petrac® GMS; Polyacrylic acid; Polysorbate 61; Polysorbate 81; Polysorbate 85; Potassium tripolyphosphate; Powdered Gum Guar NF Type 80 Mesh B/T; Powdered Gum Guar Type 140 Mesh B/T; Powdered Gum Guar Type ECM; Powdered Gum Guar Type M; Powdered Gum Guar Type MM FCC; Powdered Gum Guar Type MM (HV); Powdered Gum Guar Type MMM ¹/₂; Powdered Gum Guar Type MMW; Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type D-200; Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type D-300; Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type P-100; Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type PP-100; Propylene glycol alginate; PVP; Quso® G35, G38, WR55,

WR83; RITA PEO-1; RITA PEO-2; RITA PEO-3;

Adekanol RP-605D

Surfactant 10G

RITA PEO-8; RITA PEO-18; RITA PEO-27; Scogin[™] HVF; Scogin[™] LV; Scogin[™] QH; Scogin[™] QL; Scogin[™] QM; Silica; Sodium Alginate HV NF/FCC; Sodium Alginate LV; Sodium Alginate LVC; Sodium Alginate MV NF/ FCC; Sodium methylnaphthalenesulfonate; Sodium methyl tall oil acid taurate; Sorbitan tristearate; Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate; Trideceth-4; Xanthan gum suspending agent, anhydrous systems Synthetic beeswax suspending agent, aq. pigment slurries: paper/paperboard, aq./fatty food-contact Xanthan gum suspending agent, aq. systems Laponite[®] JS; Van Gel[®] B suspending agent, coatings Klucel® E; Klucel® L; Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90; Polyacrylamide suspending agent, emulsion polymerization Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90 suspending agent, emulsions Acritamer® 504E; KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer suspending agent, fiber Celite® 263; Čelite® 321; Celite® 388 suspending agent, fiber processing Acritamer® 501E suspending agent, fiber suspensions Acritamer® 504E; Carbopol® 934 suspending agent, paper Acritamer® 501E; Aqualon® CMC-T; KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer; Klucel® E; Klucel® L; Lomar[®] PW; Luviskol[®] K12; Luviskol[®] K17; Luviskol[®] K30; Luviskol[®] K60; Luviskol[®] K80; Luviskol® K90; PVP K-15; PVP K-15 Sol'n.; PVP K-30; PVP K-60 Sol'n.; PVP K-90; PVP K-90 Sol'n.: PVP K-120 suspending agent, paper coatings Alcosperse® 404; Colloid 488T; Colloid 602; Van Gel® B; Veequm® T suspending agent, paper converting operations Aqualon® CMC-T suspending agent, paper sizing Natrosol® 250; Ticaxan® Regular suspending agent, paper surface treatment Scogin™ F; Scogin™ HV; Scogin™ MV suspending agent, paper suspensions Acritamer® 504E; Carbopol® 934 suspending agent, paper treatment Acritamer® 501E suspending agent, papermaking Locust Bean Gum Type A-100; Locust Bean Gum Type A-250; Locust Bean Gum Type A-270; Water suspending agent, pigment slurries Alcosperse® 404 suspending agent, pigment: paper/paperboard, aq./fatty food-contact Aminomethyl propanol suspending agent, pigments KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer; Rheolate® 2001 suspending agent, PVC Polyvinyl acetate suspending agent, PVC polymerization Hydroxypropylcellulose suspending agent, silicone emulsions Carbopol® 934 suspending agent, solids Polyquaternium-5 suspending agent, suspension polymerization Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90 suspending agent, water treatment Polyacrylamide; Sodium hexametaphosphate suspension control agent, coatings

synergist, antioxidants Stearyl citrate synergist, bacterial hydrolysis: cellulose Cellulase synergist, flame-retardant: paper FireShield[®] H; FireShield[®] I synergist, papermaking Cypro® 514 Promoter synergist, UV-cured coatings Ethyl 4-(dimethylamino) benzoate synergist, UV-cured lacquers Ethyl 4-(dimethylamino) benzoate tackifier Sylvatac® 1085; Zonarez® M-1115 tackifier resin, paper coatings Methyl rosinate tackifier, aq. coatings Doversperse 3; Doversperse A-1 tackifier, carbon paper Octyl tallate; Plasthall® 7041; Plasthall® 7049; Plasthall® R-9 tackifier, coatings Glyceryl hydrogenated rosinate; Glyceryl rosinate; Nevtac[®] 10°; Nevtac[®] 80; Nevtac[®] 100; Nevtac[®] 115; Super Nevtac[®] 99; Terpene resin; Zonarez® 1040; Zonarez® 1085; Zonarez® 1115T; Zonarez® 1125; Zonarez® 1135; Zonarez® T-4115; Zonatac® 105; Zonatac® 105L; Zonatac® 115L; Zonatac® 501; Zonatac® 501L; Zonatac® M-105; Zonester® 25 tackifier, coatings: heat-sealable Hydrogenated rosin tackifier, coatings: hot-melt-applied decorative Hydrogenated rosin tackifier, coatings: pressure-sensitive Hydrogenated rosin tackifier, computer ribbons Octyl tallate tackifier, EVA Abalyn[®]; Nevtac[®] 10°; Nevtac[®] 80; Nevtac[®] 100; Nevtac[®] 115; Pentalyn[®] H; Super Nevtac® 99 tackifier, hot-melt coatings Zonester® 85 tackifier, lacquers Pentaerythrityl rosinate tackifier, paper Nirez® 7042; Pentalyn® A; Pentalyn® H; RITA PEO-1; RITA PEO-2; RITA PEO-3; RITA PEO-8; RITA PEO-18; RITA PEO-27; Zonarez® 1040; Zonarez® 1085; Zonarez® 1115T; Zonarez® 1125; Zonarez[®] 1135; Zonarez[®] T-4115; Zonatac[®] 501; Zonatac[®] 501L; Zonatac[®] M-105; Zonester® 25 tackifier, paper coatings Doversperse 3; Doversperse A-1; Nevpene® 9500 tackifier, paperboard Nirez[®] 7042 tackifier, PE Super Nevtac® 99 tackifier, polyisobutylene Abalvn® tackifier, polyisoprene Super Nevtac® 99 tackifier, polymeric coatings Nirez® 7042 tackifier, polymers C5 hydrocarbon resin; Terpene resin; Uni-Tac® 70

Claytone® SO

Clavtone® SO

Claytone® SO

syn. latexes

swelling agent, fiber

Sodium thiocyanate

Nonyl nonoxynol-15

suspension control agent, paper

suspension control agent, waste treatment

tackifier, PP Super Nevtac® 99 tackifier, PS Abalvn tackifier, PVC Diallyl phthalate tackifier, resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings Sylvatac[®] 4083; Sylvatac[®] 4105; Sylvatac[®] 4136; Sylvatac® 4203; Sylvatac® 4216 tackifier, SBR Abalyn[®]; Acintol[®] R Type S; Uni-Tac[®] 70 tackifier, varnishes Pentaerythrityl rosinate tackifier, wastewater treatment RITA PEO-1; RITA PEO-2; RITA PEO-3; RITA PEO-8; RITA PEO-18; RITA PEO-27 tar recovery, water-gas process emulsions Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline taste control agent, water purification Ammonium alum taste control agent, water treatment Ozone taste control agent, water treatment/purification Chlorine dioxide taste control, water treatment Diatomaceous earth tear strength aid, paper saturation: label stock Nacrylic X 4280; X-Link 2833 tear strength aid, paper saturation: tag stock Nacrylic X 4280; X-Link 2833 thermal paper Gohsenal; Gohseran thermoforming resin, blister packs Styrene/butadiene polymer thermoplastic powd. coating reinforcing agent Poly-\alpha-methylstyrene thermoplastic resin, water-sol.: paper PEG-7M; PEG-9M; PEG-14M; PEG-23M; PEG-45M thermoplastic resin, water-sol.: paper prod. PEG-5M thermoplastic resin, water-sol.: wastewater treatment PEG-5M; PEG-9M; PEG-23M; PEG-45M thermoset, coatings Vinyl ester resin thermoset, pulp/paper mills Vinyl ester resin thermosetting resin, mica paper binder 1,2-Vinylpolybutadiene thermosetting resin, paper laminates 1,2-Polybutadiene-styrene-divinyl benzene terpolymer thickener Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer; Bentonite; Burco[®] Imidazoline O: Burco[®] Imidazoline T: Calcium stearate; Capramide DEA; Carbomer; Carbomer 910; Carbopol® 934P; Carboxy methyl hydroxypropyl guar; Cetyl alcohol; DeTHOX ACID S-8; Dextrin; Glycol distearate; Krytox® DF; Krytox® DF250/IPA; Krytox® DF/ IPA; Krytox[®] DF/W; Laureth-3; Lumulse™ DGS; Lumulse[™] DGS-C; Lumulse[™] DGS-N; Methylcellulose; Mhoromer® BM 613; Oleamide DEA: PEG-6 dilaurate: PEG-12 dilaurate; PEG-32 dilaurate; PEG-6 dioleate; PEG-12 dioleate; PEG-20 dioleate; PEG-32 dioleate; PEG-20 distearate; PEG-32 distearate; PEG-4 laurate; PEG-32 laurate; PEG-2M; PEG-90M; PEG-115M; PEG-20 oleate; PEG-32 oleate; PEG-75 oleate; PEG-32 stearate; Polyethylene; Polyisobutene; Polyox[®] WSR 301; Polyox[®] WSR 3333; Polyox[®] WSR N-10; Polyox[®] WSR N-12K; Polyox® WSR N-60K; Polyox® WSR N-80; Polyox® WSR N-3000; Polyvinyl alcohol; Propylene glycol stearate; Qemifloc CEPG 164;

Rhoplex[®] ASE-95NP; Scogin[™] HVF; Scogin[™]

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suspension control agent, waste treatment

Claytone® SO

Clavtone® SO

suspension control agent, paper

thickener

RITA PEO-8; RITA PEO-18; RITA PEO-27; Scogin[™] HVF; Scogin[™] LV; Scogin[™] QH; Scogin[™] QL; Scogin[™] QM; Silica; Sodium Alginate HV NF/FCC; Sodium Alginate LV; Sodium Alginate LVC; Sodium Alginate MV NF/ FCC; Sodium methylnaphthalenesulfonate; Sodium methyl tall oil acid taurate; Sorbitan tristearate; Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate; Trideceth-4; Xanthan gum suspending agent, anhydrous systems Synthetic beeswax suspending agent, aq. pigment slurries: paper/paperboard, aq./fatty food-contact Xanthan gum suspending agent, aq. systems Laponite[®] JS; Van Gel[®] B suspending agent, coatings Klucel® E; Klucel® L; Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90; Polyacrylamide suspending agent, emulsion polymerization Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90 suspending agent, emulsions Acritamer® 504E; KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer suspending agent, fiber Celite® 263; Čelite® 321; Celite® 388 suspending agent, fiber processing Acritamer® 501E suspending agent, fiber suspensions Acritamer® 504E; Carbopol® 934 suspending agent, paper Acritamer® 501E; Aqualon® CMC-T; KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer; Klucel® E; Klucel® L; Lomar[®] PW; Luviskol[®] K12; Luviskol[®] K17; Luviskol[®] K30; Luviskol[®] K60; Luviskol[®] K80; Luviskol® K90; PVP K-15; PVP K-15 Sol'n.; PVP K-30; PVP K-60 Sol'n.; PVP K-90; PVP K-90 Sol'n.: PVP K-120 suspending agent, paper coatings Alcosperse® 404; Colloid 488T; Colloid 602; Van Gel® B; Veequm® T suspending agent, paper converting operations Aqualon® CMC-T suspending agent, paper sizing Natrosol® 250; Ticaxan® Regular suspending agent, paper surface treatment Scogin™ F; Scogin™ HV; Scogin™ MV suspending agent, paper suspensions Acritamer® 504E; Carbopol® 934 suspending agent, paper treatment Acritamer® 501E suspending agent, papermaking Locust Bean Gum Type A-100; Locust Bean Gum Type A-250; Locust Bean Gum Type A-270; Water suspending agent, pigment slurries Alcosperse® 404 suspending agent, pigment: paper/paperboard, aq./fatty food-contact Aminomethyl propanol suspending agent, pigments KELZAN®; KELZAN® XC Polymer; Rheolate® 2001 suspending agent, PVC Polyvinyl acetate suspending agent, PVC polymerization Hydroxypropylcellulose suspending agent, silicone emulsions Carbopol® 934 suspending agent, solids Polyquaternium-5 suspending agent, suspension polymerization Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90 suspending agent, water treatment Polyacrylamide; Sodium hexametaphosphate suspension control agent, coatings

Claytone® SO swelling agent, fiber Sodium thiocyanate syn. latexes Nonyl nonoxynol-15 synergist, antioxidants Stearyl citrate synergist, bacterial hydrolysis: cellulose Cellulase synergist, flame-retardant: paper FireShield[®] H; FireShield[®] I synergist, papermaking Cypro® 514 Promoter synergist, UV-cured coatings Ethyl 4-(dimethylamino) benzoate synergist, UV-cured lacquers Ethyl 4-(dimethylamino) benzoate tackifier Sylvatac® 1085; Zonarez® M-1115 tackifier resin, paper coatings Methyl rosinate tackifier, aq. coatings Doversperse 3; Doversperse A-1 tackifier, carbon paper Octyl tallate; Plasthall® 7041; Plasthall® 7049; Plasthall® R-9 tackifier, coatings Glyceryl hydrogenated rosinate; Glyceryl rosinate; Nevtac[®] 10°; Nevtac[®] 80; Nevtac[®] 100; Nevtac[®] 115; Super Nevtac[®] 99; Terpene resin; Zonarez® 1040; Zonarez® 1085; Zonarez® 1115T; Zonarez® 1125; Zonarez® 1135; Zonarez® T-4115; Zonatac® 105; Zonatac® 105L; Zonatac® 115L; Zonatac® 501; Zonatac® 501L; Zonatac® M-105; Zonester® 25 tackifier, coatings: heat-sealable Hydrogenated rosin tackifier, coatings: hot-melt-applied decorative Hydrogenated rosin tackifier, coatings: pressure-sensitive Hydrogenated rosin tackifier, computer ribbons Octyl tallate tackifier, EVA Abalyn[®]; Nevtac[®] 10°; Nevtac[®] 80; Nevtac[®] 100; Nevtac® 115; Pentalyn® H; Super Nevtac® 99 tackifier, hot-melt coatings Zonester® 85 tackifier, lacquers Pentaerythrityl rosinate tackifier, paper Nirez® 7042; Pentalyn® A; Pentalyn® H; RITA PEO-1; RITA PEO-2; RITA PEO-3; RITA PEO-8; RITA PEO-18; RITA PEO-27; Zonarez® 1040; Zonarez® 1085; Zonarez® 1115T; Zonarez® 1125; Zonarez[®] 1135; Zonarez[®] T-4115; Zonatac® 501; Zonatac® 501L; Zonatac® M-105; Zonester® 25 tackifier, paper coatings Doversperse 3; Doversperse A-1; Nevpene® 9500 tackifier, paperboard Nirez® 7042 tackifier, PE Super Nevtac® 99 tackifier, polyisobutylene Abalvn® tackifier, polyisoprene Super Nevtac® 99 tackifier, polymeric coatings Nirez® 7042 tackifier, polymers C5 hydrocarbon resin; Terpene resin; Uni-Tac® 70

tackifier, PP Super Nevtac® 99 tackifier, PS Abalvn tackifier, PVC Diallyl phthalate tackifier, resinous/polymeric food-contact coatings Sylvatac[®] 4083; Sylvatac[®] 4105; Sylvatac[®] 4136; Sylvatac® 4203; Sylvatac® 4216 tackifier, SBR Abalyn[®]; Acintol[®] R Type S; Uni-Tac[®] 70 tackifier, varnishes Pentaerythrityl rosinate tackifier, wastewater treatment RITA PEO-1; RITA PEO-2; RITA PEO-3; RITA PEO-8; RITA PEO-18; RITA PEO-27 tar recovery, water-gas process emulsions Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline taste control agent, water purification Ammonium alum taste control agent, water treatment Ozone taste control agent, water treatment/purification Chlorine dioxide taste control, water treatment Diatomaceous earth tear strength aid, paper saturation: label stock Nacrylic X 4280; X-Link 2833 tear strength aid, paper saturation: tag stock Nacrylic X 4280; X-Link 2833 thermal paper Gohsenal; Gohseran thermoforming resin, blister packs Styrene/butadiene polymer thermoplastic powd. coating reinforcing agent Poly-\alpha-methylstyrene thermoplastic resin, water-sol.: paper PEG-7M; PEG-9M; PEG-14M; PEG-23M; PEG-45M thermoplastic resin, water-sol.: paper prod. PEG-5M thermoplastic resin, water-sol.: wastewater treatment PEG-5M; PEG-9M; PEG-23M; PEG-45M thermoset, coatings Vinyl ester resin thermoset, pulp/paper mills Vinyl ester resin thermosetting resin, mica paper binder 1,2-Vinylpolybutadiene thermosetting resin, paper laminates 1,2-Polybutadiene-styrene-divinyl benzene terpolymer thickener Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer; Bentonite; Burco[®] Imidazoline O: Burco[®] Imidazoline T: Calcium stearate; Capramide DEA; Carbomer; Carbomer 910; Carbopol® 934P; Carboxy methyl hydroxypropyl guar; Cetyl alcohol; DeTHOX ACID S-8; Dextrin; Glycol distearate; Krytox® DF; Krytox® DF250/IPA; Krytox® DF/ IPA; Krytox[®] DF/W; Laureth-3; Lumulse™ DGS; Lumulse[™] DGS-C; Lumulse[™] DGS-N; Methylcellulose; Mhoromer® BM 613; Oleamide DEA: PEG-6 dilaurate: PEG-12 dilaurate; PEG-32 dilaurate; PEG-6 dioleate; PEG-12 dioleate; PEG-20 dioleate; PEG-32 dioleate; PEG-20 distearate; PEG-32 distearate; PEG-4 laurate; PEG-32 laurate; PEG-2M; PEG-90M; PEG-115M; PEG-20 oleate; PEG-32 oleate; PEG-75 oleate; PEG-32 stearate; Polyethylene; Polyisobutene; Polyox[®] WSR 301; Polyox[®] WSR 3333; Polyox[®] WSR N-10; Polyox[®] WSR N-12K; Polyox® WSR N-60K; Polyox® WSR N-80; Polyox® WSR N-3000; Polyvinyl alcohol;

Propylene glycol stearate; Óemifloc CEPG 164; Rhoplex® ASE-95NP; Scogin™ HVF; Scogin™

LV; Scogin[™] QH; Scogin[™] QL; Scogin[™] QM; Silica; Sodium polyacrylate; Steareth-2; Stearyl alcohol; Styrene/acrylates copolymer; Styrene/ MA copolymer, sodium salt; Sylysia 310; Sylysia 320; Sylysia 350; Veegum® T; Xanthan Gum; Zinc laurate thickener, aq. systems PEG hydrogenated castor oil; Polyox® WSR Coagulant; Van Gel® B thickener, associative: aq. systems Tafigel® PUR 40 thickener, associative: coated paper Tychem® 68710-00 thickener, associative: paper Sipomer[®] SEM 25; Tafigel[®] PUR 40 thickener, associative: uncoated paper Tychem[®] 68710-00 thickener, board coatings Esi-CryI™ 847; Esi-CryI™ 865; Esi-CryI™ 1047; Esi-CryI™ 1055; Esi-CryI™ 1056; Esi-CryI™ 1065; Esi-CryI™ 1066; Esi-CryI™ 1099 thickener, board surface treatment Scogin[™] F; Scogin[™] HV; Scogin[™] MV thickener, cardboard Rhodoviol® 4/125 thickener, coatings Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90; Polyacrylamide; Sodium polyacrylate thickener, coatings: food-contact Styrene/MA copolymer, sodium salt; Styrene/ methacrylic acid copolymer, potassium salt thickener, corrugated board coatings Esi-Cryl™ 847; Esi-Cryl™ 865; Esi-Cryl™ 1055 thickener, corrugated coatings Esi-Cryl[™] 1056 thickener, corrugated paper coatings Esi-Cryl[™] 1047; Esi-Cryl[™] 1065; Esi-Cryl[™] 1066; Esi-Cryl[™] 1099 thickener, diazo paper Wacker HDK® N20 thickener, emulsion polymerization Luviskol[®] K17; Luviskol[®] K30; Luviskol[®] K60; Luviskol® K90; Nopalcol 1-L; Nopalcol 4-C; Nopalcol 4-CH; Nopalcol 4-L; Nopalcol 4-S; Nopalcol 6-DO; Nopalcol 6-DTW; Nopalcol 6-L; Nopalcol 6-R; Nopalcol 6-S; Nopalcol 10-COH; Nopalcol 12-CO; Nopalcol 12-COH; Nopalcol 19-CO; Nopalcol 30-TWH; Nopalcol 200; Nopalcol 400; Nopalcol 600; PEG-8 cocoate; PEG-12 ditallowate; PEG hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-60 hydrogenated tallowate; PEG-12 ricinoleate; PVM/MA copolymer thickener, emulsions Acritamer® 504E; Glyceryl stearate; PEG-8 cocoate; PEG-12 ditallowate; PEG-60 hydrogenated tallowate: PEG-12 ricinoleate thickener, fiber processing Acritamer[®] 501È thickener, fiber suspensions Acritamer® 504E; Carbopol® 934 thickener, films Sodium polyacrylate thickener, food defoamers containing dimethicone Sodium polyacrylate thickener, industrial emulsions PEG-8 distearate thickener, lubricants Aluminum oleate; Aluminum palmitate; Aluminum tristearate thickener, newsprint coatings Esi-Cryl[™] 847; Esi-Cryl[™] 865; Esi-Cryl[™] 1047; Esi-Cryl™ 1055; Esi-Cryl™ 1056; Esi-Cryl™ 1065; Esi-Cryl™ 1066; Esi-Cryl™ 1099 thickener, paper Acritamer® 501E; Aerosil® 200; Aqualon® CMC-

T; Luviskol® K12; Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K80; Luviskol®

K90; Nopalcol 1-L; Nopalcol 4-C; Nopalcol 4-CH; Nopalcol 4-L; Nopalcol 4-S; Nopalcol 6-DO; Nopalcol 6-DTW; Nopalcol 6-L; Nopalcol 6-R; Nopalcol 6-S; Nopalcol 10-COH; Nopalcol 12-CO; Nopalcol 12-COH; Nopalcol 19-CO; Nopalcol 30-TWH; Nopalcol 200; Nopalcol 400; Nopalcol 600; PEG-8 cocoate; PEG-12 ditallowate; PEG hydrogenated castor oil; PEG-60 hydrogenated tallowate; PEG-5M; PEG-7M; PEG-9M; PEG-14M; PEG-23M; PEG-45M; PEG-12 ricinoleate; Pluracol® E400 NF; Pluracol® E600 NF; Pluracol® E1450; Pluracol® E2000; Pluracol® E4500; Pluracol® E8000; PVM/MA copolymer; Rhodoviol® 4/125; Smectite; TIC Pretested® Guar Gum TICOLV thickener, paper aq. systems Liporol SP thickener, paper coatings Admiral® Water Soluble Polymer; Alcogum® L-15; Alcosperse[®] 404; Esi-Cryl[™] 847; Esi-CryI[™] 865; Esi-CryI[™] 1047; Esi-CryI[™] 1055; Esi-CryI[™] 1056; Esi-CryI[™] 1056; Esi-CryI[™] 1056; Esi-CryI[™] 1099; *Hydroxyethylcellulose*; Lauramine oxide; Rhodamox® CAPO; Sipernat® 22LS; Sta-Jel® 141; Sta-Jel® 142; Staramic® 105; Staramic® 747; Star*pol® 136; Star*pol® 105; Star*pol® 468, 469, 600; Star*pol® 700, 800; Sterocoll® BL; Sterocoll® FD; Sterocoll® FS thickener, paper coatings: food pkg. Sterocoll® FS thickener, paper converting operations Aqualon® CMC-T thickener, paper emulsions PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil thickener, paper finishes Koster Keunen Beeswax; Rhodasurf® L-4 thickener, paper sizing Natrosol® 250; Ticaxan® Regular thickener, paper starch coatings Emerest[®] 2640 thickener, paper sticking Prox® A 899 E thickener, paper surface treatment Scogin™ F; Scogin™ HV; Scogin™ MV thickener, paper suspensions Acritamer® 504E; Carbopol® 934 thickener, paper treatment Acritamer® 501E thickener, paperboard coatings Sterocoll® BL; Sterocoll® FD; Sterocoll® FS thickener, paperboard coatings: food pkg. Sterocoll[®] FS thickener, papermaking Jungbunzlauer Xanthan Gum, Technical Grade; Locust Bean Gum Type A-100; Locust Bean Gum Type A-250; Locust Bean Gum Type A-270; PEG-2 stearate; Polyox® WSR 205; Polyox® WSR 303; Polyox® WSR N-750; Powdered Guar Gum Type A; Powdered Guar Gum Type AA; Powdered Guar Gum Type B; Powdered Guar Gum Type BB thickener, pigment slurries Alcosperse[®] 404 thickener, printing dyes Carboxymethylcellulose sodium thickener, printing paper Sylophobic thickener, pulp/paper Paxogen COB; Paxogen LAO; Paxsorbate 20; Paxsorbate 60; Paxsorbate 80; Polypax IC; Polysynth RRE thickener, PVAc emulsions Pycal 94 thickener, reactive dye printing: cellulose fiber Scogin™ HV; Scogin™ LV; Scogin™ MV thickener, silicone emulsification Ceteth-2 thickener, silicone emulsions Carbopol® 934

thickener, sludge: pulp/paper Percol® 368; Percol® 370; Percol® 402; Percol® 403: Percol[®] 406: Percol[®] 710: Percol[®] 712: Percol[®] 721; Percol[®] 722; Percol[®] 728; Percol® 734; Percol® 736; Percol® 737; Percol® 737HL; Percol® 742; Percol® 744; Percol® 745; Percol® 747; Percol® 748; Percol® 750; Percol® 751; Percol® 753; Percol® 755; Percol® 757; Percol® 759; Percol[®] 763; Percol[®] 764; Percol[®] 765; Percol® 766; Percol® 767; Percol® 775; Percol® 775 FS25; Percol® 775 FS40; Percol® 778; Percol® 778 FS25; Percol® 778 FS40; Percol® 780; Percol® 787; Percol® 788N; Percol® 790; Percol® 919; Percol® E24 thickener, sludge: secondary: waste treatment Percol® 368; Percol® 370; Percol® 402; Percol® 403; Percol® 406; Percol® 710; Percol® 712; Percol[®] 721; Percol[®] 722; Percol[®] 728; Percol® 734; Percol® 736; Percol® 737; Percol® 737HL; Percol® 742; Percol® 744; Percol® 745; Percol® 747; Percol® 748; Percol® 750; Percol® 751; Percol® 753; Percol® 755; Percol® 757; Percol® 759; Percol® 763; Percol® 764; Percol® 765; Percol® 766; Percol® 767; Percol® 775; Percol® 775 FS25; Percol® 775 FS40; Percol® 778; Percol® 778 FS25; Percol® 778 FS40; Percol® 780; Percol® 787; Percol® 788N; Percol[®] 790; Percol[®] 919; Percol[®] E24 thickener, sludge: water treatment Percol® 368; Percol® 370; Percol® 402; Percol® 403; Percol® 406; Percol® 710; Percol® 712; Percol® 721; Percol® 722; Percol® 728; Percol® 734; Percol® 736; Percol® 737; Percol® 737HL; Percol® 742; Percol® 744; Percol® 745; Percol® 747; Percol® 748; Percol® 750; Percol® 751; Percol® 753; Percol® 755; Percol® 757; Percol® 759; Percol® 763; Percol® 764; Percol® 765; Percol® 766; Percol® 767; Percol® 775; Percol® 775 FS25; Percol® 775 FS40; Percol® 778; Percol® 778 FS25; Percol® 778 FS40; Percol® 780; Percol® 787; Percol® 788N; Percol[®] 790; Percol[®] 919; Percol[®] E24 thickener, solvent emulsions PEG hydrogenated castor oil thickener, starch-based paper coatings Alkamuls[®] S-8 thickener, surface active: coatings Klucel[®] E; Klucel[®] L thickener, surface active: paper Klucel® E; Klucel® L thickener, suspension polymerization Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90 thickener, transfer paper printing CHT Prisulon SNP-113S thickener, waste treatment Smectite thickener, wastewater treatment PEG-5M; PEG-9M; PEG-23M; PEG-45M thickener, water treatment PEG-6 distearate; Polyacrylamide thickener, waxes Acrylates copolymer thickener, wet scrubber Cat-Floc® 8151; Cat-Floc® 8959 thinner, lacquers Turpentine thixotrope Lithopone; Polyamide thixotrope, aq. systems Laponite[®] JS thixotrope, coatings Aramid, Van Gel® B thixotrope, diazo paper Wacker HDK[®] N20 thixotrope, paper Smectite

thixotrope, waste treatment Smectite threshold inhibitor, pulp/paper chemicals Aquacid-105 EX threshold inhibitor, pulp/paper chems. Aquacid-106 EX; Aquacid-108 EX; Aquacid-109 ĖΧ threshold inhibitor, water treatment Aquacid-105 EX; Aquacid-106 EX; Aquacid-108 EX; Aquacid-109 EX titanium dioxide substitute, paper Ultrapaque® PCC toner additive TEBAC toughener, coatings Urea/formaldehyde resin toughener, paper saturation: label stock Nacrylic X 4280; X-Link 2833 toughener, paper saturation: tag stock Nacrylic X 4280; X-Link 2833 towelettes Nucrel® 0407; Nucrel® 0609HS; Nucrel® 0908HS; Nucrel® 0910HS; Nucrel® 1214; Nucrel® 3990 trace metal scavenger, effluent treatment Sodium borohydride transfer paper printing auxiliary Luprintol® FBT trash collector, anionic: coated broke Eldorado PA-755 trash collector, anionic: paper, food-contact WAC[®] Paper trash collector, anionic: papermaking Redifloc® Series; WAC® Paper trash collector, anionic: pulp/paper Hydraid® 7607 trash collector, anionic: thermomechanical pulp Eldorado PA-755 trash collector, anionic: upstream retention prods. WAC[®] Paper trash collector, barium sulfate deposit control: papermaking Ekoflock™ trash control agent, anionic: coated board Cartafix[®] CB Liq. trash control agent, anionic: coated paper Cartafix® CB Liq. trash control agent, anionic: paper Cartafix® CB Liq.; Cartafix® DPR Liq. trash control agent, anionic: paper, foodcontact Cartafix® CB Liq. trash remover, pulp Praestafix® UV absorber Carbon black UV inhibitor Hydroquinone monomethyl ether UV initiator, paper coatings Trigonal® 12 UV synergist Weston® 618 UV/EB-cured prods., paper CN 971 A80 UV-resistance resin, paper coatings Pliolite® AC varnishes Alumina; Aluminum orthophosphate; Aluminum palmitate; Bone black; Candelilla synthetic; Carnauba (Copernica cerifera) wax; Cellulose acetate; Copper nitrate (ic); Coumarone/indene resin; Elemi gum; 2,2,4,4,5,5-Hexachlorobiphenyl; Pine (Pinus palustris) tar oil; Shellac; Stearyl methacrylate; Triphenyl phosphate varnishes, paper WorléeSin MS 235 vehicle C20-40 pareth-3; C20-40 pareth-40; C30-50

Propylene glycol stearate vehicle, clear coating: paper Ecco Rez U-8 vehicle, clear coatings: paper Carboset® GA1604 vehicle, clear coatings: paperboard Carboset® GA1604 vehicle, coatings Amoco® H-15; Amoco® L-14; Amoco® L-50; Hydrogenated polybutene; Polybutene; Styrene/acrylates copolymer vehicle, colorants C20-40 pareth-10; C30-50 pareth-3; C40-60 pareth-3; Unithox® 420; Unithox® 450; Unithox[®] 480; Unithox[®] 520; Unithox[®] 550; Unithox® 720; Unithox® 750 vehicle, enamels Kerosene vehicle, extending: board coatings Esi-Cryl[™] 847; Esi-Cryl[™] 865 vehicle, extending: corrugated board coatings Esi-Cryl[™] 847; Esi-Cryl[™] 865 vehicle, extending: newsprint coatings Esi-Cryl™ 847; Esi-Cryl™ 865 vehicle, extending: paper coatings Esi-Cryl™ 847; Esi-Cryl™ 865 vehicle, grinding: aq. coatings NeoCryl® BT-175 vehicle, grinding: newsprint coatings Esi-Cryl™ 847; Esi-Cryl™ 865; Esi-Cryl™ 1055 vehicle, hard film-forming: paper, food pkg. Lucidene® 5020; Lucidene® 5021 vehicle, high gloss: paper Carboset® GA1086 vehicle, high gloss: paperboard Carboset® GA1086 vehicle, latex Styrene/acrylates copolymer vehicle, letdown: corrugated board coatings Esi-Cryl™ 1055 vehicle, letdown: corrugated coatings Esi-Cryl[™] 1056 vehicle, letdown: food pkg. coatings Lucidene® 5010; Lucidene® 5011 vehicle, letdown: food pkg. paper Lucidene® 5010; Lucidene® 5011 vehicle, letdown: newsprint coatings Esi-Cryl[™] 1055; Esi-Cryl[™] 1056 vehicle, letdown: paper coatings Esi-Cryl™ 1055; Esi-Cryl™ 1056 vehicle, paper Carbowax® PEG 300; Snowtex 20L; Snowtex 40; Snowtex 50; Snowtex C; Snowtex N; Snowtex O; Snowtex OL; Snowtex ST-UP; Snowtex ST-ZL; Vinyl acrylic copolymer vehicle, paper coatings Everflex® MA; Vinyl acetate/ethylene/vinyl chloride terpolymer vehicle, paper impregnation Everflex® MA vehicle, pigment grinding Polyester adipate; Polyester resin, thermosetting; Styrene/acrylates copolymer, Urea/formaldehyde resin vehicle, pigment pastes Polvethvlene vehicle, pigmented coating: paper Ecco Rez U-8 vehicle, surface coatings Epoxy, bisphenol A vehicle, thinners Kerosene vehicle, varnishes Kerosene vehicle, waxes C20-40 pareth-10; C30-50 pareth-3; C40-60 pareth-3; Unithox® 420; Unithox® 450; Unithox® 480; Unithox® 520; Unithox® 550; Unithox® 720; Unithox® 750

pareth-10; C40-60 pareth-10; PEG-100;

vehicles, pigment dispersions Diisobutyl phthalate; Diisononyl phthalate viscosity builder Ammonium laureth sulfate; Ammonium lauryl sulfate; Armul™ 910; Burco® Imidazoline O; Burco® Imidazoline T; Coco-betaine; DeMOX CAPO; DeMOX LAO; Dihydroxyethyl cocamine oxide; Jaguar® 418; Jaguar® 2100®; Jaguar® 8707; PEG-2 laurate SE; Sodium lauryl sulfate, Sorbitol Sol'n. Noncrystallizing; Tallowamide DEA viscosity builder, aq. pigment coatings Carboxymethyl corn starch; Sodium carboxymethyl corn starch viscosity builder, aq. systems Tafigel® PUR 40 viscosity builder, coatings Claytone® SO viscosity builder, emulsion polymerization TEA-lauryl sulfate viscosity builder, emulsions Glyceryl stearate viscosity builder, oil-well workover fluids Hydroxypropyl guar viscosity builder, paper Claytone® SO; Tafigel® PUR 40 viscosity builder, paper coatings Carboxymethyl corn starch; Ethylex® 2005, 2015, 2020, 2025, 2035, 2040, 2065, 2075, 2095; Sodium carboxymethyl corn starch; Vandrox® 184; Vandrox® 185F; Vandrox® 186 viscosity builder, papermaking size presses Ethylex[®] 2005, 2015, 2020, 2025, 2035, 2040, 2065, 2075, 2095 viscosity builder, pulp Busperse® 379 viscosity builder, pulp/paper Paxnol ALES; Paxnol ALS; Polypax EGDS; Polypax EGMS viscosity builder, pulp: kraft hard/soft wood pulp bleaching Magnesium sulfate heptahydrate viscosity builder, surfactant systems Methyl hydroxystearate viscosity builder, waste treatment Claytone® SO viscosity control agent Acrylates/VA copolymer, Algin; Alginic acid; Alumina; Aluminum caprylate; Aluminum distearate; Aluminum hydroxide; Aluminum myristates/palmitates; Aluminum stearates; Aluminum tristearate; Ammonium sulfate; Antarox® PGP 23-7; Bentonite; Butadiene/ acrylonitrile copolymer; Butyl methacrylate; Calcium carrageenan; Calcium silicate; Capramide DEA; Carbomer; Carboxymethyl hydroxypropyl guar; Cellophane; Cellulose; Ceresin; Ceteareth-20; Cetearyl alcohol; Cetyl alcohol; Cocamide; Corn (Zea mays) starch; Dammar; Decyl alcohol; Dextrin; DiaFil® 110; DiaFil® 190; Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate; Disodium EDTA; Erucamide; Ethylene dioleamide; Ethylene distearamide; Ethyl methacrylate; Gelatin; 1,2,6-Hexanetriol; Hydrogenated castor oil; Hydrogenated rice bran wax; Hydrogenated vegetable glyceride; Hydroxyethylcellulose; Hydroxypropylcellulose; Hydroxypropyl guar, Isobutylene/isoprene copolymer; Isobutylene/MA copolymer; Isostearyl alcohol; Lauramide DEA; Lauramine oxide; Lauryl methacrylate; Linoleamide DEA; Magnesium aluminum silicate; Magnesium carbonate hydroxide; Magnesium palmitate; Magnesium sulfate anhydrous; Methylcellulose; Methyl hydrogenated rosinate; Methyl soyate; Methylstyrene/vinyltoluene copolymer, Montan acid wax; Montan wax; Montmorillonite; Myristamide DEA; Myristyl alcohol; Neobor®; Nylon 12; Oleamide; Oleamide DEA; Oleyl alcohol; Ozokerite; Palmamide DEA;

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thixotrope, waste treatment Smectite threshold inhibitor, pulp/paper chemicals Aquacid-105 EX threshold inhibitor, pulp/paper chems. Aquacid-106 EX; Aquacid-108 EX; Aquacid-109 ĖΧ threshold inhibitor, water treatment Aquacid-105 EX; Aquacid-106 EX; Aquacid-108 EX; Aquacid-109 EX titanium dioxide substitute, paper Ultrapaque® PCC toner additive TEBAC toughener, coatings Urea/formaldehyde resin toughener, paper saturation: label stock Nacrylic X 4280; X-Link 2833 toughener, paper saturation: tag stock Nacrylic X 4280; X-Link 2833 towelettes Nucrel® 0407; Nucrel® 0609HS; Nucrel® 0908HS; Nucrel® 0910HS; Nucrel® 1214; Nucrel® 3990 trace metal scavenger, effluent treatment Sodium borohydride transfer paper printing auxiliary Luprintol® FBT trash collector, anionic: coated broke Eldorado PA-755 trash collector, anionic: paper, food-contact WAC[®] Paper trash collector, anionic: papermaking Redifloc® Series; WAC® Paper trash collector, anionic: pulp/paper Hydraid® 7607 trash collector, anionic: thermomechanical pulp Eldorado PA-755 trash collector, anionic: upstream retention prods. WAC[®] Paper trash collector, barium sulfate deposit control: papermaking Ekoflock™ trash control agent, anionic: coated board Cartafix[®] CB Liq. trash control agent, anionic: coated paper Cartafix[®] CB Liq. trash control agent, anionic: paper Cartafix® CB Liq.; Cartafix® DPR Liq. trash control agent, anionic: paper, foodcontact Cartafix® CB Liq. trash remover, pulp Praestafix® UV absorber Carbon black UV inhibitor Hydroquinone monomethyl ether UV initiator, paper coatings Trigonal® 12 UV synergist Weston® 618 UV/EB-cured prods., paper CN 971 A80 UV-resistance resin, paper coatings Pliolite® AC varnishes Alumina; Aluminum orthophosphate; Aluminum palmitate; Bone black; Candelilla synthetic; Carnauba (Copernica cerifera) wax; Cellulose acetate; Copper nitrate (ic); Coumarone/indene resin; Elemi gum; 2,2,4,4,5,5-Hexachlorobiphenyl; Pine (Pinus palustris) tar oil; Shellac; Stearyl methacrylate; Triphenyl phosphate varnishes, paper WorléeSin MS 235 vehicle C20-40 pareth-3; C20-40 pareth-40; C30-50

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vehicles, pigment dispersions Diisobutyl phthalate; Diisononyl phthalate viscosity builder Ammonium laureth sulfate; Ammonium lauryl sulfate; Armul™ 910; Burco® Imidazoline O; Burco® Imidazoline T; Coco-betaine; DeMOX CAPO; DeMOX LAO; Dihydroxyethyl cocamine oxide; Jaguar® 418; Jaguar® 2100®; Jaguar® 8707; PEG-2 laurate SE; Sodium lauryl sulfate, Sorbitol Sol'n. Noncrystallizing; Tallowamide DEA viscosity builder, aq. pigment coatings Carboxymethyl corn starch; Sodium carboxymethyl corn starch viscosity builder, aq. systems Tafigel® PUR 40 viscosity builder, coatings Claytone® SO viscosity builder, emulsion polymerization TEA-lauryl sulfate viscosity builder, emulsions Glyceryl stearate viscosity builder, oil-well workover fluids Hydroxypropyl guar viscosity builder, paper Claytone® SO; Tafigel® PUR 40 viscosity builder, paper coatings Carboxymethyl corn starch; Ethylex® 2005, 2015, 2020, 2025, 2035, 2040, 2065, 2075, 2095; Sodium carboxymethyl corn starch; Vandrox® 184; Vandrox® 185F; Vandrox® 186 viscosity builder, papermaking size presses Ethylex[®] 2005, 2015, 2020, 2025, 2035, 2040, 2065, 2075, 2095 viscosity builder, pulp Busperse[®] 379 viscosity builder, pulp/paper Paxnol ALES; Paxnol ALS; Polypax EGDS; Polypax EGMS viscosity builder, pulp: kraft hard/soft wood pulp bleaching Magnesium sulfate heptahydrate viscosity builder, surfactant systems Methyl hydroxystearate viscosity builder, waste treatment Claytone® SO viscosity control agent Acrylates/VA copolymer, Algin; Alginic acid; Alumina; Aluminum caprylate; Aluminum distearate; Aluminum hydroxide; Aluminum myristates/palmitates; Aluminum stearates; Aluminum tristearate; Ammonium sulfate; Antarox® PGP 23-7; Bentonite; Butadiene/ acrylonitrile copolymer; Butyl methacrylate; Calcium carrageenan; Calcium silicate; Capramide DEA; Carbomer; Carboxymethyl hydroxypropyl guar; Cellophane; Cellulose; Ceresin; Ceteareth-20; Cetearyl alcohol; Cetyl alcohol; Cocamide; Corn (Zea mays) starch; Dammar; Decyl alcohol; Dextrin; DiaFil® 110; DiaFil® 190; Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate; Disodium EDTA; Erucamide; Ethylene dioleamide; Ethylene distearamide; Ethyl methacrylate; Gelatin; 1,2,6-Hexanetriol; Hydrogenated castor oil; Hydrogenated rice bran wax; Hydrogenated vegetable glyceride; Hydroxyethylcellulose; Hydroxypropylcellulose; Hydroxypropyl guar, Isobutylene/isoprene copolymer; Isobutylene/MA copolymer; Isostearyl alcohol; Lauramide DEA; Lauramine oxide; Lauryl methacrylate; Linoleamide DEA; Magnesium aluminum silicate; Magnesium carbonate hydroxide; Magnesium palmitate; Magnesium sulfate anhydrous; Methylcellulose; Methyl hydrogenated rosinate; Methyl soyate; Methylstyrene/vinyltoluene copolymer, Montan acid wax; Montan wax; Montmorillonite; Myristamide DEA; Myristyl alcohol; Neobor®; Nylon 12; Oleamide; Oleamide DEA; Oleyl alcohol; Ozokerite; Palmamide DEA;

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thixotrope, waste treatment Smectite threshold inhibitor, pulp/paper chemicals Aquacid-105 EX threshold inhibitor, pulp/paper chems. Aquacid-106 EX; Aquacid-108 EX; Aquacid-109 ĖΧ threshold inhibitor, water treatment Aquacid-105 EX; Aquacid-106 EX; Aquacid-108 EX; Aquacid-109 EX titanium dioxide substitute, paper Ultrapaque® PCC toner additive TEBAC toughener, coatings Urea/formaldehyde resin toughener, paper saturation: label stock Nacrylic X 4280; X-Link 2833 toughener, paper saturation: tag stock Nacrylic X 4280; X-Link 2833 towelettes Nucrel® 0407; Nucrel® 0609HS; Nucrel® 0908HS; Nucrel® 0910HS; Nucrel® 1214; Nucrel® 3990 trace metal scavenger, effluent treatment Sodium borohydride transfer paper printing auxiliary Luprintol® FBT trash collector, anionic: coated broke Eldorado PA-755 trash collector, anionic: paper, food-contact WAC[®] Paper trash collector, anionic: papermaking Redifloc® Series; WAC® Paper trash collector, anionic: pulp/paper Hydraid® 7607 trash collector, anionic: thermomechanical pulp Eldorado PA-755 trash collector, anionic: upstream retention prods. WAC[®] Paper trash collector, barium sulfate deposit control: papermaking Ekoflock™ trash control agent, anionic: coated board Cartafix[®] CB Liq. trash control agent, anionic: coated paper Cartafix[®] CB Liq. trash control agent, anionic: paper Cartafix® CB Liq.; Cartafix® DPR Liq. trash control agent, anionic: paper, foodcontact Cartafix® CB Liq. trash remover, pulp Praestafix® UV absorber Carbon black UV inhibitor Hydroquinone monomethyl ether UV initiator, paper coatings Trigonal® 12 UV synergist Weston® 618 UV/EB-cured prods., paper CN 971 A80 UV-resistance resin, paper coatings Pliolite® AC varnishes Alumina; Aluminum orthophosphate; Aluminum palmitate; Bone black; Candelilla synthetic; Carnauba (Copernica cerifera) wax; Cellulose acetate; Copper nitrate (ic); Coumarone/indene resin; Elemi gum; 2,2,4,4,5,5-Hexachlorobiphenyl; Pine (Pinus palustris) tar oil; Shellac; Stearyl methacrylate; Triphenyl phosphate varnishes, paper WorléeSin MS 235 vehicle C20-40 pareth-3; C20-40 pareth-40; C30-50

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Palmitamide DEA; Paraffin; PEG-5 castor oil; PEG-8 castor oil; PEG-15 castor oil; PEG-8 ditallate; PEG-12 ditallate; PEG-6 laurate; PEG-8 laurate; PEG-2M; PEG-5M; PEG-7M; PEG-9M; PEG-14M; PEG-23M; PEG-90M; PEG-115M; PEG-13 oleate; PEG-23 oleate; PEG-8 sesquioleate; PEG-14 tallate; PEI-15; PEI-30; PEI-275; PEI-700; PEI-1000; PEI-1400; PEI-1500; PEI-1750; PEI-2500; Pentaerythrityl tetraoleate; Pentaerythrityl tetrastearate; Polyacrylic acid; Polybutene; Polybutylene terephthalate; Polyethylene; Polyethylene, oxidized; Polyisobutene; Polymethyl methacrylate; Polypropylene; Polyvinýl alcohol; Polyvinyl butyral; Potassium carrageenan; Potassium silicate; Propylene glycol alginate; Propylene glycol dicaprylate; Propylene glycol dilaurate; Propylene glycol distearate; Silica, hydrated; Smectite; Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate; Tylose® C-G1; Urea/formaldehyde resin

viscosity control agent, cellulose derivs. Hydrogen peroxide

viscosity control agent, coating colors Acrosol™ C 50 L; Sterocoll® FS

viscosity control agent, coatings

PEG-8 oleate

- viscosity control agent, paper
- Cellulose; Meroxapol 108; Meroxapol 171; Meroxapol 172; Meroxapol 174; Meroxapol 178; Meroxapol 251; Meroxapol 252; Meroxapol 254; Meroxapol 255; Meroxapol 258; Meroxapol 311; Meroxapol 312; Meroxapol 314
- viscosity control agent, paper coatings Lumiten® P
- viscosity control agent, papermaking Meroxapol 105

viscosity control agent, pulp/paper Nonionic 1025-R; Nonionic 2017-R; Nonionic 2025-R; Nonionic 4017-R; Nonionic 4025-R; Nonionic 5025-R: Pluronic® 10R5: Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic[®] F77; Pluronic[®] F87; Pluronic[®] F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic® F127; Pluronic[®] L31; Pluronic[®] L35; Pluronic[®] L43; Pluronic[®] L44; Pluronic[®] L64; Pluronic[®] P84; Pluronic® P85; Pluronic® P103; Pluronic® P104; Pluronic® P105; Pluronic® P123

viscosity control agent, water treatment Etopol 62DX-L; Etopol 62LF-L; Nonionic 1025-R; Nonionic 2017-R; Nonionic 4025-R; Nonionic 5025-R; PEG-4 dilaurate; Pluronic® 10R5; Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic[®] F77; Pluronic[®] F87; Pluronic® F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic[®] F127; Pluronic[®] L31; Pluronic[®] L35; Pluronic® L43; Pluronic® L44; Pluronic® L64; Pluronic[®] P84; Pluronic[®] P85; Pluronic[®] P103; Pluronic[®] P104; Pluronic[®] P105; Pluronic[®]

- P123 viscosity index improver
- Ageflex FM-1; Ageflex FM-10; Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate; Isodecyl acrylate; Isodecyl methacrylate; Methacrylic acid copolymer; Milldride® ODSA; 2-Phenoxyethyl acrylate; Polybutene
- viscosity modifier
- DeMULS PSML-20; PEG-80 sorbitan laurate; Polysorbate 61; Polysorbate 81; Polysorbate 85; Scripset® 500; Scripset® 520; Scripset® 540; Scripset® 542; Scripset® 550; Scripset® 640; Scripset® 700; Scripset® 720; Scripset® 740; Scripset® 742; Scripset® 745; Scripset® 746; Scripset® 747; Scripset® 808; *Steareth*-20; Veegum® T
- viscosity modifier, coatings
- Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90; Pegosperse® 600 DOT
- viscosity modifier, emulsion polymerization Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90

viscosity modifier, epoxy novolacs water absorption barrier, paper sizing Epoxy, bisphenol F viscosity modifier, paper water absorption barrier, paper, food-contact Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90; Nonionic 1044-L; Nonionic water absorption barrier, paperboard 1061-L; Nonionic 1062-L; Nonionic 1064-L; Nonionic 1068-F; Nonionic 1088-F; Pegosperse® 400 DOT; Pegosperse® 600 DOT viscosity modifier, paper coatings Van Gel[®] B; Veequm[®] T viscosity modifier, papermaking Locust Bean Gum Type A-100; Locust Bean Gum Type A-250; Locust Bean Gum Type A-270; Powdered Guar Gum Type A; Powdered Guar Gum Type AA; Powdered Guar Gum Type B; Powdered Guar Gum Type BB viscosity modifier, pigment coatings Tylose[®] C-G1 viscosity modifier, pulp/paper Nonionic 1035-L viscosity modifier, suspension polymerization Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90 viscosity modifier, water treatment Pegosperse[®] 400 DOT; Pegosperse[®] 600 DOT viscosity reducer Ammonium naphthalene sulfonate; C20-40 alcohols; Crill 1; Crill 2; Harol D; Lomar® PWA; Monawet SNO-35; Sodium xylenesulfonate; Unilin® 425 Alcohol viscosity reducer, emulsion polymerization Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate viscosity reducer, emulsion polymerization of PVC Geropon[®] BIS/SODICO-2 viscosity reducer, paper softeners Chemquat 12/33; Chemquat 12/50; Chemquat 16/ 50 viscosity reducer, pigment slurries Crisotan NN; Crisotan NR; Lomar[®] PWA viscosity reducer, plastisols KP-140® viscosity reducer, PVC PPG-36 oleate viscosity reducer, PVC emulsion Geropon® CYA/DEP; Geropon® DOS viscosity reducer, vinyl plastic sol'ns. PEG-5 laurate wash-flotation collector Hartaflot™ SE-6250 wash-flotation systems Hartaflot™ SE-6400-1 washing agent C12-14 pareth-5 washing agent, paper auxiliaries Zusolat 1008/85; Zusolat 1010/85 washing pulp Ultrazvm 100 waste treatment t-Butyl hydroperoxide; Mazu® DF 230SX; PVP; PVP K-15; PVP K-15 Sol'n.; PVP K-30; PVP K-60 Sol'n.; PVP K-90; PVP K-90 Sol'n.; PVP K-120; T-Hydro® Sol'n. waste treatment, pulp/paper Percol® 720 (LT20); Percol® 725 (LT25); Percol® 726 (LT26); Percol® 727 (LT27); Percol® LT22; Percol® LT22S: Percol® LT24 wastewater disinfection, pulp/paper Ozone wastewater treatment Amylase; Chargemaster® R462; CS-10; *Distearyldimonium chloride*; Foamgard® 1332; FX-704; FX-706; *PEG-90M*; *PEG-160M*; Protease; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 23; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SRE; Sodium chlorite water absorbent, ink jet printing paper PenExcel™ Sizing Agent

water absorption barrier, hardboard Octowax 695

Octowax 695 water absorption control agent, sizing: nonfood paper pkg. Paracol® 802N water absorption control agent, sizing: nonfood paperboard pkg. Paracol® 802N water clarifier, paper Agefloc B50LV water disinfection Sodium hypochlorite water evaporation control agent Alfol® 20+ water holder, board surface treatment Scogin[™] F; Scogin[™] HV; Scogin[™] MV water holder, paper surface treatment Scogin™ F; Scogin™ HV; Scogin™ MV water purification Aluminum sulfate; Bone black; Calcium hypochlorite; Sodium hypochlorite; Sodium peroxide water release aid, papermaking Chargemaster® R615 water repellent Aluminum formate; Coconut acid; Ecco Aluminum Formate; 2-(N-Ethylperfluorooctanesulfonamido) ethyl acrylate; EXP-61 Amine Functional Silicone Wax; Fluorad® FX-13; Kemamide® W-20; Kemamide® W-39; Kemamide[®] W-40; Kemamide[®] W-45; Necco Fire Retardant 2762; Necco FR 682; Necco FR 7065D; Octadecenyl succinic anhydride; Ross Palm Wax No. 765; Ross Palm Wax No. 1475; Ross Palm Wax No. 1581; Triethanolamine; Vestowax® AO 1535: Vestowax® AO 2733 water repellent component, paper Protec ZA7; Protec ZZA water repellent compositions Masil® SFR 70; Milldride® ODSA water repellent treatment, paper Foraperle® 225; Zirconium acetate water repellent treatment, paperboard Foraperle® 225 water repellent, board surface finishing Cerol® MN Liq. water repellent, coatings Cecavon® CA 31; Quilon® L; Shamrock Hydrocer EP 91 water repellent, food pkg. Quilon® C; Quilon® H; Quilon® L; Quilon® S water repellent, food separators Quilon® L; Quilon® S water repellent, grease-crawl-resistant paper Quilon® L; Quilon® S water repellent, grease-resistant paper Quilon® C; Quilon® H; Quilon® L; Quilon® S water repellent, industrial release sheets Quilon[®] S water repellent, pan liners Quilon[®] L; Quilon[®] S water repellent, paper Ammonium zirconyl carbonate; Bersize® 6155; Bersize® 6400; Drakeol® 35; Dynakoll; Ecco Aluminum Formate; Penreco Amber; Penreco Blond; Penreco Regent; Quilon® H; Quilon® L; Raneoff F-9; Silicone; Stearyl/aminopropyl methicone copolymer, X-Link 2893 water repellent, paper surface finishing Cerol® M Liq.; Cerol® MN Liq. water repellent, paper surface finishing: dry food-contact Cerol® M Liq. water repellent, paper surfaces TH-44 water repellent, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty

Octowax 695

Octowax 695
viscosity control agent, cellulose derivs.

Palmitamide DEA; Paraffin; PEG-5 castor oil; PEG-8 castor oil; PEG-15 castor oil; PEG-8 ditallate; PEG-12 ditallate; PEG-6 laurate; PEG-8 laurate; PEG-2M; PEG-5M; PEG-7M; PEG-9M; PEG-14M; PEG-23M; PEG-90M; PEG-115M; PEG-13 oleate; PEG-23 oleate; PEG-8 sesquioleate; PEG-14 tallate; PEI-15; PEI-30; PEI-275; PEI-700; PEI-1000; PEI-1400; PEI-1500; PEI-1750; PEI-2500; Pentaerythrityl tetraoleate; Pentaerythrityl tetrastearate; Polyacrylic acid; Polybutene; Polybutylene terephthalate; Polyethylene; Polyethylene, oxidized; Polyisobutene; Polymethyl methacrylate; Polypropylene; Polyvinyl alcohol; Polyvinyl butyral; Potassium carrageenan; Potassium silicate; Propylene glycol alginate; Propylene glycol dicaprylate; Propylene glycol dilaurate; Propylene glycol distearate; Silica, hydrated; Smecitle; Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate; Tylose® C-G1; Urea/formaldehyde resin

viscosity control agent, cellulose derivs. Hydrogen peroxide

viscosity control agent, coating colors Acrosol™ C 50 L; Sterocoll® FS

- viscosity control agent, coatings
- PEG-8 oleate
- viscosity control agent, paper
- Cellulose; Meroxapol 108; Meroxapol 171; Meroxapol 172; Meroxapol 174; Meroxapol 178; Meroxapol 251; Meroxapol 252; Meroxapol 254; Meroxapol 255; Meroxapol 258; Meroxapol 311; Meroxapol 312; Meroxapol 314
- viscosity control agent, paper coatings Lumiten® P
- viscosity control agent, papermaking Meroxapol 105

viscositý control agent, pulp/paper Nonionic 1025-R; Nonionic 2017-R; Nonionic 2025-R; Nonionic 4017-R; Nonionic 4025-R; Nonionic 5025-R; Pluronic® 10R5; Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic® F77; Pluronic® F87; Pluronic® F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic® F127; Pluronic® L31; Pluronic® L35; Pluronic® L43; Pluronic® L44; Pluronic® L64; Pluronic® P84; Pluronic® P105; Pluronic® P103; Pluronic® P104; Pluronic® P105; Pluronic® P123

viscosity control agent, water treatment Etopol 62DX-L; Etopol 62LF-L; Nonionic 1025-R; Nonionic 2017-R; Nonionic 4025-R; Nonionic 5025-R; *PEG-4 dilaurate*; Pluronic® 10R5; Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic® F77; Pluronic® F87; Pluronic® F88; Pluronic® F98; Pluronic® F108; Pluronic® F127; Pluronic® L31; Pluronic® L35; Pluronic® L43; Pluronic® L44; Pluronic® L64; Pluronic® P84; Pluronic® P85; Pluronic® P103; Pluronic® P104; Pluronic® P105; Pluronic® P123

- viscosity index improver
- Ageflex FM-1; Ageflex FM-10; Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate; Isodecyl acrylate; Isodecyl methacrylate; Methacrylic acid copolymer; Milldride[®] ODSA; 2-Phenoxyethyl acrylate; Polybutene
- viscosity modifier
- DeMULS PSML-20; PEG-80 sorbitan laurate; Polysorbate 61; Polysorbate 81; Polysorbate 85; Scripset® 500; Scripset® 520; Scripset® 540; Scripset® 742; Scripset® 720; Scripset® 740; Scripset® 742; Scripset® 745; Scripset® 746; Scripset® 747; Scripset® 808; Steareth-20; Veegum® T
- viscosity modifier, coatings
- Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90; Pegosperse® 600 DOT
- viscosity modifier, emulsion polymerization Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90

viscosity modifier, epoxy novolacs Epoxy, bisphenol F viscosity modifier, paper Luviskol[®] K17; Luviskol[®] K30; Luviskol[®] K60; Luviskol® K90; Nonionic 1044-L; Nonionic 1061-L; Nonionic 1062-L; Nonionic 1064-L; Nonionic 1068-F; Nonionic 1088-F; Pegosperse® 400 DOT; Pegosperse® 600 DOT viscosity modifier, paper coatings Van Gel® B; Veegum® T viscosity modifier, papermaking Locust Bean Gum Type A-100; Locust Bean Gum Type A-250; Locust Bean Gum Type A-270; Powdered Guar Gum Type A; Powdered Guar Gum Type AA; Powdered Guar Gum Type B; Powdered Guar Gum Type BB viscosity modifier, pigment coatings Tylose[®] C-G1 viscosity modifier, pulp/paper Nonionic 1035-L viscosity modifier, suspension polymerization Luviskol® K17; Luviskol® K30; Luviskol® K60; Luviskol® K90 viscosity modifier, water treatment Pegosperse[®] 400 DOT; Pegosperse[®] 600 DOT viscosity reducer Ammonium naphthalene sulfonate; C20-40 alcohols; Crill 1; Crill 2; Harol D; Lomar® PWA; Monawet SNO-35; Sodium xylenesulfonate; Unilin[®] 425 Alcohol viscosity reducer, emulsion polymerization Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate viscosity reducer, emulsion polymerization of PVC Geropon[®] BIS/SODICO-2 viscosity reducer, paper softeners Chemquat 12/33; Chemquat 12/50; Chemquat 16/ 50 viscosity reducer, pigment slurries Crisotan NN; Crisotan NR; Lomar® PWA viscosity reducer, plastisols KP-140® viscosity reducer, PVC PPG-36 oleate viscosity reducer, PVC emulsion Geropon® CYA/DEP; Geropon® DOS viscosity reducer, vinyl plastic sol'ns. PEG-5 laurate wash-flotation collector Hartaflot™ SE-6250 wash-flotation systems Hartaflot™ SE-6400-1 washing agent C12-14 pareth-5 washing agent, paper auxiliaries Zusolat 1008/85; Zusolat 1010/85 washing pulp Ultrazvm 100 waste treatment t-Butyl hydroperoxide; Mazu® DF 230SX; PVP; PVP K-15; PVP K-15 Sol'n.; PVP K-30; PVP K-60 Sol'n.; PVP K-90; PVP K-90 Sol'n.; PVP K-120; T-Hydro® Sol'n. waste treatment, pulp/paper Percol® 720 (LT20); Percol® 725 (LT25); Percol® 726 (LT26); Percol® 727 (LT27); Percol® LT22; Percol® LT22S: Percol® LT24 wastewater disinfection, pulp/paper Ozone wastewater treatment Amylase; Chargemaster® R462; CS-10; Distearyldimonium chloride; Foamgard® 1332; FX-704; FX-706; PEG-90M; PEG-160M; Protease; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SE 23; Silicone Antifoam Emulsion SRE; Sodium chlorite

water absorbent, ink jet printing paper PenExcel™ Sizing Agent

- water absorption barrier, hardboard Octowax 695
- Octowax 695 water absorption barrier, paperboard Octowax 695 water absorption control agent, sizing: nonfood paper pkg. Paracol® 802N water absorption control agent, sizing: nonfood paperboard pkg. Paracol® 802N water clarifier, paper Agefloc B50LV water disinfection Sodium hypochlorite water evaporation control agent Alfol® 20+ water holder, board surface treatment Scogin[™] F; Scogin[™] HV; Scogin[™] MV water holder, paper surface treatment Scogin™ F; Scogin™ HV; Scogin™ MV water purification Aluminum sulfate; Bone black; Calcium hypochlorite; Sodium hypochlorite; Sodium peroxide water release aid, papermaking Chargemaster® R615 water repellent Aluminum formate; Coconut acid; Ecco Aluminum Formate; 2-(N-Ethylperfluorooctanesulfonamido) ethyl acrylate; EXP-61 Amine Functional Silicone Wax; Fluorad® FX-13; Kemamide® W-20; Kemamide® W-39; Kemamide® W-40; Kemamide® W-45; Necco Fire Retardant 2762; Necco FR 682; Necco FR 7065D; Octadecenyl succinic anhydride; Ross Palm Wax No. 765; Ross Palm Wax No. 1475; Ross Palm Wax No. 1581; Triethanolamine; Vestowax® AO 1535: Vestowax® AO 2733 water repellent component, paper Protec ZA7; Protec ZZA water repellent compositions Masil® SFR 70; Milldride® ODSA water repellent treatment, paper Foraperle® 225; Zirconium acetate water repellent treatment, paperboard Foraperle® 225 water repellent, board surface finishing Cerol® MN Liq. water repellent, coatings Cecavon® CA 31; Quilon® L; Shamrock Hydrocer EP 91 water repellent, food pkg. Quilon® C; Quilon® H; Quilon® L; Quilon® S water repellent, food separators Quilon® L; Quilon® S water repellent, grease-crawl-resistant paper Quilon® L; Quilon® S water repellent, grease-resistant paper Quilon® C; Quilon® H; Quilon® L; Quilon® S water repellent, industrial release sheets Quilon[®] S water repellent, pan liners Quilon[®] L; Quilon[®] S water repellent, paper Ammonium zirconyl carbonate; Bersize® 6155; Bersize® 6400; Drakeol® 35; Dynakoll; Ecco Aluminum Formate; Penreco Amber; Penreco Blond; Penreco Regent; Quilon® H; Quilon® L; Raneoff F-9; Silicone; Stearyl/aminopropyl methicone copolymer, X-Link 2893 water repellent, paper surface finishing Cerol® M Liq.; Cerol® MN Liq. water repellent, paper surface finishing: dry food-contact Cerol® M Liq. water repellent, paper surfaces TH-44

water repellent, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty

water absorption barrier, paper sizing

water absorption barrier, paper, food-contact

Octowax 695

850 • HANDBOOK OF PAPER AND PULP CHEMICALS

food-contact

Bis (methoxymethyl) tetrakis-[(octadecyloxy)methyl] melamine resin; Perfluoroalkyl acrylate copolymer water repellent, paper: food pkg. Foraperle® 321 water repellent, paperboard Berbond® 8032; Bersize® 6155; Bersize® 6400; Quilon® H; Quilon® L water repellent, paperboard: food pkg. Foraperle® 321 water repellent, paperboard: paperboard Raneoff F-9 water repellent, papermaking Suntorl WP water repellent, pkg. materials Quilon® C; Quilon® H; Quilon® L; Quilon® S water repellent, pressure-sensitive tape/label separator sheets Quilon® L water repellent, pressure-sensitive tapes/labels separator sheets Quilon[®] S water repellent, release paper Quilon® C; Quilon® L; Quilon® S water repellent, surface finishing: board Cerol® M Lia. water repellent, varnishes Shamrock Hydrocer EP 91 water repellent, vinyl polymer Methacrylatochromic chloride water repellent, waxed paper ZAA water repellent, zirconium, paper ZAA water resistance aid Airvol® 103; Airvol® 107; Airvol® 125; Airvol® 165; Airvol® 205S; Airvol® 305; Airvol® 321; Airvol® 325; Airvol® 350; Basocoll® OV; Butyl oleate water resistance aid, alkaline paper coatings GMF-B water resistance aid, coatings Polyamide/epichlorohydrin polymer; POLYSTEP® B-7; Styrene/allyl alcohol copolymer water resistance aid, films Aerosol® NPES 930 water resistance aid, finished sheet: paper surface strength Nopcote[®] 1680 water resistance aid, neutral paper coatings GMF-B water resistance aid, paper Lodvne® water resistance aid, paper coatings Glyoxal water resistance aid, paper surfaces Microlube[™] N water resistance aid, paperboard Lodyne® water resistance aid, size presses Sequapel[®] 403; Sequapel[®] 409; Sequapel[®] 414; Sequapel® 417; Sequapel® NS; Sunsize® 4133; Sunsize® 4134 water resistance aid, starch-based coatings Polycup® 172; Polycup® 1884 water softener, regeneration: ion exchange materials Sodium chloride water treatment Acriflow 041-S; Acrylates copolymer, Acusol® 810; Acusol® 820; Acusol® 830; Adeka Hypote; Ageflex FM-2; Alcoa® KB30; Aluminum sulfate; Calcium sulfate dihydrate; Carbopol® 907; *C11-15 pareth-7; C11-15 pareth-9, C11-15 pareth-9, C11-15 pareth-12;* Crystal™ 78; Crystal™ 82; Diammonium EDTA; 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin; Didecyldimonium chloride; Diethylaminoethyl methacrylate; Diisobutyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Dioctyl sodium

sulfosuccinate; Disodium EDTA; DK-230 Nonsilicone Defoamer; Etopol 61-L; Formula 315; Glycowax® 745; Good-Rite® K-765 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-766 Polymer; *Isolaureth-10*; Kalipol™ 4KP; Marasperse 52 CP; MHT® 60 S; MHT® 60 XS; Mineral oil; Monawet MO-70E; Monawet MO-85P; Montmorillonite; PD-25; PD-28; PEG-8 ditallate; PEG-12 ditallate; Phosphonic acid; Poloxamer 101; Poloxamer 105; Poloxamer 108; Poloxamer 123; Poloxamer 124; Poloxamer 181: Poloxamer 182: Poloxamer 184: Poloxamer 185; Poloxamer 188; Poloxamer 231; Poloxamer 234; Poloxamer 235; Poloxamer 238; Poloxamer 282; Poloxamer 288; Poloxamer 331; Poloxamer 333; Poloxamer 334; Poloxamer 335; Poloxamer 338; Poloxamer 401; Poloxamer 402; Poloxamer 403; Poloxamer 407; Polyacrylic acid; Potassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate); Protectol[®] KLC 50; PVP; Qemifloc FL 71; Scripset[®] 500; Scripset[®] 520; Scripset[®] 540; Scripset[®] 542; Scripset[®] 550; Scripset[®] 640; Scripset[®] 700; Scripset[®] 720; Scripset® 740; Scripset® 742; Scripset® 745; Scripset® 746; Scripset® 747; Scripset® 808; Sodium hexametaphosphate; Sodium hypochlorite; Sodium phosphate tribasic; Stearamine; Surfonic® L108/85-5; Surfonic® LF-18; Surfonic® LF-37; Surfonic® LF-40; Surfonic® LF-41; Surfonic® LF-47; Surfonic® LF-68; Surfonic[®] LF-0312; Surfonic[®] P-1; Surfonic® P-3; Surfonic® P-5; Surfonic® P-6; Surfonic® POA-25R2; Surfonic® POA-L42; Surfonic® POA-L44; Surfonic® POA-L61; Surfonic® POA-L62; Surfonic® POA-L62LF; Surfonic® POA-L64; Surfonic® POA-L81; Surfonic® POA-L101; Surfonic® POA-LF1; Surfonic® POA-LF2; Surfonic® POA-LF5; Surfonic® POA-S38; Teric™ PE 61; Teric™ PE 62; Teric[™] PE 64; Teric[™] PE 68; Teric[™] PE 75; Teric[™] PE 87; *Tetrakis (hydroxymethyl)* phosphonium sulfate; Versene 100 SRG; Vista LPA; Zohar ZDB water treatment agent Sodium MBT water treatment chemicals Diethylaminoethyl acrylate; Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate; Dolomite water treatment polymer Good-Rite® K-7058 Polymer; Good-Rite® K-7600N Polymer water treatment polymer, acrylic: sludge control Acumer® 1850 water treatment polymer, scale inhibition: stressed cooling water Acumer[®] 1110 water treatment, pulp mills Sodium hydroxide water treatment, pulp/paper Percol® 720 (LT20); Percol® 725 (LT25); Percol® 726 (LT26); Percol® 727 (LT27); Percol® LT22; Percol® LT22S; Percol® LT24 water vapor barrier, food pkg. Synthro®-Pel WA 491 water vapor barrier, paper coatings Synthro®-Pel WA 491 water vapor barrier, paper sticking Synthro® Pel WA 49 waterproof coating, paper/paperboard: foodcontact Zirconium oxide waterproofing Baypren Latex 4 R; Baypren Latex B; Baypren Latex GK; Baypren Latex MKB; Baypren Latex SK; Baypren Latex T; Koster Keunen Candelilla; PM 3082 waterproofing agent Aluminum oleate; Aluminum stearate; Calcium

resinate; Calcium stearate; Candelilla synthetic; Candelilla (Euphorbia cerifera) wax; Carnauba (Copernica cerifera) wax; Elemi qum; Lanolin; Paraformaldehyde; Potassium alum anhydrous; Silicone emulsions; Sodium alum; Tallow acid waterproofing agent, butcher paper Penreco Amber waterproofing agent, heat-seal paper coatings Microthene® MN 701-00; Microthene® MN 710waterproofing agent, paper Aluminum palmitate; Aluminum tristearate; Ammonium stearate; Cecavon® NA 61; Cecavon® ZN 70; Cecavon® ZN 735; GP-223; Linseed (Linum usitatissimum) oil; Masil® SF-MH; Methicone; Paraffin; Piccopale® 100; Piccopale® 100-70M66; Piccotac® 95T; Pine (Pinus palustris) tar oil; Rosin; Tristearin; Tung oil; Umbrellit® B 30; Umbrellit® B 30 Mod.; Umbrellit® S 30: Zinc stearate waterproofing agent, paper coatings Cecavon® CA 350 P waterproofing agent, paperboard Piccotac® 951 waterproofing agent, size presses Cecavon® CA 350 P waterproofing agent, specialty paper Aquafilm waterproofing compositions Butyl oleate; Cottonseed (Gossypium) oil; 2,2',4,4',5,5'-Hexachlorobiphenyl; Hydrogenated cottonseed oil waterproofing, fiberboard Koster Keunen Microcrystalline Waxes waterproofing, paper Koster Keunen Microcrystalline Waxes water-repellent compositions Stearamide MEA-stearate; Witcamide® MAS water-repellent compositions, paper Bacote[™] 20 water-repellent formulations, paper Ammonium zirconium carbonate wax Hoechst Wax PED 522; Hydrogenated vegetable oil; Ross Japan Wax; TLV 68-SB; TLV 68-UB; TLV 70-SB; TLV 70-UB; Yelkin® DS; Yelkin® SS; Yelkin® T; Yelkin® TS wax additive A-C® 430; Calcium stearate; Isobutylene/ isoprene copolymer; Slip-Ayd® SL 555 wax additive, blends A-C® 400A wax additive, coatings ACumist® A-18; ACumist® C-30 wax blends Hydroxystearic acid wax compositions Elemi gum wax emulsion, fiber board pkg. Teric[™] 16M10 wax emulsion, paper coatings Octowax 321; Octowax 518 wax emulsion, sizing Octowax 321; Octowax 518 wax modifier Pexite[®] Wood Rosins: Polywax[®] 500: Polywax[®] 655; Polywax[®] 850; Polywax[®] 1000; Polywax[®] 2000; Polywax[®] 3000 wax paper Beeswax; Ceresin wax substitute Cetylarachidol; Dodecylhexadecanol wax, carbon paper Ross Montan Wax; Ross Ouricury Wax Replacement wax, coatings A-C® 325; A-C® 330; A-C® 392; A-C® 400; Microcrystalline wax, oxidized

wax, dry-bright: paper Luwax® LGE wax, dry-bright: paper Luwax[®] LGE wax, emulsions A-C® 680; Glycol/butylene glycol montanate; Microcrystalline wax, oxidized; Polyethylene, oxidized wax, film coatings Hoechst Wax KSL wax, finishes Polyethylene, oxidized wax, high hardness: paper Luwax[®] OA 5 wax, hot-melt coatings Microcrystalline wax; Starwax® 100 wax, hot-melt coatings: paper Epolene® C-10 wax, lacquers Microcrystalline wax wax, modifier Synthetic wax wax, one-time carbon paper Petrolite[®] WB-5 wax, paper A-C® 15; Ross Wax #140; Ross Wax #160 wax, paper coatings A-C[®] 6; A-C[®] 6A; A-C[®] 629; A-C[®] 629A; A-C[®] 655; A-C® 656; Candelilla synthetic; Candelilla Wax SP 24A; Candelilla Wax SP 50; Candelilla Wax SP 75; Candelilla Wax SP 76; Candelilla Wax SP 78 Prime Quality Crude; Candelilla

- Wax SP 99; Candelilla Wax SP 350; Candelilla Wax SP 803; Candelilla Wax Fine; Carnauba Wax SP 8; Carnauba Wax SP 59-2; Carnauba Wax SP 63; Carnauba Wax SP 63 NF; Carnauba Wax SP 64 (Extra Light); Carnauba Wax SP 135; Carnauba Wax SP 142; Carnauba Wax SP 200; Carnauba Wax Coarse; Carnauba Wax Fine; Carnauba Wax Hard; Carnauba Wax Soft; Carnauba Wax Superfine; Epolene® C-15; Epolene® C-15P; Hoechst Wax KSL; Hoechst Wax PE 890; Microcrystalline wax; Ross Synthetic Candelilla Wax
- wax, paper sizes
 - Candelilla synthetic; Candelilla Wax SP 24A; Candelilla Wax SP 50; Candelilla Wax SP 75; Candelilla Wax SP 76; Candelilla Wax SP 78 Prime Quality Crude; Candelilla Wax SP 99; Candelilla Wax SP 350; Candelilla Wax SP 803; Candelilla Wax Fine; Ross Synthetic Candelilla Wax
- wax, pkg. materials
- Epolene® C-10; Epolene® C-15; Epolene® C-15P

wax, plastic modification

Microcrystalline wax

wax, sizing

Ross Montan Wax

wax, syn.

Ethylenediamine

- wax, varnishes
- Microcrystalline wax
- wet rub aid, offset/opaque communication paper grades

NovaBond® 150

- wet rub aid, printing board uncoated sides NovaBond® 150
- wet rub aid, printing paper uncoated sides NovaBond® 150
- wet web break inhibitor, pressroom
- PolyWeb® 5000
- wet-end additions Laminating Adhesive #5110
- wet-end additive, papermaking Locust Bean Gum Speckless Type D-200; Powdered Gum Guar NF Type 80 Mesh B/T; Powdered Gum Guar Type 140 Mesh B/T; Powdered Gum Guar Type ECM; Powdered Gum Guar Type M; Powdered Gum Guar Type

MM FCC; Powdered Gum Guar Type MM (HV); Powdered Gum Guar Type MMM ¹/₂; Powdered Gum Guar Type MMW; Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type D-200; Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type D-300; Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type P-100; Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type PP-100 wet-end additive, sizes Powdered Gum Guar NF Type 80 Mesh B/T; Powdered Gum Guar Type 140 Mesh B/T; Powdered Gum Guar Type ECM; Powdered Gum Guar Type M; Powdered Gum Guar Type MM FCC; Powdered Gum Guar Type MM (HV); Powdered Gum Guar Type MMM ¹/₂; Powdered Gum Guar Type MMW wet-end additive, sizing Locust Bean Gum Speckless Type D-200 wet-end applics, paper Tiona® A-2000 wet-strength agent, acid paper Prox[®] 923 wet-strength agent, neutral paper Giluton 1100/28 N; Giluton HP; Giluton NL 15; Prox® V P 137 wet-strength agent, paper Adipic acid/dimethylaminohydroxypropyl diethylenetriamine copolymer; Apollo® Cationic Starches; Ecco Aluminum Formate; Luresin®; Melamine-formaldehyde resin; Pencat® Cationic Starches; Polyamideamine-epichlorohydrin resin; Polyamidoamine-epichlorohydrin; Polymin® PR 971 L; Urea/formaldehyde resin wet-strength agent, paper saturation Dur-O-Set® E-646; X-Link 2893 wet-strength agent, paper saturation: filtration Dur-O-Set® E-623; Dur-O-Set® Elite 22; Dur-O-Set® Elite 33; Resyn® 1090; X-Link 5627 wet-strength agent, paper saturation: label stock Dur-O-Set® Elite 22: Dur-O-Set® Elite 33 wet-strength agent, paper saturation: tag stock Aerosol® 18; Dur-O-Set® Elite 22; Dur-O-Set® Elite 33 wet-strength agent, paper/paperboard: aq./fatty food-contact Dialdehyde guar gum; Dialdehyde locust bean gum; N-Methyldiallylamine hydrochloride polymer with epichlorohydrin wet-strength agent, paperboard Apollo® Cationic Starches; Pencat® Cationic Starches; Polyamideamine-epichlorohydrin resin wet-strength agent, papermaking Astro® X Cationic Starches; Hanwet HW-96E; Hercobond®; Kenores® Series; Pen-sprae® Starch wet-strength agent, papermaking: craft paper Toatus 604T wet-strength agent, papermaking: tissue paper Toatus 604T wet-strength agent, papermaking: wet-proofing corrugated containers Toatus 604T wet-strength agent, starches Hanwet HW-96E wet-strength applics., paper Rohamere® 1900-D

- wet-strength breaker, repulping: wet-strength paper
- Degal BP; Degal S
- wet-strength improver, paper
- Aluminum formate; Periodic acid
- wet-strength improver, photographic paper Periodic acid
- wet-strength resin
 - Amres[®] 2747; Amres[®] 8855; Amres[®] 8870; Amres[®] C12; Amres[®] C20; Amres[®] C25; Amres® C28; Amres® C382; Amres® HP-25; Amres® HS-30; Amres® LA-12-2; Amres® LOPR; Amres® MOC-3066; Amres® PR-247 HV; Amres® PR-335 CU; Amres® X-184
- QEMI WSR 8122A; QEMI WSR 8123A wet-strength resin, alkaline papermaking QEMI WSR 8122A; QEMI WSR 8123A wet-strength resin, card paper Torez Resin P-1012; Torez Resin P-1025 wet-strength resin, core paper Torez Resin P-1012; Torez Resin P-1025 wet-strength resin, corrugating medium furnishes QEMI WSR 8123A wet-strength resin, decoration paper Cecamid[®] Resins wet-strength resin, fiber card board liner Torez Resin P-1012; Torez Resin P-1025 wet-strength resin, fine paper QEMI WSR 8122A wet-strength resin, food paper Cecamid[®] Resins wet-strength resin, heavy-duty pkg. paper Torez Resin P-1012: Torez Resin P-1025 wet-strength resin, high cationic demand furnishes QEMI WSR 8123A wet-strength resin, kraft paper Amres® C382; Amres® LOPR; Amres® PR-247 HV; Amres® PR-335 CU; Torez Resin P-1012; Torez Resin P-1025 wet-strength resin, labels Cecamid[®] Resins wet-strength resin, linerboard Amres® 2747; Amres® 8855; Amres® 8870; Amres® C12; Amres® C20; Amres® C25 Amres[®] C28; Amres[®] C382; Amres[®] HP-25; Amres® HS-30; Amres® LA-12-2; Amres® LOPR; Amres® MOC-3066; Amres® PR-247 HV; Amres® PR-335 CU; Amres® X-184 wet-strength resin, liq. pkg. Amres[®] 2747; Amres[®] 8855; Amres[®] 8870; Amres[®] C12; Amres[®] C20; Amres[®] C25; Amres® C28; Amres® HP-25; Amres® HS-30; Amres® LA-12-2; Amres® MOC-3066; Amres® X-184 wet-strength resin, paper Adi-pure®; BHMT Amine; Bis-hexamethylenetri*amine*; *Epichlorohydrin*; Etadurin 31; Hercules® 37M6-8; QEMI WSR 8122A; QEMI WSR 8123A wet-strength resin, paper bags Amres® 2747; Amres® 8855; Amres® 8870; Amres[®] C12; Amres[®] C20; Amres[®] C25; Amres[®] C28; Amres[®] HP-25; Amres[®] HS-30; Amres® LA-12-2; Amres® MOC-3066; Amres® X-184 wet-strength resin, paper handkerchiefs Torez Resin P-1012; Torez Resin P-1025 wet-strength resin, paper napkins Amres® 2747; Amres® 8855; Amres® 8870; Amres® C12: Amres® C20: Amres® C25: Amres® C28; Amres® HP-25; Amres® HS-30; Amres® LA-12-2; Amres® MOC-3066; Amres® X-184; Torez Resin P-1012; Torez Resin P-1025 wet-strength resin, paper specialties Amres® 2747; Amres® 8855; Amres® 8870; Amres® C12; Amres® C20; Amres® C25; Amres® C28; Amres® HP-25; Amres® HS-30; Amres® LA-12-2; Amres® MOC-3066; Amres®

wet-strength resin, acid papermaking

- X-184 wet-strength resin, paper towels Amres® 2747; Amres® 8855; Amres® 8870; Amres[®] C12; Amres[®] C20; Amres[®] C25;
- Amres® C28; Amres® HP-25; Amres® HS-30; Amres® LA-12-2; Amres® MOC-3066; Amres® X-184; Torez Resin P-1012; Torez Resin P-1025
- wet-strength resin, paper: aq./fatty foodcontact
- QEMI WSR 8122A; QEMI WSR 8123A
- wet-strength resin, paperboard QEMI WSR 8122A; QEMI WSR 8123A

25; Teric[™] 13A7

wetting agent, cellulose films

wet-strength resin, paperboard: aq./fatty foodcontact QEMI WSR 8122A: QEMI WSR 8123A wet-strength resin, papermaking Amres® 2747; Amres® 8855; Amres® 8870; Amres® C12; Amres® C20; Amres® C25 Amres[®] C28; Amres[®] C382; Amres[®] HP-25; Amres® HS-30; Amres® LA-12-2; Amres® LOPR; Amres[®] MOC-3066; Amres[®] PR-247 HV; Amres® PR-335 CU; Amres® X-184; Cecamid® Resins wet-strength resin, printing paper Torez Resin P-1012; Torez Resin P-1025 wet-strength resin, recycle furnishes QEMI WSR 8123A wet-strength resin, recycled stock QEMI WSR 8122A; QEMI WSR 8123A wet-strength resin, sanitation paper Torez Resin P-1012; Torez Resin P-1025 wet-strength resin, specialty paper Cecamid® Resins; QEMI WSR 8122A wet-strength resin, tissue paper Cecamid® Resins; Torez Resin P-1012; Torez Resin P-1025 wet-strength resin, tube paper container board Torez Resin P-1012; Torez Resin P-1025 wet-strength resin, unbleached kraft QEMI WSR 8123A wet-strength resin, virgin stock QEMI WŠR 8122A; QEMI WSR 8123A wet-strength resin, writing paper Torez Resin P-1012; Torez Resin P-1025 wetting agent Adekanol RP-605D; Adekanol RP-807; Adekanol RP-870; Adekanol RP-882; Aerosol® C-61; Aerosol® OT-70 PG; Aerosol® OT-S; Alfonic® 1412-9; Alkanol® 189-S; Alkenyl succinic anhydride; Aluminum stearate; Ammonium polyacrylate; Arizona DR-22; Behenyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline; Butoxyethanol; Calcium lignosulfonate; Capramide DEA; Ceteareth-2; Ceteareth-20; Ceteareth-50; Ceteth-20; Cetoleth-8; Cetoleth-10; Cetoleth-25; Cetyl alcohol; Cetyl betaine; C10-11 isoparaffin; C11-12 isoparaffin; C11-13 isoparaffin; C13-14 isoparaffin; Cocamide DEA; Coco-betaine; C9-11 pareth-3; C9-11 pareth-5; C9-11 pareth-6; C9-11 pareth-8; C9-11 pareth-12; C10-12 pareth-3; C10-12 pareth-5; C12-13 pareth-7; C12-14 pareth-5; C12-14 pareth-9; C12-15 pareth-3; C12-15 pareth-5; C12-15 pareth-6; C12-15 pareth-10; C12-15 pareth-12; C13-15 pareth-9; Crill 1; Crill 2; Crill 4; Crill 43; Crille 45; Crillet 1 HP; Crillet 1 NF; Crillet 2; Crillet 4; Crillet 31; Crillet 35; Crillet 41; Crillet 45; Deceth-4 phosphate; DeIONIC LF-EP-20; DeIONIC LF-ÉP-30; DeIONIC OPE-30; DeIONIC OPE-40; DeMOX CAPO; DeMOX LAO; DeTHOX LA-4; DeTHOX LA-23; Dihydroxyethyl cocamine oxide; Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate; Dow Corning® 26 Additive; 2-Ethylhexanol; Geropon® T-33; Geropon® T-43; Geropon® T-51; Geropon® T-77; Glyceryl distearate; Glyceryl oleate; Glyceryl ricinoleate; Glyceryl stearate SE; Hyonic® OP-100; Igepal® CO-897; Isolaureth-3; Isolaureth-6; Isolaureth-10; Isopar® G; Isopar® H; Isopar® K; Isopar® L; Isopar® M; Isostearyl ethylimidonium ethosulfate; Isoundeceth-3; Isoundeceth-6; Isoundeceth-9; Isoundeceth-12; Lauric acid; Lecithin; Maranil® Paste A 55; Methyl myristate; Methyl palmitate; Methyl polysilox-ane; Methyl ricinoleate; MIPA-dodecylbenzenesulfonate; Monawet MO-70E; Monawet MT-70; Monawet SNO-35; Nonoxynol-1; Nonoxynol-2; Nonoxynol-3; Nonoxynol-4; Nonoxynol-5; Nonoxynol-6; Nonoxynol-7; Nonoxynol-8; Nonoxynol-9; Nonoxynol-10; Nonoxynol-11; Nonoxynol-12; Nonoxynol-13; Nonoxynol-14; Nonoxynol-18; Nonoxynol-20; Nonoxynol-23;

Nonoxynol-25; Nonoxynol-30; Nonoxynol-40; Nonoxynol-50; Nonoxynol-55; Nonoxynol-60; Nonoxynol-70; Nonoxynol-100; Norfox® 90; Octowet 60-I; Octoxynol; Octoxynol-12; Oleth-15; PEG-60 corn glycerides; PEG-4 dicocoate; PEG-6 dilaurate; PEG-8 dilaurate; PEG-20 dilaurate; PEG-32 dilaurate; PEG-6 dioleate; PEG-20 dioleate; PEG-32 dioleate; PEG-20 distearate; PEG-32 distearate; PEG-8 isolauryl thioether; PEG-75 lanolin; PEG-4 laurate; PEG-32 laurate; PEG-32 oleate; PEG-75 oleate; PEG-8 sesquioleate: PEG-80 sorbitan laurate: PEG-2 soyamine; PEG-20 stearamine; PEG-30 stearamine; PEG-32 stearate; PEG-10 tetramethyl decynediol; Pentasol DO-70PG; Persoft NK-60, NK-100; Pine (Pinus palustris) oil; Pluronic[®] 17R2; Pluronic[®] 25R2; Poloxamer 101; Poloxamer 105; Poloxamer 108; Poloxamer 122; Poloxamer 123; Poloxamer 124; Poloxamer 181; Poloxamer 182; Poloxamer 183; Poloxamer 184; Poloxamer 185: Poloxamer 188: Poloxamer 212; Poloxamer 215; Poloxamer 231; Poloxamer 234; Poloxamer 235; Poloxamer 237; Poloxamer 238; Poloxamer 282; Poloxamer 284; Poloxamer 288; Poloxamer 331: Poloxamer 333: Poloxamer 334: Poloxamer 335; Poloxamer 338; Poloxamer 401; Poloxamer 402; Poloxamer 403; Poloxamer 407; Propylene glycol oleate; Pycal 94; Ralufon® EA 15-90; Rapisol B-30, B-80, B-90, C-70; Servoxyl® VPNZ 7/100; *Silicone*; Silicone glycol copolymer; Sodium butyl oleate sulfonate; Sodium dibutyl naphthalene sulfonate; Sodium diisooctyl sulfosuccinate; Sodium methyl oleoyl taurate; Sodium octoxynol-2 ethane sulfonate; Sodium oleic sulfate; Sodium tallow sulfate; Stearamine; Steareth-2; Sulfated castor oil; Sulfotex OA; Surfonic® DOS-70MS: Surfonic® JL-80X: Synperonic OP10; TEGO® Wet 260; Tergitol® TMN-3; Teric™ 18M2; Teric™ 18M5; Teric™ 18M10; Teric™ 18M20; Teric™ 18M30; *p*-Toluene sulfonic acid; Trideceth-2; Trideceth-4; Trideceth-7; Trideceth-23; Trideceth-25; Trideceth-6 phosphate; Triton® X-305-70%; Trycol[®] 6962; Trycol[®] 6970; Trycol[®] 6984; Undeceth-7; Zinc rosinate; Zonyl® A wetting agent, ABS Arizona DRS-40; Arizona DRS-42; Arizona DRS-43; Potassium rosinate; Sodium rosinate wetting agent, acrylate emulsion polymerization Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate wetting agent, alkaline range Cuirol® RZ 80 wetting agent, alkaline systems: pH 13 Leukonöl LBA-2 wetting agent, alkalines Monafax 1214

- wetting agent, aq. coatings Disponil® SUS IC 865; Disponil® SUS IC 875; PEG-1.3 tetramethyl decynediol; PEG-30 tetramethyl decynediol; Surfynol® 465 wetting agent, aq. systems C12-14 pareth-17; C12-14 pareth-22; C16-18
- pareth-16; C16-18 pareth-22; C16-18 pareth-29; PEG hydrogenated castor oil; Surfonic[®] L12-2.6; Surfonic® L24-5; Surfonic® L24-17; Surfonic® L24-22; Surfonic® LF-17; Surfynol® 104A; Surfynol® 104NP; Troysperse W
- wetting agent, bleaching Atlas EMJ-C; Rhodafac® BG-510
- wetting agent, butadiene emulsion polymerization
- Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate
- wetting agent, carbon black Darvan® 1
- wetting agent, cellulose
- Isotrideceth-7; Rewopal® HV 9; Rewopal® HV

Disponil® SUS IC 865 wetting agent, clays Armul™ 910 wetting agent, cleaners Alcohol wetting agent, coating systems Carboset[®] 514H wetting agent, coatings Alcohol, Ammonium lauryl sulfate; C14-15 pareth-3; C14-15 pareth-1; C14-16 pareth-4; C16-18 pareth-2; C16-18 pareth-6; C16-18 pareth-8; C16-18 pareth-14; DeIONIC 100-VLF; Imbentin-AG/124/020 I; Imbentin-AG/124/030 B; Imbentin-AG/124/040 I; Imbentin-AG/124PG/020; Imbentin-AG/124PG/030; Imbentin-AG/124S/020 I; Imbentin-AG/124S/030; Imbentin-AG/124S/ 040; Imbentin-AG/146/040; Imbentin-AG/168S/ 020; Imbentin-AG/168S/060; Imbentin-AG/168S/ 080; Imbentin-AG/168S/110; Imbentin-AG/168S/ 140; Imbentin-AG/168S/180 G; Imbentin-AG/ 200/025; Imbentin-C/91/025; Imbentin-C/125/ 030; Imbentin-C/135/030; Imbentin-C/135/040; Imbentin-C/145/030; Imbentin-CAM/020; Imbentin-L/145/040; Imbentin-N/040; Imbentin-N/050; Imbentin-OA/020; Imbentin-POA/050 7075; Imbentin-POA/060; Imbentin-SAM/050; Imbentin-T/030; Imbentin-T/040; Imbentin-TAM/ 050; Imbentin-U/030; Lodyne®; Octowet 60-I; Octowet 70; Octowet 70BC; Octowet 75; Silwet® L-77; Silwet® L-722; Triton® X-102; Triton® X-165-70% wetting agent, continuous films Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil wetting agent, dispersions Lutensol® TO 3; Lutensol® TO 5; Lutensol® TO 6; Lutensol® TO 7; Lutensol® TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389 wetting agent, dust control Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo CS2; Volpo CS5; Volpo CS10; Volpo CS15; Volpo CS20; Volpo CS50; Volpo L3; Volpo N3; Volpo N5; Volpo N10; Volpo N20; Volpo T5; Volpo T10 wetting agent, dust control, Volpo T15 wetting agent, dye leveling compds. Teric™ 16M15 wetting agent, dyes Ammonium lauryl sulfate; Iconol NP-6; Iconol NP-8; Iconol NP-9; Iconol NP-10; Iconol NP 14; Lutensol® TO 3; Lutensol® TO 5; Lutensol® TO 6; Lutensol® TO 7; Lutensol® TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389; PEG cocamine; PEG-2 oleamine; Product BCO; Rhodacal® BX-78; Sodium dibutyl naphthalene sulfonate; Surfynol® 104E wetting agent, dyes: electrostatic PEG stearamine wetting agent, dyestuffs DeWET SDO-70PG; DeWET SDO-75E wetting agent, electroplating PEG tetramethyl decynediol wetting agent, emulsification/dispersion PVAc Tergitol® NP-4; Tergitol® NP-6 wetting agent, emulsion polymerization Aerosol® OT-100%; Ammonium lauryl sulfate; Ancowet A-70; Ancowet S-60; Ancowet S-70PG; C14-15 pareth-3; C14-15 pareth-4; C14-16 pareth-4; C16-18 pareth-2; C16-18 pareth-6; C16-18 pareth-8; C16-18 pareth-14; DeIONIC 100-VLF; DeWET SDTD-70; Geropon® CYA/ DEP; Geropon® SS-0-70PG; Geropon® WT-27; Igepal® CO-630; Igepal® CO-710; Imbentin-AG/ 124/020 I; Imbentin-AG/124/030 B; Imbentin-AG/ 124/040 I; Imbentin-AG/124PG/020; Imbentin-AG/124PG/030; Imbentin-AG/124S/020 I;

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- Epolene® C-18
- wetting agent, fillers: color additives
- Hercolite® 240; Hercolite® 290
- wetting agent, flocculation Stearamine acetate
- wetting agent, flotation frothing agent: minerals
- Stearamine acetate

wetting agent, foaming

- DeSULF SEH-40
- wetting agent, general purpose Pluronic® 25R2
- wetting agent, highly filled compositions
- Epolene® C-16
- wetting agent, hydrophobic powds. Texapon® 842
- wetting agent, hydrophobic surfaces
- Teric[™] 12M2; Teric[™] 12M5; Teric[™] 12M15
- wetting agent, low-foaming
- Isotrideceth-3 phosphate
- wetting agent, low-foaming auxiliaries: paper Sabofos PP 75
- wetting agent, low-foaming: flame retardants Nonoxynol-7 phosphate wetting agent, low-foaming: flotation aids
- Nonoxynol-7 phosphate
- wetting agent, low-foaming: pulp/paper PEG-4M; PEG-6M; PEG-10M; PEG-35M wetting agent, methacrylate emulsion

polymerization Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate

- wetting agent, o/w emulsions DeWET SDTD-70; Merpol® SE
- wetting agent, oil-based systems C16-18 pareth-16; C16-18 pareth-22; C16-18 pareth-29; Isopropylamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate; PEG-5 tallate; Teric™ T5; Teric™ T10 wetting agent, paper
- Ablunol NP9; Adeka PEG-200; Adeka PEG-300; Adeka PEG-400; Adeka PEG-600; Adeka PEG-1000: Adeka PEG-1500: Adeka PEG-4000: Adeka PEG-6000; Adeka PEG-20,000; Aerosol® OT-75%; Aerosol® OT-75-PG; Alcodet[®] SK; Alkamuls[®] EL-620; Alkamuls[®] EL-719; Alkanol[®] 189-S; Alkanol[®] 1009C; Alkanol® 6112; Alkanol® A-CN; Alkanol® ND; Alkanol® SB; Alkaquat® DMB-451-50, DMB-451-80; Alkaterge®-E; Aromox® C/12; Aromox[®] C/12-W; Arquad[®] 2C-75; Arquad[®] 12-50; Arquad® 16-50; Arquad® 18-50; Arquad® C-50; Arquad® T-27W; Atlas EMJ-C; Carsonon® TD-10; Chemal BP 261; Chemal BP-262; Chemal BP-2101; Chemax DNP-18; Chemax DNP-150/50; Chemax NP-1.5; Chemax NP-4; Chemax NP-6; Chemax NP-9; Chemax NP-10; Chemax NP-15; Chemax NP-20; Chemax NP-30; Chemax NP-30/70; Chemax OP-10; Chemax OP-30/70; Chimin P40; Chimin P45; C16-18 pareth-8; DeSonic™ 9N; DeSonic[™] 10N; DeSonic[™] 11N; Dodoxynol-4; Drewfax[®] 0007; Ethyl hydroxymethyl oleyl oxazoline; Etopol 31-L; Etopol 81-L; Etopol 101-L; Freedom SBO-65; Freedom SBT-65; Geropon® WT-27; Guanidine stearate; Iconol NP-6; Iconol NP-8; Iconol NP-9; Iconol NP-10; Iconol NP 14; Igepal® CA-620; Igepal® CO-630; Igepal® CO-630/EP; Igepal® CO-660; Igepal® CO-710; Igepal® CO-720; Igepal® DM-710; Igepal® DM-970 FLK; *Isodeceth-4*; Isodeceth-6; Isotrideceth-7; Isotrideceth-9; Laureth-8; Laureth-9; Meroxapol 108; Meroxapol 171; Meroxapol 172; Meroxapol 174; Meroxapol 178; Meroxapol 251; Meroxapol 252; Meroxapol 254; Meroxapol 255; Meroxapol 258; Meroxapol 311; Meroxapol 312; Meroxapol 314; Merpol® A; Merpol® HCS; Merpol® SE Merpol® SH; NACCONOL® 40G; NACCO-NOL® 90G; Nonionic 1044-L; Nonionic 1061-L; Nonionic 1062-L; Nonionic 1064-L; Nonionic 1068-F; Nonionic 1088-F; Nonoxynol-15; Nonoxynol-20; Nonyl nonoxynol-18; Nonyl *nonoxynol-150*; Nopalcol 1-L; Nopalcol 4-C; Nopalcol 4-CH; Nopalcol 4-L; Nopalcol 4-S; Nopalcol 6-DO; Nopalcol 6-DTW; Nopalcol 6-L; Nopalcol 6-R; Nopalcol 6-S; Nopalcol 10-COH; Nopalcol 12-CO; Nopalcol 12-COH; Nopalcol 19-CO; Nopalcol 30-TWH; Nopalcol 200; Nopalcol 400; Nopalcol 600; Nopcogen 22-O; Norfox® DCS; NP4; NP6; NP8; NP9; NP10; NP12; Octowet 40; Octowet 55; Octowet 60; Octowet 60-I; Octowet 65; Octowet 70; Octowet 70A; Octowet 70BC; Octowet 70PG; Octowet 75; Octowet 75E; Oxetal 500/85; Oxetal D 104; Oxetal ID 104; Oxetal O 108; Oxetal O 112; Oxetal TG 111; Oxetal TG 118; PEG-8 cocoate; PEG-12 ditallowate; PEG hydrogenated castor oit; PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oit; PEG-60 hydrogenated tallowate; PEG-12 ricinoleate; Penetron OT-30; Pentex® 99; Plonon 102; Plonon 104; Plonon 201; Plonon 204; Plonon 208; Pluronic® L10; Propetal 99; Propetal 241; Ralufon® N3.5; Ralufon® N6; Ralufon® N9; Ralufon® N10; Ralufon® N20-90; Ralufon® NAPE 14-90; Rewopal® HV 9; Rewopal® HV 25; Rewopol® SBDO 70; Rhodacal® BX-78; Serwet® WH 170; Silwet® L-77; Silwet® L-722 Sodium dibutyl naphthalene sulfonate; Sulfated butyl tallate; Surfonic® DDP-40; Surfonic® DDP-50; Surfonic® LF-17; Surfonic® LF-37;

Synperonic 10/6-100%; Synperonic 10/7-100%; Synperonic 13/9; Synperonic 13/10; Synperonic A7; T-Det® EPO-61; T-Det® EPO-64L; Tergitol® 15-S-7; Tergitol® 15-S-9; Tergitol® 15-S-12; Teric™ 13A7; Teric™ 13A9; Tetronic® 90R4; *Trideceth-10; Trideceth-18; Trilaury* phosphate; Triton® X-45; Ufaryl DL 80 CW; Ufaryl DL 85; Ufaryl DL 90 C; Zonyl® FSA; Zonyl® FSB; Zonyl® FSC; Zonyl® FSN; Zonyl® FSP; Zonyl® NF; Zonyl® RP

- wetting agent, paper auxiliaries EO/PO block polymer or copolymer, EO/PO ethylenediamine block copolymer, Zusolat 1005/85
- wetting agent, paper bleaching Alkanol® XC
- wetting agent, paper clear coatings
- Ebecryl® 1360; Ebecryl® 3702 wetting agent, paper coating waxes Wax Emulsifier 4106
- wetting agent, paper coatings Alkamuls® PSMS-20; *Dimethyl hexynol*; Dynol™ 604; Monawet MM-80; PEG tetramethyl decynediol; PEG-1.3 tetramethyl decynediol; PEG-30 tetramethyl decynediol, Silicone hexaecrylate; Surfynol® 61; Surfynol® 104A; Surfynol® 104BC; Surfynol® 104DPM; Surfynol® 104E; Surfynol® 104H; Surfynol® 104NP; Surfynol® 104PA; Surfynol® 104PG-50; Surfynol® 420; Surfynol® 485; Surfynol® 504; Surfynol® DF-37; Surfynol® PG-50; Surfynol® SE; Surfynol® SE-F
- wetting agent, paper deinking Igepal® CO-610; Synperonic 91/6; Synperonic 91/8; Synperonic 91/8T; Tergitol® Min-Foam 1X; Tergitol® TMN-10; Triton® XL-80N
- wetting agent, paper deresination
- Rhodafac® BG-510
- wetting agent, paper dyes Alkanol[®] XC
- wetting agent, paper felt washing
- Surmax[®] CS-504; Surmax[®] CS-515; Surmax[®] CS-521; Surmax[®] CS-522; Surmax[®] CS-555; Surmax® CS-586
- wetting agent, paper finishes
- Rhodasurf® L-4; Rhodasurf® L-25
- wetting agent, paper hydrophobic surfaces Teric[™] 16M2; Teric[™] 16M10; Teric[™] 16M15
- wetting agent, paper mill stock chest cleaners Rhodaterge® BCC
- wetting agent, paper reclamation
- Synperonic A9; Synperonic A11
- wetting agent, paper recycling Teric™ 128
- wetting agent, paper softening
- Arquad® 2HT-75; Arquad® 2HT-75PG
- wetting agent, paper strippers Sodium diisooctyl sulfosuccinate
- wetting agent, paper tissue
- Hyonic® NP-90; Hyonic® OP-100
- wetting agent, paper towels
- - Densol P-82; Hyonic® NP-90; Hyonic® OP-100; Hyonic® PE-100; Surfonic® DDP-40; Surfonic® DDP-50; Trycol® 5941
- wetting agent, paper: food-contact
- Avirol® SA 4106; Sodium octyl sulfate
- wetting agent, paperboard
- Zonyl® NF; Zonyl® RP
- wetting agent, paperboard coatings Ethoduomeen® T/20; PEG-10 tallow aminopropylamine
- wetting agent, paperboard: food-contact Avirol® SA 4106
- wetting agent, papermaking Alkasurf® CO-630; Alkasurf® CO-710; Alkasurf® CO-720; Antarox® 17-R-2; Antarox® 25-R-2; Antarox® 31-R-1; C14-15 pareth-3; C14-15 pareth-4; C14-16 pareth-4; C16-18 pareth-2; C16-18 pareth-6; C16-18 pareth-14; Geropon® SS-O-70PG; Glycol ricinoleate; Hyonic® PE-90;

Imbentin-AG/124/020 I; Imbentin-AG/124/030 B; Imbentin-AG/124/040 I; Imbentin-AG/124PG/ 020: Imbentin-AG/124PG/030: Imbentin-AG/ 124S/020 I; Imbentin-AG/124S/030; Imbentin-AG/124S/040; Imbentin-AG/146/040; Imbentin-AG/168S/020; Imbentin-AG/168S/060; Imbentin-AG/168S/080; Imbentin-AG/168S/110; Imbentin-AG/168S/140; Imbentin-AG/168S/180 G; Imbentin-AG/200/025; Imbentin-C/91/025; Imbentin-C/125/030; Imbentin-C/135/030; Imbentin-C/135/040; Imbentin-C/145/030; Imbentin-CAM/020: Imbentin-L/145/040: Imbentin-N/040; Imbentin-N/050; Imbentin-OA/ 020; Imbentin-POA/050 7075; Imbentin-POA/ 060; Imbentin-SAM/050; Imbentin-T/030; Imbentin-T/040; Imbentin-TAM/050; Imbentin-U/ 030; *Meroxapol 105; PEG-2 stearate;* Poly-Tergent® E-17A; Poly-Tergent® E-17B; Poly-Tergent® E-25B; Surfonic® OP-50; Surfonic® OP-70; Triton® DF-16; Triton® X-102; Triton® X-114; Triton® X-165-70%; Ufaryl DB 80; Volpo C2; Volpo C20; Volpo CS2; Volpo CS5; Volpo CS10; Volpo CS15; Volpo CS20; Volpo CS50; Volpo L3; Volpo N3; Volpo N5; Volpo N10; Volpo N20; Volpo T5; Volpo T10; Volpo T15 wetting agent, pigment

Actrasol PSR; Adekamine 4DAC-80; Adekamine 4DAC-85; Adekamine 4MAC-30; Adekamine ADG-30; Adekamine E Series; Adekamine LDM; Adekamine MD-30; Adekamine MT-50; Adekamine PMS-100; Adekanol B-733; Adekanol B-762; Adekanol B-795; Adekanol B-797; Amgard® TBEP; Butyl stearate; Carboset[®] 515; Glyceryl hydroxystearate; GPRI™ BKS-2900; Lutensol® TO 3; Lutensol® TO 5; Lutensol® TO 6; Lutensol® TO 7; Lutensol® TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389; Methyl methacrylate; Nopco® Color-Sperse® 188A; Octyl stearate; PEG cocamine; PEG-2 oleamine; PEG-13 oleate; PEG-23 oleate; PEG-8 sesquioleate; Polyester tetraacrylate; Potassium ricinoleic sulfate; Rhodacal® BX-78; Sodium castor oil sulfate; Surfynol® 104E; Surfynol® 104PG-50; *Tetramethyl decynediol* wetting agent, pigment dispersions DeWET SDTD-70; Isotrideceth-9; Texapon® VHC

Needles wetting agent, pigment flushing

Stearamine acetate

wetting agent, pigment grinding DeIONIC 100-VLF; Propylene glycol myristate; Zonyl® FSA; Zonyl® FSB; Zonyl® FSC;

- Zonyl® FSN; Zonyl® FSP wetting agent, pigment: aq. coatings SER-AD® FA 620
- wetting agent, pigment: aq. systems Nonoxynol-30; Surfynol® TG
- wetting agent, pigment: cleaners
- Actrasol C-50; Actrasol C-75; Actrasol C-85 wetting agent, pigment: color additives
- Hercolite® 240; Hercolite® 290 wetting agent, pigment: electrostatic
- PEG stearamine
- wetting agent, pigment: paper coatings CN 111; SER-AD® FA 620; Surfynol® TG
- wetting agent, pigment: papermaking Actrasol C-50; Actrasol C-75; Actrasol C-85
- wetting agent, pigment: pigment flushing
- Actrasol C-50; Actrasol C-75; Actrasol C-85 wetting agent, pigment: pulp/paper
- Ancowet A-70; Ancowet S-60; Ancowet S-70PG
- wetting agent, pigment: water treatment Ancowet A-70
- wetting agent, polymer dispersions Texapon[®] VHC Needles
- wetting agent, polymerization Octowet 70BC; Oleth-25; Sorbitan sesquioleate; Zonyl® FSA; Zonyl® FSB; Zonyl® FSC; Zonyl® FSN; Zonyl® FSP

wetting agent, pulp processing C12-16 pareth-1; C12-16 pareth-2; C12-16 pareth-3; C12-16 pareth-5; C12-16 pareth-6; C12-16 pareth-7; C12-16 pareth-8; C12-16 pareth-11; Synthro®-Pon DI 215

wetting agent, pulp/paper

- Alcodet® 218; Alcodet® 260; C12-14 pareth-17; C12-14 pareth-22; C16-18 pareth-26, C16-18 pareth-22; C16-18 pareth-29; DelONIC 100-VLF; DeSonic™ 6T; Igepal® CA-520; Igepal® CO-610; Lutensol® TO 3; Lutensol® TO 5; Lutensol® TO 6: Lutensol® TO 7: Lutensol® TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389; Monafax 1293; Nonionic 1035-L; Nonipax AAO; Nonipax OP 10; Nonipax X 100; Nonipax X 150; Paxogen COB; Paxogen LAO; Paxonic CO 40; Paxonic CO 60; Pentasol DO-70PG; Pluronic® 10R5; Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic® F77; Pluronic® F87; Pluronic[®] F88: Pluronic[®] F98: Pluronic[®] F108: Pluronic[®] F127; Pluronic[®] L31; Pluronic[®] L35; Pluronic® L43; Pluronic® L44; Pluronic® L64; Pluronic® L92; Pluronic® P84; Pluronic® P85; Pluronic® P103; Pluronic® P104; Pluronic® P105; Pluronic® P123; Propylene glycol laurate; Steareth-10; Steareth-20; Surfonic® DA-4; Surfonic® DA-6; Surfonic® L12-2.6; Surfonic® L24-5; Surfonic® L24-17; Surfonic® L24-22; Surfonic® L28-890; Surfonic® L108/85-5; Surfonic® N-70; Surfonic® N-110; Surfonic® N-500; Surfonic[®] NB-1007; Teric[™] 12A3; Teric[™] 12A9; Teric[™] 12A23; Teric[™] 16A16; Teric[™] 16A22; Teric[™] 16A29; Teric[™] 17A2; Teric[™] 17A3; Teric[™] 17A6; Teric[™] 17A8; Teric[™] 17A10; Teric[™] 17A13; Teric[™] 17A25; Teric[™] BL8; Teric[™] G9A2; Teric[™] G9A10; Teric[™] G12A6; Teric[™] G12A12; Teric[™] N6; Teric™ N8; Teric™ N11; Teric™ N30L; *Trideceth-3; Trideceth-6; Trideceth-9; Trideceth-*12 wetting agent, pulp/paper bleaching Monafax 1214 wetting agent, pulp/paper deinking Tergitol® 15-S-3; Tergitol® 15-S-5 wetting agent, pulp/paper processing Sipol NP-10 wetting agent, pulping
- Rhodafac® BG-510
- wetting agent, PVAc
- Surfynol® 504
- wetting agent, PVC Surfynol® 104E; Surfynol® 104PA
- wetting agent, resins
- Isodeceth-6
- wetting agent, sanitizers
- Triton[®] X-102 wetting agent, SBR
- Arizona DRS-40; Arizona DRS-42; Arizona DRS-43; *Sodium rosinate*; Surfynol® 504
- wetting agent, SBR polymerization Potassium rosinate
- wetting agent, silicone emulsions C14-15 pareth-3; C14-15 pareth-4
- wetting agent, silicone-treated paper Disponil[®] SUS IC 865
- wetting agent, solvent emulsion cleaners Isotrideceth-9
- wetting agent, solvent emulsions PEG hydrogenated castor oil
- wetting agent, SR latexes
- Borax; Sodium borate decahydrate wetting agent, starch
- Etopol 101-L
- wetting agent, styrene emulsion polymerization
- Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate
- wetting agent, sulfite pulp deresination Mazawet® 77
- wetting agent, surface coating stripping

PEG-15 cocamine

- wetting agent, surface coatings
- Guanidine stearate
- wetting agent, surface treatment
- Lutensol® TO 3; Lutensol® TO 5; Lutensol® TO 6; Lutensol® TO 7; Lutensol® TO 8; Lutensol® TO 12; Lutensol® TO 89; Lutensol® TO 389
- wetting agent, suspension polymerization Aerosol® OT-100%; DeWET SDTD-70; Monawet
 - MM-80; Monawet MO-70
- wetting agent, tissues
- Surfonic® DDP-40: Surfonic® DDP-50
- wetting agent, vinyl acetate emulsion
- polymerization
- Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate
- wetting agent, w/o emulsions
- DeWET SDTD-70

wetting agent, water treatment C12-14 pareth-17; C12-14 pareth-22; C16-18

pareth-16; C16-18 pareth-22; C16-18 pareth-29; Dioctyl ammonium sulfosuccinate; Monawet MM-80; Monawet MO-70; Monawet MO-70R; Monawet MO-70S; Monawet MO-75E; Monawet MO-84R2W; PEG-4 dilaurate; PEG-8 dioleate; PEG-6 distearate; Pluronic® 10R5; Pluronic® F38; Pluronic® F68; Pluronic® F68LF; Pluronic® F77; Pluronic® F87; Pluronic[®] F88; Pluronic[®] F98; Pluronic[®] F108; Pluronic® F127; Pluronic® L31; Pluronic® L35; Pluronic[®] L43; Pluronic[®] L44; Pluronic[®] L64; Pluronic[®] L92; Pluronic[®] P84; Pluronic[®] P85; Pluronic® P103; Pluronic® P104; Pluronic® P105; Pluronic® P123; Poloxamer 217; Poly-Tergent® E-17A; Poly-Tergent® E-17B; Poly-Tergent[®] E-25B; Surfonic[®] L12-2.6; Surfonic[®] L24-5; Surfonic® L24-17; Surfonic® L24-22; T-Det® EPO-61; Tergitol® 15-S-3; Tergitol® 15-S-5; Tergitol[®] 15-S-7; Tergitol[®] 15-S-9; Tergitol[®] 15-S-12; Tergitol[®] TMN-10; Teric[™] 12A3; Teric[™] 12A9; Teric[™] 12A23; Teric[™] 16A16; Teric™ 12A9, Teric™ 12A23, Teric™ 10A10, Teric™ 16A22; Teric™ 16A29; Teric™ 17A2; Teric™ 17A3; Teric™ 17A6; Teric™ 17A8; Teric™ 17A10; Teric™ 17A13; Teric™ 17A25; Teric[™] BL8; Teric[™] G9A2; Teric[™] G9A10; Teric[™] G12A6; Teric[™] G12A12; Triton[®] XL-80N wetting agent, wax emulsification Surfonic® DNP-100 wetting agent, wax emulsions C14-15 pareth-3; C14-15 pareth-4; C14-16 pareth-4; C16-18 pareth-2; C16-18 pareth-6; C16-18 pareth-8; C16-18 pareth-14; Imbentin-N/ 040; Imbentin-N/050

- wetting agent, waxes Isodeceth-6; Propylene glycol myristate; Teric™ 16M2; Wax Emulsifier 4106
- wetting agent, wettable powds. Armul™ 910
- wetting agent, wood pulp/paper
- PEG-6 isolauryl thioether; PEG-10 isolauryl thioether
- wetting formulation component
- PPG-5-buteth-7
- wetting improver, pigmented systems Dipentaerythrityl pentaacrylate
- whitener
- Octotint 120
- whitener, fluorescent: paper
- Blankophor® ASP; Blankophor® AWP; Blankophor® P01; Blankophor® P150 Liq.; Blankophor® P167; Blankophor® P Liq.; Blankophor[®] PSK; Blankophor[®] SOL;
- Blankophor[®] TX; Blankophor[®] UW; Intrawite[®];
- Tinopal® whitener, fluorescent: paper surface coatings Sunwhite CST
- whitener, fluorescent: paper wet-end
- Sunwhite BY Liq.; Sunwhite BYX H/C whitener, fluorescent: paper: food-contact Blankophor® P150 Liq.; Blankophor® P Liq.

- whitener, fluorescent: pigment coatings Blankophor® ASP; Blankophor® AWP; Blankophor® PSK; Blankophor® SOL; Blankophor® TX; Blankophor® UW whitener, fluorescent: size presses Sunwhite BY Liq.; Sunwhite BYX H/C; Sunwhite CST whitener, fluorescent: stock addition Blankophor® ASP: Blankophor® AWP:
- Blankophor® ASP; Blankophor® AWP; Blankophor® PSK; Blankophor® SOL; Blankophor® TX; Blankophor® UW whitener, fluorescent: surface applic.
- Blankophor® ASP; Blankophor® AWP; Blankophor® PSK; Blankophor® SOL; Blankophor® TX; Blankophor® UW
- whitener, fluorescent: surface coatings Sunwhite BY Liq.; Sunwhite BYX H/C whitener, paper coatings
- Alcan Superfine SF 4; Alcan Superfine SF 7;

Alcan Superfine SF 11 wire cleaner, dandy rolls Eldorado FCD-5050 wire cleaner, dryer felts Eldorado FCD-5050 wire cleaner, paper machine systems Eldorado FCD-5050 wire cleaner, paper: food-contact Eldorado FCD-5050 wire cleaner, plastic wires Eldorado FCD-5050 wire cleaner, suction rolls Eldorado FCD-5050 wire cleaner, wet felts Eldorado FCD-5050 wrap, butcher Parvan® 127; Parvan® 131 wrappings, corrosion protection

Polypropylene, amorphous Yankee coating chemical, film modifiers Rezosol® Yankee coating chemical, release agents Rezosol® yeast control agent, paper mills Tolcide[®] MW10 yeast control agent, recirculating cooling towers Tolcide® MW10 yeast control, paper mills Taurine-DBNPA yeast inhibitor Proxel® DL; Proxel® XL2 zinc green pigment component Ferric ferrocyanide ZrO₂ precursor Protec ZA7

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whitener, fluorescent: pigment coatings

- whitener, fluorescent: pigment coatings Blankophor® ASP; Blankophor® AWP; Blankophor® PSK; Blankophor® SOL; Blankophor® TX; Blankophor® UW
- whitener, fluorescent: size presses Sunwhite BY Liq.; Sunwhite BYX H/C; Sunwhite CST
- whitener, fluorescent: stock addition Blankophor® ASP; Blankophor® AWP; Blankophor® PSK; Blankophor® SOL; Blankophor® TX; Blankophor® UW
- whitener, fluorescent: surface applic. Blankophor® ASP; Blankophor® AWP; Blankophor® PSK; Blankophor® SOL; Blankophor® TX; Blankophor® UW
- whitener, fluorescent: surface coatings Sunwhite BY Liq.; Sunwhite BYX H/C
- whitener, paper coatings Alcan Superfine SF 4; Alcan Superfine SF 7;

Alcan Superfine SF 11 wire cleaner, dandy rolls Eldorado FCD-5050 wire cleaner, dryer felts Eldorado FCD-5050 wire cleaner, paper machine systems Eldorado FCD-5050 wire cleaner, paper: food-contact Eldorado FCD-5050 wire cleaner, plastic wires Eldorado FCD-5050 wire cleaner, suction rolls Eldorado FCD-5050 wire cleaner, wet felts Eldorado FCD-5050 wrap, butcher Parvan® 127; Parvan® 131 wrappings, corrosion protection

Polypropylene, amorphous Yankee coating chemical, film modifiers Rezosol® Yankee coating chemical, release agents Rezosol® yeast control agent, paper mills Tolcide[®] MW10 yeast control agent, recirculating cooling towers Tolcide® MW10 yeast control, paper mills Taurine-DBNPA yeast inhibitor Proxel® DL; Proxel® XL2 zinc green pigment component Ferric ferrocyanide ZrO₂ precursor Protec ZA7

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whitener, fluorescent: pigment coatings

- whitener, fluorescent: pigment coatings Blankophor® ASP; Blankophor® AWP; Blankophor® PSK; Blankophor® SOL; Blankophor® TX; Blankophor® UW
- whitener, fluorescent: size presses Sunwhite BY Liq.; Sunwhite BYX H/C; Sunwhite CST
- whitener, fluorescent: stock addition Blankophor® ASP; Blankophor® AWP; Blankophor® PSK; Blankophor® SOL; Blankophor® TX; Blankophor® UW
- whitener, fluorescent: surface applic. Blankophor® ASP; Blankophor® AWP; Blankophor® PSK; Blankophor® SOL; Blankophor® TX; Blankophor® UW
- whitener, fluorescent: surface coatings Sunwhite BY Liq.; Sunwhite BYX H/C
- whitener, paper coatings Alcan Superfine SF 4; Alcan Superfine SF 7;

Alcan Superfine SF 11 wire cleaner, dandy rolls Eldorado FCD-5050 wire cleaner, dryer felts Eldorado FCD-5050 wire cleaner, paper machine systems Eldorado FCD-5050 wire cleaner, paper: food-contact Eldorado FCD-5050 wire cleaner, plastic wires Eldorado FCD-5050 wire cleaner, suction rolls Eldorado FCD-5050 wire cleaner, wet felts Eldorado FCD-5050 wrap, butcher Parvan® 127; Parvan® 131 wrappings, corrosion protection

Polypropylene, amorphous Yankee coating chemical, film modifiers Rezosol® Yankee coating chemical, release agents Rezosol® yeast control agent, paper mills Tolcide[®] MW10 yeast control agent, recirculating cooling towers Tolcide® MW10 yeast control, paper mills Taurine-DBNPA yeast inhibitor Proxel® DL; Proxel® XL2 zinc green pigment component Ferric ferrocyanide ZrO₂ precursor Protec ZA7

Part IV Manufacturers Directory

Manufacturers Directory

Aabbitt Adhesives Inc.

2403 N. Oakley Ave., Chicago, IL 60647-2009 USA (Tel. 773-227-2700; 800-222-2488; FAX 773-227-2103; Internet: www.aabbitt.com)

Aakash Chemicals & Dyestuffs Inc.

561 Mitchell Rd., Glendale Hts., IL 60639 USA (Tel. 630-469-3838; 800-255-4855; FAX 630-469-2255; E-mail: aakashchem@aol.com; Internet: http://members.aol.com/aakashchem/information.html)

AArbor International Corp.

9434 Maltby Rd., Brighton, MI 48116 USA (Tel. 810-220-0080; 800-4-PIGMENT; FAX 810-220-0088; E-mail: aarbor@ismi.net; Internet: www.aarbor.com)

Aarhus Oliefabrik A/S

Postboks 50, Bruunsgade 27, DK-8100 Aarhus C Denmark (Tel. 45 8730 6000; FAX 45 8730 6041)

Aashiana Dyestuffs Inc.

40 Prairie Dr., Addison, IL 60101 USA (Tel. 630-543-7176; FAX 630-543-7198)

Abadan Petrochemical Co.

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Abatron, Inc.

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29 St John's Rd, Redhill, Surrey, RH1 6DT UK (Tel. 44 1737 761242; FAX 44 1737 761472)

Bromine & Chemicals Ltd., Div. of Dead Sea Bromine 201 Haverstock Hill, Hampstead, London, SW1A1RE UK (Tel. 44 171-431 7707; FAX 44 171-431 7797)

Brook-Chem Inc.

PO Box 5273, Naperville, IL 60567-5273 USA (Tel. 630-369-7300; FAX 630-369-7325)

Brooks Industries Inc.

70 Tyler Place, South Plainfield, NJ 07080 USA (Tel. 908-561-5200; FAX 908-561-9174)

P. Brøste A/S

Lundtoftegardsvej 95, 2800 Lyngby Denmark (Tel. 45 4526 3333; FAX 45 4593 1334; E-mail: broste@broste.com; Internet: www.broste.com)

Brotherton Speciality Products Ltd.

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Brown Chemical Co., Inc./Industrial and Fine Chems.

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Browning Chemical Corp., Subsid. of JLM Marketing, Inc.

707 Westchester Ave., White Plains, NY 10604 USA (Tel. 914-686-0300; 800-771-0008; FAX 914-686-0310; Internet: www.jlmgroup.com)

Bruchem, Inc.

100 Oak St., Norwood, NJ 07648 USA (Tel. 201-750-1400; FAX 201-750-1414)

L. Bruggemann Chemical Co.

11 St. Albans Ave., Suite 101, Newtown Square, PA 19073 USA (Tel. 610-353-9852; FAX 610-353-9853)

Brutanicals, Inc.

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- Buckman Laboratories of Canada, Ltd., 351 Joseph-Carrier Blvd., Vaudreuil, Quebec, J7V 5V5 Canada (Tel. 450-424-4404; FAX 450-424-4294)
- Buckman Laboratórios Ltda., Caixa Postal 899, 13001-970 Campinas, SP Brazil (Tel. 55 198 64 5000; FAX 55 198 64 1621)
- Buckman Laboratories, S.A., Wondelgemkaai, 159, B-9000 Ghent Belgium (Tel. 32-9-257 92 11; FAX 32-9-253 62 95)
- Buckman Laboratories Ltd., Enterprise House, Manchester Science Pk., Lloyd St. North, Manchester, Lancashire, M15 6SE UK (Tel. 44 161 226 1227; FAX 44 161 227-9314)
- Buckman Laboratories GmbH Austria, Wehlistrasse 29, A-1200 Vienna Austria (Tel. 43 1 330 81 01; FAX 43 1 330 81 03)
- Buckman Laboratories GmbH, Marienbader Platz 22, D-61348 Bad Homburg v.d.H Germany (Tel. 49 6172 690059; FAX 49 6172 22107)
- Buckman Laboratories Italiana S.r.l., Via Verdi, 3, I-20080 Zibido San Giacomo, Milano Italy (Tel. 39 2 90003140; FAX 39 2 26861240)
- Buckman Laboratories Iberica, S.A., Camino Can Suner, 5, 08740 San Andres de la Barca, Barcelona Spain (Tel. 34 3 635 60 50; FAX 34 3 635 60 54)
- Buckman Laboratories AB, Alstroemergatan 22, SE-112 47 Stockholm Sweden (Tel. 46 8 654 64 44; FAX 46 8 654 60 03)
- Buckman Laboratories Pty. Ltd., East Bomen Rd., PO Box 1396, Wagga Wagga, NSW, 2650 Australia (Tel. 61-69-213155, 61 (08) 25-7272; FAX 61-69-213677)
- Buckman Laboratories, K.K., Ogawa Bldg. 4F, 9-16, Nihonbashi Kodenmacho, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, 103 Japan (Tel. 81 (3) 3808-1199; FAX 81 (3) 3808-1590)
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Budenheim Ibérica S.L.

Extramuros, S/N, E-50784 La Zaida/Zaragoza Spain (Tel. 34 (9) 76 17 84 12; FAX 34 (9) 76 17 87 51)

Buffalo Color Corp.

959 Rte. 46 East, Suite 201, Parsippany, NJ 07054 USA (Tel. 973-316-5600; 800-631-0171; FAX 973-316-5828)

Burdick & Jackson, Div. of Allied Signal Inc.

1953 S. Harvey St., Muskegon, MI 49442 USA (Tel. 616-726-3171; 800-368-0050; FAX 616-728-8226)

Burgess Pigment Co.

PO Box 349, Sandersville, GA 31082 USA (Tel. 912-746-5658; 800-841-8999; FAX 912-552-2544; E-mail: info@burgesspigment.com; Internet: www.burgesspigment.com)

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- BYK-Chemie France S.A.R.L., Le Bonaparte Centre d'Affaires, Paris Nord, F-93153 Le Blanc Mesnil France (Tel. 33 2 48 67 52 24; FAX 33 2 48 67 47 92)
- BYK-Cera BV, PO Box 535, NL-7400 AM Deventer The Netherlands (Tel. 31 570 678200; FAX 31 570 678250)
- BYK-Chemie USA, Div. of Altana Inc., 524 S. Cherry St., PO Box 5670, Wallingford, CT 06492-7651 USA (Tel. 203-265-2086; FAX 203-284-9158; E-mail: lab@bykchemieusa.com; Internet: www.byk.com)
- **BYK-Chemie Japan K.K.**, 6F, Sunshine 6 Bldg., 2-29-12, Shiba, Minato-Ku, Tokyo, 105 Japan (Tel. 81-3-5442 0686; FAX 81-3-5442 2080)
- BYK-Chemie Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd., 1 Scott Rd., #26-11, Shaw Centre Singapore 228208 (Tel. 65 7360372; FAX 65 7364253)

Cabot

- Cabot Corp., Northpark Estates, Apartment 1505, 3201 Devin Parkway, Alpharetta, GA 30004 USA (Tel. 678-754-5611)
- Cabot Corp./Cab-O-Sil Div., 700 E. U.S. Highway 36, Tuscola, IL 61953-9643 USA (Tel. 217-253-3370; 800-222-6745; FAX 217-253-4334; Internet: www.cabot-corp.com/cabosil/cabosil.nsf)
- Cabot Corp./Special Blacks Div., 157 Concord Rd., PO Box 7001, Billerica, MA 01821-7001 USA (Tel. 508-663-3455; 800-462-2313; FAX 508-670-7035)
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- Cabot Argentina, S.A.I.C., Av. Larrabure 203, Casilla de Correo 15, 2804 Campana Argentina (Tel. (54-489) 420110; FAX (54-3489) 420110)
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Cabot

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- Cabot Corp./Special Blacks Div., 157 Concord Rd., PO Box 7001, Billerica, MA 01821-7001 USA (Tel. 508-663-3455; 800-462-2313; FAX 508-670-7035)
- Cabot Brasil Industria E Comercio Ltda., Av. Joao Castaldi 88, 04517-900, Sao Paulo SP Brazil (Tel. 55 11 536 0388; FAX 55 11 542 6037)
- Cabot Argentina, S.A.I.C., Av. Larrabure 203, Casilla de Correo 15, 2804 Campana Argentina (Tel. (54-489) 420110; FAX (54-3489) 420110)
- Cabot Colombiana S.A., Carretera Mamonal, Apartado Aereo 2903, Cartagena Colombia (Tel. (57-5) 668-5012; FAX (57-5) 668-5215)
- Cabot France SA, Route Départementale 21, BP 39, F-13131 Berre-l'Etang Cedex France (Tel. 33 4 42 74 90 00; FAX 33 4 42 74 90 01)

- Cabot Europe Ltd./Special Blacks Div., Le Nobel 4B, 2 rue Marcel Monge, F-92158 Suresnes Cedex France (Tel. 33 1 46 97 58 00; FAX 33 1 47 72 66 47)
- Cabot Carbon Ltd., Div. of Cabot Corp., Lees Lane, Stanlow, Ellesmere Port, South Wirral, Cheshire, L65 4HT UK (Tel. 44 151 355 3677; FAX 44 151-356-0712)
- Cabot Carbon Ltd./Fumed Silica, Div. of Cabot Corp., Barry Site, Sully Moors Rd., Sully, S. Glamorgan, CF64 2XP Wales UK (Tel. 44 1446-736999; FAX 44 1446-737123)
- Cabot GmbH, Josef-Bautz-Strasse 15, D-63457 Hanau Germany (Tel. 49-6181-5050; FAX 49-6181-505201)
- Cabot B.V./Carbon Blacks Div., Botlekstraat 2, 3197 KA Botlek Rotterdam The Netherlands (Tel. 31 181 291-888; FAX 31 181 291 783)
- Cabot Italiana, S.p.A./Carbon Blacks, Via Baiona 190, 48100 Ravenna Italy (Tel. 39-544-519 511; FAX 39-544-451946)
- **Cabot S.A.**, Delegacion de Ventas, c/Valencia N°307, 2° 4a, 08009 Barcelona Spain (Tel. 3493 458 7172; FAX 3493 458 5848)
- Cabot Australasia Pty. Ltd./Carbon Black, PO Box 19, 300 Millers Road, Altona, Victoria, 3018 Australia (Tel. 61-3-9391-1622; FAX 61-3-9391-9370)
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Calgon Corp. See Nalco

Calgon Carbon Corp.

- 400 Calgon Carbon Dr., Pittsburgh, PA 15205 USA (Tel. 412-787-6700; 800-422-7266; FAX 412-787-6324; E-mail: aldridge@calgoncarbon.com; Internet: www.calgoncarbon.com)
- Callaway Chemical Co., A Vulcan Performance Chemicals Co.
 - 6003 Veterans Pkwy., Columbus, GA 31909 USA (Tel. 706-576-2000; FAX 706-576-2090; Internet: www.vul.com)

Callery Chemical Co., Div. of Mine Safety Appliance Co.

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Canbro Inc.

Captree Chemical Corp.

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CarboMer, Inc.

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Cardinal Companies, L.P.

2010 S. Beltline, Columbia, SC 29201 USA (Tel. 803-799-7190; 800-788-7274; FAX 803-799-8742; Internet: www.cardinallp.com)

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Cargill

Cargill Industrial Oils & Lubricants, PO Box 5700, MS 93, Minneapolis, MN 55440 USA (Tel. 612-742-6286; 800-842-3631; FAX 612-742-6722; E-mail: techoils@cargill.com; Internet: www.techoils.cargill.com)

Cargill, Citric Acid, 400 E. Diehi Rd., Suite 330, Naperville, IL 60563-1361 USA (Tel. 630-505-7322; 800-344-1633; FAX 630-505-7846)

Cargill Fertilizer, Inc., 8813 Hwy. 41 South, Riverview, FL 33569 USA (Tel. 813-671-6130; Internet: www.cargill.com/aghorizons/products/fert/)

Carrageenan Co.

3830 S. Teakwood St., Santa Ana, CA 92707 USA (Tel. 714-751-1521; FAX 714-850-9865)

R.E. Carroll, Inc.

1570 N. Olden Ave., PO Box 5806, Trenton, NJ 08638-0806 USA (Tel. 609-695-6211; 800-257-9365; FAX 609-695-0102; E-mail: info@recarroll. com; Internet: www.recarroll.com)

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1195 W. Fullerton Ave., PO Box 403, Addison, IL 60101-0403 USA (Tel. 630-629-6600; FAX 630-629-3690)

Cascade Chemical Co.

111 Westland Rd., Cedar Grove, NJ 07009-2219 USA (Tel. 973-239-2523; FAX 973-239-2501)

CasChem Inc., A Cambrex Co.

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Cataphote, Inc.

PO Box 2369, Jackson, MS 39225-2369 USA (Tel. 601-939-4612; 800-221-2574; FAX 601-932-5339)

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Cesalpinia Chemicals SpA, A Company of Lamberti Group Via Marsala 38/D, 21013 Gallarte Italy (Tel. 39 0331 715 806; FAX 39 0331 715 759; Internet: www.cesalpinia.com)

Charabot & Co. Inc. USA

30 Corporate Dr., Orangeburg, NY 10962-2622 USA (Tel. 914-398-1200; FAX 914-398-1440)

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9 Old Kings Way South, PO Box 1725, Darien, CT 06820-1725 USA (Tel. 203-655-3400; FAX 203-655-8643; E-mail: sales@charkit.com; Internet: www.charkit.com)

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ChemDesign Corp., A Bayer Company

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Columbian Chemicals UK, Sevalco, Ltd., Severn Road, Avonmouth, Bristol, BS11 OYL UK (Tel. 44 117-9235532; FAX 44 117-9235444; Internet: www.columbianchemicals.com)

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Columbian Carbon Deutschland GmbH, Kreisstr. 20, D-30629 Hannover Misburg Germany (Tel. 49 511-95935 0; FAX 49 511-95935 59)

Columbian Carbon Japan, Ltd., 1-8-12 Nihonbashi, Horidome-cho, Chuoku, Tokyo, 103 Japan (Tel. 81 3-3663-2881; FAX 81 3-3667-1569)

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Columbus Chemical Industries, Inc.

N4335 Temkin Rd., PO Box 8, Columbus, WI 53925-0008 USA (Tel. 920-623-2140; FAX 920-623-2577)

Cometals Inc., Subsid. of Commercial Metals Co.

1 Penn Plaza, New York, NY 10119 USA (Tel. 212-760-1200; 800-223-4102; FAX 212-564-7915; E-mail: cmcny@attmail.com)

Complex Quimica S.A. de C.V.

PO Box 544, Monterrey, NL, 64000 Mexico (Tel. 528 336-2577; FAX 528 336-3650)

Composition Materials Co., Inc.

1375 Kings Hwy. East, Fairfield, CT 06430 USA (Tel. 203-384-6111; 800-262-7763; FAX 203-335-9728; E-mail: info@compomat.com; Internet: www.compomat.com)

Conap, Inc., Subsid. of Cytec

1405 Buffalo St., Olean, NY 14760 USA (Tel. 716-372-9650; 800-836-3666; FAX 716-372-1594; E-mail: jbrewer@conap.com; Internet: www.conap. com)

Concord Chemical Co. Inc.

1700 Federal St., Camden, NJ 08105 USA (Tel. 609-966-1526; 800-282-2436; FAX 609-963-0246)

Condea Chemie

Condea Chemie GmbH, Überseering 40, Postfach 60 04 49, D-22297 Hamburg Germany (Tel. 49-40-6375-0; FAX 49-40 6375 3588; E-mail: info@condea.de; Internet: www.condea.de)

- Condea Chemie GmbH, Werk Marl, Paul-Baumann-str. 1, 45764 Marl Germany (Tel. 49 2365 49 08; FAX 49 2365 49 2000; Internet: www.marlotherm.com)
- Condea Servo B.V., Company of RWE-DEAAG, Langestraat 197, 7490 AA Delden The Netherlands (Tel. 31-74-377 5200; FAX 31-74-377 5085; Email: n.fox@servo.nl)
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- **Condea Chimie Sarl**, 14, rue Christine de Pisan, F-75017 Paris France (Tel. 33 1 4401052; FAX 33 1 47662425)
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- Condea Augusta SpA, Via Medici del Vascello 26, I-20138 Milano Italy (Tel. 39-025-84531; FAX 39-025-8453205)
- Condea Benelux, Rubenslei 2, B-2018 Anterwepen Belgium (Tel. 32 3 226 42 48; FAX 32 3 227 02 68)
- Condea Vista Company, A Company of RWE-DEAAG, 900 Threadneedle, PO Box 19029, Houston, TX 77224-9029 USA (Tel. 281-588-3000; 800-231-8216; FAX 281-588-3236; E-mail: info@cvcnet.com; Internet: www.condea.com, www.condeavista.com)
- Condea Servo LLC, 2 Turner PI., Piscataway, NJ 08855 USA (Tel. 732-981-5478, 877-SERVOAD; FAX 732-981-5497)
- Condea Servo Canada, 235 Orenda Rd., Brampton, Ontario, L6T 1E6 Canada (Tel. 877-SERVO-TO)
- Condea Japan KK, 2-3-5 Kasamugaseki, Kasumigaseki Bldg., Chiyodaku, Tokyo, 110 Japan (Tel. 81 3 3593 0611; FAX 81 3 3593 0615)

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S. Black (Import & Export) Ltd., Distrib. for Condea UK/Condea Augusta, Foxholes Business Park, John Tate Road, Hertford, Hertfordshire, SG13 7YH UK (Tel. 44 1992 825555; FAX 44 1992 825566; E-mail: enquires@sblack.com; Internet: www.sblack.com)

Condor Corp.

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Consos, Inc.

PO Box 34186, Charlotte, NC 28234 USA (Tel. 704-596-2813; 800-849-2980; FAX 704-596-4861; E-mail: consos@consos.com; Internet: www.consos.com)

Continental Carbon Co.

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Corn Products, Unit of CPC Int'l.

6500 Archer Rd., Summit-Argo, IL 60501 USA (Tel. 708-563-2400; 800-538-0394; FAX 708-563-6878)

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3015 State Rd., Croydon, PA 19021-6997 USA (Tel. 215-785-3000; FAX 215-785-1585; Internet: www.coynechemical.com)

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CPB International, Inc.

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- Creanova de Mexico, S.A. de C.V., Calzada Mexico Xochimilco 5149, Col. Arenal, Mexico D.F. Mexico (Tel. 525-483-1000)
- Degussa-Hüls AG/Creanova Div., A Degussa-Hüls Company, Paul-Baumannstrasse 1, D-45764 Marl Germany (Tel. 49 2365 49-02; FAX 49 2365 49-7500; E-mail: creanova.crm@degussa-huels.de; Internet: www.degussa-huels.de/creanova-en)
- Creanova Asia-Pacific Pty. Ltd., 30-32 Commercial Dr., PO Box 996, Dandenong, Victoria, 3175 Australia (Tel. 61-3-9703-8888)
- Hüls Singapore Pte. Ltd./Creanova Colorants & Biocides Group, 16, Int'l. Business Park, #03-08 Mannesmann Centre Singapore 609929 (Tel. 65-899-0080; FAX 65-899-0090)

Creative Fragrances Mfg. Inc.

10890 Alder Circle, Dallas, TX 75238 USA (Tel. 214-341-3666; FAX 214-341-1423)

CR Minerals Corp., Part of G.R. O'Shea Company

2801 Youngfield St., Suite 301, Golden, CO 80401-2263 USA (Tel. 303-238-7777; 800-527-7315; FAX 303-238-7587; E-mail: info@crminerals.com; Internet: www.crminerals.com)

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- Croda Colloids Ltd., Foundry Lane, Ditton Widnes, Cheshire, WA8 8UB UK (Tel. 44 151 423 3441; FAX 44 151 423 3205)
- Croda Food Services Ltd., Div. of Croda International plc, Falcon St., Oldham, Lancashire, OL8 1JU UK (Tel. 44 161 652 6311; FAX 44 161 627 2346)
- Croda Oleochemicals, Cowick Hall, Snaith Goole, Humberside, DN14 9AA UK (Tel. 44 1405 860551; FAX 44 1405 860205)

Croda Resins Ltd., Div. of Croda International plc, Crabtree Manorway South, Belvedere, Kent, DA17 6BA UK (Tel. 44 208 319 7300; FAX 44 208 310 9878; E-mail: 101341.341@compuserve.com)

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Crompton & Knowles Colors Inc., A Crompton business, PO Box 33188, 3001 N. Graham St., Charlotte, NC 28233 USA (Tel. 704-372-5890; 800-438-4122; FAX 704-376-3091; Internet: www.crompton-knowles.com; www.ckcolors.com)

Crompton & Knowles of Canada, 1850 Beaulac, Ville St. Laurent, Quebec, H4R 2E7 Canada (Tel. 514-333-1188; FAX 514-333-1880)

Crompton/Witco

Crompton/Witco, A Crompton business, One American Lane, Greenwich, CT 06831-2559 USA (Tel. 203-552-2000; 800-779-4826 x6400; FAX 203-552-2010; Internet: www.witco.com)

Crompton/Witco Canada Ltd., 565 Coronation Dr., West Hill, Ontario, M1E 2K3 Canada (Tel. 416-724-3628; FAX 416-284-6077)

Crompton/Witco do Brasil Ltda., Rua Verbo Divino, 1661 cj 64, Sao Paulo SP, 04719-002 Brazil (Tel. 55-11-5181-2799; FAX 55-11-5181-7972) Crompton/Witco (Europe) S.A., 7 Rue de Pre-Bouvier, CH-1217 Meyrin, Geneva Switzerland (Tel. 41-22-989-2111; FAX 41-22-989-2393)

- Crompton/Witco Chemical Ltd. (UK)/Surfactants Div., Flimby Works, Maryport, Cumbria, CA15 8RP UK (Tel. 44 19 00 81 33 33; FAX 44 19 00 81 39 98)
- Crompton/Witco S.A., 20/22 rue de la Ville l'Evêque, 75008 Paris France (Tel. 33 1 44 51 05 05; FAX 33 1 42 65 67 61)

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Crompton/Witco Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd., 12 Science Park Dr., #03-04 The Mendel, Singapore Science Park Singapore 118225 (Tel. 65 774 4800; FAX 65 770 5148)

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- Crosfield Brasil Ltda., Rua Cenno Sbrighi 27, 1° andar cj 12 Agua Branca, 05036-011 Sao Paulo SP Brazil (Tel. (55) 11 861 2590; FAX (55) 11 861 1490)
- Crosfield Limited, PO Box 26, Bank Quay, Warrington, Cheshire, WA5 1AB UK (Tel. 44 1925 416100; FAX 44 1925 416116; E-mail: steven.steggerda@crogb.sprint.com)
- Crosfield SpA, Via dei Cipressi, 10, 37033 Montorio Verona Italy (Tel. (39) 45 895 0611; FAX (39) 45 895 0620)

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Crosfield Jakarta, Graha Unilever, Lt12, Jl. Jend. Gatot Subroto, Kav. 15, Jakarta, 12930 Indonesia (Tel. 62 21 526 4038; FAX 62 21 526 4039)

Crowley

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Crowley Tar Products Co., Inc., 261 Madison Ave., New York, NY 10016 USA (Tel. 212-682-1200; FAX 212-953-3487; E-mail: crowleychemical@msn.com)

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Crucible Chemical Co. Inc.

PO Box 6786, Donaldson Center, Greenville, SC 29606 USA (Tel. 864-277-1284; 800-845-8873; FAX 864-299-1192)

Crusader Chemical Co., Inc.

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Crystran Ltd.

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Cuproquim Corp.

PO Box 171357, Memphis, TN 38187-1357 USA (Tel. 901-537-7257; FAX 901-685-8372)

Custom Ingredients Inc.

PO Box 772, Chester, SC 29706 USA (Tel. 803-581-5800; FAX 803-581-5802)

CVC Specialty Chemicals, Inc.

2980 Rt. 73 North, Maple Shade, NJ 08052 USA (Tel. 856-482-0800; FAX 856-667-8270; Internet: www.cvcchem.com)

CXY Chemicals U.S.A. Inc., Wholly owned by Canadian Occidental Petroleum Ltd.

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Danisco Ingredients,

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PO Box 171357, Memphis, TN 38187-1357 USA (Tel. 901-537-7257; FAX 901-685-8372)

Custom Ingredients Inc.

PO Box 772, Chester, SC 29706 USA (Tel. 803-581-5800; FAX 803-581-5802)

CVC Specialty Chemicals, Inc.

2980 Rt. 73 North, Maple Shade, NJ 08052 USA (Tel. 856-482-0800; FAX 856-667-8270; Internet: www.cvcchem.com)

CXY Chemicals U.S.A. Inc., Wholly owned by Canadian Occidental Petroleum Ltd.

12450 Greenspoint Dr., Suite 1350, Houston, TX 77060 USA (Tel. 281-876-2267; FAX 281-872-3798; Internet: www.cxychem.com)

Cyprus-Foote Mineral Co.

348 Holiday Inn Dr., Kings Mountain, NC 28086 USA (Tel. 704-734-2682; 800-523-7116; FAX 704-734-2718)

Cyro Industries

100 Enterprise Dr., 7th Fl., PO Box 5055, Rockaway, NJ 07866 USA (Tel. 973-442-6000; 800-631-5384; FAX 973-442-6117; Internet: www.cyro.com)

Cytec Industries

- Cytec Industries Inc., Five Garret Mountain Plaza, West Paterson, NJ 07424 USA (Tel. 973-357-3100; 800-652-6013; FAX 973-357-3055; Email: info@gm.cytec.com; Internet: www.cytec.com)
- Cytec Industries Inc./Polymer Additives Dept., PO Box 60, 1937 West Main St., Stamford, CT 06904-0060 USA (Tel. 203-321-2415; 800-486-5525; FAX 203-321-2997)

Cytec Industries UK Ltd., Bowling Park Dr., Bradford, West Yorkshire, BD4 7TT UK (Tel. 44 1274 733891; FAX 44-1274 762289; Internet: www.cytec.com)

Cytec Industries B.V., Botlekweg 175, 3197 KA Botlek-Rotterdam The Netherlands (Tel. 31 181 29 54 00; FAX 31 181 295531)

Cytec Australia Ltd., Suite 1, 7-11 Railway St., PO Box 384, Baulkham Hills, NSW, 2153 Australia (Tel. 61-2-686-4188; FAX 61-2-639-4248)

Cytec Japan Ltd., No. 25 Mori Bldg., 23rd Floor, 2-4-30 Roppongi, Minatoku, Tokyo, 106 Japan (Tel. 81-3-3586-9711; FAX 81-3-3586-9710)

Cytec Industries Pte. Ltd. (Asia/Pacific), 39A Jalan Pemimpin, 05-00 TAL Bldg. Singapore 577183 Singapore (Tel. 65 259 9288; FAX 65 259 9111; E-mail: maguire@maguire-asia.com.sg)

Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd.

Toranomon Mitsui Bldg., 3-8-1 Kasumigaseki, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, 100 Japan (Tel. 81(03)3507-3111; FAX 81(03)3507-3139; Internet: www.daicel.co.jp)

Daicel-Hüls Ltd., Joint venture of Daicel Chem. Industries, Ltd./Hüls AG

1-19-5, Toranomon, Minato-ku, Tokyo, 105 Japan (Tel. 81 3 3592-6332; FAX 81 3 3592-6338)

Dainippon Inks & Chemicals. See under Reichhold

Daito Chemical Industries, Ltd.

Mitsui No. 2 Bldg., 4-4-20, Nihonbashi Hongoku-cho, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, 103 Japan (Tel. (03) 3279-6431; FAX (03) 3231-0503)

Daiwa Chemical Co., Ltd. (Daiwa Kasei K.K.)

2-20-19, Takadono, Asahi-ku, Osaka, 535 Japan (Tel. (06) 922-1978; FAX (06) 925-3425)

Dakota Gasification Co.

44 Inverness Dr. East, Bldg. E, Engelwood, CO 80112 USA (Tel. 303-799-1531; 800-736-6868; FAX 303-799-0929; E-mail: dgcmkt@dakotagas.com; Internet: www.dakotagas.com)

Dama Chemicals

4420 Trade Center Blvd., I.T.C. Park, Lared, TX USA (Tel. 877-329-2476; FAX 877-329-2476; E-mail: damachemicals@infosel.net.mx)

Danisco Ingredients,

- Danisco Ingredients, Div. of Danisco A/S, Edwin Rarhs Vej 38, DK-8220 Brabrand Denmark (Tel. 45 89 43 50 00; FAX 45 86 25 10 77; E-mail: info@danisco.com; Internet: www.danisco.nl)
- Danisco Ingredients USA, Inc., 201 New Century Pkwy., PO Box 26, New Century, KS 66031-0026 USA (Tel. 913-764-8100; 800-255-6837; FAX 913-764-5407; E-mail: sdp1@iname.com; Internet: www.danisco.com)

Danisco Cultor, Ingredients Sector of Danisco A/S, Langebrogade 1, PO Box 17, DK-1001 Copenhagen K Denmark (Tel. 45-32 66 20 00; FAX 45-32 66 21 88)

Dar-Tech, Inc.

16485 Rockside Rd., Maple Heights, OH 44137 USA (Tel. 216-663-7600; FAX 216-663-8007; Internet: www.dar-techinc.com)

Darwin Chem. Co.

1112 Weston Rd. #202, Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33326-1915 USA (Tel. 954-572-0973; FAX 954-572-1865; E-mail: sales@darwinchemical.com; Internet: www.darwinchemical.com)

Dastech Int'l. Inc.

10 Cutter Mill Rd., Great Neck, NY 11021-3201 USA (Tel. 516-466-7676; FAX 516-466-7699)

Davidson Labs, Inc.

PO Box 820, Davidson, NC 28036 USA (Tel. 704-663-0893; 800-334-8370; FAX 704-892-7904)

Day-Glo Color Corp., Subsid. of Nalco Chemical Co.

4515 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, OH 44103 USA (Tel. 216-391-7070; 800-4DAYGLO; FAX 216-391-7751; E-mail: dayglo@dayglo.com; Internet: www.dayglo.com)

Dead Sea Bromine

Dead Sea Bromine Group, Flame Retardants Marketing Div., Member of ICL Group, Makleff House, 12 Kroitzer St., PO Box 180, Beer-Sheva, 84101 Israel (Tel. 972 7 629 7209; FAX 972 7 629 7848; E-mail: golanb@dsbg.com; Internet: www.deadseabromine.com)

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Deeks & Co.

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Amtec Center, 6421 Congress Ave. #121, Boca Raton, FL 33487 USA (Tel. 561-994-9696; 800-388-2301; FAX 561-994-9995; E-mail: dforest@gate.net; Internet: www.deforest.net)

Degen Oil & Chemical Co.

200 Kellogg St., PO Box 5240, Jersey City, NJ 07305 USA (Tel. 201-432-1192; FAX 201-432-8483; E-mail: degen@eclipse.net; Internet: www.eclipse.net/~degen)

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Degussa Japan Co., Ltd., 2-3-1, Nishi-shinjuku, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo, 163-09 Japan (Tel. (03) 5323-7300; FAX (03) 5323-7399)

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Jan Dekker B.V.

PO Box 10, 1520 AA Wormerveer The Netherlands (Tel. 31-75-647 9999; FAX 31-75-640 3830; E-mail: agnes@jandekker.com)

J.W.S. Delavau Co. Inc.

10101 Roosevelt Blvd., Philadelphia, PA 19154 USA (Tel. 215-671-1400; FAX 215-671-1401)

Delta Chemical Corp.

2601 Cannery Ave., Baltimore, MD 21226-1595 USA (Tel. 410-354-0100; 800-282-5322; FAX 410-354-1021; E-mail: terry@deltachemical.com; Internet: www.deltachemical.com)

Frank E. Dempsey & Sons, Ltd.

47 Davies Ave., Toronto, Ontario, M4M 2A9 Canada (Tel. 416-461-0844; FAX 416-461-7048)

Dexter Chemical Corp.

845 Edgewater Rd., Bronx, NY 10474 USA (Tel. 718-542-7700; 800-339-9111; FAX 718-991-7684)

The Dharamsi Morarji Chemical Co. Ltd.

Regent Chambers, 8th Floor, 208, Nariman Point, Bombay, 400 020 India (Tel. 91 22 283 4308; FAX 91 22 284 2019; Internet: www.dmccl.com)

Diamines and Chemicals Ltd.

Near Seven Garnala, Kalol, North Gujarat, 382 721 India

Diamond Chemical Co., Inc.

Union Ave. & Dubois St., E. Rutherford, NJ 07073 USA (Tel. 201-935-4300; FAX 201-935-6997)

Dianal America, Inc.

9675 Bayport Rd., Pasadena, TX 77507 USA (Tel. 281-474-7777; FAX 281-474-2757)

Dishman USA

550 Union Ave., Suite 9, Middlesex, NJ 08846 USA (Tel. 732-560-4300; FAX 732-560-4343; E-mail: dishmanusa@att.net)

Dixie Chemical Co., Inc.

PO Box 130410, 300 Jackson Hill, Houston, TX 77219 USA (Tel. 713-863-1947; FAX 713-863-8316)

D&O Chemicals, Inc.

401 South Van Brunt St., Englewood, NJ 07631 USA (Tel. 201-871-8500; 800-722-3686; FAX 201-871-8505; E-mail: info@dochem.com; Internet: www.dochem.com)

Dock Resins Corp.

1512 W. Elizabeth Ave., Linden, NJ 07036 USA (Tel. 908-862-2351; FAX 908-862-4015)

Doe & Ingalls, Inc.

25 Commercial St., Medford, MA 02155 USA (Tel. 781-391-0090; FAX 781-395-1014; E-mail: doe@ix.netcom.com; Internet: www.doeingalls.com)

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Donlar Corp.

6502 S. Archer Rd., Bedford Park, IL 60501-9998 USA (Tel. 708-563-9200; FAX 708-563-9220; Internet: www.donlar.com)

Dover Chemical Corp., Subsid. of ICC Industries Inc.

3676 Davis Rd. N.W., PO Box 40, Dover, OH 44622 USA (Tel. 330-343-7711; 800-321-8805; FAX 330-364-9626; Internet: www.doverchem.com)

Dow

Dow Chemical North America, 2020 Willard H. Dow Center, Midland, MI 48674 USA (Tel. 517-636-1000; 800-441-4DOW; FAX 517-636-8903; Internet: www.dow.com)

Dow Plastics, Business Group of The Dow Chemical Co., 2040 W.H. Dow Center, Midland, MI 48674 USA (Tel. 517-832-1466; 800-441-4DOW; FAX 517-832-1465; E-mail: dowcig@dow.com; Internet: www.dow.com)

- Dow Chemical Canada Inc., 250 6th Ave. S.W., Suite 2200, Calgary, Alberta, T2P 3H7 Canada (Tel. 403-267-3500; FAX 403-267-3597)
- Dow Quimica Mexicana, S.A. de C.V., Av. de las Palmas No. 405 -Mezzanine, Torre Optima, Lomas de Chapultepec Mexico D.F. (11000 Mexico (Tel. 525-201-4700; FAX 525-201-4723)

Dow Europe S.A., Bachtobelstrasse 3, CH-8810 Horgen Switzerland (Tel. 41-1-728-2111; FAX 41-1-728-2935)

Dow Chemical Co. Ltd., Div. of The Dow Chemical Co., No. 2 Heathrow Boulevard, 284 Bath Road, West Drayton, Middlesex, UB7 0DQ UK (Tel. 44 181 917 5000; FAX 44 181-917 5400)

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Dow Chemical Ibérica SA, Avda de Burgos 109, E-28050 Madrid Spain (Tel. 34 91 582 0690; FAX 34 91 582 0849)

- Dow Deutschland Inc., Am Kronberger Hang 4, D-65824, Schwalbach Germany (Tel. 49 6196 5660; FAX 49 6196 566444)
- Dow France, 21, rue Saint Denis, B.P. 110, 92106 Boulogne Billancourt Cedex France (Tel. 33 1 49 09 78 78; FAX 33 1 49 09 06 19)
- Dow Italia SpA, Palazzo Smeraldo, Via Patroclo, 21, I-20151 Milan, MI Italy (Tel. 39 2 4822 1; FAX 39 2 4822 4366)
- Dow Sverige AB, Kungsgatan 38, Box 7038, S-103 86 Stockholm Sweden (Tel. 46 8 676 57 00; FAX 46 8 676 57 80)
- Dow Chemical Japan Limited, 2-2-24, Higashi-shinagawa, Shinagawaku, Tokyo, 140 Japan (Tel. (03) 5460-2100; FAX (03) 5460-2231)

S. Black (Import & Export) Ltd., Distrib. for Dow, Foxholes Business Park, John Tate Road, Hertford, Hertfordshire, SG13 7YH UK (Tel. 44 1992 825555; FAX 44 1992 825566; E-mail: enquires@sblack.com; Internet: www.sblack.com)

Dow Corning

Dow Corning Corp./Corporate Headquarters, 3100 James Savage Rd., PO Box 994, Midland, MI 48686-0994 USA (Tel. 517-496-6000; 800-346-9882; FAX 517-496-4586; E-mail: usdccnn3@ibmmail.com; Internet: www.dowcorning.com/personalcare)

- Dow Corning S.A., Parc Industriel, Zone C, 7180 Seneffe Belgium (Tel. 32 64 888 000; FAX 32 64 888 801)
- Dow Corning Ltd., Div. of Dow Corning Corp., Cardiff Rd., Barry, South Glamorgan, CF6 7YL UK

Dow Corning GmbH, Postfach 13 03 32, Rheingaustrasse 34, D-65201 Wiesbaden Germany (Tel. 49 2132 73093)

- Dow Corning France S.A., Div. of Dow Corning Corp., BP 203, European Health Care Center, 300 route des Cretes, F-06904 Sophio Antipoles Cedex France (Tel. 33 92 94 40 00; FAX 78 62 78 98)
- Dow Corning Asia Ltd., Sumitomo Tamura-cho Bldg., 1-15-1, Nishishinbashi, Minato-ku, Tokyo, 105 Japan (Tel. (03) 3503-6051; FAX (03) 3503-3565)

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Dragoco Inc.

10 Gordon Dr., Totowa, NJ 07512 USA (Tel. 973-256-3850; FAX 973-256-9023; Internet: www.dragoco.com)

Drew Industrial Div. See under Ashland

Drexel Chemical Co.

1700 Channel Ave., Memphis, TN 38106-1412 USA (Tel. 901-774-4370; FAX 901-774-4666; Internet: www.DrexChem.com)

Dry Branch Kaolin. See IMERYS

DSM

- DSM N.V., Postbus 6500, NL-6401 JH Heerlen The Netherlands (Tel. 31 45-578 2422; FAX 31 45-574 0680; Internet: www.dsm.nl)
- **DSM Polyethylenes**, PO Box 43, 6130 AA Sittard The Netherlands (Tel. 31 46 477 37 13; FAX 31 46 477 33 03)

DSM United Kingdom Ltd., Div. of DSM N.V., DSM House, Papermill Dr., Redditch, Worcestershire, B98 8QJ UK (Tel. 44 1527 590590; FAX 44 1527 590555; E-mail: contact.dsm-uk@dsm-group.com)

- DSM France S.A., Tour Atlantique, 9, Place de la Pyramide, La Défense 9, 92911 Paris La Défense Cedex France (Tel. 33 1 41 25 05 05; FAX 33 1 47 76 01 00)
- DSM Deutschland GmbH & Co., Postfch 300239, Tersteegenstrasse 77, D-40402 Düsseldorf (Golzheim) Germany (Tel. 49 211 45 57 600; FAX 49 211 45 57 999)
- DSM España S.A., Edificio Euro-3, C/ Frederic Monpou 5, Planta 7a Puerta 3a y 4a, 08960 Sant just Desvern, Barcelona Spain (Tel. 34 93 470 30 30; FAX 34 93 473 63 73)
- DSM Belgium N.V., Bus 4, Woluwellan 140 B, B-1831 Diegem Belgium (Tel. 32 2 712 05 30; FAX 32 2 712 05 55)
- DSM Chemicals North America, Inc., 1 Columbia Nitrogen Rd., PO Box 2451, Augusta, GA 30903 USA (Tel. 706-849-6600; 800-825-4376; FAX 706-849-6999; Internet: www.dsmna.com)

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106 West Franklin Ave., Pennington, NJ 08534 USA (Tel. 609-730-1533; FAX 609-730-1308)

Dudley Chemical Corp.

PO Box 4978, Toms River, NJ 08754 USA (Tel. 732-929-3300; FAX 732-929-3415; E-mail: dudley-chem@csionline.com; Internet: www.dudleychem.com)

Dujodwala Resins & Terpenes Ltd.

812/813 Tulsiani Chambers, 212 Nariman Point, Bombay, 400 021 India (Tel. 282 4089; FAX 91-22-284 1284; E-mail: power@dujodwala.com; Internet: www.dujodwala.com)

DuPont

- DuPont Chemicals, 1007 Market St., Wilmington, DE 19898 USA (Tel. 302-774-1000; 800-441-7515; FAX 302-774-7321; E-mail: info@dupont.com; Internet: www.dupont.com)
- DuPont Nylon, Barley Mill Plaza, PO Box 80024, Wilmington, DE 19880-0024 USA (Tel. 302-892-0960; 800-231-0998; FAX 302-892-0938; E-mail: info@DuPont.com; Internet: www.dupont.com/intermediates)
- DuPont Canada Inc., Box 2200, Streetsville, Mississauga, Ontario, L5M 2H3 Canada (Tel. 905-821-5193; 800-387-2122; FAX 905-821-5183; Internet: www.dupont.ca)
- DuPont S.A. de C.V., Homero 206, Col. Chapultepec Morales, 11570 Mexico D.F. Mexico (Tel. 525-722-1150; E-mail: gonzalt@a1.mxvax. umc.dupont.com; Internet: www.dupont.com.mx)
- DuPont do Brasil S.A., Alameda Itapecuru, 506, Alphaville, CEP 06400 Barueri, Sao Paulo Brazil (Tel. (055-11) 421-8509; FAX (055-11) 421-8513; E-mail: produtos.brasil@bra.dupont.com)
- DuPont de Nemours International S.A., 2, Chemin du Pavillon, PO Box 50, CH-1218 Le Grand-Saconnex Geneva Switzerland (Tel. 41-22-717 51 11; FAX 41-22-717 52 00; Internet: www.dupont.com/enggpolymers/europe)
- DuPont (UK) Ltd., Div. of E.I. Du Pont de Nemours & Co., Wedgewood Way, Stevenage, Hertsfordshire, SG1 4QN UK (Tel. 44 1438 734000; FAX 44 1438 734836)
- DuPont de Nemours (France) SA, 137 rue de L'Université, F-75334 Paris Cedex 07 France (Tel. 33-1 45 50 65 50; FAX 33-1 47 53 09 67)
- DuPont (Australia) Ltd., Northside Gardens, 168 Walker St., PO Box 930, North Sydney, NSW, 2060 Australia (Tel. 011-612 923-6165)
- DuPont Kabushiki Kaisha, Arco Tower, 1-8-1, Shimomeguro, Meguro-ku, Tokyo, 153 Japan (Tel. 81-3-5434-6100)
- DuPont Asia Pacific, Ltd., PO Box TST 98851, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon Hong Kong (Tel. 852-3-734-5345; FAX 852-3-724-4458)
- DuPont Singapore Pte., Ltd., 1 Maritime Square #07-01, World Trade Center Singapore 0409 (Tel. 011-65-273-2244)

Duso Chemical Co., Inc.

173 Smith St., PO Box 665, Poughkeepsie, NY 12602-0665 USA (Tel. 914-454-6500; FAX 914-454-0188)

Dussek Campbell Applied Wax Technologies, Subsid. of Burmah Castrol plc

3650 Touhy Ave., PO Box 549, Skokie, IL 60076 USA (Tel. 847-679-6300; 800-628-9299; FAX 847-679-6312; Internet: www.dussekwax.com)
Dye Specialties, Inc.

PO Box 4130, Jersey City, NJ 07304 USA (Tel. 201-333-5256; FAX 201-333-1626)

DynaGel Inc.

Wentworth Ave. & Plummer St., Calumet City, IL 60409 USA (Tel. 708-891-8400; 888-DYNAGEL; FAX 708-891-8432; E-mail: dynagel@aol.com; Internet: www.dynagel.com)

Dynaloy, Inc.

1910 S. State Ave., Indianapolis, IN 46203 USA (Tel. 317-788-5694; 800-669-5709; FAX 800-671-9538; E-mail: info@dynaloy.com; Internet: www.dynaloy.com)

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1150 Junction, Schererville, IN 46375 USA (Tel. 219-322-2560; 800-428-3311; FAX 219-322-8533)

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PO Box 737, Quapaw, OK 74363 USA (Tel. 918-673-1650; FAX 918-673-2121; Internet: www.eaglepicher.com)

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30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, NY 10112 USA (Tel. 212-582-0420; FAX 212-582-3412)

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Eastman

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E-Chemicals

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Wentworth Ave. & Plummer St., Calumet City, IL 60409 USA (Tel. 708-891-8400; 888-DYNAGEL; FAX 708-891-8432; E-mail: dynagel@aol.com; Internet: www.dynagel.com)

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1910 S. State Ave., Indianapolis, IN 46203 USA (Tel. 317-788-5694; 800-669-5709; FAX 800-671-9538; E-mail: info@dynaloy.com; Internet: www.dynaloy.com)

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1150 Junction, Schererville, IN 46375 USA (Tel. 219-322-2560; 800-428-3311; FAX 219-322-8533)

Eagle-Picher Industries, Inc./Chemicals Dept.

PO Box 737, Quapaw, OK 74363 USA (Tel. 918-673-1650; FAX 918-673-2121; Internet: www.eaglepicher.com)

Eagle Zinc Co.

30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, NY 10112 USA (Tel. 212-582-0420; FAX 212-582-3412)

E-A-R Specialty Composites

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Electro Abrasives Corp.

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Elementis Specialties Colorants & Additives, 400 Claremont Ave., Jersey City, NJ 07304 USA (Tel. 201-432-0800; FAX 201-432-0266; E-mail: specialinfo.usa@elementis-na.com; Internet: www.elementis.com)

Elementis Specialties Performance Polymers, 600 Cortlandt St., Belleville, NJ 07109 USA (Tel. 973-751-3000; 888-442-7362; FAX 973-751-8407; E-mail: ppinfo.usa@elementis.com; Internet: www.elementis.com)

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EMCO Chemical Distributors, Inc.

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Emerson & Cuming Specialty Polymers, Div. of National Starch, an ICI company

46 Manning Rd., Billerica, MA 01821 USA (Tel. 978-436-9700; 800-832-4929; FAX 978-436-9701; Internet: www.emersoncuming.com/)

EM Industries, Inc./Fine Chems. Div., Affiliate of Merck KGaA

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EMS-AMERICAN GRILON Inc., Subsid. of EMS-Chemie AG, Switzerland

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Eurobrom. See under Dead Sea Bromine

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Expo Chemical Co.

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Exxon. See ExxonMobil

ExxonMobil Chemical Co.

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- Exxon Quimica, Ltda, Rua Barao de Monte Santo, 700, Parque da Mooca, 03123-020 Sao Paulo, SP Brazil (Tel. 55 11 6914 2022; FAX 55 11 273 2106)
- Exxon Chemical Argentina SAIC, Avda. Leandro N. Alem 928 2° Piso, 1001 Buenos Aires Argentina (Tel. 54 11 4319 0761; FAX 54 11 4319 0721)
- Exxon Chemical Europe Inc., Hermeslaan 2, 1831 Machelen Belgium (Tel. 32-2-722 2111; FAX 32-2-722 2780)
- Exxon Chemical Ltd., Div. of Exxon Corp., 4600 Parkway, Whiteley, Fareham, Hampshire, PO15 7AP UK (Tel. 44 1489 884400; FAX 44 1489 884411; Internet: www.exxonchemical.com)
- Exxon Chemical France, 2, rue des Martinets, BP 270, 92505 Rueil Malmaison France (Tel. 33 1 47 10 60 00; FAX 33 1 47 10 55 11)
- Exxon Chemical Mediterranea SpA, Div. of Exxon Corp., Via Paleocapa 7, 20121 Milan, MI Italy (Tel. 39-2 880 31; FAX 39-2 880 32 31)
- Exxon Chemical Holland BV, PO Box 1, 4803 AA Breda The Netherlands (Tel. 31 76 529 26 00; FAX 31 76 529 27 00)
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- Exxon Chemical (Spain), Avenida del Partenon 4-3a planta, 28042 Madrid Spain (Tel. 34 91 300 92 00; FAX 34 91 300 92 40)
- Exxon Chemical Asia HQ, OUB Centre, 1 Raffles Place, 27th, 28th and 38th Floors Singapore 048616 (Tel. 65 535 55 33; FAX 65 230 35 26/9)
- Exxon Chemical Japan Ltd., New Pier Takeshiba South Tower, 16-1, Kaigan 1-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo, 105-8572 Japan (Tel. 81 3 585 99 66)
- Exxon Chemical International Services Ltd., Div. of Exxon Corp., 22nd Fl., Central Plaza, 18 Harbour Road, Wanchai Hong Kong (Tel. 852 582-0888)
- Mobil Chemical Co., Chemical Products Div., PO Box 3140, Edison, NJ 08818-3140 USA (Tel. 732-321-6000; FAX 732-321-3550; Internet: www.exxonmobil.com/mobil_chemical)
- Mobil Chemical Co./Films Div. Americas, 729 Pittsford-Palmyra Rd., Macedon, NY 14502 USA (Tel. 800-334-7987)
- Mobil Chemical Products International, Inc., Tour Framatome 1, Place De La Coupole, 92084 Paris LaDefense Cedex France (Tel. 33 1 47 96 78 62; FAX 33 1 47 96 78 99)
- Mobil Chemical Products International, Inc., W Bldg. 18th Floor, 1-8-15 Kohnan, Minato-ku, Tokyo, 108-8005 Japan (Tel. 81 3 5495 6392; FAX 81 3 5495 6396)
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Fabricolor Inc.

160 E. Fifth St., PO Box 2398, Paterson, NJ 07509 USA (Tel. 201-742-3900; 800-873-7030; FAX 201-742-5038)

Faesy & Besthoff, Inc.

143 Old River Rd., Edgewater, NJ 07020 USA (Tel. 201-945-6200; FAX 201-945-6145)

Fairmount Chemical Co., Inc.

117 Blanchard St., Newark, NJ 07105 USA (Tel. 973-344-5790; 800-872-9999; FAX 973-690-5298)

Fallek Chemical Co., Div. of ICC Chemical Corp.

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The Fanning Corp.

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Ferro Corp./Color Div., 4150 E. 56th St., PO Box 6550, Cleveland, OH 44101 USA (Tel. 216-641-8580; FAX 216-641-8831; E-mail: sarvish@ferro.com; Internet: www.ferro.com)

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Ferro Corp./Grant Chemical Div., 111 W. Irene Rd., Zachary, LA 70791-9738 USA (Tel. 225-654-6801; 800-325-3578; FAX 225-654-3268; E-mail: 103021.2370@compuserve.com; Internet: www.ferro.com)

Ferro Corp./Keil Chemical Div., 3000 Sheffield Ave., Hammond, IN 46320 USA (Tel. 219-931-2630; 800-628-9079; FAX 219-931-0895; Internet: www.ferro.com)

Ferro Corp./Transelco Div., Box 217, 1789 Transelco Dr., Penn Yan, NY 14527 USA (Tel. 315-536-3357; FAX 315-536-8091)

Ferro (Great Britain) Limited/Colour & Enamel Divs., Ounsdale Rd., Wombourne, Wolverhampton, WV5 8DA UK (Tel. 44-1902-324144; FAX 44-1902-324265)

Ferro Chemicals SA, BP 28, Etang de la Gafette, F-13521 Port-de-Bouc Cedex France (Tel. 33 42 40 73 00; FAX 33 42 40 73 33)

Ferro (Italia) Srl, Via Radici in Piano, 312, 41041 Casinalbo (MO) Italy (Tel. 39 59 559111; FAX 39 59 551109)

Ferro Enamel Espanola S.A., Apartado 232, 12080 Castellon de la Plana Spain (Tel. 34 64 53 39 00; FAX 34 64 52 73 53)

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Fiber Sales & Development Corp. See International Fiber Corp.

Filo Chemical Inc.

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Finetex Inc.

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Fisher Scientific USA, 2000 Park Lane Drive, Pittsburgh, PA 15275-1126 USA (Tel. 800-766-7000; FAX 800-926-1166; E-mail: John.Fusco@ plpit.fishersci.com; Internet: www.fisher1.com)

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- Flexsys N.V., Joint venture of Monsanto and Akzo Nobel nv, Woluwe Gardens, Woluwedal 24, B-1932 St. Stevens Woluwe-Zaventem Belgium (Tel. 32-2-714-32-11; FAX 32-2-714-32-32)
- Flexsys Rubber Chemicals Ltd., Ruabon Works, CEFN MAWR, Wrexham, Clwyd, LL14 3SL, North Wales, UK (Tel. 44 1978 81 21 00; FAX 44 1978 81 04 45)
- Flexsys, Z.I. Les Eaux Blanches, BP 163, 34203 Sete Cedex France (Tel. 33-4 67 46 27 60; FAX 33-4 67 46 27 69)
- Flexsys America L.P., 260 Springside Dr., PO Box 5444, Akron, OH 44334-0444 USA (Tel. 330-666-4111; 800-321-3416; FAX 330-668-8345; Internet: www.flexsys.com)

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Flexsys do Brazil Ltda., Av. Atlantica, 831, Vila Valparaiso, 09060-001 Santo Andre-Sao Paulo Brazil (Tel. 55-11-7610-2235; FAX 55-11-7610-2239)

Flexsys (Pte) Ltd., 89, Science Park Dr., #03-07, The Rutherford Singapore Science Park Singapore 118261 (Tel. 65-872-2808; FAX 65-872-2818)

Florida Distillers Co.

PO Box 4057, West Palm Beach, FL 33402 USA (Tel. 561-655-8977; FAX 561-655-9718)

Fluka Chemical Corp.

1001 West St. Paul Ave., Milwaukee, WI 53233 USA (Tel. 414-273-3850; 800-200-3042; FAX 800-962-9591; Internet: www.sigma-aldrich.com)

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Fisher Scientific UK, Bishop Meadow Rd., Loughborough, Leicestershire, LE11 5RG UK (Tel. 44 1509 231166; FAX 44 1509 231893; E-mail: info@fisher.co.uk; Internet: www.fisher.co.uk)

FMC Corp./Chemical Products Group, 1735 Market St., Philadelphia, PA 19103 USA (Tel. 215-299-6000; 800-468-3853; FAX 215-299-5999; Email: indchem-info@fmc.com; Internet: www.fmc.com)

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- FMC Specialty Chemicals, 200 E. Randolph Dr., Chicago, IL 60601 USA (Tel. 312-861-6000; FAX 312-861-5885)
- FMC Corp. Canada, 625 Howe St., Suite 1200, Vancouver, B.C., V6C 2T6 Canada (Tel. 604-685-6508; FAX 604-689-5917)
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- Frutarom Meer Corp., Member of the Frutarom Group, 9500 Railroad Ave., N. Bergen, NJ 07047-1206 USA (Tel. 201-861-9500; FAX 201-861-9267; E-mail: usa@frutarom.com; Internet: www.frutarom.com)

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- FMC Specialty Chemicals, 200 E. Randolph Dr., Chicago, IL 60601 USA (Tel. 312-861-6000; FAX 312-861-5885)
- FMC Corp. Canada, 625 Howe St., Suite 1200, Vancouver, B.C., V6C 2T6 Canada (Tel. 604-685-6508; FAX 604-689-5917)
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General Electric Silicones

General Electric Co./Silicone Products Div., Subsid. of GE Plastics, 260 Hudson River Rd., Waterford, NY 12188 USA (Tel. 518-233-3330; 800-255-8886; FAX 518-233-2405; E-mail: ges.help@gep.ge.com; Internet: www.ge.com/plastics)

GE Silicones Canada, Inc., 2300 Meadowvale Blvd., Mississauga, Ontario, L5N 5P9 Canada (Tel. 416-858-5741; 800-332-3390)

GE Silicones Mexico, Av. Prolongacion Reforma, #490-Piso 4, Col. Santa Fe, CP 01207 Mexico, D.F. Mexico (Tel. 525-257-6095)

GE Silicones (Argentina), Ave. Leandro N. Allen 619, Piso 9, 801 1001 Buenos Aires Argentina (Tel. 54-1-313-2880; FAX 54-1-313-2915)

GE Silicones, c/o General Electric do Brasil S.A., 10th Floor, Av. Nove do Julho, 5229, 01407-907 Sao Paulo, SP Brazil (Tel. 55-011-3067-8144; Internet: www.ge.com)

GE Silicones Europe, Postbus 117, Plasticslaan 1, 4600 AC Bergen op Zoom The Netherlands (Tel. 31-164-29 2291; FAX 31-164-29-2708)

GE Silicones (UK), Div. of GE Plastics Ltd., Old Hall Rd., Sale, Manchester, Cheshire, M33 2HG UK (Tel. 44 161 905 5000; FAX 44 161-905 5022)

GE Silicones (Germany), Eisenstrasse 5, D-65428 Rüsselsheim Germany (Tel. 49-6142-601-291; FAX 49-6142-601-115)

GE Silicones (Italy), Viale Brianza 181, I-20092 Milano MI Italy (Tel. 39 261 8341; FAX 39 261 834 332)

GE Silicones Nordic, PO Box 6770, St. Eriksgarten, S-11385 Stockholm Sweden (Tel. 46-8457 9693; FAX 46-8457 9691)

GE Silicones (India) Pvt. Ltd., No. 5, Crescent Rd., High Grounds, Bangalore, 560 001 India (Tel. 91-80-2257-473; FAX 91-80-2259-509)

GE Silicones (Australia), 175 Hammond Rd., Dandenong, Victoria, 3175 Australia (Tel. 61-2745 1077; FAX 61 3970 68727)

GE Silicones (Japan), Tonichi Bldg. 4F, Minato-ku, Tokyo, 106 Japan (Tel. 81 3 3479 5361; FAX 81 3 3479 5391)

GE Silicones Korea, c/o Dongyang Silicones Co., Ltd., GEPK Bldg. 4 Fl., 231-8 Nonhyun-dong, Kangnem-ku, Seoul, Korea 135-010 (Tel. 82-2-518-2626)

General Electric Specialty Chemicals

GE Specialty Chemicals, 501 Avery St., PO Box 1868, Parkersburg, WV 26102-1868 USA (Tel. 304-424-5411; 800-872-0022; FAX 304-424-5871; E-mail: geinfo@www.ge.com; Internet: www.ge.com/specialtychemicals)

Generichem Corp.

755 Unio Blvd., PO Box 457, Totowa, NJ 07511-0457 USA (Tel. 973-256-9266; FAX 973-256-0069; E-mail: generichem@aol.com; Internet: www.generichem.com)

Genesee Polymers Corp.

G-5251 Fenton Rd., PO Box 7047, Flint, MI 48507-0047 USA (Tel. 810-238-4966; FAX 810-767-3016)

Genstar Stone Products Co.

Executive Plaza IV, 11350 McCormick Rd., Hunt Valley, MD 21031 USA (Tel. 410-527-4225; FAX 410-527-4535)

Genzyme Corp.

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Georgia Gulf Corp.

400 Perimeter Center Terrace, Suite 595, Atlanta, GA 30346 USA (Tel. 770-395-4591; FAX 770-671-8260)

Georgia Marble Co., Part of IMERYS Pigment & Additives Group

1201 Roberts Blvd., Bldg. 100, Kennesaw, GA 30144-3619 USA (Tel. 770-421-6500; 888-276-7131; FAX 770-421-6507; Internet: www.georgia marble.com)

Georgia-Pacific

Georgia-Pacific Resins Inc., Subsid. of Georgia-Pacific Corp., 55 Park Place, 19th Fl., Atlanta, GA 30303 USA (Tel. 404-652-8617; 800-765-7374; FAX 404-230-7478; E-mail: ceking2@gapac.com; Internet: www.gp.com/chemical)

Georgia-Pacific West, Inc., 300 West Laurel St., Bellingham, WA 98225 USA (Tel. 360-676-7240; 800-365-4348; FAX 360-676-7217)

Georgia-Pacific Resins/Actrachem Operations, 7201 W. 65th St., Bedford Park, IL 60638 USA (Tel. 708-458-8450; 800-323-3231; FAX 708-458-0286)

Geo Specialty Chemicals

Geo Specialty Chemicals, 28601 Chagrin Blvd., Suite 450, Cleveland, OH 44122 USA (Tel. 216-464-5564; FAX 216-765-1307)

Geo Specialty Chemicals/Paper Chemicals Group, 9129 Southern Pine Blvd., Charlotte, NC 28273 USA (Tel. 704-945-7500; 800-243-6535; FAX 704-945-7508)

GFI, Inc.

111 Boston Post Rd., PO Box 777, Sudbury, MA 01776 USA (Tel. 508-443-3674; 800-343-1179; FAX 508-443-5714)

GFS Chemicals, Inc.

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PO Box 6482, Rockville, MD 20849-6482 USA (Tel. 301-601-8000; 800-828-6686; FAX 800-331-2286; Internet: www.lifetech.com)

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PO Box 370, 102 Commerce St., Waynesville, NC 28786 USA (Tel. 704-452-4784; 800-334-5008; FAX 704-452-4786; E-mail: gileschem@aol.com; Internet: www.gileschemical.com)

Gilmore, Inc.

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34650 U.S. Hwy. 19 North, Suite 208, Palm Harbor, FL 34684 USA (Tel. 727-781-8383; FAX 727-781-8388; E-mail: info@girindus.com; Internet: www.girindus.com)

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Goldensun Manufacturing Co.

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214 S. 6th St., Brownfield, TX 79316 USA (Tel. 806-637-2541; 800-692-4450; FAX 806-637-3089; Internet: www.goodpasture.com)

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BFGoodrich Performance Materials, 9911 Brecksville Rd., Brecksville, OH 44141-3247 USA (Tel. 216-447-5000; 800-331-1144; FAX 216-447-5669; E-mail: pminfo@pm.bfg.com; Internet: www.bfgoodrich.com; www.sc.bfgoodrich.com; www.estane.bfgoodrich.com)

BFGoodrich, Textile Performance Chems. Div., 8309 Wilkinson Blvd., Charlotte, NC 28214 USA (Tel. 704-393-0089; 800-545-1067; FAX 704-391-8530; E-mail: sales@glyoxal.com; Internet: www.glyoxal.com)

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Great Lakes

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C.P. Hall Co., 311 South Wacker Dr., Suite 4700, Chicago, IL 60606-6622 USA (Tel. 312-554-7400; 800-449-4747; FAX 312-554-7439; E-mail: info@cphall.com; Internet: www.cphall.com)

C.P. Hall Co., 7300 South Central Ave., Chicago, IL 60638-0428 USA (Tel. 708-594-6000; 800-321-8242; FAX 708-458-0424)

Howard Hall, Div. of R.W. Greeff & Co. Inc.

777 West Putnam Ave., Greenwich, CT 06830 USA (Tel. 203-532-2900; FAX 203-532-2980)

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PO Box 661, 887 Kinderkamack Rd., River Edge, NJ 07661 USA (Tel. 201-262-8899; FAX 201-262-0019; E-mail: info@halocarbon.com; Internet: www.halocarbon.com)

Halstab, Div. Hammond Group Inc.

3100 Michigan St., Hammond, IN 46323 USA (Tel. 219-844-3980; FAX 219-844-7287; E-mail: info@halstab.com; Internet: www.halstab.com)

Haltermann

Haltermann GmbH, Div. of Ascot Specialty Chemicals, Schopenstehl 15, D-20095 Hamburg Germany (Tel. 49-40 333 18 0; FAX 49-40 333 18 214; E-mail: info@hg.haltermann.de; Internet: www.haltermann.com)

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154 S. Livingston Ave., PO Box 104, Livingston, NJ 07039 USA (Tel. 973-994-3650; FAX 973-994-3847; E-mail: hamgilinc@aol.com; Internet: www.hamgil.com)

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54 Veterans Blvd., PO Box 1073, Stratford, CT 06615 USA (Tel. 203-375-1137; FAX 203-386-9754; E-mail: chemical@hampfordresearch.com; Internet: qwww.hampfordresearch.com)

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Hampshire Chemical Ltd., Craven House, 40 Uxbridge Rd., London, W5 2BS UK (Tel. 44 181-579 5443; FAX 44 181-579 3494)

Handy Chemicals Ltd., Member of the Alcan Group of Companies

120 blvd. de l'Industrie, Candiac, Quebec, J5R 1J2 Canada (Tel. 450-659-9693; FAX 450-659-0523)

Hansol Chemical

18th Fl., Hansol Bldg., 736-1 Yoksam-dong Kangnam-ku, Seoul, 135-080 Korea (Tel. 82-2-3287-6714; FAX 82-2-3287-6712; Internet: www.hansolchem.co.kr)

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144 Woodbury Rd., Woodbury, NY 11797 USA (Tel. 516-692-6890; FAX 516-692-6865)

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186 North Ave. E., PO Box 630, Cranford, NJ 07016 USA (Tel. 908-272-7070; FAX 908-272-8966; E-mail: harborchem@aol.com)

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HCI Chemtech Distribution Inc.

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Hexagon Enterprises Inc.

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1975 Old Richmond Rd., PO Box 400, Danville, VA 24540 USA (Tel. 804-797-8100; 800-797-8100; FAX 804-799-2814; E-mail: mdurrant@ gamewood.net; Internet: www.hickson.co.uk) Hickson & Welch Ltd., Div. of Hickson International plc

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1675 N. Main St., Orange, CA 92667 USA (Tel. 714-998-8800; 800-821-7234; FAX 714-998-6310; Internet: www.hillbrothers.com)

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Hitox Corp. of America. See TOR Minerals International

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HoltraChem Group/U.S. Antimony Corp.

5 Strathmore Rd., Natick, MA 01760-2446 USA (Tel. 508-655-2510; 800-343-6470; FAX 508-653-2682)

Honeywell

Honeywell Specialty Chemicals, 101 Columbia Rd., Morristown, NJ 07962 USA (Tel. 973-455-2000; 800-222-0094; FAX 973-455-4807; E-mail: info@corp.honeywell.com; Internet: www.honeywell.com; www. specialtychem.com)

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- Honeywell Specialty Chemicals (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., 16A Science Park, 03-01 Pascal Drive Singapore 118228 (Tel. 65 775 2133; FAX 65 775 2311)

Honeywill & Stein Ltd., Div. of BP Chemicals Ltd.

Times House, Throwley Way, Sutton, Surrey, SM1 4AF UK (Tel. 44 181 770 7090; FAX 44 181-770 7295; Internet: www.honeywill.co.uk)

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State Hwy. 693, PO Box 218, Hiwassee, VA 24347 USA (Tel. 540-980-7233; FAX 540-980-8781; E-mail: hoover@hoovercolor.com; Internet: www.hoovercolor.com)

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H&R Florasynth. See under Haarmann & Reimer

J.M. Huber

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Ihara Nikkei Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.

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Ikeda. See under Amerchol

Ikoma Fine Chemical Co., Ltd.

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8300 College Blvd., Overland Park, KS 66210 USA (Tel. 913-344-9200; 800-637-2775; FAX 800-253-7934, 913-344-9290; Internet: www.hcg.com)

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Hopton Technologies, Inc.

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Kuraray Co. Ltd.

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Landers-Segal Color Co. Inc. (LANSCO Colors)

305 West Grand Ave., Montvale, NJ 07645 USA (Tel. 201-307-5995; 800-4-LANSCO; FAX 201-307-5855)

Langley-Smith & Co. Ltd.

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The R.J. Marshall Co./Polymer Additives Group

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Martin Marietta Magnesia Specialties

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Mineral Research & Development Corp.

One Woodlawn Green, Suite 250, 200 East Woodlawn Rd., Charlotte, NC 28217 USA (Tel. 704-525-2771; 800-334-0417; FAX 704-527-8232; E-mail: mrdc@mrdc.com; Internet: www.mrdc.com)

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35 Highland, Bethlehem, PA 18017 USA (Tel. 800-801-1031; FAX 610-882-8760; Internet: www.mineralstech.com)

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Mobil. See ExxonMobil

Monomer-Polymer & Dajac Labs, Inc.

1675 Bustleton Pike, Feasterville, PA 19053 USA (Tel. 215-364-1155; FAX 215-364-1583)

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- Monsanto Commercial S.A. de C.V., Bosques de Durazno 61, 3R Piso, Bosques de las Lomas, Mexico City, DF 11700 Mexico (Tel. 525-246-2600; FAX 525-251-7923)
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Osram Sylvania Inc.

100 Endicott St., Danvers, MA 01923 USA (Tel. 978-777-1900; 800-544-4828; FAX 978-750-2152; Internet: www.sylvania.com)

Otsuka Chemical Co., Ltd.

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Outokumpu Mintec Oy

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863 S.E. Main St., Simpsonville, SC 29681 USA (Tel. 864-967-7691; 800-763-7272; FAX 864-228-1494; Internet: www.parachem.com)

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Ocean Chemicals Group, Div. of Fluorochem Ltd.

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PO Box 14363, Scottsdale, AZ 85267 USA (Tel. 480-488-2126; 888-948-3956; FAX 480-488-9439; E-mail: noodors@msn.com; Internet: www.odorcontrolco.com)

Oglebay Norton

PO Box 729, 1469 S. Battleground Ave., Kings Mountain, NC 28086 USA (Tel. 704-739-1321; FAX 704-739-7888)

Oilseeds International, Ltd.

855 Sansome St., #100, San Francisco, CA 94111 USA (Tel. 415-956-7251; FAX 415-394-9023)

Old Bridge Chemicals Inc.

Old Waterworks Rd., Old Bridge, NJ 08857 USA (Tel. 732-727-2225; 800-275-3924; FAX 732-727-2653; Internet: www.oldbridgechem.com)

Olin Chlor Alkali Div., Div. of the Olin Corp.

490 Stuart Rd. NE, Cleveland, TN 37312 USA (Tel. 423-336-4580; 800-636-3756; FAX 423-336-4830; E-mail: plperkins@corp.olin.com; Internet: www.olinchloralkali.com)

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Patco Chemical Ind. Inc.

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P.A.T. Products, Inc.

44 Central St., Bangor, ME 04401 USA (Tel. 207-942-6348; FAX 207-942-9662; E-mail: patprod@acadia.net)

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266 W. Mitchell Ave., Cincinnati, OH 45232 USA (Tel. 513-681-0099; FAX 513-681-9899)

PDM Inc. (Pine Derivatives Marketing, Inc.)

104 Webster Building, 3411 Silverside Rd., Wilmington, DE 19810-4801 USA (Tel. 302-478-0768; 800-288-0766; FAX 302-478-0299; E-mail: pdmtrading@pdm-trading.com; Internet: www.pdm-trading.com)

Pea Ridge Iron Ore Co., Inc.

HC-65, Box 110, Sullivan, MO 63080-9205 USA (Tel. 573-468-7211; FAX 573-468-7202)

Pechiney World Trade (USA) Inc.

475 Steamboat Rd., Greenwich, CT 06830 USA (Tel. 203-625-9190; 800-736-7893; FAX 203-625-9191; E-mail: chemicals@pechiney.com)

Pelron Corp.

7847 W. 47 St., Lyons, IL 60534 USA (Tel. 708-442-9100; FAX 708-442-0213)

Penford Products Co., Part of Penford Corp.

1001 First St. SW, Cedar Rapids, IA 52406 USA (Tel. 319-398-3715; 800-582-1615; FAX 319-398-3718; E-mail: customerservices@penford.com; Internet: www.penford.com)

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Penn Specialty Chemicals, Inc., Six Tower Bridge, 181 Washington Street, Suite 450, Conshohocken, PA 19428 USA (Tel. 901-320-4108, 877-895-PENN; FAX 901-320-4013; Internet: www.pennspecialtychemicals.com)

Penn Specialty Chemicals, Ltd., PO Box 318, Bolton, Lancashire, BL2 4FF UK

Penn Specialty Chemicals GmbH, Hahlweg 2, D-36093 Kunzell Germany

Penreco, Div. of Pennzoil Prods. Co.

138 Petrolia St., Karns City, PA 16041 USA (Tel. 724-756-0110; 800-245-3952; FAX 724-756-1955)

Pentad Group

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Pentagon Chemicals Ltd. See Haltermann GmbH

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Penwest Pharmaceuticals

2981 Rt. 22, Patterson, NY 12563-9970 USA (Tel. 914-878-3414; 800-431-2457; FAX 914-878-3484; Internet: www.penw.com)

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Perry Chemical Corp.

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Perstorp Polyols, Inc.

600 Matzinger Rd, Toledo, OH 43612 USA (Tel. 419-729-5448; 800-537-0280; FAX 419-729-3291)

Pfaltz & Bauer Inc.

172 E. Aurora St., Waterbury, CT 06708 USA (Tel. 203-574-0075; 800-225-5172; FAX 203-574-3181; E-mail: sales@pfaltzandbuaer.com; Internet: www.pfaltzandbauer.com)

Pfanstiehl Laboratories, Inc.

1219 Glen Rock Ave., PO Box 439, Waukegan, IL 60085 USA (Tel. 847-623-0370; 800-383-0126; FAX 847-623-9173; E-mail: info@pfanstiehl.com; Internet: www.pfanstiehl.com)

George Pfau's Sons Co., Inc.

824 Wall St., PO Box 7, Jeffersonville, IN 47130 USA (Tel. 812-283-6697; 800-PFAU-OIL; FAX 812-283-0765)

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58 Vale Rd., Brookfield, CT 06804-3967 USA (Internet: www.pharmcoprod.com)

Phelps Dodge Refining Corp.

PO Box 20001, El Paso, TX 79998 USA (Tel. 915-775-8826; 800-223-8567; FAX 915-775-8350)

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Phenoxy Associates

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Phibrochem, Div. of Philipp Bros. Chemicals Inc.

One Parker Plaza, Fort Lee, NJ 07090 USA (Tel. 201-944-6020; 800-223-0434; FAX 201-944-6245)

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Phillips Chemical Co. See ChevronPhillips

Phoenix Chemical, Inc.

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Pilot Chemical Co.

11756 Burke St., Santa Fe Springs, CA 90670 USA (Tel. 213-723-0036; 800-707-4568; FAX 562-945-1877; E-mail: info@pilotchemical.com; Internet: www.pilotchemical.com)

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Polygon Corp.

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Poly Hi Solidur, Subsid. of Menasha Corp.

2710 American Way, PO Box 9086, Fort Wayne, IN 46899 USA (Tel. 219-747-4100; 800-628-7264; FAX 219-478-1074; E-mail: tivar@polyhisolidur.com; Internet: www.polyhisolidur.com)

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297 Ferry St., Newark, NJ 07105 USA (Tel. 973-344-2700; FAX 973-344-7952; E-mail: sales@korad-pep.com; Internet: www.korad-pep.com)

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- PQ Hollow Spheres Ltd., Bury St. Edmunds, Suffolk UK (Tel. 44 1284 749200)

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SA Paper Chemicals, Rep. of S. Africa

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185 Ave. de Fontainebleau BP4, 77981 St. Fargeau-Ponthierry Cedex France (Tel. 33 1 60-65-21 00; FAX 33 1 60-65-21 01)

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Sigma-Aldrich N.V./S.A., K. Cardijnplein 8, B-2880 Bornem Belgium (Tel. 32 3 899 1301; FAX 32 3 899 1311; E-mail: sigmaldr@sial.be)

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Sinochem Tianjin Import & Export Corp.

58 Nanjing Rd., Tianjin China (Tel. 86-22-23301755; FAX 86-22-23393176; E-mail: sncmtjtw@public.tjuc.com.cn)

Sivento Inc., A Subsid. of Degussa-Hüls Corp.

65 Challenger Rd., Ridgefield Park, NJ 07660 USA (Tel. 201-641-6100, 877-SIVENTO; FAX 201-641-0750; E-mail: RLicciardello@SiventoInc.com; Internet: www.siventoinc.com)

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Skymart Enterprises, Inc.

PO Box 637, San Gabriel, CA 91778 USA (Tel. 626-286-3742; FAX 626-285-6842)

Sloss Industries Corp.

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Smectite Inc.

PO Box 50156, Caspar, WY 82605 USA (Tel. 307-234-3028; FAX 307-234-3142)

Smith Chem., Div. of Landers-Segal Color Co. Inc. (LANSCO) 305 W. Grand Ave., Montvale, NJ 07645 USA (Tel. 201-307-5995; FAX 201-307-5855)

Werner G. Smith, Inc.

1730 Train Ave., Cleveland, OH 44113 USA (Tel. 216-861-3676; 800-535-8343; FAX 216-861-3680)

SNPE Chimie

12, quai Henri IV, 75181 Paris Cedex 04 France (Tel. 33 1 48 04 68 27; FAX 33 1 48 04 68 87; E-mail: dircom@snpe.com; Internet: www.snpe.com)

SOCO-Lynch Corp.

10747 Patterson Pl., Santa Fe Springs, CA 90670 USA (Tel. 562-903-9626; FAX 562-903-9622)

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Spartan Flame Retardants, Inc.

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Specialty Chem Products Corp., A Bayer Company

Two Stanton St., Marinette, WI 54143 USA (Tel. 715-735-9033; FAX 715-735-5304; Internet: www.bayerus.com)

Specialty Industrial Products, Inc. (SIP)

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Spectra Colors Corp.

25 Rizzolo Rd., Kearny, NJ 07032 USA (Tel. 201-997-0606; 800-527-8588; FAX 800-635-1811; E-mail: spectra.colors@worldnet.att.net; Internet: www.spectracolors.com)

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Spice King Corp.

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Stauber Performance Ingredients, Inc.

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Stepan

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Sternson Ltd./Water Treatment Chemicals Div.

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Stevenson Cooper, Inc.

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Stockhausen

Stockhausen GmbH & Co. KG, A Company of the Degussa-Hüls Group, Bakerpfad 25, D-47805 Krefeld Germany (Tel. 49-2151-38 01; FAX 49-2151-38 1647; E-mail: industri@stockhausen.com; Internet: www.stockhausen.com) Stockhausen, Inc., A Company of the Degussa-Hüls Group, 2401 Doyle St., Greensboro, NC 27406 USA (Tel. 336-333-3500; 800-334-0242; FAX 336-333-3545; E-mail: h2otreat@stockhausen-inc.com; Internet: www.stockhausen-inc.com)

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Joseph Storey & Co. Ltd.

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Strahl & Pitsch, Inc.

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Tricon Colors Inc.

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Tri-Iso, Inc.

480 N. Indian Hill Blvd., Ste. 2A, Claremont, CA 91711 USA (Tel. 909-626-4855; FAX 909-621-9119)

Tri-K Industries, Inc.

151 Veterans Drive, Northvale, NJ 07647 USA (Tel. 201-750-1055; 800-526-0372; FAX 201-750-9785; E-mail: info@tri-k.com; Internet: www.trik.com)

Triple Crown America, Inc.

13 N. Seventh St., Perkasie, PA 18944 USA (Tel. 215-453-2500; FAX 215-453-2508; E-mail: info@triplecrownamerica.com; Internet: www.triple crownamerica.com)

Troy

Troy Corp., PO Box 955, 8 Vreeland Rd., Florham Park, NJ 07932-0955 USA (Tel. 973-443-4200; FAX 973-443-0256; E-mail: marketing@ troycorp.com; Internet: www.troycorp.com)

Troy Chemical Co., Ltd., 3 Director Court, Unit 104, Woodbridge, Ontario, L4L 4S5 Canada (Tel. 905-264-2264; FAX 905-264-2266)

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- Troy Chemical Co. B.V., Uiverlaan 12e, 3145 XN Maassluis The Netherlands (Tel. 31-10 592 7494; FAX 31-10 592 8877)
- Troy Chemie GmbH, Wunstorferstrasse 40, D-30926 Seelze Germany (Tel. 49 5137 8236 316; FAX 49 5137 8236 106)
- Troy France S.A.R.L., 196 Rue Houdan, 92330 Sceaux France (Tel. 33 1 41 13 88 99; FAX 33 1 41 13 60 40)
- Troy Chemical Company B.V., Via Lorenteggio, 35, 20146 Milano Italy (Tel. 390 2 475054; FAX 390 2 471712)
- Troy Chemical Company B.V., Sucursal en Espana, C/ Santiago Rusinyol, 1, 08470 Sant Celoi (Barcelona) Spain (Tel. 34 93 867 5690; FAX 34 93 867 5584)
- Troy Chemical Company B.V., Stokbrovej 9, 8520 Lystrup/Arhus Denmark (Tel. 45 86 232477; FAX 44 86 232479)

Troy Southeast Asia, 35-B Polaris St., Bel-Air Makati, Metro-Manila Philippines (Tel. 63-2-896-6964; FAX 63-2-895-5551)

Trugman Nash Inc.

90 West St., New York, NY 10006 USA (Tel. 212-964-9350; FAX 212-791-1863)

The Tryline Co., Inc.

700 5th Ave., Suite 5050, Seattle, WA 98104 USA (Tel. 206-682-1804; FAX 206-682-2041; E-mail: trylined@aol.com; Internet: www.tryline.com)

Tulco, Inc.

9 Bishop Rd., Ayer, MA 01432 USA (Tel. 508-772-4412; FAX 508-772-1751)

Tulstar Products Inc.

2100 S. Utica, Suite 200, Tulsa, OK 74114-1437 USA (Tel. 918-749-9060; 800-988-5782; FAX 918-747-1444; E-mail: info@tulstar.com; Internet: www.tulstar.com)

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- UCB Chemicals Nordic A/S, Soborg Hovedgade 221, 1, 2860 Soborg Denmark (Tel. 45 3966 9066; FAX 45 3966 69065)
- UCB Chemicals Italia S.p.A., Via Monte di Pieta, 1/A, 20121 Milan Italy (Tel. 39 2 72339; FAX 39 2 86460997)
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- UCB Japan Co. Ltd., Kyodo Bldg., 2-4-10 lwamoto-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, 101 Japan (Tel. 81 3 58202431; FAX 81 3 58202432)

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12 Rt. 17 North, PO Box 970, Paramus, NJ 07653-0970 USA (Tel. 201-843-4000; 800-850-4075; FAX 201-843-7517; E-mail: global@uhe.com; Internet: www.uhe.com)

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- Uniroyal Chemical Co., Inc., A business of Crompton Corp., 199 Benson Road, Middlebury, CT 06749 USA (Tel. 203-573-2000; 800-322-3243; Internet: www.uniroyalchemical.com)
- Uniroyal Chemical Ltd., PO Box 250, Erb St., Elmira, Ontario, N3B 3A3 Canada (Tel. 519-669-1671; 800-265-2157; FAX 519-669-1679)
- Uniroyal Quimica S.A., Av. Engenheiro (CEP 04571-010), Luis Carlos Borrini, 1303-11 Andar, Brooklin Novo, Sao Paulo Brazil (Tel. 55-11-550-63611; FAX 55-11-550-63955)
- Uniroyal Chemical Ltd., Kennet House, 4 Langley Quay, Waterside Drive, Slough, Berkshire, SL3 6EH UK (Tel. 44 1753 603000; FAX 44 1753 603078)
- Uniroyal Chimica SpA, Via delle Industrie 40, Casella Pastale 13, 04013 Latina-Scalo Italy (Tel. 39-773-6151; FAX 39-773-615334)
- Uniroyal Chemical Pty. Ltd., 3 Bowen Crescent, Melbourne Australia (Tel. 61 39-867-2811; FAX 61 39-867-2835)

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United-Guardian, Inc., 230 Marcus Blvd, PO Box 18050, Smithtown, NY 11788 USA (Tel. 516-273-0900; 800-645-5566; FAX 516-273-0858; E-mail: jvernice@u-g.com; Internet: www.u-g.com)

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Route 202, PO Box 2190, Flemington, NJ 08822 USA (Tel. 908-782-5454; FAX 908-782-3489)

U.S. Biochemical Corp.

PO Box 22400, Cleveland, OH 44122 USA (Tel. 216-765-5000; 800-321-9322; FAX 216-464-5075)

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U.S. Borax Inc., Member of The RTZ Corp. plc, 26877 Tourney Rd., Valencia, CA 91355-1847 USA (Tel. 661-287-5400; 800-US BORAX; FAX 800-626-4872; E-mail: kkshen@compuserve.com; Internet: www.borax.com)

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U.S. Polymers Inc.

300 E. Primm St., St. Louis, MO 63111 USA (Tel. 314-638-1632; FAX 314-638-3100; Internet: www.uspolymers.com)

U.S. Silica Co.

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Universal Color Dispersions, Div. of Morton Int'l.

2701 E. 170 St., Lansing, IL 60438 USA (Tel. 708-474-7000; 800-23-COLOR; FAX 708-868-7485)

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33 Roberts St., Rockaway, NJ 07866 USA (Tel. 973-625-2755; FAX 973-625-3543; E-mail: vilaxcorp@aol.com)

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245 TownPark Drive, Suite 200, Kennesaw, GA 30144 USA (Tel. 770-436-1542; 800-347-1542; FAX 770-436-3432; E-mail: Front-Desk@ viningsind.com; Internet: www.viningsind.com)

Vitamins, Inc.

200 E. Randolph Dr., Chicago, IL 60601-7799 USA (Tel. 312-861-0700; FAX 312-861-0708)

Vivion Inc.

929 Bransten Rd., San Carlos, CA 94070 USA (Tel. 650-595-3600; FAX 650-595-2094)

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1200 Urban Center Dr., Birmingham, AL 35238-5015 USA (Tel. 800-633-8280; FAX 205-933-6039; Internet: www.vul.com)

VYN-AC Inc.

PO Box 788, Ormond Beach, FL 32175-0788 USA (Tel. 800-342-8475, #567)

Vyse Gelatin Co.

5010 N. Rose St., Schiller Park, IL 60176 USA (Tel. 847-678-4780; 800-533-2152; FAX 847-628-0329; E-mail: sales@vyse.com; Internet: www.vyse.com) **UOP France s.a.r.l.**, 24, Rue Saarinen Silic 252, 94568 Rungis Cedex France (Tel. 33 1 41 80 16 60; FAX 33 1 41 80 16 66)

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- UOP Ltd., 5th Fl. Marine House, Rakhamovsky per. 4, Bld. 1, Moscow, 103051 Russia (Tel. 7 095 258 2890; FAX 7 095 258 2989)
- UOP Ltd., Al-Jamal St. 22, Mushrefah District 4, Jeddah, 21472 Saudi Arabia (Tel. 966 2 672 7033; FAX 966 2 671 7093)
- UOP Middle East Company, World Trade Centre Level 25, PO Box 9248, Dubai United Arab Emirates (Tel. 9 714 313 841; FAX 9 714 317 033)
- UOP India Pvt. Ltd./UOP Asia Ltd., Industrial Park Sector-36, Pace City II, Gurgaon, Haryana, 122004 India (Tel. 91 124 373288-91; FAX 91 124 373283-84)
- UOP Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd., 101 Thomson Rd. #16-03/04 Singapore 307591 Singapore (Tel. 65 253 1652; FAX 65 253 0088)
- UOP Processes International, Lido Commercial Bldg. A1-514, Jichang-Jiangtai Rd., Beijing, 100004 China (Tel. 86 10 6437 6766; FAX 86 10 6437 6616)
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Vam Organic Chemicals Ltd., R&D

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R.T. Vanderbilt Co. Inc., 30 Winfield St, PO Box 5150, Norwalk, CT 06856-5150 USA (Tel. 203-853-1400; 800-243-6064; FAX 203-853-1452; E-mail: sales@rtvanderbilt.com; Internet: www.rtvanderbilt.com)

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PO Box 860071, Plano, TX 75074 USA (Tel. 972-423-1120; FAX 972-423-1291)

Van Leer Flexibles

9505 Bamboo Rd., Houston, TX 77041 USA (Tel. 713-462-6111; 800-VALERON; FAX 713-690-2746; E-mail: sales@valeron.com; Internet: www.valeron.com)

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6100 Carillon Point, Kirkland, WA 98033 USA (Tel. 425-889-3400; 800-234-4588; FAX 425-889-4100; E-mail: john.sammons@vwr-inc.com; Internet: www.vwr-na.com)

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Venchem Ltd.

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Vivion Inc.

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- Wacker Silicones Corp., Wholly owned subsid. of Wacker-Chemie GmbH, 3301 Sutton Rd., Adrian, MI 49221-9397 USA (Tel. 517-264-8500; 800-248-0063; FAX 517-264-8246; E-mail: customercare@wackersilicones.com; Internet: www.wackersilicones.com)
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250 Harding Blvd. W., PO Box 32223, Richmond Hill, Ontario, L4C 9S3 Canada (Tel. 905-886-9798; FAX 905-889-9839; E-mail: walltrade@ sprint.ca)

Wang Trading Enterprises, Inc.

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Warner-Jenkinson Co., Subsid. of Universal Foods Corp.

2526 Baldwin St., St. Louis, MO 63106 USA (Tel. 314-889-7600; 800-325-8110; FAX 314-658-7431)

Robert I. Webber Co., Inc.

35 Corporate Dr., Trumbull, CT 06611 USA (Tel. 203-452-3080; FAX 203-452-3085)

Wego Chemical & Mineral Corp.

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Welch, Holme & Clark Co. Inc.

7 Ave. L, Newark, NJ 07105 USA (Tel. 973-465-1200; FAX 973-465-7332; E-mail: whc@welch-holme-clark.com; Internet: www.welch-holme-clark.com)

Wesco Technologies Ltd.

PO Box 3880, San Clemente, CA 92674-3880 USA (Tel. 949-366-1221; 800-223-3878 (CA); FAX 949-492-6025; E-mail: sales@wtl.com; Internet: www.wtl.com)

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Westchem, Inc.

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Westco Chemicals, Inc.

11312 Hartland St., North Hollywood, CA 91605 USA (Tel. 323-877-0077; FAX 323-766-7170; E-mail: westco@usastreet.com)

Westlake Plastics Co.

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PO Box 927833, San Diego, CA 92192-7833 USA (Tel. 619-692-2688; FAX 619-277-6726; E-mail: news@westprochem.com; Internet: www.westprochem.com)

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Westvaco Corp., Chemical Div.

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Wilbur-Ellis Co.

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215 N. Centennial St., Zeeland, MI 49464 USA (Tel. 616-772-2193; 800-223-0453; FAX 616-772-7344; E-mail: jstanulonis@m1.cambrex.com; Internet: www.cambrex.com)

Zeneca Agrochemicals/Zeneca Crop Protection, Part of AstraZeneca

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520 Westfield Ave., Elizabeth, NJ 07208 USA (Tel. 908-351-0140; FAX 908-351-8837)

Zaclon Inc., Partner with Henkel KGaA

2981 Independence Rd., Cleveland, OH 44115 USA (Tel. 216-271-1715; 888-854-1605; FAX 216-271-1792; E-mail: zaclon@zaclon.com; Internet: www.zaclon.com)

Zeeland Chemicals, Inc., A Cambrex Co.

215 N. Centennial St., Zeeland, MI 49464 USA (Tel. 616-772-2193; 800-223-0453; FAX 616-772-7344; E-mail: jstanulonis@m1.cambrex.com; Internet: www.cambrex.com)

Zeneca Agrochemicals/Zeneca Crop Protection, Part of AstraZeneca

Fernhurst, Haslemere, Surrey, GU27 3JE UK (Tel. 44 1428 657 222; FAX 44 1428 657 385; Internet: www.zenecaag.com)

Zeochem

1314 S. 12 St., PO Box 35940, Louisville, KY 40232 USA (Tel. 502-634-7600; 800-626-5355; FAX 502-634-8133)

Zeolyst International

PO Box 830, Valley Forge, PA 19482 USA (Tel. 610-651-4552; FAX 610-825-1421; E-mail: bmarcus@pqcorp.com; Internet: www.zeolyst.com)

Zetapharm, Inc.

70 W. 36th St., Suite 600, New York, NY 10088 USA (Tel. 212-643-2310; FAX 212-643-2316; E-mail: zeta@zetapharm.com)

Zhuhai Skyhigh Chemicals Co. Ltd.

20/F., Everbright Int'l. Trade Centre, Zhuhai City, Guangdong Province P.R. China (Tel. 86 756 3326850; FAX 86 756 3326857; E-mail: sales@skychem.com; Internet: www.skychem.com)

Ziegler Chemical & Mineral Corp.

100 Jericho Quad, Ste. 140, Jericho, NY 11753 USA (Tel. 516-681-9600; FAX 516-681-9604; E-mail: info@zieglerchemical.com; Internet: www.zieglerchemical.com)

Zimmer AG

Borsigalle 1, D-60388 Frankfurt/Main Germany (Tel. 69-4007-01; FAX 69-4007-546)

Zinc Corp. of America

300 Frankfort Rd., Monaca, PA 15061-2295 USA (Tel. 724-774-1020; 800-962-7500; FAX 724-773-2217)

Whitford

Whitford Corp., PO Box 2347, West Chester, PA 19380-0110 USA (Tel. 610-296-3200; FAX 610-647-4849; E-mail: sales@whitfordww.com; Internet: www.whitfordww.com)

Whitford Plastics Ltd., Christleton Court, Manor Park, Runcorn, Cheshire, WA7 1SU UK (Tel. 44 1928 571000; FAX 44 1928 571010)

Peter Whiting (Chemicals) Ltd.

1 Oil Mill Lane, Hammersmith, London, W6 9UA UK (Tel. 44 181 741 4025; FAX 44 181-741 1737; E-mail: sales@whiting-chemicals.co.uk; Internet: www.whiting-chemicals.co.uk)

Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

1000 Coolidge St., South Plainfield, NJ 07080 USA (Tel. 908-561-6100; 800-732-0562; FAX 800-833-8139; Internet: www.wcdinc.com)

Whyte Chemicals Limited

Marlborough House, 298 Regents Park Rd., Finchley, London, N3 2UA UK (Tel. 44 181 346 5946; FAX 44 181 349 4589; Internet: www.whytechemicals. co.uk)

Wilbur-Ellis Co.

191 West Shaw Avenue, Suite 107, Fresno, CA 93704 USA (Tel. 209-226-1934; FAX 209-442-4089; Internet: www.wilburellis.com)

Wilshire Chemical Co., Inc.

15324 S. Broadway, Gardena, CA 90248 USA (Tel. 310-323-9232; FAX 310-770-4910; E-mail: WilshrChem@aol.com; Internet: http:// users.aol.com/WilshrChem/Wilshire.htm)

Witton Chemical Co. Ltd.

Hampstead Ave., Mildenhall, Bury St. Edmunds, Suffolk, IP28 7AS UK (Tel. 44 1638 716001; FAX 44 1638 717658; E-mail: ukoffice@witton.com; Internet: www.witton.com)

Wolstenholme International

Wolstenholme International Ltd., Springfield House, PO Box 14, Darwen, Lancashire, BB3 0RX UK (Tel. 44 1254 760099; FAX 44 1254 873009; Internet: www.wolstenholme-int.com)

Wolstenholme International, 3450 Eagle Dr., Allegan, MI 49010 USA (Tel. 616-673-5822; FAX 616-673-6005; Internet: www.wolstenholmeint.com/wolint/frameset.html)

Worlée

Worlée-Chemie GmbH, Grusonstr. 22, D-22113 Hamburg Germany (Tel. 49 40 733 33-0; FAX 49 40 733 33 290; E-mail: worlee-chemie@ch. worlee.de; Internet: www.worlee.de)

E.H. Worlée & Co. (UK) Ltd., Suite 5, Third Floor, Copthall House, Nelson Place, Newcastle-under-Lyme, Staffordshire, ST4 1EZ UK (Tel. 44 1782 71 46 14; FAX 44 1782 71 42 39; E-mail: sales@worlee.co.uk)

E.H. Worlée & Co. Sarl, 41 Ave. Du Cher, F-37150 La Croix en Touraine France (Tel. 33 2 47 23 57 57; FAX 33 2 47 57 97 84)

E.H. Worlée & Co. B.V., Meenthof 17 A, NL-1241 CP Kortenhoef The Netherlands (Tel. 31 35 6 56 14 24; FAX 31 35 6 56 06 94; E-mail: chemie@worlee.nl)

Worlée Italia S.r.I., Viale Monza 171, I-20125 Milano Italy (Tel. 39 2 90 36 25 89; FAX 39 2 90 36 21 35)

Worthen Industries, Inc.

3 East Spit Brook Rd., Nashua, NH 03060 USA (Tel. 603-888-5443; FAX 603-888-7945; E-mail: jfanara@worthenind.com; Internet: www.worthenind. com)

Worthington Biochemical Corp.

730 Vassar Ave., Lakewood, NJ 08701 USA (Tel. 732-942-1660; 800-445-9603; FAX 800-368-3108; E-mail: office@worthington-biochem.com; Internet: www.worthington-biochem.com)

Wright Corp.

PO Box 9009, 102 Orange St., Wilmington, NC 28402 USA (Tel. 910-251-8952; FAX 910-762-9223)

Wyo-Ben, Inc.

PO Box 1979, 550 S. 24th St. W., Suite 201, Billings, MT 59103 USA (Tel. 406-652-6351; 800-548-7055; FAX 406-656-0748; E-mail: information@ wyoben.com; Internet: www.wyoben.com)

Yoneyama Chemical Industries, Ltd.

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PO Box 830, Valley Forge, PA 19482 USA (Tel. 610-651-4552; FAX 610-825-1421; E-mail: bmarcus@pqcorp.com; Internet: www.zeolyst.com)

Zetapharm, Inc.

70 W. 36th St., Suite 600, New York, NY 10088 USA (Tel. 212-643-2310; FAX 212-643-2316; E-mail: zeta@zetapharm.com)

Zhuhai Skyhigh Chemicals Co. Ltd.

20/F., Everbright Int'l. Trade Centre, Zhuhai City, Guangdong Province P.R. China (Tel. 86 756 3326850; FAX 86 756 3326857; E-mail: sales@skychem.com; Internet: www.skychem.com)

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Borsigalle 1, D-60388 Frankfurt/Main Germany (Tel. 69-4007-01; FAX 69-4007-546)

Zinc Corp. of America

300 Frankfort Rd., Monaca, PA 15061-2295 USA (Tel. 724-774-1020; 800-962-7500; FAX 724-773-2217)

Zinkan Enterprises, Inc.

10574 Ravenna Rd., Twinsburg, OH 44087 USA (Tel. 330-487-1500; 800-229-6801; FAX 330-425-8202; E-mail: sales@zinkan.com; Internet: www.zinkan.com)

William Zinsser & Co., Inc.

173 Belmont Dr., Somerset, NJ 08875 USA (Tel. 732-469-8100; FAX 732-563-9774)

Zircar Products Inc.

110 N. Main St., PO Box 458, Florida, NY 10921 USA (Tel. 914-651-4481; FAX 914-651-3192; E-mail: zircarsa@zircar.com; Internet: www.zircar.com)

ZOCHEM, Div. of Hudson Bay Mining & Smelting Co., Ltd.

1 Tilbury Court, PO Box 1120, Brampton, Ontario, L6V 2LB Canada (Tel. 905-453-4100; FAX 905-453-2920; E-mail: info@zochem.com; Internet: www.zochem.com)

Zohar Detergent Factory

19239 Kibbutz Dalia Israel (Tel. 972 44 9897 234; FAX 972 44 9897 200)

Zschimmer & Schwarz

Zschimmer & Schwarz GmbH & Co., Postfach 2179, Max-Schwarz-Str. 3-5, D-56112 Lahnstein-Rhein Germany (Tel. 49 2621 12-0; FAX 49 2621-12407; E-mail: zsmph@aol.com; Internet: www.zschimmer-schwarz.de) Zschimmer & Schwarz Italiana SpA, Casella Postale N. 1, I-13038 Tricerro-Vercelli Italy (Tel. 39 161 80 81 11; FAX 39 161 80 73 35)

- Zschimmer & Schwarz SARL, 10 rue Saint-Marc, F-75002 Paris France (Tel. 33 1 42 33 10 33; FAX 33 1 40 26 23 81)
- Zschimmer & Schwarz España S.A., Ctra. CV-20, km 3,200, Apdo. 118, E-12540 Villarreal-Castellón Spain (Tel. 34 964 62 63 65; FAX 34 964 62 60 92)
- Zschimmer & Schwarz Chemicals UK Ltd., 6 Bridgford Rd., West Bridgford, GB-Nottingham, NG2 6AB UK (Tel. 44 115 981 55 41; FAX 44 115 981 56 41)
- Zschimmer & Schwarz Inc., Chem-Tex Div., 70 GA Highway 22W, Milledgeville, GA 31061 USA (Tel. 912-454-1942; FAX 912-453-8854)
- Zschimmer & Schwarz Argentina S.A., Av. de Mayo 666 -piso 4° B, RA-1084 Buenos Aires Argentina (Tel. 54 11 4 342 43 50; FAX 54 11 4 331 10 56)
- Zschimmer & Schwarz Chemicals HK Limited, Room 1004, Lyndhurst Tower, 1 Lyndhurst Terrace, Central, S.A.R. Hong Kong (Tel. 852 2525 3819; FAX 852 2877 9426)
- Zschimmer & Schwarz Chemicals HK Limited (Beijing Rep. Office), Room 1405, Kun Tai Bldg., No. 10 Chao Wai Da Jie, Beijing, 100020 People's Rep. of China (Tel. 86 10 65 99 52 01; FAX 86 10 65 99 52 03)

Appendixes

CAS Number Index

50-00-0

Formaldehyde Hercules® 37M6-8

50-70-4

Liponic 70-NC Liponic 76-NC **Sorbitol** Sorbitol Sol'n. High Mannitol

52-51-7 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-

diol Myacide® Myacide® AS Plus Myacide® Pharma® BP Paxgard BD 20 Paxgard BD 88

56-35-9 bioMeT TBTO Tributyltin oxide

56-37-1 Benzyltriethyl ammonium chloride TEBAC

57-10-3 Palmitic acid

57-11-4 Loxiol® G 20 Stearic acid

57-13-6 Urea

57-39-6 Tris [1-(2-methyl-aziridinyl) phosphine oxide]

57-55-6 Propylene glycol

59-50-7 p-Chloro-m-cresol

60-00-4 Edetic acid Versene Acid

60-33-3 Linoleic acid Pamolyn® 200 Pamolyn® 240

62-33-9 Calcium disodium EDTA (anhyd.) Versene CA

62-38-4 Phenylmercuric acetate

62-56-6 Thiourea

64-02-8 Sequestrene® 30A Tetrasodium EDTA Trilon® B Versene 100 Versene 100 EP Versene 100 LS Versene 100 SRG Versene 100 XL Versene 220

64-17-5 Alcohol

64-18-6 Formic acid

64-19-7 Acetic acid

67-43-6 Masquol® DTPA Liq. **Pentetic acid**

67-56-1 Methyl alcohol

67-63-0 Isopropyl alcohol

67-64-1 Acetone

68-12-2 Dimethyl formamide

71-23-8 Propyl alcohol

71-36-3

Butyl alcohol

71-41-0 n-Amyl alcohol

74-31-7 N,N⁻-Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine

75-21-8 Ethylene oxide

75-55-8 Propyleneimine

75-65-0 t-Butyl alcohol

75-91-2 t-Butyl hydroperoxide T-Hydro® Sol'n.

77-89-4 Acetyl triethyl citrate ATEC Citroflex® A-2

77-90-7 Acetyl tributyl citrate ATBC Citroflex® A-4 Citroflex® A-4 Special Uniplex 84

77-92-9 Citric acid (anhyd.) Eldorado FCA-810 Liquinat®

77-93-0 Citroflex® 2 TEC Triethyl citrate

78-42-2 Trioctyl phosphate

78-51-3 Amgard® TBEP KP-140® Phosflex® TBEP Tributoxyethyl phosphate 2,2⁻Azobisisobutyronitrile

78-83-1 Isobutyl alcohol

78-92-2 2-Butanol

78-93-3 Methyl ethyl ketone

78-96-6 Isopropanolamine

79-06-1 Acrylamide

79-07-2 Chloroacetamide

79-10-7 Acrylic acid

79-21-0 Peracetic acid

79-41-4 Methacrylic acid Mhoromer® AM 199

80-15-9 Cumene hydroperoxide

80-30-8 N-Cyclohexyl-p-toluenesulfonamide

80-39-7 Ethyl toluenesulfonamide Uniplex 108

80-62-6 Methyl methacrylate Mhoromer® MMA

81-11-8 4,4´-Diaminostilbene-2,2´disulfonic acid

81-88-9 Basic violet 10

84-61-7 Dicyclohexyl phthalate Uniplex 250

84-65-1 Anthraquinone Diaq 60 Fleetquest 8800 QEMI Q-AQ-60

84-69-5 Diisobutyl phthalate Uniplex 155

84-74-2 Dibutyl phthalate Uniplex 150

84-75-3 Dihexyl phthalate

84-77-5 Didecyl phthalate

85-60-9 4,4[°]-Butylidenebis (6-t-butyl-mcresol) Santowhite[®] BBMC

85-68-7 Butyl benzyl phthalate

85-70-1 n-Butyl phthalyl-n-butyl glycolate

88-58-4 Di-t-butylhydroquinone

90-43-7 Nipacide® OPP o-Phenylphenol

91-44-1 7-Diethylamino-4-methylcoumarin

91-88-3 N-Ethyl-N-hydroxyethyl-mtoluidine

92-50-2 Phenylethylethanolamine

92-84-2 Phenothiazine

92-87-5 Benzidine

93-82-3 Stearamide DEA

93-83-4 Oleamide DEA

93-90-3 2-(N-Methylanilino) ethanol

94-18-8 Benzylparaben Nipabenzyl

94-28-0

PEG-3 di-2-ethylhexoate

94-36-0 Benzoyl peroxide

94-51-9 Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate

95-19-2 LamChem C-100-S Schercozoline S Stearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

95-38-5 Burco[®] Imidazoline O Imidazoline 18OH Nopcogen 22-0 Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline Schercozoline O

95-47-6 o-Xylene

96-33-3 Methyl acrylate Norsocryl® MA

96-69-5 Santonox® TBMC 4,4'-Thiobis-6-(t-butyl-mcresol)

97-05-2 5-Sulfosalicylic acid

97-23-4 Dichlorophene

97-63-2 Ethyl methacrylate Mhoromer® AM 101

97-65-4 Itaconic acid

97-74-5 Monex® Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide

97-86-9 Blemmer IBMA Degalan® LP 70/01 Isobutyl methacrylate Mhoromer® AM 105H

97-88-1 Blemmer BMA Butyl methacrylate Mhoromer® AM 103H

97-90-5 Bisomer EGDMA Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate

97-99-4 QO® Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol (THFA®) Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol **98-79-3** Ajidew A-100 **PCA**

100-20-9 Terephthaloyl chloride

100-37-8 Diethylaminoethanol

100-97-0 Hexamethylenetetramine

101-43-9 Cyclohexyl methacrylate Mhoromer® BM 711

102-06-7 Diphenylguanidine DPG Perkacit[®] DPG

102-71-6 Triethanolamine

102-76-1 Triacetin

102-96-5 β-Nitrostyrene

103-11-7 Norsocryl® 2EHA Octyl acrylate

104-15-4 Cycat® 4040 K-Cure® 1040W Nacure® 2522 Nacure® XC-2211 Nacure® XC-8224 Nacure® XP-386 p-Toluene sulfonic acid

104-76-7 2-Ethylhexanol

105-16-8 Ageflex FM-2 Diethylaminoethyl methacrylate

105-46-4 s-Butyl acetate

105-64-6 Diisopropyl perdicarbonate

106-07-0 PEG-4 stearate

106-11-6 Lumulse™ DGS PEG-2 stearate PEG-2 stearate SE

106-12-7 Lumulse[™] DGO PEG-2 oleate PEG-2 oleate SE

106-14-9

Hydroxystearic acid Loxiol® G 21

106-17-2 Glycol ricinoleate

106-65-0 DBE-4 Dimethyl succinate

106-69-4 1,2,6-Hexanetriol

106-89-8 Epichlorohydrin

106-91-2 Glycidyl methacrylate SR 379

106-98-9 1-Butene Gulftene® 4

107-02-8 Acrolein

107-13-1 Acrylonitrile

107-15-3 Ethylenediamine (anhyd.)

107-21-1 Glycol

107-22-2 Glyoxal Protectol® GL 40

107-41-5 Hexylene glycol

107-54-0 Dimethyl hexynol Surfynol® 61

107-64-2 Distearyldimonium chloride

107-98-2 Methoxyisopropanol

108-01-0 Dimethylethanolamine

108-05-4 Resyn® 25-1151 Synthemul® 97635 Synthemul® 97635-00 Vinyl acetate

108-21-4 Isopropyl acetate

108-31-6 Maleic anhydride

108-32-7 Propylene carbonate

108-65-6

Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate

108-78-1 Melamine

108-82-7 2,6-Dimethyl heptanol-4

108-88-3 Toluene

108-93-0 Cyclohexanol

108-95-2 Phenol

109-16-0 PEG-3 dimethacrylate SR 205

109-17-1 PEG-4 dimethacrylate SR 209

109-30-8 PEG-2 distearate

109-43-3 Dibutyl sebacate

109-53-5 Vinyl isobutyl ether

109-60-4 Propyl acetate

109-99-9 Tetrahydrofuran

110-05-4 Di-t-butyl peroxide

110-17-8 Fumaric acid

110-22-5 Acetyl peroxide

110-27-0 Isopropyl myristate

110-30-5 Acrawax® C Advawax® 280 Advawax® 290 Alkamide® STEDA Ethylene distearamide Glycowax® 765 Kemamide® W-39 Kemamide® W-40 Kemamide® W-45 Lipowax C Ross Wax #140

110-31-6 Advawax® 240 Ethylene dioleamide Kemamide® W-20

110-34-9

Isobutyl palmitate

110-36-1 Butyl myristate

110-54-3 Hexane

110-82-7 Cyclohexane

110-91-8 Morpholine

110-97-4 Diisopropanolamine

110-98-5 Dipropylene glycol

111-03-5 Glyceryl oleate

111-11-5 Methyl caprylate

111-30-8 Glutaral Metasol® 550 Paxgard GDA Paxgard GT 10 Paxgard GT 20 Protectol® GDA

111-40-0 Ancamine® DETA **Diethylenetriamine**

111-42-2 Diethanolamine

111-57-9 Stearamide MEA

111-60-4 Cithrol EGMS N/E Glycol stearate Mackester™ EGMS Polypax EGMS

111-66-0 Gulftene® 8 Octene-1

111-76-2 Butoxyethanol

111-82-0 Methyl laurate

111-84-2 n-Nonane

111-90-0 Ethoxydiglycol

112-00-5 Adogen® 412 Chemquat 12/33 Chemquat 12/50 Laurtrimonium chloride Nissan Cation BB 112-02-7 Cetrimonium chloride Chemquat 16/50 Nissan Cation PB-40 Nissan Cation PB-300

112-03-8 Nissan Cation AB Steartrimonium chloride

112-10-7 Isopropyl stearate

112-11-8 Isopropyl oleate

112-24-3 Ancamine® TETA Triethylenetetramine

112-30-1 Decyl alcohol Nafol® 10 D

112-34-5 Butoxydiglycol

112-39-0 Methyl palmitate

112-41-4 Dodecene-1 Gulftene® 12

112-57-2 Ancamine® TEPA Tetraethylenepentamine

112-60-7 PEG-4

112-61-8 Methyl stearate

112-62-9 Emery[®] Methyl Oleate Methyl oleate

112-70-9 Tridecyl alcohol

112-72-1 Myristyl alcohol

112-80-1 Oleic acid

112-84-5 Erucamide Struktol® TR 131

112-85-6 Behenic acid

112-88-9 Gulftene® 18 Octadecene-1

112-92-5 Stearyl alcohol

115-83-3

Pentaerythrityl tetrastearate

115-86-6 Triphenyl phosphate

115-98-0 Bis (β-chloroethyl) vinyl phosphonate

117-81-7 s-Dioctyl phthalate

118-52-5 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin

118-74-1 Hexachlorobenzene

119-61-9 Benzophenone BPO

119-90-4 Dianisidine

120-40-1 DeMIDE LA-100 DeMIDE LLA-100 DeMIDE ML-100 DeMIDE MLY-100 Lauramide DEA

120-55-8 Benzoflex[®] 2-45 Diethylene glycol dibenzoate

120-80-9 Pyrocatechol

121-21-1 Pyrethrin I

122-19-0 Incroquat SDQ-25 Nissan Cation S2-100 Stearalkonium chloride

122-20-3 Triisopropanolamine

122-32-7 Triolein

122-39-4 Diphenylamine

123-31-9 Hydroquinone

123-72-8 n-Butyraldehyde

123-94-4 Glyceryl stearate (pure grade) Kemester® 5500 Petrac® GMS

123-95-5 Butyl stearate

124-04-9

Adipic acid Adi-pure®

124-07-2 Caprylic acid

124-10-7 Methyl myristate

124-18-5 n-Decane

124-26-5 Armid[®] 18 Stearamide

124-29-8 Cetyl alcohol

124-30-1 Stearamine

124-38-9 Carbon dioxide

124-68-5 Aminomethyl propanol

126-73-8 Kronitex® TBP Phosflex® 4 Reomol® TBP TBP Tributyl phosphate

126-86-3 Surfynol[®] PC Tetramethyl decynediol

126-92-1 Avirol® SA 4106 DeSULF SEH-40 Sintrex EHR Sodium 2-ethylhexyl sulfate Sulfotex OA Texapon® EHS

127-08-2 Potassium acetate

127-39-9 Diisobutyl sodium sulfosuccinate Geropon[®] CYA/DEP Monawet MB-45

128-03-0 Aquatreat[®] KM Paxgard PDC Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate Qemicide DTC-1050

128-04-1 Aquatreat[®] SDM Paxgard SDC Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate (hydrate) Thiostop[®] N

128-37-0 ВНТ 128-66-5 Vat yellow 4

129-17-9 Acid blue 1

131-17-9 Diallyl phthalate

131-52-2 Sodium pentachlorophenate

132-27-4 Dowicide® A Sodium o-phenylphenate

133-06-2 Captan

134-84-9 4-Methylbenzophenone

135-19-3 β-Naphthol

135-88-6 Phenyl-β-naphthylamine

136-26-5 Capramide DEA

136-32-3 Sodium-2,4,5-trichlorophenate 136-53-8 Zinc 2-ethylhexanoate

136-99-2 LamChem C-100-L Lauryl hydroxyethyl imidazoline Schercozoline L

137-20-2 Geropon® T-33 Geropon® T-43 Geropon® T-51 Geropon® T-77 Sodium methyl oleoyl taurate

137-30-4 Vancide[®] MZ-96 Vancide[®] MZ-96 Disp. Zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate

137-41-7 Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate

138-93-2 Disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate

139-08-2 Barquat® OJ-50 Barquat® OJ-80 Myristalkonium chloride Nissan Cation M2-100

139-12-8 Aluminum acetate 139-13-9 Nitrilotriacetic acid

139-33-3 Disodium EDTA (anhyd.)

139-89-9 Trisodium HEDTA Versenol 120

139-96-8 Paxnol TLS TEA-lauryl sulfate Texapon® T 42

140-01-2 Pentasodium pentetate Trilon® C Liq. Trilon® PC Versenex 80

140-88-5 Ethyl acrylate Rohamere® 84116

140-95-4 Dimethylol urea Protectol® DMU

141-08-2 Glyceryl ricinoleate

141-20-8 Lumulse™ DGL PEG-2 laurate PEG-2 laurate SE Pegosperse® 100 L

141-23-1 Methyl hydroxystearate

141-24-2 Methyl ricinoleate

141-32-2 Butyl acrylate Norsocryl® BA Rohamere® FF-20

141-43-5 Ethanolamine MEA Commercial Grade MEA Low Freeze Grade MEA Low Iron Grade MEA Low Iron-Low Freeze Grade MEA NF Grade

141-78-6 Ethyl acetate

142-09-6 Hexyl methacrylate Mhoromer® AM 107

142-18-7 Glyceryl laurate

142-20-1 PEG-4 distearate

142-31-4

Sodium octyl sulfate Texapon® 842

142-55-2 Propylene glycol laurate

142-59-6 Nabam

142-77-8 Butyl oleate

142-82-5 Heptane

142-90-5 Blemmer SLMA Lauryl methacrylate

142-91-6 Isopropyl palmitate

143-07-7 Lauric acid

143-18-0 Potassium oleate

143-19-1 Sodium oleate

143-23-7 BHMT-HP Bis-hexamethylenetriamine

143-28-2 Oleyl alcohol

144-55-8 Sodium bicarbonate

147-14-8 Copper phthalocyanine blue Octotint 155 Ponolith™ Supra Blue RB Liq.

148-79-8 Thiabendazole

149-30-4 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole Naugex® MBT

149-44-0 Hydrosulfite® AWC Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate

149-91-7 Gallic acid

150-38-9 Trisodium EDTA

150-76-5 Hydroquinone monomethyl ether

151-21-3 Calimulse SLS DeSULF SLS-30LC DeSULF SLS-30LS Paxnol PSLS Paxnol SLS Liq. Paxnol SLS Powd. Paxnol SLS Pure POLYSTEP® B-3 POLYSTEP® B-5 POLYSTEP® B-24 Rhodapon® LCP Rhodapon® LSB Rhodapon[®] SM Rhodapon® UB/E-30 Rhodapon® UB/E-N Sodium lauryl sulfate Stanfax 234 Stanfax 234LCP Stanfax 996 Stanfax 997 STEPANOL® LCP Sulfopon® 101 Sulfopon® 101 Special Sulfopon® 101 Special RHD Texapon® K-12 C Powd. Texapon[®] K-12 Granules Texapon® K-12 Needles Texapon[®] K-1296 C Needles Texapon[®] LS Highly Conc. Needles Texapon[®] OT Highly Conc. Needles Texapon® ZHC Needles

298-18-0 DL-Diepoxybutane

300-92-5 Aluminum distearate

301-02-0 Armid® O Oleamide Struktol® TR 121

302-17-0 Chloral hydrate

307-35-7 Fluorad® FX-8 Perfluorooctanesulfonyl fluoride

314-13-6 Direct blue 53

333-20-0 Potassium thiocyanate

334-48-5 Capric acid

408-35-5 Sodium palmitate

461-58-5 Dicyandiamide

471-34-1 Albacar[®] 5970 Albacar[®] PCC Albafil[®] PCC Albaglos[®] PCC Calcitem S Calcium monocarbonate

Calwhite® Camel-CAL® Camel-CAL[®] Slurry Camel-FINE Camel-WITE® Camel-WITE® Slurry Gamaco® Gama-Sperse® 80 Gama-Sperse[®] 255 G-White Hubercarb® Optifil Hubercarb® Q1 Hubercarb® Q 2 Hubercarb® Q 3 Hubercarb[®] O 4 Hubercarb[®] Q 6 Hubercarb® Q 6-20 Hubercarb® Q 20-60 Hubercarb® Q 40-200 Hubercarb® Q 60 Hubercarb® Q 100 Hubercarb® Q 200 Hubercarb® Q 325 Hubercarb® W 2 Hubercarb® W 3 Hubercarb® W 3N Hubercarb® W 4 H-White Hydrocarb 60-ME 78% Hydrocarb 75-ME 78% Hydrocarb 90-ME 78% Jetcoat™ PCC Magnum Gloss Megafil® PCC Microblanc 1 Microblanc 2 Microblanc 3 Microblanc 5 Microtem 95 Opacarb[®] PCC RO-40 Snowcal 75E (Export) Ultrapaque[®] PCC Whiting Zetafil 1 Zetafil 2 Zetafil 3 477-73-6 Basic red 2 497-19-8 Sodium carbonate (anhvd.) 506-30-9 Arachidic acid

506-43-4 Linoleyl alcohol

513-77-9 Barium carbonate

527-07-1 Gluconal® NG-C Sodium gluconate

532-32-1 Sodium benzoate

533-74-4 Amerstat® 233 Busan® 1058 Busan® 1059 Busan® 1059-WS **3,5-Dimethyl tetrahydro-2-H,1,3,5-thiadiazone-2-thione** Metasol® RB-20 Nuosept® 120 Nuosept® S Protectol® TOE Protectol® TOE Protectol® TOE Granules Troysan® 142

540-72-7 Sodium thiocyanate

544-60-5 Ammonium oleate EW-POL 9110

544-63-8 Myristic acid

546-93-0 Magnesium carbonate (anhyd.)

548-26-5 Acid red 87

548-62-9 Basic violet 3

555-43-1 Tristearin

557-04-0 Magnesium stearate

557-05-1 Cecavon® ZN 70 Cecavon® ZN 735 Haro® Chem ZPR-2 Liquazinc AQ-90 Zinc stearate

557-20-0 Diethyl zinc

577-11-7 Aerosol® OT-75% Aerosol® OT-100% Aerosol® OT-S Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate Drewfax® 0007 Geropon® DOS Geropon® SDS Octowet 40 Octowet 55 Octowet 60 Octowet 60-I Octowet 65 Octowet 70 Octowet 70BC Octowet 70PG Octowet 75 Octowet 75E Pentex® 99 Rapisol B-30, B-80, B-90, C-70 Rewopol[®] SBDO 70 Serwet® WH 170 Surfonic® DOS-70MS

587-98-4

Acid yellow 36

589-68-4 Glyceryl myristate

592-41-6 Gulftene® 6 **1-Hexene**

593-29-3 Potassium stearate

596-03-2 Acid orange 11

602-87-9 5-Nitroacenaphthene

614-33-5 Glyceryl tribenzoate Uniplex 260

623-70-1 Ethyl crotonate

624-04-4 Glycol dilaurate

626-38-0 s-Amyl acetate

627-83-8 Cithrol EGDS N/E Glycol distearate Lumulse™ EGDS Mackester™ EGDS Polypax EGDS

627-93-0 DBE-6 Dimethyl adipate

629-25-4 EW-POL 7902 NaC 12 Sodium laurate

629-73-2 Gulftene® 16 Hexadecene-1

629-96-9 Arachidyl alcohol

631-61-8 Ammonium acetate

632-79-1 Tetrabromophthalic anhydride

633-96-5 Acid orange 7

637-12-7 Aluminum tristearate

642-85-7 Acid blue 40

646-13-9 Isobutyl stearate

661-19-8

Behenyl alcohol

688-37-9 Aluminum oleate

688-84-6 Blemmer EHMA 2-Ethylhexyl methacrylate Mhoromer® BM 713

693-33-4 Cetyl betaine Product BCO

701-64-4 Phenyl acid phosphate

717-74-8 Sure Sol®-450 1,3,5-Triisopropylbenzene

812-00-0 Methyl acid phosphate

818-61-1 2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate Mhoromer® AM 414

822-12-8 Sodium myristate

822-16-2 Cecavon® NA 61 Sodium stearate

868-77-9 Blemmer E 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate Mhoromer® BM 903 Mhoromer® BM 905 Mhoromer® BM 923

872-05-9 Decene-1 Gulftene® 10

872-50-4 N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone

923-26-2 Blemmer P 2-Hydroxypropyl methacrylate

928-24-5 Glycol dioleate

954-16-5 2,4,6-Trimethylbenzophenone

989-38-8 Basic red 1

1002-89-7 Ammonium stearate Stanfax 320 Stanfax 388

1047-16-1 Pigment violet 19 Ponolith™ Supra Red CD Liq.

1077-56-1

Ethyl toluenesulfonamide

1119-40-0 DBE-5 Dimethyl glutarate

1120-36-1 Gulftene® 14 Tetradecene-1

1300-72-7 Pilot® SXS-40 Sodium xylenesulfonate

1302-42-7 Han-Floc 45® Sodium aluminate

1302-78-9 Aquagel Gold Seal[™] 200 Aquagel Gold Seal[™] 325 Bentonite Copisil® Lightcoat Opazil® Printosil® Thermosil®

1303-96-4 Borax Sodium borate decahydrate

1305-62-0 Calcium hydroxide

1305-78-8 Calcium oxide

1308-38-9 Chromium oxide (ic) Synox HG-5040 Synox HG-5050 Synox HG-5060 Synox HG-5080

1309-37-1 Ferric oxide (anhyd.) Iron oxides (Fe₂O₃) Octotint 825

1309-42-8 Magnesium hydroxide MHT® 60 S MHT® 60 XS

1309-48-4 Magnesium oxide

1309-64-4 Antimony trioxide FireShield® H FireShield® HPM FireShield® L Thermoguard® S Thermoguard® UF

1310-66-3 Lithium hydroxide monohydrate

1310-73-2 Sodium hydroxide 1312-76-1 Potassium silicate

Sodium peroxide

. 1313-82-2 Sodium sulfide (anhyd.)

1313-84-4 Sodium sulfide (nonahydrate)

1314-13-2 Zinc oxide

1313-60-6

1314-23-4 Zirconium oxide

1314-60-9 Antimony pentoxide Nyacol® A-1530 Nyacol® A-1550

1314-98-3 Sachtolith® HD-S Sachtolith® L Zinc sulfide

1317-61-9 Iron oxide black Iron oxides (Fe₃O₄) Synox HB-1094

1317-65-3 Atomite® Calcium carbonate Carbital® 35 Carbital® 75 Carbital® 90 CC[™]-103 Micro-White® 10 Slurry Micro-White® 25 Slurry Micro-White® Superamide Opacimite™

1317-80-2

Hitox® Ti-Pure® R-794 Ti-Pure® R-795 Ti-Pure® RPD Vantage® Ti-Pure® RPS Vantage® **Titanium dioxide** Tronox A-X Tronox R-PL-1

1317-97-1 Ultramarine blue

1318-02-1 Abscents® 1000 Abscents® 2000 Abscents® 3000 Zeolite

1318-93-0 Montmorillonite Suspengel 200 Suspengel 325 Suspengel Plus 200 Suspengel Plus 325

1321-69-3

Sodium naphthalene sulfonate Supragil RM/77 DL

1322-98-1 Sodium decylbenzene sulfonate

1323-38-2 Castor (Ricinus communis) oil

1323-39-3 Lumulse[™] PGMS Propylene glycol stearate

1323-42-8 Glyceryl hydroxystearate

1323-83-7 Glyceryl distearate

1327-36-2 Aluminum silicate Hydragloss Iceberg[®] Icecap[®] K Optiwhite[®] Tisyn[®]

1327-41-9

Aquapac™ Ekoflock™ Hyper+lon™ 1050 PAC-300 **Polyaluminum chloride** Sachtoklar® 37 Sachtoklar® 39

1327-43-1 Magnesium aluminum silicate

1328-53-6 Phthalocyanine green

1330-20-7 Xylene

1330-43-4 Sodium borate (anhyd.)

1330-61-6 Isodecyl acrylate SR 395

1330-80-9 Propylene glycol oleate

1332-21-4 Asbestos

1332-28-1 Sodium borate

1332-37-2 Iron oxide red Synox HR-1200 Synox HR-1201 Synox HR-1202 Synox HR-1203 Synox HR-1204 Synox HR-1205 Synox HR-1208 Synox HR-1209 1332-58-7

Alphatex HP ASP® 072 ASP® 100 Astra-Fil Astraplate Bilt-Plates® 145 Bilt-Plates® 156 DB-GLAZE[™] DB-Kote-2 DB-SHEEN™ Kaolin Opacitex Peerless® No. 1 Peerless[®] No. 2 Peerless® No. 3 Premier WW Filler™

1333-84-2 Alumina (hydrate)

1333-86-4 Black Pearls® 430 Black Pearls® 450 Black Pearls® L Carbon black Continex® LH-10 Continex® N351 Moaul[®] L Ponolith[™] Fast Black P Liq. Ponolith[™] Supra Black B Liq. Printex[®] XE 2 Raven® H2O Regal® 991 Regal® 99R Regal® 300R Regal® 330 Regal® 330R Regal® 400 Regal® 400R Regal® SRF-S Sterling[®] R

1333-89-7 Abitol®-E Hydroabietyl alcohol

1335-72-4 Sodium laureth sulfate

1335-88-2 Tetrachloronaphthalene

1336-21-6 Ammonium hydroxide

1337-33-3 Monostearyl Citrate (MSC) Stearyl citrate

1338-39-2 Crill 1

> DeMULS SML Lumisorb™ SML Sorbitan laurate

1338-41-6 Crill 3 DeMULS SMS Emsorb® 2505 Lumisorb™ SMS Polypax SMS Sorbitan stearate

1338-43-8

Crill 4 DeMULS SMO Lumisorb[™] SMO Sorbitan oleate

1338-51-8 Tosylamide/formaldehyde resin Uniplex 600

1343-98-2 Quso® G35, G38, WR55, WR83 Silica, hydrated Sipernat® 22LS Sipernat® 22S Sipernat® 50 Sipernat® 300DS Sipernat® 310 Sipernat® 320DS

1344-00-9 EZA® Sodium silicoaluminate Zeolex® 23P

1344-06-5 Sodium phosphoaluminate

1344-09-8

Crystal[™] 78 Crystal[™] 82 D[®] Sodium Silicate K[®] Sodium Silicate N[®] Clear Sodium Silicate N[®] Sodium Silicate O[®] Sodium Silicate Star[®] Sodium Silicate Star[®] Sodium Silicate

1344-28-1 Alumina SAFFIL High Alpha Grade SAFFIL Low Alpha Grade

1344-95-2 Calcium silicate Micro-Cel® T-26 Micro-Cel® T-49

1345-05-7 Lithopone

1345-25-1 Iron oxides (FeO)

1369-66-3 Dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate

1401-55-4 Tannic acid

1429-50-1 Aquacid-109 EX Dequest® 2041 Ethylenediaminetetra (methylene phosphonic acid) 1446-61-3 Amine D® Dehydroabietylamine

1459-93-4 Dimethyl isophthalate Morflex® 1129

1592-23-0

Calcium stearate Calsan[™] 50 Calsan™ 55 Calsan[™] 65 Cecavon® CA 31 Cecavon® CA 350 P Lubracal® 48 Lubracal® 53 Lubracal® 60 Nopcote® 6510 Free Nopcote C-104 Nopcote® C-104-HS Nopcote® C-104-HS Free Ombrelub® CD Petrac® Calcium Stearate CP-11 Petrac® Calcium Stearate CP-11 LS Struktol® Calcium Stearate Sunkote® 450 Sunkote® 452 Sunkote® 455

1643-20-5 DeMOX LAO Lauramine oxide Rhodamox® LO

1658-56-6 Acid red 88

1675-54-3 Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether

1694-09-3 Acid violet 49

1717-00-6 Dichlorofluoroethane

1758-73-2 Thiourea dioxide

1804-87-1 Sodium 2-sulfoethyl methacrylate

1847-55-8 Duponol[®] LS Paste Sodium oleyl sulfate

1912-84-1 Stannous oleate

1934-21-0 Tartrazine

1936-15-8 Acid orange 10

1937-37-7 Direct black 38

2082-79-3

2425-85-6

Octadecyl 3,5-di-t-butyl-4hydroxyhydrocinnamate 2128-93-0

Anox[®] PP18

p-Phenylbenzophenone Trigonal® 12

2162-74-5 Bis (2,6-diisopropylphenyl) carbodiimide Stabilizer 7000

2177-18-6 Resyn® 25-1140 Resyn® 25-1152 Vinyl acrylate

2190-04-7 Nissan Cation SA Stearamine acetate

2235-00-9 V-Cap[™]/RC N-Vinyl-2-caprolactam

2235-43-0 Dequest[®] 2006 Pentasodium aminotrimethylene phosphonate

2235-54-3 Ammonium lauryl sulfate Paxnol ALS POLYSTEP® B-7 Rhodapon® L-22

2315-62-0 Octoxynol-3

2315-64-2 Octoxynol-5

2315-66-4 Octoxynol-10

2315-67-5 Octoxynol-1

2338-05-8 Ferric citrate (monohydrate)

2370-64-1 PEG-6 laurate

2373-38-8 Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate

2385-85-5 Perchloropentacyclodecane

2390-59-2 Basic violet 4

2390-60-5 Basic blue 7

2425-77-6 Hexyldecanol Jarcol[™] I-16

CAS NUMBER INDEX • 937
2426-54-2

Pigment red 3

2426-54-2 Ageflex FA-2 Diethylaminoethyl acrylate

2429-82-5 Direct brown 2

2439-10-3 Dodine

2439-35-2 Ageflex FA-1 Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate

2452-01-9 Zinc laurate

2465-27-2 Basic yellow 2

2491-38-5 2-Bromo-4´-hydroxyacetophenone Busan® 90

2492-26-4 Sodium MBT Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole

2495-27-4 Blemmer CMA Cetyl methacrylate

2502-46-2 Direct blue 6

2601-98-1 Magnesium palmitate

2615-15-8 PEG-6

2624-31-9 Potassium palmitate

2634-33-5 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one Nipacide® BIT 10 Nipacide BIT 10A Nipacide® BIT AS Proxel® BD 20

2638-43-9 Octoxynol-8

2673-22-5 Aerosol® TR-70 DeWET SDTD-70 Ditridecyl sodium sulfosuccinate Geropon® BIS/SODICO-2

2682-20-4 Methylisothiazolinone

2695-37-6 Sodium p-styrenesulfonate Spinomar NaSS 2717-15-9 TEA-oleate

2724-58-5 Isostearic acid

2764-13-8 Stearamidopropyl dimethyl-2hydroxyethyl ammonium nitrate

2807-30-9 Ethylene glycol propyl ether

2809-21-4 Aquacid-105 EX Briquest® ADPA-60AW Dequest® 2010 Etidronic acid

2814-77-9 1-[(2-Chloro-4-nitrophenyl) azo]-2-naphthalenol

2867-47-2 Ageflex FM-1 Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate

2915-53-9 Dioctyl maleate Octomer DOM

2917-94-4 Sodium octoxynol-2 ethane sulfonate

2996-92-1 Phenyltrimethoxysilane

3006-15-3 Aerosol® MA-80 DeWET SMA-80 Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate

3055-94-5 Laureth-3

3055-98-9 Laureth-8

3055-99-0 Laureth-9

3056-00-6 Laureth-12

3064-70-8 Bis (trichloromethyl) sulfone

3068-00-6 1,2,4-Butanetriol

3088-31-1 Sodium laureth sulfate

3089-11-0 Hexamethoxymethylmelamine Resimene® 745 Resimene® 747

3097-08-3

Magnesium lauryl sulfate

3251-23-8 Copper nitrate (ic) (anhyd.)

3327-22-8 Chloro-2-hydroxypropyl trimonium chloride Pentonium S70 Polyquat 188

3386-18-3 PEG-9

3401-73-8 Monawet SNO-35 Rewopol® B 2003 Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl stearyl sulfosuccinamate

3486-35-9 Zinc carbonate

3520-42-1 Acid red 52

3520-90-9 Octoxynol-8

3522-50-7 Ferric citrate (anhyd.)

3524-68-3 Pentaerythrityl triacrylate SR 444

3626-28-6 Direct green 1

3761-53-3 Acid red 26

3785-34-0 1,2-Bis (bromoacetoxy) ethane

3794-83-0 Dequest® 2016 D Powder SPE 9528 Tetrasodium etidronate

3806-34-6 Distearyl pentaerythrityl diphosphite Weston® 618

3913-02-8 Butyloctanol Jarcol™ I-12

4080-31-3 Quaternium-15

4086-70-8 Magnesium myristate

4129-84-4 Acid violet 17

4193-55-9 Disodium 2,2[°]-(1,2-ethenediyl) bis [5-[[4-[bis (2-hydroxyethyl) amino]-6-(phenylamine)-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl] amino] benzenesulfonate

4219-48-1 Glycol laurate

4219-49-2 Glycol palmitate

4247-02-3 Isobutylparaben

4254-14-2 Propylene glycol (-)

4254-15-3 Propylene glycol (+)

4254-16-4 Propylene glycol (±)

4403-12-7 Trideceth-3

4403-90-1 Acid green 25

4438-16-8 Basic orange 1

4477-28-5 p-Diazodiphenylamine sulfate

4478-97-1 Ceteth-5

4484-59-7 Ceteth-3

4500-01-0 Glycol oleate

4568-28-9 TEA-stearate

4706-78-9 Potassium lauryl sulfate

4719-04-4 Hydroxyethyl-s-triazine Paxgard EM

4985-85-7 N-(3-Aminopropyl) diethanolamine

4986-89-4 Pentaerythrityl tetraacrylate SR 295

4991-47-3 Zinc palmitate

5039-78-1 Ageflex FM-1Q75MC Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate methyl chloride quat.

5064-31-3 Hampshire® NTA 150 Trilon® A-92 Trilon® A Liq. **Trisodium NTA**

5117-19-1 PEG-8

5141-20-8 Acid green 5

5168-91-2 Ceteth-6

5221-17-0 2,3-Dibromopropionaldehyde

5274-61-3 Ceteth-2

5274-63-5 Ceteth-4

5274-65-7 Oleth-2

5274-66-8 Oleth-3

5274-68-0 DeTHOX LA-4 Laureth-4

5329-14-6 Sulfamic acid

5333-42-6 Jarcol™ I-20 Octyldodecanol

5353-27-5 Oleth-5

5423-23-4 Guanidine phosphate, dibasic

5468-75-7 Octotint 150 Pigment yellow 14

5703-94-6 Deceth-4

5793-94-2 Calcium stearoyl lactylate

5850-35-1 Acid blue 29

5850-86-2 Acid orange 8

5858-39-9 Acid red 4

5888-33-5 Isobornyl acrylate SR 506

5919-74-4 Blemmer GLM Glyceryl methacrylate

5938-38-5 Sorbitan oleate 5959-89-7 Sorbitan laurate

5965-83-3 5-Sulfosalicylic acid dihydrate

5968-11-6 Sodium carbonate (monohydrate)

5995-86-8 Gallic acid (monohydrate)

6001-97-4 Dihexyl sodium sulfosuccinate

6028-57-5 Aluminum caprylate

6035-47-8 Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate (dihydrate)

6041-94-7 Pigment red 2

6067-86-0 Diatomaceous earth

6132-02-1 Sodium carbonate (decahydrate)

6140-74-5 Blemmer PMA Pentadecyl methacrylate

6144-28-1 Dilinoleic acid Empol® 1007 Empol® 1008 Empol® 1016 Empol® 1018 Empol® 1020 Empol® 1022 Empol® 1024 Empol® 1026

6147-53-1 Cobalt acetate (ous)

6182-11-2 Propylene glycol distearate

6245-75-6 β-Alanine diacetic acid

6281-04-5 PEG-2 dilaurate

6317-18-6 Amerstat® 282 Metasol® T-10WB Methylenebis (thiocyanate) Microtrol 210 Paxgard MB 10 Paxgard MBT Qemicide MBT-10 Taurine-MBT Tolcide® MBT Tolcide® MW10 6320-14-5 Basic red 12

6358-29-8 Direct red 39

6358-30-1 Pigment violet 23 Ponolith™ Supra Violet EB Liq.

6358-31-2 Pigment yellow 74

6360-07-2 Acid red 37

6381-92-6 Disodium EDTA (dihydrate) Versene NA

6419-19-8 Aminotrimethylene phosphonic acid Aquacid-108 EX Dequest® 2000 Dequest® 2000LC

6484-52-2 Ammonium nitrate

6683-19-8 BNX® 1010 Irganox® 1010 Naugard® 10 Pentaerythrityl tetrakis [3-(3´,5´-di-t-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate]

6780-13-8 Ethylenediamine (monohydrate)

6790-09-6 PEG-12

6834-92-0 Drymet[®] 59 Drymet[®] Fines Metso Beads[®] 2048 Sodium metasilicate

6843-66-9 Diphenyldimethoxysilane

6846-50-0 Eastman® TXIB Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol, 2,2,4-diisobutyrate

6891-44-7 Ageflex FM-1Q80DMS Dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate dimethyl sulfate quat.

7047-84-9 Aluminum stearate

7049-66-3 Trilinoleic acid

7166-19-0 β-Bromo-β-nitrostyrene 7173-51-5 Didecyldimonium chloride

7209-38-3 Bis(aminopropyl) piperazine

7311-27-5 Nonoxynol-4

7320-34-5 Kalipol™ 4KP Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate

7360-53-4 Altriform[®] Aluminum formate Ecco Aluminum Formate

7384-98-7 Propylene glycol dicaprylate

7398-69-8 Dimethyl diallyl ammonium chloride

7429-90-5 Aluminum

7440-02-0 Nickel

7440-21-3 Silicon

7440-44-0 Actitex® Carbon, activated

7440-67-7 Zirconium

7446-09-5 Sulfur dioxide

7473-98-5 2-Hydroxy 2-methyl 1-phenyl 1propanone

7487-88-9 Magnabrite™ Magnesium sulfate anhydrous

7491-05-2 Tallowtrimonium chloride

7534-94-3 Isobornyl methacrylate Mhoromer® BM 731

7545-23-5 Myristamide DEA

7545-24-6 Palmitamide DEA

7558-79-4 Sodium phosphate dibasic anhydrous

7585-20-8 ZAA Zirconium acetate

7601-54-9 Sodium phosphate tribasic

7631-86-9

Celite® 263 Celite® 321 Celite® 388 Diatomaceous earth San-Sil® BD-73 Silica, amorphous hydrated

7631-90-5 Sodium bisulfite

7632-00-0 Sodium nitrite

7646-78-8 Stannic chloride (anhyd.)

7647-01-0 Hydrochloric acid

7647-14-5 Sodium chloride

7647-15-6

Metasol[®] 940 Sanibrom[™] 40 Sanibrom[™] 45 **Sodium bromid**e

7651-99-2 Dequest® 2046 Pentasodium ethylene diamine tetramethylene phosphonate

7664-38-2 Degal S Phosphoric acid

7664-41-7 Ammonia

7664-93-9 Sulfuric acid

7681-38-1 Sodium bisulfate

7681-52-9 Adeka Hypote Sodium hypochlorite

7681-57-4 Sodium metabisulfite

7704-34-9 Sulfur

7705-08-0 Ferric chloride

7722-76-1 Ammonium phosphate

7722-84-1 Albone® 35 Albone® 50 Albone[®] 70 Albone[®] 70 DG Hydrogen peroxide Tysul[®] WW 35 Tysul[®] WW 50 Tysul[®] WW 70 DG

7722-88-5 Tetrasodium pyrophosphate

7726-95-6 Bromine Stabrom[®] 909

7727-21-1 Potassium persulfate

7727-37-9 Nitrogen

7727-43-7 Barium sulfate

7727-54-0 Ammonium persulfate

7732-18-5 Water

7757-81-5 Sodium sorbate

7757-82-6 Sodium sulfate

7757-83-7 Sodium sulfite

7758-11-4 Potassium phosphate dibasic (anhyd.)

7758-19-2 Adox 3125 Adox 8125 C2[®] Sodium Chlorite Drewchlor[®] Sodium chlorite Sodium Chlorite Sol'n. 50, Tech. Sodium Chlorite, Tech.

7758-29-4 Empiphos STP Empiphos STP/1L Empiphos STP/1P Empiphos STP/2P Empiphos STP/D Empiphos STP/D16 Empiphos STP/DMST Empiphos STP/L16 Empiphos STP/M Empiphos STP/MST Empiphos STP/MST Empiphos STP/N Empiphos STP/P Pentasodium triphosphate

7758-98-7 Cupric sulfate anhydrous

7759-02-6 Strontium sulfate 7760-50-1 Magnesium carbonate hydroxide

7761-88-8 Silver nitrate

7772-98-7 Sodium thiosulfate anhydrous

7773-06-0 Ammonium sulfamate Necco Fire Retardant 2750 Necco Fire Retardant 2758 Necco Fire Retardant 2752

7775-09-9 Sodium chlorate

7775-14-6 Blankit® Hydrolin Hydrosulfite of Soda, 70% Hydrosulfite of Soda Conc. Hydrosulphite® Sodium hydrosulfite (anhyd.)

7775-27-1 Sodium persulfate

7775-41-9 Silver fluoride

7778-18-9 Calcium sulfate USG® Paper Filler #1

7778-54-3 Calcium hypochlorite Induclor® Pittclor®

7778-73-6 Potassium pentachlorphenate

7779-27-3 Hexahydro-1,3,5-triethyl-striazine

7779-86-4 Zinc hydrosulfite

7782-99-2 Sulfurous acid

7783-06-4 Hydrogen sulfide

7783-18-8 Ammonium thiosulfate

7783-20-2 Ammonium sulfate

7783-28-0 Ammonium phosphate, dibasic

7784-24-9 Potassium alum dodecahydrate 7784-25-0 Ammonium alum

7784-26-1 Ammonium alum

7784-30-7 Aluminum orthophosphate

7786-30-3 Magnesium chloride

7788-99-0 Chromium potassium sulfate (dodecahydrate)

8001-20-5 Tung oil

8001-21-6 Sunflower (Helianthus annuus) seed oil

8001-22-7 Soybean (Glycine soja) oil

8001-23-8 Safflower (Carthamus tinctorius) oil

8001-25-0 Olive (Olea europaea) oil

8001-26-1 Linseed (Linum usitatissimum) oil

8001-29-4 Cottonseed (Gossypium) oil

8001-30-7 Corn (Zea mays) oil

8001-31-8 Coconut (Cocos nucifera) oil

8001-39-6 Japan (Rhus succedanea) wax Ross Japan Wax

8001-54-5 Alkaquat® DMB-451-50, DMB-451-80 Benzalkonium chloride

8001-69-2 Cod liver oil

8001-75-0 Ceresin Koster Keunen Ceresine Ross Ceresine Wax

8001-78-3 Caster Wax A Hydrogenated castor oil

8001-79-4 Castor (Ricinus communis) oil

8002-03-7 Peanut (Arachis hypogaea) oil 8002-05-9 Petroleum distillates

8002-09-3 Pine (Pinus palustris) oil

8002-13-9 Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil

8002-26-4 Tall oil

8002-33-3

Cuirol® RZ 80 Freedom SCO-50 Freedom SCO-70 Freedom SCO-75 Leukonöl LBA-2 Norfox® C-75 Norfox® Sulfated Castor Oil #75 Sulfated castor oil

8002-43-5

Lecithin Lipotin SB TLV 68-SB TLV 68-UB TLV 70-SB TLV 70-UB Yelkin® DS Yelkin® T Yelkin® T Yelkin® T

8002-50-4 Menhaden oil

8002-53-7

Luwax® E Luwax® LG Luwax® LGE Montan wax Ross Montan Wax

8002-74-2

Koster Keunen Paraffin Wax Loxiol® G 23 Loxiol® HOB 7169 Microlube[™] N MP-12 MP-22 MP-22C MP-22VF MP-22XF MP-26 MP-26VF **MP-28C** Octowax 321 Octowax 695 Paracol® 404G Paracol® 802A Paracol® 802N Paracol® 2370 Paraffin Sequapel® 417 Sequapel® NS Shamrock Hydrocer 145 Shamrock Hydrocer EP 91 Shamrock Neptune 968 Shamrock S-400 N1 Shamrock S-400 N5

Shamrock S-400 SP5 Suntorl WP Synthetic wax TH-44 Vestowax® C 60 Vybar® 103 Vybar® 260

8002-75-3 Palm (Elaeis guineensis) oil

8003-69-8 Direct black 80

8003-88-1 Acid orange 51

8004-92-0 Acid yellow 3

8004-99-7 Acid blue 20

8005-44-5 Cetearyl alcohol Loxiol® G 53

8006-40-4 Beeswax (white)

8006-44-8 Candelilla (Euphorbia cerifera) wax Candelilla Wax SP 50 Candelilla Wax SP 75 Candelilla Wax SP 76 Candelilla Wax SP 78 Prime Quality Crude Candelilla Wax SP 99 Candelilla Wax SP 99 Candelilla Wax SP 350 Candelilla Wax Fine Koster Keunen Candelilla Ross Candelilla Wax

8006-54-0 Lanolin (anhyd.)

8006-64-2 Turpentine

8007-43-0 Crill 43 Sorbitan sesquioleate

8008-20-6 Deodorized kerosene Kerosene PD-23

8008-74-0 Sesame (Sesamum indicum) oil

8009-03-8 Penreco Red Petrolatum (NF) Petrolatum RPB Tech Pet F™

8012-89-3 Beeswax (yellow) 8012-95-1 Mineral oil

8013-05-6

Potassium castorate 8013-06-7 Sodium castorate

8015-86-9 Carnauba (Copernica cerifera) wax Carnauba Wax SP 8 Carnauba Wax SP 59-2 Carnauba Wax SP 63 Carnauba Wax SP 63 NF Carnauba Wax SP 64 (Extra Light) Carnauba Wax SP 135 Carnauba Wax SP 142 Carnauba Wax SP 200 Carnauba Wax Coarse Carnauba Wax Fine Carnauba Wax Hard Carnauba Wax Soft Carnauba Wax Superfine Koster Keunen Carnauba Ross Carnauba Wax Shamrock Hydrocer EC 98 Shamrock S-Nauba 5021

8016-14-6 Hydrogenated fish oil 8016-70-4

Hydrogenated soybean oil

8020-83-5 Britol® 6NF Britol® 7NF Britol® 9NF Britol® 20USP Britol® 35USP Britol® 50USP Mineral oil (wh.)

8020-84-6 Lanolin (hyd.)

8021-55-4 Koster Keunen Ozokerite Ozokerite

8021-56-5 Ross Palm Wax No. 765 Ross Palm Wax No. 1475 Ross Palm Wax No. 1581

8021-99-6 Bone black Cosmic Black 8-S Cosmic Black AP Cosmic Black D-2 Ebonex SC-5

8023-79-8 Palm (Elaeis guineensis) kernel oil

8023-89-0 Elemi gum 8027-32-5 Penreco Amber Penreco Blond Penreco Cream Penreco Lilv

Penreco Eliy Penreco Regent Penreco Royal Penreco Snow Penreco Super Penreco Ultima Petrolatum (USP)

8029-76-3 Hydroxylated lecithin

8030-12-4 Hydrogenated tallow

8030-30-6 Naphtha

8030-76-0 Lecithin

8030-78-2 Arquad® T-27W Tallowtrimonium chloride

8032-32-4 Shell VM&P Naphtha HT VM&P naphtha

8033-29-2 Hydrogenated palm oil

8037-14-7 Coconut acid

8039-09-6 PEG-75 lanolin

8040-05-9 Hydrogenated lard glyceride

8042-47-5 Drakeol® 9 Drakeol® 19 Drakeol® 35 Mineral oil (wh.)

Penreco 2259 Oil Penreco 2260 Oil

8045-34-9 Pentaerythrityl tetrastearate

8050-09-7

Acintol® R Type S Arizona DR-22 DynaCoat[™] XA DvnaCoat™ XC Dynakoll Malros® NeuRoz® 426 NeuRoz® 540 NeuRoz® 700 NeuRoz® XC-7 **Neutros**® Neutros® Extra NovaFlo® 50 NovaFlo® HW NovaPlus[®] NovaPlus® HS

NovaSize, Dark Fortified NovaSize, Dark Unfortified NovaSize, Pale Fortified NovaSperse[™] Plasmine® N-750-P Plasmine® PLH-50 Plasmine[®] PLH-55 Polystix[®] 90 Resin Resin 731D Roscol® Rosin Sugum 300 NS Sugum 300 WR Sugum 500 Sugum 700 Super 50 Uni-Tac® 70

8050-13-3 Hercolyn® D Methyl hydrogenated rosinate

8050-15-5 Methyl hydrogenated rosinate

8050-26-8 Pentaerythrityl rosinate Pentalyn® 856 Pentalyn® A Zonester® 100

8050-31-5 Aquatac[®] 6085 Glyceryl rosinate

8050-81-5 Antifoam F-1 Dow Corning[®] Antifoam A Compd. Dow Corning[®] Antifoam C Emulsion Simethicone

8051-30-7 Cocamide DEA

8051-52-3 PEG-15 cocamine

8052-10-6 Rosin Westvaco® Rosin T

8052-14-0 Turpentine

8052-42-4 Asphalt

8052-48-0 Norfox[®] 92 Granules Sodium tallowate

8052-50-4 Sodium tallow sulfate

8061-51-6 Dyqex® Lignosite® 260 Lignosite® 431 Lignosite® 458 Lignosite® 823 Maracarb N-1 Marasperse 52 CP Sodium lignosulfonate

8061-52-7 Calcium lignosulfonate

8062-15-5 Lignin sulfonate

8063-08-9 Microcrystalline wax

8063-94-3 Polyvinyl chloride

8065-81-4

Cetoleth Cetoleth-2 Cetoleth-3 Cetoleth-6 Cetoleth-8 Cetoleth-10 Cetoleth-13 Cetoleth-25 Disponil® O 250 Teric[™] 17A2 Teric[™] 17A3 Teric™ 17A6 Teric[™] 17A8 Teric[™] 17A10 Teric[™] 17A13 Teric[™] 17A25

9000-07-1 Carrageenan (Chondrus crispus)

9000-16-2 Dammar

9000-21-9 Furcelleran

9000-28-6 Granular Gum Ghatti #1 Gum ghatti Powdered Gum Ghatti #1 Powdered Gum Ghatti #2 Staform P

9000-30-0 Guar (Cyanopsis tetragonoloba) gum Jaquar[®] 2100® Jaguar® CB-11 Jaguar® CB-123 Jaquar® CP-13 Liporol SP Lycoid® 260 Powdered Guar Gum Type A Powdered Guar Gum Type AA Powdered Guar Gum Type B Powdered Guar Gum Type BB Powdered Gum Guar NF Type 80 Mesh B/T Powdered Gum Guar Type 140 Mesh B/T Powdered Gum Guar Type ECM Powdered Gum Guar Type M Powdered Gum Guar Type MM FCC

Powdered Gum Guar Type MM (HV) Powdered Gum Guar Type MMM 1/2 Powdered Gum Guar Type MMW TIC Pretested® Guar Gum TICOLV 9000-36-6 Karaya (Sterculia urens) gum Karaya Gum #1 FCC Powdered Gum Karaya Superfine #1 FCC Powdered Gum Karaya Superfine XXXX FCC 9000-40-2 Locust bean (Ceratonia siliqua) gum Locust Bean Gum Speckless Type D-200 Locust Bean Gum Type A-100 Locust Bean Gum Type A-250 Locust Bean Gum Type A-270 Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type D-200 Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type D-300 Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type P-100 Powdered Locust Bean Gum Type PP-100 9000-57-1 Sandarac (Callitris quadrivalvis) gum 9000-59-3 Shellac 9000-70-8 Gelatin 9000-71-9 Casein Milk protein

9000-90-2 α-Amylase Vanzyme[®] 191

Vanzyme[®] 191 Vanzyme[®] Powd.

9000-92-4 Amizyme DTX-11 Amizyme TX-8 Amylase Tenase® 1200

9002-83-9 Chlorotrifluoroethylene polymer Halocarbon Grease 25-10M Halocarbon Grease 25-20M Halocarbon Grease X90-10M Halocarbon Oil 0.8 Halocarbon Oil 0.8 Halocarbon Oil 4.2 Halocarbon Oil 4.2 Halocarbon Oil 6.3 Halocarbon Oil 27 Halocarbon Oil 56 Halocarbon Oil 95 Halocarbon Oil 200 Halocarbon Oil 400 Halocarbon Oil 700 Halocarbon Oil 1000N Halocarbon Wax 40 Halocarbon Wax 600 Halocarbon Wax 1200 Halocarbon Wax 1500

Krytox[®] DF/W Polytetrafluoroethylene

9002-85-1 Polyvinylidene chloride

9002-86-2 Polyvinyl chloride

9002-88-4 A-C® 6 A-C® 6A A-C® 7 A-C® 7A A-C® 8 A-C® 8A A-C® 9, 9A, 9F A-C® 15 A-C® 16 A-C® 617 A-C® 617A A-C® 712 A-C® 715 A-C® 725 A-C® 735 A-C® 1702 ACumist® B-6 ACumist® B-9 ACumist® B-12 ACumist[®] B-18 ACumist[®] C-5 ACumist® C-9 ACumist® C-12 ACumist® C-18 ACumist® C-30 Alathon® L 5845 Alathon® L 5845-1 Agua Superslip 6550 Chevron HiD 9660 Chevron PE 4517 Eastacoat 808P Epolene® C-10 Epolene® C-13 Epolene® C-14 Epolene® C-15 Epolene® C-15P Epolene® C-16 Epolene® C-17 Epolene® C-18 Epolene[®] N-10 Epolene® N-10P Epolene® N-11 Epolene® N-14 Epolene® N-20 Epolene® N-21 Epolene® N-34 Hoechst Wax PED 521 Microthene® FA 700-00 Microthene® FA 709-00 Microthene® FN 500-00 Microthene® FN 502-18 Microthene® FN 510-00 Microthene[®] FN 514-00 Microthene® FN 517-00 Microthene® FN 519-00 Microthene® MN 701-00 Microthene® MN 710-20 Nipolon Nipolon-L Nipolon®-Z Nopcote® 3560 Novapol® HD-2100-A Novapol® LC-0522-A Novapol® LC-0717-A Novapol® LF-0717-A Novapol® PD-2115-A Novapol® PF-Y821-BP Novapol® PF-Y821-CP Novapol® TF-Y534-IP Novapol® TF-Y822-BP Novapol® TF-Y822-CP Novapol® TR-0338-U Novapol® TR-0338-UG Novapol® TR-0535-U Novapol® TR-0535-UG Octowax 518 Petrothene® NA 204-000 Petrothene® NA 214-000 Petrothene® NA 216-000 Petrothene® NA 217-000 Petrothene® NA 219-000 Petrothene® NA 957 Polyethylene Polyethylene, high-density Polyethylene, linear low density Polyethylene, low-density Polyethylene, medium density Polyethylene, ultrahigh m.w. Polyethylene wax Polyset® 2015 Polywax® 500 Polywax[®] 600 Polywax® 655 Polywax® 850 Polywax® 1000 Polywax® 2000 Polywax® 3000 Rexene® PE 5000 Series Sclair® 11B4 Sclair® 11P2 Sclair® 11P3 Sclair® 11P4 Sclair® 58G (High Gloss) Sclair® 61C Sclair® 69A Sclair® 2607 Sclair® 2607-UV10 Sclair[®] 2908, 2908-UV8A Sclair® 2909 Sclair® 8107 Sclair® 8107 UV8D, 8107G UV8D Sclair® 8306 UV8D, 8306G UV8D Sclair[®] 8405 UV8D, 8405G UV8D Shamrock Neptune 5038 Shamrock Neptune I N1 Shamrock Neptune I SP5 Shamrock S-379 H Shamrock S-379 N Shamrock S-379 N3 Shamrock S-381 N1

Shamrock S-381 N5 Shamrock S-394 N1 Shamrock S-394 N5 Shamrock S-394 SP5 Shamrock S-395 N2 Shamrock S-395 N5 Shamrock S-395 SP5 Shamrock S-483 Shamrock Taber Tiger 5512 Struktol® PE H-100 Struktol® PE H-100 PL Sunkem® 301 Sunkem® 329 Suntorl P-40 Tivar®-1000 1900 UHMW Polymers Utec[®] 3040 Utec® 6540 Vestolen® A5016 Vestowax® AO 2733 9002-89-5 Airvol® 103 Airvol® 107 Airvol® 125 Airvol® 165 Airvol® 165SF Airvol® 203S Airvol® 305 Airvol® 321 Airvol® 325 Airvol® 350 Airvol® 805 Airvol® 823 Airvol® 840 Airvol® MH-82 Airvol® MM-14 Airvol® MM-51 Airvol® MM-81 Bovlon Elvanol[®] 50-42 Elvanol® 51-05 Elvanol® 52-22 Elvanol® 70-06 Elvanol® 71-30 Elvanol® 75-15 Elvanol® 85-30 Elvanol® 85-82 Elvanol® 90-50 Elvanol® HV Gohsenal Gohsenol Gohseran Hi Selon Mewlon Polyvinyl alcohol (super and fully hydrolyzed) Rhodoviol® 4/125 Unisize® HA-25 9002-92-0 **DeTHOX LA-23** Genapol® 26-L-23 Laureth-3 Laureth-4 Laureth-8 Laureth-9 Laureth-12 Laureth-23 Nonionic L-4

Nonionic L-12

Nonionic L-23

Rhodasurf® L-25 Volpo L3 9002-93-1 Alkasurf® CA-520 Alkasurf® CA-620 Chemax OP-10 Chemax OP-30/70 **DeIONIC OPE-5** DeIONIC OPE-7.5 **DeIONIC OPE-10** DeIONIC OPE-12 **DeIONIC OPE-30 DeIONIC OPE-40** Disponil® AAP 307 Disponil® AAP 436 Hyonic[®] OP-100 Igepal® CA-520 Igepal® CA-620 Igepal® CA-630 Igepal® CA-880 Igepal® CA-887 Idepal® CA-890 Igepal® CA-897 Macol® OP-10 SP Nonipax OP 10 Octoxynol Octoxynol-1 Octoxynol-3 Octoxynol-5 Octoxynol-7 Octoxynol-8 Octoxynol-9 Octoxynol-10 Octoxynol-11 Octoxynol-12 Octoxynol-13 Octoxynol-16 Octoxynol-20 Octoxynol-25 Octoxynol-30 Octoxynol-33 Octoxynol-40 Octoxynol-70 POLYSTEP® OP-9 POLYSTEP® OP-3070 POLYSTEP® OP-4070 Serdox[®] NOP 9 Surfonic® OP-15 Surfonic® OP-35 Surfonic® OP-50 Surfonic® OP-70 Surfonic® OP-100 Surfonic® OP-120 Surfonic® OPB-167 Surfonic® OPB-407 Synperonic OP7.5 Synperonic OP8 Synperonic OP10 Synperonic OP10.5 Synperonic OP11 Triton® X-15 Triton® X-35 Triton® X-45 Triton® X-100 Triton® X-102 Triton® X-114 Triton® X-120 Triton® X-165-70% Triton® X-305-70% Triton® X-405-70% Trycol® 6975

Trycol® 6984

9002-98-6 Catiofast® GM Catiofast® NB-DF Catiofast® NB-PD Catiofast® PL **PEI-15 PEI-30 PEI-275 PEI-700 PEI-1000 PEI-1400** PEI-1500 **PEI-1750** PEI-2500 Polyethylenimine Polymin[®] PL Polymin® PR 971 L Polymin[®] SKA Polymin® SNA 9003-01-4 Acriflow 050-S Acritamer® 501E Acritamer® 504E Acumer® 1020 Acumer® 1510 Alcogum® L-15 Alcosperse® 404 Carbomer Carbomer 910 Carbomer 934 Carbomer 934P Carbomer 940 Carbomer 941 Carbopol® 907 Carbopol® 910 Carbopol® 934 Carbopol® 934P Carbopol® 940 Carbopol® 941 Carbopol® 971P Carbopol® 974P Carbopol® 980 Carbopol® 981 Carbopol® 2984 Carbopol® 5984 Good-Rite® K-702 Polymer Good-Rite® K-732 Polymer Good-Rite® K-752 Polymer Orlene® 1340 Polyacrylic acid

9003-03-6

Ammonium polyacrylate Dumasperse 543 SER-AD® FX 504

9003-04-7

Ablusol SEP40 Acriflow 041-S Acriflow 141 S Acriflow 241-M Acriflow 241-SA Acumer® 1000 Acumer® 1100 Acumer® 1110 Acumer® 9000 Acumer® 9141 Acumer® 9300 Acumer® 9400 Acumer[®] 9460 Alcosperse[®] 149 Alcosperse® 602-N Aquaquest 2130 Calnox® 214 Calnox[®] 214 DN Colloid[™] 202 Darvan® 811 Daxad® 37LN7 Daxad® 37LN10-35 Dumasperse 540 Good-Rite® K-739 Polymer Good-Rite® K-759 Polymer Good-Rite® K-7058D Polymer Gradol 400 Lastaron 891 Nopcosperse® 44 Polysynth RRE Polywet® ND-2 Polywet® ND-35 Polywet® WTC 6512 Polywet® Z1766 Serpol QPA 160 Sodium polyacrylate

9003-05-8

Ambond® 1505 Ambond® 1590 Cartaretin® 5CP Powd. Cartaretin® 10AE Lig. Cartaretin® 10AP Powd. Cartaretin® 10CE Lig. Cartaretin® 10CP Powd. Cartaretin® 20AE Lig. Cartaretin® 20AP Powd. Cartaretin® 20CE Liq. Cartaretin® 30AE Lig. Cartaretin® 30AP Powd. Cartaretin® 30CP Powd. Cartaretin® 40CE Lig. Cydrain® 145 Drainage Aid Eldorado PA-755 Floclair® DA-7 Floclair® DA-15 Floclair® DA-30 Floclair® DK-20 Floclair® DK-40 Floclair® DK-65 Floclair® DK-65 H Floclair® DK-65 L Floclair® DK-65 S Floclair® DK-90 Floclair® VP 3678 MPD-7 MS-290 MSG-329 Polyacrylamide Polyflex® 300 Retention Aid Polymin® KE 78 PF Polymin[®] KE 84 Polymin[®] PR 266 L Polymin[®] PR 973 Polymin[®] PR 8578 **QEMI DSR 8117A** Qemifloc CEPG 164 Torez Resin P-215-A Tramfloc[™] 290

9003-06-9

Acrylic acid/acrylamide copolymer

9003-07-0 Eastone[™] 147 Wax Microthene® FP 800-00 Polypropylene 9003-08-1 GMF-B Melamine-formaldehyde resin 9003-11-6 Adekanol 25R-1 Adekanol 25R-2 Adekanol F-68 Adekanol F-88 Adekanol F-108 Adekanol F-127 Adekanol L-31 Adekanol L-34 Adekanol L-44 Adekanol L-61 Adekanol L-62 Adekanol L-64 Adekanol L-71 Adekanol L-72 Adekanol L-101 Adekanol L-121 Adekanol L-122 Adekanol P-84 Adekanol P-85 Adekanol P-103 Adekanol TR-701 Adekanol TR-702 Adekanol TR-704 Adekanol TR-913 Antarox® 17-R-2 Antarox® 25-R-2 Antarox® 31-R-1 Antarox® EGE 25-2 Antarox® L-64 Antarox® PGP 23-7 Chemal BP 261 Chemal BP-262 Chemal BP-2101 Crisanol FA-260 Crisanol FA-660 EO/PO block polymer or copolymer Etopol 31-L Etopol 61-L Etopol 62-L Etopol 62LF-L Etopol 63-L Etopol 81-L Etopol 101-L Imbentin-PAP/6100 Imbentin-PAP/6200 Imbentin-PAP/10200 Meroxapol 105 Meroxapol 108 Meroxapol 171 Meroxapol 172 Meroxapol 174 Meroxapol 178 Meroxapol 251 Meroxapol 252 Meroxapol 254 Meroxapol 255 Meroxapol 258 Meroxapol 311

Nonionic 1025-R Nonionic 1035-L Nonionic 1044-L Nonionic 1061-L Nonionic 1062-L Nonionic 1064-L Nonionic 1068-F Nonionic 1077-F Nonionic 1087-F Nonionic 1088-F Nonionic 1108-F Nonionic 1127-F Nonionic 2017-R Nonionic 2025-R Nonionic 4017-R Nonionic 4025-R Nonionic 5025-R Nonionic 8017R Nonionic 8025R PEG/PPG-17/6 copolymer PEG/PPG-35/9 copolymer PEG/PPG-125/30 copolymer Pluronic® 10R5 Pluronic® 17R2 Pluronic[®] 25R2 Pluronic® F38 Pluronic[®] F68 Pluronic® F68LF Pluronic[®] F77 Pluronic® F87 Pluronic[®] F88 Pluronic® F98 Pluronic® F108 Pluronic® F127 Pluronic® L10 Pluronic® L31 Pluronic® I 35 Pluronic® L43 Pluronic[®] L44 Pluronic[®] L61 Pluronic[®] L62 Pluronic[®] L62D Pluronic® L62LF Pluronic® L64 Pluronic[®] L81 Pluronic® L92 Pluronic® L101 Pluronic® L121 Pluronic[®] P84 Pluronic® P85 Pluronic® P103 Pluronic[®] P104 Pluronic® P105 Pluronic® P123 Poloxamer 101 Poloxamer 105 Poloxamer 108 Poloxamer 122 Poloxamer 123 Poloxamer 124 Poloxamer 181 Poloxamer 182 Poloxamer 183 Poloxamer 184 Poloxamer 185 Poloxamer 188 Poloxamer 212 Poloxamer 215 Poloxamer 217 Poloxamer 231 Poloxamer 234 Poloxamer 235

Poloxamer 237 Poloxamer 238 Poloxamer 282 Poloxamer 284 Poloxamer 288 Poloxamer 331 Poloxamer 333 Poloxamer 334 Poloxamer 335 Poloxamer 338 Poloxamer 401 Poloxamer 402 Poloxamer 403 Poloxamer 407 Poly-Tergent® E-17A Poly-Tergent® E-17B Poly-Tergent® E-20B Poly-Tergent® E-25B Poly-Tergent® P-32A Surfonic® POA-25R2 Surfonic[®] POA-L42 Surfonic[®] POA-L44 Surfonic® POA-L61 Surfonic® POA-L62 Surfonic® POA-L62LF Surfonic® POA-L64 Surfonic[®] POA-L81 Surfonic® POA-L101 Surfonic® POA-LF1 Surfonic[®] POA-LF2 Surfonic® POA-LF5 Surfonic® POA-S38 Synperonic PE/L61 Synperonic PE/L62LF Synperonic PE/L81 Synperonic PE/L101 Synperonic PE/L121 Ucon® 75-H-450 Ucon® 75-H-1400 Ucon® 75-H-9500 Ucon® 75-H-90000 Ukanil 3500 Ukanil 3501 9003-13-8 PPG-5 butyl ether PPG-9 butyl ether PPG-15 butyl ether PPG-18 butyl ether PPG-22 butyl ether PPG-24 butyl ether PPG-30 butyl ether PPG-33 butvl ether PPG-40 butyl ether PPG-53 butyl ether Ucon[®] LB-65 Ucon® LB-135 Ucon® LB-285 Ucon® LB-385 Ucon® LB-525 Ucon® LB-625 Ucon® LB-1145 Ucon® LB-1715 Ucon® LB-3000 9003-17-2 Polybutadiene

9003-18-3 Butadiene/acrylonitrile copolymer Darex[®] 110L

Meroxapol 312

Meroxapol 314

Nonionic 1017-R

Hycar® 1552 Hycar® 1561 Hycar® 1562 Hycar® 1571 Hycar® 1572 Hycar® 1572X64 Perbunan N Latex 2818 Perbunan N Latex 3310 Perbunan N Latex T Perbunan N Latex T

9003-20-7

Daratak® 56L Daratak® 61L Daratak® 65L Daratak® RP2000 Daratak® SP1012 Everflex® GT Flexbond® 149 Flexbond® 150 Flexbond® 153 Flexbond® 165 Plyamul® 40305-00 Plyamul® 40315-00 Plyamul® 40351-00 Plyamul® 40354-00 Plyamul® 40359-00 Plyamul® 97825-00 Plvamul® 97897-00 **Polyvinyl acetate** Resyn® 25-1103 Resyn® 25-1114 Resyn[®] 25-1120 Resyn® 25-1190 Resyn® 1090 Sunbond® 936 Synthemul® 447 Synthemul® 883 Synthemul® 40503-00 Synthemul® 97883-01 Vancryl® 650 Vinac[®] 285 Vinac® 828 Vinac[®] 828M Vinac® 884 Vinac® 1000 Vinac® A50 Vinac® H 60 Vinac® M 503 Vinac® XX-211 Vinac® XX-241 Vinac® Z 50

9003-22-9

Airflex® CF50 Ucar® VAGD Ucar® VAGH Ucar® VMCA Ucar® VMCC Ucar® VMCC Ucar® VMCH Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer

9003-27-4 Polyisobutene

9003-28-5 Polybutene

9003-29-6 Amoco® H-15 Amoco[®] L-14 Amoco[®] L-50 Indopol[®] H-100 Indopol[®] H-1500 Indopol[®] L-10 **Polybutene**

9003-31-0 Polyisoprene

9003-32-1 Polyethylacrylate

9003-35-4 Phenolic resin

9003-39-8

Luviskol® K12 Luviskol® K17 Luviskol® K30 Luviskol® K60 Luviskol® K80 Luviskol® K90 Peregal® ST **PVP** PVP K-15 PVP K-15 PVP K-50 PVP K-60 Sol'n. PVP K-90 PVP K-90 Sol'n. PVP K-120

9003-53-6

Lytron® 2203 Polystyrene

9003-55-8

Ameripol Synpol 1013 Bayer SBR Latex 310 C Darex[®] 620L Good-Rite® 2570X59 Pliolite® S-5D Pliolite® S-5E Ricon 100 Styrene/butadiene polymer Styrofan® Tylac® 037 Tylac® 692 Tylac® 757 Tylac[®] 820 Tylac® 936 Tvlac® 979-RG Tylac® 68217-00 Tylac® 97936-00

9003-56-9

Acrylonitrile/butadiene/styrene copolymer Hycar® 1577 Hycar® 1578X1 SNAP 2042 SNAP 2048 SNAP 2054 Styronal™ NX 4489 X Styronal™ NX 4680

9003-62-7 Polyvinyl butyral

9003-74-1 Nevtac® 10°

Super Nevtac® 99 Terpene resin Zonarez® 1040 Zonarez® 1085 Zonarez® 1115T Zonarez® 1125 Zonarez® 1135 Zonarez® 7115 Zonarez® 7115 LT Zonarez® 7125 Zonarez® 7125 LT Zonarez® A-25 Zonarez® B-115 Zonarez® B-125 Zonarez® M-1115 Zonarez® T-4115 Zonatac® 105 Zonatac® 105L Zonatac® 115L Zonatac® 501 Zonatac® 501L Zonatac® M-105 9003-93-4 Imbentin-SAM/050 Imbentin-SAM/250 PEG stearamine PEG-2 stearamine PEG-5 stearamine PEG-10 stearamine PEG-20 stearamine PEG-25 stearamine **PEG-30 stearamine** PEG-40 stearamine Teric[™] 18M2 9003-95-6 Polyvinyl stearate 9004-32-4 Aqualon® CMC-T Carboxymethylcellulose sodium Tylose® C, CB Series Tylose[®] CBR Grades Tylose® C-G1 Tylose[®] CR

Nevtac[®] 80

Nevtac® 100

Nevtac® 115

9004-34-6

Cellulose

9004-35-7

CA-394-60S CA-398-3 CA-398-6 CA-398-10 CA-398-30 Cellulose acetate

9004-36-3 Sodium caseinate

9004-36-8

CAB-171-15 CAB-321-0.1 CAB-381-0.1 CAB-381-0.5 CAB-381-2 CAB-381-2BP CAB-381-20 CAB 500-1 CAB-500-5 CAB-531-1 CAB-551-0.01 CAB-551-0.2 CAB-553-0.4 **Cellulose acetate butyrate**

9004-39-1

CAP-482-0.5 CAP-482-20 CAP-504-0.2 **Cellulose acetate propionate**

9004-53-9 Dextrin

9004-62-0

Hydroxyethylcellulose Natrosol® 250

9004-64-2

Hydroxypropylcellulose Klucel® E Klucel® L

9004-67-5

Methylcellulose

9004-70-0

Dispercel-A Dispercel-AS Nitrocellulose ParCell™ A ParCell™ R ParCell™ S

9004-73-3 Masil[®] SF-MH Methicone

9004-80-2 Deceth-4 phosphate

Dooon i phospin

9004-81-3

Cithrol DGML N/E DeTHOX ACID L-9 Nopalcol 1-L Nopalcol 4-L Nopalcol 6-L PEG-2 laurate PEG-2 laurate SE PEG-4 laurate PEG-6 laurate PEG-8 laurate PEG-12 laurate PEG-20 laurate PEG-32 laurate

9004-82-4

Abex® 23S Paxnol LES POLYSTEP® B-23 POLYSTEP® B-330S Sodium laureth sulfate Sodium laureth-12 sulfate Stanfax 1066

9004-83-5

Alcodet® 218

Alcodet® 260 Alcodet® SK PEG-6 isolauryl thioether PEG-8 isolauryl thioether PEG-10 isolauryl thioether

9004-87-9

Octoxynol-1 Octoxynol-3 Octoxynol-5 Octoxynol-7 Octoxynol-8 Octoxynol-9 Octoxynol-10 Octoxynol-11 Octoxynol-12 Octoxynol-13 Octoxynol-16 Octoxynol-20 Octoxynol-25 Octoxynol-30 Octoxynol-33 Octoxynol-40 Octoxynol-70

9004-94-8

PEG-20 palmitate

9004-95-9

Ceteth-2 Ceteth-3 Ceteth-4 Ceteth-5 Ceteth-6 Ceteth-7 Ceteth-10 Ceteth-11 Ceteth-12 Ceteth-14 Ceteth-15 Ceteth-16 Ceteth-17 Ceteth-20 Ceteth-23 Ceteth-24 Ceteth-25 Ceteth-30 Ceteth-40 Ceteth-45 Volpo C2 Volpo C20

9004-96-0

Cithrol A **DeTHOX ACID O-9** DeTHOX ACID 0-14 **DeTHOX ACID O-16** Nopalcol 4-O PEG-2 oleate PEG-2 oleate SE **PEG-4 oleate** PEG-6 oleate PEG-8 oleate PEG-9 oleate PEG-10 oleate PEG-11 oleate PEG-12 oleate PEG-13 oleate PEG-14 oleate PEG-15 oleate PEG-16 oleate PEG-20 oleate

PEG-23 oleate PEG-24 oleate PEG-32 oleate PEG-36 oleate PEG-40 oleate PEG-75 oleate PEG-100 oleate PEG-150 oleate PEG-200 oleate PEG-300 oleate Teric[™] OF4 Teric[™] OF6 Teric[™] OF8 Trydet 2676 9004-97-1 Nopalcol 6-R PEG-8 ricinoleate PEG-12 ricinoleate 9004-98-2 Genapol® O-020 Genapol® O-050 Genapol® O-080 Genapol® O-090 Genapol® O-100 Genapol® O-120 Genapol® O-150 Genapol® O-200 Genapol® O-230 Oleth-2 Oleth-3 Oleth-5 Oleth-6 Oleth-7 Oleth-8 Oleth-9 Oleth-10 Oleth-12 Oleth-15 Oleth-16 Oleth-18 Oleth-20 Oleth-23 Oleth-25 Oleth-30 Oleth-40 Oleth-44 Oleth-50 Oleth-80 Oxetal O 108 Oxetal O 112 Volpo N3 Volpo N5 Volpo N10 Volpo N20 9004-99-3 Alkamuls® S-8 Cithrol DGMS N/E **DeTHOX ACID S-8** Emerest® 2640 Glycol stearate Nopalcol 4-S Nopalcol 6-S Pegosperse® 400 MS PEG stearate PEG-2 stearate PEG-2 stearate SE PEG-4 stearate PEG-6 stearate **PEG-8** stearate

9005-00-9 Steareth Volpo S2 9005-02-1 PEG-32 dilaurate 9005-07-6 9005-08-7 9005-25-8 B20F B200 C110 D12F D120

PEG-12 stearate PEG-20 stearate PEG-32 stearate PEG-40 stearate PEG-100 stearate Genapol® S-020 Nonionic S-2 Nonionic S-10 Nonionic S-20 Steareth-2 Steareth-10 Steareth-20 Volpo S10 Volpo S20

PEG-2 dilaurate PEG-2 dilaurate SE PEG-4 dilaurate PEG-6 dilaurate PEG-8 dilaurate PEG-12 dilaurate PEG-20 dilaurate

Nopalcol 6-DO PEG-2 dioleate PEG-2 dioleate SE **PEG-4 dioleate PEG-6 dioleate PEG-8 dioleate** PEG-12 dioleate **PEG-20 dioleate** PEG-32 dioleate Pegosperse® 600 DO

PEG-2 distearate PEG-2 distearate SE PEG-4 distearate PEG-6 distearate PEG-8 distearate PEG-12 distearate PEG-20 distearate PEG-32 distearate

Accosize® 60R Cationic Starch Apollo® 4200 Cationic Starches Apollo[®] Cationic Starches Astro® X Cationic Starches Astrocote[™] 75 Starch Chargemaster® R415 Chargemaster® R462 Chargemaster® R515 Chargemaster® R615 Cleer-Cote® 625 Coatmaster® K61F Corn (Zea mays) starch Douglas[®] Starches Electra® 7458 Ethylex[®] 2005, 2015, 2020,

2025, 2035, 2040, 2065, 2075, 2095 ICB® 3000, 3100, 3200 ICB® 3000D Interbond[®] C Koldex® 50, 60 Liquistrength[™] Bonding Agent Lok-Size® 30 Pearl Pearl AP, R Pencat[®] Cationic Starches Pen-cote® Starch PenFilm[™] Binder Penford® Gum Pen-sprae[®] Starch Potato (Solanum tuberosum) starch Rice (Oryza sativa) starch Sta-Jel® 141 Sta-Jel® 142 Sta-Lok® 120, 160, 180, 182 Sta-Lok® 140 Sta-Lok® 156 Sta-Lok® 300, 310, 330 Sta-Lok® 356 Sta-Lok® 374, 376 Sta-Lok® 400, 410, 430, 440 Sta-Lok® 480 Sta-Lok® 600 Staramic[®] 105 Staramic® 747 Starch Star*pol® 136 Star*pol® 410 Star*pol® 468, 469, 600 Star*pol® 700, 800 Staysize® 140

9005-32-7

Alginic acid **KELACID®**

9005-37-2

Colloid 602 KELCOLOID[®] DH KELCOLOID® HVF KELCOLOID® LVF **KELCOLOID® O** KELCOLOID® S Propylene glycol alginate

9005-38-3

Alain Colloid 488T **KELCOSOL®** KELGIN® F KELGIN® HV KELGIN® LV KELGIN® MV **KELGIN® XL KELSET®** Scogin[™] F Scogin™ HV Scoğin™ HVF Scogin™ LV Scogin™ MV Scogin™ QH Scogin™ QL Scoğin™ QM Sodium Alginate HV NF/FCC Sodium Alginate LV Sodium Alginate LVC

Sodium Alginate MV NF/FCC

9005-42-9

Ammonium caseinate

9005-46-3 Sodium caseinate

9005-64-5

Crillet 1 HP Crillet 1 NF Crillet 11 DeMULS PSML-20 Lumisorb[™] PSML-80 Paxsorbate 20 PEG-40 sorbitan laurate PEG-80 sorbitan laurate Polysorbate 20 Polysorbate 21

9005-65-6

Crillet 4 Crillet 41 DeMULS PSMO-80 Lumisorb[™] PSMO-5 Lumisorb[™] PSMO-20 Paxsorbate 80 PEG-3 sorbitan oleate PEG-6 sorbitan oleate Polysorbate 80 Polysorbate 81

9005-66-7

Crillet 2 Lumisorb[™] PSMP-20 Polysorbate 40

9005-67-8

Alkamuls[®] PSMS-20 Crillet 3 Crillet 31 DeMULS PSMS-60 Lumisorb[™] PSMS-20 Paxsorbate 60 **PEG-6 sorbitan stearate PEG-40 sorbitan stearate PEG-40 sorbitan stearate Polysorbate 60 Polysorbate 61**

9005-70-3 Crillet 45 Lumisorb™ PSTO-20 Polysorbate 85

9005-71-4

Crillet 35 DeMULS PSTS-65 Lumisorb™ PSTS-20 Polysorbate 65

9005-82-7 Amylose

9005-90-7 Turpentine

9006-00-2 Rubber hydrochloride

9006-02-4 Cellophane 9006-03-5 Rubber, chlorinated

9006-04-6 Heveatex NR Natural rubber

9006-26-2 Ethylene/MA copolymer

9006-50-2 Albumen Sol-U-Tein EA

9006-65-9

CS-100 Dimethicone Foamkill® 810F Foamkill® 830F L-45 Series Lambent E-2140 Lambent E-2140 35% Food Grade SWS-101 Dimethyl Fluids

9007-13-0 Calcium resinate

9007-16-3 Carbomer Carbomer 934

9007-17-4 Carbomer Carbomer 940

9007-20-9 Carbomer

9009-54-5 Polyurethane, thermoplastic

9010-43-9 Octoxynol Octoxynol-9

9010-69-9 Zinc rosinate

9010-76-8 Vinylidene chloride/acrylonitrile copolymer

9010-77-9

A-C[®] 540 A-C[®] 540A A-C[®] 580 A-C[®] 5120 A-C[®] 5120 **Ethylene/acrylic acid copolymer** Nucrel[®] 3990

9010-85-9

Isobutylene/isoprene copolymer

9010-92-8

Basoplast® 400 DS Cartacol® SI Liq. Cartacol® XP Liq. Cypres® 310 Surface Size

DSP 15 DSP 70 **DSP 80** DynaCoat XL Jetsize[®] Emulsion NC Size C-25 NovaCote[™] 1933 Peralutin[®] 204 Perglutin[®] 395 Perglutin® 450/220 Perglutin® 450/240 Perglutin® 450/280 Perglutin® A 281 Perglutin® K 333 Perglutin® K 440 Perglutin® K 485 Pliolite® AC Pliolite® AC-L PSA-28 PSA-34 Rhoplex® NW-1715K Rhoplex® NW-1845K Rhoplex[®] P-308 Rhoplex® P-322 Rhoplex® P-376 Ropaque® BC-643 Ropaque® HP-1055 Ropaque® HP-543P Sequabond® 7880 Sequabond® TR 7830 Sequatone® 2000 Starcote® Styrene/acrylates copolymer Synthamin 7000 Synthemul® 40430-20 Uniq-Print® 8000 XZ 26001.00 XZ 26005.00

9010-98-4

Baypren Latex B Baypren Latex GK Baypren Latex GK Baypren Latex L 200A Baypren Latex L 300 Baypren Latex L 345 Baypren Latex MKB Baypren Latex SK Baypren Latex SK Baypren Latex T Neoprene Latex 654 Neoprene Latex 842A Polychloroprene

9011-05-6

Amres® C382 Amres® LOPR Amres® PR-247 HV Amres® PR-335 CU Kaurit® Pergopak M2 Prox® 923 Urea/formaldehyde resin

9011-06-7

Vinylidene chloride/vinyl chloride copolymer

9011-13-6

Cartacol® ASN Liq. Cartacol® NP Liq. Intacol S-22 Intacol S-24 Intacol S-28 Intacol S-2240 Intacol S-2252 Intacol S-2425 NovaCote[™] 1936 NovaCote[™] 2000 Scripset® 520 Scripset® 540 Scripset® 542 Scripset® 550 Scripset® 640 Scripset® 700 Scripset® 720 Scripset® 740 Scripset® 742 Scripset® 745 Scripset® 746 Scripset® 747 SMÅ® 1000 SMA® 2000 SMA® 3000 Styrene/MA copolymer

Intacol S-26

9011-14-7

Polymethyl methacrylate

9011-16-9 PVM/MA copolymer

9011-19-2 Polysiloxane

9011-29-4 PEG-40 sorbitan hexaoleate

9012-24-2

Polyamide Prox® AC 553 L Prox® V P 137 Torez Resin P-1012 Torez Resin P-1025

9012-54-8 Cellulase

9014-01-1 HT-Proteolytic[®] 200 Protease

9014-85-1

PEG tetramethyl decynediol PEG-3.5 tetramethyl decynediol PEG-10 tetramethyl decynediol PEG-30 tetramethyl decynediol Surfynol® 440 Surfynol® 465 Surfynol® 485

9014-92-0

Dodoxynol-4 Dodoxynol-5 Dodoxynol-6 Dodoxynol-7 Dodoxynol-7 Dodoxynol-10 Dodoxynol-12 Igepal® RC-520 Surfonic® DDP-40 Surfonic® DDP-50 T-Det® DD-10

9014-93-1

Chemax DNP-8 Chemax DNP-15 Chemax DNP-18 Chemax DNP-150 Chemax DNP-150/50 Igepal® DM-710 Igepal® DM-730 Igepal® DM-970 FLK Nonyl nonoxynol Nonyl nonoxynol-7 Nonyl nonoxynol-8 Nonyl nonoxynol-10 Nonyl nonoxynol-14 Nonyl nonoxynol-15 Nonyl nonoxynol-16 Nonyl nonoxynol-18 Nonyl nonoxynol-24 Nonyl nonoxynol-30 Nonyl nonoxynol-70 Nonyl nonoxynol-100 Nonyl nonoxynol-150 Surfonic® DNP-70 Surfonic® DNP-80 Surfonic® DNP-100 Surfonic® DNP-140 Surfonic® DNP-700 Surfonic® DNP-1000 Surfonic® DNP-1500 9016-00-6 AF 10 IND AF 60 Foam Blast 102 Foam Blast 106 GP-223 Polydimethylsiloxane 9016-45-9 Ablunol NP9 Ablunol NP30 Ablunol NP30 70% Ablunol NP40 Ablunol NP40 70% Ablunol NP50 Ablunol NP50 70% Alkasurf® CO-630 Alkasurf® CO-710 Alkasurf® CO-720 Atlas EMJ-C Chemax NP-1.5 Chemax NP-4 Chemax NP-6 Chemax NP-9 Chemax NP-10 Chemax NP-15 Chemax NP-20 Chemax NP-30 Chemax NP-30/70 DeSonic[™] 4N DeSonic[™] 9N DeSonic[™] 10N DeSonic[™] 11N DeSonic[™] 13N Disponil[®] NP 4 Disponil® NP 6 Disponil[®] NP 10 Disponil® NP 11 Disponil[®] NP 12

Hvonic® NP-90 Hyonic® PE-90 Hyonic® PE-100 Iconol NP-6 Iconol NP-8 Iconol NP-9 Iconol NP-10 Iconol NP 14 Igepal[®] CO-530 Igepal® CO-610 Igepal® CO-630 Igepal® CO-630/EP Igepal® CO-660 Igepal® CO-710 Igepal® CO-720 Igepal[®] CO-880 Igepal® CO-887 Igepal® CO-897 Igepal® CO-977 Igepal® NP-9 Imbentin-N/7 A Imbentin-N/020 I Imbentin-N/30 Imbentin-N/35 Imbentin-N/040 Imbentin-N/40 A Imbentin-N/44 Imbentin-N/050 Imbentin-N/52 Imbentin-N/55 Imbentin-N/060 Imbentin-N/63 Imbentin-N/82 Imbentin-N/85 Imbentin-N/91 Imbentin-N/98 Imbentin-N/200 80% Imbentin-N/300 G Imbentin-N/400 G Imbentin-N/600 G 50% MAKON[®] 4 MAKON® 6 MAKON® 8 MAKON® 10 MAKON[®] 12 MAKON® 14 MAKON® 30 MAKON® NP-5570 Nonipax X 100 Nonipax X 150 Nonoxynol Nonoxynol-1 Nonoxynol-2 Nonoxynol-3 Nonoxynol-4 Nonoxynol-5 Nonoxynol-6 Nonoxynol-7 Nonoxynol-8 Nonoxynol-9 Nonoxynol-10 Nonoxynol-11 Nonoxynol-12 Nonoxynol-13 Nonoxynol-14 Nonoxynol-15 Nonoxynol-18 Nonoxynol-20 Nonoxynol-23 Nonoxynol-25 Nonoxynol-30 Nonoxynol-34

Nonoxynol-40 Nonoxynol-44 Nonoxynol-50 Nonoxynol-55 Nonoxynol-60 Nonoxynol-70 Nonoxynol-100 Nonoxynol-120 NP4 NP6 NP8 NP9 NP10 **NP12** POLYSTEP® F-1 POLYSTEP® F-2 POLYSTEP® F-3 POLYSTEP® F-4 POLYSTEP® F-5 POLYSTEP® F-6 POLYSTEP® F-9 POLYSTEP® F-9S POLYSTEP® F-10 POLYSTEP® F-95B Rewopal® HV 9 Rewopal[®] HV 25 Sipol NP-10 Surfonic® N-10 Surfonic® N-31.5 Surfonic® N-40 Surfonic® N-60 Surfonic® N-70 Surfonic® N-80 Surfonic® N-85 Surfonic® N-95 Surfonic® N-100 Surfonic® N-102 Surfonic® N-110 Surfonic® N-120 Surfonic® N-150 Surfonic® N-200 Surfonic® N-300 Surfonic® N-400 Surfonic® N-500 Surfonic® N-550 Surfonic® N-700 Surfonic® N-1000 Surfonic® NB-307 Surfonic® NB-407 Surfonic® NB-557 Surfonic® NB-1007 T-Det® N-6 T-Det® N-8 T-Det® N-9.5 Tergitol® NP-4 Tergitol® NP-6 Tergitol® NP-7 Tergitol® NP-8 Tergitol® NP-9 Teraitol® NP-9.5 Tergitol® NP-10 Tergitol® NP-11 Tergitol® NP-12 Tergitol® NP-13 Tergitol® NP-15 Teric[™] N2 Teric[™] N4 Teric[™] N5 Teric[™] N6 Teric[™] N8 Teric[™] N9

Teric[™] N10

Teric[™] N11 Teric[™] N12 Teric[™] N13 Teric[™] N15 Teric[™] N20 Teric[™] N30 Teric[™] N30L Trycol® 6961 Trycol® 6962 Trycol® 6965 Trycol® 6970 Trycol® 6974 9017-27-0 Methylstyrene/vinyltoluene copolymer 9022-17-7 Polyquaternium-7 9036-19-5 Octoxynol-1 Octoxynol-3 Octoxynol-5 Octoxynol-7 Octoxynol-8 Octoxynol-9 Octoxynol-10 Octoxynol-11 Octoxynol-12 Octoxynol-13 Octoxynol-16 Octoxynol-20 Octoxynol-25 Octoxynol-30 Octoxynol-33 Octoxynol-40 Octoxynol-70 9038-95-3 PPG-2-buteth-2 PPG-2-buteth-3 PPG-3-buteth-5 PPG-5-buteth-7 PPG-7-buteth-10 PPG-9-buteth-12 PPG-12-buteth-16 PPG-15-buteth-20 PPG-20-buteth-30 PPG-24-buteth-27 PPG-26-buteth-26 PPG-28-buteth-35 PPG-33-buteth-45 Ucon® 50-HB-55 Ucon® 50-HB-100 Ucon® 50-HB-170 Ucon® 50-HB-260 Ucon® 50-HB-400 Ucon® 50-HB-660 Ucon® 50-HB-2000 Ucon® 50-HB-3520 Ucon® 50-HB-5100 9046-01-9 Rhodafac® RS-610 Rhodafac® RS-710 Trideceth-6 phosphate

9049-05-2

Calcium carrageenan

Trideceth-10 phosphate

Disponil® NP 20

Disponil[®] NP 208

Disponil® NP 307

9051-57-4 Abex® EP-100 Abex® EP-110 Abex® EP-120 Aerosol® NPES 930 Aerosol® NPES 3030 Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate Ammonium nonoxynol-9 sulfate Ammonium nonoxynol-30 sulfate Rhodapex® CO-436

9061-82-9 Sodium carrageenan

9062-04-8 Carbomer

9063-89-2 Octoxynol-30 Octoxynol-40

9065-13-8 Dimethyl hydantoin-formaldehyde polymer

9065-63-8

PPG-2-buteth-2 PPG-2-buteth-3 PPG-3-buteth-5 PPG-5-buteth-7 PPG-7-buteth-10 PPG-9-buteth-12 PPG-12-buteth-16 PPG-15-buteth-20 PPG-20-buteth-30 PPG-24-buteth-35 PPG-33-buteth-45

9082-00-2 Arcol® 11-34 PPG-66-glycereth-12

9084-06-4 Crisotan R-5M Darvan® 1 Daxad® 11G Daxad® 13 Daxad® 15 Daxad® 15 Daxad® 16 Daxad® 17 Harol RG-71L Rhodacal® N Sodium polynaphthalene sulfonate Tamol® 819 Tamol® L Conc.

10028-15-6 Ozone

10031-43-3 Copper nitrate (ic) (trihydrate)

10034-76-1 Calcium sulfate hemihydrate

10034-99-8

Magnesium sulfate heptahydrate PQ® Epsom Salt Tech.

10043-01-3 Alcan Aluminum Sulphate Sol'n. Alcan Aluminum Sulphate Solid Aluminum sulfate (anhyd.) Clar+lon™ A410P Papermaker's Alum

10043-35-3 Boric acid

10043-67-1 Potassium alum anhydrous

10045-89-3 Ferrous ammonium sulfate

10049-04-4 Chlorine dioxide

10101-39-0 Calcium metasilicate

10101-41-4 Calcium sulfate dihydrate

10102-17-7 Sodium thiosulfate pentahydrate

10102-71-3 Sodium alum

10108-24-4 PEG-4 laurate

10108-25-5 PEG-4 oleate

10108-28-8 PEG-6 stearate

10112-91-1 Dimercury dichloride

10124-56-8 Kalipol™ 20 Sodium hexametaphosphate

10124-65-9 Potassium laurate

10141-00-1 Chromium potassium sulfate

10169-02-5 Acid red 97

10213-78-2 PEG-2 stearamine

10213-79-3 Metso Pentabead® 20 Sodium metasilicate pentahydrate

10222-01-2 Amerstat® 300 Biobrom C-103L Biobrom C-103 Tech. **2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilopropiona mide** Paxgard DB 10 Paxgard DB 20 Paxgard DB 99 Qemibrom L-27 Qemibrom L-56 Taurine-DBNPA

10233-13-3 Isopropyl laurate

10257-55-3 Calcium sulfite

10287-53-3 Esacure[®] EDB Ethyl 4-(dimethylamino) benzoate

10380-28-6 Copper 8-quinolinolate

10450-60-9 Periodic acid

10544-63-5 Ethyl crotonate

10605-21-7 Carbendazim Protectol® BCM Protectol® BCM-FL

11098-24-1 Hexamethoxymethylmelamine

11099-07-3 Glyceryl stearate (crude grade) Glyceryl stearate SE Kemester® 6000SE

11111-34-5 Poloxamine 701 Poloxamine 1301 Synperonic T/701 Synperonic T/1301

11138-49-1 Sodium aluminate

11138-66-2 KELZAN® KELZAN® XC Polymer Ticaxan® Regular Xanthan gum Xanthan Gum

12001-26-2 Mica

12001-29-5 Asbestos (chrysotile)

12003-63-3 Potassium aluminate

12058-66-1 Sodium stannate

12069-32-8

Boron carbide

12124-97-9 Ammonium bromide FR-11

12125-28-9 Magnesium carbonate hydroxide

12179-04-3 Neobor® Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate

12198-93-5 Ozokerite

12199-37-0 Magnesium aluminum silicate Van Gel[®] B Veegum[®] T

12224-98-5 Pigment red 81

12225-21-7 FD&C Yellow No. 5 Aluminum Lake

12227-69-9 FD&C Yellow No. 5 Aluminum Lake

12230-71-6 Barium hydroxide lime (octahydrate)

12616-24-9 Ammonium zirconyl carbonate

12645-31-7 DePHOS HP-739 2-Ethylhexyl phosphate Servoxyl® VPTZ 100

12645-53-3 Albrite[®] Isooctyl Acid Phosphate Isooctyl acid phosphate

12673-72-2 2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one

12738-64-6 Sucrose benzoate Sucrose Benzoate Regular and Coatings Grade Uniplex 280 CG

12768-78-4 Acid green 16

12788-93-1 Albrite[®] N-Butyl Acid Phosphate Butyl acid phosphate

13007-85-7 Sodium glucoheptonate

13048-33-4 1,6-Hexanediol diacrylate

13057-50-6

SR 238

13057-50-6 Pentaerythrityl tetralaurate

13081-34-0 PEG-10 isolauryl thioether

13081-97-5 Pentaerythrityl distearate

13106-44-0 Ageflex FA-1Q80DMS Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate dimethyl sulfate

13127-82-7 PEG-2 oleamine

13149-83-2 Ceteth-12

13149-86-5 Steareth-10

13150-00-0 Sodium laureth sulfate

13429-07-7 PPG-2 methyl ether

13429-27-1 Potassium myristate

13463-67-7 Hombitan® R 610 L Kronos® 1000 Kronos® 1070 Kronos® 1072 Kronos® 1074 Kronos® 2090 Kronos® 2131 Octotint 138 Octotint 601 Tiona® A-2000 Tiona® A-3000 Tiona® RCS-P Titanium dioxide

13472-36-1 Tetrasodium pyrophosphate (decahydrate)

13573-18-7 Pentasodium triphosphate

13590-97-1 Dodecylguanidine hydrochloride Metasol® 350

13598-36-2 Phosphonic acid

13601-19-9 Sodium ferrocyanide

13701-59-2 Barium metaborate Busan® 11-M2

13746-66-2

Potassium ferricyanide

13780-03-5 Calcium hydrogen sulfite

13845-36-8 Kalipol™ KTP Potassium tripolyphosphate

13983-17-0 Wollastonite

14038-43-8 Ferric ferrocyanide

14103-61-8 Diisononyl phthalate

14150-71-1 Vinylene bisthiocyanate

14351-40-7 Stearamide MEA-stearate Witcamide® MAS

14351-66-7 Arizona DRS-43 Arizona DRS-44 Sodium rosinate

14409-72-4 Nonoxynol-9

14481-60-8 Aerosol® 18 Disodium stearyl sulfosuccinamate

14529-40-9 Ceteth-10

14728-39-3 Ammonium polyphosphate Antiblaze® CL. Antiblaze® TR

14807-96-6 Celkate® T-21 Mistrofil® Mistron® 100 Mistron® 102 Mistron® Slurry Mistron® Vapor Talc Vantalc® 6H

14882-18-9 Bismuth subsalicylate

15214-89-8 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid AMPS® 2401 Monomer AMPS® 2404 Monomer

15625-89-5 SR 351 1,1,1-Trimethylolpropane triacrylate

15792-67-3 FD&C Blue No. 1 aluminum lake

15826-16-1 Sodium laureth sulfate

15827-60-8 Aquacid-106 EX Briquest® 543-45AS Dequest® 2060 Diethylene triamine pentamethylene phosphonic acid Unihib® 905

16057-43-5 Steareth-2

16079-88-2 1-Bromo-3-chloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin

16291-96-6 Carbon, activated

16389-88-1 Dolomite

16470-24-9 Benzenesulfonic acid, 2,2'-(1,2-ethenediyl) bis [5-[[4-[bis (2-hydroxyethyl) amino]-6-[(4sulfophenyl) amino]-1,3,5triazin-2-yl] amino]-, tetrasodium salt Leucophor® U Liq. Leucophor® UO Liq.

16589-43-8 Sodium methyl siliconate

16721-80-5 Sodium bisulfide

16788-57-1 Potassium phosphate dibasic (trihydrate)

16940-66-2 Borino[®] Sodium borohydride

16949-65-8 Magnesium silicofluoride

17194-00-2 Barium hydroxide lime (anhyd.)

17301-53-0 Behentrimonium chloride Nissan Cation VB

17372-87-1 Acid red 87

17557-23-2 Epiol NPG-100 Neopentyl glycol diglycidyl ether

17658-63-8 Cetylarachidol Jarcol[™] I-36 17831-71-9 PEG-4 diacrylate SR 268

17927-65-0 Aluminum sulfate (hydrate)

18972-56-0 Magnesium silicofluoride

19024-74-9 Milldride® ODSA Octadecenyl succinic anhydride

19321-40-5 Pentaerythrityl tetraoleate

19381-50-1 Acid green 1

19780-79-1 2-Hexyl-1-octanol

20018-09-1 Amical[®] 48 Diiodomethyl tolylsulfone

20208-95-1 Melamine phosphate

20427-59-2 Copper hydroxide (ic)

20636-48-0 Nonoxynol-5

20679-58-7 1,4-Bis (bromoacetoxy)-2butene

20824-56-0 Diammonium EDTA Versene Diammonium EDTA

21078-81-9 2-Butyl-1-decanol

21564-17-0 Busan® 1118 Paxgard BU 30 Paxgard BU 30 L Paxgard BU 60 Paxgard TC 2-Thiocyanomethylthiobenzothiazole

21645-51-2

Alcan Superfine SF 2 Alcan Superfine SF 4 Alcan Superfine SF 7 Alcan Superfine SF 9 Alcan Superfine SF 11 Alcan Ultrafine UF15 Alcan Ultrafine UF25 Alcan Ultrafine UF35 Alcao® Grade C-231 Alcao® Grade C-333 Alcao® KB30 **Aluminum hydroxide** Hydrad™ 10 Hydrad™ 10 Hvdrad[™] 15 Hydrad[™] 15W Hydrad[™] 20 Hýdrad™ C Hydrad™ F Hydrad™ HBC Hydrad[™] HBF Hydral® 710 Hydral® 716 Hydral[®] PGA Hydral[®] Brite 100 Slurry Hydral[®] Coat 2 Hydral® Coat 5 Hydral® Coat 7 Hydrax™ H-312 Hvdrax[™] H-470 Hydrax[™] H-490 Hydrax[™] H-550 Hydrax™ H-636 Hydrax[™] H-910 KC-350 KC-500 KC-750 KC-900 Martinal® OL-104 Micral® 532 Micral® 916 Micral® 932 Path® 9 SB-332 SB-805 UFH16

21652-27-7 LamChem C-100-0

Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

21810-39-9

Ageflex FA-2Q50DMS Diethylaminoethyl acrylate dimethyl sulfate quat.

22042-96-2

Briquest® 543-33S Dequest® 2066A Sodium diethylenetriamine penta (methylene phosphonate)

22047-49-0

Octyl stearate

22788-19-8 Propylene glycol dilaurate

23389-33-5 Magnesium carbonate (hydrate)

23411-34-9 Calcium disodium EDTA

24650-42-8 2,2-Dimethoxy-2-phenylacetophenone Esacure® KB1 Photomer® 51

24689-89-2

Chloroethylenebisthiocyanate

Oleth-10 24887-06-7 Zinc formaldehyde sulfoxylate 24937-16-4 Nylon 12 24937-72-2 Maleic anhydride homopolymer 24937-78-8 A-C® 400 A-C® 400A A-C® 405(M) A-C® 405(S) A-C® 405(T) A-C® 430 Airflex® 100 HS Airflex® 105 Airflex® 108 Airflex® 110 Airflex® 124 Airflex® 144 Airflex® 300 Airflex® 320 Airflex® 323 Airflex[®] 400 Airflex® 426 Airflex® 440 Airflex® 440H Airflex® 465 Airflex® 7200 Dur-O-Set® E-623 Dur-O-Set® E-646 Dur-O-Set® Elite 22 Dur-O-Set® Elite 33 Elvace® 731 Elvace® 733 Elvace® 734 Elvace® 735 Elvace® 736 Elvace® 739 Elvace® 40713-00 Elvace® 40722-00 Elvace® 40724-00 Elvace® 97955-00 Elvax® 310 Elvax® 350 Elvax® 360 Elvax® 550, 560 Ethylene/VA copolymer Hoechst Wax PE 890 Microthene® FE 532-00 Ultrathene® UE 631-04 Ultrathene® UE 634-04 Ultrathene® UE 634-67 Ultrathene® UE 639-67 Ultrathene® UE 649-04 Ultrathene® UE 653-67 Ultrathene® UE 654-67 24937-79-9 Dykor[®] 204

24871-34-9

Polyvinylidene fluoride resin 24938-91-8

Carsonon® TD-10 DeSonic™ 6T DeTHOX TDA-6

DeTHOX TDA-8.5 DeTHOX TDA-15 Imbentin-T/030 Imbentin-T/040 Imbentin-T/050 I Imbentin-T/060 Imbentin-T/65 100% Imbentin-T/070 Imbentin-T/080 Imbentin-T/090 Imbentin-T/100 90% Imbentin-T/120 Imbentin-T/150 Imbentin-T/400 G Merpol[®] SH Nonionic TD-6 Nonionic TD-12 Nonionic TD-15 Rhodasurf® TDA-8.5 Rhodasurf® TR15/40 Synperonic 13/9 Synperonic 13/10 Trideceth Trideceth-3 Trideceth-4 Trideceth-5 Trideceth-6 Trideceth-7 Trideceth-8 Trideceth-9 Trideceth-10 Trideceth-11 Trideceth-12 Trideceth-14 Trideceth-15 Trideceth-18 Trideceth-20 Trideceth-23 Trideceth-25 Trideceth-29 Trideceth-30 Trideceth-40 Trideceth-50 Trideceth-100 Trideceth-150 Volpo T5

24991-31-9 Polyvinyl butyrate

24991-55-7 PEG dimethyl ether Polyglyme

25013-16-5 вна

25014-31-7 Poly-α-methylstyrene

25014-41-9 Polyacrylonitrile

25034-86-0 Styrene/methyl methacrylate copolymer

25035-71-6 Tosylamide/formaldehyde resin

25035-84-1

Poly (vinyl propionate)

25038-54-4

Amres® 8855 Amres® 8870 Amres® C12 Amres® C20 Amres® C25 Amres® C28 Amres® HP-25 Amres® HS-30 Amres® LA-12-2 Amres® MOC-3066 Amres® X-184 Ancamide® 220 Araldite[®] HZ 340 Polyamide Reactopaque® 100 Reactopaque® 150 Reactopaque® 175 Unicrepe® C77 25038-72-6 Vinylidene chloride/methyl acrylate copolymer 25038-74-8 Nylon 12 25053-53-6 Ethylene/methacrylic acid copolymer Nucrel® 0407 Nucrel® 0609HS Nucrel® 0908HS Nucrel® 0910HS Nucrel® 1214 25067-02-1 Acrylates/VA copolymer Polyco® 6108NP 25086-29-7 Polectron® 430 Styrene/PVP copolymer 25086-62-8 Darvan® 7 Sodium polymethacrylate Tamol® 808 Tamol® 850 Tamol® 960 25119-62-4 Styrene/allyl alcohol copolymer 25133-97-5 Acronal® Acrosol[®] Acrylates copolymer Acusol® 810 Acusol® 820 Acusol® 830 Acusol® 842 Basoplast® 250 D Basoplast® 265 D Basoplast® 335 D Carboset® 515 Carboset® GA1086

Elvacite® 2013, 2014, 2016,

Carboset® GA1604

2028, 2614, 2550, 2552, 6016 Nacrylic X 4280 NeoĆryl® A-630 NeoCryl® BT-175 Perglutin® K 175 EP Prox[®] ASN 165 R 25151-96-6 Pentaerythrityl dioleate 25154-52-3 Nonylphenol 25155-30-0 Calimulse EM-22 Calimulse EM-30 Calimulse EM-96F Maranil® A 25 IS Maranil® Paste A 55 NACCONOL® 40G NACCONOL® 90G Nansa® HS80S Nansa® HS85/S Newrex Paste H Newrex Powd. F Newrex R Norfox® 90 POLYSTEP® A-7 POLYSTEP® A-15 POLYSTEP® A-16 POLYSTEP® A-16-22 POLYSTEP® LAS-50 Rhodacal® DS/4-E25 Rhodacal® DS-10 Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate Ufaryl DB 80 Ufaryl DL 80 CW Ufaryl DL 85 Ufaryl DL 90 C 25167-67-3 1-Butene 25190-05-0 Oleth-16 Oleth-20

25212-19-5 Adipic acid/epoxypropyl diethylenetriamine copolymer

25213-24-5

Airvol® 203 Airvol® 205 Airvol® 205S Airvol® 425 Airvol® 502 Airvol® 523 Airvol® 540 Polyvinyl alcohol (partially hydrolyzed)

25307-17-9 PEG-2 oleamine

25322-68-3

Adeka PEG-200 Adeka PEG-300 Adeka PEG-400 Adeka PEG-600

Adeka PEG-1000 Carbowax® PEG 300 Cartaretin® E Powd. DePEG 200 DePEG 300 DePEG 400 DePEG 600 Imbentin-PEG/300 Imbentin-PEG/400 Imbentin-PEG/600 Imbentin-PEG/1500 G Lumulse[™] 8000 Lumulse[™] PEG 1000 Lumulse[™] PEG 3350 Nopalcol 200 Nopalcol 400 Nopalcol 600 PEG-4 PEG-6 PEG-8 PEG-9 PEG-12 PEG-14 PEG-16 PEG-20 PEG-32 PEG-40 PEG-75 **PEG-100 PEG-135 PEG-150 PEG-180 PEG-200** PEG-350 PEG-2M PEG-4M PEG-5M PEG-6M PEG-7M PEG-9M PEG-10M PEG-14M PEG-23M PEG-35M PEG-45M PEG-90M **PEG-115M** PEG-160M Pluracol® E400 NF Pluracol® E600 NF Pluracol® E1450 Pluracol® E2000 Pluracol® E8000 Pogol® 600 Polyethylene glycol Poly-G[®] 200 Polyox[®] WSR 205 Polyox[®] WSR 301 Polyox[®] WSR 303 Polyox[®] WSR 308 Polyox[®] WSR 3333 Polyox® WSR Coagulant Polyox[®] WSR N-10 Polyox[®] WSR N-12K Polyox[®] WSR N-60K Polyox[®] WSR N-80 Polyox[®] WSR N-750 Polyox[®] WSR N-3000 Rhodasurf® E 400 Rhodasurf® E 600 RITA PEO-1

RITA PEO-3 RITA PEO-8 RITA PEO-18 RITA PEO-27 Teric[™] PEG 200 Teric[™] PEG 300 Teric[™] PEG 400 Teric[™] PEG 600 Teric[™] PEG 4000 Ucarfloc® Polymer 300 Ucarfloc® Polymer 302 Ucarfloc® Polymer 304 Ucarfloc® Polymer 309 25322-69-4 Acclaim[®] 2200 Acclaim® 4200 Acclaim® 8200 Arcol® PPG-425 Arcol® PPG-725 Arcol® PPG-1025 Arcol® PPG-2025 Arcol® PPG-3025 Dow P1000TB Dow P1200 Dow P2000 Dow P4000 Pluronic® P-2000 Polypropylene glycol PPG-9 PPG-12 PPG-15 PPG-17 PPG-20 PPG-26 PPG-30 PPG-34 25354-97-6 2-Hexvl decanoic acid Jaric I-16 25377-73-5 Dodecenylsuccinic anhydride 25417-20-3 Rhodacal® BX-78 Sodium dibutyl naphthalene sulfonate 25496-72-4 **Glyceryl oleate** Lumulse[™] GMO 25498-49-1 PPG-3 methyl ether 25584-83-2 Hydroxypropyl acrylate Mhoromer® AM 438 25609-89-6 VA/crotonates copolymer Vinyl acetate/crotonic acid copolymer 25637-84-7 Glyceryl dioleate

25640-78-2 1,1[°]-Biphenyl (1-methylethyl)

25750-84-9

Enathene® EA 720-009 Ethylene/butyl acrylate copolymer

25751-21-7

Methacrylic acid/acrylic acid copolymer

25791-96-2

Acclaim[®] 6300

25852-47-5

Bisomer PEG 200DMA PEG-4 dimethacrylate

25928-94-3

Adeka Optomer KR Series Araldite[®] PY 302-2 Epoxy resin

25988-97-0

Agefloc A4506 Agefloc A4510 Agefloc B50LV Agefloc B4508P Dimethylamine/epichlorohydrin copolymer

26006-22-4 Polyquaternium-5

26027-38-3 Nonoxynol-1 Nonoxynol-2 Nonoxynol-3 Nonoxynol-4 Nonoxynol-5 Nonoxynol-6 Nonoxynol-7 Nonoxynol-8 Nonoxynol-9 Nonoxynol-10 Nonoxynol-11 Nonoxynol-12 Nonoxynol-13 Nonoxynol-14 Nonoxynol-15 Nonoxynol-18 Nonoxynol-20 Nonoxynol-23 Nonoxynol-30 Nonoxynol-40 Nonoxynol-44 Nonoxynol-50 Nonoxynol-100 Nonoxynol-120

26062-79-3

Agefloc PC20HV Agefloc PC20VHV Agefloc PC40 Agefloc PC40HV Agefloc PC206 Agequat C1405 Agequat C3204 Agestat 41T Hartfloc[®] 401 **Polyquaternium-6** Sumaclear P30, P35

26062-94-2

RITA PEO-2

Polybutylene terephthalate Ultradur® B 2550

26172-55-4 Kathon® WT Methylchloroisothiazolinone

26183-52-8 Deceth-4 Oxetal D 104

26248-24-8 Sodium tridecylbenzene sulfonate

26264-02-8 Nonoxynol-5

26264-05-1 Calimulse PR Calimulse PRS Isopropylamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate POLYSTEP® A-11

26264-58-4 Sodium methylnaphthalenesulfonate

26266-57-9 Crill 2 Lumisorb™ SMP Sorbitan palmitate

26266-58-0 Crill 45 Lumisorb™ STO Sorbitan trioleate

26266-77-3 Hydroabietyl alcohol

26314-40-5 EO/PO ethylenediamine block copolymer Tetronic[®] 90R4 Tetronic[®] 150R1

26376-86-3 Ethyl acrylate/2-ethylhexylacrylate copolymer Modaflow[®] 2100

26401-47-8 Dodoxynol-4 Dodoxynol-5 Dodoxynol-6 Dodoxynol-7 Dodoxynol-9 Dodoxynol-10 Dodoxynol-12

26402-22-2 Glyceryl caprate

26402-26-6 Glyceryl caprylate

26426-80-2

Isobutylene/MA copolymer Tamol® 731A 26499-65-0 Calcium sulfate hemihydrate

26530-20-1 2-n-Octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one

26571-11-9 Nonoxynol-8 Nonoxynol-9

26571-49-3 PPG-17 dioleate

26589-26-4 Acrylates/PVP copolymer

26590-05-6 Agequat C505 Polyquaternium-7

26635-92-7 Imbentin-SAM/400 PEG stearamine PEG-2 stearamine PEG-5 stearamine PEG-20 stearamine PEG-20 stearamine PEG-30 stearamine PEG-40 stearamine Teric™ 18M5 Teric™ 18M10 Teric™ 18M20 Teric™ 18M30

26635-93-8 Imbentin-OAM/020 PEG-2 oleamine

26658-19-5 Crill 41 Lumisorb™ STS Sorbitan tristearate

26713-18-8 ACter® 1450 Ethylene/acrylic acid/vinyl acetate copolymer

26741-53-7 Alkanox® P-24 Bis (2,4-di-t-butylphenyl) pentaerythritol diphosphite

26811-08-5 Dimethyl hydantoin-formaldehyde polymer

26913-06-4 Ionac Corcat® P-12 Ionac Corcat® P-600 Polyethylene imine

27013-01-0 Glyoxal/urea/formaldehyde condensate

27040-03-5 Oleth-8

27136-73-8 Oleyl hydroxyethyl imidazo27138-31-4 Benzoflex[®] 9-88 Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate

27176-87-0 BIO-SOFT® S-120 Calimulse EM-99 Calsoft® LAS-99 Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid POLYSTEP® A-13 POLYSTEP® A-17

27176-93-8 Nonoxynol-2

line

27176-94-9 Octoxynol-3

27176-95-0 Nonoxynol-3

27176-97-2 Nonoxynol-4

27176-99-4 Octoxynol-5

27177-01-1 Nonoxynol-6

27177-02-2 Octoxynol-7

27177-03-3 Nonoxynol-7

27177-05-5 Nonoxynol-6 Nonoxynol-8

27177-07-7 Octoxynol-10

27177-08-8 Nonoxynol-10

27177-77-1 POLYSTEP® A-15-30K Potassium dodecylbenzene sulfonate

27194-74-7 Lumulse™ PGML Propylene glycol laurate

27214-38-6 Glyceryl myristate

27306-78-1 Silwet® L-77

27458-93-1 Isostearyl alcohol

27501-55-9 Ammonium dinonyl sulfosuccinate

27554-26-3 Diisooctyl phthalate 27610-92-0 2-Butyl octanoic acid Jaric I-12

Jayflex[®] DIOP

27638-00-2 Glyceryl dilaurate

27813-02-1 Hydroxypropyl methacrylate Mhoromer® BM 951 Mhoromer® BM 955

27883-12-1 Linoleamide DEA

27942-26-3 Nonoxynol-10

27986-36-3 Nonoxynol-1

28553-12-0 Diisononyl phthalate

28558-32-9 Thiabendazole hypophosphite salt

28777-98-2 Octadecenyl succinic anhydride ODSA Pentasize 8

28874-51-3 Ajidew N-50 Sodium PCA

29059-24-3 Propylene glycol myristate

29690-82-2 Araldite[®] 94-105 Araldite[®] ECN 1400 Araldite[®] PY 323 Araldite[®] PZ 3917 Araldite[®] XU 3900 Araldite[®] XU 3903 Epoxy cresol novolac

29964-84-9 Ageflex FM-10 Blemmer IDMA Isodecyl methacrylate

30399-84-9 Isostearic acid

30499-70-8 Epiol TMP-100 Trimethylolpropane triglycidyl ether

30525-89-4 Paraformaldehyde

31098-20-1 Potassium (3-sulfopropyl) acrylate SPA 31098-21-2 Potassium sulfopropyl methacrylate SPM

31394-71-5 PPG-26 oleate PPG-36 oleate

31566-31-1 Aldo® MS LG FG Glyceryl stearate Glyceryl stearate SE

31691-97-1 Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate Ammonium nonoxynol-30 sulfate

31692-79-2 Dimethiconol Masil® SFR 70 Masil® SFR 100 Masil® SFR 750 Masil® SFR 2000 Masil® SFR 3500 Masil® SFR 50,000

31791-00-2 PEG-40 stearate

32072-96-1 Hexadecenyl succinic anhydride

32360-05-7 Ageflex FM-68 Blemmer SMA Stearyl methacrylate

32535-84-5 Zirconyl ammonium carbonate

32582-32-4 Jarcol™ I-32 2-Tetradecyloctadecanol

32612-48-9 Ammonium laureth sulfate Ammonium laureth-12 sulfate Ammonium laureth-30 sulfate Paxnol ALES POLYSTEP® B-11 POLYSTEP® B-20 POLYSTEP® B-22 Stanfax 238 Stanfax 968

32815-96-6 2-Nitrobutyl bromoacetate

33703-08-1 Diisononyl adipate Jayflex[®] DINA

Stanfax 1012

34398-01-1 Undeceth-5

34590-94-8

PPG-2 methyl ether

34911-46-1 2-(p-Hydroxyphenyl) glyoxylohydroximoyl chloride

35065-27-1 2,2´,4,4`,5,5´-Hexachlorobiphenyl

35074-77-2 Hexamethylenebis (3,5-di-tbutyl-4-hydroxycinnamate) Irganox® 259

35179-86-3 PEG-8 laurate

35209-54-2 Plasmine KN-500 Styrene/acrylic copolymer ammonium salt

35343-70-5 Coumarone/indene resin Cumar® LX®-509 Cumar® R-3 Cumar® R-11 Cumar® R-12 (V-2, V-21/2) Cumar® R-13 Cumar® R-17

35691-65-7 Metasol® CB-225 L.C. Methyldibromo glutaronitrile Tektamer® 38 Tektamer® 38 A.D. Tektamer® 38 L.V.

36653-82-4 Cetyl alcohol Kessco® Cetyl Alcohol NF

36671-85-9 Mayzo RA-75 Mayzo RA-95H Mayzo RA-95HS Mayzo RA-150W **Polyvinyl octadecyl carbamate**

37199-81-8 Acumer® 1850 Geropon® T/36DF Geropon® TA/72/S Sodium polycarboxylate

37200-49-0 Polysorbate 80

37205-87-1

Nonoxynol Nonoxynol-1 Nonoxynol-2 Nonoxynol-3 Nonoxynol-4 Nonoxynol-6 Nonoxynol-6 Nonoxynol-7 Nonoxynol-7 Nonoxynol-8 Nonoxynol-9 Nonoxynol-10 Nonoxynol-11 Nonoxynol-12 Nonoxynol-13 Nonoxynol-14 Nonoxynol-15 Nonoxynol-20 Nonoxynol-20 Nonoxynol-23 Nonoxynol-30 Nonoxynol-40 Nonoxynol-44 Nonoxynol-50 Nonoxynol-100 Nonoxynol-120

37220-82-9 Glyceryl oleate

37251-67-5 DeIONIC LF-EP-20 DeIONIC LF-EP-30

37318-14-2 PEG-8 laurate

37767-39-8 Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl stearyl sulfosuccinamate

37971-36-1 Dequest® 7000 2-Phosphono butane tricarboxylic acid-1,2,4

38051-10-4 Antiblaze® 100

38640-62-9 Diisopropyl naphthalene

38820-59-6 Dequest[®] 2054 Potassium hexamethylene diamine tetra (methylene phosphonate)

38916-42-6 Aerosol® 22 Tetrasodium dicarboxyethyl stearyl sulfosuccinamate

39290-78-3 Paper-PAC-N® Polyaluminum hydroxide chloride sulfate

39310-72-0 PEG-15 glyceryl ricinoleate

39355-35-6 Mineral oil

39409-82-0 Magnesium carbonate hydroxide

39421-75-5 Hydroxypropyl guar

39433-77-7 Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer 39464-69-2 Oleth-7 phosphate Servoxyl® VPFZ 7/100

39464-70-5 Servoxyl® VPGZ 6/100

39660-17-8 Poly (2-hydroxypropyl-N,Ndimethyl ammonium chloride)

39874-62-9 Pentaerythrityl trioleate

39957-00-1 Behenyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

40596-46-1 Jaric I-20 2-Octyl dodecanoic acid

41484-35-9 Irganox® 1035 Thiodiethylene bis (3,5-di-tbutyl-4-hydroxy) hydrocinnamate

41525-41-1 Escor® AT-310 Escor® AT-320 Escor® AT-325 Ethylene/methyl acrylate/ acrylic acid terpolymer

42173-90-0 Octoxynol-9

42233-51-2 Myristyl lignocerate

42426-59-5 PEG-8 ricinoleate

42504-46-1 MIPA-dodecylbenzenesulfonate

42751-79-1 Agefloc A50HV-P Agefloc A50LV-P Agefloc A50-P Agefloc B50-P Hartfloc[®] 425 Poly (2-hydroxypropyl-N,Ndimethyl ammonium

42808-36-6 Sulfated butyl tallate

chloride)

42978-66-5 PPG-3 diacrylate

43154-85-4 Disodium oleamido MIPAsulfosuccinate

44992-01-0 Ageflex FA-1Q80MC Dimethylaminoethyl acrylate methyl chloride quat.

45235-48-1 2-Octyl-1-decanol

48145-04-6 2-Phenoxyethyl acrylate

- 51026-28-9 Potassium N-hydroxymethyl-N-methyldithiocarbamate
- 51142-51-9 PEG-15 glyceryl ricinoleate PEG-20 glyceryl ricinoleate

51192-09-7 PEG-20 glyceryl oleate

51200-87-4 Dimethyl oxazolidine Nuosept® 166

51229-78-8 Quaternium-15

51248-32-9 PEG-12 glyceryl laurate PEG-20 glyceryl laurate

51248-43-2 Polyvinyl chloride

51258-15-2 PPG-66-glycereth-12

51410-72-1 Methacrylamidopropyltrimethylammonium chloride Mhoromer® BM 613

51437-95-7 Nonoxynol-3

51609-41-7 Nonoxynol-9 phosphate

51811-79-1 Nonoxynol-9 phosphate Tryfac[®] 5556

51838-31-4 Poly (glycidyltrimethyl ammonium chloride)

52019-36-0 Deceth-4 phosphate Monafax 1214

52229-50-2 PVM/MA copolymer

52467-63-7 Tricetylmonium chloride

52556-42-0 Sodium 2-hydroxy-3-(2propenyloxy) 1-propanesulfonate SPAE

52668-97-0

PEG-2 dioleate

52688-97-0 PEG-4 dioleate PEG-6 dioleate PEG-8 dioleate PEG-12 dioleate PEG-20 dioleate PEG-32 dioleate

52725-64-1 Lauramide DEA

52932-31-7 Adipic acid/epoxypropyl diethylenetriamine copolymer

53026-57-6 FD&C Blue No. 1 aluminum lake

53026-63-4 FD&C Yellow No. 5 Aluminum Lake

53037-34-6 Glyoxal/urea polymer

53112-52-0 Corn (Zea mays) starch Rice (Oryza sativa) starch

53320-86-8 Claytone[®] 2000 Claytone[®] LMW Claytone[®] SO Smectite

53520-67-5 Eicosenyl succinic anhydride

53637-25-5 Acclaim® 3201 Dow EP530 Poloxamer 181

53800-41-2 Poly [acrylamide-acrylic acid-N-(dimethylaminomethyl) acrylamide]

53810-32-5 Aluminum hydroxide sulfate Pass®-55 Pass®-70 Pass®-80 PASS®-100

54045-08-8 Cetoleth-25

54182-57-9 Carbomer

54193-36-1 Sodium polymethacrylate

54571-67-4 Sodium PCA

54590-52-2

MIPA-dodecylbenzenesulfonate

55406-53-6 Iodopropynyl butylcarbamate Troysan® Polyphase® AF1 Troysan® Polyphase® EC17 Troysan® Polyphase® P-20T Troysan® Polyphase® P-100

55566-30-8 Tetrakis (hydroxymethyl) phosphonium sulfate Tolcide® PS Tolcide® PS25 Tolcide® PS75 Tolcide® PS75M Tolcide® PS75M Tolcide® PS200 Tolcide® PS352CM

56136-14-2 1,4,4a,9a-Tetrahydro-9,10anthracenedione

56378-72-4 Magnesium carbonate hydroxide (pentahydrate)

56803-37-3 t-Butylphenyl diphenyl phosphate Phosflex® 61B Phosflex® 71B

56863-02-6 DeMIDE SBA-100 Linoleamide DEA

56974-60-8 Dimelamine phosphate

57062-46-1 Permanax™ PTBC

57107-97-8 PEG-12 glyceryl dioleate

57171-56-9 PEG-40 sorbitan hexaoleate

57455-37-5 Octotint 120 Octotint 572 Ultramarine blue

58598-42-8 Docosenylsuccinic anhydride

58670-89-6 2-Decyl-1-tetradecanol Jarcol[™] I-24

58748-27-9 Propylene glycol dicaprylate/ dicaprate

59070-56-3 PEG-12 glyceryl laurate PEG-20 glyceryl laurate

59231-34-4

Isodecyl oleate

60344-26-5 PEG-6 oleate

60616-95-7 Sodium carrageenan

60828-78-6 Isolaureth-3 Isolaureth-6 Isolaureth-10 Tergitol® TMN-3

Tergitol® TMN-10

61788-47-4 Coconut acid

61788-59-8 Methyl cocoate

61788-77-0 Cellophane

61788-85-0

Chemax HCO-5 Chemax HCO-16 Chemax HCO-25 Chemax HCO-200/50 Nopalcol 10-COH Nopalcol 12-COH PEG hydrogenated castor oil PEG-5 hydrogenated castor oil PEG-16 hydrogenated castor oil PEG-20 hydrogenated castor oil PEG-25 hydrogenated castor oil PEG-200 hydrogenated castor oil

61789-05-7 Glyceryl cocoate

61789-08-0 Hydrogenated soy glyceride Hydrogenated vegetable glyceride

61789-09-1 Hydrogenated tallow glyceride

61789-13-7 Tallow glyceride

61789-18-2 Cocotrimonium chloride Nissan Cation FB

61789-19-3 Cocamide

61789-23-9 Potassium cornate

61789-30-8 Potassium cocoate

61789-31-9 Sodium cocoate 61789-71-7 Benzalkonium chloride

61789-76-2 Armeen® 2C Dicocamine

61789-77-3 Dicocodimonium chloride

61789-79-5

Amine 2HBG Amine 2 VT Hydrogenated ditallowamine

61789-80-8

Quaternium-18 Querton 442 Querton 442-11 Querton 442-82 Querton 442E Querton 442H

61789-97-7 Tallow

61790-12-3 Tall oil acid

61790-32-7 Potassium tallowate

61790-37-2 Tallow acid

61790-38-3 Hydrogenated tallow acid

61790-44-1 Potassium tallate

61790-50-9 Potassium rosinate

61790-51-0

Arizona DRS-40 Arizona DRS-42 **Potassium rosinate**

61790-53-2

 DiaFil® 110

 DiaFil® 190

 DiaFil® 210

 DiaFil® 215

 DiaFil® 230

 DiaFil® 270

 DiaFil® 290

 DiaFil® 295

 DiaFil® 520

 DiaFil® 570

 DiaFil® 590

 Diatomaceous earth, amorphous

61790-64-5

TEA cocoate

61790-81-6 PEG-75 lanolin PEG-150 lanolin Solan E Solan X

61790-82-7 PEG-20 tallowamine

61790-85-0 Ethoduomeen® T/20 PEG-10 tallow aminopropylamine

61790-86-1 Polysorbate 80

61791-00-2

DeTHOX ACID TO-8.5 DeTHOX ACID TO-14 DeTHOX ACID TO-16.5 PEG tallate PEG-4 tallate PEG-5 tallate PEG-6 tallate PEG-8 tallate PEG-10 tallate PEG-12 tallate PEG-14 tallate PEG-16 tallate PEG-20 tallate Surfonic® TOFA-5 Surfonic® TOFA-6 Surfonic® TOFA-X10 Surfonic® TOFA-20 Teric™ T5 Teric™ T10

61791-01-3

PEG-8 ditallate PEG-12 ditallate Pegosperse® 400 DOT Pegosperse® 600 DOT

61791-12-6

Alkamuls® EL-620 Alkamuls® EL-719 Chemax CO-5 Chemax CO-16 Chemax CO-30 Chemax CO-40 DePEG 30-CO DePEG 40-CO DeSonic[™] 6C DeSonic[™] 30C DeSonic[™] 36C DeSonic[™] 40C DeSonic[™] 54C Nonionic GR-25 Nonionic GR-40 Nonionic GR-52 Nopalcol 12-CO Nopalcol 19-CO Paxonic CO 40 Paxonic CO 60 PEG castor oil PEG-2 castor oil PEG-4 castor oil PEG-5 castor oil PEG-6 castor oil PEG-8 castor oil PEG-15 castor oil PEG-16 castor oil PEG-17 castor oil PEG-20 castor oil

PEG-25 castor oil PEG-26 castor oil PEG-28 castor oil PEG-30 castor oil PEG-33 castor oil PEG-36 castor oil PEG-40 castor oil PEG-42 castor oil PEG-52 castor oil PEG-54 castor oil PEG-60 castor oil PEG-80 castor oil PEG-100 castor oil PEG-180 castor oil PEG-200 castor oil Servirox® OEG 45 Servirox[®] OEG 55 Servirox® OEG 90 Servirox® OEG 90/50 Surfonic® CO-15 Surfonic® CO-20 Surfonic® CO-25 Surfonic® CO-30 Surfonic® CO-42 T-Det® C-20 T-Det® C-40 Trylox® 5906 61791-13-7 Coceth-5 Coceth-8

Coceth-10 Coceth-15 Coceth-20 Genapol® C-050 Genapol® C-080 Genapol® C-100 Genapol® C-150 Genapol® C-200

61791-14-8

Imbentin-CAM/020 PEG cocamine PEG-2 cocamine PEG-5 cocamine PEG-10 cocamine PEG-15 cocamine Teric™ 12M2 Teric™ 12M5 Teric™ 12M15 Varonic® K-210

61791-24-0

PEG-2 soyamine PEG-10 soyamine PEG-15 soyamine Teric™ 16M2 Teric™ 16M10 Teric™ 16M15

61791-28-4 Talloweth-6

61791-29-5 Nopalcol 4-C Nopalcol 4-CH PEG-8 cocoate PEG-15 cocoate

61791-31-9 Cocamide DEA DeMIDE MFM-200 DeMIDE MFS-200 DeMIDE RCN-100HV DeMIDE RCN-MCY-100 DeMIDE RCN-ME-100 Norfox® DCS Stafoam F

61791-38-6

Cocoyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline Miramine® CC

61791-39-7

Burco[®] Imidazoline T LamChem C-100-T Tall oil hydroxyethyl imidazoline

61791-41-1

Sodium methyl tall oil acid taurate

61791-44-4

Imbentin-TAW/020 Imbentin-TAW/050 Imbentin-TAM/200 N Imbentin-TAM/350 PEG-2 tallowamine PEG-20 tallowamine PEG-35 tallowamine

61791-47-7

Aromox[®] C/12-W Dihydroxyethyl cocamine oxide

61827-42-7

Isodeceth-4 Isodeceth-6 Isodeceth-7 Oxetal ID 104 Surfonic® DA-4 Surfonic® DA-6 Synperonic 10/6-100% Synperonic 10/7-100%

61840-27-5

Adipic acid/dimethylaminohydroxypropyl diethylenetriamine copolymer

61971-31-9 Lauramide DEA

63089-86-1 PEG-40 sorbitan tetraoleate

63090-40-4 Carbendazim

63148-55-0 Dimethicone copolyol

63148-62-9 Antifoam FD-62 Antifoam FD-82 Dimethyl siloxane Formasil® 45

63148-65-2 Polyvinyl butyral 63148-69-6 Alkyd resin

63231-60-7 Microcrystalline wax Microlube™ C Multiwax® ML-445 Paracol® 404C Starwax® 100

63278-70-6 Carbendazim

63351-73-5 Ammonium nonoxynol-4 sulfate

63441-26-9 Imidazoline 18 DA Oleic amidoethylimidazoline

63449-39-8 Chlorez® 700 Chlorez® 700-DF Chlorez® 700-S Chlorez® 700-SS Chlorez® 700-SSNP Chlorez® 725-S Chlorez® 760 Paraffin, chlorinated

63449-41-2 Benzalkonium chloride

64093-79-4 Chromium sulfate, basic

64365-11-3 Carbon, activated

64365-17-9 Pentaerythrityl hydrogenated rosinate Pentalyn® H

64365-23-7 Dimethicone copolyol

64366-24-1 Potassium carrageenan

64475-85-0 Mineral spirits

64742-14-9 Penreco 2251 Oil Petroleum distillates

64742-42-3 Koster Keunen Microcrystalline Waxes Microcrystalline wax

64742-46-7 Isopar® V Penreco 2257 Oil

64742-47-8 Exxsol® D 40 Exxsol® D 60 Exxsol® D 80 Exxsol® D 110 Exxsol® D 130 Penreco 2263 Oil **Petroleum distillates**

64742-48-9 C10-11 isoparaffin C11-12 isoparaffin C11-13 isoparaffin Isopar® G Isopar® H Isopar® K Isopar® L Isopar® M

64742-49-0 Hexane

64742-53-6 Naphthenic oil

64742-56-9 Cynol® 760 Softener Petroleum distillates

64742-89-8 Heptane

64742-95-6 Naphtha (It. aromatic)

64743-02-8 C12-14 alpha olefin C14-16 alpha olefin C16-18 alpha olefin Gulftene® 20-24 Neodene® 12/14 Neodene® 14/16 Neodene® 16/18 Neodene® 20/22/24

64771-72-8 Norpar® 12 Norpar® 13 Norpar® 15

64812-54-4 Igepal® CO-850 Nonoxynol-20 Nonoxynol-23 Nonoxynol-30

65151-76-0 Sodium oleic sulfate

65530-85-0 Tetrafluoroethylene telomer

65941-98-2 4,4 - Diaminostilbene-2,2 disulfonic acid

65996-61-4 Cellulose

65997-17-3 A-Series Glass Beads Glass

66161-57-7 Sodium laureth-12 sulfate Nonoxynol-9 phosphate 66455-14-9

C12-13 pareth-7 Imbentin-C/123/065

66197-78-2

66455-15-0 Alfonic® 1012-5.5 C10-12 pareth-3 C10-12 pareth-5 C10-12 pareth-6 C10-12 pareth-8 Surfonic® L12-2.6 Surfonic® L12-3 Surfonic® L12-6 Surfonic® L12-8 T-Det® A126

67167-17-3 Chemax DFO-155

67254-74-4 Naphthenic oil

67633-57-2 Isostearyl ethylimidonium ethosulfate Schercoquat IIS

67633-63-0 Isostearamidopropyl ethyldimonium ethosulfate Schercoquat IAS

67674-67-3 Silicone glycol copolymer Silwet® L-7608

67701-03-5 Stearic acid

67701-05-7 Coconut acid

67701-06-8 Tallow acid

67701-27-3 Hydrogenated tallow glycerides

67701-30-8 Triolein

67762-19-0 Ammonium laureth sulfate

67762-25-8 C12-18 alcohols Nafol® 1218

67762-27-0 Cetearyl alcohol

67762-38-3 Methyl oleate

67762-39-4 Methyl caprylate/caprate

67762-85-0

Silwet® L-7087

67762-96-3 Dimethicone copolyol TEGO® Foamex 3062

67774-74-7 Marlican®

67784-79-6 Propylene glycol soyate

67784-80-9 Methyl soyate Soygold® 1000

67784-87-6 Hydrogenated palm glyceride

67815-88-7 Disodium oleamido MIPAsulfosuccinate

67923-87-9 Sodium octoxynol-2 ethane sulfonate

68002-19-7 Urea/formaldehyde resin, butylated

68002-20-0 Cymel[®] 300 Melamine-formaldehyde resin, methylated Resimene[®] AQ-1616 Resimene[®] AQ-7550

68002-21-1 Melamine-formaldehyde resin, isobutylated

68002-25-5 Melamine-formaldehyde resin, butylated

68002-59-5 Quaternium-18

68002-61-9 Tallowtrimonium chloride

68002-72-2 Hydrogenated menhaden oil

68002-88-0 Safacid 20/22 CD Safacid 20/22 DF Safacid 20/22 HF

68002-97-1 Laureth-3 Laureth-4 Rhodasurf[®] L-4

68036-97-5 Melamine-formaldehyde resin, methylated-butylated Resimene® 757

68037-01-4 1-Decene, homopolymer, hydrogenated

68071-35-2 Chimin P40 Chimin P45 Sabofos PP 75

68071-45-4 Resimene[®] U-975 Resimene[®] U-980

Urea-formaldehyde resin, methylated

68081-81-2 Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate

68081-96-9 Ammonium lauryl sulfate

68081-97-0 Magnesium lauryl sulfate

68130-15-4 Carboxymethyl hydroxypropyl guar Jaguar® 418

68130-47-2 Deceth-4 phosphate

68131-32-8 Calcium lignosulfonate (fermented)

68131-39-5 C12-15 pareth-3 C12-15 pareth-5 C12-15 pareth-6 C12-15 pareth-7 C12-15 pareth-8 C12-15 pareth-9 C12-15 pareth-10 C12-15 pareth-12 C12-15 pareth-13 C12-15 pareth-23 C13-15 pareth-3 C13-15 pareth-4 C13-15 pareth-7 C13-15 pareth-9 C13-15 pareth-11 C13-15 pareth-20 Imbentin-C/125/030 Imbentin-C/125/050 Imbentin-C/125/55 90% Imbentin-C/125/070 Imbentin-C/125/85 Imbentin-C/125/090 Imbentin-C/125/130 80% Imbentin-C/135/030 Imbentin-C/135/040 Imbentin-C/135/070 Imbentin-C/135/090 Imbentin-C/135/110 85% Imbentin-C/135/200 Synperonic A7 Synperonic A9 Synperonic A11 Teric[™] 12A3 Teric[™] 12A9 Teric[™] 12A23 Teric[™] G12A6

Teric™ G12A7 Teric™ G12A12

68131-40-8

C11-15 pareth-3 C11-15 pareth-5 C11-15 pareth-7 C11-15 pareth-9 C11-15 pareth-12 C11-15 pareth-15 Tergitol® 15-S-3 Tergitol® 15-S-7 Tergitol® 15-S-9 Tergitol® 15-S-9 Tergitol® 15-S-12 Tergitol® 15-S-12

68132-50-3 Ammonium tallate

68140-08-9 Tallowamide DEA

68140-10-3 Sodium tallow sulfate

68140-98-7 Alkaterge®-E Ethyl hydroxymethyl oleyl oxazoline

68153-57-1 Tallamide DEA

68154-31-4 Hartaflot™ SE-6620

68154-33-6 Polysorbate 20

68155-09-9 Cocamidopropylamine oxide DeMOX CAPO Rhodamox® CAPO

68155-20-4 Tallamide DEA

68186-14-1 Abalyn® Methyl rosinate

68187-76-8 Sulfated castor oil

68187-86-0 Tetradecyleicosanol

68201-46-7 PEG-40 glyceryl cocoate

68201-48-9 Hydrogenated soy glycerides

68213-23-0 T-Det® A467 Trideceth-7

68308-22-5 Calcium montanate

68308-50-9

Corn acid

68308-51-0 Cottonseed acid

68308-54-3 Hydrogenated tallow glycerides

68309-95-5 Ammonium zirconium carbonate Bacote™ 20 Nopcote® 1680

68331-91-9 Dymsol® 2031 Sodium oleic sulfate

68333-79-9 Ammonium polyphosphate FRCROS 481 FRCROS 484

68334-00-9 Hydrogenated cottonseed oil

68334-28-1 Hydrogenated vegetable oil

68391-01-5 Benzalkonium chloride

68391-06-0 Dialkyl methyl benzyl ammonium chloride

68411-32-5 Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid

68411-90-5 BHMT Amine Bis-hexamethylenetriamine

68412-27-1 Bis (methoxymethyl) tetrakis-[(octadecyloxy)-methyl] melamine resin

68412-53-3 Nonoxynol-9 phosphate Rhodafac® RE-610

68412-54-4

Nonoxynol Nonoxynol-4 Nonoxynol-6 Nonoxynol-7 Nonoxynol-8 Nonoxynol-9 Nonoxynol-10 Nonoxynol-11 Nonoxynol-12 Nonoxynol-13 Nonoxynol-14 Nonoxynol-15 Nonoxynol-18 Nonoxynol-40 Nonoxynol-44 Nonoxynol-50 Nonoxynol-100 68424-45-3 Linseed acid

68424-59-9 W.G.S. Hydrogenated Fish Glyceride 117

68424-61-3 Glyceryl oleate

68424-85-1 Barquat® MB-50 Benzalkonium chloride Hyamine® 3500 50%

68424-94-2 Coco-betaine

68425-36-5 Hydrogenated peanut oil

68425-37-6 Coconut alcohol

68425-47-8 Soyamide DEA

68439-39-4 Butyl phosphate Servoxyl® VPIZ 100 Servoxyl® VPTZ 003/100

68439-45-2 Empilan® KA5/90 Empilan® KA8/80 Empilan® KA10/80 Surfonic® L108/85-5

68439-46-3 C9-11 pareth-2 C9-11 pareth-3 C9-11 pareth-4 C9-11 pareth-5 C9-11 pareth-6 C9-11 pareth-8 C9-11 pareth-9 C9-11 pareth-10 C9-11 pareth-12 Imbentin-C/91/025 Imbentin-C/91/35 Imbentin-C/91/040 Imbentin-C/91/060 Imbentin-C/91/080 I Imbentin-C/91/080 OFA Imbentin-C/91/85 Imbentin-C/91/120 Synperonic 91/6 Synperonic 91/8 Synperonic 91/8T Teric[™] G9A2 Teric[™] G9A6 Teric[™] G9A8 Teric[™] G9A10

68439-49-6

Ceteareth Ceteareth-2 Ceteareth-5 Ceteareth-10 Ceteareth-11 Ceteareth-14 Ceteareth-15

Ceteareth-18 Ceteareth-20 Ceteareth-50 Ceteareth-60 Oxetal TG 111 Oxetal TG 118 Rhodasurf® A-60 Serdox[®] NKL 6 Surfonic® L68-18 Volpo CS2 Volpo CS5 Volpo CS10 Volpo CS15 Volpo CS20 Volpo CS50 68439-50-9 Alfonic® 1412-9 C12-14 pareth-1 C12-14 pareth-2 C12-14 pareth-3 C12-14 pareth-4 C12-14 pareth-5 C12-14 pareth-6 C12-14 pareth-7 C12-14 pareth-8 C12-14 pareth-9 C12-14 pareth-11 C12-14 pareth-17 C12-14 pareth-22 C12-14 pareth-23 Imbentin-AG/124/020 I Imbentin-AG/124/030 B Imbentin-AG/124/040 I Imbentin-AG/124/050 Imbentin-AG/124/075 90% Imbentin-AG/124S/0201 Imbentin-AG/124S/030 Imbentin-AG/124S/040 Imbentin-AG/124S/045 Imbentin-AG/124S/060 Imbentin-AG/124S/065 Imbentin-AG/124S/070 Imbentin-AG/124S/080 90% Imbentin-AG/124S/110 90% Imbentin-AG/124S/230 G Sipol LAL-7 Surfonic® L24-1.3 Surfonic® L24-3 Surfonic® L24-4 Surfonic® L24-5 Surfonic® L24-7 Surfonic® L24-9 Surfonic® L24-12 Surfonic® L24-17 Surfonic® L24-22 Surfonic® L1270-2 Surfonic® L1285-2 T-Det® A243 T-Det® A247 T-Det® A249 T-Det® A2412

68441-17-8

A-C[®] 316 A-C[®] 316A A-C[®] 325 A-C[®] 330 A-C[®] 392 A-C[®] 395, 395A A-C[®] 629 A-C[®] 629A A-C® 655 A-C® 656 A-C® 680 A-C® 6702 ACumist® A-12 ACumist® A-18 Cardipol® LP 0-25 Epolene® E-10 Epolene® E-15 Epolene® E-20 Esi-Cryl™ 316N Hoechst Wax PED 121 Hoechst Wax PED 153 Hoechst Wax PED 522 Hoechst Wax PED 821 Hoechst Wax PED 822 Luwax[®] OA Luwax® OA 3 Luwax® OA 5 Petrolite® C-7500 Petrolite® C-9500 Petrolite® E-1040 Petrolite® E-2020 Polyethylene, oxidized Vestowax® AO 1535 Vestowax® AO 1539

68442-33-1 Polypropylene, chlorinated

68442-94-4 Hydroxypropyl guar

68459-31-4 Alkyd resin

68476-03-9 Hoechst Wax LP Hoechst Wax S Hoechst Wax UL Montan acid wax

68514-74-9 Hydrogenated palm oil

68514-95-4 Dialkyl dimethyl ammonium chloride Querton 442P Querton 442P-11

68515-48-0 Diisononyl phthalate Jayflex[®] DINP

68515-50-4 Dihexyl phthalate Jayflex® DHP

68526-50-1 Isobutyl tallowate

68526-85-2 Decyl alcohol

68551-12-2 C12-16 pareth-1 C12-16 pareth-2 C12-16 pareth-3 C12-16 pareth-5 C12-16 pareth-6 C12-16 pareth-7 C12-16 pareth-8 C12-16 pareth-9 C12-16 pareth-11 Genapol® 26-L-5 Genapol® 26-L-45 Genapol® 26-L-50 Genapol® 26-L-60 Genapol® 26-L-80 Imbentin-AG/124PG/020 Imbentin-AG/124PG/030 Imbentin-AG/124PG/070

68551-14-4 Tergitol® Min-Foam 1X Tergitol® Min-Foam 2X

68553-81-1 Rice (Oryza sativa) bran oil

68583-51-7 Propylene glycol dicaprylate/ dicaprate

68584-22-5 Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid

68584-24-7 Isopropylamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate

68585-34-2 Sodium laureth sulfate

68585-47-7 Avirol® SL 2010 Avirol® SL 2020 G Sodium lauryl sulfate Texapon® K-12 PA 15

68603-42-9 Cocamide DEA DeMIDE RCN-100 DeMIDE RCN-200 DeMIDE RCN-276

68604-44-4 Pentaerythrityl tetraoleate

68607-88-5 Hydrolyzed soy protein

68608-26-4 Sodium petroleum sulfonate

68608-88-8 Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid SULFONIC 100

68608-89-9 Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate

68783-41-5 Dimer acid, hydrogenated Empol® 1004

68855-54-9 Diatomaceous earth

68855-58-3 C12-14 alpha olefin 68855-59-3 C14-16 alpha olefin

68866-60-7 C16-18 alpha olefin

68866-68-3 C12-14 alpha olefin

68889-49-6 PEG-15 glyceryl oleate PEG-20 glyceryl oleate

68891-11-2 Surfonic® LF-41

68901-05-3 PPG-3 diacrylate

68908-44-1 TEA-lauryl sulfate

68920-06-9 Naphtha

68920-66-1 Cetoleth Cetoleth-2 Wax Emulsifier 4106

68921-42-6 FD&C Blue No. 1 aluminum lake

68937-01-9 Imidazoline SOH Stearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline

68937-10-0 Hydrogenated polybutene

68937-54-2 Polysiloxane polyether copolymer Silwet® L-7657 TEGO® Foamex 800 TEGO® Foamex 805 TEGO® Foamex 810 TEGO® Foamex 815 TEGO® Foamex 825 TEGO® Glide 403 TEGO® Glide 404 TEGO® Wet 260

68937-55-3 Silicone glycol copolymer Silwet® L-7200 Silwet® L-7210 Silwet® L-7220 Silwet® L-7230

68937-83-7 Methyl caprylate/caprate

68937-85-9 Coconut acid

68937-90-6 Trilinoleic acid

68938-15-8

Hydrogenated coconut acid

68938-35-2 Vegetable oil

68938-37-4 Hydrogenated vegetable oil

68938-54-5 Silicone glycol copolymer

68951-67-7 C14-15 pareth-3 C14-15 pareth-4 C14-15 pareth-7 C14-15 pareth-8 C14-15 pareth-11 Imbentin-C/145/030 Imbentin-C/145/070 Imbentin-L/145/040 Imbentin-L/145/080

68953-19-5 Propylene glycol dicocoate

68953-41-3 Magnesium tallowate

68955-19-1 Sodium lauryl sulfate Texapon® ZHC Powder

68955-45-3 Ethylene distearamide

68956-68-3 Vegetable oil

68966-38-1 Isostearyl hydroxyethyl imidazoline Schercozoline I

68988-72-7 Propylene glycol dicaprylate/ dicaprate

68989-00-4 Benzalkonium chloride

68989-22-0 Zeolite synthetic

68990-63-6 Shark liver oil

69005-67-8 Sorbitan stearate

69009-90-1 Bis(methylethyl)-1,1⁻-biphenyl Sure Sol®-330

69011-84-3 Abex® EP-277

69013-18-9 Surfonic® LF-17

69028-36-0 Hydrogenated vegetable glycerides

69102-90-5 Polybutadiene

69418-26-4 Hartfloc® C-475

69472-23-7 2-Hexadecyl-1 octadecanol

70084-94-5 Hydrolyzed soy protein

70131-67-8 Dimethiconol

70191-76-3 Sodium diphenyl ether disulfonate

70592-80-2 Lauramine oxide

70715-06-9 Fyrol® 51

70802-40-3 PEG-8 stearate

70879-83-3 Surfonic® L610-3

70983-55-0 Alkenyl succinic anhydride Alkenyl Succinic Anhydride C1618 (ASA) ASA 100 Bersize® 6900 Bersize® 6918 LASAR™ NovaSize® ASA Pentasize 68

71060-72-5 Tricetylmonium chloride

71243-51-1 Synthetic beeswax

71786-60-2 Imbentin-OAM/200 PEG-20 oleamine

72388-18-2 Dodecylhexadecanol Jarcol[™] I-28

72401-53-7 Tannic acid

72869-62-6 Sorbitan tristearate

73070-47-0 Trideceth-6 phosphate Trideceth-10 phosphate

73138-44-0 Butylene glycol montanate

73138-45-1

Glycol/butylene glycol montanate Hoechst Wax E Hoechst Wax KSL

73138-79-1 Sulfated peanut oil

73347-80-5 Disodium 1,4-dihydro-9,10dihydroxyanthracene

74623-31-7 PPG-5-buteth-7 PPG-12-buteth-16 PPG-20-buteth-30 PPG-33-buteth-45

75138-75-9 Corn (Zea mays) starch Rice (Oryza sativa) starch

76050-42-5 Carbomer

76483-21-1 Isopropyl phosphate Servoxyl® VPPZ 100

78330-12-8 Sodium petroleum sulfonate

78330-21-9 Trideceth-6 Trideceth-7 Trideceth-9 Trideceth-10 Trideceth-12 Trideceth-14 Trideceth-15 Trycol® 5941 Volpo T10 Volpo T15

78491-02-8 Diazolidinyl urea

79070-11-4 Tetrafluoroethylene telomer

79956-36-8 Mineral oil

81846-81-3 1,1⁻Biphenyl, butenylated

83046-05-3 Mineral oil

83601-81-4 Carbendazim

84562-92-5 Nonoxynol-3

84696-37-7 Rice (Oryza sativa) bran oil

84836-98-6 Hydrogenated coconut oil

85116-87-6

Isopropyl oleate

85116-97-8 PEG-2 stearate

85117-49-3 Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid

85117-50-6 Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate

85186-88-5 Sorbitan trioleate

85251-77-0 Glyceryl stearate

85409-22-9 Benzalkonium chloride Protectol® KLC 50 Protectol® KLC 80

85409-25-2 Coco-betaine

85536-14-7 Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid

85566-12-7 C8-10 alcohols Nafol® 810 D

85586-21-6 Methyl stearate

85666-92-8 Glyceryl stearate Glyceryl stearate SE

85736-49-8 PEG-12 dioleate

85865-69-6 Isobutyl stearate

86418-55-5 Cithrol EGMS S/E Glycol stearate SE

88543-32-2 Ethyl hydroxymethyl oleyl oxazoline

89415-87-2 1,3-Dichloro-5-ethyl-5methylhydantoin

90367-28-5 PEG-2 tallowamine PEG-20 tallowamine

90583-12-3 Ammonium lauryl sulfate

91031-31-1 Glycol distearate

91031-48-0 Isooctyl stearate

91050-82-7

Pentaerythrityl tetrastearate

91078-95-4 Hydrogenated fish oil

91744-48-8 Hydrogenated lard glycerides

91744-55-7 Hydrogenated lard glyceride

91744-73-9 Hydrogenated palm glyceride

91745-04-9 Hydrogenated soy glycerides

92113-31-0 Hydrolyzed collagen

92128-50-2 Hydrogenated tallow glycerides

92265-81-1 Perfluoroalkyl acrylate copolymer

92456-96-7 Isopropyl tallowate

93050-82-9 Polyvinyl chloride

93572-53-3 Hydrogenated menhaden oil

93685-90-6 Lecithin

93686-54-5 Urea/formaldehyde resin, butylated

93778-52-0 2-Decyl tetradecanoic acid Jaric I-24

93841-09-9 Itaconic acid-bis-(3-sulfopropyl)-ester, dipotassium salt SPI

96923-04-5 Dodine

97017-52-9 Koster Keunen Oxidized Microcrystalline Wax Microcrystalline wax, oxidized

97026-94-0 Synthetic beeswax

97281-23-7 Glycol stearate

97281-47-5 Lecithin 97593-29-8 Hydrogenated palm glyceride

97722-02-6 Tall oil glycerides Zonester® 85

97953-25-8 Acrylic acid/sulfonic acid copolymer Good-Rite® K-776 Polymer

101975-70-6 Sulfated butyl oleate

102770-39-8 PEG-3 dimethacrylate

105268-95-9 Carbendazim

106392-12-5 EO/PO block polymer or copolymer T-Det® EPO-61 T-Det® EPO-62L T-Det® EPO-64L T-Det® EPO-104

106569-82-8 Urea/ethanedial/formaldehyde/ propionaldehyde polymer

107397-59-1 EO/PO ethylenediamine block copolymer

108437-62-3 Octoxynol-11

108437-63-4 Octoxynol-13

108818-88-8 DePHOS RA-40 Rhodafac® BG-510

110225-00-8 Hexyl dodecanol

110553-27-0 2,4-Bis [(octylthio) methyl]-ocresol Irganox® 1520 D/L

110720-64-4 EXP-61 Amine Functional Silicone Wax Stearyl/aminopropyl methicone copolymer

112926-00-8

San-Sil® AN 45 San-Sil® CG-102 San-Sil® KU 33 Silica, amorphous Sipernat® 22 Sipernat® 50S Sipernat® 50OLS Sylophobic

Sylysia 250 Sýlýsia 250N Sylysia 310 Sylysia 320 Sylysia 350 Sylysia 430 Sylysia 440 Sylysia 450 Sylysia 470 Sylysia 530 Sylysia 540 Sylysia 550 Sylysia 730 Sylysia 740 Sylysia 770 112945-52-5 Acematt[™] TS100

Aerosil® 200 Aerosil® K315 Aerosil® K328 Aerosil® K330 Aerosil® K342 Cab-O-Sil® EH-5 Cab-O-Sil® H-5 Cab-O-Sil® HS-5 Cab-O-Sil® L-90 Cab-O-Sil® LM-130 Cab-O-Sil® LM-150 Cab-O-Sil® LM-150D Cab-O-Sil® M-5 Cab-O-Sil® M-5P Cab-O-Sil® M-7D Cab-O-Sil® MS-75D Cab-O-Sil® PTG Silica, fumed Wacker HDK® N20

113221-69-5 Maleic anhydride, polymer with ethyl acrylate and vinyl acetate, hydrolyzed

115340-77-7 Polyamide-ethyleneimineepichlorohydrin resin

118632-18-1 Sodium poly (isopropenylphosphonate)

119438-10-7 Ralufon® N9 Ralufon® N20-90

119481-70-8 Ralufon® F4-I

119481-71-9 Ralufon® F5-13I Ralufon® F7-13 Ralufon® F11-13

120478-49-1 Ralufon® NAPE 14-90

120962-03-0 Rapeseed (Brassica campestris) oil 123237-14-9 Ross Wax #160 Synthetic wax

127036-24-2

Genapol® UD-070 Genapol® UD-079 Genapol® UD-080 Genapol® UD-110 Imbentin-U/030 Imbentin-U/050 Imbentin-U/060 Imbentin-U/070 Imbentin-U/080 Imbentin-U/100 Undeceth-3 Undeceth-5 Undeceth-6 Undeceth-7 Undeceth-8 Undeceth-10 Undeceth-11

134141-38-1

PEG-4 dioleate

136097-95-5

Candelilla synthetic Candelilla Wax SP 24A Candelilla Wax SP 803 Koster Keunen Synthetic Candelilla

152143-20-9 Melamine-formaldehyde resin, etherified acrylated

154906-10-2 Ralufon® EA 15-90

156436-88-3 Sodium polymethacrylate

156559-16-9 Good-Rite[®] K-765 Polymer Good-Rite[®] K-766 Polymer Sodium polymethacrylate

163149-29-9 C8, C12 olefin polymer, hydrogenated

193098-40-7 Cyasorb® UV-3529 1,6-Hexanediamine, N,N´bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4piperidinyl)-, polymers with morpholine-2,4,6-trichloro-1,3,5-triazine

617788-68-9 Actrasol 6092 Sulfated rapeseed oil

678213-23-0 Trideceth-2

977053-96-5 Glyceryl stearate SE