SPARKCHARTS

Acceleration due to gravity	g	$9.8\mathrm{m/s^2}$
Avogadro's number	$N_{\rm A}$	$6.022 \times 10^{23} \mathrm{molecules/mod}$
Coulomb's constant	k	$9\times 10^9{\rm N}\!\cdot\!{\rm m}^2/{\rm C}^2$
Gravitational constant	G	$6.67 \times 10^{-11}{\rm N}\!\cdot\!{\rm m}^2/{\rm kg}^2$
Planck's constant	h	$6.63\times 10^{-34}\rm J\cdot s$
Ideal gas constant	R	$\begin{array}{l} 8.314J/(mol\cdot K) \\ = 0.082atm\cdot L/(mol\cdot K) \end{array}$
Permittivity of free space	ε_0	$8.8541 \times 10^{-12}\mathrm{C/(V\!\cdot\!m)}$
Permeability of free space	μ_0	$4\pi\times 10^{-7}{\rm Wb}/({\rm A}\!\cdot\!{\rm m})$
Speed of sound at STP		$331\mathrm{m/s}$
Speed of light in a vacuum	с	$3.00\times 10^8{\rm m/s}$
Electron charge	е	$1.60\times10^{-19}\mathrm{C}$
Electron volt	eV	$1.6022 \times 10^{-19}{\rm J}$
Atomic mass unit	u	$\begin{array}{l} 1.6606\times 10^{-27}{\rm kg}\\ = 931.5{\rm MeV}/c^2 \end{array}$
Rest mass of electron	$m_{\rm e}$	$\begin{array}{l} 9.11 \times 10^{-31} \mathrm{kg} \\ = 0.000549 \mathrm{u} \\ = 0.511 \mathrm{MeV}/c^2 \end{array}$
of proton	$m_{\rm p}$	$\begin{array}{l} 1.6726\times 10^{-27}{\rm kg}\\ = 1.00728{\rm u}\\ = 938.3{\rm MeV}/c^2 \end{array}$
of neutron		$\begin{array}{l} 1.6750\times 10^{-27}{\rm kg}\\ =1.008665{\rm u}\\ =939.6{\rm MeV}/c^2 \end{array}$
Mass of Earth		$5.976\times 10^{24}\rm kg$
Radius of Earth		$6.378\times10^6\mathrm{m}$
DYNAMICS NEWTON'S LAWS 1. First Law: An object ren	nains i	in its state of rest or motion wi upon by a net external force.

SICS FORM

Red

 $6.5-7.0 \times 10^{-7}$

Orange $5.9 - 6.5 \times 10^{-7}$

Yellow $5.7 - 5.9 \times 10^{-7}$

ELECTROMAGNETIC CONSTANTS WAVELENGTHS OF LIGHT IN A VACUUM (m)

f = frequency (in Hz) 10⁸ 10⁹ 10¹⁰ 10¹¹ 10¹² 10¹³ 10¹⁴ 10¹⁵ 10¹⁶ 10¹⁷ 10¹⁸ 10¹⁹ 10²⁰

radio waves microwaves infrared ultraviolet X rays gamma rays

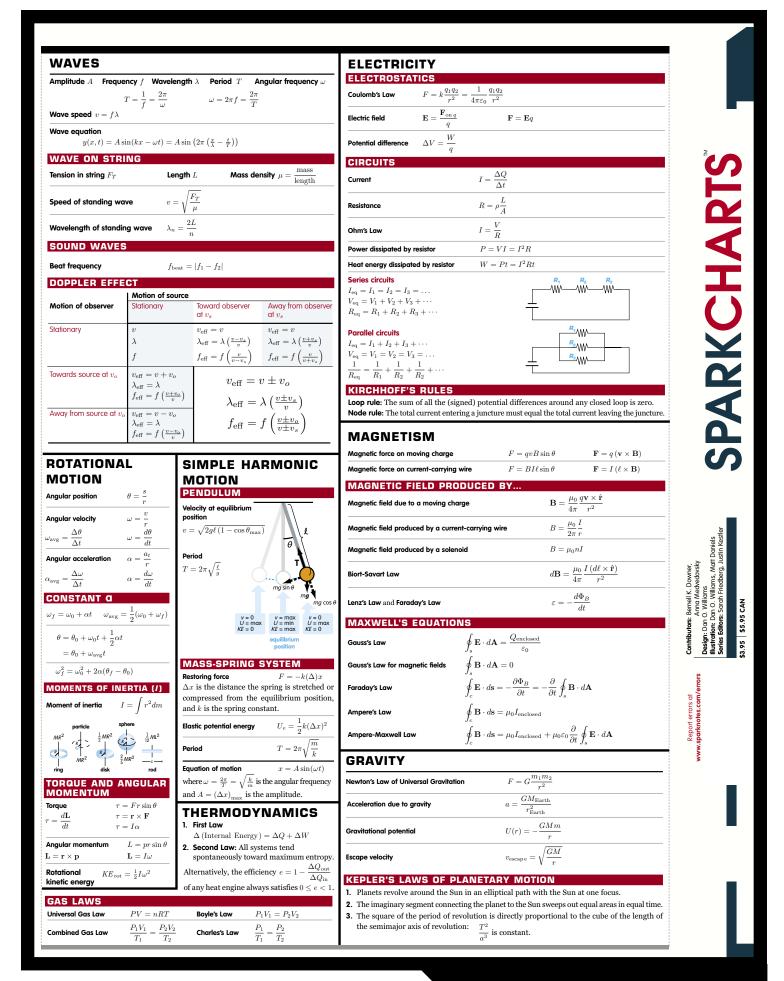
2. Second Law:	bothy unless acted upon by a net external force. $F_{\text{net}} = ma$ $F = \frac{dp}{dt}$
	r every action there is an equal and opposite reaction
Weight	$F_w = mg$
Normal force	$F_{\rm N} = mg \cos \theta \left(\theta \text{ is the angle to the horizontal} \right)$

FRICTION

SPARKCHARTS^{TA}

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	G	$6.67 \times 10^{-11} \mathrm{N \cdot m^2/kg^2}$		$7 - 5.9 \times 10^{-7}$ $9 - 5.7 \times 10^{-7}$		1		10.4 10.5 10.4		10 ⁻⁹ 10 ⁻¹⁰ 10 ⁻¹¹ 10
Fravitational constant	0	0.07 × 10 N·m / kg	Green 4.					10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴	⁵ 10 ⁻⁷ 10 ⁻⁸	
lanck's constant	h	$6.63\times 10^{-34}\rm J{\cdot}s$	Blue 4.	$2 - 4.9 \times 10^{-7}$		λ= wavelen	gth (in m)	h = 70		B I ▼ e light 360 nm
eal gas constant	R	8.314 J/(mol·K)	Violet 4.	$0 - 4.2 \times 10^{-7}$				∧=78	o nin Visidie	- 300 nm
gus consium	11	$= 0.082 \operatorname{atm} \cdot L/(\operatorname{mol} \cdot K)$	INDICES	OF REFRACTI	ON F <u>or co</u>	MMON S	UBSTANCES	(l = <u>5.9.</u>)	(10 ⁻⁷ m)
rmittivity of free space	ε_0	$8.8541 \times 10^{-12}\mathrm{C/(V \cdot m)}$	Air	1.00		Alcoh		1.36		
rmeability of free space	μ_0	$4\pi \times 10^{-7} \mathrm{Wb}/(\mathrm{A} \cdot \mathrm{m})$	Corn oil	1.47		Diam		2.42		
eed of sound at STP	. •	331 m/s	_ <u>Glycerol</u>	1.47		Wate	·	1.33		
eed of light in a vacuum	с	$3.00 \times 10^8 \mathrm{m/s}$		CS						_
ectron charge		$1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$	REFLEC	TION AND I	REFRACTI	ION			inciden	t ray
-	e		- Law of Ref	merue	$_{\rm nt} = \theta_{\rm reflected}$				angl incide	
ectron volt	eV	$1.6022 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$	- Index of re	efraction $n = \frac{c}{v}$	(1	is the spee	d of light in the	e medium)	angl	e of $\theta' \qquad \theta_2$ ang
omic mass unit	u	$1.6606 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$ = 931.5 MeV/ c^2	Snell's Law		$\theta_1 = n_2 \sin \theta_2$				reflec	refracted ro
est mass of electron	$m_{\rm e}$	$9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$ = 0.000549 u	Critical ang	gle $\theta_c = s$	$\operatorname{in}^{-1}\left(\frac{n_2}{n_1}\right)$					
		$= 0.000545 \text{ u}^2$ = 0.511 MeV/ c^2	LENSES	S AND CUR\	ED MIRF	RORS				
of proton	$m_{\rm p}$	$1.6726 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$			$\frac{1}{n} +$	$\frac{1}{q} = \frac{1}{f}$	image size object size	$=-\frac{q}{n}$		
		= 1.00728 u = 938.3 MeV/ c^2	Optical ins	trument Focal d			istance q	Type of i	ima <u>ge</u>	
of neutron		$1.6750 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$	- Lens: Concave				(same side)		erect ()	
		= 1.008665 u = 939.6 MeV/ c^2	Convex	negativ positiv			(same side)		erect 2	p
ass of Earth		= 539.6 MeV/c $5.976 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg}$	-		p > f	positive	(opposite side)	real, inv	erted 🗕	h f
		~	- Mirror: Convex	negativ	/e	negative	(opposite side) virtual (erect 🗿	
dius of Earth		$6.378 \times 10^6 \mathrm{m}$	Concave	positiv			(opposite side	. ,	erect G	
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